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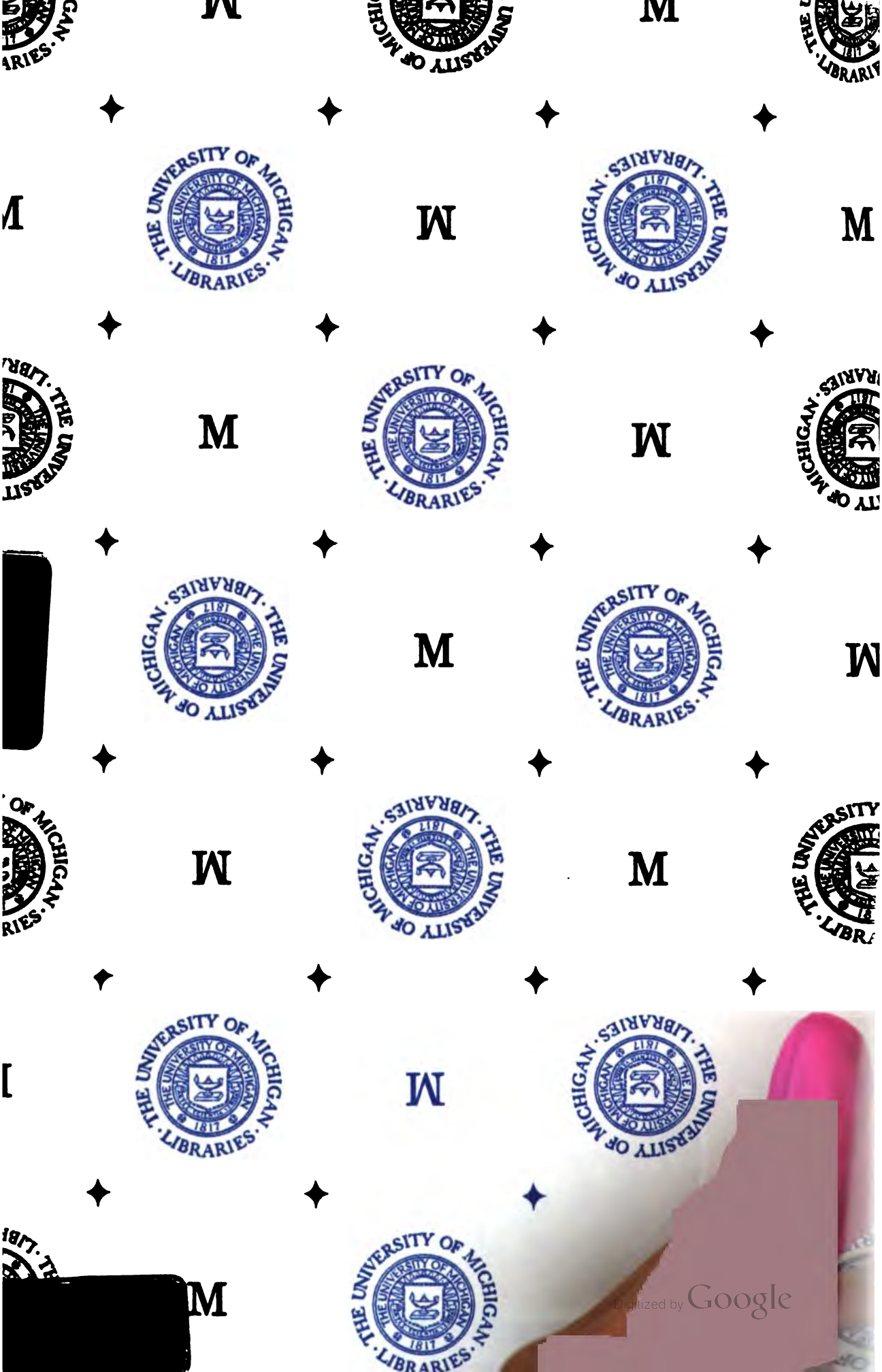
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A UNIVERSAL
ENGLISH-GERMAN AND GERMAN-ENGLISH
DICTIONARY

BY
DR. FELIX FLÜGEL.

FOURTH, ENTIRELY REMODELLED, EDITION

OF DR. J. G. FLÜGEL'S

COMPLETE DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH AND GERMAN LANGUAGES.

TWO PARTS IN THREE VOLUMES.



PART II:
GERMAN AND ENGLISH.

BRAUNSCHWEIG.
GEORGE WESTERMANN.
1891.

Flügel, Johann Gottfried

Allgemeines

Englisch-Deutsches und Deutsch-Englisches
Wörterbuch

VON

Dr. Selix Flügel.

Vierte gänzlich umgearbeitete Auflage

von Dr. J. G. Flügel's

Vollständigem Wörterbuch der englischen und deutschen Sprache.

Zwei Theile in drei Bänden.

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Vorwort.

Das vorliegende deutsch-englische Wörterbuch verdankt die Hauptelemente seines Bestandes neben den lexicalischen Sammlungen, welche in ihren Anfängen bereits von Dr. J. G. Flügel, dem Vater des Verfassers, sowie vom Verfasser selbst angelegt worden waren und zu großem Theile den deutsch-englischen Wörterbüchern von Dr. A. M. Meißner (Vol. II der 3. Aufl. von Dr. J. G. Flügel's Complete Dictionary), sowie dem 2. Theile von Dr. Felix Flügel's Practical Dictionary als erste Grundlage dienten, einer Reihe von Werken, welche theils in den Vorreden zu den ebengenannten deutsch-englischen Wörterbüchern aufgezählt werden, theils weiter unten zu nennen sind. Die erwähnten Sammlungen* sind seit dem Abschlusse jener Werke vom Verfasser stetig bis zum Jahre 1878 fortgeführt worden und, soweit es der leider sehr beschränkte Raum zuließ, von einem langjährigen lieben Freunde des Verfassers, dem Prof. Felix Liebrecht in Lüttich, mit großem Zeitopfer und Hintanzetzung eigener wichtiger Arbeiten diesem deutsch-englischen Theile einverleibt worden; seine genaue Kenntniß der Feinheiten der englischen Sprache befähigte ihn ganz besonders zu dieser Aufgabe, für deren Durchführung (welche ihren Abschluß in dem genannten Jahre erreichte) ihm aufrichtigster Dank zu zollen ist. Diese Vorarbeit wurde vom Verfasser aufs genaueste geprüft, durchgearbeitet und vervollständigt. Benutzt wurden außerdem, obwohl in geringerem Maße, der deutsch-englische Theil des Wörterbuches von Hilpert, sowie der des Lucas. Das Werk des Hilpert oder vielmehr seiner fleißigen Fortsetzer (ich spreche hier immer nur vom II., deutsch-englischen Theile) erschien erst 1845, zwölf Jahre nach Hilpert's Tode, und ist ausgezeichnet in seiner Art, noch vielfach brauchbar, wenn auch von der Zeit in manchen Punkten überholt. Der bereits 1843 als grober Plagiarius überführte Grieb ist nicht auf eine Linie mit dem von ihm ausgeschriebenen Hilpert zu stellen. — Was die Benutzung des Lucas'schen Werkes anlangt, so ist dieselbe stets in den Grenzen des litterarischen Anstandes geblieben, welche umgekehrt Lucas selbst bei der vielfach buchstäblichen Ausschreiberei der beiden oben zuerst genannten Werke nicht einzuhalten verstanden hat; ein Umstand, welchen niemand ahnen kann, der bloß seine Vorrede liest, und welchen auch die sogenannte Kritik in den langen Jahren seit Erscheinen des Lucas'schen Werkes nicht bemerkt oder beachtet hat. Wie beim I. (englisch-deutschen) Theile hat Lucas einige Werke ohne jede Nennung der Namen

* Der Hauptsache nach vom Verf. des vorliegenden Buches gemacht; dieselben beziehen sich natürlich in beschränkterem Maße auf die älteren großen Namen der deutschen Litteratur, welche ja in den unten zu nennenden Hauptwerken der deutschen Lexicographie die erste Stelle einnehmen; daher Anführungen aus Luther, Schiller, Goethe u. zumeist (nicht ausnahmslos) aus diesen lexicalischen Werken entlehnt sind; der Verf. fußt jedoch nicht allein auf diesen Wörterbüchern, sondern hatte Anlaß zu einer bescheidenen Nachlese, welche sich auf die eben genannten Namen, sowie namentlich auf eine Auswahl aus den Werken folgender Schriftsteller bezieht: Sageborn, Meiß, Sellert, Gleim, Klopstock, Lessing, Wieland, Jean Paul, Schubart, Claudius, Hölty, Voß, Salis, Matthiesson, Seume, Körner, Eichendorff, Arnndt, Chamisso, Uhland, Rückert, G. Heine, Renau, J. Rosen, Freiligrath, Weibel, Herwegh, Hartmann, G. Freytag, Auerbach u. s. w.

ausgenutzt: dazu gehören besonders die technologischen Werke, deren jedes allgemeine Wörterbuch allerdings nicht mehr entbehren kann, deren mühselige Arbeit aber doch wol um so mehr wenigstens Namensnennung verdient. Von diesen sind hier besonders zu erwähnen: Technologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen, französischen und englischen Sprache, von Hofrath J. A. Reil. Wiesbaden, 1853; sowie: Technisches Taschen-Wörterbuch für Industrie und Handel, 1. Theil (deutsch-englisch-französisch), Wiesbaden, 1873 (bildet einen Auszug aus der 2. Auflage des Reil'schen Werkes); ferner: Dr. Tolhausen u., Technologisches Wörterbuch in deutscher, französischer und englischer Sprache. Paris, 1855 (2. Aufl. Leipzig, 1874/75), ein sehr umfassendes, treffliches Werk; Dr. Carl Bartmann, Handwörterbuch der Berg-, Hütten- und Salzwerkskunde, 3. Aufl. Weimar, 1860; Dr. J. S. Mügel, Kaufmännisches Wörterbuch in drei Sprachen, 2. Theil (deutsch-englisch-französisch), 2. Aufl. bearbeitet von Dr. Felix Flügel. Leipzig, 1853; Deutsch-englisches Handels-correspondenz-Lexicon von Friedrich Noback und Thomas John Graham. Leipzig, 1865, ein besonders Kaufleuten sehr zu empfehlendes, mit großer Umsicht und Genauigkeit gearbeitetes Werkchen, welches ausgiebig zu benutzen der Verfasser um so weniger Anstand genommen hat, als er wiederholt nur seine eigenen Beiträge entlehnt hat; von Pictet's bekanntem Universal-Lexicon wurden die neueren Auflagen benutzt; in geringerem Maße wurde Meyer's Conversations-Lexicon und eine Anzahl anderer Werke zu Rathe gezogen.

Daß von deutschen Wörterbüchern Grimm's Nationalwerk, soweit es erschienen war, sowie Meigand's treffliches Wörterbuch benutzt worden ist, wird Jedermann voraussetzen; sie sind oft genug im Werke selbst angeführt. Auch ist hier das einzige Buch, dessen Benutzung Lucas ausdrücklich erwähnt, als beständiger practischer und zuverlässiger Rathgeber zu nennen: Sanders' deutsches Wörterbuch, ein Werk außerordentlichen Fleißes und ein fast unererschöpflicher Schatz von Belegen aus der neueren und neuesten Zeit, aus welchen oft überraschende Belehrung in grammatischen und anderen Beziehungen fließt.

Was ein noch mannigfach im Argen liegendes Gebiet aller neueren Lexicographie anlangt, nämlich die naturhistorischen und medicinischen Ausdrücke, so muß ich besonders des thätigen Antheiles dankbar eingedenk sein, welchen mein ältester Sohn, Alfred Mügel (Dr. med., † als Arzt zu Siebenlehn 22. Jan. 1890), an der oft sehr mühseligen Prüfung und Zusammentragung dieser Ausdrücke, sowie namentlich an der Berichtigung mancher alten Irrthümer genommen hat, welche in den Wörterbüchern ihr Wesen treiben und aus einem Werke in das andere sich fortpflanzen.

Zum Schlusse dieses kurzen Vorwortes muß der Verfasser noch ganz besonders der außerordentlichen Mühe und Sorgfalt des Herrn Dr. Friedrich Willbrandt (jetzt zu Doberan in Mecklenburg) gedenken, welche dieser feinsinnige Sprachgelehrte auf die Correctur dieses Theiles verwendet hat, häufig nicht bloß Correctur im gewöhnlichen Sinne, sondern Berichtigung mannigfacher Versehen des Inhaltes, welchen ein so umfangreiches Werk schwer entgeht. Seinen unermüdblichen Winken und Rathschlägen ist der Verfasser den größten Dank schuldig; eine so der Sache dienende aufopfernde Thätigkeit gehört bestimmt zu den seltenen Erscheinungen.

Endlich ist es ebenfalls Pflicht der Dankbarkeit, der aufmerksamen und sorgfältigen Art und Weise zu gedenken, mit welcher eine zweite Correctur des größten Theiles dieses deutsch-englischen Wörterbuches von Mrs. Fisher-Burke, früher in Leipzig, gegenwärtig in ihr Heimatland zurückgekehrt, besorgt worden ist; auch ihr verdankt das Werk manche kleine, aber doch wertvolle Berichtigung.

Leipzig, August 1891.

Dr. Felix Flügel.

Lists of strong and irregular verbs and nouns.

Introductory Remarks. According to German grammarians verbs as well as nouns are divided into two large classes, called the strong and the weak; a third class is to be added, viz. those which for some reason or other do not decidedly follow either the strong or the weak conjugation or declension; they are called irregular.

Strong verbs as well as substantives are principally characterised by some change of their radical vowels, exhibited in verbs by the imperfect and participle past, in substantives by the Umlaut of the plural form; take, as examples the verb *Singen* (the infinitive exhibiting generally the radical vowel), imperfect: *sang*, participle past: *gesungen* (sing, sang, sung); and such substantives, as *Vater*, *Sohn*, *Ritter*, the plurals of which change the radical *a*, *o*, *u*, into *ä*, *ö*, *ü*: *Väter*, *Söhne*, *Ritter*.

While this change may be called an internal one, the *weak* forms embracing all the derivative verbs and nouns, are only changed by adding a termination. Thus *fallen*, *fiel*, *gefallen* (to fall, fell, fallen), and *Mann*, *Männer* (man, men) belong to the strong class, while their derivatives *fällen*, *fällte*, *gefällt* (to fell, felled, felled), and *Mensch* (*originally an adj.*: *Männlich*), *pl.* *Menschen*, come under the weak denomination. It is obvious that strong forms, representing the oldest class of words, as it were the marrow of the language, are only a minority, while the long series of derivational forms may be almost increased at will. In order to assist the learner, we here follow a general usage, and give a list of strong and irregular verbs, and a list of irregular substantives.

I.

All the strong verbs may, for practical purposes, be divided into the following eight classes: —

Radical Vowel — Infinitive	Imperfect	Participle Past
I. 1) i	a	u
2) i or e (ä, o)	a	o
3) i (ie, ü) or e (ä, ö, au)	o	o
4) i or e	a	e
II. 1) ei	i	i
2) ei	ie	ie
III. 1) a (au, o, u)	i or ie	radical vowel
2) o	u	radical vowel.

I. 1) embraces the following verbs: *binden* (band, gebunden), *dingen*, *bringen*, *finden*, *gelingen*, *klingen*, *ringen*, *schinden* (*imperf.* *schund* for *schand*), *schlingen*, *schwinden*, *schwingen*, *singen*, *sinken*, *springen*, *stinken*, *trinken*, *winden*, *zwingen*.

I. 2) *Befehlen* (befahl, befohlen), *beginnen*, *bergen*, *bersten*, *brechen*, *empfehlen*, *erschrecken*, *gebären*, *gelten*, *gewinnen*, *helfen*, *kommen*, *nehmen*, *rinnen*, *schelten*, *schwimmen*, *sinnen*, *spinnen*, *sprechen*, *stehen*, *stellen*, *sterben*, *treffen*, *verderben*, *werben*, *werden*, *werfen*.

I. 3) *Bewegen* (bewog, bewogen), *biegen*, *bieten*, *brechen*, *sechten*, *flechten*, *fliegen*, *fliehen*, *fließen*, *frieren*, *gähren*, *genießen*, *gießen*, *glimmen*, *heben*, *kiesen*, *klimmen*, *kriechen*, (aus-, er-, ver-) *lösen*, *lügen*, *meilen*, *pflügen* (*gener. w.*), *quellen*, *riechen*, *rächen*, *saufen*, *saugen*, (er-, ver-) *schallen*, *scheren*, *schieben*, *schießen*, *schließen*, *schmelzen*, *schmauchen*, *schrauben*, *schwären*, *schwellen*, *schwören*, *sieden*, *spießen*, *triefen*, (be-) *trügen*, *verdrießen*, *verlieren*, *wägen*, *wiegen*, *weben*, *ziehen*.

I. 4) *Bitten* (bat, gebeten), *essen*, *fressen*, *geben*, *genehen*, *geschehen*, *lesen*, *liegen*, *meissen*, *sehen*, *sitzen*, *treten*, *vergeffen*.

II. 1) *Befleissen* (besaß, beflissen), *beißen*, *erbleichen*, *gleiches*, *gleiten*, *greifen*, *keisen*, *kneifen*, *leiden*, *pfeifen*, *reizen*, *reiten*, *schleichen*, *schleifen*, *schleissen*, *schmeissen*, *schneiden*, *schreiten*, *streichen*, *streiten*, *weichen*.

II. 2) *Bleiben* (blieb, geblieben), *gebeissen*, *leihen*, *meiden*, *preisen*, *reiben*, *scheiden*, *scheinen*, *schreiben*, *schreien*, *schweigen*, *speien*, *steigen*, *treiben*, *weisen*, *zeihen*.

III. 1) *Blasen* (blies, geblasen), *braten*, *fallen*, *fangen*, *halten*, *hängen*, *hauen*, *heissen*, *lassen*, *laufen*, *rathen*, *rufen*, *schlafen*, *stoßen*, *gehen*.

III. 2) *Baden* (bad, gebaden), *fahren*, *graben*, *laden*, *schaffen*, *schlagen*, *tragen*, *wachsen*, *waschen*, *stehen*.

Irregular verbs have been marked in the list as *irr.*, i. e. irregular:

List of strong and irregular verbs.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
<i>For</i> Ab'sehen , Ab'sehen , Ab'sehen , Ab'sehen , Ab'sehen , and simi- lar compounds, <i>vide the simple verbs</i> Baden , Befehlen &c.					
Baden (<i>w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , p. p. <i>always str.</i>), to bask	ich bad e, du bad est (<i>w.</i> bad st), er bad t (<i>w.</i> bad t) &c.	ich bad , (<i>w.</i> bad te)	ich bad e (<i>w.</i> bad te)	bad e	gebad en.
Bedenken (<i>irr.</i>), to consider	ich bed enke, du bed enkst, er bed enkt	ich bed achte	ich bed ächte	bed enke	bed acht. bed ungen.
Bedingen (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to stipulate	ich bed inge, du bed ingst, er bed ingt	ich bed ung (<i>l.</i> <i>w.</i> bed ang)	ich bed ünge	bed inge	bed ungen.
Bedürfen (<i>irr.</i>), to need	ich bed arf, du bed arfst, er bed arf	ich bed ürfte	ich bed ürfte	—	bed urft.
Befahren , I. (<i>str.</i>) to navigate, <i>see</i> Fah- ren ; II. (<i>w.</i>) + <i>cf.</i> to fear	ich b efahre &c.	ich b efahrte	ich b efahrte	b efahre	b efahrt.
Befehlen , Befahren &c., <i>see</i> Fahren , Fahren &c.					
Befehlen (<i>str.</i>), to command	ich b efehl(e), du b efiehst, er b efiehlt	ich b efahl	ich b efühle or b efähle	b efehl	b efohlen.
Befolgen (<i>str.</i>), to attend to	ich b efolge, du b efolgst or du b efolgst, er b efolgt	ich b efolg	ich b efölge	b efolge or b ef- folge	b efolgen.
Beginnen (<i>str.</i>), to begin	ich beg inne, du beg innst, er beg innt &c.	ich beg ann (<i>beginnte</i>)	ich beg ünne or beg ünne	beg inne	beg onnen.
Beißen (<i>str.</i>), to bite	ich bei ße, du bei ßest or bei ßt, er bei ßt	ich bei ß	ich bei ße	bei ße or bei ß	geb issen.
Beleimen (<i>gen. w.</i> , + <i>str.</i>), to pinch, &c.	ich be leime, du be leimst &c.	ich be leimte (+ <i>be</i> lleim)	ich be leimte	—	be leimt (+ <i>be</i> lleimt).
Belien (<i>gen. w.</i> , + <i>str.</i>), to bark	ich bel e, + du bel st, + er bel t	+ ich bell	+ ich bell e	—	+ geb ollen.
Berge (<i>str.</i>), to hide	ich ber ge, du ber gst, er ber gt	ich ber g	ich ber ge (<i>l. u.</i> <i>b</i> ürge)	ber g	geb orgen.
Bersten (<i>str.</i>), to burst	ich ber ste, du ber stest (or ber stest), er ber stet or ber st	ich ber st or ber st	ich ber ste or ber ste	ber ste or ber st	geb orsten.
Befinnen (<i>str.</i>), to recollect	ich b efinne, du b efinnest, er b efinnt	ich b efann (<i>provinc. coll.</i> <i>ich</i> b efonn)	ich b efänne or b efänne	b efinne	b efonnen.
Besitzen (<i>str.</i>), to possess	ich bes itze, du bes itzest, er bes itzt	ich bes äße	ich bes äße	bes itze	b esessen.
Betrügen (<i>str.</i>), to cheat	ich bet rüge, du bet rügst, er bet rügt	ich bet rög	ich bet röge	bet rüge	bet rogen.
Bewegen (<i>gen. w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to move	ich bew ege, du bew egst, er bew egt	ich bew eg	ich bew äge	bew ege	bew ogen.
Biegen (<i>str.</i>), to bend	ich bie ge, du bie gst, er bie gt	ich b ög	ich b öge	bie ge	geb ogen.
Bieten (<i>str.</i>), to offer	ich bie te, du bie test (<i>poet.</i> beut st), er bie tet (<i>poet.</i> beut)	ich b ot	ich b öte	bie te	geb oten.
Binden (<i>str.</i>), to bind	ich bin de &c.	ich band	ich b ände	bin de	geb unden.
Bitten (<i>str.</i>), to beg, ask	ich bit te &c.	ich b ät	ich b äte	bit te	geb eten.
Blasen (<i>str.</i>), to blow	ich bl ase, du bl äsest, er bl äset or bl äst	ich bl ies	ich bl iese	bl ase	geb lasen.
Bleiben (<i>str.</i>), to remain	ich bl eibe &c.	ich bl ieb	ich bl iebe	bl eibe	geb lieben.
Bleichen (<i>gen. w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to lose colour	ich bl eiche, du bl eichst, er bl eicht	ich bl ich	ich bl iche	bl eiche	geb lichen.
Braten (<i>gen. str.</i> , sometimes <i>irr.</i> , parti- cul. as a v. a.), to roast	ich br ate, du br ätst (or br atet), er br ät (or br atet)	ich b riet (<i>w.</i> br atete)	ich b riete (<i>w.</i> br atete)	br ate or br at	gebr aten.
Brachen (<i>str.</i>), to break	ich br ach, du br ichst, er br icht	ich br ach	ich br äche	br ach	geb rochen.
Brennen (<i>irr.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , <i>see</i> <i>Dict.</i>), to burn	ich b renne &c.	ich br annte	ich br ennete	b renne	geb rennt.
Bringen (<i>irr.</i>), to bring	ich br inge &c.	ich br achte	ich br ächte	br ing(e)	gebr acht.
Denken (<i>irr.</i>), to think	ich den ke &c.	ich d achte	ich d ächte	den ke	ged acht.
Dingen (<i>str.</i> & <i>irr.</i>), to contract, engage	ich d inge, du d ingest, er d ingt	ich d ingte (<i>hang; dung</i>)	ich d ingte (<i>d</i> ünge)	d inge	geb ungen (<i>ge-</i> <i>d</i> ingte).
Dreschen (<i>str.</i>), to thrash	ich d resche, du d reschest, er d rischet or d rischt	ich d rosch (or d räscht, d reschte)	ich d rosche or d räsche	d risch	ged roschen.
Dringen (<i>str.</i>), to press	ich d ringe &c.	ich d rang	ich d ränge	d ringe	ged rungen.
Dürfen (<i>irr.</i>), to be permitted	ich d arf, du d arfst, er d arf, wir d ür- fen &c., <i>subj.</i> ich d ürfte &c.	ich d urfte	ich d ürfte	—	ged urft.
Einbad en, Einbedingen &c., <i>see</i> Baden , Bedingen &c.					
Empfangen (<i>str.</i>), to receive	ich em pfang(e), du em pfangst, er em - p fängst	ich em pfieng (<i>empfieng</i>)	ich em pfienge (<i>empfienge</i>)	em pfang(e)	em pfangen.
Empfehlen (<i>str.</i>), to recommend	ich em pfehl(e), du em pfehlst, er em - p fiehst	ich em pfohl	ich em pfohle or em pfohle	em pfehl	em pfohlen.
Empfinden (<i>str.</i>), to feel, to be sen- sible of	ich em pfinde, du em pfindest, er em - p findet	ich em pfaud	ich em pfinde	em pfinde	em pfun-
Entbieten , Entbinden , Entbrechen , Entbrechen &c., <i>see</i> Bieten , Binden , Brachen , Brennen &c.					
Erbleichen , Erbleichen &c., <i>see</i> Beigen , Bieten &c.					
Erbleichen (<i>str.</i>), to grow pale	ich er bleiche &c.	ich er blieh	ich er bliehe	er bleiche	er bliehen.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Erstie'ren (<i>str.</i>), to freeze	ich erstiere, du erstierst, er erstiert	ich erstor	ich erstöre	erstiere	erstoren.
Erstie'len, see Riezen.					
Erstie'ssen (<i>str.</i>), to issue, &c., see Lassen.					
Erstös'sen (<i>str.</i>), seldom <i>w.</i> in its <i>tr.</i> sense, to extinguish, to be extinguished	ich erstösche, du erstöschst or erstöscheß, er erstöschst or erstöscht	ich erstösch	ich erstösche	erstösch or erstösche	erstöschen.
Erstau'len (<i>str.</i>), coll. to be drowned	ich erkaufe, du erkauffst, er erkaufst	ich erloff	ich erlosse	erkaufe	erlosfen.
Ersthal'len (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i>), to sound	ich erschalle &c.	ich erscholl	ich erschölle	erschalle	erschollen.
Ersthe'nen (<i>str.</i>), to appear	ich erscheine, du erscheinst, er erscheint	ich erschiene	ich erschiene	erschiene	erschienen.
Ersthor'ren (<i>str.</i> as an <i>intr.</i> cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to be frightened	ich erschreide, du erschridst, er erschridt	ich erschraf	ich erschraße	erschrid	erschreden.
Ertrin'ken (<i>str.</i>), to be drowned	ich ertrinke, du ertrinkst, er ertrinkt	ich ertrant	ich ertränke	ertrin!	ertrunken.
Erwäg'en (<i>str.</i>), to consider, to reflect upon	ich erwäge, du erwägst, er erwägt	ich erwog	ich erwäge	erwäge	erwogen.
Ess'en (<i>irr.</i>), to eat	ich esse, du issest, er isset or ist	ich aß	ich äße	iß	geessen.*
† & * Fah'en (<i>str.</i>), to catch	ich fahre, du fährst, er fährt	ich fah	ich fah	fah	gefahren.
Fah'ren (<i>str.</i>), to pass, to ride (in any vehicle)	ich fahre, du fährst, er fährt	ich fuhr	ich führe	fahre	gefahren.
Fal'len (<i>str.</i>), to fall	ich falle, du fällst, er fällt	ich fiel	ich fiele	falle or fall	gefallen.
Fal'ten (<i>w.</i> , formerly <i>str.</i>), to fold	ich falte &c.	ich faltete, † (<i>str.</i>) ich fielt	ich faltete, † (<i>str.</i>) ich fielt	falte	gefallen or (<i>str.</i>) ge- faltten.
Fang'en (<i>str.</i>), to catch	ich fange, du fängst, er fängt	ich fing	ich finge	fange	gefangen.
Fech'ten (<i>str.</i>), to fight	ich fechte, du fichtst or fichtst (fechtest), er ficht (fechtet)	ich focht	ich fochte	ficht or fechte	gefochten.
Find'en (<i>str.</i>), to find	ich finde &c.	ich fand	ich fände	finde	gefunden.
Flech'ten (<i>str.</i>), to plait	ich flechte, du flechtst or flechtst (flechtest), er flecht (flechtet)	ich flocht	ich flöchte	flecht or flechte	geflochten.
Flie'gen (<i>str.</i>), to fly	ich fliege, du fliegst, er fliegt (<i>poet.</i> du fluegst, er fluegt)	ich flog	ich flöge	fliege, <i>poet.</i> flueg	geflogen
Flich'en, (<i>str.</i>), to flee	ich fliehe, du fliehst, er flieht (<i>poet.</i> du fleuchst, er fleucht)	ich floh	ich flöhe	fliehe or flieh, <i>poet.</i> fleuch	geflohen.
Flie'ßen (<i>str.</i>), to flow	ich fließe, du fließest, er fließet or fließt (<i>poet.</i> du fleußest, er fleußt)	ich floß	ich flöße	fließe or fließ, <i>poet.</i> fleuß	geflossen.
Frä'gen (<i>gen. w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i>), to ask	ich frage, du fragst (frägst), er fragt (frägt)	ich fragte (frügte)	ich fragte (frügte)	frage	gefragt.
Freß'en (<i>str.</i>), to devour, feed, eat	ich freße, du frisstest, er frisset or frist	ich fraß	ich fräße	friß	gefressen.
Frir'en (<i>str.</i>), to be cold, chilly	ich friere &c.	ich fror	ich fröre	friere	gefroren.
Brä'uen (<i>str.</i>), to ferment	ich gähre, du gährst, er gährt	ich gahr	ich göhre	gähre	gegohren.
Gebü'ren (<i>str.</i>), to bear, produce	ich gebäre, du gebärst (or gebierst), er gebäret (or gebiert)	ich gebär	ich gebäre (<i>l. w.</i> geböret)	gebäre or gebier	gebären.
Geb'en (<i>str.</i>), to give	ich gebe, du gibst or gibst, er giebt or gibt	ich gab	ich gäbe	gieb or gib	gegeben.
Gebie'ten (<i>str.</i>), to order, to command	ich gebiete, du gebietest (<i>poet.</i> gebeutst), er gebietet (<i>poet.</i> gebeut)	ich gebot	ich geböte	gebiete (<i>poet.</i> gebeut)	geböten.
Gedach'en, Gedanken &c. see Dachen, Denken &c.					
Gedeh'n (<i>str.</i>), to thrive	ich gedeihe &c.	ich gedieh	ich gediehe	gedeihe	gediehen.
Gefal'len (<i>str.</i>), to please	ich gefalle, du gefällst, er gefällt	ich gefiel	ich gefiele	gefalle	gefallen.
Geh'en (<i>irr.</i>), to go	ich gehe &c.	ich ging (gieng)	ich ginge (gienge)	geh	gegangen.
Geling'en (<i>str.</i>), to succeed	ich gelinge &c.	ich gelang	ich gelänge	geling	gelingen.
Gelt'en (<i>str.</i>), to be worth	ich gelte, du gilst, er gilt	ich galt († gold)	ich gälte or gölte (güllte)	gilt	gegolten.
Genß'en (<i>str.</i>), to recover	ich geneße, du geneßest, er geneßet	ich genas	ich genäße	geneße	genesen.
Genieß'en (<i>str.</i>), to enjoy	ich genieße, du genießest, er genießt († & <i>poet.</i> du genueßt, er geneußt)	ich genoß	ich genösse	genieße or genieß (<i>poet.</i> geneuß)	genossen.
Gerä'then (<i>str.</i>), to come; to turn out, &c.	ich gerathe, du geräthst, er geräth (<i>l. w.</i> du gerathest, er gerathet)	ich gerieth	ich geriethe	gerathe	gerathen.
Gesche'hen (<i>str.</i>), to happen	es geschehet or geschieht († & <i>provinc.</i> geschieht)	es geschah († & <i>provinc.</i> geschach)	es geschähe	geschieh (<i>gen.</i> es geschähe)	geschehen.
Gewin'nen (<i>str.</i>), to gain	ich gewinne &c.	ich gewann	ich gewänne or gewönne	gewinne	gewonnen.
Gieß'en (<i>str.</i>), to pour	ich gieße, du gießest, er gießt († & <i>poet.</i> du geußest, er geußt)	ich goß	ich göße	gieße or gieß, † & <i>poet.</i> geuß	gegossen.
Glei'chen (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , see <i>Dict.</i>), to be like, resemble	ich gleiche &c.	ich glied	ich glide	gleich	geglichen.
Gleit'en (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i>), to glide	ich gleite &c.	ich glitt	ich glitte	gleite	geglitten.
Glim'men (<i>formerly str.</i> , now <i>gen. w.</i>), to sparkle	ich glimme, du glimmst, er glimmt	ich glomm	ich glömm	glimme	geglommen.
Grä'ben (<i>str.</i>), to dig	ich grabe, du gräbst, er gräbt	ich grub	ich grübe	grabe	gegraben.
Greif'en (<i>str.</i>), to grasp	ich greife &c.	ich griff	ich griffe	greife or greif	gegriffen.
Ha'ben (<i>irr.</i>), to have	ich habe, du hast, er hat	ich hatte	ich hätte	habe	gehabt.
Hal'ten (<i>str.</i>), to hold, keep	ich halte, du hältst, er hält	ich hielt	ich hielt	halte or halt	gehalten.

* Originally: geessen, and, therefore, after an inseparable prefix: (über)essen, (ver)essen; notwithstanding, the forms übergeessen (Gölke, Faust), vergeessen (coll.) are sometimes used.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
häng'en (<i>str.</i> ; <i>hängen</i> , a weak verb, is often confounded with <i>hangen</i>), to hang hau'en (<i>irr.</i>), to hew, cut, strike he'ben (<i>str.</i>), to lift	ich hänge, du hängst, er hängt (<i>not</i> du hangst, er hangt) ich hause, du haust, er haut ich hebe, du hebst, er hebt	ich hing (<i>hingen</i>) ich hieb (<i>hieben</i>) ich hob (+ <i>a provinc. häb</i>) ich hieß (<i>hießen</i>) ich half (<i>provinc. ich half</i>) ich kaufte	ich hänge (<i>hingen</i>) ich hebe (<i>heben</i>) ich habe (+ <i>a provinc. häbe</i>) ich hieße (<i>hießen</i>) ich hätte or hätte ich kaufte	hänge hau or hau hebe	gehungen. gehauen. gehoben.
heißen (<i>str.</i>), to be called or named hel'fen (<i>str.</i>), to help	ich heiße, du heißt or heist, er heißt ich helfe, du hilfst, er hilft	ich hieß (<i>hießen</i>) ich half (<i>provinc. ich half</i>) ich kaufte	ich hieße (<i>hießen</i>) ich hätte or hätte ich kaufte	heiße hilf	geheißen. geholfen.
kau'en (<i>w.</i>), to buy	ich kaufe, du kaufst, er kauft (<i>sometimes</i> du kauft, er kauft)	ich kaufte	ich kaufte	kaufe or kauf	gekauft.
lei'en (<i>w.</i> , <i>sometimes str.</i>), to chide	ich leise ic.	ich leiste (<i>liff</i>)	ich leiste (<i>liffe</i>)	leise or leif	geleift (<i>ge-liffen</i>).
ken'nen (<i>irr.</i>), to know	ich kenne ic.	ich kannte (<i>provinc. [S. G.] ich kannte</i>)	ich kennte	kenne	kennt (<i>provinc. [S. G.] gekannt</i>).
kie'sen (<i>cf. Verlieren</i> , the original form of which was <i>Verlieren</i>) kie'ben (<i>str.</i>), + <i>a provinc.</i> , to cleave klim'men (<i>str.</i> or <i>w.</i>), to climb kling'en (<i>str.</i>), to sound knel'sen (<i>str.</i>), to nip knel'pen (<i>str.</i>), to pinch komm'en (<i>str.</i>), to come	ich kiese ic. ich kiebe ic. ich klimme ic. ich klinge ic. ich knaise ic. ich knaise ic. ich komme, du kommst, er kommt (<i>sometimes</i> du kommst, er kommt)	ich kore ich klob ich klomm ich klinge ich kniff ich knipp ich kam	ich kore ich klobe ich klomme ich klinge ich kniffe ich knippe ich käme	kiese kiebe klimme klänge kniffe knippe konne (<i>sometimes</i> konne) (<i>L. w.</i>) könne	gesehen. geklieben. geklimmen. geklungen. gekniffen. geknippen. gekomen.
könn'en (<i>irr.</i>), can, to be able	ich kann, du kannst, er kann, <i>subj.</i> ich könne	ich konnte	ich könnte		gekonnt.
kriech'en (<i>str.</i>), to creep	ich kriech, du kriechst, er kriecht (<i>provinc. & poet.</i> du kreichst, er kreichst)	ich krosch	ich kröche	krieche or kreich, (<i>provinc. & poet.</i> kreich)	getrochen.
lad'en (<i>str.</i>), to load	ich lade, du ladest, er ladet (<i>coll.</i> du lädt, er lädt)	ich ladh (<i>sometimes w. ich ladete</i>)	ich läd (<i>sometimes w. ich ladete</i>)	lade	geladen.
lass'en (<i>str.</i>), to let	ich lasse, du lässest or läßt, er läßt or läßt	ich ließ	ich ließe	lasse or laß	gelassen.
lau'en (<i>str.</i>), to run lei'ben (<i>str.</i>), to suffer lei'h'en (<i>str.</i>), to lend le'sen (<i>str.</i>), to read	ich laufe, du läufst, er läuft ich leide ic. ich leihe ic. ich lese, du liest, er liest or liest	ich lief ich litt ich lieh ich las	ich liefe ich litte ich liehe ich lese	laufe or lauf leide leihe lese (<i>provinc. lese</i>)	gelaufen. gelitten. geliehen. gelesen.
lie'gen (<i>str.</i>), to lie lösch'en (<i>gen. w.</i> , <i>sometimes str.</i> , <i>cf. Dict.</i>), to quench lög'en (<i>str.</i>), to lie (to say a falsehood) mal'en (<i>w.</i> , <i>p. p. str.</i>), to grind	ich liege, du liegst, er liegt ich lösch, du löschst, er löscht or löscht ich löge ic. ich mahle, du mahlst, er mahlt (+ <i>a provinc. du mähst, er mähst</i>)	ich lag ich lösch ich löge ich malte (+ <i>a provinc. mahl</i>) ich mied ich moll (<i>w. ich melle</i>) ich maß	ich läge ich lösch ich löge ich malte (+ <i>a provinc. mähle</i>) ich miede ich mölle (<i>w. ich melle</i>) ich maß	liege löscht löge mahle or mahl miede melle (<i>rarely</i> mill) maß	gelogen. gemahlen (<i>not gemahlt</i>). gemieden. gemollten (<i>w. gemellt</i>). gemessen.
meid'en (<i>str.</i>), to avoid mel'sen (<i>str.</i> , <i>sometimes w.</i>), to milk	ich meide ic. ich melde, du melst, er mellt (<i>rarely</i> du milst, er milst)	ich mied ich moll (<i>w. ich melle</i>) ich maß	ich miede ich mölle (<i>w. ich melle</i>) ich maß	meide melle (<i>rarely</i> mill) maß	gemieden.
mess'en (<i>str.</i>), to measure miß'bieten , miß'gebären ic., <i>see Bieten</i> , <i>Gebären</i> ic. miß'fallen (<i>str.</i>), to displease mög'en (<i>irr.</i>), may, to be allowed, &c. muß'en (<i>irr.</i>), must, to be obliged	ich messe, du mißt, er mißt or mißt ich mißfalle, du mißfällst, er mißfällt ich mag, du magst, er mag, wir mögen ic. ich muß, du mußt, er muß, wir müssen ic.	ich maß ich mißfiel ich mochte ich mußte	ich meste ich mißfiel ich mochte ich mußte	—	gemessen.
näh'men (<i>str.</i>), to take nen'nen (<i>irr.</i>), to name	ich nehme, du nimmst, er nimmt ich nenne ic.	ich nahm ich nannte (<i>provinc. [S. G.] ich nannte</i>)	ich nähme ich nennete	nimm nenne or nenn	genommen. genannt (<i>provinc. [S. G.] genannt</i>).
pfel'sen (<i>str.</i>), to whistle pfleg'en (<i>orig. and still sometimes str.</i> , <i>see Dict.</i>), to foster, attend to, &c. prel'sen (<i>str.</i>), to praise quell'en (<i>str. & w.</i> , <i>see Dict.</i>), to swell räch'en (<i>gen. w.</i> , <i>sometimes [poet.] str.</i>), to revenge rath'en (<i>str.</i>), to advise reib'en (<i>str.</i>), to rub	ich pfeife, du pfeiffst, er pfeift ich pflege, du pflegst, er pflegt ich preise ic. ich quelle, du quillst, er quillt ich räche ic. ich rathe, du rätst, er rät ich reibe ic.	ich pfiß ich pflog ich price ich quoll ich rächte, räch (+ <i>rach</i>) ich riet ich rieb	ich pfiße ich pfloge ich price ich quoll ich räche ich riethe ich riebe	pfefe or pfeif pflege preise quill räche rathe or rath reibe	gepfiffen. gepflogen. gepriesen. gequollen. gerochen. gerathen. gerieben.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Reißen (str.), to tear Reißen (str.), to ride Rennen (irr.), to run	ich reiße zc. ich reite zc. ich renne zc.	ich riß ich ritt ich rannte (<i>provinc.</i> [S. G.] ich rennte)	ich riße ich rite ich rennete	reiße or reiß reite renne	gerissen. geritten. gerannt (<i>provinc.</i> [S. G.] gerannt).
Riechen (str.), to smell	ich rieche, du riechst, er riecht (<i>provinc.</i> [S. G.] du riechst, er riecht)	ich roch	ich röche	rieche or riech (<i>provinc.</i> [S. G.] riech)	gerochen.
Ringen (str.), to wrestle, wring Runnen (str.), to run	ich ringe zc. ich rinne zc.	ich rang ich rann	ich ränge ich rünne or rünne	ringe rinne	gerungen. geronnen.
Rufen (str.), to call	ich rufe zc.	ich rief (<i>coll.</i> u. ich rufte)	ich riefe	rufe	gerufen.
Salzen (w., p. p. gener. str.), to salt	ich salze zc.	ich salzte	ich salzte	salze	gesalzen (str.; <i>sometimes w.</i> : gesalzt).
Saufen (str.), <i>coll.</i> to drink Saugen (str.), to suck	ich saufe, du säufst, er säuft ich sauge, du saugst, er saugt (<i>not</i> du säugst, er säugt)	ich soff ich sog	ich söffe ich söge	saufe or sauf saug	gesoffen. gesogen.
Schaffen (str. & w., see Dict.), to create Scheiden (str.), to separate, to depart Scheinen (str.), to shine, appear Schelten (str.), <i>vulg.</i> to shite Schelten (str.), to scold	ich schaffe, du schaffst, er schafft ich scheide zc. ich scheine zc. ich schelte zc. ich schelte, du schiltst, er schilt	ich schuf ich schied ich schien ich schiß ich schalt	ich schüfe ich schiede ich schien ich schisse ich schülte or schälte	schaffe or schaff scheide scheine schelche or schelch schälte	geschaffen. geschieden. geschienen. geschiffen. gescholten.
Scheren (str. & w., see Dict.), to shear	ich schere, du scherst, er schert (<i>provinc.</i> du schierst, er schiert)	ich schür (<i>provinc.</i> ich schür)	ich schüre	schere (<i>provinc.</i> schier)	geschoren.
Schieben (str.), to shove Schießen (str.), to shoot	ich schiebe, du schiebst, er schiebt ich schieße, du schießt, er schießt (+ & <i>provinc.</i> du scheußest, er scheußt)	ich schob ich schoß	ich schöbe ich schösse	schiebe or schieß (+ & <i>provinc.</i> scheuß)	geschoben. geschossen.
Schinden (str.), to flay	ich schinde zc.	ich schund (<i>sometimes w.</i> ich schündete)	ich schände	schinde	geschunden.
Schlafen (str.), to sleep Schlagen (str.), to beat, strike Schleichen (str.), to sneak Schleichen (w. & str., see Dict.), to grind, what Schleichen (str., <i>sometimes w.</i>), to slit, split Schliefen, + & <i>provinc.</i> (S. G.) (str.), to slip, glide Schließen (str.), to shut, close	ich schlafe, du schläfst, er schläft ich schlage, du schlägst, er schlägt ich schleiche zc. ich schleife zc. ich schleiche zc. ich schleife zc. ich schleife zc. ich schleife zc. ich schließe, du schließt, er schließt (+ & <i>poet.</i> du schließest, er schließt)	ich schlief ich schlug ich schlich ich schliff ich schlief ich schlief ich schlief ich schlief	ich schliefe ich schlüge ich schliche ich schliffe ich schlief ich schlief ich schlief ich schlief	schlafe or schlaf schlage schliche schleife or schlief schleife or schlief schleife schleife schließe or schließ (+ & <i>poet.</i> schließ)	geschlafen. geschlagen. geschlichen. geschliffen. geschliffen. geschliffen. geschliffen. geschliffen.
Schlingen (str.), to twist, wind Schmeißen (str.), to smite, strike	ich schlinge zc. ich schmeiße zc.	ich schlang ich schmitz	ich schlänge ich schmitze	schlinge schmeiße or schmeiß	geschlungen. geschmissen.
Schmelzen (str. & w., see Dict.), to melt Schneuen (w. & str.), to snow Schneuen (str.), to snow Schneuen (w. & str.), to snow	ich schmelze, du schmelzt, er schmilzt ich schneue, du schneubst, er schneubt ich schneide zc. es schneit zc.	ich schmolz ich schneib ich schnitt es schneite; (str.) es schneie	ich schmolze ich schneibe ich schnitte es schneite; (str.) es schneie	schmelz schneide schneide schneie	geschmolzen. geschneien. geschneitten. geschneitten. (str.) geschneien.
Schneiden, + see Schneiden. Schrauben (w. & str.), to screw	ich schraube zc.	(str.) ich schraub ich schraub (<i>not</i> schrad)	(str.) ich schreibe ich schreibe	schraube	(str.) geschraubt. geschraubt.
Schrecken (gen. w., sometimes str., see Dict.), to fright Schreiben (str.), to write Schreien (str.), to cry Schreiten (str.), to stride, step Schrotten (irr.), to gnaw; to rough-grind.	ich schreibe zc. ich schreie zc. ich schreite zc. ich schrote, du schrotest, er schrotet	ich schrieb ich schrieb ich schritt (w.) ich schrote, + & <i>provinc.</i> (str.) ich schriet	ich schreibe ich schreie ich schreite ich schrote	schreibe schreie or schrei schreite schrote	geschrieben. geschrien. geschritten. (str.) geschroten (<i>rarely w.</i> geschrotet).
Schwären (str.), to imposthume	ich schwäre, du schwärst (<i>provinc.</i> du schwierst), er schwört (<i>provinc.</i> er schwiert)	ich schwär	ich schwöre	schwäre	geschworen.
Schweigen (str.), to be silent	ich schweige zc.	ich schwieg	ich schwäge	schweige or schwieg	geschwiegen.
Schwellen (str., sometimes w., see Dict.), to swell	ich schwell	ich schwoll	ich schwülle	schwell	geschwollen.

<i>Infinitive.</i>	<i>Present Indicative.</i>	<i>Imperfect</i>		<i>Imperative.</i>	<i>Participle past.</i>
		<i>Indicative.</i>	<i>Subjunctive.</i>		
Schwim'men (str.), to swim	ich schwimme zc.	ich schwamm	ich schwämme & schwämme	schwimme or schwamm	geschwommen.
Schwim'men (str.), to disappear, vanish	ich schwinde zc.	ich schwand	ich schwände	schwinde	geschwunden.
Schwing'en (str.), to swing	ich schwing'e zc.	ich schwang	ich schwänge	schwing	geschwungen.
Schwö'ren (str.), to swear	ich schwöre zc.	ich schwor or schwür	ich schwöre or schwüre	schwöre	geschworen.
Se'h'en (str.), to see	ich sehe, du siehst (siehst), er sieht (siehet)	ich sah	ich sähe	siehe or sieh	gesehen or gesehen.
Sein (irr.), to be	ich bin, du bist, er ist, wir sind, ihr seid, sie sind; <i>subj.</i> ich sei, du seiest, er sei; wir seien, ihr seiet, sie seien	ich war, du warst(warst), er war	ich wäre	sei	gewesen.
Sen'den (w. & irr.), to send	ich sende zc.	ich sendete or sandte	ich sendete	sende	geschendet or gesandt.
Sie'b'en (str.), to seeth, to boil	ich siebe zc.	ich sott	ich sötte	siebe	gekott.
Sing'en (str.), to sing	ich singe zc.	ich sang	ich sänge	singe	gesungen.
Sink'en (str.), to sink	ich sinke zc.	ich sank	ich sänte	sinke	gesunken.
Sin'nen (str.), to meditate, reflect	ich sinne zc.	ich sann (+ ich sann)	ich sänne or sänne	sinne	gesonnen.
Sit'zen (str.), to sit	ich sitze zc.	ich saß	ich säße	sitze	gesessen.
Soll'en (irr.), shall, to owe, to be obliged	ich soll, du sollst, er soll	ich sollte	ich sölte	—	gesollt.
Spalt'en (w., p. p. str., sometimes w.), to split, split	ich spalte, du spaltest (<i>provinc. spältst</i>), er spaltet	ich spaltete	ich spaltete	spalte	(str.) gespalten (<i>rarely w. gespalten</i>).
Spei'en (str.), to vomit, spew	ich speie zc.	ich spie	ich spie	speie or spei	gespien.
Spin'nen (str.), to spin	ich spinne zc.	ich spann (<i>provinc. coll. ich spinn</i>)	ich spänne or spünne	spinne	gesponnen.
Sprie'gen (str.), to alioo	ich spriege zc.	ich splich	ich spliche	spriege	gesplichen.
Spriech'en (str.), to speak	ich spreche, du sprichst, er spricht	ich sprach	ich spräche	sprieche	gesprochen.
Sprie'gen (str.), to sprout	ich spriege zc.	ich sproß	ich spröße	spriege or sprieß	gesprossen.
Spring'en (str.), to jump, leap, spring	ich springe, du springst, er springt	ich sprang	ich spränge	springe	gesprungen.
Stech'en (str.), to sting, pierce	ich steche, du steichst, er sticht	ich stach	ich stäche	stich	gestochen.
Stech'en (str.), to stick	ich stecke zc.	ich stak	ich stäke	stecke	gesteckt (<i>coll. gestochen</i>).
Steh'en (irr.), to stand	ich stehe, du stehst (stehst), er steht (steht) zc.	ich stand (+ <i>provinc. stund</i>)	ich stände or stünde	stehe or steh	gestanden.
Stih'len (str.), to steal	ich stehle, du stiehst, er stiehlt	ich stahl (<i>provinc. coll. ich stohl</i>)	ich stähle or stöhle	stiehl	gestohlen.
Steig'en (str.), to mount, rise	ich steige zc.	ich stieg	ich stiege	steige or steig	gestiegen.
Stir'b'en (str.), to die	ich sterbe, du stirbst, er stirbt	ich starb (<i>provinc. ich sturb</i>)	ich stürbe	stirb	gestorben.
Stie'b'en (str.), to dust	ich stiebe zc.	ich stob	ich stöbe	stiebe or stieb	gestoben.
Stink'en (str.), to stink	ich stinke zc.	ich stank	ich stänke	stinke	gestunken.
Stoß'en (str.), to thrust	ich stoße, du stoßest, er stößt	ich stieß	ich stieße	stoße or stoß	gestoßen.
Streich'en (str.), to strike	ich streiche zc.	ich strich	ich striche	streich	gestrichen.
Streit'en (str.), to fight, contend	ich streite zc.	ich stritt	ich stritte	streite	gestritten.
Thun (irr.), to do	ich thue, du thust, er thut	ich that	ich thäte	thue or thut	gethan.
Trag'en (str.), to carry, bear	ich trage, du trägst, er trägt	ich trug	ich trüge	trage	getragen.
Trefsen (str.), to hit, strike	ich treffe, du triffst, er trifft	ich traf	ich träfe	triff	getroffen.
Trei'b'en (str.), to drive	ich treibe zc.	ich trieb	ich triebe	treibe	getrieben.
Tre'ten (str.), to tread	ich trete, du trittst, er tritt	ich trat	ich träte	tritt	getreten.
Trie'fen (str., sometimes w.), to drop	ich triebe, du trieffst (+ & <i>poet.</i> du treuffst), er triefst (+ & <i>poet.</i> er treuffst)	ich troff (<i>w. ich triefte</i>)	ich tröffe (<i>w. ich triefte</i>)	triebe (+ & <i>poet.</i> treuff)	getroffen (<i>w. getrieft</i>).
Trink'en (str.), to drink	ich trinke, du trinkst, er trinkt	ich trank	ich tränke	trinke or trink	getrunken.
Trüg'en (l. u. Triegen) (str.), to deceive	ich trüge, du trügst, er trügt (+ & <i>provinc. [S. G.] du treugst, er treugt</i>)	ich trug	ich trüge	trüge (+ & <i>provinc. [S. G.] treug</i>)	getrogen.
Verbeißen (str.), to forbear	ich verbeisse, du verbeißest, er verbeißt	ich verbiß	ich verbiße	verbeiß	verbissen.
Verbergen, Verbie'gen, Verbie'ten, Verbin'den, Verbit'ten, Verbiä'sen, Verbiel'b'en zc., see Bergen, Biegen, Bieten, Binden zc.					
Verbiel'igen (str., sometimes w.), to lose colour, to fade	ich verbleiche zc.	ich verblüß	ich verblühe	verbleiche	verblühen.
Verbrech'en, Verbren'n'en zc., see Brechen, Brennen zc.					
Verderben (str.), to spoil, &c.	ich verderbe, du verderbst, er verderbt	ich verderb (<i>provinc. ich verdarb</i>)	ich verdürbe (<i>n. u. ich verdürbe</i>)	verderb	verdorben.
Verdrü'gen (str.), impers. to grieve, &c.	es verdrückt	es verdros	es verdröffe	verdrücke	verdroffen.
Verges'sen (str.), to forget	ich vergesse, du vergißest, er vergißt	ich vergaß	ich vergäße	vergisse	vergesen.
Verglei'chen (str.), to compare	ich vergleiche zc.	ich verglich	ich vergliche	vergleiche	verglichen.
Verglim'men, Vergra'b'en, Bergrei'fen zc., see Glimmen zc.					

<i>Infinitive.</i>	<i>Present Indicative.</i>	<i>Imperfect</i>		<i>Imperative.</i>	<i>Participle past.</i>
		<i>Indicative.</i>	<i>Subjunctive.</i>		
Verhehlen (<i>u.</i> , <i>p. p. sometimes str.</i>), to conceal	(<i>u.</i>) ich verhehle <i>ic.</i>	(<i>u.</i>) ich verhehlte	(<i>u.</i>) ich verhehlte	(<i>u.</i>) verhehle	(<i>u.</i>) verhehlt, (<i>str.</i>) verhehlen.
Verlieren (<i>str.</i>), to lose	ich verliere <i>ic.</i>	ich verlöre	ich verlöre	verliere	verloren.
Verlöschen (<i>str. & u.</i> , <i>cf. Dict.</i>), to be extinguished	ich verlösche, du verloschest or verloscht, er verloscht or verloscht	ich verlösche	ich verlösche	verlösche or verlosche	verloschen.
Verstehen (<i>str. & u.</i>), to cease sounding, to die away (of sounds)	ich verstehle, du verstehst, er verstehst	ich verstehle	ich verstehle	verstehle	verstohlen.
Verstehen (<i>str. & u.</i>), to misscrew	ich verstehre <i>ic.</i>	ich verstehre	ich verstehre	verstehre	verstehen.
Verstehen (<i>str.</i>), to disappear	ich verstehde, du verstehdest, er verstehdet	ich verstehde	ich verstehde	verstehde	verstehen.
Verwirren (<i>gen. u.</i> , <i>p. p. sometimes str.</i>), to complicate, entangle, puzzle	(<i>u.</i>) ich verwirre, du verwirrst, er verwirrt	(<i>u.</i>) ich verwirrte	(<i>u.</i>) ich verwirrte	(<i>u.</i>) verwirre	(<i>u.</i>) verwirrt, (<i>str.</i>) verwirren.
Verzeihen (<i>str.</i>), to forgive	ich vergeihe <i>ic.</i>	ich verzeihe	ich verzeihe	verzeihe	verziehen.
Wachsen (<i>str.</i>), to grow	ich wachse, du wachst, er wächst	ich wachse	ich wachse	wachse	wachsen.
Wiegen (<i>gen. u.</i>) or Wiegen (<i>str.</i>), to weigh	ich wage or wiege, du wägst or wiegst, er wägt or wiegt	(<i>u.</i>) ich wäge, (<i>str.</i>) ich wäge	ich wäge	wäge or wiege	gewogen.
Waschen (<i>str.</i>), to wash	ich wasche, du wäschst, er wäscht	ich wasche	ich wasche	wasche	gewaschen.
Weben (<i>u.</i> , <i>† & poet. str.</i>), to weave	ich weben <i>ic.</i>	ich weben	ich weben	weben	gewoben.
Weichen (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>u.</i> , <i>see Dict.</i>), to yield, retire	ich weiche <i>ic.</i>	ich weiche	ich weiche	weiche	gewichen.
Weisen (<i>str.</i>), <i>coll.</i> to show	ich weise <i>ic.</i>	ich weise	ich weise	weise	gewiesen.
Wenden (<i>u. & irr.</i>), to turn	ich wende <i>ic.</i>	ich wendete or wandte	ich wendete	wende	gewendet or gewandt.
Werben (<i>str.</i>), to enlist; to woo	ich werbe, du wirbst, er wirbt	ich werbe	ich werbe	wirb	geworben.
Werben (<i>irr.</i>), to become, grow	ich werde, du wirst, er wird, wir werden, ihr werdet, sie werden	ich wurde or ward, du wurdest (wardst), er wurde (ward), wir wurden, ihr wurdet, sie wurden	ich würde	werde	geworden or (as an auxiliary verb) worden.
Werfen (<i>str.</i>), to throw	ich werfe, du wirfst, er wirft	ich warf	ich wirfe (<i>u.</i> <i>ic.</i> <i>ic.</i> <i>ic.</i>)	wirf	geworfen.
Wiegen (<i>str.</i>), to weigh; to rock	ich wiege <i>ic.</i>	ich wiege	ich wiege	wiege	gewogen.
Winden (<i>str.</i>), to wind	ich winde <i>ic.</i>	ich wände	ich wände	winde	gewunden.
Wissen (<i>irr.</i>), to know	ich weiß, du weißt, er weiß, wir wissen <i>ic.</i>	ich wüßte	ich wüßte	wisse	gewußt.
Wollen (<i>irr.</i>), to will, to be willing, &c.	ich will, du willst, er will, wir wollen, ihr wollt, sie wollen	ich wollte	ich wollte	wolle	gewollt.
Ziehen (<i>str.</i>), to accuse	ich zeihe <i>ic.</i>	ich ziehe	ich ziehe	ziehe	gezogen.
Zerschellen (<i>intr.</i> , <i>gen. u.</i> , <i>† & *</i>)	ich zerschelle, <i>†</i> du zerstückst, <i>†</i> er zerstückst	<i>†</i> ich zerstückte	<i>†</i> ich zerstückte	—	<i>†</i> zerstückt.
Ziehen (<i>str.</i>), to draw	ich ziehe, du ziehst, er zieht (<i>poet.</i> du zuehst, er zuehst)	ich zog	ich zog	ziehe or zieh (<i>poet.</i> zueh)	gezogen.
Zwingen (<i>str.</i>), to force, compel	ich zwinge <i>ic.</i>	ich zwang	ich zwänge	zwinge	gezwungen.

II.

As a list of all the strong substantives would have to embrace many words of foreign origin, and be of considerable length, it is preferable here merely to give the distinctive marks of this as well as of the weak declension.

Nouns of the *strong* declension, which are recognisable by an -s terminating the genitive,* frequently take the modification of vowel in the plural, invariably so, when the plural ends in -er. This modification of vowel has been indicated in the following table by “.

Table of the terminations of the strong and weak declensions: —

Strong declension:			Weak declension:		
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>		<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	
	(first form) (second form)				
<i>Nom.</i> —	(^o) —e	—er	<i>Nom.</i> —	—en	
<i>Gen.</i> —(e)s	(^o) —e	—er	<i>Gen.</i> —en	—en	
<i>Dat.</i> —(e)	(^o) —en	—en	<i>Dat.</i> —en	—en	
<i>Acc.</i> —	(^o) —e	—er	<i>Acc.</i> —en	—en	

Accordingly, it is only necessary for those who make use of this Dictionary to know, whether a substantive is strong (and in this case the form of the plural has always been given when modifying the radical vowel), or whether it is weak, or irregular. — The number of *irregular* substantives being very large and including many words derived from foreign languages (designated in the dictionary by an * preceding the word), merely a limited number of these has been given, with all the irregular words of purely German origin.

* Except in Feminines. No German feminine is declined in the singular.

Irregular Substantives.

Aberglaube, **A**bernâme, **A**berwille, **A**b'sproh, **A**b'strah etc., see
Glaube, Name, Wille, Sproh, Strah etc.
Auge, n. eye, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Auges*), pl. w. die Augen.
Bauer, m. peasant, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Bauers*), pl. w. die Bauern.
Bett, n. bed, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Bettes*), pl. w. die Betten.
Buch'stâbe, m. letter, *generally weak*; *Gen. sing. des Buchstâbens*.
Diamant, m. diamond, *sing. generally str.* (*sometimes w.*), pl. w.
Dorn, m. thorn, *generally str.*, *Gen. sing. des Dornes*, pl. die Dörner;
the plural is more frequently weak, die Dornen.
Ende, n. end, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Endes*), pl. w. die Enden.
Forst, m. forest, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Forstes*), pl. w. die Forsten; *the*
strong forms Forste and Förste are little used.
Friede, m. (Frieden l. u.) peace, *Gen. sing. des Friedens*, *Dat. dem*
Frieden, *Acc. den Frieden*.
Funke, m. (Funken l. u.) spark, *Gen. sing. des Funzens*, *Dat. dem*
Funken, *Acc. den Funken*, pl. die Funken.
Gau, m. district, *generally str.* (*Gen. sing. des Gaues*, pl. die Gaue);
pl. *sometimes weak*, die Gauen.
Gedanke, m. thought, *Gen. sing. des Gedankens*, *Dat. dem Gedanken*,
Acc. den Gedanken, pl. die Gedanken.
Gevatter, m. god-father, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Gevatters*), pl. w. die
Gevattern.
Glaube, m. belief, *Gen. sing. des Glaubens*, *Dat. dem Glauben*,
Acc. den Glauben, pl. (l. u.) die Glauben.
Granat, m. *Ichth.* shrimp, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Granates*), pl. w. die
Granaten.
Hader, m. rag, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Haders*, *rarely w. des Haders*),
pl. w. die Haderen.
Hau'le or **H**au'sen, m. heap, crowd, &c., *Gen. sing. des Hausens*, *Dat.*
dem Hausen, *Acc. den Hausen*, pl. die Hausen.
Hemd, n. shirt, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Hemdes*), pl. w. die Hemden.
Herz, n. heart, *Gen. sing. des Herzens*, *Dat. dem Herzen*, *Acc. das*
Herz, pl. die Herzen.
Hudel, m. *provinc. coll.* rag, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Hudels*), pl. w. die
Hudeln.
Hu, see Uhu.
Ingredienz, f. (*orig. Lat.: Ingre'diens*, n.) ingredient, pl. **I**n-
gredienten.
Juwel, n. jewel, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Jewels*), pl. w. die Juwelen.
Kapann, m. capon, *generally str.*, pl. *sometimes w.*
Klampe, m. clamp, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Klampes*), pl. w. die Klampen.
Korbeer, m. laurel, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Korbeers*), pl. w. die Kor-
beeren.
Mar, n. *Mar.* top (of a ship), *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Marjes*), pl. w.
die Marjen (*sometimes str. die Marje*).
Maß, m. maat, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Maßes*), pl. w. die Maßen.

Mus'kel, m. muscle, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Muskels*), pl. w. die Muskeln.
Nach'bar, m. neighbour, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Nachbars*), pl. w. die
Nachbarn.
Name, m. name, *Gen. sing. des Namens*, *Dat. dem Namen*, *Acc. den*
Namen, pl. die Namen.
Ohr, n. ear, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Ohres*), pl. w. die Ohren.
Ost, m. east, *the strong forms* (*Gen. Ostes*) *are rarely used*, *the Gen.,*
Dat. and Acc. of Osten (*des Ostens*, *dem Osten*, *den Osten*) *supply-*
ing their place.
Pantoffel, m. slipper, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Pantoffels*), pl. w. die
Pantoffeln.
Pau, m. peacock, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Pfaues*, † & *provinc. [S. G.]*
w. des Pfauen), pl. w. die Pfauen (*sometimes str. die Pfaue*).
Präfekt, m. prefect, *generally w.*, *sing. sometimes str.*
Psalm, m. psalm, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Psalmes*), pl. w. die Psalmen (*soma-*
times str. die Psalme).
Rubin, m. ruby, *generally str.*, pl. *sometimes w.*
Same, m. seed, *Gen. sing. des Samens*, *Dat. dem Samen*, *Acc. den*
Samen, pl. die Samen.
Schade, *gener.* Schaden, m. damage, *Gen. sing. des Schadens*, *Dat.*
dem Schaden, *Acc. den Schaden*, pl. die Schäden.
Schmerz, m. pain, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Schmerzes*, *formerly des*
Schmerzens, *Dat. dem Schmerze*, *formerly dem Schmerzen*), pl. w.
die Schmerzen.
See, m. lake, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Sees*), pl. w. die Seen.
Sporn, m. spur, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Spornes*), pl. w. die Spornen
(or Sporen), *sometimes str. die Sporne*.
Stadt, m. state, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Staates*), pl. w. die Staaten.
Stach'el, m. sting, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Stachels*), pl. w. die Stacheln.
Stiefel, m. boot, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Stiefels*), pl. w. die Stiefeln,
sometimes str. die Stiefel.
Strahl, m. ray, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Strahl[es]*), pl. w. die Strahlen.
Strauß, m. ostrich, *generally str.*, pl. die Strauße, *sometimes w. die*
Straußen.
Uhu, m. owl, *str.*, *Gen. sing. des Uhus*, pl. die Uhu, *coll. (particularly*
N. G.) die Uhus.
Unterthan, m. subject, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Unterthan[es]*); † & *pro-*
vinc. [S. G.] w. des Unterthanen, pl. w. die Unterthanen.
Vetter, m. cousin, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Vettters*), *sometimes w. (Gen.*
des Vetttern), pl. w. die Vetttern.
Wille, m. will, *Gen. sing. des Willens*, *Dat. dem Willen*, *Acc. den*
Willen.
Zierath, m. ornament, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Zierathes*), pl. w. die
Zierathen (*sometimes str. die Zierathe*).
Zins, m. interest on capital, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Zinses*), pl. w. die
Zinsen.

Marks of Pronunciation.

— over vowels, denotes the long sound, f. i. **Ä**d'ler, **Ä**b'ler, **Ä**rt, **Ä**b'art (*cf. Ädrat'sch, Ärt, Standar'te, Än'den* (*cf. Än'de*), **Ä**dil' (*cf. Dil'le*), **Ä**n (*cf. Än'ne*), **Ä**uf (*cf. Äuff'en*), **Ä**ül' (*cf. Äül'phe*). **Ä**rtig (*cf. Ärt'lich*), **Ä**h'r'de (*cf. Äh'r'dern*), **Ä**ü'den (*cf. Äü'den*). As all the vowels immediately followed by the accent, are long, it is unnecessary to place this sign of length over them; compare, for instance, **G**ä'be, **R**e'de, **Ä**d'le, **M**ö'deln, **S**ü'fen, **M**ä'gen, **D**'len, **S**ü'tig, with **A**b'gäbe, **A**n'r'de, **Ä**dil', **A**b'm'deln, **A**b'r'ufen, **A**b'm'ägen, **A**b'ü'ten, **U**ngl'itig. A syllable terminated by an accented consonant, is always short (**A**n'ders, **E**t'was, = ä'n'..., Ä'... etc.), only excepting the consonant h, which serves to lengthen the preceding vowel: **A**h'le, **R**eh'ten, **S**hr, **D**hr, **U**hr = äle, m'ren, tr, dr, ür.

— over vowels, denotes the short sound; it is generally placed over such vowels which might be expected to have the long sound, compare f. i. the derivatives **N**ach'bar, **S**ch'zeit, **B**er'theil, with **N**ach, **S**ch, **B**er.

1) over the vowel e, always marks the broad pronunciation, which is equal to ä; compare f. i. **H**ä'der, **H**ä'der, **M**ä'gen (a.) with **E**d'el, **E**'gen, **R**e'gen (v.). It is, however, to be remarked, that this e is not uniformly pronounced with the same sound in the different parts of Germany; the pronunciation given in this work is that of middle Germany. Here it may be remarked that **Ä** (ae), **De** (ae), **U** (ue) have not been considered as equivalent to **Ä** (ä), **Ö** (ö), **Ü** (ü), in this work, although they are often erroneously held to be so; thus at **ic.** in such words as **L**actis, **D**octus, **C**ongruent are always to be pronounced separately.

2) over the vowel i before an e, used as points of diæresis, to denote that these vowels are not to be pronounced as a diphthong, but separately, f. i. **I**n'dien (*pron. In'dijen*), different from **D**ienen (**dä'n'en**); this deviation from the general usage, according to which these points are placed over the e, was rendered necessary, because **ä** had already been chosen as a natural representative of the ä-like pronunciation of the letter e.

= means 'equivalent' or 'equal to'.

† marks an obsolete word or expression.

* 1) at the head of a word, denotes its foreign origin; compare f. i. the words commencing with a **U** etc.; 2) within the letter-press, it denotes a word or expression only used in poetry (*cf. poet.*) or in the elevated style, compare f. i. **W**ald, **H**at, **S**ienieden.

SECOND PART:

GERMAN AND ENGLISH.

Lists of strong and irregular verbs and nouns.

Introductory Remarks. According to German grammarians verbs as well as nouns are divided into two large classes, called the strong and the weak; a third class is to be added, viz. those which for some reason or other do not decidedly follow either the strong or the weak conjugation or declension; they are called irregular.

Strong verbs as well as substantives are principally characterised by some change of their radical vowels, exhibited in verbs by the imperfect and participle past, in substantives by the Umlaut of the plural form; take, as examples the verb *Singen* (the infinitive exhibiting generally the radical vowel), imperfect: *sang*, participle past: *gesungen* (sing, sang, sung); and such substantives, as *Vater*, *Sohn*, *Mutter*, the plurals of which change the radical a, o, u, into ä, ö, ü: *Väter*, *Söhne*, *Mütter*.

While this change may be called an internal one, the *weak* forms embracing all the derivative verbs and nouns, are only changed by adding a termination. Thus *fallen*, *fiel*, *gefallen* (to fall, fell, fallen), and *Mann*, *Männer* (man, men) belong to the strong class, while their derivatives *fällen*, *fällte*, *gefällt* (to fell, felled, felled), and *Mensch* (*originally an adj.*: *Männlich*), *pl.* *Menschen*, come under the weak denomination. It is obvious that strong forms, representing the oldest class of words, as it were the marrow of the language, are only a minority, while the long series of derivational forms may be almost increased at will. In order to assist the learner, we here follow a general usage, and give a list of strong and irregular verbs, and a list of irregular substantives.

I.

All the strong verbs may, for practical purposes, be divided into the following eight classes: —

Radical Vowel — Infinitive	Imperfect	Participle Past
I. 1) i	a	ii
2) i or e (ä, o)	a	o
3) i (ie, ü) or e (ä, ö, au)	o	o
4) i or e	a	e
II. 1) ei	i	i
2) ei	ie	ie
III. 1) a (au, o, u)	i or ie	radical vowel
2) o	u	radical vowel.

I. 1) embraces the following verbs: *Binden* (band, gebunden), *dingen*, *bringen*, *finden*, *gelingen*, *kingen*, *ringen*, *schinden* (*imperf.* *schund* for *schand*), *schlingen*, *schwinden*, *schwingen*, *singen*, *sinken*, *springen*, *stinken*, *trinken*, *winden*, *zwingen*.

I. 2) *Befehlen* (befahl, befohlen), *beginnen*, *bergen*, *bersten*, *brechen*, *empfehlen*, *erschrecken*, *gebären*, *gelten*, *gewinnen*, *helfen*, *kommen*, *nehmen*, *rinnen*, *schelten*, *schwimmen*, *sinnen*, *spinnen*, *sprechen*, *stechen*, *stehlen*, *sterben*, *treffen*, *verderben*, *werben*, *werden*, *werfen*.

I. 3) *Bewegen* (bewog, bewogen), *biegen*, *bießen*, *brechen*, *breiten*, *breiten*, *fliegen*, *fliehen*, *fließen*, *frieren*, *jähren*, *genießen*, *gießen*, *glimmen*, *heben*, *ließen*, *klimmen*, *kriechen*, (aus-, er-, ver-) *löschen*, *lügen*, *mellen*, *pflügen* (*gener. w.*), *quellen*, *riechen*, *rächen*, *laufen*, *saugen*, (er-, ver-) *schallen*, *scheren*, *schieben*, *schießen*, *schließen*, *schmelzen*, *schraubeu*, *schrauben*, *schwären*, *schwellen*, *schwören*, *sieden*, *sprießen*, *triefen*, (be-) *trügen*, *verdrießen*, *verlieren*, *wägen*, *wiegen*, *weben*, *ziehen*.

I. 4) *Bitten* (bat, gebeten), *essen*, *fressen*, *geben*, *genessen*, *geschehen*, *lesen*, *liegen*, *messen*, *sehen*, *sitzen*, *treten*, *vergeffen*.

II. 1) *Befleissen* (besaß, beflissen), *beißen*, *erbleichen*, *gleichen*, *gleiten*, *greifen*, *leihen*, *kneifen*, *leiden*, *pfeifen*, *reizen*, *reiten*, *schleichen*, *schleifen*, *schleichen*, *schmeißen*, *schneiden*, *schreiten*, *streichen*, *streiten*, *weichen*.

II. 2) *Beiden* (blieb, geblieben), *gebeihen*, *leihen*, *meiden*, *preisen*, *reiden*, *scheiden*, *scheinen*, *schreiben*, *schreien*, *schweigen*, *speien*, *steigen*, *treiben*, *weisen*, *zeihen*.

III. 1) *Blasen* (blies, geblasen), *braten*, *fallen*, *sangen*, *halten*, *hängen*, *hauen*, *heißen*, *lassen*, *laynen*, *rathen*, *raten*, *schlafen*, *stoßen*, *gehen*.

III. 2) *Baden* (bad, gebadet), *fahren*, *graben*, *laden*, *schaffen*, *schlagen*, *tragen*, *wachsen*, *waschen*, *sehen*.

Irregular verbs have been marked in the list as *irr.*, i. e. irregular:

List of strong and irregular verbs.

<i>Infinitive.</i>	<i>Present Indicative.</i>	<i>Imperfect</i>		<i>Imperative.</i>	<i>Participle past.</i>
		<i>Indicative.</i>	<i>Subjunctive.</i>		
<i>For</i> Ab'bad'en , Ab'be'fchlen , Ab'be'halt'en , Ab'be'ißen , Ab'be'kommen , and similar compounds, <i>vide</i> the simple verbs Bad'en , Be'fchlen &c.					
Bad'en (<i>w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , p. p. <i>abwa'st</i> <i>str.</i>), to bask	ich bad'e, du bad'st (<i>w.</i> bad'st), er bad't (<i>w.</i> bad't) &c.	ich bäd, (<i>w.</i> bad'te)	ich bädte (<i>w.</i> bad'te)	bad'e	gebad'en.
Beden'en (<i>irr.</i>), to consider	ich beden'ke, du beden'kst, er beden'kt	ich bedächte	ich bedächte	beden'ke	bedacht.
Beding'en (<i>str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to stipulate	ich bedinge, du beding'st, er bedingt	ich bedung (<i>l. w.</i> bedang)	ich bedünge	bedinge	bedungen.
Bedür'fen (<i>irr.</i>), to need	ich bedarf, du darfst, er bedarf	ich bedurft'e	ich bedürft'e	—	bedurft.
Befah'ren , I. (<i>str.</i>) to navigate, <i>see</i> Fah'ren ; II. (<i>w.</i>) + <i>ä</i> * to fear	ich befahre &c.	ich befahrte	ich befahrte	befahre	befahrt.
Befah'len , Befang'en &c., <i>see</i> Fallen , Fangen &c.					
Befehl'en (<i>str.</i>), to command	ich befehle, du befehl'st, er befehlt	ich befehl	ich befehle or befehle	befiehl	befohlen.
Befle'h'en (<i>str.</i>), to attend to	ich befeige, du befeig'st or du befeigst, er befeigt	ich befiß	ich befiße	befieße or befiß	befiffen.
Begin'nen (<i>str.</i>), to begin	ich beginne, du beginn'st, er beginnt &c.	ich begann (<i>w.</i> begännte)	ich begünne or begünne	beginne	begonnen.
Beißen (<i>str.</i>), to bite	ich beiße, du beiß'st or beißt, er beißt	ich biß	ich biße	beiße or beiß	gebissen.
Beflem'men (<i>gen. w.</i> , + <i>str.</i>), to pinch, &c.	ich beflemme, du beflemm'st &c.	ich beflemmte (+ <i>w.</i> beflohm)	ich beflemmte	—	beflemmt (+ <i>w.</i> geflohm).
Beißen (<i>gen. w.</i> , + <i>str.</i>), to bark	ich belle, + du biff'st, + er biff't	+ ich boß	+ ich böße	—	+ gebollen.
Ver'gen (<i>str.</i>), to hide	ich berge, du birgst, er birgt	ich barg	ich bürge (<i>l. w.</i> bürge)	birg	geborgen.
Ver'sten (<i>str.</i>), to burst	ich berste, du berst'st (<i>or</i> birst'st), er berst or birst	ich darß or borß	ich bärste or bürste	berste or birst	geborsten.
Befin'nen (<i>str.</i>), to recollect	ich besinne, du besinn'st, er besinnt	ich besann (<i>provinc. coll.</i> ich besonn)	ich besänne or besünne	besinne	besonnen.
Befitz'en (<i>str.</i>), to possess	ich besitze, du besitz'st, er besitzt	ich besaß	ich besäße	besitze	befessen.
Betrü'gen (<i>str.</i>), to cheat	ich betrüge, du betrüg'st, er betrügt	ich betröge	ich betröge	betrüge	betrogen.
Bewe'gen (<i>gen. w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to move	ich bewege, du beweg'st, er bewegt	ich bewög	ich bewöge	bewege	bewogen.
Bie'gen (<i>str.</i>), to bend	ich biege, du bieg'st, er biegt	ich bog	ich böge	biege	gebogen.
Bie'ten (<i>str.</i>), to offer	ich biete, du biet'st (<i>poet.</i> beut'st), er bietet (<i>poet.</i> beut)	ich bot	ich böte	biete	geboten.
Bin'den (<i>str.</i>), to bind	ich binde &c.	ich band	ich bände	binde	gebunden.
Bit'ten (<i>str.</i>), to beg, ask	ich bitte &c.	ich bat	ich bätte	bitte	gebeten.
Blä'sen (<i>str.</i>), to blow	ich bläse, du bläs'st, er bläset or bläs't	ich blies	ich bliese	bläse	geblasen.
Blie'b'en (<i>str.</i>), to remain	ich bleibe &c.	ich blieb	ich bliebe	bleibe	geblieben.
Blie'gen (<i>gen. w.</i> , sometimes <i>str.</i> , cf. <i>Dict.</i>), to lose colour	ich bleiche, du bleich'st, er bleicht	ich blieh	ich bliehe	bleiche	gebleichen.
Brat'en (<i>gen. str.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , partic. as a <i>v. a.</i>), to roast	ich brate, du brät'st (<i>or</i> bratest), er brät (<i>or</i> bratest)	ich briet (<i>w.</i> bratete)	ich briete (<i>w.</i> bratete)	brate or brät	gebraten.
Brach'en (<i>str.</i>), to break	ich breche, du brich'st, er bricht	ich brach	ich bräche	brich	gebrochen.
Bren'n'en (<i>irr.</i> , sometimes <i>w.</i> , <i>see</i> <i>Dict.</i>), to burn	ich brenne &c.	ich braunte	ich brennerte	brenne	gebrannt.
Bring'en (<i>irr.</i>), to bring	ich bringe &c.	ich brächte	ich brächte	bring(e)	gebracht.
Den'ken (<i>irr.</i>), to think	ich denke &c.	ich dachte	ich dächte	denke	gedacht.
Ding'en (<i>str. & w.</i>), to contract, engage	ich dinge, du ding'st, er dingt	ich dingte (<i>hang; dung</i>)	ich dingte (<i>häng</i>)	dinge	gedungen (<i>ge-dingt</i>).
Dresch'en (<i>str.</i>), to thrash	ich dresche, du dresch'st, er dreschet or drischt	ich drosh (<i>or</i> dräsh, dreschte)	ich drösch or dräsch	drisch	gedroschen.
Dring'en (<i>str.</i>), to press	ich dringe &c.	ich drang	ich dränge	dringe	gedrungen.
Dür'fen (<i>irr.</i>), to be permitted	ich darf, du darfst, er darf, wir dürfen &c., <i>subj.</i> ich dürfte &c.	ich durfte	ich dürfte	—	gedurft.
Ein'bad'en , Ein'bedingen &c., <i>see</i> Bad'en , Bedingen &c.					
Empfang'en (<i>str.</i>), to receive	ich empfang'e, du empfäng'st, er empfängt	ich empfing (<i>w.</i> empfeng)	ich empfinge (<i>w.</i> empfenge)	empfang(e)	empfangen.
Empfö'h'en (<i>str.</i>), to recommend	ich empfehle, du empfehl'st, er empfiehlt	ich empfahl	ich empföhle or empfähle	empfehl	empfohlen.
Empfin'den (<i>str.</i>), to feel, to be sensible of	ich empfinde, du empfind'st, er empfindet	ich empfand	ich empfände	empfinde	empfund'en.
Entbl'e'ten , Entbin'den , Entbre'n'en , Entbren'n'en &c., <i>see</i> Vielen , Binden , Brechen , Brennen &c.					
Erbe'ten , Erbl'e'ten &c., <i>see</i> Beigen , Vielen &c.					
Erbl'e'fchen (<i>str.</i>), to grow pale	ich erbleiche &c.	ich erblich	ich erbliche	erbleiche	erblichen.

Infinitive	Present Indicatives	Imperfect		Imperative	Participle past
		Indicative	Subjunctive		
Erfrí'en (str.), to freeze Erfrí'sen, see Rí'en.	ich erfriere, du erfrierst, er erfriert	ich erfro	ich erföre	erfriere	erfroren.
Erí'sen (str.), to issue, &c., see Lá'sen.	ich erlöse, du erlösest or erlöschest, er erlöst or erlösch	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse or erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., seldom v. in its tr. sense, to extinguish), to be extinguished	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), coll. to be drowned	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., sometimes v.), to sound	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to appear	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., as an intr. cf. Dí'st.), to be frightened	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to be drowned	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to consider, to reflect upon	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to eat	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to catch	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to pass, to ride (in any vehicle)	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to fall	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., formerly str.), to fold	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to catch	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to fight	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to find	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to plait	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to fly	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to flee	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to flow	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (gen. w., sometimes str.), to ask	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to devour, food, eat	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to be cold, chilly	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to ferment	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to bear, produce	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to give	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to order, to command	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to thrive	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to please	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to go	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to succeed	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to be worth	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to recover	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to enjoy	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to come; to turn out, &c.	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to happen	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to gain	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to pour	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., sometimes v., see Dí'st.), to be like, resemble	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str., sometimes v.), to glide	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (formerly str., now gen. v.), to sparkle	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to dig	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to grasp	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to have	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.
Erí'sen (str.), to hold, keep	ich erlöse, du erlösest, er erlöst	ich erlos	ich erlöse	erlöse	erlösen.

* Originally: greffen, and, therefore, after an inseparable prefix: (über)essen, (ver)essen; notwithstanding, the forms übergeffen (Gölhe, Faust), vergeffen (coll.) are sometimes used.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle pass.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Fang'en (str.: fangen, a weak verb, is often confounded with fangen), to hang Fan'en (irr.), to howl, cut, strike Fe'ben (str.), to lift	ich hänge, du hängst, er hängt (not du hangst, er hangt) ich haue, du haust, er haut ich hebe, du hebst, er hebt	ich hing (hieng) ich hieb ich hob (+ & provinc. hob)	ich hänge (hienge) ich hieße ich höße (+ & provinc. höße)	hänge haue or hau hebe	gehängen. gehauen. gehoben.
Beißen (str.), to be called or named Beißen (str.), to help	ich heiße, du heißtst or heißt, er heißt ich helfe, du hilfst, er hilft	ich hieß ich half (provinc. ich half)	ich hieße ich hülfe or hülfe	heiße hilf	geheißen. geholfen.
Kau'fen (w.), to buy Lei'fen (w., sometimes str.), to chide	ich kaufe, du kaufst, er kauft (sometimes du kauft, er kauft) ich leiste ic.	ich kaufte ich leistete (Kist)	ich kaufte ich leistete (Kiste)	kaufe or kauf leiste or leif	gekauft. geleift (geleiften).
Ken'nen (irr.), to know	ich kenne ic.	ich kannte (provinc. [S. G.] ich kannte)	ich kenne	kenne	gekannt (provinc. [S. G.] gekannt).
Kie'fen (cf. Verlieren, the original form of which was Verlieren) Kie'ben (str.), + & provinc., to cleave Klim'men (str. or w.), to climb Kling'en (str.), to sound Kneip'en (str.), to nip Kneip'en (str.), to pinch Kom'men (str.), to come	ich Kieße ic. ich Kieße ic. ich Kieße ic. ich Kneipe ic. ich Kneipe ic. ich komme, du kommst, er kommt (sometimes du kommst, er kommt)	ich Kieße ich Kieße ich Kieße ich Kneipe ich Kneipe ich kam	ich Kieße ich Kieße ich Kieße ich Kneipe ich Kneipe ich käme	Kieße Kieße Kieße Kneipe or Kneip Kneipe (sometimes komme)	geklieben. geklommen. geklungen. gekniffen. geknippen. gekommen.
Könn'en (irr.), can, to be able Krie'gen (str.), to creep	ich kann, du kannst, er kann, subj. ich könne ich Krieche, du Kriechst, er Krieche (provinc. & poet. du Kriechst, er Krieche)	ich konnte ich Krieche	ich könnte ich Krieche	Könn'e Krieche or Krieche (provinc. & poet. Krieche)	gekonnt. getrochen.
Kü'ren gener. adopts the strong forms of Kießen La'den (str.), to lade	ich lade, du ladest, er ladet (coll. du lädst, er lädt)	ich lud (sometimes ic. ich ladete)	ich läde (sometimes ic. ich ladete)	lade	geladen.
Laß'en (str.), to let	ich lasse, du lässest or läßt, er lässest or läßt	ich ließ	ich ließe	lasse or laß	gelassen.
Lauf'en (str.), to run Lei'ben (str.), to suffer Lei'ben (str.), to lend Lei'ben (str.), to read	ich laufe, du läuffst, er läuft ich leide ic. ich leide ic. ich lese, du lesest, er liest or liest	ich lief ich litt ich lieh ich las	ich liefe ich litte ich liehe ich läse	laufe or lauf leide leide lies (provinc. lese)	gelaufen. gelitten. geliehen. gesehen.
Lege'n (str.), to lie Lies'en (gen. w., sometimes str., cf. Dict.), to quench Lüg'en (str.), to lie (to say a falsehood) Mah'len (w., p. str.), to grind	ich liege, du liegst, er liegt ich lösch, du löschst or löschst, er löschst or löschst ich läge ic. ich mahle, du mahlst, er mahlt (+ & provinc. du mahlst, er mahlst)	ich lag ich lösch ich lag ich mahlte (+ & provinc. mahlte)	ich läge ich lösche ich läge ich mahlete (+ & provinc. mahlte)	lege lösche lege mahle or mahl	gelegen. gelöschen. gelegen. gemahlen (not gemahlt).
Mei'ben (str.), to avoid Meißen (str., sometimes w.), to milk	ich melde ic. ich melde, du meldest, er melst (rarely du milchst, er milcht)	ich meld ich melte (w. ich melte)	ich melde ich mölle (w. milst)	melde melte (rarely milst)	gemieden. gemolten (w. gemolten).
Meißen (str.), to measure Miß'bieten, Miß'gebären ic., see Bieten, Gebären ic. Miß'hä'len (str.), to displease Miß'gen (irr.), may, to be allowed, &c.	ich messe, du mißtest, er mißt or mißt ich mißfalle, du mißfällst, er mißfällt ich mag, du magst, er mag, wir mögen ic.	ich maß ich mißfiel ich mochte	ich Maße ich mißfiel ich möchte	—	gemessen.
Müß'en (irr.), must, to be obliged Näh'men (str.), to take Nenn'en (irr.), to name	ich muß, du mußt, er muß, wir müssen ic. ich nehme, du nimmst, er nimmt ich nenne ic.	ich mußte ich nahm ich nannte (provinc. [S. G.] ich nannte)	ich müßte ich nähme ich nennete	— nimm nenne or nenn	gemußt. genommen. genannt (provinc. [S. G.] genannt).
Pfei'fen (str.), to whistle Pfl'gen (orig. and still sometimes str., see Dict.), to foster, attend to, &c. Preis'en (str.), to praise Quell'en (str. & w., see Dict.), to swell Räch'en (gen. w., sometimes [poet.] str.), to revenge	ich pfeife, du pfeiffst, er pfeift ich pflege, du pflegst, er pflegt ich preise ic. ich quelle, du quillst, er quillt ich räche ic.	ich pfeif ich pfleg ich pries ich quoll ich rächte, roch (+ rach)	ich pfeie ich pflege ich prieie ich quölle ich röche	pfeife or pfeif pflege preise quill räche	gepfeiffen. gepflogen. gepriesen. gequollen. geröchen.
Rath'en (str.), to advise Rei'ben (str.), to rub	ich rathe, du rätst, er rät ich reibe ic.	ich rath ich rieb	ich riethe ich riebe	rath or rath reibe	gerathen. gerieben.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Reißen (str.), to tear	ich reiße zc.	ich riß	ich risse	reiße or reiß	gerissen.
Reiten (str.), to ride	ich reite zc.	ich ritt	ich ritte	reite	geritten.
Rennen (irr.), to run	ich renne zc.	ich rannte (provinc. [S. G.] ich rennte)	ich rennete	renne	gerannt (provinc. [S. G.] gercannt).
Reißen (str.), to smell	ich rieche, du riechst, er riecht (provinc. [S. G.] du reuchst, er reuchst)	ich roch	ich röche	rieche or riech (provinc. [S. G.] reuch)	gerochen.
Ringen (str.), to wrestle, wring	ich ringe zc.	ich rang	ich ränge	ringe	gerungen.
Rennen (str.), to run	ich renne zc.	ich ranu	ich ränne or ränne	renne	geronnen.
Rufen (str.), to call	ich rufe zc.	ich rief (coll. or ich rufte)	ich riefte	rufe	gerufen.
Salzen (w., p. p. gener. str.), to salt	ich salze zc.	ich salzte	ich salzte	salze	gesalzen (str.; sometimes w.: gesalzt).
Saufen (str.), coll. to drink	ich saufe, du säufst, er säuft	ich soff	ich söffe	saufe or sauf	gesoffen.
Saugen (str.), to suck	ich sauge, du saugst, er saugt (not du säugst, er säugt)	ich sog	ich söge	sauge	gesogen.
Schaffen (str. & w., see Dict.), to create	ich schaffe, du schaffst, er schafft	ich schuf	ich schöfe	schaffe or schaff	geschaffen.
Scheiden (str.), to separate, to depart	ich scheide zc.	ich schied	ich schiede	scheide	geschieden.
Scheinen (str.), to shine, appear	ich scheine zc.	ich schien	ich schiene	scheine	geschiene.
Schelten (str.), vulg. to shite	ich schelte zc.	ich schiß	ich schisse	schelte or schiß	geschissen.
Schelten (str.), to scold	ich schelte, du schilst, er schilt	ich schalt	ich schälte or schälte	schelte	gescholten.
Scheren (str. & w., see Dict.), to shear	ich schere, du scherst, er schert (provinc. du schierst, er schiert)	ich schür	ich schürte	schere (provinc. schier)	geschoren.
Schießen (str.), to shove	ich schiebe, du schiebst, er schiebt	ich schob	ich schöbe	schiebe or schieb	geschoben.
Schießen (str.), to shoot	ich schieße, du schießt, er schießt (+ & provinc. du schenßt, er schenßt)	ich schoß	ich schöße	schieße or schieß (+ & provinc. schenß)	geschossen.
Schinden (str.), to flay	ich schinde zc.	ich schund (sometimes w.: schindete)	ich schände	schinde	geschunden.
Schlafen (str.), to sleep	ich schlafe, du schläfst, er schläft	ich schlief	ich schliefe	schlafe or schlaf	geschlafen.
Schlagen (str.), to beat, strike	ich schlage, du schlägst, er schlägt	ich schlug	ich schlugte	schlage	geschlagen.
Schleichen (str.), to sneak	ich schleiche zc.	ich schlich	ich schliche	schleiche	geschlichen.
Schleifen (w. & str., see Dict.), to grind, what	ich schleife zc.	ich schliß	ich schliße	schleife or schlei	geschliffen.
Schleifen (str., sometimes w.), to slit, split	ich schleife zc.	ich schliß	ich schliße	schleife or schleiß	geschliffen.
Schleifen (str. & provinc. [S. G.] str.), to alip, glide	ich schleife zc.	ich schloß	ich schloße	schleife	geschliffen.
Schließen (str.), to shut, close	ich schließe, du schließt, er schließt (+ & pool. du schlenßt, er schlenßt)	ich schloß	ich schloße	schließe or schließ (+ & pool. schlenß)	geschlossen.
Schling'en (str.), to twist, wind	ich schlinge zc.	ich schlang	ich schlänge	schlinge	geschlungen.
Schmeißen (str.), to smite, strike	ich schmeiße zc.	ich schmiß	ich schmiße	schmeiße or schmeiß	geschmissen.
Schmelzen (str. & w., see Dict.), to melt	ich schmelze, du schmelzest, er schmilzt	ich schmolz	ich schmolze	schmelz	geschmolzen.
Schnauben (w. & str.), to snort	ich schnaube, du schnaubst, er schnaubt	ich schnob	ich schnöbe	schnaube	geschnoben.
Schnellen (str.), to cut	ich schnelle zc.	ich schnitt	ich schnitte	schnelle	geschnitten.
Schneien (w. & provinc. [S. G.] str.), impers. to snow	es schneit zc.	es schneite; (str.) es schneie	es schneite; (str.) es schneie	schneie	geschneit; (str.) geschneien.
Schnitten (str. & see Schnauben).					
Schrauben (w. & str.), to screw	ich schraube zc.	(str.) ich schraub	(str.) ich schrübe	schraube	(str.) geschraubt.
Schrecken (gen. w., sometimes str., see Dict.), to fright	ich schrecke, du schrickst, er schrickt	ich schrak (not schrad)	ich schräke	schrick	geschrocken.
Schreiben (str.), to write	ich schreibe zc.	ich schrieb	ich schriebe	schreibe	geschrieben.
Schreien (str.), to cry	ich schreie zc.	ich schrie	ich schrie	schreie	geschrien.
Schreiten (str.), to stride, step	ich schreite zc.	ich schritt	ich schrittete	schreite	geschritten.
Schreien (irr.), to gnaw; to rough-grind.	ich schrote, du schrotst, er schrotet	(w.) ich schrotete, + & provinc. (str.) ich schrotet	ich schrotete	schrote	(str.) geschrotten (rarely w. geschrotet).
Schmerzen (str.), to imposthumate	ich schmerze, du schmerzt (provinc. du schmerst), er schmerzt (provinc. er schmeret)	ich schmer	ich schmore	schmerze	geschmerzen.
Schweigen (str.), to be silent	ich schweige zc.	ich schwieg	ich schwiege	schweige or schwieg	geschwiegen.
Schwellen (str., sometimes w., see Dict.), to swell	ich schwellе, du schwellst, er schwillt	ich schwoll	ich schwülle	schwill	geschwollen.

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imperfect		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Swim'men (str.), to swim	ich schwimme zc.	ich schwamm	ich schwämme & schwümme	schwimme or schwimm	geschwommen.
Swim'men (str.), to disappear, vanish	ich schwinde zc.	ich schwand	ich schwände	schwinde	geschwunden.
Swing'en (str.), to swing	ich schwing'e zc.	ich schwang	ich schwänge	schwing	geschwungen.
Swör'en (str.), to swear	ich schwöre zc.	ich schwor or schwäre	ich schwöre or schwäre	schwöre	geschworen.
Seh'en (str.), to see	ich sehe, du siehst (siehst), er sieht (siehet)	ich sah	ich sähe	siehe or sieh	gesehen or gesehen.
Sein (irr.), to be	ich bin, du bist, er ist, wir sind, ihr seid, sie sind; <i>subj.</i> ich sei, du seiest, er sei; wir seien, ihr seiet, sie seien	ich war, du warst(warst), er war	ich wäre	sei	gewesen.
Send'en (u. & irr.), to send	ich sende zc.	ich sendete or sandte	ich sendete	sende	geschickt or gesandt.
Sie'b'en (str.), to seeth, to boil	ich siebe zc.	ich siet	ich sotte	siebe	gekocht.
Sing'en (str.), to sing	ich singe zc.	ich sang	ich sänge	singe	gesungen.
Sink'en (str.), to sink	ich sinke zc.	ich sank	ich sänte	sinke	gesunken.
Sin'n'en (str.), to meditate, reflect	ich sinne zc.	ich sann (t ich sonn)	ich sämme or sämme	sinne	gesonnen.
Sitz'en (str.), to sit	ich sitze zc.	ich saß	ich säße	sitze	gesessen.
Soll'en (irr.), shall, to owe, to be obliged	ich soll, du sollst, er soll	ich sollte	ich sollte	—	gesollt.
Spalt'en (u., p. p. str., sometimes u.), to split, slit	ich spalte, du spaltest (provinc. spaltst), er spaltet	ich spaltete	ich spaltete	spalte	(str.) gespalten (rarely u. gespalten).
Spel'en (str.), to vomit, spew	ich speie zc.	ich spie	ich spie	speie or spei	gespien.
Spin'n'en (str.), to spin	ich spinne zc.	ich spann (provinc. coll. ich spann)	ich spänne or spönn	spinne	gesponnen.
Spil'en (str.), to salue	ich spleiße zc.	ich spieß	ich splisse	spleiße	gesplissen.
Sprech'en (str.), to speak	ich spreche, du sprichst, er spricht	ich sprach	ich spräche	sprich	gesprochen.
Spric'hen (str.), to sprout	ich spric'he zc.	ich sproß	ich spröße	spric'he or sprieß	gesprossen.
Spring'en (str.), to jump, leap, spring	ich springe, du springst, er springt	ich sprang	ich spränge	springe	gesprungen.
Stech'en (str.), to sting, pierce	ich steche, du steichst, er sticht	ich stach	ich stäche	stich	gestochen.
Stech'en (str.), to stick	ich stecke zc.	ich stak	ich stäcke	stecke	gesteckt (coll. gestekt).
Steh'en (irr.), to stand	ich stehe, du stehst (stehst), er steht (steht) zc.	ich stand (t & provinc. stund)	ich stände or stünde	stehe or steh	gestanden.
Stih'len (str.), to steal	ich stehle, du stiehst, er stiehlt	ich stahl (provinc. coll. ich stohl)	ich stähle or stöhle	stehle	gestohlen.
Stel'gen (str.), to mount, rise	ich steige zc.	ich stieg	ich stiege	steige or steig	gestiegen.
Ster'b'en (str.), to die	ich sterbe, du stirbst, er stirbt	ich starb (provinc. ich sturb)	ich stürbe	stirb	gestorben.
Stie'b'en (str.), to dust	ich stiebe zc.	ich stob	ich stöbe	stiebe or stieb	gestoben.
Stink'en (str.), to stink	ich stinke zc.	ich stank	ich stänke	sinke	gestunken.
Sto'ßen (str.), to thrust	ich stoße, du stoßest, er stößt	ich stieß	ich stieße	stoße or stoß	gestoßen.
Streit'en (str.), to strike	ich streiche zc.	ich strich	ich striche	streich	gestrichen.
Streit'en (str.), to fight, contend	ich streite zc.	ich stritt	ich stritte	streite	gestritten.
Trän (irr.), to do	ich thue, du thust, er thut	ich that	ich thäre	thue or thä	gethan.
Trag'en (str.), to carry, bear	ich trage, du trägst, er trägt	ich trug	ich trüge	trage	getragen.
Tref'en (str.), to hit, strike	ich treffe, du triffst, er trifft	ich traf	ich träfe	triff	getroffen.
Trei'b'en (str.), to drive	ich treibe zc.	ich trieb	ich triebe	treibe	getrieben.
Trät'en (str.), to tread	ich trete, du trittst, er tritt	ich trat	ich träte	tritt	getreten.
Trie'len (str., sometimes u.), to drop	ich trieße, du trieffst (t & poet. du treuffst), er triefst (t & poet. er treuffst)	ich troff (u. ich triefte)	ich tröffe (u. ich triefte)	trieße (t & poet. trurf)	getroffen (u. getrieft).
Trink'en (str.), to drink	ich trinke, du trinkst, er trinkt	ich trank	ich tränke	trinke or trink	getrunken.
Trüg'en (u. u. ziegen) (str.), to deceive	ich trüge, du trügst, er trügt (t & provinc. [S. G.] du treugst, er treugt)	ich trug	ich tröge	trüge (t & provinc. [S. G.] treug)	getrogen.
Verbei'ßen (str.), to forbear	ich verbeiße, du verbeiße, er verbeißt	ich verbiß	ich verbiße	verbeiß	verbissen.
Verbei'ßen, Verbie'gen, Verbie'len, Verbin'd'en, Verbit't'en, Verblä's'en, Verblä's'en zc., see Bergen, Biegen, Bieten, Binden zc.					
Verblä's'en (str., sometimes u.), to lose colour, to fade	ich verbleiche zc.	ich verblüß	ich verblüße	verbleiche	verblühen.
Verbrä'chen, Verbrä'n'en zc., see Brechen, Brennen zc.					
Verder'b'en (str.), to spoil, &c.	ich verderbe, du verderbst, er verderbt	ich verderb (provinc. ich verdurb)	ich verdürbe (u. u. ich verdürbe)	verderb	verdorben.
Verdrü'ßen (str.), impers. to grieve, &c.	es verdrüßt	es verdross	es verdürste	verdrüße	verdrossen.
Verges's'en (str.), to forget	ich vergesse, du vergißest, er vergißt	ich vergaß	ich vergäße	vergiss	vergessen.
Verglei'chen (str.), to compare	ich vergleiche zc.	ich verglich	ich vergliche	vergleiche	verglichen.
Verglim'm'en, Vergra'b'en, Vergrei'fen zc., see Glimmen zc.					

Infinitive.	Present Indicative.	Imper/act		Imperative.	Participle past.
		Indicative.	Subjunctive.		
Verhehlen (<i>w., p. p. sometimes str.</i>), to conceal	(<i>w.</i>) ich verhehle <i>zc.</i>	(<i>w.</i>) ich verhehle	(<i>w.</i>) ich verhehle	(<i>w.</i>) verhehle	(<i>w.</i>) verhehlt, (<i>str.</i>) verhehlen.
Verlieren (<i>str.</i>), to lose	ich verliere <i>zc.</i>	ich verliere	ich verliere	verliere	verloren.
Verlöschen (<i>str. & w., cf. Dict.</i>), to be extinguished	ich verlösche, du verloschest or verloschest, er verloscht or verloscht	ich verlösche	ich verlösche	verlosch or verlosche	verloschen.
Verhallen (<i>str. & w.</i>), to cease sounding, to die away (of sounds)	ich verhalle, du verhallst, er verhallt	ich verhall	ich verhalle	verhalle	verhallen.
Verdrammen (<i>str. & w.</i>), to miscrew	ich verdramme <i>zc.</i>	ich verdramme	ich verdramme	verdramme	verdrammen.
Verdwinden (<i>str.</i>), to disappear	ich verdwinde, du verdwindest, er verdwindet	ich verdwinde	ich verdwinde	verdwinde	verdwinden.
Verwirren (<i>gen. w., p. p. sometimes str.</i>), to complicate, entangle, puzzle	(<i>w.</i>) ich verwirre, du verwirrst, er verwirrt	(<i>w.</i>) ich verwirre	(<i>w.</i>) ich verwirre	(<i>w.</i>) verwirre	(<i>w.</i>) verwirrt, (<i>str.</i>) verwirren.
Verzeihen (<i>str.</i>), to forgive	ich verzeihe <i>zc.</i>	ich verzeihe	ich verzeihe	verzeihe	verziehen.
Wiegen (<i>gen. w.</i>) or Wiegen (<i>str.</i>), to weigh	ich wiege or wiege, du wiegst or wiegst, er wiegt or wiegt	ich wiege	ich wiege	wiege or wiege	gewogen.
Waschen (<i>str.</i>), to wash	ich wasche, du wäschst, er wäscht	ich wasche	ich wasche	wasche	gewaschen.
Weben (<i>w. + & poet. str.</i>), to weave	ich webe <i>zc.</i>	ich webe	ich webe	webe	gewoben.
Weichen (<i>str., sometimes w., see Dict.</i>), to yield, retire	ich weiche <i>zc.</i>	ich weiche	ich weiche	weiche	gewichen.
Weisen (<i>str.</i>), call to show	ich weise <i>zc.</i>	ich weise	ich weise	weise	gewiesen.
Wenden (<i>w. & irr.</i>), to turn	ich wende <i>zc.</i>	ich wende or wandte	ich wende	wende	gewendet or gewandt.
Werben (<i>str.</i>), to enlist; to woo	ich werbe, du wirbst, er wirbt	ich werbe	ich werbe	wirb	geworben.
Werden (<i>irr.</i>), to become, grow	ich werde, du wirst, er wird, wir werden, ihr werdet, sie werden	ich werde or ward, du wirst, er wird, wir werden, ihr werdet, sie werden	ich werde	werde	geworden or (as an auxiliary verb) worden.
Werfen (<i>str.</i>), to throw	ich werfe, du wirfst, er wirft	ich werf	ich werfe (<i>w. u. ich werfe</i>)	wirf	geworfen.
Wiegen (<i>str.</i>), to weigh; to rock	ich wiege <i>zc.</i>	ich wiege	ich wiege	wiege	gewogen.
Winden (<i>str.</i>), to wind	ich winde <i>zc.</i>	ich winde	ich winde	winde	gewunden.
Wissen (<i>irr.</i>), to know	ich weiß, du weißt, er weiß, wir wissen <i>zc.</i>	ich weißte	ich weißte	weise	gewußt.
Wollen (<i>irr.</i>), to will, to be willing, &c.	ich will, du willst, er will, wir wollen, ihr wollt, sie wollen	ich wollte	ich wollte	wolle	gewollt.
Ziehen (<i>str.</i>), to accuse	ich ziehe <i>zc.</i>	ich ziehe	ich ziehe	ziehe	gezogen.
Zerschellen (<i>infr., gen. w., + & *</i>) (<i>str.</i>), to split, &c.	ich zerschelle, + du zerstückst, + er zerstückt	+ ich zerstück	+ ich zerstück	—	+ zerstückt.
Ziehen (<i>str.</i>), to draw	ich ziehe, du ziehst, er zieht (<i>poet. du ziehst</i>), er zieht	ich ziehe	ich ziehe	ziehe or zieh (<i>poet. zieh</i>)	gezogen.
Zwingen (<i>str.</i>), to force, compel	ich zwingen <i>zc.</i>	ich zwinge	ich zwinge	zwinge	gezwungen.

II.

As a list of all the strong substantives would have to embrace many words of foreign origin, and be of considerable length, it is preferable here merely to give the distinctive marks of this as well as of the weak declension.

Nouns of the *strong* declension, which are recognisable by an *-s* terminating the genitive,* frequently take the modification of vowel in the plural, invariably so, when the plural ends in *-er*. This modification of vowel has been indicated in the following table by “.

Table of the terminations of the strong and weak declensions: —

Strong declension:			Weak declension:	
Singular	Plural		Singular	Plural
	(first form)	(second form)		
Nom. —	(<i>“</i>)	—er	Nom. —	—en
Gen. —(e)s	(<i>“</i>)	—er	Gen. —en	—en
Dat. —(e)	(<i>“</i>)	—ern	Dat. —en	—en
Acc. —	(<i>“</i>)	—er	Acc. —en	—en

Accordingly, it is only necessary for those who make use of this Dictionary to know, whether a substantive is strong (and in this case the form of the plural has always been given when modifying the radical vowel), or whether it is weak, or irregular. — The number of *irregular* substantives being very large and including many nouns derived from foreign languages (designated in the dictionary by an * preceding the word), merely a limited number of these has been given, with all the irregular words of purely German origin.

* Except in Feminines. No German feminine is declined in the singular.

Irregular Substantives.

- A**berglaube, *n.* superstition, *Gen. sing.* des Aberglaubens, *Dat.* dem Aberglauben, *Acc.* den Aberglauben.
Abername, *n.* surname, *Gen. sing.* des Aberglaubens, *Dat.* dem Aberglauben, *Acc.* den Aberglauben.
Aberwilde, *n.* wild, *Gen. sing.* des Aberglaubens, *Dat.* dem Aberglauben, *Acc.* den Aberglauben.
Absproh, *n.* promise, *Gen. sing.* des Aberglaubens, *Dat.* dem Aberglauben, *Acc.* den Aberglauben.
Absradl, *n.* promise, *Gen. sing.* des Aberglaubens, *Dat.* dem Aberglauben, *Acc.* den Aberglauben.
Aber, *n.* eye, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Auges*), *pl. w.* die Augen.
Baute, *n.* peasant, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Bauers*), *pl. w.* die Bauern.
Bett, *n.* bed, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Bettes*), *pl. w.* die Betten.
Buchstabe, *n.* letter, *generally weak*; *Gen. sing.* des Buchstaben.
Diamant, *m.* diamond, *sing. str.* (*Gen. sing.* des Diamants), *pl. w.* die Diamanten.
Dorn, *m.* thorn, *generally str.*, *Gen. sing.* des Dornes, *pl. w.* die Dörner; *the plural is more frequently weak*, *die Dörner*.
Ende, *n.* end, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Endes*), *pl. w.* die Enden.
Forst, *m.* forest, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Forstes*), *pl. w.* die Forsten; *the strong forms Forste and Förste are little used*.
Friede, *m.* (Frieden *l. u.*) peace, *Gen. sing.* des Friedens, *Dat.* dem Frieden, *Acc.* den Frieden.
Funk, *m.* (Funk *l. u.*) spark, *Gen. sing.* des Funkens, *Dat.* dem Funken, *Acc.* den Funken, *pl. w.* die Funken.
Gau, *m.* district, *generally str.* (*Gen. sing.* des Gaues), *pl. w.* die Gaue; *pl. sometimes weak*, *die Gaue*.
Gedanke, *m.* thought, *Gen. sing.* des Gedankens, *Dat.* dem Gedanken, *Acc.* den Gedanken, *pl. w.* die Gedanken.
Gevatter, *m.* god-father, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Gevatters*), *pl. w.* die Gevattern.
Glaube, *m.* belief, *Gen. sing.* des Glaubens, *Dat.* dem Glauben, *Acc.* den Glauben, *pl. (l. u.)* die Glauben.
Granat, *m.* Ichth. shrimp, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Granates*), *pl. w.* die Granaten.
Hader, *m.* rag, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Haders*, *rarely w.* des Haders), *pl. w.* die Hader.
Haufen, *m.* heap, crowd, &c., *Gen. sing.* des Haufens, *Dat.* dem Haufen, *Acc.* den Haufen, *pl. w.* die Haufen.
Hemd, *n.* shirt, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Hemdes*), *pl. w.* die Hemden.
Herz, *n.* heart, *Gen. sing.* des Herzens, *Dat.* dem Herzen, *Acc.* das Herz, *pl. w.* die Herzen.
Hudel, *m.* provinc. coll. rag, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Hudels*), *pl. w.* die Hudeln.
Huhn, *see* Uhu.
Ingredienz, *f.* (*orig. Lat.: Ingrediens, n.*) ingredient, *pl. Ingredienzien*.
Juwel, *n.* jewel, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Juwels*), *pl. w.* die Juwelen.
Kaputt, *m.* capon, *generally str.*, *pl. sometimes w.*
Klapp, *m.* clamp, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Klappes*), *pl. w.* die Klappen.
Korbeer, *m.* laurel, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Lorbeers*), *pl. w.* die Lorbeeren.
Mars, *n.* *Mar.* top (of a ship), *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Marjes*), *pl. w.* die Marjen (*sometimes str.* die Marjes).
Maß, *m.* mast, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Mastes*), *pl. w.* die Masten.
Muskel, *m.* muscle, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Muskels*), *pl. w.* die Muskeln.
Nachbar, *m.* neighbour, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Nachbarn*), *pl. w.* die Nachbarn.
Name, *m.* name, *Gen. sing.* des Namens, *Dat.* dem Namen, *Acc.* dem Namen, *pl. w.* die Namen.
Ohr, *n.* ear, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Ohres*), *pl. w.* die Ohren.
Ost, *m.* east, *the strong forms (Gen. Osts) are rarely used, the Gen., Dat. and Acc. of Osten (des Ostens, dem Osten, den Osten) supplying their place*.
Pantoffel, *m.* slipper, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Pantoffels*), *pl. w.* die Pantoffeln.
Pau, *m.* peacock, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Paus*, † & provinc. [*S. G.*] *w.* des Pfaus), *pl. w.* die Pfaus (*sometimes str.* die Pfaue).
Profect, *m.* profect, *generally w.*, *sing. sometimes str.*
Psal, *m.* psalm, *sing. str.* des Psalms, *pl. w.* die Psalmen (*sometimes str.* die Psalme).
Ruß, *m.* ruby, *generally str.*, *pl. sometimes w.*
Same, *m.* seed, *Gen. sing.* des Samens, *Dat.* dem Samen, *Acc.* den Samen, *pl. w.* die Samen.
Schade, *gener. Schadens*, *m.* damage, *Gen. sing.* des Schadens, *Dat.* dem Schaden, *Acc.* den Schaden, *pl. w.* die Schäden.
Schmerz, *m.* pain, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Schmerzes*, *formerly des Schmerzens*, *Dat.* dem Schmerze, *formerly dem Schmerzen*), *pl. w.* die Schmerzen.
See, *m.* lake, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Sees*), *pl. w.* die Seen.
Sporn, *m.* spur, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Spornes*); *pl. w.* die Spornen (*or Sporen*), *sometimes str.* die Spornen.
Stadt, *m.* state, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Staates*), *pl. w.* die Staaten.
Stachel, *m.* sting, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Stachels*), *pl. w.* die Stacheln.
Stiefel, *m.* boot, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Stiefels*), *pl. w.* die Stiefeln, *sometimes str.* die Stiefel.
Strahl, *m.* ray, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Strahls*), *pl. w.* die Strahlen.
Strauß, *m.* ostrich, *generally str.*, *pl. w.* die Strauße, *sometimes w.* die Straußen.
Uhu, *m.* owl, *str.*, *Gen. sing.* des Uhus, *pl. w.* die Uhu, *coll. (particularly N. G.)* die Uhus.
Unterthan, *m.* subject, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Unterthanen*); † & provinc. [*S. G.*] *w.* des Unterthanen), *pl. w.* die Unterthanen.
Vetter, *m.* cousin, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Vettters*), *sometimes w.* (*Gen. des Vetttern*), *pl. w.* die Vetttern.
Wille, *m.* will, *Gen. sing.* des Willens, *Dat.* dem Willen, *Acc.* den Willen.
Zierath, *m.* ornament, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Zierathes*), *pl. w.* die Zierathen (*sometimes str.* die Zierathe).
Zins, *m.* interest on capital, *sing. str.* (*Gen. des Zinses*), *pl. w.* die Zinsen.

Marks of Pronunciation.

— over vowels, denotes the long sound, *f. i.* Ad'ler, Ad'ler, Art, Ab'art (*cf.* Adre'isch, Hart, Stauber'te), An'den (*cf.* An'de), Ad'it (*cf.* Di'l'te), Län (*cf.* Lon'ne), Mül (*cf.* Bu'ssen), Mül (*cf.* En'l'phe), Bär'tig (*cf.* Bär'tich), Behör'de (*cf.* För'dern), Büb'chen (*cf.* Büb'ch). As all the vowels immediately followed by the accent, are long, it is unnecessary to place this sign of length over them; compare, for instance, Ge'be, Re'be, Ad'le, Mo'deln, Ru'sen, Wä'gen, O'len, Wü'tig, with Ab'gäbe, An'f'de, Ad'it, Ab'mödeln, Ab'rü'sen, Ab'mögen, Ab'f'ien, Un'gütig. A syllable terminated by an accented consonant, is always short (An'ders, Et'was, = An'..., Et'... &c.), only excepting the consonant *h*, which serves to lengthen the preceding vowel: Ah'le, Meh'ten, Ohr, Ohr, Ihr = äle, m'ren, ir, dr, är.

— over vowels, denotes the short sound; it is generally placed over such vowels which might be expected to have the long sound, compare *f. i.* the derivatives Räch'bar, Hüh'zeit, Bär'theil, with Räch, Hüh, Bär.

1) over the vowel *e*, always marks the broad pronunciation, which is equal to *ä*; compare *f. i.* H'ber, H'ber, H'gen (*s.*) with Edel, E'gen, H'gen (*s.*). It is, however, to be remarked, that this *e* is not uniformly pronounced with the same sound in the different parts of Germany; the pronunciation given in this work is that of middle Germany. Here it may be remarked that *He* (*ac*), *De* (*oc*), *He* (*uc*) have not been considered as equivalent to *Ä* (*ä*), *Ö* (*ö*), *Ü* (*ü*), in this work, although they are often erroneously held to be so; thus *ac* & *uc* in such words as *Lactes*, *Boetius*, *Congruent* are always to be pronounced separately.

2) over the vowel *i* before an *e*, used as points of diresis, to denote that these vowels are not to be pronounced as a diphthong, but separately, *f. i.* In'dien (*pron.* In'djen), different from *Diern* (*ds'nen*); this deviation from the general usage, according to which these points are placed over the *e*, was rendered necessary, because *ä* had already been chosen as a natural representative of the *ä*-like pronunciation of the letter *e*.

= means 'equivalent' or 'equal to'.

† marks an obsolete word or expression.

* 1) at the head of a word, denotes its foreign origin; compare *f. i.* the words commencing with a *G* & *ic*; 2) within the letter-press, it denotes a word or expression only used in poetry (*cf. poet.*) or in the elevated style, compare *f. i.* Reid, Kar, Hienben.

SECOND PART:

GERMAN AND ENGLISH.

II.

Al, a. l. a. (*str.* or *not decl.*) n. 1) *Gramm.* A, the first letter of the Alphabet; ein großes — (W), a great (capital) a; ein kleines — (a), a small (little) a; von — bis Z, from A to Z, from the beginning to the end; er erzählt alle von — bis Z, he detailed the whole affair; wer — sagt, muß auch Z sagen, proverb, he who begins with a thing, must go on with it; coll. in for a penny, in for a pound; ich bin das — und das Z, *Script.* I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending; 2) *Mus.* (the sixth note of the gamut, named *la* in Italy and France); A dur, (the key of) A major; A moll, (the key of) A minor; diese Weile geht aus A, this tune is in *la* or A; II, a, à (*abbr.* from *ana*, see Vol. I.) *prop. Comm.* used for *zu*, at: à fünf Prozent, at (the rate of) five per cent; à Genuß (*à Genuß*), on account; à Genuß-Zahlung, payment on account; *Lose*, indefinite payment; à zwei Lise, *Comm.* at double value; a tempo Etos, *Proc.* time-thrust.

Al, *abbr. Comm.* 1) (on letters of exchange, *for*.) accepted; 2) (on lists of prices, *for* the *Fr.* word.) argent, money; a. a. O., 1) *for* an andern Orten, in other places; 2) an angeführten Orte, in the place cited; *Al* or *Wan*. (*A. Ann.*) *for* (*Lat.*) *Anno*, in the year; A. B. *for* (*Lat.*) *Arbitrum Baccalourous*, Baccalourus der freien Ränke; *Ab* or *Abonn.* *for* *Abonnement*, subscription; a. c. *for* *annui curricula*, *anno curricula* (*Lat.*), des laufenden Jahres, im laufenden Jahre, of, in the present year; *W. E.* or *Hugsb. E.* 1) *Comm.* *for* *Hugsberger Courant*, Augsburg currency; 2) *Ecol.* *for* *Hugsburgische Confession*, Confession of Augsburg; *Augstan Confession*; a. D. 1) *Comm.* *for* a *Dato* (*Lat.*), vom Tage der Ausfertigung (rines Wechsel etc.) an, from this day or date, after date; 2) *for* (*Lat.*) *anno Domini*, im Jahre unsers Herrn, in the year of our Lord; a. D. *for* außer Diensten (said of officers), out of service, on half pay; add. *for* (*Lat.*) *addo*, füge hinzu, setz bei, add; *Adm.* *for* Admiral, admiral; a. b. *for* an der, on the; a. b. Seale, Ober, or a/b, a/D., on the Seale, on the Oder; a. l. *for* (*Lat.*) *annus futuri*, anno futuro, des künftigen, kommenden Jahres, im kommenden Jahre, next year; a. g. *Comm.* *for* (*Lat.*) *a governo*, zur Richtigkeit, *for* (your) government; *W. G.* *for* Apostelgeschichte, Acts of the Apostles; a. G. n. b. *Pr.* *for* außerordentlicher Gesandter und bevollmächtigter Minister, envoy (ambassador) extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary; *Alt. Zeit.* *for* ältest Testament, old testament; a. *Pr.*, a/Pr. *for* auf dem Main, on the Main(e); A. M. 1) *for* (*Lat.*) *anno mundi*, im Jahre der Welt, in the year of the world; 2) *for* (*Lat.*) *Arbiter Magister*, Master of Arts; amf., amf. *for* emfährnd, officiating; *Wsl. for* Ruter (a liquid measure), anker; a. O. see a. a. O.; a. p. *for* (*Lat.*) *anni*

precedentis, anno precedentis, des vorigen Jahres, im vorigen Jahre, (of, in the) last year; a. pr. *for* (*Lat.*) *anni precedentis*, anno precedentis, des gegenwärtigen Jahres, im gegenwärtigen Jahre, of, in the present year; *Apr.* *for* April, April; A. R. *for* (*Lat.*) *anno regni*, im ... Regierungsjahre, in the ... year of ...; *W. Et.* *for* alter Etill, *Chron.* old style; *W. E.* see *Alt. Zeit.*; a. U. *Comm.* *for* (*Lat.*) *a uso*, nach hergebrachter Gewohnheit, in the usual way; *Wsl.*, *Wslg.* *for* Auflage, Ausgabe, edition; *Aug. 1)* *for* (Monat) August, August; 2) Augustus (P. N.); *Augm.* *for* (*Lat.*) *augmentum*, Vermehrung, Zusatz, augmentation, addition; a. u. a. *for* (*Lat.*) *actum ut supra*, geschehen wie oben (angegeben), an dem nämlichen Tage, *Lose*, done as above, on the same day; *ausüb. W.* *for* ausübender Arzt, practising physician.

Al, (*w.*) *f.* flowing water, river, rivulet.
Alchen, (*str.*) n. *Geogr.* Aix-la-Chapelle.
Al, (*str.*) m. aak (a kind of flat-bottomed lighter employed on the Rhine).

Al, I. (*str.*) m. *Ichth.* eel (*Muræna anguilla* L.); der eingejichte —, snake-gourd, sword-fish (*Trichurus leporus* L.); *W-e* fangen, see *Walen*; ein kleiner —, grig; ein Stilschger —, a cut of an eel; 2) *Bak.* a kind of eel-shaped butter-cake; 3) *Alth.* a wrong fold in cloth, a crumple, crease; er schlüpft wie ein — durch die Finger, he slips through one's fingers like an eel; den — beim Schwunge fassen, to begin a thing at the wrong end; II. *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* anguilliform; —baum, m. see *Heckenfische*; —beere, *f.* —beerstrauch, m. —bezug, m. see *Johannisbeere*, schwarz; —behälter, m. eel-trunk; eel-pond; —bad, m. *Ichth.* a species of salmon in the lake of Thun in Switzerland; snipe (Schüpel, *Salmo Wartmanni*); —bütte, —quappe, —raupe, *f.* *Ichth.* bird-bolt, burbot, cull, eel-pout, cony-fish, quab (*Gadus lota* L.); —baum, m. —lege, *f.* —weht, n. eel-dam; —elbeder, —schleiche, *f.* *Zool.* a species of lizard (*Lacerta chalcidea* L.; *Zygma chalcidea* Ok.); —eisen, n. —gabel, *f.* eel-spear; —fang, m. 1) eeling, eel-fishing; snigglig; 2) season and place for catching eels; eel-fishery; 3) eel-trunk; —fänger, m. eel-fisher, eel-catcher; —fell, n. —haut, *f.* eel-skin, skin of an eel; —fellband, —fellseil, n. eel-skin band or rope; —fett, n. eel-grease; —flüße, *f.* see —puppe; —fürmig, *adj.* eel-shaped, anguilliform; —frau, *f.* 1) eel-monger; 2) or —grappe, *f.* see —mutter; —gabel, *f.* eel-spear, eel-fork; —grube, *f.* eel-pond; —grundel, *f.* —grundling, m. *Ichth.* gudgeon, goby (*Cyprinus gobio* L.); —hälter, —hälter, see —behälter; —fische, *f.* *Bot.* 1) see Traubenfische; 2) see Heckenfische; 3) see Vogelbeere; —flüßchen, n. *Conch.* snake's head coralline (*Serularia anguina* L.); —fisch, m. 1) eel-pot,

junkot; 2) eel-wear; —frug, m. large (earthen) vessel with perforations to keep eels in; —lager, n. bed of eels; —lege, *f.* see —weht; —molch, m. a species of lizard; —mutter, *f.* *Ichth.* the viviparous blenny, gaffer (*Blennius viviparus* L.); —natter, *f.* a species of water-snake (*Emys carolina*); —netz, n. see —lege; —netz, n. see —mutter; —pfist, *f.* see —gabel; —puppe, —quappe, *f.* a baited bundle of rushes or green twigs for eeling, bob; —quappe, —raupe, *f.* see —bütte; —renje, *f.* a basket in which eels are caught, hully, junkot, eel-pot; —schlange, *f.* *Zool.* a snake with scales under the belly and tail (*Anguis* L.); —schleiche, *f.* see —elbeder; *W-sporn*, n. see *Schlunder*; —schädel, m. see —gabel; —sticher, m. 1) see —fänger; 2) see —gabel; —streif, —stich, m. a black streak on the back of an eel, also of a dun-coloured horse; mit einem —stich, eel-backed; —stich, m. eel-pond; —sticher, n. *Zool.* vibrio (*Vibrio* L.); —watz, *f.* a net for catching eels; —weht, n. 1) eel-wear, eel-dam; 2) see —renje; —weiß, m. see *Buntaal*; —wurm, m. see —sticher; —zahn, m. see —lager, —weht.

Alen, (*w.*) a. str. 1) to fish for eels in (a pond); also *intr.* to sniggle; 2) *Hydr.* to cleanse by means of an eel; das —, a. a. (*str.*) n. eel-fishing

Alen, *f.* see *Alm*, 1.
Alen, (*w.*) m. (*L. G.* *for* *Alte*) *Mar.* mizen-stay-sail; *Al-enfall*, m. *Mar.* haliard of the mizen-stay-sail.

Aler, I. (*str.*, pl. *Al're*) m. 1) + & *Nat.* any large bird of prey; 2) * eagle, see *Adler*; —beere, —fische, see *Albeere*; —weide, m. & *f.* *Ornith.* see *Rarmfische*; II. (*w.*) *f.* *Geogr.* *Alar*, several rivers in Switzerland &c.; —gan, m. *Geogr.* Argovia, Argow; —gauer, m. —gaurer, *f.* Argovian; —ganisch, *adj.* Argovian.

Alren, &c. see *Alren*; *Al*-stas, m. *Bot.* see *Rehrmurt*.

Al, I. (*str.*, pl. *Al're*) n. 1) offal; 2) carrion, (rotten) carcass; 3) a) food for animals; b) Sport. lure, bait; 4) *Thun.* scrapings or parings of hides; 5) *Mil.* groats; Sport-a. ein — legen, to lay a bait or lure; ein — an die Angel setzen, to bait a hook; II. *in comp.* —blatter, *f.* *Med.* putrid carbuncle; —blume, *f.* see —pflanz; —flieg, *f.* *Entom.* dung-fly (*Musca cadaverina* L.); —früßig, —freßend, *adj.* feeding on carrion, carnivorous; —gier, m. *Ornith.* 1) horse-kite, carrion-kite (*Vultur percnopterus* L.); 2) carrion-vulture, turkey buzzard (*Vultur a-vus* L.); —getraß, m. cadaverous smell, carrion smell; —grube, *f.* carrion pit; —jäger, m. a person that hunts after game in an unsportsmanlike manner; —jägeret, *f.* an unsportsmanlike manner of hunting; —fäßer, m. *Ent.* carrion-beetle, horse-beetle, black-fly (*Shilpa* L.); —tapp, m. *Archit.*

an ornament of the Doric order, representing the skinned head of an immolated victim: —frühe, *f. Ornith.* carrion crow (*Corvus corone* L.); —fahle, *f. see* grübe; —milde, *f. see* fliege; —pflanze, *f. Bot.* frill-lary coccobomb, stapelia (*Stapelia* L.); —pode, *f. see* blatter; —rade, *m. Ornith.* raven (*Corvus corax* L.); —felte, *f. Skin-dr.* flesh-side; —vogel, *m.* any bird that feeds on carrion.

Ab'fen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) Tunn. to flesh, to shave off, to curry (skins); 2) *Sport.* to bait a hook or snare; II. *intr.* 1) *Sport.* to browze, to graze (of deer); 2) to feed on carrion; 3) *vulg.* to spoil one's work, clothes &c. by dirt, uncleanness.

Ab'shaft, **Ab'fig**, *adj.* 1) cadaverous, carrion, carrion-like; 2) *fig.* ugly, dirty.

Ab, *I. prep.* (†) *adv.* *provinc.* off (down or away), from; II. *adv.* (generally denoting deviation or separation from) 1) down: auf und —, up and down; Strom —, down (the) stream (*opp.* Strom auf, up [the] stream); 2) off, away: of, from, fro; — und zu, to and fro; off and on; sic kommt — und zu, she is coming backwards and forwards; — und zu fanden Schirmstügel flutt, occasional skirmishes took place; auf und — (gehen, to go), up and down; zehn Thaler auf und —, *fam.* ten dollars more or less; Gut —! off with your hat! Hüte —! hats off! er hatte den Gut —, he had his hat off; der Dedel ist —, the cover (lid) is off; Comm-s. — an Unkosten (or Aufschlag), charges to be deducted; — Reisig, to be delivered at Leipzig; vom 1. Januar —, from the 1st of January; — (abzugeben), hervon or davon geht —, discount ..., deduct ...; Mor. off; weit —, far off; er wohnt weit (von) hier —, he lives a great way off; wie weit ist es von hier —? how far is it off? wir waren ganz vom Wege —, we were quite out of our way; von Jemand — sein, to have done with one: furs —, abruptly, shortly.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* sehen.

* **Ab'sen**, *see* Roffolüben.

Ab'sehen, *v. refl.* to pine away, to fret, waste by sighing and moaning.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to separate or take off by ploughing; mein Nachbar adert mir alle Jahre einige Furchen von meinem Eigenthum ab (eignet sic sich zu), my neighbour encroaches several furrows every year on my property; II. *intr.* to finish ploughing.

* **Ab'schab**, *m.* 1) *Archit.* (a kind of writing-table) abacus; 2) *Archit.* (uppermost part of the capital of a column) abacus; 3) *Archit.* *see* Multiplikations-, Rechen- & Zahlentafel.

* **Ab'schiff** ('ab'schiff'), *adj.* *Hebr.* abased.

* **Ab'schiff**, *inconv.* *see* Umschiff.

* **Ab'schiffen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Entmannen.

* **Ab'schiffen**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

* **Ab'schiffen**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

* **Ab'schiffen**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

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Ab'schiffen, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

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Ab'schiffen, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

Ab'schiffen, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

Ab'schiffen, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Ab'schiffen.

der Reue abbaden (*J. Grimm*); 3) to wash thoroughly, to cleanse by bathing; sich thätig —, coll. to give one's self a good washing; 3) (*also intr.*) to finish bathing.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to foment thoroughly.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take (a coffin, &c.) down from the bier.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to mark with buoys; *Dirk.* to mark (a line) with stakes.

Ab'sehen, sometimes **Ab'sehen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to uncase, to strip or divest of the skin, to flay, to skin (a hare, &c.); 2) (*usually recip.* einander (*coll.* sich) abbalgen) to fatigue or exhaust (one another) by wrestling, grappling, boxing, thumping, &c.

Ab'sehen (*corr.* from Abwaschen), (*w.*) *v. tr.* Tunn. to beat (skins) duly or sufficiently.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*an unusual word coined by Lessing*, 2, 269: um Geld, Geld einem Juden abzugeben) to extort (einem etwas, something from one) by frightening, to get by intimidating, cf. Abknäpfen, which is the usual word.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to remove (the sheaves, &c.) from the barn-floor.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shave off.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strip (a tree) of the inside bark. [*for* Abt, abbot.

* **Ab'sehen**, **Ab'sehen**, (*str.*) *m.* obsolete forms

* **Ab'sehen**, (*w.*) *f.* absees, *see* Abtiffen.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to impregnate with lye; 2) to clear of lye, to remove the lye from ... by washing, &c. cf. Abwaschen, Abwaschen.

Ab'sehen, (*str.*) *m.* partic. *Min.* 1) a) the act of working a mine: b) exhaustion (of a mine, &c.); in — bringen, to exhaust (the fertility of land, &c.); 2) the vacant space proceeding from the working of a mine, an (old) excavated working: an exhausted mine, (*in Cornwall*) a hulk.

Ab'sehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*l. u.*) to pull or take down, to demolish (a building, &c.), *see* Abtragen, 1, c.; 2) to build or erect (a house, etc.) at a certain distance from ...; 3) (*gener. intr.*) to finish or to complete a building; 4) a) to work (a mine, &c.) till it is exhausted: to exhaust (land, &c.); *Min.-s.* b) to abandon (a mine) on account of its being exhausted: c) *Min.* to

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. (Eincm etwas) to ask (something of), see **Abverlangen**.

Abheften, (str.) v. tr. to keep off; den Fuß —, to be or to remain uncoverted.

Abheften, (str.) v. l. tr. to bite off, to nip off, to snap off; sich (Dat.) die Nägel —, to bite one's nails; sich (Dat.) vor Schaden die Zunge —, to burst with (suppressed) laughing; den Feinden die Füße —, to bite off the feet of the saints (said in derision of those who show an excess of zeal in kissing the images of saints); er hat aller Schande (Dat.) den Kopf abgeheften, he is dead to all sense of shame; II. recip. sich (Acc.) coll. for einander —, to fatigue one another by biting, worrying (as dogs).

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. 1) to take away with corrosives, to consume by corroding, to eat off; 2) T. to macerate, to taw, to dress (skins) in white; abgeheftet (Sterblich- oder Sterber-) Leiche, mortuaries; 3) (Abbrunnen, Gelbbrunnen) T. to dip, to pickle (tin-plate, metal to be gilt, &c.).

Abheften, (u.) f. 1) *Med.* abrasion; 2) *Skin-dr.* maceration, (the act of) tawing, &c. **Abheften**, (str.) v. tr. 1) *fam.* to get off, to get loose, remove; 2) (— von) to partake of or in, to get or have a share in, to take (or bear a) part in; Schläge etc. —, to get blown, &c.

Abheften, (u.) v. l. tr. vulg. to bellow forth, to recite with a loud, barking tone of voice; II. *refl.* to exhaust one's self with barking, to cease to bark.

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. vulg. 1) (Abheften) to beat or cudgel soundly; 2) to beat down with a stick (as nuts, apples, &c. from a tree).

Abheften, (str.) v. tr. (aux. sein) to burst off, to crack off, to fly off, to spring off.

Abheften, (str.) v. tr. 1) to recall, to call home; der König berief seinen Gesandten von Paris ab, the king withdrew his ambassador from Paris; 2) *Law*, to appeal, see the more usual **Appellieren**.

Abheften, (u.) f. 1) recall, (the act of) calling home (an envoy, &c.); 2) *Law*, appeal (*cf.* **Appellation**); die von den Rägern eingewandte — an den großen Rath (Wien), the appeal to the great council made by the plain-tiffs, see the more usual **Appellation**; II. **Abheften**, (str.) v. tr. 1) right of revocation; 2) right of appeal; II. **Abheften**, (str.) v. tr. 1) *advocatory* letter, letter (order) of recall or revocation; re-credentialing. [ren, 2]

Abheften, (str.) v. tr. † *for* **Abheften** **Abheften**, (u.) v. tr. (not used) to pay off, *cf.* **Abheften**.

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. to countermand (an invitation, &c.), to counterorder.

Abheften, (u.) f. (the act of) counter-manding, *cf.* countermand, counterorder; bis auf —, until counterorder, till countermanded, till withdrawn.

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. 1) to repeat (prayers), to recant in prayer; *gener.* *contemplatively*, to speak, to recite or to deliver monotonously, to drawl, to drone; den Heilighen —, to say over one's beads; 2) (Eincm etwas) to obtain (something from one) by praying; es müßt ein armer Teufel sein, dem die selten eine Seele — (Luther), he should be a poor devil, from whom prayers like theirs could rescue a soul; 3) to avert (from one's self) by praying, to deprecate, to pray against; 4) to atone for (one's sins) by praying.

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. coll. (Eincm etwas) to get, to obtain (something from one) by begging importunately or abjectly, to beg (something of) (one).

Abheften, (u.) v. tr. usually *refl.* sich abheften (von ...), to remove one's bed (from ...); to separate beds, to sleep asunder.

Abbiegen, (u.) v. *incorrectly used for* **Abbiegen**, although it has the authority of good writers (Voss, &c.) and extensive usage: I. *tr.* to bend downwards, off or aside (vines, twigs, &c.); to lay (plants), see **Abbiegen**; II. *intr.* to deviate, to turn off, see **Abbiegen**.

Abbiegen, (u.) v. tr. (Eincm etwas) to take (something from one) as booty, to plunder (one of a thing).

Abbiegen, (u.) v. tr. 1) to pay or to discharge in part, to pay off, in this sense **Abbiegen** or **Abtragen** is more generally used; 2) to pay in full, to discharge (a debt, &c.).

Abbiegen, (u.) f. 1) the act of paying in part, &c. see the preceding word; 2) *fig.* repayment; die — (uflüger Büßlichkeiten) (Zachokke), the return of gay civility.

Abbiegen, (str.) v. l. tr. to bend downwards, to turn down; to bend or turn off or aside; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) to turn off or aside, to deviate.

Abbiegen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to proclaim (from the pulpit, &c.), *cf.* **Abbiegen**; 2) to outbid (at a public sale).

Abbild, (str.) pl. **Abbilder** n. image, likeness (of some actual prototype) (Vorbild) which is or was before the eyes of him who imitates or represents; **Abbild** is more expressive than **Bild**, by the reference to an original which it implies; *cf.* copy, imitation.

Abbild, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to portray, to take the likeness of (a person), *cf.* **Abmalen**; nach dem Leben —, to draw or take from (or after) the life; er ist (jemand) ähnlich abgebildet, he is drawn to the life; 2) to copy; to represent (in a picture), to delineate; to form, to figure, to model; in Wachs —, to emboss in wax; 3) *fig.* to paint, to describe, to delineate; im Geiste —, to image; II. *refl.* (l. u.) to be delineated, to be reflected, to be thrown or cast back (as an image from a polished surface, &c.), to mirror itself.

Abbild, (u.) v. tr. to portray, &c. (Jean Paul), see **Abbild**.

Abbildner, (str.) m. **Abbildnerin**, (u.) f. one who portrays, represents, delineates, &c. *cf.* **Abbild**.

Abbildung, (u.) f. 1) (das **Abbild**) the act of portraying, &c. (*cf.* **Abbild**, v.), representation; drawing, delineation, portraiture; 2) das **Abgebildete**, the thing portrayed, &c.: a) *lit. & fig.* portrait, picture, representation, delineation; *fig.* description, sketch; b) *out.* illustration; ein Buch mit **Abb.**, an illustrated book; 3) copy, imitation.

Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. *Law*, (Eincm etwas) to deprive or dispossess (one of a thing, estate, &c.) by judicial sentence, *cf.* **Abblinden**, **Abblinden**.

Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. to pumice, to rub (off) with pumice-stone.

Abblinden, (str.) v. tr. 1) to unbind, to untie, to uncord, to untress; to loosen; 2) *Hueb* to wean (a calf) by removing it from its mother (also **Abblinden**, **Abnehmen**); 3) *Swy.* (also **Unterbinden**): a) *cine* **Abdr** —, to tie or take up a vein; *cine* **Barje** —, to wither a wart, &c. by tying it hard, to string a wart; b) to geld, to castrate (as cattle); 4) *Iron-works*, to separate (iron bars) by tying them into bundles of a certain weight; 5) to finish (or to complete the process of) binding, joining, &c.: a) *Coop.* to hoop (ein **Faß**, a cask); b) *Corp.* to frame (ein **Gebäude**, a building); to join (die **Zulage**, the timber-work of a building); den **Bären** —, *slang*, to pay a debt (*opp.* **cine** **Bären** **anbinden**). [&c. see **Abbinden**.

Abblinden, (u.) f. the act of unbinding, **Abblinden**, (str.) m. 1) the act of biting off, *cf.* **Abblinden**; 2) the thing bitten off, a bite; der **Teufel** —, m. —frant, n. *Devil's* bit (*Scabiosa succisa* L.).

Abblinden, (u.) f. (the act of) begging pardon; apology (for); deprecation; (Eincm or bei Eincm) — thun or (sich) (für or wegen), to ask (crave, beg) (one's) pardon, to apologize (to one — for ...), to make excuse (for); *cine* öffentliche — thun, to make honourable amend (amende); schriftliche —, written apology.

Abblinden, (str.) v. tr. 1) (Eincm etwas) to apologize (to one) for (a thing), to make excuses for, to beg, to ask, to implore (one's) pardon for (an offence, &c.); 2) (Eincm etwas) l. u. to obtain (something from one) by begging (*cf.* **Abblinden**); 3) (l. u.) to beg off, to avert by begging, to deprecate (a punishment, &c.); a-b, p. a. deprecative, deprecatory.

Abblinden, l. adj. 1) pardonable, that for which pardon may be obtained, venial; 2) to be begged off, to be deprecate, averted by begging (*syn.* **Erbitlich**); die **Erbitlichkeit** Gottes kann nicht als gültig und — vorgetrieben werden (Kant), the justice of God cannot be imagined as being mild or capable of being averted by prayer; II. *adv.* (l. u.) see the next word.

Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. (l. u.) to polish off, to make bright or glossy by rubbing off or scouring (a tin vessel, &c.).

Abblinden, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to blow off, to blow away, to remove by blowing; 2) a) to cleanse by blowing (*metonymically*, den **Stich** —, for den **Staub** vom **Stich** —); b) *Genm.* to scale (the gun) in order to cleanse them, to blow (the pieces) off; 3) a) to blow or sound (a tune, &c.) on a wind-instrument, as ein **Sich** — (said of town-musicians, &c.); to sound (the hours, said of watchmen); b) *gener.* *intr.* **Sporn**, *Med.* &c. (die **Sporn** —) to order off, to proclaim the end of (the chase, &c.) by winding a horn, by the sound of a trumpet, &c.; (zum **Abzuge** blasen) to sound the retreat, return home; *Sport* to blow a mort (at the death of the game); 4) (die **Suppe** im **Stoff** —) to blow (soup) in order to cool (it); II. *intr.* (aux. haben) to cease to blow, to sound for the last time.

Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. (aux. sein) to grow pale, to fade off, to lose colour.

Abblinden, (u.) v. l. tr. *Hueb* to take, pluck, or strip off the leaves (as) of (tobacco, cabbage, vines, &c.); II. *intr.* **Sporn** to browse, to feed on fresh leaves (as deer, &c.).

Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. to scale off (said of the small-pox in the last stage of convalescence from the disease); to lose the small-pox. **Abblinden**, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to unleave, to strip, divest, or deprive of the leaves (*syn.* **Entblättern**); der **Stoff** blättert die **Bäume** ab, the frost strips the trees of their leaves; 2) to scale off, to take off in thin lamina or scales, to shiver off; to desquamate (foul bones, &c.); II. *intr.* & *refl.* 1) to lose or drop the leaves; 2) to come off in thin lamina or scales; to scale or to shell off, to flake (like slate); *Swy.* to exfoliate; a-b, p. a. *Swy.* causing exfoliation or the desquamation of a bone, exfoliative.

Abblinden, (u.) f. 1) the act of unleafing, stripping of the leaves, &c. *cf.* **Abblinden**; 2) anything stripped off; fragment; *Swy.* exfoliation, desquamation (the detachment or diminution of dead portions of bones, cartilages, &c.; the term is generally limited to the separation of the bony structure); 3) anything which has separated or come off in thin scales; lamina, scale.

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Abblinden, (u.) v. tr. (aux. sein) to grow pale, to fade off, to lose colour.

Abblauen, (w.) v. *intr.* *Collo. &c.* to lose the blue colour (said of stuffs).

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *I. tr.* 1) to give a sufficient tinge of blue, to make blue (Reinigung, linnen); *II. intr.* see **Abblauen**.

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *tr.* (of different derivation from the preceding word, see **Bläuen**, *B.*) coll. to cudgel, to beat soundly.

Abbläuen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to keep off or at a distance (von, from); 2) to remain off or separated; dieser Knopf soll —, this button is to remain off, is not to be sewed on again. (*This compound ought to be spell'd in two distinct words, ab having retained its original adverbial nature, Grimm.*)

Abbläuen, v. *I. (str.) intr.* (aux. *sein*) to grow pale, to fade off, to lose colour (of stuffs, &c.); abgebläute, lose, abgerichtet geprüngene Rinde (Zackholz), discoloured, loose bark, cracked across; abgebläute stein die Hügel, deprived of their beautiful colours (verdure) stand the hills; doch in der äußersten Ferne fangen die Gegenstände an, wie Nebel, abzu- bläuen und ungenüß zu werden (Zackholz, 1, 358), but in the farthest distance the objects begin, like mist, to fade and to grow indistinct: wie ein einem bläutenden Rosen- stock eine a-be Rose (Zackholz 5, 13), like a rose, fading away, on a rose-bush full of buds: (sometimes w.) sie fannien kaum die abgebläute Gestalt (Jean Paul), they scarcely knew (or recognised) the pale, faded form; *II. (w.) tr.* to bleach thoroughly or duly; to finish bleaching (as linen, cotton stuffs, &c.).

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to look away (*syn.* **Abgesehen**); 2) *Smek. & Metall.* to cease shining (of silver appearing on the test).

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to cease lightening, glittering; 2) (aux. *sein*) to flash off, to flash in the pan; to miss fire (of guns).

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *tr.* to bawl or bellow forth.

Abbläuen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *haben*, less properly *sein*) 1) to go out of flower, to cease blooming, blowing or flowering; die Kir- schbäume haben abgeblüht, the cherry-trees have ceased to blossom, have shed their blossoms; abgeblüht, p. a. *Bot.* desolate, past the flowering state; 2) to decay, to fade, to wither.

Abblühen, (w.) f. the season when plants go out of flower, fall of the blossom.

Abblühen, (w.) v. *I. intr.* to cease bleeding (*syn.* **Ausbluten**); *II. tr.* * (*I. w.*) to stone for (a crime, &c.), to expiate with one's blood.

Abblühen, (w.) v. *tr.* to deprive of flowers, to defleur (trees, &c.), to strip of the blossoms, to strip or divest of the bloom.

Abblühen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to strip of the beans; 2) to polish by waxing (as a piece of furniture), to rub down (a floor).

Abblühen, (w.) v. *I. tr.* to bore sufficiently, to bore through; *II. intr.* *Min. &c.* to finish the boring (of a hole).

Abblühen, (str.) m. *Min.* auger to finish the boring of a hole, (*Boil:*) tier.

Abblühen, see **Abblühen**.

Abblühen, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einen etwas) to borrow (something from one); *syn.* **Entleihen**.

Abblühen, (w.) v. *intr.* *Dik.* to burst open through the influence of the wet.

Abblühen, **Abblühen**, **Abblühen**, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to emboss in wax, &c. see **Blühen**, **Blühen**.

Abblühen, (str., pl. **Abblühen**) m. *Min.* 1) diminution or decrease of silver, &c. on the test or in cleansing; 2) loss in the weight of chalk-stone in burning.

Abblühen, (str.) m. (*I. w.*) one who collects alms for others or for himself, having suffered damage by fire.

Abbracken, (w.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* 1) to brace (full); 2) to all (the sails) after they have been braced aback.

Abbraten, (w. cf. **Braten**) v. *tr.* to roast thoroughly (*syn.* **Ausbraten**).

Abbrauen, (w.) v. *tr.* to use up, to wear off, to wear out, cf. **Abkühlen**; abgebraut, p. a. 1) worn (off), worn out, stale, decayed, cf. **Abgenutzt**; 2) *Ag.* trite, hackneyed, cf. **Abgebrochen** [roughly], to finish brewing.

Abbrauen, (w.) v. *tr. & intr.* to brew (tho- roughly), to finish brewing.

Abbrauen, (w.) v. *tr.* to lose the brown colour (said of stuffs).

Abbrauen, (w.) v. *tr.* to give the proper brown colour to ...; to brown sufficiently, to make (Cook to roast) brown.

Abbrauen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to cease fermenting, rushing, roaring, &c. cf. **Abrauen**; 2) to go off roaring; der Dampfwaagen braust eben ab (*Grimm*), coll. the steam-carriage whizzes off just now.

Abbrechen, (str.) v. *I. tr.* 1) to break off, to break; to snap, to knock off; kurz (merch, or plötzlich) —, to snap short; ein Messer mit abgebrochener Spitze, a knife with a broken point; eine Blume —, to pluck (off) a flower; Obst —, to break off fruits, to crop or gather fruits; abgebrochene Stücke, broken pieces, fragments, cf. **Abgebrochen**; 2) a) to break (or rip) up (an old vessel); to break down, take away or down (a scaffold, &c.), pull down, to demolish, dismantle (a building, a ship, a wall, &c.), to unwall (a house, &c.) (*sometimes syn. with Abtragen* 1, c.); der Sturm brach den Mast ab, the storm carried away the mast; die Zelte —, to strike the tents; das Lager —, to break up, to dislodge or to shift the camp, to decamp; die Franzosen hatten alle Brücken abgebrochen, the French had broken or taken away all the bridges; b) *Typ. (formerly)* to knock off (die Ballen, the balls); c) *Mar.* einem Pferde die (Huf-)Häfen —, to unshoe a horse; 3) *Bräu.* to stir, turn (the beer) in the cooler (also **Aufbrechen**); 4) *Met.* die Glieder —, to break off the files, to diminish the front; 5) *Gramm.* to break, separate (syllables); 6) *Sport.* to disengage (dogs which have locked their teeth in fastening upon the game); *Ag.* 7) to break off (eine Unterhandlung, a negotiation, &c.), to discontinue, (kurz —) to stop or cut short, to desist from (a labour, &c.), to put an end to, to interrupt, cut off; eine Rede —, to break off a speech, to close a speech abruptly; eine Verbindung (Heirat) —, to break off a match; mit Einem allen Umgang —, to break off the intercourse with a person, to break with one, to disown an acquaintance, along, to cut one; den diplomatischen Verkehr —, to break off diplomatic relations; 8) a) to abate, deduct, abridge, defalcate, cf. **Abziehen**; ich fann mir nichts (in meiner Rechnung) — lassen, I cannot allow any deduction (from my account); den Soldaten wurde an ihrer Röhnung abgebrochen, a deduction was made from the pay of the soldiers (*different from*: den Soldaten wurde ihr Röhnung abgebrochen, the soldiers were cut short of their pay); jeden Augenblick, den ich meinen amtlichen Geschäften — konnte, raubte ich ihm, every moment I could snatch from my official engagements I devoted to him; b) *refl.* sich (*Dat.*) etwas —, to pinch one's self in ..., to deprive one's self of ...; er bricht sich nichts ab, he does not stint himself in anything, he denies himself nothing, he indulges every enjoyment; er hat sich den Wein abgebrochen, he has begun to abstain from wine; sich am Schloß — (*intransitive: elliptically* for sich etwas am Schloß —), to stint one's self in sleep.

II. intr. 1) (aux. *sein*) *lit.* a) to break off, to snap; b) to break down; to crumble to pieces; *fig.* 2) (aux. *haben*) a) to break off, to stop short (in speaking, &c.); sie brachen im Gespräch ab, als ich hereinfam, they broke off talk at my coming in; wir wollen davon —

(i. e. nicht weiter davon sprechen), let us leave off, no more of that; das letzte, sechste christliche Heft bricht mit dem Worte Fromm ab, the last number, which has just been issued, breaks off with the word Fromm; b) *fig.* (*I. w.*) to break down, to decay, to be on the decline; to be in a declining state.

Abbrechen, v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) the act of breaking off, &c. cf. **Abbrechen**, v. & **Abbrechen**; 2) demolition. [*(heep or fax).*]

Abbrechen, (w.) v. *tr.* to finish breaking **Abbrechen**, (w.) f. 1) (das **Abbrechen**): the act of breaking off, &c. cf. **Abbrechen**, *A.*; abruption; 2) a) *Rhet.* apostrophe, abscission; b) *Gramm.* separation (of syllables), syllabication; c) *Met.* a sudden breaking off or stop (**Abbruch**); 3) cessation (of hostilities, &c.), discontinuance, abrupt termination; (das **Abbrechen**); 4) the thing broken off, fragment, see **Abbruch**.

Abbrechen, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to stretch (plate), to plate, to fatten (as a sheet of copper, &c.).

Abbreitung, (w.) f. T. (the act of) stretch- ing, &c. see **Abbreiten**.

Abbrauen, v. *I. intr.* (*originally strong: imperf.* ich braun ab, *pp.* abgebrauen, *ad present irregular: imperf.* ich braunte ab, *abgebraunt* — *aux.* *sein*) 1) to burn off or down, to be burnt down, to be consumed or destroyed by fire; die die Dichter zur Hälfte abgebraunt waren, before the candles had burnt half-way down; das Kölner Theater ist bis auf den Boden abgebrannt, the theatre of Cologne has been burnt to the ground; 2) to go off (as a gun); das Rindbraut ist abgebrannt, the powder has flashed in the pan (cf. **Abblühen**); 3) to suffer damage (to lose one's property) by fire; abgebrannte Menschen, burnt-out people; 4) to cease burning; das Feuer ist abgebrannt, the fire has burnt down; *fig.* die Lustfeuer des eilig abbreitenden Frühlings (Jean Paul), the bonfires of fast waning spring; Abgebrannt des Lebens (Jean Paul), worn-out or used up people (of those who have enjoyed life prematurely).

II. tr. (gener. irregular: ich braunte ab, abgebrannt, sometimes weak: ich braunte ab, abgebrannt, but these latter forms are almost obsolete) 1) to burn off (or down), to burn with (or consume by) fire; to burn away; 2) *Ag.* to burn down (a forest, also **Abbrechen**); 3) to fire, fire off, discharge (a gun, &c.); to let off (fireworks); 4) to cause to wither by heat, to scorch, to burn (grass or plants); 5) *Surg.* to extirpate by burning (with caution); 6) a) to burn sufficiently, thoroughly, to burn off duly (chalk, earthen vessels, &c.); b) to finish burning, to heat (a kiln, &c.) for the last time; c) to cleanse by burning, *Chem.* to deflagrate; d) to calcine with heat or fire, to burn (oyster-shells or limestone); *T.s.* e) to tamper (steel); f) to dip into molten tin (as iron-plates, at the first process in tinning); g) to heighten the yellow colour (of brass) in aquafortis, to pickle (cf. **Abblühen**); h) *Mar.* ein Schiff (von außen) —, to grave, to beam a ship.

Abbrauen, v. s. (*str.*) n. **Abbrauen**, (w.) f. 1) the act of burning off or down, &c. cf. **Abbrauen**, v.; 2) *Chem.* deflagration.

Abbreiten, (str.) m. see **Abbrechen**.

Abbreiten, (w.) f. (*Lad.*) abbreviation; (short-hand) note: —[chrift, f. short-hand writing.

[riate, abridge, see **Abziehen**].

Abbreiten, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Lad.*) to abbreviate; *irr.* v. *tr.* 1) a) to get off; to remove; b) *Gen.* — (abmäßen, abernnen), to get in hay, &c.; 2) to do away with, to bring into disuse; 3) *lit.* & *fig.* to get away (from), to lead away, to draw (or bring) off; to turn off, to divert (from any course, direction or intended application); vom rechten Wege —,

to turn from the right way, to mislead: durch Rath —, to dissuade (from); durch Betrugung —, to reason (one) out of (his plan, convictions, &c.); nichts in der Welt soll mich davon —, nothing in the world shall prevent me from doing it, or from going on with it; wenn ihr Papa sich etwas in den Kopf setzt, near or night abbringen, when her papa took a thing into his head, there was no turning him; ein Entschluß, von dem sie niemand — lassen, a resolution from which nobody could move her; er ist von diesem Raster glänzend abgerückt, he has been successfully reclaimed from this vice; sie wollte sich nicht — lassen, she would not be dissuaded; sie warfen weiter durch Gewalt, noch durch Redung von ihrem Bescheide abbringen, they were not to be either driven or decoyed from their purpose.

Abführung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of getting off, &c., removal, *cf.* Abbringen; eine — von der gegebenen Bahn (*Kanal*), a diversion from the course enjoined.

Abkröchen, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* to crumble off, to detach in small pieces, to break off in minute parts: II. (*intr.* *aux.* *sein*) & *refl.* to crumble down, to peel off, to scale (or break) off (as varnish, &c.); die Tugend wankt und bröckelt ab (*Glückseligkeit*), *fig.* virtue wavers and gradually breaks down.

Abkröchen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) crumbling off, &c. *cf.* Abkröchen; 2) a detached piece, (broken) fragment.

Abbrechen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break off in small pieces or fragments, almost synonymous with Abkröchen, from which it merely differs by denoting larger pieces.

Abbrechen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see Abkröchen.

Abbruch, (*str.*, *pl.* die Abbrüche) *m.* 1) the (act of) breaking off, pulling down, &c. *cf.* Abbrechen & Abbrechen; ein Haus auf (den) Abbruch verkaufen, to sell a house which is to be pulled down; 2) *a*) the thing broken off, detached piece, (broken) fragment; *b*) *Mm.* broken off ore; *c*) *T.* building-materials of a demolished house; 3) the place where a building has been pulled down; 4) *a*) the action of the waves by which exposed shores or islands are reduced; *b*) a piece of land detached or washed off by the floods, land-slip (in marshy countries, &c.); die Insel Wangerooge liegt schon seit einer Reihe von Jahren in Partem —, the island of Wangerooge has been for many years past considerably exposed to the encroachment of the sea; 5) *a*) broken, piece of metal broken off; *b*) *Mm.* ore shiver or detached; *c*) *Letter-found.* break (of a letter); *fig.* 6) the act of breaking off, rupture (of diplomatic relations, &c.); ein — des diplomatischen Verkehrs zwischen der Türkei und Griechenland, a rupture of diplomatic relations between Turkey and Greece; die türkische Regierung hat eingewilligt, den — des diplomatischen Verkehrs mit Griechenland bis zum 17. d. M. aufzuheben, ... to suspend the act of breaking off diplomatic relations with Greece to the 17th inst.; 7) *a*) diminution, abridgment, abatement, deduction, defalcation, *cf.* Abzug; ohne —, undiminished; *b*) detriment, loss, damage, hurt, injury, prejudice, harm; *c*) *a*) abstinence, fasting; 8) *a*) cessation, &c. see Abbrechen; 3.) *b*) end, termination: Abbruch thun: 1) *Mm.* to break the stones to advantage; 2) *fig.* *a*) (einer Sache [*Det.*]) to abridge, curtail; *b*) (Einem in or an einer Sache [*Det.*]) to injure, damage, hurt; to prejudice, to derogate (or to be derogatory) to ...; die Bürger theilen auf dem Rückzuge in Verbindung mit den Kaiserlichen den Franzosen — (*Götze*), the citizens in conjunction with the imperial troops harassed the French on their retreat; dies war der einzige, was ihrem Glück — that, this was the only drawback on their happi-

ness; sich (*Det.*) an einer Sache (*Det.*) — thun, to pinch one's self in (a thing), to deprive one's self of (a thing), *cf.* Abbrechen, 8. *b*.

Abbrüchig, *adj.* 1) *a*) *particul.* *Mm.* shivering, brittle; *b*) crumbling; dilapidated: *fig.* 2) (einer Person or Sache [*Det.*]) 2) prejudicial, derogatory, detrimental (to); 3) *†* stinging one's self, continent (*Stumpf*).

Abbrühen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scold (a fowl, &c.), to parboil (as cabbage, &c.); 2) *fig. coll.* to draw out the essence of (a substance); Schiller's zehnmal abgebrühte Phrasen (*Platen*), Schiller's ten times cooked up phrase.

Abbrühung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) scalding, &c.

Abbrüllen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to roar out (a song), to bawl forth (a song, &c.); 2) (Einem etwas) to bawl (one) out of (a thing), to obtain (something) of (a person) by bawling; 3) sich —, *refl.* to fatigue one's self by roaring or bawling, to bawl one's fill.

Abbrumen, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* to hum over (a tune); II. (*intr.* *aux.* *sein*) to go off or away grumblingly.

Abbrummen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) *Sport.* to cease rutting: das Wild hat abgebrummt, the rutting season is over.

Abbrüten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to cease brooding, hatching; 2) sich —, *refl.* to tire one's self out by brooding.

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to take away or remove the booths (*tr.* from ...). [*or* duly.]

Abbrühen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to iron sufficiently

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* (Einem etwas) to obtain (something from one) by coquettish tricks, to wheedle (one) out of (a thing); II. *refl.* sich —, to waste one's strength with women. [*load.*]

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to disburden, to unburden; *cf.* Abbrücken; *v. tr.* to brush off or away (the dust, &c.); to brush duly or sufficiently, to brush (a coat, &c.) clean.

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to expiate, to atone, to make atonement, to do penance for ...; 2) to pay a fine or penalty for (any transgression); er hat es mit Götze abgebrückt, he has been fined for it; 3) (*rarely used*) to expiate fully, to make full atonement for ...

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *f.* (einer Verbüßung &c.) expiation, atonement, the act of doing penance for (a crime, &c.), &c.

Abbrücken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to finish churning; wir haben abgebrückt, we have done churning.

Abc [*pr.* Ah-bä-tsä], (*ind.*) *n.* 1) a-b-c, the alphabet; nach dem —, alphabetically (*generally used with a tinge of contempt in reference to the very first attempts of children or persons learning to read, in other cases the word Alphabet (which, being less usual, seems to be more refined) is employed*); 2) *fig. coll.* the (first) rudiments, elements; beginnings; bedient in Wohl und Weh! dies goldne Abc (*Götze*), always bear in mind this golden rule: —Bau, *f.* the lowest form in a school or class; —Bau, *m. coll.* primer-boy, abecedarian, *cf.* Abcshüler; —Buch, 1) primer, horn-book; 2) *Conch.* tiger-stamper (*also* Abcstute); —Tafel, *m.* primer-boy, abecedarian, *cf.* Abcshüler; —Lehrer, *m.* teacher of the alphabet, abecedarian, teacher of the first elements; —Schule, *f. coll.* elementary school, dame-school; —Hüter, —Hüter, *m. coll.* primer-boy, abecedarian, alphabetarian; —Tafel, *f.* a table on which the letters of the alphabet are written for school-children, alphabetical board, abecodary; —Tafel, *m. (Luther)* *ind.* for Abcshüter, abecedarian.

Abcshüler, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to give (one) a lecture or magisterial reprimand, to rate (one) soundly.

Abcshüter [*Ah-bä-tsä-dür*], I. (*str.*, *pl.* A-b-c, Abcedarien) (from Abc, with a *Latin* termina-

tion, abecedarium, *n.* abecedarian, *m.*) *n.* the alphabet; II. (*str.*, *pl.* Abcedare, or (*str.*) Abcedarier (*Joan Paul*)), *m.* abecedarian, a teacher or learner of the alphabet.

Abcedarisch, *adj.* abecedarian.

Abcedieren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Mus.* to practise the scale (*Ital.* solfeggiare).

Abcfeilen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to measure or gauge with the compasses; 2) *fig.* *a*) to define precisely; *b*) to utter with affected nicety, to mince (one's words).

Abcomplimentieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einem) to divert the attention of (one) in a polite manner; 2) (Einem etwas) to compliment or talk (one) out of (a thing).

Abcounterfeilen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to take the likeness of (a person), to portray, *cf.* Abbilden & Abmalen.

Abcopiren, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* for Copiren, to copy, to take a copy of ...

Abdach, (*str.*, *pl.* Abdächer) *n.* 1) overhanging or sloping roof, penthouse; 2) *Archit.* larmier, descent of a gutter (*Bau*).

Abdachen, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) to unroof (a building); das Haus wurde (vom Sturm) gänzlich abgedacht, the roof of the house was entirely blown off; 2) to give a sloping form or direction, to make sloping, to build slopingly, to slope; eine Mauer —, to cope a wall (*cf.* Abhängen, Abhängen); II. *refl.* (*sometimes intr.*) to be or become declivous, to run out in a slope, to have or assume a sloping direction; ein sich allmählich a-ber Hügel, a gently subsiding hill (*cf.* Abfallen, 3.).

Abhängig, *adj.* sloping, declivous; *adv.* slopingly, &c., aslope.

Abdachung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) unroofing, &c. *cf.* Abdachen; 2) sloping or shelving direction; slope, fall, declension, descent, declivity; *Part.* (*cf.* Abhängen), *Archit.* & *Geol.* talus; *Part.* a-der-Grundlinie, *f.* base of the talus; *Abhängigkeit*, *n.* proportion of the base of the talus to its height; *Abhängigkeit*, *n.* angle of the talus (*Bau*).

Abdämmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dam up, to embank; to keep off by a dam, to dam out (the water); 2) to undam, to free from a dam or mound.

Abdämmen, (*str.*) *m.* one who dams up, &c.

Abdämmung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of damming up, &c.; embankment (the act of embanking as well as the bank to keep off the water).

Abdampfen, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to evaporate, to pass off in vapour, to vapour (or to fly) away; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to cease steaming; II. *tr.* see Abdampfen.

Abdampfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to (cause to) evaporate, to make evaporate, to resolve into vapour; 2) *Chem.* to concentrate by evaporation, to graduate; 3) (*sometimes intr.*, *aux.* *haben*) to stew duly, to finish stewing.

Abdampfgeschale, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* evaporating dish.

Abdampfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) evaporation; 2) see Abdampfung; A-gefäß, *n.* *Chem.* evaporating vessel; A- (or Abdampfungs-) feßel, *m.* *T.* evaporating kettle; A-Schale, *f.* *T.* evaporator; A-Ofen, *m.* *Polit.* &c. slip kiln.

Abdampfung, (*w.*) *f.* evaporation, *Chem.* graduation.

Abdanken, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* 1) to resign, abdicate, renounce, withdraw; 2) to dismiss an assembly with thanks; bei einer Feiße —, (of a priest) to thank the attendants of a funeral for their presence in behalf of the family of the deceased, to hold (deliver) a funeral oration; der Nachtwächter dankt ab, the night-watch calls for the last time (at the break of day or at the close of a year); II. *tr.* 1) (*l. u.*) to resign; das Reich —, to resign the crown, to abdicate; 2) *a*) to dismiss, discharge, discard, to divest (of an office, &c.);

of the setting sun; —glöde, *f.* evening-bell, curfew (-bell); die —glöde läuten, to ring curfew; bei —glödeläuten ging die Natur zur Ruhe (*Reichert*, *Abendlied*), with sound of evening-bell sank Nature to repose; —glitz, *f.* the radiant glow of the setting sun; —glanz, *m.* the golden appearance of the setting sun, *cf.* —glanz; —gottesdienst, *m.* evening-service, evening-worship; —göttin, *f.* goddess of night; —grau, *n.* (*Wald*, *poet.*) a slight shiver or tremor excited by the chill of the evening; —haube, *f.* cap of women used in the evening, night-cap (*cf.* Nachthaube); —hauch, *m.* evening-breeze; —heile, *f.* (*Matthiasen*) brightness of the setting sun; —himmel, *m.* evening-sky; —jagd, *f.* Sport, a chase in the evening by torch-light; bat-fowling; —jäger, *m.* bat-fowler; —imbiß, *m.* evening-meal, supper; —läster, *m.* a beetle which flies about in the evening; da wolle ichs zum Strichhof, no die —läster summten, then Tom went to the churchyard where evening-beetles hummed; —klar, *adj.* clear as the atmosphere generally appears in the evening; —leß, *f.* evening-meal, supper; —leste, *m.* a circle (of friends, &c.) meeting in the evening; —lichte, *f.* the coolness of evening; als ich nun endlich wieder still hielt, war es —lichte um mich her (*De la Motte-Fouquet*, *Undine*, 38), when at length I stopped again, the coolness of evening had closed in around me; —Märzung, *f.* (*L. u.*) evening-pastime.

W'endland, (*str.*, *pl.* W'-länder) *n.* western country or region, occident, west (Occident).

W'endländer, *m.* inhabitant of a western occidental country (Occidentale), *pl.* western or occidental people, nations.

W'endländisch, *adj.* belonging or referring to a western country, occidental (occidentalis), westerly, western, *hesperian; das a-e (w'endländische) Reichthum or Reich, the western (or lower) empire; die a-e Kirche, the church of the west (*i. e.* the Roman Catholic church, *opp.* morgenländische Kirche); a-e Literatur, western literature; der a-e Fährte, *W'ener*, turkulo mineral.

W'end..., *in comp.* —landschaft, *f.* evening-landscape; —lärm, *m.* noise occasioned by the occupations of the evening; das Dorf war voll gedäuschten —lärm (*Jean Paul*), the village was full of the bustle and noise of the evening; —laube, *f.* evening-bower (*Höflich*: noch schmedet in der —laube der Fuß auf einen rothen Stund); —lauten, —läuten, *n.* (—ge-läut) the ringing of evening-bells; chiming the evening-hymn; *Rom. Cath.* the sounding the bell of St. Angelus, Ave-Maria.

W'endlich, *I. adj.* 1) happening in the evening, belonging or pertaining to the evening, vespertine; der a-e Schmaus, evening-feast, *see* Abend-schmaus; wie a-e Glänzen (*Matthiasen*), like the glistening of sun-set; der Minister nahm den Hauptmann und dessen Kamdienermittel des a-en Spiels gültig auf, the minister kindly received the captain and his bill of the play to be performed in the evening; in den a-en Gärten ging die Gräfin Julia (*Ulland*: a peculiar kind of grammatical attraction for —ging die Gräfin Julia in den Gärten), Countess Julia walked in her darkling gardens; 2) western, occidental: II. *adv.* (*L. u.*) 1) in the evening, *cf.* W'end; —ver-welste er einigemal mit Frau von Staël bei mir (*Göthe*), he spent several evenings at my house with Madame de Staël; 2) westerly, occidentally.

W'end..., *in comp.* —licht, *n.* 1) evening-light: a) the light of waning day; b) (*Optik* &c.) *L. u.* for —fern; 2) Meteor. zodiacal light; 3) Conch. shell of the *Tellina vari*; —lieb, *m.* evening-song (a song or hymn for the evening); —luft, *f.* evening-air; night-

air; night-damp, damp of the evening; —löffchen, *n.* (*dimin.* of the preceding word) evening-brooze; —löffchen im garten Laube flüstern (*Matthiasen*, *Adelaide*), evening's zephyrus whisper in tender leaves; —luft, *f.* 1) (or —luft-barkeit, *f.* evening-entertainment; 2) in some towns a place of public resort frequented in the evening.

W'endmahl, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* W'-mahl) *n.* 1) evening-repast, evening-meal, supper (*addom used in prose where Abendessen is employed*); 2) (das heilige —, * der Tisch des Herrn, das Nachtmahl) Church the Lord's supper, (holy) eucharist, the communion; zum W-e gehen, das empfangen or genießen, to attend (or to partake of) the Lord's supper, to receive the communion, to communicate (communiciren); (Einem) das — reichen, austheilen, to administer the sacrament (of the Lord's supper); II. *in comp.* W'-sticht, *m.* Church host, consecrated wafer; W'-selemente, *n. pl.* Church the elements of the Lord's supper, bread and wine as the emblems of the flesh and blood of Jesus Christ; W'-sticht, *f.* Church communion-service, *cf.* W'-gottesdienst, celebration of the Lord's supper; W'-sgänger, W'-gast, W'-genuss, *m.* one who communes at the Lord's table, one who partakes (with others) of the Lord's supper, communicant; W'-gebet, *m.* communion prayer; W'-gericht, *n.* W'-probe, *f.* (*Lat. Judicium S. Comm. or S. Eucharistia*) Archæol. a species of trial or ordeal, consisting of a consecrated wafer to be swallowed by the suspected party; if guilty, immediate suffocation was believed to ensue; if no such effect took place, the innocence of the accused was supposed to be established; W'-gottesdienst, *m.* communion-service, *Rom. Cath.* mass (Messe); W'-stisch, *m.* communion-cup, chalice; W'-stisch, *m.* communion-hymn; W'-sprüche, *f.* trial by partaking of the Lord's supper, *see* W'-gericht; W'-stisch, *m.* Church communion-table, the Lord's table; W'-wein, *m.* sacrament wine.

W'end..., *in comp.* —mahlzeit, *f.* (*a more select word than —essen*) evening-meal, supper; —mahlzeit heißen, to take supper, to sup; —markt, *m.* a market held in the evening; —meer, *n.* * the Western (*i. e.* Atlantic) ocean; —messe, mette, *f.* *Rom. Cath.* evening-mass, vespers; —musik, *f.* night music, serenade; —nebel, *m.* night-damp, evening-mist, damp of the evening; —opfer, *n.* 1) Jewish *Rah* evening sacrifice; 2) *Ag.* evening-offering, evening-prayer; —ort, *m.* *Min.* a shaft having a westerly direction: —pfennange, *Antom.* eyed hawk-moth (*Nacht-pfennange*); —pfistchen, *n.* (*dimin.* of —pfist) pipe smoked in the evening (*Voss*); —plätzchen, (*dimin.* of —platz) favorite seat in the evening; hier wurde das —plätzchen der guten Mutter bezeichnet, no eine herrliche Buche u. *f. m.* (*Göthe*), here the favorite evening-seat of our good mother was marked, where a magnificent beach &c.; —pracht, *f.* splendor or radiance of the setting sun; —pre-digt, *f.* evening-sermon; —promenade, *f.* evening-promenade, evening-walk; —punkt, *m.* Astr. (*Nit.* west-point) the true West; —rauch, *m.* damp of the evening, night-vapours; —regen, *m.* evening-rain, evening-shower; —reigen, —reihen, *m.* * evening-round (—tan); —röth, *n.* (*a more ancient word than —röthe*, *Grimm*) 1) evening-red; das —röth erhellte den Himmel, the purple glory of the evening lighted up the sky; den königlichen Purpur legt das —röth auf ihn (*Anastasia Grün*), a glorious sun set invests him (*i. e.* the beggar) with the royal purple; da schimmern in —röth Strahlen | von ferne die Zinnen von Syracus (*Schiller*, *Bürgschaft*), here, reddening in the evening | sun, from far, the domes of Syracuse! (*Bulwer*); —röth gut Wetter bot (according to others gut Wetterbot, a harbinger

of good weather), *proverb*, *emal* an evening red (and a morning gray) is a sign of a fair day; 2) *Ag.* & * the close of life; der Stüb-heit leichte Bläue begründ das —röth (*Matthiasen*), the close of day (*i. e.* a death) deduces the light designs of childhood; —röth, *adj.* red as the skies towards evening; —röthe, *f.* 1) evening-red, evening-sky; 2) *Ag.* the evening (of life, &c.), (a glorious) sun set; 3) *Entom.* *Lampyrus sanguinea* L.; —ruf, *m.* evening-call, nightly call, night-call; —ruhe, *f.* the quiet of the evening, evening-rest.

W'endst, *adv.* in the evening; heute —, gestern —, *see* heute, gestern Abend in Abend.

W'end..., *in comp.* —schatten, *m.* evening-shadow; im Rissen —schatten ruhen (*Göthe*), resting in the quiet shadow of evening; —schauer, *m.* the coolness of evening after sun set, exciting a slight tremor; —schein, *m.* 1) (—röthe, —dämmerung) brightness of the setting sun, evening-red; evening-twilight; 2) moonshine until midnight; 3) zodiacal light before midnight; 4) *Ag.* * end of life (*Matthiasen*), *cf.* —röth, 2.; —schicht, *f.* *Min.* night-tack (*Nacht-schicht*); *derivation*: —schichter, *m.* *Min.* a miner who works in the night (*opp.* Tag-schicht); —schimmer, *m.* *see* —schein; —schmaus, *m.* evening-feast, evening-entertainment or banquet; —setzen, *m.* evening-prayer (—gebet); —schraute, *f.* an indistinct yearning excited by the stillness of the evening (*Schäfer*); —seite, *f.* west-side, western aspect; —sensation, *f.* evening-session; —senne, *f.* 1) the setting sun; * evening-sun (*Bulwer*); 2) the light of the setting sun (bei der —senne sah ich den Rheinfall, *Göthe*); milder als —sonnenbild (*Matthiasen*), milder than the gleam of the setting sun; betraute wie in —sonnenlicht die grünenebenen Hüften schimmern (*Göthe*, *Faust*), look how the green-ambosomed cottages kindle in the blaze of the setting sun; im zitternden —sonnenlicht umging mich eine idyllische Rand-schicht (*Schöckbe*), an idyllic country surrounded me in the trembling light of the setting sun; das schmelzeth Ring' um Berg so froh, wie —sonnenstrahl (*Bürger*), it gladdens eye and heart like ray of setting sun; —sonnen-schein, *m.* evening sunshine (*H. Heine*, &c.); —sonnig, *adj.* illuminated by the setting sun, bright in the evening-sun; —spaziergang, *m.* evening-walk; —speise, *f.* such food as is taken in the evening, easily digestive food; —spiel, *n.* game which is played in the evening, evening-relaxation; —stübchen, *n.* night music, serenade (*cf.* Stübchen); —stern, *n.* 1) evening-star, Vesper, Venus; 2) *provinc.* glow-worm (*Stehmannsturm*); —stille, *f.* evening-quiet, calm of the evening; —stilsand, *m.* Astr. evening- (*i. e.* western) station; —stöß, *m.* *Min.* the western side of a mine or pit; —strahl, *m.* ray of the setting sun (*Bürger*, &c. for —sonnenstrahl); —stunde, *f.* evening-hour, * vespertine hour; —suppe, *f.* soup taken in the evening, supper (*sometimes used instead of —essen*); —tisch, *f.* supper-table; evening-meal (used in devoted style, as —tisch in familiar language); —tan, *m.* (*L. u.*) evening-dance, ball (*Hans Sachs*, &c.); —thau, *m.* evening-dew, night-dew; —thor, *m.* * & *Nyct.* evening-gate through which the car of Phobus passes (*opp.* Morgen-thor); —tisch, *m.* supper-table; supper, evening-meal; ich habe den —tisch bei ihm, I sup with him regularly; —traut, *m.* evening-draught; —uhr, *f.* a sun-dial with its face towards the west, indicating only the hours of the afternoon; —unterhaltung, *f.* evening-entertainment, evening-amusement, evening-diversion; —versammlung, *f.* evening-meeting; —vögel, *m.* 1) night-bird; 2) *Entom.* *see* —falter; —wöl, *m.* (*obsolescent*) western nation; —würst, *adv.* to the west, westward, westwardly; —wöl-

come a sloping direction, to incline, subside, see *sch* Absacken; ein Haus mit steil a-bem Dache, a steeply pitched house; *sch* a-b, sloping down abruptly, abrupt (*cf.* Abschlüßig & Abschlüßig); fast a-e Eschultern, sloping shoulders; *sch* a-e mit Bäumen bespangte Anlagen, steeply sloping wooded grounds; 4) a) to fall off, to deviate or depart from a certain direction: der Gang fällt ab, *Min.* the load takes another direction; *Mar.-s.* b) to cast (when the anchor is first loosened); c) to pay off, to sag (or fall) to the leeward; fall ab! ease the helm! 5) a) to diminish (in value, &c.), to decrease; b) to decay, to fall away (to lose flesh), to tabify; c) to diminish in intensity, to decrease (as a sound, a colour, &c.); 6) to fall off (desert from a party, &c.) (*cf.* Abtrünnig werden); ein Theil dieser Partei wird — und mit den Whigs verdingelt, a portion of this party will fly off and become incorporated with the Whigs; von Einem —, to fall from one; vom Glauben —, to fall off, to apostatize or to revolt from the faith; von Gott —, to turn recreant to God; 7) (mit einer Sache) fallen: to get a rebuff, &c. *cf.* Absahren, 2, c.; Einen — lassen, to leave in the lurch, &c., to give one a set-down, &c. see Abfertigen; 8) to contrast strongly; 9) coll. to yield profit; davon fällt nicht viel ab, it is an unprofitable business; 10) † to slip or escape one's memory, see Entfallen; II. *refl.* sich (Dat.) etwas —, to break (off) in or by falling (*cf.* Abspringen).

Abfallen, v. s. (str.) n. the act of falling down, off, &c. (*cf.* the verb Absinken); fall. **Abfellen, p. a.** falling off, &c. *cf.* Abfallen, v.; Bot.-s. leicht —, deciduous; nicht —, indeciduous.

Abfällig, adj. 1) falling off; 2) liable to falling off; 3) declivous, sloping, shelving; 4) decaying; 5) (*either with von or [less usual] the simple Dat.*, *syn.* Abtrünnig) deserting, revolting (from); der Teufel bracht sie (Eva) zu Fall, daß sie von Gott — ward (*Luther*), the Devil seduced her that she turned recreant to God; 6) disapproving, denying, dissenting: — bezeichnen, to give a refusal to **Abfälligkeit, (w.) f.** 1) declivity, fall; 2) *fig.* a falling off or away, defection, apostasy (*Abtrünnigkeit*).

Abfäll, s. comp. T.-s. —ütte, f. waste-board; —röhre, f. waste-pipe, conduit-pipe. **Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr.** 1) *Tann.* to cleanse with the shaving knife (*syn.* Abwaschen, Absteifen); 2) *Johs.* to groove. **Abfangen, (str.) v. tr.** 1) to intercept, (Einen etwas) to catch, snatch (something from one); er fing dem Nachbar die Tauben ab, he caught his neighbour's pigeons; 2) *Min.* den Sand or Einspurz drohendes Gestein mit Balken —, to support a pit, &c. by beams and props, to prop; 3) *Dik.* to turn off (a water-course); 4) *Sport.* to kill, to stab (a stag, &c.) with the hunting-knife.

Abfärben, (w.) v. I. intr. to lose colour, to stain, not to stand in the grain: ein Mantel entfärbt, abgefärbt und ausgebleicht (*Wieland*), a threadbare, discoloured and worn-out cloak; II. *tr.* 1) to give the proper dye or colour to ..., to dye, to colour (*also intr.* to finish dyeing); 2) *fig.* wenn sie essen, werb' ich die übrigen Gäste — (*Jean Paul*), I shall represent the rest of the guests in their true colours, when they dine.

Abfärbig, adj. liable to lose colour or to stain.

Abfätern (Abfätseln), (w.) v. I. tr. to free from (or to take off the) fibres: Bohnen —, to string beans (*cf.* Abfätseln); II. *intr.* (aux. haben) & *refl.* to lose or part with fibres or filaments, to come off in fibres, to unravel.

Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr. (*according to Heyse and*

others, from *Ab* and the *Fr.* face) *Join.* to round off (sharp edges) by planing.

Abfassen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Sm.* to bend (a piece of iron); 2) *Sport.* to unwind, wind off, uncouple; 3) coll. to intercept, take up, arrest to take hold of; 4) a) to sort, to separate; b) *Comm.* to weigh out and pack up (articles) for retail; 5) (*particul.* schriftlich —) to compose, draw up, to put down (in writing), to write (in due form), to word (down), to write, to pen, to endite (an address, &c.); einen (officiellen) Bericht —, to draw up a return; schlecht abgefaßt, indifferently worded: in bündigen Ausdrücken abgefaßt, couched in concise terms.

Abfasser, (str.) m. 1) T. a maker up of packages (as in ribbon-factories, &c.), *cf.* Abfassen; 2) he that draws up any composition in writing, a writer, author, compiler (*different from Verfasser, author of any original composition, although both are sometimes used synonymously*).

Abfassung, (w.) f. 1) the act of composing, drawing up, writing, &c. *cf.* Abfassen; 2) composition, wording: die — der Evangelien, the composition of the gospels; die — dieses Vertrages, the wording of this treaty.

Abfasten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to atone for (a sin, &c.) by fasting; 2) to exhaust (*refl.* one's self) by fasting. *loff*, to purify and fall off.

Abfaulen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* sein) to rot **Abfäumen, (w.) v. tr.** (*Leaving, &c.*) see Abfäumen. *loff* (plants).

Abfätseln, (w.) v. tr. to strip off the sprouts **Abfächeln, (str.) v. I. tr.** to get by fighting; nachdem wir dieses Bösewicht den Eschen abgefaßten (*Schiller*), after we have taken this very Bohemia in battle from the Saxons; II. *refl.* to exhaust or weary one's self with fighting.

Abfäbern, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to strip of the feathers (a goose, &c.), to pluck; 2) *Sport.* to kill (a bird) by driving a quill into its brains; II. *intr.* to lose or to shed the feathers (*cf.* Maufen, III.).

Abfägen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sweep (or to wipe) off, to rub off; to cleanse by sweeping; den Stand von ... —, to dust; 2) ein Pferd segt den Kopf ab, *Sport.* a deer frays his head; 3) a-de Mittel, (*L. u.*) *Med.* cleansing medicines, abluents.

Abfätern, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to veer (*Abfätseln*, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to file off, to cut with a file; einen Nagel —, to file a nail; 2) to give the last finish to (an instrument, &c.) by filing; eine Klinge —, *Sword-cut.* to rub a blade; 3) *fig.* (*L. u.*) to cut off, to take away; was noch der Herr nicht abgefaßt (*Stobber*), what the frost has not yet nipped off.

Abfeilicht, (str.) n. file-dust (*cf.* Feilspäne). **Abfeilschapel, (w.) f.** great rasp (used in filing lead, &c.).

Abfeilschen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to beat down (a certain sum) from the price, to obtain (a certain reduction) by chaffering and higgling; 2) (Einen etwas) to get (something from one) by bargaining (*cf.* Abhandeln, I.).

Abfeimen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to clear off by skimming, to take off the foam or froth of (molten glass, &c.), to skim (off), to scum; 2) *fig.* (*L. u.*) to refine or intensify by removing impurities; *gener. used in the participle past:* abgefeimt, p. a. arrogant, crafty; ein abgefeimter Esel, an arch-roguer, an arrant knave (*cf.* ein Esel vom reinsten Daffel); abgefeimte Bosheit, concocted malice. **Abfeilen, (w.) v. tr.** to clear off, to refine (sugar, &c.).

Abfeuern, (w.) v. tr. coll. to chide or scold vehemently, to upbraid, rebuke (*cf.* Ausfeilen).

Abfertigen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to despatch,

to expedite, to clear off; b) to send (off), to forward; c) to dismiss, to send away; eine Estrichfasse —, to dispose of a case; eine nicht auf den ersten Anblick abzufertigende Frage, a question not to be disposed of at first sight; 2) (*fig.*) *fig.* to take (one) up short, to cut (one) short, to rebuff, to snub, to give (one) a set-down, to set (one) down; er wollte sich nicht — lassen, he was not to (or he would not) be rebuffed or put off.

Abfertiger, (str.) m. despatcher, &c.

Abfertigung, (w.) f. 1) a) the act of despatching, forwarding, &c.; despatch, expedition; b) dismissal; 2) *fig.* rebuff, (smart) repulse, a set-down.

Abfertigungsschein, (str.) m. *Comm.* declaration (entry) at the custom-house; permit.

Abfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to unsettle, to unchain, to unshackle.

Abfetten, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to take (or skim) off the fat, the grease of (soup, &c.); 2) *Cook.* to fatten (victuals); II. *intr.* to lose fat.

Abfeuchten, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to deprive of moisture, to dry; 2) (*cf.* *intr.*) to impart moisture, to moisten; II. *intr.* to lose moisture.

Abfeuern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fire, to fire off, to discharge; 2) (*gener. intr.*) *Smell.* to cease heating (or to cool) the furnaces.

Abfeuerung, (w.) f. the act of firing, &c. (*cf.* Abfeuern), discharge.

Abfeulen, (w.) v. tr. coll. 1) to scrape (a fiddle), to fiddle; 2) to separate or to wear out by rubbing; 3) *Medall.* to scum (ores).

Abfeuern, (w.) v. I. tr. *Glas.* to cut (or break) off the extremities of (glass); II. *intr.* see Abfeuern, II.

Abfiltrieren, (w.) v. tr. to pass through a filter, to percolate, to clear off by filtering, to filter (off).

Abfägen, (w.) v. tr. *only.* see Ausfeilen.

Abfinden, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to satisfy, to pay off (creditors, &c.); to portion, to make a settlement on (a daughter, &c.); abgefundene Sinder, portioned (off) children; abgefundene Prinzen, appanaged princes; 2) (*sometimes used with a slight degree of contempt*) Einen mit einer Summe it. —, to pay one off in order to get rid of him, to put one off with a (paltry) sum, &c. (*cf.* Abfeilen); II. *refl.* 1) (*L. u.*) to forego the habit of (drinking, &c.), see sich Abgemöhnen; 2) to settle, to agree (mit, with), to come to terms, to come to an agreement or understanding, to make an arrangement or compromise, to compound (with); er suchte sich mit (einem Gerichten) abzufinden, he tried to make a compromise with his conscience; 3) sich — (bei einem) für ..., to make an acknowledgment for

Abfinden, s. s. (str.) n. agreement, arrangement, understanding, compromise, terms; ein — treffen, to make an agreement, see sich Abfinden, II. 2. (*syn.* Abkommen).

Abfindung, (w.) f. the act of satisfying (claims of) others, &c. *cf.* sich Abfinden; appointment, allowance; composition (with creditors, &c.); agreement, compromise.

Abfindungs ..., in comp. —geld, —quantum, n. —summe, f. money or amount paid to get clear of all demands, sum of acquittance, sum of indemnity, composition.

Abfindern, (w.) v. tr. coll. 1) to count on the fingers (*syn.* an den Fingern abzählen); das läßt sich leicht —, it takes no great pains to find that out, it is as clear as can be; 2) (*used rather contemptuously*) to play over (a tune) with volubility of fingers.

Abfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Sm. &c.* to thin the edges of (iron, &c.) by beating (previous to welding); 2) *Tin.* to beat (tin) into corner-shape with the thin end (pinc) of a hammer.

Abfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) to clear (a pond) by fishing; *fig.-s.* 2) das Beste —, to take the

Abfütterung, (w.) f. 1) the feeding (of animals); 2) cont. & lud. (applied to grand banquets or ceremonial dinners) a general entertainment, anal. feeding, feed.

Abgabe, (w.) f. (from *Abgeben*) 1) delivery, deliverance; 2) tribute; duty; tax, custom; import; die direkten *Ab-n*, assessed taxes; 3) Comm. draft, bill (of exchange), assignment.

Abgäben, (w.) s. fr. (l.u.) to reach down, to remove, to take away with a fork.

Abgaben, ... in comp. —frei, *adj.* duty-free, exempt from taxes, unnumbered; —freiheit, *f.* exemption from taxes, immunity; —pächter, *m. Nation.* Econ. farmer of the revenues; —wesen, *n.* system or state of the imports or taxes.

Abgären, (str.) v. *intr.* to ferment sufficiently.

Abgang, (str., pl. *Abgänge*) m. (from *Abgehen*) 1) a) the act of going off, riding off, setting out, departure, starting; b) *Theat.* exit, the act of going off the stage; *Ab-g* c) departure, the going out of office, &c., resignation; —nehmen, among *Miners*, to leave the pit, to cease to work; der — (eines Schauspieler's) von der Bühne, retirement from the stage; d) removal (from the present life), decease, death; extinction (of a family, &c.); *Abg.* exit; 2) a) *Med.* emission, evacuation; flux, oozing, or loss (of blood, wine, mucus, &c.); b) a passing out, issue; eine Öffnung zum *Ab*-des Rauches, an aperture for the escape of smoke; 3) Comm.-a. sale (of goods), market, draft, run; der gute —, saleableness, run; ein *Abgänger* —, a quick (and short) return; —haben, to sell (well, &c.); guten (schlechten) — haben or finden, to meet with a ready sale or market, to have a quick draft, to sell well, *coll.* to run or go off readily or easily; (schlechten or langsame) — haben, to go off heavily, to be (or lie) heavy on hand; feinen — finden, to find no purchasers, to be dull of sale; 4) (*particul. pl. Abgänge*) a) waste, shreds; worthless remains; refuse; chips, chippings, clippings, shavings, scrapings, filings (*cf. Abfälle*); b) spill-water; c) *Typ.* waste-paper; d) *Min.* worn out tools; 5) *Med.* abortion, miscarriage; *Ab-g* 6) a) departure; deviation; b) desuetude; in — kommen, to go out of fashion; man hat es in — gebracht, it has been done away with, abolished; 7) a) deduction (*see Abzug*); b) diminution; decrease, decline; c) want; loss; deficiency (in the weight, &c.), defect; d) *Min.* loss of ores or metal in smelting, &c.; in — kommen, (of a mine) to cease to be workable, to be abandoned; in — kommen, to be lost, to cease to exist; in — der Nahrung kommen, to lose customers.

Abgängig, *adj.* 1) going off, departing, &c. *cf. Abgehen*; 2) *Med.* excremental; 3) Comm. merchantable, sal(e)able, vendible; *Ab-g* 4) deficient, wanting; 5) a) worn out (as clothes, &c.), cast off; b) wasted and worn out with age, decrepit; c) declining; d) *provinc.* out of fashion.

Abgängling, (str.) m. **Abgängel**, (str.) n. 1) waste, refuse, see *Abgang* (*Abgänge*) 6; 2) *Med.* abortion.

Abgangs, ... in comp. —bampf, *m. Mech.* dead steam; —haus, *n.* in *Sugarplantations* a house in which the cane-trash is dried in order to serve as fuel; —loch, *n.* a hole in the bottom of bee-hives, through which the bees remove impurities and dead bees; —rechnung, *f.* Comm. *acc.* tare account; —zeit, *f.* time of departure; —zeugnis, *n.* a testimonial given to a pupil &c. on leaving school; —zinn, *n. Min.* tin-ore of inferior quality which has separated from the better ore in washing.

Abgären, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Abgerben*.

Abgäßen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease foaming or fermenting. [wood (a garden, &c.).]

Abgäten, (w.) s. fr. to clear of weeds, to

Abgattern, (w.) s. fr. (Einem etwas) to get (something) out of ...

Abgaufeln, (w.) v. fr. (Einem etwas) to obtain (something from one) by juggling, to deprive (one) of (a thing) by juggling.

Abgaunern, (w.) s. fr. (Einem etwas) to swindle (one) out of (a thing).

Abgeben, p. a. see *Abbadra*.

Abgeben, (str.) v. l. fr. 1) to give (away); to deliver; to hand; to make over; ich habe ein Paket an ihn abgegeben, I have a packet to deliver to him; er hatte Auftrag des Briefschreibers abzugeben, he had instruction merely to leave the note; das Gebirge —, *Min.* to submit to a mining officer (for examination) the work which was undertaken by contract (*cf. Gebirge*); Zölle —, to pay duties; abgeben bei ..., (on the directions of letters: to the) care of ...; 2) (*syn.* Aufgeben, Niederlegen) to give up, to hand over, to quit, to part with, to resign (an office, &c.); 3) Comm. a) (eine Summe, einen Wechsel &c. auf Einen) to value (a sum), to draw (a bill), to pass (a draft upon one); b) to sell, to negotiate; 4) Einem etwas —, a) to hit one a blow; b) *fig.* to give one a cutting reply, &c.; to hit one hard, to give it him, to cut one up, to lash, scold, abuse; Möje gibt ihm immer noch ab, wie er's verdient (*Götze*), R. every now and then gives him a set-down as he deserves; es wird etwas —, *fam.* we are likely to have some rain or any sudden, unexpected, *particul.* disagreeable occurrence, such as vexation, &c.; 5) *Comm.* (*also intr.*) to finish dealing, to deal for the last time; *Ab-g* 6) to give (an opinion, &c.); eine Erklärung —, to make a declaration or statement; wenn ich ein Urtheil (eine Meinung) über (with *Acc.*) — fäll, if I am to pass judgment (if I may presume to offer an opinion) upon (on); Zugut —, to bear witness; 7) a) to be good (or fit) for ...; kann er einen Courier —? is he fit for a courier? er würde einen guten Soldaten —, he would make a good soldier; b) to act or serve as ...; die Mittelsperson —, to act as mediator, to stand between; einen Kärren —, to play the fool; einen Beweis —, to establish a proof, to stand in proof; er gab einen Professor zu Leipzig ab, er gab zu Kronweihenburg einen Apotheker ab (&c. — Köcher), he was a professor at Leipzig, he was an apothecary at K.; einen Punkt —, *Min.* to determine the situation of a point in or near a mine (*sometimes used as an intransitive*); II. *refl.* (with *mit*) 1) to deal (in or with), to concern or occupy one's self with, to engage one's self in; sich mit Einem —, to have intercourse, to have or keep company (*in an ill sense* to meddle) with one; er verkennt die Gegenstände, mit denen sich die Philosophie — fasset, he mistakes the objects with which philosophy ought to be concerned; 2) (*in this sense* [*l. u.*] *syn.* with *auf* ... *Abgehen*) to addict one's self to, to aim at, to be bent on ...; (damit *is sometimes omitted*); eine Kärren, die sich abgibt gelehrte zu sein (*Götze*), a fool who sets up for a learned woman.

Abgeben, (str.) v. *intr.* to ferment sufficiently.

Abgeben, (str.) v. l. fr. 1) to give (away); to deliver; to hand; to make over; ich habe ein Paket an ihn abgegeben, I have a packet to deliver to him; er hatte Auftrag des Briefschreibers abzugeben, he had instruction merely to leave the note; das Gebirge —, *Min.* to submit to a mining officer (for examination) the work which was undertaken by contract (*cf. Gebirge*); Zölle —, to pay duties; abgeben bei ..., (on the directions of letters: to the) care of ...; 2) (*syn.* Aufgeben, Niederlegen) to give up, to hand over, to quit, to part with, to resign (an office, &c.); 3) Comm. a) (eine Summe, einen Wechsel &c. auf Einen) to value (a sum), to draw (a bill), to pass (a draft upon one); b) to sell, to negotiate; 4) Einem etwas —, a) to hit one a blow; b) *fig.* to give one a cutting reply, &c.; to hit one hard, to give it him, to cut one up, to lash, scold, abuse; Möje gibt ihm immer noch ab, wie er's verdient (*Götze*), R. every now and then gives him a set-down as he deserves; es wird etwas —, *fam.* we are likely to have some rain or any sudden, unexpected, *particul.* disagreeable occurrence, such as vexation, &c.; 5) *Comm.* (*also intr.*) to finish dealing, to deal for the last time; *Ab-g* 6) to give (an opinion, &c.); eine Erklärung —, to make a declaration or statement; wenn ich ein Urtheil (eine Meinung) über (with *Acc.*) — fäll, if I am to pass judgment (if I may presume to offer an opinion) upon (on); Zugut —, to bear witness; 7) a) to be good (or fit) for ...; kann er einen Courier —? is he fit for a courier? er würde einen guten Soldaten —, he would make a good soldier; b) to act or serve as ...; die Mittelsperson —, to act as mediator, to stand between; einen Kärren —, to play the fool; einen Beweis —, to establish a proof, to stand in proof; er gab einen Professor zu Leipzig ab, er gab zu Kronweihenburg einen Apotheker ab (&c. — Köcher), he was a professor at Leipzig, he was an apothecary at K.; einen Punkt —, *Min.* to determine the situation of a point in or near a mine (*sometimes used as an intransitive*); II. *refl.* (with *mit*) 1) to deal (in or with), to concern or occupy one's self with, to engage one's self in; sich mit Einem —, to have intercourse, to have or keep company (*in an ill sense* to meddle) with one; er verkennt die Gegenstände, mit denen sich die Philosophie — fasset, he mistakes the objects with which philosophy ought to be concerned; 2) (*in this sense* [*l. u.*] *syn.* with *auf* ... *Abgehen*) to addict one's self to, to aim at, to be bent on ...; (damit *is sometimes omitted*); eine Kärren, die sich abgibt gelehrte zu sein (*Götze*), a fool who sets up for a learned woman.

Abgeber, (str.) m. Comm. seller, one who offers for sale.

Abgebäude, (str.) n. *Corp.* frame-work, timber-work (of a wooden &c. building).

Abgeissen, p. a. (from *Abbeißen*) *Bot.* promorse, end-bitten, truncated.

Abgesliffen, p. a. (from *Abbläthen*) *Bot.* denudate.

Abgesogen, p. a. (from *Abbiegen*) *Nat.* (*particul. Bot.*) declined.

Abgeböt, (str.) n. (from *Abbießen*) 1) the act of proclaiming from the pulpit, &c. see *Abgebot*; 2) a higher bid (at public sales), out bidding.

Abgebraunt, p. a. 1) burnt off, &c.; 2)

burnt out; der *Ab-g*, s. one who has suffered damage by fire, *cf. Abbrachen*, 3.

Abgebrochen, l. p. a. (from *Abbrechen*) 1) *lit.* & *fig.* broken, (*also Bot.*) abrupt; 2) *Mus.* (*Ital.*) *tranco*; 3) *fig.* interrupted, *adv.* startlingly; — gefleht, *Bot.* abruptly pinnated; a-c *Worte*, disjointed or broken words; a-c *Geüßer*, broken sighs; II. *W-heit*, (w.) *f.* abruptness.

Abgebung, (w.) *f.* the act of giving (away), &c. *cf. Abgeben*; delivery, &c. see *Abgabe*.

Abgekreist, p. a. *fig.* punctual or exact to excess, punctilious, precise, formal, nice.

Abgekracht, p. a. *trite*, hackneyed, common-place, trivial; a-c *Wortarten*, hackneyed phrases; eine a-c *Matric*, a beaten subject.

Abgekrachtenheit, (w.) *f.* triteness, (*He-welt*); commonplaceness.

Abgekracht, *adj.* *fig.* *abgekracht*, l. p. a. see *Abkrachen*; II. *W-heit*, (w.) *f.* craftiness.

Abgekracht, p. a. (from *Abkrachen*) *Herold.* coupé, out close (of the head or limbs of animals, &c.).

Abgehen, (str.) v. l. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to go down, see *Abnähmen*, which is now generally used in this sense; b) to go away, to walk off, to go out; *Theat.* a. von der Bühne —, to go off the stage, *coll.* to make one's exit; (*Stage-directions*) Faust geht ab, exit Faust; Faust und Mephistopheles gehen ab, exiit Faust and Mephistopheles; Alle gehen ab, exiit omnes, all go out; c) *aa)* to go or set out, to start, depart; eine Post geht hier um elf Uhr ab, one post here goes out at eleven o'clock; der (Dampfmaschinen-)Zug geht um zwölf ab, the train starts at twelve; der a-be Zug, the departing train; *bb)* to go off, to be sent off, despatched or forwarded (as goods, &c.); — lassen, to expedite, to forward, to despatch; 2) to branch off (as a road, &c.), to turn off or aside; 3) to come off (*in German* *Abkommen* is not used in this sense, *cf. Kommen*); to give way, to wear off; das Rad ging ab, the wheel came off; die Farbe geht ab, the colour comes off; dieje Pflanzen gehen nicht vom Stenke ab, these plants do not detach themselves from their kernels; ein Gefäß, welcher abgegangen war, a hook that had come away; er riß in stark am Ringelzug, das der-felbe vom Draht abging, he gave such a jerk to the bell-rope that it came away from the wire; 4) a) *Med.* to pass, to be emitted or evacuated; es gingen ihm Würmer ab, he voided worms; die Selbstfrucht ging ihr ab, she miscarried, she had a *fausse-couche*; b) to pass off (as vapour, &c.); der a-be Dampf, dead steam, see *Abgangsdampf*; 5) a) to go off (as a gun, &c.), see *Abgehen*, which is more usual in this sense; b) to go out, to become extinct (as fire); c) *fig.* to have a certain issue, to end, see *Ablaufen*; 6) Comm. gut —, (schlecht —, (of commodities) to sell (well, &c.), to go or run off readily, to go off heavily, &c. see *Abgang*, 2.; gut a-b, saleable; 7) a) Comm. &c. to be abated, deducted, discounted; hiervon geht ab, discount (of ...); etwas (von seiner Herrschaft &c.) — lassen, to allow or yield some abatement; die einzelnen Biennige sollten —, the odd pennies ought to be abated; ich laße keinen Heller davon —, I would not take one farthing of it; b) to be wanting; es gehen mir fünf Thaler ab, I want or I miss five dollars; ich fühle nur zu sehr, daß mir ein Mann dieser Art abgeht (*Götze*), I feel but too keenly that a man of this description is wanting to me; natürlicher Verstand geht ihm nicht ab, he does not want for natural understanding; es geht ihm alles Gefühl für Schicklichkeit ab, he is lost to every sense of propriety; es ging auch diesmal der Unternehmung nichts ab, again this time the entertainment was not wanting in anything; es soll ihr nichts —, she

shall want for nothing; er läßt sich nichts —, he does not deny himself anything; he indulges every enjoyment; *Ag-s. 8) (formerly often used without any addition, or with the Gen. Todes, or tödtlich, or mit Tode; was has now generally decided for the phrase, mit Tode —) to depart this life, to debase, to die; G. F. S. geboren Berlin 1718, abgegangen beiseits 1775 (Götze), G. F. S. born at Berlin, 1718, died at the same place, 1775; wenn das innere Wort einer Lanze verdirbt, geht der Baum bald ab (Zachke), when the pith and marrow of a tree decays, the tree soon dies: 9) a) to go out of office, to leave school, a situation, &c., to retire (von der Bühne, from the stage, &c.), to resign; b) to secede (von, from), to withdraw (from a party), to retire; von ... —, to leave ...; 10) a) (Wiesland, &c.) to depart, to deviate (from), to differ (from), = Abweichen; b) to digress, to go (from one's subject, &c.); Sie gehen von der Sache ab, you turn off from the subject; to swerve, to wander (from the path of duty, &c.); davon kann ich nicht —, I cannot depart from this resolution, I must insist upon it; II. *tr. 1) a) to wear off or out by walking; (sich) (Dat.)* die Absätze von den Schuhen —, to wear off the heels of one's shoes by walking; b) *refl.* to exhaust one's self by walking; to grow tired with walking; 2) to measure by steps; einen Strich —, to walk or stalk round in a circle.*

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. tr. conf.* to play off (a tune, &c.) on a fiddle, to fiddle away.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to take off with the scourge; 2) to scourge (whip, flog) soundly.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. tr. fam.* (Einen etwas) to get by avarice from; *sich (Dat.) etwas —*, to starve one's self by avarice, to pinch or stint one's self in ...; *cf.* Abbarren.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *a. collative, see* Abbarren.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. (l. u.)* worn out, exhausted, debilitated by grief or mortification.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. 1)* abbreviated, &c. *see* Abkürzen; compendious; 2) *Bot. short; 3) a) Geom. & Astr. curtate; b) Geom. (syn. Abgeschnitten)* truncated (as a cone, &c.); *der a-e Regel*, truncated cone; *die a-e Pyramide*, truncated pyramid (whose vertex is cut off parallel to the base); 4) *Herald. coupé*.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. inr. (aux. haben)* to lose the yellow colour.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. 1) lit. & Ag. decrepitate*: worn with age; 2) debilitated by excesses: decayed, faded; 3) deceased, *see* Verstorben; 4) *Ag. obsolete*, gone out of use.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. decrepitude*, last stage of decay, old age, infirmity.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. Herald. coupé*, detached so as not to touch the edges of the shield.

Ab'gerien, *l. p. p. see* Ablegen; *II. adj. remote*, distant, out of the way; sequestered, retired, solitary (*syn. Entlegen, &c.*); ein a-e Dorf, a retired village; *der a-e Spaziergang*, by-walk.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. remoteness*, distance; sequestered or retired situation, solitariness.

† **Ab'geriet**, *p. a. (seems to be corrupted from the HEG. abelip, lifeless, since a verb Ab'gerien does not occur)* exanimate, inanimate, lifeless, deceased.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. Gramm., Mus. &c. derivative*, transmissive, secondary; *das a-e Wort*, derivative.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. tr. to renounce solemnly (Kussen).*

† **Ab'gerien**, (*adv.*) *v. tr. (Einen etwas)* to purchase (something from one), to requite (one for).

Ab'geriet, *p. a. emaciated* (d).

Ab'geriet, *l. adj. Ag. measured*, exact,

precise; formal, over-nice; *II. Ab'heit, (w.) f. exactness*, preciseness, precision, precise measure, regularity, formality.

Ab'geriet, *adj. (from Abreigen) 1) (l. u.) inclined*, tending downwards, sloping; 2) *Math. & Bot. divergent; 3) Ag. a) (with Dat., sometimes with von, rarely with von) disinclined (from), indisposed, averse (to), unwilling, reluctant, loath; nicht — (as it were sich nicht scheuen)* vor ungerechtem Gewinn (Scheller, unusual), not averse to unrighteous lucre; *b) (with Dat.) alienated* (from a person), indisposed (towards), disaffectionate, unfavourable, unfriendly (to); — machen, to disincline, indispose, to render averse, to alienate (Einen eine Sache (Dat.), one from ...); *der Stolz und die Selbstsucht der Menschen macht sie religiösen Pflichten —*, the pride and selfishness of men indisposes them to religious duties.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. 1) aversion*, unwillingness; disinclination, indisposedness, indisposition; 2) disaffection, alienation (from); *die — der Menschen, sich strenger Zucht zu unterwerfen*, the indisposition of men to submit to severe discipline.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *v. tr. Hunt. to stab* (a stag, &c.) in the nape of the neck, to give the finishing stroke to ...

Ab'geriet, *p. a. 1) worn out*, stale, decayed; threadbare; 2) *Ag. used up*, worn out, trite, hackneyed (Abgedroschen).

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. 1) state of being much worn*, or worn out, stirliness, thread-bareness, staleness; 2) *Ag. triteness*.

Ab'geriet, (*adv. like adj.*) *m. deputy*, legate, delegate, commissary; *das preussische Ab'haus*, the Prussian chamber of deputies.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. mod. deputa-* tion, delegation (*syn. Deputation*).

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1) Tann. a)* to take off by tanning; *b)* to tan sufficiently; 2) *Ag. vulg.* to outdo, drub, curry soundly.

Ab'geriet, *pp. (from Abrechnen) exclusive (of)*, without regard to ..., setting aside, save, except, *cf. Abgehen von ...; alles übrige —, deducting or setting aside all the rest.*

Ab'geriet, *coll. Ab'geriet (Rückert, &c.), pp. cf. Abrechnen, which see.*

Ab'gerien, *p. a. (from Abrechnen) practised*, artful, cunning, *see* Gerieben &c.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. T. of a certain (fine or bad) construction of ribs; ein gut a-tes Pferd, Blatt &c., a nicely ribbed horse, leaf, &c.*

Ab'gerien, *l. p. a. 1) torn off*, &c. *see* Abreissen; 2) *Herald. erased; 3) demolished*, out of repair; 4) clothed in rags, ragged, &c.; 5) abrupt; *II. Ab'heit, (w.) f. 1) raggedness, &c.; 2) abruptness.*

Ab'geriet, *m. & f. (adv. like adj.) messenger; deputy, delegate; ambassador, see* Gesandte; *der geistliche —, missionary.*

Ab'geriet, (*adv. pl. Ab'geriet*) *m. 1) among the Master-Singers, the stanza or verse which follows the strophe and antistrophe (the Stollen), concluding verse; 2) a short, comprehensive prayer chanted together with other parts of the service, collect (Collect, &c.).*

Ab'geriet, *p. a. threadbare, shabby.*

Ab'gerien, *p. a. (from Abgehen) 1) a) separate; b) retired (von, from), deceased; secluded, secret; 2) expired, departed, dead; ein A-er, a departed one; die A-en, the deceased, the dead; das Geheiß einer lieben A-en (Wieland), the ghost of a dear departed friend.*

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. retirement*, seclusion.

Ab'gerien, *p. p. & a. 1) struck or beaten off*, &c. *cf. Abgehen; 2) knocked up*, worn out, fatigued (Verdrägen); 3) *Ag. practised*, cunning, crafty.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. worn out state of the body*, utter fatigue of the limbs.

Ab'gerien, *p. a. (from Abgehen) 1) Vet. ground off*, &c. *cf. Abgehen; 2. having lost the bean or mark (of horses which generally lose the black stain on their teeth in the eighth year of their age); 3) Ag. polished, refined, polite.*

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. Ag. polish*, refinement, politeness, elegance of manners.

Ab'gerien, *p. a. 1) shut up*, &c. *see* Abgeschlossen; *Ag-s. 2) secluded*, unknown; 3) exclusive.

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. 1) seclusion, &c.; Ab'geriet, l. a. (adv.) m. (l. u.) lit. & Ag. insipid taste*, insipidity, *cf. Abgeschmacktheit; II. adj. 1) insipid, tasteless.*

Ab'geriet, *adv. 1) lit. & Ag. insipid, tasteless; 2) Ag. a) flat*, dull, mawkish, absurd; *b) awkward; preposterous, impertinent.*

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. 1) a) lit. & Ag. insipidity*, tastelessness; 2) *Ag. absurdity*, dullness; 3) impertinence.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. (from Abgehen) 1) out off*, cut, &c.; 2) *Herald. coupé, see* Abgehen; 3) *Ag. a) clearly defined*, precise; *b) detached*, disjointed, desultory (mode of writing, &c.).

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. state of utter separation or seclusion*, isolation.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. Ag. (Auerbach, unusual) blase (Blasirt).*

Ab'geriet, *p. a. T. (of leather) depilated by a salt-corrosive.*

Ab'geriet, *p. p. cf. Abgehen, which see.*

Ab'geriet, *p. a. see in* Abgehen.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. (l. u.) (Scheller: with the Dat.) indisposed (towards), unfavourable (to), see* Abgeneigt.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. 1) separated*, &c. *see* Absondern; 2) *Med. &c. secretitious*; *die a-e Heucheltigkeit*, *der a-e Stoff*, secretion; 3) *Bot. segregate*, parted, disunited; 4) sequestered; *die a-en Berge* in der Nachbarschaft, the sequestered hills in the neighbourhood; *ein a-e Rago*, a sequestered situation (*cf. Abgeschieden*); 5) *Ag. separate, adv. apart*, distinctly, separately; *wir werden in Übereinstimmung, aber — handeln*, we shall act in concert, but apart; *der a-e Zustand*, *m. separateness.*

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. separation*, isolation, seclusion, &c.; a separate state or thing, &c.

Ab'geriet, *p. a. (cf. Abspannen) Med. & Ag. atonic*, wanting tone or tension; un-nerved, debilitated, weakened, tired; low-spirited.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. Med. & Ag. relaxation*, atony, state of exhaustion, languor, apathy, lowness of spirits, &c. (Abspannung).

† **Ab'geriet**, *l. adj. shapeless*, deformed; *II. a. (w.) f. shapelessness*, deformity.

Ab'gerien, *p. a. (cf. Abreissen) lit. & Ag. decayed*, stale, vapid; dead (said of wood, wine, beer, &c.).

Ab'gerien, *p. a. (cf. Abreissen) 1) dead* (of wood, of a limb [= mortified], of colour, &c.); 2) *Ag. dead*, lost (für, gegen [with Acc.] to a thing).

Ab'gerien, (*w.*) *f. deadness*, want of vital powers (of a limb, &c.); *die — (das Abgerien) für die Welt* (für die Vergnügungen dieser Welt), deadness to (the pleasures of) this world; *cf. Abhumpfen*.

Ab'geriet, (*cf. Abhumpfen*) *p. a. 1) blunted*, blunt; *die a-en Ecken eines Ständchens*, the blunt corners of a piece of paper; 2) *a) stubbed; b) Bot. & Geom. truncated*; *der a-e Stengel*, *die a-e Pyramide*, truncated cone, truncated pyramid, *see* Abgeflacht; 3) *Ag. obtuse*, dull.

Ab'geriet, (*w.*) *f. 1) bluntness*, obtuseness (of an edge, &c.); 2) obtuseness (of the senses, &c.), dullness, deadness.

Abgestumpft, *p. a.* (cf. **Abstumpfen**) stubbed, truncated, see **Abgestumpft**, 2.

Abgethan, *p. a.* see **Abthun**.

Abgetragen, *p. a.* 1) carried off, &c. see **Abtragen**; 2) a) (of clothes, &c.) worn out, worn, threadbare, shabby; b) *fig.* worn-out; as) cast off (like an old garment, &c.), discarded, superannuated; bb) threadbare, hackneyed, trite; der a-e Gedanke (*Joan Paul*), the worn-out, hackneyed idea; cc) tired out, knocked up, fatigued.

Abgetragtheit, (*w.*) *f.* state of being worn, threadbareness, shabbiness.

Abgetrieben, *p. a.* (cf. **Abtreiben**) overdriven, overworn, outworn (as a horse, &c.).

Abgewaschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* Einem (einen) *Suf* -, to discharge (in the counter-book) and to transfer the amount of a share to another.

Abgewälzten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Min.* to remove (refuse, &c.).

Abgewittert, *p. a.* (from **Abwittern**) weather-worn, see **Abgewittert**.

Abgewonnen, *p. a.* passed, &c. see **Abnehmen**.

Abgewinnen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* formerly used with the simple *Dat.*: Einem -, to be superior to one, to excel; now an *Accusative*, or an *Infinitive* used as an *object*, is always added: Einem etwas -, to win, gain or obtain (something from one); to bear away, to carry off (a prize) from one, to gain (ground) on ...: Einem den Vorthheil -, to gain the advantage over one; Einem den Vortzug -, to get the better of one; einem Etwas verschmähen -, to get a taste for a thing; einem Schiffe den Wind -, *Mar.* to gain (or get) the wind (the weather-gage) of a ship; er konnte dem feindlichen Gegenstande eine feindliche Seite -, he knew to extract mirth from the dullest subject; Stunden, welche der Verfolgung weltlicher Interessen abgewonnen waren, hours snatched from the pursuit of worldly interests; sich (*Dat.*) mit Mühe -, etwas zu thun etc., to prevail upon one's self with difficulty to do a thing, &c.

Abgewittert, *p. a.* (from **Abwittern**) weather-beaten (*syn.* **Bermittelt**).

Abgewogen, *p. a.* (from **Abwiegen**) exactly weighed or balanced, &c.

Abgewöhnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to wean (a child, &c.), see **Entwöhnen**; 2) Einem etwas, rarely: Einem von etwas) to disaccustom, disuse, to wean (from), to break of (an ill habit, &c.); einem Kinde seine Unarten -, to break a child of its tricks; sich (*Dat.*) etwas -, *refl.* to divest one's self (of), to unlearn, to forego the habit of ...

Abgeehrt, *p. a.* wasted (by disease), emaciated, worn out, tabid.

Abgeirrtelt, see **Abgerirrtelt**.

Abgezogen, *p. a.* (from **Abziehen**, *qv.*) *lit.* drawn off: 1) retired, remote: 2) (*Leibnitz*, *Pichte*, *Wieland*, &c.) *Log.* abstract (**Abstrakt**).

Abgezogenheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) retirement, seclusion (*syn.* **Zurückgezogenheit**, **Abgeisolirtheit**); 2) abstractedness (**Abstraktion**).

Abgieren, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* *Mar.* to sheer or steer off (away), to get sea-room; II. *tr.* Einem etwas) to obtain (something from one) by importunate desire.

Abgießen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pour off, clear off; to decant: 2) *Pfund.* to take a cast of ..., to cast.

Abgießer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) moulder, former; 2) ewer.

Abgießung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of pouring off, clearing off, decanting: 2) the act of casting: cast.

Abgift, (*w.*) *f.* (from **Abgeben**) obnoxious, Law, tribute, tax, duty (cf. **Abgabe**).

Abgibsen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tinge with a yellow colour (cf. **Abgelben**).

Abgipfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to top (a tree, &c.).

Abgittern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to coax (something out) of one).

Abglücken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see **Abglücken**.

Abgittern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to separate by a railing or lattice.

Abglanz, (*str.*) *m.* 1) resplendence, reflected splendor or brightness, reflection: 2) *fig.* image.

Abglänzen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be reflected with splendor or brightness; II. *tr.* to reflect brightly or with splendor.

Abglätten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to polish off, to make smooth, to levigate: 2) *fig.* to smooth, round or finish off, to give the last finish, to polish (duly).

Abglättung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of smoothing or polishing off, finish.

Abgläubig, *adj.* (*Luther*) incredulous, unbelieving; infidel (*at present* Ungläubig is more usual).

Abgleichen, (*str.*, according to *Hayne* &c. *w.*, cf. **Übereichen**) *v. tr.* 1) to equal, equalize: 2) to level, to make even: 3) *Rech.* &c. to justify, to adjust: 4) to settle (accounts), to audit, cf. **Abgleichung**.

Abgleich ..., in comp. *Rech.* -feile, *f.* equalizing-file: -stange, *f.* adjusting-tool.

Abgleichung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of equalizing, &c.; cf. **Abgleich**; equalization: 2) *Rech.* the act of justifying, adjusting, adjustment: *Abwage*, *f.* adjusting-scale.

Abgleiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to slip, slide or glide down or off, to glance off.

Abgleitern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dismember: 2) to unlink.

Abglimmen, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to cease glowing or glimmering, to die away gradually (of sparks, &c.).

Abglitzern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to slip, slide or glide down suddenly, to slip, slide, glide or glance off.

Abglücken, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*sometimes refl.* sich -) to cease glowing, to lose heat gradually; II. *tr.* 1) to heat thoroughly, to anneal, cf. **Abglücken**; Wein -, to mull wine; 2) to purge by fire.

Abglühung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a ceasing to glow, gradual diminution of heat; 2) the act of heating thoroughly, annealing, &c.

Abgott, (*str.*, pl. **Abgötter**) *m.* *lit.* & *fig.* idol: einen - aus Einem machen, to make an idol of one, to idolize one.

Abgötterlein, &c. *m.* see **Abgötterlein**.

Abgötter, (*str.*) *m.* (*Luther*, *Claudius*, *Klinger*, &c., *l. u.*) see **Abgötter**.

Abgötterei, (*w.*) *f.* idolatry, idol-worship: -triben, to worship idols, to idolatrise.

Abgötterer, (*str.*) *m.* obnoxious, idolater (*Abgottanbeter*); **Abgötterin**, (*w.*) *f.* idolatress.

Abgötterisch, *adj.* obnoxious, idolatrous.

Abgöttern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*l. u.*) to idolatrise.

Abgöttin, (*w.*) *f.* (a female) idol.

Abgöttisch, *adj.* idolatrous; - (*adv.*) verächtlich, to worship as an idol or idolatrously, to idolize. [*serpent*, anaconda.]

Abgott(s)schlange, (*w.*) *f.* *Zool.* the boa.

Abgraben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dig off (a hill, &c.), to remove by digging: 2) to separate by digging, to cut off by a ditch: to furnish with a trench; 3) to lead off by a ditch; 4) to turn off the course of (a stream, &c.), to drain; 5) to pay (a debt) by digging for it.

Abgraben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark with (or divide into) degrees, to graduate.

Abgrämen, *coll.* **Abgrämen**, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to pine away with grief; to wear, waste away with grief, to grieve exceedingly.

Abgräpfen, **Abgräpfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to grasp, to snatch away, to sweep off.

Abgräsen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut the grass of (a meadow, &c.), to mow: 2) to graze, to eat

from the ground, as growing herbage (*syn.* **Abweiden**).

Abgreifen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to wear out by constant handling or touching; abgegriffene Bücher, (well-)thumbed volumes.

Abgrenzen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* *lit.* & *fig.* to separate or divide by a boundary-line: to fix the limits of ...: to define: die Schweiz wird durch hohe Gebirge abgegrenzt, the boundary-line of Switzerland is formed by high mountains; *fig.* (cf. **Abgrenzen**) die am blauen Himmel scharf abgegrenzten Alpen, the Alps sharply outlined against the blue sky; II. *refl.* to be separated or divided by a boundary-line.

Abgrenzung, (*w.*) *f.* demarcation, division (the act of separating by a boundary-line or fixed limits, and the boundary-line itself).

Abgrund, (*str.*, pl. **Abgründe**) *m.* 1) abyss, precipice, gulf, (bottomless) pit, chasm: 2) abyss (used of a deep mass of waters), deep, depth: 3) abyss, interminable space (of heaven, &c.), immense expanse, boundless extent: immeasurable depth: 4) a) used, like abyss, for hell, Erebus: die Furien des Hades (*Schiller*), the furies of hell; mag er im - brühen (*Wieland*), may he burn in the infernal abyss; b) *fig.* an abyss or gulf in which anything is lost, gulf (of crimes, &c.); der furchtbare - der Sünde, the fearful pit of sin: verbrannt, weil du vom - ihn gerettet (*Schiller*), exiled, because thou hast saved him from the gulf of perdition; 5) *fig.* infinity; der - der Zeiten (*Heine*), the abyss of time (*Dryden*); Gott ist ein - ewiger Liebe (*Luther*), God is an infinite source of eternal love.

Abgründen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to channel with the grooving-plane, to groove.

Abgründig, **Abgründlich**, *adj.* immense, deep, profound, unfathomable.

Abgründwärts, *adv.* downward into the abyss (*Lenau*).

Abgrünen, *v. intr.* 1) (*among Cloth-dyers*, &c.) to lose the green colour (said of stuffs); 2) to cease to be verdant (as the fields, &c.).

Abgucken, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* (Einem etwas) *coll.* to learn (a thing from one - generally by stealth) by minute observation, to catch (a knack, &c. cf. **Abgucken**); wie er rumspricht und wie er spricht, das hast ihr ihm glückselig abgucken, aber (ein) Etwas ... (*Schiller*, Wallenstein's Lager, 6), you have exactly caught his manner of clearing his throat and spitting, but as for his genius ...; II. *refl.* sich (*Dat.*) die Augen -, to fatigue one's eyes by looking for a thing.

Abgucken, *f.* disavour, discountenance, unpropitious regard, dislike.

Abgünstig, *adj.* unfavourable, inimical, averse (*with Dat.*, to ...); er hängt an mir sehr - zu werden (*Lessing*), he begins to show great disfavour to me.

Abgurgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *refl.* to cut (one's) throat; 2) *coll.* to remove by gargling: 3) *refl.* to sing with a full throat or in a coarse, careless way: ein Lied -, *anal.* to murder a song.

Abgürren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ungird, to unbuckle.

Abgürung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of ungirding, &c.

Abgüssen, (*str.*, pl. **Abgüsse**) *m.* (from **Abgießen**) 1) the act of pouring off, &c. see **Abgießen**; 2) *Pfund.* &c. (plaster)-cast, an impression of any figure taken in bronze, plaster, wax, or other fusible material, casting (in bronze, &c.), copy: 3) *T.* the shank (of a tobacco-pipe, called also Stiefel); -faß, *m.* chamber for the preservation of casts or busts.

Abgüten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to satisfy (children, &c.) by making a settlement on them (cf. **Abfinden**, *l.*).

Abhaaren, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to lose hair: II. *tr.* (cf. **Abbären**) Thum. to unhair (hides).

Abhaben, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to have (the hat, &c.) off; 2) to partake of, to have a share in;

er will *etwas* —, he comes in for a share: 3) to receive a punishment for, *coll.* to get it: 4) *etwas etwas* —, † for *etwas etwas* anhaben.
Abhacken, (u.) s. tr. to chop or cut down or off; *etwas den Kopf* —, to cleave or cut off one's head, to behead one.

Abhebern, (u.) s. tr. (l. u.) (*etwas etwas*) to extort (something from one) by quarrelling or by litigation.

Abhellen, (u.) s. (impers.) l. tr. to beat down (the blossoms, &c., said of hail or hailstones); II. *intr.* to cease hailing: *es hat sich abgehellt*, it has done hailing.

Abheften, (u.) s. tr. to separate by enclosure, to enclose in.

Abhängen, (u.) s. tr. (aux. *sein*) to grow lean or thin, to fall away, to emaciate (*syn.* *Abmagern*).

Abhängung, (u.) f. 1) the act of separating by enclosure; 2) enclosure, fence.

Abhaken, (u.) s. tr. 1) to unloose what is fixed by little hooks, to unloop, unhook (*different* from *Abheften*); 2) to imitate or copy (a pattern) in crochet-work.

Abhaken, (u.) s. tr. 1) a) to draw down with a hook; b) to disengage from a hook, to unhook; 2) to separate or take off by ploughing with the horse-hoe (*sehen*), to plough off; 3) (*also intr.*) to finish ploughing; 4) (*also intr.*) to loose from the plough or horse-hoe, to unyoke (oxen), to unharness (horses), to put out (*cf.* *Abspannen*).

Abhalten, (u.) s. tr. to undo the halter of (a horse), to unhalter.

Abhallen, (u.) s. *intr.* (l. u.) to resound, re-echo, reverberate (*syn.* *Wiederhallen*).

Abhellen, (u.) s. tr. (from *hell*) 1) *coll.* to decolourate, to cut (one's) throat; 2) *cincher* (*coll. fig.*) —, *recipr.* to embrace (or hug) one another; 3) *Sport* to uncollar (dogs).

Abhale, (str.) m. detention, hindrance, impediment (*cf.* *Abhaltung*).

Abhalten, (str.) s. l. tr. 1) to hold off, to keep off (away or back): *den Regen*, *die Sonne* &c. —, to keep off the rain, the sun, &c.; 2) *Mar.* to fend off (a boat or vessel), to prevent its running against another, &c.; *das Schiff vom Lande* —, to keep off, to lay aholt; 3) to ward (fend or bear off) (a blow, &c.); *fig.-a.* 4) to keep back, to detain, hinder, prevent, restrain, withhold: (*etwas*) *vom Biele* —, to keep (one) from doing mischief; *das soll mich nicht* —, that shall not deter me; *das* to disturb, interrupt, *cf.* *Stören*; 5) a) to be able to) endure, to bear (fatigue, &c.), to stand, sustain, to bear up under ... or against ... (*syn.* *Aushalten*, *Vertragen*); b) to endure, to resist without yielding: *den ersten Angriff* —, to stand the first brunt, *see* *Aushalten*; 6) to keep (to the end), to go through with ... to perform, observe, celebrate (a festival, &c.): *eine Predigt*, *Feier* &c. —, to deliver a sermon, a speech; *die Schule* —, to keep school regularly: *er hielt seine Stunden ab*, he attended to his lessons, he gave his lessons regularly; *der Markt wird diesmal nicht abgehalten werden*, the fair will not take place this time; II. *refl. fig.* —: 1) to keep back (von, from); 2) to keep aloof (*fig. entfernt halten*); 3) to refrain, forbear, &c. *see* *Abhalten*; III. *intr.* *Mar.-a.* 1) (vom Lande) — to keep off; 2) (vom Biele) — to shoo: *von einer Bank* —, to keep aloof from a rock, to take a good birth; *auf ein Schiff* —, to bear up to a ship, to bear down on a ship; *halt ab! bear away, bear up! halt nicht ab! don't fall off!*

Abhalten, (str.) m. 1) he that keeps or holds off, detains, &c. *see* *Abhalten*; 2) *Mar. guy*.

Abhaltung, (u.) f. 1) the act of holding off, &c. *see* *Abhalten*; 2) hindrance, detention, interruption: *ich hatte eine* —, I was otherwise engaged, I had an engagement; *er hat*

sehr viele &c., he has many things to detain him from his labour; — *haben*, to be prevented; 3) celebration, &c.

Abhammern, (u.) s. tr. to strike off with a hammer.

Abhandeln, (u.) s. tr. 1) (*etwas etwas*) to get (something from one) by bargaining, to cheapen, to beat down from the price: *er läßt sich nicht* —, there is no abating his price; 2) to settle, to accommodate, *cf.* *Unterhandeln*; *etwas Frieden* &c. —, to negotiate a peace; 3) to treat of, discuss; to debate on ...; *mein Liebe abgehandelt wird* (*Schiller*), when the subject in question is love; *der a-de Thiel rines Werkes*, the theoretic part of a work.

Abhandeln, *adv.* not at hand, away: *mis-laid*; *lost*; — *sein*, not to be at hand; — *kommen*, to be lost; *es ist ein Büffel — gekommen*, there is a spoon missing: *es ist ihm alles Gefühl für Ehre und Schicklichkeit — gekommen*, he is lost to every sense of honour and of propriety.

† **Abhängig**, *adj.* (from the preceding word) missing, lost; — *machen*, to cause the loss of ... to remove, lose; to purloin.

† **Abhängigen**, (u.) s. tr. 1) to take off one's hands (*opp.* *Abhängigen*, *Einhängigen*); 2) to remove, to drive (from).

Abhandeln, (str.) m. discussor of a matter.

Abhandlung, (u.) f. 1) negotiation, transaction; 2) a) discourse, discussion; b) essay, memoir, treatise, dissertation, paper (*über eine Sache*, on a thing); *die folgenden* &c. *werden vorgelesen*, the following papers were read.

Abhang, (str., pl. *Abhänge*) m. 1) the act or state of hanging down; 2) the branches of trees borne down by the weight of snow; 3) slope, slopiness, descent, declivity: *ein jäher* —, a cliff, steep precipice; *der — eines Flusses*, side, brow or slope of a hill; b) fall of a river, *see* *Fluß* (*Abfall*); 4) *fig.* dependency (von, on), *see* *Abhängigkeit*.

Abhängen, (str.) s. *intr.* 1) to hang down, *see* *Herabhängen*, which is more usual in this sense; 2) to hang at a distance (von, from), to hang off; 3) to decline, slope; 4) *fig.* von *etwas* or *einer Sache* —, to depend on (or upon) a person or thing, to be dependent on (upon) ...; *sie wartete auf seine Worte, als ob die Entscheidung über ihr Leben oder ihren Tod davon abhinge*, she waited for his words, as if her sentence of life or of death turned upon them.

Abhängen, (u.) s. l. tr. to take off, to take down, to hang off, to unhang; II. *intr.* less properly, but more usual than *Abhängen*, *qv.*

Abhängig, *adj.* 1) a) hanging down, bending downwards: *die Natur macht den Menschen — zur Erde* (*Gothe*), nature forms man prone to the earth; b) inclining, sloping, hanging, shavering, steep: *die a-c Fläche*, *Nach*, inclined plane (die *steife Ebene*); — *sein*, to shelve, to take an oblique direction, to slope; — *machen*, to form obliquely, to incline, to slope; 2) *fig.* depending, dependent (von, on, upon); — *sein*, to be dependent, to depend (von, on, upon), *see* *Abhängen*, 4; *er machte sein Urtheil von dem seines Bruders* —, he subjected his judgment to that of his brother; *er war geneigt, sich von dem Urtheil der Vornehmen — zu machen*, she was apt to defer to the opinion of the great.

Abhängigkeit, (u.) f. 1) inclination downwards, declivity (*cf.* *Abhang*); 2) *fig.* dependence, dependency (von, on, upon), subjection, subservience, subserviency (to); *Abhängigkeit*, n. state or condition of dependence.

Abhängig, *adj.* (*Widland*) rarely used for *Abhängig*.

Abhängigkeit, (u.) f. (*Widland*, *Klinger*, &c.) rarely used for *Abhängigkeit*.

Abhängling, (str.) m. (*Gothe* — l. u.) *cond.* a dependent, an underling.

Abhären, (u.) s. l. tr. to deprive of hair, to take away the hair of (hides, &c.), unhair, depilate; II. *intr.* to lose hair (*Abhaaren*).

Abhären, (u.) s. tr. 1) to rake off, to remove with a rake; 2) to rake thoroughly, to make even with raking.

Abhären, (u.) s. *refl. fig.* —, to fret, to pine (away), to languish, to grieve; *cin abgehärmt* *Gezicht*, a care-worn face.

Abhärten, (u.) s. l. tr. 1) a) *lit. & fig.* to harden; to indurate; b) T. to harden, to temper (iron, steel), *see* *Härten*; 2) *fig.* a) to steel or harden thoroughly (*gener. ref.*); b) to render obdurate or callous; *abgehärtet*, p. a. hardened (gegen, to, against), callous (*Verhär-tet*); II. *refl.* to steel or harden one's self thoroughly (gegen, to, against), to inure one's self (to hard labour or fatigues), to make one's self hardy.

Abhärtung, (u.) f. induration: 1) the act of hardening, &c. *cf.* *Abhärten*; 2) the state of being hardened, hardness.

Abhären, (u.) s. tr. to take away the resin from (trees).

Abhassen, (u.) s. l. tr. (*etwas etwas*) to snatch (something from one); II. *refl.* to tire one's self by chasing or catching (as at the play of hide and seek).

Abhaspeln, (u.) s. tr. 1) († *Abhaspeln*) to reel off, wind off from a reel; 2) *coll. a)* to reel off (superfluous verbiage, &c.); b) to wind off as from a reel, to repeat in a monotonous, unvarying manner; *unbedeutende Tage* — (*Gothe*), to draw out insignificant days in dull, unvaried sameness.

Abhauben, (u.) s. tr. *Falc.* to unhood (a hawk).

Abhauchen, (u.) s. tr. (l. u.) 1) to blow away by the breath; 2) to elicit by soft breathing: *der Haisperle* (*Dak.*) *abgehauchte Töne* (*Jean Paul*), sounds drawn forth from the Aeolian harp by the soft breath of saphyr.

Abhauchen, (irr.) s. tr. 1) to hew down, to cut off, away or down, to chop off, strike off, fell: *Gras*, *Getriebe* —, to mow; *etwas den Kopf* —, to strike off one's head, to behead one; *cin abgehauchter Baum*, log, stock, trunk; *den Knoten abhauchen* (*used reportedly by Kant, instead of the more usual Zerhauchen*), to cut the knot asunder; 2) *only*, to beat soundly.

Abhäufeln, (u.) s. tr. to divide into small heaps.

Abhäufen, (u.) s. tr. 1) to separate into heaps; 2) to diminish (a heap).

Abhäuteln, (u.) s. tr. to strip of a thin skin or cuticle.

Abhäuten, (u.) s. l. tr. to skin, uncase; to excoriate, to strip of the cuticle; II. *intr.* *Zool. & Entom.* to cast (off) the skin (as snakes, silkworms, &c.).

Abhäutung, (u.) f. the act of skinning, uncasing; excoriation; desquamation.

Abhächelfte, **Abhächelfte**, (u.) f. *Min.* rake, *see* *Abhächelfte*.

Abheben, (str.) s. l. tr. 1) to lift off, take off (a cover, &c.); *cine Kanone von der Lafette* —, *Gunn.* to dismount a cannon; 2) a) *Min.* to take off (the top layer); b) *Gam.* (*sometimes intr.*) to cut (to divide a pack of cards); *um das (Karten-)Geben* —, to cut for the deal; 3) *fig.* to detach, to contrast, to bring into contrast (shades of colours, &c.), *cf.* II. *refl.*; 4) to abstract, separate (ideas) by the operation of the mind, *see* *Abziehen*; 5) to unwind cat's (scratch-) cradles (a children's play); II. *refl.* to detach itself, to be contrasted, relieved, to stand or come out (*cf.* *fig. Abheben*, *fig. Abheben*, *Abheben*) die *Schneerassen* über uns *haben* sich deutlich vom blauen Himmel ab, the snowy masses above us detached them-

selves more distinctly from the blue sky: eine Kippe, welche sich von dem klaren Himmel dahinter [her] abhob, a cliff which stands out in strong relief from the clear sky behind.

Abheben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of lifting off, &c. cf. **Abheben**, *v.* 2) *Gem.* out, cutting (the act of dividing a pack of cards).

Abheben, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* *Haut.* to finish hatching.

Abheften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unclasp, to unhook, to loosen (the hooks) from the eyes.

Abheften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unpin, to unstitch: to untack, *gomer.* to unfasten.

Abheilen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to effect a thorough cure, to heal, to cure; II. *intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to heal thoroughly, to be healing or healed.

Abheilen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of producing a thorough cure, healing, curing; 2) the state of healing or being healed.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to demand (something from one), see **Abfordern**.

Abheissen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*with Dat.*) to help down (von, from), see **Herabheissen**; 2) (*einer Sache [Dat.]*) to remedy (a disease, evils, &c.), to redress (wrongs, injuries, grievances, &c.), to relieve, supply (wants); dem Ding ist leicht abgeholfen, the thing is easily remedied; dem ist nicht abgeholfen, it cannot be remedied, it cannot be helped; dem Übel war nicht abgeholfen, the evil was beyond the reach of remedy; Schwierigkeiten —, to remove difficulties; ich habe den Fehler abgeholfen, I have removed (corrected, amended) the fault; mit der heftigsten Begierde allen Drangsalen seiner Mitgeschöpfe abgeholfen (*Wied.*), with the most ardent desire to relieve his fellow-creatures of all their hardships; die Hilfquellen des Reiches sind gänzlich unzureichend diesem Unglück abgeholfen, the resources of the empire are utterly inadequate to meet this calamity.

Abheissen, (*I. adj.*) 1) remedial, affording remedy, relieving; einer Sache (*Dat.*) a-*er* Abheissen, *Law.* to redress a grievance, &c., to remedy, &c. cf. (*einer Sache*) **Abheissen**; 2) remediable, relievable, capable of remedy, curable: II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* remedialness, &c.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* the act of remedying, redressing, &c. cf. **Abheissen**; redress; removal (of nuisances, &c.).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to clear off, to clarify (*syn.* **Abklären**); II. *refl.* to clear off, to become clear, to clear up, to brighten (*syn.* **Abhellen**, **Abklären**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hang or take off, to unhang (*cf.* **Abhängen**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (L. u.) to clear off (a crop, &c.) by reaping, to bring or get in (the harvest), see **Abreuten** (*cf.* **Einheissen**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to kiss (one) heartily, to kiss to excess: (Jemand) thätig —, *coll.* to hug to one's heart's content.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* *coll.* the act of kissing heartily, hugging, embracing, &c.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (Einem a) to tire or fatigue (one) by hunting, to wear out by chasing: einen Hirsch —, *Sport.* to run down a stag; b) to weary to death, to jade, to lag out; 2) (Einem etwas) to obtain (something from one) by hunting, pursuing (him); II. *refl.* to fatigue, or weary one's self extremely by pursuing an object, to tire one's self out by chasing for a thing.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to obtain (something from one) by hypocrisy.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to hire (something from one), see **Abmieten**.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. vulg.* I. *tr.* to howl: (of persons) to utter in a howling tone; II. *refl.* to weary one's self with howling.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to ob-

tain (something from one) by witchcraft, to deprive (one of a thing) by juggling.

Abheissen, (*adv.* (*orig.* *ab hter*, *cf.* **Ab. I.**)) *Comm.* from this place.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* see **Abhilfe** (*cf.* **Hilfe**).

Abheissen, (*adv.* (*transposition* for **hinab**, which see; *cf.* **Abher**) down, downward.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) I. u. 1) to limp off or away; 2) *coll.* to slink off with disgrace.

Abheissen, (*adv.* *†* (from) hence (*syn.* **von** **Abheissen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Join.* to plane off; to shoot, to plane, smooth; 2) *Shin-dr.* to rub (hides); 3) *fam. fg.* to polish (off), *anal.* **Abheissen**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put down (a load) from the back or shoulders.

Abheissen, (*adj.* (*see* **Abgeneigt**, **Abgünstig**) disinclined, unfavourable, unfriendly, averse (*with Dat.*, to ...) **Einem** — *sein*, to bear one ill-will; nicht —, not disinclined (towards).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mar.* to haul off, to get off; 2) (*among calico-printers*) to remove the starch from (printed calico) by boiling; 3) a) (*eine Sache*) to fetch off, away, to go to fetch (a thing); b) (*eine Person*) to call for (a person); ich will ihn —, I will go for him; ich will Sie bei Ihrem Vater —, I will come for you to your father's; der Wagen wird mich —, the carriage will come for me; — lassen, to send for

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of hauling off, &c. cf. the preceding word; 2) the act of fetching off, calling for, &c.; die — der Briefe, the collection of letters (from letter-boxes by inferior post-officers).

Abheissen, (*str.* *without pl.*) n. 1) *T.* chips of wood; 2) *For.* dead wood, waste wood, wind-fallen wood (*cf.* **Abraum**, I.).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut down, to root out (a forest); to clear.

Abheissen, (*adj.* I) *For.* *dc.* deficient (weak) in timber (of trees); 2) (*among haters*) cracked, chinky (of a hatter's block).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* the act of cutting down the forests of a country, &c., clearing.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Brau.* to flavour with hops.

Abheissen, (*f.* the hearing (of witnesses), see **Abheissen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einem) to listen or hearken to what another has to say, to draw (one) out (*syn.* **Abhören**); 2) (Einem etwas) to learn (something from one) by listening attentively, to overhear (one).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einem etwas) to learn (something from one) by hearing or listening; 2) (Einem or etwas *Acc.*) a) to hear (one) say his lesson, see **Abhören**; b) *partic. Low.* to hear, try, examine, to question (witnesses, &c.); Zugen gegen einander —, to confront witnesses; du mußt darüber dein Gewissen —, *fig.* you must examine your conscience on that point, you must hear what your conscience says on the matter; c) *Rechnungen* —, *T.* to audit (i. e. to examine and settle or adjust) accounts; 3) *sein Geld* —, to attend a prepaid concert or course of lectures (*cf.* *analogous expressions*: *eine Schuld abheissen*, &c.).

Abheissen, (*str.*) m. a hearer (of witnesses), one who conducts a trial, examining judge.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* a hearing (of witnesses), trial, examination.

Abheissen, (*str.* *without pl.*) m. 1) the act of lifting off, &c. see **Abheissen**, I. & 2; 2) a) that which is lifted or taken off, &c.; remains of a meal, offal; b) *Metall.* the light particles of washed ore coming up by the sieving-process (**Einheissen**), which are taken off (**abgehoben**) by the rake, (*C. Hartmann*): skimpings, skipings: — Riste, — Riste, *f.* *Metall.* rake.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* 1) see **Abheissen**; 2) to carry off.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr. ind.* to worry, to tease outrageously.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* (L. u.) dislike, disinclination (*see* **Abgunst**, **Abgeneigtheit**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* redress, remedy; — gemähren, leisten, schaffen, to give remedy, to afford relief, redress, remedy, to make reparation or amends; — suchen bei ..., to come for redress to ...; — suchen für ..., to seek redress of (grievances, &c.); — finden, to obtain redress; Mittel zur —, remedial measures.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pull or put off, to draw or to take off, to strip (off), *cf.* **Entkleiden**.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take off the husk of ..., to husk (Indian corn, &c.), shall, hull, peel, decorticate; Mandeln —, to blanch almonds; sich —, *Cook.* to come off (used of any vegetable integument).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. coll. I. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to limp off; II. *refl.* to weary one's self by hobbling or limping about.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to be starved, famished; II. (*according to Grimm*) *tr.* to afflict with hunger, to famish, starve (*see* **Abhungern**); III. *refl.* to starve or pinch one's self. [*off* or *away*].

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to hop

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to glide off or away, to slip or pop off (**Abwischen**, **Abwischen**).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to cough away, out; II. *refl.* to exhaust one's self with coughing.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to let cattle, &c. graze on (a meadow, &c.), to feed on (grass, &c.), see **Abweiden**.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Min.* to give up or to neglect (a mine).

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* the act of letting cattle graze on (pasture-grounds).

Abheissen, (*adj.* *Cloth.* &c. turned, reversed: a-*er* Seite, the left side; eine R-*e*, a blow given with the back of the hand, *anal.* a backhander (**Vernehmlich**). [*on the left side*].

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Cloth.* to card (cloth)

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* [ein]) to lose one's way, to err, stray, deviate, swerve, wander.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *f.* deviation, swerving. (*also Astr. & Phys.*) aberration; — des Lichts, *Phys.* aberration of the rays of light, refraction; **Abheissen**, *m.* crown of aberration.

Abheissen, (*Lat.*) (*w.*) m. a pupil who leaves a gymnasium or learned school for the college or university.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. ref. vulg.* to weary one's self by romping, running or capering about.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to weary with pursuing; to over-drive, to over-ride, founder, jade (a horse, &c.) (*see* **Abheissen**); 2) to shoot all the game of (a hunting-district, &c.); 3) (Einem etwas) a) to get or wrest (something from one) by hunting, pursuing; to rescue, retrieve, recover (something from one); b) *fig.* Strafen, die dem Schuldner Schamröthe — (*Kant*), punishments which force blushes from the cheeks of the bystanders; Zucht **Abheissen** jagte mir einen Schauder ab (*Zechokke*, 7, 117), your crime struck a sudden terror into my soul; **Einem** einen Schrecken — (*Lessing*, &c.), to strike with a sudden fright, see **Einjagen**; II. *refl.* to fatigue one's self by any violent exertion; III. *intr. Sport.* to leave off hunting, to discontinue or to finish the chase.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* (Einem etwas) (L. u.) to get or obtain (something from one) by lamenting; II. *refl.* to exhaust one's self with lamenting. [*unharness*].

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unyoke, unteam, **Abheissen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to adjust, justify (weights, measures, &c.), see **Abgleich**, 3.

Abheissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to free or purge (liquids) from mould or foulness, to defecate.

Ablassen, (w.) v. *intr.* to leave off calving.
Ablassen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Trans.* to scrape off the lime from (hides).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to cool down, to cool sufficiently or to a certain degree; to ice wine; 2) *fig.* to cool, allay, calm, abate (love, &c.), *cf.* **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to comb down or off, to comb (wool) sufficiently; 2) *Fort.* to shoot off the crest of a wall or breast-work.

Abkämpfen (*Das Abkämpfen*), (w.) v. *recip.* *cinander* —, to contend with each other in violent altercation, to wrangle, quarrel.

Abkämpfen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to get, take or wrest (something from one) by fighting, to deprive (one) of (a thing) in battle: *winced Schiff den Wind* —, *Mar.* to share the wind with another ship; 2) *a) Sport.* to drive away by fighting (said of harts at rutting-time); *b) fig.* to repel, to strive against (death, &c.) with main force.

Abkanten, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) *Join.* to plane off the corners or edges of (a board, &c.); 2) *Arch. & Wess.* to cut off the lists of (cloth, or the selvage of linen cloth).

Abkünden, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) *Ch. a)* to proclaim the bans of (persons about to marry) from the pulpit; *b)* to preach down, to rebuke; 2) (*gener.* *coll.*) to give a severe reprimand, to take (sharply) to task. [*(the hawk)*].

Abkappen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Flac.* to unhooed.
Abkappen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to cut or chop off; to top, to top a tree, *cf.* **Abkappen**, to crop (a dog, &c.); 2) *Mar.* see **Rappen**; 3) *coll.* to rebuke severely, to fit (one), *cf.* **Abkünden**.

Abkürzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to deprive (one of a thing) by stinginess, to stint, *cf.* **Abkürzen**, **Abkürzen**; **Abkürze**, *denen er so Vieles abgekürzt hatte*, bishops whom he had curtailed of so many things by his niggardliness.

Abkürzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*l. u.*) to remove with a cart, to cart off, *see* for this and other meanings, *cf.* **Abkürzen**, *tr.*

Abkürzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to concert beforehand, to plan or settle privately, *particul. in an ill sense*; *eine abgekartete Sache*, a plan of operations secretly agreed upon; *sie hatten sich unter sich (Dat.) vorher abgekartet*, they had preconcerted it among themselves; *ein abgekarteter Handel*, a concerted game, a collusive agreement, collusion, *coll.* a put-up thing.

Abkürzen, (w.) v. *tr.* *particul. refl.* *sich* —, to mortify one's flesh, to inflict severe pain on one's self.

Abkauen, (w.) v. *tr.* *sich (Dat.) die Nägel* —, to bite one's nails (*see* **Abbeißen**); *die Pferde kauen das Gebiß ab*, the horses champ the bit.

Abkauf, (*str.*, pl. **Abkäufe**) m. the act of buying, purchasing, purchase.

Abkaufen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to buy, purchase (something of or from one); 2) *a)* to buy off (a punishment, &c.); *b)* to induce (a person) to desist from a claim &c. by purchasing his acquiescence, to satisfy one's claims by paying a certain sum; *II. refl.* *sich* —, to buy one's self off, *see* **sich loskaufen**.

Abkäufer (*str.*) m. the purchaser, (w.) *f.* purchaser, buyer (*cf.* **Abkäufer**).

Abkäufer, (*str.*) m. purchasable, redeemable.

Abkämpfen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) *fam.* to get (something from one) by underhand dealing, to obtain (a thing from a person who has no right to dispose of it) by clandestine agreement.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) *coll.* to cut the throat of (a pig, &c.), to kill; 2) *Join.* to groove, to channel.

Abkühlen, (w.) *f.* 1) the act of turning off or withdrawing: alienation, estrangement (*von Gott*, from God), backsliding; the act of abandoning, desertion (from sin, &c.), re-

cession; 2) (*l. u.*) aversion, disinclination, *see* **Abneigung**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to brush, to sweep sufficiently, to clean by sweeping or brushing; 2) to wear out by repeated brushing or sweeping; *ein abgekehrter Besen*, a broom worn to the stump.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *l. tr.* 1) to turn off or away, &c. *see* **Abwenden**; 2) *fig.* to turn off, to withdraw, to divert, to distract (one's attention), *cf.* **Abziehen**, **Abwenden**; *II. refl.* (*cf.* *† intr.*) 1) *a)* to turn off or away; *b)* (von) to turn one's back (upon), to withdraw one's assistance; *c)* to turn aside (from the cause of God, &c.), *cf.* **sich Abwenden**, **Abfallen** (*intr.* 6.) &c.; 2) *Min.* (*also intr.*) to leave a pit, to cease to work in a mine. [*sweeper*].

Abkühlen (*str.*) m., **Abkühlerei**, (w.) *f.* **Abkühlung**, **Abkühlung**, (*str.*) n. sweepings, rubbish, *see* **Reinigung**.

Abkühlen, (*str.*) n. alienated, estranged. **Abkühlen**..., *in comp.* —*gein*, —*gettel*, m. *Min.* license for a miner to leave the pit.

Abkühlen, (w.) *f.* 1) the act of turning off or away, withdrawal, distraction, *cf.* **Abkühlen**, **Abziehung**; 2) alienation, estrangement (von, from). [*to gasp out*].

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to cough away or out, **Abkühlen**, (*str.* sometimes w.) v. *l. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to get or extort (something from one) by scolding; 2) to scold exceedingly; *II. refl.* to weary or exhaust one's self by scolding.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to cleave, separate by means of a wedge; 2) *only* (*Einem etwas*) to buy (something of), *see* **Abkaufen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *l. tr.* to press (wine); *II. intr.* to finish or leave off pressing.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to loose what has been fastened by a little chain (**Reitfel**) or chains, to unchain, unfasten; 2) **Stocking-nose**, to fasten (moshee) with a frame-knitter's needles.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to unchain. **Abkühlen**, (w.) v. *tr.* *only* to give a sound drubbing, to cudgel, *see* **Abprügeln**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *refl.* to tire or exhaust one's self by tittering.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Coop.* to cut off the croze of (the staves in worn out casks).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *l. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to glide off an edge, to tilt or turn over; *II. tr.* to turn off, to tilt or turn over.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to cut off (the rims of coins, &c.), to crop, *cf.* **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to tire (one) with tickling, to tickle very much.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *intr.* to be ajar (said of a door, &c.), to gape, to stand off.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to divide into fathoms; 2) to measure by the fathom, to cord (wood).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to get or obtain (something from one) by a lawsuit.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to take off or detach what is fastened with clothes-pegs or cramp-irons, *cf.* **Klammer**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to get or obtain (something from one) by a lawsuit.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to let down the leaf of (a table), the flaps of (a hat, &c. *cf.* **Abkrümpen**, **Herunterklappen**).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *l. tr.* to clear off, to clarify (wine, &c.), to purge, purify; to decant; to defecate; *II. refl.* to clear off, become clear, to clarify.

Abkühlen, (*str.*) n. any ingredient to purge liquors, &c. from lees or foulness.

Abkühlen, (w.) *f.* the act of clearing off, clarification; decantation (of liquors); (*also fig.*) purification from impurities or foreign

matter; the act of purifying from admixture, and the state of being purged of extraneous matter.

Abkühlungsmittel, (*str.*) n. any ingredient or (**Abkühlungsmittel**, *str.*) n. fluid to purge liquors, &c. from dregs or impurities, *cf.* **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (*str.*) m. cast, impression.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) *coll.* to slap (a child) thoroughly; 2) *Typ.* &c. to beat off: to take a cast, impression; 3) *Danc.* to take the partner of the first dancer in certain dances, in order to continue the dance with her, previously giving a kind of signal by clapping one's hands.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* *coll.* to pick off, pluck off; *das Fleisch von einem Knochen* —, to pick a bone; *abgekaute Phrasen* (*Neck*), worn-out phrases.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *coll.* *l. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to fall down in small particles and blot (as ink from a pen); 2) *ind.* to drop off, i. e. to die; *II. tr.* to drop or pour off (from a thick fluid). [*manner*].

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to copy in a dawning **Abkühlen**, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (*l. u.*) to undress (*opp.* **Ankleiden**), *see* **Ankleiden**, **Entkleiden**; *die Xant* —, *Mar.* to take off the service; *b) fig.* to strip, divest or deprive of necessities; 2) to partition (off), to separate (a room, &c.) by a partition.

Abkühlen, (w.) *f.* 1) the act of undressing, &c. *see* **Abkleiden**; 2) the act of partitioning, erection of a partition-wall; 3) partition: *Mar.* pl. bulk-heads.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to pinch off, to squeeze off; *sich (Dat.) die Finger* —, to squeeze off one's fingers.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to play badly (on a pianoforte, or any stringed instrument), *anal.* to strum off (a tune, &c.).

Abkühlen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* to decrease in intensity, to expire, to die off or away (of sounds, sometimes of colours, &c.); *cf.* **Abkühlen**. [*Abkühlen*, *q.*]

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* the same with **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to knock, beat off; 2) to beat (eggs, &c.); 3) to remove (the dust, &c. from clothes, &c.) by beating, *see* **Abkühlen**; 4) *Typ.* to strike off (einen Probebogen, a proof) by the brush, *cf.* **Abkühlen**, 2; 5) *coll.* to beat soundly (*cf.* **Abkühlen**).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*from stoff*, *coll.* for *Goultur*) *Dy.* to boil the dyed colour out of (a dyed stuff), in order to dye it anew.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to hew (a piece of wood) into block-shape.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to dispute or word (one) out of (a thing) by overnice arguments. [*nibble off*].

Abkühlen, (*str.*) m. the same with **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* *see* **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *l. tr.* to discharge with a loud report, to crack, fire off; *eine Pistole* —, to fire a gun (off); *II. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to go off with a report (as a gun); 2) *Chem.* to detonize, fulminate.

Abkühlen, (*str.*) m. the same with **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (*str.*) m. the same with **Abkühlen**.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to snap or to nibble off (as a bird eating sugar, &c.); 2) to shut or lock with a smart, snapping sound.

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*aus. sein*) to be discharged, or to go off with a crackling sound (as musketry, &c.).

Abkühlen, (w.) v. *tr.* (*iterative of* **Abkühlen**) to pick off with the fingers or teeth:

to gnaw off; einen Knochen —, to gnaw or pick a bone.

Abtunsetzen, (*w.*) v. tr. (Ginem or sich [Dat.] etwas) to deprive (one) of (what is due or necessary) through niggardliness, to withhold (something from one), &c. see **Abknappen**.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to pinch off, to nip off, cf. **Abknippen**; 2) *Mar.* a) den Wind —, to haul the wind, to ply, turn or work to windward; b) einen Schiffe den Wind —, to gain or get the wind (or the weather-gauge) of a ship.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to cut off with a short knife; 2) see **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to crack off, break off; 2) *Sport.* to kill (game) by cutting the neck (also **Abtuefen**); II. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to crack or break off; 2) *Mar.* a) to fall dead.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. see **Abknappen** & **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen (*pr.* -k-n'än), (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to wear off or out by kneeling; 2) to expiate (sins) by kneeling.

Abtuefen, **Abtuefen**, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to nip off, to cut (or take) off the top of (a pen, &c. *syn.* **Abknippen**); 2) *Freysag.* Vari. Hand-schr. to discharge (a percussion-cap, &c.) with a smart, snapping sound.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to bite off with a gnashing or grating sound, to crush.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to fly off with a crackling noise; *Chem.* to decrepitate; — lassen, to decrepitate; 2) to cease to crackle; *bot.* —, v. s. (*str.*) n. decrepitation.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to go off curtailing, to curtail off.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to unbutton and take off (a coat, &c.), *diff.* from **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen, **Abtuefen**, (*w.*) v. tr. see **Abknappen**. (loosen a knot).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to unbind, untie, *cf.* **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to nibble off.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to beat or throw off with a cudgel; 2) to cudgel soundly.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to separate by boiling, to boil off; 2) to boil in water, so as to draw the strength or virtue of any thing;

3) to boil (a liquid) till it bubbles, to boil (meat) till it is done, to subject to a boiling heat, to prepare by boiling; to decoct; *gerlinde* —, to soften by the heat of water, to parboil, to codle; *Pharm.* to elixate; *abgeschlachtet* *Exant.* decoction; 4) to separate by boiling; 5) (*gener.* *intr.*) to cook with all the despatch necessary (as soldiers on their march); II. *intr.* 1) to be separated or to fall off by boiling; 2) to pass into a boiling state, to boil.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) f. decoction: 1) the operation of boiling, &c.; 2) or **Abtuefen**, (*str.*) n. (l. w.) the thing boiled or decocted.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Carp.* to mark off (a line, &c.) with charcoal (cf. **Abknippen**, 2).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Min.* to cease to work or to give up (a mine), see **Abkitten**.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. & *intr.* (aux. sein) to roll down, off, away.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) v. descendant, see **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to come (down) from; *gener.* *fig.* to proceed from a source or original, to descend; to be derived (see **Abkommen**, **Abkommen**); diese Kinder kommen alle von einem Vater ab (*Grinn.*), all these children are the issue or offspring of one (common) father; die Hefen kommen von den alten Chatten ab, the Hessians are descendants of the old Chatti (cf. **Abknippen**); 2) a) to come or get down from, to get off (a sandbank, &c.); see **Abkommen**; b) to come away, to get off (from an engagement, &c.); ich kann heute nicht —, I cannot disengage myself to-day, I am engaged or detained by

business; können Sie mal (auf) eine Viertelstunde —? are you disengaged for (or can you spare) a quarter of an hour? in dieser Woche werde ich kaum — können, this week I shall scarcely be able to get away from my business (spare any time to call on you, &c.); c) to get off, to go free, see **Abkommen**; mit Eifer —, to come off with flying colours; mit Verlust —, to come off a loser; d) von Einem or von einer Sache —, to get rid of a person or thing, to rid one's self of; ich bin vom Lenzgang abgekommen, I have given up (oder quitted) dancing entirely (cf. **Abkommen** von ...); e) mit Einem — (more usual: ein-treffen), to come to an agreement, &c.; f) (l. w.) for **Abhanden** kommen, **Abgekommen**; die Sache ist mir abgekommen, I have lost the thing; er kann — (i. e. wir brauchen ihn nicht), we can do without him, let him go, it is a good ride-dance; g) to come or get off; to deviate, to wander or swerve from the common or right way, course or line; vom Wege —, to miss the road, to go out of one's way; vom Rinde —, *Mar.* to come by the lee, to fall to leeward; er kommt von der Sache ab, *fig.* he is wandering from the subject or point; h) *fig.* to deviate, swerve (from one's duty, &c.); i) *fig.* to grow out of use, to fall into disuse or desuetude; dieser (Waren-)Artikel ist ganz abgekommen, this article is fallen into disuse, is out of fashion; die Partinamen Ehig und Lery sind fast abgekommen, the party-names of Whig and Tory are almost antiquated; 4) to decline in health, to fall off (**Abmagern**, &c.).

Abtuefen, v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) (the act of) coming off, &c. see **Abkommen**, v.; 2) *Min.* a) deviation of a vein of ore; b) a deviating vein; 3) descent; origin (more usual: **Abkunft**, **Abkommen**); 4) agreement, accommodation, compromise, settlement: ein — mit Einem treffen, to come to an agreement (oder to terms) with one; 5) disuse, discontinuance (of a custom, &c.), desuetude.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) n. 1) descent; 2) offspring, posterity.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) m. 1) descendant, offspring; 2) *Chem.* derivative.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) n. see **Abkommen**, s. 2, **Abtuefen**, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to behead, decapitate (*Abtuefen* more usual in this sense); 2) (**Abtuefen**, with which it seems to be confounded, preferable in the following sense): to top, to lop or to clip off the top of (trees, &c.), to poll.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to uncouple (*Stunde*, *Stunde*, dogs, horses).

Abtuefen (not etymologically related to **Abtuefen**, see **Abtuefen**), (*w.*) v. tr. to lop or to cut off, to top, clip, poll.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. (Ginem etwas) to get (something) from (one) by wheedling, coaxing or fawning, to coax or wheedle (one) out of (a thing).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to take away by wheedling, coaxing or fawning, to coax or wheedle (one) out of (a thing).

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Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to comb off, to comb (Wolle, Baumwolle, wool, cotton), to card thoroughly; II. *intr.* to finish carding.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Holl.* to take down or off the flap or brim of (a hat), to uncock.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. *refl.* & *intr.* (aux. sein) to weaken one's self, to be weakened or to pine away with illness.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to waste, debilitate by grief; II. *refl.* & *intr.* (aux. sein) to pine away with grief (see **Abknippen**).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to scrape off, scratch off, to remove (sometimes to clean) by scraping; sich (Dat.) die Schuhe an dem Esen —, to scrape one's shoes upon the scraper; 2) *coll.* ein Stiel auf der Geige etc. —, to fiddle or scrape a tune on the violin (in a careless way); II. *intr.* *coll.* 1) to run, pack or pop off, see **Abknippen**; 2) *coll.* to pop off, i. e. to die, cf. **Abknippen**, I. 3. a.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) f. (the act of) scraping

Abtuefen, (*str.*) n. see **Abknippen**.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to weed, to clear (a vineyard, &c.) of weeds, (mit der Sichel) to hoe (cf. **Abknippen**).

Abtuefen, v. I. tr. 1) to screech out, to bawl forth; 2) (according to etymology: to cause to produce a hissing sound, like butter in a frying pan) a) to melt (butter or fatty substances), to fry thoroughly; b) *Print.* to cleanse, to purify (linseed-oil for printer's ink); II. *refl.* to tire one's self out with screeching, to screech away, to grow hoarse by screeching.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to divide by a circular form, to separate by circles, to encircle; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) to diverge or fly off in a circular motion: a-b, p. a. eccentric.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to creep off or away (more usual: **Abknippen**).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) (Ginem etwas) to get (something) from (one) by making or waging war, to snatch (a country, &c.) from (one) by force of arms; 2) to get off; 3) (etwas von einer Sache) to get, obtain (a share of...), *particul.* in an ill sense, as f. i. du wirst etwas —, *coll.* you'll get it (i. e. you will get a reprimand, a punishment or injury of any kind); wir werden etwas —, the rain (the storm, &c.) will overtake us, we'll have it presently, we'll get our share.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to dam up (a canal).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to copy in a scribbling manner.

Abtuefen, incorrect pronunciation of the word **Abknippen**, which see.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr., *intr.* (aux. sein) & *refl.* to crumble off.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to crook, to bend off, to form into a crook towards the end; II. *refl.* to run crooked or in a curved line at the end, to curve off.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. tr. to take away the crust of (bread, &c.), to scale (cf. **Abknippen**).

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to fall down like a ball; II. tr. 1) to bowl off; 2) (*often intr.*) to count (the votes, &c.) by means of balls (in balloting), to decide by ballot, to ballot: gebetabgeclind (Voss), telling off prayers by beads.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) f. decision or (the act of) voting by ballot, balloting.

Abtuefen, (*str.*) m. *Chem.* refrigerant.

Abtuefen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to cool, to chill, to refresh, refrigerate; Wein —, to ice wine; Glass-w. & from-w. to anneal; 3. *fig.* to cool (desire, zeal, ardour, love, &c.), to quench, to calm, appease, to moderate (excitement, &c.); sein Rühmchen an Einem —, to vent one's spleen upon one; II. *refl.* & *intr.* (aux. sein) lit. & *fig.* to cool (down), to grow cool, the Stern hatte sich etwas abgekühlt, her anger had cooled down (abated) a little.

Abkühler, (str.) m. 1) any one or any thing which cools (down), see **Abkühlen**; 2) or **Abkühlung**, n. cooling vat, cooler, refrigeratory.

Abkühlung, in comp. —str., m. *Glass-w. & Iron-w.* annealing-oven; —str., f. *Bronz. &c.* cooling-channel (cf. *Glühkanne*); —tr., m. cooling-trough, cooler.

Abkühlung, (w.) f. (the act of) cooling, &c. see **Abkühlen**; 2) *Chem.* refrigeration.

Abkühlungsmittel, (str.) n. *Med.* refrigerant, cooling medicine.

Abkummern, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to waste, to wear out, to emaciate, see **Verkummern**; II. *refl.* to pine away, to be worn out with grief; to grieve unceasingly.

Abkünden, **Abkündigen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to proclaim, to make known: to announce, to notify; ein *Brutpaar* —, to publish (or proclaim) the bans of matrimony; 2) *Law*, to give up, resign.

Abkündigung, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) proclaiming, &c., proclamation: announcement, notification; bidding the bans, &c.; 2) notice, warning of resignation, &c.

Abkunft, (str., pl. **Abkünfte**) f. 1) descent, family, parentage, birth, origin, pedigree (cf. *Abstammung*); 2) (of animals) race, breed: von *guter* —, (of persons) of good family, well descended, well-born; (of animals) thoroughbred; von *edler* —, nobly extracted, of gentle, noble birth; von *geringer* (niedriger) —, low-born, of humble parentage; 3) *L. u. f.* *for* **Abkommen**, v. s. 4.) agreement.

Abkuppen, (w.) v. tr. to cut off minute particles of (vines, &c.), to nip off, to prune.

Abkuppen, **Abkuppen**, **Abkuppen**, (w.) v. tr. to cut (or take) off the top of ...: to nib (a pen); to nip off (cf. *Abknipfen*).

Abkürzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *lit.* to shorten, to make shorter, to lessen, to clip, curtail: *Ag-s. b)* to abridge, abbreviate, to cut short, to retrench; c) to diminish, lessen (the price of a thing, &c.); 2) *Geom.* to cut off, truncate, see **Abgehackt**; 3) *Math.* to reduce (einen *Bruch*, a fraction, &c.): es *läßt sich nicht* —, it is not reducible; *se* wünschte seinen *Besuch* abzukürzen, she wished to cut short his visit; einen (gedruckten) *Kuß* —, to abridge, cut down a (written) article; Jemandes *Lohn* —, to curtail one's wages; abgekürztes *Posten* (*Wort*), *Perr. lunette* or *lunet*.

Abkürzer, (str.) m. abbreviator, abridger; epitomiser, epitomist.

Abkürzung, (w.) f. 1) a) (the act of) shortening, curtailing, &c. see **Abkürzen**; b) abridgement, (eines *Wortes*) abbreviation; c) retrenchment; 2) *Math.* reduction (or abbreviation [of fractions]), diminution; *Abkürz.*, m. division; *Abkürz.*, n. *Geom.* frustum, a part of a solid body separated from the rest; *Abkürz.*, m. abbreviation, (short-hand) note.

Abküssen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (Einem *etwas*) (as much as *Abgüssen*) to kiss away or off (tears from the cheek); 2) to kiss heartily.

Abkutschern, **Abkutschern**, (w.) v. *intr.* (aus. *sein*) to drive away or off in a coach or carriage.

Abkutscheln, (w.) v. tr. see **Abkutscheln**.

Abkutscheln, (w.) v. *refl. coll.* to laugh one's self out of breath, to laugh heartily, immoderately, incessantly, to laugh one's fill.

* **Abkutscheln** (*Lat. ablucare*, to wash from the breast), (w.) v. tr. (& *intr.* [aus. *haben*]) by *leading* out the object *Gard.* to graft by approach, see **Abkutscheln**, 3).

Abladen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to unload, to unlash, to disbarren; to unpack, to discharge (a cargo, &c.): *noch bevor der Schiff* — konnte, even before the master could discharge; *se* *haben* bei *niedrigem Wasserstande* ab, they unloaded at low water: *das Schiff* war im — begriffen, the vessel was unloading: dann wurde

das *Gepäck* abgeladen und jeder Reisende nahm das *seine* in *Anspruch*, then the luggage was unladen, and each passenger claimed his own; beim — *geräusch* die *Riste*, in discharging the case burst; man muß die *Gefäße* vorfichtig —, the casks must be carefully unpacked; 2) *unusual* *for* **Verladen**, which see.

Ablade..., in comp. —ort, m. —platz, m. *Comm.* place for unloading; landing-place; quay: port of discharge.

Abfahrer, **Abfahrer**, (str.) m. unloader; discharger, heaver; *Ab-fahr.*, m. fees for unloading.

Abführung, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) unloading; discharging, &c. see **Abladen**; 2) *U-n.* cargoes, *incorr.* *for* **Verladungen**.

Abfäße, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) putting away, laying aside, &c. cf. **Abfegen** & **Abfegung**; 2) *Law*, separation (of property); 3) anything laid aside, deposit; 4) a place of deposit.

Abfäßer, (str.) m. 1) the (act of or [in *Feudal Law*] the privilege of) turning in or putting up (at an inn, in convents, &c.); 2) a) stopping-place, resting-place, rest; b) *cont. den*, lurking-place (of thieves, vagabonds, &c.); 3) *Min.* bed, deposit, see **Abfagerung**; *U-platz*, m. (*L. u.*) place of transmission, destination, see **Abfahret**.

Abfägen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to lay down, to lodge, to deposit; abgelagerte *Waffen*, *Geol.* matter laid or thrown down after being suspended in or carried along by water, deposits: 2) to remove from a storehouse; II. *refl. & intr.* 1) (of fluids) to settle, to subside, to fall to the bottom of liquor, as dregs or lees; abgelagerte (or abgelegte) *Weine*, matured (old) wines; abgelagerte *Tabak*, old (well seasoned) cigars (dry and of sufficient age to be fit for use); 2) to separate from and encamp in another place.

Abfagerung, (w.) f. 1) the act of laying down, lodging, depositing, &c. see **Abfager**; 2) *Geol.* a) deposition (of mud, &c.), transmission (of boulders, &c.); stratification; b) mineral layer, deposit; 3) separate encampment, &c.

Abfammen, (w.) v. *intr.* to discontinue **Abfanden**, **Abfanden**, (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to lift the anchor, to set sail, to depart (opp. **Anlanden**).

Abfänglich, (*L. u.*) adj. coming (blowing, &c.) from the land; a-*rr* *Wind*, land-breeze. † **Abfäng.** adj. oblong, see **Länglich**.

Abfängen, (w.) v. tr. to reach, to fetch (down).

Abfängen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Min.* to dig lengthwise; 2) *Corp.* to cut the trunk of (a tree) in proper lengths, to saw lengthwise.

† **Abfänglich** adj., **Abfängig**, adv. see **Abfäng**.

Abfägen, (w.) v. tr. *Forest.* (cf. **Abplügen**, **Abfägen**) 1) to blaze or notch (trees in a forest) either for felling, or for marking out a way; 2) to mark out (einen *Weg*, a way) by blazing trees, to blaze out (a path).

Abfäße, (str., pl. **Abfäße**) m. 1) the (act of) letting off, draining, &c. cf. **Ablassen**; discharge; 2) drain, water-course, see **Abfäße**; 3) cessation, intermission (Unterlaß); 4) *Rom. Cath.* a) indulgence, pardon, grant of the Holy Church, remission; b) the ceremonies or festivities on days of indulgence; *vollkommen* —, plenary indulgence; *den* — *betreffend*, indulgential.

Abfäße, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*syn.* **Abfäßen**) to leave off, to cease, to desist (von, from), wenn *Sie* nur von *Ihrer* großen *Strenge* — wollten, if you would only be a little more yielding; II. tr. 1) a) to let off; einen *Brief* — (*unusual*: abgehen lassen), to send off, to for-

ward a letter; ein *Schiff* — (*syn.* vom *Etapel* laufen lassen), to launch a vessel: einen (*Eisenbahn*)-*Zug* —, T. to despatch a (railway)-train, to let off, cf. **Abgehen**, 1, c.; b) to slacken, see **Abspannen**; 2) a) (**Abfäßen**) to let or to draw off (water), to drain; b) to rack, to draw off from the lees (wine, &c.); c) *aa* *Found.* to tap, run off, see **Abfäßen**; d) den *Ofen* —, to cease smelting; einen *Leib* —, to let off a pond; ein *Feß* *Wein* —, to breach, to tap a cask of wine; 3) *Shoe-m.* die *Sohlen* —, to pare, to cut or edge off the soles, to shape or fashion the edges of the soles; 4) T. to temper (steel, &c.), to let down (by heat) (*also* **Ablassen**, **Abfäßen**); 5) *Ag.* a) to give over, to cede; b) (**verfüßlich**) —, to sell, to dispose of; unter dem *Preis* —, to sell under (below) the cost-price, to under-sell; *wohlfeil* —, to let one have (an article) cheap, to sell cheap (at a low rate); c) to abate (from the price, to make an allowance; von einer *Preis*-*Erhöhung* etwas — (*syn.* etwas *nachlassen*), to abate the price, to come down; ich *habe* davon *nicht* das *Geringste* —, I cannot make the least abatement of this price; auf beiden *Seiten* etwas —, *coll.* to split the difference (in a bargain).

Abfäße..., in comp. —*geld*, n. —*pfennig*, m. shrove-money; —*schale*, m. *Steam-eng.* delivery-cock; purging-cock, mud-cock; —*schale*, m. see —*fram*; —*horn*, m. a piece of horn used by shoemakers for paring the soles; —*jahr*, n. year of jubilee; —*kapitel*, f. penitentiary (of the pope); —*kirche*, f. *Rom. Cath.* station (a church where indulgences are to be had on certain days); —*rahmen*, m. see —*rahmen*; —*raum*, m. —*träger*, f. *Rom. Cath.* selling of indulgences; —*träger*, m. seller or vender of (the Pope's) indulgences, pardon-monger; pardoner; —*pfennig*, m. see —*geld*; —*prediger*, m. preacher (seller) of indulgences; —*tag*, m. pl. *Rom. Cath.* days of grace (on which indulgences are granted); —*verkauf*, m. *Rom. Cath.* sale of indulgences; —*woch*, f. *Rom. Cath.* week of corpus Christi day (*Feiertag*); —*woch*, during which indulgences are granted).

Abfäßen, (w.) f. (the act of) letting off, drawing off, &c. see **Ablassen**.

Abfäßen, **Abfäßen**, (str.) m. *Archit.* discharging arch (*Entlastungsbogen*).

Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem *etwas*) to deprive (one) of (a thing) by calumnies or blasphemy (cf. **Abfäßen**, 1, b.).

* **Abfäße**, (str.) m. (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* ablative (case); der *unabhängige* —, ablative absolute.

Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr. to take away the laths from (a roof, &c.).

Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr. to pluck off the leaves of (shrubs, &c.), to unleave, strip off the foliage; to prune (vines, &c.).

Abfäßer, (str.) m. lurker, sculker, way-layer, see **Abfäßer**.

Abfäßen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wait or tarry for (one, &c.), *particul.* in an *ill* sense, to lurk, to skulk, lie in wait for, to waylay; die *Gelegenheit* —, to watch for an opportunity, to wait one's chance; 2) (Einem *etwas*) a) to obtain (something from one) by lying in wait for, by watching a chance; b) *Ag.* to get at or to discover (a secret, &c.) by clandestine observation.

Abfäße, (str., pl. **Abfäße**) m. 1) the (act of) running down; running off, flowing off; going off, cf. **Abfäßen**; — *des* *Wetters*, ebb, ebbing of the sea; 2) sink, gutter, kennel, drain, common sewer, outlet, vent; 3) anything sloping off: a) *Archit.* (cf. **Anlauf**) aa) hollow conge, upper apophyge (of a column); bb) cymatium, an undulating moulding, generally the upper one of a cornice;

Ab- und Ablauf eines Säulen[schaftes], spring of a column: *b*) slope, acclivity, *see* **Abführung**; *c*) **Abfund**. (Veräußerung eines Mobells) delivery, draw, draft (*Tab.*); *d*) **Abfuhr**, rake (of the stem), *see* **Ausfuhr**, *s.*; *e*) *n*) expiration (of a term, of a treaty, &c.); *f*) **Abfuhr** (*Comm.*), expiration, maturity, falling due (of a bill), time (or term) of payment; *vor* — des **Erneuers**, before the half-year or term (—time) closes; *mit* — der **Frucht**, at expiration of the term: — des **Jahres**, end of the year; *b*) end, event; *es* wird vom — der **Auktion** abhängen, ob ..., it will depend on the result of the sale, whether

Ablaufen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to run down or off; *von* dem **Gelände** — (Entgleiten, Entschienen), to run off the rails: to wriggle off: der **Dampfwagen** lief *von* den **Schienen** ab, the steam-engine went off the rails; ein **Schiff** — **lassen**, to launch a ship (vom **Stapel** laufen lassen); *vor* dem **Winde** —, *Mar.* to bring the wind ast; 2) to run or flow down, to run off, to flow off: (wieber) —, to ebb; die **Gewässer** liefen ab, the waters subsided; das *a-b* **Wasser** eines **Wassertrags**, overflowings; das **Nicht** läuft ab, the candle gutters: 3) to set off, to depart (**Abgehen**); kein **Schiff** konnte bei dem **Sturme** —, no vessel could put to sea in such a storm; ein **Schiff** — **lassen**, to despatch a vessel, *see* **Abgehen** lassen; einen **Brief** — **lassen**, to despatch a letter; lassen *Sie* die **Einlage** gef. *so* gleich —, please to have the enclosure forwarded immediately; 4) to run out, to run down, to cease moving; die **Uhr** ist **abgelaufen**, the watch is (gone) down; 5) *fig.* *a*) to run out, to expire; *Comm.* to fall or become due: **abgelaufen**, expired, due, payable; der **Wechsel** ist **abgelaufen**, the bill falls due; ein **abgelaufener Wechsel**, a bill which is due; der **Termin** ist noch nicht **abgelaufen**, the term has not yet expired; der **abgelaufene Monat**, last month, ult. (ultimo); *b*) to elapse, pass away; *c*) to end; die **Schicht** lief ab wie andere, the wedding went by as other weddings do; wie lief es ab? how did it speed? das wird *lief* —, that will turn out a sad affair; das **Geschäft** ist noch *schlecht* für *Sie* **abgelaufen**, you have after all come off pretty well in this transaction: — **lassen**, 1) *see* above; 2) *Form.* to ward off (a thrust); 3) *Corp.* &c. (**Abwehr**), **Abwehr**en, **Abwehr**en *z.* to rabbit, to chamfer; 4) *fig.* to let (one) go by, to rebuff severely, to give (one) a set-down, *see* **Abfertigen**.

II. *tr.* 1) *Min.* to run or transport (ores) to the shaft; 2) to run off; to wear off or out by rubbing or attrition; 3) to outrun; (*Einem*) den **Rang** —, to get the start (or to get the better of ... to distance, to beat (one), to cut (one) out; *coll.* *s.* **ich** (*Dat.*) die **Beine** (or **Hüfte**, **Paden**) nach etwas (*Dat.*) —, to run off one's heels for a thing, to run one's foot off, to take the utmost pains to obtain a thing; **ich** (*Dat.*) die **Förner** —, to sow one's wild oats: das habe ich längst an den **Schuh**en **abgelaufen**, that I have known long ago.

III. *refl.* to tire one's self out by running. **Ablaufen**, *v. e.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) the (act of) running down or off, &c. *see* **Ablaufen**, *v.* & **Ablauf**; 2) *Wass.* rounding off of the wing transom (*Tab.*).

Abläufer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a person who, or a thing which, runs down or off, &c. *cf.* **Ablaufen**; 2) *Mar.* (**Scuppar**) scupper-hole (*pl.* scuppers); 3) *Wass.* *a*) a spool become empty; *b*) a wrong thread, a thread out of its place.

Ablauf, ..., *in comp.* —**loch**, *n.* a hole to carry off water, &c.; side-hole (of a pump, &c.); —**rinne**, *f.* 1) **Print.** &c. gutter; 2) **Found.** (Gießloch, Gerinne), gutter; basin, gate, pouring-hole (*Tab.*); 3) *Mar.* scupper-hole, scupper; —**rührer**, *f.* waste-pipe, tunnel, escape:

see also —**rinne**; —**schleuse**, *f.* discharging-sluis, delivery-sluis; **Abplanen**, *f. pl.* **Ship-b.** launching plank.

Ablaufen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to impregnate with lye, to lixivate; 2) *a*) to clear off, remove the lye from (yarn, &c.) by washing, to wash out, rinse off the lye; *b*) *coll.* to reprimand, *see* **Abfchueren**; das — des **Garbes**, the scouring of yarn.

Ablaufen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *see* **Abfliegen**. **Ablaufen**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Einem* etwas) to get (at) or learn by listening or eavesdropping: (eine **Gelegenheit**, einen **Vorteil**) to lurk or watch for (an opportunity, a chance, an advantage), *cf.* **Abhauern**.

Ablaufen, (*v.*) *s. tr. vulg.* 1) to louse, to clean from lice; 2) *fig.* (*Einem* etwas) to cheat or do (one) out of (a thing).

Ablaut, (*str.*) *m.* *Gramm.* (first introduced by **Jacob Grimm**, *see* his **Deutsche Grammatik**) change of the radical vowel (of verbs), as *f. i.* in *binden*, *band*, *gebunden* (*different* is the *Umlaut*, which *see*); das **Präteritum** **starker** **Zeitwörter** wird durch — gebildet (*q. B.* *trinke*, *trank*, *getrunken*), the preterite of strong verbs is formed by changing the radical vowel (*f. i.* *drink*, *drank*, *drunk*).

Ablauten, (*v.*) *s. intr.* *Gramm.* to change the radical vowel (as verbs, &c.); *starke* **Zeitwörter** **lauten** ab (*q. B.* *singe*, *sang*, *gesungen*), strong verbs change their radical vowel (*f. i.* *sing*, *sang*, *sung*).

Abläuter ..., *in comp.* **Metall** —**arbeit**, *n.* (the process of) buddling, trunking; —**faß**, *n.* buddie, washing-tub, (*Devon.*) **launder**; —**ste**, *f.* washing-trunk.

Abläutern, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to clarify (syrup, &c.), to filter, to refine (sugar), to purify (liquors or metals); *Min.* to wash (ore), to buddle; *cf.* **Abspülen**.

Abläuterung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) clarifying, refining, &c. *see* **Abläutern**; 2) *see* **Abspülung**; **U-faß**, *see* **Abkläuterfaß**.

Ableben, (*v.*) *s. l. tr.* (*l. u.*) to live through (many a winter) (*B. Waldie*); to consume (one's life); *Einem*, der seine **Zeit** **abgibt**, one who has lived out his time: *II. used* as a *refl.* by **Nick**: daß ich so in die **Welt** **hinein** **am** und daß ich mich nun **ab** **lebe**, that I thus entered this world, and am now spinning off the thread of life; *III. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*; *gener.* *used* in the past participle) 1) to consume one's life, to decay, to wear or waste away, to die by degrees, slowly; auf ihrem **Siechbette** **begrißten** wir die *a-b* **Nächte** **Gleims** (*Götze*), on her sick-bed we saluted Gleim's niece slowly fading away; 2) to become decrepit; **abgibt**, worn with age.

Ableben, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* **decease**, **death**; seit dem — **unseres** **Hrn. N.**, *Comm.* since the **decease** of our **Mr. N.**: (das *fig.* *engl.* **Wort** nur von **königlichen** oder **bedeutenden** **Personen** gebraucht:) **demise**.

Abledern, (*v.*) *s. l. tr.* to lick off; *II. intr.* 1) (*aux.* *haben*) *provenc.* (*Switzerland*) to flash in the pan; 2) (*aux.* *sein*) to dry (off) (of evaporating fluids).

† **Abledern**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Luther*, &c.) (*Einem* etwas) to obtain or get (something from one) by deceit, to wheedle or swindle (one out of a thing).

Abledern, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to skin; 2) *Instr.-m.* to remove the leather from (the hammers of a piano-forte); 3) *vulg.* (*Einem*, *Einem* den **Büdel** *z.*) to leather one's hide, to drub, thrash, *see* **Abprügeln**.

Abledern, (*v.*) *s. tr.* I. (*from* **Ab** & **ledern**) to empty; to clear (the table, &c.); *II. (from* **Ab** & **ledern**) *Min.* 1) to verify the dimensions of (a thing); 2) *see* **Abmessen**. [*pope.*]

* **Ablegat**, (*v.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) legate of the **Ablegen**, (*v.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to lay aside,

down, off, to put or take off (one's clothes); eine **Jacke** —, to lay or put down a load; die **Kleider** —, to put off one's clothes, to undress (**Kleidern**, *fig.* **Auskleiden**, **Entkleiden**); die **Trauer** —, to go out of mourning; *b*) to lay aside (as no longer wearable), to cast (or throw) off, away, by; **abgelegt** **Kleidungsstücke**, cast away (or off) clothes; 3) *Sport.* to cast (das **Gewehr**, the horns); 3) (*often intr.*) **Hort.** to lay (plants) (**Einlegen**, **Absetzen**); 4) (*often intr.*) **Typ.** (eine **Form**, die **Schrift**) to distribute (the letters of a form); 5) (*often intr.*) **Sam.** (seine **Karten** —) to lay out (one's cards); to discard; *fig.-s.* 6) to leave off, to quit (ill habits, &c.); to lay aside, to discard (prejudices), to throw off (formality), to cast away (all reserve), to leave off; 7) *Min.* *ec.* to pay off, discard (workmen, &c.); 8) (*Abolucant* for **Absetzen**, **Absetzen**, **Reiten** &c.) to pay (what is due); *b*) (**Rechnung** —) to give or render (an account, proofs, &c.); **Rechnung** — **für** ..., to give an account, to render account over to account for ...; *c*) to make or take (a vow); to make one's confession of faith; to take (an oath); *d*) to bear (witness), to give (testimony); *neum* *Sie* einmal eine **Brille** tragen, werden *Sie* sie nie wieder — **nehmen**, if you once wear glasses, you will never be able to leave them off; *Script.-s.* den alten **Wesler** — (*Ephe.* 4, 22), to put off the old man; die **Lügen** — (*Ephe.* 4, 25), to put away lying; ein **Reiter** —, to forsake a vice; die **Betrügerin** legt ihre **Wahrheit** ab, hypocrisy puts off her mask; lege eine **Zurückhaltung** ab, *weil* *Sie* **gegen** *Sie* **Freundschaft** **versteht**, cease a reserve so offensive to friendship; nationale **Beurteilung** werden gegenseitig **abgelegt** werden, national prejudices will be reciprocally laid aside; alle **Bestürzungen** in **Bezug** **darauf** können **abgelegt** werden, all fears on that head may be discarded; **Bejudet** — (*Götze*, *unusual* for **Absetzen**), to pay visits; einen **Abkündigungs** — (*Schiller*, *l. u.* for einen **Ab** **absetzen**), to offer congratulations: **vermuthliches** **Bekenntniß** —, to make a repentant confession of sin; ich will einen **Eid** **darauf** —, I will take my oath upon it; ich **habe** **das** **Zeugniß** —, daß ..., I can testify or bear witness that ...; man wird ihn **gerichtlich** **Zeugniß** — **lassen**, he will be called upon to give evidence (depose) in a court of law.

II. *intr.* 1) *a*) (of animals) to bring forth young, to calve, to cub, &c.; *b*) *cont.* for **Entbunden** werden, to be delivered of ... 2) *Mar.* to put off (from shore); 3) *lit.* & *fig.* (of the eyesight, memory, &c., *cf.* **Wachnehmen**) to grow weak, to decline, to fade away.

Ablegen, (*str.*) *m.* **Typ.** error committed in distributing the letters of a form.

Ableger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a*) **Hort.** layer, shoot, sprig, scion (clon) (*syn.* **Abseiter**, **Ernter**); *b*) *fig.* branch, offshoot; 2) (of animals) a young one, a cub, a pup; 3) a new swarm of bees; —**stod**, *m.* hive for a new swarm of bees.

Ablegespaß (—**paß**), (*str.*, *pl.* **Ab-spähne**, —**späne**) *m.* **Typ.** distributing rule.

* **Ablegen**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.* **ablegare**) to send off, abroad on some legation (sometimes as a kind of punishment).

Ablegung, (*v.*) *f.* (the act of) laying aside, &c. *see* **Ablegen**; — der **Rechnungen**, rendering or giving up of accounts; — einer **Rechnung** **vor** **Gericht**, audit; — des **Ordens** **gelübdes**, *Rom. Cath.* profession of faith on entering into a religious order; — eines **Eides**, the act of taking an oath, swearing; bei — (**Abgabe**) **ihrer** **Stimme** (*Schiller*), on giving their vote.

A. **Ableihen** (*from* **OHG.** **lêhānān**), (*v.*) *v. tr.* to borrow (better **Abbleihen**, which *see*).
B. **Ableihen** (*from* **OHG.** **lêhānān**, *MHG.*

untie, unbind, detach; to untie; to unlock (fetter, Typ. die Fette, the form, &c.); alle Coupons waren abgeköpft, *Comm.* all the coupons were detached; *b)* *fig.* to detach (a province, &c.); *c)* *fig.* to detach, to contrast (shades of colour, &c.), *cf.* II. *ref.* 2., & Abheben, &c.); *2)* *Surg.* *a)* to cut off, to amputate, to sever (ein Glied, a limb); *b)* to take off in thin lamina or scales, to scale; *3)* *Med.* to resolve; *a-e* Mittel, resolvents, pectorals; *4)* to fire off, to discharge (a gun), *see* Abfeuern; *5)* *a)* *Med.* to relieve (a guard); to set (the watch), *Mar.* to spell (the watch); die Wachen abwechseln in den Laufgräben —, to relieve the trenches; Abwechseln! relieve! *b)* *gener.* to relieve, to discharge (from duty, &c.), to take the place of (something else), to replace: ein neues Jahr löst das alte ab, a new year stepped in in the place of the old one; *6)* to pay (off), discharge (a debt); to redeem (buy up an annuity, &c.), *cf.* Auslösen & Einlösen; *7)* *Law.* to commute (penalties, &c.).

II. *ref.* 1) to grow loose, to come off, to drop off; *Surg.* &c. to slough or come off (as the scab from a wound); to scale (off); to peel off; *fig.* in Blatten —, to flake; *2)* *Pass.* & *fig.* to detach itself (as a light figure from a dark background), to stand out for or forth (in [bold] relief); *3)* *coll.* for the reciprocal form (which see): to relieve one another: *a)* sie lösten sich (instead of einander) beim Feiern ab, they relieved each other in reading; *b)* sich (strictly *ref.*) mit Einem —, to change places with one, to act alternately; III. *recipr.* (*cf.* the preceding) einander —: to relieve one another (or each other), to act alternately, to do a thing by turns: beide Eheleute lösten einander im Wachegeächte ab, the two principals travel by turns; IV. *sometimes used as an intransitive:* to alternate, to come or succeed by turns (*cf.* Abwechseln).

Abstich, *†* *Abstich*, *adj.* 1) what may be loosened, untied, detached, &c. *cf.* Ablösen; *2)* redeemable (as debts, &c.).

Abstichung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) loosening, untying, &c. *cf.* Ablösen; *2)* *Surg.* amputation (eines Gliedes, of a limb); *3)* *a)* the peeling, scaling or sloughing off (of skin, &c.); *b)* scale, slough; *4)* *a)* relief, relieving (of a guard); — durch frische Arbeiter, relays of fresh hands; *b)* alternation; *5)* *Law.* redemption: commutation (of a penalty, &c.); *6)* — einer Schuld, full discharge of a debt; *W-d.* recht, *n.* right of redemption.

Abstreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unsolder.

Abstreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T. & vulg.* to flay, to skin, *see* Abbedecken, Abheben.

* Abstrich, (*pr.* abstrich'tsien), (*w.*) *n. pl.* (*Lat.*) *Med.* abluents, lotions for cleansing sores, abstergents.

Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*S. G.*) (Einem etwas) to learn, to discover, &c. (something) by closely watching (a person), *see* Absehen.

Abtügen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to deny by false assertion; *2)* (Einem etwas) to obtain (something) from (one) by lying or by asserting untruths.

Abtügen, rarely Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) 1) (*i. u.*) to learn, discover (something) from (one) by sly and close attention, *see* Absehen, &c.; *2)* to get (something) from (one) by rogues, by tricking, to cheat or trick (one) out of (a thing).

* Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) *abluere*, to wash off or away! *Chem.* to lave.

Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to obtain (something) from (one) by persevering efforts, to trick (one) out of (a thing).

Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lift off, *see* Abheben.

* Abtügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) *Chem.* to separate from the cement or luting, to unlute. [*ten*]

Abzeichnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark off (*cf.* Ab-

Abzeichnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *lit.* to take, bring or get off, loosen, separate, detach; *2)* *†* to make ready, to give the last finish to (a thing), to prepare; *3)* *coll.* (abstract expression) for Abbilden to copy, to take the likeness of (one, &c.), (*cf.* Abzeichnen); *4)* *a)* to do (a thing) in a certain time, to get through with...; *b)* to adjust, regulate, settle (an account, a question, &c.), arrange; *cine Schuld* —, to discharge or clear a debt; *cine Geschäft* —, to do or clear off, or wind up a business; *monatliche Rechnung bis auf heutigen Tag abgemacht ist*, which balances our transactions up to this day, or received payment in full of all demands up to (this) date; *ich hatte diesen Punkt (diese Frage &c.) bei mir (selbst) abgemacht*, I had settled this point (determined this question, &c.) in my own mind; *ich habe es bei mir abgemacht*, I have made up my mind about it; *es fuh* —, to cut the matter short, to make it short; *abgemacht*, *pp.* *Comm.* &c. settled, &c.; paid; in order; *interj.* done! quits! II. *used sometimes intransitively:* *unruhig mit ihm abzumachen*, in order to arrange matters (or to come to an understanding) with him; *lassen Sie uns nun —*, let us now finish the business (or settle the matter, or come to a conclusion), *cf.* Abhelfen (in the abstract phrases Abmachen is frequently synonymous with Abthun).

Abmachung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) settling, adjusting, &c.; settlement, adjustment; discharge; termination; *die — der Rechnung* *ist* nicht, the settlement of the account is not pressing; *erzähligen Sie sich vor —*, inquire before you settle; — des Schades (beim Erc-handel), *T.* adjustment of the average.

Abmageru, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* [*ten*]) to grow thin or lean, to emaciate, to fall away or off, to abate in one's flesh, to lose flesh, to waste away; — lassen, *fulc.* to unfatten (a falcon).

Abmagerung, (*w.*) *f.* emaciation, wasting of the body, *Med.* atrophy.

Abmähen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mow, mow off, to cut down; *2)* (*often intr.*, *aux.* haben) to finish mowing.

Abmahlen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to grind off; *2)* to grind duly or completely, to finish grinding.

Abmahnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dissuade, to warn (von einer Sache, from a thing), to advise to the contrary; *2)* (Einem etwas) to obtain or get by dunning; *a-b*, *p. a.* dissuasive, dehortatory.

Abmahnung, (*w.*) *f.* dissuasion, remonstrance; *Abmahnung*, *n.* dissuasive (or dehortatory) letter.

Abmalerei, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Abmalen.

Abmalen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einem ober etwas) to paint, to draw (or take) a likeness of (a person or thing), to portray; *nach dem Leben* —, to draw (one) from the life; *sich — lassen*, to sit for one's portrait; *2)* *fig. a)* to paint, draw, delineate, describe, represent, depict; „ich muß die Mama“ (dieselbe ist blind) „hierher bringen und ihr die Aussicht —“, „I must bring mamma“ [a blind person] here and paint the view for her“ (*i. e.* describe it to her in vivid words); *b)* *Einem — coll.* to depict a person unsparingly, *i. e.* to expose his bad qualities or actions, *and.* to show one up.

Abmalen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* for Abmengen.

Abmangeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mangle (linen) duly or thoroughly; *2)* (*often intr.*) to finish mangling.

Abmangeln, *provinc.* Abmarachen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Abmengen.

Abmarken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark out the boundaries of ..., to mark off or out (eine Flur, a field, &c.).

Abmarken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to beat down from (the price), to effect an abatement in..., to deduct (*cf.* Abtreiben, Abdingen, Abhan-

beln; *2)* *gener.* *in an all senses* (Einem etwas) to bargain (one) out of (a thing), to shoo (one) to bargain for (peace, &c.), *cf.* Abhandeln.

Abmarkung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) marking off the boundaries (of a field, &c.), *cf.* Abmarken.

Abmarsch, (*str.*, *pl.* Abmärsche) *m.* (the act of) marching off, march, departure (aus dem Lager) decampment; *ganz W-e blasen* or *trommeln*, to strike up the march.

Abmarschieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* [*ten*]) *particul.* *Med.* to march off, to march, to depart, decamp; *Mann für Mann* —, to file off.

Abmatten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to torment, torture exceedingly, to exasperate; *b)* *fig.* to plague, vex, worry extremely (out of one's life, out of patience, &c.); *2)* (Einem etwas) to torture (one) out of (a thing), to extort (something) from (one).

Abmattung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) torturing to excess, excessive torturing or torment, exasperation.

Abmaß, (*str.*) *n.* the measure taken from a thing, measure or dimensions of a thing.

Abmatten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to harass, to tire out, to wear (out), weary, exhaust, fatigue; to jade (a horse); *durch eine a-b-ge-Strand-geigedwacht*, weakened by a wearing disease; *von der Arbeit ganz abgemattet*, quite spent with labour, entirely knocked up; *2)* *T.* to dull (metals), to dim or tarnish (*i. e.* to give [gold, silver, &c.] a pale or dim cast without either polish or burnish), *cf.* Matt machen, Mattiren; II. *ref.* to exhaust one's self, weary one's self; to be exhausted, worn out, &c.

Abmattung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) harassing, tiring or wearing out, &c., exhaustion, debilitation; *2)* (state of) being worn out, exhaustion, &c., weariness, lassitude, fatigue.

Abmauern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*lit.* to wall off) to separate by walling round or by a wall.

Abmehren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to recite, say, speak, deliver, &c. in a blating voice.

Abmehren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*used in Switzerland*) 1) to reject by a majority of votes (*opp.* Gracieren); *2)* (*sometimes* for überstimmen, Majoritiren) to outvote.

† Abmeien, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Abmehren.

Abmeiern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to turn (a tenant, &c.) out of a farm, to expel, eject; *2)* *fig. coll.* to settle or finish one's business; *ich bin abgemeiert*, my business is settled, I am done for.

Abmeißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Brow.* &c. 1) to maul duly or sufficiently; *2)* (*often intr.*) to finish or to have done mauling.

Abmeißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to chisel off, to take off or to smooth with a chisel; *2)* to chisel out; *3)* *Hatt.* to take off (the hair) from the skin.

Abmeißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to countermand, to give (due) information or notice of some change or alteration (*cf.* Absetzen) of a previous engagement, &c.; *einen Besuch* —, to give notice that an intended visit cannot be made; *einen Dienstboten* (bei der Polizei) —, to give (due) information (to the police) of the dismissal of a servant, to notify (to the police) that a servant is no longer engaged (*opp.* Abmeißen).

Abmeißel, (*str.*) *m.* paper on which (a written) notice is given of a servant's leaving, &c., written notice of the discontinuance of an engagement, &c.

Abmeißung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) countermanding, &c. *cf.* Abmeißen; notice or information of some intended change.

Abmeißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take away by milking, to milk; *2)* (*often intr.*) to finish or to have done milking.

Abmergeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to squeeze excessively; *2)* to wear (out), waste,

emaciate, harness (to death); to exhaust, debilitate.

Ab'messen, (u.) v. I. tr. mit Strobe —, to mark off or out, to trace with chalk: II. *intr.* (Einem etwas) to learn or gather by observing, to mark and learn; to mark, observe, remark, perceive, discover (something) in (one); *fic* sucht ihm ab'messen was er wünscht, she seeks to anticipate his wishes (cf. *Ab'sehen*).

Ab'messbar, *adj.* capable of being measured off *acc.*, commensurable.

Ab'messbarkeit, (u.) f. commensurability. **Ab'messen**, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to measure off; b) T. to take the gauge of, to gauge; nach der Schür —, to lay out, to trace by a line (cf. *Ab'schätzen*); Glas. to range; mit der Messerwaage —, to take the level of, to level (Rinecliren); to compass (Ab'messen), to survey (a field); den Zapfen auf das Loch —, *Comp.* to counter-gauge; 2) to measure off (dry-goods, *acc.*), to cut off; *fig.-s.* 3) T. to divide into feet, to measure, to scan (einen Vers, a verse, *acc.* *Scanditura*); 4) a) to adjust, to regulate, to proportion, to suit (nach, to), to square (our actions by the opinions of others, *acc.*); b) to compare, to judge; er mißt Andre nach sich ab, he judges of others from himself; er mißt seine Handrücke nicht ab, he did not measure his terms; er mißt seine Worte sehr sorgfältig ab, he expressed himself very guardedly; sonst mißt er seine Worte besser abzumessen, in general he is in the habit of weighing his words more carefully.

Ab'messen, s. (str.) n. (the act of) measuring off, *acc.* *acc.* *Ab'messung*; das — der Zapfenlöcher, *Comp.* counter-gauge.

Ab'messer, (str.) m. measurer, surveyor. **Ab'messung**, (u.) f. 1) (the act of) measuring off, *acc.* cf. *Ab'messen*, survey; 2) admeasurement, measurement; 3) dimension: der Raum hat drei Ab'messung (Raum), space has three dimensions; 4) (the act of) scanning or measuring verses or words, scansion; 5) a proportioning, adjustment.

Ab'messen, (u.) v. tr. to cut off; to cut down.

Ab'messen, (u.) v. tr. *Müll.* to take a peck of grain from ... as payment, to take the mill-tare (i. e. the fee for grinding) from.

Ab'messen, (u.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to hire, rent (a room, *acc.*) from (one); to take in hire, to farm.

Ab'miether (str.) m., **Ab'mietherin**, (u.) f. hirer, lessee, tenant.

Ab'miethung, (u.) f. (the act of) hiring, renting, *acc.* cf. *Ab'miethen*; hire.

Ab'mildern (*Götze* [L. u.]): **Ab'mildern**, (u.) v. tr. to mitigate, moderate, to soften, soothe: to extenuate, modify.

Ab'mildern, (u.) f. moderation, *acc.* cf. *Ab'mildern*.

Ab'mildern, (u.) v. tr. to lessen, to diminish: to abate, to yield some abatement from ...

Ab'minderung, (u.) f. (the act of) lessening, *acc.*, diminution, abatement, deduction, reduction.

Ab'mischen, (u.) v. tr. to take off or remove dung from ..., to cleanse of dung or manure (as cattle, *acc.*, or a farmyard, *acc.*; in the latter application *Ab'mischen* is nearly synonymous).

Ab'mischen, (u.) v. tr. to model or form according to a plan or prototype, to imitate or copy in forming.

Ab'mischen, **Ab'mischen**, (u.) v. tr. to clear off (or to free from) moss.

Ab'mischen, (u.) v. tr. coll. to tit (one), to give (one) a set-down, to give (one) tit for tat, to rebuff severely: ich will ihn tüchtig —, I'll trounce him.

Ab'mischen, (u.) v. tr. to tire or weary

(ref. one's self) out; vollständig abgemüdet, fairly tired out.

Ab'mühen, (u.) f. the (act of) tiring out, *acc.* **Ab'mühen**, (u.) v. ref. to fatigue, to exert, to strain one's self, to moid, to trouble one's self: *fic* mühten sich ab, einen neuen Weg zu finden, they strained every nerve, they beat about to discover a new path; *fic* mühten sich mit dieser schwierigen Frage ab, they grappled with the difficulties of this question.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. 1) a) to cause (one) to take leisure for a short time, to draw (off) from labour; to detain from occupation, to disturb; b) to spare (time) from business: ich darf ihn nicht von der Arbeit — (abziehen), I must not withdraw or take him from his labour; wenn Ihr noch einen Augenblick von Euren Geschäften — könnt (Nock), if you can snatch another moment from your business; *gener. ref. sich* (*Acc.*) —, to find time or leisure; *sich* (*Dat.*) die nötige Zeit —, to spare the needful time; *sich* (*Acc.*) von einer Sache (Arbeit *acc.*) —, to withdraw (for a time) from a thing (occupation, *acc.*), to spare the time from (labour, *acc.*): ich kann mich keinen Augenblick —, I cannot spare a moment's time; kannst du dich nicht einen Augenblick von deiner Beschäftigung —? cannot you spare or snatch a moment's time from your occupation (engagement, *acc.*)? wenn ich mich — kann, if I can find leisure, if my engagements (business, *acc.*) will permit me; 2) a) in *Low style* need for *Ab'mühen*, *Abbringen*, to exact (something) from (one); *Einem* eine Erklärung —, to oblige one to make a declaration or statement; b) in the same sense, but applied ironically or ludicrously: ich könnte ihr die Bürde ganz ohne Gefahr — (Nack), I could without any danger ease her of her purse.

Ab'mühen, (u.) f. 1) (the act of) causing to take leisure, *acc.* cf. *Ab'mühen*; 2) enforced leisure (cf. *Abhaltung*).

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. coll. to mutilate, truncate, to reduce (wear down) to a stump or stub, to crop, lop (off).

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. 1) *Ship-b.* to drive the tree-nails into the sides or bottom of (a ship); 2) to unmail, to remove or take off (away) by drawing out the nail or nails.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. 1) to gnaw off, to nibble, to pick (a bone); der Hund nagt das Fleisch vom Knochen ab, the dog gnaws the flesh from (off) the bone; 2) *fig.* to gnaw, fret, consume, to wear out or away; to torment; derummer nagt ihm das Herz ab, sorrow preys upon his heart, his heart is consumed with grief.

Ab'mühen, (u.) f. (the act of) gnawing off, *acc.* cf. *Ab'mühen*; abrasion, erosion.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to sew duly, thoroughly, to quilt; b) to sew round, to partition or mark off by sewing; 2) to pay (a debt) by sewing or doing needle-work; II. *intr.* (*aux.* haben) to finish or have done sewing. [drawn in in sewing.]

Ab'mühen, (str.) m. *Thul.* a seam or fold

Ab'mühen, (u.) f. 1) the (act of) taking off, away, *acc.* cf. *Ab'mühen*; die — eines Gliedes, *Surg.* the cutting off of a limb, amputation; die — (Christi) vom Kreuze, *Psalm.* the descent or deposition from the cross; 2) the taking or receiving (an account, *acc.*); (*officially*) audit: — eines Gutes, taking an (i. e. a person's) oath; 3) diminution, decline, decrease, falling off; der Gebrauch ist in —, the custom goes out of fashion (cf. *Abgang*, 6, b.); wane, waste: sinking, decay; seine Augen, sein Gesicht kriechen große —, his eye-sight, his memory begin to be greatly impaired; mein Gesicht kriechet —, my eye-sight begins to fall; impairing (of the intrinsic value): abatement: in — geraten, to fall into decay,

to decay: — des Mondes, wane, decrease of the moon: — der Gewässer, the subsiding or ebb of the waters: ohne —, undecaying; 4) T. (*Harald*, *Mss.*, *Astr.*, *acc.*) cadence, decrement; 5) sale, cf. *Abgang*, 3., *Abkauf*, 3., and *Abnehmer*, 1.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. 1) *Tann.* to cut off the grain of (skins), to grain (skins); 2) *Agric.* to cut, take or reap (off), cf. *Abmähren*.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to fool or trick (one) out of (a thing), to obtain (a thing) from (one) by foolery, pranks or tricks.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. to remove or take clandestinely and eat a portion of dainties, sweetmeats, *acc.*, to steal dainties from ...: er naschte den Zucker vom Kuchen ab, he secretly nibbled off the sugar from the cake.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to tease (one) out of (a thing).

Ab'mühen, (u.) f. (*Lat.* *abnegatio*) entire denial, refusal, renunciation.

Ab'mühen, (u.) v. tr. (*Lat.* *abnegare*) to deny, refuse, renounce altogether.

Ab'mühen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to take off, away, down: a) die Färbung —, *Mar.* to haul down (or strike) the colours; den Hut (die Mütze *acc.*) —, to take off one's hat (*cap. acc.*); den Hut vor Einem —, to uncover to (gen. to bow to) one; die Maske —, to take or pull off the mask, to unmask; dem Fellen die Kappe —, to unhood a falcon, to strike the hood: von einem Fasse die Kränze —, to unhoop a cask; die Ziegel von einem Dache —, to take off the tiles from or to untile a roof; Obst —, to gather or pluck fruit; ein Schloß —, to take off (to unmail, unsewer) a lock; die (gedruckten) Bogen —, *Print.* to take down the sheets; die (Gieß-)Formen —, *Found.* to lift (out) the forms; das Fett von der Brüste — (Ab'schöpfen), to take off the fat, to skim the broth; den Rahm von der Milch —, to take off the cream from the milk, to cream or to skim the milk of its cream; die Ruderpinne —, *Naut.* to unship the tiller; das Bonnet —, *Naut.* to unlase the bonnet (of a sail); die Seihen von einem Stiefel —, to unsole a boot; die Epochen, das Licht —, to serve off the meats (from a table), to clear the table, to take away, *acc.* *Ab'räumen*; den Verband —, to take off the dressings; einem Pferde das (or pl.) die Sattel —, to take off the shoe (s) of a horse, to unshoe a horse; einem Pferde den Sattel —, to unsaddle a horse; den Stieren das Joch —, to unyoke the steers; Einem eine Last —, to take a burden from one; die Hunde —, *Sport.* to call off the dogs (from a wrong scent); ein Kalb —, to wean a calf; die Katzen —, *Gam.* to cut the cards (Ab'schneiden); b) ein Glied —, *Surg.* to take or cut off, to amputate a limb; Einem den Bart —, to shave one's beard; den Schafen die Wolle —, to shear, to fleece the sheep; die Kräfte —, *Thy.* to take off the crust; den Bart (das Haupthaar, *ungeleide*) —, T. to clip uneven edges, the burr, *acc.*; to take off the edges; die Gießnaht —, *Found.* to take off the seam; (die Maschen) —, (*in knitting*) to narrow, to lessen the width of a stocking or other piece of knitting by taking two meshes into one (*opp.* Zulegen); ein Kleid —, to shorten (to make shorter) a dress or gown.

Fig.-s. 2) (Einem etwas) a) to deprive (one) of (a thing), to take (it) from (him); die Festung wurde den Franzosen durch Sturm abgenommen, the fortress was taken by storm from the French; Einem (sein) Geld —, to gain or win a person's money (of gamblers, *acc.*); Einem sein Amt —, to remove one from his office or employment; b) to take off one's hands, to purchase, buy; ich möchte ihm gern die ganze Partie —, I would willingly buy the whole parcel (lot) of him; c) to relieve (one) of (a thing); ich möchte

dir gern die Mühe —, I would willingly take the trouble of your hands; 3) (Einem etwas) to take, receive (one's account, &c.): das Gedinge —, see Gedinge; Einem den Eid —, to take one's oath, to administer an oath to one; to bind by an oath; ich muß dir das Versprechen —, mir nicht von der Seite zu gehen, I must make you (or I must take or have your) promise not to stir from my side; 4) (ein Bild &c.) a) to transfer (a fresco painting &c. in order to preserve it from decay); b) to take, draw or paint (a likeness); sich — lassen, to have one's likeness taken, to sit for one's picture; er ließ sich photographisch —, he had his photograph taken; 5) etwas aus — (more rarely) von, an, † bei einer Sache u. — (cf. Entnehmen), to gather (one's opinion, &c.) from (a thing, &c.); to judge from, conclude, conjecture, guess; so viel ich — kann, for aught I perceive; dies ist leicht abzunehmen, this is very plain; hast du das von dir selbst abgenommen? have you drawn this inference from your own case? have you concluded this from your own experience? was sollen wir daraus —? what inference shall we draw from it? die Lechre, welche man sich daraus — muß, ist ..., the lesson to be drawn from it is ...; wie wichtig dieser Geschäftszweig ist, kann man daraus —, daß ..., the importance of this branch of trade may be estimated from the fact, that ...

II. *intr.* 1) *opp.* Zunehmen) to diminish (an [with Dat.] Größe, Länge, Gewicht &c.; in size, length, &c.); to decrease (in weight, length, wealth, prosperity, &c.); to grow less; to abate; to fall away, decline; to decay; to wane; to waste; to wear away (off, out); der Tag nimmt ab, the day wanes or is on the decline; die Tage nehmen ab, the days decrease in length, grow shorter, begin to decline; der Mond nimmt ab, the moon wanes (cf. Abnehmen, v. a. & Abnehmen, p. a.); ein Gewicht —, to decrease or to lose in the weight; die Flüsse der Ströme nimmt ab, the level of streams (rivers) is on the decline, the streams subside; an Helligkeit —, to diminish or to be reduced in brightness; ein Stärke —, to abate or to lose in intensity; die Nachfrage nimmt eher ab, als zu, the demand is rather on the decrease than on the increase; die Hitze, das Fieber nimmt ab, the heat, the fever abates; die Jugendkraft nimmt (im Alter) ab, the vigour of youth declines (in age); seine (Lebens-) Kräfte nehmen sichtbar ab, his strength visibly declines, his vital powers are (or he is) sinking fast, he is visibly (rapidly) sinking; mein Gesicht nimmt ab, my eye-sight begins to fail (cf. Abgehen); sein Gedächtnis nimmt vom Alter ab, his memory is impaired with age; 2) to unwind cat's cradles (a children's play), cf. Abheben, I. 5.

Abnehmen, v. a. (str.) n. 1) the (act of) taking off, &c. cf. Abnehmen, v. a. & Abnahme; 2) diminution, decrease, &c. cf. Abnahme; das — des Mondes, the decrease or wane of the moon; im — sein, to become or grow less, to decrease, &c. see Abnehmen, v. *intr.* to be on the decline; der Mond ist im —, the moon is waning, the moon is on the wane; die Preise sind im —, (the) prices are getting low.

Abnehmend, p. a. 1) declining, &c. cf. Abnehmen, v.; (no. II.) decreescent; 2) *Adv.* gradually diminishing (in tone and quickness), (*Ital.* *decrecendo, calando*; die a-e Flut, neap tide; a-e Gesundheit, Kräfte u., declining, sinking health, strength, &c.; eine a-e Röhre, Mar. a fainting gale; der a-e Mond, the waning (decreescent) moon; bei a-em Monde, at the fall (wane) of the moon; der Mond ist im a-en Viertel, the moon is on the wane.

Abnehmer, (str.) m. 1) one who takes off, &c. cf. Abnehmen; *particul.* buyer, purchaser;

die Häuser in dieser Straße finden sehr bald —, houses are caught up very quickly in this lane; consumer, customer: diese Zeitung hat viele —, this newspaper has many subscribers; 2) T. doffer (of a carding-machine); doffing-cylinder, fillet (*Text.*).

Abnehmen, † *Abnehmlich*, *adj.* decreasing; declining; sinking.

Abnehmen, (str.) n. siftings (of grain). **Abnehmung**, (w.) f. (l. u.) 1) the (act of) taking off, &c. cf. Abnehmen, v., v. s. & Abnahme; 2) † slaughtering, killing (of animals, victims, &c.).

Abneigen, (w.) v. I. h. 1) a) *orig.* lit. to incline, decline, bend downwards; b) to avert, to turn away or aside; 2) *Math.* &c. to diverge, to render averse; II. *refl.* 1) to incline, slope; 2) to turn aside from.

Abneigung, (w.) f. 1) *lit.* (l. u.) the (act of) turning aside, &c., declination, deviation from a certain line (horizontal, perpendicular, &c.), *Math.* divergence; slope (of a hill); 2) *fig.* (gener. followed by gegen before the object; sometimes it admits *ver* [with Dat.]) disinclination (to), (harsh) aversion (to, nur ausnahmsweise from), averseness, dislike; distaste, disrelish, disgust, (natürliche —) antipathy (to, against), cf. Abgeneigtheit.

Abnicken, (w.) v. *tr.* Sport. to kill (a stag) by cutting the neck, see Abgenicken.

Abnicken, (w.) v. *tr.* Min. to wear out, to blunt (the working tools).

Abnicken, (w.) v. *tr.* Law, to consume by having the use or usufruct of an estate, &c.

Abnicken, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to univet, to unclinch. [*liquor*, &c. cf. Wippen.

Abnippen, (w.) v. *tr.* to sip, to taste of a

Abnorm, *adj.* (Lat.) abnormal, irregular; unsere Marktpreise sind völlig —, our market-prices are quite exceptional.

Abnormität, (w.) f. abnormality; irregularity; sometimes deformity.

Abnützen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (n. u.) a) to harass or plague to excess, see Abnützen; b) *refl.* see sich Abnützen; 2) (Einem etwas) to exact (something) from (one), force (out) from, to extort, to wring from; to elicit; man nützte ihm eine Entschuldigung ab, they obliged him to make an apology; ihre Hochherzigkeit nützte uns Bewunderung ab, their magnanimity commands our admiration.

Abnutzen, *Abnutzen*, v. *tr.* to take away, to deprive of or to exhaust (by frequent) sucking; to suck the juice from (a sweetmeat).

Abnutzen, *Abnutzen*, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to use (up); to waste, wear out, off, away (cf. Abgenutz); 2) *Law*, see Abnutzen; II. *refl.* to wear out by long usage, &c.

Abnutzung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) wearing out, wasting, &c., cf. Abnutzen; wear and tear; 2) *Law*, usufruct.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to lay waste, to cut down (einen Wald, a forest).

Abnutzung, (w.) f. the (act of) laying waste, cutting down (einen Waldes, a forest).

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem) to box (one's) ears soundly or well.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to unroll, to free or cleanse from oil; 2) to oil thoroughly or duly.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (Lat. *aboler*, to check the growth of, to destroy) (l. u.) to abolish.

Abnutzen, (w.) f. (l. u.) abolition; abrogation, annulment (von Gesetzen, of laws).

Abnutzen, (w.) m. (from the E. word) abolitionist.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. letter or mandate of abolition or amnesty, act of indemnity.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. [pr. — mng], (str. pl. Ab-n) n. (Pr.) subscription (with auf & Acc.); das — auf diesen Platz kostet einen Thaler or im — kostet dieser Platz einen Thaler, the subscription-

price for this place is one Thaler; **Abnutzen**, (w.) f. subscription-ticket; **Abnutzen**, (w.) f. list of subscribers. [*nehmer*].

Abnutzen, (w.) m. subscriber (cf. Abnutzen); **Abnutzen**, (w.) v. *refl.* & *intr.* (aux. [in or haben]) to subscribe (auf [with Acc.], to); to subscribe or to become a subscriber to (a newspaper, work, &c.), to engage, bespeak.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to deputate, delegate, to send; to constitute, commission, cf. Abdeputieren; einen anderen an (einer Stelle —, to appoint another in one's place, to subdelegate; 2) (rarely used) to countermand, see Abhefteln.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. constituent.

Abnutzen, (w.) f. 1) † deviation from the usual order, irregularity; 2) deputation, delegation.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* coll. 1) to play off on the organ; 2) to recite or deliver in a loud but monotonous voice, to draw out.

Abnutzen, (str. pl. Abnutzen) m. 1) sequestered spot, remote or out-of-the-way place; 2) necessary, privy.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. (Lat.) abortion, premature delivery, miscarriage (Schwangerschaft).

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (Text. *Abnutzen*) a) to saw off (a planned piece of wood) at right angles; b) to saw in proper lengths or at equal length, to match; 2) to pass final sentence on, see Aburteilen.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. haben) 1) to bring forth before the time, to miscarry, to have an abortion (Schwangerschaft, eine Schwangerschaft); 2) Bot. to develop certain organs imperfectly, (of flowers) to fall without producing fruit.

Abnutzen, *adj.* abortive, *particul.* in Med. procuring abortion (Schwangerschaft bewirken); — heilmittel, (w.) f. Med. method of medical treatment by which diseases are counteracted in their very origin; — mittel, (str.) n. Med. abortive remedy or medicine, abortiva.

Abnutzen, m. (Lat.) see Abort.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to range in couples, to pair; *refl.* to pair off (of members of opposite parties), to agree not to vote and to leave the room in couples.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to rent or farm (something) from (one); er pachtete dem Eigenthümer sein Gut auf ein Jahr ab, he rented the owner's estate for a year.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. one who rents an estate, a mill, &c. from one, tenant, lessee (of a farm).

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* (sometimes *intr.* [aux. haben]) 1) (Päckchen, Stücken &c. von einem Abnutzen) to take off or remove (packages, cases, &c. from a wagon, &c.); to unpack, unload (cf. Abladen); 2) to unload (a cart, a beast of burden, &c.), to disburden.

Abnutzen, (str.) m. one who takes off packages, &c. cf. Abnutzen, unpacker, &c. see Abnutzen.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Trans.* see Abnutzen.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to ward off (a blow or thrust in fencing), cf. Parieren.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to get the better of, overcome, surpass or beat (Einem, one) in dicing; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) coll. to sink off or away.

Abnutzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) (*orig.*, now l. u.) to measure off with compasses, to fix, to square, to proportion; 2) *fig.* to wait, to watch, stay for; Einem — (cf. Einem Warten), to lie in wait or to lurk for one (in order to seize him or to find him out, &c.); er pagte die Gelegenheit ab, he watched his opportunity; etwas abel —, to choose or take one's time ill; sie hätten es nicht besser — lassen, they could not have chosen or seized a better (or more fit) opportunity; da ich schon

abgepaßt habe, wo es in Rom hinaus will (Gdhu), having already ascertained what they are about at Rome (see Abwarten).

Abpatrouillieren, (w.) v. tr. (einen Strich, eine Gegend, die Straßen) to send patrols over (a track of country, &c.) or through (the streets, &c.) in order to obtain intelligence, &c.

Abpauken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to announce with the kettledrum; 2) *fig. & fam.* to thrash soundly (*cf.* Abprügeln).

Abpeinigen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to excruciate (*cf.* Abqualmen); 2) (Einen etwas) to extort (something) from (one) by torments.

Abpeitschen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to whip off (as a leaf, &c. with the whip); 2) to lash, scourge, whip soundly; 3) *T. S.* *Schlingenhäute* —, to undo cocoons with a whipping motion.

Abpeulen, (w.) v. tr. to strip of the skin, &c., (*gepölte Kartoffeln*) to peel (potatoes, see Schälen).

Abpeisgen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Skiz-dr.* to beat (skins) (*syn.* Abbeamen); 2) *coll.* to thrash (one) soundly.

Abperlen, (w.) v. tr. to unstring (like pearls).

Abpöhlen, (w.) v. tr. to pale off, to pale, inebriate with pales, to palisade; to mark out with poles (*cf.* Abpfählen), *Min.* see (einen Punkt) Abzeichnen.

Abpöhlung, (w.) f. 1) a) the (act of) paling, &c.; 2) palisade, empalament.

Abpfänden, (w.) v. tr. (Einen etwas) to take (something) from (one) as a pledge or pawn, to seize (something) from (one) by law, to detain; *fr.* haben ihn das Pferd beschlagnahmt, they seized (detained) his horse for debt.

Abpfänden, (w.) f. (einer Sache) (den.) the (act of) taking (something) from one as a pledge, &c.; distraining, seizure.

Abpfarren, (w.) v. tr. to separate (eine Gemeinde, a community) from one parish, in order to attach it to another.

Abpfeifen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to whistle (off) (a song, a tune); 2) *Mar.* to pipe off (the crew).

Abpfeifen, (w.) v. tr. to tear off.

Abpflegen, (w.) v. tr. to provide or cover with pavement, to pave duly.

Abpflegen, **Abpflegen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to mark off or out with pegs, to stake out (a railway-line, &c.); 2) *Black.* to take (Einen, &c.) from the pegs, to unfathom from the pickets.

Abpflegen, (w.) v. tr. to pluck off, gather (*Obst*, fruit), to crop; *ein Gölz* &c. — (see Rupfen), to pluck a chicken, &c.

Abpflegen, (w.) f. the (act of) plucking off, &c. *cf.* Abpfählen.

Abpflegen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to plough off, to take off or separate by ploughing (*cf.* Abhacken); b) to mark by ploughing; 2) to pay (a debt) by ploughing; 3) (*often intr.*) to finish ploughing (a field); *II. refl.* to tire one's self out by ploughing.

Abpicken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to peck off (the berries, as a bird), to snatch off or away by pecking; 2) *Min.* to take off with the pick-axe.

Abpinnen, (w.) v. tr. see Abstecken.

Abplacken, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to weary (one's self) out, &c. to jade, harass, to worry to death; *refl.* to drudge, to toil hard, to toil and mull; *ich habe mich nun hier seit vier Jahren von früh bis abends abgeplackt*, I have been slaving here these four years from morning till night.

Abplagen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tire or weary out, to plague, tease, fatigue, &c.; *die Kinder plagen ihn ab*, the children plague his life out of him; 2) (Einen etwas) to extort (something) from (one), to get by importunate solicitations; *abgeplagt*, p. a. tired out, exhausted, weary, jaded; *II. refl.* to tire or weary one's self out, to exhaust one's self;

sich mit einem (schwererhändigen) &c. Buche —, to puzzle over a book.

Abplaggen, (w.) v. tr. (*in Westphalia, &c.*) to remove the turf from (heathy ground); to level (a meadow, &c.) by cutting off the turfy hillocks.

Abplauschen, (w.) v. tr. see Abklatschen.

Abplärrern, (w.) v. coll. I. tr. to utter in a bellowing, braying, bleating, &c. voice, to bawl out; *II. refl.* to tire one's self with bellowing, bawling, &c.

Abplätten, (w.) v. tr. (also *Abplätten*) to flatten down or out, to flatten, laminate (as metal under the rolling-press), to level; *II. refl.* to flatten down, to grow flat.

Abplätten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to smooth down (linen, &c.) with an iron, to iron duly; 2) see Abplattieren; 3) (*often intr.*) to finish or have done ironing.

Abplattung, **Abplattung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) flattening down, &c. see Abplattieren; 2) *die — der Erde, Phys.* the flattened, depressed or oblate form of the earth.

Abplätzen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to crack off: 1) to explode with a crack; 2) to burst off (*cf.* *Explosieren*); *jeine Rockknöpfe plätzen mit Gewalt ab*, his coat-buttons sprang violently off.

Abplätzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to make to crack off, to rebound; 2) *T.* to temper (steel, &c. *cf.* *Abhärten*); 3) a) *Forst.* to mark (trees) that are to be felled, to blaze, *cf.* *Abfassen*, *Abfassen*; b) (*often intr.*) to buy (standing wood); to strike a final bargain in purchasing timber.

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. see Abplündern.

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to plunder or rob thoroughly; 2) (Einen etwas) to plunder, rob (one) of (a thing); 3) *Upshot.* to take off the covers, &c. of (chairs, &c.).

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to knock off; 2) *T.* to beat flat, to stretch, &c. *cf.* *Abdrücken*; 3) *coll.* to rap or knock about, to beat soundly; 4) *vulg.* (Einen etwas) to gain (money, &c.) from (one) by rapping (alluding to a certain game, *das Hoch-Spiel* which see); 5) (Einen etwas) to wring or force (something) from (one), to bully (one) out of (a thing).

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. *Tun.* see Abhaaren.

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to perform on the trombone; 2) *coll.* to announce with a full or thick voice, to trumpet forth (*cf.* *Ausposaunen*).

Abplündern, (w.) v. tr. *Forst.* 1) to mark or blaze (trees) that are to be felled (*cf.* *Abplätzen* &c.); 2) to separate (timber which is to be sold) into lots or parcels.

Abplügen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to strike off, to reproduce or transfer by coining or stamping, to impress; *das auf (or in) den (or in dem) Eisen abgeprägte Bildniß*, the image impressed on the clay; 2) *fig.* to imitate, represent, to give a (faithful) impression or image of...; 3) (*often intr.*, *aux.* *haben*) to finish coining or stamping.

Abplügen, (w.) f. the (act of) striking off, reproducing by coining or stamping, &c.

Abprall, (str.) m. the (act of) flying off, rebound (*opp.* *Einprall*).

Abprallen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly, spring or start off or back, to glance off, to rebound, recoil; (of sounds) to reverberate; a-b, p. a. rebounding, resilient.

Abprallen, v. e. (str.) n. **Abprallung**, (w.) f. the (act of) flying off, &c.; rebounding, rebound; resiliency; reverberation; *das — or die Abprallung der Lichtstrahlen*, *Phys.* the reflection of rays of light; *Abprallungswinkel*, m. *Phys.* angle of reflection.

Abprallen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to leave off crackling; 2) (*aux.* *sein*) to crackle off.

Abpredigen, (w.) v. *refl.* to weary one's self by preaching.

Abprallen, (w.) v. tr. to make rebound, to drive off or back with violence; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) see Abprallen.

Abprallen, (w.) v. coll. I. tr. to fatigue (*refl.* *sich*) by chasing, pursuing, to drive with the utmost violence (*cf.* *Abjagen*); *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to run or dart off with the utmost speed; *das Pferd prallte links ab*, the horse dashed off to the left; 2) see Abbrunnen.

Abpressen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to separate by pressing, to squeeze off, to pinch off (*cf.* *Abklemmen*); 2) to press duly or thoroughly; 3) *fig.* (Einen etwas) to force, exact, extort, wring, wrest (something) from (one).

Abpressung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) pressing or squeezing off, &c.; 2) *fig.* exaction, extortion.

Abpritschen, (w.) v. tr. to slap soundly with a harlequin's wooden dagger or bat, to beat soundly.

Abpröckeln, (w.) v. tr. (Einen etwas) to get, obtain, or gain (something) by litigation from (one).

Abpröckeln, (w.) v. tr. see Abbrocken.

Abpröckeln, (w.) v. tr. (*sometimes intr.*, *aux.* *haben*) *Gunn.* to unlimber, to dismount (*ein Stück*) *Geſch.*, a piece of ordnance; to take (a gun) from the limber or carriage.

Abprügeln, (w.) v. tr. to beat, cudgel soundly, coll. to lick, to bang, to carry one's coat (hide) well, to give (one) a sound drubbing, beating or hiding.

Abprügeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to buffet or beat soundly; b) to beat off with the fist; c) to flay by beating the inner side of the skin, to skin; 2) *coll.* to pop off (a pistol, &c.); *die Brigg puffte auf allen Seiten ein wenig Pulver ab*, the brig fired off a little gunpowder on all sides; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *particul. Chem.* to explode, detonate, decrepitate.

Abprügeln, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to tumble off or down. (*cf.* *Abblefen*).

Abpuffen, (w.) v. tr. to blow off or away.

Abputzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *orig.* to cut off, (*particul.* stray ends, &c.) *still preserved in several phrases*: *die Haare —*, *Rope-m.* to clip off ropes, cables, to cut off the loose strands or ends from hempen cables; *mit dem Hobel —*, *Corp.* to take off with the plane, to smooth, plane; *die Schuppe vom Rißte —*, to take off the snuff of a candle; *das Licht —*, to snuff the candle; 2) a) to scrape, rub, scour, &c. off (the dirt, &c.); b) to clean (boots, the teeth, &c.), to cleanse; to scrape, to rub, polish, furbish; 3) *Mar.* to rough-cast, to coat, to plaster, to finish down (a wall, &c.); *ein Haus —*, to smooth, to plaster the walls of a house; 4) *fig.* *coll.* *Einen tüchtig* (wader, vortrefflich) —, to give one a wipe, a (nice) set-down, to give one a severe reprimand, to dispose of one satisfactorily.

Abquälen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to plague to excess, to tire out, to harass (*refl.* *sich*, one's self) to death, to excruciate; 2) (Einen etwas) to torment (one) out of (a thing), to extort (something) from (one), to wring (something) from (one); *von dieser unaufhörlichen Angst abgequält*, racked and jaded by this incessant anxiety; *der hat sein ganzes Leben lang sich abgequält (Schmerz)*, he has, his whole life long, fretted and toiled; *er quälte sich länger als eine Stunde ab*, um die Geheimnisse zu überlegen, he tortured his faculties for more than an hour to convince the jury.

Abquälen, see Abquälen.

Abquälen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to squeeze off, to crush off; 2) *fig.* (Einen etwas) to extort or wring (something) from (one).

Abquälen, (w.) v. tr. *Min.-s.* 1) to purify (gold or silver-ore) by means of quick-silver; 2) to cool (the silver) after melting; (*Zth.* *abgetriebenes Silber —*, to wash the silver-cake.

(our, &c.) agreement, as agreed upon, as concerted; 2) speech or words by which anything is disavowed or disclaimed: a) † (*syn.* *Unserre, Aufkündigung*) evasive speech, excuse (*cf. the Engl. to cry off*); b) denial, contradiction: in — sein (*originally succeeded by a Genitive, then by an Accusative or das ...*), ich bin es nicht in —, I do not deny or question, I do not disallow; die Wirkung, die Sie selbst nicht ganz in — sind (*Leasing*), the effect which you yourself do not altogether deny; daß in der Welt sich Widerprüfe finden, wird jetzt Niemand in — sein (*Götze*), nobody will at present deny that contradictions are to be found in the Bible; in — stellen (*less usual in —nehmen, jechen*), to deny, disaffirm, disallow, to controvert, to (call in) question, dispute, to disclaim; es kann nicht in — gestellt werden, it cannot be denied; er stellte eifrig jede Absicht der Verschönerung in —, he earnestly disclaimed all intention to offend.

Abreden, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) (*more usual Verabreden*) a) to discuss (a matter) finally, fully or to the end; b) to concert, settle, adjust or plan (*particul.* in private) by mutual consultation, to confer upon; to agree upon; to appoint; abgeredet, p. a. (clandestinely) concerted; 2) (*Einem etwas*) a) to get (a thing) from (one) by talking him over, to take (one) out of (a thing); b) *sg.* to deprive (one) of (a thing), to cause to forego, &c. by talking to him; 3) *sg.* (*Einem etwas*) to deny the existence of (a certain quality, &c.) in (a person), to refuse to acknowledge (*unusual for Abpreden*); es ist ihr nicht dieser Geistesart große Einflüsse — zu weissen (*Gervinus*), it is foolish to deny the great influence exercised by this society; 4) (*Einem etwas*) to deny the existence of (one) from ..., *as* Abreden (*opp. Jurden*); er wollte mich —, daß ich dich nicht mit nach Burg Rinschten nehmen sollte (*De la Motte-Fouquet*), Undine, *unusual for* er wollte mir —, dich mit nach B. R. zu nehmen, he wanted to dissuade me from taking you along with me to B. R.; 5) (*I. u. M.* to talk off, i. e. from the mark, at random) to talk incoherently, to wander, *see* Irre reden; II. *refl.* to fatigue or tire one's self by talking.

Abreiß, adj. (I. u. M.) denying, disclaiming: — sein, *see* in Abrede sein or stellen.

Abrede, (w.) f. discussion, (mutual) conference; concert, agreement, *cf.* Verabredung, Schenkung.

Abreissen, (w.) v. tr. *see* Abreißen.

Abregeln, (w.) v. tr. to regulate; to arrange according to rules; abgelegte Worte, selected or formal words, set speech.

Abregnen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to rain, drop, or pour down (*Verabregnen*); too es —, abregnen oder sich selbst verregnen mag (*Götze*), whence it may descend as rain or snow, or where it may consume itself; 2) (*syn.* *Ausregnen*) *often refl.* (*commonly used impersonally*) to discharge its contents (as a cloud); es hat (sich) abgeregnet, der Himmel ist wieder heiter, the rain has spent itself (it has done raining), the sky is again serene; II. *tr.* 1) to rain, drop, or pour down (volumes of water, &c.); 2) to beat or wash off, to spoil (by raining); die Blüten waren alle abgeregnet, the blossoms had all been beaten off by the rain; die Farbe ist abgeregnet, the colour is washed off by the rain: eine traurige abgeregnete Perle, a sorry wig, spoiled by many a rain.

Abreiß ..., in comp. T. e. — *sent. f.* fireworks: — brenn, u. board on which the materials of fireworks are pulverized.

Abreiben, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to rub off, remove by rubbing; b) to rub off or down, to clean by rubbing; ein Schiff —, *Mar.* to hog a vessel (to scrub the bottom of a ship

with a hog, or flat broom); 2) a) to wear off, away or out, to remove by rubbing or friction, to abrade, to fret and wear by rubbing; die Bewegung reibt das Lau ab, (the) motion chafes the cable; die abgeriebene Stelle im Leder, *loose*, fray, rub, chafe, fret; die Farben eines Gemäldes —, to efface the colours of a painting by rubbing; b) to rub duly or thoroughly, to smooth or polish by rubbing or scouring; mit Bimsstein —, to smooth with pumice; mit dem Reibetret —, *Mar.* to smooth (the plastering of a wall, a house, &c.) with the float; mit Tripel —, to rub, to polish with tripoli; Seilen —, to scour outgrate; Farben —, to grind colours; Diamanten —, to grind diamonds; c) *sg.* to smooth down, to free from harshness or roughness; die feinnere Welt hatte das Grabe, Deutsche von ihm noch nicht abgerieben (*Klinger*), the polite world had not yet refined away his straight forwardness and German characteristics; abgerieben, p. a. cunning, *see* Gerieben; II. *refl.* to wear off, away or out by rubbing, friction, or attrition, to wear, to fret, to be fretted and worn by rubbing; das Lau reibt sich ab, the cable chafes.

Abreibung, (w.) f. the (act of) rubbing off, wearing off, &c. *see* Gerieben; detrition, abrasion, attrition.

Abreißen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *I. u. M.* for Verabreißen, to reach or hand down; 2) to reach, to touch by extending the hand, arm, or holding forth something: *se* (nach), daß ich es abreißen kann (daß du es abreißen kannst &c.), within my (your, &c.) reach: *se* daß dein Stab sie abreißt (*Schlag*), Hamlet 1, 2), within his truncheon's length (*Sk.*); nicht für möglich daß ich's ... I vom Schiff es (das Riff) springend abreißen (*Schiller*, Tell 4, 1), impossible I deem it ... to reach it with a bound from the ship; 3) (*Einem etwas*) to hand, deliver, give, *see* Verabreißen.

A. Abreißen, (from Reißen, A.) (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) to ripen fully, or to perfection, to grow quite ripe.

B. Abreißen, (from Reißen, C.) (w.) v. tr. 1) to unhook, take away the hoops of (a cask); 2) *Lock-sm.* a) to take off the sharp edges of ...; b) to break off, to take down (a lock). [*ten* &c., beads, &c.).

Abreißen, (w.) v. tr. to unstring (*Verreißen*), setting out; bei meiner — von hier sag ich meinen Freunden Lebewohl, on leaving this place I bid farewell to my friends.

Abreißen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to depart, part, set out, set off, to take one's departure (nach, for), to set forth (upon a journey); 2) *coll.* (*cf.* Abfahren, 2, a) to take one's departure, i. e. to die.

Abreißen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to tear off, rend off, to pull off (with violence), to pluck off, break off; to sunder, detach: *Mar.* to rip off (planks); to slip off (a twig); der Blitz reißt einen Zweig vom Stamm der Eiche ab, the lightning disavours a branch from the stem of the oak; einer raube den Kopf —, to wranch off a pigeon's head; einen Faden —, to break off a thread; b) *sg.* to sunder, disavow; abgerissen, p. a. (*cf.* Abgerissen, p. 13) detached, disjointed (sentences, &c.), desultory (thoughts, &c.), abrupt; in abgerissenen Sätzen vortragen, to utter in broken fragments of sentences; 2) to pull or break down, to demolish (ein Gebäude, a building); eine Brücke —, to break or take away a bridge (*see* Abbrechen); das Gerüst —, to take off or away the scaffolding (*cf.* Abbrechen); 3) to wear out to rage, to wear away, to wear off, to rend (clothes); er war ganz abgerissen, *coll.* he was entirely out at elbows; ein abgerissener Mensch, a ragged fellow; 4) to draw, design, delineate, plan, sketch; eine Landshaft —, to trace off a land-

scape; II. *refl.* 1) to tear one's self off, away, *see* Redrücken; 2) *sg.* to exert one's self to the utmost; III. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to break (off), tear (off), to be broken, to snap asunder, &c.; die Kette riß ab, the chain broke; ein abgerissener Faden, a snapped thread; der zu stark gespannte Lebensfaden reißt endlich plätzlich ab, the strained thread of life breaks at last with a sudden snap; die Geduld (der Geduldsfaden) reißt mir ab, I lose all patience; meine Geduld ist abgerissen, my patience is gone, at an end; 2) *coll.* to cease, to be discontinued, *gener.* in negative sentences: to go on unceasingly; das Geflügel reißt nicht ab (*often expressive of a slight degree of indignation*), the (door-)bell goes incessantly; seine nicht a-be-Welcmil, his unceasing polemics or controversies; ohne Abreißen, unceasingly, incessantly, without intermission.

Abreißen, (str.) v. 1) one who tears off, &c.; one who designs, &c. *cf.* Abreißen; 2) T. (Verreißer, Reißer, Reißstift) an instrument for sketching or tracing lines or figures, cutting-point, (iron) tracer; 3) *Mill. gener.* pl. corn not yet fully ground.

Abreißung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) tearing off, plucking away, &c.; forcible separation (of parts from a whole); avulsion, divulsion; 2) *Mar.* a sudden breaking off or stop (*Abbrechung*).

A. Abreiten, (str.) v. I. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to ride off or away, to set off or out on horseback; 2) to turn off; II. *tr.* 1) a) to ride off, to lose in riding; ein Hufeisen —, to cast or throw a shoe; b) to wear out, tear off (one's clothes, &c.) by riding; 2) to measure out (a distance) by riding; to perform on horseback, to travel over, to clear (a certain space) on horseback; ich riß eine Meile nach der andern ab (*Rückert*), I did one mile after the other (i. e. on horseback); Damenreiten — (*R. Heller*), to pass on horseback the windows of fair ladies; 3) a) to harass by riding, to ride down, to override, to founder (a horse); abgeritten, founded, broken; b) (*Juristen*) to break in (a horse); ein auf der Schule abgerittener Pferd, a managed or broken horse; 4) (*Einem etwas*) to gain on (one) in riding, to obtain (an advantage, victory, &c.) over (one) in riding; III. *refl.* 1) to chafe one's self by riding; 2) to fatigue one's self by riding.

B. Abreiten, *see* Abreiten.

Abrennen, (irr.) v. (syn. Ablaufen) I. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to run off, away, to start (running) from a certain point; 2) to run down, *gener.* in the phrase auf- und abrennen, to run up and down; II. *tr.* 1) to run off, to knock off in running (as in the game of running the ring); er rannte mir den Hut ab, he knocked off my hat in running against me; 2) to run or throw off from a horse, to unhorse; 3) (*Einem etwas*) to get (a thing) from (one) by running, to gain or get (the wind, &c.) of (a hare, &c.) by outrunning him, to outrun, get the start of (*cf.* Ablaufen); III. *refl.* to exhaust or to fatigue one's self by running.

† Abreiß, (str.) n. *see* Abreißstift.

Abreißer, (w.) v. tr. 1) to give the proper direction, due shape or necessary proportions, to prepare for any purpose, to fit for ready use; to measure exactly, to level, adjust or regulate (as weights, &c.), limited almost exclusively to technical phrases, such as the following: a) Etabelleisen —, to dress, to beat out, to straighten rod-iron; Schienen —, to bend the rails; einen Hammer, Amboss —, to smooth the face of a hammer, or of an anvil by filing; ein Bret —, to plane or dress a board; den Boden —, *Coop.* to smooth the heads of a cask; die Ecken eines Kistchens glatt —, to

smooth the corners of a box; eine Mauer —, *Mas.* to level a wall; *Booth.* see *Abformieren*; das Schärmeßer —, to sharpen or to set a razor, see *Abgleichen*; die Zange —, *Scap.-b.* to prepare the lye; *b) Mar.* to make (a ship) ready for sailing, to put to sea; *c) Comm.* to send off, forward, see *Abgeben*; *2 a)* to form (animals) to any practice by exercise, to train (up), dress; to fancy (birds, dogs, &c.); auf eine Sache or zu einer Sache —, to train for a certain purpose; *Sunde —, Sport.* to teach dogs, to enter hounds; *Fale-s.* einen Gallen —, to man, tame or train a hawk; *ber abgerichtete Galle,* bird of game; *Mam-s.* ein Pferd —, to break in, put in, dress a horse; ein Pferd zum Juge —, to break in a horse to harness; *der Hund ist dazu abgerichtet,* the dog has been trained for the purpose; ein gut abgerichteter Hund, *Sport.* a dog under command; einen Hund auf's Appetiren —, to teach a dog to fetch and carry; *b) (cf. human beings:)* *aa)* † in the better sense of *Unterweisen*, unterrichten u., to instruct, teach, train, &c.; *Samlet* wenn er die Schauspieler abrichtet (*Lessing*), Hamlet teaching (or instructing) the actors; auf Karten- oder Taschenspielerkünste —, to teach tricks; *bb) cond.* to drill, discipline, train (like an unreasoning being); er ist gut darauf abgerichtet, he has got the knack of it, he understands his part well, he knows his cue; *3) provinc.* (*S. G.*) den Tisch —, see *Abräumen*, *Abdecken*; *4) obsolete meanings: a) ref.* for sich zurichten in the sense of sich Bescheiden; *b) see* (eine Schuld) Entrichten, Zahlung, einen Eid u., leisten; *c)* den Schaden —, see *Ersetzen*, *Abgleichen*; *d)* see *Abstrichten*, *Berichten*; *Wohnu., Abstellen*, *Enden*; *e)* (durch richterlichen Spruch) see *Abrechnen*.

Ab'richten, (*u.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) preparing for a certain purpose, fitting, dressing, &c. *cf.* *Abstrichten*; adjustment; *2)* (the act of) training, breaking in (of horses, dogs, &c.) (*syn.* *Dressur*); die — von Stereotyp-Platten, the planing of stereotype plates; *Erziehung* ist hierbei nicht so viel erforderlich als —, education is not so much wanted here as mechanical training. [but frequent motion.]

Ab'riecken, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to rub off with slight.

Ab'rieschen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to deprive (eine Blume / einer Blume (*Das.*) den Duft), a flower, &c.) of the odour by frequent smelling (*cf.* *Aufrischen*); *2)* (einen etwas) *a)* to perceive or recognize by the smell, to discover (something) in (one &c.) by the smell, see *Aufrischen*; *b)* to obtain, get at (something) from (one or a thing) by the smell, to gain on (an animal) by following its scent; *II. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) † to evaporate (*Abrauchen*).

Ab'riegeln, (*u.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*ausz. haben*) to bolt or shut off, to bolt up, to shut or fasten with a bolt or bar, to render (a door) impassable by bolting it (*Berriegeln*, *Zuriegeln*).

Ab'rieseln, (*u.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to drizzle or trickle down, to flow down gently (as a rivulet, tears, &c.); to drop, glide gently down, to crumble down (as sand, dry and loose earth, &c.); wie vom hohen Hst abrieselt Staub auf Staub (*Rückert*), as from the high branch leaves on leaves drop down unceasingly (without intermission).

Ab'riefeln, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Hueb.* to pull off or separate by the flax-comb, to top (hemp, &c.); *2)* *fam.* see *Abkröpfeln*.

Ab'rinben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to bark, rind, de-

corticate, peel; Bäume —, to take or peel off the rind from trees; ein Brot —, to cut off the crust of a bread; abgerindet, *p. a.* bark-bared, bark-stripped.

Ab'rinbig, *adj.* 1) having the crust detached from the crumb; das Brot ist —, the crust of the bread is detached from the crumb, *cf.* *Abbaden*; *2)* *fig.* sich — gehen, to get sore places or blisters by excessive walking.

Ab'rinbern, *v. intr.* *Hueb.* (of cows) to cease longing for the bull.

Ab'ringeln, (*u.*) *v. l. tr.* to unring; 1) to detach in small rings or ringlets; *2)* to detach from the ringlets; *II. ref.* to detach itself or come off in ringlets, as the bark of a tree.

A. Ab'ringen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to unring, to detach in rings, or from a ring or rings.

B. Ab'ringen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to twist or to squeeze off; *2)* (einen etwas) *a)* to get or obtain (something) from (one) by wrestling, to wrest (something) from (one); *b)* *fig.* to wring or wrest (something) from (one); *3)* to wring (Wäsche, linen) thoroughly or sufficiently, to finish wringing, *cf.* *Anringen*; sich (*Das.*) die Hände —, to wring one's hands excessively; *II. ref.* to weary or fatigue one's self by wrestling, to struggle to the utmost or painfully.

Ab'rinnen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to run off, to run, flow, drop, or trickle down.

Ab'rispen, (*u.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) (of oat-grains, &c.) to detach itself from, or to fall out of the panicles.

Ab'riß, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Abreißen*, which see) 1) rarely used for das *Abreißen* (*s. s.*): *a)* the (act of) tearing off or away; *b)* the (act of) snatching away, erection (*Entzückung*); *2)* *a)* (first or rough) draught (*often syn.* with *Profil*-Zeichnung), drawing, delineation, design, sketch, outline; plan, model; scheme; *b)* statement; einen — von etwas nehmen, to take a sketch of, to take off a thing (*cf.* *Abreißen*); — nennen or lesen, *Wass.* to read a design; *3)* (targer —, brief or compendious) abstract, epitome, compendium, summary, abridgment; ein — der Astronomie, a synopsis of astronomy.

Ab'ritt, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Abreiten*) the riding away or departure on horseback.

Ab'rohren, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to clear, rid or divest of reeds; *2)* to cover with reeds (*Be-rohren*).

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. l. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) 1) to roll or run down; ein Tau schnell — lassen, *Mar.* to surge a cable (*cf.* *Abdrücken*); *2)* (of carriages, &c.) to roll off, to drive, dash, dart &c. off; *3)* (applied to periods of time) to run out or down, to roll, hasten or pass away (*Berrollen*); *II. tr.* 1) *a)* (abwärts rollen, niederrollen) to roll or precipitate down, to devolve (as a stream its waters); *b)* to carry or cart off in a truck (*Rollwagen*); vom Bahnhof nach der Stadt —, to convey or transport from the station to town; *2)* to unroll, to open from being rolled or convolved; *3)* *fig.* to unroll (a picture, &c.), to disclose, display, unfold gradually; *4)* *judic.* to roll or rattle off, to repeat or recite in a quick monotonous way (*Abrollen*); *5)* to suffer to roll off or to run down (*cf. intr.* *3)*); ein solcher Kner, der mit Plauderei die Tage abrollt und mit Schlaf die Nächte (a very apt, but not literal translation by *Schlegel* of *Shakspeare* *K. Henry V. 4.* 1: such a wretch, | winding up days with toil, and nights with sleep); *6)* (*often intr.*, *ausz. haben*) to mangle (linen, &c.) sufficiently or duly, to cease mangling; *7)* *Bookb.* ein Buch —, to impress flourishes &c. on the back of a book with a back-tool, called *Roll-Glitz*; *III. ref.* *gamer. fig.* to unroll, unfold itself (*cf. tr.* *2* & *3*). [*(Abrollen)*].

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* *Hueb.* see *Abkröpfeln*

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* *Papier-m.* to air sufficiently, to dry (paper).

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to rust off, to come or drop off an account of being corroded by rust.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to roast sufficiently or thoroughly (also *Metall*).

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. l. tr.* to make red, to reddish; *II. intr.* (*ausz. haben*) to lose the red colour. [*(off) (Abfäulen)*].

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to rot

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to remove, to move off; *2)* *T.* to move (eine Welle u., a shaft, &c.) out of its place in order to disconnect it from the rest of the gearing, to throw out of gear (*Abstellen*); *3)* *Typ.*, &c. die Zeilen —, to begin with a new line, to make a break (*Absetzen*); *II. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) 1) to move off, remove, withdraw; *2)* (of military bodies) to start, to march off.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *f.* *T.* a revolving shaft which can be removed from its place in order to throw any wheel connected with it out of gear. [*row off*].

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) *& tr.* to *Ab'rollen*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) calling off, see *Abrufen*; *2)* *provinc.* the calling in (base coins), *cf.* *Abrufen*, *4*.

Ab'rollen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a)* to call off, away; *Einem die Runden —* (= durch *Abrufen* abspitzig machen), to entice away another's customers by calling them off; die Runde —, *Sport.* to call off the hounds; *b)* to call back, to recall; von einem Amt —, einen Geandten —, for those and similar senses see *Abberufen*; *c)* *fig.* to remove (one) by death, &c.; der Tod ruft uns alle ab, death carries us all off; *d)* to call for or on (a person) in order to go away with him, *cf.* *Abholen*; *Einem — lassen*, to send for one; *2)* (mit der Stimme abdrücken, rufen) to reach by calling; es läßt sich —, it is within call; so nahe, daß sich beide Schiffe — konnten (*Forster*), so near that both ships were within hail of each other; *3)* *a)* to proclaim by calling aloud (*Anrufen*), at present almost entirely limited to the watchman's call: die Stunden —, to call or cry the hours (about the streets); *b)* *intr.* to call for the last time (at the expiration of the watch); *4)* *provinc.* (*S. G.*; *acc.* to *Adelung*) to call in (base coins), *cf.* *Abrufen*; *II. ref.* to tire or exhaust one's self by calling.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. tr. cond.* to reprimand, reprove or chide severely, to blow up, to give (one) a good scolding.

Ab'rollen, (*str.*) *pl. N.-[schiff] m.* *Nil.* signal gun of recall (*Retraite-Schuss*).

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *f.* 1) *a)* (the act of) calling off, away, &c. *cf.* *Abrufen*; *b)* recall, revocation, see *Abberufen*; *2)* appeal, see *Abberufen*; *3)* *3)* a loud calling out, &c., proclamation; *Ab'rollen*, *Ab'rollen*, *u.* letter of recall, see *Abberufungsschreiben*; *Ab'rollen*, see *Abberufung*.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stir up or about, to beat (up); to stir (with vinegar, &c.); Eier —, to beat up eggs; die Suppe mit einem Ei — (*Abquirlen*), to beat up an egg in the broth; *2)* to separate by stirring about; Pflanzen —, to stir plums about in order to detach the kernels.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. l. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) (*l. u.*) to drive off in a rumbling manner (*cf. i.* in a jolting carriage, &c.), to rumble off; *II. tr. cond.* to rub off by washing.

Ab'rollen, *adj.* (*l. u.*) oval.

Ab'rollen, (*u.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to make round, to round; *2)* *Comp.* to cut or grind off (sharp edges), to chamfer; *3)* *fig.* to round, round off, finish off; to make (a period, &c.) full, smooth and flowing, to polish (*cf.* *Glätten*); einen Hebeſatz —, to round a period; abgerun-

breite Ecken, circular corners; abgerundete Ranten, buffed edges; eine abgerundete Periode, ein abgerundeter Satz, *Gramm.* a well-rounded period, a well-turned phrase; II. *refl.* to grow or become round, to be rounded off.

Abkränzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to round off; *Gold-sm.* &c. to cut out (in a circular shape), see **Abkränzen**.

Abkränzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act of) rounding off, rounding, &c. *cf.* **Abkränzen**; b) *fig.* the (act of) rounding or finishing off, smoothing, embellishment; 2) rotundity (of a full cheek, &c.).

Abkröpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pull off with a quick, jerking motion, to pluck (off); **Blätter** —, to pick off leaves; 2) *coll.* to fleece (one), see **Kruppen**. [**Abkröpfen**].

* **Abkröpf**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) abrupt (**Abkröpfen**, &c.)
* **Abkröpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) abruptness, see (*also* **Kruppen**, &c.) **Abkröpfen**, **Abkröpfen**.

Abkrühen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to remove (a mill-stone, &c.) from a framing; (*gener. instr.*) to take off or down a scaffold (*opp.* **Aufkrühen**); *die* (**Reißer**)-**Weg** —, to strike the centres; *das* — *cines* (**Reißer**)-**Wegs** —, the striking of a centre (removal of a timber framing upon which an arch is built, after its completion); 2) to train for a certain purpose (**Abkrühen**); II. *instr.* (*aux.* haben) to stop or discontinue warlike preparations, to restore the military establishment to a peace footing, to disarm.

Abkrüzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) removal (of a mill-stone, &c.) from a framing, &c. *cf.* **Abkrühen**; the taking down of a scaffold; 2) discontinuance of warlike preparations, reduction of the military establishment to a peace footing, disarmament (**Entwaffnung**).

Abkrutschen, (*w.*) *v. l. instr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) a) to slip, glide, or slide down; b) to slip or glide off; to move or scamper away or off (*cf.* **Abkrutschen**); 1) *c)* sometimes *coll.* to get off with disgrace; 2) *vulg.* to die, *cf.* **Abkrutschen**; 2; II. *tr.* to wear out or off by frequent gliding or slipping.

Abkrütten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shake off.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *pl. Geogr.* the Abruzzo mountains.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* den Kopf &c.) *coll.* to cut off (one's) head, &c.) with the sword or sabre &c., to sabre off.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) (*ein* Lastthier or *cine* Last vom **Weg** —), to take off the bag or burden from the back of (an ass, &c.), to unload, to disburden (*opp.* **Aufkrüzen**); b) (*Einem* sein Geld &c.) to take away, carry off (one's) money, &c.; 2) to divide by sacks.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. instr.* (*aux.* sein) *Mar.* to drop or fall down (auf *cinem* **Stusse**, a river) with the tide, to sag (with the stream).

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to sow (a field) thoroughly or duly; b) to reduce the quality of ... to impoverish (a field) by repeated sowing; 2) *Trans.* to besprinkle (hides) with un-baked meal (preparatory to the **Anfärben** or **Einfärben**).

Abkrüze, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act of) counter-manning, counterorder; b) refusal (of an invitation); 2) *Law.* renunciation; 3) a disowning (of friendship); recusancy; defiance, challenge.

Abkrüzebrief, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) countermanding letter; b) *Law.* letter of renunciation; 2) letter of defiance, declaration of enmity (**Feindschaftsbrief**), challenge.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) a) to counter-mand; (— *lassen*) to counterorder; b) (*often* used *substantively*) to retract, revoke; to refuse, disclaim, decline, resign, renounce; *Einem* den Frieden —, or *without* the object: *Einem* —, to renounce one's friendship, to declare hostility, see *instr.*; *ein* abgeflagter Feind, a professed, declared or sworn enemy, an

open foe (*cf.* **Erklärt**, **Entschieden**); *cine* **Einladung** —, to retract, revoke or recall an invitation (gewöhnlich *veraltet* ist: to disinvite one); *einem* **Wort** — *lassen*, to send an excuse; *Wort* — *haben*, wenn ich es ihnen *reist* — *lassen* soll? why on earth do you suppose I asked them, if I am to put them off now? sie ging nicht in das Concert, sondern hatte es ihrem Better — *lassen*, she did not go to the concert, but had sent to put her cousin off; ich ließ ihm die heutige Stunde —, I sent word to (or desired) him to omit this day's lesson; falls Sie es mit mir nicht —, unless I hear from you to the contrary; 2) (*Einem* etwas) to deny (one) a thing, see **Abkrüzen**.

II. *instr.* to declare against a person or thing: a) *Einem* — (*orig. transitive*, *cf.* I. 1, b: den Frieden &c.) to break with one, to declare off, to renounce one's friendship or allegiance, to declare hostility or war; *Ermanndes* *cignet* **Feind** (*Leuther*), sein **Feind** sagt ihm ab, a man's own heart, his conscience rejects him, casts him off; Gott sagt uns ab (*Leuther*), God casts us off; b) *cinem* **Wort** (*Dat.*) —, to renounce, give up, forsake, abjure a thing (**Entsagen**).

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to saw off, to saw.

Abkrüzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) counter-manning, &c. *cf.* **Abkrüzen** & **Abkrüze**; 2) renunciation; declaration of hostility, &c.

Abkrüzung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) sawing off, sawing.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to skim the cream from (milk), &c. see **Abkrüzen**, B.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *abruption*, see **Abkrüzen**.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to salt sufficiently or duly (**Abkrüzen**).

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to strew, sprinkle, or mix sufficiently with sand; to sand, to sprinkle (paper newly inked) with sand thoroughly; b) to scour with sand; 2) to free from sand, to ungravel.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) (*ein* Pferd &c.) to unsaddle, to take off the saddle of (a horse, &c.); 2) to throw off (or out of) the saddle, to unhorse, unsaddle; II. *instr.* to dismount (a horse).

Abkrüzen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Abkrüze**) *m.* 1) the act of putting down, setting off, depositing, &c. *cf.* **Abkrüzen**; 2) (*l. u.*) reduction, depreciation, see **Abkrüzen**; 3) the act of disposing of goods, selling, &c. *cf.* **Abkrüzen** (**Vertrieb** von **Waren**), *Comm.* sale, vent, market: nur in kleinen **Posten** — *erzielen*, to sell only in small quantities; *der* — *beschränkt* sich auf den **Platz**, the sale (business) was confined (limited) to the place; *der* — *war* *gleich* **Null**, there was no sale at all; *bei* *beschränktem* —, with limited sale; viel **Angebot** *bei* *wenig* —, many offers with little sale; *feinen* — *finden*, to find no market; *guter*, *schlechter* —, brisk or ready sale; *guten* (*raschen*, *leichten*) — *haben*, to have (find) a quick (brisk, ready, easy) sale (prompt dispatch), to sell well, to run off readily, to have a quick draught: *das* **Buch** hatte *raschen* —, the book met with a rapid sale; *schlechten* —, heavy sale; *schwierigen* (*schlechten*) — *finden*, to go off sluggishly, to meet with an indifferent (dull) sale; 4) deduction (from an account, &c.), see **Abkrüzen** which is *more* usual; 5) any thing laid or thrown down, left, or lodged, accumulation of something deposited, lodgment; sediment (of a liquid); *particul.* the solid matter left by flowing water, deposit; (*in* *steam-boilers* and *other* vessels:) fur, sediment (*calcareous incrustation* from *hard* water, *Reife*); 6) anything breaking or interrupting the continuity of a line or surface, place where a straight line is interrupted, break: a) break, shelf (of a mountain); b) *aa*) **Archit.** off-set, set-off; *bb*) **Forst.** berme; *c*) **Archit.**, &c. landing place (of a staircase), landing:

stair-head; break step (of an altar, &c.); d) *Mim.* aa) broad in the direction of strata, or of a lode; *bb*) landing-place, stepping-place, resting-place (**Stufentritt**); e) *Bot.* knot, knee, joint (of or in a plant): articulation (in a vine): mit **Abkrüzen**, kneed, knee-jointed, geniculated; f) heel (of a shoe, &c.): mit *hohen* **Abkrüzen**, high-heeled; *sich* auf dem — *herum* — *breiten*, to turn upon one's heels; g) *Smith.* &c. step (between the wide and pointed side of an anvil, **Abkrüze**); 7) a) *Typ.* break, period; b) paragraph, section (8); c) *Mus.* aa) section (a complete but not independent musical idea); musical sentence; bb) pause; d) stanza, staff (of a song); e) cadence (of verses); 8) a) stop, pause, intermission; b) interval: — in *ciner* **Periode**, break of a period, breathing-place; *ein* **Glas** ohne — (or ohne **Abkrüze**) *austreten*, to empty a glass at one draught; in **Abkrüzen**, at intervals, intermittingly, by catches, startlingly, snatchingly; 9) *fig.* (*l. u.* for **Abkrüzen**, **Abkrüze**, **Abfall**) contrast.

Abkrüze ..., *in comp.* — *stige*, *f.* *Shoe-m.* pegging-awl: — **Bohrer**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* heel-borer: — **canal**, *m.* *Comm.* channel of exportation, market, opening (for the sale of goods): — **braut**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* thread for heels of boots: — **ferfel**, *n.* a pig newly weaned (**Abkrüze**); — **fieber**, *n.* intermitting or intermittent fever (**Abkrüze**); — **gebiet**, *n.* *Comm.* *fig.* a market for the sale of goods: *c* *eröffnet* sich *in* *neuem* — *gebiet* für den *Handelsverkehr* *des* *Platzes*, a new market for the staple manufacture of the place is opened; wir haben noch *keine* *neuen* — *gebiete* *ausfindig* gemacht, we have not yet discovered any new markets; — **holz**, *n.* *Shoe-m.* wood used for making a sort of heels.

Abkrüze, *adj.* intermissive, with stops or breaks, *particul.* *Mim.* not continuing in the same stratum, exhibiting a different stratification.

Abkrüze ..., *in comp.* — **kreis**, *n.* *Herald.* a cross with steps at the ends: — **krüze**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* chips of leather used for making heels; — **krüze**, *n.* *Shoe-m.* 1) heel-band; 2) heel-tap: — **krüze**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* heel-maker; — **markt**, *m.* *fig.* a market for the sale of goods (*cf.* — **gebiet**, — **ort**); — **ort**, *m.* 1) *Shoe-m.* pegging-awl (— **stige**); 2) *Comm.* *fig.* market or place for the sale of goods; — **pfad**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* heel-peg; — **quelle**, *f.* *Comm.* *fig.* a (good) market, *cf.* — **canal**; — **krüze**, *f.* *Mim.* over-sensitiveness of a horse to the heels of its rider; — **krüze**, *m.* heel-maker: — **springe**, *f.* T. intermittent pump; — **stige**, *m.* *Shoe-m.* hob-nail; — **weg**, *m.* channel of exportation, market or opening for the sale of goods: *den* *Handel* *eines* *Landes* *neue* — *wege* *eröffnen*, to create for a country's manufactures an outlet (into ...); — **weise**, *adv.* & *adj.* (happening) at intervals, intermittingly; intermittent; — **wege**, *f.* *Shoe-m.* hob-nail.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cleanse off: to abetarge, to clean; 2) *Mim.* to clear (a mine which is to be relinquished) by the removal of oars, stones, gear, &c.; 3) *fig.* to polish off, to refine away.

Abkrüzen, (*str.*) *v. vulg.* (*cf.* the *more* refined word, **Abkrüzen**) I. *tr.* 1) to swirl or guzzle off, to drink grossly or greedily from the surface; 2) *fig.* (*Dat.*) *das* **Leben** (*Simplex*), die **Gurgel** (*Schädel*) —, to deprive one's self of life, of the throat (*i. e.* the capability of drinking any more) by swilling or guzzling, the latter equal to *sich* *tot* *krüzen*; 3) to obtain or gain by outdrinking another; II. *refl.* to ruin one's health by excessive swilling.

Abkrüzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*diminutive* of **Abkrüzen** & **Abkrüzen**) 1) to suck off by small draughts; 2) *Hard.* see **Abkrüzen**, 3.

Abkrüzen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to suck off;

2) to weaken by sucking: 3) *fig.* to suck off, to exhaust: II. *intr.* to finish or cease sucking (*cf.* *Abfängen*).

Abfängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to give suck, to suckle sufficiently: 2) (*Entwöhnen*) to wean from the breast (*particul.* of animals, *cf.* *Abfegen*, 2, b); 3) *Gard.* to inarch, to graft by approach.

Abfegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to blow off or down with a bustling or rustling noise, *cf.* *Abwehen*.

Abfetzen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to dash, blow off: II. *intr.* (*aus. fein*) to rebound, fly off with a hissing noise. [*hume.*]

* *Abfetzen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Med.* abscess, imposthume. *Abfetzete*, (*w.*) *f.* (*†*) *provinc.*, see *Abfädel*.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *n.* scraper, grater.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scrape or to shave off, to pare, to abrade: *Mar.* to plane, to grave (a ship): *die Rinde vom Brote* —, to chip bread: *Bürzeln* —, to scrape roots: *das* —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the act of scraping or rubbing off, *sc.*, abrasion: 2) to wear off, to wear out: *abgefädel*, *p. a.* (*a strong form*: *abgefädeln* I. *u.*) shabby, worn-out, threadbare. *Abfädel*, (*str.*) *n.* shavings, parings, abrasions: *das* — *von Zummelfellen*, lambskin paring or shreds.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lessing*, *Nathan* 2, 1) probably = *ein abfädelndes Geschäft*, a check making an end of the game.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. cond.* (*Einem etwas*) to cheapen, barter (something) from (one).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Join.* to rub or polish with shave-grass (*Abfädelstahm*), to smooth.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to heave or shift (a tackle), to slack up (a tackle) and draw the blocks apart for another pull; to shift the position of (a block or fall), so as to haul to more advantage.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *the strong form is entirely obsolete* *v. l. tr.* to do away with: 1) (*obsolete* of persons) to send or turn away, to dismiss, to bid or tell to be gone (*Hans Sachs*, *etc.*): 2) (of persons and things) to discharge (*Diensthöten* *u.*, servants, *etc.*), to dismiss, to discard (soldiers, *etc.*), to remove; to give up keeping, to keep no longer (horses, *etc.*), to part with: *er schaffte seinen Schreiber ab*, he dismissed his clerk (*i. e.* in order to do without one); *er hat seine Hunde abgefädeln*, he has rid himself of his dogs: 3) (of institutions, customs, *etc.* *cf.* *Abstreifen*) to abolish, abrogate, repeal, annul, nullify (laws); to suppress (an office), to do away with (abuses, *etc.*); to put down, to remedy: II. *intr.* mit *Einem* —, *provinc.* to settle (accounts) with one, to quit (scores) with one (*cf.* mit *Einem Abrechnen*); III. *refl. provinc.* (*S. G.*) to work one's self weary, to exhaust one's self with labour (*ist abgearbeitet*).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* one who discharges, dismisses, *etc.* *cf.* *Abfassen*; abolisher, suppressor.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of discharging, *sc.* *cf.* *Abfassen*; dismissal, dismissal, discharge (of servants, *etc.*); the keeping no longer, selling: 2) abrogation (of a law), annulment, disannulment, abolition (of slavery, *etc.*); *die* — *der Königsmünde*, the abolition of royalty: *von der gänzlichen* — *der Volksgewalt an dem der Verfall Roms* *darüber* werden, from the total abolition of the popular power, may be dated the ruin of Rome.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deprive of the handle, to unhalt; *Gun-sm.* to unstock (a gun).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* see *Abfädeln*.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to get (something) from (one) by playing tricks, to cajole (one) out of (a thing).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to chisel off the soft crust of (a stone).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to peel off (*Rinde*, bark), to peel, to pare off, to pare (fruit, *etc.*); to blanch (*Raubeln*, almonds), to shell; to decorticate, to strip off, (*Rindern*) to bark (a tree); to cut off the crust of (bread, sod, *etc.*) (*Abfrühen*); 2) to flake, to scale; *Swamp.* to excoriate (the skin); *abgefädelte Zweige*, bark-bared or bark-stripped branches: 3) *fig.* a) to strip, denude, lay bare (as a rocky mountain, *etc.*); b) to divest, to free (from the trammels of duty, *etc.*); II. *refl.* 1) to peel off in scales, to scale off, to peel, to scale, to come off in thin layers or laminae; 2) *fig.* to detach itself, to fall away.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Forest* to bias trees.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* turf-spade, turf-cutting; paring-shovel.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* the act of peeling or stripping off (the bark, *etc.*), *cf.* *Abfädeln*; the paring, blanching, *sc.*, decortication: — *der Haut*, *Med.* excoriation, abrasion of the cuticle.

† *Abfädeln*, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Abfädeln*) paring-cup, night-cup.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *n.* T. (*Bookb.*, *Shoem.*, *Glov.*) paring-knife: *Bookb.* edge-tool.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take away the sharp edges, to dull the edge or point of (an instrument, *etc.*), to blunt: 2) to sharpen; to cut into a sloping form; to form to an edge; to taper off: *Corp.*, *sc.* to rabbit; to chamfer: *der abgefädelte Bräuterrücken*, *m.* counter-fort: *Bookb.* to pare (off); *Letter-found.* to kern: 3) *Sport.* to pare (off); 4) *Cook.* to make (a sauce, *etc.*) piquant or pungent, to render sharp: 5) *provinc.* to scratch off (the skin, *etc.*).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) taking away the edges, *sc.*

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scrape, scratch or grate off, to remove (dirt, *etc.*; sometimes to clean) by scraping (*cf.* *Abkratzen*).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* shavings, scrapings.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *lit. & fig.* to shade (or shadow) off, to shadow out, to take the outline of ..., to sketch, to adumbrate; to take the profile or shade of (a person or thing — much employed, in this sense, since the introduction of silhouette, about 1780; *Jean Paul* particularly has a great predilection for the word, *cf.* *Grimm's W-B.*); 2) *fig.* to image or form; II. *refl.* to be marked or projected in dark outlines on a light ground.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to represent or paint with gradations of colours; to shadow out, to adumbrate, *cf.* *Abfädeln*.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) sketch following the outlines of the shadow, adumbration (*also fig.*), delineation, allouette: 2) (nice) gradation of light or colour, shade, degree.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* appreciable.

† *Abfädeln*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to deprive (one) of (a thing) by imposing a duty or assessment, to extort.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to appraise, to tax; to estimate, value: 2) (*l. u.*) to depreciate (coins, *etc.*).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* appraiser, taxer, *sc.* *Abfädelig*, *adj.* (*l. u.*) valueless, worthless, contemptible, see *Ertragsfähig*, *Verdächtig*.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) valuation, taxation: 2) (*l. u.*) depreciation.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to reach with the eye: 2) (*Einem etwas*) see *Abfädeln*; II. *intr.* 1) (*for Niederfädeln*) to look down: 2) to avert the look.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. Corp.* to partition off.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shovel off, to clear away with a shovel.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to swing down, (*in conjunction with Auf*) auf — und —, to swing up and down, *fig.* to sway hither and thither.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *pl.* *Abfädeln* *m.* 1) off-scum, scum (froth or refuse that rises on the surface of heated liquors), dross: 2) *fig.* scum, refuse (*des menschlichen Geschlechts*, of human society); an outcast.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scum, skim (off); 2) (*Töhl.*) *Letter-found.* to purify: *Gold-sm.* to clean, to wash (soldered places, *etc.*).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) skimming, skimming (off), *sc.* (*Abfädeln*).

Abfädeln, (*pr.* — *Abfädeln*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* see † *Abfädeln*, (*str.*) *m.* departure (from this life), decease (*cf.* *Abfädeln*).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus. fein*) to depart: *von der Welt* —, to depart this life, to die: *ihre Abfädeln* (*v. s.*, *str. u.*), her departure (*i. e.* from this life, decease); II. *tr.* 1) a) to separate (*also Chem.*, *etc.*) to divide, part (*see* *Abfädeln*); *Metalle* —, to refine metals; b) to disengage (carbonic acid, oxygen, *etc.*); 2) *Law.* to portion or pay off, to give (children, *etc.*) their portion and to exclude (them) from all future claims, to make a final and definite settlement with ...: 3) † to divorce; III. *refl.* to separate one's self, *sc.*; to be separated or divided by a boundary-line; *ist abfädeln* —, to be clearly defined (of a boundary-line, *etc.*).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* refiner (of metals), one who parts gold and silver, *sc.* *cf.* *Abfädeln*.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) separating, parting, *sc.* *cf.* *Abfädeln*; separation, departure: *W-stätigkeit*, *f.* *Physiol.* secretory agency, secreting process.

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* (*l. u.*) reflected splendor or brightness (*cf.* *Abglanz*).

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*cf.* *refl.*) to peel off (*refl.* to come off) in thin, small scales, to abrade, excoriate (*cf.* *Abfädeln*).

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† *Abfädeln*, (*w.*) *f.* parting-draught or cup. *Abfädeln*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pour or measure out liquor: 2) to pour out the parting-draught or cup: 3) (*ein Kind* —, *Hilp.*) to cease to suckle, *i. e.* to wean (a child).

Abfädeln, (*pr.* — *Abfädeln*), (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to shave (off): 2) to shear off (the wool of sheep): 3) *Ship-corp.*, *sc.* to partition off, to separate by a partition.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to get (something) from (one) by way of joking, to joke (one) out of (a thing).

Abfädeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*followed by* *vor* [with *Dat.*] before the object [für, with *Acc.*, *obsolete*], *gegen*; less frequently by *an* [with *Dat.*], *über* [with *Acc.*], or, still more rarely, with the *Gen.*) abhorrence (of, *leiden* for), horror (of), detestation (of), abomination, strong aversion (to), loathing (off), disgust: — *vor etwas* (*Dat.*) haben, to abhor a thing: 2) object of detestation or abhorrence, abomination.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to frighten away, to scare off.

Abfädeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to scour off, to clear away, to mop: 2) *fig.* coll. to reprimand, rebuke severely, to put (one) down: II. *refl.* to wear off or out by scouring.

Abfchließ, *adj.* 1) † serving to deter or discourage crime (**Abfchrecken**); **Abfchließ** zum a-en **Erzengel**, exemplary punishment; 2) detestable, abominable, horrid, horrible; atrocious, heinous, outrageous, execrable; ein a-es **Verbrechen**, an atrocious or heinous crime; ein a-er **Tat**, an atrocious, horrible, hateful or black deed; ein a-er **Widerwärt**, a detestable, execrable villain, an abandoned wretch; ein a-er **Angewohnheit**, an odious habit; 3) *loc. & coll.* a) odious, wicked; das war wirklich recht — von Ihnen, that was really very wicked of you; b) enormous, vast, prodigious, *partic.* **adv.** excessively or *encl.* abominably: — reich, enormously rich.

Abfchließheit, (*u.*) *f.* 1) detestableness; abominableness, horribleness; atrocity, enormity; nefariousness, heinousness; blackness; leathomaneity; 2) detestable deed, heinous crime, atrocity, enormity, abomination.

Abfchrecken, *adj.* (L. u.) full of horror, horrid, detestable, execrable, atrocious.

Abftheilung, (*u.*) *f.* 1) to divide into rows, to pile off, to range or partition off; 2) *Law.* to portion or pay off (*see* **Abftheilen**, II. *tr.* 2, **Abtheilen**, **Abtheilen**).

Abftheilung, (*u.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) ranging or partitioning off, *acc.* *cf.* **Abftheilen**; 2) the portioning or paying off, *acc.*

Abftheilen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to send off, to send away, to despatch, delegate.

Abftheilung, (*u.*) *f.* the (act of) sending off, despatch, delegation.

Abftheilen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to shove off, push off, to move off, remove from a certain point; b) to separate by shoving or moving; 2) a) to knock off (ein **Abftheilen**, the leg of a table, *acc.*) by shoving; b) (of animals) to shed (teeth), *see intr.*; 3) *Game.* (at the game of nine-pins) a) (to) knock down or carry more pins than (another); to diminish (points, a debt, *acc.*) by carrying pins; 4) *fig.* to shift off; er will es von sich ab und mir aufheben, he wishes to clear (exonerate, exculpate) himself and lay it at my door.

II. *intr.* 1) a) to lose the young teeth (applied to cattle and sheep); b) to finish the teething-process; 3) (*aux.* *sein*) coll. to pack off, shab off, to retreat meanly or clandestinely (*syn.* **abdrücken**).

Abftheilen, (*str.*) *m.* (*cf.* the original form **Abftheil**) 1) † a) the (act of) going away, departure; 2) *fig.* departure from this life, decease; 3) farewell, leave, adieu, conge; (das —nehmen) valediction, leave-taking; beim **Abftheilen**, at parting; zum **Abftheilen**, by way of leave-taking, on taking leave, at parting; ein Wort zum **Abftheilen**, a valedictory or parting word; von **Abftheilen** — nehmen, to take leave of one, to bid one adieu or farewell; ohne — weggehen, hinter der **Abftheile** — nehmen, coll. to go away or to depart without bidding farewell, to take French leave, to make off; Einem zum **Abftheilen** die Hand geben, to give one a parting shake of the hand; ich gab ihm zum **Abftheilen** meinen Segen, I gave him my parting blessing; 3) a) dismissal, discharge: liberation from service; den or kinen — ertheilen or bekommen, to be discharged or dismissed; Einem den — geben, to turn one off, to discard, discharge, dismiss one from (military) service, to break (an officer); einem Regiment den — geben, to discharge a regiment; seinen (den) — nehmen (or verlangen), to ask one's discharge, to send in one's resignation, *Mod.* to sell out, coll. to throw up one's commission; b) coll. for **Abftheilung**, testimony, certificate granted at the expiration of the time of service; 4) † a) final (judicial) decision, decree (richtiger **Abftheil**, **Urtheil**); b) final decree of the old German diet, or similar deliberative assemblies; (**Abftheil** —, **Abftheilungs** —) recess.

Abftheilung, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* of **Abftheil**) a little farewell-poem (Heinrich **Abftheilungs**gedicht), a few parting lines or verses.

Abftheilung, *adj.* pertaining to leave-taking, valedictory; *adv.* by way of leave-taking, *see* zum **Abftheilung**; — grüßen, to salute at parting, to bid farewell.

Abftheiler, (*str.*) *m.* a discharged soldier (*cf.* **Urlauber**).

Abftheilung..., *in comp.* — **andien**, *f.* audience of leave: — **besuch**, *m.* farewell visit; — **blick**, *m.* parting look, last look; — **brief**, *m.* 1) farewell letter, valedictory letter; 2) letters testimonial, *see* — **zeugnis**; 3) letter of discharge, discharge, dismissory letter.

Abftheilung, *adj.* heavy or bowed down by the parting-scene: **Abftheilung** dem a-en Geist (*Chamisso*), wings give to the soul, so loath to flee (*Baskerville*).

Abftheilung..., *in comp.* — **gebißt**, *n.* valedictory poem, farewell or parting verses: — **gefißt**, *m.* farewell-present, present at parting; parting-gift; — **gefißt**, *n.* tender of resignation; er reichte ihm — **gefißt** ein, he tendered his resignation; — **glas**, *n.* parting-glass, parting-cup; — **gruß**, *m.* parting-salutation, farewell, adieu (**Abftheilungsgruß**); er reichte ihm **gruß**, um ihnen bei der **Abftheilung** — **gruß** zu sagen, he appeared at the window to give his parting nod as they drove away; — **hand**, *f.* parting hand (*Ld.* *Byron*); — **hieb**, *m.* parting-kiss: — **mahl**, *n.* farewell-dinner: — **prebist**, *f.* valedictory or farewell-sermon (*opp.* **Abftheilungsprebist**); — **rede**, *f.* valedictory speech, farewell-address: — **schmaus**, *m.* valedictory or farewell-dinner or supper, parting-treat; — **stunde**, *f.* hour of parting, parting-hour; — **tag**, *m.* parting-day; — **thäne**, *f.* tear of (or at) parting, parting-tear; — **trunk**, *m.* parting-draught, parting-cup, parting-glass, parting-goblet, stirrup-cup; — **wort**, *n.* parting or valedictory word, farewell, adieu: — **zitter**, *f.* — **thäne**; — **zeugnis**, *n.* letters testimonial, certificate (*cf.* **Zebrbrief**).

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. I. tr. & refl.* to scale off, to shell off, to peel off (in thin flakes or scales), to split off, *Swy.*, *acc.* to exfoliate; II. *refl.* to scale or peel off, to come off in scales or thin laminae, *Swy.*, *Minor.*, *acc.* to exfoliate. — **Abftheilern**, (*u.*) *f.* the (act of) scaling off, *acc.* exfoliation, excoaration.

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* etwas) coll. to learn, discover, *acc.* (a thing) from (another) by looking slyly askance.

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Swy.* a) to take off the splints from (a broken bone after its having been healed); b) to confine duly or properly with splinters (as a broken limb), to splint or splinter properly; 2) a) *Railw.* to take off the rails from ... ein **Abftheilern**, to take off the tire of a wheel; 3) *Min.* to measure out, to survey (a mine). — **Abftheilern**, (*str.*) *m.* mine-surveyor, *acc.*

Abftheilen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to shoot off, to discharge: a) to let fly or go, as a missile: eine **Abftheile**, einen **Abftheil** —, to discharge a ball, an arrow, to shoot, or to let fly an arrow: to let go the charge of (fire-arms, *acc.*); b) ein **Abftheiler**, einen **Abftheiler** —, to discharge a musket, a bow, *acc.*; die beiden **Abftheiler** eines **Abftheilens** Bogens, the two ends of a bow shot off; eine **Abftheile** auf den **Abftheiler** —, to fire or discharge a gun at the enemy; 2) a) to strike off by shooting, to shoot off (ein **Abftheiler**, a limb; es wurde ihm das Bein **abftheilt**, his leg was shot or carried off (by a cannon shot); den **Abftheiler** den **Apfel** vom **Apfel** — (or simply **Abftheilen**), to shoot the apple off from the child's head: einen (**Abftheiler**) **Bogel** — (a *German pastime*), to shoot at an artificial (or wooden) bird (*cf.* **Bogel** **Abftheilen**); den **Bogel** —, *lit.* & *fig.* to bring down the bird; b) † with re-

gard to human beings: dem **Abftheiler** ward **abfgeschossen** mancher **Abftheiler** **Abftheiler** (*Schöller*, *Volkst.*), many an honest soldier of the enemy's was brought down; 3) *Sport.* das **Abftheilen** —, to shoot all the game preserved in an enclosure; 4) to surpass in shooting, to outshoot (another person); 5) (L. u.) to shoot down (as felled wood from mountains), to drive or push off with sudden force (*cf.* **Abftheilen**).

II. *intr.* 1) to cease, to leave off, or to finish shooting (*cf.* *tr.* 3); (*aux.* *sein*): 2) a) (**Abftheilen**) to fall, shoot, rush, or sweep down rapidly (as a cascade, *acc.*); hier **Abftheilt** das **Wasser** stromschnell ab, here the water escapes downwards (or rushes down) in torrents; eine **Abftheile** —, to fall headlong down stairs; b) to start or shoot off (as a boat, *acc.*); 3) to slope down abruptly; die **Abftheile** **Abftheile** nur wenig von der **Abftheile** ab (*Heinze*), the nose springs but little from the line of the forehead (*cf.* **Abftheilung**); 4) (of colours) to fade away or off, to grow pale, to pale, to turn gray: III. *refl.* **Abftheilen** (*Das*) etwas (den **Abftheiler** *u.*) —, to break (off, one's neck, *acc.*) in or by falling precipitately.

Abftheilen, *v. a. (str.) u.*, **Abftheilung**, (*u.*) *f.* the (act of) shooting off, discharging, *acc.* *cf.* **Abftheilen**.

† **Abftheilern**, **Abftheilern**, (*u.*) *f.* (*Opits*, *Kant*) *see* **Abftheilung**, **Abftheilung**.

Abftheilen, (*u.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sail off or away, to set sail, to sail; II. *tr.* to ship off, to ship (*Waren*, goods); to carry away on board of (or to) transport in a ship. **Abftheilern**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to depict, to paint, portray, picture; 2) *fig.* (*partic.* in an *ill sense*) to depict, to represent (in words), to describe, delineate, portray.

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *f.* *gener.* *fig.* the (act of) depicting, *acc.* *cf.* **Abftheilern**; portraiture, delineation, representation, description.

Abftheilern, *v. a.*, **Abftheilern**, (*u.*) *f.* *see* **Abftheilen** & *acc.*

Abftheilen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to strip of the skin, to skin, to flay, to excoaricate: einem **Abftheiler** die **Abftheile** —, to flay an animal; einem **Abftheiler** die **Abftheile** —, to peel off the bark of a tree; Einem die **Abftheile** an (or von) den **Abftheilern** —, to strip the skin from one's fingers; **Abftheilen** (den **Abftheiler** —, to tear one's arm; das **Abftheiler** hat das **Abftheiler** **Abftheiler**, the harness has galled the horse; die **Abftheiler** haben im **Abftheiler** diesen **Abftheiler** **Abftheiler** (*Höf.*), the carts in passing have peeled this tree; 2) (L. u.) to wear off by scratching or scraping; 3) coll. to exhaust by hard labour, to harass to excess, to plague, to tire or to weary out; II. *refl.* coll. to toil and mool.

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to unharness, to ungear (horses) — *opp.* **Abftheilern**.

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to slaughter (animals) for food, for market, to kill duly, to butcher, to stick (ein **Abftheiler**, a pig); 2) *fig.* to kill off (human beings), to kill with cruelty or in a brutal way, to butcher: II. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) to finish slaughtering.

Abftheilen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to clean from dross, to rid of slag, to scum (as ore in melting).

Abftheilern, (*u.*) *v. I. tr.* to slacken, relax: II. *intr.* *see* **Abftheilern**.

Abftheilung, (*str.*) *pl.* **Abftheilung** *m.* 1) the act of striking off, *acc.* *cf.* **Abftheilung** & **Abftheilung**; 2) any thing beaten or hewn off (*cf.* **Abftheilern**): a) branches of trees that have been felled, loppings; b) chips, fragments; c) broken off ore; 3) *a)* *Letter-found.* & *Min.* matricie: b) a set of matrices for founding types; 4) partition, *Archit.* reduct; partition-wall; 5) a) the (act of) letting or drawing off (water), draining (**Abftheilung**); b) (**Abftheilung** **Abftheilung** drain, fall, outlet, vent (of a pond, *acc.*); over-fall (of a mill-dam); 6) *opp.* **Abftheilung**, **Abftheilung** rebound; rebounding; 7) *Mus.* fall:

8) a) the (act of) taking away, deduction: die reine Natur ohne Zufschlag und —, pure nature without adding or taking away: *particul.* Comm. b) deduction: aa) abatement, reduction: decline, falling (of the price), diminution: ein — ist seit geraumer Zeit bemerkt, a decline (fall, reduction) has for a considerable time been perceptible: mit einem — verkaufen, to sell at a decline: bb) (for Abfchlagzahlung) part payment: auf —, in part payment, in part of payment, on account: auf — (abfchlagig) zahlen, to pay on account: auf — nehmen (verkaufen), to take (sell) beforehand, by anticipation: c) *gener.* diminution, &c.: der — der Räfte, the abatement of the cold: ein — der Bitterung, a lowering (decrease) of (or a fall in) the temperature: es ist ein großer —, it differs widely: 9) (l. u. for abfchlagige Antwort) refusal, denial, rebuff.

Abfchlaggraben, (*str.*, pl. A-gräben) m. drain, trench, outfall, ditch for carrying off superfluous water.

Abfchlagfelsen, (*str.*) n. 1) (Tob.) plane-iron, plane: 2) (Schmiedewerk) bar-iron, forged iron.

Abfchlagen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to separate or to bring down by beating, knocking, hewing, &c.: a) to beat, strike or knock off: to out, hew off: Einem den Kopf, die Hand —, to strike off, to sever one's head, hand: Ich lag ihm den Kopf ab! strike (or cut) off his head: ein Stück Juch —, to knock off a lump of sugar: den Gipfelfurm von der Wand —, to knock off the plaster-coating from the wall: *(metonymically)*: ein Saal (for der Gipfelfurm des Saales, Sanders) ist wieder abgechlagen worden: (Weifche) Räfte —, — (Verabfchlagen), to knock down wall-nuts, &c.: abgechlagene Obst, fruit beaten off (by hail, &c.), blown down (by wind), windfall: Bäume, einen Wald —, to cut down trees, a wood (hällen); den Riß, die Erde —, *Hieb*, to draw (remove) manure, earth, &c. from a cart with hooks or forks: die Knochen —, *Sport* (in disjoining game) to break or disjoint the bones (*cf.* Abgechlagen, p. a.): er schlug dem Manne den Hut ab, he knocked off the man's hat: b) to take off or down in a regular way: to break down or off (ein Gerüst, ein Zelt &c.), a scaffold, a tent, &c.), to take to pieces (eine Bettstelle, eine Maschine &c.), a bedstead, an engine, &c.) c) *opp.* Aufschlagen: die Hude, das Gerüst wurde abgechlagen, the booth, the scaffolding was taken down: ein Zelt —, to strike a tent: ein Lager — (Abbrechen), to break up a camp: ein Schloß —, to take off, unroll, unscrew a lock: *Printer's terms*: die Ballen —, (*formerly*) to knock off the balls (Abbrechen): das Format —, to unlock the chase: eine Presse —, to break down a press: die Segel, ein Reff —, *Mar.* to unbend, unbind (the sails), to unlace (a bonnet) (*opp.* Aufschlagen): Rastern —, to take off the meshes from the needles: to diminish the number of meshes, see Abnehmen: ein Stiefel Felgwert —, *T.* to clip a piece of fur: 2) to force or drive back by beating, to beat or turn off, to strike aside: einen Stoß —, *Penc.* to parry a thrust: 3) † (Einem etwas) a) dem Feinde geordnete Personen, Soldaten, &c. from the enemy in battle: b) to slay or vanquish (the troops of the enemy) in battle: 4) to beat thoroughly, to beat well: das Eiweiß mit dem Quirl —, to beat the white of an egg with a mill: Einem — (Abprallen), *coll.* to beat one soundly: 5) to strike off a copy of (a coin, &c.), to take an impression, cast of... (Abklopfen, Abdrücken): eine Münze in die —, to impress, to stamp a coin in lead: 6) (*cf.* 2) to turn off (a stream of water, &c.), to let or draw off (water, *cf.* Ablassen): to dam off (as the water from a mill-pond, &c. for the purpose of dragging,

&c.): einen Teich, den Rißgraben —, to drain a pond, to shut out the water from the mill-stream: den fließenden Metallstrom —, *in metal foundries*, to turn off the stream of liquid iron, &c. into new channels and moulds (the old ones being filled): das (or (ein) Wasser —, to make water: 7) to partition off (einen Raum, a room), *cf.* Abfchlag, 4; 8) *fig.* † to abate, deduct, see in Abrechnung bringen: 9) (Einem etwas) (*gener.* eine Bitte, ein Gefuch) —) to refuse, deny, decline (one's request): Einem etwas rund —, to give one a peremptory negative, a flat denial or refusal: Sie dürfen es mir nicht —, I won't be denied, I won't take a refusal: 10) to reduce, &c. see *intr.* 4, a: 11) Abgechlagen, p. a. practised, cunning, see Abgechlagen, 3.

II. *ref.* 1) to strike off, to take a different direction, to turn off (suddenly), to deviate (*cf.* Schlagen, *ref.*): ich schlug mich rechts vom Wege ab, I left the road, and turned to the right: das Wild schlägt sich ab, *Sport*, the game flies, runs away (when it separates from its kind): 2) *incorrectly* for einander —, *reciprocal*, to beat each other soundly (*cf.* I. tr. 5).

III. *intr.* 1) (*aus.* (sein) to rebound, to recoil: die Kugel schlägt ab, the ball rebounds: 2) (*aus.* (sein) *obdormen*, *lit.* & *fig.* to turn off suddenly, see II. *ref.* 1: 3) (*aus.* (sein) (for schlag, misgrathen, *opp.* einschlagen, gerathen) to fall, to miscarry: to lose: 4) (*aus.* (sein) & haben) to abate, to decline: a) (*particul.* of prices, &c.) to fall, to go down, to experience a depression: to sink (in price, &c.) — *opp.* Aufschlagen: der Preis der Waare schlägt ab or die Waare schlägt im Preise ab, the price of a commodity falls: die Preise haben (or sind) noch keineswegs abgechlagen, prices have by no means fallen (declined) as yet: das Brot, das Getreide (for der Preis des Brotes, des Getreides) schlägt ab, the price of bread, of corn falls: der Kaufmann schlägt mit seiner Waare ab, the merchant reduces the price of his commodity: for — mit... (*as used in the last phrase*) the simple verb is sometimes used as a *transitive*: das Brot —, to diminish or reduce the price of bread: eine Münze — (for Abmildigen), to reduce the value of a coin: b) die Kuh schlägt ab, the cow gives less milk than formerly: c) der Wein schlägt ab, the wine loses in taste: d) die Hitze, Kälte &c. schlägt ab, the heat, the cold, &c. abates: im Verlauf der Morgenstunden schlug das Wetter wieder ab, as the morning-hours wore on, the weather moderated again: kaltes Wasser, heißen Caffee ein wenig — lassen (*cf.* Überchlagen, Berchlagen), to let the chill go off, to suffer to grow cooler, to temper extreme cold or heat: 5) (*aus.* haben) *Mil.* a) das Signal zum Abzug schlagen) to beat the retreat: b) to give notice (on the march) by beat of drum that the soldiers are allowed to march more at their ease.

Abfchlagen, v. s. (*str.*) n. the act of beating off, &c. *cf.* the verb: *particul.* a falling (of prices, &c.), see Abfchlag, 8, b, aa.

Abfchlagewisch, (*str.*) m. a wisp of straw used in salt-works for cleansing the salt-pans.

Abfchlagig, *adj.* 1) *lit.* (easily) broken, brittle: a-e Stiefel, fragments, splinters: 2) containing a refusal, denying, refusing: eine a-e Antwort, a refusal, denial, rebuff: eine a-e Antwort bekommen, to be refused: 3) (l. u.) paid on account, see Abfchlagig. *Abfchlagig*, *adj.* 1) (l. u.) containing a refusal, see Abfchlagig: 2) *Comm.* given in part-payment, paid on account: a-e Zahlung, payment on account, instalment (Abfchlagzahlung).

Abfchlags..., *in comp.* — anleihen, f. a loan of money to be repaid by instalment: —graben, see Abfchlaggraben: —zahlung (Ab-

schlagzahlung), f. part-payment, payment on account, instalment.

Abfchlagung, (*w.*) f. 1) the act of beating, striking off, &c. see Abfchlagen: 2) the (act of) turning, letting or drawing off (water): 3) refusal (of a request).

Abfchlämmen, Abfchlämmen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to clear of mud, to clean from mud: 2) *Min.* to wash (ore), see Abfchlämmen.

Abfchlämmeln, (*w.*) v. *ref.* to run off or down in windings, to meander off or downwards.

Abfchläppen, v. *intr.* (*aus.* haben) *coll.* to hang down loosely or slovenly.

Abfchlarfen, (*w.*) v. tr. *coll.* to wear off (Riß) (*Det.* die Abfclär, one's heels) by walking about alighted or in a slovenly manner.

Abfchlecken, (*w.*) v. tr. see Abfchlecken.

Abfchleichen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) (l. u.) to steal upon, to take by surprise, see Berfchleichen: 2) (Einem etwas) to get, obtain (something) insidiously, sneakily from (one): II. *intr.* (*aus.* (sein) or *ref.* to sneak or slink off, to steal away (Berfchleichen).

Abfchleifen, (*str.*) n. T. grinding-iron.

A. Abfchleifen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to grind off: a) to take off by grinding, to rub off, to wear away, to blunt (a point): die Spitze eines Messers (or ein Messer) —, to grind off the point of a knife: den Rest, die Fiedeln von der Klinge —, to do away, to get out, fetch off the rust from a blade (by grinding): *metonymically*: b) to smooth, to polish by grinding: eine Klinge —, to rub a blade: einen Degen —, to furnish a sword: eine Marmorplatte, einen Spiegel —, to polish a marble plate, a plate-glass: c) to whet, to sharpen: 2) to grind sufficiently: 3) *fig.* to rub off, wear off or away (asperities, &c.), to smooth (down), polish, refine: *ref.* *fig.* to improve one's manners: II. *intr.* 1) to be ground off, to wear away, to wear off: ein abgechliffener Schöfer, a sixpenny-piece worn smooth: 2) *fig.* to grow refined, see I. tr. 3.

B. Abfchleifen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) a) to wear out by dragging, &c.: *provinc.* (S.G.) to wear (lead) out of heart, to impoverish (Abmühen, Abmühen): 2) to carry or drag down, off, away on a sledge.

Abfchleifer, (*str.*) m. one who grinds off, &c., grinder: furbisher, polisher.

Abfchleiffel, (*str.*) n. the gritty parts or settlements of a grindstone from the action of grinding, grindings, (*in Sheffield*: wheel-swarf.

A. Abfchleifung, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) grinding off, &c.: grinding, wearing, attrition: 2) (the act of) polishing, &c.: refinement.

B. Abfchleifung, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) wearing out by dragging, &c. see Abfchleifen, B.: 2) the (act of) carrying or dragging down, off, &c. (on a sledge).

Abfchleimen, (*w.*) v. tr. to rid of slime: Juch —, to clarify sugar (Abfclären, Abfcläumen): Stiche —, to soak, water, or sweeten fish, &c. (Abkochen).

Abfchleimen, (*str.*) v. tr. to wear out, see Abfchlämmen, see Abfchlämmen.

Abfchleudern, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aus.* (sein) to saunter down or away. (shake off).

Abfchleudern, (*w.*) v. tr. to fling away.

Abfchleppen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to wear out by dragging, to wear out (Reiber &c., clothes, &c.) by constant and reckless use: 2) to drag down: 3) to carry off (clandestinely, &c., — Berfchleppen): II. *ref.* to fatigue one's self by carrying heavy loads.

Abfclerfen, (*w.*) v. tr. see Abfclarfen.

Abfclendern, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to throw off with a sling or a flinging motion, to cast away: II. *intr.* (*aus.* (sein) to fly off.

Abfclichten, (*w.*) v. tr. T. *gener.* to rub

off or smooth with a smooth(ing-)file; *Join.* to plane off, to plane (with the smoothing-plane); *Carp.* to dub (*i. e.* to reduce, cut down, or bring to an even surface by means of an adze); *Thann.* to cleanse (Pfeife, hides) with the paring or sleeking-knife; *Thm.* to smooth with the planishing-hammer.

Abfchlaghammer, (*str.*, pl. *H-hämmer*) *m.* *Thm.* planishing-hammer.

Abfchließen, (*str.*) *v. I. & II.* 1) (*i. u. for* *Abfchließen* — *opp.* *Abfchließen*) to unlock, to unchain, to unfetter (a prisoner, &c.); 2) (*Abfchließen* abfchließen, *abfchließen*) *a)* to close, to lock, to turn the key of (a door, &c.); *b)* to separate (from others) by locking up (a prisoner, &c.), to shut off, to shut out, exclude, separate; 3) *a)* to conclude, to end, to settle, to close, to wind up (a business, &c.); *b)* to effect (*cf.* *Abmachen*); einen Vertrag (zu schließen) zu schließen —, to indent articles of agreement (between two parties); to enter into an agreement (or contract); to conclude a treaty; einen Handel —, to conclude a sale, to strike a bargain; einen Handel mitteilt zu schließen —, to bind a bargain with earnest; einzelne Verträge wurden zwar so abgegeschlossen, it is true several sales were effected at that price; zu diesem Preise kann ich (omitte) das Geschäft, den Handel nicht —, at this price I cannot close with you (strike the bargain); der Künstler will unter 20000 Pfund nicht —, the artist will not close under £. 20000; um — zu führen, in order to conclude the transaction (strike the bargain); noch ist nichts abgegeschlossen, nothing is settled as yet; bleiben Sie unsere Rechnung abgegeschlossen, please to balance (settle, close) our accounts; eine abgegeschlossene Rechnung, a closed (settled, adjusted) account; nicht abgegeschlossene Rechnungen, unsettled accounts; die Rechnung —, to balance, settle, close, or to wind up an account, &c.; die (Handel-)Bilanz —, to balance, close or settle the books (*i. e.* the set of books requisite in a commercial business); 4) *fig.* to bring to a (satisfactory) conclusion, close or termination, to terminate, close, conclude, wind up; to bring to an issue (*cf.* *Abfchluß*).

II. refl. 1) to retire, to keep back (von, from); to be exclusive; sich von der Welt —, to seclude one's self (or to retire) from the world; 2) *fig.* to be brought to a termination, conclusion or issue, to conclude, wind up.

III. intrans. (*cf.* *str.*) 1) to conclude, wind up; to come to a conclusion, &c.; 2) *a)* to come to a final arrangement, to conclude a transaction; er hat mit der Welt abgegeschlossen, he has done with the world and its concerns; *b)* to come to a final decision, to make up one's mind upon any subject (*cf.* *zum Abfchluß kommen*).

Abfchließend, *adj.* definitive, final.

Abfchließend, *adj.* 1) definitive, positive, ultimate; 2) exclusive, arrogant (*mostly used as an adv.* definitively, &c.).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) 1) (the act of) un-locking, &c.; 2) (the act of) closing, shutting off, separation, &c.; 3) (the act of) *a)* concluding, settling, &c.; *b)* balancing, closing accounts, &c. *cf.* *Abfchluß*; *bic* — von Excutaten, the conclusion of treaties; 4) seclusion: *a)* the act of secluding (from society, &c.); *b)* the state of being secluded; retirement.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *Mar.* to roll away (the masts, &c.).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to separate, divide, out off (lands by digging ditches or trenches).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to slide down; 2) to slip off or away, to escape.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) (*Abfchließen*, *Abfchließen*) see *Abfchließen*; 2) to slip off, *cf.* *Abfchließen*.

Abfchließen, (*str.*, pl. *Abfchließen*) *m.* 1) (the

act of) closing, &c. see *Abfchließen*; 2) conclusion, termination, close; 3) *a)* final arrangement, the winding up (of a business, *Dram.* of a plot), (final) settlement; *ber* — der Frieden, the conclusion of peace; in dieser Weise läßt sich nicht zum *U-e* der Sache gelangen, in this way we cannot come to an agreement or arrangement (or cannot close the business); in diesem (Bauern-)Vertritte ist es nur zu unerheblichen Abfchließen gekommen, only trifling sales were effected in this article; *b)* *ber* — einer Rechnung, *Comm.* the closing of an account, settlement, statement, balance of (an) account; mit dem *U-e* unserer Bücher beschäftigt, being about to close (or settle) our books; *günstig* —, general statement of account; zum *U-e* ... erhalten, to receive in full of all demands; zum *U-e* bringen, to bring to an issue or termination, to terminate, complete; *ber* — der Weltgeschichte, the winding up of history (by the last judgment); zum *U-e* kommen, to come to an issue, conclusion, termination, &c.; to settle down finally; —rechnung, *f.* account of settlement; —zettel, *m.* *Comm.* broker's certificate testifying to a transaction, concluded between two parties.

Abfchließend, (*str.*) *m.* insipid taste (*i. u.*), see *Abfchließend*.

Abfchließend, *adj.* (*i. u.*) insipid.

Abfchließend, (*v. I.*) *str.* *coll.* to slur over; to copy hastily and slovenly, see *Abfchließen*.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to blame thoroughly, to reproach severely, to reprobate exceedingly, to give (one) a full measure of reproof; *II. refl.* to tire one's self out with inveighing (against), to rail one's fill.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to scold (one) thoroughly, to chide to excess, to berate.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) to narrow regularly or by degrees, to taper off, to diminish in breadth; 2) *Einem* etwas — (*cf.* *Abfchließen*), to curtail one of a thing, to impair or to encroach upon (or to reduce the size of) one's possessions, &c.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) 1) (the act of) narrowing, tapering off, &c.; 2) curtailment.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*Einem* etwas) to get (something) from (one) by parasitical tricks, to obtain (something) from (one) by parasitism or sponging.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) *Forest.* to cleave off with wedges (the stumps of felled trees); 2) *coll.* (*for* *Abfchließen*) to smack or kiss (one) to excess, to kiss heartily; er schloß sie küßend ab, he kissed her to his heart's content (*Abfchließen*); *II. einander* (*coll.* *fid.*) —, *recipr.* to kiss one another immoderately, excessively or heartily.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) to take or pick off (*f. i.* cherries) from (a tree, &c.) and to eat up greedily; 2) *a)* to deprive (*f. i.* a tree of its fruit, &c.) by feasting on ...; *b)* *Einem* —, to sponge on one, to eat one out of house and home; *II. refl.* to tire one's self with banqueting and revelling; *III. intrans.* to finish rioting (banqueting).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to know or to judge (of a thing) by tasting; *particul. in cookery*, to prepare or to give the last finish to a decoction &c. by adding spices, &c., finding out the requisite quantity by repeated tasting; *II. intrans.* to have a bad taste, *particul. part. pres.* *Abfchließend*, ill-tasted, ill-flavoured, insipid (*gener. fig.*, *cf.* *Abfchließend*); a-b werden, to lose taste, to grow tasteless or insipid (of meat, &c.), to become tainted.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*Einem* etwas) to flatter, coax or wheedle (one) out of (a thing), to obtain (a thing) from (one) by flattery.

Abfchließen, (*str.*) *v. only.* for *Abfchließen*.

Abfchließen, *v. I.* (*u.*) the *str.* form used

colloquially *str.* 1) to melt off; *die* Gießapfen —, *Thm.* to melt the runners; 2) *Metall. & Chem.* to separate by melting, to part (metals); 3) *a)* to melt thoroughly or sufficiently (butter, &c.); *b)* to clarify by melting; *II. (str.) intrans.* 1) to finish melting; 2) (*aus. sein*) to melt down, to melt off, to melt, to fall off in consequence of melting.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *f.* (the act or operation of) melting off, &c.; *Metall. & Chem.* eliquation.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) (*i. u.* see *Abfchließen* or *Abfchließen*) to dash down; 2) to warble off (a tune) with a shrill and ringing sound.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to finish by forging. **Abfchließen**, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) to grease sufficiently (a machine, a wagon, a wheel, &c.); 2) *coll.* to copy or to transcribe hastily and negligently (*Abfchreiben*, 2, *c*), to crib; ein abgegeschriebenes Buch, a pirated book; 3) *vulg.* to beat soundly, *vulg.* to amount (one), see *Abfchreiben*; *II. intrans.* to let off (or to part with) grease or smear, to stain (of any greasy substance).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *m.* *coll.* one who transcribes slovenly, scrawler; scribbler, plagiarist, piratical writer, negligent copyist (*cf.* *Abfchreiben*).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*Einem* etwas) to obtain or get (something) from (one) by smirking and smiling.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to dirty thoroughly, to foul; *II. intrans.* to let off the dirt, to soil, tarnish, to part with the black or any dark colour, *particul. Print.* to maculate, to blot, to cloud (of fresh letter-press).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*Einem* etwas) to bill and coo. [*ungird.*]

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to unbuckle, to

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* 1) to go off with a snapping sound, to snap off; *a)* (*Zufchließen* &c.) to slip, to get loose; das Schloß ist abgeknapppt, the lock is split; der Riegel ist abgeknapppt, the bolt is shut; *b)* to go off (of a gun), to explode; 3) *coll.* for to die, *aus. to pop off*; 3) *fig.* to break off abruptly; *II. str.* to let off with a snapping sound, to snap off, to shoot, lock; *die* Thüre —, to snap the door, to slip the bolt.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to utter chatteringly.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* *vulg.* to abuse with harsh and brutal words, to snort or snarl at (one).

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* to take off with a pair of snuffers, to snuff.

Abfchließen, (*v. I.*) *str.* (*cf.* *Abfchließen*) —linie, *f.* Typ. cutting-line (*Abfchließen*); —maschine, *f.* *Spinn.* cutting-machine, breaking-machine; *Mar.* breaker; *Mar.* vasaire.

Abfchließen, (*str.*) *v. I.* 1) *a)* (to separate) by cutting, to sever, abscond) to cut off, to cut away, to cut; *gard.* to prune; *Einem* den Kopf —, to cut off one's head; *Einem* die Kehle (Gurgel) —, to cut one's throat; er schnitt sich (*Dat.*) die Kehle ab, he cut his throat; ein Glied —, *burg.* to amputate, to cut (or take) off a limb (*Abnehmen*); *einem* Schafe die Wolle —, to shear a sheep; *die* Enden der Kettenfäden —, (*in silk-weaving*) to clip the warp-ends; *schneiden* die Brot ab, cut the bread; das Korn —, to cut the corn; *b)* to reap (a field); *Zauben* (*Acc.*) — (*metonymically* for *Zauben* (*Dat.*) den Hals —), to kill pigeons by cutting their throats, *cf.* *Schneiden*; *c)* *Sport.* to cut or gnaw off with the teeth (*of animals*, *particul. of beavers* cutting the stems of trees); 2) (to shorten by cutting) to cut (*Abfchneiden*), to crop, to clip; sich (*Dat.*) die Haare — lassen, to have one's hair cut; sich (*Dat.*) die Nägel —, to pare one's nails; *einem* Vogel die Flügel —, to clip the

wings of a bird; Bäume —, to poll trees; 3) *Nähen*, *etc.* to shape or form by cutting, to cut a pattern of (a cap, *etc.*) in paper; *Muster* —, to cut out (or off) patterns; *T. (formerly, among clothiers, etc.)* to settle (accounts) by tallies (to cut off the notches of a score or tally); *Fig.-s.* 4) *Geom.* to cut off, truncate, *cf.* *Abfüllen* & *Abgefüllt*; 5) *Gramm.* einen Buchstaben oder eine Silbe —, to cut off or omit a letter or a syllable, to apocope; 6) *a)* to cut through (as a thread); den Lebensfaden —, to cut the thread of life (winem, to kill one); *b)* (winem *etc.*) to deprive (one) of (a thing); winem seine Ehre, seinen guten Namen, den guten Rummund *etc.* —, to injure (wound, blast) one's reputation; *c)* to separate from the other parts, *particul. Mil.* to cut off, intercept; das Wasser —, to dig off the water; *d)* to bring to an abrupt end, to cut short; winem das Wort —, to stop one's utterance; to cut one short; ein Gespräch —, to break off a conversation abruptly, to put a sudden stop to a conversation; *e)* *schneidet mir alle Hoffnung ab*, it precludes me from (or deprives me of) all hope; die Möglichkeit über Nachrede —, to prevent the possibility of slander; der Eintritt in den Staatsdienst ist für Abge schnitten, the public service is closed to you; wenn uns der Gebrauch dieser Anlagen abgeschnitten ist, if we are debarred from the exercise of these faculties; *f)* *Math.* to cut or take off (a curve, an angle, *etc.*); *g)* to separate or define by a distinct boundary-line (*Abgrenzen*).

II. *ref.* 1) to be brought to a sudden stop, to cease, stop, end; die Erde schneiden sich ab, *Mim.* the vein of ore discontinues; the vein disappears suddenly, it makes a start or leap; 2) *(or intr.) a)* to be sharply defined or outlined, to be traced, to be contrasted; die Umrisse dieses Gebirges schneiden sich scharf am Himmel ab, the outlines of these hills are sharply defined against the sky; *b)* to form a contrast, to contrast, to differ.

III. *ref.* 1) *see ref.* 1 & 2; 2) *provinc.* to fare badly or ill.

Ab'schneibeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Ab'schneiteln*.
Ab'schneider, (*str.*) *m.* one that cuts off, cutter, *cf.* *Ab'schneider*.

Ab'schneide ..., *in comp.* —linie, —maßlinie, *see* *Ab'schneide ...*

Ab'schneidefel, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Ab'schneittfel*.

Ab'schneidung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of cutting off, resection, *etc.* *Surg.* amputation.

Ab'schneide ..., *in comp.* —werkzeug, *n.* cutting-tool: —winzel, *m.* *Typ.* token, cutting-line (*Ab'schneidelinie*).

Ab'schneien, (*w.*) *v. imper.* to cease snowing, *cf.* *Abregnen*.

Ab'schneiteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Gard.* to lop, prune, trim (tendrils, a hedge, *etc.*).

Ab'schneulen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to fling off (as a stone, *etc.*) with a jerk, to let fly with a jerk, to jerk off, to jerk, to snap; einen Pfeil —, to fling a dart; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly off with a jerk, to jerk, spring, or crack off.

Ab'schnurgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* (*S. G. & Switz.* for *Pugen*) to snuff (a candle).

Ab'schnippeln, *Ab'schnippeln*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clip, chip, or snip off by repeated little cuts.

Ab'schnippen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clip, chip, or snip off.

Ab'schnippelfing, (*str.*) *m.*, *Ab'schnippelfel*, (*str.*) *n.* (*& m.*) clippings, parings (*cf.* *Ab'schnippen*).

Ab'schnitt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*Ab'schneidung*) *a)* (the act of) cutting off, *etc.*; *b)* (*among clothiers, etc. formerly*) a cutting off of notches, *etc.* settling of accounts (by tallies); 2) *a)* cut (a part cut off); *Join.* batement; *b)* *gener.* pl. *U.-e.* cuttings, chips, shreds, parings (*cf.* *Ab'schnippen*); *Carp.* batement (*Ab'schnitt*); 3) *a)* *Geom.* segment; *b)* *Numism.* exergue; 4) *Port.*

intrenchment, trench, priest's cap; 5) *T.* a pattern cut out; 6) *a)* *Pol.* stop, censure; *b)* *Gramm.*, *etc.* rest, breathing place, pause; *c)* section, paragraph, book (as a division of a volume or book); (winem) *U.-e.* aus der Bibel vorlesen, to read to (one) portions of the Bible; *d)* *Mus.* section, musical sentence (*cf.* *Ab'satz*, 7, *c)*); *e)* *Fig.* period, epoch, stage (des menschlichen Lebens *etc.*, of human life, *etc.*); 7) *Comm.* *a)* additional payment, balance paid in addition; *b)* (*Staatspapier*—) coupon (*cf.* *Zins-Coupon*); *c)* (*Werkfel*—) appoint (*cf.* *Appoint*); die kleinsten *U.-e.* lauten auf einen Thaler, the smallest appoints (shares) are to the value of one thaler: eine Rinnesse in drei *U.-en*, a remittance in three appoints; 8) *Fig.* rarely used for *Ab'sch.* contrast.

Ab'schmittchen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) small cut or shred chip, *see* *cf.* *Ab'schnippen*; 2) little section or period, *see*.

Ab'schmittling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cutting, shred, chip, *see* *cf.* *Ab'schnippen*; 2) *Hortic.* cutting, cut; 3) *Geom.* abscissa (*Ab'scisse*).

Ab'schnitt ..., *in comp.* —(0)linie, *f.* *Typ.* cutting-line: —(0)stein, *m.* cheek: —(0)winkel, *m.* *Geom.* angle of a segment; —(0)zeichen, *n.* *Typ.* mark used to denote a division of a subject, section [*§*].

Ab'schnitzel, (*str.*) *n.* shred, chip, cutting, clipping, snipping, paring, *gener.* *in the pl.* collectively shreds, chips, *etc.*; *Comm.* sisele.

Ab'schnitzeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut off in little chips, to pare, to whittle.

Ab'schnitzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut off in chips, to chip off; 2) *a)* to carve; *b)* to imitate by carving.

Ab'schnüren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to unlace, unstring (*Reißschnüren*); 2) *Bookb.* to untie; 3) *Carp.*, *etc.* *a)* to measure out or divide with a line; *b)* to lash, switch, strap, or to lay out by the (chalk-)line; to mark with a line (*Ab'schnen*, if the line is blackened); 3) *a)* to separate with a string; eine Batze —, to tie off or to string a wart (*cf.* *Ab'schnitten*, 3); *b)* to separate by a deep incision.

Ab'schnurren, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to run down (as spools, *etc.*) with a whirling noise, to rattle, whirr or whiz, off; II. *tr.* 1) to cause to run down (as machinery, *etc.*) with a whirling noise; to reel off, *cf.* *Ab'spulen*; 2) to utter in a monotonous, mechanical way, to rattle off (prayers, *etc.*); 3) (winem *etc.*) to get or obtain (something) from (one) by begging (*Ab'stettein*).

Ab'schöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*l. u.*) to divide into scores.

Ab'schöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scoop off: to scum (off), to skim (off); die Milch —, to skim off the fat of broth; abge'schöpfte Milch, skim-milk, float-milk.

Ab'schöpf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*rarely used* for *Schöpf*, *Schöpfing*) offshoot; 2) *or* —geld, *n.* 1) tax on emigration (*Abzugsgeld*); 2) (*causae hereditariae*) legacy-tax, duty to be paid in certain countries by aliens for an inheritance devolving on them in the said countries: —pflichtig, *adj.* liable to pay the emigration-tax or the legacy-tax (*see* —geld); —pflichtigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* liability to pay the emigration-tax or the legacy-tax (*see* —geld).

Ab'schrägen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to make oblique, *particul. Carp.*, *etc.* to cut into a sloping form, to cut off (to grind off, *etc.*) aslope or bevel-wise: to slope, slant; to bevel, to cut to a bevel angle, to chamfer; II. *ref.* to slope away: ein Rasenplatz schrägte sich vom Herrnhause ab, a lawn sloped away from the mansion.

Ab'schrägung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of making oblique, of sloping, *etc.*; 2) slope, sloping form.

Ab'schrammen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to slash or scratch off, to scar: II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) coll.

to slip off in silence (in order to avoid observation).

Ab'schränken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to separate or exclude by barriers, rails or any kind of bounds which prevent common access; abge'schränkte Weideplätze, hedged-off (fenced off) pastures; ein abge'schränktes Weiden, a secluded being.

Ab'schräpfeiser, (*str.*) *n.* *Fig.* sweating knife, sweating iron, sweating scraper.

Ab'schräpen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *L. G.* to scrape off (*see* *Ab'schaben*, *Ab'schaben*, *Ab'schaben*).

Ab'schrauben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*& ref.* *sich*) —, to unscrew, to screw off; zum — eingetrichtet, made to unscrew or to screw off.

Ab'schrecken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Sport.* to rouse, to scare or fright away (as game from a field, *etc.*), to scare up, to start, *etc.*; 2) to temper or modify by applying sudden cold to hot bodies, or heat to cold substances; glühendes Metall —, to cool off heated metal, to chill (by thrusting it into cold water, *etc.*); beim Sandguss schreckt die Fruchtigkeit die Oberfläche des Eisens ab und macht sie hart (*Karmarsch*), in sand-casting the moistness rapidly cools off the surface of iron and renders it hard; einen Fisch —, Cook, to sprinkle a fish with vinegar (in order to turn the skin blue in boiling); abge'schrecktes Wasser, water made moderately warm; 3) (winem *etc.*) (*Ded.*), to deter, discourage (one) from (a thing), to frighten (fright) (one) from (a thing); to intimidate, dispirit, dishearten, scare off: dem Feind durch eigenes Beispiel —, to repel from vice by direct example: das beste Mittel davon abzu'schrecken, the best aid of its discouragement: er läßt sich leicht —, he is easily dispirited; 4) † winem *etc.* —, to frighten one out of a thing; den Kaufleuten ihr Geld — (*Hans Sachs*), to frighten the merchants out of their money.

Ab'schrecken, *p. a.* 1) deterring, deterrent: warning: dies war ein a-er Beispiel, this was a warning example or a warning; 2) (of outward appearance) forbidding, horrible; *es* ist etwas *U.-es* im Anblick des Feindes, there is something forbidding in the aspect of vice: eine a-er Terminologie, a forbidding terminology.

Ab'schreckung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) deterring, *etc.*; discouragement: Macaulay sagt irgendwo, daß — der Zweck der Strafe ist, Macaulay says somewhere that warning is the end of punishment: *U.-mittel*, *n.* means of discouragement, deterrent; *U.-theorie*, *f.* *Criminal Law*, theory of deterring (from the committal of crimes) by punishment.

Ab'schreibegeld, (*w.*) *f.*, *Ab'schreibegeld*, (*str.*) *n.* copy-money, fee for transcribing.

Ab'schreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to wear out by writing: to dull or blunt (a pen, *etc.*) by writing: ich schreibe mir fast die Finger ab (*Grimm*), I almost wear out my fingers with writing; einen Brief mit ganz —, to wear a pencil to a stump; 2) *a)* to copy, transcribe; to write out, to engross; *b)* *Fig.* (*l. u.*) to copy, to represent in a likeness by following a model or original, to imitate; die Natur (*Schiller*: gleichiam) —, to copy nature (said of a painter); *c)* to copy (another's writings) in an illicit or unfair manner: ein abge'schriebenes Buch, a book copied from another, a pirated book or edition; 3) *Comm.* *a)* to take out (an amount), to write off, to deduct, to subtract, subtract (*cf.* *Ab'schreiben*); *b)* to discharge, to blot out, to efface, to erase (eine böse Schuld, a bad debt); *c)* to credit, to carry to one's credit; *d)* (*Sternen* or *Contrapuncten*) to transfer (an incorrect charge (or entry) of an article); *e)* (in *Banco* — lassen) to assign, to write off; to transfer the amount of (a bill of exchange, *etc.* in *banco*); 4) (winem *etc.*) to revoke in writing (an order, an invitation, *etc.*

previously given, made, &c.), to write off, to put off, to countermand, to cancel; ich muß Ihnen leider wieder —, I regret being obliged to cancel (to countermand or to retract) my order (or to recede from our agreement); er schrieb es ihnen ab, he wrote off refusals to them; 5) (l. u.) eine Schuld —, to pay off a debt by writing (for one's creditor).

Abſchreiber, (str.) m. 1) copier, copyist, transcriber; 2) conf. piratical writer, plagiarist; 3) *fig.* (slavish) imitator (cf. **Abſchreiben**, 2, b).

Abſchreiberei, (w.) f. the act (or the custom) of copying, transcribing, *gener. conf.* the purloining of another man's writings or of passages of other works, literary theft, plagiarism.

Abſchreibung, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) copying, transcription, &c. cf. **Abſchreiben**; 2) (the act of) writing off, transferring, crediting (a payment), &c.

Abſchreiben, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to bawl forth, to roar out (a song, &c.); 2) to cry out, to proclaim with a loud voice; to cry off; 3) *Sport*, &c. to recall with loud cries, to call off (the hounds); 4) to reach (with the voice) by crying aloud; 5) (Einem etwas) a) to get or obtain (a thing) from (one), to frighten (one) out of (a thing) by dint of crying; b) to contest (a thing, one's right, &c.), to deny (the claims of another, &c.) by loud cries rather than by argument; 6) to outcry, to drown (every thing) with cries; II. *refl.* 1) *fig.* (*Acc.*) —, to tire one's self out by crying; das Kind hat sich (*Acc.*) ganz abgeschrieben, the child has quite exhausted itself with crying; 2) *fig.* (*Dat.*) die Schale, den Hals —, to bawl till one grows hoarse, to cry one's self to death (nach einem Dinge, for or after a thing; das Kind wird sich (*Dat.*) die Schale —, the child will kill itself by crying).

Abſchreiten, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to pace or stride away or down (von, from...), to step aside; to retire; 2) (*rarely used*) to alight (from a horse, &c.), see **Abſiegen**; 3) *fig.* to deviate, to digress, to swerve (from one's duty, &c.); II. *tr.* to measure (out) by steps, by pacing, to pace, to step; sie haben unsere Entfernung zu genau, daß man vermuthen sollte, sie hätten die Entfernung abgeschrieben, they have our range so accurately, one would suspect they had stepped the ground; a-b, p. a. (l. u.) digressive; discursive.

Abſchreiben, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to pay out or to ease off a little, to surge (ein Tau, a rope); das (um das Gangschiff laufende) Ankerlein —, to surge at the windlass or capstern.

Abſchrift, (w.) f. copy, transcript; duplicate; die zweite —, triplicate; gerichtlich —, exemplification; eine — nehmen, to draw or to take a copy; nehmen Sie — davon, take a copy of it; die beigefügte beglaubigte —, the annexed certified copy; gerichtliche — nehmen, *Comm.* durch eine beglaubigte — belegen, to exemplify.

Abſchriftlich, *adj.* copied (out), transcriptive, by way of copy; wir theilen es Ihnen hierbei — mit, we hereby hand you duplicate (copy); die e-t Beilage, the annexed copy.

Abſchöpfen, (w.) v. tr. (cf. **Abſchöpfen**) 1) a) *Surg.* (Einem das Blut) to draw off (one's blood) by cupping; b) to weaken (one) by cupping; c) *fig.* to fleece (one), *anal.* to make (one) bleed (cf. **Abſaugen**); 2) *Agr.* (daß Getreide, die Saaten &c.) to cut off the tops of (wheat, &c.) with a reaping-hook; 3) a) *Forst.* to rough-hew (felled trees), to take off the slabs (see **Bemaldröckten**); b) see **Abſchneiden**.

Abſchürfen, (str.) m. (*dimin.* **Abſchürfcin**, (*str.*) n.) 1) to shred, small part, &c.; cutting or clipping off pieces of metal from which blanks for coins have been cut (cf. **Abſchüttele**);

2) or **Abſchürte**, (w.) f. —meißel, m. (*dimin.* **Abſchüttel**, (*str.*) n. small chisel: (**Schrotmeißel**, m., **Segeisen**, m.) rod-chisel, hot-chisel; 3) (**Echtle**) Riste, Rante, f.) selva, list.

Abſchürzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to gnaw off, devour (as grubs, &c. little roots); 2) to take off the rough, to rough-hew, to cut or clip off, to work, hew, &c. rudely or coarsely, as for first purposes: to give the first form or shape, among different trades: a) *Mill* to grind coarsely; b) *Carp.*, &c. to cut, to saw off transversely, to saw off with a large double saw; to rough-plane: c) *Smith*, &c. to hew (off), to chop off; d) *Pin-m.* to clip (the wire); 3) a) to turn or lead off (the course of a spring); b) to cut (a ditch, &c.) in a sloping direction, to slope sufficiently; 4) to roll down, to shoot, to lower (a cart, &c.).

Abſchürzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Mar.* to hog (a vessel); 2) or **Abſchürpen**, *Join.*, &c. to clip off the rough of (a piece of wood, &c.).

Abſchürze, (str., pl. **Abſchürze**) m. digression from the main route, excursion, see **Abſchürzen**.

Abſchürzen, (w.) v. tr. to pull off the shoes from (one's feet, &c.).

Abſchürzen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) (l. u.) to discharge or pay a debt owing to some one.

Abſchürfern, (*adj.*) **Abſchürfern**, (w.) v. &c. see **Abſchürfern**.

Abſchürzen, (w.) v. tr. to take (a musket, &c.) from the shoulder (mostly used in a military sense, often as an intransitive; den Rißschiff —, *ludicr.* to remove the meal-sack from the shoulder or shoulders).

Abſchuppen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to scale off, to scale, unscale, to strip or clear of scales, to shell: einen Fisch —, to scale a fish; b) *particul.* *Med.* to scale off, to desquamate, to take off or remove in thin laminae or scales; sich (*Dat.*) die Haut —, to scale or scratch off one's dead skin; c) *fig.* to scale away, to peel off, to remove; 2) *coll.* to push away; II. *refl.* or *intr.* to scale off, to peel off in scales, to come off in thin layers or laminae, to scale, peel, flake, (von der Haut, of the skin) to desquamate.

Abſchuppen, (w.) v. tr. to shovel off, to take off or to remove with a shovel.

Abſchuppen, (w.) v. tr. to scale or scratch off with a jerking motion.

Abſchuppen, (w.) f. (the act or condition of) scaling off, &c. cf. **Abſchuppen**, *particul.* *Med.* desquamation, separation of the cuticle in small scales.

Abſchürfen, (w.) f. (the act or time of) shearing off, &c. (sheep-shearing).

Abſchürfen, **Abſchürfen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to scratch or take off the scurf from (the skin, &c.); b) sich (*Dat.*) die Haut —, to scratch, tear or rasp one's skin; 2) *Sport*, to cut off (**Abſchürfen**, 3); 3) *Join.*, &c. to scrape off.

Abſchurren, (w.) v. I. tr. (*suggesting a more obscure sound than* **Abſchurren**, which compares) to scrape or to scratch off; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) (*Spinabſchurren*) to glide or slip down or off with a rumbling noise; 2) *bird.* to pop off, i. e. to die (cf. **Abfahren**, 2).

† **Abſchürzen**, (w.) v. tr. to shorten, abbreviate.

Abſchürzen, (str., pl. **Abſchürze**) m. 1) the act of shooting off, discharging, &c.; der — (l. u. for das **Abſchürzen**) der Pfeile, the discharge of arrows; 2) the rushing down (des Wassers, of water), rapid fall; 3) a) abrupt, slope, steep declivity, precipitous descent; b) *fig.* auf dem — zum Verderben, on the point of rushing into ruin, on the verge of ruin; 4) *Carp.* (spiral, winding or well-) staircase; 5) among *Dyers*, alteration, decolouring, fading (of colours), cf. **Abſchürzen**, *intr.* 4.

Abſchürzen, I. *adj.* 1) steep, precipitous; declivous, abrupt, sloping, shelving; *adv.* slopingly, slopewise, aslope: a-es Gewölbe. T. in-

clined vault; 2) fading (of colours); II. *refl.* (*w.* f.) declivity, steepness, precipitousness &c.

Abſchütteln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to shake off, to shake down, to throw down by shaking; **Abſt. —, to shake off fruit (von dem Baume, from the tree; den Baum —, in the same sense); 2) a) to shake violently, to give (one) a good (sound) shaking; b) *fig.* to reprimand severely; 3) *fig.* to shake off, to throw off, to rid one's self of, to put away; Deutschland schüttelte das Joch des Fremdlinges ab, Germany shook off the yoke of the foreigner; sie schüttelten ihn ab, they shook him off (*coll.* gave him the go-by); 4) a) to throw off, to perform, &c. in a careless way; ein Gefäß —, to shuffle off a business; solche Sachen lassen sich nicht — (or aus den Händen schütteln), things of that kind are not arranged or settled in a hurry (*Hisp.*); b) *fernweil.* &c. —, to be careless or unmindful of reprimands, to make light of reproofs, *coll.* to shake it off; er schüttelte Vorwürfe ab, he does not heed reproaches.**

Abſchütteln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pour off (as from a liquid); 2) to throw off (as grain from a loft, &c.); to throw down.

Abſchütteln, (str.) n. fruit blown, fallen or shaken down from trees before it is ripe, windfall.

Abſchütten, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) das Schußbrett (*gener. intr.*) —, to draw up, to open the floodgate; b) to let off by opening the floodgate: einen Leich, einen Fluß —, to drain a pond, a river; 2) to shut up (water) by dams, to dam off, to stop by a floodgate; 3) T. to stop.

Abſchwächen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to weaken by degrees, to lessen (break) the force of the waves; b) to debilitate, enfeeble; abgeschwächte Augen, debilitated or impaired eyesight; eine abgeschwächte Seele, a soul enfeebled; 2) *fig.* a) to weaken, to break (einen Eindruck &c., the force of an impression, &c.); b) to attenuate, to tame down, to soften down; das Interesse für den Staat war gänzlich abgeschwächt, the interest in the state had altogether declined; II. *refl.* (or III. *intr.*, l. u.) to grow gradually weaker; to decline, decrease, fall off; der Wind schwächte mehr ab, the wind diminished in force.

Abſchwächung, (w.) f. (the act of) weakening by degrees, &c. cf. **Abſchwächen**; debilitation (*Enttödtung*); attenuation, diminution, decrease, &c. (cf. **Abnahme**).

Abſchwächen, (w.) v. tr. see **Abſchwächen**.

Abſchwanken, (w.) v. *intr.* **Abſchwanken** to stagger or to walk down, more frequently to move off with a staggering step; ab und zu schwanken, to waver to and fro; to be irresolute (cf. **Schwanken**, **Abwanken**).

Abſchwängeln, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* (Einem etwas) to get or obtain (something) from (one) by fawning and coaxing, see **Abſchwängeln**.

Abſchwären, (str.) v. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to fall off by ulceration; to be separated by an ulcer; es ist mir ein Nagel abgeschwären, one of my nails is festered away; 2) (*aux.* haben) to cease festering.

Abſchwärmen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to fly off in swarms (as bees, &c.), to withdraw swarming; 2) (*aux.* haben) *Bee*, to swarm for to last time; II. *refl.* to weary one's self by revelling and rioting.

Abſchwärzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to peel off the rind, skin of (a slice of) bacon, &c.; 2) *Carp.* to saw off the slabs of (a log or an unheven piece of timber).

Abſchwärzen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to blacken thoroughly or sufficiently; b) *provinc.* (*S.G.*) for **Abſchmücken**, to dirty thoroughly, to foul, smut, taint; 2) *fig.* (*scarcely used*) to blacken, calumniate, see **Abſchwärzen**, 2; II. *intr.* to let off (or to part with) the black colour, to stain,

as black colour, blacking; dieſes Tuch ſchwarz ab, the black comes off this cloth (*Hilp.*).

Abſchwätzen, *provinc. (S.G.):* **Abſchwätzen**, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) (Einem etwas) a) to obtain (something) from (one) by talking, to talk (one) out of (a thing); b) *fig.* to deprive (one) of (a thing) by idle talk; ſie ſchwätzte ihrem Mann ein Ohr ab, she talked off her husband's ear, *ridiculous exaggeration* (*cf.* *Ohr*) for she assailed her husband's ears by incessant talk or argument, she kept dinning (a certain thing) into his ears; c) to contest (a thing, &c.), to deny (one's right, &c.) by idle talk; 2) to talk over, to prattle about (a thing), to discuss fully.

Abſchwätzen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Bookb.* to cleanse by washing, to wash, (*Spiers:*) to ungum.

Abſchwätzen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to desulphurate, to deprive or clear of sulphur: *Steinſohlen* —, to coke coal; *abgeſchwätzte Steinſohlen*, coke; 2) to impregnate sufficiently with sulphur.

Abſchwätzſung, (*w.*) f. (the act or operation of) depriving or clearing of sulphur, *desulphuration*, &c. *cf.* *Abſchwätzen*.

Abſchweif, (*str.*) m. 1) digression, *see* *Abſchweifung*; 2) (*L. u.*) deviation; — machen, to commit breach of faith.

Abſchweifen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*) 1) *lit.* (*L. u.*) to deviate, to go astray, to start (from); 2) *fig.* to digress (from the main design or subject): a) to deviate, to wander (off), to stray, to swerve (from); b) to ramble, to be prolix; von ſeinem Gegenſtande zu weit —, to wander too far from one's subject; ſeine Gedanken ſchweiften vom Buche ab, his thoughts wandered off from the book; ſeine Aufmerkſamkeit ſchweifte alle Augenblicke von ſeiner Arbeit ab, his attention wandered from his work every moment; er ſchweift von ſeinem Vorhaben ab, he swerves from his purpose; wir erlauben uns hier ein wenig von unſerem Hauptgegenſtand abzuſchweifen, we presume here to digress a little from our main subject; ich bin von meinem Gegenſtande abgeſchweift (*Hilp.*), I have launched out of my subject; II. tr. 1) *T.* to rinse (soapsuds, &c.), to wash (yarn, &c.); 2) *Joſn.*, &c. to cut off with a sweep, *cf.* *Ausſchweifen*.

Abſchweifend, *p. a.* (*L. u.*): **Abſchweifig**, *adj.* digressive, swerving.

Abſchweifſpille, (*w.*) f. *T.* warping-spool (*Web.*).

Abſchweifung, (*w.*) f. 1) a) deviation, *cf.* *Abſchweif*; b) (*Wied.*) ramble, excursion; 2) *fig.* a) digression, wandering (from the main subject, &c.); b) prolixity.

Abſchweifen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Smith.*, &c. to separate (a piece of iron, &c.) after bringing it to a welding heat (*opp.* *Anſchweißen*).

Abſchweigen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to have done revelling and rioting, *see* *Ausſchweigen*, which is more usual in this sense; II. *refl.* to weaken one's self by debauchery.

Abſchwemmen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to cause to float down or off; 2) to wash away or off; ein Plagregen hatte die abhängige Straße zum Theil abgeſchwemmt, a sweeping rain had carried off parts of the sloping road; der Strom ſchwemmt Erde vom Ufer ab, the stream detaches land from the shore (*opp.* *Anſchwemmen*); 3) a) to remove (dirt from wool, &c.) by washing, to wash off; b) to purify or to clean by washing or straining off, *Min.* to elutriate; to clean or cleanse (wool, sheep, the street) by washing off (the impurities); die Pferde —, to ride the horses into the water.

Abſchwemmung, (*w.*) f. (the act or operation of) floating down, &c.; ablation (of a precipitate, &c.).

Abſchwenden, (*w.*) v. tr. to lay waste, to destroy; to burn down (a forest); to burn up (a heath), to make (a field) arable by burning

the wood or grass. — **Abſchwendung**, (*w.*) f. (the act) of laying waste, burning down, &c. *see* *Abſchwenden*.

Abſchwenken, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to remove or turn off by swinging: a) eine Schiffsbrücke —, to swing a pontoon-bridge; b) aa) to remove by swinging or shaking; bb) to clean by swinging or shaking; cc) to cleanse by rinsing; II. *refl.* to turn aside, to wheel off or aside; rechts (links) abgeſchwenkt! *Mil.* (to the) right (left) wheel!

Abſchwimmen, (*str.*) v. tr. (*aux.* *ſein*) 1) to swim or float down; 2) to swim or float off or away; der Kahn iſt abgeſchwommen (*Hilp.*), the boat has gone adrift; II. *refl.* to tire or exhaust one's self by (prolonged) swimming.

Abſchwindeln, (*w.*) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to swindle (one) out of (a thing).

Abſchwinden, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*) to waste away, *cf.* *Abſchren*, *Ausſchren*.

Abſchwindung, (*w.*) f. a wasting away, consumption (*Abſchrum*).

Abſchwingen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to shake off (the dust from the hat); 2) (*cf.* *Abſchmenſen*) to cleanse (the hat) by shaking; to fan, to winnow (corn, &c.). II. *refl.* to swing one's self down, to leap down (from a moderate height); ſich vom Pferde —, to leap from the horse, to alight, dismount nimbly (*Hilp.*).

Abſchwitzern, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*) to whiz, buzz off.

Abſchwitzen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to have done sweating or perspiring; II. tr. 1) to remove (impurities, &c.) by sweating, to clear (hides) by sweating; to heat (the hides or skins); 2) *bur.* to expiate, atone (one's sins) by sweating (in purgatory); 3) to exhaust or weaken by sweating; III. *refl.* to become weak by sweating (perspiring).

Abſchwören, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) *obsolescent*, to swear to (a thing) in due form; einen Eid —, (*in law-style*) to take an oath in due form; 2) (Einem etwas) a) to deprive (one) of (a thing) by taking an oath (*particul.* by perjury); b) *fig.* to deny the existence of (any and everything) by cursing and swearing (*or else according to the meaning of a*): to go to the most extravagant lengths in blasphemy (*cf.* *Abſchmähen*, 1, b); 3) (*L. u.*) to free (from ...) by taking an oath; ſich von der Strafe — (*loſſchwürern*), to free one's self from (*or* to escape) punishment by taking an oath; 4) to deny by or upon oath: a) to abjure, to take an oath of not having done, committed, received, &c. a thing: eine Unterſchrift —, to abjure a signature; einen Diebſtahl — (*Hilp.*), to take an oath of not having committed a theft; er ſchwor dieſem unverttrauten Summen ab, he denied upon oath having received (*or* having in his possession) these sums entrusted to him; b) to renounce or disavow (future intentions, &c.) upon oath, to abjure, forswear, to retract, recant or revoke solemnly; er ſchwur (*or* ſchwor) ſeine Religion ab, he abjured or forswore his religion; c) to cast off or renounce upon oath (*particul.* of moral obligations entered into with regard to other persons, &c.; construed with the *Dat.* of the person and *Acc.* of the thing renounced): ſoll ich dem Kaiſer Eid und Pflicht —? (*Schiller*, Wall. III, 21), shall I forswear my oath and duty to the emperor? einem Fürſten die Lehnſtreue —, to abjure allegiance to a prince; (*in many cases either the Dat. or the Acc. is omitted, in others they seem to change places*); wollt ihr dem Kaiſer —? (*Schiller*, Wall. II, 5), will you break your oath to the emperor? (*Coleridge*); du haſt die alten ſühnen abgeſchworen (*ib.* IV, 1), thou haſt forsworn the ancient colours; der ganze Welt — (*Radamer*), to renounce the whole world; er ſchwört den Kaiſer (*for* des Kaiſers Sache) ab, he abjures the emperor (*for* the emperor's

cause); ſein abgeſchworener Feind, his sworn enemy (*cf.* *Abgeſagt*, *under* *Abſagen*).

Abſchwörung, (*w.*) f. abjuration, the act of abjuring, forswearing, &c.; renunciation or abnegation upon oath; recantation.

Abſchwingen, (*str.* pl. *Abſchwingen*) m. 1) *Gymn.* the act of swinging (one's self) down (*opp.* *Anſchwingung*); 2) *Metall.* that which is swung or taken off, *see* *Abhauen*.

* **Abſciſſe**, (*w.*) f. *Math.* abscissa, abscissa. * **Abſciſſion**, (*w.*) f. abscission: 1) *Surg.* amputation; 2) *Rhet.* apostrophe.

Abſciſſen, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*, rarely with *haben*) 1) to sail off or away (von, from: vom Winde —, to bear off; 2) to set sail, to sail, to clear the port, to put to sea, to depart; die Brigg wird nach E. —, sobald der Wind umſchlägt, the brig will sail (*or* set sail) for E. as soon as the wind veers round (*cf.* *Ablaufen*, *Auslaufen*, unter Segel gehen, fahren); 3) *coll.* a) to go or to be off, to cut one's stick, to pack off; b) *bur.* (in die Ewigkeit) —, to launch into eternity, anal. to pop off, *cf.* *Abſchren*, I. *intr.* 2.

II. tr. 1) die Windmühl(en)ſägel or Mühlen —, to take down the sails of a wind-mill; 2) *Mar.* den Maſt —, to spring or to carry away a mast.

Abſicht, *adj.* 1) within reach of the eyes, within sight; 2) *fig.* imaginable, conceivable; nicht —, beyond the reach of the eye; not to be conceived, inconceivable (*see* *Unabſicht*).

Abſichten, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) 1) to look off or away, to turn away or to avert one's eyes; 2) *fig.* von einer Sache —, to turn aside from a question, to leave or to put a thing out of the question; wir wollen hier von dieſer Frage, von dieſer Sache a. für jetzt —, let us turn aside from this (question, &c.), let us waive this consideration for a moment; *particul.* used in the absolute participle with *von* following (rarely with the *Gen.*: abgeſehen des umgehenden Umſtandes (*Platen*), apart from the immediate difference: irrespective of ..., let alone ..., over and above ..., not to mention or without mentioning ..., abstractedly, apart or aside from ..., setting or putting aside ..., in addition or without regard to ..., exclusively or independently of ...; abgeſehen von der Verzögerung, putting the delay out of the question; abgeſehen davon or von dem Umſtand, daß ..., let alone, not to mention, without mentioning that ..., not but what ...

II. tr. 1) *lit.* to reach with the eyes: eine Allee, deren Ende nicht abzuſehen iſt (*Hilp.*), an avenue the end of which is lost to the view, or is out of sight; was nur dein Auge — ſahst (*Schiller*), as far as your eye reaches; 2) *fig.* aa) to see, to perceive (as in anticipation): Niemand ſann das Ende —, no one can say where (*or* how) it will end: ein Streit, von dem man das Ende nicht — ſahst, a quarrel which no one can see the end of; es iſt nicht abzuſehen, was daraus werden will (*or* ſoll), there is no knowing what may (*or* what is to) become of it; noch läßt ſich nicht —, ob ..., as yet there is no telling if ...; ſowiel ſieht ſich gleich im Voraus ab, daß ..., thus much may be understood beforehand, that ...; wer ſonnte auch dieſes Ereigniß — (vorausſehen), who could have foretold this result; bb) to conceive, understand; ſo viel ich — ſahst, for aught I can see or perceive; es iſt ſchwer abzuſehen, morum er es that (*Hilp.*), it is difficult to conceive why he did it; 3) to see, perceive, or to learn by close observation: a) an der Erde ſelbſt läßt ſich ihre Bewegung nicht —, the motion of the earth is not to be perceived by observing the globe itself; b) die Poſtdiener ſahen es dem Reiſender ab, wie er u., the court-servants discovered or came to know the

dunkelt, vergrößert ihre Umrisse, that which obscures the distinctive shades of objects enlarges their outlines: 9) *a) Law*, to eject (farmers, &c.) from a tenement; *b) to depose* (from office, &c. *Entsetzen*); (*in an ill sense*) to degrade; to dismiss (magistrates, professors, &c.), to discharge, remove (from a public office); to cashier (an officer); einen König —, to depose or to dethrone a king; Könige ab- und einsetzen, to remove and to set up kings; vorläufig or einstweilen —, to suspend; 10) *Comm.* *a) to dispose of* (goods), to sell, vend (Verkaufen); Zucker ist gut absetzen, sugar commands a ready sale; ist nicht abzusetzen (*cf. Absetzen*), is not to be sold, is not salable; viel —, to have a good riddance (*cf. Loswerden*); sich gut, rasch, leicht, gar nicht, schlecht &c. —, (*refl.*) to sell well, speedily, readily, &c. &c.; *b) aa)* to put by or aside (zurücksetzen); abgesetzte Kräfte, old stock, goods laid by; *bb) also fig.* to cast off, reject; abgesetzte Kleider, cast off clothes (*cf. Absetzen*); abgesetztes Geld, money put out of circulation (*cf. außer Kurs setzen*); abgesetzte Liebhaber, coll. dismissed or discarded lovers (*cf. Abbandeln*).

II. *refl. (impers.) cf. (Nom.)* setzt... (*Acc.*) ab, ... will result, follow, &c. (*cf. Geben, impers.*); es wird Sturm, Regen und Kälte (*Acc.*) —, we shall have storm, rain, and cold; es wird einen Streit —, there will be a quarrel, a quarrel will be the result or consequence; es setzt einen Streit ab, a quarrel arose or took place; es wird Schläge —, it will come to blows.

III. *refl.* 1) to branch off, to deviate, &c. *see IV. intr.* 2, b; 2) *b) to be detached or contracted*, *cf. I. tr.* 8, IV. *intr.* 6. & sich Absetzen, *refl.*

IV. *intr.* 1) *Mar.* vom Lande —, to put from shore (*cf. Abstoßen*, II. *intr.*); 2) *Min.* *a)* to deviate from the (direct) course; *b)* to change (in quality, &c.); der Gang setzt ab, the vein falls or loses its direction, the lode changes; das Erz setzt ab, the ore becomes inferior in quality or it ceases altogether; das Gestein setzt ab, the gangue changes, the rock becomes unsond; 3) *Typ.* to get through with putting something in type, to finish composing (*cf. I. tr.* 6); 4) to stop, to make (a) short stop or pause; to intermit (*cf. tr.* 2, c); er mußte oft —, he was obliged to make frequent pauses; ohne absetzen, without pause or intermission; 5) to make a break (*cf. tr.* 7), to be formed into breaks or breaks; im Schreiben —, to break off in writing, to make a break; 6) to contrast, to differ (von, from); 7) *obsolescent*, to turn away, to depart, to fall off (von, from); von einem —, to desert one

Absetzen, *v. a. (str.)* *n.* 1) the setting or putting down, &c.; deposition, &c.; 2) *Min.* deviation, rupture; 3) interruption; — der Stimme, hesitation (hack) in speaking, catching of the voice.

Absetzer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who sets or puts down, &c.; 2) depositor, &c.; 3) *Comm.* retailer, &c.

Absetzling, (*str.*) *m.* an animal newly weaned (*such as* *Absetzferkel*, *n.*, *Absetzfäulen*, *n.*, *Absetzfäuln*, *n.*, *Absetzlämm*, *n.* a pig, a foal, a calf, a lamb newly weaned.

Absetz... *in comp.* (*see Absetzen*) —fäße, *f.* Tenon-saw; —tisch, *m.* 1) a sideboard; 2) *Cloth*, table on which cloth is brushed (*cf. Absetzen I. tr.* 5, *f.*), (*Talk.*) shearing-table.

Absetzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) setting or putting down, &c.; deposition; — von Widerstand, deposition of sediment; — des Oxyds, Chem. oxidation; 2) interruption (*also T. in electric telegraphy, &c.*); 3) removal, deduction, &c.; 4) *fig.* deposition (the act of divesting of office, &c.), deposal, dismissal, (*n. d.* demission, gang verläßt: degradation,

nur von schimpflicher Absetzung gebräuchlich: degradation), removal (of judges from office, &c.); die Ursachen seiner (Jacob des Zweiten) —, the causes of his (James II.) deposition (dethronement); An von Königen durch die Gewalt des Papstes, depositions of kings by the authority of the pope; vorläufige or einstweilige —, suspension.

Absetzung... *in comp.* —berett, *n.*, —stisch, *n.* *Law*, sentence of deposition.

Absetzen, *obsolete orthography for Absetzen.*

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut off with a sickle or reaping-hook.

Absetzt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *obsolescent*, contrivance to assist the eye in taking sight, *see Absetzen*, *v. a.* 3); 2) *a)* intention, aim, view, design, purpose, end, object, point; das war nicht meine —, I did not intend it; (ich konnte) mir setzen | mit ihr ganz offen sein, und wenn sie auch | die — hat, den Fremden wohlthat, | so fühlt man — und man ist bestimmt (*Gothe, Tasso II. 1.*), (*A. Swannick*) | (can) rarely feel at ease with her; | e'en when she seeks to benefit her friends, | they feel the purpose, and are thence constrained; in der besten —, with the best intentions, without meaning any harm; in der —, Ihnen zu dienen, with a view of serving you; haben Sie ernstlich die —? do you really intend? gewiß, ich habe eine gute —, I am sure I intend well; er hat keine böse —, he does not mean any harm; N. hat schlimme W-n, N. intends serious harm; er verfolgt seine —, he pursues his end (aim, point); ein Schmeichler, der auf seine W-n ausgeht (*Kant*), *i. e.* a der seine Zwecke im Auge hat, a flatterer who pursues his (selfish) intentions or purposes; aus W-n, for certain purposes or reasons; in der — Kunde zu erlangen, with a design or view to obtain information, for the purpose of obtaining ... to the end that he might obtain ... mit —, intentionally, on purpose (absichtlich); ohne —, unintentionally (unabsichtlich); in — haben (etwas zu thun &c.), seine — auf eine Sache haben or richten, to have a design or to design, intend (to do something, &c.), to aim at (doing, &c. or at a thing), to have (a thing) in view; es ist mir lieb, daß Sie eifrige W-n auf meine Tochter haben, I am happy to find that your intentions as to my daughter are strictly honourable; ich glaube nicht, daß sie dann ihrer — näher rücken wird, I do not think she will be then nearer her point; Frankreich und Rußlands W-n auf die Türkei, the designs of France and Russia upon Turkey; *b)* object, design, purpose, end or aim to which the view is directed (*in this sense the word Zweck is preferable*); 3) *obsolescent*, view, consideration, regard, respect, relation; in gewisser — (*Lessing*), in some respect or sort; in mehr als einer — (*Wieland*), in more than one respect; in dieser — (*Kant*), in this respect; in aller — (*Bürger*), in every respect, &c., *see Einsicht*; in — auf eine Sache or in — einer Sache (*Gen.*), with regard to ..., in respect (of) &c., *see Einsicht* &c.

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sift off.

Absetztich, *adj.* intentional, intended, designed, wilful, premeditated; *ade*, through (or with a) design, on purpose, coll. of set purpose, purposely, intentionally, designedly, &c.; sie scheinen sich — der Abstimmung enthalten zu haben, they seem to have made a point of abstaining from voting; Sie haben es — (mit Voratz) gethan, you did it on purpose; indem sie das Gesetz mit Vorbedacht und recht — verletzten, deliberately and of set purpose violating the law.

Absetztichheit, (*w.*) *f.* design, purpose, (*Coleridge*): intentionality.

Absetztisch (*less usual* *Absetztisch*), *I. adj.* unintentional, undesigned, designless, unde-

signed; dieser e-e Wort, this unpremeditated or casual word; ich vergaßte meine Tage — (*Gothe*), I wasted my days without a settled purpose; II. *Absetztich*, (*w.*) *f.* undesignedness, want of a set purpose or design, accidentalness; die ansehnliche Absetztich der Natur, the apparent carelessness of nature.

Absetztisch, *adj.* full of designs.

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to trickle down or off.

Absetzen, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* (*see Absetztich*) *Astr.* ap-sides, the two extreme and opposite points of the orbit of a planet; —linie, *f.* *see Absetztich*.

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sift off (the chaff).

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to pine or waste away with sickness, to languish (*Sinfischen*).

Absetzen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to seeth, boil duly, to elixate, extract by boiling, to decoct (*Abkochen*); einen Trank —, to make a decoction; Eier —, to poach eggs; 2) to clean by boiling.

Absetzen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to sing off, to recite singing, to sing (as in the Church service, &c.), to chant; II. *refl.* to fatigue one's self by singing; III. *intr.* to finish singing, to sing to the end; to sing for the last time (*cf. Abbandeln*).

Absetzen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to sink down, (of the sun) to set; 2) to sink away (from); die Pfeile stanken von ... ab (*Wieland*), the arrows glance off from ... II. *tr. Min.* to sink (a shaft, &c.) to a certain depth; das —, *v. s. (str.)* *v. shaft*, &c. sunk to a certain depth.

Absetzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to trickle down or off, to leak, *see Abkochen*.

Absetztich, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. abanthium (*Artemisia abanthium*, *Wermuth*).

Absetztich, (*str.*) *f.* (*Lat. from Gr. apis*), *pl. absetztich* 1) *Astr. gener. pl.* die Absetztich, which *see*; 2) *Archit.* *apis* (*cf. Absetztich*): *a)* arch, vault; arched roof; *b)* a domed termination of the choir or aisles, where the altar was placed, *apse* (*Ghornische, Altarnische*).

Absetzen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) *a)* to sit away or at a distance (from); *b)* *fig.* to live (far off); 2) (*aus. sein*) *a)* (*partic. in S. G.*) to sit down (sich niedersetzen); *b)* to alight (from a horse, &c.), to dismount, to descend; 3) (*aus. sein*) *Min.* to slide or glide down (as land undermined by the action of water, &c., *syn. Abbrutschen*); II. *tr.* 1) to wear out by sitting; 2) *a)* to sit out (a given time); *b)* to atone for (an offence, &c.); to pay off (a debt) by sitting in prison; er hat seine (Straf-)Zeit abgesehen, he has endured his term of confinement; 3) *Cloth.* to take off from the tenter (*Hilp.*); 4) *† fig.* (einem etwas) to obtain, to extort (something) from (one) by unrelenting endeavours; III. *refl.* to tire one's self (out) by sitting; ich habe mich ganz abgesehen, I am quite tired out with sitting.

A. Absetztich or *Absetztich*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *Salt-w.*, &c. to trickle down.

B. Absetztich, *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *beut.* to trudge away hastily, to trot, march or make off, &c.

Absetztich, (*str.*) *m.* *see Absetztich*.

Absetztich, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Shoe-m.* to unsole (a boot), to rip off the soles from (shoes); 2) *a)* to wear out the soles of (shoes, &c. *cf. Abbrutschen*); *b)* *Min.* to wear out (ropes).

Absetztich, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see Absetztich*.

Absetztich, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *previnc.* to waste away, to fade, wither.

Absetztich, (*str.*) *m.* the last payment or wages of a person discharged from service.

Absetztich, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (einen) to pay the full salary to (one); 2) to pay (one) off, *see Abbrutschen*.

* **Abſolut**, *adj.* absolute; *a-cs* *Erwicht*, *Comm.* absolute weight; *a-cs* (or *ätheriſches*) *Öl*, *Chem.* essential oil; *Gramm-s.* der *a-c* *Abſolut*, the case absolute; *cine a-c* *Wahrheit*, a positive truth; *der a-c* *Raum*, *Phys.* absolute or unlimited space.

* **Abſolutiſm**, (*w.* *f.*) *abſolution* (*particul.* *Ecc.* remission of sins).

* **Abſolutiſmus**, (*ind.*) *m.* absolutism, absolute government.

* **Abſolutiſt**, (*w.* *m.*) absolutist, advocate

* **Abſolutiſtiſch**, *adj.* absolutist (*Gewalt*, *Bezw.* *x.*, power, ideas, &c.).

* **Abſolutiſmus**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.* *Abſolutiſmus*]) *m.* *Law*, *ac.* acquittal, release, discharge; *cine* *Gefirre* *das* — *erſcheinen*, to grant a discharge to a cashier or treasurer (*cf.* *Decharge*).

* **Abſolviren**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to absolve, to acquit; *cine* *Angeltagten* *abſolviren* — *Law*, to set a defendant free for want of sufficient evidence against him (*Adv.*); 2) *Ecc.* to absolve (from sin and its consequences), to remit (one's) sins; 3) *a)* to despatch, accomplish (a task); *b)* to complete, finish, end (one's studies).

† **Abſonder**, *adj.* for *Abſonder*, separate.

Abſonderlich, *adj.* separable.

* **Abſonderlich**, *adj.* 1) † separable; 2) *obſoleſcent*, *a)* separate; *b)* private; *öffentliſch* *und* —, publicly and privately; *cine a-cs* *System* (*Kant*), a peculiar system; *gener.* *Abſonderlich*, 3) singular, extraordinary, uncommon, particular, peculiar, distinguished for some peculiarity or eccentricity, strange, quaint, odd, curious; *öfters* *used* *as* *an* *adv.* singularly, &c., chiefly, especially, expressly, very (*see* *Beſondere*); 4) (*l. u.*) exquisite, excellent, superior, distinguished; *er* *bildete* *ſich* *nicht* *ein*, *etwas* *Abſonderlich* — *er* *ſagte* *zu* *ihm*, he did not fancy that he was doing a fine thing.

Abſonderlichſeit, (*w.* *f.*) singularity, uncommonness, peculiarity, strangeness, &c.; strange manner or way (*cf.* *Abſonderlich*).

* **Abſonderling**, (*str.* *m.* (*l. u.*)) one who keeps separate, or who lives in seclusion from the world, recluse (*Conderling*).

Abſondern, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) *a)* to separate, divide from the rest, to sever, sunder, part, to put asunder; *cine* *ſof* *in* *zwei* *Teile* —, to partition a yard (by a wall, &c.); *die* *ſchwarzen* *Bögen* —, *Paper-m.* to separate the sheets; *die* *rothen* *Beſtandtheile* —, *Chem.* to discharge the rough ingredients; to distill roughly; *ſie* *gingen* *abgeſondert* *weiter*, *cine* *wenig* *vor* *den* *Wärdern*, they walked on by themselves, a little in advance of the others; *b)* to disjoin, detach; to disengage; *c)* to set apart, to sort; *ich* *legte* *die* *ſchadhaften* *Stücke* *(von* *Waren)* —, I had the damaged pieces thrown out; *d)* to keep apart or distinct, to isolate; *dicke* *Bauern* *haben* *ſich* *abgeſondert* *von* *den* *benachbarten* *Stämmen* *geſchieden*, these peasants have kept themselves apart from the German race; *man* *ſondert* *den* *Conſonanten* *von* *ſeinem* *Vocal* *ab*, isolate the consonant from its vocal; 2) *Med.* to seorn, (*also* *Nat.*) to secrete; *Ag-s.* 3) to sequester, separate, seclude (*cf.* *II. reg.*); *er* *lebte* *abgeſondert*, he lives retired, &c. (*cf.* *Abgeſondert*, *p. a.*); 4) to separate (ideas, &c.) by the operation of the mind, to abstract; *cine* *abgeſonderte* *Begriff*, an abstract idea; 5) *Law*, to portion (children) off, *see* *Abſchneiden*, 2.

II. reg. 1) *a)* to separate, to part, to go asunder, to remove (from each other); *b)* (*l. u.*) *Comm.* to dissolve partnership; 2) *Med.*, &c. to be secreted; 3) to separate or seclude one's self (from others); *ſich* *von* *der* *(menſchlichen)* *Gefellſchaft* —, to withdraw or retire from the world.

Abſondern, *p. a.* 1) separating, &c.; 2) *Med.*, &c. secreting, secretory (*Gefäße*, vessels).

Abſonderung, (*w.* *f.*) 1) separation, segregation, disjunction, severance, *cf.* *Abſondern*; 2) *Geol.* division; (*Tabl.*) — *der* *Geſteine*, jointed structure; *hügel* *förmige* —, globulous joints; *ſäulen* *förmige* —, columnar joints; *prismatiſche* *oder* *ſtängelige* —, prismatic joints; *ſchälige* —, flag-joints; 3) *Med. & Nat.* secretion (of bile), excretion (of urine); *die* *härzige* — *der* *Leber*, the resinous discharge of the juices (of trees, &c.); *Ag-s.* 4) *a)* (the act of separating from society) sequestration, seclusion (from society), exclusiveness; *b)* insolation, isolation (of prisoners, &c.); *c)* (the state of) seclusion, retirement, sequestration; 5) *Law*, the act of separating, the partitioning or paying off (heirs, &c.), *see* *Abſchneiden*; 6) separation of ideas, abstraction (of ideas).

Abſonderungs..., *in comp.* — *Käſe*, *f.* *Geol.* plane of division, divisional plane; — *gefäß*, *n.* *Med.* secretory or secreting vessel, emissary vessel, excretory duct; — *graben*, *m.* separating ditch; — *organ*, *n.* *Med.* secreting organ, organ of secretion; — *ſtoff*, *m.* *Med.* matter or substance of secretion; — *ſtrich*, *m.* line or mark of division; comma; — *vermögen*, *n.* 1) *Med.* secretory faculty; 2) *Philos.* abstractive faculty, power of abstraction; — *zeichen*, *m.* mark of distinction.

* **Abſonig**, *adj.* out of the sun, with a northerly aspect or site; removed or protected from the sun, unexposed to the sun, shady.

Abſorben, (*w.* *v.* *see* *Abſorbieren*).

* **Abſorbierbar**, *adj.* absorbable.

* **Abſorbieren**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* [*Lat.*]) *Med.*, &c. to absorb (Einſaugen); *a-cs* *Gefäße*, *Anat.* absorbing or absorbent vessels, absorbents; *a-cs* *Mittel*, *Med.* absorbing medicines, absorbents.

Abſorgen, (*w.* *v.* *reg.*) to wear one's self out with care (um eine Sache, for a thing), to be anxiously solicitous (about).

* **Abſorption**, (*w.* *f.*) absorption; *a-cs* *ſüßig*, *adj.* absorptive, having the power of imbibing.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *see* *Abſpannen*, A.

* **Abſpalten**, (*w.* *v.* *l. indir.* (*pp.* [*str.*]) *abgepalten* — *aux.* *ſein*) to split off, to be separated by splitting; *abgepaltenen* *Thiere* (*†* for *Reithiere*), insects; *II. tr.* (*pp.* [*w.*]) *abgepalten* to split off, to cleave off; *reg.* to separate itself or to be separated by splitting.

Abſpaltung, (*w.* *f.*) 1) the act of splitting or cleaving off; 2) the state of being (or the thing) split off.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Carp.*, &c.) to take off shavings from (a piece of wood, &c.), to plane off.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to wean (a calf, a pig, &c.), *cf.* *Abſchren*, *I. tr.* 2, b.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* [*orig.*]) *Abſpannen*, *cf.* *Grimm*) *obſoleſcent* for *Abſpannen*, *Abmen-* *dig* *machen* (*Luther*, *Lessing*, *Pfeffer*, *Göthe*, &c.). (*Einem* *etwas*) to deprive (one) of (a thing, a servant, &c.) by disloyal artifice, &c., to divert, alienate, estrange (one from ...), to draw off, entice away.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) *a)* *lit.* to unbend, to remit from tension, to slacken, to loose, to relax (*opp.* *Anſpannen*); to slacken or to let down (the strings); *den* *ſchmied* *am* *ſchwehre* —, to uncock the hammer of a gun; to unbend (the bow); to strike (a tant); to unbrace (a drum); *b)* *aa)* to unharneſs (a horse); to unteam, ungear, to take off or out (the horses); *die* *ſteife* *wurden* *abgepannt*, the horses were taken out; to unyoke (steers); to uncouple (dogs); *bb)* *den* *Wagen* —, to take the horses from the carriage, to unharneſs, ungear; *c)* *Ag.* *aa)* to relax, unbend, to remit from a strain or from exertion, to relieve, to ease; *bb)* to relax effeminately, to weaken, fatigue, exhaust, debilitate, unnerve; *abge-*

pannt, *p. a.* exhausted, &c., tired; *see* *Abgepannt*; 3) to measure by the hand (or rather with spread fingers, marking the span from the tip of the little finger to the end of the thumb), to span.

Abſpannen, *adj.* *see* *Abſpannen*.

Abſpannung (*Abſpannungsmachung*), (*w.* *f.* *Law*, 1) secret purloining or stealing (of animals, particularly of pigeons) by enticing them away from their rightful owner; 2) illegal engagement or hiring of another person's servant, &c. by underhand practices.

Abſpannung, (*w.* *f.* 1) the (act of) unbending, slackening, remission; 2) *a)* relaxing (of the nerves), relaxation (of mind); *b)* lassitude, debility, exhaustion, lassness, languor, apathy, depression; *der* *heftigen* *Aufregung* *folgt* *ſtets* —, violent excitement is always followed by remission (*Macculay*); *Überpannung* *bringt* *cine* *entſprechende* *Erab-* *nung* — hervor, over-stimulation produces a corresponding degree of depression.

Abſpannen, *adj.* *see* *Abſpannen*.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* [*tröde*]) to deprive (a thing) by sparing, to spare (something) from; *ſich* (*Dat.*) *etwas* —, to stint one's self for a thing; *ich* *will* *es* *lieber* *meinem* *Wunde* *oder* *ich* *will* *es* *mit* *ſieher* *am* *Wunde* —, I will rather pinch myself in food for it, I will rather starve for it; *er* *ſuchte* *es* *nun* *von* *allen* *möglichen* *Dingen* *wieder* *abspannen* (*Thack*), he now sought to make up for the deficiency by retrenching in every possible way; *du* *haſt* *es* *abgepalten* *dem* *armen* *Hagen* (*Bückert*), thou hast stinted thy poor stomach for it.

* **Abſpannen**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* [*aux.* *ſein*]) 1) to walk down; 2) *a)* to walk off or away; *b)* *burſ* (*for* *ſterben*, to die) *anal.* to trot off, *cf.* *Abſchren*, *I. indir.* 2, a.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *l. tr.* 1) *a)* to consume by eating; *dicke* *ſchöpfſchig*, *cine* *reife* *ſchöpfſchig* *a-b* (*Göthe*), this little creature, gradually consuming a ripe cone of a pine; *b)* to clear by eating; *alle* *Tafeln* *waren* *abgepalten*, all the tables had been cleared from eatables; 2) to feed, to treat, to entertain; 3) *Ag.* to feed (mit *Beſprechungen*, with promises), to put off (with fair words, &c.); (*huz*) —, to rid one's self of, to cut short, to check, snub (*cf.* *Abſchneiden*, 2, & *Abmunden*); *II. indir.* to finish dinner or supper; *abgepalten* *haben*, to have done dining or supping.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Müll* [*Gerſtenkörner*]) to take or grind off the beard of (barley-corn) before crushing the grain.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* † *see* *Abſpannen*).

Abſpannen (*†* *Abſpannen*), *adj.* averse (to), alienated, disinclined (from); unfaithful, disloyal (to); — *machen*, to withdraw, to alienate, estrange, disaffect; *particul.* *Einem* *eine* *Per-* *ſon* — *machen*, to turn, seduce or entice one or one's affections away from another person; (*Einem* *oder* *einer* *Sache* [*Dat.*]) — *werden*, to fall off, to withdraw, to be alienated, &c. (from one or a thing); *particul.* *in* *an* *ill* *sense* to turn disloyal (to one), to desert (one).

Abſpannen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to shut off, to shut out; to stop, to cut off; to debar; to seclude, separate; to confine (a prisoner, &c.) separately; *den* *Dampf* —, *T.* to cut off the steam; to expand the steam.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *f.* *Steam-eng.* expansion-valve.

Abſpannen, (*w.* *f.* (the act of) shutting off, &c.; seclusion; separation; isolation; separate or solitary confinement (of prisoners); — *ſeiner* *Staaten*, suspension of intercourse between two states.

Abſpannungs..., *in comp.* — *apparat*, *m.* *Ecc.* *Tel.* closing apparatus; — *mechanismus*, *m.* *Steam-eng.* expansion-gear; — *ſystem*, *n.* *Prison* system of solitary confinement.

Ab'spiegeln, (w.) v. I. tr. to reflect (as from a mirror), to mirror; abge'spiegelt, mirrored; II. refl. 1) to be reflected; 2) to look at one's self in the glass.

Ab'spiegelung, (w.) f. reflection (i. e. the act of reflecting as well as that which is reflected) as from a mirror.

Ab'spielen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to play off (a tune, &c., i. e. from the notes); 2) to play, act, perform to the end, to enact (one's part, &c.); 3) to wear out by playing, to play off or away; *fid* (*Dat.*) die Finger —, to wear out one's fingers with playing; 4) to diminish or pay off (a debt, &c.) by playing (at cards, &c.); 5) † to pre-arrange (a game) clandestinely (hinterhändig); 6) (Einem etwas) to win (something) of (one) at play; to cheat (one) out of (a thing) by false play; II. *intr.* 1) to finish playing; 2) sometimes in the sense of *fid* —; III. *refl.* 1) to be performed, enacted, coll. to come off; 2) to tire one's self by playing.

Ab'spiessen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to take from the spit; 2) to take off or fetch down with a spear (fork, or any similar instrument).

Ab'spindeln, (w.) v. tr. to take from the spindle.

Ab'spinnen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to spin off; b) *fig.* to spin or draw out, to reel or wind off (interminable yarns of florid verbiage, &c.); 2) to wear out (*fid* (*Dat.*) die Finger, one's fingers, &c.) by spinning; 3) to pay off by spinning, to spin off (a debt); II. *intr.* to finish spinning; III. *refl.* *particul.* *fig.* to unwind, unfold, develop itself.

Ab'spißen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to sharpen the end of (a thing) to a point, to taper off, to cut, forge, grind, file, &c. to an acute end; b) to point duly or properly; *cine* (Schreib-)Feder —, to nib a pen; c) *fig.* (oboloescent) to make pointed, to give a point or epigrammatic force to ..., to (over-)rode; 2) to divest of the point or top, to top, to crop, to take off the top, the point, or the upper part of (a thing); to blunt, to dull; 3) to take off or to fetch down with a pointed instrument; 4) *fig.* cs — auf eine Sache (*Acc.*) coll. to aim sharply at (a thing), to have an especial design upon

Ab'spüren, (str.) v. tr. obsolescent, to split off, to rive or rend off, to tear off with violence.

Ab'splittern, (w.) v. I. tr. to splint, splinter; to break off in splinters; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *refl.* to come off in splinters; *Surg.* to desquamate, exfoliate.

Ab'splitterung, (w.) f. 1) the act of splintering off, &c.; 2) a splintering part, splinter.

Ab'spöttein, (w.) v. tr. 1) (Einem etwas) to obtain (something) from (one) by jeering or gibing; 2) (Einem) to dissuade (one) by jeering (von, from).

Ab'spotten, (w.) v. tr. 1) (Einem etwas) to get (a thing) from (one) by deriding; 2) to ridicule (one) to excess.

Ab'sprache, (w.) f. oral agreement (über eine Sache (*Acc.*), about a thing); see *Abrede*.

Ab'sprechen, (str.) v. I. tr. (Einem etwas, *opp.* *Ansprechen*) a) *Law.* to take away (something) from (one), to deprive or dispossess (one) of (a thing) by judicial sentence, to pronounce, pass, or give a sentence or verdict against (one); *Einem das Leben* —, to condemn, to sentence one to death; *fig.-s. b)* to speak despairingly of a sick man's recovery, of a man's chances in life, &c.; *die Ärzte haben ihm das Leben abgesprochen*, the physicians have given him up (or over); *Einem alle Hoffnung* —, to bid one give over all hopes, to take all hope from one (*Hilp.*); c) to deprive (one) of (a thing) by (calumnious) talk; *er hatte mir den (guten) Ruf abgesprochen*, he had taken away my character; d) to refuse to recognize or acknowledge (certain qualities, claims, &c.), to deny,

to gainsay, contest (the right of somebody, &c.), to dispute, disallow &c. (*cf.* in *Abrede stellen*); *einer Sache* (*Dat.*) *ihren Werth* —, to deny the value of a thing; *ich spreche ihm nicht den (or seinen) Geist* ab, I do not deny his genius; *wer spricht ihm ab, daß er die Wissenschaft kenne?* (*Schiller*), who denies his knowledge of men? *cine Gefährte*, dem Niemand eine Stelle unter den edelsten — wird (*Wieland*), a family whose claim to a place among the noblest nobody will gainsay (contest, &c.); 2) a) to talk (a matter) over (mit Einem, with one), to discuss to the end, fully, or finally; b) to settle or fix by judicial sentence (*different from 1 a*); *die über ihn abgesprochene Enthauptung* (*Passat*), the sentence of decapitation passed upon him.

II. *intr.* 1) a) (*z. u.*) to dissent, object, oppose (in a disputation, &c.); b) † *cine Sache* (*Dat.*) —, to renounce a thing, *cf.* *Ab-sagen*, *intr.*; 2) (unabhängig) to arbitrate, to pass final sentence, to give final judgment; 3) *fig.* (über eine Sache) to decide hastily (on a matter, &c.), to be decisive (off), to be dogmatical, to dogmatize (on); *über* —, to fore-judge ..., prejudice ..., *er ist sehr geneigt, über Alles abzusprechen*, he is greatly given to lay down the law about every thing.

Ab'sprechen, *adv.* peremptory, authoritative, positive, dogmatic(al), decisive; asserting opinions with authority or with overbearing and arrogance; overbearing, arrogant, *cf.* *Ab'sprechen*, *intr.*; *er hat etwas sehr Ab-s.*, he has an overbearing way of stating his opinions.

Ab'sprecherei, (w.) f. the act or (bad) custom of deciding overhastily, of prejudging, &c. *cf.* *Ab'sprechen*, *intr.*; *peremptoriness*, overbearingness, dogmaticalness.

Ab'sprecherei, *adv.* disposed to assert opinions with authority or with overbearing, &c., in the habit of laying down the law, &c., dogmatic; a-*cs* *Ab'sen*, see *Ab'sprecherei* & *Ab'sprechend*.

Ab'sprechung, (w.) f. (*z. u.*) the (act of) passing judgment (on...), &c.; peremptory or dogmatical judgment.

Ab'sprengen, (w.) v. tr. *T. particul. Min.* to underprop, to prop (with timber, &c.), to provide with props.

Ab'sprengen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to cause to burst off, fly off, start off, or to break off suddenly, to spring, to burst, strike off; *das Reh war von der Herde abgesprengt worden*, the doe had been driven away from its herd; 2) to blast, to blow off with gunpowder; 3) to ride off (a horse's shoe); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to hasten or fly off or away; to gallop off (*Hertsprengen*, *Wegsprengen*).

Ab'sprengen, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sprout or spring forth (from); *Ab'sprengen*.

Ab'springen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to leap or jump off or away; *von Pferde* —, to leap from a horse, to alight (from a horse), to dismount; b) to leap or jump down; c) to start off with a leap or bound (from a certain point); 2) a) to fly off, rebound; *das Schwert springt vom Steine* ab, the sword glances off from the stone; b) to snap off, to fly in pieces; 3) to break, crack, burst or start off; to chip off (as of potters' ware); to fly, gape, warp, disjoint (as wood); to red-sear (said of iron); *die Farbe springt* ab, the paint comes off; *fig.-s. 4) aa)* to fall off suddenly; *von einer Partei* —, to forsake or desert a party suddenly (*Hilp.*); *bb)* to break off, to recede abruptly (from an agreement, &c.); *tröpf seines Versprechens* mollte er wieder —, notwithstanding his promise he wanted to retract; *die Gastigkeit*, womit er von diesem Vorhaben wieder absprang (*Wieland*), the hurry with which he again changed his purpose; b) von

cinem Gegenstande —, *aa)* to quit or change a subject suddenly (*cf.* *Abbrechen*); *er sprang etwas scharf vom Gegenstande* ab, he broke away from the subject somewhat abruptly; *bb)* to shift (from one subject to another), to ramble, to stray, to launch out of one's subject; *springen Sie nicht* ab! do not prevaricate! stick to the point! (*Hilp.*) 5) (*Rastlegen* ...) to contrast (strongly with ...); 6) (*z. u.*) to spring, to issue, to proceed (as from ancestors; II. *refl.* to tire, fatigue, wear out one's self by leaping or jumping about.

Ab'springen, *p. a. fig.* desultory.

Ab'springer, (str.) m. 1) one who leaps off, &c.; 2) anything that cracks or flies off, *particul. among foresters*, the sprouts (of fir-trees, oak, &c.) of last year's standing, which come off in spring (*Ab'sprung*).

Ab'springen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to squirt off, to knock off by squirting; 2) to discharge a jet of water (auf (*with Acc.*), at ...); 3) a) to remove, clear off (dirt, &c.) by squirting; b) to clean by squirting or sprinkling; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to spurt off or back, to spatter, to come off in drops.

Ab'sproß, (str.) m. offshoot, &c. see *Ab'sproßling*.

Ab'sprossen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sprout, spring forth; to proceed, issue, descend (von, from). [*descendant*]

Ab'sproßling, (str.) m. offshoot; offspring.

Ab'sprudeln, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to bubble forth, to issue (von, from ...) with a bubbling noise; II. tr. to perform (a piece of music) in an overhasty manner.

Ab'spruch, (str., pl. *Ab'sprüche*) m. 1) *Law.* final sentence, decision, judicial sentence; 2) a taking away (*des Lebens* &c., of life, &c.) by judicial sentence.

Ab'sprung, (str., pl. *Ab'sprünge*) m. 1) a) the (act of) leaping off, &c. *cf.* *Ab'springen*; b) downward leap; 2) rebound, a glancing off; 3) anything broken or cracked off; *cf.* *Ab'springer*; 2; 4) a sudden quitting or leaving a place, deviation; b) point from which a leap &c. is taken, starting-point; *ich bin auf dem Ab'sprung* (*Leaving*; *cf.* *Sprung*), I am on the point of starting; 5) a) *Med.* digression from the main route, excursion, &c., see *Ab'streichen*; b) *fig.* digression; *Ab'sprünge machen*, to quit one's subject abruptly, to shift from one subject to another, &c., see *Ab'springen*, I. 4; 6) interruption of a straight line or surface, break, see *Ab'schlag*; 7) break, shelf (of a mountain); off-set; 7) *fig.* contrast, disparity, distance, falling off.

Ab'sprungswinkel, (str.) m. *Math.* angle of reflection.

Ab'spülen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wind (yarn) off from the spool, to unwind from the spool; 2) (*often intr.*) to finish spooling.

Ab'spülen, (w.) v. tr. to wash off or away: 1) a) *Med.* den Schmutz von (aus) den Gläsern —, to wash off (the dirt from glasses); b) to cleanse by washing, to rinse (glasses, &c.); to wash up (the dishes), to wash out (bottles), to wash, to mop (the wheels of a carriage); *der Regen hat die Straßen abgespült*, the rain has washed the streets; 2) to carry off or away, to detach by the action of water, to wash off or away (*opp.* *Ansülen*); *der Fluß spült seine Ufer* ab, the river gradually washes away its banks.

Ab'spüler, (str.) m. one who unwinds yarn from a spool.

Ab'spülfig, (str.) m. see *Spülfig*.

Ab'spülung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) washing off or away, &c.; 2) ablation, the (act of) washing, rinsing, &c.

Ab'stützen, (w.) v. tr. 1) among dyers, to try (the dye) duly by dipping a little piece of cloth or tuft of wool (*Stütz*) into it and

parts equally distant (or equidistant) from each other; b) to grow rapid or insipid, to get stale or flat (as beer, &c.); to turn, pall (of wine, &c.). — (*aux.* [ein, rarely haben]) 2) to leave off standing, *particul. Sport.* a) to leave the stand (of the hunter having unsuccessfully waited for any game to pass), *opp.* *hinsetzen*; b) (of game) to alight from a tree, to fly down, *cf.* *Abbaumen*; 3) a) (of animals) to lose appetite, to grow averse to food, to waste away; b) to die (away) (of fishes and trees, *rarely of human beings*), to perish, decay, fade; *abgeschandene Hühner* &c., *see* *Abfärbig*; 4) a) (von einer Sache, *† with Gen.* eines Dinges) —, to desert or obtain (from a thing), to recede (from a demand, &c.); to break off (from), to shrink or retreat (from), to leave off, to quit, abandon, relinquish, to give up or over, to drop, forgo, (as bad habit, &c.); b) *obsolete*, *Einem* or *von Einem* —, to abandon, desert one, to leave one unassisted (*Abfallen*).

II. *tr.* 1) to stand out (a given time), *cf.* *Absetzen*, *tr.*; 2) 3) to cede (*gener. in favour of another, and for a certain consideration*) *Einem etwas*, *etwas an Einem* to render or give up (a thing to one); *ein Amt* —, to resign an office.

III. *refl.* to get (over-)tired with standing; *das Pferd hat sich abgehangen*, the horse has injured itself by standing too long.

Absetzen, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) the (act of) standing off, &c. *see* *Absetzen*, *v. & cf.* *Abstand*; 2) the abandoning (of claims), dis-astance, recession, &c.

Absetzen, *p. a.* *Boz.* expanding, patent, spreading, forming an acute angle nearly approaching to a right angle with the stem or branch; [*parrrig* (*horizontal*)] —, *aquarose*, spread out at a right angle from the stem.

Absetzer, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. u.*) *cedor*, assigner, seller.

Absetzen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) to steal or slich (a thing) from (one), to rob (one) (a thing); *dem lieben Gott die Tage* —, *coll.* to kill one's time, to beguile the time with good-for-nothing pursuits; *sg. a.* 2) to learn (a thing) of (one) by stealth; 3) to snatch by stealth (moments, &c.) from (engagements, &c.).

Absetzen, (*v.*) *I. tr.* 1) *Corp.* to stiffen: to prop, support, underprop; *Was* to prop or shore up (a wall), *einem Schacht* —, *see* *Abstützen*; 2) a) to stiffen (linen) duly with starch, to starch sufficiently; b) to remove the starch from (linen), to unstarch; II. *intr.* (*aux. sein*) to stiffen gradually, to become stiff.

Absteige ..., *in comp.* —*haus*, —*quartier*, *n.* —*wohnung*, *f.* house of accommodation, house of call, temporary lodging.

Absteigen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to descend, to step or get down; *von einem Berge* —, to descend a hill; to alight, to light (von einem Pferde, von einem Wagen, from a horse, from a coach); (*particul. Mil.*) to dismount; *der Zug hielt an der Station*, wo die Kutschen — *mussten*, the train stopped at the station where the boys had to alight; 2) to alight (at an inn, &c.), to stop (on the road), to put up, to take temporary lodgings; *sie flogen im Bairischen Hofe ab*, aber wirkehrten bei einem Freunde ein, they put up (stopped, &c.) at the Bavarian Hotel, but we took up our quarters at a friend's; *Garibaldi ist bei Crispi abgestiegen*, Garibaldi has taken up his quarters at Crispi's.

Absteigen, *p. a.* descending (*also Med.*); *Boz. descendant*; *die a-e Linie*, the descending line or lineage; *Abz. a.* *das a-e Zeichen*, the descending sign; *der a-e Knoten*, the descending node.

Absteigern, (*v.*) *a. tr.* to outbid (one, at a public sale).

Absteigung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) descending, alighting, &c.; descent (*also in fortification*); 2) *Math. & Astr.* (gradat, right, [direct, oblique] descention.

Absteinen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* 1) to provide duly with stones, to mark out (fields, &c.) with boundary-stones; 2) a) to clear of stones, to remove the stones from (a field, &c.); b) to take out the stones from (cherries, &c.), *see* *Aussteinen*.

Absteigen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* to knock down or *Absteigbar*, *adj.* 1) that may be put down, &c. *cf.* *Abstellen*; 2) admitting of removal, redress, &c.; remediable.

Abstellen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* 1) a) to put down (*gener. temporarily*); b) to put off or away; *einem Schrank von der Wand* —, to remove a press from the wall; *sich dieß von diesem Baume ab*, place yourself at a distance from this tree; c) *sg.* a) to remove (from office, &c.), *see* *Absetzen*, *I. 2*; 2) a) to stop the running of (water, &c.); b) *T.* to throw out of gear, to stop (a machine), to disconnect (a wheel, &c.); 3) *Brew.* to flavour (beer, by infusing it with wort); 4) *sg.* a) to put off, countermand, *see* *Abbestellen*; b) to put down, to remove (abuses, nuisances, &c.), to redress (grievances, &c.), to discard, leave off (a bad or an unnecessary custom), to abolish, repeal (a law), *see* *Abheben*; c) to put an end to (daily bathing, &c.); 5) *es auf Einem* or *etwas* — (*Zachokke*, *I. u.* for *Absetzen*, *II. 3*), to have some one or an object in view, to aim at ...

Absetzer, (*str.*) *m.* one who puts down, &c.; abolisher, &c.

Absetzung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting down, &c.; 2) the (act of) stopping, &c., stoppage; 3) the (act of) redressing, &c., removal, redress, abolition, &c.; *Wirtsc. Maßregeln zur* — *des Übels*, effectual measures to remedy the evil; *Ab-Smittel*, *n.* means of redress, &c.

Abstemmen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* *T.* to chisel off (with a mortise-chisel).

Abstempen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* 1) to provide or mark with the necessary or usual stamp; a) *T.* to stamp duly (a book, &c. with letters, flourishes, &c.), to flourish, to letter, *cf.* *Abrollen*, *II. 7*; b) to stamp for a certain purpose (railway-tickets, bonds, &c.); *Briefmarken* —, to deface, obliterate, blacken (postage-stamps); 2) (*often intr.* (*aux. haben*)) to finish stamping; *er hat (die Briefe &c.) noch nicht (alle) abgestempelt*, he has not yet done stamping (all the letters, &c.); 3) *see* *Abprägen*.

Abstempfung, (*v.*) *f.* the (act of) duly stamping, &c.; *Briefmarken werden durch* — *entwertet*, (postage-stamps are cancelled by defacement.

Absteppen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* *Tail.*, &c. to quilt duly; to finish quilting (a coat, &c.).

Absterben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) a) to die off or away: *meine Eltern sind mir sehr früh abgestorben*, I lost my parents when I was very young; *an ihm ist mir ein sehr guter Freund abgestorben*, I have lost a very good friend in him; *unsere Hausthiere sterben uns nach einander ab* (*Domestic*), our domestic animals die off in (quick) succession; b) to become extinct, *see* *Aussterben*; c) *provinc.* in a general sense for *sterben*, *Versterben*, to die; 2) a) (of plants, &c.) to die off, to fade, wither, decay; *ein abgestorbener Baum*, a dead tree; b) to become paralyzed or insensible, to mortify; *abgestorbene Glieder*, dead limbs; *meine Hände sind mir (wie) abgestorben*, my hands are benumbed; c) *sg.* to decay, to wither; 3) *sg.* (einer Sache (*Dat.*)) —, to become indifferent or insensible (to a thing); *der Eünde (*Dat.*)* —, *Script.* to die to sin;

der Eünde abgestorben sein (*Rom. 6. 2: 1* *Ad. 2. 24*), to be dead to sin.

Absterben, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) *decease*, death; demise (of a king, &c.); 2) *decey*, &c. *cf.* *Absterben*, *v.*; 3) *Surg.* mortification; (*also sg.* of the passions, &c.) the state of growing paralyzed or insensible, &c.

Absterbung, (*v.*) *f.* *obsolete*, the (state of) dying off, dying (to sin), *cf.* *Absterben*.

* *Absterger*, (*v.*) *a. tr.* (*Lad.*) *Med.* to deterge, to cleanse, &c. *see* *Abföhren*, *I. 7*.

Absterer, (*v.*) *f.* 1) tax on emigration, *see* *Abzugsgeld*; 2) settlement, a sum of money settled upon one for final adjustment of claims, &c.; *cf.* *Ausfruct*.

Absteren, (*v.*) *a. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to steer off or away, to leave the shore; II. *tr.* 1) to steer off; 2) *sg.* to turn off or aside, *see* *Abwenden*; 3) to make a final settlement upon (one), to portion out, share off, *see* *Abtheilen*, *Abföhren* &c.

Abstech, *I. (str.) m.* 1) the (act of) cutting off with a pointed instrument, &c. *cf.* *Abstechen*; 2) *Metall.* the (act of) tapping (or opening the mouth of) the melting-furnace; b) a certain quantity of metal run off into the moulds; c) *see* —*loch*; 3) anything that is dug or cut off with a pointed instrument; cut, stab; (*in sewing*) a pattern pricked off (on paper); 4) *sg.* contrast; *einem* — *gegen ein* or *mit einer Sache machen*, *less usual* von, zu einer Sache, zwischen zwei Dingen (*cf.* *Absetzen*, *III. intr. 2* and the English to make a contrast to, with, a contrast between two things); *ein Begriff*, der gegen ... *den lächerlichsten* — *machte* (*Schiller*), a notion forming the most ridiculous contrast to ...; *Tacitus findet eine ehrenwerthe Sprache an dem* — *barbarischer Tugenden von dem antichristlichen Weizen christlicher Dämonen*, Tacitus indulges an honest pleasure in the contrast of barbarian virtue with the dissolute conduct of Roman ladies; *der* — *zwischen schwarz und weiß*, the contrast between black and white.

Abstech ..., *in comp.* *Found.* —*stich*, *f.* side of the running; —*loch*, *n.* —*öffnung*, *f.* opening, mouth of the furnace; —*spieß*, *m.* —*spange*, *f.* opening-tool, rake (*Abstechspatel*).

Abstechen, (*v.*) *a. tr.* to imitate or copy in embroidery.

Abstehen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* *see* *Abstehen*.

Abstimmen, (*v.*) *a. I. tr.* 1) to tune down, to lower, *see* *Herabstimmen*; *abgestimmt*, *p. a.* (*ist* & *sg.*) out of tune; low-spirited; 2) to tune properly (an instrument, bells, &c.); 3) (*L. u.*) to outvote, *see* *Überstimmen*; II. *intr.* 1) *obsolete*, *particul. sg.* to be dissonant; to disagree; 2) to vote; to divide (*i. e.* to vote by division); *über eine Sache* (*Acc.*) —, to vote, to divide on (upon) a matter; *über etwas* — *lassen*, to put a thing to the vote, *see* *zur Abstimmung bringen*.

Abstimmig, *adj.* *obsolete*, dissonant, discordant; dissenting, *cf.* *Abstimmen*; *einer Sache* (*Dat.*) —, discordant, at variance with a thing.

Abstimmung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) (*L. u.*) a) the (act of) tuning down, &c. *cf.* *Abstimmen*, *v.*; b) dissonance, discordance; 2) the (act of) voting, vote; division; namentliche —, poll (bei Wahlen); *dies hängt vom jährlicher* — *des Hauses ab*, this depends upon the annual vote of the house; *zur* — *bringen*, to put to the vote; *er wollte seinen Antrag zur* — *bringen*, he intended to divide the house upon his motion; *die* — *sand statt und der Antrag ging durch*, (the) division took place, and the motion was carried; *bei der* — *sand man* —, on dividing it was found ... *eine Mehrheit* &c. *durch* — *beschließen*, to vote an address, &c.; *sich der* — *enthalten*, to abstain from voting.

Abstören, (*v.*) *a. tr.* 1) to free from dust,

to shake off, sweep off, &c., see *Abfchütten*; 3) to search or range (a place, &c.) *particul.* for things littered about.

Abfchüttern, (w.) v. tr. to separate or break off by picking (the tooth, &c.).

Abfchütten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to beat down or off with switches or small sticks (walnuts, &c.) (*Hilp.*); 2) to mark out with sticks (the places where new vine shoots or hops are to be planted); 3) to lay (plants, &c.), see *Abjucken*.

Abfsetzen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) *hard.* to lay or set (ornaments, &c.) 2) *to*, to put (young bees) into a separate hive; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rot off.

Abfsetzen, (w.) v. *refl.* to wear one's self out with groaning and moaning.

Abfputzen, (w.) v. tr. to gather stubble, litter, &c. off (a field, &c.), to glean (a field).

Abfputzen, (w.) v. tr. to take a cork off (a bottle, &c.), to uncork, see *Abfputzen*.

Abfputzen, (w.) v. tr. to shake off with a stirring motion; der *Sturm* *putzt* die *Blätter* ab, the autumnal storm sweeps or hurries off the leaves.

Abfputzen, (str., pl. *Abfputze*) m. 1) the (act of) knocking off, planing off, &c.; 2) break, interruption of a straight line, angle, stop, &c. see *Abfputz*; 3) discharge; male (of goods), see *Abfputz*; 4) unseasoned, anything rejected with disdain, off-sound.

Abfputzen ..., *in comp.* —baum, m. *Tann.* shaving-beam, stretching-tree, scraping-block, tanner's beam or horse (*Echtholzbaum*, *Etzholzbaum*); —eisen, n. 1) T. edging-tool (to chisel or take off uneven projections, &c.); 2) *Tann.* see —messer; 3) *Ref.* breaking-tool.

Abfputzen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to remove by pushing, thrusting, driving, &c.; a) to push, thrust, shove or drive off, to push off (a boat from the shore); *die* *Stücke* *putzen* *mir* (dir, ihm &c.) *den* *Putz* ab, they knocked off my (your, his, &c.) hat; b) *hust.* to wean (calves, lambs, &c.); c) *hust.* to drive off (kill — a cluster of bees) in order to get their honey; d) *Phys.* to repel, to drive back (*opp.* *Anziehen*); e) † to thrust from the throne, to depose, see *Absetzen*; 9) f) to dispose (of goods), to sell, &c., see *Absetzen*; 10) g) *ein* *Edel* —, to discharge (a debt), to pay off certain amounts; *coll.* to wipe off (an old score); h) *fig.* to repel (by cold reserve, &c.), to treat in a repulsive, forbidding manner, cf. *Abstoßen*, p. a. 3; 3) to separate by pushing, thrusting, driving, &c.; a) to push, thrust or knock off; *der* *Doß* *hat* *sich* (*Dat.*) *die* *Hörner* *abgeschoben*, the ox has knocked off his horns; *sich* (*Dat.*) *die* *Hörner* — (*lassen* *sich* *ablaufen*), *coll.* to sow one's wild oats; b) T. to take, thrust, or cut off (sharp edges, rough angles, &c.) with a sharp instrument, a plane, a chisel, &c.; *coll.* to plane off (roughly) (the edges of boards; also: to cut into a sloping form, *Abgeschlagen*, *Abgeschliffen*); to knock or take off (the rough projections of stones), to cut or take off (the hair, the grain from skins); *meton.* to shave (boards), to hew off (stones), to unhair, shave, &c. (*schälen*); *die* *hohen* *Ranten* *der* *Streiter* —, *meton.* to shoot the edges of boards; *die* *hohen* *Ranten* *eines* *Balkens* —, *Corp.* to cut (off) the sharp edges of a beam, to chamfer; *die* (*Empf.*) *Reith* —, to cut or take off the seam (of castings); *mit* *dem* *Gründel* —, *Corp.* to chisel off, to adze; *die* *Reith* *des* *Diamants* —, to take off the covering of the diamond; *bb* *den* *Druck* *von* *Wänden* &c. (*meton.* *Wände* &c.), (*in plastering*) to float (the plastering or surface of) a wall; c) *Surg.* to amputate, see *Absetzen*; 5; d) (*said* *of* *the* *executioner*) to break under the wheel (parts of a condemned malefactor's body); *den* *Putz*

(*des* *Genid*) *oder* *des* *Putz* —, to give the finishing blow or stroke (*den* *Genid* *geben*); *es* (*die* *Angst*, *die* *Reue*, *das* *Gedächtnis* &c.) *putzt* *ihm* *den* *Putz* ab, *fig.* it (anxiety, curiosity, the secret, &c.) breaks his heart or consumes him; c) (*gener.* *applied* *to* *animals* *and* *plants*) to shed (parts grown useless, &c.), to cast or throw off; *die* (*Samen*) *putzen* —, to shed the (milk-)teeth; *die* *schneidende* *Knospe* *putzt* *das* *Blatt* ab, the swelling bud crowds off the leaf; d) to throw off (yeast, &c. as beer, &c. in a state of fermentation), *etwas* *used* *as* *an* *intransitive*: *Bier* — *lassen*, to let beer throw off its dregs; 5) to injure or wear out by knocking, pushing, &c.; *sich* (*Dat.*) *die* *Haut* —, to knock off one's skin; *die* *Stirter* —, to wear or rub off one's clothes, cf. *regl.*; 4) *Mus.* (*Stück*) to strike short, to play singly, to play (notes) distinct, short, and detached from one another by rests (*opp.* *Binden*); *abgeschoben*, p. a. struck short, *staccato* (cf. *Abstoßungszeichen*), *opp.* *Gebunden*; 5) to pound, beat or stamp sufficiently: a) † to pound or grind (gun-powder) duly; b) *Metall.* *eine* *Grube* —, to beat, stamp, or ram ashes firmly into a pit so as to fill up every part; 6) (*die* *Jagd*) *rarely* *used*, to proclaim the end of (the chase) by sound of bugle, see *Abblasen* & cf. *Etzgen*.

II. *refl.* (aux. *haben* & *sein*) 1) to push off, to shove, put, or shoo off; to set sail, to get clear of the shore; 2) *Phys.* to repel, cf. tr. 1, d, h, &c.; to throw off or up the dregs, &c., see tr. 2, d.

III. *refl.* to wear out with knocking or pushing, &c., to become worn out or threadbare (of clothes, &c.), cf. tr. 3.

Abstoßen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) pushing off, &c. cf. *Abstoßen*; 2) *Phys.* repelling, repellent, repulsive (as the power of the magnet or the electric fluid); *die* *a-c* *Kraft*, the repelling power; *die* *anziehende* *und* *die* *a-be* *Eigen* — *schaft* *eines* *Magnets*, the attractive and repellent properties of a magnet; 3) *fig.* repelling, repulsive, forbidding; *ein* *a-c* *Benehmen*, repulsive demeanor.

Abstoßen ..., *in comp.* —getriebe, n. *Mech.* disconnecting gear; —griffel, m. 1) edging-tool, see —eisen, 1; —Ingel, f. *Tann.* (tanner's) mace; —messer, m. 1) *Tann.* (*Echtholzmesser*, *Etzholzmesser*) cutting- or paring-knife; carrier's shaving-knife; 2) *Needle-m.* cutting-tool.

Abstoßen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) the (act of) pushing, thrusting off, &c. cf. *Abstoßen*; b) *Phys.* repulsion (the act and power of repelling, *opp.* *Anziehung*; also *fig.*); repellency (of the electric fluid); 2) *Mus.* the (act of) striking (notes) short (*opp.* *Bindung*); *W-* *Stift*, f. *Phys.* repelling or repulsive power (der *Körper*, of bodies; *opp.* *Anziehungskraft*); repellency; *W-* *punkt*, m. point of repulsion; *W-* *zeichen*, n. *Mus.* staccato mark, dash (') showing that the note is to be played very short; dot (') showing that the note is to be played short, but not in so marked a way as the preceding; *opp.* *Bindungszeichen*.

Abstoßern, (w.) v. tr. to deliver stammeringly, to stammer out, cf. *Herstern*.

* *Abstrac* (*Abstrakt*), *adj.* (*Lat.*) abstract (terms, ideas, &c.), abstracted, philosophical, cf. *Abstraktion* & *Abgezogen* (*opp.* *Concret*).

* *Abstrac*, s. pl. *Mus.* see *Conjunct*.

* *Abstraktion*, (w.) f. abstraction, abstract; *W-* *en*, abstract contemplations.

* *Abstraktion*, (str., pl. *Abstrakta*) n. *Gramm.* abstract noun or term.

* *Abstrafen*, (w.) v. tr. to punish, chastise properly, to correct duly or thoroughly.

* *Abstraffung*, (w.) f. proper punishment, chastisement, due correction.

* *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* (aux. *haben*) to abstract; *von* *einer* *Sache* (*Dat.*) —,

to leave out of consideration, to waive a point, &c. see *Absehen* *von* ...

* *Abstrahl*, (str.) m. 1) reflected ray; 2) resplendence, reflected splendour, see *Abglanz*. *Abstrahlen*, (w.) v. I. tr. to reflect brightly or with splendour; II. *intr.* to be reflected with bright lustre (of rays, &c.).

* *Abstrahlung*, (w.) f. reflection (of rays, &c.); *W-* *winkel*, m. *Math.* angle of reflection.

[*off* a skein of (yarn). *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. tr. (*Gerh* &c.) to wind

* *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. tr. 1) to kick off (as a child its stockings, &c.); 2) to struggle through (a part, like a bad actor).

* *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. tr. to unharness, to take the harness off (a horse, &c.).

* *Abstraktion*, (str., pl. *Abstrakte*) f. (l. u.: introduced by *Campo* for *Centrifugalkraft*) *Phys.* centrifugal power.

* *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *haben*) to strive, to get off (away or loose).

* *Abstrahieren*, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stretch off or away; 2) to reach, swing or dash down; *Ein* *ein* *Ohrring* —, *provinc.* *coll.* to reach, fetch, or deal one a box on the ear.

* *Abstrahieren*, (str.) m. 1) strickle, strike (*Etzholz*, *Etzholz*); 2) *provinc.* auction at which any thing (contracts for services, supplies, &c.) is sold to the lowest bidder (*opp.* *Aufftrieb*).

* *Abstrahieren* ..., *in comp.* (cf. *Abstrahieren*) —baum, m. *Tann.* stretching-tree; —blei, see *Abstrahieren*; —brett, n. a scraping-board, see *Abstrahieren*; —eisen, m. 1) *Tann.* shaving-knife (*Abstrahieren*, *Etzholz*); 2) (iron) scraper (for boots, &c.), see *Abstrahieren*; 3.

* *Abstrahieren*, (str.) v. I. *intr.* 1) (aux. *sein*, rarely *haben*) a) to rove, wander, move, pass down, frequently connected with auf; (*im* *Rande*) auf- und abstrahieren, to rove, roam, &c. up and down (the country, &c.); b) to sink or steal off or away; c) to pass or move down (with the hand, &c.); d) *Sport.* to fly off (a tree, cf. *Abbaumen*); (of young birds) to quit the nest; (of birds of passage) to depart; 2) (aux. *haben*) to finish spawning (of fishes); II. tr. 1) a) to strike or scrape off (as the surplus from a heaped measure of grain, &c. with a strickle (*Etzholz*)); *meton.* *ein* *Maß* —, to level a measure (of grain); b) to scrape or shave off (the hair of a skin); *meton.* to scrape (a skin); c) to remove by scraping, rubbing, &c.; to scrape or rub off (the dirt from one's shoes); *meton.* *die* *Stühle* —, or *refl.* *sich* —, to scrape, rub, or wipe one's shoes (in order to clean them); *streich* *die* *Stühle* ab, or *streich* *die* *Stühle* ab, wipe your shoes (on the door-mat); d) *Metall.* to skim off or take off (die *Schlacke*, the scoria, which rise to the surface of melted metals); 2) *fig.* a) to remove or take away by cancelling (a certain amount, sum, or item, originally assigned for a certain purpose); b) to remove by erosion, to leave out (as passages in a drama, &c.); 3) to strop or strap (a razor, &c.) duly or sufficiently; 4) to strike or whip (one) soundly; 5) *Sport.* a) to try (a field, &c.) for game, to beat (a field) for larks, &c.; b) *ein* *Stück* — (*Hilp.*), to fly over a plain in all directions, to scour a plain in search of prey (applied to birds of prey).

* *Abstrahieren*, (str.) m. 1) one who strikes off, &c.; 2) scraper (to take off mud from the boots, &c.).

* *Abstrahieren* ..., *in comp.* —felte, f. T. equaling-fel; —holz, m. see —brett; —lineal, m. T. straight-edged ruler, strickle, strike, level (*Wicht*); —Insel, m. *Poend* skimmer, skimming-ladle (*Echtholz*); —messer, m. *Poend* rake, instrument used for scraping off the scoria, see *Etzholz*; —messer, n. T. (colour-)

doctor (thin plate of steel used in scraping the colour or mordant off copper-plates, in calico-printing), *cf.* *Strichmesser*; —riemen, *m.* razor-strop (*cf.* *Strichriemen*).

Abstreifen, *adj.* capable of being stripped off.

Abstreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strip off by short, repeated movements.

Abstreifen, (*w.*) *v. I. indir. (aux. sein)* 1) to roam, rove, wander downwards or off (away); 2) to glance off (as a bullet, &c.); *der Pfeil traf den Schild und streifte ab*, the arrow struck the shield and glanced: *die Kugel traf gegen einen Knopf seiner Uniform, von welchem sie abstreifte*, the ball struck against a button of his uniform, from which it glanced off; *II. tr.* 1) *a)* to strip off, to clip off (a twig, &c.); *von einem Baume (or einem Baume: Leder, Dan. 4, 11) das Laub —*, to strip a tree of its leaves, to unstring (beans); *die Handschuhe —*, to draw off one's gloves; *b)* die Haut —, to cast the skin (von einer Schlang und the slough); *einem Thiere die Haut —*, to strip the skin from an animal; *meton. ein Thier —*, to strip an animal of its skin; to skin an eel, to flay, &c. *cf.* *Abstreichen*; *c)* *Ag.* to slip off, to slip: to divest (one's self) of (a thing), to disengage (one's self) from, to throw off; 2) to range over (the country) in quest of a person, a piece of game, &c.; 3) to take or throw off by a glancing motion; *die Kugel streifte ihm den Hut ab*, a glancing bullet carried off his hat (*Hilp.*); *III. refl. & indir. (aux. sein)* to be stripped off or divested; to drop off; *gener. Ag.* to disclose or reveal itself, &c.

Abstreifer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who strips off, &c.; 2) rambler, excursion, &c. digressing from the main route, see *Wbsteifer*, 3.

Abstreiten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) *a)* to take or wrest (a thing) from (one) by contest or dispute; *partic.* to deprive (one) of (a thing) by a lawsuit, to obtain by litigation; *b)* *Ag.* to wrest, to snatch; 2) to deny with vehemence; 3) *gener.* *Einem etwas —*, *a)* to contest, to impugn, to dispute some one's right or claim to a thing, &c.; *Einem die Autorität —*, to deny, contest, controvert, &c. one's authorship; *b)* to argue (one) out of (an opinion, &c.); *dies lasse ich mir nicht —*, I won't be disputed or worded out of it, in this I will not yield; *II. refl.* to contend, dispute, fight to exhaustion; *sie hatten sich endlich abgestritten*, they had at length ceased to contend, &c.

Abstrich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) downstroke ((*Grundschrift*) of the pen in writing, &c.); 2) the act of striking off, cancelling, &c. *cf.* *Abstreichen*; 3) *a)* that which is skimmed or taken off, scum; *b)* or —*blei*, *n.* skimmed lead, litharge; 4) a kind of auction (*opp.* *Aufftrieb*), see *Abstreich*, 2; —*holz*, *n.* 1) strickle, see *Strichholz*; 2) skimming-stick; —*glas*, *n.* skimmed tin.

Abstriden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knit off: *a)* eine Nadel —, to knit off a needle; *b)* eine Schuld —, to pay or clear off a debt by knitting; *c)* to spend a given time (an hour, &c.) by knitting; *d)* to accomplish a certain task, &c. (by) knitting; *einen Roman — (Auerbach)*, *indirect.* to read or get through (a book) to do a novel while knitting; 2) *a)* to loose from a cord (as a dog, &c.), to uncoil, untie, unfasten; *b)* *Ag.* to release, free from the toils of (care, &c.); *c)* (*Einem etwas*) *Ag. (obsolet)* to deprive (one) of (a thing), to intercept, &c.; to cheat or to swindle (one) out of.

Abstridung, (*w.*) *f.* (*obsolet*) the act of depriving, &c.; robbery, depredation.

Abtriegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to curry, rub down (a horse); 2) *coll.* to curry, thrash, beat (one) soundly.

Abtrieb, (*str., pl.* *Abtritte*) *m.* 1) down-flowing stream or current; *Ag.* ein ewiger

Ab- und Zufluss, a perpetual ebb and flow; 2) issue, outlet, vent, escape (*cf.* *Abfluss*).

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. I. indir. (aux. sein)* 1) *a)* to be carried down, off, or away by the stream, to flow off rapidly; *ab- und zufließen*, to ebb and flow; *b)* *Mar.* to be carried away by currents; *c)* to flow off in a steady current, to emanate, issue, escape; 2) to crowd away or off, to disperse; *II. tr.* 1) to float down a stream; 2) to wash away.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to work (a mine, &c.) by stopes (*i. e.* steps), to cut down (mineral ground) or hew away (ore) in a mine, so that the upper or under surface of the excavation presents the form of a series of steps.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strip off with a quick, jerking motion.

* *Abfließen*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) abstruse, hid, or remote (from apprehension), difficult (to be comprehended or understood).

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break off, or to detach in small particles.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to break off, separate, or detach in pieces, to crumble off; 2) to lay (a rope) by interweaving short strands.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *refl.* to tire one's self out by severe study, to overstudy one's self.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to separate or form into steps; 2) *Min.* to cut down (mineral ground), to break off (ore) with the pick; 3) to graduate, to mark with degrees, gradations or differences of any kind, to shade (off); *II. refl. & indir. (aux. sein)* to graduate, to pass by degrees, to change gradually; *ein Klima, das sich von grüßter Hitze bis zur kältesten Kälte abfließt*, a climate which exhibits all the gradations between the extremes of heat and cold.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *f.* gradation, degree, shade; in *genaufter, feinsten* —, graduated to the greatest nicety.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to let down, turn down or over the flap of (a hat, &c.).

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to truncate, to cut off so as to leave mere stumps, to truncate.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to play off, to perform in a bungling manner.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to truncate, to cut off, to lop, *cf.* *Abgeflumpft*; *einen Pferde den Schwanz —*, to dock the tail of a horse; 2) *a)* *lit. & Ag.* to blunt, dull (the edge, point, a sword, the senses, &c.); *b)* *Chem.* to neutralise (acids) by alkaline substances; *c)* *Ag.* to blunt, to dull, to deaden, to weaken, to stupify; *das Gewissen —*, to blunt the conscience; *das sittliche Gefühl —*, to dull, to weaken, &c. the moral sense; *II. refl. & indir. (aux. sein)* 1) to get, grow, or become blunted, dull, &c.; 2) *Ag.* to dull, to become dull or stupid, to dolt.

Abfließen, (*w.*) *v. see* *Abflumpfen*.

Abflumpfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a)* truncation, the (act of) cutting or lopping off &c. (edges, angles, points, &c.); *partic.* in *Geom.* the cutting off of an edge or angle, so that it becomes replaced by a plane equally inclined to the adjoining faces; *b)* truncation, the state of being truncated; 2) *lit. & Ag.* *a)* the (act of) blunting, dulling, &c.; *Ag.* hebetation; stupefaction: the state of being blunted, dulled, deadened, &c. (*cf.* *Abgeflumpft*).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. indir.* 1) (*aux. sein*) to hasten or rush off in a stormy rage, see *Fortflumpfen*, 1; 2) (*aux. haben*) to leave off storming; *II. tr.* 1) to shake off by a storm; 2) (*Einem etwas*) to obtain, get, force, wrest, &c. (a thing) from (one) by stormy violence, by violent assault, &c.

Abflumpfen, (*str., pl.* *Abflumpfe*) *m.* 1) rapid or violent downfall, &c. *cf.* *Sturz*, 1; 2) precipice, steep descent, steep.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. indir. (aux. sein)* 1) to fall, rush or dash headlong down or off, to be precipitated, *cf.* *hinabflumpfen*; *abgeflumpfte Felsen*, precipitated rocks; 2) to fall off abruptly, to descend perpendicularly or nearly so (as a precipice); *II. tr.* 1) to precipitate, to throw headlong; 2) to sever or break off by dashing or thrusting down; *den Hals (des Genicks) or sich (Dat.) den Hals —*, to break one's neck; 3) to remove the cover or lid (*cf.* *Stirze*) from (a pot, &c.).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut off (as the end of a thing), to trim off, to cut short, to curtail, to dock; to crop; to clip; to lop or lop (trees); *einen Pferde den Schwanz —*, to dock the tail of a horse; *meton. ein Pferd —*, to dock a horse; to crop (the ears of a horse or dog); to clip (the wings); *abgeflumpfte Haar*, hair cut close or short, cropped or clipped hair; *abgeflumpft*, *p. a.* *a)* cut or lopped off, &c.; *b)* presenting an appearance as if the end had been cut off square, truncate, truncated (*Bot., Herald., &c.*); *eine abgeflumpfte Säule*, a truncated column, &c. *cf.* *Abgeflumpft*; *ein abgeflumpftes Blatt*, a truncate(d) leaf; *die Nase aufgestülpt und abgeflumpft*, the nose upturned and stunted (or snubbed); 2) *Arch.* to shear (woollen stuffs, cloth, &c.) for the first time, to give the first shearing.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shore up, shore, prop (as a ship on the stocks; *Min.* a shaft, see *Abflumpfen*).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to search and take off, away, &c., to pick off (as berries from a bush, caterpillars, &c.); 2) to search thoroughly, to range or scour (a place) in all directions in search of (game, a person, &c.); *der Jägershund suchte ein Fähr ab*, the pointer quarters a field (*i. e.* ranges over a field in search of game (*Hilp.*)), *cf.* *Abstreichen*, 5.

Abflumpfen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) decoction (the act of decocting or boiling anything, to extract its virtues, *but* *partic.* an extract or preparation made by boiling an organic substance in water), extract; apozem (Decoct); 2) (*among* *dyers, calico-printers, &c.*) iron-liquor (*Eisenbeize*); 3) *Med.* blanching (of the planchets, see *Beichstüb*).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to transcribe slovenly, to copy in a daubing manner.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr. proies.* (*Boths, Gott-helf*) for *Abflumpfen*, to clean off, *Ag.* to cleanse of stains, to give (one) a rub or wipe, *i. e.* a set-down, reprimand.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to expiate fully or thoroughly.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to rid of marshes by drawing off humidity, to drain, make dry (a marshy country); 2) *Metall. (Hilp.)* to break down the cupels.

* *Abflumpfen*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) absurd (*cf.* *Abgeflumpft*).

* *Abflumpfen*, (*w.*) *f.* absurdity (*cf.* *Abgeflumpft*).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. indir. (aux. sein)* to whirr or buzz off, to fly or hasten away with a humming sound (*cf.* *Abflumpfen*, *Abflumpfen*).

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sweeten duly or thoroughly, to dulcify; *partic.* *Chem., &c.* to edulcorate, to free from acidity, saltiness, or acrimony by copious washing (*also metaphorically* (*Jean Paul, &c.*)).

Abflumpfen, *in comp. Chem., &c.* —*Settich*, *m.* edulcorating vat or tub; —*Leffel*, *m.* —*Schale*, *f.* —*wanne*, *f.* edulcorating basin.

Abflumpfen, (*w.*) *f.* edulcoration, &c.

Abt, (*str., pl.* *Abte*) *m.* *Eccl. & Conch.* abbot; *proverbs* (*deriving the luxurious and riotous living of the richer part of the clergy, cf. Grimmer & Sanders*): wie der — (*früht*) (*antworten*) die Hände, like abbot, like monks: den — *reiten lassen*, to indulge mirth or jollity without restraint, to revel and riot; *Abt-stuhl*,

m. abbot's cap; *Abbtürme*, *f.* abbots' tower.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* *Wass.* to take off from the beam; *II. tr.* to finish dining or supping (*cf.* *Abtfein*, *II.*); die *Abtfein* halt abgetheilt, the company had done dining, had risen from table.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) to (line with) waistcoat; 2) *provinc.* to depict (a person's character) minutely and unsparingly, *see* *Abtfein*, 2, 6.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) *Mar.* to unrig, to dismantle, to lay up (*ein Schiff*, a ship, *cine Flotte*, a fleet); die *Abtfein* —, to strip the masts: *ein abgetheiltes Schiff*, a ship laid up (*app. Aufsteilen*); 2) *fig. coll.* to lay by (as persons unnecessary for the time), to put aside or out of use, to shelve. — *Abtfein*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) unrigging (a vessel), *see*.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* *Mar.* to lower (heavy bodies, parts of the cargo, *see*). by means of a tackle (*Latje*, *app. Aufsteilen*).

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to obtain (a thing) from (one) by toying and trifling, to dawdle (one) out of (a thing).

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) (*aus. sein*) to dance down or off (*forttanzen*); *von der Bühne* —, to dance off the stage; 2) (*aus. haben*) to finish dancing; to leave off dancing; *II. tr.* a) to wear off or out by dancing; *fig. (Dad.)* die *Abtfein* (or die *Abtfein*) —, to wear out one's soles (or shoes) by dancing; *fig. (Dad.)* die *Abtfein* —, to dance off (to wear out) one's legs (by dancing); b) *refl.* to exhaust or tire one's self by dancing; 3) (*Einem etwas*) to deprive (one) of (a thing) by dancing; *ciner Braut (Dad.)* den *Abtfein* —, (a usage among German bridesmaids) to obtain or gain the bridal garland through a dance formed round the bride; 3) to dance through (a certain measure, a walk, *see*).

† *Abtfein*, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to make dull, insensible, to mortify (the flesh), *cf.* *Abtfein*.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* (*l. w.*) to dive, submerge (*cf.* *Abtfein*); *II. tr.* to wash or clean (thoroughly) by submerging.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr. provinc.* (*S. G.*) to baptize out of hand or hastily, *cf.* *Abtfein*.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) (*Abtfein*) to tumble down; 2) (*forttanzen*) to stagger or reel off or away, to go off staggering.

Abtfein, (*str.*) *m.* the (act of) obtaining by exchange, exchange.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to obtain (something) from (one) by exchange or trading, to exchange, barter (*cine Sache gegen eine andere* or *mit einer anderen (Dad.)*, *see* thing for another).

Abtfein, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) obtaining by exchange, *see* *Abtfein*.

Abtfein, (*provinc.* [*S. G.*] & *post.*) *Abtfein*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Abt*) little abbot.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *f.* 1) abbey (residence of an abbot); 2) abbacy (office, dignity, rights, or possessions of an abbot); abbots' tower.

Abtfein, *adj.* abbatial, relating to an abbot.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to write off, despatch, announce, convey (*cine Nachricht*, a piece of intelligence, a message, *see*); by telegraph, to telegraph off; die *Abtfein* konnte erst nach Verlauf von zwei Stunden abtelegraphirt werden, the telegram announcing this news could not be executed before the lapse of two hours. — *Abtfein*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) telegraphing off, *see*.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to enforce (something) from (one), or to wrest (an amnesty, *see*) from (a government, *see*) by threats of terrorism.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr. orig.* to chase or knock about devilishly, to beat like the dence. *Abtfein*, (*w.*) *s. tr. Min.* to sink (*cinen Schacht*, a shaft or pit).

Abtfein, (*str.*) *m.* pit-man, shaft-man.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to thaw off; *II. tr.* to cause to thaw off, to make (a thing) thaw off.

Abtfein, (*str.*) *m.* (*see* *n.*) share, appanage. *Abtfein*, *adj.* capable of being divided into distinct parts, or of being partitioned, divisible, separable, *cf.* *Abtfein*.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) a) to separate, set apart by division; *weit abgetheilte Röhren* im finstern Bergwerk (*Jean Paul*), lights in the dark mine, divided by long intervals; b) to divide into distinct parts, to divide into shares, to part, partition; to allot or parcel out in parts or portions; to share; to portion off, to parcel, lot (*Waren* *see*, goods, *see*); *Einzel* — (*genauer: Wörter* in *Einzel* —), to divide syllables (*method.* for to divide words into syllables); c) to partition (the floor of a house, *see*), to story; to trench (the ballast); d) *T.* to graduate, to mark with degrees; e) to range, arrange (in *Einzel*, into classes), to rank, order, dispose, set; to classify, distribute; f) to sever thoroughly or entirely, so as to exclude from all connection or communication; 3) (*cf. the instr.*) *Law*, to portion or pay off (*Erben* *see*, heirs, *see*); *abgetheilte (abgetheilte) Brüder*, appanaged princes; *II. tr.* mit *Einem* —, to come to a settlement or to settle accounts with one; *mit* *abgetheilte (Auerbach)*, *fig.* we have settled our accounts, we have done with each other, we have nothing to say to each other any more (*cf.* *mit* *find* *getheilte* *Ernte*).

Abtfein, *adj.* *obsolescent*, 1) separated or divided into distinct parts; 2) (*Camps*) portioned off, *see* (*Abgetheilte*).

Abtfein, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Camps*, *l. w.*) to portion off, *see* *Abtfein*, 3.

Abtfein, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) dividing into distinct parts, *see* *Abtfein*; a) division, partition, allotment; *die* — *von Waren* in *Partien*, the lotting of goods; *die* — *der (Wörter* in *Einzel*), the division or dividing of (words into) syllables, syllabication; b) distribution, disposition, arrangement into classes, classification; c) *die* — in *Grade* *see*, graduation, regular division into degrees, *see* *cf.* *Teilung*; 3) the part which is separated by dividing, *see* a) division, partition; allotment, share; b) *aa)* compartment (*cines Eisenbahnwagens* *see*, of a railway-carriage, *see*), (*oom*)partition; *bb)* set of rooms, accommodation, story; c) crib, stall; box; c) section, part, division (*ciner Armee*, of an army, *cines Buches*, of a book, *see*); d) parcel, lot of goods; *Abtfein*, *n.* 1) mark of division or separation; *sometimes used* for *Windeftrich*, hyphen; 2) section mark (on railways, *see*).

Abtfein, (*str.*) *m.* a popular name for *Streifenfarren* (a plant: maiden's hair).

Abtfein, (*irr.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) a) to put down or off (articles of dress — *literally* to do off, *cf. the English* to doff) to take off, to pull off, to lay aside (*app. Aufstehen*, *Abstehen*, *cf.* to don); b) (*l. w.*) *lit. & fig.* to take off or away, to turn away, to remove; *cine Figur* *see* —, *T.* to lift a cast figure out of the sand; *die Frucht vom Felde* —, to remove (gather in) the fruits from the field, *see* *method.* das *abgethane Feld* (*Fleming*), the field cleared of grain, the reaped field; *die Hand* — (*abziehen*), to withdraw one's hand: *aa)* von *ciner Sache*, *cinem Werke* *see*, from a thing, a work *see*, to leave off *see* *cf.* *Nehem. 6, 8; 9; 2 Chron. 15, 7*); *bb)* von *ciner Person*, from one, *i. e.* to cease to help or support him; *laß mich nicht*, and *thue nicht* von *mir* *die Hand* ab (*Luther*, *Ps. 27, 9*), leave me

not, neither forsake me; c) *fig.* (*Ablegen*) to put off (false shame, *see*), to do away (imperfections, prejudices, *see*), to lay aside, to divest one's self of (a thing), to discard (prejudices, *see*); *da ich aber ein Mann ward, that (that) ich ab, was kindlich war* (*Luther*, *1 Corinth. 13, 11*), when I became a man, I put away childish things; *er hat alle selbstthätigen Rücksichten abgethan*, he has cast away all selfish considerations; *er that den Kaufmann ab, he put off the merchant* (*i. e.* the manners and feelings of a merchant); *mancher ... Rittermann hat dort den Trumf sich (Dad.) abgethan* (*abgemüht*) (*Umland*), many a knight there weaned himself from the habit of drinking; 2) to take away (from a thing, *app.* [*hin*] *abnehmen*, to add), to deduct, *see*; 3) to do away with ..., to remove (a person, a thing, *see* so that they should be dead and gone, „*ab und todt*“, (*Sanders*); a) (*Einem*) to make away with (one, *i. e.* to kill him), to dispatch, to put to death (*verurtheilt ist* to do to death, *Skizsp. 2. Hen. VI. 3, 2*: Why, Warwick, who should do the duke to death?), to execute; *Gefährten des Scherfrüchters*, die *jugendlich Berbrüder* mit — (*missen* (*Leasing*), assistants of the executioner, who have likewise to assist in the execution of criminals; *mit dem Schwerte* —, to put to the sword; *die sie mactern ihu abgethan* (*Stalder*), before they dispatched him with torments; (*often applied* to the killing or slaughtering of animals) *cine Schwein* —, to stick a pig; *cine Hiege* —, to kill a goat; *dem Reide abgethan sein* (*Opitz*), to be dead to the flesh; b) *fig.* to abolish, put an end to (a thing), to set aside, remove, *see*; *Gefetze* — (*obsolescent* for *abheffen*), to abolish laws; *die Zerstückelung Deutschlands ist eine abgethane Sache*, the dismembered state of Germany is a by-gone thing; *laßt abgethane Dinge abgethan sein*, let by-gones be by-gones; *die abgethanen Thorheiten* *abgethaner Jahrhunderte*, the exploded (discarded) follies of by-gone centuries; *die ist eine völli abgethane Classe von religiösen Begriffen*, this is an entirely gone-by order of religious ideas; *cine abgethaner Aberglaube*, a discarded (worm-out) superstition; *Einwürfe* —, to obviate, to do away (overthrow) objections (beisitzen); *solche Gegenstände* (*der Unterhaltung* *see*) that *er* mit *ciner Schrift* oder *cinem Reden* ab, such subjects he dismissed with a joke or a laugh; *die Sprachwissenschaft hat die Frage des deutschen Ursprungs der englischen Sprache ab, philology sets at rest the question of the German origin of the English language*; *die Frage ist vollständig abgethan*, this question has been completely set at rest; *er betrachtet es als eine abgethane Sache*, he looks upon it as a settled matter; *ciner Streit* —, to put an end to a quarrel, to settle a dispute; *cine Schuld* —, to clear off a debt; 4) to do or accomplish thoroughly, to finish entirely, to bring to an end or final issue (*this meaning often borders closely on that explained in 3*, b); a) *Wär* es auch *abgethan*, wenn es *gethan* ist, | dann *wär* es *gut*, es *würde* *rauf* *gethan* (*Schiller*, *Macbeth I. 7*), If it were done, when 'tis done, then 'twere well | it were done quickly; *damit ist's noch nicht abgethan*, that does not settle the matter; b) to execute, despatch, to do off or to wind up (a business); *cine Rechnung* —, to close or settle an account, *cf.* *Abmachen*; c) *geschwind* —, to execute speedily; *aa)* to despatch, to perform with despatch; *er that eine Menge dringlicher Geschäfte ab, he cleared off a press of business*, of affairs, *see*; *bb)* *schnell* und *obenhin* —, to perform in haste and disorder, to huddle up in a hurry; 5) *Omnia*. *cinen* (*Waren*)-*Posten* —, to dispose of a lot (of goods) at a certain price, *cf.* *Absetzen*, 1, f. & *Absetzen*, 10.

II. *ref.* 1) to turn off or away (from associates), to withdraw, depart, retire (from...), i. e. to leave: 2) *fig.* sich — von einer Sache, or more usually einer Sache (*Gen.*), to divest or strip one's self of a thing, to disengage or free one's self from... to give up, lay aside, throw or cast away: to renounce: sich (einer) Glaubens —, to renounce one's faith: abgeben, p. a. released, free (einer Sache (*Gen.*), from...: 3) *ref.*, *ref.*

Abtühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*intr.*) *T. provinc.* to remove the shingle-boards (*see* *Abtören*) from (the wings of a windmill).

Abthürmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*I. u.*) to pull down or remove (a tower or anything towering aloft or piled up), *opp.* *Aufthürmen*.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) settling, *Ac. cf.* *Abtönnung*; settlement, adjustment, *Ac. see* *Abtönnung*; 2) execution (of a criminal).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deepen by digging downwards, to sink (a shaft, *Ac.*, *Abtönnung*).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *obsolete*, to remove by extinguishing, to extinguish, blot out, *see* *Auslösch*; eine Schuld —, to clear off a debt.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*I. u.*) to remove from the board, to consume (*coll.* *Auslösch*).

* **Abtönnung**, *Abtönnung*, (*w.*) *f.* *Abtönnung*, (*w.*) *f.* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, *Abtönnung*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*I. u.*) to get or wrest (a thing) from (one) by raging, to bully (one) out of (a thing); II. *ref.* & III. *intr.* to spend, exhaust or vent one's fury or rage, *see* *Auslösch*; *fig.* to sow one's wild oats, *cf.* (sich die Hörner) *Abtönnung*; die Wogen hatten sich abgetönn, the waves had exhausted their rage.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) † to put an end to... by killing, to kill off, to kill: *fig.* s. 2) to destroy gradually, but entirely: a) to annihilate; to mortify, subdue (fleischliche Lusten, bodily appetites, *Ac.*); to smother, to blunt (die Gefühle, Reigungen *Ac.*, the sensations, desires, *Ac.*); b) einem Wilde den Wind — (*Auslösch*), to cut off game from the scent; c) (*I. u.*) to annihilate, diminish by payment, to sink (a public debt, *Ac.*: *Abtönnung*, *Abtönnung*).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) killing off, *Ac. cf.* *Abtönnung*; a deadening by degrees, *Surg.* mortification (finnlische Begierden *Ac.*, of sensual appetites, *Ac.*).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. ref.* *see* *Abtönnung*.

* **Abtönnung**, *Abtönnung*, (*w.*) *f.* *Abtönnung*, (*w.*) *f.* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*I. u.*) to deviate in sound, to sound differently: 2) (*or* *Abtönnung*) & II. *ref.* to be diversified or shaded off by gradation of tints; III. *tr.* to gradate, mark or contrast with gradations of tints, to shade off. — **Abtönnung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) diversifying or marking with gradation of tints, *Ac.*

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. see* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *m.* *detachment*.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to trot off; to march off: 2) *coll.* to move off, to take one's self off, *cf.* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *pl.* *Abtönnung* *m.* 1) a) the (act of) carrying off, taking away; digging off, cutting (earth works, *Ac.*); b) the quantity of earth, *Ac.* carried off, taken away: cutting (*opp.* *Auftrag*); c) remains of a meal (*Abtönnung*); 2) a) reduction or diminution (of a debt, *Ac.*) by payment, payment, discharge; b) compensation (for injury sustained), indemnification, reimbursement of loss or damage, satisfaction, amends, reparation: — thun, to make reparation, *Ac.*, *see* *Erfatz* (*ref.*); 3) injury done by carrying off, embezzling property, *Ac.*; detriment, damage,

Ac.: Einem — thun, to injure, damage, prejudice, *see* *Eintrag*, *Abbruch* *thun*; 4) *provinc.* (*Swiss*) a) difference (*Unterschied*); b) (*Ertrag*) yield (of the soil, *Ac.*), produce, *Ac.*

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) what may be carried off, *Ac.*; 2) redeemable, reducible.

Abtönnung, *in comp.* — *getz*, *n.* letter-carrier's fees or dues (*Postgelde*), *cf.* *Abtragen*, *I. tr.* 1, a; — *lohn*, *m.* fees paid for carrying off or removing burdens, portage.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to carry off, to take away off: das *Auftragen* und —, the serving and removing: Briefe — lassen, to have letters delivered: den *Ertrag* (*meton.* for die *Speisen* *Ac.* vom *Ertrag*) —, to clear the table (*opp.* *Auftragen*); b) to carry or take down: to level or lower (an elevation, a hill, *Ac.* by removing the earth — *opp.* *Auftragen*); c) to pull or take down (a house, so that the building-materials may still be used, *different* from *Abtragen*, *Abbrechen*); d) *Sport*.

to carry (a bloodhound) away from the scent (in training); e) *Math. & Survey*, to transfer (lines, angles, *Ac.*) in plotting; f) † (*Einem etwas*) to deprive or defraud (one) of (a thing), to purloin, embezzle; to occasion loss (to one), to injure, damage, prejudice, *cf.* *Abtragen*, 3; 2) to make up, to clear, *Ac.*: (*Einem etwas*) a) *provinc.* † to requite, restore, to make amends for, to make good, *Ac.*; b) *aa*) to discharge, to pay off (a debt, a capital, *Ac.*), to acquit, pay off, liquidate (a debt, *Ac.*), to pay up (a capital, *Ac.*), to sink (a fund): der *Ertrag* trägt seinen *Ertrag* in *Naturalien* ab, the farmer pays or discharges his rent in kind: das *Capital* soll abgetragen werden, the capital is to be paid off, is a sinking fund; *bb*) *fig.* wird mein Leben die *Verbindlichkeiten* —, die Sie auf mich *gehäuft* haben? will my life pay the obligations you have conferred upon me? du hast *gehofft*, dein *Lohn* ist abgetragen (*Schiller*), thou hast had hope, thy reward has been meted out to thee: zum *Heute* mit *seiner* *Unverschämtheit*! wenn ich's ihm je — fann, so soll's an meinem guten Willen nicht fehlen, hang his impudence! if ever I can pay him off, I shall not fail for want of good will; c) (*with impersonal subject*) *provinc.* (*Swiss*) to remunerate (one) for money, time, labour, *Ac.* expended on a thing, to yield (profit, *Ac.*), bring in, *Ac.*; 3) to carry for (a sufficient) length of time: a) *Sport*, to train (a hawk) for the chase: b) to wear off, away or out (clothes): abgetragen, p. a. worn out, *see* *Abgetragen*.

II. *ref.* 1) a) to exhaust or fatigue one's self by carrying (loads), *Ac. cf.* *Abtragen*, *tr.* & *tragen*; ich habe mich mit dem *Ertrag* ganz abgetragen, *coll.* I am quite spent with carrying the child: b) (applied to fruit-trees) to exhaust itself by bearing, to cease, leave off bearing fruit, *see* *Auftragen*, *intr.*; 2) to wear off or out, to become threadbare: des *Haar* des *Belagerten* hatte sich an vielen *Stellen* abgetragen, the hair of the fur had been worn off in many places; dieses *Leid* trägt sich *schnell* ab, this cloth wears itself out very soon.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *m.* one who carries off loads, *Ac.*, porter.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) (*obsolete*) injurious, prejudicial, detrimental (*opp.* *Zutrüglich*); 2) *provinc.* (*Swiss*) productive, remunerative, profitable (*Eintrüglich*).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *f.* T. slope of a (railway)-cutting.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) carrying off, *Ac. cf.* *Abtragen*; 2) the (act of) pulling down, demolition, *Ac.*; 3) the act of discharging, paying off, *Ac.*, discharge, payment, liquidation, *Ac.*

Abtönnung (*Abtönnung*, *I. u.*), (*w.*) *v.* I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *coll.* to tramp off; II. *tr.* 1) to knock or wear off by tramping; 2) (*Voss*:

Abtönnung) to perform (a dance) with tramping and stamping, i. e. in a clumsy, careless manner; 3) to mark off with tramping steps; III. *ref.* to exhaust or fatigue one's self with tramping about.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to provide sufficiently with drink: 2) to wean (animals).

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to patter off, to run away with a quick succession of short clattering steps.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to tramp or trot off with clattering steps.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to cease to mourn (*gener.* outwardly, i. e. to wear mourning), *see* *Austrauern*; II. *ref.* to waste or pine away with grief.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trickle off or to fall down in a quick succession of small drops; II. *tr.* to skim or remove in small drops.

Abtönnung, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trickle off or to fall down in drops, to drop off.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *adj.* to be driven off, *see* *Abtönnung*.

Abtönnung (*Abtönnung*)... *in comp.* (*cf.* *Abtönnung*) — *arbeit*, *f.* 1) *Min.* the work of propping (a mine, *Ac.*) with timber: *Metall-s.* 3) refining-work: — *herb*, *m.* refining basin (*Tab.*), refining hearth: — *holz*, *m.* — *terf*, *m.* wood, turf used as fuel for the almond-furnace: — *hütte*, *f.* smery: — *lohn*, *m.* fee for refining: — *meister*, *m.* master-refiner: — *mittel*, *n.* *Med.* abortive medicine, draught for causing miscarriage.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to remove by driving, *Ac.*, to force away: a) *aa*) to drive off, to drive away, to drive (from): to repulse, repel, to rebuff: to put to flight: das *Witzge* (*schid* —, to turn or ward off adverse fate; *bb*) *Mar.* ein *Schiff* vom *Course* —, to drive a ship from the right course: *cc*) to dislodge, dispossess, expel, *Ac.* by legal means (pre-emption-right, *Ac.*) or by force: *dd*) *fig.* to oppose by argument, to rebuff, rebut; einen *Gegenwart* —, to repel, refute an argument: b) *Bee*, to dislodge (a swarm of bees); c) *Med.* to purge off (intestinal worms, *Ac.*); die (*Reibet*)-*Strucht*, ein *Kind* —, to cause a miscarriage, to procure abortion; *abtreibende Mittel*, abortive medicines or draughts; d) *Forest* to root out (a forest, *Ac.*), to cut down (wood), to fell: e) to break off, to make to burst off, *partical* (*Min.* *aa*) to cut down (das *Ertrag* *Ac.*, mineral ground, *Ac.*), (*Tab.*); to take off the gangue: *bb*) to prop with timberwork; einen *Stellen*, *Ertrag* —, to repair a drift (*Tab.*, *Harm.*); f) *Chem.* to separate (water from spirits and acids); g) *Metall.* to refine (silver, *Ac.*) by cupellation (with lead, *Ac.*); h) † to rub off, remove (rust, *Ac.*); i) *Paper-m.* to take or cut off the edges with a grater; 2) a) einen *District* *Ac.* —, to graze cattle over a tract of pasture; b) ein *Revier* *Ac.* —, *Sport*, to beat or drive all the game out of a certain hunting-district (in the direction of the hunters); 3) to overdrive, jade (a horse, *Ac.*); *abgetrieben*, p. a. overdriven, *Ac.*; *sometimes* *fig.* worn-out.

II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to be driven or floated down; b) *aa*) to drift or to be driven off, *away* (*opp.* *Auftrieben*), aside; *bb*) *Mar.* to deflect, to drive, to be driven from the right course, *cf.* I. 1, a, *bb*, or to fall to leeward, to make leeway; *flut* —, to sag on to leeward; 2) to drive cattle downwards.

Abtönnung, (*str.*) *m.* T. refiner (of metals). **Abtönnung** (*Abtönnung*)... *in comp.* *Metall-s.* — *holz*, *n.* *see* *Abtönnung*; — *hütte*, *f.* smery (*cf.* *Abtönnung*); — *meister*, *m.* master-refiner; — *herb*, *m.* almond furnace, alman furnace, furnace used in refining metals, refining furnace, cupel furnace (*Abtönnung*); — *herb*, *f.* test, cupel

or vessel in the nature of a cupel, for refining metals.

Abtreiben, *adj.* (like *Abtreiben*, *L. u. ex-*cept in combination with a negative, cf. *Unabtreiblich*) capable of being driven off, (not) to be driven off or back, forced away, repelled, &c. cf. *Abtreiben*; to be warded off.

Abtreiben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) driving down, off, &c., repulsion; repulse: wie-mals griff Alfred an, alle seine Kriege waren *Ab-*treiben der ungerathen Angriffe (*Haller*), never did Alfred attack, all his wars were repulsions of unjust attacks; 2) the refining (of metals), expellation, &c.; 3) *fig.* repulsion, refutation (rines Einwürfe &c., of an argument, &c.).

Abtrennen, *adj.* separable, capable of being separated, disjoined, dismembered, &c. cf. the next word.

Abtrennen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *Thd. & Sew.* to rip off (the sleeve of a shirt), to separate & remove by ripping off: to unstitch, unseam, unrip; 2) to discover, separate, disjoin, dismember (von, from); II. *refl.* to separate one's self (or itself), to depart, withdraw (von, from), cf. *Trennen*, *refl.*: *Wesley trennte sich von der Kirche ab*, Wesley seceded from the church.

Abtrennen, *adj.* separable, see *Abtrennen*.

Abtrennung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) ripping off, &c. cf. *Abtrennen*; 2) severance, separation, dismemberment; 3) dismembered piece, detached portion, fragment.

Abtreppe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to form (a wall, &c.) into stair-like steps, to build in the form of stairs.

Abtreiben, *adj.* capable of being coded, yielded, made over, &c., transferable, transferable: eine Wohnung in e-m Grunde, a lodging in a state to be made over (to a successor).

Abtreten, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to alight, stop, take up one's quarters (in einem Wirtschaft, bei einem &c., at an inn, at a person's house, &c.), see *Abgehen*; in der Person — (*Radner*), to stop, to take up one's quarters at the parsonage; 2) *a*) to go off or away, to recede, retire, withdraw, *particul. in a military sense* (opp. *Antreten*); von der Bühne —, to go off the stage; Faust tritt ab (*as a stage-direction*), exit Faust, see *Abgehen*, I. 1, b; von der Bühne des Lebens —, *fig.* to pass from the stage of life, to pass away; last die beiden eintreten zusammen —, let the two pair off together for the present; her e-b-e Bürgermeister, the retiring mayor; *b*) *fig.* to recede (from a thing), *i. e.* *aa*) to quit, abandon, or leave it: to recede from..., to renounce, depart, resign a thing; *particul. bb*) von einem Amt — (*absteuend*), to resign an office; *cc*) einem cinet Dinge —, † (*for zu* Gassen eines von einem Dinge —) to cede a thing to one.

II. *tr.* 1) *a*) to break off or down, to separate by treading, tramping; to tread off or down, to trample under foot; *b*) to wear off or out by treading, to wear out; die durch Stüßpinger abgetretenen Grabsteine, the tombstones worn (out) by church-goers: ein abgetretener (abgebrannter) Schiefel, a worn-out, hackneyed, trite simile; *c*) to remove (dirt, &c.) from (above, &c.) by treading (*i. e.* by wiping them on a mat, &c.); *fig* (*Dat.*) den Schmutz von den Stiefeln, wischen &c., *meton.* *fig* (*Dat.*) die Stiefeln, wischen &c., or *refl.* *fig* — (*cf.* *Abstreifen*, II. 1, c), to scrape, rub, or wipe (the dirt off) one's boots (on a doormat); *d*) to mark or form by treading; to tread out or to beat (a path); *e*) to mark off, separate (paths, parterres, &c. in a garden, &c.); *f*) to tread sufficiently or duly: to work or mingle together (potter's clay) by treading, to knead, to tread; 2) *Print.* (formerly) to take

an impression (of a proofsheet) by a turn of the printing-press; 4) *fig.* (*cf.* I. 2, b) to cede, yield (up), to surrender, resign, render up (rights, claims, &c. einem or an einem, to one); *Law & Comm.* to abandon: to make or give over, transfer: seinen Anteil —, to cede, resign or to transfer one's share; einen noch nicht fälligen Wechsel —, to discount a bill; einen Pachtvertrag —, to assign a lease.

Abtreten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who retires, resigns, &c. cf. *Abtreten*; ceder, surrenderer, transferor, &c.; 2) (*Fußabtreter*) *coll.* foot-rug, doormat (*Abstreifer*).

Abtretung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) treading off, &c. cf. *Abtreten*; 2) cession (*cession*), relinquishment, resignation: der, an den die — geschickte, cessionary (*cessionar*), assignee: *Comm.*, &c. abandonment; die — der Güter des Falliten, the surrender (transfer, cession) of the estate (property) of the bankrupt; (*Ab-*strift) conveyance, *cf.* the next word; *Ab-*strafe, *f.*, *Ab-*strift, *f.* deed of cession, deed of conveyance.

Abtragen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* *provinc.* (*M. G.*) for *Abtrocknen*.

Abtrieb, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) driving down, off, &c. cf. *Abtreiben & Abtreiben*; the driving (cattle) down (from the alps), *opp.* *Auftrieb*; 2) *a*) the (act of) rooting out (a forest); the cutting down or felling (of trees); *b*) a district (in a forest) the trees of which have been felled; 3) *Law*, the prior right of purchase (*Vorkaufrecht*), the refusal, pre-emption-right (*Vorkaufrecht*); *Ab-*trieb, *m.*, *Ab-*schlag, *m.* see above: 2, a.

Abtriefen, (*str. & w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to drip, drip, trickle down.

Abtritt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.* leeway, drift, deflection; stern-board: 2) *Law*, common of pasture, right of pasturage. [*tricken*]

Abtriften, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to drift off, see *Ab-*triften; **Abtriftern**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to drum through (a tune) with a trill or shake: II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to go off, to run away, &c. trilling.

Abtrinken, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to drink off, sip off, to drink from the surface; etwas von dem (*a meton.* den) Becher —, to sip from the cup; 2) *a*) to finish the drinking of (any fluid); *b*) *fig.* (*Joan Paul*, &c.) to reduce or diminish (a debt) by drinking on the debtor's account, *cf.* *Abgucken*, 1; 3) to beat (one) in drinking, to outdrink (*übertrinken*); 4) to consume by drinking; *a*) einem sein Geld —, to drink one out of his money; *b*) einem (*Bier-* & *Wirt-* &c.) sein Bier &c. —, to drink an alehouse keeper's beer: II. *refl.* to fatigue or exhaust one's self by drinking.

Abtrippeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to trip off, to run off, or to go away with short, quick, light steps: II. *tr.* to wear off or out by tripping or stepping: III. *refl.* to fatigue or exhaust one's self by tripping about, to bustle about.

Abtritt, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Abtreten*, *ge.*; this word is generally avoided on account of the meaning explained under 2, b.); 1) the (act of) alighting, stopping, taking up one's quarters, &c. (*cf.* *Abtreten*); 2) *a*) the (act of) going off or away, receding: departure, withdrawal, exit, as of an actor from the stage (*Abgang*); *b*) departure (from the stage of life), decease (*Eintritt*, *Abgang*); den or seinen — nehmen, to take one's departure, to take leave, to retire, withdraw: um seinen — bitten, to ask for leave of absence; einen — nehmen, withdraw, *particul. in order to obey a call of nature; hence c*) the place of withdrawal itself: privy, water-closet; necessary-house, necessary; *d*) *aa*) place of retirement (in mines), stepping-place, step (*Abfall*, 6, d, bb); recess; *bb*) *fig.* † contrast, difference; 3) retirement (from office, &c.), *opp.* *Antritt*; 4) *a*)

† deviation, digression; *b*) departure (from the right way, &c.); secession, a falling off or away; apostasy; 5) *a*) recession, the (act of) receding or withdrawing (from a claim, &c.); *b*) cession, &c. see *Abtretung*; 6) *Sport.* blades of grass, corn, &c. trodden down (see *Abgetreten*) by a stag or deer in passing.

Abtritts..., *in comp.* —geld, *m.* money paid in compensation, &c. (see *Abstands-geld*); —grube, *f.* sink-hole, sink: —prebgt, *f.* valedictory sermon (see *Abchiedsprebgt*); —räumer, *m.* one who empties privies, night-man; —rühr, *f.* *Podt.*, &c. shaft of a privy.

Abtrocknungsfäß, (*str.*) *n.* *Podt.*, &c. sagger for plates, dishes, &c.

Abtrocknen, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to dry off or up (*Abgetrocknet*), to be consumed (of moisture); *meton.* to grow dry, to dry (of wet things); 2) to wither and fall off (as leaves), to fall off from drought: II. *tr.* 1) *a*) to dry off or up; to wipe off; *Surp.* to absterge; *fig* (*Dat.*) die Thänen —, to dry up one's tears; *b*) *meton.* to dry, to air, &c.; die Stürze (*for den Schweiß von der Stirne*) —, to wipe (the moisture off) the forehead: *fig* (*Dat.*) die Hände —, to dry one's hands; der Wind trocknet die Straße schnell ab, the wind dries the road fast; sometimes used as an *intr.* (aux. *haben*) by leaving out the object: es hat schnell (*i. e.* den Boden) abgetrocknet (or aufgetrocknet), it has dried fast; 2) to drain (a swamp), see *Austrocknen*.

Abtrocknung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) drying off or up, &c.

Abtrocknen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to come off; 2) see *Abtroteln*.

Abtröcken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) & *refl.* (*rare*) 1) to walk off with short and negligent, sometimes used as an *intr.* (aux. *haben*) by leaving out the object: es hat schnell (*i. e.* den Boden) abgetrocknet (or aufgetrocknet), it has dried fast; 2) to drain (a swamp), see *Austrocknen*.

Abtrommeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to perform on the drum, to drum off (a march); *b*) (auf dem Pianoforte) *coll.* to play (a tune, &c.) on the piano with a quick motion and heavy touch; *fig.* trommelt ihre Zusehler den Abend gehörig ab, she duly pounds away at her scales in the evening; *c*) *coll.* to consume (a certain time) by drumming; die kurze halbe Stunde der Übung wurde geüßig abgetrommelt, the short half hour of practising was horribly strummed through; 2) to announce or publish with beat of drum; 3) *See*, to dislodge (bees) by beating with a stick on the hive.

Abtrommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Forest.* to cut off with an axe short pieces or stumps from (the trunk of a tree).

Abtrumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to perform on the trumpet; 2) to announce, publish or make known by sound of trumpet.

Abtropf..., *in comp.* (see *Abtropfen*) —bauf, *f.* *Paper-m.*, &c. drainer, dropping-board; —brett, *n.* *Paper-m.*, &c. dropping-board, drainer, (*Tbth.*) leaning-board.

Abtröpfeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to fall down or off in a quick succession of small drops, to drip or trickle off; II. *tr.* to let fall or throw down or off in small drops: *fig.* to grant or give in dribbles.

Abtropfen, **Abtröpfeln**, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to drop down or off, to drip or trickle down; —lassen, or II. *tr.* to cause the moisture of (skins, &c.) to trickle off, to drain, to dry.

Abtropf..., *in comp.* —korb, *m.* Salt-w. dropping-basket, crib; —pfanne, *f.*, —trög, *m.* 1) *Paper-m.* dropping-board; 2) *Metall.* list-pot; —tafel, *f.* *Glas-w.* dropping-board.

Abtröfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Thämmel*, &c.) to twist off, see *Abtröfeln*.

Abtröffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to give (one) due or sufficient consolation, to comfort thoroughly,

sometimes from, to put off with consolatory speeches.

Abtrotten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to trot off with short, quick steps, to trotle off.

Abtrotten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to trot down or off.

Abtrotzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) † to hector or bully (one) out of (a thing, his money, &c.); 2) to obtain, force, wring, wrest, extort (a thing) from (one) by open defiance, by sullen perseverance, &c. (*cf.* Trop); sie trotteten dem Kaiser ihre Freiheit ab, they wrested their liberty from the emperor by stubborn persistence: er trottete sich (*Dat.*) den Entschluß ab, he wrung the resolve from himself by obstinate perseverance.

Abtrüben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to cheat (one) out of (a thing).

Abtrümmern, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to fall off or down in fragments or ruins, to fall or crumble off, away: II. *tr.* to strike off in pieces, to dash off or down in fragments.

Abtrümmern, (*w.*) *f.* a falling down of fragments: a dashing in pieces.

Abtrumpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Corp.* to cut off the end of (a beam) in order to join it to another beam by a cross-beam or traverse; 2) *a) Gam. az)* to beat by a trump card, to trump, rust; *bb)* einem eine Karte —, to take an opponent's trick by a higher trump; *b)* coll. to rebuke (one) with a tart sarcastic reply or remark, to snub, flit (*Abfertigen*).

Abtrumpfung, (*w.*) *f.* coll. a set-down, &c.

Abtrünnig, *adj.* seceding from, or abandoning a cause, &c. to which one before adhered, deserting or departing from one's faith or religion, faithless: apostatical; schismatical; recreant; disloyal, rebellious: die (*s. a. vom Glauben*)-*a-Abtr.* the apostate world: — werden (*gener. followed by von*, from ..., less frequently by the simple *Dat.*), to depart, to desert (from), to fall off or away (from), to turn recreant (to); to revolt; von der Religion — werden, to forsake or abandon one's religion, faith, &c., to turn apostate; — von den Drinen (*Schüler*), a deserter from your party; (einen) Verpfändungen — werden, (*l. w.*) to break one's promise; — machen, to cause to forsake, &c., to turn (from), to draw off, away, to pervert; vom Christenthum — machen, to turn from Christianity: der H-e, a deserter, forsaker; turncoat, apostate, (*a-er* Christi) renegade; recreant: ich würde als ein H-er betrachtet werden, I should be regarded as having left my party.

Abtrünnigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* a falling off or away; defection, desertion; apostasy (= desertion or departure from one's faith or religion, in der religiösen Sprache: backsliding), disloyalty, revolt, insurrection.

Abtruppen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to march off in troops, to troop off; II. *tr.* to disband, dismiss (soldiers) from duty.

Abt... ... in comp. —hut, m. abbot's cap, abbot's mitre: —würde, *f.* dignity of an abbot, abbotship, abbacy.

Abtummeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to knock up, to fatigue (a horse) by turning or tumbling about; II. *refl.* to fatigue one's self by turning or tumbling about.

Abtünchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to whitewash duly or thoroughly, to finish whitewashing (a wall).

Abtupfen, **Abtupfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dry up (moisture, &c.) and make to dry (a moist body) by dabbing (with a dry sponge, &c.), to desiccate.

Abtupfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Punkt.* to copy with Indian ink; 2) coll. to beat (one) soundly, see *Abprügeln*.

Abtönen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* coll. to sound (the hours, &c.) on a big horn (*Zute*); to cease to blow, &c. *cf.* *Abblasen*.

Aburtheilen, **Aburtheilen**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1)

(*Einem etwas* [*Acc.*], *opp.* *zururtheilen*) to deprive or dispossess (one) of (a thing) by judicial sentence, &c. see *Absprechen*, 1; 2) *a)* (eine Sache, einen Proceß &c.) to decide finally, to settle or fix (a matter, a lawsuit, &c.) by judicial sentence; *b)* (*Einem*) to pass or pronounce final sentence upon (one), *often in an unfavourable sense*, to condemn (hastily) (*Verurtheilen*); II. *intr.* to pronounce or give final (*and gener. unfavourable*) judgment (*über eine Person oder Sache*, on, upon (im ungünstigen Sinne: against) a person or thing), to pass final sentence (on, upon), to adjudicate (on, upon).

Aburtheilung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) passing final sentence (on...), &c.; adjudication, final decision, judgment, or sentence, *particul. in an unfavourable sense*, (hasty) condemnation.

Aburtheil, *adj.* (*Lat.*) improperly applied, &c. see *Aburtheilung*.

Abverdienen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to earn (something) from (one), to obtain or get (something) from (one) by rendering services; 2) to clear (a debt, an obligation, &c.) by working for one's creditor, benefactor, &c., to work off (a debt).

Abverlangen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to ask (a thing) from (one); *es war unecht, ihm alle Papiere und Schlüssel abzuverlangen*, it was wrong to ask him to give up all his papers and keys (*cf.* *Abfordern*).

Abverren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to square off, to square duly, to form with right angles, to make sufficiently square; to square (a stone, a beam); *das — (s. a.), Corp.* scantling; 2) *Mar.* (*cf.* *Bieren*) to veer, to ease away (off); — und anholen, to veer and haul. — **Abverren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) squaring duly, sufficiently, &c.

Abverren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*see* *Abverren*) 1) to estimate, rate by ocular survey, to ascertain or determine (the height, &c. of an object) by sight (*Abmessen*), to measure by the level; *Forest* to estimate the measure of (a tree, before it is felled); 2) to measure (the contents of a vessel, cask, &c.) with a gauge, to gauge.

Abverren, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* haben) to vote duly; II. *tr.* to vote against; to out-vote (*überstimmen*; *cf.* *Abstimmen*).

Abverren, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to tire or wear one's self out by watching.

† **Abverren**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to decrease.

Abwackeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to separate by shaking, to shake off; 2) to cudgel or bang (one) soundly; II. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to go off tottering, to waddle off (*Abwackeln*).

Abwäge, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. w.*) *Phys.* 1) the mutual difference between a depth and a height; 2) (*Abdang*) the distance between the resistance and the fulcrum or point of suspension in a lever.

Abwäge ... in comp. (*cf.* *Abwägen*) —circel, m. *Watch-m.* a pair of compasses used for careful measurement of wheels to be adjusted; —kasten, m. *Glass-w.* chest or box for weighing off (*s. a.* the ingredients used in manufacturing glass); —kunst, *f.* (*lat.* the art of weighing off, &c. *cf.* *Abwägen*) art of levelling (*Abwägen*).

Abwägen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*coll.* *Abwägen*, *particul. in the literal sense*) *a) aa) lit.* to weigh duly, to determine the weight of (a certain quantity) by the balance, to weigh, to balance, to poise; *bb) fig.* to weigh (in the mind) carefully or exactly; to balance; die militärischen Hilfsmittel der Römer und Carthager waren sehr verschieden, jedoch in vieler Beziehung nicht ungleich abgemessen (*Mommsen*), the military resources of the Romans and Carthaginians were very different, but in many respects not unevenly balanced; seine Worte

(auf der Goldwaage) —, to weigh one's words carefully, to be punctilious or overnice in one's expressions; *es ist keine Zeit, die Worte abzuwägen*, it is no time for weighing words; unter einander können wir gestehen, daß wir des Königs Rechte und die unsrigen wohl abzuwägen wissen (*Oldis, Egmont II.*), between ourselves we may confess, that we know how to strike a nice balance between the king's rights and our own; *b)* to weigh out (goods, &c.) as a merchant to his customers; 2) *T. a)* (*in surveying, &c.*) to ascertain the difference of level between (two or more points) on the surface of the earth, in mines, &c. by a levelling-instrument; *b)* *Watch-m.* to adjust or regulate (wheels, &c.) with a pair of compasses, to compass; *c) fig.* to measure accurately, to ascertain by measurement; die Grenzen waren noch nicht abgemessen (*W. s. Humboldt*), the limits had not yet been duly fixed; 3) *fig.* to compare by the scales or balance, to balance in the mind, to weigh in one's thoughts (*gegen etwas Anderes* [*Acc.*], or *mit etwas Anderem* &c., against or with other objects, &c.); er hatte die Vortheile des Strigens reichlich gegen die Nachtheile des Falles abgemessen, he had maturely weighed the advantages of rising higher with the hazards of the fall (*Dryden*); hier wägt sie mit gemessener Waage Wahrheit gegen Gold und materiellen Vortheil gegen ferres Lob, here in nice balance truth with gold she weighs, and solid pudding against empty praise (*Pope*); so wägt sich immer Eins gegen das Andere ab (*Klinger*), thus one thing is always evenly balanced against the other; er hatte... (sine) Stärke und Schwäche gegen einander abgemessen (*Schiller*), he had carefully balanced in his mind his strength and his weakness; eine zwischen Winter und Sommer abgemessene Witterung (*Winckelmann*), a temperature evenly balanced between winter and summer.

Abwäger, (*str.*) *m. gener. fig.* exact weigher, careful balancer, &c.

Abwägung (*Abwägung*), (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) weighing duly, exactly, &c.; durch eine reife — seines Verstandes, by prudently musing out his assistance; die — der Bernunftgründe (*Kant*), the exact balancing of the arguments of reason. — *W-stunft*, see *Abwägung*.

Abwägung, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to desert from electing at a repeated election.

Abwägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fall or to mill (*Stuch, cloth*) sufficiently, to give (the cloth) the last fulling; 2) coll. to cudgel, to drub, *anal.* to mill (one) soundly.

Abwägen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to float, soar or roll down with windings; (of the hair) to fall down in ringlets.

Abwägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Abwägen*.

Abwägen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to roll down or off; 2) to smooth down or to even with a roller; den Haften —, to roll the grass (sufficiently, thoroughly, &c.); 3) to separate, to rub off by a roller; II. *refl.* to fatigue one's self by walking; III. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to waltz down; 2) to go off or to retire walking.

Abwägen, † **Abwägen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to roll down; *b)* to roll off, to remove; 2) *Watch-m.* to give a roundish shape by filing, to round off (with a file); 3) *fig. a)* to shake off, to cast or throw off; die Schuld zc. von sich —, to exonerate one's self from a blame, to clear one's self of a fault, &c.; das Verhängnis des Angriffes von sich selbst auf den König von Schweden abzuwälzen (*Schiller*), to shift the odium of the (first) attack from himself on to the King of Sweden; *b)* frequently in an *il sense*, to shift or shuffle off (what one ought to bear, &c.); auch die geringsten Abwälzungen sucht er von sich abzuwälzen, he

tries to shirk or evade even the slightest trouble.

Abwammeln, **Abwammeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to beat or cudgel (one) soundly, to give (one) a thorough hiding, to dress (one's) hide.

Abwandeln, *adj.* *Gramm.* capable of being altered by inflection.

Abwandeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* † to alter or change thoroughly: *a)* to atone for (errors), to expiate (Sünden); *b)* to punish, chastize (Sünder); *2)* *Gramm.* to vary (a verb, a noun) in its terminations, to inflect (Flexion); to conjugate (a verb), to decline (a noun); *3)* *gener.* to vary, modify; *fig. —, refl.* to be varied, modified, to undergo outward change; *II. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to walk down (Hinauf-, Herabwandeln); *2)* to walk off (Fortwandeln).

Abwandeln, (*w.*) *f. 1)* † *a)* atonement, expiation; *b)* legal punishment (Buße); *2)* *Gramm.* inflection (Flexion); conjugation (of a verb — Conjugation), declension (of a noun — Declination).

Abwandern, (*w.*) *v. I. intr. (aux. sein)* to wander down, more frequently off or away, to depart (Fortwandern, Begewandern); *II. refl.* to wear or tire one's self out by walking.

Abwanken, (*w.*) *v. intr. 1)* to waver downwards, see **Abkippen**; *2)* to stagger off; *fig.* to wander, deviate, stray (from the goal).

Abwärmen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to warm duly or sufficiently, to warm through (Durchwärmen), (*also T. partikul. Metall.*) to heat or to dry gradually, to temper by a gradually increasing heat; *2)* *Glass-w.* to suffer the heat of (a furnace, &c.) to decrease gradually, to anneal (Auswärmen).

Abwärmen, (*dring.*, *str.*) *m. T. (Metall., &c.)* drying-kiln, drying-furnace.

Abwarnen, (*w.*) *v. tr. (l. u.)* to warn impressively, to caution against a thing.

Abwart, (*str.*) *m. provinc. (Switz.)* assistant of a physician, &c., amanuensis (Hofmann).

Abwarten, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* *a)* to wait to the end of (a thing), to await the termination of...; wir wollen das Gewitter —, let us wait till the storm is over (Hilp.); er wollte den Gottesdienst nicht —, he would not wait till the service should be over; *b)* to expect, to stay for, wait for, to attend the coming of (a person or thing); sie wollen es nicht —, they will not wait for the end; *c)* to wait, await (a result, &c.), to (ab)ide (one's time); dies wird abwarten sein, this remains to be seen; warten wir's ab, let us await the result; ich kann's —, I can bide (abide) my time; du kannst doch nicht —, you can't bide your time, you will always be in a hurry; (*often used intr. or rather without an expressed object:*) wartet ihr ab, ich handle! (Schiller) do you bide and wait, I shall wait! die a-be Rethode, the expectant method (*in Med.*); er beschloß sich a-b zu verhalten, eine a-be Stellung einzunehmen, he resolved to abide the issue, to pursue a neutral course (a course which would enable him to act according to circumstances), *cf.* **Zuwarten**; *d)* to watch (an opportunity, &c.), *cf.* **Abpassen**; *2)* (*† & provinc. with the Gen. & Dat. of the thing attended to:* eines Dinges, einem Dinge —) *a)* to attend to (a business, &c.), to care for; *b)* to take care of, to attend (the sick, &c., only applied to a nurse, &c., not to a physician), to nurse, wait upon; sie hatte sich hart erküsst und wollte sich —, she had caught a bad cold and wanted to nurse it; der Patient hielt sich ruhig und wartete sich ab, the patient kept quiet and took care of himself; er war in die Restruirungszeit verfallen, ihm ward sehr abwarten, he was reduced to the necessity of grooming his horse himself.

† **Abwärtig**, *I. adj.* distant, remote; *II.*

Flügel, Dictionary II.

Ab-felt, (*w.*) *f.* distance, absence (Abwesenheit).

Abwärts, *adv.* 1) down, downward, downwards (*opp.* Aufwärts); (den) Strom —, down (the) stream; geh den Hügel — (Halen), go down the hill; *often in comp.* berg-, hügel-, fluß-, strom-, rhein- &c., down the mountain, down (the) hill, down the river, down (the) stream, down the Rhine, &c.; der Weg, der — (b. d. junn Berderben) führt, the way that leads downward (i. e. to perdition), the downward road; *2)* off, aside, *Mar.* aloof, offward; wie er — treibt (Chamisso), as he drives aside; — stehen, sitzen &c., to stand, sit, &c. aloof; das Mädchen lächelte — (Novalis), the girl turned away smiling; — fahren, to go down with the stream, to descend a river, &c.; ihm schmärmten — immer die Gedanken nach seines Vaters Hallen (Göthe), his thoughts are ever roaming off or away to his father's halls; with a *Genitive (instead of the Acc.)* following (*cf.* Abwärts, 1, & **Ertrüben**, **Ertrüben** &c.) — des Einganges (Maus), aside from the entrance; — der Brust (Strackus), downward from the breast.

Abwarten, (*w.*) *f. 1)* the act of waiting for, awaiting, &c. *cf.* **Abwarten**; *2)* attendance (der Kranken *Hem.*) &c., on the sick, &c.), nursing, &c.; the grooming (of a horse).

Abwasch ... (*from Abwaschen*), *in comp.* — betten, *n.* a basin for cleansing anything in by washing or ablution, wash-handbasin: — saß, *n.* wash-tub, washing-tub (Abwasch); — wasser, *n.* water in which anything is cleansed by washing, dish-water (Küchenabwasser).

Abwaschen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* *a)* to wash off, away, out, to remove (dirt, &c.) by washing; er suchte von diesem Bergchen den Flecken der Befleckung abzuwaschen, he attempted to wash this proceeding of the stain of bribery; *b)* *fig.* to wipe off (a stain, &c.) with one's tears, blood, &c.; to cleanse or purify by washing, to wash, to bathe, to lave; *2)* *a)* (Abspülen) to wash off or away, to carry off, away or to detach (the banks of a river, &c.) by the action of water; *b)* (Zerwaschen, Zerwaschen) to wear out or off (a shirt, &c.) by frequent washing; *3)* to clear or to pay (eine Schuld, a debt) by washing; *II. refl. 1)* to wash one's self thoroughly, to cleanse one's self by washing; *2)* to tire or wear one's self out by washing.

Abwaschung, (*w.*) *f. 1)* the act of washing away, &c. *cf.* **Abwaschen**; *2)* *a)* ablution, act of washing or bathing the body, as a religious rite, &c. (*also in Med. & Chem.*); *b)* *Med.* lotion; wash.

Abwasser, (*str.*, *pl.* **Abwässer**) *n.* water flowing off after having been used, &c., superfluous or redundant water.

Abwässern, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to draw off water from (marshy ground, &c.), to free from water, to drain (Entwässern); *2)* *a)* (Auswässern, Bässern) to steep in water, to water (as herrings or other salted fish); *b)* *Chem.* to purify by the affusion of water; *3)* *Carp.* to slope off, to cut slanting, to make sloping so as to turn or throw off the rain from (the sill of a door or window, &c.) (Abwettern).

Abwässerung, (*w.*) *f. 1)* the act of drawing off water, draining, &c.; drainage; *2)* *a)* the act of watering, washing, &c.; *b)* *Chem.* ablution, purification by the affusion of water; *3)* *Carp.* *cf.* **ab.** sloping, slope to turn or throw off water, (am Gessim) weathering.

Abwätscheln, (*w.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* to waddle off.

Abwäzen, (*w.*; *orig. str.*, *cf.* **Wäzen**) *v. tr. 1)* to wind off, to unwind (Abwickeln); *2)* to finish weaving, to weave to the end.

Abwäzeln, (*str.*) *m. (l. u.)* change, variation, *see* **Abwäzeln**.

† **Abwäzeln**, *adj.* changeable.

Abwäzeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr. (aux. haben)* 1) es wäzeln auf und ab des Lebens Stunden (Zack), life's hours alternate between elevations, or successes and abasement, or depressions (nur in der Alltagsrede erlaubt; between ups and downs); *2)* *a)* to alternate, to happen, take place, to come, go, follow, &c. by turns or alternately; mit a-ben Manualen, *Mus.* alternately from the great to the choir organ, &c. (*Hamel.*); mit or in einer Wäzelnung —, to perform, do, &c. by turns, to alternate or vary certain objects, to make a change in, with &c.; mit einander &c. —, to alternate with each other, to relieve one another by turns; wir wollen im Vorlesen mit einander —, let us take the reading by turns, let us relieve each other in reading; der Koch wäzelt mit dem Speisen ab (Hilp.), the cook varies his dishes: — lassen, to alternate; Gott läßt Gutes und Böses —, God alternates good and evil; man ließ (am Bord eines Schiffes) Sauerkraut mit Kohl —, they alternated sauerkraut with cabbage; *b)* *Med.* to intermit (as a fever); *3)* (sometimes used for **Wäzeln**) to vary, change; to be changeable, variable.

II. tr. 1) (Einen etwas) to change (a piece of money, &c.) from (one), to exchange; *2)* *a)* † etwas mit etwas (*Dat.*, or *gegen*, um etwas (*Acc.*)) —, to exchange one thing for another, *see* **Vertauschen**; *b)* unusual for **Wäzeln**: des Königs Leibwache wurde abgewechselt (i. e. exchanged for one more trust-worthy: *Schiller*; *cf.* **Smudern**); *c)* *provinc. (S. G.)* for the commonly used **Abwäzen**, to relieve (a sentinel, &c.); *3)* to cause or make to succeed by turns; to alternate; to relieve (by turns); *4)* to vary, to modify (the tone of one's voice, &c.), to give a new form to ...

III. refl. † for the *intransitives*.

Abwäzeln, *adj.* 1) alternating, alternative, *Bot., &c.* alternate; *adv.* alternately, by (in) turns; — folgen, to follow in succession, alternate; *b)* reciprocal; *c)* periodic, *Mod.* intermitting; *2)* changeable, variable, various, fickle; mit (ab)wäzeln dem Erfolg, with varying or various success.

Abwäzeln, **Abwäzeln**, (*w.*) *f. 1)* † exchange, *see* **Austausch**; *2)* alternation; alternativeness, reciprocal succession, vicissitude, variation (der Jahreszeiten &c., of the seasons, &c.), round; *3)* *a)* diversification; *b)* diversity, variety, change; — gewähren, — geben, to diversify; — erhalten, to be diversified; angenehme —, agreeable change, relief; eine Ebene, welche dem Auge kaum einen Busch zur — bietet, a plain hardly presenting a bush to relieve the eye; zur —, by way of variety, for a change; *c)* changeableness, &c.; *4)* the (act of) relieving (a guard, &c.), *see* **Abwäzeln**, *4, a)*; *5)* modification, *Mus.* modulation.

Abwäzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to drive off or away by fanning, to fan off, to flap off (flies, &c.).

Abweg, (*str.*) *m. 1)* a way departing from the direct or regular road, by-way, by-road, by-path, by-turning; *2)* *fig.* devious path or track, wrong way, the going wrong or astray; auf A-e gerathen, to get off the right path, to fall into or to take bad courses.

Abwegig, *adj.* 1) having by-roads; *2)* departing from the direct or regular road, devious.

Abwegs, *adv.* out of the way.

Abwegsam, *adj.* 1) out of the way, devious; remote, secluded; *2)* leaving the beaten track, *see* **Abwegig**.

Abwischen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr. (aux. haben)* 1) to blow or wave down (from ...), *see* **Herabwischen**; *2)* to blow from (a certain direction); der Wind weht vom Lande ab, the breeze comes from the land (Hilp.); *3)* to cease to blow; es hat abgewichen, the storm has blown

over, the wind has subsided (*cf.* *Abmitten*); II. *tr.* 1) a) to blow down; b) to blow off or away; 2) to fan, brush away, off, *cf.* *Abwischen*.

Abwehr, (*w.*) *f.* any thing that wards off, repels, turns aside, opposes attack or danger, *sc.* guard, safeguard, protection, fence, defence; *particul.* the (act of) warding off, *sc.* (*Abwehrung*), with *Gen.* of the thing warding off, or with prepositions: die — eines Stoßes, Schlags *sc.*, the warding off, parrying, *sc.* of a thrust, blow, *sc.* nach jungfräulicher — (*Voss*), after virgin- (or maiden-)like resistance.

Abwehren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to ward off, to ward, to stave off, fend off; to avert, keep off, keep back, to repel, to hinder: *differently construed*: (Einen or etwas; Einem or von einer Sache) die Mutter wehrt (von) sich und dem schlafenden Kinde die Hirschen ab, the mother drives off the flies from herself and the sleeping child; unter dem Baum, der die Mittagssonne mit abwehrt (*Voss*), under the tree which protects me from the noonday sun; (Einem or einer Sache [*Dat.*] —, *cf.* *Wehren*; now limited to the dejected style: ist dem nicht abzuwehren, | der mit dem Säbel kommt? (*Opitz*), is he not to be driven back who comes with the sword? sie sucht den Kindern abzuwehren, she seeks to restrain the children; II. *intr.* (I. u.) wer kann —, daß nicht das Größtste geschieht? (*Auerbach*), who, by any measure of precaution, can prevent the most dreadful thing from happening?

Abwehrt, (*str.*) *m.* one who wards off, parries; defender, guard (against), *sc.* Schutzhunde als — der Haushiere (*Voss*), shepherd's dogs, as warders-off of animals of prey.

Abwehrrung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) warding off, parrying, *sc.* repulse; *Abwehrrungsmittel*, *n.* a preventive (of disease, *sc.*).

Abweichen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to detach, separate, loosen by soaking or making soft; 2) to soften thoroughly or duly: die Haut —, *Over*. to soak the skins sufficiently; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to become soft (by being steeped into moisture) and fall off. — **Abweichen**, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) the act of detaching, *sc.*; 2) *Med.* diarrhoea, looseness (of the bowels).

Abweichen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to deviate, to turn aside, away, off or from ...; b) *T.* to depart (from a certain standard), to vary; *Math.*, *sc.* to decline, diverge, deflect (as the [magnetic] needle from the meridian, *sc.*); (von der horizontalen Richtung der Magnetnadel) to dip, to incline downward; c) to warp (as a board, *sc.*); 2) *fig.* a) *obscurely*, to recede, von Einem —, to leave, forsake one; b) vary, differ (in opinion, *sc.*); in seiner Meinung — von ..., to dissent from ...; c) to deviate (von der Regel *sc.*, from the rule, *sc.*), to decline, depart (from analogy, truth, *sc.*); to swerve; 3) to digress, to deviate, *sc.*; see *Abweichung*, *intr.* 2, a; 4) to pass by, *scarcely ever used except in the pp.* Abgewichen, (of time) passed, past, elapsed; die Berichte des abgewichenen Decenniums, the reports of the last ten years (*Verwichen*, *Vergangen* more usual); II. *tr.* † to turn off, away or aside, see *Abwenden*.

Abweichend, *p. a.* 1) deviating, *sc.* *cf.* *Abweichen*; a-der Sonnenstrahl (*Declinationsstrahl*), *T.* declining dial, decliner; *fig.* 2) departing from the rule, *sc.*, anomalous, irregular; 3) varying, different, discrepant: a-der Meinung *sein*, to dissent.

Abweichstein, (*str.*) *m.* curb-stone (*Streichstein*, *cf.* *Abweichestein*).

Abweichung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) detaching, loosening, *sc.* by soaking, *cf.* *Abweichen*, *A.*: 3) a thorough soaking or softening by steeping into moisture, *sc.*

Abweichung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) deviation: die — eines Schiffes vom geraden Wege, *Mar.* the leeway (deflection) of a vessel; b) *Phys.*, *Astr.*, *sc.* deflection, divergence, declination (eines Sterns, der Magnetnadel *sc.*, of a star, of the [magnetic] needle from the true meridian of a place, *sc.*), variation (of the compass or needle, *sc.*); c) *Astr.* & *Opt.* aberration, see *Abirring*; 2) a) deviation (from a common rule, *sc.*), departure (from a doctrine, *sc.*); b) variation from analogy, anomaly, irregularity; c) difference, variety; 3) digression (*Abgleichung*).

Abweichungs ..., *in comp.* — *compass*, *m.* declinator (*Declinatorium*), azimuth-compass; — *finder*, *m.* see — *messer*; — *karte*, *f.* *Phys.* *Geogr.* chart of declinations; — *kreis*, *m.* *Astr.* circle of declination; — *linien*, *f. pl.* *Phys.* *Geogr.* isogonic lines; — *messer*, *m.* declinator, declinator; *in dialling*, instrument for taking the angles made by different planes; *Astr.* instrument for taking the declination of stars; — *nadel*, *f.* *Phys.* declining needle; — *tafel*, *f.* table of declinations; — *zeiger*, *m.* see — *messer*.

Abweiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to graze on (a meadow, *sc.*), feed on (grass); *Sprossen* *sc.* —, to browse; b) *sometimes fig.* to consume entirely; 2) to turn cattle into (a meadow, *sc.*), to graze cattle over (a tract of pasture) (*Abtrieb*).

Abweiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wind off a reel; to **Abweiden**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (Einem etwas, *scarcely used*) to obtain or force (a thing) from (one) by weeping; 2) to expiate by weeping or by tears; II. *refl.* to weep to excess, *coll.* to cry one's eyes out.

Abweis, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Abweisen*) refusal, rejection, *sc.* I. u. for *Abweisung*.

Abweisse, *abbr.* **Abweis**, (*w.*) *f.* (from *Ab & Weisse*, *cf.* *Abart*, 2) unsuitable state of things; nonsense, insolence.

Abweisen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) † to point out the wrong way to (one), to lead astray; 2) *lit. & fig.* a) to refuse admittance, *sc.* to, to reject, to put or turn (one) off or away, to send back, cast off; einen armen Mann von der Thüre —, to turn away a poor man from one's door; eine Befürsichtigung —, to decline an order; einen Anspruch —, to reject or deny a claim; kurz —, to dismiss without ceremony, *coll.* to send (one) about his business, to cut short; ein abgewiesener Liebhaber, a rejected lover; abgewiesen werden, to be turned off, *sc.*, to meet with a rebuff; mit feinen Ansprüchen abgewiesen werden, to have one's claims rejected (*Law*: to be non-suited; ich lasse mich nicht —, I take no denial or refusal; ich vertheile mich a-b, I preserved a cold demeanour, I showed disinclination; diese Frage ist zu feierlich, als daß man sie von sich — könnte, this question is too solemn to be put aside; etwas vornehmen, mit Kennerniene, als nicht der Rede werth *sc.* —, to reject disdainfully, *coll.* to pooch-pooch a thing; b) *lit.* to drive off or back (the enemy, *sc.*); c) (von sich) to disavow (an intention, *sc.*), to disclaim (interference, responsibility, *sc.*); 3) *Comm.* to protest, dishonour (einen Wechsel, a bill); 4) *Law*, to non-suit, dismiss (a cause).

Abweiser, (*str.*) *m.* *lit. & fig.* a person who, or a thing which turns off, aside, *sc.*: a breakwater (*Buhne*); a curb-stone (*Abweichestein*, *Abweichestein*, *Abweichefod*, *m.*) *sc.* *cf.* *Abweichestein*.

Abweisung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) refusal, rejection, putting or turning off, *sc.* *cf.* *Abweisen*; repulse, rebuff; b) disavowal, disclaimer, *sc.*: 2) *Comm.* the dishonouring, non-acceptance (eines Wechsels, of a bill), protest; 3) *Law*, *sc.* dismissal, non-suit: 4) *Mar.* a) — der Magnetnadel, see *Abweichung*, 1, b; b) — der

Hügel, the variation or flying aft of the vanes (arising from the motion of the vessel).

Abweissen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to whiten thoroughly or gradually, to bleach; to whitewash; II. *intr.* to whiten, to lose the white colour.

Abweite, (*w.*) *f.* (I. u.) distance.

Abweilen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to wither, fade, and fall off; 2) to wither or fade away; II. *tr.* to dry (apples, *sc.*) in the open air.

Abwelle, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* support of the pivot (*Abwelle*, *zapfenlager*).

Abwellen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cause to boil sufficiently, to boil or seethe duly.

Abwenden, (*str.*) *I. adj.* that may be averted, prevented, preventable; II. *Abfert*, *f.* possibility of being averted, prevented, preventability.

Abwenden, (*w. & irr.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to turn off, away, or aside, to avert; die Augen von einem Gegenstande —, to avert, remove the eyes from an object; sie wandte sich mit Ekel von ihm ab, she turned loathingly from him; b) *fig.*, *sc.* to ward off, to parry; 2) *fig.* a) (etwas von Einem, sometimes Einem etwas, *cf.* *Abnehmen*) to avert (something from one), to divert, keep off, prevent; einen Streit mit freundlichen Worten abzuwenden suchen, to deprecate a quarrel by sweet words; das wolle Gott —! (Gott behüte! Gott bewahre!) God forbid! God forefend! (Einem von etwas, sometimes Einem einer Sache [*Dat.*] to turn or divert (from a purpose, *sc.*); to alienate; II. *refl.* to turn away or aside, to shrink (from); sich — von Einem *sc.*, to turn from, to leave, to abandon one, *sc.*

Abwender, (*str.*) *m.* one who turns off, *sc.*, averter.

Abwendig, *adj.* turned off or away, disinclined, alienated (von, from: sometimes with simple *Dat.*); averse, faithless (to): — *machen* (Einem or etwas von, Einem etwas), to turn (one, *sc.*) away, aside (from), *cf.* *Abwenden*; to avert, alienate, disincline, estrange; to seduce; (Einem etwas) to deprive (one) of (a thing), to take away, withdraw; *Einem* vom Evangelium — *machen*, to turn one aside from the Gospel; *Einem* die Kunden — *machen*, to entice away one's customers; es gehört viel dazu, das Herz eines Mannes (von) einem alten Freunde — zu *machen*, it takes a good deal to turn a man's heart from an old friend.

Abwendung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) turning off, averting, *sc.* *cf.* *Abwenden*; prevention, avoidance; 2) a) (gradual) alienation, estrangement; b) state of being averse (from) or disinclined (to), (original) opposition of mind, contrariety of nature, averseness (von einer Sache, to a thing).

Abwenden, (*str.*) *v. tr. provinc.* (*S. G.*) (*Einem* etwas) to deprive (one) of (a servant, *sc.*) by (clandestine) agreement (*cf.* *Abspannen*, *Abwenden* *machen*).

Abwerfen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to throw or cast down (*hinabwerfen*); b) to throw or break down, to demolish (*Abwerfen*, *Abbrechen*); c) to throw or cast off; Ballast —, to throw or take out ballast; den Reiter *sc.* —, to fling off, throw, dismount, unhorse the rider; das Pferd riß den Reiter ab, the horse throws its rider; sein Pferd strauchelte plötzlich und warf ihn ab, his horse suddenly stumbled and threw him; er ergriß uns, wie das Ponny davongelaufen war und wie der Reiter abgeworfen wurde, he told us how the pony ran away, and how the rider was thrown from his back; d) to cast or throw off, to slip off (one's clothes, *sc.*); er warf die Kleider ab, he threw off his clothes; e) *fig.* to throw or cast off (das Joch *sc.*, the yoke, *sc.*); to waive (the distinctions of rank, *sc.*); to free one's self from; 2) to knock or fling off, to break

down; a) *T.s.* die Schladen —, *found*, to throw, take off or remove the slugs; *das überflüssige Zinn* —, to remove (by melting) the superfluous tin from tinned iron-plate, to refine the sheets; b) *Gard.* to saw or cut off (the crown of a tree, &c.); 3) *Nat.* a) to throw off, to throw, drop, to shed (the leaves, the feathers, [of deer] the horns or antlers, &c.); to cast (the horns, the slough, &c.); *Bäume werfen ihre Kräfte ab*, trees cast their fruit; *die Schlange wirft ihre Haut ab*, a serpent throws or casts his skin; b) *Junge* —, to bring forth young (of animals), *see Werfen*; 4) *T.s.* *die Reifeernte* —, to take off a row of meadow, &c. *cf.* *Abfchlagen*, 1, b; *Ag.* 5) to throw out, reject (a bill, &c.); *der Gefetzworschlag wurde bei der zweiten Lesung abgeworfen*, the bill was thrown out on the second reading; *der Verfassungsantrag wurde mit 236 gegen 142 Stimmen abgeworfen*, the amendment was rejected by 236 votes to 142 (*cf.* *Berwerfen*); 6) to surpass, excel, beat by a better throw (at dice, *ninepins*, &c.); *er hat mich abgeworfen (Hilp.)*, he has thrown more than I; 7) *Gewinn* —, to turn to advantage, to yield profit, to leave a profit; *viel* —, to yield a good profit; *Geld auf Zinsen laus 5, 6 oder 7 Prozent* —, money at interest may gain five, six, or seven per cent; *crit* —, to net; *das Unternehmen wird kaum crit* —, the business will scarcely yield any profit; *nichts a-b*, unremunerative.

II. *refl.* 1) † to fall off or away (von, from), to apostatize, &c., *see Abfallen*; 2) (*l. u.* for *Abwerfen*, *Entwerfen*) to fall out (mit *Einem*, with one).

III. *intr.* 1) to cease to throw (in dice-playing, &c.); *er hat abgeworfen*, he has the last throw (at *ninepins*, &c.); 2) a) to finish the process of shedding or casting (the horns, &c.); b) to cease to bring forth young, &c.

Abwerf ..., *in comp.* —*eln*, *see* *Metall*, refining-furnace, *see Abtreiben*; —*pfanne*, *f.* refining-pan; list-pot (used in tinning).

Abwerfung, (*w.* *f.* 1) the act of throwing or casting off, &c. *cf.* *Abwerfen*; 2) rejection (of a motion, &c.).

Abwerg, *Abwerch*, *Abwerf*, (*str.* *n.* † &) *provinc.* oakum, tow (*Werg*).

Abwesen, (*str.* *n.* (absentent &) *provinc.* 1) absence: in (*sometimes* *bei*) *meinem*, *deinem* —, or with *an* *adverbial* *Gen.* *meines*, *deines* *u.* *3.* in my, thy, &c. absence; *a-3* *Ermanbel*, in the absence of some one; 2) (*S. G.*) *declina*, decay: *ins* — *kommen*, *gerathen*, to decline, decay, sink, to go to ruin, &c., *see Zerunterkommen*.

Abwesenb, *I. p. a.* absent (*also* in the sense of *geistesabwesend*, inattentive in mind, abstracted; away (*opp.* *Anwesenb*); *ihr Geist ist* —, she labours under mental alienation; II. *s.* (*decl. like adj.*) *m.* & *f.* one absent; *sprich Gutes von den A-en (Hilp.)*, speak well of the absent; *die A-en haben immer Unrecht*, those who are absent are always in the wrong, out of sight, out of mind; *der von seinem Amte, Dienstamt oder Vaterlande A-en*, absentee.

Abwesenheit, (*w.* *f.* 1) *lit. & Ag.* absence: in — *ihres Mannes*, in (or during) the absence of her husband; *die* — *des Geistes*, absence of mind, *see Geistes-Abwesenheit*; *die langen und häufigen A-en ihres Geliebten*, the long and frequent absences of her lover; 2) *Law, a*) (*Rechtschreiner* *oder* *Gericht*) absence, non-appearance, non-attendance; b) (— *dem Orte der Beerdigung eines Verstorbenen*) *alibi*; 3) *Gerichtsw.* *m.* curator of an absentee.

Abwetten, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) † to make even, to balance (an account, &c.) duly, *see Wett* *maßen*, *Wetglücken*; 2) (*Einem* *etwas*) to win or gain (something) from (one) by a wager, to bet (one) out of (a certain amount).

Abwettern, (*w.* *s. I. ref. & gener. imper.* (*sometimes intr.*) *es wettert sich ab*, the storm exhausts itself by copious discharge; *es hatte kaum abgewettert*, the storm had scarcely spent its fury; II. *tr.* 1) *Corp.* to cut slanting so as to protect from the weather, *i. e.* to turn or throw off the rain, *see Abwässern*; 2) to bear the brunt of (a hostile attack, &c.), to beat off the furious assault of (the enemy, &c.), *cf.* *Einmettern*, *Unmettern*; 3) *Mar.* to sail to the windward of (a rock, &c.), to weather (a cape); 4) to wear (off, out), to impair by stress of weather, *particul. pp.* *abgewettert*, weather-beaten, *see Abgewettert*.

Abwetzen, (*w.* *s. I. tr.* 1) to whet off, rub off; to blunt; 2) to sharpen, to whet thoroughly; II. *refl.* *sich mit* ... (*or recipr. einander*) —, † to get into collision with ..., to chafe or fret each other, to quarrel.

Abwidsen, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) to polish thoroughly a) with wax or b) with blacking; 2) *coll.* to give (one) a sound beating (*Abprügeln*).

Abwidelfar, *adj. particul. Math.* to be unwound, &c.

Abwideln, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) to unwind (a thread, *also Math.*), to wind off (*opp.* *Aufwideln*); to unroll, uncoil, unweave; 2) *fig.* to wind up, settle, regulate (*ein Geschäft* *u.*, a business, &c.).

Abwicklung, (*w.* *f.* 1) a) the act of unwinding, &c.; b) *Math.* evolution; 2) the winding up (of a business), regulation, settlement (liquidation).

Abwiegelei, (*w.* *v. tr.* *modern political colloquialism (revolutionary slang) formed as the contrary to Aufwiegelei*, to subdue (temporarily) the passions of (an agitated or riotous multitude); *derivations*: *Abwiegelei*, *Abwiegelei*, *Abwiegelei* *formed analogous to Aufwiegelei*, *Abwiegelei* *u.*

Abwiegen, *I. (str.) v. tr.* *see* *Abwägen*; II. (*w.* *s. tr.* *anf und ab*) —, to move (like a cradle, &c.) gently (up and) down, to waft (up and) down.

Abwiegung, (*w.* *f.* *see* *Abwägung*).

Abwimmern, (*w.* *s. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) (*l. u.*) to get (something) from (one) by whimpering and whining.

Abwimmeln, (*w.* *s. intr.* *Mar.* to lower the pendant or pendants.

Abwimble, (*w.* *f.* *reel* (*Garnwinde*), *windle*.

Abwinden, (*str.* *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to unwind, to wind or reel off (a bottom of thread, &c.); b) to unweave, unwring, untwist, unwreath, *cf.* *Rewinden*; 2) to lower (bring down) by means of a windlass; II. *refl.* to unwind, to become unwound, to come off.

Abwinken, (*w.* *s. intr.* (*Einem*) to warn (one) to desist by nodding or becking.

Abwinseln, (*w.* *s. I. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to get (something) from (one) by whining; II. *refl.* to wear one's self out by whining.

Abwipfeln, (*w.* *s. tr.* *Gard.* to cut off the tops of (young tendrils, &c.).

Abwirbeln, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) to whirl off; 2) to relax (any thing) fastened by pegs (*Wirbel*), &c. (*opp.* *Anwirbeln*, *cf.* *Abspannen*, *Aufwirbeln*).

Abwirren, (*w.* *s. I. tr.* 1) to work off; *den Teig* —, *Bak* to work up the dough thoroughly by kneading; 2) *Sport.* to strip off (the skin of a piece of game), *see Abziehen*; II. *intr.* *T.s.* to cease working, &c., *Zeit u.* to finish the boiling, *Clath.* to finish the weaving, &c.

Abwirren, (*w.* *s. tr.* to wind off (entangled threads, &c.); *der Faden wirrt sich ab (refl.)*, the thread comes off from the entangled clue or skein (*i. e.* it is disentangled).

Abwischen, (*w.* *s. I. tr.* 1) to wipe off or away (the dirt, the dust, the spots, &c.); *Grüntisch* *war* *selbstig* *worden* *und* *mußte* *den*

Gleichen —, France had been insulted, and must wipe off the stain; 2) *metow.* to wipe, to clean or cleanse by wiping (the table, &c.); *sich (Dat.) die Hände* —, to wipe one's hands; *ich wische mir die Hände ab*, I wipe my hands; *sich (Acc.) abwischen*, *refl.* to wipe one's self, to clean one's self by wiping; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to slip away, to pop or glide off.

Abwischer, (*str.* *m.* 1) one who wipes (anything) off, &c., wiper; 2) anything used for wiping off or cleansing, wiper, duster.

Abwisch ..., *in comp.* —*appen*, —*umpen*, *m.* —*tuch*, *n.* dusting-clout, &c. *see Wisch* —*appen*, *Wisch* *tuch*.

Abwittern, (*w.* *v. I. tr.* 1) *see* *Abmettern*, II. 1; 2) (*Einem* *etwas*, *etwas* *an* *Einem* *u.*) to find out (something in ...) by the scent; II. *intr.* 1) to cease to thunder, to storm; *es hat abgewittert*, the storm is over (*cf.* *Abmettern*, I. 2); 2) (*aus. sein*) a) to fall (or crumble) off through the effects of wind and weather; b) to be impaired, worn off or out by stress of weather, to decay (*Berwittern*) from exposure to the weather; *Chem.* to effloresce; *cf.* *Abgewittert*.

Abwizen, *Abwizigen*, (*w.* *v. tr.* (*l. u.*) to sharpen (one's) wit, to make wise; *abgewizt*, *p. a.* shrewd, sharp, canning (*Genüßigt*).

Abwischen, (*w.* *v. I. intr.* to live at a distance (von, from); II. *tr.* 1) to impair (lodgings, &c.) by dwelling in them for a certain time, to damage during one's stay (*Berwischen*, *Zerunterwischen*); 2) to reduce or diminish (a debt) by inhabiting the debtor's rooms or house without paying rent.

Abwischen, (*w.* *s. intr.* to cease whirling (said of a she-wolf).

Abwölken, (*w.* *s. ref.* to grow free from *Abwölke*, (*w.* *f.* mortling, wool taken from dead sheep (*Sterblingswolle*).

Abwollen, (*w.* *s. tr.* (*from* *Ab* & *Wolle*) *Spin-dr.* to strip of the wool.

Abwollen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* to want to go off, come off, &c.; *an elliptical mode of using the auxiliary* (*cf.* *Dürfen*, *Können*, *Mögen*, *Wollen*, *Sollen*, *Wollen*).

Abwerfen, (*w.* *v. tr.* to separate or throw off by winnowing, to winnow.

Abwuchern, (*w.* *s. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to get or extort (something) from (one) by usury.

Abwuchs, (*str.* *pl.* *Abwuchs*) *m.* (*l. u.*) abnormal growth, excrecence (*Auswuchs*).

Abwürgen, (*w.* *s. tr.* to reduce or lessen in dignity or value, to degrade, *cf.* *Herabwürbigen*, *Herabsetzen*).

Abwürbigung, (*w.* *f.* reduction, &c.

Abwurf, (*str.* *pl.* *Abwürfe*) *m.* 1) the act of throwing down, off, or away, &c.; 2) the last throw (at *ninepins*, *dice*, or similar games); 3) anything thrown down, &c.; a) *offal*, *see Abfall*; b) deposit, sediment, &c. *see Absetz*, 5; 4) produce, yield; interest; 5) an animal, &c. brought forth by another, offshoot; *generally used as a term of contempt*, abortion, casting.

Abwürfen, (*w.* *s. I. tr.* 1) (*Einem*) to surpass, excel, beat (one) by a better throw at dice (*cf.* *Abwerfen*, 6); 2) (*Einem* *etwas*) to win (something) from (one) at dice; II. *tr.* *see* *Abwerfen*.

Abwürfig, *adj.* inclined to dismount or throw off the rider.

Abwürfling, (*str.* *m.* anything thrown off or away, litter.

Abwürgen, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) to wrench off, to twist off; 2) a) to kill by worrying or strangling, to choke, to throttle; b) to kill off-hand or in a violent, brutal manner, to butcher ruthlessly. — *Abwürgung*, (*w.* *f.* the act of wrenching off, worrying, strangling, killing, &c.

Abwürgeln, (*w.* *s. tr.* 1) to uproot, to

tear off by the roots; 2) to deprive of the roots, to cut off the roots from (a tree, &c.).

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to season duly or thoroughly; 2) coll. to belabour with hard words or blows, to snub off, cf. **Abfertigen**.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* haben) to cease to rage; II. *refl.* to tire one's self with raging, to exhaust or spend one's fury.

Abwürger, (*str.*) m. *Geogr.* Abyssinia. **Abwürgerin**, (*str.*) m. **Abwürgerin**, (*w.*) f. Abyssinian, (male, female) inhabitant of Abyssinia; die **Abwürgerin**, the Abyssinian women. — **Abwürgerisch**, *adj.* Abyssinian.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) *see* **Abwürgen**; 2) to break or cut off into jagged protuberance, to jag, notch, indent.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. tr. *provinc.* (Einem Land &c.) to deprive (one, a neighbour) of (land) by ploughing (it up), to encroach on (one), to cheat or trick (one) out of....

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) (Etwas) a) *lit.* to pay off or up, to pay, to discharge (debts, &c.); etwas von der Schuld or auf die Schuld —, to pay part of a debt, to pay an instalment; er kann augenblicklich auch nicht einmal einen Theil —, he is unable at the moment to pay even an instalment (part of his debt); jögern —, to be dilatory in payment; *Wirtgeiten*, an denen ich stets abzuwürgen haben und doch in voller Schuld bleiben werde (Nack, Shakesp. Cymb. 1, 5), (debtor to you for) courtesies, which I will be ever to pay, and yet pay still; b) *fig.* to pay for, to atone for (misdeeds, &c.); durch eble Thaten wird er die Barmherzigkeit —, he will expiate the presumption by noble deeds; 2) (Einem) a) to pay off (to make compensation and discharge: *Nichtstruppen*, *Bootsleute*, hired troops, bootmen, &c.), *syn.* **Abloosen**; b) *fig.* coll. to pay (one) off, to punish or to reprimand (one) severely (*syn.* **Ausgählen**, cf. **Abtragen**, 3).

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) (*opp.* **Zuählen**) to count or tell off, to detach, separate, deduct by numbering (cf. **Abrechnen**, **Abzählen**); 2) to count out, enumerate (**Ausgählen**), to fix or determine a certain number or amount; to compute, to count, number, tell, or name exactly, one by one: *Print.* to put in or lay on a heap (the quantity of paper for the pressman to wet); die Garben im Felde —, to count (accurately) the number of sheaves; etwas an den Fingern —, to let the even or odd numbers of (coat-)buttons decide whether a thing is to be or not (a kind of popular oracle); coll.-s. an den Fingern —, to find out by an easy mode of computation; etwas an den Fingern — (berzählen) können, to have a thing at one's finger's ends; das kannst du dir an den Fingern —, you may easily know or imagine that, you can easily guess as much.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) pay ng off, &c. cf. **Abgählen**, payment, liquidation; ratenweise —, payment on account, instalment; gänztliche —, clearing off (an amount).

Abwürgen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) counting or telling off, &c.; deduction, &c.; 2) enumeration, exact counting, &c.; computation.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* haben) 1) (*applied* to young animals or children) to finish the process of teething, to cease cutting teeth (**Ausgähnen**, **Berzählen**); 2) a) to shed the milk-teeth; b) to lose one's teeth, to become toothless; II. *tr.* T. to take off with a tooth-plane or a similar instrument; to indent, notch, or groove with a toothing-plane.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the finishing the teething-process, &c. cf. **Abgähnen**; 2) indentation, &c.

Abwürgen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) (Einem etwas) to obtain (something) from (one) by scolding or quarrelling; 2) (Einem) to scold or rate (one) soundly, to reprimand sharply, *see* **Ausgähnen**

ten; II. *refl.* to tire one's self out, to fatigue one's self with scolding or quarrelling.

Abzapfen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to tap, draw, draw off (**Abfüßigen**, liquors, &c.); *meton.* ein **Reiß** —, to tap or to broach a cask; *Met.* (*sometimes intr.*) to open a passage for (the waters); 2) *Surg.* to tap (einen Wasserfühdigen, a dropsical person); 3) *fig.* to cheat (one) impudently, to bleed (one).

Abzapfer, (*str.*) m. 1) one who taps or draws liquor from a cask, tapster; 2) coll. a tapper, instrument for tapping, *particul.* *Surg.* instrument to draw off urine, catheter (Trofar).

Abzapfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) tapping, drawing off (liquors); 2) *Surg.* tapping, paracentesis.

Abzapfen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to move off, to withdraw with a jerking or kicking motion, to tottle off; coll. to die, to kick the bucket (cf. **Abfahren**); II. *refl.* to tire or wear one's self out with jerking about, with violent kicking, &c.

Abzäubern, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to free from fibres, &c. (**Abfäubern**); II. *refl.* & *intr.* to lose or part with fibres, to come off in fibres or filaments.

Abzäubern, (*w.*) v. tr. (Einem etwas) 1) to free (some one) of (a thing) by witchcraft or sorcery; 2) to obtain (a thing) from (one) by witchcraft, to deprive (one) of (a thing) by the power of charms (*opp.* **Anzaubern**).

Abzäumen, (*w.*) v. tr. (*sometimes intr.*) to take off the bridle from (a horse), to un-bridle, unbit (*syn.* **Abfittren**), *opp.* **Aufzäumen**. — **Abzäumung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) unbridling, &c.

Abzäumen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to fence off, to separate by a hedge; to fence in, to enclose; 2) (Einem ein Stück Land &c.) to deprive (one) of (a piece of land, &c.) by fencing it off, to encroach on (one's estate, &c.) by enclosing or hedging off a part.

Abzauen, *frequency*: **Abzauen**, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to pull or tear off; 2) to pull or haul about, to worry, to trouble mercilessly.

Abzauen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to consume by drinking freely, by carousing; 2) a) to beat (one) in drinking hard (**Abberzauen**); b) (Einem etwas) to drink (one) out of (a thing), to deprive (one) of (a thing) by outdrinking him.

Abzauen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to tithe, levy the tithes of (a field, &c.); 2) to pay off the tithes to (the parson, &c.); II. *intr.* to make over the tithes, to pay tithes.

Abzauen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to reduce (eine Schuld, a debt — owing by another) by living at the debtor's expense, to make one's self paid by eating or drinking for (a debt owing by the landlord, &c.); 2) to consume gradually, to waste away, to waste, spend, to weaken by degrees; to macerate, emaciate, wither; die welche durch langwierige Krantheit abgezehrt werden, those who are wasted away by lingering disease; meine Kleider hingen lose an mir, denn ich war sehr abgezehrt, my clothes hung loose on me, for I was much wasted; tödtliche Krantheit hatte sie zu Schatten abgezehrt, mortal disease had wasted them (their frames) to shadows; eine abge Krantheit, a wasting, wearing, lingering, consumptive disease; abgezehrte Glieder, wasted limbs; ein abgezehrtes Gesicht, a wasted, worn face.

II. *refl.* & *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to consume (i. e. to be consumed), to waste away; to wear off, to fall off; to pine away; to run to waste.

Abzehrung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) consuming, wasting, &c.; consumption, waste; 2) *Med.* a wasting (of flesh), gradual decay (of the body), (pulmonic) consumption (*more usual*: **Ausgähnung**).

Abzeilen, (*str.*) n. 1) a (light-coloured) spot contrasting with the ground-colour, star, speck, mole (**Wahl**); 2) a) mark or sign

of distinction; pl. insignia; attribute; b) badge; die besondere Tracht der Quaker und Methodisten ist die badge of their religion.

Abzeichnen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to mark off, to mark out; sie zeichneten den Kampfplatz ab, they marked off (or out) the place of combat; 2) to draw (from an original), to design, delineate; to take a sketch or design of, to copy; eine Festung — (*Hap.*), to take or draw the plan of a fortress; II. *refl.* sich **zeichnen**, sich **zeichnen** —, to be delineated in sharp, &c. outlines, to be sharply, faintly, &c. delineated, outlined, or traced (cf. sich **Abzeichnen**, **Abheben** &c.); ein Berg, welcher sich gerade vor uns **zeichnet** am Himmel abzeichnete (*Götze*, Italien. Reise, 23. März 1787), a mountain which straight before us was sharply outlined against the sky.

Abzeichner, (*str.*) m. one who draws from an original, designer, delineator.

Abzeichnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a tracing (of the outlines against the sky, &c.); 2) a distinctive mark, *see* **Abzeichen**; 3) the (act of) drawing from an original, designing, delineating, &c. cf. **Abzeichnen**; copy; 4) draught, design, delineation, sketch (*also fig.*, cf. **Abbildung**).

Abzerren, (*w.*) v. tr. to drag, pull, or tear off, away (von, from, also *Einem* etwas); sie zerren ihm die Beute ab, they dragged or wrested the booty from him.

Abzerren, (*w.*) v. tr. *Wass.* to unwarp, to undo (ein Gewebe, a wool — *opp.* **Anzerren**). — **Abzerren**, *in comp.* — apparat, m. distilling apparatus (**Abziehapparat**); — **Abzerren**, m. an engraving, &c. to be transferred on porcelain, &c.; — **Abzerren**, f. alembic, still, retort; occurbit (of glass); — **Abzerren**, m. *Typ.* tympan-sheet, proof-paper; — **Abzerren**, f. *Typ.* letter-brush; — **Abzerren**, m. 1) *Wass.* scraper; 2) *Wass.* hatchel.

Abziehen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to draw or pull down (i. u. for **Abziehen**, **Einziehen**, **Einziehen**); 2) a) to draw off, away, to pull off, to take off; to take away, to remove; *ben* gut —, to pull or to take off one's hat (*syn.* **Abnehmen**); mit abgezogenem Hute, with one's hat off; die Handfläche —, to pull off one's gloves; die Kleider — (*gener.* *denoting a degree of violence, different from Ausziehen*), to pull off one's clothes, to strip the clothes from a man's back; einen Ring vom Finger —, to take a ring off one's finger; Einem die Weste (Hose) — (cf. **Abnehmen**), to pull off one's waist, to strip one of his waist, *see* **Entlarven**; b) + to undress, *see* **Ausziehen**; sich (*Acc.*) —, *refl.* (*meton.* for sich (*Dat.*) die Kleider —) to pull off one's clothes, to undress (one's self); 3) a) to strip off (a skin); einen Thier die Haut —, to strip (the skin) from a beast; *meton.* ein Thier —, to strip a beast of his skin, to skin, flay, uncase; to scalp; b) to take off (the skin of almonds, peas, &c., the strings of beans, &c.); *meton.* to string (beans); 4) a) *Salt-w.* to remove (the sediment) from the salt-pans; b) *Metall.* *acc.* to skim or take off (scoria, &c. — **Abziehen**), to remove (impurities, &c.); die (Eisen-)Schlämme —, to draw the litharge; bb) to ascertain the amount of metal contained in ores; 5) *Anal.* to abduce; 6) a) *Typ.* &c. to take, draw, or work off (an impression, a proof-sheet); eine Revision, einen Probebogen —, to strike off a proof; b) to transfer (an engraving, &c.) on porcelain, &c.; 7) T.-s. a) *Wass.* to scrape, to pare (ein abgezeichnetes Fell, the flesh-side of a skin); b) *Wass.* &c. to smooth with the spoke-shave; to give the last finish; to polish (metal or wood); c) to straighten (ein Fintel, a rule); d) *Letter-found.* to smooth (**Wuchstaben**, types) by rubbing them on their sides on a grit-stone, to make them perfectly flat and square

(Abzichten); *a*) to sharpen on a hone, *Ac.*, to hone, to set (a razor), to whet, to grind (Abzichten); *f*) to size, adjust (a weight); abgezogenes Gewicht, gauged, standard weight; eine Uhr —, to examine and adjust a manufactured watch in all its parts; 8) Cook to remove (scrap) from the fire and beat it up with the yolk of an egg, *cf.* Abkochen; 9) *a*) to draw off (the water from meadows, from a swamp, *Ac.*); *meton.* to drain (meadows, a swamp, a pond, *Ac.*); *b*) to draw off (wine, beer, *Ac.*), to rack off (pure liquor from its sediment), to rack (cider, wine, *Ac.*); auf Flaschen (ab)ziehen, to bottle (wine, beer, *Ac.*); Bringest —, to rectify spirits; 10) *in dyes*, die Farbe —, to boil the colour out of a dyed stuff, *gener.* out of faded stuffs in order to dye them anew; 11) *Mis.* to measure out (a mine) with lines; 12) *Chem.*, *Ac.* to draw out (the juices or essence of a substance) by distillation, to make extracts of (herbs, *Ac.*); to distill (herbs, brandy, *Ac.*), to refine (Drillförm); abgezogene Wasser, distilled liquors; 13) *a*) *gener.* to deduct; *b*) *Arith.* to subtract (zu vernehmen ist die vorrichtige, auch veraltete Form to subtract); man zieht 5 von 9 ab, der Rest ist 4, subtract 5 from 9, and the remainder is 4; *a*) *Comm.* to rebate, abate, discount; to deduct (something from an account); von dem Betrage des Gewinnes zieht man die Frachtkosten ab, from the amount of profit deduct the charges of freight; ich kann mir nichts lassen, I cannot submit to any abatement; *Ag.* 4. 14) *a*) to withdraw (die [or] seine Hand, *b*) *fin.* seine Schatz, seine Hülf, one's protection, assistance, *Ac.*); *b*) (Einen etwas) † to deprive (one) of (a thing); to prejudice, injure, damage, *Ac.* (Entziehen); 15) to draw from, in reasoning, to abstract (by the operation of the mind), to infer (something) from what precedes, to draw (conclusions, *Ac.*), *syn.* Abzählen; abgezogene Begriffe, abstract ideas, *cf.* Abgezogen; 16) *a*) to draw or turn off, to divert (von einem Vorhaben, from a purpose); O'Connell zog sie mit Hülfe von ihren Anhängern ab, um das Land im Dienste seiner politischen Agitation zu durchstreifen, O'Connell drew them off studiously from their labours to roam the country in attendance on his political agitation (Marineau); *b*) to draw (the mind) from, to draw off, distract, divert (the attention, *Ac.*); es wird seinen Sinn von (seinen) trügerischen Vorstellungen —, it will distract your mind from its dismal apprehensions; er läßt sich durch seine politische Thätigkeit keineswegs von seinem Geschäft — (Nob. & Gr.), he does not allow his political activity to interfere with his business.

II. *refl.* 1) † to undress, *see* fr. 2. *b*); 2) to wear one's self out, to fatigue, tire, or weaken one's self by drawing or pulling, *Ac.*); 3) *ab-*olucere, to withdraw, to turn away, to turn, to draw back (von, from); 4) *Typ.* (of newly printed matter) to let off or to lose colour (Abblässen).

III. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) *a*) to go off, to depart; to withdraw, retire; to march off, retreat, recede; *b*) *Mil.* to go off guard, to be relieved (*opp.* Aufziehen); 3) to leave a place or service, to leave (of servants); 3) *Ag.* to get off with disgrace (*coll.* mit einer langen Nase), with a baffle, *Ac.*); 4) *a*) (of water, *Ac.*) to be drawn or drained off; *b*) (of steam, *Ac.*) to escape; *Ag.* alles boare Geld schenkt — zu wolsen (Nob. & Gr.), all ready money seems to be (drain or making its way) out of the country.

Abziehen, *p. a.* drawing off, *Ac.*; *Anat.* abducent; der *a-e* Muscasmus, *abductor oculi* (Lat.); die ab(uz)ziehende Zahl, *Arith.* subtrahend (Abziehzahl).

Abziehen, (*str.*) *m.* *Anat.* abductor (Abzieher)

muskel); — der großen Zeh, *m.* (Lat.) *abductor pollicis pedis*.

Abzieh... *in comp.* (*see* Abziehen) — feile, *f.* stretching-file (Lock-sm.); smoothing-file; — Rasche, *f.* Chem. retort; — Klinge, *f.* T. saw-blade without teeth used as a scraper (Zieh Klinge, Zugs Klinge); — Lössen, *m.* Chem. alembic; — Muskel, *m.* *Anat.* abducent muscle, (Lat.) *abductor* (Abzieher); — Pflug, *m.* Agr. draining-plough, drain-plough; — Presse, *f.* Typ. proof-press; — Riemer, *m.* razor strop (Strichriemen); — Stein, *m.* whetstone, oilstone, hone (Öls Stein, Schleifstein).

Abziehung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) drawing off, *Ac.* *cf.* Abziehen; 2) *Chem.* distillation, *Ac.*; 3) *Anat.* abduction; *Ag.* 4) abstraction (Abstraktion, Abstraktion); 5) (*L. u.*) retirement, seclusion, *see* Abgezogenheit; *W.* — wagen (Abzieherwagen), (*str.*) *n.* power of abstraction, abstractive faculty.

Abzieh... *in comp.* — walze, *f.* roller for sharpening knives; — zahl, *f.* *Arith.* subtrahend, number to be subtracted; — zeng, *n.* distillatory vessels or utensils, distilling apparatus.

Abziehen, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (*gener.* with an impersonal subject) 1) *a*) *lit.* (not used) to direct one's aim against, to aim (auf eine Sache, at a thing); *b*) *Ag.* to be aimed, pointed, or directed (auf [with Acc.], at); 2) *a*) auf etwas (Acc.) or darauf hin, wohin —, to aim at a specific purpose, to be directed to a certain object, to have in view, to be intended; to be bent on; *b*) to tend towards or to (zu); II. *tr. absol.* 1) to aim (a throw or cast) deliberately; 2) *Ag.* to aim at (a thing), to purpose, design, to have in view, to contemplate; *es* ist abgezogen auf (with Acc.), something is aimed at, *cf.* Abziehen, II. 3; 3) *T.* to measure exactly, to gauge, *Ac.* *cf.* Abmessen; 4) *Einen den Sieg — (Herd)*, to snatch or wrest (victory) from (one), as it were to snatch the goal (das Ziel) from before another person.

† Abziehung, (*w.*) *f.* intended purpose, design; aim, object, tendency; destination.

Abzumessen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hew or square (timber) accurately.

Abzirkeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*cf.* Abzirkeln) 1) to measure exactly with the compasses; 2) *Ag.* *a*) to mark off or out (as is) with compasses, to trace out (Abzirkeln); *b*) to prepare with scrupulous accuracy; to define precisely; *c*) to utter with affected nicety, to choose or weigh (one's words, *Ac.*) over-carefully (*cf.* Abmessen). — Abzirkelung, (*w.*) *f.* exact measurement, *Ac.*

Abzirkeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to define, to mark off, to enclose, to fence off, *cf.* Abzirkeln, 2.

Abzirkeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*partic.* of moisture falling on heated surfaces) to fly off, to evaporate with a hissing noise.

Abzirkeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*L. u.*) to divide, to measure out by inches; 2) *Ag.* to discharge or pay (the debt of gratitude), *Ac.* (Abzirkeln).

Abzirkeln, (*str.*, *pl.* Abzirkeln) *f.* 1) (*L. u.*) race, breed of animals derived from a common origin; 2) *a*) conduit, outlet, drain, draught; (common-)sewer; *b*) *Metall.*, *Ac.* channel, outlet, passage (for smoke, *Ac.*), flue, conduit, issue; *Found.* air-hole; *Archit.* projecting roof, outlet, *Ac.*

Abzirkeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to draw off with a jerk, to jerk away.

Abzirkeln, (*str.*, *pl.* Abzirkeln) *m.* 1) the (act of) drawing off, *Ac.* *cf.* Abziehen & Abziehung; 2) *Tunn.*, *Ac.* the act or manner of skinning (a beast); 3) *Gun-sm.* trigger, staple, catch; 4) *a*) the (act of) skimming or taking off (scoria, *Ac.*), *cf.* Abziehen, I. 4; *b*) any matter drawn or taken off by skimming; *scum*; *Found.* skin, cream; *Metall.* slags, dross; *c*) instrument for skimming, *Ac.*, skimmer; 5) the (act

of) dividing a pack of cards (*particul.* in games of hazard), cut, cutting; 6) *Mus.* the act or mode of drawing or taking off the bow, the hands, *Ac.* from a musical instrument; 7) *Print.* *a*) the taking or drawing off an impression; *b*) the impression taken; (*Corrctur-*Abzug) proof, proof-sheet; *c*in frischer —, a clean proof; unreiner —, foul proof, mackling; zweiter —, second proof, proof-sheet; — in Fahren (Klaffbogen), slip; *c*) *Engrav.* proof, revise; — vor der Schrift, proof-print; 8) *Vind.* the ends of a vine laid under ground but not so deep as the layers; 9) *Ag.* deduction; *Comm.* abatement, reduction, rebatement, allowance, discount; in — bringen, to deduct; einen — bewirken, to effect an abatement; einen — machen, to make an allowance; einen — jugestehen, to grant a deduction; nach — der (or after) Kosten, charges deducted, quit of charges; all deductions made, all charges borne; nach — der Schulden, clear after debts paid; nach — Ihrer Steuern, after deducting your charges; ohne — (netto), clear; ohne — gewinnen, to clear; 10) the act of going off, *Ac.* *cf.* Abziehen, *intr.*; withdrawal, departure, retreat; zum — blasen, *Mil.* to sound the retreat; der — eines Dienstwagens, the going off, leaving, departure, *Ac.* of a servant-girl; *es* war vor ihrem A-e, it was before she left; freier —, free withdrawal (of the garrison of a fortified place); 11) *a*) issue, outlet; das Wasser hat seinen —, the water has no outlet; der Rauch hat seinen —, the smoke has no vent; die Athener geben der Übermenge ihrer Bevölkerung — durch Auslegung von Colonien, the Athenians drafted off the excess of their population by colonizing; *b*) water-course, conduit, outfall, *Ac.* *see* Abzug, 2; *c*) (Abzug, Abzug) sale (of goods), vent, market; ein recht — ist nicht zu brücken, the market is rather heavy.

Abzug... *in comp.* — graben, *see* Abzug; graben; — hebel, *f.* T. long ruffer (Tollk.).

Abzüglich, *adj.* *gener.* as an *adv.* (*governing* *Genitive*) so as to deduct (a certain amount), *opp.* Zuglisch; das Gewicht beträgt — der Tara und des Gutgewichts 500 Pfund, the weight amounts to 500 pounds, deducting tare and allowance; — Unkosten, charges being deducted, charges deducted.

Abzug... *in comp.* — bissen, *m.* Sport. bait (Röder); — bissen, *n.* *Gun-sm.* trigger-plate; — bissen, *n.* *Metall.* lead obtained by melting the scoria of lead; — bogen, *m.* Typ. proof-sheet; — brief, *m.* written permission to leave a place, to remove, to emigrate; — hügel, *m.* *Gun-sm.* trigger-guard; — fass, *n.* *Waz-ch.* copper-bottomed vessel for drawing the melted wax from the boiler; — kanal, *m.* water-course, drain (*cf.* — graben); — flage, *f.* flag for setting sail, ensign of departure; — freibei, *f.* liberty to quit a place (without paying a certain tax, *see* the next word); right of emigration; — geld, *m.* emigration-duty, tax on emigration (formerly exacted on persons removing with their property from one country or jurisdiction to another); — gerinne, *n.* tail-race, race; — graben, *m.* water-course, ditch, conduit, drain (Abzug); die — graben, *collected* drainage; — graben für das Flutwasser, warping-drain, warping-cut, warping-gutter; — graben ziehen, ausheben, *Railw.*, *Ac.* to cut drains; mit — graben durchfließen, to water-furrow; — graben, *f.* Hydr. absorbing-well, tank; — kanal, *see* — kanal; — kupfer, *n.* *Metall.* copper obtained by melting the slags; — predigt, *f.* valedictory sermon, *cf.* Abschiedspredigt; — quelle, *f.* channel of exportation, *see* Abzugquelle; — recht, *m.* 1) right of emigrating, *cf.* — freibei; 2) migratory law, *particul.* the right of levying an emigration-tax; — rinne, *f.* drain-pipe, scooper-hole; gutter; — röhre, *f.* 1) or — röhre, *n.* drain-pipe,

Ac. see —rinne; 2) *Steam-eng.* eduction-pipe, wastewater-pipe; —röhre, *f.* Min. drain, canal (Abfuhr); —(sch) *n.* Chess. a certain mode of checking the king by withdrawing one chessman before another; —(sch)laden, *f.* pl. metallic scoria; —(sch)ladenblei, *see* —blei; —(sch)leufe, *f.* drain-sluice, drain-trunk; *Rohr*, *Ac.* culvert, (arched) passage or drain for water beneath a road, canal, or railway; *cf.* Schluße; —(sch)maus, *m.* paring-treat, *see* Ab(sch)ids(sch)maus (*opp.* Eingangs(sch)maus); —(sch)maus, *f.* Harol. detent (that lifts up the minute wheel), stop, warning; —stein, *m.* 1) whetstone, *see* Ab(sch)leifstein; 2) sink-stone; —tag, *m.* day of departure, (in den B. St. zur Feier des Abzugs der Engländer:) evacuation-day; —teufel, *m.* *see* —grube; —waage, *see* Abzugwaage; —weg, *m.* channel of exportation, *see* Abfuhrweg; —wehr, *n.* T. waste-weir; —zahl, *f.* Arith. minnend; subtrahend (Ab(sch)leihen!); —zeit, *f.* time for leaving a residence hitherto inhabited, quarter day; time for leaving service, *Ac.* in general, time of departure; —ziegel, *m.* T. draining-tile; —zol, *m.* emigration-tax, *see* —geld.

Ab(sch)leifwaage, (*w.*) *f.* Cotton-up, dollivoring-roller, delivering-ball.

Ab(sch)leifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pluck off, to pull off.

Ab(sch)neiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pinch off, to nip off; to snap away; (Einen etwas) to stint (one) of (a thing); was man ver(sch)neidet, das sollst du rein genießen, I dir wird davon nichts abge(sch)neidet (Götze, Faust), the promised good, therein expressed, shall to a little be by you possessed (*Schwabach*); 2) (Einen etwas) to squese (something) out of (one), to extort (something) from.

Ab(sch)neigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unpeg.

Ab(sch)neigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to aim at, to tend to (*synonymous with*, & construed like Ab(sch)leihen). (*Ab(sch)leigung*).

Ab(sch)neigung, (*w.*) *f.* intention; tendency **Ab(sch)neigen**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to deprive of the branches, to lop; *II. tr., refl.* (sich) & *intr.* (*aus.* haben) to branch off.

Ab(sch)neigung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) branching off, leaving the mother-stem; 2) branching, branch, offshoot; die verschiedenen Äste der christlichen Kirche, the various denominations of the Christian church.

Ab(sch)neiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to nip off, to pinch off (den Draht u., the wire, &c.).

Ab(sch)neigen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einen etwas) to extort, to wring, wrest, to force (something) out from (one), *cf.* Ab(sch)neigen; er hat ihnen immer und immer wieder das Bekennniß abgezwungen, daß ..., he has again and again wrung from them the confession that ...; 2) (Einen von etwas) to force (one) away (from ...).

Ab(sch)neigung, (*w.*) *f.* extortion. [*Ac.*]

Ab(sch)neigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wind off (thread), **Ab(sch)neigen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sing in a chirping manner, to chirp.

A. C., *Lat. abbr.* for 1) *Anno Christi*, im Jahre ... nach Christi Geburt, in the year of our Lord; 2) *ante Christum*, vor Christo, before Christ; 3) *anni currentis*, des laufenden Jahres, of the present year; *anno currentis*, im laufenden Jahre, in the present year; 4) *Augustana Confessio*, Augsburgerische Confession.

Acacia (*pr.* Ak'asja), (*w.*) *f.* Bot. acacia; edhre — gum-tree; amerikanische — locust; baumartige — wild tamarind; farnesische —, sweet-scented acacia, sponge-tree; unedhe or wilde —, Virginian acacia, false acacia or locust tree; A-nast, *m.* Pharm. juice of acacia.

Academie, *see* Akademie.

Acacia, (*str.*) *m.* cashew; —baum, *m.* cashew-nut tree (*Cassiaunifida*, *Clephantia-laudbaum*, *Anacardium occidentale* L.); —holz, *n.* white mahogany; —nuß, *f.* cashew-nut (*Clephantiaunifida*).

Acacia, *see* Akasie.

Acanthus, (*ind.*) *n.* 1) Bot. acanthus, brank urvine, bear's foot, bear's claw, bear's brooch (Bärenflanz); 2) Archt. acanthus, an ornament used for the enrichment of the Corinthian capital, resembling the leaves of acanthus.

Acatalectic, (*adj.*) *Prosod.* acatalectic, (of verses) having the complete number of syllables, without defect or excess (*opp.* Catalectic).

Accipere, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Pr.*) to forestall, to engross.

Accipere, (*pr.* Ak'ep—), (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* sein) to accede, *see* Beitritt.

Accent, (*pr.* Akzent), (*str.*) *m.* Grammm., *Ac.* accent, tone; der scharfe — (Accentus), acute accent; der tiefe — (Gravis), grave accent; der scharfe —, bad accent, (Irish) brogue; das Accentuiren der Majoretten, the accentual system of the Majorettes; auf einen Punkt — (or Gewicht) legen, to lay stress on a point.

Accentless, (*adj.*) unaccented; soundless, dull.

Accentuation, (*pr.* Akzentuation), (*w.*) *f.* accentuation. — **Accentuiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accent, accentuate; der accentuirte Texttheil (Richter'sch), *Mus.* the accented part of a bar. — **Accentuiren**, (*w.*) *f.* accentuation.

Acoustic, (*adj.*) full of (harmonious) sound, rich.

Accept, (*pr.* Akzept), (*w.*) *n.* *particul.* Comm. acceptance (Annahme); mit — versehen, to provide with acceptance; mit Ihrem — versehen, provided with your acceptance; wir erwarten Ihre A—, we are waiting your acceptance; zum — gestellt, being out for acceptance; (Nob. & Gr.) Kauf gegen A—, purchase for acceptance; er ist allzuversich mit seinem — bei der Hand, he is too ready with his acceptance; seine A— nicht einlösen können, not to be able to take up one's acceptance; seine A— zurückgeben lassen, to return his drafts, to let them go back; für Einlösung seiner A— Sorge tragen, to take care to meet one's acceptances; theilweis —, partial acceptance.

Acceptabel, (*adj.*) acceptable (Annahmbar).

Acceptant, (*w.*) *m.* *particul.* Comm. acceptor, *cf.* Annahmer.

Acceptation, (*w.*) *f.* *particul.* Comm. acceptance, acceptance, *cf.* Annahme; Nob. & Gr.: zur — vorlegen (präsentieren), to present for acceptance; — per onore (InterventionAnnahme), intervention, acceptance upon honour; stillschweigende —, tacit acceptance; Protest Wangels —, protest in default of acceptance or for non-acceptance; A-balance, *n.* blank credit; A-buch, *n.* bills payable or bills receivable-book (Wechselannahme- or Erattentbuch); A-credit, *m.* credit in blank, blank-credit; A-provision, *f.* commission (or brokerage) for acceptance; A-gehalte, *n.* pl. (uncovered) acceptances; A-geit, *f.* time or term of acceptance.

Acceptgeschäft, (*str.*) *n.* Comm. acceptance-business (*gener.* in the pl.); A— machen, to effect acceptances.

Acceptiren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accept (*also* *Ag.*), *see* Annehmen; *particul.* Comm. to accept, to pay, to honour (eine Tratte, a draft); einen Wechsel —, to accept or to honour a bill; eine Tratte unverzüglich — lassen, to get a bill accepted without delay; acceptirt werden, to meet due honour, to be duly honoured; in blanco —, to accept in blank; nicht —, to refuse acceptance, to dishonour; acceptirtir Wechsel, bills accepted.

Acceptiren, (*w.*) *f.* acceptance, *see* Acceptation & Annahme.

Access, (*pr.* Ak'esse), (*str.*) *m.* 1) access, admittance (Zutritt, Beitritt); 2) Med. accession, access, (beginning of a) paroxysm, fit (Anwandlung, Anfall). — **Accessibel**, (*adj.*) ac-

cessible (Zugänglich). — **Accessibilität**, (*w.*) *f.* accessibility (Zugänglichkeit). — **Accession**, (*w.*) *f.* accession (Beitritt, (Regierungs-)Antritt). — **Accessit**, (*w.*) *m.* an unpaid assistant (an expectant for preferment) in a public office. — **Accessit**, (*str.*, *pl.* A-s) *n.* second best premium. — **Accessitisch**, (*adj.*) accessory (Zugabesummend, Beiläufig); a-c Nerven, Anat. accessory nerves. — **Accessorium**, (*str.*, *pl.* Accessoria) *n.* accessory, appendage (Zusatz, Beiwert, Zubehör).

Acciaccatura, (*pr.* Ak'chak'atura), (*w.*) *f.* acciaccatura (*Ital.*), a kind of arpeggio, a grace note, one semitone below that to which it is prefixed, being, as it were, squeezed in.

Acciden, (*ind.* in the sing., *pl.* *w.*) Acciden'tien, Acciden'tien) *n.*, Acciden't, (*w.*, *pl.* Acciden'ten), *f.* perquisito, *pl.* emolumenta (Nebeneinkünfte); *particul.* among printers, &c.

Accident, (*w.*) *n.* *pl.* accessories.

Accidentell, (*adj.*) accidental (Zufällig).

Acciden, (*w.*) *n.* *comp.* —arbeit, *f.* accidental or casual work, jobbing, &c., perquisits (kleinere Neben-Acciden'tien); in der — druckerei arbeiten (in gewissem Grade stehen), to be on the establishment; —Seher, *m.* compositor upon the establishment, workman paid by the day.

Accid, (*str.*, *I.* *adj.*) excisable, liable or subject to excise; *II.* A-heit, (*w.*) *f.* liability to pay excise-duty.

Accid, (*pr.* Ak'chase), (*w.*) *f.* 1) excise; —nehmen von ... or aufliegen auf (wied. Acc.), to levy excise upon, to excise (commodities); auf den Tabak und das Salz war — gelegt, tobacco and salt were excised.

Accid, (*w.*) *n.* *comp.* —amt, *n.* excise office; —beamteter, —beileiter, —efficient, —schreiber, *m.* exciseman, excise clerk, excise officer; —einnahmer, *m.* exciseman, collector of excise; —hammer, *f.* court of aids (in France); —frei, *adj.* free from excise; —freiheit, *f.* exemption or immunity from excise; —gesetz, *n.* law of excise; —pflichtig, *adj.* liable to excise, *see* Accidbar; —stube, *f.* excise office, excise bureau; —vergehen, *n.* offence against the law of excise, defraudation; —verschluß, *m.* bond; unter —verschluß, *m.* under bond; —zettel, *m.* excise-bill, permit.

Acclamation, (*w.*) *f.* acclamation; cheering, cheer; durch — wählen, to elect by acclamation (a viva voce mode of electing to office, &c.). [*cheer*].

Acclamiren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to acclaim, to

Acclimatization, (*w.*) *f.*, **Acclimatization**, (*w.*) *f.* acclimation (in *il.* ist acclimation), act of making or becoming inured to a climate.

Acclimatiren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to acclimate, acclimatize, to accustom, to naturalize to a climate, to habituate (the body) to a climate not native, to inure (plants) to a climate different from that which is natural to them.

Accolade, (*w.*) *f.* 1) embrace, blow or neck on the shoulder (ceremony formerly used in conferring knighthood); 2) *Typ. & Mus.* brace (in *Mus.* connecting two or more staves, in piano-forte or harp music, and in scores).

Accolliren, **Accolliren**, (*w.*) *f.* to brace, to put (Posten, Items) together.

Accommodation, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) accommodation (Anbesserung), *particul.* Theol. application of one thing to another by analogy.

Accommodiren, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to accommodate (Anbesserung); Waaren —, *Comm.* *slang.* to make up, to fit or dress up goods, to render (injured) goods marketable or merchantable; accommodirte Wolle, hard-wool; *II.* *vgl.* (Gallicism, *l. u.*) to come to an agreement or understanding (einen Vergleich eingehen).

Accompaniren, (*pr.* Ak'ompany'ren, *Pr.* *accompagner*) (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accompany,

particular as a *mus. term*: einen Stagenben —, to play to a person singing, see Begleitern.

* **Accompagnement** [*pr.* akompānyemāng; *Fr.*], (*str.* pl. *Acc.*) *n.* *particul.* *Mus.* accompaniment (Begleitung).

* **Accompagnist** [*pr.* akompānyist], (*w.*) *n.* (formed after the analogy of other words in —ist, differing from the *Fr.* accompagnateur) accompanist.

* **Accords**, (*str.* *m.* 1) *Mus.* chord (two or more tones sounded together which harmonize); 2) (*l. u.*) concord, harmony (of sounds), accord; 3) *Law, Comm., &c.* a) settlement, agreement, composition; b) among *Mm.*, &c. tut-bargain, bargain by the lump: einen — (syn. Vergleich, Übereinkunft) machen, schließen, treffen, to make, conclude an agreement, to come to terms; gerichtlicher —, judicial agreement; außergerichtlicher —, extrajudicial agreement; eine Arbeit in — geben, to contract for a job; auf — unternehmen, in — nehmen, to undertake by contract, coll. to farm a job; in (im) —, auf —, by (the) job; —arbeit, *f.* (Einkaufs-) job-work, task-work, piece-work, jobbing; —summe, *f.* stipulated sum.

* **Accordsiren**, (*w.* v. *l. str.* 1) *Mus.* to accord, to agree in pitch and tone; 2) *Law, &c.* to agree, to make or to come to an agreement, to compound (sich Vergleichen); mit den Gläubigern zu 50% (aufzig Prozent) —, to compound with one's creditors at fifty per cent; II. *str.* 1) to make to agree, to accord; 2) *a*) to come to an agreement upon (a certain transaction, &c.); coll. to farm (a job); ich accordsirte die Forderung zu fünf Thalern, *m.* (ich machte mich verbindlich bei Waare zu fünf Thalern zu liefern) I agreed to furnish the goods at five Thalers; *b*) (ich bebung, daß mir die Waare zu fünf Thalern geliefert werde) I bargained (contracted) for the goods at five Thalers; *b*) to consent to, to grant (Bewilligen).

* **Accouchement** [*Fr.*, *pr.* akūshmäng], (*str.* pl. *Acc.*) *n.* 1) confinement, delivery, childbirth (Entbindung); 2) midwifery, obstetrics (Entbindungskunst, Geburtshilfe).

* **Accouchent** [*Fr.*, *pr.* akūshär], (*str.* *m.* *Acc.* v. *l. str.* 1) *m.* accoucheur, *midwife*, obstetrician (Geburtshelfer); — **Accouchente** [*Fr.* akūshäse], (*w.* *f.* female accoucheur, accoucheuse, midwife (Hebamme).

* **Accouchiren** [*pr.* akūshären], (*w.* v. *tr.* to deliver, to assist (a woman) at her confinement (Entbinden).

* **Accredit** [*pr.* akūshär] ..., in comp. —an-
—stätt, —band, —instrument, —paß, —rucht,
—sange *u.*, see Entbindungspass, —band *u.*

* **Accreditiren**, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to accredit (einen Gesandten, an envoy), see Beglaubigen; das Land, in welchem dieser Diplomat accreditirt ist, the country to which this diplomatist is accredited; 2) *Comm.* to open or lodge a credit in (any one's) favour (bei, with); wir haben Es bei (den) Herren Geschwägern B. dort für tausend Thaler (or mit tausend Thalern) accreditirt, we have opened (or lodged) a credit in your favour with Messrs. B. brothers, of that (your, &c.) place, to the amount of one thousand Thalers. [dit (Erlaubt) (f)].

* **Accreditur**, (*str.* *n.* *Comm.* letter of credit.

* **Accrocher** [*pr.* akrochär], from the *Fr.* accrocher, to hook on], (*w.* v. *tr.* to meet with some impediment (sich an etwas stoßen); *Comm.* to be at a stand.

* **Accrocheren**, (*w.* v. *ref.* [*Fr.* s'accrocher] to equat, to cower (down), *particul.* of horses, to rear. [häuflung].

* **Accumulation**, (*w.*) *f.* accumulation (An-

* **Accumuliren**, (*w.* v. *tr.* & *intr.* (*aux.* haben) to accumulate (Anhäufen).

* **Accurat**, *adj.* accurate, exact, precise, punctual (Genau, Sorgfältig).

* **Accurate** [*te*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) accuracy, exactness, nicety, precision (Genauigkeit, Sorgfalt).

* **Accusation**, (*w.*) *f.* accusation (Anklage).

* **Accusative**, (*str.* *n.* *Gramm.* accusative (case), objective (Zielfall).

* **Acetate**, [*pr.* astat], (*str.* *n.* *Chem.* acetate (essigsaures Salz, Essigsäure). — **Acetisch**, *adj.* acetic (Essig enthaltend, essigsaure). — **Acetometer**, (*str.* *n.* (*m.*) *Chem.* acetometer (an instrument or apparatus for measuring the strength of vinegar and other acids), acidimeter.

* **Acetyle**, (*str.* *n.* *Chem.* acetylene, hypohetic radical of acetic compounds.

A. Ch., *abbr.* for (*Lat.*) Anno Christi & ante Christum, see A. C., 1, 2.

Ach, *interj.* ah! oh! alas! heigh ho! — Gott! — Himmel! ah me! O dear! O heavens! — ja! yes indeed!

* **Achse** [*pr.* achse], *n.* a hard kind of wood, from the West Indies, used for making printing-blocks (in cotton-printing).

* **Achse** [*pr.* achse], (*str.* *m.* *Minor.* agate; bunter —, mocha-stone; gebäcker oder Trümmern —, broken agate; obsidian; milchweißer —, chalcedony (Echaleodon); rathbeiniger —, red-veined agate; rather —, cornelian; schwärzer —, silicious schist (Eichelschleifer); violetter —, amethyst (Amethyst).

* **Achse** ..., in comp. —ähnlich, *adj.* resembling agate, like agate, agatine, agatized, agaty; —artig, *adj.* agaty, of the nature of agate; —steine [*pr.* achse], *f.* broken agate (Trümmern-Achse).

* **Achse**, *adj.* agaty, agate.

* **Achse** ..., in comp. —stein, *m.* agaty flint; —holz, —holz, *n.* agate-wood, agatized wood; —jaspe, *m.* *Minor.* agate jasper (Jaspachet, veraltete jaspachate); —stein, *m.* *Minor.* Egyptian stone or pebble; —stein, *f.* *Conch.* agate-shell; —schneide, *f.* achatina, agate snail; —stempel, *f.* *Conch.* agate-stamp, agate-shell.

[change into agate.

* **Achse**, (*w.* v. *tr.* to agatize, to Achse, (*w.* *f.* 1) *orig.* any sharp point, *f.* the sting of bees, &c.; 2) (*syn.* Spindel, Granne, &c.) a awn, spike of corn; 3) *gener.* in the pl. the broken particles of awns, chaff, &c.; 3) *provinc.* leech (Blutegel).

* **Achse**, (*w.* v. *tr.* *See Germ.* (from Hebrew achal, to eat) to eat, to consume.

* **Achse**, sometimes Achse, (*w.* v. *tr.* (from Ach, *interj.*) to cry alas! to groan, to moan; achten und trachten, † to groan and moan; to sigh and cry.

* **Achse**, (*str.* *Gen.* Ach) *m.* *Greek Mythol.* Acheron (a river in the infernal regions). — **Achse**, *adj.* relating to Acheron, Acheronian, infernal.

* **Achse**, *adj.* Achillean.

* **Achse**, (*w.*) *f.* *Ag.* the most vulnerable part of a person or thing (scheme, &c.), so named from the heel of Achilles having been the only vulnerable part of his body, the weak side.

* **Achse**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Achse**, (*w.*) *f.* *Acad.* Achilles-tendon.

* **Achse**, (*str.* *m.* *Minor.* achrite (green malachite, Kupfermaragat).

A. Ch. n., *abbr.* for ante Christum natum (*Lat.*), before the birth of Christ, vor Christi Geburt (*cf.* A. C., 2).

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* achromatic; a-achse, *str.* achromatic telescope.

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* see Achse).

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transport by land-carriage; auf einer —, (*i. e.* ohne unterweg umzuladen), by one conveyance; 2) *Math.* (also *Bot., Minor., Anat., &c.*) axis, *Mech.* arbor, shaft, spindle (Welle).

* **Achse**, (*pr.* achse], (*w.* *f.* 1) the angle, (*particul.* the inner side) formed by the connexion of the arm with the body, *differing from* Schulter (shoulder), *which is only the upper part of the joint*; 2) upper part of the joint by which the arm is connected with the body, forepart of the shoulder, *sometimes syn.* with shoulder: Einrm auf die — (less usual Einrm die —) flappen, to pat one's shoulder, to clap or slap upon the shoulder (familiarily); ich will das auf meine Achse nehmen, I'll take that on my shoulders, *i. e.* I'll bear the responsibility; etwas auf die Achse — nehmen, to take a thing lightly, to make light of a thing, to treat with (culpable) levity; er nimmt auf die Achse —, coll. he takes it easy; auf beiden Achsen tragen, to act two different parts in the same business, or at the same time, to serve two masters or (opposed) parties, to be (coll. Jack) of both sides, to trim, temporize, serve the time, to carry two faces under one hood; die Achse mit den Achsen putzen or streichen, to shrug, to contract or to draw up the shoulders, to give a shrug (gesture of contempt, pity, perplexity, or resignation); Einrm über die — (or Schulter) ansetzen (*in the ancient language without the article über* —), to look askance at one, *i. e.* contemptuously, to look down upon one, to cut one; 3) † for Achse.

* **Achse** [*pr.* achse] ..., in comp. —ader, *f.* axillary vein; —arterie, *f.* *Anat.* axillary artery; —band, *n.* (shoulder-)strap; —bein, *Anat.* shoulder-blade; shoulder-bone; —blinder, *f.* see —ader; —brille, *f.* *Anat.* axillary gland; —fleck, *m.* (—fleck) shoulder-piece (of a shirt); —grube, *f.* arm-pit, arm-hole; —hemd, *n.* shirt (*among the lower classes*, also: shift) without sleeves; —höhle, *f.* *Anat.* axillary cavity, arm-pit, arm-hole; —flappe, *f.* *Med.* shoulder-strap, *cf.* —fled, 2; —fleisch, *n.* amice (oblong square of fine linen, cloth, worn under the alb by Catholic priests); —nath, *f.* (*among sempstresses*) a seam upon the shoulder-piece of a gown, &c.; —nerve, *f.* *Anat.* axillary nerve; —quaste, *f.* *particul.* *Med.* shoulder-knot, epaulet; —ranke, *f.* *Bot.* axillary clasper or tendril; —schlag, *m.* shoulder-strap (—band); —schlagader, *f.* *Anat.* axillary artery; —schür, *f.* shoulder-strap, *pl.* shoulder-points; —schüttung, *f.* see Achse; —stängel, —stängel, *adj.* *Bot.* axillary; —stiel, *n.* —streifen, *m.* 1) shoulder-piece, gusset; 2) *Med.* epaulet; —träger, *m.* doubledealer, equivocator, hypocrite, trimmer, timeserver, shuffler; —trüger, *f.* doubledealing, duplicity, hypocrisy, timeserving, shuffling; —trügerisch, *adj.* doubledealing, timeserving, shuffling, disingenuous; —trübel, *f.* shoulder-knot (—quaste); —tuch, *n.* amice, see —fleck; —vene, *f.* *Anat.* axillary vein (—ader); —wader, *n.* shrug, shrugging; —wader, *m.* one who shrugs his shoulders; —zug, *m.* *Mech.* block and fall (Hilfszug), block, polypast.

* **Achse** [*pr.* achse], (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to take or throw upon the shoulder; 2) to serve both sides, to serve the time: see auf beiden Achsen tragen.

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* see Achse).

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* see Achse).

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* see Achse).

* **Achse**, (*str.* *adj.* see Achse).

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journal; —*gels*, n. wheelage; —*lager*, n. see —*lutter*; —*nagel*, m. axle-pin, linch-pin; —*neigung*, f. Astr. obliquity of the ecliptic; —*rahmen*, m. separate frame of an axle-tree; —*riegel*, m. cross-timber; —*ring*, m. axle-ring, axle-hoop; —*range*, f. T. slot of an axle-tree; —*schleife*, f. T. axle-washer; —*schmel*, m. axle-bench; —*schnefel*, m. spindle; neutrale —*schicht*, f. neutral surface, neutral axis; —*schlent*, f. clout (of the axle-tree); —*schmierbüchse*, f. grease-box; —*schmierf.* axle-grease, wheel-grease; —*schmitt*, m. T. axial section; —*schraube*, f. axle-nut; —*sch*, m. 1) see —*sch*; 2) (or —*stift*, m.) see —*nagel*; 3) axle-washer. *Acht* [pr. kcht] ..., in comp. —*schnefel*, m. T. gear, pl. axle bearings (of railway-carriages); —*schneffelsch.* n. see *Acht* (schneffelsch.); —*schneffelsch.* f. M. a turning or wheeling (of a body of troops) round a pivot; —*sch*, m. Arch. axis (of a column; *Schneffelsch.*)

A. *Acht*, I. (indecl., excepting the w. *Dat.* *adfin* used without a *subst.* following) cardinal number, eight; — *Tage*, M. eight days, used for a week, sennight (cf. *Wierchen Tage*); in — *Tagen*, in a week; in a week's time; heute über — *Tage*, this day week (i. e. a week to come) or this day sennight; heute vor — *Tagen*, this day week (i. e. a week ago) or this day sennight; ich bin vor — (i. e. 1)hr, coll. vor acht, or vor achten) aufgefunden, I rose before eight (o'clock); er wird morgen — (i. e. Jahre alt), he will be eight (years old) tomorrow; mit achten (i. e. mit — *Wochen*) fahren, to drive with eight horses; II. s. (w.) f. an eight (the figure of eight, &c.); zwei Achten merken (*Hisp.*), to throw two eights (at dice).

B. *Acht*! *Interj.* (l. w.) sound imitating the croaking of frogs (see the more usual *Quack*).

C. *Acht*, (w.) f. 1) attention, heed, watch, care; auf Einen or eine Sache — (*Achtung*) geben or haben, to pay attention to a person or thing, to give heed to ..., to attend to ..., to be on the watch as to ..., to watch, to mark, to mind, to heed; haben or geben Sie —! 1) pay attention, take care, have a care! beware! 2) mark (or bear in mind, &c.) what I say! mark my words! mark me! auf Eremann (*Acc.*) genau — geben, to eye one closely, to look sharp upon one; — haben, mostly used with auf (& *Acc.*), more rarely with *Gen.*: flüchtig hat er des Weges nicht — (*Körner*), as he does not heed the way: still less usual is the *Acc.*: er hat sein armes Tauschen nicht — (*Körner*); eine Sache in guter — haben, to take good care of a thing; aus der or außer — lassen, to lose sight of, to be unmindful or thoughtless of, to overlook, forget, neglect; es war einige Gefahr, daß die Hauptache aus der — gelassen würde, the main fact was in some danger of being discarded from view; etwas in — nehmen, a) to take care of, to look after or to, to be mindful of; b) sometimes used for *achten*, beachten, to become or be aware of, to mind; c) unusual for sich (*etwas*) merken, to bear in mind, to note; d) sometimes construed with the *Gen.*: Tief unter mir nahm ich der Wogen in — (*Platen*), I saw the waves urging beneath me their flight; sich in — nehmen, to be cautious, careful, to take care, to be or stand on (upon) one's guard (vor [with *Dat.*], against; to beware of ...); nimmi dich in —, wenn du diese Vögel fütterst, take care how you feed these birds; sich in — nehmen, like sich hüten (to be cautious how ... &c.) and similar words, is often followed by a negative: nimmi dich in —! dich treibst der böse Geist! der Rache — daß dich Wache nicht verderbe! (*Schiller*, Wall. Tod. 4, 1), (*Colorado*) Friedland, beware — | the evil spirit of revenge impels thee — beware, thou, that revenge destroy thee not; er müge sich in — nehmen, daß er nicht in einem guten

Stück nach Billingsgate geht, let him beware how he enters Billingsgate in a good coat.

2) † for a) *Erachten*, judgment, opinion; nach seiner —, as he deems fit, as he pleases; b) *Beachtung*, consideration, notice, attention; c) *Achtung*, *Aufsehen*, regard, esteem; d) character; station.

D. *Acht*, (w.) f. *Med. Law*, outlawry, ban (of the law), attainder, proscription; in die — verfallen, to become an outlaw; Einen mit der — belegen, ihn in die — erklären, thun, sprechen, erkennen, to outlaw, to ban, to proscribe; die — ist ausgesprochen über ihn (*Schiller*), the sentence of attainder is passed on him; er war noch in der —, he was still under the ban of the law; Einen von der — befreien, to inlaw, to reclaim one's outlawry.

Acht, adj. genuine, see *Wacht*.

Acht! ..., in comp. —*Augst*, adj. having eight eyes, octonocular; —*Ägget*, m. a Swiss coin of eight batens.

*Acht*bär, I. adj. respectable, estimable, deserving regard, honourable, creditable; Comm. eines unseiner a-ßen Häuser, one of our most esteemed most respectable, best, first-rate houses; II. *Acht*, (w.) f. 1) respectability, dignity, estimableness; 2) † a) *Würde*, *Aufsehen* dignity, honour; b) (*Achtung*) respect; c) used as a title (cf. *Achtbar* or mode of addressing some princes: *Euer* (for *Eure*) —, your honour.

Acht! ..., in comp. —*blutig*, adj. eight-legged; —*blütig*, adj. *Wass.* eight-leaved (will); —*blütig*, adj. 1) eight-leaved; 2) —*blütig*, octopetalous, having eight petals or flower-leaves; —*brief*, m. (from *Acht*, D) writ of outlawry, letter of outlawry or proscription, warrant of caption; —*braut*, m. a sort of coarse woollen cloth, used as tapestry.

*Acht*te, I. adj. 1) coll. cardinal numeral, see *Acht*; 2) ordinal numeral, the eighth; zum A-ten, in the eighth place, eighthly; II. s. (w.) f. *Mus.* octava (Octave); —*halb* or *Acht*halb, seven and a half.

Acht! ..., in comp. —*ck*, n. *Geom.* octagon, a plane figure having eight sides and eight angles; —*ckig*, adj. eight-angled, octagonal, octangular.

*Acht*te, (str.) n. 1) eighth, the eighth part; 2) *Mus.* a) quaver: eighth part of a semibreve (*Achtheilnote*); b) unusual, octave (Octave); 3) the eighth part of any quantity, of an arc (Orbit), &c.

*Acht*tel ..., in comp. —*form*, f., —*format*, n., —*größe*, f. *Print.* octavo size; —*teil*, m. *Geom.* eighth part of an arc, octant (Orbit).

*Acht*teile, (w.) v. tr. to divide into eight parts.

*Acht*tel ..., in comp. —*note*, f. *Mus.* quaver; —*paufe*, f. *Mus.* quaver rest; —*zell*, m. eighth part of an inch; —*weite*, f. Astr. octant.

A. *Acht*ten, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) (to express this sense, the verb is now generally used intransitively with auf ... &c.) a) to attend to, to fix the mind or the thoughts upon, to take notice of, to mind (almost syn. with *Beachten*); b) to regard with care, interest, sympathy, to mind, heed, care for, to take heed of; nicht —, to take no heed of, to be mindless of; 2) to deem, to judge, to consider, think, to count, to take for ..., to be of a certain opinion as to ... (in modern prose für, als, wie it is *gener.* added); die Krone der (*Gen.*) mein Fürst mich würdig achtete (*Gothe*), the crown of which my prince deemed me worthy; für gut — (or befinden), to deem or judge proper, to think fit; sie achteten es sich (*Dat.*) zum Ruhme (*Novelle*), they deemed it an honour to themselves; ich achte es für eine große Ehre, I take it as a great honour, I esteem it a great honour; ich achte es für eine Schande, I deem it a

disgrace; ich achte es für verloren, I look upon it as lost; in the old language with the *Acc.* & *Inf.*: ich achte es billig kein ..., daß du erwidern (*Lucas*, 2 Pet. 1, 13), I think it meet ... to stir you up (other examples without and with *an* accompanying the *Inf.*, in *Grimm* and *Sanders*); 3) (*syn.* with *Schätzen*, which, however, *gener.* refers to objects of extrinsic value, while *Achten* expresses the regard paid to intrinsic qualities) a) to rate, value, estimate, esteem (i. a. to set a certain value on ..., which may be high, low, &c., to value at a certain degree of excellence); gering (*Gothe*: klein) —, to value or esteem lightly, to hold in mean estimation, to have a low opinion of, to slight, despise; er behauptet, daß sie es nicht für höher (*Schimmer*) — würden, ihn, als seinen Hund, zu erdichten, he asserted that they would put no more of shooting him than his dog; nicht —, to disregard, to make light of; seine Würde — (as it were die Würde nicht in Anschlag bringen), not to mind any trouble (geschwinder: to spare no trouble or pains); er hat meine Warnung nicht geachtet, he did not heed my caution; er achtet weder Ehre noch Schande, he is past all sense of shame (*Hisp.*); Einen nicht —, to disregard, to make no account of, (verachtend: to set or hold at nought); b) (*hoch* —) to regard with reverence or respect, to hold in respect and affection, to set a high value on, to prize, to esteem, respect, to regard; geachtet, p. a. esteemed, respected, respectable (cf. *Angesehen*); ein sehr geachtetes (i. e. fam. männliches) Haus, a very respectable (honourable, esteemed) house; eine wenig geachtete Firma, a firm of no great repute.

II. *ref.* († & *provinc.* with the *Gen.*: *ein* *Sache*; now followed by *nach*) to attend to (a thing), to pay regard to, to comply with, to conform to, to keep, to observe in practice, to keep (precepts, &c.), to obey (an order); nach (*Heermann*) sich zu — (i. e. hat), which is to be observed (by every body), due notice to be taken (by every one).

III. *intr.* (*gener.* with the *prop.* auf [& *Acc.*], or the *Gen.*, cf. *Achten*, tr.) to take notice of, to attend to, to mind, &c.; auf den Weg or des Weges —, to mind, take heed of, or pay attention to the road; 2) to regard, to attend to or to observe as something to influence our conduct: to consider seriously, to lay to heart; auf Eitte —, to pay regard to morality or good manners.

B. † *Achten*, (w.) v. tr. see *Achten*.

Achten, s. (str.) m. see *Acht*.

Achten, (w.) v. tr. to outlaw, proscribe, ban, to put under the ban; der Geächtete, one under the ban, outlaw.

Acht euder, (str.) *m. Sport.* a stag with eight branches or starts (Enden) to his antlers.

Achten, adv. eighthly, in the eighth place.

*Achten*swürth, *Achten*swürthig, adj. respectable, worthy of regard or esteem (*Achtungswürth*, *Achtbar*).

A. *Achter*, s. (str.) m. (from *Acht*, A) 1) a thing consisting of eight parts, divisions, &c.; a small silver coin of eight Pfennige (in N. G.), Kreuzers (S. G.); 2) *Sport.* a stag with eight branches (*Achtereuder*); 3) one who works for eight hours (*Achtfündler*); 4) *Achter* and die *Achthener*, fine eight, and fine eighteen (two kinds of combs used in *flax-dressing* — *Tabl.*); 5) a verse consisting of eight syllables; 6) anything resembling the figure eight: a) an eight; b) *Watch-m.* a kind of compasses.

B. *Achter*, *provinc.* (L. G., which, as in similar cases, f. i. *Achter*, *Schlucht*, *Achten* has entirely superseded the *High German* form (*Achter*)) I. *prop.* & *adv.* after, behind; II. *adj.* *particul.* *Mar.* aft, abaft; —*ebbe*, f., —*laß*, *Reven*, —*stüde* &c., see *Achterebbe*, *Achter*.

or culture of the ground: —*baueuad*, *adj.* tilling the ground, *see* —*baueitreibend*; —*bauer*, *m.* tiller of the ground, husbandman, farmer; —*bauegeräth*, *n.* agricultural implements, farming utensils, instruments of husbandry (*—gräth*); —*bauegeſellſchaft*, *f.* agricultural society; —*baueinſtitut*, *n.* agricultural institution or college; —*baueunſte*, *f.* theory of agriculture, agriculturism; —*baueunſig*, *adj.* versed in the science of agriculture, agricultural; *ber* —*baueunſige*, *m.* agriculturist; —*baueunſt*, *f.* the art of agriculture; —*baueunſchule*, *f.* agricultural school or college; —*baueitreibend*, *adj.* engaged in agricultural pursuits, agricultural, rural (*opp.* *fabrik*-, manufacturing [districts, &c.]); —*bauewiſſenſchaft*, *f.* the science of agriculture; —*beere*, *see* —*brombeere*; —*beet*, *n.* a piece of ground between two furrows, land, ridge; —*beuütht*, *adj.* (i. u.) engaged in agriculture (*Gdhe*); —*beueſſung*, *f.* tillage, cultivation of the ground; —*beueu*, *m.* soil fit for cultivation (in which anything grows), surface soil; —*breue*, —*breue*, *f.* *see* —*brombeere*; —*brueu*, *m.* the same with —*buueueue*; —*breue*, *f.* (lit. breadth of land) a certain extent or quantity of land; —*brombeere*, *f.* dew- or wheat berry (*Rubus cuneus* L.); —*buue* (*Rataſter*), *n.* (official) register of lands (*Grümbuch*, *Hirſchbuch*); —*bürger*, *m.* inhabitant of a town, who practices agriculture; —*camille*, *see* *ſelbſtcamille*.

Äldersken, (str.) n. (dimin. of Älder) a small piece of ground, a little field.

Wärrer., in comp. —*cultúr*, *f.* cultivation of the land, tillage, culture: —*biffel*, *f.* common thistle (*Feldbiffel*); —*bespe*, *f.* *Comm. valonia* (a corruption from *Ederbespe*); —*bröffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* rose-coloured thrush (*Turdus roscus*); —*cyrenpreß*, *m.* *Bot.* germander-speedwell, chickweed (*Veronica agrestis* L.).

Hārrei', (w.)f. the operation, practice, or act of cultivating the ground, ploughing, tillage, husbandry.

Wärr..., in comp. — eichel, *f.* Bot. tuber of the vetchling (*Lathyrus tuberosus* — syn. Erdnuß).

Häferer, v. s. (from **Häfern**) (**str.**) **m.** tiller of the land, plougher, ploughman.

Hä' er ..., *in comp.* -erbe, *f.* wild pea (*Held-erbe*); -erbe, *f.* mould, black earth, upper or surface soil (*Dammer-erbe*); -fabrant, *n.* *Bo-ummon* (or field) onweed (*Filago arvensis* L.); -fägig, *adj.* cultivable; -fesh, *n.* arable field or ground; field under cultivation; -fj- trant, *n.* see -fabrant; -fleichblume, *m.* (*f.* see (*Häder*)-Subwehen); -fontanel, *m.* (or *f.*) subterraneous ditch, laid out with stones or brushwood, for draining fields; -frauenman- tel, *m.* see -fmau; -frohn or -frojne, *m.* *provinc.* field-guard, field-constable, ranger (*Feldfögig*, *Feldfögler*); -frojne, *f.* -frah- nienf. *m.* plough-service, service done in

[illegible]

field-bugle, *see* Feldenpfeife; —gurre, *f.* farm-jade.

Älterhaft, adj. unusual for Älterbar.

Äcker..., in comp. — *Äckernuß*, *m. Bot.* corn-ore root (*Ranunculus arvensis* L.). — *Äckern*, *m. T.* cultivator. — *Äckersichel*, *f. Bot.* rest-barrow (*Ononis arvensis* L.). — *Äckerrüß*, *m. Bot.* common hedge-mustard (*Sisymbrium officinale*). — *Äckern*, *m.* hay from a fallow field. — *Äckersäcke*, *f. Bot.* see — *Äckersäure*; — *Äckersäure*, *m.* farm-yard, farm, farm-house; — *Äckerschäfer*, *m. Bot.* common elder (*Sambucus rubra* L.). — *Äckers*, *m.* undergrowth or wood-sprung from inferior soil on a field. — *Äckerschneide*, *m. Ornith.* partridge (*Feldhuhn*, *Feldhuhn*). — *Äckersinnung*, *f.* agricultural corporation (— *gilde*). — *Äckers*, *f.* ploughboy; — *Äckers*, *see* — *Äckersinnung*; — *Äckersinnung*, *m. see* — *Äckersinnung*; — *Äckersinnung*, *f. Bot.* cockscomb, see *Äckersinnung*; — *Äckers*, *m. Bot.* 1) harefoot (tro-foil), white clover (*Trifolium arvense* L.); 2) lucerne (*Medicago*). — *Äckers*, *f. Bot.* prickly parsnip (*Lappa tomentosa* Lam.). — *Äckers*, *m.* (1. *u.*) cont. ploughboy, anal. clodhopper (— *Äckers*, *m.* farmer's servant employed in ploughing, ploughman, ploughboy, hind; — *Äckers*, *m. Bot.* 1) wild garlic, crow garlic (*Allium vineale* L.); 2) (*Feld*)*Äckers*, *see* — *Äckers*; — *Äckers*, *m. Bot.* corn-spurry, see — *Äckers*).

get; —*fröh*, m. *Bot.* 1) see *Freiböhl*, 1; 2) wild raddish; 3) (*Wainböhl*) dock-cresses, common nippwort (*Lapsana communis* L.); —*frühe*, f. (*Esattfrüh*) root (*Corvus fragilis* L.); —*früh*, m. *Zool.* earth-crab, mole-cricket (*Gryllus gryllotalpa*) —*frumme*, f. mould, soil, fine soft earth, fertilizing earth easily pulverized, such as constitutes soil (*Früdt-erde*) —*frummeten*, m. *Bot.* purple cow-wheat (*Maladium purpureum* L.) —*frummel*, m. (*frumzer*) corn-cockle, see —*rabe* —*frummet*, m. a collar for a farm-horse; —*land*, n. arable land, plough land, tillage land; (land actually under tillage) ploughed land, cultivated land; (*frumzer*) —*land*, wood land; —*länge*, f. the length of an acre, as a kind of measure; —*latisch*, m. *Bot.* 1) (*Eckmurr-latisch*) corn salad (*Festibala*); 2) (*Spul-latisch*) colt's foot (*Tussilago farfara* L.); 3) prickly lettuce (*Lactuca scariola* L.) —*leben*, n. (f. w.) 1) agricultural life (*opp.* *Sittentleben*, nomadic life); 2) country-life (*opp.* *Stadtleben*).

Ud'erei, see Udlei.
Ud'erein, (str.) n. (dimin. of Uder) pro-

vinc. & post. for Netherlands, which see.

Reiter ..., in comp. —**Reiter**, *f.* cord or line used for guiding plough-horses; —**Reiterfraut**, *n.* *Boi.* flaxweed (*Linaria vulgaris*, see *Rein-fraut*); —**Reiterhe**, *f.* field lark (*Feldreiterhe*); —**Reiter**, *pl.* ploughmen, ploughers, husbandmen; —**Reiterste**, *f.* see *Feldreiterste*, *Schaffraut*.

Häferien, Häferlei, see Häflei.

Häder..., in comp. — flädrödschen, n. *Bot. Lychnis seopertiana* L.; — Isgh, n. money paid for ploughing, ploughman's wages; — misgh, f. plough-mare; — mann, m. 1) *obscure* f. Hädermann, ploughman, plougher, husbandman, tiller (of the ground); 2) popular denomination of several bodies, particul. scarabaeus and tenebrio; 3) or — mäsghenwergel, f. *Bot.* sweet flag (*torum*, which see); — mündschet, m. 1) popular denomination of the (gray) wag-tail (*Reghelste*); 2) *Botom*, a species of scarlet spider, tant (*Erdmispice*); — mennstraut, n. *Bot.* ox-tongue, see Dögherjunge; — mesghine, f. see — beumaischig; — mäs, n. a measure by which a field is measured, land-measure (*Erdmaß*); — mens, f. field-mouse (*Mus agrarius* Pall.); — meufesgh, n. *Bot.* scorpion-grass, mouse-ear (*Eriophorum*); — messile, f. *Bot.* calamint (*Calaminta officinalis*); — menzi, m. & f. (not to be derived from Häder; it is only

one of the many forms into which the lower Lat. *agrimonia* has been changed in German: *Aggermennig*, *Aggermund*, *Adgermennig*, *Odermennig*, *Athgermennig*, *Edgermennig*, *Odergermennig*, *Odermennig(e)*, attempts at assimilating [cf. *Volksheilmittel*] foreign words to better-known vernacular forms) *Bot.* agrimony, see *Aggrimonia*; — *meffer*, n. hand-plough; — *mähne*, m. *Bot.* corn-poppy (*Hydymohn*, *Mastichöpfel*); — *münze*, f. *Bot.* 1) corn mint (*Monarda arvensis* L.); 2) see — *melfice*.

Äckern, (*v.* *ä. tr.* 1) to plough (*almost syn.* with **Pflügen**), to till or dress (the ground), to cultivate (the land); 2) to make furrows or incisions in...; 3) *fig.* to work (out) laboriously.

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—pargel, —part, —psergel, m. *Bot.* corn-spurry (*Spergula arvensis* L.). —Reinfamen, m. *Bot.* grow-well, painting root (*Lithospermum arvense*); —Reinfant, n. *Bot.* 1) see —melle; 2) woodroof: —Reur, f. land tax, tax assessed on fields (*different from Grundsteuer*); —tag, m. day on which plough-service is (to be) rendered (*Frehtag*); —tischelant, n. *Bot.* shepherd's purse (*Thlaspi arvense*); —tjell, m. (vergl. das englische acredale, nach Brockett (Gloss. of North Country Words): *land in a common field, different parts of which are held by different proprietors among miners*, share in a mine (*Grubur*); —tjymian, m. see —melle; —trappe, 1) m. & f. *Ornith.* bustard (*Otis tarda*); 2) m. †, see —tjroll; —troll, f. *Bot.* corn-bromo-grass (*Bromus arvensis*); —troll, m. †, see —tjroll; —umfag, m. the laying out of an estate or farm into parcels; rotation (*Wendurfdag*); —vertheilung, f. (equal) division of lands; —vile, n. farm-cattle serving for tillage; —violet, f. *Bot.* corn-violet (*Specularia perfoliata* D. C.); —vogel, m. *Ornith.* plover, golden plover (*Charadrius plumbeola* L.); —vogelmilch, f. *Bot.* common star of Bethlehem (*Ornithogalum arvense* Pers.); —weg, m. field-guard, field-constable: —wege, f. a level (instrument) for measuring the depth of the furrows; —weige, f. land roller, cylinder: —weg, m. field-way (*Heidweg*); —weiberich, m. *Bot.* purple loosestrife: —werbel, *Zool.* see —trebe; —werf, n. †, agricultural concerns, husbandry: —werfing, n. ploughing tool, see —baugerath; —wesen, n. agricultural affairs; —wiste, f. *Bot.* common vetch (*Vicia sativa*); —wiste, f. see —tjdmwiste; —winde, f. corn-bind (*Oenothera arvensis* L.); —windbaum, m. see —dmele; —wirthschaft, f. agriculture (*Randwirthschaft*); —wurm, m. *Entom.* grub (*Engerling*); —wurj, f. *Bot.* sweet flag (*Acorus calamus* L.); —zeit, f. ploughing-season; —zeug, n. farming-tools, see —gerath; —zim, m. land-rent; —zweibel, f. *Bot.* see —vogelmilch.

* **Welle**, see **Welle**.
* **Welle**, (w.) m. see **Welle**.
* **Welle**, (str.) m. *Bot.* acornite, wolf-bane (*Aconitum, Eichenhut*). — **Welle**, (str.) n. *Chem.* acornite. [le don.
* **Welle**, (w.) m. (Gr.) *Bot.* acornite.
* **Welle**, (w.) m. s. tr. to acquire.
* **Welle**, (w.) f. acquisition, particular of valuable things: wir haben daran eine recht gute — gemacht, it has turned out or proved a good bargain.
* **Welle**, (pr. Akk), s. n. (Fr.) 1) Comm. a) discharge; b) receipt; pour (coll. p. or per) —, (at the foot of a bill, &c.) received (recd), received payment; paid (p.); 2) (at billiards) lead; — geben, to take the lead, to lead.

* **Welle**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr. *acquiescer*) Comm. (l. u.) 1) to discharge, to clear (accounts); 2) to pay, to discharge or answer (a bill).

* **Welle**, (str.) m. 1) a) act, action, performance; b) Law, (official) deed: —nehmen von einer Sache, to take out or receive an official certificate of a thing; von einem Verfall —nehmen, to take note of an occurrence (cf. *Beurteilung*); 2) T. (Müßig) act (of a dramatic performance).

* **Welle**, (Lat. pl.) acts, actions, deeds, transactions (things done, opp. *Agenda*), particular. Law term: (judicial) acts, &c., see **Welle**; ad —legen, see **Welle** den Acten legen.

* **Welle**, (w.) f. act, deed, bill; gener. in the pl. **Welle**, public papers, reports, records, (Welle) official documents, (judicial) acts, deeds, rolls, proceedings (at law), registers, books, or journals, belonging to courts of judicature, reports of (adjudged) cases: nach Durchsicht der Welle, on examining the legal

documents (deeds); über etwas (Acc.) —nehmen, see **Welle**; in den Welle nachschlagen, to consult, refer to official documents; zu den Welle (ad acta) legen, to subjoin or to add to the acts; *Ag.* to lay by, to put by, to lay or put on the shelf, to shelve.

* **Welle**, in comp. —felle, n. Law, a roll or bundle of (legal) documents, acts, &c. (cf. *Acten*), register: —felle, f. Law, office of the rolls: —mäßig, adj. documentary, documental, derived from documents or written evidence in law: authentisch (Urkundlich); —reiter, m. conf. red-tapist: —reiter, f. conf. red-tapism; —tjell, m. Law, introlution of proceedings (at law), &c.: —tjell, m. (ein großer, a large) pile of (legal) documents; —tjell, n. (official) document, see **Welle**.

* **Welle** (pr. Welle), (w.) f. (Fr. *action*) Comm. share (*Anteil*) (chein); pl. funds (in shares), stocks; *Anteiler* von Welle, shareholder (Wellehaber); unfidere Welle, fancy-stocks; Welle ausgeben (emittieren), to issue shares; Welle besigen, to hold shares; voll eingezahlte Welle, shares paid up in full; mit Welle wuchern, to stock-job; die Welle ist sehr hoch, the shares are now at a premium.

* **Welle**, in comp. —abchnitt, m. see —coupon; —antjeil, m. share; —angebe, f. issue of shares; —bank, f. joint-stock-bank; —bankwesen, n. joint-stock-banking; —billy, m. share-holding, fund-holding; —billyer, m. see —inhaber; —(bier)brauerei, f. joint-stock brewery; —börse, f. railway-market: —capital, n. joint stock; —coupon (pr. kupong), m. coupon, dividend-warrant (—abchnitt); —court, m. price or rate of shares; —dividende, f. dividend; —einzahlung, f. instalment: —emission, f. see —angebe; —funde, m. joint stock; —gefellchaft, f. joint-stock company; —handel, m. stock-dealing; conf. stock-jobbing; —händler, m. dealer in stocks, conf. stock-jobber; —inhaber, m. share-holder, stock-holder; —kapital, see —capital; —käufer, m. stock-broker; —promesse, f., —schein, m. scrip; —reiter, m. conf. see —tjeller; —schwindel, m. mania of stock-jobbing, stock-jobbery (—spiel); —speculant, m. dealer in stocks, conf. stock-jobber; —speculation, f. speculation in shares, stock-adventure, conf. stock-jobbing; —spiel, n. stock-jobbing (transactions), stock-jobbery, coll. fund-bubbles; —spieler, m. stock-adventurer, stock-jobber; —spinneret, f. joint-stock cotton mill; —weren, m. see —gefellchaft; —wesen, n. stock-business, fund-business; —zeitsung, f. subscription to shares.

* **Welle**, adj. consisting of (a certain number of) acts; ein wunderliches Lustspiel, a comedy of two acts.

* **Welle**, (w.) f. (Lat. Gr.) *Zool.* actinia.
* **Welle**, (pr. Welle), (w.) f. action: 1) act or thing done, deed; 2) gesture, gesticulation, acting, by-play (*Wirtenspiel*); 3) obnoxious, battle, fight, engagement.

* **Welle**, (pr. Welle), (str.) m. (Fr. *actionnaire*) shareholder; stockholder; (nur in Bezug auf fremde Verhältnisse:) actionnaire.

* **Welle**, (pr. Welle), (w.) v. tr. (Fr. *actionner*) † Law, to bring or to enter an action against (one), to take legal measures against, to sue (for payment, &c.).

* **Welle**, (pr. Welle), (w.) m. † 1) see **Welle**; 2) agent, broker.

* **Welle** (sometimes accented on the first syllable, actio, when opposed to passio), I. adj. 1) active, busy, &c.: 2) actual, effective (of military service, &c.); in a-cm Dienst stehend, effective (opp. non-effective); a-c Thelnahme, active participation; 3) Gram. active, transitive (opp. passiv); die a-c Form (das Activum), the active form: II. s. (str.) n. see **Welle**.

* **Welle**, (Lat. pl. of *activum*), **Welle**, (w.) n. pl. Comm. active property, assets (*Welle-Bermögen*, *Welle-Gut*), active or outstanding debts; — und **Welle**, assets and liabilities; (sine — find gleich null (Nob. & Gr.), his assets or next to nothing, there are no assets at all.

* **Welle**, in comp. —handel, m. Comm. active commerce (commerce which a nation carries on in its own ships), export-trade (*Wellehandel*); *Welle* führt einen —, China einen **Welle**-Handel (*Handel*), the commerce of Great Britain is active, that of China is passive.

* **Welle**, (adj. Gram. used in an active signification, active, adv. actively (opp. **Welle**)). [Wirtenschaft].

* **Welle**, (w.) f. activity (*Thätigkeit*), **Welle**, in comp. —felle, m. Law, the residue of a claim: —felle, (pl. (Lat.) Welle) m. (in book keeping) balances in my favour, amount of my effects: —felle, pl. Comm. active or outstanding debts, assets: — und **Welle**, assets and debts, debts due and owing: —felle, m. actual state or position: —felle, n. active property, assets.

* **Welle**, **Welle**, (Lat. *actum*, pl. *activa*) (str.) n. Gram. active (active form or active verb).

* **Welle**, (str., pl. (w.) *Actu*) m. (Lat.) Law, plaintiff: plaintiff's counsel.

* **Welle**, (str.) n. (Lat.) Law, power of attorney granted to counsel.

* **Welle**, (pr. attri) (w.) f. (Fr. *actrice*) actress.

* **Welle**, (w.) f. actuality.

* **Welle**, (str.), **Welle**, (Lat., sing. not decl., pl. (w.) *Actu*) m. actuary, registrar, clerk.

* **Welle**, (indecl.) m. (Lat.) public act, solemn performance, celebration.

* **Welle**, see **Welle**.

* **Welle**, (w.) f. (Lat.) *Surg.* acupuncture.

* **Welle**, (from *Lat. acutus*, sharp-pointed, sharp) I. adj. acute: 1) Med. attended with symptoms of severity, and coming speedily to a crisis (opp. *Chronisch*); a-c Krankheit, acute or inflammatory disease; 2) Gram. sharp, high: der a-c **Welle**, acute accent (opp. *Gravis*); II. s. (str.) m. or **Welle**, (Lat.) Gram. acute accent, see the preceding word.

A. d., abbr. for a dato (Lat.), from (this) date (von diesem Tage or Datum).

A. d., abbr. for (Lat.) *Anno Domini*, in the year of the Lord, im Jahre des Herrn. Ad absurdum (Lat.) führen, Log. to convict of absurdity.

Ad acta, (Lat. to the acts) see **Acta**.

Adagio (pr. ad'adzio), I. adv. (Ital. at leisure) *Mus.* adagio, slowly: II. s. (str., pl. A-d) n. *Mus.* adagio.

Adalbert, see **Adalbert**.
Adam, m. Adam (*Hebrew* P. N.); der alte —, *Theol.* Ag. the old man, i. e. original sin (*Erbsünde*); den alten — ausziehen, to put off the old man, to amend one's life.

* **Adamant**, (w.) m. † & poetic. adamant (a very hard stone; diamond).

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* **Adamant**, (str.) m. *Mines.* adamant (a variety of corundum). [earth].
* **Adamant**, (w.) m. pl. (sing. **Adamit**) *Church Hist.* Adamites, Christian sect (**Adamit**).

* **Adamit**, (w.) m. *Adamit*.

* **Adamit**, in comp. —apfel, m. 1) *Bot.* (Paradiesapfel) Adam's apple (fruit of the plantain-tree, *Musa paradisiaca*); 2) see **Adamit**; 3) or —biss, m. *Anat. coll.* Adam's apple,

Adam's bit, prominent part of the throat (Schlingepilz); —felig, *f. Bot.* a) see —apfel; b) according to others, (the fruit of) the Egyptian fig-tree (*Ficus sycomorus*); —holz, *n.* Adam's wood, black, hard, fossil wood, found near Astrachan, and used like ebony; —adel, *f. Bot.* Adam's needle, yucca.

* *Adan'süze*, (*w.*) *f.* sour gourd, baobab-tree, monkey's bread (the African tree *Adansonia digitata*).

* *Adäquat*, *adj.* adequate.

* *Ad'(b)attē*, *Ad'tais*, *m. pl.* adatais, adatis, fine Bengal muslin or cotton cloth.

A dato, see A d.

Add., *abbr.* (on recipes) for addatur (*Lat.*), let there be added, or addo, add.

* *Ad'el*, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* (cf. Adle) filthy water, dung-water (Zauhe); spelled also Adel.

* *Ad'et*, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* for Adter, adder.

* *Ad'dic'ten*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) Law, to make over by legal sentence (Zusprechen, Zuerkennen).

* *Ad'd'ren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to add up, to cast up, to sum up (Zusammenzählen, Zusammenziehen); Sie haben falsch addirt, you have cast up wrong; die Kosten — sich (*refl.*) zu einer hübschen Summe, the charges amount to a considerable sum (*Nob. & Gr.*).

* *Ad'dition'* [*pr. Addition'*], (*w.*) *f.* addition (Zusammenzählung); ein *Ad'dition'* rechnen, to do an addition sum; *Ad'ditioner*, *m.* fault of addition, error in casting up.

* *Ad'ditionäl*, *adj.* additional (Zusätzlich, Ergänzend).

* *Ad'ditiv*, *adj.* Math. that is to be added, additive (Größen, quantitates).

* *Ad'ductor*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Ad'ductoren*) *m.* (*Lat.*) Anat. adductor (opp. Abductor).

* *Ad'el*, *interj. & sometimes* (*str.*, *Gen.* *Ad's*, *pl.* *Ad's*) *n.* (a corruption from the French adieu which see) adieu, farewell, good-by.

Ad depo'situm, (*Lat.*) in deposit, in a state of pledge, or of trust for safe-keeping; — (in Verwahrung geben (deponieren), to put in trust; to give in charge, to deposit.

* *Ad'ebär*, *Ad'ebär*, (*str.*) *m.* (*MHG.* adebar, *OHG.* odeböro, *odebëro*, *child(?)bearer*) *L. G.* name of the stork, who, when a child is born, is popularly said to have carried it into the house.

A. *Ad'el*, (*str.*) *m.* see Adbel

B. *Ad'el*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) nobleness, distinction by birth; von — (or abelich), of noble birth, a nobleman by birth, (von gutem —) of a noble extraction; von altem —, of ancient nobility, stock; b) nobility; optimacy; peerage; der nobere —, gentry; der gesammte —, the body of nobility; Einer (Eine) vom —, nobleman (noblewoman); 2) *Ag.* nobility (of soul), nobleness, dignity (of mind), honourableness, magnanimity; der — des Menschen, dignity of man, human excellence.

* *Ad'el...*, *in comp.* —aar, *m.* noble eagle, original form of Adier; —bauer, *m.* a peasant who is in the vassal of a nobleman; —beere, *f.* service-berry, see Eißbeere.

* *Ad'elbert*, *Ad'albert*, *m.* (*P. N.* from *OHG.* Adalprant, splendid or excellent of race, Adalbert, shortened into Albrecht, Albert; *A. S.*) Ethelbert. [midshipman.

* *Ad'elbursh*, (*w.*) *m.* young nobleman, page; *Ad'ele* [*pr. Ad'le*], *f.* Adela (*P. N.* from the *Fr.* Adele, which again is derived from *OHG.* Adala, a woman of illustrious [noble] race).

* *Ad'eler*, *f.* for Adler.

* *Ad'el...*, *in comp.* —elche, *f. Bot.* (true) service-tree, see Edelche; —flügel, *m.* Ichth. lavaret, snipe, see Schnäpel; —geschlecht, *n.* noble race or family; —groß, *n. Bot.* a kind of plantain (*Plantago alpina*).

* *Ad'elhaft*, *adj.* (*Laotol*, unusual) imbued with nobility, expressive of nobility.

* *Ad'el...*, *in comp.* —herrlich, —herrlich, (*l. w.*) aristocratic(al); —herrschaft, see Adelherrschaft; —herrlicher, *m.* (*l. w.*) aristocrat.

* *Ad'elig*, (*usual*, but incorrect for Adellich), a spelling which we still find in Wieland, Göthe, Voss) *adj.* 1) noble, of noble extraction or birth; belonging to the nobility; 2) *Ag.* noble, high-minded; ein Adeligler, *m.* a noble, nobleman; patrician; grandee; eine A-e, *f.* a lady of noble birth, noblewoman.

* *Ad'eling*, *m.* 1) or Ad'elung, (*Wieland* Adeling) *f.* one belonging to a noble race or family, nobleman, noble; 2) *cont.* favourer or follower of noblemen, aristocrat, scion of nobility; ultra-nobleman.

* *Ad'ellich*, *adj.* noble, adv. after the manner of noblemen or the nobility.

* *Ad'eliss*, *adj.* (*Stobber*, *l. w.*) destitute of nobility, ignoble.

* *Ad'eln*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ennoble: 1) to raise to nobility, to make noble (gänglich veraltet: to nobilitate); bei —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* ennoblement, act or custom of ennobling, raising to nobility; 2) *Ag.* to dignify, to exalt.

* *Ad'el's...*, *in comp.* —brief, *m.* charter, patent of nobility; er war Einer von denen, welchen die Natur den —brief ausgegibt, he was one of Nature's noblemen; —buch, *m.* book of the nobility or peerage, nobiliary.

* *Ad'el'schaft*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) + see Ad'el'stand; 2) (*Schiller*, *l. w.*) nobility (as a body).

* *Ad'el'schein*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Bürger*, *l. w.*) semblance of nobility.

* *Ad'el's...*, *in comp.* —biplem, *n.* see —brief; feind, *m.* an enemy to the nobility; —freund, *m.* a friend, favourer, or follower of the nobility, aristocrat; —gewalt, *f.* the power of the nobility; —herr'schaft, *f.* a government of nobles, aristocracy.

* *Ad'el'sinn*, (*str.*) *m.* nobility of mind, magnanimity.

* *Ad'el's...*, *in comp.* —kunde, *f.* knowledge of the history and privileges of the nobility; —lexikon, *n.* alphabetical list or dictionary of noble families, nobiliary.

* *Ad'el...*, *in comp.* —stand, *m.* 1) nobility, rank of a nobleman; in den —stand erheben, to raise to nobility, to knight; 2) (body of) nobility; —stolz, *I. adj.* proud of nobility; II. *s. m.* pride of nobility; —sucht, *f.* a longing after the rank of nobility; —suchts, *adj.* longing after the rank of nobility, attached to the nobility.

* *Ad'el'stamm*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ad'el'stämme*) *n.* 1) see Ad'el'stand; 2) see Ad'el'sherr'schaft.

A. *Ad'elung*, (*str.*) *m.* see Ad'eling. [*Ac.* B. *Ad'elung*, (*w.*) *f.* the act of ennobling.

* *Ad'emptiōn'*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) Law, *Ac.* ademption (of a legacy, &c.).

* *Ad'enographie*, *Ad'ensologie*, *Ad'ensomie* &c., (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) description, doctrine, dissection, &c. of the glands.

* *Ad'ep't*, (*w.*) *m.* (*term of the alchemists*) adept, one who has attained to the full knowledge of the profoundest mysteries of alchemy.

* *Ad'et*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) Anat. vein, vessel for the conveyance of blood; die unpaarige —, the vein without a pair; die goldne —, Anat. hemorrhoidal vein; hemorrhoids, (bloody) piles; Einem die — schlagen or öffnen, zur — lassen, to bleed or blood a person, to let one bleed, to breathe a vein; ich habe (zur) — gelassen, I have let blood; b) vein, a passage or anything resembling a vein in appearance, use, or action; Milchgaden, lacteal veins; Wasseradern, lymphatic veins; by old writers sometimes used syn. with fibre, sinew, &c.; c) *Ag.* vein, tendency or turn (of mind), disposition, cast; eine bistri'sche —, a poetical vein; eine satiri'sche —, a satirical vein; in or an ihm ist keine gute —, there is no good in or about him; seine falsche — (*Göthe*), not the least particle of falsehood; er hat keine — von sei-

nem Vater, he is entirely unlike his father; 2) a) course (of metal in a mine, of water in the earth, Wasserader), Min. vein, lode, *Geol.* seam, dike; durch Strumassen unterbrochene A-n, transient lodes; b) vein, a streak or wave of different colour (in wood, &c. [grain], in marble or other stones [cloud, &c.]).

* *Ad'et...*, *in comp.* —beschreibung, *f.* description of the veins, phlebography, angiography; —binde, *f.* bandage or ligature to tie up a vein; —bruch, *m.* Med. 1) a breaking or rupture of a vein, phleborrhage; 2) see Stumpfaderbruch.

* *Ad'et'sen*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Adet) a little vein (*cf.* Adet); kein — von ihm, kein Fünftel von seinem Gefühl (*Schiller*), not the least vestige of resemblance (to him), not a spark of his feeling.

* *Ad'et...*, *in comp.* —entzündung, *f.* see —hantentzündung; —flügel, *m. gener. pl.* hymenoptera, see Hautflügel; —gebilde, *n.* venal or arterial system; —geflecht, *n.* —ge- webe, *n.* venal or vascular plexus; —geschwulst, *f.* dilatation or swelling of a vein, tumor; see —noten; —haut, *f.* (*dimin.* —häutchen, *n.*) Anat. choroid membrane (of the eye); chorion (the exterior membrane which invests the foetus); —hantentzündung, *f.* Med. inflammation of the choroid; —hautleer, *m.* Med. cataract of the choroid; —holz, *n.* grain-wood (*Tob.*), (*Karm.*) plankway of the grain.

* *Ad'et'sch*, *adj.* resembling veins.

* *Ad'etig*, *Ad'etig*, *adj.* veiny, veined, streaked.

* *Ad'et...*, *in comp.* —fnoten, —krapf, *m.* Med. swollen vein, varix (Stumpfader, Blut- aberschwellung); —krampf, *m.* Med. retardation of the venous circulation, causing dilatation or swelling; varix; —läß, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ad-lässe*) *m.* —lässe, (*w.*) *f.* (*Schiller*, unusual) letting of blood, bleeding, venesection, phlebotomy; —lassbündelchen, *n.* Surg. blood-letting compress; —lassbunden, *n.* bleeding-basin; —(lass)binde, *f.* (blood-letting) bandage; —lässe, see —laß; —lassessen, *n.* Surg. & Veter. bleeding-lancet, leech; —lasser, *m.* 1) bloodletter, surgeon; 2) Ichth. a species of the genus *Tenthida* (*Reder'sche* or *Stadefeld'sche*); die *Acanthurus chirurgus* of *Bl.*; —lassgrüth, *n.* bleeding-instruments, bleeding-case; —lasssturz, *f.* the art of blood-letting, venesection, phlebotomy; —lassstanzette, *f.* —lassstanzepet, *m.* Surg. bleeding-lancet; human lancet; Veter. leech; —lassstanzband, *m.* Surg. ligature or bandage with which a vein is tied up; —lasszug, *n.* Surg. bleeding instruments, bleeding-case; —lasszeit, *f.* season for letting blood; —lehre, *f.* doctrine or knowledge of the veins, phlebology, angiology.

* *Ad'et'sein*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Adet) *provinc. & poet.* for Adet'sen.

* *Ad'et'sch*, *adj.* particul. in *Bot.* veinless, not veined or nerved.

* *Ad'et'mennig*, (*str.*) *m.* agrimony (not to be derived from Adet), see Adet'mennig.

* *Ad'et'messer*, (*m.*) *m.* Med. an instrument for measuring the quickness or force of the beating or throbbing of arteries, pulsimeter.

* *Ad'et'n*, *Ad'et'n*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to vein, to form or mark with veins, to streak or variegate with veins; to grain; to cloud.

* *Ad'et...*, *in comp.* —öffnung, *f.* Surg. the opening of a vein; —pilz, *m.* Bot. a kind of fungus of the tribe of *Geastrumycetes*, called also *gift* by *Oken*; —presse, *f.* Surg. a bandage tightened by means of a screw, for exerting a strong compression on an artery, tourniquet; —reich, *adj.* full of veins, veined; —rippig, *adj.* Bot. nerved (of a leaf); —schlag, *m.* 1) the beating or throbbing of the arteries, pulsation, pulse; 2) the incision or opening of a vein,

venesection (—öffnung, —lag); —(schwamm, *m. Bot.* 1) see *Spifferling*; 2) a species of dry rot (*Morulus lacrymans*); —flaar, *m. see* —hantflaar; —flaum, *m. Med.* vena! plexus (—geflecht); —flystem, *n. venous or arterial system* (—gefäß).

* *Adernung, Adernung, (w.) f. partic. Bot.* the veining or venation (of leaves).

* *Adern ... in comp. —errennung, f. (from Adern, 1, 2) a spraining of the sinews of a foot (of animals), producing halting; —wasser, n. Med.* the lymph mixed with the blood, serum.

* *Adhärenz, (w.) v. instr. (Lat. adherere.* to stick to ...) to adhere. — *Adhärenz (w.) f. adhesion (also in Med.). — Adhärenz, adj. adhesive (also Med. inflammation, &c.).*

* *Adhärenz, (w.) v. tr. (Lat. adhaerere)* 1. *u. for* Anwenden, Zulassen, Zugiehen; to apply, to admit (to admit). — *Adhärenz (pr. —giden), (w.) f. i. u. for* Anwenden, Zugießen &c., application; admission, &c. (admission).

* *Adiantum, (str.) m. Bot.* a species of fern, *Adiantum L. partic. the Adiantum capillus Veneris (Flechtenhaart).*

* *Adiaphor, adj. (Gr. adiaphoros, indifferens, neutral) Chem.* adiaphorous.

* *Adieu (pr. adieu), interj. (from the Fr. à Dieu, used elliptically for à Dieu je vous commande, I commend you to God, similar to the German Gott befohlen! for Gott! [Dat.] ich dich befohlen! to God, i. e. to the care of God be thou commended, Ital. addio!) adieu, farewell, good-bye (sometimes used as a subd. [str.] n.); Eimen — sagen, to bid one farewell, to say good-bye to one, to tender one's adieux (to one); Adieu variously transformed in popular pronunciation: Adieu's [pr. adieu's, sometimes adieu's], Adieu's, Adieu's, Adieu's, Adieu's, Adieu's, &c., of Grimm and Sanders, and the word Die. This word "Adieu", introduced into the German, as it was into the English language, centuries ago, is, like all useless foreign terms, looked upon with unfavourable eyes in modern times, and will probably share the fate of other French words, rather senselessly adopted in bygone times, as f. i. Demoiselle, Merri, Plaisir, and a flood of others, for a while assumed to be part and parcel of our language, but at present utterly rejected by educated persons, so that there is no danger, that we "will be reduced" — as the great lexicographer Johnson apprehended his countrymen would be, "to babbles a dink of France". A rhyme like the following: be nahm ich von meinem Kind Adieu | und schweigend blüht es in die Hüh (Gölle), has something very ridiculous in it now-a-days.*

* *Adile, Adile, (w.) m. Rom. Archaeol.* edile.

* *Adilidat, (w.) f. edileship, office of edile.*

* *Adipin'säure, (w.) f. Chem.* adipic acid.

* *A dirittura, (Ital.) adverbial phrase partic. Comm.* in a direct manner, directly; (of goods transported from one place to another): by one conveyance (auf einer Adile); a dirittura (or a drittura) ziehen, to draw directly (without the intervention of a broker).

* *Adj., abbr. 1) for* Adjektiv; 2) for Adjunct; 3) for Adjutant.

* *Adjacent, L. adj. (Lat.) adjacent; II. s. (w.) m. near or close neighbour.*

* *Adjektiv, (w.) f. adjunction, addition.*

* *Adjektiv, (str., pl. A-c, sometimes [w.] A-en), (Lat.)* Adjektivum, (str., pl. [Lat.] Adjectiva) *n. Gramm.* adjective (Eigenschaftswort).

* *Adjektivisch, adj. adjectival; adv. adjectively.*

* *Adjutant, (w.) m. incorrect for* Adjunct, which see.

* *Adjunct, (w.) m. (Lat.)* Law, one to whom something (a title, &c.) is adjudged or

awarded by judicial decision. — *Adjunctivum, (w.) f. Law,* adjudication, the awarding by judicial sentence (Zurteilung, Zupprechung). — *Adjunctivum, (w.) v. tr.* to adjudicate, adjudge, to give or award by judicial sentence (Zurteilung, Zupprechung).

* *Adjunct, (w.) m. (Lat.)* adjunct, assistant (teacher, &c.), associate. — *Adjunctivum, (w.) f. adjunction. — Adjunctiv, (w.) f. office of an adjunct or assistant. — Adjunctivum, (w.) v. tr. (Lat. adjungere,* to add or join to ...) to adjoin, associate, to give as an assistant.

* *Adjunctivum, (w.) v. tr.* to adjust, partic. *Mint.* to size (Zustiren, Abgleichen).

* *Adjunctiv ... in comp. —amt, n.* assaying-office, gauging-office (Gichtamt); —saut, *f. see* —wert; —schraube, *f. T.* adjusting-screw (Stellschraube); —waage, *f.* adjusting-balance; —wert, *n. Mint.* drawing-bench, flattening-mill.

* *Adjutant, (w.) m. Mil.* adjutant, aid-de-camp. — *Adjutantur, (w.) f. 1) adjutancy,* office of an adjutant; 2) corps of officers, acting as adjutants to the commander-in-chief.

* *Adler, (str.) m. (v. s. from Adeln)* one who ennobles, raises to nobility, &c.; *ferm. die Adlerin, (w.)*

* *B. Adler, (str.) m. 1) Ornith.* eagle (*Aquila*); der braunfahle, or schwarzbraune (gemine) —, the cinereous or white-tailed eagle, fawn-killer (*Falco melanotos*); der weibliche —, female or hen eagle, eagless; der kleine or junge —, eaglet; 2) Herald., Numism., &c. eagle: ein — mit ausgebreiteten Flügeln, a spread eagle: ein doppelter (Doppel-) —, eagle with two heads.

* *Adler ... in comp. —ähnlich, adj.* eagle-like, aquiline; —auge, *n.* eagle-eye, piercing and discerning eye, acute sight; —äugig, *adj.* eagle-eyed, eagle-sighted, sharp-sighted, as an eagle: —bette, *f.* service-berry, see *Arctostaphylos*; —bild, *m.* 1) (Adlersbild) the glance of an eagle; 2) eagle- or keen glance: —blume, *f. Bot.* culver-key, see *Agave*; —bohne, *f. Bot.* a kind of kidneybean (*Hilip*).

* *Adlerchen, (str.) m. (dimin. of Adler)* eaglet.

* *Adler ... in comp. —eile f.* eagle-speed, swiftness like that of an eagle: —eule, *f. Ornith.* eagle-owl, one of the buboninae, or horned owls (*Bubo*); Strix bubo L.; —farten, *m. Bot.* brake (*Pteris aquilina*, a kind of fern, *Sam-farten*); —flüg, *m. Ichth.* sea-eagle, eagle-ray (*Myliobatis aquila* Hill.; *Meradler*); —flüg, *m. post. for* —flügel; —flüg, *m.* flight of an eagle: mit —flüg, eagle-flighted; —flügel, *m.* eagle-wing; —geler, *m.* Ornith. bald eagle (*Aquila leucocephala*, *Adelstörp*).

* *Adlerhaft, Adlerhaftig, adj.* eagle-like, lofty, sublime.

* *Adler ... in comp. —holz, n. Bot.* eagle-wood: 1) the purple-coloured, fragrant wood of *Aquilaria Malaccensis*, or *ovato*, an East-Indian tree used by cabinet-makers for dyeing, &c. (*Pteris*); 2) satin-wood; 3) aloes-wood; —frant, *n. see* —farten; —mennig, *m. see* Adlermennig; —nase, *f.* aquiline nose, hooked nose; —orden, *m. Herald.* the order of the (black, red, white) eagle: —orden, *m. see* —flüg; —saumfarten, *see* —farten; —schneile, *f.* eagle-speed; —schwinge, *f.* eagle-pinion; —schwung, *m.* eagle-flight; —stein, *m.* eagle-stone (globular clay iron-stone, generally containing a sort of loose kernel), azules; —vitriol, *n.* eagle-vitriol, copper sulphate of iron from Salzburg; —zange, *f. Metall.* great pincers with beak-shaped limbs, devil's claw.

* *Adling, see* Adeling.

* *Adminalien, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)* Law, &c. to support or substantiate (proof) (Unterstützen).

* *Adminalium, (Gen. A-c, pl. [Lat.] Adminalia) n. (Lat.)* Law, &c. anything tending to substantiate or establish proof (Stützmittel),

unterstützender Grund), (im phott. Recht:) admindle.

* *Administration, (w.) f. (Lat.)* administration (Verwaltung); unter —, under administration, in trust. — *Administrativ, adj.* administrative (verwaltend); —behörde, see *Verwaltungsbehörde*. — *Administrateur, (str., pl. [w.] Administratores) m. (Lat.)* administrator: trustee (Verwalter, Verwalter). — *Administrativum, (Gen. A-c, pl. A-en) n. Law,* mandate or commission appointing an administrator or trustees. — *Administrativum, (w.) v. tr.* to administer (verwalten).

* *Admiral, (str., pl. A-c or Admirale) m.*

1) *Mar. admiral*; 2) *Mollusc.* admiral-shell, admiral (*Conus admirabilis*); 3) *Entom.* admiral (a kind of butterfly, *Papilio atlantida*); —schiff, *n.* admiral's ship, admiral, flag-ship; A-schiffe, *n.* admiral's flag: 1) flag of an admiral; 2) *Mollusc.* a species of bivalve (*Bulla ampulacea*); A-strath, *m.* board of admiralty.

* *Admiralität, (w.) f.* admiralty: navy-office: A-kant, *n.* A-behörde, *f.* board of admiralty; A-gericht, *m.* admiralty court.

* *Admiral'schaft, (w.) f. 1) the office, dignity or power of an admiral, (m. A.) admiralship; 2) — machen, unter — setzen, Mar.* to sail under convoy, in company with otherships.

* *Admission, (w.) f. (Lat.)* admission (Zulassung); A-schlepp, *f. T.* steam-valve. — *Admissionen, (w.) v. tr.* to admit (Zulassen, Gestatten); admittieren (*Lat.*), let (him, her) it be admitted (es werde zugelassen), let it be printed (a license to print, in countries subjected to censorship of the press).

* *Admissionen, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)* to admonish. — *Admissionen, (w.) f.* admonition.

* *Admissionen, (w.) f. Law,* amortization, see *Amortisation*, 2.

* *Admissionen, (w.) f. (Lat. — l. u.)* the act of bringing near to ..., or in contact with (Sinnbrückung, Annäherung). — *Admissionen, (w.) v. tr.* to put near, to bring near, or to apply to ..., to bring in contact with ... (†: to admove).

Ad notam, (*Lat.*) eine Sache — nehmen, to notice a thing particularly, to bear in mind (sich etwas [selbst] merken).

* *Annotation, (w.) f. (Lat.)* 1) annotation, note (Anmerkung); 2) a receipt of the pope, subscribed with his own hand; 3) *Med.* a slight attack, approaching fever-fit (Anwandlung). — *Annotationen, (w.) v. tr.* to note down, remark, observe, to write notes on, to annotate (Aufzeichnen, Bemerken, Anmerken).

Ad oculos, (*Lat.*) before one's eyes; Eimen etwas — demonstrieren, to convince one by ocular proof (Eimen durch den Augenschein überzeugen).

* *Adolf (Adolph), m.* Adolphus (*P. N.*).

* *Adonis, (Indeck., pl. sometimes str. Adonisse, cf. Hercules &c.) m. 1) Greek Mythol.* Adonis; 2) *a) Bot.* a plant, partic. the *Adonis autumnalis* — blume, *f.* — röschen, *m.* Adonis, pheasant's eye; *b) Gard.* a full kind of hyacinth; 3) *Entom.* a butterfly (*Papilio adonis*).

* *Adonis, adj.* Adonian, Adonic: der a-c Vers, Adonic verse.

* *Adonis, (w.) v. tr. (Fr. adoniser)* to dress out or up, to deck out, to make fine; to bedizen.

* *Adoptiv, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)* to assume as one's own, to adopt, affiliate (an Kindes Statt) annehmen). — *Adoptiv, Adoptivum, (w.) f.* adoption, affiliation. — *Adoptiv, adj.* adoptive; Adoptivkind, —sohn, —tochter, —water, —eltern, adoptive child, son, daughter, &c.

* *Ados (pr. ados), (Indeck.) n. (Fr.) Hort.* a shelving (garden-)bed, parterre with a southerly direction (fürsüg aufsteigendes [Garten-]Bett).

* **Abneigung** [*pr. abneigung*], (*str.*, *Gen.* A-8, pl. A-8) n. (*Fr.*) (the act of giving) a sloping direction (*Abdachung*, *Böschung*). — **Abosieren** (*w.*) v. tr. (*Fr. adosser, to lean*) to slope, to give a sloping direction (*Abdachung*, *Abböschung*).

* **Abouchieren** [*pr. abouchieren*], (*w.*) v. tr. (*Fr. adoucir, to sweeten*) 1) *Point*, &c. to soften, to sweeten; 2) *T.* to smooth down (rough edges, &c.), to polish; 3) to temper (steel, &c.).

* **Adressant**, (*w.*) m. the person addressing, the writer of a letter (*[Brief-]Absender*); *Comm.* the drawer. — **Adressat**, (*w.*) m. the person addressed, receiver of a letter (*[Brief-]Empfänger*); *Comm.* drawee.

Adress ..., *in comp.* — *berathung*, *f.* debate on a (political) address; — *Brief*, n. address in case of need (*Nothabresse*); — *Buch*, n. directory; handbook; — *Bureau*, — *comptoir*, n. register office, office of intelligence or address; office of inquiry, intelligence-office; advertising-office.

* **Adresse**, (*w.*) f. (*Fr. adresse*) 1) (*Aufschrift, less usual Überschrift eines Briefes*) direction (of a letter): superscription; address: 2) (*Adresszettel, Begleitadresse label or letter bearing the address of a person, to accompany a parcel (to be) forwarded by the post to this person (in Germany); 3) Comm. firm: einen Brief, aber nicht von Josef, das ist man schon der Überschrift — auf deutsch, "Adresse" — an (Felder, Nimmamüllers, 154), a letter, but not from Joseph, that was evident from the very superscription — in good German "adresse"; Ihre werthe — verdanke ich Herrn R., I am indebted for, or I owe you (esteemed) address to Mr. N., Mr. N. has favoured me with your address; ausführliche —, full address; — auf den Notzettel, address in case of need; der Brief war an meine — (i. e. an mich gericht), the letter was addressed to me; die Güter sind an die — des Herrn R. verladen, the goods are consigned to the address of Mr. N.; an die —, per —, (to the) care of ... unter — des Herrn R., care of Mr. N.; senden Sie uns die Balle unter — des Herrn R., send the bales through the medium of Mr. R.; befürden Sie den Brief an seine —, forward the letter to its destination; der Brief ist nie an seine — gelangt, the letter has never reached its destination; er gab mir seine —, he gave me his address; ich werde ihn meine — prüfen — oder hinfertigen, I shall leave him my direction; er nahm die — des fremden Herrn aus seiner Brieftasche, he took the strange gentleman's direction from his pocket-book; ohne —, (of a letter or parcel) without an address, undirected; 4) (political) address (to a constituted authority, &c.).*

* **Adressieren**, (*w.*) v. i. tr. 1) to direct, to address (a letter), to superscribe; einen Brief richtig (falsch, unrichtig) —, to direct a letter properly (wrongly) (to misdirect), illegitimately; wenn Sie Gegenwärtigen beauftragen, so — (*intr.*) Sie: Benehmen, *postes restante*, if you answer this, direct — Venice, *postes restante*; 2) to introduce by a letter; ich erlaube mir, diesen Freund an Sie zu — (Ihren zu empfehlen), I take the liberty to recommend this friend to you; 3) *Comm.* to forward, consign (goods, &c.); wir — sämtliche Güter an Sie (*Nob. & Gr.*), we send all the parcels to you: II. *ref. (fich) obsolecent*, to address one's self (an Einem, to one), to apply (to ...).

Adress ..., *in comp.* — *karte*, *f.* address-card; — *zettel*, m. (auf Waaren &c.) label, ticket, docket; — *zetteln*, n. (*dimin.* of the foregoing word) address in case of need (*Notzettel*).

* **Adroit**, *adj.* (*corrupted fr. the Fr. adroit*) *obsolescent*, 1) clever, skillful, adroit; 2)

smart, neat, tidy; — *machen*, *Sport*. see *Hoch-machen*.

Adriatisch, *adj.* Adriatic: das a-e Meer, the Adriatic (Sea).

* **Adrittura**, (*Ital.*) see *A dirittura*.

* **Adstraktion**, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) adstriction. (*particul. Med.*) contraction (of the parts of the body). — **Adstringieren**, (*w.*) v. tr. to astringe (*particul. Med.*), to contract; a-d, astringent; a-de Mittel, pl. astringents.

* **Adular**, (*str.*) m. (*from Mount Adula in Switzerland*) *Minor*, adularia, a semi-transparent variety of feldspar (*Kali-feldspath*) moonstone.

* **Adulterieren**, (*w.*) v. tr. (*Lat.* — *L.u.*) to adulterate (*Verfälschen*).

Ad valorem, (*Lat.*) according to the value (nach dem Werthe), on the value or price.

* **Advent**, (*str.*) m. (*Lat. adventus, coming, arrival*) advent: A-8 Vogel, m. *Ornith.* ember diver; ember-goose, emmer-goose (*Eis-taucher, Columbus immer*).

* **Adventiv**, *adj.* adventitious, secondary. **Adventurieren**, see *Adventurieren*.

* **Adverb**, (*str.*, pl. sometimes *w. A-en*) **Adverbium**, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Adverbium, Germ.* [*w.*] *Adverbien*) n. *Gramm.* adverb. — **Adverbialisch**, *adj.* adverbial: dies Wort ist gebrauch't this word is used adverbially.

* **Adversativ**, *adj.* *Gramm.* adversative (sentences, particles, &c.).

* **Advocat**, (*w.*) m. (*Lat.*) advocate (Euch-walter, Anwalt, Rechtsbeistand, Gerichtsbeistand, *[Switz.]* Fürsprecher) pleader; lawyer, solicitor; counsel, counsellor; barrister (at-law); defender, attorney; — (*Anwalt*) beim Handelsgericht, solicitor to the board of trade; einen A-en annehmen, to take a solicitor; ich werde die Sache einem A-en übergeben, I shall place the matter (action) in the hands of a lawyer.

Advocaten ..., *in comp.* — *gebühr*, *f. gener.* in the pl. lawyer's fees; — *kauf*, m. lawyer's trick; — *schreiber*, m. attorney's or lawyer's clerk; — *streich*, m. lawyer's trick; — *vorbehalt*, m. amount placed at the disposal of a lawyer by his client in a law case, lawyer's fees paid in advance.

* **Advocatür**, (*w.*) f. office, privilege or dignity of an advocate, pleader, lawyer, &c., advocacy.

* **Advocieren** [*pr. advocieren*], (*w.*) v. *intr.* to practise as an advocate, to follow the law; to plead as an advocate.

A. E., *abbr.* for *Archiepiscopopus (Lat.)*, archbishop (*Erzbischof*).

* **Aerät**, (*str.*) n. *Chem.* aerated water.

* **Aers** ..., *in comp.* — *dyna*, *mill*, *f.* aerodynamics; — *graph*, (*w.*) m. aerographer; — *graphie*, (*w.*) f. aerography; — *lit*, (*str.* & *w.*) m. aerolite, meteoric stone, or mineral mass; — *log*, (*w.*) m. aerologist, one versed in aerology; — *logie*, (*w.*) f. aerology; — *manie*, (*w.*) f. aeromania; — *mat*, (*w.*) f. pneumatics (*Pneumatik*); — *mat*, *adj.* pneumatic; — *mechanische Presse*, see *Ruppresse*; — *met*, (*str.*) m. aerometer (*Rufmesser*); — *metrie*, (*w.*) f. aerometry (*Rufmesskunst*); — *naut*, (*w.*) m. aeronaut (*Rufschiffer*); aerial navigator, one who sails or floats in the air (applied to persons who ascend in air-balloons); — *nautik*, (*w.*) f. aeronautics; — *nautisch*, *adj.* aeronautic, aeronautical; — *phobie*, (*w.*) f. aerophobia (*Rufschien*), a dread of air (occasional symptom of hydrophobia); — *physik*, (*w.*) m. *Bol.* aerophyte: 1) a plant which derives its sustenance from the air (*Rufpflanze*); 2) see *Retrophyt*; — *scopie*, (*w.*) f. aerology, investigation of the air; — *sil*, (*str.*) m. *Minor*, aerolite, a dark, scaly kind of red-silver-ore in

the mines of Kolywan; — *stat*, (*w.*) m. aerostat, air-balloon; — *statik*, (*w.*) f. aerostatics; — *statisch*, *adj.* aerostatic(al); — *statische Presse*, see *Ruppresse*; — *statische Wage*, see *Rufwaage*. **A. f.**, *abbr.* for *anni futuri (Lat.)*, of the next year, des künftigen Jahres.

* **Affaire** [*pr. afjäre*], (*w.*) f. (*Fr. affaire*) affair (in all its meanings, *syn.* Angelegenheit, Geschäft; *[Rechts- u.]* Handel; *[Ehren- u.]* Sache; Begebenheit, Vorfall; Streit; Geschäft, Ereignis [*partial engagement of troops*]).

Affären, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Affäre*) 1) little monkey, pug; marmoset; 2) *coll.* a slight fit of intoxication (*Rausch*).

Affe, (*w.*) m. 1) *Zool.* ape, monkey (quadrumanous mammal, Biershänder, *simia*); 2) *fig.* a servile imitator, ape; b) silly, foolish person, jackanapes, monkey; 3) (*from similarity of shape*) a) *Mil. cons.* knapsack; b) *Mar.* mizen (stay-sail); 4) (*Entschädelung*) pantograph (instrument for copying drawings); 5) *Techn.* a) (*Rufschapel*) windlass; b) crane, machine for raising weights (cf. the English monkey as the name of the weight of a pile-driver, or of an apparatus for disengaging and securing again the ram of a pile-driving machine); 6) *fig. coll.* a) a man's body (being his inferior part, animal nature) from his resemblance to an ape; *seinem A-en fittern*, to eat, *lit.* to feed one's monkey; *seinem A-en (or Narren)* Zucker geben, *metaphor.* to be extravagantly merry; b) *proverbial and other phrases*: *A-en* sein haben, see *Raufaffe*; den A-en (*gener.* die Nase) im Sad verlaufen (*Leasing*), see *Nase*; *Einem den A-en weisen* or *drehen*, to make a fool of one (*Einem eine Nase drehen*).

* **Affect**, (*str.*, pl. sometimes *w. A-en*) m. affection, emotion, passion.

* **Affectation**, (*w.*) f. affectation, artificial show; false pretense (*Geizerei, Verstellung*).

* **Affectiva**, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) affection, condition or disposition of the body or of the mind: 1) *Med.* state of the body, or its parts, as respects disease: eine glückliche —, a gouty affection; 2) passion, feeling, see *Affect*; 3) a liking, partiality, fancy; fondness, affection, attachment; in — nehmen, to take a liking, a fancy to; to become fond of, attached to (*zu ... Neigung gewinnen*); *A-fekt*, m. fancy piece (*Reihabersprelle*).

* **Affectionist**, *pr. a. (Fr. affectionné)* + (mostly used in the closing words of letters) affectionate (*Genüigt, Ergeben*).

* **Affectieren**, (*w.*) v. tr. to affect (*intr. sich geben*), to pretend (*erkünsteln, heucheln*); *affectirt*, *p. a.* affected, made up, concealed (*Geigert*).

Affectlos, *adj.* passionless, unimpassioned. **Affectlosigkeit**, (*w.*) f. apathy, want of passion (*Feindschaftlosigkeit*).

Affengras, (*str.*) n. *provinc.* second crop, after-grass (*Grummel*).

Affen, & **Affen**, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to ape, to imitate closely or servilely; 2) a) to delude, to fool, to deceive, to mock, to trick, to hoax; b) to make a fool of, to befool.

Affen ..., *in comp.* — *art*, *f.* 1) species of apes, breed of monkeys; 2) habit of monkeys, monkeyism; nach — art, apishly; — *artig*, *adj.* monkey-like, apish, simious; — *baum*, m. baobab-tree, see *Adansonia*; — *beer*, *f. Bot.* 1) (*Rufschere*) crow-berry, arake-berry (*Empetrum nigrum*); 2) moorberry; see *Wooch-beer*; — *besatz*, m. *Med.* monkey-besoot (formerly esteemed as an antidote, &c.); — *bild*, n. 1) figure of an ape; 2) *fig. coll.* monkey's face; — *brut*, n. monkey's broad, monkey-bread, the fruit of the *Adansonia digitata*; — *brustbaum*, see — *baum*; — *sch*, m. *Leich.* see — *ape* (*Chimera* — *Werruffe*); — *frucht*, *f.* 1) apish grimace; 2) an ape's distorted face; — *geschicht*, n. *Zool.* the genus *simia* including the ape, monkey, baboon, &c., (*pl.*) qua-

(gold with an alloy of three fourths of the weight); —*granit*, *m. Miner.* heap of impalpable powder (*Tab.*), granitic aggregate; —*grüße*, *f.* pretended greatness; —*grüßling*, *m. Miner.* common feldspar mixed with quartz; —*haje*, *m. (lit.)* pseudo-hare, *cf.* *Häfer*, A. II. 3) the guinea-pig; —*heu*, *n.* after-grass, second crop of grass, aftermath (*Örummet*); —*holz*, *n.* dead-wood, windfallen wood (*Hölz*); —*holzhod*, *m. Entom.* pseudo-cerambyx or capricorn-beetle (*Necydalis*); —*horn*, *n.* horn-like excrescence, cornicle; —*hüfner*, *m. see* —*schmunn*; —*hummel*, *f. see* —*drohne*.
Häferich, *Häferig*, *Häferig*, (*str.*) *n. see* *Häfer*, B. II. 2.

Häfer..., in comp. —*juden*, *n. Med.* itching or irritation about the *aphrodisia* *ani*; *Entom.-a.* —*jungfer*, *f. Entom.* *see* *Häferjungfer*; —*käfer*, *m.* proscarab, *see* *Meimur*; —*fameel*, *n. Zool.* alpaca (forming an aberrant group of the camel family), *see* *Bama*, *Guano*; —*famille*, *see* —*ramille*; —*famille*, *n. Zool.* guinea-pig; —*Häferjungfer*; —*feget*, *m. Geom.* conoid (*i. e.* that which resembles a cone); —*feget*, *artig*, —*fegetförmig*, *adj. Geom.* conoidal, conoidal, conoid, approaching to a conic form; —*flet*, *m.* false keel; —*fimb*, *n.* 1) posthumous child; 2) a) bastard child; b) *Med.* mole, mooncalf; —*fiane*, *f.* the bones or little nails behind a deer's, &c. foot; dewclaws; —*floster*, *m. (Häfer, B. I. 1.) Med.* hemorrhoidal tumour; —*fobalt*, *m. Miner.* pseudo-cobalt, arsenical nickel; —*föfle*, *f.* 1) (erbige) —*föfle* alumen, alumina, lignitic earth (*Alaunerde*, *Erdföfle*); 2) (hölzige) —*föfle* bituminous wood; 3) poor, mean coal, small coals, dust of coals; —*fünig*, *m. Med.* cancerous ulcer of the rectum or fundament (*Rektaldarmkrebs*); —*frierer*, *m. see* —*brunf*; —*fritriller*, *m.* would-be critic; literary hack; —*frystall*, *see* —*crystall*; —*fugel*, *f. (Häfer, A. II. 3)* spheroid (*Öphäroid*); —*fugelfist*, *adj.* spheroidal, spheroidal, spheroidal; —*föhmung*, *f. Med.* paralysis of the *aphrodisia* *ani*; —*fünfter*, *m. Metall.* conveyor at the crushing-machine (*Tab.*); —*fauge*, *f. Öwv.* lye for ungearing the leather; —*feber*, (*n.*) heel-piece inside; 2) tawed skin; 3) chips of leather; —*feben*, —*fehn*, *n. Feudal Law.* meane tenure, meane feo, arriere feo, re-re- (or rear-) feo, under-feo (feoheld of a superior feudatory); —*fehner*, *m. Feudal Law*, 1) tenant of a meane feo, under-tenant, vassor; 2) *see* —*fehnherr*; —*fehnherr*, *m. Feudal Law*, meane-lord, mean lord; —*fehne-mann*, —*fehne-träger*, *m. Feudal Law*, under-feudatory, arriere- (or rear-) vassal, tenant-paravall, under-tenant; —*fehnepflichtig*, *adj. Feudal Law*, subject to a meane lord, liable to under-tenancy; —*fehneverpflichtig*, *n. Feudal Law*, subinfodation, under-tenancy; —*fehre*, *f.* erroneous, false, or wrong doctrine, heterodoxy (*Tririchte*); —*fehrrer*, *m.* one who teaches false or wrong doctrine, heterodox teacher (*Tririchter*); —*fehrtüfeler*, *m. see* *Johannistüllruden*; —*make*, *f. Entom.* ascaris (*Springwurm*, *Maßdarmwurm*); —*marf*, *n. Miner.* common quartz with schori and garnets; —*mehl*, *n.* mill-dust, pollards, coarse flour (remaining behind, after the better parts have been sifted off, termed *seconds* by Shakespeare); —*menfch*, *m.* degenerate man or human being; —*mette*, *f.* second-hand hire or renting; —*mettemann*, *m.* after- (or under-) tenant, one who hires, rents or takes (a lodging, &c.) second hand; —*mitz*, *f. Med.* splenoidal tumour; —*montag*, *m.* the day following Monday, Tuesday; —*moos*, *n. Bot. lit.* pseudo-

moss, *gener. in the pl.* algæ, sea-weeds; —*motte*, *f.* a genus of lepidopterous insects; *galleria*; —*müfe*, *f. Ornith.* sea-swallow, *see* *Seefchwalbe*; —*münze*, *f. Bot.* a genus of herbaceous plants, *Monarda didyma*; —*muße*, *f.* false muse; —*mußel*, *f. Anat.* anal muscle; —*mutter*, *f.* unnatural mother, stepmother.

Häfer, (*w.*) *f. pl. Sport.* *see* *Häferfloun*.
Häfer..., in comp. —*nachtigall*, *f. Ornith.* mock-nightingale, *see* *Blattmönch*; —*nympe*, *f. Entom.* imperfect nymph or chrysalis; —*orgän*, *n.* irregular or anomalous form, unnatural organ; —*organifation*, *f. see* —*bildung*; —*paßt*, *m.* under-tenancy; in —*paßt* geben, to underlet, sublet; —*pächter*, —*pächter*, *m.* underfarmer, under-tenant; —*pächtländerlein*, *f.* subletting lands; —*papst*, *m.* pretended pope, anti-pope; —*pfaß*, *n.* counterplegdo; —*philofoph*, *m.* pseudo-philosopher; —*philofophie*, *f.* pseudo-philosophy (—*methe*); —*philofophifch*, *adj.* pseudo-philosophic (—*methe*); —*raupe*, *f. Entom.* pseudo-caterpillar (caterpillar with more than sixteen feet), particular the larva of *lentredo* (*Blattwesp*); —*raupenbitter*, *m. see* —*wepe*; —*rede*, *f. (lit.)* the act of speaking behind a person, *Radrede* obolascant, slander, backbiting; —*reden*, *n. intr.* (*lit.* to speak behind a person, *Einem* (*libes*) *nachreden*; *Einem*, von *Einem*, über *Einem* or *etwas*, gegen *Einem*) obolascant, to slander, backbite, to speak or talk ill of (one whose back is turned so as not to be able to hear), to traduce secretly, to calumniate; —*reder*, —*redner*, *m. (from* —*reden*) obolascant, backbiter, slanderer, &c.; —*rente*, *f.* under-rent; —*fabbat*, *m.* 1) the day after the sabbath (*cf.* —*montag*); 2) the first sabbath after the second day of the passover; —*faße*, *f. see* —*motte*; —*faße*, *f. Fortif.* redoubt (*Feldfaße*); —*faßmüßer*, *m. see* —*fehnherr*; —*faßte*, *f. Metall.* twice tried scoria, twice refined slag; —*faßig*, *m.* the act of felling underwood, or the loppings of brushwood in a forest where timber is cut or felled (*Höbraum*); —*faßlich*, *m. Metall.* slich prepared from the residue of melted ore; —*faßmetterling*, *m. Entom.* may-fly, *see* *Söderjungfer*; —*faßrl*, *m. Miner.* sienite, axinite, violet shorl, yanolite, thumer-stone; —*faßwarm*, *m. T.* the second swarming of bees; —*faßwurm*, *m. Entom.* pseudo-scorpion (Africanian); —*faßler*, *m. see* —*fehnmann*; —*faßler*, *n.* false or impure silver, silver containing dross; —*faßn*, *m.* posthumous male child (son), &c., *see* —*fimb*; —*faßte*, *f. Med.* stricture of the anus (*lenasmus ani*), *cf.* *Struhschwamm*; —*faßtel*, *m. Shery.* *speculum ani*, an instrument for distending and obtaining a view of the anus, dilator of the anus; —*faßwurm*, *f. Entom.* shepherd-spider (*Phalangium*, *Weberruch*); —*faßwe*, *f.* 1) *see* —*rede*; 2) spurious language; —*faßin*, *n. Miner.* artificial gem, paste; —*faßid*, *n. Saddl.* cantle, back part of a saddle; —*faßmüßer*, *f. Molwac.* leaf-whole; —*faßfogel*, *m.* pseudo-theologian; —*faßrüne*, *f. see* —*drohne*; —*faßst*, *m. Miner.* Bohemian brown topaz; —*faßall*, *m. see* —*fehnmann*; —*faßfür*, *n.* mock trial; —*faßmischer*, —*faßpächter*, *m.* under-letting; —*faßmischung*, *f.* (the act of) under-letting; —*faßschleßung*, *f. see* —*faßte*; —*faßfall*, *m.* (*Häfer, B. I. 1.*) *Med.* a prolapse or falling down of the rectum (*Maßdarmvorfall*); —*faßte*, *f. (Häfer, A. II. 3)* *Geom.* cylindroid (*Gylindroid*); —*faßterwanze*, *f. see* *Wafferfcorpion*; —*faßte*, *I. adj.* pretentiously wise; sophistic; II. *a. (dact. like adj.) m. & f. (Häfer, A. II. 3)* pretended sage, pseudo-philosopher, philosopher; sophist; wiseacre; —*faßte*, *m.* second queen-bee in a hive; —*faßte*, *f.* pretended or spurious wisdom: over-wisdom; —*faßte*, *f. obolascant & poet.* 1) after-ages, posterity (*Radmetz*); 2) degenerate race (*cf.*

—*menfch*); —*faßte*, *n.* 1) spurious production; 2) specious action, mock performance, hypocritical or low doings; —*faßten*, *n.* anomalous, spurious, or degenerate being; —*faßte*, *f. Entom.* pl. 1) *sphagrine*, *sphagride* (*Ladr.*), tribe of the family of *fosores* (*Örabwesp*); 2) the genus *sphax* (*Wafferwesp*); —*faßter-raupe*, *f. Entom.* pl. caterpillars of the genus *heperia*; —*faßte*, *m.* Mar. wind in the back or from abaft, poop-wind (*Radwind*); —*faßter*, *m. (l. u.)* second winter (*Radwinter*); —*faßte*, *f.* pretended science (such as astrology); —*faßte*, *m.* pretended wit, &c., *see* —*faßte*; —*faßte*, *m. see* *Häfer*, B. II. 2: —*faßte*; —*faßte*, *m. Entom.* ascaris (*Springwurm*, *Maßdarmwurm*); —*faßte*, *m. see* —*faßte*; —*faßte*, *m. Gard.* small sideshoot of the vine, &c. (*Örig*); —*faßte*, *f. (Lessing, l. u.)* after-times (*Radzeit*); —*faßte*, *m.* a kind of rent paid besides the ground-rent (*Gatterzine*); —*faßte*, *m. see* —*faßte*.

* *Ag*, (*str.*, *pl. A-8*) *m.* aga, a title of dignity among the Turks and Persians, given to various officers, commander.
Agg, (*adj. Geogr.* *Aggean*; *das ä-e Meer*, the Aggean Sea (between Asia Minor and Greece). [*see* *Bildstein*.]
Agalmatolite, (*str.*) *m.* agalmatolite.
Agamie, (*w.*) *f. Bot.* agamy, cryptogamy (*Cryptogamic*). — *Agamifch*, *adj. partical.* *Bot.* agamous, cryptogamic (*Agamifch*).
Agape, (*w.*) *f.* agape (*pl. agapen*), love-feast, *see* *Riechmahl*.
Agat, *Agaten* &c., *see* *Häfer* &c.
Agathe, *f. Greek* *agathē*, the good one (*Agatha* (*P. N.*)).
Agave, (*w.*) *f. (Greek* *agavos*, admirable) *Bot.* agave, the great alooe (*Agave Americana*).
Agave, (*w.*) *f. see* *Agave*.
Agel, *see* *Agile*.
Agenda, (*w.*) *f. (Lat.* *agenda* [*pl.* of *agendum*, things to be done]) 1) agenda (something to be done in reference to the service of the church), ritual, liturgy; prayer-book; 2) *Comm.*, &c. note-book, memorandum-book.
Agens, (*sing. not* *dact.* *pl.* *Agentes*) (*Lat.* *agens* [*Gen.* *agentis*], he who or that which acts, exerts power, &c.) *Phys.*, *Chem.*, &c. agent, active power or cause.
Agent, (*w.*) *m. (cf.* *Agens*) agent; *Comm.*, &c. (house-)agent; factor; consignee; *Mar.* agent-victualer: der *geheimte* —, emissary; —*engebüßten*, *f. pl.* —*enpavistion*, *f. Comm.* commission-fees, commission: factor.
Agente, (*w.*) *f. (Dutch* *see* the next)
Agentfchaft, (*w.*) *f.* agentship, *see* *Agentur*.
Agentien [*pr.* *ägen'tajen*], *pl.* of *Agent*.
Agentur, (*w.*) *f.* agency, agentship; —*ge-fchaft*, *n. Comm.* (*gener. in the pl.*) agency-business; —*ge-fchaft*, *n.* application for an agency (as an advertisement in public papers: agency wanted).
Agger (*Öling*, (*str.*) *m. Bot.* the common mushroom (*Agaricus campestris*).
Aggermennig, *Aggermennig*, (*str.*) *m. see* *Aggermennig*.
Agger, (*w.*) *f. see* *Agglafer*.
Agglomeratium, (*w.*) *f. (Lat.)* agglomeration (*Zufammenballung*). — *Agglomerieren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to agglomerate (*Zufammenballen*, *Anhäufen*).
Agglutination, (*w.*) *f. (Lat.)* agglutination. — *Agglutinieren*, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* (aux. *haben*) to agglutinate, to unite (one part) to another; a-*e* *Wittel*, *pl. Med.* agglutinants, adhesive medicines; a-*e* *Örachen*, *Gramm.* agglutinative languages (*opp.* *flexivend*).
Aggrebieren, (*w.*) *v. tr. (Lat.)* to make a first attack on ..., to invade, assault.
Aggregat, (*str.*) *n. (Lat.)* aggregate (*Zu-*

(zusammenhängend); — *aggregat*, *m.* condition of aggregation. — *Aggregat*, *m.* (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to aggregate (Zusammenhängen); 2) to admit, receive into a public body, to annex to, incorporate with (Beigeben, Zutheilen), *particul.* *Mil.* to attach (an officer) to a regiment for the purpose of supplying future vacancies: *aggregat*, *supernumerary*.

* *Aggress*, *(str.) m.*, *Aggress*, *(w.) f.* aggression, first attack, or act of hostility (*Aggriff*). — *Aggressiv*, *adj.* aggressive (*Aggressiv*, *angriffswillig*).

* *Agilis*, *(w.) f.* (*Greek* *agilis*, *Gen.* *agidos*, a good shin, and *shield*) 1) *agis*, the shield of Jupiter or Minerva; 2) a breast-plate, coat of mail, or shield of a god, *particul.* of Minerva; 3) *ag*, a shield, or means of defence, shelter, protection.

* *Agilus*, *m.* (*P. N.*) *Agidius*, *coll.* *Giles*. *Agil*, *(w.) m.* *Eginetan*, inhabitant of *Egina* (Old Greece).

* *Agil*, *(str.) f.*, *Agil*, *(w.) m.*

* *Agis* [with *Fr.* *pr.* *Kisho*], *(str.) Gen.* *Agis* or *Agio*, *pl.* *Agis* (*orig.* from the *Ital.* *agrio*, a difficult manner of *agio*, *Fr.* also, *E. case*, *confuse*; a consideration given in exchange) *Comm.* *agio*, *sum* (premium) given above the nominal value (*Agio*); *ich* mußte ... *als* — (*sein* *Geldwechsel*) *haben*, I had to pay ... by way of change; *mit* *beim* — in *Course* *sein*, to be currently saleable at a high premium. — *Agist*, *ge* [*Kisho*], *(w.) f.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* stock-jobbing, jobbing, gambling in the funds. — *Agist*, *(str.) f.*, *Agist*, *(w.) m.* (*Fr.*) stock-jobber, (money-) jobber. — *Agist*, *(str.) f.*, *Agist*, *(w.) m.* (*aux.* *haben*) (*Fr.* *agitor*) to play (gamble) in the funds, stocks.

* *Agit*, *(w.) v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *tr.* (*Lat.* *agere*, to act) 1) (*haben*) to act (also to perform a part on the stage, to mimic (*Epistel*, *Dorffellen*); 2) *Mil.* to manoeuvre (*Manöuviren*).

* *Agis*, *f.* see *Agide*.

* *Agitation*, *(w.) f.* (*Lat.*) agitation. — *Agitator*, *(str.) pl.* *Agitator* (*m.* *agitor* (*Lat.* *agere*, to act) in a bad sense: *Unruhstifter*, *Unruhe*, *Unruhe*). — *Agitator*, *(w.) v. tr.* to agitate (in Bewegung setzen, aufregen, erregen, comm. *wühlen*).

* *Agitation*, *(str.) n.* the same as *Agitation*.

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gree: —zeit, *f.* time of ancestors, ancestral age (*Zeit*).

Uhn..., *in comp.* —fram, *f.* grandmother; ancestress, foremother: —herr, *m.* grandaunt, ancestor, forefather, see *Uhn*; —herrlich, *adj.* ancestral, according to the fashion of one's ancestors or forefathers.

Uhn!, *provinc.* see *Uhn*.

Uhnlich, *adj.* (Voss, *l. u.*) ancestral.

Uhnlich, *adj.* (like *Uhn* Person oder Sache (*Das*), a person or thing), similar (to...), resembling; agreeing; analogous; *in Geom.* — *ä-t* Figuren, similar (rectilinear) figures; *ä-t* Körper, similar solids; *ä-t* Glieder einer Gleichung, *Algeb.* equal terms of an equation; *ä-t* Begriffe, Ausdrücke, analogical ideas, analogous expressions (terms); *Uhn* großen Zelle — eingetraget, arranged in imitation of a large tent; *ä-t* Umstände, similar or analogous cases, circumstances; bei *ä-t* Gelegenheiten, on similar (such) occasions: was würden Sie in einem *ä-t* Falle thun? (*Hilpert*), what would you do in a like case, or under similar circumstances? der Geist ersieht bald seinen Gegenstand, indem er die Vergleichsbeziehung findet als das *ä-t* entdekt, the mind soon grasps its subject, discovering the points of diversity as well as of similarity; — *Uhn*en, to make similar (*Uhn* *Das*, to...), to assimilate; — *Uhn*en, to draw (like a person or thing), to take after: — *Uhn*en (*Uhn* *Uhn* *Uhn*), to be or look like, to come near, to resemble (one, &c.), to have or bear resemblance (*Uhn* an analogy to); sich *Uhn*en — *Uhn*en, to resemble one another; sieht er nicht seinem Bruder recht? — does he not look very much like his brother? er sieht sich nicht mehr —, he does not look like himself any more, there are no traces left of his former self; er sah sich gar nicht mehr —, (of a person in a rage, &c.) he had entirely altered his looks; das sieht ihm —, this looks or is like him, that was to be expected from him; gestern war er sich (*Das*) gar nicht —, he was not himself yesterday, he was unlike his usual self yesterday; dies sieht einem seiner Etzende sehr —, this is very much like one of his tricks.

Uhnlichen, (*u.*) *v. tr. & intr.* obsolescent, to make or to be similar (to), &c. see *Uhn*en, which has supplanted this word.

Uhnlichkeit, *adj.* *Geom.* similar.

Uhnlichkeit, (*u.*) *f.* 1) likeness, resemblance, similitude; similarity; — haben mit... (*cf.* *Uhnlich* sein), to bear resemblance to...; to bear an analogy to... 2) (*Uhn*alogie) analogy, agreement; der *Uhn*weis, analogical proof, the argument by analogy; das *Uhn*gesetz, the law of analogy; der *Uhn*grund, analogical reason, analogism; die *Uhn*regel, analogy; der *Uhn*schluß, reasoning by analogy, analogism; *Uhn*zeichen, *n.* *Math.* sign of analogy (*different* from *Uhn*gleichheit).

Uhnlichmachung, **Uhnlichung**, (*u.*) *f.* the act of making similar, conformation after the likeness of some original, assimilation.

Uhnung, (*u.*) *f.* (from *Uhn*en, which see) 1) presentiment, anticipation, presage; (besonders schlimme, üble:) foreboding, misgiving; sie selbst hatten keine — davon, they themselves had no suspicion of it; sie hatten nicht die geringste — davon, daß sie unrecht thaten, they had no shadow of idea that they were doing wrong; 2) (*Geister*, *unusual*) presage, omen, portent.

Uhnung..., *in comp.* — *Uhnung*, *m.* (*Göthe*) prescient yearning (*Sehnung*); — *Uhnung*, *adj.* having no presentiment, foreboding, &c. without any misgiving; die *Uhnung* der Welt! Wie — *Uhnung* sie in das ausgepönte Wortnetz stürzen (*Schiller*), Unhappy men! how free from all foreboding! they rush into the outspread net of murder! (*Coleridge*); (*with Gen.*) so

— *Uhnung* des Unglücks (*König*), so unsuspecting of any disaster; — *Uhnung*, *adj.* full of presentiment, &c. (*cf.* — *Uhnung*), fraught with anticipation, filled with foreboding, misgiving, &c.; — *Uhnung*, *m.* shuddering presentiment, foreboding shiver, presageful dread, awful misgiving; — *Uhnung*, *m.* (*Göthe*, *l. u.*) faculty of presaging; — *Uhnung*, *adj.* full of presentiment, anticipation, &c. (*cf.* *Uhnung & Uhnungserick*), foreboding; presageful: awe-inspiring: — *Uhnung*, *adj.* through a kind of presentiment or anticipation, &c. *cf.* *Uhnung*.

Uhn! *interj.* (*Anglicism*, from *ahoy*) *Mar.* ahoy! used in calling to any one (a ship) at a distance.

Uhn, (*str.*, *pl.* *U-n*, sometimes *u.* *U-en*, but *gener.* *unwandelbar*) *m.* *Bot.* (— *baum*, *m.*) maple-tree (*Acer*); der *Uhn* (großblättrige, weiße) — (*Uhn*ter), sycamore maple (*Acer pseudoplatanus*); der *Uhn*blättrige —, *Acer platanoides*; der *Uhn* (kleine, deutsche (Kleinblättrige) —, (*Uhn*holder), *Uhn*, *Uhn* (Uhn), *Acer campestre*; der *Uhn*blättrige —, *Acer negundo*; der *Uhn* —, the red-flowering maple (*Acer rubrum*).

Uhn, (*u.*) *Uhn*en) *adj.* made of *Uhn*en... *in comp.* — *Uhn*, *f.* *Entom.* maple aphid: — *Uhn*, *f.* gnarled excrescence of maple: — *Uhn*, *m.* maple-juice, juice of maple: — *Uhn*, *f.* *Chem.* acetic acid; das — *Uhn* *Uhn*, acerate: — *Uhn*, *m.* maple-sugar.

Uhn, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Uhn*, *B*) little ear, spikelet (*spicula*).

Uhn, (*u.*) *provinc.* 1) or *Uhn*, for *Uhn*; 2) for *Uhn*, *B*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *m.* *t.* see *Uhn*en.
Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* ear (of corn), spike (of grass or corn); *Uhn* Korn —, an ear of corn (in *den* *B.* *Ent.* *gewöhnlich* = *Wais*); die *Uhn* —, tare; in *Uhn* *Uhn*, to shoot out into ears; das *Uhn* hat (or ist in) *Uhn*, the corn is in ear; *Uhn* *Uhn*, to glean (ears of corn after the reapers).

Uhn, (*u.*) *Uhn*, (*str.*) *m.* (*t.* & *provinc.* Haus*Uhn*, Haus*Uhn*, *Bae.* *Uhn*, *Uhn*, *Uhn*, *Uhn*; *Uhn* (*Schiller*) floor, entrance-hall (of a house), *Uhn* *Uhn* die *Uhn* (*Diele*), usual *HG.* expression Haus*Uhn*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *v.* (from *Uhn*, *B*) *l. ref.* to ear, to form ears, to shoot (out) into ears (as corn); *Uhn* *Uhn* to glean (ears of corn).

Uhn, (*u.*) *v. tr. t.* to plough and prepare (the ground) for seed.

Uhn, *in comp.* — *Uhn*, *adj.* crowned with ears (of corn, wheat, &c.); — *Uhn*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) a species of fern resembling ears or spikes, *Stachyopteris*; 2) a kind of common club-moss (*Lycopodium clavatum*); 3) a kind of adder's tongue (*Ophioglossum vulgatum*); — *Uhn*, *n.* corn-field in ears; — *Uhn*, *m.* *Atherina* (*Atherina hepsetus* C.); — *Uhn*, *f.* corn-field in ear; — *Uhn*, *adj.* like an ear of corn, like a spike, spiked; — *Uhn*, *f.* cereal grass, grain (*in distinction* from *Uhn*frucht); — *Uhn*, *f.* (*Uhn*iges *Uhn*frucht) *Minor.* granular ore (*Tala*); — *Uhn*, *adj.* spiked, with ears, eared like corn, *cf.* — *Uhn*; — *Uhn*, *m.* wreath or crown consisting of ears (of corn or wheat, &c.), *Uhn*frucht; — *Uhn*, *f.* — *Uhn*, *n.* a gleaming or gathering of the ears (of corn after reaping — *Uhn*); — *Uhn* — *Uhn* the title of a book (*Lat.* *apicilium*), corresponding to the English: Gleaner; — *Uhn*, — *Uhn*, *m.* — *Uhn*, *f.* gleaner; — *Uhn*, *m.* sea of (waving) ears (of corn); — *Uhn*, *m.* (*lit.* month of ears) harvest month (*Uhn*monat), August; — *Uhn*, *adj.* full of ears; — *Uhn* *Uhn*, *post.* plains rich in fertile corn-fields; — *Uhn*, *m.* (*Rückert*, *unusual*) the ears (*f.* *e.* the corn) cut off; — *Uhn*, *adj.* (*Brucke*) pregnant with ears, full of ears (*cf.* — *Uhn*); — *Uhn*, *f.* point of

an ear, awn (*Granne*); — *Uhn*, *adj.* *Bot.* spicate, spicated; — *Uhn*, *m.* *Minor.* 1) granular asbestos; 2) fibrous or striated baryta or heavy spar, crested sulphatic baryta, heavy lenticular spath; — *Uhn*, *adj.* bearing or producing ears (of corn); — *Uhn*, *m.* *Bot.* spiked or purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*).

Uhn, *adj.* (from *Uhn*, *B*) eared, furnished with ears, as corn (*Uhn*), *gener.* *in comp.* as *Uhn*, full-eared (having the heads full of grain).

Uhn! *interj.* denoting pain (*Göthe*, *unusual*), oh! woe is me! (*Milton*: ay me!).

Uhn, (*pr.* *in two syllables*) (*str.* — *Uhn*, or *Uhn*, *pl.* *Uhn*, or *Uhn*) *n.* *Zool.* the (South American) sl. three-toed sloth (*Faulthier*).

Uhn and its derivatives (*Uhn*ant &c.) *in-correct* for *Uhn* *Uhn*, which see.

Uhn, (*pr.* *Uhn*, *Uhn*, *Uhn*) (*u.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) 1) *Zool.* egret, a species of ape (genuine *Uhn*), see *Uhn*; 2) a) *Ornith.* egret (*Uhn*), b) egret, egret, egret, a tuft of (heron-) feathers (*Uhn*); an ornament (sometimes of ribbon) for the head, in the form of a heron's crest.

Uhn, (*pr.* *Uhn*), (*str.*, *pl.* *Uhn*) *n.* (*Pr.*) *t.* air, assumed importance (*Uhn*); sich *Uhn* geben, (*Gallicism*) to give one's self airs.

Uhn, (*pr.* *Uhn*, *Uhn*) (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

Uhn, (*pr.* *Uhn*, *Uhn*) (*u.*) *v.* *tr.* (*Pr.* *Uhn*), to adjust (in *Uhn* bringern &c.).

Uhn, (*pr.* *Uhn*, *Uhn*) (*u.*) *f.* adjustment; outfit.

Uhn, (*u.*) *pl.* *Uhn* (*Uhn*) *f.* 1) academy: a) a celebrated gymnnasium in the place where Plato taught philosophy; b) by metonymy the academical (*i. e.* Plato's) philosophy and sect; c) a college; university: place of instruction; a learned society, &c.; 2) riding-house; 3) or — *Uhn*, *n.* *Pr.* *Uhn* & *Uhn* academy figure, study. — *Uhn*, (*str.*) *m.* academical. — *Uhn*, *adj.* academical; ein *Uhn* *Uhn*, academic. — *Uhn*, (*u.*) *m.* academist.

Uhn, see *Uhn*...

Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Zool.* (*gener.* *pl.* *Uhn*) aculeph, aculephans (*Uhn*).

Uhn, (*str.*, *pl.* *U-n*, & [*u.*] *U-en*) see *Uhn*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

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Uhn, (*u.*) *f.* *Uhn* *Uhn*.

nions, may be expressed in German by employing either the Acc. (familarly the Gen.) plur. (alle) or of the sing. (jeden, jede, jedes), while the English language is confined to the sing. (every): alle (fam. aller) Augenblicke, every moment; er ist alle Augenblicke krank, he is sick every now and then; alle Tage, every day; alle drei Tage, every third day; alle Jahre, every year; alle sieben Jahre, every seven years, every seventh year; b) in a few exceptional cases, however, we find all connected with the singular of nouns, either abstract themselves, or in sentences conveying a generalized meaning; when Göthe says: und so schließt nun aller Vogel | in dem groß und kleinen Reite (4, 121), the meaning is, that also to the common lot of all creatures, of each and all; aller Zustand ist gut, der natürlich ist und vernünftig (Göthe), all and every condition is good, which is natural and reasonable; alles Ding, all (created) things; die Frauen alles Standes (Göthe), the women of every (conceivable) grade, condition; allen Augenblick (Göthe, very unusual for jeden Augenblick), every moment; alle Anfang ist schwer, every beginning is difficult; alle Dinge ist unmaß | all exertion is useless; alle Achtung vor seinem Wissen, (with) all respect for his knowledge; sie haben alle Aussicht zu gewinnen, they stand a fair chance of obtaining the prize; Einem alle Ehre erweisen, to show one every honour (due to him, &c., i. e. not to be wanting in due respect, &c.); alle unsere (or unsere ganze) Hoffnung, our whole hope; wie nur dem Kopf nicht alle Hoffnung schwimmt, der ... (Göthe, Faust), how is it possible that all hope should not desert the wight, who ...; mit aller Gewalt, with full force, with might and main; er wollte mit aller Gewalt herein, he obstinately insisted on entering; in aller Eile, with all (possible) speed; ich wollte in aller Eile frühstücken, I intended to snatch a bit of breakfast; in aller Frühe (sang in der Frühe, ganz früh), quite early, sometimes: sie brachen in aller Frühe auf, they set out at a very early hour; er wurde in aller Eile begraben, he was buried very quietly; er antwortete in aller Ruhe, he answered altogether quietly; er sah dem Tode mit aller Hoffnung entgegen, he looked forward to death with perfect composure; ohne alle (ohne jede, or ohne alle) und jede Ursache, without any reason; ohne alle Bemunft, quite unreasonably, utterly void of reason; ohne allen Zweifel, without any doubt; auf alle Weise, in every possible way; alles Gute, everything good; der Guter alles Guten, the Giver of all good; alles Böse, everything bad, evil, &c.; der Urheber alles Bösen, the author of all evil; alle Welt: 1) (almost syn. with die ganze Welt) all the parts of the world; seine Sammlung ist leider in alle Welt zerstreut (Göthe), his collection has, I am sorry to say, been dispersed over all the world; 2) alle Welt weiß es, all the world, every body knows it; 3) colloquial phrases: in aller Welt (cf. zum Ansehen &c.): was in aller Welt machst du hier? whatever are you doing (are you at) here? wo in aller Welt steht er jetzt? wherever is he now? ich begreife in aller Welt nicht, was das heißen soll, I am entirely at a loss how to explain this.

7) **ALL** und jeder, emphatically, all and every, all and sundry, each and all (of them, &c.), one and all; in this combination **ALL**, at least in the sing., almost invariably drops its inflection altogether, as is sometimes the case with the first of two adjectives connected by und (cf. f. i. Göthe's in dem groß und kleinen Reite); it is curious that in this combination jeder (which otherwise is without a plural) may assume the plural form: all und jede or alle und jede; es sei Allen und Jedem gesagt, es

komme zu Allen und Jedem Kunde, let it be (or be it) known to each and all; er spricht bei all und jeder Gelegenheit, he speaks on every and any occasion.

8) **Adverbial use.** The *ander* all seems to admit of an adverbial construction a) in such combinations (mostly occurring in poetry), as all jäubertlich und nett (Bürger), all (i. e. entirely, altogether) nice and tidy; it is often placed before *liberall* to intensify the meaning; liberall, all liberall, everywhere, in every place; und liberall, all liberall, | auf Wegen und auf Stegen (Bürger, Lenore), and everywhere, aye, everywhere | in road, and lane, and street (Baskerville); es ist all eins (Göthe, Schiller), although equivalent to it is all one, it is by no means as frequent as the English phrase; b) *provinc.* (Low Germ.) for *Schon* (which see): already: das weiß ich all, I know that already.

9) **ALL**, *in the sense of* at an end, finished, all gone, done, out, used up to the very last item, no more, &c. and in connection with *sein*, *werden*, *machen*. **ALL** in these colloquial phrases is not an adverb, but is rather used as a predicative adjective (fertig, *provinc.* gar &c.): der Wein ist alle, the wine is at an end, out, &c., there is no more wine; das Geld ist alle, the money is spent; alle werden, to run out, to be spent; alle machen, to finish, to do away with, to get through with ... to exhaust, dissipate, &c.; die Kugeln sind alle (Göthe), the bullets are spent; nun schließt nur hin, daß es alle wird (Egmont I, 1), now, shoot away, and make an end of it, or, have done with it.

II. s. 1) (*adv.*) n. see the separate article.

2) **pl. ALLE**; **ALLE** für **Einem** und **Einem** für **ALLE**, all and singular, collectively and individually, conjointly; nicht Alle haben dieselbe Anlage, all have not the same disposition; es haften Alle für **Einem** und **Einem** für **ALLE**, all are jointly and severally bound (responsible); er schämt sich, sich den Blicken Aller aussetzen, he shrinks from public gaze and exposure.

3) **ALLES**, n. sing. a) an) everything, anything, all; b) coll. every body; Alles ist verloren, everything (or all) is lost; er ist Allen Alles, he is all things to all men (Egl. 1 Corinth. 9, 22); wir wollen eines dem andern Alles sein, let us be everything to each other; Alles in Allem, all in all, altogether; wir sind einander Alles gewesen, we have been all in all to each other, we were all the world to each other; es waren siebenhundert in Allem, there were seven hundred altogether; sein Geschäft ist sein Alles, his business is his life (his all); er gilt Alles bei ihnen, he is one and all with them; Ende gut, Alles gut, proverb, all is well that ends well; wenn das Alles ist (or negatively wenn es weiter nichts ist), if that be (or is) all; Alles anstrengen, to strain every nerve, to exert one's self to the utmost; es ist mir Alles eins, gleich, einerlei, or recht, it is all one, the same, or equal to me, I am for anything; es kommt ihm Alles gelegen, he is for anything, nothing comes amiss to him; Gewissheit über Alles und Jedes (or **ALL** und **Jedes**, cf. above, I. 7) ist unerreicher, certainty about anything and everything is unattainable; es ist nicht Alles Gold was glänzt, all is not gold that glitters (über diese Stellung der engl. Übersetzung siehe Note); die Erläuterung ist Alles (or alles Andere) eher, als erläutern (or die &c. ist Alles, nur nicht &c.), the explanation is anything but explanatory; ich möchte (lieber) Alles, nur nicht ..., or ich möchte lieber alles Andere, als ..., I would have anything rather than ...; über Alles, above all things, of all things; Deutschland über Alles! Germany above all; das möchte ich um Alles in der Welt nicht thun, I should not like to do that for all the world; vor Allem, before all (things); vor Allem erlaube ich &c., above all,

I request you: Alles was, all that; Alles was er hatte, all that he had; Alles wurde Aufmerksamkeit, every body's attention was called; b) *indclinable in conjunction with* *was*, *wer*, and other interrogatives and relatives, serving (similar to *immer* or the English *ever*, &c.) to emphasize the word to which it is added, so that it should be accepted in its widest sense; was werde ich noch Alles leiden müssen, what and how many sufferings may not be in store for me! how manifold (in number, degree, kind, &c.) may the sufferings be I have yet to undergo; was schätzte nicht Alles! how many things were not wanting! es ist erstaunlich, was er Alles weiß, it is surprising how many things he knows, the extent and variety of his knowledge are surprising; ich habe vergessen, was er Alles wissen wollte, I have forgotten all the manifold particulars he wanted to know; was könnte ich nicht Alles dir zu Liebe thun? what is there (i. e. there is nothing whatever) in all the world I would not do for love of you? wer war denn Alles gegen? who were all the persons present? wem soll ich wohl Alles noch Geld geben? how many are there still to whom I am to give money? ich hatte den Philosophen, den Physiker, Mathematiker, Vater, Mechaniker und Gott weiß wen Alles in Anspruch genommen (Göthe), I had called in the assistance of the philosopher, the physicist, the mathematician, the painter, the mechanician, and God knows whom besides; wahrhaftig, ich wüßte nicht, wem mein gekränktes Herz jetzt nicht Alles schuldig wäre (Göthe), indeed, I do not know, of what (dreadful) things my injured heart might be capable at this moment; als er sah, wie und wo man die Gefährlichkeit Alles suchte (Gutzkow), when he saw, how eagerly and in how many (possible and impossible) places they looked for his Excellency; in Rom und wo **ALL** (Alles) (König), in Rome and wherever else; c) see **ALLES** in the alphabetical order below.

ALL, a. (*adv.*, Gen. **ALLS** or **ALL**, less usually **Alles**, Dat. **ALL**, rarely **Alles**, pl. **ALLE** (l. u.)) n. 1) the whole, totality; particular the universe (Weltall); 2) sometimes for **ALLES** (Sander): mein Liebestet! mein —! my beloved (one)! my all!

ALL ..., in comp. —**alldentlich**, *adv.* & *adv.* (happening) every evening or every night; —**anerkannt**, *adv.* universally acknowledged; —**anfassend**, *adv.* attacking from every side or part; —**anflammernd**, *adv.* (Herder, l. u.) all-inflaming (all-flaming, Beaumont, cited by Todd); lighting up or shining upon every thing with flames; —**angebetet**, *p. a.* worshipped by all or every one.

Alarm, see **ALARM**.

ALL ..., in comp. —**artig**, *adv.* of all kinds, of every kind; —**auge**, n. all-seeing or all-penetrating eye; —**bermherzig**, *adv.* all-merciful, perfect in mercy; der —**bermherzige**, the All-merciful (—**erbarmer**); —**bebengend**, *adv.* (Göthe) all-limiting, all-regulating, all-dispensing; —**belebend**, *adv.* (Göthe) all-releasing; —**befruchtend**, *adv.* all-fertilizing, all-fecundating; —**begabt**, *adv.* (Göthe) all-endowed; —**beherrschend**, *adv.* all-ruling, governing all things; —**beherrschend**, m., —**beherrschend**, f. all-ruling or all-commanding sovereign; —**bekannt**, *adv.* known to every body, publicly or generally known; notorious; —**belebend**, *adv.* all-animating, all-enlivening, &c., ... all-informing; —**belebend**, *adv.* (Göthe) all-instructive; —**beleidet**, *adv.* liked by all, all-beloved; —**beleidet**, *adv.* envied by all, universally envied; —**bereit**, I. *adv.* altogether prepared or ready, entirely willing; II. *adv.* † or —**bereit**; —**bereit**, *adv.* obsolescent, already, cf. **bereit**; —**berühmt**, *adv.* all-renowned; —**belebend**, *adv.* all-animating, all-inspiring;

—beſeſſen, *adj.* (*Bürger; rare*) fully possessed, altogether in (another's) possession; —beſeſſend, *adj.* (*Bürger; rare*) in full possession of an object, all-possessing; —beſungen, *adj.* universally celebrated by song, all-praised, all-sung; —bewältigend, *adj.* all-overwhelming, all-vanquishing; —bewegend, *adj.* all-moving, all-shaking; —beweiht, *adj.* wept for or deplored by all; —bewundert, *adj.* all-admired; —bezaubernd, *adj.* all-enchanted; —bezwinger, *m.* he who vanquishes all; der —bringer Tod, all-conquering death; —biegsam, *adj.* flexible or pliable in the highest degree; —buntbeſtert, *adj.* (*Göthe*) adorned all over with gay stars; —da, (*sometimes all'da*) *adv.* obsolescent, although more emphatic than the simple *da* (*opp.* —hier); in that very place, in the same place (ebenfalls), in such a place, there; —bistweil, *conj.* + (*like* —dieweil & Dieweil) because, whereas, see Weil; —dort, *adv.* obsolescent, like —da, & its *opp.* —hier, meaning: in yonder very or same place (ebendort, dortselbst), yonder; —durchbringend, *adj.* all-penetrating, all-pervading, all-piercing; —durchdrungen, *adj.* wholly penetrated, all-pervaded; —eben, *adj.* entirely plane; —eben, *adv.* (*Hans Sachs*) † (for in allen Ecken) in all corners.

Allée, (*w. f.* *Fr. allée*) alley, walk (*partic.* planted with trees, (Baum)Gang; avenue; sometimes used for a double row of other objects.

Alleghanisch, *adj.* Alleghanean, pertaining to the North American mountains called Alleghany, or Allegheny.

* *Allegat*, (*adv.* *n.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, &c. a passage of a law, &c.) quoted by way of proof, plea, &c.; quotation, citation. — *Allegat*, (*w. f.* *Law*, *n.*) allegation: a) an alleging or adducing anything by way of proof, plea, or excuse; b) that which is offered as a plea, excuse, or justification, see *Allegat*; 2) a receipt, answer to a petition.

* *Allegorie*, (*w. f.* *Gr.*) allegory. — *Allegorisch*, *adj.* allegoric (simbolic); fictions. — *Allegorisch*, (*w. f.* *infr.* to allegorize. — *Allegorisch*, (*w. f.* *m.*) allegorist. — *Allegorisch*, (*w. f.* *incl.* inclination to allegorize, allegorizing propensity.

* *Allegro*, *adv.* & *s. n.* (*Ital.*) *Mus. allegro* (denoting a brisk and vivacious movement; — *moderato*, lively, but not too fast).

Allein, *I. adj.* all (one's) own; *II. s.* (*adv.* *n.* *l. u.*) a freehold (alleigent Gut), freehold estate, allodium.

A. Allein, *I. adj.* (& *adv.*) (*orig. an intensified numeral from All & Ein* [*f.* *Allein*, *B*] like the *E.* alone from all & one alone, in its present form as early as in the 13th cent.]; *allein* never occurs as a declined *adj.* before the substantive to which it belongs, but is always used predicatively; examples of the *str.* form *allein* [*Göthe*, see *Grimm*] or of an oblique case (*allein* mit dem *alleinen*, *Nicolas*, see *Sanders*) are quite exceptional; but the weak nom. *alleine* [quite common in *MHG.*] is still in popular use).

1) a) alone; single; solitary; b) apart, by himself, herself, itself, &c.; — (*as a stage-direction*), *solo*, *sola* (*lat.*), wie vom Anfang des englischen Dramas die meisten englischen Bühneneinführungen, *f. i.* *Wollenstein* — *Wollenstein* (*solo*); *Myrrha* — *Myrrha* (*solo*); *ganz* —, all alone (absolute loneliness is likewise expressed by a series of familiar expressions, *f. i.* *Mutter* —, *Mutterleien* —, *Eselen* (e) —, *Mutterleien* —, *Mutterleien* —, *sein*, 1) to be alone, &c.; es ist unangenehm an einem fremden Orte — zu sein, it is disagreeable to be in a strange place by one's self; 2) (ohne die störende Gegenwart Anderer) to be private; ich konnte ihn nicht — sprechen, I could

not speak to him in private; er heißt —, he takes his dinners in private (nicht mit seiner Familie); es ist ein fremder Herr gekommen; ... ich schäme mich, daß er so lange — gelassen worden ist, there's a strange gentleman come; ... I am ashamed to have him left to himself so long; ich gehe dort oft —, I often walk there by myself; der Ort sichert dem Spaziergänger das — sein, the place secures privacy to the walker; einjam bin ich nicht —, when by myself, I am not alone; die Familie kann so — wohnen, the family may thus have lodgings of its own; er lebt —, he lives by himself, single, or separated; — stehen, 1) to stand alone (in the world); 2) to stand apart, to be isolated; er gehört zu keiner Schule, er steht —, he belongs to no school, he stands by himself; ich stehe nicht — mit meiner Ansicht und meinem Urtheil, I am not alone in thinking and reasoning so; diese beiden Männer standen fast — im Kampfe gegen die kirchlichen Eiferer, these two men were nearly single-handed in combating the ecclesiastical zealots; er will stets die Unterhaltung — führen, he always wants to monopolize the conversation; es würde für Einen — zu schwer sein, it would be too difficult for any one man; er führte es fast — aus, he executed it almost single-handed.

2) *adv.* (*bes.* *nur*) a) alone, only, merely, solely; — Noah blieb über, Noah only remained alive; ich bin — von dieser Rücksicht geleitet worden, I have been led solely by this consideration; nicht —, not only, (... but also ...); b) alone, by himself, &c. (without regard to others, &c.); — die Stadt Bergen brachte jährlich einige tausend Schiffsabgaben, the town of Bergen alone brought several thousands of cargoes a-year; schon — das Bellen des Hundes erschreckte ihn, even the mere barking of the dog terrifies him; es waren nur — sechs junge deutsche Prinzen dabei (*Schiller*), there were alone no less than six young German princes present; 3) alone, unaided, without assistance (*almost syn. with* selbst); das weiß ich —, I know that myself (*i. e.* without your telling me); das Kind kann schon — gehen, the child can already walk by itself; du mußt die Felle binden an den Stab, es ranft der Ephen sich — [= von selbst] empor (*Platen*, see *Sanders*), you have to bind the carnation to a stick, the ivy climbs up by itself.

II. conj. but (*more emphatic than aber*, with which it is sometimes connected in familiar talk); er ist reich, — (er ist) nicht glücklich, he is rich, but he is not happy.

B. Allein, *adj.* (*different from the preceding by the secondary accent on the first syllable which retains its full etymological meaning*) "all-one"; der *all-eine* (*all-einige*) Geist, the universal spirit uniting every thing in one (*i. e.* a himself), according to the pantheistic doctrine (*Allein-Einheits* [*Göthe*: *Allein-Einigkeit*] or *Allein-Eine* [*Lehr*], which assumes that the universe is God).

Allein ..., in comp. — *berichtigung*, *f.* exclusive right, title or claim (zu einer Sache, to a thing); — *besitz*, *m.* exclusive or absolute possession (*opp.* *Gemeinschaft*); — *friede* (*n.*), *m.* see *Separatfriede*; — *gesang*, *m.* (*l. u.* for *Einzel- oder Solo-Gesang*) an air sung by a single voice, solo (*opp.* *All-Gesang*); — *gespräch*, *n.* — *rede*, (*l. u.*) soliloquy, monologue; — *gewalt*, *f.* exclusive or independent power, uncontrolled authority; — *gültigkeit*, *f.* exclusive validity, lawfulness, or admissibility; — *handel*, *m.* monopoly (*Monopol*); — *handel treiben*, to monopolize, to engross the trade; mit Tabak — *handel treiben*, to monopolize the tobacco trade; der Artikel ist im — *handel* der Regierung (*Nob. & Gr.*), this article is a monopoly of government; — *händler*, *m.* monopolist.

A. Alleinheit, (*w. f.* (*from Allein*, *A*) the state of being alone, loneliness; privacy (*Alleinsein*).

B. Alleinheit, (*w. f.* (*from Allein*, *B*) the being all in one; *Alleinheit*, see *Allein*, *B*. *Allein* ..., in comp. — *herr*, — *herrscher*, *m.* monarch, autocrat; — *herrschaft*, *f.* exclusive dominion or sway; monarchy, autocracy; *Einne* führte da Ordnung und Methode ein, wo früher Chaos und Verwirrung die — *herrschaft* hatten, Linnaeus introduced order and method where chaos and confusion had previously reigned supreme.

A. Alleinig, *adj.* (*from Allein*, *A*) only (alone in dieser Verwendung ist veraltet); unique; exclusive; der *a-e* Gott, the one (or only) God; *Comm.-s.* für *a-e* Rechnung, for one's sole or own account; er hat den *a-en* Betrieb dieses Artikels, he is the sole vendor of this article; hier ist ein Stiefelsack für deinen *a-en* Gebrauch, here is a bootjack for your separate use; mit *a-en* Ausnahme des Bürgermeisters, with the sole exception of the burgomaster.

B. Alleinig, *adj.* see *Allein*, *B*. *Alleinigkeit*, (*w. f.* soleness; exclusiveness, &c. see also *Alleinheit*, *B*.

Allein ..., in comp. — *kauf*, *m.* emption-right, privilege of being the sole purchaser; — *nützig*, *adj.* advantageous or useful to one only (*opp.* *Gemeinnützig*); — *reber*, *m.* sole owner (of a ship); — *sänger*, *m.* (*l. u.*) solo-singer (*Sololänger*); — *selbstmüßig*, *adj.* only saying; — *singer*, see — *sänger*; — *spiel*, *m.* (*l. u.*) solo (*Solo*); — *spieler*, *m.* (*l. u.*) one who plays a solo (*Solospiele*, *Solist*); — *stehend*, *adj.* standing apart (*f.* *Allein*); der — *stehende* Baum, stander; — *stehende* Gebäude, isolated buildings; — *verkauf*, *m.* exclusive sale, the sole (power of) vending, monopoly.

* *Allein* ja, † for *Allein* ja.

Allein [*l. u.* *allein*], *adv.* 1) always, at all times, at any time, every time; ein für —, once for all; 2) *provinc.* thus and not otherwise, certainly, to be sure, of course; 3) still, yet, notwithstanding.

Allein, *adj.* *coll.* happening every time or at all times, without exception.

Alleman, (*w. m.* *Almain*; *Alleman*, *n.* *Alleman*, ancient Germany; *Alleman* *nisch*, *adj.* Allemanic.

Alle ..., in comp. — *emig*, *adj.* (*Göthe*) all-assiduous, altogether industrious, busy in all directions; — *emig*, *adv.* (*Claudian*, *Hölzer*, &c.) at the very last, at last (*Endlich* *intensified*).

Alleinfall, (*lass frequently alleinfall*), *adv.* 1) † in every case, at all events, at any rate, see *ebenfalls*, to which this meaning is now limited; 2) in case of need, if need be; perhaps, by chance; — *konnte* ich dies anstellen, I could afford to admit this; — *auch*, (*Umgekehrte*) and for that matter. — *Alleinfall*, *adj.* eventual (*Alleinfallig*), possibly happening or coming, and therefore uncertain; *a-e* Kosten, eventual expenses; ein *a-e* Käufer, one who may eventually become a purchaser; ein paar *a-e* Ausnahmen, a few possible exceptions.

Alleinthalben, *adv.* 1) everywhere, in all places, at every hand, on every side; 2) (*sometimes used for in allen Beziehungen*: *Leider*, *Widand*, &c.) in every respect, every way.

Alleinthalbenheit, (*w. f.* *Alleinthalbenheit*), *adj.* ubiquity, omnipresence.

Alleintheilend, *adj.* deciding all, most conclusive or final.

Alleinweg, *adv.* *l. u.* for *Alleinweg*. *Allein*, (*w. f.* *provinc.* for *Allein*, *Allein*, *alder-tree*.

B. Allein ..., in comp. (*Gen. pl.* of *Allein*, used to intensify the meaning of superlatives, before which it is placed, and with which it invariably coalesces in *NHG.*, *f. i.* *allein*), the

first of all, the very first, die allergeräch-
lichsten Wörter, the words used most of all;
—**anständig**, *adj.* most respectable of all;
—**ärger**, *adj.* worst of all; die —**ärste Thor-
heit**, the greatest folly imaginable, the height
of folly; —**ärmst**, *adj.* poorest of all; —**aus-
schweifend**, *adj.* most extravagant of all;
der —**ausweifendste** Schmuck, the most ex-
travagant taste conceivable.

Al..., *in comp.* —**erbarment**, *adj.* all
merciful; —**erbarmer**, *m.* the All-merciful.

Al..., *in comp.* —**best**, *adj.* best of all,
very best; —**driftlich**, *adj.* most of all,
very Christian (*particul. an epithet of the
kings of France*); —**ding**, *adv.* 1) *obsolescent*,
by all means, altogether, surely (*durchaus*,
schlechterdings); 2) *now gener. used in a concessive
sense*, of course, surely, sure enough, it
must be admitted, it is true, to be sure, cer-
tainly (*cf. freilich, zwar*); —**durcheinander**,
adj. most serene, most high, most illustrious;
—**eitel**, *adj.* noblest or most precious of all;
—**entgegengeleitet**, *adj.* diametrically op-
posed; —**erst**, *adv.* (as an *adv.* *l. u.* in *prose*, in-
stead of *zu* —**erst**) first of all, first and fore-
most; die —**ersten Bedürfnisse**, the prime and
immediate necessities.

Al..., *in comp.* —**erfrenend**, *adj.* all-
gladdening, all-cheering; —**erfahren**, *adj.* ex-
perienced in every thing (*Alfahndig*).

Al..., *in comp.* —**geringst**, *adj.* lowest
of all; —**getrennt**, *adj.* most (very) faithful
(*epithet of the kings of Portugal*); —**gnädig**,
adj. most gracious; *adv.* most graciously;
—**größt**, *adj.* greatest of all.

Al..., *in comp.* —**halten**, *l. u.* all-
hand; *adv.* of all sorts, of all kinds, omni-
farius, various, divers, sundry; —**hand Blumen**,
flowers of all kinds, all kinds of flowers;
er **schmeckt** —**hand Lustum**, he talked all kinds
of nonsense: er **hatte** —**hand mittheilen**, he
had to communicate all and sundry matters;
cf. —**lei**; —**heiligen**, (*orig. Gen. pl.*) All-saints'
i. a. day, *now construed like an indeclinable
subst. eine Heide nach* —**heiligen**, auf —**heiligen**
z. (cf. —feiern), All-saints-day (the first
of November on which there is a general
celebration of the saints), *coll.* All-hallows;
—**heiligholz**, *n.* log-wood, Brazil wood of All-
saints' day; —**heilig**, *adj.* most holy of all;
das —**heiligste**, *n.* 1) *Jew. Rel.* the holiest
of all (Hebr. 9. 3); the holiest place, the holy
of holies (*Lat. sanctum sanctorum*); 2) *fig.*
sanctum; 3) *Rom. Cath.* monstrosity (Monstrum).

Al..., *in comp.* —**erhöhen**, *adj.* (Al-) all-exhilarating,
all-cheering.

Al..., *in comp.* —**höchst**, *adj.* highest
of all, supreme, sovereign; von der —**höchsten**
Straf, of sovereign virtue; er war auf —
höchste gereizt, he was irritated to the very
last degree; der —**höchste**, the most High (*i. a. God*);
—**höflichkeit**, *adj.* —**höflichkeit**, *adj.* obso-
lescent, a kind of superlative of Höflichkeit
x., which see: His (Her) Majesty: —**innerst**,
adj. innermost of all; ihr —**innerstes** war auf-
gezeigt (*Götze*), her very innermost soul was
agitated.

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of all, supreme, sovereign; von der —**höchsten**
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adj. innermost of all; ihr —**innerstes** war auf-
gezeigt (*Götze*), her very innermost soul was
agitated.

ultimate; zum —**letzten** Male, for the very last
time; zu —**letzt**, last of all, in conclusion; —
lieb, *adj.* dearest of all: most charming, ex-
tremely amiable, most delightful, very en-
gaging; hübsche Frauen mit —**liebsten** Mü-
den, newest French girls, pretty women,
with little darling caps of the last French
make; rin —**liebste** Muster, a most charming
or pretty pattern; —**liebt**! iron. very fine!
soh! very nice, indeed! I like that exceed-
ingly! am —**liebsten**, *adv.* best of all; ich
habe ihn am —**liebsten**, I like him best of all;
—**männlich**, *adj.* (see Männlich) *gener. used*
as an indeclinable substantive; obsolescent,
every body without exception; —**mann**, *m.*
provinc. every body's man, one who seeks to
please every body (Mümann); *gener. conf. like*
its compositions; —**mannstreu**, *m.* every
body's friend, &c.; —**mannstreu**, *m.* Bod.
1) der lange —**mannstreu**, spotted ramson,
long rooted garlic (*Allium victorale*, *Ele-
gant*); 2) (or Männstreu) *Androsace*, a genus
of herbs; —**maßen**, *l. u.* *adv.* in every way,
quite; II. *conj.* because, since, whereas; —
meist, *l. u.* *adv.* most of all, most part; II. *adv.*
obsolescent (*more usual* am —**meisten**) especial-
ly, particularly, chiefly; —**nächst**, *adj.* next
of all, the very next; am —**nächsten**, *adv.* nearest
of all, close by, hard by, immediately.

Al..., *in comp.* —**ernährend**, *adj.* (Al-) all-nourishing,
all-sustaining.

Al..., *in comp.* —**neuest**, *adj.* newest
of all, das —**neu**(e)ste, the very latest news,
information, intelligence, &c.; —**neuest**, *adv.*
most recently; —**niedrigst**, *adj.* lowest or
meanest of all; —**notwendigst**, *adj.* most ne-
cessary of all; absolutely necessary; —**oberst**,
adj. uppermost, highest of all; die —**obersten**,
the very highest; —**ortig**, *adj.* existing, to be
found, &c. in every place, everywhere; —
orts, *adv.* (an abbreviation from [the more
frequent] *aller Orten* formed with the *adver-
bial* ... *cf. allerorts*) in every place, every-
where.

[inciting.

Al..., *in comp.* —**erregend**, *adj.* (Al-) all-exciting, all-
Al-er..., *in comp.* —**rein**, *adj.* purest
of all; —**richtigst**, *adj.* most correct of all;
—**ruhigst**, *adj.* most quiet of all.

Al..., *in comp.* —**erschaffen**, *adj.* all-
creating; —**erschaffer**, *m.* creator of all things.

Al..., *in comp.* —**schlecht**, *adj.* —**schlimmst**,
adj. worst of all; —**schönst**, *adj.* finest or most
beautiful of all; —**selten**, *orig. Gen. pl.*, like
—**heiligen** (*vis. das Heil* —**selten**) (*often con-
strued like an indeclinable substantive*) *Rom. Cath.*
All-souls (day), the second day of No-
vember; —**seiten**, *adv.* † *see* —**seits**; —**seitig**,
adj. existing, occurring, &c. on every side or
hand or every part, on all hands; comprising
persons all together (*cf. —seits*); zu —**seitigem**
Untergang (*Götze*), to the destruction of all,
to universal destruction; zu unserm —**seitigen**
Vergnügen (*Schiller*), for the enjoyment of
all of us; —**seits** (*cf. allerseits*), *adv.* 1) *lit.* †
on every side, from all parts; 2) *fig. (gener.*
of persons) all together; es wird —**seits** zuge-
standen, it is conceded on all hands; ich em-
pfehle mich Ihnen —**seits**, I recommend myself
to all of you; ich wünsche Ihnen —**seits** viel
Guten, I wish a good night to all (of
you); —**unterst**, *adj.* most humble (of
all), *adv.* most humbly, with profoundest sub-
mission; —**wärst** (*less usual* —**wärt**), *adv.*
everywhere, in all places or directions; —
wege, *adv.* *l. u.* *pro* —**wegen**, every way, in
every respect, at all; always, over; —**wegen**
(*cf. we'gen*), *adv.* 1) everywhere, in every
place, in every direction; so geht die Welt
nun. Es geht —**wegen** lingsüds genug (*Schil-
ler*, *W. Tell* 4, 8), so goes the world, mis-
fortune meets us everywhere; 2) (the notion
of place passing into that of condition or

time) throughout, everywhere and always,
thoroughly, in every respect, always, over;
Weg' hast du —**wegen**, I am *Witteln* *seht* dir
nicht (*Rud. Gerhard*), thou hast ways every-
where and always, thou art never wanting
in means; —**wegs**, † —**wegens**, *adv.* *l. u.* *pro*
—**wegen**; —**weil**, *adv.* wisest of all, most
wise; —**weils** ..., *often in compounds, denoting
persons or things belonging or in connection
to all the world (cf. —manns...)* and *gener.* with
an *admixture of contempt*, thus an —**weils**-
bürger is one who is too easily at home in
every place, arrant cosmopolitan; —**weils**-
bürgerlich, *f.* undue cosmopolitanism; —**weils**-
freund, *m.* a friend of any and every body;
*it may, however, likewise express a mere gra-
dation of the word with which it is composed*:
—**weils** *wort* (*like* *Weg-Wort*), arrant fool: —
weils *heile* (*Immormann*, *Mönch* 1, 167),
or it may express a familiar kind of admi-
ration: —**weils** *teufel*, —**weils** *mädchen* &c., *cf.*
Schäffler, *Morberl*, *Wismuthen* &c.; —**we**-
nigst, *adj.* (*cf. adv.* am —**wenigsten**) least of
all, the very least; —**wenigstens**, *adv.* at the
very least; —**widerprechend**, *adj.* most con-
tradictory of all or conceivable; —**wunder**-
lichst, *adj.* most wonderful of all.

Al..., *in comp.* —**wünscht**, *adj.* (Al...) wished for or
desired by all.

Al..., *l. u.* *see* **Al**, *A. I. 3*; II. *adv.* † *cf. provinc.*
(mostly contracted into **Al**, which see) always,
still, evermore, perpetually, continually.

Al..., *in comp.* —**zusammen**, *adv.* altogether, all together
(alle zusammen, *summtlich*); —**zueinander** ein-
ander unterthan (1 Pet. 5, 5), yea, all of you
be subject one to another (*cf. Ps.* 19, 10).

Al..., *in comp.* —**entdecken**, —**entdecken**,
—**entdecken** &c., *adj.* disclosing everything,
cheering all, all-healing, &c. *not properly*
compounds (cf. Entdecken &c.), and *gener.*
spelt in two words: —**fort**, *adv. provinc.* (for
allfort, immerfort, in Eincm fort, see fort)
continually, still, always; —**freier**, *m.* an al-
l-devouring man or animal, omnivorous beast;
—**leugner**, *m.* one who denies everything
(Nichtig); —**thuer**, *m.* a doer of all work,
factotum; —**wisser**, *m.* one who knows, or
who pretends to know, everything.

Al..., *in comp.* —**taglich** &c., *see* **Al** *taglich*;
—**wege** (Al-) *weges*, Al-) *weg*, † —**wegen**,
adv. obsolescent (*see the more usual* alle *Weg*
& in alle *Weg*, *unter Weg*) in every way, in
every place, everywhere, altogether, through-
out, always; —**weils**, *adv.* *l. u.* 1) obso-
lescent & *provinc.* (*S. G.*) at all times, always;
2) (*gener. accentuated differently*: *allenweils*)
coll. just now, presently, immediately; ich
will —**weils** nichts haben, I want nothing at
present; II. *conj.* † 1) as long as, while; 2)
because (*cf. Al* *weils*).

Al..., *in comp.* —**ewig**, *adj.* (Al) intensifying the word
etwig, eternal, everlasting) lasting for ever
and ever.

Al..., *in comp.* —**willig**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. from* **Al**
& **Wille**) *coll.* one (a child) who wants to, and
who is permitted to have his way in every
thing (allen Willen).

Al..., *in comp.* —**zeitig**, *adv.* at all times, always,
(at) everytime, evermore (*Etete*, *Immer*).

Al..., *in comp.* —**zufällig**, *adj.* unusual, al-
together capable or qualified; —**zufällig**, *adj.*
eventual, possibly happening, &c. *cf.* **Al** *zufällig*,
etwaig; *adv.* eventually, possibly, &c. (*syn.* *etwa*); bei einer —**zufälligen** Unter-
suchung, in case of a trial or examination; das **W**
wird es —**zufällig** erhalten können, the money
which he might eventually (or possibly, per-
haps) obtain; —**farbig**, *adj.* of all colours: —
fort, *adv.* (*l. u.* for immerfort) always with-
out intermission, continually, still, evermore;
—**frei**, *adj.* (*l. u.*) entirely free, altogether
unbounded; —**freier**, *adj.* (*l. u.*) all-devour-

nig; —*geben*, *adj.* all-giving, all-bestowing; all-dispensing; —*gebe* *nebst*, *adj.* all-blessed; —*geber*, *m.* all-giver, the Giver of all things; —*gebieten*, *adj.* all-commanding; —*gebieten*, *m.*, —*gebieten*, *f.* sovereign ruler, all-ruling sovereign; *Fortuna*, die —*gebieten*, *Fortuna*, the all-ruling goddess; —*geehrt*, *adj.* all-honoured, honoured by all; —*gefallenheit*, *f.* (*Leasing*, *unusual*) endeavour to please every body; —*gefällig*, *adj.* 1) pleasing all, all-pleasing; 2) endeavouring to please every body: time-serving; —*gefälligst*, *f.* endeavour to please or oblige every body; —*gefürchtet*, *adj.* all-dreaded; —*gegenwart*, *f.* frequently —*gegenwart*, *f.* omnipresence, ubiquity; —*gegenwärtig* frequently —*gegenwärtig*, *adj.* omnipresent, present everywhere at the same time, ubiquitous; —*geheim*, *adj.* (*Bürger*, *l. u.*) entirely secret; —*gelehrt*, *adj.* learned or versed in all knowledge; ein —*gelehrter Mann*, a universal genius; —*geliebt*, *adj.* all-loved, loved by all; —*gelobt*, *adj.* all-praised, praised or lauded by all; —*gemacht* (+ *gemacht* *sein*, —*gemacht* *ist*), *adv.* particularly used in poetry and the elevated style, by (slow) degrees, *see* —*mählig*.

Allgemein, *adj.* (allgemein, with the accent on the first syllable, when the strict etymological meaning, which is "common to all", is to be rendered particularly prominent; this, however, is exceptional, and allgemein the usual accension) 1) a) common to all, universal; a-e or —*herrschende Krankheiten*, epidemic diseases; ein a-e (*Geist*) *Wille*, a universal or sovereign remedy; er wird — (*ads.*) *geliebt*, he is universally beloved; b) embracing all, catholic (in diesem Sinne gew. catholic befront); die a-e christliche Kirche, the catholic Christian church (zu untersch. von dem gew. Gebrauch von Catholic gleich Roman Catholic); —*christlich*, catholic; das —*Christliche* der Lehre, was unter den verschiedenen Formen des Protestantismus verborgen ist, the catholicity of doctrine that lies hidden under the diverse forms of Protestantism; 2) a) general, common; es geht ein a-e Gericht, there is a general rumour, it is commonly rumoured; —*angenehmen*, commonly accepted or received, conventional; b) general, common, public; das a-e Beste, the general or public good, the common weal; zur a-en Kunde bringen, to bring into public notice; das a-e Ohr (*Wied.*) — das Ohr des Publicums, the public ear (vergl. *Shakesp.* the general ear [*Hamlet*], the common ear [*Macbeth*], the common eye [*Macbeth*], the public eye [*Ant. & Cleop.*], &c.); 3) a) general (opp. *besonder*, *Einzel* *ic.*), generic, &c.; die a-e Weltgeschichte, universal history; eine a-e Regel, eine a-e Ähnlichkeit *ic.*, a general rule, a general resemblance; von Einzelheiten auf a-es zu schließen, ist eine falsche Art der Folgerung, to conclude from particulars to generals is a false way of arguing; einzelne Erfahrungen auf a-e Regeln, Maximen bringen, sich vom Einzelnen zum A-en erheben (im Denken, beim Philosophieren), to generalize; er hält sich im A-en, he deals in generalities; seine Rede hielt sich im A-en, his speech was one of generalities (cf. *Allgemeinheit*); im A-en, in general, generally (speaking); dies Haus, obgleich es im A-en das Ansehen einer Privat-Wohnung hatte, zeigte die höchsten Verhältnisse, this house, though with the general appearance of a private residence, exhibited the finest proportions; ich glaube, daß die Grundeigentümer von Irland im A-en sehr herabgesetzt werden, I think the landlords of Ireland are, as a class, much abused; b) general, indefinite, vague; a-e Wünsche, general terms; 4) a) general, extensive, wide; Je höher du wirst aufwärts gehn, je dein Blick wird immer a-er (*Rückert*),

the higher thou wilt mount, the more extensive thy view (will become); diese Frage ist viel zu — und durchgreifend, this measure is far too wide and sweeping; b) (—*ansprechend*, *berührend* *ic.*) popular, &c.

Allgemein ..., *in comp.* —*christlich*, —*gläubig*, *adj.* catholic, pertaining to all Christians, and not to any particular church (cf. *Allgemein*, 1, b).

Allgemeine, (*w.*) *f.* (l. u.) all-embracing community, universal union.

Allgemein ..., *in comp.* —*gläubig*, *see* —*gläubig*; —*gläubig*, *m.* universality of belief, catholicism (cf. the next word); —*gläubig*, *adj.* universal of belief, catholic, adhering to a general Christian belief, not sectarian (cf. *Allgemein*, 1, b); —*gläubig*, *adj.* of universal or general validity, catholic; eine —*gläubige Regel*, an established rule; diesen Grundsätzen ist ein axiomatischer und —*gläubiger Charakter* aufgedrückt, these principles have been stamped with an axiomatic and catholic character.

Allgemeinheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) universality; generality; commonness, cf. *Allgemein*, *adj.*; 2) a) (*Götze*, *Allgemeinde*, *unusual*) l. u. all-embracing community; generality (of mankind), mass, main body; b) l. u. for *Allmende*, which *see*; 3) general maxim, generalization, generality.

Allgemein ..., *in comp.* —*schrift*, *f.* a manner or system of writing to be universally understood, *paigraphy*; —*berührend*, *adj.* intelligible to the generality, adapted to the popular mind; die Wissenschaft —*berührend* machen, to popularize science; —*berührendheit*, *f.* general intelligibility, adaptability to the popular mind.

All ..., *in comp.* —*genannt*, *adj.* named or mentioned by every one; —*genug*, —*genugsam*, *adj.* all-sufficient; —*genugsamkeit*, —*genugsamkeit*, *f.* all-sufficiency; —*gegriffen*, *adj.* all-praised; —*gerecht*, *adj.* all-just, all-righteous; der —*gerechte*, *m.* the All-righteous (God); —*gerichtet*, *n.* judgment of all, universal judgment, judgment-day; —*gesamt*, *adj.* entire, whole, total, joint without exception; —*gesamt*, *m.* (l. u., cf. —*gesamt*, *Bölgung*) chorus (opp. *Einzel*); —*geschätzt*, *adj.* all-esteemed, valued by every body; —*gestaltig*, *adj.* of all kinds of shapes; —*gesucht*, *adj.* sought for or desired by all; —*getreu*, *adj.* all-faithful; —*gewalt*, *f.* all-vanquishing power, supreme power (*this word, which is of comparatively recent origin [it is not found] i. e. in Luther's writings) is generally applied to that kind of [human or other] power, which conquers or crushes every obstacle, while the syn.* *Allmacht* refers to the highest degree of power, which is manifested in the creation and government of the world); —*gewaltig*, *adj.* all-powerful, all-conquering; —*gläubig*, *adj.* (*Klopstock*, l. u.) believing every thing, over-credulous; —*gnädig*, *adj.* (l. u.) all-gracious, most gracious; —*groß*, *adj.* great beyond every thing, greatest; —*gütter*, *m.* (l. u. for *Panthéon*) pantheist; —*gütter*, *f.* pantheism (*Panthéismus*); —*gütter*, *m.* (*Lenau*, l. u.) *see* *Abgötter*; —*göttetempel*, *m.* (*Campes*, *not used*) a temple dedicated to all the gods, pantheon (*Panthéon*); —*gütig*, *adj.* valid in every respect, of universal validity, decisive in every case; —*gut*, l. *adj.* (l. u.) all-good; II. *s. n.* *Bot.* all-good, good Henry (*Chenopodium bonum Henrius*, guter Heinrich, cf. *Heinrich*); —*gütig*, *adj.* all-kind, all-good, all-gracious, all-bountiful, all-bounteous; der —*gütige*, the supreme disposer of all good; —*heil*, *s. n.* panacea, a sovereign remedy; —*heilig*, *adj.* most sacred or saintly.

Allheit, (*w.*) *f.* universality, totality; diese Erziehung muß an der — verfaßt werden (*Fichte*), this kind of education has to be attempted with all; die — der Künstler (*Chamisso*), the whole, entire body of (or all the) foreigners.

All ..., *in comp.* —*her* (*intensified her*), *adv.* t. hither, to this very place (*hierher*); —*herrschend*, *adj.* all-commanding; —*herzweilend*, *adj.* (*Götze*) expanding the heart altogether; —*hier*, *adv.* t. & *pos.* (cf. *hier*) here, in this very place; —*hier*, (*hier intensified by all*) *adv.* obsolescent and used in the official style, (—*hier* t.) here, in this (very) place; verstorben: Fr. W., Kaufmann —*hier*, deceased, Mr. W., merchant of this place; —*hin*, *adv.* (*intensified hin*) t. and rarely used, thither, yonder, to that (very) place.

* *Allianz*, (*w.*) *f.* alliance (*Bündnis*).

* *Alligation*, (*w.*) *f.* alligation (*Erzählung*, *Erzählung*; *A-erzählung*, *A-erzählung*, *f.* (arithmetical) rule of alligation (*Erzählungsregel*), by which questions are resolved which relate to the mixture of compounds of unequal value.

* *Alligator*, (*eing. skr., pl. [w.] Alligatoren*) *m.* *Zool.* alligator (*Crocodilus alligator*, das amerikanische Krokodil; der hechtartige —, *Alligator* [*crocodilus lucius*]).

* *Alligatör*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to alligate.

* *Alligatör*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr. allier*) to ally, unite; sich —, to ally one's self; der Alligatör, m. ally confederate.

* *Alliteration*, (*w.*) *f.* alliteration.

* *Alliteratör*, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* to use (or to exhibit) alliteration in poetry, &c.; a-be eilben, alliterative syllables.

All ..., *in comp.* —*jährlich* (*gener.* —*jährlich*), *adj.* (happening, &c.) every year, annual; *adv.* annually, universally; —*stets*, *adv.* all-knowing; —*klar*, *adj.* altogether clear, perfectly clear; —*klarheit*, *f.* perfect clearness; —*kräftig*, *f.* universal power; —*kräftig*, *adj.* all-powerful, (acting) with full force; —*kräftigkeit*, *f.* all-powerfulness, universal power or efficacy; —*kräftig*, *adj.* all-knowing, perfectly versed (des *Erkenntnis*, in battle); —*leben*, *n.* (*Götze*, *unusual*) universal life; —*leuchtend*, *adj.* all-beaming, all-illuminating; —*leuchte*, *f.* all-embracing love, infinite love; —*leuchten*, *adj.* all-loving; —*lieblich*, *adj.* all-lovely; —*machet*, *m.* (*not used*) *see* *Allesstürker*; —*mächtig*, *f.* almightiness, omnipotence; —*mählig* (*gener.* —*mählig*), *adj.* almighty, omnipotent, all-powerful; —*mählig*, *m.* the Almighty; —*mähligkeit*, *f.* all-powerfulness, almightiness.

Allmächtigkeit ..., *in comp.* *f.* —*geschöpf*, *n.* creation or creature of the Almighty; —*hand*, *f.* hand of the Almighty, almighty hand; —*werk*, *n.* work of the Almighty.

Allmählig, *adj.* (*Wälsch* [which *see*] intensified by *All*, *syn.* with —*gemach*, —*gemächlich*, spelled less correctly *Allmählig*, frequently, but incorrectly —*mählig*, —*mählig*) gradual, progressive; *partic.* as an *adv.* gradually; by degrees; by easy or slow steps, softly, gently; das Abb. wird im Engl. häufig durch Zeitwörter umschrieben, welche ein Werden u. Bezeichnen: der Unglaube war — *Wobe* gemorden, disbelief had come to be the fashion; die Landwirthe schienen sich — mit dem freien Getreidehandel an, the farmers are growing reconciled to free trade in corn; — *ernstet* sie ihn zu einer bestimmten Stunde, she had grown to expect him at a certain hour; seine Zurückhaltung wird — weichen, his reserve will wear off (gradually), &c.; sich — entwöhnen, progressive.

Allmähligkeit, (*w.*) *f.* gradualness, progressiveness, gradual or slow progression.

Allmähligkeit, (*Götze*, *unusual*) extremely diversified, manifold.

Allmende, (*w.*) *f.* an open ground or a tract of land belonging to all the members of a community, common.

III ..., in comp. —**mit**l', *adj.* all-mild: —**mä**cht', *adj.* all-potent, all-powerful; —**mö**ttlich, *adj.* done or happening once a month every month, monthly; *adv.* once a month, monthly; —**mor**'gen, *adv.* every morning; —**mut**ter, *f.* (formed like **W**ater) universal mother, allbearing earth, nature; —**nä**chst', *adj.* done or happening every night; *adv.* every night; —**nä**hrn', *adj.* all-nourishing.

* **Allocution**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, *etc.* allocation, admission of an article in reckoning, and the addition of it to the account.

* **Allochoit**, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor*. allochoite (a kind of garnet).

* **Allocution**, (*v.*) *f.* allocation, address.

* **Allodial**, (*str.*) *n.*, **Allodial**, (*str.*) *pl.* [*v.*]

Allodial, *n.* *Fr.* *Law*, allodium (a word of purely German orig. with a Latin termination), an estate held in absolute possession, without a feudal superior, freehold-estate, freehold. —**Allodial**, *adj.* allodial (*schöpfen*, *erblich*); —**er**be, *m.* heir to an allodial estate; —**gut**, *n.* allodial estate, *see* **Allod**. —**Allodification**, (*v.*) *f.* transmutation into an allodium or freehold-estate. —**Allodification**, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to transmute into an allodium.

* **Along** (*fr.* **Along**), (*v.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) lengthening-piece (**Verlängerungs-Stück**); 2) a long rein, *see* **Long**; 3) an addition attached to a document (**Anhängel**, **Anhängelteil**), *particul.* Comm. rider of a bill of exchange (**Beifügung**); **W**-aperide, *f.* a full-bottomed wig with very long flowing curls of the time of Louis XIV. of France. —**Along**'ren, (*v.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) to lengthen, to add (**Verlängern**).

* **Allopathy**, **Allopathy**, (*v.*) *less usual*: **Allopathy**, (*str.*) *n.*, **Allopathy**, (*v.*) *m.* *Med.* allopathist, one who adheres to allopathy: one who practices allopathically. —**Allopathic**, **Allopathic**, **Allopathy**, (*v.*) *f.* allopathy (*opp.* **Homöopathie**). —**Allopathy**'lich, *adj.* allopathic (*adv.* allopathically).

* **Allopathy**, I. *adj.* allopathic; II. *s. (str.)* *m.* *Minor*. allophane, argillaceous mineral.

* **Allopathy**, (*induct.*) *n.* *pl.* extraneous or incidental matters: things foreign to the main subject (**Nebebinge**).

* **Allotropy**, **Allotropy**'lich, *adj.* *Chem.* allotropic, pertaining to allotropy. —**Allotropic**, (*v.*) *f.* *Chem.* allotropy, allotropism (change of physical and chemical properties without change of chemical composition).

All-tran, *see* **All-tran**.

All ..., in comp. —**richt**, *adj.* quite right, *adv.* altogether justly; —**rein**, *adj.* quite clean, altogether pure; —**reinigend**, *adj.* all-cleansing, all-purifying.

All, *provinc.* I. *s. contracted form of the n.* **Aller**, often spelt **als**; was **als** (*Schiller*, coll. speeches of *Müller in Kabale*, *etc.*) for was **aller**, *cf.* **All**, *s. A.* II. 3, b); II. *adv.* (*orig.* the *Acc.* of the *n.* of **All**) 1) altogether; 2) a) always, ever; continually, still; b) every now and then.

All ..., in comp. —**leicht**, *adj.* quite soft; *adv.* very softly or gradually; —**leicht**, *see* **leicht**; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* (*Stobry*) all-radiating, all-nourishing; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-creating; *der* —**leuchtend**, *see* —**leuchtend**; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* (*Göthe*) intensely yearning, all-hungry; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-rolling; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-creative, all-creating, all-making; —**leuchtend**, *m.* (*scarcely used*) universal terror, panic; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-terrifying; —**leuchtend**, *f.* psigraphy; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-seeing; *der* —**leuchtend**, the All-seeing, All-see; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* *lit. & fig.* from *v.* in all directions; in all respects, in every respect: universal (*opp.* **Einseitig**); *es ist* —**leuchtend**, *it is acknowledged on all hands*; *ein Mann von* —**leuchtend** *Geiste*, a man of universal or versatile genius; *der Plan ist* —**leuchtend**,

the plan has been considered in all its bearings; —**leuchtend**, (*v.*) *f.* universality; thoroughness, *etc.* (*opp.* **Einseitigkeit**); —**leuchtend**, *adv.* (*cf.* **Überleucht**) on every hand, in or from every direction: everywhere; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-blessed, all-happy; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* gifted with universal sight, all-seeing, all-perceiving; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* all-victorious, all-conquering; —**leuchtend**, *adv.* ever and always; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* happening or occurring every hour; *adv.* every hour, hourly; —**leuchtend**, *adj.* quite or altogether sweet, most sweet; —**leuchtend**, *m.* 1) work-day, working-day, week-day; 2) *fig.* commonplace; *particul.* in comp. *see* **Alltags**...; —**leuchtend**, *used adverbially*, on work- or week-days.

Alltags, *adj.* 1) *lit.* (*cf.* **Alltag**), *scarcely used*, lasting a whole day and of daily recurrence; 2) occurring every day, daily, *etc.*, *see* **Alltags**, which is more usual.

Alltags, I. *adj.* 1) happening every day, of daily recurrence, daily, quotidian, every day; *ein* —**es** *Stück*, a quotidian fever; *die* —**e** *Erfahrung*, every day's experience; 2) pertaining to, or worn every-day, *etc.* a every week- or working-day (*opp.* **sonntags**), (*cf.* **Alltags**); *ein* —**e** *Tag*, *an* —**e** *Stück* *etc.*, *see* **Alltags**; 3) commonplace, flat, trivial, trite, common; *er war kein* —**e** *Schriftsteller*, he was no everyday writer; *a-e* *Beobachtungen*, everyday or commonplace reflections; *ihre Ideen waren durchaus gewöhnlich und* —, her ideas were perfectly commonplace and everyday (*Trayford*, *George Göth* I. 206 T. E.); II. **Alltags**, (*v.*) *f.* commonness, (what is) commonplace, triteness, triviality.

Alltags ..., in comp. —**aus**zug, *m.* every-day suit (of clothes); —**beobachtung**, *f.* a commonplace observation, an ordinary remark; *ein* —**Stück**, *m.* a common or ordinary Christian; *ein* —**Stück**, *m.* everyday guest; —**ge**schichte, *f.* a tale of everyday occurrence; —**ge**schichte, *gewöhnlich*, *n.* ordinary title-tattle, empty or idle talk; —**haube**, *f.* everyday or ordinary cap; —**kind**, *n.* 1) a common, ordinary child; 2) (*Hippel*) a child born on a weekday (*opp.* **sonntagskind**); —**kleid**, *n.* 1) an everyday (ordinary or work-day) coat (*—***rod**, *m.*); undress robe; uniform, *etc.*; 2) *fig.* undress; —**kleid**, (*Bürger*) ordinary sphere of life; —**leben**, *n.* everyday life, common, ordinary life; —**menschen**, *m.* a commonplace fellow, votary of commonplace; —**rod**, *m.* everyday coat, ordinary coat; —**sonne**, *f.* the sun which we see everyday (in opposition to a supposed larger invisible sun); —**tag**, *m.* (*a bold combination of Jean Paul's*, quoted by *Sanders*) a day of the everyday kind, a common, ordinary, commonplace day; —**welt**, *f.* working-day world; common, ordinary life; —**weis**, *m.* everyday or commonplace wit.

All ..., in comp. —**tätig**, *adj.* active in all directions, all-efficient; —**tätigkeit**, *f.* universal activity or efficiency; —**tragen**, *adj.* all-bearing; —**triumphieren**, *adj.* all-triumphing; —**tragen**, *adj.* all-defying; —**umfassen**, *adj.* all-embracing, all-comprehending; —**umfassen**, *m.* (*Göthe*) all-embrace; —**umfassend**, *adj.* surrounding with sparkling splendour on every side; —**umfassend**, *adj.* all-clasping, all-encompassing, all-encircling; —**umfassen**, *adj.* (*Stobry*) all-shadowing; —**umfassen**, *adj.* all-surrounding; —**unverändert**, *adj.* altogether unaltered.

* **Aller**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) a) gait, carriage; b) (of animals) gait, (of horses) pace; 2) *fig.* manner, way.

* **Alluvial**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Geol.* alluvial (un-*geschwemmt*); —**gebilde**, *m.* alluvial formation. —**Alluvial**, (*v.*) *f.* alluvion (*Anschwemmung*). —**Alluvium**, (*str.*) *pl.* (*induct.*) **Alluvia** *n.* *Geol.* alluvium.

All ..., in comp. —**vater**, *m.* (*ON.* **Alfadrir**) universal father, father of all; —**verbreitet**, *adj.* diffused through the universe; —**verbreitet**, *m.* all-destroyer; —**verbreitet**, *adj.* all-destructive; —**verehrt**, *adj.* all-worshipped, all-revered, universally revered or honoured; —**verein**, *m.* universal or absolute, complete union; —**verflucht**, *adj.* all-cursed, cursed by all; —**verfolgerin**, *f.* (*Bürger*) universal persecutrix; —**vergänglich**, *adj.* altogether perishable; —**vergeffen**, *adj.* all-forgotten; —**vergeffenheit**, *f.* total oblivion; —**vergeffen**, *adj.* all-devastating; —**verhinbern**, *adj.* (*Göthe*) all-preventing; —**verhüllen**, *adj.* all-velling, all-dimming; —**verlangen**, *n.* (*Bürger*, *universal*) all-powerful desire; —**verleihen**, *adj.* all-abandoned; —**vermeffen**, *adj.* utterly audacious; —**vermögen**, *n.* *see* —**vermögenheit**; —**vermögen**, *adj.* all-efficient, all-powerful; —**vermögenheit**, *f.* (*Kant*) all-efficiency, all-powerfulness; —**vernichten**, *adj.* all-annihilating, all-destroying; —**verführer**, *m.* one who reconciles all or every thing, universal mediator; —**vertheilt**, *adj.* universally distributed; —**verzehren**, *adj.* all-consuming, all-devouring; —**verzeihen**, *m.* all-perfecter; —**vollkommen**, *adj.* all-perfect; —**vollkommenheit**, *f.* all-perfectness; —**verwerf**, *adj.* (*Wieland*, I. u.) foremost of all (*Widerwärtig*); —**wegend**, *adj.* all-daring; —**weltend**, *adj.* all-ruling, all-governing; —**weltlich**, *adv.* in every direction (*cf.* **Welterwärtig**, which is more usual); —**weltlich**, *adj.* all-wise, infinitely wise; *der* —**weltlich**, the All-wise; —**weltlichheit**, *f.* infinite wisdom; —**weltlich**, *adv.* (*Harder*) in all expanse, far and wide; —**weltlich**, *adj.* (*Schiller*, I. u.) all-important; —**wissenschaft**, *adj.* all-knowing, omniscient (*ungebräuchlich* *ist* omniscience); *der* —**wissenschaft**, the All-knowing, Omniscient; —**wissenschaft**, *f.* *freq.* —**wissenschaft**, *f.* omniscience, unbounded knowledge; —**wissenschaft**, *f.* pretension of knowing every thing; —**wissenschaft**, *f.* 1) universal knowledge, *nearly in this sense* —**wissenschaft**; 2) pantology (*in this sense used now and then for Philosophie*); —**wis**, *adv.* (*see* *intended* by all, *cf.* —**da**, —**der**, —**hier**) *obsolescent*, *lit.* in which same place (*syn.* **welch**), where; —**wissenschaftlich**, *adj.* occurring every week, hebdomadary; *adv.* once every (or a) week, every week, weekly; —**wissenschaft**, *adj.* all-strangling, all-killing, all-destroying; —**wissenschaft**, *adv.* *obsolescent*, always, evermore (**Wissenschaft**); —**wissenschaft**, *adj.* all-destroying.

All ..., in comp. —**zu**, *adv.* far too, too much, over; —**lein**, *adv.* far too small; —**groß**, *adv.* over-great; *ein* —**milder Herrscher** (*Schiller*), much too mild a governor; —**straff** *gepaunt* *gerippt* *der Bogen* (*Schiller*), if strained to excess, the bow will break.

All ..., in comp. —**ängstlich**, *adj.* far too fearful, over-anxious; —**freudlich**, *adj.* over-friendly; —**fruchtbar**, *adj.* over-fruital.

All ..., in comp. —**gegenwärtig**, *adj.* (*All*...) ubiquitous (**Allgegenwärtig**).

All ..., in comp. —**gegenwärtig**, *adj.* far too precise, too particular, quaint, *cf.* **Gegen**.

All ..., in comp. —**zusammen**, *adv.* (*All*...) all-together (*ver-schieden von* *alltogether*), all at once.

All ..., in comp. —**über**, *adv.* far too great, over-great; *a-e* **Verdammnis**, over-fatigue; *a-e* **Verfülltheit**, over-complaisance. [*gether*].

All ..., in comp. —**über**, *adv.* (*All*...) *obsolescent*, alto-**über**, *adv.* (*from* **All** & **über**) all at once, altogether; *ihre* **Wörter** und —**Wörter** *des* **Heiligen** (*Ps.* 82, 6), ye are gods, and all of you are children of the most high; *ihre* **Wörter** —**Wörter** (*Job* 16, 2), miserable comforters are ye all.

All ..., in comp. —**über**, *adv.* far too much, over-much; —**über**, *see* **über**; —**über**, *adj.* over-fond; —**über**, *adv.* far too

be) an innidel; die geistlichen Früchte seiner Arbeiten — Geisliche und Professoren, the matured fruit of his ministerial and professional labours: er unterzeichnete das Document — Seckwalter, he signed the document in the capacity of an attorney; das Gesetz kam — Denkschrift vor den geistgebenden Körper, the application came before the legislature in the shape of a memorial; alles dies, obgleich es — Anregung von Werth ist, ist — Beweis nichts werth, all this, valuable as it is in the way of suggestiveness, is worth nothing in the way of proof; c) the omission of this als is frequent in poetry and the elevated style: bist du ein Knecht derufen, sorge dich nicht (1 Cor. 7, 21) art thou being called a servant? care not for it: daß ich ein Bettler geboren werden durfte! (Schiller), oh, that I might have been born (as) a beggar! (Bgl.: I'll live and die a maid, to live and die her slave, &c.); d) als introducing enumerations, &c., to be explained as representing a shortened sentence: aa) es gibt drei grammatische Geschlechter, — (for — da sind, which is likewise used) Masculinum, Femininum, Neutrum, there are three grammatical genders, viz. masculine, feminine, neuter: diejenigen neueren Sprachen, — (or wie) die französische zc. (Lessing), those modern languages, as, for instance, (or, such as) the French, &c.; Weihnachtsfesten, — (or wie) Bücher, Kleider, Spielzeug, liegen auf dem Tisch, Christmas presents, in the form of books, clothes, playthings, lay on the table; bb) before heute, morgen, gestern zc., similar to the English as to-day, as to-morrow, &c., rather colloquial: er benachrichtigte mich, daß er — (or — wie) heute Morgen hatte zu mir kommen wollen, he informed me that he had intended to come to me at this morning (cf. As, Vol. I.). This als always serves to put the word or words which it introduces prominently forward, and is even, though seldom in recent usage, combined with the relative: ihr habt diesen Menschen zu mir gebracht, — der das Volk abwendet (Luk. 23, 14), ye have brought this man to me, as one that perverteth the people.

4) Als, temporal, when: always relating to some past event which took place simultaneously with some other event: wir in die Stadt fuhren, hörte es auf zu regnen, when we drove into the town, it ceased to rain (just as the one event took place, so the other took place, i. e. simultaneously); — ich das Vergnügen durchgehe (Schiller: the historic present for the imperfect [durc]ging) of common prose), on passing through the antechamber, I heard, &c.

C. Als, (w.) f. see Also.
Alsbald, adv. forthwith, directly, immediately.

Alsbaldig, adj. done, effected, or happening forthwith, immediate, instantaneous.

Alsbann, Alsbenn, adv. obsolescent, then (sometimes as much as not till then, just then, at that very time, cf. Eodann).

A. Al'te, (w.) f. see Alsoe. [mut.]

B. Al'te, (w.) f. provinc. wormwood (Werc).

C. Al'te, (w.) f. provinc. (Switz.) awl (Wile).

Al'tenach, Al'tenach, (str.) m. Bo. popular name of *Selinum palustre*, see Olfenich.

Al'terst, adv. [t &] provinc. see Eofort.

Al'termach, adv. (from Al'te, II.) gradually.

+ Al'telang, conj. as long as (Eolang, or so lang(e)).

Al'te, I. adv. + & post. thus, so, in this way, in such a manner (cf. So); II. conj. 1) consequently, accordingly; therefore; so, then; es sind vier, — mehr als drei, there are four, consequently more than three; „—“, bemerkte eine alte Dame, indem sie die Brille zurechtlegte, „— dies ist der Kaiser Titus!“ „so“, observed an old lady, adjusting her

spectacles, „so this is the Emperor Titus!“; was! Sie haben — nicht gehört, ...? what! you have not heard, then, ...? es ist — keine Hoffnung, Herr Doctor? then there is no hope, Doctor? ach, theuerster Rudolf, du warst — nicht unter, wie man mich gern überredet hätte! oh, dearest Rudolph! you were not then, as they would fain have persuaded me, untrue; auf ihren Brief war keine Antwort gekommen, ... der Gläubiger war — geduldig, to their letter no answer had come, the creditor was then a patient one.

Al'tebald, adv. + & post. for Alsbald.

Al'terst, Al'terstich, adv. + & post. for Eofort, Eogleich.

Al'tshin, Al'tshuk, adv. + & post. for Sohin, Conft.

Al't, adv. provinc. for Als.

Al'ter, (w.) f. (t &) provinc. for Eister, magpie (Aglaster).

A. Alt, adj. 1) old: a) having existed for some time, of any specified duration; das Kind ist zwei Stunden —, the child is two hours old; sie ist zwanzig Jahre —, she is twenty years old or of age; er starb fünfzig Jahre —, he died aged fifty years; alt, in this combination, often omitted, f. i. sie ist noch nicht sechzehn Jahre, she is not yet sixteen years (and even Jahre is often omitted, as in English); einen Tag (t &) post. with the Gen. (ein Tages) —, a day old; er ist so — als ich, he is as old as I, coll. he is my age; er ist einige Jahre älter als ich, he is a few years my older or senior; von zwei Brüdern der ältere, the elder one of two brothers (im Engl. oft auch der Superlativ, wo nur von zweien die Rede ist); unter dreien der älteste, the eldest of three; Fortsetzung der Ältere, nicht f. der Jüngere, (im engl. Schulen) Fortsetzung-major, not F.-minor (in German schools, &c., obsolete): Stülzel senior, Stülzel junior; der ältere Zweig einer Dynastie, the elder branch of a dynasty (opp. der jüngere, the junior or younger branch); b) having existed a long time or many years, (far) advanced in life, aged, elderly: der alte Mann, die alte Frau (and substantively der Alte, die Alte, which see), the old man, the old woman; for Junge und Alte the undelivered tender singular Jung und Alt (less usual Alt und Jung) is often used: wir wollen gleich mit Jung und — (Exod. 10, 9), we will go with our young and our old; die unterwirft sich Jung und —, to thee the young and the old submit; proverbs: jung gewohnt — geübt, as the twig is bent, so is the tree inclined; wie die Älten jungen (obsolescent for jungen), so zwitschern (pfeifen, pfeifen) auch die Jungen, as the old cock crows, so crows the young; like father like son; c) sometimes of lifeless things (see 2), particul. as opposed to frisch: alter Wein, old wine; altes Bier, old beer (opp. junger (also neuer) Wein, junges Bier); alter Wein, altes Bier zc. may sometimes denote stale wine, stale beer (opp. frisch(er) Wein zc.); alte Butter, alter Schinken, alter Speck, alte Würst, alte Eier, altes Brot almost always in an ill sense, and opposed to frisch, old (rancid) butter, old ham, (rusty) bacon, sausage, old eggs, old (stale) bread; alter Käse (opp. frisch(er) Käse), ripe, rotten, or decayed cheese.

2) Old: as opposed to neu (new, modern, &c.); a) having existed long time ago or in former ages, long past, ancient, antique, &c.: die alte Zeit, die alten Zeiten, ancient time, ancient times; in or vor alten Zeiten, in ancient, old (post.: olden) times, in times or days of old, of old, in times of yore: Rom war in alten Zeiten vollreicher als gegenwärtig, Rome was anciently more populous than at present; die alte Geschichte, ancient history; das alte Deutschland, das alte Äthen, das alte Rom, ancient Germany, ancient Athens, ancient Rome; die alten Räuber (or die Älten, see Ält.

s.), the ancient nations, the ancients (particul. the ancient Greeks and Romans); eine alte Sage, an antique vase; alte Kunst und Literatur, ancient art and literature; das alte Normannisch-Französisch, the old Norman-French; unsere Älten, our forefathers, ancestors; belonging to a former time or period; das alte Jahr, the year passed over, last year (opp. das neue Jahr, the new year, different from das junge Jahr, a poetical expression, which is opposed to das alte Jahr in the sense of the year far advanced); der alte Mann, in mining (sym. der alte Bau, die Älting), exhausted mine or pit filled up with rubbish; b) an) subsisting, known, or practised before some thing else: das alte Gesetz ist durch das neue aufgehoben, the old law is repealed by the new; das alte Testament, the Old Testament; die alte Welt, the Old World; bb) established of old; die Venetianer hielten fest an alten Gesetzen und Gebräuchen, the Venetians were tenacious of old laws and customs; cc) of old or long standing; ein alter Bekannter, an old acquaintance; ein altes Übel, an old, inveterate evil; c) aa) experienced, versed in anything by (long) experience; long practised, old in practice; Vane, jung an Jahren, doch in weitem Rathe —, Vane, young in years, but in sage counsel old (Milton; vgl. die Redensart: to have an old head on young shoulders); — thun, to give one's self a knowing air, to play the old sage; ein alter Seemann, an old (experienced) sailor; bb) proved, tried, tested by long experience; von gutem Ältem Schrot und Korn, of due weight and alloy (of coins); er ist von altem Schrot und Korn, he is of the (good) old stamp; cc) as a term of endearment: mein alter lieber Junge! sagte er zu einem fünfzigjährigen Straben, my dear old fellow! said he to a boy five years of age; was machst du, alter Hans? lang, how are you, old fellow! d) what has been previously or formerly: aa) in a good and in an ill sense: die gute alte Zeit, the good old time; alte Liebe rostet nicht, old affection does not decay; sie waren alte Schulkameraden gewesen, they had been old schoolfellows; ist er immer noch der alte ehrgierige Politiker? he is the same ambitious politician that he used to be? er ist immer noch der Alte, he is still the same, he is the same as ever; er ist nicht mehr der Alte, he is not the same, he is not the man he used to be, he is not his former self, he is greatly altered, coll. he has not the same way with him (at all); es bleibt beim Älten (w.), things remain as they have been; ich bleibe beim Älten, I am still for the old way; er ließ Ältes beim Älten, he left things where he had found them: den alten Menschen ablegen, ausziehen (Ephes. 4, 22; Coloss. 3, 9), to put off the old man; bb) often (in Switzerland) prefixed to names or terms of office, denoting that a person has formerly held that office, f. i. Alt-Randemann (Schiller, Tell), Alt-Gauptramm, Alt-Beigt, the late Landman, &c. In his Roman History Mommsen happily translates the Lat. consularis, praetorius, censorius, with Alt-Consul, Alt-Prätor, Alt-Senator; c) time-worn: aa) decayed by time, superannuated; ein alter Invalide, an old broken soldier; alter Kleider, old clothes; alter Bücher, old books, second-hand books; altes Eisen, old broken iron, scrap or bushel iron; bb) die alte Mode, the old fashion; alte Gebräuche, old or ancient usages; alte Wörter, old or obsolete words; cc) hackneyed, trite: das ist etwas Ältes, das ist eine alte Geschichte, that is an old story, that is nothing new; belligliche mich nicht wieder mit der alten Geschichte, don't bother me again with that old affair (lang, that stale fish); das sind alte Witze, these are stale jokes.

B. Alt, (str.) m. Ichth. 1) see *Altant*, A; 2) see *Alpe*.

C. * Alt, (str.) m. [Ital. alto] Mus. alto, alt, counter-tenor, high-tenor.

Alt'edelg, adj. of old nobility.

Alt'fisch, adj. Altaic, Altaian, pertaining to the Altal ridge of mountains in Asia.

Alt'mann, see Alt, A, 2, d, bb.

*** Alt'm (sometimes Alt'm), (str.) m. (d. col. n.), Alt'm'e, (w.) f.** 1) platform, (open) gallery with balustrades on the roof of a (country-house, or before windows; flat roof (Hoch-alt'm, see *Roof*); 2) balcony (Balcon); —b'nd, n. f. flat roof; —fenster, n. French casement or window (opening to the ground).

Alt'mschell, (str.) m. see Alt'mschell.

Alt'm (or frequently Alt'm), s. l. (str., pl. Alt'm'e & Alt'm'e, the accent being mostly on the second syllable) m. (dimin. Alt'm'chen, Alt'm'lein, (str.) n.) 1) altar; in Christian churches, also communion-table; das Erbarment des H-8, the sacrament (of the holy communion); 2) fig. shrine; II. in comp. —b'eilebung, f. decoration of an altar (—b'ede); —b'eit, n. back-piece of an altar (—b'ild, n.); altar-piece, altar-painting; —b'eit, f. expiation before the altar; —b'ede, f. altar-cloth; communion-cloth; —b'eit, m. Rom. Cath. 1) acolythist, acolyte (church-servant); 2) (Alt'm'f) altarist, the priest that ministers at the altar; —g'eld, n. altarage (Alt'm'gum), emolument of priests ministering at the altar; —g'ewölbe, m. altar-piece (painting placed over or behind the altar; —g'ewölbe), n. altar-furniture; —g'ewölbe, n. sacred vessels, altar-plate.

*** Alt'm'f, (w.) m.** altarist, altar-chaplain, see *Alt'm'f'cher*, 2.

Alt'm..., in comp. —f'ant, f. (altar-) f'agion; —f'eld, m. chalice (the cup in which the wine of the eucharist is administered); —f'erge, f., —f'icht, n. altar-candle; —f'ehen, n. altar-hof; —f'emann, m. (pl. —f'eute, —m'ner) see —f'euter; —f'ed't, m. Canon Law, patronage, the right of presenting a clergyman to an altarist's benefice; —f'ebe, f. sermon preached before the altar (as distinguished from *Rangel-rede*); —f'ette, f. step of an altar; —f'ille, n. altar-piece (painting or ornamental sculpture, placed over an altar); —f'upp'ch, m. altar-carpet; —f'uch, n. altar-cloth (—b'ede).

Alt'm..., in comp. —b'eden, adj. 1) stale (applied to anything baked that has grown hard or tasteless from age, opp. *Knubben*, *frischb'eden*); —b'eum, m. Bot. see *Tranzen-fruchtbaum*; —b'eig'ndet, p. a. established of old; —b'eig'ndete Rechte, vested rights; —b'eit, adj. known of old, long-known, well-known; —b'inder, m. cooper, repairer of old casks; —b'ritsch, adj. Old British; —b'ritschen, n. Old Castile; —b'eitich, adj. Old German.

Alt'e, s. (weak form of the adj. Alt, which see; it is, of course, declined like an adj.) I. m. d. f. 1) a) old man (*dimin. Alt'm'chen (str.) n.*); von Zeit zu Zeit j'ch' ich den Alt'm gern (*G'dike, Faust*), the ancient one I like sometimes to see (*Seemann*); 2) a) old woman; 2) a) coll. (and mostly disrespectful) term used by children, speaking of their parents, by apprentices in reference to their principals, &c.; the old one; and governor; der — will nicht bl'cken, slang, the governor won't come down with the ready; Alt'm! old man! old one! old fellow! old chap! old blade! „hebe, Alt'm“, pflegte mein Vater (zu einem 14-jährigen Knaben) zu sagen, „geh' und hole die Mutter!“ „hallo, old man“, my father would say, „go and bring your mother here!“ christlicher Alt'm! honest veteran; a) coll. goody, dame, crone; 3) the male or female parent (of animals); 4) a) familiar appellation of the *Erbin-Obert* (being the highest trump of the German card, cf. *Wenzel*), sometimes of the *Grün-Obert*, next in importance;

b) an officer (the king's man or counselor) was known as called in an obsolete kind of chess-play; c) see *Alt*, 2, a, bb; II. die Alt'm, pl. the ancients (particul. the Greeks and Romans), see *Alt*, 2, a; der Rath der Alt'm, (French Revolution) the council of the Ancients; III. m. an old thing (etwas Alt's), see *Alt*, 2, d & e. [age, old age.

Alt'e, (w.) f. (l. u.) quality of being old. **Alt'..., in comp. —b'et, adj.** of old nobility; —b'ewürdig, adj. time-honoured, age-honoured; —b'itter, m. (l. u.) a venter of old iron.

† Alt'eif're, (w.) f. (Old Fr. Hastingaire) name of Oliver's battlesword (*Uhlend*).

Alt'eig, adj. provinc. growing stale.

Alt'ein, (w.) s. intr. (dimin. of Alt'm) 1) to begin to grow old, to grow oldish, to grow or be elderly; 2) to grow stale, to fade, to wither. [(*Worteltern*).

† Alt'eitern, (w.) pl. ancestors, forefathers

Alt'm, (w.) s. intr. (aus. haben, less frequently sein) (l. u.) to grow old, see *Alt'm*.

Alt'm'gland, (str.) n. Old England.

Alt'm'glish, adj. Old English.

Alt'm'man'nd'stelle, (w.) f. (Wieland) (assumed) part of an old man.

Alt'm'schell, (str.) n. Law, reservation made by an old person in disposing of his (or her) property (*Abgebtunge, Abzug*).

Alt'm, (str.) n. 1) age (of a man, a horse, of wine, &c.); sein — ist zwanzig Jahre, his age is twenty years; in seinem —, at his age, at his time of life; er ist in meinem —, he is of my (own) age; die Mama sagt oft, daß sie sehr viele Unarten beging, als sie in meinem — war, mamma often says she did many naughty things when she was my age; das blühende, jugendliche —, the prime of life, youth, flower of age; das junge —, tender age, tender years; im besten —, in the vigour of life; das hohe —, great, advanced or old age, declining age; das mittlere —, middle age; bis in das höchste or späteste —, to the latest period of one's existence;

2) *obsolescent* for *Zeitalter*, *Weltalter*, *Zeit*; das goldene —, the golden age; ein besseres — (*Schiller*), a better age; vor H-8, of old (*b'ist'rich*); [in days of yore], anciently, in former times, formerly; von H-8 her, from remotest antiquity, from ancient or former times; of old; Gott ist mein König von H-8 her (*Ps. 74, 12*), God is my king of old;

3) *priority* in office; die Beamten werden nach dem — befördert, (the officers are promoted by seniority; das — vor einem haben: aa) to be older or one's senior in office, to have priority of office or appointment over another; bb) to have priority of possession; sein — eugen'sch'ndlich machen, among *Minars*, to prove priority of possession;

4) long duration, ancientness, (great) age, antiquity; das — des Erdballes, the antiquity of the globe; das — der Erde, the age of the earth; die Stoffe, aus denen dieser Ball besteht, sind von sehr hohem —, the materials of which this globe is composed, are of high antiquity; das — einer Familie, the ancientness or antiquity of a family; das — eines Rechts, the ancientness of a right;

5) a) old age, decline of life (opp. *Jugend*); er fürchtet ein cinjam, hülfe — (*G'dike*), he is afraid of a lonely, helpless age; das — naht, old age approaches; — sch'igt vor Thorheit nicht, proverb, age is not proof against folly, age does not always bring wisdom; b) old men or persons collectively; das — muß man chren, we must honour old age; c) fig. oldness, staleness, &c. cf. *Alt*, adj.

Alt'm, compar. of Alt, adj.; sometimes occurring in compounds denoting ancestral relations: —ahn, m. (Lessing) a great grandfather; —

altern, pl. great grandparents (*Alt'eltern, Voreltern*), cf. —mutter, —vater.

*** Alt'erat'ion, (w.) f. (Lat.)** 1) alteration (*Änderung*); 2) Mus. †, the doubling the value of a note; 3) *obsolescent*, violent emotion, col. turn (*heftige Gemüthsbevegung, Ärger* &c.).

Alt'erbrüder, (str.) m. (Herder) unusual for der ältere Bruder.

Alt'ersgen, (str.) n. (dimin. of Alt'm, see Alt'e, l. a.) 1) a term of endearment, good old man, dear old fellow, &c.

Alt'ersjahre, adj. (from Alt) having the experience of a long life, experienced.

Alt'ersgrau, adj. (comp. of Alt'm) gray with age, hoary (*Alt'ersgrau*).

Alt'ershaft, adj. (from Alt'm) old fashioned, antique (*Voss, l. u.*).

Alt'ersig, adj. (only in comp.) of (a certain) age (*Eralt'ersig, Vieldalt'ersig* &c.).

*** Alt'ers'ren, (w.) s. tr. 1)** to alter (*Ändern*); a-b' Mittel, *Med.* alternative remedies, alternatives; 2) to change for the worse, to aggravate; *obsolescent*, sich —, to be violently agitated, to be vexed.

Alt'erslich, adj. l. u. (except in the comp. Mittel) antique (*Alt'erslichlich*).

Alt'erslich, see Alt'erslich.

Alt'ersmann, (w.) pl. H-männer, sometimes H-leute m. presiding officer of a corporation or guild, elder, senior (*Junft-Vorsteher* &c.).

Alt'ersmutter, (str.) pl. H-mütter f. (see Alt'm & Alt'm'f) great grandmother, or grandmother (*Alt'mutter, Eltermutter*).

Alt'm, sometimes Alt'm, (w.) s. l. intr. (aus. haben, sometimes sein) (from Alt, stronger than Alt'm, expressing less than Alt'm, but having supplanted both these words) to grow old or older; to decay, decline; coll. to age; er altert mit jedem Tage, he ages every day (*Dickens*); II. tr. to make (prematurely) old, coll. to age; Sorgen — mehr als Jahre, sorrows age more than years.

Alt'm, pl. parents, see Eltern.

*** Alt'm'at', (str.) n. (Lat.)** alternate, alternation. — *Alt'm'at'ion*, (w.) f. reciprocal succession of things, alternation (*Abwechselung*).

Alt'm'at'iv, adj. (Fr. alternatif, from the Lat.) alternative, alternate, offering the choice of two things (*Abwechselnd*). — *Alt'm'at'iv'e*, (w.) f. alternative (*choice given of two things, so that if one is taken, the other must be left*); option; dilemma (das *Entweder-Oder*, die *Zwischenf.*). — *Alt'm'at'iv'm*, (w.) s. intr. to alternate (*Abwechseln*, *Umwechseln*, *Wechseln*); a-b, p. a. Bot. alternate (of leaves, &c., *Wechselständig*).

Alt'm'sallein, adj. (from Alt'm, in the obsolete meaning of world) †, alone (in the world), entirely alone (*Alt'm'sallein*).

Alt'm..., in comp. —schwach, —schwache, see Alt'm'schwach, Alt'm'schwache; —schwer, adj. heavy with age.

Alt'm's..., in comp. —et'as, m. Law, dispensation in respect of age (*Lat. venia etatis, Disp.*); —folge, f. succession of men or things according to their respective ages; nach der —folge (im Amte) vorrücken, to advance (in office) by seniority; —genos, m. contemporary, one of the same age; —grau, adj. gray with age, hoary, (*b'ist'ich*); time-gray; —f'reis, m. *Med.* gerontotoxon, a bow-shaped collection of opaque matter in the cornea of old persons; —präsident, m. (in preliminary parliamentary assemblies) president (chairman) of an assembly on account of his being the oldest member present; —ring, m. see —f'reis; —schwach, adj. weak from age, worn out or decayed with age, decrepit; —schwache, f. decrepitude, feebleness of age, decline of life; er starb an —schwache, he died of old age; —stufe, f. stage of life, age; Shakespeare's (nicht von sieben —stufen des Menschen, Shakespeare

speaks of the seven ages of man: —*tab*, *m.* death from old age; —*unterfchied*, *m.* difference of age; —*hermann*, *m.* *Law*, guardian of a minor (as distinguished from *Höfchen-hermann* :c.).

Alt'tertium, (*str.*, *pl.* *Alt'tertium*) *n.* 1) *†*, old age, decline of life, see *Alter*, 5, a; 2) antiquity; 3) a) a piece of ancient art (*W.-stück*); b) the remains of ancient times, antiquities; *griechische und römische Alt'tertium*, Greek and Roman antiquities.

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*forfcher*, *m.* student of antiquity, antiquary, antiquarian: —*forfchung*, *f.* study of antiquity, archaeology: —*gefellfchaft*, *f.* antiquarian society: —*kenner*, *m.* one versed in a knowledge of antiquity, antiquary: —*früher*, *m.* one modelling with objects of ancient art, pseudo-antiquary: —*funde*, *f.* archaeology: —*fundig*, *adj.* versed in antiquity, antiquarian; *der —fundig*, see —*kenner*; —*stück*, *n.* a piece of ancient art, antique; —*verein*, *m.* antiquarian association; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* science of archaeology.

Alt'tertium, (*w.*) *f.* pretension to antiquity, antiquarianism.

Alt'tertium, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to assume the semblance of antiquity; to exhibit an exaggerated or perverse predilection for antiquity.

Alt'tertium, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one possessed of undue partiality for antiquity or antiquities, antiquarian; 2) (*or* *Alt'tertium*, [*str.*] *m.* employed by some to avoid the ill sense, generally attached to the word *Alt'tertium*) antiquary. see *Alt'tertiumforfcher*.

Alt'tertium, *L. adj.* 1) antique, ancient; 2) having the appearance of, or imitating antiquity, antique; *II. W.-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) antiqueness; appearance of antiquity; 2) antique or ancient work, piece of antiquity.

Alt'tertium, (*str.*, *pl.* *Alt'tertium*) *m.* (*from* *Alter*, which see; *cf.* *Alt'tertium*) great grandfather; also, for an ancestor.

Alt'tertium, (*str.*) *m.* see *Alt'tertium*.

Alt'tertium, (*superl.* of *Alt*) *L. adj.* 1) oldest, eldest, most ancient; *der — Sohn*, the eldest son; 2) often used as a substantive: *dieß ist mein —t*, this is my eldest (son); *II. m.* (*decl.* like *adj.*) elder; senior; alderman; *W.-namt*, *m.* *W.-würde*, *f.* *W.-recht*, *n.* eldership, seniority.

Alt'tertium, (*w.*) *f.* *W.-recht*.

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*stück*, *m.* *W.-stück*, see *Alt'tertium*; —*flügel*, *m.* mender of old things (shoes, clothes, &c.); cobbler; —*flügel*, *f.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* counter-tenor flute (*flöte à bec*); —*flügel*, *adj.* old-fashioned; —*früher*, *m.* *gener. pl.* die —*frauen*, the ancient Franks; —*früher*, *adj.* *†*, old-fashioned, antique (*—modisch*, —*väterlich*); —*früher*, *adj.* (*J. Paul*) of old-fashioned piety; —*gebäude*, see —*baden*; —*gebäude*, *adj.* having served a long time, veteran; —*gegründet*, *p. a.* founded or established of old; —*gehabt*, *p. a.* *†*, had of old, of old standing; —*geige*, *f.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* tenor-violin (*Bratsche*); —*geschlecht*, *n.* (*Göthe*, *I. u.*) ancient lineage or descent; —*gefell*, *m.* head-journeyman, foreman; —*gestiftet*, *adj.* of (good) old manners; —*gevatter*, *m.* one who has already stood godfather to elder children of someone; —*gewand* (*Der*, *m.* *†*, one who mends old clothes, or a dealer in old clothes, old-clothes-broker (*Wiedertreiber*); —*gewohnt*, *p. a.* accustomed of old; die —*gewohnte Ordnung*, the old accustomed order; —*gläubig*, *adj.* addicted to the old doctrine, orthodox; —*gläubigkeit*, *f.* a belief in the old doctrine, orthodoxy; —*gotisch*, *adj.* ancient Gothic; —*griechenland*, *n.* old or ancient Greece; —*griechisch*, *adj.* old Greek, ancient Greek (*opp.* *Neugriechisch*); —*händler*, *m.* a dealer in old clothes, &c. (*Trödler*).

* **Alt'tertium** (popularly accented on the first syllable, as if it were a word compounded with *Alter*; *Lat.* *althæa*, *from* *Gr.* *althæa*, healing herb, *Scittrant*), (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* *althæa*, marsh-mallow (*Gibisch*, *Althæa* *L.*).

Alt'tertium, (*w.*) *f.* (*I. u.*) 1) oldness; 2) (piece of) antiquity.

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*herkunftlich*, —*hergebracht*, *adj.* customary from old times, traditional; old, ancient (*cf.* —*gewohnt*); —*herr*, *m.* *provinc.* & *†*, alderman; member of the senate (*Alt'tertium*); —*hen*, *n.* the first or crop of grass (*opp.* *Stummel*, after-math); —*hieb*, *adj.* *Forest* (*said of underwood*) of more than ten years' standing; —*herkunftlich*, *adj.* Old High German (referring to the remotest period of High German, from the seventh to the beginning of the twelfth century); —*holz*, *n.* *Forest*, old wood, applied to stems two or three years old (*opp.* *Jungholz*).

* **Alt'tertium**, (*w.*) *m.*, *Alt'tertium*, (*w.*) *f.* see *Alt'tertium*, *Alt'tertium*.

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*jabber*, *adj.* *Sport.* (of a stag) having reached the best age for being hunted (which is in the eighth year), full-grown: —*flüg*, *adj.* knowing or prudent like an old man, or beyond one's years, too early matured for one's age, old-fashioned, precocious, forward; —*flügel*, *m.* 1) head-servant (*Strohm*); 2) in some trades *syn.* with —*gefell*; —*flügel*, *adj.* having been ill or indisposed for a long time; —*flügelmann*, see *under* *Alt*, 2, d; —*flügel*, see —*flügel*; —*flügel*, *adj.* *scarcely used*, addicted to the old doctrine, orthodox (*cf.* —*gläubig*).

Alt'tertium, *L. adj.* (*from* *Alt*, *adj.*) 1) elderly (of persons), bordering upon old age, somewhat old, oldish; 2) (of the taste of eatables, &c.) stale, oldish; *II. W.-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* elderliness, &c.

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*magd*, see —*flügel*; —*magd*, *f.* among farmers, &c. the oldest serving-girl (*Strohm*); —*mann*, *m.* old man, see *Alt*, A, 1, b; —*mannstamm*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) *origeron*; 2) groundsel (*senecio*, *Strohm*); —*meister*, *m.* 1) head-master, elder, senior, particular, presiding officer of a corporation or guild (*Oberrichter*, *cf.* *Alt'tertium*); 2) *fig.* senior master; *Göthe* *der —meister der deutschen Dichter*, *Göthe*, the patriarch of German poets; —*meist*, —*meistend* (*coll.* —*meist*), —*meistend*, *adj.* *Hueb*, having given milk for some time (*opp.* *Strohm*); —*meist*, *adj.* old-fashioned; —*meist*, *f.* (*cf.* —*vater*) grandmother; —*meist*, *adj.* Old Norse: —*papa*, *m.* (*Voss*) grand-papa (*vater*); —*papa*, *m.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* alto-trombone; —*reth*, *n.* *Sport.* the hind or doe after the first rutting; —*reth*, —*reth*, *m.* see —*flügel*; —*röhmlich*, *adj.* old or ancient Roman; —*sache*, *m.* Old Saxon; —*sachslich*, *adj.* Old Saxon; —*sänger*, *m.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*), —*sängerin*, *f.* alto-singer; —*schön*, *adj.* (*I. u.*) of antique beauty; —*schön*, *m.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* counter-tenor clef, alto-clef, the Clef on the third line of the stave; —*schuster*, *m.* cobbler (*—flügel*); —*essen*, *adj.* belonging to the old inhabitants of a place; —*geflente Rente*, old settlers; —*flügel*, *m.* former owner of an estate or house, having reserved to himself part of the lodgings, &c. (*Wüstgeflente*, *Wüstgeflente*); —*isabellen*, *n.* old sable iron; —*isabellen* (*for* —*geflente*), *p. a.* obsolete, long since said, reported of old; —*isabellen* (*for* —*geflente*), *Spencer*: an old said saw; —*stalt*, *n.* old town or city, particular, the old part of a large town or city; —*stalt*, *m.* inhabitant of the old part of a city; —*stalt*, *f.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* the counter-tenor, or highest male voice; —*testamentlich*, *adj.* relating to the Old Testament, Mosical; die *a-c* *Scittranten*, the Old Testament saints; *a-c* *Bruchstücke*, Old Testament fragments (*opp.* *Neu-*

testamentlich); —*stalt*, *n.* *Sport.* a full-grown stag or buck.

Alt'tertium, (*str.*, *pl.* —*stalt*) *n.* (*Göthe*, who opposes it to *Neutrium*) *†* for *Alt'tertium*.

Alt'tertium, (*w.*) *f.* exhausted mine, &c., see *Alter Mann* (*Alt*, A, 2, a).

Alt'tertium, *in comp.* —*vater*, *m.* 1) (*cf.* *alder*, used for grandfather in the West of Scotland, *Dutch* *ouvdader*, &c.) grandfather; 2) forefather, ancestor; 3) a) patriarch (*Erzvater*, *Stammvater*); b) also *fig.* *der —vater* *unserer neueren Dichtung* (*i. e.* *Klopstock*), the patriarch of our modern poetry; die —*väter* *der ersten Kirche*, the fathers (of the church), see *Kirchenväter*; 4) reverend father, guardian; 5) *Gard.* a vine a branch of which may be laid in the ground for propagation; —*väterlich*, *adj.* old-fashioned (*—modisch*, —*frühtich*); —*väterlich*, *adj.* 1) a) like an old father, patriarchal; b) see —*väterlich*; 2) inherited from one's forefathers, ancestral; —*väterlich*, *n.* see *Alt'tertium*; —*väterlich*, *adj.* 1) wise like old people, see —*flüg*; —*väterlich*, *adj.* familiar of old, of old acquaintance, intimate, as from old acquaintance; —*väterlich*, *adj.* *†* & *coll.* relating to or like an old woman, silly, doting (*—weibermäßig*; *a-c* *Isabellen* (*1 Timoth.* 4, 7), old wives' fables; —*väterlich*, *n.* horned-cattle (*opp.* *Jungvieh*, *cf.* —*thier*); —*väterlich*, *f.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* alto-violin, a small tenor-viol (*Bratsche*); —*väterlich*, *f.* & *n.* (*decl.* like *adj.*) he or that which existed or was before us, or in ancient times, *pl.* (*die* —*väterlich*) ancestors, progenitors; —*väterlich*, *m.* old or ancient forest, primeval forest; —*väterlich*, *n.* the old bed of a river, branch where once the main channel ran; —*väterlich*, *n.* 1) *I. u.* *for* *das alte Weib*, *cond.* a (prating) old woman; 2) *Zool.* oldwife; a) *Ichth.* name given to the *Balistes octalis* (*cf.* *Scorpius*); b) several molluscs and shells are likewise so named, as *Murex canus*, *Venus scabra*, &c.; —*väterlich*, *n.* *cond.* old women's tittle-tattle, twaddle; —*väterlich*, *m.* *T.* name of a lean, hollow-eyed, poorly-looking horse's head; —*väterlich*, (*Alt* in this comp. is *gener.* *inflected* like an independent *adj.*) *m.* 1) a period of warm weather in the latter part of autumn (in N. America called Indian Summer), summer of St. Martin; 2) gossamer, see *Sommerfliegen*; —*väterlich*, *adj.* (*I. u.*) of old or primeval dignity; —*väterlich*, *n.* (*from* *Alt*, *C*) *Mus.* alto-clef, see —*schiffel*.

* **Alt'tertium**, (*indock.*) *f.* *Chem.* alum earth (*Alum-erde*); —**Alt'tertium**, (*indock.*) *f.* *Chem.* alumina, alumine (*Thonerde*, argillaceous earth); —**Alt'tertium**, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* (aluminaurtes Salz) aluminate; —**Alt'tertium**, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* aluminite; —**Alt'tertium**, *Alumina*, *Alumina*, *Alumina*, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* & *Chem.* aluminium, aluminum; *Aluminium-Bröckel*, aluminium-bronze; —**Alt'tertium**, *adj.* *Minor.* & *Chem.* aluminous (*Alumhaltig*).

* **Alt'tertium**, (*str.*) *n.*, *Aluminaurum*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Aluminaurum*) *n.* a school, college, or seminary whose pupils receive lodging, boarding and tuition (*opp.* *Externat*). — **Alt'tertium**, (*indock.* *indock.* *pl.* *Aluminaurum*, *Aluminaurum*, (*w.*) *n.* (*Lat.* *alumnus*, *nursing*) *m.* 1) *Law*, foster-child (*Stiefkind*); 2) a scholar who has (free) boarding, lodging and tuition in a school, college, or seminary, seminarist (*opp.* *Externat*, *Externat*). (*Rien*).

* **Alt'tertium**, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* alunite (*Aluminaurum*); —**Alt'tertium**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Alum.* alveolar, alveolar; —**Alt'tertium**, (*w.*) *f.* alveola, alveolus (small cavity, socket of a tooth, *Zahnsack* &c.); —**Alt'tertium**, (*str.*) *m.* *Pat.* alveolite.

* **Alt'tertium**, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* (*W.-traut*, *n.*) *mad* wort (*Alumnus*, *Stichtraut*).

to confer a place on one; Einem ein — übertragen, to appoint one to a place or office, to admit one into an office: ein — antreten, to enter upon an office: im Amte, in office: in the commission; von Amtswegen, officially. (*Lat.*) *ex officio*; das geistliche —, the ministerial office; *b)* *Script.* ministry (ecclesiastical function, *Schramm*); es find mandirelei Amter, aber es ist ein Herr (1 Cor. 12. 5), there are differences of administrations, but the same Lord; *c)* *Ecc.* sacred ministry, service: *aa)* *Rom.* *Cath.* several ecclesiastical functions, as the *Chor* —, *Stift* —, *Stift* —, particularly the latter: das — halten, to celebrate or perform mass: *bb)* *Protest. church* (Abendmahls-) communion service, the sacrament of the Lord's supper: das — halten, to administer the sacraments: 3) *a)* board, court (of justice), council; *b)* court-house, office, the offices; residence of a magistrate, &c.: 3) *a)* administration of a public domain; *b)* (Rammert-) domain; government-district, &c.; *c)* bailiwick, jurisdiction; 4) corporation, guild, company, see *Junung*; 5) *Ag.* business, concern, province, call; was deines Amtes nicht ist, (ba) laß deinen *Sturm*, *proverb*, meddle not with what does not concern you (*Hdp.*), do not meddle with other people's business; das ist nicht meines Amtes, that is not my business; das ist nicht deines Amtes, that is no business or concern of yours, that is nothing to you.

Amteschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Amte*) little or minor office; — bringt Rappden, *proverb*, offices yield honours or emoluments.

Amtesel, (*w.*) *f.* (*†*) *provinc.* court of justice: court-house, &c. see *Amte*, 2.

Amtesen, (*w.*) *v. inder.* 1) to officiate, to act in any office, to discharge the duties of an office; 2) *provinc.* (*S. G.*) to perform or celebrate mass; mit Einem —, to lecture, reprove one (*cf.* die *Brüder* *lehen*).

Amteser, ..., in comp. — handel, *m.* barter (purchase and sale) of offices: — (sicht, *f.* office-seeking.

Amte, ..., in comp. — frau, *f.* see *Amtesfrau*; — frei, *adj.* private, not invested with any office, free from (or being) without official employment (—los); seine — freie Stellung, his being free of all public duties; — führung, *adj.* officiating, acting; — geld, *n.* *Fund. Law*, money paid for certain posts; — gericht, *n.* 1) see *Amtesgericht*; 2) see *Stiftung*; — haber, *m.* office-bearer, one who holds or discharges an office (*N. Einhaber*); — handeln, *v. inder.* (*L. w.*) to act officially, to institute or commence official proceedings; — hand, *n.* — heft, *m.* 1) court-house, office, court; official residence of a magistrate, bailiff's house; 2) see *Junungshaus*; — hürig, *adj.* obnoxious, subject or belonging to the jurisdiction of a district-court (*U. apflichtig, U. angehörig*).

Amtesren, (*w.*) *v. inder.* see *Amten*.

Amtesrang, (*w.*) *f.* the act of officiating, &c., administration of office.

Amtesreich, see *Amtesreich*.

Amtesrein, (*str.*) *n.* see *Amtesrein*.

Amtesreute, *pl.* see *Amtesreute*.

Amteslich (*provinc.*) (*S. G.*) *Amteslich*, *I. adj.* official: nicht der e-n *gem.* *gem.*, informal: — bezeugt, officially sealed: *II. U. freit*, (*w.*) *f.* official character or authority.

Amtesling, (*str.*) *m. gener. cond.* official, functionary: red-tapist.

Amteslos, *adj.* (being) without official employment: 1) out of office, place, or employment; 2) private, independent. — *Amteslosigkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* the being without official employment, &c.

Amte, ..., in comp. — (sicht, *adj.* (*Joan Paul*) see *Amteslicht*; — mann, (*str.*, *pl.* — leute & — männer, *cf.* *Leute*) *m.* 1) † any one placed in

authority over others; 2) judiciary: district-judge, district-magistrate; bailiff; 3) (*Verwalter*) *a)* superintendent or farmer of a crown domain; *b)* warden: steward; 4) in some parts of *Bavaria*, &c. bailiff, beadle (*Gerichtsdienner*); 5) *provinc.* (*N. G.*) member of a corporation (*Junungsmittglied*); — männlein, *less frequently* — mannlein, (*w.*) *f.* wife of a judiciary, bailiff, &c.; — mannschaft, *f.* office, jurisdiction or dignity of a judiciary, bailiff, &c., bailiwick: — meister, *m. provinc.* (*N. G.*) chief or head of a guild or corporation (*Junungsbremmeister*).

Amtes, ..., in comp. — actuar, *m.* clerk of a district-court; — abel, *m.* a kind of personal nobility (in *Russia*) devolving on one on account of his employment as a government officer: — abjunct, *m.* assistant judiciary, &c.; — alter, *n.* seniority in office (*Amtesmüt*); — angehörig, *adj.* belonging to the jurisdiction of a government district; — ansetzen, *n.* official authority or dignity; — antritt, *m.* entrance or the entering upon (the duties of) an office: (eines *Geistlichen*) entrance on the ministry; — anzeige, *f.* official notice, notification, information, &c.; — arbeit, *f.* official work or duty; — ärger, *m.* vexation occurring during the discharge of office: — arzt, *m.* district physician.

Amtesse, (*w.*) *m. Law*, one (*i. e.* a nobleman in former times) subject (*Amteslicht, adj.*) to the jurisdiction of a district or lower court (*opp.* *Schrittsse*, *Schrittslicht*). — *Amteslicht*, (*w.*) *f.* the being subject to the jurisdiction, &c. as above.

Amtes, ..., in comp. — aufseher, *m.* see — betreiber; — Bauer, *m.* peasant belonging to, or subject to the jurisdiction of a certain government-district: — befehl, *m.* official order, judicial writ: — befehlscupelt, *f.* see — cifer; — befehlen, *p. a. see* — angehörig; — beförderung, *f.* promotion to an office; advancement in station, rise, preferment; — befugnis, *f.* official right, authority, or competence; — befehliger, *m.* judge lateral (assessor) of a court; — bekanntmachung, *f.* official notice or notification; — bericht, *m.* official account, report, return, despatch; — beruf, *m.* official calling, vocation, or duty; sphere of office: — befehlshaltung, *f.* official employment; — befehlshalt, *m.* official decree or sentence: — befehlswort, *f.* onerous official duty; — befehlung, *f.* the filling (up) of an office; appointment to office, nomination; — Bewerber, *m.* applicant or candidate for an office: — Bewerbung, *f.* application or canvassing for an office; — befrist, *m.* jurisdiction; district of a public domain, &c.; — Blatt, *m.* official gazette; — Botte, *m.* messenger of a district-court; — Brauch, *m.* custom in office, official custom: — brief, *m.* 1) official letter; 2) *provinc.* (*N. G.*) written document containing the statute, privileges, &c. of a guild or corporation (*Wildebrief*); — Bruder, *m.* 1) brother in office, colleague, see — genosse; von einem *Geistlichen*: fellow-minister; 2) *provinc.* (*N. G.*) member of a guild, see *Junungsmittglied*; — Bruderschaft, *f.* colleagueship, fellowship, association in office: — Buch, *m.* court roll; — Büttel, *m.* beadle of a district-court (—diener); — Caffé, *f.* treasury, pay-office of a government-district, a domain, or in *gener.* of a public office; — Cassier, *m.* treasurer or cashier of a public office (*cf.* the preceding word).

Amteschlicht, see *Amteschlicht*.

Amteschlichtung, (*w.*) *m.* district surgeon.

Amteschlichter, *proverb* by *Grimm* to *Amteschlichter*, which see.

Amtes, ..., in comp. — commissär, *m.* deputy-judiciary (*gener.* the first clerk of a district-court); — capist, *m.* copying clerk; — diener, *m.* beadle; messenger of a district-

court; — Dorf, *n.* village belonging to a certain government-district or jurisdiction: — ehrs, *f.* honour due to an office or officer: — eib, *m.* oath taken upon entering on an office, oath of office, official oath: oath of fidelity in the discharge of official duties: er hatte seinen — eib abgelegt, he had taken the oath when he entered on his office: — eiblich, *adj.* (declaration, &c.) made on the oath of office: — eifter, *m.* zeal in the discharge of official duties, official zeal: — eifrig, *adj.* zealous in discharging official duties: — eigenschaft, *f.* official quality or capacity: — eifnfte, *f.* *pl.* — einnahme, *f.* emoluments of an office, official income, revenue: — eintassung, *f.* discharge from an office; — eintassung, *f.* cessation, cashiering, dismissal: — eintassung, *f.* 1) (temporary) suspension from office; 2) see the preceding word: — erfahrung, *f.* professional experience; — erfahrungung, *f.* a seeking after, or an obtaining of office by surreptitious means or underhand dealings: — eitrang, *m.* 1) see — eintassung; 2) the revenues or rents of a domain: — eitreß, *m.* transgression or violation of official duty (*cf.* — mißbrauch); — fähig, *adj.* qualified for office: — fähigkeit, *f.* qualification for office: — fülle, *m.* *pl.* † for — gefälle; — feier, *f.* celebration in honour of one who has been in office for a certain term; — folge, *f.* 1) *Law*, official persecution of a criminal (*Waldzeit*); 2) *Law*, obedience due to the official summons of a district-court; — folge leisten, to obey the orders of (the presiding officer of) a district-court; 3) succession in office (*gener.* — nachfolge); — folger, *m.* successor in office (— nachfolger); — frau, *f.* (in convents) officiating nun, *particul.* a (female) chorister: — fröhen, *m.* see — diener; — fröhne, *f.* statute labour or service due to a district-court or a public domain by the peasantry; — fuhrer, *f.* *Law*, conveyance by carriage due as a soage-service: — führung, *f.* administration of office: — gebäude, *n.* see *Amteshaus*; — geberde, *f.* see — mine; — gebühr, *f.* anything due to an office; *particul.* in the *pl.* *U. en*, official fees; — gebührlig, *adj.* official: — geführte, *m.* *l. u.* for — grunfte; — gefälle, *n.* *gener.* in the *pl.* 1) the revenues of a domain; 2) emoluments or fees of office: — gefängnis, *n.* prison of a government-district, public jail; — gehalt, *m.* official salary; — gehetmuis, *n.* official secret; — gehülfe, *m.* assistant in office, adjunct; — gemäße, *adj.* according to official custom or duty, official: — genosse, *m.* official colleague, associate, partner, assistant, joint commissioner: — genossenschaft, *f.* colleagueship, partnership in office: — gericht, *n.* 1) district-court; 2) see *Stiftung*; — geschäft, *n.* official duty, business, professional labour: — geschicht, *n.* official, *i. e.* grave, solemn, or magisterial air (— mine); er macht ein struntes — geschicht, he looks as grave as a judge: — gewalt, *f.* official authority: gemäß der mir zu stehenden — gewalt, *Law style*, pursuant to the power and authority unto me granted: *Wißbrauch der* — gewalt, abuse of official power: — gewissen, *n.* conscience of one who feels the responsibility of office; bei meinem — gewissen (*Wiedand*), upon my conscience as a judge: — gilbe, *f.* *provinc.* (*N. G.*) guild, corporation, see *Wilde, Junung* (*Amte*, 4); — grenze, *f.* border or frontier of a district: — halben († — halb), — halber, *adv.* see — wegen; — hand, *f.* official custody or keeping; — handlung, *f.* official act or function: official proceeding: *Theol.* ministration; — hauptmann, *m.* chief officer, prefect, or governor of a district: high constable, upper bailiff; — hauptmannschaft, *f.* district (sometimes the dignity) of an Amtshauptmann, prefectship, prefecture: — haus, *n.* see *Amteshaus*; — hefter, *m.* see — geschäfte; — herlich, *adj.* (*Gölde*, of a mansion) magnifi-

cent as being an official residence, of dignified proportions: —*höflich*, *m.* 1) seigniorial of an Amtmann (*Hisp.*); —*höflich*, *m.* 1) belonging to a domain; 2) fire-wind granted in part-payment to an official; —*inhaber*, *m.* holder of an office, office-holder, functionary, incumbent; —*Insamter*, *f.* chamber or office for the administration of a domain; —*Insiegel*, *f.* chancery or office of a district-court; —*Insaffe*, *see* —*Insasse*; —*Insasser*, *m.* 1) cellar belonging to a public office; 2) + *a*) administrator of (the revenues of) a district or domain; *b*) *see* —*Insamter*; —*Insellerei*, *f.* +, the office or jurisdiction of an —*Inseller* (*see No. 2 of the preceding word*); —*Insensung*, *f.* knowledge of official business, official knowledge; —*Insitz*, *m.* official gown, robe, &c.; *bit* —*Insieder* und die heiligen *Insieder* *ber* *Wieskirche* *Marons* (*Exod. 31, 10*), the clothes of service, and the holy garments for Aaron the priest; —*Insiebung*, *f.* official dress, attire, robe, &c.; *bit* *papstliche* (*or* *bischofliche*) —*Insiebung*, pontificals; —*Insucht*, *m.* *see* —*Insichter*; —*Insitzen*, *f.* *pl.* 1) official or court expenses; 2) *provinc.* (*see* *Insicht*) expenses of a guild or corporation; —*Insitz*, *m.* district; jurisdiction of a district-court, &c.; —*Insatz*, *f.* *see* *Insinnungsatz*; —*Insandrichter*, *m.* judge of a rural district belonging to a court of justice; —*Insatz*, *f.* burden of office; —*Insitzen*, *m.* *Law*, 1) *see* granted by a district-court; 2) *see* connected with a certain office; —*Insatz*, *m.* official room, locality, or place, office; —*Insatz*, *f.* desire of office; —*Insatzig*, *adj.* desirous of office; *ber* —*Insatzig*, office-seeker, candidate; —*Insatzig*, *adj.* official (*—* *gemäß*); *ministerial*: professional; —*Insatz*, *m.* *see* *Insatzmeister*; —*Insatz*, *f.* solemn, sterner, or severe air (such as fits a grave official, *—* *Insatz*); —*Insatzbrauch*, *m.* abuse of official power and authority (*Wirtschaft* *ber* *gemäß*); —*Insatz*, *f.* mill belonging to a government-district or public domain; —*Insatzfolge*, *f.* succession in office (*sometimes* —*Insatzfolge*); —*Insatzfolger*, *m.* successor in office (*sometimes* —*Insatzfolger*); —*Insatz*, *m.* official denomination or title; —*Insatzlegung*, *f.* a laying down or resigning of office, abdication; —*Insatzung*, *f.* order or succession according to seniority in office; —*Insatz*, *m.* place where a public officer has to reside, official place of residence; *see also* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, *f.* a person in office, civil officer, official; —*Insatz*, *f.* 1) administration of a public office; 2) official district, jurisdiction; —*Insatz*, *m.* 1) *see* Amtmann; 2) *see* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, *f.* 1) official duty; 2) (*—* *Insatz*) *Insatzung* *see* —*Insatz*; —*Insatzig*, *adj.* subject to the jurisdiction of a government-district or district-court; —*Insatz*, (*f.* *Insatz*) *see* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, *f.* *Protest.* principal (forenoon) sermon succeeded by the administration of the sacrament (*f.* *Insatz*, 1, c.); —*Insatz*, *f.* a kind of excommunication which any (public) officer has to pass in order to prove his qualification for the office to which he may have been nominated; —*Insatz*, *m.* official rank; —*Insatz*, *m.* 1) councillor of a district-court; 2) *see* Amtmann; 3) council-board; —*Insatz*, *f.* 1) official record; 2) archive of a district-court; —*Insatz*, *f.* official journey or tour; circuit; —*Insatz*, *m.* administrator of the revenues of a domain or government-district; —*Insatz*, *m.* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, *m.* district-judge; justice of a domain, &c., judiciary; —*Insatz*, *m.* *see* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, (*f.* *Insatz*) *see* —*Insatz*; —*Insatz*, *m.* dues, payable by a town to a district-court for expenses incurred by the latter in the performance of official duties

(*Lauren*). —{-}offener, *m. see* —-ruler, 2; —{-}offiz, *m.* 1) official arms or sign; badge of office (worn by lower officials, messengers, &c.); 2) *see* Archival. (*Leuther*, Exod. 28, 15 & 29; *Leutholdlein*, *m. dimin.*) the breast-plate of judgment (part of the high-priest's apparel); —{-}offizier, *m.* auditor or accountant of the revenues of a domain; treasurer of a government-district, &c.; —{-}offizier, *m.* official letter; —{-}offizier, *m.* clerk of a (district)-court or public office; recorder; —{-}offizieret, *f.* recorder's office; —{-}offizit, *f.* official writ, judicial paper or instrument; —{-}offizitell, *m. see* —-richter; —{-}offiz, *m.* official protection; —{-}offiz, *m.* seal of office, official seal; —{-}offiz, *f.* place where a public office is located; official place of residence (—-ort); —{-}offiz, *f.* (*Leuther*, &c.) anxiety for the careful discharge of (the ministerial) office; —{-}offizet discharge of official duties; —{-}offizet, *f.* a prohibition of the discharge of official functions; —{-}offiz, *m.* staff of office; —{-}offiz, 1) town belonging to a certain government-district or domain; 2) town in which a public office has to reside (*cf.* —-ort); —{-}offiz, *f.* —{-}offizet, *f.* *see* —{-}offiz; —{-}offiz, *f.* place where a public office is located; court-house (—-local); office, court *stead*; *W. wird befohlen, an hiesiger —{-}offiz zu erscheinen*, N. is summoned to appear before this court; —{-}offizung, *f.* official place or position; *ein Mann in hiesiger —{-}offizung*, a man high in office; —{-}offizet, *f.* district-tax; —{-}offizet, *f.* apartment in which official business is transacted (*Witz*), office; audit-office, hall; court; —{-}offizet, *m. conf.* one employed in a public office, *particul.* one confined to an office, *i. e.* to narrow views, *and*, red-tapist; —{-}offiz, *m.* court-day; —{-}offizitell, *f.* the performance of official duty; *bei Arzts (seiner —{-}offizitell) die ephele of his official activity; außer —{-}offizitell (seiner) to suspend from office; —{-}offizitell, *m.* veterinary surgeon attached to a district (court); —{-}offizet, *m.* official title; —{-}offizet, *f.* *see* —{-}offizung; —{-}offizet, *f.* fidelity or faithfulness in the discharge of official duties; —{-}offizet, *L. or* —{-}offizet, *adj.* subject to the jurisdiction of a district-court or a domain; II. *a. m.* one subject to the jurisdiction of a district-court or a domain; —{-}offizet, *f.* the being subject to the jurisdiction of a district-court or a domain; —{-}offizet, *m.* official crime; criminal practice in public office; malversation; —{-}offizet, *f.* constitution of an office, or of public offices in general; —{-}offizet, *n.* —{-}offizet, *f.* misdeemeanor in the discharge of office; —{-}offizet, *m.* office relation or position; —{-}offizet, *f.* official duty, function, or performance; —{-}offizet, *f.* assembly of the magistrates of a certain (government)-district; meeting of the quorum; —{-}offizet, *m.* substitute in office, deputy; —{-}offizet, *m.* 1) justiciary, district-judge, &c. *see* Amtmann; 2) substitute of a justiciary or district-judge, &c.; bailiff's deputy or substitute; steward of a public domain, &c.; —{-}offizet, *f.* 1) administration of office; 2) or —{-}offizet, *f.* *see* —{-}offiz; —{-}offizet, *adj.* *see* —{-}angehörig; —{-}offizet, *f.* *see* —{-}entzückung; —{-}offizet, *m.* (deputy) administrator of an office, public domain, &c.; —{-}offizet, 1) justiciary, &c. *see* Amtmann; 2) *see* the preceding word; 3) *provenc.* bailiff's substitute, steward, head of a bailiff (—{-}frohn); —{-}offizet, 1) office of an Amtvogt; stewardship; bailiwick; 2) court-house; —{-}offizet, —{-}offizet, *m.* predecessor in office; —{-}offizet, *m.* coat of arms alluding to a certain office transferred to the bearer; —{-}offizet, *m.* notation in office; —{-}offizet, *see* von Amtwegen, *under Amt*; —{-}offizet, *f.* official activity, *cf.* —{-}thätig; —{-}offizet, *f.* week of office; official week (in which it is*

the duty of an officer or minister (*cf.* *Böckner*), to officiate in his turn); —*wohnung*, *f.* official lodging or residence (*Dienstwohnung*); —*würde*, *f.* professional dignity.

* *Amulet*, (*str.*) *n.* amulet.
* *Amüsant*, *adj.* (*Fr.* *amusant*) amusing (Unterhaltend, Ergötzlich). — *Amusement* [*fr.* *amüse'mang*], (*str.*) *n.* amusement (Unterhaltung, Ergöblichkeit, Vergnügen). — *Amu'sen*, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to amuse (Unterhalten, Ergözen, Verrnügen).

* *Amigden*, see *Amplen*.
* *Amigdalín*, (*str.*) n. Chem. amygdaline;
-säure, *f.* amygdalic acid.

* **Ampl'**, (*str.*) *n.* Chem. amylo. — **Am'plon**, (*str.*) *n.* amyllum, starch of wheat (Krebstmehl, Stärke); — **säure**, *f.* Chem. amylic acid.

§ 11. *I. prep.* *Wh* belongs to the prepositions governing two cases, the Dative and the Accusative; it is connected with the former (Dat.), when it expresses rest (or sometimes motion) *in* a place, answering to the question *Where?* (where?) The Accusative is used, when motion *to* or *towards* a place is indicated, answering to the question *Whither?* (whither?)

1) *Mixed examples*: — der Thüre, at the door: — die Thüre, to the door: sic setzen — dem (or am), a contraction, which see) Licht, they where seated at the table: sic setzen sich — den Tisch, they sat down at the table: er saß am Tische, he sat at or near the table: er trat — den Tisch, he went up to the table: er setzte sich — dem Stuhl (nieder), he sits down near the stone: er setzt sich — den Stuhl (hin), he sits down close to the stone, he places himself against the stone: sic setzte sich — das Pianoforte, um sich zu üben, she sat down to the pianoforte to practise: dicht or nahe — (der Mauer &c.), close or hard by the wall, next to the wall: Bilder hingen — der Wand, pictures hung on the wall: hänge das Bild — die Wand, hang the picture on the wall: — der or — die Wand beschlagen, to fasten against the wall: er schrieb — der Wand, he wrote (sitting, standing, &c.) by (or near) the wall: er schrieb einen Vers — die Wand, he wrote a verse on the wall: er hatte einen Ring am Finger, he had a ring on his finger: er steckte einen Ring — den Finger, he put a ring on his finger: sic trat mit ihrem Korb am Arm herein, she entered with her basket on her arm: sic schritten wiederum an der Terrasse einher, denn er hatte sie auch einmal — den Arm genommen, they where again pacing the terrace, for he had once more taken her on his arm (*cf. in den Arm nehmen with different meaning*): — einem Orte leben, wohnen, bleiben, verweilen u. f. w., to live, dwell, stay, sojourn, &c. at a place: — einen Ort gehen, besuchen, gehen u. f. w., to go, come, remove, &c. to a place: am Ende (of. Ende) der Straße sein, to be at the end of the street: ans (or — das) Ende der Straße gehen, to go to the bottom of the street: — der Arbeit sein, to be at work: — die Arbeit gehen, to go to work.

†) t., province. (S. G.), or unusual where pure High-German style now requires in, auf, or other prepositions: — dem Dette liegen, for auf, to lie on the bed, or in dem Dette, in bed; am (for im) letzten Capitel, in the last chapter (see Am); Luther was — ein Amt legen or stellen (Gen. 41, 18: 40, 13, &c.), where we now say in ein Amt (ein)legen (but he says im Amt sein, ins Amt kommen; am Gerbst (province, for im Gerbst), in autumn: — Einem fort, province. (Göthe, Schiller, &c.) for in Einem fort, continually, &c.: tanb — beiden Ohren, blind — beiden Augen (Grimm), for auf —, toun — mein Zimmer (Göthe) for auf; am Thronessel, am flachen Tande (S. G.)

for auf dem ...; — den Felsen, am Anfang des, 4, 8, &c.

3) A remnant of the use of an for in is to be remarked in combinations like the following: — dem Orte, Plage, — der Stelle, Statt &c., in the place, &c.: — diesem Orte ist nichts zu finden, there is nothing to be found in this place; — der linken Hand stehen, less usual than zur linken Hand or auf der linken Seite stehen; er ist Professor der Chemie — der Universität zu Leipzig, he is professor of chemistry in the university of Leipzig; am Hofe, at court.

4) Common use of An (cf. 1): der Hund liegt — der Kette, the dog lies fastened to the chain; die Kinder saßen am Boden, — der Erde, the children sat on the ground; kein Glied, keine Feder — ihm war unnützlich, not a limb, not a fibre about him was idle; er trug viele Briefe — sich verborgen, he carried many letters concealed about his person; zwei Ransen worden — jeder Pflanze gelassen, two tendrils are left in each plant; es stehn viele Sterne am Himmel, there are many stars in the sky; er hatte Epochen — den Stiefeln, he had spurs on his boots; Ginen — den Felsen sein (Götthe), — den Felsen folgen (Götthe), less usual than Ginen auf den Felsen sein, folgen, to be, to follow at one's heels: — der Hand führen, to lead by the hand; Ginen — der Nase (Herum)führen, to lead one by the nose; er muß — Krüden gehen, he is obliged to walk with crutches; der Greis am Esch, the old man leaning on his staff; er hörte ein Klappen — der Thür, schrie aber nicht, mer — die Thür klopfte, he heard a knocking at the door, but did not surmise who it was that knocked at the door; der Jäger (Jung) — seine Brust (Lukr. 18, 13), the publican smote upon his breast; sie verbarg ihr Gesicht — seiner Brust, she hid her face in his breast; dicht or nahe — der Mauer &c., close or hard by (next) the wall: — der Quelle lag der Raube (Schiller), by (i. e. beside) the brook sat the boy; das Mädchen sitzt — Ufers (Schiller), the girl sits lonely beside the green shore (Bulwer); der Arzt lag am Bett, the physician sat at the bed-side; der Alte lag am Hügel, the old man sat on the hill-side, near the hill; das Dorf stand am Berge, the village stood on the mountain-side, near the mountain; ein Wirthshaus — der Straße, a road-side inn; die Waare ist am Schiff zu liefern, the goods are to be delivered at the ship's side: — Bord, on board; am Wasser, by the side of the wood; wir wollen uns am Flusse halten, we will keep by the river-side; die Fische gingen — den Fluß, the cows went to the river-side; ihr Kinder, geht nicht ans Wasser! you children, don't go near the water! links am See, to the left of the lake or left of the lake: — dem Ufer, upon the shore; er wandelte am Ufer, he walks along the shore; er wandelt — das Ufer, he walks towards (or up to, &c.) the shore; — der Mündung des Flusses, at the mouth of the river; die Stadt steht am nördlichen Ufer der Themse, the town is situated on the northern bank of the Thames; — der Themse, on the Thames; Aberdeen liegt am Don, Aberdeen is situated on the Don; Kingston — der Themse, Newcastle am Tyne, Kingston-upon-Thames, New-castle-upon-Tyne; Frankfurt am Main, Frankfurt — der Oder, Frankfurt on the Main, Frankfurt on the Oder.

5) Welle — Welle, wave on wave (cf. Auf); Damp — Dampf gedrängt (Schiller), one bench closely wedged against another; sie künften Brust — Brust, they fought breast to breast; Paar — Paar uns munter drehen (Bürger), to turn ourselves merrily round, pair joining pair; ... Welle auf Welle jerrimmet, und Stunde — Stunde entrinnet (Schiller), ... wave on

wave succeeds and dies, | and hour on hour [remorseless] flies (Bulwer).

6) — einem Felsen (schieren), to split on (upon) a rock; der Schnee schmilzt — der Sonne, the snow melts in the sun; er wärmte sich — der Sonne, he warmed himself in the sun; — der freien Luft, — freier Luft, in the open air; — die (freie) Luft setzen, to expose to the open air.

7) Nahe — zehn Thaler (Acc.), — die zehn Thaler, near ten Thalers, about ten Thalers; — die dreihunderttausend Mann, about (or as many as) three times a hundred thousand men; so viel — Nachschuß (Dat.), so much for making; (in commercial accounts and book-keeping) Herr F. hier dobet (or soll) — Epfen, Mr. F. of this place Dr. [d. i. debtor] to charges: E. & Comp. sollen — Baaren-Gente, S. & Co. Drs. [d. i. debtors] to Goods Account: — Wechsel-Gente, to Bill Account; sie hatten genommen, was sie — Kleibern und Lebensmitteln erwißten konnten, they had taken what clothes and food they could lay their hands on; es erschienen ihrer hundert — der Zahl, there appeared a hundred of them in number; ein Ring vier Thaler — Werth, a ring four Thalers in value; sie sind gleich — Größe, they are equal in size; reich — Geistesgaben, rich in mental gifts; arm am Brute, krank am Herzen (Götthe), poor in purse, and sick at heart; er ist schmutzig — seinem Körper, he is dirty in his person; ein Kieße — Gehalt, ein Löwe — Muth, a giant in size, a lion in courage; ein Jüngling — Jahren, a youth in years; sollte er begnügen sein Mensch — Empfindung sein? (Herder), should he therefore not be a man as to feeling?

8) The following uses of an, expressing relations of order, time, &c. seem to be derivable from those enumerated under 3: a) die Reihe (or simply es) ist — mir, dir, ihm (m. & n.), ihr, uns, euch (Jhren), ihnen, or, as it may likewise be expressed: ich bin, du bist, er ist &c. — der Reihe, it is my, your, his (its), her, our, your, their turn (cf. dran); jetzt ist es — mir, zu befehlen, it is now my turn to command; Sie sind am Gehen, (at draughts, &c.) it is your turn to move, it is your move, you are to play; es ist — der Zeit, — der Stunde zu gehen, it is time to go, the hour of departure is at hand; am Anfang schuf Gott Himmel und Erde, in the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (here we would now prefer to say im Anfang); am Anfange seines Buches, towards or near the beginning of his book; am Ende des Wörterbuchs, at the end of the Dictionary; am Ende (or zu Ende) sein, to be at an end (cf. Ende); am Ende sein or liegen, to be at the point of death, to lie in a dying state; am Abend (or des Abends), in the evening; am Morgen (or des Morgens), in the morning; am Tage, in the day-time; er mußte die Aufgaben am Abend lernen, welche er am Tage nicht gelernt hatte, he was obliged (or he had) to learn the lessons in the evening (or at night) which he had not learnt in the day (but in der Nacht, not an der Nacht); am Nachmittage, in the afternoon; er pflegte — Nachmittagen spazieren zu gehen, he used to walk of afternoons; er bewies, daß er — jenem Abend gar nicht außer dem Hause gewesen war, he proved that he had not been out of his house on that evening; die Schlacht fand am Morgen des dritten Juli statt, the battle took place on the morning of the third of July; es geschah — einem Sonntage, it happened on a Sunday; am ersten Januar, on the first of January; b) — einer Sache arbeiten, to be at work on a thing; er arbeitete — zwei Gemälden, he was working on two pictures; er lernte zwei Stunden — dem

Berfe, he was two hours in getting the verse by heart; c) es ist — ihnen, uns zuerst entgegen zu kommen, it is for them to make the first advances to meet us (cf. es ist ihre Sache); jetzt ist's — uns, now is the time or it is now our duty ...; ich thue alles, was — mir ist, or so viel — mir ist, I do everything in my power; so viel — ihnen ist, so far as in them lies, to the best of their ability; die Vermunft sucht, so viel — ihr ist, abzuheben (Kant), reason, to the extent of its powers, seeks to derive (matters from their causes); es ist nichts Gutes (coll. sein gutes Paar) — ihm, there is no good in him, he is a worthless or good-for-nothing fellow; verjünde deine Pflicht zu thun und du wirst gleich, was — dir ist (Götthe), try to do your duty, and you will at once know your own value; da könnt ihr gleich sehen, was — dem Fremden ist (Götthe), thus you may at once find out what kind of man the stranger is; es wird dadurch offenbar, was — unserer Liebe zu Gott ist, by this it becomes manifest, what our love to God is worth; es muß mehr — (or in) ihnen gewesen sein, als die Welt glauben wollte, they must have had more in them than the world was inclined to believe; es ist nichts (i. e. Wahres, or es ist kein wahres Wort) — der ganzen Geschichte, there is not a true word about the whole affair; es ist — dem, 1) obviously, matters have come to that point, things are advanced so far; 2) it is, it is certain, it is true; und wär' es? Feuer, Berges, wär' es — dem? (Schiller, Wall), and were it so? dear duke, were it indeed true? es ist nicht — dem, es ist nichts — der Sache, there is no truth in it, there is nothing in it; er fing an zu glauben, daß etwas — der Sache sein könnte, he began to think there might be something in it; ich — meiner Person, ich — meiner Ehre, ich — meinem Theile &c., absolute for ich für meine Person, ich meinerseits, ich meines Theils or für meinen Theil &c., I for my part, &c.; der Major — seiner Seite (Götthe for seinerseits) ... for his part; d) — sich, by himself, herself, itself, apart from others or other things, abstractly; das Spielchen — sich ist nicht tadelswerth, playing in itself is not reprehensible; dies ist — sich unwahrscheinlich, this is intrinsically improbable; sometimes für is added; die Tugend ist — und für sich begehrenswerth, virtue in itself (independently of other considerations) is a desirable thing; es ist — (und für) sich klar, gewiß, offenbar &c., it is apparent or manifest in itself, it is evident in its own nature.

9) An in connection with other verbs: a) — einer Straftthat leiden, sterben &c. (see Feiden, Sterben &c.), to suffer, to die of a disease, &c.; b) du hast viele Fehler — dir, you are subject to many faults; Sie haben nichts dem Advocaten — sich, you have nothing of the lawyer about you; sie fanden keine Schuld — ihm, they found no guilt in him; man bemerkte Spuren des Wahnsinns — ihm, indications of insanity were perceived in him; c) wir leben — ihm die Bescheidenheit und Artigkeit, we praise his modesty and politeness; man tabelte — ihm seine Geschwätzigkeit, his garrulity was blamed; d) sich — etwas (Dat.) freuen, ärgern &c., for über etwas (Acc.), which is more usual; ich labte mich — den Früchten, I refreshed myself with fruit; sie ergaßten sich — dem Wein, they regaled themselves with wine; sich ergötzen —, ein Wohlgefallen haben — einer Sache, see Ergötzen &c.; e) — ihm habe ich einen rechten Freund, I have a thorough friend in him; — ihr besitze ich einen Schatz, in her I possess a treasure; was für ein Künstler, was für ein Feld führt — mir! (Kästner), what artist, what hero dies with me! ich möchte schon zu überreden sein, | daß ich — dir ein schuldvoll

Haupt beschütze (*Götze*), ... that protecting thee | I shield a guilty head (*Branck*): *f*) etwas oder jemand (*Acc.*) sehen, hören, erkennen etc. — einer Sache: *f. e.* by a thing: ich sehe — der Handschrift, von wem der Brief kommt, I see by the handwriting from whom the letter comes: ich würde sie — ihrem Gange erkennen, I should know her by her walk, &c.: *g*) redlich — Einem handeln, to deal fairly by one: handle — Andern, wie du willst, daß man — dir handle, do by others as you would be done by: Sie werden nicht als Freund — mir handeln, you will not act as a friend towards me (*f. Handeln*); so könntet ihr — einem Manne handeln, — dem sich Gottes Hand sichtbar verkündigt? (*Schiller*, Tell 3, 3), wouldst thou thus treat the man, in whose behalf God's hand hath been so visibly displayed? (*W. Faur*): hat der Teufel auch so — euch gehandelt? (*ib.* 1, 3), did *Teufel* deal likewise so with you? einen Raub, ein Verbrechen — Einem begehen, to commit a robbery, a crime upon one: es war geradezu ein Raub — ihm, it was a dead robbery on him: sich — seinen armen Nebenmenschen verpfänden, to sin against one's poor fellowman: sich vergreifen — etc., see *Vergreifen* etc.: *a*) zweifeln — einer Sache (*Dat.*), doubt glauben — ..., with *Acc.*, see 10 a. c.); to doubt of a thing (*f. Zweifel*); — einer Sache zweifeln etc., to despair of a thing, &c.: *i*) es mangelt — einer Sache (einem Beweis etc.), a thing (proof, &c.) is wanting; aus Mangel — Beweis (*Dat.*), from (or owing to) want of proof (*f. Mangel*, *fehlen* etc.); *k*) an in connection with him, vorbei etc., by, past, &c.: die Stadt erstreckt sich — den Ufern des Flusses hin, the town extends along the banks of the river; der Zug fuhr — ihm vorbei, the train rushed by him: das Summen des Käfers, indem er im Bogen — Einem vorbeifliegt, flingt ..., the drone of the cockchafer as he wheels by you, sounds ...: der Sturm brach den Stamm (des Holenbüschels) — der Erde weg, the storm broke off the stem level with the ground: sie fuhr — ihm die Treppe hinunter und verschwand (*Götze*), she glided past him down stairs and vanished.

10) An with *Accusative* (*cf.* 1): *a*) das Wasser reichte (kam, ging) ihm fast (bis) — den Mund, the water reached almost up to his mouth: die Flut stieg (bis) — die Brücke, the flood rose up to the bridge; mit dem Fuße — einen Stein stoßen, to knock one's foot against a stone; er warf das Dintenfaß — die Wand, he threw the inkstand against the wall: sie warf ihm den Stein — den Kopf, she threw the stone at his head: es kommt aus Nichts, it comes to the light; — Einem gehen, † for to go up to one, in order to address or to attack him, &c., to accost; to aggress, assault (sich) — Einem machen, — Einem kommen etc.; hence elliptical phrases like the following: Emmerich, komm! — die wollen wir (*Schiller*), Come, Emmerich! let us go up to them, let us address them (*for* — die wollen wir uns machen or wenden); wer wollte nicht viel lieber — einen sichtbaren Feind? who would not much rather attack a visible enemy? *b*) *aa*) — Einem schreiben, etwas — Einem berichten etc., to write to one, to report a thing to one, &c.: the phrases — Einem reden, etwas — Einem erzählen, although employed by *Götze*, are quite unusual, perhaps more *Gallicisms*, for zu Einem reden, Einem etwas erzählen; etwas — Einem fordern, suchen etc., see *Fordern* etc.; eine Frage etc. — Einem richten, to address a question, &c. to one; sich — Einem wenden, to address one's self to one, to apply to one; *bb*) substantives of analogous meaning are construed similarly: ein Schreiben — seinen Vorgesetzten, a letter to one's superior: ein Bericht — den General, a report addressed to the general; der Brief;

— die Gebrüder, the letter to the Hebrews; ein Brief — ihn (*suppl.* berichtet etc.) ist angekommen, a letter has arrived for him; hat der Briefträger etwas — mich? has the letter-carrier anything for me? es ist ein Bote — dich da, a messenger for you has arrived: ich habe eine Bitte, ein Gefuch etc. — dich, I have a request, &c. to make to you; eine Frage — das Orakel, a question addressed to the oracle (*f. Frage*); wir haben noch eine Forderung — ihn, we have still a claim upon him; eine Rede — den König, a speech, oration to the king; Schiller's Lied — die Freude, Schiller's hymn to Joy; ein kleines Gedicht — den Mond, a little poem addressed to the moon; ein Kind kann mancherlei — seinen Vater auf dem Herzen tragen, das nicht für einen Dritten taugt (*Schiller*), a child may have many a thing on its mind it wishes to confide to its father ...; *bb*) — († in) Einem glauben, to believe in one; — Einem denken, to think of one, &c. see *Glauben*, *Denken* etc.

II. An as an adverb not often to be met with except in compounds:

1) After substantives, either separately or combining (*f. Grimm*): der Weinstock breitet sich Baum — (*Opile*), the vine spreads itself up the tree; bindt's Pferd ganz —! (*Götze*), tie the horse to the house! berg-, himmel-, strom-, and a few other compounds, expressing a similar meaning, are the only examples now to be found.

2) After other prepositions or adverbs: von ... an († aus ... an), beginning from ... from ... upwards, oben-, unten- etc. see *Von*, *Oben-*, *Unten-*, *Reben-*, *Born-*, *Fluten-* etc.

3) Elliptically, some verb being understood (*f. the English* on! off! down! up! &c. for go on! go or move off! &c.), often expressing a short command or exhortation, or some other sense to be known by the construction: fertig! — Feuer! military command: make ready! present! fire! (*for* machetuch fertig! legt! das Gewehr!) — geht Feuer!; oben raus und nirgend —! up and out, touching nowhere! proverbial exclamation of witches on rushing out of a chimney; hart — mich! (*Götze*, Faust; *f. Sanders*), (keep) close to me! muthig —! (*Körner*), (go) on, courageously (*for* rüdt muthig —).

An'achen, An'achen, (*w. v. tr.* see *Anähen*).

* Anabaptis'mus, (*ind.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) anabaptism (Lehre der Wiedertäufer). — Anabaptist, (*w.*) *m.* anabaptist (Wiedertäufer).

— Anabaptist'isch, *adj.* anabaptist'ic(al).

* Anabas, (*ind.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Ichth.* anabas (*Reiterfisch*).

* Anacard'blumbaum, *m.* cashew-nut tree, see *Anacardium*. — Anacard'blenholz, *n.* wood of the cashew-nut tree. — Anacard'säure, *f. Chem.* anacardic acid.

* Anachoret, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) anchorite, anchorite (Einsiedler). — Anachoret'isch, *adj.* (anchorit'ic(al) veraltet), relating to an anchorite or hermit (Einsiedler'isch).

* Anachronis'mus, (*sing. ind.*, *pl. w.* Anachronis'men) *m.* (*Gr.*) anachronism (Zeitrechnung'sfehler). — Anachronis't'isch, *adj.* anachronistic.

* Anadern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to turn (the clods, &c.) over in ploughing so as to lean them against the elevation of the furrow; 2) to add (a piece of ground, &c.) to a field, &c. by ploughing.

* Anacorda, (*pl. A-8*) *f. Zool.* anaconda, a large snake of the island of Ceylon and tropical America, a species of Boa.

* Anacres'tisch, see *Anacres'tisch*.

* Anadem', (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) anadem, a chaplet or crown of flowers, a wreath, a garland: a band or fillet worn on the head (*Spartibinde*).

* Anadiplos'is, (*sing. ind.*, *pl. [w.] Ana-*

diplos'is) *f.* (*Gr.*) anadiplosis: 1) *Gramm.* duplication (Verdoppelung, Reduplication); 2) *Met.* a repetition, at the beginning of a verse or clause, of the last word or words in the one preceding (Wiederholung); 3) *Med.* reduplication of a paroxysm in agues of a doable type.

* Anaglyph'en, Anaglyph'en, *pl.* anaglyph, a carved, embossed, or chased ornament, usually of metal and worked in relief (*opp.* Diaptylen). — Anaglyph'isch, Anaglyph'isch, *adj.* anaglyphic, anaglyptic. — Anaglyph'ist, (*w.*) *f.* anaglyptic art, the art of carving, chasing, engraving, or embossing plate or any work in relief.

* Anagnost', (*w. m.* (*Gr.*) anagnost: 1) a domestic servant employed by the wealthy Greeks and Romans to read to them during meals, &c.; 2) in the early Church, lector, a reader, one who read the Bible and other religious writings to the people.

* Anagoge, (*ind.*) *f.* anagoge (anagogy): 1) *Med.* a throwing up of blood, &c. by coughing or vomiting; 2) or *Anagoge*, (*w.*) *f.* a) an (extraordinary) elevation of the mind to abstract speculation; b) *Theol.* the mystical interpretation of Scripture. — Anagoge'isch, *adj.* anagogical.

* Anagramm', (*str.*) *n.* anagram, the changing of one word or sentence into another by a transposition of the letters, as *Rebel*, *Reben*; *Oras*, *Org*; *Voltaire* from *Arouet* l. j. [*le* jeune], &c. — Anagrammat'isch, *adj.* anagrammatic(al). — Anagrammatist'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to anagrammatize. — Anagrammatik', (*w.*) *m.* anagrammatist.

An'ähnlichen, An'ähnlich, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make or render similar (einer Sache (*Dat.*), to a thing), to assimilate, to bring to likeness, to liken to ... — An'ähnlichung, (*w.*) *f.* a rendering similar, &c., assimilation.

* Anacamp'tis, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Phys.* anacamp'tis: 1) the science of the reflection of sound, especially echoes; 2) the science of reflected light (*Katoptrik*). — Anacamp'tisch, *adj.* anacamp'tic, reflecting (den Echall or die Strahlen zurückwerfend).

* Anacathart', (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* anacathartic, a purgation of the lungs by expectoration. — Anacathart'isch, *adj.* anacathartic, purging upwards: ein e-s Mittel, an anacathartic (a medicine that works upward).

* Anaklas'e, (*w.*) *f.* *Phys.* anaclasia, refraction of the rays of light (*obscure* for *Strahlenbrechung*, *Refraction*). — Anaklas'tisch, *f. Phys.* anaclastic, the science of refracted light (*old name for* Dioptrik). — Anaklas'tisch, *adj.* anaclastic (refracting; refracted).

* Anacolut', (*str.*) *m.* Anacolut'isch, (*w.*) *f.* *Gramm.* anacoluton (a want of sequence among the members of a sentence).

* Anacolut'a, see *Anacoluta*.

* Anacres'tisch, *adj.* Anacres'tic: des e-s Gedicht, anacres'tic.

* Anacris'te, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Proced.* anacrisis (*Verständnis*, *Rückst.*).

* Anacris'ten, (*w.*) *n. pl.* (*Lat.* from the *Gr.*) anacrisis, things gathered together, usually applied to collections or fragments of authors: select pieces (*Reisestücke*). — Anacris'ter, (*str.*) *m.* a collector of anacrisis. — Anacris'tisch, *adj.* anacrisis (collected together, &c.).

* Anacris'te, (*w.*) *f.* (*ind.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* anacrisis: 1) anacrisis, recovery of strength; 2) anaplexy, a kind of epileptic attack. — Anacris'tisch, *adj.* anaplexic, invigorating, restorative: ein e-s Mittel, an anaplexic, a restorative.

* Analag', (*l. u.*) Analag'isch, *adj.* (*Gr.*) analogous, analogical (in seinen Verhältnissen ähnlich; beschonder Regel entsprechende). — Analag'ie, (*w.*) *f.* analogy (Ähnlichkeit der Verhältnisse). — Analag'isten, (*w.*) *e. plur.*

to analogize, to reason from analogy. — *Analogie* *m.*, (*induct.* pl. *[w.]* *Analogie* *m.*) *m.* analogism. — *Analogist*, (*w.*) *m.* analogist (one who reasons from analogy).

* *Analyt.*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Philos. Math.*, *etc.* analysis (a resolution [Auflösung] of a thing into its component parts; *opp.* *Synthese*). — *Analytiker*, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to analyze (auflösen); *Gramm.* to parse. — *Analytisch*, *adj.* analyzable. — *Analytischung*, (*w.*) *f.* analysis. — *Analytik*, (*w.*) *f.* analytics, analytical science. — *Analytiker*, (*str.*) *m.* analyst, analyzer (*opp.* *Synthetiker*). — *Analytisch*, *adj.* analytical, analytic (*opp.* *Synthetisch*); *a-c* *Method.* analytical method.

* *Anämie*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.; lit.* bloodlessness) *Med.* anemia (*Blutlosigkeit*; *Blutarmut*). — *Anämisch*, *adj.* *Med.* anemic, destitute of blood (*blutlos*; *blutarm*).

Ananas, (*str.*) *pl.* *Ananasse*, *rarely w.* *Ananassen* *f.* (*introduced from the Span. & Port.* *anana*, *m.*) *Bot.* ananas, a South American plant (*Bromelia ananassa*, *Ananassa sativa*) that produces the pine-apple (*Rindapfel*, *Ananas*); — *apfel*, *m.* *see* *Schletterapfel*; — *birne*, *f.* pine-apple pear; — *erbere*, *f.* cone, giant, or pine strawberry (*Fragearia grandiflora*); — *haup*, *m.* the dried root-fibres of the pine-apple, manufactured into cloth by the South-Americans; — (*trist*) *haus*, *n.* pinery, pine-house; — *laus*, *f.* *Entom.* pine-apple insect (*Oecus bromelia*); — *leinen*, *n.* grass-cloth manufactured from the root-fibres of the ananas; — *vogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* humming-bird (*Trochilus*); — *wein*, *m.* pine-apple wine; — *zeug*, *n.* grass-cloth, *see* — *leinen*.

* *Ananastisch*, *adj.* *Bot.* anandrous, destitute of stamens; *a-c* *Blumen*, anandrous or female flowers.

Anchere, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to fasten (a ship, *Ac.*) by anchors, to anchor; 2) *Archit.* to fasten (beams to a wall, *Ac.*) by means of iron braces or cramps (*Anker*).

* *Anapäst*, (*str.*) *pl.* *A-c*, or (*w.*) *A-c* *m.* *Gramm.* 1) anapaest, anapaest (a metrical foot in Greek and Latin: —); — *Anapästisch*, *adj.* anapaestic; *cin a-c* *Bers*, an anapaestic.

* *Anapher*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Rhetor.* anaphora. — *Anaphorisch*, (*w.*) *f.* *Anaphorisch* *m.* *ling.* *induct.* *pl.* *[w.]* *Anaphorisch* *m.* *Med.* anaphrodisia, impotence. — *Anaphorisch*, *adj.* *Med.* anaphrodisiac, anaphroditic; *impotent*.

* *Anaplastisch*, (*induct.*) *f.* *Anaplastisch* *m.*, (*induct.*) *Med.* (*Gr.*) *Med. & Surg.* anaplastia: 1) a restoration of flesh where it has been lost; 2) the re-uniting of fractured bones. — *Anaplastisch*, (*w.*) *f.* anaplastia art. — *Anaplastisch*, *adj.* anaplastia, restoring flesh, *Ac.*

Anaplasten, (*str.*) *pl.* *A-c* *fr.* to join by means of work, to add (one piece of work to another); *II. instr.* gegen *Einen* —, to work, or act, in opposition to one, *Ag.* to oppose one by contrary action; to run counter to ..., to contradict (*Einen entgegenzusetzen*).

* *Anarchic*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *anarchy*. — *Anarchisch*, *adj.* anarchical, anarchic. — *Anarchist*, (*w.*) *m.* anarchist.

Anargern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *Einen* (*genom.* *sich* [*dat.*]) *etwas* —, to inflict (an illness, *Ac.*) upon one by vexing him; *sich* [*dat.*] *die Schwindsucht* —, to vex one's self into a consumption.

Anatome, (*w.*) *s. I. instr.* (*aus.* *sein*) *& refl.* 1) to become equal or identical in kind (*einer Sache* [*dat.*], to a thing, *Ac.*); to be assimilated (*of nourishment*); to be converted into the substance of organized beings; 2) to become natural to or in ...; to grow into a natural condition; *angeartet* *sein*, to be implanted by nature, to be innate, inborn; *es war* (*ihnen*) *angeartet*, it had become (their) second

nature; *mir ist nicht a-b* (*Voss, Iliad*), it is or lies not in my nature (*es ist or liegt nicht in meiner Art*); *II. fr.* to assimilate, to make equal or identical to ...; *der Körper artet sich* [*dat.*] *die Speise an*, the body turns or converts food into its own substance (by digestion). — *Anatome*, (*w.*) *f.* a becoming equal or identical in kind, *Ac.*, assimilation.

* *Anästhetie*, (*w.*) *f.* *Med.* anæsthesia. — *Anästhetisch*, *adj.* anæsthetic.

Anästhetisieren, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to anæsthetize (to render insensible by means of an anæsthetic).

Anästhen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *see* *Anäthen*. — *Anästhen*, *adj.* *provinc.* covetous, eager, desirous, *agor.* [octahedrite].

* *Anatase*, (*str.*) *m. & n.* *Miner.* anatase.

* *AnatHEMA*, (*str.*) *pl.* *A-c* or (*Gr.*) *AnatHEMA* (*metat.* *Anathema*), (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *anathema* (die von *Sheldon* u. *A.* verführte Anglisten) *anathema* ist nicht in Gebrauch, *anathema* cristit gar nicht; 1) *New Test.* a person or thing anathematized; 2) an ecclesiastical curse, excommunication (*Kirchenbann*, *Bannfluch*). — *Anathematisch*, *adj.* anathematical (*verbannt*, *verdammt*). — *Anathematisieren*, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to anathematize (mit dem Bann belegen, verdammen).

Anathemen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to breathe at, on (upon), against (*Anathemen*, *more usual*). — *Anathemen*, (*w.*) *f.* a breathing upon, *Ac.*; exhalation.

* *Anatomie*, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* anatomist, dissector. — *Anatomie*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) anatomy: a) the act or art of dissecting animal bodies, dissection; b) the science which treats of the internal structure of the human body (*Zergliederung*, *Section*; *Zergliederungsfunktion*); 2) anatomical building or room. — *Anatomisieren*, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to anatomize, to dissect (*Zergliedern*, *Section*). — *Anatomisierung*, (*w.*) *f.* anatomization. — *Anatomist*, (*str.*) *m.* (*i. u.* *Anatomist*), (*w.*) *m.* anatomist, one versed in the art of dissection. — *Anatomisch*, *adj.* anatomical; *cin a-c* *Theater*, an anatomical theatre.

* *Anatropä*, *adj.* *Bot.* anatropous (*Gegenläufig*).

Anathen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to bring to the lure, to lure (*Anföhrn*, *Anlocken*); 2) to begin to cauterize or to act upon ... by acids, *Engras*, to begin to etch; *nach dem — des Gefreins mit Salzsäure*, after applying muriatic acid to the mineral.

Anathen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* (*Einen*) to look at or upon (one) tenderly or amorously, to ogle, leer at (a person, *Ac.*).

Anathen, (*str.* & *rarely w.*) *cf.* *Baden* *s. I. fr.* an *etwas* (*Acc. & Dat.*) —, to make to stick or to adhere to a thing (*Ankleben*), *orig.* by baking or by any similar process; an cinander —, to bake, to cake, or to clod together (*opp.* *Aufbacken*); *II. instr.* *aus.* *haben* & *sein* to cling, to cleave, to stick, or to adhere to a thing by baking, *Ac.*; an cinander —, to cleave, to stick, to adhere, *Ac.* together.

Anathen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *Ag.* to break a path for (*Verbesserungen* *ic.*, improvements, *Ac.*), to pave or prepare the way for ..., to open a road or a passage for ..., to open up a favourable way for ...; to facilitate the introduction of ..., to bring ... about, *Ac.*, *cf.* in *Gang* bringen, *Einführen* *ic.*; *eine Geschäftverbindung* —, to open the way for a business-connection.

Anathen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* (*sich an etwas* [*Acc. & Dat.*]) to stick or adhere to (a thing) in balls or clods, to ball or clod to ... — *Anathenung*, (*w.*) *f.* the act of gathering or adhering to (a thing in a ball or round mass), conglobation, conglomeration.

Anathen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) *Einen an etwas* (*Acc. & Dat.*) —, to fix or bind one to a thing by witchcraft or a spell; *er ist wie angebannt*

an seine Arbeit, an seine Bücher (*Hilp.*), he is bound to his work, to his books, as it were, by a spell; *dem Boden angebannt* (*Göthe*), implanted in the ground as if by a charm; 2) *Einen etwas* —, to bewitch one with a thing, *see* *Anaubern*.

Anbau, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*des Landes* *ic.*) a) the (act of) first preparing (land) for crops, a beginning (*see* *Anbauen*, *I. 2*) to raise (crops, *Ac.*) by tillage, first cultivation (of a field, *Ac.*; of a plant, *Ac.*) culture, till; *der Flachs*, *sein — und seine Zubereitung* in Irland, flax, its cultivation and preparation in Ireland; b) (first) cultivation (of science, literature, *Ac.*), study, pursuit, improvement by original research; 2) the act of building on new ground, the act of settling, settlement; 3) a) additional building, addition; loan-to: superstructure; b) new part of a building, or of a town (where new buildings have been erected); 4) (*rarely used*) newly cultivated lands: *cin reich* — (*Rückert*), a rich and fertile tract of land; 5) *provinc.* alluvial land, alluvion (*Anschwemmung*). [cultivable].

Anbaubar, *adj.* susceptible of cultivation.

Anbauen, (*w.*) *s. I. fr.* 1) to build (a house, *Ac.*) close up to (another building, *Ac.*, *cin Haus* *ic.* an *cin andres* *Gebäude* *ic.* —), to add (an [*with Acc. & Dat.*] *to*) by building; *cinen Hügel an das Haus* or *an dem Hause* —, to add a wing to a house; *angebaut*, *p. a.* erected near, contiguous; 2) a) to till for the first time, to commence cultivating; b) *aa*) to bring under cultivation, to till, cultivate (in general); *bb*) to raise or produce by tillage (on new ground, or such as has lately been untilld, or occupied by different crops); *c* *Ag.* to (begin) to cultivate (a certain branch of science, *Ac.*), to undertake, pursue (*cf.* *Anben*, *1, b*); 3) to settle (anew) by building houses, *Ac.*, to build, to introduce new settlers, *Ac.*; *II. refl.* to settle (an *cinen Orte*, in a place), to establish one's residence, to establish one's self; *sie bauten sich an der Mündung des Po an*, they settled at the mouth of the Po.

Anbauer, (*str.*) *m.* cultivator; planter; improver; settler, colonist.

Anbaulich, *adj.* cultivable, easy to be cultivated (*cf.* *Anbaubar*).

Anbaulich, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*cines Hauses* *an cin andres* *ic.*) the (act of) building (a house, *Ac.*) close up to (another building, *Ac.*), *Ac.* *cf.* *Anbauen*; 2) cultivation, culture, *Ac.*; 3) the act of settling, *Ac.*, settlement.

Anbefehlen, (*str.*) *s. fr.* (*Einen etwas*) 1) to command, order, direct, charge one to do a thing, to bid one do a thing, to give orders to, *Ac.*; 2) (*obsolete* for *Anempfehlen*) to recommend, to give in charge.

Anbeginnen, (*str.*) *m.* *obsolete*, the (very) first beginning, commencement, beginning, prime; *von —*, from the first of time.

Anbeginnen, (*str.*) *s. instr.* (*a rare word and used only in the inseparable forms* — *Bürger*, *Göthe*) to make a first beginning, to commence. [*Ac.* previously worn].

Anbehalten, (*str.*) *s. fr.* to keep on (clothes, *Anbe*), *adv.* 1) annexed, inclosed, subjoined, herewith, *cf.* *Hierbei*; — *folgt*, annexed you (will) receive, I adjoin to this: — *folgt der bewußte Brief*, under this cover we send you the letter in question; — (*imbe ich*) *die verlangten Zeuge*, accompanying this letter I send you the goods ordered (by you, *Ac.*); 2) *i. u.* a) for *nembei*, außerdem, & b) for *dabei*, darenben.

Anbeißen, (*str.*) *s. I. fr.* to bite at or into, to begin to bite, to bite the first piece or a little of ... (in order to taste, *Ac.*); *wer hat diesen Apfel angebissen?* who has bitten a piece off this apple? who has bitten into the apple? *II. instr.* 1) a) + to break one's fast, to touch

food (*cf.* Unbßig, Unbßig); *b*) Sport. (of wolves and foxes) to touch or take food, *particul.* car- rion; *2*) an einer Saße (*Dat.*) —, to bite or to nibble at a thing; (of fishes, &c.) to bite or to nibble at the hook (an die Angel (*Acc.*) beißen), to take the bait (*often fig.*), to bite; [et] beißt er an (*Gen.*), now he swallows the bait; sie mag sich (*Dat.*) die Mühe (parten ihn anguloden, denn er wird nie —, she may spare her pains to allure him, for he will never bite; das Publikum war in der Stimmung sich täuschen zu lassen und biß eifrig an, the public were in the mood to be deceived, and caught eagerly at the bait. [boots, &c.].

Unbetsommen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to get on (clothes, regard (Unbetriff).

Unbelangen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einen) to relate to (one), to concern, &c., see Anlangen, Be- treffen; was mich unbelangt, as for me, &c.

Unbelfern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to bark at (one) repeatedly or incessantly, to yelp at.

Unbellen, (*w.*, sometimes *str.*) see Bellen) *v. i. intr.* 1) to begin to bark; *2*) angebellt kommen, to approach barking (*cf.* Kommen); *II. tr.* to bark or to yelp at; *fig.* to snarl at (a person or thing).

Unberühren, *adv.* (*†*) *quaint* for Unbei or Hirneben, herewith, annexed, &c.

Unbequemen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accommodate, to adapt, to fit; *gener.* as a *refl.* sich (*Acc.*) einer Saße (*Dat.*) —, to accommodate one's self to, to conform, submit, or yield to (cir- cumstances, &c.). — Unbequemung, (*w.*) *f.* accommodation, adaptation.

Unberaumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Low, to appoint, set, fix, or state (a certain time or day); die anberaumte Frist, the time or term stated. — Unberaumung, (*w.*) *f.* appointment, act of appointing, fixing, &c.

† Unberreigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *particul.* used in the *pp.* unberreigt, *Law Style*, (above) men- tioned, (above)said; *cf.* Berreigen.

Unbereiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*l. u.* for Anmachen, Anführen &c.) to prepare, make up, &c. — Un- bereitung, (*w.*) *f.* preparation, &c.

Unberg, (*str.*) *m. i.* a slight elevation, a rising (and, as it were, incipient) hill, hillock; *2*) less usual (*Hilp.*), a small hill or hillock, contiguous to and forming part of the foot of a mountain.

† Unberühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* for Anführen, Berühren (Berühren, Unbetriffen).

† Unberstellen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* for Berstellen, in Auftrag geben.

Unbilden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to adore, to worship; *2*) (*with*, &c.) to pay obeisance to (one) by inclining the body, knees, &c. (also *intr.* with *vor* [*cf.* *Dat.*], *Klopstock* with gegen, *Herder* with *Dat.*), to bow in reverence before ...; *3*) *fig.* to adore, to worship, to idolize, to dote upon (one); der (die) Angebe- tete, the adored one, love, sweetheart (Geliebte). — Unbildenwerth, Unbildenwür- dig, *adj.* adorable (Anbetungswerth &c.).

Unbeter, (*str.*) *m. i.* 1) adorer, worshipper (also *fig.*); *2*) *fig.* adorer; votary; lover; sie hat viele —, she has many admirers.

Unbetracht, (*str.*) *m. (l. u., except with in ... see below)* manner of seeing or under- standing a thing, regard, opinion, view, con- sideration, respect (Betracht); in diesem —, in this respect; in keinem —, in no respect, by no means; in — (Erwägung) einer Saße (*Gen.*), or daß ..., in consideration of a thing, con- sidering that ...

Unbetriff, (*str.*) *m.* relation, regard, refer- ence, respect; in — or A-s (or a-s); a-s einer Saße (*Gen.*), in regard to a thing, as to, re- specting, &c. a thing (*cf.* Betrifft &c.).

Unbetriffen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to concern, to touch; was mich unbetrifft, as far as I am con-

cerned; a-b, touching, concerning, as for, as to (*cf.* Angehen, Unbelangen &c.).

Unbettein, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) to address begging, to ask or beg alms of (one), to im- portune by begging; *2*) (Einen etwas) to obtrude (a thing) upon (one) by begging, or by abject, importunate entreaty, &c.; *II. refl.* (bei Einem) to intrude one's self into a place or business (into one's good graces, &c.) by mean or importunate entreaties, to insinuate one's self in (a mean) begging manner.

Unbetten, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* (Einen) to place the bed of (a person) near some place; *II. refl.* to place one's bed close to another bed, &c. (*opp.* Abbetten).

Unbötung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) adoration, worship; *2*) *fig.* adoration, idolatry, admiration; a-b- trunfen, *adj.* (*Rudwig, l. u.*) intoxicated with devotional feeling; a-b-well, *adj.* full of adora- tion or devotion; a-b-wertig, a-b-würdig, *adj.* adorable; a-b-würdigkeit, *f.* adorableness.

† Unbögieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Low, to appoint, to state, to fix (a term, &c.).

Unbögen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) an etwas (*Acc.*) —, to bend to or towards ...; *2*) Low & Comm. orig. to fold (a sheet of paper, &c.) to some document, &c., then, in general, to add, to annex, to subjoin; mostly used in the *pp.* angebogen; die angebogene (inliegende) Rich- nung, the annexed or enclosed account; ange- bogen behändige ich Ihnen factur, I hand you invoice on the other side; angebogen empfan- gen Sie ..., annexed you will receive ... ohne angebogenen Vortheil (*Jean Paul*), without an additional advantage.

Unbieten, (*str.*) *v. i. tr.* to offer, to hold out, to proffer, to tender; Einem (eine Dienst- —, to offer or proffer one's services to a per- son, to make an offer or a tender of one's services to one; dem Feinde eine Schlacht —, to offer battle to the enemy; er hat ihr seine Sand angeboten (*Hilp.*), he offered her his hand (in marriage); die angebotene Gnade an- nehmen, to receive the overtures of mercy; an- gebieten, offerable; *II. refl.* 1) to offer one's self; to offer; er hat sich selbst angeboten (*better* erboten) und zu begleiten, he offered (himself) of his own accord to accompany us; *2*) *fig.* (*of abstract notions*) to obtrude or force itself upon one's notice, &c.; *III. intr.* to bid first, to offer the first bid, to start a price (in public sales).

Unbötung, (*w.*) *f.* offer, offering.

† Unbilde, (*str.*) *n.* image, representation, see Abbild.

Unbilden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *†* 1) to represent, delineate, portray (Abbilden, Darstellen); *2*) (Einen etwas) *a*) to affix, add, impart, &c. by newly forming, moulding, framing, &c.; Phöbus, erzählt, bildete dem Midas Geistes- ohren an, Phöbus, enraged, fashioned Midas's ears into asinine shape; *b*) *fig.* to bestow (something) on (one, &c.) by a new creation; wie er (der Grieche) jeder Ider soglich einen Leib anbildet (*Schiller*), as he at once bestows a bodily shape on every idea; (die menschliche Gestalt), welche die Mythologie ihren Göttern anbildet (*W. v. Humboldt*), (the human shape) with which mythology invests its gods; die Verfassung, wie die Nation selbst im Laufe der Zeiten sic (*Acc.*) sich (*Dat.*) angebildet hat (*Schlagel*), the constitution, such as the nation in the course of time created for, and adapted to itself; *3*) *fig.* *a*) (Einen etwas) to form, to create, to fashion, to model, &c. (something in one) by instruction and discipline: to im- plant by education, cultivation, &c.; to impart by training, &c.; sich (*Dat.*) etwas —, to ac- custom one's self to, to acquire (a knowledge of, in); *b*) Einen — (*better* Heranbilden), to bring or lead up to a certain state or standard by education, to accustom.

Unbinde..., in comp. —bied, *m. Mar.*

mooring-block; —fals, *n. Nuch.* a calf bound to a pole, &c. at some distance from its mo- ther, in order to be weaned, weanling.

Unbinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*cf. instr.*) 1) to tie up (a dog, &c.); den Wein —, to tie the vines to their props; etwas an ... (*followed by the Acc. or Dat.*, according to a certain modification of meaning, *cf. the prep. An*); sometimes Einem etwas —, to tie, to fasten, to bind something to ...; to tether (a horse, &c.); ein Pferd an einen Pfahl —, to tie a horse to a post; der sein Pferd an dem Hause angebunden hatte (*Auerbach*), who had fastened his horse (not to the house; this would be an das Haus; but:) to a post, ring, &c. attached to the house, or near the house; nehmen Sie sich in Acht, daß Ihnen die Jungen nicht einen Blech- fessel — take care the boys don't tie a tin kettle to you! *b*) Mar-s. to lash, to belay (ein Tau, a rope, &c.); die Reusen (im Schiffe) —, to lay the guns; to moor, to make fast (ein Boot, a boat); *c*) Nuch. to tie (a calf, a foal, &c.) to a pole, ring, &c. at some distance from (hence also Abbinden, which see) its mother in order to wean it, to wean (calves, &c.); *d*) *fig.* to fetter, to shackle, to confine; er ist angebunden, daß er nicht eine Stunde frii hat (*Hilp.*), he is so tied down to his work (office, &c.) that he has not an hour to himself; *e*) to bind (a volume, &c.) together with another book preceding the former, to join or to add; *2*) to tie fast or to fasten, as reapers and other labourers do, or offer to do to idle lookers-on who have to pay a small amount in order to be set at liberty; hence, to ask (one) for a present; *3*) Einem mit etwas (Blumen, Bändern &c.) —, orig. to tie flowers, ribbons, &c. to one's arm, &c. on his birth- day or other festive occasion; hence, to make (one) a present (*cf.* Einbinden); *4*) rarely used for Aufbinden; *5*) hurt —, to restrain by a short line (as a restive animal), to allow little room or scope to move in, to keep close or strict, hence the phrase hurt angebunden sein, *fig.* to be quick to resent an injury, to be irritable, pert, abrupt, or prone to anger, to be short (gegen Einem or mit Einem, with one), to put (one) off, to give (one) a smart or tart reply; *6*) *fig.* ein Verhältniß &c. — (*cf.* Anhalten, which is more usual in this sense, while Abbinden, at present, is almost limited to the ill sense "to engage in a quarrel"), to enter into relations, an engagement, &c., to begin —, to commence ... einen Janz —, to enter into a dispute; frequently *intr.*, or at least without the object being expressed: mit Einem —, *a*) to enter into an engagement with one, to commence an intrigue with one, &c.; *b*) to engage (or to meddle) with one in a quarrel, &c., to aggress one, to join issue with one, to pick a quarrel with one, to fasten a quarrel upon one; *7*) Einem einen Bären —, *a*) (*or* aufbinden) to put a sham or a trick upon one, to hoax or trick one, to delude, slang: to hum- bug, to gammon; *b*) (probably derived from the preceding sense) Einem or bei Einem einen Bären —, slang, to contract debts, to run in debt with one.

Unbindung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of tying up, &c.

Unbinn, (*w.*) *f.* or *m. (l.)* province for Waschholder.

Unbiss, (*str.*) *m. i.* the act of biting or nibbling at a thing, &c. (*cf.* Anbeissen), bite; *2*) *a*) the act of first touching food (*cf.* An- beissen, *II. instr.* 1, *a*), any short (*particul.* prelimi- nary) meal, a bit to eat, bite, breakfast, &c., see Imbiss, which is more usual in this sense; *b*) *fig.* (first) taste (Vorquadt, Probe); *3*) bit, bite, *i. e.* the place where any one has bitten: *f. i.* (Zurück-) —, or Abbiß, —frant, *n. Bot.* devil's bit (*Scabiosa succisa*); *4*) Sport. bait, a lure for fish and other animals.

Anbitter, *adj. provinc. (N. G.)* bitterish, somewhat bitter (*Bitterlich*).

Anbittern, (*v. tr. (l. u.)*) to impregnate with a bitterish taste, to make bitterish (*cf. Ankütern, Anjüßern*).

Anblasen, (*v. tr. provinc. (N. G.)*) to bark at (one).

Anbläsen, (*v. tr. (Luther)*) see *Anblühen*.

Anbläuen, (*v. tr.*) to blacken with smoke and soot of a burning lamp, &c.

Anbläuen, *provinc. (Saxony)* see *Anblühen*.
Anbläse, (*str.*) *m.* 1) or *Anbläse*, *f.* a breathing upon, breath, pestilential, &c.) blast; 2) *Metall.* the point over the mouth of a tin-melting-furnace where the blast strikes.

Anblasen, (*str. v. tr.*) 1) to blow at, against, upon ... to breathe at or upon; 2) *lit. & fig.* to kindle or to excite by blowing (*Anfachen*); to blow up (the fire); *das Feuer der Leidenschaft* —, to kindle the flames of passion; *das Feuer der Zorntraube* — (*Hilp.*), to foment discord, to sow dissension; *Einen — (malen. / or eines Leidenschafts) u. —*, to incite one with passion, &c.; *er scheint höchst angeblasen und entrüstet (Arnold)*, he seems in the highest degree excited and indignant; 3) to distend by blowing, to blow up (as a bladder, &c.), see *Anblasen*; 4) *oboleascent*, to strike with a sudden gust or destructive wind, to blast (a mysterious power, ascribed to evil spirits, in opposition to the life-giving breath of holy spirits, *cf. above 1. & Anblasen*); *fig. (Einen etwas)* to indict (something) upon (one) as if by witchcraft, to affect (one) suddenly and unexpectedly, to touch, to seize (as a sudden humour, &c.); 5) *Einen (mit Selbstmord)* —, to fly at one (with chiding words), to snarl at one, to snap up short (*Anfängeln*); 6) *Rein*, to put (the colours) lightly on, *cf. Anblasen*; 7) *Metall.* to set the blast of (a furnace) to work for the first time, *syn. Anblasen*; 8) *Mus. (of wind-instruments)* a) *aa*) to commence to blow, to cease to sound, to sound; *bb*) to sound (certain notes, &c.); b) *T.* to blow (newly made wind-instruments) for the first time (in order to try and to perfect the sound omitted); *c*) to meet, to receive, to welcome, to excite, to summon, to announce, &c. by sound of trumpet, &c.; *eine Stadt, eine Festung u. —*, *oboleascent*, to summon a town, a fortress, &c. by sound of trumpet (to surrender, &c.); *den Tag — (Alte, Volk)*, *f.* to announce the approach of day with a blast on a horn; *die (die) nähernden Feinde* —, *f.* to announce the approach of the enemy by sound of trumpet, &c.; *Sport.* to announce by blowing a bugle, by winding a horn, &c.; *die Jagd*, the commencement of the chase, &c. (*opp. Abblasen*); *den Fähr*, the approach of the stag, &c.; d) *angeblasen* *tonnen*, to approach with sound of trumpet, horn, flute, or other wind-instrument, to draw near with flourish of trumpets, &c.

Anblatt, (*str. pl. Anblätter*) *u.* 1) *f.* for *Obblatt*, name of a leafless, scaly herb, particularly of *Lathraea squamaria* (*cf. Rahmraut & Obblatt*); 2) *provinc. wafer*, see *Obblatt*.

Anblatten, (*v. tr. join. & Carp.*) to scarf by the square (*Tabl.*), to join (a piece of timber) to (another piece) by laying the two ends together and fastening a third piece (*Blatt*) to both, to clamp.

Anbläuen, (*v. tr.*) to give or to impart a bluish colour or tint to, to blue.

Anbläuen, (*v. tr.*) to show one's teeth to ...; to put out one's tongue to ...

Anbläuen, (*str.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* see *An. adv.*

Anbläuen, (*v. tr. (Alasia, Sanders)*) to shine upon with paling lustre.

Anbläuen, (*v. tr. Sport.*) to wound with a bullet, to shoot (*Anschießen*).

Anbläue, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *oboleascent*, the act of

looking at (a thing, *cines Dinges*), look, sight (*Göthe with in & Acc.*), *cf. Einblid*; *ersten A-8* or *beim ersten —*, see *auf den ersten Blick*; 2) view, aspect, sight; appearance; spectacle: *mein — ist ihr verhasst*, she hates the sight of me.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) to look at or upon, to glance at or upon, to cast an eye upon, to give a look; *jornig —*, to dart angry looks at, to frown upon; *Einen farr —*, to gaze fixedly upon one, to stare at one.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) 1) to gleam, glitter, glance, twinkle, or shine upon (as the rays of a luminous object); 2) (*Anbliden*) to give (one) a quick glance, to glance, blink or wink at, &c.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) to blink at (one) with frequent winking, to wink at.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) to stare or goggle with unmeaning &c. eyes; to leer or wink at.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) to glance or flash at (one) like lightning, to dart a rapid look or glance at (one); to dazzle or strike with the brilliancy of lightning; *mit dem Spiegel — (Hilp.)*, to dazzle by suddenly throwing on (one) the rays of the sun reflected from a mirror.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) 1) to blast or low at; 2) *fig.* to bawl at (one) with a loud voice.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) to begin to blossom or bloom; 2) to begin to flourish or develop itself; *II. tr.* to strike the sense or sight of (one) like a blooming plant.

Anbliden, (*v. tr. (particul. in S. G.)*) 1) to sow (newly ploughed ground) with clover or similar herbage for the first time; *angestellte Felder*, newly sown clover-fields (*syn. Beizen*); 2) *fig.* to cover (the cheeks) with the bloom of health or with blushes.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) *v. l. intr.* to begin to decay.

Anbliden, (*v. tr.*) 1) to bore at the surface, to begin to bore, to bore into (*opp. Durchbohren*); *einen Baum —*, to bore into (a tree) to a certain depth (not through); a) in order to examine the quality of the wood; b) to make a hole in a tree in order to obtain the sap, to box, to tap a (coniferous) tree to make the resin flow out; *ein Fass —*, to pierce, to broach, to tap a cask (in order to draw the liquor); *ein Quellt —*, to open a well by boring; 2) *fig.* to break or run holes through (the law, &c.); 3) *fig.* to make strong or importunate attempts on (one, in order to obtain a certain object, such as money (*cf. Anpumpen*), &c.); 4) to fasten (brackets, &c.) by boring the necessary holes to receive the objects intended to be fastened (*cf. Einbohren, Sanders*); *sie bohren so das Thier an*, thus they fix the animal (by running a pole into it).

Anbohrung, (*v. f.*) 1) the act of boring at the surface, &c.; 2) *Med.* see *Abzapfung (Paracentese)*.

Anbohren, (*v. tr.*) to fasten (one piece of timber) to (another) with a bolt, peg, &c. or bolts, &c., to secure with a bolt, to bolt, peg, pin, to treenail. — **Anbohrung**, (*v. f.*) the act of fastening (one piece of timber) to (another) with a bolt, &c.

Anbohren, (*v. tr. Mar.*) see *Entern*.

Anbohren, (*v. tr.*) 1) to procure or obtain by borrowing; *angeborgter Schimmer*, fictitious lustre (*cf. Borgen*); 2) (*Einen*) to borrow a sum of money of (one).

Anbohren, (*v. tr. intr. (aux. haben)* *Sport.* to bristle up, to erect the bristles (said of the wild boar).

Anbot, (*str.*) *n.* 1) first bid or offer (at public sales), *gener. Angebot*, which see; 2) (*Anerbieten*) offer, tender; 3) (*sometimes m.*) judicial order, writ.

Anbranden, (*v. tr. intr. (aux. sein)* to strike or surge against (gegen, an) with

Acc.), to break upon (the rocks, &c. as the surf).

Anbrausen, (*v. tr. Mar.*) to brace (the sails) in, to haul in (the weather-braces).

Anbräuen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to begin to roast, to roast superficially.

Anbräuen, (*v. tr. I. intr. (aux. sein)* to begin to grow brown, to grow brownish; *II. tr.* to imbrown, to make brownish, to darken the colour of.

Anbrausen, (*v. tr. I. intr. (aux. sein)* to come roaring or rushing along; *II. tr.* to rush on (one), or to attack in a blustering manner, to assail with a loud voice.

Anbrechen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to begin to break, to break (off), to cut, or *in gener.* to use for the first time, to open; *ein Leib Brot —*, to make the first cut in a loaf (*Anschneiden*); *ein Fass —*, to broach or tap a cask; *ein Glas Wein —*, see *Anstehen*; *ein Stüd Zeug —*, to cut into a piece of cloth; *die gestaute Fassung —*, to break cargo; *die Borräthe sind noch nicht angebrochen (Nob. & Gr.)*, the stock is still untouched; *einen Geldsack — (Hilp.)*, to break in upon a bag of money (*cf. Anreissen*); *einen Gang —, Min.* to open a lode; 2) to break partially (as the boughs of a tree, &c. *syn. Einbrechen, opp. Durchbrechen, Abbrechen*);

II. intr. (aux. sein) 1) "according to some," as *Grimm* says, "used in the present and other tenses of the verb besides the participle past," but it is improbable that phrases like *das Obst bricht an*, *das Bier bricht an u.* (the fruit begins to decay, the beer grows stale, &c.), should ever have been used popularly; on the contrary the participle *angebrochen* seems to belong to the passive voice of the transitive, as explained above: *angebrochenes Obst*, broken, i. e. unsound, decaying fruit; *angebrochenes Glas*, broken, i. e. decaying, tainted, putrid meat; *angebrochenes Bier*, *angebrochener Wein*, stale, vitiated beer, stale, palled or dead wine; 2) (*aux. sein*) a) *aa*) *+* or *unusual* of the approach of the enemy, an avalanche, &c.; *bb*) (of a fountain, &c.) to break forth (anew); b) to break, to open (as the morning), to break forth (as the rays of light), to dawn, to approach, to draw near (less frequently of the approach of night or darkness); *der Tag bricht an*, the day breaks; *bei a-dem Tage*, at break of day, at day-break; *bei a-dem Morgenlicht*, at the approach of daylight; *mit angebrochenem Tage (Wieland)*, when day has dawned.

Anbrechung, (*v. f.*) 1) the act of beginning to break, &c., *cf. Anbrechen*, *I. 1*; *das Anbrechen (v. s.)* more usual in this sense; 2) see *Anbruch*.

Anbrennen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to begin to burn; a) to burn off partially (*opp. Abbrennen*), to be partly burned or consumed; *das Licht ist angebrannt (Hilp.)*, the candle is partly burned; b) to catch fire, to take fire, to burn up, to kindle, to light; *naßes Holz brennt schwer an*, wet wood will not take fire easily; *Stroh brennt leicht an*, straw kindles, or ignites easily; *die Räte fann über die Wildis gerathen*, der Braten fann — *u. f. w.* the cat may get at the milk, the meat may burn, &c. — *lassen*, to burn; c) *fig. (of anger, &c.)* *+* for *Entfremmen* to be kindled, to burn; 2) *Cook* to adhere (to the pot, &c.) on account of excess of heat or want of moisture and thus to be burnt; *II. tr.* 1) to begin to burn, to burn partially, to ignite at one end; 2) to light, to kindle (ein Feuer, a fire), to ignite, to set on fire; *sie brannten die Stadt an vielen Orten an*, they set fire to the town in many places; 3) *Cook* to burn (meat, &c. so as to give the food a disagreeable taste); *die Köchin hat den Brot angebrannt (Hilp.)*, the cook has

burnt the pap; angebrannt riechen, to smell of burning. [Verkäuflich].

An'bringbar, *adj.* salable, marketable (*cf.* An'bringe ..., *in comp.* — gelb, *n.* — gelb, *f.* obsolescent, 1) (*Hip.*) a premium or bounty given to the person who enlists a recruit; 2) premium or bounty given to informers, &c.

An'bringen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to bring (close) to a certain place; ich kann diese Etiefeln nicht — (*coll.* anbringen), I cannot get on these boots (*Hip.*); Sie empfangen hierbei durch die Post von New York eine Kiste, pr. Dampfer Bremen angebracht, you will receive with this by mail a case from New York, forwarded pr. steamer "Bremen"; *b*) Sport. to set (the blood-hounds) on the game;

2) *lit. & fig.* *a*) to apply, to contrive, to fix in a certain place, to plant, to place; to construct, to put up; einen Schrank in der Wand —, to fix a cupboard in a wall; eine an der Wand angebrachte Bank, a bench fixed to the wall; ein in einer Mauer angebrachter Altar, an altar constructed in a wall (*Hip.*); der französische Zuckerbäcker hatte seine Kunst aufgewendet, um geschmackvoll einen Spiegel anzubringen, the French confectioner had exerted his art to introduce a looking-glass; das — eines grünen Abhanges von sammetgleichem Rasen, the introduction of a green slope of velvet turf; eine Vorrichtung —, to contrive an arrangement; eine Verbesserung an einer Maschine —, to introduce or effect an improvement in a machine; dies Haus hat zwei Ausgänge, die so angebracht sind, daß sie sich nach verschiedenen Straßen öffnen, to which there are two exits, contrived to open in different streets; einen Schlag —, to bring home, to hit, or to plant a blow; ein wohlangebrachter Stoß, a home-thrust (*Hip.*); eine Kugel —, to lodge a ball; Einem einen Schlag —, *see* Weirbringen;

3) to dispose of (an den Mann bringen, absetzen); *Comm.* (*cf.* Nob. & Gr.) to sell or vend (commodities); to negotiate (bills); to pass off; für voll —, to pass at its full value; leicht —, to sell easily; schwer —, to sell with difficulty; schwer anbringen (Anbringbar), difficult of sale; gar nicht mehr anbringen, no longer salable; vorteilhaft —, to place advantageously; der Artikel wird kaum anbringen sein, it will be difficult to dispose of the article; wir werden die Briefe anbringen suchen, we shall try to negotiate the bills; nicht anbringende Briefe, dead letters; 4) (*syn.* Unterbringen, Weiden) to lay (a case, &c.) before one, to introduce, to exhibit (a charge), to bring before a court, to prefer (an accusation, &c.), to lodge a complaint, information against one; Klage gegen Einen —, to enter an action against one, to inform against one, to denounce one (*sometimes intr.*); mein Geschäftsführer brachte diese Klage bei dem General-Postmeister an, my agent laid this complaint before the Postmaster-General; *b*) to bring or put forward, to advance, to offer, to present, to address: eine Bitte —, to make a request; ein Wort für seinen Freund —, to put in a word for his friend; was ist dein —? what is your business (*coll.* errand)?

5) (*syn.* Unterbringen, Vorsehen) to get a place or to procure an office for (one), to provide for: einen Sohn beim Militär —, to obtain a military appointment for a son; eine Tochter —, to provide for a daughter, to settle a daughter in marriage; einen Lehrling als Gehilfen —, to provide an apprentice with a place as paid clerk; ich werde alle meine Freunde und Verwandte — (*Göthe*), I'll place or provide for all my friends and relations;

6) *fig.* to adapt to the time or occasion (*cf.* 4, b); frequently used in the participle past:

angebracht, wohl angebracht, well applied or timed, seasonable; durch eine wohl angebrachte Gehilfen, by a well-seasoned pecuniary aid: über angebracht, ill-placed, misplaced, ill-timed; einseitige und über angebrachte Späße über den Krieg, silly and ill-placed jokes on the subject of war; über angebrachte Vertrauen, misplaced confidence; eine Bemerkung —, to put in a remark; er brachte diese Bemerkung oft an, he often used to introduce this phrase.

An'bringen, (*str.*) *n.*, An'bringung, (*n.*) *f.* (l. u.) 1) the act of bringing to a certain place, &c. *see* Anbringen, *s*; 2) information, denouncement, &c.

An'bringer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mech.* supply-hose, &c. (Zubringer); 2) + (An'bringerin, (*n.*) *f.* female) informer, accuser, denouncer.

An'bruch, (*str.*, *pl.* An'brüche) *m.* 1) the act or state of beginning to break, &c., *see* Anbrechen, *v.*; breakage; *particul. among miners* *a*) the first opening of a mine (*Toll.* beginning of the streak); *b*) place where a break or first cut has been made; open lode, opening; *c*) *ebler* —, good, rich vein; *d*) (*also in other senses*) the place first broken off, first cut, *pl.* (An'brüche) first products (of a mine); *ist der — heilig*, so ist auch der Tag heilig (*Rom.* 11, 16), for if the first-fruit be holy, the lump is also holy; *e*) (Stück) fracture (of a mineral, exhibiting its texture); 2) (*obsolescent*) *a*) a breaking up of land having long lain fallow; neuer —, *see* Neubruch; *b*) *fig.* attack, first opening, or beginning; outbreak; 3) (Tagel-) the break, dawn (of day), day-break; der Tag ist im — (*Wieland*), day is breaking; *less usual* — der Nacht, night-fall; 4) a beginning to spoil, incipient putrescence; decay, rot (rotten state), mould; also a distemper of sheep, the rot (Gäule).

An'brüchig, *I. adj.* beginning to spoil or turn; decaying, putrescent, tainted; spoiled, rotten, mouldy; (of sheep) affected with the rot; — werden, to turn or to grow rotten or mouldy; a-tes Obst, unsound, decaying fruit; a-tes Wein, tainted or turned wine; II. *n.* *Zeit*, (*n.*) *f.* a beginning to spoil or turn, decay, incipient putrescence, &c., rottenness.

An'brüder, (*n.*) *v. refl.* sich Einem, *unusual*, to join one as a brother, to fraternize with one.

An'brühen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to prepare (food, &c.) by pouring scalding water at or upon (An'brühen), to scald, soak, infuse, steep.

An'brüllen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to bellow or low at, to roar at, to bawl at. [*growl* at.

An'brummen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to grumble, or An'brüten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to begin to hatch, to commence brooding; ein angebrütetes Ei, an egg in which the development of the chick has already begun by the process of brooding; 2) *fig.* to breed, to foster, to cherish.

An'blühen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (l. u.) to infect with knavery.

An'blig, (*str.*) *m.* (l. u.) any thing (a document, letter, &c.) annexed, subjoined, added, &c., supplement, enclosure; im — erhalten Sie ..., annexed you will receive ... (*cf.* Angehogen, Anlage &c.).

An'bumpfen, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to bump at or against ...

An'bürgern, (*n.*) *v. tr. gener. refl.* (l. u.) to settle at a place as a citizen, to become a resident citizen or naturalized at some place.

An'bürsten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to make to adhere by close brushing.

An'büscheln, (*n.*) *v. intr. Sport.* to sit down near or in a bush (of birds).

* An'buße (*pr.* antj'buße), (*n.*) *f.* (*pl.* sometimes *Kal.* An'buße, *coll.* An'buße) anchovy (*Chupa encrasicolus*, unechte Sardelle).

* An'cunetát (*pr.* An'cunetát), (*n.*) *f.* (Pr.

ancunetát) seniority in office (An'cunetát, Dienstalter).

Anb, (*indist.*) *s.* (+ *b*) province. anger, disagreeable emotion, pain; es thut mir — (*Saxen Osa-mountains*, &c. *encl.*), I feel sorry (on account of ...), it affects me with or I feel a painful yearning (*nach*, for), &c.

An'acht, (*n.*) *f.* 1) +, a thinking (*with Gem.* of), thought; 2) devotion: *a*) devoutness, reverent attention to religious or superior things, devotional feeling; Stunden der —, hours of devotion; ich grüße dich, du fromige Bißle! | die ich mit — nun herunterhole (*Göthe*, Faust), hail precious phial! thee, with reverent awe, | down from thine old receptacle I draw (*Schom.*); der Hund sah mir beim Essen mit großer — zu, *joc.* the dog looked at me with wrapped attention, while I was eating; *b*) act of devotion, prayer; (eine — verrichten or halten, to attend to one's devotion(s)), to say one's prayers. [acht ...

An'acht ..., *in comp.* — *Hilf* *sc.* *see* An'achtstheil, (*n.*) *f.* extreme, outward, formal or false devotion, devotionism, bigotry, hypocrisy.

An'achtstheil, (*n.*) *s. intr.* to be given to outward, extreme or false devotion, to play the over-pious, to affect devotion; *a-b*, outwardly or superstitiously devout, over-pious, bigoted.

An'achtig, *I. adj.* (+ *adv.* an'achtiglich) 1) devout; devotional, religious; pious; (An'achtig, which *see*) prayerful; 2) *but* eagerly attentive; nach dessen (i. e. des Sommers) a-er Betrachtung (*Pückler-M.*), after it (i. e. the lamb) had been discussed with due solemnity; II. *n.* *Zeit*, (*n.*) *f.* devoutness, &c.

An'achtiger, (*str.*) *m.*, An'achtigerin, (*n.*) *f.* devotee, devotionist, one outwardly or superstitiously devout, over-pious person, bigot, hypocrite, cantor.

An'achtiglos *sc.*, *see* An'achtstiles.

An'achtig, *adj.* (*Brucke*, &c.) full of devotion (An'achtig); a-tes Fischen, fervent prayer.

An'achtig ..., *in comp.* — *Hilf*, *n.* (*Göthe*, &c.) devotional image; — *buch*, *n.* manual of devotion, devotional work or guide; — *bund*, *m.* alliance for devotional purposes, devotional union, pious league; — *eifer*, *m.* zeal or fervour of devotion; — *leben*, *m.* *fig.* (*Wieland*) the connection of devotional meditation (*particul.* as being liable to interruption, *cf.* Gebulsteden); — *flamme*, *f.* flame of devotion; — *glut*, *f.* fervent glow or fervour of devotion; — *haus*, *n.* house of public devotion (Pethaus); — *kümmern*, *n.* 1) *Rom. Cath.* an *Agnus Dei* (Comm. Gottes), a medallion of consecrated wax, or wafer dough, stamped with the figure of the Saviour in the form a lamb supporting the banner of the cross; 2) *But.* *Agnus castus*, *see* Reuchbaum.

An'achtiglos, *adj.* undevout, destitute of devotion, irreverent (*m.* *n.*: devoutless, indecent). — An'achtiglosigkeit, (*n.*) *f.* want of devotion. (*m.* *n.*:) devoutlessness.

An'achtig ..., *in comp.* — *ort*, *m.* (*Göthe*) place of devotion; — *pflicht*, *f.* devotional duty or exercise; — *reise*, *f.* journey undertaken for the performance of devotional exercise or duty, pilgrimage (Wallfahrt); — *stätte*, *f.* place of devotion (— *ort*); — *stunde*, *f.* hour (of or hour set apart for) devotion; — *trieb*, *m.* devotional impulse or inclination, religious bent; — *übung*, *f.* devotional exercise or duty; — *voll*, *adj.* full of devotion, devout; prayerful: eine — *voll* (Seele)-Erstimmung, a prayerful frame of mind; — *weg*, *adv.* (*Schiller*), on account of (religious) devoutness, from pious motives.

* An'bal, An'tal, (*str.*) *n.* a Hungarian wine-measure (chiefly used in Tokay).

Unbelaufen, (str.) n. Geogr. Andalusia. — **Unbelaufen**, (str.) m., **Unbelaufen**, (w.) f. Andalusian; der Unbelaufte, sometimes for das unbelaufte Pferd. — **Unbelaufen**, (str.) adj. Andalusian.

Unbäumen, (w.) s. fr. to force (a river, &c.) up to or towards a certain point by raising an embankment; to swell (a river) by damming it up, to dam up.

Unbäumen, (w.) s. i. fr. (aux. sein) 1) to approach or draw near dawning (as the day); 2) to begin to dawn; II. fr. to shine upon with dawning-light. — **Unbäumung**, (w.) f. approaching dawn.

Unbäumen, (w.) s. i. fr. to be precipitated (as with Acc.), against) or to subside by evaporation; II. fr. to strike the senses of (one) with steam or vapour.

Andante, (Ital.) Mus. I. adv. andante (moderately slow); dimin.: andantino, less slow; II. (str.) m. andante, andantino.

Unbäumen, (w.) s. i. fr. to last for a time without intermission (stronger than Dauern), to continue uninterruptedly, to last; ein a-bes Interesse an seinen Angelegenheiten, a sustained interest in his affairs; im Zustande a-ben Geduldes, &c. in a state of chronic resentment; der Königs Befehlung schreitet a-b fort, the king's condescension proceeds steadily.

Unbäumen, (w.) pl. Geogr. Andee (South American chain of mountains).

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several other words (negatives and interrogatives) used in comparative sentences:

a) dies ist ein a-es Kind, this is another (i. e. not the same) child; (emphatically) cf. below, b) das ist ein (ganz) a-er Burche, that is (quite) a different sort of lad; ein a-er (m.), (jemand) a-es (or anders), another (man), some one (some body) else; eine a-e (f.), another (woman); a-e Leute, other people, others; etwas a-es, another thing, something else; partiell. something (quite) different; a-er Ort, adv. phrase, see Underwärts; Einer nach dem a-n verließ das Haus, one after another left the house; Einer ober der a-e wird sicher da sein, some one or other is sure to be there; ein Wort das a-e, one word led to another; ein Jahr nach dem a-n (or ein Jahr um das a-e) verging, one year after another (or year after year) passed by; ein Schritt nach dem a-n, step after step; eines in das a-e, adding one thing to another, taking (or mixing up) one thing with another; taking things together, without choice or order; das Eine in das (or eins ins) a-e gerechnet sind sie das vielleicht werth, one with another they may perhaps be worth so much; damit wir nicht eines in das a-e rufen, in order not to lose ourselves in random speech; eins zum a-n gerechnet, wer's danach anhehen, ihr saßt das Herz zu brechen, take it for all in all, it was going on well nigh to break her heart; einen Tag um den a-n (provinc. [S. G.] jeden a-n Tag), every other (or second) day; eine Woche um die a-e, every other week (Umgeßpr.: week about; eins um das a-e, by (or in) turns, alternately (Umgeßpr.: turn and turn about); einmal über das a-e, again and again, repeatedly; unter a-en (supply Dingen &c.) or unter a-em (number), among other things, among the rest; das kann auch ein a-er, any one (also) may do that; kein a-er, niemand a-es, no one else (weniger ähnlich: no other or no others); wer a-es? who else? er hatte keinen a-en Vater als (or außer) Gott, he had no other father besides God; dies ist alles a-e eher als vernünftig, this is any thing but reasonable; das ist etwas (coll. was) (ganz) a-es, that is (quite) a different (sort of) thing, that alters the case (entirely); dies ist nichts a-es, (or a-es) als ..., this is nothing but ..., or than ... or nothing short of ...; sometimes treated as an undecidable phrase: da die Reinigung in nichts a-es beruht (Leasing), for in nichts a-em, in nothing else; von was a-es (Götze, &c.) (for von was a-em) of something else; nichts a-es als ..., nothing else but or than ...;

b) other (syn. with different); a-e Kleider anziehen, to put on other clothes, to change one's clothes; a-e Zeiten, a-e Eiten, proverbs, other times, other manners; die a-e Seite, the other side; the reverse; auf der a-en Seite (andrerseits), &c. on the other hand; das a-e Ufer, the opposite shore; das a-e Geschlecht (Schüler, not very usual), the other, i. e. the female sex; a-er Ansicht sein, to be of a different opinion; a-en Stimmes werden, to change one's mind; seitdem ist er ein a-er Mensch geworden, from that time he has been a different (or an altered) man; von etwas a-em (zu sprechen) anfangen, to introduce another subject; ein a-es ist einem Belohnung streuen, and ein a-es einem das Rauchsag um den Kopf schmeißen (Leasing), it is one thing to honour one with the incense of flattery, and another to beat the censor about his ears; eines a-en (or eines Befehrs) befehlen, to teach differently, to set (one) right; das ist ein a-es Lesen, that is a different way of reading; jezt ginge aus einem a-en Lenz, das steht auf einem a-en Blatte, see Ton, Blatt &c.

3) **Unbäumen**, etwas a-es &c., sometimes euphemistically for any thing which the speaker is

loth to name; was a-es denken (Götze) for etwas Schlimmes denken; er hat an mir geknabelt wie ein a-er (Grimm), i. e. like a scoundrel; sie ist in a-en Umständen, she is in the family way; er kann mir was a-es thun, wagt, he may do me a certain unmentionable service.

Unbäumen, (w.) s. i. fr. to last for a time without intermission (stronger than Dauern), to continue uninterruptedly, to last; ein a-bes Interesse an seinen Angelegenheiten, a sustained interest in his affairs; im Zustande a-ben Geduldes, &c. in a state of chronic resentment; der Königs Befehlung schreitet a-b fort, the king's condescension proceeds steadily.

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I had expected; die Dinge gefallten sich —, matters took a different turn; nicht —, not otherwise, exactly so, just so; wir können sie nicht — als religiös und ehrenhaft nennen, we cannot call them other than religious and honorable; es war nicht —, als ob ein König einträte, it cannot but be flattering to the author; daß gewisse Sachen — nicht als zur Barbarei leiten müssen (J. v. Müller), that certain things cannot but lead to barbarism; sein Benehmen kann nicht — als abgesehen genannt werden, his behaviour cannot be called anything but abominable; was ist es — als Freigebigkeit, what is it but cowardice; 2) *a*) in conjunction or composition with adverbs of pronouns: also (*syn.* *sonst*): (tügen) —, —, somewhere else, elsewhere; nirgend(8) —, nowhere else: mo — her, — wo her, from some other place; mo — hin, — wohin, to some other place, &c.; b) in conditional sentences: wenn — (and in the same sense —), if at all, provided that at all: jeder Menschenmaße ... wenn er — eine Copie der wirkliden Welt geliefert haben will (Schüller), every painter of men, if at all he pretends to have furnished a copy of real life; und stimmt ihr — ein (Wieland, for und wenn — ihr einstimmt), and, if you consent withal; dies an der 8 im Englischen ist gar nicht ausgebracht: wenn — nicht ..., unless; wenn — du nicht vorziehest, unless you prefer; 3) sometimes euphemistically (see *Anders*, 3) for another word: es wird mir — (i. e. es wird mir (schlimm) zu Muth sein; sich — befinden, to be in one's self differently, to alter or change one's mind; — denken, to think differently, to differ in opinion, to dissent.

Andersartig, *adj.* (*perhaps more euphemistic than andersartig, which see*) differently constituted (andere's gartet), belonging or peculiar to a different kind, of a different kind or nature, heterogeneous (*opp.* *Eigenartig*).

Andersdenkend, *p. a.* thinking otherwise, differently-thinking.

Andersseitig, *adj.* being on the other side, hand or party, opposite; ich will die a-en Gründe nicht anführen (*Campes*), I will not adduce the reasons existing on the other hand.

Andersseits, *adv.* (*contr. from Andersseits*) on the other hand.

Anders..., *in comp.* — *geflant*, *adj.* having a different opinion, dissenting (*cf.* — *gläubig*); die — *geflanten*, the dissenters; — *gläubig*, *adj.* holding an opinion (other than or) different from the established one, heterodox, heretical (*opp.* *Richtiggläubig*); — *hin*, *adv.* sometimes used for — *wohin*, *which see*; — *redend*, *p. a.* speaking a different language; — *wann*, *adv.* *provinc.* at another time; — *warum*, *adv.* *obscure*, for another reason; — *wie*, *adv.* in another or different way, otherwise, differently; — *wo*, *adv.* in another or different place, elsewhere, somewhere else; rarely used as a *subst.* an alibi; — *woher*, *adv.* from elsewhere, from another place; — *wohin*, *adv.* to another place; er sah — *wohin*, he looked another way.

Anders, *adv.* (*† &*) *vulg.* for *Anders*.

Andershalb, *num. adj.* (*curiously enough designated as indeclinable by Helmsius, Heyse, and others following in their wake; the truth is that it often precedes substantives in the character of a cardinal number without being declined: but it may be declined like a common adjective notwithstanding*) one and a half: a-en Apfel, a-e Stunde (*cf.* — *Stunde*, *Zeit*), a-es Glas Wasser (or — *Apfel*, — *Stunden*, — *Gläser Wasser*), one apple and a half, one hour and a half, one glass of water and a

half; — *Fuß lang*, a foot and a half in length; — *mal so groß*, one and a half time as big; — *Pfund*, one (a) pound and a half; — *Aufern* (*Trock*), one oyster and a half; it is likewise used as a plural, because according to its nature it represents more than one: auf einen Eschmen a-e (*Göthe*), against a rogue pit one and a half; (einen Weg gehen) in a-en (*i. e.* *Stunden*, *Hebel*), (to walk a certain distance) in one and a half (*i. e.* in an hour and a half); hier sind 8 Pfund, du wirft aber wohl mit — (en) aufkommen (*Sanders*), here are three pounds, but one and a half will probably do for you; — *Eilen kosten* or a-e *Eile kostet* eine Mark, one ell (or an ell) and a half costs one Mark.

Andershalb, *adj.* *Math.* sesquialteral; ein a-es Verhältniß, sesquialter, a sesquialteral proportion (2 : 3 = 6 : 9); das a-e Verhältniß, *Arith.* sesquiduplicate ratio (*Hiip.*).

Anderrung, (*w.*) *f.* change, alteration (the act of changing or altering, &c. and the state of being changed, &c.); variation, modification; in einem (geschriebenen) Artikel *Ä-n* machen, to correct, to retouch, to revise a (written) article; *Ä-n* treffen, to make alterations; der Markt war wenig belebt und ohne — der Preise, the market was in a quiet state without variation in prices; die Preise haben wenig — erfahren, prices have undergone little change; *Ä-schaf*, (*str.* *pl.* *Ä-jü*) *m.* *Mus.* section of a musical composition where the dominant chord is introduced (*also* *Quint-Ä-schaf*, *opp.* *Grundbas*).

Anderrwärtig, *i. adj.* *obscure*, existing or happening in (sometimes coming from) some other place or at another time; es ist ihm eine a-e *Heurath* vorgefchlagen worden (*Adelung*), another or a different marriage has been proposed to him; II. or *Anderrwärts*, *adv.* in another place, elsewhere.

Anderrweit, *i. adv.* 1) *†*, a second time, anew, again; 2) in another place or manner: otherwise, else; at another time; further, in other respects, &c.; ich habe — zu thun, I have other matters to attend to; *Lessing repeatedly uses an adv. Ä-s, almost syn. with Anderrwärtig*, *f. i.* Ihr Einfall hätte erst müssen a-s aus der Gesellschaft erwiesen werden, your idea ought to have been previously proved from other events of history; II. or *Anderrweitig*, *adj.* repeated or done another time, in another manner or place, another, additional, further, ulterior; die a-en hundert Thaler (*Göthe*), the other hundred Thalers; eine a-e öffentliche Freibietung, another public offering for sale (a former one having proved ineffectual, &c.).

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to indicate, intimate, to signify or declare by signs; to give (one) to understand, to suggest, to hint; das deutet nichts Gutes an, that presages nothing good; eine Sache, die ich nur leicht anderrweit habe, a subject to which I have only slightly alluded; ein gerecht und dennoch weigert hatte er den Tadel anderrweit, how justly, yet how gently had he conveyed reproof; wüßten die Kinder in der Art fort, wie sie sich —, if children continued to develop themselves in the way they appear to do temporarily; 2) *Einem etwas* — (*more usual* *bedeuten*), to notify one of a thing (in a judicial sense), to give warning to one, to enjoin something upon one.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *f.* indication, intimation, insinuation, suggestion, hint; allusion, innendo; eine flüchtige — (*with Gen.*), a hasty glance, glimpse, &c. (at); *Wildepret* mit einer kleinen — von Säuln, venison with a slight shade of putridity; a-Schweif, *adv.* by intimation, by hints, by innendo, &c.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) to ascribe (something to one) by fiction, particular, falsely; to attribute or to impute something to a person; falsely to charge one

with a thing, to put, to shift or to fasten something upon one; 2) to adapt (a fictitious part) to one; II. *refl.* (*Göthe*, I. u.) to assimilate one's self (to others) by action.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *f.* (false) imputation, &c. *Anderrweit*, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) *obscure*, (*Einem*) (*in the sense of Aufwarten*, *Dienen*) to wait upon (one); 2) to begin to serve; II. *tr.* 1) *Mar.* to make for (the shore), to touch (*Antenn*); 2) *obscure*, to notify, to give notice of officially; still preserved in some maritime law phrases: die *Sevarie* — (urtheil, anzeigen, erklären), to announce or to notice the average (to the insurers), &c.

Anderrweit, (*w. & str.*) *v. tr.* (*† &*) *provinc.* for *Anderrweit*, als *Anderrweit* festsetzen, (einen *Termin*) ansetzen, anbräumen, (einen *Stück* *Sprecher*) bestellen; sich —, *refl.* 1) for sich *Anderrweit*, anheftig machen *x.*; 2) for sich *Anderrweit*. — *Anderrweit*, (*w.*) *f.* engagement, stipulation, &c.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Join.* to fasten to a pin or peg, to pin.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) (*aus. haben*) an (*with Acc. or Dat.*) ..., to thunder at or against ...; to knock violently at ...; 2) (*aus. sein*) to fall (against ...) with a thundering noise; II. *tr.* 1) to assail or strike with thunderbolts or with a thundering noise; er stand wie anderrweit, he stood like one stricken; 2) to strike or assail with a voice of thunder, to stun.

Anderrweit, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* 1) horehound, plants of the genera *marrubium* and *ballota*: der weiße *gumme* —, common white horehound (*Marrubium vulgare* L.); der schwarze (*Stinde*) — (*Ballotte*), black (or stinking, fetid) horehound (*Ballota nigra*); 2) see *Stachys* *germanica*; 3) *a*) (*wolliger* *deutlicher* *Berganderrweit*) downy stachys (*Stachys germanica*); b) see *Stachys* *germanica*; 4) (*Stachys*, *Stachys*, *Wasser*, *Wiesen* —, *Wollfuß*) water-horehound (*Lycopus Europaeus*).

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to dry and adhere to a thing: das *Wasser* ist auf die (or auf der) *Wunde*, an die (or an der) *Stam* angeborrt, the plaster has in drying stuck to the wound, to the skin.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dry superficially.

Anderrweit, (*str.* *pl.* *unusual*) *Anderrweit* *m.* 1) the act of pushing or pressing forward, &c. *cf.* *Anderrweit*; impulse, impact, strain; press, rush: crowd (of competitors, &c.); ich gedachte so vielen wohlgemeinten *Anderrweit* (*Göthe*), I obeyed so many well-meant urgings (solicitations); 2) *Med.* determination, rush, excessive flow (of blood) to some part; — der *Blutes* nach dem *Kopf*, a determination of blood to the head; er leidet an *Stind* —, he suffers from congestion.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*with an & Acc.*) to press, to crowd, to drive, push, &c. against ...; (die *Rüde*) *lamen* daher, a-b (*Voss. without expressing the object*), (the cows) came crowding along; sich an (*with Acc.*) —, to press or crowd against; to obtrude one's self or to intrude upon ... (*cf.* sich *Aufdrängen*).

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*† &*) for *Anderrweit*. *Anderrweit*, *m.* *Andrew* (*P. N.*); — *frant*, *n.* *Bot.* see — *franz*, 3; — *franz*, *n.* 1) St. Andrew's cross, a cross in the form of the letter X. *Herold*, saltier (or saltire), Scotch cross; wie ein — *franz* getheilt, braced; 2) *Camp. & Join.* (St. Andrew's) cross, cross-stay, diagonal stay; halbes — *franz*, oblique cross (*Tob.*); 3) *Bot.* St. Andrew's cross, St. Andrew's thistle, a low North American shrub (*Asclepias crux Andree*); — *orden*, *m.* the (knightly) order of St. Andrew (in Russia and in Scotland); — *tag*, *m.* St. Andrew's day.

Anderrweit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sit or join (as a knob to a napepin, &c., einen *Knauf* an

Un'erbung, (w.) f. the act of transmitting or acquiring by inheritance, cf. *Un'erben*.

Un'erfinden, (str.) v. tr. (einer Sache [Dat.] etwas) to invent with a view of adapting the invention to ...; so konnte Baco leicht der Mythologie die allegorische Bedeutung — (Jean Paul), thus it was easy for Bacon to invent and assume for mythology the allegorical meaning. [ing.]

Un'erfollen, (w.) v. tr. to fill to overflow.
Un'erinnerung, (w.) f. 1) reminiscence of a thing, distinct recollection, remembrance, memory; 2) the act of calling to mind (or reminding of) a thing, reminder, admonition.

Un'erkannt, I. p. a. (from *Un'erkennen*) acknowledged, &c.; notorious; eine — nützliche Einrichtung, an arrangement acknowledged to be useful; *Comm.-s.* seine a-e Solidität, his wellknown respectability; ein — solches Haus, a house of established credit; die un'erkanntesten Meister (*Sanders*), the masters most generally acknowledged; un'erkannter Mäßen, acknowledgedly; II. *Un'-heit, (w.) f.* the state or fact of being acknowledged, &c., cf. *Un'erkenntnis*.

Un'erkenntlich, adj. that may be acknowledged, recognizable.

Un'erkennen, (irr.) v. tr. 1) to acknowledge, to own, to recognise; nicht —, to refuse to acknowledge, to disown, to disavow, to disclaim, to disavow; die Klage —, to plead guilty to a charge; wir erkennen Gott als höchsten Herrscher an, we acknowledge God as the supreme ruler; durch einen Firman wurde Wilsof 1831 als erblicher Fürst von Serbien un'erkannt, by a firman, in 1831, Wilsof was recognised as hereditary prince of Serbia; man wird die Regierung von Spanien — müssen, they will have to recognise the government of Spain; seine Unterchrift, eine Un'kunde u. —, to acknowledge one's signature; er erkannte seinen Namen, seine Unterchrift, das sind nicht an, he disowned his name, his signature, the child, &c.; eine (Schuld-)forderung nicht —, not to acknowledge a debt; eine Schuld —, to admit debt; einen Anspruch —, to acknowledge, allow, admit (auch to accede to) a claim; sie erkannten die Unvollkommenheit des Gesetzes bereitwillig an, they readily admitted the imperfectness of the law; 2) to acknowledge with gratitude, praise, or appreciation, to appreciate, to value; man erkennt niemand an, als den, der uns nützt (*Göthe*), we appreciate none but him who is useful to us; 3) used by *Göthe* in a sense nearly synonymous with *Wieder erkennen*, to recognise (under altered circumstances); 4) sometimes used in the sense of *Zuerkennen*, *Zusprechen*, to adjudge, adjudicate, to award. [knowledge.]

Un'erkenntnisdürftig, adj. worthy of ac-
Un'erkenntniß, adj. 1) *l. u. f.* for *Un'erkennen*; 2) (& *Un'erkenntnißheit*) scarcely used for *Erkenntniß*, *Erkenntlichkeit*.

Un'erkenntniß, (str.) f. & *u. f.* (both senses used without any distinction, cf., on the contrary, *Erkenntniß*) acknowledgment.

Un'erkenntnis, (w.) f. acknowledgment; recognition: *Law*, recognition; ihre Größkraft nützte selbst den Reichthümern — ab, her mental power extorted recognition even from the envious; der König verweigerte diesem Anspruch seine —, the king refused to a cede to this claim; sie drückte ihre — dieser Güte aus, she expressed her sense of such kindness; ehrende — finden, to be appreciated; — gefunden haben, zur — gelangt sein, to be fully known and appreciated.

Un'erkenntnislos, adj. without acknowledgment, unappreciating.

Un'ermaßen, (w.) v. tr. (*l. u.*) to exhort and remind (one) of a thing.

* **Un'ermetz, (adj.)** (*Ar.*) aneroïd (barometer).

* **Un'erringen, (str.) v. tr.** *Law*, to acquire by one's exertions or in the course of time (*Erwerben*). — **Un'erringenschaft, (w.) f.** acquisition (*Erwerbenschaft*).

Un'erstatten, (str.) v. tr. to ingenerate, (*Einem* etwas) to bestow (something) upon (one) or to impart (something) to ... in creating or at the moment of creation; *fig.* to implant or to instill by birth or nature: dem Menschen war der aufrechte Gang — (*Göthe*), to man an upright carriage was imparted at his creation; Nichtanbarkeit ist den Menschen angeboren, ja — (*Göthe*), non-gratitude is innate, nay ingenerate in men; — ist ihm der Freund (*Schiller*, *Brant von Messina*), a friend was created for him (who has a brother: i. e. he need not seek for a friend). — **Un'erstatten, p. a.** ingenerate, implanted by nature, &c., inborn, innate. [acquired.]

Un'erstlichen, p. a. (*l. u.*) surreptitiously
† **Un'ersterben, (str.) v. tr.** (*Einem*) to deprive upon (one) by the decease of some other person.

† **Un'erwaschen, (str.) v. tr.** (*Einem*) to accure, to accede to, to be added to.

Un'erwägung, (w.) f. (from *an* + *tr.* *Un'erwägen*) *obolascant*, formal or careful consideration, accurate weighing (of complicated circumstances, &c.). — **Un'erwägen, pp. t.** *Law*, considering, since (in Anbetracht, in Erwägung, daß ...).

Un'erwünschung, (w.) f. (*obolascant* and *quaint*) a formally expressed wish in favour of another.

Un'erzählen, (w.) v. tr. to ascribe (*f. i.* fictitious things to ...) by narration.

Un'erzugen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem* etwas) to beget (something) in (one).

Un'erzählen, (str.) v. tr. to communicate, to impart, or to instill by education; mit haben angeborne und erzogene Schwächen (*Göthe*), we have weaknesses inborn, and weaknesses produced by education.

Un'fälseln, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem* etwas) to ascribe (something) to (one) fictitiously (*cf.* *Un'blöden*).

Un'fälschlich, adj. (easily) to be kindled.

Un'fälseln, (w.) v. tr. to waft the air against (one) with a fan, to fan.

Un'fälseln, (w.) v. tr. to fan or to blow (zur Flamme, into a flame), to enkindle, to kindle; to inflame; Jemandes Eifer —, to animate one's zeal. — **Un'fälsung, (w.) f.** the (act of) fanning or blowing into a flame, &c.

Un'fälseln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to add by stringing, to put on a string; wir fälseln in G. Pilze an, we put mushrooms on strings (or we strung mushrooms together) in G.; 2) *fig.* to contrive artfully, to manage, &c.; ein Gespräch — (*Zachokke*), to manage to get into a conversation with some one (*Un'fälseln*, *Ein'fälseln*).

Un'fälseln, (str.) v. tr. († & *poet.*) to take in hand, to begin, &c. (*Un'fangen*).

Un'fälschlich, adj. 1) that may be brought by carriage to a place, &c. *cf.* *Un'fahren*; 2) (*Somme, of a part*) accessible (to large ships), easy of approach.

Un'fälseln, (str.) v. tr. (*l. u.* *intr.* (*aus. f.* *intr.* rarely with haben) 1) *gener.* with an (*cf. Acc.*, less frequently with the *Dat.*) a) to drive close (to), to drive (against), to run, strike, beat, or push (against), to come close (to); b) to come near or up (to), to advance in a carriage, ship, or similar vehicle; to arrive; die Flotte fuhr an die Insel an, the fleet touched at the island, the fleet put in at the island, the fleet came to anchor near the island; die Stadt, vor welche ein Dampfboot bis auf 20 Yards — sann (*Wurm*), the town which a steamboat may approach as near as twenty yards; die Baroneßin ... kam ... mit Sechsen angefahren,

the baroness came driving up or along with a carriage and six; bei dem Hause eines Freundes — (*Hipp.*), to stop or arrive at the house of a friend; sie kamen in das Land Genesareth und fuhrten an (Mark 6, 53), they came into the land of Genesareth, and drew to the shore; angefahren kommen, to arrive in a carriage or a ship; 3) *Min.* to descend the shaft, in going to work (*opp.* *Un'fahren*);

II. *tr.* 1) to carry, bring, transport, or convey near in a carriage, ship, &c. to, up; to land; viel Fußer Erde, Rast und Steine waren angefahren worden, many waggon-loads of earth, lime, and stones had been carted to the place; 2) *fig.* to address harshly, use roughly, to fly at, snarl at, snap (up) short; die Jünger aber fuhrten sie an (Matth. 19, 13), the disciples rebuked them; diese Knaben würden sich während einer solchen Unterhaltung gewagig gegenit und angefahren haben, these boys would have quarrelled and snapped at each other twenty times during such a conversation.

Un'fälschlich, (str.) p. l. Un'fälschlich m. Min. descending-shaft.

Un'fälschlich, (w.) f. 1) a) the act of driving up or near, &c. *see* *Un'fahren*; arrival; b) *Min.* descent into a mine; 2) landing place, wharf, quay.

Un'fälschlich, (str.) p. l. Un'fälschlich m. 1) attack: a) *lit. & fig.* assault, shock, onset, aggression; Un'fälschlich auf (with *Acc.*) thun (*Wieland*, &c.) *l. u. f.* for *Un'griffe auf* ... machen; b) *lit.* paroxysm, accession (of a fit of a periodical disease), (*Schlaganfall*, paralytic) seizure; 2) *Sport.* a) the alighting of birds, and the place where they alight; b) perch; perching-stick (*Strahl*); 3) *Min.* support, stay, prop; 4) *Law*, (*obolascant*) a) a falling in succession; the devolving or descending by inheritance; transfer (of an estate); b) (*Leibz.*) that which falls to a person, allotment, share; weber Theil noch — (Acts 8, 21), neither part nor lot.
Un'fälseln, (str.) v. l. intr. (*aus. f.* *intr.*) 1) *gener.* with an (*cf. Acc.*, less frequently with the *Dat.*), to fall against or towards; to strike; 2) *Sport.* to alight, to perch, to take ground (of birds; *syn.* *Un'fliegen*, *Ein'fallen*); 3) (*Einem*) to fall (to one), to devolve (to), to descend by inheritance (*Zufallen*); II. *tr.* 1) *Sport.* to follow (the scent of game, &c.); 2) to attack; to assault, to assail; to fly at; to invade; to aggress, to fall on (upon), *syn.* *Un'greifen*.

Un'fälschlich, adj. (*obolascant*): 1) falling or devolving (to one) by inheritance; liable to inheritance; 2) inherited, fallen to a person.

Un'fälschlich, (str.) v. l. right of inheriting (an estate).

Un'fälschlich, (w.) v. tr. scarcely used, to impute falsely, *see* *Un'blöden*.

Un'fälseln, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Bookb.* to attach by folding in; 2) *Join.* to join by a rabbit.

Un'fang, (str.) p. l. Un'fänge m. 1) beginning, commencement; prime (of the world, &c.); origin; opening (of a campaign, &c.); in —, in the beginning; after — ist schwer, proverb, beginnings are always hard; große Dinge haben kleine Anfänge, great things have small beginnings; wird sie einen hohen Gehalt beanpruchen? Vierzig Guineen zum (or als) —, will she claim a high salary? forty guineas to begin with; sie schien zweifelhaft, wie sie fortfahren sollte; sie machte juncir oder drimal einen — (zu reden), she seemed doubtful how to proceed; she made two or three beginnings; die Anfänge einer Wissenschaft, the first elements or rudiments of a science; wie und finden sich Anfänge von Rationalismus, there are here and there indications of an incipient rationalism; dies ist ein — auf dem richtigen Wege, this is a step in the right direction; einen — machen bei ... or mit ..., to

begin or commence with ...; bei sich (selbst) an - machen (mit der Beförderung etc.), *fig.* to begin at home; 2) *Archit.* springing, spring (lowest part of an arch or vault, or the point from which it springs or rises); vom (ersten) - an, from the (very) outset, from the first; vor - bis zum Ende der Gerichtsfung, from the sitting of the Court to its rising.

Anfangen, (*str.*) v. I. & *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) 1) to begin, commence; von vorn -, to begin at the beginning; wieder von vorn oder von neuem -, to begin again at the beginning, to begin anew; to start again; 2) to originate, start; to undertake, to go or to set (one's self) about, to set up (a for in) business, &c.; to enter upon, to betake one's self to: to open (a campaign, &c.); ein Geschäft, einen Handel -, to enter into business, to establish one's self, &c.; es ungeschickt -, to set out unskillfully; äbel -, to begin inauspiciously; einen Briefwechsel mit ..., to enter into correspondence with ...; die lateinische Grammatik -, to begin with the Latin grammar; einen Proceß -, to commence a law-suit, to go to law, to bring an action, to institute a suit (mit or gegen, against); einen Proceß, Streit &c. -, to begin to quarrel, coll. to pick a quarrel; Händel -, to begin or stir up brawls, quarrels, &c.; was er auch anfängt, Alles schlägt ihm fehl, he is unsuccessful in whatever he undertakes, all his speculations turn out failures; er hängt zu viel an, he begins too much at once, he has too many irons in the fire; 3) coll. to do: was soll ich -? what shall I do? was soll ich mit dem Gelde -? what am I to do with the money? sie wissen nicht, was sie mit ihrer Zeit - sollen, they know not how to dispose of their time; was ist nun anzufangen? what is to be done now (next)? es ist nichts mit ihm anzufangen, there is nothing to be done with him: was kann man mit dem Burzeln -? wie kann man ihn zur Vernunft bringen? what can be done to the boy? how can he be brought to hear reason? ich will es anders mit ihm - (*Stip.*), I'll go another way to work with him; 4) es - auf (*with Acc.*), to aim at, to make it one's object (*cf.* *Anlegen*, *Absehen*).

II. *refl.* sich -, to be begun, to begin, commence; *Wanderer*, was sich leicht anfängt (was leicht anzufangen ist), many a thing that is easily to be commenced or undertaken: die Romanovitch, die sich mit A -, the nouns that begin with an A: ich werde mich künftigh mit einem andern Buchstaben - müssen, I shall have to spell my name with another initial in future.

III. *intr.* to begin, to commence, &c.; to take rise, &c.; mit ... or bei ... -, to commence with ...; man hat mit den Erbarbeiten schon angefangen, the ground-work is already begun: er fängt (in dem Buche) mit or bei der Eröffnung der Welt an, he begins with or at the creation of the world; bei ihm wurde angefangen, they commenced with him: er fing von etwas Anderem an (*vs.* zu sprechen), he introduced another subject; und die Helden fingen, die Herrscher, an (*Schiller*, Die vier Weltalter), and the age of the hero, the ruler, began (*Bühner*): - zu lachen, zu weinen, to begin to laugh, to weep, coll. to fall a-laughing, a-crying: sich -, to begin (business) with a small capital; the verb dependent on anfangen, and according to strict rule, expressed by the infinitive preceded by zu, is sometimes coll. introduced by und, and transformed into a finite verb coordinate with anfangen: er fing an und sprach (*Dan.* 2, 15; 2, 20; 4, 16, &c.) für er fing an zu sprechen; sie fingen an und beten ihn (*Mark* 5, 17), they began to pray him.

Anfänger, (*str.*) m. 1) beginner: one who begins a thing; author; originator: der -

(Urheber) eines Streites, the author of a quarrel; 2) beginner, one in his rudiments, a young practitioner, tyro, novice; ein junger -, a young beginner: one who has just set up in business; 3) *Glass-w.* blower; 4) *Archit.* a) the lowest step of a stair; b) (eines Gemölbes) springer, springing-stone (first or bottom stone of an arch or vault, lying immediately on the impost), *cf.* *Anfang*, 2.

Anfänger (*Anfänger* (*chaft*), (*w.*) f. the state or work of a beginner, tyro, &c.

Anfänglich, I. *adj.* original, incipient, initial; diese Geschäfte sind nur a-c, these pecuniary sacrifices are only connected with the beginning of the undertaking; II. *adv.* in the beginning, at first, primarily.

Anfanglos, *adj.* see *Anfangslos*.

Anfangs, *adv.* in the beginning, at first; gleich -, at the very beginning, outset; sometimes followed by a *Genitive*: a-c der Schlacht (*Joan Russ*), in the beginning of the battle.

Anfangs ..., *in comp.* -*ge*ret, m. *Mus.* preparatory bore (*Beil*); -*buch*, n. an elementary book, a primer; -*buchstabe*, m. *Typ.* initial letter, capital letter, initial, capital; -*columnne*, f. *Typ.* head-page; -*eindruck*, m. first impression; -*geschwindigkeit*, f. *Phys.* initial (*Uml.* primitive) velocity or speed (bewegter Körper, of bodies in motion); -*grund*, m. *gen.* in the pl. principles, rudiments, elements, beginnings; in den -*gründen* unterrichten, to instruct in the rudiments, to initiate; -*traft*, f. *Phys.* initial force; -*linie*, f. *Typ.* head line; (*Columnnenteitel*) running title.

Anfangslos, *adj.* without a beginning (*veraltet*: beginningless).

Anfangs ..., *in comp.* -*punct*, m. the point of beginning, starting-point; -*ritornell*, n. *Mus.* introductory symphony to an air, &c.; -*schule*, f. primary school (*Elementar* (*schule*)); -*termin*, m. initial term; -*zeile*, f. initial line; head line (*cf.* -*linie*); -*zustand*, m. initial, first, or primitive state.

Anfärben, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) a) to begin to colour or to paint, to colour superficially, to tinge, tincture; b) coll. (*for* *Anstreichen*) to colour, to paint; 2) to give a colour not originally belonging to an object, to give a false colour, to adulterate by colouring (wine, &c.); 3) *fig.* to tincture, to tinge, to imbue.

Anfassen, (*str.*) m. coll. handle (*Handhaben*).

Anfassen, *adj.* that may be taken hold of, seizable, tangible.

Anfassen, (*w.* v. I. & *tr.* 1) to take, lay, or to catch hold of, to seize; to touch, to handle: Einen bei den Haaren, bei dem Stragen -, to get hold of one's hair, one's collar, &c.; faßt das Gewehr an! *Mil.* support arms! sechs Männer, welche sich einander anfassen, konnten kaum den Baum umspannen, six men, taking hands, could scarcely encompass the tree: 2) coll. a) (mit -, mostly *intr.*) to give or lend a hand; etwas fassen or verfaßt -, to take by the wrong end, to mismanage, to go the wrong way to work; b) to set about (a thing), to undertake, to manage, *syn.* *Angreifen*, 7; diesen Geschäftsweg mag ich nicht -, I am not inclined to embark in this line of business; 3) to put or place (pearls, &c.) on a string, to string together, to file (*Anreihen*); 4) *fig.* to attack, to commence an act of hostility upon (one); wir werden ihn gerichtlich - müssen, we shall have to institute judicial proceedings against him; 5) *fig.* to take hold (the mind) of suddenly and forcibly, to seize; to act upon; 6) *fig.* to treat or use well or ill, to handle (roughly, tenderly, &c.).

II. *intr.* coll. to lend a hand, to assist (*in working*, &c.), see I. *tr.* 3, a.

III. *refl.* sich (*Acc.*) -, to be soft, rough, &c. to the touch; ihre Hand faßt sich wie Atlas

an, her hand feels like silk (*cf.* *Anfühlen*, *refl.*).

Anfauchen, (*w.* v. *tr.* (*frequentative*: *Anfauchgen*, (*w.* v. *tr.*) to blow at or upon (one) with a hissing noise (like a cat, &c.).

Anfaulen, (*w.* v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to begin to rot, to grow rotten or putrid, to be attacked by putridity: a-d-ei Löff, putrescent fruit; angefaulte Leichname, putrid corpses. † **Anfaulen**, (*w.* v. *tr.* to putrefy, to make rotten or putrid.

Anfechten, I. *adj.* that may be contested, impugned, or called in question, contestable, liable to contest or litigation, disputable, controvertible; II. *W-fest*, (*w.*) f. the state of being possibly contested, &c., disputableness, &c.

Anfechten, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) a) *lit.* († & *prov.*) to attack, to assault; b) *fig.* to attack or assail by arguments or by words (*Angriffen*, 4), to impugn, to combat, to contest, to controvert, to dispute, to call in question; ein Testament -, to contest a will; ein Urtheil, eine Meinung -, to combat or oppose an opinion; wegen befehlten und angefochtenen Rufes, on account of a reputation open to charges and accusations: 2) *journeymen's slang*, to beg of (one), *cf.* *Freiten*; 3) a) *Script.*, &c. to assail with temptations, to try, to tempt (*Berühren*, in *Berührung* fähren); b) to trouble, to disturb, to concern, to touch: was ficht dich an? what possesses you? laßt dich nichts -, es geschieht was wolte, let nothing disturb you, happen what will; was ficht das mich an? what do I care for that? lassen Sie sich das nicht -, never trouble yourself (or don't be uneasy) about that, never mind it.

Anfechten, (*str.*) m. 1) one who attacks with arguments, &c. *cf.* *Anfechter*, opposer; 2) one who assails with temptations, (arch-) tempter (*Berührer*).

Anfechtung, (*w.* f. 1) a) the act of attacking by arguments, &c. *cf.* *Anfechten*; opposition (einer Sache (*Gen.*), to a thing), attack; die - eines Testaments, the contesting of a will: seine Familie hatte nun sechzig Jahre lang ohne - regiert, his family had now reigned undisputed for sixty years; b) *fig.* attack: often An-en der Zeit Troß bieten, to resist the brunt of age; 3) *Script.*, &c. a) the act of assailing with temptations, temptation (*Berführung*); trial; b) disturbance, vexation.

Anfeilen, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to begin to file, to cut or to abrade with a file; 2) (an eine Sache (*Acc.*), & more rarely an einer Sache (*Dat.*) -) to produce by filing; eine Spitze an einen Draht -, to file a point to a wire.

Anfeiern, (*w.* v. *tr.* see *Anfeiern*.

Anfeinden, (*w.* v. *tr.* to attack, to combat, to stand up against.

Anfeilschen, (*w.* v. *tr.* to begin to bargain for (a commodity), to begin to cheapen (goods, &c.), to ask the price of (a thing); to pretend to buy.

Anfeinden, (*w.* v. *tr.* to pursue or treat with enmity, hostility or rancour, to bear ill-will towards, to show enmity to, to prosecute, to malign; sie feindeten sich (*Acc.*) einander an, they exchanged hostilities.

Anfeindung, (*w.* f. the (act of) pursuing or treating with enmity or hostility, &c., prosecution, hostility, enmity shown to ...

Anfertigen, (*w.* v. *tr.* coll. to smirk upon.

Anfertigen, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to make ready for use (*Verrichten*), to manufacture; to compose; er ließ eine saubere Abschrift -, he had a neat transcript made; eine Liste - (*Stip.*), to draw up a list; 2) *Low style* (*obsolescent*), to make over, to transmit, to send (a summons, &c. to ...), *cf.* *Zufertigen*. - **Anfertigung**, (*w.* f. the (act of) making ready for use (*Verrichtung*), manufacture; composition, &c.

Anfesseln, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to fasten with fetters or chains, to fetter, to chain to, to enchain; er ist an seinen Schreibeisch wie angefeßelt (*Hilp.*), he is nailed or chained, as it were, to his desk; 2) *Sport.* see **Anfäufeln**.

Anfesslung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of fastening with fetters or chains, chaining (an *with Acc.*), to ...).

Anfessigen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* (*L. w.*) to fasten (an *with Acc.*), to ...).

Anfetten, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to apply fat or grease to ..., to grease, smear; 2) to prepare with fat or grease; to baste; 3) (*Gölke, l. w.*) *for Rüssen*) to fatten up to a certain point, *i. e.* sufficiently, to make fat, feed well.

Anfeuchten, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to apply moisture to ..., to moisten, to wet, to damp; die Bollen waren vom Regen angefeuchtet, the bales got wet with rain; von außen wieder —, *Print.* to wet from the outside; a-de Mittel, *Med.* humectants, medicines supposed to augment the fluidity of the blood; 2) *Sport.* (of game) to make water against a tree, *acc.*; 3) (*Hilp.*) *Pott.* to free from moisture, to dry (earthen ware) in a heated furnace.

Anfeuchttüchlein, (*w.*) *f.* Paper-m. a pit to moisten rage in (*Hilp.*); watering-pit; (Scintrog, Eintouchrog, Plauterfeßel) sizzling-trough (*Töhl.*).

Anfeuchtwischel, (*str.*) *m.* T. wetting-brush (used by gilders).

Anfeuchtung, (*w.*) *f.* the applying moisture to ..., wetting, *acc.*

Anfeuern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) *a)* to begin to fire or to heat (*sometimes intr.*), to heat (a furnace) for the first time; *b)* *oboleoant*, to ignite, to set on fire; *c)* *Pyrod.* to prime, to lay a train of powder for igniting fireworks; to fill up (pyrotechnic bodies) on the inside with a thin paste of powder and brandy to make them go off more readily; 2) *fig.* to fire, inflame, animate, incite, excite, encourage (*syn.* **Entflammen**). — **Anfeuerung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of heating for the first time, *acc.*; 2) the act of firing, inflaming, *acc.*, animation, incitement, encouragement, stimulation, *acc.*

Anfiebern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *Sport.* to fasten by a quill put through the nostrils (of shot birds) in order to carry them more easily.

Anfiebern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *coll.* 1) to saddle in (one's) honour, to welcome with saddling, *acc.* (*cf.* **Anblefen**, **Anfingen** *sc.*); 2) (das Brot) to eat (a loaf of bread) in an awkward, see-saw manner.

Anfellen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* *Halt.* to begin to felt; to put (wool, *acc.*) on the block in order to begin the process of felting.

Anfinden, (*str.*) *s. ref.* 1) *unusual* for sich vorfinden, vorräthig sein; 2) *+* for sich einfinden, sich einstellen.

Anfirnissen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to apply varnish to ..., to varnish (over).

Anfischen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to accumulate or provide by fishing.

Anflammen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to expose the surface of (timber, *acc.*) to the flames in order to preserve it from rotting, to burn superficially; 2) to enkindle, to kindle, inflame (**Entflammen**); 3) (*L. w.*) to throw flaming beams upon (**Anfrahren**).

Anflattern, (*w.*) *s. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) gegen an etwas (*Acc.*) —, to strike against in fluttering, to flutter against; 2) (angeflatterte Formen) to approach, to advance, to come on flutteringly, to flutter near; *II. fr.* to blow upon with a fluttering motion.

Anflächeln, (*str.*) *s. fr.* to twist (something) to, to join by plaiting.

Anflößen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) *not used* for **Be-fließen**, to stain; 2) to put a piece of leather on (a shoe, *acc.*), to cover with a piece of

leather, to patch, to mend; 3) (*Töhl.*) *Min.* to pile (a drift).

Anflößen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to implore, entreat, beseech, pray; (*brüthig* —) to supplicate: *Einen um etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to implore or to ask something of one, to entreat, ask one for a thing; das (*Acc.*) sehen wir dich an (*Klopst.*), *poet.* for um das *sc.* — **Anflörung**, (*w.*) *f.* imploration, entreaty, supplication.

Anfluchen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to show a wry mouth, to weep in one's face, to meet with a contorted weeping face.

Anflüchten, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to show the teeth; to grin at (one) in anger; wenn wir nicht vorwärts schreiten, flüchten uns Revolution und Anarchie an, if we do not go ahead, revolution and anarchy stare us in the face.

Anflügen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to bitch on, to sew on, to tack on or to, to foist in, to piece (up), to clasp a piece to, to eke out, to patch (up); wo ihr die Säulen anflücht, sind sie bestehender Überfluß (*Gölke*), where you foist in the columns, they are a heavy superabundance; sich —, *refl.* to foist one's self in; 2) *fig. coll.* *Einen etwas* — (*cf.* **an Jenge fliden**), to have a sting at one, to pick a hole in one's coat.

Anfliegen, (*str.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) an gegen etwas (*Acc.*) —, *a)* to fly against, up to, or near; *b)* (of inanimate bodies, *acc.*) to strike against, to strike; er fiel aus dem Wagen und flog an den Stein an, he fell from the carriage, and struck against the stone; 2) *a)* to fly against ..., and to settle, to lodge (like winged seeds, *acc.*); *b)* *meton.* to take root, to grow; angeflogenes Holz, *Forest.* trees that have grown spontaneously; *c)* (of crystallized minerals) to effloresce; *d)* *fig.* to make its appearance suddenly; nur ein dünner angeflogener Goldschäum (*Schiller*), only a thin superficial layer of tinsel; die Farben auf diesem Gemälde sind nie angeflogen (*Hilp.*), the colouring of this picture is laid on very thin; *e)* es fliegt ihm alles an, he obtains or acquires every thing without an effort, he easily succeeds in every thing; *f)* (of fits of illness, dependency, *acc.*) to befall, to come over to seize; Allen fliegt die Bräune an (*Jean Paul*), all are seized by fits of the croup; einer der letzten Gedanken, welcher ihm anflieg (*Jean Paul*), one of the boldest thoughts which suddenly rushed upon him; 3) *coll.* (gerthig) —, to fare badly, to succeed badly (*übel antommen*).

Anfliegen, (*str.*) *s. fr.* to flee to or toward (one, *acc.*), to have recourse to ...

Anfließen, (*str.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) an etwas (*Acc.*) —, to flow to, to flow against (**Anschwimmen**); der Fluß fließt an die Stadtmauer an, the river approaches (runs by or washes) the town-wall; 2) to rise by the flow of water, to swell.

Anflößen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) an einen Ort —, to float to, near, against, on a place; to carry to a place by floating or by means of a raft (*flößen*, *flöße*); 2) to deposit or settle (*land. acc.*) by floating (**Anschwimmen**); angeflößtes Sand, see **angeschwemmtes Sand**.

Anflörung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of floating or transporting (wood, *acc.*) to ..., *acc.* *cf.* **Anflößen**; 2) alluvion (**Anschwemmung**, **Anwachs**); **Anflucht**, *n. Law*, right of alluvion (**Anwachsungsrecht**).

Anfluchen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) (*Einen*) to meet or encounter with curses or imprecations, to curse at (one); *Einen anfluchen*, *flöset* *sc.* —, to invoke or imprecate evil, *acc.* upon one, to call down mischief, *acc.* upon one by a curse or imprecation.

Anflügen, (*str.*) *pl.* **Anflüge** *m.* 1) *a)* the act of flying against, up to, or near, *cf.* **Anfliegen**; *b)* approaching flight, sudden ap-

proach of flying birds, *acc.*; a soaring up; *c)* a flight (or flock) of birds, *acc.* approaching; 2) *a)* the act of flying against ... and settling or striking root; *b)* anything having flown in the direction of an object and settled, as dust, *acc.*, *particul.* **Forest.** an spontaneous growth, young wood (*diff.* **Anwuchs**); *bb)* the winged seeds of coniferous trees, birches, *acc.*, *particul.* after having taken root; *c)* **Miner.** *acc.* efflorescence (of saltpetre, *acc.*) feathery incrustation, crystallization (*cf.* **Anfluch**, 4, *a*); *d)* the first tender growth covering any surface; er hat einen leichten — von Bart, he has slight indications of a downy beard; 3) *fig.* *a)* sudden rush or fit, a slight (but sudden) attack; ein — von Röthe, a red flush; *b)* a slight admixture, touch, tinge, tincture, dash; *c)* slight, superficial knowledge, smattering.

Anfließen, (*str.*) *pl.* **Anflüsse** *m.* 1) the act of flowing to or in the direction of an object, *acc.*; der Eb- und — des Meeres, the receding and advancing of the flowing sea (*i. e.* ebb and flood); 2) the rise or swelling of flowing water; 3) anything transported by the flow of waters, alluvion (**Anflöhung**).

Anflütern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* to address whisperingly, to whisper.

Anflut, (*w.*) *f.* approaching flood.

Anfluten, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) an etwas (*Acc.*) —, to float or flow to, towards, against ..., (of waters, *acc.*) to rush on, near, against. — **Anflutung**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of floating to ..., *acc.*; approaching flood.

Anflutern *sc.*, see **Anfordern** *sc.*

Anflügen, see **Beifügen**.

Anforderer, (*str.*) *m.* importunate claimant, solicitor; clamorous creditor, dun.

Anfordern, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to demand (something) as one's due, to claim peremptorily; 2) (*oboleoant*) to call upon (*Einen*, one), to ask, to challenge (**Anfordern**, **Anhalten**).

Anforderung, (*w.*) *f.* peremptory claim (on *Einen*, upon one), pretence, demand; requirement; — machen auf (*with Acc.*), to lay claim to ...; er machte seine unbilligen W-n an ihn, he demanded nothing unreasonable of him; seine W-n an das Glück waren von jeher mäßig gewesen (*Wieland*), his demands on fortune had at all times been moderate.

Anformen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to bring or adapt to a certain form; *etwas* *form* —, *Halt.* to put a had on the block; 2) **Einen etwas**, to bestow a certain form or shape upon one; eine solche Stirne hat die Natur keinem Stabe angeformt (*Herder*), nature never formed a forehead of such shape in a child.

Anforschen, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*Gölke, unusual*) to try to learn by inquiry or investigation, to inquire cautiously.

Anfrage, (*w.*) *f.* (formal) inquiry (*particul.* one asking for information or instruction), demand; application; sie biefen — bei ihm, they addressed themselves to him for information; es ist viel — nach dem Artikel, this article is much in demand (*cf.* **Nachfrage**); auf — (*Acc.*), on inquiry or application.

Anfragen, (*w.*) *s. intr.* to make (formal) inquiry (bei *Einem* *quite unusual* an *Einen*), of one, nach einer Sache [*dat.*], or um eine Sache [*acc.*], for, after a thing), to inquire, to interrogate, to ask, to question; to apply; ich fragte bei ihr wegen seiner W-dresse an, I inquired of her for his address; ich muß zuvor befragen bei ihm —, I must previously inquire of him as to it; ohne viel anfragen, without asking many questions; fragen Sie nur bei Herrn N. an, please address yourself to Mr. N.; es wird zu spät sein, anfragen, it will be too late to apply; der Minister fragte beifällig bei der Frome an, the minister continually referred (himself) to the crown.

Anfragen, (*w.*) *s. fr.* 1) to obtain (a wife)

Ans

by wooing; 2) to acquire (a right, &c.) by wooing or taking in marriage.

Anfremden, (w.) v. fr. *provinc.* (S. G.) 1) to treat (one) like a stranger, to cut (one); 2) *cine Sache* (re) fremdet mich an, a thing appears strange to me (*opp.* Anheimeln); a-d, p. a. strange, uncommon, odd, particular; 3) or Anframmen, *provinc.* to cause to be made, to order (Anfertigen lassen, Befesteln).

Einfr essen, (*adv.* v. *fr.* 1) to begin to eat (only applied to animals, or to the immoderate eating of men, *cf.* *Stressen*), to devour, partially to gnaw or to nibble at ...; *angefressen*, p. a. eaten (as a pear, *Sc.*; *den Stetten fr. angefrissen*, moth-eaten, *Sc.*; 2) *fig.* to begin to consume, to eat into ... to eat away gradually: *Chem.*, *Sc.* to corrode (of acids, *Sc.*); *Med.* to canker, to gangrene: *durch Zeit und Witterung sehr angefrissen (Göthe)*, greatly time- and weather-worn: *angefressen*, p. a. *Med.*, dangerous, gangrenous, cancer-bit; 3) in a moral sense, to corrode, to eat into, to prey upon, to wear, to impair, to consume, to canker: *Il. ref. sich (Aer.)*, *sich (Dust.)* einen Beschäd., (of animals or vulg. of human beings) to eat one's fill, to fill one's belly with food ... to grow fat with feeding: *der Wolf hatte sich sehr angefrissen*, the wolf had raised himself to a high pitch by voracious feeding (*cf.* *En-mäßig*).

Anfrieren, (str.) *v. intr. (aux. [sein])* to become attached (an [with Acc. or Dat.], to some object) by frost, to cling or to stick fast by freezing, to freeze to the ground, &c.

Anfrischen, (w. v. tr. 1) a) to refresh:
 b) *T-e*, *ac.* das Ermüdete wieder-, *in dipping*
 to refresh the dye with alum (*Häp*); *da*
Thouste -, *Sugar-w.* to wet the clay for the
 second time (*Häp*); die Pumpen -, *Minn*
 to maintain the pumps; den Docht -, *u.*
 to moisten the wick with fresh oil; Wunden
Surg. to moisten wounds anew; *Metall.*
 to reduce the litharge: Kupfer, Blei *ac.*, *see*
Gründen; - *a* to renew, to replenish, *ac.*; den
 Führ - (*Bürger*), to replace the old
 by a fresh one; 3) *Sport*, *ac. obsolescent*, to
 animate (die Hunde, the dogs (*Winken*, *An-*
heßen), to incite, to arouse, to encourage, to
 enliven, to quicken; 4) *Ag.* to refresh, (*Wieder-*
en) to revive, to renew (the memory of ..., *ac.*)

Un'frisch, (*str.*) *m.* *Metall* reifer (Zi-
schert).
Un'frischener, Un'frischösen, Un'frisch-
schade, *see* Zerschener *u.* — Un'frischung,
(*m. f.*) 1) the act of refreshing, *see* cf. Un-
frischen, refreshment; 2) *Metall* reduction (of
litharge), *see*; 3) *fig.* obsolescent, encourage-
ment, animation; 4) renewal (of old recol-
lections, *see*), revival.

frigidus, (w.) v. tr. to affect with a feeling of slight cold, *gener. fig.* to appear frigid to ...

Натѣгъ, (w.) f. 1 *Corp., &c.* a board or piece of wood, &c. joined or bolted to another, rider, additional timber: 2) something annexed († *annex*), addition attached to a manuscript, &c., additional leaf or clause, rider: in *всѣ* —, annexed, enclosed, subjoined.

anfügen, (u.) v. & Join., &c. an attach (Acc.) —, to join or attach (a board, a clause) to something else by a rabbit or groove (*Ränge*), to rabbit to....

Verfügen, (u.) v. tr. 1) *Join, &c.* to fit or to join to; 2) to adjoin, to join or to unite to, to annex, to subjoin: *angefügt übersende ich Ihnen Factur*, annexed I (beg to) transmit invoice; II. *ref.* to fit or to attach one's self, &c.

Anfügung, (n.) *f.* the act of fitting, joining, attaching, &c. to..., *cf.* Anfügen, adjunction, annexation, addition.

Un'fingbar, adj. 1) that may be touched.

Unf

tangible, palpable; 2) *fig.* perceptible; selbst unserm Drama ist es —, it is even perceptible in our drama.

N *füßlen*, (u.) v. l. fr. 1) to feel, to touch, to handle: er *füßlte* die *Schneide* der *Art* an, he felt the edge of the axe: den *Puls* —, to feel the pulse; die *Haut* der *Wohren* ist *weich* —, softer than silk: die *unreife* (*Winkelnüsse*), the skin of the negroes is much softer to the touch (cf. *vgl.*); 2) *Einem* or *einer* *Sache* (*Dat.* etwas —, to perceive something in — by the touch (cf. *Kurische* u. *dr.*); *der* *Blinde* *füßlt* *es* *dem* *Geelde* *an*, was *es* *für* *eine* *Geirage* *hat*, the blind man distinguishes the coinage of money by the sense of touch; *nicht* *ist* *du* *diesem* *Blatte* *recht* —, wie *lieb* *du* *mir* *ist* (*dehne*), mightest thou perceive from this leaf, how dear thou art to me: man *füßlt* *ihrem* *Brüste* *die* *Gerüstheit* *an* (*Nob. & dr.*), one feels a degree of irritability pervading your letter: cf. *N* *füßlen*; II. *vgl.* to cause sensation through the touch, to feel: *es* *füßlt* *sich* *weich* *an*, it feels soft: *Blinde* *sagen*, *schmerz* *füßlt* *sich* *rau* *an*, und *weiß* *füßlt* *sich* *glatt* *an*, blind men say black feels rough, and white feels smooth: *Feinsteinwand* *füßlt* *sich* *sehr* *dicht* *unter* *der* *an*, hemp-linen feels very tight and tough.

Abfuhr, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of carrying, transporting or conveying (by land or water) to some place (*opp.* **Abfuhr**), carriage, transportation, or conveyance to...; cartage (of building materials, &c.); 2) that which is carried, or conveyed to some place, cargo, shipment; die Preife befeftigen ſich, da die Wrennen bleiben, prices gain in consistency, the quantities brought to the market remaining small.

An'führbar, adj. adducible, allegable;
that may be quoted, quotable.

Anführergeispan, see Anführergeispan.

Anführen, (u.) v. tr. (l. u.) 1) *a*) lit. (an einen Ort) to lead, conduct, or guide to a place; to bring on or near: *b*) *fig.* to bring together, to collect, accumulate: 2) *a*) (+ *acc.*) *provinc.* for Anführen to carry, transport, or convey to a place, *Ac.*: 3) *Mm.* die Bergeführen —, to bring up new miner's tools, to use for the first time: 4) to lead, to command, to lead: to bring up (the rear): *die Krute —, Sport.* to hunt a pack of dogs: *den Zug, den Zug —, to lead the dance, the procession, Ac.*: *den Reichen —, fig.* to take the lead: *ein wohlangeführtes Heer, a well-led army:* das Wüthgen führt alles an, was aus Peters Munde kommt (*loose*), the little word I heads every sentence that issues from Peter's mouth: 5) *obscurement*, to guide, to lead up to ..., to initiate, to direct, to point out to (one) the course to be pursued, to instruct (an apprentice, *Ac.*): das Wüthgen führt zur schweren Arbeit nicht angeführt, the girl has not been brought up to heavy work: 6) *fig. a*) to allege, to adduce (*hunc Verificum* in proof, *Ac.*): to assign (reasons, *Ac.*): to plead (in favour of): als Beispiel —, to instance: er wollte seine Verwegegründe nicht — he would not state his motives: *b*) to quote, cite: falsch —, to misquote: *c*) to mention, to say, to assert: 7) *coll. & fowal.* to deceive, to cheat, to trick (one), to impose on (upon): to take in, to delude, to dupe: er wollte mich damit —, his object was to mislead us: sich von ... — lassen, to be a dupe to ..., to be made a dupe of: ..., ich lasse mich nicht so leicht —, I am not so easily taken in.

Huf'fär(c)..., in *comp. Print.* — *geß*, *n.* money paid to a journey-man printer for instructing an apprentice: — *geßpän*, *m.* a journey-man printer instructing an apprentice instructor.

Ан'ф'ггер, (стр.) м. 1) а) unusual, one

Unf

who leads to a place, &c. (*cf.* *Anführen*), guide, conductor; *b*) †, instructor (*Lehrmeister*); *2*) leader, commander; chief; *der oberste* — einer großen Armee, the commander-in-chief of a great army.

Un'fūheret', (u.) *f. coll.* the act or practice of taking in, deceiving, &c., imposition, deception.

Führerschaft, (w.) f. leadership, the state or the office of a leader or commander.

Anfuhr, (w.) *f.* see Anfuhr.

[illegible]

zufüllen, (w.) *1. tr.* to fill up, to fill; to replenish, to store, to stock; to crowd, to cram, to swell: eine Flasche mit Wasser —, to fill a bottle with water: Pöffer — lassen, to have casks filled up, to replenish casks: eine Blase mit Gas —, to fill a bladder with gas; *rarely* (*in poetry*) with a *Genitive*: fülle frischer Kräuter die Kruppen an (*Bäcker*), fill with fresh herbs (with frischen Kräutern) the man-groves; the pp. angefüllt (filled, replete (with)) *sometimes* with *don*: das Theater war mit or von Zuschauern angefüllt, the theatre was filled or crammed with spectators: *II. refl.* to be filled (with); die Stadt füllte sich mit Gefunden an, the town was (beginning to be) crowded with food; sich mit Epice —, to all one's self with rable, to cram, to eat to repletion; mit glänzendem Öl füllte die Lampe sich an (*Schiller*), with bright oil let the lamp be filled. [*repletion.*]

Ein-füllung, (w.) *f.* the (act of) filling, &c.,
Ein-fursten, (w.) *v. tr.* (sometimes *intr.*)
to look or glare at (one) with sparkling,
fiery eyes.

Urfurthen, (u.) v. tr. to draw the first furrows of (a field).

An'färchten, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) **unus-**
ual, to impute (something) to (one) from fear.

Anfahrt, (w.) f. 1) landing-place, landing-wharf, quay; 2) *unusual* for Anfahrt, Anzug: a) the act of coming near, touching at, &c., landing; b) approach, procession, arrival.

2) *Sporn*, to alight, light (of birds), *cf.* *Anfallen*.
3: 8) *Gymn.* to touch any part of one's own body with the foot.

Ein'füttern, (w.) v. tr. & refl. sich (Acc.). —, *or* sich (Dat.) ein **Füttersin** n. —, 1) to feed one's fill, to fill one's stomach with food; to make one's self fat with feeding; to raise one's self a paunch by feeding; 2) (*Göthe's*) **jocul.** sich mit **Steinen** —, to fill one's self (i. e. one's mineralogical collections) with stones.

Angabe, (n.) f. 1 a) the (act of) giving or paying on account, instalment; earnest-money b) the giving (of goods) in part-payment, part-payment in goods; 2 a) declaration, statement; estimate; specification: account, exhibition: *W.-u. pl. data*: unter - des Betruges, stating the amount or value: ohne - des Betrügers, without acknowledgment of the original author: nach seiner -, according to his statement: - der Schulden, enumeration (statement) of the debts: b) denunciation, denouncement, information (des Angenben); c) *Common*: entry (von Baaren beim Zollamt, of goods at the custom-house); 3) suggestion: instruction design, sketch, plan.

Ein'gäbeln, (w.) *v. tr.* to put on a fork, to

fork up, to pierce and raise with a fork, &c. cf. Aufgabeln.

Ang'gebettel, (str.) *m. Comm.* declaration, statement, specification; manifest (of goods shipped on board of a vessel, &c.), freight-list.

Ang'gaffen, (w.) *v. tr.* to gape at (a person or thing) with stupid astonishment, &c., to stare at **Ang'gaffung**, (w.) *f.* astonished or vacant gaping, staring, &c.

Ang'gähnen, (w.) *v. tr.* to gape or yawn at, to stare at (one) yawning.

Ang'gäßen, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill or mix with bile or bitterness.

Ang'gang, (str., pl. Ang'gänge) *m. 1) lit.* a going to or up to, meeting with, encountering, in *Genm. Mythol.* the first (accidental) falling in with beasts, birds, or other beings, encountering a person early in the morning, considered to be lucky or unlucky, as the case might be (called also *Widergang*); der — des Hahns, des Schornsteins bedeutet Unglück, to meet a hare, a hog, the first thing in the morning, forebodes ill: der — des Wolfes war ein gutes Zeichen (or der Wolf hatte einen guten —), it augured well, if a wolf was the first object meeting a person of a morning; Kinder sind ein guter — (*Auerbach*), it is a lucky sign, if children should be the first objects encountering a person in the morning; † 2) ascent (of a mountain, &c., = Aufgang); 3) beginning, start, &c.

Ang'gänger, (str.) *m. 1) († &)* *provinc.* beginner; 2) †, assailant.

Ang'gänglich, **Ang'gänglich**, *adj. (l.u.)* feasible, possible; admissible; es ist nicht —, *syn.* with es geht nicht an.

Ang'gebäude, (str.) *n.* a building attached to another, adjoining building (Anbau, 3).

Ang'gebär, *adj.* that may be stated, specified, declared, mentioned, declarable; gewisse nicht näher a-eränderungen, certain changes, not to be specified more distinctly.

Ang'gebellte, (w.) *f.* *see* Ang'gebettel.

Ang'gebellt, (str.) *n.* a barking, yelping at.

Ang'geben, (str.) *v. l. tr. 1) lit.* (Richter &c. ang'geben geben) to give (Ginem, to one) to wear: man gab ihm schlechte Kleider an, um ihn unfenntlich zu machen, they gave him bad clothes to wear (they made him wear bad clothes) in order to disguise him:

2) *a)* to begin to give; *b) Comm. aa)* to give (part of an amount) on account, *see* Ang'geben, which is *more usual in this sense*; *bb)* to give (goods, &c.) in part payment: er mußte einen Theil seines Ragers an Zahlungseinstell — (*Nov. & Gr.*), he was obliged to give part of his stock as payment;

3) *a)* to state, to declare, to specify: den Werth (einer Postfendung) —, to make a declaration of value (of goods sent by the post); eingeln —, to detail; eine Summe —, to specify a sum; *b) Comm.* to enter (goods at the custom-house); beim Zoll zu wenig —, to make an entry at the custom-house short of the value, to enter short; *c)* to denounce, to inform against (one), to lodge information against (one), (bei or vor Gericht) to accuse publicly; *often in a bad sense, of persons giving secretly malicious or officious information, different from Angeigen, 3, Anklagen; coll.* to inform on (one), to tell of (*coll. on*) (one); die Zahlungsunfähigkeit eines Schuldners —, *Law*, to strike a docket against a debtor; *d) aa)* to state, to mention, to name, to tell, &c.; *bb)* to allege, assign (*Gründe* &c., reasons, &c.); Bridport ist in Bradshaw's Eisenbahn-Cours-Buch nicht angegeben (angeführt), Bridport is not marked in Bradshaw's railway-guide; sein Spiel —, *Gam.* to call one's game; ich kann nicht bestimmen —, I cannot say for certain: das Dienstmädchen fragte den Fremden: „welchen Namen soll ich — (*syn.* anfragen, mel-

den)?“ the servant girl asked the stranger, “what name shall I give?” Clarendon gibt in seinem Tagebuche an, daß die Majorität 11 war, aber Zindal u. H. stimmen darin überein, sie zu 14 anzugeben, Clarendon, in his Diary, says that the majority was eleven, but Zindal and others agree in putting it at fourteen; die Quelle, aus welcher solche Artikel entnommen sind, ist angegeben, the source from whence such articles are taken, is acknowledged: des Bild —, *Wass.* to tell the pattern (*Hisp.*); den Cours —, to quote the rate of exchange; zu den angegebenen Preisen, at the prices quoted; Gründe —, to show cause or reason (why, &c.); geben Sie mir einen guten Grund dafür an, yield me a good reason for it (*Hisp.*); (*sometimes in the sense of* Vorgeben); *cc)* Sport, &c. to determine the nature of ..., *see* Anprechen, I. 2, & s. 2;

4) *lit. & fig.* to indicate, to define, to mark, &c.; *a)* die Muskeln dieser Figur (in einer Zeichnung) sind zu stark angegeben, the muscles of this figure (in a drawing) are too strongly indicated; *b)* to originate (a plan), to design, to devise, to contrive, to sketch, to plan: Mar. to shape (the course); to point out; to appoint (eine Stunde &c., an hour, &c.); eine angegebene (more usual gegeben) Linie, *Math.* a given line (*see* Geben); in angegebenen Weile, in the manner pointed out or indicated; befehlen Sie uns anzugeben, wie wir verfahren sollen, be kind enough to let us know how we are to proceed; ein junges Weibchen gibt einen flugen Einfall an (*Bürger*), a young little wife starts a clever idea; Verbesserungen —, to suggest improvements;

5) *a)* *Mus.* den Ton —, to give the tune or key; eine Melodie —, to touch an air; to pitch or lead off the tune (in singing); to strike a note (on the piano, &c. = Anschlagen); den Tact —, to mark the time; *b) fig.* den Ton (*sometimes die Note*) —, to set the ton, to lead or set the fashion;

6) *coll.* to do (*cf.* Anfangen, 3), to enact, to perform, to achieve, *generally in a bad sense*, to commit, to perpetrate; das närrische Zeug, so sie schwätzen und angaben (*Wieland*), the foolish things they talked and did; von allen den ungereimten Dingen, die er auf dieser Reise angab (*id.*), of all the preposterous things he committed on this journey; sie mußten nicht was sie — sollten, they did not know how to dispose of themselves;

7) *provinc.* Ginem etwas —, to put a trick upon one, to make one believe a thing, to talk into ..., to persuade one of ..., &c. (Vormachen, Weismachen).

II. *refl.* 1) to declare one's self, to make a statement, declaration concerning one's self, &c.; sich als fallit —, to declare one's self insolvent; sich zu (*sometimes in*) einem Termine —, *Law phrase*, to announce one's self or to give in one's name at the day of appearance (of persons answering in law); 2) to present one's self as *a)* sich für or als Jemand (*Acc.*) or für etwas (*Acc.*) — (*syn.* Ausgeben), to pretend to be; selbst der Weise erörthet nicht sich für ihren Schüler angucken (*Wieland*), even the wise does not blush to own himself her scholar; weil sie sich fälschlich als Geliebte Jupiters angegeben (*Goethe*), because she had falsely given herself out to be the mistress of Jupiter; *b)* *obsolete*, sich zu ... —: wenn der Schuldner stirbt und sich seiner zum Erben angibt, when the debtor dies and nobody offers as an heir; er gibt sich zum Sulzern an (*Lessing*), he offers to serve or he enlists as a hussar.

III. *intr.* 1) (*cf. l. tr. 2, a)* *Gam.* to deal first (at cards); 2) to answer the purpose; to be efficient, &c.; to mark (of a pen); die Feder will nicht — (*or* anprechen), the pen

will not write; die Taste gibt (*or* spricht) nicht an, the key is stopped up; die Flöte gibt (*or* spricht) nicht an, the flute is dumb; der Salzgeschmack gibt an, the briny taste tells.

Ang'geber, (str.) *m. 1)* stater, &c.; 2) author, inventor; 3) denouncer, informer; tale-bearer, blab; 4) *Gam.* he that deals first, first dealer: Lock-sm. detector. — **Ang'geberf**, (w.) *f.* informing, tale-bearing rycophancy. — **Ang'geberisch**, *adj.* 1) inventive; ready; 2) acting as an informer.

Ang'gebettel, (str.) *m. Comm.* declaration.

Ang'gebilde, (str.) *n.* gift, (birthday, &c.) present; *cf.* Anbinden, 3.

Ang'geblüht, *I. adj.* 1) alleged, professed, stated, &c.; der a-er Preis, *Comm.* the price quoted; 2) ostensible; pretended; nominal: II. *adv.* nominally: a-er Maßen, as stated; pretendedly; — so viel als nichts, alleged to be next to nothing.

Ang'geboren, *p. a.* annexed, &c. *see* Anbirgen.

Ang'geboren, *adj.* inborn, inbred; innate: native, inherent; hereditary; a-er Erbe, *see* Erbsimbe.

Ang'gebot, (str.) *n.* offer; first bidding at an auction; mehr — als Nachfrage, more sellers than buyers; ohne —, not in demand, the demand is slack.

Ang'gebort, (w.) *f.* innate or hereditary quality.

Ang'gebeihen, (str.) *v. intr.* (Ginem) to fall to (one's) share; Ginem etwas — lassen, to bestow upon, to favour with, to grant, allow.

Ang'gebraten, (str.) *n.* *see* Anbraten.

Ang'gebräut, *adj.* *Bot.* addressed.

Ang'gebräut, (str.) *n. 1)* *Law*, contingent inheritance; 2) *Corp.* hip.

Ang'gegangen, *p. a.* *see* Ang'gehen.

Ang'getiffen, *I. p. a.* fatigued, &c. *cf.* Ang'griffen; tired: II. *Wett.* (w.) *f.* state of being fatigued, exhausted, &c.

Ang'gehänge, **Ang'gehängef**, **Ang'gehente**, (str.) *n.* appendage, bob, pendant; amulet.

Ang'gehäufte, (str.) *n.* *Geol.* aggregate; *Miner.* conglomerate.

Ang'gehen, (str.) *v. l. tr. 1)* to approach, to go towards, to make up to; 2) to address, to apply to ...; (mit einer Bitte &c.) to solicit (um *was* *Acc.*, for), to request, entreat; 3) *a)* to concern, touch; *Comm.* für Rechnung men es angicht, for account of whom it may concern; *b)* to be connected with or related to: er geht mich nichts an, 1. he is nothing to me; 2. he is no kinsman of mine; was geht das Eie an? what is that to you, &c.? es geht mich nichts an, it is no business (concern) of mine; es geht niemand etwas an, it is nobody's business: II. *intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) *Mar.* die Eie geht Eild an, the sea sets to the southward; 2) to begin, commence, open; die Zinsen gehen vom 1. October an, the interest runs (is calculated) from the 1st (of) Oct.; 3) to take root, begin to grow; 4) (of meat, &c.) to rot, spoil, to be touched (a little); angegangen, tainted, unsound; ein angegangenes Ei, an added egg; 5) to take or catch fire; 6) *a)* to be practicable, possible; *b)* to be passable, tolerable, to do: das geht nicht an, that won't do; so mag es allenfalls noch —, so, perhaps, it may do.

Ang'gehen, *I. p. a.* 1) commencing; ein a-er Drirfiger &c., one not much over thirty, *coll.* turned of thirty; eine a-er Zungenfucht, an incipient pneumonia; mit a-er Nacht, at night-fall; ein a-er Schüler, a young scholar, a beginner in learning, tyro; ein a-er Kaufmann, a young beginner; ein a-er Epileptiker, an embryo gamester; ein a-er Schwalter, an infant barrister; 2) concerning, as to, as for: II. *a-s*, *adv.* in the beginning, at first.

Ang'gehor, (str.) *n.* property.

nions: *Gründe* —, to oppose arguments; *ein Testament* —, to contest a will; *fremde Gelder* —, to embezzle money entrusted to one; 6) *die Ladung* —, *Mar.* to break bulk; *den Vorrath* —, to breach the provisions; *das Capital* —, to touch the capital; 7) *etwas* —, *coll.* to undertake, attempt; to charge one's self with; to engage (in), set about; *beschäftigt* —, to begin at the wrong end, to go to work in the wrong way; *die Erdbarbeiten sind bereits angegriffen*, the earth works are already begun; 8) *coll.* see *Befehlen*, cf. 5.

II. *intr.* 1) to bear a hand, cf. *Anfassen*, I. 2; 2) to give battle, to charge.

III. *refl.* 1) *coll.* see *sich Anfühlen*; 2) to strain, strive, to exert one's self; to do one's utmost; 3) *coll.* to draw the pursestrings, to come down liberally or handsomely; a-b, *adj.* offensive; weakening, exhausting; *der a-be Theil*, the aggressive party; aggressor.

An'greifer, (*str.*) m. aggressor, assailant, attacker, &c.; encounterer, smiter, striker.

An'greiflich, *An'greiflich*, *adj.* *coll.* tempting (of things); thievish (of persons).

An'greifung, (*w.*) f. see *Angriff*.

An'greifen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to grin at.

An'greuzen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (with an & *Acc.*) to border upon, to confine on or with, to adjoin; a-b, p. a. adjacent, contiguous, verging on (to), contigumous. [*sition*]

An'greuzung, (*w.*) f. adjacency, juxtaposition; (*str.*) m. 1) the act of touching, feeling, handling, &c. cf. *Angreifen*; 2) attack, aggression; charge, rencounter, invasion; *fig.* brunt (of ages, &c.); 3) handle (*Griff*); 4) *Weav.* the upper end of a web; *Lock-sm.* frontward; (*am Riegel*) bolt-toe; bit; board; *perforant* —, movable bit; — *am Dedel*, *Typ.* thumb piece; 5) *Mil-s.* *cinen* — thun, machen, to attack, to charge, to come to the charge; to strike (*auf* [with *Acc.*], *for*); *den ersten* — *aushalten*, to stand the first brunt or shock; *cinen neuen* — thun, to charge again; *jum* — *bleiben*, to sound the charge; 6) undertaking; in — *nehmen*, to undertake, to take in hand, to commence operations; *T.* to break ground (on a railway); in — *genommen*, in course of construction or execution.

An'griff ..., *in comp.* — *arbeiten*, *pl.* Fort. works of attack; — *brunnen*, *m.* *Mün.* shaft of a *boule*; — *Sühnheil*, *s.* offensive alliance; — *krieg*, *m.* offensive war, invasive war; — *punct*, *m.* *Mech.* working-point; *Mün.*, &c. point of application; — *punct* *paralleler Sträfte*, *Mech.* centre of parallel forces; — *waffen*, *f.* *pl.* arms of offence; — *weise*, *adv.* offensively, by way of attack; — *weise* *zu Werke gehen*, to act on the offensive.

An'grinsen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to grin at or on; *höhnlich* or *einfältig* —, to sneer at

An'gröhlen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to grumble, look angrily (at one).

An'grunzen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to grunt (at one).

Angst, (*str.*, *pl.* *Angste*) f. 1) (extreme pain of body or mind) anguish; (*Beforgnis*) anxiety; in großer — *leben*, to live in (a) great anxiety (of mind); disquiet, nervous dread, fright; fear, terror; *seine* — *vor tollen Hunden*, his fear of mad dogs; agony, pangs of death; — *haben*, to shrink with apprehension (*vor* [with *Dat.*], *from*); in *Angsten* *sein*, to be seized with anguish, to be in a state of alarm; in tödlichen *Angsten*, in an agony of fear; in — *gerathen*, to take alarm; II. *in comp.* — *geheul*, — *geschrei*, *n.* — *ruf*, *m.* lamentable outcry, howl, howling; cry of distress, scream; — *mann*, *provinc.* for *Scharfrichter*; — *sprung*, *m.* (*L. u.*) a leap taken in distress or anguish; — *schweiß*, — *tröpfen*, *m.* cold sweat; — *voll*, *adj.* anxious, fearful; painful.

Angst is used in certain phrases as an adjective predicative, *vis.* mit *ist* —, I am in fear, I am uneasy; mit *wird* (*ich*) —, I grow

(very) uneasy; *Einem* — *machen*, to put one in fear; to alarm, frighten one; — *und bange*, very uneasy, terribly frightened.

Ang'sten, see *Angstigen*. [*Angstsprung*.

Ang'sterung, (*Götze*, Faust I. 5) for

Ang'stig, *adj.* full of anxiety, see *Ang'stlich*.

Ang'stigen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to alarm, strike with fear, anguish; to make uneasy, to harass with commotion; *sich über etwas* (*Acc.*) —, *refl.* to be uneasy (with apprehension), to be harassed or in a fright, to fret (about ...).

Ang'stlich, I. *adj.* 1) anxious, uneasy; nervous; diffident, timid, timorous; 2) scrupulous, careful, solicitous; precise, punctilious; ohne — *zu rechnen*, *Comm.* without being too nice (over-anxious) in one's calculations; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) f. 1) anxiousness, anxiety; uneasiness; diffidence, timidity, timorousness, fearfulness; perplexity; 2) solicitude, (scrupulous) care, nicety.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *coll.* to look at.

Ang'stlich, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ang'stliche*) m. what is

poured against or added by casting; *Mech.*

runner, runner-stick. [*gustur* — *bark*.

Ang'stlich'st, (*str.*) m. 1) (Reiber) to have on,

wear; *Stiefeln* —, to go in boots; 2) *fig.*

coll. (*Einem etwas*) a) to get or gain the better

of (to), to overcome; b) to do one harm, get

at, to get hold on. [*out*, to hoe.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to begin to hack, to

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to stick to, to be

attached to, to adhere to.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to hammer at.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to strike, beat at

(of hail).

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to deposit, float

on (sand or earth; used of rivers); 2) (*also*

Einbürgern) to gain (land) from a river, &c.).

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) f. land gained by the

washing up of sand or soil from a river or

the sea, &c.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to clasp, to hook on,

to fix with little hooks; to catch with the

claws; *fig.* *refl.* to cling to.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to hook on (to), to

grapple; *Mech.* to fix by hooks; 2) *Stoffeln*

—, to go through the potato-lot with the cul-

tivator.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to fix by the halter.

Ang'stlich, (*str.*) m. sound.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to sound against.

Ang'stlich, (*w.*) v. *tr.* Sport. to tie (the

limb) to the cord.

Ang'stlich, (*str.*) m. 1) the halting, stopping;

2) (*Unterstützung*) hold, support.

Ang'stlich, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) (an [with

Acc.]) to hold (up) to; 2) to arrest, hold, stop,

to stop short, to stay (the progress of a move-

ment); *Mech.* to pin; 3) a) to rein or draw in,

to rein or pull up (a horse); b) *fig.* to restrain,

control; to stay; 4) *Med.* to astringe; 5) to

seize, detain, arrest (a debtor); 6) *fig.* (*with*

ju) to hold (one) to, to keep (one) to (his

work, &c.), to enjoin or to admonish to ...;

ich darf —, to ply hard; II. *intr.* 1) to take hold,

to keep fast, to stick to; 2) to continue, last,

to persevere, hold on, keep on, persist (in),

stand; 3) to halt, to stop; *weshagen halten*

mit an? what are we stopping for? (in *cinem*

Gespräche) to stop short; to call (at stations,

&c.); to pause; 4) to cease, to stop; mit ...

— (*Einhalten*, *Aufhalten*), to discontinue, to

delay (the sale, &c.); 5) to apply (*mit* [with

Acc.], *for*), to seek, petition or sue for; to

solicit, request, supplicate; *um ein Braut-*

jimmer —, to ask or desire in marriage, to pro-

pose for (a lady); to court, to woo; III. *refl.*

(*with* an & *Acc.*) to stick (to), to cling (to),

lay hold (of), to hold (to), to catch hold (of).

Ang'stlich, v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) the act of

clinging to, &c.; 2) stopping; stoppage; 3) solicitation, request; supplication; 4) perseverence; continuance.

An'halten, *adj.* 1) *Med.* a) (*von Pfaltern*) adhesive; b) astringent, binding; 2) persevering, assiduous, long continued, uninterrupted, continuous, permanent; constant, continual; — *blitzen*, to solicit; mit a-em *Stiefel*, assiduously; *der a-e Stiefel*, assiduousness, assiduity; *cine a-e Krankheit*, a lasting disease; *cine a-e Gedeng*, *Mus.* a pedal-note or organ-point.

An'halten ..., *in comp.* — *leiste*, *f.* *Wauw.* temple, templet; — *punct*, *m.* 1) *Reise*, &c. halting-place, station; 2) *fig.* a) prop, (foot-) hold; b) see *An'haltungspunkt*.

An'halter, (*str.*) m. holdfast, handle; banner; *Mech.* moderator.

An'halten ..., *in comp.* — *ritzen*, *m.* (*am Pferdegeschirr*) breech, breeching; — *stiel*, *n.* *Mar.* relieving-tackle, headfast; *U-sprung*, *m.* 1) T. place of fixtures; fixed point; 2) see *An'haltungspunkt*; — *stelle*, *f.* *Reise*. see — *punct*; — *stift*, *m.* *Lock-sm.* pin; — *stiel*, *n.* see *Strömwerk*; — *zug*, *m.* *Reise*. stopping-train.

An'haltung, (*L. u.*) I. *adj.* persevering, see *An'halten*; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) f. perseverance.

An'halten, (*w.*) f. the act of holding, &c. cf. *Anhalten* & *Anhalt*.

An'hammern, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to fix by hammering; II. *intr.* to hammer at.

An'hand, (*str.*) *adv.* (*L. u.*) at hand; near, &c. (*cf.* an *die Hand*).

An'hang, (*str.*, *pl.* *An'hänge*) m. 1) appendix, supplement, addition, addendum, (an *cinem Testament*) codicil; *Med.* *hist.* appendage; 2) a) (*Wachsthum*) postscript; b) *Comm.* an annexed proviso, a conditional clause; (*Wohne cine* *Wohne*) rider; 3) a) adherents, followers, hangers on; party; faction, sect; (*von Gefinde*) band, set, gang; b) *Ihr Meinung findet* —, your views are gaining ground; 4) *Mus.* an adjective member to a musical sentence; a sort of coda.

An'hängen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*with* *Dat.*) 1) to follow, to be attached to, belong to; 2) to hang on, upon; *Einem* —, *fig.* to adhere, hold, to cling, cleave, to stick to ..., to stick by; *es hängt ihm an*, it is natural to him; a-b, p. a. inherent, adhering, &c.

An'hänge ..., *in comp.* — *muschel*, — *punct*, see *An'hängemuschel* &c.; — *stange*, *f.* *Reise*. spreader.

An'hängen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to hang, append; to fasten, to fix, to affix; *fig.* to add, join, to adjoin, subjoin, annex; *Gramm.* to suffix; *Einem cine Krankheit* —, to infect one with a disease; (*Einem etwas*) *fig.* to do (one) a mischief, to inflict (something) upon (one); to cast an aspersion or blemish upon (one); to put a slur upon (one), to serve one a trick; to give a nickname; *Einem cine Beare* —, to saddle one with an article; *Einem alles* —, *cont.* to bestow or squander everything upon one; *Mar-u.* *das Ruden* —, to hang the rudder; *die Fängermatten* —, to sling the hammocks; II. *refl.* to cling, stick, cleave to; to force one's self in, upon; (*von Dornen*) to hitch; (*durch Kleben*) to cleave; III. frequently *intr.* for *Anhängen*, which see.

An'hänger, (*str.*) m. adherent, follower; retainer, partisan; *cont.* hanger on; (*Echtheit*) disciple. [*ious* attachment.

An'hänger, (*w.*) f. *cont.* hanging on; *fac-*

An'hängig, *adj.* 1) cleaving, adhering; 2)

fig. a) adherent; annexed, connected, belong-

ing, bound to; b) intruding, importunate, see

An'hängig; 3) *ver Gericht* —, *Law*, pending;

cinen Proceß — *machen*, to commence or enter

a lawsuit; to bring an action, to institute

(legal) proceedings or a suit against one.

An'hängig, I. *adj.* attached (*an* [with *Acc.*],

to); faithful (to); II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) f. attachment

(an [with Acc.], to), adherence, adhesion; *An-
famn*, *m. Phren.* adhesiveness.

Anhängling, (*str.*) *m. cond. (L.u.)* hanger-on. [look]

Anhängelsig, (*str.*, pl. *Anhängel*) *a. pad-*
Anhängel, (*str.* *n.* 1) appendix, append-
age; (2) *Eintrag* annexed proviso; con-
ditional clause; 3) amulet; 3) *Mar.* sea-drag.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to rake to, on.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to fasten
with iron hooks or bands, *Min.* to cramp.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) breathing on, affla-
tion; 2) *sg.* see *Anhängen*, 3.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to breathe at or
upon: to blow (one's fingers, &c.); *pp.* & *adj.*
angehängt, slightly laid on (of colours); *cin*
angehängtes Roth, a slight tinge of red.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to whip on, to drive
forward by whipping; to cut on, to begin to
cut; to cut off the first piece (of butcher's
meat, a calf, &c. for sale, or of a cake, &c.);
den *Stück* mit der *Ähre* —, *Sport.* to give a
jerk with the angling-rod when the fish has
taken the bait; *Forst.* to mark or blaze a tree;
Corp. to examine by cutting; *Nas.* to cut
bricks or tiles. [happ]

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to form into small
Anhängen, (*v.* *I. tr.* to heap up, to
pile up, treasure up, to amass, accumulate;
II. *refl.* to increase, accumulate.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* accumulator.
Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* accumulation; *Phys.*
accretion; *Miner.* agglomeration; *Geol.*, *Phys.*,
Chem. aggregation, aggregate; (from *berühren*
Stück im *Stück* *Med.* infiltration.
Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to lift up, lift
close to; eine *Pumpe* —, *Mar.* to fetch a pump,
to put water into, to light; 2) also *intr.* to begin,
commence.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* beginner, author.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to fasten, affix;
2) (*nach* *Rähen*) to stitch or sew on to (slight-
ly or with long stitches); 3) (*mit* *Stichtadeln*)
to pin to.

Anhängen, (*v.* *f.* the act of fastening, &c.
Anhängen, (*v.* *I. tr.* to heal on: II. *intr.*
(aux. *sein*) to get fixed by healing.

† *Anhängen*, *adv.* home; *in comp.* (with *Dat.*)
— *stellen*, *v. intr.* 1) to fall to, to devolve; to
revert; 2) *sg.* to be subject to; — *geben*, *v. tr.*
(*Einem* *etwas*) to leave with, to put into one's
hand; — *stellen*, *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to commit,
to leave, to put, to defer, to submit, to refer
to (another's determination or judgment, &c.).

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to put in mind or
remind of home; *sg.* dieses *Ort* *heimlich*
nicht mehr *an*, I feel more at home in this
department (of science).

Anhängen, *adv.* — *fall*, *m.* devolution;
— *Stellung*, *f.* the act of referring to, &c.
see *Anhängen*.

Anhängen, *adj.* pledged by promise, bound;
ich — *machen*, to promise, to bind, oblige, or
pledge one's self; *ich* *machte* *mit* —, I will be
bound, I will engage.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to begin
to heat; 2) *T.* to urge a fire.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (with *Dat.* or *Acc.*) 1)
to assist; *ich* *habe* *ihm* *den* *Stück* *angehängen*,
I helped him on with his coat; 2) to obtain
an employment for a person.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* (L. u.) to fasten with
a little ring or hook.

Anhängen, (*str.*) see *Anhängen*.

Anhängen († *Anhängen*), *adv.* hitherto, to this
place; *bis* —, hitherto; — *kunft*, (*v.* *f.*) arrival.
Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) *Sport.* *n.* to begin
hunting, chasing, to start, to unharbour (a
stag, &c.); 2) einen *Stund* —, to set on a dog,
to halloo; 3) *sg.* see *Anhängen*. — *Anhängen*, (*str.*)
m. setter on, instigator, abettor, inciter.
Anhängen, (*v.* *f.* see *Anhängen*.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* *refl.* to assume, to pre-
tend hypocritically; *er* *heuchelte* *sich* (*Dat.*) ein
reclisches *Bestreben* *an*, he feigned honest inten-
tions: das *angeheuchelte* *Christenthum*, false
or fictitious christianity.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to howl at.

† *Anhängen*, see *Deute*. [craft]

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to indict by witch-

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* *Forst.* 1) the commence-
ment of felling wood; 2) the place where
wood is felled.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* (L. u.) 1) see *Anhängen*;
2) see *Anhängen*.

Anhängen, (*v.* *f.* rising or high ground,
height, hill, slight eminence, elevation.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* *Mar.* to haul taut (the
bowlines, &c.); die *Seile* —, to haul aft the
sheets; *Min.* to raise, to heave up.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* hawser, halser.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to hearken to, list-
en to, give ear to, to hear (one), give (one)
hearing, to bow the ear to one; *Law*, to re-
ceive an audit; 2) (*Einem* *etwas*) to perceive
by listening to: das *hört* *sich* *schön* *an*, this
sounds fine, is agreeable to the ear: das *läßt*
sich —, this may be listened to, is worth hear-
ing or consideration: das *kann* *ich* *nicht* *mit* —,
I cannot (bear or stay) to hear this.

Anhängen, (*v.* *f.* (the act of) hearing or
listening to, &c.: hearing, audience.

Anhängen, (*v.* *refl.* *ind.* to put on breeches.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to hop to.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to cough at; to make
signs by coughing. [dark, difficult]

* *Anhängen*, *adj.* (*Gr.*) enigmatic; *sg.*

* *Anhängen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Chem.*, &c. aniline.

* *Anhängen*, (*v.* *n.* pl. (*Lat.*) animal
bodies; animal food. — *Anhängen*, *adj.* animal
(*Thierisch*), beastly, brutish; der *a-e* *Ge-
fährlich*, abrine.

* *Anhängen*, (*v.* *tr.* (*Lat.*) 1) to ani-
mate; 2) see *Anhängen*.

* *Anhängen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* anise (*Pimpinella
anisum* L.); *in comp.* — *branntwein*, *m.* anise-
seed-spirit, or cordial, anisette; — *holz*, *n.*
aniseed wood; — *terbel*, *m.* *Bot.* sweet cicely
(*Myrrhis odorata*); — *öl*, *n.* aniseed-oil; —
jüder, *m.* sugared anise.

Anhängen, (*v.* *I. tr.* 1) see *Anhängen*;
2) *sg.* to impel to greater speed, to drive on;
II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) *angejagt* *semmen*, to
rush on impetuously.

† *Anhängen*, *str.*, *str.*, *str.*, see *Zeit*.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to yoke, couple under
the yoke.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to comb smooth
(one's hair).

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* the act of struggling
against. — *Anhängen*, (*v.* *tr.* (gegen) to
struggle, or to bear up against; to combat.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* to cart up or near.

Anhängen, (*str.*, pl. *Anhängen*) *m.* 1) the act
of buying; purchase, acquisition; 2) earnest-
money.

Anhängen, (*v.* *I. tr.* to buy, purchase;

II. *refl.* to buy lands, to settle at or in a place.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* original cost;
zum *A-e*, at the (first, prime) cost.

A. *Anhängen*, (*v.* *f.* 1) *Goldm.*, *Engl.*, &c.
thimble (a kind of stamp), punchoon; 2) *Husb.*
a small peg (in a plough).

B. *Anhängen*, (*v.* *m.* *provinc.* see *Reichsforstle*.
C. *Anhängen*, (*v.* *m.* *str.*) *m.* butter (in
Schweizland); — *brant*, *f.* see *Waidbutter*.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to sweep towards;
den *Schmutz* *an* *die* *Wand* —, to sweep the
dirt against the wall; 2) *obsolet*, to employ
(diligence, &c.); 3) in ein *Wirthshaus* —, *pro-
vinc.* to put up in an inn. see *Einführen*.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to fasten with
wedges, to key (up); 2) see *Anhängen*.

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* see *Entel*, 2.

Anhängen, (*v.* *f.* *provinc.* for *Wien*;
Kannst.

Anhängen, (*v.* *tr.* *provinc.* to groan, to

Anhängen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (a liquid measure)

anchor; 2) *Archit.* brace, key; *Mech.* grappling-
iron (of a steam-engine); 3) *Mar.* anchor

(also *sg.* emblem of perseverance and hope):

ein *blinder* —, an anchor which has no buoy;

der *kleine* —, grapple; der *größte* —, shoot

anchor; der *tägliche* —, bower anchor; den

— *vom* *Bug* *abhalten*, to bear off the anchor;

den — *aufflaten*, to cat the anchor; den —

aufwinden, to start the anchor; den — *mit* *dem*

Boot *aufbringen*, to boat the anchor; einen

Sturm *vor* — *aushalten*, to ride out a gale, a

storm; den — *mehr* *Lau* *ausschicken*, to pay out

or veer away more cable; den — *auswerfen* *or*

werfen, to cast (drop) anchor, see *Anhängen*; den

— *mit* *der* *Stiftleine* *befestigen*, to seize the

anchor with the shank-painter, to stow the

anchor on the bow; den — *befestigen*, see den

— *schützen*; den — *auffestern*, auf den *Bug*

setzen, *kippen*, to fish the anchor; den — *ein-*

holen, zu *Laufe* *holen*, to heave in the cable;

den — *fangen* *or* *auffangen*, to get the anchor

up along the bow in order to clean the cables;

unter *Egel* *allen* — *fallen* *lassen*, to let go all

the anchors at best advantage; auf den — *ge-*

trieben *werden*, to fall over the anchor; einen

— *suchen*, to drag or sweep for an anchor; der

— *ist* *jum* *Stellen* *klar*, the anchor is a-peak;

der — *greift* *zu*, the anchor bites; der — *hält*,

the anchor has got hold of the bottom; der

— *hängt*, the anchor is a-trip (a-cock-bill);

der — *hängt* *vor* *dem* *Stahn*, *ist* *jum* *Stellen*

klar, the anchor is at the cat-head; den —

lassen, to cat the cable; *sch* *vor* — *legen*, to

anchor, to moor; die — *lichten*, to weigh an-

chor, to be under weigh, to trip, hoist the

anchors; to break ground; to break adrift

from the moorings; der — *ist* *gelichtet*, the

anchor is a-trip; den — *mit* *dem* *Lau* *lichten*,

to weigh the anchor by the hair; vor — *lie-*

gen, to ride at anchor; *sch* *vor* — *liegend*,

well anchored; mit *gelassen* *Kaem* *vor* — *lie-*

gen, to ride a-peak; mit *Stangen* *und* *Kaem*

im *Holl* *vor* — *liegen*, to ride a portoise; vor

Ebb *und* *Flut* — *liegen*, to moor against

ebb and flood; vor — *reiten*, *bei* *heßler* *See*

vor — *stampfen*, to ride hard, to set and heave;

den — *am* *Ringe* *fest* *machen*, to clinch the

cable; einen — *schützen*, to shoe an anchor;

das *Schiff* *schweit* *vor* *cinem* —, the ship wends

with the tide; um den — *schwenken*, to trend;

das *Schiff* *spielt* *um* *cinem* —, the ship rides

easy; der — *setzt* *nicht* *durch*, see der — *hält*;

den — *stoßen*, to stock an anchor; der — *springt*

aus, the anchor starts; vor — *treiben*, to run

fast or over the anchor; to drag the an-

chor: das *Schiff* *treibt* *vor* —, or der — *schleppt*,

ist *trifft*, *setzt* *durch*, the anchor comes home

or drives; den — *verfatten*, to back the an-

chor; den — *verlegen*, to charge a birth; mit

A-n *vorn* *und* *hinten* *verlegen*, to moor by the

head and stern; vor *zwei*, *drei*, *vier* *A-n* *ver-*

teut *liegen*, to come to, or to moor with two,

three or four anchors a-head; einen — *unter*

Egel *jucken* *lassen*, to drop the anchor while

the sails are still abroad; den — *werfen*, see

den — *auswerfen* & *Anker*; den — *macht*, see

der — *ist* *jum* *Stellen* *klar*; auf den — *zustuern*,

to steer the ship to her anchor.

Anker, *adv.* *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* — *achseln*, *pl.*

shoulders of an anchor; — *arm*, *m.* arm of an

anchor; — *auge*, *m.* eye of an anchor; — *ballen*, *m.*

anchor-beam; *pl.* cat-heads; *Corp.* anchor, lie-

beam; — *büßing*, *f.* the (main) bite; — *baum*,

clinch-bolt; — *befestigung*, *see* — *rührung*; —

boje, *f.* buoy (fastened to an anchor); beacon;

break-water; die — *boje* *fangen*, to hitch the

buoy; — *fliege*, — *schäufel*, *f.* — *flügel*, *m.* fluke,

palm; — *stott*, *n.* buoy; — *sturmig*, *adj.* shaped

like an anchor: —fütterung, *f.* lining of the bow: —gelb, *n.* (duty of) anchorage: —grund, *m.* sounding, anchor(ing)-ground, anchor-hold, anchorage, birth: gutfcr —grund, shoaling: (schlechter —grund, foul ground or bottom: tiefer —grund, soundings: —hafen, *m.* cat-hook, cat: —hals, *m.* clutching of the arms, throat or trend of an anchor: —hammer, *m.* large hammer used in the fabrication of anchors: —hänke, *m. pl.* shanks: —hespel, *m. & f.* see —winde: —heim, *m.* see —ruth: —hemmung, *f.* *Naval* anchor-escapement: —holz, *n. 1)* see —fiod; 2) *Archit.* the wooden part of a cramp: —latt, *f.* the cat-tackle: —lett, *f.* chain-cable: —krenz, *n.* crown of an anchor: —früde, *f.* see —fiod: —isch, *n.* see —auge.

Ankerfisch, *adj.* unmoored, adrift: das Schiff ist —, the vessel drags the anchors.

Anker..., *in comp.* —nüsse, *f. pl.* nuts of an anchor: —pfloß, *m.* fastening-picket: —platz, *m.* anchoring-place; anchorage: der bequeme —platz, good birth: der gefährliche —platz, ill-footing: —punte, *f.* see —piße: —recht, *n.* anchorage, privilege of anchoring (duty-free): —riegel, *m.* thwart: —ring, *m.* ring of an anchor: das —tau an den —ring fteden, to clinch the cable; das —tau wider vom —ring los-machen, to unbend the cable, to take the cable off from the anchor: —rüßrung, *f.* puddening of an anchor: —ruth, *f.* —schiff, *m.* shank or beam of an anchor: —schwanz, *f.* see —rüßrung: —fütterung: —schweif, *f.* see —flege: —schmidt, *m.* anchor-smith: —schuh, *m.* shoe of the anchor: —fell, *n.* see —tan: —spize, *f.* bill of an anchor: —stiele, *f.* see —play: —stid, *m.* clinch of a cable: —stod, *m.* stock of an anchor: —stodfäden, *pl.* books of the anchor-stock: —tasse, *f.* fish-tackle: —tan, *n.* cable: das Pflicht—tan, the sheet-cable, the master cable; das Zugfisch—tan, the best bower-cable; das Zru—tan, the small anchor-cable; das Zburf—tan, the stream-cable: das —tan auf und niederwinen, to heave a-peak: das —tan um die Bäring belegen, to bit the cable: das —tan von der Bäring nehmen, to unbit the cable: unter das —tan holen, to underrun the cable; die —tau klaren (klare—tan halten), to keep a clear or open hawse: das —tan nachschleppen, to drag the cable in the ship's wake; das —tan fchneit fid in den Klüßen, there is a burning in the hawse, the cable is chafed in the hawse: das —tan fchleppen lassen, to veer away the cable to the end: das —tan fchneit or fchneit, the cable surges: das —tan ficht fpringen auf, ficht fteif, the cable grows exceedingly; das —tan in den Klüßen vermahen, to freshen the hawse: —tan-fapper, *m.* deck-stopper: —tanwerf, *n.* ground-tackle: —wäz, *f.* Watch-m. patent lever watch: —wache, *f.* anchor-watch: —wächter, *m.* see —boje: —winde, *f.* capstan, windlass: —gefehen, *n.* see —boje: —joll, *m.* see —geld.

Ankerfchn, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut a notch into ...; to mark by notches; 2) to score (Ankerfchn).

* **Ankerfch**, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* see Bitterfchpaf.

Ankeru, (*w.*) *v. I. inder.* *aus.* haben) to anchor: to moor: *Ag.* nach etwas —, to Ash for something: II. *tr.* T. to brace.

Ankerftein, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with little chains: *Stocking-m.* to chain.

Ankerfetten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten (an, to) with a chain, to chain (up), enchain, shackle: fid an Eimen —, *Ag.* to stick to one.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to address one panting or out of breath: II. *inder.* to come panting or quite out of breath. [*child.*]

Ankerfch, (*str.*, *pl.* A-er) *n. Law*, adoptive **Ankerfchen**, (*w.*) *v. tr. Law*, to adopt, affiliate: to mother. — **Ankerfchnung**, (*w.*) *f.* adoption, affiliation.

Ankerfchen, (*tr.*) *v. tr.* to allure, to decoy.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten by cement. **Ankerfchen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to yelp at, to bark at. [*indictable.*]

Ankerfchär, *adj.* accusable; impeachable; **Ankerfchär**, (*w.*) *f.* accusation, information (against), prosecution; (psittliche) arraignment, denunciation, denouncement: die öffentliche —, impeachment, indictment.

Ankerfch..., *in comp.* —atte, *f.* act of accusation: (—fchrift, *f.*) bill of indictment; in —fand verfehen, see Ankerfchen.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accuse, indict: to arraign, inform against, charge; öffentlich —, to impeach; der Angeklagte, the accused, the defendant.

Ankerfchär, (*str.*) *m.*, **Ankerfcherin**, (*w.*) *f.* accuser, imposer, indicter.

Ankerfchärifch, *adj.* prone to accuse; accusatory: a-erfch, on the part of the accuser.

Ankerfchern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cramp, to fasten with cramp-irons; 2) to clasp: fid an (with Acc. or Dat.) —, to cling or hang to, to hold fast by, to take a fast hold of.

Ankerfch, (*str.*, *pl.* Ankerfänge) *m. 1)* accord, tune; a) similarity of sound; b) *Ag.* see Ankerfch; 3) ein fester — von ..., a strong dash of ...; 3) *Ag.* sympathy, corresponding feeling: —finden (bei), to excite interest, to be congenial with, to meet with sympathy, approbation, approval, or encouragement, to tell (upon).

Ankerfchern, (*w.*) *v. I. inder.* (*aus.* [cin] angeflappert kommen, to approach or come up rattling: II. *tr.* to rattle at.

Ankerfchiden, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. a)* to fix by slapping: b) see Berfchiden; 3) II. *inder.* to slap (against).

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* (mit Eim) to glue to or on; (mit Kleister) to paste on; fix; to set, post, or put up (public advertisements); II. *inder.* to cling, stick to; to adhere.

Ankerfchen, **Ankerfchen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to add or affix in a blundering way, &c.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to put on clothes, to dress, attire, clothe; II. *refl.* to dress (one's self).

Ankerfche..., *in comp.* —fpiegel, *m.* dressing-glass, cheval-glass: —zimmer, *n. 1)* dressing-room; robing room; 2) *Theat.* tiring-room; 3) vestry (in churches).

Ankerfchern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to paste up, paste on. **Ankerfchern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (with an [Acc.], gegen) to pinch or squeeze against.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to stick to, like a bur (also *Ag.*).

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. inder.* to ring the bell.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to accord in sound, to begin to sound, chime up; 2) see Ankerfchen finden; II. (*w.*) *tr.* to make a tinkling sound; die Glöcker —, see Ankerfchen, 1.

Ankerfchen, (*str.*) *m.* provine, a sort of peat.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. inder.* (with an [Acc. or Dat.]) to knock, to beat, to rap, to tap (at the door, &c.); (bei Einem) to knock at a person's door with the intention of paying him a visit; *Ag.* to sound one; II. *tr.* to fasten by beating, hammering. — **Ankerfchen**, *v. s. (str.) n. rap.* — **Ankerfchen**, (*str.*) *m.* knocker, clapper.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & inder.* 1) to crack, strike against; 2) to drive on by cracking the whip.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with gags. **Ankerfchen**, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to fasten or fix by pinching, to fasten with claws; II. *refl.* to take hold of, to cling to with claws; der Eig —, *Bak.* to press, to squeeze the dough with the hand, to work it thoroughly.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to button, button to: to fix by buttons.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knit, knot, to tie to, to fasten with a knot; 2) to begin,

enter into or upon (a correspondence, &c.), to form (an acquaintance, &c.); wider —, to take up, renew, resume (a conversation, &c.); Verbindungen —, *Comm.* to enter into connexions, to commence a correspondence.

Ankerfchung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of fastening. *See* Ankerfchen: A-lyant, *m.* starting-point, opening; connecting link or idea.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to growl or snarl at. **Ankerfchen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bring to the lure, to decoy; to allure, bait; (also *fig.*).

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. inder.* (*aus.* [cin] to roll to, against.

Ankerfchen, (*str.*) *v. I. inder.* (*aus.* [cin] 1) to arrive; to come, get (at, to, on, up) to drop in; 2) a) to approach, to advance; b) to behave to (with Dat.): wenn du mir fo antwommst, if you behave to me thus; c) *Dy.* to torment: d) *Bak.* see Strigen, Strigen; 3) to obtain or gain access, admittance (a place, &c.); to get in; 4) a) see Berfommen, 2, a; b) to fare or succeed well or ill; to meet with good or ill success; bei mir kommt er, man a. f. m. nicht damit an, that will not do (coll. go down) with me; wohlfeil —, to purchase cheap; theuer —, to obtain (a thing) at a dear price; es ist zu dieser Preisen nicht anzukommen, nothing is to be had (done) at these prices; id kam (schlecht or unrecht) an, I found myself mistaken, only, in the wrong box; c) *impers.* with an [Acc.], to depend or hinge upon; es kommt bei dieser Frage an den einzigen Punkt an, the question hinges on this single point; darauf —, to be important or a matter of moment (with Dat., to); es kommt nicht darauf an, it matters not, makes no difference, does not signify; hier kommt es auf Thaten, nicht auf Worte an, here deeds are required not words; es kommt darauf an, ob ..., the question is whether ...; hierauf kommt es mir nicht eben an, on that head I am not particularly anxious (solicitous); fo fchmer es mir ankam dies zu glauben, however unwilling I was to believe it; es kommt mir auf eine Kleinigkeit nicht an, I shall not stand for a trifle; hier kommt es bloß auf Geld an, here nothing is required but money; es soll mir darauf nicht —, I shall not stick at this; es kommt mir nicht auf einen höhern Preis an, I shall not mind giving a higher price; es kommt mir auf eine Woche nicht an, I do not mind a week; es darauf — lassen, to run the hazard, to risk, to venture (upon), to take one's chance; Sie müssen es darauf — lassen, you must stand the chance (of it); alles an ... — lassen, to leave everything to ...; id lasse es auf Sie —, I leave, refer, put it to you; es kommt mir fchwer, leicht &c. an, it is hard, or easy for me, I find it hard or difficult, easy, &c.; it comes hard on me.

II. *tr. impers.* to befall; der Schlaf kam mich (or mir) an, I became sleepy, drowsy; es kam mich furcht, Schrecken &c. an, I was seized, or struck with fear, terror, &c.; was kommt ihn an, what ails him? what is the matter with him? was ist ihm angekommen (zugeflogen)? what has befallen him?

Ankerfchen, *v. s. (str.) n.* arrival; hier ist kein — (Zurritt), no access is to be had here.

Ankerfchlich, *adj.* easy of access, accessible, affable (used of persons).

Ankerfchling, (*str.*) *m.* new comer; stranger: (Reuling) novice.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Pm-m.* to head (pine).

Ankerfchenhammer, (*str.*) *m.* heading-hammer.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to couple, to yoke.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bait, allure; *Ag.* to entice.

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to croak at ...

Ankerfchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to seize with claws, to pounce upon; II. *refl.* to cling to with claws.

Unfuchen, Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. & intr. to scratch at, against.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to note with chalk; to score (a reckoning); — *lassen, fam.* to buy on credit, on tick.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to scream at.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to mark with a cross.
Unfuchen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to creep up, to; *aus* to crawl near; *angefochten* to approach crawlingly.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. 1) *see* *Unfuchen*; 2) to get (one) to do something. [on.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to scratch or scribble.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. *see* *Unfuchen*.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to announce, give notice, advertise; to declare, proclaim; *es wird mir angekündigt*, I am informed. — **Unfuchen (ig)er, (str.) m.** announcer, *see*. — **Unfuchung, (u.) f.** declaration; announcement; (öffentliche) proclamation; (in einem Zeitungsblatte) advertisement.
Unfuchung, (u.) pl. Unfuchung f. arrival, coming; advent; nicht erfolgte —, non-arrival.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to fix or add to artificially, to introduce or to adopt artificially. *cf. Angefuchung*; *fid* (*Dat.*) ... —, to affect....
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to couple; to leash; *Einem eine Person —, only* to procure one a person in marriage. [upon.
Unfuchen, (u.) v. tr. to smile.
Unfuchung, (u.) f. 1) (the act of) laying out, *see* *Unfuchung*; 2) establishment, plantation, *particul. pl. Unfuchung*; 3) improvement; pleasure grounds; 4) capital, stock; 5) (Gründung eines Geschäftes &c.) beginning, foundation, plan; construction (of a railway); 6) natural disposition (*gen. to*), capacity, temper, parts, talents (*gen. for*); predisposition; 6) (eines Konfids) design, plan, or outline, (eines Romans) plot; (eines Gemäldes) rough sketch or draught; 7) (an einem Brief &c.) any thing annexed; *es ist — worden* *Eie* *erfunden*, (by from) the annexed you will see; 8) tax, duty; *eine — machen*, to impose a tax; 9) *Hof* onset; 10) *Archit.* drawing-book; 11) *Mas.* pattern, sole; 12) *T.* the cheek-piece of a gun-stock (*Unfuchung*); 13) *Lech-see*, the staple for a bolt, *see* *Unfuchung*, *Strampe*; 14) *Mech.* ore welded together; 15) *Bot.* germ, ovary, seed-bud (especially of mosses and cryptogamic plants).
Unfuchung, in comp. —capital, *n.* stock, business-capital; —*fein*, *pl.* original costs; —*weise*, *f.* T. roughing roll; puddler's roll.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to address in infantine language; to lip at.
Unfuchung, adj. boardable, approachable.
Unfuchung, (u.) f. *see* *Unfuchung*.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to fall in with the shore; to come to shore, to disembark, to make a descent (on, upon); to touch at, or put into a port; *cf. Landen*. [ship].
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to put to shore (a *Unfuchung*), *u.* *intr.* (aux. sein) to arrive; *II. tr.* 1) to concern, touch, belong; 2) *†*, to request, solicit; 3) *†*, *see* *Beifügen*, *Beifügen*; 4) *adv.* concerning, touching; as *for*, as to, with respect to, in point of....
Unfuchung, (u.) f. *l. u.* for *Beifügen*; *Unglück*, *n.* aking-piece.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to patch to or on.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. 1) *Horst.* *see* *Unfuchung*, 12; 2) *Shoe-m.* to put a new latchet to.
Unfuchung, (str.) pl. Unfuchung *m.* 1) occasion, cause, motive, inducement; *cf. Veranlassung*; —*geben*, to give rise; —*geben* *zu* *einem* *Verfuchung*, to raise, originate a report; *ohne — zu* *Verfuchung* *prüfen* &c., *Comm.* having nothing more to communicate, I remain, &c.; *auf — des* *Verfuchung*, at the instance of the defendant's counsel; 2) occurrence; 3) (the act of) letting in, *see* *Unfuchung*; 4) (*Unfuchung*) ap-

pearance; 5) *Law*, compromise; —*brief*, *m.* written agreement of the contending parties to have the cause in dispute settled by arbitration.
Unfuchung, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to let on; 2) *Ag.* *Einem* *hart*, *abel* —, to address, treat, receive harshly, ill; *ich* *erf* —, to snap, to snub, to give a bad reception; *cf. Unfuchung*, 2; 3) (*Wasser*) to let (water) into; *einen* *Teich* —, to let water into a pond; *eine* *Wühl* —, to set a mill a-going; 4) *elipt.* *a)* to keep on; *b)* *Einem* *ein* *Stück* —, to allow one to keep on a dress; 5) *einen* *Stund* —, *Sport*, to set a dog on; 6) *elipt.* *for* *Unfuchung* (8) *lassen*; 7) to temper (iron or steel); *II. refl.* *fid* *gut* —, to promise or bid fair; *es* *läßt* *fid* *zu* ... *an*, there is a likelihood, an appearance of or for (war, &c.); *das* *Wetter* *läßt* *fid* *zum* *Regen* *an*, it looks as if it would rain; *der* *Knabe* *läßt* *fid* *gut* *an*, he is a hopeful boy; *der* *Bräutigam* *läßt* *fid* *gut* *an*, the wheat promises a good yield; *die* *Seuche* *läßt* *fid* *nicht* *sonderlich* *an*, the matter is not very promising; *wie* *läßt* *es* *fid* *mit* *seinem* *Gießer* *an*? how goes his fever?
Unfuchung, (str.) m. *Nach.* starting-lever (of a locomotive).
Unfuchung, (str.) pl. Unfuchung *m.* 1) start, onset, run; *einen* — *nehmen*, to run for a leap, to stand off for an advantage, to take a run; 2) assault, attack; 3) swelling, rising (of water); 4) frequent petition, frequent application, trouble; *er* *hat* *immer* *großen* — *von* *junger* *Leuten*, many young people continually flock to him; 5) *Mar.* headway; *im* *U-* *sein*, to be under headway; *see* *Brandung* & *Sturze*; 6) *Archit.* lower apophyse; cymatium; *der* — *einer* *Böschung*, the spring or rising of a vault; *der* — *eines* *Daches*, the gradual rise of a roof; *der* — *des* *Riels*, the forefoot of the keel; *der* — *des* *Wassers*, the swelling, rising of water; *Min.* the gradual rise of a shaft or stalm; *Small.* the rise of the furnace; *Sport.* the approach of game within gun-shot (at battee); *Horol.* that part of the works in a clock, by which the striking is effected and the wheels during the stroke are regulated; *T.* touch.
Unfuchung, (str.) m. *Small.* the ore which, in passing through the blowery, adheres to the iron-rod.
Unfuchung, (str.) v. l. tr. to importune, solicit; *II. intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to begin to run; to take a run (against, gegen); *see* *Unfuchung*; to run up, to; to rush upon; *Mar.* to put into (a port), to touch at; 2) to rise, swell; 3) (*von* *Stücken* &c.) to swell on, to increase; 4) (*Stärke* —) to rise sloping or with a (gentle) slope; 5) *Typ.* to rut; 6) *a)* *Min.* to work upwards, to be inclined, sloping; *b)* *Archit.* to shape, to scape; 7) (*den* *Wang* *verfieren*) *a)* *das* *Glas* *läuft* *an*, the glass tarnishes, dims; *der* *Weg* *macht* *den* *Spiegel* —, breath tarnishes (dims) the surface of the looking-glass; *b)* *von* *Schimmel* —, to get mouldy; *c)* *von* *Rost* —, to get rusty; *d)* (*von* *Farben*) to dull, deaden; *e)* (*von* *Metall*) to oxidize; *angelaufen* (*von* *Metallen*), dim; *blau* *angelaufen* (*von* *Farben*), dim; 8) — *lassen*, to stain (metals) by chemical agents; *blau* — *lassen*, *a)* to make (steel, &c.) blue; *Stingen* *blau* — *lassen*, to damasken; *b)* *Ag.* to frighten out of one's wits; 9) *Ag.* to run counter to (*gegen*...); *ich* *erf* —, to be disappointed, thwarted; to run a bad chance; *er* *ist* *schon* *angelaufen*, *iron.* he has met with a fine reception; *laß* *ihn* *nur* —, let him run his head against the wall; 9) *Hund.* *eine* *Wilde* *Schwein* — *lassen*, in hunting the wild boar, to present the spear in such a manner that the animal runs against it.
Unfuchung, in comp. —*farbe*, *f.* *T.* the tempering colour (assumed by metal in the

blomary); —*feuer*, *n.* refining-fire, furnace; —*frischen*, *n.* the transfusion of raw into refined iron; —*staben*, *m.* the iron staff used in the blomary, the bloom-staff; —*rad*, *m.* *Horol.* a certain wheel, *see* *Unfuchung*, 6, *Horol.*; —*rad*, *m.* —*stange*, *f.* *see* —*stange*; —*stift*, *m.* *see* —*rad*.
Unfuchung, (str.) m. *Gramm.* commencing sound of a word or syllable; *in* *U-* *ist* *im* *Englischen* *schon*, *s* at the beginning of words has its sharp hissing sound in English.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. intr. (& tr.) *Gramm.* to commence a word or syllable; *Wörter* *die* *mit* *s* —, words beginning with an *s*; *a-* *bei* *x*, initial *s*.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to ring the bell; to announce by ringing the bell (dinner, the commencement of work, &c.).
Unfuchung, (u.) v. tr. to lick at.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. pl. *see* *Unfuchung*.
Unfuchung, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to put, place, apply, or lay to, on, against the wall, &c.), to fasten, fix (the shrouds, &c.); to leave upon the latch (a door); *schließen* —, to put on clothes; *Trauer* —, to put on (*coll.* to go into) mourning; *eine* *Kind* —, to put a child to the breast; *eine* *Gewehr* —, *see* *Unfuchung*, 11; *Hand* —, to set hands to, to take in hand, or begin a work, to be active, *cf. Hand*; 2) *a)* to place, dispose of, to lay out, to sink (money in a bargain, &c.), to put (capitals, sums) out at interest, to employ (funds), to (in-) vest; *sein* *Capital* *gut* —, to turn one's money to good account; *b)* to spend, employ; 3) *a)* to lay out (grounds, &c.), to draw garden-plots; *Ag.* *b)* to found, establish; to set up; (*eine* *Bauung* &c.) to construct, build; to form (a bank, *ein* *Bauwerk*, *Rath*); *Carp.* to truss (*ein* *Fängerkreuz*); to practise or lay down (a road); *c)* to lay, concert, devise (a scheme, &c.), to plan (a conspiracy, &c.); *es* *auf* (*with* *Acc.*) —, to plan, to aim at, to make it one's object; *es* *war* *darauf* *angelegt* *zu* ... it was intended or the plan was to ...; *alles* *ist* *darauf* *angelegt* *mit* *zu* *reizen*, every thing is calculated to irritate me; *Feuer* —, to burn another man's house, &c. maliciously, to be guilty of arson; *angelegte* *Feuer*, *pl.* incendiary or wilful fires; 4) to hoop (a cask); *lassen* *Eie* *eiserne* *Bänder* —, have the casks bound with iron hoops; *Mar.* *die* *Wasserspiegel* —, to haul home the topsail-sheets; *Typ.* *die* *Stöße* —, to arrange the form for the press; *eine* *Schiff* *zum* *Bau* —, to put a ship on the stocks; *Sport.* *die* *Stunde* —, to put the dogs upon the scent; 5) *a)* to assess, determine, fix (taxes); *b)* to assess (one); *wie* *hoch* *sind* *Eie* *angefest*? how much are you assessed? 6) *Comm.* *eine* *Handlungsbuch* —, to form a book; *Eie* *würden* *höhere* *Preise* — *müssen*, you will be obliged to consent to pay higher prices; *wie* *viel* *würden* *Eie* *dafür* —? how much could you afford to give for it?
II. intr. 1) to put to shore, to put in, to moor; to land; *bei* *Einem* —, to lay a ship alongside of another; *zur* *Landung* —, to put to shore in order to commence loading (taking in a cargo), to make ready for loading, lading; 2) to take aim (*auf* (*with* *Acc.*), at; 3) to mark (at cards).
III. refl. 1) to stick to, settle on; *fid* *an* *ein* *fruchtbares* *Schiff* —, to board, to grapple; *fid* — *mit* ... to quarrel with ...; 2) *fid* —, to dress one's self.
Unfuchung, in comp. —*schloß*, *n.* padlock; —*span*, *m.* *Typ.* scale-board; *Carp.* feather-edge; —*steg*, *m.* *pl.* *Typ.* side-sticks, (Capital-) head-sides and foot-sticks.
Unfuchung, (str.) m. 1) establisher, &c., *see* *Unfuchung*; 2) *see* *Unfuchung*.
Unfuchung, (u.) f. 1) the act of putting on, &c., *see* *Unfuchung* & *Unfuchung*; 2) employment (of capitals), investment (of funds).

An'lehn, (*str.*) *n.* loan, *see* Anleihe.
An'lehn, (*w.*) *f.* a thing to lean upon, back of a chair, &c.
An'lehn, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to lean against; to support by; *die Thür* —, to leave the door upon the latch; *den linken (rechten) Flügel einer Armee* an ein Gehölz, einen Morast —, *Mil.* to have the left (right) wing of an army supported by a wood, a marsh; *II. refl.* 1) to lean, lie against, to recline; 2) *fig.* to fall back (upon).
An'lehn ..., *in comp.* — *punct. m.* *Mil.* support or defence afforded to an army by the ground; — *wand*, *f.* *Archit.* back-wall.
An'leihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* Unterweisen; 2) *†*, to bind apprentice.
An'leihe, (*w.*) *f.* loan; öffentliche —, government-loan; eine — *machen*, to raise, contract, negotiate, make, conclude a loan; — *payer*, *n. pl.* government bonds. [*loan*].
An'leihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to borrow, raise a
An'leiher, (*str.*) *m.* 1) borrower; 2) lender.
An'leimen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to glue on, to join with glue.
An'leite, (*w.*) *f.* Law, 1) a) personal inspection of a jury; b) the decree appointing such an inspection; 2) *provinc.* a) *see* Rehngrüß; b) writ putting the plaintiff in possession of the defendant's goods, but not of their enjoyment; — *brief*, *f.* *see* Anleihe, 2, b.
An'leiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to guide, lead, conduct; 2) to direct, to instruct.
An'leiter, (*str.*) *m.* leader, &c., guide.
An'leitung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) leading, guidance; 2) direction, instruction, method; schooling; *André's* — zum Gebrauch des Pedals beim Orgelspiel, André's introduction to the use of the pedals in organ-playing; 3) *fig.* opportunity, occasion, inducement; nach — ihrer Vermunft, as reason directs them; nach — von ..., *Comm.* under the direction or management of ...
An'leuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to link.
An'lernen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to learn or acquire mechanically or by habit; 2) to teach (one a thing, *Einen zu etwas* or *Einem etwas*).
An'leuchten, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to hold a candle to or for ...; to direct light to, to cast light upon; to touch with a burning candle.
An'leiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to look amorously on ..., to oggle; to caress, soothe.
An'liegen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) a) to lie near or close to; a-b, *p. a.* adjacent (*also Comm.*); (*somet.*) recumbent; b) *fig.* to be near to one's heart, to interest; 2) to border, to be adjacent or contiguous (*an (with Dat.)*, to); 3) to fit wall, sit close; eng a-b, straight to the shape; 4) *Einem* —, to entreat, solicit; to importune; to urge; to ply; 5) *sich* anlegen sein lassen, to bestow care upon, to treat with earnest attention, to interest one's self in, for; 6) *Mar.* — wie liegt das Schiff an? how does the ship head? how winds the ship? ostwärts —, to stand (to head) to the east; fernwärts —, to stand off, to stand for the offing.
An'liegen, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* 1) the lying close to, &c.; 2) (*or* *l. u.*) *An'liegenheit*, (*w.*) *f.* concern; care, solicitude; wish; request (*Gesuch*). [*ing* manner].
An'lippen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to address in a lip-
An'lippen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to press, to extol.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to allure, entice, to decoy, attract; a-b, *p. a.* alluring, &c., attractive. — *An'lock'er*, (*str.*) *m.* allurer, enticer.
An'lockung, (*w.*) *f.* allurements, enticement.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to flare
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to solder. [*up*].
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Sport. to allure by means of baits, &c.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Anlehen, Anleiden.
An'locken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to belie; to calumniate; to impute falsely.

An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* imp. to excite an appetite, or desire in ...
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Mar.* to go to windward (to the weather-side); *lup auf Luft*!
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten, to bind, attach, or tie to, to knit on; 2) *Feuer* —, to make light (up) or kindle (a fire); 3) a) to mix (with water, &c.), to temper; mit Gewürzen —, to spice; mit Hopfen —, to hop; mit Weinstein —, to tartarize; b) to dilute; to slack (lime); to adulterate; to sophisticate; c) to dress (salad).
An'locken, *see* Anmalen.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Ermahnen. — **An'lockung**, (*w.*) *f.* exhortation, admonition; *W-schreiben*, *n.* Law, letter monitory.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to paint, paint at, over.
An'locken, (*str.*) *pl.* *An'locken* *m.* (the act of) marching on, approaching, advance; *im* — *sein*, to be approaching, advancing.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to march on, to advance.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. refl.* (*sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) to usurp; to assume, arrogate, presume, to pretend to, to lay claim to, to encroach on: er magt sich zu viel an, he encroaches too far, he takes too much upon himself; angemaßt, *p. a.* (self-assumed, &c.); a-b, *p. a.* presumptive, presuming, presumptuous, arrogant; assuming, self-assuming; imperious, domineering; insolent, haughty; daß a-b Weizen, arrogance, &c., *see* Annehmung.
An'locken, *Id.* *see* Annehmend; *II. W-keit*, (*w.*) *f.* arrogant demeanour, arrogance.
An'lockung, (*w.*) *f.* usurpation, intrusion; imperiousness; assumption, arrogance; pretension, self-sufficiency; presumption.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to fatten; *II. refl.* *sich* (*Acc.*) —, to get fat; *die Ratte hat sich* (*Dat.*) ein Bündlein angemaßt (*Grille*, Faust), the rat had raised himself up a paunch.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to build against (a wall, &c.).
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to grumble (mutter) against one; to pout at, to sulk at.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bleat at.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to announce, &c., *see* Melken; *Appellation* —, Law, to give notice of appeal.
An'locke ..., *in comp.* — *rolle*, *f.* *Theat.* the part of a servant who announces new comers, &c.; — *Stelle*, *f.* a place or office where persons or things are registered.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to begin to milk; to milk (a cow that has calved) before letting the calf suck.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mix, mingle, blend. — **An'locken**, (*str.*) *n.* *Husb.* chopped straw, bran, shorts.
An'locken, (*str.*) *pl.* *W-bücher* *n.* notebook, *see* Notizbuch.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mark, note, to put down, to write down, annotate, to jot, to item; *Comm.* die angemerkten Preise, the prices quoted; *T.* to saw up; 2) (*Einem etwas*) to remark, perceive (in one); *sich* (*Dat.*) — lassen, *see* Merken, 1, 2; a-*swertig*, *adj.* noteworthy (*Ermertenswerth*).
An'locken, (*str.*) *m.* marker, annotator, &c.
An'locken, *adj.* (*l. u.*) observable, remarkable.
An'lockung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) remark, observation; 2) note, annotation; *W-en zu ... machen*, to comment on (an author); *fig.* to comment on, to pass observations (über *with Acc.*, on); a-*swertig* or a-*würdig*, *see* *Ermertenswerth*.
An'locken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Einem etwas* —, to take one's measure for ...; *sich* (*Dat.*) einen Rod ic. — lassen, to have one's measure taken or to get measured for a coat, &c.; *ich habe mir einen Rod* — lassen, I have had my measure taken for a coat; *laß ihm* *so* *gleich* *einen*

neuen Anzug —, have him measured for a new suit of clothes; 2) *fig.* to fit, adapt.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mix, to admix. *†* *An'lock*, *adv.* herewith, *see* *Stiermit*.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to murmur or to mutter at; *es ist schwer zu sagen, womit er sich anmurmelt* (*Jean Paul*), it is hard to say what was the meaning of his muttering at them.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to murmur at, grumble at.
An'locken, (*w.*) *f.* pleasantness, sweetness, agreeableness, charm, gentleness, amenity; grace, gracefulness, elegance.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to expect, demand from one (*Zumuthen*); 2) to interest (*Ausprechen*, 4).
An'lockig, *adj.* pleasant, pleasing, agreeable, charming, gentle, sweet; graceful, gracious. [*gracefully*].
An'lockig, *adv.* (*t. & p.*) *poet.* pleasantly.
An'lockig, *adj.* ungraceful, deficient in grace. [*ungracefulness*].
An'lockig, (*w.*) *f.* want of grace.
An'lockig, *adj.* (*l. u.*) *see* *Zumuthung*; 2) the quality, &c. of inspiring with interest.
An'lock, *f.* Anna, Ann, Anne (*P. N.*); *dimin.* *An'locken*, *n.* Nancy, Nanny, Nan.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pin to (on); *Shoo-m*, to saw (the wools) to the upper-leather with the flat needle.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to nail, to nail to or on, to fasten with nails; *wie angeneigt*, *fig.* as if nailed (fixed or rooted) to the spot.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to gnaw, nibble at; 2) *Chem.* to corrode.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sew on (to, up); *Mar.* to seize (a block).
An'locken, *see* *Ermahnen*; *II. tr.* to bring near; *annähern*, *p. a.* approximative(*ly*).
An'locken, (*w.*) *f.* 1) approach, advance; 2) *Math.* approximation; — *des Himmels*, night-fall; *W-sgraben*, *see* *Zusgraben*; *W-skraft*, *f.* centripetal force; *W-swerre*, *n. pl.* *Port.* approaches.
An'locken, (*w.*) *f.* 1) taking, acceptance, acceptance; *Comm.* — *von Gütern*, the accepting of goods; 2) reception; receipt; 3) the act of engaging; 4) — *an Stabes Statt*, adoption; 5) embracing (of an opinion); assumption; 6) supposition, supposal; nach *der* *Wichtigkeit* —, at the lowest calculation; *Leg.* postulation; 7) *Comm.* — *die* — *einer Forderung*, acceptance, acceptance, protection; *bedingte* —, enlarged, partial, or qualified acceptance; *wilige* — *ertheilen*, to show due protection; — *bereiten* or *besorgen*, to prepare due honour; *die* — *verweigern*, to dishonour or refuse acceptance; *wegen nicht erfolgter* —, for (or on account of) non-acceptance; — *Stelle*, *f.* (der Post für Briefe &c.) receiving-house; — *verweigerung*, *f.* refusal of acceptance; Law, waiver.
An'lockung, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Annäherung*.
An'locken, (*f.* *Lad.*) annals; — *schreiber*, or *Annalist*, (*w.*) *m.* annalist. — **An'locken**, (*w.*) *f.* the compiling of annals.
An'locken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to moisten a little, to wet.
An'locken, *pl.* (*Lad.*) annats, fruit-fruits.
An'locken, (*f.* *dimin.* *An'locken*, *n.*) *Ann(o)*, Nancy (*P. N.*).
B. An'lock, (*w.*) *f.* awn, *see* *Winkel*, 2.
An'lock, *see* *Reiß*.
An'lock, *adj.* 1) acceptable, admissible, receivable, eligible; unter *a-en Bedingungen*, *Comm.* on accommodating terms; zu einem *a-en Preise*, at a fair price; 2) (*l. u.*) supposable; *II. W-keit*, (*w.*) *f.* acceptableness, &c.

with a rush or rushing sound, to rear against; II. *tr. T.* to dry in the air.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to rake towards or against.

Antrechnen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Einem etwas) to charge, to put, or set down to one's account; 2) to reckon, to rate, to count; (Einem etwas) to impute, attribute, ascribe, to lay (a thing) to one's charge; hoch —, to rate (appreciate) highly, to set great value upon, to attach value or importance to; sich (Dat.) zum Ruhm —, to glory in; wie hoch rechnen Sie den Kaffee an? how much do you charge the coffee? Einem zu viel —, to overcharge one; er hat es Ihnen nicht zu hoch angerechnet, he has not overcharged you for it; nicht befehen — (durchrechnen), not to make a separate charge for ..., to include, take in (in the same account).

Antrechnung, (*u.*) *f.* charge, charging; in — bringen, see Antrechnen, 1; in — kommen ferner, we have still to charge for ..., there has to be added to the account.

Antrecht, (*str.*) *n.* right, claim, title.

Antrede, (*u.*) *f.* the act of accosting; address, speech; harangue; Rede, apostrophe; die — eines Soldaten an seinen Officer, the address of a soldier to his officer.

Antrede ..., *in comp.* — full, *m. Gramm.* vocative; — tag, *m. Print.* day of address.

Antreden, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to accost; to address, to speak to; to harangue; 2) see Antsprechen, 5, b.

+ **Antrede**, (*u.*) *f.* proposal, mention.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to urge on, to stir up; to quicken, sharpen; to move, impel, engage; to incite; Sport. to beat up (the game); Jemand zu Antreiben —, Comm. to induce one to give orders; 2) to moot (a question), to advert to, to (make) mention (of), to touch upon; to suggest, to prompt; angeregter Mißgen, as mentioned before; a-b, p. a. (aufmunternd) excitatory, stirring; suggestive (für, to the imagination, &c.).

Antreger, (*str.*) *m.* urger, quickener, &c., proposer, suggester, mover, &c.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* *indr.* impers. (with an & Acc.) to rain against.

Antreibung, (*u.*) *f.* 1) motion, incitation, impulsion, instigation; 2) suggestion, instance, mentioning; auf untr —, at our instigation, induced by us; in — bringen, see Antregen, 2; etwas bei Einem wieder in — bringen, to remind a person of a thing; Antmittel, *n.* incitant, stimulant.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to give (impart) by rubbing; 2) to rub (an & with Acc.) against; 3) *T. a)* to rub (gold-ore) with quicksilver in order to forward the process of amalgamation; *b)* to rub down (an essential oil) with (sugar, &c.); II. *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* Join. (the act of) laying with the hammer.

Antreichern, (*u.*) *v. tr.* Metall. to enrich (ores) by fusion; Antreichungsöfen, *f.* enriched slag (Boll); Antreichersch, *n.* enriched metal (Toll).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to string; to file on a string; to make a string of; *T.* to put on candle the broach (candle); 2) to sew loosely to; II. *refl.* to join, follow; to rank with; ein Bonnet —, Mar. to string a bonnet.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to begin to tear; 2) to tear or take off; 3) (ein frisches Dingen), eine Schicht, ein Fuß &c. to break (a new dozen, a pile, tire, cask, &c.); 4) *T.* to sketch, to design, to chalk out; 5) *a)* *T.* to mark; *b)* Forest. to blaze; ein altes Schiff —, to break up an old ship. — **Antreiber**, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* scraper.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *indr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) *a)* to ride against; *b)* to ride up to ... (in order to alight, &c.); 2) to ride forward; II. *tr.* to break in (a horse), to ride (it) for the

first time; libel —, *fig. coll.* to fare ill, to meet with a bad reception.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *m.* impulse, incitement to. **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to incite, stimulate, animate, stir (up), enkindle; 2) to instigate, to induce.

Antreiber, (*str.*) *m.* instigator, stimulator. **Antreibung**, (*u.*) *f.* incitement, instigation, animation; Antmittel, *n.* incentive.

Antreiben, (*irr. & u.*) *v. tr.* 1) *indr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) *a)* to run against; to tumble or bump up (an, gegen die Wand &c., against the wall, &c.); *b)* to advance, (angerannt kommen) to approach running; *c)* to rush, run, or fall upon, to assail; 2) to start; to take a run; 3) *fig.* libel —, to meet with an ill reception; II. *tr.* see *indr.* 1, c. **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *f.* coll. for Antreibtisch.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* Cook to prepare, dress, to get ready; *b)* to serve, send up, dish up (the victuals); *T. s.* Holz —, to dress timber; Kupfer —, to prepare copper for refining; die Farbe —, *Paint.* to mix the colour in due proportion; das Getreide —, to sort the corn previous to grinding; 2) *fig.* to cause, make, do (mischief, &c.); du hast was Treffliches angestrichen, from you have made a precious piece of work of it.

Antreiben (e) ..., *in comp.* — fust, *f.* the art of dressing a dinner, &c.; — löffel, *m.* pot-ladle, ladle; — tüffel, *f.* dish; — tüffel, *m.* coll. Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* dresser, dresser-board, kitchen-table; — zimmer, *m.* office, pantry.

Antreiber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dresser; 2) see Antreibtisch; 3) *T.* assayer of metals, ore-dresser.

Antreibung, (*u.*) *f.* 1) Cook. (the act of) dressing, &c.; 2) *Horol.* motion-work, detent.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to smell at; 2) (Einem etwas) to know (perceive) by the smell; 3) to emit or cause a smell.

Antreiben, I. (*str.*) *v. tr.* — gegen, to struggle against; II. — or Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with rings. [Antreiben]

Antreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) see Antreiben, (*str.*) *m.* the first furrow.

Antreiben, (*str.*) *m.* 1) approach on horseback; 2) first trial of riding; 3) or Antreiben, *n.* M. money paid to recruits (Spandeb).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to make a little scratch or slit on; to scratch slightly (as with a pin).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* a fastening with strings.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to roll against; 2) to transport (goods) up to a place in carts (Stollwagen); 3) Sport. (of dogs) to bark at (game) without pursuing; II. *indr.* (*aus. sein*) to approach rolling or rumbling; angerollt kommen, to drive up in a carriage.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to begin to rust; 2) to become attached by means of rust, to rust on (to something).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to mark with red chalk.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to prepare or break (ground for planting vineyards).

Antreiben, **Antreiben**, I. *adj.* rather notorious, disreputable; im hohen Grade —, infamous, criminal; II. Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* notoriousness, unsound credit, ill name, disrepute.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to bring near or move to; Ant — lassen, to draw or bring up; II. *indr.* (*aus. sein*) to come on, to advance, approach, draw near; —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* approach, advance.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) *a)* to row to, or towards; *b)* (angerudert kommen) to approach rowing; 2) to strike against in rowing; ant liff —, to row ashore; ant Schiff —, to row aboard; Mar. rudert ant pull away! [M. challenge]

Antreiben, (*str.*) *m.* call; summons; appeal; **Antreiben**, (*str.*) *n.* I. *tr.* 1) to call to; 2)

to invoke (God, the Saints, &c.), to implore, to adjure; 3) *a)* *M. d.* to challenge; *b)* ein Schiff —, to hail a ship; 4) *fig.* to call upon; bierhöfliche Entschreibung —, to appeal to the judge; die Gerichte —, to apply to the court, to seek legal redress; Einem zum Zeugen —, to call one to witness; 5) to announce by calling out (Anrufen); eben jetzt ruft der Nachwächter zwei an (Schiller), just now the watchman announces the second hour of night; II. *indr.* bei Jemand —, to call or look in upon one (Besprechen).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* invocation (of the Saints, &c.), imploration; Law, appeal; Antgericht, *n.* court of appeals.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to praise, commend (a thing to one, &c. Antreiben).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to touch, handle; *fig.* to mention; 2) to mix, temper; 3) Sport. den Vogel —, to fasten (the decoy-bird) to the perch.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* touch, touching, &c. **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to rumble against, towards; 2) (angerumpelt kommen) to approach, draw near with a rumbling noise. [2] to black-lead.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cover with soot; **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* *indr.* to arm, prepare. **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *f.* preparation.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to seize, to lay hold of; II. *refl.* *v. u.* (sich vollziehen) to cram (one's self).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to begin to sow; *T.* to sprinkle the hides or fur with meal.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* declaration, intimation, notification, message; summons.

Antreiben ..., *in comp.* — posten, *m.* see Antreibungshaus; — jettel, *m.* note of declaration.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to say, repeat; 2) to notify, declare, intimate; to announce (by calling out, &c.) a watchman, the hours of the night, &c.; to bring word, &c. Antreiben; öffentlich —, to proclaim, to publish, promulgate; eine Verammlung —, to give notice of, appoint, call a meeting; ein Gerichtstag —, to appoint a day of appearing in a court, to summon; Einem zum Dienste, zu Rathe —, to warn one for duty, to summon one to council; sich — lassen, to send word of one's coming; gerichtlich —, to give legal intimation; sage ant speak (out); Gam. to cry or call (the game); Sie sagen ant, you are to call.

Antreiben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to begin to saw, to saw a little, or to cut into ...

Antreiben, (*str.*) *m.* announcer, &c.; messenger, summoner. [tion: summoning]

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* notification; proclamation. **Antreiben**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to collect, gather together; II. *refl.* to accumulate; sich — lassen, to allow to accumulate (den Dampf = to get up the steam).

Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* collection, accumulation; — von Eishüden, a pack of ice.

Antreiben, I. *adj.* settled, established, domiciled, domiciliated; sich — machen, to settle (one's self); nur e-n Bürgerin ist gestattet ..., only resident citizens are allowed to ...; II. Antreiben, (*u.*) *f.* state of being established, assessment, domiciliation.

Antreiben, I. (*str.*, pl. Antreiben) *m.* 1) deposit, crust; head (of a liquor); 2) the act of putting to or upon, &c.; 3) an added or adjoined piece; *T.* joining or eking piece; mouth-piece (of a wind-instrument); Mar. head-piece of the stem; Gewm. reinforcement; *T.* shoulder; Anat. der Knochen —, epiphysis, epiphysis; Bot. apophysis; scrapings (of a dish or saucepan); 4) the method of blowing or filling a flute, &c.; 5) onset; attack, see Antreiben, 1 & 2; 6) *a)* *Math.* formation; *b)* rate (in an account or tariff); seine Antreiben sind mächtig, his

charges are moderate: in — bringen, to place to account: 7) tendency, disposition: er hat einen — zum Sterblichen, he inclines to corpulence; ein — zur Frömmigkeit, a beginning of a rise in prices; II. *in comp.* — felle, *f. Horol.* (safe edge) flat-file, hand-file; — grüße, *f. Math.* differential quantity; — yrieß, *m. Comm.* taxation; — rechnung, *f.* differential method, or calculus: — rüh, *m. see* Anlag, 8.
An[s]äuren, (w.) v. tr. to sour: to mix with leaven: *Chem.* to acidify, acidulate.
An[s]aufen, (str.) v. refl. vulg. to drink immoderately, *lead.* to drink like a sponge.
An[s]augen, (w. & str.) v. I. tr. & intr. to suck; — lassen (eine Pumpe), to fetch (a pump), *see* Anheben; II. *refl.* to suck fast; der Blut-sauger hat sich angezogen, the leech has taken.
**An[s]auger, (str.) m. Leth. sucking-fish (*Schmieds ramulus L.*).
An[s]uhen, (w.) v. tr. to touch, to fan (of the wind); angeföhelt, *p. a. along*, half-drawn, half seas-over.
An[s]etzen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to rush on: to buss against. [*rub.*]
An[s]chäben, (w.) v. tr. to begin to scrape or
An[s]chöpfen, I. v. tr. (str.) see An[s]chöpfen; II. (w.) (*Einem [refl. sich]* etwas) to procure, to furnish one's self with, to supply, find, to find one's self in or with ..., to purvey, provide for: to get in, lay in, put up (goods, &c.), to purchase, to buy; *Comm.* to remit, to make, or to provide remittances or provisions: sich (*Dat.*) zu viel Bedarfe —, to overstock one's self; sie wollen sich (*Dat.*) eine Equipage —, they are going to set up (keep) their carriage; Bedarfsmittel —, to cater: Bediente —, to engage: Geld zu etwas —, to find money for; 3) to order, bespeak, *see* Bestellen; 4) to overlook (as overseer of works).
An[s]chaffer, (str.) m. purveyor, furnisher, *acc. Comm.* remitter, overseer (of works, in factories, &c.).
An[s]chaffung, (w.) f. purveyance, providing for, furnishing with; *Comm.* s. remittance, provision: — machen, *see* An[s]chöpfen, II. (*Comm.*); felle — machen, to make remittances in first rate bills or paper.
An[s]chlagen, (w.) v. tr. to provide with a shaft: to mount, stock (a gun); Shoe-m. to put new legs (to boots): *Carp.* *see* Schäften; *Gun-sm.* to put the hilt on.
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. tr. see An[s]chleichen.
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. haben) to strike against (of sound).
An[s]chleichen, see An[s]chleichen, An[s]chleichen.
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. tr. Min. to dispose all for working. [*one lode.*]
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. refl. Min. to unite in
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. intr. to graze upon, to loach superficially.
An[s]chleichen, (w.) v. I. tr. (with an [d. Acc.]) to rake close to: to draw near by raking; II. *intr.* to scratch at; III. *refl.* *see* An[s]chleichen.
An[s]chauen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to look at, to view, behold, contemplate: to gaze at (admiringly, &c.); 2) a) to consider: b) to perceive, apprehend by intuition.
An[s]chauen, v. s. (str.) n. contemplation, view, *see* An[s]chauen; a-schäuelig, *adj.* worthy of contemplation.
An[s]chauen, v. s. a. intuitive, contemplative; eine a-e Erkenntnis, an intuitive perception; eine a-e Erkenntnis aller Dinge haben, to see all things intuitively. [*eyer.*]
An[s]chauer, (str.) m. looker on, beholder,
An[s]chauen, (w.) v. tr. to put to with a spade, to shovel up or against.
An[s]chauen, I. adj. 1) perceptible: 2) conspicuous, distinct, clear, plain; 3) *see* An[s]chauen; — machen, to render plain or intelligible: 4) to be illustrative of ..., II. *Adj.* (w.) 1) perceptibility; 2) distinctness, clear-**

ness; 3) the quality of being perceived intuitively.
An[s]chauen, (w.) f. 1) contemplation, view; inspection: 2) intuitive vision, intuition: 3) (*W-duelle*) mode of viewing things: *W-duelle*, *f.* doctrine of instruction by means of which the intuitive powers of children are awakened; *W-dunterricht*, *m.* method followed in the *W-duelle*, which *see*, method of intuitive instruction: (a course, &c. of) object-lessons; *W-dermögen*, *n.* intuitive power
An[s]chäumen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to foam against.
An[s]chreien, (pr. an[s]chreien), see An[s]chreien.
An[s]chein, (str.) m. appearance: 1) semblance, outward show: 2) likeness, likelihood, probability; es ist aller — dazu, there is every appearance of it: allem *W-e nach*, in all likelihood: auf den ersten —, at first view: nach dem *W-e zu urtheilen*, to judge from appearances; von gutem —, of good promise, auspicious.
An[s]cheinen, (str.) v. I. tr. & intr. to shine upon: II. *intr.* to appear; a-b, *p. a.* (*An[s]cheinlich, adj.*) apparent, seeming (*adv.* —ly).
An[s]cheinen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to ring the bell. [*boom.*]
An[s]chere, (w.) f. Warp, warp, warping
An[s]chere, v. tr. I. (w.) 1) Warp to warp: 2) *Mar.* to warp (a rope); 3) *Join.* to let in, to join with slit and tongue: II. (str.) to begin to shave: to shave or shear a little.
An[s]scherschl, (str., pl. W-p[ä]che) m. Warp, warping post: *Rope-m.* rack for warping ropes.
An[s]schichten, see An[s]schichten.
An[s]schicken, (w.) v. refl. (zu etwas) 1) to prepare, to make arrangements (for); 2) to begin, set (be) about a thing, to set or compose one's self to: to be going (to write, &c.); 3) to be disposed for: er schickt sich gut dazu an, he goes the right way to work.
An[s]schicken, (str.) v. I. tr. (with an [d. Acc.]) 1) to shove on, to push against; 2) to join or connect by moving up to an object; II. *intr.* *Gam.* to bowl first (at ninepins).
An[s]schleichen, (str.) m. sliding-frame table.
An[s]schleichen, (str.) m. 1) one who puts something to, &c.; 2) what is put to (leaf of a table, &c.); (*W-dschleichen, m.*) runner (of an umbrella); *T.* eking-piece.
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. tr. to squint at, look askant upon, to leer at or upon, to ogle.
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. tr. to fix or join by means of a clout, an iron band, &c.; *Surg.* to splint; *Ag.* to add.
An[s]schleichen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to shoot, wound (by shooting); 2) *T.* to join: *Thal.* to sow to; 3) *Typ.* to print to; 4) eine Fünfte —, to try a gun; *Ag.* angeschossen sein, *fam.* a) to be in love; b) to be tipsy; c) to have a little touch of folly (*fam.* to have a bee in one's head); II. *intr.* 1) to shoot first, to have the first shot; (*aux. sein*) 2) (anlaufen) to rush or run against; 3) to shoot forth (as water, &c.); 4) to be adjacent; 5) *Chem.* (in *Erythallen*) to crystallize, to shoot into crystals: das —, *v. s. (str.) n.* (*l. w.*) *An[s]schichtung, (w.) f.* crystallization.
An[s]schleichen, ... in comp. — ittel, *m.* *Refin.* filter: — pinfel, *m.* *T.* gilding brush.
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) (with an [d. Acc.]) to ship to, approach (with a ship): an eine Insel —, to touch at an island.
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. tr. to join (together); *An[s]schleichen, (str.) n.* joining piece.
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. tr. Gard. to scutcheon-graft: *Sport.* to stalk (a deer, &c.).
An[s]schleichen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to grow mouldy.
An[s]schimmern, (w.) v. tr. to glimmer, shine faintly upon.

An[s]chirren, (w.) v. tr. to harness; *intr.* to put on the harness, *cf.* An[s]pannen.
An[s]schlag, I. (str., pl. An[s]schläge) m. 1) (the act of) striking at, &c. stroke; 2) a) (the act of) affixing, posting up; b) *Thal.* (the act of) basting; c) (the act of) aiming; 3) (—geißel) bill set or posted up: posting-bill, placard, advertisement: *coll.* poster; 4) statement, calculation, computation, estimate; estimation, valuation: 5) plan, project, design, plot, device: (böser —) complot, underplot: einen (bösen) — auf (*with Acc.*) or gegen ... machen, to conspire against ...; einen — auf Jemandes Leben machen, to attempt a person's life; 6) advice, counsel; 7) *T.* rabbit: 8) a) *Horol.* (or —stift) warning-piece; b) *Typ.* *see* Jummfamer; c) the upper part of a dam: d) the cheek of a saw; 9) *Mill.* mill-clapper, mill-clack; 10) *Mus.* a) stop; b) manner of touching an instrument, touch, finger; 11) (*W-dort*) the place against which something strikes; 12) butt-end of a gun; im *W-e* (zum Verlaufe), put up for sale: in — bringen, to take into account; to make allowance for; in — kommen, *see* in Betracht kommen; meinetwegen vorübergehen *W-e nach*, on a rough estimate I made.
An[s]schlag, (str.) n. T. bolt-chisel, *Loch-sm.* carp's tongue.
An[s]schlagen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) (an etwas) to strike at, upon, or against, to knock at; 2) to clap on, to fasten, to nail to, at (on); *Mar.* to bend (a sail) to its yard: *Chalk.* to put on the tentor: *Hosiery*, to begin (a stocking); 3) *See.* to baste; 4) *Mar.* to splice; 5) to affix, placard, to post up (bills, placards); Placate wurden an die Thore angeschlagen, placards were posted upon the gates; 6) to set out, to put up (for sale); 7) den Werth einer Sache abschlagen to rate, value, estimate (auf [with Acc.], at; zu niedrig —, to underrate, underrate; zu hoch —, to overrate, &c.); 8) to toll (the bell): to touch upon (a string, &c.); 9) *Feuer.* schießen —, to strike fire, a light; 10) *Mus.* den Ton —, to give the key-note; 11) ein Gensche —, to level, point, present aim (a musket; auf [with Acc.], at; 12) *Forest.* to blaze (trees), *see* Abbläuen.
II. intr. 1) (*aux. sein*) to fall against, strike, or dash against; 2) (*aux. haben*) a) (ansprechen) to begin to strike; to chime, to toll; (von Thoren) to slam; *Gam.* to play at span-counter (as boys); b) (von Thoren) to operate, take effect; c) to prevail: to take: to agree (of food, &c.); to succeed (well), prosper: Alles schlägt ihm wohl an, everything he undertakes thrives with him; es schlägt nichts mehr bei ihm an, he is past mending; es wird —, it will take; d) to begin to sing, or to chirp (of birds); *Sport.* to call, to bark, to bay, to cry, to give tongue, to open; zur unruhigen Zeit —, to babble.
III. v. s. (str.) n. 1) (the act of) striking at, against, &c. *cf.* v. s.; 2) *Gam.* (an der Bräuer) span-counter, span-farthing; 3) *Join.* boxing; 4) (der See) wash, surf of the sea; 5) *Sport.* lappice, calling, &c.; 6) cutting (of horses).
An[s]schlag, (str.) m. 1) he or that which strikes: 2) *Ag.* projector, speculator; 3) *Mus.* jack (of a pianoforte, &c.) (*Fr. scutcheon*); 4) *Min.* onsetter, hanger-on.
An[s]schlagig, An[s]schlagig, adj. inventive, ingenious, clever, full of devices.
An[s]schlag, ... in comp. — haben, *m.* basting-thread; — heil, *n.* *see* An[s]schlag, 9; — fl. neat, *n.* T-ruler, T-square: — (8)rad, *n.* *Horol.* warning-wheel; — stift, *m.* T. pin; — winkel, *m.* T. square, bevel.
An[s]schäumen, (w.) v. I. tr. to mire, to fill with mud; to depose mud; Bäume —, to fill with diluted earth the hole into which young trees have been planted; II. *refl.* to be choked up with mud, to get muddy.

An[sch]äubern, *see* An[sch]leubern.
An[sch]leichen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to creep or steal near slowly and gently; **an[sch]leichen kommen**, to come on creepingly, sneakingly.
An[sch]leifen, I. (str.) v. tr. 1) to begin to grind; to set an edge on: **cine Epige —**, to grind to a point; **II. (w.) v. tr. 1)** (auf der Schleife) to bring or to transport (on a sledge); 2) to fasten by a slip-knot.
An[sch]lammern, *see* An[sch]lammern.
An[sch]leubern, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) (*gener.* **angeschleubert kommen**) to come trailing on or along, to approach or draw near saunteringly.
An[sch]leuern, (w.) v. tr. to throw at, to plash at: to fling against.
An[sch]leppen, (w.) v. tr. to drag along.
An[sch]leubern, (w.) v. tr. (*gener.* with an & Acc.) to fling at or against.
An[sch]ließen, (w.) v. tr. 1) T. to pile up; to lay up smooth and even against a place; 2) *Wass.* to spread over with weaver's starch.
An[sch]ließen, (w.) v. *see* An[sch]lammern.
An[sch]ließen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to chain to, to fix with a lock; to tack; 2) to add, annex, enclose; **II. refl. (with an & Acc.) a)** to join or attach one's self to, to follow, to join; **der Frühlug schließt sich an den Schneelug an**, the early train connects with the express train; **b)** *fig.* to conform to, to sympathize with; **III. intr. 1)** to fit close, tight; 2) to sit close or closely (on horseback).
An[sch]lingen, (str.) v. tr. to fasten to with a string or noose.
An[sch]litzen, (w.) v. tr. to make a slit in a thing, to slit a little.
An[sch]luß, (str., pl. An[sch]lüsse) m. 1) fit; 2) thing annexed, enclosed, &c.; 3) joining, accession; 4) connexion; **der — von Eisenbahnhöfen**, the connexion of railway-trains; **der Eilzug hat — in B.**, the fast train takes at B. with other trains (*Not. & Gr.*); **der Personenzug hat seinen —**, the ordinary train goes no farther; **Post —**, connexion with the diligence (mail); 5) enclosure, enclosed letter: **—schreiben**, *f. Reise.* junction railway.
An[sch]machten, (w.) v. tr. coll. to blow the smoke against, to smoke. [*tion* (*Tab.*.)]
An[sch]machtung, (w.) f. *Min.* slight juncture.
An[sch]mecken, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to taste; **b)** to know by the taste; 2) *Sport.* to scent.
An[sch]meicheln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to address with flatteries; 2) to attribute flatteringly; **II. refl. to insinuate one's self (with Dat. or bei).**
An[sch]meißen, (str.) v. vulg. I. tr. 1) *see* Anwerfen; 2) to soil; **II. intr. (aux. haben)** to dash against.
An[sch]melzen, v. I. (str.) intr. (aux. sein) to adhere by melting, to get melted; **II. (w. & str.) tr. 1)** to begin to melt; 2) to fasten by melting.
An[sch]mettern, (w.) v. tr. & intr. (aux. haben & sein) to peal against (of trumpets); to strike or dash against violently.
An[sch]miechen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to join by forging; to shut together; 2) (*einen Bretzeder*) to fetter, to chain to, to clasp up in irons.
An[sch]miegen, (w.) v. I. tr. to bend to, press to, join closely; *fig.* to adapt; **II. refl. 1) to stick close, to cling, to nestle, coll. to snug (an *with Acc.*); to; 2) *fig.* to accommodate one's self to, to follow closely.**
An[sch]mierern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to daub, to blot, to scribble against, besmear; 2) *vulg.* a) *refl.* **see** sich Anbringen; **b)** *see* An[sch]mierern; **bb)** to cheat (one).
An[sch]minzen, (w.) v. tr. to paint, to rouge; *fig.* sich (Dat.) —, *see* Anbrucheln.
An[sch]mitzen, (w.) v. tr. to soil.
An[sch]molzen, (w.) v. tr. to look surly at (one); to pout at, on, or upon ...

An[sch]mücken, (w.) v. tr. & refl. *see* Schmücken.
An[sch]munnen, (w.) v. tr. to smirk at ...
An[sch]munzen, (w.) v. tr. to soil.
An[sch]nügen, v. s. (str.) n. *Sport.* (der Pähne) beaking.
An[sch]nügen, (w.) v. tr. to buckle on, to fasten with buckles; sich (Dat.) etwas —, *vulg.* to get hold of a thing.
An[sch]nallsporn, (str.) m. jack-boot spur, rough-rider's spur.
An[sch]nappen, (w.) v. tr. to snap at ...
An[sch]narchen, An[sch]nangen, (w.) v. tr. vulg. to snarl at, growl at; to snap (one) short.
An[sch]narcher, (str.) m. vulg. snap-short.
An[sch]narren, (w.) v. tr. to address in a rattling tone.
An[sch]nattern, (w.) v. tr. to cackle at ...
An[sch]nuben, v. I. (str.) intr. (aux. sein) to approach snorting, blowing and puffing; **II. (w. & str.) tr. 1)** to snort at; 2) to address harshly, to snub, to take up short.
An[sch]nügen, (w.) v. *see* An[sch]narchen.
An[sch]neidemeßer, (str.) n. carving knife.
An[sch]neiden, (str.) v. tr. 1) to give the first cut to, to cut (into), to carve; **Zeug —**, to cut stuffs; 2) to fit by cutting; 3) (*l. w.*) auf dem Scribholz —, to notch, to score; 4) *Min.* to score down (the amount of labour done); 5) *Sport.* for Anstreffen, I. 1: das Buch ist angeschritten, Bookb. the work bleeds.
An[sch]neidetzettel, m. *see* An[sch]nitzenbogen.
An[sch]neisen, (w.) v. intr. (with an & Acc.) to snow against ...
An[sch]nellern, (w.) v. I. tr. to jerk against; **II. intr. (aux. sein) to fly against.**
An[sch]niegelein, (w.) v. tr. & refl. *fam.* to deck out.
An[sch]nitzen, (str.) m. 1) first cut, cut: das Tuch ist hart im —, the cloth is a hard cut (*Not. & Gr.*); 2) nick, notch, scotch; 3) *Min.* statement of labour done; **der — halten:** a) to have such a statement certified by the burgo-master of the district; **b)** to pay miners their wages: **—bogen, m. *Min.* list of accounts: —buch, n. *Min.* book of accounts: —register, n. *see* —bogen; —schere, f. *Glaz.* small scissors.**
An[sch]nuffeln, An[sch]nubern, (w.) v. tr. to smell at (like dogs).
An[sch]nüren, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to lace, string; to fasten; **b)** to string (one) to the rack, &c.; 2) *fig. vulg.* (*Einem etwas*) to palm (something) upon (one).
An[sch]nurren, (w.) v. tr. 1) to purr at; 2) *slang.* to beg, *cf.* Anstehen, 2.
An[sch]nürung, (w.) f. T. the act of cording, tying, &c. [*stach*.]
An[sch]nubern, (w.) v. tr. to pile up like a
An[sch]nubern, (w.) v. refl. to become clear (of liquids).
*** An[sch]sve, *see* Anshove.**
An[sch]rauben, (w.) v. tr. to screw, screw on or up; *jum — (v. s.)* (fingerstift), for screwing on (up) for fastening with a screw.
An[sch]reden, (w.) v. tr. *Sport.* to frighten (by whistling at, &c.).
An[sch]reiben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to write down, put down, set down; (*mit Stifft*) to pencil down; 2) a) (*Einem etwas*) to put to one's account, to charge in one's bill; **Porte —**, to charge postage; **wir lassen nicht —**, we do not buy on credit; **b)** to book down; **Einen als Schuldner —**, to bring some one in one's books; **hoch angeschrieben stehen**, 1) (of debtors) to stand high in one's books; 2) or gut bei Einem angeschrieben stehen, *fig.* to be in favour, to stand well with one; to be in one's good books.
An[sch]reiben, v. s. (str.) n. 1) (the act of) writing down, &c.; 2) letter; written application: *Law.* *see* Recept.
An[sch]reiber, (str.) m. marker.

An[sch]reiben ..., in comp. —tafel, f. board, table; memorandum book, tablets: —tisch, m. scoring-table.
An[sch]reien, (str.) v. tr. 1) to cry, to call at; to call (out) to; to hail (a ship); 2) to hoot at.
An[sch]reiten, (str.) v. intr. 1) (*aux. sein*) *gener.* **angeschritten kommen**, to approach with long steps, to stalk; 2) to begin to stride.
An[sch]reite, (w.) f. Cloth. list, selvaige, wale.
An[sch]reien, (w.) v. tr. 1) to roll near (a caulk); 2) *Cloth.* to form the selvaige.
An[sch]reie, (str., pl. An[sch]reie) m. 1) *Gen.* first bowl (at ninepins); 2) any thing added (leaf of a table, &c.).
An[sch]reie, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) *see* Berstehen; 2) to ferrule, to shoe (piles); **II. refl.** to put on shoes or boots.
An[sch]reien, (w.) v. tr. *see* Berstehen.
An[sch]reie, (w.) f. charge, accusation.
An[sch]reie, (w.) v. tr. vulg. to push against.
An[sch]reie, (w.) v. tr. to pile against with a shovel.
An[sch]reie, (w.) f. *see* Ansticht.
An[sch]reie, (w.) v. tr. 1) to kindle, stir, poke, trim (the fire); 2) *fig.* to stir up.
An[sch]reie, (str., pl. An[sch]reie) m. 1) a) the act of wounding by shot, &c. *cf.* Anstehen; **b)** the place where the game was, when wounded; 2) first shoot; shooting first; 3) a) shooting, rushing, rush; im vollen — auf (with Acc.) *sein*, to be at full rush upon ...; **b)** *coll.* rheumatic attack; 4) a) — in Größellen, *Chem.* crystallization; **b)** *Med.* Ansticht, pl. grumous milk in the breasts of suckling mothers (*Widch.* *noten*). [*scratch-brush*.]
An[sch]reie, (str.) m. 1) first cut, cut: das Tuch ist hart im —, the cloth is a hard cut (*Not. & Gr.*); 2) nick, notch, scotch; 3) *Min.* statement of labour done; **der — halten:** a) to have such a statement certified by the burgo-master of the district; **b)** to pay miners their wages: **—bogen, m. *Min.* list of accounts: —buch, n. *Min.* book of accounts: —register, n. *see* —bogen; —schere, f. *Glaz.* small scissors.**
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An[sch]reiben, v. s. (str.) n. 1) (the act of) writing down, &c.; 2) letter; written application: *Law.* *see* Recept.
An[sch]reiber, (str.) m. marker.

swelling, rising (of a river, &c.); 2) a) bulge; b) *Med.* a swelling, intumescence; intumescence; tumour; 3) *Med.* swell.

Anfchwemmen, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to float to a place, to float down, &c.; 2) to form by alluvion; to deposit; *das angechwemmte Sand*, alluvium, deposition; *die angechwemmte Erde*, diluvium; *die angechwemmten Sandströme*, alluvial soil or earth.

Anfchwemmung, (*w.* f. 1) (the act of) floating to, &c.; 2) alluvion; diluvium, deposition.

Anfchwimmen, (*str.* v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to swim or float to, near.

Anfchwimeln, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to make giddy; 2) *fam.* to swindle.

Anfswirren, (*w.* v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly, buzz against.

Anfswören, (*w.* v. *tr.* *see* *Anfgeschwören*.

Anfswören, (*str.* v. *tr.* *see* *Zufschwören*.

Anfseilen, (*w.* v. *I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sail to, upon, or near; II. *tr.* 1) to make to (einen Hafen, a port), to touch at (a port); 2) (ein Schiff) —, to run aboard of a ship, to run foul of a ship. — **Anfseilung**, (*w.* f.) the making to a port, &c.

Ansehen, (*str.* v. *tr.* 1) to look at, on, upon, to behold, eye, to see; genau —, to examine closely; oberflächlich —, to take a hasty view of, to examine only superficially; *se. etwas von der rechten Seite* —, to look upon a thing from the right point of view; 2) a) (*also intr.*) to regard, to consider; b) to respect, esteem; *ich werde seine Wähe* —, I shall regard (spare) no trouble; c) *Script.* to look upon with partiality or approvingly; nun ersehre ich mit der Wahrheit, daß Gott die Verleumdung nicht ansehet (Acts 10, 34), of a truth I perceive that God is no respecter of persons; du, der du das Innere prüfest, sieh der Erlenkung an (*E. s. Klein*), thou who probe the heart, graciously behold the emotion of the soul; 3) es — auf (*with Acc.*), to aim at, have in view; ist es darauf angesehen? is that the object in view? 4) to look upon (als, für, as), to deem, to hold, take for; wir werden es als eine Ehre —, we shall regard it as an honour; 5) etwas mit —, a) to witness; b) to suffer, to let pass; ich kann nicht länger mit —, I cannot stand it any longer; das können wir ruhig mit —, we may be calm spectators of this affair, we may calmly await the issue; 6) einem etwas —, to perceive something in one; man sieht ihm an, daß er ein Ertüchteter ist, one may see by his appearance that he is an arrant rogue; man kann es nicht allen Seiten am Red — (*i. e.* was sie sind; *Schiller*, *Parasit* I, 7), one cannot tell every body by his clothes; man sieht ihm keine Noth an, he does not appear to be in want.

Ansehen, *gener. contr.* **Anfsehn**, (*str.* v. *n.* 1) the (act of) looking at...; look, sight; nicht des A-s werth, not worth looking at; 2) appearance; seeming; air, look; aspect; show; exterior; das Gesicht —, smartness; das Aßle —, unsightliness; 3) *see* *Ansehung*; 4) consideration, respect, credit, respectability; consequence, importance, interest, weight, authority; *Esseien durch Abprurten ein — geben*, to give articles an appearance by the finish, to dress up goods; col-s. *fid* (*Dat.*) ein — geben, to give one's self airs, to cut a figure; *Jemand gegenüber fid* (*Dat.*) ein — geben, to take state upon one; *affirm — nach*, to all appearance; ein befferes — gewinnen, to begin to look better; ein schlechtes — gewinnen, to begin to look very ill; das große — dieses Mannes, the great authority, the high standing of this man; in höhern — stehen, to be highly respected, to stand high in the opinion of others; wenig or kein — gewinnen, to enjoy little or no reputation; vor Gott gilt kein — der

Person, God has no respect to persons; *Jemand von — kennen*, to know one by sight.

Anfsehnlich, *I. adj.* 1) conspicuous, having a striking (or good, &c.) appearance; 2) stately, portly, &c.; 3) considerable, notable, respectable; eminent; of consequence, reputable; II. *Adj.* (*w.* f. 1) conspicuousness, &c.; 2) considerableness; importance.

Anfsehung, (*w.* f. consideration; in — (*with Gen.*), in consideration of, in regard of, in point of, on account of; as for, as to: in — daß..., *Loc.* seeing that, whereas, &c.

Anfsehn, (*w.* v. *tr.* *vulg.* to besiles.

Anfseilen, (*w.* v. *tr.* *see* *Einfseilen*.

Anfseilen, (*w.* v. *tr.* to tie up, leash (dogs).

Anfseugen, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to begin to singe, to singe; 2) to burn a little.

Anfsegen, *in comp.* — *Statt*, *n.* *Typ.* fly-leaf; — *Heß*, *n.* *Lock-sm.* shutter; *Small* cheek; — *Iselen*, *m.* *Gumm.* *see* *Anfseger*; 2) — *pappe*, *f.* *Bookb.* strong pasteboard; — *spigen*, *f.* *pl. Manuf.* tatting; — *stange*, *f.* *see* *Anfseger*; 3) — *Riß*, *n.* 1) *see* *Anfseger*; 2) — *Riß* (*pl.*) einer *Roppel*, belt-strap.

Anfsetzen, (*w.* v. *I. tr.* a) to set on, up, down, to put to, against, up; to deposit; to apply; b) to join, affix; to fasten, fix; c) *See* to sew to; d) *T.* to steel (iron); e) (*with an & Acc.*) *Bookb.* to glue (the covers) to... f) *Dy.* to prepare (die Ripe, the vat); 2) to put down to a person's account, to charge (in a bill); 3) to rate, tax; 4) *Gard.* to set, to plant; 5) to make the first stroke, cut, &c. (with any instrument, &c.); to begin; 6) (eine Zeit, einen Tag &c.) to fix, appoint; 7) *Math.* to express the meaning of (an algebraical problem) by mathematical signs and from the same to form an equation; *Heß* —, to breed flesh; *das Weßer* —, to give the first cut, to be about to make an incision, &c.; *den Spaten* —, to begin to dig; *die Feder* —, to put or to set pen to paper; *Ertstellung* —, *see* *Anfseger*, II. 5; die *Endung einer Kanone* —, *Gumm.* to ram home; *die Wandtaue* —, *Mar.* to set up the shrouds; *Samenkapfeln* —, to grow into seed-vessels, to boll; *Roß* —, to gather rust; *das Pobagru hat Knoten angeßet*, *Med.* the gout has formed knots, has settled in the joints; *Preße* —, to quote prices; *wie heß du mir das angeßet* (in *Rechnung* gebracht)? at what rate have you put it to me? *wie hoch ist wohl die Frucht angeßet*? at what figure may the freight be calculated? *zu niedrig* —, to under-rate; *zu hoch* —, to overstate; *doppelt* —, to double-charge; *jum öffentlichen Verkauf* —, to put up for public sale.

II. *intr.* 1) a) to make an onset, to take a run, to run for a leap; b) *angeßet* *femmen*, to come rushing on; 2) to try; to begin; c) to grow fat; 3) *Vol.* to conceive (of mares).

III. *refl.* 1) to be deposited; to adhere, to stick to; 2) *Mün.* to continue; 3) (*n. u. for fid* *setzen*) to settle, establish.

IV. *v. s. (str.) n.* 1) *Phys.* accretion; 2) *Med.* (von *Heiß*) incarnation; 3) *Chem.* efflorescence, efflorescency.

Anfseger, (*str.* m. 1) *see* *Zreibesen*; 2) *Gumm.* rammer.

Anfsetzen, (*w.* f. 1) the act of putting, applying to, &c.; 2) thing set, joined, applied to; 3) *Surg.* (künstliche) prosthesis; 4) appointment, &c.

Anfseßgen, (*w.* v. *tr.* to sigh at...

Anfseßgen, *v. s. (str.) n.* *fig.* command of temper; forbearance.

Anfseht, (*w.* f. 1) inspection; survey; 2) sight, prospect, view; *hintere* —, back-view; — *von der Seite*, side-view; 3) opinion; insight; notion; *zu Thre* (gütigen) —, for your (kind) personal or inspection; *bei — dieße*, *Comm.* on receipt of the present, at or after sight; *Thre persönliche* — *der Eßte* wird es

bestätigen (*Nob. & Gr.*), an inspection by you of the goods will confirm it; *nach — der Proben*, after a sight of the samples (patterns); *Threger* — *senden*, to send books for one's inspection; *bei — des Weßels* war ich erst im *Beßriffe* ihn nicht anzunehmen, when the bill was presented, I was at first inclined to refuse acceptance.

Anfsehtig, *adj.* having sight of a thing; (*eines Gegenstandes* or *einen Gegenstand*) — *werden*, to get a sight of, to see; *jobald er mirner — wurde*, as soon as he caught sight of me.

Anfseht..., *in comp.* — *felte*, *f.* forepart, front; — *tafel*, *f.* tables, tablets; — *zeichnung*, *f.* scenography.

Anfseßern, (*w.* v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to settle (of liquids).

Anfseßeln, (*w.* f. settlement.

Anfseßeln, (*w.* v. *refl.* to settle, establish.

Anfseßlung, (*w.* f. settlement, plantation; establishment.

Anfseßen, (*str.* & *v.* *tr.* to prepare by boiling; *Med.* to mix (a metal or ore) with lead by smelting.

Anfseßer, (*str.* m. settler, colonist.

Anfseßeln, (*w.* v. *tr.* to fix with sealing-wax.

Anfseßeln, (*w.* v. *tr.* to fasten (the decoy bird) to the tether-string (*see* *Eßle*). [song]

Anfseßgen, (*str.* v. *tr.* to welcome with a

Anfseßgen, (*str.* v. *tr.* *Einem etwas*, to expect one to do a thing, &c., to demand or to exact a thing from... &c., *see* *Zumuthen*;

II. *str.* n. or *Anfseßung*, (*w.* f. *see* *Zumuthung*.

Anfseßern, (*w.* v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *Minor* &c. to settle like stalactical deposits.

Anfseß, *I. (str.) m.* 1) a) landed property; settled abode; b) *provinc.* country-house; 2) *Sport.* *see* *Anfseß*; 3) *Mün.* the beginning of a shaft; II. *in comp.* — *arßet*, *f.* *see* *Anfseß*; 3) — *punct*, *m.* place where the shaft opens.

Anfseßen, (*str.* v. *intr.* 1) to sit fast, to stick or cleave to; to be settled or domiciliated; 2) *Mün.* to commence opening a shaft.

Anfseß, (*str.* m. *see* *Anfseß*.

+ **Anfseß**, *adv.* *see* *Conß*.

Anfseßern, (*w.* v. *tr.* *see* *Anfseßeln*.

Anfseßeln, (*irr.* v. *I. tr.* to split a little;

II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to split, begin to split.

Anfseßeln, (*str.* m. *drab.* draught-cattle;

2) *soage* — *service* to be performed by draught.

Anfseßern, (*w.* v. *tr.* 1) to put (the horse)

to harness, to put in yoke; *intr.* *der Fuhrmann wird sogleich* —, the carrier will put the horses to immediately; *laß —*, have the horses put to, get the coach ready, order the coach; *es ist angeßenn*, the horses are to or are put to; 2) a) to strain, stretch; to bend (a spring); b) to urge on, compel (one); c) to strain, exert (every nerve, &c.).

Anfseßner, (*str.* m. a farmer who possesses draught-cattle.

Anfseßung, (*str.* pl. *U-güter*) n. tenement of a certain class of soagers, *see* *Anfseßner*, 2.

Anfseßung, (*w.* f. 1) the putting the horses to, &c.; 2) *fig.* exertion, straining; 3) *Hydr.* stowing, retaining (of water).

Anfseßeln, (*str.* v. *tr.* to spit at or upon.

Anfseßeln, (*w.* v. *tr.* to spike.

Anfseßel, (*str.* n. *Gam.* innings.

Anfseßeln, (*w.* v. *I. intr.* *Gam.* to play

first; *Eie* *seßeln* an, you have the hand (lead); 2) *fig.* (*with auf & Acc.*) to allude (to); to hint (at); to reflect on; *er seßte sich auf die Eße* an, he hinted distantly at the matter;

II. *tr.* (*Gam.*) to lead (a card, &c.); *eine Karte* —, to lead a suit (at cards).

Anfseßung, (*w.* f. *fig.* allusion, hint; *eine*

seße —, a sly allusion; *eineplumpe* —, a coarse insinuation.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to spit, broach: to put upon the spit; to pierce with a spear; to empale (a punishment in the East).

Ansprechen, (*str.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to spin together, spin to; 2) to begin to spin; 3) *Ag.* to begin (a narrative, correspondence, &c.); 4) to contrive, lay (a plot, conspiracy), *cf.* Ansetzen; 5) to cause: *II. refl.* 1) to spin or fasten the web on to; 2) to originate, begin.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to point, to furnish with a point; *T. & Mor.* to splice (a rope); wieder —, to now-point. [*rope*].

Ansplitten, (*v.*) *s. tr. Mor.* to splice (a rope); *Ansplitteln*, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to splinter, begin to split; *II. intr.* (*aus. fein*) to splinter, shiver against.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to clap (put) spurs to; 2) *Ag.* to spur on; to stir up to incite.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *f.* (the act of) spurring on, &c. incitement.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to address mockingly, to mock at, to jeer.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *f.* 1) address, speech; 2) *Law*, legal claim; 3) *Mus.* intonation, sound; die Geige hat ringe gut —, the violin sounds easily; *jur.* — bringen, to intone, to regulate the intonation of...; *cf.* Ansprechen lassen.

Ansprechzimmer, (*str.*) *n.* (front) parlour.

Ansprechen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to accost, address; 2) *Sport.* to call; 3) *Law*, to indite; 4) *Ag.* to please, to interest; to touch; 5) *a)* cited —, to lay claim to, to claim, to appeal to (one's assistance, &c.), to require; 6) (Einen) um (with Acc.) —, to beg (something of), ask (one) for; *II. intr.* 1) (bei Eincem) to call (on), to look in (upon one); 2) *Mus.* to give (emit) a sound, to sound; gut, leicht —, to have a good, easy touch; 3) *see* Angehen, III. 2; 4) *refl.* — lassen, to volée the pipe of an organ; 5) —, *v. s. (str.) n.* 1) the act of speaking to, &c.; 2) *Sport.* calling or sporting nomenclature; 3) *p. a.* pleading, prepossessing.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to fix by spreading out; *II. refl.* to sprawl against, to place one's hands and feet firmly against.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *n. An. Law*, plaintiff; defendant.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to begin to burst, blast; 2) to make to strike against; to drive against (by explosion); 3) *a)* to cause to run or to spring forward; to put (a horse) into a gallop; 4) to ride against in full speed; 5) to besprinkle, to wet, to water; *II. intr.* (*aus. fein*) (*germ.* ansprenge fommen) to approach or sweep along in full gallop.

Ansprechen, (*str.*) *v. intr. I.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to begin to spring, to leap, or to jump; 2) (with an & Acc.) to bounce (against), fly (against); 3) to crack, burst a little; *II. (aus. haben)* to take the first leap, to leap first.

Ansprechen, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to besprinkle, splash, dash, or spatter (with a liquid, as dirty water, &c.); *II. intr.* (*aus. fein*) to splash, to be dashed against.

† **Ansprechig**, *adj.* litigious..

Ansprech, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ansprech*) *m.* 1) address, act of speaking to; 2) claim, pretension, demand, title (auf, an (with Acc.), to); *Ansprech* an die Concursmasse, claims on a bankrupt's estate; — auf etwas machen, or etwas in — nehmen, *a)* to claim (a thing); an Eincem, from one), to pretend or to lay claim to; to demand; to come in for; *b)* to take up, occupy, tax; es wird gerumme Zeit in — nehmen, it will require a considerable time; Jemandes Hilfe in — nehmen, to call in one's assistance; auf etwas — haben, to be entitled to; wir müssen Eie deshalb or dafür in — nehmen, we are obliged to hold you responsible for it.

Ansprech, ..., *in comp.* —frei, *adj.* 1) free from claims; 2) or *a-lid*, unpretending, unassuming; *Ansprechig*, (*v.*) *f.* unpretending-

ness; *a-lid*reich, *a-lid*woll, *adj.* pretensions; *Ansprech*, *f.* *Law*, petition, petitory action.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to sputter at or into one's face; *II. intr.* to bubble or spout against.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to fly at in sparks.

Ansprech, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ansprech*) *m.* 1) (the act of) leaping at, &c.; 2) *Med.* milk-scab, scorch.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *see* Anspren.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to spin a thread to.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* (with an & Acc.) to ripple against, wash, or touch upon; *II. tr.* to wash earth, &c. ashore, to float or carry to a shore or bank, to deposit.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *f.* alluvion; wash.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to fix to, or to fasten with a prick; 2) *Ag.* to goad on, to instigate.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to provide with a steel point or edge, to steel.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *f.* 1) preparation, regulation, disposition, order, direction; zu — — machen, to-n treffen, to make preparations (arrangements) for...; 2) institution, establishment; 3) contrivance.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to address stammering.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* only used in the *pp.* Angehtamt, which *see*.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to ram, beat against.

Ansprech, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ansprech*) *m.* 1) *Sport.* stand; auf dem — sein, to be at a standing, to be in the shooting-stand; 2) *Man.* carriage of a horse; 3) *a)* good grace, gracefulness; deportment, address, behaviour, demeanour; 4) decency; propriety, decorum; dem geistlich-liden — juniber, contrary to (at variance with) mercantile usage (*Mod. & Gr.*); 4) *a)* delay, pause, demur, suspense, suspension; die rache Erledigung wird sein — haben, there will be no delay in bringing this matter to a close; im — lassen, to put off, to delay; im — sein, to be put off; von meiner Seite soll es sein — haben, I will not be the cause of its being delayed; 5) *Law*, *an* vacancies (in some parts of Germany); 6) respite (granted by the court to poor creditors); 6) hesitation, doubt; — nehmen or haben, to pause, hesitate; to have doubts, to doubt.

Ansprech, *I. adj.* 1) acceptable, suitable, convenient; ist Ihnen der Preis so —? does this price suit you? do you find this price acceptable? 2) decent, becoming, fit, fitting, suitable, seemly, proper; honest, respectable; manly; das e- Betragen, good manners; (bei Männern) gentlemanly bearing; (bei Frauenzimmer) ladylike behaviour, propriety of conduct; col- e. ich bet cisen sehr e-n Preis, I offered a very fair price; eine recht e- Forderung, from a very pretty demand, indeed! *II. W-felt*, (*v.*) *f.* becomingness, convenience; decency, propriety, respectability.

Ansprech, ..., *in comp.* —brief, *m. Law*, letter of respite (of grace); —geld, *n. Law*, debts not excluded from official respite; —leche, *f.* instruction in good manners; —reuen, *f. pl.* Theat. parts requiring a noble deportment; —schirm, *m. Sport.* screen (used in staking); —seil, *adj.* graceful; —würdig, *adj.* informal.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to prop up with sticks, to stick.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to pile, store up; *II. intr.* (*aus. fein*) *aus.* angeheißt fommen, to come stalking along.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to starch a little.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to stare at or upon, to glare upon, gaze at.

Ansprech, *I. prep.* with *Gen.* instead, in lieu, in the place (room) of; by way of, for; *II. comp.* instead; — dies zu thun, or — daß er dies that, instead of doing this.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. intr.* (*aus. fein*) to get covered with dust. [*dust*].

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to bedust, cover with dust; *Ansprech*, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to pen (the water).

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to gaze at, stare at or upon, to make a wonder of, to wonder at; *a-werth*, *a-würdig*, *adj.* prodigious, admirable.

Ansprech, ..., *in comp.* —bohrer, *m.* piercer, tap-borer; —eisen, *n.* *Found.* rake; stopper; opening-tool.

Ansprech, (*str.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to prick; 2) *a)* to broach, pierce, tap; 3) to open, to begin to take from; 4) to fix, stitch to; 4) *Mar.* to fetch (a pump); *angesprech*, *adj.* tipsy; *angesprech* fommen, *from.* to approach, draw near (with stalking steps, &c.); fommst du nicht damit angesprech? do you talk like this again? *II. intr.* *Found.* to open the furnace.

Ansprech, ..., *in comp.* —drusel, *m.* *pl.* sham sleeves; —bohrer, *m.* piercer, tap-borer.

Ansprech, (*str.*) *n.* *see* Ansprechengegit.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to stick or put on; 2) to pin, fasten, to stick on (upon); to tack; 3) to infect, to taint, poison; *angesprech* Obst, unseasoned fruit; 4) to light, set fire to; 5) *p. a.* contagious, infectious, epidemic, corruptive, catching.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the act of sticking on, &c.; 2) *Med.* contagion, infection, communication; *Ansprech*, or *Ansprech*, *m.* contagious or infectious matter, virus; vom *Ansprech* reinigen, to disinfect.

Ansprech, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to stand near or close (to, an (with *Dat.*)), to be contagious; 2) (with *Dat.*) *a)* to become, become, suit; 3) *besprech* sich sehr thurn gut an, this dress fits you very well; *besprech* sich thurn sehr wohl an, that becomes you very well; 4) *es* steht ihm über an, it ill becomes him, it looks ill on his part; 5) to please, to suit; das stand ihm nicht an, that did not suit or satisfy him; das steht mir nicht an, that is not to my taste, I don't like it; 3) *Ag.* *a)* to linger, waver; to doubt, hesitate, scruple; (bei etw.) to stick at, to pause at or upon (a thing); 5) to be delayed, deferred or put off; es stand nicht lange an, so sah ich ihn fommen, it was not long before I saw him coming; — lassen, to forbear, to postpone, delay, defer; lassen Eie die Besprechung fommen Wagniß — (*Mod. & Gr.*); let the insurance be effected without a moment's delay; lassen wir es damit noch —, let us (still) postpone (defer) it; 4) *Law*, to be appointed (of days of appearance, hearings); 5) *Sport.* to be at the stand, *see* Wustand; 1) *a-b*, *p. a.* *Def.* contagious; confluent.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* to stiffen; *II. refl.* to put one's feet firmly against, *cf.* Estramen, *II.*

Ansprech, *I. (str.) v. intr.* (*aus. fein*) to rise, ascend, step up; *angesprech* fommen, to come stalking along; *II. s. (str.) n.* *Engl.* ascending slope, acclivity.

Ansprech, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* an inferior kind of ore which in the process of smelting loses in quantity but gains in quality.

Ansprech, (*v.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to place, put to or next; to apply; 2) to place, employ, appoint, instate; to install; 3) to arrange, institute, to set in operation or on foot (inquiries, &c.); to commence, begin, prepare, make, try (experiments, &c.); eine Besprechung —, to draw a parallel; 4) to contrive, plot; Böses —, to do or breed mischief; (Betrachtungen) to make reflections; 5) *Dy.* to prepare (the vat); *Comm.* to offer (for sale); *II. refl.* 1) *Sport.* to lie in wait for; 2) *a)* (with *ju*) to act about (a thing); 5) to assume a certain manner; to behave, conduct one's self; sich freundlich —, to assume a kind manner, to pretend kindness; sich jämmerlich —, to cut a deplorable figure;

sch ungeschickt —, a) to set about a thing awkwardly; b) to pretend ignorance: *sch als ein Narr* —, to play the fool: *sch — als ob ...*, to do, to make a pretence as if ...

Anfänglich, I. *adj.* apt, able, skilful, handy; qualified; II. *W.-feil*, (*w.*) *f.* aptness, &c.

Anfängling, (*w.*) *f.* employment: 1) appointment; 2) situation.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to start, push, press against; II. *refl.* see *Anfänger*, II.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) with *Dat.*: to devolve on, or fall to ... by death.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to steer towards.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) the act of piercing or breaching, *cf.* *Anfänger*; 2) (of fruit) the worm-bite; 3) — *maßen*, *Pfund*, to open the furnace: — *rohr*, *n.* secondary or lateral tube.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Stichter*, II.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to join or add to a piece of embroidery.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to drift, be driven along against; to sweep against; 2) see *Anfänger*.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. & refl.* *ind.* to put on boots; II. see *Anfänger*, II.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stare at, to glare

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to contrive, cause, raise, occasion, excite; to make do; 2) to induce, to egg or set on, to instigate; *Law*, to abet; to suborn (false witnesses); *bas* —, *v. a. (adv.)* *n.* the act of contriving, &c.; instigation; *auf bas* — *einer* *Unzufriedenen*, by (at) the instigation of some malcontents.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.*, *Anfängerin*, (*w.*) *f.* instigator: (prime) mover, setter-on, contriver; author; originator; *Law*, abettor; sub-
orner.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* see *Anfänger*, *v. a.*

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strike up; to pitch (a tune); to (begin to) tune, intonate, sound, sing; to set; to begin (a hymn, lamentation, &c.); to lead the choir; *stimmt an den ersten Grundschlag*, *poet.* commence the merry roundelay. — *Anfänger*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the striking up, &c.; 2) intonation.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to be offensive to one's self; *fig.* to be offensive, extremely disagreeable to.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to get mouldy, nasty.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to groan at.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to stumble against: *angefallener* *fohlen*, to come stumbling or stalking along.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stuff, to fill, to cram; *Stoch*, to stuff or fill (the balls).

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stir up (to), incite.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *pl.* *Anfänger* *m.* the act of knocking or striking against, &c., *cf.* *Anfänger*; shock; appulse; impetus; push; 2) check, impediment; hesitation, doubt; offence, see *Anfänger*; — *nehmen*, to take umbrage (an (*with Dat.*), at); *Stirn des W.-es*, *fig.* stumbling-block, stumbling-stone; 3) *Med.* fit, access; 4) *Bak.* kissing-crust; 5) a) *Tud.* eking-piece; b) *Archit.* see *Anfänger*; c) *Corp.* jump-joint; butt-joint; — *essen*, *n.* see *Reibblech*; — *setzen*, *f.* *Tud.* reentering; — *setzen*, *f.* *Gum.* iron clout.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to strike, knock, push, thrust on, or against; mit *Jemandem* —, or mit *den Gläsern* or *die Gläser* —, to touch glasses, to clink the glasses together (in drinking the health of one, &c.); to hob-nob: *darauf* —, to hob-nob it; *auf Bräutigam* —, to hob-nob it as full brothers; *trinken* *die*, *stoßen* *die* mit *mir* an, come, clink your glass with me; *lassen* *die* und *auf die Freiheit* —, let us drink "Liberty" 2) *Join.* to join, unite; 3) *Sport.* to announce the beginning of (the chase) by blowing the bugle-horn; 4) *Min.* see *Anfänger*; 5) *Tud.* to reenter, to fine-draw:

6) *Med.* to invade, attack; was *stößt* *dir* an? what is the matter with you? II. *intr.* 1) to stumble, strike, or run against; to bump up against, to jostle (an (*with Acc.*), gegen); *die* *Stute* *stößt* *im* *Stiefeln* *an* *einander* an, men jostle as they meet in the dark; 2) mit *der* *Junge* or *im* *Reben* —, to lisp, stammer, hesitate in speaking; to speak thick; 3) to border, confine upon, to be adjacent, contiguous; to reach, touch; 4) (*with* *Wider*, or *gegen*) to give offence, to shock; a-b, p. a. contiguous, adjacent.

† *Anfänger*, (*adv.*) *m.* next neighbour.

Anfänger, I. *adj.* (*with Dat.*) giving offence (to), displeasing; objectionable, exceptionable; indecent; offensive; scandalous; e-
Pierde, blundering, stumbling horses; e-
Obst, bruised fruit; II. *W.-feil*, (*w.*) *f.* offensiveness, &c. [meringly.]

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to address stam-

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cast rays, shine, gleam on, upon; to glance at; *fig.* to beam on, illumine. [ran aground.]

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to to *Anfänger*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to yoke; to fasten with or to cords.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* (*pl.* *Anfänger*) centripetal power (*opp.* *Anfänger*).

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to strive towards; (*with* *gegen*) to strive against; to oppose; 2) *Phys.* to gravitate; II. *tr.* to aspire to ..., to endeavour to obtain.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* *Mech.* strain, stress (of engines).

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strain.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to paint, to varnish (over), colour: (*mit* *Ther*) to tar: *weiß* —, to whiten, to white-wash; 2) to mark (with a stroke); 3) (*Einen* *etwas*) *fig.* *vulg.* to remind, put to one's score, punish one for; *ich* *will* *es* *dir* *schon* —, I shall be sure to punish you for it; II. *intr.* (*with* *an* (*Acc.* & *Dat.*)) to touch (slightly), to graze, to be contiguous to; *Nus.* to pass the bow over the strings so as to make them sound; *conf.* to scrape.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* (house-)painter, white-washer.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* brush of a painter, pastry-cook, &c.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Anfänger*, II.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to strain, to stretch, to exert; alle *Sträfte* —, to strain every nerve, to strive hard; *seinen* *Beruf* —, to strain one's wits, to set one's brains to work; *Einen* —, to fatigue a person; zu *stark* —, to overwork; *das* *strenge* *die* *Gasse* *sich* an, that is a heavy drain on the funds; II. *refl.* 1) to make (every) effort; to strive, to exert one's self; *sich* *vergeblich* —, to labour in vain, to no purpose; *sich* *übermäßig* —, to overwork or overexert one's self; er *mußte* *sich* *sich* —, seine *Verpflichtungen* zu erfüllen, he had to strain all his means to meet his engagements; 2) *fam. & iron.* to be liberal, to stretch a point; *angestrengt*, p. a. intensive, intense.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* exertion, effort, intense labour, fatigue; struggle: (*jum* *Er-brüden*) *heave*.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to strew near or on; to sprinkle with.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) paint, painting, wash; dye; coat; 2) tint, colour, varnish; hue; 3) *fig.* appearance, air (of melancholy, &c.), touch, tinge, tincture, smattering (of learning, &c.); *einen* — *geben*, to colour, varnish over; to palliate, to set off to the best advantage, to set a fine gloss (upon). [strokes.]

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark with small

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to join by knitting: *Strümpfe* —, to foot stockings.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to curry, smooth

with a curry-comb (the hair of a horse. *cinem* *Pferde* *die* *Haare*).

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) (dicht) to stream close to; to flow near: (*with* *an* & *Acc.*) to wash; 2) *fig.* to crowd near, flock; II. *tr.* see *Anfänger*, II.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Anfänger*, II.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* T. silver-box, breaking-frame (*Karm.*). [coner.]

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* *Wass.*, &c. piecer, pie-

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *n.* eking-piece: append-
age.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put, lean against; *Stiefel* —, to new-top boots.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to storm (gegen, an (*with* *Acc.*), *sc.* at or against), to rush upon, against, to make an onset; an *eine* *Thür* —, to thunder at a door.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *pl.* *Anfänger* *m.* violent approach, shock, collision.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to throw against; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) *with* *an* (*Acc.*) 1) to tumble against; 2) to rush upon.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to look at with surprise.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to prop; II. *refl.* to lean against, to support one's self against.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* *Sport.* the place where the track of game first appears.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. haben*) to apply, ask (*um* (*with* *Acc.*), for); to solicit, request, petition, sue, to seek to for; II. *v. a. (adv.)* *n.* application, &c. *cf.* *Anfänger*; auf-
(*Acc.*), at the request (suit) of ..., on applica-
tion.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* (*in* (*w.*) *f.*) applicant, solicitor (solicitor), suitor (sultress); petitioner, claimant.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* application, solicitation, suit, request, instigation, petition; *W.-*
schreiben, *n.* petition; *Law*, requisition.

Anfänger, (*adv.*) *m.* *Dy.* a scouring.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to soil, dirty; to daub

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to accu-
mulate, sum up.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*aus. sein*) to buzz against.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sweeten, to make sweet; *Chem.* to edulcorate.

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *ant.*, see *Ge-
ner*, *Wider* *der*. [a ship.]

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to rig, to equip

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antagonie* (*Chem.* *Stoff*).

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Phys.* re-
flection (of light); reverberation (of sound).

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to begin to dance, to dance first, to lead off in dancing; 2) (*with* *sein*) (*angestant* *fohlen*) to approach dancing; II. *tr.* *sich* (*Dat.*) *die* *Schwindel* —, to dance one's self into a consumption.

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antagonie* (*Chem.* *Stoff*).

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to grope against; knock against; *leiste* —, to tap, to pat; II. *tr.* (*i. u.*) to lay hold of awkwardly.

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Phys.* & *Geogr.* antarctic.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to touch, handle; 2) *fig.* to attack, invade; to tamper with, to question, dispute; to hurt; injure (a person's reputation); to impugn (a person's veracity).

Anfänger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to tumble, reel against (*with* *an* & *Acc.*); 2) (*angestant* *fohlen*) to approach reeling.

Anfänger, (*w.*) *f.* (*provinc.*) see *Anfänger*.

* *Antagonist*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to ante-
date. [vian.]

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Lat.* *antodila-*

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antodila-*

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antodila-*

* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antodila-*

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* *Antagonist*, (*adv.*) *Gr.* *antodila-*

part: *vulg.* snack; 2) *fig.* sympathy, interest; — nehmen (*with Dat.*), a) to take a share or to participate in; b) *fig.* to take an interest in ..., to feel sympathy for: — haben, to bear a share, to be concerned (*bet, in*); gleichen — haben, to be upon even terms with one; der gleiche — der Väter, *Law*, coparceny: *Comm.* — am Gewinn eines Geschäftes, a percentage upon the profits of a business; auf halbem — (*Ital. conto a metà*), on half account; einen namhaften — beitragen, to contribute a considerable amount, or to a considerable degree; — haben an einer Firma, to be partner in a firm; II. *in comp.* — frei, *adj.* neutral; — haben, *m.* participant; shareholder.

Ant'heillos, *adj.* neutral; indifferent. — *Ant'heilslosigkeit*, (*v. f.*) *n.* neutrality, &c.

Ant'heil ..., *in comp.* — mäßig, *adj.* proportionate (to the share); — teilen, *m.* *Comm.* see *Antic.*

* *Ant'helmintisch*, *adj.* (*Gr.*) anthelmintic (*Wurmwidrig*).

* *Ant'he're*, (*v. f.*) (*Gr.*) see *Staubbeutel*.

* *Anth'ollis*, (*str. & v.*) *m.* *Pl.* antholite.

* *Anth'ologie*, (*v. f.*) (*Gr.*) anthology.

* *Anth'olog'isch*, *adj.* anthological.

* *Anth'ophyllit*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Miner.* anthophyllite: (*blättriger*) bronzoite.

* *Anthracit*, (*str.*) (*Lat.*) *m.* *Miner.* anthracite (*Glanzkohle*). [*fein*].

* *Anthracit'ion*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) see *Schwe-*

* *Anth'ropo* ..., (*Gr.*) *in comp.* — itig, (*str. & v.*) *m.* *Petr.* anthropolite: — itig, (*v.*) *m.* anthropologist; — logie, (*v. f.*) *m.* anthropology; — morphie, (*v. f.*) *m.* anthropomorphy: — phag, (*v. f.*) *m.* see *Wienchenfresser*.

* *Anth'ru'm*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put on; to don; an'gehan, *p. a.* clad, attired; 2) (*Einem etwas*) a) to hurt; to do to; b) to show, offer (*Gewalt* it., violence, &c., to), commit (upon); *fig.* Zwang or Gewalt —, to put under constraint (*with Acc.*), to exercise a restraint on or over; c) to bring disgrace upon, to inflict; 3) *Mar.* (das Land) to make (the land); (*einen Hafen*) to touch at (a port); to stand in for (a harbour); to constrain one's self; sich (*Dat.*) ein Leib or den Leib —, to lay hands upon one's self, to make away with one's self; sie hat mir's angethan, *coll.* she has bewitched me; dazu angethan sein, to be calculated.

* *Ant'it* ..., (*Gr.*) *in comp.* anti ...: — abelitionit'ic, anti-abolitionist.

* *Ant'ischambri'ren* [*pr.* — (schambri'—)], (*v.*) *v. intr.* (*Fr.*) to wait or to attend in the antichambers (of great men, in expectation of being admitted to audience); *coll.* to dance attendance (bet, upon).

* *Ant'it* ..., *in comp.* — krit', (*str.*, *pl.* *com-*

* *Ant'it'ism* [*v.*] *m.* Antichrist; — crit', *f.* countercritique; — pathie, (*v. f.*) *Med.* antipathy, natural aversion; — phlogist'isch, *adj.* *Med.*, &c. antiphlogistic; — ps'ben, (*v. m.*) *pl.* *Geogr.* antipodes; — the'te, *f.* *Gramm.* antithesis; — the'tisch, *adj.* antithetical.

* *Anticipa'tio*, (*Lat.*) by anticipation: — bezahlen, *Comm.* to pay on account; to draw in anticipation or in advance; — (be)zahl'ung, *f.* payment previous to maturity; payment on account, in advance.

* *Anticipa'tion*, (*v. f.*) 1) anticipation; 2) see *Anticipanzahlung*.

* *Anticipa'tion*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* to anticipate; anticipir'et'isch, *Comm.* a draft or bill paid before maturity.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* see *Antippen*.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to sound.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, *i. adj.* (*Lat.*) antique; II. *n.* — t, (*v. f.*) *f.* antiquity; antique work.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, (*v. f.*) *pl.* *Geogr.* Antilles, the Leeward Islands; die kleinen —, the smaller West India Islands; — meer, *n.* Caribbean sea; das ant'ic'ische Brasilienholz, *Comm.* savin.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, (*v. f.*) (*Gr.*) *Zool.* antelope (*Antilope* L.).

* *Ant'im'ion*, (*str.*) (*Antim'ionum*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Min.* antimony, stibium (*Spießglanz*); *Chem.* — oxyd, *m.* oxyd of antimony: a — itig, *adj.* stibial, antimonial; — saure, *f.* antimonious acid; — saure Salz, *n.* antimoniate.

* *Ant'ic'ien*, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Antioch.

* *Ant'ippen*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* to touch lightly, to tap.

* *Ant'iqua*, (*f.*) (*Lat.*) *Typ.* Roman: — (drift, *f.* Roman character, primer; große —, great primer; double canon.

* *Ant'iquar*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Wörterbuchs-*

forcher; 2) second-hand book-seller, dealer in second-hand books.

* *Ant'iquar'at*, (*str.*) *n.* the business of a second-hand book-seller (*Antiquar*).

* *Ant'iqua'r'isch*, *adj.* relative to an Antiquar

ge. 2: ich habe das Buch — gekauft, I bought the book second-hand.

* *Ant'iquität'en*, (*v. f.*) *pl.* antiquities; an-

tiquities: — kenne, — kenne, *m.* old curiosity shop.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *n.* (†) *, face (*Angesicht*); — felle, *f.* front-side.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (ange-

toht kommen) to approach with a roaring noise; II. *tr.* & *intr.* to roar, thunder against.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) (*Lat.*) *Antonia* (*Antonia*) (*P. N.*): *Antonia*, *Antonia*, *f.* Antonia (*P. N.*): *Antonia*, *n.* *Herold* cross of the order of St. Anthony; *n.* *Antonia*, *n.* *Antonia* St. Anthony's

fire, wild fire.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to begin to sound; to sound to. [*Antia'men*].

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) see

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*with* *an* & *Acc.*) to foam, roar against, to rush on.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trot on; (angetrabt kommen) to come trotting on, to approach trotting.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Ant'it'ig*) *m.* offer, pro-

position, proposal, tender; *Purl.* motion; einen — stellen, to bring forward a motion, to move; der — wurde nicht angenommen, the motion was negative: — steller, *m.* mover, proponent, proposer; *n.* — steller, *n.* initiative.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *v. f.* 1) to bear, carry, bring near; 2) to propose, to offer, proffer, tender; II. *intr.* *with* *auf* & *Acc.*, to desire that, &c., to make a motion, to move for ..., to second.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) an-

getrump't it. kommen, to come on, to approach tramping.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* to marry; to unite

in wedlock (a woman to a man).

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to drop, trickle upon, to.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to drop, drip on, at, against.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *v. f.* 1) to meet or fall

in with; 2) to catch, find; auf tr'iffen'st du —, to take in the act (*betreffen*).

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *n.* *Metall.* wood used for the refining furnace.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *v. f.* 1) to drive on,

near, to push on; to set or hurry forward; 2) a) *Coop.* to fasten (hoops); b) *Ship* — b. to wring (the planks); c) *Typ.* to drive up or on (wedges, &c.); d) *Wag.* to fasten (the shoe of a horse); e) *Min.* to tub (a shaft); f. *Join.* to drive (a warped board); g) *fig.* *Einem* zu etwas —, to urge on, incite, actuate, stimulate, prompt, impel, egg, spur on; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (an-

getrieben kommen) to come driving near, on, against, to drift or float ashore, &c.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *m.* driver, inciter, im-

peller. [*on*: *fig.* urging on.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *f.* the act of driving

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *v. f.* 1) to tread fast

(as earth about a tree, &c.); 2) to approach, to step up to, to accost, address; to ask (*um* *with* *Acc.*), for; 3) *cine* *Grüßhaft* —, to take possession of an inheritance; 4) to set out, to set forth on (a journey, &c.); to enter on or upon (one's functions, &c.); to begin, commence; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) a) to step up; b) *Mar.* to fall in; (*zum Tanzen*) to take one's place; (*zum Fechten*) to take one's position; c) to enter on one's functions or duties; das Dienstmädchen wird morgen —, the servant (maid) will enter service to-morrow; bei *Einem* —, to call on one.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) (*the act of*) treading fast, &c. *f.* *Ant'it'ig* & *Ant'it'ig*

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the drifting or float-

ing near, &c. *f.* *Ant'it'ig*; 2) a) impulse, im-

pulsion, incentive, incitement, urging, stimu-

lus; call, encouragement; b) motive, inclina-

tion; der natürliche —, instinct; aus *Einem* *n.* of one's own free will or accord, spontaneously.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *v. f.* 1) *intr.* to begin to

drink, to drink first; II. *refl.* to drink hard, to

fill one's self with drink; to get a little tipsy.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to

trip near.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Man.* racking pace,

amble (of a horse); 2) a) *Typ.* footstep (of

a printing press); b) *Sport.* a dry tree close

to the decoy ground for the birds to light on;

c) *Corp.* the first step, entrance stair (of a stair-

case); d) †, entrance-room (*Verkauf*); 3) a) a

beginning, commencement, entering on, en-

trance, accession to, assuming of; b) setting

out, &c., outset of life.

* *Ant'it'ig* ..., *in comp.* — ant'ig, *f.* the

first audience of an ambassador, &c.; — geit,

n. entrance-money; — maß, *n.* see — schritt;

— preigt, *f.* entrance-sermon; — rebe, *f.* first

address, speech, inaugural address; — schritt,

m. installation-dinner.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to

adhere or cleave to something by drying on

it; to dry on; 2) to begin to dry.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aux.*

haben) to begin to drum, to drum at, against;

(angetrommelt kommen) to approach drumming.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)

to touch lightly with a sponge, with the finger, &c.

(*Antippen*).

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*, *pl.* *n.* *vögel*), *m.* *provinc.*

wild duck (milbe Gnte); drake (*Enten*).

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Antwort.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *f.* answer, reply (*auf* *with*

Acc.), to; — (schicken), to send word; *cine* — geben,

to make, give, return an answer; *zur* — geben,

to answer; *Rebe* und — geben, to account (for,

über *with* *Acc.*); um — wird gebeten, an answer

will oblige in — auf *with* *Acc.*, *Comm.* in

reply to ...; statt aller —, instead of making a

reply; *keine* — ist auch eine —, proverb, no

answer is an assent; — (schreiben), *n.* answer,

reply, letter in answer; — (schreiben), *f.* *Lat.*

reply; die zweite —, rejoinder; *n.* *Geogr.* *n.* *Typ.* response.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* & *auf* *etwas*

Acc.) to answer, reply; (*ip'ig*, *beig'ig*) to

repartee; *Einem* *auf* *etwas* *frage* —, to answer

one's question; *auf* *einen* *Brief* —, to reply

to a letter, to answer a letter; *darauf* *läßt* *sich*

gar *nicht* —, to that no answer can be given;

mit *Ja* —, to answer in the affirmative; *mit*

Nein —, to answer in the negative.

* *Ant'it'ig*, (*v. f.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to im-

part; *refl.* to acquire by practice.

Anverlangen, I. (w.) v. tr. *law*, see **Verlangen**; anverlangt haben, *adv.* as requested; II. v. e. (str.) n. demand, requisition.

Anvermählen, (w.) v. tr. to give in marriage.

Anversuchen, (w.) v. tr. (Reiber etc.) to try or sit on; to put on (clothes) for trial.

Anvertrauen, (w.) v. I. tr. (Einem etwas) to trust or entrust (one) with; to trust, to intrust, to confide, to give in charge, to consign, assign, deliver in trust to; II. refl. sich (Einem) —, to unbosom one's self (to), to make a confidant (of); anvertrautes Gut, goods in trust; deposit; das Anvertraute, trust.

Anverwandt, adj., etc., see **Verwandt** etc.

Anwachs, (str.) m. increment, increase, accretion; something grown to; junger —, young plants (trees); the rise (of water); — reißt, n. right to alluvial ground.

Anwachsen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) (with an & Acc.) to grow on, to, or upon; to stick to; to grow together, to adhere to (in growing); Pflanzen wachsen an, plants establish themselves; diesem Pferde ist die Haut angewachsen, this horse is hidebound; 2) to grow (up), increase; to rise; to swell; to accrete; die Lüne — lassen, to swell the sounds.

Anwachsung, (w.) f. 1) the growing to, acc. 2) increase, growth; 3) Archit. see **Anlehnung**; — W-straß, see **Anwachstraß**.

Anwackeln, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) or angewackelt kommen, to come waddling on, near.

Anwald, see **Anwalt**.

Anwalten, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to roll near or against (like waves); 2) (angewandt kommen) to crowd near.

Anwalzung, (w.) f. 1) the rolling or crowding near; 2) fit, paroxysm, attack, see **Anwenbung**.

Anwalt, (str., pl. *sometimes* Anwälte) m. attorney, solicitor (der zu einem Proceß die einkleitenden Schritte trifft); barrister (der die Sache mündlich vor dem Gericht führt); assig- natus, deputy, proxy; proctor (vor geistlichen Gerichten); defender; An-geklagten, pl. attorney's fees.

Anwaltschaft, (w.) f. attorneyship, proctorship, deputyship.

Anwalzen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. haben) 1) a) to begin to roll, to roll against; b) (angewandt kommen) to roll near, to come rolling along; 2) *Danc.* a) to begin to waltz, to waltz first; b) to waltz against; II. tr. (niederzuwalzen) to roll down, put to with a roller. **Anwälzen**, (w.) v. tr. to roll to, on, or **Anwände**, (str., pl. Anwände) f. 1) ridge of a ploughed field; 2) (l. u.) employment (Anwendung).

Anwandeln, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. sein) angewandelt kommen, to walk up, approach (slowly); II. tr. *impers.* to befall, come over; es wandelte mich eine Ohnmacht an, I was seized with a fainting fit; was wandelt Sie an? what is the matter with you?

Anwandlung, (w.) f. fit: 1) paroxysm, quain; 2) *fig.* touch (of pity, etc.).

Anwandern, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) or angewandert kommen, to come wandering on, along, towards ...

Anwanken, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) (with an & Acc.) to fall, totter against; angewankt kommen, to come tottering on.

Anwärmen, (w.) v. tr. to warm, heat a little; f. to begin to heat (the iron or furnace).

Anwärten, (w.) v. intr. (aux. haben) *Law*, to wait (for an estate, inheritance, &c. which is in abeyance or expectancy).

Anwärter, (str.) m. one who has a rever- sionary claim, candidate, expectant (Anwärter).

Anwärtschaft, (w.) f. *Law*, &c. reversion,

expectancy, claim (auf *with* Acc.), to), right to future possession or enjoyment, succession; An-erben, n. pl. reversionary patents.

Anwärtschaftlich, adj. reversionary.

Anwärst, (w.) f. *Min.* preliminary wash- ing (of ores).

Anwärstern, (w.) v. tr. to moisten (a little).

Anwärten, (w. & str.) v. tr. to weave to, to join by weaving.

Anwärsteln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fan, to cool with a fan; 2) to wag the tail at.

Anwärstels, (str., pl. An-wärstels) n. T. sup- port; prop.

Anwärten, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to blow, drift upon, at, to, against, towards; 2) to breathe upon; II. intr. (aux. sein) to approach blow- ing. [little]

Anwärten, (w.) v. tr. to soak, steep a **Anwärten**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to weep at; 2) to address weeping.

Anwärsteln, (w.) f. *Comm.* see **Strohbanf**.

Anwärten, (str.) v. tr. 1) a) (Einem etwas) to assign, to allot, to appoint; to point out, to show; b) *Comm.* to assign (money); to grant (a salary); to open (a credit); to allot (a space); auf die Bank —, to make payable at the bank; 2) (Einem zu etwas) a) to direct, order, re- quire; b) to instruct, direct, teach; sich — las- sen, to take directions, to take advice; 3) (Einem an or auf jemanden) to refer one (to some one); auf sich selbst angewiesen sein, to be thrown (back) on one's own resources; 4) to blaze (trees).

Anwärter, (str.) m. 1) assigner, &c., con- stituent; 2) director, instructor, adviser.

Anwärzung, (w.) f. 1) assignment, assign- ation; 2) bill of exchange, money order, check, order; 3) a) injunction, mandate; b) direction, instruction, *Comm.*, &c. directions, instructions, order, advice; c) method, course; d) (Befehl der Regierung) mandate; 4) gute — haben, *Min.* to promise well.

Anwärzen, (w.) v. tr. to white-wash.

Anwärten, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to begin to wither or fade; 2) to cease to wither or fade.

Anwendbar, I. adj. applicable, practicable; leicht —, easy of application; jene Entscheidung ist auf unsern Fall nicht —, that decision does not apply to our case; II. *U-fest*, (w.) f. applicableness, applicability; adaptability; practica- bleness.

Anwenden, (w. & irr.) v. tr. 1) to employ (gu. for), to use, make use of, to improve, to lay out; to exert; to bestow (pains, &c.) upon; 2) *fig.* to apply (auf *with* Acc.), to; Schmeichelei ist bei mir nicht angewandt, flattery is lost upon me; Vorsicht —, to take precaution; alle seine Kräfte —, to exert one's utmost strength; übel —, to misemploy; to misapply; übel angewandte Nachsicht, mistaken indulgence; angewandt, p. a. 1) applied, experimental (che- mistry, &c.); 2) *fig.* practical, useful, effectual.

Anwendlich, adj. (l. u.) employable.

Anwendung, (w.) f. 1) the act of employ- ing, using, &c., adhibition, application, em- ployment; 2) application; — finden or finden auf *(with* Acc.), to bear an application or to apply to ...; 3) practice.

Anwerben, (str.) v. I. tr. *Mil.*, &c. to levy, raise, enlist, engage, enrol; to engage, to ship (sailors); II. intr. 1) see **Anhalten**, II. 4; 2) to canvass (for votes, um Stimmen *Acc.*); — Anwerber, (str.) m. enlist, &c. — An- werbung, (w.) f. 1) *Mil.*, &c. levy, the (act of) enlisting, &c.; 2) a wooing, &c.

Anwerben, (irr.) v. († & *provinc.* I. intr. 1) (Einem) to fall to the share (of one); 2) to become habituated (*also* tr. to ...); II. intr. (*orig.* ohne *for* ohne) werden = **Erwerben**) (aux. sein & haben) to get rid of, to dispose of.

Anwerfen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to cast, throw,

fling at, against, on, upon; Roll —, *Nas.* to rough-cast; 2) *fig.* (ein *Reib*) to put on in a hurry, to slip on; II. intr. to throw first, to begin to throw. [Vor-eingeworfen]

Anwerfchloß, (str., pl. An-werfchloß) n. see **Anwerfen**, (str.) n. *provinc.* (S. G.) 1) for **Anwerheit**; 2) estate, farm (Grundstück).

Anwerfend, p. a. & s. (*decl. like* adj.) present; jeder A-er, every one present; die A-er, those present.

Anwerfheit, (w.) f. presence; attendance.

Anwertern, (w.) v. intr. (with an & Acc.) to rattle, thunder against.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. see **Anwerfen**.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to give a wax-coat- ing, to wax. [means of a reel]

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to roll to, join by **Anwerben**, (w.) v. tr. to disgust, give aversion to, to go against (one), cf. **Anwerfen**; a-b, p. a. disgusting, loathsome; tedious.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to neigh at.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to crowd near or on, to come crowding.

Anwerfen, (str.) v. tr. to draw up or put to by means of a windlass.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to beckon to, at, upon; 2) *Mar.* to ease off the sheets of the fore- stay-sails and jib in order to go to windward.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to moan, whine at.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. I. tr. (mit dem *Winkel* befeigen) to fasten by a turn-bolt; II. intr. (aux. sein) to whirl, fly at, against.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. see **Anwerben**.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to wipe on or against.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to address whis- pering.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. to suffer from the raw weather (used of rocks, ores, &c.); pp. & adj. angewittert; angewittertes Erz, flowers of minerals, attached to rocks by exhalation.

Anwerfen, (w.) f. *Min.* ore-flower.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. haben) 1) to live next, live close by, to dwell near; 2) *with* *Dad.* to be present at, to attend (**Er- wohnen**).

Anwerfen, (str.) m. one who dwells near; (next) neighbour, borderer.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. I. tr. (with an & Acc.) to throw against with a win- nowing shovel; II. intr. (l. u.) to begin to shovel.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. (l. u.) to luxu- riate, to grow rank (of plants).

Anwerfen, (str., pl. An-werfen) m. 1) accre- tion; 2) increase, growth; accession; in- crement; junger —, young copse.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to begin to root up, to root up (earth).

Anwerfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (Einem etwas) to wish one something, to wish that some- thing may happen to one, or that somebody may be affected with ... 2) *provinc.* to adopt. — An-werfung, (w.) f. 1) wishing, wish, &c.; 2) *provinc.* adoption.

Anwerfen, (str., pl. An-werfen) m. 1) a throw- ing on, laying on, &c. cf. **Anwerfen**; 2) deposit, alluvion; 3) first throw, first cast; 4) *Mar.* rough-cast; 5) *Lock-ow*, clasp and clasp, haep (link) and staple (for a padlock); trunk- clasp; 6) Archit. lodge; shed; 7) a) *Chth.* salvage, list; b) *Wear.* see **Sette**; c) *Thil.* oblong-piece; 8) *Min.* die, coiner's stamp; minting-mill; —schüssel, m. *Min.* lever.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. to throw the dice first, to have the first throw.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to be rooted to (the ground), to strike root.

Anwerfen, (w.) v. intr. to rage (against).

Anzahl, (w.) f. number, quantity, multi- tude; eine — Soldaten, a party of soldiers; eine — Matrosen, a gang of sailors; eine große

—, a great many, a great deal; in geringer —, few in number; *der* — (*Dat.* nach, numerally: nach *der* — verkaufen, to sell by tale.

Anjahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pay on account.

Anzählen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to begin to number, count.

Anzahlung, (*w.*) *f.* instalment; *eine* — von 25% *kriſten*, to pay twenty-five per cent. on account.

Anzapfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tap, broach, pierce; *Ähornbäume* —, to box maples; 2) *Med.* to tap; 3) *Ag.* a) (*ärgern*) to smoke, nettle (one); b) to borrow money of (one), to bleed; c) to worm something out of (one).

Anzaubern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to affect with ... by a charm, to bewitch with; to root to the spot by witchcraft; *angezauert*, *adj.* spell-bound.

Anzäumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put the bridle on, to bridle.

Anzehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* 1) see *Antreiben*; 2) *ſich* (*Dat.*) *eine Schuld* —, to run up a score (for drink).

Anzeichen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) sign, mark, indication, symptom, token: *alle* — *sind vorhanden*, every thing seems (all appearances seem) to indicate; 2) omen, foreboding, augury.

Anzeigehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark, note: to distinguish by a sign: *Einem etwas* —, to put to somebody's account.

Anzeige, (*w.*) *f.* 1) notice, account, announcement, communication, information, intelligence; *gerichtliche* —, denunciation; warning; 2) advertisement; 3) see *Anzeichen*; *eine* — *machen* or *thun*, to inform against; to notify, to give information; — *amt*, *n.* see *Wirtschaftsamt*; — *blatt*, *n.* advertiser.

Anzeigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*) to give information, notice, to send word, to inform, to apprise; to announce; to notify, intimate; *den Empfang* —, *Comm.* to acknowledge, own (the receipt); to advise (the sale); *die angezeigten Preise*, the prices quoted; 2) to advertise; 3) *vor Gericht* —, see *Anzeigen*; 4) *Ag.* to show, point to, or out; to indicate, signify; to express, bespeak, prove, to denote, declare; 4) to forebode, augur: *Beize* —, to portend evil; *dieſes zeigt an*, this is a sign: a-b, *p. a. Gramm.* indicative; *die a-be* *Wrt.*, the indicative mood; *das a-be* *ſignifort*, the demonstrative pronoun; a-be *Zege*, *Med.* indicant or critical days; *angezeigt*, *p. a.* 1) *Med.* indicated, pointed out as the proper remedy; 2) *Ag.* advisable; eligible; necessary.

Anzeiger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) informer; 2) *Typ.* index; 3) advertiser, intelligence; 4) *Math.* exponent; 5) *Railw.* railway-accident-detector.

Anzetteln, (*str.*) *m.* *Weav.* see *Aufzug*, 2.

Anzetteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Weav.* to warp; 2) *Ag.* to contrive, project, cause, plan, devise, coll. to brew (mischief), *cf.* *Aufwinden*, 3. —

Anzetteln, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) warping, &c.

Anzettler, (*str.*) *m.* contriver, author (of a plot).

Anziehbar, *I. adj.* attractive; *II. W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* attractability, attractiveness.

Anziehen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a) gener.* to draw, pull (on, in, &c.); b) to begin to draw; to give a pull at (the bell, &c.); c) *Nar.* to haul home; 2) *Anz.* to adduce; 3) to put on, to dress (*refl.* one's self); to pull on (boots, &c.); *ſich* (*Dat.*) *die Strümpfe* —, to pull on one's stockings; *er half mir den Rock* —, he helped me on with my coat; *aberschäpflich*, *heißig* *z.* — (*ſieheben* *z.*), to huddle on, to slip on (*Ärmern*); *andere Kleider* —, to change one's dress; 4) *a)* to draw in, imbibe (as a sponge); *b)* *Phys.* to draw, attract (as the loadstone); 5) to draw tight, to tighten, stretch; to draw closer, to turn (a screw) home; *einen Nagel*, *ein Brett* —, to drive a nail, a board (plank) home; (*beim Nähen*) to gather

(*Zusammennähen*); *die Fäden* —, to draw in the reins; to rein up; 6) to draw (crowded audiences, &c.), to interest, engage, attract; 7) *ſich* (*Dat.*) *etwas* —, to take something, to apply something to one's self; 8) to quote, cite, alledge, refer to; *angezogene Stelle*, passage referred to, reference; 9) *Haus*, to breed, bring up (*Vieh*, cattle); *Planzen* —, *Gard.* to plant, cultivate.

II. intr. 1) to draw, take effect, hold well; *der Nagel zieht an*, the nail draws or takes; 2) *Comm.* to rise (in price), to be on the rise, to be looking up; 3) (*aus. ſein*) *a)* (*angezogen kommen*) to draw, march on or near, approach; *damit komm mir nicht angezogen*, *coll.* do not talk to me of this; b) see *Einziehen*; c) to enter upon duty, to enter or to come into service; d) to make the first move (at chess); *Erſt zieht an und ſetzt in fünf Zügen matt*, white moves, and mates in five moves (or white to move and to give checkmate at the fifth move, or white to play, and mate in five moves); *angezogen*, *p. a.* clad, attired; a-b, *p. a. Ag.* attractive.

Anzieher, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *in comp.* an instrument for drawing (pulling) on, see *Schraubenzieher*, *Stiefelanzieher*; 2) attirer, dresser; 3) *Anat.* adductor muscle, adductor.

Anziehseil, (*str.*) *m.* T. screw-key.

Anziehung, *a. I. (w.) f.* 1) *Anat.* adduction; 2) *Phys.*, &c. attraction; *II. in comp.* *W-ſtraße*, *f. Phys.* attractive power, power of attraction; *W-Kreis*, *m.* sphere of attraction.

Anziehungslös, *adj.* unattractive.

Anziehungspunkt, (*str.*) *m.* point or centre of attraction.

Anzinsen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to cover with a coating of tin, to tin.

Anzischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to whisper at, to address in whispers.

Anzischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hiss at.

Anzittern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*angezittert kommen*) to come on, to approach trembling.

Anzetteln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* (*angezettelt kommen*) to come sauntering or trotting along.

Anzucht, (*w. pl. sometimes str.*) *Anzüchte* *f.* 1) the (act of) breeding, raising; breed (of horses or sheep); *Gard.* nursery, cultivation (of plants, trees, &c.); 2) common sewer; T. draft-hole: — *ſchweine*, *pl.* store-pigs.

Anzucker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sugar over.

Anzüge, *a. I. (str., pl. Anzüge)* *m.* 1) the act of drawing, &c. *cf.* *Anziehen*; 2) a drawing near, approach; *im W-c.* approaching; *im W-c.* to be going to happen; *große Ereignisse ſind bereits im W-c.*, the march of great events has already commenced; 3) clothing; dress, array, attire, raiment, accoutrement; *vollständiger* —, complete suit of clothes; *full dress*; *ein anderer (weiterer)* —, a change of dress; 4) an entering into place (of servants); *II. in comp.* *W-Geld*, *n.* reception-money (*opp.* *W-Geld*); *W-Geldent*, *n.* entrance-money; *W-Gut*, *n.* removed goods; *W-Spreibst*, *f.* entrance-sermon; *W-Stube*, *f.* entrance-speech; *W-Tag*, *m.* day of entering into service or office.

Anzüglich, *I. adj.* 1) attractive, see *Anziehend*; 2) poignant, keen, invective, offensive, abusive, satirical, cutting; — *reden*, to be personal; *II. W-felt*, (*w. f.*) 1) attractiveness, charm; 2) poignancy, invective, offensiveness, abusive language, *pl.* personalities.

Anzünden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to light, kindle; to set on fire, to fire, to inflame, ignite.

Anzündung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of lighting, &c.; ignition.

Anzapfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to begin to pull, to pull, to twitch (by the sleeve, &c.).

Anzweden, (*w.*) *v. tr. Ag.* to assail with abusive language.

Anzünden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*with an &*

Acc.) to squeeze or press against; 2) to force on (as tight clothes).

Anzweden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with hobnails (tacks), to nail on.

Anzweiden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stretch (with pinners); 2) *Ag.* to mock, jeer.

Anzwingen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to force upon, press upon.

Ag. see *Anziffern*.

Anzwirnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to twist to, on:

Anzwirnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to twitter at.

Anzisch, *adj.* Eolian, Aeolian; *des A-c* (*ber ä-c Dialect*), Aeolian (dialect). — *Ä Anz*, *a. Gr.* Myth. Aeolus, the deity of the winds; *Ä Anz*, *f. Mus.* Eolian harp.

* **Anzisch**, *adj. Gr. Myth.* Aonian (Gefang. Quell, songs, spring).

* **Anzisch**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Gramm.* acrostic.

* **Anzisch**, (*Lat. [Gr.]*, *pl. anzisch*, *Anzisch*) *f.* *Anat.* aorta, great artery; *Herzanzschimmer*, *f.* ventricle of the heart.

* **Anzisch**, *I. (Fr.)* *adv.* apart: *II. adj.* singular, out of the way; *etwas A-c*, something out of the common way; a-c *thun*, *coll.* to play the exclusive. [ability]

* **Anzisch**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) apathy, impassiveness; *Anzisch*, *pl. Geogr.* Apennine hills, Apennines.

Anzisch, *a. I. (str., pl. Anzisch)* *m.* apple: *coll.* *der* — (*ſich* nicht weit vom Stamm, like *aire* like son; he, she, &c. is a chip of the old block; in *einen sauren* — *beßen*, to make up one's mind to (do) something disagreeable; *II. in comp.* (*cf.* *Anzisch*) — *Äſter*, *m.* *Chem.* malic acid; — *baum*, *m.* *Bot.* apple tree (*Pirus malus* L.); *der wilde* — *baum*, see *Polz-apfelbaum*; — *bein*, *n.* *Anat.* cheek-bone; — *blech*, apple-roaster; — *brecher*, *m.* instrument for gathering apples from the boughs, that cannot be reached by the hand; — *brut*, *m.* apple-sauce, apple-marmalade; — *born*, *m.* see *Polz-apfelbaum*; — *fürmig*, *adj.* having the form of an apple; — *gebunden*, *m.* apple-pie; — *gebühret*, *m.* apples stewed in wine with almonds and raisins; — *gran*, *adj.* dapple-grey; — *grisch*, — *grüß*, *m.* apple-core; — *höfner*, *m.* *Entom.* species of caterpillar; — *küſter*, *m.* see — *rüſſelkäufer*; — *kern*, *m.* kernel (of an apple), pip; — *loß*, *m.* kind of apple-pie; — *tranz*, *n.* *Herold* cross-pomme; — *ſchäume*, *f.* imperial plum; — *ſpünder*, *m.* see — *bröcher*; — *ſtrappfreis*, *n.* apple-graft; — *quinte*, *f.* apple-quince; — *ranze*, *f.* — *rüſſelkäufer*, *m.* *Entom.* apple-caterpillar; *codling-moth*; — *rüſter*, *m.* see — *blech*; — *ſaft*, *m.* apple juice; the inspissated juice of apples: — *ſäure*, *f.* *Pharm.* kind of Cinnamon; — *ſäure*, *f.* *Chem.* malic acid; *ſtrappfreis*; — *ſäure*, pyromalic acid; — *ſchale*, *f.* paring; — *ſchäfer*, *m.* see — *ranze*; — *ſchibe*, *f.* see — *ſchmitt*; — *ſchimmel*, *m.* dapple-grey horse; — *ſchmitt*, *m.* — *ſchmitt*, *f.* — *ſchmitze*, *f.* apple-slice; piece of apple cut and dried; — *ſpünderling*, *m.* see *Epicraptel*, *Epicraptel*; — *ſtecher*, *m.* apple-corer; — *ſtief*, *m.* stalk of an apple; — *ſorte*, *f.* apple-puff; — *widder*, *m.* see — *ranze*; — *wurm*, *m.* *Entom.* apple-tinea (*Tinea pomella*).

Anzischen, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin. of Anzisch*) little apple.

Anzisch, *in comp.* — *crutt*, — *leſe*, *f.* apple-harvest; — *fran*, *f.* apple-woman; — *ſſte*, *m.* apple-monger; — *ſammer*, *f.* apple-loft; — *ſarren*, *m.* apple-cart; — *ſſſ*, *m.* apple-dumping; — *moß*, *m.* cider; — *peſſete*, *f.* apple-pie; — *ſchale*, *f.* apple-paring; — *ſorte*, *f.* apple-tart; — *wein*, *m.* cider.

* **Anzisch**, (*w. f.*) (sweet-)orange, China-orange (*pomme de Sina*), Portugal orange.

* **Anzisch**, *adj. Rhod.* aphoristic(al).

* **Anzisch**, (*Gr. prep.*) *in comp.* — *calypſis*, (*w. f.*) *Bibl.* apocryphal; — *calypſis*, *adj.* apocryphic(al); — *capſen*, (*w. v.*) *Gramm.* to apocope (Die letzte Silbe, den letzten Buchſtaben) abſchneiden, abwerfen; — *cr*

Rom. Cath. to give or sprinkle the ashes: 4) *Tum.* to slacken (hides); II. *reg.* see *Alf-schern*.

Alf ..., *in comp.* —farbe *z.*, see *Alf-sch-farbe z.*; —grau, *adj.* ash-gray, cinereous; ash-coloured (*Alf-sch-farbe*); —grün, —grün-lein, *n.* Ornith. water-rail, velvet-runner, bilcock (*Rallus aquaticus* L.).

Alf-sch-ter, see *Alf-sch-ter*.
Alf-sch-lich, *adj.* like ashes, ashy.
Alf-sch-ig, *adj.* full of ashes, ashy.
Alf-sch ..., *in comp.* —lassen, *m.* —pfanne, *f.* ash-pan, ash-chest, ash-box (*Alf-sch-lasten*); —frucht, *n.* Bot. ray-wort, sky-flower (*Oenothera* L.); —kuchen, *m.* (from *Alf-sch*) pot-cake; —lauch, *n.* Bot. Ascalonian garlic (*Eschallotte*); —wurzel, *f.* see *Diptam*.

Alf-sch-lyp, (*str.* *m.* *Anc. Myth.* Esculapius (*P. N.*)).
A. *Alf-sch*, (*w.* *m.* (or *Alf*) one of the later generation of Gods (Odin, &c.) in Northern Mythology.

B. *Alf-sch*, (*w.* *f.* *provinc.* see *Tagabahr*.
Alf-sch-lyp, (*w.* *f.* *Phloe.* *M.Lat.* *a-sch-lyp*, *das* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *the* *being* *by* *one's* *self*, *see* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*.

Alf-sch, *n.* *Geogr.* Asia. — *Alf-sch*, (*w.* *m.* *Alf-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Alf-sch-lyp*, *adj.* Asiatic. — *Alf-sch-lyp*, *adj.* Asiatic.
Alf-sch, (*str.* *m.* *Geop.* (*P. N.*)) — *Alf-sch-lyp*, *adj.* Egyptian.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Gr.* *Jamaica* ebony, *aspalathus*-wood. [*parag.*].
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Lat.* *Chem.* *as-* *sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* 1) *khil*, the name of a river fish in Sweden (*Oxyrinus aspius* L.); 2) (*see* *Alf-sch*) *see* *Alf-sch*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *pl.* (*Lat.* 1) *Astr.* aspects, configuration; 2) *fig.* prospects, appearances.
Alf-sch-lyp, (*str.* *n.* (*NGr.* *asper*: a small Turkish copper coin.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Bot.* *see* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Gr.* *Pharm.* *as-* *phalthe*, *asphaltum*, *asphalt(e)*: — *lyp*, *n.* mineral pitch. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *adj.* asphaltic.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*Gr.* *see* *Alf-sch-lyp*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *aspirant*, *candidate*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Gramm.* *as-* *piration*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) *Gramm.* *to* *aspire*; 2) *fig.* *to* *aspire* *after*, *to* *sue* *for* (*need*). — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *adj.* aspirate.

* *Alf-sch*, (*str.* *n.* (*Lat.* *as*) 1) *Gum.* *ace* (*a* [*French*] *card* *or* *die* *marked* *with* *a* *single* *point*; 2) *a* *ancient* *Roman* *weight*, *and* *a* *coin*, *originally* *of* *a* *pound* *of* *weight*; 3) *formerly*, *a* *pound* *(of* *twelve* *ounces)* *in* *apothecaries'* *weight*; 4) *a* *grain* *(small* *weight*, *10240* *being* *equal* *to* *a* *Dutch* *pound* *troy*, *5120* *=* *one* *Dutch* *mark* *silver-weight*; *1884.28* *Dutch* *As* *=* *one* *Kölnische* *Mark* *silver-weight*).
Alf-sch, *see* *Alf-sch*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp* (*Fr.* *ter-* *mination*; *pr.* *sch-lyp*), (*str.* *n.* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Mid.* *Lat.* *insurer* (*Verficherer*)).

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Mid.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *in-* *insurance* (*Verficherung*); — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *or* *lyp-sch-lyp*, *to* *return* *the* *premium* *of* *insurance*; *lyp* — *lyp-sch-lyp* *auf* ..., *the* *insurance* *is* *effected* *on* ...; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *to* *underwrite*; II. *in comp.* — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *comp.* *lyp*, *n.* *insurance* *office* (*Ver-* *ficherungsbureau*); — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *see* *Verfiche-* *rungsbureau*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *account* *of* *in-* *surance*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *insurance-line*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *court* *of* *insurance*, *maritime* *court*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *pl.* *transactions* *at* *the* *insurance* *office*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *maritime* *law*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *see* *lyp-sch-lyp*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *see* *lyp-sch-lyp*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *action* *arising* *from* *insurance*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *insurance* *or* *policy* *broker*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *note* *of* *insurance*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *pl.* *laws* *and* *regulations* *on* *in-* *sur-*

rance; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *policy* *of* *insurance*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *n.* *insurance* *policy* *book*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *premium* *(of* *insurance)*, *insurance-money*: a) *für* *die* *Verfiche*, *premium* *home*; b) *für* *die* *Entfiche*, *premium* *out*; c) *für* *die* *Entfiche* *und* *Verfiche*, *premium* *out* *and* *home*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *m.* *action* *on* *policy*; — *lyp-sch-lyp*, *f.* *account* *of* *insurance*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Mid.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *the* *assured* *(party)*). — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *adj.* *in-* *surable*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *insure* (*Verfichern*). [*see* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*].

Alf-sch-lyp, (*w.* *f.* *Entom.* 1) *see* *Alf-sch-lyp*; 2) *Alf-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *insure* (*Verfichern*).
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assent* (*Zustim-* *mung*)). — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* (*Lat.* *to* *assent*; II. *tr.* *to* *enlist*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *adj.* (*Lat.* *assertory*; *a-sch-lyp*, *affirmative* *proposition*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *pl.* (*w.* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp* *m.* (*Lat.* *see* *Alf-sch-lyp*).

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* (*Fr.* 1) *plate*; 2) *Man.* *firmness* *of* *seat*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *Comm.* *draw-* *er*, *he* *that* *gives* *a* *draught*; *constituent*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *assignate*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *m.* *assignee*, *drawee*; *attorney*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Comm.* *see* *Alf-sch-lyp*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (*Lat.* *to* *assimilate*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, *adj.* *assimilable*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*pl.* (*Fr.* *assizes*; *vor* *die* *Ver-* *urtheil*, *to* *commit* *(for* *trial)*; — *gericht*, *n.* — *lyp*, *m.* *court* *of* *assizes*. [*der-clerk*].

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp* [*Fr.* *pr.* *eye*], (*str.* *pl.* *Alf-sch-lyp* *m.* *Comm.* *partner*; *der* *wirkliche* —, *acting* *partner*; *als* — *cine*, *to* *become* *a* *partner*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (*Lat.* *to* *associate*; *sch* (*more* *correct*, *but* *scarcely* *used*: *cine* *an* *der* *to* *go* *or* *to* *enter* *into* *partnership*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* (*Lat.* *assonance*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*str.* *n.* (*Fr.* *Comm.* *assortment*, *sortiment*. — *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *to* *assort*; *nicht* *assortirt*, *unassorted*.
* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *m.* (*Lat.* *assistant*; *un-* *der-sch-lyp*, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.* *Comm.* *trading* *company* *or* *association*; *cine* — *auflösen*, *to* *dissolve* *partnership*; *auf* *cine* — *aufstellen*, *to* *retire* *from* *a* *partnership*.

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* *Alf-sch-lyp-sch-lyp</*

Atb'men, I. (w.) v. 1) *intr.* to breathe, to draw breath; to respire; *schwem* -, to breathe thick or with difficulty; *tiel* -, to fetch a long and deep breath; er *athmete* leiser um zu horden, he hushed his breath to listen; 2) *tr.* a) to breathe, draw in; b) (aus-) to breathe (forth), exhale; *fg.* to breathe (vengeance, &c.); II. v. s. (str.) n. the (act of) breathing, respiration.

Atb'mung, (w.) f. I. w. for das Atb'men; a-*fähig*, *adj.* capable of breathing, respiring; *Atb'merisch*, (w.) m. *Med.* respiratory murmur; *Atb'mergerge*, n. pl. *Anat.* organs of respiration, respiratory organs.

* **Atiologie**, (w.) f. (*Philos. & Med.*) etiology. — **Atiologie**, *adj.* etiological.

Atianten, (w.) pl. of **Atias**.

* **Atianten**, (w.) m. pl. *Ant.* Atlantes.

Atiantisch, *adj.* Atlantic, Atlantean; das a-e Meer, the Atlantic (ocean).

* **Atias**, I. (str., pl. *Atiasse & Atianten*) m. 1) *Gr. Myth.* Atlas, giant who bears up the pillars of heaven; 2) *Geogr.* Atlas; 3) atlas, collection of maps; 4) *Anat.* atlas; 5) *Conch.* atlas (species of shell), see -*mus*; species of rhombshell, see -*roste* or -*walze*; 6) see -*schmetterling*; 7) *Miner.* see -*erz*; 8) or *Atias* (pl. *Atiasse*), *Comm.* satin; II. *in comp.* -*apfel*, m. *Pom.* green winter apple; -*art*, f. kind of satin; auf -*art* weben, to weave in imitation of satin; -*artig*, -*ähnlich*, *adj.* satined; -*band*, m. satin-ribbon; -*barquent*, m. satin-top; -*baum*, -*beerbaum*, m. see *Eilbeerbaum*; -*birne*, f. *Pom.* see *Dauphine*; -*blech*, n. see *Metallblech*; -*blume*, f. *Bol.* see *Mendelvie*; -*boden*, m. satin-ground (half satin stuff); -*erz*, n. *Miner.* fibrous malachite; -*falter*, m. see -*schmetterling*; -*feder*, f. pl. glossy, satin-like feathers or plumes; -*fermat*, n. large square-folio; -*grund*, m. see -*boden*; -*holz*, n. satin-wood; -*kieb*, m. malachite; -*fischbaum*, m. see *Eilbeerbaum*; -*falter*, m. see -*schmetterling*; -*baum*, m. *Bol.* species of satin-flower (*Luarina biennis*); -*rolle*, f. species of rhomb-shell (*Voluta ipsidilla* Lam.); -*schmetterling*, m. *Entom.* atlas (*Saturia atlas* L.); -*spatz*, m. *Miner.* satin-spar; -*tüper*, f. satin-paper hangings; -*tüte*, f. species of shell (*Conus timorensis*); -*vitriol*, m. green vitriol, copperas; -*walze*, see -*rolle*; -*weber*, -*wirker*, m. satin-weaver.

* **Atiasse**, *adj.* satin, made of satin.

* **Atiometer**, *Atiomet'er*, (str.) n. (m.) (*Gr.*) *Measur.* atmometer, anerometer.

* **Atmosphäre**, (w.) f. (*Gr.*) atmosphere.

* **Atmosphärisch**, *adj.* atmospheric(al).

Atina, (str.) m. *Geogr.* (mount) Etna, Etna; den - *betreffend*, Etnean.

* **Atom**, I. (str.) n. (*Gr.*) atom, molecule, (indivisible) particle, corpuscle; element; ein - *Metallkorn*, *Säure*, *Chem.* one equivalent of metallic oxyd, acid; II. *in comp.* a-enthntisch, *adj.* atom-like; *At-en*gewicht, n. *Chem.* atomic weight; *At-en*schere, f. atomism.

* **Atomisch**, *adj.* atomic; die a-e Theorie, *Chem.* atomic theory; das a-e Gewicht, see *Atomengewicht*.

* **Atomist**, (w.) m. atomist. — **Atomistisch**, *adj.* atomistic, atomic; die a-e Theorie, atomistic theory; die a-e Philosophie, atomic or corpuscular philosophy.

* **Atmentstein**, (str.) m. (*Lat.*) *Chem.* inkstone; der geibe -, *mis.*

* **Atmette**, (w.) f. (*Gr.*) *Surg.* imperforation.

* **Attiar**, (str.) m. *Chem.* achia, achiar

(from the *sprouts*, &c. of the Aasia).

* **Attake**, (w.) f. (*Pr.* *attaque*) attack (*Angriff*).

* **Attemporen**, (w.) v. *intr.* (*Lat.*) to accommodate one's self to or comply with circumstances.

* **Attentat**, (str.) n. (*Lat.*) outrage; premeditated attempt on some one's life.

Atter, f. *Zool.* see *Otter*.

* **Atteck**, **Atteck**, (str.) n. (*Lat.*) *schiff*-*lichter* -, certificate, testimonial, attestation. — **Atteckren**, (w.) v. *tr.* to testify, certify, test, attest.

Atteck, (str.) m. *Bol.* dane-wort, dwarf-elder, waltwort (*Sambucus ebulus* L.); der virginische -, Virginian golden rose; guelder-rose-leaved spiraea or ninebark (*Spiraea opulifolia* L.); -*betten*, f. pl. dwarf-elder berries; -*saft*, m. inspissated juice of dwarf-elder berries.

* **Atticisch**, (not decl.; pl. [w.] *Atticisch*-*men*) m. (*Lat.*) Atticism. — **Attiker**, (str.) m. Attic (Athenian author). — **Attisch**, *adj.* Attic; die a-e Redeart, atticism.

* **Attributen**, (w.) v. *tr.* (*Lat.*) to attribute. — **Attribut**, (str.) n. attribute.

+ **Atz**, (w.) m. & f. food.

Atzel, province, (w.) f. 1) *Ornith.* see *Eister*;

2) *Entom.* see *Atzel*.

Atzspecht, (str.) m. *Ornith.* see *Buntspecht*.

+ **Atzen**, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to give food; to feed.

Atze, I. *adj.* corroded; corrosive, caustic; II. *Atze*, (w.) f. corrodibility; corrosiveness, causticity.

Atzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) a) to feed; b) to bait; 2) *Chem.* to corrode, macerate; 3) *Surg.* to cauterize; 4) *Engr.* to etch.

Atzen, p. a. *Chem., Med., &c.* caustic, corroder, corrosive; a-*caustic* Quecksilber, a-e Sublimat, see *Atzequecksilber*; a-e *Potafche*, see *Atzali*.

Atze, *in comp.* -*beize*, f. chemical discharge; *Engr.-a*, -*bild*, n. etching; -*brud*, m. discharge-work; -*grund*, m. (etching) varnish; ground; *Chem.-a*, -*lall*, n. caustic potassa; -*lallauge*, f. caustic lie; -*lall*, m. unslacked lime, quick-lime; -*fraß*, f. causticity, caustic strength; -*funf*, f. *Engr.* art of etching; -*mittel*, n. *Chem. & Surg.* corrosive, cauter, escharotic, corroder; -*mittel* (pl.) bei... anwenden, *fg.* to cauterize; -*nadel*, f. *Engr.* etching-needle, pointer; *Pharm.-a*, -*natron*, n. caustic soda; -*natronlauge*, f. etching-lie of soda; -*paste*, f. corrosive paste; -*platte*, f. etching-plate; -*pulver*, n. caustic powder, pulverised corrosive, corrosive powder; *Med.* ruptory; *Chem.-a*, -*quecksilber*, n. corrosive sublimate; -*silber*, n. lunar caustic; -*stein*, m. *Surg.* (Höllenstein) lunar caustic; caustic stone; -*stoff*, m. caustics; -*sublimat*, n. see -*quecksilber*; -*taube*, f. decoy-pigeon; -*wasser*, n. see *Echidewasser*; -*zeichnung*, f. etching.

+ **Atzung**, (w.) f. see *Atzung*.

Atzung, (w.) f. 1) a) feeding, food; b) baiting, lure; 2) *Surg.* cauterization; 3) *Engr.* etching; - auf *Atzer*, aquatinta.

Atz! *interj.* (expressing pain) oh!

Atz, (w.) f. see *Atz*; -*hirsch*, m. stag living in meadows and plains.

Atz, *conj.* also, too, likewise, even; es wäre schändlich - nur davon zu reden, it were a shame even to speak of it; - nicht einer, not so much as one; aber -, but, but yet; sowohl ..., als -, as well ... as, both ... and; nicht allein or nicht nur ..., sondern -, not only ... but; so oft -, so groß -, so, as often as, as great as, &c.; - noch, still; withal; oder -, or else; er mag gehen oder - bleiben, he may go or else remain; ohne - nur zu fragen, without so much as asking; ich -, I too; so am (do, &c.) I; A. Ich bin arm, I am poor; B. Ich -, so am I: ihr geht gern spazieren, ich -, you like to take walks, so do I; A. Du bist ein Narr, you are a fool; B. Du -, you are another; ... - nicht, nor ... neither; ich - nicht, nor I (neither; neither (or nor) am

(do, &c.) I; - glaube ich nicht, neither (or nor) do I believe; wenn du das neue Kleid bekommst, dann mußt du es (aber) - tragen, when you get the new dress, mind you must wear it; ich komme - mit leeren Händen nicht (Schiller), add this too that we come not empty-handed (Coler.); der Herrgott ist dann eben - der neuen Menschen Einer (Schiller), well now, what then? Duke Friedland is, as others a fire-born noble (Coler.); - sie eröthete, she blushed in her turn; hätte irgend eine, - die schaffinnigste (- noch so schaffinnigste) Dissertation eine solche Wirkung hervorbringen können? could any the most acute dissertation have produced such an effect? jede, - die einfachste Handlung, every simplest act; Sie sind - gar zu neugierig, well, you are far too curious; er ist nicht bloß reich, sondern - von guter Herkunft, he is not only rich but also well born; ich bin Herr sowohl des Hauses als - des Gartens, I am lord both of the house and garden; *in comp.* with *prom.* or *adj.* ... ever, however; ... (so)ever; wer er - sei, whoever he may be; es geschähe - wenn es wolle, whenever it may happen; wie reich er - sei, however rich he may be; we es - sei, whosoever it be; wärte er - noch so reich, let him be (never so) rich; und wenn - (son, wenn - gleich, even though, and although; (expressing doubt, &c.) wenn es nur jetzt - Zeit ist, I fear it is almost too late; if it be not too late already; wirst du es - thun? will you be sure to do it? jetzt ist es - Zeit genug from there is no time for this now!

* **Auction**, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) auction, public sale, subbstation, sale by or at auction. — **Auctionator**, (str., pl. [w.] *Auctionatoren*) m. (l. v.: *Auctionär*, [str.] m.) auctioneer. — **Auctionen**, *in comp.* -*catalog*, m. -*liste*, f. list of sales by auction; -*losten*, pl. auctioneer's fees; -*preis*, m. auction-price; -*zimmer*, m. auction-room.

* **Audienz**, (w.) f. audience, hearing; - geben, to give audience, to give a hearing; um eine - beim Minister nachsuchen, to request an interview with the minister; -*gericht*, m. audience court; -*saal*, m., -*zimmer*, m. presence-chamber, audience-chamber, audience-room.

* **Auditeur** (*Fr.*, pr. -*ör*), (str.) m. *Nä.* justice of a military division, (deputy) judge advocate.

* **Auditor**, (str., pl. [w.] *Auditorien*) m. (*Lat.*) judge lateral (in certain courts).

* **Auditorium**, (str., pl. [w.] *Auditorien*, *Lat.* Auditoria) n. 1) auditory, audience, ein *hohlräume* -, a crowd of hearers; 2) *Ac.* lecture-room (w. *Ac.* auditory).

Aue, (w.) f. 1) province, brook, brooklet; 2) a) a meadow (situated near some water); b) a fertile plain; pasture, pasturage; *U-a* *hirsch*, see *Auhirsch*; *U-a* *recht*, n. right of pasturage; -*weit*, *adj.* extended as a plain.

Auer, *in comp.* -*hahn*, m., -*huhn*, m. *Ornith.* mountain-cock, wood-grouse, woodcock (*Tetrao urogallus* L.); -*hühnchen* (e) or -*hühnlein*, f. breeding time of the mountain-cocks; -*hühnchen*, m. *Sport.* dog used in shooting mountain-cocks; -*heute*, f. mountain-hen; -*schaf*, m. *Zool.* 1) der europäische, ure-ox (*Bos uro* L.); 2) der amerikanische, bison (*Bos bison* L.); -*wild*, m. grouse.

Auf, I. *prep.* (governing either the *Dative*, or the *Accusative*; the *Dat.* is employed, when rest (or motion) in a place is to be expressed, the *Acc.*, when motion to a place, a change into ... &c. is to be expressed) on, upon; in, at; to, up; towards; against; of; about; with; mein Buch liegt - dem Tische, my book lies on the table; er warf es - den Tisch, he threw it on the able; er hat (trägt) einen Ring - dem Finger, he has (wears) a ring on his

finger: einen Ring — den Finger thun, to put a ring on the finger: — dem Markte, 1) in the market-place: 2) at (in the) market; ich traf ihn — dem Markte, I met him in the market: — dem Markte gekauft, bought at the market: sie schickt ihr Dienstmädchen — dem Markte, she sends her servant-girl to the market: — der Straße herumlaufen, to run about the street: — offener Straße, in the open street: — die Straße laufen, to run into the street: wir ritten — dem Berge (spazieren), we took a ride on the hill: wir ritten — den Berg, we rode up the hill: sie wohnen immer — dem Lande, they live in the country all the time: sie gehen jede Woche — das Land, they go into the country every week: — dem Geschäft, — dem Verkauf, — dem Kaufhaus, in the fencing-room, in the ball-room, in the town-house: — dem Balle, at the ball; er ging — das Rathaus, he went to the town-house: — der Börse, on the Exchange, coll. on 'Change: sie ist — ihrem Zimmer, she is in her chamber: er war — dem Tische, he was on deck: — das Bett gehen, to go on deck: viele Leute mußten — dem Tische liegen, many people were obliged to lie in the fields: er starb — dem Schlachtfelde, he died on the battle-field: wir wollen — das Feld gehen, um zu sehen, wie der neue Pflug probirt wird, let us go out into the field to see the new plough tried: — drei Füße, on three legs; platt — dem Gesicht liegen, to lie flat on one's face: wir fanden diesen Ort nicht — der Karte, we did not find this place in the map: — dem Wege sein, to be on one's road: er schläft nicht gern — der Reife, he does not like to sleep in travelling: — dieser Welt, in this world: — geradem Wege, by the straight road: — der Universität sein, to be at the university, at college: — dem Comptoir, in or at the office: mein Bruder ist — einem Comptoir, my brother is in a counting-house (i. e. is clerk to a merchant): — der Flotte dienen, to serve in the navy: — einem Auge blind, blind of one eye: — die Post gehen, to go to the post-office: er ging — das Polizeiamt, he went to the police-office: — die Reife reisen, to go to the fair: — Reiten gehen, to go abroad: — Abenteuer fahren, aufgehen, to be in search of adventures: ein Schlag — die Nase, — das Auge, a blow on the nose, in the eye: er fiel — die Knie, he fell on his knees: — das Schloß bringen, to bring to the scaffold: — Einem zugehen, to walk up to (or towards) one: es geht — neun, it draws towards (turns on) nine: es ist ein Viertel — zwei, it is a quarter past one: es ist drei Viertel — zwei, it is a quarter to two: eine Steigung von 1 Fuß — jede 100, an acclivity of 1 foot in each 100 feet: ein Druck von 5 Pfund — den Quadratzoll, a pressure of 5 pounds to the square inch: von diesen gehen fünf — das Pfund, of these there go five to a pound: so viel — die Person, so much to each (or a-piece, a-head): Geld — Zinsen, money at interest: er war — den Namen M. eingeschrieben, he was booked in the name of M.: er hörte — beide Namen, he answered to both names: — das Evangelium schwören, to swear on the gospel: bis —, till (weiteren Befehl, further order): alle bis — Eimen, all except one: einige Tage, for a few days: nur noch — eine Minute, but for a minute: — drei Monate, Comm. at three months (ms): — seine eigene Gefahr, at his own risk: — Leben und Tod, for life and death: es kostet — hundert Thaler, it costs about a hundred Thalers: — meine Ehre, upon my honour: — sein Bitten, at his request: — Befragung, on inquiry: on application: — Befehl, to order: das Buch der Weisen wurde — Befehl des Kaisers gedruckt, the book of the sages was printed by order of the

emperor: — eine gewisse Entfernung, to a certain distance: wir schoben es — den Abend auf, we put it off for the evening: sich — das Trinken legen, to take to drinking: — das Essen (spazieren) gehen, to walk after dinner (or supper): Briefe — Briefe, letter after letter: Verlust — Verlust, loss upon loss: er war — französische Art gekleidet, he was dressed in or after the French manner or fashion: das heißt — Deutsch, that is in German: — die und andere Anklagen (hin) wurde er in den Tower gesperrt, on these and other accusations he was confined in the Tower: — das (contracted into auf) before the superlative, in the ... manner, &c.: — das (—s) Beste, in the best manner possible, to the best of one's ability: sie sangen — das Beste (Umland), they sang to the best of their ability, they sang exceedingly well: —s Prachtigste, most splendidly: —s Neue, anew: —s Geste, as soon as possible: *Ag-s* es hat nichts — sich, it is no matter: das hat viel — sich, this is of great moment or importance.

II. *adv.* 1) up, upwards; 2) astir; 3) coll. for Offen, open: — sein, to be up or stirring: was soll ich denn so spät —? why am I to stay up so late? was haben Sie so früh —? why had you to rise so early? wohl — sein, see Wohlauf; von (meiner) Jugend —, from my youth upwards: — und ab, up and down, to and fro; *Ag.* more or less: das — und Ab des Lebens, the ups and downs of life: — und nieder, *Mar.* speak, right down: die Auf- und Niederbewegung, *Mech.* up and down motion: Treppen —, up stairs; Berg —, up hill: — daß, that, in order to: — daß nicht, lest: see Daß; III. *interj.* —! up! about!

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to groan, sigh heavily.

Aufarbeiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to plough up, to turn up (from the subsoil) in ploughing; to plough up, to break ground; to plough over again.

Aufangeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to draw up (a fish) with the fishing line; 2) *Ag.* to fish up (news, &c.).

Aufarbeiten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to break open or up; 2) a) to spend, to work up or consume (the material); b) to finish one's task, also *intr.* to clear off arrears of business; II. *refl.* 1) to struggle, or get up again; to rise, cf. Emporarbeiten: 2) sich (*Dat.*) die Hände —, to bruise one's hands by hard working.

Aufathmen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to draw a long breath: to breathe again, to recover.

Aufäßen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Surg.* to open by corrosives.

Aufbacken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume by baking; 2) to bake again. [fomentation.

Aufbahnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Surg.* to open by Aufbahnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put upon a bier.

Aufballen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* a) (Waaren) to put or pile up in bales; b) to unball (goods).

Aufbauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pile or heap up (sheaves in a barn).

Aufbau, (*str.*) *m.* a) a building, erection, raising up; b) superstructure.

Aufbaugen, (*w.*) *v. ref.* see Aufbaufügen, II.

Aufbaun, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to build up, to erect; Aufbaulöcher —, to build castles in the air; ihr Verdienst besteht mehr im Niederreißen, als im — (v. s.), their merit is rather that of demolition than that of construction; II. *refl.* Small. to collect in the corners of the furnace (of scoria, &c.).

Aufbauer, (*str.*) *m.* builder (up) &c.

Aufbaumeln, (*w.*) *v. ref.* *Sport.* (of horses) to rise upon the hinder legs and look about.

Aufbaumen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Sport.* to climb up, or take a tree (opp. Abbaumen).

Aufbäumen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* *Weav.* to wind round the weaving staff, (auf den Kettenbaum) to beam, (auf den Zeugbaum) to wind up; II.

refl. 1) to rear (also of a horse = to prance); 2) *Min.* to appear; 3) *provinc.* see Aufschwellen (of rivers).

Aufbaufügen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to puff (up: one's cheeks, &c.); II. *refl.* to puff, to swell: to bag. [ing.

Aufbauung, (*w.*) *f.* the building up, erect-Aufbeben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to start up; to tremble, shake.

Aufbehalten, (*str.*) *v. ref.* to be up.

Aufbehalten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to keep on (one's hat); 2) to keep (in store), to lay up, to save; to reserve, to garner up.

Aufbeissen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bite open; to crack (nuts); 2) see Aufbeigen.

Aufbeizen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see Aufsetzen.

Aufbestimmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to get on, up, or open.

Aufbellen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to bark, to yelp; II. *tr.* to wake by barking or yelping.

Aufbereiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to prepare, to clean, to dress (ores). — Aufbereitung, (*w.*) *f.* mechanical preparation or dressing (of ores).

Aufbergen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Agr.* to heap up, or raise (the furrows) towards the middle to make the water run off the sooner.

Aufbersten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to burst (open), to chap, to gape, to chink; to split, to crack.

Aufbessern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ameliorate, to increase (the salaries of officials, &c.). — Aufbesserung, (*w.*) *f.* amelioration, &c.

Aufbetten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put up, set up (a bed); 2) to make anew (a bed).

Aufbeugen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see Aufbiegen; *refl.* to bend over.

Aufbewahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put by, keep, save, to lay up, to store, to preserve; to take charge of; Einzum — geben, to give in charge of another: 2) *Ag.* see Aufbehalten. Aufbewahrung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) keeping, &c.: preservation; (safe) keeping: *W.-ort*, m. receptacle, depository; *W.-röhre*, *f.* Chem. burras-pipe.

Aufbiegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to bend upwards.

Aufbieten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to summon (by public order), to summon up; b) to call, to call in or up, to raise (up); das ganze Land —, to raise the country in a mass; c) to ask (a lady) to dance; 2) to exert, muster (up), summon; *W.-s* —, to make or use every effort or exertion; to strain every nerve: ich werde *W.-s* —, I shall do all I can; sie bot alle ihre Reize auf, she displayed all her charms; 3) *Eccl.* Verlobte —, to proclaim, to bid, to publish the bans: 4) coll. to revile, to abuse; 5) to outbid, to overbid (at an auction). [culties.

Aufbinden, (*w.*) *v. ref.* to develop one's faculties.

Aufbinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to tie, truss or tack up; b) to fasten or bind upon: *Mar.* die Segel —, to hand the sails? 2) to untie, unbind, uncord, loosen; *Surg.* to take off (the dressing); 3) (Einem etwas) *Ag.* to impose upon one, to tell one a fib, to hoax or humbug one, to put a sham or banter upon one.

Aufblähen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to puff (up), swell, bloat (up); II. *refl.* see Aufbläsen.

Aufblähung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) puffing, swelling, &c., inflation.

Aufblasen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to blow up, inflate: to distend with wind, to puff (a bubble, bladder, &c.); 2) to blow open, to open by blowing (a window, &c.); 3) a) to call up or forth, to rouse, wake, &c. by blowing a trumpet; (zum Streite, Angriffe, Rückzuge) to sound the battle, charge, retreat; (zum Aufsitzen der Reiter) to sound to horse; b) Eins —, to sound a flourish with trumpets; c) to wake or call forth by blowing (an instrument): to blow upwards or raise (the dust); II. *refl.* to swell, to puff one's self up, to be inflated. Aufbläfer, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* see Stachelhäut.

Aufblättern, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Aufblättern**.
Aufblättern, (w.) v. I. tr. to turn over, to open the leaves of (a book); to search (for a passage) by turning over the leaves; II. *refl.* to open.

Aufbleiben, (str.) v. *intr.* 1) to stay up, to sit up; *Abends* lange —, to sit up late at night; 2) *coll.* (for *offen bleiben*) to remain open, to be left open. [*Chem.* lightning.

Aufblid, (str.) m. look upwards; glimpse;
Aufbliden, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to look up, to cast one's looks upwards or to heaven; 2) or **Aufblinden**, **Aufblitzen**, (w.) to flash or flare up, to emit a transient gleam or glitter; 3) *Metall.* to appear shining.

Aufblühen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to begin to bloom, to blossom; to open; 2) *fig.* to begin to blossom, to rise, to increase; *pp.* *aufgeblüht*, (*ganz*, full-)blown; *das* —, v. s. (*str.*) n. the flourishing, development, growth (of a country, &c.).

Aufbohren, (w.) v. tr. 1) to bore open, to open by boring; 2) to bore again.

Aufbojen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to buoy up.

Aufborgen, (w.) v. tr. to borrow, to take up (money), to collect by borrowing.

Aufbot, (str.) n. *see* **Aufgebot**.

Aufbrauchen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Aufbrauchen**.

Aufbrausen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to surge, foam up. [*to heave to*.

Aufbrausen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to bring to, **Aufbräuen**, (str.) v. tr. to roast afresh.

Aufbraunen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Verbraunen**.

Aufbrauen, (w.) v. tr. to consume by brewing.

Aufbrausen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to rush up, to (begin to) roar; to chafe; to foam up; to flux (like champagne, &c.); *Chem.* to effervesce; to ferment; 2) *fig.* to effervesce; to fly into a violent passion; *coll.* to fly out, to flare up; *er* *braust* gleich *auf*, his blood is soon up; *das* —, v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) *Chem.* & *fig.* effervescence, ebullition; 2) *flash* (of temper); c-b, *adj.* 1) *Chem.* & *fig.* effervescent; 2) *fig.* passionate, irascible.

Aufbrechen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to break open or up; to open or force (a door, &c.); *das* *Flas-*
ter —, to break or take up the pavement; 2) *Brew.* to stir, turn (the beer) in the cooler; 3) *Agr.* to break (ground), *see* **Streichen**, *Umpflügen*; 4) *Metall.* to dress (ore); 5) *Sport.* to evictorate, to gut; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to burst open, to open; *von der* *Rülse* —, *see* **Aufspringen**, **Aufsteigen**; 2) to start, to break up, to set out, to set forth, to depart; *Wit.* to decamp; *Sport.* *das* *Wild* *bricht* *auf*, the deer leaves its usual place of food, and seeks another; *das* —, v. s. (*str.*) n. or **Aufbruchung**, (w.) f. the (act of) breaking up, &c.

Aufbreiten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spread, to stretch out, to display; 2) *Min.* *see* **Aufbreiten**.
Aufbreitmaschine, (w.) f. T. blower and spreader, lap-machine.

Aufbrennen, (irr.) v. I. tr. 1) to burn up, to consume (wood); 2) *see* **Aufbrühen**; 3) (*einer* *Sache* *oder* *Person* [*Dad.*] *etwas*) to brand, to burn (a mark) upon; 3) *Coop.* to smoke with brimstone; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to burn up suddenly; *Chem.* to take fire; 2) *fig.* to be excited to sudden anger; 3) *see* **Abrennen**, I. 2.

Aufbringen, I. (irr.) v. tr. 1) a) to cause to get up, or to rise; b) to restore (a patient) to health; 2) *Wit.* to levy (men); 3) to rear, bring up (children, &c.); 4) *Comm.* to house, to warehouse; 5) *Mar.* to bring up or in a prize, to capture; 6) to get or set up, to bring on; to raise (money), to afford (a sum), to make up or good; 7) a) to produce, allude (to *Erörtern*); b) to get up, set (up), to introduce (new fashions); *eine* *Mode* —, to set, &c. a fashion; *wieder* —, to bring again into use; c) to start,

broach (an opinion, &c.); 8) to provoke, irritate, pique, chafe, exasperate, to put in a passion; *coll.* to put (one) up; *Einen* *gegen* *den* *Andern* —, *see* **Aufsetzen**, 2; II. v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) the (act of) getting up, &c.; 2) *Mar.* capture.

Aufbringer, (str.) m. *Mar.* captor.

Aufbroden, (w.) v. tr. to break into small pieces (as bread). [*bubble up*.

Aufbröckeln, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to **Aufbruch**, (str., pl. **Aufbrüche**) m. 1) the (act of) breaking up, move, rising (from table, &c.); setting out, departure; 2) *Mil.* decampment or move of an army; *jum* — *bleiben*, to sound the march; 3) *Sport.* the opening and evictorating; 4) *Agr.* breaking up.

Aufbrücken, (w.) v. tr. to bridge over; to erect a bridge (over); to construct in form of a bridge. [*water*.

Aufbrühen, (w.) v. tr. to soak in boiling **Aufbrüllen**, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to raise a lowing or roaring; II. tr. to wake by roaring.

Aufbrummen, (w.) v. I. tr. *Stud. slang.* *Einem* *eine* *Beileibung*, *eins* *ic.* —, to put an insult upon one; II. *see* **Aufbrüllen**.

Aufbrühen, (w.) v. I. tr. *Buck.* to open the breast of (a slaughtered beast); II. *refl.* *fig.* to assume a pompous air, to make one's self look big. [*back*.

Aufbuckeln, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* to take on one's **Aufbucht**, (w.) f. *Ship-b.* a rounding up, round up.

Aufbuden, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to put up booths or stalls; II. tr. to lay out for sale.

Aufbügeln, (w.) v. tr. *Tad.* to smooth up with the pressing iron, to iron (over) again; to raise the button holes by means of the iron.

Aufbühen, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to erect scaffolds in ...

Aufbügen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to plank (a ship). **Aufbündeln**, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem* *etwas*) *coll.* to burden (one) with (a bundle or other heavy object), cf. **Aufbürden**, **Aufpacken** &c.

Aufbürden, (w.) v. tr. 1) (*Einem* *etwas*) to burden, or load (one with), to lay or put on one's back or shoulders, to charge; *coll.* to saddle (one) with; 2) *fig.* to impose, to put (a fault, the blame, &c.) upon, to charge with, to impute.

Aufbürsten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to brush up; 2) to brush again; *einen* *Hut* —, to dress up or trim a hat; 3) *Cloth.* to roughen the cloth previous to piling.

Aufcirceln, (w.) v. tr. to transfer (the exact dimensions of ... &c.) with compasses, to fit exactly.

Aufcürmen, (w.) v. tr. *Gam.* to crown or king a man (at draughts).

Aufdämmern, (w.) v. I. tr. to dam up; *see* **Andämmern**; II. *refl.* *coll.* (of the clouds) *es* *dämmert* *sich* *nach* *Elben* *zu* *auf*, it's banking up to the southward.

Aufdämmern, I. (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to dawn, open; to rise with a faint gleam; II. v. s. (*str.*) n. or **Aufdämmernung**, (w.) f. dawn, first rise; opening; *das* *erste* — *des* *Verstandes*, the first dawning(s) of intellect.

Aufdampfen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rise in smoke, steam or vapour.

Aufbauern, (w.) v. *intr.* to keep up, to stay up (watching).

Aufbeden, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) *lit.* & *fig.* to uncover; to bare, to lay bare; *sein* *Epitel* —, *Gam.* to show or let see one's cards; b) T. to uncape (a quarry); c) to detect, disclose, unveil, to discover, to expose (one's shame, a fallacy, &c.); 2) to cover over, to lay (the table cloth). **Aufbedung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) uncovering, &c.; 2) *fig.* discovery, exposure, disclosure. [*2*] *see* **Andämmern**.

Aufbeiden, (w.) v. tr. 1) to raise a dike; **Aufbeichten**, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Andichten**.

Aufbleuen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* f. to wait upon; II. *refl.* to rise in service.

Aufbinge ..., *in comp.* — *brief*, m. indentures of an apprentice; — *geld*, n. money paid to a corporation or guild on indenturing an apprentice.

Aufbingen, (str. & w.) v. tr. to bind to a master; to indenture (an apprentice). — **Aufbingung**, (w.) f. the (act of) binding, &c.

Aufboden, (w.) v. tr. *Sport.* to wind up (the loach); to turn (linen) upon the calendar-roll.

Aufboernern, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to thunder: to open with a thundering noise; II. tr. to awake by thundering or by a thundering noise; III. *refl.* *vulg.* to trick one's self out, to be dishonest one's self; *für* *was* *ungeheuer* *aufgeboren*, *vulg.* she was tossed out to the mines.

Aufboepeln, (w.) v. tr. *Shoe-m.* to sew (the sole) to the upper-leather.

Aufborren, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to dry (upon). [*paroh* up].

Aufbröcken, (w.) v. tr. to dry (fruit); to **Aufbrängen**, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to push open; 2) (*Einem* *etwas*) *see* **Aufbringen**; II. *refl.* (*sich* *Einem*) to obtrude one's self, to intrude (on, upon, into); to importune; *die* *Überbrünst* *sich* *nir* *auf*, the idea strikes me; *sie* *muss* *sich* *der* *Verdacht* —, here the suspicion arises, here one cannot help suspecting.

Aufbrecheln, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Andrecheln**. **Aufbröhen**, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to unweave, to untwist; to untwine; to open by turning; *Mar.* to strand, unstrand (a rope); *einen* *Seils* —, to turn the cock; *eine* *Schraube* —, to draw a screw; 2) to twist to; to screw to; to fasten by twisting or turning; 3) *Arch.* to hollow out (the stuff), to form (the vessels) on the wheel; II. *intr.* *Mar.* *bei* *dem* *Winde* —, to spring the loof, to spring aloof; *das* *Schiff* *dreht* *vor* *seinem* *Anker* *auf*, the ship winds up, or swings.

Aufbreichen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to thrash out all (the sheaves); 2) to break open by much thrashing. [*val* out; cf. **Aufbeulen**, 2.

Aufbriceln, (w.) v. tr. to untwist; to unravel; **Aufbrift**, (w.) f. *see* **Auftritt**.

Aufbringen, (str.) v. I. tr. (*Einem* *etwas*) to obtrude, intrude, urge, force, press on or upon; II. *refl.* *see* **Aufbringen**, II.

Aufbringlich, I. *adj.* obtruding, &c.; obtrusive, intrusive; II. *W-felt.* obtrusiveness.

Aufbringung, (w.) f. obtrusion, intrusion.

Aufbrud, (str., pl. **Aufbrüche**) m. 1) impress; 2) *Archit.* buttment.

Aufbruden, (w.) v. tr. to impress, to stamp, print, to imprint; *ein* *Siegel* —, to set or put a seal to.

Aufbröcken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to open by pressing, to break up; 2) a) to press on or upon; b) to press upwards; 3) *see* **Aufbruden**.

Aufbuden, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rise a little from a stooping position, raise one's self imperceptibly.

Aufbuehen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rise (of fragrance, odour).

Aufbühnen, **Aufbühnung**, (w.) f. *Mar.* land-fall; looming of the land.

Aufbunnen, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to swell, to distend, to puff up; *aufgeblunnen* (*from* *†* *Aufblinden*), p. a. puffed up, bloated; inflated; turgid.

Aufbunnen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rise like steam or vapour, to evaporate.

Aufbunnen, (w.) v. tr. to cause to rise in vapours, to evaporate.

Aufbuspfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stop, dry up (with tow, &c.); 2) to press (gold-leaves) down.

Aufbühen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to bear up, away or round. [*rowing*.

Aufbeugen, (w.) v. tr. to lay open by har-
Aufeinander, *adv.* one upon (on) or after another, stop of one another; *die* — *folgt*, f.

consecution, succession; —*folgend*, consecutive, successive; —*fögnung*, *f.* Carp. rabbiting, see *Aufstreiben*; *das* —*stoßen*, conflict; —*treiben*, *Mar.* to drive or fall aboard a ship, to run foul of each other (said of two ships).

Aufweisen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to break the ice of (a river); to break up and clear away the ice (from the roads or pavements); to break holes in the ice of (a pond) to let in air for the fish: *man ein Schiff herum* —, to clear a ship: *II. intr.* see *Aufstehen*.

Aufenthalt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stay: a) stoppage, sojourn; b) abode; bidding-place; home, dwelling; residence; retirement; haunt; whereabout(s); 2) *fig.* delay, stop, hindrance, detention, stoppage (see *Posten*, *Bahnzüge* etc.); *hier sind 5 Minuten* —, here we stop five minutes; *W-e* inbegreifen, stoppages included; *ohne* —, without stopping; *Mar.* demurrage (die *Entfrachtungs*); *W-starte*, *f.* certificate (permit) of residence, permission to reside; *W-stert*, *m.* place of abode or residence; domicile; *W-zeit*, *f.* time of continuance in a place; sojourn. (2) see *Erbauen*, 3.

Aufbauen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* see *Aufstehen*; *Aufbauen*, (*adj.*) edifying.

Aufbringen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (etwem etwas) to impose (something on, upon); to enjoin (one) to ...; *cf.* *Auflegen*. — *Aufbringung*, (*w.*) *f.* imposition (of contributions, &c.).

Aufcrstehen, *I. (irr.) v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to rise up, to rise from the dead: *II. v. e. (str.) v. m.* see *Auferstehung*.

Auferstehung, (*w.*) *f.* resurrection; *W-ferst*, *m.* Easter-festival; *W-garten*, *m.* *fig.* churchyard; *W-tag*, *m.* day of resurrection.

Aufersuchen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to awake (especially, from the slumber of death).

Aufersuchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to resuscitate, to raise (from the dead). — *Aufersucher*, (*str.*) *m.* he that raises from the dead, &c. — *Aufersuchung*, (*w.*) *f.* resuscitation, &c.; *die* — *des Lazarus*, the raising of Lazarus.

Aufersuchen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to bring up, see *Aufziehen*. [same.]

Aufessen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to eat up, to consume; *Aufessen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Aufessen*.

Aufziehen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to string, thread; 2) to unweave, to unravel, untwist.

Aufsteigen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) 1) (in die *Luft*, im *Wasser*) to ascend, to mount, rise, fly up; 2) to approach driving, to drive up (in a carriage, &c.: *Vorfahren*); 3) *Mar.* to run or strike upon (the sands, &c.), to run aground; 4) *a)* to start up (*aus*, from or out of); *b)* to fly open (as windows, &c.); *c)* *fig.* to fly out in a passion; to fly into a passion: *II. tr. 1* to drive open; 2) to cut up or break (a road) by driving; 3) to raise (a road, garden, &c.); 4) to place, plant (cannons); 5) *Min.* to open (a mine), to drive (a gallery, &c.).

Aufsteigen, *p. a.*, *Aufsteigend*, (*adj.*) *coll.* up to fly out in a passion, passionate, irritable, vehement, impetuous, snappish; *das* *a-e* *Wesen*, snappishness, &c.

Aufsteigen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) ascension, ascent; 2) rising ground; 3) *T.* approach (of a bridge, &c.); rising or height (of a bridge, &c.); 4) the driving up, drawing up (of carriages).

Aufstellen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to open by falling; 2) to hurt, wound, bruise by falling; *sch.* (*Det.* *den Kopf* —, to break one's head by a fall: *II. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) 1) to fall or strike upon; 2) *fig.* (with *Det.*) *a)* to strike, astonish, to excite, surprise; *es fällt mir auf*, it strikes me; *dieß war mir nicht aufgefallen*, this was not noticed by me; *alld.* to make a sensation or a show; *b)* to startle, offend, give a shock; 3) *Sport.* to light on (of birds); to take up the scent (of pointers),

Auffallen, *p. a.*, *Auffällig*, *I. adj.* *fig.* 1) startling, striking, remarkable, conspicuous; 2) strange; extravagant; offending, flagrant; — *gefallen*, extravagantly, showily dressed, dressed out of the usual way; *ein zu a-s (zu buntes)* *Wetter*, too conspicuous (showy, gay) a pattern; *II. Auffälligkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* strikingness, &c., striking feature, &c.

Auffalligkeits, (*str.*) *m.* see *Geistespiegel*.

Auffalten, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to unfold; 2) to fold up; *Goth.* to fold or lay in proper plaits.

Auffangen, (*str.*) *v. tr. 1* to catch or snatch up, to catch; 2) to break (a blow, a fall, &c.); 3) to gather, to collect; *ein Tau* —, to hang or get up a rope; *Briefe* &c. —, to intercept letters, &c.; *Wingstern* —, to fish up news; *Mar-s.* *den Wind* —, to catch the gale; *einem Schiffe den Wind* —, to becalm a ship.

Auffange, ..., *in comp.* —*glas*, *n.* *Opt.* see *Objectivglas*; —*range*, *f.* *Phys.* metallic point of the lightning-rod; —*trog*, *m.* *T.* sevilla, wooden-bowl used in mirror-making; —*wert*, *n.* *Agr.* reservoir of irrigation.

Auffärben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dye afresh, to dye again, to new-dye.

Auffären, *Auffären*, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* see *Aufführen*, 2; 2) *Booth.* die *Enden der Schürze* —, to open and scrape the bands.

Auffassen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* eine *Waise* —, to take up (a stitch, &c.); to catch up; to take in; 2) *fig.* to perceive, to conceive, comprehend, apprehend, grasp; *faßlich*, *irrig* —, to take a wrong view of (a subject), to mistake, misconceive, misunderstand; to catch (an idea, &c.); *schnell* or *richtig* —, to be quick of comprehension, apprehension; *schwer* —, to be slow or dull of comprehension.

Auffassung, (*w.*) *f.* apprehension, comprehension, perception, conception; *W-straf*, *f.*, *W-stermügen*, *m.* perceptive faculty.

Auffeilen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to polish up by filing, to new-file; 2) to open by filing.

Auffeuchten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to moisten again.

Auffeilen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *vulg.* to scrape (on a violin).

Auffeilen, (*str.*) *pl.* *W-bücher* *m.* reformation, (str.) *v. tr. 1* to find out; to discover; 2) to find (a person) up, awake or stirring.

Auffindung, (*w.*) *f.* discovery, finding out.

Auffirnissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to new-varnish.

Auffischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fish up or out, to pick up; to intercept (*Auffangen*).

Auffängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to untangle, to disentangle.

Auffahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to rise with quick and transient flame, to flare up.

Auffahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to flame up or forth, to blaze, to break out into a flame. [utter upwards.]

Auffahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to plait; to braid up; 2) to tie (a malefactor) down (on the wheel); 3) to untwist, unmat, to unbraids, unplait.

Auffahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Befahren*, *Auffahren*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to pray up (*zu*, to); to implore.

Auffahren, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to piece, patch or vamp up; 2) to lay or sew on (a patch).

Auffliegen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) 1) to fly up (also = to explode); (*lit. & fig.*) to start, to soar; 2) (with *auf* [*& Acc.*]) to fly down (upon), to perch, light, or settle (on); 3) to fly open; *hoch* —, to take a high flight; — *lassen*, *a)* to let fly, to fly (a hawk, a kite, &c.); *b)* *lit.* to blow up (with gunpowder), to spring (a mine).

Aufflimmern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) to glimmer up. [floating.]

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to convey up by

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to play (a tune)

on the flute; 2) to awaken by playing on the flute. [by swearing.]

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rouse from sleep; *Aufführen*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Aufführer* *m.* the (act of) flying, soaring up, &c., *cf.* *Auffliegen*; ascension, rising (of a balloon).

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. ref.* see *Aufkommen*, *III.*

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see *Aufwallen*.

Auffordern, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to summon, to challenge; *eine Gefangung zur Übergabe* —, to summon a fortress to surrender; 2) to invite, ask, call upon, request; *jum Tange* —, to ask to dance, to take out; *darf ich Sie, mein Fräulein, jum Tange* —, may I have the honour (pleasure) of dancing with you, Miss? *bringen* *manu* —, to urge (a thing, *f. i.* payment).

Auffordern, (*w.*) *v. tr. Min.* to draw up the shaft; *die Soole* —, *Soll-u.* to raise the brine.

Aufforderung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) call, summons, challenge; *es erging eine* — *an das Volk*, *aus-einander zu gehen*, a summons was made to the people to disperse; 2) invitation; *eine* — *ergehen lassen*, to issue an appeal. [(a hat).]

Auffordern, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* *coll.* to trim up

Auffordern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to find out by asking.

Auffressen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* *a)* to devour, to eat up; to consume; *b)* *fig. vulg.* *essen* —, to eat one out of house and home; 2) *Chem.* to corrode.

Auffrieren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* see *Aufrieren*.

Auffrischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to refresh, renew, to revive, *coll.* to brush up; to freshen up (the colours of a picture); to touch up, retouch (pictures); *Frst.* to remove damaged spots in tin by retinning; *Dy.* to fill up; *Comm.* (*Beachten* *Künftlich* —) to give (goods) a new finish.

Auffügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Aufsetzen*, *Einfügen*; *T.* to join to the spokes; *Carp.* to fit, to dovetail, to clamp.

Aufführbar, (*adj.*) what may be raised, built, represented, &c., *cf.* *Aufführen*.

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to lead up; 2) to raise, to set up, to erect, to build up, to construct; *eine Schanze* —, to throw up a trench or redoubt; 3) to represent, to perform, to act (plays); *Sprechwörter*, *Charactern* —, *Gem.* to play *procedere* (*Pr.*), to act charades; 4) *Comm.* to charge, note down, enter; *einlegen* —, to detail, to specify; 5) *Mil.* to place or plant (cannons); to post (the guard, a sentry); 6) to produce, adduce (*Zeugen*, witnesses); 7) *den Taus*, *jum Tange* —, to lead off the dance, to lead out to the dance; *T.* to button; *II. ref.* to behave or conduct one's self.

Aufführung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of leading up, &c.; 2) erection; 3) representation, performance; acting; 4) behaviour, conduct, deportment; manners; *gute* —, good breeding; *rohe* —, ill-breeding.

Auffüllen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill up again, to cask, to bottle; *der Wein ist höchstens jum* — *tauglich*, the wine is at best only fit for mixing.

Auffüllen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to emit a transient glitter, to throw up sparks.

Auffürchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furrow.

Auffügen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to stand on one's feet. [box up, to case.]

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* *Carp.* to line, to

Aufführen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to spend, consume (food); 2) *a)* to breed up, bring up, feed; to bring up by the hand (children); *b)* to fatten.

Aufführung, (*w.*) *f.* *Ship-b.* die *W-en* *cines* *Schiffe* *beim Stiefeln*, the water-boards of a ship laid on a carcan.

Auffügen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) delivery (of a telegram at the telegraph-station); posting (of a letter); 2) *a)* task; lesson; (*geistliche*) exercise; (*jum Bedenken*) *sum*; *b)* proposition; problem, theme; *c)* *fig.* business (of one's life);

mission (of philosophy, &c.) 3) a) surrender (of a town); b) resignation (of an office); giving up (one's right, &c.); retirement (from business, &c.) 4) *Comm.* order, instruction: unter —, with advice; laut —, as per advice, as advised; nach —, according to statement; Jhrer — gemäß, agreeably to your order (instructions); — art, m. eines Briefes, place where a letter is or was posted, cf. Aufgeben.
Aufgabeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to take up with a fork, to pick up; 2) see Aufgattern.

Aufgaffen, (tr.) v. intr. to look (stare) upward.

Aufgähnen, (tr.) v. intr. to yawn aloud; to yawn: *fig.* to gape.

Aufgähren, (str.) v. intr. to ferment anew; — lassen, to raise a new fermentation, to stum: der aufgährende Wein, stum.

Aufgähren, (w.) v. intr. see Aufsprallen.
Aufgang, (str., pl. Aufgänge) m. 1) a) the act of going up, &c. (cf. Aufgehen), rising, ascent; rise (of the sun, &c.); b) rising ground, slope, ascent; c) a flight of steps or stairs on the outside of a building (Freitreppe); 2) east, orient; 3) consumption, spending.

Aufgattern, (w.) v. tr. 1) coll. to pick up, find out; 2) to keep an animal's mouth open whilst administering physic.

Aufgeben, I. (str.) v. tr. 1) to deliver; to send (a telegram), to post (a letter); 2) to give up: a) to surrender; to yield up; b) to give up (retire from) (business), to vacate (an employment, &c.), lay down, resign; c) to give over (a patient, &c.) to despair of his recovery; to drop (an acquaintance, &c.), abandon (a measure, &c.), relinquish (an opinion, &c.), to quit (a claim), renounce (hope, &c.); den Geist —, to give up the ghost, to expire; 3) (Einem etwas) to set or impose (one's task); to order, direct (one), to propose or put a question, a riddle: *Comm.* Adressen —, to supply (furnish) with addresses; eine Befestigung —, to give an order; to order: sämtliche aufgebene Artikel, all the articles ordered: Baaren zur Befestigung —, to order an insurance to be effected on goods; *Metall.* to charge, feed, serve the furnace; II. s. (str.) n., or Aufgebung, (w.) f. surrender, relinquishment, &c.; *Metall.* charge, feeding of the furnace.

Aufgeber, (str.) m. he that delivers, proposes, &c.; *Metall.* charger.

Aufgebig, adj. *Law.* a def which the proprietor can at any time inhabit and occupy with soldiers.

Aufgeblühen, (w.) v. tr. see Aufstürmen.

Aufgeblähen, I. p. a. *fig.* inflated, puffed up, swelling, big, haughty, elated, huffy, huffish, arrogant, flushed (with ambition); II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. inflation, haughtiness; insolence, arrogance, huffishness.

Aufgebot, (str.) n. 1) public call, summons: — der Gläubiger, calling of a meeting of the creditors; 2) the (publication of the) bans; 3) *Mil.* levy; cf. Aufhebung; 4) — (Aufstellung) aller Mittel, utmost exertion.

Aufgebracht, p. a. (cf. Aufbringen) irritated, angry, indignant (über/with Acc.), at).

Aufgeben, (w.) f. the (act of) giving up, &c. see Aufgeben, v. s. & Aufgabe.

Aufgehackt, p. a. (cf. Aufhacken) T. a-es Holz, wood to be used in building after previous examination; squared timber.

Aufgebilde, (str.) n. the binding and money paid for an apprentice, indenture, cf. Aufdingen & Aufdingereid.

Aufgebreht, p. a. (cf. Aufbrechen) das a-e Ende eines Zaues, tag-end of a rope.

Aufgeblühen, I. p. a. 1) *Med.* bloated; 2) see Aufgeblähen; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. bloatedness.

Aufgehen, (irr.) v. i. intr. (aux. sein) 1) *lit.* only in combination with abgehen) to walk

up: ein paar mal in der Stube auf- und abgehen, to walk up and down in the room, to take a turn or two about the room; 2) a) to rise, arise, mount: a-des Maurerwerk, masonry above ground: der Vorhang ging auf, the curtain drew up: die Sonne geht auf, the sun rises: die Sonne ist aufgegangen, the sun is up; b) *fig.* (with the Dat.) to break or dawn (upon one, as the light of truth, &c.): ein Strahl der Hoffnung geht uns auf, a beam (gleam) of hope shines upon us; eine neue Welt schien ihm aufgegangen, a new creation seemed to open on him; 3) to shoot, come up: come forth: to bud, blossom: 4) *Bak. & Cook.* to heave, swell, rise (said of dough); 5) *Mus.* to swell, rise, increase (said of slackened lime); 6) a) to open (as a door, &c.), to break up, as ice, &c.: die Wunde ging auf, the wound opened; das Wetter geht auf, it thaws; b) to open, commence; die Jagd geht auf, the shooting-season begins: das — (v. s., str.) n.) der Schifffahrt, der Hölle, the opening of the navigation, of the rivers; 7) to get or come loose; to sag out, untwist, unwind, untwine: to uncurl, come out (as curls); 8) a) to be spent; er läßt viel —, he spends a great deal; b) to get consumed: in Feuer, in Rauch —, to be consumed by fire: *fig.* to end in smoke; c) (with in (with Dat.)) *fig.* to be merged (in), to be amalgamated or identified (with), to coincide (with): Freuen geht fortan in Deutschland auf, from this day forward Prussia is fused in Germany: ihr Glück geht in dem ihrer Tochter auf, her happiness is bound up in that of her daughter; 9) *Arith.* to be even (of numbers); es geht auf, there is no rest, nothing left; there remains nought; 6 von 6 geht auf, 6 subtracted from 6 leaves no remainder; 5 geht nicht in 9 auf, 9 cannot be divided by 5 without a remainder; eine Rechnung — lassen, *Comm.* to strike a balance, to balance; wechselseitige Schulden — lassen, to set off mutual debts; es geht mir ein Licht auf or mir gehen die Augen auf, I begin to see clear.

II. *tr. fam. sich* (Dat.) die Hölle —, to walk one's foot sore.

Aufgehn, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to brail up, to clew or haul up (a sail).

Aufgehen, (w.) v. tr. coll. 1) (Einem etwas) to play (a tune to one) upon the violin, to fiddle; 2) to rouse from sleep by fiddling.

Aufgeklärt, I. p. a. enlightened, (highly) civilised, intelligent, clear-headed, luminous, bright, liberal; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. enlightenment, (high state of) civilisation, instruction; brightness (of intellect).

Aufgele, (str., pl. Auf-er) n. 1) *Comm.* agio, premium, change, exchange, balance; 2) see Angele.

Aufgelegt, p. a. (gut or schlecht) disposed (gu. for a thing, to jest, &c.) in a (good or bad) humour: wenn er dazu — gewesen wäre, if he had been so minded.

Aufgeleitet, (w.) v. tr. to lead up.

Aufgemüht, I. p. a. *fig.* good-humoured; in high or good spirits, of good cheer; in a merry cue; careless: ein a-er Mann, a good-humoured man; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. goodhumouredness, &c.

Aufgeregt, I. p. a. excited, &c. cf. Aufregung; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. excitement, &c. (Aufregung).

Aufgerichtet, p. a. *Bot.* erect.

Aufgerollt, p. a. *Bot.* convoluted(d).

Aufgeschürzt, p. a. *Vet.* shrunk in the flank (of horses).

Aufgeschwemmt, p. a. diluvial, &c. cf. Aufschwemmen.

Aufgeschwollen, I. p. a. *Bot.*, &c. tumid, cf. Aufschwellen; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. tumidness, tumidity

Aufgetaucht, p. a. *Bot.* projected.
Aufgetrieben, I. p. a. *Bot.* turgid; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. *Med.* intumescens(-cy): physiconia.

Aufgewachsen, p. a. *Bot.* innate.
Aufgewalligen, (w.) v. tr. *Mus.* to clear (a mine) of the stiles, &c.

Aufgewekt, I. p. a. *fig.* brisk, lively, sprightly; gay, cheerful: der Knabe ist ein a-er Kopf, he is a boy of lively parts; II. *W-hett*, (w.) f. liveliness, sprightliness, briskness, &c.

Aufgießen, I. (str.) v. tr. to pour upon: to affuse: *Med.* to infuse: den Thetapf —, to put fresh water into the tea-pot; — (in Salpeterfiederten &c.) to renew the copper; II. s. (str.) n. or Aufgießung, (w.) f. *Med.* infusion.

Aufgift, (w.) f. *Law.* bail, security.

Aufglänzen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. haben & sein) to shine, flame up with splendor.

Aufglätzen, (w.) v. tr. to polish afresh or again, to repolish.

Aufgleiten, (str.) v. intr. to glide or slide up against.

Aufglimmen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to gleam, glimmer up (again).

Aufglimmen, (w.) v. intr. see Aufgleiten.

Aufglocken, (w.) v. intr. see Aufgaffen.

Aufglocken, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to glow up (again).

Aufgraben, (str.) v. tr. to dig up, to break ground, to trench, to open; (eine Leiche) to unbury: um einen Baum herum —, to tap a tree. — Aufgrabung, (w.) f. a digging up, &c.

Aufgrasen, (w.) v. tr. to graze, browse up.

Aufgrauen, (w.) v. intr. see Aufdämmern.

Aufgreifen, (str.) v. I. tr. to seize, grasp, to lay hold of: *fig.* to pick or take up: eine Sache —, *Law.* to settle the proceedings by mutual agreement; II. *intr.* Sport. to be eager in following the trace or scent (of sporting dogs).

Aufgräbeln, (w.) v. tr. to dig or grub up.

Aufgrünen, (w.) v. intr. 1) to become green; 2) *fig.* to revive.

Aufgürten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to gird up, tuck up; 2) to ungird.

Aufguss, (str., pl. Aufgüsse) m. the (act of) pouring upon, cf. Aufgießen; infusion; affusion: — thierchen, n. pl. *Zool.* infusoria.

Aufhaben, (irr.) v. tr. 1) a) to have on, to wear: der Vorsitzende des Tribunals, welcher allein den Hut anhatte, the president of the tribunal, who alone wore his hat; b) to be loaded with; 2) to have open or opened; 3) to have to do (a task or work of any kind); 4) *impers.* es hat damit nichts auf sich, it is a matter of no consequence, it is no matter, it does not signify.

Aufhacken, (w.) v. tr. to cut up, to open with a hoe or any pointed instrument (or as a bird with its beak), to hoe, grub: to pick, to peck.

Aufhängen, (w.) v. tr. see Aufheben.

Aufhängen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to unclasp, unhook; 2) a) to hang up by a hook; b) to fasten by a hook.

Aufhängen, (w.) v. tr. to unhook.

Aufhängen, (w.) v. intr. to resound.

Aufhängen, (w.) v. tr. see Aufstürzen.

Aufhalt, (str.) m. 1) a) a stopping; delay; b) *Man.* stop: ein halber —, half a stop; 2) *Mus.* see Forthalt.

Aufhalten, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to keep up, uphold, support; 2) to hold open; 3) to stop: to keep back, prevent, hinder, impede, keep off, delay, detain; to keep off and on, to amuse; halt auf! stop (thief)! einen Stall —, to break a fall; II. *ref.* 1) to stay, to make a stay; sich etwas (or einige Zeit) —, to make some (or a) stay, to sojourn, to stop, to live; sich — bei, to take up (one's quarters) with;

Ag-s. 2) sich bei Kleinigkeiten —, to stand upon (stick at) trifles; sich bei einer Sache —, to dwell, to enlarge upon ...; 3) *wild über* (& *acc.*), to mock, sneer (at), to find fault (with), to criticize, censure.

Aufhalter, (*l.u.*) **Aufhälter**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) any instrument for stopping; 2) *Mus. see* **Verhalt**; 3) *a)* *Mar.* relieving-rope; *b)* *Privat.* cords of the carriage; 4) breeching (of horses); 5) *Lock-sm.* tumbler; 6) *Card-m.* stopping-motion; 7) *Electr. Tel.* stop-work, interruptor. **Aufhalterei**, (*w.*) *f. coll. (l.u.)* fault-finding, criticism.

Aufhalt ..., *in comp.* —**halten**, *see* **Sperrhalten**; —**lette**, *f.* breeching-chain (of shaft-harness); —**riemen**, *m.* *Saddl.* breeching breech.

Aufhaltung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a stopping, &c., hindrance, *cf.* **Aufhalten**; 2) *Wach-m.* scouting.

Aufhämmern, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to hammer on: to touch up with the hammer or on the anvil; 2) to wake (one) by hammering; 3) to open by hammering; *II. intr.* to hammer away, to beat hard.

Aufhänge, (*w.*) *f. T.* a frame of any description used for hanging things on.

Aufhänge ..., *in comp.* —**band**, *n.* 1) *Anat.* suspensory, truss; 2) —**bünder**, *pl.* strong leather straps or girths to keep quiet refractory horses, when being shod or conveyed on board ship; —**haben**, *m.* *Typ.* printer's hanging room, drying-place; drying-loft; —**heber**, *f.* *Electr. Tel.* suspension spring; —**hörn**, *m.* peol: —**muskel** *des Auges*, *m.* *Anat.* suspensory muscle of the eye; —**punct**, *m.* *Med.* point of suspension, fulcrum, bearing; —**steller**, *Archit.* *m.* *see* **Errebecker**; —**stütze**, *f. pl. Typ.* drying-ropes; —**sturm**, *m.* *Archit.* suspension tower.

Aufhängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hang up, hang, suspend; ein Bild —, to put up a picture; **Wäsche** —, to hang out linen to dry; 2) *coll. (Einem etwas)* to palm (a thing) upon ... (*cf.* **Aufheften**).

Aufheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rake up.

Aufheften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Rope-m.* to give the necessary twisting (to the ropes).

Aufheischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to snatch, catch, pick up.

Aufheischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to reel, to wind, to reel off; *Med.* to wind up, to weigh, to hoist; 2) to finish reeling; 3) to raise up, sich wirbeln —, to rise slowly from the ground; to recover from an illness; *vulg.* to pick up one's crabs.

Aufheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put a cap on.

Aufhauchen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to breathe, blow open; *II. intr.* to breathe up.

Aufhaufen, (*irr.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a)* to cut, hew, break up, open or anew; *b)* to cleave, split (wood); *c)* to strike upon; 2) to finish cutting; 3) *T.* to cut or sharpen anew, to resharpen (a file); 4) *Tim.* to chase, to draw up by beating; 5) *Lock-sm.* to cut open with the bolt-chisel; 6) *Corp.* to assemble the timber; *II. intr.* 1) to strike (upon), to hit hard; 2) *Gumm.* mit der Zunge —, to cock the match.

Aufhauen, (*str.*) *m.* *Lock-sm.* bolt-chisel, carp's tongue.

Aufhäufeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Agr.* to raise (the earth) about plants; to hill, earth up (potatoes, &c.); 2) to gather up and to form into small heaps.

Aufhäufen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to heap up; to pile; to accumulate, amass, to store up, hoard up; *II. refl.* to accumulate, increase; to run up (as debts), to drift (as snow, sand, &c.).

Aufhäufung, (*w.*) *f.* accumulation.

Aufhebe ..., *in comp.* —**binde**, *f.* *Swy.* suspensor, suspensory, truss; —**muskel**, *m.* *see* **Aufheber**, 2.

Aufheben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to raise, lift (up),

to lift from, to heave (up), take up, pick up; den Anker —, to weigh anchor; eine Waage (ein Auge) —, to take up a stitch; ein Kind —, to take up or adopt a child; 2) *Low.* to lay up or by, to keep, set aside, save, spare, preserve; 3) *a)* to break (up), raise (a siege, &c.) bei Gelegenheit der Begehrung des Kaisers wurde der Belagerungszustand in Ungarn und in der Lombardie aufgehoben, on the occasion of the emperor's marriage the state of siege was removed in Hungary and Lombardy; to finish (dinner), end (a quarrel, &c.); ein Lager —, to break up a camp, decamp; die Sitzung —, to break (up) the session, meeting, &c.; einen Ball —, to break up a ball; to dissolve (parliament, &c.); das Stillstehen —, to break silence; *b)* to do away with, abolish, abrogate, repeal (laws, &c.); to revoke, recall, quash, reverse (a sentence, &c.); to invalidate (a will); cancel, annul, nullify, undo (a treaty, contract, &c.); dissolve, break up (partnership, &c.); to withdraw (an action); den gerichtlichen Befehl —, to retake or replevy a distress; *Mar.* to take off the embargo; der aufgehobene Verkauf, *Comm.* sale annulled; die aufgehobene Klausel, *Law.* derogatory clause; *c)* to break (off, a match, &c.); die Feindschaft mit ... —, to break with ... *d)* to neutralize (the effect, &c.); to level (all distinctions, &c.); sich gegenseitig —, to neutralize or to destroy each other (as reasons of equal value, &c.); *e)* *Math.* to clear, solve, reduce (a fraction); 4) to take up, arrest, seize, to apprehend, capture; einen Pfänder —, to fine a bungler, &c.; er ist gut aufgehoben, he is in good keeping, well taken care of; schlecht aufgehoben, ill provided for; der ist aufgehoben, iron., we have settled his business, he is done for; aufgehoben ist nicht aufgehoben, *proverb.* forbearance is not acquittance; durch Reibung aufgehoben, *Mech.* destroyed by friction.

Aufheben, *v. s. (str.) n.* 1) the (act of) lifting up, raising, &c., elevation, heave; upheaval; das — der Hände (beim Abstimmen), show of hands; 2) *Ag.* viel *A-s* machen, to make much bustle or a great fuss (von, about); viel *A-s* um nichts, much ado about nothing.

Aufheber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *T.* an instrument for lifting up; 2) *Anat.* uplifting, attolent or levator muscle (of the scapula &c.); 3) (*or* **Aufhebungshebel**, *n.*) *Swy.* elevator; 4) *Mar.* slab-line; 5) *Wass.* levator, *pl.* neck-twines; 6) *Privat.* lifter, layer.

Aufhebung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* **Aufheben**, *v. s.* 1; 2) *Law, &c.* abolition, defeasance, abrogation; repeal, &c.; — der Excommunication, abolition of slavery; *cf.* **Aufheben**; — des Verfalls, removal of restrictions; — einer Klage, non-suit; *b)* dissolution, suppression (of a convent, of the equilibrium, &c.), suspension (of intercourse, &c.); *A-bheißel*, *m.* *Law.* decision of annulment; *A-gericht*, *m.* *Fr. Law.* court of cassation.

Aufhefteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Aufheften**.

Aufheften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pin up, to fasten; to fix to; to tie up; (aufnähen) to stitch upon; 2) to undo, unhook, unclasp; 3) *Ag.* (Einem etwas) to impose or palm (something upon one); Einem eine Lage —, to tell one a fib; Sie werden sich doch nicht solchen Unsinn lassen —, you surely won't be led to believe such nonsense! 4) *Bookb.* to stitch.

Aufheften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* for **Aufheben**.

Aufheuern, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to make clear or serene, to clear up, to brighten; 2) *Ag.* to cheer up; *II. refl.* 1) to clear up (of the weather, &c.); 2) *Ag.* to brighten, to become cheerful, to clear up the brow; to unbend one's mind, to relax; aufheuert, *p. a.* 1) clear, cleared up, serene; 2) *Ag.* merry, cheerful, gay, enlivened.

Aufheuerung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) clearing up, &c.; 2) *Ag.* relief, recreation.

Aufheuern, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*with Dat.*) 1) to help (one, Einem) up, to give a lift; 2) *Ag.* to set up, prop up, to lend a hand, to succour, support, assist; dem Schuldner läßt sich nicht mehr —, there is nothing more to be done for the debtor; *II. refl.* to raise one's self with difficulty, to struggle up; *Ag.* to get out of one's difficulties.

Aufheuer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) he that succours, assists, helper, &c.; 2) a string or cord with a tassel, fastened to the tester, used in raising one's self the more easily in bed.

Aufheulen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to brighten or clear up, to illuminate (Erhellung); 2) to clarify, purify (liquids); 3) *Ag.* to enlighten (the mind, &c.), elucidate (a passage in a book, &c.), to clear up (a doubt, &c.); 4) *Privat.* to brisk up, to enliven (a picture); *II. refl.* 1) to clear up, brighten; 2) to grow clear, to clarify.

Aufhellung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) clearing up, &c.; 2) enlightening, elucidation.

Aufheulen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* *see* **Aufhängen**.

Aufheuen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hunt or stir up, to start (game); *Ag.* to stir up, incite, instigate; Einem wider den Willen —, to set one against the other. — **Aufheuer**, (*str.*) *m.* inciter, &c.

Aufheuerel, (*w.*) *f.* the act or practice of stirring up, &c., instigation.

Aufheulen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to gain favour (bet, with) by flattery or dissimulation.

Aufheulen, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to set up a howl, begin howling; *II. tr.* to wake by howling.

Aufheulen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to hoist, haul, or pull up; to heave out (a sail); eine Flagge —, to heave (a flag) abro; aufgehört, *p. a.* a-weight (as the anchor), a-trip (as the anchor or top-sails).

Aufheuen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to take on one's back; 2) (Einem etwas) to put something on one's back; 3) *Ag.* to pile up in sheaves or cocks; to put in heaps; *II. intr.* to cling to or hang one's self upon one (in order to be carried).

Aufheuen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Privat.* die Farben (Fichter) —, to heighten or increase the effect of the lights (colours), to set off.

Aufheuen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fetch or draw up; *Wass.* to draw up (the threads of the warp); *Mar-s.* to haul up (a boat); das Ruder —, to bear up; ein Schiff —, to ground a vessel, to draw up for repairs; das Schiff beim Winde —, to haul the wind again, to bring a ship to the wind.

Aufheuer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Wass.* *see* **Aufheber**, 5; 2) *Mar-s.* relieving tackle; tracing-line (passing through a block); — des Stages, halliard of a stay-sail; — der Stützpfosten, port-tackle; — des Rades, parcel-truss; — des Decksbalkens, girtline to haul up the mizen-brails; — der Stengen, mart(i)nets.

Aufheugen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Sport.* *see* **Aufhauen**.

Aufheueren, **Aufheuern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to listen with raised head, with roused attention; to prick up one's ears, to hearken attentively or with astonishment.

Aufheuern, *I.* (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *see* **Aufheueren**; 2) to cease, discontinue, to desist; to leave off; to end, terminate; to stop; pöhslich —, to break or stop short; hör auf! have done! mit ... —, to put a stop to ..., drop (the conversation, &c.); — zu stehen, to stanch (of blood); — zu zahlen, *Comm.* to stop payment; *II. v. s. (str.) m.* cessation, intermission; ohne —, incessantly, without intermission.

Aufheuen, (*str.*) *m.* (*l. u.*) that which is kept, reserved, or laid up, *see* **Aufheben**; the remnants; refuse, the oris (Hühn, Broden); *Ag.* rise, elevation.

Aufhaken, (w.) v. tr. see **Aufheben**.
Aufhängen, (w.) v. tr. to raise up like a hill, to pile up in hillocks. [**Aufheffen**.]
Aufhelfen, (w.) f. a helping up, aid, cf. **Aufhüllen**, (w.) v. tr. to uncover (**Ent-hüllen**).
Aufhüpfen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to frisk, skip, to hop, jump up, bound (**der Freude** [*Das*], with joy).
Aufhusten, (w.) v. I. intr. to cough loud; II. tr. 1) to bring up by coughing; 2) to wake by coughing.
Aufjagen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to start, to rouse, scare up; to drive away; *Sport-s.* to unharbour, dislodge (a hart); to rouse (a buck, a deer); to uncrouch, rear or unsnough (a boar); to vent (an otter); to unkennel (a fox); to start (a hare); to bout out (a rabbit); to spring (partridge); to tree (a squirrel, a marten); 2) *fig.* to hunt up (out) a person.
Aufjammern, (w.) v. I. intr. to set up, begin a lamentation, to moan, all aloud; II. tr. to rouse by lamentation, moaning, &c.
Aufjammern, (w.) v. I. intr. to cry in triumph, to set up an exultation, shouting, to give a great shout; II. tr. to rouse by shouting.
Aufjochen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to put a yoke, burden upon (one).
Aufjücken, (w.) v. intr. see **Aufjauchzen**.
Aufjammern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to comb up-wards; 2) to comb afresh, to repair (a wig, &c.); 3) a) *Carp.* to cog, to join by cogging; b) *Meck.* to indent.
Aufjassen, (w.) v. tr. to cap, to put on a cap; *Folk.* to hoodwink (a hawk).
Aufjahren, (w.) v. tr. 1) to heap up, to raise (as a road, by carting or wheeling earth upon it); 2) to break (as a road by too frequent driving over it).
Aufjatten (*L. G.*), **Aufjachen**, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to cat (the anchor).
Aufjauern, (w.) v. tr. to consume in chewing, to chew up.
Aufjauß, (str., pl. **Aufjäuße**) m. the (act of) buying up, engrossment, purchase on speculation.
Aufjauen, (w.) v. tr. to buy up, to engross, forestal; to regrate; *Comm.* alle **Posten**, die *Einem* vorstehen, —, to purchase all the lots one meets with.
Aufjäußer, (str.) m. engrosser, forestaller, &c.; monopolizer; *Comm.* purchaser.
Aufjügen, (w.) v. tr. to pile up, to range into a cone.
Aufjegen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sweep up (together); 2) to turn up; 3) *Gold-sm.* to snarl, to stamp; to work on (a stamp).
Aufjehriß, (str.) n. sweepings; *Min.* scrapings.
Aufjemen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to shoot up, bud, germinate; a-b, p. a *fig.* budding, nascent, dawning (love, &c.).
Aufjellern, (w.) v. tr. to press all (the grapes).
Aufjellen, (w.) v. tr. to mark, note by scoring or notching score.
Aufjettein, **Aufjettein**, (w.) v. intr. to unchain, to unfasten, or open the chain at (a door). [*wedg.*]
Aufjethern, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to cleave with
Aufjethern, (w.) v. intr. to beat, knock on with a club.
Aufjheben, (w.) v. I. tr. to raise up; to tilt up; II. intr. to tilt.
Aufjheben, (w.) v. tr. to strengthen the head or top of (a dam or dyke).
Aufjitten, (w.) v. tr. to fasten upon with cement, to cement on.
Aufjigeln, (w.) v. tr. to wake or rouse by tickling. [*a rent.*]
Aufjaffen, (w.) v. intr. to gape; to get

Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to pile up in fathoms, to cord.
Aufjängen, (w.) see **Aufjammern**.
Aufjappe, (w.) f. the flap of a hat or coat.
Aufjappen, (w.) v. tr. to put up the folds of (a table, &c.); to cock (a hat).
Aufjahren, (w.) v. tr. & refl. see **Aufjheben**; *Jemand über etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to give one a clear insight into a matter; *fig.* über etwas (*Acc.*) —, to seek enlightenment on (a matter). — **Aufjärer**, (str.) m. enlightener, illuminator, clearer, &c. — **Aufjärerrei**, (w.) f. pseudo-enlightenment, false enlightening. — **Aufjärerisch**, *adj.* (*I. u.*) tending to enlighten by (superficial) knowledge, elucidatory.
Aufjährung, (w.) f. 1) clarification; 2) *fig.* a) clearing up, elucidation, explanation, *éclaircissement*; er wird uns einige — darüber geben, he will give us some insight into it; b) enlightenment; das *Geistliche* der —, the march of mind; *Wissenschaft*, *f.* rage of enlightening, explaining everything, &c. (**Aufjärerrei**).
Aufjastigen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. *sein*) to fall clashing (*auf* [*with Acc.*], upon); II. tr. 1) to rouse by cracking (a whip, &c.); 2) *T.* to stencil.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to pick up; to open by picking with the fingers, by clawing.
Aufjastern (**Aufjastern**), (w.) v. I. tr. to paste up or on, to stick up; to mount (a map on cloth, &c.); II. intr. to stick to.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to paste on, to paste up.
Aufjastern, (w.), **Aufjastern**, (str. & w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to climb up.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to play in a bungling manner (a piece of music on a piano); 2) to wake or rouse by strumming or thrumming.
Aufjastern, (w.) see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to unlatch.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to open with a rattling noise.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to open by knocking, to knock open; 2) *Typ.* to knock up (die *Ballen*, the balls); 3) to wake or rouse from sleep by knocking; II. intr. to knock upon.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. *Calico-print.* to pad.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to gnaw up, to crunch, crunch.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to crack (open).
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. *sein*) to shoot up with a report; II. tr. to let go up; to rouse by a report.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to open with a cracking noise.
Aufjastern, (w.) see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to crepitate, to crackle up, to burst with a small, sharp sound, rapidly repeated.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to coil or wind up into a ball.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to pick open, to open with difficulty.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fasten on by a gag or short piece of wood; 2) to ungag, to undo. — **Aufjastern**, (w.) f. *Mar.* (*der Schoten*) the shroud-bridles.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to open with pin-cers; to pinch open. [*open*].
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to crack, to break
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. intr. (*with auf* [*Acc.* or *Dat.*]) to kneel down upon; II. tr. to wear holes into (the breeches) by kneeling, to wear out by kneeling.
Aufjastern, (w.) see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to unbutton; 2) to button up.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. tr. to tie up, to

knit or tress up; to hang (a malefactor); 2) (*or* **Aufjastern**, **Aufjastern**, [*w.*]) to untie, loosen, to unknot, to undo.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. tr. to boil up, to boil again; to warm up; II. intr. to boil up; to bubble up; er *seht* *richt* auf, *fig.* his blood is soon up; — *lassen*, to parboil.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. *fig.* to storm and rage; er *loß* *er* auf, his blood is up.
Aufjastern, (str.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) 1) to get up; 2) *den* *Stich* —, to go, come, sail or row up the river; 3) *Mar.* das *Schiff* *kommt* *vor* *seinem* *Huber* *oder* *Sturm* *auf*, the ship answers to the helm or steers well; das *Schiff* *kommt* *vor* *dem* *Küster* *auf*, the ship swings with the tide; 4) to grow up, to be brought up; 5) to recover, to get well (from a sickness); der *Stanke* *kommt* *nicht* *mehr* *auf*, the patient is past recovery; 6) a) to thrive, rise, advance, get on, to prosper, succeed, to make one's way; b) to gain ground; die *Geistliche* *sehte* *gegen* *das* *Volk* *nicht* —, the clergy could not get the upper-hand of the nation; 7) to come into vogue (into fashion, into use); to arise, spring up, to get into use; to be introduced; ein *solcher* *Wunder* *wird* *nicht* *richt* —, such an expression will not easily obtain the sanction of use; nicht — *lassen*, to prevent the rise of (doubts, &c.); 8) *Comm.* für *den* *Schaden* —, to be responsible for the damage.
Aufjastern, v. a. (str.) n. 1) the (act of) getting up, &c.; 2) recovery, restoration; man *giefst* *an* *seinem* —, his life is despaired of.
Aufjastern, (str.) m. upstart (*Empor-kommung*). [*rise or get up*].
Aufjastern, (str.) v. intr. to be able to
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. T. to head (pine).
Aufjastern, (str.) m. header.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. *Sport.* to uncouple, unleash, let loose (the hounds).
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. intr. to fly up or open with a loud report or noise; II. tr. to crack open.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. to croak, groan.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. *haben*) to set up a crowing; II. tr. to rouse by crowing.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to arrange, put in order. [*or anew*].
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. T. to card again
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to open by removing the cramp or clasp.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to cock (a hat).
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to scratch open, up; b) *Mar.* to rake out (die *Fugen*, the joints), to scrape (a wall); 2) eine *Naht* —, *Thut*, to smooth down a seam with the nail; 3) *Clack.* see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to curl up, to frizzle.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. I. intr. to set up a screaming, a cry; II. tr. to rouse by screaming.
Aufjastern, see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (str.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to crawl (upwards). [*kommen*].
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. intr. *Mar.* to keep pace against the sun.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. see **Aufjastern**.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. tr. to bend upwards.
Aufjastern, (w.) v. refl. to get up with difficulty like a cripple.
Aufjastern, *adj.* subject to a warning or notice to quit; a-er *Capital*, a capital that may be recalled; a-er *Pacht*, tenancy at will.
Aufjastern (*I. u.*), **Aufjastern**, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) 1) a) to give (one) warning or notice (to quit a lodging, to leave, &c.); *coll.* to warn (one) away or out; ohne *aufjastern*

findigen, without giving previous notice: *b*) to recall (a capital), *cf.* *Auffagen*; *c*) to recant, retract (what one has said); *3*) to renounce (another's friendship), to break with

Auffündigung (*l. u.* *Auffündigung*), (*w.*) *f.* the giving previous notice, warning, *Ac. cf.* *Auffanden*; — *eine Capital's*, recalling of a capital, re-demand; *Auffrist, f.*, *Auffristen*, *m.* *Auffrist*, *f.* warning-time.

Auffucht, (*str.*, *pl.* *Auffuchte*) *f.* (*l. u.*) recovery (*Auffommen*).

A. Aufsuchen, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to break out into a laugh, to laugh out loudly; *II. tr.* to rouse by loud laughing.

B. Aufsuchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Forest*, to make incisions in (a tree to extract the resin).

Aufsuchen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to load, lade; 2) to load (something) upon, to burden (one) with; *Einem die Wunde* —, to put one in the trouble, *cf.* *Aufbürden*; *Einem eine Tracht Schläge* —, to thrash, hide, or cudgel one.

Aufüber, *Aufüber*, (*str.*) *m.* loader, packer; — *lahen*, *m.* fee for loading, packing; *Comm.* loading charges; (in *Spicerechnungen*) loading, packing.

Aufzüge, (*w.*) *f.* 1) impost, tax, imposition, assessment, duty; 2) (*with Handänderungsmat.*) *a*) (*or* — *gelb*) collection (of money); *b*) *abs. wdg.* & *conf.* meeting, club, conventicle; 3) the money collected in a plate at meetings, charity-sermons, &c., the collection; 4) *gerichtlich* —, summons; *eine* — *thun*, *Law*, to issue a writ against one; 5) edition, impression; *wirt.* —, reimpression; 6) (*f. & wdg.*) *reimpression* (especially a false one); 7) *Corp.* the timbers or balks of a building on which the superstructure is raised; 8) *Thurn*, rest; 9) *Gew.-em.* seat, cover for the pan.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to store up, to lay in a magazine, to lay in stock; to warehouse (goods). — *Aufzlegung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) storing up, *Ac.* warehousing; 2) *Minor. & Conf.* aggregate.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reach up. *Aufzleger*, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* futtock; *pl.* — *ber Reippen*, futtock-riders; *verthricht* —, top-timbers.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wake up by noise. *Aufzulege*, (*str.*) *m.* the legal document containing the act of resignation called *Aufzulegen*, *qv.* *II.*

Aufzulegen, *I. v. (str.) tr.* 1) to let (one) get up; to suffer to rise; 2) *coll.* (*for* *offen lassen*) to leave open; *eine Straße* —, *Min.* to abandon a mine; *II. v. s. (str.) v.* *Law*, resignation of rights to real estate in favour of another (*renuatio judicialis*).

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *f.* the abandoning of a mine; — *antragen*, to give notice to the proper authorities of the abandonment of a mine.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Auflegen*.

Aufzulerer, (*str.*) *m.* one who lies in wait, way-layer, watch, spy.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to way-lay, to lie in wait or ambush for; to lurk for, to watch, spy, dog.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Aufzulegen*) *m.* 1) riotous assembly, rout, mob, rabble; uproar, tumult; 2) *a*) swelling, *Ac. cf.* *Auflegen*; *bb*) tide; 3) *Oak* *see* *Aufzulegen*; 4) *fig.* increase (of expense); 4) *Archit.* rising, scaffold-bridge, gang-way.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to make open by running; 2) to make sore by running; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to swell; to rise; *e* — *Beffer*, *Mar.* young flood; 2) to increase, to run up (*with Acc.*), to; of costs, interest, &c.; 3) *Mar.* *a*) to run aground; *b*) *das Boll* — *lassen*, to man the yards; *d*) to germinate, shoot, bud; *auszulegen*, *pp. & adj.* 1) *Med.* swelled, inflated; swollen; 2) *Bot.* inflated, distended.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* younker.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Auflegen*; 2) *Oak*, a sort of high raised paste; Spanish paste; puff-paste; 3) *Food*, smelter.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Auffordern*.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wake up by ringing the bells.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* *Mar.* to sail up a river by plying to windward by boards, or by tacking, to board it up.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to revive, to return to life; *II. tr.* *Paint.* to touch, to refresh (the colours of a picture); *III. v. s. (str.) v.* revival.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lick up, lap (up). *Aufzulegen*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Auff*) *n.* *see* *Aufflage*, 2, *a*.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a*) to put on, lay on, to apply (a poultice, &c.), to store up (provisions); to exhibit, expose, lay out (wares at the shop-front); *den Rücken* —, to lean one's elbow on or upon; *die Hände* —, *Theol.* to impose (the) hands; *das Tisch Tuch* —, to spread or lay the table-cloth; *ein Gefäß* —, *Comm.* to mount a cannon; *Stett* —, *wdg.* to grow fat; *rot*, *weiß* — (*sch. schminken*), to paint one's face with red, white; *die legte auf* (*intr.*), she paints; *Farben* —, *Paint.* to lay colours; *b*) *Mar.* to lay up (a ship); *ausgelegte Schiffe*, ships in ordinary; *c*) *coll.* (*for* *offen legen*) *die Karten* or *sein Spiel* —, to spread one's cards upon the table, to show one's cards; 2) *fig.* to impose, lay on (taxes, duties); *Einem eine Geldstrafe* —, to fine one; *Brandstiftung* —, to put under contribution; *Einem eine Strafe* —, to inflict a punishment (slights, humiliations, &c.) upon one; *Einem Schweigen* —, to impose silence (upon); *Einem einen Eid* —, to administer or tender an oath to one, to put one on his oath; *Jemandem eine Verbindlichkeit* —, to lay one under an obligation; *eine Buße* —, to enjoin a penance (upon...); 3) *Print.* to put into the press (a sheet); to print, to publish (a book); *neu* —, to reprint, republish; *Bank* —, *Gam.* to hold the bank (at pharo and games of hazard); *der Baum legt viel Holz auf*, *Forest*, the tree gets branchy, or full of branches; *Einem etwas Schändliches* —, to throw disgrace upon a person; *II. refl. kl. & fig.* *see* *Aufnehmen* (*fig.*), 1 & 2; *der Tabak legt sich auf die Zunge auf*, the tobacco bites the tongue; *pp. & adj.* *ausgelegt*, *qv.*

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Salt-w.* the workman who removes the crystallized salt from the pans to the baskets; 2) a spade used in cutting turf or peat; 3) one of a certain class of pilots on the Danube.

Aufzulegen (*e*)..., *in comp.* — *maschine, f.* *Wass.* apreader; — *kanzel, f.* *Salt-w.* a flat wooden shovel used by the *Aufzleger*.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) laying on, *Ac. cf.* *Auflegen* & *Aufflage*; *Theol.* imposition (of hands); 2) *Med.* application; 3) infliction (of a punishment, &c.).

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* 1) to lean, rest (*with Acc.*), upon; *sich nachlässig* —, to loll (on); 2) *Man.* to prance; 3) *fig.* (*with gegen*) to oppose, resist, withstand (one), to be refractory, to rise, mutiny, or rebel (against one); to set one's mind (against).

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to borrow up.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to glue (upon, on); 2) to an glue.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pick up, to gather.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to shine, to flash up, to rise resplendent.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Print.* *see* *Auflegen*.

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) to lie, lean, rest upon; 2) *Man.* to bear too heavy on the bridle, to bore, to carry the nose to the ground (of horses); 3) to be out of place or

without employment (of servants, &c.); *II. refl.* to get sore by lying or keeping the bed, to become bed-sore, to contract bed-sores.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Auffringen*.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break up (the ground); to loosen (the soil); to shake, to unfix.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to flash, blaze, or flare up; to flame out, to burn up; to leap up; 2) *fig.* to grow angry, to kindle into wrath.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take or eat up with the spoon.

Aufzulegen, *Aufzulegen*, *I. adj.* 1) dissolvable, (dis)soluble; *leicht a-e Salze*, *Chem.* salts readily soluble; 2) *Math.* solvable; 3) *Med.* resolvable; *II. w-fert*, (*w.*) *f.* *Chem.* (dis)solubility; *Math. & Med.* resolvable.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to loosen, unloose, untie, unfix, open; *mit ausgelegtem Haar*, with dishevelled hair; to temper, to dilute (as colours in water, &c.); *Sport.* to evicerate, to gut; 2) *Chem.* *Ac.* to dissolve, resolve (*with Acc.*), into; deliquate; melt; absorb (gas); decompose; analyze; *fig.* *s.* 3) to break up (a meeting, a ministry, &c.); to dismiss, disband, break up (an army, &c.); to break (a spell, &c.); 4) to solve (an equation, a problem, doubts, &c.), to decipher, unriddle; to solve, to guess (a riddle), to unravel (the plot or intrigue of a play); to disorganize (government, society, &c.); *Comm.* to dissolve (partnership, a business, a connexion); *Law*, to dissolve, break off (a marriage); to reduce (fractions); to cancel, annul (a contract); *eine Diffenanz* —, *Med.* to resolve a discord; *II. refl.* 1) to get loose; 2) *a*) to be solved, to dissolve; to resolve (into steam, &c.); to melt (of snow); to deliquate; to be reduced (into, &c.); *b*) *fig.* to be broken up, to break up (as a language), *Ac. cf. tr.*; *c*) to die, to expire; *Wies dies wird sich schließlich in nichts* —, all this will in the end come to nought; *sich* — *lassen*, to be soluble.

Aufzulegen, *p. a.* (*cf.* *Aufzulegen*) dissolvent, diluent, solvent; *a-e Mittel*, *pl.* dissolvents. *Aufzulegen*, *see* *Aufföhen*.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the (act of) undoing, loosening; *b*) *Sport.* eviceration, disembowelling, gutting; *c*) the (act of) tempering; diluting; dilution (of colours); *fig.* *s.* 2) solution, guess (of a riddle); *Drum*, winding up, discovery, unravelling (of a plot), denouement; dissolving, breaking off (of a marriage); dissolution (of the body, &c. of partnership, &c.); disorganization; 3) *Chem.*, &c. *a*) dissolution, liquefaction; *b*) analysis; solution, resolution (of a body into its constituents, &c.), decomposition; *c*) solution (*i. e.* the liquid obtained by a chemical solution); deliquation; 4) *Math.* solution, conversion, solving (of equations); — *des Unendlichen*, analysis; (*eines Bruchs*) reduction (of a fraction); *Math.* resolution (of forces); 5) *Med.* resolving, resolution (*einer Diffenanz*, of a discord); 6) *Gramm.* (*eines Doppelantes* in *einen Grundsatz*) disores.

Aufzulegen ..., *in comp.* — *Begebenheit, f.* (*l. u.*) catastrophe; — *fähig, adj.*, — *fähigkeit, f.* *see* *Aufföhen*, *Aufföbarkeit*; — *kraft, f.* solvent power; — *kaust, f.* science of analysis, analytical art, analytics; — *mittel, n.* *Chem. & Med.* dissolvent, solvent, diluent; menstruum; — *wort, n.* (*des Räthsels*) guess; — *zeichen, n.* *Med.* natural, *see* *B-quadrat*. *Aufzulegen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to solder upon; 2) to unsolder.

Aufzulegen, *Aufzulegen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lift up a little, to hang up in the air (to dry).

Aufzulegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) to impute falsely; 2) to tell (one) a falsehood.

Aufzulegen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to put up

(curtains, &c., see *Auffdecken*); 2) to open (a door, letter, &c.); to open, unwork (a bottle); to crack (nuts); to turn (the cock); to open, put up, or spread (an umbrella); to pick (a lock); to undo (a bundle, a knot, &c.); to uncord (a packet, &c.); (to *machen*) to unfasten; to unlace (stays); to turn or tuck up (the sleeves, trousers, &c.); *Book-b.* die planierten Bögen eines Buches —, to distribute and glaze the sized sheets of a book; 3) *fig.* to fix, to get ready; *aufgemachte Leinen*, dressed linen; *Comm.-s.* die Handelsbücher —, to begin a new set of books; die *Haftreiffen* —, to settle, to adjust the average; eine Rechnung —, to draw out (to make an extract of) an account; die Kosten —, to charge the costs; II. *intr. fam.* to watch, to sit up; was machst du noch so spät auf? why do you sit up so late? III. *refl.* 1) to get up, to rise; der Wind hat sich aufgemacht, the wind has risen high; 2) to prepare (one's self) for a journey; to set out; sich auf und davon machen, to run away, to decamp.

Aufmischen, (*irr.*) v. *tr.* to grind all.
Aufmischen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to refresh, to touch up a painting, to new-paint: 2) to consume all (the colour).
Aufmangeln, (*v.* *tr.* to mangle again.
Aufmarsch, (*str.* pl. *Aufmärsche*) *m.* *Mil.* marching up: —*linie*, *f.* line of march.
Aufmarschieren, (*v.* *tr.* *aux.* *sein*) *Mil.* to march (up), to draw up in line; to deploy: —*lassen*, to draw up; das — *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) marching up, —, deployment.
Aufmaß, (*str.*) *m.* over-measure (übermaß).
Aufmauern, (*v.* *tr.* to build with brick, to raise (a wall, &c.).

Aufmischen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to open with a chisel: 2) to produce (an ornament, &c.) upon stone, &c. with the chisel.

Aufmengen, (*v.* *tr.* to mix the several articles of food for cattle.

Aufmerksam, (*v.* *tr.* to mark, note, or put down; II. *intr. gener.* with *auf* (& *Acc.*) to mind, mark, heed, observe (a thing), to attend, to give heed (to); to give ear, to listen. — *Aufmerksam*, (*str.*) *m.* marker, &c.; observer, listener.

Aufmerksam, I. *adj.* 1) attentive (to, *auf* [with *Acc.*]), mindful, heedful, heedful (of), intent (upon); watchful, careful: —*machen* auf etwas, to draw or call one's attention to; to remind (one) of, to put (one) in mind of; der Fall, auf den wir in voriger Woche —*machten*, the case to which we drew attention last week; wir haben jetzt auf einen wichtigen Abschnitt in Herrn Bischof's Werk — zu machen, we have now to draw the attention to an important section in Mr. B.'s work; 2) see *Zuverlässig*; sie ist zu — gegen andere, she is overthoughtful for others; II. *W.-f.* (*v.* *f.* attention (*auf* [with *Acc.*], to): 1) attentiveness; vigilance; mindfulness: 2) courtesy; civility (*cf.* *Zuverlässigkeit*); die —*abgeben*, to distract the attention; —*erregen*, to attract attention or notice; das anziehende Werk, auf welches wir jetzt die — der Leser zu lenken wünschen, the interesting work to which we now wish to draw the attention of our readers: —*widmen*, to pay attention.

Aufmessen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to measure and put up (in the granary): *vulg.* *fig.* *Einem* Schläge —, to serve one out, to thrash him; 2) to survey (land). — *Aufmessung*, (*v.* *f.* the act of measuring, &c.; survey.

Aufmischen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) *Gam.* to mix or shuffle again (cards); 2) ein *ß*ß Wein —, to fill up a cask of wine with some of a different sort.

Aufmammeln, (*v.* *tr.* see *Aufmischen*, *Entlarven*.

Aufmuntern, (*str.*) *m.* rouser, &c., encourager.

Aufmuntern, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to awake, rouse: *fig.-s.* 2) to enliven, animate, cheer up; 3) to encourage, incite, stir up, to (up) ... good or evil, &c.; to urge, spur, goad or egg on (to evil); II. *refl.* to brisk one's self up, to rouse, to take heart.

Aufmunterung, (*v.* *f.* 1) the (act of) rousing, &c.; animation; 2) encouragement, incitement, spur, excitation, &c., cheering up.

Aufmünzen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to coin all (the gold, &c.); 2) see *Ummünzen*.

Aufmüssen, (*irr.*) v. *intr. coll.* 1) for *aufstehen müssen*, to be forced to get up; er muß auf, he must rise; 2) for *aufgemacht werden* or *aufgehen müssen*; die Thür, das Fenster muß auf, the door, window must be opened.

Aufmühen, (*str.*) *n.* Sport. beating the game out of their lair.

Aufmühen, (*v.* *tr.* coll. 1) (*l. u.*) see *Aufputzen*; 2) (*Einem* etwas) coll. to take (one) up (with), &c. see *Auffischen*, 4.

Aufnageln, (*v.* *tr.* to nail or spike down.

Aufnagen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to consume by gnawing; 2) to open by gnawing.

Aufnagen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to sew on; 2) to consume by sewing.

Aufnahme, (*v.* *f.* 1) the taking or picking up, &c. *cf.* *Aufnehmen*; 2) the borrowing, loan, taking up (of a capital); 3) a) accommodation: reception (of visitors, &c.); eine freundliche — ist die beste Bewirtung, welcome is the best cheer; eine herzlich —, a hearty welcome; b) admittance, admission, reception (into a company, &c.); adoption; 4) *Chem.* (eines Gases) c. absorption (of carbonic acid, &c.); 5) *Geom.* survey: flüchtige —, hasty or rough sketch, eye-sketoh; 6) registration: the taking stock, &c.; 7) *fig.* improvement, prosperity: in —*sein*, to be in favour or in vogue, to be the fashion: in —*bringen*, to bring into fashion; to introduce, set up (a new fashion); to forward, to promote, to raise (up): to improve: in —*kommen*, to thrive, to prosper: to gain credit: to come, rise, or get into fashion: —*finden*, to find favour, protection, to meet with a good reception; *Comm.-s.* —*bereiten*, to pay due honour: mit der —*unteres* *Regers* (*Inventur*) beschäftigt, busy in taking stock, making up an inventory: —*bedingungen*, *pl.* terms of admission.

Aufnahme, *in comp.* —*compass*, *m.* azimuth-circle, vertical circle: —*fähig*, *adj.* qualified for admission: —*fähigkeit*, *f.* admissibility, eligibility: —*schein*, *m.* ticket or certificate of admission: —*schein*, *m.* surveying-ship: —*würdig*, *adj.* worthy of being admitted.
Aufnageln, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to consume (dainties) by nibbling, or stealthily: 2) to spend (one's money) in dainties.

Aufnehmen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to take up (*also* *Weas.*), pick up; *Mil.* das *Gewehr* —, to advance arms; 2) *Geom.* to survey, to measure: eine *Grube* —, *Mün.* to dial, line, survey underground: 3) to shelter, to harbour, to accommodate, to take in; 4) to receive; to entertain: to admit (into a society); 5) to put upon paper; to make a design of ... to draw: nach der Natur —, to draw from nature: nach dem Leben —, to draw (or to copy) from life; 6) to register (the number of a population, &c.); 7) *Chem.* to absorb: 8) (*with* *für*) to take for, as, to look upon or consider as ... etwas wohl, über —, to take well, ill, &c.; über —, to resent; es gut —*von* ..., to take it kind in ..., to take a thing in good part; 9) es mit *Einem* —, to make head against one, to cope or compete with one, to be a match for, to match: in die *Colonne* —, *Typ.* to impage: *Kritik.* to take up (criticize); die *Spur* or *Fährte* —, *Sport.* to catch the scent or track (said of dogs); der *Örter* nimmt den *Jäger* auf, the bear attacks the huntsman; to borrow,

take up (raise) money, to audit (an account); to draw up (a verbal process); *Forst.* *Holz* —, to take an account and admeasurement of the wood that has been felled, previous to public sale; einen *Gelehrten* —, to estimate, tax or appraise the value of the stock of wood or timber: *Mün.* eine *Grube* —, to undertake the working of a mine: einen *Stollen* und dem *Stollen* —, to rebuild a gallery; ein *Gruben*gebäude —, to take possession of a building appertaining to a mine; *Comm.-s.* das *Regist.* —, to take stock, to make an inventory: das *Gewicht* —, to note the weight; die *Haft* können nicht alles —, the casks cannot contain the whole quantity; an *Stück* *Statt* —, to adopt; II. *intr. Sport.* to become big with young; *aufnehmen*, receivable.

Aufnehmen, *in comp.* —*würth*, —*würbig*, *adj.* worth, worthy of being taken up.
Aufnehmer, (*str.*) *m.* he that takes up, harbourer, receiver, &c. *cf.* *Aufnehmen*.

Aufnehmung, (*v.* *f.* the (act of) taking up, see *Aufnahme*; a-*würth* *tr.*, see *Aufnehmen*.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* coll. to unlace, undo, untie; to lace, to tie on; *fig.* einen *Dieb* —, to hang, to tack up a thief.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* to rivet on, upon.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* to sip up.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* to shake loosely, to make loose by shaking, to loosen.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* (*Einem* etwas) to force or press (upon one).

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to put or write down, to note; 2) *Comm.* to enter, to item, to charge.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* to sacrifice, immolate, to offer up; to devote: a-b, p. a. devoted (friendship, &c.).

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *f.* the (act of) sacrificing, sacrifice, offering, devotion, immolation.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* see *Ordnung*.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to play, perform on the organ; 2) to rouse from sleep by playing on the organ.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to pack up; 2) to unpack; 3) (*Einem* etwas) to give (one) a charge; to load (one) with something; II. *intr.* with *Det.*, see *Spürnehmen*.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* *refl.* *Mar.* to go aloft, hand over hand.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* to paste upon, to fasten down with paste.

Aufnehmen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to attend (*auf* [with *Acc.*], to), to take care, to keep a good look out (for); 2) (*Einem*) to wait for; to watch, spy, waylay (one); aufgepaßt! mind! take care! 3) *T.* see *Aufpassen*.

Aufpassen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) watcher; 2) excise officer, overseer; 3) spy; waylayer; *Mar.-s.* — in der *Geschäftsführung*, the gunner's yeoman: — in der *Heil*, the boatswain's yeoman.

Aufpassen, (*v.* *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to beat (as if) the kettle-drum: 2) to rouse by beating the kettle-drum.

Aufpassen, (*v.* *tr.* to whip up.

Aufpassen, (*v.* *tr.* den *Anker* —, to fish the anchor.

Aufpassen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to put, fasten on a pailing; to empale; 2) to fasten with pales or stakes.

Aufpassen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to wake by blowing a pipe, by whistling; II. *intr.* to play upon a pipe or whistle; *Einem* *beständig* —, coll. to be always at one's service.

Aufpassen, (*v.* *tr.* to set, place, plant (up); eine *Kanone* —, to place, plant a cannon; mit *aufgeflamtem* *Feuer*, with fixed bayonets: eine *Feuchte* —, to plant a flag; die *Feuchte* des *Kaufm.* —, to raise the standard of revolt.

snakes, &c.); 3) to come out of curl, to fall from ringlets or curls, to uncurl.

Auf'ringen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) *see* **Auf'ringeln**; 2) *intr. & refl.* to struggle (upwards).

Auf'riß, (*str.*) m. 1) chink, gap, *see* **Riß**; 2) T. sketch, draught, design; (upright or perpendicular) elevation; *Geom.* construction; —*circel*, m. constructing compass.

Auf'rißen, (*w.*) v. tr. to chap, slit, rip, cut open, to rend.

Auf'röchen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to make a rattling sound in the throat, to groan aloud; II. tr. to wake up by groans, by rattling in the throat. [*(of* **flax**).

Auf'roden, (*w.*) v. tr. to tie to the distaff

Auf'röhren, (*w.*) v. tr. to open choked pipes.

Auf'rollen, (*w.*) v. I. tr. & refl. 1) to roll up; 2) to unroll; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to roll up, to be drawn up; der Vorhang rollte auf (im Theater), the curtain drew up; aufgerollt, p. a. *Bot.* convolute. — **Auf'rollter**, (*str.*) m. T. lap-roller (*Widelmäße*), lap-drum.

Auf'rösten, (*w.*) v. tr. to roast, toast again.

Auf'rücken, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to move upward; to rise, make progress, advance; II. tr. 1) to move upward; 2) *Agr.* *see* **Auf'bergen**; 3) *fig.* (Einem etwas) to reproach, upbraid (one with), cf. **Berüchten**.

Auf'rücken, (*w.*) v. tr. to stir up.

Auf'rücken, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to row upwards or against the stream; 2) to run aground in rowing.

Auf'ruf, (*str.*) m. a calling up or over; gerichtlicher —, summons; interpellation; *fig.* appeal (an *with* *Acc.*, to); — der Gläubiger, *Comm.* convening of a meeting of creditors.

Auf'rufen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to call up, to bid (one) rise; 2) a) to call up, to call over (names); to summon; b) Einen durch die Zeitungen (or in den Zeitungen) —, to advertise for (one) in the (news-)papers; zum Zeugen —, to call, take to witness; zum Zeug —, to ask (a lady) to dance.

Auf'rühr, s. I. (*str.*) m. uproar, tumult, turmoil, ferment, turbulence, commotion, disturbance, stir, disorder; insurrection, mutiny, rebellion, revolt, riot, sedition; sein Blut ist in —, his blood is up; die Stadt ist in —, the city is up; II. *in comp.* —*acte*, f. *Law*, riot act; —*list*, f. seditious temper; —*listig*, adj. seditious, factious; —*stifter*, m. kindler of riots, agitator.

Auf'rühren, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to stir (up); 2) coll. to revive (a quarrel), to resume or repeat (reproaches against one, for former offences); vergangene Dinge —, to rake up by-gones.

Auf'rührer, (*str.*) m. 1) stirrer up, kindler of riots, instigator; 2) rebel, revolter, insurgent, seditious; *Mil.* mutineer.

Auf'rührerisch, **Auf'rührig**, *adj.* tumultuous, boisterous, coll. uproarious; riotous, seditious, mutinous, rebellious; inflammatorisch (as a libel, speech, &c.), insurrectionary.

Auf'runzeln, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to wrinkle; 2) to unrinkle.

Auf'rupfen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Hatt.* to rub (a hat) with the sealskin.

Auf'rücken, (*w.*) v. tr. & *intr.* *Carp.* to erect (a scaffolding). — **Auf'rückung**, (*w.*) f. a scaffolding.

Auf'rütteln, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to shake up; 2) to rouse by shaking.

Auf'roß, **Auf'ß**, *contr.* from *auf* *das*.

Auf'fädeln, (*w.*) v. tr. to open or cut with a sabre, &c.

Auf'laden, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) coll. to take up (a sack or other heavy object); 2) *fig.* (Einem etwas) to burden with (*Auf'laden*).

Auf'laden, (*w.*) v. tr. to sow upon.

Auf'legen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to say, recite (a lesson); 2) a) to unsay, countermand; b) *see* **Auf'füttern**.

Auf'legen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to saw open; 2) to saw all the stock of (wood, &c.).

Auf'lecken, (*w.*) v. tr. to put salve or ointment on; to consume by salving; to use up (the salve or ointment).

Auf'leigen, (*w.*) v. tr. to salt again or afresh, to re-salt.

Auf'ammeln, (*w.*) v. tr. to gather, pick up; to collect; *Agr.* to rake together and bind up in sheaves.

Auf'ammeln, (*str.*) m. gatherer, collector.

Auf'fäfig, I. *adj.* refractory (*with* *Dat.*, to), hostile, aversive; II. *W-fest*, (*w.*) f. ill-will, animosity (*Widerpänfigkeit*).

Auf'fätseln, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to saddle; 2) *Min.* to raise the shaft of (a mine).

Auf'fäts, (*str.*) pl. **Auf'fäts** m. 1) a) head-dress; top-knot; b) head-piece (of a pipe); anything screwed on or added at the end; *Carp.* cap, crown, crest; door-leap (over a door); *Gum-em.* back-sight; *Min.* lengthening-rod or joint; cage (of a windmill, &c.); 2) ornament of various kinds; spout (of a *fald'ase*), ajutage; top or cornice (of a press or shrine); crest, top (of a mirror); — von Federn, plume; ein — Bänder, a set of ribbons; — von Speichen, mess, course of dishes; der letzte —, dessert; der — von Schiffslein, service; — von Bergellan, a set of china; — von Silbergeschirr, service of plate; 3) *fig.* writing, composition, essay, treatise, memoir, paper, (newspaper-)paragraph; der erste — (des Concepts), minute, sketch, design, plan; der letzte Aufzüge, pl. miscellanies; — jügel, m. bearing-rod; — jügelsetzen, f. pl. bradoon chains.

Auf'fätsig, *adj.* *see* **Auf'fätsig**.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to clean up.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to make acid, to acidify; 2) to leaven (bread).

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) v. tr. *vulg.* to guzzle, drink up.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.* & *w.*) v. tr. 1) a) to suck up; b) *Chem.* to absorb; 2) to open by sucking; 3) to make sore by sucking. — **Auf'fätsung**, (*w.*) f. absorption.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. (ein Kind) to bring up by suckling, to nurse.

Auf'fätseln, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben* & *sein*) to rise gently (of breezes); II. tr. to awake gently.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben* & *sein*) to rush or whip up; II. tr. to rouse by a whizzing noise.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to scrape up or open; 2) to scrape away. [*up*]

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to trench or throw

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) *Sport.* to cut open; 2) to scratch slightly; *Med.* to excoriate; 3) to sharpen again; den Wäffeln —, to notch or notch the millstone. — **Auf'fätsung**, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) cutting open. &c.; 2) *Med.* excoriation.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) (von Fühlern &c.) to scrape, dig up, open; 2) *fig.* (I. u.) to scrape together (money).

Auf'fätsen, **Auf'fätsen**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to start up with shuddering.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) to look up (upward); to lift up one's eyes; 2) *fig.* to take heed.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to throw, take up with a shovel or spade; 2) to throw up in heaps; 3) *Müll.* to put new float-boards on (a wheel).

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to foam up; *Chem.*, &c. to effervesce, to froth; *Found.* to acum (off).

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) *Weav.* to warp; 2) *Mar.* to coil up (a rope).

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to wake up by ringing a bell. [*Auf'fätsen*]

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to scare up; *see*

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to scour every-thing; 2) to fret with scouring.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to pile up in layers, to stratify; to pile up, to range (timber); Erde —, to intersoil; aufgefätsigt, p. a. *Geol.* interstratified.

Auf'fätsung, (*w.*) f. *Geol.* stratification.

Auf'fätsbar, *adj.* what may be delayed.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) m. saak-window.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to push open; das Fenster —, to lift the saak; 2) *fig.* to defer, to delay, to put off (payment, &c.), to adjourn (a meeting, &c.); to prolong; to prorogue, to postpone; (von einem Tage zum andern) to procrastinate; aufgefätsen ist nicht aufgefätsen, procras, to put off is not to put away.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) m. (umbrella-)runner.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) m. 1) *Archit.* chant-late (Traufbalen); 2) *Forest.* a young tree.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) pushing open, &c.; 2) the (act of) deferring, &c.; delay, adjournment, respite; procrastination.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to fasten down with iron bands or rails. [*fätsen*]

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Weav.* *see* **Auf'fätsen**.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to shoot open; 2) to shoot upwards or up; 3) to shoot (down) upon; 4) ein Tau —, *Mar.* to coil a rope (gegen die Sonne, turning the coil to the left; mit der Sonne, with the coil to the right); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to shoot (up); to start up, rush up, rise up, run up, spirit up, spring (up); 2) to grow fast, to thrive; nicht aufgefätsen, thick sprang; a-b, p. a. *Bot.* arborescent.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*mit* *auf* & *Acc.*) to strike upon, run aground (in sailing). [*to glimmer* up]

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*)

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) v. *refl.* (*sich* *Acc.*) —, or *sich* *Dat.* etwas — to scar one's skin.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. to harness (a horse).

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. tr. *vulg.* to lap up hastily.

Auf'fätsen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *Metall* to be reduced to dross or scoria; to become scorious or drossy; to clear away the scoria from the furnace.

Auf'fätsen, *see* **Auf'fätsen**.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) pl. **Auf'fätsen**; m. 1) the (act of) striking upwards; 2) the (act of) striking (down) upon; — einer Regel, bound, rebound, bounce; 3) a) *Mus.* elevation of the hand (in beating time); b) arise (*also* *Var.*); the unaccented part of a bar (*opp.* *Richterfätsen*); 4) *Game.* the turning up (of a card); 5) *Orismus*, unusual for das Auf'fätsen, cf. v. tr. 8) the (act of) opening, folding down (a book), &c.; 6) facing, lapel, cuff (of a sleeve), top (of a glove, boot, &c.), cock (of a hat); einen Rod mit Auf'fätsen versehen, to cuff a coat; Auf'fätsen an die Ärmel setzen, to face a pair of sleeves; 7) a) auction, public sale; b) the highest bid at an auction; 8) rising in price, rise, advance (of prices); improvement; 9) an additional duty imposed on goods; 10) overweight, overplus; 11) *Forest.* young trees produced from seed, and capable of resisting the force of the wind; 12) *Sport.* the pieces of wood on which the net is spread out on the decoy ground (*Luc.*); 13) *Müll.*, &c. a) fall of the water on the wheel; b) *see* **Auf'fätsen**; 14) T. (*Luc.*) a gutter or trench, cut across a road, to drain off the water or in steep roads to serve as a stopping-place for wheel-carriages.

Auf'fätsen(e) ..., *in comp.* —*buch*, n. book of reference; —*draht*, m. *Weav.* faller wire, upper wire.

Auf'fätsen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to strike up; 2) to beat or break open; *sich* (*Dat.*) den Kopf —, to bruise one's head; 3) to fasten,

fix by striking; cinem *Werde die Fufsen* —, to shoe a horse; 4) *Mar.* to unlay, unstrand, untwist (a rope); 5) to put up, set up (a bedstead, a booth, &c.); to pitch (a tent, a camp); *feine Behnung* —, to take up one's lodgings; to establish or settle one's self; 6) *Gam.* to turn up (a card); 7) a) to truss up; to turn up (a table, a coat, the sleeves, &c.); *geiß* —, to turn up with yellow; *weiß aufgefchlagen*, with white facings; b) to cock (a hat); c) to line, face, border; 8) to open, to fold down (a book); *cine Stelle* —, to look for a passage in a book; 9) to cast, lift or turn up, raise, open (one's eyes); *mit aufgefchlagenen Augen*, with upcast eyes; *cine Gefächter* —, to set up a laugh, to break out into (a roar of) laughter; 10) *T. die Ballen* —, *Typ.* a) to put or knock up the balls; b) *Tenn.* to turn (the hides) in the pit; c) *Shoes-Mas.* to ornament with mouldings; d) *Shoe-m.* to put upon the last; e) *Hydr.* to throw (water) upon the wheels of a machine; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to spring up, to turn up in *Glammen* —, to blaze up; 2) a) (auf *with Acc.*) to strike, hit, or fall violently upon (the ground, &c.); b) to beat against (as rain, &c.); 3) *Comm.* to rise (in price), to look up. *Uufschlag(e)*..., *in comp.* —gerinne, *n.* (mill-race) (Endes-gerinne, pan-trough); —hammer, *m.* about-sledge; —schuß, *f.* 1) *Found.* ladle; 2) float-board, flat-board, ladle-board, adle (of a mill-wheel); —tisch, *m.* folding-table; —wasser, *m.* moving-water, water-supply (of a mill, &c.). *Uufschleifen*, *v. tr. I. (str.)* 1) to grind or cut (figures, &c.) on (glass, &c.); 2) to wound or cut (one's fingers, &c.) in grinding; II. (u.) to drag on, up (to bring up) on a sledge. *Uufschlemmen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to raise by deposit, mud; 2) *see* *Uufschmelgen*. *Uufschleudern*, *coll.* *Uufschleudern*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to sling, throw up with a sling; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to strike against, upon, up, ward. *Uufschlichten*, (u.) *v. tr.* *see* *Uufschichten*. *Uufschließen*, (u.) *v. tr.* *see* *Uufschliessen*; *Uufschließen*, (str.) *v. I. tr.* 1) to unlock, open; 2) *Haut.* *see* *Schließen*; 3) *Chem.* to flux; 4) *Mis.* a) to open, to begin to work (a mine); b) to drain of water; 5) to open (fresh land); *Ag.* a) to unfold, disclose; *Einem sein Herz* —, to open, disclose one's heart to one; b) to unride; c) to make accessible (Er-schließen; II. *refl.* 1) to open, to unfold itself; 2) *Mis.* der Gang schließt sich open, the lode swells. *Uufschließen*, (str.) *m.* he that unlocks, *Uufschliessen*, (str.) *v. I. tr.* 1) to swallow up; 2) to fasten up with a loop; 3) to untwine, untwist, to untie, undo (a knot, &c.); II. *refl.* to twine upward, to creep up. *Uufschliessen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to rip up, to unseam; 2) to split, to slit; *aufgeschlitzter Zuch*, crimped salmon. *Uufschludgen*, (u.) *v. I. intr.* to sob; II. *tr.* to wake by sobbing. *Uufschlucken*, (u.) *v. tr.* to swallow up. *Uufschlucken*, (u.) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to slip up. *Uufschlurfen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to slip up. *Uufschlurfen*, (str., pl. *Uufschlurfen*) *m.* 1) the act of unlocking, opening, &c.; 2) *Ag.* the unfolding, disclosure; explanation, exploitation, information; *über (with Acc.)* —geben, to explain (a matter), to give information (about ...); to tell the particulars. [*schlurf*]. *Uufschmecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* *see* *Uufschmecken*. *Uufschmecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* to smoke upon. *Uufschmecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to eat up all, to devour; 2) to dissipate in banqueting. *Uufschmecken*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* (Einem etwas) to flatter, coax one into the acceptance of a thing; II. *refl.* (sich Einem) to insinuate or

ingratiate one's self by flattery into a person's good graces. *Uufschmecken*, (str.) *v. vulg.* for *Uufschmecken*. *Uufschmelzen*, *v. I. (str.) intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to open by melting, to dissolve; 2) to coalesce with, or to adhere to another body by melting down upon; II. (u. & str.) *tr.* 1) to dissolve, separate, or open by melting; 2) to fasten down by melting, to melt on; 3) to melt anew; 4) to consume the whole stock (of lead, &c.) by melting. *Uufschmettern*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to open with a crash; to dash up; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to dash against, to fall upon with a crash; 2) to yield a mighty sound. *Uufschmiechen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to forge down (auf *with Acc.*, upon), to fasten down or to ... by forging; *die Radschmied* —, to rim the wheel, to lay the tire of a wheel; 2) to open, or to unfix by forging; 3) to consume by forging. *Uufschmieren*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to smear or spread upon; 2) to consume by smearing; 3) (Einem etwas) *vulg.* to trick or palm (something) upon (one). *Uufschminken*, (u.) *v. tr. & refl.* to paint up, again, or afresh; to put on rouge. *Uufschmitten*, (u.) *v. tr.* to stew (up) again. *Uufschmücken*, (u.) *v. tr. & refl.* to adorn, to dress up; to embellish, to ornament. *Uufschnecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* (von Bögen) to peck up with the beak. *Uufschnecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to buckle up, to tie on; 2) to unbuckle; to unbrace; 3) *coll.* *Einem etwas*, to put a hoax upon one, to humbug, bamboozle (one). *Uufschnappen*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to snap, snatch, or catch up; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to spring up, to fly up. *Uufschnarchen*, (u.) *v. I. intr.* to snore aloud; II. *tr.* to wake by snoring. *Uufschnecken*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to start up snorting. *Uufschneidmesser*, *m.* cutting-out-knife. *Uufschneiden*, (str.) *v. I. tr.* 1) a) to cut (up), to cut open; to rip up, to unrip, to unseam; b) to carve, &c. (*Berlegen*); c) to notch, to mark by notches; 2) a) *Anat.* to dissect, anatomize; b) *Surg.* to make an incision; *cine Wund* —, to cut open the leaves of a book; *aufgeschnittene Exemplare*, copies with cut edges; II. *intr.* *Ag.* to swagger, brag, boast, to talk big, speak broad, to draw the longbow, torodomontade, vapour, to hector, flourish. *Uufschneiderei*, (str.) *m.* 1) cutler up, &c.; 2) *Ag.* swaggerer, boaster, hector, braggart, &c. *Uufschneiderei*, (u.) *f.* (the act of) swaggering, bragging, braggardism, gasconade, rodomontade, humbug, *vulg.* blarney. *Uufschneidung*, (u.) *f.* the act of cutting up, &c.; *der Gebärmutter*, *Med.* hysterotomy. *Uufschneiteln*, (u.) *v. tr.* T. to prune, to lop (trees). *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to throw with a jerk, to jerk up; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to spring, snap, or fly up. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* *coll.* to dress, trick up or out, to smarten. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to cut up into little pieces. [*schneulen*]. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to jerk up with *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* 1) a cut, cutting open; slit, slash, incision; 2) *Metall.* assay of gold; 3) (halter) cold (roast) meat (cut up into slices). *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to cut, carve upon. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to find out by the smell, to track by the scent (as dogs). *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to sniff up. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to unlace, to untie, untwist, uncord, unbrace; 2) to lace, fasten down or upon ...; 3) *Corp.* to trace in full size with strings.

Uufschneulen, (u.) *v. I. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to untwist, come undone, to unravel; 2) to fly open with a whizzing noise; II. *tr.* to wake up with a rattle. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to cock up, to pile up, to put up in stacks, to pile up in heaps. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* *see* *Uufschneulen*. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to put up in stacks or heaps. [*schneulen*]. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to beautify anew, *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to take up with a ladle or scoop, to scoop up. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to shoot up, to sprout. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* 1) shoot, sprout, sprig; 2) *Ag.* stripling; 3) *coll.* upstart, mushroom. [*schneulen*]. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to scratch, to *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to lay crossways and pile up. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten down or upon (auf *with Acc.*) ... with screws; 2) to screw up; 3) to unscrew; *sich* — (*lassen*), to unscrew. [*schneulen*]. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* T. jack-screw, *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to frighten up, to rouse, to alarm; II. (str.) *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to start up with fright. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* shriek, scream. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *v. tr.* to write or set down, to note, to enter, record; *cinen Schuldposten* —, to charge or book a debt. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *v. I. intr.* to cry aloud, to cry out; to (set up a) scream, to (give a) shriek; II. *tr.* to awake with crying. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to march steadily along (*Schneulen*). *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *f.* 1) direction, superscription, address; endorsement; 2) label (on boxes, &c.); 3) inscription, epigraph (on monuments); *Print.* ticket, title head (of a page); ohne —, ununscribed. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to roll up (casks, &c.) from a cellar; 2) T. to make a hole or slit into ...; *Lock-en*, to open with a chisel or punch; *Corp.* to widen with a peg; *Mill.* to grind coarsely; *Forest.* *see* *Uufschneulen*. *Uufschneulen*, (str.) *m.* 1) *see* *Schneulen*, 4; 2) T. square-pointed peg; rimer. *Uufschneulen*, I. (str., pl. *Uufschneulen*) *m.* 1) the act of deferring, putting off, &c. cf. *Uufschneulen*; deferment, delay; adjournment; retardation, postponement; procrastination; respite; prolongation; suspension; suspense; *Schuldung ohne* —, immediate payment; *die Eade selbst freimen* —, the matter (business, &c.) admits of, or bears no delay; II. *in comp.* *Uufschneulen*, *m.* relieve; *Uufschneulen*, *m.* letter of respite. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to take, put upon the shoulder. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to take or throw up with a shovel, to shovel up. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to stir up, to rake, poke; 2) T. to new-pitch (old beer-casks); 3) *Weas.* to warp. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* *Mis.* to scrape off. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to tuck up, truss up; *Mar.* to furl (the sails). *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* to dish or serve up (*Uufschneulen*). *Uufschneulen*, (str., pl. *Uufschneulen*) *m.* the act of shooting up, &c. cf. *Uufschneulen*. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to shake or stir up; 2) to rouse from sleep. *Uufschneulen*, (u.) *v. I. tr.* 1) to heap up, accumulate; to hoard or store up, to lay up in store; 2) to put or pour (down) on or into; *Roth-* —, to garner corn; *Röhren auf das Feuer* —, to replenish the fire with coals; *Pulver* —, to put powder on the pan, to prime (a gun); *auf eine Straße Knud* —, or *cine Straße mit Knud* —, to put broken stone (or metalling)

on a road, to metal a road (for macadamising); II. *intr.* *Md.* to put corn into the mill-hopper.

Aufschüttern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to start up.

Aufschütt ..., *in comp.* —*faß*, *m.* hopper: —*junge*, *m.* *Dy.* rat-boy.

Aufschüttung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting on broken stone, gravel, &c. for macadamising roads, metalling; 2) the stone, gravel, &c. put on a road for macadamising, metalling. (to dam up (the water)).

Aufschützen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Md.* to shut off.

Aufschwängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to truss up the tail of (a horse): Cook. to serve up (fish) with the tail stuck into their mouth.

Aufschwärmen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to swarm up.

Aufschwärzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to blacken afresh.

Aufschwätzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to persuade one by much talking to take a thing, to press (something) upon by talking, to humbug into taking a thing.

Aufschwätzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to soar up or upwards.

Aufschwätzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dip again into sulphur, to sulphur afresh.

Aufschweifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Aufschwängen**.

Aufschweißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weld on, to fasten down (*auf* *with Acc.*), on by welding.

Aufschwenken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to squander, to consume in debauchery, revelry, and rioting.

Aufschwellen, *v. I.* (*w.*) *tr.* to swell up, to puff up), to distend, to bloat, to tumefy;

2) *fig.* to inflate, flush (with pride, &c.); II. (*adv.*) *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to swell up), bloat, distend; to intumescence; to surge (of the sea), to rise (of rivers); to billow (of waves), to heave (of the bosom); *der Ramm schwillt ihm auf*, *fig.* he gets proud or into a passion.

Aufschwellung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) swelling up, puffing, &c., distension; 2) a swelling, tumefaction, *Med.* turgescence.

Aufschwemmen, (*w.*) *f.* landing-place for floating wood.

Aufschwemmer, (*adv.*) *m.* workman employed in landing floating wood.

Aufschwemmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bring, carry, or throw down (*auf* *with Acc.*), upon by floating, to float or wash down (upon), to deposit; *der* to warp, to inundate by letting in the tide; *aufgeschwemmt* *Erbsamm*, deposit of warp (as manure); 2) to swell up, to bloat.

Aufschwemmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to flourish, to brandish aloft.

Aufschwängen, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to swing up; *refl.* to swing one's self up, to get up or rise by a sudden effort; to soar, fly up, tower; to soar, to soar up; *sich a-b.*, soaring.

Aufschwirren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to hum up, to whirl; 2) to fly open with a whirling noise.

Aufschwung, (*adv.*) *pl.* **Aufschwünge** *m.* 1) *Gymn.* the act of swinging up (*opp.* **Abschwung**); 2) *a)* the (act of) soaring up, rising, &c.; *b)* *fig.* a rising, rise; elevation (of mind); (rapid) development, flourishing; advancement (of learning, &c.), impulse, growth; — *nehmen*, to be rising, &c.; *der — der Welterthumsforschung*, *weilchen diese Entdeckung zur Folge hatte*, the impulse given to antiquarian research in consequence of this discovery; *seine Regierung ist durch den — der Baukunst denkwürdig geworden*, his reign is rendered memorable by the growth of architecture; *der Handel wird nun einen neuen — nehmen*, trade will now revive with a redoubled vigour.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to sail or turn up a river; to sail or strike against in sailing; to run aground.

Aufsehen, *I.* (*adv.*) *v. intr.* to look up; II. *a.* (*adv.*) *n.* looking up; *fig.* sensation, noise, colat; — *erregen* or *machen*, to make a noise, to

cause, excite, a sensation; to make a show, to out a figure, to draw attention, to rise into notoriety; *um — zu vermeiden*, to avoid notice.

Aufseher, (*adv.*) *m.* overseer, inspector, superintendent; surveyor; steward; (*über öffentliche Stiftungen*) guardian; conservator, keeper (of museums, &c.); *Reichs.* platform-master (*Inspector*); wharfinger (of a quay or wharf); controller; *W-in.* (*w.*) *f.* overseer, directress, guardians; first hand; — *amt*, *n.* *W-gehalt*, — *stelle*, *f.* overseer's office, surveyorship, keepership, mastership.

Aufsein, (*adv.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to be up or out of bed; to sit up; 2) to be open; 3) to be spent, to be consumed; *wohl —*, to be in good spirits, to be in good health; to be well off.

Aufsteigen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* *das Aufsteigen an die Kabelarung* —, to nip the cable.

Aufsteigen, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to lavish; *see* **Bergenden**, **Durchbringen**.

Aufstehen, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to send up.

Aufsteigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to burn a mark upon.

Aufsteifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mm.* to fasten with cramp-irons; 2) *Mar.* to remove the cramp-irons from ...

Aufstehen, *adv.* what may be put on.

Aufstehen, (*adv.*) *pl.* *W-blüher* *n.* *gener.* *pl.* T. butt-hinges, butts (of a door); hinge and loop.

Aufstehen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a)* to set up, to put up or on; to pile upon; *Etzine —*, to set up stones, to stack; *b)* to raise; *c)* to lay on, *cf.* *Aufnahme*; 2) *Typ.* to set or put up (the type); 3) *a)* (of trees) to put out (freshshoots);

b) (*Geßtern*) Sport. to get new antlers; 4) *Ver.* *see* **Englischen**; 5) *Mar.* *a)* to hoist or sway up (the Etzgen, the top-masts); *b)* (*den Anker*) to fish (the anchor); *c)* *das Befest —*, to prick the chart; 6) to dress (the hair, a person's head); to turn up (the mustachios); 7) *Gam.* *a)* to crown (*einen Etzin*, a man at draughts);

b) to stake (money) at play; 8) *fig.* *a)* to draw up (legal documents, &c.), to lay or set down in writing, to compose; *b)* *eine Rechnung —*, to cast an account, to draw up a bill, to make out one's bill; *den Put —*, to put on one's hat; *die Summe —*, *Coop.* to fix the ohimes or staves of a cask; *ein aufgeschriebenes Gef.* *Coop.* a finished cask; *das Egeel —*, to put the seal to, to fix the seal upon; *die Egeel —*, to serve up (the dishes), to dish up;

Egeel —, to land (goods); *T. die Zähne an einen Egeel —*, to file out the teeth of a saw; *die Zähne —*, *Parv.* to bite the crib; *den Kopf —*, to be obstinate, to make head.

II. *intr.* 1) *see* above; *Geßtern* (*tr.* 3, *b)* & *die Zähne —*; 2) *Mm.* to rest from work (from 11 to 12); 3) *T.* to ram down the shot or bullet (with the ramrod); 4) *Dy.* to dye brown (by putting a black colour on red).

III. *refl.* 1) to sit upright; 2) to mount, to get on horseback; 3) *fig.* to be refractory, to rise against one (*den Kopf —*).

Aufseher, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) one who puts up, &c.; 2) *Parv.* crib-biter (of horses); *Strippenbeißer*; 3) *Meck.* creel-filler; 4) *W-in.* (*w.*) *f.* hair-dresser.

Aufschlags, (*adv.*) *n.* Oak. long cleft wood used in heating the oven.

Aufschlags, *adv.* *see* **Aufschlags**.

Aufschlags, *in comp.* —*stüdt*, *f.* spent (of a *jet d'eau*), *pl.* *ajutage*; —*stunde*, *f.* *Mm.* hour of resting from work (from 11 to 12 at noon; *cf.* **Aufschlagen**).

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to heave or fetch

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *f.* inspection, survey, supervision, superintendence; care, charge, keep, control; tutorage (of wards, minors); custody (of prisoners); — *führen*, to superintend, to

have the superintendence or direction (*über* *with Acc.*), *off.* *die — haben*, to supervise, to inspect; *die — betreffen*, consensual; *er ist der unmittelbaren — eines Herrn entzogen*, he is removed from the immediate eye of the master; *W-Comité*, *n.* visiting or inspecting committee. (to drop on).

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to coos (out) on.

Aufschlagen, (*adv.*) *v. I. tr.* to soothe, boil, parboil, stew again, up, or gently; *Gold-am.*, &c. to whiten, scour, blanch (silver); II. *intr.* to boil, bubble up; *das —*, *v. s.* (*adv.*) *n.* Chem. ebullition, &c.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to seal, fix, or fasten up by sealing; 2) to break open the seal of (a letter), to unseal.

Aufschlagen, (*adv.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to awake by singing; 2) *coll.* to call upon (one) for a certain purpose; II. *intr.* 1) to sing (*Einem*, *to*); 2) *Mar.* to sing out.

Aufschlagen, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) mounting, &c.; 2) *t.* the muster of cavalry.

Aufschlagen, (*adv.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to sit up (all night, &c.); *Einem der aufsteht*, one who sits up, a watcher, a night-nurse; 2) to hatch; 3) *a)* to sit fast; *b)* to sit or rest upon; *die Patronen sit auf*, the cartridge is home; *c)* *Archit.* *senkrecht —*, to stand perpendicular; *sich —*, to stand out of perpendicular; *sich —*, to stand false; *d)* *Mar.* to get aground or on the sands; 4) to perch, roost, juke (of birds); 5) (*aus. sein*) to mount, take horse; *Md.-e.* *aufgeschlagen* to horse; or mount; 6) *Einem aufgeschlagen sein*, *fig.* to bear one ill will; II. *refl.* *sich* (*Acc.*) —, or *sich* (*Dat.*) *ctuas —*, to get sore by sitting; *sich a-b.* *Dat.* subside; *das —*, *v. s.* (*adv.*) *n.* 1) the (act of) sitting up, &c.; 2) incubation; 3) the mounting on horseback; *jum — blasen*, to sound to horse.

Aufschlags, *in comp.* —*gelb*, *n.* *Mm.* a present in money given to the riding master by beginners; —*stange*, *f.* perch; roost, juking place.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. haben*) *alip-tical*, used only in a few phrases, as: *was soll ich denn so spät auf?* why am I to stay up so late? *was haben Sie so früh aufgeschlagen?* why had you to rise so early?

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to lash up (the hammocks).

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spy out, to spy.

Aufschlagen, *v. I.* (*w.*) *tr.* to split, cleave, rive; II. (*adv.*) *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to splint, chink, chorp, burst.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stretch, to strain; to bend (*einen Bogen*, a bow); to open (*einen Fächer*, a fan, &c.); to put up, open, spread (*einen Regenschirm*, an umbrella, &c.); to pitch (*ein Zelt*, a tent, a net, &c.); *den Fahn an einer Stille —*, to cook a gun; *Einem —*, to put on chords; to string (an instrument); *gehindert Einem —*, *fig.* to draw in, yield; to lower one's tone, to come down or lower a peg; *die Egeel —*, to set, unfurl (the sails); *alle Egeel —*, to veer out all the sail, *fig.* to use one's utmost efforts.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to save, to lay by, to reserve, keep in store or reserve, to spare; 2) *fig.* to leave for a future time, to postpone; to defer, to delay.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lay up in granaries, to garner; to store up, to warehouse (goods); *aufgeschlagene Güter*, warehouse goods; 2) *fig.* to hoard up.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to skewer; *mit einem Speerschlag den Feind —*, to gag.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to eat up, consume.

Aufschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to open wide; *ruhig — das Maul —*, to gape, to stand agape; *Einem das Maul —*, to amuse one with vain promises; 2) to pick (a lock), to open (with the picklock).

Aufperrhäfen, (str.) m. Lock-sm. see *Dittich*.

Aufspielen, (w.) v. I. tr. & intr. to play to one; to play to the dance; to strike up; wenn das Glück aufspielt, der hat gut tamen, proverb, he dances well, to whom fortunes pipes; II. tr. 1) to awake by playing on an instrument; 2) sich (*Dat.*) die Finger —, to make one's fingers sore by playing on an instrument; III. *refl. coll.* to behave in a certain way (*gener. in an ill sense*: impudent, &c.).

Aufspießen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spit, broach; 2) to pierce or run through; 3) to empale; 4) *Fris-m* to head (pins); *Tann.* to stretch (skins) on the frames.

Aufspindeln, (w.) v. tr. to put on the spindle.

Aufspinnen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to spin up; sich (*Dat.*) die Finger —, to make one's fingers sore by spinning; 2) to consume (a quantity of flax, &c.) by spinning.

Aufspitzen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to prick up (the ears, cf. *Spitzen*).

Aufsplitteln, (w.) v. I. tr. to open forcibly so that the splinters fly about; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly up in splinters.

Aufspreizen, Aufspreigen, (w.) v. tr. to stretch or spread out; sich aufspreizen, to sprawl one's self out; to stand straddling.

Aufspringen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to break up; to wrench open; to force or burst open; 2) to spring (a mine); to blow up (a ship, &c.); 3) to rouse, to put in motion (cf. *Aufjagen*).

Aufspringen, (str.) v. I. tr. to sprout, shoot up, spring up.

Aufspringen, (w.) v. I. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to jump, leap, spring, or bounce up; b) to start up; to give a jerk; to start to one's feet; er springt vor Wuth auf, he bounded with rage; sie springt vor Freude auf, she leaps with joy; c) to jump, leap, &c. down (auf (*with Acc.*), upon); d) of balls, &c.) to strike (against), to rebound; 2) to split asunder, to crack, chink, cleave; to chap (of the skin, &c.); — machen, to chap, cut; von der Rülte springen die Lippen auf, cold weather chaps or cuts the lips; aufspringene Fäden, cracked or chapped hands; aufspringene Lippen, chapped or parched lips; 3) to spring or fly open (as doors, &c.); 4) to sparkle (up), mantle, mount (of wine, when poured into the glass); II. *refl.* sich (*Acc.*) —, or sich (*Dat.*) die Fäße —, to get one's feet by springing; a-b, p. a. a) *Bod.* debiscient; b) *Herold.* salient, rampant.

Aufspringgeld, (str.) n. fee (paid to the owner of a bull) for fecundating a cow.

Aufspringen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to blow up (water), to squirt up; 2) *Surg.* to open with a syringe (as an abscess); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to squirt up, fly up, splash up.

Aufspringen, (w.) v. intr. to shoot (up, forth, &c.), to sprout. [see *Aufschössen*].

Aufspringen, (str.) m. action, shoot, &c.

Aufsprühen, (w.) v. I. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) of water, &c.) to bubble or boil up; er sprüht auf, *Ag.* his blood is soon up; to sparkle, to mount (of wine); II. tr. to throw up (water) with a bubbling noise.

Aufsprühen, (w.) v. I. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) to sparkle up; II. tr. to make fly up as sparks, to throw up in small particles, &c.

Aufsprung, (str., pl. Aufsprünge) m. the (act of) leaping up, bound, &c. cf. *Aufspringen*.

Aufspülen, (w.) v. tr. to wind upon a spool, to spool, reel (yarn).

Aufspülen, (w.) v. tr. 1) see *Aufschwemmen*, 1; 2) see *Aufschöpfen*.

Aufspunden, Aufspunden, (w.) v. tr. to unbung. to start the bung of (a cask).

Aufspüren, (w.) v. tr. to trace out, spy

out; to smell out; *Sport-s.* *Bild* —, to draw, to cover; von Herrn —, to request.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. *Dy.* to hang upon sticks.

Aufstecheln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spit, to pierce, and take up with a pointed instrument; 2) (*auch *Ag.**) to stir, goad up or on, to spur on.

Aufstetzen, (w.) v. tr. to equip, accoutre; *T.* to fit or brush up (a hat).

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. *Ag.* to stack, pile up (the sheaves).

Aufstellen, (w.) v. tr. to put up (into the stable) for fattening; to stall.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to prop up; 2) *T.* to open with a chisel.

Aufstampfen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to fix by stamping; 2) to head (a pin); 3) to open by stamping; II. *intr.* to stamp upon the ground.

Aufstehen, (str., pl. Aufstünde) m. 1) a) a stirring, rising; b) *Fisch. an.* the rising of fishes to the surface (or to the ice-holes in winter) for want of air; bb) the expiring for want of air; 3) *Ag.* a) insurrection, &c., see *Aufsturz*; b) the (act of) leaving service (used of journeymen-tailors and such whose work is done in a sitting posture); 3) *Min.* a special report as to the state of a mine.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. to pile up, to heap up, to stack up.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. intr. 1) to rise up, or above; to stand up; to bristle; 2) to stare up.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. I. tr. to make to rise as dust; II. or *Aufstehen, (w.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rise, fly up as dust. [*Ag.*]

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. *Sport.* see *Aufstehen*.

Aufstehen, (str.) m. *Sport.* springer.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to knock, push against some hard body; 2) to put (flax) up for drying; 3) see *Aufstehen*, 2; 4) *T.* to thicken (iron) by welding.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Mar.* to stow away in the hold of the ship; 2) *T.* to swell, dam up, stem (the water in a millpond, &c.).

Aufstehen, (w.) v. intr. to look up with astonishment. [banking.]

Aufstehen, (w.) f. *Dik.* dammed water.

Aufstehen, (str.) v. tr. 1) a) to pick, pierce open, to cut open; b) *Surg.* to open by a puncture; 3) see *Aufstehen*, 1; 3) *Surg.* to retouch (a copperplate); 4) *Ag.* (Einem etwas) to take (one) up; to cavil at, to find fault with, to taunt, upbraid (for trifling errors), to tease (one about), to mock (at); ein Wort —, to lay hold of a word; Einem den Schwänzen —, *coll.* to tell one an unpleasant truth; 5) *Mar-s.* bring Winde —, to ply or work to windward; einen Regenröden or sich den Rücken —, to become cambered or broken-backed; ein Schiff, das einen Regenröden aufgeschoben hat, a hogged ship; zwei Taue —, to tie two ropes together; Halsen und Schwänzen —, to give up tacks and sheets; 6) *Shoe-m.* to sew on the latches or heels; 7) *Sport.* to hunt up, run after game (of dogs).

Aufstehen, (str.) m. *conf.* fault-finder, &c.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to put or fix upon, to set up; 2) to pin up; to truss up; to tuck up; to put up (curtains); ein Tisch —, to put (a candle) into a candle-stick; ein Rad —, *Mach.* to ship or key (a wheel); die Flagge (im Schen) —, *Mar.* to hoist the flag (with a staff); mit aufgestecktem Bajonnet, with fixed bayonet; Einem ein Tisch —, *Ag. coll.* to inform one of the true state of things or as to the bearings of a case; 3) *coll.* to give up.

Aufstehen, (str.) v. intr. I. (aux. haben) 1) *coll.* for offen stehen, to stand open; 2) to stand (firm) upon; II. (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to stand up, to get on one's feet, to rise, arise, got up; b) to get up (from bed, aus dem Bette), to rise, arise; *Mar.* to turn out (i. e.

to leave the hammocks); aufgestanden sein, to be up; c) (wider) to recover (from a sickness); 2) *Sport.* to rise, &c.; a) der Fische steht auf, the stag breaks cover; b) to spring, to fly up (of birds); die Vögel stehen auf, the fowls fly up; c) (of fish) an) to rise to the surface (or in winter: to rush to the ice-holes) for want of air; bb) to expire from want of air; 3) *Mar.* to right up (as a ship); 4) *Found.* to swell; 5) *Ag.* to arise, to make one's appearance; es ist ein Prophet aufgestanden, a prophet has arisen; 6) to rise up in arms; wider jemand —, to rise (in insurrection) against, to revolt; 7) to leave service (of journeymen-tailors and shoemakers; cf. *Aufstehen*, 2, b); das —, v. s. (*str.*) n. the (act of) rising, &c.; das spät —, the getting up late, *coll.* fashionable hours.

Aufstehen, (w.) v. tr. to stiffen (up), to (clear-)starch; to cock (a hat).

Aufsteigen, ... in comp. —*Sied.* m. horse-block; —*Flappe, f.* *Mech.* suction-valve, up-stroke-valve; —*riemen* (für Bediente), pl. footmen's holders; —*seiler*, v. left (or off) side (of a horse).

Aufsteigen, I. (str.) v. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) to mount; to rise; to ascend, get up, arise; auf einen Wagen —, to get into a coach; der Reiter steigt auf, the fog is dispersing; das Blut steigt ihr ins Gesicht auf, the blood mounted or flushed up to her face; der Wein steigt in den Kopf auf, wine rises up to one's head; to fly; der Wind steigt auf, the wind (or a breeze) springs up; ein Gewitter steigt auf, a storm is coming on; der Gedanke steigt in mir auf, the thought arose in my mind (or occurred to me, struck me); — lassen, to fly (a kite, &c.); II. v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) the (act of) mounting, rising, rise (of a hawk, &c.), elevation (of vapours); dispersion (of a fog); ascent (of or in a balloon); 2) *Astr.* ascension; 3) das — der (or die a-de) Mutter, *Med.* rising of the womb, mother-fit, hysterical passion; 4) the brewing, gathering (of a tempest).

Aufsteigen, p. a. *Bot., Astr.* asc. ascending; die a-c Linie (der Verwandtschaft), ascending line; ein Verwandter der a-en Linie, ascendant.

Aufsteigen, (w.) f. 1) see *Aufsteigen*, II. (v. s.); 2) *Astr.*, &c. ascension; gerade —, *jdliche* —, right ascension, oblique ascension; *A-sunderstich*, m. ascensional difference.

Aufsteigen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to set, put up to raise; to erect; eine Mauer —, to raise an army; eine Falle —, to (put up a) trap, to lay or set a snare; die Festschergen —, *Baukd.* to set the centres; Netze —, to spread nets; *Heu* in Häufen —, to cock or stack hay; to expose (for sale); 2) to place, plant, or post (guards, &c.); to draw up, station, range, dispose (troops, &c.); verdedt —, *Mid.* to place under cover; 3) *Ag.* to start, set up (a doctrine, &c.), to lay down (a principle, &c.), to state, to state, or carry forth, advance, make (an assertion, &c.), to bring forward, adduce (a proof); *Comm.* to draw up, exhibit (an account); to produce, bring (a witness); to appoint (as arbiter); to put or state (a question); er stellte Alles auf, zu erfahren ..., he did all he could to ascertain ...; II. *intr.* to have a care, to pay attention; III. *refl. *Mid.**, &c. to draw up (in a line, &c.), (*Mid.*) to fall in; to stand up or out (to dance); aufgestelltmaßen, *adv.* as it has been set forth or advanced.

Aufstellspiegel, (str.) m. see *Teleskopspiegel*.

Aufstellung, (w.) f. 1) the act of setting up, &c.; 2) *Comm.* statement; 3) assertion.

Aufstemmen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to plant firmly; to prop up, to support; to lean upon or against, sich (or die Arme auf den Tisch) —, to lean upon the table; 2) to open, to force open with a crew-bar; II. *refl.* to lean upon or against.

Aufstampeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stamp on, upon; 2) to stamp afresh or anew.

Aufstechen, (w.) v. tr. *Tud.* to quilt on, to sew on with a quilted seam.

Aufstehen, (w.) f. (l. u.) longing, desire (*nach, for*).

Aufstehen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to steer upward; II. *tr.* to support with the arm.

Aufsticheln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sew on with fine stitches; 2) *see* **Aufstacheln**, 2.

Aufstichen, (w.) v. tr. to embroider upon.

Aufstichen, (str.) rarely w. v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) *see* **Aufstacheln**; 2) *Sport.* to fly up, to rise in great numbers (of smaller birds).

Aufstieren, (w.) v. *intr.* to stare up.

Aufstiften, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Anstiften**.

Aufstimmen, (w.) v. tr. *Mus.* to set higher (in tuning).

Aufstüßern, (w.) v. tr. 1) *see* **Aufstüßern**; 2) to find out, to hit upon, to meet with.

Aufstöhnen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to groan (*laut, aloud*); II. *tr.* to wake up by groaning.

Aufstochen, (w.) v. tr. *Stone-cut.* to tooth, &c. *see* **Auftrauchen**, 1.

Aufstopfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stuff out, anew, or again; to darn up or upon; 2) to unstop. [*pick up*].

Aufstuppen, (w.) v. tr. to scrape together, **Aufstupseln**, (w.) v. tr. to uncork (a bottle).

Aufstören, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to stir or rake up (*also* *Ag.* = **Aufstören**, **Aufstößen**); b) *Sport.* to uprouse, to spring; 2) to disturb (*auf dem Schlaf: i. e.*, from sleep, &c.), startle.

Aufstoßen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to push up, kick up; to throw up; 2) to push, kick, thrust open; den Boden eines Faßes —, to stave or knock out the head of a cask; 3) *Typ.* *see* **Aufstoßen**, 2; 4) *Sport.* to start, dash (game); 5) to wound by pushing against; to gall, fret (the skin, &c.); II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) *impers.* to be pushed upward; a) to rise up; b) *stetig* *stößt* mir auf, radish rises with me; b) to ferment afresh (of beer in a cask); to become acid (of wine); 2) a) to occur, to come in one's way; *impers.* es *stößt* mir auf, I hit, chance, light on, upon; I meet with, come across, &c.; es *stößt* mir ein Zweifel auf, a doubt arises (in crosses) my mind; b) to strike, startle; es *stößt* mir auf, it strikes me; 3) *Mar.* to run aground; *beß* —, v. s. (str.) n. 1) the (act of) pushing open, &c.; 2) a) rising of the stomach; eructation, &c.; — haben, to break wind upward; to vomit up; 3) a meeting, encounter.

Aufstößig, I. *adj.* 1) rapid, flat, sour; 2) sick; 3) causing eructations; II. *W-Jett*, (w.) f. (of chickens and geese) indigestion, want of appetite.

Aufstrahlen, (w.) v. *intr.* to rise in (splendid) rays, to rise with a splendour.

Aufsträuben, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to bristle up, to stand on end (of hair).

Aufstreben, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) a) to strive upwards, to soar up; b) aspiring; 2) to rise high: a-b, p. a. (*also* *Ag.*) aspiring.

Aufstreben, (w.) f. 1) a striving upwards, &c.; 2) aspiring; effort, exertion.

Aufstrecken, (w.) v. tr. to stretch up

Aufstreich, (str.) m. 1) public auction or sale; 2) *Mus.* *see* **Aufstreich**.

Aufstreichen, (str.) m. *Cloth-m.* rapping-comb; *Shoe-m.* scraper. [*wards*].

Aufstreichen, (w.) v. tr. to stroke up

Aufstreichen, (str.) v. I. tr. to spread (butter upon bread, &c.), to lay on; to draw upwards; to turn up (one's whiskers); to strike up a tune, &c.; to strike (a colour); II. *intr.* 1) *Cloth.* to shear against the grain; 2) to rub the hindlegs together, to cut (of horses); 3) *see* **Aufstreifen**; 4) *John.* to graze the floor (of doors).

Aufstreichen, (str.) m. *Shoe-m.* scraper.

Aufstreifen, (w.) v. tr. to fold back, to turn up; to tuck up (the sleeves).

Aufstreifen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to draw up, turn, tuck up; 2) to tear or wound, to fret: II. *intr.* to strike, touch upon the surface, to graze, to sweep the ground (*gener. with auf* & *Acc. or Dat.*); III. *refl.* *rich* (*Dat.*) die *Ärmel* —, to tuck up one's sleeves; *rich* (*Dat.*) die *Haut* —, to tear one's skin.

Aufstreuen, (w.) v. tr. to strew upon, sprinkle on.

Aufstreich, (str.) m. 1) a) *Mus.* an up-bow; b) *see* **Aufstift**, 2 (stroke upwards on an instrument); 2) *provinc.* public auction.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to untwist (*Seile, ropes*); 2) to consume, use up (*Yarn, &c.*) in knitting.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. to comb or curry upwards: II. *refl.* *fam.* *see* *rich* **Aufstücken**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. to float upwards; to carry up.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. to raise gradually, to bring to a climax: II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) & *refl.* to rise gradually, by gradation.

Aufstücken, (w.) f. gradation, climax.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to turn up; to cock (up) (a hat): eine aufgestülpte *Stoß*, a turned up nose, snub-nose; 2) to top (boots); 3) to put or clap on in a hurry.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rush upwards: II. tr. 1) to open by violence, to burst or bounce open; 2) to wake up by a stormy noise, violence, &c.; 3) to drive upwards.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to clap on, put on (a cover); to put on in a hurry; 2) to turn up: II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to strike, fall (*auf* [*with the Acc.*, rarely *with the Dat.*], upon, on).

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) *Halt.* to turn up (the rim of a hat); 2) *coll.* to trim: to prank up; to vamp up; to accommodate, to plume, &c. cf. *Stücken*; II. *intr.* to look up with surprise, to start.

Aufstücken, (str.) m. trimmer, &c.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. to prop up; II. *refl.* 1) to lean on; 2) to pull hard at the bit (of horses).

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. to seek out, to look or search after, or for, to go in quest of, to inquire after; *coll.* to look (one) up; 2) *Ag.* a) to trace (God in his works, &c.); b) to court (danger, &c.); die *geographische Lage* i. —, *Mar.* to take the bearings: *Einem* — lassen, to cause search to be made for one. [*for, &c.*]

Aufstücken, (w.) f. the search, looking

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rise, to fly or go up with a humming noise: II. *refl.* to sum up, to increase; to run up; III. tr. to wake by a humming noise.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. to rouse by buzzing; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to buzz up.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *Chem.* to sweeten.

Aufstücken, (str.) m. *see* **Aufschlag**, 3.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) *coll.* to dish up; 2) *Cloth.* to fold up (cloth). [*next day*].

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. to adjourn to the

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to rig (out); to new rig; nicht gut aufgetaktet, not rigged shipshape; aufgetaktet, p. a. *coll.* tricked out, *see* **Aufgebohrt**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to bowse.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (*Einem*) to dance at one's bidding, i. e. to do whatever he may command; II. tr. 1) to wear out (shoes) by dancing; *rich* (*Dat.*) die *Stüße* —, to dance one's feet sore.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. to pile up (corn) in heaps or shocks, to shock, cf. *Stück*.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to rise up, to emerge (from the water, &c.); 2) (of distant objects) to come in sight, to begin to appear; 3) *Ag.* to spring up, arise.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rise up staggering.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Aufstücken**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. tr. to thaw (up); II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to thaw (up), to break; 2) *Ag.* to thaw, to wake up, to become animated.

Aufstücken, *see* **Thaupunct**. [*theilen*].

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Eintheilen**; *See* **Aufstücken**, (*irr.*) v. I. tr. 1) (& *refl.*) *bit* & *Ag.* to open; to spread, to expand; *reine Rippen* *theilen* sich auf, his lips parted; die *Ohren* —, to listen, to hearken; die *Erde* *theilt* sich auf, the earth gapes: ein Abgrund *theilt* sich vor mir auf, an abyss yawned before me; der Himmel *theilt* sich auf, the sky clears: eine herrliche Aussicht *theilt* sich auf, a delicious prospect displayed itself; *bessere Aufstücken* *than* sich auf, prospects brighten, improve; 2) *einem* *Raben* —, to open a shop; *Bier, Wein* —, to open an establishment for the sale of beer or wine; 3) *Ag.* to disclose or shew; 4) *Mia.* to swell out and become richer in ore (used of veins, lodes); der Gang *theilt* sich auf, the vein enlarges; 5) *Mar.* to loom.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to tower, heap, pile or raise up; sich —, to tower, to rise on high.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *Copper-sm.* to beat out (a sheet of metal).

Aufstücken ..., *in comp.* —hammer, m. *T.* chasing-hammer; —meißel, m. *Copper-sm.* drift.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to tip, tap (*auf* [*with Acc.*], on); II. tr. to waken by tipping, tapping.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* to dish up, to serve up; *Einem* etwas —, to regale one with; ich will es ihm eben so —, *Ag.* *coll.* I will serve him the same sauce; 2) *Ag.* to serve out (tales, &c.).

Aufstücken, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein* & *haben*) to roar up; to begin to roar; II. tr. to toss up; to lash up; to rouse with great noise.

Aufstücken, (w.) *see* **Erörtern**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* *see* **Exponen**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. *intr.* *see* **Aufstücken**.

Aufstücken, (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* vor dem *Anker* —, to swing (of ships).

Aufstücken, (w.) *see* **Aufstücken**. [*up*].

Aufstücken, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to trot

Aufstücken, (str.) pl. **Aufstücke** m. 1) a) the (act of) putting or carrying on, &c.; b) anything put on: a) embankment; bb) *T.* coat (of colour, varnish, &c.); cc) *Gild.* charging; 2) *Law*, the act of transferring (eines *Grund*, an estate); 3) charge, injunction, mandate; coll. errand; *Comm.* order, commission, direction; — geben, to give order(s) (*auf* [*with Acc.*], for...), commission, directions; — haben, to be commissioned; im — von, upon or by order of, by directions or in consequence of directions received from; —buch, n. *Comm.* book of orders.

Aufstücken, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to bear or carry up; 2) a) to put on; aufgetragene *Butter* —, *T.* made soll; b) to serve in or up, to dish up, set (the dishes): *laßt* *Stück* —, to spread a cold repast; — lassen, to send in; *ehe* (*das Essen*) *aufgetragen* wird, before dinner comes in: es wird *aufgetragen*, dinner is serving; es ist *aufgetragen*, dinner is served, is ready, is on the table; 3) to lay, put on (colours, &c.); to apply (colours on cloths): die *Farbe* —, *Print.* to ink the form, to distribute the ink: to strike a colour: *Farbe* *bid* —, *Print.* to im- paste; den *Grund* zu einem *Grund* —, to prime; die *Farben* *stark* —, *Ag.* to paint in glowing or glaring colours; to tincture too deeply, to overstrain the picture, to exaggerate, *vulg.* to lay it on; 4) *see* **Abtragen**, 1, 3, 5; 5) to beat, to work off the ink on the table: (mit *Walzen*) to roll; (*Einem* etwas) to

give in charge (to), *cf.* übertragen; to charge, commission (one) with; to enjoin, *see* Auftrag geben; Einem ein Amt —, *see* übertragen; 6) *Mm.* to raise the shaft of (a mine); 7) *T.* ein Profil —, to plot a section; einen Stig —, to draw a plan; 8) *Law.* to convey, to transfer (estates); *II. intr.* 1) *coll.* to exaggerate, *see* tr.; die Fäden stürzen —; 2) to be bulky; dicke Stoffe tragen zu sehr auf, these stuffs are too stout; 3) *Metall.* to charge or feed the furnace.

Aufträger, (*str.*) *m.* he that serves up, *cf.* Auftragen.

Auftrag ..., *in comp.* —geber, *m.* constable, principal; Comm. commissioner, commissioner, employer; —maschine (*from* the verb Auftragen), *f.* —walzen, *f. pl.* Print. composition rollers, inking-rollers; —nehmer, *m.* he who receives an order; consignee; —schüttung, *f.* slope of an embankment; a —strecke, *adv.* by way of commission.

Auftrampeln, Auftrappeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to stamp on the ground, to tramp; to patter; *II. tr.* 1) to fix by trampling; 2) to open by trampling; 3) to awake by trampling.

Aufträufeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fall in small drops, to drop (down) on; *II. tr.* to drop (a fluid, &c.) (auf *with Acc.*), on.

Auftragen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to drop on; to pour, to gush down.

Auftröckeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to draw up; *Metall.* to bring (the muddy ore) on the budding-table.

Aufstreifen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to hit or strike upon; 2) to find up, out of bed.

Aufstreibe ..., *in comp.* —eisen, *n. T.* an instrument used by spur-makers in adjusting the rowel; —spinn, *n.* rolling-pin.

Aufstreichen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to drive up; to blow up, to swell; aufgetrieben, *p. a.* blown out, bulged, bloated; 2) to drive upon; to fasten on; 3) *coll.* to hunt out with some difficulty; to get (hold of), to procure, to raise (money); *Böhl.* —, to levy, raise, press, force soldiers; 4) *Sport.* to rouse, unharbour, &c., *see* Aufjagen; einen Hasen wieder —, to recover a hare; 5) *Chem.* to sublime; 6) *Agr.* to plough with high furrows or ridges; 7) *T.* a) to open out (holes, &c.); b) to chase (a metal plate), to work in relief; 8) *Bak.* to roll out the dough; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to sprout, to germinate (Aufsprossen); 2) *Mar.* to run aground; to run foul of another ship.

Aufstreichen, (*str.*) *m. Sport.* springer, one who rouses game, &c.

Aufstreiflich, *adj.* what may be procured, found out, &c.

Aufstreifschere, (*w.*) *f. Harnm.* procellos.

Aufstreibung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) driving up, &c. *cf.* Aufstreichen; 2) *T.* embossment.

Aufstreuen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to unstitch, unseam, unravel, unrip; to rip open, cut up, to undo; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*h. u.*) to part, divide, come open.

Aufstehen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) a) to step on the ground, to walk; das Kind fängt an aufzustehen, *adv.* the baby begins to feel his (her) legs; er gab mir ein Zeichen, aufzustehen, he gave me a signal to step lightly; b) *fig.* to proceed, to go to work, to act (vorsichtig, entschlossen &c., cautiously, resolutely, &c.); 2) to step or come forth or forward; to enter, appear, to make one's appearance; to mount the pulpit; *Theat.* to enter or tread the stage; to appear (as Falstaff, &c.); zum ersten Mal —, to make one's debut; er trat zum letzten Male als F. auf, he made his last appearance as F.; to perform (at a concert, &c.); als Candidat —, to offer one's self as a candidate; als Schriftsteller —, to commence author; als Concurrent —, to set up as a competitor, rival, &c.; ein neues Geschlecht ist aufgetreten, a new generation has

sprung up; als Erbe —, to come in as heir; mit (etwas) —, to come forth with ... für, gegen ... —, *Law.* &c. to appear for, against ... gegen Einen —, to rise against one; *II. tr.* 1) to tread (earth, &c.) down (auf *with Acc.*), on; to fasten on (or upon) by treading; 2) to tread open, to open by treading on; das —, *v. s. (str.) n.* appearance, performance; das erste — (eines Schauspielers &c.), debut.

Auftritt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) way for cattle (in marshy countries); 2) *Agr.* the ploughing and preparing the land for summer crops.

Auftrinken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to drink up; to imbibe, to absorb.

Auftritt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) treading on, &c. *cf.* Auftreten; 2) a) step (of a coach, before a door, &c.), ascent; b) *Mm.* montoir, horseblock; 3) *Fort.* banquette, banquet; 4) *l. m.* for Auftreten, *v. s.*; 5) *Ag.* scene, sight; einen — veranlassen, to make a scene; —banf, *f.* 1) *T.* & *Wass.* treadle, treadle; 2) *Fort.* *see* Auftritt; 3) —stufe, *f. Carp.* tread-board.

Auftröckeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to dry up; to dry to, to stick, to adhere to in drying; *II. tr.* to dry up; to wipe off, away (tears).

Auftrömmeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to beat up or on; *II. tr.* to wake by the drum.

Auftrumpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to awake by blowing on a trumpet; 2) to perform on a trumpet; 3) *Mil.* to give a sign for decamping; *II. intr.* to blow the trumpet.

Auftröpfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* *see* Aufträufeln.

Auftröpfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *tr.* Auftröpfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pour upon in small drops.

Auftröten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trot Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make muddy by stirring up.

Auftrumpfen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *Gam.* to play a trump; 2) *Ag.* (Einem) to upbraid; to make a smart reply; to beat soundly, to drub.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to furl, gather up or fold (the sail).

Auftrinken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sop up (sauce), to eat up (sauce) by dipping sops into it.

Auftröpfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to take up, wipe up; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to touch upon.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to touch up (drawings).

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to awake by blow.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to awake; to wake, to be roused.

Auftrüben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow up.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to venture to rise (of a sick person, &c.).

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to weigh; to draw, lift or raise up by mechanical contrivance; 2) eine Sache mit Gold —, *Ag.* to pay for a thing its weight in gold, to pay a very high (heavy, exorbitant) price for a thing; 3) to weigh down, overbalance, outweigh.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr. Gam.* to draw, choose, pick (a card).

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fall again.

Auftrüben, (*str.*) *m. see* Auftrüben.

Auftrüben, *I.* (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to bubble, to boil up; 2) to wave, to rage (of the sea); 3) *fig.* to boil up, to effervesce; to fume, fret; ihr Beneficentie ihr a-bes Größt und fuhr ruhig fort, she kept down her rising heart, and went on calmly; 4) *Fort.* to wall up; *II. v. s. (str.) n.* *see* Auftrüben.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to boil gently or a little, to parboil; b) *Found.* to bubble, swell up (iron); 2) to range in heaps (turf, soda).

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) bubbling or boiling up; swell (of the sea, &c.), also *fig.* ebullition; effervescence; 2) *fig.* emotion, flush, flutter; eine plötzliche — von Liebe,

a sudden fit of love; An den Augenblitzen, flügel impuls.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr. (cf.* Auftrüben) *Mm.* to draw out all (the water, &c. of a mine); das Grubenwasser ist auftrüben, das Auftrüben hat auftrüben, the mine is in fork, the engine has the water in fork.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put upon rollers; to wind upon a cylinder; 2) to open by rolling; 3) *Schwärze.* —, *Print.* to ink the form.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to roll up, upwards; 2) to roll down (upon); 3) *Ag.* (Einem etwas) to lay upon one's shoulders, to burden (one) with ...

Auftrüben, (*str.*, *pl.* [not usual] Auftrüben) *m.* 1) expense, expenditure; cost, state; (libertrüben) sumptuousness; profusion, waste; consumption; 2) *fig.* waste (of strength, &c.); a whole array (of reasons, &c.); großen — machen, to live high or in (great) style; Comm. outset-charge; H-Geſetz, *n.* sumptuary law or edict.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr. Cath. Rel.* to elevate.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to rise tottering.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (Speifen) to warm up or again; to cook up; 2) *fig. coll.* a) to bring again on the tapis; to repeat over again, to rake up (eine alte Geschichte, bygone); b) to renew, to brush or rub up; das Auftrüben, auftrüben, scraps (pl.), a scrap-dinner; auftrüben, *p. a. fig.* twice-cooked, second-hand.

Auftrüben, ..., *in comp.* —dienst, *m.* 1) *see* Auftrüben; 2) waiting woman's office or service; —geld, *n.* —lohn, *n.* waiting woman's pay.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to wait (Einem, on, upon one), to serve; to attend (on), *cf.* Aufwartung; bei Tisch —, to wait at table; kann (darf) ich Ihnen mit ...? may I (have) the honour to serve you with ...? may I be permitted to offer ...? do you choose ...? ich will gleich damit —, you shall have it immediately; Einem oft —, to dance attendance on ...; sich von Anderen — lassen, to make others wait upon us; der Hund kann —, the dog knows how to beg.

Auftrüben, (*str.*) *m.* waiter, servant; attendant; (auf Schiffen &c.) steward; —dienst, *m.* office of a waiter, &c.; —geld, *n.* —lohn, *n.* waiter's fee.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *f.* woman-servant, waiting-woman, waiting-maid, waiting-girl; waiter, waiters, (auf Schiffen &c.) stewardess.

Auftrüben, *adv.* I. upward, upwards; uphill; den Fluß —, up the stream; —fahren, to turn upward; to set (paddles, &c.); on end; *II. in comp.* —bewegung, *f.* upward motion; —förmig, *adv.* *see* Auftrüben.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) waiting, serving; attendance; Einem seine — machen, to wait upon (on) one, to pay one's respects, devotions or devoirs to, to make or pay one's court to, to pay (one) a visit; sie hatten einen Bedienten zur —, they had a servant to wait upon them; die — haben bei ..., to wait on, to be in waiting (with, at, &c.); 2) *coll.* for Auftrüben, waiting-woman, &c.

Auftrüben, (*str.*) *m.*, Auftrüben, (*w.*) *f.* plates, dishes, &c. to be washed after a meal. Auftrüben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to wash (up), cleanse (the dishes and plates, &c.); 2) to wash off, to remove (spots, &c.) by washing; 3) to use up or consume by washing; sich (Dat.) die Hände —, to wash one's hands sore.

Auftrüben, (*w.*) *f.* scullion, scullery-maid.

Auftrüben, ..., *in comp.* —lohn, *n.* —tisch, *n.* wash-tub, washing-tub; —füße, *f. see* —plag; —trän, —mag, *f. see* Auftrüben; —

platz, m. scullery; —wasser, n. 1) dish-water; 2) see *Spüllicht*.

Aufweben, (w. & * *str.*) v. tr. 1) to unweave, unravel; 2) to consume by weaving.

Aufweheln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to buy up (and thereby to bring out of circulation); 2) to change, exchange with agio.

Aufwechslern, (str.) m. money-changer; stock-jobber.

Aufwecken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to awake (and dem Schlaf, from sleep), rouse, wake, (a)waken; to call up; *Ag-s.* 2) to call to life; 3) to enliven, cheer.

Aufwehen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to blow up; 2) to blow open; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rise (of the wind).

Aufweichen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to soften, mollify; 2) to soak, moisten, wet, make soft; *Spült* —, *Stein-dr.* to soak hides; to temper (colours); 3) to open by mollifying; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to soak and dissolve; to open after having soaked; a-b, p. a. *Med.* emollient; das a-b Mittel, emollient (remedy).

Aufweisen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to reel on; 2) T. to brush up (the set jewels).

Aufweinen, (w.) v. l. tr. to awake by weeping or crying; II. *intr.* to begin crying, weep aloud.

Aufweisen, (str.) v. tr. to show (forth), produce, exhibit; to present (one's credentials, &c.); die Geschichte hat kein besseres Beispiel aufzuweisen, history has no better example to show. — **Aufweisung**, (w.) f. exhibition, production.

Aufweissen, (w.) v. tr. to whitewash anew.

Aufwellen, (w.) v. tr. to dry (fruit).

Aufwellen, (w.) v. tr. see *Aufwollen*.

Aufwenden, (w. & *irr.*) v. tr. to spend, expend, lay out (auf *with Acc.*, in, on, in); to bestow, employ (auf, in, on, in); to devote (auf, to, on); die aufgewendete (or aufgewandte) Mühe, the pains one has taken, &c.

Aufwerfen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) a) to throw up (a stone, entrenchments, &c.), to cast up, to raise (a bank, &c.), to toss up (a ball, &c.), to turn up (the soil, the nose, &c.); *Esbaum*, *Stäben* —, to rise in scum, in bubbles; die Erde um einen Baum herum —, *Gard.* to heap up the earth round the roots of a tree; einen Graben —, to dig a ditch; b) *Gam-s.* to throw up (the cards); die Wirtel —, to fling up the dice; die Lippen, den Mund —, to turn up or put one's lips or mouth; aufgeworfene Lippen, pouting, protuberant lips; einen aufgeworfenen Nase, a cocked-up nose; c) *Ag.* einen Zweifel —, to raise a doubt; eine Frage —, to start a question, to put a case; 2) to throw down (auf *with Acc.*, upon); 3) a) to open (a nut, &c.) by throwing down upon or against, to strike open; b) to throw or sling open (a door, &c.); II. *refl.* sich — zu ..., to set up for ..., to put one's self forward as ..., to erect one's self into ..., to usurp authority; er warf sich zum Schiedsrichter auf, he assumed the office of an arbitrator; sich gegen jemand —, to rise up against one (*cf.* *Empören*).

Aufwerthammer, (str., pl. *A-Hämmer*) m. T. lift-hammer.

Aufwettern, (w.) v. tr. coll. to rouse from sleep by noisy and abusive language.

Aufwischen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to polish up, to brush up (with wax or blacking); 2) *swig-s.* see *Aufschmeißen*; 3) *Einem* —, to treat, entertain sumptuously, to give a famous blow-out or spread.

Aufwickeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wind up, roll up, take up (yarn, &c.); to turn up (the hair, &c.), to put (one's hair) in (curl-)papers; 2) to wind, &c. (auf *with Acc.*, upon); 3) to unfold, unwrap, unwind, untuck, unfurl; 4) to unwaddle, unwathe (a child); aufgewickelt,

p. a. unwrapped; aufgewickelte Seide, Comm. sleeve silk.

Aufwiegelei, (w.) f. the practice of stirring up, instigating (to rebellion), &c., agitation.

Aufwiegen, (w.) v. tr. to stir (up), to excite, instigate, to rebel, to tamper with, to raise up (the people).

Aufwiegeleiung, (w.) f. the act of stirring up, &c. instigation (to rebellion).

Aufwiegen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to outweigh; to counterbalance, to counterpoise, counter-vail; to make amends for ...; *Stcher* durch Tugenden —, to redeem faults by virtues; 2) coll. see *Aufwägen*.

Aufwieglern, (str.) m., **Aufwieglerei**, (w.) f., **Aufwieglertisch**, see *Aufträger*, 1, **Aufwieglertisch** & **Aufträgerisch**.

Aufwiehern, (w.) v. l. *intr.* 1) to burst out neighing; 2) coll. to laugh immoderately; II. tr. to awake by neighing.

Aufwimmern, (w.) v. tr. to wake by moaning. [*motion* (*Karm.*).

Aufwindbewegung, (w.) f. winding-on

Aufwindeln, (w.) v. tr. to unwathe.

Aufwind(e)..., *in comp.* *Weas-s.* —braht, m., —rah, n. fallers (pl.), faller-wire, rim; —maschine, f. whim, winding engine.

Aufwinden, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to wind up; to hoist up, to heave (up), pull up; 2) *Mar.* to ground (a vessel); den Anker —, to weigh anchor; to start or purchase the anchor; 3) to open by winding; 4) to unwring, untwist, undo; II. *refl.* to rise in windings.

Aufwinder, (str.) m. 1) a winder-up, &c.; 2) see *Aufwindbraht*.

Aufwinken, (w.) v. tr. to make or cause to rise by a sign, a beck, or wink.

Aufwippen, (w.) v. tr. 1) see *Aufwägen*; 2) *Mil.* to strappado.

Aufwirbeln, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to open (as a window) by turning the bolt; 2) to raise, whirl up; Staub —, to occasion a great deal of noise, discussion, &c., coll. to kick up a dust; 3) to wake by beating a drum; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to rise (with a rotary motion).

Aufwirken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to work (out); den Teig —, *Bak.* to knead the dough; to form the leaves; ein Bild —, *Sport.* see *Auswerfen*; den Fuß eines Pferdes —, *Farv.* see *Auswirken*; 2) to unweave, unravel; 3) to consume by weaving. [*ravel* (*Entwirren*).

Aufwischen, (w.) v. tr. to disentangle, un-

Aufwischen, (w.) v. tr. to wipe away (up).

Aufwischer, (str.) m., **Aufwischlappen**, n., **Aufwischhand**, n. wiping-clout.

Aufwittern, (w.) v. tr. to find out by smelling, to track by the scent.

Aufwölgen, (w.) v. *intr.* to rise in waves, to swell, to billow.

Aufwölben, (w.) v. tr. *Archit.* to erect in the shape of a vault, to vault.

Aufwölffen, (w.) v. *intr.* & *refl.* *impers.* to rise like (as) clouds, to lower (of the sky).

Aufwollen, (irr.) v. *intr.* to wish to get up or rise.

Aufwuchern, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to grow up rank or luxuriantly.

Aufwuchsen, (w.) v. tr. to raise by a lever.

Aufwühlen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to turn, dig, root up; den (Erdb-)Boden —, to plough, or rake up the ground (a cannon-balls, &c.); b) to stir up by wallowing about; die Glut (glühender Kohlen) — (*Göthe*), to rake up dying embers; c) *Ag.* to rip up (old sores, &c.), to rake up (Aussäen); 2) *Ag.* see *Aufwiegen*.

Aufwurf, (str., pl. *Aufwürfe*) m. earth thrown or dug up, mound, jetty, dam, bank.

Aufwürfing, (str.) m. outcast.

Aufwürgen, (w.) v. tr. to consume with greediness, to devour.

Aufzählen, (w.) v. tr. to count, number,

enumerate; (*einzel*) to reckon up singly, to detail, particularise; to check off (by the fingers); *Weld* —, to pay down money; *Armen-den* —, *fac. & coll.* to beat, lash, cudgel one. — **Aufzählung**, (w.) f. enumeration.

Aufzauen, (w.) v. tr. to wake by quarrelling. [*too much fondness.*

Aufzäufen, (w.) v. tr. to bring up with

Aufzauen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to open by magic or witchcraft; 2) see *Anzaubern*.

Aufzäumen, (w.) v. tr. to bridle, to hit; das Pferd beim Schwenke —, coll. to turn the tail to the manger.

Aufzauen, (w.) v. tr. to pull, tear, or tug

Aufzauen, (w.) v. tr. to consume by drinking, to waste in guzzling.

Aufzauen, (w.) v. tr. to eat up; to consume; to waste; to absorb.

Aufzehrung, (w.) f. the act of consuming, &c., consumption; expenditure.

Aufzeichnen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to note, write down, pen down, to book, to item, to record; to chronicle (*Ereignisse*, events); *Comm.* to annotate, mark, note down (prices); to make an inventory of ...; *Comm.* to inventory; 2) to design, sketch, draw.

Aufzeichner, (str.) m. one who notes down, &c.; recorder, chronicler.

Aufzeichnung, (w.) f. notation, annotation, &c.; record; inventory; meteorologische *u.* *met.* meteorological records; *u.* *u.* *u.* note-book, memorandum-book.

Aufzeigen, (w.) v. tr. to show up or forth, to exhibit, to produce. [*by pulling, tugging.*

Aufzerren, (w.) v. tr. to pull up; to open

Aufzerren, (w.) v. tr. drawbridge.

Aufziehen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) a) to draw up, pull up, hoist (up), to raise; b) to wind up (a bucket, watch, &c.); c) to weigh (anchor); d) to draw or put on (chords); *Seiten* — (auf *with Acc.*, l. u. *with the Dat.*), to string (an instrument, &c.); e) to bend (a bow); f) to draw or pull (the trigger); den Saß (an *intr.* *Spinte*) —, to cock (a gun); mit aufgezogenem Saß, ready cocked or uncocked; g) *Angel* to strike (a fish); 2) to draw open, to open; to draw (a bolt); eine Schürze —, to untie, loose a bow or knot; 3) to mount (a map, &c. on canvas, &c.); 4) *T-s.* a) *Weas.* to warp; to fray, fret, unweave; b) *Gold-sm.* to chase; c) *Horsey*, to unmesh; d) *Silk-sm.* to lash, lash; e) *Mm.* to renovate (a stulm); *Ag-s.* 5) to bring up (children), to nurse, nurture (plants), to breed, raise (cattle); to rear; 6) to delay, retard; 7) *Einem* mit ... —, to rally one about ... make merry with one, jeer (at), to smoke, quiz one on, to twit or taunt one with, to banter, top, to joke one about, play upon, to put or pass a joke upon one; einen Ducaten —, to weigh a ducaat; andere (gelinde) *Seiten* —, coll. to draw in (one's horse); to give in, to yield; to relent; *anal.* to change one's tune, to begin in a milder strain, to come a peg or two lower, to lower a peg; zum Tange —, to ask to dance.

II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to go, march, or move in procession, to draw up, parade, *Mil.* to mount guard, to go upon guard; 2) to appear, rise; ein Sturm zieht auf, a storm brews, draws near; 3) to draw to a head (of an ulcer); *Ag.* lächerlich —, to cut a ridiculous figure; coll. mit etwas aufgezogen kommen, to draw near, to come on in a certain (ridiculous, &c.) fashion; 3) *Ag.* to bring forth or forward, to produce, to show.

Aufzieher, (str.) m. 1) one who draws up, &c.; 2) *Anal.* adductant muscle.

Aufzieherel, (w.) f. mockery, (continued)

jeering, rally.

Aufzieh..., *in comp.* —früher, n. saw-

window — hammer, m. T. punchon, chasing-

hammer; —loch, m. T. key-hole (in clocks and

Zeit ist —, the time is over, expired, passed, up: **es** ist —, 'tis past, there is no hope: **es** ist — mit ihm, it is all over or up with him, he is undone, or quite down; he is gone, agone, or a dead man: **weber** — noch ein **Wissen**, **coll.** to be at a non-plus, to be put to one's last shifts: **er** weiß **weber** — noch ein, he does not know how to help or extricate himself, he is at his wits' end: **trinkt** **es** —, drink it up: **mein** **Geld** ist —, my money is gone, I am out of cash: **nach** dem **Tode** ist **es** —, death puts an end to everything: **damit** ist **es** —, this affair is off: **und** **damit** ist **es** —, and there is an end of the matter: **von** dem **Tage** an, **me** **Pitt** die **Leitung** der **Geschäfte** übernahm, **wer** **es** — mit **geheimen** **Einflüssen**, from the day on which Pitt was placed at the head of affairs, there was an end of secret influence.

Wust **schlagen**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to groan forth, out; *II. intr.* to leave off groaning.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* to plough up or out; *II. intr.* to finish, leave off ploughing.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pluck the veins out of ..., to divest of the veins. [mock.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deride, jeer at.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break off the ears of (corn after being thrashed). [ling.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to empty by ang.
Wust **antworten**, (*w.*) *v. tr. personal. Law.* to deliver, surrender (**Wust** **schern**).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* to work out; 1) **Wust** to skin, flay (slaughtered cattle); 2) *a*) to perfect, complete, elaborate, to labour, finish: (**gut**, **fertig**) **ausgearbeitet**, well laboured, finished, elaborate: high-wrought; *b*) to compose, prepare (a book, &c.); **sein** **Handbuch** **ist** **nicht** **bloß** **zusammengetrug**, **sondern** **ein** **gut** **ausgearbeitetes** **Verständ**, his handbook is not a mere compilation, but an elaborately executed account: 4) *a*) **Man** to break in or train (a horse); *b*) **Sport** to break in (a dog); *c*) **Mill** to exercise, drill (a recruit); **den** **Stößen** —, **Smack** to remove or clear away the scoria or slag from the furnace: **ruf** —, **Wood-cut**, &c. to boast; *II. intr.* 1) to leave off working; 2) to cease working or fermenting (of beer and wine).

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *m. 1* elaborator, &c.; 2) *T.* workman (artist) who gives the last touch to a fabrication or work of art, finishing workman.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) composition, &c.; 2) elaboration, &c., (elaborate, careful, &c.) execution, last finish: 3) workmanship, making.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* **Einem** **die** **Seele** —, to vex a person's soul out; *II. intr.* to leave off fretting, vexing. [variety.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* degeneration; degenerated
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* **sein**) to degenerate (in **with** **acc.**), into; to deteriorate; **ausgearbeit**, *p. a.* degenerate. — **Wust** **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* degeneration; degeneracy; deterioration.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut or lop off the branches of (a tree), to clear (a tree) of its superfluous branches.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* to breathe out, forth; to exhale; *II. intr.* to breathe one's last, to expire, to die. [tion.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* expiration, exhalation
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to take away by corrosives; **Serp.** to remove by caustics; 2) to corrode, eat through.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. see* **Wust** **schern**.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* **Serp.** to mark out.
Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to bake sufficiently; **das** **Brot** **ist** **nicht** **ausgebäckt**, the bread has not been baking long enough; *II. intr.* to have done baking.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *m.* baker's-heel (a kind of wooden shovel).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. intr.* to bathe enough: to have done bathing; *II. tr. fig.* — **schern**, to have to pay, suffer, smart for (another's faults); **ausgebäckt**, **was** **hinder** **fingerhüth** **haben**, *anal.* to be made a cat's paw of.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to clean, drag, dredge (a harbour); 2) to deepen by dredging (a river).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to dry (a ship).
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strip off the skin of (an animal), to flay, skin, uncase; 2) to stuff (animals, &c.).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unbale, unpack.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease pairing (of grouse).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to banish (aus, out of, from); to exorcise (spirits).

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *m. 1* a) the finishing the inside (of a building); *im* — **schern**, in course of completion; *b*) *Min.* tubbing (of a mine); *c*) *T.* the breaking-up of a bridge; 2) a) out-building; *b*) *Coach-m.* boot; *c*) *Archit.* exedra; *d*) show-front (of a shop); 3) *fig.* enlargement, cultivation.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to give a belly, to make bulge, to hollow out; to thrust outward; 2) *T.* to chase, emboss; *II. ref.* to belly or swell out (like a sail, a wall, &c.), to bulge, to jut out; **ausgebäckt**, *p. a.* arched; convex or oval (glasses).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f. Archit.* belly (of a column or pillar), swelling (of the shaft of a column); bulging (of a wall).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to finish the inside of (a building); 2) *Min.* to exhaust (a mine); **ausgebäckt** **Stollengruben**, exhausted coal-pits; **die** **Grube** **haut** **sich** **frei** **aus**, the mine pays its expenses; 3) to withdraw, break up, dismantle (a bridge); 4) *fig.* to enlarge, finish, cultivate, improve; *II. intr.* to finish or to cease building.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *m. 1* finisher of a building; 2) *coll.* *a*) **see** **Wust** **schern**, 2, *d*; *b*) **see** **Wust** **schern**; 3) one erecting a building in the outskirts of a place, out-settler.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (**rich** [**Das**] **stunde**) to condition, reserve (to one's self), to stipulate.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* to pick out the berries of (springes, &c.), *cf.* **Wust** **schern**; *II. intr.* (*aux.* **sein**) **coll.** to run away.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* to confess every particular of ..., to make a full confession of (one's sins, &c.); *II. intr.* to finish confession.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take out the bones of (meat, &c.), to bone, deprive of bones.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to bite out; **rich** [**Das**] **einem** **Stamm** —, to break out a tooth in biting; 2) *a*) to force or drive away by biting (of bees); *b*) *coll.* to work out of favour, to supplant in the favour of, to oust; *II. intr.* 1) *a*) to cease to bite; *b*) *coll.* to give over quarrelling; 2) *Min.* to crop out (to appear above the surface), to basset; **ausgebäckt**, *p. a.* **Do.** erose.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take out, remove or purify by caustics or corrosives.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to leave off yelping; 2) *fig.* to leave off scolding. [ling.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to leave off bark.
Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* **sein**) to burst forth or out, to burst and fall out. (&c.)

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *m.* mender, repairer.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mend, repair, put in repairs, rest; to touch up, retouch; to piece up, to patch, botch; to trim up, dress (clothes, &c.); to vamp (up) (shoes, &c.); to darn (stockings, *see* **Stöpseln**); to correct; **die** **Maschine** **wird** **ausgeeffert**, the engine is undergoing repair(s); **es** **ist** **nicht** **mehr** **ausgeeffert**, it is past mending; 2) *T. a*) auf der **Drehbank** —, **Putt.** to finish on the wheel; *b*)

das —, *v. s.*, (*str.*) *m. aa*) **Man** the making good, dubbing out (of a wall); *bb*) *T.* research (of a roof).

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) mending, &c., reparation, repair, reftment, &c.; **Wust** **schern**, *m. Putt.* finishing tool: **Wust** **schern**, *pl.* costs of repair, mendings, repairs.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. intr.* to finish praying; *II. tr.* to pray to the end.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fit or provide with beds; 2) to remove (a person) from a bed; 3) to embark.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* embankment.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* turn-out.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. see* **Wust** **schern**.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to beat out the bosses or prominences of (metals); **Copper-sm.** to adjust the dints of, to planish.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* profit, gain, yield; *Min.* share, dividend: **richtig** **schern** — **schern**, to yield abundantly; *in* — **schern**, (of a mine) productive; — **schern**, to determine the amount of dividend of a mine: — **grube** or — **schern**, *f.* productive mine: — **schern**, *m.* account of a mine, made out quarterly.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mill* to bolt (flour); 2) *fig.* to drain (one's) purse, to fleece (one), to clean (one) out.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Min.* to gain, find (in a mine); to work (a mine) to its full extent; 2) *fig.* to appropriate to one's self, to make the most (or the best use) of, to turn to the best advantage, to ransack; **die** **Wust** **schern** **haben** **ihr** **gewöhnliches** **Geschäft** **an** **den** **Tag** **gelegt**, **ein** **offentliches** **Unglück** **zu** **ihrem** **Vorteil** **auszubenten**, the priests have displayed their accustomed tact in transforming a public calamity into a piece of good fortune for themselves; **die** **besten** **lexicographischen** **Werke** **sind** **ausgebetet** **worden**, the best lexicographical works have been laid under contribution.

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pay in full, to complete or to make up a payment to ...; 2) *see* **Wust** **schern**.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to turn out, to bend, bow; 2) *Gold-sm.* to work on the edges, to godroon; *II. intr.* **vor** **Einem** (*l. u.* **Einem**) —, 1) to turn aside from ..., to turn out of one's way; 2) *fig.* to evade, elude, avoid (**Wust** **schern**). [bügen.]

Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. tr. proving.* for **Wust** **schern**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to offer or set up for sale, to put up or set out for (or to) sale; to hawk; **ausgebetene** **Briefe**, **Comm.** offered paper; 2) (**überbeten**) to outbid; 3) to give notice to quit (on the part of the landlord).

Wust **schern**, *adj.* capable of improvement.
Wust **schern**, (*w.*) *v. L. tr.* 1) to form, to mature, to develop: **völlig** **ausgebildet**, fully developed (of leaves, &c.); 2) to cultivate; to perfect, improve, to refine; to give a finishing education; to accomplish: *II. ref.* 1) to be formed, &c.; to improve, to arrive at maturity or perfection; 2) to grow to a head (of an ulcer); **ausgebildet**, *p. a.* perfect, finished. — **Wust** **schern**, (*w.*) *f.* formation, development; (a process of) training; maturity; perfection; improvement, cultivation, culture; **die** — **cine** **Geschwürre**, gathering of an ulcer.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to untie and take out; *b*) *Typ.* to untie (a column); 2) **Bauk.** to frame (a gable, &c.); **cine** **ausgebundene** **Wand**, a partition wall of frame-work.

Wust **schern**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to ask out; **ich** **bin** **jum** **Wittageffen** **ausgebeten**, I have been asked out to dinner; 2) to beg, ask for, to request; **das** **bitte** **ich** **mit** **aus**, *a*) I must make that a condition; *b*) (*slightly*) for **ich** **bitte** **mir** **aus**, **daß** **die** **nicht** **geht** — **das** **verbitte** **ich** **mir** I won't suffer that; I must decline that; **ich** **bitte** **mir** **aus**, **daß** **du** **artig** **bißt**, I must insist on your behaving well; **darf** **ich**

mir... —? may I be favoured with...? may I trouble you for...? I will thank you for...

Ausßblasen, (w.) v. *intr.* *see* **Ausblasen**.
Ausßblasen, (w.) v. *tr.* to polish thoroughly.

Ausßblasen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to blow out: a) to empty by blowing (as an egg, &c.); b) to extinguish (a candle, &c.); 2) *from-w.*, &c. 3) to blow out, to stop or to draw (the furnace); also *intr.* to let down the fire; b) den *Hofeisen* —, to blow the furnace; c) die *Schladt* —, to blast the cinders; 3) a) to improve the sound of (a flute) by frequent playing; b) to blow (a musical piece) to the end; c) to proclaim by sound of trumpet: *Einen das Lebenslicht* —, coll. to stop one's wind, i. e. to kill him; II. *intr.* 1) to have done blowing; 2) *fam.* (I. w.) to die; das —, v. s. (str.) n. (des *Dampfheißes zu seiner Verjüngung*) blowing down or off (the boiler).

Ausßblasen... (or **Ausßblase**...), *in comp.* *Seem.* —*hahn*, m. blow-off cock, delivery cock, purging cock, mudcock: —*flappe*, f., —*ventil*, m. blow valve: —*röhre*, f. blow-off pipe.

Ausßblättern, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) T. to cut off, to take away the side shoots of (hops, vines, &c.); 2) *Carp.* to notch, jag.

Ausßblättern, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to pluck out the leaves of (a plant, &c.), cf. *Entblätter*; 2) to turn (over) all the leaves of (a book); II. *intr.* to finish shedding the leaves.

Ausßbläuen, (w.) v. *tr.* to bang, cudgel thoroughly.

Ausßbleiben, (str.) v. *intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) 1) to stay out or away: to fall (to come); not to come out forth, not to be forthcoming, to be absent; die *englische Post* war dreimal *ausgeblieben*, the English mail had three times been due; 2) to be left out, to be omitted; 3) a) to stop, discontinue, leave off: to intermit (of fever, &c.); not to take place, not to be held; b) der *Puls* *bleibt ihm aus*, his pulse stops; das *Fieber* *ist ihm ausgeblieben*, the fever has left him; das *Geld* *bleibt ihm aus*, his money does not come (in); *ausgeblieben sein*, to be due or overdue (of mails).

Ausßbleiben, v. s. (str.) n. staying out, &c., non-appearance; non-attendance; non-arrival; das — der *Zahlung*, the non-payment; das *vorläufige* — von *Gericht*, default of appearance; contempt of court.

Ausßbleichen, v. I. *tr.* 1) (w.) to finish bleaching; 2) (str.) to grow pale, to fade; II. (w.) *tr.* to bleach out.

Ausßbleien, (w.) v. *tr.* to fill with lead.

Ausßblick, (str.) m. look-out, view, prospect (*also* *fig.*). — **Ausßblicken**, (w.) v. *intr.* to look out or into. [*ing.* fulguration.

Ausßblitz, (str.) m. sudden flash of lightning.

Ausßblitzen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cause lightning.

Ausßblühen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to pass through all the stages of florification; 2) to cease flowering, *see* *Abblühen*; 3) *Minor.* to effloresce.

Ausßbluten, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to cease bleeding; II. *tr.* *sein* *etwas* —, to shed one's lifeblood.

Ausßbuden, (w.) v. *tr.* to provide with a bottom; *Carp.* to head (a caulk).

Ausßbügen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) T. to slope (a piece of cloth, &c.); 2) *Carp., Join.*, &c. to channel, to slope out. [*to floor.*

Ausßbügeln, (w.) v. *tr.* to plank, to board.

Ausßböhren, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to bore out; *Join.*, &c. to sink; *Horol.* (teggel^{formig}) to chamfer; *Lock-sm.* &c. (zu einer *Schraubenmutter*) to tap, to worm (*Tab.*); II. *intr.* to cease boring.

Ausßbohren, (str.) m. T. *see* *Aufleger*.

Ausßbohrenscheine, (w.) f. boring machine.

Ausßbitten, (w.) v. *tr.* *Thun.* to stretch out (the hides).

Ausßbergen, (w.) v. *tr.* to lend out.

Ausßbreiten, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to turn out, reject.

Ausßbrägen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Thun.* *see* *Ausßbitten*.

Ausßbräuen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to roast out;

2) to roast sufficiently; II. *intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) 1) to be well roasted; 2) to run out in roasting.

Ausßbräuen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to consume, to use up; 2) to use no more.

Ausßbrauen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to brew to perfection; 2) to extract or take out by brewing; II. *intr.* to cease brewing.

Ausßbrauen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to cease roaring; 2) to cease to ferment; *ausgebrautet haben*, *fig.* to be past fermenting, to have subsided, to be cooled down; II. *tr.* *sein* *etwas* —, to give vent to, to evaporate one's passion. [*iron.*

Ausßbreitellen, (str.) m. *Thun.* softening.

Ausßbrechen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) a) to break out; to force, to take out or draw (a tooth, &c.); b) to notch (a knife); c) to quarry (stones or marble); d) *Min.* to work (cinen *Gang*, a lode); e) T. to bore (a tunnel); *Herold.* *ausgebrochen*, p. a. voided; die *ausgebrochene Raute*, f. masle; das *ausgebrochene Stren*, m. cleche, cleche; 2) *Gard.* to cut or take off (the suckers, &c.); to clear of superfluous shoots, branches, &c., to prune, disbud; *ausgebrochen* *Pöhl*, *Forst* young wood or trees cleared off; &c.; 3) *See*, das *Gerüst* —, *see* *Seiden*; 4) to vomit, throw up, bring up; *Runge und Zeder* —, to spew one's heart up; 5) to shell (peas or beans); 6) *Thun.* die *ger gemachten Felle* —, to soften the skins upon the boards; 7) *Brew.* to pour (beer or water) from the boiler into the trough: *cine geoffenes Etüde* —, *Thun.* to open the mould.

II. *intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) 1) to break out, to come off (as a broken piece of a cup, &c.); 2) to break out, forth; to break loose (from a prison, &c.); 3) *fig.* to break out (as a war, an epidemic, &c.); to occur, to take place suddenly, to prevail; *es sind mehr* *Ballmutter* *ausgebrochen*, several failures have occurred; 4) to take vent, to become known, to come out; 5) to burst (out) into [a fit of laughter, into tears; into abusive language, into a merry laugh, &c.], to break forth (in raptures); *er brach in Gelächter aus*, he burst out laughing, &c.

Ausßbreitmaschine, (w.) f. *Wass.* spreading-machine.

Ausßbreiten, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to spread out, spread, extend, expand; to unfold (the sails, &c.); to stretch forth or out (the arms, wings, &c.); 2) a) *Thun.* to air (hides); b) *Print.* to hang up (the sheets); 3) T. to fatten (metal-plates); *Gild.* to spread (gold- or silver-folds) with the polisher (*Tab.*); *fig.* — 4) to extend, enlarge; 5) a) to spread abroad, to divulge; b) to diffuse, disseminate (opinions, &c.), propagate, circulate; II. *refl.* 1) to spread (out), to run out, to stretch (over), grow wide, widen, enlarge; to branch, widen (of trees); 2) to unfold itself (to the view); 3) *with* *über* (*& Acc.*), to expatiate, enlarge upon ..., to discuss at great length; cf. *sid* *Verbreiten*, II. 2; 4) a) to gain ground; b) to come into use; *ausgebreitet*, p. a. *Bot.* 1) spreading; 2) *Herold.* displayed (wings); 3) *fig.* extensive (acquaintance, correspondence, &c.); das —, v. s. (str.) m. the (act of) spreading out, &c.; T. (der *Glas-blaue zur Tafelform*) fanning out.

Ausßbreiten, (str.) m. dispenser; divulger.

Ausßbreitung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) spreading, &c.; 2) extension, expanse; 3) diffusion, propagation, dissemination (of knowledge, &c.); 4) *U-schiffheit*, f. diffusibility.

Ausßbrennen, (irr.) v. I. *tr.* 1) (*ausz.* *sein*) a) to be consumed by fire in the interior; to be burnt out; das *Haus* *brannte aus*, the house was internally destroyed by fire; die *Stube* *ist gänzlich ausgebrannt*, every thing in the

room was consumed by the fire; *cine ausgebrannte Stube*, a burnt out, or an extinct volcano; die *Stube* *ist ausgebrannt* *Stube*, *fig.* the calm of a worn-out volcano; b) to be consumed inwardly, to get parched or dry; *mein Herz war nicht ganz ausgebrannt*, — *ich* *konnte nicht leben*, my heart was not all ashes — I could love again; 2) (*ausz.* *haben*) a) to cease burning; b) T. to heat a brick kiln, &c. for the last time; II. *tr.* 1) to burn out, to burn; 2) to cleanse the inside of (hollow bodies) by applying fire, &c.; a) to fire (a chimney, &c.); b) *cine Stube* —, to seal a gun; c) *Brew.* to cleanse (the casks); 3) to burn (or [*Flöck*] to bake) sufficiently (bricks, &c.); 4) T. to burn (down) (gold- and silver-ware); 5) *Surg.* to cauterize (a wound); 6) to expel or drive away by fire or smoke. [*Wall.*

Ausßbräuen, (w.) f. *Forst.* baking.

Ausßbräuen, (w.) f. *Min.* that may be produced, won, or extracted.

Ausßbringen, I. (irr.) v. *tr.* 1) to bring out; to get out; to drive out (a nail), to take off; 2) T. to breed, *see* *Ausbrüten*; 3) *Typ.* to drive out, to keep out (*opp.* *Einbringen*); 4) *Mar.* a) to hoist out (the boat); b) den *Anker* *mit dem Boot* —, to boat the anchor; 5) *Min.* a) to bring up (from a mine); b) to obtain, gain, extract (a certain amount of metal from the ore); 6) to cleanse (a pond); 7) to spread, publish, divulge; 8) *cine* *Gründheit* —, to propose a toast, (*with* *auf* [*& Acc.*]) to toast (a person), to drink the health of ..., to drink prosperity to ...; die *ausgebrachte Gründheit*, toast, health; *marum bringen* *Sie* *ihre Gründheit* *aus*, *Fr. D.*; *marum* *geben* *Sie* *und nicht* *ihren* *Ernterück* —? why don't you call a health, Mr. D.; why don't you give your toast? II. *tr.* —, v. s. (str.) m. or das *Ausgebrachte*, (*decl.* *like* *adj.*) m. *Min.* fossils of every description, the produce of a mine.

Ausßbrennen, (w.) v. *tr.* *see* *Ausbrüten*.

Ausßbrennen, (w.) v. *refl.* to crumble out.

Ausßbrennen, **Ausßbrennen**, (w.) v. *tr.* *Min.* to expose (*intr.* to be exposed) to the action of vapours, to bring to efflorescence, cf. *Ausblühen* *str.*

Ausßbrüche, (str., pl. *Ausßbrüche*) m. 1) the (act of) breaking out, &c. cf. *Ausbrechen*; outbreak; 2) (Hungarian) wine of the first press; 3) *Med.* — der *Pöhlne*, *see* *Durchbruch*; 4) (*cine* *vulkanische*, a volcanic) eruption; 5) a breaking out (of prison, &c.), flight, evasion, elopement; 6) *fig.* outburst, burst, explosion (of hatred, passion); *Ausßbrüche* *des* *Strens*, sallies of passion; *gust*, *flash* (of temper, merriment, &c.); — *cine* *Verjüngung*, explosion or breaking out of a conspiracy; — *des* *Entschlusses*, burst of rapture, ecstasy; — *des* *Beifalls*, vally, burst of applause; *zum* — *kommen*, or *cinen* — *gewinnen*, to break out; *seine* *Thänen* *zum* — *kommen* *lassen*, to give vent to one's tears. [*Holy* known.

Ausßbrüchig, *adj.* (I. w.) generally or pub-

Ausßbrüchig, (w.) v. *tr.* to scald out, to purify by scalding, to scald well, to parboil.

Ausßbrühen, (w.) v. *tr.* to cease roaring.

Ausßbrummen, (w.) v. *intr.* to leave off humming, murmuring, grumbling; *ausgebrummt haben*, to have done humming, &c.

Ausßbrummen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease rattling.

Ausßbrüten, (w.) v. *tr.* to take out the pluck of (slaughtered cattle).

Ausßbrüten, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to brood, hatch, to sit on (eggs), to produce by incubation; 2) *fig.* to hatch, to contrive, to plot; II. *intr.* 1) to sit, to brood; 2) to cease brooding, hatching; III. v. s. (str.) m., or *Ausßbrütung*, (w.) f. the (act of) brooding, hatching, &c. cf. *Ausbrüten*.

Ausßbüchsen, **Ausßbüchsen**, (w.) v. *tr.* to line (as a wooden cylinder), to box (the nave

of a wheel); ein ausgebautes Räderloch —, to fill out a wheel-hole with metal, and to bore a new one.

Aushbücht, (*w.*) *f.* *Ship-b.* rounding-out.
Aushbüchten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to bend outwards in bay-like form, *acc.* to turn: II. *refl.* & *intr.* to wind out in bends or turns.

Aushbügeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Aushbügeln**; 2) to stud. (roughly with the goose, to iron.
Aushbügeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smooth the.
Aushbügeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to line (the shafts or pits of a mine).

Aushbünde, (*str.*, *pl.* [*u.*] **Aushbünde**) *m.* paragon, pattern, quintessence, top; (*Fr.*) *id.*; the best, the worst; ein — aller *Gelehrten*, or von einem *Gelehrten*, an ardent-knave, arch-rogue; der Junge ist ein *Wahrer* —, the boy is a complete mad-cap; ein — von *Gelehrsamkeit*, a (very) paragon of learning; ein — von *Wahrheit*, one exhibiting the height of malice.

Aushbügeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Typ.* to knock out (the letters or type) with a punch.
Aushbürgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bail out of prison.
Aushbürgen, (*str.*) *m.* *Law*, 1) *a*) stranger; *b*) inhabitant of a suburb; *c*) non-resident citizen; 2) bailor, *acc.* *cf.* **Aushbürgen** — **Aushbürgern**, (*m.*) *v. tr.* to divest of citizenship, to disenfranchise, alienate.

Aushbürsten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to brush (out), sweep; to dust; *Typ.* to brush off (the form).
Aushbüschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clear of bushes, or small wood.

Aushbügeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to expiate fully, to atone for, make amends for, to pay for; 2) (*f. & a*) *Sport.* to mend, repair (nets, *acc.*); *b*) *Hortic.* to plant new shoots in the place of dead ones; *c*) *Corp.* to pack; 3) *provinc.* for *Ausstellen*; II. *intr.* to make full amends or atonement.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to get by churning; to turn to butter; II. *intr.* 1) to finish but-tering; 2) *fam.* to get out of favour (bei, with).
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to compass; to square; *Witz* —, to do every thing by rule.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Aushbütern**.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) bearer (*Zu-hörr* *acc.*); *b*) *Med.* auscultator (one who practices auscultation); 2) *see* **Aushbütern**.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Med.* auscultation, auscultation.

Aushbütern, (*str.*, *pl.* [*u.*] **Aushbütern**) *m.* 1) lawyer's assistant; young lawyer; 2) assessor, judge lateral (*Beisitzer*).

Aushbütern, (*str.*) *adj.* *Med.* auscultatory.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to listen; to attend (*Zuhören*, *Beimhören*); 2) *Med.* to practise auscultation.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Aushbütern**.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to force (a river) from its bed by a mola, to dam out; 2) *T.* to smooth (to hammer out) the rough places in cast iron works.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to evaporate, exhale, to smoke or steam away; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to cease steaming; II. *tr.* to consume by smoking, to smoke out.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to evaporate, to exhale; 2) to expel by smoke; *Sport.* to smoke out, unkenne (a fox) by smoking; 3) to smother (*Stro*), *cf.* **Aushbütern**; 4) to air.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take out the entrails of (an animal, *acc.*), to gut (*Ausweiden*).
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *f.* perseverance, persistence; continuance; endurance, holding out; steadfastness.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to last, to hold out; to persevere; to be steadfast; II. *tr.* to endure, bear; *a-b*, *p. a.* 1) *a*) lasting, persevering; *b*) *Bot.* perennial; 2) *fig.* enduring (patience).

Aushbütern, (*str.*) *adj.* extendible, extensible, distensible, expansible, ductile; dilatable, ex-

pansible; II. *tr.* *W.-f.* (*w.*) *f.* capacity of being expanded, expansibility, expansiveness; extensibility, distensibility, diffusibility.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to stretch (out), extend, expand, dilate; to spread (gold); to distend (a bladder); die *Bürme* dehnt alle Körper aus, heat expands all bodies; 2) *fig.* to extend, stretch (authority, *acc.* to its utmost limits); to protract (one's stay, *acc.*), to lengthen, draw out (a book, *acc.*); to spread, widen, enlarge; II. *refl.* 1) to stretch (as leather, *acc.*), to spread, to expand; die Körper dehnen sich unter dem Einflusse der Wärme aus, bodies expand under the influence of heat; 2) *fig.* to stretch (far away, as a bank, *acc.*), to be spread, *acc.*; to extend, to protract; to take a wide range or sweep; *ausgedehnt*, *p. a.* wide-spreading, extensive; large; vast.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *f.* 1) extension, expansion, dilatation, distention (of the lungs, *acc.*); die — der Luft durch Wärme, the expansion of air by heat; *Med.* — einer *Blutader*, dilatation of a vein; — des *Herzens*, diastole; 2) *a*) extent, spread, stretch; *b*) *Geom.* dimension; (in die Länge) elongation; (in die Breite) broadness; 3) *fig.* *a*) the act of spreading, *acc.*, extension, expansion (of trade, *acc.*); *b*) extent, *acc.*, extensiveness; die — der *Arbeitszeit* in der *Werk* ist bedeutend, the protraction of labour in fair-time is considerable; die *Uhrmacher* wird hier in großer — betrieben, watch-making is carried on here very extensively.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *in comp.* — *frucht*, *f.* — *ermühen*, *n.* expansive force, power of dilatation; — *Wirtung*, *n.* *Swng.* extender, dilator, speculum.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to separate or exclude by means of a dike.

Aushbütern, (*irr.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to find out by meditation, to form (a plan, *acc.*); to strike out by thinking, to bethink one's self of ..., to invent, contrive, devise (means), excogitate, imagine; ich habe mir einen Plan ausgedacht, I have formed or devised a plan of my own; 2) to regard (a thing) in all its parts and bearings; 3) einen Gedanken —, to follow up a thought, an idea; ein nicht ausgedachteter Gedanke, a thought beyond thought; II. *intr.* to be incapable of thinking further or any longer; III. *refl.* to exhaust one's self in or by thinking.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to interpret, explain; (*Geheim*) *id.* to decipher; über —, to put an ill construction, to misinterpret (a thing). [*pretation*: construction.]

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *f.* explanation, interpretation.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make perfectly close, tight; *Mar.* to talk (a ship); 2) *fig.* to contrive, devise, to imagine, to invent.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lay out with boards, to floor (with deals, *acc.*).

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to serve out, to finish (one's time of service); II. *intr.* ausge-dient haben, 1) to have served or to be out of one's time; 2) to become unfit for service or superannuated; *ausgedient*, *p. a.* veteran, long practised or experienced; invalid, superannuated.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to devise, contrive, invent with exaggerated nicety or curiosity.
Aushbütern, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Aushbütern**; 2) to let (lodgings, *acc.*).

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* (*N. G.*) to cleanse (a dike) of mud, *acc.*

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark out the course of (a dike) by peeling the sods.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *impers.* to cease or have done thundering.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* to counter-sink, *see* **Einsinken**, 1, 2, *b*.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to drift (a hole).
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to

dry up, parch, scorch; 2) to waste away, pine away; to grow lean.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dry or burn up, to parch, scorch; 2) *T.* to season (boards, *acc.*). [*drängen*.]

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to force out (*Her-* **Aushbütern**); (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to hollow out by turning on a lathe; *b*) *Tim-m.* to deepen, beat in; 2) *fig.* to elaborate, to adorn artificially.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to wring or wrest out (of the hand, *acc.*); 2) *see* **Aushbütern**; 3) to put out (the gas, *acc.*) by turning, to turn off; II. *refl.* *fig.* to shift off, to use shifts. [*side-tool*.]

Aushbütern, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* side-tool, in- **Aushbütern**, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a*) to thrash out; to beat out; *b*) to obtain or gain (a certain quantity of grain, *acc.*) by thrashing; 2) to thrash, beat soundly; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) to cease thrashing.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Aushbütern**.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* *intr.* *acc.* [*sein*] to rush out, *acc.* (*Geräusch*); II. *tr.* to press, to urge out.

Aushbütern, (*str.*, *pl.* **Aushbütern**) *m.* 1) *id.* & *fig.* *a*) expression; *b*) phrase, term, word; 2) language, wording; enunciation; diction; obsolete, antiquated, archaic expression or word, archaism; *pöbelhaft* —, vulgarian; *Kunst-*, technical term; mit —, *Witz* with expression, (*Ital.*) *espressivo*; einem Gedanken *acc.* — geben, to put an idea into words, *acc.*, to shape into utterance; unseren Gedanken den geeigneten — geben, to embody our ideas in appropriate utterance; diese Zeitschrift gab den Gedanken, welche in den Herzen der Jugend auf und ab wogten, bruchstückhaft —, this journal gave voice and embodiment to thoughts rocking the hearts of youth; vergeblich rang er danach, seinen kühnsten Gedanken, scharf abgegrenzt — zu geben, in vain he struggled to get his views into clear conspicuous formulas.

Aushbütern, *adj.* expressible.
Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *obsolescent* (*Lessing*, *Wieland*, *Göthe*, *acc.*) for **Aushbütern**, to express; 2) *Typ-s.* *a*) to express, imprint (a letter, *acc.*) clearly, plainly; *b*) to print (a word) at full length; *c*) to finish printing or the impression of (a sheet, *acc.*); to work off (the form).

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to press out; to squeeze out (moisture, *acc.*); *b*) to wring (clothes, *acc.* in washing, *acc.*); *c*) *Werk-* **Aushbütern**; 2) to extinguish (the flame of a torch, *acc.*) by pressing it (against ...); 3) *fig.* *a*) to express; to utter; to word; er brüht sich deutlich aus, he conveys his sense or meaning in plain words; *b*) to be expressive of ..., to convey; dieser Ausdruck brüht Alles aus, worauf wir Nachdruck legen möchten, this dictum expresses (conveys, embodies, *acc.*) all that we would enforce; *a-b*, *p. a.* (*etwas*) expressive (*off*).

Aushbütern, *adj.* express, explicit; positive, categorical, decided, strict (orders, *acc.*); intended, intentional, designed, purposed; der *a-b* *Beispiel*, injunction; II. *adv.* expressly, *acc.*; er hat mir — befohlen, he enjoined it on me in so many words; III. *W.-f.* (*w.*) *f.* explicitness, expressiveness, strictness.

Aushbütern, (*in comp.* — *faß*, *f.* expressiveness; — *leer*, — *los*, *adj.* void or destitute of expression, unmeaning (face, *acc.*), vacant (look, *acc.*); — *voll*, *adj.* expressive; ein — volles Auge, an eloquent eye; — *weise*, *f.* manner of expressing one's self; phraseology.

Aushbütern, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) pressing, *acc.*; expression.

Aushbütern, (*str.*, *pl.* [*u.*] **Aushbütern**) *m.* 1) the act of thrashing out (*cf.* **Aushbütern**);

Ausfertiger, (str.) m. dispatcher, dispenser.

Ausfertigung, (w.) f. 1) dispatch, expedition; 2) the (act of) issuing, making known; 3) drawing up, execution (of a deed); 4) portioning of a child; **Ausfertigen, v. p.** fees for drawing up a deed; **Ausfert, m.** date of a dispatch; **Ausfertiger, n.** bureau, office.

Ausfetten, (w.) v. tr. to take the fat or grease out of, to scour (wool); **Dy.** to ungrease (Tsh.).

Ausfencheln, (w.) v. tr. to dry out.

Ausfencheln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to warm thoroughly, to heat in every part, &c.; 2) **Coop.** to burn out; **II. intr.** 1) to cease firing; 2) **coll.** to kick (of horses). [**wedges.**]

Ausfencheln, (w.) v. tr. **Min.** to fill up with **Ausfencheln, (w.) v. tr.** 1) to furnish or to stuff with felt (hair); 2) **coll.** to check, chide, rebuke, **anal.** to ring (one) a peal, to jobe.

Ausfindbar, adj. what can be found out, discoverable.

Ausfinden, (str.) v. tr. **see** **Ausfindig machen.** **Ausfindig, adj.** (**used exclusively with machen:**) — **machen**, 1) to find out, make out, seek out, to discover, **coll.** to smell out, hunt out; — **machen**, **wie ein Schiffs segelt**, to find (out) the trim of a vessel; 2) **cine** **Grube — machen**, **Min.** to renovate a mine.

Ausfindlich, adj. **see** **Ausfindbar.**

Ausfinden, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to fish out; 2) to empty by fishing; 3) **fig.** to find out by cunning; **II. intr.** **ausgefischt haben**, to have done fishing.

Ausfindern, (w.) v. intr. 1) to cease to flare; 2) (**aux.** **fin**) to go out flaring.

Ausfindern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to clean by means of a flame; 2) **Gumm.** to scale (a cannon).

Ausfindern, (w.) v. intr. (**aux.** **fin**) to flutter out; to go out fluttering; **lit. & fig.** to flutter abroad.

Ausfinden, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to unplug, untwist; 2) to line with wickerwork; **II. refl.** to extricate or disentangle one's self (**von, from**).

Ausfinden, . . . in comp. — **essen**, — **messen**, **n. Tawn.** fleshing iron, fleshing knife, head-knife.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. **Tawn.** to flesh (out); **cine** **ausgefischte Grube**, an arrant knave.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to mend, patch, botch, piece, to vamp up; to cobble. **Ausfinden, (w.) v. intr.** (**aux.** **fin**) 1) to take wing; **fly out**; to leave the nest; 2) **fig.** a) to leave home for the first time; b) to make a trip or excursion; c) to escape, bolt, run away. [**for** **Ausfinden.**]

Ausfinden, (str.) v. intr. (**aux.** **fin**) **I. w.** **Ausfinden, (str.) v. intr.** (**aux.** **fin**) 1) to flow out or off; to issue out from, to emanate; to discharge itself; to be poured out; to leak (of casks); 2) to cease to flow; **bad —**, **n. s. (str.) n.** the (act of) flowing out, &c. (**Ausfinden**) issuing, efflux; emanation, &c., flow (of the sap, &c.).

Ausfindern, (w.) v. intr. **see** **Ausfindern.** **Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr.** 1) to rid of fleas; 2) **fig.** **vulg.** to fleece, **see** **Ausfindeln.**

Ausfinden, (w.) v. I. tr. to curse; **II. intr.** to cease cursing, swearing.

Ausfinden, (str.) pl. **Ausfinden** **f.** 1) **see** **Ausfinden**; 2) **fig.** evasion, escape, shift, subterfuge, loophole, prevarication, **coll.** fetch, back-door; **cine** **bloße —**, a thin pretext; **cine** **decke, lerre, falsche, lahm —**, a miserable, shuffling, paltry, empty, lame excuse or plea; **coll.** a sham-excuse, a blank come-off; **Ausfinden** **machen** or **suchen**, to shuffle, shift, prevaricate; to flinch; **vulg.** dodge; to turn tail; **er weiß immer eine —**, **proverb.** he always finds a hole to creep out at.

Ausfinden, (str.) pl. **Ausfinden** **m.** 1) the (act

of) flying out, &c. **cf.** **Ausfinden**; flight; 2) a) the (first) flight of young birds after fledging; b) a brood of fledglings; 3) a) excursion, trip, tour, jaunt, ramble; **cine — (auf das Land ic.) machen**, to make an excursion, to take a trip (into the country, &c.); b) **fig.** (first) setting out, coming abroad; 4) a) entrance, egress (in the bee-hive); b) pigeon-hole.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. I. tr. to make known by whispering; **II. intr.** to cease whispering.

Ausfinden, I. s. (str., pl. **Ausfinden** **m.** 1) a) the (act of) flowing out, &c. **cf.** **Ausfinden**; effluence, efflux; outrun, discharge (of water, &c.); education; b) the matter discharged, secretion (of an ulcer, &c.); 2) a) mouth, ostium; b) outgate, passage, outlet; spout (of a gutter); c) sluice, (—**loch**, **n.**) gully-hole; 3) **fig.** emanation; ein unmittelbarer — **sein von . . .**, to flow directly from . . . ; **II. in comp.** **T. s.** — **loch**, **n.** 1) gully-hole; 2) running-hole; — **öffnung**, **f.** aperture (of a pipe); — **rohr**, **m.** delivery-pipe; — **rohr**, **f.** jet-pipe.

Ausfinden, (w.) f. the (act of) flowing or streaming out or off; outrun, discharge, &c. **cf.** **Ausfinden.**

Ausfinden, (w.) v. intr. (**aux.** **fin**) to flow or stream out.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. intr. to leave off foaling.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to deliver (up): **Geld —**, to hand over money; — **lassen**, to deliver up; **Comm. v. Ballen — lassen**, to transfer bales. — **Ausfinden**, **m.** bill of delivery. **Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr.** to quiz, make a fool of (one).

Ausfinden, (str.) m. challenger; defier.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to challenge (**Ger. ausfinden**); to defy, provoke; **Trumpf —**, **Gumm.** to play trump, to trump out.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) **†**, **see** **Bewerksstellen**; 2) **Min.** to get out up (from a shaft).

Ausfinden, (w.) f. challenge; defiance; **Ausfinden**, **m.** a written challenge.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to form (a thing) in all its parts; to execute in perfection.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) to inquire after; to seek, search, explore, investigate, spy, to find out, trace out, sift out; **coll.** to fish or hunt out; 2) to sound (one), **coll.** to pump (one), to bolt or draw (one) out; **ihz** **molst** **midz** —, you come to feel me.

Ausfinden, (w.) f. the (act of) inquiring, &c.; exploration, **see** **Ausfinden**; **Ausfinden**, **f.** **Met.** method of investigation.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. (**pr.** — **fürzshen**), (**w.**) **v. I. tr.** to strip (a country) by excessive foraging; **II. intr.** to forage excessively.

Ausfinden, (w.) f. freight out or outwards, outward-freight.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to question, examine, interrogate, to query, **coll.** to pump out, **cf.** **Ausfinden**; 2) to find out by inquiring; **II. refl.** to tire one's self by questioning. [**ing**, pumping, &c.]

Ausfinden, (w.) f. **coll.** much question. **Ausfinden, (w.) v. I. tr.** to fringe; **II. refl.** **see** **Ausfinden.**

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. **Tawn.** &c. to beat (a border), to curl, to crisp; **verticell —**, to countersink; **der** **ausgefächte Rand**, **Ausfinden**, (**w.) f.** beaded border, curling, crisping.

Ausfinden, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) (**of animals**) to eat up or out all the food, to empty (as a trough) by eating; 2) **fig.** to consume, ruin, impoverish, waste; 3) to corrode, to hollow; 4) **etwas —**, **vulg.** to be guilty of some misdeed; **ausgefressen**, **p. a. Bot.** eaten through; **II. refl.** (**of animals**) to fatten by feeding.

Ausfinden, (str.) v. I. intr. (**aux.** **fin**) 1) to freeze the roughly or to the bottom; 2) to lose in goodness of quality by the frost; — **lassen**, or **II. tr.** to condense or increase the

strength of (beer, &c.) by congealing the watery particles.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. **Sport.** 1) **cine** **Sund —**, to purge a dog; 2) **cine** **Schöte —**, to renovate the channels in the barrel of a rifle (**cf.** **Ausfinden**).

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to beat soundly (with the flat side of a sword); to give a sound thrashing.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. **Mas.** to fill up, flush, point (the joints).

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. to find out by the touch or feeling; **fig.** to feel (out), to sound, pump.

Ausfinden, s. (w.) f. export, exportation: — **und Einfuhr**, export and import; **in comp.** — **artikel**, **m. pl.** export goods, exports, exportable goods or articles: — **deklaration**, **f.** cockpit, bill of lading; — **ausfuhr**, **m.** export or outward trade, active commerce; — **prämie**, **f.** bounty; (**auf** **wieder ausgeführte Güter**) **draw-back**; — **ausfuhr**, **m. sss** — **deklaration**; — **verbot**, **n.** prohibition of exportation; — **ausfuhr**, **pl. sss** — **artikel**; — **ausfuhr**, **m.** duty on exportation; export-duty: — **ausfuhrfähig**, **adj.** liable to export-duty.

Ausfinden, I. adj. 1) exportable; 2) feasible, practicable, performable, achievable, effectible; **II. w. f.** practicability, feasibility.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) to lead out; to give an airing; 2) **Comm.** to export (goods); to send abroad, ship off (a superfluous population, &c.); 3) **T.** to clean (a pond); 4) **Med.** to evacuate, purge; 5) **fig.** a) to perform, realize, do, finish, execute, accomplish, to carry through, out, on, or into effect, proceed with; to prosecute; b) to fill up (an outline) completely; c) to construct, to work out (cine **Gedanken**, an ideal; **cine** **Auftrag** —, **Comm.** to effect, carry out an order; **genau nach Befehl** —, to fulfill to the letter; **cine** **Charakter** —, to draw a character; **cine** **Schilderung** **weiter** —, to amplify a description; **cine** **Matrie** —, to follow up, to deduce, to elucidate a subject; **cine** **Entschluß** **nicht** —, to fall back from a resolution; **ich** **kann** **es** **nicht** —, I cannot carry it through, accomplish it, afford it.

Ausfinden, (str.) m. 1) exporter; 2) a) accomplisher, &c.; b) **T.** finishing workman (**Ausfuhrer**).

Ausfinden [**gener.** pronounced **Ausfuhr** **tsch**], **I. adj.** large, ample, full, detailed, complete; prolix; copious: a-c **Ausfinden**, **Comm.** particulars, ample information, full advice; **II. adv.** largely, &c.; at large, in detail, at full length, fully; **III. w. f.** 1) fullness, &c., completeness; prolixity; 2) exact or detailed account.

Ausfinden, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) leading out, &c. **cf.** **Ausfinden**; 2) **Med.** evacuation; excretion; 3) performance, execution, achievement; **fortschritt** —, elaboration; 4) deduction; written evidence; in — **bringen**, to put or bring into practice or execution, **see** **Ausfinden**; **Ausfuhr**, **m. sss**, **Anal.** excretory duct; **Meck-s.** **Ausfuhr**, **f.** education-valve; **Ausfuhr**, **f.** education-pipe; **Ausfuhr**, **m.** telegram announcing that an order, &c. is executed.

Ausfinden, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to fill up, to fill (out), to stuff; to plug (a tooth); **der** **ausgefüllte Schanzkorb**, gabion; **hier** **war** **cine** **stehendes Gewässer** **ausgefüllt**, here, a piece of stagnant water was to be filled in; b) **cine** **Gedanke** **ic.** —, to fill up (out) a blank-form, &c.; c) **Typ.** to prick in; 2) to empty, draw off; 3) **fig.** **Jemandes Stelle** —, to fill one's place (with success, &c.), to supply one's place; a-b, **p. a.** expletive; a-b **Ausfuhr**, **Ellen**, **Gramm.** expletives; a-b **Ausfuhr**, **Mus.** ritornello; **bad —**, **v. s. (str.) n.** **see** **Ausfuhr**.

lung: das — der Fugen mit Mörtel, Mas. re-
jointing.

Aus'füllung, (w.) *f.* the (act of) filling. *acc.*, see **Ausfüllen**; **Auspartikel, f.** expletive particle; **Aus'ruhe, f., Ausruf, n.** expletive.
Aus'funken, (w.) *v. intr.* 1) to cease to glimmer or sparkle; 2) (*aux. sein*) to glimmer out, forth.

Ausfüttern, (w.) v. *tr.* to line (clothes);
mit Pelz —, to fur; ein Loch —, to line a hole
with metal, &c.

Hus'fättern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fodder up, to feed, fatten; 2) to empty by feeding; 3)

Ausfütterung, (w.) *f.* Mar. (des Brat-
spills) whelps of the windlass; — der Etüd-
pforten, half-ports.

Ginnahme, (*m./f.* 1) the act of giving
out, *acc.*; delivery, distribution (of letters);
emission (of paper-money, &c.); issue (of bank-
notes, shares, &c.) 3) publication, issue, edi-
tion (of a book); new-, re-issue; 5) the (action
of) spending; expense, expenditure; disburse-
ment; 4) publication; — und Ginnahme treffen
machen, *coll.* to make both ends meet; große
W-n machen, to spend a great deal of money;
zu W-n sein, to be at great expense; in — bringen, *Comm.*
to disburse; to charge; die — ist eben so groß
wie die Ginnahme, the expenses balance the
receipts; nie laß deine W-n deine Mittel über-
steigen, never allow your expenses to exceed
your means; — Sätze, *p.* receipts, vouchers
— Buch, m. cashbook; Rechnung, *f.* account,
item of expenses; —rechnung, *f.* statement of
expenditure; —verzeichnis, m. list of ex-
penditure. [9] to cease raining.

Aus'gessen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to gape out.
Aus'gähnen, (w.) v. *intr.* to have done yawning.

Wu's'gären, (str.) v. I. *infr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to rise by fermentation; 2) to ferment sufficiently; eß hat ausgegären, it has done fermenting; II. *fr. T.* to weld (pieces of steel).
Wu's'gallen, (w.) v. *fr.* to take out the gall from.

Ausgang, (str., pl. Ausgänge) m. 1) a) the
(act of) going out. *Ac. of.* **Ausgehen;** outgoing; **aus-**
exit, aggression, egress; departure; der Herr-
schäfte treten und Eingang (b. h. beinern
gängen Lebenswandels (Ps. 121. 8), the Loror-
preserve thy going out and thy coming in
(i. e. thy whole course of life); b) the going
out (of a house), walking out, walk; einen
machern, to go out, to take a walk, a turn as
airing; 2) - der Baaen, exportation (of
goods); 3) *fig.* a) close, conclusion, end of
issue, event; result, col. upshot; der - cinen-
Edenplices, the final event, catastrophe; der
gut - good success; einen (guten, glücklichen
-nehmen, to turn out, terminate (well, badly
ac.); 4) (N-ort) passage, outlet, outgate
issue, vent, egress, mouth (of a lane, harbour
ac.); der Fluß hat drei Ausgänge, the river
branches into three forks; 5) ending, termin-
ation of a word; 6) *Typ.* end of a break
forks; 7) *Theol.* procession (of the Holy Ghost)

Wine-gangs ..., *in comp.*—column, *f.* Type end-page not perfectly filled, tail:—faucet *m.* export-trade;—flap, *f.* Mach. exit-valve;—education-valve; governor;—pferte, *f.* gate;—out-let;—punkt, *m.* *fig.* point of departure;—starting-point:—rohr, *n.*—röhre, *f.* education-pipe;—discharge, discharge-pipe, delivery-pipe;—very-pipe, outlet-pipe:—rind, *n.* *Mus.* anal-plate;—waare, *f.* exports:—zell, *m.* duty on exportation. export duties. —to ferment

Äus'gåfthen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease to froth
Äus'gåten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to weed, root up
 grub (up); 2) to clear of weeds. — **Äus'gåte**

Wus'gatteru, (w.) v. tr. coll. to find out
discover; anal. to ferret out; to smell out

Ausgearbeitet, p. a. (well)-laboured, elaborate, &c. cf. Ausarbeiten.

Aus'gebäude, (str.) n. see Ausban, Erker-
fenster. [small money, change.

ausgeben, (*adv.*, *pl.* [*u.*]) **U**-geben) *v.*
ausgeben, (*adv.*, *v.* I. *tr.* a) to give
 out, to issue; to distribute, deal out, dis-
 pense, dispose of; deliver (letters); to put or
 send into circulation, to emit (as notes, bills
 of credit, &c.), to issue (money, said of a
 government, of banks, &c.), to utter (coin or
 notes); *b*) *Gam.* to deal (cards); *c*) to spread,
 spend, expend, disburse, pay out or away,
 to lay out (money): *meist* — als man einmündig
 wird, to live beyond one's income or means; *nicht*
meist — als x., to live within one's income
 or means; *9*) to marry, endow (a daughter);
 3) (*with* *fltr.*) to pass or palm off, give out
 (as or for), to report (as), cf. III. *refl.* *aus* *Verkauf*
 —, to begin the sale of a book: *das Festungs-*
wort —, to give the parole.

II. *intr.* 1) to yield, produce, bear; *dic Ernte hat viel ausgegeben*, the crop has proved very heavy; 2) *Sport. a)* to sound (as a hunting horn); *b)* see *Anschlagen*, II. 2, *d*.

III. *ref.* 1) to exhaust one's means by expenses, to spend one's money, *coll.* to run out of cash; *fig* aufgegeben haben, to be out of money (or pocket); 2) *fig* - *für* ..., to set one's self up as, to set up or to pass one's self for, to counterfeit, personate (an assumed character, &c.), to make one's self out, or to pretend to be; to pass one's self off for

Ausgeber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who gives out, distributor, dispenser, &c., *see* **Ausgeben**; utterer (of base coin, &c.); 2) *Law & Comm.* constituent; 3) steward; larderer, yeoman of the pantry.

Hins'geberin, (w.) f. stewardess, house-keeper, cateress, larderer, housewife.

Ausgebot, (*adv.*) *n.* 1) the first bidding (in public sales); 2) price at which a thing is put up in public sales; 3) advertisement for sale; 4) *see* Angebot.

Aus'gebräuchen, (w.) r. fr. to exhaust by using, to consume, spend.

Entgebur, (w.) f. sg. 1) birth, production; 2) abortion; seltsame menschliche Entgebur, strange issues of human birth.

Aus'gebirge, (str.) n. reserve, condition
Aus'gebirger, (str.) m. seller of an estate.
 farm, house, &c., having reserved to himself
 (cf. **Ausdingen** v.) lodgings, &c.

Aus'gesäumt, see Abgesäumt.
Aus'gehen, (irr.) v. L. instr. (aux. sein) 1.

a) to go; b) *Min.* (in *Tag* -) to crop (out); *das H.-e* (v. a.) *cines Ganges*, the out-crop, crop, basset, or head of a lode; c) to go abroad, to be exported (of goods); *bei Fremden aus-* und *eingehen*, to frequent, visit often *coll.-s.* to have the run of somebody's house; to keep company with; 2) to proceed (*gener.* *Ag. J.*): a) to issue; *Edikt geht von der Sonne aus*, light issues, proceeds from the sun; *weisen Mittelpunkt -*, to radiate from ...; *weisen out, start* (from a certain point, act.); *Edikt geht von dem Grundsatz aus*, *das ...* I act (go) upon the principle that ... *das Gesetz geht davon aus*, *das ...*, the law sets forth in its preamble that ... b) to emanate (von, from) originate (with); in *Druck - lassen*, to edit; to publish; *ein Rundschreiben - lassen*, to issue a circular; 3) to fall or come out, &c., see *Ausfallen*, I. 6; 4) to end, terminate, issue (into a point, &c.); 5) a) to come or go out (as a stain): to go out (as a fire, &c.); *das Edikt ging aus*, the candle went out or was extinguished; *will das Gespräch -* *ja* (*Göthe*), if conversation begins to flag, ... b) to fade: *diefe Farbe wird -*, this colour will not stand or keep, will fade; c) to be effaced (of writings, &c.); to be spent, to fail; to cease

to exist: die Lebensmittel gingen aus, we fell short of provisions: die Kräfte gingen ihm aus, his strength failed or gave out: der Athem, das Geld, die Geduld u. geht mir aus, I am out of breath, money, patience, &c.: ausgegangen sein, to be all sold (off) (of goods): der Artikel war mir ausgegangen, I ran short with this article, I was cleared out of this article: 7) to end, come to an end, terminate, expire (as a certain time): to grow extinct: 8) to die away (of trees): 9) to be verified, fulfilled (of dreams): Träume gehen seither aus, dreams seldom come true: 10) *Bak.* to ferment (of dough): 11) to project, stand out, bulge out: einen Beschluß — lassen, to issue, set forth (an order): auf (with Acc.) —, to have in view, to aim at, to be bent on: Sport, to follow the trace of game (without dogs): auf Raub —, to go plundering, to go on prey: to prowl (of wild beasts): auf eine Unternehmung —, to go on an expedition: auf Entfernenraub —, to go on the highway: auf Bettel —, to go a begging: sie gingen auf einen Berberben aus, they plotted my ruin: auf einen Biß —, to strain at a wit: wenn ich darauf anginge, ihm zu gefallen, if I laid myself out to please him: fern —, to get nothing: frei —, to get off scot-free: 1. to pay nothing; 2. to come or get off clear or unpunished: es geht alles über mich aus, fig. every thing comes upon me: *Comme-à-à-de* Stadt, outward freight: a-*des* Gewicht, delivery weight.

II. tr. 1) *see* *Austrufen*, 1; 2) to find out:
a) *Sport.* to start (game); b) *Min.* to search
(veins of ore); 3) to measure by steps.

III. *ref.* to take sufficient bodily exercise:
a-b, pp. & *adj.* salient (angle); v. s. n. bas
H-de eines Flöges, *Nin.* outcrop, basset.

Und'g'the..., in comp. coll. —*anjung*, m., —*fachen*, f. pl. out-of-door attire, out-door garments, *anal.* walking things: —*tag*, m. day out (of a servant, on which he [or she] has per-

mission to go out). [ing; II. tr. to slaver out.
 Und'geifern, (w.) v. I. intr. to cease slaver-

Aus'geigen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to cease fiddling; II. *tr.* to play to the end (a piece) on a violin.

Hus'geipen, (str.) v. tr. to scourge soundly
Hus'geizen, (w.) v. tr. to sucker (tobacco
plants, maize, &c.).

Wu's *gleißen*, I. *adj.* extravagant, exuberant (spirits); wanton, rompish, romping (girl, &c.). frolicsome; petulant, ungovernable: unrestrained, wild, unbridled, unruly: II. 實-*heit*, (*n.*) *f.* extravagance, exuberance; excessive hilarity or joy, frolicsomeness; wantonness; petulance, unruliness.

Ans'geleiten, (w.) v. tr. to accompany, attend, see out of a place.

Uns *grünacht*, adj. settled, fixed, plain, perfect, decided, certain, unquestionable, undeniable: ein *a* *Sad*t, a matter of course: ein *a* *Wahrheit*, truism; ein *a* *Feind*, a professed enemy: ein *a* *Coquette*, a thorough-paced coquette: ein *a* *Herr* *werben*, to start out a glaring fool: *a* *Herrren*, stark (*coll.* blessed) fools: ein *a* *Schurk*, an arrant rogue or knave, a confirmed rascal: ein *a* *Schwindler*, a notorious swindler.

Kus'genommen, I. p. a. obsolescent (Tack, cf. Weigand) exceptional (in a good sense), excellent: II. pp. (with Acc., which genre precedes) except, excepted, excepting: barring ... exclusive (of), save: but: der Bürgermeister ..., excepting the burgomaster: Unglücksfälle ..., pflegt ein Güterwagen zwölf Jahre auszuhalten, barring accidents, a luggage-truck will last about twelve years.

Aus'gerben, (w.) v. fr. 1) to tan, curry sufficiently, fully; 2) coll. to curry (one's hide), i. e. to beat (one) soundly (**Ausgeröckeln**).

Ausgeschnitten, *p. a.* 1) *a)* cut out, *Ac. cf.* **Ausgeschnitten**; *b)* (of female dresses) low-bosomed, low; 2) *Bat* notched, scalloped, creamed.

Ausgeralten, (*w.*) *v. tr. gener. fig.* to develop fully or fully, to mature, to bring to perfection.

Ausgeräth, *adj.* 1) exquisite, choice; *Comm.* of prime quality, picked; 2) signal (vengance, *Ac.*); — artig, elaborately courteous.

Ausgeräthet, *I. p. a.* 1) distinguished, eminent, signal; excellent, superior; illustrious, conspicuous, egregious; 2) (*l. u. in an* *Ä. some*) egregious, arrogant (liar, rogue, *Ac.*); im höchsten Grade —, supreme; transcendent; II. *Adj.*, (*w.*) *f. (l. u.)* excellence, superiority.

Ausgiebig, *adj.* *see* Ergiebig.
Ausgießen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to pour out, to let out, empty, effuse, diffuse, shed; *cf.* **Ausgießen**; 2) to put out with water; 3) to fill up (with lead); *cin* (mit Blei etc.) ausgegossen *Eis*, a loaded cane; *seinen Horn über Jemand* —, to vent one's anger upon one.

Ausgießen, (*w.*) *f. I.* the (act of) pouring out, *Ac.*, effusion; *Archaeol.* libation; 2) *Theol.* effusion or descent (of the Holy Ghost).

Ausgießen, (*w.*) *f. Mar.* going (of a sail).
Ausgießen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Gard.* to lop (bäume, trees).

Ausgießen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill with plaster, **Ausgießen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *see* **Ausgießen**.
Ausgießen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smooth (out); to take out by smoothing.

Ausgleich, (*str.*) *m.* adjustment, agreement, settlement; arrangement; *Ac. cf.* **Ausgleichung**.

Ausgleichbar, *adj.* compensable.
Ausgleich, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a)* to even, equalize, level; *b)* *Mind.* die Gleichförmigkeit —, to rise the plumbets for coining; 2) *Comm.* to balance, to adjust; to make up, to clear (an account, a debt), to strike (a balance); 3) to compensate, to make up (a difference, a deficiency, *Ac.*), to adjust, arrange, accommodate, reconcile, redeem; alle Verbindungen mit Jemand ausgeglichen haben, to be upon the square with one; *semit* ich meine Rechnung — stellen, balancing thereby my account; *semit* ich dieses Geschäft ausgeglichen habe, balancing this transaction in (your) conformity; II. *ref.* to come to an agreement or settlement, to square or balance accounts; *des* — der Wände, *Mos.* smooth plastering the inner or partition walls.

Ausgleich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mind.* controller; 2) *Mech.* compensator; compensation.

Ausgleichung, (*w.*) *f. I.* balance, settlement, clearing (of draughts), compensation, liquidation; 3) adjustment (of differences, *Ac.*), accommodation; arrangement; *jur* — dieses Gegenstandes, for (the) closing (of) this transaction; *jur* — dieses Postens, as payment for (or in full of) this item; *jur* völligen — inferrt Rechnung, in full of all demands; 3) *Typ.* pagination; *W.-Bz.*, *m.* *Comm.* counter-vailing-duty.

Ausgleichsage, (*w.*) *f.* adjusting scales, adjusting balance.

Ausgleiten, (*str.*), **Ausgleiten**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to slide, slip, trip; to miss a step, to miss one's footing, to lose footing; *er* glitt aus, his foot slipped.

Ausglücken, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to glimmer, glow to the end; 2) (*aus. sein*) to go out gradually, to expire with a glimmer.

Ausglücken, (*str.*) *n.* T. glowing-tool.

Ausglücken, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to heat thoroughly; *Metalle* —, to anneal (*coll. neal*) metals; II. *intr.* to glow to the end, to cool gradually.

Ausglücken, (*str.*) *m.* annealer of metals; *Mind.* boiler, blancher.

Ausglückung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) glowing out, *Ac. cf.* **Ausglücken**; *Mind.* ignition.

Ausgraben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dig out (of, *aus*); to excavate (ruins, *Ac.*); 2) to dig, delve (a wall); to cut out; 3) to disinter, to untomb, unbury, exhumate (a corpse); 4) *Sport.* to unearth, dig (a badger, a fox).

Ausgraben, (*str.*) *m.* digger out, *Ac.*; *ex-*
Ausgraben, (*w.*) *f. I.* the (act of) digging up, *Ac.*, effusion; excavation (of ruins, *Ac.*); 2) burning the teeth (of old horses, in order to pass them off for younger).

Ausgraben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weed out; to mow partially.

Ausgraben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bone (a fish), to pick out the bones.

Ausgreifen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to take, pick out; 2) to handle; II. *intr.* to stride out (of horses).

Ausgriff, (*str.*) *m.* Sport stride (of a horse).

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Ausgraben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weed out; to mow partially.

Ausgreifen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to take, pick out; 2) to handle; II. *intr.* to stride out (of horses).

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stand, sustain, to abide; to bear up under or against; *cin* Belagerung —, to stand, sustain a siege; *Mar.* einen Sturm —, to weather (out) a storm; *cin* Sturm vor Jemand —, to ride out a storm; *die Probe* —, to stand the proof or test, to stand out, to abide the touch; *er* kann den Vergleich mit seinem Bruder —, he will bear to be compared with his brother; *er* kann es nicht —, he cannot stand it; *es* ist nicht zum — (*s. a.*) or nicht auszuhalten, it is beyond bearing, beyond endurance, *Ac.*; *es* ist mit ihm nicht auszuhalten, there is no bearing with him; II. *intr.* to hold out; to stay, last, continue; to persevere, persist, to stand fast; to be firm; to stand the brunt; *Sport.* to keep or lie close; *des* —, *s. a.* (*str.*) *m.* endurance, sufferance, perseverance, *Ac. cf.* above.

Aushalter, (*str.*) *m.*, **Aushaltungsgeld**, (*str.*) *n.* *Mus.* a pause (fermate).

Aushämmern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to beat out with the hammer.

Aushandeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to conclude, strike (a bargain); II. *intr.* to give up business, to retire from business, to shut up shop.

Aushändigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einen etwas) to hand over, to deliver.

Aushänge, (*str.*, pl. **Aushänge**) *m.* 1) placard; 2) — am Gensolbe, show.

Aushängen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to hang out.

Aushängen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to hang out; to display; *cin* Flagge —, to hang out or set up a flag; 2) to unhinge or unhinge (a door, *Ac.*); 3) *fig.* to make a show of; II. *intr.* *fragmentally used* for **Aushängen**, which *see*; *hier hängt nicht viel aus, fig.* coll. no great profit is to be made here or by this.

Aushänge, *in comp.* —bogen, *m.* *Typ.* proof-sheet; —förmig, *n.* 1) sign-board; firm (mit Baarenverzeichniss) shop-bill; 2) *fig.* show.

Aushäuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rake out, to clear with a rake.

Ausharren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to persevere (*sci.* in), to be constant, to stand fast, to hold out.

Aushauen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the act of hewing, cutting out; 2) opening through a wood, avenue, glade; *Gard.* haw-haw.

Aushauchen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (the act of) breathing out; breath, fume, exhalation; 2) (*Aus-* *bach, Ac.*) the expiring breath; last utterance.

Aushauchen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to breathe out or forth; 2) den Geist —, or II. *intr.* to breathe, sigh or gasp out one's last, or one's existence, to expire.

Aushauen, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hew or cut out; 2) to carve, cut out; to cut into figures; to sculpture; in Stein —, to chisel in stone (as a statue, *Ac.*); to engrave (an inscription on stone, brass, *Ac.*); 3) *Druck.* to cut up into pieces (for sale); 4) *a)* to whip, scourge; *b)* *intr.* *see* **Aushauchen**, *intr.* 1; *cin* Baum —, to lop a tree; *Bäume* —, to clear away trees; *cin* Wald —, to thin a wood; *Stöße* —, to grub or root out stumps; *Mine* — *cin* Grube —, to work a mine; *das* ausgebaute Rohlfeld, exhausted coal-mine.

Aushauer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) carver, *Ac.*; 2) T. (hollow) punch; round or flat graver; hewing-chisel.

Aushäuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to skin, uncase (a hare, *Ac.*); 2) to strip or divest of skins or skinny particles.

Aushäuten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to heave off, to lift out, to take out; 2) *Horol.* to lift up, lift (the detents of a clock); *also intr.* to lift the detents, to warn; 3) *a)* *Jewel.* to unset; *b)* to unhinge, to unhang; 4) to draw out (with the crane, siphon); 5) *Wood.* to block out; 6) *fig.* *a)* to pick out, to select; *b)* to levy, raise, draw (men, soldiers); 7) *Typ.* *a)* to shoot, to empty (the stick) into the galley; *b)* to lift out (the form); 8) to dislocate, to disjoint.

Aushäuten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Horol.* lifter, wheel

of the clock-work: 2) *Gard.*, *Ac.* (gardener's) trowel used in taking up plants, trees, &c.

Mus'hörsel, (*str.*, pl. *M-hörsel*) *m.* *Typ.* composing rule, setting rule, roset.

Mus'hörung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) hearing off, &c. *cf.* **Mus'hören**; 2) the (act of) raising soldiers, levying, (compulsory) enrollment; conscription, levy, draft: *M-hörung*, *m.* *Novol.* *lifter*.

Mus'hücheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Hus.* to hatch out: 2) *Ag.* *see* **Dur'hücheln**, 2.

Mus'hüden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (von *Bögen*) to hatch, brood: 2) *Ag.* *coll.* to hatch, contrive, devise, begot, invent, to brew (a plot, &c.).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unclasp, unhook.

Mus'hülen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to heal or cure thoroughly: II. *intr.* (*aux.* *[cin]*) to be healed.

Mus'hülfisch, *adj.* foreign, alien.

Mus'hülftung, (*w.*) *f.* *Law.* requisition.

Mus'hütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clear up (*Muf-heitern*).

Mus'hüthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to warm thoroughly.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to help out, supply, furnish, provide, or sit with, to aid, assist, succour: *Ginru mit Geld* —, to accommodate one with money; *er hilft mir oft aus*, he frequently supplies me.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clear up (*Mufheilen*).

Mus'hümmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to untrig, unskid: (*intr.*) to take away the (drag) chain or trigger.

Mus'hütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Mus'hängen**.

Mus'herrschen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to rule, reign to the end: *sie hatten anseherisch*, their reign was at its end. [*dogs*].

Mus'hüden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hunt out (with **Mus'hücheln**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease dissembling).

Mus'hütern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Mus'hüthen**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease howling.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) first out, blow, &c.

cf. **Mus'hüden**; 2) that which is hewn or cut out: *Min.* piece of refined silver broken off for an assay: —*meißel*, *m.* *T.* hewing-chisel.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Mus'hülfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Jo.* to plane off or away.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease, or to

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hollow, or scoop out; *Corp.*, &c. to dish out; to make hollow, cave, excavate, to delve; to undermine by hollowing (the banks of a river, &c.); *Eng.* to incise; *Wood.* to carve; *Needle-m.* to ridge; to wear ([lawy] stones); *der Länge nach* —, to crease; *Stäulen* —, *Archit.* (canaliculi) to rebate, to channel, chamfer, flute columns; *Wet-tall*, *Holz* —, to groove, to gutter; *ausgehöhlt*, *p. a. Bot.* channelled, canaliculated, striated, sinuated.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) hollowing out, &c.; *Eng.* lowering, deepening: *Gem-sm.* notch, groove (of a breech); excavation; *Frei:* *Archit.* fluting, channel.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to cease to mock or to jeer; II. *tr.* to mock at..., *see* **Ver-hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln & **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to retail.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (*l. u.*) *a)* to draw out, *Mar.* to haul, to run out; *b)* to fetch, draw (breath); 2) *coll.* to examine by artful questions in order to draw out secrets, &c., to sound, pump, &c. (one), *cf.* **Mus'hüfeln**; *cine a-b* *Wemertung*, a fishing observation; II. *intr.* 1) to lift up the arm for striking, flinging, &c.; *er holte mich aus*, he offered to strike me; 2) to run for a leap, &c. *see* *einen Anlauf nehmen*; to take a run (in leaping); *weit* —, *Ag.* to begin far off, to expatiate, to use prolixity.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar-s.* a name for certain ropes: — *der Fünfte*, the spit-sail halliards; — *des Rührers*, the tack of the jib; — *des Rührers*, the top-rope of the jib-

boom: — *des Rührers*, the top-rope of the jib; — *der Schiebbinde*, the bowsprit topsails halliards; — *des Toppers*, the top-rope of the stay-tackles.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Forest.* to thin (a forest): 2) *vulg.* to beat soundly, *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Shoe-m.* to pare or **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to learn by hearkening, listening: 2) *see* **Mus'hüfeln**, 2.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to hear to the end.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *m.* *Tann.* tool for scraping off the hair from the hides.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Mus'hüfeln**; 2) *Min.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**; 3) *Ag.* (*l. u.*) choice, flower (*see* *Renn*, 7); —*meißel*, *m.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) helping out, supply, &c. *see* **Mus'hüfeln**; assistance, accommodation: 2) shift, *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to husk, unhusk, hull, peel (barley, &c.), shell (peas, beans); II. *ref.* to shell (*i. e.* to cast the shell, as nuts in falling, or to be disengaged from the husk, as wheat or rye in reaping, *Wb.*).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to famish, to starve: to subdue by hunger; *ausgehungert*, *p. a.* famished, starved, hunger-bitten; *das ausgehungerte Thier*, a starving (animal).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to blow up, to scold, chide, rebuke, reprimand, abuse.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to cease coughing: II. *tr.* to cough up, to expectorate.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to chase, hunt, force or drive out, to expel; 2) *Mar.* *den Wurfsanker* —, to warp; 3) *Ag.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to leave off hunting; *er hat aufgehört*, he has done hunting, his hunting days are over.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to leave off lamenting: II. *tr.* *seinen Schmerz* —, to give vent to one's sufferings in complaints.

Mus'hüfeln, *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to have done shouting: II. *tr.* to proclaim with a loud, exulting tone, in loud shouts.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unyoke.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease exulting, shouting, or carousing.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease breeding.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cease calving.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *[cin]*) to cool thoroughly.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*, pl. *M-hüfeln*) *m.* wide tooth comb, hair comb.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to comb, comb out; *ausgehämmter Wein*, juice of the grape freed from the stalks.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to cease wrestling, fighting; II. *tr.* to fight out.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *vulg.* to whip soundly, to scourge. [*card.*]

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *f.* *Mech.* finisher, finishing-

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cart out or away; to carry away in a wheel-barrow

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to finish chewing; II. *tr.* 1) to champ up, chew; to draw out, extract by chewing; 2) *Mar.* *das Bier* —, to work out the oakum.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*, pl. *Mus'hüfeln*) *m.* 1) the (act of) buying out, outbidding; 2) redemption-money, ransom.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to buy or purchase out (an establishment); 2) to anticipate or forestall (another purchaser) in buying; to outbid; 3) *Ag.* to use, employ well (occasion, time), to make the most of...; II. *intr.* to cease purchasing.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to finish playing at ninepins; II. *tr.* 1) to play at ninepins for...; 2) *Ref.* *die Röhre* —, to dislocate the fetlock-joint.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Archit.* to channel, chamfer, to flute: *ausgehöhlt*, *p. a.* (*also* *Bot.*) striate, striated. — **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *f.* *Archit.* chamfer, channel (of a column), fluting.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sweep out, to sweep up or clear, to clean by sweeping; 2) *fam.* to brush; *ein Schiff* —, to swab. [*ings.*]

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to provide with wedges; 2) *fam.* to outdo; 3) *Jo.* to take out of the clamps or screws (glazed boards); II. *intr.* & *ref.* to run in a wedge; *Min.* to dwindle, to terminate, end (as veins of ore, &c.).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) (*aux.* *[cin]*) to germinate, sprout, shoot out; 2) to cease germinating; II. *tr.* to clear (potatoes, &c.) of the shoots. [*ings.*]

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lade out, *see* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to press (grapes); to squeeze out or gain by the (wine-)press; II. *intr.* to finish pressing the grapes.

Mus'hüfeln, (*str.*) *v. ref.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) to have knowledge or intelligence of, to know (a thing), to be fully acquainted with..., to see one's way.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to notch, to scallop, indent; *ausgehöhlt*, *Ref.* ornamented or serrated. — **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *f.* notch, serration.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take the kernel out of, to stone; 2) *Ag.* to cull, to pick out, to choose the best from... — **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *f.* the taking the kernel out (of a plum, &c.); annelation, &c.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to form in the shape of a kettle; II. *intr.* *Min.* to fall in and get kettle-shaped (of pits).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to slit into clefs in order to apply coins or wedges.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to beat or hammer out.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to produce feathers or quills (of birds); II. *tr.* to provide with quills.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* 1) to cease bearing children; 2) to give over being a child.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to weigh.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* iron scraper used in stamping-mills for getting off the slag (*Loc.*).

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill up with cement; to cement with mastic, to lute.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to fathom, to measure (a tree) by fathoms or by the cord; II. *intr.* to stretch out both arms.

Mus'hüfeln, *adj.* *Law.* demandable, that may be sued for.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to sue for (something); 2) to pursue or prosecute at law for...; II. *ref.* (*W. v. Humboldt*, *Briefe* 2, 62) to give full vent to one's complaints; III. *intr.* to cease complaining.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clear up; *ausgehöhlt*, *Ref.*, fine flour.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to cease chattering, &c., *cf.* **Mus'hüfeln**; II. *tr.* 1) to drive off (an actor from the stage), to explode, condemn (a play) by clapping the hands; *vulg.* 2) to thrash soundly; 3) to blab out.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pick (out) (with the fingers); to shell (nuts); *Min.* to cull (the ore); 2) *a)* to puzzle out, find out, &c. *see* **Mus'hüfeln**; *b)* to contrive, devise.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to line, to paper, to close by pasting something over: *mit Stroh* —, to fill up with loam, to loam up or over.

Mus'hüfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to undress, undress, to unrobe; *ref.* to undress, to put off one's clothes; 2) to line or cover on the inside, *cf.* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Mus'hüfeln, 2. — **Mus'hüfeln**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) undressing, &c. *cf.* **Mus'hüfeln**.

Austreiben, (w.) v. tr. *Mis.* see **Austreiben**.
Austreiben, (w.) v. tr. to paste on the inside.

Austlimpern, (w.) v. intr. to give over strumming on the piano, to cease strumming.

Austlingen, (w.) v. I. tr. to publish by ringing a bell; II. intr. to cease ringing.

Austlingen, (str.) v. intr. to cease sounding or vibrating, to die on the ear, to die away.

Austlopfen, (str.) pl. *N-böck* m. beating-horse.

Austlopfen, (w.) v. tr. to beat or knock out; to clean by beating; to beat; eine *Lackpfeife* —, to knock out the ashes of a pipe; *Einem das Fell, den Rock* —, coll. to beat one soundly, to dust one's jacket.

Austlögen, (w.) v. tr. to puzzle out, &c. see **Ausgrübeln**.

Austlopfen, (w.) v. tr. see **Auslopfen**.
Austlopfen, (w.) v. tr. to unchain, set free. [thoroughly.]

Austlösen, (w.) v. tr. to knead sufficiently, *Austlösen*, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to wear or hollow out by kneeling; 2) to kneel a certain given time; II. intr. to leave off kneeling.

Austlösen, (w.) v. tr. to gnash out.

Austlösen, (w.) v. tr. to unbutton and take out. [ing.]

Austlösen, (w.) v. intr. to cease growl-
Austlösen, (w.) v. I. tr. to take out of a basket; II. intr. to empty the contents of a basket.

Austlösen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to boil out; 2) to boil sufficiently; 3) to extract, remove (colours, &c.) by boiling; 4) to clean or clear by boiling (linen, pots); to cleanse, scour (silk, &c.); 5) to cook or prepare (cabbages, &c.; also intr.) in order to dispose of them, &c.; II. intr. 1) (aux. *sein*) to boil over or away; 2) *ausgetost haben*, to have done boiling.

Austlösen, (w.) v. tr. *Gum-em*. einen *Gewehrsatz* —, to fire a barrel.

Austlösen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) 1) to come out; to come out (of the shell), to be hatched (of chickens); *Ag-s*. 2) to come out, to get out or abroad, transpire, take vent, get or take wind, to take air, to become known or public (*Speranstommen*); 3) to break (come) out (of fire); 4) a) to have enough; to (be able to) subsist, to have a good, &c. livelihood, *cf. Auskommen*, s.; *auskommen* *suchen*, coll. to try to make both ends meet; — mit, to make do: *W. ich müßte zwei Eichter zu haben*. B. *Reicht es nicht mit einem* —, ... why, can't you make one do; *du wirst wohl mit zwei Eibern* —, you will probably not want more than two pens; *damit komme ich aus*, this suffices me, this is sufficient or will do for me; *damit kann ich nicht* —, I cannot do or manage with so little; *das ist Alles, womit ich zwei Tage lang* — muß, that is all I've got to last me for two days; *er weiß mit seinen Einkünften auskommen*, he manages to live within his income or to make both ends meet; b) to get on, succeed (with one); gut —, to agree, live peaceably; *es ist schwer (or nicht)* mit ihm *auskommen*, he is hard to be dealt with; there is no living, dealing, or getting on with him; *es ist leicht mit ihm auskommen*, he is easy to be dealt with; *ich werde schon mit ihm* —, I shall manage to get on with him; I shall find out how to manage him.

Auskommen, (str.) n. 1) the (act of) coming out, &c., see the verb, *Ag-s*; 2) (*Rechtsunterhalt*) livelihood, competence, subsistence; *er hat ein geringes* —, he has little to depend upon; *sein* — *haben*, to gain one's subsistence, to make earn or gain a livelihood, to make a living; to have wherewithal to live; *sein gutes* — *haben*, to have a good livelihood, to enjoy a competency, to be well off; 3) peaceable intercourse: *mit euch ist kein* —, there

is no getting on, (living, dealing) with you; *cin* — *treffen*, to find out ways and means, to come to an agreement.

Austömmlich, adj. affording subsistence: *ade*, competently, sufficiently.

Austönnen, (str.) v. intr. to be able to get, or go out, *cf. können*. [leash.]

Austöpfeln, (w.) v. tr. to uncouple, un-

Austören, (w.) v. tr. to shake or pick out the grains.

Austören, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to taste thoroughly, *cf. Auskosten*; 2) to find out or select by tasting; 3) to consume by tasting; II. intr. to leave off tasting.

Austöten, (w.) v. tr. see **Austöten**, 2.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. to croak out; II. intr. to leave off croaking.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. see **Auströgen**, 2.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to turn up furrows in (the soil) for the young vines.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. *Archit.* I. tr. to corbel; II. intr. to be corbelled out.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. to announce by crowing; II. intr. to leave off crowing.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. *adv.* to cease blustering, quarrelling. [with the claws.]

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to pull or tear out

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to display, lay out upon a stall, to exhibit, expose (for inspection or sale); 2) to rummage up, out; 3) *Ag.* to display, to make an ostentatious display of ... II. intr. to cease rummaging, searching.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to card (wool) thoroughly, to clean by carding. [sickly.]

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to cease to be

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. & *ref.* *Einem die Seele, sich (Dat.) die Seele* —, to plague a person to death, to plague, vex, fret one's soul out.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to scratch, scrape out; 2) to raise, erase (anything written); 3) *Metall* to draw out (the furnace); II. intr. (aux. *sein*) coll. to run away, *anal.* to claw off or away, to bolt.

Auströgen, (str.) n. *Saddl.* pricking tooth (pl.), pricking iron.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to free from weeds, to weed (a garden, &c.); 2) to take away, remove (weeds), *cf. Ausgräten*.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to clear of craw-fish.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. to shriek out; II. intr. to give over shrieking.

Auströgen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) 1) to creep or crawl forth (out of); 2) (of chickens) to peep out of the shell, to be hatched; *Mar. der Wind kriecht aus und ein*, the wind is variable.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. coll. to get out or off (a coat, &c.); II. intr. to cease waging war, to terminate the war. [erase.]

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to scratch out; to

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. see **Auströgen**.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. *Bak.* to take the ashes out (of the oven) with the rake.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to crumble, strew about.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to ballot for, to decide or vote by ballot.

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to cool thoroughly.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. (l. u. *Aus-* *suchen*, *Auströgen*) to explore, to find out or discover by close search or examination; to spy (out), to espy, scout; to discover, coll. to ferret out; to reconnoitre, to deccry.

Auströgen, (str.) pl. *Auströgen* f. 1) +, subsistence, see **Auskommen**; 2) information, intelligence, statement; *zu jeder* — *beritt*, ready to answer every inquiry; *man verlangt von uns* —, inquiries are made of us; 3) or *Auströgen*, n. expedient, resource; shift; *Auströgen*, n. office of inquiry.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to contrive or execute with too much skill or art.

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. to cease kissing.

Auströgen, (str.) v. tr. *Mis.* die *Fäden* —, to try old works.

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. to cease smiling.

Auströgen, (w.) v. I. tr. to laugh at, to deride, to make sport with (of) one; II. intr. to cease laughing; III. *ref.* to laugh to one's heart's content: *a-süßlich*, *a-süßlich*, adj. ridiculous.

Auströgen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to unload, unlade, to discharge; 2) *Elect.* to discharge; 3) *Archit.* to make to project, *cf. Auströgen*; 4) *Mis.* to fill up with gobbing (a gallery); *cin Schiff* —, to lighten, disembark, clear a vessel; *cin Gewehr* —, to draw the charge out of a gun; II. intr. 1) to disembark, break bulk, land; 2) *Archit.* to jet or jut out, to project, to be corbelled.

Auströgen, in comp. — *lasten*, pl. costs of landing; — *lohn*, m. tannage, fees for unloading; — *ort*, m. port of discharge; place for unloading, landing-place, wharf, quay.

Auströgen, (str.) m. 1) unloader, lighter-man; 2) *Elect.* discharger (*Entlader*); — *lohn*, m. see **Auströgen**.

Auströgen, (str.) n. see **Auströgen**.

Auströgen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) unloading, &c., discharging of ballast; 2) a) *Archit.* (*beim Gefälle* &c.) projection, projecting part; *die Stütze* —, gain; *die Stütze* —, the gutting out; b) *Corp.* (*eines Rappens*) shoulder; (*profilirt* — *einer Stufe*) moulded nosing (*Harleket*).

Auströgen, (w.) f. 1) *Fenc.* (advanced) position of the body, posture of defence; 2) a) show-window; b) stall, bench for sale; 3) *Comm.* a) the (act of) laying out: cost, disbursement; b) outlay (incurred), money disbursed; previous payment; advanced money expense, expenditure; *W-n*, pl. advances, disbursements: *die* — *wieder erstatten*, to reimburse; *es lohnt die* — *nicht*, it does not quit cost; — *nutzt*, — *nutzt*, f. account of disbursement.

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) *lit.* to lie out a certain time, see **Auströgen**.

Auströgen, (str.) pl. *Auströgen* n. foreign country; *im W-c*, abroad; *Waren dem W-c*, foreign commodities; *Briefe in das* —, letters for abroad, letters addressed to a foreign country; *bis in das fernste* —, to the most distant countries; *ins* — *gehen*, to go abroad; *Pflichten gegen das* —, international duties; *W-sucht*, f. see **Auströgen**.

Auströgen, (w.) v. tr. to disembark.

Auströgen, (str.) m. foreigner, stranger, alien. — **Auströgen**, (w.) f. predilection for foreign things, fashions, language, &c.; affectation of foreign manners, &c.

Auströgen, adj. foreign; alien; outlandish; *Bot.* exotic; *a-er Handel*, foreign trade, outward-trade. [see **Auströgen**, 4.]

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. 1) to suffice; 2) **Auströgen**, (w.) v. tr. to stretch (out), extend. [cease making a noise.]

Auströgen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *haben*) to **Auströgen**, (str.) pl. **Auströgen** m. outlet.

Auströgen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to let out: to discharge, issue, emit; *ein Boot* —, to hoist out a boat; *den Dampf* —, to let off or blow off the steam; 2) *See*. to let out (a coat, &c.), to let down (a tack) (*opp. Einziehen*, 2); 3) to melt (butter, &c.); to strain (honey, &c.); 4) to leave out, omit, skip (over), to pass over or by, to miss; 5) *Ag.* to vent, to give vent to (one's passion), to wreak, break, or visit one's anger, indignation, displeasure, spite, &c. (an *with Dat.*), upon, on; b) to open (one's heart, &c., *gegen*, to); *sein Gebanfen* — or *sich* — *ref.*, to express, utter one's

Auspappen, (w.) v. tr. to line with paste-board. [ward off, send off.]

Auspferren, (w.) v. tr. *Fenc.* to parry, to **Auspfeilen**, (w.) v. tr. *Gam.* to throw first (at dice).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to seek out that which fits or suits; to watch (an opportunity).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. intr. to pass through the gate of a town on leaving it.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *vulg.* to slap soundly.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to drum out; 2) to drub or beat soundly; II. intr. to cease drumming.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *Mün.* to beat small, to clear of dross, to stamp, to bruise.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to sound (den Grund, the bottom).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to whip (out), to scourge, to horsewhip; 2) to expel by whipping: *ich will ihm seinen Eigensinn —, I'll whip his obstinacy out of him.* [shout.]

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *provinc.* to peel.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to beat soundly, to dust a person's jacket.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to set (out) with pales. *Budd.* to pile. — **Auspfeilung**, (w.) f. pile-work.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to detain, seize for debt; 2) to seize the goods of (a person) for debt; — *lassen*, to levy a distress or lodge a detainer against (a person).

Auspfeilen, (str.) m. detainer, seisor.

Auspfeilung, (w.) f. distress, seizure; execution; distraint; *W-diebst.* m. *Low.* distress-warrant.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to take from one parish (and attach to another).

Auspfeilen, (str.) v. I. intr. to cease, or to have done whistling; II. tr. 1) to hiss, to damn, condemn (a play), to drive off the stage (an actor) by hissing or whistling, to hiss off; to call: 2) *Mün.* (den *Wetst.* aus *Spreng-löchern* herauswerfen) to blow.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to unpen.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to pave the inside of (an inclosed place).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to provide (on the inside, &c.) with pegs.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to pluck up, out, or off; to untwist (die *Rabbelgarne* after *Zeue*, old rope).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. tr. to plough up; II. intr. to cease ploughing.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *Mün.* to draw out or off (the low waters).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to pitch the inside of (a oak, &c.); or if *ist ausgepicht*, *joc.* (of a drinker) he is a seasoned oak.

* **Auspfeilen**, m. pl. (*eing.* [Lat.] *Auspilium*) auspices.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to peek out.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to paint or brush all over (on the inside); 2) to office by painting, by a dash of the brush.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to torture, torment, plague, &c. *cf.* **Ausquälen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to burst out or asunder; 2) *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. tr. to blab (out), to let out (a secret); II. refl. to prattle, talk to one's heart's content; III. intr. to have done prattling. — **Auspfeilerer**, (str.) m. blabber, &c.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to empty or strip by pillage or plundering. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to spoil (a country); to spoliolate. — **Auspfeiler**,

Auspfeilen, (w.) f. the (act of) pillaging, ransacking, &c.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to beat (clothes, skins); 2) *fig.* to explode, *cf.* **Auspfeilen** & **Auspfeilen**; 3) *Sport.* to dislodge, untree (martens).

[inside, to burnish up.]

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to polish on the **Auspfeilen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stuff, to pad, quilt on the inside; 2) to provide with stuffed seats, &c. [toben.]

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. intr. & tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *fig.* to trumpet forth, divulge, blazon, to blast abroad, (about), to cry up, sound (one's praise); *sein eigenes Lob —, to trumpet one's own merits, to sound one's own trumpet; seine Beeren —, Comm.* to cry up, to puff one's articles.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Mint.* to coin, stamp; 2) to imprint well, to stamp distinctly; *ein (stark) ausgeprägtes Gesicht, a strongly marked face; ein ausgeprägtes griechisches Gesicht, a decided Greek face.*

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. intr. to leave off boasting or bragging; II. tr. to divulge in a boasting way.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. intr. to cease preaching; II. tr. (I. u.) to divulge from the pulpit, &c.

Auspfeilen, (str.) v. tr. to praise duly.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to press or squeeze out (the moisture, &c., aus, from, *cf.* **Auspfeilen**); b) to press out, to squeeze out, crush out (grapes, &c.); to strain, force, or wring out; 3) *fig.* to extort, to draw (tears, sighs, &c., from one).

Auspfeilen, (w.) f. T. squeezing-machine, squeezer (*Kern.*).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to try thoroughly; to select by trying or proving; *Wein —, to taste wine*; 2) *Mün.* to put in the ingot-mould.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to cudgel soundly, *vulg.* to dust one's coat (jacket), to curry one's coat (hide), to baste.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to strew all over (on the inside) with powder, &c.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to thump (out), to empty by pumping; 2) *Phys.* to exhaust, extract by an air-pump.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to mark the outline of by puncturing, to trace by pricking, to mark out or prick (a pattern for embroidery, &c.). [out (*Ausbläuen*).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *provinc.* to blow

Auspfeilen, (str.) m. 1) articles of dress, dressing; 2) trimming(s), ornaments.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to clean out, to clean, cleanse, or polish on the inside; b) to sponge (a cannon); c) to sweep out (a stove); d) *Point.* to clear the parts of ...; e) *Mawey.* to pick or clean (silk, woollen stuff, cloth); 2) to dress or trim out, to fit up; *Haut.* to iron (an old hat), *cf.* **Auspfeilen**; 3) *Gard.* to prune (trees), disbud; 4) to snuff out (a candle); 5) *coll.* to reprimand, to blow (one) up. — **Auspfeiler**, (str.) m. 1) dresser, &c.; *Letter-found.* trimmer, finisher; 2) *coll.* reprimand, lecture, scolding; *anad.* wipe, set-down.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. intr. to leave off croaking.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. I. tr. (Einem etwas) to torture (something) out of one; II. refl. to cease tormenting one's self. [ing.]

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. intr. to cease smok-

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to dislodge, to change the quarters of (soldiers).

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. to squeeze or crush out.

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. Typ. to impose (die *Columnen*, the columns). [Muscheln.]

Auspfeilen, (w.) v. tr. *see* **Auspfeilen**.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to crase, rase, to scratch out with a knife.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to unframe.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. *Budd.* to drive piles in (the ground). [(cloth, &c.).]

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to pink, slash

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. *Budd.* to emarginate; *ausgerundet*, end-bitten; *ausgerundete Blätter*, *Budd.* emarginated, notched leaves. [see **Austraben**.]

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to spread with tendrils.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. tr. to take out of a knapsack; II. intr. to empty the contents of a knapsack.

Austraben, (w.) v. intr. *see* **Austraben**.

Austraben, (w.) v. intr. to cease to rage; to become calm; to abate (of pain).

Austraben, (w.) v. intr. to cease to rattle.

Austraben, (w.) v. intr. to take sufficient rest.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. tr. to despoil (completely) by robbery, to plunder; II. intr. to cease robbing.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to cease to smoke; 2) (*aus.* *sein*) to evaporate; II. tr. 1) to smoke out (a pipe); 2) *Sport.* to dislodge, untree, unharbour (foxes) by means of smoke.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to perfume, fumigate; 2) to smoke-dry (meat, fish, &c.); 3) a) to expel by smoke; b) *see* **Austraben**, II. 2.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to pluck out, to pull out or off, to tear out; to depilate; *Clack.* *see* **Austraben**.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. *Clack.* to burl; to give the finish to ...

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to remove, take out or away; to clear off (goods at reduced prices); b) to clear (a room), to gut (a house); to empty, evacuate; to cleanse (a sewer, &c.); *flüß* (*Daf.*) die *Dörren* —, to pick one's ears; 2) T. to open (a hole) with a rimer. — **Austraber**, (str.) m. 1) cleanser, &c.; (eines *Küstrits*) nightman; 2) T. rimer; splitting-knife; counterank; wad-hook, worm; picker. [Iara.]

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to rid of caterpillars.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. tr. to hawk (sp), eject or spit by hawking; II. refl. to hawk, hem, to clear one's throat.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to clear with a rake, to rake out.

Austraben, (w.) v. tr. to compute, to calculate, reckon (up), to cast up (ein *Grenpfeil*, a sum). — **Austraber**, (str.) m. calculator, &c. — **Austrabung**, (w.) f. calculation, computation. [rel or litigate.]

Austraben, (w.) v. intr. to cease to quarrel.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. tr. & refl. to stretch (out), distend; II. tr. T. to stretch, to draw out, beat out, *see* **Austraben**.

Austraben, (w.) f. 1) utterance, enunciation; 2) *fig.* evasion, shift, subterfuge, excuse, pretence, *cf.* **Austraben**.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. intr. to finish (one's speech); *lassen Sie mich —, let me speak out, allow me to finish (what I have to say), call* let me (but) say my say; *wenn Sie mich ohne Unterbrechung — lassen wollten*, if you would allow me to finish what I have got to say; II. tr. 1) a) to utter, express; b) to spread abroad, to divulge; 2) (Einem etwas) to dissuade (one) from, to talk (one) out of (a thing); or *ließ es sich* (*Ded.*) nicht —, he was not to be won over; III. refl. 1) *see* **Austraben**; 2) to excuse one's self, to use evasions, &c. *cf.* **Austraben**; 3) *flüß* mit *Einem* —, to explain one's self with a person.

Austraben, (w.) v. I. intr. *impers.* es hat ausgegnet, it has done raining; II. tr. to wash out (of rain).

Ausräube..., *in comp.* —**hölz**, *m.* —**aus-**
den, *m.* **See-m.** polisher, burnisher.

Ausräuben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to rub out,
off, or away; 2) to clean by rubbing; to pol-
ish, burnish; to rub up; 3) **Haft.** to dress,
fit up, form (a hat); *II. intr.* to finish rubbing.

Ausräumen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to suffice, *acc.*
see Hinreichen; 2) *see Auskommen*, 4; *II. tr.* to
issue (dividend-warrants, &c.), *see Ausgeben*.

Ausräumung, (*w.*) *f.* issue, *cf. Ausreichen*,
II. & Ausgabe.

Ausräumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to range out, to
sort out; 2) to unstring.

Ausräumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clean, cleanse
thoroughly; to purify; *Med.* to purge.

Ausräumen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*ausz. sein*) to
set out, to depart; 2) *ausgerückt haben*, to
have done travelling.

Ausräumen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to pull out (the
eyes), to tear out (the hair); to extract, to
draw out (einen Zahn, einen Nagel aus der
Wand, a tooth, a nail from a wall); mit den
Wurzeln —, to uproot, to tear up by the
roots; to pluck up (weeds), to pluck (a
feather); einen Damm —, to break a dam or
dike; *II. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) 1) *fg-s.* to break
loose, to dash or tear off (of horses, &c.); to
decamp, scamper off, run away, escape, to
take to one's heels, *coll.* to cut one's stick;
Med. to desert; 2) to tear, burst; 3) to fail,
to be exhausted (as one's patience). — **Aus-**
räumen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Gard.* instrument, used in
removing rooms; 2) deserter, *str.*; fugitive;
rusage; 3) *Mim.* side-lode going upwards. —
Ausrücken, (*w.*) *f.* (frequent) desertion,
practice of desertion.

Ausrücken, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to
ride out, take a ride, to take the air on horse-
back; to take to horse; *II. tr.* 1) to air (a
horse), to give an airing; 2) einen Raum —,
to ride over a space.

Ausrücken, (*str.*) *m.* out-rider; messenger,
attendant; a mounted gendarm.

Ausrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sprain, to
wrench out or off, to dislocate, disjoint, to
put out of joint; *fig. (Dat.)* das Bein —, to
sprain one's leg; einen Pferde die Schulter —,
to splay a horse. — **Ausrückung**, (*w.*) *f.*
a spraining, &c., sprain, dislocation.

Ausrücken, (*irr.*) *v. I. intr.* (*ausz. sein*)
1) to run out; 2) to start from; 3) (*ausz. haben*)
to cease running; *II. tr.* to knock out
(*fig. (Dat.)* ein Auge etc., one's eye, &c.) by
running against some object.

Ausrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see Ausrotten*.

Ausrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rig, fit out,
equip (a ship). — **Ausrückung**, (*w.*) *f.* the
rigging, &c. (*W-sloßen*, *pl.*) outfit (of a ship).

Ausrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to make
straight; b) *T. Weilen* in einem Gefüge —, to
hammer bruises out of a vessel; 2) a) *Mim.*
to discover (a passage); b) *Sport.* to track
out; ein Bild —, to draw a cover; 3) to fur-
nish the expense of; 4) to do, perform, exe-
cute; effect; eine Hochzeit —, to defray the
expense of a wedding, to give a wedding-
party; eine Taufe —, to give a christening-
party; eine Hochzeit —, to give a dinner- or
supper-party; soll ich Ihre Verhaftung oder
Verhaftung —? shall I do your errand? shall I
deliver your message? einen Gruß —, to
bring compliments from one; viel —, to prove
effectual, to work well; nichts —, to labour
in vain, to prove ineffectual; mit ihm können
Sie nichts —, you cannot do anything with
him; Ihr Brief wird viel bei ihm —, your
letter will do much (will go a great way)
with her; kannst du etwas bei ihm —, can you
prevail upon him? was hast du ausgerichtet?
how have you sped? ich kann hierin nichts —,
I can do no good in it; man kann nichts —,
there is no good to be done; demit ist nichts

ausgerichtet, that will not (won't) do; demit
ist nichts ausgerichtet, that is not sufficient.

Ausrücker, (*str.*) *m.* performer, message-
bearer, provider, &c.; *Law.* executor (of a will).

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Ausrücker, (*str.*) *m.* performer, message-
bearer, provider, &c.; *Law.* executor (of a will).

out, &c.; exclamation; 2) proclamation; 3)
proclamation, bans of marriage, asking in
church, *cf. Aufgebot*; **Ausrücker**, *m.* *Gramm.*
sign or note of admiration or exclamation,
exclamation- or admiring point; **Ausrücker**,
f. public crier's fee; **Ausrücker**, *m.* *Gramm.*
interjection.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *f.* rest, repose.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. intr.* & *refl.* to rest,
repose (sufficiently), to take (a) rest, to rest
one's self; haben Sie (sich) ausgerückt? are
you rested?

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see Auspreisen*

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to churn (butter).

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take out the
wrinkles, to smooth (down), unwrinkle.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pull out, pluck
(out); (einen Vogel etc.) die Federn —, to strip
(a bird) of its feathers; 2) *fg.* to pluck, plun-
der, fleece, bleed.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fit out, equip;
to furnish, accoutre; to arm; to man; 2) *fg.*
to endow. — **Ausrücker**, (*str.*) *m.* after-out
(of a vessel), &c. — **Ausrücker**, (*w.*) *f.* the
(act of) equipping, &c., equipment, equipage,
preparation; *Mar.*, &c. outfit (of an expedi-
tion, &c.). [*glicten*]

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* for Aus-
rücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see Ausdrücken*.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) the (act of) sowing;
2) seed; 3) seed-corn; —**frü**, *m.* hopper.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut out with the
saw; *coll.* to cut out in a rough or clumsy
fashion.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take out of a
sack or pocket; to empty bags or sacks of....

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sow, to seed;
to scatter (seed); 2) *fg.* to disseminate (errors,
false news, &c.).

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *f.* 1) verbal statement;
declaration; deposition (of a witness), evi-
dence; eine gerichtliche — thus, to make depo-
sition, to give one's evidence; rücker —, de-
position upon oath, affidavit; nach seiner —,
according to his statement, from what or
according to what he says; seine — beweisen,
to prove what one says, one's assertion; eine
— anfragen, *Law.* to receive an audit; 2) (or
—**griff**, *m.*) *Gramm.* predicate.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to say, express;
to assert, to state, to declare; gerichtlich —,
to depose, to give evidence; rücker —, to give
evidence upon oath; es ist nicht anzufügen,
it is not to be expressed in words; 2) *Gramm.*
to affirm or predicate (etwas von einer Per-
son or Sache, something of a person or thing);
II. intr. (of remedies, &c.) to cease to be effec-
tual; to take no effect, to be of no avail, *cf.*
Ausrücker, *intr.*

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to saw out; 2) to
fashion or form by sawing; 3) (*also intr.*) to
finish sawing.

Ausrücker, (*str.*) *m.* stater, deponent, wit-
ness; **Ausrücker**, (*str.*) *pl.* **Ausrücker**, *m.* *Gramm.*
a word which affirms or predicates, a verb.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see Ausdrücken*.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smear with oint-
ment on the inside.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to clear of sand;
2) to strew with sand (on the inside, &c.).

Ausrücker, (*str.*) *pl.* **Ausrücker**, *m.* 1) a thing
set or put out, *cf. Aussetzen*; 2) *Med.* leprosy;
scab, rot (of sheep); tetters (of horses); 3)
Comm. a) load (at billiards); b) stake; 4) *Comm.*
show (of articles set out for sale); —**bank**, *f.*
T. spoil-bank, a bank formed by the earth
taken from an excavation.

Ausrücker, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) the (act of) crying

a leper, leper; das Spital für A-er, leper-house, leprosy house or hospital.

Ausf[äubern], (w.) v. tr. 1) to cleanse, to sweep; 2) Gard. to prune, to lop.

Ausf[äutern], (w.) v. tr. Chems. to extract the acidity from ... to desacidify.

Ausf[äugen], (str.) v. (only used of animals, or of immoderate drinking) I. tr. to drink out or up, to swig, to swallow; II. intr. to finish drinking grossly or greedily, to cease to drink.

Ausf[äugen], (str. & w.) v. I. tr. 1) to suck (out); ein Kind - lassen, to let a child suck its fill; 2) Ag. to exhaust; coll. to fleece, bleed, draw, drain; to impoverish; to weaken; bis auf den letzten Seiler -, to drain to the last farthing; einen ganz -, to suck one's marrow, to drain one dry; ein Land -, to eat up a country; II. intr. to cease sucking.

Ausf[äugen], (w.) v. I. tr. to suck sufficiently or the full time; II. intr. to leave off sucking.

Ausf[äuger], (str.) m. 1) Bot. parasitical plant (genus pl.), suckers; 2) Ag. extortioner, oppressor, blood-sucker.

Ausf[äugern], (w.) f. oppression, draining, impoverishing.

Ausf[äumen], (w.) v. I. tr. to ham entirely; II. intr. to finish humming.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to cease blowing.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to scrape or scratch out, to erase; to hollow out by scraping.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. 1) to scrape on the inside with shaving-grass; 2) to take out of a box, to unbox.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. (str.) tr. 1) to complete or perfect (any creation not yet perfect), to finish the creation of ...; to give the finishing touch to; 2) to fulfil, to realize; II. (w.) tr. to turn out, remove (Güterausf[äufeln]).

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Mar. to pierce (a ship) for a given number of guns.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. intr. to have done playing, romping.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. 1) Build. to line with boards; die Decke eines Zimmers -, to lath a ceiling; 2) to take out of the shell, cf. Ausf[äufeln].

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. 1) to shell, peel; blanch (almonds); to decorticate; to bark, unhusk (a tree, &c.); 2) Sport. see Ausf[äufeln], 2, b; 3) vulg. to strip, rob, fleece; 4) Build. see Ausf[äufeln], 1.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. intr. see Ausf[äufeln].

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Forest. to mark (out) or blaze (trees). [apparatus]

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) m. Electr. Tel. silent boards, lathing; cf. Ausf[äufeln], 1.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. reg. 1) to cease to be ashamed; to be lost to all (sense of) shame; 2) sich (Dat.) die Augen -, to be greatly ashamed.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. see Ausf[äufeln].

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) m. retail of liquor.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. T. to cut out.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to rake or scrape out; to dig up; 2) to insult or drive off by scraping with the feet, to scrape (one) down; II. intr. hinten -, coll. to kick, sling out.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. T. to notch, jag. - Ausf[äufeln] or Ausf[äufeln]-Eisen, (str.) n. Saddl., &c. jaggling-iron, pinking-iron.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. [an insolvent debtor].

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Law, to dispossess

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. intr. to look out.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. 1) to throw or scoop out with a shovel; 2) to bale (a boat).

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. intr. to leave off swinging; II. tr. to throw out of a swing.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to cease foaming; 2) to cease raging; II. tr. 1) to throw up or out as froth, foam; 2) Ag. to foam out; to throw out with rage or violence; einen Weifer wider ..., to vent one's bitterness or spleen upon ...

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. tr. 1) Chem., &c. to extract, separate, secrete, secrete; Min. to pick out; die Erde -, to wash the ore; 2) Ag. to separate, sift, expunge; to discard, reject; ich wünschte alles Fremdartige von der Frage ausgef[äufeln], I would have the question cleared of all foreign matter; II. intr. (aux. sein) to withdraw, to secede; to retire (of a partner); to go out (of a committee-member, &c.); cf. Wirtren; der a-be Director, the out-going director; der dritte Theil soll am Schlußf[äufeln] eines jeden Jahres (aus dem Amte v.) -, the third part (of a representative body, &c.) shall go out of office at the expiration of each year; a-be Gefäße, Anat. secretory vessels; ausgef[äufeln], p. a. Med. secretitious.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) f. 1) separation; 2) a withdrawing; 3) Med. secretion.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. intr. to cease shining; II. tr. to outshine. [blumen]

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Cloth. see Ausf[äufeln].

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) m. (l. u.) bellman.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. tr. to chide, scold, abuse, upbraid, reprove, rebuke, to rate; II. intr. to cease scolding.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. 1) to pour out, to fill out; 2) to sell (wine, &c.) by retail, cf. Schenken, to keep a tavern or an alehouse; 3) to give the parting cup.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. I. (str.) 1) Cloth. to give the last shearing to; 2) Carp. to taper (a beam); II. (w.) Mar. to unreeve (a rope).

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. intr. to leave off joking. [frighten away]

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to scare, to

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to scour out; 2) Ag. see Ausf[äufeln]; II. intr. to cease or finish scouring; III. reg. to wear out or off by friction.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to send out or forth (mit Aufträgen, Befehlen, on messages, errands); auf Commando -, to detach.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to shove, push out; einen Tisch -, to draw out a table;

2) Bak. to draw (the bread) out of the oven; 3) Gam. a) to finish, end (a bowling-game); b) province. to play or bowl for (a prize, &c.); es wird ein Schwein ausgef[äufeln], a pig is bowled for; 4) sich (Dat.) den Arm -, to put out one's arm (in bowling, &c.); II. intr. 1) to throw or play first; 2) to cease shoving, bowling, &c.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to furnish with splints; to splint on the inside.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) pl. A-er n. Typ. imposing-board.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to shoot out; 2) to cast out, sort, reject; 3) Mar. to heave out, shoot, discharge (the ballast); 4) Typ. to impose (die Columnen, the columns); 5) einen Ball -, to destroy all the game of a forest; 6) to play for by shooting, to shoot for; 7) to improve or wear out (a gun) by shooting; 8) T. to smooth or polish (the paper in card-manufacturing); II. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to shoot up, to bud, to sprout; 2) Mar. a) to flare (of timbers); das - (v. s.) des Borstfens, the rake of the stem; b) to keep pace with the sun (said of the wind).

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) m. one who shoots (out), &c.; sorter; Papen-m. gatherer. [stone]

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) m. Typ. imposing-board.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. to disembark, unship, land; to discharge, unload; to ship, to export; II. intr. (aux. sein) & reg. to set sail, leave the land or port, to put to sea;

das -, v. s. (str.) n. or Ausf[äufeln], (w.) f. disembarkation, the act of unshipping, &c.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. to describe or depict fully; II. intr. to cease standing sentry.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to clear of bulrushes or reeds. [glimmering]

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. intr. to cease

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. I. tr. to scold, to abuse; II. intr. to leave off scolding.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. tr. vulg. 1) to lay, strip, skin; 2) Ag. to oppress, harass to excess, to fleece (cf. Heranzuf[äufeln]).

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. to unharass, ungear. [out or up; 2) Ag. to blab out]

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. vulg. 1) to lap

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Butch-s. 1) to clear, gut (slaughtered animals); 2) to cut up for sale (such animals). [the drum]

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Min. to clear of

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. intr. to sleep enough or one's fill; to have done sleeping; II. tr. 1) to sleep away; 2) dem Tage die Augen -, to sleep (the) day out of countenance; 3) den Kopf -, to sleep one's self sober.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) pl. Ausf[äufeln] m. 1) a) kick, kicking out (of horses); b) first blow; den - thun, see Ausf[äufeln], I. 2; 2) a) the shooting or budding (of trees), &c. of Ausf[äufeln], v. II. 4; b) Forest. branches growing from the stumps of felled trees: 3) a) the lining (of a carriage, &c.); b) ein - Tapeten, a set of tapestry; 4) seaper's waste; 5) a) Med. a breaking out on the skin, (cutaneous) eruption, efflorescence, (pl.) exanthemata, rash; pimples, pustules, itch, tetter; mit einem - verbrühen, exanthematic; Vul. farcy, furuncle; b) Phys. moisture exuding from fresh-built walls, &c.; 6) lit. & fig. a) bias, turning (of the scale, the water-level, &c.); overweight; einen - haben or geben, to weigh down the scale; b) result, turn, decision, event, issue, success; c) casting-vote; einen Sack (Dat.) den - geben, to decide a business; to turn the scale; das hat mein Entschlußf[äufeln] den - gegeben, that decided me at once; einen Krieg den - geben, to determine the event of a war; er gab den - gegen den König, he turned the scale (auch: the tide) against the king; 7) road or way leading from the high-road into a field; 8) Fenc. border, binding; 9) Min. a) buck-ashes; b) pl. Ausf[äufeln], select ore.

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) n. T. (strap)-prunch piercer; Min. instrument in pounding ore.

Ausf[äufeln], (w.) v. tr. Jewel. to hollow (out).

Ausf[äufeln], (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to beat out, dash out; to knock out; einen Saft den Boden -, to stave a cask; 2) T. to laminate, flatten, to planish (metals); 3) Min. to pound (the ore); 4) T. a) to cut out or stamp (paper, leather, &c.), to jag, notch (the edges); b) to stamp out (the teeth of a saw); 5) a) to line or finish the inside of (any thing); ein Zimmer mit Tapeten -, to hang a room with tapestry; mit Papier -, to paper; 6) see Ausf[äufeln], v. II. 4; 7) Sport-s. a) to untwine, untwist, disentangle; b) to spread (nets and lines); 7) Fenc. to keep off, parry; 8) Gam. den Ball -, to give service, cf. intr. 1; 9) Ag. to refuse, decline, reject.

II. intr. 1) a) to begin to strike; to give the first blow or throw; b) to attack; to begin the quarrel; 2) to kick (nach, at), wince, fling out, to jerk (of horses); 3) a) to cease strike full, to ring out the hour; b) to cease striking; c) to have done singing (of birds); 4) Bak. to bud, to put forth shoots, to sprout, to shoot out or forth, to leaf; 5) a) to effloresce, to give (of walls); die Röhre schlagt an den Wänden aus, the frost crystallizes the walls; b) am Körper -, to break out (into pimples); ausgef[äufeln] sein, to have

eruptions on the skin, to be blown out; 6) to break out in flames; 7) a) to turn, to bias (of the scale); b) to turn out, to turn (to one's advantage, ruin, &c.); 8) to prove: cf. *Ausfallen*, 6; der Adler mit ausgeflogener Zunge, *Herold*. langued eagle: der H-bc or Ausfchläger, (*str.*) m. 1) a) beater-out, &c.; b) workman who separates the dross from the ore; 2) he who gives the first blow; 3) (of a horse) jerker.

Ausfchlagen, v. a. (*str.*) n. 1) the (act of) beating out: planishing, &c.; 2) see *Ausfchlag*, 1; 3) refusal, &c.

Ausfchläger, (*str.*) m. see *Ausfchlagen*, v. *Ausfchlag* ..., in comp. —fäufel, m. *Min.* pounding-hammer; —fieber, n. eruptive fever: —maschine, f. T. punching-machine; —pungst, f. See —rifen; —schuppen, pl. Bot. ramenta, (*Lat.*) ramenta; —schuppig, adj. Bot. ramentaceous; —reiger, m. *Min.* inspector or overseer of the workmen who separate the dross from the metals: H-winkel, m. *Adv.* angle of elongation. [mud.]

Ausfchlämmen, (w.) v. *intr.* to clear of *Ausfchlämpen*, *Ausfchläppen*, (w.) v. *tr.* vulg. to sip up, to lap up. [water-pipe].

Ausfchläschen, (w.) v. *tr.* to cleanse *Ausfchlecken*, (w.) v. *tr.* to lick out greedily.

Ausfchleichen, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to sneak out, about, off; II. *tr.* to search out sneakily.

Ausfchleifen, v. I. (*str.*) *tr.* 1) to grind out, whet out, remove or get out by grinding (notabes); 2) to grind sufficiently; 3) to grind hollow; II. (*w.*) *tr.* to carry or drag out on a sledge; III. *intr.* to finish grinding; IV. *vulg.* to wear out by friction.

Ausfchleimen, (w.) v. *tr.* to clear of slime. *Ausfchleimen*, (w.) v. I. *tr.* see *Ausfchleimen*; II. *intr.* to give over feasting, living a disorderly life.

Ausfchleubern, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to snout out.

Ausfchleutern, (w.) v. *tr.* to ring out.

Ausfchleppen, (w.) v. *tr.* to drag out. *Ausfchleubern*, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to throw (out) with a sling; 2) Einem ein Auge —, to jerk or knock out a person's eye; II. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to swerve from the path or orbit.

Ausfchleutern, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to straighten, beat out, flatten by hammering: *Mint.* to dress.

Ausfchleugegeld, (*str.*, pl. H-gelder) n. gaoler's fee on release from prison.

Ausfchleichen, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to lock, bar, shut out; 2) to loosen, unfetter (a prisoner); 3) *Typ.* to justify; 4) *fig.* a) to exclude, debar (*aus*, from); to except, exempt; b) to excommunicate; II. *vulg.* to seclude, separate one's self, secede; a-b, p. a. exclusive; (remainder a-b) disjunctive: ausgefchlossen, exempt: das —, v. s. (*str.*) n. justification.

Ausfchleisch, adj. exclusive; die Gefellfchaft bestand — aus Männern, the company consisted of men exclusively; with *Gen.* — der Sporteln, exclusive of fees.

Ausfchließung, s. I. (w.) f. 1) a locking out, &c.; 2) a) exclusion; exception: seclusion, privation; b) excommunication; 3) H-en, *Term.* justifiers: II. in comp. H-strift, f. *Law.* term of exclusion; H-gefeß, n. law of exclusion; H-streit, m. the right of exclusion; a-b weife, adv. by way of exclusion; exclusively.

Ausfchlingen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to disentangle; 2) to eat voraciously, to devour.

Ausfchlingern, (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to cease rolling, stamping. [hauling.]

Ausfchlingen, (w.) v. *intr.* *impers.* to cease sobbing; II. *tr.* to sob out. [gulp down.]

Ausfchlingen, (w.) v. *tr.* to swallow or *Ausfchlummern*, (w.) v. *intr.* to slumber enough; to cease slumbering.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*. *Ausfchlupfen*, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to slip (out); to creep forth (out of); *aus* dem Ei —, to break the shell.

Ausfchlupfen, (w.) v. *tr.* to slip up, sup up.

Ausfchlupfen, (*str.*, pl. [I. w.] *Ausfchlupfen*) m. exclusion, exemption; mit — eines Eingingen, except one: —stimme, f. exclusive vote (*opp.* *Wahlstimme*); —weise, adv. by way of exclusion. [finish pining.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease, *Ausfchlumpen*, (w.) v. *tr.* vulg. see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to cease to chide; II. *tr.* to chide, check, scold, reproach.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* *coll.* to empty with smacking one's lips.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to smoke out or to the end; 2) *Sport.* to drive out by smoke; 3) to purify by smoke: II. *intr.* to cease smoking.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to consume by banqueting: II. *intr.* to cease banqueting.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease flattening.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) v. vulg. (for *Auswerfen*, *Ausfchlagen*) I. *tr.* to throw, fling out: II. *intr.* 1) to throw first, to have the first throw; 2) to kick (of horses).

Ausfchlumpen, v. I. (*str.*) *intr.* 1) (*aux.* [ein]) to melt out, run out by melting, dissolve; 2) to cease melting: II. (w. & less correct) *str.* *tr.* 1) to melt; to clear, purify by melting; *Zelt* —, to try tallow: to fuse (ore); to get out, extract by melting.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to knock out with great force, violence, to dash out.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to forge or hammer sufficiently; 2) to stretch by hammering or forging; to beat out; 3) to unfetter.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to smear the inside of; vulg.-s. 2) to copy in a slovenly manner; partially to purloin (another's writings) without acknowledgment, to plagiarize, pirate; 3) to drub, beat, cudgel soundly.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) m. low copyist, plagiarist, compiler, &c. see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* *f. cont.* miserable compilation, plagiarism. [jieren.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease being sulky or sulking.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to run out in stewing: II. *tr.* to extract by stewing.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to decorate, deck out, ornament (as a room, &c.); to adorn, dress (up), trim (up), embellish. — *Ausfchlumpen*, (*str.*) m. decorator. — *Ausfchlumpen*, (w.) v. *f.* decoration, adorning, embellishment, &c.: der Wahrheit, improvement on reality.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to smuggle (out) (*opp.* *Einfchmuggeln*).

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to peek (out): II. *intr.* to cease billing; *fig.* to cease kissing.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to unbuckle, to loose from buckles. [snap off.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to *Ausfchlumpen*, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to drink out, off (dram); II. *intr.* to leave off drinking gin.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease snoring.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) *fig.* (*Lat.*) die Nase or *fig.* (*Acc.*) —, to blow one's nose; 2) (*Geheim*, *Blut*) to bring up by blowing one's nose; II. or *Ausfchlumpen*, (*cf.* *Berschlumpen*) *intr.* 1) to cease to storm, to cease fuming and fretting; 2) a) to respire, recover breath; b) to snort (of horses); cin

pfend — lassen, to let a horse recover its breath, to breathe a horse.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to snuff out (das Licht, the candle); 2) die Nase or *fig.* —, see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen ..., in comp. —fäber, n. pl. cut-paper work; —ellen, n. plinking-iron: —meißel, m. *Join.* carving-gouge; —meißel, n. 1) *Turn.* cutting-(out)-knife; 2) *Mar.* see *Wirtmeißel*.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) a) to cut out; to carve; b) to cut into figures; to jag at the edges; *Thil.* (*Rimel*) to cut hollow or sloping; to hollow; 2) *Vel.* to castrate, see *Berschlumpen*; 3) *Surg.* to cut out or off, to extirpate; 4) *Comm.* to sell (cloth, &c.) by retail; 5) *Gard.* Bäume —, to lop or prune trees; 6) *See*, die Bienenstöck —, to take part of the honey from the hives, see *Zeichen*; die Schafmark aus der Wolle —, to clack wool.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) m. 1) a) cutter out, &c.; b) *Vel.* gelder; 2) retail dry good merchant.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) cutting out, &c.; 2) *Surg.* extirpation, excision: — der (Reibst)tracht, embryotomy.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* *impers.* to cease snowing (*Paul Gerhard* also *para.* [I. w.]: wenn der Winter ausgefchneet, tritt der schöne Sommer ein).

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to prune, to lop (trees); to cut out and fashion (boas or hoppers).

[snap off.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* [ein]) to *Ausfchlumpen*, s. I. (*str.*) m. 1) the (act of) cutting out, &c.; 2) a) anything cut out, cut; b) *Archit.* embrasure, (window-)play, aperture (of a window); c) scallop, slope; neck (of a barber's basin); 3) retail; 4) *Comm.* sector; 5) *Fort.* indent, crenelle (of an embattlement); II. in comp. —handel, m. retail-business or trade, retail; —händler, (*coll.* *Ausfchlumpen*) m. draper, mercer, retailer, retail-shopkeeper; —gewerbe, n., —handlung, f., —laden, m. mercery, retail-shop; —waren, f. pl. retail-goods, dry goods; —warengeschäft, n. dry good business.

Ausfchlumpen, *Ausfchlumpen*, (w.) v. *tr.* to cut out, pink, carve. [out, to nose.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* vulg. to small

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to snuff out, to empty by taking snuff; II. *intr.* to give over taking snuff. [feln.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to unlace.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to scoop (out), bale out, to draw (water); 2) to drain (off), to empty; exhaust.

Ausfchlumpen ..., in comp. —leile, f., —leile m. T. ladle, scoop, scooper.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) m. scooper.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Ausfchlumpen*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to shoot out, sprout. — *Ausfchlumpen*, (*str.*) m. shoot; sucker.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to shell, husk (peas, &c.). [a window, &c.]

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Archit.* to splay

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) m. *Geol.* partition-rock of metallic veins; extremity.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to rub out, scrape out, to erase: die Zabelgerne —, *Mar.* to untwist the ends of the strands: II. *tr.* to make (*Lat.* to scrape) a leg, *cf.* *Strayß*.

Ausfchlumpen, (w.) v. *tr.* to screw out, (*Leifchrauben*) to unscrew.

Ausfchlumpen, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to write out; a) to copy, transcribe; to extract: eine Rechnung —, to draw out or make out an account; *Wechsel* —, to draw bills of exchange; b) to take by literary theft, to plagiarize, to pirate; 2) a) to finish (in writing); b) to write to the bottom of (a page); 3) to write in full

ein Kind —, to expose a child; der Gefahr (Dat.) —, to subject to danger; einen Preis —, to set on, fix a price; Baaren —, Comm. 1. to expose goods for sale; 2. to take (pick) out goods for purchase; die Blätter der Buchschere —, Cloth-m. to adjust the shears (after grading); ausgelegt sein, to lie open (to); das Angelegt, allowance; ausgelegte Schuld, deferred debt, stock; ausgelegte Posten, m. deferred entry.

II. *intr.* 1) *Min.* to appear on the surface, to creep out (Ausgeht, Ausfrischen); 2) to intermit, to pause, stop; to discontinue.

III. *refl.* 1) *Gam.* to take or give the lead (at billiards), to lead: Sie setzen sich aus, you are to lead; 2) (with Dat.) to expose or subject one's self, to lay one's self open or bare (to censure, &c.); sich der Gefahr (Dat.) —, to incur the danger; to run the risk; ausgelegt, p. a. exposed (der Luft (Dat.)), to the atmosphere, &c.; liable, subject (to).

Aussetzen, v. a. (*str.* n. the act of) setting out, &c.: exposure (an die Luft, to the air, &c.); das — von Kindern, exposure of (new-born) children, child-exposure.

Aussetzen, (*str.* m. child exposed.

Aussetzung, (*w.* f. 1) a) the act of setting out, &c., see Aussetzen, v. a.; b) T. anything set or put out, cf. Aussetzung; 2) suspension, adjournment, &c., intermission; 3) exception, blame, censure.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. tr. to utter with a sigh; II. *intr.* 1) to have done sighing; 2) *fig.* to breathe out one's last, i. e. to die.

Aussehen, (*w.* f. 1) view, prospect, vista, perspective; Einem die — benehmen, to obstruct one's sight; die — auf (with Acc.) haben, to command the view over ...; eine freie — haben, open-sighted; mein Fenster hat die — auf in seinen Garten, my window looks into his garden; das Haus hat die — auf den Fluß, the house faces the river, looks over the river, has a prospect over the river; 2) *fig.* view, prospect, opening, expectation (auf (with Acc.)), off; chance; eine schlechte —, a poor chance; günstige und ungünstige A-ten, chances for and against; er hat sehr hübsche A-ten (i. e. cinnel Geld zu erhalten), coll. he has very nice expectations: in — stehen, to hold out a prospect or prospects of ..., to promise, hold out (advantages, &c.).

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. see Aussehen.

Aussehen ..., in comp. —hans, n. belvedere.

Aussehen, (*w.* f. 1) without prospects. —

Aussehen, (*w.* f. 1) without prospects.

Aussehen ..., in comp. —punkt, m. view-

ing-place; —wache, f. look-out watch.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to

trickle (ooze) out.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to sift, to riddle;

2) to remove or to get out by sifting.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* (aux. haben) to

cease being sickly.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. *intr.* 1) (aux. sein) to

boil out; 2) (aux. haben) to cease boiling;

II. tr. to boil out; to purify by seething; to

sear; to blanch (silver). [victory.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* to complete the

Aussehen, (*str.* v. I. tr. 1) to sing out

or through, to sing to the end; das Gedicht,

welches nie zu Ende ist, das Lied, welches nicht

ausgesungen werden kann, the poem that is

never ended; the song that cannot be sung

through; 2) to accompany singing (a corpse

to the grave); 3) to perfect (a voice) by fre-

quent singing; II. *intr.* to leave off, to cease

singing.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. tr. or *refl.* sich (Dat.)

etwas —, to contrive, plan out, devise; to

imagine (a device), to invent, frame (some

accuse, &c.), cf. Ausdenken.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* see Aussehen.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. I. *intr.* to sit out; to

sit on the outside of the house; to cease sit-

ting, to have done hatching (of birds); mit

Baaren —, to keep a stall, stand; II. tr. 1)

to sit out; 2) *fig.* to hatch out; (eine Zeit —,

to sit out one's time (in prison); ausgelegte

Reute, Law, see Ausbäuer.

Aussehen, (*adj.* 1) reconcilable; 2) (l. u.)

expiable. — Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to

reconcile (mit, to, with), to appease; 2) (l. u.)

to expiate, to atone for; sich — mit, to make

one's peace, to make friends, to make it up

(with), to be reconciled with (or to); a-b, p. a.

reconciliatory, expiatory. — Aussehen, (*str.* m. pacifier, reconciler. — Aussehen, (*w.* f. 1) reconciliation, reconciliation; 2) (l. u.) atonement, expiation.

Aussehen, Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to

expose to the sun, to air sufficiently.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to separate,

sort, pick out, to single out, to refuse, re-

ject; 2) *Phys.* see Auscheiden. — Aussehen,

(*w.* f. 1) separation, &c.; 2) *Med.* ex-

cretion, secretion; —-Organ, m. Anal. organ

of secretion, excretory, pl. emunctories.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. see Aussehen.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* to leave off car-

ing, to cease sorrowing; er hat nun ausge-

setzt, his cares or sorrows are now over or

at an end. [sort (out); to match.

Aussehen, Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to spy (out), to

search out, find out, to reconnoitre, espy,

desory. — Aussehen, (*str.* m. spy, emis-

sary. — Aussehen, (*w.* f. the (practices

of) spying, espionage. — Aussehen, (*w.* f. the act of) spying, &c., search.

Aussehen, (*str.* m. 1) baiting-place;

stage, place for changing horses, relay; 2)

a period of two working hours, when the horses

or cattle are unyoked and fed; 3) as much

land as can be ploughed in two hours by a

pair of horses or cattle.

Aussehen, (*str.* n. T. shaving-knife,

head-knife.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. tr. 1) to strain,

stretch (out) (a cord); to extend, distend,

spread (a net, the wings, &c.); T. to tenter

(cloth); to unfold, to straiten; die Segel —,

to set, spread the sails; alle Segel —,

to crowd the sails; 2) a) to slacken, unstring;

b) to unharness, put out (horses), to take out

of the shafts; to unyoke, unteam (oxen);

II. *intr.* to bait, put up, stop.

Aussehen, (*str.* m. 1) one who strains,

stretches out, &c.; 2) Cloth-m. tenter.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to leave (a space)

open, to reserve for subsequent filling out, &c.;

Platz, &c. to leave (certain places in a paint-

ing, &c.) free of (colour, &c.). [ing.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* to leave off jok-

Aussehen, (*w.* v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to

go out for a walk.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to remove from

the warehouse or granary.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. tr. 1) to spit out,

to vomit forth, up, or out, to expectorate;

fig-s. 2) to vomit (flames), to disgorge; 3) to

reject with disdain; vor Einem or über etwas

(Acc.) —, to spit at or towards; to show the

utmost degree of contempt for; Gift und

Galle —, to sputter one's gall; das —, v. s. (*str.* n. or Aussehen, (*w.* f. the act of) spit-

ting out, &c., discharge.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. *Buch.* to skewer.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to empty (by

eating); 2) die Armen —, to distribute pro-

visions to the needy.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to separate the

husks from (corn) by thrashing, winnow-

ing, &c.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to dispense, dis-

tribute; das Abendmahl —, to administer the

sacrament. — Aussehen, (*str.* m. distri-

butor, dispenser; administrator. — Aussehen,

(*w.* f. dispensation, distribution; ad-

ministration.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to distend,

spread out; (die Reine) to stride; mit ausge-

setzten Beinen, astride, astraddle; mit ausge-

setzten Beinen gehen, to straddle, to go

straddling; 2) to shut out (Aussehen).

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to lard copiously;

2) *fig.* to line (a purse) well.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. tr. to play out;

Gam. to lead (a card, trump); to serve out

(the ball); 3) eine Sache —, to play (rattle)

for ...; 3) *Theat.* Mus., &c. to play to the end,

finish (a game); to go through (a part); meine

Rolle ist ausgepielt, *fig.* I have acted my part;

it is over with me; 4) to improve the sound

of (an instrument) by frequent playing on it;

II. *intr.* 1) to play first, to lead, to have the

older (leading) hand; am — (v. s., (*str.* n.))

sein, cf. Auspielen, I. 1 & II.; 2) to finish play-

ing, to have done playing; III. *refl.* sich ausge-

pielt haben, Gam. 1. not to know what to play

next; 1. to have played one's leading cards.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to take out with

a spit.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. I. tr. 1) to spin out;

2) *fig.* to spin out, amplify, enlarge, enrich;

3) to contrive, devise, frame, concoct; II. *intr.*

to have done spinning.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. coll. see Aus-

sehen.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. to spy out.

Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. tr. to make pointed,

to cut to a point; II. *intr.* *Min.* to decrease,

disappear, dwindle away (of a lode, vein, &c.).

Aussehen, Aussehen, (*w.* v. I. tr. to

mock, deride, ridicule; II. *intr.* to cease

mocking, &c.

Aussehen, (*w.* f. derision, mockery.

Aussehen, (*w.* f. 1) (l. u.) utterance,

mention; zur — kommen, to come to be uttered,

expressed, or mentioned; 2) pronunciation,

enunciation, articulation; accent; utterance,

delivery, elocution; —lehrer, m. master of

elocution.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. I. tr. (often *intr.*)

to speak to the end, to speak out, finish (a

sentence); 2) to pronounce, articulate, accent,

sound (distinctly, &c.); 3) *fig.* to pronounce,

pass (a judgment), to utter (forth), speak

out; to express, profess, declare; das Todes-

urtheil über (with Acc.) —, to pass sentence

of death on ...; II. *refl.* 1) to exhaust one's

conversational fund, to talk one's self out,

to have nothing more to say; 2) to express

one's sentiments, to explain one's self; to

open or pour out one's heart; 3) to be ex-

pressed; die Gemeinheit spricht sich in seinem

Gefühle aus, vulgarity is stamped on his

countenance; sich deutlich —, to be explicit.

Aussehen, (*adj.* utterable, expressible.

Aussehen, Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. &

refl. to spread out, *Buch.* to gambrel, skewer;

ausgelegt, p. a. broad-spreading; astride,

astraddle (cf. Aussetzen).

Aussehen, (*w.* v. tr. 1) to blast (with

gunpowder); 2) to sprinkle (water); 3) to put

(a horse) into a gallop; 4) to divulge, spread

(a report), to spread or noise abroad, to give

out, disperse, circulate.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. *intr.* see Ausproffen.

Aussehen, (*str.* v. I. *intr.* 1) (aux.

sein) to spring out (of), to make one's escape

(out of); to fly off, burst out; 2) (aux. haben)

to cease leaping; der Anker springt aus, the

anchor starts; a-b, Gam. & *Port.* salient

(angle, opp. Eingehend); Archit. projecting,

protruding; II. tr. & *refl.* sich (Dat.) etwas

to put out of joint, dislocate by leaping; III *vgl.* to leap or jump one's fill.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spurt, sputter out in small drops.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to spurt, spout, or sputter out, to throw out, squirt; 2) to put out (a fire) by an engine; 3) *a) Anat.* to inject (*f. s.* to fill) the vessels of an animal body with some coloured substance, &c.) by means of a syringe; *b) Surg.* to wash and cleanse (wounds) by injections from a syringe, to syringe; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to spout or sputter forth; *das —, v. s. (str.) n.* or **Ausfprüngen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a spurring out, &c., sudden spurring, discharge, ejection; 2) *Anat. & Surg.* injection.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to spurt, shoot forth: to finish spouting.

Ausfprüngen, *see* **Eröffnen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ausfprüngen**) *m.* 1) a saying, speech; remark, comment; declaration, sentence; 2) decision, judgment, sentence, doom: — *eines Schiedsrichters*, award of an arbitrator, arbitrament; — *der Geschworenen*, verdict; *den — thun*, to give, pass, or pronounce sentence (über *with Acc.*), upon; *sich (Dat.) den — eines Schiedsrichters gefallen lassen*, to stand to (or to abide by) the award.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to sputter forth out; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to bubble up, sputter out; 2) (*aus. haben*) to cease bubbling (out).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to emit (sparks), to cast up, vomit forth (fire, flames); II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to be thrown or cast up; *es prüngen Funken aus*, sparks of fire darted or shot up.

Ausfprung, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ausfprünge**) *m.* 1) the (act of) leaping out, &c. *cf.* **Auspringen**; 2) projecting part, projection; *Winkel*, *m.* *Opt.* angle of reflection.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to spit out, *cf.* **Ausprechen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to cease haunting (said of spectres); *in diesem Hause hat es ausgepfust*, this house is no longer haunted; *es hat ausgepfust in diesem Kopfe*, he has got the better of his (mad) fancies.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to clean, rinse, wash out; 2) to wash (away); 3) to undermine by frequent washing; II. *vgl.* or *sich (Dat.) den Mund —*, to rinse one's mouth.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Epilmaffer**.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ausfprüngen**) *m.* T. 1) scouring-stick; 2) washing-trough.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ausfprüngen**) *m.* T. fulling-trough.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. see* **Ausfprüngen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to track (game); *Ag.* to trace out, spy, track, find out to discover; to hunt out, to ferret; to smell out. — **Ausfprünger**, (*str.*) *m.* tracer-out; emissary, spy. — **Ausfprünger**, (*w.*) *f.* spying.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to dress (out), equip; (*bei Mtl.*) to accoutre; *b)* *coll.* to provide or furnish with; 2) to decorate, to trim (up), to trick or fix out, to rig, dight; to garnish, border, edge, lace (clothes). — **Ausfprünger**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) garnisher, decorator; out-fitter, trimming-maker; 2) *Mar.* rigger. — **Ausfprüngen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) dressing, &c.; 2) equipment; outfit; trimming, garnishing, edging, furbelow.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Carp.* to insert cross-beams in ... to stake (a panel).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to take out of the stable; II. *intr.* to cease stalling.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to stammer out; II. *intr.* to cease stammering.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to stamp out, beat out; to pound; II. *intr.* to leave off stamping.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ausfprüngen**) *m.* 1) the act of striking work, strike (of workmen); 2) arrears; outstanding debt.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* a stock of bees that have outlived the winter.

Ausfprüngen, *adj.* outstanding; in arrears.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. vulg.* 1) to fill with stink, to stink (out); 2) to ferret (out), to rummage, to smell out (**Ausfprüngen**).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to remove from a warehouse.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to leave off starting.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Ausfprüngen**; 2) to endow, portion (out; mit, with ...), marry (a daughter); to establish (a son); to settle; 3) *Books.* to get up (a book); *das Buch ist schön aufgesetzt*, the book is beautifully got up; 4) *Ag.* to supply with, to endow, gift. — **Ausfprünger**, (*str.*) *m.* endower, &c., outfitter.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) endowing, &c., endowment; 2) dotal gift, dowry, portion, dower; endowment, dotation, establishment; ohne —, dowryless; *ein (rme) Mädchen ohne —*, a dowryless girl; 3) *a)* the fitting (of a shop); *b)* *Books.* the getting-up, get-up (of a book); *die — des Werkes ist prächtig*, the work is got up in a most splendid style; 4) *Ag.* the being endowed, gifted.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to beat out the dust, to dust.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. see* **Ausfprüngen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to whip, scourge publicly, to flog at the cart's tail.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dig, prick, cut out; *den Rasen im Garten —*, to take off the green turf of a garden, to peel the earth with a spade; 2) to carve; to engrave; 3) *Mar.* *das Ankertaum —*, to pay out (or away) the cable; *Rick mehr H. aus*, veer more cable; 4) to mark out by pricking or pointing, to prick out, to pierce (lace); *Ag. s.* 5) *coll.* to crack (a bottle), to crush, discuss, to drink or draw out, dispatch, empty; 6) to get the better of, to overtake, distance, outdo, supplant, *ausk. to cut out*, to beat hollow; *Einem die Augen —*, to put out one's eyes.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* *see* **Ausfprüngen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* T. punch.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Ausfprüngen**; 2) to set up, to hang, or put out (**Ausfprüngen**); 3) *a)* to mark or set out (a garden, &c.); *b)* *begin.* to stake out.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to stand out (**Ausfprüngen**); 2) to stand in an open place; mit *Waren —*, to keep a shop or stall; 3) to stand out, to be owing; *ich habe Geld or Schulden —*, I have money or debts owing me; 4) *provenc.* *a)* to change one's service (of servants); *b)* (of workmen) to strike work; II. *tr.* 1) *seine Jahre —, Ag.* to serve one's time; *seine Lehrjahre —*, to serve (out) one's apprenticeship; 2) *Ag.* to suffer, endure; to stand, bear; to go through, undergo, encounter (hardships, sufferings); *a-b, p. s.* standing out; *a-be Gelder*, money lent out; *a-be Schulden*, outstanding debts; *a-be Post*, mail due.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to clear by stealing, to plunder; II. *intr.* to leave off stealing.

Ausfprüngen, *adj.* supportable, bearable.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stiffen; 2) T. to stay, to prop; 3) to line with boards (a wall).

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to step out, get out, alight; to disembark.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to take out the stones; *b)* to take out the kernels of (cherries, &c.); to unkernel; 3) to line, face, mark with stones; to lay the boundary stones of (a field); 3) to take off, to remove the stones from (arable land).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to put out or

forth; *b)* to lay forth (a corpse); 2) to post, plant, set (a watch, sentry, guard); 3) to expose (or set for sale, &c.), lay out, exhibit; *Ag. s.* 4) to give (a receipt, &c.); *cine Ver-fürderung —*, to give a bond, to enter into bond; *d)* *cine Urkunde*, *cine Zeugniss —*, to draw up a deed (document), a certificate; *c)* *Comm.* to draw, give, issue, make out (a check, a bill of exchange); *cine Rechnung —*, to make out an account; 5) *Ag.* to delay, put off, *see* **Ausfprüngen**; 7) 6) (*times an (with Dat.)*) to criticize, censure, find fault with, *see* **Ausfprüngen**; 8; 7) *Sport.* to exclude (a wild bear) from a certain place by net-work.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) exhibitor, &c.; *exp.* exhibitor (of pictures, &c.); 2) *a)* *Comm.* drawer, giver (of a bill); *b)* recogniser, constatable; *c)* one drawing up a document; *d)* undersigner of an affidavit or other written testimony.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) putting out, &c. *cf.* **Ausfprüngen**; 2) *a)* exposure (in the pillory, &c.); *b)* exhibition (of pictures, of products of industry, show of flowers, &c.); — (*cine Reide*) auf dem Paradebett, the lying-in-state; — *des Sacraments*, *Rein. Cath.* the exposing of the host; 3) *Ag.* objection, censure; *H-n machen*, *see* **Ausfprüngen**, 8.

Ausfprüngen, ... *in comp.* — *gebäude*, *n.* exhibition-building; — *local*, *n.* *fest*, *m.* — *zimmer*, *n.* exhibition-room, show-room; — *tag*, *m.* *Comm.* the date of a bill.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. Carp. & Join.* to cut out (marriages, &c.) with the firmer or mortise-chisel, to chisel out.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stamp out; 2) to stamp thoroughly, properly, &c.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to quilt, stitch all over.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to die away or out, to expire, go off, to become extinct; to be extinguished (decelated); *wie ausgepfust*, as quiet (silent) as a grave; *das —, v. s. (str.) n.* (*eines Geschiedenen*) extinction (of a race, &c.).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *f.* endowment, portion, *see* **Ausfprüngen**. — **Ausfprüngen**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to endow, &c., *see* **Ausfprüngen**; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) *Mar.* to steer out a place.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) best produce of a vineyard, choicest wine of the season; 2) *Archit.* jut-window.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to prick out; 2) *Ag.* to jeer, deride (*cf.* **Etzeln**).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to fill up with embroidery; to finish embroidering; II. *intr.* to finish or cease embroidering.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to fly out or off like dust.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to take off (one's) boots; II. *intr. vulg.* for **Ausfprüngen**, to go out.

Ausfprüngen, (*str.*) *m.* place on the bank of a river where beavers, &c. are wont to land.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. intr. see* **Ausfprüngen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr. see* **Ausfprüngen**.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to tune thoroughly; II. *intr.* (*aus. haben*) to finish tuning.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to search out, ferret out; 2) *Sport.* to drive, hunt out; *see* **Ausfprüngen**; to bolt (a rabbit); 3) to dust out.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to root up or out, to grub up; 2) to clear of stabs or stumps; 3) *Sport.* to feed (the whelps).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Thümmel unau-sual*) *cine Stoff —*, to exhaust a subject.

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to utter with a groan; II. *intr.* to cease groaning. ([hidee]).

Ausfprüngen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Thom.* to soften **Ausfprüngen**, (*str.*) *m.* stalling-iron.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. 1) to stuff (chairs, birds, &c.); ausgestopfte Vögel in Glasstöcken, stuffed or mounted birds in glass-cases; 2) *Mas.*, &c. to plug; 3) to fill, to cram (with meat and drink).

Ausf (w.) v. tr. 1) to remove stubble from (a field); 2) *Ag.* to scrape up, pick out, up; to botch up, &c. cf. *Ausammenflicken*.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. to search, rummage, *Ausf* (w.) v. tr. *Ausf* (w.) m. 1) a thrust (outwards); 2) *Penc.* pass; 3) first thrust.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. 1) to push, thrust, throw out; 2) to throw off, to evacuate; 3) *Join.*, &c. to shoot (eine Nut, a joint); 4) *Bak.* to knead for the last time; 5) *Mas.* to smooth (the rough edges); 6) *Gard.* die Beete, die Sandwege —, to trim with a weeding-iron (the edges of flower-beds, gravel-walks, &c.); 7) *Mar.* to set out (die Werfegel, the topalls; *Ag.* s. 8) to turn out, to expel; to oust, turn off or away; to eject, relegate, to ostracize; 9) to utter (wag. rap or rip out: oaths, blasphemies); to throw or sling out (words of contempt); to spatter out, forth; *Echtf* (w.) v. tr. to abuse one, to call one (all manner of names); *wag.* to blow up; böse Widen —, to spatter foul speeches; einen Schrei —, to set up a cry, to yell, scream; einen Seufzer —, to heave a sigh; eine Silbe —, *Gramm.* to elide, cut off a syllable; *Einem* or *fid* (*Dad.*) die Augen —, to knock out a person's or one's eyes; dem Stoffe den Boden —, 1. to knock out or stave a cask; 2. *Ag.* to spoil a thing all at once, to ruin a plan by headlong rashness; II *intr.* 1) to push or thrust first; *Penc.* to make a pass; 2) *Min.* see *Ausgehen*.

Ausf (w.) m. 1) (am Rührichtiger) *Mill.* neg; 2) *Halt.* form.

Ausf (w.) m. *Join.* grooving; **Ausf** (w.) f. 1) the act of thrusting out, &c. cf. *Ausgehen*; 2) expulsion, ejection; evulsion (by judicial process); *Med.* excommunication; 3) utterance; 4) *Med.* ejection, a casting out, discharge; 5) *Gramm.* elision, suppression of a vowel at the end of a word, &c.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. to stammer, stutter out; II *intr.* to cease stammering.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. to beam forth, to emit rays, to radiate; II *tr.* to send out in rays, radiate, emit (light, heat, &c.); *bes* —, v. s. (*str.*) n., or *Ausf* (w.) f. radiation (of heat); irradiation, irradiance.

Ausf (w.) v. tr. 1) to stretch, spread out or forth, to distend, extend; to reach, hold, put out or forth; *fid* —, to stretch, extend, cf. *Ausgehen*; 2) *T.* to hammer out or roll (metal, cf. *Streden*, I. 1, b); *bes* — (v. s.) und *formen* mit allseitiger Anwendung der *Hammer*, drawing down (*Karm.* 191), drawing out (*Frankl.*); *fid* lang —, to sprawl, to loll, to recline at full length, to spread one's self; *Hamel* — mit ausgefiedelter Junge, langued: die ausgefiedelte flache Hand, apauame; a-b *Ausf*, *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

Ausf (w.) m. or *Ausf* (w.) m. *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

Ausf (w.) m. *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

Ausf (w.) m. *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

Ausf (w.) m. *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

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Ausf (w.) m. *Anat.* extensor, tensor.

by shaking; 2) see *Ausprügeln*; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to waddle out.

Auswägen, (w. & *str.* [*cf.* *Auswiegen*]) v. tr. 1) to weigh; to weigh out; 2) to sell by weight or retail.

Auswählen, (w.) v. *refl.* to venture out or *Auswählen*, (w.) f. 1) the act of choosing; choice, selection; 2) a) assortment; b) elite, flower, the best; cine — *irffen*, to make a choice, to pick out; *ohne* —, indiscriminately.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to choose (out), select, cull, to pick or single out, to seek or sort out; to fix on, *cf.* *Ausermählen*; *ausgewählt*, choice, exquisite, select.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to remove (spots, &c.) by felling; 2) to fall thoroughly or sufficiently; 3) *fig.* to drub, thrash, lace, leather.

Auswählen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to set forth on a pilgrimage.

Auswählen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease ruling. *Auswählen*, (w.) v. I. tr. to roll (out) (metals); *ausgewältes* *Leinwand*, milled sheet-lead; II. *intr.* to cease waiting.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to roll out.

Auswählen, (w.) v. *intr.* to go, walk out.

Auswandern, (str.) v. m. emigrate.

Auswandern, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to set out, depart; 2) to emigrate; *der Ausgewanderte*, emigrant; 3) (aux. *haben*) to cease wandering, to finish one's travels; II. tr. to travel over or through (countries).

Auswandern, (w.) f. emigration.

Auswandern, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to walk out tottering.

Auswandern, (w.) v. tr. to winnow, to cleanse by winnowing.

Auswandern, (w.) v. tr. to warm thoroughly; *Metall* to anneal. — *Auswandern*, m. *Glas* — m. loer, annealing-furnace.

Auswandern, (w.) v. tr. to wait to the end.

Auswärtig, *adj.* foreign; outward; abroad; *das a-e Amt*, the foreign office; *Minister der a-en Angelegenheiten*, minister of foreign affairs, foreign secretary; *cine a-er Strieg*, a foreign war; *a-e Staatspapier*, foreign funds; *cine a-er Freund*, a friend, a correspondent abroad; *a-ers Erkenntnis*, judgment (legal opinion) of a foreign (outward) court of justice (or judicial faculty).

Auswärts, *adv.* outwards; from without; abroad; — (*aus dem Hause*) *offen*, *schlafen*, to dine out; to sleep out; *cine Mitteilung von* —, a communication from abroad; — *gehört*, *Herald*, addressed; — *fragen*, to turn out; *Aus-s. das* — *stehende* *Stein*, *der* — *stehende* *Stein*, out-knee, out-ankle; *das* — *stehe* *der* *Haub*, *reputation*; — *stehe* *Aussein* *der* *Haub*, *supination*; — *gieret*, m. abductor.

Auswaschen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to wash, wash out or off, &c. see *Ausspülen*; 1; 2) a) to cleanse by washing, to bathe (a wound); b) *Chem.* to edulcorate (a precipitate); II. *intr.* to cease washing; III. *refl.* to lose the colour by washing; *das* —, v. s. (str.) n. the washing, &c.; *Chem. & Med.* lotion, ablution.

Auswaschen, (w.) v. tr. to water; soak; to freshen, to free from salt by soaking in water; *das* —, v. s. (str.) n., or *Auswaschung*, (w.) f. the act of watering, &c.; *Auswaschungslinie*, f. *Mar.* water-line, load-water-line.

Auswechseln, (str.) m. change, exchange; — *Stett*, n. *Typ.* cancel.

Auswechseln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to exchange, to change; 2) *die Zimmerung* —, *Mis.* to new-line, to tub anew, to change or repair the lining of (a shaft).

Auswechselung, (w.) f. 1) exchange, change; 2) a) *Mis.* mending of old timber-work; b) *Corp.* (der *Beckel*, *Beckelballen*) trimming joist, trimmer (joist); *W-Vertrag*, m. cartel, treaty for the exchange of prisoners.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to fan, put out by fanning.

Auswählen, (str.) m. 1) outlet, way out, outgoing, issue, vent; opening; 2) *fig.* a) (way of) escape, way, expedient, means; b) shift, evasion, subterfuge.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. tr. & *intr.* 1) to blow out (the candle, &c.); 2) a) to raise into the air; to carry, waft away (of the wind); b) to fill with air, to swell; II. *intr.* 1) to cease blowing; 2) to flutter, to fly out, turn in the wind; *cine ausgewählte* *Segel*, a sail blown from the bolt-rope.

Auswählen, (w.) f. *coll.* *Auswählen*, *Wählen*, (w.) f. *Reihe*, &c. turn-out track, turn-out, siding, *cf.* *Auswählplat*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to soak thoroughly; 2) to get out, or to remove by soaking and softening; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to fall out from being soaked.

Auswählen, (str.) v. *intr.* (*gener.* *with* *Dad.* or *vor* (*&* *Dad.*)) 1) to give way, step aside, turn out or aside, to make way for, &c. see *Ausbiegen*, *intr.* 1; 2) *Mus.* to modulate, to change or pass from one key to another; 3) *fig.* to evade, shun, avoid; to elude; to flinch from: *coll.* to shrink, to fight shy of; *listig* —, to shuffle off, to shift off; *cinem* *Stoß* —, *Force*, to break measure; to parry (ward off) a thrust; a-b, p. a. evasive (answers).

Auswählen, (w.) f. *in comp.* *Reise* — s. — *platz*, m. siding or passing place; shunt, turn-out (track), siding; — *gleise*, f. siding rail, turn-out rail, crossing rail; — *gange*, f. switch.

Auswählen, (w.) f. 1) the act of giving way, &c.; 2) *Surg. & Astr.* elongation; 3) *Phys.* see *Abweichung*; 4) *Mus.* modulation, a change or passing from one key to another.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *cine* *Wirt* —, to graze a meadow, to drive cattle on a meadow for grazing; 2) to gut, bowel, embowel, draw, eviscerate, unbowel; to uncase (a hart), to undo (a bear), to break up (a deer).

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to cease weeping; II. tr. to weep out, to utter weeping; *scinen* *Schmerz* —, to alleviate one's pains (grief) with weeping; III. *refl.* to weep one's self out; *sich* (*Dad.*) *die* *Augen* —, to cry one's eyes out.

Auswählen, (str.) m. statement; tenor, purport, contents, substance; argument; proof; voucher; *cf.* *Rechnung* & *Beweis*; *nach* — *der* *Gesetze*, in conformity with the law(s); *der* *jährliche* —, the annual returns (of a bank, &c.).

Auswählen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to order out (of a place, &c.), to order to quit, to expel; to banish, exile; to turn out; 2) *fig.* to show; to prove; to decide; *die* *That* *weist* *es* *aus*, the very deed speaks it, proves it; *wie* *es* *die* *Gesetze* —, according to the tenor of the laws; II. *refl.* to prove; to turn out; *sich* *vor* *Einem* —, to prove one's claim, to legitimize one's self; *das* *wird* *sich* —, we shall see, the end will show or discover it, time will manifest.

Auswählen, (w.) f. 1) the act of turning out; banishment, expulsion; removal; *W-Beckel*, m. order of removal; 2) see *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to whiten, white-wash on the inside.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to widen, enlarge; to stretch (shoes, &c.).

Auswählen, (w.) f. *in comp.* — *eisen*, n. *Horol.* rimer; — *stiel*, n. *Glov.* stretching-stick.

Auswählen, (w.) v. *intr.* see *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. see *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, I. *adv.* outer, outward; outside; II. *adv.* *fig.* —, without book; — *lernen*, to learn by heart, to commit to memory; — *können*, *wissen* &c., to have or know by heart.

Auswählen, (str.) v. *intr.* to leave off courting, enlisting, suing.

Auswählen, (irr.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to end, see *Aus*.

Auswerfen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to throw, cast or fling out; *Wet* *unter* *das* *Hell* —, to throw or scatter money amongst the people; *Mar-s.* to throw overboard, to heave out; *Witter* —, to cast goods (overboard); *den* *Anker* —, to cast or drop anchor, see *Anker*; *cine* *Boot* —, to hoist out a boat; *das* *Wet* —, to heave the lead, to sound; *die* *Boje* —, to stream the buoy; *die* *Angel* — *nach* —, to strike for ...; b) to knock out by throwing a stone or stones; c) to cast out, throw up, expectorate, bring up (slegm, &c.), spit; *durch* *den* *Stuhlgang* —, *Med.* to eject; d) to vomit (fire), disgorge (streams of lava, &c.); 2) a) to geld (a horse); to gut (a hare); b) to clear of mud (a ditch, &c.); 3) a) to reject (bad money, &c.); b) to eject, expel; 4) *Comm.*, &c. *cine* *Summe* —, to draw out, to put aside or set apart a sum; *cine* *Rechnung* —, to draw out an account; *cine* *Geldsorte* *in* *ciner* *Art* —, to reduce one denomination of coin into another (as dollars into pounds sterling, &c.); *cinen* *Posten* —, a) to put (bring) to account; b) (in *die* *Hauptrechnung* bringen) to carry out; *der* *nicht* *ausgeworfene* *Posten*, deferred entry; *Einem* *ein* *Gehalt* (*Salzgehalt*) —, to fix, appoint one a salary; to settle an annuity on one; II. *intr.* 1) a) to throw out, outward; b) *Mem.* to step; c) *Horol.* to oscillate or move regularly; 3) *Geom.*, &c. to throw first, to begin; *wer* *wirft* *aus*? who has the first throw (at dice, &c.)? *das* —, v. s. (str.) n. 1) cast (of the lead), &c.; 2) *Med-s.* a) a (sudden) discharge, ejection; b) expectoration; c) eruption (of the skin).

Auswerfen, (str.) n. *Salt-w.* see *Grabschuss*.

Auswerfen, (w.) v. *intr.* to cease, to leave off thundering, storming.

Auswerfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to whet off or out; b) to hollow or excavate by whetting; 2) to wipe off, away, or out, obliterate (a blot, stain, or spot); to make amends for, repair (a fault); *cinen* *Schimpf* —, to revenge an affront.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to line with wax on the inside; 2) *fig.* to thrash soundly.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to unfold, unwrap, disentangle, extricate; 2) to unswaddle, unswathe (a child); II. *refl.* *fig.* *sich* —, to extricate one's self from ...; to get out of ...

Auswählen, (str.) v. *coll.* for *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to cease moaning, whimpering; II. tr. to moan out.

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to unswathe; 2) see *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to wring out (*Ausdringen*); 2) to draw out with a windlass; 3) (*Einem* *etwas*) to wring or wrest from one; II. *refl.* *fig.* see *Auswählen*, 2. [wimmern]

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* see *Auswählen*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. tr. to winter; II. *intr.* 1) (aux. *sein*) to perish in winter; 2) to pass the winter (at a place); 3) *es* *hat* *ange* *wintert*, the winter is over; *das* —, v. s. (str.) n. or *Auswintern*, (w.) f. 1) the act of wintering, &c.; 2) the passing of a winter without injuries from frost, &c. [(trees)]

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to top, poll, lop

Auswählen, (w.) v. tr. to cast (whip) out of the scales in weighing (gold-coins, &c.), *cf.* *Wippen*.

Auswählen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to work out; b) *T.* to take out (the salt from the pans); 2) see *Auswählen*; 3) *fig.* to effect, procure, get, obtain (bei *Einem*, from one); *den* *Huf* *eines* *Pferdes* —, *Farr.* to pare a horse's hoof; *den* *Leig* —, *Bak.* to knead the dough; *cinen* *Verhaftsbefehl* *gegen* *Jemand* —, to have a warrant served upon one; *cinen* *Pardon* —, to sue out a pardon; II. *intr.* 1) to work, operate sufficiently; 2) to cease working (in general) or weaving, working at the loom.

Auswirren, (w.) v. tr. to untwist, unravel, to disentangle, to do out; T. to sort (wool).
Auswischen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to wipe out; M. to sponge (the guns); to blot out, to efface; 2) col. (Einem etwas) to punish one, to take revenge upon by giving by-wipes.

Auswittern, (w.) v. I. tr. (aux. sein) 1) to get decomposed by exposure to the air; 2) to season (as timber); — lassen, see II. 1, b; 3) to expose to the action of the air; 4) to cease thundering and lightening; II. tr. 1) a) to decompose, to air; to weather; b) to season (timber); 2) Sport. & Jag. to smell, hunt out, to get scent of; III. refl. to swarm round the hive (of bees). — **Ausw**itterung, (w.) f. decomposition, &c.; — en, pl. Min. vapors promoting decomposition.

Auswischen, (w.) v. tr. to leave off playing the wit, punning, bantering.

Auswitzen, (w.) v. tr. to make witty, cunning; ein auschwitzter Bursche, a crafty, cunning fellow or knave.

Auswölben, (w.) v. tr. Archit. to vault, arch on the inside. — **Ausw**ölbung, (w.) f. vault, arch-roof; vaulting.

Auswölken, (w.) v. I. tr. Poes. to cloud; II. refl. to clear up. [out, &c.]

Auswollen, (irr.) v. tr. to wish (to go)
Auswuchern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spread out luxuriantly (of plants); 2) to leave off practising usury.

Auswuchsen [pr. -wüch], (str., pl. Auswüchse) m. 1) the (act of) sprouting, growth, efflorescence; 2) Med. &c. a growing-out (of the shoulders, &c.), excrescence; protuberance, exuberance; wart; tubercle; — der Knochen, exostosis; (Stüdel) hunch, humpback; (of trees, &c.) gnarl, knob.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to grab up; to root; to undermine. [dering.]

Auswundern, (w.) v. refl. to cease wonder.
Auswünschen, (w.) v. refl. to exhaust one's wishes, to cease to wish (for).

Auswurf, (str., pl. Auswürfe) m. 1) a) the (act of) throwing out, &c. cf. Auswerfen; b) eruption (of a volcano); 2) Gam. first throw, cast; 3) Mech. heaving, oscillation, vibration; 4) Med. &c. a) the (act of) casting out, throwing up, spitting, &c., expectoration; haben Sie einen solchen? — do you expectorate easily? b) spittle, saliva ejected; c) excretion; d) egestion, excrement, dung; 5) Low, flootam, jeteam; 6) Priv. waste-paper; — Segen, m. waste-sheet; 7) Jag. outcast; refuse, trash, dregs, scum (of the people).

Auswurfeln, (w.) v. I. tr. to cease playing with dice; II. tr. to raffle; play for (a thing) with dice.

Auswurfing, (str., m.) 1) anything thrown out, &c. cf. Auswerfen; eruptive product, rock, &c.; 2) one expelled, outcast.

Auswurf... in comp. — gassen, m. Lock-sm. cramp-iron; — münzen, pl. refuse of coin; perlsche — selbe, f. ardaes silk, ardaesses; — wolle, f. outshot-wool.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to root out, to stub or grub out, to uproot.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. see Ausstoßen.

Auswurfsen (Auswursen), (w.) v. tr. 1) to indent, notch, jag, scallop; Herald. to engrail; ausgegadt, p. a. dented, jagged, notched, denticulate(d), laciniate(d) vandyked (as laces, &c.); das Ausgegadt, see Ausgadtung, 2.
Auswurfsen, (str.) n. Suddl. &c. jagging-iron; purling-iron.

Auswurfsen, (w.) f. 1) indentation; 2) indenture, denticulation, jaggedness; 3) Sport. advancer (of a buck's horn).

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pay down (out, away, or over, Einem, to ...), to issue; 2) to pay off; seine Gläubiger vollständig —, to satisfy one's creditors in full; über ausge-

zahlt werden, to be badly served; from, ich habe ihn ausgezahlt! I paid him out or off for it.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to count out; enumerate; 2) to sell by the number (by retail); einen Geldbestand —, Forst. to tax, appraise the standing trees singly; II. tr. to count to the end; to cease counting, telling.

Auswurfsen, (str.) m. paymaster, cashier, disbursar. [pay-sheet.]

Auswurfsen, (w.) f. payment; W-Biste, f. Auswursen, (w.) v. I. tr. to cease cutting teeth; II. tr. 1) to tooth (a comb); 2) or Auswursen, Auswursen, (w.) v. tr. to indent, jag, scotch; to notch, emarginate.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. I. tr. to scold, rate; II. tr. to leave off scolding.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to draw, tap out; 2) to sell by retail from the barrel (liquor).

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to cease kicking, writhing, sprawling.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to cease loitering or hesitating.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to hedge, furnish with a hedge; to fence in.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to pull, tear, pluck out; to pull about, to tangle.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. I. tr. to finish carousing; II. tr. to empty by drinking; to quaff off.

[2] to tithe (a field).

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to decimate; Auswursen, (w.) v. I. tr. & f. to consume, emaciate, exhaust, drain; II. tr. (aux. sein) & refl. to pine away, languish, waste, to become emaciated, &c.; a-b, p. a. consumptive. [sumption; decline, phthisis.]

Auswurfsen, (w.) f. particular. Med. con-

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to mark out, note out, discriminate; to blaze (trees); Bearren —, Comm. to mark out, ticket, label (goods); die Prima im Manuscript —, Typ. to mark out the prima; 2) to distinguish, signalize; to show respect to ...; 3) to finish a draught or design; II. refl. 1) to be (rendered) conspicuous; 2) f. to distinguish one's self or signalize one's self, to excel.

Auswurfsen, (w.) f. 1) a) the marking out, &c.; b) mark; 2) distinction, respect; eminence; 3) Typ. direction-word, catch-word; a-werth, a-würdig, adj. worthy of distinction.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. see Zreiben.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to plant (vines) in a straight line and at a proper distance from each other.

Auswurfsen, (w.) v. tr. to mature fully.

Auswurfsen, I. adv. out, without; out of doors; abroad; von — her, from without; from (the) outside; von — gleichen, to make a fine show, to have a fine outside; — blicken, 1) to stay out; 2) see Ausbleiben; was — ist, outward, exterior; II. in comp. — blickung, f. For. counterscarp; — bret, n. Crim. slab; — blick, n. 1) outward dam; outer embankment; 2) or — blicksland, n. alluvial land on the outside of an embankment or dike; — blick, m. anything that is outside or on the surface, external object; — ende, n. extremity; — fläche, f. surface, (— fläche einer Mauer, eines Estriches) face, facing; — gegenstand, m. external object; — gestalt, f. outward form; — graben, m. For. avant-fosse; — hafen, m. outport; — linie, f. outer line, outline; pl. f. elements; rudiments; — mauer, f. exterior or outer wall; — mündung, m. outward man; — posten, m. outpost; — röhre, f. outer road; — schen, m. outward appearance; — schlag, m. out-feld; — seite, f. outside; superfluous, surface; outward appearance; externals; exteriors; face; auf der — seite des Blattes wachsen, Bot. extrafoliaceous; — stand, m. see Ausstand; — stehen, adj. standing out; outstanding; — theil, m. (& n.) external part; pl. exteriors; — thür, f. Archit.

antepore; — treppe, f. porren; — weis, n. For. exterior rampart; — wend, f. outer or external wall; — weis, f. Phlos. all objects exterior to us; — wert, n. For. outwork; fence; barbican; pl. outworks, detached pieces; sally-ports; — winkel, m. external angle.

Auswurfsen, I. prep. (gener. with the Gen. [-] some adverbial phrases with the Gen. [-] — beten sein, gehen &c., to be, to go out of the country, abroad, &c.), and sometimes with the Acc. see below, 4) 1) out of; 2) besides, beside, cf. Abgesehen; 3) out of, without, except; — dem Hause, out of doors, abroad; Arbeit — dem Hause, out-door work; — dem Hause arbeiten, to work out; — dem Hause bleiben (wenn man anderwärts eingekerkert ist), to dine out; — Dienst, out of employment; Mit. off duty or service; — Nitrum, out of breath; — (einem) Zweifel, beyond (any) doubt, past doubt; — allem Streit, beyond all or past dispute; noch — ..., in addition to; — der Zeit, out of season; — sich, out of one's senses, out of one's wits, distracted; transported, frantic (vor Freude &c., with joy, &c.)

— sich sein, to be beside one's self; vor Entzücken — sich sein, to be in ecstasies; vor Entsetzen — sich sein, to be frightened out of one's wits; — sich gerathen or kommen, to be driven besides one's self; to become or go distracted; — sich setzen or bringen, to transport, drive (one) beside himself; — Eschuld (Sorgen) sein, to be free from blame (care); — der Geschäftszeit, out of office-hours; — Eschulden, — Gefahr, proud, out of debts, out of danger; — Gebrauch kommen, to become disused; — unterm Bettrich, beyond our reach; 4) sometimes with the Acc. when joined with a verb implying motion; unjustly deemed by Grimm and others to be a grammatical error (compare, however, Hildebrand, in Grimm's WB. V. 1669; the statement of Grimm: "Gibt es nicht hier immer den (richtigen) Kasus." i. e. the Dative, is moreover to be rejected by our passage, at least, in Werther's Leiden: [da ich sie reden hörte] kam ich ganz — mich (cf. of 1775, p. 85); besides the examples of the Acc. given by Grimm & Sanders from our best writers, compare f. i. J. Paul, Fliegbl. 4, 291: ihre nächsten Töne und Buß's ferner hatten ihn betäubt, und — sich und — die Welt gefüllt &c.; — (den) Stand setzen, to disable; — den Schatz der Gelehrte stellen, to outlaw; — Geld setzen, to declare (money, &c.) out of circulation.

II. conj. except, unless; but, save; — daß, except that, save that; — wenn, unless.

III. in comp. — amtlich, adj. unofficial (adv. unofficially); — dem, adv. moreover, besides, above, over and above; in addition (to); — dem daß ..., not to mention that ...; — ehe, adv. antelich; — europäisch, adj. non-European; — gerichtlich, adj. extrajudicial; — gewöhnlich, adj. extraordinary, unusual; — gewöhnliche Arbeit, extra-work; — gewöhnliche Unkosten, extra-charges; — halb, 1) adv. on the outside, abroad; outwardly, externally; 2) prep. (with Gen., rarely with Dat.) without, out of, beyond; — halb der Stadt, without the city; — der Grenzen, beyond the boundaries; — halb der Berufsgeheimlichkeit, extra-professional; — halb des Hauses, out of the house, without doors; — halb des Fensters, outside the window; — erichtlich, adj. extraordinary, remarkable, egregious, surpassing; excessive; cf. — gewöhnlich; not regularly called and appointed by authority (functionary); adv. eminently, exceedingly, &c.; die — erichtlichsten Kriegskosten, contingent expenses of war; das — erichtlich in der Sache, the extraordinary part in the matter; — erichtlichheit, f. the extraordinary character (of a person, &c.); — sinnlich, adj. super-sensual; speculative; —

mailed); —arterie, *f.* buccal artery; —bart, *m.* whiskers; —bärtig, *adj.* whiskered, be-whiskered; —bein, *n.* see —frucht; —biste, *f.* Zool. cheek-pouch; —bohrer, *m.* T. master-tap; plug-tap; —brühe, *f.* Anat. buccal glands; —grübchen, *n.* dimple in the cheeks; —haken, *m.* Join. chop-hook; —haube, *f.* mob-cap; —haken, *m.* cheek-bone, jaw-bone; —leiste, *f.* support, cushion for the cheek (appendage to an easy-chair); —müffel, *m.* buccinator, trumpeter's muscle; —riemen, *m.* Man. crupper; breeching; —schlag, *m.* see —strich; —stein, *m.* T. edge-stone, border-stone; twyer-stone; —strich, *m.* a slap on the cheek, coll. box on the ear; —streif, *m.* lapport, plinner (of a head-dress); —stüte, *n.* pl. T. 1) cheek-piece; 2) breeching (of the bridle); side-wall (of a furnace, &c.); —tafel, *m.* 1) easy-chair; 2) T. side-wall; —tasche, *f.* cheek-pouch (with which some animals are provided, as the marmots); —tuch, *n.* muffler; comforter; —zahn, *m.* cheek-teeth, grinder, mill or molar tooth.

Baden, *v. l.* (*str.*) *intr.* to bake; II. (*irr.*) *tr.* 1) to bake (*also* T. = to dry, to burn, *f. l.* bricks, &c.); 2) *Metall.* to cement; Eisen —, *see* Eismantel; in einer Pfanne —, to fry; Dörr —, to dry fruit; Ziegelfeine —, to burn tiles. **Back**, (*str.*) *m.* baker; —brot, *n.* baker's bread, shop-bread; —brühe, —geheiß, —knecht, *m.* baker's boy, journeyman baker; —bunzen, *n.* a baker's dozen (12); —gewerl or —handwerk, *n.* baker's trade; —kneife, *f.* baker's itch; —messer, *n.* dough-knife; —schabe, *f.* *Entom.* black-beetle, cockroach (*Blatta L.*); —schaber, *m.* Mill. sifter, cleaner (*Tbhl.*); —seid, *m.* tally used between bakers and millers.

Bäck, (*str.*) *m.* see Bader.

Bäcker, (*w.*) *f.* conf. a (bungling, &c. manner of) baking. [*trade* of a baker.

Bäcker, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bake-house, bakery; 2) **Bad**... (*from* Baden), *in comp.* —fisch, *m.* 1) *kohls*, *see* Barfisch; 2) fish for frying; 3) *joc.* green miss; bread-and-butter miss; —fleisch, *n.* meat for baking in a pie; —form, *f.* baking-form; —geist, *m.* one who has his bread (kneaded at home) baked at a baker's; —geiß, *m.* bakage; —gerichtsfreie, *f.* privilege or license for carrying on the business of a baker; —gericht, *n.* see —zug; —haus, *n.* bake-house; —hüte, *f.* heat of a baker's oven; *fig.* any extraordinary or insupportable heat; —holz, *n.* wood for baking, oven-wood; —kuch, *m.* pastry-cook; confectioner; —kuchle, *f.* baking coal, caking coal; —kuch, *n.* hatch, bin; —meister, *m.* 1) master-baker; 2) first or upper cook in court; —maße, *f.* kneading-trough; —ofen, *n.* dried fruit; fruit for drying; —ofen, *m.* baker's oven; baking oven; —ofenstüte, *f.* see —hüte; —ofenstein, *m.* Minor. trachytic conglomerate; —pfanne, *f.* frying pan, baking pan; —röhren, *n.* jaggling iron; —scharr, *f.* rake, scraper; —schnefel, *f.* —schleber, —schleier, *m.* baker's pool; —schüssel, *f.* hatch, bin, baking dish.

Back, (*w.*) *n.* tr. *Mar.* to bowse (the guns).

Bad... (*from* Baden), *in comp.* —spritzel, *n.* *m.* & *pl.* wood-shavings for heating the oven; —stein, *m.* brick; —steinartig, *adj.* brickly; —steinfarbig, *adj.* of the colour of a brick; *Med. & Chem.* laticerious; —steine-mauer, *n.* brick-work; —tag, *m.* baking-day; —trag, *m.* kneading-trough, hatch, brake; —wert, *m.* pastry; —zeug, *m.* baking utensils; —zins, *m.* furnace.

* **Barometrie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Math.* barometry.

Bad, (*str.*, *pl.* Bäder) *m.* 1) *gener.* bath; 2) *spa*; warme Bäder, *therma*, springs or baths of warm water; mineral-waters; *c.* Bader; 3) bathing-room; 4) *Chem.* &c. a) bath (heated sand, ashes, &c.); b) inf —setzen, T. to render fluid (a metal); 5) *Brd.* bad —

der Wiebergeburt (Tit. 3, 5), the washing of regeneration; inf —setzen, to go to a watering-place (or to the spa); Bäder betreiben, to prescribe bathing; proserb-s. Einem ein schlimmes — zubereiten (*iron.*: Einem das — [ge]legen), to prepare something disagreeable for one, to punish severely, *vulg.* to drub, thrash, &c.; bad — austragen müssen, to suffer or pay for (another), *fam.* to pay the piper; das Kind mit dem B-e aufschütten, to throw away or reject the good and the bad together.

Bad... *in comp.* —anfalt, *f.* bathing-place or establishment; —anzug, *m.* bathing-dress or gown; —arzt, *m.* physician of or at a watering-place; —cur, *f.* use of mineral waters; —frau, *f.* bath- or bathing-woman; 2) midwife; —gast, *m.* visitor at a watering-place; bath patient; —geld, *n.* money paid for bathing; —gelegenheit, *f.* bathing-accommodation; —haus, *n.* bathing-lodge, bathing-house, bath; bagnio, stew; —heim, *n.* bathing-shirt; —heut, *m.* T. inferior sort of honey; —hosen, *pl.* bath-drawers; —inhaber, *m.* bath-keeper; —kappe, *f.* bathing-cap, oil-skin cap, oil-case cap; —larren, *m.* —fussche, *f.* bathing-machine; —facht, *m.* a man-servant in a bath; —fayf, *m.* cupping-glass (*Schröpf-fayf*); —franz, *n.* an herb used for preparing medicated baths, *particul.* Riebsüßholz, Rühr-alant &c.; —leben, *n.* manner of living and passing the time at a watering-place; —lohn, *m.* see —geld; —mantel, *m.* bathing-gown; —meister, 1) *see* Bader; 2) overseer of the baths; —mutter, *f.* 1) (*L. u.*) proprietress of a bath; 2) midwife; —ordnung, *f.* (government or police) regulation with respect to the use of the baths at a watering-place; —ort, *m.* watering-place; bathing-place; —platz, *m.* bathing-(swimming)-place; —reise, *f.* journey to a watering-place; —schiff, *n.* floating bath; —schwamm, *m.* common sponge; —stiege, *f.* bathing-place; —stube, *f.* bath-room, bathing-room; —wanne, *f.* bathing-tub; eine schußförmige, pontoffelförmige —wanne, shoe-bath, alipper-bath; —warm, *adj.* of a fit temperature to bathe in; —wärme, *f.* temperature for bathing; —wärmer, *n.* apparatus for warming the water in baths; —wärter, *m.* bath-attendant (—wärterin, *f.* bath-nurse); —zeit, *f.* the season for bathing; the season at a watering-place, bath-season; —zimmer, *n.* bathing-room, bathing-closet, bath closet; —zuber, *m.* see —wanne.

Baden, (*w.*) *v. tr.*, *ref. & intr.* to bathe; in Eßdrän, Blut gebadet, drenched in tears, in blood; sich in Wellen —, *fig.* to wallow in sensual delights; der B-de, bather.

Bader, **Baden**, (*str.*) *m.* Badense, inhabitant of Baden.

Bader, (*str.*) *m.* 1) bagnio keeper, bath keeper; 2) surgeon; cupper; barber; —gehilfe, —gefell, —knecht, *m.* surgeon, cupper or barber's assistant.

Bader, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bathing-establishment; bagnio; 2) cupper's or barber's shop. **Bader**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to carry on the business of a bath proprietor.

Badian, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. badian, Indian anis-seed (aromatic seeds of a tree of the Magnolia-family: *Ulicium anisatum*).

Badisch, *adj.* of or appertaining to the Grand-Duchy of Baden, Baden. [*lamb.*

Bäcken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bleach as a sheep or a **Bäfel**, (*str.*) *m.* coll. *see* Babel, II.

Bäckchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Bäck**, (*str.*) *m.* a kind of veil) 1) a clergyman's band; 2) bavon, bib. [*bark, yelp.*

Bäcken, **Bäcken**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *provinc.* to **Bäff**, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Baffer.

* **Baffetas**, (*m.*) *(Hind.)* Comm. buffetas, buffas (India muslin).

* **Baga**, (*pr.* bāg'āhe), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*)

baggage, luggage; —fahne, *f.* Mil. a flag born before the baggage waggons; —hammer (der Matrosen), *f.* alop-room; —larren, *m.* Mil. baggage-cart or waggon.

* **Bagatelle**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.-Ital.*) trifles, trifling thing. — Bagatell'fing, **Bagatell'sache**, *f.* Law, petty cause or suit. — Bagatell'schulden, *f. pl.* petty or small debts, coll. petties.

Bäger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* (*Widand, cf. Sanders*) to plague, to pestor.

Bagger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one that clears mud or peat, dredger; 2) (*or* —maschine, *f.* dredging machine) dredger; —netz, *n.* drag(not), dredge; —torf, *m.* drag-turf.

Bäger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*orig. L. G.*) to clear out (rivers), to dredge.

Bäger, **Bäger**, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* cross jack (sail) yard; (auf großen Schiffen) cross jack yard; —fegel, *n.* cross jack sail.

Bägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Med.* to foment; to stupe; 2) *Cook.* to roast; 3) to burn (as a charcoal-pile); 4) *Coop.* to warm (wood, staves).

Bägen... (*cf.* Bären), *in comp.* —faffen, *n.* bag stuffed with medicated herbs; —frant, *n.* any plant or herb used in fomentations; —mittel, *n.* *Med.* &c. fomentation, warm lotion, stupe, epithem; —fischen, *n.* see —faffen; —fische, *f.* *see* Gerbstübe.

Bahn, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) pathway, road; b) *fig.* career; 2) course (bei Wettrennen *un.* path; 3) (Eisen-) railway, railroad; die Aktien dieser —, the shares of this line; per —, by railway, per rail; 4) a) face (of a hammer, of an anvil, of a plane), basil (of the iron of a plane); b) *Corp.* feather-edge; 5) a) broaden (of stuff); b) *Ben*, *pl. Mar.* &c. cloths (in a sail); 6) *Min.* groove, channel; 7) *Astr.* orbit; sphere (of a planet); trajectory, track (of a comet, &c.); der — entrückt, disorbed; die — brechen, to beat a path; *fig.* to break the ice, to open or pave the way (*with Dat.*, for...), *cf.* Bahnen; Gewalt und Ungerechtigkeit haben durchweg in der Neuen Welt der Ansehung die — gebrochen, violence and injustice have pioneered colonisation throughout the New World; auf die — bringen, to show (one) the way, to raise, start; — legen, to sweep a foot-path, (*particul. in winter*) to remove the snow from a foot-path, &c., to track a path, &c.

Bahn... *in comp.* *Railw.-s.* —abwärts, *adv.* descending; —aufwärts, *adv.* ascending; —brechen, *p. a.* opening (out) new paths, pioneering; (epochmachend) marking a new epoch; —brechende Arbeit, pioneer-work; —brechende Geister, pioneers; —brecher, *m.* *fig.* pioneer, way maker; —brücke, *f.* *Railw.* viaduct, railway-bridge.

Bahn, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to beat (a path or way), to smooth or clear (the way), make level; (mit Steinen) to pave; 2) *fig.* to pioneer; to facilitate, *cf.* Bahnbrechen; sich (Dat.) einen Weg —, to make, work, cut, or carve out one's way; Einem den Weg — zu, to put one on the way for, to remove obstacles; er bahnte sich den Weg mitten durch die Feinde, he made his way through the enemy; sich —, to become passable.

Bahn... *in comp.* cine —fahrtr benutzen, to take a train; —geleise, *n.* line of rails; —hammer, *m.* goldsmith's hammer; —hebel, *m.* kind of cooper's plane; —hebeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to plane (the head of a cask); —hof, *m.* station; terminus; Comm. ab —hof N., from the N. station; —hof(e)inspector, *m.* station-master; —hof(e)restauration, *f.* refreshment-rooms of a station.

Bahnig, *adj.* T. flat, evenly).

Bahn... *in comp.* —führer, *m.* the formation (road-bed and superstructure) of a railway, permanent way; —länge, *f.* extension (length) of the line.

Bahnlos, *adj.* pathless, trackless.

Bahn... *in comp.* *Railw.-s.* —profil, *n.*

profile or section; —*räumer*, *m.* sweeper (attached to locomotives); —*schienen*, *f. pl.* rails; —*schlepper*, *m.* *Min.* face-hammer; —*stollen*, *m.* tunnel; —*streife*, *f.* —*stüd*, *n.* section; —*wärter* (*provinc.* —*wart*), *m.* signal-man, flag-man, line-keeper, watchman of the line; —*zug*, *m.* (railway) train.

Bah're, (*w.*) *f.* barrow, litter: *T.* strainer, colander; bier, hearse. [*bier*]

Bah'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lift, place upon a *Bah'rüd*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'rüd*) *n.* hearse-cloth. [*mittel*]

Bah'ung, (*w.*) *f.* fomentation, *sc.* *Bäh'r* *Bai*, (*w.*) *f.* *Geogr.* bay; die kleine —, cove, creek; —*feber*, *n.* bay fever; —*fels*, *n.* see *Böhsel*. [*(w.) f.* Bavarian]

Bah'et, (*w.*, *sing. gener. str.*) *m.* *Bah'erin*, *Bah'erich*, *Bah'erich*, *adj.* Bavarian

Bah'ern, *n.* *Geogr.* Bavaria

Bah'fältig, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'fältig*) *n.* bairnlike

Bah'fuchen, (*str.* & *separ.*) *v. intr.* Sport to cease barking.

Bah'ten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* Sport to bark.

Bah'fe [*pr.* *bä'fe*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) Comm. auf die (la) — (*speculiren*, to speculate on a decline (fall) in the funds. — *Bah'ffer* [*pr.* *bä'ffer*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'fer*) *n.* (*Fr.*) speculator on the fall or decline: *see* bear.

Bah'fäde, (*w.*) *f.* (*Port.*) bayadere, Indian dancing girl.

Bah'fäse, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'fäse*) *n.* (*Ital.*) buffoon, clown, merry-andrew (of rope-dancers).

Bah'fäute(t), (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'fäute*) *n.* (*Fr.*) *Mil.* bayonet; das lange —, sword bayonet: das — gefüllt! bayonet in charge! — ab! undx bayonet! das — auf das Gewehr aufsetzen, to fix the bayonet: die Gewehrgebende Verammlung wurde mit gefülltem — and ihrem Saale vertrieben, the Legislative Body was driven from its hall at the point of the bayonet; — *heft*, *f.* bayonet-stud; —*hülse*, *f.* bayonet socket; —*träger*, *m.* bayonet-belt; — *Bah'fäute*(t) *ren*, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to fight, or (*tr.*) to stab with a bayonet: *II tr.* to furnish with *Bah'*, see *Bah'*. [*bayonets*]

Bah'te, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.* beacon, seamark, buoy; — am Ufer, landmark; 2) *Engin.* slope-stake; *B-n* errichten, to put up or erect beacons: *B-negel*, *m.* *B-nrecht*, *n.* beaconage: *B-nstunde*, *f.* buoy.

Bah'tel, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.* baculus) *see* stick, cudgel; ferula, birch-rod; —*eisen*, *n.* *Tann.* scraping- or flesh-knife. — *Bah'teln*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to whip (with a stick or ferule).

Bah'teln, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'teln*) *n.* dried salt cod-fish; —*hüder*, *m.* banker.

Bah'ten, *Bah'tern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to beat (flax).

Bah'tet, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) magnetizing tub.

Bah'te [*pr.* *bäh'te*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) equipoise; das Gewehr in — tragen, *Mil.* to trail arms.

Bah'ancier [*pr.* *bäh'äng'jir*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'ancier*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Mech.* beam, balancier; —*lösen*, *m.* *Horol.* balance-verge; —(bump)maschine, *f.* beam (steam) engine; —*ringe*, *f.* rings: —*verrichtung*, *f.* balance mechanism.

Bah'ancier (*pr.* *bäh'äng'jir*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to poise, balance; Comm. to balance, to strike a balance.

Bah'ancier ... [*bäh'äng'jir*], *in comp.* — *flappe*, *f.* *Mech.* clap-valve; —*lösen*, *m.* — *hängelöser*, *n.* *pl.* *Entom.* balancers; —*maschine*, *f.* *Watch-m.* balance polser; —*ringe*, *f.* rope-dancer's pole, poy. [*rubly*]

Bah'astrin, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* *balas(a)*

Bah'sche, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (das *Bah'sche*) a species of salmon found in the lake of Constance (*Salmo carolinus* or *Coregonus Wartmanni*).

Bah'sen [*pr.* *bäh'tong*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Bah'sen* [*pr.* *bäh'tong*], or *Bah'sen*) *m.* (*Fr.*) balcony; terrace; *Archit.* corbel-table.

Bald, *adv.* 1) a) soon, shortly, speedily; ere-long, by-and-by; b) *provinc.* for *geleglich*; *frühzeitig*: ich bin heute Morgen — aufgestanden, I rose early this morning; 2) almost: es ist — Nacht, it is almost night: ich wäre — gestorben, I was near dying, coll. I was (had) like to die; easily: er vergibt —, he easily forgives; es ist — gesagt, it is easily said, it is easy talking: ich sterbe! das ist — gesagt | und baldet noch gehen (*Götze*, Faust), I'm dying! that is quickly said, | and quicker yet 'tis done (*B. Taylor*); wie —? how soon? es muß — seine Zeit sein, it must be near his time; komm — zurück, come back soon: es ist — neun Uhr, it is near nine o'clock; er starb — an Anfange des Geistes, he died early in the fight: ich werde Ihnen die Zeitung — geben, I'll give you the paper presently; er ist — zufrieden gestellt, he is easily contented: — wirst du deine Thorheit bereuen, ere long you will repent your folly; er wird — hier sein, he will be here ere long; sein Plan wird nicht so — ausgeführt sein, his plan will not be executed for some time: der Gegenstand war noch nicht so — erdichtet, the subject was not nearly exhausted; — ..., — ..., now ... now ...; sometimes (the one, &c.), sometimes (the other, &c.), one while ..., another while ..., alternately; — hier, — da, now here, now there; — *heiter*, — *traurig*, at one time merry, at another sad: es wurde mir — heiß, — kalt. I felt hot and cold by turns; — *so*, — *so*, now so, then otherwise.

Bald'achin, (*str.*) *m.* (*Mid. Lat.*) canopy; dais: cloth of state; *Archit.* baldachin; mit einem — bedeckt, canopied.

Bald'e, (*w.*) *f.* coll. (*only used in:*) in —, in a short time, soon, shortly. [*sooner, &c.*]

Bald'er, coll. *compar.* of *Bald* (*which see*): *Bald'gras*, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* groundsel.

Bald'ig, *adj.* speedy; early; quick; cine b-c Antwort, a speedy answer: ich wünschte Ihnen glückliche Reise und b-c Rückkehr, I wish you a safe (happy) journey and a speedy return. — *Bald'igst*, *I. adj.* mostspeedy: *II. adv.* as soon as possible: ich bitte — um Antwort, Comm. I beg to be favoured with an answer at your earliest convenience.

Bald'rian, (*str.*) *m.* (*fr. Lat.* valeriana) *Bot.* valerian, capon's tail (*Valeriana L.*); der griechische —, Jacob's ladder (*Polemonium L.*); *Chem.-s.* —*öl*, *n.* *valerole*; —*saure*, *f.* *valerianic acid*.

Bald'thün'sch, *adj.* that may be done, instituted, &c. as soon as possible.

Bald'win, *m.* Baldwin (*P. N.*)

Balearen, *pl. Geogr.* the Balearic Isles (*P. N.*) — *Balearen'sch*, *adj.* Balearic.

Balest'et, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. Lat. -Gr.*) ballister, cross-bow.

Balg, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bälge*) *m.* 1) a) skin; Vogelbälge, bird's skins; b) (abgelegte Haut einer Schlange) along; *sticht der Fuchs*, so gilt der —, *proverb.* (*Game*) *anal.* Jack's a-light; 2) *Anal.* follicle; 3) *Bot.* glume; husk, pod, shell; aus *Bälgen* bestehend, glumaceous; 4) body of a doll; 5) coll. (*conf.*) brat; 6) (*Blase*—) bellows; —*artig*, *adj.* glumaceous; —*blume*, —*blüte*, *f.* *Bot.* glumous flower; —*gebälge*, *n.* *T.* leathern bellows; —*geschwulst*, *f.* *Med.* encysted tumour; —*knäuel*, *f.* *Bot.* follicle, conceptacle; —*knäuel*, *f.* *T.* swipe; —*zug*, *m.* *Org.* stop of the bellows.

Balge, (*w.*) *f.* see *Bälge*.

Balgen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to wrestle, fight, cope together, grapple, scuffle; to romp, to play at romps.

Bälgen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to cast the skin.

Bälgen ..., *in comp.* *T.-s.* —*bedel*, *m.* upper board of a pair of bellows; —*blüse*, *f.* nose-pipe; —*gerüst*, *n.* bellows-support; —*flappe*, *f.* valve (of a pair of bellows), clack; —*knäuel*, *f.*

m. bellows-head; —*rad*, *n.* bellows-wheel; —*rohr*, *n.* *Org.* nozzle, nose; —*saat*, *m.* *Med.* a milky or fluid catarrh; —*saage*, *f.* rock-staff; —*streiter*, *m.* see *Bälge(n)streiter*; —*ventil*, *n.* valve of a pair of bellows.

Balger, (*str.*) *m.* wrestler, boxer, romper.

Balgeret, (*w.*) *f.* the act of wrestling, fighting, &c., *f.* *Balgen*, fight, scuffle, romping. [*organ-blower*]

Bälge(n)streiter, (*str.*) *m.* bellow-treader, *Bälse*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.* half tub; die — der Matrosen, top-halyards-tub; 2) washing tub.

Bäljen, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* grapple, grappling.

Bäljen, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Corp.* beam, squared timber, joist, balk, rafter; clamp: *Ship-s.* *pl.* die — der Fußbrücke, orlop-beams: ein *trummer* — (*Quersäule*), camock; 2) *Horol.* pale, chevron; *fesse*; 3) *Print.* cross-piece; 4) *Arch.* balk, ridge of land left unploughed between two furrows; 5) loft of a barn, see *Flugbalken*; 6) see *Begbalken*; 7) *Mus.* base-bar (of a violin, &c.); 8) *Anal.* the corpus callosum; *II. in comp.* —*anker*, *m.* *Dauil.* brace, tie-rod, iron tie; —*baum*, *n.* 1) *Corp.* swallow-the tail, cramp; 2) *Mus.* key; bar; —*brücke*, *f.* timber-bridge; —*bede*, *f.* ceiling formed of rafters; —*gerüst*, *n.* scaffolding; framework; —*gerüst*, *n.* (architecture) cornice; —*hauer*, *m.* a journeyman ship's carpenter; —*holz*, *n.* square-timber; —*knäuel*, *adj.* *T.* square; —*knäuel*, *m.* raftered collar; —*knäuel*, *m.* headpiece of a beam, corbel; —*lage*, *f.* position of the rafters; naked flooring.

Bäljenstäh, *adj.* untimbered.

Bäljen ..., *in comp.* —*recht*, *n.* right or privilege of laying the heads of rafters on a neighbour's wall; —*reife*, *f.* *T.* bay; —*riß*, *m.* *T.* platform, plan; —*schlänger*, *m.* see —*hauer*; —*spannung*, *f.* width, space, span between two walls on which the rafters lie or are to be placed; —*saat*, *m.* *Med.* catarrh; —*stein*, *m.* *Archit.* corbel, console; —*streif*, —*streich*, *m.* see *Bäljen*, 2; —*streifen*, *m.* *Agr.* whip-stitching, halfploughing; —*stüge*, *f.* *Archit.* head-piece of a beam, corbel girder; —*tracht*, *f.* *Mar.* clamps of the deck-beams; —*träger*, *m.* trimmer, summer; —*treiter*, *m.* see *Bälge(n)treiter*; —*verbindung*, *f.* contiguation; —*weg*, *f.* steel-yard; —*weg*, *f.* see —*spannung*; —*wert*, *m.* beams and rafters of a building, frame-work; —*zier*(rat, *m.* chevron moulding.

Bäl' ..., *in comp.* *Ship-s.* & *Corp.* —*fält*, *ing*, —*knäuel*, *pl.* short carlines between the beams; —*haken*, *m.* *Corp.* dog, truss; —*haken*, *n.* *pl.* hanging knees of the decks; —*planen*, *f.* *pl.* sides or side-planks of a ship; —*wäger*, —*weger*, *m.* see *Bäljenstracht*.

Bäll, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bälle*) *m.* 1) ball, (*Gr.*—) globe; 2) ball, dancing; 3) *Horol.* roundel; *schwarze Bälle*, ogresses; *rote Bälle*, tortoise; 4) Sport, barking: *Game-s.* — *spielen*, — *schlagen*, to play at ball, to drive, hurl a ball; to play at tennis; den — anspielen, to give service; to serve the ball; den — im Aufsprunge fangen, to catch a ball at the bound; den — im Flüge auffangen, to hit the ball in the air; einen — machen, (at billiards) to put a ball in (into the hazard), to hole, pocket, hazard, make a ball, to make a hazard; der — ist gut gemacht, the ball is well-made; ein schön gemacht —, a good stroke; einen — schneiden, to cut a ball.

Bällede, (*w.*) *f.* ballad; *B-nächter*, *B-n-schreiber*, *m.* writer of ballads, ballad-maker; *B-nfinger*, *m.* ballad-singer; *B-nrit*, *m.* ballad style; *B-nverfasser*, *m.* ballad-monger.

Bäll'ang, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-änge*) *m.* ball-dress; full-dress.

Bäll'ast [*of ten pr.* *Bäll'ast*], *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* ballast; in —, ballasted; mit — laden, see *Bellast*; ohne —, unballasted; das Schiff legte

manufacture; —*faſer*, *pl. Bot.* a genus of hair-wood (*Dialoma*); —*fuß*, *n.* a measure of wine in Switzerland (600 Maass); —*ſeß*, *adj.* *see* Bänſeß; —*ſiß*, *see* Bänſeß; —*fürmig*, *adj.* having the form of a ribbon; *Bot.* ligulate, ligulated; —*fried*, *n.* *Joist* hanging-stile (of a door); —*geſimß*, *n.* *Archit.* plain moulding; —*gras*, *n.* *Bot.* riband-grass, ribbon grass, ladies' tresses, painted ladies' grass (*Phalaris arundinacea* L.); —*haken*, *m.* *Corp.* dog; can- or cant-hook; door-hook; —*hammer*, *m.* *T.* large hammer; —*handel*, *m.* ribbon-trade, haberdashery; —*händler*, *m.* lace-man, haberdasher; —*höbel*, *m.* *Coop.* spoke-shave; —*höß*, *n.* *Coop.* hoop-wood; *Corp.* binding, purlin.

Bän'ig, *adj.* tameable, tame; — *maſſen*, *to tame*.

Bän'igen, *(w.) v. tr.* to tame (wild beasts), to break (a horse); *fig.* to restrain, check, subdue, master.

Bän'iger, *(str.) m.* conqueror, one who tames, breaks in; subduer.

Bän'igung, *(w.) f.* the act of taming, &c. **Bän'reu**, *(w.) v. tr.* to form into stripes; to stripe, streak.

* **Bän'it'**, *(w.) m.* bandit (*pl.* banditti).

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*jaß*, *m.* *Minor.* ribbon-jasper; —*fäßer*, *see* Bän'fäßer; —*ſegel*, *m.* *see* —*ſeß*; —*ſette*, *f.* *T.* band-chain, pitch-chain; —*trümer*, *m.* *see* —*händler*; —*fragen*, *f. pl. T.* illot-cards; —*freu*, *n.* *see* Bän'freu; —*freu*; —*ſchnabel*, *m.* *Ornith.* species of cross-bill (*Lixia leucopetra*); —*ſaßen*, *m.* ribbon-shop; —*ſam*, *f.* *Entom.* twisted barrel or stub; —*ſam*, *f.* *Entom.* species of louse (*Pediculus fasciatus*).

Bän'ling, *(str.) m.* *see* Bän'motte.

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*maſſer*, *m.* ribbon-weaver, tape-maker; —*maſſer*, *f.* streaked or striped mackerel (*Scomber adenotus*); —*maſſer*, *m.* streaked or striped marble; —*maß*, *n.* 1) tape measure, measuring-tape; 2) a lineal measure (to ascertain the height of horses); —*meißel*, *m.* *T.* forked chisel; —*meißer*, *n.* *Coop.* notch, hoop-knife; —*mette*, *f.* *Entom.* striped moth (*Phalena geometra fasciata*); —*müßle*, *f.* ribbon-loom; —*mußel*, *f.* *see* —*tüte*; —*nagel*, *m.* *Corp.* pin, plug, wooden nail; —*natter*, *f.* *Zool.* ribbon-snake (*Crotalus lemniscatus*); —*nubeln*, *f. pl.* ruban vermoeilli; —*quäße*, *f.* *Zool.* *see* Bän'quäße; —*reiß*, *m.* *Coop.* hoop; —*reißer*, *n.* *Gun-sm.* twisted barrel; —*roße*, *f.* 1) rossette of ribbons; 2) *Bot.* *see* Bän'roße; —*ſäße*, *f.* *T.* belt or strap-saw; —*ſchleife*, *f.* knot or loop of riband, faviour; —*ſeß*, *n.* flat (iron-wire) rope; —*ſpecht*, *m.* *see* Bän'specht; —*ſpinne*, *f.* striped spider (*Aranea fasciata*); —*ſtein*, *m.* striped or streaked mineral; —*ſtrauß*, *m.* *Bot.* *see* Bän'ſtrauß; —*ſtreiß*, *m.* 1) *Harald.* band; 2) top-knot; —*ſtreißig*, *adj.* *Bot. & Zool.* banded; —*ſtüt*, *n.* *Corp.* prick-post, joining-timber; —*trappe*, *f.* *Ornith.* species of bustard (*Otis bengalensis*); —*treffe*, *f.* worsted or livery lace; —*tüte*, *f.* *Moll.* listed stamper (*Conus*); —*verlängerungsmaschine*, *f.* *T.* lapping-machine; —*verlängerung*, *f.* *Surg.* elongation; —*waaren*, *f. pl.* small ware; —*wetter*, *m.* *see* —*maſſer*; —*weibe*, *f.* *Bot.* osier, wicker, withy, water willow (*Salix viminalis* L.); —*wieſen*, *n.* *Anat.* a connexion of ligaments; —*würmer*, *m.* *see* —*maſſer*; —*wurm*, *m.* *Zool.* solitary worm, tape-worm, broad-worm, gourd-worm (*Tania* L.); —*zieher*, *m.* *see* —*haken*; —*zitter*, *m.* *Min.* tin-ore.

Bäng, **Bäng'e**, *adj.* (*compar. & sup.* *with* or *without* modification of *coud*) anxious, uneasy; fearful; timid; *es iß* (*mir*) *mir* — *vor* (*with* *Dat.*), I am afraid or apprehensive of ..., I am dismayed at ...; *es iß* *mir* *bänge* *um* (*with* *Acc.*), I am afraid of ..., I fear for ...; *Einem* — *maſſen*, to make one afraid of.

Bäng'el, *see* Bängel.

Bäng'en, *(w.) v. l. intr. (impers.) & refl.* to be afraid: *mir* *bäng* *vor* (*with* *Dat.*), I am afraid of ...; *II.* or **Bäng'en**, *tr.* to oppress or constrain with anxiety, &c.; *III.* *refl.* *with* *nach* ..., to expect anxiously, to yearn for ...

Bäng'(en)ſtant, *(str.) n.* *see* Bäng'ſtant.

Bäng'ſteit, *(w.) f.* anxiousness, anxiety, fearfulness, dismay.

Bäng'lich, *I. adj.* somewhat anxious, uneasy; *II.* **B-ſeß**, *(w.) f.* apprehension, anxiety.

[timid, faint-hearted.]

Bäng'müßig, *adj.* anxious, apprehensive; **Bäng'ſam**, *adj.* anxious, full of anxieties.

Bän'er, **Bän'jer**, *(str.) n.* *Mar.* half-deck.

Bän', *s. l. (str., pl. Bän'e)* *f.* 1) a) bench, bank; form (Schulbank); seat; unter der — *liegen*, *vulg.* to live in an obscure condition: to lie close; b) die geiſtliche —, the spiritual bench; die weltliche —, the secular bench; c) *Mar. aa* (sand)-bank, shelf; (hidden) rocks; bb) Bän'e, *pl.* stern-sheets or seats of a boat; thwarts; d) *Gard.* bank, parterre; terrace; e) *Minor.* layer, bed; in Bän'en, laminated; f) *Harald.* *see* Bän'ſteit; g) *Game-s.* bank, hazard-table; — *halten*, to keep a hazard-table, to keep bank; — *im* Bän'ſpiel *halten*, to tally at basset; — *an* der Bän'e, *Typ.* shelf; — (an einer Brustwehr), *Mil.* banquette; über die — *ſchießen*, to fire in barbe; 2) (Brennſtaub) stall, stand; 3) lathe (of turners, coopers, &c.); — *am* Horizont, a cloudy horizon; *fig-s.* Einen in die — *heuen*, *coll.* to cut (one) up; auf die lange — *ſchießen*, to delay, put off, to lay on the shelf; durch die —, indiscriminately, at an average, one with another, by (in) the lump, in the gross; *II.* (*w., pl. Bän'en*) *f.* *Comm.* bank, banking-company or establishment; concessionirte —, chartered bank; ſtädtiſche —, city bank; Geld in der — *ſtehen* *haben*, to be a creditor on the bank-books; *III.* *in comp.* *Comm-s.* — *abſchließen*, *m.* closing of account at the bank, *see* —*aufweis*; *actie*, *f.* bank-stock; share in bank-stock, bank-bill, bank-share; —*agent*, *m.* bank-or exchange-broker; —*agio*, *n.* bank-agio, premium.

Bän'f', *see* Banca.

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*aufſchreiben*, *m.* *see* —*actie*; —*aufſchreiben*, *f.* check, banker's note; bankbill, bank-note; —*arbeit*, *f.* any kind of work which the artisan performs sitting; *T-m.* soldering; —*arbeiter*, *m.* artisan who sits at his work.

Bän'art, *(str.) m.* *vulg.* bantling, bastard.

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*aufſchreiben*, *n.* bank-agio; —*aufweis*, *m.* balance of the bank; —*beamte*, —*bediente*, *m.* bank-official, clerk of a bank; —*berg*, *m.* *Min.* layer of stone under coals; —*bericht*, *m.* bank-report, return (account) of the bank; —*bilanz*, *f.* *see* —*aufweis*; —*biſſet*, *n.* *see* —*amweſung*; —*bohrer*, *m.* *Corp.* large auger; —*bruch*, *m.* bankruptcy; —*brüchig*, *adj.*, —*brüchige*, *m.* bankrupt; —*brüchig* *werden*, to break, to fail, to become bankrupt; —*Bürger*, *m.* (in Hamburg) deputy of the bank; —*capital*, *n.* stock in (a) bank; —*caſſe*, *f.* (bank)-cashier's office; —*commandite*, *f.* branch-bank; —*comptoir*, *m.* bank-office; —*conto*, *n.* bank-account; ein —*conto* *haben*, to be a creditor on the bank-books; —*courtage*, *f.* bank-brokerage; —*depoſitum*, *n.* deposit in a bank; —*diener*, *m.* *see* —*beamte*; —*eißen*, *n.* *T.* iron-band, cramp-iron.

Bän'el, *(provinc. [S. G.] dimin. of Bän'* *High Germ.* Bän'ſchen, *(str.) n.* *in comp.* —*geſang*, *m.* ballad-singing; ballad; —*främer*, *m.* hawk, pedlar; —*fänger*, *m.* 1) ballad-singer, itinerant-singer; 2) a bad poet, small-beer poet; —*fängerei*, *f.* ballad-singing.

Bän'eln, *(w.) v. intr.* to keep a fare-table.

Bän'en, *(w.) v. tr.* *Mar.* to lay (a ship) against a bank (for the purpose of careening it).

* **Bän'erott'**, **Bän'erut'**, *I. adj.* (*Ital.* banco rotto, broken bank) bankrupt; der *b-er* *Bän'emann*, broken merchant; *ſich* — *erklären*, to declare one's self a bankrupt; — *werden*, — *maſſen*, to become, turn, or grow (a) bankrupt, to break, fail; *II. s. (str.) m.* bankruptcy, breaking, failing; ein einfaches —, a simple (casual) bankruptcy; ein leihtümmiger —, a reckless bankruptcy; ein unthätiger —, a wilful bankruptcy; ein betrügerischer —, a fraudulent bankruptcy; dem *B-e* nahe *sein*, to be on the brink of ruin (on the eve of bankruptcy); —*ſeß*, *m.* flat in bankruptcy; —*erklärungs*, *f.* declaration of bankruptcy; —*geſetz*, *n.* bankruptcy-law, statute of bankruptcy.

* **Bän'erottur'** [*-er*], **Bän'erottur'rr**, *(str.) m.* bankrupt. [bankruptcy.]

* **Bän'erottur'mand**, *(str.) n.* statute of Bankert, *(str.) m.* *see* Bankert.

* **Bän'ett'**, *(str.) n.* 1) or **Bän'ette**, *(w.) f.* (*Fr.* *T. a*) (im *Banquet*) set-off; b) (in *Bän'ung*) stop; c) *Mil.* banquet; d) banquet, feast; —*zimmer*, *m.* banqueting room.

* **Bän'ett'en**, *(w.) v. intr.* to banquet.

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*ſaß*, *m.* bank-business; —*ſchiff*, *adj.* bankable; —*ſtalle*, *f.* *see* —*commandite*; —*freiheit*, *f.* *see* —*recht*; —*geld*, *n.* bank-money; —*gerechtigkeit*, *f.* the right or privilege to expose bread (or meat) on stalls (or shambles) for sale; —*geſchäft*, *n.* banking; banking transaction; —*geſchäfte* *maſſen*, to transact billbusiness; —*gericht*, *n.* commercial court; —*geſetz*, *n.* statutes of a bank; —*gouverneur*, *m.* governor of a bank; —*haken*, *m.* *T.* holdfast; bench-hook; —*halter*, *m.* banker; keeper of a bank; —*hammer*, *m.* locksmith's hammer, bench-hammer, *see* Rieſenhammer; —*herr*, *m.* *see* —*halter*; —*höbel*, *m.* *Joia.* great (long) plane; fluting or grooving plane; —*horn*, *n.* rising anvil; —*hammer*, *f.* *Joia.* & *Corp.* bench-crampr vice; —*ſtraße*, *f.* *Publ.* scraper; —*legen*, *v. s. n.* opening of a hazard-table; —*müßig*, *adj.* bankable (of bills of exchange); —*meißer*, *m.* master tradesman (especially of bakers and butchers); —*meißel*, *m.* cold chisel; —*meißer*, *n.* cleaver, cleaving-knife; *Comm-s.* —*note*, *f.* bank-note or bill; —*noten*, *pl.* paper-currency, paper-circulation, bank-notes; —*notenſchreiber*, *m.* note-forgery; —*notenpreſſe*, *f.* note-press; —*offiziant*, *m.* bank-official; —*ordnung*, *f.* statutes or regulation of a bank; —*poſtill*, *f.* banking system; —*poſtulate*, *f.* post note; —*procura*, *f.* bank-procuration; —*recht*, *n.* privileges of a bank; —*richter*, *m.* *Law.* judge collateral or legal representative of a commercial court; —*ſcheit*, *m.* *see* Bän'note; —*ſchlachten*, *n.* *Butch.* butchering and selling meat in public stalls; —*ſchneider*, *m.* stall-butcher; —*ſchneiber*, *m.* *Mar.* whale-cutter; —*ſtrauße*, *f.* bench-vice; —*ſchreiber*, *m.* clerk in a bank; —*ſtatuten*, *n.* *pl.* *see* —*ordnung*; —*ſtelle*, *f.* *see* —*commandite*; —*ſtift*, *m.* *see* —*etien*; —*ſucturſale*, *f.* *see* —*commandite*; —*ſaluts*, *f.* —*wert*, *m.* bank-money; —*verwalter*, *f.* 1) management of a bank; 2) directors (of the bank) committee of management; —*zahlung*, *f.* payment in bank or in cash, specie-payment; —*zettel*, *m.* *see* —*note*; —*zins*, *m.* stallage.

Bän'ling, *(str.) m.* *see* Banlant.

Bän', *(str.) m.* 1) (wellſich) ban; *Zool.* excommunication; (ſieher *Bän'*) interdiction; (Röſung) proſcription; 2) (Griechenſtadt) jurisdiction; (Grundbesitz) territory; 3) †, coercion; in ben — *thun*, to excommunicate; to anathematize; to put under the ban, to proscribe.

Bän' ..., *in comp.* —*brief*, *m.* ban; —*beiß*, *m.* dike thrown up above highwater mark to prevent inundation.

Bän'e, *see* Bänne.

Ban'nen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to banish, expel, see **Berbanen**; 2) to enchant; *f.* *festgebannt*, charmed, rooted to the spot; *Wetter* —, 1. to raise, conjure (up) spirits; 2. to lay, conjure down spirits, to exorcise.

Banner, (*str.*) *n.* 1) banner, standard, flag; 2) militia, see *Randsturm & Randwehr*; —*herr*, *m.* banneret; —*leute*, *pl.* retainers or vassals belonging to a banneret.

Bann..., *in comp.* —*Kuch*, *m.* anathema; —*ort*, *m.* wood fenced in as a (royal) preserve; —*gut*, *n.* contraband goods; —*lester*, *f.* common wine-press (belonging to the manner, of which all the vassals are obliged to make use); —*leute*, *pl.* the persons subject to a certain jurisdiction or inhabiting a certain territory.

Bann'ling, (*str.*) *m.* (*Voss*, *Sch.* 1, 344, *cf. Sanders*) (*l. u.*) one under the ban, proscrip.

Bann..., *in comp.* —*meile*, *f.* precinct, boundary of a jurisdiction; —*mühle*, *f.* common mill; —*ofen*, *m.* common oven; —*richter*, *m.* criminal judge; —*scheibung*, *f.* landmark noting the boundaries of two jurisdictions; —*schiff*, *m.* the bloody flag; —*schüge*, *m.* see *flur-schüge*; —*struch*, *m.* sentence of excommunication or of proscription; exordium; —*stein*, *m.* landmark; —*strahl*, *m.* thunder-bolt of excommunication, anathematization; *ben-strahl* (*schindern*), to fulminate excommunication; —*vegt*, *m.* field-watch (*flur-schüge*); —*waare*, *f.* see —*gut*; —*wehr*, *m.* see —*ort*; —*weert*, *m.* river or lake forbidden to the vassals; —*wein*, *m.* wine, the property of the feudal lord, and which was, on certain occasions, to be bought to the entire exclusion of all other wines; —*werst*, *m.* statute labour.

* **Banquet** [*pr. bangket*], see **Banquet**.

* **Banquet** [*pr. bangkys*], (*str.*, *pl.* B-B) *m.* (Fr.) banker; exchanger; —*haus*, *n.* banking-house; —*provision*, *f.* banker's provision (or commission).

Ban'ze, **Ban'ze**, (*w.*) *f.* bay (in a barn). **Ban'zen**, (*str.*) *m.* first stomach in ruminating animals, paunch. [*a bay*]

Ban'zen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pile up (sheaves) in *Bär*, *adj.* 1) bare, naked; 2) *fig.* s. desolate, void (of); 3) pure, unmixed; 4) *fig.* *l.* *l.* *l.* sheer, downright nonsense; 4) ready or present (money); —*(r) Geld*, ready money or cash, specie; *hundert Thaler* —, hundred dollars in cash; *5-er Zahlung*, ready or prompt payment; *5-er Entschädigung*, advance (indemnification) in money; —*bezahlen*, to pay ready money, to pay cash in hand, to pay down or in hand; *5-er Ertrag*, proceeds in cash, neat (net) proceeds.

Bär, (*w. & str.*) *m.* 1) a) bear; b) boar; *cin junger* —, a cub, whelp; 2) *fig.* a) a rude, rough fellow, a bear; *slang-a-b* a debt; *cinen B-en anbinden*, to contract a debt; *cinen B-en abbinden*, to pay a debt; c) a fish, flam; *cinem cinen B-en aufbinden*, to flame or gammon one; 3) *astr.* a) der große —, the greater bear (*Ursa major*); b) der kleine —, the lesser bear (*Ursa minor*); T-s. 4) (*pl. gen.* [*str.*] *Bäre*) a pile-driver, pile (driving) engine; ram, beetle, punch, monkey; 5) a) *Port. bédardau*; b) *Engl.* (coffer-dam (bat-terdam)).

* **Bearcan**, **Bär'allen**, see **Berlan**.

* **Bearst**, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) *M.* barrack, hut.

* **Bearst**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Str.*) *Comm.* Astracan lamb's skins.

Bär..., *in comp.* —*ähnlich*, *artig*, *adj.* bear-like, bearish, ursine. [*truck*]

* **Bärst'zen**, (*w.*) *v. intr. Comm.* to barter. **Bärst'zel**, (*str.*) *m.* cash-article.

* **Bärst'ge'schäft**, (*str.*) *n.* barter, truck. — **Bärst'rie**, **Bärst'rie**, (*w.*) *f.* bartrary.

Barba'dos, *n.* *Geogr.* Barbadoes (*P. N.*); —*frankheit*, *f. Med.* Barbadoes-log; —*theer*, *m.* see **Petroleum**.

* **Barbär**, (*w.*) *m.* (Fr.) 1) barbarian, savage; 2) see **Verber**; —*fall*, *m.* *Ornith.* Barbary falcon (*Falco barbarus*).

Barb'ara, *f.* Barbara (*P. N.*).

* **Barbär**, (*w.*) *f.* (*cf.* **Barbar**) 1) *Geogr.* Barbary; 2) barbarity.

* **Barbären**..., *in comp.* —*heer*, *n.* barbarian army; —*joch*, *n.* barbarian yoke; —*schwärme*, *m. pl.* swarms of barbarians; —*stamm*, *m.* tribe of barbarians.

Barbär'sten, (—*Enstaten*, *m.*) *pl.* the Barbarian or Barbary States in North Africa.

* **Barbär'isch**, *adj.* 1) barbarous, barbarian; 2) see **Verber'isch**; —**Barbär'ismus**, (*pl.* B-men) *n.* *Gramm.* barbarism.

* **Bar'be**, (*w.*) *f.* *Echth.* barbel, barb (*Cyprinus barbus* L.).

B. Bar'be, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see **Verber**, 2; 2) *Bab. dimin.* of **Barbara**.

C. Bar'be, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) lace (of a cap), lappet frizzle (inside of a lady's bonnet).

Bar'beinig, *adj.* bare-legged.

Bar'beiger, (*str.*) *m.* bear-dog, bull-dog.

Bar'beigig, *adj.* grau, quarrelsome; huffy; —*werden*, *coll.* to cut up rough.

Bar'beistrant, **Bar'beistrant**, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* 1) rocket gentle, rocket gallant (*Barbarea vulgaris*); 2) winter-cress; yellow-rocket (*Barbarea praecox*).

Bar'betrag, (*str.*, *pl.* B-träge) *m.* amount in ready money, cash-value.

* **Bar'bet**, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) 1) see **Barbet**; 2) *Mil. barbet*, parapet without embrasures.

Bar'ber, (*str.*) *m.* (Fr.) barber, *coll.* shaver.

Bar'bir, **Bar'bir**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to shave; 2) *fig.* to dry-shave, cheat, fleece.

Bar'ber..., *in comp.* —*bad*, *n.* shaving-basin; —*beutel*, *m.* barber's pouch or case; —*felte*, *f.* raspatory; —*flische*, *f.* barber's chaffer; —*gerichtstisch*, *f.* barber's license; —*gefell*, *m.* barber's-man; —*messer*, *n.* razor, shaving-knife; —*riemen*, *m.* razor-strap; —*scher*, *f.* barber's scissors; —*stein*, *m.* barber's hone; —*stube*, *f.* barber's shop; —*tag*, *m.* shaving-day; —*tellette*, *f.* shaving-table; —*tuch*, *m.* shaving-towel; —*zeitgen*, *m.* barber's sign; —*zeug*, *n.* shaving case.

* **Bar'ca'fe**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Span.* *barca*) *Mar.* long boat, launch.

Bar'cent, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* fustian; mouse-skin; glatter —, smooth (shiny) fustian; *rauh* (*grauhafter*) —, napped fustian; *feiner* (*gefeinert*) —, dimity, twill; —*reihen*, *coll.* to snort aloud, *vulg.* to drive one's hogs; —*macher*, —*weber*, *m.* fustian-weaver; —*stuhl*, *m.* fustian-weaver's loom.

Barbang! [*interj.* smash! dash! bang!]

Bar'be, (*w.*) *m.* bard, poet-musician. —

Barbenthüm, **Barbenthüm**, *n.* bardism.

Barbiet' [*pr.* —*dät*], (*str.*) *m. & n.* *German.* Lit. a species of poetry imitating the war songs of the bards, introduced by Klopstock.

Bar'bill, (*str.*) *m.* see **Bärwurz**, **Bären-fenchel**.

Bar'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see **Barre**, 2; 2) *Mar.* wave, billow; 3) a bushy place, copse.

Bar'el, (*str.*) *m.* smooth-ice (ice not covered with snow).

Bär'en, (*str.*) *m.* *Ory.* a soft auto-stop.

A. Bär'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* province. to bear (fruit, of trees, &c.). [*bears*].

B. Bär'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* Sport. to run (of *Bär'en*..., *in comp.* —*ähnlich*, *adj.* bearish:

—*beere*, *f.* fruit of the bearberry; —*beißer*, *m.* bear-dog, bull-dog; *fig.* see **Bär**, I 2, a; —

beißig, see **Bärbeißig**; —*bede*, *f.* bear-skin (as a mat or foot-cloth); —*bill*, *m.* see **Bärwurz**; —

brech, *m.* 1) bear's dung; 2) liquorice-julice; —*fang*, *m.* bear-catching; —*fell*, *n.* bear's skin; —

fett, *n.* bear's grease; —*förmig*, *adj.* ursiform; —*führer*, *m.* bear-leader; —*fuß*, *m.* *Bot.* bear's foot (species of hellebore); —*gerst*, *f.* winter-barley.

Bärenhaft, *adj.* bearish, bearlike.

Bär'en..., *in comp.* —*haß*, —*heße*, *f.* bear-baiting, bear-hunting; —*haut*, *f.* bear's skin; *fig.* s. auf der —*haut* liegen, to be idle; —*händler*, *m.* 1) idler, lubber, pillow-frier; 2) coward; —*händler*, *f.* idleness, cowardice; —*hüter*, *m.* bear-herd; *Astr.* Bootes; —*jagb*, *f.* see —*haß*; —*flau*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) (*unächte*) Hercules's all-heal, bear's wort, cow's parsnip (*Heracleum spondylium* L.); 2) (*echte*) bear's foot, bear's-brooch, bear's paw, set-wort, acanthus (*Acanthus* L.); —*lee*, *m.* *Bot.* melilot; —*loß*, *m.* 1) bear's dung; 2) *Mm.* scum, dross; —*traut*, *n.* *Bot.* see —*traube*; —*treib*, *m.* *Entom.* a species of lobster (*Scyllurus arcus* L.); —*lauch*, *m.* *Bot.* wild garlic (*Allium ursinum* L.); —*moos*, *n.* see **Biberton**, *gäldner*; *Bot.* s. —*st*, *n.* wind seed (*Arctostaphylos* L.); —*stirn*, *n.* bear's ear, auricle (*Primula auricula* L.); —*taupe*, *f.* *Entom.* canker (fly), bear-worm; —*stamm*, *m.* *Mm.* scum, dross; —*stmaß*, *m.* bear's grease; —*stot*, *f.* *Bot.* wild liquorice (*Astragalus glycyphyllos* L.); —*schwanz*, *m.* bear's tail, *Sport.* wreath; —*tapp*, *f.* 1) see —*tape*; 2) see —*flau*; —*tape*, *f.* 1) bear's paw; 2) *Bot.* club-top (*Cladonia* L.); —*traube*, *f.* *Bot.* strawberry-tree, red-wort, arbut berry, bearberry (*Arbutus uva ursi* L.); —*vogel*, *m.* *Entom.* 1) (brauner) great tiger moth (*Arctia caja* L.); 2) (gottiger) cream-spot tiger moth (*Arctia villica* L.); —*würter*, *m.* bear-ward, bearherd; —*zehe*, *f.* *Bot.* see **Bärenzahn**; —*zeit*, *f.* *Sport.* rutting-season of bears; —*zucker*, *m.* *Pharm.* liquorice-julice (*cf.* —*stot*); —*zwinger*, *m.* bear garden.

* **Bar'et**, **Bar'et**, (*str.*) *n.* (Fr.) bonnet, cap, chaperon; —*fram*, *m.* haberdashery; —*främer*, *m.* haberdasher.

Bar'fraß, (*str.*) *m.* black-frost.

Bar'füß, *adv.* barefoot, unshod.

Bar'füße, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*; *dimin.* of *Borfuß*) a barefooted child.

Bar'füßer, (*str.*) *m.* *Ecol.* barefooted friar.

Bar'füßig, *adj.* barefooted. [*hog*]

Bar'g (*Borg*), (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* barrow.

* **Bar'gast**(ig), *adj.* (*from* *Bären*, A.) 1)

bearing, second; 2) *Law.* pregnant.

Bar'haupt, **Bar'hauptig**, *adv. & adj.* bare-headed, uncovered.

* **Bar'illa**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Span.*) *Bot. & Comm.*

barilla (*Salvia salvia* L.), *cf.* *Eoda*.

Bär'in, (*w.*) *f.* she-bear.

* **Bär'ian**, (*str.*) *m.* *Mus.* barytone. —

Baritonik', (*w.*) *m.* baritonist.

* **Bär'ium**, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* barium (the met-

allic basis of baryta); —*chlorid*, *n.* chloride

of barium, muriatic baryta.

* **Bar'la'fe**, see **Bar'la'fe**. [*chase*]

Bar'lauf, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bär'läufe*) *m.* cash pur-

Bar'e, (*w.*) *f.* bark; die *fliehere* —, barge,

craft, lighter; bark-boat; *B-sauer*, *m.* barge-

builder; *B-nähen*, *m.* canoe.

Bar'tenau, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* snow.

Bar'thöger, (*str.*) *m.* *pl.* *Mar.* see **Bergthöger**.

Bar'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Bar'e*) a

little bark (*Voss*).

Bar'topf, —**füßig**, see —*haupt*, —*hauptig*.

Bar'tschiff, (*str.*) *n.* bark, barquo.

* **Bär'tunen**, *pl.* *Mar.* yuffers, baulks.

Bär..., *in comp.* —*lapp*, —*lappen*, *m.*

Bot. wolf's claw, club-moss (*Lycopodium* L.);

—*lapp(en)samen*, *m.* *Pharm.* witch-meal; —

lappchen, *m.* *pl.* cow-hair slippers; —*lauch*, *m.*

bear's garlic.

Bär'm, (*str.*) *m.* see **Bärme**.

Bär'maus (*str.*, *pl.* *Bär'mäuse*) *f.* see **Mur-**

melthier.

Bar'men, (w.) v. I. fr. & regl. † for *Erbar'men*; II. *intr. fam.* to lament, complain.

Bar'me, (w.) f. *barm*, yeast: *Bärm'bröð*, n. dough with yeast; *Bärm'teig*, m. dough made up with yeast.

Bar'mher'zig, I. *adj.* merciful, compassionate, pitiful, charitable; — gegen *Einen* sein, to show mercy or have compassion on one, to deal mercifully with one; *Eck-s*, b-e Brüder, brothers of charity, hospitaliers; b-e Schwestern, sisters of charity; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. mercy, compassion, pity, tenderness, charity; *Theol. B-leit* Gottes, grace.

Bar'..., in comp. — *motte*, f. *Entom.* bear-sky; — *muff*, m., — *muffe*, f. bear-skin muff.

Bar'mutter, (str.) f. *see* *Ba'dftein*; — *traut*, n. *see* *Liebsküdel*.

Bar'mühe, (w.) f. *beardskin cap*.

Bar'n, (str.) m. *provinc.* 1) crib, manger; 2) barn (*Ban'se*); — *beißer*, m. *see* *Stuppenbeißer*.

Bar'nlein, (str.) m. *see* *Ba'dftein*.

* **Baro'd**, (*Baro'd'isch*, *Wid.*, I. u.) *adj.* baroque, quaint; — *perlen*, pl. ragged pearls.

* **Baromet'er**, (str.) n. & m. (Gr.) *Phys.* barometer; — *stand*, m. height or reading of the barometer; — *uhr*, f. barometograph; — *Baromet'risch*, *adj.* barometrical.

* **Baro'n**, (str.) m. (*Mid. Lat.*) baron. — *Baro'nin*, *Baro'nell*, (w.) f. baroness. — *Baro'nic*, (I. u.) *Baro'nic*, (w.) f. barony. — *Baro'nifiren*, (w.) v. tr. to create (one) a baron, to confer the title of baron on (one).

* **Baro'skop**, (str.) n. (Gr.) baroscope, *see* *Barometer*.

Bar'pfeife, (w.) f. a very deep-toned pipe of an organ.

Bar're, (w.) f. or *Bar'ren*, (str.) m. 1) a) bar, a wooden rail; b) *B-n*, pl. *Gymn.* parallel bars, parallels; c) *T.* pole (of a piano, &c.); 2) unprepared whale-bone; 3) a long piece of metal, bar, ingot (of gold and silver); 4) bar (bank of sand, &c. at the mouth of a river, &c.); *B-neigung*, m., *B-norm*, f. ingot-mould; *B-ngold*, n. gold in bars, solid gold, gold-ingots; *B-nüßler*, m. bullion-dealer.

* **Barri'ere**, (w.) f. (Fr.) *barriade*, barricade; *B-nlamp*, *B-nrieg*, m. street-warfare.

* **Barri'ere** [*pr. bäriä're*], (w.) (Fr.) f. barrier; guard; railway-gate; *B-nwächter*, m. gate-keeper, barrier-walter.

Bar'antel, (str.) m. *Bot.* bear's ear sarnicle (*Ornith. L.*).

Bär's, **Bär'sch**, (str.) m. *Ichth.* perch (*Perca fluviatilis* L.).

Bär'sch, I. *adj.* harsh, bluff, rough, gruff, snappish; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. harshness, &c.

Bär'schaft, (w.) f. cash (in hand), ready money; stock; property.

Bär'..., in comp. — *schentelig*, *adj.* bare-thighed; — *schentler*, m. sansculotte; *Comm-s*.

— *sendung*, f. consignment of or in specie; — *sendungen* machen, to put (one) in cash, to cover.

Bär'schlag, m. *see* *Bär*, 4.

Bär'sching, (str.) m. *see* *Bär'sch*.

Bär't, (str., pl. *Bär'te*) m. 1) beard; 2) a) whiskers (of a cat); b) wattle (of a cock); c) beard, barb (of a fish); 3) *Bot.* barb; — an der *Artischo'de*, choke; beard (of corn); 4) chuck, beard of a horse; 5) *Lock-am.* beard, ward, (key-)bit; 6) — an *Ediff*, *Mar.* foul bottom; 7) *Astr.* beams, beard, rays (of a comet); 8) *Min.* burr, chipped edge, raggedness of the edge; (am *Schiffstege*) *Typ.* burr, beard of a letter; 9) *Pound.* beam, flash; 10) *Hydr. Archit.* jutting, flap of a juffer; (Riß) um des *Raifers* — streiten, *prov.* to dispute about trifles; *Riß* (*Dat.*) den — abnehmen lassen, to have (get) one's self shaved; in den — brummen, to mumble, speak in a low voice, to grumble between the teeth; *Einem* etwas in

den — sagen or *merfen*, to tell a thing to a person's face, to throw into one's teeth; *coll-s.* frei vom *B-te*, with frankness, plainly, freely, without reserve; *Einem* einen — machen, to put a trick upon one, to sob one.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *abler*, m. *see* — *grier*; — *affe*, m. *see* *Brüllaffe*; — *ammer*, f. *see* *Bohrammer*; — *auter*, m. *T.* iron instrument used in loosening the beard or whiskers of a whale.

Bär'tau, (str.) n. *T.* pile-rope.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *beden*, n. shaving-basin; — *beißer*, — *beißter*, m. *Ichth.* bearded loach (*Cobitis barbata* L.); — *bürste*, f. brush for the beard or whiskers; — *bohle*, f. *Ornith.* *see* — *frühe*.

Bär't, (w.) f. 1) beard or barb of a whale; *B-n*, pl. unprepared whale-bone; 2) broad axe, chip-axe.

Bär'teisen, (str.) n. *see* — *gange*.

Bär'teln, (w.) v. tr. *Cloth.* to give the first cropping or shearing to (the cloth). — *Bär'telisch*, (str.) n. cloth of the first cropping.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *eule*, *see* *Frühlingseule*; — *faben*, m. *Ichth.* barb; — *falt*, m. *see* — *gier*; — *fisch*, m. 1) *see* *Barbe*; 2) cock-paddle, sea-owl (*Cyclopterus galathea*); — *fleum*, m. down (downy beard); — *flechte*, f. *Bot.* a genus of lichens (*Ulex barbata* L.); — *flüge*, f. *Entom.* bearded fly (*Musca mystecia*); — *geier*, m. *Ornith.* bearded vulture (*Vultur barbatus* L.); *Bot-s*, — *gerste*, f. rice-barley, sprat-barley (*Hordeum secalinum* L.); — *gras*, n. beard-grass (*Andropogon L.*); *wolfrichendes* — *gras*, *see* *Kamerichu*; — *grunbel*, f. *see* *Schurke*; — *hafer*, m. wild oats (*Avena fatua* L.).

Bär'tolsm'us (*Bär'tel*, *abbr.*), m. Bartholomew (*P. N.*); die — *nacht*, f. *Fr. Hist.* the massacre of St. Bartholomew.

Bär'tig, *adj.* bearded; *Bot.* barbata.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *famm*, m. comb for the beard or whiskers; — *farpfen*, m. *Ichth.* bearded carp; — *fappe*, f. bit-pincers; — *frühe*, f. bearded crow (*Corvus hollentotus*); — *frager*, m. comb, shaver, barber; — *fundel*, m. *Ornith.* barbet (*Bucco L.*); — *fappen*, m. *Ornith.* gills.

Bär'tling, (str.) m. a bearded person.

Bär'tläh, *adj.* beardless; der *B-e*, a lack-beard. — **Bär'tlähigkeit**, (w.) f. beardlessness.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *münchen*, m. 1) *Ornith.* *see* — *meife*; 2) *Ichth.* *see* *Schlangenfisch*, gemeiner; — *meife*, f. *Ornith.* the least butcherbird, bearded titmouse (*Parus biarmicus* L.); — *meßer*, n. *coll.* razor; — (*mund*) *moos*, n. *Bot.* bearded moss, barbula (*Barbula L.*); — *meise*, f. *vulg.* the remains of wine, &c. left in a vessel; — *meße*, f. *Bot.* sweet-william (*Dianthus barbatus* L.); — *muß*, f. albert; — *plante*, f. *Coop.* bottom-piece; — *pußer*, m. shaver, barber; — *robbe*, f. *Zool.* bearded seal (*Phoca barbata* Müll.).

Bär'tsch, (str.) m. *see* *Bärntlau*.

Bär'tsche, (w.) f. sweep, steering-oar (used on board of flat boats or rafts).

Bär't'..., in comp. — *schetter*, m. *see* — *pußer*; — *schüffel*, f. *see* — *beden*; — *seife*, f. shaving-soap; — *stisch*, m. *Ornith.* bearded parrot (*Psittacus ponticerianus*); — *sperring*, m. *see* — *meife*; — *spitzen*, f. pl. *Entom.* feelers, palpi; — *stern*, m. comet; — *vogel*, m. *Ornith.* 1) *see* — *fundel*; 2) grauer — *vogel*, wattlebird (*Glucopis cinerea* Gmel.); — *welgen*, m. (red-eared) bearded wheat (*Triticum spalia* L.); — *wischhafer*, m. *see* *Fahnenhafer*; — *zange*, m., *jünglein*, n. nippers, tweezers.

* **Bär't'sche**, (w.) f. (*Ital.*) coll. baroncho.

Bär't'..., in comp. — *winde*, f. *Bot-s* beard-bird (*Convolvulus sepium* L.); — *winfel*, m. periwinkle, *see* *Wintergrün*; — *wolf*, m. *see* *Bährwolf*; — *wurzel*, — *wurzel*, f. *see* 1) *Bärntschendel*; 2) *Bärntlau*; 3) bear's wort (*Barbistrang*); 4) candy-carrot (*Athamanta Cretaensis* L.).

Bär'tschung, (str., pl. *B-schäfte*) m. cash advance.

* **Bär't**, (str.) m. (Gr.) *Minor.* barytes, baryta, baryte; der *höchste* —, witherite, carbonate of baryta; — *erde*, f. *see* *Bär't*; — *haltig*, *adj.* barytiferous; — *metall*, n. *see* *Barium*; — *spatz*, m. foliated baroselenite.

Bär'tschend, *adj.* specie paying (banks).

Bär'tschung, (w.) f. payment in cash, specie-payment.

Bär'tsch, f. *see* *Bärntgrün*.

* **Ba'salt**, (str.) m. (*Lat.-Rom.*) *Minor.* basalt; — *artig*, — *förmig*, *adj.* basaltiform; — *felsen*, m. basaltic rock; — *glas*, n. *see* *Speist*; — *säule*, f. basaltic column; — *steingut*, n. basalt-wedgewood; — *tauf*, m. trap-tuff; — **Ba'saltin**, (str.) m. *Minor.* basaltine; — **Ba'saltisch**, *adj.* basaltic; — **Ba'saltit**, (str.) m. porphyrite.

A. **Ba'se**, (w.) f. aunt, female cousin.

B. * **Ba'se**, (w.) f. (Gr.) *see* *Basis*.

Ba'sel, n. *Geogr.* Basel, Basle (a city and [-*Sand*] canton of Switzerland).

Ba'selberr, (w.) f. *see* *Berberberr*.

Ba'seler, I. (str.) m. (*B-n*, w.) f. a native or inhabitant of Basel; II. *adj.* of Basel.

* **Ba'selle**, (w.) f. *Bot.* (*Ba'selfrucht*, n.) Malabar or climbing night-shade (*Basella L.*).

* **Ba'seologie**, (w.) f. (Gr.) 1) fundamental philosophy; 2) Chem. doctrine of the bases of bodies. — **Ba'seität**, **Ba'selität**, (w.) f. Chem. predominance of bases in bodies.

* **Ba'sillium**, n. **Ba'sille**, f., **Ba'sillen** frucht, n. *Bot.* (sweet) basil (*Ocimum L.*).

* **Ba'sillat**, (w.) m. basilisk, cockatrice; *B-enblid*, *Ag.* basilisk-giance.

Ba'sillat, m. Basil (*P. N.*).

Ba'sin [*pr. bäz'ing*], m. (Fr.) Comm. dimity.

* **Ba'siren**, (w.) v. (Gr.) I. tr. to base, ground, establish; II. *intr.* to be based, &c.

* **Ba'sis**, (pl. *Ba'sen*) f. (Gr.) 1) Archit. base, foot (of a column); basement; 2) — der *Schönheit*, *Ratir.* lower stage; 3) Chem., &c. base, basis (Chem. also: radical).

* **Ba'sisch**, *adj.* Chem. basal; basic, radical.

Ba'ste, (w.) m. Basque, Biscayan. — **Ba'stisch**, *adj.* Basque, Biscayan; *des* *B-e*, the Basque language.

* **Ba'stelich** [*Fr.* *pr. bäst'elich*], (str., pl. *B-s*) n. *Sculpt.*, &c. basso-relievo, basrelief.

Ba'st, *adj.* (& *adv.*), root of the comparative better) († & *post.* 1) good; well; 2) better.

Ba'st, (str., pl. *Bä'ste*) m. (*Ital.*) *see* *Bass*.

Ba'st, in comp. — *flüß*, f. courtial; — *geige*, f. bass-viol; *flüß* — *geige*, violoncello; *große* — *geige*, violone, counter-bass; — *horn*, n. serpent; — *labe*, f. sound-board of the bass of an organ; — *pfelle*, f. bassoon; — *posant*, f. sackbut; — *saite*, f. bass-string; — *schüffel*, m. bass-koy, bass-clef (*F-schüffel*) (notes); — *stimme*, f. bass-voice; — *zeichen*, n. *see* — *schüffel*.

* **Ba'sis**, (str., pl. *Ba'sis*, *comod.* n. *Ba'sen*) m. (*Turk.*) bassa, bashaw.

Ba'sistische *Gans*, f. *Ornith.* Solan(d)-goose, gannet (*Placium bassinus* L.).

* **Ba'sistich**, (w.) f. (Fr.) *Wass.* low warp.

* **Ba'sist**, (str.) n. (*Pr.*) 1) bassot (a game a cards); 2) (*dimin.*) *Ba'sist'schen*, (str.) n. Sport. beagie; 3) *Mus.* little bass; viol; — *bläser*, m. bassoonist; — *horn*, n. basset-horn.

* **Ba'sis** [*pr. bäz'ing*], (str., pl. *Ba'sis*) n. (Fr.) reservoir (of water), basin; — zum *Aus-besser* der *Schiffe*, wet or repairing dock.

* **Ba'sist**, (str.) m. bass-bag.

* **Ba'son** [*pr. bäss'ing*], (str., pl. *B-s*) m. (Fr.) *see* *Bassoon*.

* **Ba'sonin**, (str.) n. Chem. bassorine.

Ba'st, (str.) m. & n. 1) bast, inner bark (of trees, &c.), *liber*; 2) female (fumble) hemp; 3) a) Sport. skin on the antlers of a stag, &c.; abge'schabter — *des* *Stirns*, fraying, rub;

b) (human) skin: 4) *Comm.* name of several Indian stuffs, half bat, half silk.

* **Baf'a!** (*Bal.*) I. *interj.* basta! enough! II. s. (*Baf'e*, *sw.*) f. grüner Über in the German card) *Gam.* basto: (Treff) a) ace of clubs.

Baf'arb [*sometimes Baf'arb*], s. I. (*str.*) m. 1) bastard: 2) *Zool. & Bot.* (-hybr., -pflanze) hybrid; II. *in comp.* -abier, m. *Ornith.* baid (*Aquila vulturna* L.); -ameife, f. *see* Afterameife; -art, f. mixed or mongrel breed: -artig, adj. hybrid, hybridous: -birke, f. *see* Goldbirke: -birgshun, n. a small kind of grouse: -blattfarn, f., -bod, m. *see* Afterblattfarn & Afterholzbod; -falte, m. *Sport.* col-tril; -felle, f. *Nach.* bastard-fle: -fenster, n. *Archit.* mezzanine: -form, f. *Sag-u.* bastard-form or mould: -gäler, m. white-headed vulture (*Vultur fulvus* Gm.): -gleb, m. bastard cut (of a fle): -jasmün, m. white eyering, mock-orange (*Philadelphus cornarius* L.): -jungfer, f. *see* Amctenlöwe: -läfer, m. *see* Gelbläfer: -lalmud, m. *Bot.* *see* Baf'fchmewtel; -lappenz, m. billard: -fite, m. *Bot.* hybrid clover (*Trifolium hybridum* L.): -frucht, m. *see* Scherbrogel: -fette, f. *see* Biecupicker: -finde, f. *see* glatte Sommerlinde: -maifele, f. *Ichth.* scad, horse-mackerel (*Caranx trachurus* L.): -nachtfalch, f. Hungarian nightingale (*Spurreiter*): -natter, f. *see* Rurjchwanz: -pflanze, f. hybrid (plant): -quittte, f. *see* Zwergquittpel; -race, f. *see* art: -spinbel, -spinnmaifchine, f. *Spin.* mule: -thier, n. hybrid (animal): *Comm.-s.* -wäthfel, m. accommodation bill, *slang*, kite: -wein, m. name of *Pedro Ximenes* (a Spanish wine): -wefpe, f. sand-wasp (*Conuwoefpe*): -wolle, f. *Comm.* the inferior locks of wool (of a sheep of mixed breed).

* **Baf'el**, **Baf'el'n**, (*w.*) f. (*Fr.-Nal.*) *Mil.* bastion, bulwark: *ferre* (höfle) -, hollow bastion.

Baf'eln, **Baf'eln**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* coll. (with an & *dat.*) & tr. to work minutely (at a petty job), to dawdle (about a thing), to trifle with.

Baf'en, adj. of bast, bark.

Baf'er, (*str.*, pl. *sometimes* [*L. G.*] *B-n*) m. coll. for *Baf'ard*: 1) bastard: 2) *Comm.* bastard sugar, raw sugar.

Baf'... *in comp.* -baf, m. raw or undressed hemp: -bnt, m. chip-bat, bast-bat: -matte, f. bast-cover, bast-matting: -felbe, f. Persian sarconet: -fell, n., -fride, m. bast-rope, linden-cordage: -fittte, f. *Bot.* soft-leaved elm (*Ulmus campestris* L.).

Baf'ling, (*str.*) m. *see* Baf, 2).

* **Baf'ons'be**, (*w.*) f. bastinado: Einem die -geben, *Baf'ons'ben*, (*w.*) v. tr. to bastinado.

* **Baf'ell'el** [*pr. bata'l'el*], (*w.*) f. (*Fr.*) *Mil.-s.* battle: -marfch, m. march in battle-array: *B-nbnd*, n. chain or strap of a helmet: *B-n-gander*, m. polamoscope. [battalion]

* **Baf'ell'n** [*pr. bata'l'n*], (*str.*) n. (*Fr.*)

* **Baf'el'te**, (*w.*) f. 1) batatas, sweet potato: 2) (*or B-nwinde*) f. *Bot.* tuberous bind-wood (*Convolvulus batatas* L.).

Bata'ria, n. *Anc. & Mod. Geogr.* Batavia (also *Lat.* name for Holland) - *Ba'tä'wer*, (*str.*) n. Batavian - *Bata'wifch*, adj. Batavian.

Bat'en (*v.*) v. tr. *provinc.* (*L. G.*) *see* Batten.

Bat'garn, (*str.*) n. knitting-thread.

Bat'heng'el, (*str.*) m. *Bot.* gormander (*Tournefortia chamaedryps* L.); common betony (*Betonica officinalis* L.).

Bät'ing, (*w.*) f. *Mar.* (*B-ffels*) a piece of wood to which cables are fastened, pl. bits, Mitte; die große -, main bits; die kleine -, sail-sheet-bits; das Aftertau um die - belegen, to bit the cable: *es* von der - nehmen, to unbit the cable: *B-ffellen*, m. cross-piece

of the bits: *B-ffolgen*, m. pl. bolts of the bits: *B-ffölger*, m. pl. bits: *B-ffuice*, n. pl. spurs of the bits: *B-ffügel*, m. bitter of the cable: *B-ffpur*, n. step of the bit-pins: *B-ffpa(h)*-nen, *B-ffstellen*, *B-ffstügen*, f. pl. bit-pins.

* **Bat'ik'**, (*str.*) m. (*Fr.*) *Comm.* cambric: -blumen, pl. cambric flowers: -tuch, n. cambric handkerchief: -weber, m. cambric weaver.

* **Bated'en**, **Batog'en**, pl. *see* Badoggen.

* **Batrach'ier**, (*str.*) m. *Zool. (Gr.)* batrachian (*Großthier*).

Bat'ten, (*w.*) v. tr. *provinc.* (*L. G.* for *Beffen* it.) to boot, avail, profit.

* **Batterie**, (*w.*) f. (*Fr.*) 1) *Mil.* (also *Electr.*) battery: cine - *Brigade*, a brigade of artillery: cine *citende* -, a troop of horse-artillery: cine *aufwerfen* -, to throw, cast, raise up a battery: 2) *Gunn. & Gun-sm.* cover, hammer: 3) *Mar.-s.* die untere -, the lower gun-deck: die obere -, the upper battery: die halbe -, tier: -feber, f. *Gun-sm.* hammer-spring: -gefhüß, m. heavy ordnance: -platte, f. *Nach.* battery plate: -felte, f. broadside: -ftein, m. striking flint: -fütte, n. pl. *see* -gefhüß: -wurft, f. *Gunn.* saucisse.

* **Batt'ien**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Danc.* to strike the calves together: 2) *Fenc.* to knock the foil out of the antagonist's hand.

Bat'g, (*str.*) f. *provinc.* cart-tilt.

Bät, **Bät'e**, *see* Bep, Bep'e.

Bat'en, (*str.*) m. 1) coll. a) a large lump of any soft substance: b) a piece of loam, with which the eye of a furnace is closed previous to smelting: c) a large quantity: 2) batz (a Swiss coin, four kreutzers): 3) a gold or silver ornament for the neck of females.

Bat'en, (*str.*) v. *intr.* to lump (together).

Bat'ig, adj. coll. snappish, &c. *see* Bat'ig.

Bau, (*str.*) m. 1) a) the act of building, erection, construction: formation: im -(-e) begriffen, in course of construction, in progress of erection: *sein Haus ist im B-e* begriffen, his house is (in) building, or is being built: b) edifice, structure: 2) *Agr.* culture, cultivation (of lands): 3) *Min.* working (of a mine): 4) *Sport.* (a subterranean structure of animals) hole, den, kennel, cover, earth: aus dem B-e jagen, to uncover, unearth, unkennel: im B-e liegen, to kennel (said of foxes): burrow (of rabbits, &c.): in den - fchüßeln, to burrow: 5) *Ag.* fabric (of the universe, &c.), form, make, manner of organisation, structure: conformation (of the organs): (*Rörperbau*) frame: contexture (of muscles, fibres, &c.): auf den - kommen, to be condemned to the public works, cf. *Befungsbau*.

Bau'... *in comp.* -academie, f. architectural academy: -actenb., m. building-contract: -amt, m. board of works: building-court: -aufschlag, m. builder's estimate: -art, f. structure, construction: architecture, style (of building): -aufseher, m. superintendent of a building.

Bau'bär, adj. cultivable, arable.

Bau'... *in comp.* -beamte, m. member of the board of works: -bebarf, m. building-materials: -begnabigung, f. building-privilege or facility granted by government: -bericht, m. report of the board of works, &c.

Bau'ch, (*str.*, pl. *Bäu'che*) m. 1) belly: womb: *Anat.* venter, abdomen: zum - gehörig, den - betreffend, abdominal, gastric, ventral: *cont.* (von *Wienfchn*) maw, paunch: *hnd.* pouch: *seinem B-e dienen*, to be given (to pamper) to one's belly: *fich* (*dat.*) (vor *B-chen*) den - halten, to hold one's sides (with laughing): 2) a swelling out, protuberance, *particul.* a) *Mar.* bilge: aa) the broadest part of a ship's bottom: bb) bunt, leech, belly (of a sail): b) bulge (of a cask): einen - machen, to bulk out, to bulge.

Bau'ch'... *in comp.* -band, n. *Coop.* hoop round the middle of a cask: -bedeckung, f. *Anat.* abdominal integument: -befchwerden, f. pl. complaint, disease in the bowels: -blähig, adj. broken-winded (of horses): -blaf, n. *Vol.* chest-foundering: -böhrer, m. *Turn.* broach: -bruch, m. hypogastrocele: gastroccele: rupture, hernia: -cirtfel, m. (outside) callipers: -compresse, f. belly-band, truss: -decke, f. *see* -bedeckung: -beden (arterie it.), *Anat.* epigastric artery, &c.): -benningen, -biefen, pl. *Mar.* the thick stuff and ceiling placed next to the keel over all the floor-timbers: -blener, m. coll. glut-ton, belly-slave: -blenft, m. gluttony: *Anat.-s.* -brüfe, f. abdominal gland.

Bäu'che, (*w.*) f. buck (*Rauge*).

Bäu'chen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.*, &c. *see* Ausbäu'chen; II. *or Bäu'chen*, tr. 1) to form, fashion into a belly: 2) to buck.

Bau'ch'... *in comp.* -fell, n. peritoneum: -felfentzündung, f. *Med.* peritoneal inflammation: -fieber, n. gastric fever: *Ichth.-s.* -fleffe, f. ventral fin: -floffer, m. pl. abdominals: -flup, m. *Med.* looseness, diarrhoea: *lenter*: dysentery: -flüßig, adj. *lenter*: -fürmig, adj. bulgy: -füßler, m. *Nach.* gastropod: -ge-gen, f. die obere, untere, mittlere, the epigastric, umbilical, hypogastric region: -ge-fchwulft, f. tumor in the belly: -gileber, pl. the foot (of birds) the hind-foot (of mammalia): -gerbungen, f. pl. *Mar.* bent-lines: -grimmen, n. *Med.* gripes, colic: belly-ache: -gurt, m. belly-band, girth, girth: surcingle: -gürtel, m. *see* Reigigürtel: -haken, m. *Join.* hook: -haut, f. *see* -fell: die fette -haut einer Gans, apron of a goose: -höfle, f. *Med.* abdominal cavity.

Bäu'chig, **Bäu'chig**, adj. 1) bellied: convex: -rin, to belly: 2) *Bot.* ventricose, ventriculose: -aufgefchwollen, swelling out in knobs.

Bau'ch'... *in comp.* -larphen, m. *see* Recc-barbe: -flemt, f. *see* Blindbaal: -floffen, n. *Med.* abdominal pulsation: -fuchpen, n. *see* -grimmen: -frampf, m. iliac passion: -frant-fchit, f. gastric disease.

Bäu'ch'lein, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Bau'ch*) small belly: iron. paunch.

Bau'ch'... *in comp.* *Anat.-s.* -finte, f. (*Lat.*) *linea alba*: -mündung, f. bottom of the stom-ach: -naht, f. *Surg.* gastrotomy: -nerv, m. *Anat.* abdominal nerve: -ffnung, f. *Surg.* gas-trotomy: -ynftaber, f. *Anat.* celiac artery: -reden, n. ventriloquism: -rebuert, m. ventri-loquist: -rebuertich, adj. ventriloquous: -rebuertfuch, f. ventriloquism: -region, f. *see* -gegend: -ritzen, m. *see* -gurt: -ring, m. *Anat.* abdominal or inguinal ring: -runde, f. *see* Bäuchung: -fäge, *Forest.* felling-saw: -fanger, m. *Ichth.* sucker, sucking-fish (*Cyclopterus* L.): -fchient, f. *Rail.* fish-bellied (or fish-belly-) rail: -fchümers, m. *see* -grimmen: -fchnitt, m. *Surg.* gastrotomy: -fchwimmer, m. *Entom.* *see* Bafferwanze: -felflagen, pl. *Mar.* bunt-gaskets: -föрге, f. belly-care: -fpeichel, m. *Anat.* pancreatic juice: -fpeichel-brüfe, f. *Anat.* pancreatic gland, pancreas: -ftein-fchult, m. *Surg.* lithotomy: -fich, m. *Surg.* paracentesis, tapping of the belly: -ftruppe, f. strap of a girt: -fild, m. 1) meat from the belly, belly-piece: 2) *Mar.-s.* floor-timber: navel-timber: -fildet der Rat-fpuren, futtock-riders: -fildet der Spannen, flats: -fildet mit einander verbunden, *Ship-b.* cutting down-lines: -thier, n. *Zool.* *see* Schicim-thier.

Bäu'chung, **Bäu'chung**, (*w.*) f. bellying: swelling, protuberance: convexity: bulge.

Bau'ch'... *in comp.* -wafferfucht, f. *Med.* dropsy in the belly, ascites: -weh, n. belly-ache: -windfucht, f. *Med.* tympanitis, tympany: -wölfe, f. (von *Wölfen*) *Comm.* under-

locks; —wunde, *f.* wound in the belly; —wurm, *m.* *Zool.* ascaris; —gange, *f.* *Med.* lifting-tongs; —girtel, *see* —cirtel; —jung, *see* Stuhl-jung.

Bau ..., *in comp.* —bütte, *f.* —[st], *n.* —mission, *f.* board of works; —contract, *m.* building-contract; —bestmal, *n.* architectural monument; —dienst, *m.* service imposed upon vassals in assisting at buildings; —eisen, *n.* *T.* great iron-work, blackwork.

Bau'en, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* to build, construct; to raise (a scaffold); das Feld —, to cultivate, till, manure the field; ein Bergwerk —, to work a mine; Feldfrucht —, to grow, raise (corn, wheat, &c.); gebaut werden, to be building; gut or wohl gebaut, well-shaped, well-made; II. *refl.* *fig.* to raise itself, to be reared, to ascend; aus Werken baut sich eine Brücke (*Schiller*), a bridge is raised of pearls (*Bühner erroneously*: from pearls her lofty bridge she weaves); III. *intr.* *fig.* to rely, reckon, depend, count (auf [with Acc.], on), to trust (to or in).

Bauer, *s. I.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) builder; 2) *Mar.* lower transom; II. (*irr.*) *m.* 1) peasant; countryman; farmer; yeoman; ein großer —, clown, boor, hind, churl, rustic; er geht wie der — in den Thurn, *coll.* he goes like a bear to the stake; 2) *Gem.* *a.* knave (in German playing cards); *b.* pawn (a common man at chess); III. (*str.*) *m.* (*str.*) *see* Bogelbauer.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —bengel, *m.* *see* —figel; —brot, *n.* 1) coarse bread; 2) a party made of eggs, sugar, rye-meal and spice; —bursche, *m.* country-lad; —birne, *f.* *see* —mädchen; *fig.* boyden.

Bau'erde, (*w.*) *f.* mould, soil.
Bauerer, (*w.*) *f.* method (*often cont.*) mania, &c.) of building or cultivating the land.
Bauer..., *in comp.* —figel, *m.* *vulg.* loon, churl, lubber; —frau, *f.* country-woman; peasant's wife; —gut, *n.* farm, copy-hold, peasant-fief.

Bauerhaft, *see* Bauerlich.
Bauer..., *in comp.* —hund, *m.* peasant's cottage; farm-house; —hof, *m.* farm, manse; —hund, *m.* cur, mastiff, farm-dog; —hütte, *f.* cottage. [*müßig*].

Bauerin, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Bauerfrau, Bauer.
Bauerlich, *adj.* 1) rustic; 2) a peasant-like, boorish; clownish, churlish; uncourtly; *b.* *coll.* countrified; das b-e Wesen, rusticity, boorishness; —Wert, *Archit.* rustic work.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —joh, *m.* country-john; —jung, *m.* country-lad; —fest, *m.* hob; —fnecht, *m.* farmer's man (boy); hind, boor; —knopf, *m.* *Mar.* single-knot; —fess, *n.* base tenure; soccage.

Bauerlich, *adj.* pertaining to peasants or the peasantry; der b-e Abgeordnete, deputy from the peasantry; das b-e Recht, agrarian law or legislation.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —himmel, *m.* *see* —figel; —mädchen, *n.* country-girl, country-lass, peasant girl; —magd, *f.* farmer's maid.

Bauer..., (*v.*) *intr.* to cultivate the land as a peasant.

Bauer(n)..., *in comp.* —art, *f.* rusticity; —band, *m.* a species of Courland flax; —bänder, *n.* *pl.* common sort of ribbons, purchased by country-women; —bau, *m.* jurisdiction of a country-district; —bitt, *m.* *see* Bäuerin; —eyhle, *m.* *see* Cellerie; —etz, *n.* coarse potter's ore; —feind, *n.* enemy to the peasantry; —fengel, *m.* *see* Paartzung; —fess, *n.* *Arch.* lever of a cross-bar; —gerüst, *n.* country-court; —gut, *n.* farm; —gußstahl, *m.* *Mar.* iron flax; —fittel, *m.* smock-frock; —fiedung, *f.* rustic dress, russet; —knopf, —fnecht, *m.* *Mar.* single-knot; —fest, *f.* country-man's diot; *fig.* coarse food; —frucht, *n.* *see*

Stumpfschiff; —frieg, *m.* war of the peasants (in South-Germ. 16th cent.); —maiserel, *f.* graining; —meister, *m.* *see* Dorfschulze; —mische, *f.* redemption-money from serfdom; certain feudal fees; —ordnung, *f.* *see* —recht; —pferd, *n.* farmer's horse, nag; *fig.* jade; —pflaume, *f.* *see* Schliche; —plaster, *m.* *see* —schinder; —recht, *n.* laws and usances of the peasantry, peasant-code; —regel, *f.* peasant's proverb or maxim; —schaberder, *m.* *Bot.* spurge-root (*Euphorbia cyparissias* L.); —richter, *m.* judge of a country-court; —sand, *m.* *see* Bauerland; —schaf, *n.* country-sheep; —schcutz, *f.* village ale-house; —schinder, *m.* extortioner of the peasants; —schmiele, *f.* *see* Adstrichnamen; —schule, *f.* village-school; —schwalbe, *f.* *see* Rauchschwalbe; —fenz, *m.* *Bot.* a clown's mustard, treacle-mustard (*Thlaspi arvense* L.); *b.* carlock, candy-tuft (*Isobria* L.); —fitten, *f.* *pl.* rustic manners; —spige, *f.* *Wass.* footing; —sprache, *f.* country-dialect; —staud, *m.* condition of a peasant; peasantry (—stolz, *I. adj.* (*Schiller*) proud, overbearing like a churlish peasant; II. *s. (str.)* *m.* a peasant's pride, clownish or upstart pride; —tang, *m.* country-dance; —tanke, *f.* *see* Feldtanke.

Bauerthum, (*str.*) *n.* *see* Bauernthum.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —tracht, *f.* *see* —fleidung; —volf, *n.* country-people; *fig.* common people; —jung, *m.* *see* Diensthung.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —pflichtig, *adj.* liable to compulsory labour or soccage; —plattung, *f.* *Mar.* foxes made of nine ropeyarns; —sand, *m.* *Found.* moulding-sand.

Bauer(n)schaft, (*w.*) *f.* 1) peasantry; 2) collect. the peasants; 3) *see* Dorfschmiede.

Bauerliche, *pl.* country-people. [*ant.* Bauer'smann, (*str.*) *m.* country-man, peasant.

Bauer..., *in comp.* —stolz, *m.* rustic pride, clownish pride; —volf, *n.* *see* Bauerfleute.

Bau..., *in comp.* —etz, *n.* *Min.* native ore; —fach, *n.* architectural pursuit or line; —fähig, *adj.* decaying, out of repair; defective; ruinous, dilapidated, rickety, crazy; —fähigkeit, *f.* decay, dilapidation, &c.; craziness; —feld, *n.* field in cultivation; —fest, *adj.* *Archit.* solid; —freiheit, *f.* privilege of building, permission to build; —frohe, *f.* *see* —dienst; —gefängener, *m.* felon condemned to the public works or fortifications; —gerüst(e), *n.* implements (instruments) for building; —gericht, *n.* court appointed to decide on disputes arising from buildings; —gerüst, *n.* scaffold, scaffolding; —gefeßschaft, *f.* building-company or association; —gewerbschule, *f.* *see* —schule; —gewert, —handwert, *n.* builder's trade; —glicker, *n.* *pl.* (*verjerte*) *Archit.* dressings; —herr, *m.* builder. [*(Bauknecht* L.)].

* **Bauhütte**, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* mountain-ebony.
Bau..., *in comp.* —hof, *m.* timber-yard, building yard; stocks; —holz, *n.* timber, straight timber, store-timber; runde —holzer, *pl.* round timbers or humbers; —holzhandler, *m.* timber-merchant, raft-merchant; —horizont, *m.* ground level or line; —hütte, *f.* Freemason's lodge; —inspector, *m.* building-overseer; —kennzahl, *f.* architectural knowledge; —körper, *m.* body of an edifice; —kosten, *pl.* expenses of construction, of building; —kunde, *f.* *see* —kenntnis; —kunst, *f.* art of building, architecture; die bürgerliche —kunst, civil engineering; —künstler, *m.* *see* —meister; —leute, *pl.* workmen (employed in building).

Bau..., *I. adj.* concerning or besting a building; in b-em Stande, in a habitable condition, in good (or well in) repair; in b-em Stande erhalten, to keep in (good) repair; II. *B.-feist*, (*w.*) *f.* building, structure, locality.
Bau..., *in comp.* —linie, *f.* *Archit.* (straight) line; —lust, *f.* fondness for building; —lustig, *adj.* fond of building.

Baum, (*str.*, *pl.* Bäume) *m.* 1) tree; den —

erfüllt man an den Früchten, proverb, a tree is known by its fruit; 2) *Nach*, *Ac.* tree, bar, beam; staddle; (eines Bogens) range; (am Rarren) beam; 3) *Mar.* — vor einem Hafen, bar, boom; —ast, *m.* *Min.* agate arborescent, dendrochate. [*or yard*].

Baumgaffe, (*str.*) *n.* builder's magazine.
Baumähnlich, *adj.* tree-like; arborescent, arborescent; *Min.* dendroid.

Baum..., (*str.*) *m.* painter-decorator.
Baum..., *in comp.* —ast, *f.* *see* —gang; —also, *f.* *see* Hagbe; —amelle, *see* Kefamelle; —ampfer, *m.* *Bot.* South-America sorrel (*Triplaris*); —anger, *m.* *see* —garten; —artig, *adj.* *see* —ähnlich.

Baummaterialien, *pl.* building-materials.
Baum..., *in comp.* —anfschneider, *m.* *Gard.* pruner, pruning tool; —apfer, *f.* *Orchid.* mangrove oyster, tree oyster (*Ostrea parasitica* Gmel.); —art, *f.* falling axe; —bohne, *f.* *Bot.* bean tree (*Canavalia monocarpus* L.); —brand, *m.* blight (of trees), mildew; —bruch, *m.* wind-fallen wood; —brüchig, *adj.* windfallen.

Baum..., (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Baum) small tree, sapling.

Baum..., *in comp.* —baß, *m.* *Zool.* tree-badger (*Hyrax arboreus*); —cibische, *f.* *see* Schuppencibische.

Baum..., (*str.*) *m.* architect, builder.

Baum..., (*w.*) *f.* *coll.* tassal, bob.

Baum..., (*v.*) *intr.* *coll.* to bob, dangle, to swing; ich werde dich noch — sehen, I shall see you hanged yet.

Baum..., (*v.*) *v. I. intr.* *Sport.* *see* Aufbaum; II. *tr.* *see* Bäumen, I. 1.

Bäumen, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to provide, fasten (down) with a tree or large pole; 2) *Wass.* to put on the beam; II. *refl.* 1) to rear (as horses); 2) *see* Aufbäumen.

Baum..., *in comp.* —ente, *see* Fohente; —eyhle, *m.* *Bot.* tree ivy (*Hedera arborea*); *Ornith.* —ente, *f.* little horned owl (*Syris scops* L.); —falk, *m.* tree-falcon, hobby (*Falco subdus* L.); —farn, *m.* *Bot.* tree-farn; poly-pody, oak-fern (*Polypodium vulgare* L.); —fink, *m.* *Ornith.* American sparrow (*Prinaglia arborea*); —fische, *f.* *Bot.* tree-liken (*Par-melia parietina*); —flüte, *f.* *see* —pfife; —fluch, *m.* *see* Springfluch; —förmig, *adj.* arborescent, arborescent; *Min.* dendroid; —fraz, *m.* *Bot.* canker; —fresser, *m.* malicious injury done to growing trees or shrubs; —frosch, *m.* tree-frog, *see* Fuchsfrosch; —gabel, *f.* *Gard.* fork used in loosening the earth round the roots of trees; —gamanber, *m.* *Bot.* tree-gremander (*Tricium flavum* L.); —gang, *m.* avenue, alley; —gans, *f.* *Ornith.* brand-goose, brand-goose (*Anser brema* K.); die gottliche —gans, 1) barnacle-bird, white-fronted-goose (*Anas erythropus* L.); 2) tree-goose, black-goose (*Anas bernicla* L.); —garten, *m.* orchard; nursery; —gärtner, *m.* nursery-man or gardener; —gärtnerel, *f.* *see* —gärt; —gärtner, *n.* espallier; —gief, *f.* *Mar.* *see* —trep; —gretzel, *m.* plough-beam; —grille, *f.* *Entom.* harvest fly, honey thistle (*Coelada* L.); —grün, *m.* *see* —rüb; —gruppe, *f.* clump, group, cluster, tuft of trees; —hade, *f.* *see* Stobehade; —hader, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) woodpecker, wall-creeper, pecker (*Picus martius* L.); 2) mud-wall (*Marepe* L.); —haft, *adj.* *see* —artig; —haz, *n.* tree-resin or gum; —hafter, *m.* *see* —gruppe; thickset; —hebe, *f.* 1) tree-beaver; uprooter; 2) *see* Hebebaum; —hefe, *f.* hedge-row; —heufchreide, *f.* *see* Heufchreide, grüne; —hlype, *f.* lopping knife; —hoch, *adj.* as high as a tree; ein —höher Kri, a strapping fellow; —höber, *m.* *Bot.* common black elder (*Sambucus nigra* L.); —holz, *n.* trees produced from seed; —hlypter, *m.* *Entom.* green grasshopper (*Locusta viridissima* L.); —hlyte, *n.* *Ornith.* curassow-bird (*Oreas alector* L.).

4) Herald. see Delect; 5) Mus. indistinct, not clear (of the voice).

Bedeckung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) covering, &c.; 2) a covering: a) clothes; b) cover, tegument; c) (Voss, l. u.) shelter (vor dem Winde, from the wind); 3) Astr. occultation (of a star); 4) Mil. escort, convoy, safe-guard; 5) Comm. provision; security; 6) T-s. a) (eines Bindmüllens) clothing; b) (der Dampföffnung vor den Schiebern) over-lap cover, lap (of the slide), slide-valve lap; c) (der Stopfbüchse) packing of the stuffing-box.

Bedecken, (w.) v. tr. to surround or protect with a dike, to dike.

* **Bedeck**, see Bedell.

Bedenken, (irr.) v. l. tr. 1) to consider; to think, reflect, ponder, meditate on (upon); to examine, weigh, mind, heed, to bear in mind; bedenke das Ende, consider the end; 2) to care for, to take care of, remember; sich selbst —, to take care of one's own advantage (coll. of number one); (Einen) im Testamente —, to remember or put (one) in one's will, to provide for (one), to bequeath something to; Cin hat den Verfall der Jahreszeiten mit hundert Pfund bedenkt, Quin had set down the author of the Seasons for a hundred pounds; II. rgl. to advise or reason with one's self, to deliberate, to consider well; 2) to hesitate, pause; sich entsetzt —, to change one's mind; sich eines Bedenken —, to bethink one's self (for the better); sich eines Mißtrats —, obgleich, to devise an expedient, &c.; sich hin und her —, to fluctuate, to waver; Eincm zu — geben, to leave to a person's consideration.

Bedenken, s. (irr.) n. 1) a) consideration, deliberation, reflection; b) (Luther, &c.) opinion, advice (Gutachten); 2) hesitation; doubt (über (with Acc.), about), scruple; — tragen, to doubt, hesitate, scruple, to stick at, stagger; ich trage kein —, I entertain no scruple; es ist nicht das mindeste — dabei, there is not the slightest risk to be run in the matter; kein — tragen, not to hesitate, to have no scruple (about), to have no objection (to), not to demur (at); (sich (Dat.) ein — über (with Acc.) machen, to scruple or stumble at ...; ohne —, without any scruple, without hesitation, unhesitatingly.

Bedenklich, (w.) f. see Bedenklich.

Bedenklich, l. adj. 1) (of persons) hesitating, doubtful; wistful, scrupulous, nice; 2) (of things, &c.) a) doubtful, suspicious; hazardous; b) critical, serious; er ist — krank, verunreicht &c., he is seriously ill, wounded, &c.; II. B-felt, (w.) f. 1) doubtfulness, scrupulousness, scruples, nicety; hesitancy, wavering, irresolution; 2) criticalness, critical state (of affairs, &c.), seriousness (of an illness); B-en haben, see Bedenken tragen.

Bedenkzeit, (w.) f. time for considering or reflection; respite, delay, leisure.

Bedenken, l. (w.) v. tr. 1) to inform; to give to understand, declare, signify, point out, explain, state to; to set right; lassen Sie sich —! be advised (by me)! er ließ sich nicht —, he was not to be satisfied, he would hear no reason, he would not listen to reason; 2) a) to enjoin, to direct; b) to beckon (with the hand or head); 3) to signify, mean, denote; auf den Vertritt, die die Welt — (Schiller, An die Freunde), on the boards which represent the world (i. e. on the stage); sagen Sie mir, was es zu — hat, tell me what it means: was soll das —? what do you mean by this? how now? 4) to forebode, presage, portend, betoken; 5) to be of consequence; to matter, import; es hat nichts zu —, it does not signify, it is of no consequence or account, it matters not, never mind; es hat nicht viel zu —, it is no great matter, it matters little; II. v. s. (irr.) n. intimation; mit dem —, with the intimation (pointing out to him, &c.).

Bedenklich, adj. considerable, important, great; ein B-er Verlust, a great, serious, or heavy loss; er hat ein B-es Fortwandrungsgeld, he is in a large way of business as a colour-man or in the colour-line; die Firma gehört unter die minder B-en, the firm ranks among the second-rate ones; significant (Bedeutung); nichts —, of no consequence.

Bedeutung, l. adj. significant, significative, full of (or fraught with) meaning (looks, &c.); II. B-felt, (w.) f. significance; importance, consequence.

Bedeutung, (w.) f. 1) signification, significance, meaning, sense; 2) foreboding, sign, presage; dies ist von guter —, this augurs well; 3) importance, consequence; ein Mann von —, a man of (good) account, of importance, of high standing; es ist von geringer —, it is of little consequence or moment, of slight importance; von keiner —, of no account.

Bedeutungs, s. in comp. —, l. adj. void of meaning, meaningless, unmeaning, trivial, inconsiderable, insignificant; —losigkeit, f. insignificance, unmeaningness, triviality; —voll, adj. full of meaning, significant; ominous; —schwer, adj. of great consequence, weighty, momentous.

Bedecken, (w.) v. tr. (Halen, l. u.) to adorn with a diadem, to crown.

Bedecken, (w.) v. tr. to board, floor.

Bediene, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to serve, attend, to give attendance to, to wait on; 2) (l. u.) ein Amt —, to fill an office; eine Kirche —, to do duty in a church, to officiate; was bedient er? what is his employment? 3) (l. u.) Eincm bedient sein, to be one's counsel; to attend on (as physician); to work for one; sich von Andern — lassen, to make others wait upon us; ich lasse mich nicht gern —, I hate being waited upon; ein Gelehrter —, einem, to work (w. il. serve) a piece; die Farben (in der Karte) —, einem, to follow suit (at cards); II. rgl. 1) to help one's self; bitte — Sie sich! pray, help yourself! 2) sich einer Sache (Gen.) —, to make use, or avail one's self of a thing, to turn a thing to (good) advantage or account, to profit by a thing; to apply a thing to; sich einer Gelegenheit —, to avail one's self of, to profit by an opportunity.

Bediene, (w.) v. tr. to confer an employment on, to appoint to a situation or office; ein Bediensteter, an official (cf. Beamte).

Bediene, m. (dead. like adj.) 1) servant, serving-man, male servant, servant-man, manservant, lackey, valet; 2) (l. u.) official, officer, see Beamte.

Bedienehaft, l. adj. fg. servile, slung, flunkey-like; II. B-igheit, (w.) f. servility, slung, flunkeyism.

Bediene, s. in comp. —, l. adj. n. servant's livery; square coat; —lohn, m. wages; —fl, m. rumble, dicky (behind a coach); —jimner, n. servant's hall.

Bediene, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) serving, &c. cf. Bedienen; 2) service, waiting, attendance; Comm. attention to (execution of) orders; 3) collect. servants, domestics; 4) office, employment, place; zu Ihrer —, at your service, for your guide, use, or perusal.

Beding, (irr.) m. (now only employed in the higher style) condition, see Bedingung.

Bedingen, v. tr. l. (irr.) to settle terms, to contract, stipulate, to agree for, to condition, to bargain for or about (the price); die Frucht —, to settle the terms of freight; ein Schiff —, to charter a vessel; II. (w.) to limit, affect; bedingt sein von, to be dependent on, affected by; das ist von Umständen bedingt, that depends on circumstances; b-b, p. a. conditional.

Bedingung, (irr.) n. condition, postulate. **Bedingt**, l. adj. conditional; hypothetic;

b-b Annahme, Comm. qualified, partial, enlarged, conditional acceptance; acceptance for part; das B-feln, or II. B-felt, (w.) f. conditionality, the quality of being conditional, limitation by certain terms.

Bedingung, (w.) f. condition; clause, provision, qualification; terms, stipulation, agreement, proviso; auf gute B-en, on good terms; unter der — (das), on (the or this) condition, with this understanding, provided (that); auf B-erzuehen, to yield to or accept of conditions; unter billigen B-en, on fair or easy terms; unter jeder —, upon any term; B-en machen, to make terms, to stipulate, to condition; unter keiner —, not upon any terms, on no condition whatever; b-Buehle, adv. & adj. upon condition, on certain conditions; in a qualified sense, conditional, conditionally. [fg. to make thorny.

Bedenken, (w.) v. tr. to cover with thorns; **Bedrängen**, (w.) v. tr. to press hard; to oppress, distress, to grieve, afflict, vex, harass; bedrängt, distressed, in distress; necessitous (condition, &c.); coll. hard put to, hard up; in bedrängten Verhältnissen, in embarrassed (strained) circumstances.

Bedrängnis, (irr.) f. pressure, grievance, affliction, distress, embarrassment.

Bedrängen, (w.) f. oppression, pressure, affliction, grievance, vexation; in —, in difficulties. [threaten, menace.

Bedroh, (w.) v. tr. (Bedröhen*), to threaten, menace; **Bedrohlich**, adj. threatening, menacing.

Bedrohung, (w.) f. (the act of) threatening; Lat. commination. [to print.

Bedrücken, (w.) v. tr. to cover with print, **Bedrücken**, (w.) v. tr. to oppress, distress, vex, torment. — **Bedrücken**, (irr.) m. oppressor, exactor, extortioner. — **Bedrücken**, (w.) f. oppression; persecution; hardship.

Bedürfnis, **Bedürfnis**, (w.) v. tr. to perfume, scent.

* **Bedürfnis**, (w.) m. **Bedürfnis**, adj. (Arab.) Bedouin, Bedoween, Bedaween, Bedawin; Bedürfnisbedürfnis, m. Bedouin chief.

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. tr. to dung, manure.

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. impers. (with Acc.) to seem, appear; mich bedürft, mich will —, me thinks, me seems; sich — lassen, to be of opinion; to think; das —, v. s. (irr.) n. opinion, estimation; nach meinem — or meines B-s, in my opinion, to my thinking.

Bedürfnis, **Bedürfnis**, (w.) v. tr. to cover with vapour or smoke.

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. tr. to see Bedürfnis.

Bedürfnis, (irr.) v. tr. & tr. (with Gen. & Acc.) to need, to be or stand in need of, to want, lack, to be short of (money, &c.); to require; ich bedarf Geld, I want money, I am in want of money; ich bedarf dringend Geld, I am distressed for money; ich bedarf dringend mein Geld, I am in pressing need of my money; man bedurfte seine Dienste nicht länger, his services were no longer needed; es bedarf keiner Entschuldigung, there needs no excuse; dessen bedurfte es nicht, there was no need or necessity of it. [forbidding.

Bedürfnis, adj. needing, wanting; see Bedürfnis.

Bedürfnis, (irr.) n. 1) need, want, necessity; Comm. see Bedarf; Ihre B- (an Waaren), your requirements; sein (natürliches) — vertritt, to do one's want; 2) exigency, occasion; desideratum, requisite; pl. necessities.

Bedürfnis, l. adj. wanting; 1) needy, indigent, poor, necessitous; 2) (with Gen.) in want or need of; II. B-felt, (w.) f. indigence, distress, poverty.

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. tr. v. l. to make drunk.

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. tr. coll. to confound (Bedürfnis, Bedürfnis).

Bedürfnis, (w.) v. tr. (l. u.) to furnish with corners; to ornament at the corners.

Bee'gen, (w.) v. tr. to harrow.
Bee'hren, (w.) v. tr. 1) (mit oder durch etwas) to honour: — Sie mich bald mit einem Briefe, honour or favour me soon with a letter: mit seiner Gegenwart —, to grace with one's presence; 2) *Comm.* see *Honorieren*.

Bee'igen, Bee'den, (w.) v. tr. 1) to confirm by (or to declare upon an) oath, to take an oath of; 2) to administer an oath to (one); to swear, bind (one) by oath: Hindu-Zeugen werden ebenso darauf (i. e. auf das Wasser des Ganges) bedet, wie die Christen und Ruffen-männer auf ihre heiligen Bücher, Hindoo witnesses are sworn upon it in the same way as Christians and Mussulmans are sworn upon their sacred books (*Rothemann*); bedigtige Aussage, evidence upon oath: (schriftliche) Affidavit: bedigtige Wäffer, sworn brokers.

Bee'igung, (w.) f. the act of taking an oath, swearing (in), &c. cf. *Bee'digen*.

Bee'ern, (w.) v. reg. to endeavour, to exert one's self, to be solicitous or zealous (für, um *with Acc.*), for, of; to take pains, to press eagerly (for), to bestir one's self: sich aufs Äußerste —, to do one's utmost, one's best, to leave no stone unturned; sich für Einen —, to enter warmly into one's interests, to take warm interest in a person's cause, concern, &c.

Bee'ge'haften, (w.) v. tr. (L. u.) to qualify.
Bee'len, (w.) v. tr. to hasten, hurry, speed; sich —, to bestir one's self, to make haste.

Bee'in'flussen, (w.) v. tr. to influence, to bias.

Bee'in'träch'tigen, (w.) v. tr. to prejudice, injure, wrong, hurt, harm, bias; to invade, infringe, to intrude or encroach upon, to interfere with, to weaken, to impair; to endanger, to detract from (one's reputation); der Bee'in'träch'tigte, the injured or aggrieved party; b-d, p. a. prejudicial, injurious, derogatory (to), infringing, encroaching (upon).

Bee'in'träch'tigung, (w.) f. the (act of) prejudicing, &c., prejudice, injury, invasion, infringement, derogation, deduction.
Bee'isen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover with iron, to iron; 2) (from Eisen, s.) to cover with iron; to shoe (horses).

* **Bee'ise'ß (pr. bäl', —, sometimes pr. & spelt Bee'ise'ß), (str., pl. B-ß) m. (Hebr.)** Boelzebub.

* **Bee'u, s.** see *Behen*.

Bee'n'digen, Bee'n'den, (w.) v. tr. to end, finish, conclude, close; to break up (a party, a ball); to make up, accommodate, settle (a quarrel, dispute); to terminate, put a stop to.

Bee'n'igung, (w.) f. termination, close, conclusion.

Bee'ng'en, (w.) v. tr. to narrow (a road, the bed of a river, *fig.* the mind, &c.); to contract, to confine, to draw closer, to straiten, to cramp; Schuhe welche die Füße —, shoes that pinch (or cramp) the feet; *fig.* to limit, trammel, cramp; to oppress: b-d, p. a. close, stifling (as air, &c.); bee'ngt, *pp.* confined, close: sich bee'ngt fühlen, *fig.* to feel oppressed.

Bee'ng'ung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) narrowing, confining, &c.; 2) *Med. & Surg.* stricture: — der Blase, inversion of the bladder.

Bee'r'en, (w.) v. tr. 1) (Einen) to be one's heir, to inherit from (one), to succeed (one) or to (one's estate); 2) beer't sein (i. e. Erben haben), to have issue. — Beer'ber, (str.) m. inheritor (of), heir (to), successor.

Bee'r... (from Beer), in comp. —angelica, f. see *Bee'rholde*; —blau, see *Bee'rblau*; —blume, f. see *Bee'selle*. [anoe.]

Bee'r'ung, (w.) f. an inheriting, inheriting.

Bee'r'ung, (w.) v. tr. to inter, bury.

Bee'r'igung, (w.) f. interment, burial.

Bee'r'igung, (w.) f. funds of a burial society; B-feier, f. funeral solemnities, ob-

sequies; burial; B-feierlichkeit, f. funeral rites, obsequies; B-festen, pl. funeral expenses; B-Splatz, m. burial place.

Bee're, (w.) v. f. berry: perfijige B-n, pl. *Dy.* French berries, berries of Avignon.

Bee'ren, (w.) v. l. tr. to furnish with berries; to pick or gather berries.

Bee'ren... in comp. —aßet, m. *Mim.* baciform scabate; —Äuflig, —artig, adj. berry-like: Bot-s. —baum, m. American gooseberry (*Melastoma acinodendron* L.); —blau, m. a blue colouring matter in bilberries, elderberries, &c. (used in dyeing); —beße, f. berry-bearing Angelica (*Araña* L.); —flecker, m. see —wanze; —fürmig, adj. berry-shaped, Bot. baciform; —freßend, adj. bacivorous (of birds); —freßer, m. *Ornith.* bacivorous bird; —melde, f. strawberry-blite, berry spinage, blite (*Beta* L.); —pilz, m. see *Stralenzpilz*; —tragend, adj. berry-bearing, bacciferous, cociferous; —wanze, f. *Entom.* garden-bug (*Cimex baccharum* L.).

Bee'r... in comp. —eßet, f. see *Bee'reße*; —gelb, m. a yellow colour extracted from the juice of the buck-thorn (in Holland, &c.); —grün, m. 1) Bot. lesser periwinkle (*Vincetoxicum* L.); 2) a green colour, see *Eisgrün*; —gelbe, f. black-berried heath (*Empetrum nigrum* L.).

† **Bee'r'hastig, adj.** see *Bär'hastig*.

Bee'rig, adj. 1) see *Bee'rtaugig*; 2) bearing berries, berry-bearing.

Bee'r... in comp. —melde, see *Bee'renmelde*; —most, m. grape-must, unpressed must; (schwarzer) —strauch, m. see *Holzer*; —wein, m. 1) wine obtained from grape-must; 2) wine made stronger by pouring it over fresh grapes to be pressed; —wur, —wurder, see *Bürwur*, *Bürwurder*.

Bee'st, see *Bie'st*.

Bee't, (str.) n. 1) a) Gard. bed: das schmale —, platband; parterre; b) B-e, pl. *Brom.* couches; 2) see *Bee'wache*.

Bee'te, (w.) f. l. see *Bete*; II. Bot. beet, beet-root (*Beta* L.); rote —, common beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.).

Bee'ten, (w.) v. tr. to divide into beds.

Bee'tling, (str.) n. provinc. dowry, portion (cf. *Bette*, l. *Bette*).

Bee'fä'cht, (w.) v. tr. to fan.

Bee'fä'chen, (w.) v. tr. to enable, fit, to qualify; geistig bee'fä'cht, of intellectual ability.

Bee'fä'gung, (w.) f. the act of enabling, &c.; qualification.

Bee'fä'hr'bar, adj. practicable, passable (of roads, &c.), navigable, passable (of rivers).

A. Bee'fä'ren, (str.) v. tr. 1) a) to ride on, to travel over or on, to frequent, use (a road); b) to navigate, to ply on (the sea, a river); die Küsten —, to sail along the coasts, to coast; Mar-s. einen Ort — haben, to be a good pilot for a certain place; b-(es) Boff, veteran sailors; ein b-er Ratroße, a weather-beaten sailor; 2) to carry (stones, &c.) to, to cover with (manure, &c.); 3) *Mim.* to get, descend into (a mine), particular for purposes of inspection; 4) *Law.* to take possession of (a house, &c.).

B. Bee'fä'ren, (w.) v. tr., refl. & intr. (ob-solescent) to fear, to be afraid of; sich einer Sache (Gen.) —, to anticipate, expect, apprehend.

Bee'fä'ring, (w.) f. 1) the act of riding on (a road), &c. cf. *Befahren*; 2) navigation (of a river, &c.); 3) *Mim.* a) descent into (a mine); b) the working of (a mine); B-bericht, m. report of the inspector as to the state of a mine.

Bee'fä'len, (str.) v. intr. impera. to besal, attack; — werden, to be attacked (von, with or by); to be taken (by); von einer Krankheit — werden, to be suddenly seized with illness,

to be taken ill; von einem Sturm — werden, to be taken with, be overtaken (surprised) by a storm.

Bee'fang', (str., pl. Bee'fäng') m. (Grimm. WB. Vorr. XXIV.) abductant, compass, confined space, (narrow) limits or bounds.

Bee'fäng'en, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to inclose, encompass, to shut in, surround; 2) to contain, hold, comprehend; 3) *fig.* (von, in) — sein, to be taken or seized (with), to be fettered (by), to be involved or implicated (in); in einem Irrthum — sein, to labour under a mistake; vom Schlaf — sein, to be overcome (with) sleep, to be oppressed with drowsiness; II. *refl.* see *sich Bee'fassen*.

Bee'fäng'n, l. p. a. 1) biased, partial, prejudiced, prepossessed (von, with), cf. *Bee'fäng'n*, v.; 2) disconcerted, confused, embarrassed; Einen — machen, to put a constraint on one; II. B-heit, (w.) f. 1) prepossession, bias; 2) restraint, confusion, embarrassment.

Bee'fä'fen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to touch, handle; 2) to compass, comprehend; II. *refl.* to concern, trouble one's self, to deal (with); to mix one's self up (with), to meddle (mit, with) to engage (in), to enter, dive (into); die Gegenstände mit denen sich die Geologie befaßt, the subjects with which geology is concerned; sich mit Politik —, to deal in politics; sie befaßt sich nicht gern damit, she does not like the trouble of it.

† **Bee'fä'fen, (str.) v. tr. 1)** to attack, assault, to combat; 2) see *Erschlagen*.

Bee'fä'fen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with feathers; cf. *Befiedern*.

Bee'fä'fen, (w.) v. l. tr. to make war upon; to invade, to attack; II. *refl.* to be in a state of warfare or conflict. — Bee'fä'fung, (w.) f. the (act of) making war, &c.; B-Vertrif, f. see *Beb'chric*.

Bee'fä'f, (str.) m. 1) command, (*Mil.*) order: charge; *Comm.* order, direction, commission, Law, injunction, precept; was ist (steht) zu (ihrem) —? what is your pleasure? give your orders; ich stehe zu (ihrem) —, I am at your disposal or commands; auf seinen —, at his command; den — führen, haben, to command; zu Ihret, Eurer Majestät —, at her, his Majesty's devotion; stets zu —, always ready to obey orders; bis auf weiteres —, till further orders; er hat den — über die Krone, he has the command of the army; auf dessen —? by whose orders?

Bee'fä'f, (str.) v. tr. 1) a) (Einen etwas) to command; to bid, order, charge; was — Sie? what do you desire? wie Sie —, as you please; b) see *Befehligen*; — Sie über meine Dienste, dispose of my services; 2) t, to recommend (*Empfehlen*); in deine Hände befehle ich meinen Geist (Luk. 23, 46), into thy hands I commend my spirit; befehl dich deinem Schöpfer, trust to (or put your trust in) your maker; befehl dem Herrn deine Wege (Ps. 37, 5), commit thy way unto the Lord; Gott befehlen, adieu; b-d, p. a. imperative: mandatory; directorial: ein b-der Ton, a tone of superiority; die b-be Form, f. *Gramm.* imperative mood. [dictatorial.]

Bee'fä'flich, adj. imperious, imperative.
Bee'fä'flichen, (w.) v. tr. to command (an army); to head (troops); befehligen, p. a. under command (von, of).

Bee'fä'f... in comp. —form, f. see —weise, s.; —haber, m. commander; commanding officer; chief: (unum)gehörtet dictatör: —haberlich, adj. imperious; dictatorial: magisterial; authoritative: —haberhaft, —haberliche, —haberwürde, f. office, power, dignity of a commander; —weise, l. adv. by way of command; II. a. (w.) f. *Gramm.* imperative mood. [farblich by illing.]

Bee'fä'fen, (w.) v. tr. to file at or off; to

Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cheapen.
Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to persecute, treat hostilely (Anfeinden).
Befestigen (*i. u.* **Befestigen**), (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to fasten, to make fast; to fix, attach; to secure (with iron bars, &c.); *Mas.* to imbed: einen Fensterrahmen —, to bed and fix a window-frame; *b*) *Mar.* ein Lan —, to belace, to clinch (a cable); *2*) *Mil.* to fortify, strengthen; *3*) *fig.* to strengthen, to stay, keep steady, consolidate, cement, establish, fortify (one's power, &c.), to confirm (one's authority), to settle (the wavering, &c.). — **Befestiger**, (*str.*) *m.* fastener, &c.; fortifier.
Befestigung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the act of fastening, &c.; *b*) anything that fastens, &c.; *Mar.* seining; *2*) *Mil.* fortification: *a*) the act of fortifying; *b*) defence (gen. pl.); bulwark, barrier; *3*) *fig.* the act of strengthening, consolidation: **Befestigung**, *f.* art of fortification; **Befestigung**, *m.* palisade: **Befestigung**, *m.* pl. fortifications, defences.
Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Befestigen.
Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wet, damp, to moisten; to irrigate, water (lands, meadows).
Befestigung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of wetting, &c., irrigation.
Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *lit.* (*i. u.*) to provide with fire; to light up, illumine; *2*) *fig.* to fire, heat, animate.
Befestigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to feather (as an arrow, &c.); to provide with plumage; *II. ref.* to get feathers. — **Befestiger**, *p. a.* feathered.
Befinden, (*str.*) *v. i. tr.* to find, judge, to think, deem, esteem; für gut —, to deem fit, to see good; schuldig befinden werden, to be found (brought in) guilty; *II. 1) ref.* to find one's self, to fare, to do, be (well, ill, &c.); sich wohl —, to be well off or in easy circumstances, to stand well; wie — Sie sich? how do you do? how do you find yourself? how are you? Sie — sich noch wohl? I hope you are well? wir — uns hier ganz wohl, we are quite comfortable here; nachdem er ein Glas Wein getrunken hatte, befand er sich besser, after having taken a glass of wine, he felt more comfortable; wie werden sehen, wie er sich dabei befindet, we shall see, how it will fare with him; *2*) sich an einem Orte —, to be (stationed) at a place; *3*) *see* sich Verhalten; die Sache befindet sich anders, the thing is otherwise, the case is different.
Befinden, *v. z. (str.) n.* 1) state of health; *2*) the being in some place; *3*) opinion, estimation; *4*) the state in which a thing is found, condition; nach — (der Sache), according to circumstances or requirements, as the case may be, as the thing turns out, as you (he, &c.) may think fit.
Befindlich, *adj.* to be found (present); being, contained; situated: irgendwo — sein, to be or exist somewhere.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to finger; to thumb.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to varnish.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fish in (a pond, &c.).
Befinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to cover with any thing plaited, to line with wicker-work (*cf.* Beziehen).
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to blot, spot, stain, soil, sully, slur, smirch, blur, defile; to grease; *2*) *fig.* *a*) to pollute, contaminate, defile, sully; *b*) to injure, asperse, cast aspersions on, tarnish, blemish, bespatter (one's reputation); seine Hände mit ungeschuldigem Blute —, to imbue one's hands in innocent blood; das Gesicht —, to defile the marriage bed; seine Ehre, sein Gewissen —, to defile, stain, pollute one's honour, conscience; *3*) to heal, place, to heal (shoes or boots). — **Befinden**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of blotting, &c.; *2*) *fig.* contamination, pollution, defilement.
Befinden, (*str.*), **Befinden**, (*w.*) *v. ref.*

(sich einer Sache *Gen.*), rarely with auf (*cf.* Acc.) —, to apply to a thing, to attend to, to study (medicine, law, &c.); to be studious (of), to endeavour, to strive after, to devote one's self, to exert one's self, bestow pains upon; to apply one's self to a thing; er befaßt sich, he makes it his study; er befaßt sich mit der Ritzerei, he aims at brevity. — **Befinden**, (*w.*) *f.* studiousness, application.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to patch, cobble.
Befinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to fly or light upon.
Befinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to flow at, on, against; mit Blut befaßt, stained with blood, gory; *2*) to provide with corks, to make float (of nets).
Befinden, *I. adj.* studious (einer Sache *Gen.*), of, assiduous, diligent; given, devoted (to), intent (auf, upon); der Wissenschaften — sein, to apply one's self to study, to study; to practise: der Sparlichkeit —, given to parsimony; ein B.-er, a student (der Theologie, in theology, divinity; der Jurisprudenz, a law-student; der Medizin, a medical student); one who practises, a practitioner: *II. B.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* studiousness, assiduity.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with span-
Befinden, *p. a.* 1) *Sport.* flogged (Hilfge); *2*) *Forest.* overgrown with young fir-trees (*cf.* Befinden & Anlegen).
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with craps.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to add wings to, to furnish with wings; to feather: *b*) *fig.* to hasten, accelerate, animate, wing; und die Angst befähigt den eilenden Fuß (*Schiller*), and anguish lends wings to his hurrying foot; *2*) einen Wald —, to cut a lane, an avenue through a forest. — **Befinden**, *p. a.* winged, wingy.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to deceive with tricks or fibs, to bamboozle.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover (a charcoal kiln) with brushwood or faggots.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wash (of the sea).
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to follow, obey, to comply with; to follow up (a custom), to act up to; genau —, to adhere (closely) to (orders); *bewertig*, *bewertig*, *adj.* deserving to be followed, &c. — **Befinden**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of obeying, following, &c.; adherence (to), observance.
Befinden, (*str.*) *m.* furtherer, forwarder, &c. *cf.* Beförderer; promoter, patron.
Befinden, (*str.*) *adj.* (*i. u.*) *see* förderlich.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to forward (goods, letters, &c.), to convey (passengers, &c.), to despatch (an express, &c.); *2*) *fig.* *a*) to forward, accelerate, expedite, despatch (a business, &c.); *b*) to further (one's designs, &c.), to aid, assist, advance; to promote, encourage; to mature; to abet, aid (a crime, &c.); *c*) to forward, push (one's fortune); to promote, to advance, to prefer (to a higher rank or office); er wurde zum Capitän befördert, he was promoted to be captain; in die andere Welt —, *idem.* to despatch, to murder.
Befinden, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of forwarding, &c.; conveyance; *2*) *a*) expedition, acceleration, despatch; *b*) aid, assistance, furtherance, encouragement (of learning, &c.), advancement, promotion (of useful knowledge, &c.); *c*) advancement (in office), promotion, preferment; *Befinden*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a means of despatch, medium of conveyance; *2*) a means to promote —, promoter, an incentive (to).
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to freight, load, charter. — **Befinden**, (*str.*) *m.* freighter; consignee (consignor), exporter, despatcher. — **Befinden**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of freighting; mit halber —, half freighted (of ships); **Befinden**, *m.* Comm. charter-party.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *cf.* Fragen) *v. i. tr.* to ask,

examine, interrogate, question (um, über *with* Acc.), about: *II. ref.* (bei Einem) to inquire of, to consult with, to ask or take one's advice (über *with* Acc.), upon, about: das —, *v. z.* (*str.*) *n.*, or Befragung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of questioning, &c.; interrogation, inquiry, examination: auf — (Acc.), 1. on inquiry; 2. on being questioned.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to befringe, fringe.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to free, to deliver (aus der Gefangenschaft, from captivity), to rescue (aus der Gefahr, from danger); to exempt (from taxes, military service), to acquit, release, liberate, discharge, set free (from an obligation, accusation, suspicion, debts, duties, &c.); to disencumber (from trouble, a burden, &c.); to emancipate, set free, manumit (from slavery, servitude), to disentangle, to detach, to disengage (*also* Chem. = to set free), to rid or clear (off); sich von etwas or Irman —, to get rid of; er wollte die französische Industrie von dem Drucke des Prohibitionsystems —, he wanted to relieve the industry of France from the burden of the prohibitive system; befreit (von), exempt (from). — **Befinden**, (*str.*) *m.* freeer, &c., deliverer, liberator.
Befinden, (*w.*) *f.* the act of freeing, &c.; delivery, deliverance, liberation; rescue, release, discharge; disengagement, disencumbrance; exoneration, relief; immunity, exemption; disembarassment, extrication; emancipation, manumission; die höchste B. ist die pflüchtige — vom Schmerz, aber es gibt ein noch edleres Glück, das Entzünden des Bewußtseins über die pflüchtige — von einem bösen Gedanken, the height of bliss is the sudden relief of pain, but there is a nobler bliss still — the rapture of the conscience at the sudden release from a guilty thought.
Befinden, *in comp.* — Brief, *m.* deed of immunity, emancipation, &c. — Brief, *m.* war of deliverance, liberation-war (of the German states in 1815).
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to appear strange (to one), to surprise; das befremdet mich, I wonder at that, I am surprised at it; es mußte mich —, I could not but feel surprised; sich — lassen (von), to be astonished, surprised (at); das —, *v. z.* (*str.*) *n.*, Befremdung, (*w.*) *f.* wonder, surprise, astonishment; *b-b*, *p. a.* Befremdlich, *adj.* strange, surprising, odd.
Befinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to bite, gnaw at.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* to befriend, favour, make a friend of; to countenance: *II. ref.* 1) to be or become friends, to enter into friendship (*also* affinity, *cf.* Freund; 2) mit, with; *3*) *fig.* to reconcile one's self to (an idea, &c.). — **Befinden**, *p. a.* (mit) 1) friendly, on friendly terms, on terms of friendship (with); *2*) allied, near of kin, akin, related (to); ein b-er Haus, *Comm.* a friendly firm; der B.-e, *s. (decl. like adj.)* 1. associate, friend; 2. kinsman, relation. — **Befinden**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of befriending; friendship; friendly terms; 2) relation, affinity.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pacify; 2) to tranquillise, appease, *see* Befriedigen, 2) *b*.
Befinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to content, to gratify, satisfy, please, to give satisfaction (to); *b*) to satisfy (a creditor); *2*) *a*) to pacify (Befrieden); *b*) to appease, to assuage, allay, calm: ein Kind —, to quiet a child; *3*) (einfriedigen) to fence in, enclose; *b-b*, *p. a.* satisfactory; schwer zu —, hard to be pleased (or to please), fastidious, &c.
Befinden, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the act of contenting, &c., satisfaction: mit —, with satisfaction or pleasure; *b*) (der Günstiger:) payment; *2*) *a*) appeasement, &c.; *b*) indulgence (of sensual appetites, &c.); *3*) (Einjüngung) fence, enclosure.

Befriezen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to be frozen over.

Befrucht, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to impose socage, feudal service, or compulsory labour on ...; 2) *promise*, to lay an arrest or execution on ... to seize.

Befrucht, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fructify, fertilise, fecundate: to enrich (in fertile ground); 2) to make prolific, impregnate: *leth.* to milt. — **Befruchtung**, (*w. f.*) 1) fructification, fecundation; *Gard.* proliferation; 2) *Physiol.* impregnation: *Bot.-u. d. berge* —, cryptogamy: *B.-steif*, *m.* perianth of the fructification: *B.-frucht*, *f.* pistil.

Befug, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to authorize; to entitle. — **Befugnis**, (*str.*) *f.* right, competence, privilege, warrant, authority. — **Befugt**, *p. a.* authorised, *acc.* warranted; legal, legitimate; competent (as a witness, *acc.*)

Befühlen, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to feel, touch, handle: to finger, fumble, to examine by feeling.

Befund, (*str.*, *pl.* *Befunde*), *m.* 1) state, condition in which a thing is found, *cf.* *Befinden*, *v. a.*; 2) result; — **Befund**, *m.* report as to the state or condition of the thing or things found: — **Buch**, *n.* inventory, store-book; journal; — **gettel**, *m.* bulletin (of a physician).

Befürchten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to fear, apprehend, to be apprehensive of; to suspect. — **Befürchtung**, (*w. f.*) (*l. u.* *Befürchtung*), (*str.*) *f.* apprehension, fear.

Befürworten, *see* *Bevorworten*.

Begaben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to endow (one with), to bestow (something) upon; *coll.-s.* (*l. u.*) 2) *sch.* — *for* to intoxicate one's self (*sch.* betrunken); 3) to deceive, cheat, *acc.* — **Begabt**, *p. a.* gifted. — **Begabung**, (*w. f.*) endowment, 1) donation; 2) (*l. u.* *Begabtheit*), (*w. f.*) *Begabtheit*, (*str.*) *f.* gift; talents.

Begaffen, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to gaze, stare, gaze at. **Begang**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Begänge*) *m.* district of a woodman, forester, or game-keeper.

Begängeln, (*w. f.*) *v. ref.* to splash, soil, bespatter.

Begängnis, (*str.*) *n.* celebration, solemnisation.

Begatten, (*w. f.*) *v. ref.* to couple, copulate, match: to cohabit. — **Begattung**, (*w. f.*) copulation, coupling; coition; *dic. d. berge* —, *Bot.* cryptogamy: *B.-trieb*, *m.* sexual desire: *B.-zeit*, *f.* pairing or coupling time; *Sport.* bucking time; *Bot.* time of fecundation.

Begaukeln, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to dazzle by jugglery; to humbug, to hoax.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* *Comm.* to dispose of, negotiate (bills, securities, *acc.*); *zu* —, transferable, negotiable; *II. ref.* 1) to repay, betake one's self, resort, adjourn, to go (nach, to); *sch.* *hinweg* —, to retire; *sch.* *zu seinem Regiment* —, to join one's regiment; *sch.* *auf die Reise* or *den Weg* —, to start upon a journey, to set out; *sch.* *auf die hohe See* —, to venture on the high sea; *sch.* *unter den Schutz des Gerichts* —, to put one's self under the protection of the court; *sch.* *zu Bett* —, to go to bed; *sch.* *zur Ruhe* —, to compose one's self to rest or sleep; *sch.* *in ein Haus* —, to venture (one's self) or to run into danger; *sch.* *in den Ehestand* —, to enter the state of matrimony; *sch.* *auf die Flucht* —, to betake one's self or to take to flight; *sch.* *aus der Stadt* —, to leave the town; *sch.* *in ein Haus* —, to enter a house; *sch.* *an (with Acc.)* —, to set about (a business, *acc.*); *begleite dich an den Abend*, fall to thy prayers; 2) to happen, come to pass; 3) (*with Gen.*) to renounce, withdraw (one's claim), to resign, forego, waive, to divest one's self of; *ich begleite mich jedes Urtheils darüber*, I refrain from expressing any opinion upon it.

Begleit, (*w. f.*), **Begleith**, (*str.*) *n.* occurrence; adventure; event.

Begleitung, (*w. f.*) *Comm.* negotiation (of a bill of exchange, *acc.*).

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) with *Dat.* 1) to meet, meet with, encounter, light upon; *sch.* or *einander* —, to meet; *dic. Briefe haben sich begegnet*, the letters crossed each other; *ihre Augen begegneten den meinen*, her eyes caught mine; *unser Wunsche* — *sch.*, our wishes coincide; *sch.* in einem Wunsche —, to coincide in a wish; *daß wir uns in der Fünftart so* — (*Schiller*, *Plocc.* 4, 6), that we agree so well in our opinions; 2) *fig. a)* to happen, to come to pass; *b)* to befall; *es begegnete ihm ein Unfall*, he met with an accident; 3) to meet, prevent, obviate, anticipate (one's doubts, wishes, objections, *acc.*); 4) to use, to deal with, to treat; to receive (one well or ill); *Einem höflich* —, to receive one (to come forward) politely; *unfreundlich* —, to evince unfriendliness towards ...

Begleit, (*str.*) *f. & n.* occurrence, event, accident; *widrige B.-ft.*, adversities.

Begleitung, (*w. f.*) 1) a meeting; 2) treatment, usage; reception.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a)* to walk over or through; *b)* perambulate, to traverse for the purpose of surveying or examining, to visit as an overseer, inspector, *acc.* *Sport.* to beat; *fig.-s.* 2) to celebrate, solemnise, keep; 3) to do; to commit, to perpetrate; 4) to cover (of animals); *II. ref.* *see* *sich Begleiten*. **Begleiten**, (*str.*) *n.* (*acc.* *m.*) desire; demand, request, call; *was ist Ihr* —? what is your wish? what do you want? in —, *see* *Begleiten*, *p. a.* (in *Begleiten*).

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a)* to desire or wish for with eagerness, to desire eagerly, earnestly; *b)* (*in an ill sense*) to covet, to lust after; 2) to demand, want, crave; 3) *Sport.* to be at heat (of female animals); *was* — *Eie*? what do you want? *ein Mädchen zur Ehe* —, to solicit or sue a maiden in marriage; *er begleitet sie zur Frau*, he wants (sues) her for his wife; *begleitet, adj.* *Comm.* in demand, in request, in (great) favour, inquired for; *Reisete ich sehr begleitet*, there is a great call for coffee; sought (after); *wenig begleitet*, flat, languid, dull; *II. intr.* (*with nach*) to long (for), yearn (after).

Begleiten, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* (*cf.* *Begleiten*) 1) desire; longing; craving; 2) *a)* demand, request; *b)* pretension; *auf Jht* —, at or by your desire; *b.-werth*, *b.-würdig*, *adj.* desirable. **Begleith**, *l. adj.* inordinately desirous, covetous, greedy, craving; sensual, concupiscent; *II. B.-heit*, (*w. f.*) inordinate desire; covetousness, greediness; concupiscent, sensuality.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *f.* desire, longing for, *acc.* *cf.* *Begleiten*; *B.-stille*, *f.* *Law.* petitory action: *B.-trieb*, *m.* concupiscent appetite: *B.-vermögen*, *n.* *B.-kraft*, *f.* the faculty of desiring, appetitive faculty or power.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) 1) perambulation, *acc.* *cf.* *Begleiten*; 2) celebration, solemnisation; 3) commission (of a crime, *acc.*), perpetration: *B.-sünde*, *f.* sin of commission (*opp.* *Unterlassungssünde*).

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) to beslobber, beslabber; 2) *fig.* to calumniate, slander, asperse.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to manure, to fertilise. **Begleit**, (*str.*) *m.* inspirer, *acc.*

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to inspire, to animate, to fill with enthusiasm (ecstasy); to put or throw into raptures or ecstasies; to exalt; *begleitet*, inspired, *acc.*, inecstasy, raptures. — **Begleiten**, (*w. f.*) *f.* inspiration; animation: exaltation, enthusiasm, transport, ecstasy; (poetical) rapture; *b.-stille*, *adj.* enthusiastic(al).

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*l. u.*) to watch in the manner of a miser; 2) (*Einem etwas*) to envy, grudge, begrudge.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) 1) desire (nach, of, for); passion, eagerness, appetite (*for*); 2) inordinate desire: *a)* covetousness; *b)* lust, concupiscent; *unmäßige B.-n.*, unruly appetites; *B.-n. rücheln*, to kindle (or excite) appetites; *seine B.-n. überwinden*, to check one's appetites.

Begleiten, *l. adj.* 1) desirous (nach, oft impatient, anxious, eager, greedy (*for*), avid; 2) covetous (*off*); lustful; *nach etwas* — *suchen*, to excite a desire for ...; — *gierig*, to devour; *II. B.-heit*, (*w. f.*) greediness, avidity, eagerness.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *v. l. u.* *see* *Begleiten*. **Begleiten**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to water, sprinkle, wet, moisten, bathe, soak; *mit (etwas)* —, to pour or drip (something) upon; *den Boden mit Wasser* —, to baste, to drip; *coll.-s. sch.* —, to get tipsy; *mit begleitetem Wasser*, 1. dis-appointed; 2. tipsy; 2) *Pott.* to coat (potter's ware) with coloured clay; *wie ein begleitetes Fund.*, *coll.* utterly confused, quite ashamed, dumfounded. — **Begleiten**, (*w. f.*) *f.* the (act of) watering, *acc.*

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* (*n. u.*) to endow. **Begleiten**, (*w. f.*) 1) a beguin(e) (a nun); 2) a kind of coin; *biggin*; 3) the female of the rove (*Staphylin*); *B.-weife*, *see* *Pieris*.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *m.* beginning, origin, commencement, outset.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* to begin, commence; to originate; *II. tr.* 1) to commence, begin; 2) *a)* to set out or about, proceed to, open, start; *b)* to do, undertake; *was wollen Sie* —? what do you purpose doing? *was* — *wir jetzt*? what are we now to do? *daß* —, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* doing, action, proceeding.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to plaster over.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to grate, to provide with lattice-work.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to shed splendor over ...; to illumine, illuminate.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to glaze; *Archit.* to fill in or fix all the window-glass of (a building).

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. l. u.* (*cf.* *Begleiten*) 1) to attest, certify, authenticate, verify (the genuineness of a deed); to aver; 2) to accredit (an envoy or ambassador, at a foreign court); *eine begleitetste Abschrift*, an authenticated or attested copy; *II. ref.* (*sch.* *eine Person*) to prove one's identity, *acc.* by evidence or otherwise; *b.-b.*, *adj.* credential.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *f.* attestation, authentication, verification; testimony, credentials; *in comp.* *B.-amt*, *n.* office of a public notary; *B.-seid*, *m.* attestation on oath; *B.-schein*, *m.* certificate; *B.-scheide*, *n.* *B.-brief*, *m.* credentials, credential letter, letter of credence.

Begleiten, (*str.*) *m. & n.* (*l. u.*) *see* *Begleiten*; — *brief*, *m.* *see* *—scheide*.

Begleiten, (*w. f.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to accompany, to bear (one) company, to go along with, to attend, follow, to wait on; *zur Thür*, *nach Hause* —, to see to the door, to see (safe) home; 2) to conduct; to escort, convey; *eine Dame (beständig)* —, *a)* (*i. e.* *ihre den Hei machten*) to squire a lady; *b)* (*als Begleiterin*) to chaperon; 3) *Mus.* to accompany; *der b-be Bass*, *m.* *Mus.* thorough bass; 4) *fig.* to follow, attend; *b.-b.*, *p. a.* attendant (only); conjoined with, concomitant; *begleitet*, *p. a.* attended, *Harold*, *accompanied*; *II. tr.* *†* (*Lessing*, *W. von Humboldt*, *acc.* *cf.* *Grimm & Sanders*) for *Befinden*, to occupy, hold (an office, *acc.*).

Begleiten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) accompanier, attendant, follower, companion, conductor, guide; 2) *Mus.* accompanist; 3) *fig.* concomitant (of success, *acc.*); 4) *Botan.* a species of tailed wasp or cottonfly (*Palma comitator*). — **Begleiten**, (*w. f.*) *f.* female companion, *acc.*; conductress.

Begleit'..., in comp. —[*geleit*, m. Comm. cockat, permaiss, passible] —[*geleit*, m. accompanying letter; —*flume*, f. Mus. accompaning voice or part.

Begleit'ung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) accompanying, &c., attendance (on); 2) or **Begleit'fahst**, (w.) f. (cf. *Begleit'schaft*): a) conduct, escort, convoy; b) procession; c) suite, retinue, train; 3) Mus. accompaniment; *Oden wurden unter — von Musik gelehrt*, odes were sung to music; *Begleit'fahst*, n. convoy; consort; tender; *Begleit'fahst*, adv. by way of accompaniment; concomitantly.

Begleit'beru, (w.) v. tr. to provide with limbs, to limb: *begleitet*, p. a. *Herald*. with legs coloured differently from the main body (of birds). — **Begleit'beruung**, (w.) f. *Parade*. the manner of joining the several limbs of a figure.

Begleit'fen, p. a. (from an unusual verb *Begleiten*) covered or adorned with glittering ornaments, &c. (on the surface or outside).

Begleit'fen, (w.) v. tr. to stare, glare, gaze at or upon.

Begleit'fen, (w.) v. tr. to make happy, to bless: *begleitet*, blessed, prosperous, happy.

Begleit'wünschen, (w.) v. tr. to congratulate, to felicitate (zu, wegen, on), wish (one) joy (of): *aufrechtlich* —, to offer sincere congratulations to ... — **Begleit'wünschen**, (w.) f. congratulation, felicitation.

Begnadigen, **Begnadigen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pardon, reprove; 2) to accept graciously, to favour, grace (one), to grant favours to (one). — **Begnadigung**, (w.) f. 1) a pardoning, pardon; reprove; 2) favour, grace; *Begnadigung*, n. right of pardoning (a criminal), prerogative of mercy.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. ref. to be contented, satisfied, or pleased, to content one's self (mit, an (with *Dat.*), with), to acquiesce (in, to).

Begriff'lich, **Begriff'fam**, I. adj. easy to be contented, moderate (*Begriff'fam*); II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. moderation, contentedness.

Begriff'fam, (w.) v. tr. coll. to tickle, handle.

Begriff'ben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to bury, inter; to sepulchre, inhumate; 2) *fig.* to hide, conceal.

Begriff'wig, s. I. (str.) n. 1) burial, funeral, interment, inhumation; obsequies; 2) sepulchre, tomb, grave; 3) *Mün.* gobbling; II. in comp. —*feier*, —*feierlichkeit*, f., —*gebräuch*, m. funeral solemnity, rites, or observance, pl. obsequies; —*gruft*, f. vault; —*grüfte*, f. pl. catacombs; —*heften*, f. pl. funeral expenses, burial dues; —*lich*, m. funeral hymn, dirge; —*ort*, —*platz*, m. burying-place, burial-place, grave-yard, cemetery.

Begriff'gen, see *Begriff'gen*.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to cover with grass; *begegrüet*, p. a. overgrown or covered with grass, grassy; 2) to graze (a pasturing ground); II. ref. 1) to graze, to feed upon grass; 2) coll. to enrich one's self, to feather one's nest.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to grow grey with age.

Begriff'gen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to feel, touch, handle, finger: (*hinfüh*) — to grope, fumble; *fig.* a. 2) in or under *fig.* (acc.) —, to include, comprehend, contain, comprise, cf. *Begriff'gen*; 3) to understand, to conceive, apprehend; *bießer Schachspieler begriff den Geist seiner Rolle*, that player enters into the spirit of his part; *seine Stellung* —, coll. to know one's place; II. *intr.* to understand, &c.; *ich begriffe nicht*, we er *Meist*, I cannot conceive the reason of his remaining away so long; *schnell* —, to be quick of apprehension; *schwer* or *langsam* —, to be dull of apprehension, to be slow to learn; III. ref. 1) *provinc.* (with an (*& Dat.*)) to catch hold (of, = *fig.* *hinfüh*); *fig.* a. 2) † (*fig.* mit ... —), to concern one's self (with

= *fig.* *Befassen*); 3) (I. u.) to recover or to recollect one's self; 4) to be understood or conceived, &c.; *er begriff sich leicht*, it is easily understood.

Begriff'lich, I. adj. conceivable, intelligible, comprehensible; *Einem etwas — machen*, to make one comprehend, understand, to bring one to comprehend; *B-er machen*, to make more easy of comprehension; *auf B-er machen*, for reasons to be easily understood; *B-erweise*, adv. as may easily be conceived, as a matter of course; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. conceivableness, intelligibility, comprehensibleness.

Begriff'ungsfrist, (w.) f. see *Begriff'ungsfrist*.

Begriff'bar, I. adj. limitable, confinable; definable; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. limitableness, &c.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to border, bound; 2) a) to confine, circumscribe, bring within bounds or limits, to limit, terminate; b) to define. — **Begriff'ger**, (str.) m. limiter, &c. — **Begriff'g**, I. p. a. 1) bounded (*gegen Mit-ternacht von ...*, on the north by ...); 2) *fig.* a) limited; b) short-sighted; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. limitation.

Begriff'gang, (w.) f. bound, limits: *limit-Begriff*, (str.) m. 1) a) see *Indebgriff*; b) see *Abriß*, 3; 3) the being engaged in ... act: im — (*c*) zu ..., in the act of ...; im — *sein* or *stehen*, to be about, to be on (upon) the point, to be going (to ...); *er ist im — abzureisen*, he is on the point or eve of departure; 3) conception; *fig.* (*Dat.*) *einem — machen*, to form a conception; perception, conceit; notion, idea; *Einem einem — bringen*, to convey to one some notion; *verfehrte B-e*, crude notions; *der falsche —*, misconception; *das ist fiber meinen —*, that is beyond my comprehension; *es geht fiber seine B-e*, that is out of his sphere or ken, that is beyond his conception.

Begriff'gen, p. a. 1) (mit —, *inbegriffen*, *inbegriffen*) included (cf. *Begreifen*, tr., 2), inclusively; *die Kosten mit (ein) —*, charges included, inclusive of charges; 2) *with in* (*sometimes auf, fiber*) & *Dat.*, engaged in ... in (*fiber*) *einer Sache* — *sein*, to be at or about a thing; *in der Arbeit* —, at work; *auf einer Reise* —, on a journey; *im Bau* —, in course of construction (cf. *Bau*).

Begriff'lich, adj. notional; — (*adv.*) *feststellen*, to fix the notion of ...

Begriff'..., in comp. —*angabe*, —*bestimmung*, f. definition; —*fach*, n. category; —*forcher*, m. speculator; —*gefellung*, f. association of ideas; —*ermühen*, m. apprehensive power or faculty; apprehension, comprehension; —*verwischung*, f. the confounding of ideas; —*zerfleberung*, f. analysis of ideas.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. (*Gölke*, Tasso 2, 3) to grin in scorn at ...

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. *fig.* to ruminate on; to criticize.

Begriff'ben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to found, establish: *eine Handlungsgesellschaft* —, to form a trading-company; *ein Unternehmen* —, to start or set on foot an undertaking; 2) to base (eine *Behauptung*, an assertion); to prove, to make good; to confirm; to verify. — **Begriff'ber**, (str.) m. founder, establisher, &c. — **Begriff'bung**, (w.) f. 1) the act of founding, foundation, establishment; 2) *fig.* a) confirmation, proof; b) foundation, reason, rationale.

Begriff'ben, (w.) v. I. tr. to cover with green; II. ref. to become green; *Bäume*, die sich ewig neu — (*Gölke*, Faust I, 4), trees that perpetually clothe themselves with new leaves (*Blackie*: trees which day by day their green repair); *begeant*, p. a. verdant.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to greet, salute, hail, welcome; 2) (*with um* (& *acc.*)) coll. to

apply to (one), to solicit (for), cf. *Angehen*, I. 2. — **Begriff'ung**, (w.) f. greeting, welcome, salutation, hailing; compliments exchanged on meeting.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. *fam.* to peep at, to look * *Begriff'gen*, see *Begine*.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to favour; to keep or hold up, to countenance, patronize; to promote, forward; *begünstigt von*, under favour of; *B-b*, p. a. favourable. — **Begriff'igung**, (w.) f. the act of favouring, favour shown to ...; encouragement; countenance, patronage; favouritism.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to gird, belt.

Begriff'gen, (str.) pl. *Begriff'gen* m. 1) see *Begleitung*; 2) *Pat.* a coating with coloured clay.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to give one's opinion, to pass one's judgment on; — *lassen*, to take advice (counsel's opinion, &c.).

Begriff'gen, (w.) f. opinion of a committee or of an expert (on ...).

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to bestow riches, wealth or landed property upon, to enrich.

Begriff'gen, p. a. wealthy, opulent, rich; possessed of (landed) property; *die B-en*, the wealthy, &c., landed proprietors.

Begriff'gen, (I. u.: *Begriff'gen*), (w.) v. tr. to appraise, appraise, &c. (*Begriff'gen*).

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. I. tr. to cover with hair; *II. ref.* to get hair. — **Begriff'gen**, I. p. a. haired, comate; *Zool.* crinigerous; *Bot.* hirsute, pilose; II. *B-felt*, (w.) f. hairiness, &c.

Begriff'gen, (irr.) v. I. tr. 1) *Law*, to gain, win (a cause); 2) *provinc.* to maintain; to keep; II. ref. to behave.

Begriff'gen, adj. coll. see *Wohlfabend*.

Begriff'gen, (str.) n. *Law*, suit gained or won.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to hew (wood for fuel); to prune, (*abspitzen*) to lop; (*mit der Spade*) to hoe; to dig about the roots of (plants, &c.).

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover with rage; 2) see *Begreifen*, *Begreifen*.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Law*, to take into possession, to keep possession of; 2) *provinc.* see *Begreifen*; 3) to burden, charge, load (with); to afflict, infect (with); *behaftet sein*, to be affected (mit, with); to be tinged with; *behaftet*, p. a. burdened, &c.; *mit Ohnmachten behaftet*, subject to fainting-fits; *behaftete Güter*, encumbered estates.

Begriff'gen, (w.) f. a writ by which a person is reinstated in his rights.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with hail.

Begriff'gen, I. (w.) v. *intr.* & *impers.* (*with Dat.*) to please, to suit, afford, comfort; *nur um zu sehen*, wie ihnen die Arbeit behagt, just to see how they relish the work; *es behagt ihm gar nicht*, he does not like it at all; *er läßt es sich —*, he takes his ease; II. a. (str.) n. delight, comfort, pleasure, complacency, ease; — *an etwas* (*Dat.*) *finden*, to delight or take pleasure in a thing.

Begriff'lich, I. adj. easy, comfortable, agreeable, snug, cosy; II. *adv.* at ease, comfortably, &c.; III. *B-felt*, (w.) f. comfortableness, ease, snugness, cosiness.

Begriff'gen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with hooks. *Behäuf'gen*, (w.) v. tr. to halter (horses).

Behäuf', adj. *Bot.* stalked, bladed.

† **Behäuf'**, (str.) m. 1) fortified place, fortress; 2) territory; 3) *Comm.* balance of cash; 4) opinion (*Verfäthalten*, *Meinung*).

Behäuf'bar, adj. what may be retained (in the memory).

Behäuf'gen, (str.) v. tr. to keep, to retain; *das Schachfeld* —, see *Behaupten*; *bei sich*, für sich —, to keep to one's self, to keep secret; (*im Sinne* —, *beim Vernehmen*) to carry over; (*im Magen* —) to keep in the stomach, to retain; *Mar-s. des Sand im Verstand* —, to keep the land

aboard; p. a. *behalten*; der *b-e Kurs*, the true course, the course made good (of a ship); *b-e Ankunft*, safe arrival; ein *b-e Schiff*, a ship escaped from danger; *b-e Güter*, goods well conditioned (cf. *Behalten*); *be-*, v. s. (str.) n. the (act of) keeping, &c.; *be-* und *Griffen* der *Einen*, binding and loosing.

Behälter, (str.) m. 1) conservatory; 2) holder, vessel (for liquids); reservoir; fishpond; 3) pantry; 4) *Bot. Anat.*, &c. receptacle.

Behaltlich, I. adj. see *Behaltbar*; II. adv. (with *Gen.*) *Las*, with reservation of (Vorbehalten).

Behaltlich, (str.) n. 1) conservatory; magazine; box, case; 2) room, &c. cf. *Behälter*; 3) Sport, thickot, cope, bog (as habitation of feathered game); *Entom.* shroud; (für *Eis*) icepreserver, refrigerator.

Behaltlich, (adv.) I. retentive, tenacious (memory); 2) lasting, durable; II. *B-eit*, (w.) f. retentiveness (of memory), &c.

Behaltung, (w.) f. 1) *Law*, domicile (cf. *Behalt*); 2) l. u. for *Behaltlich*.

Behämmern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to hammer; 2) *hust.* to provide with hammers; to arrange the hammers of (a piano, &c.).

Behandeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to handle (instruments); to handle, treat (a subject); to manage (a horse, a person), to manipulate, work (iron, clay, marble); 2) a) *Med.* to attend, to manage, to have under care or under one's hands, to cure; b) to treat, use well or ill, to deal well or ill by or with (one); der *Kaiser hat mich* *abel behandelt* (*Schiller*, *Piccol.* 2, 5), the Emperor has dealt with me amiss (*Adel.*); *Einen wie einen Fremden* —, to make a stranger of one; *Jemand rechtlich behandeln*, to deal honestly, falsely with one; 3) *Comm.*, &c. a) to bargain for; to cheapen, to agree for the price of; ... b) to contract for; 4) *Chem.* to treat, manipulate. [*higen*].

Behandlung, (w.) f. 1) the handling, &c. cf. *Behandeln*; management; manipulation; treatment (*also Med.*); usage, dealing; in *Ärztlicher* — sein, to be under medical treatment; *freundliche* —, kindness; 2) *Comm.* the bargaining for, &c.; *B-eit*, f. way (of dealing), treatment; usage.

Behang, (str.) pl. *Behänge* m. 1) a) any thing suspended for ornament, &c., hanging; b) *Archit.* label; c) pl. pendants (for lustres); 2) Sport, a) the ears (of a dog); b) the long hair on the fetlocks (of horses).

Behängen, p. a. 1) hang (with); 2) Sport, gut —, a) having long and broad ears; b) having long hair on the fetlocks.

Behängen, (w.) v. i. tr. 1) to hang, cover (with); eine mit *Bildern behängte Stube*, a room hung with pictures; *sich mit etwas* —, coll. to deck or trick one's self out with; *sich mit schädlichen Leuten* —, to keep bad company; 2) a) to attack, to stick fast to (the game, used of dogs); b) to tie a hound and lead him; II. *ref. vulg.* *sich mit etwas* —, to meddle with ... see *Behaffen*, II. [*ing* in dogs].

Behängzeit, (w.) f. Sport, season for breaking.

Behärren, (w.) v. tr. to rake.

Behärren, (w.) v. tr. to make water upon, to beslap. [*breast-plate or armour*].

Behärren, (w.) v. tr. to clothe with a *Behärren*, (w.) v. *intr.* to continue, persevere, persist (*bel*, in, *auff* with *Dat.*), to insist (upon); to hold on or out, to be steadfast (in the faith, &c.), to adhere (to), to stand (to or in), *fam.* to stick (to an opinion, &c.); auf einer Füge —, to face out a lie; *be-*, v. s. (str.) n. the (act of) persevering, &c., perseverance; persistence, *Phys.* (in *Stille*) permanence.

Beharrlich, I. adj. persevering, assiduous, steady, steadfast; constant; firm, continuing; *b-e-e* stillschweigen, persistent silence; II. *B-eit*,

(w.) f. perseverance, constancy, steadfastness, continuance; persistence.

Beharrung, (w.) f. perseverance; *B-e-e* mächten, n. power of inertness, (*Lat.* *vis inertia*); *B-e-e* stand, n. state of permanence; resistance.

Behärren, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to harden, grow hard. [*to resin*].

Behärren, (w.) v. tr. to cover with resin; *Behärren*, (w.) v. tr. to cover with, put on a cap; *behaut*, p. a. crested (of birds).

Behärren, (w.) v. tr. to breathe upon.

Behären, (str.) v. tr. to hew; and dem *Größten* —, to rough-hew, to hew roughly; *Corp. & Sculp.* to chip, cut, square, form by cutting; dress, trim (timber); to poll, to lop (trees); to edge, fresh-cut (a mill-stone); *Min.* to try, assay (stones); *Engpr.* to chisel.

Behären, (w.) v. tr. to form into or surround with little heaps, to hill, hillock, earth.

Behaupten, (w.) v. i. tr. 1) to maintain, defend, support, sustain, hold (an opinion, &c.), to keep or affirm, alledge, avouch, avow; make good (one's ground, &c.); 2) to assert; *bei Schlachtfeld* —, to remain master of (to keep) the (battle-) field; II. *ref.* to stand, hold, or keep one's ground; to hold out, keep or bear up (against); *sich gegen den Wind* —, to stand (bear up against) the strength of the wind; *die Prüfer* — *sich*, priors maintain themselves, keep their ground, &c.

Behauptung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) maintaining, &c.; 2) assertion, allegation, proposition; statement; *B-begriff*, m., *B-beurt.*, n. *Log.* predicate.

Behausen, (w.) v. tr. to lodge; *sich* —, to settle; *behaust*, p. a. domiciled, domiciliated.

Behausen, (w.) v. tr. to case.

Behausung, (w.) f. lodging, house, housing, domicile, habitation, abode, mansion.

Behäuten, (w.) v. tr. to provide or cover with a skin, hide.

Beheben, (w.) v. tr. to redress (grievances, &c.), to remove (difficulties, &c.).

Behelf, (str.) m. excuse, pretext; shift, make-shift, device, expedient; der —, the last resource; *als* —, by way of shift.

Behelfen, (str.) v. *ref.* 1) to make shift (with), to make do; 2) to resort to, to fall back upon; *sich klammernd* — *missen*, to have but a scanty allowance, to have much ado to make both ends meet, to get through very poorly. [*excuse*].

Behelflich, adj. serving as an expedient or *Behelfen* (l. u. *Behelfen*), (w.) v. tr. to molest, importune, annoy, trouble.

Behelligung, (w.) f. molestation, trouble, importunity, annoyance.

Behelfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to provide with a helmet; 2) to helve (an axe, &c.); *behelmt*, p. a. helmeted. [*with a shirt*].

Behemdet, p. a. (*Götze*, *Faust* II.) provided

* *Behemdet* (h), n. (*Hebr.*) Behemoth.

* *Behen*, (str.) m. *Bot.* behen, ben, bladder-catchy (*Silene inflata*); 1) der weiße —, a) white behen, bladder campion (*Oenothera biennis* L.); b) (or — *Stenanthus*, f.) saw-leaved centaury; white centaury (*Centauria benen* L.); 2) der rote —, red behen, sea lavender (*Statice limonium* L.); — *nut*, f. behen-nut, ben-nut; — (*nut*)baum, m. smooth-barked *Moringa pterygosperma*; — *öl*, n. ben-nut oil.

Behenb, *Behenbe*, adj. agile, nimble, active, adroit.

Behenbigkeit, (w.) f. agility, nimbleness, swiftness, adroitness, activity.

Beherbergen, (w.) v. tr. to harbour, lodge, house; accommodate with lodgings.

Beherrschen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to rule, govern; to sway; to dominate; 2) to command (*also M.*)

— to overlook; as, to command the fords of a stream with guns, &c.), to have under one's

control or command, to keep under; *b-be* *flücht*, *M.* commanding ground; *Fr. S. be-* *herrschet* *sein* *Gegenstand* *nicht* *in* *seiner* *Be-* *griff*, Mr. H. has no such grasp on his subject; *sich* —, to command one's own mind, to keep one's temper, to be master of one's self, of one's passions; *sich* — *lassen* *von* ..., to be under the control of ... — *Beherrscher*, (str.) m. ruler, governor, master; monarch, sovereign. — *Beherrschin*, (w.) f. mistress, sovereign. — *Beherrschung*, (w.) f. domination, government, sway, command, control, rule; mastery.

Beherrschen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *†*, see *Beherrschen*; 2) (l. u.) to encourage; 3) *†*, see *Beherrschen*.

Beherrigen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (l. u.) to encourage; 2) to take to heart, to bear in mind; to weigh, consider, deliberate, to ponder upon; *b-swerth*, *b-swerthig*, adj. worth taking to heart; worth reflection, deserving of consideration. — *Beherrigung*, (w.) f. the taking to heart, &c. reflection; *b-swerth*, see *Beherrigung*.

Beherrig, I. adj. courageous; valorous, stout-hearted, manful; — *machen*, to embolden, to hearten; II. *B-eit*, (w.) f. courage, spirit, heart. [*to break in* (dogs)].

Beherrigen, (w.) v. tr. Sport, 1) to bait; 2) *Beherrigen*, (w.) v. tr. to bewail, bemoan.

Beherrigen, (w.) v. tr. to bewitch. [*Beherrigen*].

Beherrigen, (w.) v. tr. to bewitch. [*Beherrigen*].

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Beherrigen, (w.) v. tr. to bewitch. [*Beherrigen*].

(*Law style*) done or instituted in behalf of a thing, &c.

Beckel', p. a. hooded.

Beckel', (w.) v. tr. to cover with hillocks; **beckelt', p. a.** hilly.

Beckel'lich, I. adj. helpful, serviceable; auxiliary, adjutory, instrumental, adjutant, favourable, conductable, conducive (to); (*in a bad sense*) accessory (to); — sein, to assist, further, promote (a plan, &c., bei einem Plan &c.); to assist, help (one), to lend a hand, to be of assistance to (one, einem) (*in a bad sense*); toabet (one); II. **B.-felt, (w.) f.** helpfulness, &c.

Beckel'len, (w.) v. tr. see **Beckel'len**.

Beckel'fen, (w.) v. tr. to jump, hop upon.

Beckel'ig, (w.) v. tr. to guard, watch, to preserve; keep (vor *with* Dat.), from: Gott behüte euch! God have you in his keeping! God save you; Gott behüte! God forbid! behüte! no, no! 2) to drive cattle upon (a field or meadow) for grazing.

Beckel'ter, (str.) m. guardian, protector.

Beckel'tsam, I. adj. cautious, headful, careful; guarded; prudent; wary (**Beckel'tsam**); er behütet sich — *one*, he expressed himself guardedly; II. **B.-felt, (w.) f.** cautiousness, headfulness, &c.; circumspection, caution, precaution.

Beckel'tung, (w.) f. see **Beckel'tung**.

Bei, I. prep. (with *Dat.*), at, near, about, at the house of, with, by, on, upon, to, in: present at; in the presence of; — der Kirche, near the church; — Etern — Etern +, star crowding upon star; — effraen Fenster sitzen, to sit at the open window; — effraen Fenster, with the window open; — dem Winde (gegen) (halten), to sail with a scant wind or close to the wind; dicht beim Winde (halten), to sail close hauled; rums — sich fragen or haben, to carry or have something about one; behalt das — dir, keep that about you (*cf.* **Behalten**); diese Papirer wurden — ihm gefunden, these papers were found on his person (on him); Einen — der Hand nehmen, to take one by the hand; — der Hand sein, to be (near) at hand; die Schlacht — Leipzig, the battle of Leipzig; — Eckt, aside; ich lag — ihm, I sat next to (or close by) him; — Tisch sitzen, to be at dinner; sie saßen rauchend und gossend — ihrem Bier, they sat smoking and gossiping over their ale; — der Flasche sitzen, to be engaged at the bottle; ... beim Trinken, [they were] stricken by the plague as they drank; — einem weihen, liegen, stehen &c., to live, lie, stand, &c. with one or at one's house; er wohnte — dem Gesandten, he lived at the ambassador's; — Hofe leben, to live at court; Unterricht — einem nehmen, to have (take) lessons of or from one; beim Etade dienen, to serve on the staff; — solchen Feten, with or among such people; — uns (beheim), with (among) us at home; das Geschloß — den Grustfeten, the organ of hearing in crustaceans; er genießt seine große Achtung — uns, he enjoys no great esteem among us; beim Feuer finden wir ..., we find in Homer: ... neben mir nachher, — dem Aristoteles, reden werden, of which we shall speak hereafter in connection with (or when we come to treat of) Aristotle; — Tage, in the day-time; — Nacht, in the night, by night; — Licht, by candle light; — Lebenszeit, in life; — seinen Lebzeiten, in his lifetime; — Zeiten, in (good) time, betimes; — diesem heißen Wetter, in (ob. mit Begleitung des in:) this hot weather; — dem jetzigen Zustande der Wissenschaft, in the present state of science; der Strich der Feder beim Schreiben, the stroke of the pen in writing; sie sind beim Schreiben, beim Anziehen, beim Essen &c., they are writing, dressing, at dinner, &c.; — Gelde sein, to be well furnished with (coll. *flash* of) money; nicht — Gelde sein, to be out of or without money;

haben Sie — diesem Farm arbeiten? can you labour with this noise about you? — einem Gewitter ist es gefährlich sich unter einen Baum zu stellen, in a thunderstorm it is dangerous to stand under a tree; — sich denken, to think to one's self; — Ihnen verleihe ich die Geduld, you put me beside my patience; das ist — ihm cinerlei, that is all one with him; — mir schlag den Kuss nicht an, with me your excuses will not take; Einen — Namen nennen, to call one by his name; — Gott schwören, to swear by God; — meiner Seele, upon my soul; — Leide nicht, by no means; — meiner Ehre, upon my honour; — meiner Seligkeit, as I hope to be saved; — Lebensstrafe, upon (under) pain of death; — deines Königs Jora (*Schiller*, Don Carlos 2, 2), under pain of your king's displeasure; thue es — deiner Liebe zu mir, do it as you love me; werden Sie sich — ihm, announce, address yourself to him; sich — jemandem bedanken, to render thanks to one; — einem anlassen, to knock at one's door; *fig.* to sound (*fam.* to pump) one; — einem aushalten, to stand by one; er hat mich — Heller und Fernung begahlt, he has paid me to the last farthing; — guter Gesundheit sein, to be in good health; — Jahren sein, to be (advanced) in years; — sich or — Einem sein, to be in one's right senses; niemand, der — Einem ist, denkt daran, no one with his wits about him thinks of ...; — sich bleiben, to keep one's temper; nicht — Verstande sein, to be beside one's self, to be out of one's senses; — alle dem, for all that; — Weitem, by far, by much; — Weitem nicht so viel, not so much by far; — der Sache bleiben, to keep or stick to the point; — der Inventur, while taking stock; — diesem Geschäft bleibt kein Nutzen, no profit accrues from this business; — Vorkommen (des Besuchs), when presented, on presentation; — Durchsicht Ihres Briefes, on reading your letter; beim ersten Anblick, at first sight; — diesem (or auf dieses) Zeichen, at this signal; — dieser Nachricht, at this news; — Gelegenheit, on occasion, &c., *cf.* **Gelegenheit**; er gewinnt — näherer Bekanntschaft, he improves on acquaintance.

II. *used adverbially (obsolescent)* about, nearly, almost; — hundert Mann, near a hundred men; — tausend, near a thousand.

Beis', adv. coll. hard by, close by.

Beis'anker, (str.) m. *Mar.* kedge — anchor; small bow(er) anchor. — **Beis'ankern, (w.) v. intr.** to kedge.

Beis'arbeiter, (str.) m. assistant-workman; helpmate, assistant.

Beis'halten, (str.) v. tr. to keep (up), keep on, retain (in office, &c.); to continue, preserve. — **Beis'haltung, (w.) f.** the (act of) keeping (on, &c.), retaining, retention.

Beis'hagen, (str.) v. tr. to join, subjoin, annex, enclose (a letter, &c.).

Beis'haken, (str.) v. tr. to bind or tie to; to bind up with.

Beis'blatt, (str., pl. Beis'blätter), n. supplementary sheet; extra-(sheet), supplement (-sheet) (of or to a newspaper); *Lit. (Fr.) feuilleton*.

Beis'bote, (w.) m. by-messenger; extra-messenger; (in Switzerland, canton of the Grisons) a delegate from a supreme penal court.

Beis'bringen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to bring near or forward, to bring in or forth, to produce; to shew, adduce (proofs, &c.); (Einem etwas:) 2) a) to give (one something); b) to administer (something to one, gradually or without his perceiving it); Einem einen Schlag, Stoß —, to give, deal or fetch one a blow, a thrust; Einem eine Wunde —, to inflict a wound upon one; Gift —, to administer poison; 3) *fig.* a) to affect, inspire, or influence with (fear, &c.); b) to impart, convey, instil (knowledge,

&c.); to make understand, teach; man konnte ihm das Reiten nicht —, he could not be taught to ride; c) to suggest, hint, insinuate; break (a disagreeable news, &c. to ...); Einem eine schlimme Meinung von einem Anderen —, to injure one in another person's opinion; 4) to bring in or have for a marriage-portion: das —, v. s. (*str.*) n. 1) or **Beisbringung, (w.) f.** the (act of) bringing in or forward, producing, &c.; adduction; 2) marriage-portion, dowry. **Beis'büch, (str., pl. Beis'bücher), n.** *Comm.* retail-(shop-, counter-)book.

Beis'chasse [*pr.* b'chasse], (w.) f. extra-vehicle, extra-coach (*cf.* **Beiswagen**).

Beis'che, (w.) f. (I. n.: Beis'che) confession, shrift; zur — gehen, seine — ablegen, to confess, to make confession; Einem — sagen, — hören, to confess or shrive one.

Beis'chen, I. (w.) v. tr. & intr. to confess; **B.-be, p. s. m. & f.** confessor, penitent; II. v. s. (*str.*) n. confession.

Beis'tiger, (str.) m. (father-)confessor.

Beis't' ..., in comp. — brief, m. *Ecol.* letter dimissory; — buch, m. communion-book, companion to the altar; — günger, m., — frib, n. penitent, confessor; — gelb, n., — pfennig, m. confessor's fees; — schein, m. certificate of confession; — siegel, n. seal of confession; — stuhl, m. confessional, confessional, confession-chair; — wasser, m. (father-)confessor; — zett, f. shrove-tide; — zettel, m. see — schein.

Beis'e, num. I. adj. (& s.) pl. both, the two, either; — Beiden or die 5-n Beiden, both the cousins; — für Einem und Einer für —, each for the other; auf or zu 5-n Beiden, on both sides, on either side; meine 5-n Schwestern, both my sisters; wir —, both of us; welche —, (*rel.*) both of whom (or which); welcher von 5-n? which of the two? jeder von 5-n, alle —, either; keiner von 5-n, neither of the two; Doctor 5-n Rechte, doctor of (both) laws; — Sicilien, *Geogr.* the two Sicilies; II. **B.-s, s. sing.** both, the one (thing) and the other, either; 5-8, ... und ... (*obsolescent*), both, ... and ..., ... as well as ...

Beis'fettig, adj. both, of both, of either (sort, species); — **Beis'fettig, Gramm.** common; — **Geman, f.** see **Beiderman**.

Beis'fettig, adj. of or on both sides; reciprocal, mutual; 5-8 Freunde, common friends; 5-8 Interessen, common interests.

Beis'fettig, adv. on both sides; mutually, reciprocally; sie —, both of them.

Beis'fettig, f. Comm. linsey-woolsey.

Beis'ing, (str.) n. any thing additional or supplementary; *provinc. Law*, by-court.

Beis'isig, (I. u.) I. adj. amphibious; II. **B.-reit, (w.) f.** amphibiousness.

Beis'bringen, (w.) v. Mar. to bring to; *intr.* to come to, to come up.

Beis'braten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to print to, print with; to annex; 2) or **Beis'braten, (w.) v. tr.** to set or affix (ein Siegel, a seal) to.

Beis'schattig, adj. shaded on both sides; 5-6 Menschen, *Geogr.* amphiscii, amphiscians. **Beis'eid, (str.) m.** oath taken by one who is not a citizen (*diff.* from **Bürgerrecht**).

Beis'enden, adv. together.

Beis'erte, (w.) m. joint heir, co-heir, coinheritor.

Beis'ern, (w.) v. intr. provinc. to toll the church bells slowly, to chime.

Beis'essen, (str.) n. intermediate dish; (*Fr.*) *entracte* (*pl.*).

Beis'fall, (str.) m. applause, approbation, approval, assent; stillmischer —, loud applause, acclamation; Gottes —, the approbation of God; Einem — sollen (*i. u.* geben), to applaud, assent to, approve of; to evince or display satisfaction with; — klatschen, to clap applause (jemandes — haben, *fig.* jemanden — erwerben, to gain one's applause; es hat meinen

health: find Sie so früh auf den B-en? are you up so early? er ist nicht gut auf den B-en, he is a bad walker; er ist gut auf den B-en, he is a good (stout) walker or pedestrian.

Bein ..., in comp. -aber, *f. Anat.* crural vein: -ähnlich, *adj.* 1) shaped like a leg; 2) resembling bone, see -artig.

Beinahe, **Beinahe**, *adv.* almost, nearly, about, well-nigh; within an ace or a little (of), next to (nothing, &c.), little short (of); all but (unanimous, &c.); es ist - einmütig, coll. it is much the same thing; in comp. (*T.*, &c.) -gleich, sub-equal, nearly equal: -brei (patting, sub-trid, nearly trid: -ringförmig, sub-annular, &c.

Beiname, (*str.*) m. 1) surname, cognomen, cognomination, agnomen; 2) nickname, by-name: **Einen** einen B-n geben, to surname; in an old sense, to nickname.

Bein ..., in comp. arbeitser, m. worker in bone: -artig, *adj.* bony, osseous; -aße, *f.* bone ashes: -blätterung, *f. Surg.* exfoliation: -stume, *f. Bot.* marsh-marigold (*Caltha* L.): -wimper, m. 1) see Beinführer; 2) wimble used by workers in bone: -bruch, m. 1) *Minor.* see Bruch, 1; 2) -bruchgrad, m. *Bot.* yellow marsh-anthrionum (*Anthrionum ossifragum* L.): -brecher, m. *Ornith.* osprey, bone-breaker, bald buzzard, sea-eagle (*Falco ossifragus* L.): -bruch, m. fracture or breaking of a leg: -brüchig, *adj.* broken-legged; -brüchig, *f.* see -lebe.

Beinchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of Bein) 1) a) osicle, a small bone; b) *Gam.* cockal, huckle-bone; 2) a little leg.

Bein ..., in comp. -bräutler, m. turner in bone: -bärt, see Knochenbärt.

† **Beinchen**, **Beinchen**, (*str.*) *adv.* near. **Beinchen**, (*str.*) v. *intr.* coll. to walk with short, quick steps (*cf.* hüpfen).

Beinern, *adj.* made of bone, bony.

Beinern, (*str.*) m. *Anat.* accessory nerve.

Bein ..., in comp. -erzeugung, *f. Surg.* ossification; -fäule, -fäulnis, *f. Surg.* see Wundbrand; -felle, *f.* bone file; *Surg.* rugina, raspator; -flö, m. *Ichth.* bone-fish, bottle-fish (*Ostracion* L.); -frak, m. see Knochenfraktur; -fraktur, *f.* articulation; *Anat.* symphysis: -fütter, m. lining of the lips of a saddle: -grise, *f. Mus.* see Gamba; -gerippe, -gerüst, n. skeleton; -gerüstwerk, *f. Surg.* exostosis; -gestell, n. skeleton: -gewebe, n. excrecence of a bone; -glas, n. alabaster glass: -grad, n. see -bruch, 3; -hel, m. *Ichth.* baking-shark (*Squalus maximus* L.): -häutchen, m. cutis, tanned, grooves (*pl.*): -hart, *adj.* as hard as bone: -haus, n. bone-house, charnel-house, ossuary: -haut, *f. Anat.* periosteum; -hebel, -heber, m. *Surg.* elevatory: -heil, n. 1) see -well, 1; 2) *Bot.* centroy, cuneoid (*Symphitum officinale* L.): -höle, *f. Anat.* cotyle, cotyla: -holz, 1) or -hölze, n., -hölze, *f.* see Hartzholz; 2) see Hartzholz.

Beinhardt, *adj.* as hard as bone.

Beinig, *adj.* bony; in comp. legged, footed.

Bein ..., in comp. -kleid, n., or -kleiber, n. pl. trousers, pantaloons: turge-, breeches, small-clothes: enganahleibende-, tight: -kleider, *f. Theat.* a man's part given by a woman in a man's dress: -kleiderhoff, m. stuff or material for making trousers, trussing: -knopf, m. 1) bone-button; 2) *Anat.* condyl, bone-knot: -knoche, m. *Surg.* white swelling (*Echinoderm*): -lade, *f. Surg.* (hospital) fracture-box, commender; splinter.

Beinling, (*str.*) m. 1) that part of an animal's hide which covered the upper part of the leg; 2) leg of a stocking.

Beinlos, *adj.* boneless.

Bein ..., in comp. -müde, n. see -aße; -muskel, m. *Anat.* crural muscle; -naht, *f.*

Surg. suture: -öl, -schmalz, n. neat's-foot-oil (Lanolin); -rippe, *f. Surg.* fissure of the bone: -rüßholz, n. see Hartzholz; -rüftung, *f.* see -schienen; -säge, *f.* bone-saw, surgeon's-saw: -samen, m. *Bot.* 1) bone-seed (*Osteospermum*); 2) saltern (*Lithospermum*); -schellen, *f. pl.* fetters, shackles: -schiene, *f.* 1) *Surg.* see -lade; 2) -schienen, *pl.* see -harnisch; -schwarz, n. *Chem.* bone-black, ivory-black, velvet-black: -spalte, *f. Surg.* longitudinal fissure of the bone: -spatz, m. *Farr.* bone-spavin: -stübe, m. *pl.* the projecting staves of a cask which serve as stands for it: -waren, *f. pl.* bone-articles, bone-toys: -weil, m. 1) *Minor.* osteocolla, bone-binder, stielochite; 2) see -heil; -wund, m. see -erzeugung; -wurz, *f.* see -heil, 2.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to adjoin, coordinate; *fig.* connect, p. a. coordinate: **Beinrücken**, (*str.*) *adj.* adjunct, assistant: -Beinrücken, (*str.*) *f.* coordination.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to pack up with.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. 1) horse in reserve, relay-horse, by-horse; 2) led-horse.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*Einem*) to assent to, to consent, to agree with, to approve; *Irmandes Meinung* -, to accede to (or to be of) one's opinion: -Beinrückung, (*str.*) *f.* consent, assent.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *pl.* **Beinrücken** m. 1) advice; 2) auditor of a court of justice: -Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* *Einem* -, to assist a person with one's advice.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* to add to in a *Beinrücken*, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to mislead, confuse.

Beinrücken, *adv.* together; *feine Gedanken* -, haben, to have one's wits about one: -liegen, *adj.* *Anat.* conglobate (of glands).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. 1) a small farmer who has not land enough to keep a horse; 2) see *Beinrücken*; 3) see *Schuppenwunder*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *pl.* **Beinrücken** m. apposition; addition: ohne -, unalloyed; -wert, n. *Gramm.* epithet.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to procure

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *f.* *Carp.* out-side plank, slab, flitch.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* see *Beinrücken*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. cock-boat: tender: *B.-führer*, m. cock-swain.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. a lying with, cohabitation, copulation; *der uneheliche* -, concubinage, fornication: -Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*with* *Dat.*) to sleep with ..., *cf.* *Beinrücken*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. bedfellow: *B.-in*, (*str.*) *f.* concubine; bedfellow.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. 1) *Archit.* raised footpace (stone-seat) before the door of a house, &c.; *perron*; 2) a) false (base) coin; b) bastard (of a person of high rank, &c. *cf.* *Beinrücken*).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *I. intr.* (*aus* *sein*) to assent to, to be of one's party: *II. tr.* to enclose (a letter).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to lock up; 2) *fig.* to enclose, add, annex (letters, &c.).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *pl.* **Beinrücken** m. enclosure, enclosed letter; *but* -, under cover; *im* - finden *Sie*, *Comm.* enclosed you will find.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. by-key: picklock.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. see *Beinrücken*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to add to ... in melting.

Beinrücken, *I. (str.)* v. *tr.* to write to, note to, add (in writing); to write on the margin: *II. s. (str.)* n. a writing or letter joined to the principal one; recomendatory or explanatory letter accompanying other writings.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. assistant clerk.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *f.* annotation, marginal note: postscript.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *f.* by-dish, side-dish.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *pl.* **Beinrücken** m. contribution, share.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to pour to: 2) to loose (the earth) round the vine-roots.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) n. *Mar.* by-sail, drabber.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) n. presence: *im* - *bei* ..., in the presence of ...; ohne *sein* -, without my being present.

Beinrücken, **Beinrücken**, **Beinrücken**, *I. adv.* aside, apart: - thun, to remove: - legen, to lay by: to lay aside or apart: *etwas* - *legen*, to lay aside, to set aside; *fig.* to lay or set aside, to forget, make light of: - bringen, 1) to put aside, to remove; 2) to parolize, abstract: *II. s. (induct.)* n. (probably derived from the *English*) aside (*Lessing*, *Schlegel*, *cf.* *Sanders & Grimm*).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to put to or set on (the *Arch.*); 2) to deposit (in a vault), to bury, entomb; 3) *Mar.* ein *Egel* -, to heave out, unfurl, unfold a sail; *mit* *Egel* -, to make sail, to unfurl; *alle* *Egel* -, to crowd all the sails or canvases, to clap on all the sails; *alle* *Egel* *bringe*st *haben*, to carry a press of sail: - *Beinrücken*, (*str.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting to, &c.; 2) the depositing in a vault, entombment.

Beinrücken, *adj.* see *Beinrücken*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. assessor, seat or right of sitting (in council, in an assembly, &c.).

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aus* *haben*) to sit by, to have a seat in: *Law*, to sit in a court of law; *bei* -, v. s. (*str.*) n. assessor.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) m. 1) assessor, judge lateral, assistant; 2) see *Schuppenwunder*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *f.* see *Beinrücken*; *Bornmund* - *schast* - *Beinrücken*, (*str.*) m. see *Bornmund*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* example, instance; precedent; pattern: *jum* -, as for example, for instance, such as, such are, viz; *nimm* *dir* *ihn* *nicht* *jum* -, don't take an example by or from him: *ein* - *geben*, to set an example; *rich* (*Dat.*) *ein* - *an* *etwas* (*Dat.*) *nehmen*, to take an example, a lesson from ...; *an* *Einem* *ein* - (*Erzähl*) *Beinrücken* (*geben*, *vollziehen*), to make an example of one; *ein* - *sein* *an* *ihnen* *vollziehen* *werden*, an example shall be made of them; *als* - *aufführen*, to instance; *but* - (*Genus* *pl.* *B-c*) *belegen*, to exemplify; *böse* *B-c* *verderben* *gute* *Sitten*, *proverb*, bad examples corrupt good manners.

Beinrücken, *adj.* unexampled, unprecedented, unparalleled, matchless.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *f.* unexampled behaviour or state.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aus* *sein*) (*Einem*) to hasten to one's assistance; to succour, relieve.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) *pl.* **Beinrücken** m. 1) assistance, succour, support; 2) assistant, helper, supporter: - *vor* *Gericht*, counsel; 3) *Mar.* a seconding ship, a ship in a fleet appointed second to the admiral or commanding officer; 4) second (in duels); ohne -, unaided, unassisted; *Einem* - *stehen*, to give, afford, or render assistance to, to give (one) help, to succour; *B.-geber*, *pl.* subaldis: - *Beinrücken*, (*str.*) m. 1) assistant, bystander; 2) *Mar.* see *Beinrücken*, 3. - *Beinrücken*, *adj.* assisting, assistant: *b-c* *Wort*, *Gramm.* adjective.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to sail close-hauled.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *tr.* coll. see *Einsetzen*.

Beinrücken, (*str.*) v. *intr.* 1) to stand by; *alle* *Egel* - *lassen*, *Mar.* to let all sails out; 2) *fig.* (*Einem*) to assist, help, succour; to support, second: to attend (a sick person, &c.); to relieve (the poor, &c.); to back, countenance, sustain: *Gott* *steht* *bei* *bei*, God help you; *mit* *Tröst* -, to comfort: - *Beinrücken*, m. (*Decl. like* *adj.*) 1) bystander; 2) (legal) adviser, counsel (*Beinrücken*). - *Beinrücken*,

pagandist: **B-ei-fer**, m. proselytism: **B-ei-ge-schäft**, f. mission: **B-ge-fell**, f. missionary society: **B-ge-fell**, f. proselytism.

Befei-ten, (w.) v. tr. to scold, chide.
Befei-men, (w.) v. tr. & refl. (aux. sein) to get germs, to germ.

Befen-nen, (irr.) v. l. tr. 1) to confess, own, acknowledge; 2) *Gem. Gerbe* —, to follow suit; *cine Gerbe nicht* —, to revoke; II. *refl.* *ich zu* ... —, to acknowledge, own (a deed, &c.); to advocate, embrace, avow, profess (a religion, an art, &c.); to hold to; [*frei, freimüthig*] to avow; *ich (juch) zu* —, to plead guilty; *ich zu einer That* —, to confess having done a deed. [(of a religion), follower.

Befen-ner, (str.) m. confessor, professor
Befen-niß, (str.) m. acknowledgment:
avowal; confession; creed: *des (christliche)* —, recognition; *des (bible)* —, affidavit; *Thes-s-fer*, f. sacrament of the Lord's supper; —*psalm*, m. confessional psalm (Ps. 51); —*(christen)*, f. pl. symbolic books, doctrinal or authorized standards (of a church).

Befen-ten, (w.) v. tr. to notch: *befen-ten*, p. a. *Herold*, scolded; embattled.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to stick, place tapers round.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to hang, adorn with chains.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to titler at.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to quill, see *Befestern*.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to strew over with gravel.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to tickle.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to head the sea.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) a) to deplore, lament, bewail, to bemoan, mourn: *es ist zu* —, *des* ... —, it is to be regretted that ...; b) to commiserate, compassionate, pity; 2) f, to accuse, see *Beflegen*; II. *refl.* to complain (*über* *with Acc.*), of; *bei*; to; *wer über beklagt er sich?* what does he complain of? *er beklagt sich über den Mangel an Bequemlichkeit in seinem Wohnhause*, he complains about the bad accommodation of his hotel. — **Befen-zen-würth**, *adj.* deplorable, &c. — **Befen-zen**, m. & f. (*decl. like adj.*) defendant, impeached, accused.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to provide with cramps.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to applaud by clapping hands; 2) *vulg.* to talk tales of or on, to calumniate, defame.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to handle, finger, claw: to pick with the fingers.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. *particul. Herald*, clawed, furnished with (coloured) talons.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. l. tr. to paste over, to line (with paper, &c.); mit *Erbsen* —, to label; to plaster: II. *intr.* to cleave, stick, adhere.

Befen-zen, **Befen-zen**, (w.) v. tr. to blot, blur, bespot, bespatter; to daub.

Befen-zen, (str.) v. tr. & *intr.* see *Befen-zen*; *particul. intr.* to cleave, to strike root.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to clothe, to dress, suit, to attire, array; *fig.* to invest; 2) T-s. a) to cover over, line, face (also with masonry, wood, or other material), shroud, coat; b) to inlay; c) *Mm.* to tab, line (the pit of a mine); d) *Hess.* to dress, trim (a hat); e) *Art.* to rovet (cine *Böschung*, a slope); f) *Ship-b.* to plank (a vessel); *Mar-s. g)* einen *Wirt* —, to shoe an anchor; h) die *Leute* —, to serve the cables and ropes; *beifidet*, p. a. *Adj.* tunicated; *cinen Wirt* —, to deck an altar; *cine Figur* —, *Paint. & Sculpt.* to make the drapery of, to clothe, drape a figure; *cine Brunnenbrunnen mit Wirt* —, to line, coat, clay, loam the basin of a fountain; *fig-s. 2)* to root, root with; mit *Belohnung* *beifidet*, vested with power (of attorney); 4) (cine *Stelle*, ein

Wirt) to occupy (a post); to fill, hold (or serve in) an office.

Befen-zen, (w.) f. 1) clothing, dressing: dress, garment; 2) a) *Paint., Sculpt.*, &c. drapery; hangings, tapestry (of a room); *Mar-s. b)* serving (of the ropes); c) (*die Äufere* — an *cinen Schiff*) bulwark; d) *Corp.* cage; e) *Steam-ang. case*, casing, (steam-) jacket (*Wentel*); f) *Join.* boxing (of a door); facing, lining (of a pit, &c.); mantle-piece (of a chimney); g) side-planks (of a ship); 3) the (act of) investing: investiture; 4) administration (of an office).

Befen-zen, ... in comp. — *inspector*, m. superintendent of the clothing-department; — *flissen*, m. *Mar.* (*des Stages*) pillow; — *forb*, see *Schönheits*; — *mauer*, see *Putzmauer*.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to paste or plaster over: *Wass.* to dress, size; 2) *fig.* to colour, palliate.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pinch, press, confine, straiten; 2) *fig.* to afflict, oppress; to grieve. — **Befen-zen**, (w.) f. pressure: difficulty of breathing, anxiety; anguish: embarrassment.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to climb.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. *Corp.*, &c. to join (by a mortice); to assemble.

Befen-zen, I. p. a. oppressed; breathing with difficulty: uneasy, anxious, sorrowful; II. *B-heit*, (w.) f. see *Befimmung*.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to knock, beat repeatedly: *Mm.* to try (the rocks) by beating; *Cdm.* to beat (the blanks).

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to pave with square pieces of wood.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to criticise, censure.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* *vulg.* to be-draggle, drabble, dirty, to clog with dirt.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to gnaw or to nibble at.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to pick ("when I'm sent for a loaf, you should only see how I pick it all round").

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to cut short or stint from niggardliness (the servants of fees, &c.).

[(of cables); *beifist*, jammed.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to run foul

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to snarl at.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to bait.

Befen-zen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to get, receive, obtain, gain; *es ist nicht zu* —, it is not to be had or got; *er bekam kein Zinsgeld*, he had no fee; *cinen Anfall von* ... —, to be taken with a fit of ...; *Zust* —, to have or get (a) mind; *ich konnte ihn nicht zu sehen* —, I could not get a sight of him; *Land zu Gesicht* —, to gain sight of land, to descry land; *Wiltzen* —, to begin to blossom; *Burgen* —, to take or strike root; *cine Krankheit* —, to fall sick, to be taken ill, to take a disease; *Zähne* —, to cut teeth, to teeth; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) (*obsolet*; *Bücher*, &c.) to thrive, to prosper (*fortkommen*); 2) to agree with the health; *dicke Speise bekommt mir nicht*, this food (meat) does not agree with or disorders me; *der gefrige Spaziergang ist mir nicht schick* —, I am not (or have not been) (any) the worse for (my) yesterday's walk; *wie ist Ihnen Ihre Spazierfahrt* —? how do you bear your ride? *er ist mir gut* —, I find myself the better for it; *es wird ihm schlecht* —, he will come off badly for it, he will be served out for it; *seine Speculation ist ihm übel* —, his speculation has proved a bad job; *möhl become es Ihnen!* much good may it do you!

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with a basket (*cf.* *cinen Korb geben*).

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to cork.

Befen-zen, p. a. (*Hippel*, unusual for *Befen-zen*) corpulent.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with a

(w.) v. tr. to furnish with food; to board, diet; *ich* —, to find one's own food; *coll.* to find one's self.

[a boarding-house.
Befen-zen, (str.) m. nourisher; master of *Befen-zen*, (w.) f. alimentation, board-ing, board, diet, food. [*specien*].

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. *vulg.* to bespew (*Befen-zen*, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* to tickle.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to strengthen, corroborate; 2) to confirm, to assert, avouch, aver, sanction.

Befen-zen, (w.) f. 1) corroboration; 2) confirmation, avowment, sanction.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to wreath, crown; to garland, festoon.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to scrape on the sur-face, to cover with scratches, to scratch.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Hard.* to weed; 2) see *Befegen*.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to chalk over.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to encircle, encom-pass; *Sport.* ein *Weg* —, to go round a copse.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cross; (*Befen-zen*, (w.) v. tr. 1) to make the sign of the cross upon, *cf.* *Streichen*; 2) *Law.* to set a cross under a document; 3) *Nil.* to command by a cross-fire. — **Befen-zen**, (w.) f. the (act of) crossing, &c.

Befen-zen, (str.) v. tr. to creep over.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to make war upon.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to censure, criticise, to find fault with, to carp or cavil at, dis-parage. — **Befen-zen**, (str.) m. fault-finder, caviller, &c., criticaster.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to scrawl, scribble over, beacrawl.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to bestow a crown (wreath, &c. *cf.* *Stren*) upon (one), to crown.

Befen-zen, (w.) f. 1) a crowning; 2) T. (or *B-geflüss*, m. a) cornice (*Stange*); b) *Fort.*, &c. crest; *B-geflüss* einer *Brücke*, coping.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to strew with crumbs.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to crust, incrust. — **Befen-zen**, (w.) f. crustation, incrustation.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. l. tr. to aggravate, grieve, afflict, discomfort, trouble; *Befen-zen*, p. a. sorry (um, über *with Acc.*), of, at), anxious, solicitous, concerned; um, über or wegen ... *Befen-zen* sein, to be concerned for, affected with, solicitous or careful of ... II. *refl.* 1) (*über*, wegen) to afflict one's self, to be ag-grieved by, to be sorrowful, anxious, to grieve (at); 2) to concern or busy one's self with or about, to care for; to attend to, to mind, to take notice of; to meddle with; *be-fürmerte dich um dich*, mind your own business or look to your (own) self; 3) *Law.* to seize, distrain (*Befürmungen*).

Befen-zen, (str.) f. & m. affliction, grief, sorrow, pain, trouble, solicitude, concern.

Befen-zen, (w.) f. *Law.* see *Befürmungen*.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Law.* to depose, give evidence upon oath; 2) to prove, demon-strate, manifest.

[*edly*.
Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. (l. u.) to kiss repeat-

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to smile at.

Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to laugh at; 2) see *Befachen*.

[to japan.
Befen-zen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with varnish,

Befen-zen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to load, charge, freight; 2) to encumber, burden; 3-*e* *Rohlen-schiffe*, laden colliers; *cine ganz b-e Schiff*, a full ship; alle, die ihr mühselig und — *seid* (Matth. 11, 28), all ye that labour and are heavy laden.

Befen-zen, (str., pl. *Befen-zen* m. 1) a) any-thing laid over another (*cf.* *Befen*), covering;

b) flooring, planking (of a bridge); c) bridge-road, road-way (of a bridge); d) incrustation;

2) voucher, &c., see *Befen*.

Ein rethen Wein? do you choose red wine? — **Es noch etwas?** would you like any thing else? **II. intr. (with Dat.)** to please; **es beliebt ihm**, it pleases him, he takes a fancy to; it is his pleasure; **diefe Speise beliebt mir nicht**, I don't like this dish (meat); **was beliebt Ihnen?** what is your pleasure or will? **das beliebt Ihnen zu fagen**, you are pleased to say so; **es beliebt ihm nicht zu antworten**, he did not choose, or deign, or was not pleased to answer; **wenn Ihnen dies nicht beliebt**, if this is not to your liking; **wie beliebt? Sir?** ob. Madam? ob. I beg your pardon... **wie (es) Ihnen beliebt**, as you like or please; **nehmen Sie, was Ihnen beliebt**, take your choice.

Belieben, (*str.*) *n.* will, inclination, pleasure, liking; **nach —**, at will, *usu. &c. ad libitum*; **nach Ihrem**, as you please, at your pleasure; **Jeber nach —**, every one to his taste or at his (own) pleasure; **handeln Sie gang nach Ihrem** —, use your own discretion in it; **es steht in Ihrem** —, it is (left) at your discretion, it rests with you; **ich stelle es gang in Ihr —**, I leave that to your own discretion or at your option.

Beliebig, *adj.* arbitrary, discretionary, to one's liking or pleasure; in *b-er Größe*, of the size you choose; **nehmen Sie einen b-en Maßstab an**, take any standard you like; **eine b-e Summe**, any sum you please; **b-e Linie**, *Math.* indefinite line, number; in *b-er Richtung*, in any required direction; **zu jeder b-en Zeit**, at any time whatever.

Beliebt, *i. p. a.* liked, beloved; in favour, popular; fashionable (*beli*, with); **sehr —**, highly thought of; **Comm.** in favour (of wares); — **machen**, to endear; **sich — machen**, to ingratiate one's self (*beli*, with); — **sein**, to be liked, &c., admired; to be a favourite (*beli*, with); — **werden**, to grow in or gain favour; **II. das B-liche**, (*str.*) *n.*, **B-heit**, (*n.*) *f.* the being liked or in favour, popularity.

Beliebung, (*n.*) *f.* obsequence, 1) any voluntary contract or agreement (*Hilp.*); 2) voluntary association, *cf. Zehr-.*

Beliege, (*str.*) *v. i. intr. t.* to lie; **II. tr. to lie on. (*adj.*) *Law*, donee.**

Beliegeuse, *m.* (*pp.* of *Beliegen*, *decl. like* *Beliegen*), (*n.*) *f.* to rule with lines.

Beliegen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to deceive, cheat, over-reach, trick, humbug.

* **Belledonne**, *f. Bos.* belladonna, deadly night-shade (*Atropa belladonna* L.).

A. Belle, (*n.*) *f.*, or **Bell-baum**, *see* *Ublete*.

B. Belle, (*n.*) *f.* coll. bark (barking); cough.

Bellen, (*n.* & *t. str.*) *v. intr. i.* to bark, to yelp; 2) *fig.* to clamour (against); **mein Magen bellt**, coll. I am terribly hungry.

Beller, (*str.*) *n.* barker, &c.

* **Belletrist**, (*n.*) *m.* one versed in the belles lettres; (*Coleridge*, *m. B.*) belletrist. — **Beller**, (*n.*) *f.* pretension to polite literature.

Bellig, *adj.* belonging to belles lettres, (*For. Qu. Rev.*, *m. B.*) belletristic(al).

Bell ... *in comp.* — **hammel**, *m.* bell-weather (*Reithammel*); — **hase**, *m.*, **maus**, *f.* *Zool.* dwarf-hare (*Lepus pusillus*); — **horn**, *n.* *see* *Bel(m)horn*; — **huhn**, *n.* *see* *Bläshuhn*.

Beloben, **Belobigen**, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to praise, commend, applaud, make honourable mention of. — **Belobigung**, (*n.*) *f.* praise, commendation; honourable mention: **B-ig...** *in comp.* commendatory; **B-preis**, *m.* second-best premium.

Belohnen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to bore holes into (trees, &c.); to make a hole in, to perforate; *f.* to sting.

Belohnbar, *I. adj.* remunerable, requitable; **II. B-keit**, (*n.*) *f.* remunerability.

Belohnen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to reward, to recompense, remunerate, requite; **mit Lobhaft — (cf. Lohn)**, to serve one ungratefully; **b-be** *str.*

beit, remunerative labour; **b-swertig**, *adj.* remunerable, worthy of reward.

Belohnen, (*str.*) *see* *rewarder*, remunerator.

Belohnung, (*n.*) *f.* reward, recompense, remuneration; gratuity; prize, premium; payment; **schlechte —**, ill return.

Belt, (*str.*) *m.* *Geogr.* Belt; der große und der kleine —, the greater and the lesser Belt.

Beinigen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* to view closely.

Belügen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to belie, to tell a lie to; to deceive by (a) falsehood; er hat mich belogen, he (has) told me a lie; **sich selbst —**, to be a liar to one's self.

Belügen (*pr.* — *lügen*), (*n.*) *v. tr. coll.* to cozen, cheat, trick.

Belustigen, (*n.*) *v. i. tr.* to amuse, divert, delight; **II. refl. to divert, amuse, or enjoy one's self, to make merry; **sich lächernd —**, to romp. — **Belustiger**, (*str.*) *m.* diverter, &c., merry-maker, entertainer. — **Belustigung**, (*n.*) *f.* diversion, delight, sport, entertainment, merry-making.**

* **Belustig**, *see* *Beitig*.

Belzen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Belzen* (*Wpfehen*).

Belg... *in comp.* — **baum**, *m.* *see* *Bellbaum*; — **weise**, *f.* *see* *Schwammweise*.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to mark.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr. coll.* to besoul.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. refl. (with Gen.)* 1) to seize (on), to take possession, or make sure, or possess one's self (of), to master; to secure; 2) to usurp. — **Bema(n)tigung**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) seizing, &c.; 2) usurpation.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Betrifft*.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to paint (over), to repaint; 2) *Sport*. to mark or foul with excrementa. [piece of timber].

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *Corp.* to mould (a *Bema(n)ten*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to object or make objections to, to find fault with.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to man, equip, fit out (a ship). — **Bema(n)nung**, (*n.*) *f.* the (act of) manning, &c.; equipage, crew.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Law*, to legitimate (a child); *cf.* *Wenteilind*; 2) *fig.* to cloak, palliate, colour, to set a fine gloss upon, to varnish, to gloss over, to conceal; to extenuate, soften, mince, smooth, cover (a fault, &c.). — **Bema(n)ten**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) legitimization of a child; 2) cloaking, palliation.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with masts, to mast. — **Bema(n)ten**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) the act of masting; 2) masts, yards, booms, &c., spars (of a ship). [with a wall].

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to wall, to enclose

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (*Wieland*, *i. u.*) to mangle.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Beohrigen*.

Bema(n)ten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *vulg.* to pilfer or slish from.

Bem(e)lein, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to chisel.

Bem(e)lein, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (*& refl. with Gen.*) to master, to seize on; to vanquish, conquer, overcome; to make one's self master of.

Bem(e)lein, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *obsolescent*, to mention; **bem(e)let**, *p. a.* mentioned, aforesaid; **bem(e)leter** *Wagen*, *a.* aforesaid. [per (mit, with)].

Bem(e)lein, (*n.*) *v. refl.* to meddle, to tam-

Bemerckbar, *I. adj.* observable, perceptible, sensible (*cf.* *Bemercklich*); **II. B-keit**, (*n.*) *f.* perceptibility.

Bemerken, *I. v. (n.) tr.* 1) to mark, note, remark, notice, observe, perceive; **bemerkt** wie unten, as noted below: *etwas bemerkhaft* —, to take a thing in good part (*cf.* *Bemerken*); 2) to make an observation, to observe, remark: *Comm.* to note, state, mention, quote; **II. v. s. (str.) n. (the act of) marking, &c.; **mit dem —**, with the remark, remarking; **b-bewertig**, **b-bewertig**, *adj.* worth remarking, deserving notice, noticeable, notable, remarkable, note-worthy; curious.**

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Bemercklich, *adj.* *see* *Bemerckbar*; (*Comm.* *etwas*) — **machen**, to hint (something to), make (one) sensible (of); *feine Abfichten* — **machen**, to mark one's intentions; **sich — machen**, 1) (of persons) to make one's self (one's presence) noticed; to obtrude one's self; **bei...** to push one's self into the notice of...; 2) (of things) to become apparent.

Bemerken, (*n.*) *f.* remark; observation; notice; hint; **nützig** — **nehmen**, to take due note; **sich (Dat.) (schriftliche) B-en** **machen**, to take notes; **über (with Acc.) B-en** **machen**, to make comments on...; to comment upon (on) ..., to observe on...; **b-swertig**, **b-swertig**, *see* *Bemerckswertig*.

Bemessen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to subject to measurement, to measure; to ascertain or to adjust by measuring; 2) to mete out, apportion (on) ..., *p. a. lit. & fig.* measured.

Bemessen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) to court, to pay one's addresses to.

Bemessen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to manure, dung.

Bemitleiden, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to commiserate, pity, compassionate; **b-swertig**, *adj.* worthy of compassion, pitiable.

Bemittel, *adj.* furnished with means, in easy circumstances, well off, well-to-do, wealthy, substantial; **ein b-er Mann**, a man of means.

Bemühen, *see* *Bümmen*.

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. intr.* (*Auerbach*, *i. u.*) *see* *Bümmen*. [= *Äußerstren*].

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to furnish (rooms *Bemühen*, *p. a.* covered with mould, mouldy.

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. i. tr.* to cover with moss; **II. intr. to gather moss; **Bemühen**, *p. a.* mossy, moss-grown; **moss-clad**; **das Bemühen** *Heimt*, *Acad. slang*, old student.**

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to plaster, parge, cover with mortar; to rough-cast.

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. i. tr.* to trouble, to inconvenience; **darf ich Sie darum —?** may I trouble you for it? **II. refl. 1) (*or* *Bemüht* *sein*) to take trouble or pains, to trouble one's self, to give one's self trouble; to endeavour, labour, strive, to make efforts, to exert one's self, to contend (for), to struggle, to be anxious; **sich bemühen** —, to lose one's labour; **etwas um (with Acc.) bemüht**, eagerly bent on; **er hat sich sehr um sie bemüht**, he made great efforts in her behalf; he took great pains to win her; 2) (*with* *zu* and other prepositions and adverbs denoting motion to a place) to take the trouble of going to...; **es thut mir leid**, daß *Sie* **sich** **haben** **zu** **mir** — **mühen**, I am sorry you had the trouble of calling on me; **bittet**, — *Sie* **sich** **in** **den** **Garten**, please to step into the garden: — *Sie* **sich** **hinauf**, be so good as to walk up; **wollen Sie sich nicht herein —?** won't you please to step in? **das —**, *v. s. (str.) n.*, **Bemühen**, (*n.*) *f.* trouble, pains, endeavour, effort, care, exertion. [obligo].**

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to supply a mother's place to (one), to provide for (one) in a motherly way; **sie bemühtet das junge Mädchen**, (at a ball, &c.) she chaperoned the young lady.

Bemühen, (*n.*) *v. refl.* to become neighbours; **brüderlich**, *p. a.* neighbouring.

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Bemühen, (*n.*) *v.*

Berquid'en, (w.) v. tr. to silver, foliate (a looking-glass).

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. 1) to frame; 2) see **Beramen**.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with bounties; **Berach'men**, (w.) v. tr. see **Beramen**.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. *Mind* to mill, border **Berach'men** (**Berach'men**), (w.) v. tr. to furnish with a rim (margin), to rim; to edge.

Berach'mung, (w.) f. engraved ring.

Berach'm, (str.) m. *Mas.* rough-cast: rough-skin. — **Berach'men**, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Mas.* to rough-cast; to plaster roughly; 2) *Corp.* to rough-hew.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. to cover with turf, to sod, to turf; **berach'tet**, p. a. turfy; II. *refl.* & *intr.* (ones. *sein*) to get turf, to be grown over with turf.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. to rasp (at).

Berach'men, (str.) v. tr. 1) *to* **berach'men** (to advise, assist; 2) (ones. *sein*) *aa* to consult (to regard, consider); nur sein eignes Selbst —, to be self-seeking; *bb* see **Berach'men**; to concert (a plan); Gott berach'te auch! God help you; II. *intr.* & *refl.* see **Berach'men**; sich mit sich selbst, mit Gott —, to commune with one's self, with God; 3-5, p. a. deliberative (voice, &c.).

Berach'men, (str.) m. counsellor, adviser.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to consult, confer, commune, advise (with, &c.); (with *über* & *Acc.*) to deliberate, to take into deliberation, to debate; to concert (means); es wird über die Sache berach'tet, the affair is under consideration; 5-6, deliberative (body, assembly, &c.).

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to consult, consultation, deliberation; conference, council; in — *gehen*, to deliberate.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. (Einen eines Dinges) to rob, plunder, spoil, spoliate, strip, divest, bereave, deprive (one of); Einen des Lebens —, to take away a person's life; der Ehre —, to dishonour, &c. (Entehren); der Vorräthe —, to disfranchise (towns).

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. the (act of) robbing, &c.; deprivation, privation, spoliation.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. 1) to smoke, fumigate; **berach'tet**, p. a. smoky, blackened by smoke.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) see **Berach'men**; b) to perfume (with incense, &c.); 2) *fig.* to flatter excessively, to incense. — **Berach'men**, (w.) f. fumigation, &c.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. see **Berach'men**.

Berach'men, see **Beramen**.

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. 1) see **Bäumen**; 2) *Sport.* to line (of wild boars).

Berach'men, (w.) v. tr. 1) to intoxicate; see **Betrinken**; 2) *Sport.* to line (of wild boars).

Berach'men, (w.) f. intoxication; drunkenness.

Berber, (str.) m. 1) Berber, inhabitant of Barbary; 2) or — *roß*, n. Barbary horse; — *sprache*, f. Berber language. — **Berber**, f. *Geogr.* Barbary. — **Berber**, adj. Berber, Barbarian.

Berber, ... in comp. — *berre*, f. — *baum*, — *baum*, m. **Berber**, (w.) f. *Bot.* barberry, pippardige-bush (*Barberis vulgaris* L.).

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to rake over.

Berber, adj. calculable.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. 1) to calculate, compute, reckon, to cast up (an account); 2) to estimate (auf *with* *Acc.*), at; 3) (Einen etwas) to charge one for ...; to put to one's account; *Comm.* — to charge; ich berechne 1/2 % Commission, I charge 1/2 per cent commission; wir — diese Waare mit (or zu) we charge these goods at ...; hoch —, to make high charges for ...; Rechen für ... werden nicht berechnet, no charges are made for ...; sich mit Einem —, to settle accounts with one, to set off, to ac-

count with one; forme Rechen auf einheimische —, to reduce foreign coin to the home standard; 4) *Corp.* to lash, switch, strap; **Berber**, p. a. calculated, intended; premeditated; made up; wohl berechnet, well-combined; schlecht berechnet, ill-judged.

Berber, (w.) f. 1) calculation, computation; estimation, statement; 2) (**Berber**) settlement, liquidation, reckoning; settling of accounts; außer aller —, beyond all calculation; *Comm.* — nach vorgängiger —, after previous settlement; ungefähre —, sketch.

Berber, (w.) f. 1) **Berber**, (w.) v. tr. to entitle, to give a right; to authorise, to warrant, empower; zu Hoffnungen —, to bid fair; zu der Hoffnung —, to justify a hope; Sie sind nicht berechtigt zu glauben, you are not justified in believing; berechtigt, p. a. entitled, authorised; competent; legitimate; berechtigte Hoffnung, just hope.

Berber, (w.) f. authorisation, title, right; — haben, to be legitimate.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. 1) to persuade; er ließ sich nicht zur Flucht —, he was not to be persuaded to fly; to induce, to prevail with (upon); 2) (Einen einer Sache *Gen.*) or von etwas) to make believe; to convince; 3) to speak of a thing; 4) to talk ill of (one), to backbite, abuse, defame (one); to find fault with a thing; II. *refl.* to discuss (or discourse on) any thing orally, to confer, concert (*cf.* **Berber**); sie haben sich mit einander beredet, they have agreed how to act in concert.

Berber, (w.) f. *pr.* **Berber**, more usual, although perhaps less analogous than **Berber**, I. adj. 1) eloquent; 2) talkative; II. *Zeit*, (w.) f. eloquence; rhetoric.

Berber, I. adj. eloquent; talkative, fluent; er hat eine 5-e Sprache, he has a fluent utterance; II. *Zeit*, (w.) f. see **Berber**.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. see **Berber**; Erwähnen; der beregte Gegenstand, the matter in question.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to rain on, rain over.

Berber, (str.) v. tr. to rub over.

Berber, (str.) m. 1) reach; range; compass, sphere, line; 2) district, department; parish; es liegt außer meinem B-er, it lies beyond my reach, &c.; and dem — bleiben, to keep out of reach; in — (e) der Stimme sein, to be within call or hearing.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to enrich; *fig.* to enlarge; to store (the mind, &c. with ...); sich —, *sam.* to feather one's nest.

Berber, (w.) f. the (act of) enriching, enrichment; acquisition of riches.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover with hoar-frost; 2) *Corp.* to hoop; II. *intr.* to grow hoary; **berstet**, p. a. hoary; *Bot.* pruinous.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to make rhymes upon, to berhyme.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to travel over (a country); to frequent (fairs, &c.); gegenwärtig wird die Riviera wenig berest, at present the Riviera is little travelled; er berest Frankreich, 1. he is making a tour in France; 2. *Comm.* he is travelling France; ich lasse Frankreich —, I have sent a traveller upon a round in France.

Berber, adj. ready, prompt, prepared; — halten, to have or keep in readiness.

A. **Berber**, (str.) v. tr. 1) to ride over, to visit on horseback; 2) to break in, to manage (a horse).

B. **Berber**, (w.) v. tr. to prepare, to make or get ready (*also* *refl.*), to dress; Einem den Untergang —, to work one's ruin, destruction; er wird dir noch einmal selbst —, he will work you mischief one time or other; diesen Berest hat er sich (*Dat.*) selbst bereitet, this loss is of his own making.

A. **Berber**, (str.) m. 1) *Mas.* riding-master, horse-breaker, rough-rider; equestrian (performer); — *gesellschaft*, f. company of equestrians; — *reiter*, f. jockey-whip.

B. **Berber**, (str.) m. preparer, dresser, &c. **Berber**, (str.) m. T. bank or board on which cloth is dressed.

Berber, adv. already; actually; as early as; — 1788 wurde zuerst eine neue Literatur hier eingeführt, as far back as 1788 a new species of literature [that of Germany] began to be introduced into this country (*W. Scott*).

Berber, (w.) f. readiness, preparation; Geld in — haben, to have money in hand.

Berber, (w.) f. preparation; manufacture, dressing.

Berber, I. adj. ready, willing; obliging; die 5-e Annahme, *Comm.* due honour or protection; II. *Zeit*, f. readiness, willingness; obligingness.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. 1) to run against; 2) *Mil.* to invest (a fortress), to block up, blockade, to assault. [*acc.*]

Berber, (w.) f. investment, assault.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with an income.

Berber, (w.) v. tr. to repent (of); to regret, to be sorry for (having offended one, &c.); to rue; du wirst es —, you shall rue it.

Berber, (w.) f. repentance, regret; 5-berest, 5-berestig, adj. worthy of repentance.

Berg, (str.) m. mountain (*Pos.* mount); der kleine —, a small mountain, hillock, hill;

den — hinan, up (the) hill; zu — (e), (up) on end; goldene B-er verprechen, to make large promises, to promise wonders.

Berg, ... in comp. — *ab*, adv. down-hill; also *fig.* es geht ab mit ihm, he is going down-hill; — *abhang*, m. slope of a hill; — *abspung*, m. (*Outlook*) set-off, ledge (of a mountain); — *ader*, m. field situated on a hill; — *ader*, f. metallic vein; — *akademie*, f. mining-college or mining-academy; — *alman*, m. rock-alum.

* **Bergamotte**, (w.) f. bergamot (pear); B-nöl, m. oil or essence of bergamot.

Berg, ... in comp. — *amper*, m. see **Alpen**; — *amper*, f. *Ornith.* ring-owl (*Nyctalus noctua* L.); — *amt*, m. 1) mining-office; 2) court for the decision of mining affairs; — *an*, adv. up (the) hill, upwards; — *ang*, m. miner's dress; — *arbeit*, f. mining labour, minework; — *arbeiter*, m. mine-worker, miner; — *art*, f. gang, rock, matrix of the ore; — *asche*, f. see *blau*; — *asche*, f. *Bot.* mountain ash (— *rot*); — *auß*, adv. see *an*; — *auster*, f. rock-oyster; — *baum*, m. naphtha; — *baum*, f. mineral bank; — *bau*, m. mining; — *baufunde*, — *baum*, f. science of mining; — *baumfunde*, m. one versed in the science of mining; — *baumwolle*, f. *Comm.* cotton from the Levant; — *beamtete*, m. mining-officer; — *begnadigung*, f. privilege of working mines; — *beschreibung*, f. orography; — *bewohner*, m. mountaineer, highlander, uplander; — *blau*, m. mountain-blue; lapis lazuli, ultramarine; Olympian or Olympic blue, verditer; — *bohrrer*, m. see *Erdb*; — *brunn*, m. number; — *butter*, f. *Miner.* rock or stone butter; — *compas*, m. miner's compass; — *crystall*, m. *Miner.* rock-crystal, sprig-crystal; — *bach*, m. see *Sturmes*; — *dorf*, n. mountain-village; mining-village; — *droffel*, f. *Ornith.* a species of thrush (*Turdus Naumannii* Tem.); — *ebenholz*, n. *Bot.* bastard senna; — *ei*, n. mountain egg.

Berg, ... in comp. — *classe*, m. see *Alp*; — *classe*, m. salvage (money); — *gut*, n. salvage (recovered goods).

Berg, (str.) v. tr. 1) to save, shelter,

Revelle will wenig —, the story in this novel goes for little; *Beisatz*, (sawd-d, mentioned).

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to saw.

Beisatz, see *Beisatz*.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to string (an instrument, to chord); *Beisatz*, of a delicate turn of mind, keenly alive.

Beisatz, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to anoint; 2) only, to cheat; II. *ref.* only, 1) to besmear one's self; 2) to get fuddled. [to salt]

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to sprinkle with salt.

Beisatz, (w.) v. l. tr. to sow, to seed; to impregnate; II. *ref.* *Beisatz* to grow to maturity so as to shed the seed, to run to seed, to multiply by seed; *Beisatz*, p. a. seeded; *Beisatz*, bearing seeds. — *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. impregnation, &c.

Beisatz, (str.) f. *Mar.* mis(s)en; die — *bed* legen, to barge the misen; die — *bur*scheln, to change the misen; die — *auf*steppen, to peek the misen; die — *lo*sen, to set the misen; — *br*amfenge, f. misen-top gallant mast; — *br*ost, n. throat-brall of the misen; — *fl*agge, f. flag-union, gallant; — *ge*rrben, pl. vangs; — *kn*echt, m. misen-knight; — *ma*ß, m. misen, misen-mast; — *sa*ß, f. misen-yard; — *se*gel, n. misen-sail; — *se*gel einer *R*itte, wing sail of a ketch; — *st*ag, m. misen-stay; — *st*agsegel, n. misen stay-sail; — *st*aub, f. misen-shroud.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) to strew with sand; 2) see *Beisatz*.

Beisatzung, (w.) v. tr. to appease, soften, to sooth, quiet, pacify, calm, assuage; *nicht zu* —, unappeasable, implacable, unmitigable. — *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. the (act of) appeasing, &c.; *B*-mittel, n. lenitive, sedative.

Beisatz, (str.) pl. *Beisatz* (c) n. 1) border, edging, trimming; embroidery; 2) *Min.* (zum *Er*ringeln) tamping, filling matter; — *sp*igen, f. pl. braids, purls; — *st*ück, m. store-(stock)-pond.

Beisatzung, (w.) f. 1) garrison; *Mar.* crew; — *haben*, to be garrisoned; in (*with* *Acc.*) — *legen*, to garrison; 2) *Lock*-sm. wards.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. *vulg.* to dirty.

Beisatz, (str.) v. tr. & *ref.* *vulg.* (cf. *Be*trinken) to make drunk, get drunk; *Beisatz*, p. a. drunken, drunk. [3] *Archit.* to panel.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) to hem, border;

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to shave, scrape.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to rub or scrape with shave-grass.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) to damage, harm, injure; to impair; 2) to hurt, wound; 3) to blight, blast (as with mildew); vom *W*etter *tr.* *Beisatz*, p. a. weather-beaten, shattered, (von *W*etter *tr.*) battered. — *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. damage; hurt, injury; *Comm*-s. *Beisatzung* — violent accidents (at sea), average; *frei von* — warranted free from average.

Beisatz, I. + (str.) v. tr. to create; II. (w.) v. tr. to procure, furnish (*Beisatz*).

Beisatz, *adj.* qualified, conditioned, circumstanced; (good, ill) tempered; constituted; *schlecht* —, ill-natured; ill-conditioned; *gut* —, *Comm.* in good condition: wie ist der *W*eg? — what sort of road is it? es ist *schlecht* mit ihm —, he is in low or bad circumstances, in a bad case or very hard up; die *S*ache mag — sein, wie sie wolle, let the matter be as it may; die *S*ache ist —, the matter is thus, is of this nature; — wie es wolle, of what quality soever.

Beisatz, (w.) f. condition, constitution, disposition; quality, nature, character, state, temper, temperature (of the air); was hat es für eine — mit ...? how is it with? nach — der *U*msände, according to (the nature of the) circumstances; von *g*uter —, well-conditioned; *W*-*st*ust, n. *Gramm.* adverb.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with a shaft or stock; to stock (ein *G*ewehr, a gun).

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to busy; to employ,

engage; to occupy, to keep busy; *Beisatz*, p. & a. employed, &c. (mit, with, on), taken up (with); busy; bei *E*inem *Beisatz* sein, to be in the employ or service of a person. — *Beisatz*, (str.) m. employer. — *Beisatz*, (w.) f. employment, occupation, business, pursuit.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) to furnish with a shell or cover; 2) a) *Booth.* to put the cover on; b) *Ord.* to helve; c) *Min.* to plank; d) *Corp.* to board; e) *Mar.* to lath the ceiling of (a room, &c.).

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pare, peel; 2) to cover or horse (a mare). — *Beisatz*, (str.) m. 1) stallion, stone-horse; 2) see *Beisatz*.

Beisatz ... (from *Beisatz*, 2), in comp. — *an*halt, f. stud; — *ge*ß, n. see *Fr*ugseß; — *st*ück, m. groom in attendance on the stallion; — *st*ück, f. covering-season.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to shame, confound, confuse, abash, to put to the blush; to dash; to mortify; b-d, p. a. 1. productive of confusion, mortifying; 2. disgraceful, disreputable; *Beisatz*, p. a. ashamed.

Beisatzung, (w.) f. the (act of) shaming, confounding, &c.; confusion, mortification.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. *provinc.* see *Be*trüben.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to shade, overshadow, cloud, veil; *Beisatz*, p. a. shady.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to assess; to tax, charge with taxes. — *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. assessment, taxing.

Beisatz, *adj.* what may be viewed.

Beisatz, (str.) n. T. reglet.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to look at, view, eye, behold; to inspect, examine; to contemplate. — *Beisatz*, (str.) m. 1) viewer, looker-on, spectator; 2) inspector, examiner; visitor (of a ship), searcher; surveyor.

Beisatz, I. *adj.* intuitive, contemplative; II. *B*-*st*ück, (w.) f. contemplativeness.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to cover with foam, to foam; to foam (or dash foam) against (rocks, &c.).

Beisatzung, (w.) f. the (act of) viewing, &c., contemplation; inspection, examination; *Beisatz*, (Schiller, M. Stuart 2, 2), idle meditation.

Beisatz, see *Beisatz*.

Beisatz, (str.) m. 1) (final) answer, return; *ab*schlägig —, refusal; order, direction; 2) knowledge, information, experience; 3) *Law*, sentence, decree, judgment; decision, award; — bringen, to bring word; *E*inem — *ge*gen lassen, to send one word, to let one know; bis auf *we*itern —, till further orders, provisionally; — um ... *w*issen, to know (a thing), to have intelligence of, to be conversant with; von *e*twas — *ge*ben, to give information of ...; to bring word to one; to warn; ich *we*iß *h*ier *ke*inen —, I am a stranger here; *E*inem — *th*un, to pledge one (in drinking).

Beisatz, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) (*E*inem *e*twas) to allot, assign; wäre es uns (*Dat.*) *be*schieden gewesen, zu ..., had we been destined to ...; 2) to inform (*with* *liber* [*& Acc.*] or *with* *Gen.*, *of*); ich *l*asse *m*ich —, I am open to conviction; 3) to direct, to order; to summon; er *be*schied *m*ich auf die *f*olgende *W*oche, he bade me call again next week; *E*inem *zu* *st*ich —, to send for one; *ab*schlägig —, to rebut; to give a refusal; er *ist* *zu* seinem *R*egimente *be*schieden, he is ordered to join his regiment; II. *ref.* to be contented; to listen to reason; to acquiesce (mit, bei or *with* *Gen.*, in), to yield; er *we*iß *st*ich *zu* —, he knows how to restrain himself, he understands to keep within bounds, he is unassuming; *st*ich *se*iner *U*rtheile — (*be*geben), to forego one's right of judging or deciding. *Beisatz*, I. *adj.* modest, discreet, mode-

rate, sober, demure, unostentatious, unpretending, unassuming; humble; II. *B*-*st*ück, (w.) f. modesty, discretion, discreetness, &c.

Beisatzung, (w.) f. self-restraint, unassumingness.

Beisatz, *adj.* *Bot.* sheathed, vaginate. *Beisatz*, (str.) v. tr. to shine upon, to irradiate.

Beisatz, (str.) v. tr. to attest, certify, vouch; den *E*mpfang (*einer* *S*ache) —, to acknowledge (the) receipt (*of*), to give a receipt (*for*), to receipt (goods, &c.).

Beisatzung, (w.) f. attestation; certificate; acquittance, receipt, voucher.

Beisatz, (str.) v. tr. *vulg.* 1) to besmear; 2) *fig.* to cheat.

Beisatz, (str.) v. tr. 1) (*L. u.*) to defame; *Beisatz*, p. a. ill-reputed; 2) see *Beisatz*.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to present with; er *be*schied *m*ich, he made me a present (mit, with, *of*). — *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. the (act of) presenting, &c.; donation, gift.

Beisatz, (str.) n. (*not usual*) see *Beisatzung*.

A. *Beisatz*, (str.) v. tr. to shave; to shear.

B. *Beisatz*, (w.) v. tr. (*E*inem *e*twas) 1) to give, grant, to bestow upon, to make a present *of*; 2) to give for a christmas-box.

Beisatzung, (w.) f. 1) bestowal, &c.; 2) distribution of christmas-presents; 3) christmas-box; 4) *coll.* from. work, business, matter, job; eine *S*ache —, a fine business this, a pretty mess or pickle (kettle of fish); da *haben* wir *die* —, there it is; there is the mischief.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to send delegates to ...; b) to send goods, &c. to (a fair, &c.); c) to send for; 2) to manage, take care of, to attend to, to put in order; cf. *Beisatz*, 4, a; 3) *Math.*, &c. a) to prepare; to alloy; b) to charge (a blast-furnace) 4) *Sport*, &c. to impregnate; 5) to, to bury, inter; 6) see *Beisatz*, 4, b; to administer the sacrament to (a sick person).

Beisatzung, (w.) f. 1) the sending of delegates, &c., see *Beisatz*; 2) *Math.* alloy; 3) *Smith.* charge (of a blast-furnace); *B*-*st*ück, f. *Math.* rule of allegation. [upon]

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to squint at; to leer. *Beisatz*, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to provide with (iron) bands; b) *Surg.* to fix with splinters; c) T. to tire, case (a wheel); to clout (the axle box); 2) to lay the rails on (the sleepers). *Beisatz*, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to fire upon, to cannonade, bombard, to batter; 2) to try, test (a gun) by firing it; II. *ind.* (*aux.* *sein*) to get covered with a chemical effluorescence. *Beisatz*, (w.) f. shed for testing fire arms.

Beisatz, *adj.* navigable. *Beisatz*, n. v. tr. to navigate, cross, sail over; *nicht zu* —, unnavigable.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to provide or arm with a shield, &c. cf. *Beisatz*.

Beisatz, (w.) v. l. *ind.* (*aux.* *sein*) to overgrow with reeds; II. tr. to cover with reeds; to thatch; *Beisatz*, p. a. reedy, reeded.

Beisatz, (w.) v. l. *ind.* (*aux.* *sein*) see *Beisatz*.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to disgrace, dishonour, injure; to affront, insult; to asperse; b-d, p. a. disgraceful, injurious; derogatory. *Beisatzung*, (w.) f. the (act of) dishonouring, &c.; disgrace, insult (inflicted on ...), affront, indignity (offered to ...), outrage (*des* *W*esens, upon the law); aspersion.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to shingle.

Beisatz, (str.) v. l. tr. to skin, flay, strip, fleece; to bark (trees); II. *ref.* *fig.* (*Acc.*), or *fig.* (*Dat.*) die *H*aut *tr.* —, to fray, lacerate one's skin.

Beisatz, (w.) v. tr. to shelter, cover,

protect, shield, screen (ver [with Dat.], from): to patronise. — **Defchirmet**, (*str.*) *m.* protector, defender. — **Defchirmung**, (*w.*) *f.* defence, protection; safeguard.

Defchleß *bern*, (*w.*) *tr. vulg.* 1) to bodaggle, &c.; 2) *see* **Defchleß**, **Defchleß**.

Defchleß *fen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lie or sleep with: 2) *fig.* to sleep on, upon (a thing): — *Eie* *ch*, advise with (or take counsel of) your pillow. — **Defchleß** *fung*, (*w.*) *f.* the lying with, &c.

Defchleß *g*, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* **Defchleß** *ge*) *m.* 1) any thing which is attached or fastened to another with nails, pins, &c.; sheathing; shoeing; cover; iron-work (of a ship's block, of doors, windows, &c.); iron binding (of a dead eye, &c.); mounting, garnish, clasp, hold, hoop, ferrule, guard, border, boss, top-plate, transom-plate, cap-square, *see also* **Defchleß** *ge*; 2) *a*) mould (forming on bodies), mouldy condition; *b*) *Chem.* efflorescence; *c*) *Chem.* lute, chemist's clay or loam; 4) *Sport.* *a*) the act of lining, copulation (of deer); *b*) place where the stag casts his antlers; 5) cattle-(live)stock of a farm; 6) *Law.* *a*) seizure, arrest, attachment, sequestration; — *auf* **Eignit** *um*, *das* *in* *frum* *den* *Pünken* *ist*, foreign attachment; *b*) embargo; *in* — *nehmen*, *1. or* — *legen* *auf* (with *Acc.*), *mit* — *legen*, to arrest, attach (one's goods), sequester, detain, stop, detain, to effect a seizure, to lay or lodge a detainer against ...; to seize, to take possession of; 2) *fig.* to take up, secure (a place, seat); to monopolise, engross (the attention, &c.); — *legen* *lassen*, to levy a distress (on); *mit* — *legen* *sein*, to be under seizure; *Eschiffe* *in* — *nehmen* (auf *Eschiffe* — *legen*), to lay an embargo upon ships, to embargo ships; — *aufheben*, to take off the embargo.

Defchleß *g* ..., *in comp.* — **bin** *schel* (— **ben** *schel*), *n. Mar.* furling-line; — **bet**, *n. Join.* covering-board (bad board).

Defchleß *ge*, (*str.*) *n. Build.* garnishment, furniture: *Lock* — *see*, *Join.* iron-furniture, mounting; *Corp.*, *Build.* armature, &c. *see* **Defchleß** *g*, 1.

Defchleß *gen*, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a*) to strike repeatedly; *b*) *Mind.* *aa*) to flatter, plianish; *bb*) to size (the blanks or planchets); *c*) to square (timber); 2) to cover, arm, or head (with iron-work, &c.); to clout; to put iron-work to, to bind about or hoop with iron-work, to sheath (a ship with sheets of copper, &c.); to case, line; to tip (a cane, &c.); tag; to shoe (a horse); *schärf* —, to talk (a horse); *ein* *mit* *Eschen* *h* — *er* *Eschen*, an iron-shod pole; *mit* *Rägen*, *Immer* *it* —, to stud, beset with nails, &c.; to nail, spike, to beat *Eschen* *it* —, to cover with leather, &c.; *ein* *schärf* —, to tire, case a wheel; 3) *Forest.* to mark, blaze (trees); 4) *Mar.* to stow, furl, or hand (the sails); *ein* *schärf* *mit* *b* — *ein* *Eschen*, a ship under bare poles; *alle* *Eschen* *schärf* —, to clap on all sails; 5) *fig.* *a*) to secure, to take up (a place, seat); *b*) *Law.* to seize, attach, *cf.* **Defchleß** *g*; 6) *Sport.* to line, cover (of deer); —, *p. a.* with young; 7) *Agri.* *ein* *schärf* *mit* *Bieh* —, to stock a farm; 8) *Chsch.* to affix the lead mark to (a piece of cloth); *II. indr.* (*aus* *sein*) 1) to grow mouldy, hoary, or mildewed, to get covered with mould; 2) to effloresce; 3) to get covered with damp; to get tarnished; *cf.* **Ein** *schärf* *in*, *L. 7: das* —, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* 1) the act of striking, &c.; 2) *Law.* *das* — *der* *Dreie*, consummation of marriage.

Defchleß *gen*, *p. a. fig.* constituted; conditioned; gut —, versed, experienced, skilled: *in* *einer* *Esche* *gut* — *sein*, to be a good hand at, to have a sound knowledge of, to be well up at.

Defchleß *g* ..., *in comp.* — **ham** *mer*, *m. Furr.* shoeing-hammer; — **leg** *um*, *f. see* **Defchleß** *g*; — **lein**, *f.* slow-garnet; (anchor) brails; yard-arm gasket; — **spagel**, *m.* stud; — **nahm** *e*, *f. l.*

see **Defchleß** *g*; 2) (*von* *Wahren* *unterwegs*, *bei* *eingetretener* *Zahlungsunfähigkeit* *des* *Abreis* *ten*) stoppage, distraint *in transitu*; — **schärf** *pel*, *f.* rubber; — **schärf** *mit*, *m. see* **Defchleß** *g*; — **schärf** *ig*, *f. Mar.* gasket; *B* — **schärf** *ig*, *f.* farrier's pouch; — **schärf** *ig* *alter*, — **schärf** *ig* *er* *alter*, *m.* sequestrator; — **schärf** *ig* *er* *tong*, *f.* farrier's tonge; — **schärf** *ig* *er* *zeug*, *m.* farrier's tools.

Defchleß *gen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to steal (in) upon, to come stealthily or stealthily upon (one); to creep on (upon); *fig.* *s.* 2) to creep into one's mind, &c.; to steal over or upon: 3) to surprise, deceive, cheat, to take in; *das* — (*v. s. (str.)* *n.*) *des* *Wilde* *Sport.* deer stalking.

Defchleß *ern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to veil.

Defchleß *ern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with alime.

Defchleß *n* *igen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accelerate, hasten (on), dispatch, forward, quicken, speed, expedite; *feine* *Schritte* —, to quicken one's steps or pace, to wing one's course; to hurry, precipitate (the fall of ... &c.). — **Defchleß** *n* *igung*, (*w.*) *f.* acceleration, &c.; dispatch, speed.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to provide with **Defchleß** *n* *en*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) obsolescent, *a*) to lock up; *b*) to inclose: *eine* *Defchleß* *n* *en* *Riße*, *Mar.* a protected road; *Defchleß* *n* *en* *Gitter*, *Law.* grounds closed in with a ring-fence; 2) to close, conclude, end, finish: to complete (**Defchleß** *n* *en*); 3) to determine, decree, resolve upon, to decide, fix; (*durch* *Abstimmung*) to vote; *bei* *schärf* —, to determine in one's mind, to make up one's mind; *etwas* *mit* *einander* —, to agree upon ...; *Jermandes* *Lob* *bei* *schärf* —, to resolve upon the death of a person; *er* *Defchleß* *n* *en* *die* *Schwärze* *zu* *benutzen*, be determined upon profiting by this falling.

Defchleß *n* *er*, (*str.*) *m.* housekeeper, caterer, butler; steward: **W** — *in*, (*w.*) *f.* housekeeper, cateress, &c.

Defchleß *n* *ung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) locking up, &c.; 2) determination, &c. *see* **Defchleß** *g*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to entwine, enclose in a net; *fig.* to captivate.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Defchleß** *g*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, *p. a. Law.* 1) possessed of castles with jurisdiction; 2) *Harold.* *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to daggel, trail, besoul.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*, *pl.* **Defchleß** *n* *en*), *m.* 1) the (act of) locking up, &c. *cf.* **Defchleß** *n* *en*; keeping: *unter* —, under lock and key; 2) close, end, conclusion; *den* — *machen* *or* *bilden*, to conclude, close, end the proceedings, &c.; 3) determination, resolution; *einen* — *essen*, to form a resolution; *decree* *jum* —, in conclusion, in fine, finally, at last; — **fähig**, *adj.* (of political assemblies, &c.) competent or attended in sufficient numbers, to form legal resolutions: *die* — **fähige** *Anzahl*, a number legally sufficient to form valid resolutions, a (legal) quorum; — **fähig** *keit*, *f.* the being sufficiently numerous to form legal resolutions; — **nahm** *e*, *f.* conclusion, determination, resolve, decree.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to besmoke.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to celebrate a feast by dining, &c. in honour of ...; 2) to dine with (another person or persons), *coll.* to sponge upon (one); *schärf* —, to feast to excess.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *vulg.* *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*; 2) to blow upon (as insects), to fly-blow; 3) *fig.* to dirty, to foul, to soil.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to lay on, to spread upon, to do over; *b*) to grease, be-grease, besmear, smear, foul, bedaub; to dabble; 2) to scrawl, bescrawl, to scribble on (upon).

3) *fig.* *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*; **Defchleß** *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to soil, dirt, stain:

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smirk at.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sully, dirty; foul, besoul, soil.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to snort or snuffle at ...

Defchleß *n* *en*, *in comp.* **Book** *s.* — **ban** *f*, *T.* dressing bench; — **bet**, *n.* riglet; — **el** *fen*, *n.* — **hobel**, *m.* plough-knife, cutting-knife, paring-knife; edge-tool; — **maschine**, *f.* paper-cutting machine.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to clip (money, the wings, hedges, &c.), to cut (short), to pare (the nails, &c.); **Book** *s.* to cut, poll, trim: to plough (with a machine the edges of the sheets), to force (wool), to trim, lop, top (trees); to prune, dress (the vine); *Wien* —, to take part of the honey from the hives; 2) *Jer.* *Rel.* to circumcise; 3) *fig.* *a*) to prune (the expression); *b*) to cut off (one's opportunity, &c.); *c*) to lessen (one's wages, &c.); **Defchleß** *n* *en*, *p. a. Glass* — *gr.* cut in faces, rich cut; **Defchleß** *n* *en* *Papier*, paper with the edges cut.

Defchleß *n* *en*, *in comp.* **Book** *s.* — **pre** *ffe*, *f.* — **sch** *ig*, *m.* cutting-press.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *m.* clipper, &c.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) clipping, &c.; 2) *Jer.* *Rel.* circumcision.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to snow upon, cover with snow.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lop (trees), *see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to jerk against, at; 2) to cheat, swindle, to take in.

Defchleß *n* *en*, *dimin.*: **Defchleß** *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clip, pare; to cut.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to snuff at, smell at.

Defchleß *n* *en*, *p. a. see* **Defchleß** *n* *en*.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to gravel, ballast (a road).

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bind with strings, to cord; *ein* *Defchleß* *n* *en* *Netz*, a braided coat.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to tax according to scores.

Defchleß *n* *en* (*l. n.*: **Defchleß** *n* *en*), (*w.*) *v. tr. fig.* to colour, to palliate, excuse, to smooth, *cf.* **Benämten**.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) colouring, palliation, &c. gloss, varnish.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to confine, bound, limit; to circumscribe; 2) to restrain, restrict, to stint: *ein* *Defchleß* *n* *en* *Einkommen*, a limited income, a limited income, monarchy, &c.; **Defchleß** *n* *en*, *p. a.*: *b* — *b*, *p. a.* restrictive; *II. reg.* to confine or restrict one's self (auf *with* *Acc.*), to be to be satisfied (with); to limit one's (own) pretensions; to be confined, restricted (to).

Defchleß *n* *en*, *I. p. a.* 1) limited, *cf.* **Defchleß** *n* *en*; finite; *Comm.* *b* — *c* *Nachfrage*, restricted demand; 2) straitened (circumstances); narrow (means, capacities, &c.), contracted (view, &c.); *ein* *b* — *c* *Kopf*, a person of narrow understanding or intellect; *II. R.* *schleß*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) limitedness, &c.; confinement; 2) narrowness; weakness (of intellect); poorness (of conceptions).

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*w.*) *f.* limitation, confinement; restriction, restraint; *die* — *auf* *ein* *stün* *ige* *Defchleß* *n* *en*, the restriction to monotonous avocations.

Defchleß *n* *en*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fill with writing: *ein* *Blatt* *auf* *beiden* *Seiten* —, to write on both sides of a sheet; *die* *se* *Papier* *läßt* *sch* *leicht* *er* —, als *andere*, this paper can be written on more freely than any other; *be* *druck* *t* *ed* *Defchleß* *n* *en* *Papier*, paper whether printed or written upon; 2) *Geom.* &c. to describe: *einen* *Kreis* *it* —, to describe a circle; 3) to describe, define: *genau* —, to detail; *b* — *der* *Text*, *Lit.* (descriptive) letter-press.

Beſchreib̃er, (*str.*) *m.* describer.
Beſchreib̃ung, (*n.*) *f.* description.
Beſchreien, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to cry at or about (something); 2) to decry; to talk ill of, to disparage, to bring into evil report; 3) *ſich* -*loren*, to forewarn by fatal praise, vain-glorious vaunting, &c. *cf.* **Brüllen**, 3. — *Eie* of night! don't wrore over it! let the devil rest!
Beſchreien, *see* **Brüllen**.
Beſchreiten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to walk on; to step over, on; 2) to bostride (a steed); 3) *Archid.* to enter (the marriage-bed).
Beſchreuten, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *T. a.* 1) to clip or edge (off) with shears, a saw, &c.; 2) to board off (metals); *ſchneiden*, to fettle, clean; *ſchneiden*, to file or nip off; 3) *ſg.* *see* **Beſagen**.
Beſchreib̃ſelle, (*n.*) *f.* fine-art riap.
Beſchlehen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to shoe; *ſchlehen*, shod; *ſch.* calceated.
Beſchlehung, (*n.*) *f.* 1) the act of shoeing; 2) *colled*, shoes (*Schuhwerk*).
Beſchuldigen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to charge or tax (*ſich* *Eide* (*ſon.*), with), to accuse (off), to impute something to, to impeach of; *ſich* *Beſchuldigung*, accused, defendant.
Beſchuldiger, (*str.*) *m.* accuser.
Beſchuldigung, (*n.*) *f.* accusation, charge, imputation; impeachment; *ſich* — (*Dat.*) *untermessen* (in, to be chargeable with).
Beſchumen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *vulg.* to take in, cheat.
Beſchuppen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to cover with scales; 2) to unscale; 3) *ſg.* *vulg.* *see* **Beſchummeln**.
Beſchürzen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *ſich* -*ſchürzen*, to strike upon, discover (a lode), *see* **ſchürzen**, 2.
Beſchürzen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) *n* to throw or cast on, to cover with; b) *T.* to metal a (road, &c.), *cf.* **Auffſchütten**; 3) *ſg.* to provide plentifully, to load (with dignities, &c.).
Beſchützen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to protect, guard; defend, shelter, shield; to patronize (*ſich*, &c.); 2) to enclose, fence in.
Beſchützer, (*str.*) *m.* protector; guardian; defender, patron (of *ſich*, &c.); *ſch.* -*ſchützer*, (*n.*) *f.* protectress, defendress; patroness.
Beſchützung, (*n.*) *f.* protection; defence; patronage.
Beſchwängern, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *see* **ſchwängern**.
Beſchwehen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to talk over (a matter); 2) to persuade, to talk over, to wheedle; 3) to speak ill of (a person), to slander. (over)
Beſchweben, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*h.*) to hover
Beſchwehen, *see* **ſchwehen**. (tail)
Beſchweiden, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to provide with
Beſchweiden, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to cover with sweat; *ſchweiden*, to cover with blood; *beſchweiden*, *p. a.* swaty.
Beſchweremen, *see* **ſchweremen**.
Beſchwerde (*h.* *v.* **Beſchwer**), (*n.*) *f.* 1) molestation, trouble, pain, difficulty, toll, hardship; annoyance, nuisance, inconvenience; 2) grievance, expostulation, complaint; 3) clog, incumbrance; 4) *Med.* disorder, malady, disturbance, difficulty (in breathing, &c.); *ſich* -*ſchwerde*, to disagree with one (as certain food, &c.); — *ſich* -*ſchwerde* (*ſch.*) *ſich* -*ſchwerde*, to complain of — (*n*) *ſch.* -*ſchwerde*, a book of complaints (as on postlions) — *ſchwerde*, *m.* complainant; — *ſchwerde*, *m.* point or subject of complaint; — *ſchwerde*, *m.* *Law.* *den* -*ſchwerde* -*ſchwerde*, to lay a complaint against a person; — *ſchwerde*, *f.* expostulatory letter or address; — *ſchwerde*, *f.* painful, toilsome.
Beſchweren, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to load (*T.* the paper, charge; 2) *ſg.* to charge, accuſe; to clog; to burden, to cumber, to trouble, to troublesome to, to incommode, to peſter, to bother; to molest, inconvenience, importune, encumber; *cf.* **Beſchlagen**; to saddle (with something disagreeable from *ſich* *ſchweren* *ſchweren*);

beſchwert, *adj.* grieved, his breathing was more laboured than usual: *ſie ſahen beſchwert den Krieger*, this (man's) feed is a clog to the stomach: II. *vgl.* to complain (*ſiebr* with *Acc.*), of, about: to find fault (with), to grumble (*ſie* *ſah* *beſchwert* *an* *gegen* *Einen* —, to make complaints to one: *beſchwert*, *p. a.* *ſie*, heavy: hard: encumbered with mortgages (of estates): *ein beſchwertes Brief*, money-letter; *der beſchwerte Fabel*, weighted lever.

beſchwerlich, I. *adj.* troublesome, cumbersome, cumbersome: heavy, inconvenient, burdensome, painful, hard: *unimportant*: *ein b-er Weg*, a difficult road: *b-er Knecht*, bore: *b-er Wiſſen*, *Mod.* difficulty of breathing, laboured breathing: *b-er Knecht*, toll: *Einem* — *ſellen*, *see* *beſchweren*; II. *b-ſch*, (*vgl.* 1) troublesome, *acc.* 2) hardship, fatigue, toil, labour: 3) tedious; *inconvenience*: inconvenience: nuisance.

beſchwerlich, (*adv.*) *v. s. tr.* 1) *see* *beſchweren*.

beſchwerung, (*n.*) *f.* 1) a) the act of loading, *acc.* *see* *beſchweren*; b) load, charge: 2) *ſg.* a) trouble: b) inconvenience: mortgage.

beſchwich'tigen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hush up: 2) *ſg.* to assuage, still, quiet (alarm, *acc.*), appease, allay (discontent); to soothe (irritation, *acc.*), satisfy (one's self, *acc.*); to soften (one) down: to allance (one's conscience): *mein Hunger wurde durch dieſe Maſſigkeit wenn nicht geſtillt, doch beſchwich'tigt*, my hunger was appeased, if not satisfied, by this meal. — **beſchwich'tigung**, (*n.*) *f.* the act of hushing up, *acc.*: *b-ſch*, *n.* hush-money.

beſchwin'deln, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to cheat (um, out of).

beſchwingen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to wing: *ſg.* to accelerate, to wing.

beſchwin'gen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to wet with sweat.

beſchwö'ren, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take one's oath upon, to confirm by oath, to swear to: *eine Beſchwörung* —, to swear allegiance to a constitution: *der Souverain beſchwört die Beſchwörung*, the sovereign took the oath of fealty to the constitution: 2) (*Geiſt*) to conjure, call up: to exorcise, to lay (ghosts): *einem Ettern* —, *ſg.* to lay a tempest: 3) *ſg.* to conjure, adjure, implore, entreat.

beſchwö'rerr, (*n.*) *m.* conjurer, exorcist.

beſchwö'rung, (*n.*) *f.* 1) confirmation by or on oath: 2) conjuration: (*b-ſch*) exorcism: 3) adjuration, earnest entreaty: *b-ſch*, *n.* *pl.* theurgic hymns: *b-ſch*, *f.* act of exorcism.

beſee'len, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to induce with a soul; b) to animate: 2) *ſg.* to inspire, enliven, quicken: *beſee'len*, *p. a.* having a soul: souled, animate. — **beſee'lung**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) the act of inducing with a soul, *acc.* 2) animation: inspiration.

beſee'nen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to furnish with sails: 2) *see* *beſetzen*, 1, b; to join (a ship) at sea.

beſie'hen, (*adv.*) *n.* *see* *beſcheiden*.

beſehen, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to look on, at, to inspect, view, take a view of: to behold: *gucken* (*coll.* *bei* *Sichte*) —, to examine (closely), search into: *bei* *Sichte* — (*pp.*), on closer inspection: *ſieh* *wie* *ich* —, *Comm.* *see* *beſicht*; *b-ſehen*, *adv.* worth seeing.

beſte'n, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to string.

beſte'hen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *vgl.* to begin.

beſte'len, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to (cover with) soap.

beſte'len, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to provide with ropes.

beſte'len, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with sides: to bank: *beſte'len*, *adv.* *Horrid*, accosted.

beſte'tigen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lay or set aside: *beſte'tigt*, *ſg.* on the shelf: 2) to obviate, to do away with, to remove (difficulties, *acc.*); to settle (quarrels, *acc.*) to explain away, to remove (a complication).

Beſelſtigung, (w.) *f.* the (act of) obviating, *ſc.*, removing, removal.

Beſſigen, (w.) *s. tr.* to blow: to make happy: *cine b-be Beſſerheit*, a blessed truth: *die b-be Hoffnung* cineſt künftigen Erbes, the blessed hope of a future life.

Beſen, (ſtr.) *m. + ſ.* for *Beſen*; — *ſchöen, n.* Omen, sweepings and scrapings (from oaks, &c.).

Beſenſter, (ſtr.) *m.* 1) *ſee* *Beſenbinder*; 2) ſpring ſteel-yard.

Beſen, ſ. l. (ſtr.) *m. (dimin.)* *Beſenchen, Beſenchen, (ſtr.)* *n.* 1) (hair-, &c.) broom: (*Reiſig-*) broom (of twig); *cine alter (Rumpfer)* —, scrub: *cine ſpaniſcher* —, a large brush to ſcrub the ſhip's bottom under water. *hog* 2) *Beſ. ſpach*; 3) *ſg. ſt.* *ſlow, maid-servant*: *wonich*; *neue* — *ſchick* *gut, puerer*, a new broom ſweeps clean: *II in comp.* — *ſchaber*, *m.* broom-maker: — *ſchäſt, m.* summer-cypress, linear-leaved goosefoot (*Chenopodium scoparia* L.); — *günſter, m.* *ſee* *Günſter*; — *grad, n.* species of grass (*Spartina Schrob.*); — *ſtrife, f.* health for brushes: — *ſtrant, n.* 1) *ſee* *Günſter*; 2) *ſee* *Werrant*; 3) (*ſſigſt*) *oder* — *ſchwerd, f.* sweet wood (*Scoparia dulcis* L.); — *pus, m.* *ſee* *rograting-skin*: — *reiß, n.* mat-wood: — *reißig, n.* birchen branches: — *reiß, m.* broomstick: — *winde, f.* species of bind-wood.

Beſenganz, (w.) *s. tr.* to singe.

Beſeſſen, l. p. a. possessed (by the devil): *wie* —, (to cry, &c.) like one possessed; *ſie-ſen* *auß* (with *Ac.*), to have a craze for ... *II. s. ſ. e, m. d. f. (decl. like adj.)* a person possessed, demoniac.

Beſeſſe, (ſtr.) *n.* *ſee* *Beſeß.*

Beſeſſen, (w.) *s. tr.* 1) *a)* to set with; *b)* to beset, line, cover, border, trim, list, skirt, lace, edge; to set (with pearls, &c.), *ſtad* (with diamonds, &c.), garnish; 2) *T. a)* (mit *Etzeln*) to pave (a street); *b)* to beset smooth (the pavement); 3) *a)* to occupy, seize; *b)* to man (a ship, &c.), to garrison; 4) *ſg. a)* to occupy, all (a situation, an office); *cine Beſeß mit* *Armen* —, to appoint one for or to a place: *der Biſchof beſeß alle geiſtlichen Ämter*, the bishop appoints to all ecclesiastical dignities: *der Winiſter hat dieſe Stellen zu* —, the minister has the gift of these offices: *der Winiſter wünſcht die Beſeß der Einnahmen zu* —, the minister wishes to all up the Professorship of the Chinese; *b)* to preoccupy, engage (a house, rooms, &c.); *c)* to lay money upon, to insure (a number, card, &c.); *d)* to occupy, take up (one's time, &c.); *den Tisch* —, to put dishes, &c. on the table, to serve the table; *cine reiß beſeß* *Tafel*, a luxuriously furnished or a luxurious table: *cine ſchleß beſeß* *Tafel*, a poorly furnished (and a hungry) table: *mit Einnahmen* —, to people; *mit Senzen* —, to mount with cannon; *cinen Tisch mit* *ſißen* —, to stock or store a pond: *mit Bäumen* —, to plant with trees; *cine Dünſel* —, *Mar.* to fasten (bely) the end of a lashing or seizing; *den Tisch mit* *Geld, Silber* —, to lace a coat; *beſeß* *ſein, Mar.* 1. to be embarked; 2. to be lined with shipping: *dieſe Waaren waren alle beſeß*, these cargoes were all laded: *die Stellen eines (Theater-)Beſeßers* *oder* *cine Einnahme* —, to cast the parts of a play, to cast a play.

Beſeß... *in comp. T. s.* — *platte, f.* *Build* square, paving-tile: — *ſchleß, m.* — *ſchleß, m.* paving-bottle, commander: — *ſchleß, m.* store-pond: — *ſchleß, f. pl.* colors used in blinding the bottom of boats.

Beſetzung, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) trimming, lacing, &c., *ſee* *Beſeßen* & *Beſeß*; 2) appointment to offices, exercise of patronage; 3) the taking possession of, occupation; 4) *That, cont* (cine *Beſeß*, of a play); *ſchleß, n.* (right of) patronage.

Beſprech'en, (*str.*) v. l. tr. 1) a) to talk (a matter) over, to discuss; b) to arrange, settle, agree upon; to notice (a new book in a literary journal); 2) *Folk-lore*, to conjure, charm with words, to spell; *des Fiebers* — *fürnen*, to have a charm for the ague or fever; 3) to defame, *acc. see* *Verreden*, 4; II. *refl.* *see* *ſich Verreden*.

Beſprech'ung, (*w.*) f. 1) a) the (act of) talking over, *acc.*, discussion; b) arrangement, *acc.*, agreement; 2) conference, parley; interview; 3) *Folk-lore*, the (act of) conjuring, incantation, spelling; (*des Fiebers*) *agut* — spell.

Beſprei'ten, **Beſprei'zen**, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover, to spread over.

Beſpreng'en, (*w.*) v. tr. (Einen mit etwas) 1) to sprinkle (the earth with water, *acc.*), to besprinkle; 2) to strew (ashes, *acc.*) upon. — **Beſpreng'ung**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) sprinkling, *acc.*

Beſpreng'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. to speckle, checker.

Beſpring'en, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) a) to leap or spring upon; b) †, to assail; 2) to cover (said of certain animals).

Beſprü'gen, (*w.*) v. tr. to squirt at, sprinkle; to bespatter, splash, spatter (with mud).

Beſprü'heln, (*w.*) v. tr. to bubble against; to sputter over.

Beſprü'heln, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover with drizzle, mistle, sea-dust, or sparks (in a smithy), *acc.* **Beſprü'eln**, (*w.*) v. tr. to spit upon; to besputter. [*over*]

Beſprü'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. to wash; to ripple *Beſprü'eln*, (*w.*) *adv.* *Beſprü'eln*, (*w.*) *adv.* *Beſprü'eln*, (*w.*) *adv.*

Besser, I. *adj.* & *adv.* (*compar.* of *Gut*) 1) better; preferable: — *werden* (*ſich* *bessern*), to grow better; a) *lit.* of things, *acc.*; b) to improve (in morals); c) *coll.* to mend, recover (from illness); immer — *werden*, to be going from good to better; 2) *coll.* (*cf.* *Better*, Vol. I.) (a little) more: — *bieten*, *Gut*, to be; er nimmt *ſich* — in *Wagt*, he is more cautious; — *hin*, a little farther: — *hin*, a little more upwards; du mußt — (*ſich* *bessern*), you must shoot louder; II. *s.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) 1) m. & f. better man, woman, *acc.*; 2) n. something better; in *Er-mangelung* eines B-(en), for want of anything better; kennen Sie etwas B-(es)? do you know anything better? das B-(e) ist der *Gute* *ſein*, a good thing is often sacrificed in the vain endeavour to introduce improvements; eines B-(en) *befahren*, to teach better. [*correctible*]

Besserlich, (*adj.*) capable of improvement **Besser'n**, (*w.*) s. l. tr. 1) to better, improve, reclaim, ameliorate; 2) to amend, to correct; *ſeine* *Eitten* —, to reform one's manners; 3) to mend, repair (*Wasser* *bessern*); was bin ich dadurch *bessert*? what am I the better for it? ſie würden *ſich* dadurch um nichts *bessert* *ſehen*, their case would not be improved by this; II. *intr.* to make (apparent) amendments, to introduce (would-be) improvements (an *with* *Dad.*, in); III. *refl.* 1) to grow (or alter for the) better, to correct one's self, to mend, to reform; 2) to improve; to advance; die *Frei* — *ſich*, the prices are tending (looking) upwards or rising higher; 3) to recover (from illness); nicht zu —, past mending, in-correctible.

Besserung, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) bettering, reclaiming, *acc.*, improvement, amelioration; reformation; 2) amendment; 3) recovery (from illness); ich würde Ihnen eine *Gut* —, I wish you a speedy recovery; er ist auf dem Wege *der* —, 1. he is getting better, he is convalescent, *coll.* he is on the mend; 2. he is reforming (morally); B-(en) *ſein*, f. 1) or B-(en) *ſein*, n. house of correction (of reformation), reformatory; 2) or B-(en) *ſein*, f. reformatory school; B-(en) *ſein*, n. corrective.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. to steal.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) †, *see* *Beſch'eln*;

2) to appoint, confer a place on, to invest with an employment, to install.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) f. 1) appointment, installation; 2) (B-(en) *ſein*, m.) warrant, (letter of) commission; 2) *oboleone*, salary; B-(en) *ſein*, n. (right of) investiture.

Beſch'eln, s. l. (*str.*, pl. *Beſch'eln*) m. 1) †, opposition (*Widerſtand*, *cf.* *Beſch'eln*, tr. 1); Einem — *thun*, *see* *Widerſtand* (*ſein*); 2) continuance, duration; 3) assurance, certitude, stability, firmness, consistence; 4) *provinc.* lease, hiring; 5) a) amount, value, stock; *Forest*, stock of trees in a wood; b) *Comm.* remainder; — *der* *Casse*, clear amount, balance in cash; — *haben*, to continue, last, to be of duration; — *geben*, to substantiate; in — *geben*, to farm, let (on lease), to rent (a farm); in — *nehmen*, to farm; to hire (a house); II. *in comp.* — *Brief*, m. lease (of a farm); — *Buch*, n. *Comm.* inventory.

Beſch'eln, p. a. (from *Beſch'eln*) 1) of a certain duration, of (long, *acc.*) standing; b-*c* *ſein*, *Forest*, full-grown wood; 2) covered with (dense, *acc.*) growth (of fields, *acc.*); stocked (with trees), (well, *acc.*) wooded; timbered: b-*c* *Jagd*, *Sport*, *see* *Beſch'eln* (*Jagd*).

Beſch'eln, (*str.*) m. tenant, farmer, renter. **Beſch'eln**..., *in comp.* — *geld*, n. 1) *see* *Cassen* (*ſein*); 2) rent (of a farm); — *gut*, n. property which is farmed or let; — *herr*, m. owner of a farm which is let.

Beſch'eln, I. *adj.* 1) a) constant, stable, firm; durable, lasting; b) steadfast, steady, persevering; sure, certain, invariable, standard; 2) continual, continued; permanent; settled (weather); *Ref.* persistent; Johann der B-(e), John the Steadfast; b-*c* *Salute*, (regular) standard, certain price; b-*c* *Rad* (*ſein*), steady demand; er widerholte — *dieſe* *Worte*, he continually repeated or he kept repeating these words (*vgl.* *To Keep*); II. B-(e) *ſein*, (*w.*) f. 1) a) constancy, stability, firmness; b) steadiness, steadfastness, perseverance; 2) continuance, duration.

Beſch'eln..., *in comp.* — *inſeher*, m. *see* *Beſch'eln*; — *ſagb*, f. shooting district, presence let out on lease.

Beſch'eln, I. *adv.* *provinc.* *see* *Beſch'eln*; weise; II. B-(e) *ſein*, (*w.*) f. (l. u.) substantiality. **Beſch'eln**, (*w.*) f. *see* *Beſch'eln* (*ſein*), *ſein*. **Beſch'eln**, *adj.* unstable, without duration, mutable, infirm. — **Beſch'eln** (*ſein*), (*w.*) f. unsteadiness, *acc.*

Beſch'eln, (*str.*) m. mill-tenant. **Beſch'eln**, (*str.*) f. *provinc.* a hiring, letting, lease.

Beſch'eln..., *in comp.* — *ſind*, n., — *ſein*, m. element, constituent part; ingredient; pl. *Chem.* constituents, component parts; — *ſein*, m. lease; — *ſein*, m. statement of goods in a warehouse, inventory; — *ſein*, *adv.* by lease; — *ſein*, n. substance, essence; — *ſein*, f. term of lease; — *ſein*, m. rent (of a farm).

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. to corroborate, confirm; to strengthen, fortify (an opinion, *acc.*); es hat mich in der *Überzeugung* *befestigt*, it has confirmed or deepened my conviction. — **Beſch'eln**, (*w.*) f. corroboration, confirmation.

Beſch'eln, **Beſch'eln**, (*str.*) m. *Comm.* conveyer (*Widerſch'eln*).

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. l. tr. 1) to confirm, corroborate, substantiate; to bear out (an assertion, *acc.*); 2) to ratify, sanction, validate, to lend a sanction to; *gerichtlich* —, to legalize (by oath, *acc.*), to verify; to vouch; den *Empfang* eines *Briefes* —, to acknowledge the receipt of a letter; die *Ausnahme* *befestigt* die *Regel*, the exception proves the rule; II. *refl.* to prove (one's self [itself] to be) true, *acc.*, to hold true or good; *ſich* *nicht* —, to prove false.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) f. 1) confirmation; verification; 2) ratification, authorisation, sanction; B-(en) *ſein*, f. *Law*, deed confirming a grant, *acc.*; B-(en) *ſein*, n. confirmatory judgment.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) *Comm.* to convey (goods); 2) to bury, inter; 3) *provinc.* a) for *Hausſachen*; b) for *Becken*. — **Beſch'eln**, (*w.*) f. 1) *Comm.* conveyance; 2) burial, interment, sepulture, *acc.*

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*) to become dusty, to gather dust.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. l. tr. to cover with dust, to dust; II. *intr.* *see* *Beſch'eln*; *befestigt*, p. a. *Ref.* pulverulent. — **Beſch'eln**, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) covering with dust; 2) *Ref.* fecundation of plants by the dissemination pollen.

Beſch'eln, (*w.*) v. *refl.* *Ref.* to form several stalks.

Beste, I. *adj.* (*superl.* of *Gut*) best; superior: — *Beste*, first rate bills; b-*c* *Qualität*, of best or prime quality; choice (goods, *acc.*); *der* *erste*, *der* —, the first the best, the first that comes, any one; nach *meinem* b-*c* *Wissen*, to the best of my knowledge; die b-*c* *Frucht*, the finest fruits; in *den* b-*c* *Jahren*, in the prime of life; in *seiner* b-*c* *Phase*, in his most sportive mood; *der* — *Herz* *von* *der* *Welt*, the best natured man in the world; II. *s.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) 1) m. & f. the best man, woman; die b-*c* *ſinnen* *ſein*, the best may *err*; *mein* b-*c*, (my) dear Sir; *meine* —, (my) dear Madam; my dear; 2) n. a) *na* the best; b) the best part; substance, marrow, pith; the cream (of a joke, *acc.*); b) the good, interest, *acc.* (of the country, *acc.*); am b-*c*, best; es ist *das* —, *Es* *ist* *thun* *am* b-*c*, *wenn* —, it is best, your best course will be, to ...; wie *thue* *ich* *am* b-*c*? what course had I best take? ich *halte* *es* *für* *das* —, I think it best; auf *das* —, in the best manner possible or conceivable; to the best of one's ability, *acc.*; auf's b-*c* *benutzen*, to make the best or the most of; *zum* b-*c*, for the good (of ...); *zum* b-*c* *der* *Armen*, for the benefit of the poor; *zu* *deinem* b-*c*, for your good, interest, benefit, *acc.*; in favour of you; in your behalf, to your advantage; *zum* b-*c* *reden*, to intercede; *zum* b-*c* *rathen*, to advise for the best; *zum* b-*c* *geben*, 1. to spend; 2. to relate (a story, *acc.*); eine *ſchlechte* *Wirtin* *zu* *zum* b-*c* *geben*, *fam.* to issue or stand a bottle of wine, *acc.*; etwas *zum* b-*c* *geben*, to give a jollification, *cf.* *ſein*, 10; *geben* *ſie* *uns* *ein* *Fied* *zum* b-*c*, favour us with a song; die *Damen* *geben* *ſich* *und* *ihren* *Putz* *zum* b-*c* (*Götze*, *Faust*, *Vorspiel*), the ladies display their persons and their dress (*Swan*); nicht *viel* *zum* b-*c* *haben*, to have not much to spend; to be poor; *Einen* *zum* b-*c* *haben*, to make sport of or with one, to rally, smoke, to make a fool, to make (a) game of one, to banter, to set a man's cap, to coax.

Beste, (*str.*) n. *see* *Beste*.

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Beste, (*str.*) n. *see* *Beste*.

subornation; **B-System**, *n.* system of corruption; **B-Verfuch**, *m.* attempt at bribery; (*auf* **Vertricht**) *embracery*.

Defest, (*str.*) *n.* 1) case; *Surg.* case of instruments, *et al.*, twoose; 2) set (of knives, pins, &c.), knife and fork; 3) a) **Ship-b.** scheme (or plan which contains the general dimensions) of a ship; b) *Naut.-s.* day's work or the place of a ship as pricked on a nautical chart; *bei* — *machen*, to prick the chart, calculate the day's work; *mit dem* — *veraus* [*sein*, to be astern of one's reckoning; *mit dem* — *jurist* [*ria*, *sich im* — *gerirt haben*, to run ahead of one's reckoning; — *macher*, *m.* manufacturer of instrument-cases.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* 1) to bestick, stick over with pins, &c.; 2) to plant; 3) to garnish, adorn; 4) *Min.* to helve (the iron).

Defest, **Defest**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) ship-builder; b) *Comm.* ship's husband, contractor; 2) despatcher, conveyer, forwarder.

Defest, (*str.*) *n.* *Min.* fuocan (**Ech**band).

Defest, (*str.*) *n.* *Frud. Law.* heriot.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. l. intr.* (*aux.* [*sein*]) 1) *ob-* *minuere*, to coagulate, congeal, curdle; 2) a) to last, endure, to be maintained; b) to be, exist, subsist; to obtain; *er kann dabei allen-* *mal*, he can manage to make both ends meet; c) — *aus*, to consist of, to be composed or made up of; — *in* (*with* *Acc.*), to consist in; 3) *fig.* (*with* *an* [*&* *Acc.*]) to insist upon, to persist in, to make a point of, to maintain, hold, stand for, urge; — *mit*, to stand (or to be consistent) with; *nicht mit* —, to be inconsistent with...; *nicht* *neben* *einander* — *stehen*, to be inconsistent, incompatible; *II. tr.* 1) a) to stand against, resist, oppose; *siegreich* —, to overcome, conquer; b) to encounter (an ad-
venture, &c.), to go or pass through (dangers, &c.), to undergo, suffer, support, sustain, pass (an examination); *also intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) to go through or to pass an examination, to come off; *nicht* —, to be rejected at an examination; *die Probe* —, to stand the test; *wie ein Schiff nach bestandnem Sturme*, like a ship after weathering out a storm; 2) a) to purchase; b) to hire, rent, farm; *b-b.*, *p. a.* 1) subsistent, existent; 2) established (laws, &c.); *b-b* *Verste*, *Comm.* ruling prices; *des* —, *s. a.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) continuance, duration, standing; 2) subsistence, existence. [*mer*, *lessee*].

Defest, (*str.*) *m.* purchaser; renter, far-
Defest, (*str.*) *s. tr.* to rob (one) of...;
die Ladung —, to break bulk; *die Taschen* —, to pick pockets. — **Defest**, (*m.*) *f.* the (act of) robbing of... &c.

Defest, (*str.*) *s. tr.* 1) to get up, ascend, mount (a hill, horse, the pulpit, &c.); to step upon (into); 2) to leap, cover (said of certain animals); *ein Schiff* —, to go on board a ship; *eine Mauer* —, to scale a wall; *einen Baum* —, to climb (up into) a tree; 3) *Min.* *see* **Defest**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* *see* **Defest**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* 1) to place (some-
thing) upon...; *etwas mit* —, to fill a thing with (furniture, pots, &c.); 2) to order, send for; to bespeak, give orders for, to com-
mission (bei, from); *sie sind auf* **Wittag** (*Acc.*) **bestelt**, they are ordered to come at noon; *sie bestelten einander auf neun Uhr*, they made an appointment to meet at nine; *haben Sie nicht an ihn zu* —? have you no commission for him? b) to appoint one to perform some-
thing: *wir haben Sie zu unserm Agenten be-* *stellt*, we have appointed you our agent; *er wurde zum Vormund dieser Kinder bestellt*, he was appointed (as) guardian of these chil-
dren (*s. a.* by the Court); *zum Dienst* —, to warn for duty; 3) to deliver, forward, make over (a letter, message, &c.); *einen Gruß* —, to deliver or give one's compliments; 4) a)

to arrange, put in order; [*sein Haus* or [*seine* **Wirtshaus**] —, to manage one's domestic af-
fairs; *fig.* to set one's house or earthly affairs in order, to prepare for death; *ihz habt hier* *weiter nichts mehr zu* — (*Schiller*, *Wall. Tod* 4, 7), here you have no more business; b) to till, sow (a field), to dress (the ground), to plant.

Defest, (*str.*) *m.* one who gives orders or a commission for, *see* **Defest**.

Defest, ..., *in comp.* — **gedulden**, *f. pl.* — **geld**, *n.* (letter-carrier's) fees.

Defest, (*m.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) bespeak-
ing, &c.; *Comm.* order; commission; **B-en** **machen**, to give orders; *auf* — **gemacht**, made to order; 2) appointment, rendezvous; 3) dis-
position, &c. *see* **Verordnung**; management; 4) the (act of) delivering, forwarding, &c.; 5) til-
lage; **B-strick**, *m.* letter containing an order; **B-Buch**, *n.* *Comm.* order-book.

Defest, ..., *in comp.* — **geld**, *f.* tilling-sea-
son; — **gettel**, *m.* *see* **Verlanggettel**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to stamp.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* *see* **Defest**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* 1) to cover, stud with
stars; **bestern**, *p. a.* beset with stars, starred, starry; 2) to mark with an asterisk; 3) *fig.* to decorate with the badge of an order.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to lay on or impose
duties or taxes, to tax, assess.

Defest, (*m.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.* — **cinet** **Schiff-** **fed**, art of steering a vessel; 2) taxation; assess-
ment; *diese Lage ist eine* — *der Wissenhaft*, this tax is a duty on knowledge.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* *Mar.* (of a ship) to
proceed on its course; *mo bestent das Schiff?* (*Sanders*), how is the head? how does the ship
wind? [*leaves*].

Defest, (*str.*) *n.* *Comm.* the best tobacco
* **Defest**, (*str.*) *adj.* (*Lat.*) bestial, beastly.
— **Defest**, (*m.*) *f.* bestiality, beastliness.

Defest, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Shoe-m.* bar; 2) *Mar.*
see **Defest**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to embroider.

* **Defest**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) boast, brute.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* *see* **Defest**, **Be-** **rauben**.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to put boots on, to
boot.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to furnish with a
handle, to helve, haft; **bestelt**, *p. a.* *Bot.* petio-
late, pedunculate.

Defest, (*m.*) *adj.* determinable, definable;
Phys., &c. ascertainable, appreciable.

Defest, (*m.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) a) to fix, to
determine, define, decide; to set down or
out, constitute, stipulate, settle, appoint,
state; to regulate; b) to ascertain; to de-
termine; astronomisch bestimmte Breiten, as-
tronomically determined latitudes; 2) a) to
intend (für *eine Person*), zu *einem Ende*),
for), to design, designate; b) to allot, approp-
riate (für, to); (*Einem etwas* or *etwas für* ...)
to design (something for), to set aside; 3) to
induce, lead, influence; *II. refl.* to de-
termine, resolve, make up one's mind; to settle
(to something); *sich* — *für*, to fix, decide, re-
solve or pitch upon, to choose, to be for...;
III. intr. to decide (*über* [*with* *Acc.*]), on; to
dispose of.

Defest, (*m.*) *p. a.* 1) a) fixed, appointed,
settled, &c.; determined, determinate; *zur b-en* **Zeit**,
at the time appointed; b) — *nach*, bound to
or for...; *nach Hause* —, *Mar.* homewards
bound; 2) certain, positive, explicit, precise;
3) distinct, definite; *der b-e Artikel*, *Gramm.* the
definite article; *sie glaubten* —, they confidently
believed; *II. B-fest*, (*m.*) *f.* 1) precision; 2)

certainty; positiveness; 3) determination;
distinctness; *mit* — **versichern**, to assert con-
fidently, to assure positively, pointedly.

Defest, (*m.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act of)
fixing, determining, &c.; *wir erbiten* *nähere* —, *wie* ..., *Comm.* we request more precise in-
structions as to how...; b) definition; deter-
mination; *ein Wert* (*Dr. Ström's Papageien*),
welches uns bei der — *unserer Sammlung von* **Reisen** **ist**, a work useful to us in the deter-
mination of our collection; 2) statement; (*die* *in* *einem* **Vertrage** **festgesetzte** —) stipulation,
provision, clause; *die Unabhängigkeit* **Krausen's** **beruhte** *auf* *den* **B-en** *des* **Wiener Congresses**, the independence of Graaco rested on the
provisions of the Congress of Vienna; 3) a)
destination, end, destiny: vocation (in life),
mission; b) *see* **B-ort**; 4) statement; **B-Grund**,
m. motive; **B-ort**, *m.* place of destination;
B-ort, *m.* *Gramm.* any word deter-
mining or modifying the meaning of another
word to which it is added.

Defest, (*adj.*) *see* **Defest**.

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afford or stand it. — **Beistellung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) combating, &c.; 2) deffrayment.

Beistrenen, (w.) v. tr. to strew (over), to sprinkle or cast upon, to sprinkle (with flour, &c.), to dredge, powder, to bestrew, besprinkle; mit Kies —, to cover with gravel, to gravel.

Beistricen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover (a ball, &c.) with knitting or netting; 2) a) to fasten with cords, to cord; b) *fig.* to ensnare, entangle, entrap, captivate; 3) *Law*, mit Arrest —, to arrest (a person or thing).

Beistricung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) covering with knitting, &c.; 2) entanglement, &c. **Beistreichen**, (w.) v. tr. to flow over, to wash. **Beistellen**, (w.) v. tr. to furnish or mount with cannon.

Beistellung, (w.) f. *Mar.* the number of cannon (armament) with which a ship is furnished.

Beistehen, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to assay.

Beistören, (w.) v. tr. to storm, attack, assault, assail, invade; mit Witten —, to assail, importune with entreaties, &c. — **Beistörung**, (w.) f. the (act of) storming, &c., assault.

Beistügen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to cover (a pot) with a lid; b) *T.* to charge, fill (a furnace); 2) *fig.* to perplex, to stun, to surprise, to hurry, startle, amaze, confound, terrify; beistügt, p. a. amazed, &c., in dismay, struck, distracted; beistügtes Gesicht, *fam.* long face; beistügt machen, to surprise, stupefy, confound, bewilder, distract.

Beistung, (w.) f. consternation, alarm, confusion, dismay, perplexity, amazement, surprise, stupefaction; mit — erschrecken, to strike with surprise, all with dismay.

Beist, (str.) m. 1) visit; frequenting; 2) company, visitor(s); 3) *Sport.* trace, track; einen — abplatten, machen, to pay a visit; to make (or pay) a call (bei, on, upon); B-e annehmen, to see company, receive friends.

Beistehen, (w.) v. tr. to visit, see, to give (one) a call, to come to see one, to call (on, upon); (oft) to frequent, to attend (public service, &c.); to resort to, haunt; 3) *Sport.* to trace, track; 3) *Mar.* to examine (the seams of a sail).

Beisther, (str.) m. visitor, caller; attendant (at or upon a meeting); frequent.

Beist, (str.) m. comp. — *farte*, f. visiting card; — (8) *Stunden*, f. pl. visiting hours (to view works of art, &c.); — (8) *Tag*, m. visiting day; — (8) *Zimmer*, m. visitors room, parlour; sitting room.

Beisteln, (w.) v. tr. to soil, slop, defile, dirty; *fig.* to contaminate, taint, pollute, stain; er besudelte seine Hände mit Blut, he imbued his hands in blood. — **Beistellung**, (w.) f. the act of soiling, &c.; *fig.* contamination, &c., defilement.

Beit, (str.) n. see **Beit**, B.

Beistellen, (w.) v. tr. see **Beistellen**.

Beisteln, (w.) v. tr. to waistcoat.

Beistgen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) *obsolescent*, to summon for a certain day; 2) (*Gothic*, l. u.) to enlighten; II. *intr.* to grow old, hence: beistgt, p. a. 1) *Comm.* due (of bills of exchange); 2) stricken in years, aged, old.

Beisteln, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.-s.* 1) to rig, to fit with tackling; 2) to whip (the end of a rope).

Beistellung, (w.) f. rigging of a ship.

Beistgen, (w.) v. tr. to smear or soil with talow.

Beistgen, (w.) v. tr. to handle clumsily, to grope at.

Beistgen, (w.) v. tr. to feel, finger, handle, touch; des —, v. s. (str.) n., or **Beistung**, (w.) f. the act of feeling, &c., contact.

Beistben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to deafen, to stun; to numb (the faculties, &c.); to stupefy; to overpower (like smells, &c.); to din (the ears with cries, &c.); 2) *fig.* to confound, amaze; b-b, p. a. *Med.* narcotic, intoxicating.

Beistung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) dea-

feasing, stunning, &c.; 2) confusion, stupefaction; stupor.

Beistbrüder, (str.) pl. **Beistbrüder** m. 1) boardman; 2) devotionalist, bigot, devotee.

Beiste, (w.) f. *pro-mo-s.* 1) prayer, request; 2) (voluntary) service rendered to the lord of the manor.

Beiste, (w.) f. *Bot.* beet (-root) (*Beta* L.). *C.* * **Beite** [*Fr.*, *pr.* *bail*], *Gam.* beast (at cards); — werden, to boast, to be boasted.

Beitel, (str.) m. see **Beitel**.

Beitel, (str.) m. *Bot.* beetle, betel (*Piper betel* L.); — *ausf.*, f. faufel, betel-nut.

Beiten, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to say one's prayers; to pray (um, for); mit einander —, to unite in prayer; vor (or nach) Tisch —, to say grace; II. *tr.* to say, offer up (a prayer); den Hofenfranz —, to bid or count one's beads.

Beit, (str.) m. comp. — *fahrt*, f. pilgrimage; — *garbe*, f. tithe-sheaf; — *gemach*, n. oratory; — *glocke*, f. prayer-bell; *Rom. Cath.* Ave-Maria chime; — *hause*, f. chapel; — *haus*, n. house of prayer, chapel; meeting-house (for prayer).

Beitigen, (w.) v. tr. to prove, evince, manifest (by facts); er beitätigte, was er lehrte, he exemplified what he taught; unser Herrland beitätigte seine Lehre, our Saviour exemplified his doctrine; wir thaten beitätigt sich der Mann, (*Gothic*, Faust I, 4), restless activity proves the man (*B. Taylor*); die Rieche, wie sie sich bei dem Weibe oder der Mutter beitätigt, love as exemplified in the wife or mother.

Beitgen, (w.) v. tr. to bedew, cover with dew. — **Beitgenung**, (w.) f. the (act of) bedewing; the state of being bedewed.

Beitgenen [*pr.* *beit*—], (w.) v. tr. see **Beitgenen**.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. (Einen mit ...) to supply with, bestow upon.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. I. tr. to give (one) a share (in); II. *refl.* or beitätigt sein (*with* bei, an [*se* *Dat.*]) 1) to take (a) part, to engage, participate (in), to partake, to be a sharer (in); alle, die sich an der Beistgenung zu — wünschen, all persons desirous to take a part in the discussion; 2) to interest one's self or have an interest (in), to be interested, concerned (in); die Beitätigten, pl. the parties concerned or interested.

Beitgenung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) taking (a) part, &c., participation (bei, an [*with* *Dat.*], in); eine jährliche — (bei einer Feyer &c.), a numerous attendance; 2) a being interested, &c., concern (in); eine — des Herzens, an engagemēt of heart; ihr — an seiner Schuld, their being involved in the complicity of his guilt.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to (smear with) tar.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to assert, protest; to asseverate, assure, affirm solemnly; to confirm by oath, to swear.

Beitgenen, (w.) f. assertion, protestation; asseveration, solemn assurance, confirmation by oath.

Beitfall, (str.) m. quick-lime.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to besof, deceive, impose upon; to illude, infatuate, besot.

Beitgenen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) besofing, &c.; decept; 2) (*Beistgenheit*, [*w.* f.] self-decept, infatuation, delusion.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. *poet.* 1) to shed tears on ...; to bedew with tears; 2) to shed tears for, see **Beitgenen**.

Beitgenen, I. *adj.* 1) (*Horat.*, l. u.) feasible (*Thunlich*); 2) a) active, busily stirring, officious; b) (*Immermann*, Münchh. 2, 131, &c.) complaisant, obliging; II. *B.-fett*, (w.) f. activity, &c.

Beitgenen, (*irr.*) v. I. tr. (*rare*) to do; II. *refl.* 1) a) to be able, willing, or ready to stir, to bestir one's self; b) to show officious politeness; to behave affectedly, &c.; 2) *only* to besof one's self (*Ermauchen*).

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with towers or steeples; *beistgenen*, *adj.* steepled, post-tower-crowned.

Beitgenen, (str.) n. see **Beitgenen**.

Beitgenen, (str.) f. see **Beitgenen**.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. *jac.* for **Beitgenen**.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to entitle (*also* a book), to call, name; to style.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. *lit.* & *fig.* to accent; to emphasize; to lay (a) stress upon.

Beitgenen, (w.) f. *Bot.* betony (*Betonica officinalis* L.).

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to put up beacons in, to buoy (off) (a channel or river).

Beitgenen, (w.) f. 1) accentuation; the (act of) emphasising, &c.; 2) accent (*Accent*), stress, emphasis; mit *beistgenen* —, *fig.* emphatically.

Beitgenen, (str.) m. consideration, regard, respect, account; in —, in regard or consideration (of); considering; in — *nehmen*, to take into consideration; nicht in — *nehmen*, to be out of the question; in *beistgenen* —, in this respect.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to look upon (es), view, behold; to take a survey of; 2) *fig.* to consider, examine, weigh, ponder, contemplate; reflect upon. — **Beitgenen**, (str.) m. viewer, beholder, &c.

Beitgenen, I. *adj.* considerable, important; II. *B.-fett*, (w.) f. considerableness, importance.

Beitgenen, I. *adj.* contemptive; II. *B.-fett*, (w.) f. contemptiveness.

Beitgenen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) viewing, &c.; 2) contemplation, consideration; examination; reflexion, meditation, musing, speculation; der *Beistgenen* unserter gegenwärtigen —, the motto of our present discourse; 3) see **Beitgenen**; B-e *über* (*with* *Acc.*) *emfassen* or *machen*, to (begin to) meditate, reflect on ..., to speculate on ..., to contemplate.

Beitgenen, (str.) pl. **Beitgenen** m. amount; rate; sum, total, quantum; *Comm.* value; *bit* zum B-e *von*, to the amount or extent of.

Beitgenen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) *T.* to lay on, 2) to amount or come to; wie viel *beistgenen* es? what does it amount to? es *beistgenen*, it amounts to ..., it is; II. *refl.* to behave, conduct, demean one's self; sich *beistgenen* —, to behave ill or amiss, to misbehave.

Beitgenen, (str.) n. behaviour, demeanour, conduct, bearing, deportment.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. *col.* to trample on.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to intrust, trust (with); der *Beistgenen*, *adv.* trustful, trustee.

Beitgenen, (w.) v. tr. to mourn for; to lament, deplore.

Beitgenen, (I. u. *Beitgenen*; *demon.*) **Beitgenen**, (w.) v. tr. to drop (mit *Regen*, *Thau* &c., rain, tar, &c.) upon, (mit *Butter*, *Fett* &c., butter, fat, &c.) on, (w. *fl.*) to drip, bedrop; mit *Butter* —, to baste.

Beitgenen, (str.) m. in — (*with* *Gem.*), with regard, reference, or respect (to), relative (to), in point (of), concerning ..., considering ..., in consideration (of), as regards, (as) for, as to, &c. **Beitgenen**, 3.

Beitgenen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to besof, fall upon; ein großes Unglück hat ihn *beistgenen*, he has met with a great misfortune; 2) to encounter, to chance upon; Einen *über* (*with* *Dat.*) —, to surprise, catch in ...; 3) to concern, touch, import, affect; was mich, ihn &c. *beistgenen*, or mich, ihn &c. b-b, concerning me, him, &c. (*cf.* in *Beistgenen*), for my (his, &c.) part, as far as I am (he is, &c.) concerned, I (he) for one; es *beistgenen* eine Dame, there is a lady in the case; er las etwas ihn B-bes, he read about himself; b-b, p. a. respective; die B-ben, the parties concerned.

Beitgenen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to drive (mit *Wich* &c., cattle, &c.) upon ..., *fig.-s.* 2) to push on

bed(stead), table bedstead; —frädel, *f.* bed-
tassel; —tuch, *n.* sheet; —überzug, *m.* cover
for the bedding, pillow-case.

Bedtung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) †, bedding; 2) a) *Build. & Fort.* platform; b) *benegliche* — mit
Bölgeln, traversing platform; c) *Artill.* car-
riage for a gun or mortar; d) frame of ground-
timber (of a sluice); pillow-work; e) (*B.-mate-
rial*) ballast (gravel, broken stone, &c.) laid
in the bed of a railway, &c. to make it firm;
B.-en, *f. pl.* *Mar.* bulge-ways.

Bett..., *in comp.* —berhang, *m.* bed-
curtain; —wanne, *f.* *Entom.* house-bug (*Ox-
maz lectularius* L.); —wärmer, *m.*, —wär-
mer, *f.* warming-pan; bed-pan; —würst,
adv. backward; —würst, *f.* bed-linen; —werf-
—zug, *m.* 1) bedding, bed-linen, bed-clothes;
rollers —zug, wool-shedding; 2) *see* —wurf-
lich; —jiede (*—jüge*), *f.* *see* —überzug; —jopf,
m. *see* —aufließer.

Bettchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with cloth.
* Bettchen, *adv.* (from the Hebrew) coll.
among German Jews, quietly.

Bettchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Ländchen.
Beträpfer, Beträpfen (*dimin.* Beträpfchen),
(*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dot; 2) to touch gently, to dab,
tip, tap, pat.

Beträpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* übertröpfen.

Betz, (*adv.*) *m.* bear (Betz).

Betz, (*f.*) *see* Betz.

Betzimmer, (*adv.*) *m.* oratory, room (in a
private house) set apart for prayer.

Betz(n)en, *see* Bünde n.

Be-uf-ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ähn* beufert (*Götze*),
having fine shores. — Be-uf-ernung, (*w.*) *f.*
embankment.

Beugbar, *see* Biegebar.

Beug-, (*w.*) *f.* *obolacant*, 1) bend; bow
(Biegung); 2) *Coop.* bander (Reifbeuge); 3) *pro-
vinc.* a pile of wood.

Beugemüßel, (*adv.*) *m.* *Anat.* flexor, flexor.

Beugen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bend, bow; *fig.* a.
2) (*das* Recht), to warp (justice); 3) *Gramm.* to
inflect; 4) to humble, to depress, mortify;
to grieve, afflict; *gebragt*, *p. a.* worn (with age,
care, &c.); II. *refl.* to bend, bow (one's self
down), to stoop; *fiß* der der Autorität der Bi-
bel —, to bow to the authority of the Bible;
III. *intr.* (*L. u.*) *see* Biegen, *intr.*

Beuger, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) bender, *adv.* of Beu-
gen; 2) *see* Beugemüßel.

Beugsam, *I. adj.* pliant, flexible, tractable
(Biegung); II. *adv.* *Beit*, (*w.*) *f.* pliancy, *adv.* (Bie-
gung).

Beugung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) bending,
adv. of Biegen; 2) bend, bow; flexion; diffrac-
tion, deflection, inflection (of light); turn, curve
(of a river); *Surg.* *hölbe* —, demiflexion; 3)
Gramm. *see* Biegung & Biegegeßell; B.-
punkt, *m.* *Math.* point of inflexion.

Beule, (*w.*) *f.* 1) boil, bump, swelling;
protuberance, tumour; *Vet.* warbles; blakes;
2) *die* — in metallenen Gefäßen, boss; 3) a
boss (of wood, &c.); gnarl (*cf.* Budel, Knor-
ren); B.-stapfer, *m.* *Pant.* paring-hammer;
B.-sticht, *f.* *Vet.* *see* Milchsicht; B.-perlen,
f. pl. an inferior kind of pearls. [*Beule*]

Beutlig, *adv.* full of boils, bosses, &c. *cf.*
Beutling, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* a sausage-shaped
powder-match, train-channel in a fire-ship.
Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *f.* disqualification.
Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to disquiet, dis-
turb, trouble, alarm, to discompose, to make
uneasy, to annoy, to unsettle; to harass (the
enemy); b-b, *p. a.* alarming, distressing.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of
disquieting, &c., harassing, &c.; 2) inquietude,
uneasiness, alarm; disturbance.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cultivate, till.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to attest with
records; to authenticate, verify; 2) *fig.* to
prove, show, display, substantiate, manifest;

beurkundet, recorded, registered, notarial. —
Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *f.* authentication, verifi-
cation, &c.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to give leave
(of absence); *Nil.* to furlough; to give a holi-
day; II. *refl.* to take leave; to withdraw; be-
urlaubt, *p. a.* *Nil.* absent with leave; der
Beurlaubte, a soldier, &c. on leave of absence
(Urlauber).

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to judge, criti-
cise (on, upon); *falsch* —, to misjudge; 2) to
estimate; to review (a book, &c.); *Unterach*
fiß —, to judge others by one's self.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*adv.*) *m.* judge, &c.; judge,
critic; reviewer.

Be-ut-lig-ung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) judg-
ing, judgment, decision; critical examination
or opinion; estimate; (literary, &c.) criticism.
review; B.-stift, *f.* (power or faculty of)
judgment, discernment; clear-sightedness;
estimative faculty; B.-stift, *f.* art of criticis-
ing, (art of) criticism; B.-stift, *adv.* undis-
cerning.

Beut, *see* Bört.

Beute, (*w.*) *f.* I. booty, spoil, prey (to be
devoured, &c.); *cine* — der *Gier* und *Gunde*,
a prey to the vultures and dogs; *cine* — der
Würmer, a prey to the worms; *die* — des
Siegers, the spoils of the victor; *ihre* *Eigen-
thum* wurde als *gut* — betrachtet, their prop-
erty was considered as fair prize; *cine* —
des *Rummers*, a victim of (to) grief; — *machen*,
to make booty, to plunder; II. 1) *Bak.* a large
kneading-trough with a partition in the
middle; 2) *Bas.* wooden bee-hive; 3) (*Estar* —)
a wooden box put on a tree for starlings, &c.
to breed in.

A. Beute, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) a) purse; pouch;
bag; (*Brick* —) mail, budget; b) a purse of
money (in Turkey 500 piastres); c) *fig.* money;
2) *Nil.* bolter, bolt(ing)-bag; 3) *Bill.* pocket;
hazard; 4) *T.* beater (*Enduel*); 5) *Mad.* sac,
cyst; 6) *Bot.* *see* Staubbeutel; *aus* *seinem* *eigen-
en* — *leben*, to live at one's own expense;
fiß nach dem *einem* — *richten*, to regulate
one's expenses by one's income.

B. Beute, (*adv.*) *m.* *see* Beitel.

Beute... (*A.*) *in comp.* —biten, *m.* mask
in bags, pods, or cuds; —coralline, *f.* *Conch.*
shepherd's purse coralline (*Colularia bursaria*
Ellis); —beutel, *m.* marsupial bagger (*Para-
melas*); —faß, *n.* T. a cask with a leather cov-
ering, that may be drawn together like a
purse; —faß, *adv.* coll. unwilling to part with
money; —faßig, *adv.* purse-shaped; —gast,
f. *see* Kropfgast; —geßwulst, *f.* *see* Balg-
geßwulst; —hölbe, *m.* kangaroo (*Ranguruk*).
Beuteig, *adv.* baggy, bagged, *Minor.* por-
ous.

Beute..., *in comp.* —hammer, *f.* —faßen,
m. bolting-hutch; —faßline, *f.* *see* coralline;
—fräße, *f.* —fräße, *m.* *Entom.* purse-crab
(*Cancer latro* L.); —maßline, *f.* bolting-mill;
—maße, *f.* *Ornith.* mountain titmouse (*Parus
pendulinus* L.); —murmeißler, *n.* wombat.

Beute(n), (*w.*) *c. l.* tr. 1) to bolt, sift; 2)
Husb. to beat (flax); II. *refl.* to bag; to pucker;
to wrinkle.

Beute..., *in comp.* —net, *n.* bag-net,
purse-net; —perste, *f.* bag-wig; —Büßung,
f. mouth of a purse; —ratte, *f.* *Zool.* opossum
(*Didalphy* L.); —schloß, *n.* purse clasp; lock
of a bag; —schneider, *m.* cut-purse, pick-purse,
cheat, swindler; —schneiderfrant, *n.* *Bot.* shep-
herd's purse (*Thlaspi bursa pastoris* L.); —
schur, *f.* purse-string; —steh, *n.* bolting-sieve,
bolter; —stier, *n.* 1) pouched animal; *pl.*
marsupials; 2) *see* —ratte; —stierchen, *n.* *pl.*
Zool. bursaria (*Nautil.*); —stischen, *n.* (für
Damen) pouch table; —tuch, *n.* bolting-cloth;
—welle, *f.*, —werf, *n.* bolting-mill; —zug,
m. common bolter.

Beuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make booty; 2)
Bas. to fill (a hive) with wild bees.

Beuten..., *in comp.* —art, *f.*, —faße, *f.*
hatchet for bee-hives; —faße, *f.* a forest
frequented by wild bees; —stiel, *m.* honey
of wild bees; —stiel, *m.* *see* Bienenstiel.

Beuteig, *adv.* greedy for booty.

Beuteig, *adv.* likely to afford booty.

Beutler, (*adv.*) *m.* purse-maker; Glover,
leather-breeches maker; —naht, *f.* Glover's
stitch.

Beutler, (*adv.*) *m.* *see* Biedler.

Beutler, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to provide with
a bait; 2) *see* Beerenmunde.

Beutler, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to people, to po-
pulate; 2) *Sport.* to stock (a preserve); be-
völkert, populated, populous.

Beutlerung, (*w.*) *f.* population; B.-stand,
m. (state of) population.

Beutlmächtigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to authorise,
empower, to grant full power, to commission,
depute, delegate. — Be-Be, Beutlmächtiger,
(*adv.*) *m.* constituent. — Beutlmächtiger, *m.*
(*adv.* like *adv.*) 1) attorney; 2) plenipotentiary;
3) *Comm.* assignee, agent; manager.

Beutlmächtigen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) authorisa-
tion; 2) power or letter of attorney.

Beut, *conj.* before, ere; — *ist* *ic.* *anf*
(with *Acc.*) einget, prior to entering upon....

Beutmunde, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put under
the care of a guardian, to hold in tutelage;
2) *fig.* to set up for (some one's) guardian,
to keep in leading-strings.

Beutrecht (i. u. Beutrechtigen), (*w.*)
v. tr. to privilege, charter. — Beutrechtig-
ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of granting a privi-
lege; 2) privilege.

Beutrechtigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *impers.* (with
Dat.) to impend, to be imminent, near, at
hand, or impending, to press or draw near;
es *fißt* ihm ein *Unglück* bevor, there is a mis-
fortune impending upon him; *das* ihm *b-be*
Glück, the happiness in store for him, his
expected happiness; b-b, *p. a.* imminent;
forth coming; b-be *Wede*, next week; *das* —,
v. a. (*adv.*) *m.* imminence, imminence, im-
pendence, near approach.

Beutrechtigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.*, Beutrechtigen,
(*w.*) *f.* *see* überbeutrechtigen *ic.*

Beutworten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to produce,
to write an introduction to; 2) *fig.* a) to promise;
to explain beforehand; b) *see* Beifirmen.

Beutworte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bestow ad-
vantages upon ...; 2) to favour (unduly, &c.),
see Beiliegen; Beutworte, to have or enjoy
the advantage or privilege of ...; Beutworte,
p. a. advantaged, possessed of advantages,
privileged. — Beutworte, (*w.*) *f.* the (act
of) showing undue (to favour), &c.

Beutworte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to watch, guard,
to keep guard over; *fiß* selbst *fiß* —, to keep
a strict watch over one's self; — lassen, to
set a watch upon ...

Beutworte, (*adv.*) *v. l.* *intr.* (*aus* *sein*)
to overgrow, to be overgrown or grown (with
grass, &c.); II. *tr.* to cover with growth, to
overgrow; mit *Wes* —, *pp.* moss-grown.

Beutworte, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) watching,
guarding, &c. *cf.* Beutworte.

Beutworte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *lit.* & *fig.* to arm;
2) to provide over; with assisting instrument
or contrivance; mit *Beutworte* *fißt*, with
open force; mit *Beutworte* *fißt* *unter* *fißt*-
den können, to be able to distinguish with the
aid of a telescope, &c. — Beutworte, (*w.*)
f. 1) the (act of) arming, &c.; 2) armour, arms.

Beutworte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to keep, to preserve;
to retain; — *ver* (with *Dat.*), to keep, save, or
guard from, secure against; *Gott* *beutworte*!
1. God forbid! 2. or *beutworte* (bet *him*)!
o dear, no!

Beutworte, (*w.*) *v. l.* tr. 1) to aver, verify,

Bezirken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to affect, to cause, bring about, to work out, on occasion, produce; die Eintragung der Bezugszeichen ist bewirkt worden, the registration of the trademarks has been completed.

Bezirken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to entertain, treat, regale, accommodate; mit einer Flasche Wein etc., to treat to a bottle of wine, &c.

Bezirksam, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to manage; to conduct (a farm), to husband, till, cultivate; den Acker —, to farm land. — **Bezirksamkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* management, farming, &c.

Bezirksam, (*w.*) *f.* entertainment, reception, treat, cheer, accommodation.

Bezirksam, *see* **Bezirksam**. [a jointure.

Bezirksam, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to provide with **Bezirksam**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to treat with light wit, to make sport or game of, to (have one's) joke at, to sneer at.

Bezirgen, *p. a. see* **Bezirgen**.

Bezirghar, *I. adj.* habitable, inhabitable; II. **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* habitableness.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to inhabit, to live in, to occupy. — **Bezirghar**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* inhabitant; inmate; lodger, occupier (of rooms), tenant of a house, poss. dweller (of the wood, &c.). — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) inhabiting.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cloud, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with wool.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to woad.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* admirer. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to admire, to wonder at; **Bezirghar**, **Bezirghar**, *adj.* admirable, wonderful, marvellous. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* admiration; von — erfüllt, struck with admiration; mit — erfüllend, imposing, striking; **Bezirghar**, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (l. u.) to confer a dignity upon (one).

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *pl.* **Bezirghar** *m.* *Mar.* the plastering (of a wall); (grober) rough-cast.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *refl. & intr.* (*aus. sein*) to get roots, to strike root; **Bezirghar**, *p. a.* rooted.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, *I. adj.* 1) known; die **Bezirghar** Sache, the matter in question; unter den **Bezirghar** Bedingungen, under the conditions known to you (to him, to them, &c.); 2) (*with Gen.*) conscious, sensible, aware (of); sich (*Dat.* *rarely Acc.*) einer Sache (*Gen.*) — sein, to be or feel conscious of a thing; to recollect a thing; II. (*str.*) *m.* (l. u.) consciousness, knowledge.

Bezirghar, *adj.* 1) unconscious; 2) insensible. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) unconsciousness; 2) insensibility.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* 1) consciousness; 2) knowledge, perception; als mir die **Bezirghar** kam — kam, when the truth came to my perception.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *n.* apperception.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to indent, jag, notch.

Bezirghar, *adj.* payable.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas* or *Einem*) to pay (a sum or [to satisfy] a person); to pay for; to settle, discharge (a debt); nachlässig —, to be negligent in payment, to pay by dribble; ich bin noch nicht bezirghar, my claims are still unsettled; den Schuldner —, to give the solicitor his fee, to discharge his bill; (*Einem*) zu viel —, to overpay; zu wenig —, to underpay; die Kosten —, to defray (the expenses); die um ihres gleichen laßt den Krieg — (*Schiller*, Piccol. 1. 2), let these, and such as these, support the war; man bezirghar für diesen Krieg ..., this article is sold at (*coll. fetches*) ...; er kann nicht mehr — (*intr.*), he is insolvent; sich bezirghar machen, 1. to make one's self paid; das Werk machte sich bezirghar, the work paid its expenses; 2. to take one's due, to pay or reim-

burse one's self; alte Schulden —, to wipe off old scores; ich habe ihn mit gleicher Wille bezirghar, *proverb*, I (have) paid him in his own coin; er wird dich schon —, *fig.* he will pay you off (yet); Comm-s. bezirghar werden, to meet due honour; to cash (a bill); einen Wechsel, eine Exakte —, to honour a bill of exchange, a draft; (den Betrag) bezirghar erhalten, (amount) settled, contents received; bezirghar quittirt, paid and acquitted. (*sure*) paymaster.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* payer; (ein guter, a **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* payment; pay; imbursement, defrayment; (von Wechseln) protection; gegen bare —, for ready money; gegen — von ..., Comm. on payment of, he or they paying ...; B-scheine, *m.* release, acquitment. (*no*) *f.* tamableness.

Bezirghar, *I. adj.* tamable; II. **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tame; *fig.* to curb, subdue, keep under, check, bridle, govern, restrain; II. *refl.* to restrain one's self, to keep one's temper. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) taming, &c.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with teeth; *T.* to indent, to dovetail; to tooth.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enchant, charm, to bewitch, to fascinate; (durch Zauberkräfte) to cast, set, or lay a spell on; begaubert, *adj.* enchanted, &c.; smitten (von, with), under a spell; haunted (house). — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) charming, &c.; 2) bewitchery, enchantment, spell, fascination.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bridle, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make drunk, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mark (out), designate, sign, denote, note, (genau) to point out; to express; 2) to cover or fill with drawings; b-b, *p. a.* significant, characteristic (*fig. of*). — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) marking, designation, notation, &c.; B-scheitel, *m.* signature, ticket.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to show, manifest; to mark, pay (one's respect, &c. to ...); to express (interest, condolence, &c.); II. *refl.* to behave (one's self) (well or ill); das —, *v. a.* (l. u.) 1) manifestation; 2) demeanour (Betragen). — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) showing, demonstration; manifestation; mark, expression. (*cause of* **Bezirghar**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to charge with, *see* **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to secrete.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Comm. to label, to ticket (goods).

* **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* Italian colouring rag (*Schminke*).

* **Bezirghar**, *f. pl.* (*Fr.*) Comm. Italian colouring.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*often used for* **Bezirghar**) to attest, bear witness or testimony to, to witness, depose, testify; (*höflich*) to certify, to declare, assure. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* attestation, testifying, &c.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* (*& f.*) *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem eine Sache* (*Gen.*)) to charge or to tax (one) with, to accuse of. — **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* charge, accusation, imputation.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to draw over, to cover (with); mit Seilen —, to string (a violin, &c.); b) *see* **Bezirghar**; 2) a) to move to, take possession of, enter (a new lodging, &c.); to occupy; die Untersucht —, to enter college; ein Lager —, to pitch a camp, to encamp; b) to visit, frequent, attend (fairs); 3) to mark out (the boundaries); 4) a) to draw, receive (payment, a salary, &c.); to obtain, order; Comm-s. b) to draw (a bill) upon; sich gegenständig —, to counterdraw; c) Baaren —, to obtain, procure, draw (goods); 5) (*etwas auf* (*with Acc.*), *obolvent* on (*with Acc.*)) to refer (a thing) to ...; b-b, *p. a.* *Gramm.* rela-

tive; II. *refl.* 1) Sport. a) to copulate; b) (of the female) to conceive (*cf.* **Bezirghar**, 3); 2) (*sich auf etwas* (*Acc.*)) to relate, refer, allude, to be relative (to); to make reference, appeal (to). **Bezirghar**, (*less properly*: **Bezirghar** (*adj.*), *adv.* respectively.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. drawer, giver of a bill.

Bezirghar, *adj.* relative; referable; comparative.

Bezirghar, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) covering, &c. *cf.* **Bezirghar**; 2) reference, relation (*auf* (*with Acc.*), to; unter — auf Herrn R., referring to Mr. R.; unter — auf mein Regies dem ..., Comm. begging reference to my last respects of ...; pl. B-en, relation, concerns, connections (*ju*, with); wir stehen in freundschaftlicher — zu ..., we stand on friendly terms with ...; II. *in comp.* B-Begriffe, *m. pl.* relative ideas; B-sweise, *adv. & adj.* relative (ly); B-swert, *n. Gramm.* relative.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to aim at, to have (an object) in view; 2) (*l. u.*) to fix, appoint (a stated time, &c.).

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark with ciphers, to figure; der bezirgharte Beß, *Mus.* the figured bass.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hack, haggie. **Bezirghar**, *adj.* castellated.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* & (*l. u.*) *n.* 1) circuit, post, compass; 2) district, range; 3) precinct (of a court); 4) department.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to compass, encompass, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, ..., *in comp.* —amt, *n.* jurisdiction of a district; —bezirgharung, *f.* municipality; —gericht, *n.* court of a district, district- or circuit-court; —richter, *m.* district judge; —schule, *f.* district school; —wächter, *m.* guardian to a district.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *m.* Pharm. bezoar, bezoar-stone; —horn, *n.* Conch. trumpet's shell (*Buccinum glaucum*).

Bezirghar, *pp.* of **Bezirghar** &c.: 1) covered, &c.; 2) Comm. drawn upon; der B-e, (*decl. like adj.*) drawn on; 3) Sport. with young (of a bitch).

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to impose duty or duties on.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sugar.

Bezirghar, (*str.*) *pl.* **Bezirghar** *m.* 1) a) *see* **Bezirghar**; 1; b) ein — Seiten, a set of strings; c) *see* **Bezirghar**; 2) — des Gehalts, the drawing of one's salary, &c.; 3) relation, *see* **Bezirghar**.

Bezirghar, *adj.* referrible (*auf* (*with Acc.*), to; relative, referring (to); auf ... —, respecting; hierauf or dahin —, suitable, apposite (to ...).

Bezirghar, ..., *in comp.* —nahme, *f.* reference; unter —nahme, *see* **Bezirghar**; 2) Comm-s. B-Beweißung, *f.* order; B-Bort, B-Bplatz, *m.* B-Bquelle, *f.* source of (market for) supply; die billigste B-Bquelle ist Zrief, the cheapest market is Trieste; B-Bstellen, *pl.* petty charges.

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pinch off, cut off, curtail, reduce (wages), stint (food).

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to set with small nails; 2) to aim at, to have in view; was wollen Sie (damit) —? what is your object (in doing so, &c.)?

Bezirghar, *adj.* questionable; doubtful. **Bezirghar**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to doubt, to question, to suspect; nicht zu —, indubitable, unquestionable.

Bezirghar, *adj.* conquerable, superable. **Bezirghar**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to overcome, subdue, vanquish, conquer, master.

Bezirghar, *adj.* conquerable, superable. **Bezirghar**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) subduing, conquering, &c., subjection. [*scriptura*]

Bezirghar, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr., cf.* **Bezirghar** ...) bible.

Bibele, (*str.*) *n. provinc.* (*S. G.*) *in chil-*
drum's lang.: peeping bird, biddy, dickybird.
Bibel ..., *in comp.* —**feß**, *adj.* scripturo-
proof: conversant with the scriptures: —**feß-**
heft, *n.* textualist, textuary, text-man: —**gefeß-**
heft, *f.* bible-society: —**feurer**, *m.* biblical
critic: —**funke**, *f.* biblical knowledge: —
mäße, *adj.* scriptural: —**stelle**, *f.* scriptural
passage or text: —**wert**, *n.* bible with notes.

Biber, *a. l. (str.) m. 1* Zool. beaver, castor
(*Castor fiber* L.); *2* Comm. a) (—**zug**) pil-
lows: *b*) *see* **Däße**; *II. in comp.* —**baum**, *m.*
den, lodgment, or hole of a beaver: —**baum**,
m. Bot. umbrella tree, laurel-leaved tulip-
root, magnolia (*Magnolia tripetala* L.): —
cifen, *n.* beaver-trap: —**cute**, *f. see* —**taucher**:
—**füße**, *f.* beaver-trap: —**fänger**, *m.* beaver-
trapper: —**fell**, *n.* beaver skin: —**fett**, *n.* bea-
ver's grease: —**gell**, *n.* castoreum, beaver's
od: —**haar**, *n.* hair of a beaver, beaver's
wool: —**hut**, *m.* beaver hat: —**lee** (**Biberlee**),
see **Bitterlee**: —**frant**, *n. see* **Zaunendgülden-**
frant

* **Bibernelle**, (*w.*) *f. see* **Vimpinelle**.
Biber ..., *in comp.* —**cattze**, *see* **Bismuratte**:
—**schlinge**, *m. pl. Mas.* flat tiles, coll. flats:
—**tender**, —**wegel**, *m.* *Ornith.* dundiver, sper-
ling owl (*Nyctus merops* L.): —**wammern**,
f. pl. beaver wombs: —**wurz**, *f.* Bot. climbing
upright or slender birthroot (*Aristolochia*
climaculis L.): —**zug**, *n. see* **Biber**, *2*.

* **Biblis** ..., (*Gr. biblion*, a book) *in comp.*
—**gräp**, (*w.*) *m.* bibliographer: —**graphie**,
(*w.*) *f.* 1) bibliography: *2*) list of books ap-
pearing periodically: —**maße**, (*w.*) *m.* biblio-
maniac: —**theck**, (*str.*) *m.* librarian: —**the-**
carist, (*str.*) *n.* librarian's office: —**theck**, (*str.*)
adj. relating to a librarian: —**theck**, (*w.*) *f.*
library. [**theck**, sacred history.]

Biblich, *adj.* biblical, scriptural: *B-e* **Ör-**
* **Biblich**, (*w.*) *m.* scripturist, biblist.

* **Biblich**, (*w.*) *f.* biblical knowledge.

Bibberre, **Bid elberre**, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* *see*
Seibelberre.

Bidde, (*w.*) *f.* pickaxe (**Bide**).

Bid eisen, (*str.*) *n.* bickern, pick (**Bidrißen**).

Bid eisen, (*str.*) *n.* gargane (**Bid eisen**).

Bid eisen, (*str.*) *n.* gargane (**Bid eisen**).

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Bid eisen, (*str.*) *n.* gargane (**Bid eisen**).

do. (das Recht —, *Schiller*); *II. ref.* to bend,
warp: to bend, turn (of a road, &c.): *sch*
schmiegen und —, f. to creep and crouch,
to cringe: *III. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to bend, be
bent; *2*) to turn (into a by-way); *es muß* —
oder brechen, prowerd, it must bend or break.

Bieg(e) ..., *in comp.* —**schleife**, *f.* Coop.
dog: —**schritt**, *m.* *Danc.* coupee: —**tafelwerk**,
n. T. sheet-bending machine: —**tauge**, *f.* T.
(wire-)pliers.

Biegsam, *I. adj.* 1) pliant, flexible, bend-
able, ductile, pliable, supple, limber: *bie b-ere*
animalische Schöpfung (*Humboldt*, *Ansichten*
&c. 2, 2), the more flexible organisation of
animal creation (*Subine*); *2*) *Gramm.* de-
clinable: *II. B-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* pliancy, plia-
bility, flexibility, suppleness, ductility.

Biegsung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bend (of the body, in
a road, &c.), bent (of a bow, &c.), curve, cur-
vature, flexion, sinuation; turn: *2*) *Woon.*
hook: *3*) *Gramm.-s.* inflection, variation (of
nouns and verbs): *B-efall*, *m.* *Gramm.* case.

Biel, (*str.*) *m.* T. scaffolding.

Bielbrief, (*str.*) *m. see* **Beilbrief**.

Biene, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Entom.* honey-bee, bee
(*Apis mellifica* L.); *die wilde —*, wild bee;
jauche —, hive bee; *faule männliche —*, drone;
2) *Andr.* the Fly.

Bienen ..., *in comp.* —**ameise**, *f. see* **After-**
birne: —**bär**, *m.* Zool. the common bear (**Bär**):
—**baum**, *m. see* **juch**: —**behaublung**, *f.* manage-
ment of bees: —**beute**, *f.* wooden hive (made of
one solid block of wood): —**blume**, *f.* Bot. bee-
flower (*Ophrys apifera* L.): —**brut**, *n.* hive
dross, bee-bread: —**brut**, *f.* the embryos of bees.

Bienet, (*str.*) *m. see* **Bienenmann**.

Bienen ..., *in comp.* —**erde**, *f.* residuum of
wax: —**erg**, *m.* *Minor.* alveolar ore: —**fall**, *m.*
Ornith. honey-busard (*Falco apivorus* L.): —
fänger, —**feind**, *see* —**freßer**: —**fasser**, *m.* bag to
take bees in: —**flug**, *m.* quantity of bees kept
at any place: —**freßer**, *m.* *Ornith.* bee-eater
(*Merops apivorus* L.): —**geier**, *m. see* —**fall**: —
gewächse, *m. pl.* plants and herbs chiefly frequented
by bees: —**heide**, *f.* Bot. wild rosemary (*Leidum*
pachyrrhizum): —**herz**, *n.* hive-dross: —**haube**, *f.*
see —**taube**: —**haus**, *n.* bee-house, *see* —**stand**:
—**hütte**, *f.* bee-shed, *see* —**haus**: —**hüter**, *m.*
see —**freßer**: —**läppe**, *f.* a cap worn in cutting
the honey-combs: —**lesten**, *m.* bee-box (hive
made of boards): —**flit**, *m. see* —**hag**: —**flie**,
m. Bot. creeping white trefoil (*Trifolium*
repens L.): —**flügel**, *f.* queen-bee: —**forb**,
m. 1) bee-hive: *2*) or —**fürbchen**, *n.* *Comch.* *see*
Beffelchen: —**frant**, *n. see* —**gewächse**: —**funke**,
f. apian knowledge: —**fager**, *m.* a number
of bees: —**magen**, *m. see* **Honigmagen**: —
mann, *m.* bee-master, hiver: —**männchen**, *m.*
drone: —**meise**, *f. see* —**freßer**: —**meister**, *m.*
see —**mann**: —**mutter**, *f. see* —**flügel**: —**fang**,
n. (*& m.*) Bot. 1) white dead nettle (*Lamium*
album L.); *2*) woody wound-wort (*Stachys silva-*
tica L.): —**ganer**, *m. see* —**stand**: —**schwarm**, *m.*
cluster or swarm of bees: —**schwärmer**, *m.* *Entom.*
species of hawk-moth (*Sphinx rufiformis*):
—**speist**, *m. see* —**freßer**: —**stand**, *m.* hive-
stall, bee-house, apiary: —**stod**, *m.* bee-hive:
—**water**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**wachse**, *n.* (yellow)
bees'-wax: —**würter**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**weiser**,
m. see —**flügel**: —**wolf**, *m.* 1) *see* —
freßer; *2*) *Entom.* bee-eater (*Atalapha apia-*
ria): —**zelle**, *coll.* —**zellig**, *adj.* Bot. favose:
—**zucht**, *f.* the culture, keeping, or rearing of
bees: —**züchter**, *m.* bee-keeper, bee-master,
hiver, apian: —**züchterverein**, *m.* apian
society.

Bienet, (*str.*) *m. see* **Bienenmann**.

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see —**taube**: —**haus**, *n.* bee-house, *see* —**stand**:
—**hütte**, *f.* bee-shed, *see* —**haus**: —**hüter**, *m.*
see —**freßer**: —**läppe**, *f.* a cap worn in cutting
the honey-combs: —**lesten**, *m.* bee-box (hive
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drone: —**meise**, *f. see* —**freßer**: —**meister**, *m.*
see —**mann**: —**mutter**, *f. see* —**flügel**: —**fang**,
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—**water**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**wachse**, *n.* (yellow)
bees'-wax: —**würter**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**weiser**,
m. see —**flügel**: —**wolf**, *m.* 1) *see* —
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society.

Bienet, (*str.*) *m. see* **Bienenmann**.

Bienen ..., *in comp.* —**erde**, *f.* residuum of
wax: —**erg**, *m.* *Minor.* alveolar ore: —**fall**, *m.*
Ornith. honey-busard (*Falco apivorus* L.): —
fänger, —**feind**, *see* —**freßer**: —**fasser**, *m.* bag to
take bees in: —**flug**, *m.* quantity of bees kept
at any place: —**freßer**, *m.* *Ornith.* bee-eater
(*Merops apivorus* L.): —**geier**, *m. see* —**fall**: —
gewächse, *m. pl.* plants and herbs chiefly frequented
by bees: —**heide**, *f.* Bot. wild rosemary (*Leidum*
pachyrrhizum): —**herz**, *n.* hive-dross: —**haube**, *f.*
see —**taube**: —**haus**, *n.* bee-house, *see* —**stand**:
—**hütte**, *f.* bee-shed, *see* —**haus**: —**hüter**, *m.*
see —**freßer**: —**läppe**, *f.* a cap worn in cutting
the honey-combs: —**lesten**, *m.* bee-box (hive
made of boards): —**flit**, *m. see* —**hag**: —**flie**,
m. Bot. creeping white trefoil (*Trifolium*
repens L.): —**flügel**, *f.* queen-bee: —**forb**,
m. 1) bee-hive: *2*) or —**fürbchen**, *n.* *Comch.* *see*
Beffelchen: —**frant**, *n. see* —**gewächse**: —**funke**,
f. apian knowledge: —**fager**, *m.* a number
of bees: —**magen**, *m. see* **Honigmagen**: —
mann, *m.* bee-master, hiver: —**männchen**, *m.*
drone: —**meise**, *f. see* —**freßer**: —**meister**, *m.*
see —**mann**: —**mutter**, *f. see* —**flügel**: —**fang**,
n. (*& m.*) Bot. 1) white dead nettle (*Lamium*
album L.); *2*) woody wound-wort (*Stachys silva-*
tica L.): —**ganer**, *m. see* —**stand**: —**schwarm**, *m.*
cluster or swarm of bees: —**schwärmer**, *m.* *Entom.*
species of hawk-moth (*Sphinx rufiformis*):
—**speist**, *m. see* —**freßer**: —**stand**, *m.* hive-
stall, bee-house, apiary: —**stod**, *m.* bee-hive:
—**water**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**wachse**, *n.* (yellow)
bees'-wax: —**würter**, *m. see* —**mann**: —**weiser**,
m. see —**flügel**: —**wolf**, *m.* 1) *see* —
freßer; *2*) *Entom.* bee-eater (*Atalapha apia-*
ria): —**zelle**, *coll.* —**zellig**, *adj.* Bot. favose:
—**zucht**, *f.* the

* **Bijouterie** [*Fr.*, *pr.* *bijouterie*], (*w.*) *f.* (*-waren, pl.*) jewelry, trinkets: *-händler, m.* dealer in jewelry or trinkets.

Bilander, (*str.*) *m.* bilander (a kind of brig).

* **Bilanz**, *a. l.* (*w.*) *f.* Comm. balance: *ruhe* —, trial or rough balance: *reine* —, neat balance: *die* — *ziehen*, to strike the balance: *II. in comp.* — *bogen, m.* balance sheet, set off sheet: — *buch, n.* balance-book: — *conts, n.* —, *rechnung, f.* balance account.

* **Bilanzieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Comm. to balance.

Bild, (*str.*) *m.* (*-maße, f.*) Zool. fat dormouse (*Ciebertschäfer*).

Bild, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bilder*) *n.* 1) *a*) image; figure; shape; *b*) portrait, likeness, effigy; marble: *B-er* auf Grabmätern, marble effigies on tombs: picture, painting; *c*) counterfeited, sign: *d*) idol; *e*) *Mar. figure-head: f*) *Sam. court-(or picture)-heard, honour: 2*) *fig.* idea, representation: *Rhet. figure, metaphor, trope: 3*) *coll.* (of a woman) person (*often in contempt, compare, however, Engelsbild* *sc.*); nach dem B-e Gottes geschaffen, created in the image of God: das Bild ist das — (*Abbild*) ihrtr Mutter, the child is the image of its mother: *in* — *entwerfen*, to draw a picture, to represent, describe: im B-e gefängt, hung in effigy: das geoffene —, cast: *Bild* graven image: — oder Wappen, *Sam.* cross or pile: — *arbeiten, f.* carved work, sculpture.

Bildsam, *see* *Bildsam*.

Bilden, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to shape, form, fashion, frame; *fig.-s.* 2) *a*) to form, mould, fashion; *b*) to constitute, compose, organise, make (up); Dräger bilden den Nachtrag, dragoons brought up the rear; *3*) to train, discipline, school; to cultivate, educate; to civilise, polish, improve: er hatte sich (*Dat.*) eine irrige Meinung über die Deutschen gebildet, he had formed or conceived an erroneous opinion as to the Germans; *II. in tr.* (*Götze, Wahrh. & Dicht. 6. l. u.*) an *Einen* —, to form or train one's mind; *III. ref.* to be formed, *sc.*; es bildet ein Talent sich in der Stille, I find a character in the calm of the world (*Götze, Tasso 1. 2*), talents are nurtured best in solitude, — but character on life's tempestuous sea (*Saunders*); es bildete sich eine Meinung, an opinion was growing up; *b-b, p. a.* 1) formative, plastic: die b-ben Stüfte, formative or plastic arts; 2) instructive.

Bilder..., *in comp.* — *acht*, *m.* *Min.* figurate achate; — *anbeter, m.* worshipper of images, iconolater; — *anbetung, f.* *see* *-dienst*; — *ausstellung, f.* exhibition of pictures; — *beschreibung, f.* iconography: — *bibel, f.* bible with prints, pictorial bible: — *bilde, f.* niche: — *bogen, m.* a sheet of paper filled with pictures; — *buch, n.* picture-book: — *buchstaben, m. pl.* *Typ.* figured capital-letters: — *diener, m. see* — *anbeter*; — *dienst, m.* worship of images, image worship: — *feind, m. see* — *stürmer*; — *fiel, f.* primer with cuts; — *flügel, m.* *Entom.* painted moth: — *freund, m.* *Eccl.* iconolater; — *fuß, m.* pedestal: — *galerie, -halle, f. (l. u.) -gang, m.* picture-gallery: — *händler, m.* dealer in pictures or prints; — *kammer, f.* *see* — *galerie*; — *lehre, f.* iconology: — *mann, m.* hawker of pictures: — *marmor, see* *Bildmarmor*. [*picture-books.*]

Bildern, (*w.*) *v. in tr.* to look at prints, at *Bilder*..., *in comp.* — *rahmen, m.* picture frame; — *reich, adj.* figurative; flourishing, flowery: — *saal, m. see* — *galerie*; — *-schrift, f.* hieroglyphics, tropical writing: — *sprache, f.* 1) hieroglyphic language; 2) metaphorical expression, figurative style: *Ch. Hist.* — *stürmend, -stürmerisch, adj.* iconoclastic: — *stürmer, m.* iconoclast, image-breaker: — *stürmerrei, f.* iconoclasm.

Bild..., *in comp.* — *former, m.* image-maker; — *form(er)er, f.* plastic; sculpture: — *gestell, n.* *Archit.* pedestal: — *gewebe, m.* figured (linen) cloth, diaper, fancy-cloth: — *gießer, m.* statue-founder: — *hauer, m.* statuary, sculptor, stone-cutter; — *hauerarbeit, f.* carver's work, sculpture, carvings: — *haueressen, n.* sculptor's chisel: — *hauerstift, -hauerstein, m.* badigoon: — *hauerstuhl, f.* statuary, (art of) sculpture.

Bildlich, *I. adj.* figurative: 1) typical, representative; 2) metaphorical, tropical: — *darstellen, to typify: II. B-feit, (w.) f.* figurativeness, *sc.*

Bildmarmor, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* figured *Bilder*, *m.* 1) image-maker; former, *sc.*; 2) *fig.* moulder, organiser; civiliser. **Bildner**, (*w.*) *v. in tr.* to form as a sculptor. **Bildnis**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) portrait, likeness, image, picture, effigy: im Bildnis gefängt, *see* *Bild*; 2) *parab.* (*Wissenschaft*).

Bildsam, *I. adj.* 1) plastic, what may be fashioned, ductile, figurable, flexible, *sc.*; 2) cultivable: *II. B-feit, (w.) f.* plasticity, figurability; flexibility, *sc.*

Bild..., *in comp.* — *hülle, f.* 1) statue; 2) *Archit.* supporter: — *hülsmarmor, m.* statuary marble: — *hülser, m.* carver, sculptor: — *hülse, adj. fig.* as fair as a picture, very beautiful: — *seite, f.* obverse, face, or head (of a coin); — *steiner, m.* engraver: — *stein, m. see* *Epedstein*; — *stat, m.* 1) *Rom. Cath.* image (of a saint, *sc.*); 2) *Archit.* pedestal: — *teppich, m.* tapestry of the low warp.

Bildung, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) forming, *sc.*, formation, organisation; die — eines Menschen, to make a motion for going into a committee; die — *neuer* *Bürger*, the coinage of new words; 2) formation, shape, configuration (of oceans, islands, *sc.*), figure, frame, fashion; structure, organisation; 3) (moral) formation, information, training, schooling, discipline, education; (intellectual) cultivation, culture, civilisation (of a nation); improvement, refinement: good-breeding: *feine* —, polite education; gelehrte —, classic education: ein Mann von *feiner* —, an accomplished gentleman: *ohne* —, uneducated, coarse: — *durch* *Wasser, Gen.* lacustrine formation; *II. in comp.* *B-bau*, *f.* educational institution, school: *B-bildung, see* *Bildsam*; *B-bang, m.* course of education: *B-bkraft, f.* plastic virtue: ductility: *B-biege, f.* *Phys.* zoonomy: — *stufe, f.* stage of culture attained; *B-btrieb, m.* 1) *Phys.* the forming principle in generation; 2) a desire for improvement.

Bild..., *in comp.* — *weber, -wirter, m.* damask weaver; — *weise, adv.* figuratively: — *wert, n.* 1) plastic work, carving, sculpture; 2) imagery: — *zeug, n. see* — *gewebe*.

* **Bilids**, *adj.* (*Fr.-Lat.*) *Mod.* bilious.

Bilistepiel, *see* *Bilistepiel*.

* **Bill**, *f.* (*Engl.*) bill (of parliament).

* **Billard** [*pr.* *billard*], (*str.*, *pl.* *die B-s*) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) (*-spiel, n.*) billiards: — *spielen*, to play at billiards: auf dem — *stoßen*, to strike; 2) or — *tisch, f.* billiard table: *in comp.* — *ball, m.* — *angel, f.* billiard-ball: — *bett, n.* (von *Schiefer*) slate bed; — *loch, n.* pocket, hazard: — *stock, m.* billiard-stick, cue. * **Billardieren**, (*w.*) *v. in tr.* to strike the (billiard) ball twice or the two together.

Bille, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *T.* a) pickaxe for sharpening mill-stones; *b*) bill of cloth-shears; 2) *see* *Billardball*; 3) *pl.* (eines Schiffes) buttocks.

* **Billet** [*pr.* *billet*], (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) billet, note; 2) ticket: — *ausgabe, f.* — *büreau, n.* ticket-office: — *einsamler, m.* ticket-collector.

Bilfig, *adj.* 1) equitable, fair, just, right, reasonable; 2) (of prices) low, cheap, reason-

able, moderate, fair; auf's B-fe einrichten, to arrange in the most economical manner: es ist —, it is fair, it stands to reason: *B-er* *Reife*, in justice, in reason, fairly: nichts mehr als recht und —, nothing more than just and proper.

Bilfigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to approve of; to assent to (an opinion, *sc.*); 2) to grant, allow.

Bilfigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) equity, fairness, equitableness, reasonableness: *bei* — *gemäß*, in equity; nach Recht und —, in truth and fairness, in justice and reason; 2) moderateness (of price), reasonableness, cheapness, low price(s) or terms.

Bilfigung, (*w.*) *f.* approbation; approval (of a superior): assent.

Bilfling, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* 1) a species of carp (*Cyprinus aspinus*); 2) roach (*Cyprinus rubellus*).

* **Billion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) billion.

Bilte, (*w.*) *f.* *B-ntraut, (str.) n.* Bot. heathens (*Hyoscyamus niger* L.).

Bimbaum, *Bimbaum*, *interj.* (*imitation of the sound of bells*) ding dong. [*Bell.*]

Bimmet, (*w.*) *f.* *vulg.* shrill-sounding little *Bimmet*, (*w.*) *v. in tr.* to tinkle; to ring the bell; to set the bells a-ringing.

Bimmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rub with pumice-stone.

Bimstein, (*str.*) *m.* pumice (stone): — *atrig, adj.* pumiceous: — *pulver, n.* pounce.

Bim, (*first pers. of the pres. of* *Ein*: *I. am.*)

* **Bimstich**, *Bimst*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Math.* binary.

Bim..., *in comp.* — *schiff, f.* bodkin, braidawl: — *art, f.* carpenter's axe.

Bimstern, (*dimin. of* *Binde*) (*str.*) *n.* sleeve-hand, wristband.

Bimstrahl, *see* *Bimstrahl*.

Binde, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) band, fillet, binding, sling, string, tie; sash; girth; ligature; *b*) cravat, stock, necktie; 2) *Botom. bar: 3*) *Surg.* bandage; die große —, handkerchief bandage; 4) *Mus. tie, bind, see* *Bindegeigen*; 5) *Herald. see* *Balken*; 6) *Archit.* band, plinth, flat moulding; 6) *Booth.* fillet: den Arm in eine — *tragen*, to carry one's arm in a sling.

Binde..., (*from* *Binden*, *cf.* *Binde*...) *in comp.* — *balken, m.* *Archit.* girder: architrave, tie-beam: — *baum, m.* hay-beam (*Wiesbaum*); — *band, m.* *Fortif. &c.* fascine-trestle; — *bogen, m. see* — *geigen*; — *bücher, n. pl.* cording, or corded quires: — *draht, m.* T. binding-wire: *Paper-m.* maniocordion (*Bell*); — *haut* (*des* *Nar-ges*), *f.* *Anat. conjunctiva* (*lat.*), mucous membrane uniting the globe of the eye with the eye-lid: — *hölzer, n. pl.* *Carp.* bond-timber, intertie.

Binde... (*cf.* *Binde*...), *in comp.* — *eisen, n.* *Glass-m.* iron pipe for conveying the melted glass: — *heil, m.* burnt plaster, fat lime: — *mauer, f.* partition wall; — *messer, n.* *Coop.* planer, notcher; adze: — *mittel, m.* cement: binder: *Chem.* intermediate: *Med.* agglutinant.

Binden, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *lit. & fig.* to bind (*also* *Booth.*), to tie (*also* *Mus. & Typ.*); to wind, fasten: to cement: ein nett in *Feinwand* gebundenes *Buch*, a book neatly done up in cloth; *fig.-s.* 2) *a*) to tie up; to restrain: to fetter, to constrain; *b*) to bind, oblige, commit; gebunden sein, to be bound, *sc.*; er ist durch sein *Verprechen* gebunden, he stands committed by his promise: *Sehen* —, to make brooms: *Ballen* —, to pack bales; *Bücher* —, to hoop casks: *Heu* —, to bundle hay: einen *Etrauf* —, to make a nosegay; *Graben* —, to make sheaves: (*Korn*) in *Graben* —, to make up (cut corn) in sheaves; in *Eisen* gebunden, hooped with iron: die gebundene *Wrede*, metrical language, poetry, verse: die ungebundene *Wrede*, prose: *Einem* etwas auf die *Hand* —, *vulg.* 1. to tell one a fib; 2. to impart something

to one: *Einem etwas auf die Seele* —, to lay strong injunctions upon one (to do a thing, &c.); II. *refl.* to bind one's self (to), make one's self dependent (upon); *ſich durch III. Hölle* —, to tie one's self by vows; III. *intr.* to bind, *partic. Eccl.* (*cf.* Matth. 18, 19): *die Gewalt zu* — und zu lösen, the power (given to St. Peter) of binding and loosing (= the power of the keys [of the kingdom of heaven], *i. e.* of excommunicating and absolving); *binden, p. a. fig.* binding (für, on), obligatory; *Med.* agglutinative, agglutinant.

Binbenschwalle, (w.) f. stock-buckle.

Binbepfennig, (str.) m. earnest-money.

Binber, (str.) m. 1) binder, tier: 2) *provinc.* cooper: 3) *see* Binberlein: 4) *see* Binberlein: — *berst*, *f.* cooper's adze.

Binbe... (from *binden*), *in comp.* — *riegel*, *m. Carp.* tie-beam, rail: — *riemen*, *m.* strap, lather.

Binber... *in comp.* — *lahn*, *m.* cooperage: — *pfahl* (*riem* *Spundwand*), guide-pile: — *pfahl*, *f. Mas.* bond-course: — *parren*, *m. Carp.* binding-rafter.

Binbe... (from *binden*), *in comp.* — *jaht*, *m.* summer endive and other kinds of salad the leaves of which are tied up in order to keep them tender: — *schibe*, *f.* sheath for a looping-knife: — *schliff*, *f. Buid.* a course of bond-stones, lockrand: — *schliffel*, *m. Eccl.* the key of St. Peter, *cf.* *binden*, III.: — *ſell*, *n. Mar.* lashing or seizing of a rope: — *ſohle*, *f.* a sole (to be) bound to the foot (by straps), sandal: — *parren*, *m. Carp.* tie-beam, rail: — *ſtrm*, *m. Buid.* binding-stone, bond-stone, binder, bonder, stretcher, header: — *ſtrig*, *m. (lit. binding-, or connecting-stroke) Typ., &c.* hyphen: — *wert*, *n. Buid.* frame-work, stud-work, lattice-work, lattice-paling, arbour-work: — *werthwände*, *f. pl.* timber framing, stud-work: — *wert*, *n. 1) Gramm.* conjunction: 2) *Log.* copula, connective: — *zichten*, *n. 1) see* — *ſtrig*; 2) *Mus.* tie, bind, legato-mark: — *zeng*, *n.* surgeon's case: — *ziegel*, *m.* *see* — *ſtrm*.

Binb... (*cf.* *binde...*), *in comp.* — *faben*, *m.* pack-thread, twine, (shop-)cord, string: — *fabenbride*, *f.* twine-holder: — *fabenapfel*, *f.* string-box: — *fabenrolle*, *f.* pack-thread reel: — *ſelig*, *n. 1) twigs, &c. (cf. -weide)* used in fastening trees to poles, &c.: 2) *see* *Binberlein*. [*dance, solid*]; 3) *see* *Binbig*.

Binbig, adj. 1) *lit.* compact, firm, close. *Binb...* *in comp.* — *meſſer*, *f.* *pfennig*, *see* *Binberſcher* 12.

Binb'fel, (str.) n. Mar. lashing, furling. *Binb'ſohle, (w.) f. 1) Shoe-m.* (Binnenſohle) *see* *Brandſohle*; 2) *see* *Bindeſohle*.

Binbung, (w.) f. 1) the act of binding, &c.; 2) band, tie, subligation: 3) *Med. a)* agglutination: *b)* ligature: 4) *Mus.* syncope: 5) *Wass.* point of intersection: 6) *fig.* connexion: *B-smittel*, *B-ziehen*, *see* *Binbermittel* 12.

Binb... (from *binden*), *in comp.* — *wäſen*, *m.* osier-twigs for binding fascines: — *weide*, *f. Bot. 1)* osier twig (*Salix viminalis* L.): 2) traveller's joy (*Hamulus vitacea* L.): — *wert*, *see* *Binberlein*: — *wurm*, *m. Zool.* *see* *Doppeloch*.

Binckeffant, (str.) n. Bot-s. mercury (*Mercurialis* L.); *das einſchlige* —, French mercury (*M. annua* L.): *englifch* —, *see* *ſchindig*, *gutr*; *das perennirende* —, dog's mercury (*M. perennis* L.).

Binckſchweigen, see *Bartweigen*.

Binnen, I. prop. (with Dat.) within: — *acht* *Tagen*, within a week: — *hier und cinem Monat*, in the course of a month: — *ſtuzen*, shortly: II. *adv.* — *laufen*, *Mar.* to sail into a river or harbour: III. *in comp.* internal, inland: — *adterſtern*, *m. Mar.* inner-post: — *berbe*,

adv. in board: — *colouit*, *f.* back settlement: — *beich*, *m.* inner dam (dike): — *geſiet*, *n.* inland: — *gericht*, *n.* patrimonial court of justice: — *gewäſſer*, *n.* waters of the continent, inland-water: — *hafen*, *m.* basin of a port: — *handel*, *m.* home trade, inland, or inward trade, domestic trade: — *land*, *n.* inland, interior (country): — *länder*, *m. 1)* inhabitant of the interior: 2) a small vessel navigating inland rivers: — *läubſch*, *adj.* internal, *adv.* inwards: — *landſchaft*, *f.* inland province: — *lichter*, *m. Mar.* lighter: — *mauer*, *f.* partition-wall: — *meer*, *n. see* — *ſee*: — *pfahl*, *m.* filling-pile (of a coffer-dam): — *ſee*, *f.* inland sea: — *ſchiffahrt*, *f.* inland or inland navigation: — *ſchote*, *f. Mar.* — *am ſteigelt*, inner sheet of a studding-sail: — *ſohle*, *f. see* *Brandſohle*: — *ſtadt*, *f.* inland or midland town: — *ſterſter*, *m.* inland communication: — *ſterſtern*, *m. Mar.* apron: — *zeit*, *f.* interval: — *zell*, *m.* inland duty, duty inwards, internal taxes.

* *Binomial, Bin'miſch, adj. (Lat.) Math.* binomial: — *factoren*, *m. pl.* binomial letters. *Bin'ſe, (w.) f.* rush (*Juncus* L.), club-rush (*Scirpus* L.): sedge (*Carex* L.): bent-grass (*Agrostis* L.): die glatte —, bulrush: die ſperige —, goose corn (*Juncus squarrosus* L.).

Bin'ſen... *in comp.* — *ſchiff*, *adj.* rush-like, bulrushy: — *artig*, *adj.* of the nature or species of a rush: — *blume*, *f. Bot.* flowering rush (*Budonius umbellatus* L.): — *busch*, *m.* rush-bed: — *bede*, *f.* mat: — *grab*, *n. Bot.* rush-grass, reed-grass (*Carex* L.): *see* *Wollgras*.

Bin'ſenſchaft, adj. benty, *see* — *ähnlich*.

Bin'ſen... *in comp.* — *ſerſ*, *m.* junket: (*zu ſeigen*, *Datteln*) frill: — *lager*, *n.* rush couch, * *rushy* couch: — *licht*, *n.* rush candle: — *matte*, *f.* rush-mat: — *nachtigall*, *f. Ornith.* bog thrush (*Motacilla ochrobombus* L.): — *narcisse*, *f. Bot.* jonquille (*Narcissus jonquilla*): — *reiß*, *sedgy*, *juncous*: *see* *Binſig*: — *rülle*, *f. Bot.* woolly plant (*Corymbium*): — *ſinger*, *m. Ornith.* water-wren (*Sylvia aquatica*): — *ſeibe*, *f. see* *Wollgras*: — *ſtuhl*, *m.* rush-chair, rout-chair.

Bin'ſigt, Bin'ſig, adj. 1) *rushy*, full of rushes, *sedgy*; 2) *rush-like*, like rushes.

* *Biograph, (w.) m. (Gr.)* biographer. — *Biographie, (w.) f.* biography. — *Biograph'phisch, adj.* biographical.

* *Bi'quadrat, (str.) n. (Lat.) or* — *ſagt*, *f. Math.* biquadrate; *ſ-iſch, adj.* biquadratical. *Bir'ſe, (w.) f. Bot.* birch, birch-tree (*Betula* L.): die ſchwarze birginifche —, sweet birch (*Betula nigra* L.): die ſäſe —, soft birch (*Betula lenta*).

Bir'ſen, I. adj. birchen; II. (from *Birſe*) *in comp.* — *baum*, *m.* birch-tree: — *beſen*, *m.* birch-broom: — *fuchſ*, *m. Zool.* common fox: — *ſahn*, *m. see* *Birſſahn*: — *händchen*, *n. (lit. little birchen Jack) wurt.* for a birchen rod, *amal. Dr.* Birch: *das* — *händchen bekommen*, to be (well) birched: — *heſer*, *m. see* *Birſſcher*: — *ſampter*, *m. see* *Birſſin*: — *ſerſ*, *m.* species of fungus (*Bolbitis suberosus*): — *ſauſ*, *n.* birch-foliage: — *lauſhänger*, *m. see* *Weidenhänger*: — *marber*, *m.* pine-martin (Baummarber): — *meſſer*, *m. see* — *ſpanner*: — *pilz*, *m. Bot.* birch-agaric (*Agaricus deliquens*): — *ſaft*, *m.* birch-juice: birch-wine: — *ſänger*, *m. see* — *lauſhänger*: — *ſchwamm*, *m. see* — *pilz*: — *ſpanner*, *m. Entom.* birch-moth (*Phalena geometra betularia*): — *ſter*, *m.* birch-tar, birch-oil: — *weiß*, *m.* birch-forest: birch-grove: — *wäſſer*, *n.* — *wein*, *m. see* — *ſaft*: — *zeiſig*, *m. Ornith.* linnet (*Fringilla linaria*): — *wurz*, *f. Bot. 1)* *see* *Bin'wurz*; 2) ashwood (*Chenopodium* L.).

Bir'... (from *Birſe*), *in comp.* — *ſall*, *m. Ornith.* Egyptian vulture (*Vultur percnopterus* L.): — *fuchſ*, *m. see* *Birſſenfuchſ*: — *geflügel*, *n. see* — *ſahn*: — *henn*: *Ornith-s.* *ſahn*, *m.* heath-cock (*Turdus laticus* L.): — *heſer*, *m.* roller (Co-

racias garrula L.): — *ſenn*, *f.* — *ſohn*, *n.* whiting-pout, heath-pout: — *twifſagb*, *f. Sport.* grouse: or moor-shooting. / *m. Burmese.* *Bir'ma, n. Geogr.* Birma. — *Birma'ne, (w.) Birn, (w.) f. I. see* *Birne*; II. *in comp.* — *apfel*, *m.* pompre: pear-main: — *ajarsle*, *f.* medlar-pear (*Pyrus pashensis*): — *baum*, *m. Bot.* pear-tree (*Pyrus* L.): — *baumen*, *adj.* (made of) pear-tree.

Bir'ne, (w.) f. 1) Pom. pear: 2) *Mus.* that part of a clarinet (and basset horn) into which the mouth-piece is inserted: 3) *Conch.* volute: 4) *choko-pear* (instrument of torture).

Bir'nen... *in comp.* — *Birnisg, adj.* pear-shaped, pyriform: — *pfette*, *f. Cook.* pear-pie: — *pfanne*, *f.* pear-plum: — *ſaft*, *m.* juice of pears.

Bir'n... *in comp.* — *frant*, *n. Bot.* winter-green (*Pirula* L.): — *maſſ*, *m. see* — *wein*: — *matte*, *f. Entom.* codling-moth (*Tinea corymbella* L.): — *munſtill*, *n. Mas.* pear-bit: — *quitt*, *f. Bot.* pear-quince (*Pyrus cydonia oblonga*): — *ſchneide*, *f. Conch.* round partridge (*Pirula canaliculata*): — *ſtel*, *m.* pear-stalk: — *wein*, *m.* perry. [*see* *Pirol*].

Bir'ſale, (w.) f. Bir'ſale, Bir'ſale, (str.) m. *Birſig, or Bir'ſig, (w.) f. 1)* the shooting of deer with a rifle, deer-shooting: 2) right of shooting deer: 3) district licensed to shoot on: — *meſſer*, *m.* keeper of a preserve: — *pfers*, *n. Sport.* stalking-horse: — *pulver*, *n.* fowling powder: — *reiß*, *n.* rifle: — *zeit*, *f.* shooting-season (of deer).

Bir'ſchen, (w.) v. tr. to shoot deer (with a rifle): *das* — *v. a. (str.) n.* deer stalking.

† *Bis, provinc. imper. of Sein (for Sel), be.*

Bis, adv. till, until: as far as: — (an) up to, to: — *irgt, (-lang)* till now, up to the present time, as yet, hitherto: — *weſin*? how far? — *birſcher* (*provinc. -daſer*), thus far: to this place: — *daſin*, till then; up to that time; by that time: — *auf die Reſt*, to the last: *von London* — *Paris*, from London to Paris: *ſieben* — *acht*, seven to eight: — *an* (with Acc.), — *auf* (with Acc.), — *zu*, to, even to, up to, within: — *an den Hals im Waſſer*, up to the chin in water: — *an* or *in den Tod*, — *jum Ende*, till death: *das Römer Theater iſt* — *auf den Grund abgebrannt*, the theatre of Cologne has been burnt to the ground: *den Sorgenbender* — *auf die Feſen treten*, to drink off the cup of sorrow even unto the dregs: — *zu ſchneiden bewegt, moved* (even) to tears: — *aufs Blut*, — *jum Betrag*, *see* *Blut*, *Betrag*: — *auf* ..., except, wanting, save: — *auf eine Kleinigkeit*, within a trifle or an ace: — *aufs Paar*, to a shade, exactly: — *auf einige Ställe*, within a few cases: — *weit in die nächſte Nacht*, far into another night: — *ins ſpäteſte Alter*, to the latest period of one's existence: — *innerhalb vierzig Fuß*, to within forty feet: — *nach* ..., as far as ...: — *über die Ohren verliert*, over head and ears in love with ...: — *über den Kopf ins Waſſer gehen*, to go beyond one's depth: *er wird roth* — *an die Ohren*, he blushes up to his ears: *von Anfang* — *zu Ende*, from beginning to end: — *jum Etel*, to disgust.

II. *comp. (orig. -daſ)* till: *warre* — *ich komm*, wait till I come: *Gott wartete nicht*, — *daſ* (*obgleich* *ſoll* *for* —) *der abgefallene Menſch* zu ihm zurückkehrte, God did not wait for apostate man to return to him.

Bif'am, v. I. (str.) m. musk: II. *in comp.* — *aſſe*, *m. Zool.* musk-ape (*Cercopithecus caecus* L.): — *apfel*, *m.* musk-apple: — *artig*, *adj.* musky: — *beutel*, *m.* Comm. musk in pods: — *biber*, *m. see* *Bibethmans*: *Bot-s.* — *blume*, *f. see* — *ſtedenblume*: — *elſiſch*, *m.* abel-musk (*Abel-moſch*).

Bif'amen, (w.) v. I. intr. to smell musk-like: II. *tr.* to scent with musk.

Biſam..., in comp. —ente, *f.* Ornith. Guinea duck (*Anas moschata* L.); —feſſe, *pl.* skins of the musk-rat; —ſtedenbium, *f.* Bot. sweet centuary (*Osmunda moschata* L.); —geruch, *m.* smell of musk; —ſchnecken, *m.* Bot. see —traut; —ſtrichſchen, *n.* see —ſtege; —ſtege, *f.* Zool. civetcat (*Viverra zibetha* L.); —ſnapf, *m.* 1) see —ſtedenbium; 2) muskball, pomander; —ſnappe, *f.* —traut, *p.* Bot. musk-crawfoot, moschatel, hollow-root (*Adonis moschatellina* L.); —ſturner, *n.* pl. musk-seed; abel-musk (*Hybiacus abelmoschus* L.); —traut, *n.* see —ſtege; —tugel, *f.* see —ſnapf; 3) —maus, *f.* see —cette; —melone, *f.* musk-melon; —nietzen, *f.* *pl.* see —beutel; —oſſe, *m.* Zool. musk-ox (*Bos moschatus* L.); —pappel, *f.* Bot. see —cibich; —ratte, —raße, *f.* musk-beaver, musk-rat (*Sorex moschatus* L.); —reb, *n.* Zool. musk-deer (*Moschus pygmaeus* L.); —reſe, *f.* musk-rose (*Rosa moschata* L.); —ſchwein, *n.* Zool. tajuca, peccary (*Sus tajassu* L.); —ſpiter, *n.* see —ſtrich; —ſteb; —ſtege, *f.* Zool. (Thibet) musk (*Moschus* L.).

* **Biſar'be**, *f.* (Fr.) Gard. bizarre (a kind of pink).

Biſca'ya, *n.* Geogr. Biscay.

Biſch'ern, (*str.*) *n.* see **Biſchen**.

Biſch'ſſe, (*str.*) *pl.* **Biſch'ſſe** (*m.* (Gr.) 1) bishop; 2) (a beverage) bishop; 3) Ornith. bishop (*Turdus episcopus*). — **Biſch'ſſich**, *adj.* episcopal; — *geſinnit*, *pl.* episcopalian, churchmembers; b-e *Berſſſung*, episcopacy.

Biſch'ſſe..., in comp. —hut, *m.* mitre; —mentel, *m.* pallium, camel, pall; —morb, *m.* episcopicide; —müſſe, *f.* 1) mitre; 2) Bot. barrenwort (*Epimedium* L.); —ſt, *m.* (episcopal) see; —ſtaß, *m.* crozier; —ſtuhl, *m.* ſaid-stool; —würde, *f.* episcopate; der —würde beurlauben, to unbiſhop.

* **Biſcuit** [*pr.* biakwīt'], (*str.*) *pl.* B-8) *n.* (Fr.) 1) biscuit; [apocryph., Savoy cake; 2) see —porcellan; —figuren, *f.* *pl.* biscuit-figures; —ſten, *m.* biscuit-kiln; —porcellan, *m.* biscuit or bisque ware, unglazed porcelain; —pulver, *n.* biscuit-powder.

Biſch'ſſer, *adv.* hitherto, till now, as yet. **Biſch'ſſig**, *adj.* what has been hitherto, made, &c. hitherto; biſ b-en *Rachrichten*, the news received hitherto.

Biſ'mer, (*str.*) *n.* see **Bejemer**. **Biſ'muth**, (*str.*) *n.* see **Wismuth**. **Biſ'en**, (*str.*) *pl.* B-8) *n.* Zool. buffalo, bison (*Bos bison* L.); der kleine —, zebu (*Bos zebu* L.).

* **Biſquit**, see **Biscuit**. **Biſ**, (*str.*) *m.* biting, bite; sting. **Biſchen**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Biſſen**) little bit; a little; some; ein — *Bret*, a bit of bread; ein —*näher*, somewhat or a little nearer; wartet ein —, stay a moment.

Biſ'ſen, (*str.*) *m.* bit, morsel; mouthful; der eingeſtufte —, sop; ein fetter —, a fat dab; der ſaur —, sour sop; —weiſſe, *adv.* by bits.

Biſ'ſig, *l. adj.* biting, rabid, fierce, mordacious; II. *B-ſeit*, (*w.*) *f.* rabidness; &c., mordacity.

* **Biſſigſt**, (*str.*) *m.* (Gr.) *Minor*. amiant-hold.

Biſ'en, (*w.*) *v. inſtr.* coll. 1) Einem —, to whistle (one, to one); 2) Sport. to whistle (of the woodcock).

Biſ'er, see **Beſter**.

Biſ'ſſem, (*str.*) *pl.* **Biſ'ſthümer**) *n.* bishopric; see; episcopate; der Papp erriſchte ein neuc —, the pope created a new bishopric; B-ſterweſer, *m.* vicar of a bishopric.

Biſ'weſen, *adv.* sometimes, now and then; at times.

Biſ, (*str.*) *m.* Mar. bite.

Biſ'te, (*w.*) *f.* petition, request, demand, entreaty, solicitation; supplication, suit; instance; imploration; eine — an Einem richten,

to address or prefer a request to one; ich habe eine — an Sie, I have a favour to ask of you; auf ſeine —, at his request.

Biſ'ten, (*str.*) *v. l.* & *tr.* 1) to beg, request, ask; beseech, entreat; to pray, petition; crave, solicit; bringend —, to sue; 2) to invite, ask (*gn.* to); II. *inſtr.* to beg, &c.; um —, to ask or come in for ...; *cf. tr.* für Irmund —, to intercede for one; bitte, ſage mir, pray, (do, or come) tell me; dürfte ich Sie um (des Gals &c.) —? might I trouble you for (the salt, &c.)? I will thank you for ...; erſchuldigen Sie, ich bitte, pray, excuse me; ich bitte Sie um Gebuld, I beseech your patience; darf ich um Ihren Namen —? may I ask your name? b-b rinfommen, to supplicate; ein b-ber Bild, a look of appeal (to ...).

Biſ'ter, *l. adj.* 1) *lit. & fig.* bitter; 2) *fig.* severe, sharp, stinging; acrimonious; rancorous (enmity); b-er *Erſt*, sad earnest; —machen, to embitter; —ſaft, bitter cold; —frühen, to humble to the quick; *Sehens Tod verurſachte mir b-n Schmerz*, F.'s death wrung my heart; II. in comp. —apfel, *m.* —gurte, *f.* see *Colequinte*; —baum, *m.* see —holz; —bier, *n.* bitter beer, hop beer, puri; —bſe, *adj.* extremely or inflexibly angry; —bſe ſein, to be in a great pet; —biſſel, *f.* Bot. holy or blessed thistle (*Osmunda benedicta* L.); —born, *m.* bitter-thorn (*Ceanothus*); —tube, *n.* Mar. junk; —erde, *f.* magnesia; —ſtein, *adj.* very hostile; —ſt, *m.* see *ſtrige*; —ſt, *n.* quassia wood (*Quassia amara* L.); —ſalt, —ſaltſpeth, —ſaltſtein, *m.* *Minor*. dolomite; muricadite, magnesian limestone.

Biſ'terheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *lit. & fig.* bitterness; 2) severity, sharpness, &c., asperity, acrimony; pointedness, sarcasm; B-en, *fig.* unpleasant things; bitter words, &c.

Biſ'terſee, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. duck-bean, bog-bean, marsh trefoil (*Menyanthes trifoliata* L.).

Biſ'terlich, *l. adj.* bitterish, a little (rather) bitter; II. *adv.* bitterly (*also fig.*).

Biſ'terling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one of the smallest species of carp (*Cyprinus carpio* L.); 2) see *Baſſerſpinner*.

Biſ'termandelſſe, (*str.*) *n.* 1) oil of bitter almonds; 2) see *Witbanſ*.

Biſ'tern, (*w.*) *v. l.* (*h. u.*) *l. tr.* to make bitter; II. *inſtr.* to be bitter.

Biſ'ternig, (*str.*) *f.* *see* **Wittricit**.

Biſ'ter..., in comp. —ſalt, *n.* bitter salt, sulphate of magnesia, Epsom salt; —ſalt-erde, *f.* see —erde; —ſalt, *f.* see *Wittricit*; —ſpeth, *m.* *Minor*. crystallised muricadite, rhomb-spar, tharandite; —ſtein, *m.* *Minor*. jade, nephrite; —ſtoff, *m.* Chem. 1) bitter principle; 2) der Pflanzen, vegetable alkali; —ſüß, *n.* Bot. bitter-sweet, woody nightshade (*Solanum dulcamara* L.); —traſſen, *m.* *pl.* bitters; —weſſer, *n.* any mineral water containing sulphate of magnesia as a principal ingredient; —weibe, *f.* see *Brachweibe*; —würg, *f.* see *Englan*, rather.

Biſ't... (from **Witten**), in comp. —eſſen, *n.* feast given the evening before a wedding; —ſahrt, *f.* pilgrimage; —apfel, *n.* precatory sacrifice; —ſchreiben, *n.* —ſchrift, *f.* petitionary letter, memorial, petition, address; eine —ſchrift einreichen bei ..., to memorialise ...; —ſteller, *m.* petitioner, solicitor, addresser, suitor, supplicant; —ſtellerin, *f.* suitress; —weiſe, *adv.* by way of petition or entreaty, beggingly; —wort, *n.* entreaty, submissive term.

Biſ'tſam, *adj.* (*l. u.*) entreating.

* **Biſ'tmen**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) bitumen. —**Biſ'tminſſe**, *adj.* bituminous.

* **Biſ'tnat** [*—wüſſ*], (*str.*) *pl.* B-8) *n.* (Fr. from Germ. B(ei)waſſ) *Nil*. bironac. —**Biſ'tnatſſen**, (*w.*) *v. inſtr.* to bironac.

* **Biſ'ar'be**, see **Biſar'be**

* **Biſ'ar'**, *adj.* (Fr.) strange, odd, fanci-

ful. —**Biſ'ar'rie**, (*w.*) *f.* strangeness, oddity, fancifulness. [*ing* furnace.

Blas'ſen, (*str.*) *pl.* B-ſen) *n.* Metall. blow-**Blas'h**, *l. adj.* plain, flat, level; II. in comp. —feld, *n.* plain or open field, champaign ground; —froß, *m.* black-frost; —maſt, *n.* *Minor*. dross of metal; —maſten, *v.* *Paint*. to paint black on white.

Blas'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cart-tilt; 2) plain, level. **Blas'h**, *l. (str.) n.* T. burntblack; II. in comp. —ſch, *m.* Zool. cuttle-fish, loligo, black cuttle, ink-fish (*Sepia* L.); —ſein, *n.* cuttle-bone.

Blas'ſen, (*str.*) *v. inſtr.* to bark.

Blas'h, (*w.*) *f.* see **Blas'e**.

Blas'h'en, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to blow up, to swell; *cf.* *Kuſſblas'en*; II. *inſtr.* to cause flatulency; *Erſten* —, pease are flatulent; III. *refl.* to blow up, puff up, swell; ſich mit etwas —, to be elated or puffed up with a thing, to swagger; b-b, *p.* a. flatulent, windy, flative.

Blas'h'ſucht, (*w.*) *f.* flatulency, wind dropsy. **Blas'h'ſuchtig**, *adj.* flatulent.

Blas'ſung, (*w.*) *f.* wind; windiness, flatulency, vapours; Mittel gegen B-en, carminative; mit B-en beſeſſet ſein, to be troubled with wind; B-ſucht, *n.* see *Erumpettrögel*. **Blas'ten**, (*w.*) *v. inſtr.* to burn with much smoke. —**Blas'ter**, (*str.*) *m.* +, flat candlestick; sconce. —**Blas'trig**, *Blas'tig*, *adj.* burning with much smoke; smoky.

* **Blas't'ren**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to disgrace, insult, to bring to shame or into disrepute; II. *refl.* to disgrace one's self, to give open scandal.

Blas't, *f.* Blanch, Blanche (*P. N.*).

* **Blas'ſt'ren**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (Fr.) to blanch (salad, &c., *Blanchen*).

* **Blas't's**, *adj.* (*Ital.* bianco) *Comm.* blank; in —traſſiren, to draw in blank; in —ſcriptiren, to accept in blank or without funds at hand; in —inſchreiben, to endorse in blank; in —laſſen, to leave void; to leave in blank; —credit, *m.* credit in blank, open credit; —güte, *n.* blank endorsement.

Blas't, *l. adj.* 1) blank, white, polished, clean, bright; 2) naked, bare; ein b-er *Deſen*, a drawn or unsheathed sword; mit b-er *W-ſung*, bright-harnessed; —machen, to clean, polish, furnish; II. in comp. —*Bret*, *n.* T. polishing-board; —braut, *m.* white wire. [*lein*].

Blas't'en, (*w.*) *v. inſtr.* to skirmish (*Blas'ten*), (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to polish; to furnish. —**Blas'ter**, **Blas'ter**, (*str.*) *n.* (Fr.) cart-blanche; blank-bond or charter; (*ger* *Bes'macht*) blank-letter of attorney, blank.

Blas't..., in comp. —*ſehen*, *m.* T. B-hook (used by thatchers in fixing their ladders); —*hammer*, *m.* T. hammer used in whetting scythes; —*ſchrei*, *m.* jointers (*pl.*); —*ſcher*, *n.* sleek leather.

* **Blas't's**, see **Bianco**.

Blas't..., in comp. —*ſchelt*, *n.* buak; —*ſeite*, *f.* *Print*. blank-page, slur; —*ſchmitt*, *m.* smith who makes axes, scythes, &c.; —*ſtebant*, *f.* *Thun*. horse; —(*Reſ*)*ſingeln*, *f.* *pl.* glass-sloekers.

Blas't'ſchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Blas't**) 1) small bubble, &c.; 2) small blister, vesicle; pustule, &c.; 3) Bot. utricle; —*würfen*, to throw up bubbles, to sparkle (of wine); —*ſtrig*, *adj.* Bot. see *Blas't'ſchlich*; —*traut*, *n.* Bot. common bladder-wort (*Utricularia vulgaris* L.).

Blas'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) Anat. &c. bladder; 2) T., &c. iron pot; boiler, copper; alembic, still; 3) bubble; 4) blister; vesicle; pimple; blouch; cyst; 5) a) blob; b) flaw, blister (in steel, &c.); c) flaw (in gems); aber und aber voll B-n, blistered all over; —*ſiechen*, to draw or raise blisters, to blister, to vesicate.

Blas't... (from *Blas'en*, *v.*), in comp. —

Entscheidung, this decision must be adhered to, it is unalterable; er sollte bei dieser wichtigen Beschäftigung —, he should keep to this useful employment; bei der Sache —, to keep (and to stick) to the point; bleib für dich, keep to yourself; von ... (fern) —, to keep clear of or from ...; to keep or stand off or aloof; willst du im Laden (Geschäfte) — bis ich wieder komme? will you keep the shop till I come back? das bleibst unter uns, muß unter uns —, this is said in strict confidence, it must remain (be) between ourselves; zu Hause —, to stay at home, to keep in; bleib mit dem Unfuss zu Hause! keep your nonsense to yourself! mit hütern mit unserm Rathe zu Hause — können, we might have spared our advice; es bleibst ihm sein Mittel, he has no way left; bleibst längerem bleibst unbestraft, this disobedience went unpunished; Recht muß Recht! —! right is right! etwas — lassen, to leave alone or undone, leave off, forbear, discontinue, omit; lassen Sie es —! let it alone! das soll er wohl — lassen, let him do it if he can, he will find it difficult to do that; das hat er wohl — lassen, he did no such thing or nothing of the kind.

bleiben, v. a. (str.) n. 1) the (act of) remaining. 2) standing, abode, stay: hier ist meines D-s nicht, there is no abiding for me here.

bleibend, p. a. remaining, &c. cf. bleibend; lasting, enduring; unchanging, unvarying; settled: stationary, permanent; b-e Farben, standing or fast colours; der b-e Ausschuss, standing committee; b-er Ruhm, abiding fame; eine b-e Stätte, a resting-place; es ist nichts B-es hier, there is nothing here which lasts.

blei..., in comp. —bergwerk, n. lead-mines: *Minor*-s. —blei, m. shine or glance of lead; —bleite, f. earthy arseniate of lead; —bleite —bleite, flammulous arseniate of lead.

bleich, adj. pale, pallid; sallow: faint, faded; wan.

bleiche, (w.) f. 1) paleness, wanness, paleness, whiteness; 2) a) the (act of) bleaching; b) bleaching-place, bleach-yard, bleach-field; 3) claywall.

bleichen, (w.) v. l. a. & a. to bleach, whiten, turn to bleach (Cubivien, Fattich, endive, lettuce); 2) to make pale, white; einen Rohren —, to wash a blackamoer white; II. *intrans.* 1) to turn or grow white or pale, to whiten; 2) (str.) to fade, lose colour (Verbleichen).

bleicher, (str.) m. 1) bleacher; 2) or **bleichert**, a pale (red) wine; —erde, f. bleaching-clay, China clay; —fess, m. hamper or large linen basket (used by bleachers); —fess, n. bleaching-salt, chloride of lime.

bleich..., (from bleich & bleichen), in comp. —fess, adj. livid: —fessfess, f. bleaching liquid; —garten, —hof, m. see —platz; —haar, n. bleached hair; —hütte, f. bleaching hut; —fess, m. chloride of lime.

bleichlich, adj. (l. u.) palish.

bleichling, (str.) m. ooward.

bleich..., in comp. —platz, m. bleaching ground; —pulver, n. bleaching powder; —fess, n. Chem. detergent salt, chloride of lime; —fess, —fess, f. bleaching place; —fess, m. pl. sandal-bricks; —fess, f. green-sickness, chlorosis; —fess, adj. chlorotic; —fess, m. bleaching-table; —fess, n. pl. Roman rolls.

bleichung, (w.) f. the (act of) bleaching. **bleich...**, in comp. —wand, f. clay-wall; —wasser, n. bleaching liquor; lye of Javelle; —pulver, m. chloride of lime (bleaching powder).

blei..., in comp. —dach, n. leaden roof; —dach, n. pl. leads (in Venice); —dach, f.

f. see —fess; —dach, m. plumber, plumber, worker in lead; —druse, f. lead-crystal; —einfassung, f. leading, lead-fitting (for window-panes, &c.).

bleien, (w.) v. l. a. 1) to lead, to cover, or to fit with lead; 2) *Chem.* to affix leads to (goods, &c.); 3) T. to plumb (a wall, &c.).

bleierde, (w.) f. earthy lead-spar.

bleierne, adj. 1) leaden. of lead; 2) *fig.* heavy, dull.

blei..., in comp. —erz, n. lead-ore; plumbago; gelb —erz, yellow lead-ore, molybdate of lead; grün —erz, green phosphate of lead; weiß —erz, white lead-ore; weißglühig —erz, white silver; —erz, m. pl. solid black-lead pencil; —erz, m. black-lead crucible; —essig, m. Pharm. vinegar of lead; —fess, m. *Ornith.* ringtail, hen-driver (*Phalacrocorax* Kl.); —farbe (des Bleis) n. f. lividness; —farben, —farbig, adj. lead-coloured, leaden, livid; —fess, f. see —fess; —fess, m. crystallised lead; —fess, n. yellow lead, massicot; —gewicht, n. 1) a leaden weight; 2) *fig.* a dead weight; —gleiter, m. see —erz; —gleiter, f. plumbory, plumber's work; —glanz, m. potter's ore, galena, alquifou, lead-glance; —glas, n. lead-glass; —glühig, f. litharge; —glühigfasser, n. Pharm. diachylon; —glimmer, m. micaceous lead; —gold, n. amalgamation of lead and gold; —grün, adj. bright bluish, steel-gray; —grube, f. lead crystal; —grube, f. lead mine; —haken, m. Pump-m. crooked lead-pipe.

bleigaltig, adj. containing lead.

bleigaltig, (w.) f. *Ichth.* bleak-fish, blay, bream (*Cyprinus brama* L.).

blei..., in comp. —herd, m. refining hearth; —herd, n. corneous lead-ore, muriate of lead; —hütte, f. lead-works.

bleihaltig, adj. lead-like.

bleihaltig, adj. leaden, containing lead.

blei..., in comp. —fess, m. calcinated lead; —fess, n. *Ornith.* blue-breast, hedge-sparrow (*Sylvia gula plumbea* Kl.); —fess, m. lead-bucket; —fess, m. lump of lead, sow, wetch; —fess, m. *Glaz.*, &c. latherkin (*Silberfess*); —fess, f. *Med.* lead-colic, belion; —fess, m. regulus of lead; —fess, f. saturnine disease or affection; —fess, n. *Bot.* lead-wort (*Phedago* L.); —fess, f. leaden bullet; —fess, m. alloy of lead and copper; —fess, m. plumb, plumb-line; plummert: mit dem —fess unterfuchen, to sound; —fess, m. plummert, lead; —fess, f. solution of sugar of lead with water; —fess, f. pig of lead, sow, wetch; —fess, m. (mulliger —fess) *Minor*. friable galena; —fess, m. pl. *Mar.* snapper-nails; —fess, n. see —fess; —fess, n. Pharm. diachylon-plaster; —fess, f. pl. sheet lead, rolled lead, milled lead; —fess, f. lead assay; —fess, m. citrate of lead; —fess, m. lead fume, refiner's fume, ashes of lead; —fess, adj. perpendicular; —fess, m. pencil-case; —fess, f. leaden pipe; —fess, m. see —fess; —fess, 1) adj. saturnine-red; 2) a. (str.) n. red lead, minium; —fess, f. lead-oilment; —fess, m. nitrate of lead; —fess, n. Chem. acetate of lead; *Minor*-s. —fess, m. plumbago; —fess, n. plummert, level; —fess, m. lead-alloy; —fess, f. dross of lead; —fess, f. plummert-line, plumb-line, sounding-line; —fess, f. see —fess; —fess, m. compact galena, steel ore; —fess, n. leaden seal, pl. leads (on goods reserved for examination at the custom-house), cf. —fess; —fess, m. stactical ochre of lead; —fess, m. spar of lead; (Hfess) white lead ore or spar: rather —fess, red lead ore; bunfess —fess, black lead ore; —fess, m. lead pencil, black crayon, drawing (or cane)-pencil; —fess, —fess, —fess, n. —fess, f. pencil-case; —fess, f.

crayon drawing, crayon painting; —fess, f. pl. leaden sheets, sheet-lead; —fess, f. lead-poisoning; —fess, m. leading (at custom-houses); mit —fess, sealed with leads; —fess, n. *Minor*. vitrolite ore; Chem. sulphate of lead; —fess, f. plumb-line, level; —fess, n. Pharm. Goulard-water; —fess, f. see Blauweiss; —fess, n. white-lead, ceruse; —fess, m. white-lead maker; —fess, f. white-lead factory; —fess, f. white-paint; —fess, n. 1) lead-works; 2) see Bleiberei; —fess, f. *Glaz.* vize; —fess, m. plummert; —fess, f. *Bot.* leadwort (*Phedago* L.); —fess, n. see —fess; —fess, m. usfar, minium; —fess, n. Chem. sugar of lead; —fess, m. T. 1) vize; 2) see Bleiberei.

bleibbaum, (str.) m. species of agallochum or Indian aloe-tree (*Kaewaria agalocha* Lam.).

bleibe, (w.) f. 1) see Bleiblatz; 2) a) (window)-blind; b) Archt. niche, recess; c) Fort. blinds (a door, &c.); d) (Leber) Sack. blinker (Schnecken); e) partition, (folding-) screen; f) *Mar.* sprit-sail; die B-n vor den Gassenfenstern, dead lights; g) see Bleiberei; h) *Min.* air-door; 3) *Minor*. blind, false galena, wild or mock-lead, black-jack; 4) *Bot.* common buckwheat (*Fagopyrum esculentum* Michx.).

bleiben, (w.) v. l. 1) to blind; to strike blind; 2) to blindfold; 3) *Port.* to blind; 4) to wall up (a door, &c.); coll. to condemn (*Toll*); 5) *Hf.* & *fig.* to glare; to dazzle, delude, deceive; 6) *Dy.* to dye but lightly.

bleiben, (str.) m. coll. see Bleiberei.

bleib..., in comp. —fenster, n. dark-, blank-, dormant, or mock-window; —fess, f. Anat. iris.

bleibig, adj. *Minor*. blondous.

bleib..., in comp. —fess, f. pl. Gunn. smoke-balls; —fess, f. dark lantern; —fess, n. blinker; —fess, n. a dazzling light or fire.

bleibling, (str.) m. 1) natural child, bastard; 2) an animal of a cross-breed, mongrel.

bleib..., (w.) f. or (str.) n. (l. u.) see Bleiberei.

bleib..., in comp. —rahmen, m. Paint. (blind) frame; —fess, m. ridge-tile; gutter-tile. [*see*: 2) see Bleibe, 2. c.]

bleibung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) blinding. **bleib...**, in comp. —fess, m. 1) Bleibe, 2. c; 2) blind, false show, delusion, illusion, deceit; mockery; —fess, m. *Mar.* facing-brick.

bleifren, (w.) v. l. a. (Fr.) to wound (Verwunden). — **bleifren**, (w.) f. wound (Wunde).

bleifren, (str.) n. see Geführe, Bleifren.

bleifren, (w.) v. l. a. see Geführe.

bleifren, (str.) pl. 2-fess, m. T. tub for stubborn copper.

bleid, (str.) m. 1) look (auf [with Acc.], at); glance (at); glimpse (of); peep, cast, or flash of the eye, twinkling; view: der böse —, *Folk-l.* the evil eye; der schnelle oder scharfe —, *fig.* quickness of perception, acute discernment: Einen einen — thun lassen, to give one a glimpse of: einen — thun (with Acc.), to see into: auf einen or mit einem —, at one view or glance; auf den erren —, at first sight, at the first glance; at a glance; 2) flash (of light); 3) *Paint.* light: touches of light; 4) *Metall. & Chem.* corrosion, blink, glance, shine, lightning: im — stehen, to lighten: die Erde stehen in einem —, the ore extends on the whole breadth of the lode.

bleide, (w.) f. *Ichth.* 1) ablet, bleak (*Cyprinus alburnus* L.); 2) roach (*Cyprinus rubius* L.).

Bliden, (*w.*) v. l. *intr.* 1) to glance, look, cast looks; —lassen, to show; 2) *Mm.* to appear shining; *sch* —lassen, to show one's self, to make one's appearance; *laß dich nie wieder hier* —, never show your face here again; II. *tr.* to look, to express by looking.

Blid ..., *in comp.* —feuer, *n.* 1) false-fire (a species of blue signal-fire); 2) (in light-houses) flashing-light, revolving light (*Dreh-feuer*); —gals, *n.* refined gold still containing silver; —flüßer, *n.* pure, lightened, or fined silver; —weise, *adv.* by looks, by single looks; —ziel, *n.* point of view, object.

Blind, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Blinde**.

Blind, I. *adj.* 1) blind, eyesless, sightless; auf einem Auge —, blind of one eye; 2) tarnished, dull; *Ag-s.* 3) dazimled; blind (gegen, to, *f.* merkt, &c.); b-er Beträuer, implicit confidence; 4) (— ergeben) bigoted; 5) false; —madeln, 1. to strike blind; 2. T. to deaden, dull, tarnish (metals, glass, &c.); b-er Stuß spielen, to play at blindman's-buff; b-er Passagier, passenger that avoids paying the fare, interloper; der b-er Mann am Ruder, assistant steersman; ein b-er Soldat, *Mil.* a fugot; ein b-er Spürer, a dark-woman, &c. (*Wien*); ein b-er Mauer, *f.* a dead wall; das b-er Schloß, dead-lock; eine b-er Tasche, a false pocket; eine b-er Lärre, a blank door; ein b-er Wechler, a mock-fight; ein b-er Sturm, b-er Angriff, a false alarm, a false attack; ein b-er Kauf, a fictitious purchase; —fabren, to load without shot; eine b-er Patrone, a blank cartridge; —schießen, to shoot without a bullet; to shoot at random; b-er Schußflüßer, sham ports; *Mar-s.* b-er Kanonen, wooden guns; die b-er Raa, sprit-sail-yard; b-er Klappen, lurking or sunken rocks, keys, breakers; *Mar-s.* die Vorjegel liegen —, the after-sails becalm the fore-sails; die Boje steht —, the buoy is not floating (in sight over her anchor); b-er Glück, blind luck, mere chance; vergönne mir in dieser großen Enge | dein b-er Verhängnis willens zu sein (*Schiller*, *M.* Stuart 4, 11), permit me, in this weighty matter, to be your passive instrument, without a will; II. *adv.* blindly; *coll-s.* —zufahren *tr.* to blunder upon, &c., to go blindly to work; —ankommen, to be disappointed, to meet with a bad reception.

Blind ..., *in comp.* —aaf, *m.* *Ichth.* hag-fish (*Gadiorobranchius cecus* L.); —baum, *m.* *see* **Blindbaum**; —boden, *m.* 1) *Brau.* false bottom; 2) *Horol.* support of the dial-plate; —baum, *m.* blind-gut.

Blind, I. *m.* & *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) 1) blind man, blind woman; II. (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* sprit-sail (*Blinde*). [*bas*, *cf.* **Blind**]

Blindstaf, *f.* *Gam.* blindman's hood or **Blind** ..., *in comp.* —flüß, *m.* *see* **Blindflüß**; —geboren, *adj.* born blind; —gewölbe, *n.* casemate.

Blindheit, (*w.*) *f.* *lit. & Ag.* blindness; mit — geschlagen, struck with blindness.

Blind ..., *in comp.* —holz, *n.* 1) *Join.* ground (*in concealing*); 2) *Gard.* offshoots of the vine that are broken off in binding; —kohle, *f.* charcoal not sufficiently burnt.

Blindflug, *adv.* 1) blindly, blindfold; 2) *Ag.* rashly, without consideration, at random; —glauben, to believe implicitly.

Blind ..., *in comp.* —maus, *f.* *Zool.* blind-rat (*Spalax* Ill.); —reihen, *m.* *see* **Blindreihen**; —schleiche, *f.* *Zool.* blind-worm, deaf adder, slow-worm (*Anguis fragilis* L.); —stier, *n.* *see* —maus; —stier, *n.* boarding (*Horol.*).

Blinden, **Blinden**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to glance, glare, glitter, gleam, shine, twinkle; to sparkle (of wine); mit den Augen —, to wink; ich sah es nur —, I got only a glimpse of it.

Blinden, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Blinden**.

Blinden, *adj.* blink-eyed, pink-eyed.

Blinden, *dimin.* **Blinden**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to blink, twinkle, wink.

Blinden, (*str.*, *pl.* **Blinden**) *f.* *Anal.* winking, nictitating membrane.

Blinden, (*str.*) *m.* blinkard, blinker.

Blitz, *s.* I. (*str.*) *m.* lightning, flash (of lightning); *Ag.* flash (of a gun, of the eye, of genius, &c.); vom — getroffen, struck by lightning; wie vom — getroffen, thunder-struck; II. *in comp.* —ableiter, *m.* lightning-conductor, lightning-rod; —bühne, —artig, *adj.* like lightning; —blau, *adj.* black and blue.

Blitzen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to lighten; to flash; II. *tr.* *Ag.* to strike like lightning; als sollte mich der Blitz zu Boden — (*Schiller*, *M.* Stuart 4, 10), as if her eye should blast me like the lightning.

Blitzeselle, **Blitzeschnelle**, (*w.*) *f.* rapidity of lightning.

Blitz ..., *in comp.* —faß, *n.* *Mar.* thunder-barrel; —hündchen, *n.* *Ent.* thunder-house; —pulver, *n.* a powder (as that of vegetable sulphur (*Schramm*)) which flashes up when ignited; —röhren, *f.* *pl.* —röhren, *m.* fulgurites, vitrified sand-tubes; —schnell, *adj.* swift as lightning; —stoss, *m.* electric fluid, electricity; —strahl, *m.* flash of lightning.

Blitz ..., *in comp.* —flüß, *f.* *see* **Blitzflüß**; —nägel, *pl.* *Corp.* wooden nails, pegs, plugs; —richter, *m.* *Corp.* workman who rough-hews the barrel staves.

Block, (*str.*, *pl.* **Blöcke**) *m.* 1) block, log; pig (of iron, lead); 2) *Mar.* block, pulley; 3) *meton.* prison; der — läuft auf dem Ferkel, *Mar.* the sheave runs foul; in —, in the whole.

Blockade, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) blockade, blockading; —brück, *m.* breach of the blockade; —geschwader, *n.* blockading squadron.

Block ..., *in comp.* —batterie, *f.* battery with a platform of thick planks; —baum, *m.* tree for sawing; log-wood; —biel, *n.* pig-load; —boje, *f.* wooden buoy; —bede, *f.* *Port.* cullion-head; —brecher, —macher, *f.* block-maker; —druck, *m.* *Print.* block-printing; —eisen, *n.* knottedge.

Blocken, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to put on the block; to stretch (a boot, &c.) on the tree.

Blöden, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *see* **Blöden** & **Blöden**.

Blöde ..., *in comp.* —flüß, *f.* *Mus.* 1) beaked flute; 2) register in organs; —gäßen, *n.* *Metall.* cunage; —haus, *n.* block-house, log-house; *Mil.* cullion-head, scone; *Ant.* belfrey; —holz, *n.* log-wood.

Blockieren, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*Pr.*) to blockade, block up, invest; blockieren Capital, *Comm.* funds locked up.

Block ..., *in comp.* —farren, *m.* truck, lowry; —fräße, *f.* common crab; —macher, *m.* *see* —brecher; —meißel, *m.* a chisel fastened in a block; —mühle, *f.* *see* **Blockmühle**; —nagel, *m.* *see* **Blocknagel**; —rad, *n.* truck-roller, truck-wheel; —rolle, —schleife, *f.* block-sheave, pulley; —säge, *f.* pit-saw; —schiff, *n.* 1) raft, float of timber; 2) old dismantled ship of the line, serving as a battery, a hospital, hulks, &c.; —seife, *f.* soap in squares; —stiel, *n.* pig (of lead, &c.); —stufe, *f.* *Build.* curtain-stop; —taube, *f.* *see* **Polstaube**; —verband, *m.* *Mar.* block-bond; —wagen, *m.* 1) *see* —farren; 2) drag (in saw-mills); —werk, *n.* *Mar.* the blocks of a ship; —zinn, *n.* block-tin; —zitter, *m.* *Bot.* round sedoary (*Kämpferia rotunda* L.).

Blödsinn, (*irr.*) *n.* 1) a dim-sighted person; 2) a species of snake (*Typhlops* Schn.).

Blöde, *adj.* 1) dim-sighted, dim-eyed; parblind; weak (of eyes); *Ag-s.* 2) parblind, short-sighted, weak of intellect, dull; simple, silly, imbecile; 3) bashful, shamefaced, timid, shy, diffident; ein b-er Hund (or ein b-er Schwein) wird selten fett, proverb, a diffident person rarely gets along in the world.

Blödigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) weakness of eyes, dimness; parblindness; 2) weakness of understanding; 3) bashfulness, shamefacedness, shyness, diffidence.

Blödsinnig, (*irr.*) *adj.* *see* **Blöde**, 1, *cf.* *Sinn*; *figt*; II. *Blödsinn*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dim-sightedness; 2) short-sightedness, stupidity.

Blödsinn, (*str.*) *m.* weakness of mind; imbecility, silliness.

Blödsinnig, I. *adj.* *see* **Blöde**, 2; der *Blödsinnig*, idiot; II. *Blödsinn*, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Blödsinn**.

Blöde, (*str.*) *m.* *Sport.* *see* **Blödsinnig**.

Blöde, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to bleat, to baa (of sheep); to low, to bellow (of cows).

Blond, *adj.* (*Pr.*) blonde, fair, light, light-coloured, light-brown, faxen; *Comm.* *slang.* b-er Pfefferbohnen, *pl.* light coffee-berries; b-er Rohrzucker, light moist-sugar.

Blonde, 1) *m.* & *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) **Blonde**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* a little) blonde, a person of fair hair and complexion; 2) (*w.*) *f.* blonde, blond-lace; silk-lace.

Blondhaarig, *adj.* light-haired.

Blonde, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) fair woman with light hair.

Blondirt, *p.* a *Comm.* worked in the manner of French blond-lace.

Blond ..., *in comp.* —kopf, *m.* a person with light-coloured hair; —lockig, *adj.* having curly fair hair.

Blöße, I. *adj.* 1) naked, bare; nude; 2) sole, mere, simple (*cf. adv.*); 3) destitute, unprotected; exposed, unfurnished (with), wanting; 4) unheated; ein b-er Degen, a drawn sword; auf der b-en Erde liegen, to lie on the bare ground; nackt und —, bare and naked; mit b-en Füßen, barefooted, barefooted, without stockings; mit oder im b-en Kopfe, bareheaded, uncovered; mit dem b-en Augen, with the naked eye; mit der b-en Hand helfen, to hold (steady, &c.) with the unassisted hand; unter dem b-en Himmel, in the open air; *Ag-s.* (i) —geben, *see* *sch* **Blöße** geben; mit b-en Händen, empty-handed; es ist ein b-er Argwohn, it is a mere suspicion; im b-en Hemde gehen, to have nothing but one's shirt on; auf b-en Pferrichten, to ride a horse without a saddle; im b-en (ein or sitzen, *Ag.* to be deprived of the necessities of life; II. *adv.* 1) nakedly, &c.; 2) (*synon.* *nur*) solely, merely, simply, only, nothing but.

Blöße, (*w.*) *f.* 1) nakedness, bareness; 2) *Ag.* a) unprotected part; b) a naked or uncovered place (im Walde, Felse, in a wood, upon fur, &c.); c) weak side; (i) (*Decl.*) eine — geben, *Fenc. & Ag.* to lay one's self open, to expose one's self (*cf.* *sch* (*Acc.*) **Blöße** geben); eine — bedrén, to hit a blot (at backgammon); jemand in seiner — bedrén, to unmask one.

Blöße, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *obsolescent for* *Entblößen*. [*licol.* *Mil.*]

Blöße geben, *adj.* open, unmasked (*par*); **Blöße** geben, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to lay bare; die Blöße —, *Mind.* to uncover the coils. — **Blöße** geben, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) laying bare.

Blöße geben, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (i) (*Acc.*) — to expose (one's self), to lay (one's self) open; to commit (one's self). — **Blöße** geben, (*w.*) *f.* exposure.

Blöße geben, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Blöße** geben.

Blöße, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* for *Blöße*.

Blöße, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *reg.* to splinter, to speak in a huddling manner.

Blöße, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to bloom, blossom, flower, to blow; *Chem. & Miner.* to effloresce; *Found.* to form vesicles; *Ag.* to flourish; b-é, *p.* a blooming; flourishing, verdant; in blossoms; florid; flowery (style, &c.); das b-é Alter, flower of age, prime of life; es fährt ihm frisch zur Seite der b-é Gernsch (*Wald*), gaily at his side his blooming comrade strode.

Blöße, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Blöße*) 1)

—*lag*, *m.* (bottom) grounds, settlements, sediment; less, dredge; *Comm.* residuum: —*schicht*, *f.* *Min.* lowest layer: —*schügel*, *m.* see —*bauer*; —*schraube*, *f.* see —*schere*; —*schrampf*, *m.* see —*rieg*. [*stano*]

Bohnensee, (*str.*) *m.* *Geogr.* lake of Con-Bohen..., *in comp.* —*pfleger*, *m.* six-inched mill with pointed head: —*stube*, *m.* *pl.* *Comp.* cross-bars: —*stündig*, *adj.* *Bot.* hypogynic: —*stein*, *m.* *Mill.* bedder or bed, under mill-stone: —*stube*, *f.* garret: —*stül*, *n.* 1) *Gumm.* breach (of a cannon); 2) *Horol.* bottom (of a watch-case); 3) *Comp.* bedding staff, bottom-piece: —*tafel*, *f.* *pl.* see —*blech*; —*taig*, *m.* drags of tallow: —*teig*, *m.* *Bak.* *Ac.* under-crust: —*thür*, *f.* loft-door, garret-door: —*trappe*, *f.* garret-stair-case: —*ventil*, *n.* *Mach.* foot-valve: —*zieher*, *m.* 1) *T.* cooper's turrel; 2) *Swy.* terebra or piercer: —*zins*, *m.* *Comm.* storage: —*zoll*, *m.* *Chem.* duty on wine and other liquids in barrels, casks, &c.

Bohnen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) *T.* to bottom or head (a cask); 2) *Comm.* to raise (money) on bottomry.

Bohnenrei, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* bottomry: gross adventure; *jur.* —*beitragen*, to subscribe to a bottomry-bond: *die* —*ist* verfallen, the bond is lapsed: —*auf* *die* *Bohnenfahung*, respondentia; *Geld auf* —*anbieten* or *annehmen*, to advance or take money upon a ship's bottom; *Gelder auf* —*nehmen*, to hypothecate a ship; *II.* *in comp.* —*brief*, *m.* bill of bottomry, bottomry-bond: respondentia-bond: —*geber*, *m.* advancer (lender) on bottomry: —*geber*, *n.* *pl.* bottomry-monies: —*gefehe*, *n.* *pl.* bottomry-regulations: —*nehmen*, *m.* borrower or taker on bottomry: —*prämie*, *f.* premium on a bottomry-bond: —*vertrag*, *m.* bottomry-bond or *loster* or contract: —*wechsel*, *m.* see —*brief*.

Boß, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Bot.* puff-ball, bull-puck, (bat, -ball) foist, puffin, bunt, devil's snuff-box, snuff-ball (*Lycopodium boscia* L.)

Boßen, (*str.*) [*provinc.* *pl.* *Bößen*] *nom.* 1) *Bo* (any thing bent or curved); *bend*: 2) *Gumm.* arc (portion of a circle); 3) *Archit.* arch, vault; 4) *Mus.* a) fiddle-stick; *b)* see *Stammbogen*; *c)* bind, tie (—); 5) (hand-)bow: 6) sheet (of paper); *Mar.-s.* 1) balustrade; 5) cross-piece (of the windlass); 6) *Arch.* —*maß*, *m.* *Archit.* amplitude; in *Bauß* und —, in the lamp: *der* *Boß* *macht* *rinnen* —, the river makes a turn or bend.

Boßen..., *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* bow-like, arched: —*begehung*, *f.* *Typ.* signature: —*bocker*, *m.* drill: —*brücke*, *f.* arched bridge: —*cirfel*, *m.* bow-compasses, wing-compasses, callipers, dividers (*pl.*): —*curve*, *f.* (obere) *Archit.* extrados: —*dach*, *n.* arched roof: —*deck*, *f.* vaulted ceiling.

Boßener, (*str.*) *m.* bow-maker, bowyer.

Boßen..., *in comp.* —*fahen*, *n.* *Haut.* (the act of) bowing: —*fahrt*, *f.* purchase in the lamp: —*fenster*, *m.* bay-(bow)-window: —*fläche*, *f.* convexity: —*form*, *f.* folio: —*förmig*, *adj.* arched, bow-shaped; arcuate; vaulted: —*förmig*, *adj.* using or bearing a bow: —*föhrung*, *f.* see —*strich*; —*gang*, *m.* 1) covered walk, archway, arcade: arched avenue of trees; 2) *Arch.* —*gänge*, *pl.* semicircular canals (in the ear): —*gerüst*, *n.* *Archit.* centring, centre: —*gebäude*, *n.* arched vault: —*größe*, *f.* folio: *ein* *Boß* *in* —*größe*, a two-leaved book: —*instrument*, *n.* any instrument played with a bow, bow-instrument: —*krümme*, *f.* arcuate: —*lanze*, *f.* arched arbour, bower: —*leber*, *n.* (see *Boßbogen*) hatter's bow-string: —*linie*, *f.* circular line, curve-line: —*maschen*, *s. tr.* (*str.*) *n.* (the act or art of) arching: —*macher*, *m.* see *Boßener*: —*pfleger*, *m.* side-post: —*rippers*, *f.* *pl.* cross-vaultings in a vault: —*rolle*, *f.* lintel of the door-post: —*säge*, *f.* bow-saw: —

—*schießen*, *n.* shooting with the bow, archery: —*schlagen*, *s. tr.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) see —*machern*; 2) see —*laden*; —*schläg*, *m.* *T.* key-stone: —*schußler*, *m.* *Ornith.* honey-bird (*Melithropeus Vieill.*): —*schütt*, *m.* see *Archibohschütt*; —*schuß*, *m.* 1) bow-shot; 2) *Gumm.* a) arched-shot; *b)* random-shot: —*schußweite*, *f.* bow-shot distance: innerhalb —*schußweite*, within bow-shot: —*schütze*, *m.* archer, bow-man: —*schützenfaust*, *f.* art of archery: —*schne*, *f.* 1) bow-string; 2) chord: —*spanner*, *m.* rack for cross-bows: —*spiegel*, *m.* arched looking-glass: —*sprung*, *m.* curve: —*stüb*, *m.* bow-staff: —*stein*, *m.* *Archit.* arch-stone: —*sträung*, *f.* arcade: —*strebe*, *f.* arch-brace: —*strich*, *m.* *Mus.* 1) stroke of the bow; 2) (way of) bowing, management of the bow: *dieser* *Strich* *hat* *einen* *guten* —*strich*, this artist draws a good bow: *Es* *bohrt* *hat* *eine* *sehr* *anmuthige* *und* *weiche* —*föhrung*, *Spohr* *has* *much* *grace* *and* *euphony* *of* *bow*: —*thür*, *f.* vaulted door: —*weite*, *adv.* & *adj.* arch-wise; by sheets, by the sheet: —*weite*, *f.* see —*schußweite*; —*wert*, *n.* arcade: —*winde*, *f.* bender, spanner (of a cross-bow): —*wölbung*, *f.* (the act of) arching, vaulting: —*zahl*, *f.* 1) number of a sheet, signature; 2) number of sheets (of a book); *die* —*zahl* *berichtigten*, *Typ.* to prick or compare the sheets: —*zirkel*, *see* —*cirfel*.

Boßig, *adj.* arched, bent, sinuous.

Boßprick, *see* *Bugprick*.

Boß, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* hide of land.

Boßle, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (thick) plank, board; (*zum* *Boßföhen*) thick stuff; 2) *Fort.* madrier: 3) (*Boßföhr*) bowl; *B.-stegel*, *m.* planking, wooden covering (of a locomotive boiler, &c.): *T.* cleadding; *B.-bogen*, *m.* (eines *runden* *Daches*) curb-plank: *pl.* ribs; *B.-stüge*, *f.* see *Böckstange*.

Boßlen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to plank, board.

Boßlen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* *T.* to unhair (Pölen, Pöhlen).

Boßm., (*w.*) *m.*, **Boßmin**, (*w.*) *f.* Bohemian.

Boßm., (*w.*) *m.*, **Boßm.**, (*w.*) *f.* Bohemian.

Boßmer, *I.* *adj.* see *Böhmisch*; *II.* (*str.*) *m.* see *Scidenbürg*.

Boßmisch, *adj.* Bohemian: *das* *sind* *ihm* *b.-Dörfer*, *proverb*, that is Greek to him: *b.-Brüder*, *Bot.* Bohemian brethren, Moravians.

Boßen..., *in comp.* —*art*, *f.* smoothing axe:

—*bürste*, *f.* rubbing brush.

Boßen (*sikaos* *in* *oeuvre*), (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* (*L. G.*) *for* *Böden*.

Boßen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Bot.* a) bean (*Vicia* L.): *b)* see *Eaubohne*; 2) *Bot.* bean, &c., see *Erbsen*, 1; *Bot.-s.* *türliche* —, *wässche* —, French bean, kidney-bean (*Phaseolus multiflorus* L.); *blanc* —, *fac.* anal. blue plum (for a leaden bullet).

Boßnen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to rub, polish with wax, to wax.

Boßnen..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) (breitblättriger) bean-trefoil, tree-trefoil (*Opheus labrum* L.): 2) Siberian acacia (*Robinia caragana* L.); 3) *Gleditsia triacanthos* L., &c.: —*erg*, *n.* *Miner.* pea ore, granular or platform iron-ore: —*gang*, *f.* see *Coatgang*:

—*geschwulst*, *f.* *Med.* swelling of the mucous sac: —*faper*, *f.* *Bot.* bean caper (*Zygophyllum* (*adago*) L.): —*feim*, —*fern*, *m.* see *Bohne*, 2;

—*flie*, *m.* *Bot.* stinking bean-trefoil (*Anagyris foetida* L.): —*föng*, *m.* the king on twelfth-night (person who draws the single bean in a cake (—*hüden*) baked for the occasion): —*frant*, *n.* bean-trefoil; savory (*Satureja hortensis* L., &c.): —*manß*, *f.* the great field mouse:

—*pfänger*, *m.* *Gard.* tool used in planting beans: —*schuß*, *m.* *Bot.* see *Bohne*, 3; —*stange*, *f.* 1) (—*pfahl*, *m.* —*steden*, *m.*) prop for beans, bean-stick; 2) *coll.* (of a tall person) maypole: —*stroh*, *n.* bean-straw: *groß* *wie* —*stroh*, *coll.* very coarse, extremely rude.

Boßnhäse [*cf.* *Böhm*], (*w.*) *m.* (*L. G.*) 1)

botcher (Pöfcher); 2) *Comm.* interloper, go-between.

Boßlappen, (*str.*) *m.* rubbing-cloth.

Boß, *I.* *a.* (*str.*) *m.* auger, &c. see *Boßter*.

Boß..., (*from* *Boßren*), *in comp.* —*ähle*, *f.*

joiner's awl; —*baum*, *f.* *T.* boring frame or machine: —*block*, *m.* *Mar.* clave; —*bruse*, *f.* *T.* brace (mit *Boßren*, and *bite*), hand-pad:

—*egge*, *f.* drill-barrow; —*eisen*, *n.* *Mach.* bit-bridle.

Boßren, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to bore, drill, perforate; *die* *Boßer* — (versuchen *ob* *es* *schumb* *finb*), *Mar.* to taste: *Boßer* *in* *ein* *Boß* —, to scuttle a ship; *in* *den* *Grund* —, to run a-ground, to sink (a ship).

Boßter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *gener.* borer: 2) (*Person* *und* *Instrument*) borer, (Nagel-*oder* *Wid* —) gimlet; (*Boß* —) piercer; (*Drill* —) wimble, drill: *Swy.* (*Boß* —) perforator: *ein* *großer* —, auger: *ein* *4* *bis* *6* *Boß* *langer* —, churn-drill: — *für* *Zimmerarbeit*, broad awl; *halb-* *runder* —, half-round bit, cylinder-bit: — *mit* *Boßel*, lever-bit.

Boß..., *in comp.* —*fäustel*, *m.* *Min.* hammer (used in driving the borer): —*föhrer*, *m.* *Horol.* guide: —*gefänge*, *m.* iron-rods used in boring: —*höl*, *n.* see *Boßterhöl*; —*höfer*, *m.* *Entom.* 1) *Ädler* (*Corambys* L.); 2) *ptinus* (*Ptinus* L.): —*klappe*, *f.* *Min.* kind of pin-core: —*lopf*, *m.* cutter-head, boring-wheel:

—*früge*, *f.* the metal taken from the cannon by boring: —*trager*, *m.* *Min.* scraper, scroop:

—*farfel*, *f.* (crank-)brace: —*labe*, *f.* *T.* boring-frame: —*loch*, *n.* bore-hole, auger-hole, bore:

—*löfel*, *m.* *Min.* scouring-bit: —*maschine*, *f.* boring-machine; drilling-engine: —*mehl*, *n.* bore-dust, borings: —*mühle*, *f.* boring mill:

—*maßfel*, *f.* *Comm.* pierce-stone (Pholas L.): —*pfang*, *m.* *Agr.* drill-plough: —*pfriem*, *m.* *Gumm.* gun-piercer: touch-hole bit: —*platte*, *f.* breast-plate: —*rolle*, *f.* *T.* drill-box or stock: —*schelbe*, *f.* 1) see *Brustföhrer*; 2) see

—*platte*; —*schmidt*, *m.* bore-smith, gimlet-maker: —*schwengel*, *m.* spring-bar: —*spindel*, *m.* *pl.* bore-chips, borings: —*spindel*, *f.* boring (cutter-)bar: —*spindel* *und* *Drillstange*, *f.* drill and drill-stock: —*spitze*, *f.* bit, bite:

—*stange*, *f.* boring rod: —*stüßel*, *m.* lower end of the boring iron: —*stül*, *m.* see —*baum*, —*maschine*: —*versuch*, *m.* experimental boring: —*welle*, *f.* see —*spindel*: —*werkzeug*, *n.* boring-tool: —*winde*, *f.* 1) (beim *Boßschöhrren*) jack: 2) brace (*Drehboßter*): —*wurm*, *m.* see *Boßschöhrer*: —*zapfen*, *m.* *Gumm.* chuck-square: —*zeug*, *n.* boring-tools.

Boß, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* balise. — **Boß**, *adj.* made of balise, balise. [*leine*]

Boß..., *in comp.* —*leine*, —*fell*, see *Boße*.

Boßer, (*w.*) *m.* (*Slav.*) bojar.

Boße, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* buoy; *die* — *sangen*, *strömen*, *stropfen*, to hitch, stream, strop the buoy; *die* — *ist* *blind*, the buoy is not visible:

die — *macht*, the buoy is floating: *B.-stän*, *f.* careening-wharf: *B.-stänken*, *m.* calisson: —*leine*, *f.* —*reep*, —*fell*, *n.* *Mar.* buoy-rope.

Boßer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a vessel employed for laying the buoys; 2) name of a small Dutch vessel.

Boßfals, (*str.*) *n.* *Comm.* bay-salt.

Boßf., **Boßfel**, **Boßlein**, see *Pöfel*, **Pöfel** *tr.*

Boß, (*str.*) *m.* see *Böhus*.

Boß, (*str.*) *m.* *Leich.* 1) see *Blausfeldchen*; 2) see *Beißfisch*; 3) see *Rabelfau*; 4) see *Janfen*.

Boß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* black coot (*Fulica atra*): 2) *Leich.* see *Böide*. [*Pöhlen*]

Boßen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* *T.* to unhair (Pölen, Pöhlen).

Boßlein, (*w.*) *f.* see *Boßeleine*.

Boßren, (*w.*) *s. intr.* see *Bösten*.

Boß, **Boßig**, *adj.* (*L. w.*) 1) round; bulbous, globular: 2) hollow; not close, not compact: unsound (as iron, &c.): decayed, (of old leather, &c.) brittle; hard, &c.

Bolle, (w.) f., or **Bollen**, (str.) m. provinc. 1) bulb: ball: 2) dumpling: 3) (black) poplar: *B.-gewächs*, n. bulbaceous plant.
Boller, (str.) m. *Mar.* timber-head, keel-head.

Böller, (str.) m. small gun (cannon).
Böllern, (w.) v. *intr.* to rumble.
Böllig, adj. bulbous, &c. see **Boll**.
Bollweibe, (w.) f. *Bot.* grey poplar (*Populus canescens* Smith.).

Bollwerk, (str.) n. bulwark, bastion, sconce: *B.-schuß*, n., *B.-schütz*, f. counter-guard: *B.-sturm*, m. tower-bastion.

Bollwerk, f. see **Bollwerk**.

Bologner [pr. bölny'zer], I. adj. Bolognese, Bolognian, Bologna: II. s. (str.) m. or -hund, m. *Zool.* Bologna-dog, shag, shock, lap-dog (*Canis melitensis* L.): der furchige hund, King Charles' dog (*Canis melitensis brevirostris* L.): spaniel (*Canis aznavarius* L.): -halschen, pl. Bologna phials: -spatz, -stein, m. Minor. Bononian stone or phosphor.

Bolt, (str.) m. (L. G.) see **Bolg**: -schlüssel, m. see **Bolgschlüssel**. [a sail].

Bolten, (w.) f. *gener.* pl. *Mar.* patches of * **Bolus**, m. (Lat.-Gr.) 1) bole: 2) Sport. chew-ball: armenischer, Armenian bole: rather -, red bole: -artig, adj. bolary.

Bolz, (str.) pl. **Bölze**: m. see **Bolgen**.

Bolge, (w.) m. (L. G.) tom-cat (Ratze).

Bolgen, (str.) m. bolt: 1) arrow for the cross-bow: 2) a strong iron nail or peg, pin: 3) heater (belonging to a smoothing-iron): 4) shoe-m. wedge: 5) prop (used in mines): *Wies zu - brechen*, coll. to misinterpret all a person says: -ange, n. pincers to draw out the bolts: -lapf, m. burr: -ring, m. shackle: -schleife, f. bolt-plate: -schlüssel, n. cylindrical pad-lock: -schraubenschlüssel, f. bolt-screwing-machine: -schlüssel, m. round sculper (scopier: graving-tool of seal-engravers). [ticking].

Bolzen, pl. *Comm.* bolzas, East-India **Bolzgräbe**, adj. straight, perpendicular.
Bolzmacher, (str.) m. *provinc.* (Amal. hobler) for Bugliter, Bootjäger.

* **Bombard**, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) + *Gunn.* bombard: 2) *Mus.* bombard: - **Bombardement** [pr. bömbärd'mäng'], (str.) pl. B-ß (Fr.) bombardment: - **Bombardier**, **Bombardier**, (str.) m. bombardier: -galliste, f. bomb-ketch, bomb-vessel: -fäßer, m. *Entom.* the *Carabus crepitans* L.: - **Bombardieren**, (w.) v. tr. to bombard, bomb.

* **Bombast**, **Bombast**, (str.) m. (Fr.) *Comm.* bombast: bombastine.

* **Bombast**, (str.) m. (Engl.) bombast, bombastry, fastian: - **Bombastisch**, adj. bombastie: -er Stil, inflated style: - reden, to talk fastian, to rant.

Bomben, (w.) f. bomb-shell, shell: mit B-n beschießen, to shell.

Bomben..., in comp. -fest, adj. bomb-proof: -festel, m. (bomb-)mortar: -fiste, f. bomb-chest: caisson: -mischer, m. see **Bombenmischer**: -schiff, n. see **Bombenbootschiff**: -splitter, -strich, m., -stück, n. splinter of a (bomb-) shell: -zünder, m. fusee.

Bommet, (w.) f., **Bommetin**, (w.) v. (L. G.) see **Bammel**.

* **Bombon** [pr. böngb'ng'], (str.) pl. B-ß (Fr.) bombon, sugar-plum, sweetmeat.

Bönnel [cf. Bönnel], see **Bönnel**.

Bönnecke, **Bönnecke**, m. Bonifacio (P. N.).

* **Bönnecken**, (w.) v. tr. (Mod. Lat.) *Comm.* to make good, to make an allowance.

* **Bönnecken**, (w.) v. tr. (Mod. Lat.) *Comm.* Law, to assign or code one's property to one's creditors, to render or give up one's effects, to surrender one's self.

* **Bönnecke**, (w.) f. (Mod. Lat.) 1) goodness, intrinsic worth: 2) outstanding debt.

* **Bönnecken**, **Bönnecken**, (w.) f. ap-

praisalment, valuation (of the productive capability of landed property). [Bönnecke].

Bönnecke, (w.) f., **Bönnecke**, (str.) m. see * **Bönnecken**, (w.) v. tr. to value, tax.

* **Bönnet**, (str.) n. 1) *Mar.* bonnet: das unterste -, drabier: ein - abschlagen, anziehen, to unlace, lace a bonnet: das - einer Treppe or Sturmliege, lengthening or eking-piece of a gallery-ladder: 2) *Fort.* bonnet.

Bönnecke, (str.) m. *Lith.* bonito (*Scomber palomus* L.).

Bönnecke, pl. *Comm.* checks, listadoes.

Bönnecke, (w.) f. coll. for *Bönnecke*.

Bönnecke, (w.) m. bonzo (Japanese, &c. priest).

Bönnecke, (str.) n. *Mar.* (an Bad und Schenke) balustrades: - der Bratpfanne, cross-piece of the windlass.

Bönnecke, (str.) n. (pl. B-c or B'te) boat: das große - einer Schiffe, the long-boat: das kleine -, jolly boat, small boat: gerade das - trim the boat!

Bönnecke, (str.) n. *Geogr.* Boetia: - **Bönnecker**, (str.) m. (B-in, w./f.) 1) Boetian: 2) *fig.* stupid fellow: - **Bönnecker**, adj. Boetian.

Bönnecke ..., in comp. -anker, m. grapnel, grappling: -bauer, m. boat-builder: -eigenführer, m. barge-master: -hafen, m. 1) boat-hook, setting pole: 2) *Lith.* a species of sillurus (*Callichthys dorsalis*): 3) *Conch.* see *Tricelostellus*: -flampe, f. scantle, chock for a boat: -fischer, m. boatsman, seaman, sailor: -flauer, -fräßer, m. *Mar.* gripe: -fente, pl. sailors, mariners: -mann, m. 1) boatswain: 2) boatsman, sailor: barge: -mannschaft, m. pl. boatswain's sailors: -mannschaft, m. yeoman: -mannschaft, m. boatswain's room: -mannschaft, m. boatswain's mate: -mannschaft, f. boatswain's call: -reif, n. boat's rope: -tan, n. fast: -toll, n. see -fente: -wächter, m. keeper of the boat: -zieher, m. halsier.

* **Bör**, **Böron**, (str.) n. *Chem.* boron.

* **Börge**, **Börge**, (str.) m. *Bot.* borago (*Borago L.*: Gurkenkraut).

* **Börge**, see **Börge**.

* **Börge**, (str.) m. *Miner.* & *Chem.* borax: roher -, tincal: -saure Salze, borates: -saure Natron, borate of soda: -saure, f. boracic acid, sedative salt.

Bör, (str.) m. (& n.) 1) border, brink, edge: brim, lip, rim: outer-rim (of a coin): 2) *Mar.* (ship-)board: 3) *provinc.* (n.) shelf: an -, on board, a-board: der hohe - einer Schiffe, the weather-side: an - (Dm.) sein, to be on board: an - (Acc.) bringen, to put on board, to ship, to embark: eine Schiffe or Sturz-See an - bekommen, to ship a heavy sea: an - gehen, to go on board (a ship): an - der Juno etc., on board the Juno (night: of the J); an - nehmen, to take on board, to take in: an - befinden, on board: an - legen, to board, to lay a-board: ein Schiff an - treiben, to fall a-board of a ship: an - an, alongside, by the side of: *Comm.* - am - verlaufen, to sell free on board: am - notirt, quoted on board: *Seifen* an - zu bringen, shipping charges: über -, 1. above board: 2. (verfr. etc., to heave) over board.

Bör ..., in comp. -blech, n. T. brim-plate: -bret, n. board to which window-curtains, &c. are attached.

Bör, (w.) f. see **Bör**.

Bör, (w.) f. (L. G.) a fertile plain.

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* **Bör**, (str.) n. (Fr.) brothel: bawdy-house: -wirth, m. brothel-keeper.

Bör, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* 1) see **Bör**: 2) or * **Bör**, (w.) v. tr. to border, edge, lace, trim, to skirt.

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Bör, (w.) m. (L. G.) lighter.
Bör, (str.) m. embroiderer: trimmer.
- **Bör**, (w.) f. lacing, edging, bordure (*Bör*).

Bör ..., in comp. -fayf, m. T. crude salt adhering to the sides of the pans: -feste, f. *Ship*-b. wale: -fiste, f. T. seating-line: -schiff, f. barge-course, verge course (of a roof): -stein, m. T. 1) extreme row of slates of a roof: 2) edge-stone, border-stone (pl. coll. borders), cheek-stone: *grieter* -stein, curb-stone, border-kerb.

* **Bör**, (w.) f. see **Bör**.

Bör, (str.) m. see **Bör**.

Bör, (str.) m. *provinc.* barrow, gelded B. **Bör**, (str.) m. 1) (the act of) borrow-

ing: credit, trust, tick: auf -, on (upon) credit: *com.* upon tick: von - leben, to live on credit: auf - nehmen, to tick: 2) *Mar.* a) - in der Raab, ahround-stopper: b) in comp. preventer, false, spare: -büchel des *Bör*, m. preventer of bonnet: -straffen, f. pl. preventer brasses: -streifen, m. false tie.

Bör, (str.) m. (v. fr. 1) to borrow, to take (goods) on credit (von, of): 2) to lend, to give on credit: -macht *Bör*, *prov.*, he that goes borrowing, goes sorrowing.

Bör, (str.) m. borrower.

Bör ..., in comp. *Mar.* -s. -parbunden der Stengen, f. pl. travelling back-stays: -raa, f. spare-yard: -flag, n. preventer-stay: -flangen, f. pl. spare-topmasts: -tan, n. preventer: -wachten, n. swifter, preventer-ahround.

* **Bör**, (str.) m. *Chem.* see **Bör**.

Bör, (w.) f. 1) bark (Rinde): 2) scab: B.-käfer, m. *Entom.* bark-beetle (*Dermestes typographus* L.).

Bör, (w.) f. barky, scabbed.

Bör, (str.) m. 1) *provinc.* & *poet.* spring, well, fountain (Brunnen): 2) T. salt-pit: -büchel, f. see *Bör*.

Bör, (str.) m. *Chem.* see **Bör**.

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Bör, (str.) m. *Chem.* see **Bör**.

to roast; in der Pfanne —, to fry; auf dem
Roste —, to broil; am Feuer —, to grill; im
Ofen —, to bake; bei schnellem Feuer —, to
roast on a spit or skewer; an der Sonne —,
to burn. narch. scorch.

Braut, *n.* bride; *v.* betrothed.
Braten, *v.* roast
Braten, *s. i.* (*str.*) m. roast (meat); fetter;
-ig, anything that yields much profit, tid-
bit; *ben - aufstehn*, to spit a piece of meat;
ben - zimmerben, to turn the spit; *ben - be-
ginnen*, betwixt, to baste the roasting meat;
ben - riechen, *coll.* to smell a rat; II. *incomp.*
-brühe, *f.* sauce; *-fett*, *m.* fat of roast-meat;
kitchen-stuff, dripping; *-feßter*, *m.* see
wender; *-löffel*, *m.* basting ladle; *-meister*,
m. head-cook; *-planne*, *f.* dripping-pan; *-
rod*, *m.* joc. holiday coat; *-schüssel*, *f.* dish
for serving up roast-meat; *-spitzer*, *m.* larder.
joint-skewer; *-trommel*, *f.* cradle-split;
-wender, *m.* turnspit; *kitchen-jack*, smoke-
jack roasting jack turn-broach.

[illegible]

* **Brätische**, (w.) *f.* (*Ital. viola da braccio*) viol. bass-viol, tenor violin; **B-macher**, m. viol-maker; **B-spieler**, **Brätischist**, (w.) m. violin tenor player.

Brat, *verb.* in comp. —**spitz**, *m.* 1) spit, brooch(*er*); 2) *slang*, (for sword) poker; 3) *Mar.* half pike; an den —**spitz** *stehen*, to spit, to broach; —**spitz**, *n.* *Mar.* windlass; das —**spitz** *verpackern*, to stow the cable; —**trommel**, *f.* cradle-spit; —**wurst**, *f.* sausage.

Brat'e, (w.) *f.* see Brante.
Brat'el, see Bract.

Brau'..., in comp. —berechtigt, adj. licensed to brew; —bottig, m. brewing-coop. vat. (see Gebrauch.)

Brånj, (*str.*, pl. Brånje) *m.* custom, &c.
Brånjbär, *I. adj.* fit for use; useful, serviceable; efficient, able; *II. B-fritt*, (*m.*) *f.* usefulness, serviceableness.

Bedürfnen, (u.) v. tr. 1) to make use of, *ac. see Gebrauchen*; **2)** to want, need; to be in want of: *Eie - ich nicht zu jagen, you need not tell it (or say so); das ist Alles, was ich zu wissen brauche, that is all you need know; Eie - ich nicht zu fürchten, you need have no fear; wasu - Eie Wein? what do you want wine for? ich brauche einen Eismann oder zwei mich zu jammeln, I require an hour or two to settle down; man braucht fünf Eimer, den ein Stadt zu erröthen, it will take five hours to reach the town: er braucht einen Knecht, um hieher zu kommen, he took a month to come hither; Eie - nur einen Wein zu geku, you have but to hint; man braucht ich nicht zu wundern, it is not to be wondered at; he braucht nicht an solche Sachen zu denken, you have no business to think about such things; Eie braucht mir erst zu jagen ..., nobody need tell me ...; II. *intr. impers. (with Gen.)* to want, to require; was braucht es weiter? Zengnisse? there needs no further evidence; es braucht vieler Mühe, it required much trouble. [114]*

Brän'lig, Bränd'lig, adj. see Gebränd-
Brenniger. (str.) m. see Brauberr.

Frank's (21) f. per Huechubana.

French. (w.) v. fr. to brew.

Brew'er, Brew'meister. (str.) m. brewer.

-side, -tanna, -nast, /, see *Breviumma*:

-trant, n. wild rosemary (*Gadotanne*).

Броуер, (w.) *f.* 1) brewer's trade; 2)

brewery.

Brau'erschaft, (w.) f. see Brauinnung.

Brau' ..., in comp. —faß, n. brewing line: geßße, pl., —geräth, n. brewing implement: geräthig, f., —recht, n. right of brewing: haß, n. see Brauerri: —herr, m. brewer: haß, n. see —haus; —lunn, f. brewer's corporation: —stieß, m. see —planne; —tucht, n. brewer's man; drayman; —tute, f. see Bottig.

BRUNN, *I. adj.* 1) brown; 2) dark; tawny, *named*; 3-e Butter, fried butter: — umb *blau*, dark blue and black: — *madern*, see *Bräunen*; *der*, *die* 3-e, a person with a dark complexion; *dark person (woman)*, *brunette*; *der* 3-e, *bay-horse*, *bayard*, *dun*; 3-e *Blende*, *Miner.* *phosphurite of zinc*; *II. s. (str.) n. Abb.* *ruin (the bear)*; *III. in comp.* — *Augig*, *dark-eyed*; — *Stette*, *f. black-currant (Ribes nigrum L.)*; — *Ster*, *n. brown bear* — *Stetler*, *n. brown phosphate of lead*; — *Struf*, *f. see Ring-*
rde.

Bränne, (*w.*) *f.* 1) brownness; 2) *Med.* angina; (gewöhnliche) sore-throat; (entzündete) quinsy; (häufige) croup; (der Schweine) wild-fire; (der Pferde) antioor.

Braun'..., in comp. — eisenrahm, m. Minor. foamy wadd; — eisenstein, m. Minor. 1) pyrosiderite; 2) stilpnosiderite.

Brunell'e, (w.) *f. Ornith.* 1) hedge sparrow
Acrocor modularis L.; 2) *Bot.* see Brunelle.

Brun'nen, (w.) = I. & to make brown;
to bronze, to tan (of the sun); II. *refl.* to
grow brown.

Brann'..., in comp. — *R[ä]d*, m. *lakh*. por-
pince (*Delphinus phocaena* L.); — *gels*, adj.
yellow, tawny, rusty brown, olivaster; — *hänf-*
ng, m. see *Wint'hänfing*.

Braunheit, (w.) f. (l. u.) brownness.
Braunholz, (str.) n. see Campêcheholz.
Braunitt, (str.) m. Minor. dentoxide of manganese.

Drans' ..., in comp. *Minor-s.* -fall, m. **draßföhl**; sphaeroiderite; -fall or -path, m. brown aspr, siderocalcite (Gießerbaupath); **draßföhl**, m. *Ornith. whinchait* (*Madecilla bawana* L.); -fall, m. *Bot. brown-colo* (*Dracocia caracka viridis brumakia*); -föhl, f. lignite, brown coal; **draßig** -föhl, bituminous or carbonated wood; -föhlst. m. pyrocarbonic oil; -fay, m. see *Wittelsait*; -fayig, adj. brown-headed; -fayig *Ente*, see *Roßhalb*; **drant**, m. see *Rönnstörge*; -fritst. f. see *Wassfritte*.

Bräun'lich, *adj.* brownish, dunnish, dusk, warthy: — **gelb**, *adj.* brownish yellow, isal: — **machen** to imbrown.

Brann'..., in comp. — manganerg, n. *Manganerz*, compact manganose-ore; — merle, f. *see* merle; — rødt, *adj. & s.* brown-red, hay; red
bark; — [stede, f. (Sferb) piebald; — [stimmel,
n. iron gray horse.

Braun (shweig, (str.) n. Geogr. Brunswick;
 et Grün, n. Brunswick green; b-et Plümme,
 Brunswick mum (a kind of beer).

Braun's ..., in comp. —(p)äme, m. pl. Comm. wood shavings: —(p)äts, m. *Minor*, brown-
grain, dolomite: —(p)erling, m. see Feldspat;
—(p)ein, m. manganese, gray oxide of
manganese, glass-(maker's) soap: (p)imen-
(s)ig(e)t, epidote: —(p)insieube, f. *Minor*-s.
alphabet of manganese: —(p)ingles, n. see
Eisenstein, 2; —(p)ring, adj. brown-streaked:
—(p)tiger, m. dark-bay horse with light-brown
spots: —(p)ögel, m. *Ornith. scopas* (*Scopas
umbretta* Boiss.); —(p)urj, f. *Bot.* brownwort,
water-betony, quinswort, scrophulary (*Scro-
phularia* L.).

Braus, (*str.*) *m.* bustle, tumult; only used with **Saus**, as: **Saus und —**, revelry, in **Saus und — leben**, to revel and riot. [bruise.]

Brän'sch, (str.) m., Brän'sche, (w.) f. bump, Brän'schen, (w.) v. intr. 1) (aux. sein) to well; 2) (aux. haben) to snuffle, to snort.

Brank'schig, adj. 1) swollen, inflated; 2) **Brank'schig.**

Brau'fe, (w.) f. 1) fermentation, effervescence, working; 2) rose (of a watering pot); 3) see Brausche.

Brau'se... (from Brausen), in comp. —
 utel, *m. coll.* blusterer: —erbe, *f. Agr.* loose
 ould: —sajjn, *m. Ornith.* ruff (*Tringa pug-*
nas L.); —sajff, *m.* hot-headed person, bluste-
 r, boisterous youth: —sajffig, *adj.* impe-
 rous; boisterous, obstreperous.

Bräu [*en*, (*w.*) *v. instr.* 1) *a*) to roar, (sh of the wind and sea); **brump** [*v.*], to boom; to tingle, hum, buzz (in the ears); *c*) to snort, snuffle (of horses); *d*) to work, ferment, amass, froth (of liquor); 2) *fig.* to huff, thunder, bluster; to be in a huff; 3) to be impatient or turbulent: *zu heftig bräu'n das Blut* deinen Adern (*Schiller*, *Don Carlos* 2, 2), your blood boils too impetuously in your veins; 5-6. *p. a.* roaring; boisterous, impetuous, boiling (waves, etc.); blustering; *act. pres. v. a. (d.) m. a.* roaring, *act. rush; boom. act. pres. v. a. (d.) m. a.*

Gran'fe..., in comp. —pulver, m. Pharm.
Kersesent powder, carbonic acid powder;
stein, m. Miner. zeolite; —wind, m. coll.
s —tepf.

Brant, (*str.*, pl. Brän'te) *f.* 1) bride
act, betrothed, destined bride, intended; 2)
with *see* -ente; 3) Bot. - in *Scarren*, small
nnel-flower (Schwarzstimmel); *wer des Glück*
st, führt die - heim, *proverb*, fortune gains
the bride.

Brax'täg, (str.) m. brewing-day.

Bräut'..., *in comp.* bride, bridal (*cf.* **Bräut'...** ...); — **Bett**, *n.* bride-bed, marriage-bed: — **bräut'ig**, *f.* **Ornith.** summer-duck (*Anas sponsa*): — **Führer**, *m.* bride's man; — **fährerin**, *f.* bride's maid; — **gabe**, *f.* **see** — **gaben**; — **gewand**, *m.* **see** **famumer**; — **geräth**, *n.* articles, linen, &c. (which a bride brings as her paraphernalia: — **geschloß**, *n.* bridal present; nuptial present: — **gewand**, *n.* **see** — **flicb**; — **hemd**, *n.* bride: — **heirathung** (house): — **jungfer**, *f.* bride's maid: — **famumer**, *f.* bridal or wedding-chamber: — **kleid**, *m.* **see** **Bräut'kleid**; — **flicb**, *n.* bridal dress, wedding-gown, nuptial or wedding-garment: — **franz**, *m.* — **franz**, *f.* bridal wreath: — **fanz**, *n.* nuptial kiss: — **fanzte**, *pl.* bride and bride-room (= **pear**); — **flicb**, *n.* bridal hymn, wedding-song, epithalamium: — **maß**, *n.* nuptial entertainment, wedding-feast: — **meffe**, *f.* 1) **musik**. *Rel.* mass before the nuptial ceremony: — **nuptial** before the wedding-ceremony: 2) the ceremony itself: — **nutter**, *f.* maker of the bride-bed: — **nacht**, *f.* wedding-night: — **paar**, *n.* betrothed couple: — **peyl**, *m.* **see** **nuppelpeyl**; — **rum**, *m.* **see** — **fymnd**; — **ring**, *n.* wedding-ring: — **schatz**, *m.* dowry, dowry: — **schatz**, *n.* inspection of the intended: — **schiltung**, *n.* **see** — **schatz**; — **schmnd**, — **faat**, *m.* nuptial ornaments or attire: — **faat**, *m.* (term of engagement: (time of courtship: — **faat**, *f.* **see** — **faat**; — **faat**, *f.* 1) little feast before the wedding: 2) meats, cakes, &c. sent to the guests after the marriage-day: — **faat**, *n.* wedding-day: 1) wedding-day: 2) betrothing-day: — **faat**, *n.* wedding-coach: — **faat**, *n.* 1) match-maker: 2) one who asks a woman marriage for another: — **faatung**, *f.* (act of) match-making.

Bräut'gum, (*adv.*) *n.* bridegroom, intended, a man who is betrothed or engaged.

Bräut'lich, *adj.* bridal, nuptial.

Bräut'schaft, (*m.*) *f.* state of betrothal, engagement, *cf.* **Bräut'hand**.

Bräu'..., *in comp.* — **wefen**, *n.* brewing concerns, brewing business: — **wirt**, *n.* brewer.

Bräu, *I. adj.* 1) brave: gallant: 2) good, honest, upright: 3) beautiful, excellent; 4)

clever, adroit; 5) *loc.* doughty, redoubtable; II. *adv.* bravely, *acc.* well, handsomely.

Bravado, (*w.*) *f.* bravado, boistering.

Bräutheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) uprightness, honesty, probity; 2) bravery, valianthood; 3) *loc.* doughtiness.

* **Bräut' inderj.** (*Ital.*) bravo! well done!

* **Bravour** [*pr.* -vür], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) valour, bravery; -arie, *f.* *Mus. aria di bravura*, bravura (*air*).

* **Breccie** [*pr.* brük'ä, sometimes brük'-tsje], (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital. breccia*) *Geol.* breccia (*Stümmerschtein, Conglomerat*).

Brecl', *in comp.* -ädel, *f.* awn or beard of wheat; -arguel, *f.* emetic; -bauf, *f.* 1) *Bak.* kneading board for certain cakes; 2) *see* Breche, 1.

Brech'bär, I. *adj.* 1) that may be broken, frangible (*Brechlich*); 2) *Phys.* refrangible; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) frangibility; 2) refrangibility.

Brech'..., *in comp.* -baum, *m.* *T.* large handspike; -betel, *m.* ripping chisel, twill; -birne, *f.* name of a winter-pear; -bohne, *f.* *Bot.* common white or Dutch kidney-bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris* L.); -beißel, *f.* *T.* ripping adze; -bissel, *f.* *see* Brechbissel; -burd-fall, *m.* *Med.* cholera.

Brech'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *T.* brake (tool for breaking flax or hemp); 2) the act of pruning (*vines, &c.*) [*ping*-chisel.

Brech'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) crow-bar; 2) (*rip*-

Brech'en, (*str.*) *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to break; to split, to sever; to break or fracture (a leg, &c.); den *Wftr* -, to break the soil, to turn up the earth; to dress (hemp); to break, beat, peel (flax); eine *Ranze* mit *Straub* -, *lit.* & *fig.* to break a lance with one, to enter the lists or to enter into a quarrel (dispute) with one; eine *Ranze* für *Jemand* -, *fig.* to break a lance for one, to stand (up) for, to defend one; *Brau-s.* das *Malz* -, to grind, bruise malt; das *grüne Malz* -, to turn the barley; 2) to pluck (off), gather (fruits, flowers, &c.), to pick (peas); 3) to fold (paper); 4) *Opt.* to refract, split (a ray); 5) *fig.* to break, infringe, act contrary to; *sein Wort, Versprechen* &c. -, to break (violate, forfeit) one's word, promise, &c.; einen *Contract* -, to break (to commit a breach of) a contract; einen *Eid* -, to break an oath, to perjure or forswear one's self; die *Haften* -, *Rom. Oak.* to break lent, fast; 6) to vomit or spit (up) (Blood, blood); to bring (Galle, gall); 7) *T-a.* a) die *Ranten* -, to grind off the edges (of glass); b) *Febr* -, to soften leather; c) *Typ.* die *Spalten* -, to adjust the columns; d) *Bak.* to break up (the dough); e) *Wein* -, to weaken (the strength of) wine by mixing water with it; f) *Welle* -, to card wool; g) *Build.* eine *Treppe* -, to make landing-places in a stair-case; ein *Daq* -, to make a roof with a break; 8) to spread (dung); 9) *Chem-s.* *Säure* -, to neutralise acids; *Salpeter* -, to neutralise saltpetre; 10) *Comm.* die *Redung* -, to break bulk; in *Stüdt* -, to break to pieces, to shiver; einen *Flasche* (*Dat.*) den *Haß* -, *fam.* to crack or discuss a bottle; *Einem* den *Haß* -, *lit. & fig.* to break one's neck; die *Farben* -, *Paint.* to blend the colours; die *Che* -, to commit adultery; den *Wissen*, die *Reune* eines *Kindes* -, to break a child's will or temper; *Erz* -, to break ore; *Steine* -, to dig stones in a quarry; in diesen *Steinen* wird *Edelstein* &c. ge- brochen, these rocks are quarried for roofing-slates; eine *Wdh* in eine *Wauer* -, to make a door in a wall; die *Ferbe* - die *Stähne*, the horses lose or shed their teeth; *Roth* bricht *Eisen*, necessity has no law, *vulg.* needs must go when the devil drives; *sich* (*Dat.*) den *Weg* durch ... -, to break one's way through II. *refl.* 1) *Opt.* to be refracted; 2) to break,

surge (of waves); 3) *Med.* to come to a crisis; 4) a) to break (of clouds); b) to break, change (of the weather); die *Luft* bricht *sich*, the air softens; 5) to vomit; der *Wein* &c. bricht *sich*, the wine gets thick or changes its colour.

III. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to break; 2) to rub out in the folds (of stuffs); 3) *Sport-s.* a) to root (as a wild boar); b) to scratch off the snow in search of food (of partridges); 4) *Mim.* to break in (layers); das *Erz* bricht *genghaft*, the ore is met in a continuous lode; das *Erz* bricht *vermischt*, the lode is mixed; in *Platten* -, to flake, &c.; *fig-s.* 5) to break (from), to force one's self (through); aus dem *Gefängnis* -, *see* Ausbrechen; *Thränen* brachen *ihm* aus den *Augen*, tears burst from his eyes; 6) to break, *see* Ausbrechen; 1) 7) *see* Benutzt werden; die *Sonne* bricht durch die *Wollen*, the sun breaks through the clouds; das *Erz* bricht *mir*, my heart breaks; die *Augen* - ihm, his eyes grow dim; mit ... -, *fig.* to fall out or break with, to cut (one); wenn du noch länger *läusst*, bricht *einer* nach dem andern (*Schiller*, *Ploc.* 2, 5), if thou loiterest any longer, all will fall away.

IV. *das* -, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) a) the (act of) breaking, &c. *cf.* *Bruchung* & *Brud*; breakage; 2) *fig.* breach (of contract, &c.), infraction (of stipulations, violation); 3) *Med.* (the act of) vomiting, &c., *see* Erbrechen; - *erbrechen*, inducing vomiting, emetic; 4) *Chem.*, &c. (ciner vegetabilischen *Stoffigkeit*) flocculences.

Brech'enalle, **Brech'alle**, (*w.*) *f.* *Sport.* trap used in taking foxes and badgers.

Brech'enmacher, (*str.*) *m.* maker of wooden utensils. [*pl. Mor. breakers, surf.*

Brech'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who breaks; 2) **Brech'...**, *in comp.* -fieber, *n.* a fever attended with vomiting; -flieg, *f.* *see* Schmirnflieg, blue; -grube, *f.* *Mim.* defective pit; -haar, *n.* *T.* human hair of an inferior quality worked up by wig-makers with hair of a better quality; -hammer, *m.* pick-hammer; -hanf, *m.* hemp in sheaves; -heißelant, *n.* *Bot.* European hazel-wood (*Astragalus Europaeus* L.); -hebel, *m.* *see* -elzen; -hefle, *f.* *Bot.* a species of emetic nut (*Trichilia*); -hölzchen, *m.* cassara-tree of North-America (*Des vomitoria* Ait.); -kamm, *m.* *Colth-m.* habcock, scribbling-card; -kranz, *n.* *pl. Pharm.* berries of the castor-oil plant (*Ricinus communis* L.); -kranz, *n.* 1) ipecacuanha-plant (*Psychotria emetica* Mut.); 2) tuberous stonecrop (*Sedum telephium*).

Brech'lich, *adj.* (easily) frangible, &c. *see* Zerbrechlich & Zerbrüchig.

Brech'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* *see* Götze.

Brech'..., *in comp.* -meißel, *m.* *T.* goat's foot; -milch, *f.* *Bot.* East-Indian spurge (*Euphorbia ghrucali*); -mittel, *n.* emetic; -mühle, *f.* *T.* stamping-mill; *Pharm-s.* -saß, *f.* vomiting-nut (*Nuxvomica*, poisonous fruit of the *Strychnos nuxvomica*; *Strichnunge*); -pulver, *n.* emetic powder; -punkt, *m.* 1) *Opt.* point of refraction; 2) *Engin.* point where the gradient changes; -rühr, *f.* *Med.* cholera; -ranze, *f.* crow-bar, hand-spike; -tanne, *f.* larch-*fir*, *see* Götze B.; -trauf, *m.* *Pharm.* vomitory potion.

Brech'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) breaking; 2) *Opt.* refraction, aberration, refraction; 3) *Paint.* - der *Farben*, a blending of colours, degradation; 4) *Mus.* arpeggio; *Phys-s.* *B-febene*, *B-efläche*, *f.* *B-ewinkel*, *m.* plain, sine, angle of refraction.

Brech'..., *in comp.* -viole, *f.* ipecacuanha violet; -vitriol, *m.* vomitory vitriol; -waffer, *n.* *see* -trauf; -weibe, *f.* *Bot.* crack-willow (*Salix fragilis* L.); -wein, *m.* emetic wine; antimonial or tartarised antimony-wine; -weinrein, *m.* emetic tartar (or tartar

emetic), tartarised antimony; -wurzel, *f.* *see* Ipecacuanha; -zange, *f.* *Surg.*, &c. pincor; -zeug, *n.* tools to break open anything.

Brech', *adj.* I. *G.* for *Breit*: *Mar-s.* -fisch, *f.* jack-sail (of a ship); -gang, *m.* the stakes between the channel wale and gannal.

Brech'ne, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Brene.

Breit, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* *pap.* spoon-meat (for babes); *Med.*, &c. pulp; -wein or -ju -schlagen, *vulg.* to beat into a jelly, to squash; *promete*: viele *Stück* verberben den -, many cooks spoil the broth; wie die *Rage* um den *heissen* - gehen, to go about the bush; II. *in comp.* -apfel, *m.* *Bot.* misberry tree (*Achras Sapota* L.); -artig, *adj.* pappy; pulp; -artige, *n.* -consistenz, *f.* pulp; peppiness; -gefäßwiff, *f.* *Surg.* atheroma.

Breit'haun, (*str.*) *m.* a kind of light-coloured beer.

Breit'ig, (*l. w.*) **Breit'icht**, *adj.* pappy, pulpy; *Papier* im *5-ten* *Zustande*, paper in a state of pulp.

Breit'..., *in comp.* -maul, *n.* *vulg.* jabberer; -pfanne, *f.* pap-bowl.

Breit'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Carbell.

Breit, *adj.* broad: wide; large; flat, plat; die *Strassen* sind nicht *hoch* -, the streets are not very wide; der *Fluß* ist *hier* 2 *Meilen* -, the river is two miles across here; das *Zeug* liegt *ganz* *flach* -, the stuff (cloth) is two ells (yards) broad; *sich* - machen, to strut, to swagger, to give one's self airs; to boast (mit, of); -schlagen, 1) to beat down, to flatter; 2) *coll.* to coax or gain one over to a thing, to amite one; ein *Ranger* und *W-er* *schlagen*, eben, to talk a great deal; *sich* *über* (*mit* *Acc.*) des *W-er* *auslassen*, to discuss on ..., to discuss on ... at length; eine *Sache* - treten, to dilate or dwell upon a subject at great length; 5-*er* *Eggl*, square-sails; 5-*er* *Wind*, quarter wind; *weit* und -, far and wide.

Breit'..., *in comp.* -art, *f.* chip-axe; -bauch, *m.* broad-cheeked adder (*Crotalus buccatus*); -bell, *n.* *see* -art; -blatt, *n.* *Bot.* common maple (*Acer platanoides* L.); -blättrig, *adj.* broad-leaved; -bliss, *m.* *Mim.* height and breadth of a bed; -brust, *f.* *Entom.* a species of carrion beetle (*Staph. ferruginea*); -brüßig, *adj.* broad-chested; broad-breasted; -elzen, *n.* *T.* carver's broad chisel; -falter, *m.* broad-winged butterfly; -febern, *f.* *pl.* *see* Jungferflieg; -flisch, *m.* 1) *see* Bräusen; 2) *pl. Comm.* flat cod-fish; -fischgeißel, *n.* *Mar.* square fore-sail; -fuß, *m.* *Entom.* broad-foot, cleanser, purifier (*Ancor depurator* L.); -füßig, *adj.* broad-footed; -gold, *n.* leaf-gold; -haß, *m.* *Entom.* broad necked scorpion (*Scorabius laticollis*); -hammer, *m.* flattening hammer; -hantel, *n.* *see* -lopf; -haß, *n.* *see* Haßholz; -jungfer, *f.* *see* Wefferjungfer; -falter, *m.* *Entom.* bug-beetle (*Berytus*); -lopf, *m.* 1) *Polst-l.* broadhead (name of the bear); 2) *Entom.* a species of weevil (*Curtus capitatus*); 3) *pl.* -flöge, *Ichth.* flat-headed fish (*Platycephalus*); -flüßig, *adj.* broad-fronted; -fress, *m.* *see* Varentress; -fisch, *m.* *Ichth.* salmon (*Salmo salar* L.); -lauch, *n.* *see* -blatt; -lauch, *m.* *Bot.* porret-scallion; -leder, *n.* *T.* sole-leather; -leiste, *f.* *see* -blatt; -flöge, *f.* *Comm.* great winged cockle (*Cardium* L.); great broad-lipped whelk (*Strombus laticollis* L.); -maul, *n.* *Ichth.* *see* Perolapet; -mäulig, *adj.* *vulg.* broadmouthed; -mörkel, *f.* moral (*Morilla aculeata*); -mörkel, *f.* a species of telline (*Tellina cornu*); -nagel, *adj.* flat-nosed; -ranz, *m.* *see* -flisch; -ranzig, *adj.* broad-brimmed; -rück, *adj.* broad-backed; -schenkel, *f.* broad-cast-sowing-machine; -schiss, *n.* *Entom.* a species of the water-beetle (*Dytiscus laticollis* L.); -schüssel, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) aboveller (*Anas clypeata* L.); 2) gray-headed duck, morillon

gelb, *n.* postage: — *gewölfe*, *n.* archives: — *gut*, *n.* — *güter*, *pl.* goods accompanying a letter or bill of lading: — *halter*, *m.* letter-clasp, letter-clip, letter-spring: — *inhaber*, *m.* Comm. holder of a letter or of a bill of exchange: — *kasten*, *m.* letter-box, pillar-box: — *klein*, *m.* see — *halter*.

Brieflein, (*str.*) *n.* province. (*S. G.*) & post. for **Briefchen**.

Brieflich, *I. adj.* epistolary, written: *II. adv.* by letter(s), in writing.

Brief..., *in comp.* — *malen*, *m.* painter of cards: — *mappe*, *f.* blotting-case, blotter, writing pad: — *marke*, *f.* postage-stamp: — *muster*, *m.* specimen-letter: — *nabel*, *f.* paper-pin, sheet-pin: — *öffnen*, *f.* sealing-wax: — *papier*, *n.* letter paper: — *part*, *m.* postage: — *postbuch*, *m.* petty ledger, postage-book: — *post*, *f.* mail: — *presse*, *f.* letter-press: — *regal*, *n.* stand, pigeon-hole: — *satz*, *m.* budget: — *sammlung*, *f.* street letter-box.

Briefschäft, (*w. f. gen.* *pl.* *B-en*), letters, writings, papers.

Brief..., *in comp.* — *schrank*, *m.* letter-safe: — *schreibstift*, *f.* the art of letter-writing: — *schuld*, *f.* (*gen.* *pl.* — *schulden*) epistolary debt: — *sortier*, *m.* letter-sorter: — *stecher*, *m.* letter-file, print and map file: — *steller*, *m.* 1) letter-writer; 2) epistolary guide or manual; 3) Comm. drawer of a bill of exchange: — *stempel*, *m.* post-mark: — *stil*, *m.* epistolary style: — *stricker* (*Balsheim*), *m.* paper-folder, letter-folder, folding-knife: — *tabak*, *m.* tobacco in packets: — *tasche*, *f.* pocket-book, letter-case: — *taube*, *f.* carrier-pigeon, stage pigeon (*Columba tabularia* L.): — *tisch*, *m.* desk: — *träger*, letter-carrier, postman, letter-bearer: — *umschlag*, *m.* envelope, wrapper: — *verkehr*, *m.* epistolary intercourse: — *wage*, *f.* letter-balance: — *wechsel*, *m.* (epistolary) correspondence, exchange or interchange of letters: *ein* — *wechsel* unterhalten, to keep up, maintain a correspondence: *im* — *wechsel* stehen, — *wechseln*, (*w. v. intr.* to correspond, exchange letters: — *wechsler*, *m.* correspondent: — *zettel*, *see* — *zettel*.

Briefe (*Briefe*), (*w. f. Mar.* a gentle gale, breeze, cat's paw.

* **Brigade**, (*w. f. (Fr.) Mil.-s.* brigade: — *adjutant*, *m.* adjutant of a brigadier-general: — *general*, *Brigadier* (*pr.* — *dy's*), (*str.* *pl.* *B-s*) *m.* brigadier-general: — *major*, *m.* brigade-major.

* **Brigantine**, (*w. f. Mar.* brigantine.

* **Brigg**, (*w. f. Mar.* brig).

* **Brigitte**, *f.* Brigitte (*P. N.*).

* **Brillant** (*pr.* brilliant), (*Fr.*) *I. adj.* 1) brilliant: 2) *fig.* splendid (Glänzend); *II. s. (w. m. Jew.* brilliant, a diamond cut into facets, facets. — **Brillantren**, (*w. v. tr.* to cut (a diamond) into facets; *stark* brillantirt, *adj.* Jew. rich cut.

Brille, (*w. f.* 1) spectacles, (reading) glasses: — *mit* einfachen Stangen, single-jointed spectacles: 2) *Port.* lunette: 3) *coll.* seat in the privy: 4) nose-bag (of young animals, to prevent them from sucking); 5) (at draughts) two men either of whom can be taken by moving between them: 6) *T.* iron ring used in making bricks: *Einem* eine — aufsetzen, or *B-n* verkaufen, *coll.* to bubble, gull, deceive one.

Brillen..., *in comp.* — *cirfel*, *m.* *T.* calipers (*pl.*): — *crescibill*, *n.* see — *salman*: — *breffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* Chinese thrush (*Turdus conspicillatus*): — *einfassung*, *f.* spectacle-frame: — *ente*, *f.* *Ornith.* *Anas perspicillata* L.: — *futter*, — *fütteral*, *n.* spectacle-case: — *gefessel*, *n.* see — *einfassung*: — *glas*, *n.* spectacle-glass: — *salman*, *m.* *Zool.* spectacle alligator (*Alligator acrochorda* Schau.). — *strant*, *n.* see *Leidenstrant*: — *macher*, *m.* spectacle-maker: — *ringe*, *m.* *pl.*

spectacle-frames: — *schlange*, *f.* *Zool.* crowned serpent, hooded snake, spectacle-snake (*Crotalus naja* L.): — *schleifer*, *m.* spectacle-glass cutter: — *schote*, *f.* *Bot.* buckler-mustard (*Sinapis alba* L.): — *stein*, *m.* a species of figured agate.

Brillente, (*w. f.* see *Brillencate*.

Brillen..., *in comp.* — *tragen*, *adj.* spectacled: — *träger*, *m.* one who wears spectacles: — *zettel*, *see* — *zettel*.

Brill..., *in comp.* — *gal*, *n.* *Mar.* see *Brille*, 3: — *sten*, *m.* *Metal.* furnace with two hearths.

* **Brimborion**, *n.* (*Göttinger Faust I.*, after the *Fr.* *brimborion*, bawble, gewgaw, knickknack) trifling, &c. affect. — all sorts of tender rigmarole (*Tagler*).

Bring'en, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bring, carry, bear, convey, take (somewhere): 2) *fig.* to yield, for einbringen; in Rechnung —, Comm. to carry, put, or place to a person's account: *Junge* —, *Sport.* to bear, to bring forth young, to whelp: *Jemanden nach Hause* —, to take, conduct, see one home: *Einem dahin* or *dazu* —, *das* ..., to induce, move, get (prevail upon) one to (do a thing): *es* dahin —, *das* ..., to manage, contrive, afford to ...: *er* hat *es* dahin gebracht, *das* ..., he has brought matters to such a pass that ...: *Einem durch* *Schred*, *Schmeichelei*, *Überbahrung* *u.* *dazu* —, *das* ..., to frighten, flatter, persuade, &c. one into (doing a thing, &c.): *es* weit, *hoch* —, to succeed in a high degree, to attain eminence: *ich* habe *es* nie weiter — können, I have never been able to advance myself further in the world than: *sein* *Leben* *hoch* —, to attain old age: *er* brachte sein *Leben* bis auf achtzig Jahre, he attained the age of eighty: *es* in (*with* *Acc.*) weit gebracht haben, to be a great proponent in ...: *Vorteil*, *Eichtheit* *u.* —, to confer advantage, security, &c. (Einem, upon one): *Einem* *Nachteil*, *Verlust* *u.* —, to cause detriment, loss, damage, &c. to one, to be detrimental or prejudicial to one (*cf.* *Schaden* über ... —); *es* bringt ihm *Schande*, *Ehre* *u.*, it reflects disgrace, honour, &c. upon him: *etwas* an *sich* —, to acquire, obtain, to get possession of, to secure for one's self: *an* (*with* *Acc.*) —, to bring to (the gallows, &c.): *an* den Mann —, to dispose of, to get rid of: *eine* *Tochter* *an* den Mann —, to dispose of a daughter in marriage: *er* weiß *sein* *Wahr* *an* den Mann zu —, he is a good or quick hand at selling: *an* einander —, to set together: *Jemanden* *auf* *seine* *Seite* —, to bring one over to one's side: *auf* (*with* *Acc.*) —, 1. to bring, put, or apply to: *Ag-s.* 2. to lay the blame, &c. on: *etwas* *auf* *Einem* —, to lay something to one's charge, to prove something against one: 3. to bring, reduce to (general rules, &c.): *Einem* *auf* *etwas* —, to make one think of a thing, to put one in mind of, to lead one to (speak of a thing, &c.): to suggest an idea, &c. to one: *Einem* *auf* *seiner* *Reise* —, to provoke one to the utmost: *etwas* *auf* *Einem* *heraus* —, see *heraus*: *herunter* *u.* —, see *herunter* *u.*: *ein* *Pferd* *in* *Galopp* —, to put a horse in a gallop: *mit* *sich* *auf* *die* *Welt* —, to be born with (a defect, &c.), *cf.* *zur* *Welt* —, to bring forth, &c.; *mit* *sich* —, *fig.* to bring on, induce, cause, occasion, produce: *Brandstiftung*, *welche* *ein* *Glück* *mit* *sich* *bringt*, diseases incidental to a climate: *der* *Kaufmann*, *den* *seine* *Einkauf* *mit* *sich* *bringt*, the expenditure incidental to his position: *wie* *es* *der* *Gebrauch* *mit* *sich* *bringt*, according to custom: *die* *Umstände* — *es* *so* *mit* *sich*, circumstances require it: *Umstände* *wie* *sie* *die* *Umstände* *mit* *sich* —, exceptions contingent upon circumstances: *die* *Verantwortlichkeit* *und* *Arbeit*, *welche* *eine* *hohe* *Stellung* *hervorgeht* *mit* *sich* *bringt*, the responsibility and labour which high office entails in

the present day; *Unglück*, *Schaden* *u.* *über* (*with* *Acc.*) —, to bring or draw down misfortune, &c. on, to entail misery on (one's self, &c.): *etwas* *über* *sich* or *über* *den* *Herz* —, to prevail upon one's self, *cf.* *Herz*; *um* *etwas* —, 1. to deprive of; 2. to defraud or rob of, to make (one) lose: *um* *den* *Verstand* —, to drive mad: *ich* *bringe* *Sie* *um* *Ihre* *Zeit*, I waste your time: *Einem* *um* *seinem* *guten* *Rennen* —, to derogate from a man's honour, to blast one's reputation: *Einem* *ums* *Leben* —, to kill, murder one: *Einem* *um* *das* *Ernügen* —, to rob one of his property: *er* *ist* *um* *hübsch* *gebracht* *worden*, he has lost all: *er* *hat* *sich* *um* *seiner* *Gesundheit* *gebracht*, he has ruined (entirely undermined) his health: *unter* *etwas* —, to shelter, to provide for, procure a place for: *unter* *die* *Eule* —, to circulate, make known, to bring out (a story): *etwas* *unter* *sich* (*Acc.*) —, to get on in the world, to acquire property, &c.: *Einem* *zu* *etwas* —, to bring one to, induce, engage to, to prevail with (upon) one for a thing: *es* *zu* *etwas* —, to attain: *er* *bringt* *es* *zu* *Nichts*, he does not get on (he is unsuccessful) in life, he does not bring it to anything: *er* *brachte* *es* *zum* *Captain*, he came to be a captain: *Einem* *zu* *Ehren* —, to bring, raise one to honour: *Einem* *wieder* *zu* *sich* *selbst* —, to bring one to himself, to his senses (wits) again: *etwas* *zur* *Sprache* —, to broach a subject: *zu* *Helfe* —, to assist in the ruin or undoing of, *cf.* *Helfe*; *zu* *Bege* (*Stande*) —, to bring about, to effect, accomplish, to work out: *vom* *Leben* *zum* *Tode* —, to put to death, to execute: *es* *bringt* *ihn* *zum* *Scheitern*, it makes him smile: *es* *brachte* *sie* *zum* *Weinen*, it set her crying.

Bringer, (*str.*) *n.* bearer, carrier, &c.: *der* — *die* *se*, the bearer.

Bring'sch, *adj.* *provinc.* conveyable.

Brink, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* 1) brink, edge: 2) award; grassy hill: — *laß*, — *flüß*, *m.* cottager (*Häusler*).

Bril'e, see *Brille*.

Bril'che, *Bril'chen*, see *Brille*, *Brillchen*.

* **Bril'che**, (*Bril'che*), (*Bril'che*) light, open carriage.

Brit'annien, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Britain.

Brit'ia, (*str.*) *m.* *Brit'ia*, (*w. f.* Briton.

Brit'isch, *Brit'isch*, *adj.* British; Britanno.

Bril'chen, (*str.*) *n.* a kind of tailor's goose.

* **Broccatren**, (*w. v. intr.* (*Fr.*) to deal in articles of art.

* **Broccat**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) 1) Comm. brocade, cloth of bodkin; leichter —, *Broccat*, (*str.*) *m.* broccatello, tinsel: *Broccat* *marmer*, *m.* *Minor* broccatello: — *papier*, *n.* broccaded paper. — **Broccaten**, *adj.* broccaded.

* **Broccat**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) see *Spargelstich*.

* **Broccat** (*pr.* broccat), (*w. f.* brooch.

* **Broccat** (*pr.* broccat), see *Broccat*.

Bröck (*str.*) *adj.* friable, easily crumbled, shivery, crumbling, crisp: *Bröck*, *f.* friableness.

Bröckchen, (*w. v. (dimin.)* of *Bröck*) *tr.*, *intr.* & *refl.* to break into small pieces, to crumble.

A. Bröckchen, (*str.*) *m.* or *Bröckchen*, (*w. f.*

1) *gram.* crumb: *pl.* *Min.* round coal, lumps: 2) *fig.* bit, scrap: *lateinische* —, scraps of Latin: — *perlen*, *f.* *pl.* ragged pearls: — *stahl*, *m.* superfine steel: — *weise*, *adj.* in crumbs, by bits, piecemeal.

B. Bröckchen, (*str.*) *m.* the Brocken (or Blockberg), the highest summit of the Harz mountains: — *spektrum*, *n.* spectrum of the Brocken (an optical phenomenon).

Bröckchen, (*w. v. tr.* to crumble, crumb, break (up): *coll.-s.* *er* *hat* *nichts* *zu* *bröcken*, *noch* *zu* —, he is destitute of the necessities of life: *wie* *man* *es* *bröck*, *was* *man* *es* *effen*, as you have brewed, so you must drink.

m. bridge-toll: —*gölschenschmer*, m. receiver of the bridge-toll.

Brückung, (w.) *f.* wooden floor of a stable.

Brüdel, (adv.) m. *see* **Brädel**.

Brüdeln, (w.) *v. intr.* to bubble, wallop.

Brüder, (adv., pl. **Brüder**) m. 1) brother; 2) friar: *der dienende* —, lay-brother: *so viel ist es unter Brüdern werth*, fam. that's very cheap, it is a bargain; *ein lustiger* — (= *lustig*), a good fellow, a jovial companion, a jolly blade, jolly dog.

Brüderchen, (adv.) n. (*dimin.* of **Bruder**) little brother: *fg.* (dear) fellow.

Brüdergemeinde, (w.) *f.* the fraternity of the Moravians: United Brethren.

Brüder..., *in comp.* —*finst*, n. brother's child: —*hunden*, m. *Glau.* bull's eye: —*huf*, m. fraternal kiss.

[poet. for Brüdertchen]

Brüderlein, (adv.) n. (*provincia* [S. O.] &)

Brüderlich, I. *adv.* brotherly, fraternal; fellow-like; II. **Brüderlich**, (w.) *f.* brotherly feeling or affection, fraternity.

Brüder..., *in comp.* —*liebe*, *f.* brotherly love or affection; —*merch*, m., —*mörder*, m., —*mörderin*, *f.* fratricide.

Brüderu, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to treat in a brotherly manner; *recht*, to fraternise; 2) *see* **Brüderchen**.

Brüderchaft, (w.) *f.* brotherhood, fraternity, fellow-ship; —*machen* or *schließen* (or *trinken*), to fraternise (by means of bob-nobbing), *cf.* **Knüpfen**, I.

Brüderchaft, (adv.) n. *see* **Brüderchaft**.

Brühe, (w.) *f.* 1) broth; sauce; gravy; soup; 2) *T. dye*; *der Wölfe die* — *geben*, to scour the wool; 3) *T. sauce* (for to *bacoo*); *cine* *schöne* —, *iron.* a pretty pickle, nice mess, &c.

Brühen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to scald; to dip in boiling water; 2) *Ship* —, to caulk (*Rat-fatern*).

Brüh..., *in comp.* —*erz*, n. *Min.* yellow copper ore; —*sch*, n. scalding tub; —*sch*, *adj.* scalding-hot, boiling-hot, smoking-hot; *fg.* (= *warm*) *brannig*; —*sch*, n. sauce-bottle, butter-hot, sauce; —*sch*, n. sauce-pan; —*sch*, n. (boiling) water used for scalding.

Brühl, *see* **Bröl**. [*grown with bushes.*]

Brühl, (adv.) m. a marshy place over **Brühne**, (w.) *f.* *Mar.* the lowest side-plank of a flat-bottomed boat.

Brüll, (adv.) m. roar, roaring.

Brüllen, (w.) *v. intr.* to roar; to bellow, to low; to howl, to bawl.

Brüll..., *in comp.* *Zool.* —*affe*, m. howling monkey (*Myotis*); —*frosch*, m. bull-frog (*Rana boana* L.); —*ochse*, m. bull (*Bucfuchs*).

Brumm..., *in comp.* —*bär*, —*bart*, m. *fg.* growler, grumbler; —*baß*, m. 1) *fam.* *for* *Baßgeige* & *Baß*; 2) bombard-pipe (in an organ); —*eisen*, n. 1) Jew's-harp, iron-trump, drone; 2) *see* —*bär*.

Brummen, (w.) *v. intr.* & *tr.* 1) to hum (like a beetle, &c.); to growl (like a bear); to bellow, low (like oxen, &c.); to buzz, drone (like insects, &c.); to drone (litanies, &c.); to mumble (prayers, &c.); 2) *fg.* to grumble, growl, quarrel, snub; in *den Bart* —, *fam.* to grumble to one's self: *was brummt er wider?* what is he grumbling again?

Brummcr, (adv.) m. 1) bull; 2) *fg.* grumbler, growler.

Brumm..., *in comp.* —*flieger*, *f.* *Entom.* blue-bottle-fly; —*hahn*, m. *see* **Brüthahn**. [*cross.*]

Brummig, *adj. coll.* grumbling, snarlish, **Brumm...**, *in comp.* —*laster*, m. gib-cat;

—*freisel*, m. *fig.* humming-top: *cinen* — *freisel* *brummen lassen*, to hum a gig or top;

—*ochse*, m. bull, parish-bull.

• **Brumme**, *f.* *see* **Brumme**.

• **Brummet**, (w.) *L. adj.* 1) brownish, brown; 2) of a dark complexion; II. **Brummet**, (w.) *f.* *brunette* (*fig.*), a woman of a dark complexion.

Brumst, (w.) *f.* *Sport.* rut, rutting (of red-game); *brim* (of wild boars); *der Hirsch tritt in* or *auf die* —, the stag is going to rut; *die Stute ist in der* —, the mare is coming; in *der* — (*sein*), to be in the rut, *brim*; *aus der* — *treten*, to cease rutting or brimming; *die* — *vorbringen*, to copulate.

• **Brumsten**, (w.) *v. intr.* to rut, to brim.

Brumst..., *in comp.* —*geschrei*, n. sound or call of rutting animals; (*von Hirsch, Renntier*) bellowing; —*schrei*, m. rutting stag.

• **Brumstig**, *adj.* rutting, brimming.

Brumst..., *in comp.* —*plan*, —*platz*, —*stand*, m. rutting-place; —*wildpret*, n. rutting-game; —*zeit*, *f.* rutting-season, rutting-time.

• **Brumtzen**, (w.) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *Meck.* to burnish, to polish.

• **Brumt...**, *in comp.* —*eisen*, n. burnishing-stick, burnisher; —*glättstein*, m. burnishing-stone; —*gold*, m. burnished gold; —*stein*, m. *see* —*eisen*; —*stein*, m. burnishing-stone; *Minor.* blood-stone, red iron-ore.

• **Brumtöcher**, (adv.) m. *T. lime-pit*.

Brumtzen, (adv.) m. 1) well, spring; pump, pit, fountain; 2) (*Gründ-*) watering-place; *mineralischer* —, mineral water (spring); *den* — *brauchen* or *trinken*, to drink the waters, to be at the wells; *cinen* — *graben*, to dig, to sink a well; *Wasser in den* — *tragen*, *provoz.* *omel.* to throw water into the Thamez, to carry coals to Newcastle.

Brumtzen, (w.) *v. tr.* *T.* to soak (the skins) in the lime-pit.

Brumtzen..., *in comp.* —*ader*, *f.* vein of a well; —*anstalt*, *f.* watering-establishment; —*arzt*, m. physician of a watering-place; —*schür*, m. *T. lime-pit*; —*sen*, m. 1) the digging of a well; 2) art of sinking wells; —*stein*, n. basin or vase of a fountain; —*schlag*, m. pump-gear; —*schürer*, m. auger, scooping-iron (of the well-diggers); —*cur*, *f.* cure or use of mineral-waters or a natural spring; *cine* —*cur* *gebrauchen*, to use the mineral waters; —*haus*, m. well-house, well-roof; —*bedel*, m. cover of a well; —*eimer*, m. well-bucket; pail; —*einfassung*, *f.* curb (*cf.* *Einfassung*), lining of a well; —*feger*, m. well-cleanser; —*geß*, m. visitor of a watering-place; —*gebrauch*, m. use of mineral waters; —*gräber*, n. rail or balustrade of a well; —*gräber*, m. well-digger; —*hafen*, m. *see* —*stange*; —*haus*, m. well-house; —*hafen*, m. 1) wooden case of the basin of a fountain; 2) water-cistern; *Bol-* — *frant*, n. water-liverwort (*Lichen saxatilis* L.); —*freise*, *Brumntresse*, *f.* water-crosses; *balsamite* (*Steyndrium nasterium* L.); —*hüser*, *m.* *Ornith.* *see* **Brumhüser**; —*heber*, *trant*, n. *see* —*frant*; —*loch*, m. well-hole, mouth of a well, well-pit; —*macher*, m. pump-maker, well-sinker; —*mauer*, *f.* curb (of a well); —*meister*, m. 1) inspector of the wells and water-works; 2) master of the pump-room; —*moos*, n. water-moss; —*ort*, m. watering-place; —*rand*, m. brim of a well; —*ränner*, m. *see* —*feger*; —*röhre*, *f.* conduit-pipe; —*satz*, n. brine salt; spring-salt; —*schranz*, m. case, covering of a well; —*schwengel*, m. pump-handle, (well-) sweep, brake, swipe, draw-beam of a well; —*seil*, n. well-rope; —*stange*, *f.* pole of a draw-well; —*stein*, m. pl. *T.* compass-bricks; —*stube*, *f.* building raised over wells or water-works; —*tumpf*, m. discharging-trough; —*wasser*, n. spring-water, pump-water, well-water; —*zeit*, *f.* season (for using the waters); —*ziegel*, m. *see* —*stein*.

• **Brumtquell**, (adv.) m., **Brumtquelle**, (w.) *f.* spring of a well, fountain-head.

Brumst, (adv., pl. **Brumste**) *f.* 1) (*Genere*) — *fire*, conflagration; *fg.* — 2) heat, ardour, fervency; 3) concupiscence, lust; 4) *see* **Brumst** & *comp.*

Brünstig, I. *adj.* 1) hot, inflamed, ardent, eager; 2) fervent, devout, earnest (*im Beten*, to pray); 3) *Sport.* in heat, in the rut; II. **Brünstig**, (w.) *f.* ardent passion, ardour, eagerness, &c.

Brünstig, (w.) *v. intr.*, *vulg.* *see* **Brünstig**.

Brünstig, (w.) *v. intr.*, *vulg.* *see* **Brünstig**.

Brust, I. (*str.*, pl. **Brüste**) *f.* 1) breast: *Med.* chest, thorax; (*weibliche*) bosom; 2) *Buck.* (—*stüd*) brisket; 3) *see* **Brustbrust**; 4) *Med.* front-wall; 5) *Min.* *see* **Brust**; *cine* *schwache* —, a weak chest; *er* *leidet an* *der* —, his lungs (chest) are (is) affected; *ich* *ir die* — *wetten*, *fam.* to assume airs of authority or consequence, to thrust the chin into the neck, to bridle up; in *mirer* —, within my own breast; *die* — *geben*, *see* **Stilken**; *cine* *stündliche* — *aufheben*, to bring up a child by hand, to dry-nurse a child; *ich* (*Med.*) *ver die* — *schlagen*, to strike one's breast; *zur* — *gehört*, **Brust...**, *Anat.* pectoral, thoracic, mammary, mamillary; II. *in comp.* —*ader*, *f.* thoracic vein, mamillary vein; —*arterie*, *f.* thoracic artery; —*arguel*, *f.* pectoral; —*balsam*, m. pectoral balm; —*band*, n. 1) stay-lace, stay-string; 2) *Surg.* breast-bandage; —*baum*, m. weaver's (broom-) beam; yarn-beam; —*beere*, *f.* *Bol.* 1) (*vethe*) ber, fruit of the jujube; 2) (*fig.*) *see* **Brust**; *beobachten*, Assyrian plum; —*beerenbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) smooth-leaved cordia (*Ordis myrs* L.); 2) jujube-tree, jujube (*Zizyphus* L.); —*bein*, n. breast-bone, sternum; *coll. merry-thought* (of a fowl); —*beimengung*, *f.* narrowness in the chest; tightness or oppression of the chest; —*beschwerde*, *f.* complaint of the chest; —*bild*, n. *Paint.* half-length picture or likeness; *liten-size* (portrait), *Sculpt.* bust; —*binde*, *f.* *Surg.* bandage for the breast; —*blatt*, n. 1) *see* —*bein*; 2) *Saddl.* breast-collar, poitral (of a harness); —*blattschneide*, *f.* pl. breast-buckles; —*bräute*, *f.* *Med.* *angina pectoris* (lat.); —*brüder*, *m.* *see* **Brüderbrüder**; —*brut*, n. *T.* breast-board; —*brust*, m. the thoracic hernia; —*bügel*, m. back and collar.

Brustchen, (adv.) n. (*dimin.* of **Brust**) 1) little breast; 2) small bodice (for children).

Brust..., *in comp.* —*banke*, —*banke*, *f.* *see* —*brut*; —*brille*, *f.* *Anat.* mammary gland, thymus; (*cine*) *Brille* *burr* (**Brustchen**); —*eisen*, n. bask (*Blanchet*).

Brust..., (w.) *v. ref.* to hold up one's head, to give one's self airs, to plume one's self (with, on), to take pride (in), to boast (of).

Brust..., *in comp.* —*entzündung*, *f.* *Med.* inflammation in the chest; —*fell*, n. *Anat.* pleura, mediastine; —*flanz*, *f.* *see* —*flösch*; —*flösch*, m. 1) stomacher; 2) the part of a (workman's) apron that covers the chest; 3) *Phys.* plastron; 4) *Med.* Mediterranean perch (*Perca mediterranea*); —*flösch*, *f.* pectoral fin; —*flösch*, *m.* *Med.* thoracic; —*gang*, m. *Anat.* pectoral (thoracic) duct (conduit); —*geß*, m. pectoral vessel; —*gegend*, *f.* mammary region; —*geschwulst*, *f.* *Vet.* swelling of the breast, anticor; —*grüßwür*, n. pectoral cere, empyema; —*gestirn*, n. *see* **Grüßgestirn**; —*glas*, n. breast or nipple glass, breast-fountain; —*hafen*, m. *Gunn.* breast-hook; —*harnisch*, m. breast-plate, corselet, cuirass, habergeon; *Phys.* plastron; —*höhle*, *f.* cavity of the chest; —*holz*, n. *T.* 1) breast-board; 2) breast-beam; —*höfzer*, pl. 3) *Mar.* breast-hooks; 4) *see* **Brusthöfzer**; —*hufen*, m. *Anat.* chest; —*lern*, m. 1) *Sport.* breast-bone; 2) brisket; —*fette*, *f.* 1) breast-chain; 2) (*am* **Brummet**) drag-chain; —*fissen*, n. false collar; —*fisch*, n. *see* **Brustfisch**; —*hunden*, m. *see* —*bein*; —*huf*, m. costal cartilage; *der* (*schwerf*) *huf*, xiphoid or ensiform cartilage; —*knapp*, *f.* pl. *T.* pole-pieces; —*krampf*, m. spasm or cramp in the chest; asthma; —*krampf*, *f.*

disease of the chest or lungs; —*transe*, *f.* frill; —*tröbe*, *m.* cancer in the breast; —*haben*, *m.*, —*hüpfchen*, *n.* pectoral or cough lounge; —*lätzchen*, *m.* Bot. common colt's foot (*Tussilago farfara* L.); —*lag*, *m.* 1) stomacher; breast-cloth; 2) bib; —*leber*, *n.* leather apron; —*lehne*, *f.* see *Brüftung*, 1; —*leib*, *m.* see *Brüsten*; —*leier*, *f.* T. (hand-) brace, breast-bow; —*mauer*, *f.* see *Brüftung*, 1; —*milch*, *f.* Pharm. pectoral emulsion; —*mittel*, *n.* *pl.* Pharm. pectorals; —*nabel*, *f.* breast-pin; —*plaster*, *n.* plaster for the chest; —*pillen*, *f.* *pl.* pectoral pills; —*platte*, *f.* breast-plate; pectoral (of a horse); —*pulver*, *n.* pectoral powder; —*pumpe*, *f.* see —*glas*; —*reben*, *n.* *Med.* pectoriloquy; —*reinsagen*, *adj.* expectorant; —*reinigung*, *f.* expectoration; —*reinsungsmittel*, *n.* expectorant; —*riegel*, *m.* Carp.-s. 1) breast-blatt; 2) see *Spauerriegel*; —*riemen*, *m.* 1) see —*blatt*; 2) collar-braces; 3) breast-strap; —*säft*, *m.* Pharm. lobe, oesoph. pectoral electrocutor or strop; —*salbe*, *f.* Pharm. nipple-ointment or salve, nipple-liniment; —*schil*, *n.* 1) breast-plate; pectoral (of the position); *see* *Rad. rationale*; 2) *Entom.* thorax, scutcheon; —*schleier*, *m.* wimple (of nurse); —*schleife*, *f.* breast-knot; —*schiff*, *m.* bosom of a shirt; —*schmerz*, *m.* pain in the chest; —*schwamm*, *m.* Bot. a species of agaric; —*senke*, *f.* *Vol.* amarrina peculiar to horses; —*stich*, *m.* *Med.* 1) paracostosis; 2) spasm in the chest; —*stimme*, *f.* natural voice, voice from the chest (*opp.* *Stimmzucht*); —*streif*, *m.* 1) tucker; 2) see —*trank*; —*stüd*, *n.* 1) *Buch*. breast, bristlet; 2) (in *Gerüst*) breast-plate, corselet; 3) *Fam.* *plastron*; 4) see —*stüd*; 5) see —*lag*; 6) see —*schiff*; —*tasche*, *f.* breast-pocket (of a coat); —*teufel*, *acc.*; —*thet*, *m.* pectoral tea; —*trank*, *m.* pectoral potion, decoction for the chest; —*trapez*, *m.* *pl.* pectoral drops; —*trüb*, *n.* see —*lag*.

Brüftung, (*m.*) *f.* 1) (B-d-mauer, *f.*) parapet, breast-wall; 2) see *Brustbrüstung*; 3) *Nar.* diminishing of a fat river-boat at the stem and stern.

Bruck ..., *in comp.* —*wamm*, *n.* doublet; —*werge*, *f.* nipple, teat; —*wergedel*, *m.* *pl.* *Sow.* nipple-shells, nipple-caps; —*waffer*, *n.* 1) pectoral water; 2) water collected in the chest; —*wasserfuch*, *f.* dropsey in the chest, hydrothorax; —*weger*, *f.* breast-work, parapet, rampart; —*wert*, *n.* 1) *Port.* *acc.* breast-work; 2) *only*. breast; —*windfuch*, *f.* *Med.* flatulency in the chest; —*wurm*, *f.* see *Engelwurm*.

Brüt, (*m.*) *f.* 1) brood, hatchling; fry, spawn (of fishes); the young (of all kinds of animals); flush (of ducks); flight (of birds); covey (of partridges); eggs (of bees); seed (of silkworms); 2) *conf.* brains, children, vermin; 3) brooding, brooding, hatching, incubation; —*legen*, to spawn (of fish); *einen* *Leid* mit —*legen*, to stock a pond.

* *Brutall*, (*m.*) *f.* (Lat.) brutal. — *Brutalität*, (*m.*) *f.* brutality.

Brüt ..., *in comp.* —*biene*, *f.* drone; —*ei*, *Brüt*, *n.* egg for hatching; brood-egg.

Brüten, (*m.*) *v.* I. *intr.* to brood, hatch (*also* *fig.* *über* (*with* *Dat.*, sometimes *with* *Acc.*); to rear, like fowls, with *auf* & *Acc.*); to sit, to cover the eggs; *im* —*lein*, to sit hatching, being hatching; *im* —*lein* *Brüt* —, to hatch niched; *das* —, *v.* a. (*str.*) *n.* (the act of) brooding, *acc.* (artificial, *acc.*) incubation.

Brüt ..., *in comp.* —*hahn*, *n.* hatching house; —*heute*, *f.* brood-hen.

Brütig, *adj.* 1) inclined to brood, (*m.* *il.*) broody; 2) (of eggs) added (*angebrütet*).

Brüt ..., *in comp.* —*stern*, *Brütstern*, *m.* hatching-oven; —*ort*, *m.* brooding-place (of birds); —*schleib*, *f.* *Bee*. brood-comb; —*zeit*, *Brützeit*, *f.* brooding-time; —*zeit*, *f.* brood-call.

* *Brutto*, *adv.* (*Ital.*) *Comm.* gross, brutto; 4 *Pfund* —, 4 pounds brutto; —*betrag*, *m.* gross-amount; —*bilanz*, *f.* gross balance, balance gross; —*einnahme*, *f.* gross receipt; —*ertrag*, *m.* gross-proceeds or profit; —*fracht*, *f.* gross freight; —*gewicht*, *n.* brute-weight, gross-weight; —*gewinn*, *m.* see —*ertrag*.

Br! or *Br!* *interj.* a sign to impose silence or stop a person, hist! what! hush!

Brübeln, (*m.*) *v.* *intr.* *provinc.* to bubble. *Brübeln* (*m.*) *v.* *intr.* *coll.* for *Bittern*. *Brübeln*, *Brübeln*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Bube*) little boy.

Brübe, (*m.*) *m.* 1) boy, lad; 2) *Gam.* knave (at cards); 3) *knave*, varlet, wretch. *Brüben*, *Brübeln*, (*m.*) *v.* *intr.* 1) to act as a knave or a profligate; 2) see *Liebeln*.

Brüben ..., *in comp.* —*büfel*, *f.* see *Ardenbüfel*; —*brant*, *n.* see *Wangeld*; —*freich*, *m.* —*stüd*, *n.* knavery, roguery, villany, foul play, knavish trick.

Brücker, (*m.*) *f.* see *Bruckentrich*. *Brüben*, *f.* of *Bube*, (*anal.* [†] varletous) a knavish, worthless woman.

Brüfisch, *adj.* knavish, roguish, villainous. * *Bucanier* [*pr.* —*ist*], (*Fr.* *boucanier*) see *Bucanier*.

* *Bucina* [*pr.* *bükina*], (*m.*) *m.* *Minor*. petrifications of the whelk (*Buccinum* [Lat.], *Rinkhorn*).

Buch, (*str.* *pl.* *Bücher*) *n.* 1) book; 2) (*in this sense the singular form is used in the plural number*) ein —*Capit.* of 24—25 *Ver-*gen a quire (of paper); 20 —*machen* ein *Rien*, 20 quires make a ream; *Comm.* —*a.*, *acc.* zu —*bringen*, *ins* —*eintragen*, to book, to carry into the book; —*halten*, *die* *Bücher* *führen*, to keep book or the books; *ein* —*mit* *stehen* *Eingeln*, a seven-sealed book, a mystery; 3) ein —*Reiten*, a full suit of cards; 4) *Zool.* see *Büchermagen*; *II.* —*abel*, *m.* see *Brickabel*.

Buchampfer, *Buchäpfel*, *Buchbaum* *cc.* *Buchare*, *f.* *Geogr.* Bukharia, Bucharia.

Buchbinder, (*str.*) *m.* bookbinder; —*able*, *f.* bookbinder's bodkin; —*artikel*, *m.* stationery goods or ware; —*gold*, *n.* leaf-gold; —*hebel*, *m.* plough-knife; —*zeug*, *n.* bookbinder's pool; —*leber*, *n.* binding-leather; —*lein*, *m.* see *Rundlein*; —*lohn*, *m.* money paid for binding books; —*presse*, *f.* binder's press; —*spühne*, *m.* *pl.* scale-bords; —*wearte*, *f.* see —*artikel*.

Buchdruck, (*str.*) *m.* *Vol.* see *Bücherdruck*.

Buchdrucker, (*str.*) *m.* 1) printer; 2) see *Berlinerdrucker*; —*ballen*, *m.* (*formerly*) inking-ball, beater.

Buchdrucker, (*m.*) *f.* printing-house, printing-office, printing-establishment.

Buchdrucker ..., *in comp.* —*farbe*, *f.* printer's ink; —*gehülfe*, *m.* journeyman-printer; —*haup*, *f.* art of printing, typography; —*leiste*, *f.* border; —*presse*, *f.* printing-press, letter-press; —*schrift*(en), *f.* (*pl.*) printing-type(s), type-letters; —*schürze*, *f.* printing-ink; —*stüd*, *m.* vignet, vignette, printer's flower; border; head-piece, tail-piece; —*werthstätt*, *f.* printing-house; printing-shop; —*zeichen*, *m.* monogram.

Büche, *provinc.* *Büche*, *s.* I. (*m.*) *f.* *Bot.* beech, beech-tree (*Fagus silvatica* L.); *II.* *in comp.* *Büchamper*, *m.* *Bot.* wood-sorrel, see *Caucurrier*; *Büchäpfel*, see *Buchäpfel*; *Büchbaum*, *m.* see *Buch*; *Büchbäume*, *adj.* of beech; *Büchbrot*, *n.* see *Buchampfer*; *Büchäpfel*, *coll.* *Bücheder*, *Büchel*, *Büchel*, (*m.*) *f.* beech-sorrel; beech-mast.

Büchelchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Buch*) little book, booklet.

Büchen (*from* *Buch*), (*m.*) *v.* *tr.* *Comm.* to book, to pass or enter into the books; *gleichförmig* — to book or to note in con-

formity; *eine* *Summe* gegen ... —, to place a sum against ...

Büchen (*from* *Buche*), *Büchen*, *I.* *adj.* beechen, of beech-wood; *II.* *in comp.* —*blätter*, (*pl.*) 1) leaves of the beech-tree; 2) scale-boards; —*heim*, —*wald*, *m.* beech-grove; —*holz*, *n.* beech-wood; *aus* —*holz*, beechen; —*fern*, *m.* see *Buchäpfel*; —*fohlen*, *f.* *pl.* charcoal of beech-wood; —*maß*, see *Buchmaß*.

Bücher ..., (*from* *Buch*), *in comp.* —*ab-* (*schl.*), *m.* *Comm.* a closing or balancing of the books; —*beschreiber*, *m.* bibliographer; —*beschreibung*, *f.* bibliography; —*bewahrer*, *m.* librarian; —*bohrer*, *m.* *Entom.* book-worm (*Ptilinus pectinicornis* F.); —*bort*, —*bret*, *n.* set of shelves (for books), book-stand, book-shelf; —*büch*, *m.* *fig.* plagiarism; —*bücherei*, *m.* plagiarism; book-piracy.

Bücher, (*m.*) *f.* collection of books, library (*Bibliothek*).

Bücherer, (*str.*) *m.* (*I.* *u.*) librarian (*Bibliothekar*).

Bücher ..., *in comp.* —*feind*, *m.* *Entom.* see *Büchfresser*; —*freund*, *m.* bibliophile, one who loves books; —*geft*, *n.* see —*bürr*; —*kenner*, *m.* bibliographer; —*kenntnis*, —*kunde*, *f.* bibliography; —*lohn*, *f.* 1) book-loan

(*Chelidius arvensis* Latr.); 2) see —*wurm*; —*macher*, *m.* *cont.* book-maker, scribbler; —*milbe*, *f.* see —*laus*; —*narr*, *m.* bibliomaniac; —*saal*, *m.* library-hall; —*sammeler*, *m.* book-collector; —*sammlung*, *f.* collection of books, library; —*schub*, *m.* library; —*schran*, *m.* book-case; —*schreiben*, *n.* *Entom.* scorpion tick (*Phalangium cancrisoides* L.); —*sprache*, *f.* written language; —*sticht*, *f.* bibliomania, book-madness; —*stichtig*, *m.* bibliomaniac; —*stall*, *m.* book-stall; —*stube*, *f.* book-room; 1) library; 2) study; 3) office; —*tröbler*, *m.* second-hand bookseller; —*verfeiler*, *m.* proprietor of a circulating library; —*vergeichnis*, *n.* catalogue of books; —*wurm*, *m.* 1) *Entom.* book-worm; woodlouse (*Trochus pubescens* L.); 2) *fig.* book-worm, porer; —*glummer*, *n.* see —*laul*.

Büch ..., (*from* *Buche*), *in comp.* —*eide*, *f.* white-beech (*Carpinus betulus* L.); —*fin*, *m.* *Ornith.* chaffinch, finch (*Pringilla caerulea* L.).

Büch ..., *in comp.* —*form*, *f.* —*form*, *m.* size (of a book); —*führer*, —*führung*, see —*halter* *cc.*; —*gelehrsamkeit*, *f.* book-learning; —*gelehrt*, *adj.* book-taught, book-learned; —*gläubiger*, *m.* book-creditor; —*gold*, *n.* see *Blattgold*; —*halten*, *n.* book-keeping; —*halter*, *m.* book-keeper; head clerk, accountant; —*halter*, *f.* 1) *u.* for *Buchhaltung*; 2) book-keeper's office; —*haltung*, *f.* (the act or art of) book-keeping (*einfahe*), by single entry; *doppelt*, by double entry; —*händler*, *m.* (the employment of) bookselling, book-trade.

Büchhändler, (*str.*) *m.* bookseller; *in comp.* —*börse*, *f.* bookseller's exchange, (*im* *London*) Stationer's Hall; —*honorar*, *n.* copy-money; —*strasse*, *f.* ledger (containing the running accounts of booksellers); —*währung*, —*zahlung*, *f.* bookseller's value.

Büch ..., *in comp.* —*handlung*, *f.* 1) see —*händler*; 2) bookseller's shop; —*fin*, *n.* see *Wandelfin*.

Büchfresser, (*str.*) *m.* see *Buchampfer*.

Büch ..., *in comp.* —*laden*, *m.* bookseller's shop; —*leinwand*, *n.* —*leinwand*, *f.* *Comm.* book-linen, stripes (*pl.*); —*macher*, see *Büchermacher*; —*macher*, *f.* *cont.* book-making, book-manufactury.

Büch ..., (*from* *Buche*), *in comp.* —*marber*, *m.* see *Baummarber*; —*maß*, *f.* beech-mast, buck-mast; —*maus*, *f.* see *Büchmaus*; —*naß*, *f.* see *Buchäpfel*; —*öl*, *n.* oil extracted from beech-scorns; —*saucampfer*, see *Buchampfer*.

Buch [*pr.* *büch*], (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* (*gener.*) —*baum* box, box-tree (*Buxus* L.); —*baum*

—*schling*; —*schür*, *n.* theatrical apparel, theatrical properties, theatricals; —*schiff*, *n.* decoration, *f.* stage-decoration, scenery; —*schlichter*, *m.* stage-poet; dramatist, dramatic author; play-wright; —*schlig*, *adv.* —*gerührt*, *f.* stage-condition; —*gerührt*, *Bühnenhaft*, *adj.* fitted or adapted for (representation on) the stage; scenic, theatrical; —*schib*, *m.* hero of the stage; —*schibin*, *f.* stage-heroine; —*maier*, *m.* scene-painter; —*maieret*, *f.* scene-painting; —*mäßig*, *adv.* —*gerührt*; —*maieret*, *m.* Bühnenmaieret, (*str.*) *m.* wharfer; —*jäger*, *m.* —*jägerin*, *f.* opera-singer; —*spiel*, *n.* stage-play; —*spiel*, *n.* play, dramatic composition; —*spiel*, *n.* ballet; —*verzier*, *f.* scene-decoration; —*spiel*, *f.* (side-)scene; —*spielung*, *f.* stage-direction; —*spiel*, *n.* machinery of a theatre; —*spiel*, *n.* stage-affairs, theatricals; —*spiel*, *n.* —*spiel*.

Bühne, (*w.*) *f.* provinc. pillow-case; *Bühnen*, *f.* nun's lace; *Bühnen*, *n.* ticking.
Bühnen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bühnen*) *n.* see *Bühnen*.
Bühne, (*w.*) *f.* see *Bühne*.
Bühnen, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Bühnen, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

* *Bucanier*, (*str.*) *m.* buccaneer.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* see *Büchse*, 2.
* *Buch* (*ist*), see *Buch*.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. for *Büchse*.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* see *Büchse*.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

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Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* see *Büchse*.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

* *Bucanier*, (*str.*) *m.* buccaneer.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* see *Büchse*, 2.
* *Buch* (*ist*), see *Buch*.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. for *Büchse*.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* see *Büchse*.
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smash! — *ging die Hühner*, *vulg.* bounce went the door.

Bund, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to fall with a dash.
Bund, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Bünde*) *n.* bunch, bundle, pack; bolt (of canvas); bottle (*Gen.* of hay), truss (of straw), cut (of hay, &c.); ein — *Ende*, *Dy.* a knot of silk; — *Stück*, bobbin of flax; der *fünftige* —, turban (*Ähr-fund*); II. (*str.*, *pl.* *Bünde*) *m.* 1) band (*also T.*), tie, bandage; 2) *Instr.* — *m.* fret; 3) *T.* load-frame (of panes); corner of the load-frame; ein — *schwingen*, to join the corners of the load-frame; 4) head (of a skein or sleeve); 5) *all.* alliance, &c. see *Bündnis*; der *deutsche* —, the German Confederation; der *alte* und der *neue* —, the Old and the New Testament, covenant; in *B-* stehen or *sein* mit —, to be league with...; ein — mit dem *Teufel* machen, to enter into compact with the devil: III. *in comp.* — *art*, *f.* Corp. joint hook-shaped axe; — *heilen*, *m.* *Bünd.* joining-balk; — *kräftig*, *adj.* breaking the covenant, faithless; — *eisen*, *n.* rod-iron in bundles.

Bündel, (*str.*) *n.* bundle, bunch, truss; bottle, cut (of hay); bobbin (of flax); sheaf (of arrows); parcel, packet, luggage, *cf.* *Bund*; in — *binden* or *packen*, to bunch, to make up in bundles or packages; — *preffe*, *f.* *T.* bundle press, bundling press.

Bündel, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to bunch, &c. see in *Bündel* *packen*; II. *v. intr.* to enter into a secret league. — *Bündel*, (*w.*) *f.* participation in a secret league or conspiracy.

Bündel, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Bündel, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

* *Bucanier*, (*str.*) *m.* buccaneer.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* see *Büchse*, 2.
* *Buch* (*ist*), see *Buch*.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. for *Büchse*.
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Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *Min.* old shaft left off.

Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* goose-wing (of a sail).
Büchse, (*w.*) *v. intr.* provinc. to give a *Büchse*..., *in comp.* — *stut*, *n.* — *stut*, *f.* — *stutter*, *n.* *Vul.* drompy (peculiar to cows).

Bunt, *adj.* 1) variegated, partly-coloured, gay-coloured; coloured; stained (glass, paper, &c.); 2) motley, mottled, mixed, checkered; 3) *Mar.* confused; *die* *Bunt* *ist* *mit* *zu* —, that stuff has too much pattern (or is too gaudy) for me; — *aussagen*, to diversify with inlaid work, to inlay; — *machen*, to stain, illuminate; to diversify, variegate; to colour; to dapple. to speckle; *b-e* *Reise*, court-card; *des* *b-e* *Gewirr*, motley throng; — *durch* *einander*, in motley confusion, *vulg.* skumble-scumble; *ein* *b-e* *Reihe*, a checkered line, motley row; *b-e* *Reihe* *machen*, to arrange places so that a gentleman sits next to every lady in a company; *er* *mach* *es* *zu* —, he goes too far; he is too bad; *es* *ging* — *her*, there were strange goings on; *bekannt* *wie* *ein* *b-e* *Bund*, see *Bekannt*; *Ornith.* — *die* *b-e* *Gente*, *f.* Egyptian duck (*Anas aegyptiaca*); *die* *b-e* *Reise*, see *Ranteimöbe*; *der* *b-e* *Reise*, see *Buntfisch*; *der* *b-e* *Reise*, *m.* *Minor.* variegated sandstone; *b-e* *Reise*, *Comm.* dolls, children's toys.

Bunt, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to bunch, &c. see in *Bündel* *packen*; II. *v. intr.* to enter into a secret league. — *Bündel*, (*w.*) *f.* participation in a secret league or conspiracy.
Bund, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* bilboes.
Bund, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* boyer (kind of Dutch vessel).

* *Bucanier*, (*str.*) *m.* buccaneer.
Büchse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* see *Büchse*, 2.
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Büchse, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. for *Büchse*.
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Bürge, (w.) m. bail, security, surety, bondsman, warrantor; — werden, see **Bürgen**; **B-a** stellen, to procure bail, to find a security.

Bürgermeister, (str.) m. see **Bürgermeister**.

Bürgen, (w.) v. *intr.* to give bail or security; — für, to go or become bail, to bail, answer for; to vouch (for).

Bürger, s. I. (str.) m. citizen; burgher, burgess, freeman (of a town); townsman; commoner, civilian; *freie* —, (free) denizen; — werden, to get the freedom of the city: II. *in comp.* — adel, m. 1) patricians of the imperial cities; 2) nobility conferred upon them; —ämter, n. pl. municipal offices or functions; —brief, m. certificate of citizenship; —buch, n. (official) list of the citizens of a town; burgher-roll; —eid, m. citizen's oath; —frau, f. 1) a female of the middling class; 2) wife of a citizen; —freund, m. friend of the people; —garde, f. town militia, civic guard, trainbands (pl.); —garbist, m. see —(selbst); —geld, n. burghership's fee; —hauptmann, m. city-captain.

Bürgerin, (w.) f. female citizen.

Bürger..., *in comp.* —franz, m. —front, f. civic crown; —friede, m. civil (intestine) war, domestic war; —leben, n. *col.* or tenure of land that may be held by a civilian; burgage-tenure.

Bürgerlich, I. *adj.* 1) civil, common; 2) *fig.* citizen-like; das b-e Recht, civil law; der b-e Tod, civil death; das b-e Schicksal, *lit.* the domestic or bourgeois drama; b-e Strich, *f. Law*, respite of 14 days; b-e Stitten, simple manners; der b-en Verträge berauben, to disfranchise (a town); II. *pl.* —e, m. & f. (*decl. like adj.*) civilian.

Bürger..., *in comp.* —mädchen, n. 1) a girl of the middle class; 2) daughter of a citizen; —mäßig, *adj.* 1) citizen-like; 2) see **Bürgerlich**; —meister, m. 1) burgo-master; mayor; 2) *Ornith.* gray maw; —meisteramt, m. mayoralty; —meisterf., f. mayoralty; 1) office of the mayor; 2) mayoralty-house; —meisterin, f. mayoresse; —militär, n. —, —miliz, *f.* see —garde; —pflicht, *f.* duty of a citizen; —recht, n. freedom of a city, citizenship; burghership; denisation; *livery*; *Einn* das —recht verliehen, to grant citizenship to one, to vest with the rights of a citizen; fremden Bürgern das —recht verliehen, to naturalise foreign words; —rolle, *f.* see —buch.

Bürgerchaft, (w.) *f. collect.* the citizens, corporation, community.

Bürger..., *in comp.* —(sch)ule, m. see —(sch)ule; —(sch)ule, f. town-school; B-*frau*, *f.* a citizen's wife, woman of the middle class; —flur, m. civism; patriotism; B-*flur*, pl. townsfolk, citizens; B-*mann*, m. burgher, townsman; —(selbst), m. citizen-soldier; city militia-man; —stand, m. 1) state of a citizen; 2) *collect.* the citizens; —(str.) m. side-walk, foot-path; foot-pavement; flag-way; —(str.)m., *f.* daughter of a citizen.

Bürgerthum, (str.) pl. B-*thümer* n. condition of a citizen, civic estate.

Bürger..., *in comp.* —(sitzung), *f.* civic virtue; —(versammlung), *f.* 1) assembly of the citizens; 2) town-meeting; 3) meeting of the town-constituency; —(wache), *f.* see —garde; —(wehr), *f.* citizen soldiery; national guard; —(wesen), n. every thing relating to a body of citizens, civic affairs.

Burg..., *in comp.* —(festen), m. borough; —(frau), *f.* wife of the —(herr), which see; —(frieden), m. 1) security against aggression; 2) see —bann; 3) fortification of a (feudal) castle; —(gericht), n. castle court; —(graben), m. castle moat; —(graf), m. burgrave; —(gräflich), *adj.* belonging to a burgrave; —(gräflich), *adj.* burgraviat; —(hauptmann), m. castellan; commander or governor of a feudal castle; —(herr), m. lord of a feudal

castle; —(lehen), n. tenure of a feudal castle and the land attached to it; —(richter), m. see —vogt; —(sitz), m. one subject to the jurisdiction of a feudal castle.

Bürgschaft, (w.) *f.* security, surety; pledge, warrant(y); bail; suretyship, *cf.* *Beiderbott*; —(leihen), to stand or give security (bail), to become responsible (für, for), to warrant; —(stellen), to put in bail; unter — des Herrn N., on Mr. N.'s bail; ohne — (bei Knecht) —, without our guarantee or prejudice; ich setze darin ein — für ..., I regard it as a pledge of ...; b-*fähig*, *adj.* bailable; B-*geheim*, B-*brief*, m., B-*obligation*, *f.* (bail)-bond, warrant(y).

Burgthür, (str.) n. castle-gate.

Burgund, (str.) n. *Geogr.* Burgundy.

Burgunder, (str.) m. Burgundian; 2) Burgundy-wine.

Burgundern, (w.) v. *intr. coll.* (v. *Gaudy*) to drink Burgundy-wine.

Burgundisch, *adj.* Burgundian; die b-e Gicht, *Bot.* turkey oak-tree (*Quercus cerris* L.); b-es *Stu*, see *Eichelfeier*; b-es *Stu*, Burgundy pitch.

Burg..., *in comp.* —(verste), n. keep of a castle; donjon; —(vogt), m. see *Schloßvogt* n.; —(wache), *f.* castle-ward; —(werter), *f.* watch-tower.

* **Burlesk**, *adj.* (Fr.) burlesque.

* **Burmes**, (str.) *Gen.* Burmese, pl. Burmesen (m. Arab.) burmese (bourmese, burmes, barmese, orig. the outer mantle of an Arab).

Burde(c), (w., pl. coll. str.) m. 1) fellow, companion; 2) youngster, apprentice, (waiting) boy; lad, youth; 3) *form.* Unse. student; B-(n) 'russ! formerly alarm-cry of students, anal. gowns! ein lustiger —, a merry fellow, coll. a jolly dog or blade.

Burde n., see **Burde** n. [stripling.

Burde, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Burde*) **Burde**(sch), **Burde**(sch), *adj.* student-like; *fig.* jovial, unceremonious, free and easy; — gefellert, * student-garbed.

Burde(sch), (str.) n. 1) the life of a student; 2) single life. — **Burde**(sch), (w.) *f.* **Burde**(sch), (str.) m. Burschenschaft (association of students founded in 1815, for patriotic purposes).

* **Burde**, (w.) *f.* (*Mid. Lat. bursa*) lodging-house of students in the middle ages, inn, hostel, hall.

Burde, (w.) *f.* brush.

Burde, (w.) v. to brush: *fig.* (*Decl.*) die Zähne —, to brush one's teeth; coll. to tipple, to drink.

Burde..., *in comp.* —(abzug), m. *Print.* brush-proof (*Text.*); —(artig), *adj.* *Bot.* pectinate; —(binder), m. brush-maker; —(binderpfeife), *f.* anal. outler's poetry; —(binder), m. brush-bit; —(erz), n. *Mfm.* filamental ore; —(form), *f.* 1) mould (board) for brushes; —(gras), *n.* *Bot.* beard-grass (*Polygala*); —(maschine), *f.* —, *rad*, n. T. brushing mill or machine; —(str.)m., pl. courses of the brush; —(wurm), m. see *Drahtwurm*.

Burde, (str.) m. 1) scrub; 2) see *Bortulaf*.

Burde, (str.) m. 1) Rump, croup; ventilet (of birds); 2) a) *Sport.* see *Bumme*; b) dock, bob-tail (of a horse or dog).

Burde & **Burde**..., *in comp.* —(baum), m. see *Burdebaum*; —(baum), m. *Bot.* catnip (*Thymus*); —(mäusen), m. cork tumbler; —(taube), *f.* **Burde**, (str.) m. *Ornith.* ermin tumbler, snuikin (*Columba pyrrhiza* L.); **Burde**(wurm), m. *Med.* belt (disease among sheep).

Burde, (w.) v. *intr.* (aus. sein) to tumble.

Burde, (w.) v. *intr.* to carry the tail upwards (of horses).

Burde, s. I. (str., pl. *Burde*) m. 1) bush; thicket, copse; 2) tuft, bunch; 3) pl. *Mar.*

breeding-fagots or furze; auf dem — (schlagen) (*fliegen*), coll. to beat about the bush: II. *in comp.* —(affe), m. *Zool.* orang-outang, man of the woods (*Simia satyrus* L.); —(antife), *f.* wood-ant, see *Wegantife*; —(ampfer), m. see *Scutellaria*; —(bae), m. see *Baldentia*; —(bäuer), *f.* *Bot.* dwarf-bean (*Phaseolus nanus* L.).

Burde, s. I. (str.) m. tuft (of grass, hair, &c.); bunch, truss, wisp (of straw, &c.); cluster (of grapes, &c.); bundle (of fagots); *Bot.* fascicle, cluster; (auf dem Kopf der *Burde*) tuft, crop; in B-n wechsen, bunchy; II. *in comp.* —(artig), *adj.* in the shape of a tuft; fascicular; *Bot.* —(strubum), m. grape-poor (*Pirus botryptum*); —(strife), *f.* rose pea; —(strig), *adj.* see —(artig).

Burde, *adj.* tufted; corymbated; **Burde**..., *in comp.* —(fleier), *f.* New-England-pine (*Pinus maritima* K. Ait.); —(firche), see *Trambentirche*; —(frucht), *f.* disease peculiar to bees; —(miste), *f.* *Bot.* crane-fly (*Tipula* L.); braune, father (daddy) long-legs (*Tipula silvestris*); —(rath), n. *Bot.* common marsh-reed (*Arundo phragmites* L.).

Burde(sch), (w.) *f.* see *Reinbitter*.

Burde..., *in comp.* —(tragend), *adj.* corymbiform; —(weife), *adv.* & *adj.* (growing, &c.) in tufts; by the bunch.

Burde..., *in comp.* —(eule), *f.* *Ornith.* thickst-owl (*Bubo aluco* L.); —(falle), m. see —(falle); —(holz), n. under-wood; copse-wood, under-growth; —(stirn), n. see *Staubstirn*.

Burde, **Burde**(sch), *adj.* bushy (also *fig.* of the eyebrows, &c. = shaggy), shrubby; tufted; woolly.

Burde, (w.) v. *intr.* to beat for game.

Burde..., *in comp.* —(flügel), m. see *Reinbitter*; —(flügel), m. 1) foot-pad, prowler, ranger; 2) see *Bildsch*; —(felle), *f.* see *Baumfelle*; —(maus), *f.* *Zool.* a species of opossum (*Didelphis cynopollin*); —(mensche), m. see —(off); —(ratte), *f.* *Zool.* Virginian opossum (*Didelphis virginiana* L.); —(reiter), m. see *Staubreiter*; —(rüger), m. *Ornith.* warbler (*Sylvia* L.); —(schneide), see *Burde*(schneide); —(spinne), see *Burde*(spinne); —(stern), *f.* leaves of trees used as litter; —(weide), *f.* osier-willow (*Salix triandra*, *halea*, &c. L.); —(wesen), m. see *Jauchweide*; —(wert), n. 1) see —(holz); 2) *botan.* a palisade of bushes or fagots (to preserve the banks of a river). [&c.]

Burde, (w.) *f.* province. fine hair (of a cat).

Burde, **Burde**, (w.) *f.* *Mar.* small boat, herring-bus or boat.

Burde, I. (str.) m. 1) bosom, breast, *fig.* heart; 2) (*Wirt-*) bay; gulph; inn — fragt, to hold in intimacy, to imbosc; in seinen greifen, *fig.* to dive into one's heart; II. *in comp.* —(freund), m. bosom-friend; —(frühe), *f.* frill, ruffle; tucker; —(nabel), *f.* breast-pin; —(ring), m. breast-ring; —(schleier), m. (der *Reinen*) wimple; —(schleife), *f.* breast-knot; —(strei), m. see —(traufe); —(stunde), *f.* bosom-sin, besetting sin; —(tuch), n. neckcloth.

* **Burde**, (w.) *f.* (Fr.) bust. — **Burde**, (w.) v. to form a bust of.

Burde, (str.) m. († &) province. hiss (*Rei*). **Burde**, **Burde**(sch), (str.) m. *Ornith.* bald buzzard, putock (*Falco baldo* L.).

Burde..., *in comp.* —(bust), *f.* stool of repentance; —(busch), m. penitential.

Burde, (w.) *f.* 1) penance, penitence, repentance; 2) atonement; satisfaction; compensation; 3) fine, punishment; amercement; —(thun), to do penance, to repent, to make amends.

Burde, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) a) obsolescent, to mend, repair (*Reinbitter* n.); b) (also *intr.* with *für* ...) *fig.* to repair (a loss), to make up for (a deficiency); to pay for; suffer for, atone for, to expiate (one's sins, &c.); ich muß für

calcare, calcinato: calcinierter Zinn or Blei, putty-powder. — **Calcinir'sten**, m. calcining oven; calcor: *Glass-w.* calcining arch, shallow oven. — **Calcinir'stegel**, m. calcinatory.

* **Calcul**, (str.) m. (Fr.-Lat.) **Calculus**, (u.) f. calculation: computation. — **Calculatör**, (str., pl. [w.] G-to'ren) m. calculator; accountant. — **Calculir'en**, (u.) v. tr. & intrans. see **Kundrechnen**, **Berechnen**. — **Calculir'ter**, (u.) f. 1) see **Calculation**; 2) see **Rechnung**.

Calcut', n. Geogr. Calcut: c-lische Fahn, m. Ormith. turkey-cock (*Meleagris gallopavo* L.): c-lische Henne, f. turkey-hen.

Calcho'nien, (str.) n. Geogr. Calcedonia. — **Calcho'nier**, (str.) m., **Calcho'nisch**, adj. Calcedonian.

* **Calcut'rter**, (str., pl. [w.] G-to'ren) m. (Lat.) 1) see **Einbürger**; 2) rootless, middle-some follow.

* **Calcu'den**, pl. (Lat.) Rom. Ant. calends.

* **Calcut'er**, (Lat.) see **Kalender**.

* **Calcf'he**, (u.) f. (Fr.) calash (light chariot or carriage with low wheels).

* **Calcfür'holz**, (str., pl. G-hölzer) n. sandal-wood, red sanders.

* **Calcf'at**, (str.) m. (& n.) (Lat.) Ecol. cellulose (also **Cellulose**).

* **Calcf'er**, (str.) n. (Fr.-Arab.) 1) *Gumm.* calibre, bore of a gun, diameter; 2) *fig.* kind, sort, quality: — **behörer**, m. gun-borer: — **cirfel**, m. see **Zerscherfener**; — **flab**, — **flod**, m. calibre-rule. — **Calcf'ir'en**, (u.) v. tr. *Gumm.* to dispart.

Calcf'ornien, (str.) n. Geogr. California. — **Calcf'ornier**, (str.) m., **Calcf'ornisch**, adj. Californian.

* **Calcf'en**, (u.) v. intr. Comm. (Lat.) to [diminish in the weight].

* **Calcf'mus**, (indecl.) coll. str. *Gem.* **Calcf'mus**, pl. **Calcf'mus** m. 1) Bot. sweet calamus, sweet-smelling or sweet-scented flag; *Pharm.* & *Comm.* calamus; 2) (—**braunwein**, m.) calamus-brandy.

* **Calcf'mel**, (str.) n. *Pharm.* calomel.

* **Calcf'mum**, (str.) n. *Phys.* (Lat.) caloric (*Wärmerich*). — **Calcf'r'isch**, adj. caloric.

* **Calcf'quien** [pr. kal'tien], (u.) v. tr. (Fr.) to call, calque, counterdraw, to trace. — **Calcf'quienwand**, (u.) f. writing or tracing-cloth. — **Calcf'quienpapier**, (str.) n. tracing-paper.

* **Calcf'te**, (u.) f. (Fr.) 1) calotte (seull-cap), calote (also **Archit.**); 2) Anat. upper part of the skull.

* **Calcf'ini'mus**, (indecl.) m. Calvinism. — **Calcf'ini'st**, (u.) m. Calvinist. — **Calcf'ini'st'isch**, adj. Calvinistical.

* **Camajew**, (str.) n. T. camaieu, cameo; — **gemälde**, n. camaieu, brooch.

* **Cambl'r'recht**, (str.) n. (Lat.) see **Wohlfahrt**. — **Cambl's**, (str.) m. see **Wohlfahrt**. — **Cambl'ren**, (u.) v. intr. to carry on a banking or exchange-business. — **Cambl'r**, (u.) m. cambist. [boge.]

* **Cambl'jagummi**, (str.) n. *Pharm.* gamboge.

* **Cam'e**, (u.) f. & m. (Fr.) cameo.

* **Cam'e'lle**, **Cam'e'llie**, (u.) f. Bot. camelia (*Camellia japonica* L.).

* **Camelot**, (u.) f. (Fr.) camelot, camelot: *grünfärbte* — *junge*, pl. camelotes.

Cam'ent, see **Cement**.

* **Cam'erad**, (u., less usual str.) m. (Fr.) comrade, fellow, co-mate. — **Cam'erad'schaft**, (u.) f. fellowship, consortium, society.

* **Cam'eräl'**, adj. (Mid. Lat.) financial, relating to political economy: — **wesen**, n. finances: — **wissen[schaft]**, f. Cameralia, n. pl. science of finances, cameralistics. — **Cam'eräl'ist**, (u.) m. student of cameralistics, financier.

* **Cam'il'le**, (str.) f. Bot. (Gr.) camomile; gemeine —, see **Heidecamille**; römische (röc) —,

sweet camomile (*Anthemis nobilis* L.): spanische —, see **Bertram**; stinkende, unedle —, dog fennel (*Anthemis cotula* L.).

* **Cam'isäl'**, (str., pl. coll. Cam'isäl'e) n. (Fr.) under-waistcoat, doublet.

* **Cam'pag'n'e** [pr. lampen'e], (u.) f. (Fr.) campaign, expedition.

* **Cam'pel** [sh'p'el], (str.) n. Comm. log-wood: (or — **baum**, m.) Bot. campeachy-wood (*Hematanthra campechana* L.).

* **Cam'p'ien**, (u.) v. intr. (Lat.) 1) to camp, encamp (as soldiers); 2) coll. to be in close (temporary) custody.

Can'ade, (str.) n. Geogr. Canada: — **bal'iam**, m. *Pharm.* balsam of fir. — **Can'aden'ster**, **Can'ad'er**, (str.) m. native or inhabitant of Canada, Canadian. — **Can'ad'isch**, adj. Canadian. [rascallion; 2) rabble, mob.]

* **Can'al'le** [pr. fanal'e], (u.) f. (Fr.) 1)

* **Can'al**, (str., pl. Can'al'e) m. (Lat.) 1) (theßlicher) canal: 2) (natürlicher) channel: der britische —, Geogr. British Channel: 3) *Gum.-m.* nipple-bore; 4) *Wass.* groove; 5) *fig.* channel: — **arbeiter**, m. banker, coll. navy: — **bau**, m., **Can'al'isier'n**, (u.) f. canalisation, canalling: — **brücke**, f. draw-bridge: — **fahrt**, f. passage by a canal or through a channel: — **schloß**, f. canal lock: — **wage**, f. water-level. [day-bed; sofa, settee.]

* **Can'ap'et**, (str.) n. (Fr.) canopy: couch: **Can'a'rien**, I. (u.) f. pl. Geogr. Canary Islands: II. incomp. adj. relating to the Canary-Islands: — **baum**, m. Bot. Canary tree (*Canarium* L.): — (glanz)grün, n. Bot. Canary-grass (*Phalaris canariensis* L.): — **brüte**, f. a hatch or brood of canary-birds: — **same**, m. Canary-seed: — **sekt**, m. canary (wine): — **segel**, m. Ormith. canary-bird (*Fringilla canaria* L.): — **jücker**, m. Canary-sugar.

* **Can'a'rier**, (str.) m., **Can'a'risch**, adj. Canarian. [screen; 2) channel.]

* **Can'cel'le**, (u.) f. **Archit.** (Lat.) 1)

* **Can'da'ber**, (str.) m. (Fr.-Lat.) can-

* **Can'del'güder**, **Can'dis'güder**, (str.) m. (Fr.) sugar-candy, rock-candy.

Can'dia, (str.) n. Geogr. Candia.

* **Can'dibäl'**, (str.) m. (Lat.) candidate: (der von einer Partei aufgestellt) nominee; als — **aussstellen**, to nominate; als — **aussreten** für ..., to stand for (at elections); — **des Frebigtants werden**, to be licensed to preach.

* **Can'dibäl'ren**, (u.) v. intr. to be a candidate, to stand forward as candidate, to run (um, for).

* **Can'dier**, (str.) m., **Can'dist'**, (u.) m. Candiot.

* **Can'dir'en**, (u.) v. tr. to candy. — **Can'dir'ung**, (u.) f. (act of) candying.

* **Can'cel'**, (str.) n. Comm. cinnamon.

* **Can'cvas** [Fr., pr. fän'väs], m. canvass (for tapestry). [*Canva* L.]

* **Can'na**, f. Bot. a genus of plants, cane

* **Can'nell'ren**, (u.) v. tr. (Fr.) **Archit.** to channel, rebato, chamfer, flute, groove. — **Can'nell'rung**, (u.) f. flute, fluting, channeling, &c. [coal.]

* **Can'nell'schie**, (u.) f. canal-coal, parrot-

* **Can'nibäl'** (e), (u.) m. (Span.) cannibal, man-eater. — **Can'nibäl'isch**, adj. cruel, sanguinary, ferocious; und ihr ganz — **wöhl** (*Ohda*, Faust I.), we feel so cannibalish jolly.

* **Can'nibäl'smus**, (pl. G-men) m. cannibalism.

* **Ca'non**, (str., pl. G-s or [Lat.] Ca'nones) m. (Lat.-Gr.) *Geom.*, Bot., Law, Typ., Mus., &c. canon. — **Ca'nonica'llen**, n. pl. canonicans. — **Ca'nonicäl'**, (str.) n., **Ca'nonic**, (u.) f. canony, canonic, canonicship; prebendaryship. — **Ca'non'ic**, (pl. [Lat.] Ca'non'ici) m. canon; prebendary. — **Ca'non'isch**, adj. canonical (books, &c.);

des c-t Recht, canon or church law. — **Ca'nonis'ten**, (u.) v. tr. to canonize, saint. — **Ca'nonis'rung**, **Ca'nonis'ten**, (u.) f. canonisation. — **Ca'nonis'tin**, (u.) f. canoness. — **Ca'non'ik**, (u.) m. canonist. — **Ca'non'isch**, adj. canonic.

* **Can'tate**, (u.) f. (Ital.) Mus. cantata.

* **Can'tar'be**, (u.) f. *Biolom.* (Gr.) the Spanish or blistering fly (*Cantharis* Latr. or *Lepid. F. vesicatoria*); G-apfelter, m. fly-plaster.

* **Can'ne'll'le** [pr. fan'il'e], (u.) f. (Fr.-Ital.) wire-ribbon, bullion, pearl-lace.

* **Can'ten'** [pr. fan'ten'], m. (L. Lat.) canton: 1) county; 2) quarter. — **Can'ten'el'**, adj. cantonal. — **Can'ten'r'en**, (u.) v. intr. Mil. to canton. — **Can'ten'r'ung**, (u.) f. Mil. cantonnement, cantoning. — **Can'ten'r'it'**, adj. **Archit.** beaded.

* **Can'ter**, (str., pl. [w.] Can'ter'en) m. (Lat.) Mus. cantor, proctor, leader of the choir. — **Can'ter'el'**, (str.) n. (Lat.) 1) office of the cantor; 2) dwelling of the cantor.

* **Can'ter'el'**, (u.) f. 1) see **Can'ter'el'**; 2) a party or class of choristers.

* **Can't'el'holz**, (u.) n. see **Zerscherfenerholz**.

* **Can't'el'holz** [pr. fan't'el'holz], (str.) n. & m. caoutchuk, Indian rubber (*Rantiquil*); — **abfälle**, m. pl. caoutchuk waste; — **baum**, m. Bot. caoutchuk tree (*Hevea caoutchuk*); — **blätter**, n. pl. sheets of caoutchuk; — **lösung**, f. caoutchuk solution; — **rohr**, n. caoutchuk hose pipe; — **waren**, f. pl. caoutchuk-ware.

* **Cap**, (str.) n. (Fr.) cape, promontory; — **der guten Hoffnung**, Geogr. Cape of Good Hope; ble — **baum**, f. Cape town; cap'f'el *Stirchbaum*, *Hottentots'* cherry-tree (*Oxalis mucronata* L.); — **wein**, m. Constantia wine.

* **Cap'etäl'**, (u.) f. (Lat.) 1) capacity; 2) *Hydr.* **Archit.** water-way; 3) *fig.* able, ingenious person, clever man.

* **Cap'e'llän'**, (str.) m. (L. Lat.) chaplain: — **stelle**, f. chaplainship, chaplaincy, chaplainry; lectureship. — **Cap'e'll'e**, (u.) f. 1) a chapel; 2) (church-)pew; 3) *Medic.* test, capel; sand-bath; G-nist, n., G-nist, f., G-nist, n. capel dust; G-nist, n. fine silver. — **Cap'e'll'ren**, (u.) v. tr. to capel, refine by capellation. — **Cap'e'll'...**, in comp. — **directer**, — **meister**, m. Mus. director or master of a chapel-band or of a musical-band; — **musikus**, m. musician of a chapel.

A. * **Cap'ter**, (str.) m. (Fr.) 1) a) taker of a ship, captor; b) commander of a privateer: c) corsair, pirate; 2) or — **schiff**, n. privateer, cruiser; — **stiel**, m. letter of mark or reprisals.

B. * **Cap'ter**, (u.) f. Bot. caper (flower-bud of the caper-bush (*G-nistrum*, m., *Capparis spinosa*) used for pickling); — **brille**, f. capersauce.

* **Cap'et'el'**, (u.) f. privateering. — **Cap'et'ern**, (u.) v. tr. (cf. **Cap'ter**, A.) 1) to take in privateering, to make prize of ..., to capture; 2) (weg-) to seize (suddenly and cunningly), to take by force, to catch, capture.

Cap'et'ing'er, (str.) m. descendant of Hugh Capet. Capetian. — **Cap'et'ing'isch**, adj. Capetian.

* **Cap'ilär'**, adj. (Lat.) capillary (cf. **Cap'ar** ...). — **Cap'ilär'ität**, (u.) f. capillarity, capillary attraction.

* **Cap'itäl'**, (Lat.) L. adj. capital; II. s. (str.) n. 1) a) head or uppermost part; b) (or **Cap'itäl**) **Archit.** capital; c) Bookb. head-head; d) Print. head-stick (—**steg**); e) Mus. principal note (*Quart-* or *Grundton*); 2) (pl. *gener.*) **Comm.** capital, principal, fund(s), (capital) stock: — **einer Handels-gesellschaft**, joint capital; capital or social stock; **des eingesetzten**, — **deposit**; **des todt** —, unproductive capital, barren, dead, or dormant money, stock, or fund: — **und Zinsen**, principal and interest, fund and its accessory; in comp.

(dress-)ball; -rolle, *f.* *Drum*. character-part: → *Charakter*, *f.* weakness of character or principle; *Charakter*, *f.* force or strength of character; → *zug*, *m.* feature, trait or touch of character.

* *Charfreitag* [tʰa:fr̥t̩ʰa:ɡ], (*str.*) *m.* Good Friday.
* *Charge* [ʃɑ:ʒə], (*w.*) *f.* 1) office, place, employment, post; 2) *Mil.* charge (*Angriff*). — *Chargeur* [ʃɑ:ʒy:r̥], (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sturmjäger*.

* *Charité* [ʃɑ:ri:t̩], (*Fr.*; *charit*) *see* *Charitren*. [pital]

* *Charité* [ʃɑ:ri:t̩], *f.* (*Fr.*) *charité*, hos-
* *Charité*, (*w.*) *f.* *Gr. Myth.* *Charis* (one of the Graces, *Gr. charis*).

* *Charlatan* [ʃɑ:rla:t̩n], (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *charlatan*, quack, mountebank. — *Charlatannerie*, (*w.*) *f.* *charlatannerie*.

* *Charnier* [ʃɑ:rn̩j̥], (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) *T.* hinge, joint; — *band*, *m.* joint-frame; hinge: — *boje*, *f.* jointed box; — *effen*, *m.* joint-tool; — *feile*, *f.* joint-file; — *stift*, *m.* joint-pin; — *jange*, *f.* joint-pliers (*pl.*) [wand]

* *Charpie* [ʃɑ:rp̩j̥], (*f.* *Fr.*) *lint* (*Zupflein*).

* *Charterpartie* [ʃɑ:rt̩p̩rt̩j̥], (*see* *Cartapartie*).

* *Cherwede* [tʰɛ:r̩v̩d̩e], (*w.*) *f.* passion-week, week before Easter.

* *Cherwede* [tʰɛ:r̩v̩d̩e], (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *Danc.* to choose, to advance and retire. [*Schatteln*].

* *Cherwede* [tʰɛ:r̩v̩d̩e], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *see* *Cherwede*.

* *Cherwede*, *m. pl.* Chaudians (ancient tribe in Northern Germany between the rivers Ems and Elbe).

* *Cherwede* [tʰɛ:r̩v̩d̩e], (*w.*) *f.* turnpike-road, macadamised road, high-road, high-way; → *ben*, *m.* turnpike engineering; — *geib*, *m.* turnpike-money or -toll; — *geld(er)elastung*, *f.* — *haus*, *n.* toll- or gate-house; — *geib(er)elastung*, *m.* turnpike-man; — *inspektor*, *m.* road-surveyor; — *stein*, *m.* broken stone.

* *Cherwede* [tʰɛ:r̩v̩d̩e], (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) to turnpike, macadamise (a road).

* *Cher* [tʰɛ:r̩], (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) chief, head; *Omme*, chief (partner), head, principal, senior, prior.

* *Chelonit*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Pal.* *chelonite*.

* *Chemie*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) chemistry. — *Chemikalien*, (*chemisch*) *Präparate*, *m. pl.* chemicals. — *Chemiker*, (*str.*) *m.* chemist. — *Chemisch*, *adj.* chemical.

* *Chemise* [ʃɛ:m̩z̩], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *chemise* (tailed cord of silk, velvet, &c.).

* *Cherub*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Cherub* or [*Hor.*] *Cherubim* *m.* cherub. — *Cherubin*, *m.* 1) *pl.* of *Cherub*; 2) (*or* *Cherubin*, *w.*) *used by Luther*, &c. in the sing. as a *str.* *m.* for *Cherub*.

* *Cheruskier*, (*str.*) *m.* Cheruskan (one of the *Cherusci* [*Lat. pl.*], a German tribe on the Weser).

* *Chicane* [ʃi:t̩n̩], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *chicane*, chicanery. — *Chicaner*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to persecute with malignity or chicanery, to harass with malicious tricks.

* *Chiffer*, *Chiffer* [ʃi:t̩f̩], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) cipher, figure, character; — *Chiffer*, *f.* cipher-writing. — *Chifferer*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cipher; 2) to page.

* *Chiliarch*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) chiliarch (commander of a thousand men, &c.).

* *Chiliast*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Ecc.* chiliast, millenarian.

* *Chimäre*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Gr. Myth. & Ag.* chimera; 2) *Ichth.* sea-ape, king of the herring (*Chimarra monstrosa* L.). — *Chimärerisch*, *adj.* chimerical.

* *China* [*sond.* *pr.* tʰi:t̩n̩], (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* China; *II.* (*pl.* *Ch*-*8*) *f.* (*Peruv.*) or — *rinde*, *f.* china, quinquina, Peruvian bark, Jesuit's bark; 3) or — *baum*, *m.* Peruvian bark tree (*Chinchona officinalis* & *floribunda* L.). — *apfel*, *m.* China orange; — *extrakt*, *m.* extract of Peruvian bark; — *pulver*, *n.* powder of Peruvian bark; — *saure*, *f.* kinic acid;

das — *saure Salz*, *n.* kinato; — *wurz*(*st*), *f.* china-root, Chinese smilax (*Smilax china* L.). — *Chine*(*se*), (*w.*) *m.*, *Chine*(*se*), (*w.*) *f.* — *Chine*(*se*), *adj.* Chinese; *das* *Ch*-*e* *Gras*, China grass, cloth grass; *das* *Ch*-*e* *Papier*, India paper; *die* *Ch*-*e* *Linie*, India drawing-ink.

* *Chinur*, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem. & Pharm.* quina, quinine. [*Wass.* to cloud, to taddy].

* *Chinur* [*pr.* tʰi:t̩n̩], (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*)

* *Chirograph*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Law*, book-creditor.

* *Chiroman*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) chiromancer.

* *Chiromanie*, (*w.*) *f.* chiromancy, palmistry. — *Chiromanistik*, *adj.* chiromantical.

* *Chirurg*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) 1) surgeon; 2) *Ornith.* spur-wing (*Purra jacana* L.). — *Chirurgie*, (*w.*) *f.* surgery. — *Chirurgisch*, *adj.* surgical.

* *Chlor* [kl̩ɔ:r̩], (*str.*) *n.*, *Chlorine*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Chem.* chlorino; — *salz*, *n.* chlorate of potash; — *fall*, *m.* chloride of lime, bleaching powder; — *natrium*, *n.* chloride of sodium;

— *saure*, *f.* chloric (hyperoxymuriatic) acid; — *saure Salz*, *n.* chlorate (hyperoxymuriate); — *stoffs*, *m.* bichloride of nitrogen. — *Chlorhydrat*, (*str.*) *n.* hydrate of chloral.

— *Chlorig*, *adj.* *Chem.* chlorous (acid). — *Chlorit* [tʰɛ:l̩ɔ:r̩t̩], (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* chlorite slate. — *Chlorofarm*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr. & Lat.*) *Chem.* chloroform. — *Chlorofarmen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chloroform. [*phyl.*]

* *Chlorophyll*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Bot.* chloro-

* *Chocolade* [ʃɔ:kol̩ad̩e], (*w.*) *f.* (*Span.*) chocolate (*Chocolate*); *Ch*-*baum*, *m.* cacao, cocotree (*Theobroma cacao* L.); *Ch*-*wurzel*, *f.* *Archis hypogaea* L.

* *Cholera* [tʰɔ:l̩ɔ:r̩], (*indoc.*) *f.* (*Gr.* *chol.* gall) *Med.* cholera (*Cholera*). — *Choleriker* [tʰɔ:l̩ɔ:r̩k̩ɛ:r̩], (*str.*) *m.* a choleric man. — *Cholerine*, (*w.*) *f.* *Med.* cholerae (slight attack of cholera). — *Cholerisch*, *adj.* choleric.

* *Chor* [tʰɔ:r̩], (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*, *pl.* *Chore*) *m.* & *n.* 1) *Mus.* chorus; 2) choir: *Arie und* —, air and chorus; — *! Mus.* tutti! 2) *Archit.* choir (of a church); *II.* *in comp.* — *alt*, *m.* high or great altar; — *amt*, *n.* cathedral service; altar service; — *artig*, *adj.* choral; — *bischof*, *m.* suffragan or local bishop; — *dienst*, *m.* choir-service; — *einstimmung*, *f.* choir-scream; — *fram*, *f.* canonesse; — *führer*, *m.* leader of the chorus; — *gang*, *m.* aisle; — *gesang*, *m.* chorus; choral song: song with chorus; anthem; — *gewölbe*, *n.* niche-vaulting; — *glode*, *f.* mass-bell; — *hemb*, *n.* surplice, alb; — *herr*, *m.* canon, prebendary; — *hofe*, *f.* apse, tribunal; — *orgel*, *f.* choir-organ; — *pult*, *n.* reading-desk; — *red*, *m.* cope, vestment; — *sänger*, *m.* chorus-singer; member of the choir; — *schüler*, *m.* chorister; — *schwester*, *f.* female chorister; — *stuhl*, *m.* stall; — *stunden*, *f.* *pl.* canonical hours.

* *Choral* [tʰɔ:r̩], (*m.* (*Mod. Lat.*) (*str.*, *pl.* *Chorale*) choral song: plain song: psalm-tune. — *Choralist*, (*w.*) *m.* choral singer; chorister. — *Choralmäßig*, *adj.* in the style of a psalm-tune.

* *Chorde* [tʰɔ:r̩d̩e], (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) 1) *Math.* & *Mus.* chord; 2) *Med.* chordee; *Chordatus*, *gentenwinkel*, *m.* *Math.* angle of deflection.

* *Chorist*, (*w.*) *m.* chorister.

* *Chorist* [tʰɔ:r̩st̩], (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* (*Gr.*) *Ecc.* chorist.

* *Christ* [krist̩], (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *I.* 1) (*str.*) *m.* Christ; 2) (*w.*) *m.* Christian: *der heilige* —, *coll.* 1. Christmas; 2. *see* *geheim*; *II.* *in comp.* — *abend*, *m.* Christmas-eve; — *ange*, *f.* 1) bearded hawk's-wood (*Thapsia barbata* 2) a species of starwort (*Aster amellus* L.); — *andstellung*, *f.* Christmas-show; — *baum*, *m.* Christmas-tree; — *beere*, *f.* *see* *Stachelbeere*; — *birn*, *f.* Christian pear; — *born*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) christ-thorn (*Rhamnus paliurus* L.); 2) *see* *Stechpalme*;

3) *see* *Brustbeerbaum*; — *fest*, *n.* Christmas; — *geheim*, *n.* Christmas box, gift, or present; — *kind*(*lein*), *n.* infant Jesus Christ; the child Jesus, the Child-Christ; — *messe*, — *mette*, *f.* Christmas-mass; — *monat*, *m.* December; — *nacht*, *f.* Christmas-night; — *palme*, *f.* *see* *Wunderbaum*; — *palme*, *n.* castor oil; — *rose*, *f.* *see* — *wurz*, 1; — *tag*, *m.* Christmas-day; — *vogel*, *m.* *see* *Kreuzschnabel*; — *wurz*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) winter aconite, black hellebore, Christmas rose (*Helleborus hibernicus* & *niger* L.); 2) wolf's bane, aconite (*Aconitum* L.).

* *Christel*, *m.* & *f.* *abbr.* for *Christen* & *Christen*.

* *Christen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to affect a Christian; — *in comp.* — *feind*, *m.* anti-christian; — *heer*, *m.* Christian host or army.

* *Christenheit*, (*w.*) *f.* Christendom.

* *Christenpflicht*, (*w.*) *f.* Christianity's duty.

* *Christenheit*, (*str.*) *n.* Christianity, Christendom.

* *Christen*, (*w.*) *f.* Christian (*P. N.*). — *Christen* (*Christen*), *f.* Christians (*P. N.*).

* *Christin*, (*w.*) *f.* Christian woman.

* *Christlich*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Christlich*.

* *Christlich*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Christlich*.

* *Christlich*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Christlich*.

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* *Christlich*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Christlich*.

* **Cigar(ette)**, (*w.*) *f.* cigarette, paper-cigar.
 * **Ciliar**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Anat.* ciliary (process).
 * **Cimber**, (*w.*), **Cimbrer**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Cimbrisch**, *adj.* Cimbrian.
 * **Cimmerisch**, *adj.* Cimmerian.
 * **Circa**, (*Lat.*) *adv.* about, nearly.
 * **Circassien**, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Circassian.
 * **Circassier**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Circassierin**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Circassisch**, *adj.* Circassian.
 * **Circenisch**, *adj.* *Rom. Ant.* Circensian.
 * **Circular**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Mod. Lat.*) circular (Rundschreiben); —**schreiben**, *n.* circular letter.
 * **Circulation**, (*w.*) *f.* circulation, *cf.* Kreislauf & Umlauf; —**schreibig**, *adj.* valid; —**mittel**, *n.* medium of circulation. — **Circuliren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to circulate, run; —**der Decimalschreib**, *m.* circulating or recurring decimal: — lassen, to send round.
 * **Circul**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) 1) *Geom.*, &c. circle, *cf.* Kreis; *feine* —, *pl.* polite assemblies; 2) (a pair of) compasses; *II.* *in comp.* —**abschnitt**, *m.* *Geom.* segment; —**abschnitt**, *m.* *Geom.* sector; —**baum**, *m.* *Bot.* bitter oak, European nettle tree; —**bewegung**, *f.* circular motion; —**binde**, *f.* *Surv.* circular bandage; —**bogen**, *m.* *Geom.* part of a circular line; arc; —**brief**, *m.* (*l. u.* for *Circular*) circular letter.
 * **Circulieren**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Circul*) 1) circlet; 2) (a pair of) small compasses.
 * **Circul**..., *in comp.* —**figur**, *f.* circle, orb; —**flächig**, *adj.* circular; —**gestalt**, *f.* circular form; —**instrumente**, *n. pl.* circular instruments; —**lauf**, *m.* circular run, circulation (*Kreislauf*); —**linie**, *f.* circular line.
 * **Circul**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* &c. see *Rircul* &c.
 * **Circul**..., *in comp.* —**punct**, *m.* centre (of a circle); —**radius**, *adj.* circular; —**rinne**, *f.* circularity; —**schlüssel**, *m.* a key or instrument to tighten or loosen compasses; —**säge**, *f.* compass-saw, see *Kreis säge*; —**schmidt**, *m.* compass-smith; —**spige**, *f.* point of compasses; —**tanz**, *m.* circular dance; rotation; —**sternung**, *f.* quadrature of the circle; —**zahl**, *f.* circular number.
 * **Cis**, *m.* *Mus.* C sharp; **Cisis**, C double sharp; —**dur**, *m.* C sharp major; —**moll**, *n.* C sharp minor.
 * **Cisalpinisch**, *adj.* *Geogr.* (*Lat.*) cisalpine.
 * **Cislarren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Pr.*) to chase (metals), encase. — **Cislararbeit**, *f.* en-cased work.
 * **Cissolde**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Geom.* cissoid.
 * **Cissus**..., *in comp.* —**röschen**, *n.*, —**rose**, *f.* *Bot.* holly rose, sea sun-flower (*Hedimium vulgare* L.); —**saft**, *m.* hypocist.
 * **Cistercienser**, (*str.*) *m.* *Ecol.* Cistercian monk.
 * **Cistern**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) cistern; **Feißweiser** —, *f.* *Mech.* hot-well.
 * **Citadel**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) citadel; strong tower or fortress.
 * **Citat**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) citation, quotation, passage quoted. — **Citation**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Mod. Lat.*) 1) citation, summons; 2) (*schristliche*) citatory-letter.
 * **Cithra**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) cithern.
 * **Cithren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) 1) to cite, summon; *der Bericht* —, or — lassen, to serve one with a summons, to serve notice or summons upon (one); 2) to call up, conjure up (a ghost); 3) to cite, quote (a passage, &c.). — **Cithrettel**, (*str.*) *m.* summons.
 * **Citrin**, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* citrate. — **Citrin**, (*str.*) *n.* *Miner.* sparg crystal. — **Citrinchen**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Citrin*).
 * **Citrinell**, (*w.*) *f.* see *Citrourensin*. — **Citronat**, (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* candied citron. — **Citronat**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.-Gr.*) lemon, citron.
 * **Citronen**..., *in comp.* —**äther**, *m.* *Chem.*

citric ether; —**baum**, *m.* *Bot.* lemon-tree (*Citrus medica* L.); —**brut**, *n.* lemon-biscuit; —**farbig**, —**gelb**, *adj.* lemon-coloured, citrine; —**flut**, *m.* *Ornith.* tarin, citril-bird (*Pringilla citrinella* L.); —**holz**, *m.* candle-wood; —**frucht**, *n.*, —**weisse**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) common balm (*Melissa officinalis* L.); 2) dragon's head (*Dracopis phyl-lum Canariense* L.); 3) see *Gerreis*; —**münze**, *f.* common mint; —**myrte**, *f.* lemon leaved pimento; —**öl**, *n.* oil of citron; —**presse**, —**quetsche**, *f.* lemon squeezers; —**reiser**, *m.* lemon-racer; —**saft**, *m.* lemon-juice; *Chem.-s.* —**säure**, *f.* citric or lemon acid; —**saures Citron-ammunium**, *n.* ammonia-citrate of iron; **das** —**saure Salz**, *n.* citrate; —**schale**, *f.* lemon-peel; —**schneise**, *f.* a species of curlew (*Numenius variabilis* Bohn.); —**schil**, *n.* lemon-strainer; —**speife**, *f.* mould of lemon-juice; —**stecher**, *m.* lemon-scoop; —**stempel**, *m.* common or garden-thyme; —**vogel**, *m.* *Entom.* brimstone butterfly (*Cobias rhodani* Fabr.); —**wasser**, *n.* citron-water, lemonade; —**weinstein**, *m.* citrate of potassa; —**zeisig**, *m.* see *flut*.
 * **Citruille**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Bot.* water-melon (*Watermelon*).
 * **Civil**, *l. adj.* (*Lat.*) 1) civil; 2) moderate, reasonable (price); *II.* (*str.*) *n.* see *Bürgerstand*; *III.* *in comp.* —**acten**, *pl.* *Law*, proceedings in a civil case; —**anspruch**, *m.* claim founded on civil law; —**echt**, *f.* civil marriage; —**etat**, *m.* home-budget (*opp.* *Wirtschaft*); —**gericht**, *n.* civil tribunal; —**gerichtsbarkeit**, *f.* civil jurisdiction (*opp.* *Wirtschaftsgerichtsbarkeit*); —**gerichtsbes**, *m.* court of common pleas; —**gelehrte**, *m.* code of civil procedure; —**ingenieur**, *m.* civil engineer.
 * **Civilisation**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) civilisation.
 * **Civilisiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cultivate, civilise.
 * **Civilist**, (*w.*) *m.* civilian; citizen (*opp.* *Soldat*). — **Civilistisch**, *adj.* see *Staatswissenschaftlich*.
 * **Civil**..., *in comp.* —**flage**, *f.* civil action or suit; —**kleidung**, *f.* civilian's dress; *in* —**kleidung** (*coll.* *in* —), in plain clothes; *coll.* *in* —**liste**, *f.* *Law*, civil list; —**strigelt**, *f.* civil magistrate; —**prozess**, *m.* civil suit; —**punct**, *m.* see *anspruch*; —**recht**, *n.* civil law; —**sache**, *f.* see *flage*; —**stand**, *m.* see *Bürgerstand*; —**standsbeamte**, *m.* registrar; (*der höchste*) registrar general.
 * **Clarin**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* clarion.
 * **Clarinet**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* clarinet; clarinet; —**abklärer**, *n.* *pl.* clarinet reeds; —**spieler**, *f.* *Clarinetist*, (*w.*) *m.* a performer on the clarinet, clarinet-player.
 * **Clariren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Comm.* (*Lat.*) to clear out at the custom-house. — **Clariren**, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* see *Schiffsmüller*.
 * **Clarin**, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* clearance; —**abrief**, *m.*, —**emanifest**, *n.*, —**schicht**, *n.* clearing-manifest; —**speisen**, *f.* *pl.* clearance charges at the custom-house.
 * **Class**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) class, rank, order, division; *erster* —, *fig.* first-rate; —**lehrer**, *m.* principal teacher of a school-class. — **Classificiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to classify; **das** — *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* *der Gläubiger*, ranking of creditors. — **Classifier**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) classic. — **Classisch**, *adj.* classic, classical.
 * **Clau**, *m.* *abbr.* for *Cloula*, Nick (*P. N.*).
 * **Clau**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) clause, condition; stipulation; 2) see *Lauf*.
 * **Clau**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) the being confined or shut up; 2) T. clasp.
 * **Claviatur**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Mod. Lat.*) *Mus.* keyboard (the keys of a piano or organ, *cf.* *Manual*). — **Clavichord**, (*str.*) *n.* clavichord.
 * **Clavier**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.* from *Lat.* *clavis*, *key*) *Mus.* 1) see *Claviatur*; 2) pianoforte (formerly: clavichord; harpsichord); *II.* *in comp.* —**auszug**, *m.* musical composition arranged for execution on the piano; —**draht**,

m. music-wire; —**instrument**, *n.* keyed instrument.
 * **Clavierist**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Jean Paul*, *l. u.*) performer on a clavichord or similar stringed instrument (*Clavierist*).
 * **Clavier**..., *in comp.* —**kasten**, *m.* case of a pianoforte; —**lehrer**, *m.* teacher of the pianoforte; —**macher**, *m.* pianoforte-maker; —**schlüssel**, *m.* 1) tuning key; 2) see *Discent-Schlüssel*; —**schule**, *f.* book of instructions for playing on the pianoforte; —**spieler**, *m.* pianoforte-player; —**stimmer**, *m.* pianoforte-tuner; —**stück**, *n.* piece of music for the piano; —**stuhl**, *m.* music-stool; —**stunde**, *f.* lesson on the pianoforte. [*key*.]
 * **Clavie**, (*Lat.*, *pl.* *Clavies*) *f.* *Mus.* finger.
 * **Clement**, *m.* Clement (*P. N.*).
 * **Clementine**, *f.* Clementine (*P. N.*).
 * **Clervier**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) clergyman, priest. — **Clervier**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Clervier**, *m.* clergy.
 * **Cleves**, *n.* *Geogr.* Cleves (Rhenish country and town).
 * **Clisché** [*klisché*], (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) *Typ.* cast (from a matrice), see *Abklatsch*. — **Clischéren**, [*klischéren*], (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) see *Abklatschen*.
 * **Clischémaschine**, (*w.*) *f.* dabbings-machine.
 * **Cliff**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) cliff, (*cliff*, (*w.*) *f.* client.
 * **Clima**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Climate*) *n.* (*Gr.*) climate, climate; *an ein* — *größen*, to acclimatise; *das hitze* —**fleter**, *calenture*. — **Climateisch**, *adj.* climatic(al).
 * **Clinit**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) clinos, clinical medicine or practice; 2) (*Lat.*) *Clinitum*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Clinita*, or *Clinita*), *n.* clinical hospital. — **Clinit**, (*str.*) *m.* clinical physician or student. — **Clinitisch**, *adj.* clinical.
 * **Cliff**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) **Cliff**, (*w.*) *f.* (common) sewer, sink, drain.
 * **Club**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Clubs*) *n.* (*Engl.*) 1) club; 2) Sport. muster (of peacocks, &c.), flight of amplex, &c.).
 * **Clust**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Mod.* clyster. (*Einem*) *ein* — *setzen*, *Clustern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to apply a clyster; —**spitze**, *f.* clyster-pipe; —**spitze**, *f.* syringe, squirt.
 * **Coat** [*kl.*], *s.* (*Engl.*) **Coats**, *irrtümlich* *eing.* *gebr.* (*str.*) *m.* see *Coat*.
 * **Cocarde**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) cockade.
 * **Cochineale** [*kochinil*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Entom.* cochineal (*Coccus cacti* L.); 2) *Dy.* vermilion; *die wilde* —, German cochineal (*Coccus polonicus* L.); —**cactus**, *m.*, —**flächte**, —**pflanze**, *f.* *Bot.* India fig, Nopal tree (*Cactus cochini* L.).
 * **Cocoon** [*köökön*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Cocoons*) *n.* (*Fr.*) cocoon, pod; *der* —**faßen**, a silkworm's thread; **beipelte** —, dupion, double cocoon.
 * **Cocoon**..., (*Span.*) *in comp.* —**baum**, *m.* & *n.* see *rinde*; —**baum**, *m.* cocoon-nut tree, cocoon-tree (*Ocotea nucifera* L.); —**schneiter**, *n.*, —**matte**, *f.* *pl.* coir-matting; —**schicht**, *m.* *pl.* cocoon buttons; —**saft**, *f.* cocoon-nut; —**saft**, *f.* cocoon-nut oil; —**saft**, *f.* see *baum*; (*saftige*) —**rinde**, *f.* the husk of a cocoon-nut; coir; —**stride**, *m.* *pl.* coir ropes.
 * **Codex**, (*str.*, *sing.* *str.* or *unclered*, *pl.* *Codices*) *m.* 1) code; 2) old manuscript (volume). — **Codicil**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) Law, codicil, label. [*coefficient*.]
 * **Coefficient**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Mod. Lat.*) *Arith.*
 * **Coeur** [*sr.*], (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) *Card-pl.* hearts.
 * **Cognac** [*konjak*], (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) Cognac (brandy); —**öl**, *n.* Cognac oil.
 * **Cohäsion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) cohesion, coherency.
 * **Cohäsiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*L. Lat.-Arab.*) *Chem.* to cohabit.
 * **Cohorte**, (*w.*) *f.* *Rom. Ant.* cohort (body of five or six hundred soldiers).
 * **Coition**, (*induct.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) coition, copulation.

Comparent', (w.) m. (Lat.) Law, appearer, declarant. — **Comparent', (w.) v. intr.** to appear before court. — **Comparentium', (w.) f.** appearance in court.

* **Compass', (str.) m. (Nal.)** compass: — **bügel, m.** gimbal (pl.); — **course, m.** course by compass; — **häufchen, n.** box, binacle (of a compass); — **rafte, -scheibe, f.** card or face of a sea-compass; — **strich, m. pl.** rhomb-lines, points; — **str., f.** compass-dial.

* **Compendiös', Compendiösisch', adj. (Lat.)** short, concise. — **Compendium', (str., pl. [Lat.] E-dia, (w.) E-dien)** n. compendium, text-book.

* **Compensation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** compensation: — **Compensel, m. Horol.** (chronometer) compensation balance, gridiron pendulum. — **Compensiren', (w.) v. tr.** to compensate, to counter-balance.

* **Competent', I. adj. (Lat.)** competent, qualified; II. **s. (w.) m.** competitor. — **Competenz', (w.) f.** Law, competence; — **eines Stallens, bankrupt's allowance; — Streit, m.** concurrence of jurisdiction.

* **Compilation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** compilation. — **Compiler', (str., pl. [w.] Compileren)** m. compiler. — **Compiliren', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to compile.

* **Complement', (str.) n. (Lat.)** 1) complement; 2) procurator. — **Complementär', I. adj.** complementary (colours, &c.); II. **s. (str.) m.** partner in commendam.

* **Complet', adj. (Lat.)** complete. — **Complett', (w.) f. Oath. Rel. (Lat.)** complin, compulsory. — **Complettiren', (w.) v. tr.** to complete.

* **Complex', (str.) m. (Lat.)** aggregate, congeries. — **Complexität', adj.** complicate; intricate.

* **Compliment', (str.) n. (Fr.)** 1) compliment; 2) bow; keine E-e! no compliments! no ceremony! (Einem) ein — machen, 1. to pay (one) a compliment (on); 2. to bow (to one); er macht nicht viele E-e, he does not use much ceremony, he uses no ceremonies (mit, with); wir machen keine E-e mit Ihnen, we make no stranger of you (cf. Umständen).

* **Complot', (str.) n. (Fr.)** plot, conspiracy.

* **Compositoren', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to compose, set (to music). — **Compositik', (w.) m.** (musical) composer. — **Compositum', (w.) f.** composition (in the fine arts, music, &c.); mixture of metals, &c. — **Compositum', (str., pl. [Lat.] Composita)** n. compound (also Gramm.; Zusammenfügung). — **Composit', (str.) m. (contr. from the preceding word)** Agr. compost. — **Composit', (str., pl. E-e, E-c)** n. (Fr.) Cook-s. compote: 1) stewed fruit; 2) a stew (of fruit); fruit prepared in sirup, &c.; — **näpfschen, n.** dish for stewed fruit.

* **Compress', adj.** condensed, &c. see **Combrängt**. — **Compress', (w.) f. (Fr.)** Surg. compress, bolster, pledget. — **Compressiren', (w.) f. (Lat.)** compression; — **Compressine', f.** condensing engine, coll. condenser; — **E-s-pumpe, f.** force-pump; — **E-s-verbund, m.** see **Compreffe**. — **Compressorium', (str. [Mod. Lat.], pl. -rien)** n. Surg. compressor. — **Comprimiren', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to compress, condense; comprimit, p. a. compressed or preserved (vegetables).

* **Compromiß', (str.) n. (Lat.)** Law, compromise; arbitration; arbitrement; — **acte, f.** bond of arbitration. — **Compromittiren', (w.) v. tr.** 1) Comm. to refer to arbitration, to compromise; 2) fig. to compromise, expose, endanger, commit.

* **Comptant', adj.** see **Bar**. — **Comptoir' [pr. köntör', coll. köntör], (str.) n. (Fr.)** 1) counting-house, office; 2) see **Factori**; 3; in comp. — **arbeiten, f. pl.** duties of a counting-house, routine of office-

work; — **bedürfnisse, n. pl.** stationery goods or ware; — **bücher, n. pl.** account books; — **bleuer, Comptoirist', (w.) m.** 1) clerk in a counting-house, accountant; 2) porter, messenger; errand-boy; — **personal, n.** assistants; — **studen, f. pl.** office-hours; — **stuhl, m.** (high) stool; — **wissenchaften, f. pl.** mercantile knowledge.

* **Comthür', (str.) m. Germ. Hist., &c.** commander (of an order). — **Comthur', (w.) f.** commandery.

* **Concav', adj. (Lat.)** concave.

* **Concentration', Concentrirung', (w.) f. (Lat.)** concentration; — **Concentr., m. Metall.** (in geförtem Zustande) fine metal; (in Bläuen, Blauslein) blue metal. — **Concentriren', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to concentrate. — **Concentrisch', adj.** concentrical.

* **Concept', (str.) n. (Lat.)** (rough) draught, sketch, minute; Einem das — verrichten, Einem aus dem — bringen, to put one out (of his bias), to puzzle or confuse one; das — verrichten, to be put out, puzzled, confused; — **buch, n.** sketch-book; — **papier, n.** ordinary (copy) paper, draft-paper, common writing-paper.

* **Concert', (str.) n. (Fr.)** concert: — **flügel, m.** grand piano; — **geber, m.** one who gives a concert; — **horn, n.** concert-horn; — **meister, m.** conductor of a musical band (in a concert); — **musik, f.** concerted music; — **sänger, m.** concert-singer; — **spieler, m.** solo-player; — **stück, n.** concerted piece. — **Concertist', (w.) m.** 1) see **Concertgeber**; 2) one who performs in a concert.

* **Concession', (w.) f. (Lat.)** 1) license, grant of permission, sanction (f. of a line of railway); 2) concession. — **Concessionär', p. a.** licensed, privileged.

* **Conchil', (w.) m. (Gr.)** Pul. fossil shell.

* **Conchoide', (w.) f. (Gr.)** Math. conchoid.

* **Conchylien', (w.) f. pl. (Gr.)** shells, testaceous animals.

* **Concilium', (str., pl. [Lat.] E-lia, or [w.] E-len), Concil', (str.) n.** council.

* **Conciliiren', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to draw up, pen, sketch. — **Concilipt', Concipit', (w.) m.** draft's man, drawer up. [conclave]

* **Concise', (str., pl. E-e) n. (Lat.)** Ecol.

* **Conclusion', (w.) f. (Lat.)** conclusion (Schluß, Schlußfolgerung u.)

* **Concordanz', (w.) f. (Mod. Lat.)** concordance. — **Concordat', (str.) n.** Law, concordat(e). — **Concordatenformel', (w.) f.** Ecol. form of concord.

* **Concret', adj. (Lat.)** concrete.

* **Concubinat', (str.) n. (Lat.)** concubinage. — **Concubine', (w.) f.** concubine.

* **Concurrent', (w.) m. (Lat.)** competitor: rival. — **Concurrere', (w.) f.** 1) concurrence; 2) competition; Einem — machen, see **Concurriren**; — **linie, f.** opposition-line (of steamers, &c.); — **system, n.** competitive system. — **Concurriren', (w.) v. intr.** to compete with, to rival (one).

* **Conkurs', (str.) m. (Lat.)** Law, course of creditors: in — geraten, to become (or declare one's self) insolvent or a bankrupt; — **anmelden, to make a declaration of insolvency, to file a petition: zum — treiben, to drive into the court of bankruptcy (into the Gazette); den — abmenden, to avoid a meeting of creditors; — **behörde, f.** commission (in a statute) of bankruptcy; — **erklärung, f.** declaration of insolvency; — **masse, f.** a bankrupt's estate, cf. **Reffe**.**

* **Condensation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** condensation; in comp. **Mech. E-sapparat, m.** condensing apparatus; — **E-schiffen, f.** condensing cistern. — **Condensator', (str., pl. Condensatoren)** m. **Mech.** condenser, condensing-vessel. — **Condensiren', (w.) v. tr.** to condense.

* **Condition', (w.) f. (Lat.)** 1) condition; 2) situation, place; in — geben, to enter into service; in — stehen, see **Conditioniren**; 3; — **Books.** in commission, on condition. — **Conditionäl', Conditionell', adj.** conditional. — **Conditioniren', (w.) v. intr.** to serve, to be employed or engaged (f. i. bei B. & C., at B. & Co.'s). — **Conditionist', p. a.** conditioned (Beschaffen).

* **Conditör' [a -dit-], (str., pl. Conditören)** m. (Mod. Lat.) confectioner; — **waaren, f. pl.** see **Confect**. — **Conditörerei', (w.) f.** 1) confectionery, confectioner's shop; 2) confectioner's trade.

* **Condolenz', (w.) f. (Lat.)** condolence. — **Condoliren', (w.) v. intr.** to condole.

* **Condor', (str., pl. E-e, or without denotation) m. (Span.)** Ornith. condor (Vultur gryphus L.).

* **Conducteur' [pr. -tör], (str.) m. (Fr.)** guard (of stage-coaches and railway-trains), conductor, coll. cad (of omnibuses).

* **Conducir', (str., pl. [w.] Conduciren)** m. (Lat.) Phys. conductor. [ment]

* **Conduite', (w.) f. (Fr.)** conduct, deport.

* **Confect', (str.) n. (Lat.)** Confecturen

(w.) f. pl. (Fr.) comfits, confectionery, sweetmeats, pastry; — **beuteln, f. pl.** little devices either in sugar or on paper, for the purpose of wrapping comfits in; — **gläser, n. pl.** sweetmeat glasses; — **schalen, f. pl.** sweetmeat shells. [made clothes business.]

* **Confectionär', (str.) n.** ready.

* **Conferenz', (w.) f. (Lat.)** conference. — **Conferiren', (w.) v. intr.** to deliberate, confer.

* **Confession', (w.) f. (Lat.)** confession, creed; c-fesse, adj. denominational. — **Confessionell', adj.** denominational.

* **Confirmation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** confirmation (also Rel.). — **Confirmiren', (w.) v. tr.** to confirm.

* **Confiscation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** confiscation, seizure. — **Confisciren', (w.) v. tr.** to confiscate; cin confisicirte Geisicht, coll. a suspicious phis or appearance.

* **Conföderation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** confederacy; — **Conföderativ', m. (doct. like adj.)** confederate.

* **Conform', adj. (Lat.)** conform, conformable, in conformity. — **Conformität', (w.) f.** conformation; conformity. — **Conformiren', (w.) v. reg.** to comply with, conform (to). — **Conformität', (w.) f.** conformity.

* **Confrontation', (w.) f. (Mod. Lat.)** Law, confrontation. — **Confrontiren', (w.) v. tr.** to confront.

* **Confus', adj. (Lat.)** confused; muddled-headed; perplexed. — **Confusion', (w.) f.** confusion; — in den Büchern anrichten, Comm. to muddle the books; **see: E-stras or Confusions-ras, m.** a confused, queerheaded, foolish fellow. [conglomerate.]

* **Conglomerat', (str.) n. (Lat.)** Miner., &c.

* **Congress', (str.) m. (Lat.)** congress.

* **Congruent', adj. (Lat.)** congruent; agreeing, coinciding. — **Congruenz', (w.) f.** Math. congruence, congruity. — **Congruiren', (w.) v. intr.** to be in congruity, to agree, coincide.

* **Conisch', adj. (Gr.)** 1) conical, coniform: 2) pertaining to a cone; das c-e Getriebe, bevelled gear; das c-e Rad, bevelled or conical wheel; das c-e Ventil, conical valve.

* **Conjugation', (w.) f. (Lat.)** Gramm. conjugation. — **Conjugiren', (w.) v. tr.** Gramm. to conjugate.

* **Conjunction', (w.) f. (Lat.)** 1) Gramm. conjunction; die trennende —, disjunctive; 2) Astr. conjunction; appulse. — **Conjunctiv', (str.) m.** Gramm. conjunctive mood, subjunctive. — **Conjunctär', (w.) f.** conjuncture, juncture (of times); Comm. also turn of the market.

* **Connoissement** (Connoissement), (str.) n. (Fr.) Comm. bill of lading, letter of conveyance.

* **Conrector**, (str., pl. (w.) Conrector'en) n. (Lat.) co-rector, subrector (of a grammar-school).

* **Conscribiren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to enlist, raise, levy (soldiers); der Conscripte, m. (died. like adj.) conscript. — **Conscription**, (w.) f. conscription. (Rimmung).

* **Consens**, (str.) m. (Lat.) consent (Su-
* **Consequent**, (str.) (Lat.) consistent, con-
sequential. — **Consequenz**, (w.) f. 1) conse-
quence (Folge); 2) (logical) conclusion; 3)
consistency (of conduct, character, &c.).

* **Conservatien**, (w.) f. (Lat.) conserva-
tion; f. eye-preserving spectacles,
preservers. — **Conservatibism**, m. con-
servatism. — **Conservativ**, adj. (Lat.) con-
servative. — **Conservator**, (str., pl. (w.) Con-
servator'en) m. conservator; taxidermist. —
* **Conservatorium**, (str., pl. (Lat.) Con-
servator'ia, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) conservatory (musical school).
* **Conserve**, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) jam, preserve
(Eingemachtes); 2) Pharm. conserve. — **Con-
serviren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to conserve, pre-
serve.

* **Consignatir**, (str.) m. (Mod. Lat.) 1)
Law, consignatory, depositary, fiduciary; 2)
Comm. consignee. — **Consignatur** (pr.-tür),
m. (Fr.) Comm. consignator. — **Consignatien**,
(w.) f. Comm. consignation, consignment;
* **Consignatura**, f. consignation in-
voice or account; **Consignatur**, f. pl. goods in
consignment; **Consignatur**, adv. by way of con-
signment. — **Consigniren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.)
1) Comm. to consign; 2) Mil. to confine (sol-
diers). — **Consignierung**, (w.) f. 1) see Con-
signatur; 2) Mil. confinement (of soldiers).

* **Consilium**, (str., pl. (Lat.) Consilia) n.
council, advice; warning; to leave a school,
the university, &c.), notice to quit.

* **Consistent**, adj. (Mod. Lat.) consistent,
firm, compact. — **Consistentz**, (w.) f. consis-
tency, consistence; solidity; compactness.

* **Constitut...**, in comp. — **gericht**, n.
spiritual court; — **rat**, m. counsellor of the
consistory. — **Constitutum**, (str., pl. (Lat.)
Constituta, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) Archit. consola-
nola, bracket (of a staircase); 2) (w.) Consol-
tation, Consolation, (str.) n. pier-table,
console-table.

* **Consolidatiren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to con-
solidate (a public debt); **Consolidat**, m. con-
solidated; **Consolidatirte Fonds**, Staatspapiere,
consolidated stocks, annuities or debts, consols.

* **Consument**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Gramm. con-
sumant. — **Consumentz**, (w.) f. Gramm. & Mus.
consumance, concord.

* **Consorte**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Law, &c. as-
sociate (Consoff). — **Consortium** (pr.-tium),
(str., pl. Consortia, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) Consortium
(P. N.); 2) — **actum**, m. a racy kind
of Cape wine.

* **Constantin**, m. Constantine (P. N.).
* **Constantin**, n. Georg. Constantine.

* **Constante**, f. Constante (P. N.).
* **Constatiren**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to ascertain;
to establish (the truth of...), &c.; to state; to
verify, authenticate. — **Constatierung**, (w.)
f. (the act of) ascertaining, establishing, &c.;
verification, authentication.

* **Constituiren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to con-
stitute; c-d, p. a. constituent (assembly, &c.).

— **Constitution**, (w.) f. constitution. — **Con-
stitutionell**, adj. (Fr.) constitutional.

* **Constructiön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) construc-
tion. — **Constructiren**, (w.) v. tr. to construe.

* **Consul**, (str., pl. (w.) Consules) m. (Lat.)
consul. — **Consular**, **Consularisch**, adj. con-
sular. — **Consulat**, (str.) n. consulate; con-
sularship. — **Consulatirte**, n. consular certificate.

— **Consulent**, (w.) m. (Lat.) attorney, coun-
sel, advocate. — **Consultiren**, **Consultiren**,
(w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to consult, to take counsel
of, to ask (medical) advice of (one). — **Con-
sultation**, (w.) f. consultation.

* **Consum**, (str.) m. (Mod. Lat.) consumption;
— **artifel**, m. article of consumption. —
* **Consumat**, (w.) m. (Lat.) consumer. —
* **Consumatiren**, (w.) v. tr. to consume.
— **Consumatir**, (w.) f. consumption. — **Con-
sumatibillien**, pl. victuals, provisions.

* **Contact**, (str.) m. (Lat.) contact (Be-
rührung).

* **Contagion**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Med. conta-
gion (Ansteckung). — **Contagios**, adj. (Lat.)
contagious (Ansteckend). — **Contagium**, (str.,
pl. (Lat.) Contagia, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) contagious
matter (Ansteckungsstoff).

* **Content**, adj. (It.) see **Cont.** — **Con-
tent**, (w.) f. pl. ready money, specie.

* **Content**, I. [Lat., sometimes with Fr.
pr.: cönting] adj. satisfied, content; II.
— **Content**, m. contents (of a ship's load).
— **Contentiren**, (w.) v. tr. to content, satisfy
(Zufriedenstellen). [versed curve.]

* **Conte**, ... see **Contre**; — **curve**, f. T. re-
* **Contraband**, I. adj. obnoxious, contra-
band; II. (str.) m. or C-e [gener. with half
Fr. pronunc.: longtraband], (w.) f. contraband
(prohibited merchandise or traffic).

* **Conterfei**, (str., pl. C-e, rarely C-e) n.
(Fr.) †, portrait, likeness, picture. — **Con-
terfeien**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to portray, depict; 2)
to counterfeit.

* **Context**, (str.) m. (Lat.) context.

* **Continent**, (str.) m. (Lat.) continent. —
* **Continental**, adj. continental.

* **Contingent**, (str.) m. (L. Lat.) contingent;
share, contributory quota.

* **Conti**, Comm. I. (str., pl. C-e, or [It.]
Conti) n. (Ital.) account; — a **conto**, for half
or joint account; — **mio**, **nostro**, **vostra**, **suo**,
loro, my, our, your, his, their account; —
scoposo, see **Scopisthaft**; ein — **saldiren**, to bal-
ance an account; ein — **cröffnen**, to open an
account; — **geben**, to give credit; — **nehmen**,
to take credit; II. in comp. — **buch**, n. account-
book; — **corrent**, m. account current; — **flute**,
n. simulated account, colourable or pro forma
account; — **falso**, n. balance account; a — **gah-
lung**, f. payment on account.

* **Contoir**, (str.) n. see **Comtoir**.

* **Contouch** [-tuch], (w.) f. (Fr.) light,
loose, and short gown or coat.

* **Contour** [fontür], (str., pl. (w.) C-en)
m. (coll. (w.) f.) (Fr.) outline; trait; — **haar**,
n. Fur. top-hair.

* **Contra**, (Lat.) I. adv. counter; per —,
Comm. against which, per contra; II. in comp.
— **bas**, m., — **begegnet**, f. double-bass, counter-
bass; — **basist**, m. double-bass singer; —
— **basen**, — **segott**, n. double-bassoon.

* **Contract**, (Lat.) I. (str.) m. 1) contract
(Vertrag); auf —, see **Vierfacher**; 2) inden-
ture, lease, see **Vierfacher**; II. adj. lamed,
crippled; — **stüßig**, adj. free to contract. —
* **Contractiön**, (w.) f. contraction (Zusammen-
ziehung). — **Contractlich**, adj. & adv. stated
or agreed upon by contract, adv. by contract,
as contracted.

* **Contractür**, (w.) f. Mod. **contractura**
(Lat.), unnatural contraction of muscles, &c.
* **Contradictor**, (Lat.) m. — **massa**, Law
& Comm. syndic.

* **Contradictorisch**, adj. contradictory.

* **Contra**..., in comp. — **flüßig**, f. Surg.
counter-cleft, counter or opposite fissure; —
— **fuge**, f. Mus. counter-fuge.

* **Contrahent**, (w.) m. (Lat.) stipulator,
contractor, conventionist, contracting party.
— **Contrahiren**, (w.) v. (Lat.) I. tr. & intr.
to contract; to indent; II. intr. **Stad. slang**, to
agree upon fighting a duel.

* **Contra**..., in comp. — **poniren**, v. tr.
Comm. to transfer (an incorrect charge of an
article); — **protest**, m. counter-protest, cf. **Pro-
test**; — **punct**, m. Mus. counter-point; der **Ver-
gier** — **punct**, figurate counter-point; — **punct-
tist**, m. contrapuntist.

* **Conträr**, adj. (Fr.) contrary; **Mar.** con-
trary, foul, dead (wind).

* **Contra**..., in comp. — **signatur**, f. coun-
tersign; — **signiren**, v. tr. to countersign.

* **Contrakt**, (str.) m. (Fr.) contract; set
off. — **Contraktiren**, (w.) v. intr. to be con-
tracted or set off, to contract.

* **Contra**..., in comp. — **tempo**, n. T. coun-
ter-time; — **tiebe**, m. pl. Mus. the deepest
tones of the bass (under the deep C).

* **Contravenient**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Law,
contravener, trespasser. — **Contraveniren**,
(w.) v. intr. to contravene, to trespass.

* **Contrattele**, (str.) m. counter-check.

* **Contra**... [Fr., pr. köng'tr], in comp.
counter; — **admiral**, m. rear-admiral; — **ap-
prosch**, f. pl. Port. counter-approach; — **band**,
see **Conterband**; — **bas**, see **Contrabass**; — **man-
diren**, v. tr. to countermand; — **marke**, f.
counter-ticket; counter-mark; — **marfch**, m.
1) Mil. countermarch; 2) **Wass. couper** (Ober-
tritt); — **ordr**, f. counter-order; — **punze**, f.
T. counter-punch; — **carpe**, f. Port. counter-
scarp; — **tanz**, m. contra- or counter-dance,
quadrille.

* **Contribuent**, (w.) m. (Lat.) contributor.
— **Contributien**, (w.) f. contribution, tax;
in — **setzen**, to put under contribution.

* **Controll**..., in comp. — **amt**, m. board
of control; — **beamte**, m. controlling officer;
— **bohungen**, f. pl. controlling borings.

* **Controle**, **Controle**, (w.) f. (Fr.) con-
trol, check-account. — **Controleur** (pr.-tür),
(str., pl. C-e, C-e) m. (Fr.) controller, audi-
tor. — **Controlliren**, (w.) v. tr. to control,
to direct, manage; die **Ragerbestände** —, to
take stock.

* **Contravertse** (provinc. [S. G.] **Contro-
vert**), (w.) f. (Lat.) controversy.

* **Conturnaciren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to
condemn for contempt of court; et **licß** **licß** —,
he suffered judgment to go by default; 2) to
indite for contempt of court.

* **Contumaz**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) quarantine;
2) Law, contumacy, contempt of court; in —,
in default of appearance; in — **erklären**, to
declare in default; das **Urtheil** wird in — **ge-
fällt**, judgment goes by default.

* **Contär**, see **Contour**.

* **Contouch**, see **Contouch**.

* **Contusion**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Surg. contu-
sion, abrasion.

* **Conveniens**, (w.) f. (Lat.) convenience,
suitableness; propriety; — **heirat**, f. prudent
marriage or match. — **Conveniren**, (w.) v.
intr. to suit.

* **Convent**, (str.) m. (Lat.) convention,
convent; — **brüder**, m., — **schwester**, f. con-
ventual. — **Conventiön**, (w.) f. conven-
tion, contract, agreement; C-**geß**, m., C-**ß**
münze, f. convention-money; C-**ßuß**, m. the
(Vienna) convention standard. — **Conven-
tionalstrafe**, (w.) f. stated fine or penalty.
— **Conventional**, adj. conventional.

* **Convergenz**, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) conver-
gence. — **Convergiren**, (w.) v. intr. Math.,
&c. to converge.

* **Courti'ne** [kür-], (*w.* f. *Fr.*) *Fort.* certain.

* **Cousin** [küsing], (*str.*, pl. G-8) m. (*Fr.*) cousin (better). — **Cousin'**, (*w.* f.) (female) cousin.

* **Couvert** [kävär], (*str.* n. *Fr.*) 1) cover, envelop, wrapper; unter —, under (this) cover; 2) cover (plate, knife, fork, and napkin). — **Couvert'en** [krä-], (*w.* v. tr. *Fr.*) to put in an envelop; to wrap (up).

* **Couvert**, (*str.* m. *Lat.*) *coll.* for *Convent*; — **Bier**, n. a weak kind of beer, small beer.

* **Cranio'log**, (*w.* m. *Gr.*) *cranium*, skull. *Med. Lat. from* [*Gr.*] *cranium* craniologist. — **Cranio'logie**, (*w.* f.) *craniology*. — **Cranio'logisch**, *adj.* *craniological*.

* **Crass**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) 1) gross, uncultivated (*Crab*, *Reich*); 2) *fig.* strong, great, unmitigated, *etc.*

* **Cravat'te**, (*w.* f. *Fr.*) *cravat*; stock; (*schmal*) neck-tie.

* **Crayon** [crayön], (*str.*, pl. G-8) m. (*Fr.*) crayon: — **papier**, n. chalk-paper; — *zeichnung*, f. chalk-drawing.

* **Crass**, (*ind.* m. *Span.*) — *leimwand*.

* **Créatür**, (*w.* f. *Lat.*) 1) creature; 2) *cont.* creature, tool. — **Créatür'gen**, (*str.* n. *Gr.*) *creatura*, small creature. — **Créatür'lich**, *adj.* *creatural*.

* **Créden'gen**, (*w.* v. tr. *Ital.*) to present (forasted meat or drink); **Créden'teller**, m. salver; **Créden'tisch**, m. (court) cupboard, side-board, dresser-board, buffet.

* **A. Crédit**, (*str.*, pl. G-8) n. (*Lat.* *third pers. pres. tense* of *credere*: *he entrusts*; *opp. Debet*, cf. *Erbsunt*) *credit*, *syn.* *haben*; (— *seite*, *f.* creditor's side (in a ledger).

* **B. Crédit**, a. l. (*str.* m. *Fr.*) 1) *credit*; 2) *repute*: *der laufende* —, open or running *credit*: *der offene* —, *credit* in blank, blank-*credit*; — *geben*, to grant or give *credit*, to *credit*; *auf* — *geben*, *see* *Erbsittren*; *auf* — *nehmen*, to borrow, to take upon trust or *credit*: *seuf*, to go upon tick; *den* — *überreiben*, to stretch or overstrain the *credit*; *einen* — *bei* *Jemand* *eröffnen*, to lodge a *credit* with one; II. *in comp.* — *actien*, *pl.* general *credit* shares; — *anfall*, m. *credit*-association; — *bank*, *f.* *credit*-bank; — *brief*, m. *letter* of *credit*; — *fähig*, *adj.* *solid*, *good*; — *fähigkeit*, *f.* *solidity*.

* **Crédit'ren**, (*w.* v. tr. *Fr.*) to *credit* (an amount paid, *etc.*), to give or to sell on *credit*; to give upon trust, to trust. — **Crédit'los**, (*str.* n. *Lat.*) *see* *Beglaubigungsschreiben*. — **Créditor**, (*str.*, pl. *w.*) *Crédit'oren* m. (*Lat.*) *creditor* (*Gläubiger*).

* **Crédit'...**, *in comp.* — *posten*, m. *item* on the creditor's side; — *seite*, *f.* creditor's side (in a ledger); — *versicherung*, *f.* *guarantee*-insurance; — *würdig*, *adj.* *sound*, *stable*, *good*; — *würdigkeit*, *f.* *stability*, *soundness*.

* **Crédo**, (*str.*, pl. G-8) n. (*Lat.*) *Ecol. creed*. — **Crédunt**, (*Lat.* *third pers. pl. pres. tense* of *credere*: *they entrust*) *Comm.* *creditors* (*abbr. Crs.*).

* **Créren**, (*w.* v. tr. *Lat.*) 1) to create; 2) *Comm.* to issue (shares, *etc.*).

* **Cremona'fer**, l. s. (*str.* m. *Cremonese*, inhabitant of *Cremona*; II. or *Cremona'fisch*, *adj.* *Cremonese*, *Cremona* (*violine*, *etc.*).

* **Cremona'tari**, (*Lat.*, *ind.* m. *Pharm.*) *cream* of *tartar*.

* **Creole'ne**, (*w.* v. tr. *Fr.*) T. to *creolate*; to loop-hole. — **Creole'ne**, (*w.* f.) *creolation*, *battlement*.

* **Creole**, (*w.* m. *Creole*, (*w.* f.) *Creole*. — **Creole'lich**, *adj.* *Creolean*, *Creole*.

* **Crepe'ne**, (*w.* f. *Fr.*) frings, bob.

* **Crép'ren**, (*w.* v. *intr.* *Lat.*) (*aux.* [*cin*]) 1) (of animals) to die; (of persons) *vulg.* to

die miserably; 2) (of shells) to be extinguished without exploding.

* **Crépon** [kröpön], (*str.*, pl. G-8) m. (*Fr.*) *cropon*, dress *cape*.

* **Crépe**, m. (*Fr.*) *see* *Crépon*.

* **Créte**, *f.* *Geogr.* *Crete*. — **Créte'ner**, (*str.* m. *Cretean*, *Cretean*. — **Créte'nisch**, *adj.* *Cretean*, *Cretean*.

* **Créti** und **Créti**, *see* *Créti*.

* **Crétin**, (*str.* & *w.*), also with *Fr. pr.* [*krötön*], (*str.*, pl. G-8) m. *cretin*. — **Créti'nenhaft**, *adj.* *cretin*-like. — **Crétin's'mus**, m. *cretinism*. [*schuldner*.

* **Créti**, (*str.* m. *Lat.*) *see* *Gemein*.

* **Créti'nell**, l. *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, criminal; II. *in comp.* — *amt*, — *gericht*, n. criminal court; — *gesetz*, n. criminal law; — *gesetzbuch*, n. criminal code; — *schuß*, *f.* criminal case; — *versetzen*, n. criminal prosecution.

* **Créti'nell**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) *see* *Créti'nell*.

* **Créti'nell**, (*w.* f. *Fr.*) *crinoline*; *G-ge* *gestell*, n. skeleton of a *crinoline*.

* **Créti'n**, m. *Crispin*, *Crispinus* (*P. N.*).

* **Créti'n**, (*str.* & *w.*) n. & m. (*Gr.*) *Zool.* *crocodile*: *das* *amerikanische* —, *cayman*, *alligator*; — *schädel*, m. *Log.* *crocodile*; *G-8* — *thronen*, *f.* *pl.* *crocodile*-tears, *sham* tears.

* **Créti'n**, (*ind.* m. *Gr.*) *Bot.* *crocus* (*Drosera* L.). [*Conch.* *see* *Créti'nus* *schel*.

* **Créti'n**, (*str.* n. *Lat.*) 1) *crucifix*; 2) **Créti'n**, (*w.* v. tr. *Lat.*) to *crust*, *incrust*.

* **Créti'n**, s. l. (*str.* m. *Gr.*) *crystal*; *der gelbe* —, *imitation* *topaz*; *der nabeiförmige* —, *spat*; *G-e* *ansehen*, *Chem.* to *effloresce*; II. *in comp.* — *achat*, m. *translucent* *agate* (*Eis-achat*); — *ähnlich*, — *artig*, *adj.* *crystalline*; — *brille*, *f.* *cluster* of *crystals*.

* **Créti'n**, *adj.* *crystalline*, *crystal*.

* **Créti'n**, ..., *in comp.* — *fenchigkeit*, *f.* *Anat.* *vitreous* or *crystalline* *humour*; — *fürmig*, *adj.* *see* — *ähnlich*; — *glas*, n. *crystal*, *crystal*-*glass*; — *hart*, n. *Minor.* *honey-stone*; — *hell*, *adj.* *crystalline*, *crystal*; — *himmel*, m. *crystalline* *sky* or *heaven*.

* **Créti'nisch**, *adj.* *crystalline* (*texture*); *bright* as *crystal*.

* **Créti'nisation**, (*w.* f.) *Chem.* *crystallisation*; *G-ähnig*, *see* *Créti'nisation*; *G-ge* *schuß*, n. *crystallising* *vessel*; *G-wasser*, n. *water* of *crystallisation*.

* **Créti'nisation**, *adj.* *crystallisable*. — **Créti'nisation**, (*w.* v. tr. & *refl.*) to *crystallise*.

* **Créti'n**, ..., *in comp.* — *kapfel*, *f.* *Anat.* *crystalline* *capsule*; — *kegel*, m. *pebble* *crystal*; — *kümpchen*, n. *see* — *drüse*; — *kraut*, n. *ice-plant* (*Eiskraut*); — *leber*, m. *see* — *linse*; — *linde*, — *leiste*, *f.* *crystallography*; *Anat.* — *linse*, *f.* *crystalline* *lens*; — *linfenschuß*, *f.* *see* — *kapfel*. [*wahrgeret*.

* **Créti'nisation**, (*w.* f.) *see* *Créti'n*.

* **Créti'n**, ..., *in comp.* — *palast*, m. (*De la Motte-Fouquet*, *Undine* 68) *crystal*-*palace*; — *salz*, n. *sal-gum*; — *schere*, *f.* *see* — *wahrgeret*; — *spiegel*, m. *crystalline* *mirror*; — *starr*, m. *Med.* *membranous* *catarrh*; — *stecher*, m. *engraver* on *crystal*; — *stein*, m. *transparent* *quartz*; — *wahrgeret*, m. *crystallo-mancer*; — *wahrgeret*, *f.* *crystallo-mancy*; — *wasser*, n. *see* *Créti'nisation*; — *zinn*, n. *Minor.* *grain* *tin*. [*Guba'nisch*, *adj.* *Cuban*.

* **Guba'ner**, (*str.* m. *Guba'nerin*, (*w.* f.)

* **Gub'be**, (*w.* f. 1) (*Ital.* *cubeba*, from *Hind.* *kabāba*) (*G-nyffert* *baum*), m.) *Bot.* *cubeb*, *cubeb-shrub*, *Java* *pepper*-*shrub*, *raisin* of the *sun* (*Piper cubeba* L.); *G-nöl*, n. *essence* of *cubeba*; 2) *see* *Gibbe*.

* **Gub'f**, (*ind.* *adj.* (*Lat.* *Lat.-Gr.*) *Math.* *cubic(al)* (*adv.* *cubically*); *in comp.* — *fuß*, m. *cubic* *foot*; — *inhalt*, m. *cubic* or *solid* *contents* (of a body); *cubature*; *capacity*; — *linie*, *f.* *cubic* *line*; — *maß*, n. *cubic* *measure*, *measure* of *capacity*; — *raute*, *f.* *cubic* *perch*; — *wurzel*, *f.* *cube*-*root*; — *zahl*, *f.* *cube*-*number*, *cubic* *number*; *auf* *die* — *zahl* *erheben*, to *cube* (a quantity), to raise to the third power by multiplying (a number) twice by itself; — *zahl*, m. *cubic* *inch*.

* **Gub'fren**, (*w.* v. tr. *Math.*) 1) to *cube*; 2) to determine the *cubic* or *solid* *contents* of (a body).

* **Gub'fisch**, *adj.* *Math.* *cubic(al)*, *see* *Gub'f*; *der c-e* *Salpeter*, *Chem.* *cubic* *nitre* (*nitrate* of *soda*); *der c-e* *Inhalt*, *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'fisch**, (*w.* f.) *cube*-*cubo*.

* **Gub'fisch**, (*adj.* *cuboid(al)*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* *Lat.-Gr.*) *Math.* *cubo*; *auf* *den* — *bringen*, *see* *auf* *die* *Gub'f* *erheben*.

* **Gub'f**, (*w.* f.) *Bot.* *cucumis* (*Lat.*, *pl.* *cucumeres*; a genus of plants, including the *cucumber*, *melon*, *etc.*).

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *Fr.* *coulillon*, *cotton*) *poitron*, *secondrel*. — **Gub'fren**, (*w.* v. tr. to treat as a *poitron*; to vex, annoy.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

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* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

* **Gub'f**, (*str.* m. *see* *Gub'f*.

de'ner, (*str.*), *Currend'schüler*, (*str.*) *m.* through the streets of certain towns for alms.

* **Current**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *current*: —*ſchrift*, *f.* 1) current hand-writing, running-hand; 2) *see* *Curſſſchrift*.

* **Curſſen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*Lat.*) to circulate.

* **Curſſe**, *adj.* (*L. Lat.*) *Typ. italic*: — *or* *mit* (*in*) —*ſchrift* *drucken*, *v. tr.* to italicize: —*ſchrift*, *f.* *italio type*, *italica*: *cursive characters*. [*m.* (*Lat.*) *course*.]

* **Curſſe**, (*pl.*) [*Lat.*] *Curſus* *or* (*str.*) *Curſe*

* **Curſſſch**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *curule*.

* **Curve**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *curve*: *C-ſtufein*, *f. pl.* *curve-tables*.

* **Curſen**, (*not decl.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Curſen*) *m.* [*Lat.*] 1) *or* *Curſen*, (*w.*) *m.* *keeper*; *warder*; *assistant in a great library*; 2) *a*) *Typ. catch-word*, *direction-word*, *direct word*; *b*) *Typ.* the *direct* (*w.*) [*a shaft*].

* **Curſſen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *Min.* to hinder

* **Curſen**, (*str.*) *n.*, *Cyanogen*, (*str.*) *n.*

(*Gr.*) *Chem.* *cyanogen*. — **Curſen**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Bot.* *blue bottle* (*Kornblume*). — **Cyanometer**, (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* *cyanometer*.

* **Cycladen**, **Cycladische Inſeln**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *pl. Geogr.* the *Cyclades*.

* **Cycloide**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Math.* *cycloid*.

* **Cyclopy**, (*w.*) *m.* *Gr. Myth.* *Cyclops*: *C-ſt-mauerwerk*, (*str.*) *n.* *Cyclopean rubble*. — **Cyclopyſch**, *adj.* *cyclopean*.

* **Cyclus**, **Cyklus** (*indocl.*, *pl.* *sometimes* *Cyclen*), **Cyfel**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *cycle*.

* **Cylin'der**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *cylinder*:

(*Kampfen*) — *chimney of a lamp*: —**Cylindriſch**, *adj.* *cylinder-like*: —**bohrer**, *m.* *boring-machine*: —**bampffteſſel**, *m.* *cylindrical boiler*: —**bede**, —**bedeckung**, *f.* *Mech.* (*steam*)-*jack*, *see* *Patent*, 3, d: —**bedel**, *m.* *cylinder cover*: —**brechbaul**, *f.* *slide-lathe*: —**fürmig** (*or* *cylindriſch*), *adj.* *cylindric(al)*: —**gebülſe**, *n.* (*höl-jernes*) *tromp*: —**hemmung**, *f.* *Horol.* *cylinder-escapement*: —**tragen**, *f. pl.* *cylinder-cards*: —**lampe**, *f.* *argand-lamp*: —**maſchine**, *f.* 1) *Electr.* *cylinder electrical machine*; 2) *cylinder (steam) engine*: —**preſſe**, *f.* *see* *Walzpreſſe*: —**ſchſe**, *f.* *sucker, piston*: —**uhr**, *f.* *horizontal watch, lever- or cylinder-watch*.

* **Cylin'dern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Wass.* to *calender*.

— **Cylin'driſch**, *adj.* *cylindric(al)*. — **Cylin'droil**, (*str.*) *n.* *Math.* *cylindroid*.

* **Cymbel**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *mus.* *cymbal*.

* **Cynanthe**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* *see* *Bräune*.

* **Cyniter**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *cynic*. — **Cyniſch**, *adj.* *cynical*. — **Cyniſ'mus**, (*pl.* *C-nen*) *m.* *cynicism*.

* **Cyper**, *s. l.* 1) (*str.*) *m.* *Manſſ.* *cyprus* (*kind of thin ſtuff*); 2) (*w.*) *f.* *Cyprus-plum*: *Il.* *in comp.* —**gras**, *n.* *Bot.* *cyperus* (*Cyperus* *L.*: *Zool-s.* —**hund**, *m.* the *naked or Turkish dog* (*Canis aegyptius* *L.*): —**laſe**, *f.* *cyparet* (*Felis domestica striata* *L.*): —**wein**, *m.* *Cyprus-wine*: —**wurz**, *f.* *see* —**gras**.

* **Cyperu**, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* *Cyprus*: —**holz**, *n.* *prince's-wood*: —**holzbaum**, *m.* *Spanishelm*.

* **Cypreſſe**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *cypress* (*Cupressus* *L.*): **C-abaum**, *m.* *cypress-tree*: **C-aholz**, *n.* *cypress-wood*: **C-antant**, *n.* *Bot.* a *species of lavender-cotton*: **C-annuſ**, *f.* *cypress cone*: **C-apſtne**, *m. pl.* *Joſn.* & *Inſtr.* *m.* *cypress shingles*: **C-antantur**, *f.* *see* **C-antant**: **C-awal**, *m.* *cypress wood*: **C-wolffſmilch**, *f.* *Bot.* *cypress-spurge*.

* **Cypriſt**, (*w.*) *m.* *Cypriot*, *inhabitant of Cyprus*. — **Cypriſch**, *adj.* *Cyprian*.

* **Cyſte**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Physiol.* 1) *cyst*, *cystis*; 2) *see* *Walzſchmülſt*.

* **Cythere**, **Cytherea**, *f.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Cytherea* (*surname of Venus*).

* **Czaſan**, **Czaſ's**, **Czaſ't**, *see* **Cſch...**

* **Czar** [*pr. tsar*], (*w.*) *m.* (*Russ.*) *czar*.

* **Czar'in**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Russ.*) *czarina*, *czarina*, *czareſſe*.

D.

D, *d*, *n.* 1) *Gramm.* *D*, *d*, the *fourth letter* and *third consonant of the Alphabet*; 2) *Mus.* *D* (the *second note of the gamut*, named *re* in *Italy and France*): *D-dur*, *D major*; *D-moll*, *D minor*.

D, *abbr.* *d.* or *dd.* *for* *debit* (*bezahl*), *paid*; *daſ.* *for* *daſer*, *thence*; *Dän.* *Bto.* *for* *Dän-iſch Banco*, *Comm.* *Danish banko*; *deſ.* *for* *daſelbſt*, *there, at that place*; *D. C.* *for* *da capo*; *Deb.* *for* *Debitor*, *Comm.* *debtor*; *dd.*, *ddo.*, *dto.* *for* (*Lat.*) *de dato*, *from the date*, *vom Tage der Ausſtellung eines Schreibens*; *d. E.* *for* *durch Einſchluß*, *per or by enclosure*; *Dec.*, *Decbr.* *for* *December*, *December*; *Deſ.* *for* *Deſter*, *dicker* (*of hides*); *d. Gr.* *for* *der Große*, *the great*; *del.* *for* (*Lat.*) *deleatur*, *blot out*, *erase*, *man ſtreiche aus*; *Dep.*, *Dept.* *for* *Département*, *department*; (*n.*) *f.* *for* (*bit*) *Fortſetzung folgt*, *to be continued*; *d. E.* *for* *durch Güte*, *durch Gelegenheit*, *by the favour or politeness of ... favoured by ...*; *dgl.*, *dergl.* *for* *dergleichen*, *the like*, *such*; *d. h.* *for* *daſ heißt*, *that is to say*; *d. l.* *for* *daſ iſt*, *that is* (*anal. i. e.*); *Disc.* *for* *Disconto*, *discount*; *d. S.* 1) *for* *dieses Jahres*, *this or the present year*; 2) *for* *der Jüngere*, *the younger*; *d. l. W.* *for* *des letzten Monats*, *of last month*; *d. M.*, *d. Mts.*, *d. Mts.* *for* *dieses Monats*, *of this month*; *do.*, *ditto.* *for* *ditto*, *ditto*, *ditto*; *Dpſt.* *for* *Dampfſchiff*, *steamboat*, *steamer*; *ds.*, *ds.*, *for* *dieses*, *this*; *Dp.*, *Dup.*, *Dp.*, *Dund.* *for* *Dugden*, *dozen*; *Duc.* (*£*) *for* *Ducaten*, *ducats*, *ducats*.

Dä, *I. adv.* 1) *a*) *there*; *b*) *†*, *where* (*rel.*); *here*, *present*; 2) *a*) *then*, *at that time*; *b*) *†*, *when* (*rel.*); *coll-s.* — *draußen*, *out there*; — *drin(nen)*, *in there*, *within that place*; — *oben*, — *broken up there*; — *drüben*, (*in that place*) *yonder*; — *unten*, — *drunten*, *below there*; — *hinten*, *behind there*; — *vorn*, *forward there*; — *läßt ſich nichts weiter thun*, *there is nothing further to be done in that matter*; *wo* — *where?* *wo denn* — *where then?* *wer* — *hat*, *he that has*; *es waren viele Menſchen* — *there were many persons present*; *wie gewöhnlich* (*iſt or war*) *Nie-mand* — *as usual, nobody in the way*, *cf.* *Daſein*; *ll. conj.* *when*, *as*; *ſince*, *because*; *while*, *whilst*, *whereas*: — *iſt iſen* (*ſch*), *when I saw him*: — *doch*, — *nun*, *ſince*, *ſince in-deed*; — *hingegen*, — *ſonſt*, *whereas*; — *wo*, *where*: — *nun aber*, *but now as, now*.

Dael, (*str.*) *n.* (*L. G.*) *Mor.* *pump-dale*.

Dabel [*sometimes* *da'bel*, *when opposed to* *ſiebel* *ic.*], *adv.* 1) *thereat*, *there*, *near it*, *by*, *present*; 2) *therewith*, *at the same time*, *in doing so or thus*, *withal*; 3) *thereby*, *hereby*, *by it*, *with it or in*; 4) *so*, *as it is*; 5) *besides*, *withal*: *nahe* — *hard by*; — *ſtehen*, *to stand by*; *ſie* — *ſtehen*, *the by-standers*; — *ſein*, *to be present*, *to assist*; *iſt wer eben* — *I was just about it*; *iſt bin* — *I am with you* (*him, her, them*)! *ſie iſt mit* — *she makes one of them*; *wollen ſie* — *ſein?* *will you be of the party?* *iſt beſinde mich ſehr wohl* — *I find much good by it*; — *ſtehen*, *to persist in*, *to keep or stick to it*: *es bleibt* — *I done!* *the thing is settled*: — [*pr.* *da'bel*] *bleib* *es*, *there the matter rested*: *es mag* — *ſtehen*, *let it be so*: — *erregnete ſich* — *it was attended with ...*; *iſt bin* — *nicht geſchähet*, *I risk nothing in this affair*; — *will ich Ihnen noch ſagen*, *besides I will tell you*; — *miſſen Sie bedenken*, *daß ...*, *moreover you must consider that ...*

Da'bleiben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *ſein*) *to*

stay, remain, wait; *jum Abendessen* — *to stay supper*: — *miſſen*, *to be kept in* (*at school*).

* **Da Capo**, (*Ital.*) *see* *Capo*.

Dach, (*str.*, *pl.* *Däch(er)*) *n.* 1) *roof*; *ſchiefe* — *shed- or lean-to roof*; *ſchiefe* — *square or common span-roof*; *geböckert* — *gambrel roof*; *franzöſiſches* — *curved roof*: *das* — *aufſetzen*, *Corp.* *to bring up the carcase roofing*; 2) *Herald.* *covert*; 3) *ſg.* *for* *house*; 4) *Min.* *upper stratum*; 5) *upper part of the sounding board of a violin*; 6) *Sport.* *back of the falcon between the wings*; 7) *Mech.* *domo* (*of a boiler*); 8) *Conch.* *imbricated top-shell*: — *und Dach*, *coll.* *house and home*, *housing*: *unter* — (*und Dach*) *bringen*, 1. *Corp.* *to roof in a building*; 2. *to bring under shelter*, *to put under cover*, *to house*; *in* — *und Dach* *re-halten*, *to keep in repair*: *unter eine m* — *coll.* *under the same slates*: *Einem auf dem D-e ſein or ſtehen*, *to keep a strict eye upon one*, *to watch a person's actions narrowly*: *da iſt bei ihm gleich Feuer im D-e*, *he takes fire presently*: *Einem* — *und Dach* *geben*, *to lodge one*; *Einem etwas auf das* — *geben*, *to give one a knock on the head*.

Dach..., *in comp.* —**arbeit**, *f.* 1) *roofing*; 2) *Min.* *step-work*; —**ballen**, *m. pl.* *see* —**ge-bäl**; —**hüber**, *m. pl.* *tie-beams* (*of a roof*); —**hüber**, *m. tilor*: *slater*; *thatcher*; *thatcher*. **Dach'el**, **Däch'el**, (*str.*) *m.* *iron-w.* 1) (*Decl.*) *bloom*, *ball*, *lump*; 2) *iron drippings*, *molt-ten iron*. [*little roof*].

Dach'elchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* *of* *Dach*) *Dach'en*, (*w.*) *s. d.* *to roof*; *to slope*.

Dach..., *in comp.* —**ente**, *f.* *Ornith.* *little grebe*, *small duck* (*Steißfuß*); —**ſchne**, *f.* *vane*, *weather-cock*; —**ſenſter**, *n.* (*hollän-diſches*) *dormer* (*window*); *garret* (*window*); *luthern*; (*platt*) *ſenſter* (*von oben*) *sky-light*; —**fette**, *f.* *see* —**ſfette**; —**ſſte**, *f.* —**ſerſ**, *m.* —**ſſſte**, *f.* *ridge of a roof*: —**gebäl**, *n.* *timber-work of a roof*: —**geſchäß**, *n.* *roof-story*, *attic-story*; —**geſims**, *n.* *cornice* (*of a roof*); —**geſparre**, *m.* *the rafters* (*of a roof*); —**gieſel**, *m.* *gable*, *gable-end* (*of a house*); —**hammer**, *f.* *garret*, *cock-loft*; —**hübel**, *m.* —**leſſe**, *f.* *gutter*, *conduit-pipe*; —**laſſe**, *f.* *Min.* *upper* (*inferior*) *coal-layer*; —**laſſer**, *n.* *copper-plate for roofs*; —**länge**, *f.* *length of a roof*; —**laſſe**, *f.* *roof-lath*: —**laſſe**, *m.* *Bot.* *common house-leek* (*Semprivium lactuſum* *L.*): —**laſe**, *f.* *a hole or opening in the roof*, *luthern*: —**maſter**, *m.* *see* *Haummaſter*; —**meſſer**, *m.* *thatching-knife*; —**muſſe**, *f.* *slater's mortar-tube*; —**muſſel**, *f.* *see* *Stechmuſſel*; —**naſe**, *f.* *garret-window with a gable roof*; —**paſſe**, *f.* *roofing-paste-board*, *carton-pierre* *for roofing*; —**paſſane**, *f.* *pan-tile*, *gutter-tile*; —**ſſfette**, *f.* *Corp.* *parlin*; —**raſſmen**, *m.* *Corp.* *wall-plates* (*pl.*); —**raſſe**, *f.* *gutter*; *house-eaves*; —**rdſſe**, *f.* *conduit-pipe or spout of a gutter*; —**ſſale**, *f.* *see* *Stichſſale*.

Dachſ [*pr. dach*], (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* 1) (**Dachſ** *ſm*, [*w.*] *f.* *female*) *badger*, *brock*, *gray*, *baſſin* (*Meles taſſus* *Schb.*); 2) *see* —**hund**; *etern* — *aus ſeinem Baue graben*, *to unearth*, *dig up* a *badger*.

Dachſ..., *in comp.* —**bür**, *m.* *see* *Dachſ*; —**bur**, *m.* *earth*, *burrow*, *kennel of a badger*; —**ſell**, *m.* *see* *Dachſel*; —**ſeintig**, *adj.* *badger-legged*.

Dach..., *in comp.* —**ſchale**, *f.* *Min.* *upper stratum of a slate-quarry*: —**ſchaltung**, *f.* *roof-dealing*: —**ſchleſter**, *m.* *roof- or roofing-slate*: —**ſchindel**, *f.* *shingle*: —**ſchweſſe**, *f.* *lower beam of a roof*.

Dachſ'eien, *m.* *see* *Dachſſale*

Dachſ'el, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Corp.* *cooper's adze*; 2) *Sport.* *see* *Dachſhund*; 3) *Husd.* *branches of fir-trees* *chopped up and used for litter*.

Dachſ'eln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Sport.* *to hunt the badger*.

Damit, I. adv. [da'mit, sometimes (when not emphasized) damit] therewith, with it (this, that); thereby, by it, by that: *wozu dienen Augen?* um damit zu sehen, what are eyes for? to see with: — *erbitte die Gabe*, there the matter ended: *was wollen Sie* — *fragen?* what do you mean by it? — *haben wir Küsser gesagt*, when we have said this we have said all; — *ist mir nicht geblut*, that will not serve my turn, this will not do for me: — *ist es noch nicht vorbei*, that is not yet the end of the matter; *es ist aus* — [damit], there is an end (to it); *nur heraus damit!* out with it! II. conj. (damit) that: in order to, to; — *nicht, lest*, for fear (that). (fallow deer).

Damhase, (w.) f. fawn (the young of the Dämlich, see Dämlich).

Damm, (str., pl. Dämm) m. 1) dam, bank, embankment, dike, water-gate: (Polen) — *mole*, jetty, pier; mound: 2) *Fisch*, garth, wear; 3) (or —weg, m.) causeway; 4) *Anal.* perinnum; 5) *T.* pit (of bell-founders); *Ag.* — *cinem Ding einen — entgegensetzen*, to stem the tide of a thing; *auf dem — sein*, 1. to be stirring, to be on the alert, to be wide awake; 2. to be well off; *auf dem — bringen*, to set up or going, to put in the way of getting on.

* **Dammr.**, (str.) n. (—haz, m.) *Chem.* dammar, dammarine: — *schiffe*, *f.* *Bot.* dammarine (*Dammira orientalis* Lindl.).

Damm..., in comp. — *auffeher*, m. dike-grave, dike-reve; — *ban*, m. damming, diking: — *bruch*, m. 1) rupture of a dam; 2) *Anal.* see — *riß*; — *büffel*, *f.* see *Brachbüffel*; — *riß*, n. bag-loc.

Dammeln, (w.) v. intr. coll. to saunter about, to trifle.

Dammern, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to dam; 2) to riot, revel; II. tr. 1) to dam (fin), embank, to (stop by means of a dike) 2) *Ag.* to curb, restrain, check.

Dammr., (str.) m. & n. (hazy) dawn, &c. see — *licht*.

Dammrde, (w.) f. *Ag.* mould, black-earth, (upper) soil; *Min.* upper-earth.

Dammrere, (str.) m. dreamer.

Dammrhaft, adj. dusky, dim; *Ag.* dreamy.

Dammrheit, adj. twilight; dusky, dim, gray; cloudy, misty; *Ag.* dreamy.

Dammrlich, adj. duskyish.

Dammrlicht, (str.) n. *Dammrlichtschein*, (str.) m. dawn; twilight, glimmer; dusk.

Dammern, (w.) v. intr. 1) to dawn; to grow or betwilight; to grow dusky; to spread a twilight; *cin* d-be *hoffnung*, a faint hope; 2) *Ag.* a) to float (of a suspicion, &c.); b) to dream.

Dammernung, (w.) f. twilight, crepuscule, gray; dusk, duskiness; *Morgen* —, f. dawn, morning-twilight; *Abend* —, f. dusk, evening-twilight; *D-falter*, *D-schmetterling*, *D-vogel*, m. crepuscular butterfly (*Abendfalter*).

Damm..., in comp. — *gegenb.*, *f.* *Anal.* perinnum: — *geß*, n. 1) pierage; 2) toll; — *grund*, m. upland; — *inspector*, — *meister*, m. see — *auffeher*; — *riß*, m. *Anal.* rupture or laceration of the perinnum; — *schüttung*, *f.* embankment; — *seher*, m. pavier; — *verwalter*, m. see — *auffeher*; — *weg*, m. highway, causeway; — *weibe*, *f.* see *Brachweibe*; — *zähler*, m. *Gunn.* worm, ladle (for a great gun).

* **Damm**, (str.) n. (*Nal.*) loss; — *machen*, to sell under prime-cost; *cin* *Procent* —, one per cent average.

* **Dämon**, (str., pl. [w.] Dämonen) m. (*Gr.*) demon. — *Dämonisch*, adj. demonlike, demoniac, demoniacal.

Dämpf, (str., pl. Dämpfe) m. 1) steam; vapour; smoke; fume; reek; damp, exhalation; 2) *Med.* asthma, pueriness; 3) *Farr.* chest-founding, broken-wind; *das Pferd hat den*

—, the horse is broken-winded or chest-founding; *mit* or *im* — *schlagen*, to steam (potatoes, &c.); *mit* — *cin* — *haben*, to be flustered, muddled; *Einem* (*Fortum*) — *ankun*, to vex, tease, plague; *er ist ein Dämon* —, he's a giddy-headed or headless fellow.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *absperrung*, *f.* cutting off of steam; — *schmaß*..., see — *schmaß*; — *apparat*, m. steam-apparatus; — *auffassung*, *f.* *Chem.* volatilisation; — *auffassungsrührer*, *f.* steam-outlet-pipe, eduction-pipe; — *bad*, n. vapour-bath, steam-bath; *Med.* fomentation; — *bagger*, m. *T.* steam-mudderer, steam-mud-heaver; — *beiß*, m. fumigating-bellows.

Dämpfbar, adj. *Chem.* I. absorbable; II. D-fest, (w.) f. absorbableness.

Dämpfbar, adj. capable of being damped, &c. *f.* Dämpfen.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *barometer*, n. & m. see — *messer*; — *betrie*, *f.* see *Riffbetrie*; — *behalter*, m. steam-vessel; — *bett*, n. steam-bed; — *bläse*, *f.* see — *leffel*; — *bläse*, *f.* bleaching by steam; — *boot*, n. steam-boat, coll. steamer; — *boot-fahrt*, — *bootreise*, *f.* steam-voyage; — *brun-* *neret*, *f.* steam-distillery; — *brut*, n. steam-baked bread; — *schneiderpresse*, *f.* see — *presse*; — *schiffe*, *f.* see — *lummer*; — *schiff-fahrt*, *f.* steam-tow-boat, steam-tug; — *car*, *f.* *Med.* fumigation; — *cylinder*, m. steam-cylinder; — *drät*, adj. steam-tight; — *drud*, m. steam-pressure: — *schmaß* (schiffe), *f.* steam-gauge (whistle); — *einlassventil*, n. steam-valve.

Dämpfen, (w.) v. I. intr. to steam; to emit steam, to smoke, to fume; to reek; to exhale, evaporate; II. tr. coll. to smoke (tobacco).

Dämpfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to damp, suffocate: 2) *lit. & fig.* to quench, smother, quell, stifle, suppress, to extinguish, put out, to subdue, repress, to sober down; 3) *Cook* to stew, to oodle; 4) *T.* to steam; 5) *Mus.* a) to deaden (the sound); b) to deafen, muffle (a musical instrument); c) *cin* *Geige* —, to apply a mute to a violin; *mit gedämpfter Stimme*, in an undertone, under one's breath, with a subdued voice; *gedämpfter Ton*, muffled sound; *gedämpfte Trommeln*, muffled drums; *den Staub* —, to lay the dust.

Dämpfer, (str.) m. coll. 1) steam-boat, steam-ship, anal. steamer; 2) steam-carriage; 3) *T.* see *Windpfeife*.

Dämpfer, (str.) m. 1) extinguisher; 2) *T.* damper (of a locomotive, &c.); 3) *Mus.* damper (in a piano-forte), sordine, mute, or damper (applied to the bridge of a violin, tenor, &c.); 4) *Ag.* damper, moderator; (*dem* *Fis* *Semant* &c.) *cin* — *auffeher*, to apply a damper (to the arbour of one, &c.); to damp; 5) see *Dämpfer*.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *erzeuger*, m. steam-generator; — *erzeugung*, *f.* steam-generation; — *esse*, *f.* chimney-stalk, smoke-pipe (of a steamer or locomotive engine); stack; — *fahrt*, *f.* steam-vessel; — *flinte*, *f.* steam-gun; — *flotte*, *f.* steam-fleet, *cf.* — *marine*; — *frigate*, *f.* steam-frigate; — *getriebe*, m. see — *maschine*; — *geschütz*, — *gewehr*, m. steam-gun; — *gewichtswage*, *f.* *Mech.* steam-weighing-balance; — *gewölbe*, m. upper part of the boiler; — *gitter*, n. gratings; — *gläser*, n. pl. *Opt.* glasses blackened with smoke for the observation of eclipses of the sun; — *gölpe*, m. *Min.* machine-winch; — *hahn*, m. steam-cock; — *heizung*, *f.* heating by steam; — *heizungs-rührer*, *f.* steam-heating pipe; — *horn*, *Dämpf*horn, n. see *Dämpfer*, 1.

Dämpfig, adj. steamy.

Dämpfig, adj. *Med.* asthmatic, asthmatic; *Farr.* chest-founded, broken-winded.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *leffel*, m. coffee roasted by steam; — *lummer*, *f.* — *lasten*, m. steam-chamber, steam-room, steam-chest,

steam-box; — *leffel*, m. (steam-) boiler; — *leffel-* *blech*, n. boiler-plate; — *leffelröhre*, *f.* steam-boiler explosion; — *flappe*, *f.* see — *ventil*; — *leffelapparat*, m. steam-cooking-apparatus; — *leßte*, *f.* smoking coal; *Mach* — *leßten*, m. (steam-) piston; — *leßtenleßerung*, *f.* packing of the piston; — *leßtenleßerung*, *f.* piston-rod; — *leßte*, *f.* steam-power; — *leßte*, *f.* *leßte*, *f.* hot-pressing of cloth, *cf.* *Decatira*; — *leßte*, *f.* steam-kitchen; — *leßte*, *f.* 1) *Phys.* coil-pile; 2) *Gunn.* smoke-ball; — *leßte*, *f.* steam-coach; — *leßte*, *f.* doctrine of steam; — *leßte*, n. smoke-hole; — *leßte*, m. see — *messer*; — *marine*, *f.* steam-navy, steam-force; — *maschine*, *f.* steam-engine; — *maschinenbau*, m. manufacture of steam-engines; — *maschinen-fabrik*, *f.* steam-engine manufactory; — *maschinenfabrik*, m. engine-house; — *maschine*, *f.* steam-mill; — *messer*, m. manometer, steam (pressure)-gauge, elastometer; — *nabe*, *f.* pl. a sort of small roundish cake of puff-paste; — *öffnung*, *f.* steam-port; — *packstoff*, n. steam-packet.

Dämpfsanne, (w.) f. stew-pan, ash-pan.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-whistle; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-(printing)-press; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-rocket; — *raum*, m. — *schiffe*, n. see — *lummer*; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-rißre, *f.* steam-pipe; — *schiffe*, n. steam-boat, steam-ship, steam-vessel, coll. steamer; — *schiffe*, *f.* 1) steam-voyage, voyage per steamer; 2) steam-navigation; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-navigation line; — *schiffe*, *f.* marine-boiler; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-boat engine; — *schiffe*, *f.* communication by steamers; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-tow-boat, steam-tug; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-esse; — *schiffe*, *f.* elastic force of steam; — *schiffe*, *f.* steam-distributor.

Dämpfsäge, (w.) f. see *Dämpfer*, 1.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *topf*, *Dämpf*topf, m. stew-pot, (*N.*) pea-boiler; — *transport*, m. steam conveyance; (*zu* *Land*) steam-land-carriage; (*zu* *Wasser*) steam-water-carriage.

Dämpfung, (w.) f. (the act of) damping, smothering, extinguishment, quenching, suffocation; *Ag.* suppression; *cf.* *Dämpfen*; *D* — *mittel*, n. means of damping, &c., abater.

Dämpf..., in comp. — *ventil*, n. steam-valve; — *ventil*, n. see — *messer*; — *verbindung*, *f.* steam-communication; — *wagen*, m. 1) steam-carriage; steam-cart; steam-drag; 2) locomotive engine; — *wagen*, *f.* steam-carriage line; — *wagen*, *f.* steam laundry; — *wagen*, *f.* power-loom; — *wagen*, m. steam-passage; — *wagen*, n. see — *maschine*; — *wagen*, m. steam-regulator.

Dam..., in comp. — *leßte*, n. see — *geiß*; — *wild* (— *wild*), n. fallow-deer.

Danaid (*gener.* (unemphasized): *danaid*), adv. 1) after that; upon that; subsequently; 2) according to that or it: accordingly; *be-* *liehen* *Sie* — (*danaid*) *zu* *ändern*, please to alter conformably; 3) for it, that; *wenn* *es* — (*danaid*) *der* *Gaumen* *steht* (*Götze*, *Fant.*) if you hanker after such things: *seine* *Stimme* *ist* *nicht* —, *hören* *Zumut* *zu* *durchdringen*, he is no voice to pierce through such a tumult: *er* *steht* *ganz* — *aus*, he looks just like it, it is like him: *er* *fragt* *nichts* —, he does not care (for it); *sehen* *Sie* —, see or look to it; *es* *war* —, *iron.* it was no better than it should be, it was such as might be expected.

Danaidung, (w.) f. *Comm.*, &c. see *Rachachtung*.

* **Danaiden**, (w.) f. pl. *Gr. Myth.* Danaides, the daughters of Danaus; — *fab*, n. (*Danaid*, *f.*) *Mech.* *danaid*, turbine of Burdin.

Däne, (w.) m. 1) Dane; 2) Danish horse.

Dan..., in comp. — *leßte*, n. see — *geiß*; — *wild* (— *wild*), n. fallow-deer.

same time, withal; gleich —, nicht —, hard by, just by; der —schende, by-stander.

Dänemark, (str.) n. Geogr. Denmark.

Dägel, (str.) m. Dangel.

Danien, (str.) m. (f. d.) *there below, down there (cf. *Pienitz*).

Danier, (str.) m. on the ground; down, cf. *Richter*; —legen, I. 1) to lie down, (frant) to lie sick, to be ill (an (with *Dat.*), off), to be laid up (with); 2) *Ag.* to lie prostrate, to be subdued (broken, destroyed); to languish; to be at a stand; II. *das* —legen, v. z. (str.) n. rostration (of trade, &c.).

Daniff, m. Daniel (P. N.).

Dänin, (w.) f. Danish woman, Dana.

Dänisch, (adj.) Danish; *das* D-*e*, the Danish (language); D-*e* Feder, Comm. spruce-leather.

Dank, (str.) m. 1) thanks; acknowledgment, gratitude; 2) reward; —bein *Turnier*, prize; (Einem) —abstatten, —sagen, to return or give thanks, to thank, to make one's acknowledgments to...; wenig — von (einer Sache) haben, to earn but little thanks for...; Einem etwas —wissen, to take a thing kindly of one; er wird es ihm höchstens —wissen, 1. he will not thank him for it, he will not take it kindly of him; 2. he will not have much to thank him for; *das* wäre also Ihr —für alle meine Mühe! this, then, is your return for all my trouble; *das* hätte ich zum —dafür, *iron.* I got this for my pains; mit —, gratefully; mit Anerkennung und —, with grateful appreciation; *Gott* oder dem Himmel *sei* —! thank God! God or heaven be praised! *es* Einem zu D-*machen*, to give satisfaction, to do to one's liking; man kann es ihm nie zu D-*machen*, one (you) never can make it to please him.

Dankstrophe, (w.) f. vote of thanks.

Dankbar, I. (adj.) thankful, grateful (gegen, to); —verbunden, highly obliged or indebted; *kehr* —würde ich Ihnen *sein*, I should feel very grateful to you; II. D-*heit*, (w.) f. gratitude, thankfulness, acknowledgment; *gut* —verpflichtet, bound in gratitude.

Dank ..., *in comp.* —beßßen, *adj.* studious to be grateful; —begier(e), *f.* desire of manifesting one's gratitude; —begierig, *adj.* desirous to be thankful or grateful.

Danken, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* (Einem [für] etwas) 1) to return thanks, to thank (for); 2) to return a (or the) bow, to acknowledge a salutation; 3) to decline an offer, to refuse; *wollen* Sie noch etwas *Empfe*? — *Ich danke*; any more *say*? — No, I thank you (I thank you, *sine* no, *würde* heißen: Ja, wenn's beliebt); 4) *see* *Verdanken*.

Dankwürdig, *adj.* thankworthy.

Dank ..., *in comp.* —erfüllt, *adj.* thankful; —*se*, *see* *Grat(dank)se*; —*gebet*, n. prayer of thanksgiving; —*lied*, n. thanksgiving-song.

Danklos, *adj.* thankless.

Dank ..., *in comp.* —*offer*, n. thank-offering; —*predigt*, *f.* thanksgiving-sermon; —*rede*, *f.* speech made to return thanks; —*sagung*, *f.* thanksgiving, (rendering or expression of) thanks; —(sagung)s-*est*, n., —(sagung)s-*tag*, m. thanksgiving-day; —(sagung)s-*schreiben*, n., —(sagung)s-*brief*, *f.* letter of acknowledgment, cf. —*adresse*; —*thätig*, *adj.* *see* —*beßßen*; —*verbunden*, —*verpflichtet*, *adj.* bound in gratitude; —*vergeßen*, *adj.* ungrateful; —*würdig*, *adj.* thankworthy.

Dann, *adv.* 1) then, at that time; 2) then, next, thereupon; — *und* *wann*, now and then; 3) in that case.

Danmen, *adv.* (always preceded by the prep. *von*); *von* —, thence, from thence.

Daran (sometimes, when emphasized: *da-*ran), *adv.* thereon, therein, thereat, about it, at it, by it, near it; —! about! at it! *in* *Etwas* mit *allen* *Darzu* —, a stem with all the roots on it; *götte* *Sie* —? do

you doubt of it; *er* *ist* *Schuld* —, it is his fault, he bears the blame; *Stübe* mit *Bän-*bern —, wands with ribbons attached; —*lie-*gend, adjacent, adjoining; *nahe* —, 1. hard by, close to; 2. *Ag.* about (to fall, &c.), on the point or eve (of); *es* *fehlen* 3 *Schilling* —, there wanted to it 3 shilling; *wie* *find* *Sie* mit *Geld* —? how are you off for money? *wie* *find* *Sie* mit *ihm* —? how are you situated with him? *ich* *bin* — (bran), it is my turn; *er* *thut* *wohl* — (*cf.* *da*-ran (emphatically) *thut* *er* *wohl*), he does, acts well in this; *Sie* *würden* *wohl* — *ihun*, *zu* ..., you would do well to...; *es* *ist* *nichts* —, *coll.* there's nothing in it, it is good for nothing; —*denken*, to think of it; —*geben*, to yield (up), surrender, renounce, relinquish, abandon; —*gehen*, to go to it, to go or set about; —*gabe*, *f.*, —*geß*, n. *see* D(a)-*rauf*(*geß*); —*kommen*, 1. to come to it; 2) to get at it; *nun* *komme* *er* *bin* *ich* —, now it is my turn; *wir* *kommen* *er* *find* *quert* —, our turn comes first; *Gem.* we have the innings; *Andere* —*kommen* *lassen*, to give others a turn; —*liegen*, to signify, to concern, to matter, to import; —(*da*-ran) *liegt* mit *der* *Allem*, that is more especially my aim, that is what I am most anxious (solicitous) about; *es* *ist* mit —*ge-*legen, it concerns me; *es* *liegt* *nichts* —, *es* *ist* *nichts* —*gelegen*, it matters (imports) not, it is no matter, it is of no consequence; —*ma-*chen, to bind or fasten to; *ich* —*machen*, *see* —*gehen*; —*müssen*, to be obliged, to be forced to submit or to do; —*sein*, 1. *see* —*kommen*; 2. to be in a certain condition, to be placed in a position; *gut* —*sein*, to be well off, to be favourably circumstanced; *schlimm* *er* *über* —*sein*, to be ill or badly off, to be in a sad case or plight; *er* *war* am *schlimmsten* *er* *über* —*sein*, he was the worst off, he had the worst of it; *ich* *weiß* *nicht*, *wie* *ich* —*bin*, I know not what to think of it; *wir* *wissen* *nicht*, *wie* *se* mit *ihm* — *ist*, we do not know how she stands with him; *Sie* *sind* *unrecht* —, you are mistaken; *es* *ist* *etwas* —, there is something in it; *es* *ist* *nichts* —, 1. there is nothing (no truth, &c.) in it; 2. it is not good for anything; 3. it matters not, it is of no consequence; *er* *ist* *eifrig* —, he is hard at it; —*setzen*, to stake, *cf.* *auf*s *Spiele* *setzen*; *Alles* —*setzen*, to do one's utmost, to strain every nerve; —*was-*chen, *Bot.* adnascent; —*wollen*, to intend setting about; *nicht* —*wollen*, to decline, refuse, reject; *er* *will* *nicht* *gern* —, he does not like this business, he is loth to undertake it.

Darans (sometimes, when emphasized: *da-*rans), *adv.* 1) thereon; thereupon; upon it, that, on it; at that; to that or it, of that; 2) after (that); afterwards; then; *gerade* —*zu*, directly up to or towards it; *das* *Post*(*geß*), *welches* *ich* —*bezahle*, the postage I paid thereon; *es* *steht* *der* *Kopf* —, it is a capital offence; *es* *steht* *der* *Leb* —, it is (no less than) death; —*folgen*, ensuing; *etwas* —*geben*, to give an earnest, to pay earnest-money; —*gehen*, *Ag.* *coll.* 1. to be spent, exhausted, wasted; consumed; 2. to die, perish; *unser* *Geld* *war* —*gegangen*, our money was all gone; *viel* —*gehen* *lassen*, to spend freely; —*geß*, n. earnest-money, deposit, advances; —*hin*, on that consideration, on the strength of that; *ich* *arbeite* —*hin*, I strive for that object; —*hin* *reiste* *er* *ab*, in consequence of this (relying upon this) he departed; —*kommen*, *Ag.* 1. or —*fallen*, to hit upon, fall or light on, upon; 2. to call to mind, to remember; *wie* *kommt* *du* —? what should make you think so? *es* *kommt* *nicht* — *an*, it is of no consequence, *cf.* *Ankommen*, I. 3, c; *es* —*wagen*, to venture, to hazard it.

Darans(*schätz*)(*steuer*), (w.) f. additional tax.

Darans (sometimes, when emphasized: *da-*rans), *adv.* therefrom, thence; from this, out

of this; of it, this; — (*da*-rans) *folgt*, hence it follows; — (*da*-rans) *sehe* *ich*, thence I see; *ich* *kann* *nichts* —*machen*, I can make nothing of it; *was* *ist* —*geworden*? what has become of it? *es* *ist* *nichts* —*geworden*, it has (is) all come to nothing; *es* *kann* *nichts* —*werden*, 1. nothing can come of it, *coll.* that won't do; 2. it cannot be (done, granted, &c.).

+ *Darans*, *see* *Draußen*.

Darben, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to suffer want (of food), to suffer extreme hunger, to starve, famish; 2) *see* *Rargen*.

Darbesferre, (w.) f. *see* *Hungerperre*.

Darbiehen, (str.) v. tr. to present, offer, tender, hold out or forth, proffer, afford; II. *refl.* to present, offer; *es* *biehet* *sich* *eine* *Gel-*genheit *dar*, an opportunity offers.

Darbrühe, (w.) f. starvation, famishment.

Darbringen, (str.) v. tr. to present, bring in, offer, render; *seine* *Erlauterlichkeit* —, to tender one's acknowledgments. — **Darbrin-**gung, (w.) f. (the act of) presenting, offering, &c.

Dardanelles, (pl. Geogr. the Dardanelles.

Darlein (*da*-rein, when emphasized), *adv.* thereto, into it or that; —*geben*, to give into the bargain; *ich* —*geben*, *folgen*, *schicken*, *finden*, to reconcile, accommodate one's self, submit to a thing; —*willigen*, to consent to; *ich* —*legen*, to interpose, interfere, mediate; —*reden*, to interrupt; —*schlagen*, 1. to strike (at random), to lay about one; 2. *refl.* or *ich* —*mischen*, to meddle in or with a thing, *cf.* *ich* —*legen*. [earth under clayey soil.

Darg, (str.) m. *provinc.* (a layer of) bog-

Darge, (w.) f. *provinc.* brass-hook for catching pike. — **Dargen**, (w.) v. *intr.* to fish for pike with such a hook.

Darlegen, (str.) v. tr. to offer up, expose; to give. [hold forth.

Darhalten, (str.) v. tr. to reach forth, **Darhin** (sometimes, when emphasized: *da-*rin), *adv.* therein, in it, that, or this; within; *ich* *habe* *mit* —*geirrt*, I have been mistaken in this respect; *ein* *guter* *Mann* *findet* *sein* *größtes* *Vergnügen* —, *Andere* *Gutes* *zu* *thun*, a good man finds his greatest enjoyment in doing good to others; — (*da*-rin) *hätte* *ich* *es* *mit* ..., there I hold with...; *er* *täuscht* *sich* —, *wenn* *er* *glaubt* ..., he deceives himself (is mistaken) in believing...; *mit* —*begriffen*, included (therein).

Darin, *adv.* within, in the inner parts.

Darinnen, (str.) n. *Law.* inherited property.

Darlage, (w.) f. 1) something laid down; money laid down; deposit; 2) *see* *Darlegung*.

Darlegen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to lay down; 2) *Ag.* to show, exhibit, display, lay open, expose; to demonstrate, explain, state; to submit. — **Darlegung**, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) laying down; 2) *Ag.* exhibition, exposure, exposition, statement; manifestation; *nach* —*der* *Verhältnisse*, after (upon) explaining the circumstances.

Darlehen, (str.) n., **Darleise** (l. u.), (w.) f. loan, money lent out (on interest). — **Dar-**leihen, (str.) v. tr. to lend (out), advance (money). — **Darleiher**, (str.) m. (money-) lender. — **Darleiherung**, **Darleiherung**, (w.) f. (the act of) lending, loan.

Darm, s. I. (str. pl. *Därme*) m. gut; *Anat.* *der* *gerade* —, rectum (*Maßdarm*); *der* *große* —, colon; *der* *lange* —, ileus; *pl.* intestines, bowels; II. *in comp.* intestinal; —*entleerung*, *f.* stool, motion; —*es*, n., —*bäse*, *f.* clyster; —*seere*, *see* *Eisenerbaum*; 2; —*bewegung*, *f.* peristaltic motion; —*bruch*, m. *Ned.* intestinal rupture or hernia, enterocoele; —*canal*, m. intestinal canal; —*drüsen*, *f.* *see* —*secre-*tion; —*einführung*, *f.* intussusception of the intestines; —*einführung*, *f.* *Vol.* strangula-

tion of the intestines; —*entzündung*, *f.* *Med.* inflammation of the bowels or guts; —*fäule*, *f.* *Vol.* inflammation of the guts; —*fell*, *n.* *see* Bauchfell; —*feber*, *n.* gastric fever; —*gang*, *m.* *Anat.* intestinal tube or canal; —*glut*, *f.* *Med.* iliac passion; —*grümmen*, *n.* colic; —*haut*, *f.* 1) *see* Bauchfell; 2) caul, keli; —*häute*, *f. pl.* coats of the intestines; —*jammer*, *m.* colic; —*kanal*, *see* canal; —*knäpfe*, *m. pl.* *Comm.* grossgutshell buttons; —*lehre*, *f.* enterology; —*leiste*, *f.* *Angl.* gut-line; —*messer*, *n.* *Surg.* enterotome; —*nabelbruch*, *m.* *Surg.* enteromphalos; —*netz*, *n.* *Anat.* caul; —*rohr*, *n.*, —*röhre*, *f.* *see* gang; —*ruhr*, *f.* *see* Ruhr; —*sait*, *f.* gut-string, cat-gut; —*saitenmacher*, *m.* (cat-)gut spinner; —*schabe*, *f.* *Entom.* vermicular ascariid; —*schelbe*, *f.* *Comm.* razor-shell (*Schicmusschel*); —*schmitt*, *m.* enterotomy; —*silber*, *n.* silver-plated cat-guts; *Med.-s.* —*spitze*, *f.* cystar-pipe, injection-pipe; —*steine*, *m. pl.* enteroliths; —*strenge*, *f.* colic, gripes; —*verschlebung*, *f.* twisting of the guts, misserore; —*wasserbruch*, *m.* *Surg.* hydrerocolic; —*weg*, *n.* pain or gripings in the guts; —*wunde*, *f.* *see* —*verschlebung*; —*wurm*, *m.* 1) belly-worm; 2) ascariid; —*zotten*, *f. pl.* villi, convoluted valves; —*zwang*, *m.* *see* —*verschlebung*. [*nicder*]

Darndröh', **Darndröh'**, *see* **Darndröh'**, **Darndröh'**, *adv.* († &) * on that account, on account of that circumstance: at it.

Darr', *in comp.* —*arbeit*, *f.* 1) drying-work; 2) *Medall.* eliquation; —*ballen*, *m.* 1) *Medall.* iron supports of the cakes; 2) *Brew.* beam or iron bar on which the grate of a kiln rests; —*blech*, *n.* *Brew.* drying-plate.

Darrt', (*w.* *f.* 1) the act of (kiln-)drying; 2) *a*) *see* **Darrhaus**; *b*) (malt-)kiln; *c*) flax-kiln; 3) *Med.* atrophy, (of birds and poultry) roup; 4) *vulg.* lean, half-starved person, starveling.

Darrreichn', (*w.* *v. tr.* 1) to reach forth, stretch out; to present, tender, proffer; 2) to administer, supply. — **Darrreichung**, (*w.* *f.* (the act of) offering, administering, &c. offer, tender. [*(malt); to liquate* (copper).

Darrren, (*w.* *v. tr.* to (kiln-)dry; to cure **Darrren**, *in comp.* —*feber*, *n.* hectic fever; —*geschirr*, —*getrüb*, *n.* *Medall.* washing-slag; —*gras*, *n.* *Bot.* soft grass; —*haus*, *n.* kiln-house, dry-house; —*jammer*, *f.* 1) drying-room; 2) *Found.* stove; —*knipfer*, *n.* copper reduced by liqation.

Darrling, (*str.* *m.* *see* **Darrknipfer**.

Darr..., *in comp.* —*ofen*, *m.* 1) kiln; 2) *Medall.* liqation-hearth; —*flaß*, *m.* malt-dust; —*flüße*, *f.* *see* —*jammer*; —*füßt*, *f.* *see* **Darrt**; 2) —*jüchtig*, *adj.* phthisical.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* *see* **Darrschleichen**.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* *see* **Darrschleichen**.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* *see* **Darrschleichen**.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* 1) to place or bring before one; to display, *lit. & fig.* to produce, to exhibit, expose; 2) to represent; falsch or unrichtig —, to misrepresent; to misstate; *Theat.*, &c. to perform, act, personate, enact; 3) *Chem.*, &c. to induce, produce; II. *refl.* to present one's self or itself; to be displayed; *b-d*, *p. a.* exhibitory; *b-d* *Künstler*, representative arts. [*hibiter*, performer.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *m.* *see* **Darrschleichen**, (*w.* *f.* 1) exhibition; show; representation; (dramatic) personation, impersonation; 2) recital; statement; 3) *Math.*, &c. construction; *Chem.* education; 4) *Law*, —*der Zeugen*, the bringing up or producing of witnesses; 5) (*burd* *Worte*) expression, description, diction; delineation; cine genaue —, a full statement; cine falsch, unrichtig —, a misrepresentation; a misstatement; *schriftliche* —, composition; *D-gabe*, *f.* gift of representation; *D-stand*, *f.* 1) art of representation; 2) graphic art; descriptive power.

Darrschleichen, (*w.* *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Darrschleichen**; 2) *see* **Darrschleichen**.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* to prove, make good, to substantiate, make proof of, to furnish evidence of, to verify; to demonstrate.

Darrschleichen, *see* **Darrschleichen**.

Darrschleichen, (*str.* *v. tr.* *see* **Darrschleichen**, (*adv.* 1) over it or that; 2) thereon, thereof, about it or that; 3) beyond that, above it or that, upwards, more; 4) at it or that, concerning that, on account of that; 5) during it or that; in the mean time; *ich bin froh* —, I am glad of it; *ein Gewicht von 16 Pfund* und —, a weight of sixteen ounces and above; *eine halbe Stunde* —, half an hour past; *es ist schon ein Viertel* —, it is already a quarter past; *cher* —, past it rather; —*(Darrschleichen)* geht nichts, there is nothing above it; nothing is superior to (better than) it; this tops every thing; *Alles was ich* — *weiß*, all I know of the matter; *es ging eine lange Zeit* — *hin*, a considerable time passed; *wir werden* — *stehen*, we shall die before we see the end; — *(Darrschleichen)* ist er weg, he is above such things, that does not move (or concern) him; —*herfallen*, to fall to or upon it; —*sein*, to be at it, to be at work; *sich* — *schicken*, to go about it, to set about it, to go to work; *es geht Alles darunter* und —, all goes topsyturvy; they throw the house out of the windows.

Darrum, (*adv.* 1) round it (in that direction); 2) about it or that, concerning that; *er weiß* —, he knows of it, he is privy to it; —*kommen*, to lose a thing; *man hat mich* — *gebracht*, they have deprived me of it; *es sei* — *! let it be so*, may be, so then; 3) *(Darrum)* for that, for it, on that account, for that reason; therefore; — *weil*, because; *warum thatst du es?* *Darrum!* *vulg.* why did you do so? because; (implying) because it pleased me).

Darrunter, (*adv.* below, beneath.

Darrunter, (*adv.* below, beneath. **Darrunter**, (*adv.* 1) thereunder; under that, under it; 2) thereby, by it, by that; 3) below it; less; 4) among it or that; — *stehend*, subjacent; — *(Darrunter)* kann ich es nicht geben, for less I cannot give it; — *thut er es nicht*, *coll.* that's his stint; — *und darüber*, *see* **Darüber**; *es ist kein Unterschied* —, there is no difference among them; — *sein*, to be of the number; *mitten* — *sein*, to be in among; *was sucht er* —? what does he mean by it?

Darrwägen, (*w. & str.* *v. tr.* *see* **Darrwägen**.

Darrwägen, (*w. v. tr.* to pay down.

Darrwägen, (*w. v. tr.* to count down.

Darrwägen, (*w. v. tr.* to produce, exhibit, display; *see* **Zeigen**.

Darrwägen, (*see* **Darrwägen**.

Darrwägen, (*see* **Darrwägen**, which *see*.

Darrwägen, (*str.* *pl.* **Darrwägen**) *n.* (*Engl.*)

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(*str.* *n.* 1) the being there, presence; 2) being, existence; — *geben* (*with* *Dat.*), or *ist* — *rufen* (*with* *Acc.*), to call or bring into being or existence. [*ibidem*]

Darfecht, *adv.* there, in that place; (*lat.*)

Darfecht, *see* **Darfecht**.

Darfecht, *see* **Darfecht**.

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Darfecht, *see* **Darfecht**.

Dauer..., *in comp.* —**hier**, *n.* see **Eager**;
—**blumen**, *f. pl.* eternal flowers; —**ge-
wächse**, *n. pl.* —**pflanzen**, *f. pl.* perennials.

Dauerhaft, (*rarely* *fg.* or *of persons*) *I.*
adj. durable, lasting, strong; stout; sub-
stantial; *b-e* Farben, fast or good-wearing
colours; *b-e* Gefäßverbindungen, (*l. u.*) per-
manent connection; dergleichen Werkzeuge
müssen (müßten) — sein, such instruments
should be made to last; *II.* **D-igkeit**, (*w.*) *f.*
durableness, durability, &c.; strength.

Dauerlauf, (*str.*) *m.*; **Dauerrennen**, (*str.*)
n. *Gymn.* running race in which duration, not
speed, determines the victor.

Dauerlos, *adj.* (*l. u.*) perishable, tran-
sient, ephemeral.

Dauern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to last, continue, hold
out, endure, stand; to keep; *es* dauerte lange,
es er ... fand, he was long in finding ...;
es dauerte lange, *es* er warm wird, *fg.* it
takes a great deal to warm him; *b-b*, *p. a.*
lasting, &c., permanent; *Bot.* perennial; *fury*
b-b, short-lived.

Dauern, (*w.*) *v. tr. impers.* to make sorry;
to move to pity; to grieve; *es* (er) dauert
mich, I am sorry for it (him); *sie* dauert mich,
I am grieved (I feel) for her; *du* dauert mich,
I pity you; *es* hat mich oft geäuert, I have
often regretted it; *laß* dich die Kosten nicht —,
do not grudge the expense.

Däumling, (*str.*) *m.* see **Dell**.

Däum, (*str.*) *pl.* **Däum** *l. u.* *m.* thumb,
see **Däumen**; —**brecher**, *m. vulg. fg.* flatterer,
pickthank.

Däumen, *s. I.* (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.*: **Däum-
chen**, (*str.*) *n.* thumbkin) 1) *a*) thumb; *b*)
Ornith. the middle part of the wing of a bird;
2) *Mech.* tappet, lift, lifting-coog, wiper; break (a
projecting piece attached to a break-wheel);
coll.-s. **Einen den — brechen**, to flatter one;
Einen den — ausblenden or **aufs Auge drücken**
(*tepen*, *hasten*), to keep a tight band over one,
anal. to keep under one's thumb; **Einen den**
den — halten, to support, patronise, counte-
nance a person; **den — rühren**, to pocket out
(money); **Einen die — schrauben**, to put one's
thumb into a thumb-screw; *II.* *in comp.* —
keuger, *m.* *Anal.* flaxer of the thumb; —
breite, *f.* thumb's breadth (an inch); —**brüder**,
m. **Lock-om**, thumb-latch; —**essen**, *n.* 1) see —
schraube; 2) *Wirt-dr.* thumb-stall; —**feite**, *Law*,
see **Handfeite**; —**flapper**, *m.* *castanet*; —
flapfer, *m.* *Anal.* th(h)onar; —**leder**, *n.* —**ring**,
n. thumb-leather, thumb-ring; —**schraube**, *f.* —
rad, *m.* thumb-screw; —**strecker**, *m.* *Anal.*
extensor of the thumb; —**welle**, *f.* *Mech.*
break-wheel (wheel with tappets or wipers).

Däumtraß, (*str.*, *pl.* **D-träße**) *f.* *Mech.*
hand-screw, jack.

Däumling, **Däumering**, (*str.*) *m.* 1)
thumb (**Däumen**); 2) oot, thumb-stall; 3)
Mech. see **Däumen**; 2) *fg.* Tom thumb.

Däum[schloß], (*str.*, *pl.* **D-ig[schloß]**) *n.* thumb
bag-lock.

Dau'ne, (*w.*) *f.* down (**Haumfeder**).

Dau'nicht, **Dau'nig**, *adj.* downy.

* **Dauphin** [**döufing**] (*str.*, *pl.* **D-e**) *m.*
Fr. Hist. dauphin.

Dauß, (*str.*, *pl.* **Dauß**) *n.* dounce; see;
der — l. interj. the dounce! the dickens!

Dauven [*sometimes, when emphasised, da'-
ven*], *adv.* 1) thereof, therefrom, of that, of
it; from that, from it; whereof; by this, by
2) off, away; was habe ich —? what do I
get by it? — [*da'ven*] habe ich nichts, that is
of no use whatever to me; was kommt — [*da'-
ven*], wenn man jüvel schmeißt, that comes
from (*i. e.* such are the consequences of
talking too much; —**bleiben**, to keep off or
clear of; **bleib** —! let or leave it alone; — *ab*
Q. **Dixento**, *Comm.* 4 percent discount re-
bate; —**essen**, to hasten away; —**fliegen**,

to fly off or away, to take wing; —**gehen**, to
go off, to take one's self off; —**helfen**, 1. to
help out; 2. to rid of; —**kommen**, to come
off, got off, got clear; —**laufen**, to run off,
run away, to scamper (away, off); *es* ist zum
— **laufen**, it is past bearing; *ich* —**machte**,
to get away, make off; to take to one's heels;
to slink away, &c.; —**tragen**, 1) to carry off,
away; 2) *fg.* to get, obtain; *den* Sieg —
tragen, to get the victory, to bear away the
palm; **Schande** —**tragen**, to come off with
disgrace; —**ziehen**, *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to
draw off, retire, withdraw.

Dauß [*sometimes, when emphasised, da'-
vür*], *adv.* 1) before it or that; 2) for that,
for it; from that, from it; *ich* habe einen Ab-
scheu —, I have a horror of it; *ich* fürchte mich
nicht —, I am not afraid of it; *da'vor* fürchte
ich mich allerdings, I am sore I am afraid of
such things; *hüte* dich —, take heed of it,
beware of it; *da'vor* behüte uns Gott! God
forbid; *ich* kann nichts —, see **Dafür**.

Dauß'er [*sometimes, when emphasised, da'-
wüßer*], *adv.* against it or that (*cf.* **Da-
gegen**); nichts — **haben**, to have no objections
to; **daß** um —, pro and con, for and against;
daß und — **streiten**, to dispute the pros and
cons; *er* setzte sich —, he opposed it.

Dauß [*sometimes, when emphasised, da'ju*],
adv. 1) thereto; to that, to it; 2) for that, for
it; for that purpose, to that end, for the occasion;
at it or that; 3) (*noch* —) besides, moreover,
in addition to ...; *sie* **fliegen** **Wurzeln** —, they ate
roots along with it; *ich* habe meine Urjachen
—, I have my reasons for it; *da'ju* habe ich
kein Geld, I have no money for such things;
noch — **unter** der Last, under the additional
burden (of, &c.); *er* **prücht** auch —, he puts in
his word; —**geben**, to contribute; *er* **gehört**
auch **mit** —, he too has a hand (is a sharer)
in it; *ich* —**halten**, to make haste (*ich* **be-
eilen**); —**kommen**, 1. to arrive at a certain
time or moment, to happen to meet or find...;
ich kam —, als *es* (*hier*) **statt** fand, I chanced
to come when it occurred; 2. to be added, to
supervene; — **kommen**, add to this, added to;
3. to come by, obtain a thing; — **kommen**
fönnen, to be able to find time; *ich* kann nicht
— **fönnen**, 1. I cannot get at it; 2. (*coll.* *ich*
kann nicht —) I cannot find time to ...; nichts
— **fönnen**, *provinc.* for nichts **daß**er können;
man muß **noch** dies — **nehmen**, it must be
added (that, &c.); *es* ist nichts —, see *es* ist
nichts **daran**, *in* **Daran**; *es* hat **allen** Anjchein
—, there is every appearance of it; —**rechnen**,
—**zählen**, to add to the number; *wenn* Sie
noch —**rechnen**, if you throw in (or adding to
it) beside; —**thun**, 1. to add; ohne etwas —
oder **davon** **thun**, without addition or dimi-
nution; 2. *fg.* to make haste, to set about it.

Daußmäl, *adv.* then, at that time.

Daußwischen [*sometimes, when emphasised, da'wischen*], *adv.* between it, between; — **be-
findlich**, intermediate; —**fönnen**, to come
between, intervene, to interfere, interrupt,
hinder, prevent; *es* ist mit etwas — **gefö-
mmen**, something intervened to prevent me,
I was disappointed; —**knust**, *f.* 1) interven-
tion, interposition, interference; 2) interrup-
tion; —**legend**, *adj.* lying between; inter-
jacent; —**reden**, to interrupt; *ich* —**schlagen**,
fg. to interpose one's authority; —**stehen**, to
stand between or betwixt; —**treten**, *I.* (*str.*)
a. intr. to intercede, interfere, interpose; *II.*
a. (str.) n. intercession. [*unpacked, unbalanced*].

* **Debailiren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* to
debait, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr. debat*) debate (*liber*
with Acc.), on, upon, discussion (of). — **De-
battiren**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to debate (*liber* [*with*
Acc.], on, upon); *liber* eine Sache —, to dis-
cuss a matter.

De'be, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* ditch.

* **De'bent**, (*Lat.* *third pers. pl.*, they owe,
cf. **Debet**) *Comm.* debtors.

* **De'bentür**, (*w.*) *f.* debenture.

* **De'bet**, (*orig.* [*Lat.*] *third pers. sing. pres. tens.* of *debere*; he owes, he ought to
[*soll*, which see] *i. e.* pay, opp. **Eredit**, *A.*)
(*str.*, *pl.* **D-s**, sometimes **De'bita** [*pl.* of **De-
bitum**]) *n.* *Comm.* debit; — **und** **Eredit**, debtor
and creditor; *im* — **stehen**, to be on the debtor-
side; —**stelle**, *f.* **debit-** or debtor-side.

* **Debit'**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* sale, mar-
ket, vent; —**commission**, *f.* see **Concurrschörbe**;
—**berfahren**, *n.* see **Concurrs**. — **Debitant'**, (*w.*)
m. *Comm.* tradesman, dealer. — **Debitiren**,
(*w.*) *v. tr.* *Comm.* 1) to debit; *debitirt* sein, to
be at one's debit; *Eines* **Rechnung** —, to place
to one's debit, to charge to one's account; 2)
to sell, dispose of. [*(Lat.) Comm.* debtor.

* **Debitur**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] **Debitoren**) *m.*
* **Debituriren** [*-büßir-*], (*w.*) *v. intr.*
(*Fr.*) *Md.* to debouch.

* **Debituriren** [*-bur-*], (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*)
to disburse, see **Anstegen**, 5.

* **Debit'** [*pr.* **debüt**], (*str.*, *pl.* **D-s**) *n.* (*Fr.*)
debut, a first appearance before the public,
as of an actor, &c. — **Debitant'**, (*w.*) *m.* *de-
butant*. — **Debitant'in**, (*w.*) *f.* *debutante*. —
— **Debitiren**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to make one's
debut, *coll.* to *debut*.

* **Decade**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.* *decada*, from
Gr. *deka*, sum, number, &c. of ten) decade.
— **Decadisch**, *adj.* decadal, pertaining to ten;
consisting of, &c. tens.

* **Decalliren**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Comm.* to lose
in the weight (by exlocation); from **Deca'le**,
(*str.*, *pl.* **D-s**) *n.* (*Ital.*) deficiency in weight
caused by exlocation, &c., inlack (of weight
or measure).

* **Decan'**, (*str.*) (*Lat.*) *m.* dean. — **Deca-
nät'**, (*str.*) *n.*, **Decanat'**, (*w.*) *f.* deanship,
deanery.

* **Decattiren** (*corr.* **Decattifiren**), (*w.*) *v.*
tr. (*Fr.*) *Alch.* to hot-press, lustre or steam
(cloth), to sponge (woollens).

* **De'cem**, (*str.*, *pl.* **D-s**) *m.* (*Lat.* *decem*,
ten) 1) *tithe*; 2) *fg.* a person's due.

Decemb'er, (*str.*) *m.* December.

* **Decemvir**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] **D-n**) *m.* *Rom.*
Ant. *decemvir*. — **Decemvirat'**, (*str.*) *n.* *do-*
convirate.

* **Decency**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) decency.

* **Decernent'**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, judge.

* **Decant'**, (*w.*) *m.*, **Decanet'**, **Decantet'**,
(*w.*) *f.* see **Decan**, **Decanat**.

* **Decarg'e** [*pr.* **de[här]schel**], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*)
Comm. discharge. — **Decargiren** [*-zhären*],
(*w.*) *v. tr.* to discharge, release (from an obli-
gation, &c.).

Decker, (*str.*) *m.* *clicker* (a quantity of ten
hides, in the leather-trade); timber (forty pie-
ces, of Russian peltry); ein — **Stück**, a clicker
(last) of hides.

* **Dechiffiren** [*pr.* **de[hiffir]ren**], (*w.*) *v.*
tr. (*Fr.*) to decipher.

Dech'fel, see **Dächfel**, 1.

* **Decimäl**, *adj.* (*L. Lat.*) *Arith.* decimal;
—**bruch**, *m.* decimal fraction; —**maß**, *m.* deci-
mal foot; —**maß**, *n.* decimal measure; —**rech-
nung**, *f.* decimal arithmetic; —**stelle**, *f.* place
of a decimal; —**system**, *n.* decimal system;
—**zahl**, *f.* decimal (number); —**zell**, *m.* deci-
mal inch.

* **Decime**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Mus.* the tenth.

* **Decimiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to decimate.

* **Decintriren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *Build.* to
take away the centering by which an arch is
supported during its erection.

* **Decis'ion**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Deci'sum**, (*str.*, *pl.*
[*Lat.*] **Deci'sio**) *n.* (*Lat.*) decision.

Deck, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* deck, see **Verdeck**;
erhöht oder *unterhöht* —, lower gun-deck; *gwei-*
tes —, 1) upper deck (of a two-decker), 2)

middle-deck (of a three-decker); brittle —, upper deck; glatted —, flush deck; gebrochene —, deck with a waist or open in the middle; leise —, preventer-deck, loose deck; — von Launen, netting; mit einem — (versehen), docket.

Deck ..., in comp. —balken, *f. pl.* Ship-b. beams, the great cross-timbers of a ship; —bett, *n.* feather-covering, coverlet; —blatt, *n.* 1) Bot. bracteal or floral leaf, bract; 2) Tob. wrapper (of a cigar); —blättrig, *adj.* Bot. bracteate; —brett, *n.* chess flooring-plank (of a wooden bridge).

Deck, (*w. f.*) 1) cover, covering; envelope; 2) a) blanket; veil, curtain; b) see Blaue; c) (Zisch-) cloth; der Tisch war mit einer hübschen — belegt worden, a nice cloth had been spread over the table; d) see Pfefferdeck; e) see Umföhlgesch; f) see Fußdeck; 3) Archit. ceiling; 4) Mus. Instr.-m. sound-board (of a violin, guitar, &c.); 5) case; Harol. cock; 6) T. & Typ. cap; 7) see Zünddeck; 8) Mach. crown, roof, fire-place; 9) surface (of foiled cloth); 10) a) Bot. integument; b) Anat. coat; c) Sport. skin (of a wolf, bear, &c.); 11) Ag. see Deckmantel; die — fiel mir von den Augen, the film fell from my eyes; pros-a. unter der —, in a) hugger mugger; unter einer — stecken, to conspire together, to have a secret agreement, to collude; sich nach der — strecken, to accommodate (one's self) to circumstances, anal. to cut the garment according to the cloth.

Deckel, *s. l.* (*str. m.*) **Deckelchen**, (*str. n.*) dimin. a small cover 1) cover, lid; 2) Print. tympan (of a press); 3) Bot. & Conch. operculum; 4) Archit. cornice; 5) Comm. show-end; 6) Conch. operculum, lid; 7) foc. for hat, anal. tile; kein Topf ist so schön, es paßt ein D-chen darauf, proverb, every Darby finds his Joan; — auf dem Ständeloch einer Kanone, apron, cap of a gun; — eines Topfes, pot-lid; II. in comp. —bänder, *n. pl.* Print. (pivot-) joints, hinges; —becker, *m.* covered goblet; —heber, *f.* Gun-sm. hammer-spring; —förmig, *adj.* Bot. operculiform; —glas, *n.* glass with a lid; —kassette, *f.* —frug, *m.* tankard; —schneide, *f.* Conch. operculate snail; —sieb, *n.* a sieve with a (leather) cover; —stuhl, *m.* Print. gallews.

Deckel, (*w. v. tr.*) to provide with a cover **Decken**, (*w. v. l. tr.*) 1) a) to cover; b) to screen; to shelter; den Tisch —, to lay or spread the cloth, to set the table; es ist gedeckt, the cloth is laid; 3) Mil. to cover (troops on the retreat, &c.), to bring up (the rear); to convoy, escort; 3) to cover (of stallions); 4) Dy. to cover; gut (or weniger gut) —, to have great (or less) covering-power; 5) mit einem Dach —, to roof; mit Ziegeln —, to tile; mit Stroh oder Schilf —, to thatch; mit Schiefer —, to slate; mit Schindeln —, to shingle; 6) T. to clay, bottom (sugar); 7) Comm. a) to cover, make provision for, refund (a debt); to reimburse, put in cash (a creditor); b) to answer (a bill); die Passerellen —, to settle the freight; sich — gegen ..., to recover against ...; er ist hinlänglich gedeckt, he has sufficient security; ich bin noch nicht gedeckt für ..., I am not yet in cash for ...; einige Gläubiger sind gedeckt, some creditors have had their calls (claims) met; seinen Esqaren —, to make good one's loss; die Flaggte deckt die Waare, free ships make free goods; is deckt es sich, thus the affair is squared; II. *refl. Comm.* to reimburse one's self; III. *recipr. cinander (coll. sich) —*, *Mod.* to be incongruity; to cover; sich d-be gegenseitig, concurring figures.

Decken ..., in comp. —flechter, *m.* mat-maker; —gemälde, —förmig, *n.* Paint. ceiling-pieces; die beweglichen —stücke eines Theaters, *pl. Theat.* soffits, heavens.

Deck ..., in comp. —farben, *f. pl.* Paint.

1) gener. body-colours; 2) water body-colours; —federn, *f. pl.* Ornith. coverts (der Ohren) ear-coverts; (der Flügel) wing-coverts; (des Schwanzes) tail-coverts; —förmig, *m. l.* Paint. cream; 2) Engr. turpentine varnish for covering copper-plates; —fläche, *f.* Mach. over-lap; —formen, *f. pl.* Manuf. ground blocks in calico-printing; —fuge, *f.* Archit. covering-joint; —garn, *n.* Sport. sweep-net, drag-net; —gestirn, *n.* cornice; —gut, *n.* tobacco used for wrappers; —hammer, *m. T. l.* 1) alator's hammer; 2) nail-drawer; —gant, *f.* Anat. integument; —füße, *n. pl.* Mar. hanging-knees of the decks; —kraft, *f.* covering-power (of a colour); —leder, *n.* Sport. leather covering for the lock of a gun; —lehm, *m.* Bound. moulding-clay, luting-loam; —mantel, *m.* Ag. cloak, pretence, veil, colour, mask, cover; —messer, *n.* hedging-bill; —netz, *n.* —garn; —papp, *m. T.* resist-paste, reserve; —planen, *f. pl.* Ship-b. deck-planks; —platte, *f. l.* Archit. cap, coping-stone (of a column, &c.), abacus; 2) T.-a. a) cover-plate; b) top plane-iron, break-iron; 3) flag-stone; —rauten, *m. T. sod*; —rohr, *n. l.* Bot. see Rohrölz; —thatz; —schiller, *n. pl.* Endom. wing-shells; —schwaber, *m.* Mar. main-stay-sail; —stein, *m. l.* 1) slab, flag-stone; 2) brim (of a well); —steine, *m. pl.* capping or coping bricks, &c. —platte; —strob, *n.* thatch; —stüben, *f. pl.* Ship-b. cross-pillars; —turm, *m.* treacle.

Deckung, (*w. f.*) 1) covering, protection; 2) Comm. congruence; 3) Comm. reimbursement; remittance, provision, the needful; ohne —, without funds in hand; zur (beufel) —, to cover; to meet; wegen Mangel an —, for want of provision being made; schnelle —, quick returns; die — hat Zeit, there is time for the needful; nur halbe — haben, to be only covered for the moiety; zur — beauftragen, to commission to do the needful; — senden, to provide the needful, see Decken, 7; — in Händen haben, to be covered; D-herber, *f.* order for reimbursement.

Deck ..., in comp. —maße, *n.* Engr. bordering-wax; —werk, *n.* Port. blind; —werpen, *f. pl.* Ship-b. deck-transoms; —zeug, *n.* tablinion.

Declamation, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) declamation. —Declamator, (*str. pl.*) (*w. f.*) Declamatorum *m.* declaimer, reciter. —Declamatorisch, *adj.* declamatory. —Declamieren, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) to declaim, recite, deliver rhetorically.

Declaration, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) Comm. 1) declaration; 2) see Zollangabe; unter — des Vertriebs, on declaring the value. —Declariere, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) Comm. to enter (goods) at the custom-house; zu wenig —, to enter short; zu viel —, to over-enter; den Verth —, to register the value (at the Post); declarirter Verth, declared value.

Declination, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) 1) a) declination (also Gramm.); b) Gramm. declension; 2) see Abweichung. —Declinirbar, *adj.* declinable. —Declinieren, (*w. v. tr. & intr.*) 1) to decline (particul. Gramm.); 2) (*intr.*) to deviate, swerve, digress. —Declinirung, (*w. f.*) declination.

Decret, (*str. n.*) (*Lat.*) decocture, decoction. —Decretation, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) decoration; Theat. scenery, scene; D-en, traverses; D-maler, *m.* ornamental painter; scene- or stage-painter; house-painter; D-maleret, *f.* decorative painting; scene- or stage-painting. —Decretiren, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) to decorate.

Decret, (*str. n.*) (*Fr.*) Comm. deduction, abatement, discount. —Decretiren, (*w. v. tr.*) Comm. to deduct, abate, discount.

Decoupler, (*pr. deupl-*), (*w. v. tr.*) (*Fr.*) to cut off, to punch. —Decouplerfläge, (*w. f.*) Join. inlaying saw-machine. —Decoupler, (*pr. deupour*), (*str., pl.* D-8) *n. T.* cut-

ting-press, (blank-)cutting-machine: punching-machine.

Decret, (*str. n.*) (*Lat.*) Law, decree, act. —Decretale, (*w. f.*) *Eccl. Law-s.* decretal. —Decretalbrief, *m.* decretal epistle. —Decretiren, (*w. v. tr.*) to decree, ordain.

Dedication, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) dedication. —Dediciere, (*w. v. tr.*) to dedicate, inscribe (a book, &c. to some person as a patron).

Deductiren, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) to deduce. —Deduction, (*w. f.*) *T.* deduction.

Defecation, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) defecation: clarifying, clearing (of sugar).

Defect, *l. adj.* (*Lat.*) defective: damaged, injured; Typ. imperfect; II. *s. (str.) m.* defect, deficiency; Typ. imperfection; III. in comp. Typ-s. —bogen, *m.* imperfect sheet; pl. or —bettel, *n. pl.* imperfections; —buch, *m.* batter; —falle, *m.* case of imperfections; —regel, *n.* shall for the cases of imperfections; —zettel, *m.* list of imperfections, bill of imperfect fount. [(an account).

Defectiren, (*w. v. tr.*) *Comm.* to purge **Defectivum**, (*str., pl.* [*Lat.*] Defectiva) *n. (Lat.)* Gramm. defective verb.

Defendant, (*w. m.*) (*Lat.*) defendant (Respondent). —Defensiv, (*w. f.*) *defence* (Bertheidigung); D-stinte, *f.* Fort. complement of the curtain. —Defensivallage, (*w. m.*) *Law*, witness for the defendant. —Defensiv, *adj.* defensive; die D-e, *f.* Mil. state or posture of defence, defensive; in der D-behalten or bleiben, to remain on the defensive; die D-e ergreifen, to act on the defensive.

Defensor, (*str., pl.* [*w. f.*] Defensores) *m. (Lat.)* Law, pleader, counsel (Bertheidiger).

Defertiren, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) I. *tr. Law*, 1) to inform (against); 2) den Eid —, see Aufschreiben; II. *intr.* to grant (einem Gefuch, a suit).

Deficit, (*str., pl.* D-8) *n. (Lat.)* deficiency, deficit.

Defiler, (*str., pl.* D-8) *n. (Fr.)* Mil. defile.

Defilliren, (*w. v. intr.*) (*Fr.*) Mil. to file off, to defile.

Definiren, (*w. v. tr.*) (*Lat.*) *Log.* to define. —Definition, (*w. f.*) *Log.* definition: eine — geben, to frame a definition.

Definitiv, *adj.* (*Lat.*) definitive (sentence, &c.), terminating a suit, definite; final.

Defraudant, (*w. m.*) (*Lat.*) defrauder (especially of the customs), defaulter, smuggler. —Defraudation, (*w. f.*) the act of defrauding, fraud (upon the revenue, &c.); smuggling. —Defraudiren, (*w. v. tr. & intr.*) to defraud, to smuggle (goods without paying the customs).

Defterdär, (*str., pl.* D-8 & D-c) *m. (Psa.)* Defterdär, chancellor of the exchequer. **Degellen**, (*str. n.*) (*dimin.* of Degeln) a little sword, &c.

Degen, *s. l.* (*str. m. l.*) sword; rapier: 2) Ag. champion, swordsman, warrior: coll. fellow, anal. blade: II. in comp. —band, *n.* sword-knot; —hufe, *f.* see —franz. **Degener**, (*str. n.*) sword-cutter.

Degeneration, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) degeneration. —Degeneriren, (*w. v. intr.*) to degenerate.

Degen ..., in comp. —flisch, *m.* see Heer-schwan; —fläche, *f.* flat side of a sword; —förmig, *adj.* Bot. sword-shaped, ensiform; —futter, *n.* see —schide; —griff, *n.* see —griff; —gehül, *n.* sword-belt, hangers of a sword, sword-girdle; t baldric; —gestirn, *n.* class of swords; —griff, *m.* sword-hilt; —hefte, *m.* sword-hook; —flinge, *f.* sword-blade; —knopf, *m. l.* pommel; 2) see Degen, 2; —knopf, *f.* see —gehül; —franz, *n.* Bot. great bar or flag reed (Spartanium L.); —st, *n.* see Birtenöl; —quaste, *f.* sword-tassel (or knot); —schide, *f.* scabbard, sheath; —schmidt, *m.* sword-cutter; —schwarz, *n.* see Birtenstern;

he has a mind to stay away: er denkt gar! baron, he has a good mind to do so: ich denke nicht im Entferntesten daran, nothing is further from my mind: er dachte nicht mehr (weiter) daran, he dismissed the thought from his mind: ich sagte ihm, was ich von seinem Benehmen dachte, I gave him my opinion (marked my sense) of his conduct: wer hätte das gedacht? who would have thought it? man denkt an andere Maßregeln, other measures are in contemplation: gedacht, geistlich, scarcely imagined ere it is realised: das Publikum denkt ..., the public feeling is ...: das gibt zu -, this is a suggestive subject or a subject fraught with meaning: ich dachte gar! you don't say so! ich -, to think to one's self: daran ist gar nicht zu -, that is not to be thought of or quite out of the question: in der Aussprache wird kein Unterschied gehört, wenn der Sprechende nicht daran denkt, einen zu machen, no difference in the pronunciation is heard when the speaker is not on his guard to make one: können Sie sich (Dat.) nicht -, von wem dieser Brief ist? have you no idea from whom this letter comes? - Sie sich (Dat.) das Schlimmste, anticipate the worst: - Sie sich (Dat.) nur! only think! imagine! - Sie sich (Acc.) an meine Stelle, suppose you were in my case, make the case yours or your own: wir vergessen oft, wenn wir mit Anderen reden, uns (Acc.) in ihre Lage zu -, we often forget when we talk to people, to put ourselves in their situation: das habe ich mir gedacht, I thought as much: - Sie sich (Dat.) etwas (aus), think of something: sicherlich würde ich mir keine Eule als Jettichens Lieblingsstier gedacht haben, to be sure I should not soon have thought of an owl for Harriet's pet: so lange ich - kann, since my remembrance: - Sie nicht weiter daran, never mind it: sie sollen an mich -! they shall have cause to remember me! an Gedächtnis ist nicht zu -, payment is out of the question: er denkt auf entscheidende Maßregeln, he meditates (on) more decisive measures: ich muß darauf -, wie ich ihm gefalle, I must consider how I best can please him: d-b, p. a. cognitive, thinking, sensible: ein d-des Wesen, a rational being.

Denken, v. s. (str.) n. thinking, thought, cogitation: speculation: tiefes -, deep thoughtfulness. [culator.]

Denker, (str.) m. thinker, reasoner, speaker. ... in comp. -fähig, adj. capable of thinking or reasoning: -fähigkeit, f. see -kraft: -faul, adj. hating the least effort of thought: -form, f. mode of thinking: -freiheit, f. freedom of thought: -kraft, f. faculty of thinking, cognitive or intellectual power: -lehre, f. logic. [possible, presumable.]

Denkschrift, adj. (l. u.) 1) see Denksatz; 2) coll. **Denk.** ... in comp. -mal, n. 1) monument; 2)

memorial, memory: zum -mal, in remembrance (see in Andenken): -münze, f. medal: -richtig, adj. logical: -riemen, m. Jew. Rel. phylactery: -ring, m. ring serving as a token of remembrance: -säule, f. monumental column, monument, statue: -schrift, f. 1) (monumental) inscription: 2) memorial: eine -schrift einreichen bei ..., to memorialise: ... Verfasser einer -schrift, memorialist: 3) memoir: record: -spruch, m. sentence, maxim: motto: apophthegm: -stein, m. monumental stone, monument: -stück, n. memorial: -tafel, f. commemorative or monumental slab or tablet: -übung, f. mental exercise or practice.

Denkungsart, (w. f.) f. turn or cast of mind, manner of thinking: unedel -, illiberality: weltliche -, worldly-mindedness.

Denk. ... in comp. -vermögen, n. reasoning faculty: -weise, f. see -art: -würdig, adj. memorable, notable, commendable: -würdigkeit, f. memorableness: memorable occur-

rence (event, thing): -würdigkeiten, f. pl. memoirs: -zeichen, n. token of remembrance, monument: -zeit, f. epoch: -zettell, m. 1) see -ricmen; 2) memorandum-paper: 3) fig. the (act of) reminding a person to do better in future, or actual punishment, chastisement.

Denk. I conj. for; then: so wollen wir -fort, let us then set out: es sei -das, unless, if, provided: er bezahle mich -, unless he pays what he owes me: was -? but what? what do you mean? to what can you be alluding? verzeihst du - seinen Eßer? cannot you (or won't you then) take a jest? weiß er (with emphasis) - nichts, wenn sein Bruder nichts erfahren hat? does he know nothing of the affair, if his brother has not learnt anything? - doch, after all: II. adv. than: but: wer ist reicher - er? who is richer than he? nichts - Gold, nothing but gold (cf. His).

Denk. noch, conj. yet, but yet, notwithstanding, however, nevertheless, all the same.

* **Dental**, (Lat.) adj. & s. (str.) m. Gramm. dental. - **Dentisten**, n. pl. Conch. tooth-shells. - **Dentist**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to indent, cf. Auszahnern, Auszahn; dentellirte Arbeit, T. dentelli, modillions. - **Dentist**, (w.) m. dentist. - **Dentist**, (w.) f. 1) see Gebiß, 1; 2) condition of teeth.

* **Denunciant**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Law, accuser; informer. - **Denunciiren**, (w.) v. tr. to denounce, inform against (one). - **Denunciations**, (w.) f. denunciation, information against.

* **Département** [pr. departimang], (str., pl. D-s) n. (Fr.) department; - der inneren (äußeren) Angelegenheiten, home-(foreign) department.

* **Déponiren**, (w.) v. tr. (L. Lat.) Comm. to discharge, strike out (a debt); to cancel (an order).

* **Dépeche**, (w.) f. (Fr.) despatch: D-Wechsel, m. interchange of despatches.

* **Déployiren** [pr. -ploaj-], (w.) v. intr. (Fr.) Mil. to deploy.

* **Dépo'nens**, (induct., pl. [Lat.] Deponen-tia) n. (Lat.) Gramm. deponent (verb).

* **Déponer**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Law, 1) depository; 2) deponent, witness. - **Déponiren**, (w.) v. tr. Law, 1) to deposit, depone; 2) to depose, depone, to give evidence.

* **Déportation**, (w.) f. (Lat.) deportation, transportation. - **Déportiren**, (w.) v. tr. to deport, transport.

* **Dépositaire**, (str.) m. (Lat.) Comm. depository: Comm. & Law, consignatory, fiduciary, trustee: Law, bailee.

* **Dépositen** ..., (Lat.) in comp. -bank, f. deposit-bank: -casse, f. trust-fund; -geber, n. pl. consigned, deposit- or trust-money, trust-funds: -posten, m. amount of deposit: -schein, m. receipt for a deposit.

* **Déposition**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Law, see Zeugenaussage.

* **Dépositum**, (str., pl. [w.] Depositen, or [Lat.] Deposita) n. (Lat.) deposit, funds deposited, trust (money): in -geben, 1. to give in charge: to put in store, cf. Verwahrung; 2. to put in pawn, to give as a pledge: ein -angreifen, to embezzle a deposit.

* **Déposibiliren**, (w.) v. tr. to dispose of.

* **Dépot** [pr. depot], (str., pl. D-s) n. (Fr.) Mil., &c. depot: Oust. bonding: bonding warehouse.

* **Déprimiren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to depress: Med. cin. deprimerer Puls, a weak pulse: 2) Surg. to couch (a cataract).

* **Députat**, (str.) n. (Lat.) a certain allowance in kind, over and above the stipulated salary.

* **Députation**, (w.) f. (Lat.) deputation.

* **Députirte**, m. (L. Lat.) (decl. like adj.) deputy: D-Kammer, f. chamber of deputies (as formerly in France).

Der, Die, Das, I. pron. dem. this, that, he; find Sie R.? - Ja, der bin ich! are you M.? - Yes, the same or I am he, coll. I am the man: ich bin der, den Sie gefürchtet getroffen haben, I am he whom you met yesterday: mir gefallen die Lustspiele Shakespeares besser als die des Molières, I like Shakespeare's comedies (plays) better than those of Molière: der da, he there; mit dem da werden Sie nicht fertig (Schiller, Piccol. 1, 4), with him there you will never gain your point; der nadder (die naddie), such a one; cf. So und So; der Warrder! fool that he is: wo soll das enden? where is this to end? er wird dir das und das sagen, he will tell you so and so; das, cont. of persons: such people, persons, &c. of this kind: er, das muß immer sein, und freuen (Schiller, Wall. Lager 2), why, these fellows must always be swilling and eating: das thut ich auch, so do I; das war der Inhalt, these were the contents (of a letter, &c.); bei alle dem (Dat. w.), notwithstanding, with all that: es ist an dem, it is about the time; es war an dem, daß er gefragt wurde, he was near being taken; er ist nicht an dem, it is not so; es ist nicht an dem, there is no truth (coll. nothing) in it.

II. pron. rel. who, which, that.

III. art. the (über Begleitung, Gebrauch n. des Artikels im Engl., vgl. die Grammatik, 3. B.: 1. in der Schule, Straße &c. at school, at church, &c. die Früchte des südlichen Italiens, the fruits of southern Italy, &c.; 2. der deutsche Art. oft durch Wörter im Engl. ausgedrückt: halten Sie den Koffel in der rechten Hand, hold the [your] spoon in your right hand; ich fuhr im eigenen Wagen, I travelled in my own carriage; die Nase blutet mir, my nose bleeds; er brach das Bein, he broke his leg, &c.).

Derartig, adj. of the sort of such kind, such: nichts D-s, no such thing.

Derb, I. adj. 1) compact, firm, substantial, solid; hard; 2) hardy, hearty, sturdy, stout, sound; 3) rough, tough; downright, rude, coarse, uncouth; vehement, expressed in strong terms: d-e Flüg, gross or big lie, ein d-er Sch, a hearty kiss (see Schmach); d-er Epaf, practical joke; d-er Fick, smart blow, lash, &c.: -antworten, to answer bluntly; Einem - die Wahrheit sagen, to tax one roundly; II. D-heit, (w.) f. 1) compactness, firmness, solidity; robustness, stoutness: sturdiness; 2) roughness, bluntness, &c.; D-heiten, pl. blunt sayings, hard words, unceremonious proceedings.

Derbheit, (str.) n. Manner, massy ore.

Derreiß, **Derreißens**, adv. once, one day, upon some future day, in the future. - **Derreißig**, adj. future, that is to be; mein d-er Schlichter, my protector or that is to be.

Derent... in comp. -haben, -wegen, un-wissen, adv. for her or their sake, on their account; for whose sake, on whose account.

Dergehalt, adv. such, of such a nature or kind; in such a manner, so (much or far), to such an extent.

Dergeleichen, adj. 1) demonstr. of a similar kind, the like, such, such like; 2) rel. such (like) as.

* **Derivation**, (w.) f. (Lat.) derivation. - **Derivatium**, (str., pl. [Lat.] Derivata) n. Derivat, (str.) n. Gramm. derived word, derivative. - **Deriviren**, (w.) v. tr. to derive.

Derleuge, **Dieleuge**, **Dasleuge**, pron. dem. that, he; - welcher, he who; dieleugra, pl. those, they.

Derlei, obsolescent, see Vergleichen.

Dermalessen, obsolescent, see Derreiß.

Dermaßen, obsolescent, adv. at present, this time, now, actually. - **Dermäßig**, adj. present; actual. [much: to such a degree.]

Dermaßen, adv. in such a manner, so

Der's (or **dē's**), *pron. poss.* your, yours; his (with persons of distinction); Seine Majestät haben — Minister befohlen, his majesty has ordered his ministers: — heißen, — wegen, *adv.* + *see* Deswegen.

Der'selbe, **Die'selbe**, **Dies'selbe**, *pron. dem.* the same; he, she, it, that: eben —, ganz —, the very same: mein Leben ist immer ein und dasselbe, my life is the same thing over and over again: — wie ..., the same as or with **Der'selbe**, **Der'selben**, *adv.* († &) *coll.* in the mean time (Unterdessen).

* **Der'wisch**, (*str.* & sometimes without declension) *m.* (Pers.) Moh. Ed. dervise, dervise. **Der'zeitig**, *adj.* of the time, for the time being.

[—moll, D stat minor.] **Des**, *Mus.* D stat (D^h); —dur, D stat major; * **Descedent**, (*w.* *m.* *Lat.*) descendant. — **Descedenz**, (*w.* *f.*) descendants (Nachkomenschaft in absteigender Linie). — **Descedenz**, (*w.* *f.*) descension (Absteigung); descent. **Des'cender**, (*str.* *m.* *see* Descent. — **Des'cender**, *v. tr.* *coll.* to weigh on a steel yard. **Deserteur** (*pr.* —tör'), (*str.* *pl.* D-e or D-s) *m.* (Fr.) deserter, runaway. — **Desertion**, (*w.* *f.*) desertion. — **Desertören**, (*w.* *v. intr.* (aux. sein) to desert, run away.

* **Desertören**, *n. pl.* (Lat.) *see* Sechswaltergehören.

Des'falls, **De's'falls**, *adv.* in this or in which case; on that account, therefore. — **Des'fallsig**, *adj.* on this head; regarding this point.

Desgleichen, **De's'gleichen**, *I. adj.* *see* Der'gleichen; II. *conj.* likewise, as also.

Des'halb, + **De's'halb**, *see* Deswegen.

* **Desiderat**, (*str.*), **Desideratum**, (*str.* *pl.* [Lat.] **Desiderata**, [*w.* D'ten] *n.* desideratum. — **Desiderium**, (*str.* *pl.* **Desiderien**) *n.* desire (Wunsch, Begehren). [*qu. for. to.*]

* **Designören**, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Lat.*) to designate.

* **Desinfection**, (*w.* *f.* *Fr.-Lat.*) disinfection; D-smittel, *n.* disinfectant. — **Desinficieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to disinfect.

* **Des'man**, (*str.* *m.* *Swed.*) Zool. Russian musk-rat (*Myotis moschata* L.).

* **Desolät**, *adj.* (Lat.) distressed, dreary, sad, melancholy (Traurig, Kläglich).

* **Desorganistieren**, (*w.* *f.* *Fr.*) disorganisation. — **Desorganisieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to disorganise.

* **Desoxydation**, (*w.* *f.* *Fr.-Gr.*) Chem. deoxidation. — **Desoxybieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to deoxidate, deoxidise.

* **Despectatlich**, *adj.* (Lat.) 1) disreputable; 2) disreputable, contemptuous.

* **Desperat**, *adj.* (Lat.) desperate; furious. — **Desperatieren**, (*w.* *f.*) desperation.

* **Despot**, (*w.* *m.* *Gr.*) despot, tyrant. — **Despotie**, (*w.* *f.*) despotism (despotie or arbitrary power or government). — **Despotieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* & *intr.* to rule in a despotie manner. — **Despotisch**, *adj.* despotie(al), arbitrary. — **Despotismus**, (*induct.* *pl.* D-men) *n.* despotism, tyranny.

Dessehn'geschiet, **Dessehn'geschietet**, *conj.* notwithstanding. **Des'sent**..., *in comp. coll.* — heißen, — wegen, (imm) —wilen, *adv.* *see* Deswegen. * **Des'ter**, (*str.* *pl.* D-s, *coll.* D-e) *n.* (Fr.) demest (Kastisch); —tisch, *n.* doily. * **Des'tin** (*pr.* des'ting'), (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *n.* (Fr.) T. design, pattern, figure; —braut, *m.* T. special wire; —maschine, *f.* T. figuring-machinery. — **Des'tinatör** [—tör'], (*str.* *m.* (Fr.) designer (Kupferstecher).

* **Des'tinatör**, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Fr.*) T. den Draht —, to draw special wire. — **Des'tinierungs-maschine**, (*w.* *f.*) punching-machine.

* **Destillät**, (*Lat.*) (*str.* *n.*) produce of a distillation. — **Destillatör** (*pr.* —tör'), (*str.* *m.* (Fr.) distiller. — **Destillation**, (*w.* *f.* 1)

Chem. distillation; 2) distillery. — **Destillieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to distil, abstract.

* **Destillier**..., *in comp.* —blase, *f.* —geßß (verschiedener Formen), *n.* still, alembic, glass-still, retort; —helm, —hut, *m.* helm of a still; —solben, *m.* 1) still-head, steam-head, capital of a still; 2) a still; —kunst, *f.* the art of distilling.

De's'te, *adv.* (before a degree of comparison) the; je mehr — besser, the more the better: — besser, so much the better, (all) the better.

De's'wegen, **De's'wegen**, *conj.* therefore, for that reason, for that sake, on that account.

De's'wilen, **De's'wilen**, *adv.* (gener. preceded by um) for that reason.

* **Detachment** (*pr.* detä'schmang'), (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *n.* (Fr.) detachment, detached body or party, draught. — **Detachören** [detä'sch']-, (*w.* *v. tr.* (Fr.) *Mil.*, &c. to detach, to draught, to draw out; detachieren, *p. a. Ruin.* detached, (free and) disengaged.

* **Detail** (*Fr.* *pr.* with *l mouille*), (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *n.* 1) particulars, details; 2) retail: im — verkaufen, to (sell by) retail; —bericht, *m.* detailed statement; —handel, *m.* retail-business (—trade). — **Detailier**, **Detailier**, (*w.* *m.* retailer. — **Detailieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to particularise, detail. — **Detailierung**, (*w.* *f.*) particularisation.

* **Detenören**, **Detinören**, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Lat.*) to detain, retain. — **Detention**, (*w.* *f.*) detention; imprisonment.

* **Determinieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Lat.*) to determine; determinirt, *p. a.* determined; resolute. — **Determination**, (*w.* *f.*) determination.

* **Detonören**, (*w.* *v. intr.* *Lat.*) 1) to detonate (Berstufen); 2) *Mus.* to intonate incorrectly. — **Detonation**, (*w.* *f.* 1) Chem. detonation (Berstufung); 2) false or incorrect intonation.

* **De'to**, *adv.* (Ital.) *see* Ditto.

Deu'be, (*w.* *f.* *S. G.*) little theft.

Deu'ter, (*str.* *m.* *coll.* deuce, cf. Dreieck.

Deul, **Deu'ling**, (*str.* *m.* *see* Deil.

Deut, (*str.* *m.* 1) Num. doít (a small Dutch copper-coin); 2) *fig.* a trifle, anal. farthing, Am. cent.

Deu'te, (*w.* *f.* *provinc.* *see* Dülte.

Deu'tel, (*str.* *m.* *Carp.* trenail-wedge.

Deutelei, (*w.* *f.*) *coll.* forced or absurd interpretation, malignant exposition.

Deu'teln, (*w.* *v. tr.* & *intr.* *cont.* to explain or interpret malignantly, to tempt with the meaning of ...; er will seine Worte nicht brechen und — lassen, he will not suffer his words to be turned or trifled with, or their meaning explained away.

Deu'ten, (*w.* *v. I. intr.* (with auf [& Acc.] 1) to point at or to: mit den Augen —, to wink at; 2) to hint at; 3) to indicate, to token: to prognosticate; II. *tr.* 1) to explain, expound, interpret; 2) to apply (a meaning) to something, to refer (something) to ...; etwas zum Deuten —, to put the best construction upon a thing.

Deu'ter, (*str.* *m.*) interpreter, explainer.

Deu'terei, (*w.* *f.*) *see* Deutelei.

Deu'tlich, *I. adj.* clear, plain, distinct, perspicuous, lucid; explicit, intelligible, open; decided (taste, &c.). — **De's'hand'schrift**, legible hand; — **De's'ausprache**, articulate pronunciation; II. **De'teit**, (*w.* *f.*) clearness, distinctness, plainness, perspicuity, lucidity; explicitness, intelligibility.

Deu'tsch, *I. adj.* German; der D-e Bund, the German Confederation; der D-e Orden, the D-e-n Herren, die D-en Ritter, *m. pl.* (knights of) the Teutonic Order; das D-e Meer, *Geogr.* the North-Sea; der D-e Kiesel, Lock-em. sliding catch-bolt; der D-e Safran, *see* Saffor; der D-e Sanbarach, *see* Bach-

holdergummi; *Ag-s.* — heraus, in plain terms: — zu legen, to be candid; II. **Deu'tsche**, *s.* (decl. like *adj.*) 1) *m.* & *f.* German: er ist ein alter D-r, *coll.* he is an honest, plain, straight-forward fellow; 2) *n.* the German language.

Deu'tschen, (*w.* *v. I. tr.* to make German; II. *intr.* *see* Deu'tschmeln.

Deu'tschheit, (*w.* *f.*) quality of being German; German nature or character.

Deu'tschheitlich, *adj.* belonging to the Teutonic order.

Deu'tschland, (*str.* *n.* *Geogr.*) Germany. **Deu'tschmeister** or **De'sch** und **Deu'tschmeister**, (*str.* *m.*) Grand-Master of the Teutonic Order; das De'sch- und Deu'tschmeisterthum, Grand-Mastership of the Teutonic Order.

Deu'tschthum, (*str.* *pl.* D-thümer) *n.* Germanity. — **Deu'tschthümerei**, (*w.* *f.*) Teutomania, Germanomania, Germanism. — **Deu'tschthümeln**, (*w.* *v. intr.* to play the Teutomane, to Germanise. — **Deu'tschthümer**, (*str.* *m.*) Teutomane.

Deu'tung, (*w.* *f.*) interpretation, explanation; einer Sache (*Lat.*) eine falsche — geben, to put a wrong construction upon a thing; D-soll, *adj.* 1) suggestive; 2) ominous.

* **Devaluatören**, (*w.* *f.* *cf.* Valviren) depreciation (of coin); D-stabelle, *f.* table of depreciation. — **Devaluieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to depreciate (coin), to debase.

De'venter, (*str.* *n.* *Geogr.* (the town of) Daintry.

* **De'vestieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Lat.*) to divest: Law, to deprive of a fief.

* **Deu'te**, (*w.* *f.* *Fr.*) 1) device, motto: 2) D-n, *pl.* Comm. effects, bills, paper.

* **Devolutören**, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.*) Law, *see* Heimsfall. — **Devoluieren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to devolve.

* **Devot**, *adj.* (Lat.) 1) devout; pious; 2) respectful, humble, submissive.

* **Dey**, (*str.* *pl.* Dey's) *m.* (Turk.) Dey.

* **Diab'elisch**, *adj.* (Lat.-Gr.) diabolical; atrocious.

* **Diadēm**, (*str.* & *pl. gener.* *w.* *m.* *Gr.*) diadem. — **Diademat**, (*str.* *n.*) diadem. — **Diadematist**, (*w.* *f.*) diademist.

* **Diadem**, (*str.* *n.* *Gr.*) diadem, tiara, crown: — spinne, *f.* *see* Kreuzspinne

* **Diagnosieren**, (*w.* *f.* *Lat.*) Med. diagnosis, diagnosis.

* **Diagonal**, *I. adj.* (Lat.-Gr.) diagonal; —rab, *n.* Mach. bevelled wheel; II. D-e, *s.* *w.* *f.* *Geom.* diagonal.

* **Dialekt**, (*str.* *m.* *Gr.*) dialect. — **Dialektik**, (*w.* *f.*) dialectics. — **Dialektiker**, (*str.* *m.*) dialectician, logician. — **Dialektisch**, *adj.* dialectic: 1) relating to dialectics; 2) dialectal, relating to a dialect; D-e Eigentümlichkeit, *f.* idiomism.

* **Dialög**, (*str.* & *w.* *m.* *Gr.*) dialogue.

— **Dialektisch**, *adj.* dialogic(al), colloquial.

* **Diamant**, (*w.* *m.* *Fr.* from *Lat.-Gr.* adamas) 1) diamond, 2) adamant: roher —, rough diamond, brat; 2) Glas, *see* —spitze; 3) Typ. *see* —schrift; 4) Fort. *see* —graben.

Diamanten, *adj.* diamond, of diamonds.

Diamant..., *in comp.* D-enbord, D-enbort, *n.* *see* D-enpulver; D-engrube, *f.* diamond-mine: —(en)pulver, *n.* —(en)staub, *m.* diamond-powder, diamond-dust: —farbe, *f.* grey minium: —förmig, *adj.* diamond-shaped: —gewicht, *n.* carat: —graben, *m.* Fort. drop; —mutter, *f.* diamond-matrix: —schleifer, —schneider, *m.* diamond-cutter: —schmuck, *m.* jewel: set of diamonds: —schrift, *f.* Typ. diamond-(letter): —spatz, *m.* Miner. diamond (adamantine) spar, corundum: —spitze, *f.* Glas. diamond-(pencil): —strauß, *m.* egret: —wert, *n.* *see* —grub.

* **Diameter**, (*str.* *m.* *Gr.*) *see* Durch-

meffer. — *Diametrisch*, *Diametral*, *adj.* diametrical.

Diana, *f.* 1) *Rom. Myth.* Diana; 2) (*Span.*) *Nor.* day-watch, reveille; 3) †, *Chem.* silver; —baum, *m.* see *Eislerbaum*.

Dianen ..., *in comp.* — *ausfel*, *f.* *Ornith.* see *Ringdrossel*; —*flügel*, *m.* — *ehr*, *n.* *Conch.* horned broadly (*Strombus auris Diana* L.).

* *Diarium*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Dia'ria* & [*w.*] *Dia'rien*) *n.* (*Lat.*) diary; (traveller's) memorandum.

* *Diarthre*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) see *Durchfall*.

* *Diet*, *I. s.* (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) 1) *Med.* diet, regimen; strenge or knappe —, low, strict diet, regimen; nach der — leben, to be strict in one's diet, to diet (for the removal of disease, &c.); 2) †, *Polit.* diet (Richtstag, Landtag); 3) *D-en*, *D-esselter*, *n. pl.* extra-pay (Zugelder); *II. adj.* coll. strict in one's diet; der Patient mußte sich sehr — halten, the patient was obliged to be very careful about his diet. — *Dietstift*, (*w.*) *f.* dietetic. — *Dietstisch*, *adj.* dietary, dietetical; *D-e* Anordnungen treffen, to prescribe a certain regimen. — *Dietstift*, (*w.*) *m.* one who receives extra-pay for occasional or extra-services, supernumerary.

* *Diatrisch*, *adj.* (*Gr.*) *Mus.* diatonic (scale, interval, &c.).

* *Diatrische*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) diatribe.

Dicht, *pron.* (*Acc. sing.* of *Du*) thee.

Dicht, *I. adj.* tight; dense; close; compact; solid, substantial, consistent, thick, massy; ein *D-er* Wald, a thick forest; — bewaldet, densely wooded; *D-e* Dünste, impervious vapours; ein *D-er* Schiff, a tight ship; wo der Kampf am *D-esten* war, in the very thick of the battle; — an (*with Dat.*), auf (*with Dat.*), bei, close by or to, hard or fast by or at; er schnitt die Zweige *am* Stamme ab, he cut off the branches close to the trunk; — an einander, close together; *coll.* sleeve to sleeve; — am Boden hin, close to the ground; — vor meinen Augen, close to my eyes; sich — hinter (*with Dat.*) anschließen, to close in upon ... (of soldiers, &c.); *Mar-s.* — beim Winde, close hauled; — beim Winde segeln, to run close upon a wind; halt ganz — beim Winde, keep her as near as she will lie; — an der Küste hinfegen, to hug the land; — beim Lande, close in shore; — beim Lande gefahren! keep her in with the land! die Befehl — holen, to haul the massen sheets close aft; die Schiffe *D-er* zusammenrücken lassen, to close the line; *II. in comp.* — *ausliegen*, *adj.* *Bot.* compressed; — *geweht*, *adj.* close-webbed. [*of poetry.*]

Dicht'art, (*w.*) *f.* style of a poem, species

Dicht'e, (*w.*) *f.* see *Dichtheit*.

Dicht'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* calking iron.

Dicht'eisel, (*w.*) *f.* *cont.* versifying; poor poem. [*to condense; to calk (a ship).*]

Dicht'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make close, tight;

Dicht'en, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to write poetry, to compose (a poem, &c.); 2) *a*) to meditate, think, muse on; *b*) to devise, contrive, see *Erfinden*; *das* —, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* act of meditating, devising, &c.; *das* — und Trachten, the thoughts; sein — und Trachten geht dahin ..., his heart (his every thought) is set upon ...

Dichter, (*str.*) *m.* poet, bard; *in comp.* poetical, as; — *gabe*, *f.* poetical talent, &c.; — *eyen*, *m.* common ivy; — *taube*, *f.* hooded pigeon, see *Rennentaube*.

Dichterel, (*w.*) *f.* mock-poetry, bad poetry.

Dichterin, (*w.*) *f.* poetess, poetress.

Dicht'ersch, *adj.* poetical(al).

Dicht'erling, (*str.*) *m.* poetaster, vilo or

petty poet. [*Mar.* calking-mallet.

Dicht'hammer, (*str.*, *pl.* *D-hammer*) *m.*

Dicht'heit, *Dicht'igkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* tightness;

density; closeness; compactness, solidity,

consistence; thickness; — *des* Stapels (*der*

Bolle &c.), *Comm.* closeness of the staple; *D-essetter*, *m.* *Phys.* 1) manometer (for elastic fluids); 2) areometer (for liquids).

Dicht'..., *in comp.* — *örnig*, *adj.* close-grained (wood); — *flüssiges* Schmelz, *Archit.* pycnostyle. [*poetic art.*]

Dicht'haut, (*w.*, *pl.* *D-fünfte*) *f.* poetry.

Dicht'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) poetry, poetry; 2) invention, action; 3) poetical composition; eine lyrische —, a lyric composition.

Dicht'ungs..., *in comp.* — *art*, see *Dicht'art*; — *gabe*, *f.* poetic talent; — *kraft*, *f.* — *vermögen*, *n.* imagination.

Dicht'werk, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* oakum.

Dick, *I. adj.* 1) thick; big, large; bulky; — und fett, see *Quappig*; voluminous; stout, corpulent; 2) swollen; 3) thick, dreggish; *D-e* Lippen, blubber-lips; *das* *D-e* Stin, a bull-chin; Karl der *D-e*, *Hist.* Charles the Fat; die *D-e* Milch, curdled milk, curds; *das* *D-e* Ende, butt-end; *coll-s.* — thun, see *Prahlen*; durch — und Dinn, through thick and thin; sie sind sehr *D-e* Freunde, they are as thick as thieves together.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *büßig*, *adj.* blubber-cheeked, plump-faced; — *bauch*, *m.* big belly, swag-belly; — *büßig*, *adj.* big-bellied, gorballed, paunch-bellied; — *bein*, *n.* thigh; — *beinig*, *adj.* thick-legged; — *bringe* Truppe, *f.* see — *fuß*; — *cirfel*, *m.* callipers (Zogenzirkel); — *derm*, *m.* *Anat.* large intestine.

Dick'e, (*w.*) *f.* thickness; bigness, &c. *cf.* *Dick*, *adj.*; consistence; voluminousness.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *farben*, *f.* *pl.* *T.* thick colours; — *flüssig*, *adj.* club-fisted; — *flache* Feile, cotton-file; — *fuß*, *m.* *Ornith.* stone-curlew, stone-plover (*Edicnemus crepitans* Temm.); — *halsig*, *adj.* thick-necked; — *hüßig*, *adj.* 1) thick-skinned, thick-coated; callous; 2) *Ag.* callous, insensible; — *hüßig* (*der*, *m.* *Zool.* pachydermatous animal, *pl.* pachydermata.

Dick'heit, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. u.*) see *Dichte*.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *horn*, *n.* *Zool.* American sheep; — *hörig*, *adj.* broad-horned.

Dick'igkeit, (*w.*) *f.* thickness, density.

Dick'icht, (*str.*) *n.*, *Dicht'ung*, (*w.*) *f.* thick, thickest; brush; covert.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *kopf*, *m.* 1) *a*) thick head or skull, an obstinate person; *b*) see *Dummkopf*; 2) *Ornith.* bottle-headed duck (*Cheliffente*); 3) *Lebt.* *a*) see *Kant*, *A.*; *b*) *in scale*; *c*) *pl.* — *köpfe*, see *Brümmel*; 4) *Zool.* see *Garrete*; — *köpfig*, *adj.* thick- or club-headed; thick-skulled; obstinate, knobby; — *köpfigkeit*, *f.* thick-headedness; — *köpfig*, *adj.* 1) corpulent, thick-bodied, *vulg.* big-bellied; 2) *bird* bary: voluminous; — *keitsigkeit*, *f.* corpulency; bulkiness.

Dick'isch, *adj.* thickish, somewhat thick.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *lippig*, *adj.* blubber-lipped; — *maß*, *n.* *Sport.* see *Gefüge*, 2; — *müßig*, *adj.* pouch-mouthed; — *müßig*, *f.* see *Walf-müßig*; — *naßig*, *adj.* bottle-nosed; — *nabeln*, *f.* *pl.* macaroni; — *örig*, *adj.* thick of hearing; — *rindig*, *adj.* bark bound, thick-coated; — *rübe*, *f.* *Bot.* root of scarcity (*Runkelrübe*); — *schelig*, *adj.* thick-shelled; — *schenselig*, *adj.* big-haunched; — *schubel*, *m.* *Ornith.* see *Stern-brügger*; — *stein*, *m.* *Stone-cut.* big diamond; — *tan*, *n.* cable; *coll-s.* — *thner*, *m.* braggard, boaster; — *thnerel*, *f.* braggardism, bragging.

Dicht'ung, (*w.*) *f.* see *Dicht'ung*.

Dick ..., *in comp.* — *mauß*, *m.* — *müßig*, *adj.* *vulg.* see — *bauch*, — *bauchig*; — *zirfel*, see — *cirfel*. [*tion.*]

Dictan'do, (*Lat.*) *adv.* from or to dicta-

* *Dictat'*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) dictata, dictation; 2) rule. — *Dictator*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Dictato'ren*) *m.* dictator. — *Dictator'sch*, *adj.* dictatorial. — *Dictatur*, (*w.*) *f.* dictatorship, dictature.

* *Dictio'*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) diction, style.

* *Dictionär*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) dictionary, lexicon.

* *Dictiren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to dictate.

* *Dictum*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Dicta*) *n.* (*Lat.*) dictum (*Ertrag*, *Ansprech*).

* *Didactik*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) didactica. — *Didactisch*, *adj.* didactical(al).

Die, *the*: *I. f.* *Nom. & Acc. sing.*; *II. pl.* of *Der*, *Die*, *Das*.

Dieb, (*str.*) *m.* 1) thief, robber; flober, pilferer; gelehrt —, plagiarist; *fiene* *D-e* hängt man, große läßt man laufen, *emsl.* one man steals a horse, while another may not look over a hedge; 2) see *Räuber*, 3. [*frn.*]

Diebel, see *Döbel*.

Diebst, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to thieve (*Steh-Diebst*), *f.* theft, thievery.

Diebst ..., *in comp.* — *bande*, *f.* band or gang of thieves; — *fänger*, *m.* thief-catcher; — *gehilfe*, — *genos*, — *gefes*, *m.* thief's accomplice; — *grüß*, *n.* hanging-face; — *glück*, *m.* *Ag.* undeserved good luck, windfall; — *gut*, *n.* stolen goods; — *hand*, *f.* 1) a thief's hand; 2) *Zool.* fingered bastard sponge; — *hefter*, *m.* see — *gehilfe*; — *hefter*, *m.* see *Hehler*; — *höhle*, *f.* den of thieves; slum; — *inseln*, *pl.* *Geogr.* see *Labrunen*; — *kerpe*, *f.* slum; — *künste*, *f.* *pl.* thievish practices; — *latrone*, *f.* dark-lantern; — *lester*, *f.* a thief's ladder; die — *lester* halten, to be an accomplice in a theft; — *neß*, *n.* nest or den of thieves; slum; — *nüsse*, *f.* *pl.* *Bot.* kind of nutmeg (*Myristica aromatica* Lam.); — *pfiffe*, *f.* dog-whistle; — *ratte*, *f.* see — *baske*; — *schlüssel*, *m.* pick-lock; — *stau*, *m.* *Pharm.* the organ of thievishness, acquisitiveness; — *sprache*, *f.* slang or cant of thieves; — *wirth*, *m.* harbourer of thieves.

Diebin, (*w.*) *f.* (female) thief.

Diebißig, *adj.* thievish.

Diebs ..., *in comp.* see *Diebst* ...

Diebs'hül, (*str.*, *pl.* *D-hühle*) *m.* theft steiner —, larceny; *der* literarische or gelehrt —, plagiarism; nächtlicher — mit Einbruch, burglary.

Diele, (*w.*) *f.* 1) deal-board, deal, plank of fir; 2) *provinc.* *a*) (house-)floor, hall (*Gangflur*); *b*) barn-floor, thrashing-floor (*Tranc*); *D-essig*, *m.* *Archit.* mutule; *pl.* *D-essig*, cantilevers; *D-essiger*, *n.* *Comp.* *a*) flooring-slooper; *b*) boarding-joint; *D-essig*, *f.* plank-saw, pit-saw; *D-essiger*, *m.* plank-sawyer; *D-esswand*, *f.* see *Brümmwand*.

Diele, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to board, plank, to floor with boards. [*trans.*]

Dielein, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* coarse kind of Diebung, (*w.*) *f.* flooring, planking.

Die me, (*w.*) *f.*, *Die'men*, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* see *Schöber*.

Dienen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to serve; to attend as a servant, to be in service; bei *Ginem* —, to be in one's service; der *D-er* Bruder, lay-brother; 2) to be fit (useful, serviceable); 3) (*with Dat.*) to serve one; to tend one; 4) *fig.* — *zu* or *als*, to serve as or for, to serve the purpose of, to supply, to be fit for, to tend to; *wozu* — *Kugen*? what are eyes for? *das* dient *zu* wichtigen Zwecken, this subserves important purposes; *dies* dient *meinen* Bedürfnissen, this ministers to my wants; *bei* dient *zu* nichts, this is of no use; this is to no purpose; *wozu* dient *dies* alles? what is all this for? *dies* soll *mir* als *Rathgeber* —, I take this for good advice; *dies* soll *mir* als *Warnung* —, this shall be a caution for me; *es* dient *zur* Sache, it answers the purpose; *es* dient *nicht* *zur* Sache, it is beside the purpose; *dies* dient *zur* Antwort, this may do for an answer; *zur* Antwort *dient* ihm, let him take for an answer; *wozu* *dient* ihm *dies* —? in what way can I be of service to you? *dies* *ist* *sein* *soßen* *dayu* — ..., the object of these

present is ...; kann ich Ihnen damit —? may I offer it you? damit ist mir nicht beliebt, that does not serve my purpose; this will not do for me; wenn Ihnen damit beliebt ist, if it is to be of any service to you; Einem auf etwas —, *sg.* to resort upon one; Einem gehörig — (mit Worten oder Thätigkeiten), to give one as good as he brought, to give one back his own; es wurde ihm gehörig gebirt, he got back quite as much as he gave; zu —, at your service; Wind und Wetter d-b, *Comm.* wind and weather permitting; gedient, *p. a.* having served, having seen service; ein gedienter Mann, a man who has been in the army, an old soldier.

Die'ner, (str.) m. 1) (man-)servant, valet; 2) minister; — des Wortes, minister of the gospel; — des Geistes, minister of the law; 3) — des Staats, *see* Staatsdiener; 4) *fam.* bow (Berührung); — hoch, *m.* rumble.

Die'nerst, Die'nerst, adj. cont. servant-like, *slang*, *funkey-like*. [maid.]

Die'nerin, (w.) f. (maid-)servant; hand-Die'nerin, (str.) n., Die'nertracht, (w.) f. servant's dress, livery.

Die'nerin, (w.) v. intr. cont. 1) to play the servant; 2) to make bows.

Die'nerst, (w.) f. house-hold (servants), domestics, attendants, suite.

Die'nerst, (str.) m. servile character, *slang*, *funkeyism*.

Die'nerlich, I. adj. serviceable, useful; convenient, expedient, good, fit, proper, conducive; beneficial, wholesome; für — halten, to think fit; II. *f.* Die'nerlich, (w.) f. usefulness; convenience; expedience.

Die'ner, *see* Dienlich.

Dienst, (str.) m. 1) service; 2) a) place, charge, office, post, employment, situation (*Stelle*); b) (official) duty, service; *Verpflichtung*, outpost-duty; außer —, *aa* off duty; *bb* retired (from the army, &c.); 3) *Archit.* responder; 4) *sg.* subservience; gut —, good turn; gute D-e, kind offices; *bra* — haben, to be on duty or service, to be in waiting; *feinen* — haben, to be off duty; *Mar-s.* im —, in commission (of ships); nicht im —, in ordinary; nicht im — sein, to be laid up in ordinary (of ships); in — gehen or treten, 1. to go into (to) service, to go out at a salary, to enter (any one's) service; 2. or D-e nehmen, to enter (go into) the army or the service; in — nehmen, to engage (as a servant); in D-en bei Einem stehen, to be in one's service; *der schwere* —, hard service, hard duty; (Einem) zu D-en stehen, to be at one's service; was steht Ihnen zu D-en? what are your commands? es steht Ihnen zu D-en, it is at your service or disposal; you are welcome to it; ich stehe Ihnen zu D-en, I am at your service; I wait on your pleasure; einen guten — machen, to do one a good turn; gute D-e erweisen, to serve in good stead (of things); *feinen* — versehen, *thun*, or *verrichten*, to discharge one's functions; — *thun*, *leisten*, *erweisen*, to do, render, show service; Einem auf den Dienst (ausrufen, passen, warten), (*lit.* to see that a person fulfills the duties of his office), to watch one's proceedings narrowly, to keep a strict watch upon one.

Dienst ... in comp. — abet, *m.* nobility obtained in the discharge of civil duties; — alter, n. 1) age required for or subject to military service, &c.; 2) length of service; *partial*, seniority, priority (in office); — anerkennen, n. offer (tender) of service; — anerkennen, *f.* matter relating to public service.

Dienstbar, I. adj. 1) obliged to serve, subject, tributary; ministering; 2) *sg.* subservient; — machen, to subject; *fiß* (*Dat.*) *Innen* — machen, to make others serve one's purposes; die Macht des Geistes macht sich

(*Dat.*) den Stoff —, the power of mind forces matter to its purpose; II. D-feit, (w.) f. servitude, bondage, vassalage; subjection.

Dienst ... in comp. — beistehen, *adj.* officious, serviceable; — beistehen, *f.* officiousness, serviceableness; promptitude; — hote, *m.* servant, domestic; — brief, m. 1) letter of commission, appointment; 2) testimonial of service; 3) official letter; — bruder, *m.* comrade, fellow-servant; — ehre, *f.* honour gained in or by (public) service, honour of a (public) functionary; — eid, *m.* oath of office; oath of allegiance; — eifer, *m.* 1) official or professional zeal; 2) *see* — fertig; — eifrig, *adj.* 1) performing one's functions eagerly, zealous; 2) *see* — fertig; — entlassung, *f.* dismissal or dismissal from service; — erbitung, *f.* proffer of service; — erfahren, *adj.* experienced in service; — erfahrung, *f.* experience gained in long service; — ergeben, *see* — fertig; — erwerb, — erzeigung, *f.* act of kindness or of service; — fähig, *adj.* fit or qualified for service, serviceable; *Mil.* effective (men); *Mar.* able-bodied (seamen); sea-worthy (ship); — fertig, *adj.* ready or eager to serve, officious, kind, obliging; — fertig, *f.* readiness or eagerness to serve, officiousness, &c., complaisance; — frau, *f.* serving-woman, charwoman; — frei, *adj.* exempt or free from service; — freundschaft, *adj.* officious; — führung, *f.* administration of service; — gang, *m.* way or method of conducting (public) service; — geber, *m.* employer; — gefällig, *see* — fertig; — gehülfe, *m.* assistant, adjutant; — geld, n. 1) money paid in lieu of service, or socage; 2) *see* Dienstgeld; — genoss, *m.* fellow-servant; — gerechtigkeit, *f.* right of exacting certain services, bond-service; — habend, *adj.* on duty or service, in waiting; — hest, *see* — pflichtig; — herr, *m.* master, lord, principal; — jubiliüm, n. *see* Jubiläum; — kleid, n., — kleidung, *f.* livery; uniform; — knecht, *m.* serving-man, man-servant; — kunde, *f.* knowledge or routine of service; — kundig, *adj.* *see* — erfahren; — labung, *f.* *Gunn.* service-charge; — leistung, *f.* (rendering of a) service, turn; — leute, *pl.* 1) of — mann, *which see*; 2) *coll.* servants, menials.

Dienstlich, adj. 1) *see* Dienlich & Dienstfertig; 2) official (*Ämthlich*). [menial, slave.]

Dienstling, (str.) m. cont. one in service, *Dienstlohn*, (str.) *m.* hire, wages.

Dienstlos, adj. out of service, out of place.

Dienst ... in comp. — mädchen, n., — magd, *f.* servant-girl, serving-girl or maid, maid-servant; — mann, *m.* 1) vassal, feudatory; soccager, dependent; retainer; 2) porter; — mannschaft, *f.* *Mil.* effective men; — personal, n. 1) *see* Dienerschaft; 2) all the persons belonging or attached to a (public) service; — pfennig, *m.* *see* Dienstgeld; — pferd, n. *Mil.* horse used in military service; — pflicht, *f.* liability to serve or to do certain services; (suit-)service; — pflichtig, — schuldig, *adj.* bound to serve, liable to certain services; — pflichtig, *m.* one who is bound to serve; — recht, *m.* *see* — gerechtigkeit; — sache, *f.* *see* — anerkennung.

Dienst ... in comp. — tag, *m.* Tuesday.

Dienst ... in comp. — taglich, *see* — täglich; — treue, *f.* faithfulness; loyalty; — unfähig, *adj.* unfit for service, unserviceable; invalid, superannuated; incapacitated, disabled; — vergehen, — verbrechen, n. breach of duty, crime committed by any official; — verhältnisse, n. *pl.* official duties; — verjährung, *f.* suit-custom; — verweisung, *f.* dismissal from service; — voll, n. servants, menials; — willig, *see* — fertig; — zeit, *f.* time of service; servitude (of soldiers); — zugang, *m.* *see* — gerechtigkeit.

Dienstlich, (str.) m. side-table.

Dies, n. prom. dem. for *dieses*, this.

Dies ... in comp. — fähig, *adj.* relating to this or the present case; — fällig, *adj.* in this case; — jährig, *adj.* of this year; — mal, *adv.* this time, at present, for the present, now; — seitig, *adj.* on this side; — seit, *adv.* & *prep.* (with *Gem.*) on this side; — seit der Schöpfung (Jahre), on this, the better, right, or bright side of sixty.

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Dies ... in comp. — fähig, *adj.</*

cuss; 2) to bargain (um, for); II. tr. to hire, to employ for wages, to engage.

Ding'erdgen, (str.) n. pl. coll. (dimin. of the coll. pl. Dinger, cf. Rinderchen etc.) little things.

(see Rindgerd & Handgerd.)

Ding's, in comp. -geld, n., -pfennig, m. Ding'el, adj. Law, real, belonging to things. [Eo und Eo].

Dings, m. coll. Herr. — Mr. Thingum (cf. Ding'el, see Ding, II).

Ding'gettel, m. see Ding'brief.

Dinkel, (str.) m. (or -weizen) Bot. spelt (-wheat), German wheat, am-el-corn (*Trifolium spelta* L.); -gerste, f. great barley; -spjelge, f. Bot. common rye-grass (*Lolium perenne* L.).

† **Din'sen**, (str.) v. intr. (aus sein) to swell, only used in the pp. gedunsen, ewoln, bloated (Aufgedunsen).

Din'stag, see Dienstag.

Din'te etc., see Tinte etc.

* **Dio'ces', Dio'ces'e**, (w.) f. (Gr.) diocese. — **Dio'ces'um**, (str.) m. diocesan.

Dio'genes, or -trebs, m. Entom. hermit-crab (Ginstelkrebs).

Dion's's, m. Dionysius, Dennis (P. N.).

* **Dio'p'ter**, (str., pl. [w.] D-n) n. & (w.) f. (Gr.) 1) *Phys.* (slight)-vane; D-n an einem Astrolabium, pl. pinules; 2) (*Dioptre*) *Med.* see Mutterpiegel; -linse, n. alidade.

— **Dio'p'trik**, (w.) f. *Phys.* dioptrics; anacastics.

— **Dio'p'trich**, adj. dioptric, dioptrical.

— **Dio'p'tisch**, adj. dioptric, dioptrical.

* **Dio'ra'm'is**, adj. (Gr.) dioramic.

* **Dio'se'n**, (w.) m. pl. Gr. *Myth.* Dios-cori (a name given to Castor & Pollux).

* **Dipht'her'is**, f. *Med.* diphtheria.

* **Dipht'hong** (pr. -tonq' or -tongq'), (str. & w.) m. (Gr.) diphthong (Doppellaut).

* **Diplo'm**, (w.) m. (Gr.) diploma; patent.

* **Diplo'mat**, (w.) m. (L. Lat.) diplomat.

— **Diplo'matie**, (w.) f. diplomacy.

— **Diplo'mat'isch**, adj. diplomatic; bes d-c Corps, n. body or corps diplomatic.

— **Diplo'mat'ik**, (w.) f. diplomatics.

— **Diplo'mat'iker**, (str.) m. one versed in diplomatics.

* **Dip'tam**, (str.) m. (Gr. diktamnos) Bot.

1) der weisse oder grüne —, white dittany, fraxinella (*Dicamnus* L.); 2) der falsche oder wilde —, bastard dittany; 3) der freitige —, dittany of Crete.

Dit, pron. (Lat. of Du) to thee, to you.

* **Direct'**, 1. adj. (Lat.) direct: ein d-er (Eisenbahn-)zug, a through train; sich — ein-schreiben lassen, to have one's self booked through; II. adv. directly: — nach A., direct (night): directly to A.; Comm. at first hand; d-er Schaden, positive injury or loss; d-es Interesse, immediate interest; d-e Abgaben, assessed taxes; — wirkende Dampfmaschine, f. Mech. direct acting steam-engine.

* **Directi'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) direction; management; 2) board of direction (Directorium); — der Schiene, Mech. quantity of direction, (power or quantity of) momentum; 3) Linie, f. Direct'rig, [Lat., pl. Directi'ces] Math. directrix.

* **Direct'or**, (str., pl. Directo'ren) m. (Lat.)

1) director, manager, master; conductor (of a musical performance, &c.); — eines Orchester's, leader of an orchestra; head-master (of a school); governor; chairman; 2) Surg. director, conductor. — **Direct'o'rium**, (str., pl. [w.] D-rien) m. (Lat.) directory, board of directors or of direction. — **Directi'ce** [pr. -tröse], (w.) f. (Fr.) manageress, directress.

* **Dirigent'**, (w.) m. (Lat.) manager, &c. see Director; Comm. head (of a firm), chief-partner. — **Dirig'iren**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to direct, manage, rule; 2) to send, to forward; d-er Abder, see Beförder.

Dirt, m. (str.) Mar. peak-baliard (of a gaff).

Dirt'w, (w.) f. (dimin. Dirtschen, Dirts-lein, [Austr.] Dirts'l, (str.) n., little maid,

maiden, lass, damsel: eine grüne —, a worthless woman, wench, husary.

Dis, n. Mus. D sharp; —dur, D sharp major: —moll, D sharp minor.

* **Dis'cant'**, s. I. (str.) m. (M. Lat.) Mus.-descant, soprano, (counter-)treble: der hohe —, first or high treble; der tiefe —, second or base treble: der — durch die Fische, feigned or faint treble; II. in comp. —bratsche, f. treble viol; —hobo, f. treble hoboe; —pfeife, f. chanter (of a bag-pipe); —säge, f. treble-string; —sänger, Dis'cantist', (w.) m. treble-singer; —schiffel, m. soprano or canto clef, the C-clef on the first line; —stimme, f. canto.

* **Dis'ciplin'**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) discipline; 2) science, profession, system, art. — **Dis'ciplin'ar'isch**, adj. disciplinarian. — **Dis'ciplin'i'ren**, (w.) v. tr. to discipline, educate; to regulate; to correct.

* **Dis'count'**, (w.) v. & tr. Comm. to discount. — **Dis'count**, (str., pl. D-s) n. (Ital.) discount, draw-back; der mit 5% —, with 5% discount cash, 5% off for cash; in comp. —bank, f. bank of discount; —rate, f. rate of discount; —fuß, m. rate of discount; —ge-schäfte, n. pl. discounting business; —haus, n. discounting office; —rechnung, f. discount-account; —tag, m. see —fuß; —tag, m. pl. discount-days. [credit.]

* **Dis'creti'ön**, (w.) v. & tr. (Fr.) to dis-creet. — **Dis'creti'ön**, (w.) f. discretion; sich auf — ergeben, to surrender at discretion; 2-stage, m. pl. Comm. days of grace.

* **Dis'cur's**, (w.) v. intr. (Lat.) to dis-course, converse. — **Dis'cur's**, (str.) m. (Fr.) discourse, conversation.

* **Dis'cu'ss'i'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) debate, discussion. — **Dis'cu'ti'ren**, (w.) v. tr. to discuss.

* **Dis'harmoni'e**, (w.) f. (Lat.-Gr.) unhar-moniousness, want of concord, discordance. — **Dis'harmoni'sch**, adj. unharmonious.

* **Dis'locati'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) dislocation; Comm. removal (of goods). — **Dis'loc'i'ren**, (w.) v. tr. to dislocate; to transpose, remove (goods).

* **Dis'po'si'ti'ön** [pr. disp'ashö], (w.) f. (Fr.) Comm. statement of general average; — über particulare Gefahr, adjustment of loss. — **Dis'po'si'ti'ön** [—pösch'ir], (str., pl. D-e or D-s) m. arbitrator, adjuster, or despatcher of aver-ages. — **Dis'po'si'ti'ön** [—pösch'ir], (w.) v. intr. to adjust, despatch averages.

* **Dis'parat'**, adj. (Barb. Lat.) disparate.

* **Dis'pen's**, (str.) m. (Lat.) dispensation.

* **Dis'pen'si'ren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to dis-pense. [fitionstittel.]

* **Dis'ponen'ta**, (Lat.) n. pl. see Dispo-

* **Dis'ponen't**, (w.) m. (Lat.) Comm. man-ager, agent, factor; managing-clerk.

* **Dis'poni'bel**, adj. (Lat.) disposable, available, free. — **Dis'poni'bilität**, (w.) f. dispo-sableness. &c.; D-gehalt, m. Mil. half-pay.

* **Dis'poni'ti'ön**, (w.) v. tr. & intr. (Lat.) to dispose (of); gut or übel disponirt, well- or ill-disposed.

* **Dis'positi'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) disposi-tion; 2) arrangement; instructions; gut — stellen, 1. to leave or place at one's disposal; 2. to put upon half-pay; [sine D-en treffen, to take, adopt one's measures; D-sartitel, m. pl. Books. publications to be disposed of for the account of the owner. — **Dis'positi'ön's** fähig, adj. legally qualified to dispose of one's property, of a disposing condition.

* **Dis'putant'**, (w.) m. (Lat.) disputant, dis-puter, debater. — **Dis'putati'ön**, (w.) f. dis-putation, controversy, debate. — **Dis'put'i'ren**, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to dispute, debate, argue.

* **Dis'sertati'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) dissertation, written essay. [non-conformist.]

* **Dis'sident'**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Ch. dissident;

* **Dis'sonanz**, (w.) f. (Lat.) discord, disso-nance. — **Dis'son'i'ren**, (w.) v. intr. to discord.

* **Dis'stanz**, (w.) f. (Lat.) distance; Comm.-s. —fracht, f. ratable freight; —lauf, m. pur-chase of goods to arrive from abroad; distant date of delivery; —wech'sel, m. bill drawn upon a third place (in contradistinction to a local bill).

Dis'tel, s. I. (w.) f. Bot. thistle (*Cirsium* L.); II. in comp. —artig, adj. Bot. acantho-ceous; —eisen, n., —hake, f. sharp hoe; —falter, m. Entom. painted lady, thistle butter-fly (*Vanessa cardui* Latr.; *Papilio cardui* L.); —flut, m. Ornith. thistle-finch (*Fringilla car-duella* L.); —hirschen, n. see —schuck; —kaps, m. 1) knob (knob) of a thistle, thistle-top; 2) or —schuck, f. Conch. (small) prickle wheel (*Murex senilis* L.); —orden, m. order of the thistle; —vogel, m. 1) see —falter; 2) see —finf; —wiese, f. thistle-down.

Dis'tellig, adj. thistly.

* **Dis'tich'en**, (str., pl. [Gr.] Dis'ticha or [w.] Dis'tich'en) n. (Gr.) Vers. distich.

* **Dis'toni'ren**, (w.) v. intr. (Lat.) Mus. see Detoniren, 2.

* **Dis'tri'ct**, (str.) m. (L. Lat.) district (Re-)

* **Dis'tyram'be**, (w.) m. (D-tyb), & f. (Gr.) Poet. dithyramb, dithyrambic. — **Dis'tyram'b'isch**, adj. T. dithyrambic.

* **Dis'to**, **Dis'tis**, adv. (Ital. detto from Lat. dictus, said) ditto, as said, as aforesaid: the same (Dis'tich'en, Dis'tich'en). — **Dis'tis**, f. firm (firma).

Dis'te, (w.) f., dimin. Dis'tich'en, (str.) n. a small plover (Regenpfeifer).

* **Dis'ten**, (str., pl. D-s) m. (Pers.) 1) soph-a; 2) Turk. Div. divan, court of justice; council of state; 3) Mod. Pers. a collection of poems.

* **Dis'ter'gen**, (w.) v. intr. (L. Lat.) Math. to diverge; d-b, diverging, divergent.

* **Dis'ters**, adj. (Lat.) 1) divers; 2) Comm. sundry; d-e Speien, Kunden, Waaren etc., sundries; Konto pro Dis'ters (coll. D-e), sundry accounts. [vibrans.]

* **Dis'tibut'**, (str., pl. [w.] D-en) see Di-

* **Dis'tribu'ti'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Comm. divi-dend, bonus, quota, share, pro-rata, super-dividend; D-n berechnen, to make dividends, to divide; D-nfund, m. bonus fund; D-n-schein, m. dividend-warrant. [dividend.]

* **Dis'tribu'ti'ön**, (Lat., pl. D-bi) m. Arith.

* **Dis'tri'b'i'ti'ön**, (w.) v. tr. & intr. with in (& Acc.) (Lat.) Arith. to divide (mit, by).

* **Dis'tri'b'**, (str.) n. (Lat.) Typ. hyphen.

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (w.) f. (Lat.) Arith. Mil. division; die halbe —, Mil. half-file. — **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (str., pl. [w.] Dis'tri'b'i'ti'ön) m. Arith. divi-sor. — **Dis'tri'b'u'tum**, (str., pl. [Lat.] Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön or [w.] Dis'tri'b'i'ti'ön) n. (Lat.) T. & Typ. see Tensel. [sign (in fancy-weaving).]

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön** [pr. -änel], (w.) f. (Fr.) de-

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (w.) m. Mar. buoy.

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (str.) m. 1) T. a) dowl, peg, plug, pin; treenail, key; —loch, n. key hole; b) (gum) Bernsteinsäure des Epentris' driver; 3) or Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön, Lath. a species of dace (*Cyprinus*, [*Leuciscus*] *dobula* Cav.); 3) Bot. daniel (Gold).

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (w.) v. & tr. Coop. to join (the bottom pieces of a tub) with pegs (pins).

* **Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön**, (w.) m. (Lat.) teacher at a university, academical lecturer, reader.

Dis'tri'b'u'ti'ön, conj. yet; however; notwithstanding, nevertheless; for all that; after all; still; but; at least: (Fr. donc) (I) pray, I hope: je —, yes, yes; nein —, no, no; nicht —, by no means; not so! oh, not so! (hat) kommt dir —, Ihr kommt (Schiller, Picc. 1, 1), you are long in coming, but you are come (at last) wie können Sie — so lieblich urtheilen? but how can you judge so uncharitably? wir haben uns — deutlich genug ausgedrückt: we surely

expressed ourselves plainly enough! du kommst —? you come, though? **E.** Sie haben — keine Güte? **B.** —! **A.** you're not in a hurry, I hope? **B.** I am though! thun Sie es —! pray, do it! do it, though! **E.** kommst du nicht? **B.** —, —! **A.** don't you know me? — **B.** O yes, yes! — nicht mein Bruder? nay, not my brother? das ist — nicht (etwas) **B.**? why, it is never **B.**! Sie wollen — nicht etwas sagen das ..., you don't say that ..., Sie werden — nicht ein Pfund Fleisch auf einmal essen? you will surely not eat a pound of meat at once? Sie werden — nicht dies schwere Paket tragen wollen? you surely won't carry this heavy parcel? Sie glauben — wohl nicht, daß ich ein eigner Schindl so lange angelassen bin? you don't think it is my fault that I (have) stayed away so long? du wirst — nicht wanken? surely, you are not wavering? Sie können dir — nicht den Kopf abreißen, they cannot cut off your head, you know; wenn's — nicht wahr? what, if it were true? Sie haben — keine Furcht? you are not afraid? are you? Er muß es — wissen, he must know something at all events; Sie besetzt sich —, sagte Gail-lic, it moves for all that, said G.: das verdrisset mich denn —, that does certainly annoy me; sei — so gut! pray, be so good! kommen Sie —! do but come! come, do! setzen Sie sich —! do sit down! geben Sie sich — in Zukunft mehr Mühe, do take more pains in future; bleib du — sitzen! just keep your seat! Sie haben — äcker nichts zu klagen? you have nothing to complain of, I hope? wären — alle Menschen wie er? oh, that all men were like him! nicht — die Krone den Kaiser an, ausd. why, or well, a cat may look at a king; habe ich — nie solchen Lärm gehört! I am sure I never heard such nonsense! ist mir's —, als ob ..., I really feel as if ...; ist — die Stadt wie geleert? (Götze, H. & D.), well, the town is as if swept! (i. e. quite empty).

Dockt, (*str.* m. *Chand-s.* wick; — *bank*, — *schneide*, *f.* cutting-board; — *garn*, *n.* wick-yarn; — *halter*, *m.* wick-holder; — *messer*, *n.* chopping-knife, chopper; — *nadel*, *f.* wick-needle. (tune on).

Dockern, (*v.* tr. & *intr.* (*Lat.*)) to load.

Dock, (*str.* m. *Doc*, *l.* u. *Doc*) *n.* & (*l.* u.) *m.* see *Doc*, 5.

Docke, (*v.* f.) 1) rail, baluster, little pillar; die — des Aufhänges, standard; 2) *f.* plug, peg; 3) *Mus. Instrum.* see *Aufhänges*; 4) *Turn.* mandrel, mandril; puppet; 5) *Mar-s.* dock, dock-yard; basin of a port; die — mit Flutthüren, dry-dock, graving-dock, repairing-dock; die — ohne Flutthüren, wet-dock; das Schiff ist in die D-s gelegt, the ship has her berth; 6) *Comm.* skein (of yarn, &c.); bundle of tobacco-leaves; 7) a girl's puppet or baby, doll (Puppe); 8) a kind of head-dress; 9) *Bot.* meadow-saffron (*Scilla maritima*); 10) see *Dogge*.

Docken, (*v.* l. tr. & *intr.* *str.* see *Aufhängen*; *ll.* *intr.* to play with dolls).

Docken, (*v.* tr. & *intr.* 1) to wind up into a skein, to bottom; to roll together; to bind and cock (flax, sheaves of corn); 2) *Mar.* to dock (a ship), lay (her) up in a dock.

Docken..., *in comp.* — *bank*, *f.* dock-bank; — *beamte*, *m.* dock-official; landing-waiter; — *betrier*, *m.* *pl.* water-dock; — *brechstuhl*, *m.* *Novel.* balance-tool; — *flach*, *m.* *Comm.* flax in bobbins; — *flutthüre*, *f.* dock-gate; — *gebühr*, *f.* — *gelb*, *n.* dock-charges (rent); — *geländer*, *n.* a railing of balusters, a balustrade; — *gestalt*, *n.* visard for a doll; — *krant*, *n.* *Bot.* birdcock (*Archidomus* or *Xanthodomus* L.); — *klebe*, *f.* sleeve-silk; — *spiel*, *n.* see *Puppen*; — *spindel*, *f.* mandrel; — *stempel*, *m.* *Round.* loop; — *stod*, *m.* wooden base of a mandrel.

*** Doc'ter**, (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *m.* *vulg.* for *Doctor*. — **Doc'tern**, *vulg.* (*v.* l. tr. to doctor, leech; *ll.* *intr.* to quack).

*** Doc'tor**, (*str.* *pl.* *v.* *Doc'toren*) *m.* (*Lat.*) doctor; Einen zum — machen, to dub one doctor; — werden, 1) see *Doctorieren*, 1; 2) to commence doctor; — *flisch*, *m.* *Lebk.* blue thornbill (*Stachyschman*); — *hut*, *m.* doctor's cap or hood; coif (of jurists in England); — *schmank*, *m.* a Doctor's-banquet, inauguration feast given on taking a degree. — **Doc'torät**, (*str.* *n.*), **Doc'torwürde**, *f.* doctorate, doctorship; das Doctorat erhalten, to receive the doctor's degree, to be admitted a doctor. — **Doc'torin**, (*str.* *f.* 1) doctor's wife (spouse, lady); 2) doctress.

*** Doc'torieren**, (*v.* *intr.* 1) to take the doctoral degree; 2) to practise medicine.

*** Doctrin'**, (*v.* *f.* (*Lat.*) doctrine, learning, tenet. — **Doctrinär**, (*str.* *m.* *Pol. doctrinaire* (*Fr.*), a theorist, speculatist.

*** Document'**, (*str.* *n.* (*Lat.*) Law, document, deed, act, writing, record, voucher; legal paper. — **Documentieren**, (*v.* *tr.* to prove by documents, authenticate).

*** Döds**, (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *m.* (*Fr.*) see *Drontr*.

Dogboot, **Doggerboot**, (*str.* *pl.* D-böte) *n.* *Mar.* (Dutch) dogger, dogger-boat.

*** Doge** (*Ital.* *pr.* dō'ghe), (*v.* *m.* doge (formerly the title of the chief magistrate of Venice and Genoa); D-apelast, *m.* palace of the doges; D-würde, *f.* Döge, (*str.* *n.* dogate. [mastiff].

*** Dogge**, (*v.* *f.* (*Dan.*) Zool. bull-dog, **Dogger**, (*str.* *m.* see *Dogboot*.

Doggen, (*v.* *s.* *intr.* to fish in a dogger-boat.

*** Dogma**, (*str.* *pl.* *v.* *Dogmen*) *n.* (*Gr.*) dogma; Dogmengeschichte, *f.* history of doctrinal theology. — **Dogmatik**, (*v.* *f.* dogmatics, dogmatic or doctrinal theology. — **Dogmatiker**, (*str.* *m.* dogmatist. — **Dogmatisch**, *adj.* dogmatical.

Dölle, (*v.* *f.* 1) a) *Ornith.* (jack-)daw; chough (*Corvus monedula* L.); b) *slang*, a prostitute, anal. jay; 2) *provinc.* see *Abzugsgarten*; D-abroßel, *f.* see *Steinrade*; D-nest, *n.* rookery.

Dölne, (*v.* *f.* (*or* D-nistlinge) *Sport.* gin, noose, springs (for catching birds); D-nest, *f.* see *Elbischbette*; D-nang, *m.* the taking of birds by springs, noosing of black-birds; D-nist, *m.* the line in which the springs are set.

Dölsh, (*str.* *m.* 1) dagger, poniard, dirk; der kleine —, stiletto; mit einem — erstechen, to poniard, to stab; 2) *Conch.* see *Hammermuschel* [Dölshen].

Dölshen, (*v.* *tr.* (*l.* u.) to dagger (*Fr.*) **Dölsh**..., *in comp.* — *messer*, *n.* dirk; — *stab*, — *stod*, *m.* dart-stick, dart-cane, tuck-stick, Jacob's staff; — *stisch*, — *stisch*, *m.* stab (with a poniard); seine Worte sind —stiche (—stöße), he speaks daggers; — *sichttaube*, *f.* blood-breasted pigeon.

Dölshen, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Dölde*) *Bot.* umbellet, umbellicie.

Dölbe, (*v.* *f.* *Bot.* umbel; die unechte —, see *Hinterdölbe*; D-nistig, D-nistig, *adj.* umbellated(d), umbellar.

Dölben..., *in comp.* — *blume*, *f.* umbelliferous flower; — *brumig*, *adj.* umbellar; — *gewächse*, *n.* *pl.* umbelliferous plants, *umbellata*; — *rebe*, *f.* see *Berenndölbe*; — *stänbig*, *adj.* umbellated(d); — *tragend*, *adj.* umbelliferous; — *traube*, *f.* corymb(us); — *traubenfrucht*, *adj.* corymbous; — *trauben tragend*, — *traubig*, *adj.* corymbiferous, corymbiated.

Dölbig, *adj.* umbellated(d).

Döl..., *in comp.* *Mar.* — *baum*, *m.* — *berb*, *n.* see *Dahlbord*.

Dölle, (*v.* *f.* *Mar.* thole.

Dölle, (*v.* *f.* *provinc.* small deepening on a surface; dent, hollow (Zölle).

*** Doll'man**, **Doll'man**, (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *m.* (*Turk.*) 1) dolman, doliman; 2) wheel (used in executions).

Doll'misch, **Doll'metischer**, (*str.* *m.* (*Slav.*) 1) interpreter, (in the East) dragoman; 2) *Ornith.* see *Steindröcher*. — **Doll'metisch**, (*v.* *tr.* to interpret (a foreign language). — **Doll'metischung**, (*v.* *f.* interpretation.

Dolomit, (*str.* *m.* *Miner.* dolomite, red land (or magnesian) lime-stone. [dral.

Döm, (*str.* *m.* 1) dome; cupola; 2) *cathe-*

*** Domä'n**, (*v.* *f.* (*Fr.*) domain, demesne: D-alammer, *f.* domain-board; D-nverwalter, *m.* manager of domains.

Döm..., *in comp.* — *capitel*, *n.* *Ecd.* chapter; — *beant*, *m.* dean of a cathedral. [lit.

*** Domestik**, (*v.* *m.* (*Fr.*) servant, domes-

Döm..., *in comp.* — *fran*, *f.* canoness; — *freigeit*, *f.* close of a cathedral; — *herr*, *m.* canon, prebendary; — *herrlich*, *adj.* canonical, caputular; — *herrschelle*, *f.* see *Canonikat*.

*** Domestikär**, (*str.* *m.* (*Lat.*) expectant canon.

*** Domicil'**, (*str.* *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) domicile; 2) address where a bill is made payable.

*** Domicillär**, (*v.* *m.* *Comm.* payee of an addressed bill. — **Domicillieren**, (*v.* *tr.* to domiciliate (*Comm.* einen Wechsel, a bill), to make payable; einen Wechsel nach E. —, to address a bill to L.

Domicillwechsel, *m.* 1) removal; 2) *Comm.* indirect or addressed bill.

*** Dominan'te**, (*v.* *f.* (*Lat.*) *Mus.* dominant (fifth note of the scale); D-nactern, *m.* dominant chord.

*** Dominican'er**, (*str.* *m.* & *adj.* *Ecd.* Dominican (monk, nun, &c.), predicator, Jacobin.

*** Dominicus**, (*m.* (*Lat.*) Dominic (P. N.).

*** Dominieren**, (*v.* *s.* *intr.* (*Lat.*) to domineer, to lord it, see *Herrschen* & *Beherrschen*.

*** Dominus**, (*str.* *pl.* D-s) *m.* & *n.* (*Lat.*) *Ecd.* *Gam.* &c. domino; *Gam.* dominoes; — *spielen*, to play at dominoes; — *steine*, *m.* *pl.* dominoes, cards.

Döm'Kirche, (*v.* *f.* cathedral.

Döm'mel, (*v.* *f.* see *Reichdommel*.

Döm'pen, (*v.* *tr.* (*l.* u.) *Mar.* to work up and down, to heave and set, to pitch, roll. — **Döm'...**, *in comp.* — *hose*, *m.* upper splitting block; — *taue*, *n.* *pl.* lashers.

Döm..., *in comp.* — *pfiff*, *m.* 1) *cond.* canon; 2) *Ornith.* see *Blutstint*; — *prapp*, *m.* provost of a cathedral; — *schule*, *f.* grammar-school founded by a chapter; — *sift*, *n.* cathedral, chapter.

*** Donatär**, (*str.* *m.* (*l.* *Lat.*) Law, donee. — **Donativ**, (*str.* *m.* see *Wandgeschent*.

*** Donat'**, (*str.* *m.* (*from* Donatus, a Latin grammarian of the fourth cent.) accident; — *schulter*, *m.* grammatical blunder, offence against the rules of grammar.

Donau, *f.* *Geogr.* Danube; die —fürstenthümer, *n.* *pl.* the Danubian principalities.

Don..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* — *breiter*, — *höf-*ger, *m.* *pl.* — *latten*, *f.* *pl.* hado-planks; traverses in a hading-shaft; — *sch*, *m.* bay of a hading-shaft. [on the Don river, Don.

Don'isch, *adj.* pertaining to or situated

Don..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* — *lage*, — *lege*, *f.* hado; — *legt*, *adj.* hading, inclined against the horizon (Eoungle &c.).

Don'ner, (*str.* *m.* thunder; *Ag.* thunder, peal; vom — gerührt or getroffen, thunder-struck; *in comp.* — *art*, *f.* see — *leid*, 2; — *bart*, *m.* — *bohne*, *f.* *Bot.* orpine, livelong (*Sedum Telephium* L.); — *büchse*, *f.* blunderbuss; — *büfel*, *f.* *Bot.* common eryngo (*Eryngium compestre* L.). [nercott.

Don'nerer, (*str.* *m.* thunderer, cf. Don-

Don'ner..., *in comp.* — *flisch*, *m.* see *Zitter-*

welt; am Himmel ziehn | des Sturmes — flüge (*Lenau*), o'er Heaven fleet | the thunder-wings of storm (*Beckers*); ihre vorgeführte bene Reize | vollendet sie [die Sonne] mit — gang (*Göthe*, *Faust* 1, 1), the sun with thunder-march sublime moves his pre-destined course along (*Seamus*); — gebrüll, — gepöller, — geroll, n. rumbling of thunder, thundering noise; — gold, n. see Knallgold; — gott, m. the Thunderer (Jupiter in classical, Thor in *Northern Myth*); — grün, n. house-leek (*Semper-vivum* L.); — teil, m. 1) thunderbolt; 2) *Minor*. see — stein; — fluch, see D-fluch; — frant, n. see — bart & — grün; — fröste, f. see Ercorpion; — lechre, f. brontology; — messer, m. brontometer.

Don'ner, (w.) v. tr. 1) to thunder; to strike, to peal; 2) *fig.* to fulminate.

Don'ner..., in comp. — neße, f. see Rart-häuserneße; — rebe, f. see Gundermann; — schlag, m. thunder-clap or crack, burst or peal of thunder; D-söhner, n. pl. sons of thunder (Mark 3, 17), boomers; D-stag, m. Thursday; der grüne (or Grün-)D-stag, Maundy-Thursday, Sheer-Thursday; — stein, m. *Minor*. thunder-stone; pl. lycon-stones, arrow-stones; — stümme, f. thundering voice; — strahl, m. flash of lightning, thunderbolt; — wetter, n. thunder and lightning, (thunder-)storm, tempest; — wetter! *interj. vulg.* (a curse or vociferation in anger) sounds! — weite, f. thunder-cloud; — wort, n. terrifying word, dreadful sentence.

Donschacht, (str.) m. hading-shaft.

Donschäft, (str.) m., or — stied, m. *Mar.* dead-block; — auge, n. eye of a dead-block.

Dop, (str.) m. *Mar.* — der Compagnabel, dab, socket of the needle.

Doppe, (w.) f. 1) *Mar.* round and hollow cleat; 2) case in which the rough diamond is fixed previous to being cut.

Doppelt..., in comp. — abler, m. 1) double-eagle (the insignia of Austria and Russia); 2) *Comm.* a species of cotton from the levant; — artig, adj. of a double kind; — auge, n. see Dopp-gucker; — art, f. *Carp.* twibil; — b, n. *Mus.* the double flat (♭); — baßn, f. see — gleisige Bahn; — band, n. double-ribbon; — beßlich, adj. *Chem.* with two bases; — beßter, m. dice-box; — bier, n. double or strong beer; — blatt, n. *Bot.* bean-caper (*Zygophyllum* L.); — blech, n. double tin-plates; double line of rail; — bogen, m. *Archit.* double-bow; — boot, n. twin-boat; — bruch, m. 1) *Surg.* compound fracture; 2) *Arith.* compound fraction; — blüße, f. see — flinte; — buchstaben, m. pl. *Typ.* ligatures; *Mech.-s.* — cyllinder, m. twin-cylinder; — cyllindermaßchine, f. double-cylinder engine; — deutig, adj. ambiguous, equivocal; — bistete Feinwand, f. Constance linen; — bleße, f. see Fohle; — che, f. bigamy; — eisen, n. double piano-iron; — fagott, n. counter-bassoon; — fall, m. alternative; — fenster, n. double-window; — fernrohr, n. binocle, binocular telescope; — flinte, f. double-barrelled gun; — fug, f. *Mus.* counter-fugue, double-fugue; — gänger, m. 1) wrath; 2) *fig.* second-self, counter-part, double; — garn, n. doubled twist; — geige, f. *Mus.* (*Fr.*) *viola d'amour*, (*Ital.*) *alla-viola*; — gefang, m. duet; — ge-webe, n. double-cloth; — glas, n. double glass; — gleis, n., — gleisige (Eisen-)Bahn, f. a (railway-)line with two sets of tracks, a double track railway; — gold, n. strong gold-leaves; — griffe, m. pl. *Mus.* double stop, double fingering (on the violin); — griffig, adj. double-handed; ein — griffiger Kubel, double-headed paddle; — hafen, m. a large ride; blunder-buss; — herzig, adj. double-hearted, false, deceitful; — herzigkeit, f. false-heartedness, falsehood; — hebel, m. double-ironed plane; — horn, n. *Sm.* bickern, bick-iron, ris-

ing anvil; — fluss, n. double chin; gill; — lößig, adj. double-headed; — frettig, n. *Mus.* the double sharp (♯ or x); — himmel, m. *Dist.* caraway cordial; — laß, m. double-barrel; — läufer, m. see — schlange; — lüßig, adj. 1) double-barrelled; 2) *Bot.* amphitropal; — laut, — lauter, m. *Gramm.* diphthong; — lebig, adj. amphibious; — lech, n. *Zool.* fluco-worm, gourd-worm (*Puccinia hepatica* L.); — messer, m. double-bladed knife; — mittel, f. *Typ.* two-line pica.

Doppeln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) see Verdoppeln; 2) *Shoe-m.* a) to sew double; b) to sole; 3) *Tail.* to line with linen; 4) *Mar.* to sheathe; II. *intr.* *Gam.* 1) to play (at dice or backgammon); 2) to double one's stake.

Doppelt..., in comp. — octave, f. *Mus.* diapason; — ort, n. *Shoe-m.* great awl; — parig, adj. bigeminate; — punct, m. colon; *Math.* double-point; — pyramidenrußfahl, m. *Minor.* ditrichedria; — raffinade, f. *Comm.* double-refined sugar; — reißig, adj. double-rowed, double-tiered; — ring, m. hand-in-hand ring, joint-ring, gemel-ring; — salz, n. *Chem.* double-salt; — sch, m. *Typ.* double; — schattig, adj. having two shadows; die — schattigen Böfser, amphiscii, amphiscians; — schlag, m. 1) *Vers.* spondee; 2) *Mus.* turn; 3) *Clack.* fine and close-woven woollen cloth; — schlange, f. *Zool.* 1) amphibiana (a serpent that can go either forward or backward); 2) or — schlige, f. see Ringelschlange; — schlit, m. *Archit.* diglyph; — sching, m. *Log.* dilemma; — schnepp, f. *Ornith.* 1) larger wood-cock (*Hittelschnepp*); 2) large curlew (großer Brachvogel); — schritt, m. quick-march; — fluss, m. ambiguity; amphiboly, equivocalness, equivoco; double entendre or meaning; — flungig, adj. ambiguous, equivocal; — flungigkeit, f. ambiguity; — soßig, adj. double-soled (of boots); — spatz, m. *Minor.* Iceland or double-refracting sparrow; — spalten, n. pl. *Typ.* thick spaces; — spiel, n. 1) *Mus.* duet; 2) dice; backgammon; card-playing; — spurtige Eisenbahn, double (rail-)way; — stein, m. 1) see — spatz; 2) *Jewel.* doublet; 3) crowned man (at draughts); — stern, m. double star; — ständige Dampfseffel, m. *Mech.* double-storied boiler; — stüd, n. duplicate.

Doppelt, I. adj. double, twofold; dieß Buch ist — gefchickt worden, this work has been sent in two copies or in duplicates; II. adv. double, doubly, twice; (in comp.) fold; drei-, threefold; — so groß, double the size; — so viel, twice or double as much; mit d-er doppelst, with twice the loss; — verchließen, to double-lock; — flir einfach gültig, *Comm.* double (receipt) to pass for one; double receipt, but good only for single, receipt twice for once, signed in duplicate; id bechneime hiermit — flir einfach gültig ..., I hereby declare, twice for once ...; d-e Buchhaltung, book-keeping by double-entry; d-e Böden, pl. double casing.

Doppeltaffet, (str.) m. double-taffety.

Doppelt..., in comp. — breittellig, adj. *Bot.* biternate; — geflebert, adj. *Bot.* doubly winged, bipennated; — gepaart, adj. *Bot.* bigeminate, bigynous; — gewölbt, adj. *Archit.* bi-vaulted; — gezeichnet, adj. *Mech.* double-cogged; — gezeichnet, adj. *Bot.* bidentate; — höckrunn, adj. double convex.

Doppeltür, (w.) f. double-door; folding.

Doppelt..., in comp. — kohlensaures Natrium, *Chem.* bi-carbonate of soda; bas — weinsteinsäure Salz, *Chem.* bitartrate; — wirrtub, adj. *Mech.* double-acting (steam-engine, air-pump, &c.); — zusammengeßet, adj. *Bot.* decapound; — zweifachig, adj. *Bot.* twice double, bigeminate.

Doppeltung, (w.) f. *Mar.* sheathing.

Doppelt..., in comp. — nfo, n. *Comm.* double-usances; — verß, m. dietich; — weizen, m. *Bot.* Polish wheat (*Triticum polonicum* L.);

— weizen, n. 1) duality; 2) a being partaking of two different natures; — zettig, adj. double-bucketed (wheel); — zunge, f. *Bot.* a species of butcher's broom (*Buccus hyppocissum* L.); — züngig, adj. double-tongued, double-dealing; — züngigkeit, f. deceitfulness, duplicity, deceitful talk; — züngler, m. a deceitful person, ambiguous talker.

Doppeln, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* see Eichen.

Dorant, (str.) m. *Bot.* 1) (weiß) common snowsow (Achilla Ptarmica L.); 2) (blau) common gentian (*Gentiana Pneumonanthe* L.); 3) (der große) great snap-dragon (*Antirrhinum majus* L.); 4) (der kleine) small toad-flax, calf's snout (*Antirrhinum Orontium* L.).

Dörchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Dorthe) Doll, Dolly (P. N.).

Dörfer, (str.) m. province. vagabond.

Dorf, (str., pl. Dörfer) n. village, hamlet; auf dem D-e wohnen, to live in the country; in comp. — benzel, m. vulg. country-bumpkin, country-down; — betochner, m. villager, pl. rustics; — buch, n. 1) register of taxes levied on a village; 2) see Flurbuch.

Dörfchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Dorf) a small village, hamlet.

Dorf..., in comp. — brücker, m. *Comm.* thief at (village-)fairs; — flur, — markt, f. circuit of a village; — gemeinde, f. country parish; congregation of a village; the villagers collectively; — geschichte, f. village-story, tale of country-life; — jugend, f. village-children; — jünger, m. village-squire. [villager.]

Dörfer, **Dörfer**, **Dörfer**, (str.) m. *Dorf*leute, pl. villagers. [lage....]

Dörflich, adj. relating to a village, vil-

Dörfling, (str.) m. see Dörfer.

Dorf..., in comp. — mäße, adj. country-like, rustic; — meißter, m. head-man of a village-community; — perrter, m. country-parson; — recht, n. rights of a village; — richter, m. country-judge.

Dorfschäft, (w.) f. 1) village; 2) inhabitants of a village, villagers.

Dorf..., in comp. — schenke, f. country-inn; — schulleiher, m. schoolmaster of a village; — schulleiher, — schulleiher, m. see — meißter; — schulleiher, f. see Brauchschulleiher.

Dorfen, (w.) f. 1) Doris (P. N.); 2) (*abbr.* of Dorthea) Doll, Dolly.

Dorisch, adj. Dorian, Doric.

Dorfen, (w.) v. *intr.* to whirl round.

Dorfer, (str.) m. *Entom.* whirl-beetle, water-flie (*Gyrinus* L.).

Dorn, s. I. (*irr.*) m. 1) thorn, prickle; spine; 2) spike, tongue, catch (of a buckle); 3) T. panoh (oon), prick-panoh; mandrol; corbar, stem (of a lock); pike (of a lathe, used to fasten anything to be turned); bolt (of a hinge); tong, tongue (of a knife); slag of copper; 4) *Anat.* spinal process; ein — im Auge, eye-sore, eye-blight, anal a thorn in one's side; er ist mit ein — im Auge, he is a thorn in my foot-path; keine Rose ohne D-orn, proverb, no sweet without sweat; honey is sweet, but the bee stings; II. in comp. *Bot.-s.* — apfel, m. see Stachelapfel; — baum, m. 1) three-thorned acacia (*Gladiolus triacanthos* L.); 2) see Acacie; — brachen, — brachen, m. *Ichth.* bream (*Abramis brama* L.); — busch, m. thorn-bush, bramble-bush, brake, briar; — butt, f. *Ichth.* roundal, sharping (*Fluorenostrum maximus* L.); — breßer, m. *Ornith.* butcher-bird (*Neumöbter*); — elbsteif, f. *Zool.* thorny lizard (*Stellio* Cav.).

Dornen, I. adj. of thorns, thorny; II. in comp. — heide, f. hedge of thorns, thorn-hedge; — heide, n. *Conch.* thorny cockle (*Cordium aculeatum* L.); — frucht, f. crown of thorns.

Dornen, adj. thornless, thorny.

Dorn..., in comp. — flig, m. *Ichth.* fifteen-spined stickle-back (*Gasterosteus spinachi*

L.; —fortsch, *m. see* Doru, 4; —gefürsch, *n. briar*; —gründel, *m. see* Steinbeißer; —hai, *m. Ichth.* thorn-hound (*Squalus acanthias* L.); —hede, *see* Dorrenhede.

Dorn'ig, Dorn'ig, adj. 1) like thorns; 2) thorny, briary, spiny, prickly, spinous, acanaceous; 3) T. containing iron particles (of tin); not easily fusible.

Dorn'..., *in comp.* —häfer, *m. Entom.* thorn-(prickly)-beetle (*Hispa* L.); —farpfen, *m. see* —brachfen; —flüg, *m. see* Baumfönig; —pflanze, *f. vloe* (*Prunus spinosa* L.); —rasche, —ruden, *m. Ichth.* *see* Stachelroch, Stachelruden; —rösch, *n.* the sleeping Beauty in the Wood (fairy-tale); —rösch, *f. see* Hundstark; —schloß, *n.* pipe-keyed lock; —schwein, *n. see* Stachelschwein; —stod, *m.* thorn-stick, brier-stick; —staud, *m. see* —busch.

Dorthe'e, f. Dorothy (P. N.).

Dorre, (w.) f. *see* Darre.

Dorreich, (w.) f. Bot. *see* Streinicht.

Dorren, (w.) v. tr. *aux.* (sein) to become dry, to dry; to wither.

Dorren, (w.) v. tr. to dry, to make dry or arid, to bake, to kiln-dry; to cure (malt); to scorch, wither.

Dorrsucht, (w.) f. see Darrsucht.

Dorich, (str.) m. Ichth. 1) a species of cod-fish (*Gadus callarias* L.); 2) torak (*Brommichius* Cav.).

Dorictis, (str.) m. (Engl.) Comm. dorsetism.

Dort, (str.) m. provinc. 1) *see* Dotter, 2; 2) *see* Feld & Eröpe.

Dori, Dorien, adv. there, in that place, yon, yonder; *Comm.-s.* *Öt. B.* —, Mr. P. of that (your) city; auf —, on that (your) place; nach —, to your country (quarter); —gnommen, free at ...; er rüht von — ab, he left there; —broden, there above, up there; —herin, in there; —herum, there about, round about there; von — aus, —her, thence, from thence; —hin, thither, that way; —hin, thither, there; ich habe —hin geschrieben, I wrote there; die Reife —hin, the journey there; bis —hin, thus far, as far as that place; thitherto; —hinwärt, through that place; —hinanf, up there; —hinans, —herans, out there; die Jagd ist —hinans, the hunt's out yonder; —hinunter, —hinab, down there; —hinwärts, thitherwards, that way.

Dorrig, adj. of that place, there; meine b-en Freunde, my friends there or of that (your) quarter.

Dorrecht, (str.) n. Geogr. Dort.

Dorchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of Dose) a little (snuff)-box.

Dose, (w.) f. 1 *see* Dofis; 2) box, snuff-box.

Döse, (w.) f. a wooden vessel, tub.

Döse..., *in comp.* —baum, *m. see* Zwergfischer; —bebel, *m.* lid of a box; —schloßröste, *f. Zool.* tarapin (*Cistudo carolina* L., *Kinodermis clavatum* Spix); —flüß, *n.* painting upon a snuff-box.

Dös, f. (Gr.) Med., &c. dose; zu kleine —, under-dose; zu große —, over-dose.

Dösfren, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) 1 to slope (*Abhöfen, Abhöfen*); 2) to grind or give the second grinding to (plate-glass). —Dösfren, *(w.) f. 1* *see* Abhöfung; 2) slope.

Döf, Döfren, (str.) m. Bot. organy, wild marjoram; —frant, *n. see* Wafferdofen.

Döfil, adj. (Lat.) dotal; —bater, *m.* globe-farmer; —glitter, *n. pl.* globe-lands; —vermögen, *n.* a woman's dower.

Dotation, (w.) f. (Lat.) dotation, endowment. —Döfren, *(w.) f.* to endow.

Dötter, (str.) m. 1 yolk, yolk (of an egg); 2) Bot. a) doder (*Oenothera* L.); b) *see* Feinbeter; c) *see* —blume, 1; d) *see* Steschapel; *in comp.* —blume, *f. Bot.* 1) common marigold (*Tagetes officinalis* L.); 2) (Eumphydotter-

blume) marsh-marigold (*Caltha palustris* L.); —gelb, *adj.* as yellow as yolk, yolk-coloured.

Dötterig, adj. containing yolk.

Dötter..., *in comp.* Bot.-s. —frant, *n.* —same, *m.* gold of pleasure (*Myogrum sativum* L.); —Conch-s. —porcellane, *f.* salt-speckled covtry (*Cypraea vitellus* L.); —schneide, *f.* yolk-nerita (*Merita vitellus* L.); Bot. —weide, *f.* yellow willow (*Salix vitellina* L.).

*** Doua'ne** [*pr. dü'ne*], *(w.) f. (Fr.) 1* customs (Zoll); 2) custom-house; 3) (custom-) duty. —Douanier [*dü'niär*], *(str., pl. D-s)* *m. (Fr.)* custom-house officer (Zollbeamte).

*** Doubl'et** [*pr. dü'b'l'*], *(str., pl. D-s)* *n. (Fr.)* Bill. doublet. [duplicate.]

*** Doubl'et** [*pr. dü'b'l'et*], *(w.) f. (Fr.)*

*** Doubl'et**, *(w.) v. tr. (Fr.)* to double (*also Bill.*: a ball). —Doubl'et-maschine, *f.* Spinn. lapping-engine.

*** Douche** [*pr. dü'h'*], *(w.) f. (Fr.)* or —bath, *n.* shower-bath, (*Fr.*) douche.

*** Douceur** [*pr. dü'sür*], *(str., pl. D-s)* *n. (Fr.)* douceur, consideration; *cf.* Trügelde.

Drach, (w.), Drach, (str.) m. 1 dragon; *Herald.* wiver, wivern; 2) *Zool.* a) dragon (*Draco volans* L.); b) guinefischer *see* Rhinoceros; c) *see* D-nisch; d) *see* Drahturm; 3) *fig.* she-dragon, tormagant, tigress; 4) *Mar. drag*; 5) kite; 6) *Pire-w.* serpent; 7) der fliegende —, Meteor. bolis, fire-ball, draco.

Drach..., *in comp.* —anfer, *m. see* Dreg; —berch, *m. Ichth.* dragon's head (*Scorpena* L.); —baum, *m. 1* *see* Traubenfische; 2) or —blutbaum, *m.* dragon-tree (*Dracena draco* L.); —blut, *n.* Pharm. dragon's blood; —flüß, *m. Ichth.* *see* Petermännchen; —flüge, *f. see* Wasserjungfer; —löpf, *m. 1* Archit. gargoyle (projecting water-spout); 2) Bot. dragon's head (*Dracocophallum* L.); 3) Astr. dragon's head, (ascending node of the moon, &c.); 4) Conch. (or —flüßchen, *n.*) viper's head, dragonshell (*Cypraea caput serpentis* L., &c.); —frant, *n. Bot. a)* *see* —wur; b) *Rumex sanguineus* L.; —monat, *m. Astr.* draconic month; —schlange, *f. 1* *see* Nieschling; 2) *Herald.* winged dragon; —schuß, *m. see* Hirschschuß; —schwanz, —schweif, *m.* dragon's tail, Astr. descending node (of the moon, &c.); —wur, *f. Bot. 1* dragon's wort (*Calla palustris* L.); 2) water-flag (*Iris* L.); 3) snake-wood (*Aristolochia serpentaria* L. & *Polydnum bistorta* L.); 4) common wake robin (*Arum dracunculoides* L.).

*** Drachme, (w.) f.** *Greek Num.* drachm (*also* a weight). [2] *see* Tracht.

*** Dragnet, (str.) m. Bot. 1** *see* Drangun; 2) *Dragsman, (str., pl. D-s & D-c)* *m. (Turk.)* dragoman; *see* Dolmetsch(er).

*** Drago'ner, (str.) m. (Fr.) 1** dragoon; 2) Mil. shoulder-strap (pl.); 3) *Ind.* virago; er flucht wie ein —, he swears like a trooper; —flüß, *Drageonet, m. Ichth.* (sordid) dragonet (*Callionymus* L.).

Dragon'el, Dragun, m. Bot. tarragon (*Artemisia dracunculoides* L.); wilder —, sneezewort (*Achillea Pharmica* L.). [Trum.]

Drägen, (str.) m. Weze. thrum(b) (Drömel, Draht, s. I. (*str., pl. Draht* or Dräh'te) *m.* 1) wire; 2) thread; 3) file (for documents); mit —binden, to wire; —ziehen, to wiredraw; II. *in comp.* —ähnlich, *adj.* wiry; —antwort, *f.* telegraphic reply; —arbeit, *f.* fil(l)igane or fil(l)igree (work); wire-work; —band, *n.* wire-ribbon; —baur, *f. T.* wire-drawing machine; —bauer, *m.* wire-cage; —boden, *m.* wire-bottom (of a sieve, &c.); —bogen, *m. Typ.* bow; —büste, *f. see* Drahtbüste; —essen, *n. 1* draw(ling)-plate; 2) wire-iron. [wire; wiry.]

Dräht' (Dräh'tern, vulg.), adj. coll. of Draht..., *in comp.* —falle, *f.* wire-trap; —feder, *f. 1* *see* —bogen; 2) Lock-sm. wire-spring; —fenster, *n.* wire-gauze window; —fermen, *f.*

pl. Paper-m. wire-moulds; —gaze, *f.* wire-gauze; —geflecht, *n.* wire-work; —gitter, *n.* wire-trellis, wire-lattice, wire-grate, wire-work; —hammer, *m. 1* clinching-hammer; 2) wire-work, wire-drawing mill; —hemd, *n. see* —panger; —hülle, *f. see* —hammer, 2; —flinge, *f.* wire-gage; —Ingel, *f.* crossbar-shot; —lauf, *m. Gun-sm.* rifled (gun-)barrel; —laterne, *f.* wire-lantern; —lechte, *f. see* —flinge; —leuchte, *f. see* —laterne; —leuchter, *m.* wire-candlestick; —maß, *n.* —messer, *f. see* —flinge; —mühle, *f. see* —hammer, 2; —nagel, *m.* wire-tack; —nag, *n. see* —gaze; —schlinge, *m. pl.* ear-wires; —panger, *m.* chain-mail; —plätt, *m.* laminator, wire-flattener; —puppe, *f.* puppet; —richter, *m.* wire-dresser; —röhre, *f. see* —lauf; —seile, *f.* wire-string, music wire; —schere, *f.* wire-shears; —schleife, *f.* Sport. wire-gin; —schlinge, *f.* wire-eye; —schneide, *f. Bot.* a species of hair-grass (*Aira flexuosa* L.); —schneider, *m.* Fin-m. wire-cutter; —seil, *n.* wire-rope; —sleß, *n.* wire-sieve, wire-riddle; —spindel, —spille, *f. T.* head-wire; —spinner, *m.* thread-spinner; —stube, *m. pl.* wires; —stift, *m.* wire-tack; —stift, *m.* wire-fender; —tuch, *n. 1* wire-cloth; 2) T. wire-moulds; —winde, *f.* wire-straightening tool; —wurm, *m. Zool.* 1) wire-worm (the larva of certain beetles) (*Elateridae, Eluter filiformis, &c.* F.); 2) (water-)hair-worm (*Gordius aquaticus* L.); —zange, *f.* (wire- or round-nosed) pliers; nippers; —ziehfelsen, *n.* wire-(drawing) plate; —ziehen, *n.* wire-drawing; —zieher, *m.* wire-drawer; —zieheret, *f.* 1) wire-drawing; 2) (or —zug, *m.*) wire-drawing-mill; —zugberreier, *f. Rader.* draw wire barrier.

*** Draht'ne** [*pr. drä't'*], *(w.) v. tr. (Engl.)* T. to drain. [2] Conch. m. dandy-horse.

*** Draht'ne** [*drä's'ne*], *(w.) f. 1* Rader. trolley; Draht, *(str.) m.* Draht, *(w.) f. 1* Gun-sm. rifle (of a gun); 2) Weav. *see* Drehtung.

Draht, Draht', adj. & adv. 1 tight; robust; 2) buxom, smart, lively.

Draht'en, Draht'ren, (w.) v. tr. Weav. to twist tight.

*** Drama, (str., pl. (w.)** Drä'men & Drä'mas) *m. (Gr.)* drama. —Dramat'ist, *(str.) m.* dramatist. —Dramat'isch, *adj.* dramatic, dramatical. —Dramat'isten, *(w.) v. tr.* to dramatise. —Dramaturg, *(w.) m.* teacher of the dramatic art. —Dramaturgie, *(w.) f.* dramaturgy, dramatic art or science.

Dran, adv. coll. contr. from Daran.

Drang, (str.) m. 1 throng (Drängung); 2) *fig. a)* pressure, urgency; b) impulse, impetus, stress; c) strong or ardent desire, craving; im D-e der Gschäfte, in the hurry (heat) or in the press of business; im D-e der Augen-blicke, on the spur of the moment; 3) *see* Drängniß.

Drängen (Dräng'eln, coll.), (w.) v. tr., intr. & refl. 1 to press, hustle, throng, crowd; dicht gedrängt, serried (ranks); *fig.-s.* 2) to hurry, urge, drive, press; impel: die Zeit drängt, time presses (flies); b-dt Gläubiger, pressing creditors; 3) *see* Drängen; 4) to dun (um, for); in gedrängter Räte, succinctly; sich hingu —, to press near; das —, v. s. (*str.*) *n.* act of pressing, &c.; insistence.

Dränger, (str.) m. oppressor, afflictor.

Drängniß, (str.) f. see Drangal.

Drangsal, (str.) n. hardship, affliction, trib. labour.

Drangwasser, (str.) n. see Grundwasser.

*** Draperie, (w.) f. (Fr.)** Paint. & Sculpt. drapery. —Dräp'ren, *(w.) v. tr. 1* to furnish or ornament with drapery, to drape; 2) coll. *see* Durchschlefen.

Draß, (str.) n. oil-foot, oil-dregs. [*fig.*]

*** Draht'ig, adj. (Gr.)** Med. drastic (*also* Dräht, *see* Draht).

Drauch'bohrer, (str.) m. T. hand-brace,

steep; to crouch: to dive (of ducks); 2) *Ag.* to humble or accommodate one's self; to sneak.

Duckente, (*w.*) *f.* diver (kleiner Strichfuß).
Ducker, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who ducks or stoops; 2) see **Düfler**.

Duckling, (*w.*) *f.* (L. G.) see **Düfling**.

Duckmäuser, (*str.*) *m.* cont. a fawning sharper; dissembler, sneaker, hypocritical fellow.

Duckstein, (*str.*) *m.* Miner. calcareous tuff.
Düdel, ..., *in comp.* —**düel**, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* fem. 1) empty or idle words, verbiage, empty talk; 2) trifle; —**düellen**, *m.* barrel-organ; —**düellmann**, *m.* organ-grinder; —**füdel**, *m.* bagpipe; —**füdelsteifer**, *m.* bagpiper.

Düfeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *tr.* 1) to play on the bagpipe; 2) cont. to perform badly on a wind-instrument; to sing badly; to hum. —**Düfler**, (*str.*) *m.* bad singer or player. —**Düfelfel**, (*w.*) *f.* (**Düfelfel**) cont. bad musical performance (especially on wind-instruments); bad singing; humming; empty talk.

* **Düden**, (*str.*, pl. D-8) *m.* Ornith. dodo (*Didus L.*).

* **Duell**, (*str.*) *n.* (Lat.) duel. — **Duellant**, (*w.*) *m.* duellist, dueller. — **Duellieren**, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to duel, to fight a duel.

* **Duell**, (*str.*) *n.* (Ital.) Mus. duet, duetto (Ital.).

Düffel, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. duffel, (beaver) coating.

Düffig, *adj.* (S. G.) see **Ratt**, **Schimmig**, **Dumppig**.

Duft, (*str.*, pl. **Düfte**) *m.* I. 1) vapour, exhalation, exhalation; 2) odour, (sweet) scent, fragrant, perfume; geistige Düfte — **geilhe** (**Freigedank**), *n.* pl. spirit-like phantoms of air; —**geüßel**, *n.* haze; —**frucht**, *m.* Bot. diosma (**Winterduft**); —**wasser**, *m.* moisture on the inner sides of a well stocked beehive; II. (L. G.) *Mar.* see **Ducht**.

Düftein (**Düftein**, **Düftein**), (*w.*) *v. intr.* to employ one's self in a minute and trifling way with small matters; to argue or reason about a thing over-nicely, to over-refine, &c.

Düften, **Düftein**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* & *tr.* 1) to exhale, vapour, to emit (scent, moisture); to sweat, to be damp (of walls); 2) to perspire freely; 3) to exhale, breathe, give odour or fragrance. — **Düfteub**, **Düftig**, *adj.* 1) vaporous, misty; 2) scenting, fragrant, odorous.

Düfter, (*str.*) *m.* (L. G.) 1) diver (**Lander**); 2) underground sewer constructed under an embankment or canal; 3) *T.* spring.

Düffing, (*w.*) *f.* (L. G.) *Mar.* dip (Der **fimm**, of the horizon). [table]

Düßer, *adj.* tolerable, sufferable, allowable. — **Düßern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bear with patience, to abide; to endure; die **Sache** duldet keinen Aufschub, the affair will bear no delay; 2) to tolerate, suffer, cf. **Leiden**; gebuldeter **Beiz**, on sufferance.

Düßer, (*str.*) *m.* sufferer.

Düßsam, *adj.* enduring; tolerant; II. **Düßung**, (*w.*) *f.* toleration, tolerance; sufferance.

Düß, (*w.*) *m.* *Mar.* thole (Dolle).
Düß, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. (S. G.) hair, mat (**Schwarz**).

Dumm, *adj.* dull, stupid, blockish, short-witted, doltish, heavy-headed, thick-headed; silly, foolish, nonsensical, idiotical; wenn das **Seal** — geworden ist, *Bild* if the salt have lost its savour; er ist nicht so — wie er ansieht, he is not such a fool as he looks; so — bin ich nicht, I know better than that; eine **d-e** **Geistigkeit**, an awkward affair; **d-es** **Seal** nonsense; — **machen**, to stuff, to stuff; — **sein**, *coll.* to talk, to be sullen; II. *in comp.* —**hart**, *coll.* see —**topf**; —**breist**, *adj.* stupidly bold, fool-hardy, forward; con-

fident; —**breistigkeit**, *f.* fool-hardiness; forwardness; confidence.

Dummherz, (*str.*) *m.* see **Dümmling**.

Dummfromm, *adj.* bigoted.

Dummheit, (*w.*) *f.* dullness, stupidity, blockishness; in der — erhalten, to keep in darkness; **D-n**, *pl.* foolish tricks, foolery.

Dumm..., *in comp.* —**topf** (—**last**, *vulg.*), *m.* blockhead, dullhead, thickhead, numskull, beetle-head, jolt, dunce, lackwit, simpleton; —**flüßig**, *adj.* stupid; —**flüßigkeit**, *f.* stupidity.

Dümmling, (*str.*) *n.* **Dumm**, **Dumm**, **Dumm**, (*str.*) *m.* coll. stupid fellow, simpleton, dunce, cf. **Dummskopf**.

Dummen, **Dummen**, see **Dummen**.
Dummpf, *adj.* 1) dull, flat, hollow, dead, obtuse; gloomy (silence); 2) see **Dumppig**.

Dumppf, **Dumppfen**, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. asthma, pursiness, cold on the chest.

Dumppheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dullness, deadness, obtuseness; 2) *Ag.* insensibility, stupor.

Dumppfel, (*str.*) *n.* provinc. pool, puddle.

Dumppig, *adj.* 1) damp, dank, moist; 2) fusty, musty, mouldy; II. **D-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dampness; 2) mustiness, fustiness.

Dun, *provinc.* (L. G.) I. (*w.*) *f.* see **Dunne**; II. *adj.* or **Dün**, *coll.* tipsy.

Düne, (*w.*) *f.* *gener.* pl. **Dünen**, downs, sandhills along the coast of the sea; **insummengete** —, ropes; *in comp.* **Bot.** **D-n** **gras**, *n.* cotton grass (**Eriophorum L.**); **D-n** **gras**, *n.* sea-reed grass (**Calamagrostis Roth**); **D-n** **flüßer**, *m.* a species of cockchafer (**Malolius fulvo L.**); **D-n** **rose**, *f.* 1) Scotch rose (**Rosa spinosissima L.**); 2) sweet-briar-rose (**Rosa rubiginosa L.**).

Dung, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see **Dünger**; 2) see **Fließ**; —**artig**, *adj.* stercoraceous.

Dünger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* **Haus** to dung, manure, muck; — ohne den **Dünger** unterzupflügen, to top-dress (pastures, &c.).

Dünger, (*str.*) *m.* dung, manure, muck; **flüßiger** —, compost; —**erde**, *f.* garden-mould; —**gabel**, *f.* dung-fork; —**hausen**, *m.* dung-hill; —**flüßer**, *f.* stercorary, dung-yard; —**flüßmaschine**, *f.* manure-drill.

Düngerflüß, (*w.*) *f.* liquid manure.

Dung..., *in comp.* —**flüßer**, *m.* **Entom.** muck-worm (**Aphodius foveol L.**; **Scarabaeus stercorarius F. &c.**); —**lage**, *f.* dung-hill.

Dünggras, (*str.*) *n.* see **Wollgras**.

Düngung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) dunging, manuring, stercoration; **obert** —, top-dressing; **D-n** **mittel**, *n.* dunging-substance; **flüßiges** **D-n** **mittel**, artificial manure.

Dunf, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. see **Fließ**.

Dunfel, *adj.* 1) dark: dusk, dusky, gloomy, murky; dim; cloudy, overcast; als es immer **d-er** wurde, as the night gathered; **es** **d-er** wird (wurde), before dusk; 2) opaque; 3) *Ag.* dim: dark, obscure, vague, ambiguous, crabbed, intricate, abstruse; deep; mystic(al), mysterious; die **Farben** **d-er** **ma** **gen**, to deepen the colours; **d-e** **Begriffe**, confused ideas; eine **d-e** **Rückerrinerung**, a faint recollection, confused remembrance: es wird mit — vor den **Augen**, my head swims; II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.* (or das **D-e** [**decl. like** **adj.**]) *n.* darkness, see **Dunflichkeit**; ins **D-e** **pfichten**, inclining to a dark colour, darkish; das **tieffte** — **der** **Nacht**, the depth of night; im **D-n**, *lit. & fig.* in the dark; in obscurity; *fig.* at sea: es ist ein — darüber verbrochen, es liegt im **D-n**, it is involved in obscurity; ein — **über** (*with* **Acc.**) verbrochen, to throw a veil over ...

Dunfel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) prejudice; fancy; caprice; whim; 2) or **Dunflichkeit** (self-) conceit, conceitedness, presumption; arrogance; — **haben**, to be presumptuous.

Dunfel..., *in comp.* —**flüßig**, *adj.* dark-eyed; —**blau**, *adj.* dark-blue; —**braun**, *adj.*

dun; fuscous; dark (cigar): —**farbig**, *adj.* dark-coloured; —**gelb**, *adj.* tawny; —**haarig**, *adj.* dark-haired.

Dunflichkeit, *I. adj.* (self-)conceited, arrogant; II. **D-igkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* conceitedness, &c. cf. **Dünkel**.

Dunfelheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) darkness; gloom; duskiness; 2) opacity; 3) dimness; obscurity; ambiguity, mysticalness, &c. cf. **Dunfel**, *adj.*; in der — leben, to live in obscurity.

Dunfelmann, (*str.*, pl. **D-männer**) *m.* *fig.* one opposed to enlightenment (opp. **Lichtfreund**), cf. **Obscurant**.

Dunfel, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to darken, to grow dusky or dim; II. *tr.* to darken; to cloud.

Dunfelstich, *adj.* & *s.* dark-red.

Dunfel, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (with the **Dat.**) & *tr.* to seem; appear: sie **dünkte** mir **schön**, I thought her beautiful; **thut** was dir gut **dünkt**, do what you think proper; do as you like; desto **schöner** ... **dünkt** ihn die **Gestalt** der **Sprache** (**Grimm**, **W.B. II**), the more beautiful the form of the language appears to him to be; II. *refl.* 1) (or **sich** — **lassen**) to fancy, imagine one's self; **sich** **fling** —, to be wise in one's own opinion; er **dünkt** sich **etwas** (**recht**) **groß**, he thinks himself a person of great consequence; *vulg.* he does not think small beer of himself; er **dünkt** sich **etwas** **drauf**, he is proud of it; ein **sich** **wichtig** **d-er** **Mann**, a self-important man: laß dich nicht **fling** —, don't fancy yourself wise; II. to presume, to be self-conceited: **sich** **zu** **viel** —, to overween; III. *tr. imper.* es **dünkt** mich **oder** mich **dünkt**, methinks, it seems to me; mich **dünkt**, **Sie** **solten** ..., it strikes me you ought to ...

Dunfelstein, *n.* Geogr. Dankirk.

Dunfling, **Dunfler**, *coll.* **Dunf** (*erlich*), (*str.*) *m.* arrogant or conceited fellow.

Dün, *adj.* 1) thin, slender, slight, small; lank, lean; rare (air); clear, sleeky, slimy (stuff); dilute, weak (fluid); serous (blood); 2) *coll.* rare, scarce; **d-es** **Bier**, small or weak beer; — **machen**, see **Verdünnen**; das **Schwert** **hing** an einem **d-en** **Faden**, the sword was suspended by a slender thread; II. *in comp.* —**bauch**, *adj.* lantern-jawed; —**bauch**, *m.* **Ichth.** see **Erlding**; —**bett**, *n.* *T.* chip-axe; —**beinig**, *adj.* thin-(spider-)legged; —**bier**, *n.* table or small beer; —**blühterig**, *adj.* thin-leaved; tannifolous; —**baum**, *m.* **Anat.** the small intestine; —**eisen**, *n.* sheet-iron for tin-plates.

Dün, *adj.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) thinness, slenderness; slightness; rarity, rareness (of the air); 2) *die* **D-n**, *pl.* or **Dün**, (*w.*) *f.* **Anat.** the flanks, soft, hypochondria.

Dün, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (L. U.) to thin (**Dün** **machen**, **Verdünnen**).

Dün..., *in comp.* —**flüß**, *m.* see **Mal**, **flüßiger**; —**flüß** **flüß**, *T.* pillar-flie: —**gras**, *n.* see **Wollgras**; —**häutig**, *adj.* thin-skinned; —**flüßig**, *adj.* *fig.* weak-headed; **Bot.** slender-flowered (thistle); —**flüßig**, *adj.* lank-bodied; —**flüßig**, *adj.* lankness; —**flüßig**, *adj.* quick of hearing; —**flüßig**, *adj.* thin-shelled; —**flüßig**, *f.* see **Flüßigkeit**; —**flüßig**, *f.* finishing mould (of gold-beaters), second mould of gut; —**flüßig**, *m.* *T.* a section of a (mineral, &c.) substance polished to transparent thinness for (the purpose of) microscopic examination; —**flüßig**, *m.* see **Flüßigkeit**; —**flüßig**, *m.* 1) light or tabulated diamond; 2) **Metall.** thin matte; —**flüß**, *m.* lawn. [dolt]

Dunf, (*str.*) *m.* cont. dunce, thick-scalp.
Dunf, (*str.*) *v. intr.* *u.* (**Schubart**, &c.) for **†** **Dünfen**.

Dunf, *I. (str., pl. Dünf)* *m.* 1) vapour, damp, steam; fume; 2) dust-shot, small-shot, fowling-shot; 3) *fig. coll.* (**blauen**) — smoke, anything unreal, false show; **Einen** (**rauchen**) **blauen** — **vermachen**, to cast a mist before a

person's eye, to mystify (*vulg.* humbug) one; II. *in comp.* —bath, *n.* vapour-bath (Dampfbad); —bible, *see* —gebidde. —Dunk'en, *Dunk'en*, (*v.* I. *intr.* to vapour, steam, reek, smoke; II. *tr.* to stew (Dämpfen). —Dunk, *in comp.* —flute, *f.* swelling-piece (Bogelflöte); —gebidde, *n.* 1) form of mist; fog-bank; 2) *fig.* fancy, vision. —Dunk'ig, *adj.* vaporous, vapoury; full of steam; foggy, hazy, damp. —Dunk, *in comp.* —kreis, *m.* atmosphere; —fugel, *f.* mollipile (Dampffugel); —loch, *n.* air-hole, (air-)vent; —messer, *m.* T. stumidometer; —obst, *n.* stewed fruit (preserved in glasses); —raum, *m.* *see* —kreis; —rohr, *n.* Buick, ventilator-pipe.

* Du's, (*str.*, pl. D's) *n.* (*Ital.*) Mus. duo (composition for two voices or instruments).

* Duppel', *I.* (*indocl.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) T. duodecimo (—format, form or size of a book); half sheet of twelve; II. *in comp.* —band, *m.* duodecimo (volume), often denoting very small persons or things, as: —fürst, *m.* petty prince; —die deutchen —fürstenthümer, the insignificant German principalities, &c.; —männchen, *n.* joc. hop o' my thumb. [nail-driver.

Dupp'eln, (*str.*) *n.* (Dupp'el, *m.*) T. Dupp'eln, (*v.* I. *tr.* *see* Dupfen. [dupe.

* Dupl'ern (*pr. düp-*), (*v.* I. *tr.* (*Pr.*) to

* Dupl'ic'ir', (*n.* (*Lat.*) duplicate, copy;

—wchsel, *m.* Comm. bill in sets. —Dupl'ic'ir'en, (*v.* I. *tr.* Law, to rejoin. —Dupl'ir', (*v.* I. *tr.* Law, rejoinder. —Dupl'ir'en, (*v.* I. *tr.* to double (Bill, a ball, Mil. the files, &c.); Typ. to mackle; duplirter Druck, mackle.

—Dupl'ir', *in comp.* —eisen, *n.* doubling-iron; —maschine, *f.* twister; —rad, *n.* *see* Spulrad;

—schritt, *m.* Mil. quick time. —Dupl'ir'ung, (*v.* I. *f.* Mil. coloured facings, cuffs, &c. of a uniform. —Dup'lum, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] Dup'l'a) *n.* double; in Duplo, in duplicate, double.

* Dür, (*indocl.*) *adj.* (*Lat.*) Mus. major; —tonart, *f.* major mode or key; —tonleiter, *f.* major scale.

* Dür'bel, (*adj.* [*Lat.*] durable.

Durch, *I. prep.* (*with the Acc.*) 1) through;

2) through (the medium of), by, by means of; by way, by dint of; owing to; in consequence of; 3) throughout, during; —ein Fernrohr setzen, to look through a telescope; —das Zimmer, across the room; —den Strom schwimmen, to swim across the river; —das ganze Land (hin), throughout the whole (length and breadth of) the country; —die Post, by the post, per post; —Ihren Willen, by or with your assistance; er verlor einen Arm —einen Schuß, he lost an arm from a shot; —Beischluß bei Herrn ..., through annex by Mr. ...; by enclosure at Mr. ...

II. *adv.* 1) through; *coll.* often in connection with auxiliaries, as: —flühen, —dürfen, —wollen, —sollen, —haben, —sein &c., by a kind of ellipsis, for —gehen können, —kommen können &c.; —dürfen, to be allowed or permitted to pass or go through; —flühen, to be able to get through; das Thor ist so klein, daß kein Wagen —kann, the gate is so narrow as not to admit a carriage to pass; —lassen, to suffer to pass; —mögen, to be inclined to pass or go through; —müssen, —sollen, to be obliged or under the necessity to pass or go through; muß or soll ich hier —? must I or am I to go through here? —sein (*ellipt. for* —gegangen &c. sein), to have passed through; —wollen, to want to pass or go through; er wollte durchaus —, he insisted on going through; es will nicht —, it won't go through; 2) (worn) through, worn out; alle seine Kleider sind —, all his clothes are worn out or torn; 3) through, at an end; —sein, to have got through, to be (happily) through; to have finished, to have done (with); 4) through, throughout, cf. hindurch; den Tag —,

in the day-time; den ganzen Tag —, all day long; die ganze Nacht —, all through the night; die Nacht —fahren, to travel the night through; das ganze Jahr —, throughout the year; —und —, through and through, quite through; thoroughly, completely; —und —gehender Folgen, T. in and out bolt; —und —naß, quite wet, wet all over, wet to the skin; ein Engländer —und —, a thorough Englishman; —und —liberal, liberal to the back-bone.

Durch in verbal compounds is separable when accented, inseparable when unaccented: —

Durch'dau'ern, (*v.* I. *tr.* to sigh or pine away (the livelong day, &c.).

Durch'dau'ern, (*v.* I. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to plough through; 2) *fig.* to elaborate, polish.

Durch'dau'ern, (*v.* I. *tr.* 1) to plough thoroughly; *fig.* 2) to search through, to rummage; 3) to work one's way through ...

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out: — des Eises, breaking up of the ice; 3) *Med.* cutting (of teeth); eruption (of the small-pox); 3) breach: — einer Eisenbahnmauer, bursting of a railway embankment; 4) *Med.* diarrhoea; 5) see durchbrochener Arbeit; 6) T. punching-machine; 7) — der Enade, *Theol.* conversation through mercy, revival; — fügen, broken-space saw.

Durchbruch, *ang.* (w.) *f.* the act of breaking through, &c.; — einer Blockade, running or breach of a blockade.

Durchbrüllen, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill with roaring.

Durchbrüten, (w.) *v. tr.* *fig.* to pass musically.

Durchbuchstaben, (w.) *v. tr.* to spell through; *fig.* —, to spell one's way through.

Durchbürsten, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to brush thoroughly; 2) *fig. coll.* to reprimand severely.

Durchcomponiren, (w.) *v. tr.* to compose separate music to the several strophes of (a piece of poetry).

Durchdenken, *p. a.* well weighed, contrived, meditated, studied, *cf.* **Durchdenken**; nicht vorher —, unpremeditated, off-hand.

Durchdampfen, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill with vapours, fumes, or smoke.

Durchdauern, (w.) *v. tr.* to last through (a certain length of time, &c.), *cf.* überdauern; den Winter —, (of plants) to winter, pass (or last) during the winter.

Durchdenken, **Durchdenken**, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to consider in all parts, to run over in one's mind, to ponder, weigh, reflect upon, calculate, premeditate. [(with a dagger).]

Durchdringen, (w.) *v. tr.* to stab through

Durchdringen, (w.) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to push or press through, to get through the crowd, to push forward; (*refl.*) to elbow one's way, *cf.* sich Durchdrücken.

Durchdringen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Haut.* a) to thrust thoroughly; b) to thrash all the sheaves, &c. on hand; 2) *coll.* to beat soundly, thrash.

Durchdringen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) *lit. & fig.* to press or get through, to penetrate, pierce; to pervade, permeate; 2) *fig.* to prevail, succeed; mit etwas —, to bring something to the desired issue, to effect, accomplish, to carry out; ein d-der Regen, a soaking rain.

Durchdringen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to penetrate; 2) to fill in all parts; 3) *fig.* to pervade, permeate, leaven; sich durchdringend —, to interpenetrate; d-b, *p. a.* penetrating, piercing (look, &c.), sharp, keen, intense, searching (sold, wind, &c.); d-bes Gefühls, thrilling shrieks; durchdrungen, *pp.* filled, impregnated (von, with), imbued (with).

Durchdringlich, *I. adj.* penetrable; pervious; II. *D-felt*, (w.) *f.* penetrability, perviousness, permeability.

Durchdringung, (w.) *f.* penetration.

Durchdrücken, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to squeeze or press through; 2) to gall, wound, wring, hurt (a horse, &c.).

Durchduften, **Durchduften**, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill with odours, to perfume, scent, aromatise.

Durchellen, (w.) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*), **Durchellen**, (w.) *v. tr.* to hasten, hurry through. **Durchelmen**, *der.* *I. adv.* promiscuously, confusedly, *coll.* pell-mell, helter-skelter; — werfen, *v. tr.* to jumble, skuffle, or huddle (together); II. *s. (ind.)* *n.* medley, oglio, olio; jumble; wilderness.

Durchelmen, (w.) *v. tr.* to thread.

Durchfahren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to pass, ride, or drive through; 2) to run through; 3) to wear through by (too frequent) driving; unter einer Brücke —, to shoot a bridge; die Nacht —, to travel the night through.

Durchfahren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pass (rapidly) through; to hurry or shoot through ...; Min. to inspect (a mine).

Durchfahrt, (w.) *f.* passage; thoroughfare; opening; gate, gateway; tunnel; *Mar.* channel; enge —, narrow; *Railw.* trajectory; D-feld, *n.*, D-feld, *m.* 1) see Durchgangsfeld; 2) passage-toll.

Durchfall, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durchfälle**) *m.* 1) the falling through; 2) *Med.* diarrhoea, looseness, frequent liquid evacuation; leicht —, slight relaxation of the bowels; 3) *loc.* failure, pluck.

Durchfallen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to fall through; 2) *fig.* to fail: a) to succeed ill, to be disappointed or rejected (as a candidate); b) to be plucked or floored (at an examination); c) to be damned (of plays); d) to be black-balled (at ballot); e) to sit down with or get a blank in a lottery; f) to fall through (of a project, &c.), to fall to the ground, (of a motion in parliament, &c.) to be lost; to prove a failure; — lassen, 1. to reject; 2. to pluck, floor; 3. to damn; 4. to black-ball; II. *refl.* to wound one's self by falling; d-des Licht, *Phys.* transmitted light.

Durchfallen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pass through (a certain space) in falling.

Durchfällig, *adj. coll.* afflicted with the diarrhoea.

Durchfalle, (w.) *f.* *For.* thorough quitter.

Durchfallen, (w.) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rot through.

Durchfechten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to fight out, to go through (a severe struggle, &c.); 2) *fig.* to carry (one's point), defend (one's cause, &c.); II. *refl.* 1) to fight one's way through; 2) to make one's way by begging (as travelling-journeymen in Germany).

Durchfechten, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to sweep thoroughly; 2) *adv.* a) to chastise, rebuke severely; b) see Durchdrücken. 2.

Durchfechten, (w.) *v. tr.* to sweep through (the woods, as the wind, &c.).

Durchfeilen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to file through; 2) *fig.* to file or polish (a literary composition) thoroughly (from beginning to end), to finish in all parts, to give the last finish to ...

Durchfeuchten, **Durchfeuchten**, (w.) *v. tr.* to wet (moisten) thoroughly, to soak.

Durchfeuern, (w.) *v. intr.* to shoot through.

Durchfeuern, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to heat thoroughly; 2) to shoot holes through ...; 3) *fig.* to inflame, enkindle, animate.

Durchfeulen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to play through on the violin; 2) *coll.* see Durchfisteln.

Durchfinden, (*str.*) *v. refl.* to find one's way through. [(a pond).]

Durchfischen, (w.) *v. tr.* to fish thoroughly

Durchfisteln, (w.) *v. tr.* *coll.* to wear or rub through or off by friction.

Durchflammen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to flash through; 2) *fig.* to inflame, enkindle, animate.

Durchflattern, (w.) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*), **Durchflattern**, (w.) *v. tr.* to flutter through (a certain space, as a bird).

Durchflechten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to interlace, intertwine, intertwist, interweave.

Durchfliegen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *tr.* to fly through.

Durchfliegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fly or pass rapidly through; 2) *fig.* to peruse hastily, to skim or hurry over.

Durchfließen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*), **Durchfließen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to flow through.

Durchflimmern, (w.) *v. intr.* to glitter through. [glimmering light.]

Durchflimmern, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill with a

Durchflößen, (w.) *v. tr.* to float through.

Durchflößen, (w.) *v. tr.* * to fill with flute-like sounds (as *f. i.* the nightingale).

Durchflücht, (w.) *f.* flight through a place, passage through ...

Durchflüchten, (w.) *v. tr.* *Build.* to mark out the line of building by a cord or stakes.

Durchflüchten, (w.) *v. refl.* to run (hurry) through. [act of flying through.]

Durchfließen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durchflüsse**) *m.* the

Durchfließen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durchflüsse**) *m.* the act of flowing through. [flow through.]

Durchfließen, (w.) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to

Durchfließen, (w.) *v. tr.* to fill with floods (of water, &c.), to flow through.

Durchforschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to examine or investigate thoroughly, to inquire into ... strictly, to scrutinise, to dive or search into.

Durchforschung, (w.) *f.* thorough or deep search, research, investigation, close or accurate inquiry, scrutiny.

Durchforsten, (w.) *v. tr.* *Forst.* to cut out the dead wood in (a forest). — **Durchforstung**, (w.) *f.* (the act of) ridding (a forest) of dead wood.

Durchforsten, (w.) *v. tr.* to complete the cutting out of the dead wood of (a forest).

Durchfragen, (w.) *v. I. tr.* to ask one after another; II. *refl.* to find or make one's way by asking.

Durchfreien, (*str.*) *v. I. or* **Durchfreieren**, *tr.* to gnaw through, to corrode; von Würmern durchfreiert, *p. a.* worm-eaten; II. *refl.* (of insects or other animals) to eat a way through or out.

Durchfrieren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to freeze all through; 2) to penetrate with cold, to chill; ich bin ganz durchgefroren, I am chilled all over.

Durchfisteln, (w.) *v. tr.* *vulg.* to beat, whip soundly.

Durchfühlen, (w.) *v. tr.* to feel through.

Durchführen, (w.) *f.* conveyance (of goods, &c.) through a place or country; transit.

Durchführen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to lead, carry or convey through; durchgeführte Güter, transit goods, goods in transit; 2) *fig.* a) to carry or follow out (a principle, &c.); b) *Mus.* to modulate; c) to bring to an issue, to accomplish, to carry or pull through, *cf.* Ausführen; d) to support or sustain (a character in a drama or other poem) to the end.

Durchführung, (w.) *f.* 1) the act of carrying through, &c. *cf.* Durchfuhr; 2) *fig.* a) the carrying or following out, &c. *cf.* Durchführung; b) accomplishment, execution; c) conduct (of a work, &c.); the act of sustaining (a character in a dramatic piece, &c.).

Durchführen, (w.) *v. tr.* to mark with furrows; den Boden —, to plough up the ground (of cannon-balls); die Erde —, * to plough the watery way. [out.]

Durchführen, (w.) *v. tr.* to line through.

Durchfüttern, (w.) *v. tr.* to feed for a certain time, to keep (cattle, &c.) over the winter, &c.; to hibernate; *cf.* überwintern.

Durchgähren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to ferment sufficiently. [gall, embitter.]

Durchgähren, (w.) *v. tr.* *fig.* to fill with

Durchgang, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durchgänge**) *m.* 1) a passing through, passage; 2) the roughfare, gate, passage, alley, pass; 3) *Forst.* postern; 4) flood-gate; 5) *Comm. & Astr.* transit.

Durchgängig, *I. adj.* universal, prevailing; thorough, general; II. *adv.* universally, &c., throughout, all over, altogether, every where.

Durchgängig, *Phys. I. adj.* permeable; II. *D-felt*, (w.) *f.* permeability.

Durchgangs ..., *in comp.* — *abgabe*, *f.* transit-duty — *accorb*, *m.* *Mus.* transient chord; — *bestätigung*, *f.* — *certifikat*, *n.* permit; — *fernrohr*, — *instrument*, *n.* *Astr.* transit instrument; — *gerechtigkeit*, *f.* right of passage (through a house, &c.); — *glitter*, *n. pl.* transit-goods; — *handel*, *m.* transit-trade; — *note*, *f.* *Mus.* passing-note; — *punkt*, *m.* *fig.* period of transition; *cf.* Übergang; — *recht*, *n.* see — *gerechtigkeit*; — *zoll*, *m.* see — *abgabe*.

Durchgehen, (*irr.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)

1) a) to go, walk, or pass through; b) *be Bearren*, goods in transit; *der d-br Echellung*, the through train; b) to penetrate; 3) to go off, run away; to abscond, *vulg.* to bolt, to cut; 3) to pass, to be approved or carried; *wird es — will it take? — lassen*, 1. to pass (a road, &c.) through; 2. *Phys.* to allow to pass, to transmit (light, &c.); 3. *fig.* to pass (a bill, &c.); *ihre Mutter ließ ihr nichts —*, her mother passed her nothing; II. *tr.* 1) to walk through, wear through or out by walking; 2) to inspect, to examine (things) one after the other, to peruse, to go through (a book, &c.); *Krechnungen —*, to go through accounts; III. *refl.* to make sore by walking; *sich (Dat.) die Füße —*, to walk one's feet sore (*Weggehen*).

Durchgehen, (*irr.*) v. tr. 1) to walk through ... 2) *see* *Durchgehen*, II. 2.

Durchgehen, I. p. a. 1) passing through; pervading, piercing; 2) *Mus.* transient, passing; *d-e Geleise, Railw.* through lines; *d-er Herd*, *see* *Durchgangherd*; *ein D-er*, a passenger; II. *D-3*, *adv.* generally, universally, throughout, every where, in every part. *Durchgefallen*, (*irr.*) v. tr. 1) to pass through; to render spiritual, to spiritualise; to convert to a spiritual meaning.

Durchgehen, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) *Tann.* to tan thoroughly; 2) *vulg.* to beat soundly; (*Einem das Fell —*) to carry one's hide (or coat) well.

Durchgießen, (*str.*) v. tr. to pour through; to filter, percolate, strain. — *Durchgießung*, (*v.*) *f.* percolation, filtration, straining through.

Durchgießen, (*str.*) v. tr. to pour through or all over; to pervade with fluids, &c. poured on ... [through].

Durchglänzen, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to shine. *Durchglänzen*, (*v.*) v. tr. to illumine, pervade with splendour, &c.

Durchgleiten, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to glide through. *Durchgleiten*, (*str.*) v. tr. to glide through ... *saum daß ein leises Röcheln durchglitt das Gemüth (Mörmers, Abend)*, scarce a gentle pain steals softly through the mind (*Bauern*).

Durchglücken, (*v.*) v. I. *intr.* to glow through; II. *tr.* to make red hot, *cf.* *Durchglücken*.

Durchglücken, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to inflame; 2) *fig.* to inspire (with a tender passion, a sense of justice, &c.).

Durchgraben, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to dig through; II. *refl.* to dig one's way (through).

Durchgraben, (*str.*) v. tr. to pierce, to open by digging, &c.

Durchgreifen, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* 1) to pass through with the hand grasping; *fig-s.* 2) to act decidedly, to take vigorous or decisive measures, to use authority; *d-b.* p. a. effectual, searching; energetic, thorough, radical (reform, &c.), sweeping (measures, &c.); 3) to succeed, prevail; to be efficacious; II. *tr.* to wear through or out by frequent handling.

Durchgrübeln, (*v.*) v. tr. to search through or closely, scrutinise, ponder, to examine minutely, to sift thoroughly. [through].

Durchgucken, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to peep (look). *Durchgucken*, (*v.*) v. tr. to look over, search.

Durchgustan, (*str.*) n. *Mar.* slab-line. *Durchgust*, (*str.*) pl. *Durchgüsse* m. 1) the act of pouring through; 2) percolation; filtration; 3) gutter; sink; 4) strainer, colander, filter.

Durchhaben, (*irr.*) v. tr. *coll.* to have done with, to have got through (*cf.* *Durch*, II. *adv.* 1).

Durchhauen, (*v.*) v. tr. to cut through with an axe, hatchet, &c. [meru, II.

Durchhelfen, (*v.*) v. *refl.* *see* *Durchhelfen*. *Durchhelfen*, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to sound through.

Durchhelfen, (*v.*) v. tr. to sound through ... all with sound. *Durchhimmern*, (*v.*) v. I. tr. 1) a) T. to

work (a thing) thoroughly with the hammer; b) to perfect, finish, complete; 3) to wear through (perforate) by hammering; II. *refl.* *fig.* to work one's way through by hammering.

Durchhauen, (*str.*) m. *see* *Durchhieb*. *Durchhauen*, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to breathe through.

Durchhauen, (*v.*) v. tr. *see* *Durchhauen*. *Durchhauen*, (*irr.*) v. I. tr. (*& intr.*) 1) or *Durchhauen*, to hew through, cut through;

2) *coll.* to lick, whip, scourge, to give (one) a thorough licking, &c.; II. *refl.* to eat one's way, to cut through sword in hand.

Durchhaus, (*str.*, pl. *Durchhäuser*) n. a house having a thoroughfare.

Durchheulen, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to hatchet thoroughly; 2) *fig.* to censure, criticise severely or maliciously, to satirise, to cut (one) up.

Durchheulen, (*v.*) v. tr. to heat thoroughly. *Durchheulen*, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* (*Einem*) to help or assist (to get) through; II. *refl.* to contrive to get through (the world), to get along by shifts, to gain (a scanty) livelihood,

sich mühen —, to work hard for a living; *vulg.* to rub through the world, to rub on (*cf.* *Durchkommen*).

Durchheulen, (*v.*) v. tr. *see* *Erheulen*. *Durchheulen*, (*v.*) v. tr. to rule over ... *Durchheulen*, (*v.*) v. tr. to pass (a certain time) with howling.

Durchheulen, (*v.*) v. tr. to pierce with cries, to fill with howling.

Durchhieb, (*str.*) m. *Forest*, an opening through a wood, &c., glade (*Kushau*).

Durchhien, *adv.* (passing, gliding) through, past (*hinüber*). [roughly].

Durchhien, *adv.* all through, all over, thoroughly. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. to beat thoroughly.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to hollow through-out. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. *coll.* 1) *see* *Durchhien*; 2) *see* *Durchhien*, II. 2; 3) *see* *Durchhien*.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to listen in every part of (the house, &c.).

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*). *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. to hop, skip, jump through.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *coll.* 1) to pass quickly and silently through, to glide, pop, flit, or slip through; 2) to get through or off, to escape, to slip or steal away (*cf.* *Durchwischen*, 2); *Einem — lassen*, to let one off.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to wander, ramble, range, rove, err, or stray through ...

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. I. tr. 1) to hunt, pursue through; 2) *fig.* to hurry through or over; II. *intr.* 1) to pass through in hunting; 2) (*aux.* *sein*) to hasten through.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to hunt through or over ... to gallop over, to pass quickly over, to scour. [spend in lamentations].

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to pass or *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) or *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. to run or pass through (the streets, &c.) with joyous cries, to fill (the air, &c.) with shouts (of rejoicing); 2) to pass revelling, rioting, to spend noisily.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. *Mar.* *die Besen —*, to change the mizen; *ein Gießegel —*, to gybe.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to penetrate with cold, to chill all over.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to comb thoroughly; *fig. & vulg-s.* 2) *see* *Durchhien*, 2; 3) *see* *Durchhien*. [schitten].

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. *& refl.* *see* *Durchhien*. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) or *Durchhien*, to chew thoroughly, to masticate sufficiently; 2) *fig.* to repeat again and again, *coll.* to harp (always) on the same string.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to filter, percolate. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. to squeeze or press through.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to climb through. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. to climb through ..., to climb all over.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to strum over (a tune, &c.). [through].

Durchhien, (*str.*) v. *intr.* to sound. *Durchhien*, (*str.*) v. tr. to fill with sound.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to beat or knock through; 2) to beat thoroughly; 3) *coll.* *see* *Durchhien*.

Durchhien, p. a. divided into chams or clefs, full of fissures or rents, *cf.* *Brüflet*.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. *Bak.* to knead (the dough) for the last time.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) or *Durchhien*, to knead well or thoroughly; to tread or trample (clay); 2) *fig. vulg.* *see* *Durchhien*, 2. [boil thoroughly].

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to *Durchhien*, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to come through, get through; 2) *fig. a)* to come on, get along (*cf.* *sich* *Durchhien*); b) to come off, get off, to get out of difficulties; to get better, to recover; mit *seiner* *Einnahme* —, to come out with one's income, to make both ends meet; mit *dieser* *Entschuldigung* *wirst du nicht* —, this excuse will not answer (do, serve); *durch eine Krankheit* —, to get over a disease.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to taste (dishes of food, wines, &c.) one after the other.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to fill with croaking or hoarse cries.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to card thoroughly.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. I. tr. to scratch through; II. *refl.* to scratch one's self through the skin.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. to pass through ... in a circular motion, to sweep or wheel through (the air, &c.).

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to cross, to pass or go across, to traverse; 2) *fig.* to cross, thwart, oppose; *sich —*, to cut each other crossways, to intersect each other; *Durchhien*, p. a. decussate. — *Durchhien*, (*v.*) f. 1) the (act of) crossing, &c.; 2) *Radw.* a crossing; crossing point.

Durchhien, (*str.*) v. *intr.* to creep through.

Durchhien, (*str.*) v. tr. to creep through ...; to creep through every part of ... *alle Winkel —*, *coll.* to search (in every corner) minutely.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. *refl.* 1) to have a hard life of it, to manage to get on in life, to fight one's way; 2) to get better, recover.

Durchhien, (*v.*) v. tr. *Min.* *see* *Erhien*. *Durchhien*, (*v.*) v. tr. 1) to pass, go, or run through ... noisily, to fill (the streets, &c.) with noise or uproar; 2) to spend (the night, &c.) noisily, in rioting.

Durchhien, (*str.*, pl. *Durchhien*) m. 1) a) the (act of) letting through; b) passage; cut, opening (of a bridge); culvert; 2) *Min.* a sort of draw-bench; b) fluting-mill; 3) any contrivance through which bodies or substances are passed to purify them, &c.: a filter; a sieve, riddle, &c.; *Min.* washing-through.

Durchhien, (*str.*) v. tr. to let through: 1) to pass through, to strain, percolate, filter; also without objective case: *d-des* *Material*, filtering material; 2) to let pass, to suffer to pass; *fig-s.* to pass (errors): to let

of (a person); *Was läßt die Lichtstrahlen durch*, glass transmits rays of light; 3) to fuse (metals); 4) *Mind* to flatten: to be per-
vious (to) or permeable (by); *Durchlässig*,
adj. pervious (to). — *Durchlassung*, (w.) f.
transmission (of light), &c.

Durchlaßwehr, (str.) n. T. sluice-
wear. *Durchlaßheit*, (w.) f. Highness; Seine —,
his (serene) Highness; *Ihrt — die Fürstin*,
her Highness the princess; *EW. —*, your Se-
renity, your serene Highness.

Durchlaßtig, I. adj. 1) t. renowned,
celebrated, illustrious; 2) most high, most
serene; August: *der b-ße Fürst*, his most se-
rene Highness; II. *D-heit*, (w.) f. (l. w.) see
Durchlaucht.

Durchlaucht, (str., pl. *Durchläuchte*) m. 1)
the (act of) running through; passage; 2) see
Durchfall, 3; 3) see *Durchlaß*, 3.

Durchlaufen, (str.) v. l. *indr.* (aux. *sein*)
to run through; to strain, filter: — *lassen*,
to strain, to pass through; II. *tr.* to wear through
or out by running, *cf.* *Durchgehen*, II. 1. & III.

Durchlaufen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to run or
pass rapidly through ..., to run from one end
of ... to the other; to course, traverse; all
für —, coll. to hunt all the shops or stalls:
ein *Gesicht durchläuft die Stadt*, a rumour
is spread in the town; *der Schall durchläuft*
1143 Fuß in einer Minute, sound (as travels
the rate of) 1143 feet in a second; 2) to peruse
hardly, to dip into (a book, &c.), to pass
rapidly over, to hasten or hurry through.

Durchleben, *Durchleben*, (w.) v. tr. to
live over; to pass, to go through; *sein Leben*
über —, to live one's life out fast; noch ein-
mal *durchleben*, to live over again (one's
youth, &c.).

Durchleiten, *Durchleiten*, (str.) v. tr. to
lead through or over, to peruse, go through.

Durchleuchten, (w.) f. persual. [through.
Durchleuchten, (w.) v. *indr.* to shine
Durchleuchten, (w.) v. tr. to light through
..., all with light, illumine, * illumine.

Durchliegen, (w.) v. *refl.* see *Ausliegen*, II.
Durchlochen, (w.) v. tr. T. to punch, to
perforate.

Durchlöchern, (w.) v. tr. to make holes
through ... to perforate, to pierce or provide
with holes, to punch; to riddle (with bul-
lets): to honey-comb; *fig.* to transgress, in-
fringe: *durchlöchert*, p. a. worn in holes,
holey, full of holes, honey-combed; *Bot.* per-
forated, potted.

Durchlöchern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to blaze or
shine through ...; 2) *fig.* to inflame, enkindle,
fill with ardour. [to ventilate.

Durchlöcher, (w.) v. tr. to air thoroughly,
Durchlöcher, (str.) v. *refl.* to help one's
self or make one's way by lying.

Durchmachen, (w.) v. tr. *fig.* to go or
pass through: 1) to finish, accomplish; 2) to
experience; — *lassen*, to put through.

Durchmarsch, (str., pl. *Durchmärsche*) m.
1) a marching through, passage (of troops);
2) *Card-pl.* the getting all the tricks.

Durchmarschieren, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*)
to march through.

Durchmischen, (w.) v. tr. to cut through
with a chisel. [thoroughly.

Durchmengen, (w.) v. tr. to mingle or mix
Durchmengen, (w.) v. tr. to mix up (with).
Durchmessen, (str.) v. tr. to measure
through.

Durchmessen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to measure
throughout, every part of ...; 2) *fig.* to pass
or walk through or over ...

Durchmesser, (str.) m. *Geom.* diameter.
Durchmischen, (w.) v. tr. see *Durchmengen*.
Durchmischen, *Durchmischen*, (w.) v. tr. to
measure throughout or thoroughly.

Durchmischen, *Durchmischen*, (w.) v. tr.

1) to review all over, to search minutely: to
sweep (the heavens with the telescope); 2)
coll. to scrutinize: to censure, criticize se-
verely or maliciously.

Durchmischen, (w.) v. tr. * to darken, fill
with darkness, to cloud, obscure.

Durchnagen, *Durchnagen*, (w.) v. tr. 1)
to gnaw or nibble through; 2) *fig.* to gnaw
at (one's heart, &c.), to prey upon, corrode.

Durchnähen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sew through;
2) to make sore by sewing; *die durchgenähte*
Naht, *Mar.* monk's seam.

Durchnähen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to quilt; 2)
Shoe-m. see *Abdoppeln*; 3) *durchnähte Arbeit*,
quilting.

Durchnässen, *Durchnässen*, *Durchnässen*,
Durchnässen, (w.) v. tr. to wet thoroughly;
to moisten, wet through or all over; to
drench, soak.

Durchnässen, (str.) v. tr. *fig.* 1) to can-
vass, examine; 2) to censure, criticize.

Durchschneiden, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to hole: to
cut across, intersect — *Durchschneidung*, (w.)
f. (the act of) cutting across, intersection.

Durchpass, (str., pl. *Durchpässe*) m. a long
narrow passage, pass, defile.

Durchpassieren, (w.) v. tr. to pass or go
through. [or wade through.

Durchplätschen, (w.) v. tr. coll. to splash
Durchplätschen, *Durchplätschen*, (w.) v. tr.
Poind. to pounce, to counterdraw.

Durchpeitschen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to whip
soundly; 2) coll. to recapitulate, repeat again
and again, to begin the old story.

Durchpeitschen, (w.) v. tr. to pepper tho-
roughly (also *fig.*). [the end.

Durchpfeifen, (str.) v. tr. to whistle
Durchpfeifen, (str.) v. tr. to penetrate
or pass through whistling, to pierce (as the
wind).

Durchpflügen, *Durchpflügen*, (w.) v. tr.
to plough through, to plough all over.

Durchpilgern, (w.) v. *indr.* to wander
through. [... *cf.* *Durchwandern*.
Durchpilgern, (w.) v. tr. to wander through
Durchplätzen, *Durchplätzen*, (w.) v. *refl.*
see *ich* *Durchquälen*, *Durchtrüppeln*.

Durchplaudern, (w.) v. tr. to spend or
pass in (or to beguile [the time] by) talking.

Durchprahlen, (w.) v. tr. to spend (one's
fortune) in revelry or debauchery.

Durchpressen, (w.) v. tr. to spend or pass
(the time) in revelry or debauchery.

Durchpressen, (w.) v. tr. to press or squeeze
through.

Durchprüfen, (w.) v. tr. to examine all
over.

Durchprügeln, (w.) v. tr. to beat soundly,
to drub, cudgel, coll. to belabour, to lick,
trounce, wallop, &c. thoroughly.

Durchquälen, (w.) v. *refl.* to get through
with pain or difficulty. [press through.

Durchquetschen, (w.) v. tr. to squeeze or
Durchrühren, (w.) v. tr. to run through
a riddle or strainer.

Durchraufen, (w.) v. tr. to intertwine or
intertwine with tendrils.

Durchrennen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to run through
(the streets, &c.) furiously, frantically; 2) to
pass (the night, &c.) in raging or frenzy.

Durchrasseln, (w.) v. tr. to rattle through....
Durchrauchen, (w.) v. *indr.* to fume or
smoke through. [fume or smoke.

Durchrauschen, (w.) v. tr. to fill with
Durchrauschen, *Durchrauschen*, (w.) v.
tr. to smoke thoroughly: to perfume, fumi-
gate all over. [nap (cloth) thoroughly.

Durchrauschen, (w.) v. tr. T. to card or
Durchrauschen, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*)
to rush, rustle through.

Durchrauschen, (w.) v. tr. to rush through
..., to fill with a rushing or rustling noise.

Durchrechnen, (w.) v. tr. to count, reckon
over or through; to examine (an account).

Durchrechnen, (w.) v. *indr.* *impers.* to rain
through. [or to soak with rain.

Durchreiben, (w.) v. tr. to wet thoroughly
Durchreiben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to rub through:
to strain (as through a colander); 2) a) to
fret and wear by rubbing or friction, to chafe
(a cable, &c.); b) to make sore by rubbing,
to chafe, gall (the skin, &c.).

Durchreichen, (w.) v. l. tr. to reach through:
II. *indr.* 1) to suffice, to be sufficient; 2) to
be sufficiently provided. [passage.

Durchreisen, (w.) f. a passing through,
Durchreisen, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*) to
travel or pass through: *der D-er*, passenger.

Durchreisen, (w.) v. tr. to travel over,
traverse.

Durchreisen, (str.) v. l. tr. (or *Durch-
reisen*) to tear (in two), to rend asunder; II.
indr. (aux. *sein*) to break, rend, to be torn
asunder.

Durchreiten, (str.) v. l. *indr.* (aux. *sein*)
to ride through, to go through on horseback:
II. tr. to gail, hurt by the friction of riding.

Durchreiten, (str.) v. tr. to ride through
or over ..., to traverse, cross on horseback:
von den Rotten *durchreiten*, worm-eaten.

Durchrennen, (str.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*)
to run through.

Durchrennen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to run through
(the streets, &c.), to run all over ...; 2) to run
(one) through (with a sword).

Durchrücken, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*).
Durchrücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to rill, purr,
gurgle through, to glide through with soft
murmurs (as a rivulet); 2) to thrill (*Durch-
gittern*): von Schreden *durchrückt*, shivering
with terror. [2] see *Durchrücken*.

Durchrücken, (w.) v. tr. 1) see *Durchrücken*;
Durchrücken, (str.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*).
Durchrücken, (str.) v. tr. to run, flow, or leak
through.

Durchrücken, (str.) m. rent, breach.
Durchrücken, (str.) m. the act of riding
through, passage on horseback.

Durchrücken, *Durchrücken*, (w.) v. tr. 1)
to scratch through; 2) to scratch all over.

Durchrollen, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*).
Durchrollen, (w.) v. tr. to roll through.

Durchrollen, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to make
stream-works or conduits across (the rock).

Durchrollen, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*) *Mil.*
to march through. [row through.

Durchrollen, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*) to
Durchrollen, (w.) v. tr. to row over,
navigate.

Durchrollen, (w.) v. tr. to give a severe
reprimand, &c. *cf.* *Abschleifen*.

Durchrollen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to strain or
press through by stirring; 2) to stir up tho-
roughly. [slide or slip through.

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. *indr.* (aux. *sein*) to
shake through or thoroughly.

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. tr. to cut through
with a sabre. [saw through.

Durchrütteln, *Durchrütteln*, (w.) v. tr. to
Durchrütteln, *Durchrütteln*, (str.) v. tr.
to salt thoroughly, sufficiently.

Durchrütteln, *Durchrütteln*, (w.) v. tr.
Bak. to leaven thoroughly.

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. tr. to blow or rustle
gently through (the leaves, &c. as a breeze).

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. tr. to rush, whistle,
bluster through ...

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. tr. to scrape through.
Durchrütteln, (w.) v. tr. to carry, convey,
or get through.

Durchrütteln, (w.) v. *indr.* to sound through
(the air), to penetrate (as sounds).

Durchschal'ten, (*v.* *tr.*) to sound through ..., fill (the air) with sound or noise.

Durchschauern, **Durchschau'en**, (*v.* *tr.*) to thrill or pierce with pain, terror, &c.: *es durchschauerte mich*, a shiver or shudder passed over me; *der Schmerz durchschauerte ihn*, the pain thrilled through his whole frame.

Durch'sehen, (*v.* *tr.*) to look or see through; *die Absicht schaut durch*, the intention is perceptible or peeps out.

Durch'sehen'en, (*v.* *tr.*) to look through ..., to look over, to examine attentively; 2) to see through (one), to penetrate, fathom, sift (a business) to the bottom: *ich durch'sah ihn*, I read his intentions, *coll.* I am up to his tricks.

Durch'sehen'en, **Durch'sehen'en**, (*v.* *tr.*) to shovel through; 2) to shovel thoroughly.

Durch'scheinen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to shine through; *d-b. p. a.* translucent; diaphanous, pellucid (*different from durch'sichtig*): *Almandin ist gewöhnlich d-b.*, *juwelnen durch'sichtig*, almandine is commonly translucent, sometimes transparent.

Durch'scheinen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to shine through ..., to fill with light or rays; *von der Sonne durch'scheinen*, shone through by the sun.

Durch'schelten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to scold, chide, reprove, rebuke, reprimand sharply.

Durch'scherzen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to spend jesting, joking.

Durch'schern, **Durch'schern**, (*v.* *tr.*) to scour or rub through: to wear out or away by rubbing or scouring; *sich (dat.) die Finger -*, to make one's fingers sore by rubbing or scouring.

Durch'schieben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to shove through.

Durch'schießen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. & intr.* 1) to shoot through; 2) to pass through with swiftness; *Wass.* to cross (the shuttle); *II. tr. Comm.* to count (over) by casts, to shoot (money through the hand).

Durch'schießen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to shoot or fire through ... to riddle or pierce (with bullets), to transpire, transfix (with arrows, &c.); *sein Fuß war durch'schossen*, his foot was pierced by a shot; 2) *Typ.* to lead, space, interline; 3) (*mit Papier*) *Bookb.* to interleave, interfoliate (a book); 4) *Comm.* to examine (goods) piece by piece; 5) *Mas.* to partition (a room). [*linie*]

Durch'schieß'linie, (*v.* *f.* *see* **Durch'schieß'**) **Durch'schießen**, (*v.* *I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)) to sail through; *II. tr.* to transport through. **Durch'schießen**, (*v.* *tr.*) to sail through, over, or across ..., to traverse or cross (in a vessel or any craft), to navigate.

Durch'schimmern, (*v.* *tr.*) to shine through. [*light or splendour*]

Durch'schimmern, (*v.* *tr.*) to fill with

Durch'schleifen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pass sleeping.

Durch'schleifen, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durch'schleife**) 1) a) the (act of) beating through, piercing, &c. *cf.* **Durch'schlagen**; b) *Min.*, &c. opening: *ein - im Walde*, a cut or opening through the woods; 2) strainer, colander; filter: *Sug-w.* filtering-pan; *Brew.* hose; 3) *T.* punch, puncheon; piercer; prick-punch: *Fire-w.* *awl: Gunn.* priming-iron, gun-picker; *Carp.* mortise-chisel.

Durch'schlagen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to beat through: to break through; to pierce; *Gunn.* to clear; *Min.* to cut across, to intersect, to open; 2) to strain, percolate, to pass through a sieve, to filter; *II. ref.* 1) to break through the enemy, to cut (fight) one's way through, cut through sword in hand; 2) *fig.* to fight one's way through the world, *coll.* to rub or pull through a difficulty, &c., to rough it, *cf.* **Durch'schleifen**; *III. intr.* 1) to pierce or get through: to penetrate (of dampness); to wet through; to blot, run, sink, absorb (of paper);

dieses Papier schlägt durch, this paper sinks; *Papier, das nicht durch'schlägt*, paper that bears ink; 2) *Med.* to loosen; 3) *fig.* to have effect, to tell (bei, upon). [*another gallery*]

Durch'schlagig, *adj.* *Min.* opening upon **Durch'schlagshammer**, (*str.*, *pl.* **D-hämmer**) *m. T.* driving hammer.

Durch'schlingeln, (*v.* *tr.*) to wind or meander through.

Durch'schleichen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *ref.*, **Durch'schleichen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to creep, sneak, slink, steal through.

Durch'schleifen, *v. I. (str.) tr.* 1) to grind through; 2) to gall or wound in grinding; *II. (v.) v. tr.* 1) to drag through; 2) to carry or convey through on a sledge. [*through*]

Durch'schleifen, (*v.* *v. tr.*) to saunter

Durch'schleppen, (*v.* *I. tr.*) to drag through; *II. ref.* 1) to drag one's self through or along, to toil through, *cf.* **Durch'schlagen**, *II. 2*; 2) to contrive to get through with difficulty; *dieser Fehler hat sich durch mehrere Ausgaben durchgeschleppt*, this error has crept or gone through several editions.

Durch'schlingen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to sling, wind, or twist through; *II. ref. fig.* to run through.

Durch'schlingen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to twine, wind, or twist through ..., to interlace, intertwist, intertwine, entwine, *cf.* **Durchwinden**.

Durch'schlingen, **Durch'schlingen**, (*v.* *tr.*) to slit or split through, to rend asunder.

Durch'schlüpfen, (*v.* *tr.*) to slip, slide, creep, or get through; 2) (*durch -*) to get off, escape: *Einen durch - lassen*, to let one off; *durch - lassen*, to pass (errors).

Durch'schmäch'ten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to languish (many years, &c., nach ..., after, for ...)

Durch'schmarotzen, (*v.* *ref.*) to live by sponging upon others.

Durch'schmettern, (*v.* *I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)) to penetrate with a crashing noise; *II. tr.* to dash through.

Durch'schmettern, (*v.* *tr.*) to fill with a shrill sound, blasts of a trumpet, &c.

Durch'schmiegen, (*v.* *ref.*) to shift one's self through.

Durch'schneiden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut through, to cut; to saw through; 2) to divide by cutting or sawing.

Durch'schneiden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut through ... 2) to cut, cross (cinnabar, each other, as roads, &c.), to intersect, bisect (of lines); *die Stadt ist von Gassen durch'schnitten*, the town is intersected with canals; *quer -*, to cut across, cross-cut, traverse; 3) *fig.* to pierce, thrill, penetrate.

Durch'schnitt, (*str.*) *m. 1*) the (act of) cutting through, cut; 2) a) intersection: *Radio.* cutting, cut; b) *Archit.* transept; 3) *Geom.* section (of a building, &c.); (*D-schnitt*, *f.*) profile; 4) medium, mean proportion, average: *im -*, on an average, one with another; by the bulk; 5) *see* **Durch'schnittsmäßigkeit**.

Durch'schnittlich, *I. adj.* average (amount, &c. *cf.* **Durch'schnitts...**); *II. adv.* (taken) on an average.

Durch'schnitts..., *in comp.* —*ansicht*, *f.* sectional view, profile; —*betrug*, *m.* average amount; *Geom.-s.* —*fläche*, *f.* plane of intersection; —*lehre*, *f.* stereotomy; —*linie*, *f.* 1) line of intersection; 2) diametral line, cathetus; —*maschine*, *f.* 1) *Min.* blank-cutting engine; 2) *T.* cutting-machine, cutting-press; *cin* —*mensh*, *m. fig.* a commonplace person; —*maßst.*, *f.* *see* —*lehre*; —*preis*, *m.* average price, medium price; —*punct*, *m.* (point of) intersection; —*riß*, *m. see* —*zeichnung*; —*seigne*, *f.* secant; —*tara*, *f.* *Comm.* average tare, computed tare; —*verhältniß*, *n.* average, mean

or middle proportion; —*wert*, *n. see* —*maß*; —*zahl*, *f.* mean, mean number; —*zeichnung*, *f. T. (Geom., Archit., &c.)* sectional drawing or representation, section, profile.

Durch'schreiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to stride, stalk through.

Durch'schreiten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to stride, walk through, across, or over, to traverse.

Durch'schüt'ten, (*str.*, *pl.* **Durch'schüt'te**) *m. 1*) *Wool.* wool, wast; 2) or —*linien*, *f. pl.* *Typ.* leads, space-lines, interlines, reglets; —*blatt*, *n.* interleaf.

Durch'schütteln, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to shake through; 2) to shake about, shake up well.

Durch'schütteln, **Durch'schütteln**, (*v.* *tr.*) to shake (thoroughly or violently); to thrill, pierce, penetrate; *vom Gesteir durch'schüttelt werden*, to shiver with cold.

Durch'schwärmen, (*v.* *tr.*) to swarm, rove through.

Durch'schwärmen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to swarm over, through; 2) *eine Nacht -*, to pass or spend a night in revelry, festive or social amusement, *coll.* to make a night of it.

Durch'schwärmen, (*v.* *tr.*) to pass or spend chattering, talking; *cf.* **Durchplaudern**.

Durch'schweb'en, (*v.* *tr.*) to pass through with a flying motion; *die Flüge -*, * to soar (through) the skies.

Durch'schweb'en, (*v.* *tr.*) to rove, stroll, or range about, to wander all over.

Durch'schweb'en, (*v.* *tr.* *see* **Durch**) bringen, *3.* [*in revelry*]

Durch'schweb'en, (*v.* *tr.*) to pass or spend **Durch'schwimmen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to swim through.

Durch'schwimmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to swim through or over, to cross by swimming.

Durch'schwirren, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to buzz or whis through ...; 2) to fill with chirping or with sharp sounds.

Durch'schwischen, (*v.* *tr.*) to sweep through; *ganß durch'schwischt*, dripping with sweat, perspiring at every pore. [*sail through*]

Durch'segeln, (*v.* *tr.*) to sail through; *über oder across ..., cf.* **Durch'schiffen**.

Durch'sehen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* to see through; *II. tr.* to look, glance, or go over, examine, review, revise; *eine Rechnung genau -*, to overhaul an account.

Durch'sehen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Durch'schauen**.

Durch'sehen, (*v.* *tr.*) to filter, filtrate, strain, percolate. — **Durch'seigen**, (*str.*) *v. Chem.* filter. — **Durch'seignung**, (*v.* *f.*) filtration, &c.

Durch'senken, **Durch'senken**, (*v.* *tr.*) to sink (a shaft) horizontally.

Durch'setzen, (*v.* *tr.*) to break, burst, or gallop through; to traverse, cross; *II. tr.* 1) *Min.* a) to crumble or sift (ore); b) to melt (roasted ore); 2) *fig.* to carry through or out, to carry (one's point), accomplish, effectuate, achieve (one's design); to enforce (*measuren*); *etwas bei Einem -*, to succeed or carry one's point with one.

Durch'setzen, (*v.* *tr.*) to set, surround, or mix with; *durch'setzt sein*, *Min.* (of rocks) to be intermixed, interspersed, interstratified, or impregnated with (minerals, &c.); *mit Blättern durch'setzt*, *Bot.* intermixed with leaves, foliaceous.

Durch'setzung, (*v.* *f.*) the carrying through, &c.; enforcement (of a law, &c.); accomplishment. [*&c.*] in sighs.

Durch'setzen, (*v.* *tr.*) to pass the night. **Durch'sicht**, (*v.* *f.* 1) a) the (act of) looking through; b) prospect through (an avenue, &c.), view, vista; 2) *fig.* the looking over, revision, inspection, examination; *Typ.* revise, revisal; *zur gefälligen -*, *Comm.* for

your inspection or perusal: *D-dicht*, *D-dicht*, *D-dicht*, *n.* transparent picture, transparency; *D-dicht*, *f.* *Phys.* dioptrics.

Durchsichtig, *I. adj.* transparent (*different* from *Durchscheinend*); pellucid, diaphanous; clear, limpid; *Glas ist —*, glass is pearly to light; *halb —*, imperfectly transparent, semipellucid; *im Wasser —*, hydrophanous; *II. D-leit*, *(w.) f.* transparency: 1) pellucidity, diaphaneity; clearness, limpidness; *D-leit des Glases*, pearlyness of glass to light; 2) *fig.* perspicuity, clearness of the mind; lucidity; *D-leitmessler*, *m.* diaphanometer.

Durchsickern, *Durchsickern*, *(w.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trickle or ooze through; to percolate.

Durchsieben, *(w.) v. tr.* to sift, riddle, cribble; to bolt (flower); to garble (indigo); *Mas. to screen*.

Durchsingen, *(str.) v. tr.* to sing through or over, to sing to the end. [*sink* through.]

Durchsinken, *(str.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sink through.

Durchsinken, *(str.) v. tr. Min.* to sink, to bore through ... (*Durchsinken*).

Durchsinnen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to consider or weigh in all parts; to run over in one's mind, *cf.* *Durchdenken*; 2) to spend musingly or in deep thoughts. [*upon*.]

Durchsitzen, *(str.) v. tr.* to wear by sitting; *Durchsitzen*, *(str.) v. tr.* to pass sitting; *ganze Nächte beim Spiele —*, to spend whole nights at the gaming-table.

Durchsinnen, *(w.) v. tr.* to warm thoroughly by exposing to the sun, to sun, bask. *Durchsorgen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to spend or pass in care or anxiety.

Durchspähen, *(w.) v. tr.* to spy through, search into, examine thoroughly.

Durchspalten, *Durchspalten*, *(w.) v. tr.* to cleave through, to split asunder.

Durchspielen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to interlard, lard all over; 2) *fig.* to interlard.

Durchspielen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) *a)* to play over; *b)* to act over; 2) to play (a musical piece) all through, to practise (thoroughly); *cine Rolle —*, to support a part throughout or to the end.

Durchspielen, *(w.) v. tr.* to pass or spend (the night) playing or gambling.

Durchstechen, *Durchstechen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to pierce (with a spear, &c.), to transfix.

Durchsprechen, *(str.) v. tr.* to talk (a matter) over, to discuss.

Durchspringen, *(w.) v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to gallop through, to pass through at full speed; *II. tr.* to make to burst, to burst.

Durchspringen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to gallop through ... or over ...; *so durchsprang der Thier König mächtig seines Reiches Grenzen* (*Frühgrath*), thus the king of beasts galloped nightly through the expanse of his realm; 2) *a)* to scatter all over; *b)* to intersperse, *see* *Durchsetzen*.

Durchspringen, *(str.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to leap through or across; 2) to crack, to burst through.

Durchspringen, *(str.) v. tr.* to leap through ... or all over; *er durchsprang den Raum in drei Ecken*, he cleared the space with three bounds. [*to squirt* through.]

Durchspringen, *Durchspringen*, *(w.) v. tr.*

Durchsuchen, *Durchsuchen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to spy, search through; to examine closely all over or (alle Winkel) every corner; *Sport.* to beat, score (for game).

Durchschöpfen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) or *Durchschöpfen*, to stamp or punch through; 2) to stamp thoroughly or every part of ...

Durchschütten, *(w.) v. tr. vulg.* 1) to fill with stink; 2) *fig. vulg.* to ferret, rummage, *cf.* *Durchstöbern*.

Durchschütten, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to drive or blow through (as dust); 2) *a)* *see* *Durchschütten*, 1; *b)* to sprinkle all over, to powder (one's hair, &c.); *c)* *T.* to pounce.

Durchschütten, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to cover with dust, to dust throughout or all over; 2) to hurry through (a place) raising a dust.

Durchschlagen, *(w.) v. tr.* to whip, beat (soundly) with rods.

Durchschlagen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to run, drive, or push (a pointed instrument) through; 2) to dig or cut through; 3) *Husb.* to stir or turn (corn); 4) *Forst.* to clear (a wood); 5) *Metall.* to melt, smelt; 6) *mit einem etwas —*, *provinc.* to concert clandestinely, to contrive jointly.

Durchstechen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to pierce, transfix, run through (with a sword, &c.), to stab (with a poniard), to gore (with horns), to cut through; to prick; 2) *Sew.* to quilt; *Durchstich*, *p. a.* 1. quilted; 2. *Bot.* perfoliate, perforated. [*spicifer*.]

Durchstechen, *(str.) m. T.* small anger, *Durchstecher*, *(w.) f. provinc.* intrigue, secret practice, jobbing, joint contrivance.

Durchstehlen, *(str.) v. tr. vulg.* to steal through, or away, to get through unperceived.

Durchsteigen, *(str.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to step through, to get in through ...

Durchsteigen, *(str.) v. tr.* to stride, stalk over. [*pass* (a thicket) with nets.]

Durchstellen, *(w.) v. tr. Sport.* to enclose

Durchstechen, *(w.) v. tr. Sew.* to stitch, to quilt. [*cf.* *Durchschiffen*.]

Durchstehen, *(w.) v. tr.* to steer through, *Durchstich*, *(str.) m.* 1) act of piercing or cutting through; 2) *Railw.* a cutting, cut; *Min.* & *Forst.* cut, intrenchment, aperture.

Durchstich, *(w.) v. tr. Sew.* 1) to stitch, to quilt; 2) to cover with embroidery.

Durchstinken, *(w.) v. intr.* to stink through.

Durchstinken, *(w.) v. tr.* to fill with stink.

Durchstören, *(w.) v. tr.* to search (*i. t. s.*), rummage, ferret, to stir about, rake.

Durchstören, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to prick (through); 2) or *Durchstören*, *(w.) v. tr. see* *Durchstöbern*.

Durchstopfen, *(w.) v. tr.* to put, stuff, or thrust through (a narrow opening).

Durchstoßen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to thrust or push through; 2) to break by thrusting; 3) to wear out by pushing against; 4) to make sore by pushing against; 5) *Glass-u.* to open, cut (the oven).

Durchstoßen, *(str.) v. tr.* to stab or run through, to pierce, transfix. [*shine* through.]

Durchstrahlen, *(w.) v. intr.* to radiate or

Durchstrahlen, *(w.) v. tr.* to penetrate or fill with rays, to irradiate.

Durchstreichen, *(str.) v. I. tr.* to run a line through (a word, &c.), to cross (with a pen, &c.), strike out, blot out, to erase, cancel; *er strich das Wort durch*, he drew his pen through that word; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to pass through with velocity; *de Riech*, *f. Phys.* trajectory.

Durchstreichen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) *see* *Durchstreichen*, I.; 2) or *Durchstreichen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to ramble through, roam (over), to rove through, run over (the country); *das Feld —*, *Sport.* to beat abroad, to beat the field.

Durchstrich, *(str.) m.* 1) stroke or line drawn through (a word, line, or page), cross; 2) passage (of migratory birds).

Durchströmen, *(w.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*), *Durchströmen*, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to stream or run through; 2) to crowd, throng, or press through.

Durchströmen, *(w.) v. tr.* to storm, rage or rush through.

Durchströmen, *(w.) v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be precipitated or to fall through; *II. tr.* to precipitate or thrust through with vehemence.

Durchsuchen, *(w.) v. tr.* to search (through or all over), to examine closely; *Alles —*, to

search everywhere; *cf.* *Durchstöbern*; *die Zollbeamten durchsuchten unser Gepäck*, the custom-house officers searched our baggage. — *Durchsucher*, *(str.) m.* searcher, &c. — *Durchsuchung*, *(w.) f.* a searching (through), &c., close examination, search; *D-sucht*, *n. Pl.* right of search. [*through* ...]

Durchsummen, *(w.) v. tr.* to hum or buzz

Durchsüßen, *(w.) v. tr.* to sweeten thoroughly, to adulcorate.

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. tr.* to trifle away, to spend or pass in trifles or in toying.

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to dance through; *II. tr.* 1) to wear out by dancing; 2) to dance through, to dance from beginning to end; to go through (all the dances). [*cing*.]

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. tr.* to pass in dan-

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rage through.

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to rage through

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. intr.* to sound through

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. tr.* to resound through ... to fill with sound.

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. tr.* to roar through ... to fill with roaring.

Durchtänzen, *(w.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*), *Durchtänzen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to trot through.

Durchtänzen, *(str.) v. I. tr.* to carry through; *II. vulg.* to wear through.

Durchtrauern, *(w.) v. tr.* to pass mourning, in woe, in grief.

Durchtrauern, *(w.) v. tr.* to drop or drip through.

Durchträumen, *(w.) v. tr.* to pass dreaming.

Durchtreiben, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to drive through; *Cook.* to strain (peas); 2) *fig.* to carry out, to effect.

Durchtreten, *(str.) v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to tread through; *II. tr.* 1) *a)* to tread through (as ice, a board, &c.); *b)* to wear out or through by treading (as shoes, &c.); 2) *a)* to trample (on), to tread repeatedly; *b)* *see* *Durchtreten*.

Durchtreten, *(str.) v. tr.* to work, prepare (clay, turf, &c.) by treading. [*a funnel*.]

Durchtridern, *(w.) v. tr.* to pour through

Durchtrieben, *(str.) m.* the act and the right of driving through; passage of cattle, sheep, &c.

Durchtrieben, *I. adj.* cunning, crafty, practised, artful, arrant; *II. D-heit*, *(w.) f.* cunningness, craftiness.

Durchwachen, *(w.) v. tr.* (*sometimes* *Durchwachen*) to pass waking; *die Nacht —*, to watch the whole night; *seine durchwachten Nächte*, his nights of watchfulness; *das —*, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n. das — der Nacht* (the act of) watching through the night.

Durchwachsen [*pr. — wox*], *(str.) n. Bot.* 1) thorough wax, (round-leaved) hare's ear (*Bupleurum rotundifolium* L.); 2) *see* *Geißblatt*; 3) *see* *Singrün*; 4) *see* *Werbblatt*.

Durchwachsen, *(str.) v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow through.

Durchwachsen, *I. (str.) v. tr.* to grow through ... to interpenetrate — [*sein*, to be streaked (as meat, &c.); *II. p. a.* 1) marbled (of meat); 2) *Bot.* perfoliate, connate.

Durchwachsen, *(w.) v. vulg.* to venture through. [*(things)* one after the other.]

Durchwachsen, *(w. & str.) v. tr.* to weigh

Durchwachsen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to full or mill thoroughly; 2) *vulg.* to give (one) a milling, thrashing, *see* *Durchprügeln*.

Durchwachsen, *(w.) v. tr. ** 1) to wander through; 2) *fig.* to pervade; 3) *Freude durchwachte sein Herz*, joy thrilled his bosom.

Durchwachsen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to rule over ...; 2) *fig.* to prevail throughout, to pervade.

Durchwachsen, *(w.) v. intr.*, *Durchwachsen*, *(w.) v. tr.* to pass or spend in walking, to walk through.

Durchwamfen, (w.) v. tr. *vulg.* to lace one's jacket, to hide (*Durchprügeln*).
Durchwandeln, (w.) v. tr. to walk, go, or pass through.
Durchwandern, (w.) v. intr. (*ausz.* *sein*) to wander through.
Durchwandern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wander through ... or over in all directions, to traverse: 2) *fig.* to travel through (history, &c.).
Durchwärmen, (w.) v. tr. to warm through or thoroughly.
Durchwaschen, **Durchwaschen**, (str.) v. tr. to wash through, to wear (out) by washing: (*ich [Dat.] die Hände*) to make sore by washing (one's fingers or hands).
Durchwaschen, (w.) v. tr. to water or soak thoroughly: to irrigate all over.
Durchwässen, (w.) v. intr. (*ausz.* *sein*) **Durchwässen**, (w.) v. tr. to ford, to wade through: zu — (*Durchwässern*), fordable.
Durchweben, (w. & str.) v. tr. 1) to weave through: mit goldenen Fäden durchweben, woven through with golden threads: 2) *fig.* to interweave, to mix, mingle with, intermix.
Durchwehen, (str.) m. *see* **Durchgang**.
Durchweg [*pr.* -wäg], *adv. coll.* throughout (*Durchgängig*, II.).
Durchwehen, (w.) v. intr. to blow through.
Durchwehen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to blow through ... to permeate: 2) *fig.* to pervade.
Durchweichen, (w.) v. intr. (*ausz.* *sein*) to soak, to be soaked: II. or **Durchweichen**, (w.) v. tr. to soak, steep or macerate thoroughly, to drench.
Durchweinen, (w.) v. tr. to pass or spend (hours, days, nights) in tears.
Durchwerfen, (str.) v. tr. 1) *gener.* to cast or throw through ...: 2) to (run through a) riddle, to screen: 3) *Wass.* die Spüle —, to cross.
Durchwehtert, p. a. weather-beaten.
Durchwischen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to blacken, polish (shoes, &c.) thoroughly: 2) *vulg.* *see* **Durchprügeln**.
Durchwismern, (w.) v. tr. (*sometimes* **Durchwimmern**) to pass or spend in lamentation, moaning, or whimpering.
Durchwinden, (str.) v. l. tr. to wind through: II. *refl.* to wind, toil, or struggle through: to get through with difficulty, *cf.* **Durchschleppen**.
Durchwinden, (str.) v. tr. to wind or twist through ... to entwine, intertwine: *Forbieren mit Ephen* —, to twist bays with ivy.
Durchwinken, (w.) v. tr. to pass in moaning or whining (*Durchwimmern*).
Durchwintern, (w.) v. l. tr. to winter, to keep (plants, &c.) through the winter: (of animals) to hibernate: II. *intr.* & *refl.* to winter.
Durchwintern, (w.) v. intr. to pass the winter through: 3) *fig.* to rescound through.
Durchwirren, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Bak.* to work or knead thoroughly.
Durchwirren, (w.) v. tr. to interweave, tissue: *durchwirrt*, p. a. interwoven: ganz durchwirrt *Shawls*, *Comm.* Paisley-shawls.
Durchwischen, (w.) v. intr. (*ausz.* *sein*) *coll.* 1) to slip or slide through, *cf.* **Durchhutschen**, 1; 2) to slip away, to escape, to get off.
Durchwülfen, (w.) v. tr. *Mm.* to intermix with minerals dissolved by the action of air.
Durchwühlen, (w.) v. tr. to vault or arch throughout.
Durchwühlen, (w.) v. *refl.* to make (force) one's way through by rooting or grubbing.
Durchwühlen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to root (up) thoroughly, to grub through: 2) to rummage, ferret, rake up, ransack: 3) *fig.* vom Schmerz durchwühlt, harrowed by pain.
Durchwurf, (str., pl. **Durchwürfe**) m. 1)

the (act of) casting through, &c. *cf.* **Durchwerfen**; 2) screen, riddle, cribble.
Durchwürgen, (w.) v. l. tr. to swallow down with difficulty: II. *refl.* *vulg.* *see* **Durchwinden**, 2.
Durchwürzen, (w.) v. tr. to season all over, to fill with perfume, to perfume, scent.
Durchwürgen, (w.) v. tr. to rage through ...
Durchzählen, (w.) v. tr. to count (money) over.
Durchzehen (*sometimes* **Durchzählen**), (w.) v. tr. to pass or spend carousing.
Durchzeichnen, (w.) v. tr. to trace the lines of (a drawing) through transparent paper, to trace, counter-draw.
Durchzeichnung, (w.) f. act of trading: *D-zyanier*, n. trading-paper, transparent paper.
Durchziehen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) a) to draw, pull through; b) to run through (of threads); 2) *see* **Durchhehlen**, 1 & 2; II. *refl.* to run or pass through: III. *intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) to pass or march through.
Durchziehen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to interweave, intermix: 2) to furrow, &c.; mit Gräben —, to trench (land, for draining, &c.); 3) to penetrate, soak: 4) to march, wander through in all directions, to traverse: (*enge Örtlichkeiten*) to thread one's way through ...: 5) *fig.* to run or pass through ... [*tool*].
Durchziehmaschinen, (str.) m. f. ribbon-maker's **Durchziehmaschinen**, (w.) v. intr., **Durchziehmaschinen**, (w.) v. tr. to him or whiz through.
Durchzittern, (w.) v. tr. to tremble, shiver through ... to thrill, pierce: *Giebertrost durchzitterte seinen Körper*, a cold shiver ran or passed through his frame. [*duty*].
Durchzittern, (str., pl. **Durchzittern**) m. transit. **Durchzittern**, (w.) v. tr. to shoot across ... to give a sudden shock, to convulse, to flash or thrill through ... *der Gedanke durchzitterte ihn*, the thought flashed across his mind.
Durchzüge, (str., pl. **Durchzüge**) m. 1) a) the (act of) passing through, passage: b) march, procession: *der feste — der Luft*, the free circulation of air; 2) (*or* —*züge*, m.) *Archit.* architrave: collar; *dorman* (dormant-tree), summer; 3) *T.* drawing-machine: 4) *Tabl.* back-case: *D-züge*, n. right of passing (troops) through a country.
Durchzungen, (w.), **Durchzungen**, (str.) v. tr. to force or squeeze through.
Dürfen, (str.) v. intr. & *ausz.* 1) to dare, venture: 2) a) to have the power, to be at liberty (to do something): b) to have permission, to be permitted, to be allowed: c) to have reason, cause, or a right: 3) to have occasion, to need: 4) in connection with *adverbs of motion*, f. i. *dur* (*cf.* **Durch**, II. *adv.* 1), *hinab*, *hinauf*, *hinüber*, *diagonally* for *durchgehen*, *hinabgehen* &c. —; *ich habe es nicht thun* —, I have not been allowed to do it: *wenn ich mich so ausdrücken darf*, if I may be allowed the expression: *darf ich fragen?* may I ask? *Eie — es wissen*, you may know it: *ich darf heute nicht ausgehen* I am obliged to stay (at) home to-day: *Eie — nicht glauben*, you must not believe: *er darf sich darüber nicht wundern*, he must not wonder at it; *wir — unsere Pflichten nicht vergessen*, we must not (ought not to) forget our duties: *wir — uns nicht darauf verlassen*, we cannot enter upon this: *wir — es schon unsere Rufen wegen nicht thun*, regard for our name forbids us: *er darf sich dies schon erlauben*, he is at liberty to do this: *er darf nur befehlen*, he has only to command: *du darfst es nur sagen*, you need but say: *du hättest es nur sagen* —, you would only have had to say: *das dürfte wohl geschehen* (it) will probably happen: I dare say it will happen: it will happen, I dare say; *es dürfte ein Ereignis sein*, it would (probably) be an easy thing or matter: *es dürfte sich wohl so verhalten*,

this is probably (or it may be) the case, it is likely that matters stand thus; so it is, I dare say.
Dürftig, I. *adj.* 1) a) needy, indigent, poor; mean, shabby; b) scanty: c) lean, thin; small: 2) *fig.* insufficient, inadequate, poor: *cine b-e Entschuldigang*, a sorry or empty excuse: *cine b-er Bericht*, a meagre account: II. *D-felt*, (w.) f. 1) neediness, indigence, poverty; scantiness: 2) insufficiency, inadequacy, poorness.
Dürftig, (str.) n. **Dürftigkeit**, (w.) f. cornelian cherry (*Cornellifraga*).
Dürr, I. *adj.* 1) dry, arid; dried; near, withered: 2) lean, meagre, bare-boned (ribbed); 3) barren, sterile: 4) unadorned, blunt; *ich sagte ihm mit b-en Worten*, das x., I told him in as many words, that ... II. *in comp.* —baum, m. *see* **Dürchein**; —beinig, *adj.* lean-legged; —elche, f. *see* **Steineiche**; —fieber, m. *bw.* a lean person, *coll.* spider-shanks: —felig, *adj.* lean-fleshed, lean, meagre: —maden, f. pl. *Med. (Lat.) comedones*; —ofen, m. *see* **Darrofen**; —putz, f. *see* **Darrputz**; —wurz, f. 1) lean-bone (*Conyza* L., *Erigeron* L., *Pulsatilla* Gärtn.); 2) ploughman's spine-ward (*Conyza squarrosa* L.).
Dürre, (w.) f. 1) aridity, dryness, aridness; drought: 2) sterility, barrenness: 3) leanness: 4) *see* **Kalldürre**. [*Derru*].
Dürren, (w.) v. intr. & tr. *see* **Dorren** & **Durr**, (str.) m. *lit.* & *fig.* thirst (*nach*, for, *zum*, of); —haben, to be thirsty: —matt, —schlange, f. *Zool.* *dipsas* (*Dipsas* Laur., *Bungarus* Opp.).
Dürren, **Dürren**, (w.) v. intr. & imp to thirst (*nach*, for), to be thirsty: to be dry: *ich dürste* or *es dürstet mich*, I am thirsty: *nach etwas* —, *fig.* to thirst for or after, to long for.
Dürstig, *adj.* 1) thirsty, athirst, dry: 2) *fig.* eager, desirous (*nach*, for): *cine b-er Brüber*, *loc.* a tippler, fuddler, soaker: *cine b-er Feber haben*, *loc.* to have a spasm in the throat.
Dürstigkeit, (w.) f. 1) thirstiness, dryness: 2) *fig.* thirst, eagerness (*nach*, for).
Düffel, (w.) f. *Metall* 1) towel- or tuel-iron, twee, tyeers: 2) (nose-)pipe, nozzle.
Düffel, (w.) f. 1) *Spott.* the female of small birds: 2) *vulg.* box on the ear.
Düffel, **Düffel** [*düffel*], (str.) m. *vulg.* dimness, giddiness: —haben (*opp.* *so* *Freß haben*), to be more fortunate than wise. —**Düffel**, **Düffel**, *adj.* dizzy, giddy, dazed, stupefied. —**Düffel**, **Düffel**, (w.) v. tr. to be giddy; to stagger (about, &c.).
Düffel, (w.) f. *Mar.* hemp-tow, *coll.* shorts.
Düffel (*sometimes* **Düffel**), *provinc.* (N. G.) **Düffel**, I. *adj.* gloomy: 1) dull, dusky: dim; murky, cloudy: 2) *fig.* sullen: sad; mournful: II. (str.) n. gloominess, &c.: gloom: III. *D-felt*, *D-felt*, (w.) f. gloominess; darkness, dimness, obscurity, duskiness. —**Düffel**, *see* **Düffel**. —**Düffel**, (w.) v. intr. & *refl.* (l. u.) to grow dusky or gloomy: to lower, frown, to look sullen.
Düffel, (str.) n. I. (*dimin.* of **Düffel**) a small (paper-)cornet: —brecher, —främer, m. *coll.* a retail grocer, anal. split-fig, candy-tuft: II. *see* **Düffel**; III. or **Düffel**, a small North German and Polish silver-coin (from the sixteenth to the nineteenth century).
Düfte, **Düfte**, (w.) f. 1) cornet, paper-bag, *cf.* **Düte**; 2) *D-n*, pl. *Coach-b.* corners of the hammer-cloth. [*pecker*].
Düfte, (w.) v. tr. (S. G.) to fold, to **Düften**, **Düften**, *see* **Düten**.
Düten (**Düten**) **baum**, (str.) m. *Bol.* mam-mee-tree (*Mammea Americana* L.).
Düffel, (str., pl. **Düffel**) m. *see* **Düte**.
Düffelbrüder, (str., pl. **Düffelbrüder**) m. one who calls another thus (not you), a social companion, intimate, crony.

Duſen, Duſen, (u.) v. tr. & refl. to call one or each other thou (not you), to thou, to thee-and-thou.

Duſend, (str.) n. a dozen; im — moſtſeifer, Comm. per dozen cheaper, lower by the dozen; —weiſe, adv. by the dozen; in or by dozens; —preis, m. price per dozen.

Duſen, (u.) v. tr. Mar. die Stuberpinne ſtecken, to put the helm a-weather; das Schiff durch den Wind —, to put the helm a-lee. [shavergreen (Häufſchaftalm).]

Duſend, Duſenwood, (str.) m. (Mar.) Duſend, Duſell, Duſell, (str.) m. Mar. vab, mop. [vary (as the wind).]

Duſenſein, (u.) v. intr. Mar. to shift. **Duſen, adv.** Mar.-a. athwart; — durch die See ſegeln, to sail against the setting of the sea; — See liegen, to stand athwart the waves; — baſſen, m. cross-beam; — ſaßſingen, f. pl. cross-trees.

Duſell, see Duſell.
* **Duſen's mill, (u.)** f. (Gr.) Phys. dynamics.
— **Duſen's mill, (u.)** f. dynamical.
* **Duſen's, (u.)** m. (Gr.) dynast, feudal lord. — **Duſen's, (u.)** f. dynasty. — **Duſen's, (u.)** f. dynastic, dynastical.
* **Duſen's, (u.)** f. (Gr.) Med. dysentery, bloody flux.

E.

E, e, n. 1) Gramm. E, e, the fifth letter and second vowel of the Alphabet; 2) Mus. E (the third note of the gamut, named *mi* in Italy and France); B-dur, E major; E-moll, E minor.

E, abbr. 1) for ein, a; one; 2) E. or Em. for Euer, your; E.-B. for Eisenbahn, railway; ebd., ebdem. for ebdemselbst, at the same place, ibidem; Ed. Edit. for Edition, edition; E. E. 1) for Euer Ehren, your honour; 2) for Euer Excellenz, your excellency; Efrn. 1) for Ehrenreichen, Reverend Sir; 2) for Ehrenwürdig, reverend; e. g. for *exempli gratia* (Lat., zum Beiſpiel, for instance, for example); El. for Eimer, rundel, kilderkin; ej. for *ejusdem* (Lat., deſſelben (Monats, Tages), of the same (month, day)); Ell. for Ellen, ell; engl. for engliſh, Engliſh; eod. for *eodem* (Lat., on deſſelben Tage, on the same day); Erzb. for Erzbischof, archbishop; etc. for *et cetera* (Lat., und ſo weiter, und das ſtirge, and so on, and so forth); Eu., Ew., see E., 2; exc. for *exceptio* (Lat., nimm aus, except), excl. for *exclusio* (Lat., ausſchließliſch, exclusive, exclusive); ex con. for *ex consensu* (Lat., in übereinstimmung, agreeably to); Extr., extr. for Extract, Auszug, extract.

Ebb-anter, (str.) m. Mar. ebb-anchor.

Ebb, (u.) f. ebb, ebbing, ebbing water, reflux, refuxion; eint —, an ebb-tide; eint or Eer —, beginning of the ebb; letzte or Einterr — (Wärrer —), end of the ebb; die niedrige —, neap (tide); mit Einterr der —, at ebb-tide; mit der —, Mar. down (the) sound; — und Eint, tide, ebb and flow (or tide), high tide and low tide, high water and low water, ebb-tide and flood-tide, ebbing and flowing, flux and reflux; — und Einterr, m. thalassometer; es ist —, see es ebbt.

Ebben, (u.) v. intr. to ebb, to fluctuate: to fall down, run down; es ebbt, the tide ebbs or falls, it is ebbing water, the tide goes out.

Eben, I. adj. 1) even; plain; level, flat; open (country); smooth; Math. plane (trigonometry, &c.); 2) *obscure*, a) pretty; fair; b) precise, exact; 3) pertinent, suitable; 4) honest; II. adv. 1) evenly, &c.; 2) exactly, accurately; even, just; das ist es —, coll. there it is, that is the very thing; ay, there's the rub:

(so-) just now; ich komme (so-) von ..., I am (or I come) fresh from ...; — erst, but just; — mit der Ausführung Ihres Auftrags beſchäftigt, in the very act of executing your commission; darauf war es — abgeſehen, that was my (his, &c.) very object; — jetzt, just (or even) now, but just; — derſelbe, — dieſelbe, — baſſelbe, the very same; — da, — baſelbst, adv. at or in the same place; an — demſelben Tage, the very same day; — deswegen, for that very reason, on that very account; — ſalls, adv. also, too, likewise; — ſo, 1) just so; 2) (quite) as (billig ic., cheap, &c.); ich gehe — ſo gern als ich bleibe, I had as lief go as stay; — ſo viel, (even) as much; es ist eben ſo viel, coll. it is all one; — ſo oft, as many times; das nun — nicht, not exactly (that so).

Eben, (str.) n. (not usual) see Ebenbaum.

Eben ..., in comp. — baum, m. Bot. 1) ebony-tree (*Diopſyros Ebonum* L.); 2) laburnum (*Cytisus laburnum* L.); 3) see Ebenbaum; — bild, n. image, exact likeness, resemblance, picture; ſie ſit das — bild ihres Vaters, she is the (very) picture of her father; — bürig, I. adj. 1) of equal birth; 2) enjoying the same privileges, equal (in dignity, &c.); 3) *ſq. cin* — büriger Geiſt, a commensurate spirit; ich bin ihm nicht — bürig (f. e. gewachſen), I am no match for him; er ist den Felden aller Zeiten — bürig, he is the compeer of the heroes of all centuries; II. die — bürigen, s. pl. 1) peers; 2) equals; — bürigkeit, f. 1) Law, parage, equality of birth (blood) or dignity; 2) *ſq.* equality, &c.; — bürig, adj. T. even-threaded; — flächig, adj. with a flat surface; — hölz, n. ebony (wood); — freißig, adj. concentric; — maß, n. symmetry, proportion, harmony; — maßig, adj. symmetrical, proportional, proportionate, equal; — maßig machen, in — maß bringen, to symmetrise; — mäßig, see Gleichmäßig; — nächte, f. pl. nights of equal length; — nächtig, — nächtig, adj. equinoctial; — ritz, m. see Radgleichung; — ſäßig, adj. Min. horizontal; — räßig, m. see Ebenſt; — wage, f. see Gleichwage; — weitlig, adj. parallel; — zeitig, see Gleichzeit.

Ebene, Ebene, (u.) f. plane, plain, level; in gleicher — mit ..., on a level with ..., flush with

Ebenen, Ebenen, (u.) s. tr. 1) to even, level, flatten, plane, plain; 2) a) T. to face (stones, &c.); Gold-sm. to straighten; Join., &c. to planish, plane; b) to smooth (up), to finish; *ſq.* to smooth down or away; rine Rechnung —, Comm. to square an account; dadurch ist unser Konto geordnet, that will balance (settle) our account; einen Weg —, to level or pad a road.

Ebenfalls, adv. also, too, likewise.

Ebenheit, (u.) f. evenness; levelness.

* **Eben'ten, (u.)** v. tr. T. (L. Lat.) 1) to inlay with ebony; 2) to ebonise. — **Ebenst, (u.)** m. ebonist, worker in ebony; cabinet-maker.

† **Ebentener, (str.)** n. see Ebentener.

Eber, I. (str.) m. 1) Zool. boar, wild boar; junger —, boar pig; 2) Mar. see Ewer; 3) †, a kind of cannon (Hertellartanne); 4) provinc. see Ewer; II. in comp. — tſche, f. Bot. service-tree, mountain-ash; roan-tree (Vogelſteerbaum — *Sorbus aucuparia* L.); Chem.-s. — eſſenſauer, adj. sorbate; — eſſenſäure, f. sorbic acid; — ſeiſig, n. drawn; — ſirſig, m. Zool. Indian-hog, boar-stag (*Porcus babirusa* L.); — raut, f., — reiſ, n. Bot. southern-wood, mug-wort (*Artemisia abrotanum* L.); E-ſteere, f. service-berry (Eberſche); — ſchwanz, m. Sport. wreath; — ſchwein, n. boar; Bot.-s. — wurg, f. carline-tistle (*Carlina vulgaris* L.).

Eberhard, m. Ever(h)ard; Eberhardine, f. Ewardina (P. N.).

Ebenen, (u.) v. tr. see Ebenen.

Eberſch, (str.) m., E-rittentraut, (str.) n. see Ebertraut. [ſche.]

Eberſche, (u.) f. (Eberſche) see Eber- * **Eberſch, (u.)** f. (str.) m. (Gr.) Pul. echinite (petrified echinus).

* **Eberſch, (str.)** pl. E-ſch n. (Gr.) echo: ein — geben, to (re-)echo, re-sound; — hall, m. peal of an echo; — ſung, m. Mus. echo-key.

Eberſen [pr. eſſen-en], (u.) v. intr. to (re-)echo.

Eberſe [pr. eſſe], (u.) f. provinc. see Eberſche. **Echt, adj.** genuine, pure, unadulterated, sterling; authentic(al); lawful; real; durable, lasting, fast, true; *ſq.* true, staunch; — ge-färbt, dyed in grain, grained; e-ſe Farbe, fast or lasting colour; — ſirſig, adj. genuine of colour. — **Echtſeit, (u.)** f. genuineness, real, pure or sterling quality, purity; authenticity; lawfulness, legitimacy.

Echtmaß, (str.) n. see Eichmaß.

Eck, I. (str.) n. 1) Geom. angular body or figure; 2) corner, see Eck; 3) (S. G.) see Ecker; II. in comp. — ader, f. Furr. cheek-vein; — apfel, m. Armol. a kind of calvaire; rother — apfel, see Hartapfel; — baſſen, m. corner-post; — band, n. Lock-sm. angular iron-band; — beſchläge, n. pl. corner-clips; head-plates (of a carriage); — bogen, m. corner-arch; — bühler, n. pl. Fuger-m. corded or outside quires.

Ecken, (str.) n. (dimin. of Eck) 1) little corner; 2) coll. a) a little bit (of bread); b) see Eck, 2.

Ecke, (u.) f. 1) corner, angle, angular point, hook; edge; 2) Archit. coin, ancone (of a wall); auſſpringende — (des Gefimſes), external angle, arris; geſchiffene —, Jewel. facet; 3) a short space, short distance, a little way; von allen E- n (und Enden), from all parts.

Eck ..., in comp. — böcher, m. T. corner-drill (Winkelbohrer); — böcher, m. porter (waiting in the streets for work).

Ecker, (u.) f. 1) coll. (for Eichel) acorn; 2) anything small, diminutive; hop o' my thumb; — böppen, f. pl. see Eichelſappen.

Eck ..., in comp. — febern, f. pl. pinions; — ſelt, f. T. three-square or triangular file; — ſeffer, n. corner-window; — ſitz, m. Archit. hip; — haus, n. corner-house; — hügel, pl. squared timber; — horn, n. small rough whelk.

Eckig, I. adj. 1) angular; cornered; adv. cornerwise; 2) *ſq.* angular, harsh, knotty; II. E-ſelt, (u.) f. *ſq.* *ſq.* angularity.

Eck ..., in comp. — eck, n. corner-hole; Eck corner-pocket; — meiſel, m. T. ridge-mortice; — mund, m. Comch. trochus (Steifeſchnede); — poſen, f. see ebern; — pfaß, m. (einer Spundwand) corner-pile, guide pile; — pfeiler, m. 1) or — ſäule, f. corner-pillar; 2) stone-stud; 3) butt-plier; — ſäule, adj. prismatic; — ſchaft, m. Archit. corner-wall; — ſchildeken, n. Herald. canton; — ſchranf, m. corner-cupboard; — ſparren, m. see Gradſparren; — ſtahl, m. Metall. refined steel; — ständer, m. see pfeiler, 1; — ſteher, m. see Eckenſteher; — ſtein, m. 1) corner-stone, edge-stone; head-stone; Archit. (stone-)quoins; Mus. curb-stone; 2) Jewel. precious stone, gem; 3) Card-pl. diamond; — ſteingruß, m. Jewel. g.m. powder; — ſtufe, f. corner-room; — ſtück, n. corner-piece; — ſtütze, n. pl. Archit. hips; — stütze, f. Archit. buttress, spar; — tſcher, n. corner-gate; — tſturm, m. corner-tower, turret; — verband, m. edge-joint(-bond); aus Qua-bern, long and short joint; — weiſe, f. cornerwise; — weiſe ſchneiden, Jewel. to cut into facets; — jahre, m. Anat. corner-tooth, canine tooth; — ſiegel, m. Mas. header; — ſterat, f. Archit. moulding; — ſterat, pl. Archit. crosstoes; — ſtimmer, m. corner-room.

* **Eckſteich's münd, m. (Gr.) Philos. eclecticism. — Eckſteiler, (str.)** m. eclectic. — **Eckſteifig, I. adj.** eclectic; II. adv. eclectically.

* **Gelb'se**, (w.) f. (Gr.) Astr. eclipse. — **Gelb'smaschine**, (w.) f. Spinn. eclipse-speder, eclipse-roving-frame, strap- or belt-speder. — **Gelb'tit**, (w.) f. Astr. ecliptic.

* **Gelag'e**, (w.) f. (Gr.) Poet. a pastoral poem, eclogue.

* **Gel'le**, (w.) f. (Gr.) ecstasy. — **Gel'let'sch**, I. adj. ecstatic(al); II. adv. ecstatically. **Gel't**, I. adj. 1) noble; 2) generous, noble, magnanimous; 3) precious, excellent; 4) honoured: edles Blut, high blood; ein edler Gang, Min. a rich vein; a live lode; edle Metalle, precious or noble metals; die edeln (or edlern) Theile des Körpers, the vital or noble parts of the body; die edleren Gefühle des Herzens, the finer feelings of the heart; II. in comp. — **Gel'ter**, m., — **Gel'terlich**, adj. patrician: — **Gel'tig**, adj. noble by birth: — **Gemille**, f. sweet camomile (*Gemille*); — **Geme**, — **Geme**, f. nobleman's lady, noble woman, lady; — **Gemeinde**, — **Gemeinde**, p. a. noble-minded: — **Gemist**, f. Bot. alpine-eryngo (*Eryngium alpinum* L.); — **Gem**, m. Min. rich ore: — **Gem**, f. Bot. 1) common ash (*Gem*); 2) service-tree, sorb-tree (*Sorbus domestica* L.); — **Gem**, m. Ornith. falcon gentle, passenger-hawk (*Falco gentilis* L.); — **Gem**, m. Entom. 1) gener. pl. broad-winged butterflies (*Papilio nidae*); 2) see *Pieris* (butterfly); — **Gem**, m. Ornith. chaffinch (*Pringilla caelebs* L.); — **Gem**, m. unmarried lady of noble rank: — **Gem**, f. pl. the finer and rarer sorts of fruit: — **Gem**, n. collect. precious stones, jewels: — **Gem**, adj. see *milchig*; — **Gem**, m. Sport. noble hart, common stag (*Cervus alpinus* L.); — **Gem**, m. nobleman's mansion in the country, manor-house, baronial hall or country-seat.

Gefling, (str.) m. (l. u.) 1) nobleman; 2) a follower of the aristocracy.

Gef..., in comp. — **Gef**, n. page: — **Gef**, m. equire: — **Gef**, n. Bot. see *Gold-linapfen*; — **Gef**, n. Bot. noble-liverwort (*Anemone hepatica* L.); — **Gef**, m. nobleman, pl. — **Gef**, noblemen, nobles: — **Gef**, adj. & adv. belonging to a nobleman, nobleman-like: — **Gef**, m. see *Baumwunder*; — **Gef**, m. generosity, noble-mindedness, magnanimity: — **Gef**, adj. noble-minded, generous-spirited, noble, generous. **Gefeln**, (w.) v. tr. to ennoble, improve, l. u. for *Edeln*, *Beredseln*.

Gefel..., in comp. — **Gefel**, n. see — **Gefel**; — **Gefel**, m. eatable fungus, mushroom (*Boletus edulis* Bulliard); — **Gefel**, m. scion (*Proprius*); — **Gefel**, f. see *Salbei*; — **Gefel**, m. generosity, liberality: — **Gefel**, adj. generous, liberal: — **Gefel**, m. precious stone, jewel, gem; von schwacher Farbe, pale stone; edlig geschliffener, brilliant: — **Gefel**, adj. of a noble pride: — **Gefel**, f. noble deed or action: — **Gefel**, f. Bot. silver-(leaved) fir-tree, pitch-pine (*Abies pectinata* DC.); — **Gefel**, n. Bot. lion's foot (*Leontopodium alpinum* Cass. *Gnaphalium Leont.* Scop.); — **Gefel**, n. collect. deer.

Geden, (str.) n. (Hebr.) (the garden of) Eden, paradise. — **Geden**, (Dawmer, Haug; cf. *Sanders* — l. u.) adj. paradisiacal.

* **Gedict**, (str.) n. (Lat.) edict, decree, proclamation. — **Gedict'sladung**, **Gedict'scitation**, (w.) f., **Gedict'ssen**, n. pl. letter citatory, summons (issued under the order of a court of justice); exigent.

* **Gedren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to edit; to publish (any literary production), see *Veröffentlichen*. — **Gedren**, (w.) f. edition.

Gedren, (decl. like *adj.*) m. German (particularly Austrian) degree of nobility between the *Freiherr* (baron) and the common nobleman (f. i. *Edler* von *Frank* &c).

Gedward, m. Edward (P. N.).

* **Gedert**, (str.) m. (Lat.) effect (fig., cf. *Theatereffect*); — **Gedert**, f. a straining for

effect; — **Gedert**, adj. full of striking incidents; producing a powerful effect, effective.

* **Gedert**, n. pl. 1) a) effects, movable goods or property, movables, personal estate; b) luggage, baggage; traps, kit (of a sailor); 2) Comm.-s. state-papers, stocks, public securities, funds; bills, effects; — **Gedert**, f. stock-exchange; — **Gedert**, m. business in the stock-exchanges; — **Gedert**, m. stock-jobber, actionary; — **Gedert**, f. partnership-estate, joint-stock in trade.

* **Gedert**, adj. effective; die Blockade war —, the blockade was established: Comm.-s. real, in specie; in e-ein *Preuß.* Courant, in Prussian current coin; e-e *Waaren*, goods for immediate delivery; — **Gedert**, m. pl. ducats in specie; — **Gedert**, m. money-bargain, bargain for money: money-business; — **Gedert**, f. Mech. effective force; — **Gedert**, m. real price: — **Gedert**, f. total number.

* **Gedert**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) Comm. to effectuate, execute.

* **Gedert**, (str.) equal, see *Gleich*, *Einerlei*. **Gedert**, (str.) m. Leech, see *Wutzel*; — **Gedert**, m. see *Gedertbaum*, 2; — **Gedert**, f. Vol. 1) core; 2) see *Gedert*, 2; — **Gedert**, n. Bot. 1) the lesser spear-wort (*Ranunculus flammula* L.); 2) see *Gedertkraut*; — **Gedert**, f. — **Gedert**, m. liver-fluke (*Distoma hepaticum* L.).

Gedert, a. *Eger*, *Egra*: I. f. a river in Bohemia; II. n. a town in Bohemia (P. N.).

Gedert, (w.) f. 1) Agr. harrow; bricclige; — **Gedert**, f. Schwere —, brake; 2) provinc. for *Knäpfe*; — **Gedert**, f. — **Gedert**, m. pl. tooth of a harrow.

Gedert, (w.) v. tr. to harrow.

* **Gedert**, **Gedert** n., see *Fig...*

* **Gedert's**, m. (L. Lat.) egotism, egotism, selfishness. — **Gedert**, (w.) m. egotist, a selfish person. — **Gedert'sch**, adj. egotistical, selfish, self-seeking.

* **Gedert's**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to gin. — **Gedert'smaschine**, f. Mech. cotton gin; (mit *Walzen*) roller gin; (mit *Egelsblättern*) saw gin.

* **Gedert's**, (w.) f. 1) Ornith. egret (*Ardea egretta* Gm.); 2) Zool. see *Eulentauff*.

Gedert, I. adv. obsolescent, 1) formerly: — **Gedert**, — **Gedert**, conj. ere, before; 2) rather, see *Eher*; II. conj. ere, before: — **Gedert** ich das thäte, würde ich lieber ..., sooner than do so, I would ...

Gedert, (w.) f. 1) t, law; 2) matrimony, wedlock: marriage; **Eand** der —, see **Eand**; die — zur linken Hand, or morgengattliche —, morgengattliche or left-handed marriage; die — brechen, to commit adultery; ciue — stiften, schließen, to settle, conclude a marriage; (*Zeugend*) die — versprechen, to promise marriage (to ...); außer der — gezeugt or geboren, born out of wedlock, illegitimate: **E-n** werden im Himmel geschlossen, proverb, marriage goes by destiny.

Gedert, in comp. — **Eand**, n. conjugal (or nuptial) knot, marriage-tie; — **Eand**, f. see — **Eand**; — **Eand**, m. marriage-bed; — **Eand**, m. adulterer: — **Eand**, f. adultery: — **Eand**, f. adulteress: — **Eand**, adj. adulterous: — **Eand**, m. adultery: *Law*, &c. criminal conversation: — **Eand**, begehren, to commit adultery: — **Eand**, adj. guilty of adultery: — **Eand**, m., — **Eand**, n. matrimonial engagement, conjugal union, cf. — **Eand**; — **Eand**, m. see — **Eand**.

Eand, **Eand**, Grimm, W.B. XII), **Eand**, (adv.) (from *Eand*, *adv.*) formerly, before now, ere now, heretofore, of old, in old times; aforesome.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, m. marriage-hater, misogamist: — **Eand**, f. pl. bur. marriage-chains: — **Eand**, f. see — **Eand**; — **Eand**, f. pl. connubial or conjugal joys, de-

lights of matrimony: — **Eand**, m. matrimonial unanimity: — **Eand**, f. marriage-portion, dowry: — **Eand**, m. husband, spouse: — **Eand**, f. lawful wife, spouse, consort: — **Eand**, adj. (*Edhe*, l. u.) relating to or proceeding from husband and wife: — **Eand**, n. see — **Eand**; — **Eand**, m. marriage-vow: — **Eand**, m., — **Eand**, m., — **Eand**, m., — **Eand**, m., — **Eand**, m., court for matrimonial matters: — **Eand**, n. marriage-law, pl. matrimonial statutes.

Eand, (adv.) (from *Eand*, *adv.*) obsolescent for *Bergstern* the day before yesterday.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, n. connubial bliss or happiness: — **Eand**, m. the god of marriage, Hymen: — **Eand**, m. provinc. for *Champignon*; — **Eand**, I. adj. t, valid in law: lawful, legal, legitimate: II. s. (w.) f. *Law*, 1) lawful hindrance, impediment: *Entschuldig* wegen — **Eand**, *casoin*: — **Eand** ver-schügen, to assain; 2) allodium (in Switzerland and Bavaria): — **Eand**, f. for the better half, the second self (— **Eand**); — **Eand**, m. provinc. servant, domestic: — **Eand**, m. misogamy: — **Eand**, m. spouse, lord: — **Eand**, n. (legal) impediment or obstacle to marriage: — **Eand**, n. col. the yoke of matrimony; — **Eand**, n. legitimate child, child born in wedlock: — **Eand**, n. col. 1) the troubles of matrimonial life, matrimonial yoke; 2) from the better (*vulp.* the worse) half: — **Eand**, adj. born in wedlock, lawful, legitimate: — **Eand**, pl. married people, husband and wife.

Eand, adj. 1) matrimonial, conjugal, connubial, nuptial; married or wedded (like: e-e *Blut*, conjugal duty; bed-rite: 2) legitimate, born in wedlock: die e-e *Eand*, legitimacy: *fil* — *erklären*, — *machen*, to legitimate: — *verbinden*, joined in wedlock.

Eand, (w.) v. tr. to marry (*Heiraten*).

Eand, m. & f. see *Ehemann* & *Ehe*-*frau*.

Eand, I. adj. single, unmarried: II. **Eand**, f. single life or state, unweddedness; celibacy.

Eand, adj. desirous to marry.

Eand, adj. former, old; ihr e-e *Liebhaber*, her sometime lover. — **Eand**, adv. formerly, in former times, of old, in times past.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, m. husband: — **Eand**, — **Eand**, adj. marital.

Eand, (adv.) (compar. of *Eand*, *adv.*: {+&}) provinc. for *Eher*.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, f. the matrimonial statutes collectively, cf. — **Eand**; — **Eand**, n. married couple: — **Eand**, n. pl. *Law*, marriage articles or settlement: — **Eand**, n. matrimonial agent.

Eand, (adv.) (compar. of *Eand*) 1) sooner: je — **Eand** lieber, the sooner the better; 2) (— **Eand**) prior (to), before; 3) rather: ich wollte — **Eand** sterben, I would rather (ob. sooner) die; ich kam — **Eand** er dorthin, I came there before him; dies sagt ihn — in den *Eand*, zu ..., this makes him better able to ...; ich bin — **Eand** ger, als durstig, I am more hungry than thirsty: — **Eand** *Andere*, als ..., anything but ...; das — **Eand**, m. priority.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, n. matrimonial laws, marriage-code; matrimonial right: — **Eand**, adj. founded on matrimonial laws; by virtue of matrimonial right.

Eand, adj. 1) brassy, of brass, of copper: 2) *fig.* a) brassy-faced; b) iron (hand of fate, &c.), stern: mit e-e *Stirn*, brassy-faced; das e-e *Zeitalter*, the brassy age, age of bronze: e-e *Stirn*, brassy-face, brassy-ness, brass.

Eand, in comp. — **Eand**, f. marriage-matter or affair, matrimonial cause: — **Eand**, m. see — **Eand**; — **Eand**, m. 1) provinc.

dower, dowry; 2) *fig.* consort, spouse, mate; —*schlecht*, *adj.* divorce; —*schleibung*, *f.* divorce; separation; —*stern*, *m.* misogamy, aversion to married life; —*legen*, *m.* *fig.* conjugal blessings, (many) children; —*stand*, *m.* matrimonial or wedded state, matrimony, wedlock, conjugal life; in den *—stand* treten, to marry, to enter the married state or upon wedlock; —*stundfeind*, *m.* an enemy to the wedded state, *see* —*stund*; —*stundrecht*, *n.* conjugal privilege, duty; bed-rite.

Ch e, *adj.* (*superl.* of *Ch e*) soonest, first, next; am *e-n*, soonest; *e-n*, mit dem *e-n*, *e-r* Tage, as soon as possible; mit *e-r* Gelegenheit, by the earliest opportunity.

Ch e, *adv.* as soon as possible, very soon, shortly, with the first opportunity.

Ch e, *in comp.* —*stern*, *f.* dower, dowry; —*stifter*, *m.* match-maker; —*stiftung*, *f.* 1) match-making; 2) *see* —*stern*; —*stirrer*, *m.* disturber of the matrimonial peace; —*streit*, *m.* matrimonial dispute; —*striefel*, *m.* 1) disturber of matrimonial happiness, **Asmodai*; 2) termagant, shrew, *vulgo* crooked rib, she-devil; —*strennung*, *f.* *see* —*schleibung*; —*stretter*, *m.* *see* —*stund*; —*vergleich*, *m.* *see* —*vertrag*; —*verlobung*, *m.* the act of betrothing, affiancing; —*versprechen*, *n.* promise of marriage; —*vertrag*, *m.* marriage-contract, marriage-articles, marriage-settlement; —*weib*, *n.* wife, spouse; —*werber*, *m.* *see* *Freiwerber*.

Ch e, (*from* *Ch e*, *adv.*), (*w.*) *f.* (*not usual*) former times.

† *Ch e*, *see* *Ch e*stern.

† *Ch e*, *see* *Ch e*stern, under *Ch e*.

† *Ch e*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Swiss*) grand-father.

† *Ch e*, *Ch e*, (*orig. Gen. or Dad. of Chren*) honorable, Reverend (as a title).

Ch e ..., *in comp.* —*abfchneider*, *m.* —*abfchneider*, *f.* *see* *Verleumdung*, *Verleumdung*.

Ch e, *adj.* honourable, honest; respectable; decent, decorous; modest; grave; *Ch e*, *f.* honesty; respectability; decency; modesty; propriety of conduct.

Ch e, *adj.* *see* *Ch e*stern.

Ch e ..., *in comp.* —*begierde*, *f.* ambition, desire of honour; —*begierig*, *adj.* ambitious, greedy of honour; —*beist*, *adj.* honourably distinguished; —*beraubung*, *f.* calumniation; —*bezug*, *m.* —*stark*, *m.* strong ambition, eager desire after honour; —*bestig*, *adj.* *see* —*stark*.

Ch e, (*w.*) *f.* honour; reputation, character; glory; —, dem — *gebührt*, *proverb*, give honour to whom honour is due; große *e-n* *haben* den *Sinn* verstehen, *proverb*, honours change manners; habe ich die —, *franz* *fr.* zu *hören* (*addressing a person*), Mrs. P., I suppose! (*Einem*) — *machen* or *bringen*, to reflect honour or credit (on one); es *macht* ihrem *Gefühl* —, it does credit to her taste; diese *Ausgabe* *macht* dem *Verleger* —, this edition reflects honour on its publisher; (*Einem*) *Lein* — *machen* or *bringen*, to reflect discredit (on), to be disreputable (to); die *e-n* eines *Hauses* *machen*, to do the honours of a house; dieses *Anerkennen* ist aller *e-n* *Werk*, this is a most acceptable, honourable or handsome offer; *zur* — *des* *Künstlers*, to the credit of the artist; — *mit* ... *einlegen*, to gain credit by ...; *Sie* *werden* — *einlegen*, you will acquire yourself to your honour; mit *e-n* *bestehen*, v. l. *tr.* to pass (an examination, &c.) honourably; *II. instr.* to acquit one's self honourably, to come off with credit or honour; *cine* — *haben* *sehen*, *cine* — *haben* *sehen*, zu ... , to take a pride in ... , to glory in ... , to make it one's boast, to make it a point (of honour) (to), to be ambitious of ...; *ich* (*Dat.*) *cine* — *und* ... *machen*, to consider, deem, or think it as honour to ... , to be proud of ...; *ich* *werde*

die — *haben* or *mit* *die* — *geben*, I shall do myself the honour; *Einem* *die* — *lassen*, to yield the preference (precedence) to one; *Einem* *alle* — *enthun*, to treat one with great respect; *alle* — *widerfahren* *lassen* (*with Dat.*), 1) *Comm.* to pay due honour to (a bill of exchange); 2) *see* *Jemandes* in *allen* *e-n* *geben*; *Einem* *die* *legte* — *erweisen*, to do the funeral honours to one (the last office for one); zu *großen* *e-n* *erhoben* *werden*, to be raised to great honour; zu *e-n* *bringen*, to bring or raise (one) to honours; in *e-n* *halten*, to honour, to have honour for, to have or hold in honour; zu *e-n* *Jemandes* or *Jemandem* zu *e-n*, in honour of a person; *Comm.* zu *e-n* *des* *Ausstellers*, for the honour of the drawer; zu *e-n* *Ihres* *Ch e*, in honour of your endorsement; zu *Chren* *e-n*, for your honour, for your signature; in *e-n* *leben* or *sein*, to be in great esteem, reputation; bei *e-n* *bleiben*, to preserve one's honour (reputation); *e-n* *heißer*, for the sake of honour; *ich* *muß* *die* *e-n* *halber* *thun*, I must do this for honour's sake; I am bound in honour to do this; auf —, upon (*coll.* 'pon) honour, in faith; auf *meine* or *bei* *meiner* —, on or by my honour; mit *e-n*, in *allen* *e-n*, in due honour, consistently with honour, honourably; *Jemandes* in (*allen*) *e-n* *gedenken*, to make honourable mention of one, to bestow all the praises due to one; ein *Stuß* in *e-n*, an innocent kiss, a chaste salute; *Ihr* *Wort* in *e-n*, with due deference to you (to your assertion), with your leave; mit *e-n* zu *melden*, *coll.* with (or saving) your reverence.

Ch e, (*w.*) *e. tr.* 1) to honour: to respect, esteem, revere; 2) to mention honourably, to praise, extol: *e-de* *Erwähnung*, honourable mention.

Ch e ..., *in comp.* —*acceptant*, *m.* *Comm.* acceptor (the person intervening) for the honour of another: —*acceptation*, *f.* *Comm.* acceptance for honour, collateral acceptance; —*adresse*, *f.* *Comm.* address in case of need; —*amt*, *n.* 1) post of honour, dignity, preferment; 2) titular office: —*annahme*, *f.* *see* —*acceptation*; —*bahn*, *f.* course or career of honour; —*beisprechung*, *f.* honorary reward; —*benennung*, *f.* appellation of honour, honorary title; —*besuch*, *m.* visit of ceremony; —*bett*, *n.* bed of state; —*bezeugung*, *f.* the act of honouring, homage; respect, reverence, mark of honour: —*bildet*, *n.* *pl.* *see* —*stiftet*; —*bogen*, *m.* *see* —*postet*; —*bote*, *m.* (*Swiss*) ambassador; —*bürger*, *m.* honorary citizen; —*bürgerrecht*, *n.* honorary citizenship; —*dame*, *f.* lady or maid of honour; —*denkmal*, *n.* honorary monument; —*dieb*, *m.* *see* —*rüber*; —*dienst*, *m.* honorary service, civility, honours: —*erstattung*, *f.* reparation of honour; apology, (öffentliche) honourable amend; —*fall*, *m.* case of honour; —*fest*, *adj.* honourable: —*frau*, *f.* 1) *see* —*dame*; 2) worthy or respectable woman; —*fräulein*, *n.* maid of honour; —*fried*, *m.* Anaraut (*P. N.*); —*gebühr*, *f.* fees (*pl.*), honorary: —*gebühret*, *n.* monument in honour of (some person); —*gefolge*, *n.* retinue of honour; —*gehalt*, *m.* pension; —*gehalt*, *n.* feast, banquet; —*geld*, *n.* *see* —*gebühr*; —*gericht*, *n.* 1) court of chivalry; 2) *mod.* court of honour; —*gerichtlich*, *adj.* referring to, proceeding from, &c. a court of honour; —*geschenk*, *n.* present, gift of honour, testimonial; —*grabmal*, *n.* cenotaph, mausoleum; —*grad*, *m.* honorary degree.

Chren *haft*, *f.* *adj.* honourable, respectable; worthy; nicht —, disreputable; *II. e-igelt*, (*w.*) *f.* honourableness, respectability, honesty (of purpose); *streng* *e-igelt* im *Gefühl*, highest principles of fair trading.

Chren ..., *in comp.* —*halle*, *f.* hall of honour, pantheon; —*handel*, *m.* *see* —*schick*; —

hoh, *m.* *see* *Herold*; —*honoraunt*, —*interver-nient*, *m.* *see* —*acceptant*; —*flag*, *f.* *see* *An-jurientflag*; —*kleid*, *n.* festival gown, robe of honour, state-dress; —*kränkung*, *f.* insult, defamation, injury to reputation, affront, libel; —*krone*, *f.* crown of glory; —*legion*, *f.* legion of honour (in France); —*lehen*, *n.* *see* *Frei-lehen*; —*lohn*, *m.* honorary reward, remuneration; —*lüge*, *f.* a forced lie to save one's honour, *anal.* white lie; —*mahl*, *n.* feast, entertainment, banquet in honour of; —*mal*, *n.* *see* —*denkmal*; —*mann*, *m.* man of honour; worthy man; —*männer*, *pl.* worthies; —*medaille*, —*münze*, *f.* a coin or medal struck in honour of a particular person, action, or event; —*mitglied*, *n.* honorary member; —*name*, *m.* *see* —*titel*; —*page*, *m.* page of honour; —*pfennig*, *m.* *see* —*medaille*; —*postet*, *f.* triumphal arch (w. *h.*: honorary arch); —*platz*, *m.* 1) seat at the head of the table; 2) *fig.* the right or upper hand; —*police*, *f.* *Comm.* policy of honour; —*posten*, *m.* *see* —*amt*; —*preis*, *m.* *see* *Boh*, *suellin*, speedwell, broom-lime (*Veronica* L.); —*punct*, *m.* point (pique) of honour, punctilio; *wir* *machen* *uns* *einen* —*punct* *daraus* zu ..., we make a point of ...; —*raub*, *m.* 1) violation; 2) defamation, *cf.* *Snuric*; —*rüber*, *m.* defamer, *see* —*schänder*; —*recht*, *n.* 1) honorary right; 2) the laws or code of honour; —*rede*, *f.* speech or address in honour of a person; panegyric; —*reich*, *I. adj.* rich in honour; *II. (str.)* *a. see* —*fried*; —*rettung*, *f.* apology, vindication; —*richter*, *m.* judge or umpire in a court of honour; —*ruß*, *m.* call of honour; —*rühlig*, *adj.* injurious, slanderous, defamatory; libellous (article, &c.); —*rühligkeit*, *f.* defamation; —*sache*, *f.* 1) a matter in which a person's honour is concerned; 2) (= *Duell*) affair of honour: —*säule*, *f.* (honorary) statue, monument; —*schänder*, *m.* 1) dishonourer, violator; 2) defamer, slanderer, calumniator, abuser, libeller; —*schänderisch*, *see* —*rühlig*; —*schändung*, *f.* *see* —*kränkung*; —*schulden*, *f.* *pl.* debts of honour; —*st*, *m.* seat of honour; —*st*, *m.* honorary donation; —*st*, *see* —*st*; —*st*, *m.* honourable condition; —*st* *macht* *andere* *Leute*, *proverb*, honours change manners; —*stelle*, *f.* place of honour, *pl.* honours; dignity, preferment; post of trust; —*strafen*, *f.* *pl.* *Law*, punishments involving the total or temporary loss of honour or honorary rights; —*stücke*, *n.* *pl.* *Herald*, honourable pieces; —*stufe*, *f.* degree of honour; —*tag*, *m.* 1) day of honour: *dieser* *tag* *Ihres* *Lebens*, this crowning day of their lives (*particul.* of the wedding-day); 2) —*tage*, *m.* *pl.* *Comm.* days of respect; —*tanz*, *m.* dance of honour; —*tempel*, *m.* temple of honour, pantheon; —*titel*, *m.* title of honour, honorary title; —*tob*, *m.* death of honour, honourable death; —*trunk*, *m.* toast; wine or draught of honour; —*verleugung*, *f.* *see* —*kränkung*; —*versch*, *t. see* —*versch*; —*voll*, *adj.* honourable, creditable, glorious; —*wacht*, *f.* guard of honour; escort; —*wein*, *m.* *see* —*trunk*; —*wert*, *adj.* deserving honour; respectable, honourable; creditable; *sehr* —*wert*, right honourable; —*wort*, *n.* word of honour; *Mit* *parole*; *bei* *meinem* —*worte*, upon my honour; *coll.* honour bright; *sie* *wurden* *auf* *ihr* —*wort* *entlassen*, they were released upon or under (their) parole; —*zeichen*, *n.* sign or mark of distinction, badge of honour, *pl.* insignia; ein *besonderes* —*zeichen*, *Herald*, augmentation.

Ch r ..., *in comp.* —*erbietig*, *adj.* reverent, reverential, deferential, respectful, dutiful; —*erbietigkeit*, *f.* reverence, respectfulness; dutifulness; —*erbietung*, *f.* reverence, respect, veneration, deference, homage; *seine* —*erbietung* *bezeigen*, to pay deference, to pay one's

regard or respect: mit —achtung, reverently:
 dutfully: —achtungsbefehl, f. g. homage:
 —acht, f. veneration, reverence: awe (Giacini)
 —acht einflößen, to inspire with awe, to strike
 awe into ..., to awe: —acht gebieten, awe-
 commanding, awful, imposing: —achtlos, *adv.*
adj. respectful, reverent: —gefühl, n. a sense
 of honour: point of honour; das —gefühl ver-
 letzen, to hurt one's feelings: —geiz, m. ambi-
 tion: —geizen nach ..., to be ambitious for or
 about ...: to seek ambitiously after ...: —ge-
 zig, *adj.* ambitious, aspiring: —gierig, *adj.*
 covetous of honour.

Ehrlich, *I. adj.* 1) honest; fair, faithful; plain, plain-dealing; candid, sincere: 2) decent; honourable: *wenn ich - sein will, muß ich sagen*, I must, in fairness, say; - *würdt am längsten*, proverb, honesty is the best policy: II. **Ehrl.** (*u.*) *f.* honesty, integrity, faithfulness: fair (honest, plain, upright) dealing: fairness.

Ehr ..., in comp. —**liebe**, *f.* love of honour, laudable ambition; —**liebend**, *adj.* honour-loving; ein —**liebender Mann**, a man of honour.

Ehrlos, *I. adj.* honourless, void of honour, dishonourable; graceless, disreputable, infamous; dishonest; *II. U.-figlicit, (w.) f.* dishonourableness; infamousness, infamy; dishonesty.

Chr'sam, *I. adj.* honourable, respectable, modest: *II. N. f.* (*m*) of honourableness &c.

modest; ll. u. f. tit, (w. f. f.) nonaurorelessness, &c.
Ehr'..., *(in comp.)* -*lust*, *f.* immoderate
ambition, thirst for (worldly) honour; -*jüch-*
tig, adj. very ambitious, greedy, or covetous
of honour; -*trieb, m.* desire of honour, nat-
ural feeling or impulse of honour; -*ver-*
geffen, adj. unmindful of honour, mean, despi-
cable, vile; -*vergessenheit, f.* meanness, vil-
nosity; -*würig, adj.* dishonourable, disgrace-
ful, disreputable; -*würden, f.* reverence
(used as a title): *Ew. -würden*, your rever-
ence, reverend Sir; -*würdig, adj.* venerable,
reverend; worshipful, respectable; *awful*,
sacred; *sehr -würdiger Meister vom Stuhl!*
Free-m. m. most worshipful master; -*würbigkeit,*
f. venerableness.

Et, interj. why, hay, ay; — warum nicht gar! you don't say so! — [cht doch! only look! — ja doch! why, need to be said!

- ja doch! why, yes! to be sure!
 Ei, (str., pl. Eier) n. 1) egg; 2) *Archif.*
ochinus; *Bot.* ovule, ovulum: frische Eier,
 fresh or new-laid eggs; alte Eier, stale eggs;
 saule Eier, bad or added eggs; weicheioteine
 or weiche Eier, eggs boiled rare, soft-boiled
 eggs, rear eggs; Eier aus Butter, fried eggs;
 gersthete Eier, see Mühlrei; *coll.-s.* sie find ein-
 ander ähnlich wie ein - dem andern, *coll.* they
 are as like each other as eggs to eggs;
 (as two peas, as two drops of water); er ist kaum
 aus dem - gefahren, he is but just out of the
 shell: das - will süßer sein als die Heune,
 don't teach your grand-mother (granny) to
 suck eggs; Jack would teach his grandam to
 grope hens. (song to still babies.

Et'a Papet'a, *interj. & s. m.* lullaby, a
 Et'baum, (*str., pl. Et'bäume*) *m.* (*S. G.*)
 small fishing-boat. [*(Turus doocalla L.)*].

Ū'be, (w.) f. yow, (E-nbaum) yow-tree
Ū'ben, adj. of yow, yowen.

(Stauden—) Venice mallow (*Hibiscus Trionum* L.): —baum, m., —beere, f. see Eberfche; —frant, n., —wurq, f. 1) marsh-mallow, althoa (*Althaea officinalis* L.): 2) hollyhook (*Althaea rosea* L.).

Eich'amt (from **Eichen**), (str., pl. **Eich'äm-
ter**) n. gauging-office, assaying-office.

Eich'..., in comp. —**apfel**, m. see **Gall-**
apfel; —**baum**, m. oak-tree. L.).

4. *Clippe*, (w.) f. Bot. oak (*Quercus robur*)

B. Fische. (n.) f. aus Fichura. Fichurk

Geißel, s. L. (w.) f. 1) acorn; 2) a) see Dürckel; b) see Erdnuss; c) *provinc.* see Saxe; 3) *And. plant.* penis (lat.); 4) *Gam.* club (one of the four suits of German playing-cards); II. in comp. —*beuge*, see —*fappe*; —*färmig*, adj. glandiform —*gartern*, m. nursery of oaks; —*häher*, m., —*fräse*, f. *Ornith.* jay (*Garrulus glandarius* L.); —*leffe*, m. acorn-coffee (with poor people in Germany a surrogate for real coffee); —*fappe*, f. acorn-cup; —*leßig*; *gener. pl.* valonia (name applied to the acorn-cups of *Quercus agrifolia* or valonia-oak, imported from the Levant and the Morea, used by tanners and dyers); —*leßig*, m. cup of an acorn; —*lese*, f. glandage; —*leßerleß*, n. right of gathering acorns and wild fruit in another's wood; —*maß*, f. mast of acorns; *Law*, pannage; —*mauß*, f. Zool. garden dormouse, garden quersil (*Myoxus valonia* Schreb.); —*näßfäpfe*, m. see —*leßig*; e. —*nägragen*, adj. Bot. 1) glanduliferous, glandiferous; 2) *Herold*. acorned; —*raße*, m. see —*häher*; —*schäßer*, m. see —*mauß*; —*schwein*, n. a pig fed on acorns; —*spinner*, —*vogel*, m. see *Eichvögel*; —*stein*, m. Phl. balanite; —*tripper*, m. Med. balanitis. [see]

A. *Eichen*, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Ei*) a little
B. *Eichen*, adj. (from *Eiche*, A.) oaken,
oak.

C. U'then, (w.) *v. tr.* to gauge ([to ascertain and regulate] measures of capacity, &c.); to size, adjust; to stamp (weights, &c.).

Etchen ..., in comp. —**blatt**, *n.* 1) oak-leaf; 2) *Entom.* oak-eggermoth (*N.*); —**blatt-
laub**, *f.* *Entom.* oak-puceron (*Lachnus quercus* L.); —**blätter-fchwamm**, *m.* oak-agaric;
touch-wood (*Agaricus quercinus* L.); —**blät-
terfein**, *m.* *Minor dryites*; —**fara**, *m.* see Baum-
fara; —**fest**, —**hart**, *adj.* oak; —**fichte**, *f.* see
—moos; —**geh**, *m.* grove of oaks; —**holz**,
1) oak-wood, oaken timber; 2) see —wald;
—**flöz**, *m.* oak-block; —**laub**, *n.* oak-leaves;
—**leder**, *n.* *Bot.* oak-leather (*Hylestroma corium*); —**lunge**, *f.* 1) a species of lichen
(*Lobaria pulmonaria* Lamareck); 2) see *Etzin-
fichte*; —**meß**, *n.* ground oak-bark; *Bot.*;
—**mittel**, *f.* oak-mistletoe (*Loranthus euro-
paeus* L.); —**moos**, *n.* oak-moss (*Ureua pilu-
cula* Ach.); —**pilz**, *m.* oak-fungus (*Boletus*
ignarius & *Bot. fomentarius* L.); —**reiß**, *n.*
see *pilz*; —**rinde**, *f.* oak-bark; tanner's bark;
—**fchwamm**, *m.* see *pilz*; —**spinner**, *m.* *Entom.*
the great eggermoth (*N. Gastropacha*
quercus L.); —**traube**, *f.* see *pilz*; —**vogel**,
m. see *spinner*; —**wald**, *m.* oak-forest; —
weide, *m.* oaken-bough.

Eicher, (*str.*) *m.* gauger, &c. *cf.* **Eichen**, *C.*
Eichgebüh*r* (*from Eichen, C.*), (*w.*) *f.* gau-
ger's fee.

Eich... (from *Eiche*, A.), in comp.—grund, m. vale of oaks: —holz, n. see *Eichenholz*; Zool.-s. —horn, —hörnchen, n., —fage, f. squirrel (*Sciurus* L.); das sibirische —horn, calabar: —hornaffe, m. tamarin (*Callithrix sciurea* L.).

Eichicht, I. *adj.* covered with oaks: II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.* (*l. u.*) a grove or thicket of oaks.

Eich'franz, (*str.*, pl. Eich'fränze) *m.* oaken-
garland.

Eich'... (from *Eichen*, C.), in comp. — **maß**, *m.*, — **stab**, *m.* gauge, standard; gauging-rod.
(*Eich'maß* (*m.*) *f.* see *Eichelmäß*)

Eich'meister (from **Eichen**, C.), (str.) m.
(master) gauger: adjuster, &c. of **Eichen**.

Гид'... (from Гиде, А.), in comp. — гиды,
— гиды, m., etc. see Гиденгиды etc.
Гид'Гид (etc. of Гид'Гид) m. see Гид'Гид

Eich'... (from *Eiche*, A.), in comp. — *traube*,
f. oak-berry; — *vogel*, m. see *Taubenhabicht*;
— *wald*, m. oak-forest.

Eid, a. I. (*str.*) *m.* oath; einen — leisten, schwören or ablegen, to take an oath, to take

one's oath (*suf, of*), to swear (*to*); *ben — auf die Verheißung leisten*, to take the oath of fealty to the constitution; *bei — der Treue*, oath of allegiance; *bei freiliche oder versperliche* —, corporal oath; *Irmanen in — nehmen*, to put one to his oath; II. *in comp.* — *bruch*, *m.* breaking or violation of an oath, perjury : — *brüchig, adj.* guilty of perjury, perjured, fors-worn, cf. *Verbrüchig*; — *brucher, m.* 1) sworn brother; 2) one who takes the same oath; — *Sürge, m.* bail upon oath : — *Sürgschaft, f.* sworn bail : — *genos*, *m.* confederate, associate; ally; — *genossenschaft, f.* confederation, (*[schweizerische]*, Helvetian) confederacy, league : — *genösslich, adj.* 1) associated by an oath, leagued together; 3) relating to the Swiss confederation, Helvetic; — *gest, adj.* 1, sworn : — *famst, m.* the swearing of an oath; oath : — *vergesen, see — bruchig*. [*gerloschen*
Eibem, (*str.*) *m.* son-in-law, see Eibwim-
Eibschel, (*m. f.*) 1) Zool. lizard (*Lacerta*
L.): 2) Arch. lacerta.]

—[*lizard*], m. lizard-fish, elops (*Scomrus fasciatus* Riss., *Squalo scomrus* L.); —[*stone*], m. Bot. lizard's tail (*Scomrus cornutus* L.); —[*tail*], m. lizard-stone.

Eider, (skr.) m. Ornith. —ente, —gans, f., —vogel, m. eider-duck (*Somateria mollissima* L.); —bennen, —bennen, f. pl. eiderdown.

Erbs ..., in comp. — *erbschne*, *f.* administration of an oath; — *erbsch*, *m.* see *Gibsch*; — *erbschel*, *f.* form or formula of oath; adjuration; — *erbscher*, *m.* cojuror, compurgator; — *erbschun*, *f.* the act of taking an oath; — *erbs*, an — *erbs* *verfidern*, to affirm in lies of oath; — *erbsweigerung*, *f.* refusal to take an oath; — *erbschwörung*, *f.* act of adjuring one, of giving one the oath.

Eidlich, *adj. & adv.* sworn, by oath, upon or with an oath; in the form of an oath: — *aussagen* oder *bekennen*, to declare or to give evidence upon oath, to depose, to make a deposition upon oath, to swear; *sie bekennen — und sagen aus*, they make oath and say: — *sich — verpflichten* haben, to be under an oath; *die e-^{de} Aussage*, deposition, declaration upon oath; *ein e-^{des} Zeugnis*, an oath in writing sworn to, affidavit; — *beträchtigen* oder *erwarten*, to maintain, confirm or verify (by or upon) oath, to take an oath of (or upon), to make oath or affidavit to — *to swear to* . . .

Et'better, (str.) n. yolk, yellow of an egg (Eigelb).

Eier..., in comp. —*apfel*, *m.* egg-shaped
 autumn-apple: —*baum*, *m.* see —*pflanze*; —
becher, *m.* egg-cup: —*bir*, *n.* alderberry: egg-
 slip: —*birne*, *f.* egg-shaped summer-pear:
 —*blume*, *f.* see *Zückerbohne*; —*bohrer*, *f.* see
Zuckerbohne; —*brat*, *n.* a sort of bread made
 with eggs and milk: —*brühe*, *f.* egg-sauce:
 —*beiter*, *n.* see *Eidotter*; —*flaben*, *m.* see —
fuchen; —*frucht*, *f.* fruit of the egg-plant:
 —*grünze*, *f.* the finest quality of buckwheat
 groats: —*hänker*, —*hütter*, *m.* egg-hawker:
 —*käse*, *m.* white-pot: —*keife*, *f.* egg-slice:
 —*klar*, *n.* see *Eiweiß*; —*krant*, *n.* dandelion
 (*Zückerbohne*); —*kröbe*, *f.* female of the crav-
 shaw crawfish with eggs: —*kräuter*, *m.* com-

[illegible]

chad. egged moulding; gebrücker — flab, Greek or quirked ovolo; — flumbe, *f.* see — flumpe; — flud, *m.* 1) *Anat.* vary; 2) *Zool.* & *Bot.* seed bud; — fluppe, *f.* egg-soup; — tanz, *m.* (with jugglers) a sort of dance through several ranges of eggs performed blindfold; — weiff, *n.* see Eimweiß.

Eifer, (*adv.*) *m.* zeal, earnestness, ardour, warmth, eagerness, heat, fervour, fervency; passion, wrath; emulation.

Eiferer, (*adv.*) *m.* zealot. [*m.* zeal.

Eifer... (*from Eifer*), *in comp.* — eifrig, *adj.*

Eifer, (*w.*) *n.* *adv.* to be zealous (in); to speak or act with zeal; to vie (with); to be jealous or envious (of), to be angry (über *[with Acc.]*, at); gegen or wider etwas —, to declaim against, denounce, to preach down.

Eifer ... (*from Eifer*), *in comp.* — eifrig, *adj.* 1) jealousy (gegen, of); rivalry; 2) envy; — eifrigkeit, *m.* petty jealousy; — eifrigkeit, *n.* *adv.* to indulge in petty jealousy; — eifrigkeit, *adj.* jealous (auf *[with Acc.]*, of); envious.

Eiformig, *adj.* egg-shaped, oval; *Bot.*, &c. ovate, oviform; *fast* —, subovate; umgekehrt —, obovate; *II. E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* oval form or shape, oval.

Eifrig, *adj.* zealous, strenuous, earnest, ardent, warm, eager, keen, fervent, passionate; er wurde bei dem Gegenstand ganz —, he warmed with the subject; ihre e-e Sorge, her anxious care; ihr eifriger Wunsch, her most anxious wish; — eifrigkeit, closely or intently engaged (mit, with, in), intent (on); eifrigkeit, auf's Eifrigkeit, *adv.* most zealously, in right good earnest, with one's best endeavours; *II. E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* zealousness, &c.

Eigelt, (*adv.*) *n.* see Eibotter.

Eigen, *adj.* 1) own; self, proper, peculiar (*with Dat.*); diese Gemüthsart ist dem Ewigen —, this habit belongs to the lion; 2) singular, particular; 3) peculiar, strange, odd, whimsical, queer: 4) nice, exact, particular; accurate; e-e Reiter, bond-men, serfs; er ist sein e-er Herr, he is his own master; sein e-er Herr werden, to set up for one's self; er hat ein e-es Haus, he has a house of his own; er besitzt nichts E-es, he has nothing of his own; sie bildeten eine e-e Kirche, they organized a church of their own; e-er Wille, will of one's own; aus e-em Willen, aus e-er Wahl, of one's own choice; er mußte dies aus e-er Beobachtung, he knew this from personal observation; einen e-en Boten schicken, to send a special messenger (a messenger express); sein e-er Brief, his own letter; a letter in his own hand-writing; das Recht des e-en Urtheils, the right of private judgment; die der Demokratie e-en Uebel, the specific evils of democracy; Comm-e-der e-er Verbrauch, home consumption; der e-e Wechsel, bill of exchange drawn upon one's self, promissory note, single-, sole-, or only bill; für e-e Rechnung, for or on one's own account; sich (etwas) zu — machen, to make (a thing) one's own, to appropriate, to acquire; sich (*Dat.*) eine Sprache zu — machen, to make one's self master of a language.

Eigen..., *in comp.* self; — behörig, *adj.* — behörigkeit, *f.* see Eibigen, Eibigenhaft; — beifig, *adj.* optional, of free choice; — blind, *m.* self-conceit, self-sufficiency, self-assumption, self-opinion, presumption, conceitedness; — blüffig, *adj.* (*l. u.*) self-conned.

Eigener, see Eignen.

Eigen..., *in comp.* — gehörig, *adj.* one's own; — gewalt, *f.* see — macht; — gewalt, *n.* *Phys.* specific weight; — gitter, *f.* selfishness, egotism; — gut, *n.* *Law*, allodium; — handel, *m.* *Comm.* separate (private or proper) trade, business for one's own account; — händig, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) in, with, or under one's own

hand, autograph (letter, &c.); 2) (—händig zu erbreiten, to be opened) privately, to private hands; —händige Unterschrift, one's own (or proper) signature or handwriting, sign manual, manual sign; Einem —händig übergeben, to deliver into one's own hands.

Eigenheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) property, peculiarity; 2) singularity, oddity, whim; trick (of voice, &c.); — einer Sprache, idiom.

Eigen..., *in comp.* — hörig, see — behörig; — lieb, *f.* self-love, self-liking; — laß, *n.* self-praise, self-applause; — macht, *f.* arbitrary power; despotism; *Pol.* autocracy; — mächtig, *adj.* arbitrary, absolute, independent of others, despotical; sich (*Dat.*) — mächtig Recht verschaffen, to take the law into one's own hand; — mächtig handeln, to act of one's own authority, &c.; — mittel, *n.* specific (remedy); — name, *m.* proper name; — ung, *m.* self-interest, selfishness; ohne — ung handeln, to deal disinterestedly; — nützig, *adj.* (self-)interested, selfish, worldly; — ruhm, *m.* self-praise.

Eigens, *adv.* expressly, purposely.

Eigenschaft, (*w.*) *f.* 1) property, attribute, mark, nature; 2) capacity, character, quality, point; — Gottes, divine attribute; E-en der Größe, *Math.* affections of quantity; Gramma-e. — einer Wortes, accident; E-Swort, *n.* adjective; E-Gleichen, *n.* mark of distinction.

Eigenheit, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) waywardness, wilfulness, caprice, perversity, stubbornness, positiveness, obstinacy; 2) fastidiousness (of taste, &c.).

Eigenheitig, *adj.* 1) wayward, wilful, headstrong, perverse, froward, capricious; stubborn, positive, unruly, obstinate; peevish, cross; 2) fastidious, over-nice; *II. E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* waywardness, &c. *Eigenheitig*.

Eigenschaft, (*w.*) *f.* egotism, self-seeking.

Eigentum, (*adv.*) *pl. E-igener* *m.* property; propriety; mein —, my own; mein (Ihr) gegenwärtiges —, *Comm.* the property in my (your) hands (of consigned goods); — in Bankactien, bank-stock.

Eigentümer, (*adv.*) *m.* owner, proprietor; ohne —, unowned, unclaimed; E-in, (*w.*) *f.* owner, proprietress.

Eigentümlich, *adj.* peculiar: 1) own, proper; etwas — an sich bringen, to acquire the property of ...; (Sich) eignen — zugehören, to be one's own property; 2) singular, quaint; 3) characteristic; das E-e, the characteristic mark, characteristicness; 4) *Phys.* specific; *II. E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) property, peculiarity, peculiar disposition; 2) singularity, quaintness.

Eigentums..., *in comp.* — herr, *m.* proprietor, lord of the manor, head landlord; — recht, *m.* right of possession, ownership, proprietorship; literarisch — recht, copyright; — steuer, *f.* property-tax; — übertragung, *f.* *Comm.* transfer; — vergehen, — verbrechen, *n.* crime against property, violation of the right of possession, theft.

Eigentümlich, *adj.* proper: true, precise, exact, real; intrinsic(al); im e-sten Sinne des Wortes, in the very sense of the word; die Andacht ist die e-e Seele der Frömmigkeit, devotion is the very soul of piety; recht — zur Beschreibung ausgefellt, exposed on purpose for inspection; *II. adv.* properly or strictly (speaking), exactly, &c.; was soll das — bedeuten? what is the real or exact meaning of this? es ist zweifelhaft, was er — mit diesem Verfahren beabsichtigte, it is doubtful what he exactly meant by this proceeding; — sollte ich jähren, by rights I ought to be angry; er heißt — Frank, he is really named Frank; e-e Reisende, ohne die Soldaten, passengers proper, setting aside soldiers; Friedrich war recht — ein schlimmer Nachbar, Frederick was emphatically a bad neighbour.

Eigen..., *in comp.* — würme, *f.* *Phys.*

specific warmth; — wille, *f.* self-will, wilfulness; — wille, *adj.* self-willed, wilful; arbitrary; headstrong, obstinate; — willigkeit, *f.* wilfulness, &c.

Eigens, (*w.*) *v. I. Intr.* 1) to pertain, appertain; 2) to become, fit, behave; *II. tr.* to devote, consecrate; *fig.* to surrender, to give over; *III. geignet sein, or ref. sich* — (zu), to be qualified, suited, or fit (for), to be adapted (for, to), to do well (for); dies ist geignet, Aufmerksamkeit zu erwecken, this is calculated to awaken attention; *IV. ref. impers. provinc.* see Epufen.

Eigener, (*adv.*) *m.* owner, proprietor, holder.

Eigens, (*adv.*) *int.* see Eignen.

Eigens, (*adv.*) *pl. E-e* or *E-länder* *n.* island.

Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

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Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

Eigens, (*adv.*) *m.*, **Eigens**, (*adv.*) *m.*

Ein, *I. adj.* 1) one; 2) some, any; 3) one and the same, same; noch — Glas etc., one more or another glass; wider — Sträfling ist entflohen, another convict is off; sich erheben wie ein [emphatically: sometimes used with a capital letter: Ein] Mann, to rise like one man; doch morgen, als am ersten Oftertage, | erlaubt mir ein' und andre Frage (Gothe, Faust), to-morrow, though, I'll ask, in Easter leisure, | this and the other question at your pleasure (Taylor); noch — Mal, once more; in E-m fort, continually, incessantly; — für alle Mal, once for all.

II. art. s. an.

Ein, *adv.* in, within, into; quer Feld —, across the fields; Jahr aus, Jahr —, every year, all the year round; es wollte ihm nicht — (Allpt. for eingehen), *fig.* he could not conceive, understand it; erweis'wider — noch aus, he is at his wit's end. [dang, &c.]

Einadern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to plough in (the Einartig, *adj.* consisting of one act; ein e-er Fußspiel, a one-act comedy.

Einander, *adv.* one another, each other; an —, together, to one another, upon one another (cf. *Ein*einander); bei —, together, with one another; durc —, confusedly, promiscuously; disorderly, *vulg.* higgledy-piggledy; gegen —, *see* Gegen; mit —, one with another, together, jointly; unter —, one among another; von —, 1) one from another; 2) asunder; hinter oder nach —, one after another, one by one, by turns, in succession, successively; zwei Stunden hinter —, two hours running, *coll.* together, at a stretch, on end; neben —, by each other, at the side of each other, abreast; über —, over one another; von or aus — gehen, von or aus — bringen, to separate, to part; — fahren, *Phys.* to diverge; zwei Zoll von —, two inches apart. [anchor]

Einankern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to throw in (the Einantworten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Überantworten*).

Einarbeiten, (*w.*) *v. refl.* (sich in cine Sache) to make one's self thoroughly acquainted with a business or employment.

Einarmig, *adj.* one-armed; ein e-er Fersel, homodromic lever.

Einsetzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to be innate (implanted), to inhere.

Einstig, *adj.* of one kind or species.

Einstüchern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to burn to ashes; to lay in or to reduce to ashes; 2) to steep in ashes; to cover with ashes; 3) *Chem.* to calcine, incinerate.

Einstüchern, (*w.*) *f.* the act of burning to ashes, &c.; *Chem.* incineration.

Einstümen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to inhale, inspire.

Einatmen, (*w.*) *f.* inhalation, inspiration.

Einätzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to etch in, upon.

Einauge, (*irr.*) *n.* Zool. monocule.

Einaugen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einimpfen*.

Einaugig, *adj.* one-eyed, monocular.

Einbusch, (*str.*) *m.* mufin.

Einbacken, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. I. tr.* to bake in; *II. refl.* to lose in weight by baking.

Einballen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pack in bales, to bale, embale.

Einbälkig, *adj.* *Shoe-m.* (of boots) made for one foot only, *i. e.* either the right or the left, not for both).

Einbalsamiren, **Ein**balsamen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to embalm — **Ein**balsamirung, (*w.*) *f.* embalming, mummification. [cover]

Einbände, (*str.* pl. *Ein*bände) *m.* binding.

Einbauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Haus.* to put (pile up) in a barn, to house.

Einbau, (*str.*) *m.* *Dirk.* *see* *Bühne*. 1 & 2.

Einbauen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to build (one thing) within another; 2) *see* *Einbäumen*; *II. intr.* & *refl.* to build in a place, to form a settlement in a place.

Einbauen, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Eibaum*.

Einbeden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to brim.

Einbeugen, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* to stipulate, to comprise in a bargain or contract.

Einbeere, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. true-love, one-berry, (herb) paris (Paris quadrifolia L.).

Einbeeren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bait (the gin or noose, for catching birds).

Einbegreifen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to contain, encompass, comprise, include, imply; *Reflex.* einbegriffen, costs included or implied, inclusive of charges. [withhold, detain, retain]

Einbehalten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to keep back.

Einbeissen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* to bite into; to penetrate; *II. refl.* to fix with the teeth, bite in; to eat into, to corrode.

Einbeizen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mortify (meat); 2) to etch, stain (characters, figures, &c.) in; to vein (wood or leather); 3) *Agr.* to steep (seed) in dung-water.

Einbesommen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to get in (cash, payment, &c.); to take or get possession of.

Einbereden, (*w.*) *v. see* *Einrechnen*.

Einberichten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to report.

Einberufen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to convene, convoke, to call; to call out (the militia, &c.).

Einbetteln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to gather by begging; *II. refl.* *fig.* to come in, to get admission or to insinuate one's self by begging.

Einbetten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to place in a bed or to place (one's) bed into a room; 2) to embed, sink into another substance; *II. refl.* to take, procure a bed or lodging, &c.

Einbringen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einbiegen*.

Einbreiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to (put into) a purse.

Einbreiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to comprise or include in a district, to join or add to a district.

Einbiegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.*, *intr.* & *refl.* to bend inward, to turn in or down, to incurvate; wider —, *lit.* & *fig.* to turn back in (into, to) the main road or subject; eingebogen, *p. a.* incavated, sinical.

Einbiegung, (*w.*) *f.* curvature, incavation, cf. *Biegung*; *Geom.* & *Phys.* inflection.

Einbilden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* (sich [Dat.] etwas) to imagine, fancy, conceive; to think, believe; ich wünschte ich könnte mir —, I wish I could persuade myself; sich [Dat.] viel —, to be conceited, to presume (auf [with Acc.], upon), to value or pique one's self (on, upon), to take pride (in); er bildet sich zu viel ein, he thinks too much of himself.

Einbildung, (*w.*) *f.* imagination, fancy, conceit, thought, idea; es ist bloße —, it is mere fancy; in der — verbunden, imaginary, visionary; E-skraft, *f.* imaginative faculty, imagination.

Einbilde ..., *in comp.* —geld, *n.* present made to a godchild at the christening; —nabel, *f.* 1) bookbinder's needle; 2) shoemaker's three-cornered awl.

Einbinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to bind in, to tie up or on; b) to embale (goods); c) *Mar.* to furl, clew, or brace (the sails); to take in (a reef); 2) *Bookb.* to bind (a book); *Mss.* to shrove in, imbed; to bond in; *Corp.* to cord in; *Medic.* to soak; 3) (*Eincm etwas*) a) to make a present to a godchild at the christening (formerly [in some parts still] tied up in the little bed in which the infant is carried to church); b) *coll.* to enjoin, charge one with.

Einblasen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to breathe or blow into; 2) to blow down; 3) *fig.* (*Eincm etwas*) to prompt one, to whisper in one's ear; to suggest, insinuate. — **Ein**bläser, (*str.*) *m.* prompter, whisperer, suggester. — **Ein**bläserci, (*w.*) *f.* (the act or practice of) prompting, &c., (malicious) suggestions.

Einblatt, (*str.* pl. *Ein*blätter) *n.* (one-blade) a name given to several plants, *f. i.* Rattengrüne, Bernsaffa &c. [wood].

Einblatten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Poet.* to score

Einblättrig, *adj.* one-leaved; Bot. 1) monopetalous; 2) monophyllous.

Einblutung, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Einführung*.

Einblauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* I. to make blue; *II. fig.* (*Eincm etwas*) to beat or flog something into one or to beat (whip) one into (good manners, &c.).

Einblenden, **Ein**blinden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Archit.* 1) to place in a niche; 2) to furnish with a niche. [blowerd.]

Einblutig, *adj.* Bot. uniform, one-

Einbock, (*str.*) *m.* a kind of strong beer.

Einbohren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to bore (a hole) into; *Mm.* to dig in; *II. refl.* to penetrate by boring, make one's way into cf. *Einbohren*.

Einbräuen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to shrink in roasting.

Einbräuen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Verbräuen*.

Einbrechen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to break down, pull down; to break open; 2) *Mar.* to flat in (the sails); *II. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to break, to give way; 2) a) to break in, into (a house); b) to dash into; c) to commit burglary; es ist fünfzigmal in diese Kirche eingebrochen worden, this church has been lately twice broken into (by thieves); 3) *fig.* to begin, to approach; bei oder vor e-ber Nacht, at or before night-fall; der Abend ist eingebrochen, (the) evening has closed in; die Kiste bricht ein, (the) cold sets in; Verderbniß ist eingebrochen, corruption has made its appearance; ein furchtbares Geräch brach über uns ein, a horrible judgment overtook us; eine e-ber Gefahr, an imminent danger. [breaker.]

Einbrecher, (*str.*) *m.* burglar, house-

Einbrennen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* to burn in, through; *II. tr.* 1) to burn in, to fix or fuse (colours, &c.) into (the surface of glass, &c.) by the application of heat; 2) to burn (a mark) with a hot iron, &c., to brand; *Eincm ein Zeichen* —, to mark with a brand; ein Glas —, to match a cask; 3) to act upon, to purify, &c. by fire or any burning substance, cf. *Einweilen*; 4) a) to pour boiling water upon ...; b) to roast (flour) with melted butter.

Einbristen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to paper (pine).

Einbringen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bring in; a) to introduce; b) to carry home, to get in, to inn, house, save (corn, hay, &c.), to get in (the harvest); *see* *eingebraute* *Getreide*, mow; c) *Comm.* to import; 2) to fetch (a price), yield (profit), to return, bring in (a certain sum annually, &c.); seine E-träge hat ihm nichts eingebracht, his severity has gained him nothing; 3) to bring in marriage or as a dowry; 4) *Typ.* to get in (type), to drive in or into, to keep in; *etwas wider* —, to make up (for), to compensate, retrieve, recover, to redeem. — **Ein**bringung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of bringing in, &c.

Einbroden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to crumble (bread, &c.) into; 2) *fig. coll.* (sich [Dat.] etwas) to commit a fault; *Eincm etwas* —, to lay a thing into one's dish; *was man eingebrödt hat, muß man auch aufessen*, proverb, as you have brewed, so you must drink; self do self have; er hat etwas eingebröden, he is well off or a warm man.

Einbruch, (*str.* pl. *Ein*brüche) *m.* 1) a breaking in, &c., *see* *Einbrechen*; immersion; 2) house-breaking, burglary; 3) invasion, inroad, irruption; 4) *see* *Eingriff*, 3; 5) — der Nacht, night-fall, close of the day.

Einbrüchig, *adj.* Bot. monadelphous;

cine e-er Blanz, a monadelph.

Einbrühen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* *fig.* to intrude (cf. *Einsetzen*). [water, to scald.]

Einbrühen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to steep in boiling

Einbrüchig, *adj.* unilateral. [bay.]

Einbrüstung, (*w.*) *f.* inlet, bight, narrow

Einbüßen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *com.* to become

bankrupt, to shut up shop (*Einbuclein*).

Einbügen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to steer or enter into a harbour.

Einbündeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to bundle up; 2) to swathe (a child).

Einbürgern, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to admit to the rights of a citizen, to citizenise, to indigenise; to naturalise; to enfranchise; 2) *fig.* to adopt (as a word from a foreign language, &c.); II. *refl.* 1) to settle as a citizen; 2) to become generally adopted; eingebürgert, naturalised; current (articles, &c.). — **Einbürgerung**, (w.) f. 1) enfranchisement; naturalisation; 2) adoption.

Einbüße, (w.) f. loss, damage.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. I. tr. to lose, to forfeit; II. *intr.* to be or to come off a loser, to suffer a loss or damage.

Einbüßten, (w.) v. tr. to get in, collect (money), to raise (money); *Comm.* to cash (a bill), to encash, call in, fetch in, recover (debts).

Einbüßung, (w.) f. the act of getting in (money, outstanding debts); *Comm.* encashment, recovery; *E-ßtefen*, pl. recovery-charges. [at the custom-house].

Einbüßten, (w.) v. tr. *Comm.* to clear in **Einbüßen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fill in, to use (certain materials, &c.) in raising dams or dikes; 2) to confine by dikes, to dam in or up, embank; 3) to restrain, keep within bounds; das eingebämmt or eingebricht sind, the innings. [bankment].

Einbüßung, (w.) f. em-

Einbüßten, (w.) v. tr. *Comm.* to stew.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to cover up.

Einbüßen, *see* Einbüßen.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to inspissate, *see* Einbüßen. I. — **Einbüßen**, (w.) f. inspissation.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) & *refl.* to acquire skill in service, to get fitted for a place. [dingen].

Einbüßen, (str.) & (w.) v. tr. *see* Einbüßen.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to lay up in a dock, to dock. [up, to shrivel].

Einbüßen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to dry.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to dry, cause to dry.

Einbüßen, *adj.* single-threaded; c-e Erbe, f. *Comm.* single-thread (ed) silk, silk single-twist. [2] the crowding in, &c.

Einbüßen, (str.) m. 1) *see* Einbüßen; 2) *see* Einbüßen.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. I. tr. to squeeze, force in (into); II. *refl.* to crowd in; *fig.* to intrude (one's self) into, to obtrude (one's self) upon. — **Einbüßen**, (w.) f. 1) the act of forcing in (into), &c.; 2) intrusion; obstruction.

Einbüßen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to enter by force, to break in; 2) to penetrate, enter (*also fig.*), to pierce: tief —, *fig.* to dive or strike into; auf die Feinde —, to fall upon the enemy; das —, v. s. (str.) m. irruption; — der Feindlichkeit, penetration of the camp; c-b, p. a. penetrative (intellect); searching, impressive (discourse).

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re-enter; 3) to insert (printed illustrations, &c.) into letter-press.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to press or squeeze in or into; 2) to turn inwards, flatten; 3) to knock in, crush, break; 4) *fig.* (with *Dat.*) to impress (on), cf. Einbüßen; eingebüßt, p. a. *Bot.* retuse.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. *intr.* auf **Ein** — (*Gut-* *kow*, l. w.; anal. to auf **Ein** einbringen, &c.), to assail one with perfumes.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. I. tr. to cause to penetrate (of liquids or vapours); II. *intr.* *see* Verbüßen.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to level (off), to **Einbüßen**, (w.) v. tr. *Ag.* to harrow in.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to surround with ice; ringerist, p. a. ice-bound.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to unite.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to compress, concentrate; to confine, limit.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to get in, collect (money), to raise (money); *Comm.* to cash (a bill), to encash, call in, fetch in, recover (debts).

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mine, to go under ground; III. *refl.* to exercise one's self in driving, to practise driving.

Einbüßen, (w.) f. 1) the act of driving in, entrance; 2) *Min.* descent into or entrance to a mine, adit; 3) entrance, entry, inlet; gateway: mouth (of a harbour); *E-Signal*, n. *Railw.* station or distant-signal, wp-signal.

Einbüßen, (str.) pl. **Einbüßen** m. 1) (the act of) falling in: falling down; downfall, ruin, fall; 2) *Horol.* detent; 3) *Opt.* incidence; 4) *Sport.* alighting (of birds on the fowling floor); 5) *Lock-sm.* catch; 6) entry (of light into a room, &c.); *fig-s.* 7) invasion; inroad, raid, irruption, descent (in *with Acc.*), on, upon; 8) fancy, conceit: idea, thought; freak; der witzige —, flash or sally of wit; ein lustiger —, a merry conceit, a droll idea; ein wunderlicher —, a whim, freak, oddity, crochets, caprice, maggot; ein glücklicher —, a lucky hit; er kam or geriet auf den —, he took it in his head; er hat Einfälle wie ein altes Haus, coll. he has pitiful fancies in his head; einen — haben or bekommen, to take a fancy.

Einbüßen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to fall in or into; to fall down or to rain, to decay; to sink: rett' dich! das Haus fällt ein! save yourself! the house is falling; der Himmel wird niemals —, the sky will never fall; 2) *Meck.* to fall upon, to catch (as the stop in a clock, &c.); *fig-s.* 3) to waste away; 4) to make inroads, to invade; to make a descent on ... (from the sea, &c.); 5) a) *Mus.* to fall in with, to join, come in; b) to strike, cut, or come in (in conversation), to interrupt; 6) to come on, to happen, to break or set in (as bad weather, &c.); 7) to perch, to roost; 8) (with *Dat.*) to fall, come into the mind, to come to remembrance, to occur, strike: wie es ihm gerade einfiel, as the humour seized him; das ist mir nie eingefallen, I never dreamt of it, that never entered my head or mind: was fällt dir ein? what is it has thus come over you? sich (*Dat.*) — lassen, to think of, to take into one's head; eingefallen, p. a. fallen, sunken (eyes), hollow, hollow-cheeked; c-bes Gesicht, 1. *Archit.* skylight; 2. *Opt.* incident light; II. tr. sich (*Dat.*) den Schädel —, to split one's skull by a fall; das —, v. s. (str.) n. 1) (act of) falling in, &c.; 2) *Mar.* — der Jnhöfger, tumbling home of the top-timbers, housing-in; 3) *Opt.* incidence; 4) *Mus.* ripieno.

Einbüßen, (str.) m. pl. T. small slates for the gutters of roofs. [see also Einfall, 2].

Einbüßen, (str.) m. T. catching-hoof, **Einbüßen**, *adj.* about to fall (down), tottering, falling to ruin.

Einbüßen, (w.) f. 1) simplicity; simpleness; — des Herzens, single-heartedness, innocence; 2) silliness, simplicity (of a child); *E-Spinfel*, m. *conf.* simpleton, dolt, block-head, wiseacre, booby, noodle, numskull, idiot, oaf.

Einbüßen, (w.) v. tr. to lay into small folds, to fold, plait.

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fence in a garden (with a wall, &c.); II. *intr.* Sport, to catch, lay hold (with the fangs).

Einfangschaufel, (*w.*) *f.* Small shovel.

Einfärbig, I. *adj.* of one colour, one-coloured, plain; *Paumf.*, &c. monochromatic; e-er Grund, uniformly dyed ground; ein e-s Gemälde, *Baumf.* monochrome; II. **E-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* the being of one colour only.

Einfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to enclose, encompass; einen Brunnen —, to curb a well; b) to put or set in a frame, to frame; to mount; c) to encase, set (jewels); d) to put in a wrapper, envelop; e) to lace, edge: to line, skirt, border, welt; to bind (carpets, shoes, &c.); mit Spitzen —, to trim with lace; 2) to barrel, tun, to put in casks, &c., to sack; 3) *See*, to hive, put into a hive.

Einfassung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of enclosing, &c. *cf.* **Einfassen**; 2) a) inclosure: curb, frame, or wall (round the mouth of a well); embankment (of a river); border, trimming, edge, welt; mounting; b) *Bauk.* aa) architrave —, architrave-dressing; bb) (an Thür und Fenster) jamb: window-sill; architrave; d) *Typ.*, &c. bordering, framing, frame, framework; c) *Jewel.* the setting (of jewels); f) *Gard.* (box-)jodging; & *Spallerie*, *f.* *Fort.* envelope.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Law*, to put to mast or pinnage, to agist. — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* *Law*, agistage, agistment.

Einfüllen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill into.

Einfesseln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put in irons, in chains.

Einfetten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to oil; to grease.

Einfärben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to soak, steep, wet, moisten.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to make or light a fire (in a stove); b) *fig.* **Einführen** —, to excite, inflame, to stir up; 2) to fire or shoot at ...; wir feuerten wieder auf sie ein, we gave them a brisk charge.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. refl.* 1) to come, appear, arrive, to be present; to meet; sich auf seinen Posten —, to find one's self at one's post; sich bei einem —, to make one's appearance, to present one's self at a person's house, &c. (*cf.* sich Einfüllen): viele Personen hatten sich zum Concert eingefunden, many persons had come to hear the concert; 2) *see* **Einführen**.

Einführen, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Einführen**.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to perforate (needles). **Einführen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to plait, braid (hair, &c.), interweave (strands, &c.); to interlace, intertwist, intertwine; 2) *fig.* to put in, insert, interweave; interlard; to mention by the way; sich —, to intermeddle.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to patch in; 2) *fig.* to put or foist in; to insert, interline; II. *refl.* sich bei jemand —, to insinuate one's self into a person's favour.

(*sty* in.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to show in or into: (mit) — *essen*, *fig.* to make casual mention of; to drop, throw, or put in (a word, remark); 2) *fig.* auf (with *acc.*) — (*l. u.* *for* Einfluss haben), to influence (*often used by Grimm*: es gibt in der sprache nichts kleines das nicht auf das groesse einflüsse, *WB. LIV.* *cf.* **XXX.**).

Einführen, (*str.*) *adj.* infusible.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to instil, infuse; 2) *fig.* to infuse, to imbue with (good principles, &c.); to inspire (with courage, a secret horror, &c.); to excite (a desire); **Wittich** —, to touch with pity; **Respect** —, to impress with respect. — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* institution, infusion, &c.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Bauk.*, &c. to arrange, arrange (*T. Tisch.*). [*of*] lying in. **Einführen**, (*str.*) *pl.* **Einführen** *m.* (the act

Einführen, *adj.* having but one wing or fold, monoplerous.

Einführen, (*str.*) *m. pl.* *Nat.* monoplerans, monoplerans.

Einführen, (*str.*) *p.* **Einführen** *m.* 1) a) flowing in, *cf.* **Einführen**; influx, infusion; 2) *fig.* influence, power, interest, credit; — auf (with *acc.*) ... haben, *insern*, *haben*, to have effect on (upon), to affect; to exert influence on, to influence, to sway; einen großen — ausüben, to wield an extensive influence (auf, over); diese Gründe hatten großen — auf ihn, these arguments had great weight (*coll.* went a great way) with him; er hat seinen — auf diesen (or bei diesem) Fürsten, he has no influence with (or over) this prince; (sich) — bei ... geltend machen, to use, exercise, put forth one's influence with (over) ...; unter dem — von ... stehen, to be influenced by ...; — reich, *adj.* influential; — röhre, *f.* ingress pipe; *Med.* injection pipe.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einnahme*) to whisper, suggest, prompt; to insinuate.

Einführen, (*w.*) *f.* a whispering, suggestion, prompting; insinuation, innuendo; die schmeicheleichen Ein- der Götter, the flattering whispers of vanity.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to call in, fetch in, get in, collect in (outstanding debts), to demand (payment). — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of calling in, &c.

Einführen, I. *adj.* 1) uniform; 2) monotonous, undiversified, dull; II. **E-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) uniformity; 2) monotony, sameness.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Law*, 1) to turn (ground) into a forest or woodland, to afforest (**Verforsten**); 2) to give (one) a share in a forest.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* coll. 1) to eat up; 2) *fig.* to swallow, devour (one's vacation, &c.); II. *refl.* to penetrate by corroding, to eat one's way into; III. *intr.* to eat into.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Ein- führung*) to hedge in, fence in, enclose, rail (off). — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* fence, inclosure, hedge (*zaun*); paling, rail-fence; lebendige —, quick-(set)-hedge; frame.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Ein- führung*) to freeze in, to freeze fast; eingefroren, *p. a.* *Mar.* ice-bound.

Einführen, **Einführen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Join* to rabbit, to join together, *Corp.* to trim in, dovetail; 2) *Mar.* to splice; c) *Med.* to inoculate; 3) to insert; to fill in. — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* a joining to, into, &c.; insertion.

Einführen, (*w.*) *f.* import, importation; bringing in, housing (of corn, &c.); *in comp.* — *artikel*, *m. pl.* imported or import goods, articles of importation, import articles, imports.

Einführen, *adj.* importable.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to import (also *intr.* to be an importer), bring in (goods); wieder —, to re-import; verbotene Waaren —, to contraband, smuggle; 2) a) to show in or into, to lead in; usher in, to introduce; können Sie mich bei Z. 3. —? can you introduce me to the family of Z. 3. b) *vulg.* to imprison (thieves); *fig.* 3) to introduce, establish, to set up (customs, &c.); 4) in ein Amt —, to instal, invest, induct, inaugurate; 5) to initiate (into a science); 6) einen Gefallen —, to help a journeyman to work; eingeführt, *p. a.* *fig.* established, received (as a custom, &c.).

Einführen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) importer (of goods), importing merchant; 2) introducer; inductor; usher, &c.

Einführen ..., *in comp.* — *handel*, *m.* import-trade, passive commerce or trade; — *liste*, *f.* *see* — *register*; — *prämie*, *f.* bounty on importation; — *register*, *n.* — *tabelle*, *f.* statement of the importations; contents of a ship's cargo, bill of entry.

Einführung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) importation (of goods); 2) introduction; 3) (in ein Amt) installation, investiture, inauguration, induction; **E-einsetz**, *f.* *Spinn.* taker-in, haker-in (*Spinnungsseile*).

Einführen ..., *in comp.* — *waaren*, *f. pl.* *see* — *artikel*; — *zoll*, *m.* (duty of) entry, external taxes.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill up, pour in; to barrel up, cask, *cf.* **Einführen**, 2; in Flaschen —, to bottle, to rack off. — **Einführung**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of filling up, &c.

Einführen, *adj.* one-footed.

Einführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Agr.* to make furrows in, to furrow. [*place*]

Einführen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) gateway; 2) landing.

Einführen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) delivery, presentation; 2) memorial presented, address, return, minute.

Einführen, (*str.*) *pl.* **Einführen** *m.* 1) entrance: a) the act of going in, entering; *Comm.* receipt (of a commission, a consignment, &c.); b) entry, inlet, ingress, access; *Wassgang* —, egress and ingress (regrowth); *Anal.* passage; mouth; *Comm.* 2) importation, entering (of goods); 3) getting or coming in (of payment), payment (of a draft); *den* — *besorgen*, to effect the encashment; *fig.* 4) introduction, entrance, opening, produce, preamble; prologue; beginning, exordium; *Mus.* introduction, prelude; 5) hearing, ear; approbation, consent, *cf.* **Wahr**; — *finden*, to find favour; — *der Würde*, *Rom. Oest.* introit; *Comm.* 2. nach —, upon entry, on receipt; on payment, when in cash, when received; — *verhalten*, reserving due payment; — *ver-schaffen* (with *Dat.*), to introduce.

Einführen, I. *adj.* 1) finding entrance, acceptance, being received with favour, &c., acceptable; 2) entering fully into a subject (**Einführen**, *ausführlich* &c.), thorough. **Einführen**, *adv.* (*l. u.*) in or at the beginning; *die* — *crännte* *Stirne*, the above mentioned arm; *die* — *bedingeten* *Verhältnisse*, the circumstances mentioned above or promised.

Einführen ..., *in comp.* *Comm.* 2. — *buch*, *n.* book of entries; — *decleration*, *f.* bill of entry; — *gewicht*, *n.* landing-weight; — *porte*, *f.* — *ther*, *n.* — *thür*, *f.* entrance-gate, (door of) entrance; — *rede*, *f.* prologue; — *zoll*, *m.* entrance-hall, entrance-calculation; — *zoll*, *m.* *see* — *verware*; — *zoll*, *m.* entrance (or inward) duty, (duty of) entry, *cf.* **Einführen**; — *zollverrechnung*, *n.* *see* — *decleration*.

Einführen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einnahme*) 1) to give or administer (physic); 2) *fig.* to prompt, suggest, dictate; unmittelbar —, to inspire; 3) to deliver, exhibit, present (*ein* *Wittich* *bei* ..., a petition to ...), to prefer (a bill against ...), to bring, enter, or lay (an action against ...); *Vericht* —, to lodge information; 4) *see* **Einnahme**.

Einführen, (*str.*) *m.* prompter, &c.

Einführen, *p. a.* 1) a) fancied, suppositions: imaginary, ideal; b) visionary; fantastical, chimerical; *die* — *Größe*, *Wurzel*, *fig.* imaginary or impossible quantity, root; *die* — *c* *Rechnung*, *Comm.* simulated account; 3) (self-)conceited, proud, presumptuous, overbearing; selfwise.

Einführen, (*str.*) *n.* a present made to a godchild (*cf.* **Einführen** & **Einsetzen**, *Verheirathung*).

Einführen, I. *p. a.* *Bot.* infected (*cf.* **Einführen**); II. **E-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* dovexity.

Einführen, I. *p. a.* 1) *Thool.* only-begotten; 2) native, indigenous; **E-e**, *m.* & *f.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) native; *pl.* aborigines; II. **E-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* unigenitate.

Einführen, *p. a.* *see* **Einführen**; *des* **E-e**, (*decl. like* *adj.*) capital put in: (*des* *c* —

Bermügen einer Frau marriage portion or good, dowry; paraphernalia.

Eingebung, (*w. f.* 1) the (act of) giving or administering, *acc.*; 2) *Ag.* incitement, suggestion, prompting, dictate, (*gen. pl.*) dictates; göttliche —, divine inspiration; er handelt nach augenblicklicher —, he acts from the impulse of the moment.

Eingebürger, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) denizen, one naturalised.

Eingebürt, (*w. f.* the (state of) being a native of a country; *E-recht*, *n.* right possessed by the natives of a country; naturalisation.

Eingeburt, *adj.* (*with Gen.*) mindful (of), recollecting, remembering, bearing in mind.

Eingekleidet, *p. a.* incarnate; *Ag-s.* ein *c-er* Xerfel, a devil incarnate; ein *c-er* Eckerle, a rogue in grain; ein *c-er* Republikaner, a republican in grain, *cf.* *Augenmacht*, *p. a.*

Eingehen, (*irr.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to enter, go in; walk in: *c-b*, *Geom.* & *Fort.* re-entering (angle, *opp.* *Auspringen*); 2) to come in: *a*) to arrive; *b*) *Comm.*, *acc.* to come to hand (of orders); to be imported: *c-b* Waren, imported goods; *c-b* Briefe, in-coming letters; *c-b* Frucht, homeward freight; *c-b*es Gewicht, *see* *Eingangsgewicht*; *c*) to be paid; to be taken up (of bills); eingegangen in cash, cashed, paid; eingegangene Gelder, receipts; *d*) to come to hand; 3) to shrink; to be lost (beim Aufsparen, in unpacking); 4) *a*) to be discontinued; sein Geschäft ist eingegangen, his business has come to a stop; *b*) to wither, decay, die, perish; *c*) to fall to ruins, to decay: *Ag-s.* 5) (*with auf* [*with Acc.*]) *a*) to agree to or upon, to subscribe, consent, yield, accede to, or accept of, to comply with (conditions); *b*) to enter into, sympathise with (the feelings of, *acc.*); to enter into, to descend to (particulars); 6) to dive, search (in [*with Acc.*], into); bei jemandem auf- und - in, to frequent one's house; das geht ihm schwer ein, he learns that with difficulty; he cannot comprehend that; viel will mir nicht —, this will not (go) down with me; da geht dir das Leben in fleißig ein (*Sinn*), there (*f. a.* on the Rhine) thy stream of existence too sweetly flows; — lassen, to leave off, drop, give up; *Comm-s.* einen Artikel — lassen, to discontinue the selling, manufacturing, or importation of an article; to let go or drop an article; ein Geschäft — lassen, to leave off or give up a business.

II. tr. 1) to accede or agree to ..., *acc.* *see* *intr.*, 5; einen Handel —, to make or conclude a bargain; einen Contract —, to enter into a contract; eine Ehe —, to contract a marriage; eine Verbindung —, to form an alliance; 2) *Comm.* *see* *I. 2.*

Eingehen, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) entering in, *acc.*; das — einer Ehe, contraction of a marriage.

Eingehend, *p. a.* 1) entering in, *acc.*; 2) entering into details, exact, exhaustive, searching, *acc.* (*Genen*, *Ausführlich*); eine *c-e* Untersuchung, a thorough investigation.

Eingefubet, *p. a.* afflicted.

Eingemacht, *pp.* of *Einnachen*, which *see*; *E-ck*, *n.* (*decl. like adj.*) preserved fruits, preserves; confect, confection (made from sugar or chocolate).

Eingensmen, *p. a.* (*cf.* *Einnahmen*) *Ag.* prepossessed, prejudiced, bigoted, (blindly) attached (für, to), partial (to), engrossed (by), taken or smitten (with); von sich selbst —, (self-) conceited; von fremden eigenen Ansichten —, opinionative, opinionative; ganz für etwas — sein, to be heart and hand for a thing; to be wrapped up in (a person); gegen etwas — sein, to be set against a thing; er ist dagegen —, he has taken a dislike to it; mir ist der Kopf ganz —, my head is quite giddy.

Eingensmenscheit, (*w. f.*) *f.* prepossession

(für, in favour of), predilection (for), inclination (to), (blind) attachment (to), *coll.* partiality (for); —fälliger Meinungen, opinion-ativeness.

Eingepfarrt, *pp.* joined to a parish; *E-c*, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) parishioner.

Eingefichte, (*str.*) *n.* Lock-sm. ward (of a lock).

Eingeflechtig, *adj.* Bot. unisexual.

Eingefesselt, *I. p. a.* 1) restrained, *acc.*; 2) *Ag.* narrow, narrow-minded, narrow-spirited; — leben, to live sparingly; — halten, to keep tight; *II. E-heit*, (*w. f.* 1) confinement; 2) *Ag.* narrowness.

Eingewesen, *p. a.* settled, established, residential; *E-c*, *m.* (*decl. like adj.*) a person settled in a place as a resident, an inhabitant.

Eingekündet, (*str.*) *n.* confession, avowal, admission; plea of guilt.

Eingestehen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to confess; 2) to acknowledge, admit, avow, to allow, grant, concede; eingestehener Maßen, avowedly, declaredly, as admitted.

Eingeführte, *p. a.* *Mus.* (of notes) belonging to the third octave of the entire scale: *c-c* C-Dur, *f.* third octave.

Eingeweibe, (*str.*) *n.*, *gen.* *pl.* Anat.-entrails, intestines, bowels, viscera, guts; zu dem *c-n* gehörig, intestinal, visceral; — lehre, *f.* splanchnology, enterology; — nerv, *m.* splanchnic nerve; — wurm, *m.* intestinal worm. [a place or thing (*cf.* *Gewächsen*).

Eingewöhnt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accustom to *Eingewöhnung*, *p. a.* (*cf.* *Einnutzsein*) (deep-) rooted, inveterate.

Eingezogen, *I. p. a.* (*cf.* *Eingehen*) retired, solitary, reclusive, reclusive; — leben, to lead or live a retired life, to live in retirement; *II. E-heit*, (*w. f.*) *f.* retirement, retiredness, solitariness, privacy, seclusion, reclusiveness.

Eingießen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pour in or into; to infuse; to cast in; 2) to seal, fasten in by means of lead, *acc.* mit Blei —, to lead.

Eingittern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enclose with a railing or iron bars, to grate.

Eingleisig, *adj.* (of a railway) consisting only of a single track or line, single-railed (*opp.* *Doppelgleisig*).

Eingraben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to dig in, to enter, to hide or lay in the ground; 2) *Eng.* to engrave, cut in; 3) to intrench; to dig ditches round ...; to cut, to make channels or furrows in ... *II. ref.* to burrow.

Eingreifen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to catch, look, indent, tooth (in [*with Acc.*], in); *Nach.* to gear together; *Build.* to catch-in (of stones); to grasp; 2) *Mar.* & *Reise.* to bite (as the anchor, the wheels); 3) *Sport.* to follow the track (of dogs); 4) *Ag.* to exert power or influence; to interfere (in [*with Acc.*], with), to interpose (in); to trench, intrutch, encroach (upon), to invade (a privilege); in einander —, *Ag.* to interlock, interpenetrate each other; das —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* act of catching, *acc.*; interference, interposition; thätiges —, agency.

Eingreifig, *adj.* *Forst.* measurable with the span of one hand (said of young trees, *opp.* *zu Klaffartig*).

Eingrenzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enclose in limits, to set bounds to ..., to limit.

Eingriff, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a catching upon, seizure; 2) *Nach.* catch; 3) *Ag.* encroachment, trespass (in [*with Acc.*], on), inroad; (for- cible) interference, intrenchment (on), invasion, usurpation; — thun, to break in upon, to intrude one's self into, *cf.* *Eingreifen*, 4.

Eingriffel, (*str.*) *m.* *Hord.* depthening tool.

Eingraben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingraben*.

Eingärte, (*str.*) *m.* *Hord.* depthening tool.

Eingärteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingraben*.

Eingärteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingraben*.

Eingärteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingraben*.

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Eingärteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingraben*.

Eingieß, (*str.* *pl.* *Eingüsse*) *m.* 1) infusion, instillation, a pouring in; 2) *Pharm.* potion, drench; 3) *Smelt.*, *Pound.*, *acc.* a) (ingot-)mould, cast; *b*) (—röhre, *f.* —röhre, *m.*) funnel, jet, channel; *c*) bell-mouth; *d*) ingot, lingot.

Eingießen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to cut down or up; 2) to insert like an axe, to hack into ...; die Zähne —, to fasten the teeth into the flesh, *acc.*; *II. intr.* to cut in or into.

Eingießen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Eingießen*.

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Einhäng, *adj.* 1) (from *Ein*, *num.*) *Bot.* monoclin; 2) (from *Ein*, *adv.*) *coll.* stay-at-home.

Einhängler, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* monoclin.

Einhäng, *adj.* *Build.* smoothed on one side only (of walls).

Einhängen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to heave, put on hinges, &c.; 2) *Typ.* to put (a form) into the press, to impose (a form).

Einheften, (*v.*) *tr.* to sew in, to stitch in; to sew together, to stitch; to file (papers).

Einhegen, (*v.*) *tr.* to fence or hedge in, enclose. — **Einhegung,** (*v.*) *f.* (the act of) fencing in; fence, enclosure; *Ö-friedt*, *n.* *Law*, right of enclosing (lands).

Einheilen, (*v.*) *tr.* to heal up in a wound. **Einheimen,** (*v.*) *v. ref.* to settle in a place, to make one's self at home.

Einheimisch, *adj.* domestic, native; home-made, home (commodities), intestine, *cf.* *Einländisch*; indigenous (plants); *Med.* endemic, vernacular: *ich bin hier* — I am at home here, this is my home: *eine im südlichen Europa etc. Pflanze*, a plant indigenous to Southern Europe; — *machen*, to naturalise, to domiciliate, domesticate; — *werden*, to be made domestic; to become domiciliated.

Einheimen, (*v.*) *tr.* *Agr.* to get in, to house. — **Einheimung,** (*v.*) *f.* (the act of) putting (a crop) into the barn.

Einheiraten, (*v.*) *v. ind.* & *ref.* to marry into, to get into by marriage.

Einheit, (*v.*) *f.* oneness; unity, unit; uniformity (of belief, &c.).

Einheitslich, *adj.* *fig.* united in one hand (administration, &c.); undivided; uniform.

Einheits... *in comp.* — *gebür*, *f.* single rate; — *gläubig*, *adj.* unitarian; — *lehre*, *f.* monotheism; — *preis*, *m.* a constant price; — *trieb*, *m.* *Pharm.* concentrativeness.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. I. ind.* 1) to make or light a fire (in a stove); — *lassen*, to order a fire; *es war heute Morgen so kalt, daß ich — lich*, it was so cold this morning, I had a fire; 2) *coll.* to cause (Ginn, one) anxiety or fear; *II. tr. pres.* to heat (for Ginn).

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *m.* stoker (Ginn).

Einheilen, (*v.*) *v. ind.* (with *dat.*) to prompt, to help, to assist the memory.

Einheiler, (*str.*) *m.* prompter.

Einheitsen, *I. adj.* unanimous, concurrent; harmonious; in unison; *II. adv.* unanimously, with one accord, by common consent; — *verfassen*, to act in concert; *III. G-fest*, (*v.*) *f.* unanimity; harmony; common consent.

Einheimen, (*v.*) *v. I. & ind.* 1) to put the drag-chain on ..., to skid, lock (a wheel); 2) to shack, hamper in. [*ear*]

Einheitslich, *adj.* having one handle (or Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to hang in, up.

Einheit, *adv.* along; — *gehen*, to go on or along; to carry one's self, appear: *ordentlich — gehen*, to go miserably clothed, to go ragged; *er geht wie ein Bettler* — he makes a beggarly appearance; *Reiz — fesseln*, — *Reizten*, to (walk with a pompous) strut, to stalk, sweep along; — *ziehen*, to move along or on.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr. pres.* 1) *pass.* for *Einheitsen*, which see *I. & 2*; 2) *find*, to gather (the vintage).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) *pass.* to dress, train, break in (a dog for hunting); 2) *coll.* *for* *Einheitsen*, — *selbst* by hypocrisy.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to incite one's Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* see *Einheitsen*.

Einheitsen, *adj.* *f.* single-cat (about *cf.* *Einheitsen*).

Einheitsen, *v. I. ind.* having but one handle.

Einheitsen, *v. tr.* 1) *pass.* to dress, break in, haul home (a sack reaped) 2) to roof (the *sch.*) to take in (a roof); *der Minder Mann* —, to strike the spirit-and yards; *c.* to run in

(the guns); *d.* to bring to, join, overtake (a ship); *ein Schiff* — *und vorbeifahren*, to take and leave a ship; 2) to go to meet; 3) *a*) to overtake, overcatch, overrun, overhaul, outrun, to come up with, to catch, join; *b*) to retrieve, repair (the time lost, &c.); 4) to fetch, get, obtain; *die Stimmen* —, to collect the votes; *Befehle* —, to require orders; *weitere Instruktionen* —, to ask for further instructions; *ein schiedsrichterliches Gutachten* —, to apply for arbitration; *das Urtheil* —, to demand sentence; *ärztlichen Rath* —, to send for medical advice; *Nachricht hört (with Acc.)* —, to apply for advice, to inform one's self about ..., to gather information on [*of the jib*]

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *m.* inhauler (des *Stifters*), **Einheitsen,** (*v.*) *f.* *Mar.* train-tackle.

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einheitsen* (*n.*) 1) unicorn; 2) or — *fl.*, *m.* *Ichth.* a horned fish (having a horn on the forehead or growing out at the nose [*Nasus fronticornis* *C.* or *Alcid-ras monoceros* L.]; — *tenfel*, *m.* *Ichth.* sea-bat (*Mallo* [Lophius] *asperifido* L.); — *wall*, *m.* *Ichth.* horned narwhal, sea unicorn, unicorn-whale (*Monodon monoceros* L.).

Einheitsen, *adj.* unicornous.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. intr.* see *Einheitsen*.

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *m.* *Nat.* soliped, soldungulate. — **Einheitsen,** *adj.* whole-hoofed, soliped, soldungulate. [*cf.* *Einheitsen*].

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* (the act of) prompting, **Einheitsen,** (*v.*) *v. tr.* to wrap up, enwrap,

envelop, infold, involve, to veil; *fl.* —, to wrap (caddle) one's self up; *c-b*, *Adv.* involving.

Einheit, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) *†*, one, only, sole, see *Einheit*, *Einheit*; 2) united, agreeing, living in concord, living on friendly terms; — *geben*, *Comm.* to be conformable or in conformity; — *sein*, to be at one (with), to agree, to be friends; — *werden*, to agree, to come to an agreement (über *with Acc.*), on, upon, about, for the price, &c.), to conclude (a bargain, &c.); *das Cabinet ist über diese Angelegenheit* —, the cabinet is united on this measure; *mit sich* — *sein über* ..., to have made up one's mind on ...; *nicht mit sich* — *sein*, to be in two minds (ob ..., whether ...); *über (with Acc.)*, about ...; *er kann nicht mit sich* — *werden*, he could not make up his mind, he could not reconcile himself (to do it, &c.); — *machen*, to unite, to make (to agree).

Einheit, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* to unite, to make (to) agree; *II. ref.* to agree, to come to terms, to an understanding, to arrange.

Einheit, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *Einheit*, *Einheit*, *pro.* some, any; *einige wenige*, some few; *zwanzig und einige Jahr alt*, twenty (and) odd years old; *einigemaßen*, in some measure, in some degree, to some extent.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* unity, unanimity, union, concord, harmony, agreement. [*Einheitsen*].

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* union, agreement, see *Einheitsen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to inoculate; 2) *fig.* to implant; *cum* *fl.* *die* *Wasser* —, to inoculate (vaccinate) a child. [*nation*].

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* inoculation; *vaccination*, *adv.* *pres.* (*Stolz*; *for* *Einheit*).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to chase in, to drive in; 2) *pass.* to dress (a dog) for hunting, *cf.* *Einheitsen*, *II*; 3) *fig.* *Einheit* *hervor* —, to frighten, terrify, intimidate, to strike with a sudden fright, fear or awe, to strike terror into ...

Einheitsen, *adj.* 1) *a*) of one year, one year old; 2) *Adv.* *deciduous*; 2) *G-fest*, *v.* *Adv.* *deciduousness*.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to (put) to the fork.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* for *Einheitsen*.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *f.* to lay in time;

to dress, join with lime; to steep or to soak in limewater.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einheitsen*.

Einheitsen, *adj.* *Bot.* one-edged.

Einheitsen, *adj.* *Bot.* unicapular.

Einheitsen, *see* *Einheitsen*.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to feed with something previously chewed; 2) *fig.* (*Einheit* *twice*) to explain over-mindfully, *coll.* to hammer (something) into one's head.

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einheitsen* *m.* the (act of) buying, purchase: *ein (zufälliger) Billiger* —, a (chance) bargain; *im — fassst es*, the cost-price is; *fl.* *verpflichtet* *ben* —, she understands marketing, she is a clever buyer.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* to buy, purchase; to purvey, to provide (victuals, &c.); to go to market; *das heißt ich gut* —, that is what I call a good bargain; *II. ref.* *fl.* — *in (with Acc.)*, to buy a place in (an infirmary, an hospital).

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *m.* purchaser, buyer, purveyor; *caterer*; *E-in*, (*v.*) *f.* purchaser, &c., caterer.

Einheitsen... *in comp.* *Comm.* — *buch*, — *conts*, *m.* purchase-book, bought-book, purchase-accounts; — *geld*, *v.* purchase-money; — *preis*, *m.* first cost, prime-cost, cost-price, purchase-price; *jum* — *preise* *verkaufen*, to sell at first cost or for the purchase-money; *unter dem — preise* *verkaufen*, to sell under prime-cost; — *rechnung*, *f.* account of goods purchased, bill of cost. [*lassen*, *Einheitsen*].

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to score (Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* *T.* channel, hollow; chamber, flute (in a column); neck-gutter; row of gutter-tiles; flashing. [*for*, *flute*].

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to channel, cham-

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *m.* gutter-tile.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting up (at an inn); frequentation; 2) (place of) resort, baiting-place, inn, accommodation.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. ind.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to put up (in *with dat.*, at an inn), to turn in, alight, bait; 2) *fig.* to take up one's abode; *wann wird der Friede in meine Brust* —? when will peace visit my breast?

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to drive or wedge in, to fasten with wedges, to plug; *die Form* —, *Typ.* to quoin the form; 2) *fig.* to wedge or hem in.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to put in a collar; to lay in, to collar (wine, &c.).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to indent, notch, nick, jag; to score, tally; 2) *Handl.* to engrail; 3) *Chok.* *a) gomer*, to notch; *b*) to crimp (sh).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to imprison, incarcerate, to shut up in a) dungeon.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* imprisonment, confinement, incarceration.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to fasten to a small chain; to put the hump or clasp over the staple.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten to a chain; 2) *fig.* to fetter, enchain.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* *Law*, the equalization of children by different marriages with regard to their inheritance; adoption (*Einheitsen*, *pl.* children so equalized).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to fasten, to fix, seal (as wood or iron in a wall, by the use of cement), to cement.

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *f.* *coll.* for (a debt, &c.). — **Einheitsen,** (*v.*) *v. tr.* *Law*, to sue for (a debt).

Einheitsen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cramp, to fasten with cramp-irons; 2) to enclose (a word, &c. in brackets or brackets, to bracket; 3) *fig.* to enclose, embrace; to shut or close up.

Einheitsen, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einheitsen* *m.* *Aut.* & *fig.* unison, concordance, accord, accordance, harmony; *in — fassst*, to be concordant or in conformity, to chime in (*mit*, *with*), to be

consistent (mit sich selbst, with one's self; in — bringen, to adapt or accommodate (to), to make (something) harmonise, to make consistent (with), to reconcile (with, to); ich bin damit ganz in —, I quite accord therein; in — treten, to conform (to).

Einflappen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to fold, shut (up); 2) to join hands on a bargain; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) to clasp together; to fold (together).

Einflappig, *adj.* Bot. & Mech. having one valve (or shell), univalve, univalvular.

Einflanzig, *adj.* having one claw.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to glue, stick, paste in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to clothe, invest: to put into uniform; 2) a) *Eccl.* (of monks) to give the hood or cowl, (of nuns) to give the veil; sich — lassen, to take the hood or veil; einen Recruten —, to put a recruit into uniform; einen Todten —, to lay out a corpse; b) to install (in an office), to invest (with an office); 3) *fig.* to give a certain appearance or turn, to embody, dress: (in Worte) —, to word, to clothe with words.

Einflöschung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) clothing; 2) investiture, installation, instalment; 3) *fig.* dress or form (of a thing), wording.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to paste in (into); 2) *cont.* to grease (hair).

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to squeeze in, to pinch in, to cram in or into, to jam.

Einflößen, (str.) v. *intr.* to accord, to be unisonant, to chime in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. to put in or fasten the latch; eingeflößt, *pp.* upon the latch; II. *intr.* to catch (the latch).

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to beat or knock in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. *intr.* to heat (a stove) with logs.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to insert (a gag), to gag; b) to fasten with a gag; 2) *Mar.* ein Tau —, to put (a rope) in the becket, to fasten (it) by a wooden roller.

Einflößen, (str.) v. l. tr. to pinch in, to mark with the nail; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) *Stud.* *slang.* to stop at, or to frequent, an inn, to turn in. (to work (the dough) together).

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. *Bak.* to knead in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to fold in, over, or down 2) to break, crack; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) to break down, give way, fall; im Gehen —, to bend the knees in walking.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to button in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to make a knot in; 2) see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tie in with a knot; to tie up; 2) *coll.* to enjoin.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. to boil down (bis auf ..., to ...) to boil up to a consistence, to inspissate by boiling; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to grow thick (to be inspissated) by boiling; 2) to evaporate by boiling.

Einflößen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to come, arrive; to come or get in (of revenues, &c.); to be paid; *fig.* 2) to apply (bei, to), to present a petition (to), to petition, see (um, wegen, for); mit einem Blittschreiben —, to supplicate, bei..., to memorialise; mit einer Klage gegen Jemanden —, to bring an action, to prefer a complaint against one; dagegen —, to protest against; 3) *Law & Comm.* to declare one's insolvency, to fail; 4) to come into one's mind or head, to occur; wie sollte (es) mir —, how could I think (that, &c.); das laß mir nicht —, do not think of such a thing; don't take that into your head; don't presume to do anything of the kind.

Einflößen, s. (str.) n. 1) income, revenue, rent; produce, proceeds, profit; 2) *Mar.* see Einflößen, s. s.; 2; —liste, *f.* rent-roll; —steuer, *f.* income-tax. [arrived, immigrant].

Einflößen, (str.) m. stranger newly

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to put into baskets; to hive (bees).

Einflößen, (str.) n. Bot. one-grained wheat (*Trisetum monococcum* L.). [embody].

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to incorporate.

Einflößen, (w.) v. *intr.* to fall, come, or break down with a crash.

Einflößen, (w.) v. *intr.* & *refl.* to fix or to strike the claws into.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. to put or pack up (displayed wares); II. *intr.* see Einflößen, II.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to scratch into (on).

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to encircle, environ, surround.

Einflößen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to creep in; 2) to shrink, shrivel up; 3) *Mar.* der Wind kriecht aus und ein, the wind is variable, veers.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. *intr.* see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to slacken (said of the wind); gegen den Wind —, to sail with a scanty wind or close to the wind.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to scrawl or scratch in.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. pl. income, comings-in, revenues, rents, fruits.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to shorten by drawing in, to draw in, reduce; *Draw.* to fore-shorten; *Mar.* to warp (a ship).

Einflößen, (w.) f. shortening, reduction, &c. *cf.* Einflößen, *f.* *Mar.* warp.

Einflößen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to lade in, load in, to take in cargo; 2) to invite, ask, bid; ein für allemal eingeladen sein, to have a general invitation: c-b, p. a. *fig.* inviting, enticing, attractive; 3) *Law.* to cite, summon.

Einflößen, (str.) m. 1) one who loads goods, &c., a loader; 2) inviter, bidder.

Einflößen, (w.) f. 1) the lading (in), &c.; shipment; 2) invitation; *Law.* summons.

Einflößen, ..., in comp. —farte, *f.* invitation card, card of invitation: —platz, *m.* place for lading; quay, wharf; —fahrt, *n.* letter of invitation; —fahrt, *f.* 1) zu einer Feierlichkeit, program, programme of a public ceremony (at a college, university, &c.); 2) *Law.* summons.

Einflößen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) laying in, *cf.* Einflößen; 2) Tob. filler (of a cigar); 3) anything put within another: a) *coll.* (cravat-) stiffener; b) letter, &c. enclosed, enclosure; 4) stake (at play); 5) *Comm.* a) investment (of a capital); b) (—Capital) deposit, money deposited; capital advanced or invested, share, stock.

Einflößen, (str.) m. 1) lodging; quarters; 2) † (—recht) the right of taking up a lodging or quarters; 3) prison for debtors; 4) *Comm.* warehouse, magazine, repository.

Einflößen, (str.) m. soldier lying in quarters.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to quarter, lodge; to billet; *cf.* Einquartieren; 2) to warehouse, store (up, goods); eingelagert, p. a. *Geol.* imbedded, instratified, stratified between or among other bodies.

Einflößen, *adj.* see Einflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. see Einflößen; II. *intr.* see Einflößen.

Einflößen, *adj.* Bot. monocotyledonous; c-c Blanze, monocotyledon.

Einflößen, (str.) pl. Einflößen m. 1) a letting in, inlet; admission; admittance; *Mech.* injection: 2) place of ingress, wicket, small gate, postern

Einflößen, ... (from Einflößen), in comp. —band, *n.* *Weave.* feeding-aliver: —geiß, *n.* entrance-price, (price of) admittance: —farte, *f.* admission-ticket: —flappe, *f.* *Mech.* valve (in a machine): —ofen, *m.* furnace for melting copper: —preis, *m.* see —geiß; —röhre, *f.* *Mech.*

injection-slide; inlet-pipe: —flap, *n.* *Lock.* *sm.* flush-lock: —flüßel, *m.* see —flappe; —flüß, *f.* see Einflößen; 2; —flüß, *n.* *Weave.* feeding-cloth; —ventil, *n.* 1) *Mech.* exhaustion (suction)-valve; 2) expansion-valve: —walze, *f.* *Spinn.* feeding-roller (Einziehwalze); —zett, *m.* see —farte.

Einflößen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to let in, admit: 2) T. a) to set into a groove, put in, fix; to sink or trim in; to mortise; b) *Mech.* to countersink; c) to imbed, insert: nicht — wollen, to deny admittance; 3) *Med.* to immit: II. *refl.* (with mit, in, or auf [& Acc.]) to enter into (an engagement, an explanation, &c.), to engage (one's self), to embark in (metaphysical disquisitions, &c.); to join in ...; to deal or meddle with ...; to commit one's self to ...; sich auf die Klage —, *Law.* to answer (to) the plaintiff's declaration; sie hatte sich mit ihm eingelassen, she had got entangled with him; ich lasse mich darauf nicht ein, I will have nothing to do with it; auf solche Fragen lasse ich mich nicht ein, I shall not answer such questions; er kann sich sogar mit einigen Feinden in eine Verschwörung eingelassen haben, he may even have engaged in a plot with some enemies.

Einflößen, *adj.* entering into details, &c. see Eingehend, p. a. 2.

Einflößen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) letting in, admission, immission, &c.; 2) *Law.* the formal answer (of the defendant) to the plaintiff's declaration.

Einflößen, (str.) pl. Einflößen m. the (act of) coming in, entering, arrival: 2) anything that has come in or received; arrival.

Einflößen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) a) to come in, enter, arrive: b) *Mar.* in einen Hafen —, to enter or make a port, to sail into (or to fall in with) a harbour; to put, drop, or get into a harbour, to touch or call at a port; das Schiff ist wohlbehalten eingelassen, the ship has reached her port in safety; 2) *Comm.*, &c. to come to hand, to come in, to pour or drop in; 3) *Typ.*, &c. to shrink; —lassen, to shrink (flannel, &c.), to sponge (cloth); *Typ.* to keep in (type).

Einflößen, (str.) m. pl. see Beiflößen.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to wash, steep, or soak in lye, to buck.

Einflößen, (w.) v. tr. to proclaim the beginning of (a thing) by ringing the bells.

Einflößen, (w.) v. *refl.* 1) to accustom one's self to a certain mode of living; 2) *fig.* (with/in & Acc.) to adopt thoroughly, to make one's own, appropriate completely; to devote one's self wholly to ...; ander, die sich noch nicht in ihre Überzeugungen eingelassen hatten, others not yet fully established (or more recent) in their convictions; wir haben uns in diese Methode eingelassen, daily custom has rendered this method familiar to us; tief eingelassene Zustände, *Geist.* &c., a state of things of very old standing and familiarised to the people; laws, &c. that have worked themselves into habits.

Einflößen, ..., in comp. —bret, *n.* leaf (of a telescope-table): —brethen, *n.* veneer: —capital, *n.* see Einflößencapital; —beutel, *m.* *Privat.* inner tympan: —gabel, *f.* clasp-fork; —geiß, *n.* see Ausflößen; —messer, *n.* clasp-knife.

Einflößen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to lay in, put in; to enclose; 2) T. to inlay; to checker; to veneer; to imbed; eingelagte Arbeit, inlaid work; marquetry; 3) to tilt or couch (the spear); mit eingelagerter Range, lance in rest; altit: 4) to put or fold up, to turn inwards; 5) *Comm.* to lay in, put up, purchase (goods); 6) to preserve (in Zucker, with sugar, &c.), to put up (fruits); to salt, pickle (meat, cucumbers, &c.); 7) to put away (goods), *intr.* to

sions; b) receipt, income, revenue; proceeds, receipts; returns; in — stellen, to put down to receipts (income); c) (—stube, f.) receiver's office; 3) the taking possession (of a town, &c.), capture; die — Jerusalem, the taking of Jerusalem; — mit Ausgabe, receipts and expenditures; — mit Ausgabebuch, book or accounts of receipts and expenditures.

Einnehmen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to take in; to take, receive; to earn; 2) to capture, occupy; to take possession of; mit Sturm —, *Md.* to carry by storm; 3) to take (medicine or physic); *Ag.* to take, to put up, swallow (insults, &c.); 4) to occupy, take up (a position); to take up, fill (a space); *Ag.* 5) to possess, hold, fill (an office); 6) to captivate, charm, engage, win; to interest, attract; *Now.* die Eitel —, to furl the sails; *Holz, frisches Wasser, Reibsen, Stundensatz* —, to wood, water, coal, victual; eine Ladung, Güter —, to take in a cargo, to ship (goods), to put on board; Ladung — nach —, to (take in) freight for ...; Steuern —, to collect the taxes; er nimmt viel ein, he has a large income; das Mittagessen, Abendessen —, to take (one's) dinner (to dine), supper (to sup); die Eide nimmt einen großen Raum in großen Häusern ein, als man sich vorstellen kann, this affair takes up a larger space in great books than you can imagine; eine Neben Stelle —, to succeed to another's place; eine öffentliche Stellung —, to hold a public position; eine bedeutende Stelle —, to hold a conspicuous place, to fill an eminent station; den Kopf —, to become the head; gegen Jemanden —, to prejudice or set against one; für Jemanden —, to propose in one's favour; sich — lassen or den etwas eingenommen sein, 1. to be taken with; to have a partiality for; blind eingenommen, bigoted (für seine eigene), to one's place, &c.; 2. to be prejudiced by; diese Leidenschaft nahm ihn vollständig ein, that passion grew upon him.

Einnehmen, p. a. *Ag.* taking, engaging; winning, captivating; interesting; proposing.

Einnehmer, (str.) m. receiver, collector, gatherer (of taxes); — stelle, f., — posten, m. collector's post. [of a collector.]

Einnehmer, (w.) f. the office or house

Einnehmung, (w.) f. the act of taking in, &c., see **Einnehmen** & **Einnehmer**.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to moisten, to wet; to sponge (cloth).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* sein) to nap, to fall or drop off, or asleep.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to fix on the inside with rivets, to rivet.

Einnehmen, **Einnehmen**, (w.) v. refl. 1) to nest; 2) *Ag.* to nestle; 3) *coll.* to innuinate one's self. [press (one) to take.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to **Ein**, (w.) f. desert, wilderness, waste; solitude, desolate place. [ear.]

Einnehmen, *adj.* one-eyed, having but one

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to oil, to rub over or lubricate with oil.

Einnehmen, *adj.* *Bot.* one-paired, unijugate.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. I. tr. to pack up, put up, to bundle up (goods), to embale, hale; II. *intr.* *coll.* 1) to shut up shop, cf. **Einnehmen**; 2) — müssen, to be obliged to yield, give way, to hush or to be silent.

Einnehmen, (w.) f. the (act of) packing up, &c. [(a rope).]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to haul in

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to paper, to wrap up in paper; 2) *T.* to paper, to put pressing-boards in (the cloth).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to paste in.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to smuggle (in), to colour, to run (goods).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. I. tr. to fit into, adjust, to fix in; *Corp.* to trim in; II. *intr.* to fit (in).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* sein) to pass in, enter.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* 1) see **Einnehmen**; 2) *Stud. slang.* a) to train in fencing; b) *anal.* to coach, cram. — **Einnehmen**, (str.) m. crammer, grinder, coach.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to whip (one) into good manners, &c.), to beat into. [rind or shoulder.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Hort.* to graft in the

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to impale, to enclose, fence, or hedge with pales or stakes, to picket, to palisade.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to assign to (or unite with) a parish; eingeparrte Dörfer, villages belonging to a parish; die Eingeparrten, the parishioners. [pepper.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to (season with)

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pen, fold, impen; 2) *coll.* to coop up, to wedge, cram, or huddle together.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to plant; 2) *Ag.* to implant, instill, inoculate; eingepflanzt, implanted, innate, inveterate. — **Einnehmen**, (w.) f. 1) implantation; 2) inoculation.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to inclose with a pavement; 2) to put into or under a pavement.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to fasten with pegs.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Agr.* to plough in, to plough down.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to cork in; b) *Hort.* to ingraft; to inoculate; 2) a) (*Einem etwas*) to stuff, to cram with; b) to wedge or cram in, to squeeze into ...; 3) *Ag.* to implant.

Einnehmen, (str.) m. *Gew.* one-pounder.

Einnehmen, *adj.* of one pound; eine c-e *Ranze*, see **Einnehmen**.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Min.* to scoop (the water) with a mug and draw (it) up.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to fasten with pitch, to pitch (in).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* sein) to enter or come in as a pilgrim.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* ein Schiff —, to apply the sheathing-hair to a ship's bottom.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (*Einem etwas*) to talk (one) into (something), cf. **Einnehmen**, I; 2) to lull to sleep by talking. [*2.*]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. see **Einnehmen**, 1

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to pickle, corn, salt; to season, to brine; eingepickte Gewürze, dry-salted; souce; cf. **Einnehmen**.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to impress, imprint, stamp; 2) *Ag.* (*Einem etwas*) to inoculate, fix, enjoin, impress (something on, upon one), to imbue (one with).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. see **Einnehmen**.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. intr. (*aux.* sein) to fall down crashing.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. I. tr. to instill by preaching, to inoculate; II. *refl.* sich —, to acquire the routine of preaching. [or cram in.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to press, squeeze.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) *coll.* to beat into. [roughly.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to powder the

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to pump in, into.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. refl. *Entom.* to change into a chrysalis.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to quarter, lodge, billet (bei, on); sich —, to take up one's quarters (bei, with, at); Soldaten konnten nicht bei Privatfamilien einquartiert werden, soldiers could not be quartered on private families.

Einnehmen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) quartering, &c.; 2) soldiers quartered; 3) *Corp.* (*from Quartier*, 3) step-groove, step-notch (Einnehmung).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to soak, steep.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to squeeze in.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to twist, to beat in.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to take up hastily and irregularly.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to frame, put in a frame; to imborder; to tenter or rack (cloth).

Einnehmen, **Einnehmen**, (w.) v. tr. to ram or drive in or down.

Einnehmen [*—rängen*], (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to arrange in a series or row; b) to insert; 2) to enrol (recruits); 4) to sort (letters).

Einnehmen, (str.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to persuade (one into ...), to suggest (something to).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to season (a pipe); ein gehörig eingetauchter Meerschaum, a well-seasoned meerschaum. [to fumigate.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to fill with smoke.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to house, to put or move (furniture) into a house, room, &c.; to put up; to stow away; 2) *Ag.* (*Einem etwas*) a) to cede, yield, give up, consign over to ...; b) to grant, admit, concede; man —, to make some admissions; to allow, permit; *Einem einen Platz* —, to make room for one; *Einem ein Zimmer* —, to accommodate one with a room. — **Einnehmen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) housing, &c.; 2) cession; granting, admission, concession; allowance.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to whisper (something) to ...; to give secret intelligence to; laß dir nichts —, don't listen to any suggestions. [gather.]

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to rake in or to

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to include, take, or comprise in the same account; 2) to allow for, deduct, see **Einnehmen**, 1. — **Einnehmen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) including, &c. in the same account; 2) deduction, allowance, compensation.

Einnehmen, (w.) f. objection; remonstrance, reclamation; *Law.* exception, protest, plea; seine — no reply!

Einnehmen, (w.) v. I. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to persuade to, to talk over, to talk one into something, cf. **Einnehmen**; er hatte sich den Glauben eingegeben, he had reasoned himself into the belief (that, &c.); II. *intr.* 1) to interrupt in speaking; 2) to raise objections, contradict, oppose, remonstrate, protest.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to clew, brail up, reef (the sails).

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. to insert, register, enter, see **Einnehmen**, 3.

Einnehmen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to rub into; 2) *Med.* to embrocate, to moisten and rub a diseased or affected part; sein Bein mit Salbe —, to rub salve on one's leg; 3) *coll.* see **Einnehmen**, 5. — **Einnehmen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) rubbing into, &c.; 2) *Med.* embrocation.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. I. tr. to give or bring in; to present, deliver, lay before (a court, &c.), cf. **Einnehmen**, 3; der Richter richtete seine Entlassung ein, the minister tendered his resignation; II. *intr.* to cut (of horses). — **Einnehmen**, (w.) f. presentation, &c.

Einnehmen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to place in a line or row, to range, rank; 2) *Wass.* to (prepare for the) alais; 3) to lay into little plaits or folds; 4) to insert; 5) to enrol (recruits).

Einnehmen, *adj.* 1) *Thol.* single-breasted; 2) *Bot.* one-ranked, pointing one way.

Einnehmen, (w.) f. the (act of) placing in a line, &c., ranging, &c. cf. **Einnehmen**.

Einnehmen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to tear, break down or through, to rend; 2) to pull or take down, demolish; 3) to tumble, discompose; II. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to rend, burst, tear, split; 2) *Ag.* a) to spread, gain ground, creep in, to be prevailing or prevalent; b) es richt ins Geld or in den Bruch, it is an expensive affair.

Einnehmen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to break or

throw down by riding against; 2) to break in (a horse); II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to ride in, to make one's entry on horseback.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to set right or into joint, to reduce, set, or harness a limb. — **Eintreibung**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of setting, &c., reduction (of a dislocated joint).

Eintreiben, (*irr.*) *v. l. tr.* to break or knock down by running against; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to run in.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a*) to reduce to the proper direction; *b*) *Surg.* to set (fractured bones); 2) to arrange, order, regulate, fit (up), contrive, organise, institute, construct, prepare, appoint, direct, manage, dispose, settle, adjust, accommodate; to adapt; to model, fashion, shape; to organise: *einren leben* —, to set out a shop; *ein Haus* —, to fit up, furnish a house; *sein Ausgehen nach seinem Einkommen* —, to suit one's expenses to one's income; *ein Knecht* —, to arraign a writ; *Brüche* —, *Arith.* to bring fractions to a common denomination; *vermischte Brüche* —, to transform irrational into rational fractions; II. *refl.* 1) to settle, to establish one's self; to fit up one's lodgings; 2) to arrange or accommodate one's self according to one's circumstances; to prepare, to take measures (aux. *with Acc.*, for). [disposer.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* regulator, arranger, **Eintreibung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the act of arranging, fitting up, &c. *cf.* **Eintreiben**; *b*) *Typ.* (der Winkelhebel) justification; *c*) *Surg.* adjustment, setting, coaptation (of fractures); 2) *a*) contrivance; *b*) disposition, regulation; institution, arrangement; structure; system; machinery, mechanism; economy, organisation; *c*) household-establishment; fittings up; appliances. [or in.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bolt, shut up **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lay in ringlets. **Eintreiben**, (*str.*) *m.* rent, assured, slit, tear. **Eintreiben**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) entrance on horseback, the act of riding in; 2) see **Eintreiben**; 3) **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scratch into; to eat in. [tube.

Eintreiben, *adj.* having but one pipe or **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to roll up in ...; *ein-gerollt*, *p. a. Def.* involute.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to rust in; 2) to be covered with rust all over; 3) *fig.* to take root, to be inveterate; *eingewur-ten* *Uebel*, a deeply rooted or inveterate evil.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a*) to insert, put in; *b*) *Mech.* to engage, to ship (machinery); 2) *Typ.* to indent (a line); 3) (—lassen) to put into the public prints, to advertise, to have or get inserted; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) *a*) to enter, come or march in; in die Reihe —, *Mil.* to come (beim Marschieren, to fall) into rank; *b*) to fall in, to fall into the ranks; 2) to succeed to a place, to take possession. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) insertion, &c.; 2) advertisement, publication; *E-geschäft*, *pl.* money (or fees paid) for an advertisement.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to call in; *Comm.* to order back; 2) (at auctions) to buy in.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mix up or beat (eggs, &c.), to stir about; to temper, plash, water (lime, mortar).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to wrinkle, shrivel up, to shrink.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with soot. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shake in.

Eintreiben, (*ind.*) *cardin.* numb. one: *es ist mir alles* —, it is all one to me: — *ist* *Recht*, one thing is needful; — *um* *Wunder*, alternately, by (in) turns: — *um* *Wunder* *geredet*, one with another, at (or on) an average, by the bulk, in the lump, in the gross: *es ist nachgewiesen*, daß *die beiden* — *sind*, the

identity of the two is established; *Dinge*, wobei *Bitte* und *Gewährung* — *sind*, things which are granted as soon as asked for; II. *s. (w.) f.* the number one; III. *adj.* of the same opinion; agreed; — *sein*, — *werden*, to be at one, to agree (mit ... *um* ... with ... upon or for ...); to close (upon); *wider* — *werden*, to come round again; IV. *s. wessen wir* — *trinken*? shall we take a drop (drink) together? *laß uns* — *spielen*, *tanz* *z.*, let us play, dance (coll. foot it), &c. a little; *des* — *sein* (in *Waffen* *z.*), *oneness*.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* the seed or corn sown into the ground. [treasure, lay up.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pocket, hoard. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sack (up); to bag; to pocket. [the bag.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sow (seeds) into **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* see **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (in *ein* *times*) 1) to prompt, suggest; to induce, dictate; 2) *prom-ue*. *a*) (*S. G.*) for **Eintreiben**; *b*) (*N. G.*) for **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut or indent with a saw, to saw into ...; *eingesägt*, *p. a. Def.* serrate(d).

Eintreiben, *adj.* one-stringed; *ein* *es* *Strument*, monochord.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to anoint; to em-balm; 2) see **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to salt, pickle, to cure: *eingesalzene Lebensmittel*, *n. pl.* salt provisions. — **Eintreiben**, (*str.*) *m.* salter, &c. — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of salt-ing, &c.

Eintreiben, *adj.* solitary, lonely, secluded, alone, retired, sequestered, reclusive, desolate; private; single. [spermons.

Eintreiben, *adj.* *Def.* one-seeded, mono-

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* solitude, solitariness, loneliness, retiredness; secrecy, privacy, isolation.

Eintreiben, *adj.* *cf. ad.* *l. n.* for **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to gather in, to collect, glean, call; to lay up, acquire.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* gatherer, collector. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* gathering, &c.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to coffin, enclose. **Eintreiben**, *pl.* see **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, *s. l. (str.)*, *pl.* **Eintreiben** *m.* 1) *a*) the act of putting or setting in, &c. *cf.* **Eintreiben**; insertion; *b*) anything put in or inserted; 2) deposit, stock, stake; set (at dis-posing); 3) pledge, pawn; 4) set (of boxes, &c.); 5) see — *trieb*; 6) (*l. w.*) paragraph, advertisement (in a newspaper); 7) *T. a*) the putting the hides into the tan-pit; *b*) lot of hides tanned at once; 8) *Metall.* charge, heat; 9) *Booth.* sawing; 10) *T.* insertings (*Spitzen-grund*); 11) see **Eintreiben**; II. *in comp.* — *essen*, *n.* *Copper-ess.* horse; — *gewischt*, *n.* a set of weights, cup-weight, weights in nests or sets; — *hürung*, *f.* *Metall.* case-hardening; — *keffel*, *m.* *pl.* kettles in nests; — *preis*, *m.* starting-price (at auctions); — *trieb*, *f.* 1) *Pott* shaft; 2) *Chem.* beak (of an alembic); — *schup-ten*, *f.* *pl.* nest boxes; — *trieb*, *m.* *Flab.* store-pond, stock-pond; — *trieb*, *f.* *Metall.* charging-door.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* only. to bomire, dirty. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Bak.* to leaven;

2) Cook to put in vinegar, to (preserve in) pickle.

Eintreiben, *in comp.* — *aber*, *f.*, — *ge-füß*, *n.*, — *trieb*, *f.* *Anal.* absorbent vessel, *pl.* absorbents; — *mittel*, *n.* *Med.* absorbent.

Eintreiben, *l. (str.)*, *v. l. tr.* 1) to suck in; to absorb; 2) *fig.* to imbibe, to sponge; gute Grundsätze *eingetragen haben*, to be imbued with good principles; *c-d*, *p. a.* absorbent: *c-des Mittel*, *Med.* absorbent; II. *s. (str.)* *n.* 1) absorption; *das* — *der Boden* (eines Schiff-

schiff), *Mar.* the absorption of the sides (of a ship); 2) the act of imbibing, &c. [edge.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hem, border. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fall to sleep (of

brows). [box; to enclose, encase.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put into a **Eintreiben**, *adj.* *Conch.* & *Bot.* univalve, univalval.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to intercalate; to insert (*cf.* **Eintreiben**); to interpolate; *das* (ge-richtete) *eingetragene* *Zeilen* **Eintreiben**, *riders*; *ein eingetragener Tag*, an intercalary day; *heimlich* —, to interpolate, to sneak in.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* intercalation: *E-geschehn*, *n.* mark of a rider (*cf.* **Eintreiben**), caret (Λ).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fortify, en-trench, encase.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Ein* *times*) to incalate, enjoin, to press (a matter) strongly (on, upon); to enforce (a lesson, &c.). — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* incalation, injunction, &c.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scratch in; 2) to bury or hide in the earth; *sch* —, to earth (of badgers). [Wölfer, heteroscan.

Eintreiben, *adj.* heteroscan: *die* *c-r* **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to amuse.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to see into.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put in with a shovel, to shovel in.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rock to sleep. **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to soothe; *c-d*, *p. a. Def.* *vaginate*(d).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to pour in or out; to fill; *sch* *ein*! fill your glasses! *Ein-ner* *reinen* *Wein* —, *coll.* to tell one the plain truth; 2) to pour out the welcome cup to, to welcome (a new journeyman); II. *intr.* *Ein* *or* *der* *Ein* — *müssen*, *coll.* to yield, to give way, to be inferior to one.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Corp.* to mortise, tongue, sink; 2) *Mar.* to reeve.

Eintreiben, see **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bring into or to lay up in the barn, to house.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put into a layer or stratum, to (inter)stratify. [stratum.

Eintreiben, *adj.* having one layer or **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to send in, to present.

Eintreiben, *in comp.* — *essen*, — *gericht*, *n.* see **Eintreiben**; — *trieb*, *f.* *T.* clamp.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to shove, put, or push into; to put in or between, to slip, slide in (a word, &c.); to insert; 2) *T.* see **Eintreiben**; *Eintrahmen*, *l.*; *Einreiben*, *z.*; *Wort* —, *Bak.* to put the bread into the oven; *ein* *Schiff* *helle* —, to interpolate (or foist in) a passage; *cf.* **Eintreiben**.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who puts in, &c.; 2) *Chem.* obturator, closing-apparatus, lid.

Eintreiben, *in comp.* — *essen*, *n.* nest-table; — *essen*, *n.* bracket (*Stamm*).

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* insertion, parenthe-sis; *Gramm.* *apenthesia*.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* the act of putting in, &c., insertion; intercalation; interpolation.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to shoot in; to shoot down; to destroy by fire-arms or artillery; 2) to try (a gun) to season (a gun); 3) *a*) *Bak.* see (*Wort*) **Eintreiben**; *b*) *Wov.* see **Eintreiben**; 7; 4) *Ballet* in *ein* *Schiff* —, to ballast a ship; 5) *fig.* to put or pay in (money), to make a deposit; *das* *eingetragene* *Capital*, deposit; II. *refl.* to exercise one's self in shooting; to practise shooting.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to bring, put, or take on board, to ship, embark; II. *refl.* to go on board; to take (a) passage or shipping, to take ship; to embark; to sail (from).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* the act of embark-ing, embarkation, shipping.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see **Eintreiben**.

Einf'schirmen, (w.) v. tr. to (put into) harness.
Einf'schlachten, (w.) v. tr. to kill for domestic use or provision.

Einf'schlafen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to fall or drop asleep, to go to sleep, coll. to fall off; ich konnte gestern Abend nicht —, I could not get asleep last night; eingeschlafen sein, to be off or asleep; wider —, to relapse into sleep; der Diener hatte ihn gerufen, aber er war wieder eingeschlafen, the servant had called him, but he had gone to sleep again; 2) to die away, to die an easy death; 3) to be asleep or numbed (of limbs); der Fuß ist mir eingeschlafen, my foot is asleep; 4) *fig.* to fall into oblivion or disuse, to be dropped gradually, to be discontinued, *acc.* *cf.* **Eingehen**; — lassen, to leave off, drop, give up, discontinue; to neglect. [(bed.)]

Einf'schlafertig, **Einf'schlafsig**, *adj.* single
Einf'schlafen, (w.) v. tr. to adj. to sleep:
 1) to make sleepy or drowsy; 2) *fig.* to lull to sleep or into security, to quiet; e-d, p. a. soporific, narcotic, somniferous, somnific.
Einf'schlaffung, (w.) f. a lulling to sleep;
Einschliff, m. soporific, narcotic, opiate.

Einf'schlag, (str., pl. **Einf'schläge**) m. 1) the (act of) striking or driving in, *acc.* *cf.* **Einf'schlagen**; 2) a) the act of wrapping up; b) cover, wrapper; 3) letter, *acc.* enclosed; enclosure; 4) a turning in, *acc.*; tuck, plait, fold; 5) *Webe*, weft, woof, shoot; mule-twist (*opp.* water-twist); 6) haap; 7) see **Bauhschlag**; 8) *Comm.-w.* a) cooping, cooeping (of casks or barrels); b) cartage, portage, drayage, haulage; c) a stering, housing; 9) see **Weineinf'schlag**; dem Wein den — geben, see **Einf'schlagen**, I. 8, b; 10) pl. **Einf'schläge**, *Min.* horizontal openings of a stalm; 11) *fig.* advice, counsel, suggestion.

Einf'schlag(e)..., *in comp.* —faden, m. shoot-thread (*opp.* **Reifenfaden**); —garn, n. weft yarn; —messer, m. clasp-knife.

Einf'schlagen, (str.) v. i. tr. 1) to strike in, beat in, knock in, drive in (a nail, *acc.*); 2) to break in or open, to burst, open, or smash by a blow or blows; to knock down; eine Fensterscheibe —, to break a pane; einem den Schädel —, to knock a person's brain out; einem gegen den Boden —, to stave a cask; 3) *Cask*, to break or put in (eggs into a soup, *acc.*); 4) a) to wrap up, fold, envelop, to enclose, do or pack up, to cover, to paper; to bandage; b) to sack (corn); in Bälger —, to barrel (barlings, *acc.*); 5) to turn in, to fold, turn or double down (a leaf, *acc.*); ein Blatt (im Buch) —, to fold or turn down a leaf; die Arme —, to cross or fold one's arms; 6) *See*, to turn or tuck in (the edge of cloth, *acc.*), overcast, to make a tuck, to take in (a coat), *cf.* **Einsähen**; 7) *Webe*, to pass or shoot (the woof) across the warp; 8) a) to improve (wine) in colour or strength; b) to brimstone, sulphurate; to pearl (wine), *cf.* **Weineinf'schlag**; 9) *Sport*, *acc.* Jagdhunde bei Jemand —, to put bees to kennel with somebody; Schmeine —, see **Einknechten**; Birnen —, to hive bees; Bäume —, to earth the roots of trees; 10) einen Weg, eine Richtung x. —, a) to take a road; b) *fig.* to strike out a road, to take a course; to adopt (a mode of proceeding, a policy, *acc.*), to choose (a manner of life); ich habe alle möglichen Wege eingeschlagen, I have tried all possible means; auf dem eingeschlagenen Wege verharren, to hold on one's course.

II. intr. (aux. haben) 1) to clasp or shake hands (as a token of agreement); ichlag ein! give me your hand upon it! shake hands over it! 2) to dig in, to break ground; *Min.* to begin to work a mine; 3) to strike (as lightning); durch — (des Blitzes) verursachter Schaden, loss occasioned by fire from lightning; 4) nach einem Dache —, to dig a badger; 5) *fig.* to belong to; to have re-

ference to; to concern (*with in* (& *Acc.*)); dich schlägt nicht in mein Fach ein, this does not fall under my department, that is not within my province; that does not come in my line of business; **III. intr.** (aux. sein) 1) *Pass.* to sink in (of colours), *cf.* **Durchschlagen**, **III.** 1; 2) to be checked (of diseases); 3) to turn out, succeed, take or thrive well; to prosper; *Ausb.* to yield a good crop; das Spiel schlug ihm ein, the play was in his favour; nicht —, to turn out badly; to prove a failure; to miscarry; dies Fabricat schlägt nicht ein, this manufacture does not take. — **Einf'schläger**, (str.) m. 1) T. ore-digger; 2) working-miner who puts the ore into the bucket; 3) woodman who piles up the wood in heaps.

Einf'schläge..., *in comp.* —papier, n. wrapping-paper; —seide, f. shoot-silk; —span, m. splinter dipped in sulphur; *cf.* **Einf'schlagen**, I. 8, b; —tuch, n. Tail, dressing cloth.

Einf'schlägig, *adj.* belonging or having reference to something; competent (authority).

Einf'schleichen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) or *refl.* 1) to sneak, slide, slip, steal, creep in or into; *fig.-s.* 2) to creep or steal in; sich bei Jemandem —, to steal (creep) into one's favour; Verleihen schleichen sich in Bücher ein, corruptions creep into books; ich weiß nicht, wie sich der Irrthum hat in meine Überzeugung — können, I do not know how the mistake could have crept into my translation; es haben sich einige Irrthümer in Ihre Rechnung eingeschlichen, some errors have found their way (have slipped) into your account; 3) to insinuate one's self, to worm one's self into (one's favour, *acc.*).

Einf'schleieren, (w.) v. tr. 1) to veil, wrap up in a veil; 2) *Ecol.* to give the veil to (a novice about to enter a nunnery), *cf.* **Einschleieren**; sich — lassen, to take the veil.

Einf'schleifen, v. tr. I. (str.) to grind, out in or on (a glass, *acc.*); **II. (w.)** 1) to bring in upon a sledge; 2) to drag in; 3) to smuggle in.

Einf'schleppen, (w.) v. tr. I. a) to drag in; *Mar.* to tow (into port); b) see **Einschleifen**, 3; 2) to bring in or introduce (a disease into a country, *acc.*). [throwing (from a sling).]

Einf'schleubern, (w.) v. tr. to break by
Einf'schleusen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to lock (in), lock up, shut in or up; to confine; in ein Zimmer —, to closet; mit Mauern —, to wall (in); in ein Futteral —, to encase; in ein Vult —, to desk; mit einem Gelande —, to enroll; mit einer Faser —, to hedge in; eingeschlossene Luft, close air; 2) a) to enclose; to encompass, surround; b) *Mil.* to block up, invest (a town), to surround; c) (in Klammern —) to put, enclose (in brackets), to include (in crotchets, *acc.*); 3) *fig.* to embrace, include, comprise; schließt mich in euer Gebet ein, remember me in your prayers; **II. intr.** to shut close, to fold in, to fit, to catch.

Einf'schleuser, (str.) m. one who locks up, *acc.*; T. upper part of the chamber of a pump.

Einf'schließlich, *adv.* inclusively, including, inclusive of.

Einf'schließung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) locking up, *acc.*; confinement; *cf.* **Einschließen** & **Einschluß**; 2) *Mil.* investment, blockade; *E-schließen*, n. *Typ.* bracket, crotchet; *cf.* **Klammer**, 2.

Einf'schlingen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to sling, to put into a sling; 2) to draw in hastily, to swallow up greedily. [to alit.]

Einf'schlingen, (w.) v. tr. to cut lengthwise,
Einf'schlingen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to swallow (up), gulp down; 2) to absorb; 3) see **Einschlucken**, 4.

Einf'schlummern, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. sein) to drop, fall, or sink into a slumber, *acc.*, see **Einschlafen**; *fig.* to die an easy death; eine Sache — lassen, to let a matter drop, to drop a matter; **II. tr.** see **Einschlaffen**.

Einf'schleppen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to glide, slip, or slide in, *cf.* **Einschleichen**.

Einf'schleulen, (w.) v. tr. to slip in (a fluid).

Einf'schluß, (str., pl. **Einf'schlüsse**) m. 1) the (act of) including, *acc.* *cf.* **Einschließen**; inclusion; 2) enclosure; 3) any thing enclosed (as a letter); also —, under cover; mit —, inclusive (ly); ... included; von Mittwoch bis mit — Sonntag, from Wednesday to Saturday inclusive; mit — der Kosten, including (inclusive of) the charges; —Kammer, f., —zeichen, n. see **Einschließungszeichen**. [grease: 2) to oil (wool).]

Einf'schmalzen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to (rub with)

Einf'schmalzstrich, (str., pl. **E-schträge**) m.

Cloth-m. oiling-trough.

Einf'schmeicheln, (w.) v. *refl.* (with *bei*) to insinuate or ingratiate one's self (with); to creep or steal (to worm one's self) into one's favour; to steal on one's affections; e-d, p. a. insinuating, winning. — **Einf'schmeielerung**, (w.) f. insinuation, ingratiation.

Einf'schmeißen, (str.) v. *vulg.* for **Einswerfen**.

Einf'schmelzen, v. I. (str.) intr. (aux. sein) 1) to melt down, to get reduced in melting; 2) *fig.* to diminish, to become reduced; **II. (w. & str.)** tr. to melt down (plate, *acc.*).

Einf'schmettern, (w.) v. I. intr. to fall with a crash; **II. tr.** to knock down with a crash, to smash (in).

Einf'schmieden, (w.) v. tr. to put into irons, to enchain (an offender, a criminal).

Einf'schmiegen, (w.) v. *refl.* 1) to bend inwards; to cling to; 2) *fig.* a) to give in to ...; b) *cf.* **Einschmiehen**.

Einf'schmieren, (w.) v. tr. 1) to smear, grease, anoint, lubricate; mit Öl —, to oil; *vulg.-s.* 2) to scrawl over; 3) see **Einschmieren**.

Einf'schmuggeln, (w.) v. tr. see **Einschmuggeln**, 2.

Einf'schmutzen, (w.) v. tr. to foul, soil,
Einf'schmutzen, (w.) v. tr. to buckle in.

Einf'schnappen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to snap in, to catch. [bolt.]

Einf'schnappfeder, (w.) f. *Horol.* spring-
Einf'schnarren, (w.) v. intr. to fall asleep with a snore.

Einf'schneide, (w.) f. *Turn.* a one-edged
Einf'schneide... (*from* **Einschneiden**), *in comp.* —bede, f. *Bauk.* sound-floor, sound-

boarding, false ceiling (**Einschub**); —maschine, f. see —gang.

Einf'schneiden, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to cut in, into, to notch, indent, carve, incise, *cf.* **Einscherben**; b) *Swy.* to remove restriction in ... by incision; 2) to cut up (bread, *acc.* in order to put into a soup, *acc.*); 3) *Bookb.* ein Buch —, to let the bands into the back; **II. intr.** 1) to cut in, (*auch fig.*) to cut; seine Worte schnitten um so tiefer ein, je weniger man sie von ihm erwartet hatte, his words cut the deeper, the less they were expected from him; 2) *Typ.* to bite; e-d, p. a. incisive; trenchant; telling; eingeschritten, p. a. *Bot.* incised, notched, gashed; das Eingeschrittene, *Cook.* fricassee.

Einf'schneide..., *in comp.* —fäße, f. book-

binder's hand-saw; —gang, n. T. fuse-engine; screw- or wheel-cutting engine.

Einf'schneidig, *adj.* one-edged; der e-e Bohrer, single-cutting drill; Degen, back-sword.

Einf'schneidung, (w.) f. the (act of) cutting in or into, *acc.* *cf.* **Einschneiden**; incision.

Einf'schneien, (w.) v. tr. to snow up, to cover all over with snow, to bury in snow; die Reisenden waren an ihrem Wege zur Stadt eingeschneit worden, the travellers had been snowed up on their way to town; eingeschneit, p. a. snow-bound.

Einf'schnitt, I. (str.) m. 1) incision: a) the (act of) cutting in, *acc.* *cf.* **Einschneiden**; b) cut, back, indentation, notch, *cf.* **Serbe**; *Railw.* *acc.* a cutting (**Durchschuß**, 2); 2) *Mil.* embrasure, port-hole; 3) *Lock-w.* tooth (of a key-bit);

4) *Nach*, *Endom*, &c. segment; 5) *Post*, *omura*; 6) *Nus*, a phrase or imperfect musical sentence; 7) *Bau*, cut; 8) *Mar*, bight; 9) *Agr*, harvest; 11. *in comp.* — *bede*, see *Einschneidebede*; — *meißel*, *m. Join*, ripping-chisel, jagger; — *meßer*, *n. Surg.* bistoury; — (8) *öffle*, *f. Railw.*, &c. bottom of a cutting; — *stier*, *n.* insect.

Einschnitten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut, carve in or into.

Einschnupfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sniff in (up). **Einschnüren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lace; to put, mail, tie up, cord; *cf.* *Einschnüren*.

Einschöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to draw up, to draw, fill, to ladle into.

Einschränken, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to bound, narrow in, limit, confine, circumscribe, restrain, curb, restrict (*auf* *with Acc.*), to stint (*auf*, to); to check, retrench; to curtail; *cf.* *beschränken*; 2) *Ag.* to modify, qualify; 11. *ref.* to retrench; to draw in, reduce one's expenses and wants; *sich auf das Nötigste* —, to confine one's self to the most needful, to restrict one's self to necessities; *sehr eingeschränkt leben müssen*, to be reduced to a small pittance; *eingeschränkte Monarchie*, limited monarchy; — *c. b.*, *pp. & adj.* (exactly) limiting, restrictive (clause, &c.).

Einschränkung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) limitation, restriction; check, restraint; 2) retrenchment, reduction of expenses; 3) *Ag.* modification, qualification; reservation, reserve; mit —, in a qualified sense, restrictively.

Einschrauben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to screw in, to fasten with screws.

Einschrecken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to frighten or terrify (one) into silence or compliance, *cf.* *Einschüchtern*.

Einschreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to enter, to write in or down; to book (down), to note; to enlist, enroll, inscribe, register (*auch* *Pass.*, *formally* *Anschreiben*); to matriculate; *eingeschrieben*, *p. a.* registered (of letters, &c.); *sich* —, to enter one's (own) name; *sich* — *lassen*, 1. to give in one's name; 2. *Pass.* to book (one's place) (*nach*, *for*).

Einschreiber, (*str.*) *m.* registrar, register, enroller, recorder.

Einschreibung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) entering, *cf.* *Einschreiben*; registration, entry; matriculation.

Einschreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to bawl or cry into one's ears.

Einschreiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to step in, stride in; 2) *Ag.* to interfere, interpose; *gerichtlich* —, to take legal steps; *nachdrücklich* —, to take determined measures; *das* —, *v. s. (str.) m.*, or *Einschreitung*, (*w.*) *f.* (legal, &c.) interference; interposition (of medical aid, &c.).

Einschreiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put (or let down) into a cellar (as casks with a parbuckle).

Einschrumpfen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to shrink (up), wrinkle, shrivel; *Ag.* to dry up; *cf.* *Einschrumpfen*; *sein Beutel ist sehr eingeschrumpft*, his purse is very low.

Einschieß, (*str.*, *pl.* *Einschieß*) *m.* 1) the (act of) putting in, *cf.* *Einschießen* & *Einschießung*; 2) loaf of a telescope-table; 3) (—breiter, *n. pl.*) sound-boarding, see *Einschneidebede*; — *leiste*, *f. Join.* end-clamp.

Einschüchtern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to intimidate, dispirit, cow, overawe; to browbeat, bully; to put out of countenance. — **Einschüchterung**, (*w.*) *f.* intimidation, &c.

Einschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Nam.*, &c. to break in, train, school (a horse, &c.); *Ag.* also to drill.

Einschlagen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *proove* to put in with a shovel, to shovel in.

Einschür, (*w.*) *f.* — der Welle, shearing.

Einschürig, (*adj.*) 1) once shorn (of sheep); *c. e. Welle* (*Einschür*, *f.*), wool of the first shearing; *Welle von c. e. Wimmer*, shearings; 2) see *Einschürig*.

Einschürzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Saddl.* den Sattel —, to thread a needle (*cf.* *Einschürzen*).

Einschürzen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Einschürzen*) *m.* 1) *Wass.* wool, worst, see *Einschürzen*, 5; 2) *Md.* full, lapse; 3) *Comm.* capital advanced; payment on account, deposit, instalment; allotment, share; — *leihen*, to advance a sum, to pay or make a deposit; to pay on account, to pay in; — *putz*, *f.* *Wass.* cop, yarn.

Einschürzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* *vulg.* to lose in trade, &c. *cf.* *Einschürzen*.

Einschütteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shake down. **Einschütten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pour or put in; *Getreide* —, to sack corn; *Bieh* —, to impound cattle.

Einschütten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dove-tail, joggle. **Einschwalben**, **Einschwalben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.*

Einschwalben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to blacken all over, to soil, sully; 2) *Ag.* to link; 3) *a)* to smuggle in, contraband, colour, run (goods); 4) *b)* *Ag.* to bring in surreptitiously, to sneak in; *eine eingeschwärzte Stelle*, a surreptitious or interpolated passage (in a manuscript, &c.).

Einschwalben, (*str.*) *m.* smuggler, &c. — **Einschwalbung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) smuggling, &c.; *Ag.* contraband importation (of a heresy, &c.).

Einschwalben, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (Einem etwas) to persuade, make believe, to talk a person into a thing; 11. *ref.* to ingratiate one's self (bel, with).

Einschwefeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to saturate with the smoke of sulphur, to sulphurate; to match.

Einschwemmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cause to float in. [ward.]

Einschwenken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to wheel in.

Einschwimmen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to swim in.

Einschwinden, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to shrink, waste, dwindle away.

Einschwinden, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to sail in; to sail down.

Einssegnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Rel.-s.* 1) to bless, to give the benediction; 2) to confirm; 3) to consecrate (bread and wine); 4) to ordain (a priest); 5) to church (a married woman after lying in). — **Einssegnung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a blessing, benediction; — *eines Brautpaars*, nuptial benediction; 2) confirmation; 3) consecration; 4) ordination; 5) churching.

Einschauen, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* to look in; 11. *tr.* 1) to look into, to, or over, examine (into); to take cognisance of; 2) to get an insight into, to understand, conceive, to be sensible of, apprehend, perceive, see; *er will seine Fehler nicht* —, he shuts his eyes to his faults.

Einschauen, (*s. str.*) *n.* 1) insight; judgment; 2) coll. consideration, *cf.* *Einsicht*; *er hat gar ein* —, he is regardless of everything, he is very unreasonable; 3) (*l. u.*) punishment.

Einschauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to (cover with) lather (the beard); 2) to soap (linen).

Einsichtig, *I. adj.* one-sided: 1) *Bot.* (*cf.* *Einsichtig*), &c. unilateral; 2) *Ag.* a) partial, biased; *lop-sided*; defective, confined, narrow (views, &c.); c) of limited judgment; taking partial or narrow views; *der c. e. Contract*, *Low*, and *contract*, unilateral compact; *c. e. Kopfweh*, megrim; 11. *E. f. e. f.* one-sidedness; partiality; a one-sided, narrow view or judgment of things.

Einsichtig, (*adj.* *Bot.* unilateral.

Einsenden, (*w. & irr.*) *v. tr.* to send in, to remit, transmit. [transmitter.]

Einsender, (*str.*) *m.* remitter, conveyor, **Einsendung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) sending

in, transmission, transmitting, remittance: *unter (or bei)* — *der Factor* &c., transmitting me (us, &c.) the invoice, &c.

Einsenden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sink into, to let down; 2) to inter, bury; 3) *Gard.* to lay or set, to plant, *cf.* *Einsäen*.

Einsenkung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) sinking into, in, &c., of letting down; 2) depression (of the ground).

Einsetzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to put or set in: to insert, *cf.* *Einschreiben*, 3; to note down, to book: — *in (with Acc.)*, to put into ...; *b)* to put in prison, to imprison; to cage, to coop up (birds, &c.); 2) *Gard.* to set, plant (trees); 3) to preserve (fruits, &c.), see *Einschreiben*; 4) *Thes.* to soak (hides); *Nus.* to fix (die *Stammern*, the cramps); *Comp.* to jag, notch; 5) *Nus.* *a)* to begin (singing, playing, &c.); *zu hoch* —, to begin on too high a clef; *b)* to strike in: *Ag.-s.* 6) to institute, establish; to appoint, constitute (*Einen zum Erben* &c., one heir, &c.); *er setzte ihn zum Erben ein*, he constituted him his heir; *ein Fest* —, to appoint a festival; 7) to set, lay down, pledge, stake; *sich* —, to take one's place in (a carriage, &c.); *Mar-s.* *einen Mast* —, to set or step up a mast; *das Boot* —, to hoist the boat on board; *das Gangspil* (*zum Gebrauch*) —, to hang the capstern; *einen Festboden* —, *Comp.* to bottom up or clear a creek; *jum Grunde* —, to pawn, pledge, give in pledge; in *ein Amt* —, to install in an office, to invest with an office; in *ein Verände* —, to collate to a benefice; *Stücker ab und* —, to remove and set up kings; *wieder* —, to replace, restore, reinstall, reinstate.

Einsch..., *in comp.* — *Satz*, *n. Lock-sm.* butt-(hinge) — *circel*, *m. Mach.* draught-(or drawing-)compasses; — *eisen*, *T.* 1) nail-mould, nail-rod; 2) *Gold-sm.* hold-fast; — *gewicht*, *n. see* *Einschgewicht*; — *gläser*, *n. pl.* glass-jars; — *öffel*, *m. T.* ladle of glass-masses; — *raße*, *f. Archit.* rosette; — *stifte*, *n. pl.* 1) joints, joint-places; 2) *Mach.* the movable points of draught-compasses; 3) *Nus.* crooks (applied to horns, &c., to change their pitch); — *stiftel*, *see* *circel*. [ship.]

Einschling, (*str.*) *m. Gard.* clon, set, twig.

Einschlung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting or setting in or into; 2) a setting (of trees), &c. *cf.* *Einschreiben*, 3; *Ag.-s.* 1) institution, appointment, constitution, establishment; 4) (*in ein Amt*) installation, investiture, induction; *E-swerter*, *n. pl.* *Christ. Rel.* appointment.

Einsicht, (*w.*) *f.* 1) inspection, examination: — *nehmen* *den ...*, see *Einschreiben*, 11; 2) insight, judgment, understanding, intelligence; discretion, discernment, penetration, sagacity; knowledge; mit *vieler* —, very judiciously; (*Einem etwas*) *zur* — (*—nahme* *in. f.* or *Insicht*) *verleihen*, to hand or present for (one's) inspection; *den beschränkten E-n*, of confined views; *meiner* — *nach*, to my mind; *nach ihr* — *von der Sonne*, as far as their lights enabled them to see.

Einsichtig, (*adj.* intelligent, clear-sighted, sharp, penetrating; experienced, prudent, judicious, sensible; regardful.

Einsichtig, (*adj.* *l. u.*) 1) presented for inspection; 2) *a)* to be conceived, understood, &c.; *b)* evident, clear. [clous; regardless.]

Einsichtig, (*adj.* unintelligent, injudicious; *see* *Einsichtig*.

Einsinken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to trickle into, to infiltrate.

Einsinken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* hermitage.

Einsinken, (*w.*) *v. l. ref.* to settle in a place; 11. *intr.* to live as a hermit.

Einsinken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* see *Einsinken*.

Einsinker, (*str.*) *m.* 1) hermit, an(a)chorite, an(a)chorite; reclusive; solitary, solitarian; 2) *Ornith.* dodo, dronte (Dronte); 3) *Crust.* hermit (Seeherbstfisch).

Einfachheit, (*w.*) *f.* hermitess.
Einfachheit, (*adj.*) hermitical, anachoretic, recluse; solitary, retired.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to seal up. [*lab.*]
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* *Gramm.* monosyllabic. I. *adj.* 1) monosyllabic; 2) *fig.* sparing of words, taciturn; II. *Geist*, (*w.*) *f.* monosyllabism, &c.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to sing (lull) asleep; II. *refl.* to acquire readiness or perfection in singing, to practise singing.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sink in, give way, fall down: *eingesunken*, *p. a.* *sunken* (eyes, &c.), *cf.* *eingefallen*; *das* —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) sinking in, &c.; subsidence (of ground, &c.).
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *see* *Einführen*.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to press down by sitting on (as the seat of a padded chair); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) 1) to stay at home; 2) to get into a carriage. [*seat, for one person.*]
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) of one seat only, with one *Einfahrt*, *adv.* once: one day, *cf.* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) having but one sole; single-soled.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *cf.* *refl.* to get insured, accustomed, acclimated to the heat of summer.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einpapieren*, 2.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to encase, to put into a frame; 2) to put into harness, to harness, put (the horses) to.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a person keeping a one-horse-vehicle; 2) one-horse-carriage (*wagon*, -vehicle); 3) *Min.* he that works or builds a mine by himself; 4) *provinc.* loader, packer.
Einfahrt, I. *adj.* 1) drawn by one horse only; — *fahren*, to drive with one horse: *der c-t Wagen*, *see* 1) *Einfahrt*, 2; 2) (of a bedstead) *see* *Einfahrt*; II. *Geist*, (*w.*) *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) *see* *Einfahrt*, 3.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put, lay, or store (goods) in the warehouse, to warehouse, to store.
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) *Bot.* univalve, univalvar.
Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lock up, shut up, pen or coop up, crib; to confine; to imprison; to cage. — **Einfahrt**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) locking up, &c.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to play frequently (upon a musical instrument); to acquire precision in a musical or dramatic performance; *eingefahrt sein*, to be well practised; *ein gut eingefahrtes Orchester*, a well-drilled band of musical performers.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to insert by spinning; to spin in; II. *refl.* *Entom.* to spin or wind (the filaments) round itself (as a caterpillar or spider).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Epithet*.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *f.* objection; *Law*, exception, protest; — *thun*, to take exception (gegen, at, to, or against), to protest (against), to traverse; *cf.* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to instil, inculcate by words, to influence with: *Wuth* —, to encourage, inspirit: *Trost* —, to comfort; II. *intr.* 1) (bei Einem) to call on (at or upon); to give a call; to turn in: 2) *see* *Einfahrt* *thun* & *Einfahrt*, II. 2.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* *Law*, exceptor, one who makes exceptions.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a)* to besprinkle, sprinkle; *b)* *Bookb.* to marble (the edges of a book); 2) to burst open, to break in; 3) *Geol.*, &c. to inject, intersperse, intermix, intrastify, *cf.* *Durchsetzen*; *eingefahrt*, *p. a.* disseminated; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to gallop in. — **Einfahrt**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) sprinkling, &c. *cf.* *Einfahrt*; 2) injection, &c.; 3) *Geol.* interstratification.

Einfahrt, (*adj.*) *Bot.* unipalaeosous.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to leap in; 2) to catch with the spring (said of locks); 3) *Clath.* *see* *Einfahrt*, 3; 4) *a)* to bend or turn in; *der c-t Winkel*, *see* *der eingefahrene Winkel*, in *Einfahrt*, I. 1; *b)* *Weiss.*, &c. to shrink in with.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to inject, squirt in, immit; to syringe (a wound).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* *Surg.* syringe.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *in comp.* *Mech.* — *hahn*, *m.* injection-cock; — *röhre*, *f.* injection-pipe; — *ventil*, *m.* injection-valve.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *f.* injection, immission; *E-shahn*, *m.*, &c. *see* *Einfahrt* *hahn* *ic.*
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt* (*cf.* *Einfahrt*), *m.* *Law*, exception (*cf.* *Einfahrt*), protestation, (*der gerichtliche* —) caveat; — *thun*, to protest against, to enter a caveat; — *thun gegen eine Fei*, to forbid the same; *ohne* — *hingehen lassen*, to suffer (allow) to pass unchallenged: *E-shahn*, *n.* veto.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt* (*m.*) 1) *a)* the (act of) entering; *b)* entrance-place; 2) *Archit.* return (of a moulding, projection, &c.).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close (a cask) with a bung, to bung.
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) *see* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*adv.*) 1) once, one day, one time (though no more), in time past, formerly; 2) some day, one day, some time, *i. e.* at a future time, hereafter.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Tann.* to dress (leather) with hot water.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to (put into a) stable; to harbour, shelter (as in a stable).
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) having but one stam; made out of one stem.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to ram, stamp in or down; 2) to break by ramming or stamping.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt* (*m.* *Law*, 1) *a)* entrance into office; *b)* *coll.* for *Einfahrt*; 2) entrance into the rights or privileges of a purchaser; 3) state of being equal (at play).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *in comp.* — *gebühren*, *f.* *see* *Del credere*; — *geld*, *m.* 1) entrance-money, money paid on entering an office: *coll.* footing; — *geld geben*, to pay footing; 2) *see* *Einfahrt*, 2; — *recht*, *n.* — *gerechtigkeit*, *f.* the right (of a person) to enter into a purchase, concluded between two others.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill with stench.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be covered or filled with dust, to gather dust.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with dust. [*cf.*]
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stow in (goods, *cf.* *Einfahrt*).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* *Print.* tympan-sheet.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to stick or thrust in (any sharp instrument); to pierce or prick with...; 2) *Print.*, &c. to prick; to stitch or sew in; 3) *Min.* to fill up; 4) *T.* to paper (pine); 5) *Gram.* to trump (at cards); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *Mar.* (*see* *Wärte*) to stand off or out (to sea).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* *Ship-b.* false-futtock.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt* (*m.* *see* *das eingefahrte Schloß* (Einfahrt I. 1)).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put in; to put by, to put up (the sword, &c.); to pocket (up); to parse up, pouch; 2) *T.* *see* *Einfahrt*, 1; *das eingefahrte Schloß*, *see* *das eingefahrte Schloß*; 3) to imprison, clap up in prison; 4) *coll.* to put up with or to pocket, stomach (an affront).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *provinc.* to enter: in die Riethe —, to take possession of a house: in einen Kauf —, *a)* to participate in a purchase; *b)* to enter into

the rights of a purchaser; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to answer (für, for), to be answerable (for), to stand or become security (for).
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who enters, &c. *cf.* *Einfahrt*; 2) (one who becomes) surety, &c.; 3) *Mid.* a substitute.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. refl.* to steal in, to enter stealthily, or privately, or by illicit means.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to step or get in, into, to enter (a carriage, a train, &c.); to go or get on board (a vessel); *das Zeichen zum* — *ist* (*schon gegeben*), the signal for entering the carriages (*Am. cars*) has already been given; *zum Fenster* —, to get in at the window.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *pl.* *Einfahrt* (*cf.* *Einfahrt*), *m.* entrance-place; starting-place (of carriages, boats, &c.).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stone, to mark out with stones; to enclose with stones.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to put in: *a)* to put up; to put or set into; *Witter* *eingeben* —, to stow goods somewhere or other; *b)* to insert, &c.; *ein eingefahrtes Schloß*, *Lock-sm.* a woodstock lock, mortise-lock; 2) *fig.* *a)* to leave or put off, discontinue, intermit, stop; to suspend, interrupt: *das Feuer* —, *Min.* to cease one's fire or firing; *die Feindseligkeiten* —, to suspend hostilities; *die Arbeit* —, to cease from work; to quit or strike work; to turn out on strike; *seine Zahlungen* —, to stop payment, to suspend one's payments; *b)* *see* *Wittern*, &c.; II. *refl.* to make one's appearance, to come or drop in (at the time appointed); — *bei* ..., to wait or call upon ... *der Winter hat sich eingefahrt*, winter has set in; *es stellt sich die Lust ein*, a desire sprang up; *sich wieder* —, to return, come back again (*cf.* *sich Einfahrt*).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting in or up, &c. *cf.* *Einfahrt*; 2) *fig.* discontinuance, cessation, suspension (of hostilities, &c.); stopping or suspension (of payment, &c.); — *der Arbeit* (*Gen.*), cessation from work; strike.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put, set, or place in or between, to interpose; *die Arme* —, to set the arms a-kimbo; 2) *Corp.* *ein* *Einfaß* —, to (make a) mortise; *ein eingefahrte Thür* (*opp.* *Reifentür*), a panel door; 3) *Min.* *see* *Wittern*.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) pricking with a sharp point, &c. *cf.* *Einfahrt*; 2) a pricking into, puncture. [*upon.*]
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to embroider in or *Einfahrt*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) future, that is to be, to come.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *Mus.* to accord in tune; 2) to chime in; to join in; in *das Gefchrei* (den Ruf) —, to swell the cry; 3) *fig.* to agree, consent, coincide in opinion; to be unanimous.
Einfahrt, I. *adj.* 1) *Mus.* *a)* consonant, unison; *b)* univocal, of or for one voice; *ein c-er Gefang*, a solo; 2) *fig.* unanimous, unanimously, with one accord, as one man, to a man, by or with one consent, without a (or one) dissentient voice; *sie befehlten* —, they are agreed in affirming; — *sein*, to agree; II. *Geist*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) consonance, unison; 2) *fig.* unanimity, agreement.
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*adv.*) *see* *Einfahrt*.
Einfahrt, (*adj.*) one-storied (house, &c.).
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stuff, cram in, to tack in. [*ring up.*]
Einfahrt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to destroy by stirring.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to thrust in, push in, drive in; to ram in, stamp in; 2) to break, knock in; to stave, unbomb (a cask); to throw or knock down (a wall); *die Ladung* —, *Gum.* to ram down the cartridge.

Einfachig, *adj.* uni-radiated.
Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to rub (a salve, &c.) into ... *cf.* **Einfreiben**; 2) mit der Feile —, *T.* to make cuts or strokes into ... with a file, to file in; 3) to take up and pocket, to take in, sweep in, imburse (money); **Alles** —, *Gam.* to sweep stakes; 4) *Sport.* to catch (larks) in a net; 5) (*Einem etwas*) *fam.* to punish, *coll.* to serve one out (for ...); *ich werde es ihm schon* —, I shall make him smart for it.

Einfahren ..., *in comp.* *T.-s.* —felle, *f.* cutting or slitting file, feather-edged file; —fuge, *f.* screw-head saw.

Einfahren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to force (one) into (compliance, belief, &c.) by disputing, to dispute (one) into.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strew or scatter in; 2) *fig.* to intersperse; *II. intr.* to litter a stable; *dem Vieh* —, to litter cattle.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *f.* interspersed, &c.
Einfahrt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the act of taking in, pocketing, *cf.* **Einführen**; 2) *Lock-em.* nick, slit; tooth (of a key-bit); 3) *Min.* traverse (in a mine); —bohlen, *f.* —böcher, *n. pl.* *Min.* boarding-planks.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knit in; 2) to involve, entangle, ensnare; *see* **Verfäulen**.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to stream, rush, or flow in; *auf (with Acc.)* —, to rush in upon; *fig.* to crowd on (one, as thoughts, &c.); *das* —, *v. s. str.* (*intr.*) *n.* influx, &c.; *das* — *des Dampfes*, the inflow of steam.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put or sew (a patch) in.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to study (well), to commit to memory (a dramatic part), to con, master, practise (*opp.* **Aufführen**); *ein-führt werden*, *Theat.* to be in rehearsal.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rush in; *auf (with Acc.)* —, to rush or press in upon, assail; *II. tr.* to overthrow; to destroy.

Einfahren, (*str.*) *pl.* **Einfahrer** *m.* a falling down, *cf.* **Einfahren**; ruin, fall; (*land*) —fall; *den* — *drohen*, to threaten or to be ready to fall or tumble down.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break down violently; to shatter in or (to pieces); *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to fall or tumble in or down, to fall to ruin; 2) *see* **Einfahren**, *I.*

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lop, crop, clip.

Einfahren, *adv.* in the mean time, in the interim; temporarily, provisionally, for a while; *es ist* — *aufgegeben*, it is given up for the present.

Einfahren, *adj.* temporary, provisional.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to soil, dirty.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to wet, water.

Einfahren (*der* &c., *see* **Einfahren** &c.)

Einfahren, *adj.* of one day, lasting but one day, ephemeral; *das* *e-e* *Infekt* (*Nat.*), *das* *e-e* *Infekt* (*Med.*), *ephemera*.

Einfahren ..., *in comp.* —flege, *f.* —flier, *n.* *Entom.* insect living but one day, day-fly, *ephemera* (*Ephemera vulgaris* L.).

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to knock in by dancing (against ...); *II. refl.* to practise dancing, to acquire readiness or perfection in dancing.

Einfahren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dip, plunge into, to immerse, to steep (in *with Acc.*), in; *die Hände in Blut* —, *fig.* to embrace one's hands in blood; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to dip in; to sink in. (*m.* *sinking-trough*.)

Einfahren, (*str.*) *pl.* **Einfahren** *m.* *Paper* —, *cf.* **Einfahren**; dipping.

Einfahren, (*str.*) *m.*, **Einfahren**, (*w.*) *f.* the act of bartering, &c., exchange. —**Einfahren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to barter, truck, to (take in) exchange (gegen, for).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Bak.* to knead into paste, to impaste; 2) *Brew.* to mash.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* **Eintreiben**, *adj.* worth one thaler; *die* *e-e* *Banknote*, one-thaler note.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* **Eintreiben**, *pl.* **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to divide; to parcel; to distribute; to regulate, dispose, arrange;

seine Zeit —, to dispose of, manage one's time; in **Eintreiben** —, to class, classify; in **Eintreiben** —, to article, to draw up or set forth in articles; in **Eintreiben** —, to graduate; 1. to divide into degrees; 2. to mark with degrees.

Eintreiben, *adj.* consisting of but one part; *Alg.-s.* composed of a single term; *die* *e-e* *Größe*, monome.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* division; distribution; arrangement; classification; **Eintreiben**, *f.* *Gramm.* distributive (participle).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smear with tar, to tar.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* 1) to get in, *see* **Eintreiben**, *I.* *b.* 2) *Comm.* to purchase, lay in, put up (goods), &c. *see* **Eintreiben**, *5* & *9*.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to insert (shingle-boards) into ...: to shingle (the wings of a wind mill, *opp.* **Austreiben**).

Eintreiben, *I. adj.* of one tone; monotonous; *II. E-eit*, (*w.*) *f.* monotony.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put into casks, to barrel, tun. [*tr.* in]

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* unanimity; unity, agreement, accord, concordance, concord, harmony; —macht stark, union is strength.

Eintreiben, *I. adj.* unanimous, concordant, harmonious; living in harmony; peaceable; *II. E-eit*, (*w.*) *f.* unanimity, concordance (**Eintreiben**).

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *pl.* **Eintreiben** *m.* 1) entry (in a book, register, &c.); 2) *Wass.* wool, west, shoot; 3) *fig.* prejudice, damage, harm, loss, detriment; disparagement; —thun (*with Dat.*), to prejudice, to be prejudicial or detrimental, to damage, to derogate, detract (from), to interfere (with), to infringe, invade, injure, harm, hurt.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to carry or gather in; 2) *Wass.* *see* **Eintreiben**, *7*; *fig.-s.* 3) to enter, register, record, *cf.* **Eintreiben**; *Comm.-s.* in *die* **Eintreiben** —, to enter upon (carry or pass into) the books, to post, book (down); *irrig* in *die* **Eintreiben** —, to make a false (or wrong) entry; 4) to yield (profit), to bring in, fetch, (give or make a) return; viel —, to be profitable, advantageous, or lucrative. [*tr.* in]

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* book-keeper, registrar.

Eintreiben, *I. adj.* profitable, lucrative; advantageous, remunerative; *II. E-eit*, (*w.*) *f.* profitability, &c.

Eintreiben ..., *in comp.* —(e)gabel, *f.* *Glassm.* facet; —(e)ffnung, (*w.*) *f.* *Metal.* working or charging door; *Wass.-s.* **Eintreiben**, *m.* shoot, pick, thread of the west, west-yearn; **Eintreiben**, *f.* cop, yarn.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) entering, &c., entry (also the item entered = **Eintreiben**), *cf.* **Eintreiben**; 2) *Law*, insinuation.

Eintreiben ..., *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* *T.* imbibition; —blei, *n.* *T.* fused lead.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to soak, imbibe, impregnate, drench; *Metal.* to put in fused lead; 2) *coll.* (*Einem etwas*) to serve (one) out (for ...); *es soll ihm noch eingetränkt werden*, he'll get his due, it will come home to him; *cf.* **Eintreiben**, *5*.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to drop in, instill; to infuse slowly or by drops. — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) infusing by drops, instillation.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to arrive, come in; *eingetreiben haben*, to be

due (of mails, &c.); *nicht zur bestimmten (richtigen) Zeit* —, to be over-due; 2) to agree, coincide (with); 3) to happen, fall out, to come to pass, to be fulfilled, verified, or realised, to come true; *mein Traum ist eingetreiben*, my dream is out; *das* —, *v. s. str.* (*str.*) *n.* arrival, &c.; *das* — *bestenfalls* *Genüge*, the notification of improved rates.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to drive in or home; to thrust or ram in; 2) *Thun.* to soak (hides); *fig.-s.* 3) *see* in *die* **Eintreiben**; 4) to exact, enforce (payment); to collect, gather, call in, demand, to get in or cashed, recover (a debt). — **Eintreiben**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) driver in, &c.; *Sport.* whipper in; 2) collector, exactor (of debts, &c.), a dun. — **Eintreiben**, *adj.* exigible. — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) driving in, &c.; 2) purveyance (of provisions, &c.), recovery, collection, exaction (of debts, &c.).

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to enter, step in, to make one's entrance: *fig.-s.* 2) *a)* to enter (in *ein Amt*, to enter an office); *er ist erst vor 4 Wochen bei uns eingetrieben*, he has only been about four weeks in our employ; *b)* in *Verbindlichkeit* —, to come under obligations; 3) to appear, come in; 4) to set in; to commence, begin; to come on (of the night); *der Frühling tritt spät ein*, the spring is backward; 5) to happen, occur; to take place; intervene; *die Flut tritt ein*, the tide begins to rise, the tide makes; *nach Beendigung des Buches wird ein höherer Preis* —, after the completion of the book, a higher price will be charged; *es ist Verbesserung in seiner Gesundheit eingetrieben*, his health has undergone a change for the better; *Sittverderbnis ist eingetrieben*, corruption has set in; *es trat ein höherer Preis ein*, circumstances, &c. arose: *e-ben* *falls*, in the event of its happening; *es trat ein höherer Preis ein*, the price was raised; *II. tr.* 1) to tread in, to stamp, trample into (down); 2) to break by treading; *Stühle* —, to tread shoes down (*i. e.* inwards) at the heels (*cf.* **Ridern**).

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pour into ... with a funnel; 2) *fig. coll.* (*Einem etwas*) to drum, beat, or hammer (something) into (a person's head).

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to imbibe; to drink in; *fig.* to admit into the mind.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *m.* 1) entry, the act of coming in; entrance; admission (in *with Acc.*), to; — *ins Leben*, outset in life; 2) *Adv.* ingress, immersion (*opp.* **Austritt**); 3) the entering, entrance (upon an office); 4) a setting in; beginning, commencement, appearance.

Eintreiben ..., *in comp.* —billet, *n.* —karte, *f.* —schein, —jettel, *m.* admission-ticket, card of admission, voucher; —ge-bühren, *f.* *pl.* entrance-fee; —geld, *n.* —preis, *m.* entrance-money, (price of) admittance; —stimmer, *n.* parlour; antichamber.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to dry in; 2) to dry up, desiccate; to diminish or shrink (shrivel) in drying.

Eintreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to drop in, instill, infuse by (small) drops. — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) infusing by drops, instillation.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dip in, immerse, sop; *der eingetunkte Bissen* (*das* *eingetunkte Stüd*), sop. — **Eintreiben**, (*str.*) *n.* *Wass.* water-can.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to practise (well), exercise, *cf.* **Eintreiben**; to drill, train; in *Gebrauch* *der Waffen* —, to train to the use of arms; *ein gut eingetriebener Chor*, a well-trained chorus. — **Eintreiben**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) practising, &c., discipline.

Eintreiben, (*w.*) *f.* union.

Einverleiben, (w.) v. tr. to incorporate, embody (etwas einer Sache [Dat.], something with or in), to annex (to). — **Einverleibung**, (w.) f. incorporation, annexation (in [with Acc.], mit, to).

Einverständigen, (str.) n. (mutual) understanding, agreement, cf. **Vernehmen**, 2; in gutem —, on good terms (with).

Einverständnis, adj. agreeing (with = im Einverständnis).

Einverständnis, (str.) n., **Einverständnis**, (str.) m. intelligence, agreement, understanding, cf. **Verständnis**; im E-e, in concert; im — mit ..., in concert or accord with; in gutem E-e mit ihm, on good terms with him; in — bringen (or **Einverständnis**), (w.) v. tr., I. w., to bring to an understanding; das geheime —, collusion; Low, (mit der Gegenpartei) prevarication; ein geheimes — haben, to collude (mit, with); Low, to prevaricate, to plead by coyn.

Einverständnis, (irr.) v. ref. or **einverständnis** sein (v. **intr.**) mit, to agree with ... (Aber [with Acc.], on, about); to be in a proper understanding: man war vollkommen einverständlich, it was perfectly understood; ich bin mit Ihnen ganz einverständlich, I am quite with you; einverständlich! agreed! Probation mit einverständlich, Comm. commission included.

Einverleiben, (w.) v. ref. coll. to get connected or familiar by intrusion (bei, with), to intrude on (cf. **Einbrühen**).

Einverleiben, (w.) v. tr. to enclose in a square. — **Einverleibung**, (w.) f. quadrature.

Einwägen, (str.) v. **intr.** (aux. sein) to grow in or into.

Einwägen, (w.) f. Comm. loss in the weight (by weighing out or by retail), inlack.

Einwägen, (w. & str.) v. I. tr. to weigh and put in; to weigh down: II. ref. to diminish, to loose or to be lost by being weighed.

Einwässen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) **Town**, to grease, to oil (the skins); 2) **Cloth**, &c. to full (close); II. **intr.** to shrink.

Einwässen, (w.) v. tr. to roll in (seeds, gravel, &c.), to roll into the ground.

Einwände, (str., pl. **Einwände**) m. objection; pretext, plea, cf. **Anspruch**.

Einwanderer, (str.) m. immigrant. — **Einwanderer**, (w.) v. **intr.** (aux. sein) 1) to wander, come, or turn in; 2) to enter a country, to immigrate. — **Einwanderung**, (w.) f. a wandering in, immigration.

Einwärts, adv. inward, inwards: — **gehoben**, bent inwards, incurved; **Bot.** inflected; — **gerollt**, **Bot.** involved; — **gehen**, to turn one's toes in; — **gehend**, see **Eingehend** in **Eingehen** I. 1; — **stehende Knie**, n. in-knee; — **wenden**, to turn in; — **getührt**, **Herold** counter passant; der — stehende Brustel, — **gießer**, m. **Anat.** adductor.

Einwaschen, (str.) v. tr. to wash (ore).

Einwässern, (w.) v. tr. to steep, soak, lay in water.

Einweben, (w. & str.) v. I. tr. to weave in or into, to inweave; to interweave; II. ref. **Wass.** to shrink.

Einwechseln, (w.) v. tr. to change; **Ducaten** x. —, to buy ducats, &c.

Einwehen, (w.) v. tr. to blow in or down.

Einweiblich, adj. **Bot.** monogynian; die e-Milane, monogyn.

Einweichen, (w.) v. tr. to soak, steep, macerate, drench; **Bäcker** —, to steep, wet linen; in Sauge —, to buck; eingeweidet, p. a. **jer.** drunk as a toast. — **Einweichung**, (w.) f. the (act of) soaking, &c., maceration.

Einweihen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to consecrate; dedicate (a church, &c.); to ordain (a priest); 2) to initiate; to inaugurate; coll. to post up (in [with Acc.], in); 3) coll. to use (a thing)

for the first time; to handseal; to flesh (one's sword); meine Stiefel sind noch nicht eingeweiht, my boots are yet unbroken; in ein Geheimnis —, to let into a secret; der Eingeweihte, one who is initiated, adept.

Einweihung, (w.) f. 1) consecration, dedication (of a church, &c.); ordination (of a priest); 2) initiation, inauguration: zur — gehörig, initiatory, inaugural: E-Heft, n., E-Heftlichkeit, f. inaugural *Heft*, ceremony of inaugurating (a statue, &c.); inaugural solemnity or ceremonies; E-Rede, f. inaugural address; E-Striße, f. inaugural tour (first trip on the opening of a [line of] railway).

Einweisen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to show in or into; 2) **Ag.** to install, introduce, induct; in Semant's Güter —, Low, to put in possession of an (other's) estate. — **Einweisung**, (w.) f. installation, introduction, induction. [up.]

Einweisen, (w.) v. **intr.** to fade, to wither. **Einwenden**, (w. & irr.) v. tr. 1) to turn in; 2) **Ag.** to object, to oppose; to reply, dissent; dagegen läßt sich nichts —, there is nothing to be said against this; there can be no objection to that. — **Einwendung**, (w.) f. objection, exception, remonstrance; plea, reply; argument; E-en machen, to make or raise objections, to object (to); to urge, remonstrate (against), to take exception (at, against), to demur (to).

Einwerfen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to throw in; to break, smash; to put into the box (a letter); 2) to throw down; 3) **Ag.** to object, cf. **Einwenden**, 2. — **Einwerfung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) throwing in or down, breaking, &c.; 2) **Law**, collation (of estates).

Einwerfen, (w.) v. tr. to whet on or into. **Einwischen**, (w.) v. tr. to blacken (boots); to rub with wax.

Einwickeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wrap up, in-wrap, infold, involve, envelop, cf. **Einschlagen**, 4, a; to swathe, swaddle (a child); 2) **cant.** to apprehend, catch, imprison, **anal.** to nab. — **Einwicklung**, (w.) f. the (act of) wrapping in or up, involution, envelopment.

Einwiegeln, v. tr. I. (w.) to rock (a child) to sleep; to lull: II. (str.) see **Einsägen**, I.

Einwilligen, (w.) v. **intr.** to consent, assent (in [with Acc.], to), to comply (with); to approve (of), to sanction, permit, agree, to acquiesce (in), subscribe, accede (to). — **Einwilligung**, (w.) f. consent, assent, compliance; permission, approbation, approval; sanction, acquiescence.

Einwindsbraut, (str., pl. **E-bräute**) m. T. falling wire.

Einwindeln, (w.) v. tr. to swathe, swaddle.

Einwinden, (str.) v. tr. 1) to wind in; to entwine; 2) to heave (up) (a weight); **Mar.** das Ankertau mit dem Strasspül —, to heave at the windlass; das Ankertau mit der Rabelsack —, to heave upon the cable with the messenger.

Einwinkeln, (w.) v. tr. **Archit.** to square.

Einwintern, (w.) v. I. tr. to put up for preserving during winter; II. **intr.** 1) (aux. sein) & ref. to prepare for winter; to get accustomed to the winter, to get inured to the cold of winter; 2) (*impers.*; aux. haben) es wintert ein, it is getting wintry, the winter sets in.

Einwirken, (w.) v. I. tr. to work in, embroder, interweave, interlace; eingewirkt, p. a. inwrought; II. **intr.** to act or operate (auf [with Acc.], on), to affect, to exert influence (upon), to influence (cf. **Einfluß** haben); — lassen, to bring to bear (upon). — **Einwirkung**, (w.) f. action (upon), &c., influence.

Einwirren, (w.) v. tr. see **Bewirren**.

Einwischen, (w.) v. I. tr. to soil in rubbing; II. **intr.** (aux. sein) to slip in.

Einwitteln, (w.) v. **intr.** (aux. sein) *Min.*

(of minerals) to be introduced or engendered by subterranean vapours or gases.

Einwöchentlich, adj. of one week.

Einwöchig, adj. lasting one week.

Einwohnen, (w.) v. I. **intr.** 1) (aux. sein) & ref. to settle, make one's self at home; 2) to live in or inhabit a place; 3) **Ag.** to inhale, see **Imwohnen**; II. str. to deteriorate (lodgings) while living in them.

Einwohner, (str.) m. (E-in, [w.] f. female) inhabitant; — **jährling**, f. see **Volljährling**. — **Einwohnerschaft**, (w.) f. inhabitants collectively, community of a place or country. **Einwohnung**, (w.) f. **Theol.** inhabitation, indwelling (of the Holy Spirit, &c.).

Einwölben, (w.) v. tr. to arch or vault in.

Einwölken, (w.) v. tr. to involve (as) in a cloud or clouds, to cloud; **Ag.** to darken.

Einwollen, (irr.) v. **intr.** see **Ein**, adv.; das will mir nicht ein, I cannot understand that; it will never go down with me.

Einwühlig, adj. **Bot.** having a smooth stem or stalk (i. e. without knots or joints).

Einwühlen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to wallow or dig in or into; 2) to bury or hide in the ground; 3) to disorder, confuse by rummaging.

Einwurf, (str., pl. **Einwürfe**) m. 1) (i. w.) a place or opening where a thing may be thrown in, cf. **Brusteinwurf**; 2) **Ag.** objection, exception; answer, plea (in law, &c.), cf. **Einwendung**; einen — abweisen, to repel an argument; sich selbst [Dat.] Einwürfe und Einwendungen machen, to reply and rejoinder on one's self. [your greedily, to gorge.

Einwürgen, (w.) v. tr. to swallow or de-
Einwürgen, (w.) v. **intr.** (aux. sein) 1) to root (in), to take or strike root; 2) **Ag.** to become rooted or inveterate: eingewurzelt, p. a. (deep)-rooted, inveterate; er fand mir —, he stood rooted to the ground. — **Einwurzelung**, (w.) f. the (act of) rooting, taking, or striking root, &c. **Ag.** inveteration.

Einwärts, v. tr. to indent, notch, jag.

Einwärts, (w.) f. **Gramm.** the singular (number).

Einwärts, (w.) v. tr. to pay in; voll —, to pay up; eingewahrt (als Stubstil), paid.

Einwärts, (w.) v. tr. 1) to count in; 2) to comprise, include (within a certain number).

Einzahlung, (w.) f. a payment in part made on shares: a call or instalment; share; eine — aufschreiben, to make a call for funds; E-summum, f. instalment.

Einzeilen, (str.) m. **Entom.** a species of shells belonging to the genus of Trochina (*Monodonta modiolus* L.).

Einzeilen, **Einzeilen**, (w.) v. tr. to indent, **Carp.** to dovetail. — **Einzeilung**, **Einzeilung**, (w.) f. indentation, **Carp.** dovetailing.

Einzeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tap in, draw out into; 2) **Carp.** to mortise (in, into).

Einzeilen, (w.) v. tr. to instill by a charm.

Einzeilen, (w.) v. tr. to enclose with a hedge, or fence, to fence in, to palisade. — **Einzeilung**, (w.) f. 1) the act of fencing in, &c.; 2) the state of being fenced in, enclosure, hedge, fence. [tylous.

Einzeilen, adj. **Nat.** one-toed, monodactyl.

Einzeilen, (w.) v. **intr.** & ref. to diminish by absorption, to waste, to lose in substance; Wein in Fässern geht ein, wine in wood loses in quantity.

Einzeilen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to insert a drawing (in a book, &c.), to draw in or upon; 2) (eine Schriftstelle) to mark (a passage, &c.); 3) a) to enter, to write or note down, inscribe, cf. **Einschreiben**; b) sich —, to subscribe. — **Einzeilung**, (w.) f. see **Einschreibung**.

Einzeilen, adj. **Bot.** second, unilateral; following one direction.

Einzeilen, in comp. single; — **banden**,

n. T. single-band pitch; —blech, n. T. single tin-plates, common-plates; —bing, n. a being unique in its kind, single being, an individual; —haft, f. solitary confinement.

Ein'gelfeit, (w.) f. 1) singleness, individuality; 2) E-nr, pl. details, particulars, minutiae. [litary life of an individual.]

Ein'gelfeit, (str.) n. the isolated or social; —Ein'geln, I. adj. single; separate, individual; isolated: single-handed; —sein, f. ehen, ligen, gehen n. to straggle; e-e or —fchende Häuser, single, detached, straggling, or isolated houses; e-e's Weib, E-e's, small or loose money or coin, change; ich habe nichts E-e's, I have no change; ein e-er Handſchuh, an unmatched (or odd) glove; ein e-er Band, an odd volume; e-e Waarenpartien, detached parcels of merchandise; —angeben, to specify, particularise; die e-en Umstände, see Ein'gelfeit; ins E-e gehen, to enter into particulars, to detail; to be specific; im E-en, singly, separately, Comm. in retail, cf. ade.; II. adv. singly, one by one, body for body, article by article, severally, separately, in or by retail; piecemeal; er lebt —, he lives by himself; —angehen or bezeichnen, to specify; —verkaufen, 1. to sell singly; 2. to sell by retail, to retail; III. E-eit, (w.) f. see Ein'gelfeit.

Ein'geln..., in comp. —verkaufen, m. sale by retail, retail-selling; Preis im (beim) —verkauf, retail-price; —weſen, m. see —bing.

Ein'gleicher, adj. 1) capable of being drawn in, &c.; 2) confiscable, forfeitable.

Ein'gleichen, (str.) s. I. tr. 1) to draw in, to pull in; to run in (a thread); einen Faden in eine Nadel —, to thread a needle; 2) Mor. to furl, to take in (the sails); 3) to draw in: a) to suck up, absorb; b) to inhale, inspire (air, &c.); 4) a) T. to put in, insert (a new beam, &c.); b) Weas. to huddle; c) Metall. to raise in; d) Archit. to diminish, reduce, taper; 5) Typ. a) to indent (Ein'graben, 2); b) to insert, inclose; 6) to take or draw in, to make narrower or less; 7) Comm., &c. to call, get, or fetch in, to encash, collect (outstanding money), to draw in (a bill); 8) a) to discontinue, suppress (an office); b) to call in, withdraw (coins, &c.); 9) Law, to confiscate, seize; to secularise (church-property); das eingezogene Gut, seizure; pl. forfeited or escheated lands, estates; 10) (at public sales) to repurchase; eingezogen werden, to be taken in; 11) (gefänglich) to arrest, apprehend, imprison; 12) to gather, collect, get (information, intelligence, &c.); Erkundigungen über (with Acc.) —, to make inquiries after or concerning..., to inquire into; 13) Ag-s. a) to reduce, retrench; b) to entrap, inveigle; c) die Pfeife —, to lower one's tone, to take or come down a peg; die Hörner —, to draw in one's horns; II. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to enter, to come in; to march in; to make one's entrance; 2) to move, remove, enter into a house; 3) to be imbibed or absorbed, to soak in; to sponge, to infiltrate; 4) to give in; cf. 13, c. die Pfeife —; III. refl. 1) to shrink (together), to dwindle away; 2) to retire, see Eingezogen; 3) to retrench, see Ein'graben, II.

Ein'geln..., in comp. Weas. —haken, m., —nadel, f. huddle-hook; —messer, m. reed-hook.

Ein'geln, (w.) f. 1) the act of drawing in, &c. see Eingehen; 2) a calling in, collecting, putting in cash, &c.; —einer Tratte befragen, to do the needful with or encash a bill; 3) Archit. trochil(us); hollow, recess; 4) suppression; 5) confiscation, seizure; 6) apprehension.

Ein'gleihwalde, (w.) f. Spinn. feeding roll; —Ein'geln, adj. 1) only, single, alone, but one, sole; 2) (— in feiner Art, the only one of its kind) singular, unparalleled, unprecedented, unmatched, unique; ein e-er Gott,

an only God; der, die E-e, the only one, the only person; das E-e, n. the only thing; —und allein, only (simply) and solely, exclusively.

Ein'geln, (w.) v. tr. to encircle, surround on every side, to confine, hem in.

Ein'geln, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to whisper into one's ear; to prompt secretly.

Ein'geln, (str.) m. 1) immigrant, settler; 2) original or indigenous inhabitant.

Ein'geln, Ein'geln, adj. one inch long or thick. (with or preserve in sugar.)

Ein'geln, (w.) v. tr. to sugar, to sweeten; Ein'geln, (str., pl. Ein'geln) m. 1) Corp. the putting in (of a beam); 2) see Eingeln; 3) entry, entrance: einen öffentlichen — halten, to make a public entrance; E-ſtreich, n. see Rothenröthe; E-ſchmann, m. installation-dinner or —supper, coll. house-warming; E-ſpeſen, pl. Comm. charges incurred on the cashing (of a bill). [associate.]

Ein'geln, (w.) v. tr. to incorporate, Ein'geln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to force, press, squeeze, or wedge in; 2) Ag. to confine within narrow limits, to constrain.

Ein'geln, (str.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to force upon, to force to take (as medicine).

Ein'geln..., in comp. —röhre, adj. oval, see Eiförmig; —röhre, f. oval form, oval.

Eis (pr. a'is), (indecl.) n. Mus. R sharp.

Eis, s. I. (str.) n. 1) ice; 2) ice-cream; 3) Ag. heartlessness, apathy: Einen auf — führen, coll. to lead one into a dilemma; er ſuchte mich auf — zu führen, he tried to entrap me; II. in comp. —schut, m. translucent agate; —alun, m. uncoloured rock-alum; —ammer, f. Ornith. snow-bunting (Squettamur); —apparat, m. Phys. calorimeter; —artig, adj. icy, ice-like; —bahn, f. icy-way, passage upon ice, slide; (Hinführe) glaciarium; —balken, m. Hydr. fender-beam (of an ice-breaker); —bank, f. bank, sheet, or field of ice; —bär, m. Zool. polar bear, white bear (Ursus maritimus L.); —blume, m. pl. ice-breakers (in mill-ponds); —becher, m. ice-cup; —bedekt, p. a. ice-covered; —beere, f. Bot. snow-berry (Chamaecyparis racemosa &c.); —begrenzt, adj. post. ice-bound; —beißer, m. Bot. alpine wormwood (Artemisia glacialis L.); —beiz, n. see Eistheil; —berg, m. glacier, mountain of ice; (at sea) ice-berg; —birne, f. Pomol. winter-pear; —blid, —blin, m. Phys. ice-blind; —block, m. block of ice; —blume, f. Bot. diamond fig-marigold, ice-plant (Mesembrianthemum crystallinum L.); —bod, m. ice-breaker, starling (of a bridge); —boot, n. ice-boat; —brecher, m. starling (of a bridge), ice-breaker; —bruch, m. breaking (thawing) of the ice; —creme, m. ice-cream; —eimer, m. ice-pail.

Ein'geln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to break the ice of (a pond, &c.); to ice; 2) to shoe (horses), see Beſchlagen; II. intr. to congeal into ice.

Ein'geln, s. I. (str.) n. 1) iron; Chem. marr; 2) see Hufeisen; 3) any iron instrument or weapon; 4) Sport. trap for beasts of prey; —in Etangen, iron in bars; —in Gängen, Min. pig-iron, iron melted in large lumps; —in Platten, iron in slabs; weiches —, soft iron; (in Etappen) geschmitten —, see Nagel-eisen; gegossenes, geschmiedetes, gewaltes —, wrought or rolled iron; altes —, 1. see Bruch-eisen; 2. any thing useless or worthless, refuse; in die — haufen, Max. to cut, overreach (of horses); Herzen von —, Ag. hearts of steel; prowerbe, des — ſchmecken, weil (or so lange) es warm (heiß) iſt, to strike the iron while it is hot, to make hay while the sun shines; Noth bright —, necessity knows no law, vulg. needs must when the devil drives; II. in comp. —abgang, m. iron-refuse; —ader, f. vein or lode of iron-ore; Chem-s. —alun, m. iron-alum; —

amalgam, n. iron-amalgam; —antimon, n. Minor ferruginous antimony; —arbeiter, m. worker in iron; —arſenit, m. Chem. arseniate of iron; —artig, adj. iron-like, irony, ferruginous; —argenteus, f. pl. Pharm. ferruginous medicines; —auflösung, f. Chem. iron solution.

Eisenbahn, (w.) f. (iron) railway, railroad; durch die (auf, mit der) —, by rail; —artile, f. railway-share; railway-scrip; —aktionär, m. railway-share holder; —anleihe, f. railway-loan; —anſchluß, m. railway-junction; connection; —arbeiter, m. railway-labourer; navy; —bau, m. railway-construction; —beamter, m. railway-official; —bremſe, f. railway-brake; —brücke, f. railway-bridge, viaduct; —compé, n. compartment, compé; —directorium, m. railway-directory or direction; cf. —verwaltungs-rath; —fahrſcheit, n. railway-ticket; —fahrt, f. railway-trip, journey, excursion; —geleiſe, n. line of rails, set of tracks, track (way); —geſellſchaft, f. railway-company; —geleiſe, n. pl. railway-laws and regulations; —hof, m. railway-yard, station (guter Bahnhof); —inspector, m. railway-inspector, station-master; —linie, f. line of railway; —maſchine, f. railway-engine; —netz, n. net or system of railroads; —paß, m. railway-pass; —prioritätsactie, f. railway-bond; —proſpekt, n. section of a railway; —project, n. plan, scheme of a railway; —reglement, m. railway-regulations; —ſchiffner, m. railway-guard; —ſchienen, f. rail; (ſchack) plate-rail; (mit verſchiebbarem Rande) edge-rail; —ſchienenweſen, n. rail-mill; —ſchweife, f. railway-welder; —ſignal, n. railway-signal; —spur, f. gauge of a railway, &c. see —geleiſe; —ſtation, f. railway-station; —ſollen, m. tunnel; —ſtrecke, f. 1) line of a railway; 2) section of a railway; —ſystem, m. railway-system; —tarif, m. railway-tarif, railway-fares; —transport, m. railway-transport or carriage, carriage by rail; —unfall, m. railway-accident; —verbindung, f. communication by railway; —verfeſter, m. railroad-traffic; —verwalter, f. 1) management of the railway; 2) or —beſchwerdeweiſungs-rath, m. committee of management; —wagen, m. railway-carriage; Am. car: (für Gütertransport) railway-wagon; (luggage-)van; (für ſchwere Güter) lowry, truck; —wärter, m. railway-watchman, see Bahnwärter; —zug, m. 1) line of a railway; 2) (railway) train.

Ein'geln..., in comp. —barren, f. pl. pig-iron; —bart, m. see Eisevogel; —baum, m. Bot. iron-wood (1. Siderodendron triflorum Vahl; 2. Sideroxylon tomentosum; 3. Melrosidros cara; 4. Dracena ferris L.); —beere, f. see Akebeere; —behlüter, m. Metall. converter; —beize, f. T. iron-liquor, iron-mordant; —bereift, adj. (of cases, &c.) with iron bands; —bergwerk, n. iron-mine, iron-pit; —beſchlag, m. 1) sheet-iron-covering (as of a door); 2) iron-mounting or clip, ferrule; 3) see —blüte; —biſulphuret, n. Chem. bisulphuret of iron; —blau, n. Minor. blue iron-ore; —blauerbe, f. native prussian blue; —blauerz, adj. Chem. ferro-prussic, ferro-cyanic; das —blauerz Salz, ferro-cyanate, ferro-prussiate; —blauſäure, f. Chem. ferro-cyanic (ferro-prussic) acid; —blauſäure, m. see —blau; —blech, n. iron-plate; iron in sheets, sheet-iron; (verjüngtes) tin-plate, plain tinned iron; —blei, n. composition of iron and lead; —bleinde, f. Minor. black ore of uranium; —blod, m. Mar. (als Ballast) kentledge; —blume, —blüte, f. Minor. Aes ferri (Lat.), flower of iron, coralloidal arragonite; —bohrer, m. T. drill for boring iron; —bruch, m. magnet, loadstone; —brüder, n. oxidated argillo-bituminiferous iron; —brunnent, —brunnent, m. Minor. dolomite; —brun, f. Bot. moon-wort, honesty (Rendebis); —

—gran, *adj.* hoary, aged: —griff, *m.* calc, calkin; —grube, *f.* ice-house, ice-pit: —haken, *m.* ice-hook: —hals, *n.* *Minor.* cryolite (a fluoride of soda and alumina): —hase, *m.* Zool. arctic hare (*Lepus glacialis* Leach.): —hufeljen, *m.* calkin, ice-shoe.

Eißig, *adj.* 1) containing ice, covered with ice; 2) or **Eisig**, ice-like, cold as ice, icy: **Eisige** Blicke, icy or freezing looks.

Eis..., *in comp.* —insel, *f.* island of ice, ice-island: —jacht, *f.* ice-yacht: —kalt, *adj.* as cold as ice, ice-like, icy, coll. clay-cold: —kiste, *f.* icy cold, iciness, frostiness: —kessel, *m.* see —grube: —kessel, *m.* pan or copper-vessel for cooling liquor in ice: —kist, *f.* frost-cleft (of trees): —kistig, *adj.* frost-cleft: —kuchen, *m.* see —bein: —kranz, *m.* see **Eisblume**: —kratte, *f.* ice rimbe: —lauf, *m.* (the practice of) skating: —masse, *f.* mass of ice: —meer, *n.* *Geogr.* frozen sea, frozen or northern ocean: —müde, *f.* *Ornith.* see —flurmvogel: —nagel, *m.* frost-nail: mit —nägeln beschlagen, frost-nailed: —netz, *n.* net for fishing under the ice: —öl, *n.* *Chem.* anhydrous sulphuric acid: —periode, *f.* glacial period: —pfahl, —pfeller, *m.* see —bock: —pfanne, *f.* see —blume: —pfing, *m.* see —fuge: —punkt, *m.* *Phys.* freezing-point: —rechen, *m.* *T. Ice-breaker* (of water-mills): —rinde, *f.* crust of ice: —säge, *f.* ice-saw: —schimmer, *m.* see **Eisenschimmer**: —schimmer, *m.* see —blitz: —schlitten, *m.* ice-sledge: —scholle, *f.* flake, piece, or cake of ice, floating block of ice: —schuß, *m.* 1) see **Eislichtschuß**; 2) see **Eisenerbsch**: —spatz, *m.* *Minor.* ice-spar: —spitze, *f.* pointed spike, calk (an **Eisshen**): —sporn, *m.* frost-nail, ice-spar: —sprießen, —sprießen, *pl.* *Sport.* besantiers, surantiers: —stein, *m.* *Minor.* cryolite: —stellen, *f.* *pl.* calkins: —flurmvogel, *m.* *Ornith.* fulmar (*Procellaria glacialis* L.): —trauer, *m.* *Ornith.* northern diver (*Colymbus glacialis* L.): —theorie, *f.* glacial theory: —vogel, *m.* *Ornith.* king-fisher, halcyon (*Alcedo ispida* L.): —winde, *m.* *pl.* 1) ice-winds: 2) fairs congealed: —jaden, —japfen, *m.* icicle: —baum, *m.* —jaserblume, *f.* *Bot.* see —kranz: —zone, *f.* frigid zone (falte zone).

Eitel, *adj.* 1) (*l. u.*) void, empty; 2) mere, pure, nothing but; 3) idle, vain, frivolous, flimsy, trifling; 4) idle, perishable, corruptible, transitory: 5) vain (auf *with Acc.*), off; vain-glorious, (self-)conceited; eitels or —Brot, coll. dry bread.

Eitelkeit, (*u.*) *f.* vanity: 1) frivolity: emptiness, vainness, nothingness: perishableness; 2) conceit.

Eiter, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* *Med.* matter, corruption (of an ulcer): pus; dünner —, thin ichor, gleet: —ansetzen, to suppurate: —ziehen, to gather, draw, or come to a head; *II. in comp.* —abfluß, —auswurf, *m.* discharge of matter: —auge, *n.* hypopion: —band, *n.* *Surg.* see **Haarzell**: *Med.-s.* —band, *m.* purulent ascites: —befördernde Mittel, suppuratives: —beule, *f.* impostume, abscess, boil: —bläschen, *n.* pustule: —blase, *f.* carbuncle: —blatter, *f.* pustule, blister, pimple; *Surg.* —bruch, *m.* empyocele: —brust, *f.* empyoma: —bügel, *m.* —rod: —erbrechen, *n.* purulent vomit, discharge of matter at the mouth: —fluß, *m.* suppuration, ulcer, running sore: —fraß, *m.* corrosive ulcer: —geleht, *n.* *Surg.* arthritic abscess: —geschwür, *f.* apostome.

Eitrig, **Eitericht**, **Eiterhaft**, *adj.* purulent, mattery; gleet; like matter or pus.

Eiter..., *in comp.* —ichor, *f.* *Surg.* ichor: machend, *adj.* *Med.* suppurative.

Eitern, (*u.*) *v. intrans.* to suppurate, fester, ulcerate, to discharge matter: zum —bringen,

Surg. to bring to suppuration, to generate pus or matter in (a sore).

Eiter..., *in comp.* —esset, *f.* *Bot.* common nettle (*Urtica urens* L.): —fist, *m.* cyst, cystitis, cystoma: —korn, *m.* kernel of suppuration: —triefen, *n.* *Surg.* blennorrhoea.

Eitranz, (*u.*) *f.* a festering, suppuration, ulceration, parulence; **Eitritzel**, *n.* suppurative.

Eiter..., *in comp.* —wasser, *n.* *Surg.* ichor: —ziehen, *n.* a festering, drawing to a head.

Ei..., *in comp.* —vogel, *m.* *Ornith.* egg-bird (belonging to the family of Laridae): —weiß, *n.* white of an egg, glaire: mit —weiß beschreiben, *Booth.* to glaire: —weißartig, *adj.* glairy: der —weißartige Stoff, glaire: —weißförmig, *adj.* *Chem.* albuminous: —weißflüßer, *m.* *Bot.* white: —weißflüß, *m.* *Chem.* (thierisch), animal, vegetabilisch, vegetable) albumen.

Ekel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) nausea, loathing, loathsomeness; *Med.* nausea, anorexia; 2) distaste, disrelish, disgust (an *with Dat.*), off; 3) *fig.* a) aversion, surfeit; b) any thing or person causing loathsomeness or disgust: es ist mir ekel —, it disgusts me: empfinden or haben, to feel disgust, &c., to be disgusted (vor *with Dat.*), at, with; to disrelish or loathe (a thing): —erregen or verursachen, to (excite) disgust, to shock; to turn the stomach; *sein* — an jeder nützlichen Beschäftigung, his disgust of every useful occupation; (bis) zum —, to satiety or disgust, (*Lat.*) ad nauseam; bis zum — wiederholen, to repeat to loathing (ad nauseam), to repeat again and again (as a reprimand, a story, &c.), anal. to harp always on the same string (so as to create disgust): —name, *m.* nick-name; mock-name.

Ekel, *adj.* 1) see **Eitelfelt**; 2) nauseating, loathing; *fig.-s.* 3) fastidious, (over-)nice, scrupulous, squeamish, particular: 4) delicate (of colour, &c.).

Eitelfelt, *l. or Eitelich*, (*less correct*); **Eitelig**, *adj.* 1) loathsome, disgusting, disgusting, distasteful, mawkish, nauseous; 2) *vulg.* disagreeable; *II.* **E-igelt**, (*u.*) *f.* loathsomeness.

Eitern, (*u.*) *v. l. intrans.* 1) (*l. u.*) to create disgust (*with the Dat.*); 2) *impers.* (*with the Dat. or Acc.*) to strike with disgust, nauseate: es efelt mir or mir efelt vor (*with Dat.*), I loathe... take disgust at...; *II. refl. sich* (*Acc.*) — (*with vor* [*& Dat.*]), to loathe (a thing), to be disgusted (at or with).

* **Eitertisch** muss etc., see **Eit...** etc.

Eitig, see **Eitelich**.
Eitig, (*str.*) *n.* Zool. eiland (*Antilope orcas* Poll.).

* **Elasticität**, (*u.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) elasticity, springiness; buoyancy; *Med.* tone; Rangel an —, inelasticity. —**Elastisch**, *adj.* elastic, springy: —Gummi, elastic gum, Indian rubber; *Minor.* elaterite, elastic mineral pitch: *c-c* Linie, *Math.* elastic curve: —fäßig, *adj.* gaseous, aeriform.

Elb..., *in comp.* —butter, *f.* *Ichth.* plaice (Goldbutt); —fage, *f.* see **Elst**.

Elbe, *f.* *Geogr.* Elbe: **Elbstadt**, *m.*, **Elbstädtchen**, *n.* a boat navigating the Elbe.

Elbling, **Elblinger**, (*str.*) *m.* white grape-wine, sweet-wine.

Elbogen, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* elbow; mit dem — stoßen, to elbow; der — gußt ihm zum Rode heraus, his coat is out at elbow; *II. in comp.* —arterie, cubital (artery, &c.): —bein, *n.* *Anat.* ulna, cubit: —büg, *m.* bending of the elbow: —geleht, *n.* *Med.* elbow-joint: *Anat.-s.* —muskel, *m.* cubital muscle: —nerv, *m.* cubital nerve: —röhre, *f.* lesser focal.

Elch, (*str.*) *n.* Zool. elk (*Cervus alces* L.).
Elchig, *f.* see **Elstige**.

Elektisch, *adj.* *Philos.* Electric; *Met.* *c-c* Schule, Electric philosophy.

* **Elektrofilwolle**, (*u.*) *f.* *Comm.* electoral wool (obtained from a race of Marino sheep, introduced from Spain by the Elector of Saxony, in 1765).

* **Electricität**, (*u.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) *Phys.* electricity: **E-erregter**, *m.* electromotor: **E-leiter**, *m.* electrical conductor: **E-smesser**, *m.* electromotor: **E-smestanz**, *f.* electrometry: **E-sträger**, *m.* electrophorus: **E-4 wage**, *f.*, **E-4elger**, *m.* see **E-smesser**. —**Electricität**, *adj.* electric, electrical: —werden, to electrify: der *c-c* Bal, see **Blitzball**; die *c-c* Flasche, electric jar, Leyden phial: die *c-c* Ladung, electrical charge: der *c-c* Bal, electric pole, electrode; der *c-c* Schlag, electric shock: —**Electricität**, *adj.* electrifiable: —**Electricität**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to electrify: —**Electricitätsmaschine**, (*u.*) *f.* electrical machine.

* **Elect...**, *in comp.* electro: —**chemie**, *f.* electro-chemistry: —**chemisch**, *adj.* electro-chemical: —**dynamie**, *f.* electro-dynamics: —**dynamisch**, *adj.* electro-dynamic: —**magnetisch**, *adj.* electro-magnetic: —**magnetismus**, *m.* electro-magnetism: —**meter**, (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* electrometer: —**phor**, (*str.*) *m.* electrophorus.
Elefant, *m.* see **Elephant**.

* **Elegant**, *l. adj.* (*Lat.*) elegant; fashionable; genteel; nicht —, inelegant; *II. s. (str., pl. &c.)* *m.* a beau, fop, coxcomb. —**Eleganz**, (*u.*) *f.* elegance, elegance; fashionableness; genteelness.

* **Elegie**, (*u.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Poet.* elegy. —**Elegendichter**, **Elegist**, (*str.*) *m.* writer of elegies, elegiant, elegist. —**Elegisch**, *adj.* *Poet.* elegiac: *c-c* Verse, elegiacs.

* **Element**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) element: —*l. s. vulg.* sounds: the devil! &c.; 2) *c-c*, *pl. fig.* elements, rudiments (of science, &c.): —**agat**, *m.* fourfold Jaspered agate: **E-ang**, *m.* *Min.* primitive lode. —**Elementar**, *l. or Elementarisch*, *adj.* elementary, elemental; primary, rudimentary; *II. in comp.* —**erbe**, *f.* primitive soil: —**lehrer**, *m.* teacher of the rudiments: —**schule**, *f.* primary school: —**stein**, *m.* *Minor.* opal.
Elem, see **Elem**.

A. Eleud, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* see **Elem**.
B. Eleud, (*str.*) *n.* 1) †, exile; 2) misery, adversity, calamity; distress; 3) need, penury, wretchedness, indigence; 4) (*—Bittern*), *f.* *Bot.* field-oryzopsis (*Eryngium compestre* L.): **E-erbt**, *n.* †, see **Armenrecht**, **Stemrecht**.

Eleud, (*† &*) *provinc.* **Eleudig**, *adj.* 1) miserable, wretched, distressful; 2) pitiable, sorrowful, deplorable, pitiful; scrubby, shabby; 3) coll. in an ill state of health, ill, poorly: ein *c-c* Bicht, a sad wretch: ein *c-c*, a wretch. [ably, wretchedly, woefully.]

Eleudig, *adv.* *obolevanti & coll.* miserably.
Elem, (*str.*, *pl.* —) *m.* & *n.* **Elem**, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* (*—thier*, *n.*) Zool. elk (*Elch*) (*cf.* **Rufethier**): —**haut**, *f.* *Comm.* elk-skin.

Eleus're, *f.* Eleonor (*P. N.*).

Elephant, (*u.*) *m.* 1) elephant; and *c-c* rict **Wilde rinen** **E-n** machen, coll. to make a mountain of a mole-hill; 2) *Gem.* castle, rook (at the game of chess).

Elephanten..., *in comp.* —**auge**, *n.* *Med.* dropsy of the eye: —**auslaß**, *m.* elephantiasis: —**fuß**, *m.* *Bot.* elephant's foot (*Elephantopus Carolinensis*, &c.): —**jagd**, *f.* elephant-hunting: —**jäger**, *m.* *Entom.* elephant's beetle (*Dynastes [Scarabaeus Latr.] Heracles F.*, &c. [Pteroclystis]); —**land**, *f.* acajou-cashew-nut, Malacca-bean: —**lanthanum**, *m.* *Bot.* acajou, acajuba, cashew (*Anacardium occidentale* L.): —**mähig**, *adj.* elephant-like: —**nagel**, *f.* *Ichth.* Brazilian pike (*[Esox] Hemirham-*

phus brasiliensis Bl.; —orden, m. order of the elephant (a Danish order); —papier, n. Paper-m. elephant-paper (a sort of very large paper); —reis, m. species of rice (white and small-corned); —rabbe, f. Zool. sea-elephant, elephant-seal, bottle-nose (*Macrorhinus proboscideus* F. C. / *Phoca leuina* L.); —rüffel, m. proboscis, trunk of an elephant; —wal, m. Zool. grampus; —zahn, m. tooth of an elephant; ivory; Comm. —zähne (pl.) von frisch getödteten Thieren, first sort elephant's tusks; jochirungene —zähne, split tusks, siacures; flinte —zähne, scirvelhoes.

* *Elevation*, (w.) f. (Lat.) T. elevation; —winkel, m. angle of elevation. — *Elevieren*, (w.) v. tr. Comm. to return (a protested bill) to the last endorser.

Eil, cardinal number, eleven.

Eil, (w.) m., *Eile*, *Eilen*, (w.) f. elf, fairy, goblin; —bogen, m. pl. elf arrow-heads, elf arrows.

Eilck, (str.) n. Geom. handecagon.

Eilra, adj. see *Eilsteinern*.

Eilstein, adj. elf-like, elfish, fairy-like.

Eilstein, s. l. (str.) n. ivory; das gebannte —, bone- or ivory-black; getupelt —, ivory-shavings; getrubene —, ivory of Mucorv; begutabilich —, see —ung; weisgeschamte —, burnt hartshorn; II. in comp. —blätter, n. pl. ivory leaves, sheet ivory; —brecheler, m. turner in ivory.

Eilsteinern, *Eilsteinern*, adj. (of) *Eilstein*..., in comp. —rüße, f. Geogr. Ivory Coast (in Africa); —müße, f. Ornith. ivory gull (*Larus albidus* L.); —nagel, f. Bot. ivory-nut (*Phylodolops macrocarpa*); —papier, n. ivory-paper; —[schwarz], n. bone- or ivory-black.

Eilengras, n. Bot. moor-grass.

Eilfährig, adj. fairy-like.

Eilfa..., in comp. —küng, m. king of the elfs; —küngin, f. fairy queen; —ränge, —ränge, m. pl. fairy-rings; —märchen, n. fairy-tale.

Eilfer, (str.) m. 1) member of a commission, society, &c. consisting of eleven in number; 2) wine of the vintage of the year (1700, 1800 and) eleven.

Eilferlei, adj. (of) eleven sorts.

Eilfährig, adj. elevenfold.

Eilfährig, adj. of eleven years.

Eilfährig, (w.) f. elf-lock.

Eilfährig, adv. eleven times. [elf-shot.

Eilfährig, (str.) pl. E.-[schiffe] m. elf-arrow.

Eilfährig, (w.) f. provinc. fin-scale, read (Hofe). [half.

Eilfte, adj. eleventh; —halb, ten and a

Eilfte, (str.) n. the eleventh part.

Eilftes, adv. in the eleventh place, eleventhly.

Eilger, (str.) m. Mar. fzigig, fish-gig.

Eilja, *Eilja*, m. Elijah, Eliah, Elias

(P. N.); —*Eiferer*, (str.) n. see *Eiferer*.

* *Eilieren*, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) Gramm. to elide.

Eilisa, m. Elisha, Ellis (P. N.).

Eilisa, *Eilisa*, f. Eliza, Eliza (P. N.).

Eilisabeth, f. Elizabeth (P. N.); —*elien*, (str.) n. sweet-clustus.

* *Eilisen*, (w.) f. (Lat.) Gramm. elision.

* *Eilte*, (w.) f. (Fr.) the best or chosen part, *Eilte* (genus of an army).

* *Eilte*, (str.) n. (M. Lat.) Pharm. elixir.

Eil, (str.) m. see *Eil*.

Eilbogen, see *Eilbogen*.

Eile, (w.) f. ell (a measure [usually] of 24 inches); die englische —, yard; mit der — messen, to mete by the yard-measure.

Eilbogen, see *Eilbogen*.

Eilen..., in comp. —breit, adj. one ell broad; —handel, m. draper's trade; —hoch, adj. ell-deep; —lang, adj. 1) an ell (a yard) long; 2) *fg.* very long, all-wide; —maß, n.,

—maß, m. ell: yard-measure or —stick; —waare, f. Comm. dry goods; —waarenhändler, m. dry-goods merchant; —waarenhandlung, f. dry-goods business; —weise, adv. by the ell or yard.

Eiler, (w.) f. alder (Erl).

Eilerling, (str.) m. minnow (Erlinge).

Eilern, adj. alder (Erl).

* *Eilyle*, (w.) f. (Gr.) Gramm. & Geom. ellipsis. — *Eilyleid*, (str.) n. ellipsoid. — *Eilyleidich*, adj. ellipsoidal. — *Eilyleidich*, I. adj. elliptic(al); II. adv. elliptically.

* *Eilfener*, (str.) n. see *Eilfener*.

* *Eilge* [pr. el'she], (w.) f. rarely n. (Fr. élog, from Lat. elogium, n.) eulogy, praise, encomium, panegyric; pl. compliments.

Eilich, m. Alarie (P. N.).

Eilrige (Eilrige, Eilrige, Eilrige, Eilrige, Eilrige), (w.) f. 1) Ichtk. minnow (*Leuciscus phoxinus* L.); 2) (Eilrige) see *Eilcherbaum*.

Eilich, (str.) n. Geogr. Alsace: Alsatia. — *Eilfächer*, *Eilfächer*, (str.) m. an inhabitant of Alsace, Alsatian. — *Eilfächer*, *Eilfächer*, adj. Alsatian.

Eilfächer, see *Eilfächer*.

A. *Eile*, *Eilfächer*, f. (dimin.) *Eilfächer*, n.) Elapoth, Alison, Aliso (P. N.).

B. *Eile* (Eil), (w.) f. provinc. 1) for Erl; 2) for Hölse; 3) T. awl (of sail-makers); —baum, m. black alder-tree; —beere, f. service-berry; —beerbaum, m. Bot. 1) sorrel (berry)-tree (*Sorbus terminalis* L.); 2) see *Eraubentrich*.

Eilfächer, (w.) f. Ornith. pie, magpie (*Pica canadica* Briss.). — *eilf.* m. Ornith. black-billed ank (*Alca torda* L.); —auge, n. corn (on the toes, &c.); —baum, m. 1) see Erl; 2) see *Eraubentrich*; —entchen, n. Ornith. smew (*Mergus albellus* L.); —firke, f. see *Eraubentrich*; —mürger, m. Ornith. Brazilian king-bird (*Belthylus pictus* Lath.).

Eilfächer, adj. parental.

Eilermutter, (str.) pl. E.-mütter) f. great grandmother, grandam.

Eilern, pl. parents.

Eilern, adj. parentless.

Eilern..., in comp. —mord, —mürder, m. parricide, parricide.

Eilernschaft, (w.) f. character or social position of parents, parentage.

Eilermutter, (str.) pl. E.-mütter) m. great grandfather; ancestor, forefather.

Eilfächer, (str.) m. see *Eilfächer*. [Elysian.

* *Eilfächer*, *Eilfächer*, adj. Gr. Myth.

* *Eilfächer*, (str.) pl. [w.] *Eilfächer*, (*Schiller*, unusual: *Eilfächer*) n. Gr. Myth. Elysium.

* *Eilfächer* [pr. emal'], (str.) pl. E.-s) n. & m. (Fr.) enamel; —farben, f. pl. vitrifiable pigments; —gemälde, n. enamelled picture; —maler, m. painter in enamel; —malerei, f. enamel painting. — *Eilfächer* [pr. emal-jör], (str.) m. enameller. — *Eilfächer* [emal-jör], (w.) v. tr. to enamel; das —, v. s. (str.) n. art of enamelling.

* *Eilfächer*, (w.) f. (Lat.) emancipation. — *Eilfächer*, (w.) v. tr. to emancipate.

* *Eilfächer* [pr. —'shel], (w.) f. (Fr.) envelop(e), Comm. packing, mailing; (in *Eilfächerungen*) package; die — abnehmen, to strip the bale; —kosten, f. pl. charge for packing, package. — *Eilfächer*, (w.) v. tr. to bale or pack up, to embale, to mail: *emballirt*, p. a. mailed up.

* *Embargo*, (str.) pl. E.-s) n. (Span.) embargo; unter — legen, mit — belegen, to (put under) embargo; das — aufheben, to raise the embargo.

Embergang, f. see *Emberg*, 2.

* *Emblem*, (str.) n. (Gr.) emblem (Sinnbild). — *Emblematisch*, adj. emblematic(al).

* *Embolus*, (pl. [Lat.] *Emboli*) m. (Lat.) Neck. piston, forcer, embolus.

* *Embryo*, (str.) pl. E.-s, or [w.] *Embryonen* m. (Gr.) Physiol., &c. embryo. [met.]

Emb, (str.) n. (Swiss.) after-grass (*Strum*).

* *Emeritirt*, p. a. (L. Lat.) emerited, having been allowed to retire from office or public service.

* *Emigrant*, (w.) m., *Emigranten*, (w.) f. (Lat.) emigrant. — *Emigration*, (w.) f. emigration. — *Emigranten*, (w.) v. inr. (aux. sein) to emigrate.

Emil, m. Emilias, Emila (P. N.).

Emilie, f. (dimin.) *Emilchen*, (str.) n. Emmy, Emilia, Emila (P. N.).

* *Eminent*, adj. (Lat.) eminent.

* *Eminenz*, (w.) f. (Lat.) Rom. Cath. eminence (a title given to cardinals).

Emir, (str.) pl. E.-s or E.-s) m. (Arab.) Emir, Kneer, Ameer, Amir (prince, lord, a title of dignity among the Arabs & Turks).

* *Emisär*, (str.) m. (Fr.) emissary.

* *Emission*, (w.) f. (Lat.) issue, emission: E.-schein, m. rate of issue. — *Emittirbar*, adj. issuable. — *Emittiren*, (w.) v. tr. to issue (money or paper currency). — *Emittirung*, (w.) f. (the act of) issuing (Emission), issue (of money). [emmet (Emise).

† *Emmele*, (w.) f. (Luther, &c.) ant.

A. *Emmer*, (w.) pl. E.-n) f. t. embers.

B. *Emmer*, (w.) m. —(fern, n.) see Dintel.

Emmerich, m. Emory, Morick (P. N.).

Emmerling, (str.) m. 1) see *Goldammer*; 2) see *Engerling*; 3) see *Amarell*.

Emmerfegel, (str.) n. Mar. sprit-sail.

Emphysem, (t & s) see *Emphysem*.

Empfang, (str.) m. receipt; reception: bei —, on receipt or delivery; nach —, on (or after the) receipt, when received; vor —, previous to receipt: in — nehmen, to receive, accept; to take in possession, to take charge of (goods): den Tag zum — bestimmen, to fix the day for receiving or delivery: indem wir (Ihnen) den besten — wünschen, wishing it (or them) safe to hand; gutten — bereiten, to provide the needful, due reception or acceptance (for a bill); — erfüllt (Raufschaukel), on acknowledgment of delivery or receipt.

Empfangen, (str.) v. I. tr. to receive, take, get; Comm. to be favoured with or in receipt of (a letter); — *Eie* unferrn besten Dank, accept our best thanks; *Einen* —, to receive, to welcome one; to give one a (kind, &c.) reception: er wurde kalt —, he met with a cold reception; wenn *Eie* dieses —, when this comes to hand; II. inr. to become pregnant, to conceive; — pp. (auf Quittungen) received payment (Bd. Pt.), settled, acquitted, paid, pr. acquit; bar und richtig —, payment duly received.

Empfänger, (str.) m., E.-in, (w.) f. receiver, recipient; Comm. consignee (of a cargo).

Empfänglich, I. adj. susceptible (für, of), sensible (to); sehr or lebhaft —, feelingly alive, delicately responsive (to); — machen, to dispose (für, to); II. E.-heit, (w.) f. susceptibility (für, of), sensibility (to).

Empfangung, (str.) f. conception.

Empfangen..., in comp. E.-angeige, f. acknowledgment: E.-angeige machen, to give an acknowledgment, to acknowledge; unter E.-angeige, under (with) advice: E.-berechtigung, f. (Stadtwort) der — authority for the receipt; — nahme, f. reception, receipt; — (s) zeigen, m. receipt (in writing, &c.), acquittance, quittance: E.-gimmer, n. reception- (or receiving-) room.

Empfänger, s. s. (str.) m. coll. for *Empfänger*.

Empfänger, adj. recommendable.

Empfänger, (str.) v. I. tr. to recommend,

commend (with an [& Acc., or with the Dat., to): an Men or Fern wird er Sie? to whom will he recommend you? bringen —, to press upon (the attention, &c.); II. *ref.* 1) to present one's respects (Einem, to one); 2) to take (one's) leave, to bid adieu, to make one's adieu (to one); — Sie mich ..., present my compliments (duty) to ..., remember me (kindly) or (give) my service to ...; er empfiehlt sich Ihnen bestens, he presents his best respects or regards to you; ich empfehle mich Ihnen, farewell, adieu, your servant; das lingst empfiehlt sich unsern Mitleid, misfortune is a recommendation to our pity; eine Methode, die sich empfiehlt, an eligible method; unser Empfehlener, Comm. the gentleman we address (recommend) to you.

Empfehlenswürdig, *adj.* *see* Empfehlungs-würdig.

Empfehl'er, (*str.*) *n.* recommender, the **Empfehlung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) recommendation: a) commendation; b) introduction; c) Comm. reference; 2) expression of regard; compliments, respects; auf die —, at the recommendation; er hat gute E-n, he is well (or respectably) recommended, &c.; machen Sie mir —, *see* Empfehlen Sie mich.

Empfehlung ..., *in comp.* —brief, *m.*, —schreiben, *n.* letter of recommendation (introduction), commendatory (recommendative) letter; *Ag.* passport, credential; —karte, *f.* card of introduction; trade (or trading)-card, business-card (of a travelling clerk, &c.); —würth, —würthig, *adj.* recommendable; —würthigkeit, *f.* recommendableness.

Empfind'bar, *I. adj.* sensible, perceptible, perceivable; II. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* perceptibility.

Empfindel', (*w.*) *f.* sentimentalism, affection or show of sentiment or sensibility.

Empfinden, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to sentimentalise, to affect sentiment or sensibility.

Empfinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to feel; to perceive, to be sensible of; to experience; etwas fühl —, to take ill or offence at ...; tief empfunden, home-felt; er ließ sie sein höchstes Mißfallen —, he visited her with his sternest displeasure; *cf.* also fühlten.

Empfind'ler, (*str.*) *m.*, **Empfind'lerin**, (*w.*) *f.* *conf.* sentimentalist.

Empfind'lich, *I. adj.* 1) sensible (für or gegen, to); 2) a) sensitive, easily affected, fastidious, nice; b) irritable, touchy, resenting, resentful, thin-skinned, pottish; 3) causing pain, keen, smart (blow, &c.); sore (affliction), tender (point); grievous (loss); acute (pains); eine e-t Stelle, a raw; — im Munde sein, *Mau.* having a fine or good mouth; — kalt, pinching cold; die Beleidigung war ihm sehr —, he felt the offence deeply or keenly; II. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) sensibility (gegen, to); 2) sensitiveness, fastidiousness; irritability, touchiness, pottishness; 3) keenness, sharpness, &c.

Empfind'ling, (*str.*) *m. conf.* sentimentalist.

Empfind'niß, (*str.*) *f.* & *n.* sentiment, feeling.

Empfind'sam, *I. adj.* 1) delicate (in feeling or sentiment, also in taste), feeling, sensible, susceptible; 2) (morbidly) sentimental; *coll.* lackadaisical; II. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) sensibility, susceptibility; 2) sentimentality.

Empfindung, (*w.*) *f.* sensation; sense, perception; feeling; sentiment.

Empfindungs ..., *in comp.* —eigenheit, *f.* idiosyncrasy; —fähig, *adj.* sensible; —fähigkeit, —kraft, *f.* sensitive faculty, sensitiveness; —laut, *m.* *Gramm.* interjection; —los, *adj.* void of sensation or feeling, insensible, unfeeling, apathetic, dead; —losigkeit, *f.* want of feeling, unfeelingness; insensibility; —sinn, *m.* sensory, sensorium; —vermögen, *n.* sensitive faculty, (power of)

perception or sensation, perceptibility; —voll, *adj.* full of feeling; *adv.* feelingly; —wert, *n.* *Gramm.* interjection.

* **Emphe'se**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) emphasis. — **Emphe'tisch**, *adj.* emphatic(al).

* **Empirie**, **Empir'ie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) empiricism. — **Empir'ier**, (*str.*) *m.* empiric. — **Empir'isch**, *adj.* empirical.

Empör, *adv.* on high, up, upwards, aloft, *cf.* Auf with its comp., and in die Höhe; sich —arbeiten, to work one's way (up), to rise; —bringen, to raise; —fahren, *see* Aufstahren, *indr.*; —heben, to uplift, heave up, upheave; —hebung, *f.* *Rom. Cath.* elevation (of the host); —helfen, to help up; —säule, —firche, *f.* church-gallery, quire; aisle; —tänzen, *m.* an upstart, parvenu; —kommen, 1) to get up or on (in the world), to raise one's self; 2) to rise, thrive, succeed; come up; to spring up; —läutern, *see* —treiben; —ragen, *see* Hervorragen; sich —ranken (*Platen*, of the ivy), to rise or climb upwards by its tendrils; —schauer, *f.* *see* Baffen, 4, b; —schrecken, *v. I. tr.* to jerk upwards; II. *indr.* to fly upwards; sich —schwingen, to soar aloft; to rise (to distinction); —stehen, to stand upright or on end; —steigen, to rise; —streben, to strive to rise, to strive upwards; to aspire (to); —streben, *p. a.* aspiring; —treiben, *Chem.* to sublimate.

Empören, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to stir up; to agitate; to raise, revolt; 2) *Ag.* to revolt, shock (the feelings, &c.); II. *refl.* to rebel, revolt, mutiny, rise against; e-b, *p. a.* shocking, revolting.

Empörer, (*str.*) *m.* mutineer, revolter, rebel, rebeller, insurgent, insurrectionist.

Empörrisch, *adj.* seditious, mutinous, insurrectionary, rebellious.

* **Emporium**, (*str.*) *pl.* Emporien (*m.*) (*Lat.*) *Ag.* staple(-town), market-town, mart, emporium.

Empörung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) rising against ...; sedition, mutiny, rebellion, revolt, insurrection; 2) *Ag.* indignation; E-geist, *m.* seditiousness; e-fühlig, *adj.* *see* Empörrisch.

Emp'ig, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* ant (*Wittic*).

Emp'ig, *I. adj.* assiduous, industrious, diligent; active, busy, eager, sedulous, earnest, hard (study, &c.); II. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* assiduity, industry, diligence, activity; sedulousness, eagerness. [*basely*, &c.]

Emp'iglich, *adv.* (*†* & *provinc.* assiduously.

* **Emul'sion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) Pharm. emulsion.

* **Emul'sion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) Point. encaustic painting. — **Emul'sion**, *adj.* encaustic (Platten, tiles).

* **Emul'sion** [*pr.* Anglik'völ], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) a piece of land (country) enclosed within another state or dominion.

* **Emul'sion**, (*ind.* *pl.* [*Lat.*] E-trä) *f.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) Gramm. enclitic noun. — **Emul'sion**, *adj.* enclitic.

* **Encyclopädie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) encyclopedia, cyclopedia. — **Encyclopädisch**, *adj.* encyclopedical, encyclopedian. — **Encyclopädist**, (*w.*) *m.* encyclopedist.

End ..., *in comp.* —abstich, *f.* final design, final view, end; —bahnhof, *m.* (railway-) terminus.

Endbar, *adj.* endable, terminable.

End..., *in comp.* —schicksal, *m.* ultimatum; —stet, *n.* *see* Schlußstet; —buchstabe, *m.* final letter.

Enden, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Ende) and, a small remnant, fragment; das — Sticht, candle's end.

Ende, (*irr.*) *n.* 1) a) end; issue; limit; close, termination, conclusion; expiration (of a term); b) *Ag.* death; 2) *Sport.* a) single (of a hart); b) *pl.* antlers, branches, broaches;

3) end, bit, piece; 4) salvage, list; 5) *Typ.* foot (of a page); 6) *Mech.* up-take; 7) *Ag.* aim, main design; Schranke ohne —, *Mech.* endless screw; der — der Gefahr, *Comm.* determination of the risk; das äußerste —, the (last) extremity; am —, 1. at an end, over; mit den Herrenstücken ist nun am — (*Schiller*, *Ran-*der 1, 2), such fool's tricks are at an end now; 2. after all, in the long run, at (the) last, when all is done, when all comes to (all) upon the whole; 3. perhaps; es ist am — ..., it may turn out to be ...; beim or am rechten — angreifen, to go the right way to work, to take the bull by the horns; am anrechten — ansetzen, to take (a thing) by the wrong end; bis am —, to the end, to the last; bis an das — des Lebens, to the last breath; mit beiden E-n zusammen, endways; zu —, 1. to the end; 2. at (an) end, over, out; die Zeit ist zu —, the time is out; zu — sein mit (seinem Ver-richten), to be out of stock; zu — sein, to finish reading; hiermit ist die Sache noch nicht zu —, the matter does not end here; zu dem —, to that purpose; zu dem —, das ..., to the end that ..., in order that ...; zu — gehen, ein-nehmen, to end, close, conclude, to draw (near) to a close (or an end); to run out, expire; Ertragungen, die kein — nehmen (wollen), an endless round of amusements; einer Sache (*Dat.*) ein — machen, to make an end of, to put an end (a stop) to a thing (durch, by), to terminate; (seinem Leben ein — machen, to put a period to (one's) existence, &c.); zu — bringen or führen, to bring to a close or point, to finish, terminate; to settle, bring about; an allen Orten und E-n, everywhere; throughout the length and breadth of a country; von allen E-n, from all quarters; das — vom Vieh ist, the upshot is, the long and the short of the matter is; — gut, Alles gut, *proverb.* all's well that ends well.

Ende, (*w.*) *f.* T. terminal and lateral solid angle of a crystal. [*cal.*]

* **Endemisch**, *adj.* (*Gr.*) endemic, endemi-chen, **Endem**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to end, finish, terminate, conclude; (sein Leben —, to die; 2) T. to furnish with a point or end; II. *indr.* *refl.* to end, conclude, cease; to terminate, to be over or done; to expire, to breathe one's last.

Ende, (*str.*) *m.* *Sport.* a stag having antlers; used in comp. as: Ende —, Acht — *n.* a stag having six, eight, &c. branches.

End..., *in comp.* —ergebnis, *n.* final or ultimate result; —erkenntnis, *n.* *see* —urteil; —erklärung, *f.* final declaration or proposition, ultimatum.

Endertling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Engertling.

End..., *in comp.* —genannt, —unter-schrieben, —unterzeichnet, *p. a.* undersigned, underwritten.

End..., *in comp.* —fall, *m.* *Gramm.* case; —geschwindigkeit, *f.* *Phys.* terminal velocity; —gültig, *adj.* final, ultimate.

Endigen, *see* Enden.

Endigung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) ending, finishing, termination, conclusion.

* **End'ite**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) Bot. endive (*Achrorium endivia* L.).

End'se, (*str.*) *pl.* E-s) *n.* *provinc.* (*L. G.*) Mar. rope's end (for punishment).

End..., *in comp.* —seite, *f.* terminal edge; —strophe, *f.* Bot. terminal bud; —führung, *f.* *Gramm.* apocope; —lager, *n.* *Railw.* jointchair.

End'lich, *I. adj.* finite; limited; final, ultimate, last; das E-e, the transient condition or things of this world; II. *adv.* finally, ultimately, at last, lastly, in the end, at length, after all; III. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* finiteness, finitude. **End'los**, *I. adj.* endless, never-ending, boundless, infinite, interminable; II. *U-fest*, (*w.*) *f.* endlessness, &c., infinitude.

End, (*str.*) *n.* (1. *u.*) end, termination.

* **Endeffern**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* see **Endoffern**.

End..., *in comp.* — **Ende**, *m.* Architekt. (clinet) **Ende** (newel); — **Ende**, *m.* extreme (point); terminus (of a railway); — **Ende**, *f.* epilogue; — **Ende**, *m.* rhyme at the end of a verse.

[— **Ende**, to come to an end.

Endschaff, (*u.*) *f.* end, close, issue; **Endschaff**.

End..., *in comp.* — **Endschaff**, *f.* T. pad-

screw; — **Endschaff**, *f.* final syllable, termination;

— **Endschaff**, *f.* extremity; — **Endschaff**, *m.* see **Endschaff**.

Endschaff, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) see **Endschaff**;

2) below, at foot.

Endung, (*u.*) *f.* termination, end; die

griechischen Adjektive **Endung** **Endung**, the Greek

adjectives of three endings.

End..., *in comp.* — **Endschaff**, *f.* final cause;

— **Endschaff**, *m.* Law, ultimate or definitive sentence

or decision, decretory; — **Endschaff**, *m.* definitive

treaty; — **Endschaff**, *f.* final form; — **Endschaff**, *m.* final aim;

— **Endschaff**, *m.* (ultimate) end, (final) aim, purpose, scope, design, intention.

* **Endschaff**, (*u.*) *f.* (Gr.) energy. — **Endschaff**, *adj.* energetical.

Eng, *adj.* see **Eng**.

* **Engagement** (*pr.* **Engagement**), (*str.*)

Engagement, (*u.*) *m.* (Fr.) engagement; — **Engagement**,

[**Engagement**] (*u.*) *v. tr.* to engage; engage;

engage; Capital, Comm. funds looked up: **Engagement**

Engagement **Engagement** **Engagement**, our funds are

already heavily drawn upon (*Engagement* & *Gr.*).

Eng..., *in comp.* — **Engagement**, *adj.* narrow-

bellied; — **Engagement**, *adj.* intimately connected

or acquainted; — **Engagement**, *adj.* asthmatic(al),

short-breathed, short-winded, purry; **Engagement**,

chest-fundered; — **Engagement**, *f.* asthma,

asthma, shortness of breath, purriness;

Engagement, chest-fundering.

Eng, *L. adj.* narrow; close (*also* *Adj.*);

tight, strait; contracted, condensed, small;

restricted (sense of a word, &c.); **Eng** wurde mit

—, I felt oppressed and stifled; — **Eng**, *Eng.*

Eng, close joints; ein **Eng** **Eng**, narrow

pass, defile; **Eng** **Eng**, asthma; **Eng** **Eng** **Eng**,

select committee; — **Engagement**, *adj.* narrow-

straitened, contract tightly or closely,

to tighten; **Eng** **Eng**, to tighten; to take in (a

dress); **Eng** *(u.) f.* 1) narrowness; closeness,

straitness, tightness; 2) narrow place or

passage; 3) *Adj.* strait, difficulty, embarrassment;

in **Eng** — **Eng**, to hem in, to drive

or reduce to straits, to beset, press hard, em-

barrass, to drive home, to run down or close.

Eng, *L. i. (str.) m.* 1) angel; 2) see —

Eng; **Eng**, *in comp.* — **Engagement**, *m.* **Eng**, mountain

everlasting, mountain endwood, cat's

foot (*Engagement* *Engagement* *Engagement*); — **Eng**, *n.* angelic

food, manna.

Engagement, **Engagement**, (*str.*) *n.* (dimin.

of **Eng**) 1) little angel; 2) **Eng**, a) poetic or

white narcissus (*Narcissus poeticus* L.); b)

nictitans (*Vicium album* L.); 3) **Eng**, a species

of dragon-fly (*Libellula puella* [virgo] L.);

4) **Eng**, see **Eng**.

Eng..., *in comp.* — **Eng**, *m.* Ichth. angel-

fish, monk, fuller-ecate (*Squalius angelus* C.);

— **Eng**, *adj.* angel-like, angelic; — **Eng**, *m.*

see — **Eng**; — **Eng**, *n.* 1) little angel's head;

2) **Eng**, common or lesser maple (*Acer cam-*

pestre L.); — **Eng**, *m.* **Eng**, mountain arnica

(*Arnica montana* L.).

† **Eng**, *m.* see **Eng**.

Eng, *m.* Ingram (P. N.).

Eng..., *in comp.* — **Eng**, *adj.* as pure as

an angel; — **Eng**, *m.* Ichth. a species of ray

(*Rhinodonta levis* C.); **Eng**, *m.* **Eng**, see

Engagement; — **Eng**, *m.* angelic apparition;

angel-woman; **Eng**, *f.* a species of pear;

Eng, *m.* **Eng**, mountain globe-

flowers (*Trollius europaeus* L.); **Eng**, *f.*

angelic patience; **Eng**, *m.* Ave-Mary;

Eng, *m.* Architekt., &c. seraph, cherub; **Eng**

Eng, *n.* see **Engagement**; — **Eng**, *f.* see

— **Eng**; **Eng**, *n.* polypody, wall-fern

(*Polypodium vulgare* L.); — **Eng**, *f.* Michael-

mas; — **Eng**, *f.* angelica (*Archangelica* *offi-*

cinale L.); wilde — **Eng**, *Angelica silvestris* L.

Eng, (*u.*) *v. l. tr.* to straiten, narrow:

to pinch: to press; **Eng**, *ref.* to get narrow,

small, to contract.

Eng, (*str.*) *m.* **Eng**, canker-worm,

grub: stag-worm: wormil.

Eng, (*u.*) *f.* *l. u.* for **Eng**.

Eng..., *in comp.* — **Eng**, *adj.* narrow-

minded, narrow-hearted (or -souled), illiberal:

— **Eng**, *adj.* narrow-mindedness, illiberality.

Eng, *m.* England.

Eng, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Englishman: die

—, *pl.* the English; 2) a) an English horse;

b) see **Engagement**; — **Eng**, *Engländer*,

(*u.*) *f.* Anglomani.

Eng, (*u.*) *f.* Englishwoman, an

Eng, (*u.*) *v. tr.* see **Engagement**.

Eng, (*u.*) *f.* Englishman, *l. u.* *l. adj.* Eng-

lish: Anglican (church, &c.); **Eng**, *m.* **Eng**,

pl. equestrians; **Eng**, *queen's blue*; **Eng**, *c-*

Eng, *Carlino*, rotten-stone; **Eng**, *see*

Eng; **Eng**, *ein* **Eng**, a garden or plea-

sure-grounds in the English style; **Eng**, *c-*

Eng, *patent yellow*; **Eng**, *see* **Eng**; **Eng**, *c-*

Eng, *goldbeater's skin*; **Eng**, *c-* **Eng**, *Eng*,

escapement; **Eng**, *c-* **Eng**, *Eng*, *mit* **Eng**

Eng, *c-* **Eng**, *Eng*, *Eng*; **Eng**, *c-* **Eng**, *Eng*,

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counter or act in opposition to; to contravene or infringe (den Gesetzen, laws): das —halten, v. s. a. n. contravention; —kommen, 1) to come or advance to meet; 2) to make advances; Jemandes Wünschen —kommen, to meet one's wishes; ich rechne auf ein freundliches —kommen, I reckon upon a friendly return or upon being met in a friendly spirit; 3) to obviate, prevent; —laufen, 1) to run to meet; to run up to or towards; 2) to be counter or contrary, to clash with; —nehmen, see Empfangen; —reden, to contradict; —reisen, to travel or go to meet; —rücken, v. l. tr. to push towards; II. intr. to march, advance towards; —sehen, to look for, to look forward to, to expect, await; —setzen, p. a. expecting, in expectation of; 3) Herr Minister! —setzen, awaiting your reply; —setzen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to oppose, to set against; 2) *fig.* to contrast, to put in competition (Einem, with one); II. *refl.* (with Dat.) to oppose, confront; —setzung, f. 1) the (act of) opposing, &c.; opposition; 2) *Rhet.* antithesis; —stellen, I. see —setzen; II. *refl.* to hinder, to be or stand in the way of; —treten, (with Dat.) to advance towards, *fig.* to oppose, to set one's face against; —wirken, see —arbeiten; —wirken, to advance towards.

Entgegnen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to retort, remonstrate, reply, rejoinder, remonstrance; in —Thres Briefe, in answer to your letter.

Entgehen, (irr.) v. intr. (aus. sein, with Dat.) 1) a) to escape, get off, avoid; man kann dem Tode nicht —, there is no avoiding death; b) to escape the observation or notice of; es kann Ihnen nicht —, you cannot fail to observe; 2) to fail (as strength, &c.); to leave; dies entgeht mir, *fig.* I (shall) lose that, I am (or shall be) deprived of it; das entgeht mir nicht, ich kann dem nicht —, coll. I am booked for it; sich (Dat.) (eine Gelegenheit) —lassen, to let slip (an opportunity); sich nicht —lassen, to secure; entgehen, p. a. lost (proßt, freihelt).

Entgeissen, (w.) v. tr. to castrate; to geld. Entgeissen, (w.) v. tr. to exanimate; —or Entgeistigen, (w.) v. tr. to unspiritualise, to deprive of spirituality.

Entgeistern, (w.) v. tr. * to deprive of spirit or sense; entgeistert, p. a. exanimate.

Entgelt, (str.) m. see Vergeltung; ohne —, without remuneration or fee, gratis; gegen —, for an equivalent.

Entgelten, (str.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to pay for, atone for, to suffer; Einen etwas —lassen, to make one suffer for, to make one feel a thing, to visit upon one. [trify]

Entgleiten, (w.) v. tr. Chem., &c. to deviate.

Entgleiten, (w.) v. l. intr. (aus. sein) to run off the rails or the track; II. tr. to take up the rails of (a railway). —Entgleitung, (w.) f. the (act of) running off the track, &c.

Entgleiten, (str.) v. intr. (aus. sein, with Dat.) to slip, slide from; to escape, drop from.

Entgleiden, (w.) v. tr. 1) to deprive of members, to dismember; 2) *fig.* to disorganise.

Entglühmen, (str.) v. intr. (aus. sein) lit. & *fig.* to kindle, inflame.

Entglücken, (w.) v. tr. intr. (aus. sein) lit. & *fig.* to begin to burn, to kindle, to glow.

Entgöttern, (w.) v. tr. to ungod, undeify, to divest of divinity.

Entgraben, (w.) v. tr. to bone (a fish).

Entgrünen, (w.) v. intr. (aus. sein) to spring up verdant, to sprout forth (with Dat., from).

Entgrünen, (w.) v. tr. to invalidate.

Entgummern, (w.) v. tr. see Degummieren.

Entgürten, Entgürten, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to loose from a band, girdle, or girt, to ungird (Abgürten).

Enthaaren, (w.) v. tr. to deprive of hair, of Abhaaren; to depilate. —Enthaarung, (w.) f. depilation; —Entmittel, n. Med. depilatory.

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to unhalter.

Enthalten, (w.) v. intr. (aus. sein) * to sound from.

Enthalten, (str.) v. l. tr. to contain, comprise, comprehend, hold, include; Comm. to cover; II. *refl.* (with Gen.) to abstain (from): to forbear, to refrain; ich kann mich des Lachens nicht —, I cannot help laughing.

Enthalten, I. adj. abstemious, abstinent, continent, sober, temperate; II. —Ei, (w.) f. abstemiousness, abstinence, continence, soberness; discretion. [ance; restraint]

Enthaltung, (w.) f. abstinence; forbearance.

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to unhard, soften: Stahl —, to Neal steel. [of its resin]

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to deprive (a tree)

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to snatch away: [den Jüngling freut es, wie die Wellen] hindern durchs Gefüll, | und wie sie sich ergießen sich (Dat.) — | sein aufgeschüttetes Bild (Lemo), [it glads the youth to see them] ... prattle through the field, | and from each other snatch away | his image just revealed (Baskerv.).

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to take one's cap off, to unroof.

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to behead, decapitate. —Enthaltung, (w.) f. the (act of) beheading, decapitation.

Enthalten, (w.) v. tr. to skin, flay, excoriate. —Enthaltung, (w.) f. the (act of) skinning, &c., excoriation.

Entheben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to take away, lift from; 2) *fig.* (Einem einer Sache Gen.) to ease (of a burden, &c.), to exonerate, exempt, deliver, or free from — Sie uns dieser Mühe, spare us this trouble; eines Amtes —, to dismiss from an employment. —Enthebungs, (w.) f. 1) exemption; 2) dismissal.

Entheiligen, (w.) v. tr. to unhallow, profane, desecrate, to violate. —Entheiligung, (w.) f. profanation, desecration, violation.

Enthelmen, (w.) v. tr. to unhelmet, deprive of the helmet.

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to dishearten.

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to deprive of the brain; Cook to brain.

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to deprive of wood.

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to unhook, deprive of the hoof.

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to unfold; to unvell, disclose, reveal; to unmask; das Denkmal wird heute enthüllt werden, the monument will be unveiled this day. —Entthüllung, (w.) f. the (act of) unfolding, &c., unveiling (of a statue, &c.); exposure (of political secrets, &c.).

Entheuern, (w.) v. tr. to husk, decorticate, peel, shell; to gin (cotton). —Entthüllung, (w.) f. the (act of) husking, &c.; decortication: Entschälen, Entschälen, f. Mech. hulling machine: pulping mill.

Entheuern, (w.) v. intr. (aus. sein) to hop or skip (out of or away from).

* Enthusemieren, (w.) v. tr. (Gr.) to fill with enthusiasm or rapture, to enrapture. —

Enthusiasmus, (indoc.) m. enthusiasm. —

Enthusiast, (w.) m. enthusiast. —

Enthusiastisch, adj. enthusiastic(al); adv. enthusiastically. [oxen]; *fig.* to disenfranchise.

Enthusiast, (w.) v. tr. to unyoke, unteam

Enthusiast, (w.) v. tr. to deslower. —

Enthusiast, (w.) f. defoliation.

Enthusiast, (w.) v. intr. (aus. sein) to germinate (from), to spring up (of germs).

Enthusiast, (w.) v. tr. to release, set free, or deliver from prison.

Enthusiast, (w.) v. tr. to unkernel (nuts, &c.), to stone (fruit), of. Ankerstein.

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. to unchain, unfasten. Entketten, (w.) v. l. tr. to undress, divest, unrobe, disrobe, unclothe, strip; entkettet sein, to be in undress; II. *refl.* to undress.

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. (H. Voch, l. u.) to unbottom. [break forth from the bud]

Entketten, (w.) v. intr. (aus. sein) to

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. Chem. to decarbonise.

Entketten, (str.) v. intr. (aus. sein) to

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. to escape, evade, to come or get off; mit genauer Noth —, to make or have a narrow or hair-breadth escape. [acc.]

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. to uncouple (dogs).

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. to uncook.

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. to disembody, divest of flesh or the body.

Entketten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to debilitate, enervate, enfeeble, exhaust; 2) *fig.* to weaken, unnerve; to disprove, invalidate; ein Grundstück —, to wear land out of heart. —

Entkräftung, (w.) f. debilitation, enervation; exhaustion, fatigue, weariness; invalidation; Med. inanition; E-streber, n. consumptive fever. [prive of a wreath]

Entkräften, (w.) v. tr. to divest or de-

Entkräften, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* to uncure.

Entkräften, (str.) v. intr. (with Dat.) to creep out of or away from. [crown]

Entkräften, (w.) v. tr. to discrown, un-

Entkräften, (w.) v. tr. Mech. to disconnect, to throw out of gear.

Entladen, (str.) v. tr. to disburden, unload, exonerate; to discharge; to ease (one's conscience); sich (with Gen.) —, to ease one's self (of a burden, &c.); das Pulver entlad sich, the powder exploded or blew up; die Wolke entlad sich über mir, the cloud broke over me. —

Entlad, (str.) m. Elec. discharger, discharging-rod. —Entladung, (w.) f. 1) ex-

oneration; 2) discharge, eruption.

Entladung, adv. (with Acc. after the endst. & Gen. or Dat. before it) along; —gehen, laufen, reiten &c., to skirt (a wood, &c.).

Entlarven, (w.) v. tr. to unmask. —

Entlarven, (w.) f. the (act of) unmasking.

Entlassen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to dismiss, give leave, discharge; coll. to give the sack; —werden, to have or get the sack; (wegen eines Vergehens) to turn away or off; to dissolve (a meeting); to disband (soldiers); 2) (Einem einer Sache Gen.) (l. u.) to discharge (from duty, &c.); to absolve (of an oath, &c.); Einen aus dem Gefängnis —, to discharge, release a prisoner; to emancipate; Low-s. vom Gerichte völlig — sein, to be dismissed without day, to go without day; der Haft — sein, to have a writ of ease.

Entlassen, s. I. (w.) f. leave, dismissal, removal (from office, &c.), dismissal, discharge; release; resignation (of a minister, &c.); — der Gefangenen, jail delivery; seine — nehmen, to resign one's office, &c.; II. in comp. Entlassen, Entlassung, n., Entlassung, m. certificate (in den Strafcolonen, tickets) of leave, discharge-ticket; Entlassung, n. (letter) dismissory.

Entlassen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem einer Sache Gen.) 1) to disburden, discharge, dis-

cumber, unload, exonerate; sein Gewissen —, to unburden one's conscience; 2) Comm. (Einem für eine gewisse Summe) to credit, to pass (an amount) to the credit of any one's account. — Entlassung, (w.) f. discharge, exoneration; *gu* meiner —, Comm. to my credit; — des Grundbesitzes, enfranchisement of landed property; Entlassung, m. Archit. discharging-arch (Ablassbogen); Entlassung, m. witness in favour of an accused, witness for the defence; friendly witness.

Entlassen, (w.) v. tr. to unleave, to strip of the foliage. — Entlassung, (w.) f. frondation.

Entlaufen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to run away, desert; to escape; to elope (of women); **Entlaufen** —, to run away from one, coll. to give one the slip; der **Entläufigkeit** — (*pp.*), fugitive from justice.

Entlaufen, (*w.*) f. the (act of) running away, *sc.*, escape, elopement.

Entlassen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to set free, to deliver, release (*einer Sache* [Gen.], from), to discharge; to exempt; sein **Entlassen** —, to discharge, clear, relieve, or ease one's conscience; der **Entlass**, **Entlass**, **Entlass** —, to unfetter, unshackle, unchain; II. *refl.* (*with* Gen.) to rid or disembarass one's self or to get rid (of); to acquit or exonerate one's self (of), to discharge or perform (one's duty, *sc.*); sich **entlassen** (Kaufmann) —, to fulfill or execute a commission, a command; sich **entlassen** (Botschafter) —, to make good one's word, promise, or engagement; sich **entlassen** (Vater) —, to cast off care. — **Entlassung**, (*w.*) f. 1) deliverance, release, acquittal; riddance; 2) performance, execution. [*cf.* **Entlassen**].

Entleeren, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to discharge, empty; **Entleeren**, I. *adj.* remote, distant, far off; II. *adv.* *distance* remoteness.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*Einem* etwas) *lit.* & *fig.* to borrow; to derive; to take (from); to take out (books of a library). — **Entleiher**, (*str.*) m. borrower. — **Entleiher**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) borrowing, *sc.*, loan; derivation.

Entleiden, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* *obsolete*, to kill, slay, murder; II. *refl.* to make away with one's self, to commit suicide. — **Entleiden**, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) killing, *sc.*, homicide; 2) (Selbst-) suicide, self-murder.

Entleiden, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *see* **Entleiden**.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to lead away (from).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*Einem* etwas) 1) to draw or allure away by flattery, enticement, *sc.*; 2) to elicit, draw (a secret, *sc.* from); dem **Entleihen** —, to draw tears from (to) the eyes. [*flash up, blaze up from*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to deprive of men (as a ship); 2) to castrate, emasculate; 3) *fig.* to emasculate, to make effeminate; to enervate. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) unmaning; 1) castration; 2) enervation, emasculation.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* T. to take off the shell of (a moulding).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to deprive of marrow; to enervate.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unmast, dismast, take out the masts; to unrig.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unman, to divest of humanity, of the dignity of man; to brutalise: **entmenschen**, p. a. inhuman; brutish, brutalised.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to separate (things mixed), (*Bacon*) to unminge. [*laden*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unmask (*Entleihen*); **Entleihen**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to discourage, disanimate, dishearten, dispirit, dismay. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. discouragement, dismay; depondency.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unroll, to open by drawing the nails from. [*clear up*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to free from mist, to **Entleihen**, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to take, get or draw (from); to borrow, *cf.* **Entleihen**; ich **entnahm** Ihrem Briefe 2 Anmerkungen, *Comm.* I found in your letter two checks (*Not. & Gr.*); 2) (*Einem* *einer Sache* [Dat.]) to deliver or free (from); 3) *fig.* (*sometimes* *sich* [Dat.]) etwas —) to understand, conclude, gather (from); to see, perceive, learn (by); 4) *Comm.* — to collect (an amount); *eine Summe Geldes*) auf

Entleihen —, to draw upon one, to value on, upon one (for a sum of money); direct —, to draw direct; **entnehmen auf** (*with* Acc.) für ..., drawn upon ..., for ... — **Entleihen**, (*str.*) m. *Comm.* drawer, maker, or giver of a bill (*opp.* **Begeher**, drawee).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to enervate: **entnervt**, p. a. enervated, weakened, unnerved. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. enervation. [*fast*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *refl.* to break one's * **Entleihen**, (*w.*) m. (*Gr.*) entomologist. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. entomology. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. entomological.

* **Entleihen**, n. pl. (*Gr.*) entozoa, *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to divest or deprive of a coat of mail, to unmail.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to draw the cork from, to uncork.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to disendow (a church, *sc.*) — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. disendowment.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to fall or tumble (from) with great noise.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*with* Dat.) 1) to press, wring, or squeeze from, out of; 2) *fig.* to exact, force, to draw (tears, *sc.*) from.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *refl.* to burst the cocoon: *fig.* to turn out to be: er **entpuppte sich** endlich als Spion, at last he turned out (he proved) to be a spy.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*l. u.*) to strip of the purple, to dethrone.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to rise in dense smoke, to issue (from).

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to burst, flow, bubble up (*with* Dat., from), *cf.* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*Einem* etwas) to snatch away (from); *cf.* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to rise above, to project, to stand, come, or jut out from.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* & *tr.* (*gener.* only in the *infective* mood *with* Acc. or Gen.) to dispense with, to do or make shift without.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unriddle, decipher, unravel.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *Einem* das Haar, to deprive one of hair, *cf.* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*aux.* sein) * to rush from.

* **Entleihen** [*pr.* **Entleihen**], *in comp.* — **Entleihen** [-sh], (*str.*, pl. **Entleihen**) n. *Dome* cut, cutting; — **Entleihen** [-po], (*str.*, pl. **Entleihen**) n. 1) warehouse; 2) *see* **Entleihen**; 3) *Comm.* a bond; in — **Entleihen**, in bond, bonded; in — **Entleihen**, to bond; b) bonded warehouse, store; — **Entleihen** [*pr.* -**Entleihen**], (*str.*, pl. **Entleihen**) m. undertaker; — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to undertake, venture; — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. *Comm.*, &c. undertaking, enterprise, venture; in — **Entleihen**, in contract; — **Entleihen**, (*str.*, pl. **Entleihen**) n. *Archit.* entresol, mezzanine.

* **Entleihen** [*pr.* **Entleihen**], (*str.*, pl. **Entleihen**) n. (*Fr.*) 1) entrance; entry; 2) entrance-money, admission-money; — **Entleihen**, n. ticket of admission; — **Entleihen**, m., — **Entleihen**, f. *Waar.* feeding-roller.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) (*Einem* etwas) to snatch (away), to tear, seize, wrest, or wring (from); 2) (*Einem* *einer Sache* [Dat.]) to rescue, deliver; save (from). — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) snatching away, *sc.*, ereption.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) (*l. u.*) to ride away, to escape (from) on horseback. [*escape (from) by running*].

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to rescue, snatch away (from).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*l. u.*) to save, to rescue, snatch away (from).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to pay, discharge (what is due), to clear, to answer (a claim), to satisfy (demands). — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. payment, discharge; *Comm.* reimbursement.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unbolt, unbar.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to ripple from. [*of the bark or crust*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to divest or strip

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* (*Einem* etwas) to wrest (a thing) from, wrench out of (one's hands).

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to run or flow down from: to escape, run away; to fly, pass rapidly (from); **Entleihen** —, n. flight, escape. [*of tobacco*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to strip the leaves

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) (*with* Dat.) to roll (down) from; 2) to roll or pass away; II. *tr.* to unroll (a mummy, *sc.*).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to take, snatch away; to remove; *fig.* to translate; **entleihen**, (*with* Dat.) p. a. beyond the reach of; dem **Entleihen** entleihen, waited out of (one's) sight; in **entleihen** **Entleihen**, rapt into future times. [*row away (from)*].

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to **Entleihen**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to unwrinkle, unknit.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to provoke, enrage, irritate, to make indignant, to rouse (one's) indignation; II. *refl.* to be indignant, to grow angry; **entleihen**, p. a. in a rage or passion, angry, indignant. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. anger, passion, wrath, indignation.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*with* Dat.) to renounce, resign; to disclaim, to waive; to abdicate; allen **Entleihen** —, to give up (break one's self off) all pleasures; dem **Entleihen** —, to turn away from vice.

Entleihen, (*w.*) f. renunciation, resignation; (*Thron-*) abdication (of the throne).

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to free from salt, to sweeten.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to unsaddle, strip of a saddle; 2) to dismount, unhorse, coll. to spill.

Entleihen, (*str.*, no pl.) m. the (act of) raising the siege of (a fortress, *sc.*), relief, succour.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to free from acid, to sweeten, *chem.* to disoxydate. — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. disoxydation.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to deprive of the sceptre, to dethrone.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to indemnify, compensate; to reimburse: **entleihen** werden, or II. *refl.* to recover damages, to retrieve a loss; sich für etwas **entleihen** —, to take out something in ... — **Entleihen**, (*w.*) f. indemnification, compensation, amends; reimbursement; indemnity.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) *see* **Entleihen**; 2) T. *Seide* —, to scour silk; to boil the gum out of silk. [*sein*] to sound from.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*l. u.*) to disperse, disband.

Entleihen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to issue, gush, or break forth foaming.

Entleihen, (*str.*) m. *see* **Entleihen**.

Entleihen, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to decide, determine (a cause, *sc.*), to pass or give judgment or sentence on, to judge of, to decree on; 2) to arbitrate, adjust; II. *refl.* & *intr.* to decide (*über* *with* Acc.), on, upon; 1) to form a judgment (of), to give one's judgment (upon); **entleihen** *wer* *da* *will*, let any body be judge; 2) to determine (on, upon), make up one's mind, resolve (upon); to be decided; er **entleihen** *sich* *für* *mit*, he decided in my favour, he was for me; er **entleihen** *sich* *für*

die Mittelforte, he settled upon the middling sort: sich für oder gegen —, to decide one way or the other.

Entscheidend, *p. a.* decisive, determinate, decisive, peremptory, conclusive, final: *c-t* Antwort, final answer: *c-t* Stimme, casting voice or vote; *c-es* Beispiel, crucial instance: *c-er* Schritt, decided step.

Entscheidung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of deciding, *dec.*, decision, determination; decisive sentence; judgment, verdict: die — des Schwertes, the arbitration of the sword; gefälliger —entscheidend, *Comm.* awaiting your resolution: zu einer endlichen (schließlichen) — bringen, to bring to a final issue.

Entscheidungs..., *in comp.* —*eid*, *m.* decisory oath; —*grund*, *m.* ground of deciding; motive: —*punct*, *m.* —*zeichen*, *n.* —*punkt*, *m.* crisis, critical point; —*stimme*, *f.* casting voice or vote; —*unge*, *m. pl. Mod.* decisory or critical days.

Entschieden, *I. p. a.* decided: 1) made up, *cf.* Entschiden; 2) resolute, determined, firm; 3) peremptory, positive, *cf.* Entschiden; ich bin — der Meinung, I am decidedly of opinion, *dec.*; II. *E-geht*, (*w.*) *f.* decision, determination, resoluteness, *dec.*

Entschiden, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) *see* Entschien.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to shoot from: to fall, burst, or break loose (from), to burst forth.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. I. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to sail off or away (from); to escape in a ship; II. *tr.* to ship off. [*gear*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unharness, un-
Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to fall asleep; wenn wir sterben, — wir nicht, wir ändern nur den Ort, when we die we do not fall asleep, we only change our place; 2) *fig.* to expire, die, to breathe one's last; *der* (die) Entschlafene, (*decl. like* *adj.*) *m. (f.)*, *pl.* die Entschlafenen, the deceased.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. refl. with Gen.* (sich einer Sache *Gen.*) to divest one's self or to get rid of, to dismiss from one's mind, to put out of one's head, to banish, throw aside, cast away (care), to forget, since *Ballmänn* — (*pp.*) sein, *Comm.* to be cleared, *coll.* to begin anew, to begin the world again. — **Entschien**, (*w.*) *f. Comm.* release, discharge.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) (*i. u.*) to sneak, creep, or steal away (from).

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. lit. & fig.* to unveil: reveal.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. see* Entschien, 2. **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to sling away or forth.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. T.* to steep, undress (cotton in bleaching, *dec.*).

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to unlock; to disclose; II. *refl.* to resolve, fix, determine, decide (on, upon), to make up one's mind; ich kann mich nicht dazu —, I cannot bring myself to do it: sie war entschlossen, ihres Sohnes Rechte zu verteidigen, she was determined on asserting her son's rights.

Entschien, (*w.*) *f.* resolution, determination. [*the noose*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to take out of **Entschien**, (*str.*) *v. I. p. a.* determined, resolved (*cf.* Entschien), resolute; firm, prompt: ein *c-er* Mann, a man of execution: dies mochte ihn nur desto *c-er*, this only sharpened his determination; II. *E-geht*, (*w.*) *f.* resoluteness, determination, decision, courage.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to fall into slumber: 2) to expire, die gently, *cf.* Entschien.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein, *with Dat.*) to slip or glide out of, from, to escape (from) —, to escape one, *coll.* to give

one the slip; das Wort entschlippte mir, the word slipped from my tongue.

Entschien, (*str.*, *pl.* Entschien) *m.* resolution, resolve; einen — fassen, to take (come to, or fix upon) a resolution, to make a determination, to determine (about), to resolve; zu einem — kommen, to make up one's mind, to fix upon something; zu keinem — kommen können, to be unsettled in one's mind.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. (I. u.)* to divest or strip of ornament. [*untie*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. (I. u.)* to unlace, **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to draw (water, *dec.*) from; *fig.* to exhaust. [*of shoes*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to divest or strip **Entschien**, (*adv.* excusable, *see* Ber-
[*giblich*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to excuse, exculpate; to justify, defend; sich —, to apologise (bei, gegen, to, wegen, for); Karl I. entschuldigte sich bei dem Könige von Spanien dafür, daß er dabei betheiligt gewesen sei, Charles I. apologised to the king of Spain for having had any thing to do with it; ich bitte mich zu —, I'd rather be excused; er ist nicht (einigermaßen) zu —, there is nothing (something) to be said for him; sich mit Straußheit, Unwissenheit *cc.* —, to plead sickness, ignorance, *dec.*; — Sie mich, (pray) excuse me, have or hold me excused; — Sie mich bei ihm, make my excuses to him; — Sie die Eile, excuse haste; es läßt sich nicht —, it admits of no excuse, there is no excuse for it; — Sie! I beg your pardon! — Sie sich nicht, make no apologies.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. I. f.* exculpation; excuse, apology; plea; als (jur) —, for one's (my, *dec.*) excuse; als — für ..., in excuse or palliation of ...; keine — I never tell me! um — bitten, to apologise (wegen, for); II. *in comp.* *E-gehung*, *m.* the reason for an excuse, plea; *E-gehung*, *n.* letter of excuse, apology, deprecatory letter.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to unseal (a fish). **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to divest or strip of an apron. [*out of*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. (I. u.)* to shake **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to swarm forth.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) * to soar away or up (from).

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. Chem.* to desulphurate. — **Entschien**, (*w.*) *f.* desulphuration.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. T.* to deprive of sweat or impurities, to scour (wool).

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to swim off, to escape from ... by swimming.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to disappear; to vanish (quickly) (*with Dat.*, from). [*soar above, aloft*]

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. refl.* * to fly away, **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to whiz, buzz from.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* to exanimate; effect, *p. a.* deprived of life, lifeless, dead.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to sail off or away (from), *cf.* Entschien.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. refl. t.* to be ashamed or afraid of, to be loath (to).

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to send off or from, to despatch; to (let) jerk (an arrow, *dec.*).

Entschien, (*adj.* 1) removable; 2) that may be relieved or rescued.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. I. tr. 1)* (Einen einer Sache *Gen.*) to displace, depose; to remove, displace (one from office); to suspend; *Mit* to discard, cashier; der Briefsternde —, to deprive (a clergyman); des Thrones —, to depose from the throne, to dethrone; 2) *Mit* to relieve, succour, to raise the siege of (a fortress); to come to the rescue of ...; II.

refl. to shudder (vor *with Dat.*), at), to be shocked, terrified, amazed (at).

Entschien, (*s. (str.) n. 1)* *see* Entschien & Entschien; 2) terror, horror, amazement.

Entschien, (*L. adj.* terrible, horrible, horrid, frightful, shocking: atrocious, monstrous, heinous, dire; II. *E-geht*, (*w.*) *f.* terrible, *dec.*, atrocity, monstrosity, heinousness.

Entschien, (*w.*) *f. 1)* removal, dismissal, dismissal, suspension, deprivation, deposition, desposal, degradation, displacement; 2) *see* Entschien.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to unseal, open.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to drop from: to sink (gradually) down; es entfällt mir der Muth, my heart sinks (within me), my courage falls me.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. refl. (with Gen.)* to remember, recollect, to call to mind.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to free from, to raise above the sensual or earthly, to spiritualise.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to demoralise. — **Entschien**, (*w.*) *f.* demoralisation, depravation of morals. [*then*]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. (I. u.)* *see* Entschien **Entschien**, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to unbend (a bow, *dec.*).

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. fig.* to contrive, bring about, originate, *cf.* Entschien; 3) *refl.* to arise, to originate (aus, in); to ensue.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr. (with Dat.)* to answer, correspond to, to be equal to ...; to suit, meet, to come up to (a demand, *dec.*); to be in keeping or to tally with, to comply with (a request); to come up to (einer Probe, a sample); einer Bitte —, to comply with a request; nicht —, to fall short (of expectation, *dec.*); es entspricht dem Zweck, it will do; *c-b*, answering, *dec.*, suitable, just, adequate; schöne Augen und andere *c-Weise*, *fig.* fine eyes and other charms to correspond (to match, to answer); Ihrem Verlangen *c-b*, in accordance with your wish; dem *c-b*, accordingly.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to sprout forth (*with Dat.*, from); Blätter — dem Zweige, leaves spring from the twig; 2) *fig.* *see* Entschien, 3.

Entschien, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to spring or run away, to escape; 2) to spring, (take) rise (said of rivers, *dec.*); to burst out; 3) *fig.* a) to spring, arise (aus, from); to come from, proceed, *cf.* Entschien; b) to descend, *cf.* Entschien.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to flow or burst from.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to fly from, to be cast or thrown out (of sparks).

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. mod.* to disestablish (a church). — **Entschien**, (*w.*) *f.* disestablishment.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to disfigure, deform.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* sein) (*with Dat.*) to descend (einem abigen Geschlechte, from a noble family, *dec.*); dem Himmel *c-b*, heaven-descended, heaven-born; der Hölle entkammt, hell-born.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. T.* to unsteal.

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to deprive of the stalk. [*the dust from ...*, to dust]

Entschien, (*w.*) *s. tr. (I. u.)* to remove **Entschien**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*aux.* sein) to arise, rise, spring (up), begin (aus, from), originate (in), to be formed (by or of); to proceed, take rise (from); to grow (out of); to ensue; was wird daraus —? what will come of (from) it? entstehe was be will (or willst), come what come may, happen what may; 2) (*aux.* haben, *with Dat.*) (*I. u.*) to fail, to be wanting; das —, *s. s. (str.) n.* the act of arising, *dec.* *cf.* Entschien; es ist noch im —

map in two; —fallen, —gehen, v. *intr.* to fall in pieces; to go to pieces; —schlagen, v. *tr.* to break or stove to pieces.

Entzwei'en, (w.) v. *tr.* to disunite, to set at variance or at odds; II. *refl.* to fall out with one another; *entzweit*, p. a. at variance, at odds. — **Entzwei'ung**, (w.) *f.* division (act of disuniting and state of being at variance); dissension, variance, bad feeling; *dieß war nun eine verhängnisvolle — zwischen König und Volk*, here was a fatal division between the king and the people.

* **Entzian**, (str.) m. Bot-s. gentian (*Gentiana* L.); gelber oder rother —, bitter-wort (*G. lutea* L., *G. purpurea* L.); stengelroter —, dwarf-gentian (*G. acutis* L.); gemeiner —, marsh-gentian (*G. pneumonanthe* L.).

* **Epacten**, pl. (Gr.) Chron. (Astr.) epact. — **Epact'ete** [pr. *epoák'te*], (w.) *f.* (Fr.) M. epaulet, shoulder-knot.

* **Ephe'mer**, **Ephe'merisch**, adj. (Gr.) ephemeral, temporary; e-e Baaren, *f.* pl. Comm. 1) fancy articles, goods subject to varying fashions; 2) perishable goods (such as fruits, &c.). — **Ephe'mere**, (w.) *f.* 1) see *Eintagsfliege*; 2) Med. ephemera. — **Ephe'meride**, (w.) *f.* Astr. &c. epimeris, pl. epimerides. [Jan.]

Ephe'ter, (str.) m., **Ephe'tisch**, adj. Ephe'ten, (str.) m. Bot. ivy (*Hedera helix* L.); mit — beschnitten, beschnitten, poet. ivied, ivy-clad, ivy-mantled; —blühend, hederaeous; —harz, n. ivy-resin, ivy-gum; —ranke, *f.* ivy-branch. [mare.]

* **Ephe'tes**, (indocl.) m. (Gr.) Med. night. — **Ephe'te**, (w.) *f.* Ephe'tus, (str.) pl. [w.] Ephe'ten [Lat. Ephe'tri] m. 1) Gr. Archael. ephor; 2) Ecol. ecclesiastical superior (in several Protestant churches), superintendent.

— **Ephe'tik**, (str.) n., **Ephe'tic**, (w.) *f.* 1) Gr. Archael. ephorality; 2) Ecol. office or district of a superintendent.

* **Ephe'ur**, (str.) m. (Gr.) epicure, epicurean. — **Ephe'urisch**, adj. epicurean; luxurious. — **Ephe'urismus**, m. epicurism, epicureanism.

* **Ephe'uride**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) Geom. epicycloid. — **Ephe'uridisch**, adj. epicycloidal. — **Ephe'ur**, (str.) m. Astr. epicyclole.

* **Ephe'mic**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) Med. epidemic, epidemic disease. — **Ephe'misch**, adj. epidemic(al).

* **Ephe'men**, (w.) m. pl. Gr. Myth., &c. epigoni, the sons and descendants of heroes.

* **Ephe'mum**, (str.) n. (Gr.) epigram; e-rühret, **Ephe'matiker**, (str.) m. epigrammatist. — **Ephe'matisch**, adj. epigrammatic (style, poem, &c.), pointed.

* **Ephe'mophil**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) epigraphics.

* **Ephe'ter**, (str.) m. (Gr.) epic poet.

* **Ephe'te**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) Med. epilepsy.

— **Ephe'tisch**, adj. epileptic(al); ein e-r Anfall, an epileptic fit.

* **Ephe'te**, (str.) m. (Gr.) Poet. epilogue. — **Ephe'tisch**, adj. epilogistic. [Epirus.]

* **Ephe't**, (w.) m. (Gr.) inhabitant of

* **Ephe't**, adj. (Gr.) heroia.

* **Ephe'pal**, I. or **Ephe'palisch**, adj. (Gr.) episcopal, episcopalian; II. E-e, (w.) m. Ecol. episcopalian. — **Ephe'pal**, (str.) m. Ecol. episcopacy; episcopate.

* **Ephe'be**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) episode. — **Ephe'beisch**, adj. episodical, episodal.

* **Ephe't**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) epistle; *fg.* reprimand: *Einem die — (cf. Reuigen) lesen*, coll. to lecture or reprimand a person. — **Ephe'tographie**, (w.) *f.* epistolography.

* **Ephe't**, (str.) **Ephe'tium** [Lat.; str., pl. [Lat. E-phe'tia, or [w.] E-phe'ten], n. (Gr.) epitaphium, epitaph.

* **Ephe'ten**, (str.) pl. [Gr.] Ephe'tia n. (Gr.) epibot.

* **Ephe'te**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) epoch; epocha;

— **Ephe'te**, p. a. marking an epoch.

* **Ephe'te**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) Poet. epode.

* **Ephe'te**, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) Poet. epopee.

* **Ephe't**, (sing. indocl., pl. [w.] Ephe'ten) n. (Gr.) Poet. epode, epic, epic poem.

Ephe't, (str.) m. coll. for *Petrifilie*, *Ephe't*, & *Cellerie*, which see; der milde —, Bot. milk parakey, marsh selinum (*Selinum carvifolium* L.).

* **Ephe'tisch**, (w.) m. (Fr.) rope-dancer.

* **Ephe'te** [pr. *éki- or équp'abé*], (w.) *f.* (Fr.) 1) Mar. & Mil. equipage; 2) a) equipage, coll. turn-out; b) fam. outfit, equipment, dress.

* **Ephe'ten**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to fit out,

equip; to furnish with men; to man (a ship). **Ephe't**, I. prom. 1) (*third pers. sing.*) he; — ist es, it is he; — selbst, he himself; — würde nicht mehr — sein, he would cease to be himself; 2) you (a formal mode of addressing inferiors and servants, instead of Du, now growing out of use); — soll gehen! you are to go! II. (str.) m. (of birds) he, male.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. tr. to think, judge, deem; to conceive, imagine, presume; *für nötig* —, to think, deem, or find necessary; *daß —, v. s. (str.)* n. judgment, opinion; *meinen — nach*, or *meines E-s*, according to my judgment, in my opinion, for aught I know.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. *intr.* (L. w.) to grow old, see *Beralten*.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to catch with an angle, to fish; 2) coll. to obtain or gain by perseverance or unceasing efforts, cf. *Ergattern*.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. tr. (Rth [Dat.] etwas) to gain by working, to obtain by labour.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. *intr.* see *Beramen*.

Ephe'ten, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to draw a long breath (*Kuflathmen*); to pant, to breathe; II. *tr.* to take in by breathing, to breathe.

Er ..., (from *Erben*), in comp. hereditary; — abel, m. hereditary nobility; — amt, n. hereditary office; — anfall, m. Law, hereditary conveyance, heritage; — antheil, m. see — theil. **Erbsen**, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) * to grow anxious, apprehensive.

Erbsen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to excite pity (in one); to move to (to cause, raise) pity or commiseration: *daß Gott erbarme!* God a mercy; II. *refl.* (with *Gen.* or *fiber* [with *Acc.*]) to commiserate, pity, compassionate, to take pity or compassion (on), to show mercy (to), to have mercy (upon); III. *refl.* (*impers.*) to move to pity (with *Acc.* & *Gen.*; *erbarme dich meiner!* have mercy upon me! *mit* *erbarmet* *dieser* *Menschen*, this poor man moves me to pity, i. e. I pity, have compassion on this poor man; e-b, p. a. compassionate, merciful.

Erbsen, s. (str.) n. pity, commiseration, compassion, mercy; *es ist ihm —*, it is pitiful; it is most miserable; *er sieht ihm — an*, he looks most wretched; — haben, to take pity (mit, on, upon); *er hat kein —*, he has no bowels; e-swürdig, e-swerth, adj. deserving pity, pitiable, commiserable.

Erbsen, (str.) m. pitier.

Erbsen, I. adj. pitiful, pitiable, miserable, wretched; II. E-heit, (w.) *f.* 1) pitiable, miserable condition, miserable-ness, wretchedness; 2) *genm.* pl. mean, miserable actions or conduct, coll. shabby tricks.

Erbsen, (w.) *f.* pity, see *Erbsen*, s.; e-blos, adj. merciless; e-bvoll, adj. compassionate; e-bwürdig, see *Erbsenwürdig*; e-bwürdigkeit, *f.* pitiableness.

Erbsen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to build, build up, erect, construct; 2) to raise, to grow, cultivate; 3) *fg.* to edify; II. *refl.* to be edified.

Erbsen, (str.) m. builder, founder, erector, &c.

Erbsen, I. adj. edifying; II. E-heit, (w.) *f.* the quality of edifying, edification.

Erbsen, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) building, erection, foundation; 2) Agr. the practice of growing, cultivation, culture; 3) *fg.* edification; im *vorsten* Jahre nach — Roms, in the second year after the building of Rome.

Erbsen, in comp. — buch, n. book of devotion, devotional book (*Kindchensbuch*), religious work; — rebe, *f.* edifying (religious) discourse; — schrift, *f.* edifying publication, religious tract; — stunde, *f.* hour of devotion or meditation, devotional hour; — vertrag, m. see — rebe.

Erbsen, adj. inheritable.

Er ..., in comp. — beamtete, m. one in possession of hereditary office; — begräbnis, n. hereditary sepulchre, family vault; — bein, m. hereditary possession; — bein, m., — beinbühn, n. see — pacht; — buch, n. see — vertrag; — contract, see — vertrag.

Er ..., s. I. (w.) m. heir, inheritor, successor; der *mutmaßliche* —, heir presumptive; der *unfruchtige* —, heir apparent; — werden, to fall heir; II. (str.) n. inheritance, heritage; *heirloom*; *Law*, hereditament.

Erbsen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to shake, quake, tremble, totter, shudder (vor *with* *Dat.*), at).

Er ..., in comp. — eid, m. oath of fealty; — eigen, adj. possessed by inheritance, allodial; — einigung, *f.* see — vereinigung; — einsetzung, *f.* bequestment.

Erbsen, (str.) v. tr. 1) coll. to bite through; to crush with the teeth, to masticate; to bite open; 2) to bite to death.

Erbsen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* a) to inherit, to get by inheritance; ein *großes* *Erbsen*, b) to succeed to, come into a large fortune; c) to be a person's heir, to succeed to any one's estate; II. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to inherit (or succeed to) an estate; 2) to descend, devolve by inheritance (auf *with* *Acc.*, upon); *er soll noch —*, his fortune is in expectancy (of an inheritance).

Erbsen, (w.) v. tr. & *refl.* (sich [Dat.] etwas) to (endeavour to) obtain by praying or request; to pray (solicit) for ...

Erbsen, (w.) v. tr. to obtain by begging.

Erbsen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to take or get as booty, to make booty of ...; to capture; 2) *fg.* to carry off, bear away (the bell, palm, prize).

Erbsen, (str.) m. captor.

Er ..., in comp. — fähig, adj. Law, heritable; — fähigkeit, *f.* capability of taking inheritance; — fall, m. case of succession, fortune in reversion; heritage, succession; — fähig, adj. hereditary; entailed; — fähigkeit, *f.* hereditaryness; entail; — fehler, m. an inherited natural fault or defect; — feind, m. hereditary enemy, sworn enemy; — feind, n. lot worked for the benefit of the land-owner; — folge, *f.* succession; die — folge *bestimmen*, to entail; — folgerichtig, m. war of succession; — folgerichtig, n. right of succession; — fürst, m. hereditary prince; — fürstenthum, n. hereditary principality; — fürstin, *f.* hereditary princess; — gang, m. Law, see — folge; — ganggebung, n. see — vertragen; — ganggenos, m. see — genos; — ganggenossenchaft, *f.* coheirship; — ganggenossin, *f.* coheirress, joint-heiress; — ganggracht, n. see — folgeracht; — geld, n. money inherited, inheritance; — genos, m. coheir, joint-heir; — gerechtigkeit, *f.* 1) see — recht; 2) hereditary title; — gericht, n. court-baron; — gerichtsherr, *f.* jurisdiction of a court-baron; — gerichtsherr, m. hereditary justice, lord of the manor; — gezeffen, *p. a.* 1) settled, cf. *Gingeffen*; 2) possessed of real property; — gezeffener, m. (decl. like *adj.*) owner of an estate, cf. *Gingeffener*; — graf, m. heir (eldest son)

Grb

of a count; —grub, *m.* Med. scall, scaldhead; —grub, *m.* landed property possessed by inheritance, heirloom; —grubherr, *m. see* —herr; —gut, *n.* heritage, (estate of) inheritance, patrimonial estate; (frices) allodium, manor, freehold-estate; (bes fruchtig) domain; —herr, *m.* owner by succession; lord of the manor; —herrs, *adj.* manorial: —herrschaft, *f.* 1) hereditary possession of a manor; 2) family of a lord of the manor; —hef, *m. see* —gut; —hülfigung, *f.* homage, oath of fealty. Erbieten, (*str.*) I. *v. reg.* to profess a readiness (zu einer Sache, to a thing), to offer, to promise; freiwillig, —, to volunteer; II. *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.*, or Erbieten, (*w.*) *f.* offer, tender, proffer.

Erbittig, *adj.* see **Erzbitig**. [*ritrix*.]
Erbin, (*w.*) *f.* heiress, inheritance, inher-
Erbiten, (*itr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to obtain (or to
 endeavour to obtain) by entreaties or by pray-
 ing; to solicit; *ich erbitte mir eine Antwort &c.*
 I request an answer, &c.; 2) *bitte* *erbitene* *Geist*,
 the respite asked for: to bespeak; *ich erbitte*
es mir von Ihnen zurück, I beg you to return it;
 3) to move or induce by entreaties; *sich*
erbiten — lassen, to be easy to be prevailed
 upon; *er läßt sich nicht* —, he is inexorable.
Erbittern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to exasperate, ir-
 ritate, provoke, incense, nettie, exacerbate;
erbittrert, *p. a.* exasperate, irritated, &c.; hos-
 tile. — **Erbitterung**, (*w.*) *f.* exasperation,
 irritation, violent anger (*liber* [with *Acc.*],
 at): animosity (gegen, against).
Erbittlich, *I. adj.* exorable, flexible; II.
Er-bit, (*w.*) *f.* exorbitancy, flexibility.

Erb'..., *in comp.* — **kaiser**, *m.* hereditary emperor; — **kaiserthum**, *n.* hereditary empire; — **kammerer**, *m.* hereditary chamberlain; — **könig**, *m.* hereditary king; — **königreich**, *n.* hereditary kingdom; — **krankheit**, *f.* hereditary disease; — **land**, *n.* hereditary land; **die kaiserlichen** — **lande**, the emperor's patrimonial dominions.

Gräbla'sen, (*str.*) *v. refl.* (flöp [*Dat.*] etwas)
coll. to get or gain by blowing on a wind-
instrument.

Erblaffen, (*v.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to grow or turn pale; to fade, to lose the colour; 2) *fig.* to expire, die.

Erbe ..., *in comp.* — **lassen**schaft, (w.) *f.* (l. w.) see Nachlaß; — **lassen**, m. (str.) testator, bequeather, (*of real property*) deviser; — **lassen**in, *f.* testatrix; — **lassungs**recht, n. the right of bequeathing one's property by will. [blue.]

Ers'au'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to get or become
Ers'..., in comp. — **lehn**, *n.* hereditary
fief, absolute fee, fee simple, fee-tail; — **lehn-**
herr, *n.* proprietor of a fee, lord of the manor;
— **lehn(s)icte**, *pl.* tenants in fee-simple; —
lehre, *f.* (*l. u.*) tradition.

Erbleichen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to grow or turn pale, * to pale; 2) *fig.* to expire, die. [*paht*; 2) see *Erblehn*.]

Erb'leibe, (w.) f. (l. w.) Law, 1) see Erb-
Erblisch, I. adj. hereditary, inheritable;
II. G-felt, (w.) f. hereditariness.

Erblicken, (w.) v. tr. to descry, perceive, behold, see, discover, to get a sight of, to catch sight or a glimpse of: das Licht der Welt —,

Er. to be born. [blind.
Erblinden, (w.) v. intr. (aux. *sein*) to grow
Erblinden, (w.) v. refl. to be bashful, a-

Erblöset, *adj.* 1) hairless, without hair; 2)

Erblühen, (*v.*) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to bloom, blossom; to grow up, to be developed; to

Urb' . . . , *in comp.* —**mangel**, *m.* hereditary deficiency or defect; —**mar[sh]all**, *m.* heredit-

ary marshai; —*metler*, *m.* hereditary farmer;

—*meierci*, *f.*, —*meiergut*, *m.*, —*meierhütte*, *f.*
hereditary farm; —*monarch*, *m.* hereditary
monarch; —*monarchie*, *f.* hereditary monarchy;
—*nehmer*, *m.* inheritor, heir.

Erbs'ig, (str.) n. (l. u.) see Erbschaft.
Erbs'ig, (w.) v. tr. to light on (certain strata, &c.) in boring or sinking a shaft, &c.

Erbsordnung, (*w.*) *f.* order of succession.
Erbsgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to borrow; *erbsgete*
Wissen, second-hand knowledge; *erbsgete*
Macht, secondary power.

Erbs'en, Erbs'en, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* to exasperate, provoke; *II. refl.* to grow angry, to get into a passion, to fret; **erbst,** *p. a.* in a rage, angry, incensed (*über [with Acc.], at*).

Erböt', (*str.*) *n.* offer, tender, proffer.
Erböt'ig, *adv.* ready to perform something;
 — *sein*, to be ready, to offer.

Fish ... , *in comp.* — **fast**, *f.* fee-farm; hereditary tenement, long-lease; — **father**, *m.* fee-farmer; copy holder, hereditary tenant; — **fist**, *f.* oath of fealty, homage; — **portion**, *f.* see — **thril**; — **ring**, *m.* hereditary prince (of a duchy); — **princeps**, *f.* hereditary prince (of a duchy). — **surge** up (of the sea).

Erbran'sen, (w.) v. indr. (aux. sein) * to
Erbran'sen, (w.) v. indr. (aux. sein) * to
 begin or rise roaring (of a storm); to roar or
 rush along.

Erbrechen, *adj.* easily broken, fragile.
Erbrechen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to break or force open (a door, &c.); 2) to open (a letter):
II. refl. to vomit; **sich** — **wellen**, to feel sick,

Erbrechen, *v.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) or **Erbrechen**, *ung.* (*v.*) *f.* the (act of) breaking open, *das* *g.* **Erbrechen**, *v.*; 2) the (act of) vomiting, vomition, vomit; *das* *schwarze* —, the black vomit; — *erbrechen*, vomitory, emetic; — *stillend*, antemetic.

Er's ..., in comp. —**er'st**, *n.* right of inheriting or inheritance; right of accession, heirship, or descent, ancestral right; —**er'st**, *n.* register of hereditary estates; —**er'st**, *n.* hereditary realm, kingdom, empire, or monarchy; —**er'st**, *n.* hereditary judge; —**er'st**, *n.* hereditary knight.

Gröbräl'ten, (w.) v. intr. (l. w.) to roar (out); to begin to bellow, &c.

Ergräben, (u.) v. tr. (l. u.) *see* **Ergräbeln**.
Erbs' ..., in comp. —**erb(e)**, m. *see* —**ge-**
effen; —**erbung**, f. will. testament; —**ersch**,
 m. deepest pit in a mine; —**schaden**, m. heredi-
 tary defect, disadvantage going down to
 the heirs.

Erbſchaft, (u.) *f.* inheritance, heritage; succession, heirloom: *etne* — *thun*, to inherit property, *cf.* *Erben*; *etne reiche* — *thun*, to have a large estate, or sum of money left one; *E-smasse*, *f.* the mass of property to be divided among the heirs; *E-ſtrichter*, *m.* person appointed to settle the just division of an inheritance among the heirs; *E-ſterfuger*, *m.* testator: *E-ſterfingens*, *f.* will testament.

Erb'schaftlich, *adj.* relating or pertaining to an inheritance.

Erb' ..., in comp. —[**erbt**, —[**erbtung**, *f.* see —theilung; —[**erbtter**, *m.* see Erbschaftsrichter; —[**erbm**, *m.* protection given by the

heir; —{*þírurherra*, *m.* one giving such protection, patron; —{*þeirþer*, *m.* legacy-hunter; legacy-sneaker; —{*þeirþerri*, *f.* legacy-hunting; —{*þóð*, *m.* ground rent; —{*þuð*, *f.* debt descending to the heir, incumbrance on the inheritance; —{*þur*, *m.* *see* —{*þírur*.

Erbsen, (w.) *f.* Bot. pea (*Pisum* L.); die wilde —, see Ackererbsen; die große, englische (markfette) —, marrow-fat (pea).

Gröfel, (w.) f. Bot. barberry, piperidge;
—**born, m.** Bot. piperidge-bush (*Berberis vulgaris* L.).

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berian ascasia, pea-tree (*Robinia caragana* or *Caragana arborescens* L.); —*Bohnen*, *f.* a species of kidney-bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris* L.); —*Breim*, *m.* mashed pease; —*ertr*, *m.* see *Bohnen*; —*ertrich*, *adj.* pisliform, pea-like; —*grüßel*, *m.* a dish of pease; —*grün*, *adj.* pea-green; —*lette*, *f.* see *Größelette*; —*masse*, *f.* food food-mouse, rustic mouse (*Mus agrarius* Pall.); —*schil*, *m.* pease meal; —*stele*, *f.* pea's cell; —*stein*, *m.* *Münar* pea-stone, pea-limestone, piasolite; oolite; —*suppe*, *f.* pea-porridge or soup; —*würger*, *m.* *Bes.* common broad-bean, strangle-tare (*Orobanche* L.); —*würst*, *m.* coll. anal. coturnum.

Črba' čep, (str.) *m.* testator.
Črba' ..., *in comp.* —čette, *f.* a gold chain
the links of which are of the form of a pea;

maus, *f.* Zool. rustic mouse (*Erdmännchen*).
Ers ..., *in comp.* —[*erben*], *f.* see —
theilung; —*Raate*, *pl.* hereditary states; —
Rath, *m.* see —*part*; —*Rinde*, *pl.* members of
a corporate body by right of heirship; —
Riftung, *f.* entail; —*Ride*, *m.* heirloom; —
Rinde, *f.* Theol. original sin; —*theil*, *m.* in-
heritance, hereditary portion, share; die tau-
sendfachen Qualen der Ratur, die des Glückes
—theil *fing* (*Rechenberg's* transl. of Sh.'s
Hamlet, 3, 1), the thousand natural shocks
that flesh is heir to; —*theilung*, *f.* division
of an inheritance; —*thum*, *m.* inheritance; —
thümlich, *adj.* acquired or transmittable by
inheritance; —*tochter*, *f.* a daughter who is
an heirloom.

Erbsüßeln, (w.) v. tr. to get by knavery.
Erbsüßlen, (w.) v. tr. to gain by love-
 intrigues.

Erbs' ..., *in comp.* — *vererblichkeit, f.* hereditary alliance; — *vererbung, f.* — *vererben, v.* bequeath, m. agreement respecting claims of inheritance; — *vererbt, m. adv.* — *seher*; — *vererbtstift, n.* legacy; — *vererben, n.* patrimony; — *guts, m.* hereditary rent, quit rent, ground-rent; — *gutsgut, n.* emphyteutic land or estate; — *gutslehre, n.* lessor of a fee-farm; — *gutslehn, n.* fee-farm, copy-hold; — *gutsmann, m.* lease-holder; — *guts, m.* hereditary duty.

* *Erzmittel*, (str.) *m.* *Minor*. cross-stone.
Erz..., in comp. —*achse*, *f.* axis of the
earth; —*amfel*, *f.* *Ornith.* ring-ouzel (*Turdus torquatus* L.); —*aner*, *m.* *Mar.* ancher
on the leeward-side; —*apfel*, *m.* *coll.* 1) po-
tato, see *Rettfoffel*; 2) see *Erbbirn*, 1; 3) see
Erffiffel; 4) sown brood, earth-puff: —*arbeits*,
f. *Engin.*, &c. earth works: —*arbeits*, *m.* dig-
ger, excavator; *coll.* navy.

Erwerben, (ac.) v. tr. to save or gain by undergoing privation.

Erð ..., *in comp.* —**art**, *f.* earth, mould: —**artig**, *adj.* earthy; —**artískaft**, *f.* see **Erð-
bitn**, 1; —**auður**, *m.* 1) mound (of earth),
—**verf**; 2) *Build.* platform of earth: —
hafn, *f.* orbit of the earth: —**ball**, *m.* ter-
restrial globe; —**ballsum**, *m.* naphtha; —**bank**,

f. earth-bank, earth-work, embankment; *Fort.* banquettes; *Gard.* terrace; — *Saffengel*, *m.* *Bot.* Hungarian or Alpine speed-well (*Veronica Teucrium* L.); — *San*, *m.* 1) subterraneous structure, a room, &c. underground;

2) *see* —*arctict*; —*beben*, *m.* earth-quake; —*bebenmesser*, *m.* *Phys. seismometer*; *Bot* : —*beerapfel*, *m.* *calville*; —*beerbaum*, *m.* *strawberry-tree*, *arbutus* (*Arbutus undula* L.); —*Beere*, *f.* *strawberry* (*Frangula* L.); —*Beerrüßel*, *f.* a species of the common potatoe; —*Beerrüßer*, *m.* *strawberry-trefoll* (*Trifolium fragiferum* L.); —*Beerrüßent*, *m.* *see* *Beerrüßel*; —*beifreiblich*, *adj.* *geographical*; —*beifreiblich*, *m.* *geographer*; —*beifreibung*, *f.* *geography*; —*biber*, *m.* *Zool. common beaver* (*Castor fiber* L.); —*Biene*, *f.* *see* —*hummel*; —*Bilbungsfleife*, *f.* *geogony*; —*Biru*, *f.* *Bot.*

Erd'..., *in comp.* —**rübe**, *f.* 1) *see* **Rohlrübe**; 2) *see* —**schibe**; —**rücken**, *m.* elevation of land, *cf.* **Bergücken**.

Erdbeben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to press to death, to stifle, choke, suffocate; to overlay; *jum* — *voll*, crowded to suffocation; *b*) *fig.* to crush (a rebellion, &c.), to overwhelm; 2) *provinc.* for **Beerdigen**.

Erdbeugung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) stifling, &c., suffocation. (*Erdbell*).

Erdkugel, (*str.*) *n.* terrestrial ball, globe
Erdkruste, (*str.*, *pl.* **Erdkrüfte**) *m.* (*from* **Erdbeugen**) that which is gained by thrashing, yield (**Krusen**, 2; **Erttag**).

Erd'..., *in comp.* —**faß**, *m.* **Port.** earthen bag; —**faß**, *m.* mineral juice (such as petroleum and asphaltos); —**faß**, *m.* rock-salt, salt-petre; —**faß**, *m.* sand found on land (*opp.* **Flußsand**); —**faß**, *f.* **Phys.** terreous acid; —**faß**, *n.* **Zool.** lama (*Auchenia vicunia* L.); —**faßten**, *m.* *see* **Rundstiftung**; —**faß**, *m.* **Law.** ground-rent; —**faß**, *f.* inspection of a dike; —**faßte**, *f.* **Bot.** sow-bread (*Oxydemon europaeum* L.); —**faßt**, *f.* stratum, layer or bed of earth; *die untere* —**faßt**, subsoil; —**faßbüte**, *f.* **Zool.** *see* **Bandschildeute**; —**faßde**, *f.* **Geogr.** earthy soil; —**faßgel**, *m.* **Agr.** clod-beater; —**faßmit**, *m.* —**faßmolein**, *n.* *see* **Kellerwurm**; —**faßede**, *f.* **Zool.** slug (*-small*) (*Limax agrestis* L.); —**faßede**, *f.* *see* **Kritische**; —**faßede**, *f.* clod, *cf.* —**faß**; —**faßelung**, *m.* stable-plough; —**faßte**, *f.* **Bot.** *see* —**faßel**, 1; —**faßte**, *f.* *see* **Einfach**; —**faßmalde**, *f.* *see* **Uferschmalde**; —**faßmann**, *m.* **Bot.** 1) mushroom, champignon (*Agaricus campestris* L.); 2) *see* **Erbsen**; —**faßwetel**, *m.* **Pharm.** club-moss seed; —**faßte**, *f.* *see* **Bergkrist**; —**faßtet**, *m.* **Ornith.** *see* **Bendehals**; —**faßtne**, *f.* **Entom.** field-spider (*Lycosa ruricola* Deg.); —**faßte**, *f.* *see* —**junge**; —**faßkneuf**, *f.* **Bot.** callotrops (*Tridax terrestris* L.); —**faßum**, *m.* **Forst.** young tree grown from seed; —**faßin**, *m.* **Minor.** sotites; —**faßin**, *m.* *see* **Windbraut**; —**faß**, *m.* shock of an earthquake; —**faßte** *find* in der Nähe von Calcutta gespürt worden, shocks of earthquake have been felt near C.; —**faßig**, *m.* zone; —**faßte**, *f.* terrace; brow of a hill; —**faßig**, *m.* fall of earth, land-slip; —**faßel**, *m.* *see* **Welttheil**; —**faßer**, *m.* mineral tar; —**faßel**, *f.* *see* **Rattoffel**.

Erdbeben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to suffer, endure, bear, tolerate. — **Erdbebung**, (*w.*) *f.* a state of suffering, &c., endurance. [*grow* stupid.]

Erdumman, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to **Erd'...**, *in comp.* —**umschiffer**, —**umsegeln**, *m.* circumnavigator (of the globe); —**umschiffung**, —**umsegelung**, *f.* circumnavigation (of the globe).

Erdurken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein* (2. u.) 1) to grow thirsty; 2) to die with thirst.

Erb'..., *in comp.* —**vielfuß**, *m.* *see* **Affel**, große; —**viertel**, *m.* quarter of the globe; —**wand**, *n.* **Minor.** osokerite; —**wall**, *m.* *see* —**wert**; —**wand**, *f.* earthen wall, *cf.* —**bant**; —**wärme**, *f.* temperature of (the interior of) the earth; —**wärts**, *adv.* towards the earth, ground, earthward(s); —**welchfel**, *f.* **Bot.** 1) *see* —**flüchtenstrauß**; 2) a variety of the broad-leaved speed-well (*Veronica pseudochamaedrys* Jacq.); —**weide**, *f.* **Bot.** dwarf willow (*Saxil repens* L., *S. ambigua* Ehrh., &c.); —**welchstrauß**, *m.* **Bot.** *see* —**klefer**; —**welchstrauß**, *m.* **Bot.** common gormander (*Thymum chamaedrys* L.); —**welte**, *f.* **Astr.** medium-distance of the earth from the sun; —**weisen**, *m.* *see* **Roggen-treue**; —**wert**, *m.* **Forst.**, &c. earth-work, terrace, *cf.* —**bant**; —**winde**, *f.* 1) *see* —**Wetterwinde**; 2) **Nach.** crab; —**wolf**, *m.* **Zool.** *see* **Wafferratte**; —**wühler**, *m.* *see* **Kurienfänger**; —**wurm**, *m.* earth-worm; —**zeldstein**, —**zeldstein**, *m.* **Zool.** *see* **Ziehmäus**; —**zirkel**,

m. *see* —**zirkel**; —**zone**, *f.* *see* —**faßig**; —**junge**, *f.* neck of land.

Ere'feru, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to put one's self, *fig.* or fall into a passion, to fume (*liber* [with *acc.*], about); to grow warm with passion, to chafe.

Ereig'nen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to happen, chance, come to pass, to take place, occur, betide.

Ereig'nis, (*str.*) *n.* event, occurrence, incident; *das unglückliche* oder *unglückliche* —, (the happening of an) accident; —**eris**, *adj.* eventful.

Ereignung, (*w.*) *f.* the happening of any thing (good or bad), event; **E-refall**, *m.* case of emergency.

Ere'ken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to overtake, to come up with, to fetch up; to befall suddenly; *der Tod ereilte ihn mitten unter seinen Arbeiten*, death overtook him in the midst of his labours.

* **Eremit**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) hermit, anchorite, &c. (*also* **Ornith.** & **Crust.** *see* **Einfleher**).

* **Eremitage**, (*-fabe*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) hermitage (*also* a Rhone wine so called).

Ere'ben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by inheritance, to inherit; *ererbte*, *p. a.* hereditary.

Ere'ben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Erdichten**.

Ere'ben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (2. u.) *see* **Anfaßen**.

Ere'ben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *coll.* *a*) to acquire; *b*) to overtake by driving (shipping); *c*) to kill by running over with a carriage; 2) *fig.* *a*) to learn, hear, to (come to) know, to be informed of ...; to understand; *b*) to experience, suffer, go through, undergo; to meet with; *c*) to learn, prove, know, or have from experience.

Ere'ben, *L. p. a.* experienced (in [with *Dat.*], in), having (much) experience, expert, skilled, skilful, able, thorough-bred, versed, practised; in **Geist** —**sein**, to be well versed in business; *wenig* —**in**, but little experienced in ...; *not* much up to ...; *nicht* —**in** ..., ignorant of ...; II. **E-reit**, (*w.*) *f.* expertness, practice, skill, experience.

Ere'bung, (*w.*) *f.* experience, knowledge, practice; in — **bringen**, to learn, ascertain; *durch* — **gemessen** or **erlangt**, experimental.

Ere'bung, *in comp.* —**argt**, *m.* empiric; —**begriff**, *m.* inductive idea; —**beweis**, *m.* experimental proof; —**fanke**, *f.* empiricism.

Ere'bungslös, *adj.* inexperienced.

Ere'bung, *in comp.* —**mäßig**, *adj.* empirical; inductive; —**faß**, *m.* principle derived from experience; —**feelenkunde**, —**feelenlehre**, *f.* empirical psychology; —**weg**, *m.* way of experience; *auf dem* —**weg**, experimentally; —**welt**, *f.* **Philos.** the world of experience; —**wissen**, *n.* —**wissenschaft**, *f.* empirical knowledge.

Ere'fär, *adj.* *see* **faßbar**.

Ere'fassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lay hold of (suddenly), to grasp, seize (on, upon); 2) *fig.* to comprehend, to grasp, *cf.* **Auffassen**, 2.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*also* *refl.* *fig.* [*Dat.*] *etwas*) — to get or obtain by fighting; *den Sieg* —, to gain the victory, carry the day, bear away the palm (**Ere'feten**); 2) *vulg.* for **Ere'feten**, *cf.* **Rechten**, 4.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. refl.* (*fig.* [*Dat.*] *etwas*) *vulg.* to get or gain by fiddling, *see* **Ere'feten**.

Ere'feten, *adj.* inventible, contrivable, devisable, *cf.* **Ere'feten**.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to find out, invent; 2) to contrive, fabricate, devise, strike out, *cf.* **Ere'feten**; 3) to find by experience; *Jemanden treu* —, to find (prove) one faithful or true.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *m.* inventor; contriver, deviser, designer; projector.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *f.* inventress.

Ere'feten, *adj.* *see* **Ere'feten**.

Ere'feten, *adj.* 1) inventible, &c. *cf.* **Ere'**

haben; 2) to be found out or imagined, imaginable.

Ere'feten, *I. adj.* inventive, ingenious, full of devices or contrivance, imaginative; II. **E-reit**, (*w.*) *f.* inventive faculty, ingenuity. **Ere'bung**, (*w.*) *f.* invention; discovery; contrivance, device.

Ere'bung, *in comp.* —**gabe**, —**faß**, *adj.* —**faß**, *f.* invention, inventive power or faculty; —**geist**, *m.* inventive mind, ingenuity, genius; —**kunst**, *f.* art of inventing, inventive art; —**patent**, *n.* (letters-)patent, privilege (granted) for an invention; —**reich**, —**welt**, *adj.* inventive, ingenious, imaginative.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to get by fishing; 2) *fig.* to catch, pick up; to obtain by artifice.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*also* *refl.* *fig.* [*Dat.*] *etwas*) to implore; to obtain by entreaties; *wir* — *des Himmels Segen für Ihr Haus*, we implore Heaven's blessings on your house; *fig.* [*Dat.*] *den Tod* —, to implore or invoke death. [*space*] by flying.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to attain (a certain) **Ere'feten**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *passer*, *fig.* to flow, issue, or proceed from something else, to emanate; — **lassen**, to issue (a public ordinance, order, &c.), to set forth.

Ere'feten, *see* **Ere'feten**.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) consequence; 2) result, event, issue, end; effect; 3) success; successful result; — **haben**, to be successful (in); *mit* —, successfully; *ohne* —, unsuccessfully, vainly, in vain.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to ensue, result, follow, come after or of; *was wird daraus* —? what will come of it? *Dem-ma die Nota erfolgt morgen*, the bill shall be sent to-morrow; *die Verlobung soll sofort* —, the shipment shall be proceeded with immediately.

Ere'feten, *I. adj.* unsuccessful; ineffective; inefficient, vain; II. **E-reit**, (*w.*) *f.* unsuccessfulness, &c., inefficiency.

Ere'feten, *adj.* successful.

Ere'feten, *I. adj.* requisite, necessary; *in* — **falls**, in case of exigency, need, or emergency, if need be, when required; II. **E-reit**, (*w.*) *f.* requisiteness, &c., necessity.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to require, demand, call for; *hande wie* *die Sache erfordert*, act as you see cause.

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *n.* 1) exigence; *nach* — *der Umstände*, as circumstances require it, according to circumstances or requirements; 2) requisite; desideratum; *die Erfordernisse des Lebens*, the necessities of life; — *zu einem Amt*, qualification.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to investigate, inquire into, to search into or out; to dive into, examine, explore; to fathom; *neugierig zu* — *suchen*, to pry into; 2) to find out, detect, discover. [*explorer*; detector, discoverer.]

Ere'feten, (*str.*) *m.* investigator, searcher, **Ere'feten**, *adj.* investigable.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *f.* investigation, inquiry, exploration; discovery.

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to find out or to endeavour to find out by inquiring; to ascertain; to get at; *zu* — *bei* ..., inquire of ... or at ... [*to have the impudence (to ...)*]

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to dare, presume, **Ere'feten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*cf.* *refl.* *fig.* [*Dat.*] *ein Vermögen*) *coll.* to obtain (a fortune) by marriage. [*some strange or unknown*]

Ere'feten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be — **Ere'feten**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to delight, rejoice, gladden, to give pleasure; to cheer, comfort, exhilarate, exalt; to gratify, favour; — *Eie mich mit einem Schenke*, favour me with a visit; II. *refl.* 1) to be glad, to rejoice; 2) or *fig.* *zu* — *haben* (*with Gen.*), to enjoy; to possess; *ein Zerkleinerer*, der sich des Namens Martin erhebt, *see* a drawing-master who

rejoiced in the name of Martin; erfreut, *p. a. glad* (über *with Acc.*, of, at, about), delighted (at, with), pleased (with, by).

Erfreuer, (*str.*) *m.* comforter, gratifier.

Erfreulich, *I. adj.* delightful, pleasing, cheering, agreeable, gratifying; *c-f* Nachrichten, satisfactory news; es läßt sich nur wenig *E-f* über ihn sagen, but little can be said in his favour; II. *E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* delightfulness, gratifying nature (of an event, &c.).

Erfreunng, (*w.*) *f.* the act of gladdening, &c. *cf.* Erfröhen; exhilaration.

Erfrieren, (*str.*) *v. I. intr. (aux. sein)* to freeze, to freeze to death; to die with (or to perish from the) cold; to chill; du wirst —, you'll be frozen to death; II. *ref.* sich (*Dat.*) ein Glied —, to have a limb frozen; erfroren, *p. a.* dead from or numbed with cold; chilled; frozen.

Erfrißend, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cool, refresh, re-create, refrigerate; *c-bes* Mittel, refrigerant.

Erfrißung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) refreshing, refreshment, recreation, refrigeration; *E-f-*hafen, *m.* Mar. harbour of refreshment.

Erfüllen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* to fill, fill up, replenish; mit Eren —, to inspire with life; *Ag-s. 2)* to fill, strike (with fear, &c.); to impress, imbue, absorb, engross, possess; 3) to fulfil, perform, make good, discharge (one's) duty, &c.; to comply with, to satisfy (a request); to accomplish, realise; eine Verbindlichkeit —, to acquit, discharge an obligation; Jemandes Erwartungen —, to satisfy (come up to) a person's expectations; seine Bestimmung —, to work out one's destiny; II. *ref.* 1) *Spnd.* to fill (said of deer); 2) to fulfil itself, to be fulfilled.

Erfüllung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) filling, &c.; 2) fulfilling, fulfilment, performance, discharge (of one's duty, &c.); accomplishment, consummation; realisation; die — seiner Bitte ist unmöglich, it is impossible to comply with his request; in — bringen, to bring about, fulfil; in — gehen, to be fulfilled, to be accomplished, realised; to be verified, to come true, to prove correct (of predictions, &c.); to come to pass (of dreams); *E-felt*, *m.* Law, supplementary oath: *E-fing*, *m.* Comm. settling-day, name-day.

Erfüllen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see Erglängen.

Ergänzen, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to mend, repair; 2) to supply; to complete; to renew, recruit; to make up, compensate; das Gehalt —, to make up the complement or a deficiency; to supplement; cinaber (*less correctly* sich) —, to act as (a) supplement the one to the other; *c-b*, *p. a.* supplementary, supplemental, complementary.

Ergänzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) integration, reintegration; renovation, renewal: the (act of) recruiting, &c. *cf.* Ergängen; 2) a) completion; b) supplement, complement; supply.

Ergänzungsgang, *m.* in comp. Book-s. —band, *m.* supplementary volume; —blatt, *n.* supplementary sheet, rider, supplement; —bogen, *m.* Typ. imperfect sheet; —druck, *m.* Math. complementary fracture; —credit, *m.* supplementary credit; —tib, *m.* Law, supplementary oath: —gesetz, *n.* supplemental law; —heft, *n.* supplementary number, supplement; —mannschaft, *f.* a complement (of soldiers); —strich, *m.* Typ. bar, ellipsis [—]; —stück, *m.* supplement; —teil, *m.* integrant part; —vertrag, *m.* supplementary or complementary pact or treaty; —vertrag, *m.* complement (of stores); —winkel, *m.* Geom. supplement of an angle. [in a net; 2) *Ag.* to ensnare.

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr. (I. u.) 1)* to catch *Ergreifen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to obtain (by any means), apprehend, catch, to fish or pick up.

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to obtain by knavish tricks.

Ergreifen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* †, to deliver up; 2) a) to yield (good or bad results, &c.); Bericht —, to result in loss; b) to prove, show; II. *ref.* 1) a) to surrender, submit, yield; b) (in times *Acc.*) to acquiesce (in), to resign one's self (to); 2) (*with Dat.*) to devote, apply, or addict one's self to, to give one's self up to; to indulge in (vice, &c.), to abandon one's self or take to (drinking, &c.); sich einem schlechten Wandel —, to give one's self over to evil courses; 3) a) to result, follow, appear (aus, from); b) to occur, take place; sollte sich —, daß die Qualität geringer ist, should the quality prove inferior; hier ergab sich eine Schwierigkeit, here a difficulty occurred or arose; III. *intr.* for Ergiebig sein.

Ergreifen, *p. a.* 1) devoted, attached, addicted, given (to); mit Eib und Seele —, wedded (to a cause); 2) resigned; unfer E-fel, Comm. our respects; *c-f*, *adj. & adv.* (at the conclusion of letters) most humble, humbly. &c.; Ihr e-ftr Diener, your most humble (or obedient) servant; respectfully or sincerely yours, yours truly; Ich befehle mich auf mein E-fel mit letzter Post, I refer to my respects (to you) of last post.

Ergreifend, (*w.*) *f.* 1) submission; 2) devotion; attachment; devotedness, addictedness; fidelity; adherence, loyalty; verfißern Eie ihr meine —, present my respects to her; 3) see Ergabung.

Ergiebig, (*str.*) *n.* result; yield (of a harvest); *E-f* haben, to produce (lead to) results; Math. product; *E-fß*, *adj.* without result, leading to no result, inefficient, vain.

Ergiebung, (*w.*) *f.* submission, resignation.

Ergieuen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Law, to reply.

Ergreifen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* †, to overtake reach; 2) to walk to the end of; 3) (sich *Dat.*) etwas coll. to gain, earn by walking (as a messenger); II. *ref.* 1) to take the exercise of walking, to walk; 2) *Ag.* (*with in & Dat.*) to indulge in, to launch forth into, to pour forth (eulogiums, &c.); III. *intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to come out, to be published, promulgated or issued; 2) a) (über *with Acc.*) to befall, to happen to (one); b) to come to pass, to fall out; *c-f* erging das Urtheil über ihn, sentence was passed upon him; — lassen, a) to issue (out or forth); b) to do (justice), to show (mercy); laß Gnade für Recht —, let right give way to mercy; Mahnungen — lassen, to write (send out) dunning letters; (etwas) über sich (*Acc.*) — lassen, to take upon one's self, to submit to, to bear, suffer patiently; 3) to go or fare with; *c-f* wird ihm schlimm —, he will fare ill; wie würde es dir —? what would become of you? so sollte es allen Verräthern —, all traitors should be served thus; möge es ihm wohl —! may he do well! may he thrive!

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (sich *Dat.*) etwas coll. to get or gain by playing on the violin.

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (sich *Dat.*) etwas to get by avarice, coll. to scrape together, *cf.* Erlangen.

* *Ergel*, *adv. vulg.* (corruption of the Lat. ergo) therefore (*cf.* Schlager, transl. of Sh.'s Ham. 5, 1 & Argal, Vol. I.). [yellow.]

Ergelben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to turn *Ergelbär*, *adj.* susceptible of amusement.

Ergötzen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to delight, please, divert, amuse, regale, entertain; II. *ref.* to be delighted or pleased (an *with Dat.*), mit, durch, with), to amuse one's self (with), to (take) delight (in), to enjoy.

Ergötlich, *I. adj.* amusing, delightful, delectable, pleasing, pleasant, diverting; II. *E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) delightfulness, &c., delight; 2) amusement, entertainment, pleasure, pl. reveals. [pleasure.]

Ergötzung, (*w.*) *f.* delectation, delight,

Ergiebig, *I. adj.* yielding, productive; abundant, copious, plentiful; rich, fertile; dieser Geschäftsweg ist ziemlich —, this branch of business gives a pretty good result; II. *E-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* yieldingness, productiveness; abundance; richness, fertility.

Ergießen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to pour forth, out, to effuse; II. *ref.* 1) to flow or issue out, to discharge, empty, or disembody itself, to fall (in, into); 2) a) to gush or pour forth or down; b) to overflow, run over; 3) *Ag.* to break out, forth (into tears, &c.), to burst (into); sich — (*with Acc. & I. u. J. Dat.*), to run out into, to pour forth, *cf.* Ergießen, *ref.* 2.

Ergießung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) pouring forth, outpouring, effusion; Med. overflowing (of bile); 2) discharge (of water, &c.), flowing out, disembodyment, &c. *cf.* Ergießen.

Ergießen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see Ergießen.

Ergießen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (sich *Dat.*) etwas to obtain by cooling.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. haben & sein*) to begin to shine, to burst forth in splendour, to emit lustre.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to enkindle, begin to glow, to glow up.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to glow; II. *tr.* to kindle, make glowing.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (sich *Dat.*) etwas to gain by digging.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (particul. *ref.* sich *Dat.*) ein Stantheit &c.) to bring on (an illness, &c.) by grieving.

Erglängen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to grow hoary; in Geschäft, im Dienste &c. ergraut, grown gray in business, in service, &c.; veteran; 2) to dawn; 3) or Erglängen, (*w.*) to shudder, to be dismayed, to feel awe.

Ergreifen, (*str.*) *v. tr. 1)* a) to seize, to lay (take, catch, seize, or get) hold of, to take (up), to lay hand upon, to gripe, grasp, die Waffen —, to take up arms; b) to catch, apprehend; *Ag-s. 2)* to resort (have recourse) to, adopt, take (measures, &c.); to take, seize, embrace (eine Gelegenheit &c., an opportunity, &c.); 3) to seize, move, touch, affect, to strike (with admiration, &c.); die Feder —, to take pen in hand; das Wort —, to take (up) the word, *cf.* Wort; eine Partei —, to take or espouse a party; ein Geschäft —, to follow a business or profession; ein Gewerbe —, to take up a trade; die Fingst —, to make one's escape, to take to flight; die Offenheit —, to assume (or act on) the offensive; *c-b*, *p. a.* *Ag.* affecting, striking, thrilling (Rührrenb); ergreifen, *p. a.* *Ag.* seized (von, with), struck, smitten, touched (with), moved, affected (by); von Ehrfurcht ergreifen, awe-struck; von Grauen ergreifen, horror-struck, aghast with horror.

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) seizing, taking up, &c. *cf.* Ergreifen; 2) seizure, capture, apprehension; 3) *Ag.* adoption (of measures, &c.).

Ergreifen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to chafe, grow furious; ergrimmt, *p. a.* enraged, angry; fierce, grim. [for Ergöttern.]

Ergöttern, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* († &) *provinc.*

Ergöttern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to find out by minute and persevering investigation; to search out.

Ergöttern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fathom: 1) to explore, sound; 2) *Ag.* to penetrate, sound, sift, search out, dive into.

Ergöttern, (*str.*) *m.* fathomer, explorer. *Ergötternlich*, *adj.* fathomable, soundable, penetrable. [ploration.]

Ergöttern, (*w.*) *f.* a fathoming, &c., ex-

Ergöttern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to grow vorant. [gush, *cf.* Ergießen.]

Ergöttern, (*str.*) *pl.* Ergöttern *m.* effusion,

Erhaben, I. *adj.* 1) elevated, raised (above the base); high, lofty; 2) *fig.* sublime, exalted, lofty; eminent, illustrious; noble, august, high, grand: raised above (others, &c.), superior (über *with Acc.*, to); ich bin darüber —, I am above that; über allen Tadel —, beyond blame; e-e Arbeit, *f.* T. *adv.* relieve, relief, raised work, embossment; halb e-e Arbeit, demi- or half-relief; flach e-e Arbeit, bas-relief, low-relief; e-e Arbeit machen, to emboss; e-r Winkel, *geom.* re-entering angle; der e-e Stil, the elevated style (of diction); II. *a.* (*decl. like adj.*) n. the sublime; etwas E-rres ist nicht denkbar, anything more sublime is not to be conceived; III. *E-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) loftiness, elevation; 2) protuberance, prominence; inequality; ridge; 3) *fig.* sublimity; eminence; loftiness; nobleness, grandeur.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) coll. to have or clear through; 2) to get or acquire by hoisting or heaving.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to obtain or acquire by contention or litigation.

Erhalten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to remain. 2) preservable, conservable.

Erhältlich, *adj.* 1) obtainable (Erhältlich); **Erhalten**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to check, to hold in; b) to preserve from falling; 2) to keep, to keep up, support, maintain; in Kleidung erhalten —, to keep or find in clothes; ein Feuer —, to keep up a fire; Einen am Leben —, to save any one's life; wenn mich Gott am Leben erhält, if God saves my life, if I am spared; der Vater ist uns noch —, our father is still spared to us; Jemandes Andenken dauernd —, to perpetuate a person's memory; — Sie mir Ihre Freundschaft, retain your friendly feelings towards me; einen höheren Preis —, *Comm.* to fetch a higher price; — Sie mir Ihre Vertrauen, continue your confidence in me; 3) to save, preserve, conserve; 4) to receive, get; to gain, obtain, have, acquire; wenn Sie dieses (i. e. Schreiben) —, when this reaches you; ich habe zugesandt —, I have had sent to me; — (pp.), received (cf. Empfangen); ein nicht e-r Brief, a letter unreceived; II. *refl.* 1) a) to keep on one's legs; b) to keep; die Früchte haben sich frisch —, the fruits have kept sound; c) to maintain one's position, station, &c.; 2) to support one's self; to live, subsist (von, durch, on, by); sich im Preise —, to continue steady in price, to maintain, support, keep up its price; sich fest — auf (with *Dat.*), to remain firm at ... (of prices); sich in Gunst — bei ..., to keep in favour with; sein Andenken erhielt sich bis auf die neueste Zeit, his memory lingered till recent days.

Erhalten, *p. a.* preserved; gut —, 1) (of houses, &c.) in a good state of repair; 2) in a state of good preservation.

Erhalter, (*str.*) *m.* **Erhalterin**, (*w.*) *f.* preserver, maintainer, &c.

Erhältlich, *adj.* obtainable, to be had.

Erhaltung, (*w.*) *f.* preservation; conservation; maintenance; support; *E-erhalte*, *f.* eye-preservers.

Erhammern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to shape by hammering; 2) to get or acquire by hammering.

Erhaben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) 1) to purchase, buy, cheapen, bargain for; 2) to acquire by trade.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to hang one's self.

Erwarten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to expect, await (with patience); to obtain by patient waiting.

Erharthen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to become harsh, hard, or rough to the touch.

Erhärten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to grow hard, to harden.

Erhöhen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fig.* to corroborate, prove, confirm, verify, substantiate, cf. Evidenz.

Erhöhen, (*w.*) *f.* corroboration; a proving of ..., confirmation, &c., asseveration.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to catch, overtake, snatch (ab), lay hold of, seize; einen Augenblick, einen Fuß &c. —, to snatch a moment, &c.

Erheben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* coll. 1) to hew or cut through; 2) to strike or cut down; 3) to get or acquire by cutting, &c.

Erheben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to heave, heave up, to lift (up); to elevate, raise; *fig.* 2) to raise, lift up, exalt; 3) to raise, advance, prefer, promote; 4) to praise, extol; bis an or in den Himmel —, to laud, extol or exalt (one) to the (very) skies; 5) a) to raise or levy (money, taxes, &c.), to take up, collect (a sum, bei, with); lassen Sie den Betrag bei uns —, *Comm.* procure the amount from our firm; lassen Sie den Betrag bei der Bank —, get the amount at the bank; die Herrin & Comp. sind ersucht worden, Ihnen die Rufen kassieren zugestellen und den Betrag von uns zu —, Messrs. H. & Co. have been requested to deliver the cases to you free of expense, collecting the amount from us; b) to receive, gather, collect, take (taxes, &c.), to take possession of (an inheritance); 6) T. *adv.* to bring out, relieve; 7) to set up, raise (a cry, claims, &c.), to start (objections, &c.), begin; einen Zweifel —, to raise a doubt; 8) *Arith.* to involve; auf Quadrat —, to square; auf die Cubikzahl —, to raise (a number) to the third power, &c. cf. Cubikzahl; die Stimme, die Augen —, to lift up, raise, or elevate one's voice, eyes; Protest —, *Comm.* to raise or make protest, to order a protest; ein Protocol —, to note down, record the proceedings; amtlich — lassen, to have a legal enquiry instituted; es darf keine Provision erhoben werden, *Comm.* no commission is recoverable; II. *refl.* 1) to raise one's self, arise, rise; to mount, to soar (of birds and *fig.*); sich pflügel —, to start up; to spring up (of a breeze); to arise (of a storm); wie sich der Wind erhebt! how the wind is rising; 2) to start, fly up (as dust); *fig.* 3) to rise up (in arms); sich gegen Jemand —, to rise, to rebel against ...; 4) to take rise, spread (as a rumour); sich über Jemand —, to elevate one's self above others; to be arrogant; sich stolz —, to be upon the high strain; e-b, *p. a.* see Ergriffen; e-b Muskel des Schulterblattes, *m. Anat.* uplifting muscle of the scapula.

Erheben, I. *adj.* important, weighty, material, cogent, considerable; II. *E-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* importance, consequence, weightiness, considerableness.

Erhebung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) a raising, &c.; b) upheaval, a raising (of part of the surface of the earth, &c.); 2) elevation, rise, rising ground; *fig.* 3) elevation, exaltation; promotion, advancement, preferment; 4) a receiving, levying, gathering (of taxes, &c.); collection; 5) a rising (of a people against its oppressors, &c.); 6) examination, (statistical, &c.) enquiry; audit; 7) *Arith.* involution; 8) *Chem.* sublimation.

Erhebung, ..., in comp. —art, *f.* mode of collecting (taxes); —kosten, *pl.* see Streckkosten; —schein, *m.* *Comm.* check; —winkel, *m.* angle of elevation; *Mar.* (des Bugspriets) steering.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) to obtain (as a fortune, &c.) by marriage.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render necessary, to require, demand; ein Mißstand, der sofortige Abstellung erfordert, a grievance which calls for immediate redress. *Heiteren*.

Erheben, (*str.*) *m.* cheerer, &c. cf. Erheben.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to brighten or clear up; to cheer (up), make serene; 2) to gladden, exhilarate; to enliven; II. *refl.* 1) to brighten or clear up; 2) *fig.* to become cheerful.

Erhellung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act of) brightening, clearing up, &c.; b) serenity, clearness; 2) a) the (act of) cheering up, &c.; b) amusement, cheerfulness, hilarity.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to heat thoroughly.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fill with light, to clear up, make clear; to illuminate, enlighten, light up; 2) *fig.* to clarify (sugar); II. *intr.* to become or be clear, evident, to appear (and, from). — **Erhellung**, (*w.*) *f.* illumination, (act of) illuminating, lighting up, &c.; *E-erhellung*, *m.* *fig.* clarifier.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see Erheben.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) to obtain (gain one's end) by hypocrisy; 2) to profess (as a hypocrite does), to put on, feign, counterfeit, simulate, &c.; to sham.

Erhitzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to heat, make hot, to inflame; II. *refl.* 1) to grow or be hot; to overheat one's self; to be inflamed, heated; 2) to be incensed, to become angry; e-be Wille, inflammatories; erhitzt, *pp.* heated, hot; flushed; ganz erhitzt, all in a heat; elated, flushed (von Hoffnung, with hopes). — **Erhitzen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) heating, &c., heat; the state of being heated, &c.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to expect, hope for.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to raise, heighten, erect; *fig.* 2) to elevate, exalt, extol; 3) to raise, enhance; to advance (the price); 4) to heighten, increase; 5) *Mus.* to sharpen (notes), to raise by a sharp; erhöht, *p. a.* 1) raised, elevated; 2) increased; erhöhter Zoll, increased duty.

Erheben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) raising, &c.; 2) a) elevation, rise, rising ground; b) protuberance, swelling, &c.; *fig.* 3) a) elevation, exaltation; promotion; b) increase, advance, raising, rise (of wages, &c.); 4) *Mus.* the raising the pitch of a note by a sharp; — des Balles, *Fort.* elevation of a rampart, (*Pr.*) *swivel*; *Coop.* die Kante —, chime; *Mar.* — des Bugspriets, see E-Swinkel; 2; E-Swinkel, *m.* 1) *Math.* (angle of) elevation; 2) (des Bugspriets) *Mar.* steering (of the bowsprit); E-gezeiten, *m.* *Mus.* a character (marked thus ♯) directing the note before which it is placed to be raised a semitone, a sharp (*opp.* Erniedrigungszeichen).

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to overtake, see Einholen; 2) (*sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) — bei ..., to ask or seek one's advice, to apply to ... for advice; II. *refl.* 1) to respire, breathe, to gather breath, to rest; 2) to recover, grow well; sich wieder —, to be convalescent; 3) to come to one's self again, to recover (from a swoon); 4) to recreate or amuse one's self; to take recreation; to unbend one's mind (from study, &c.); sich (wegen) eines Schicksals oder von einem Schicksal — an (*with* *Dat.*), to repair or retrieve a loss by ..., with ...; sich — bei ..., *Comm.* to reimburse one's self upon ...

Erholung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) recovery; 2) recreation, relief; comfort; 3) refreshment; 4) reparation, relief; gut — der Kräfte, for the relief of travellers; — gewöhnlich, recreative; E-Stunde, *f.* hour of recreation, leisure-hour, play-hour; E-Zeit, *f.* time for recreation, breathing-time. *Ironing*.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to learn by heart.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hear; 2) to grant, answer (a prayer, request, &c.); das ist nicht erhöht, never was such a thing heard of.

Erheben, *adj.* that may be granted; — (*adv.*) beten, to pray with acceptance. — **Erheben**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) granting, &c.

Erheben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* & *v. tr.* (L. *w.*) to starve, see Erhungern.

Erinnerer, (*str.*) *m.* remembrancer, monitor, admonisher.

Erinnerlich, *adv.* present to (one's) recollection, within (one's) memory or remem-

Er1ngung, (*w.* *f.* *Min.*, *Ac.* elongation, (act of) lengthening (out), *Ac.* (Verl1ngung).

Er1f, (*str.*, *pl.* *Er1fse* & *Er1fse* *m.* 1) a) issue (of an order); b) order, decree, ordinance; *offentlich* —, edict, public act; 2) *Comm.*, *Ac.* a) (ein *Er1f*) deduction, abatement, allowance; (einer *Er1f*) reduction; b) (*g1nglicher*) remission, release; 3) pardon; indulgence, dispensation.

Er1f, (*str.*, *v.* *tr.* 1) to issue (a proclamation, *Ac.*), publish; *Er1f* —, to enact or make laws; (Einem etwas *Er1f* einen *Er1f* *Er1f* (*Gen.*)) 2) to remit: to excuse; 3) to release, free, exempt from, acquit of, to dispense; 4) *Comm.*, *Ac.* to deduct, to make or grant an allowance; 5) to dismiss, discharge; *Comm.* — zu billigen *Er1f* —, to let have at a cheap price; zum *Er1f* von ... —, to let go at the rate of ...; (Einem eine *Er1f* —, to acquit one of (forgive one) a debt; Einem die *Er1f* —, to pardon one; Einem des *Er1f* —, to set one free; der *Er1f* —, to set free from servitude, emancipate, enfranchise; — Sie mir die Antwort auf diese Frage, dispense me from (or excuse my) answering this question; *Er1f* —, *Comm.* sum abated in composition.

Er1f ..., *in comp.* — *geld*, *n.* money paid for dispensation: — *lastr*, *n.* *Script.* see *Brach*.

Er1flich, I. *adj.* remissible, dispensable, pardonable, venial; II. *Er1f*, (*w.* *f.* remissibility, dispensableness, *Ac.*)

Er1ffung, (*w.* *f.* 1) the (act of) issuing, *Ac.* *Er1ff*; issue, publication; 2) remission, release; dispensation; pardon; *Er1ff* —, *Er1ff* —, *f.* venial sin.

Er1f, (*str.* *n.* *Law*, sentence of absolution.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (Einem etwas) to permit, allow, to give leave or permission: (obrigkeitlich) to grant, license: *Er1f* ist ihm erlaubt, he is permitted (licensed); man *Er1f* mir, may I be allowed, I beg leave; seine *Er1f* — ihm dies, his means justify this; *Er1f* erlaubt, permitted or warranted by law; legal; lawful: ein *Er1f*tes Vergehen, an allowable conduct; *Er1f*te Vergewaltigungen, innocent amusements; *Er1f* (to do, *Ac.*), to allow one's self (to do, *Ac.*), to indulge (one's self) in ...; *Er1f* (to do, *Ac.*), to take liberties; *Er1f* (to do, *Ac.*) Schritte (*Schiller*), he ventured on measures which ...; darf ich mit — zu fragen, may I presume (or may I be permitted) to ask; ich *Er1f* mir, Ihnen die Gr1nle zu vorzulegen, I beg leave to introduce to you the Misses B.; ich *Er1f* mir, Ihnen anzugeigen, I beg (leave) to announce; ich *Er1f* mir zu gestehen, I am free to own; wenn es zu fragen erlaubt ist, if it is a fair question; — Sie [permit me, *etc.* to ask], welches ist der Weg zum Hafen? pray, which is the way to the port?

Er1f, *v.* I. (*str.* *f.* permission, leave; *Law*, license; allowance, concession, grant; *Eccl.* dispensation; (Einem) um — bitten, to request permission, to beg or ask (one's) leave; mit *Er1f* —, with your permission; under or for your favour, by your leave; mit *Er1f* — gedruckt, printed by authority; II. *in comp.* — *brief*, *m.* license, letters patent; — *g1n*, *m.* *Comm.* letters patent, permit, license; bill of surffiance, docket; pass-port, (zur Ausfuhr) license outward, permit for exportation.

Er1f, I. *adj.* illustrious; high, noble, most honourable; II. *v.* (*w.* *f.* lordship (title of a count, earl), *cf.* *Dur*).

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) a) to seize after having lain in wait, to surprise; b) to obtain or learn by lying in wait (by lurking, watch-

ing, spying); 2) to watch for, to watch (the favourable moment, *Ac.*).

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to overtake by running; 2) (*Er1f* [to do] times) to go by running after; 3) *coll.* to (be able to) get (a certain distance), to reach by walking.

Er1f, (*str.*, *m.* *tr.* to get at (a secret, *Ac.*) or to learn by watching, listening, to discover by eavesdropping, to overhear.

Er1f, (*str.*, *v.* *tr.* to explain, *Ac.* *cf.* *Er1f*; durch *Er1f* —, to exemplify; *cf.* *Er1f*, *p. a.* explanatory; dem *Er1f* sollen *Er1f* die *Er1f*ungen beigegeben werden, the whole to be accompanied by appropriate illustrations. — *Er1f*ung, (*w.* *f.* explanation, explication, *Ac.*; *cf.* *Er1f* —, it needs no comment; *cf.* *Er1f*ung.

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* *Bot.* alder, alder-tree (*Alnus* *Tournef.*).

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to live or survive to see or witness; 2) to experience, pass or go through, undergo, meet with; dieses *Er1f* hat 20 Auflagen erlebt, this work has gone through 20 editions; ich werde mit den *Er1f* —, I shall never see the day; Freude an ... —, to live to see or to experience joy or satisfaction from; ich erlebe viel Freude an ihm, he is a source of great joy or comfort to me; ich habe es erlebt, daß sich dergleichen Dinge zutragen, I have known such things to happen.

Er1f, (*str.* *n.* occurrence in a person's life, experience, event; *Er1f*nisse, adventures; *Er1f*nisse, adventures.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to empty, free, release, deliver, set free, to acquit, discharge (einer Sache *Gen.*, from ...); 2) to vacate (a place); 3) a) to execute, finish; to settle, to dispose of (an affair); to dispatch, discharge (business); b) *fig.* to set at rest, settle, remove (a doubt, *Ac.*); adjust (a difference), to discharge (a debt); to answer (an enquiry); erledigt werden, (said of an office) to become vacant, to fall in; erledigt, *p. a.* void, vacant; die erledigte Stelle, vacancy; erledigtes *Er1f*, seat in abeyance; II. *ref.* to be settled (of doubtful questions, *Ac.*), to be set at rest; hiermit erledigt sich Ihre Anfrage, herewith your inquiry is answered.

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* 1) release; 2) a) discharge, despatch (of business); b) settlement, adjustment (of differences, *Ac.*); discharge (of a debt); answer (to an enquiry); 3) vacancy, vacation; — des *Er1f*, vacancy of the throne; demise of the crown; (einer *Er1f*) *Law*, ejection from a benefice, voidance; *Er1f* —, *m.* (note of) acquittance, receipt.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to pay (down), deposit; wieder —, to repay, refund; 2) to alay, kill — *Er1f*ung, (*w.* *f.* the (act of) paying down; killing, *Ac.*

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to lighten, ease, disburden, relieve; 2) *fig.* to facilitate, alleviate, soften, lessen; warum *Er1f*st du es dem armen *Er1f*? why do you not facilitate poor L.'s labours? der *Er1f*terte es ihm nicht, the barbarous fellow did not relieve him; II. *ref.* 1) to ease nature; 2) (*Er1f* [to do] times) to make (one's life) easy, to disburden one's self (from any thing troublesome).

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* the (act of) lightening, *Ac.*; alleviation, facilitation; facility; ease, relief; *Er1f* —, *m.* *pl.* facilities.

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* to suffer, sustain, bear, abide, endure, undergo.

Er1f, I. *adj.* tolerable, see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, *adj.* made of alder, alder; II. *in comp.* — *ast*, *f.* see — *wald*; — *baum*, *m.* (Math.) the alder-margined stream (*Bach*); — *baum*, *m.* alder-tree (see *Er1f*); — *holz*, *m.* 1) alder-wood; 2) see — *wald*; — *wald*, *m.* alder-forest; — *wald*, *m.*

(— *wald*, *m.*, — *wald*, *m.*) alder-plot, alder-grove.

Er1f, (*str.* *adj.* mentally acquirable.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to learn, study; to make one's own by learning, to acquire (a language, *Ac.*).

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* learning, acquisition.

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to choose, select, elect; eine *Er1f* *Er1f*, a choice sort (of merchandise); 2) *coll.* to obtain or acquire by reading or lecturing.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to impart light; to illumine, illuminate, light (up), lighten; 2) *fig.* to enlighten, illumine; *Er1f* —, *p. a.* lighted up, lit up.

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* 1) illumination: a) *lit.* the (act of) lighting; b) *fig.* enlightening; enlightenment; 2) *Print.* see *Er1f*ung; 3) *Er1f* —, *m.* illuminating apparatus (of a telescope, *Ac.*).

Er1f, (*w.* *m.* see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*str.* *n.* see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* (aus, sein or haben, with *Dat.* or unter [with *Dat.*]) to succumb, sink under; dem *Er1f* —, to die of grief.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to soften, assuage.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to obtain by artifice.

Er1f, (*str.* *m.* self-king, king of the elves (*lit.* alder-king, a misconception of the *Don.* allakong for elvokong, alle having the double meaning of elf and alder).

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to get or obtain by lot.

Er1f, (*str.* *m.* money received in traffic (from daily sales); produce, neat proceeds (and, from).

Er1f, I. (*str.*, less properly *w.* *v.* *tr.* (aus, sein) 1) a) to go out, to be extinguished; b) to die away, decline, to wear off; 2) to expire; to become extinct or void; *Er1f* —, *p. a.* extinct (volcano, race, obligation); die *Er1f* ist *Er1f*, the writing is obliterated; alle *Er1f* ist bei ihm *Er1f*, he is dead to all sense of honour; II. (*w.* *tr.* (*l.* *u.*)) 1) to extinguish, see *Er1f*lich; 2) *Min.* see *Er1f*lich; das —, *v. a.* (*str.* *n.*, or *Er1f*lich, *w.* *f.* extinction; expiration.

Er1f, see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to get or make money (and, by selling goods, *Ac.*); 2) *fig.* to redeem, release, ransom, rescue, save, free, deliver. *Er1f*er, (*str.* *m.* particular *Christ.* *Ed.* Redeemer, Saviour; deliverer, liberator.

Er1f, (*w.* *f.* redemption, salvation; release, deliverance; enfranchisement; *Er1f* —, *f.* hour of deliverance; *Er1f* —, *n.* *Theol.* work of redemption.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to invent (falsehoods), to fabricate, forge (lies); to simulate, feign, affect; 2) (*Er1f* [to do] times) to obtain by lying.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to divert; *gener.* *ref.* sich — an [with *Dat.*] or mit ..., to enjoy (a thing); *cf.* *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*str.* *m.* see *Er1f*lich.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *coll.* to bring about, contrive, achieve, to get (ready or) through with *cf.* zu *Er1f* bringen; ich kann es nicht —, I cannot afford it, I am not equal to it.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* I. *tr.* to invest with (full) power, to empower, authorize, warrant; II. *ref.* 1) to presume, dare; 2) (*obediens*) see *Er1f*lich; *v.* *ref.* — *Er1f*lich, (*w.* *f.* 1) authorisation; (full) power; 2) license, privilege.

Er1f, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to grind thoroughly; 2) to get or acquire by grinding.

Er1f, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to exhort, admonish, warn; *cf.* *p. a.* hortatory, admonitory. — *Er1f*er, (*str.* *m.* admonisher. — *Er1f*ung, (*w.* *f.* exhortation, admonition:

King in person; *Comm.-s.* ein Conto —, to open an account; einen Credit —, to lodge a credit (bet, with); II. *ref.* 1) to open, undoclose; to present itself; 2) *fig.* to open, reveal, disclose one's mind; c-b, *p. a. Med.* aperient, laxative; ein c-bes Mittel, an aperient, a laxative.

Eröffnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the opening (of the navigation, an account, a diet, will, railway, ball, &c.); inauguration: beginning; die — des norddeutschen Reichstages, (the) opening of the North German Parliament; des Kaisers Rede bei der — der französischen Kammern, the Emperor's speech on the opening of the French chambers; 2) overture: disclosure; intelligence, communication, notification; publication (of a judgment); 3) — des Concurses, *Law*, the first legal steps taken in cases of insolvency: *Bestellungszeit* bei der — der Wasserleitung zu Caracas, opening festival of the new waterworks at C.; *E-gebricht*, *n.* introductory poem, prologue; *E-Smittel*, *n. Med.* aperient, laxative; *E-Rede*, *f.* opening speech or address; *E-Schild*, *n. Mus.* overture.

Erörtern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to discuss, examine closely, sift, decide, clear up, settle; eine Frage —, to agitate, canvass, debate, ventilate a question.

Erörterung, (*w.*) *f.* discussion, agitation, debate; decision; explanation, a clearing up.

* **Eros**, *m. Gr. Myth.* Love, Cupid.

Erotisch, *adj.* erotic, erotic.

Erpachteten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rent, farm.

Erpacten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to seize, take hold of.

Erpacten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to watch and seize, cf. *Erlaufen*.

Erpel, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* drake (*Entenröhre*).

Erpflügen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to acquire, get by ploughing.

Erpicht, *adj. coll.* intent (*auf [with Acc.]* upon), greedy (after), eager (for, at, after), eagerly bent, set (on), keen (at, upon), *coll.* mad (for, of, after, upon); *auf seine Meinung* —, headstrong. [*to get by druggery*]

Erplündern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*rich [Dat.] etwas*) to get by pillaging.

Erpressen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by force (obstinacy).

Erpresseln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to begin to crackle; (of fire) to blaze up.

Erpreßigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accomplish or obtain by preaching.

Erpressen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to exact, extort; to press out of, to force, screw, wring from. — **Erpresser**, (*str.*) *m.* extortioner, extortor, exactor. — **Erpressung**, (*w.*) *f.* extortion, exaction.

Erproben (*Erprüfen*, *l. u.*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to try, prove, test, put to the test, to experience.

Erquicken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to refresh, comfort, revive; to regale, recreate; sie erquicken sich an dem Wein, they regaled themselves with the wine; c-b, *p. a.* or **Erquicklich**, *adj.* refreshing, recreative, giving comfort, comforting. — **Erquickung**, (*w.*) *f.* recreation, refreshment, regalement; comfort; repose.

Erreissen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to snatch (up), gripe, grasp; to seize hastily or abruptly; to gain by great exertion. [*be guessed*]

Erräthbar, *adj.* conjecturable; that may **Erräthen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to guess, conjecture, divine (aus, from); to hit upon or at, to devise, land out; to solve (a riddle); das —, (*str.*) *s. s.* or **Errathung**, (*w.*) *f.* a guessing; divining. — **Erräther**, (*str.*) *m.* diviner. [*(B)ärr, blocks*].

* **Errathlich**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Geol.* erratic

Errauben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by robbing.

Errathen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get or obtain by computing (*cf. Ausrechnen*).

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by litigation.

Erröthbar, *l. adj.* excitable, irritable; II.

E-reit, (*w.*) *f.* excitability, irritability.

Errögen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stir (up), rouse, raise; 2) to excite, move, agitate, to create, cause; 3) to provoke, irritate; 4) *Nim.* to discover; ein c-bes Mittel, *Med.* stimulant.

Erröger, (*str.*) *m.* exciter, agitator.

Errögen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) stirring up, &c., excitation, commotion, agitation; *E-Smittel*, *n. Med.* stimulant.

Erröth, (*str.*) *m.* (*l. u.*) *see* **Erröth**.

Erröthbar, *l. adj.* attainable; Jedem —, within every man's reach; II. **E-reit**, (*w.*) *f.* attainableness.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to get at by reaching; *fig.-s.* 2) *a)* to come up to or with, *cf. Einholen*; *b)* to equal, match; 3) to reach, attain, obtain, get, acquire, to come at, arrive at; to carry, secure (one's object), to gain, compass (one's end, &c.); seinen Zweck nicht —, to miss one's mark or aim, to fail of (in) one's purpose; *coll.* to be balked; den Hafen —, *Mar.* to make the port; das mannbare Alter —, to come to man's (woman's) estate; ein hohes Alter —, to live to a good old or a great age; einen Vorteil —, to secure an advantage; nicht —, to be or fall short of; nicht zu —, out of reach; *Comm.-s.* einen Preis —, to fetch a price (of merchandise); to obtain a price; es war unmöglich Ihre Summe zu —, it was impossible to succeed at your limit.

Erröthung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) coming up to, &c. *cf. Erröthen*; attainment.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*rich [Dat.] etwas*) to acquire, get by travelling.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to overtake on horseback; *b)* *provinc.* to ride over or down; 2) (*rich [Dat.] etwas*) to acquire by riding.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Erröthen**.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to reach, overtake, or acquire by running, *cf. Erlaufen*.

Erröthbar, *adj.* savable, salvable.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to save, rescue, deliver. — **Erröther**, (*str.*) *m.* deliverer, saviour.

Erröthung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) saving, deliverance, delivery.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to erect, build up, raise, to set up; einen Altar —, to set up an altar; *b)* *Coop.* to mount (a caak); eine Perpendicular —, *Geom.* to raise or erect a perpendicular; 2) to establish, found (a business, &c.); ein Geschäft —, to set up in business; to set up, form (an establishment, &c.); einen Bund —, to make a covenant; ein Testament —, to make a will; to draw up a testament; to institute (laws). — **Erröthung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) erection, &c.; 2) the forming (of a commercial, &c. establishment), establishment.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to gain by wrestling; 2) *fig.* to obtain by exerting one's self or by strenuous efforts; to achieve (a success, victory, fame, fortune, &c.); den Preis —, to carry the prize. — **Erröthbar**, *adj.* that may be gained or obtained by exertion, &c. — **Erröthung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) gaining or obtaining any end by strong efforts.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to redden, blush, colour (*liber [with Acc.]*, at); — machen, to put to the blush; das —, (*str.*) *s. s.* or **Erröthung**, (*w.*) *f.* a reddening, blushing, blush.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reach by paddling, rowing.

Erröthbar, *adj.* within call.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to reach by calling; man kann ihn —, he is within call; man kann ihn nicht —, he is out of (my, your, &c.) call.

Errungenschaft, (*w.*) *f.* *Law & med.* acquisition.

Erröthigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to satiate, satisfy.

Erröthigung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) satiating, satisfying.

Erröthlich, *adj.* capable of being satiated.

Erröth, (*str.*) *m.* (*unusual*) **Erröth**, *Schwemlor* (*cf. Sanders*); *E-c* *m.* reparation, compensation; restitution, indemnification; reimbursement; amends; return, returns, exchange; equivalent, set-off; fresh supply; zum — für, as a compensation for, to make up for, in exchange for; — geben or leisten, to indemnify, compensate, make amends; to remunerate; — leisten, *f.* indemnification, reimbursement; — mann, *m.* deputy, substitute; — mittel, *n.* substitute; — pferde, *n. pl.* relay of horses; — pflicht, *f.* liability; — rad, *n.* change-wheel; — wahl, *f.* supplementary election.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) *only* to be drowned; *erlöffen*, *p. a. Nim.* submerged, drowned.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to drown; to flood (land). — **Erröthung**, (*w.*) *f.* the drowning, &c.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to begin to rustle, &c. *cf. Säufeln*.

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to begin to roar, rush, or bluster (as wind).

Erröthern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *only* to gain or get by chaffering (or haggling).

Erröthfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to create, cause to exist.

Erröthfer, (*str.*) *m.* creator, maker.

Erröthung, (*w.*) *f.* creation.

Erröthern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get or obtain by joking or jesting.

Erröthfen, (*w. & str.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) 1) to sound, resound, ring (hon, with); 2) *fig.* to spread abroad, to go forth; Jemandes Lob — lassen, to sound a person's praise.

Erröthfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fig.* to scrape together, hoard up.

Erröthern, **Erröthern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to shudder, be seized with horror (vor, bei, at).

Erröthen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to see, to perceive.

Erröthen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz. sein*) 1) to appear, to make one's appearance, come in sight; to arrive; to attend (bei, at); (*amid of books*) to come out, to be published or issued; to appear; eben erschienen, just published or out; nächstens wird ein Werk —, a work is shortly forthcoming; das Werk wird in halbjährlichen Lieferungen —, the issue of the work will be made half-yearly; ein Tagesblatt — lassen, to set up a daily paper; 2) to appear, to be clear (evident, manifest, plain); — lassen, to publish (bei, with); diese Forderung erscheint gerechtfertigt, this claim seems justified; dieser Posten wird in Ihrem Soll —, *Comm.* this item shall be brought to your debit; der Gerücht —, to answer in law, to appear in court; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* the (act of) appearing; appearance; attendance.

Erröthung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) appearance; 2) *a)* apparition (of a ghost); *b)* vision; 3) *Phys.* &c. phenomenon; nur — bringen, *fig.* to bring out, to embody; (das Fest der) — Christi, (the festival of the) epiphany or manifestation of Christ, twelfth-day; *E-form*, *f.* (form of) manifestation or embodiment; phasis; *e-erscheinig*, *adj.* visionary; *E-Tag*, *m. Comm.* day of allotment (of shares).

Erröthbaum, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Erröthfen**.

Erröthgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get or obtain by jesting.

Erröthgen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to shoot (to death).

to kill by a shot; dem Major wurde das Pferd unter dem Reide erschossen, the major had a horse shot (killed) under him.

no longer: eine Beschreibung ruhig (gebühlig) —, to bear an affront quietly, *Ac. cf.* Einreden, 4; nicht zu —, not to be borne, insupportable, *Ac. cf.* Untrüglieh.

Erträgtlich, *I. adj.* 1) tolerable, supportable, sufferable, bearable, endurable; 2) +, productive (Ertragsfähig); *II. G.-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) tolerableness, *Ac.*; mediocrity; 2) *obsolescent*, productiveness.

Ertragsniß, (*str.*) *n.* the act or capability of yielding, *Ac.*, produce, *Ac. cf.* Ertrag.

Ertrag (*sem.* *adj.* yielding, productive, profitable.

Ertragsfähig, *I. adj.* capable of yielding produce, *Ac. cf.* Ertrag; productive; *II. G.-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* capability of yielding produce; productiveness.

Ertragung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) bearing, *Ac.*, state of enduring, sufferance, toleration.

Ertrinken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to drown. — **Ertrinkung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) drowning.

Erträumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dream or to form visionary schemes of ...; *erträumt*, *p. a.* imaginary, visionary; chimerical.

Ertrümen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tread or trample to death (Ertritten); 2) *fig.* to trample down, to destroy, to bring to utter ruin.

Ertrinken, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be drowned; *II. tr.* to get by drinking.

Ertröben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to purchase; 2) to acquire by dealing in second-hand articles.

Ertrögen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by obstinacy, defiance.

Erwerben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to acquire by practice.

Erwerben (*L. u. Erwerben*), (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) (*cf.* übrig *sein*) 1) to be left or to remain over and above; 2) to remain (still) behind; to remain to be done; to be wanting; *II. tr.* to save, lay by, spare; nichts dabei —, not to have nothing over by it (*f. s.* by a business-transaction, *Ac.*). — **Erwerb** (*gung*), (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) saving, *Ac.*

* **Ererblich**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *ereditio*.

* **Ereren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.* *erare*), to pluck, root, or dig out *fig.* to draw or bring out, to elicit (by investigation, *Ac.*), *cf.* Herstellen.

Erbe, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* bitter vetch (*Ervum ervum* L.); *Gewürger*, *m.* *Bot.* broom-rape (*Orobancha* L.).

Erwachen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to awake, wake, to be roused; *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* an awakening.

Erwachfen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to grow; to grow up; *zu Männern* —, to grow up to be men; 2) *fig.* to arise, spring, proceed (aus, from); to accrue; (*zu etwas*) to ripen into, to rise to; —, *p. a.* adult, grown up, grown to maturity, (full-)grown; *G.-e. m. & f.* (*doch kke adj.*) grown person, adult; *die Leute der G.-en*, adult baptism.

Erwachfenheit, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. u.*) 1) adulthood, ripe age, puberty; 2) grown up persons collectively.

Erwägen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *fig.* to weigh, ponder, consider, reflect upon, canvass, deliberate, discuss; *ich will es* —, I will think of it.

Erwägung, (*w.*) *f.* a considering of ... reflection (upon), deliberation, discussion; in —, in consideration, in regard (of); in —, to take into (or be under) consideration, to give one's consideration to.

Erwählen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to choose, elect; *die Erwählten*, *pl.* the elect — **Erwählung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) choosing, election, nomination.

Erwähnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*& intr.* [*with Gen.*]) to mention, make mention of (gegen, to); to state; to allude, refer to; *noch ist zu* —, it remains to be mentioned, it is further to be observed.

Erwähnung, (*w.*) *f.* mention; — *thun*, to

mention, to make mention of or reference to; *einer Sache gedenkt* —, a matter is mentioned; *meines Namens gedenkt* —, my name was introduced; *bei* —, at a (on the) mention.

Erweisen, (*w.*) *v.* (*partic. Swiss.*) *I. tr.* (+ *Erwähnen*) to make true, to prove, confirm by the event; *II. refl. & intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to prove true. [*weisen*]

Erweisen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to boil up (*Kupferwasser*), (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow warm, to be warmed.

Erwärmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to warm: to heat; to foment (durch Umschläge); 2) *fig.* to warm (the heart, *Ac.*), to excite ardour or zeal in (one; für, for), to engage, interest (in behalf of). — **Erwärmung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) warming, *Ac.*, fomentation: *G.-straf*, *f.* *Phys.* caloric power.

Erwarten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to expect, to stay (wait or look) for; to await; *er kann die Zeit nicht* —, he cannot bide his time; *was wird der Leser noch einem solchen Titel* —? what will the reader expect from such a title as this? *erwartet*, *p. a.* expected, looked for.

Erwartung, (*w.*) *f.* expectation, expectation, anticipation; suspense; in der *ersten* —, in the full (confident) expectation; *die gestandene* —, disappointment; *voller* — or *e-b.* voll, *adj.* full of expectation or hope, eager.

Erwarten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reach or to get through by wading.

Erwecken, (*w.*) *adj.* capable of being awakened, aroused, or excited, resuscitable.

Erwecken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to waken, awaken, rouse (from sleep), arouse; 2) to resuscitate (from the dead); 3) to animate, excite, stir up; 4) to breed, raise, cause, create, occasion; *Erwecken* —, to excite suspicion; *Ertrauen* —, to inspire confidence; *e-b. Mittel*, *n. pl.* incentives.

Erwecklich, *adj.* *fig.* arousing, impressive; exciting devotion, edifying.

Erweckung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) awakening, *Ac.* religiöse —, revival; 2) resuscitation; 3) animation, incitation; 4) encouragement, excitation.

Erweichen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* (*with Gen.*) to keep or ward off, to defend one's self from, against; to resist; *ich konnte mich des Nachens nicht* —, I could not refrain from (or help) laughing; *ich kann mich des Schlafes nicht* —, I cannot forbear sleeping.

Erweichlich, *adj.* that may be softened, *Ac.*

Erweichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to soften, mollify: *T.* to macerate; to soak; 2) *fig.* to soften, move (bis zu Thränen, to tears), *cf.* Kühren; *stark* — lassen, to relent; *Med.-e. e-b.*, *p. a.* emollient, lenient, demulcent: *e-b. Mittel*, *n. pl.* emollients, lenitives.

Erweichung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) softening, *Ac.*, *Med.* mollification; *Chem.* maceration; *G.-mittel*, *n.* emollient. [*strat*]; result.

Erweisen, (*str.*) *m.* proof, showing, demonstration.

Erweisen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to show, do, render (Einem Ehre *u.*, honour, services, *Ac.* to ...), to confer (a favour upon ...), pay (attention to ...), *Ac.*; 2) to prove, make good or out, demonstrate; *II. refl.* to prove, prove one's self, to be found, to turn out (to be, *Ac.*).

Erweislich, *I. adj.* demonstrable, provable; *II. G.-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* demonstrableness, *Ac.*

Erweisen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) showing, *Ac.*, demonstration, *cf.* Erweisen.

Erweiter, (*str.*) *m.* enlarger, extender.

Erweitern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to enlarge, widen, extend, expand, dilate; to let out in the width; 2) *fig.* to enlarge, amplify; to aggrandise; to expand; *II. refl.* to get, grow large; to expand, enlarge itself; *erweitert*, *p. a.* *Med.* dilated; *der e-b. Rußel*, *Anat.* dilator.

Erweiterung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) enlargement, extension, expansion; amplification; aggrandisement; *Med.* dilatation, enlargement; — *der Adern*, aneurism; — *der Gefäßen*, anastomosis; — *der Zungenrücken*, diastole; 2) *found.* bell-mouth (of moulds).

Erwerb, (*str.*) *m.* acquisition; gain, profit; *feiner* —, aber *reißer* *Umsatz*, small profits but quick returns; business, pursuit, *cf.* Gewerbe.

Erwerben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to acquire, earn, get, gain, obtain, *coll.* to come by: to purchase; *erwerben*, *p. a.* acquired, *Ac.*: *mit Unrecht erworben*, ill-gotten; *theuer erworben*, dearly bought; *erworbene Vorkenntnisse*, *Erkenntnisse*, acquisitions, attainments, accomplishments.

Erwerber, (*str.*) *m.*, **Erwerberin**, (*w.*) *f.* acquirer, *Law.* cessionary, transferee.

Erwerbslos, *adj.* unprofitable, hard (times).

Erwerbsniß, (*str.*) *n.* acquisition, earning; perquisite.

Erwerbsam, *I. adj.* industrious; *II. G.-leit* (*w.*) *f.* industriousness.

Erwerbs..., *in comp.* —*reich*, *m.* industry; —*mittel*, *n.* —*stelle*, *f.* means, source of industry, *i. e.* of making a living; —*schule*, *f.* school of industry; —*flun*, *m.* *Phron.* acquisitiveness.

Erwerbs..., *in comp.* —*stand*, *m.* industrial or working class: *Gewerkschaft*, *f.* *see* *Erwerbschaft*; *G.-zweig*, *m.* branch of industry, business, trade, profession.

Erwerb, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) acquiring, *Ac. cf.* Erwerben; acquisition.

Erwidern, **Erwidern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to return: 1) to requite, render; to reciprocate (favours, sentiments, *Ac.*); *ich erwidere* *ihnen* *Gruß*, I beg to be remembered in return; *cf.* Vergelten; 2) to rejoice, to return answer, reply (*auf* [*with Acc.*], to); *darauf erwidere ich* *nur*, I only say in reply; *er hat mir* *Gutes* *mit Bösem* *erwidert*, he has returned me evil for good, has ill requited me.

Erwidern, **Erwidern**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) return; diese *Gefühle* *haben* *keine* —, these sentiments were not responded to or reciprocated; 2) answer, reply; *ich ließ* *ihre* *Schreiben* *vorläufig* *ohne* —, I deferred answering your letter, I left your letter unanswered till now; in — (*with* *auf* [*Acc.*] or *Gen.*), in reply or answer (to); *G.-schrift*, *f.* *Law.* rejoinder.

Erwerben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* + 1) to earn, acquire; 2) to effect; *II. refl.* to dare, venture; to make free; *III. intr.* to desist; to fall (in performing something, *Ac.*).

Erwirken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to effect, *cf.* Anwirken. [*Ertrappen*]

Erwischt, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to catch, *cf.* Erwischem, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Anderswitten*, *v. tr.* 2.

Erwerben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get by usury.

Erwünschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wish for, desire; *erwünscht*, *p. a.* wished for, desired; desirable; *erwünscht* *kommen*, to come most opportunely, to be welcome; *es wäre* *mir* *erwünscht*, I should be glad. [*for raffles*]

Erwerben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to win by dicing

Erwürgen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to choke, strangle, throttle; 2) to kill, slay, slaughter; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to choke (an [*with Dat.*], of). — **Erwürgung**, (*w.*) *f.* strangulation, *Ac.* *A. Erz.*, *s. I.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) ore; metal; 2) (red) brass, bronze; *II. in comp.* *Min.-e.*, *Ac.* —*abgabe*, *f.* mining-duty, lot; —*ader*, *f.* vein of ore, metallic or metalliferous vein, a live lode.

B. Erz..., *in comp.* arch: 1) chief, high, first, great; excellent, capital; very, extremely, exceeding; excessively; 2) (*in an ill sense*) arrant, confirmed, *conf.* anointed.

an einem guten Leben (*Grimm*, D. Sagen 1, 84), she had a jolly life of it: er hat — gut, he has a nice time of it: — Einem bequem machen, — Einem leicht machen, to make one comfortable, to relieve one; Gott sprach: — werde Licht. Und — ward Licht (Gen. 1, 3), God said. Let there be light: and there was light: — ist ein Gott, there is a God; — gibt Licht, there are people; — sind ihrer drei, there are three of them: — waren unsere fünf, there were five of us; — sind unsere nur wenige, there are only a few of us; Hurrah! schallte — von Spitze zu Spitze, Hurra! echoed from cliff to cliff: der Fall mit dem wir — zu thun haben, the case with which we have to do: — spielte, wer da will, let play who will: — lebte der König long live the king! — wurde gespielt, there was playing: er sollte — besser wissen, he should know better: in dem Glauben, daß er — mit einer Eder Wahnsinniger zu thun hätte, believing he had to do with a company of madmen: — ist so klar, als — nur sein kann, it is as clear as can be: — sei denn, unless, except; provided.

Esaß, *m.* Esais (P. N.).

Eßtag, (*w.* f. *Mar.* S-rounding).

Eßbäre [*pr.* 'Essädr'], (*w.* f. (Fr.) see *Essbär*).

[*Eschabron*].

Eßbären [*pr.* 'Esschäron'], (*f.* (Fr.) see *Essbär*).

Eßbäre, (*w.* f. (Fr.) *Mar.* harbour of refuge, port; — *E-n* machen, to touch at ports.

Eßbäre, (*w.* f. (Fr.) 1) *Man.* false spring of a trained horse; 2) foolish action, warden trick. [*scarp.*]

Eßbäre, (*w.* f. (Fr.) *Port.* escarp, *Esch...* in comp. — *Esch...* m. ash-leaved maple (*Acer negundo* L.); — *baum*, *m.* see *Esch...* — *Esch...* *n.* see *Esch...*

Eßbäre, (*w.* f. 1) *Bot.* ash, ash-tree (*Fraxinus excelsior* L.); blühende —, *see* *Blumenzeitung*; junge —, ground-ash; 2) *Ichth.* see *Esche*, 1.

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worship; *Bot.* —, *bistef*, *f.* cotton or woolly thistle (*Onopordum acanthium* L.); — *farn*, *m.* true maiden hair (*Adiantum capillus Veneris* L. Frauenhaar); — *fenchel*, *m.* a species of fennel (*Paniculum pipertum* DC.); — *füllen*, *n.* colt or foal of an ass; — *fuh*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *gefädel*, *n.* bray; — *gran*, *adj.* ass-gray; — *gurle*, *f.* *Bot.* squirting cucumber (*Momordica elaeagnus* L.); — *hant*, *n.* *Mar.* cap (of the mast-head); ein — *hant* ansetzen, to cap; — *huf*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *läfer*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *lopf*, *m.* 1) *Techn.* upper part of a rammer; 2) *fig.* dunce, ass, blockhead; — *fürste*, *m.* see — *gurle*; — *fuh*, *f.* *Zool.* tapir (*Tapirus* L.); — *latti*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *milch*, *f.* 1) asses' milk; 2) *Bot.* a species of spurge (*Euphorbia Esula* L.); — *müßre*, *f.* *Bot.* wild carrot (*Daucus carota* L.); — *ohr*, *n.* 1) an ass's ear; 2) *Conch.* horned broadlip; 3) *Mar.* strops under the cap of the top-mast; 4) *coll.* a dog's ear (marginal fold in a book); — *peterfille*, *f.* *Bot.* wood-parsley (*Anthriscus silvestris* Hoffm.); — *rüden*, *m.* 1) back of an ass; 2) something shelving up on both sides: a) *Archit.* ogee arch; b) *Mar.* semicircular covering of the whipsat-hole; — *schreter*, *m.* *Ornith.* common pelican (*Pelecanus onocrotalus* L.); — *tracht*, *f.* ass's load.

Eßbäre, (*w.* f. 1) *Bot.* ash, ash-tree (*Fraxinus excelsior* L.); blühende —, *see* *Blumenzeitung*; junge —, ground-ash; 2) *Ichth.* see *Esche*, 1.

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great eater, strong feeder: ein schlichter —, coll. a poor knife and fork.

Eßerei, (*w.* f. *cont.* the (act or practice of) eating, cf. *Esch...*

Eßerlich, *adj.* 1) *+*, see *Esch...*; 2) *es* ist mit —, coll. I am inclined to eat.

Eßgier, (*w.* f. eagerness of appetite, greediness; voracity, gluttony.

Eßig, (*str.* *m.* vinegar: in comp. — *älschen*, *n.* *Zool.* vinegar-eel (*Anguilla aceti* Goetz); cf. *Walttherden*; — *äther*, *m.* acetic ether; — *baum*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *beer*, *frucht*, *m.* *Bot.* see *Esch...*; — *bildung*, *f.* acidification, acetification; — *brauer*, *m.* vinegar manufacturer; — *bräuer*, *f.* vinegar manufacturer; — *born*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *bräuer*, *f.* vinegar-crook; — *gährung*, *f.* *Chem.* acetous fermentation; — *geist*, *m.* spirit of vinegar; (bräutig) pyro-acetic spirit; — *gurle*, *f.* pickled cucumber or girkia; — *handel*, *m.* vinegar-trade; — *händler*, *m.* vinegar-seller; — *hefen*, *f.* *pl.* vinegar dregs; — *honig*, *m.* *Pharm.* oxymel; — *loschen*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *mutter*, *f.* *Chem.* acetous ferment; — *rose*, *f.* *Bot.* gallican, damask, or French rose (*Rosa gallica* L.); — *salz*, *m.* acetate of ammonia; — *salz*, *n.* acetate of potash; — *saure*, *adj.* as sour as vinegar; *Chem.* acetic; — *saure* *Salz*, *n.* acetate of tartar; — *saure*, *f.* *Chem.* acetic acid, acid of vinegar; — *saure* *Salz*, *n.* acetate; — *fleber*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *fleber*, *f.* see *Esch...*; — *fohn*, *n.* acetate of soda; — *grün*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *honig*; — *wein*, *m.* acetate of tartar; acetate of potash; — *jäger*, *m.* oxysaccharum.

Eßig, (*str.* *m.* vinegar: in comp. — *älschen*, *n.* *Zool.* vinegar-eel (*Anguilla aceti* Goetz); cf. *Walttherden*; — *äther*, *m.* acetic ether; — *baum*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *beer*, *frucht*, *m.* *Bot.* see *Esch...*; — *bildung*, *f.* acidification, acetification; — *brauer*, *m.* vinegar manufacturer; — *bräuer*, *f.* vinegar manufacturer; — *born*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *bräuer*, *f.* vinegar-crook; — *gährung*, *f.* *Chem.* acetous fermentation; — *geist*, *m.* spirit of vinegar; (bräutig) pyro-acetic spirit; — *gurle*, *f.* pickled cucumber or girkia; — *handel*, *m.* vinegar-trade; — *händler*, *m.* vinegar-seller; — *hefen*, *f.* *pl.* vinegar dregs; — *honig*, *m.* *Pharm.* oxymel; — *loschen*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *mutter*, *f.* *Chem.* acetous ferment; — *rose*, *f.* *Bot.* gallican, damask, or French rose (*Rosa gallica* L.); — *salz*, *m.* acetate of ammonia; — *salz*, *n.* acetate of potash; — *saure*, *adj.* as sour as vinegar; *Chem.* acetic; — *saure* *Salz*, *n.* acetate of tartar; — *saure*, *f.* *Chem.* acetic acid, acid of vinegar; — *saure* *Salz*, *n.* acetate; — *fleber*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *fleber*, *f.* see *Esch...*; — *fohn*, *n.* acetate of soda; — *grün*, *m.* see *Esch...*; — *honig*; — *wein*, *m.* acetate of tartar; acetate of potash; — *jäger*, *m.* oxysaccharum.

Eßig, (*str.* *m.* vinegar: in comp.

factory man, mod. operative: —*auffeher*, m. foreman; —*befizer*, m. owner of a manufactory, (master-)manufacturer; mill-owner: —*betriebe*, m. factory-work; —*besülterung*, f. manufacturing population; —*biet*, n. leaden trade-mark; —*ergänzig*, n. any thing manufactured, manufacture; —*gebäude*, n. manufactory, factory; —*gegenß*, f. manufacturing district, manufacturing country; —*gericht*, n. board of handicrafts; —*gelt*, n. T. leaf-gold; —*herr*, m. see —*befizer*; —*isabell*, m. *Minea*. see Epilobifall; —*fand*, n. see —*gegenß*; —*marte*, f. see —*größen*; —*meißer*, m. see —*auffeher*; —*ü*, n. T. inferior oil; —*erbauung*, f. regulations of a factory; factory-laws; —*preis*, m. factory price; —*schule*, f. factory-school (for children employed in factories); —*stat*, m. manufacturing or industrial state; —*stadt*, f. manufacturing town; —*stempel*, m. see —*größen*; —*ware*, f. manufactured goods, see —*arbeit*; —*wesen*, n. manufacturing industry; factory system; —*zeichen*, m. trade-mark: —*zeichensystem*, m. protection of trade-marks.

* *Gagade* (*pr. [affade]*, (w.) f. (Fr.) Architekt. façade, front.

* *Gai'ce* (*pr. fa'ice*), (w.) f. (Fr.) Stencoutt. (since Chaudrignets mortised edge; Build.- &c. devil, chamfer; Carp. tool-edge.

* *Gacette* (*fr. [facette]*, (w.) f. (Fr.) Jewel-s. facet; face; *G-äbrille*, f. spectacles cut with facets: *G-apellirne[ne]*, f. plinon facing tool. — *Gacettiren*, (w.) v. tr. to cut with facets, to cut into faces; *facettirt*, p. a. faceted; diamond-cut. — *hundred-fold*.

Gach, adj. & adv. in comp. -fold; hundred-, *Gach*, (str., pl. *Gäch'er & Gäch'e*) n. 1) compartment, (compartment, division; case, shelf; panel: drawer: *Hatt. capade*, batt; *Weas. lease*, shed; *Mos. Carp. bay*: *Type*, &c. box, cell: *Bol. Loculation*: *Bricks* in die *Gächer* rummen, to shelve letters; *das Gebäude kommt zu* -, the timber-work of the building is raised; *zu G-* (&c.) kommen, 1. to come to an end, to be arranged or completed; 2. (of persons) to get through with a labour, &c.; *dine Gache kommt zu* -, coll. a matter is arranged; 3) *Ag. branch*, walk, line (of a profession or business; province, department, proper office or business (of a person): *Theat. part*; *sich einem G-e widmen*, to devote one's self to some branch of science or business; *das ist mein Nacht*, that is not within my province, that is out of or not in my way or line; *im Handels-fache*, in the line of trade; *cine Mann von* -, expert, adept, one in the line or trade: a professional man or gentleman; in allen *Gächern* arbeiten, *Comm.* to do business in all branches, to be a general merchant.

Gäch..., in comp. —baum, m. 1) *Dik.* sheeting-pile, pile-plank; 2) or —bogen, m. hatter's bow; 3) *Nill*, saddle-beam, sill: —bögenfeber, v. hatter's bowstring.

Gäch'e, (w.) f. T. 1) the (act of) bowing or breaking (fur and wool) with the bow; 2) *Hatt. capade*, batt. [*f. see Vatterger*].

Gäch'il, (str.) m. flap, flapper, fan; —*gerthe*, *Gäch'lin*, (w.) s. fr. s. fan.

Gäch'en, (n.) v. tr. 1) to form into compartments; 2) to fan, to stir; 3) *Hatt.*, &c. to (break with) the bow.

Gäch'er, (str.) m. *Hatt.*, &c. bower.

Gäch'er, (adv.) m. fan, flapper: *Bol. fabel*, fan; in comp. —artig, —förmig, adj. *Bol. fan-shaped*, fannellform; adv. fan-wise.

Gäch'erig, adj. divided into compartments.

Gäch'erin, (w.) v. tr. see *Gäch'lin*.

Gäch'er ..., in comp. —palme, f. *Bol. fan-palm*, winepalm (*Borassus fanalisformis* L.); —*fläß*, m. fan-stick.

Gäch..., in comp. —gelehrtte, m. professional student; —*genosse*, m. professional colleague, associate in trade or profession;

—gerze, *f.* *Birdl.* stake; —holz, *n.* *T.* wooden staves for filling up the spaces of a dry-wall.
 Gäh'leis, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Gäh*)) small compartment [*or branch*]; professional.
 Gäh'lich, *adj.* belonging to a certain line *Gäh'...*, *in comp.* —mann, *m.* see *cin Mann von Gäh*; —ordnung, *f.* classification; —reise, *f.* see *Gäh'reise*; —schule, *f.* professional school, school for a particular branch or science. [*lay or set vines, to provide.*]
 Gäh'len, Gäh'lern, (*v.* *tr.* *Vind.* to *Gäh'* (*tr.*, *str.* *m.* *Vind.* *lay*, shoot, scion.
 Gäh'Nes, (*str.* *m.* *n.* *latter's* sieve.
 Gäh'tel, (*str.* *m.* (*l.* *n.*)) see *Gäh'tel*.
 Gäh'... *in comp.* —tisch, *m.* *Hädd.* handle —wand, *f.* see —wert, 1; —weise, *adv.* in or by compartments, by divisions; 7-*s.* —wert, *m.* 1) partition-wall; 2) frame-work (with bricks faced); panel-work; —wettbewerb, *m.* framed building; —werfbrücke, *f.* truss-bridge; —wissen, *n.* knowledge required for any particular science or art; —wissenschaft, *f.* any particular science or art followed as a profession.
 * Gäh't, (*str.*, *pl.* *G-ä*) *n.* (*Lat.*) Comm. & Math. sum (total); amount, product; das — eines Exempels sichten, to find the answer of a sum; cf. *Ergebnis*.
 Gäh'e, (*v.* *f.* *Mar. gener.* *pl.* room and space (between the timbers of a ship).
 Gäh'el, *f.* (*v.* *f.* 1) link, torch, flambeau, taper; 2) *fig.* torch, fire-brand; flame of life, love, &c.: II. *in comp.* *Bot.-s.* —baum, *m.*, —beere, *f.* see *Zeigebaum*; —blume, *f.* see —frucht; —bügel, *f.* torch-thistle (*Cirsium palustre* L.); —flute, —flöte, *f.* wild pine (—tree) (*Pinus silvestris* L.); —jagd, *f.* hunting by torch-light; bat-fowling; —leile, *f.* camel coat; —frucht, *n.* see *Süßigfrucht*; —licht, *n.* —schein, *m.* torch-light.
 Gäh'eln, (*v.* *s.* (*ind.* 1) to blaze, flash; 2) roll. *a*) to adage; to trifle; *b*) to tarry, hesitate, delay.
 Gäh'el... *in comp.* —palme, *f.* *Bot.* sag-palm (*Rhaphis taeniiformis* L.); —flähen, *m.* torch-light serenade; —tanz, *m.* dance with flambeaux; —träger, *m.* torch-bearer, torcher, link-boy or man; —zug, *m.* torch-light procession.
 * Gäh'en [*pr.* *fäh'ng*], (*pl.* *G-ä*) *f.* (*Fr.*) fashion; make, making, workmanship; out: shape; pattern; ceremonies, compliments; —rum, *m.* artificial or made rum. — Gäh'en's-reise, (*v.* *s.* *tr.* to fashion, shape; *Marcs.* to figure; *fäcun'ter*, *p.* *a.* (of textile fabrics) figured (adorned with figures, *opp.* *glatt*); *fäcun'trier* Biqué, fancy-quilting; *fäcun'trier* Waaren, *f.* *pl.* figured stuffs, fancy or figured articles.
 * Gäh'mill, (*str.*, *pl.* *G-ä*) *n.* (*Lat.*) facsimile (*Abdruck*, print). [*torage.*]
 * Gäh'ge [*pr.* 'a-zhe], (*v.* *f.* (*Fr.*) port.
 * Gäh'ien, (*v.* *f.* (*Lat.*) faction, party.
 * Gäh'lich, *adj.* (*Lat.*) effective, real, actual; *adv.* virtually, in fact, *de facto*; *der f-ct* Besitz *der Frau*, *de facto* possession of the crown.
 * Gäh'tis(n), (*str.*), (*[Lat.] pl.* *Gäh'tis'da*) *n.* *Gramm.* factitive or causative verb.
 * Gäh'ter, (*str.*, *pl.* *Gäh'tern*) *m.* (*Lat.* 1) [*gen. pr.* *Gäh'ter*] *T.* factor: manager, agent, consignee (in manufactures) putter-out, warehouse-clerk, store-keeper, work-master; foreman (of a printing office), overseer; 2) *a*) *Arith.* factor; *b*) *fig.* agent, active power; momentum. — Gäh'ter', (*v.* *f.* 1) factory, factoryship, factoryage; 2) factory, commercial harbour (merchants' company in a sea-port); 3) (—handl, *m.*) commission business, agency business.
 * Gäh'tum, (*str.*, *pl.* *G-ä*) *n.* (*L.* *Lat.*) a door of all-work, factotum; *cont.* Jack of

all trades; er ist mein —, he is all and all with me. [*fact, matter of fact.*]

* *Factum*, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Facta*) n. (*Lat.*)

* *Factur*, (*w.*) *Factura*, f. (*Lat.*) *Comm-s.* invoice; laut —, as per invoice; — geben, see *Facturieren*; eine — ausgeben or schreiben, to make out an invoice; *Factura* or *Facturen*-Buch, n. invoice book, book of invoices; unter dem —preis verkaufen, to sell at a loss on the invoice; —werth, m. invoice amount, value as per invoice. — *Facturieren*, (*w.*) v. tr. to invoice.

* *Facultät*, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) faculty; die theologische —, the faculty of divinity; die medicinische —, college of physicians; die juristische —, the faculty of law. — *Facultäts*, *adj.* optional. — *Facultist*, (*w.*) m. member of a faculty.

Faden, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Faden*) 1) a small thread; 2) *Sport*. trail of deer.

Fade, *adj.* 1) stale, flat, dull, insipid, tasteless; 2) unmeaning, blind, lean, lame (*excuse*, &c.).

Fäden, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to thread (a needle), see *Einfädeln*; II. *str.* & *refl.* 1) to untwist, unravel, unwind, come out (of threads); 2) to be stringy (of liquids).

Faden, s. I. (*str.*, pl. *Fäden* or *Faden*) u. 1) *lit.* & *fig.* thread; gedrehter —, twine; 2) *Wass.* see *Einfließen*, 5; 3) fathom, cord (of wood); 4) *Arch.* string; 5) *Clath.* ground; 6) *fil* (in *Netzen*); 7) thread, rough edge (of a knife); (ein Leben hängt an einem —, his life hangs by a thread; zu —schlagen, 1. *Tastl.* &c. to baste, to whip-stitch; 2. *Forstl.* (to) cord (wood); *coll-s.* an einem —weg, uninterruptedly, without stopping; ich habe ihn am —, he follows blindly my directions; II. *in comp.* —*fähig*, *adj.* thread-like. — *algae*, f. pl. hair-algae; —*baum*, m. 1) *Wass.* slipping, gliding, or running thread(s); 2) see *Fisch*, 2; —*breit*, n. *Astr.* reticle, reticule; —*fürmig*, *adj.* *Bot.* (of roots, &c.) thread-shaped, filiform; —*fürter*, m. *Wass.* guide; —*garn*, n. linen-thread; —*gerabe*, *adj.* according to the thread, straight; —*gold*, n. gold-thread; *Wass-s.* —*hülle*, f. (*coll.* —*hülle*, —*hülle*) hiddle; —*halter*, m. bent wire on silk reels; —*holz*, n. *See* *Fleischholz*; —*kleb*, m. *Bot.* least trefoil (*Trifolium minus* L.); —*krant*, m. common cudweed, cotton-rose (*Philago* L.); —*kreis*, n. 1) *Wass.* lease; 2) *Astr.* see —*breit*; —*leiter*, m. see —*fürter*; —*nackt*, *adj.* *coll.* stark naked; —*nadeln*, f. pl. vermiceilli; —*probe*, f. *Sug-s.* string-test; —*reicht*, *adj.* see —*gerabe*; —*rein*, *adj.* clear of threads; —*schneid*, *adj.* thread-bare; —*schlag*, m. *Tastl.* basting; —*selbe*, f. 1) waste-silk; 2) *Bot.* dodder (*Ouscula* L.); —*schlig*, *adj.* see —*schneid*; —*silber*, n. silver-thread; —*stein*, m. *Minor.* see *Topfstein*; —*trampel*, m. *Bookb.* back-tool; —*weise*, *adj.* & *adv.* by threads; by cords; —*werg*, n. oakum; —*wurm*, m. 1) *Zool.* see *Drahtwurm*; 2) pl. *Falc.* & *Yel.* flanders; —*zähler*, m. T. thread-counter. [*ness*; absurdity.]

Fähig, (*w.*) f. staleness, insipidity; dul-
Fähig, *adj.* *fac.* alaceous, alaceous, thrasy; *in comp.* threaded.

* *Fagott*, (*str.*) n. (*Fr.*) *Mus.* bassoon; —*S.* n. serpentine crook of a bassoon. — *Fagottist*, (*w.*) m. performer on the bassoon, bassoonist.

Fähe, (*w.*) f. *Sport.* 1) bitch; 2) the female of quadruped beasts of prey.

Fähig, (*str.*) v. I. tr. (+*acc.*) * to catch, take, win; II. *intr.* to tell, to be of effect.

Fähig, *adj.* capable (of), able, apt, fit (zu, for); susceptible (of); —*machen*, to enable, fit, capacitate; sich —*machen* zu ..., to qualify one's self for (an office, &c.); ein f-er Kopf, a man of parts.

Fähigkeit, (*w.*) f. ability: 1) capability,

aptness; 2) capacity, aptitude; 3) faculty, talent; *fig-n.* pl. abilities, parts; über seine *fig-n.* out of the reach of his faculties, *coll.* out of his ken.

Fälsch, I. s. (*str.*) m. see *Episch*; II. *adj.* fallow; fawn-coloured; dun-coloured; pale; faded; Einen auf dem f-ten Pferde (Rasse, auf einer f-ten Pflanze) finden (ermischen, ertappen), *coll.* to catch one tripping or lying; III. *in comp.* *Minor-s.* —*bleich*, n. see *Blleichweiß*; —*(kupfer)*, m. gray copper-ore; —*farbe*, f. fawn-colour; —*leder*, n. *Tann.* vamp (an inferior sort of upper-leather); neat's leather, dressing-leather; —*stein*, m. gray-alate.

Fälschheit, (*w.*) f. dimness, paleness, fadedness.

Fähnchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Fähne*) 1) a small flag (*Fähnlein*); 2) *Bot.* banner, banneret; 3) *Mar.* bandroll.

Fähnchen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* — auf (with *Acc.*), *Law.* to pursue (a criminal), to endeavour to seize or recover.

Fähnrich, (*str.*) m. see *Fähnrich*.

Fähnre, (*w.*) f. 1) *Mil.* a) colours, ensign, standard; banner; flag; b) †, a company (of soldiers); b) squadron (of horsemen); 2) *Bot.* vexil, banner; 3) anything resembling a standard or flag; a) vane (of a weathercock); b) feather, board (of a quill), feather (of a pen); c) *Sport.* the tail of a hare or squirrel; d) a net for catching larks; e) *coll.* reckoning at an alehouse; f) *fig-n.* pl. *Print.* slips (proofs in loose or flying leaves or stripes); mit fliegenden *fig-n.* with flying colours, with colours displayed; die — verliessen, to desert (one's colours).

Fähnren..., *in comp.* —*eib*, m. oath of fidelity to the colours; —*flucht*, f. *Mil.* desertion; —*flüchtig*, *adj.* deserting (one's colours); —*futter*(al), n. case or cover for the colours; —*hafer*, m. *Bot.* bearded oats (*Avena orientalis* Schreb.); —*junfer*, m. see *Fähnrich*; —*mar*(sh), m. *Mil.* the tune or march which is struck up when the colours are lodged; —*peisten*, n. *Mil.* subaltern officers and soldiers appointed to defend the colours; —*pflichtig*, see *Militärpflichtig*; —*schmidt*, m. see *Fähn-schmidt*; —*schuß*, m. colour-rest; —*stange*, f. —*rod*, m. staff or shaft of a standard; —*trüger*, m. colour-(or ensign-, or standard-)bearer, ensign; —*wacht*, —*wacht*, f. *Mil.* standard-guard, field-guard; —*weihe*, f. consecration or inauguration of colours; —*weise*, *adv.* & *adj.* by companies, by squadrons.

Fähnlein, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Fähne*) 1) a small flag; 2) *Mil.* see *Fähne*, 1, b.

Fähnrich, (*str.*) m. ensign; *fig-n.* blacksmith.

Fähn-schmidt, (*str.*) m. farrier of a square, (*w.*) f. (+*acc.*) *, danger (Gefahr).

Fähnstern, (*w.*) f. 1) main-road; 2) main-stream (of a river), see *Fahrtwasser*.

Fähr, I. *adj.* 1) fit for passage, practicable; navigable, sailable; 2) transportable; die f-er Riffe, clear coast; das f-er Eis, sailing or open ice; II. *fig-heit*, (*w.*) f. practicableness (of roads); navigableness, &c.

Fähr..., *in comp.* —*betriebl*, m. traffic (on a railway, &c.); —*billet*, m. (railway-)ticket. —*Fährboot*, (*str.*, pl. *f-böte*) n. skiff, ferry-boat, ferry, wherry.

Fähr..., *in comp.* —*brücke*, f. flying-bridge; —*buch*, n. *Min.* Journal of the mines; —*büchse*, f. *Min.* box for assayed money; —*damm*, m. 1) see *Stroßendamm*; 2) or —*deich*, m. dike that may be passed in a vehicle.

† *Fährde*, (*w.*) f., *Fährden*, (*w.*) v. tr. see *Gefahr*, *Gefährden*.

Fährre, (*w.*) f. *Sport.* furrow, track.

Fährre, (*w.*) f. 1) ferry; ferry-boat, passage-boat; in einer — übergehen, to ferry over; 2) *Sport.* track, trail.

Fährren, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to move quickly, to run, slip, slide, start, rush, dart, &c.; 2) to move from one place to another, to pass, go; to descend, ascend; to travel, depart; to ride, to go in a carriage, in a boat or ship, to drive; to row, sail, navigate; to ply (as a line of vessels, &c. between two places, &c.); auf der Eisenbahn —, to go by rail; ich fahre mit der dritten c. Klasse, I go or travel third, &c. (class); auf einem Dampfsschiffe —, to go by steam, to steam it; 3) *fig.* to proceed; to do (fare, live, get on, come off) well or ill; der Fähr fahrt gen Hölle, *Sport.* the hare takes (to) the field; er fuhr dieses Begebe, he travelled this road; mit der Hand in ... —, to run, put, or slide one's hand into ...; mit der Hand hin und her —, to move one's hand to and fro; mit der Hand durch den Ärmel z. —, to pass one's hand through the sleeve, &c.; es fuhr ihm aus der Hand, it slipped from (out of) his hand; cinander in die Haare —, *fig.* to fall together by the ears; aus dem Bette —, to start up from one's bed; gen Himmel —, to ascend to heaven; zur Hölle —, to descend, to go to hell; ich fann (in einem Wagen) nicht rückwärts —, I cannot ride backwards (in a carriage); zu Jemandem —, to drive to one, one's house; irr —, to ride astray; spazieren —, to take an airing (in a coach, &c.); aus dem Berge —, to turn aside (in a carriage), to break the way, to give way (Einem, to one); er fahrt mit 4 Pferden, he drives four-in-hand; über einen Fluß —, to go over, pass, or cross a river; über das Meer —, to sail across (or to cross) the ocean; über einen Meerbusen —, to shoot a gulf; aus Land —, to land, to put to shore; auf den Grund —, to run aground, to ground; *Mar-s.* aus dem Hafen —, to clear the port; gegen den Wind —, to sail against the wind; mit dem Entlöseri —, to run with the lead; es fuhr mir durch alle Glieder, it (terror, transport, &c.) thrilled through my limbs; —*lassen*, 1. to cause to ride, drive, &c.; to run (a line of packets, railway-trains, &c.); 2. to let go (or quit) one's hold, to run loose, to let fly; 3. *fig.* a) to let pass or slip; b) to part with, give up; to leave, forsake, forego, relinquish, abandon; to drop, fling or cast away (hopes, &c.); to waive (claims, &c.); to neglect; c) *Mar.* to pass or let go through a block; einen Wind —*lassen*, *vulg.* to break wind downwards; *fig-s.* Jemandem durch den Sinn (*vulg.* über das Maul) —, to snap one up, to contradict one, to give one a smart reply; durch den Kopf —, to shoot or flash across one's mind; er fahrt dabei am besten, he has (got) the best of it (*coll.* of the bargain); er fuhr am besten bei diesem Streit, he had the worst of the argument, &c.; fahre wohl! farewell!

II. tr. to drive; to row, &c.; to carry, convey; to run; to steer, navigate; to command (a ship); Einen über einen Fluß —, to ferry one over a river; Steine —, to cart stones; auf die Räder —, *Mar.* to put out (a vessel) to the road.

III. *refl.* to drive one's self or itself; sich mühe —, to tire one's self by driving or going in a carriage, &c.; der Wagen fahrt sich gut, the carriage goes easily; *impers.* es fahrt sich gut, angenehm zc. in diesem Wagen zc., it is pleasant, agreeable to go (ride) in this carriage, the carriage is well hung.

Fährren, p. a. 1) going, riding, &c. see *Fahren*; 2) vagrant; travelling; f-er Güte, f. movable goods, property, estate, personal property, movables; die f-er Post, stage-coach, mail-coach (*opp.* horse-mail); ein f-er Ritter, a knight-errant; ein f-er Schloß or Schloßer, a travelling scholar.

Fährer, (*str.*) m. driver.

to fall to pieces; er ist geföhrtlich gefallen, he has met with a dangerous fall: der Vorhang fällt, the curtain drops: der Rebe! fällt, the mist descends: die Last fiel ihm vom Rücken, the burden fell from off his back: mein Geburtstag fiel auf einen Freitag, my birthday was, fell, or happened on a Friday; der Anfang des Fröhlings (1847) fiel auf den 21. März, the beginning of spring (1847) fell on the 21st of March; ins Gewicht —, to be of heavy weight; in ein Fend —, to invade a country; in Ohnmacht —, to faint or swoon (away); to fall into a swoon, to sink into a fainting fit: in Stranzheit —, to fall sick or ill; Einem zu Füßen —, to throw one's self at one's feet; als er zum Opfer —, to fall a sacrifice; als er zur Beute —, to fall a prey; sein Auge fiel auf folgende Stelle, his eye hit on the following passage; auf den Gedanken —, to hit or light upon an idea; ich fiel auf den Gedanken, the thought struck me; aus dem Himmel gefallen, coll. greatly amazed, thunder-struck; aus der Welle —, to act out of character: — lassen, 1. a) to let fall, to drop (the curtain); to shed (leaves); b) to let down (eine Welle, a steeple); *Ag.* 2. to abate (something of the price); 3. to drop, throw out (hints, &c.); 4. to put or lay aside, to drop, to sink (a scheme, &c.), to dismiss (a thought, &c.); 5. to forsake (a friend, &c.); 6. to lose (one's courage, &c.); Einem — machen, to give one a fall; Einem in die Fägel —, to seize the bridle of another person's horse; Einem in den Arm —, to seize the arm of a person about to strike; Einem in den Lauf —, to interfere with another's bargain; *Ag.* to put a spoke in another's wheel; Einem in die Rede —, to interrupt one; in Strafe —, to incur a penalty; in die Sinne or Augen —, to strike the senses or eyes; Einem in die Augen —, to catch one's eyes; in die Augen f.-b., conspicuous; beschwerlich, zur Last —, to be troublesome, burdensome, or chargeable; to inconvenience (burd., by); der Erminde zur Last —, to come upon the parish; es fällt mir schwer, leicht ic., it is difficult, easy to me; der Gedanke fällt mir schwer, the thought falls heavy upon me; es fällt ins Netze, it inclines to red, it has a red cast; es fällt ins Föbische, it partakes (smacks) of vulgarity; wenn es fällt, as it happens; mit der Fichte ins Fens —, coll. to blunder out; to set about a thing in an awkward way; *Mar.-s.* das Schiff fällt verfehrt, the ship casts the wrong way; in Ee —, to make leeway, to drive (fall) to leeward; fall! fall ins Boot! man the boat! *see* *Wollen*, I. 4, d & c; die f-e Sucht, *see* *Fallsucht*; II. & er fiel das Kind todt, he killed the child by his fall; er fiel sich (dat.) einen Arm aus dem Gelenk, he dislocated his arm by a fall; III. ref. sich todt or wund —, to kill or wound one's self by falling; gefallen, *p. a.* ruined, seduced, lost (of a girl); ein g-er Engel, a fallen angel.

Fällen, *v. s.* (str.) *n.* 1) falling, fall; 2) *Comm.* fall (*cf.* *Beiffe*), decline, reduction, depression, lowering (of prices), depreciation; *Reigung* zum —, tendency to fall or decline, tendency downwards; eine *Reigung* zum — haben, to have a downward tendency, to look down; auf das — speruliren, to speculate on a decline (of the funds), to speculate for the fall.

Fällen, (*v. s.* & *r.* 1) to fall, to cut, or how down (wood); to pull down (a wall, &c.); 2) *Chem.* to precipitate; 3) *Mar.* to cast (anchor); 4) *Min.* to sink, deepen (a shaft); *Ag.* 5) *provinc.* a) to cast or shed (teeth) of cattle and horses; b) to gold (a foal); 6) a) to kill; b) to ruin; 7) *Law*, &c. a) to pass, pronounce (sentence or judgment); to give (one's opinion); b) *provinc.* to devolve, leave, transmit

(an estate): *Mil.-s.* (das) Bajonett gefüllt! bayonet in charge! charge bayonet! mit gefülltem Bajonett angreifen, to charge with fixed bayonet; mit gefülltem Bajonett (er)schürmen, to carry at the point of the bayonet; ein Perpendikel —, *Geom.* to drop a perpendicular.

Fallsend, *p. a.* falling; die f-e Sucht, *see* *Fallsucht*; die f-e Reihe, *Math.* descending series.

Fallendbung, (*v.* *f.* *Gramm.* case terminating... in comp. —leger, —steller, *m.* one employed in entrapping animals, trapper: —riegel, *m.* *see* *Fallsriegel*.

Fall... in comp. —fenster, *n.* sash-window: —fertig, *adj.* about to fall: —fled, *m.* bruise from a fall: —gatter, *n.* falling-gate, portcullis; —grube, *f.* pit-fall; —gut, *n.* *Law*, personal debt: —hammer, *m.* T. falling hammer; —haus, *n.* fayer's house: —hüthchen, *n.* *Anat.* valve; —holz, *n.* windfallen wood; —hut, *m.* roller (a turban-like pad for small children).

Fällig, *adj.* due, payable; — werden, to become due; to expire; die Post aus der Levante war gestern —, the Levante mail was due yesterday.

* *Fälliment*, *Fällimenten'*, (str.) *n.* (*Ital.*) *Comm.* failure, bankruptcy, insolvency. — *Fälliren*, (*v.* *s.* *sub.* to fall, become (or turn) a bankrupt, coll. to break. — *Fällir*, (*v.* *m.* bankrupt; coll. broken tradesman or merchant; *F.-enbuchhalter*, *m.* bankruptcy book-keeper; *F.-engericht*, *n.* court (or commission in a statute) of bankruptcy; *F.-engesetz*, *n.* bankrupt law: — or *F.-enmasse*, *f.* (the general mass of) a bankrupt's estate; Director einer *F.-enmasse*, assignee of the estate of a bankrupt, creditor in trust.

Fall... in comp. —flüster, *m.* *Entom.* a genus of coleopterous insects, gold-beetle (*Oryctophyllus sericatus* F.); —fessel, *m.* *Min.* precipitating kettle; —find, *n.* a chance-child; —flappe, *f.* trap-board; —fluste, *f.* falling-latch; —flusen, *m.* knocker; —flog, *m.* *see* —blod; —frant, *n.* *Bot.* mountain-arnica (*Arnica montana* L.); —laben, *m.* shutter of a sky-light; —latte, *f.* *Arch.* coping-rail; —maschine, *f.* *Phys.* a mechanical contrivance or instrument for ascertaining experimentally the laws relative to falling bodies, Attwood's machine: —meister, *m.* *provinc.* fayer: —müge, *f.* *see* —hut; —netz, *n.* 1) a net for catching deer, birds, &c. *cf.* *Echlagnetz*; 2) *Bill* pocket net. (or ducts).

* *Fallsplisch*, *adj.* *Anat.* Fallopiian (tubes *Fall...* in comp. —reep, *n.* *Mar.* ladder-rope, man-rope, entering-rope; (der Sturm-)leiter) concluding line; —reepstreppe, *f.* accommodation-ladder, gang-way; —riegel, *m.* *Lock-sm.* latch-bolt; —rohr, *n.* fall-pipe; *Buid.* gutter-pipe, waste-pipe.

Falls, *conj.* in case (...), if: provided. *Fall...* in comp. —schirm, *m.* parachute: —schloß, *m.* spring-(chest)-lock; —silber, *n.* precipitated silver: —strid, *m.* gin, snare, noose; *Ag.* snare, trap; —sucht, *f.* epilepsy, falling sickness: —schüttig, *adj.* epileptic(al); —tan, *n.* *see* —reep; —thor, *n.* *see* —gutter; —thür, *f.* trap-door; —thürchen, *n.* *Anat.* valve; —tisch, *m.* folding-table; —ton, *m.* *Mus.* cadence: —treppe, *f.* trap stairs; —tuch, *n.* *Sport.* a screen-like net.

Fällung, (*v.* *f.* 1) the (act of) felling, &c. *cf.* *Fällen*; 2) *Chem.* precipitation: *F.-mittel*, *n.* precipitant.

Fall... in comp. —verwechslung, *f.* *Gramm.* antipthesis; —wert, *n.* *Min.* stamp: —witz, *m.* morkin, game that has died a natural death: —wind, *m.* eddy wind, gust of wind: —winkel, *m.* gradient; —wunde, *f.* wound received by a fall.

Fallsch, *adj.* 1) *lit.* & *Ag.* a) false (also

Mus. *cf.* *Quarte*, *Quinte*); sham, wrong; b) erroneous; mistaken: c) *Buid.* falso, mock, deed; d) *Dy.* fugitive (colour); 2) falsified, counterfeit, adulterated, forged; spurious, fictitious; 3) deceitful, perfidious, malicious, vicious, double: ein f-er Mensch, a double-dealer; 4) *provinc.* angry, cross; — werden, to snap (of dogs); to become tricky (of horses); — angegebene Schiff und Gut, masked ship and property: f-er Brut, *see* *Frau brut*; der f-er Discant, *Mus.* falso; f-er Eid, *see* *Meinrid*; der — eingetragene Posten, *Comm.* false (or wrong) entry, mischarge, mis-entry, gross-entry: — gebüht, misentered; f-er Flügge führen, to carry false colours; f-er Geld, f-er Klinge, base, counterfeit, or adulterated money or coin; die f-en Pocken, *Med.* chicken pox, water pox; ein f-er Strich, *see* *Unrecht*; f-er Wechsel, forged or counterfeit bills of exchange: f-er Wechsel machen, to forge or counterfeit bills of exchange: f-er Name, feigned name: *Comm.-s.* das f-e Spiel, foul play; der f-e Stich, odd trick; der f-er Spieler, coggling gamester, sharper, cheat; *Anat.-s.* die f-e Naht, bastard or false suture; die f-en Rippen, short ribs; meine Uhr geht —, my watch goes wrong; das Erempel ist —, the sum is wrong: — schweben, to swear false, to forswear or perjure one's self; — singen, to sing out of tune; — spielen, to cheat at play; *Mus.* to play out of tune: — anführen, to misquote; in ein f-es Licht setzen or darstellen, to misrepresent.

Fallsch, (str.) *n.* & *m.* 1) *provinc.* fault; 2) *n.* obsolescent, t. falsehood, guile; ohne —, without guile, deceitless; *Script.* ohne — wie die Tauben, harmless as doves.

Fallschen, (*v.* *s.* *tr.* to falsify, counterfeit, forge, adulterate, *cf.* *Verfälschen*). — *Fallscher*, (str.) *m.* falsifier, adulterator, forger.

Fallsch... in comp. —freundlich, *adj.* hypocritically kind; —gläubig, *adj.* heterodox. *Fallschheit*, (*v.* *f.* 1) falseness, falsity, spuriousness, &c. *cf.* *Fallsch*; 2) falsehood; deceit, guile; perfidiousness, treachery; duplicity.

Fallschertzig, *adj.* false-hearted. *Fallschlich*, (*v.* *s.* & *adv.* false, falsely, &c. *cf.* *Fallsch*; (etwas) — fih... halten, to mistake (something) for ...

Fallsch... in comp. —münzer, *m.* counterfeiter of coin, (false) coiner; —münzerei, *f.* false coining, forging; —namig, *adj.* of a fictitious name, pseudonymous; —spieler, *m.* cheat (in playing).

Fällschung, (*v.* *f.* falsification, fabrication, adulteration, counterfeiting, forgery, fraud.

Fallschwerber, (str.) *m.* *Law*, one who clandestinely enlists persons belonging to a foreign country. — *Fallschwerbung*, (*v.* *f.* clandestine enlistment, &c. [falso].

* *Fallset*, (str.) *pl.* *f.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.*

* *Fallschick*, (str.) *n.* (*Lat.*) falsification; forgery. — *Fallschick*, (str.) *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Falla* *n.* 1) falsehood; deceit; 2) fraud, forgery.

Fällschen, (str.) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Falle*) little plait, fold, &c.

Falte, (*v.* *f.* 1) fold, plait; 2) wrinkle, crease, rumple; gather (made in a dress); *Arch.* (fehlend) crumple; 3) *Anat.* duplication; 4) *Ag.* fold, recess (of the heart, &c.); *F.-n* (falten or werfen, to cast folds; to make wrinkles, to pucker: keine *F.-n* werfen, to sit close to the body; *F.-n* bekommen, to pucker, crumple; in *F.-n* legen, gleichen, to put, draw in plaits or folds; die *Stirn* in *F.-n* gleichen, to knit, wrinkle (the brow); die geheimsten *F.-n* der Seele, *Ag.* the inmost recesses of the soul.

Fällfren, (*v.* *s.* & *r.* to frill, ruffle, plait. *Fällfren*, (*v.* *s.* *tr.* to fold, to fold or gather up; to plait; einen Brief —, to fold or

make up a letter: *fiß* —, *Anat.* to duplicate: die *Etirn* —, to knit, wrinkle the brow: die *Fände* —, to fold, join, or clasp one's hands (as in prayer).

Falten..., in comp. — *blume*, *f.* see *Blüte*; — *brüche*, *pl. Prim.* folds in drapery or dress; — *hund*, *m. Mod.* a species of trochus (*Trochus ruber* L.); — *hammer*, *f. Sug-m.* room where the sugar-leaves are wrapt up in paper; — *leib*, *n.* see — *rod*.

Faltenlos, *adj.* 1) without folds or wrinkles, wrinkleless, creaseless, smooth; 2) *fig.* a) unruffled; b) open; blameless.

Falten..., in comp. — *magen*, *m. Zool.* see *Blättermagen*; — *marfchel*, *f. Bot.* turban-top (*Helodia infusa* Schaeffer); — *ohr*, *n. Bot.* umbelliferous plant of the genus *Psychotria* (*Psychotria heterophylla* Koch & *Pl. ammoides* Koch); — *rand*, — *saum* (an einem *Himmelbett*), *m.* valance; — *reich*, *adj.* full of folds or wrinkles; — *rod*, *m.* coat, gown, or dress with many folds; — *schlag*, *m. Script.*, &c. (coat of) drapery, the plaits and folding of drapery, casting of draperies; — *woll*, *adj.* see — *reich*; — *weiß*, *adv.* in plaits or folds: — *wurf*, *m.* see — *schlag*.

Faltenmagen, *m.* 1) butterfly; 2) *Zool.* see *Faltig*, *adj.* having folds or plaits, *Bot.* rugose; *fig.* wrinkled, furrowed (brow); — *Faltig*, *Faltig*, *adj.* in comp. — *fold*.

Falt..., in comp. — *stuh*, *m.* folding-stick, folder; — *stuhl*, *m.* folding-chair; — *tisch*, *m.* folding-table.

Faltung, *(w.) f.* 1) the (act of) folding, &c.; 2) — *der Gebirgsfalten*, corrugation of the rocky strata.

Faltz, *Faltzen*, *Sport-s.* see *Falz*, *Falzen*.

Faltz, *s. l. (str.) m.* (sometimes *Faltze* [*w. f.*]) 1) fold; 2) *T.* furrow, hollow incision: (*Stuth*) gutter; *Coop.* &c. groove, notch: (am *Gefirn*) rebate; *Bookb.* guard; *T-s.* flute, channel (in a column); chase (of a crossbow); *Corp.* rebate, buttment; *II.* in comp. — *am* *hof*, *m.* coppersmith's anvil; — *baum*, *f. Carp.* wooden leg; — *bein*, *n.* folding-bone, (paper-) folder, (bone) paper-knife, folding-knife, *cf.* *Brillestreicher*; — *bret*, *n.* *Bookb.* folding board; — *eisen*, *n.* *Tunn.* paring-knife.

Faltzen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to fold, fold up; *Bogen* —, to sheet; 2) *T.* to groove, join, &c. *cf.* *Faltz*, 2; 3) *Tunn.* to pare (hide).

Faltz..., in comp. — *haken*, *m.* see *Einschnitte*; — *hammer*, *m.* coppersmith's soldering-hammer; — *hofel*, *m.* notching-plane, fluting or grooving plane, plough.

Faltigst, *Faltig*, *adj.* like grooves, having grooves, grooved.

Faltz..., in comp. — *maschine*, *f.* grooving-engine; — *messer*, *n.* see — *eisen*; — *schleusen*, *f. pl. Railw.* tram-rails; — *schleusenweg*, *m.* tram-road; — *sange*, *f. T.* soldering-pliers; shoemaker's pinchers; — *jiegel*, *m.* ridge-tile, hollow tile, gutter tile.

* *Fama*, *f. (Lat.)* 1) fame, public report, rumour; 2) *Rom.* *Myth.* (the Goddess) Fame.

* *Familiär*, *adj.* familiar. — *Familiartät*, *(w.) f.* familiarity. — *Famille*, *(w.) f. (Lat.)* family; *Nat.*, &c. tribe.

Familiär..., in comp. — *ähnlichkeit*, *f.* family likeness; — *begrüßung*, *n.* see — *gruß*; — *brot*, *n.* home-made bread; — *fehler*, *m.* family failing; — *gemälde*, *n.* 1) family-picture; 2) description of a family-life; — *geräth*, *n.* heirloom; — *glück*, *n.* domestic happiness; — *gruß*, *f.* family-vault; — *gut*, *n.* family estate: entailed estate.

Familienhaft, *Familiennäßig*, *adj.* family-like, domestic.

Familiär..., in comp. — *haupt*, *n.* head or father of a family: — *fruchtbarkeit*, *f.* family distemper, hereditary disorder; — *kreis*, *m.* domestic circle; — *lecken*, *n.* fire-side or domestic

life; — *name*, *m.* family-name, surname; — *legen*, *m.* see *Erlegen*; — *neigung*, *m.* inclination for a family-life, domestic turn; — *stüb*, *m.* family-seat; family-mansion; — *stolz*, *m.* family pride; — *stück*, *n.* 1) see — *gemälde*; 2) (— *erbstück*) family-piece, anything kept in a family as a memorial; — *tafel*, *f.* family-dinner; — *vater*, *m.* family-man; house-father; — *vermählung*, *n.* entail; — *vertrag*, *m.* family-compact; — *wappen*, *n.* coat of arms of a family; — *zirkel*, *m.* see — *kreis*; — *zweig*, *m.* family-dis-cord.

* *Famós*, *adj. (Lat.)* Stud. slang, famous, excellent, prime.

* *Famulus*, *(Lat., pl. Famuli)* *m. (Lat.)* amanuensis: *Mod.* (visiting) assistant.

* *Fanal*, *(str.) m. (Fr.)* 1) ship's lantern: 2) signal-light, beacon.

* *Fanatiker*, *(str.) m. (Lat.)* fanatic. — *Fanatisch*, *adj.* fanatical, fanatic. — *Fanatiziren*, *(w.) v. tr.* to fanaticise. — *Fanatizismus*, *m.* fanaticism.

* *Fanfäre*, *(w.) f. Mil.* fanfare.

Fang, *(str., pl. Fänge)* *m.* 1) a) the (act of) catching, &c. *cf.* *Fangen*; catch; b) place where any thing is taken or caught: pit-fall; 2) capture, draught; 3) gin, snare, trap; *Sport-s.* 4) thrust, stab: (einen *Stich* in) den — geben, to kill (a deer, &c.) with the hanger; 5) a) see — *gahn*; b) *pl.* talons, clutches, claws; teeth (of the wolf); 6) the bite of a dog; 7) hole or cave of the lynx; 8) handle, hilt (of a sword).

Fang..., in comp. — *ball*, *m.* play-ball, cricket; — *bäume*, *m. pl. Min.* joists; — *brief*, *m.* warrant of capture; — *buße*, *f. Hgd.* wear; — *baum*, *m.* a temporary coffer-dam to protect the coffer-dam which it surrounds; — *eisen*, *n.* 1) *Sport.* iron spear (for stabbing wild beasts); huntman's pole; 2) iron-trap.

Fangen, *(str.) v. l. tr. lit. & fig.* to catch, take, seize: to capture; to captivate; to entrap; mit der *Angel* —, to hook; *Freut* —, to catch or take fire; leicht *Freut* —, *fig.* to be irascible; *Ginen* in seiner *Rebe* —, to entangle one in his talk; den *Kauch* —, to confine the smoke; *Mar-s.* die *Ankerboje* —, to hitch the buoy; die *Rasen* —, to secure the yards; *Tunn.* to soften (the hides); *II. ref.* to catch one's self, go into a snare or trap; die *Doggen* — *fiß* (for *einander*), the fakes catch each other; *III. intr. Sport.* to bite, to snap, snatch; *fiß* — *lassen*, to allow or suffer one's self to be caught, to run one's self into a noose.

Fänger, *(str.) m.* 1) catcher, taker, cap-turer; — *gang*..., in comp. — *garn*, *n.* *Sport.* net; — *heuschrecke*, *f. Entom.* praying cricket (*Mantis religiosa* L.); — *jagd*, *f. Sport.* catching of wild beasts by driving them into nets; — *leine*, *f. Mar.* painter: *Sport.* leash; — *messer*, *n.* hanger, (*Fr.*) *couteau de chasse*; — *rad*, *n.* see *Anschlagrad*; — *schelle*, *f. Sport.* low bell; — *schürzen*, *f. pl. Min.* catches; — *rod*, *m.* police-man's or bailiff's staff; — *sane*, *n. pl. Mar.* short pieces of rope or rattle; — *tuch*, *n.* tinder; — *vogel*, *m. Sport.* decoy-bird; — *wort*, *n. Typ.* catch-word; *Theat.* cue; — *zahn*, *m.* fang, tusk: mit — *zähnen*, fanged, tusked.

Fanub, *Fannchen*, see *Francien*, *Fränk*, *Fant*, *(str.) m. (dimin.) Fäntchen*, (*str.*) *n. († &)* * a childish vain youth, fop, dandy: coxcomb. [*in Fh* ...]

* *Fantast*, *(w.) f.* *Fantastik* *see*..., see *Farbe*, *(w.) f.* 1) colour, hue, tinge, tint, die, paint, tincture; 2) complexion; 3) printer's or printing ink; 4) *coll.* see *Färbert*; 5) *Gam.* suit (in cards): die — *maden*, to make trumps; 6) livery; 7) *Typ.* ink; *fig-s.* 8) kind, species, description; 9) colour, varnish, pretext: — *halten*, *Pass.* to bear a

body; *fig.* to stick to one's colours: die — *did* auftragen, *Pass.* to impaste; *viel* — *haben* (im *Geficht*), to have a high colour: die — (des *Gefichtes*) *beträubern*, to change colour: die *St-n* zu *hart* auftragen, *fig.* to overstrain the picture, to exaggerate; — *bestehen*, mit der — *heranstemmen*, *coll. (orig. in card-play-ing)* to speak out one's mind.

Färbe, *(w.) f.* operation of dyeing. *Färb*..., in comp. — *auftragmaschine*, *f. Print.* ink-distributing-machine; — *ballen*, *m. pl. Typ.* ink-balls; — *beere*, *f.* 1) purging-buckhorn (and its berries), see *Färbert*; 2) kermes (*Kermesfarber*); — *blase*, *f. Print.* boiling-pot; — *eisen*, *n. Print.* alio: — *fäßer*, *n.* — *fäßen*, *f. pl.* dyeing-vats; — *gänger*, *m.* — *holz*, *n.* see *Färbegänger*, *Färbholz*; — *halt*, *adj.* keeping colour, of a lasting colour.

Färbe..., in comp. — *bräbe*, *f. T.* colouring-liquor, dye; — *flotte*, *f.* dyer's bath; — *geräth*, *m.* see — *zeug*; — *gänger*, *m. Bot.* see *Färbegänger*; — *holz*, *n.* 1) *gener.* dye or dyeing wood, colouring-wood; 2) log-wood, campeachy wood; 3) (rottes) see *Bräufholz*; — *keffel*, *m.* dyeing-copper; — *krant*, *n.* 1) see *Färbegänger*; 2) (*ägyptisches*) white alcaena (*Laccosmia alba* Lam.); — *knit*, *f.* dyeing vat; — *knut*, *f.* art of dyeing; — *masse*, *n. Bot.* dyer's Hohen (*Orfide* von *Wurzel*).

Färben, *adj.* in comp. — *coloured* (*Färbig*). *Färben*, *(w.) v. l. tr.* to colour, die, tinge, tincture; to stain (glass): in der *Bohle* —, to engrain; mit *Blut* —, *fig.* to imbue with blood; *II. ref.* 1) to colour; to assume or get a colour; 2) to practice painting, colour the face; 3) to change colour.

Färben..., in comp. colour-, coloured: — *auftrag*, *m.* the act of laying (putting on) of colour; — *ballen*, *m. pl. Print.* ink-balls; — *blut*, *n. Opt.* coloured spectrum; — *blut*, *f.* bladder of colour; — *blindheit*, *f.* colour-blind (ness); — *bogen*, *m.* see *Regenbogen*; — *brechung*, *f.* blending of colours; *Phys.* refraction of colours; — *brechungsmesser*, *f.* *Opt.* chromatoscope; — *bret*, *n.* palette; — *brüche*, *f.* dye, colouring liquor; — *breich*, *n.* chromatic triangle; — *brud*, *m. Typ.* colour-printing; — *eisen*, *n.* printer's alio; — *erbe*, *f.* coloured earth; — *erschattung*, *f.* see — *spectrum*; — *farb*, *n. T.* colour-vat; tanner's vat; — *fest*, *n.* dyed hide; — *gebung*, *f.* colouring, coloration; — *glanz*, *m.* brilliancy of colour; — *händler*, *m.* dealer in colours, dry-salter, *coll.* colour-man; — *handlung*, *f.* shop where colours or dye-stuffs are sold; dry-saltory, trade in colours; — *kasten*, *m.* 1) *Print.* the ink-box (on a printing-press); 2) or — *fäsch*, *n.* colour-box, paint-box, box with colours; — *kleber*, *m.* *cont.* dauber; — *knut*, *m.* grayish-white cobalt; — *knut*, *m. Print.* colouring-body; — *knut*, *f.* chromaties; — *knut*, *m.* colourist; — *knut*, *m. Print.* brayer; — *knut*, *f.* see — *knut*; — *knut*, *f.* scale of colours; — *knut*, *1) n. (or — knut, m.)* *Print.* palette-knife; 2) *m. Phys.* cyanometer; — *knut*, *f.* the mixing of colours; — *knut*, *n.* see — *knut*; — *knut*, *m.* dyer's furnace; — *knut*, *f. pl.* plants containing dyeing-matter; — *knut*, *f.* see — *knut*; — *knut*, *m. Opt.* iris; — *knut*, *m.* colour-grinder; — *knut*, *adj.* richly coloured; — *knut*, *n.* colour saucer; — *knut*, *m.* tint; — *knut*, *n. Mod.* chromatopoeia; — *knut*, *f.* tinting; — *knut*, *n. Opt.* (solar) spectrum; — *knut*, *m.* play of colours; brilliancy of hues; opalescence, iridescence; — *knut*, *m. Print.* ink-block; — *knut*, *f.* disposition of colours; — *knut*, *m.* coloured crayon, pastel, pencil colour; — *knut*, *m. Chem.* pigment, colouring matter; — *knut*, *m. Opt.* coloured ray of light; — *knut*, *f.* gradation, shade (of colour), tinge; — *knut*, *f.* cake of

paint; —theorie, *f.* theory of colours; —ton, *m.* tone of coloration; —topf, *m.* ink-pot; paint-jar; —wasser, *f. pl.* Comm. dye-stuffs, dyeing drugs or materials, dye-salts; —wassertücher, *m. see* —händler; —wechler, *m.* *schb.* cackrel (*Mena vulgaris* C.).
Färber, (*str.*) *m.* dyer: *in comp.* Bot.-s. —baum, *m.* Venice sumach, Venus's sumach (*Rhus cotinus* L.); —beere, *f.* see Färberdorn; —blume, *f.* see Färberginster; —camille, *f.* a species of chamomile (*Anthemis tinctoria* L.); —cräusen, *m.* tansole (*Oxolan tinctorum* L.) (*Radumstraut*); —distel, *f.* 1) see —fäffer; 2) see —ginster; —dorn, *m.* purging buckthorn (*Rhamnus cathartica* L.); Meiner —dorn, *m.* dyer's buckthorn (*Rh. infectoria* L.).
Färberel, (*v.*) *f.* 1) a) (the art or practice of) dyeing; b) dyer's trade; 2) dye-house, dyery.

Färber..., *in comp.* —elche, *f.* Bot. dyer's oak (*Quercus infectoria* Willdenow); —farbe, *f.* colouring drugs; —flechte, *f.* archil, orchilla-wood (*Strutiarfelle*); dyer's lichen; canary wood, see Delfille, 3 (*von Flurwurz*); —gefesse, *m.* dyer's journeyman; Bot.-s. —ginster, *m.* common dyer's genista, dyer's broom or green-broom, green-wood, wood-wash, wood-waxen, wood (*Gonidia tinctoria* L.); —hülster, *m.* dyer's knot-grass (*Paspalum tinctorum* Lour.); —frant, *n.* see —men; —manfcherbaum, *m.* dyer's mulberry (*Broussonetia tinctoria* L.); —meißer, *m.* master-dyer; Bot.-s. —schlangengrass, *f.* alkanet-plant (*Achillea tinctoria* L.); —pflume, *f.* see Färberginster; —rinde, *f.* Jovuit's bark; —rinde, *f.* madder-plant (*Rubia tinctorum* L.); 2) madder (see Strapp); —schäfer, *m.* safflower, bastard saffron (*Genclier Schaffer*); *Cardamine tinctoria* L.; —scharte, *f.* see Färberginster; common saw-wort (*Serratula tinctoria* L.); —trompetenblume, *m.* dyer's trumpet-flower; —weiz, *m.* common wood (*Isatis tinctoria* L.); —weiz, *f.* wild wood, dyer's wood (*Rosa tinctoria* L.); —wurzel, *f.* see —rinde.

Färbe..., *in comp.* —stein, —stoff, —wasser, see Färberstein x.
Färbe..., *in comp.* —stoff, *m.* colouring-matter, *gener.* *f.* dyeing stuffs, colouring materials; —zeit, *f.* moulting-season, the time of changing the hair (said of deer, &c.); —zug, *n.* dyeing- or dyer's utensils.
Färbig, *adj.* coloured; stained (paper, &c.); —far Druck, coloured impression, illuminated printing; *cf.* Hunt; —f-c, *m. & f.* (*col. like* *adj.*) a person of (black, copper, &c.) colour, coloured man, coloured woman; —f-c, *pl.* coloured people.

Färblos, *adj.* colourless; *Opt.* achromatic; —modern, to deprive of colour, achromatic.
Färblosigkeit, (*v.*) *f.* 1) colourlessness; 2) *fr.* neutrality, (*gener.* political) indifference.
Färbung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the act of colouring; tincture; 2) tinge, shade; complexion; tincture: *cine* buntfärb — *cine* färb, *fr.* to be deepened (of crimes).

Färre [*pr.* färrä], (*v.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) farce: 1) Drama, a short piece or entertainment of a comic character; 2) *Mus.* a burlesque.

Färre [*pr.* färrä], (*str.*, *pl.* F-8) *m.* (*Fr.*) 1) stuffing; 2) force-meat, forced meat.
Färren [*pr.* färrä], (*v.*) *n. tr.* to stuff in chicken, &c.), to farce.

Färger [*pr.* färrä], (*str.*, *pl.* F-8) *m.* (*Fr.*) Chem. (in the Netherlands & France) a small bale of goods, packet.

Färte, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) brown, moist, or oak-sugar; *ber* wärf — or *Under-Zucker*, chryd sugar.

Färten, (*v.*) *m.* (*provinc.* for Färte) Nor.-s. 1) hog; 2) see Besseltiger; —färte, *n.* see Rungpicher; —treiber, *m.* 1) slow sail-

ing ship; 2) workman who stows away the greaves.

Farn, (*str.*) *m.* see —frant; —baum, *m.* tree-fern; —gebüsch, *m.* fern-brake; —frant, *n.* fern, polypody; —männchen, *n.* male fern; —jamen, *m.* fern-seed; —weibchen, *n.* common brake.

Färö, (*str.*) *n.* (*coll.* for Pharao, *Fr.* pharaon) faro (game at cards).

Färöer, —inseln, *pl.* Geogr. Faroe islands.

Färre, (*v.*) *m.* bullock; —schäute, *pl.* bullock's hides.

[Färntaut.]

Färntaut, (*str.*, *pl.* F-fräuter) *n.* see Färte, (*v.*) *f.* a young cow, heifer.

Färs, (*v.* & *str.*) *m.* Ornith. pheasant (*Phasianus* L.); *ber* jänge —, pheasant-pout; —ente, *f.* Ornith. sea-pheasant, pin-tailed duck (*Anas acuta* L.); —hahn, *m.* pheasant-cock; —haus, *n.* pheasant-house; —heute, *f.* —huhn, *n.* hen-pheasant; —neß, *n.* hide of pheasants.

Färsen..., *in comp.* —beize, *f.* Sport. pheasant hawking; —biller, *m.* pheasant-dog; —fang, *m.* pheasant taking; —garter, *m.* —geßte, *n.* —hof, *m.* pheasant-walk, pheasant-preserve, pheasantry; —hund, *m.* see —biller; —jag, *f.* pheasant shooting; —frant, *n.* Bot. the spring bitter-vetch (*Orbicus vernalis* L.); —meißer, *m.* keeper (brooder) of pheasants; —neß, —schäute, —treibjeng, *n.* Sport. pheasant net; cooking cloth; —würter, *m.* see —meißer; —zücht, *f.* breeding of pheasants.

Färsenrie, (*v.*) *f.* pheasantry (*Färsenhof*).
Färs, (*str.*) *m.* T. a piece of sole-leather.

Färsche, *färsche*, (*v.*) *f.* 1) *provinc.* bodice, stays; 2) T. stay (of a window-roofing, &c.).

Färschke, (*str.*) *m.* see Buntfärl.

Färschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Färs) see Färschen.

Färschen, (*v.*) *f.* (*Hal.*) *pl.* Fort. & Dik. fascines; Fort. bavin: *in comp.* —binder, *n.* *pl.* bands of fascines; —binde, *f.* *pl.* tressels for fascines; —binder, *f.* chandelier; —meißer, *n.* (hedgeing-)bill, bill hook.

Färschen, (*str.*, *pl.* F-8 & F-8) *m.* (*S. G.*) carnival.

[or fäls of papers.]

Färschel, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) fascicle, bundle.

Färsche, (*v.*) *f.* 1) see Färs; 2) Bot. sneeze-wort (*Achillea millefolium* L.).

Färsche, see Färs.

Färsel, (*v.*) *m.* & *f.* *provinc.* 1) fry; 2) hatch; 3) propagation (breeding of cattle): 4) Bot. see Färselholz; 5) *vulg.* see Färselholz; —begräb, *m.* see Färselholz; —schwein, *n.* see Färselholz; —witz, *n.* see Färselholz.

Färsel, (*v.*) *f.* foolish, flighty, or indiscreet behaviour or act, levity, giddiness, frivolity, thoughtlessness.

Färseler, (*str.*), *coll.* Färselger, (*v.*)

Färselhand, (*str.*, *pl.* F-8) *m.* a silly, inconsiderate, giddy, or blundering person, driveller, dotard.

Färselhaft, **Färselig**, *adj.* foolish, inconsiderate, light-headed, thoughtless, indiscreet, flighty, giddy, silly.

Färseln, (*v.*) *n.* (*tr.* 1) *provinc.* to bring forth young ones, to breed; 2) to behave or talk foolishly, &c. *cf.* Färselig; to dote, dream, drol, *cf.* Färselstern; 3) to increase, thrive (of bees); 4) to farrow.

Färseln, **Färsen**, **Färseln**, (*v.*) *v. l. tr.* to separate the fibres or threads of (a textile fabric); II *refl.* to be separated (of fibres, &c.), to fuzz.

Färselnacht, *adj.* see Färsnacht.

Färsen, (*str.*) *m.* see Färs.

Färsenacht, *adj.* entirely naked, stark.

Färsen, *s. l.* (*v.*) *f.* thread, filament, Anat.

& Bot. fibre; string; line; färl: II. *in comp.*

—elmen, *m.* fibrous alum; —aragonit, *m.* N.

—coralloidal aragonite, see Färs; —färl,

del, *m.* Anat. bunch of fibres; —gefäß, *f.* Surg. fibrous tumour; —gewebe, *n. pl.* Bot. see Färsenachse; —Minner-s., —gyp, *m.* English talc; —färl, *m.* fibrous limestone; —färl, *m.* fibrolite; —silz(en)it, *m.* wood-copper; —roß, *m.* Chem. fibrino.

Färsen, (*str.*) *m.* Vint. see Färsen.

Färsen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Färs) fibril.

Färsen, **Färsen**, **Färsen**, *adj.* like or resembling fibres; fibrous; fibrinous (tumours, &c.), filamentous, stringy; —färsen, *adj.* fibro-cartilaginous; —färs Zinner, *n.* Miner. wood-like tin-ore, wood-tin.

Färsen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* & *refl.* see Färsen.

Färs, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* Färsen) *n.* 1) (offence) vat, tub; (verfärsen) butt, coop, cask, barrel, firkin, vessel: (für Zuder, Wein, Tabak) hogwood; (Wein) pipe, cask; (Rum) punchoon; (Färsen) drum; 2) *fr.* & *Script.* vessel, body; 3) *vulg.* paunch, fat person; nach dem — schmecken, to taste of the cask; in ein — thun or fällen, to barrel or tun (up), in-cask; auf Färsen gefällt, in Färsen gepackt, barrelled up.

Färsband, (*str.*, *pl.* Färsbänder) *n.* hoop.

Färsband, *adj.* 1) tangible; 2) see Färslich.

Färs..., *in comp.* —bärme, *f.* lees of beer;

—bier, *n.* beer in casks; —binder, *m.* cooper, cooper; —binder, *m.* & *n.* Comm. cooperage, coopering (of the casks); —blech, *n.* small-sized tin-plates; —boden, *m.* head of a cask; —bodenmittelfeld, *n.* clap-board; —bohrer, *m.* piercer; —brücke, *f.* cask-bridge; —butter, *f.* firkin-butter.

Färschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Färs) little barrel, firkin, keg, cask, rundlet.

Färs..., *in comp.* —bärme, *f.* staff, stove;

—bantenholz, *n.* staff-wood.

Färsen, (*v.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to seize, grasp, lay hold on, take hold of, hold, catch, take;

Wurzel —, to take root; in der Färsen —, *Mil.* to take in flank; 2) to put in any thing, to barrel, fill up (beer, &c.), to sack (corn, &c.); 3) T. a) to set, encase, mount; in Gold gefäst, set in gold, gold-bound. *cf.* Färsen, 1, b, &c.; b) *Min.* see Färsen, 2; c) *cine* Quelle —, to curb a well (*cf.* Färsen, 1, a); *Ag-s.* 4) (in färl —) to hold, take in, embody, contain, compass, comprise, include; 5) to conceive, comprehend, understand, reach, penetrate, catch; to form (an idea, &c.), to take (a dislike to ..., &c.); 6) to couch, staid (in certain forms), to clothe in a certain form, to put into words, word, turn; in einen Rahmen —, to (put in a) frame; das Schiff fäst den Wind, the ship grips; *Ag-s.* in die Augen —, to fix one's eyes upon ..., to take a look at ..., to observe; ins Gedächtnis —, to retain, keep in memory; Einen bei seinem Worte —, to take one at his word; eine Meinung —, to form an opinion; einen Entschluß —, to take (or to fix upon) a resolution; Wuth or Färs —, to take courage or heart; II. *refl.* 1) to compose (collect) one's self; fäst sich, compose your mind; sich wieder —, to recover one's self, to recover one's balance or self-possession; 2) sich färs —, a) to be brief; b) to be quick of resolution; 3) (*Grimm*, WB. LV) *v. l.* *v.* for sich auf ... gefäst machen; III. *intr.* to take, catch, gripe, *cf.* Färsen; die Färsen fäst, *Mar.* the pump is latched; der Färsen fäst (richt), the boy is quick of comprehension; to bite (said of a screw or an anchor); gefäst, *p. a.* composed, firm, collected (in mind), calm, ready, prepared (*anf* *with* *acc.*), *for*); sich gefäst machen, to prepare one's self (*anf* *with* *acc.*), *for*); machen die färs bereit gefäst, make up your mind to take; sich gefäst halten, to stand in readiness, to be prepared.

Färsen, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* 1) or Färsen,

see Färsen; 2) temporary bee-hive

Färs..., *in comp.* —färl, *adj.* tasting of

Faß

the cask; —*faßer*, *f.* pl. *Comm.* Cyprus figs packed in casks; —*fäster*, *n.* outer cask; —*bahn*, *m.* cask; —*best*, *f.* see —*bärnt*; —*holz*, *n.* wood for staves.

Faßlich, *I. adj.* conceivable, intelligible, comprehensible, easy of comprehension; *leicht* or *ausgemis* —, easily understood, popular; *II. f. faßlich*, (*w.*) *f.* conceivableness, comprehensibility.

Faß..., *in comp.* —*maßfaß*, *f.* gauging; —*sch*, *n.* 1) cooper's pitch; 2) pitch in casks; —*stahl*, *n.* steel in barrels.

Faßlung, *s. I. (w.) f.* 1) the act of putting in, filling, *Ac. cf.* *faßten*, 2) a) the act of setting, encasing, *Ac.*; b) enclosure, mounting, setting (of a diamond, *Ac.*); c) *Min.* lining (of a shaft); *Ag-s.* 3) a) version; b) (*Stilistik* —) (verbal) construction, wording; style, tenor, terms (*pl.*); 4) a) the taking (eines Entschlusses), a resolution; b) composure, self-command, countenance; *aus der* or *auftr* — *sein*, to be out of countenance, to be disconcerted or off one's guard; *aus der* — *kommen*, to lose one's self-command, to be put (thrown) off one's guard; *aus der* — *bringen*, 1. to put out of countenance, disconcert, unsettle; to discompose, to put or throw off one's guard; (*durch* *Wille*) to look or stare out of countenance; 2. to put beside one's gravity; *nicht* *aus der* — *kommen*, *die* — *behalten*, to keep countenance or self-possession; *II. in comp.* *f. -gabe*, *f. -straft*, *f.* *f. -vermögen*, *n.* power, faculty of comprehension; apprehensiveness, capacity, conception.

Faß..., *in comp.* —*waaren*, *f. pl.* goods in barrels or carried in casks; — *oder* *fäßerweise*, *adv.* in the cask, by the cask; —*zapfen*, *m.* bung, faucet, tap.

Faßt, *adv.* 1) *†*, very; 2) almost, nearly; (well) nigh, (well) near, all but; — *bis zu* *Ährnen*, short of tears; — (*gar*) *nicht*, hardly (at all); — *nichts*, next to nothing (or none), hardly any thing; — *nie*, scarcely (hardly) ever; *er* *geht* — *nie* in die *Sticht*, he scarcely ever goes to church; — *nur*, almost only or entirely, little more than; — *ohne* *Mühe*, with scarcely any exception; almost invariably. *Faß'ge* [*pr.* —*she*], (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* coo-perage.

Faß..., *in comp.* —*bäcker*, *m.* baker of brown bread; —*brat*, *m.* brown bread.

Faß'en, (*w.*) *f. pl.* (*†* & *provinc.* used also as a *sing.*, —*besiden* *Faß'e*) fast, fasting; *Lent*; *in comp.* —*abend*, *m.* Shrove-Tuesday; —*blume*, *f.* common cow-slip; —*brejel*, *f.* a kind of cracknel baked during *Lent*; —*biensflug*, *m.* see —*abend*; —*gebet*, *n.* Lent-prayer; —*mäßig*, *adj.* lenton; —*maßigelt*, *f.* lenton fare (or feast); —*prediger*, *m.* he who preaches during *Lent*; —*predigt*, *f.* Lent-sermon; —*sountag*, *m.* Sunday in *Lent*; —*ohne* *Mühe*, *f.* Lent-provision, lenton-food; —*geit*, *f.* Ch. *Lent*, the quadragesimal fast, Shrove-tide.

Faß'en, (*w.*) *f. intr.* to fast; *daß* —, (*str.*) *v. a.* (religious mortification by) fasting, abstinence.

Faß'nacht, *s. I. f. coll.* *f. -en*, 1) Ch. Shrove-Tuesday, Shrove-tide; 2) *Rom. Cath.* carnival. *Faß'nacht...*, *in comp.* —*fäster*, *f.* shroving; —*fielb*, *n.* carnival's habit; —*fuß*, —*fuß-barkeit*, *f.* carnival diversion, amusements; —*narr*, *m.* masker in carnival, carnival's buffoon, sany; —*schmaus*, *m.* carnival entertainment; —*spieß*, *f.* —*spiel*, *n.* carnival play, farce (taking place before *Lent* and lasting twelve days); —*spiel*, *m.* carnival masquerade.

Faß'tig, (*str.*) *m.* fasting-day, fast-day; day of abstinence; *f. -e*, *pl.* fast- (*coll.* meager) days.

* *Fa'ta*, *I. (Lat.) pl.* of *Fatum*; *II. (Ital.) f.* fairy (*cf.* *Fei*); — *Morgana*, *f. Phys.* Fata Morgana, *cf.* *Rufspiegelung*.

Fat

* *Fatall*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *coll.* (*differ. from the E. fatal*) extremely disagreeable, annoying, odious; *f. -e* Lage, awkward predicament.

* *Fatall's mund*, *m.* (*L. Lat.*) fatalism. — *Fatall's*, (*w.*) *m.* fatalist.

* *Fatall'st*, (*w.*) *f. coll.* (*differ. from the E. fatality*) mischance, awkward incident, unpleasantness.

* *Fa'tum*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Fa'ta*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) fate, destiny, lot; 2) good or ill fortune, chance. [*pinfel.*]

Fat, (*str.*) *m.* (*†* & *provinc.* see *Einfalt's-Fa'te*, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* a small sail under the foot of a top-sail. [*and spit* (as cats do).]

Fa'ten, *Fa'tigen*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to mew [*Fa't*, *adj.* 1) rotten, corrupt, putrid; cautious; 2) *Ag.* a) lary, idle, slothful, sluggish, indolent; slow; *f. -er* *Wirt'sch.* sluggish, lazy-bones; b) drowsy; sloopy; c) *Ag.* bad, idle, worthless; *f. -er* *Wirt'sch.* *Comm.* queer bill; *f. -es* *Stich*, proud flesh; *f. -er* *Stich*, sore point, foul spot; *f. -er* *Stich*, *Min.* mouldering stone; *Mar-s.* *f. -e* *Rüste*, dangerous coast; *f. -er* *Wirt'sch.* ground, foul bottom; *f. -er* *See*, calm sea; *f. -es* *Stich*, foul ship; *das* *Stich* macht *das* *Wasser* —, the ship makes foul water; *f. -e* *Stich*, *Arith.* ready reckoner; *nicht* —, *coll.* not remaining behindhand, directly, immediately; *f. -e* *Eier*, addled or rotten eggs; *die* *f. -e* *Stich*, *Chem.* putrid or putrefactive fermentation; *f. -es* *Eisen*, eager or brittle iron; *f. -e* *Bäute*, *m. pl.* (*Ruther*) lazy bellies.

Fa't..., *in comp.* —*affe*, *f.* *Zool.* loris; —*baum*, *m. Bot.* 1) (alder-)buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula* L.); 2) common bird-cherry tree (*Prunus padus* L.); —*beere*, *f.* bird-cherry; —*bett*, *m.* 1) bed of ease, couch of idleness; 2) *Ag.* inactivity, apathy; —*boben*, *m.* see *Stichboden*; —*brand*, *m.* see *Rornbrand*; —*brut*, *f.* rotten brood (of bees); —*butte*, *f.* *Papw-m.* fermenting trough.

Fa'te, *s. (decl. like adj.) m.* (*cf. f.*) sluggish, idler, drone, lazy fellow (a lazy, sluggish girl or woman).

Fa'te, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Fa'ten*; 2) a) *Vel.* flap (a disease in horses); b) dry rot (in sheep); 3) dry rot (in wood); 4) blight (in corn); 5) *Min.* brittle stones.

Fa'ten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* [*sein*]) to rot, corrupt, putrefy; *daß* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* *Papw-m.* rotting, fermentation.

Fa'tengen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to idle (away the time), to be (lie) idle, to be sluggish or lazy, to loze.

Fa'tenger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) idler, sluggish, drone, idle or lazy fellow, *ind.* do-little, lazy-bones; 2) a) stool or support for a sick leg; b) *Arith.* ready reckoner.

Fa'tengeret, (*w.*) *f.* the propensity to lounging, sluggishness, idleness, laziness.

Fa't..., *in comp.* —*feber*, *n.* *Med.* putrid fever; —*fled*, —*fleden*, *m.* putrid spot; —*fledig*, *adj.* having putrid spots; —*fuß*, *m.* see —*thier*; —*holz*, *n.* see —*baum*.

Fa'theit, (*w.*) *f.* laziness, idleness, slothfulness, sloth; drowsiness, sleepiness.

Fa'tlicht, *Fa'tig*, *Fa'tig*, *adj.* having the appearance of being rotten, tasting rotten, putrid; putrescent, rotten.

Fa'tmatte, (*w.*) *f.* foot- (or rope-)bear or mat.

Fa'tnig, (*str.*) *f.* rottenness, corruption, putrefaction, putrefication; in — *übergehen* or *gerathen*, to putrefy, to rot; *der* — *ausgeset*, putrescible; — *brunfend*, septic; — *hinbernt*, antiseptic.

Fa't..., *in comp.* —*pell*, *m. coll.* sluggish, *ind.* lazy-bones; —*pründe*, —*stelle*, *f. coll.* sinecure; —*pründe*, *m.* sinecure; —*thier*, *n.* *Zool.* 1) tardigrade; 2) or —*fuß*, *m.* a) cloth, stinkard; b) (american) *sch* al; c) (*griechen*) *gerige*) unau; —*weide*, *f.* sweet willow.

Fau

Faun, *Faunen*, *provinc.* see *Edaun*, *Edaunen*.

* *Faun*, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* 1) *Rom. Myth.* a) Faunus, guardian-god of herds and woods; b) faun, woodland deity (half man and half goat); a satyr; 2) *Ag.* a lewd or lascivious person; *f. -enbild*, *m.* lascivious look. [*f.* (*L. Lat.*) *Zool.* Fauna.

* *Fauna*, (*pl.* [*str.*] *f. -e*, or [*w.*] *Faunen*) * *Faun'haft*, *adj.* resembling a faun, rude, ugly; sensual, lecherous.

Faunen..., *in comp.* —*miene*, *f.* 1) a rude and ugly face; 2) see —*bid*; —*maße*, *f.* large and ugly nose; —*tan*, *m.* lascivious dance.

Faun, (*str.*, *pl.* *Faunen*) *f.* (*dimin.* *Faun'chen*, (*str.*) *m.*) *sat*; hand; *Ag.* grasp; mit *den* *Faun* in der —, sword in hand; *Man-s.* (*schon*) in or auf *der* — *liegen*, to be hard-mouthed; to force the hand (of horses); in *die* — *nehmen*, to guide (a horse) by the hand; ein *Wirt* von *vierehn* — (*not* *Faun*, *cf.* *Stich* *ic.*) *Stich*, a horse fourteen hands high; *coll-s.* auf *eignt* —, on one's own account, independently (of others), for one's self, anal. on one's own hook; (*Stich* / *Decl.*) in *die* — (*ind.* *Faun'chen*) *leiden*, *Ag.* to laugh in one's sleeve; *es* *paßt* *wie* *die* — auf's *Nage*, *coll.* it is not at all fitting, there is neither rhyme nor reason in it, it is nothing to the purpose.

Faun..., *in comp.* —*ambel*, *m.* *T.* stake; —*beuge*, *f.* *Anat.* wrist; —*birne*, *f.* *Pomol.* a species of pear, pounder; —*büchse*, *f.* (pocket-) pistol; —*bid*, *adj.* as big as a fist; *er* *hat* *es* — *bid* *hinter* *den* *Ohren*, *emph.* he is an arch or sly rogue, he is an arrant dissembler; —*eisen*, *n.* *T.* hand anvil with a flat face; *Ball* stretcher.

Faun'el, (*str.*) *m.* a miner's hammer.

Faun'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to strike with the fist, to cuff; 2) *Halt.* to stretch or widen (a hat) with the fist.

Faun..., *in comp.* —*fechter*, *m.* boxer, pugilist; —*gelenk*, *n.* see —*beuge*; —*hammer*, *m.* (small) hammer; —*hand-schuh*, *m.* mitten; muffer; —*hebel*, *m.* *T.* any small plane; —*kämpf*, *m.* pugilistic rencontre, boxing; —*kämpfer*, *m.* see —*fechter*; —*kröte*, *f.* cooper's groove.

Faun'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* 1) cudgel; 2) pocket-pistol; 3) see *Faun'handstich*; 4) see *Däumling*.

Faun'lings, *adv.* — (*schlagen*, see *Faun'en*, 1. *Faun'...*, *in comp.* —*pland*, *n.* dead pledge; —*pinfel*, *m.* *Mar.* hand-brush; —*recht*, *n.* club-law, sword-law; —*roht*, *n.* hand-gun, pistol; —*stige*, *f.* hand-saw; —*stich*, —*stich*, *m.* cuff, fist-cuff; —*voll*, *f.* a handful, grasp.

Faun'en, *f. pl.* *Mar.* cantines.

Faun'fracht, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* dead freight. * *Faun'it*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Faun'it*, (*w.*) *f.* favourite, minion (*Ünfling*).

Fa'g, (*w.*) *f. coll.* wry face, *gower* *pl.* fooleries, buffooneries, tricks; *f. -n* *machen*, to cut capers, to make wry faces, *Ac.*; *f. -n* *machen*, *m.* buffoon, jester, droll person.

* *Fa'gent* [*fajang's*], see *Feimcr*.

Fa'gnar, (*str.*) *m.* (the month of) February.

Fa'fen, *Fa'fer*, see *Fa'fen*, *Fa'ftr*.

Fa'f..., *in comp.* —*beden*, *m.* —*band*, *n.* —*schule*, *f.* fencing-room, fencing-school; —*begen*, *m.* —*clen*, *n.* foll, rapier; —*handstich*, *m.* fencing-glove; —*hust*, *f.* art of fencing; —*meister*, *m.* fencing-master; —*platz*, *m.* fencing-room; scene of action; —*stunde*, *f.* fencing lesson; —*übung*, *f.* exercise, practice in fencing.

Fa'fren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to fight; to fence; to tilt; *er* *sticht* *sehr* *gut*, he is a skilful swordsman; 2) *Ag.* to contend or stickle (for), *cf.* *Verfechten*; 3) *coll.* mit *den* *Fa'fren* —, to use violent gestures, anal. to saw or beat the air

(in declaiming); 4) coll. (or -gehen) to go (a) begging (cf. *Büchschreiben*, ref. 2).

Fechter, v. I. (str.) m. fighter, fencer; sword-player, swordsman; gladiator; pugilist, boxer; II. in comp. -kampf, m. combat of gladiators; prize-fight; -spiel, n. see -streich; -sprung, m. leap backwards, fencer's leap; -streich, m. sword-player's trick.

Feder, v. I. (w.) f. 1) a) feather, plume (of a bird, &c.); f. b) (instrument for writing) pen; quill; 2) *Nach*. spring; 3) *Ichth.* fin (of a fish); *Sport*-s. 4) a) tail (of a hare, &c.); b) *N-n*, pl. bristles (of wild boars); spines or prickles (of hedgehogs); quills (of porcupines); 5) boar-spear; 6) *Corp.* tongue; 7) *Port.* wall-spike; 8) *Budd.* cross-lathe; 9) Jewel. blemish in jewels; die -führen, to use the pen, to write; cine *fichte* -führen, to write with a pen dipped in gall; unter der -haben, to have a literary composition in hand; to have on the anvil; cine -schreiben, to make (out) a pen; cine -corrigieren, to mend a pen; in die -sagen, to dictate; II. in comp. -ähnlich, adj. featherlike, cf. -artig; -alum, m. *Miner.* plume alum, stone-alum; -amant, m. *Miner.* see *Federgras*; -angel, f. spring-hinge; -arbeiter, m. feather-worker; -artig, adj. feather; downy, plumaceous; -auswüchser, m. see -wüchser; -ball, m. shuttlecock; -beisen, m. feather-duster, feather-brush; -bett, n. feather-bed; -blatt, n. blättchen, n. 1) *Bot.* the segment of a pinnated leaf; 2) *T.* the leaf or blade of a lock's spring, spring-plate; -blech, n. thin sheet-iron; -bleiche, f. bleaching of feathers; -bleicher, m. feather-bleacher; -blume, f. feather-flower, artificial flower of feathers; -bolzen, m. spring-bolt; -brät, n. *T.* spring-board (of an organ); -büchse, f. pen-case; -bügel, m. *Nach*. spring-chape; -bürste, f. feather-brush; -busch, m. tuft or bunch of feathers, plume; *Zool.* tuft, crest, apex; chaplet (bei *Flecken*); topping (bei *Flecken*); -büschel, m. *Ornith.* the white or great silver heron (*Ardea argentata* Gm.).

Federchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Feder*) 1) small feather, plumelet; 2) *Bot.* plumule, acrospire.

Feder..., in comp. -cirfel, m. 1) *T.* spring-dividers; 2) see *Wegencirfel*; -bede, f. feather or down coverlet; -bedel, m. *Horol.* spring-lid; -boje, f. spring-box; -eisen, n. *T.* watch-maker's anvil; spring-chape; -erg, n. *Miner.* plumose silver-ore, salamander's hair; -feder, m. conf. pen-warrior, hero of the quill, controversialist; a pettifogging writer; -feilschen, m. *T.* pin-vice; -fürmig, adj. *Bot.* penniform; -fächer, m. see -fächer; conf. scribbler; -fuß, m. *Ornith.* rough-footed pigeon, plumped; -füßig, adj. foot-feathered, rough footed, plumped; -gehäufte, n. *Horol.* barrel, spring-box; -gold, n. *T.* spring-gold, hardened gold; -grad, n. *Bot.* common feather-grass (*Stipa pennata* L.); -gras, m. *Miner.* see *Federgras*; -hahn, m. *Ornith.* see *Flurhahn*; -haken, m. *T.* spring-trigger; -halter, m. pen-holder, pen-handle; *Horol.* spring-barrel pin; -händel, m. feather-trade; -händler, m. dealer in feathers, feather-seller; -hart, adj. hard and elastic like a spring, springy; -härte, f. elasticity; -harz, n. elastic gum, Indian-rubber; caoutchouc; -harzbaum, m. *Bot.* caoutchouc-tree, ulu-tree (*Siphonia elastica* L.); -haspel, m. *Sport.* reel; -haub, n. see -gehaube; -hauddrehschliff, m. barrel-arbour; -hauddrad, n. barrel-wheel; -heber, m. *Nach*. spring-lower, spring-tones; -heiß, m. hero of the quill; -hut, m. hat or bonnet with feathers.

Federhilt, **Federhilt**, adj. like feathers; adj. feathery; plumose, plummy; feuey.

Feder..., in comp. -kamp, m. see -fric; -lappe, f. a cap with feathers; *Ornith.* man-

darin-duck; -lasten, m. pen-box; -legel, m. 1) *Horol.* barrel-arbour; 2) *Conch.* a species of conus (*Conus testalis* L.); -fiel, m. quill; -flissen, n. pillow or cushion with feathers; -flappe, f. *T.* steam-trigger; -flint, f. spring-latch; -flügel, m. see -büchse; -fohl, m. *Bot.* curled (crisp) cabbage (a variety of *Brassica oleracea* L.); -fart, m. a species of sea-cork, see *Gallertschwamm*; -frast, f. elasticity; -fräftig, adj. elastic; springy; -frant, n. *Bot.* spiked water-milfoil (*Myriophyllum spicatum* L.); -frige, m. paper-war, controversy; -frane, f. *Bot.* pappus, down, feather, puff-ball; -labe, f. *Wass.* flyer-lathe; -langette, f. spring-lance; -lappen, m. *Sport.* a bunch of feathers tied to a string to frighten the game, scarecrow; -leht, adj. as light as a feather; -leimwand, f. a kind of fine linen fustian with a cotton web; -lesen, n. 1) the picking of feathers; 2) *Ag-s.* ceremony, hesitation; viel -lesens machen, to be ceremonious, to insist upon formalities; to stand out on trifles, to pick up straws; nicht viel -lesens machen, to act without any ceremony; to set boldly about a thing.

Federlos, adj. featherless, plumeloss, unplumed, implumous; unedged, callow.

Feder..., in comp. -mann, m. see -händler; -maß, n. *Horol.* an instrument for testing the power of a watch-spring, watch-spring-test; -meister, m. *Swy.* pledget; -meister, m. pen-knife; -mütze, f. a cap made of feathers, feather-cap; feathered cap.

Federn, (w.) v. I. (intr.) 1) to lose feathers; 2) to spring, to rise with elastic motion; II. v. tr. 1) to stuff with feathers, to feather; 2) *Sport.* to feather (a bird by shooting); 3) *T.* (Bohlen) to double-groove and slip (planks) - *Horol.* III. ref. to moult, mew.

Feder..., in comp. -neffe, f. *Bot.* single or feathered pink, sweet William (*Dianthus plumarius* L.); -nervig, adj. *Bot.* penninerved; -pfühl, m. bolster; -pfe, f. see -fiel; -reinerger, m. see -flüßer; -riegel, m. *T.* spring-bolt; -roß, n. see -büchse; -sals, n. *Miner.* native alum (of fibrous quality); -schnecke, f. see -lappen; -schiff, n. *Bot.* the berry-bearing bamboo (*Bambusa baccifera* Roxb.); -schleife, f.; -schleife, n. see -lefen; -schloß, n. spring-lock; -schmied, m. feather-maker, plumassier; -schneidemaschine, f. pen-nibber; -schraube, f.; -spanner, m. *T.* spring-vice; -schüge, m. see *Federbügel*; -spannschüssel, m. *T.* key with a screw instead of the bit; -spatz, m. *Miner.* radiated (fibrous) spar; -sperrrad, n. *Horol.* spring-ratchet wheel; -spiel, n. 1) see *Fallenbügel*; 2) see -lappen; 3) luro, falconer's game; 4) spillokins; 5) *provinc.* fowls; -spule, f. quill; *griegene* *Sp-n*, Dutch quills; -flüßer, m. 1) see -büchse; 2) a) feather-driver; b) see -händler; -flüß, m. spring-steel; -flüß, m. down; -flüß, m. see *Flauenstein*; -flüß, f. pen-rack; -flüßer, m. 1) feather-driver; 2) feather-seller; -flüß, m. *Horol.* see -legel; -flüß, m. tuft of feathers; -flüß, m. see -fric; -flüß, m. stroke of the pen; -flüß, m. see -büchse; -flüß, f. *Conch.* m. spring-stay; -flüß, f. *pl.* spring-centre and top pivot-hinges.

Federhilt, (str.) n. (l. u.) feathers, pluma (cf. *Feder*).

Feder..., in comp. -tüchtig, adj. well versed in writing; -tüchtig, f. penmanship; -uhr, f. watch or clock moved by a spring; -büch, n. poultry, fowls; -büchhändler, m. poultryer; -waage, f. spring-balance, spring-steel-yard; -wedel, m. moulting of birds; -weiß, n. *Miner.* stone-alum; earth-lash, asbest; -weißbaum, m. *Horol.* see -legel; 1; -wert, n. 1) anything stuffed with feathers; plumage; 2) *T.* the spring or ward of a lock; -wild, -wildpret, n. feathered

game, wild-fowl; -wildhelm, m., -winde, f. *Bot.* scarlet bindweed, cypress-vine (*Quamoclit Mönch.*); -winde, m. *Horol.* spring-tool; -wisch, m. see -büch; -wischer, m. pen-wiper; -wolfe, f. cirrus, curled cloud; -zeuge, f. (butler's) pliers; -zeug, m. drawing in (or made with) pen and ink, pen and ink sketch; -zins, m. rent paid in poultry; -zirfel, m. see -cirfel; -zug, m. see -fric.

Fee, (w., pl. *Fee*) (en *pr.* *fa'en*) f. fairy, * fay.

Fee..., in comp. -grig, adj. fairy-like; -gabe, f. fairy-favour; -gestalt, f. fairy-form. **Feenhaft**, adj. fairy-like; marvellous, wonderful.

Fee..., in comp. -füßig, m. fairy-king; -füßig, f. fairy-queen; -land, n. fairy-land; -mäuschen, n. fairy-tale; -palast, m., -schloß, n. fairy-palace; -reich, n. see -land; -ringe, m. pl. fairy-rings; -vogel, m. *Ornith.* fairy-bird (*Graculus psaltria* Lath.); -welt, f. fairy-world (cf. also *Elf*, comp.).

Feier, (w.) f. *Feierstunde*, (str.) n. fairy-*Feier*, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) sweeping; 2) tool for sweeping; 3) corn-sift; 4) see *Feig*.

Fege..., in comp. -beutel, m. coll. anybody or anything that drains the purse, purse-drainer; -fächer, n. pl. see -fächer; -fener, n. *Rom. Cath.* purgatory; -hammer, m. salt-boller's hammer; -frant, n. *Bot.* shave-grass (*Scirpus frant*); -maschine, -mühle, f. fan-blowing or winnowing machine.

Feigen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to scour; to sweep, wipe; 2) to clean, cleanse; *Einm.* den *Feier* -, to drain a person's purse; 3) to winnow (corn); 4) to furbish (a sword); 5) *vulg.* to hide, thrash; to chastise; to rebuke; to scold, rate; 6) *Sport.* to rub off; die *Feigen* -, to take part of the honey away from the hive; *Ag.* to sweep or brush over (of a wind); II. *intr.* to hasten, run, scamper; to sweep over.

Feiger, (str.) m. sweeper, cleanser, scourer.

Fege..., in comp. -spiter, n. see *Feingungspiter*; -rolle, f. slope-riddle; -salpeter, m. salpêtre on walls; -sand, m. scouring or fine sand; -schaber, m. salt-boller's scum-pan. **Fegete** (for *Feigete*), (w.) f. *provinc.* (Allam.) 1) the (act or time of) sweeping; 2) see *Feig*.

Feig, (str.) n. sweepings (*Reich*).

Feigen, (w.) f. the (act of) sweeping, &c. see *Feigen*.

Feß, (w.) f. *Feur.* calabar-skins, Siberian squirrel-skins; -händler, m. see *Reichshändler*; -händler, m. squirrel-pend; -rüden, m. the skin taken off the back of the squirrel; -wanne, n., -wanne, f. the skin taken off the belly of the squirrel, miniver, miniver.

Feß, (w.) f. 1) (knightly) feud, quarrel, war; private warfare; literarische -, literary strife; 2) t. security, compact; -brief, m. letter of defiance (*Abgebrief*), declaration of enmity, challenge, cartel; -handbüch, m. gauntlet of battle; (*Einm.*) den -handbüch hinnerufen, to throw down the gauntlet, to challenge (a person); *Ag.* to hurl defiance at ... den -handbüch aufheben, to take up the gauntlet, to accept the challenge; -recht, n. right of declaring enmity and making war.

Feß, (w.) f. see *Feß*.

Feß, I. (str.) m. (†) * fault, failing, blemish (*Feß*); II. *adv.* in comp. mis- (cf. *Wiß*) 1) wrong, amiss; contrary to purpose or expectation; 2) in vain, to no purpose.

Feß, I. adj. fallible, uncertain; II. *Feß*, (w.) f. fallibility, uncertainty.

Feß..., in comp. -bitte, f. vain request; cine -bitte thun, to meet with a refusal, to sue in vain; -bitten, to beg in vain; -blatt, n. *Gaw.* 1) card wanting in a suit, missing card; 2) card of no value; -bid, m. mistaken view; -boden, m. *Build.* false ceiling (*Ein-*

[schnebede]; —*legen*, *m.* *Typ.* imperfect sheet: —*brud*, *m.* 1) misprint, foul impression; 2) a book falling in its object: —*bruden*, to misprint.

*feh*ten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *a*) to fail, miss; *b*) *fig.* to fail, err, commit a fault, mistake, to be mistaken, to be in the wrong, to do amiss; to offend (gegen, against); 2) *a*) to be absent, to fail, want, to be wanting, missing, or deficient; to be overdue (of a mail); *b*) *impers.* (*with Dat.*) to want, to be or fall short of: *es fehlt mir an Geld*, I want money; *dir fehlt*, you want; *mir fehlt meine Dose*, der erste Band *ist*, I miss my snuff-box, the first volume, &c.; *es soll ihr an nichts* —, she shall want for nothing; *es fehlt mir an Lebensmitteln*, we fall short of provisions; 3) *impers.* to all; was fehlt Ihnen? what ails you? what is your complaint? what is the matter with you? ihr fehlt immer etwas, she is ever ailing or on the sick-list; *ihm fehlt ein Schilling*, there is a shilling short; *es kann ihm nicht* —, he is sure of success; *es kann nicht* —, it cannot fail; *es fehlt mir*, *daß* ..., all that was wanting was that ...; *es fehlt wenig*, so ..., a little more and ...; *es fehlt nicht viel*, so wäre er ertrunken, he was very near being drowned, he had a narrow (hair-breadth) escape from being drowned, &c.; *weit gefehlt*, far from the mark, *coll.* you are in the wrong box; *es — lassen an ...* (*with Dat.*), to be wanting in ...: *an mir soll es nicht* —, I shall not be wanting (on my part); it shall be no fault of mine; *daß fehlt nur* (gerade) *noch*! that would be a pretty piece of business! there only needed that; *gefällt ihm* (ob nicht dabei oder weit davon), a miss is as good as a mile: *daß* *feh*-de, *n.* deficiency, want, wantage.

*feh*ler, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* fault; deficiency, defect; failing; error; mistake; blunder; miss; slip (of the pen, of the memory, &c.); Jeder hat seine —, *coll.* every body has its black; *II. in comp.* —*frei*, *see* —*los*; —*grenz*, *f.* *T.* a (limited) tolerance at the mint, as allowed by the law, for deviation in weight or fineness (of gold- and silver-coins).

*feh*lerhaft, *i. adj.* faulty, defective, incorrect, exceptionable; damaged; ein *feh*-er Buch, misentry; *II. fig.* (*with*), *f.* faultiness, incorrectness; *Med.* abnormality.

*feh*lerlos, *i. adj.* faultless; correct; sound; night gang —, slightly defective; *II. fig.* (*with*), *f.* faultlessness; soundness.

*feh*lervoll, *adj.* full of faults or errors.

*feh*len ..., *in comp.* —*fahren*, to drive the wrong way; to get into a wrong way: —*fahr*, *f.* *Gam.* (at cards) renounce, act of renouncing; —*führen*, to lead wrong, mislead: —*gang*, *m.* 1) wrong way; 2) walk to no purpose, useless exertion, *coll.* aimless errand; —*gebären*, to miscarry; —*geburt*, *f.* miscarriage, abortion; —*gehen*, 1) to go wrong, to miss or mistake one's way; to miscarry (also of letters); *cf.* *Umgehen*; 2) *fig.* *see* —*schleßen*; —*greifen*, to mistake; —*griff*, *m.* mistake, blunder, *cf.* *Witzgriff*; —*hauen*, to make a false cut, to miss in hewing; —*hieb*, *m.* a missing, false cut; —*jagen*, to miss the game, to be disappointed in chasing; —*jaß*, *n.* *see* *Witzjaß*; —*laufen*, *m.* a bad or losing bargain; —*laufen*, to strike a bad or losing bargain; —*laufen*, to miss in running; *cf.* —*gehen*; —*leiden*, *see* —*führen*; —*los*, *see* *feh*lerlos; —*rechnen*, to reckon wrong; —*reiten*, to ride the wrong way; —*ritte*, *f.* one of the lower, short ribs of an animal; —*ritt*, *m.* 1) ride on the wrong way; 2) ride in vain.

*feh*lsam, *i. adj.* apt or inclined to err, easily fallible; *II. fig.* (*with*), *f.* proneness to err, fallibility.

*feh*l ..., *in comp.* —*schleßen*, 1) to miss the mark; 2) *fig.* to be entirely mistaken, to err, *coll.* to be quite out or wrong; —*schlag*, *m.* 1) *see* —*hieb*; 2) *fig.* failure, disappointment; —*schlagen*, 1) to miss one's blow; 2) *fig.* to fail, miscarry, to prove a failure, to prove abortive; *es schlägt mir fehl*, meine Erwartungen (schlagen) *fehl*, I am disappointed; —*erschlagene Hoffnung*, disappointed or frustrated hope, disappointment; *daß* —*schlagen*, (*str.*) *v. s.* failure, disappointment; —*schleßen*, to draw a wrong conclusion, to form a false deduction; —*schluß*, *m.* false conclusion, paralogism; *Es haben einen — schluß gemacht*, you are quite beside the mark; —*schneiden*, to cut wrong; —*schritt*, *m.* false or wrong cut; —*schreiben*, to write wrong; to miswrite; —*schritt*, *m.* *see* —*tritt*; —*schuß*, *m.* a missing of the mark, *miss*; —*sehen*, to see wrong; —*springen*, to leap short of the mark; —*stoß*, *m.* missing thrust, *miss*; —*stoßen*, to thrust amiss; —*stram*, *m.* *Garp.* ceiling-joint; —*treten*, to make a false step, to stumble, slide, slip (out), to miss one's footing; —*tritt*, *m.* false (or devious) step, stumble, slip, lapse; —*werten*, to throw wrong, to miss one's throw or cast, to miss by throwing; —*wurf*, *m.* *see* *mistthrow*, *miss*; —*ziehen*, to draw, pull amiss; to draw a blank; —*zielen*, to aim amiss; to miss the aim; to take a wrong or bad aim; —*zug*, *m.* 1) false draught; 2) a wrong move (at chess); *einen — zug thun*, to go or draw a blank (in a lottery).

A. fehm, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* stack of hay or corn; —*gerüst*, *n.* stacking-stage.

B. fehm, (*w.*) *f.* beech-mast, *Law*, pannage; —*geld*, *n.* —*schilling*, *m.* *Law*, pannage, agistage-money; —*holz*, *n.* *see* *Fahenholz*; —*meister*, *m.* agistor, agistator.

C. fehm(e), (*w.*) *f.* *Germ.* Archæol. (—*gericht*, —*ding*, *n.*) criminal tribunal, *vehm*, *vehm* court, secret court of criminal justice established in the middle ages; —*recht*, *n.* *vehm* laws; —*richter*, —*schuppe*, *m.* *vehm* judge; —*statt* or —*stätte*, *f.* 1) place where the *vehm* court assembled, *vehm* court or tribunal; place of that tribunal; 2) *provinc.* place of execution.

A. fehm(en), (*str.*) *m.* *see* *fehm*, *A.*

B. fehm(en), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put (hogs) upon pannage.

C. fehm(en), (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Germ.* Archæol. to summon before the secret tribunal and to execute.

fehm, (*str.*) *n.*, *fehm(e)*, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *fenn(e)*.

*fehm*raden, *fehm*mannen, *see* in *fehm*.

*feh*te, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *ftr.*

*feh*ten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (†) * to charm; *gefeit*, *p. a.* *fig.* proof (gegen, against).

*feh*ter, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cessation from labour, rest; holiday; 2) *a*) celebration, solemnisation, observance (of the Lord's day, &c.); *b*) festival, solemnity, ceremony.

*feh*ter ..., *in comp.* —*abend*, *m.* evening-time when work is suspended; (time for) leaving off working; eve, vigil; —*abend machen*, to leave off working; —*abendarbeit*, *f.* overtime-work (done in the hours of rest); —*abendglocke*, *f.* evening-bell, curfew-bell; —*braud*, *m.* ceremony; —*burche*, *m.* *coll.* mechanic out of employment; —*gang*, *m.* solemn procession; —*gesang*, *m.* solemn hymn, anthem; —*gefehl*, *m.* *see* —*burche*; —*gewand*, *n.* festival raiment or habit; —*glocke*, *f.* *see* —*abendglocke*; —*jaß*, *n.* *see* *Witzjaß*; —*kleid*, *n.* *see* —*gewand*; —*kurde*, *f.* 1) leisure-hour, vacation-hour (particularly in the evening); 2) festive or solemn hour; —*tag*, *m.* holiday, festival; —*tag*, *m.* *pl.* *Law*, non-

term; vacation; —*taglich*, *adj.* done on a holiday or festival; festive: —*taglich*, *n.* —*tag* —*anzug*, *m.* holiday attire; —*zeit*, *f.* vacation-time, *cf.* —*stunde* & —*abend*; —*zug*, *m.* solemn procession.

*feh*terlich, *i. adj.* solemn; festive, ceremonial; ceremonious; pathetic, pathetical, awful; —*Stille*, deep silence; —*beglüm*, to celebrate, solemnise; *II. fig.* (*with*), *f.* solemnity; ceremony, pomp, stateliness; ceremoniousness.

*feh*tern, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to celebrate; 1) to solemnise; to observe, keep; 2) *fig.* to do honour to, to extol, praise; *II. intr.* 1) to rest from labour; to keep a holiday; 2) *fig.* *a*) to be idle or without employment; to desert from labour; to be at a stand-still; *b*) * to be hushed (in solemn silence); *c*) to lie fallow; 3) *Mar.* *see* *Abvieren*. [*of horses, &c.*].

*feh*tel, (*w.*) *f.* *Vol.* vives, vives (a disease) *feh*l ..., *in comp.* —*bohne*, *f.* *Bot.* lupine, wolf's bean (*Lupinus* L.); —*blatter*, *f.* *see* —*wort*.

*feh*ig, *feh*ge, *adj.* 1) (†) *Min.* brittle, crumbling, rotten; 2) *fig.* cowardly, faint-hearted, dastardly; *eine* —*Brummer*, a coward, poltroon; —*machen*, to dishearten, discourage; *siß* —*geigen*, *coll.* to show the white feather.

*feh*gen, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) *fig.* 2) *see* *feh*genbaum; 3) *Med.* herpetic eruption on the eyelids; 4) *Conch.* *fig*-shell (*Purpura* L.); 5) *see* *Dhryge*; *Einen* *die* —*weisen*, *rufig.* to give one the *äeo*, to *fig* one.

*feh*gen ..., *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* *fig*-apple; —*baum*, *m.* *fig*-tree; *der* *indische* —*baum*, Indian *fig*-tree, banian-tree (*Ficus indica* L.); —*baumlad*, *m.* *fig*-gum sack; —*blatt*, *m.* 1) *fig*-leaf; 2) *Sport* the generative organs of a hind, &c.; —*blätter*, *pl.* *fig.* subterfuges; —*behter*, *m.* —*gallwesp*, *f.* *fig*-gnat (*Cynips pennis* L.); —*büffel*, *n.* *Bot.* nopal (*Opuntia coccinellifera* L.); —*brüffel*, *f.* —*treffer*, *m.* *Ornith.* beak-like, *fig*-poker; —*förmig*, *adj.* *fig*-shaped, in the form of a *fig*; —*geschwür*, *f.* *Med.* carious tumour; —*frß*, *m.* *fig*-frail, drum (a basket for *figs* made of mats, generally containing 75 pounds); —*fräume*, *f.* *Pomol.* purple-plum; —*rein*, *m.* *Miner.* argenteo, *ey*-cite. [*faint-heartedness; cowardly act.*]

*feh*gheit, (*w.*) *f.* cowardice, dastardly, *feh*gheitig, *i. adj.* faint-hearted, pusillanimous, cowardly; *II. fig.* (*with*), *f.* faint-heartedness, cowardice, pusillanimity.

*feh*gling, (*str.*) *m.* coward, dastard.

*feh*g ..., *in comp.* —*mal*, *n.* *Med.* sycomis (Wartfune); (*am* *Stimme*) mantagra; —*wurze*, *f.* 1) *Med.* pimple; (venereal) boil, carious tumour; 2) *Vol.* *fig*; *Bot.* *s.* —*wurzenfrucht*, *n.* —*wurzen* *wurze*, *f.* 1) *fig*-wort (*Scrophularia nodosa* L.); 2) celandine (*Chelidonium majus* L.); 3) small pile-wort (*Ranunculus ficaria* L.); 4) *see* *Blutwurz*, 1.

*feh*l, *adj.* & *adv.* *lit.* & *fig.* for sale, to be sold; venal, mercenary; corruptible; *eine* —*Dirne*, a mercitricious wench, prostitute; —*haben*, to have for sale; —*biehen*, to set out, offer, or expose to (or for) sale, to set or put to (or upon) sale; to put up for sale; —*halten*, to have on sale; —*tragen*, to hawk about for sale; —*bitung*, *f.* offering for sale; —*träger*, *m.* hawk.

*feh*lügen, (*str.*) *m.* steel saw.

*feh*le, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Med.* file; 2) (*v. s.* from *fehlen*) *fig.* finish, polish; *einer* *Ende* *die* *feh*le —*geben*, *fig.* to give the last polish to ...; to put the finishing hand or stroke to ...

*feh*len, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to file, polish; 2) *fig.* to file, polish, to finish off, to give the last finish or polish, to chasten; 3) *provinc.* *see* *feh*l haben & *feh*l bieten; *gefeit*, *p. a.* *fig.* elaborated.

*feh*len ..., *in comp.* —*blätterbaum*, *m.* *Bot.*

trampet-tree, -wood (*Cecropia peltata* L.); —
fisch, *m. Ichth.* a species of *Chirus* (*Chirus* Steller); —griff, *m. file-handle*; —halter, *m. file-holder or -fastener*; —hauer, *m. file-cutter*; —kett, *m. see* —griff. [prostitution]

Feil'heit, (*m.*) *f. venality, corruptibility*,
Feil'holz, (*str.*) *n. T. fling-board, fling-block*.

Feil'licht, Feil'fel, (*str.*) *n. see* Feilspäne.
Feil'..., *in comp.* —fischen, *m. T. hand-vise, pin-vise, tail-vise*; —fluppe, *f. sloping-clamp*; —felsen, *m. see* Seiffelsen (*Pteris*); —maschine, *f. fling-engine*. (for sale)

Feil'schaft, (*w.*) *f. provine. goods exposed*
Feil'schen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to expose to sale;
2) (*also instr. with um & Acc.*) to cheapen, bargain. barter, higgler, haggle (for).

Feil'scher, (*str.*) *m. higgler, hagglor*.

Feil'..., *incomp.* —fischen, *m. medicated bath saturated with flings*; —fische, *m. pl.* —fisch, *m. file-dust, filings*; —fisch, *m. hand-vise*; —fisch, *m. cut with a file, file-stroke*; —fisch, *n. 1) Comm. (Dutch) barras*; 2) *Gold-sm. clouting*.

Feim, Feimel, Feimen, (*str.*) *m. Fehme*, (*w.*) *f. 1) see* Feim, *2) (Feim) see* Schömm.

Fein, *I. adj.* 1) fine, delicate; keen (edge); soft (skin); *fig-s.* 2) pretty, smart, nice, handsome; 3) polite, courteous; genteel, elegant, fashionable; 4) fine, pure, refined; 5) acute, quick (of the senses, &c.); *f.-es* Ohr, *fine, discriminative ear*; 6) skilful, cunning, artful, shrewd, subtle, sly; 7) *Comm-s.* fair (of cotton); *fine* (of paper grain, workmanship, sorts, &c.); *gut* —, *good-fine*; *T-s* *f.-e* Stahlarbeiten, *steel-jewelry*; *f.-es* Stringgut, *iron-stone ware, granite ware, opaque porcelain, stone-china*; *f.-es* Borgespinnst, (*fine*) *roving* (*Borgern*); *der f.-e Regen*, *drizzling rain*; *ein f.-er Mann*, *a well-bred gentleman*; *der f.-e Welt*, *the higher class*; *fine folks, people of fashion*, (*Fr.*) *beau monde*; *f.-es* Gefühl, *refined sentiment*; *refinement*; *er (se) hat einen f.-en Ton*, *he (she) is much the gentleman (lady)*; *sich — machen*, *coll. to dress finely*; *II. adv.* 1) finely, &c.; —sitzen, *in all due modesty*; 2) *coll. very*; *fein — lustig* *be merry*, *I pray!* *mach' es — kurz* *pray, be short!* —frennen, *v. tr. T. to refine* (metals).

Feind, *I. adj. (indecl.) hostile, inimical, hateful*; *Einem — sein*, *to werden*, *to be or turn enemy to one*; *II. (str.) m. enemy, foe, adversary*; *der böse —*, (*the foul*) *fiend, devil, the evil one*; *der heimliche —*, *secret enemy, boomer-enemy*.

† Feindem, (*w.*) *v. tr. see* Anfeinden.
Feindes..., *in comp.* —land, *m. hostile country*; —fische, *f. charitable feelings towards* (love of) *one's enemy*; —mörder, *m. homicide*.

Feindschaft, *I. adj. hostile*; 1) *inimical*; *adverse, unfriendly, contrary, opposed* (to), *not agreeing*; 2) *belonging to the enemy*; *II. f.-heit, (w.) f. hostile character or feeling, hostility*, *cf. Feindschaft*.

Feindschaft, (*w.*) *f. 1) enmity, hostility*; 2) *hate, hatred, dislike, ill-will*; *animosity, rancour*; *in — stehen mit ...*, *to be at enmity with ...*; *in offener — leben mit ...*, *to live in open defiance with ...*

Feindschaftlich, *adj. hostile, inimical*.
Feindschaftig, *I. adj. hostile, inimical*; *malevolent, malignant, rancorous*; *II. f.-heit, (w.) f. 1) hostility*; *war*; 2) *malevolence, malignancy*.

Feine, (*w.*) *f. coll. fineness, see* Feinheit.
Fein..., *in comp.* —eisen, *m. fine metal iron, finer's metal*; —eisenfeiner, *n. see* Stahlfabrikant.

Feineln, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll. to refine* in a finikin (tricking or affected) manner.

Feinern, (*w.*) *v. tr. to fine, refine*.

Fein..., *in comp.* —fäbig, *adj. fine-thread-*

ed; —fäbig, *adj. of fine colour* —fein, *adj. Comm. prime*; —fäbig, *adj. of delicate feeling, sensitive*; —gefühl, *n. nicety of feeling, delicacy, sensitiveness*; —gehalt, *m. see* Feinheit, 2; —getreide, *adj. Bot. circinate(d)*; —gefäbig, *adj. Bot. serrulate*; —gefäßig, *adj. Bot. cuspidate*; —gepönnert, *adj. lit. & fig. fine-spun*; —gepreßelt, *adj. minutely speckled*; —gewicht, *n. fine-weight*; —gejährt, *adj. finely toothed*; —gold, *n. pure or fine gold*; —gehelt, *f. T. finishing-hackle*.

Feinheit, (*w.*) *f. 1) fineness*; 2) *Mind. fineness, standard* (of coins, gold, &c.); 3) *rarity, thinness*; 4) *sharpness, acuteness, quickness*; 5) *delicacy*; 6) *politeness, gentility*; 7) *niceness, elegance*; 8) *fineness, cunning, art, address, subtleness, subtlety*.

Fein..., *in comp.* —hörend, *adj. quick of hearing*; —hörseifen, *n. fine-grained iron, steely iron*; —hörsig, *adj. fine-grained* (said of wood); —frümpel, *f. —frage, f. Mech. finisher, finishing-card*; —fäpfer, *n. refined copper*. [*petit-maitre*; *cf. Stürper*]

Feinling, (*str.*) *m. cont. fine-gentleman*.

Fein..., *in comp.* —machen, *v. tr. T. 1) to refine* (metals); 2) *to finish* (paper); —malen, *m. miniature-painter*; —malerei, *f. miniature-painting*; —maschine, *f. shaping-machine*; —raspel, *f. fine-cut rasp*; —schlicht, *adj. dead-smooth*; —schneider, *m. epicure*; —schneider, *m. Ornith. water-wagtail* (*Motacilla* Bechst.); —schlicht, *adj. quick or acute of sight, sharp-or keen-sighted*; —silber, *n. pure or fine silver*; —sinn, *m. see* —gefühl; —sinnig, *adj. see* —fäbig; —spindelband, —spindelmaschine, *f. Mech. jack-frame*; —spinnmaschine, *f. T. spinning-jenny*; —spüler, *m. see* Spülgang; —tischlerin, *f. clear-starcher*; —wollig, *adj. fine-wooled*; —zeugschneider, *m. Paper-m. beating-engine, beater, finisher*; —zinn, *m. grain tin*; —zinnspünger, *f. T. wash-pot*.

Feist, *I. adj. gener. fat* (especially of venison), *obese*; *joc. round*; *f.-es* Bäuchlein, *joc. paunch*; *der f.-e Sonntag* (*Feistsonntag*), *last Sunday before Lent*; *II. s. (str.) n. Sport. the fat of deer*; —jagen, *n. hunting at the time when deer are fat*; —zeit, *f. the season or time when deer are fat*. [neus]

Feist'e, Feist'heit, Feist'igkeit, (*w.*) *f. fat-Feist'en, (w.) v. tr. provine. to fat, fatten*.
Feist'en, (*w.*) *v. instr. provine. to grin*.
Feist'e, (*w.*) *f. see* Feist'er.

Feist'el, Feist'el, (*str.*) *m. (Ital.) velvet-teen*; —hut, *m. velvet hat*.

Feist'er, Feist'inger, (*str.*) *m. Bot. 1) white-willow* (*Salix alba* L.); 2) *crack-willow* (*Salix fragilis* L.).

Feist, (*str.*) *m., Feist'en, (str.) n. Ichth.* a species of salmon (*Coregonus Wartmanni* (Lacépède) Nil.).

Feld, (*str., pl. Fel'der*) *m. 1) lit. & fig. field*; 2) *plain*; 3) *Archit., &c. pane, pan(n)el*; *compartment, compartment*; 4) *Herald. shield*; *sol, compartment*; 5) *square, house* (of a chess-board); 6) *Mm. ground*; 7) *Art. reinforcement*; 8) *middle bridge* (of combs); 9) *Mar. das — der Ehre, deck of honour*; 10) *fig. department, province* (of a science); *die Sache steht noch im weiten F.-e*, *the matter is far from being settled*; *das f.-e —*, *open field, plain, field, land*; *im — gehen*, *or zu F.-e gehen*, *im — rücken*, *to take the field, make war* (gegen, against); *zu F.-e liegen*, *im F.-e stehen*, *to keep the field*; *eine Armee im — stellen*, *to raise an army and lead it into the field*; *aus dem F.-e schlagen*, *to beat off* (the enemy); *to oust, distance* (a rival); *das — behaupten, behalten*, *to maintain, keep, or win the field, to carry the day*; *das — räumen*, *to quit one's ground, to give way, to yield the victory*; *das —* — *der Lärigkeit*, *field of activity*; *das ist kein — nicht*, *that is not his line*

cf. Bach; *coll-s.* *das ist noch im weiten F.-e*, *that is a long way off*; *f.-e — haben*, *to have a clear stage*; *das — ist frei*, *the coast is clear*; —gewinnen, *to get* (or gain) *ground*.

Feld..., *in comp.* —acten, *f. pl. army reports*; —aborn, *m. Bot. common or lesser maple* (*Acer campestre* L.); —amette, *f. field-ant* (*Formica nigra* Latr.); —ampfer, *m. Bot. sheep's sorrel* (*Rumex acetosella* L.); —anger, *m. ridge or border between two fields*; —apothete, *f. field-dispensary*; —apotheker, *m. field-apothecary*; —arbeit, *f. labour in the field*; *agricultural labour*; —arbeiter, *m. farm-labourer*; —arzt, *m. field or army physician*; —bachstige, *f. Ornith. see* —f.-e; 2; —bätsen, *m. see* Seidelfraut; —bäcker, *m. field-baker*; —bäckerel, *f. baking establishment for an army*; —bäbrian, *m. see* —f.-e; 2; —bäbner, *m. colours in or for a campaign*; —ban, *m. agriculture*; *tillage, farming, husbandry*; —bauer, *m. husbandman*; —beseftigungen, *pl. field works*; —beseftigungstisch, *f. (the art of) temporary or field fortification*; —beisug, *m. Bot. field-artemisia* (*Artemisia campestris* L.); —bett, *m. camp-bed* (stead), *fieldbed, folding or tent-bed, campaign-bed*; —biene, *f. wild bee*; —binde, *f. sash, scarf*; —binse, *f. Bot. (hairy) field rush* (*Juncus campestris* L.); —birnbäum, *m. Bot. wild pear-tree*; —blätterschmamm, *m. see* —schmamm; —blume, *f. field-flower, wild-flower*; —bohne, *f. see* Eaubohne; —brant, *m. bricks burnt in a clamp*; —brücke, *f. bridge over a ditch or rivulet*; —brustwehr, *f. glacis*; —camille, *f. Bot. 1) (edite) field-camomile* (*Matricaria chamomilla* L.); 2) (*wild*) *corn or unsavoury camomile* (*Anthemium arvensis* L.); —casse, *f. military chest*; —chirurgus, *m. surgeon of an army, military surgeon*; —cirtel, *m. surveyor's compasses*; —cyphre, *f. Bot. ground pine, fieldbush* (*Ajuga reptans* L.); —dieb, *m. thief that robs the fields*; —dieberei, *f.* —diebstahl, *m. the practice of robbing the fields*; —dienst, *m. Mil. active service, service in the field*; —diensthörung, *f. field-day*; —bifel, *f. Bot. way-thistle, corn saw-wort* (*Serratula arvensis* L.); —chrenyrcle, *m. Bot. field-speedwell* (*Veronica arvensis* L.); (*quer*) —ein, —einwärts, *adv. across the fields*; —enjlan, *m. Bot. field-gentian, gentianella*; —equipe, *f. see* —geräthe, 2.

Fel'der..., *in comp.* —ban, *m. Min. panel-work in coal-mines*; —bede, *f. Archit. colored ceiling*; *soffit*.

Feld..., *in comp.* —erbse, *f. wild pea* (*opp. Gartenerbse*) (*Pisum arvense* L.); —erbe, *f. hazel-mould*; —flut, *m. see* —jersling; —flaß, *f. soldier's flask, canteen*; —flucht, *f. desertion from the army in the open field or in a battle*; —flüchtig werden, *to desert, to run away from one's colours*; —flüchter, *m. provine. see* —taube; —flüchtige, *m. deserter*; —fretel, *m. see* —faden; —frucht, *f. (gener. pl.) produce of the fields*; —fug, *m. see* Kriegsflug; —garbe, *f. Bot. milfoil* (*Achillea millefolium* L.); —gefägel, *n. birds of the field*; —gehäde, *n. Sport. warren*; —geiß, *m. sylvan spirit*; *cf. —taufel*; —geistliche, *m. see* —prediger; —gepäß, *n. baggage* (of an army); —geräthe, *n. 1) see* Ackergeräthe; 2) *Mil. field equipage*; —gerucht, *adj. Sport. trained to sport*; —gerucht, *n. 1) court for trying questions relating to agriculture*; 2) *military jurisdiction*; —geschütz, *n. see* —geräthe; —geschrei, *n. 1) war-cry*; 2) *watch-word*; 3) *legend* (of a party); —geschütz, *n. field-guns, field-pieces*; —gepönn, *n. spectro which haunts the fields*; —gepänge, *n. Min. flats, flat rods*; —gott, *m. 1) Myth. rural god*; 2) *Zool. horned Bajan* (a species of ape (*Cebus fatiellus* L.)); —gottes-

bleiß, m. 1) divine service performed in military camps; 2) religious meeting (of the methodists, &c.) held in the open air, camp-meeting; —grasse, f. see —wart; —grille, f. *Entom.* field-cricket (*Oryzopsis campestris* L.); —hefe, m. *Zool.* common or field-hare (*Lepus timidus* L.); —heimdegen, n. see —grille; —herr (—hauptmann, †) m. commander-in-chief, general, captain; —herrenfuß, f. strategic art, strategy; —herrenfuß, m. baton; —herrenwürde, f. the generalship, dignity of a commander; —heu, n. hay gained from fallow field; —hirse, f. *Bot.* a species of gromwell (*Lithospermum arvense* L.); —holsunder, m. *Bot.* common elder (*Älterholzer*); —hospital, n. field-hospital; —huhn, n. see —Rebhuhn; —hut, f. guard, watch of fields; —hüter, m. field-watch, field-guard, field-constable; —hütte, f. *Mil.* hut, barrack; —jäger, m. 1) sportsman shooting small game; 2) *Mil.* sharp-shooter, rifleman; 3) king's messenger.

Feldig, *adj.* in comp. having fields or *Feld*.... in comp. —familie, see —camille; —fasse, f. 1) *Zool.* wild cat (*Felis catens* L.); 2) *Bot.* see —hirse; —feller, m. ocellar dug in a field; —ferge, f. see —Rebhuhn; —fergenfrant, n. *Bot.* see —Rebhuhn; —fesseln, m. field-kettle, camp-kettle; —firse, f. field-church; —flee, m. *Bot.* harefoot (trofoil), white clover (*Wilderflee*); —flosslauch, m. *Bot.* field-garlic (*Allium scorodoprius* L.); —fisch, m. army-cook; —fisch, m. *Bot.* 1) field-cabbage, Swedish turnip (*Brassica campestris* [a variety of *Br. Rapa* L.]); 2) wild radish (*Raphanus raphanistrum* L.); —fräße, f. *Ornith.* rook (*Corvus frugilegus* L.); —frant, n. 1) any field-herb; 2) *Bot.* common fumitory, earth-smoke; —frühe, f. field-kitchen; —fummel, m. *Bot.* 1) wild (or common) caraway (*Carum carvi* L.); 2) creeping, wild (or mother of) thyme (*Thymus serpyllum* L.); —funf, f. *Mm.* machine for drawing off water from the pits; —faffette, f. *Gmm.* travelling-carriage; —fager, n. 1) *Mil.* camp: the ground on which an army pitches its tents; the army encamped; 2) *fig.* encampment; ein —lager aufschlagen, to pitch a camp; to encamp; —fistich, m. see —falsch; —fischer, m. *Ornith.* golden plover (*Charadrius phoeniceus* L.); —fagertich, n. see —hospital; —ferrde, f. 1) field-lark, sky-lark (*Alauda arvensis* L.); 2) meadow lark (*Anthus campestris* Bochst.); *Bot.* —fistich, f. evening-catchfly (*Lychnis viscaria* L.); —fiste, f. purple martagon-lily (*Lilium martagon* L.); —fistemann, n. small snap-dragon (*Antirrhinum ornatum* L.); —fistung, f. *Mil.* watch-word; —mannstreu, f. *Bot.* filled oryzo (*Eryngium campense* L.); —marber, m. *Zool.* see —Bammarder; —marf, —marfung, f. land-mark; —marfchau, m. field-marshal; —marfchauflieutenant, m. (in *Austria*) major-general commanding a division, *Pr. chef de division*; —marfchauflab, m. baton. (fig.) baton; —mann, f. field-mouse (*Hypodacus arvensis* Pall.); —meister, m. see —Abdecker; —meffer, n. (land) survey, surveying (of land), geodesy; —meffer, n. surveyor, geometician; —meffunf, f. art of surveying, geometry, geodesy; —mafen, m. *Bot.* wild (red or corn) poppy, cup rose (*Papaver rhoeas* L.); —milbe, f. camp-mill; —münze, f. see —Wärmdünze; —munf, f. military music; —nachbar, m. landmate; —neffe, f. *Bot.* field-pink, Carthusian pink (1. *Dianthus deltoideus* & 2. *D. Carthusianorum* L.); —neffe, f. see —lichtblau; —oberf, m. 1) see —Oberf; 2) general of cavalry; —offizier, m. field officer; —ohmfrant, n. see —Wärmdünze; —ort, m. *Mm.* forehead; prolonged drift, level; —pappel, f. see

—Pappel; —pfen, m. *Ornith.* see —Richtig; —pfette, f. see —Quersette; —pieper, m. see —lechte, 2; —post, f. military post-office; —posten, m. *Mil.* out-post (of an army), cf. —wache; —prebiger, —prebter, m. chaplain to a regiment; field-preacher; —proff, m. chaplain general to an army; —quartiermeister, m. field-quartiermaster; —quendel, n. see —thymian; —rapunzel, f. see —falsch, 2; —ratte, f. *Zool.* brown or Norway-rat (*Rattentratte*); —raute, f. *Bot.* common fumitory (*Erbauch*); —regiment, n. field-regiment, regiment of the line; —richter, m. 1) province. see —Verfrichter; 2) *Mil.* see —Kubikur; *Bot.* —ringelblume, f. field-marigold (*Calendula arvensis* L.); —ritterpfer, m. field-lark-spur (*Delphinium consolida* L.); —rofe, f. 1) wild-rose, dog-rose (*Rosa canina* L.); 2) (woftrichende) sweet briar (*Rosa rubiginosa* L.); —rübe, f. turnip (the bulb of *Brassica oleracea* L., *Br. rapa* L., &c.); —ruf, m. 1) call to the field; 2) see —gefchloß; —rutsche, f. surveyor's rod; —fahrungrutzel, f. *Pharm.* root of the carline thistle; —falsch, m. *Bot.* 1) prickly lettuce (*Lactuca scariola* L. (*Wilderlattich*)); 2) lamb's lettuce, corn valerian (*Valerianella olitoria* L. (*Rapumet*)); —fahnen, m. damage done to the fields; —fange, f. field-redoubt, field-work; —farte, f. see —bifet; —fchilde, —fchilbung, f. see —marf; —fcherer, m. surgeon in the army; —fchloß, f. (field) battle; —fchlange, f. 1) common field-snake; 2) *Gmm.* culverin; —fchnecke, f. forge of an army-blacksmith, travelling-forge; —fchnecke, f. *Zool.* slug (small) (*Erdfchnecke*); —fchneffe, f. common snipe (*Scalopax gallinago* L.) (*opp.* *Waldfchneffe*, wood-cock); —fchuppe, m. competent arbitrator in agricultural affairs; —fchete, f. see —erfche; —fchreiber, m. military clerk, clerk of a regiment; —fchüh, m. see —hüter; *Bot.* —fchummum, m. common mushroom, champignon (*Agaricus campestris* L.); —fchwartz, m. *Bot.* wild fennel-flower (*Nigella arvensis* L.); —fenz, m. see —Wärdenf; —fisch, *adj.* leprous; —fistich, m. soldier of the line; —fistich, m. *Minor.* field-depart, field-depart, rhombic quart; (c) (c) polychromatic or Labrador field-depart; (r) (r) rhomboidal; (r) (r) rhomboidal; —fistich, m. see —Wärdenf; —fistich, m. *Ornith.* tree- or mountain sparrow (*Passer montanus* L.); —fistich, m. camp-glass; —fistich, m. see —fistich, gutter; —fistich, m. *Entom.* field-spider (*Lycea ruficollis* Deg. (*Erdfpinnel*)); —fistich, m. 1) a) field-stone; b) *Archit.* rubble-stone; 2) *Mm.* compact feldspar; 3) land-mark; —fistich, m. *Archit.* rubble-wall; —fistich, m. rubble-work; —fistich, m. 1) *Mil.* field-piece, light piece of ordnance; 2) *Paint.* see —Randfchiff; —fistich, m. camp-stool, folding-chair; —fistich, f. leprosy; —fistich, frant, n. *Bot.* see —erfche; —fistich, f. *Ornith.* field pigeon, common pigeon (*Columba domesticus arvensis*); —fistich, m. a demon that haunts the fields, sylvan spirit; —fistich, m. *Bot.* wild thyme (*Thymus serpyllum* L.); —fistich, m. camp-table; —fistich, m. *Mm.* E flat major; —fistich, n. see —Treibfiedel.

Feldbung, (w.) f. see *Feld*, 3.

Feld.... in comp. —verfegung, f. field-fortification; —verfegung, f. field-fortification; —wierfel, n. *Mil.* quarter; —weg, m. see —hüter; —wache, or —wacht, f. field-watch, scout-watch, advance-post, picket, out-post; —wacht, m. see —hüter; —wachtmeister, m. major of cavalry; —wacht, *adv.* towards the fields; —wacht, m. sergeant-(major); —weg, m. field-path, field-way, country-road, by-road; —weg, n. obsolescent, farlong; —wegwart, m. *Bot.* succory (*Lactuca scariola* L.); —wehrt, f. 1) precinct, boundary; 2) *Mil.* outer in-

trenchment, see —Randwehr; —wert, m. see —fange; —wermt, m. see —beifang; —wider, f. *Bot.* common vetch; —wische, f. a piece of ground turned into meadow land on account of its moisture; —winde, f. see —Wärmdünze; —wirtschafft, f. agriculture, husbandry; —wert, n. watch-word; —wischen, n. field-badge, military sign for recognition; —weg, n. army-stores, munition; —zeugmeister, m. master of the ordnance, general of the ordnance, master-general; —zeugmeisteramt, n. ordnance office; —ziegel, f., —ziegelstein, m. clamp; —zirfel, see —zirfel; —zug, m. campaign, expedition; —zweibel, f. *Bot.* 1) yellow star of Bethlehem (*Ornithogalum latifolium* L.); 2) see —Wärmdünze.

Felge, (w.) f. 1) felloe, felly, jant; 2) —feger, m. felloe-maker, wheelwright; 3) *Agr.* fallow.

Felgen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to provide (a wheel) with felloes; 2) *Agr.* den *Wär*.... to fallow. *Fell*, s. L. (*str.* n.) 1) skin, hide, case, pelt; coat; fur; 2) bad —mit der *Wölle*, wool-fel, a skin with the wool; —im *Wage*, tunicle, film of the eye, web; (Circus) bad —über die *Ohren* ziehen, coll. to lay, fleece (one); *er hat ein bides*.... coll. he is thick-skinned; *ein altes oder gariges*.... *vulg.* an old bag, old or ugly puss; II. in comp. —bereiter, m. skin-dresser; —effen, n. 1) knapsack, wallet; portmanteau; cloak-bag; valise; 2) (*Erfrischer*) mail-bag, letter-bag; —effenstisch, n. bag-lock; —gar, *adj.* duly dressed (of skins); —fchäbler, m. pelt-monger or skin-morchant; see *Rauch* (weatn)händler; (mit *Edelfellen*) fell-monger; —riff, m., —rifftrant, n. see *Gifenfrant*; —fchmücker, m. dyer of skins; —wert, n. skins, furs; —wolle, f. skin-wool, felt-wool, felt-wool.

* *Felonic*, (w.) f. (*Fr.*) Law, felony.

Felvel, *Felveler*, *Felvel*, (str.) m. T. Long-poll, feather-shap (*Felhammel*).

Felsen, (w.) m. rock (*Felsen*); in comp. (*cf.* *Felsen*) —ab, *adv.* down the rock; —abhang, m. declivity, slope of a rock; —adst, m. *Minor.* rock-agate; —an, *adv.* up the rock; —bett, n. rocky bed of a river; —blad, m. a large piece of rock, block; *perfracta* (*fractura*) —blöde, *Geol.* erratic blocks; —bucht, f. bay formed by rocks.

Felsen, (str.) m. rock; cliff; in comp. —abhang, m. see *Felsabhang*; —aber, f. vein of a rock; *Geol.* dike; —abte, f. *Bot.* Mahaleb-cherry (*Prunus mahaleb*); —amfel, f. *Ornith.* see *Steindroffel*; —alann, m. *Minor.* rock-alann; —an, see *Felsen*; —artig, *adj.* rocky; —bein, n. *Anat.* stony bone; —bed, m. the wild hagwort, see *Steinbod*; —fest, *adj.* firm, hard as a rock; —fistich, f. *Bot.* stone-pine (*Pinus pinus* L.); —gebirge, n. rocky mountains; —gefchloß, n. cliff, rugged rocks; —geröde, n. *Geol.* detritus; —gestade, n. rocky coast; —gestalt, —graf, n., —gruft, f. vault or tomb formed of rocks; —grund, m. 1) a foundation of rock; 2) valley between rocks; —gruppe, f. cluster of rocks; —hart, *adj.* as hard as a rock, rocky; *fig.* adamant; —herf, n. * a heart of iron, steel, or flint; —höhe, f. rocky height, cliff; —höhle, f. cavern, cleft in a rock, grotto; —höller, m. collar cut out in a rock; —hötte, f. chain of rocks; —hötte, f. see —abte; —flint, f. chasm or cleft in a rock; —freffe, f. (*Bot.*) 1) rock-pepper-wort (1. *Lepidium* L. or 2. *Thlasia saxatilis* L.); 2) rock or shepherd's cross (*Arabis petraea* Lam.); —meffe, f. massy rock; —moos, n. rock moss; —neff, n. nest (or *fig.* strong castle) on a rock; —pfah, m. see —fag; —platt, f. shelf of rock; —quell, m. or —quell, f. spring running from a rock; —reife, f. *Bot.* common Clematis (*Clematis* L.); —riff, n. ledge (riff or reef) of rocks; —riff, m. cleft in a rock; —rofe, f. *Bot.* holly-

rose, rock-rose (1. *Helianthemum vulgare* L. or 2. *Cistus creticus* L. [*hēlianthēmōn*]; — [*qet*, m., — [*qet*], f., — [*qet*], m., chasm in a rock, glen, ravine; — [*qet*], f. lay ridge or ledge of rock: — [*qet*, f. Couch. rock-shell, murex (*Murex scutellus* L.: — [*qet*], f. *Ornith. mountain-swallow* (*Hirundo rupestris* Scop.): — [*qet*, f. peak, argo: — [*qet*, — [*qet*, n. path, bridge, way across rocks: rocky-path: — [*qet*], m. *Ornith.* a species of sand-piper (*Calidris arenaria* L.: — [*qet*, n. *Bef. azalea* (*Azalea procumbens* L.): — [*qet*, n. piece of rock: — [*qet*, n. falling of a rock: steep declivity of a rock: — [*qet*, f. rock-pigeon: — [*qet*, n. rocky vale: — [*qet*, n. bluff: — [*qet*, f. wall of rock, precipice, steep side of a rock: — [*qet*, m. see — [*qet*]; — [*qet*], n. *Bef.* a species of buck-thorn (*Rhamnus saxatilis* L.: — [*qet*, f. *Min.* pulverised stones: — [*qet*, f. the wild she-goat, see — [*qet*].

Ėišlūstis, Ėišlūgis, adj. rock-like, rocky; full of rocks, rocky, cliffy, cragged; formed of rocks.

Feist, (str.) m. *Miner.* felsite (Feldspath).
Feldstein, (str.) m. rock-stone.

* *Geluc'e*, (w.) f. (Fr.) *Mar. felucca* (a small vessel in the Mediterranean propelled by oars).

* *Feminin'* (ifch), *adj.* (Lat.) *Gramm.* feminine. — *Femininum*, (*str., pl.* [Lat.] *Feminina*) *n.* *Gramm.* feminine (noun).

Генд, Ген'нид, (стр.) м. Bot. panic, wild millet (*Panicum crus galli* L.).

Fennel, *s. l. (str.) m.* *Bot. fennel (Foeniculum officinale L.);* II. *in comp.* —apple, *m.* fennel-apple; —blättig, *adj.* fennel-leaved; —blume, *f.* *Bot. fennel-flower* (a variety of *Nigella L.*); —gurke, *f.* pickled cucumber; —holz, *n.* saffras wood; —öl, *n.* fennel-oil; —saft, *m.* fennel-water.

Sen, (*adv.*) *n.*, **Sen'ne**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.*
for, marsh, low and moist ground: —beere,
see **Reedbeere**.

Fenster, (*str.*) *n.* window: Rauer ohne —, dead wall; fcinster, rundes —, deadman's eye: zum — sitzen, in at the window; *My-s.* eye: blank (in writing); aus hohem — sehen, to carry high; das Geld zum — hinauswerfen, to be prodigal of or throw away one's money.

fenster *tr.* ... *in comp.* — aufschütt, *m.* see —
 schütze; — auftritt, *m.* balcony; — bank, *n.*
 1) window-sill; 2) glass-board (in
 carriage); — bank, *f.* 1) window-bench; 2)
 see —schütze; — befestigung, *f.* see —verrich-
 tung; — beschläge, *n. pl.* fastenings and hinges
 of a window; — blei, *n. Glas.* same, glazier's
 lead for windows; — blende, *f.* window-blind;
 (auch Drahtgaze) wire-blind; — bogen, *m.* arch
 of a window; — bret, *m.* board of a window-
 sill, elbow-board; — brüstung, *f.* elbow-place,
 parapet; breast-wall of a window, elbow-
 sill; — einfügung, *f.* see —verrichtung; — eisen,
n. pl. see —büße; — fass, — feß, *n. pa(n)l.* the
 square of a window; — feld, *f.* see Falsde;
 — flügel, *m.* wing of a window, valve, sash,
 casement; (Reicher) dead sash; — futter, *n.*
 sash-frame (of a window); — gartube, *f.* win-
 dow-curtain; — gelb, *m.* window-tax; — ge-
 mübe, *n.* side-walls of a window; — giebels,
m. Bauk. pediment of a window, frontal;
 — gitter, *n.* lattice, trellis, grate before a
 window; (eiserne) stanchions; — glas, *n.* win-
 dow-glass; — glimmer, *m. Minder.* see Freuen-
 glas; — heiser, *m.* window-stay; — heise, *f.*
 hinge of a window; — heiser, *m.* ginny (of
 buriana).

Šenŕ'(e)rig, *adj.* in comp. -windowed:
širŕenŕrig, four-windowed, &c.

fenster..., in comp. — in script, *f. fenestral inscription*; — jalousien, *f. pl. Venetian*

blinds: —*fifsen*, *n.* window-cushion; —*fitt*, *m.* putty; —*ferb*, *m.* lattice-work before a window; —*frampe*, *f.* casement staple; —*freng*, *n.* crossbars of a window, mullions; —*haben*, *m.* (window-)shutter; —*haben*(*sträuben*), *f. pl.* shutter screws; —*haben*, *f. Build.* flanning, rabbit-wall; —*lebre*, *f. see* —*Grüßung*; —*leif*, *m.* —*leth*, *m.* —*öffnung*, *f. Build.* bay, opening in a building left for a window.

Fenster, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to window, furnish with windows; 2) *vulg.* to rebuke, reprimand severely; II. *intr.* 1) *Stud. slang.* to break or smash windows; 2) (*provinc. — gehen*) to visit one's sweetheart under the window.

Hecken, *in comp.* —*ulſche*, *f.* window-bay; —*parabe*, *f.* window-parado; —*pfleſter*, *m.* pier, wall between two windows; —*pfloſten*, *m.* window-post jamb; —*pföſter*, *m.* *see* —*ſtiſſen*; —*rahmen*, *m.* window-frame; *see* —*ſtüter*; —*rahmenſchloß*, *n.* sash fastener; —*raute*, *f.* *see* —*ſchreibe*; —*reiber*, —*riegel*, *m.* sash-bolt; —*rollen*, *f.* sash-pulleys; —*roſt*, *f.* *Archit.* rose-window; —*ſäule*, *f.* *see* —*pfloſten* —*ſäulen*, *m.* *see* —*pfleſter*; —*ſchreibe*, *f.* pane, square, light (of a window); —*ſchirm*, *m.* shade; window-blind; —*ſchmiege*, *f.* *Bauſd.* embrasure of a window; —*ſchwelle*, *f.* *Ornith.* *see* *Hausſchwelle*; —*ſchweiß*, *m.* dew, moisture of windows; —*ſchwellen*, *f.* *see* —*loſthant*; —*ſiß*, *m.* settee; —*loſthant*, *f.* window-sill; —*piegel*, *m.* 1) pier-glass, mirror between two windows; 2) a looking-glass in a frame at the outside of a window for the observation of what is going on in the street, &c. (*Epion*); —*ſproſſe*, *f.* wooden window-bar; —*ſtütze*, *m.* pl., —*ſtangen*, *f.* pl. window-bars, fences; —*ſtecker*, *f.* window-tax; —*ſtod*, *m.* *see* —*ſtreit*; —*ſtürz*, *m.* *Bauſd.* lintel, head-piece above a window; —*ſtüte*, *f.* glass-door; —*verdachung*, *f.* window-roofing; —*verſchiebung*, *f.* boxing of a window; —*vertiefung*, *f.* *see* —*ſchmieg*; —*verhänge*, *m.* pl. window-curtains; —*verleger*, *m.* *see* —*blende*; —*wand*, *f.* wall with windows; —*wert*, *n.* the windows; —*wirkel*, *m.* sash-fastener, turn-buckle. turn-buttock; —*zarge*, *f.* *see* —*ſtüter*; —*zeiß*, *n.* *see* *Barrique*, 2; —*zwiſchel*, *m.* triangular piece of glass between round panes. (Hant)

† *Fer'zig*, *adj.* gallant, fashionable (*Ge-A. Ferzh*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Min.* pernicious exhalation from the bottom of a mine, choke-damp.

B. Gerch, (str.) *m.* provinc. see *Bferch*.
C + Gerch, (str.) *n.* life, blood.
Gerchen, (w.) *v. tr.* (*S. G.*) to despatch.
Gerch'rubaum, (str., pl. *G-bäume*) *m.* pine-tree (*Forche*).

Het'ge, (w.) m. († &) provinc. see Führmann.

* *Fejien*, *f.* (*Lat.*) *pl.* (-*zeit*, *f.*) vacation-time, vacancies, holidays: recess (of the Parliament): die großen -, the long vacations; -reise, *f.* holiday-tour, holiday-trip.

Serfel, s. I. (str.) n. 1) pig, (Eaug-) sucking-pig; 2) *Ag-s.* piggyish person, hog; 3) blunder; 4) blot (of ink); 5) *Mrr.* see *Serfar*; 6) pl. *Astr.* Hyades: II. *in comp.* — *fauin-then*, n. *Zool.* agouti, long-nosed cavy (*Metr-fawinchen*) — *frant*, n. *Bot.* cat's ear (*Hypocharis L.*) — *manß*, f. *Zool.* see *Metr-fawinchen* — *monet*, n. *January* — *Ruß*, m. pig-st.

Gerlelel', (u.) *f.* piggyishness, &c. see Sauerei.

Gerlelm, (u.) *v. intr.* 1) to farrow, to bring forth pigs, to pig; 2) *fig.* to behave piggyishly.

* *Ferm*, *adj.* (Fr.) firm (Firm).
* *Fermān*, (*str.*, pl. *ḡ-ḡ & ḡ-e*) *m.* (Pers.)
firman (government decree, &c.).

* *Formate*, (n.) f. (*Ital. formata*) *Mus.*
pause, hold (a rest, thus indicated \circ).

* Ferment', (str.) n. (Lat.) ferment (Gährungsstoff). — Fermentiren, (w.) v. intr. to ferment (Gähren).

Fern, *adj.* far, distant, far off, remote; **aloo**; f-*en* Auslan, far distant countries; **von** -, afar, from afar, at a distance; **nicht von** -, *fig.* by far not; **nicht von** - *je* (schiedt, wie...), not nearly (so) as bad as ... in *role* -, how far, to what degree: **bei** *je* - *je* **far** be! - *fig.* - **Stellen**, *fig.* - **halten**, to keep clear or out of reach, to keep or stand aloof; **sich** - **halten** *von etwas*, to give a thing a wide berth; **Einen von sich** - **halten**, to keep one at a distance or at arm's length; **einer Sache** (*Dat.*) - **Rechn**, to be a stranger to

Ser'nambathola, (str.) n. Comm. Fernambuck-wood, Brazil-wood,~

Fern'... *in comp.* — **ansicht**, *f.* distant view, perspective; — **darstellung**, *f.* perspective, perspective representation.

Ferne, (w.) *f.* 1) farness, distance, remoteness; 2) *Point*. *see* Fernung; aus der —, from afar: in der —, in the distance: at a distance; das liegt in weiter —, *see* in weitem Felde, in Feld; sich in der — halten, *see* Fern bleiben.

Verrennen, (*v.*) v. I. *tr.* (*l. n.*) to distance.
see Entfernen; II. *intr.* 1) to carry a great distance (said of telescopes); 2) to look fine at a distance.

Further, *adj. & adv.* further, farther; furthermore, again, moreover; additional(*ly*); ulterior: *f-* *zu* *Hilfschriften*, *Comm.* future letters: — etwas *f-* *zu*, to continue (doing, &c.): — im *Amt* *bleiben*, to continue in office: *Einen* — im *Amt* *lassen*, to continue one in (his) office: *und* *is* —, and so on, and so forth, and so of the rest, et cetera; — *hin*, *adv.* for the future, henceforth, henceforward; — *weit*, — *weitlig*, *adj. (& adv.)* additional(*ly*), further, farther.

Her'ner, (str.) m. provinc. glacier (Eitner).
Heru'..., in comp. —gefühl, n. (morbid,

usual, &c.) perception of distant objects (*cf.* *Wohnung*; [in animals] *Sehmitt*); —*glas*, *n.* telescope, perspective (glass), *coll.* spy-glass, spying-glass; —*hinfretende*, *adj.* (*cf.* *Voss*) far-shooting; —*legend*, *adj.* remote; —*malerei*, *f.* scenography; —*materialis*, *adj.* scenographical; —*rohr*, *n.* see —*glas*; —*fähtig*, *adj.* *Archit.* areostyle; —*kreisförmig*, *f.* telegraphic art; —*kreiser*, *m.* telegraph; —*schrift*, *f.* writing seen at a distance, telegraphic signal; —*st.*, *f.* distant prospect, perspective view; *vista*; —*stichtig*, *adj.* far-sighted, long-sighted; —*stidtigelt*, *f.* long-sightedness; —*stigma*, *malerei*, *f.* perspective (*cf.* perspective painting).

Gern'ung, (u.) *f.* *Putnl.* distance, offskip.
Gern'..., in comp. —wert, n. *Mus.* echo-
 keys (of an organ): —zeichnung, *f.* (l. u.) per-
 spective drawing.

Hir'se, (*w.*) *f.* heel; die H-n, *pl.* hind quarters (of a horse's hoof): Einem auf den H-n folgen, to follow close to one's heels, to be at one's heels: die H-n zeigen, to take to one's heels, to show a clean pair of heels.

Hirsen..., in comp. *Anat.-s.* — **bein**, *n.* heel-bone; — **eng**, *adj.* narrow-quartered (of horses); — **flacht**, *f.* tendo *Achillis*, tendon of the heel; — **flüchtig**, *adj.* *Man.* (to be) well upon the heel; — **geld** (*n.*) *geten*, *coll.* to take to one's heels; — **leder**, *n.* *Shoe-m.* quarter-piece, heel-piece; — **punct**, *m.* *Astr.* nadir; — **schlag**, *m.* kick of one's heels; — **sehn**, *f.* see **flacht**.

Ger'tig, *1. adj.* 1) ready, prepared: f-t Waare, ready-made goods; f-t Sticker, ready-made clothes, slop(-work); 2) done, finished: *fg-s.* 3) quick, prompt; 4) practised, handy, skilful, dexterous; 5) drunk: *II. adv.* readily, *fl.*, fluently; *ich bin ger'tig es zu thun*, aber noch nicht -, I am willing to do it but not yet quite ready (fully prepared) for it; *er ist*

—, coll. 1. it is all over or up with him (of a sick person); 2. he is drunk; — sein mit ..., to be or have done with...; to have finished; ich bin mit dem Essen —, I have done dinner; ich bin mit Schreiben —, I have done writing; etwas — bringen or schaffen, to accomplish, effect, or do a thing; er ist mit seinem Vermögen —, he has got through (with) his fortune; das befähigt ich nicht —, I should not be able to do it; — machen, 1. to get ready, to perform; 2. *Letter-found*, to adjust; sich — machen, to get ready; — werden, to get ready, to get through, to get on; mag er sehen wie er — wird, let him see how he can manage it; ich würde nicht — werden (wenn ich Ihnen Rats auf einmal erdählen sollte, *Galat*), I should not come to an end, &c.; wir können ohne ihn nicht — werden, we cannot do without him, we cannot dispense with his services; mit ihm ist kein — werden, there is no dealing with him; — werden mit einem, to get the better of one, to bring one round, to gain one's point with a person, manage one; ich will schon mit ihm — werden, I shall deal with him well enough; eine f-e Zunge haben, to have a great volubility of tongue, (to be) nimble-tongued, to have the gift of the gab.

Fertigen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to make ready, to complete; 2) a) to make, manufacture; b) to perform; 3) T. to finish (adjust, &c.); 4) see Ab- & Ausfertigen; der Gefertigte (Unterfertigte), *provinc.* (S. 8.) see Unterzeichnete; eine Pflichterung —, to lay (a pavement), to place close.

Fertigkeit, (w.) f. readiness, quickness, practice, skill, knack (in, at), dexterity, accomplishment, perfectness, routine, facility.

Fertig..., in comp. —macheten, *n. Letter-found*, adjusting-stick; —macher, *m.* 1) *Glass-m.* &c. finisher (coll. gaffer, first); foreman; 2) (in laminating) finishing-rollers (*Tolk.*); *Letter-found*, adjuster; —stuhl, *m.* *Spinm.* finishing-box, finishing-head.

Fertigung, (w.) f. see *Vorfertigung*; *Lam.* see *Gewöhrfertigung*.

Fertigwalze, (w.) f. finishing-roller.

Fes, (indist.) n. *Mus. F* fist. [fessels]
Fessen, (str.) m. 1) hook of corn; 2) pl. **Fesseln, s. l. (w.) f.** 1) *gener. pl.* fetters, chains; shackles; lock, trammel, hamper (for horses), jesses (of falcons); *Ag.* trammels; in B-n legen or schlagen, to put into chains, to chain down, to fetter, shackle, cf. *Fesseln*; 2) *pastern* (of a horse's leg); 3) *Script.* die B-n der Glühde, cords of silk; *ill. in comp.* —bein, *n. Val. pastern*; —bringelent, *n. pastern-joint*; —frei, *adj.* freed from fetters, unfettered, unshackled; —geleit, *n. pastern-joint*; —haar, *n.* fetlock; —los, *adj.* see —frei; —wund, *adj.* wounded, sore at the pastern.

Festeln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to fetter, shackle, chain; to hobble (a horse); 2) *Ag.* to captivate, engross, rivet; to fascinate, engage.

Fest, I. adj. 1) a) fast, (strongly) fixed; b) stationary (as a steam-engine, &c.); 2) firm, hard, solid; consistent, dense, condense; strong; *Min.* compact, conglobate; *Ag-s.* 3) sound (of sleep); —schlafen, to sleep soundly; Knaben schlafen —, boys sleep sound; 4) constant, durable, firm, steadfast, steady, stout, staunch; set (in one's opinions); 5) sure; 6) close, tight; 7) positive, settled, fixed, established; 8) well versed, well up; 9) invulnerable; proof (against); 10) brave; f-e Anstellung, permanent situation; das f-e Bauholz, hearty timber; f-es Brot, sad bread; f-es Eis, fast or packed ice (in the arctic regions); f-er Erdboden, very strong ground; f-e Einkommen, settled or regular income; f-e Erwartung, confident expectation; f-e Gesundheit, sound state of health; das f-e Band,

1. solid earth, *terra firma*; 2. continent, mainland, see —land; ein f-er Ort, stronghold, fortified place; das f-e Papier, paper of good body; f-e Zonne, watertight tin; f-es Laumert, *Mar.* standing rigging; *Comm-s.* f-es Capital, fixed capital; Kauf auf (in) f-e Hand, effective purchase; f-er Handel, fast bargain; f-e Kundschafft, steady customers; f-er (f-es) Geschäft, fixed salary; auf (in) f-e Rechnung, taken (bought) for good; *Österr. Papier* (Rub) —, Austrian paper steady; die Börse ist —, the money-market is firm; f-e Handschrift, firm hand; f-e Preise, fixed, steady, or set prices; f-e Gebote, positive offers; f-e Baluta, (regular) standard, certain price; in f-en Händen sein, (of goods, &c.) to be in firm hands; f-e Überzeugung, thorough conviction; *II. ad.* fast, firmly; —eingeschlafen, fast asleep, fast off; —entschlossen sein, to be fully resolved; —im Sattel sitzen, *lit. & fig.* to sit firm in one's saddle; —umschlossen von Feinden, closely surrounded by enemies.

Fest..., (adj.) in comp. —bannen, *v. tr.* to pin to the spot; —gebannt, see *Bannen*; 2; —binden, *v. tr.* to tie up, fasten, attach firmly (an, to); —bleiben, —stehen, sich —erhalten, *v. intr. Comm.* (of prices) to remain firm (auf, at); —fahren, to run aground (of a ship), to stick fast (in the mud, &c.); sich —fahren auf ..., to run foul of...; —gesetzt, *adj.* fixed, settled, established; der —gesetzte Tag, stated day, term; —halten, *v. l. tr.* to arrest; to tackle; *II. refl. or intr.* to hold (fast) (an *with Acc. & Dat.*), to (or on), to stick or cling (close) (to); *III. intr. fig.* to adhere (an *with Dat.*), to; das —halten, *str. v. s.* (firm) adherence (an *with Dat.*), to; —klammern, *v. tr.* to clamp (an instrument, &c.); —lemb, *n.* continent, mainland; —landsch, *adj.* —lands ... continental; *Mar-s.* sich —legen, to berth one's self; —legen, to be home (of ships); sich —hängen, to be caught in one's own lies; —machen, 1) a) to make fast, to fasten, fix; cf. —binden; der Stoss hat die Wege —gemacht, the frost has hardened the roads; *Ag-s.* to conclude a bargain; to settle (an affair); *Mar.* to belay (a rope); to clinch (a cable); b) *Mar.* to stow, furl, band (the sails); c) to house (the guns); 2) to fortify (a town, &c.); 3) to imprison; —nehmen, to apprehend, arrest; —rammen, see —Ramphen; —schrauben, *v. tr.* to fix with a screw, &c. cf. —Klammern; —setzen, *v. l. tr.* 1) see —nehmen; 2) or —stellen, to establish, settle, fix, appoint, set down, to decree; to stipulate; to lay down (as a rule, &c.), institute; to assess (taxes); er setzte seine Abreise auf den dritten Tag —, he appointed the third day for his departure; *II. refl.* to settle; to take root, to be confirmed, &c.; *Nit.* to effect a lodgment; —setzung, *f.* establishment, settlement, appointment, statement; (auf dem Ende &c.) —stehen, *p. a. Mar.* aground, beached; (im Eise) ice-bound, beset; —stampfen, *v. tr.* to beat down, to ram (the earth); —stehen, 1) to stand firm, to be stable or stationary; 2) see —bleiben; 3) to be settled, ascertained, or established; so viel steht —, this is evident (manifest) to a certainty; thus much is certain; —stehen, *p. a.* stationary; —stellen, to establish, see —setzen; —Stellung, *f.* establishment, see —setzung; —treten, *v. tr.* to fix, to level, &c. by treading upon; sich —trinken, not to be able to get away from the bottle; —walken, *n. T.* close-fulling.

Fest, s. (str.) n. feast, festival, holiday; fäte, *Ag.* trout; bemegliches —, movable, variable festival or holiday; unbemegliches —, immovable, fixed festival or holiday.

Fest..., (s.) in comp. —abend, *m.* eve, vigil of a holiday; —abkuppitt, *m.* see —tag-abkuppitt; —aufzug, *m.* festive procession; —

ball, *m.* dress-ball; —gebet, *m.* entertainer; —gebräu, *m.* (feast)-rite; —gelüste, *m.* festive pool of balls, chime; —gezug, *m.* —lich, *n.* festal song; —gewand, —kleid, *n.* festive habit; pl. holiday clothes; —halle, *f.* festive hall, state-room, banqueting-hall or room; —leute, pl. holiday-folks; —mahl, *n.* —(schmaus), *m.* feast, festive entertainment, banquet; —opfer, *n.* oblation; —pracht, *f.* holiday's sormen; —reigen, —reihen, *m.* festive dance; —schmaus, *m.* festive drink; —tag, *m.* holiday, feast; red-letter day; —taglich, *adj.* festival, holiday; —tagelohngewinn, *m.* pericope for a saint's day; —tagwunder, *m.* person in any way excelling his fellows; —zeit, *f.* time of a festival; —zimmet, *n.* see —balle.

Feste, (w.) f. 1) +, see *Festigkeit*; 2) a) stronghold, fortress; b) prison; 3) *Script.* der Himmel's, firmament, expanse of heaven; 4) *Min.* compact stone or rock.

Festigen, Festen, (w.) v. tr. to make or render firm, steady, durable, &c. cf. *Fest, adj.* to settle, establish, confirm.

Festigkeit, (w.) f. 1) fastness, firmness, fixedness, stability, &c.; größer —geben, to consolidate; cf. *Fest, adj.*; die Börse schloß mit —, *Comm.* the market closed firm; 2) hardness, solidity, consistence, substantiality; 3) soundness; strength (of a lock); *Ag-s.* 4) steadiness; constancy, perseverance; closeness; 5) decision, resoluteness.

Festigung, adv. t. firmly, &c. cf. *Fest*.

Festigung, (w.) f. the act of making firm, &c. cf. *Festern*; settlement, establishment.

* **Festin' (pr. festung), (str.) pl. F-s n.** (Fr.) feast; banquet; entertainment.

* **Festivität, (w.) f.** (Lat.) festivity.

Festland &c., see *Fest, adj. in comp.*

Festlich, I. adj. festive, festival, splendid, solemn; —begehen, to celebrate (Festern); *II. F-feit, (w.) f.* festivity, solemnity.

* **Festung (pr. festung), (str.) pl. F-s & F-e m. & n.** (Fr.) *Archit. & Sculp.* festoon. —Festmützen, *w. v. tr.* to festoon, adorn with festoons; schmitt, *p. a.* Wess. scalloped (scalloped), vandyked.

Festung, (w.) f. fortress, fort, strong hold, strong castle, citadel.

Festungs..., in comp. —arrest, *m.* confinement in a fortress; —bau, *m.* 1) fortification; 2) the working at fortifications (a punishment); auf den —bau kommen, to be sent to dig fortifications; —baukunst, *f.* (the science of) fortification; —baumeister, *m.* fortifier; —graben, *m.* moat (of a fortress); —kalk, *m.* *Miner.* arseniated cobalt; —krieg, *m.* war carried on by a siege or sieges; —mauer, *f.* battled wall; —pfahl, *m.* pl. —pfähle, palisades; —werk, *n.* work of fortification.

* **Festlich, (str.) v. tr. (Fr.)** to feast, to entertain at a (public) banquet, to fête.

* **Festlich, (str.) m. (Port.) Rel. Sup.** fetich, fetich, idol; —anbeter, *m.* worshipper of fetiches; —anbetung, *f.* —dienst, *m.* the worshipping of idols, fetichism, fetichism.

Fett, I. adj. 1) fat; obese; *Med.* adipose; 2) Cook, &c. rich; 3) greasy, oily, unctuous; 4) *Ag.* rich, lucrative, profitable; f-e Kost or Stide, high ed. rich diet; —und rumb, plump; f-es Gras, luxuriant grass; f-e Öle, fatty oils; f-e Schrift, *Typ.* full-bodied type; f-e Seide, raw silk; f-e Wolle, *provinc.* foul linen; biefer Reiter führt einen f-en Hirtel, this painter's lavish of his colours; —machen, to fat, fatten; —werden, to fatten; f-e Schweine, *f.* see —heune; *II. (str.) n.* fat, grease.

Fett..., in comp. —aber, *f.* *Anal.* fat (adipous) vein; —ammert, *w.* *Ornith.* ortolan (*Emberiza hortulana* L.); —äther, *m.* see —säure; —auge, *n.* 1) *Med.* exophthalm; 2) eye (on meat-broth); —band, *m.* vulg. great

fat belly: maw: —bündig, *adj. vulg.* having a fat belly: —brun, *m. Swg.* steatocole: —derm, *m. Zool.* double terry: —brüßen, *f. pl. Anat.* sebaceous glands.

Fette, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see Fettigkeit & Fettigkeit; 2) *Archit.* see Dachfette.

Fetten, (*w.*) *v. tr. i. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to make fat, greasy: 2) to grease, oil (wool, &c.); 3) Cook. to baste, lard.

Fett ..., *in comp.* —feder, *f.* a small bunch of feathers standing upright on the rump of some birds (*f. f. goose*) and which are always moist: —fed(en), *m.* 1) or —fett, *n.* yellow spot in the white of the eye: 2) spot of grease: —fänge, *pl. Anat.* adipose ducts: —gans, *f. Ornith.* penguin (*Apelodites palmarum* L.): —gar, *adj.* T. tanned in fat: —geschwätz, *f.* —geschwätz, *m. Swg.* wen, steatoma: —gewebe, *n. Anat.* adipose membrane: —glanz, *m.* greasy lustre: —hammel, *m.* fattened sheep: —schläbler, *m.* see —främer: —hant, *f. Anat.* adipose membrane or tissue. (ture of a thing, richness.

Fettigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* fatness, &c., fat, rich: —fettigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. org. (Sodium L.). Fettig, Fettig, *adj.* greasy, fatty.

Fettigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fatness, &c. *f. Fett*; 2) greasiness, richness; oiliness, unctuously. Fett ..., *in comp.* —fett, *m.* see Expect: —fall, *m.* fat or white lime: —felle, *f.* baster, basting-ladle: —felle, *f. see Glanzfelle*; 3) —fram, *m.* dealing in fat or greasy goods: —främer, *m.* dealer in fat or greasy goods, chandler: —främer, *f.* a puffing up, swelling (of the silk-worms): —frant, *n. Bot.* the common butter-wort (*Fragaria vulgaris* L.): —fellig, *adj.* corpulent: —felligheit, *f.* corpulency.

Fettlich, *adj.* fattish.

Fett ..., *in comp.* —magen, *m.* see Fäsmagen: —markt, *m.* market for butter, oil; fat-cattle-market: —maul, *n. vulg.* greasy chops or chops: —nabel, *m. Swg.* navel-rupture: —nabel, *n. see Nabel*: —napp, *n. T.* second burling (of cloth): —oß, *m.* a fattened ox: —pflanze, *f. Bot.* succulent plant; Chem.-s. —säure, *f.* sebatic acid; des —saure Salz, sebato: —saure Sal, sebato of potash: —schmelzen, *n. Val.* molten grease (a disease): —schwarz, *n.* fat tail (of African, &c. sheep): —schin, *m. Miner.* emollient: —schüt, *f.* excessive fatness, obesity: —taucher, *m.* see —gand: —thun, *m.* fuller's-earth.

Fettung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of greasing, &c. *f. Fetten*.

Fett ..., *in comp.* —fleischfabel, *m.* trade in fattened cattle: —meat, *f.* fat or greasy goods (butter, cheese, porkery, pork meats), chandlery: —meat, *n.* adipocire, adipocere: —meat, *m. vulg.* fat-guts: —meatig, *adj. vulg.* gorballed: —werden des Weines, ropiness, viscosity of wine: —wolle, *f.* wool in the yolk: —zellen, *f. pl. Anat.* adipose ducts. Fetzen, (*str.*) *f. dimin.* Fetzen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) cell, shred, tatter, rag; *gener. pl.* shreds, &c.; 2) *Ag.* trash, trifle, bagatelle. [fetzen. Fetzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shred, &c. see Zerschneiden. Fetzen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) shredder; 2) any instrument for shredding; 3) *Ag. & cond.* a) sword, poker; b) rod, ferrule.

Fetzig, *adj.* in rag, ragged.

Fetzig, *l. adj.* moist, humid, damp; dank: meine Füße sind —, my feet are damp: —r Netz, phlegmatic: —r Brand, *Med.* gangrene: —r Grab, poet. watery grave: II. *in comp.* —Mist, *n. Sport.* see Feigblatt: —Mist, *n. Priv.* paper-board. [nature.

Fetzig, Fetzig, (*w.*) *f.* moist, damp. Fetzig, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to moisten, wet, damp: gefetzig, *p. a. Com.* washed; II. *intr. Sport.* to void urine (of deer, &c.).

Fetzig, (*str.*) *n.* pizzle (of stag, &c.).

Fetzig, *l. adj.* (l. u.) dampish, &c. see Feucht; II. Fetzig, (*w.*) *f.* moisture, moistness, dampness, humidity, humour(s); fluid: schleimig —, phlegm, mucosity; die cystallene, wässrige — des Auges, *Anat.* aqueous or albuginous humour; Phys.-s. (Luft)-Feuchtigkeit, *m.* hygrometer: Feuchtig, *m.* hygroscope.

Fetzig ..., *in comp.* —falt, *adj.* moist and cold, damp and raw: —hammer, *f. Typ.* wetting room. [or moist.

Fetzig, *adj.* dampish, somewhat damp. Fetzig, (*str.*) *m.* see Feuchtigkeitsmesser.

Fetzig, (*str.*) *f.* see Feuchtigkeits.

Fetzig ..., *in comp.* —fald, *m. Sport.* bladder: —tanne, *f.* see Feuchtigkeits.

Fetzig, (*w.*) *f.* the act of moistening, &c. *f. Feuchten*.

Fetzig, (*str.*) *m.* Phys. hygroscope.

Fetzig, *adj.* (Mid. Lat.) feudal: —ferr, *schäft*, *f.* feudal sovereignty: —recht, *n.* feudal law: —regierung, *f.* feudal government: —system, *n.* feudalism, feudal system: —zett, *f.* feudal times: —fendall, (*w.*) *m.* feudist. * Fetzig, (*w.*) *f.* feudality.

Fetzig, (*str.*) *n.* 1) fire: 2) see Feuchtig; 3) a distemper of cattle; *Ag.-s.* 4) a) Jewell. brightness (of diamonds); b) cast, warmth (of a colour); 5) body, radness (of wine); 6) a) fire, ardour, spirit; glow; mottle (of a horse); b) passion, flame; 7) *Mar.* a) light-house; fire of a light-house; b) lantern; c) druxey, druxy; 8) a) *Metall.* forge, hearth: b) Smith. forge-hearth; c) heat (of a blast-furnace); am —, at the fire; das helle (Chem. offere) —, light (Chem. open or naked) fire: das gelinde —, slow fire: —fangen, to take fire, to ignite: —schlagen, to strike a light: —machen, to light, kindle a fire: —geben, *Nil.* &c. to (give) fire: können Sie mir —geben? have you got a light for a cigar, &c.? in —stehen, to be on fire; der Berg steht —, the mountain burns; der Pfeffer hat —, pepper is hot; das wilde —, *Vol.* anticor (of horses); measles (of swine); das kalte — des Windvieh's, inflammatory affection peculiar to cattle; das heilige —, *Med.* St. Anthony's fire, erysipelas; das erlöte — anhalten, to abide the first charge, to stand the first brunt: zwischen zwei — bringen, to double (the enemy, a fleet); zum ersten Mal im —, (of soldiers) first under fire; die Truppen schonten ihr —, the troops were sparing of their ammunition; ein getranntes Kind schreit das —, *proverb.* a burnt child shuns the fire; col.-s. —und Flamme (ein (pein), to be in a violent rage: —und Flamme werden, to flare up; er kommt leicht in —, his blood is soon up: sich in —setzen, to work one's self up into a violent passion; ins —gehen für ..., to go into the fire (through fire and water) for ...

Fetzig ..., *in comp.* —aber, *f.* caudal vein of cattle: —amt, *n.* fire-office: —anbeter, *m.* fire-worshipper: —anbeter, *f.* fire-worship, pyrolatry: —anstalt, *f.* 1) see —ordnung; 2) or —effecung, *f.* a) insurance against fire, fire-insurance; b) fire-insurance-office: —arbeiter, *m.* mechanic using fire, as smiths, &c.: —artig, *adj.* ligneous, like fire: —effecung, *f.* see —effecung: —effel, *f. Entom.* a species of centipede (*Scopodora electrica* L.): —aufseher, *m.* fire-warden: —angst, *n.* 1) inflamed eye; 2) *Ag.* eye of fire: —bale, *f. Mar.* beacon, light-house: —ball, *m. Metall.* fire-ball, see —fugel: —beden, *m.* fire-pan, coal-pan, chafing-dish: —bedenrichtiger, *n.* T. chasing-anvil: —bühler, *m.* see —bühler, 1: —berg, *m.* burning mountain, see —fender Berg: —beständig, *adj.* fire-proof, apyrous; refractory: fixed: flüchtige Körper —beständig machen, to deprive volatiles of their volatility: —be-

stündig, *f.* the (state of) being fire-proof; Phys. acidity: —blase, *f.* blister caused by fire: —blatter, *f. Med.* (a fugacious kind of) nettle-rash, epinyctis, *gener. pl.* epinyctides, vesicles arising during the night and disappearing in the morning: —blume, *f. Bot.* corn-poppay (*Papaver rhoeas* L.): —boß, *m.* andiron, see Brandboß: —boß, *f. Bot.* scarlet-runner, scarlet-bean (*Phaseolus multiflorus* Lam.): —brand, *m.* fire-brand, fire-stick: —büchse, *f.* 1) tinder-box; 2) *Arch.* fire-box, fire-place: —bühne, *f. Min.* pile of burning wood: —büß, *m.* see —born: —büßen, *m. pl.* Fire-w. little fire-balls in fire-works: —canal, *m. T. fue;* —casse, *f.* fire-insurance-office: —compagnie, *f.* fire-company: —citer, *m.* see —anbeter: —clenß, *m.* see —anbeter: —born, *m.* Bot. pyracanth (*Oraxypus pyracantha* L.): —draße, *m.* *Med.* fire-drake, bolis: —ede, *f.* wire-edge: —eifer, *m.* ardent zeal, ardour; heat of passion, burning wrath, anger: —eimer, *m.* fire-bucket: —eisen, *m.* fire-iron: —esse, *f.* 1) chimney; 2) surge: —eute, *f. Ornith.* barn-owl (*Strix flammea* L.): —fächer, *m.* fan, wing to blow the fire: —fäße, *f.* fire-ensign: —fangen, *adj.* apt to take fire: —farbe, *f.* fire- or flame-colour: —farben, —farbig, *adj.* fire- or flame-coloured: —faß, *n.* 1) fire-tub, quenching tub; 2) see —tonnen: —fett, *adj.* fire-proof, *cf.* —beständig: —fetter Thon, *Metall.* fire-clay: —feste Ziegel, fire-bricks: —fetter Schrank, salamander-skin: —festigkeit, *f.* quality of being fire-proof; acidity: —flut, *m.* Ornith. flaming finch (Brandflut): —flamme, *f.* fire-flame: —flaße, *f. Mar.* powder-flask: —fließen, *pl. Med.* see Blüthen: —folge, *f.* oblation of the inhabitants to assist in extinguishing a conflagration: —fuch, *m. Sport.* flaming sorrel: —funte, *m.* spark of fire: —gabel, *f.* fire-fork: —garbe, *f.* 1) Fire-w. a kind of fire-work having the form of a sheaf, fire-sheaf; 2) *Ag.* sheaf of fire or flames: —gatter, *n.* fender: —gefahr, *f.* danger of (from) fire: —gefahrlich, *adj.* tending to set on fire; inflammable, combustible: —gefahrliche Gegenstände, combustibles: —gefahrlichkeit, *f.* tendency to set on fire; inflammability, combustibility: —geist, *m.* 1) Fob. spirit of the fire; 2) *Ag.* aspiring genius: —geld, *n.* chimney-money: —geräth, *n.* 1) implement(s) used for extinguishing fire, *cf.* —hafen, 1; 2) fire-set: fire-irons (andirons), shovel, tonge, and poker: —geschrei, *n.* cry (alarm) of fire: —gewehr, *n.* fire-arm, fire-lock, gun: —gewölbe, *n.* T. fire-vault: —gitter, *n.* fire-guard, chimney-fender: —glode, *f.* fire-bell, alarm-bell: —gott, *m.* *Ant.* Myth. god of fire, Vulcan: —grabmesser, *m.* Phys. pyrometer: —grabmessung, *f.* pyrometry: —grube, *f.* ash-pit: —hahn, *m.* fire-cock: —haken, *m.* 1) fire-hook, large hook used in pulling down buildings on fire; 2) pot-hook, pot-hanger; 3) crooked poker: —hemd, *n.* *Mar.* curtain: —herb, *m.* hearth, fire-side, fire-place: —himmel, *m.* Phys. empyrean, empyreal heaven, the highest heaven: —holz, *n.* fire-wood, fuel: —hund, *m.* see 1) —bod; 2) Brandhund: —hüter, *m.* Min. fire-watch.

Fetzig, *str.* see Feurig.

Fetzig ..., *in comp.* —hammer, *f.* see —büchse, 1; —Laffe, see —casse: —Laffen, *m.* fire-box: —Lage, *f. Gmm.* chamber, fowler: —Lasse, *m.* fire-kettle: —Lasse, *f.* Fire-w. a kind of wooden club filled with gunpowder, brimstone, saltpetre, &c.: —flect, *f.* *provinc.* foot-stove: —flect, *f. Miner.* obsidian: —flect, *f.* fire-trunk: powder-chest: —fitt, *m.* see Brandfitt: —fleiber, *n. pl. Mar.* raw-hides: —flaß, *f.* see —gang: —flaß, *m.* see Brandfugl: —flucht, *m.* fire-man: —flut, *m. Ag.* fiery head, spil-fire: —frant, *n. Bot.* 1) cup-moss (*Lichen pyxidatus* L.); 2) small-leaved

Fieber ..., in comp. —*hipe*, *f.* heat of the fever; —*hiet*, *m.* see *Witterhiet*; —*frant*, *I. adj.* feverish, fever-sick, fevory; *II.* —*frante*, *s.* (*m. & f.*) one suffering from fever or ague; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) the common fever-few (*Pyrolænum parthenium* Pers.); 2) hooded willow herb, scall-cap (*Scutellaria galericulata* L.); 3) the lesser centaury (*Leucanthemum officinale* L.); —*frägen*, *m.* *Swy.* ague-cake; —*leste*, *f.* science of fevers, pyrology.

Fiebertisch, *adj.* having no fever; *der* —*lose* *zu* *haben*, *Fig.* —*ist* *ge* *ist*, (*w.*) *f.* absence or intermission of fever; apyrexia.

Fieber ..., in comp. —*materie*, *f.* febrile matter; —*mittel*, *m.* febrifuge, pyretic; —*moos*, *n.* *Bot.* scarlet-moss (*Cladonia coccifera* Fleck); 3) cup-moss (*Cladonia pyxidata* Spreng.).

Fiebern, (*w.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to be in a fever, have a paroxysm of fever, to be delirious; 2) *fig.* to speak confusedly, as a person during a fever, to wander, to be light-headed; *II. tr. imper.* *mit* *Fieber* *es*, I am in fever.

Fieber ..., in comp. —*nüsse*, *bittere*, *pl.* *Pharm.* Ignatius-beans; —*pulver*, *m.* ague-powder; —*rinde*, *f.* Peruvian bark, &c. see *Chinarinde*; —*rindebaum*, *m.* *Bot.* Peruvian bark-tree (*Cinchona officinalis* L.); —*rindebaum*, *adj.* *Chem.* quinate; —*rindebaum*, *f.* *Chem.* quinic acid; —*schauer*, *m.* ague-fit, shivering-fit; —*schuppe*, *f.* an American plant (*Helianthus*); —*sturz*, *m.* violent attack (paroxysm) of fever; —*tag*, *m.* the day on which a fever comes on; —*traum*, *m.* 1) feverish dream; 2) *fig.* creation of an overheated fancy; —*vertreibend*, *adj.* dispelling fever; —*weddel*, *m.* intermission of fever; —*weide*, *f.* *Bot.* crack-willow (*Salix fragilis* L.); —*wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* fever-root, fever-wort (*Triclisia perfoliata* L.); —*zuck*, *m.* *Med.* febrile symptom.

Fiedel, (*w.*) *f.* coll. fiddle; —*legen*, *m.* fiddle-stick; —*sohrer*, *m.* see *Drillsöhrer*.

Fiedeln, (*w.*) *s. intr. & tr. cont.* to play ill, want to scrape upon a fiddle, to fiddle.

Fiedel, (*w.*) *f.* (—*blättchen*, *Fiedelchen*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.*)) *Bot.* leaflet, partial or small leaf; —*artig*, *adj.* *Bot.* pinnate(d); —*weiser*, *n.* *Glaz.* see *Wegweiser*; —*werst*, *adj.* *Bot.* pinniserved (*Spinnervorg*).

Fiedern, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) to feather, furnish with feathers; 2) *Mus. Instrum.* to quill a piano-forte, &c.; 3) *Min.* to fill up with iron wedges; 4) *Glaz.* see *Wiedern*, *I.* [*scrap*].

Fiedler, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* a (vile) fiddler.

Fied, (*str.*) *m.* 1) an intestinal worm (*Linaria abdominalis*); 2) the grub of the gad-fly; 3) *Yed.* see *Spinnfide*; 4) whitlow.

Fied, see *Fied*, *A.*

Fiedeln, (*w.*) *s. intr.* to squeak (*Wischen*); *Sport.* to ball (of the hart).

Fieranten, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *pl.* *Comm.* merchants frequenting fairs and markets, fair-dealers, visitants of fairs.

Ficht, see *Ficht*.

Ficht, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.*) *Chem.* to fix, to deprive of volatility. [*section*].

Ficht, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *segment*, a

Ficht, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) *figuro*; 2) *Math.*, &c. diagram; 3) *Geom.* court-card; honour; 4) *Mar.* *figuro-head*; 5) *Rhet.* metaphor, trope; —*machen*, *coll.* to cut a figure; *Fig.* —*fries*, *m.* *Archit.* storied frieze; *Mus.* —*Fig.* —*gen*, *m.* figurate descendant; *Fig.* —*gen*, *f.* (*Fig.* or *figurite*) *Contrapunct*, *m.* figurate counterpoint.

Fichtgen, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.* —*Lat.*) 1) *Theat.* a) *figurant*, dancer; b) *supernumerary*; *Fig.* —*in*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*Fr.*) *figurante*, *c.* *Etatist* *ic.*; 2) *fig.* *cont.* (a more) puppet. [*small figure*].

Fichtgen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Figur*)

Figurirbent, (*str.*, *pl.* *Figurirbent*) *f.* turner's figuring-lathe.

Figuriren, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.*) *I. tr.* *Mus.*, &c. to figure; *figurite* *Zahl*, *Math.* *figural* or *figurative* number; *figurite* *Brüge*, *Comm.* fancy-cloths; *II. intr.* to make figures, to figure.

Figurirung, (*w.*) *f.* *figuration*.

Figurismus, *m.* *Dogm.* typicalness.

Figurist, (*w.*) *m.* 1) sculptor, carver; 2) see *Figurant*.

Figurlich, *adj.* figurative; typical.

Figurnde, (*w.*) *f.* silk-spinning-mill.

Figel [*pr.* *fil*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Figel*) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) (—*arbeit*, *f.*) netting, net work; 2) *Cook.* *china*; 3) (*pl.* *Figel* *Figel*) *Bookb. gener.* *pl.* a) *fillets*; b) (or —*stempel*, *n.*) back-tools, gilding tools; in —*arbeiten*, to net (a purse, &c.); —*beutel*, *m.* net purse; —*gewichte*, *n.* —*flügel*, *m.* *pl.* netting-weights; —*halbstück*, *n.* netted tip-top; —*nadeln*, *pl.* netting needles, mesh-pins; —*schraube*, *f.* netting-vice.

Figel, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) office or institution subordinate to another; 2) or —*figel*, *f.* underparochial church, chapel of ease; *Comm.* —*bank*, *f.* branch-bank; —*ge* —*schäft*, *n.* —*banking*, *f.* —*branch*, *n.* branch-establishment, *c.* *Communistic*.

Figelgen, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) (—*arbeit*, *f.*) *filigree*, *aligrame* work.

Figel, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to flay, &c. (*Figelnden*).

Figeln, (*w.*) *s. intr.* to shriek (of an organ-pipe). [*see* *Durchschellen*].

Figelren, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.*) to filter.

Figel ..., in comp. (*Lat.*) —*beden*, *n.* filtering-basin; —*(fest)kanne*, *f.* coffee-biggin; —*maschine*, *f.* filtering-machine; —*papier*, *n.* filtering-paper, sinking-paper; —*rohr*, *n.* chimney-filter; —*stein*, *m.* filtering-bag; —*stein*, *m.* filtering-stone, strainer; —*trichter*, *m.* filtering-funnel, colander; —*tuch*, *n.* filtering-cloth.

Figelrung, (*w.*) *f.* filtration.

Figel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) felt; 2) *Typ.* blanket; 3) *Snack.* slime-ore; 4) *Bot.* toment(um); *Fig.* —*s.* 5) miser, niggard, *Ind.* pinch-penny; 6) *vulg.* rebuke, cheek, lecture; in comp. —*arbeit*, *f.* felting; —*büschchen*, *n.* T. ball of rags; —*blech*, —*eisen*, *n.* T. hatter's basin; —*brüel*, *m.* *Typ.* blanket.

Figeln, (*w.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to felt; 2) *vulg.* to rebuke, reprimand, check; *II. intr.* to live or be miserly; *III. ref.* to clot together like felt. — *Figelert*, (*w.*) *f.* see *Figelgeit*.

Figel ..., in comp. —*geige*, *f.* —*holz*, *n.* T. comb-maker's polishing blade; —*gras*, *n.* close turf; —*herb*, *m.* *Min.* budde; —*hut*, *m.* felt-hat.

Figel, *I.* or *Figelst*, *adj.* 1) of felt, like felt; 2) *Bot.* downy, nappy, tomentose; 3) *fig.* niggard, niggardly, sordid; *II. f.* —*felt*, (*w.*) *f.* niggardliness, sordidness.

Figel ..., in comp. —*fappe*, *f.* felt-cap; —*legel*, —*fern*, *m.* *Hatt.* parting-paper; —*frant*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) the common cudweed (*Pilago* L.); 2) (gemeines) cotton-twist; —*fappen*, *m.* *Hatt.* felt-cloth; —*land*, *f.* *Entom.* crab (body or felt) louse (*Pediculus pubis* L.); —*maschine*, *f.* T. (*in felt making*) hardener; —*müße*, *f.* felt-cap; —*platte*, *f.* see —*blech*; —*schuh*, *m.* felt-shoe, list-slipper; —*schle*, *f.* felt or hair-sole; —*riefel*, *m.* *pl.* felt-boots; —*tafel*, *f.* *pl.* felt-boards; —*tuch*, *n.* 1) felted cloth; 2) *Nach.* non-conducting cloth; —*unterlage*, *f.* *Typ.* blanket; —*wert*, *n.* felted things or apparel; —*wolle*, *f.* felted wool.

Figel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Bot.* fumble hemp (*Canadensis sativa* L.); 2) *Min.* —*an* iron wedge; —*hammer*, —*hämmer*, *m.* an iron hammer (of from 20 to 30 pounds).

Figel, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) see *Wiedeln*; 2) to pull fumble-hemp.

Figel, (*str.*, *pl.* *Figel*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Mus.*

finale. — *Finäl*, *adj.* final; in comp. —*ca* —*ben*, *f.* see *Finale*; —*industrie*, *f.* *Comm.* finishing-business; —*raad*, *m.* *Typ.* tail-piece.

Financieel, *adj.* (*Fr.*) financial. — *Financier* [—*hagry*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Figel*) *m.* (*Fr.*) financier.

Finang, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *gener.* *pl.* *Figel*, finances; *die* *Figel* *betreffend*, financial; in comp. —*auschuss*, *m.* finance-committee, committee of ways and means (of supplies); —*beamt*, *m.* official of the public revenues; —*bureau*, —*collegium*, *n.* exchequer, board of revenues, treasury office; —*departement*, *n.* treasury-department; —*gericht*, *n.* court of exchequer.

Finangieel, see *Financieel*.

Finang ..., in comp. —*jahr*, *n.* fiscal year; —*hammer*, *f.* —*collegium*, *n.* see —*bureau*; —*minister*, *m.* minister of the finances, (*in England*) Chancellor of the Exchequer; *Am.* Secretary of the Treasury; —*ministerium*, *n.* ministry of the finances; —*plan*, *m.* budget (respecting the finances); —*rath*, *m.* counsellor of the finances; —*weisen*, *n.* (matters relating to the) finances; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* science of finances; —*zölle*, *m.* *pl.* taxes, tolls, &c. which form the state revenue; (*in England*) Queen's taxes.

Finbär, *Finbisch*, *adj.* (*I. u.*) what may be found (out), met with, &c. *c.* *Figelnden*.

Finbe ..., in comp. —*such*, *n.* inventory; repertory; —*eisen*, *n.* *Swy.* probe; —*geld*, *n.* —*lohn*, *m.* reward paid to those who find and restore any thing lost.

Finbel, *s. I.* (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* see —*haus*; *II. in comp.* —*geld*, *n.* see *Findegeld*; —*haus*, *n.* founding hospital; —*hub*, *n.* founding; —*mutter*, *f.* —*vater*, *m.* 1) adoptive mother, father (of a founding); 2) or —*pfeger*, *m.* —*pfegerin*, *f.* a person entrusted with the care of foundlings.

Finben, (*str.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to find, meet with, discover; *zufällig* —, to light on (upon); 2) *fig.* to feel; to think, see; (*für*) gut —, to think proper; *man* *sah* *für* gut, it was thought proper; *Vergnügen* (an einer *Figel*) —, to take pleasure or delight (in), to derive amusement or gratification (from); *zu* —, to be found; *wie* — *Sie* *den* *Wein*? how do you like this wine? *ich* *will* *ihn* *finden* —, *ich* *werde* *ihn* *finden* *zu* — *wissen*, *coll.* he shall not go unpunished; *II. ref.* 1) a) to find one's self; *find* *zurück* —, to find one's way, to find the right way, to see one's way clearly; b) to be found; c) to exist, to be; d) to present itself, to offer, to occur; 3) or to accommodate, compose, conform, or reconcile one's self, to make up one's mind (in, to); *ich* *habe* *mit* *dem* *nicht* —, I cannot see my way; I cannot accommodate myself to it; I cannot make head or tail of it; *find* *geschmeichelt* —, to feel flattered (*c.* *Figelnden*, *ref.*); *find* *beleidigt* —, to feel offended, to take offence (*durch*, at); *sie* *finden* *sich* *genötigt*, they found or saw themselves compelled; *es* *sah* *sich*, *daß* *es* *ein* *Geistesfehler* *war*, it was found (or it proved) to be a slip of the pen; *es* *wird* *find* —, we shall see (in due time), time will show or prove; *beachte* *die* *Figelungen*, mit *den* *Exemplaren* *wird* *es* *find* *finden* —, take care of the pence, and the pounds will take care of themselves.

Finben, (*str.*) *m.* *finder*.

Findig, *adj.* *Min.* rich (lode); — *machen*, to find or discover (a lode).

Findlich, *adj.* see *Findben*.

Findling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) founding; 2) (*Figel* —*blech*, *m.*) *Geol.* erratic block.

Findung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) finding; discovery; 2) *provinc.* sentence, finding; *Figel* —*genossen*, *m.* *pl.* jury; *Figel* —*recht*, *n.* right belonging to the finder.

Finger, (*adv.*) *m.* (*dimin.* *Fing'richen*, *Fing'richin*, (*adv.*) *n.*) 1) *finger*; 2) *Zool.* toe; *die* — *cinct* *Fallen*, *pl. Sport.* talons; *der kleine* —, little or ear finger; *mit F-n* *weisen auf* (*with Acc.*), to point at; *Mus.-s. die* — *gehört* *sehen*, to finger: *aus den F-n* *spielen*, to strike the keys from the fingers; *Ag.-s. einem auf die* — *sehen*, to have a strict eye upon one, to watch one narrowly or closely; *durch die* — *sehen*, to connive at, to forbear to see, to wink at; *feinen* — *räubern*, *sich* (*dat.*) *um etwas* *feinen* — *naß* *machen* *u.*, not to move, stir, or lift a finger; *den* — *im* *Spiele* *haben*, *aus* *die* *Hand* *u.*; *lange*, *stramme* — *haben* *oder* *machen*, to be light-fingered, to pilfer, to steal; *das* *Gez.* *der* *langen* — (*Schiller*), the light-fingered gentry (*Lucas*); *wenn* *man* *ihm* *den* *feinen* — *gibt*, *so* *nimmt* *er* (*gleich*) *die* *ganze* *Hand*, *give* *him* *an* *inch* *and* *he'll* *take* *an* *ell*; *etwas* *an* *den* *F-n* *her-rechnen*, to count one's fingers' ends; *etwas* *an* *den* *F-n* *herzählen* *oder* *wissen*, to have a thing at one's fingers' ends; *einem* *oder* *einem* *auf* *die* — *klopfen* *oder* *schlagen*, to give one a rap over the knuckles, to check or rebuke one; *er* *ist* *um* *den* — *zu* *wideln*, *you* *may* *twist* (or *turn*) *him* *round* *your* (little) *finger*, *you* *may* *do* *what* *you* *please* *with* *him*.

Finger..., *in comp.* — *arterie*, *f. Anat.* digital artery; — *finger*, *n. pl. Anat.* digital ligaments; — *becken*, *n.* finger-basin; *Anat.-s.* — *bein*, *n.* phalanx; — *seuger*, *n.* digital sector; — *blutader*, *f.* digital vein; — *brei*, *n.* *Mus. Inst.-m.* finger-board, *cf.* *Griffbrett*.

Fingerel, (*w. f.*) *conf.* *fingerling*.

Finger..., *in comp.* — *fern*, *n.* *Bot.* finger-fern (*Asplenium* *L.*); — *fertigkeit*, *f. Mus.* volubility (of the fingers); — *fertig* *haben*, to run with ease over the keys; — *fisch*, *n.* *Ichth.* finger-fish (*Polyodon* *L.*); — *fistig*, *adj.* digitiform, *Bot.* fingered, digitated, *Mis.* stactel(tiform); — *fistler*, *n.* thimble or guard for the little finger in sewing; — *gang*, *m.* *see* — *lag*; — *geschwür*, *n.* *Surg.* whitlow; — *glib*, *n.* *see* — *brin*; — *grad*, *n.* *Bot.* crab-grass, finger-grass (*Digitaria sanguinalis* *L.*); — *handschuh*, *m.* fingered glove; — *hut*, *m.* 1) thimble; 2) — (*hatstume*) *Bot.* a) fox-glove (*Digitalis* *L.*); b) *see* *Glockenblume*; — *hutfistler*, *n.* thimble-case.

Fing'rig, *adj.* having fingers, fingered.
Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *frant*, *n.* *Bot.* cinquefoil (*riedend*) *creeping* cinquefoil (*Potentilla reptans* *L.*); — *läufer*, *m.* *Zool.* digitigrade; — *leit*(u)er, *m.* *Mus.* finger-guide.
Fing'richin, *see* *Finger*.

Fing'ring, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) finger-stall, cot (cover for a sore finger); 2) *Mar. pl.* *F.-c.* goodgoose, gudgeon, braces.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* finger-shell (*Pholas dactylus* *L.*); — *muschel*, *m.* *Anat.* digital muscle.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) to finger, to play with the fingers; to touch a musical instrument; *II. fr.* *Glos.* to provide with fingers.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *platt*, *f.* door-guard; — *probe*, *f.* assay by the touch; *Sag.-s.* touch or rule of thumb; — *rechnen*, *rechnen*, *rechnen*, *f.* dactylonomy; — *ring*, *m.* 1) (or *reiff*) finger-ring; 2) *Wire-dr.* thumb-stall; — *sch,* *m.* — *sch,* *f. Mus.* *finger*; — *sch,* (*w. l.*) a tap with the finger; 3) *Vers.* a dactyl (—); — *spitze*, *f.* tip of the finger, finger-tip, finger-end; — *sprache*, *f.* finger-language, dactylology, chirolology; — *stein*, *m.* *Bot.* finger-stone, belemnite; — *st,* *m.* *Glos.* glove-stick, stretcher; — *st,* *n.* *Zool.* cheiromys, aye-aye (*Chiromys madagascariensis* *L.*); — *st,* *m.* *see* — *sch,* *adj.* — *st,* *f. Arith.* digit; — *st,* *m.* a pointing with the finger: hint, innuendo, intimation.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. fr.*) (*Lat.*) to feign,

simulate; to invent; *finger*, *p. a.* fictitious; *Comm.* simulated, colourable, or preforma (account, account sales, &c.), imaginary (money).

* **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *Horol.* finishing-still, *Fing'rr*, (*w. m.*) 1) *Ornith.* finch; *der gemeine* —, chaffinch (*Pringilla canicola* *L.*); 2) *Ag.* ein *finstiger* —, coll. a jovial fellow; 3) *Univers.* *slang*, student belonging to no association; 4) *pl.* *Fing'rr*, a) small pieces of bacon; *geschälte* *Fing'rr*, kind of hash; b) *Mar.* small pieces of blubber.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. instr.*) to catch birds.
Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *hauer*, *m.* cage for a finch; *Ornith.-s.* — *hauer*, *m.* *see* *Reinbitter*; — *fall*, — *hauer*, *m.* sparrow hawk, *see* *Speyer*; — *hauer*, *m.* grouse-beak (*Coccothraustes vulgaris* *Pall.*); — *hauer*, *f.* *see* *Reinbitter*; — *hauer*, *m.* 1, September; — *hauer*, *n.* 1) (or *garn*) *Sport.* hallier-net, bramble-net; 2) *Mar.* netting; — *hauer*, *f. pl.* *Mar.* crochets for the netting; — *hauer*, *m.* *conf.* knight errant; — *hauer*, *m.* *see* *Reinbitter*; — *hauer*, *m.* the singing of a finch; — *hauer*, *m.* *Ornith.* *see* — *fall*.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* bird-catcher, fowler.
Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *hauer*, *m.* 1) *provinc.* *see* *hauer*; 2) (or *hauer*) *provinc.* summit, point; 3) *T.* pane (narrow edge of a hammer head); 4) a small pointed nail, pin, stud; 5) a) pimple, pustule, blotch; b) *Fr.-n.* *pl.* *Val.* measles (disease in dogs); 6) *fin* (of a fish), *cf.* *Fische*.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) *m.* *Fin.* Finlander.
Fing'rr..., (*w. s. fr.*) *T.* to pin, to strike (a piece of metal) with the narrow edge of a hammer to form dents and produce expansion.
Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *hauer*, *m.* *Zool.* fin-fish, fin back-whale (*Balenoptera* *Lacop.*); — *hauer*, *m.* *T.* a hammer with a narrow edge on one side. (*measled*)

Fing'rr..., *adj.* pimpled; blotchy; (of dogs)
Fing'rr..., *adj.* relating to the Fins or Finland, Finnish.

Fing'rr..., *n.* *Geogr.* Finland.
Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.*, *Fing'rr...*, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *f.* Finlander, a native of Finland.

Fing'rr..., *adj.* of Finland, Finland.
Fing'rr..., *adj.* 1) dark, obscure, gloomy, dim; *Ag.-s.* 2) gloomy, sad; 3) sullen, scowling, black-browed, sour, stern, reserved; *eine* *f-e* *Bölle*, a lowering cloud; *f-e* *Bölger*, *see* *Kabelthau*; *f-e* *Stimmer*, *Phys.* camera obscura; — *sehen*, to frown; — *ansichen*, to look darkly at or black upon; *im* *Fr.-n.* in the dark.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* 1) an ignorant person; *coll.* ignorant; 2) enemy to enlightenment or progress, *cf.* *Obstacur*.

Fing'rr..., *adv.* *provinc.* in the dark.
Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) to bear grow dark, to darken; *II. fr.* to make dark, to darken.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *f.* 1) darkness; obscurity; gloom, gloominess; 2) *Adv.* eclipse.
* **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) 1) *Penc.* faint; 2) *Ag.* a cunning trick, wile, quibble, quirk, sb. dodge.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*adv.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) *Minor.* florite.
* **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *Mus.* *see* *Coloratur*.
Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) *coll.* to quiver (*Git-tara*, *Sadru*).

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* coll. 1) a flip (upon the nose); 2) a thin, weak, agile person, whipper-snapper.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. fr.*) *coll.* to flip.
Fing'rr..., *adj.* *coll.* thin, weak; puny; unsubstantial (of a chair, &c.) fragile.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* a childish trick, drollery, foolery, nonsense; flourish, freak, trifle, grimace, whim-wham, frippery, trumpery.
Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* a trier, nonsensical

person, whiffler, buffoon. — **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *coll.* foolery, nonsensical behaviour, trifling, buffoonery.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*adv.*) *f.* (*see* *Fr.*, *Fr.*).

* **Fing'rr...**, (*pl.*) (*w. s. l. instr.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) *Comm.* firm, style, signature; *unter* *der* —, under the firm of —; — (*s. a.* *Beistand*) *geben*, to give power of attorney; *die* — *geben*, to sign; — *schreiber*, *m.* sign-painter; — *schreibung*, *f.* signature.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*adv.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *armament*, sky, * canopy of heaven; — *stein*, *m.* *opal*.

* **Fing'rr...**, *f.* (*see* *Fr.*), (*w. s. fr.*) (*Lat.*) *Rom. Cath.* to confirm. — **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *f.* confirmation.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *schreibung*, *f.* law(s) for the regulation of firms; — *register*, *n.* register of commercial firms; — *schreiber*, *m.* *see* *Firma*(schreiber); — *wesen*, *n.* system of regulating and registering commercial firms.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. fr.*) (*from* *Firma*) *Comm.* to sign. — **Fing'rr...**, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *f.* *Comm.* signature. (*be confirmed*)

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* one confirmed or to *Fing'rr*, *adj.* (or *adv.*) *provinc.* (of the) last year; the other day; in former times; *f-e* *Reiner* *Reinwein*, wine of the last year; *ad* wine.
Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.*, *Fing'rr...*, (*w. s. l. instr.*) *f.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) 1) a) mountain-top covered with last year's snow; b) glacier; 2) last year's snow itself.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* *lit. & Ag.* varnish; mullip (of painters); *chinsefischer* —, china-water; *Japanfischer* —, Japan lacquer; — *baum*, *m.* *Bot.* varnish-tree, sumach-tree (*Rhus corniculata* *D. C.*); — *stein*, *m.* *see* *Reinbitter*; — *st,* *n.* *see* *Reinbitter*.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. fr.*) to varnish, to lacquer.
Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) *see* *Fing'rr*; 2) *Mar.* coping; *Min.* back, roof.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* *T.-c.* — *ballen*, *m.* ridge-piece, ledge-beam; roof-tree; — *climbung*, *f.* riding; — *baum*, *m.* crest; — *platt*, *f.* ridge-lead; — *platte*, *f.* — *raumen*, *m.* ridge-partia, ridge-piece, ridge-tree.

Fing'rr..., (*w. s. l. instr.*) *provinc.* top, summit; 2) *Build.* ridge of a house.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* *Min.-s.* *see* — *baum*, *m.* 1) working in reverse or ascending steps; 2) *see* — *stred*; — *br,* *n.* *see* *baum*; — *erg*, *n.* ore found in the roof; — *egel*, *m.* *T.* pin for fastening ridge-tiles; — *stein*, *m.* stone or slate for covering the ridge of a roof; — *stempel*, *m.* brotice, support, prop; — *st,* *m.* reverse-step; — *stred*, *f.* brotice-way; — *weife*, *adv.* towards the surface; — *stegel*, *f.* *stegel*, *m.* ridge-tile.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*index*) *n.* *Mus.* *F* sharp; — *dur*, *F* sharp major; — *mol*, *F* sharp minor; *Fing'rr*, *F* double sharp.

* **Fing'rr...**, (*adv.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) attorney (of the exchequer); treasurer; attorney-general, solicitor. — **Fing'rr...**, (*adv.*) *n.* office of an attorney (general). — **Fing'rr...**, *adv.* pertaining to the public treasury; fiscal.

Fing'rr..., (*adv.*) *m.* *I. see* *Fing'rr*; *II. 1)* *Ichth.* fish; *F.-c* *essen*, feeding or living on fish; *F.-c* *freßend*, piscivorous, ichthyophagous; 2) *F.-c*, *pl.* *Adv.* (*lat.*) piece, fishes; 3) *Comm.* fish (Spielmarkt); *faule* *F.-c*, *Ag.* 1. foul play; 2. frivolous excuses or excuses.

Fing'rr..., *in comp.* — *st,* *m.* *see* — *stred*; — *stred*, *m.* *Pol.* ichthyolite; — *stred*, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) *see* *eagle*, bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucophyllus* *L.*); 2) osprey, fishing eagle, fishing-hawk (*Pandion haliaetus* *L.*, *Extr.* *abster*); — *stred*, *m.* black or gray amber; — *stred*, *f.* fish or fishing-hook, angle; — *stred*, *adj.* fish-like; *Min.-s.* — *stred*, *pl.* opalescent adularia of Ceylon; — *stred*, *m.* apophyllite; — *stred*, *n.* *see* *stred*; — *stred*, *f.* fish-stall, fish-beach.

Fifchbör, adj. that may be fished, containing (or stored with) fish, fishy; ein-*er* *Fisch*, a pond yielding fishes.

Fifch... in comp. —*fisch*, n. little fishing-net; —*fischbälgen*, *f. Ballo*, fish-bellied (or fish-belly) rail; —*fisch*, n. whale-bone; (weisse) cuttle-bone; (fingerring) walrusbone; (ungeriffene) whale-fins; —*fischern*, *Loch*, of whale-bone; —*fischhändler*, m. dealer in whale-bone; —*fischreißer*, —*fischreißer*, m. splitter of whale-fins; —*fischrad*, m. hoop-potticoat of whale-bone; —*fischwal*, m. *Ichth*, common whale (*Ballfisch*); —*fischwissenschaft*, *f.* ichthyography; —*fische*, *f.* fish-bladder; —*fische*, n., —*beben*, m. fish-drainer, fish-strainer; —*fische*, *f.* fish-sauce; —*fisch*, *f.* fry, fish for brood.

Fifchthun, (str.) n. (dim. of *Fisch*) small fish. * **Fifche, (w.) f.** 1) (*Fr. fische*) Lock-smell (of door-hinges); 2) *Fr.* (Fischthun), pl. *Mar.* partners.

Fifch... in comp. —*eget*, m. fish-loach (*Flacida gonostoma* L.); —*eibsch*, *f.* *Pol.* ichthyosaurus.

Fifchen, (w.) v. I. tr. to fish; den *Fischer* —, to sweep for, to fish, or hook the anchor; 2) *fig.* to get by cunning; II. *intr.* to rush (nach, für); das *Steuert* *Fisch*, *Mar.* the rudder makes foul water; das *Bojett* *des* *Fischers* *Fisch*, the buoy-rope runs foul of the rudder.

Fifchfänger, (w.) v. intr. to taste or smell of fish, to have a fishy taste, &c.

Fifcher, s. I. (str.) m. 1) fisher, fisherman. 2) *Ornith.* see *Fischweber*; II. in comp. —*ant*, n. fish-gull; —*boot*, m. fishing-boat, fisher-boat; —*lagger*, *cob(b)le*; —*bestfischer*, m. fisherman; —*büß*, *f.* see —*boot*; —*berf*, n. fishing-village.

Fifcherel, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) fishing; fishery; 2) right of fishing; die *große* —, deep-sea-fishery; —*gebet*, n. fish-range, fishery.

Fifcher... in comp. —*fischfänger*, m. see —*boot*; —*fall*, m. *Ornith.* fish-hawk (*Fundulus haliaetus* L., *Fisch*, *Entenadler*); —*garn*, —*nitz*, n. fishing-net; sweep-net, drag-net; trammel, casting-net; —*gerüst*, n. fishing-tackle; —*gerechtsame*, *f.* right or privilege of fishing, piscary; —*hütte*, *f.* fisherman's hut; —*kunne*, *f.* company of fishermen; fishmongers' company; —*lauch*, n. fisher-boat; —*lauf*, m., —*reise*, *f.* see *Fischreise*; —*platz*, m. fisher-place, fisher-town; —*ring*, m. papal seal on which St. Peter is represented as a fisherman; —*schiff*, *f.* mock fight of fishermen performed in their boats; —*schiff*, m. *Mar.* timber-hulk; —*weibe*, *f.* see *Fischweibe*; —*zug*, n. fishing-tackle.

Fifch... in comp. —*effend*, *adj.* see *Fifcheffend*; —*effen*, m. ichthyophagist; —*fang*, m. fishing, catching of fishes, fishery; —*fängerbarm*, m. *Bot.* (Jamaica) dogwood-tree (*Flacida erythrina*); —*fisch*, n. fish-tan, fish-tub; —*fischchen*, n. kit; —*fische*, *f.* fish; —*fische*, *f.* see —*fängerbarm*; —*gabel*, *f.* fishing-fork; —*gellerte*, *f.* fish-jelly; —*garn*, n. see *Fifchgeru*; —*geret*, m. see *Fischgabel*; —*gerüst*, n. see —*zug*; —*gerechtsame*, *f.* see —*recht*; —*gerüst*, n. see —*reife*; —*geruch*, m. fishy smell; —*geschmack*, m. fishy taste; —*gläser*, n. pl. glass vases for (gold-)fishes; —*grüße*, *f.* fish-bone; —*grüntraberbaum*, m. *Arct.* herring-bone-work; —*habicht*, m. see *Fischhabicht*; —*häger*, m. see —*reiter*; —*haken*, m. fish-hook; —*hütter*, m. 1) fish-pond, weir; 2) see —*faßen*; —*hümen*, m. little net, hand-net, catfisher; —*hübel*, m. fish-dealing, fish-trade; —*hübler*, m. fishmonger; —*hänge*, *f.* Lock-smell. French kings, *cf.* *Fifche*, 1; —*hant*, *f.* fishskin; shagreen; —*hager*, m. warrenor.

Fifchhüt, Fifchhüt, adj. — *fischhütten*, see *Fifchhütten*.

Fifch... in comp. —*faßen*, m. cauf; —*felde*, *f.* fish-alice, fish-trowel; —*teffel*, m.

fish-kettle; —*fleter*, m., —*flemer*, *f.* *Ichth.* gill, fish-car; —*föber*, m. bait for fishes; —*föfch*, m. croel, fish-basket; —*föfcher*, m. pl. Indian berries (berries of *Cocculus suberbus* D. C.); —*föfcherre*, *f.* *Bot.* a species of mullein (*Verbascum phlomoides* L.); —*fram*, m. fish-dealing; —*frümer*, m. fishmonger; —*fügel*, *f.* pl. see —*gläser*; —*fimmel*, m. cummin-seed (of *Ommium cyminum* L.); —*fünbe*, *f.* ichthyology; —*fünbige*, —*fünner*, m. ichthyologist; —*fäth*, —*fäth*, m. spawn; —*fäth*, *f.* fish-brine; —*fäth*, *f.* see —*fünbe*; —*fäth*, m. *Pharm.* fish-glass, isinglass, ichthyocol(la); —*fäthgumm*, n. sarcocoll; —*fäthel*, m. fish-ladle; —*marft*, m. fish-market; —*manst*, n. see *Schwimm-schnecke*; —*meißer*, m. master of a fishery, master-fisher; —*meß*, *f.* *Ornith.* the lesser tern or sea-swallow (*Sterna minuta* L.); —*milch*, *f.* milk, soft roe; —*monat*, m. †, January; —*mondfame*, m. *Bot.* jagged moon-seed, Indian berry (—*törner*); —*münze*, *f.* *Bot.* water-calaminth (*Monarda aquatica* L.); —*nitz*, n. 1) see *Fifchgeru*; 2) *Mar.* sweep-net; —*öfch*, n. fish-ear, gill; —*öl*, n. fish-oil, train-oil; —*ordnung*, *f.* fishing-regulations; —*otter*, *f.* *Zool.* otter (*Lutra vulgaris* Erxleben); —*plafel*, m. otter's hair pencil; —*raffel*, *f.* raffle-net; —*recht*, n. the right or liberty of fishing, piscary; —*reiß*, *adj.* abounding with fish, fishy; —*reißer*, m. *Ornith.* heron (*Ardea cinerea* L.); —*rense*, *f.* wool (a snare made of twigs for catching fish), bow-net; —*rogen*, m. spawn, fry, roe; —*roß*, m. double gridiron; —*sch*, m. fry, fish for brood; —*fängere*, n. pl. marine mammalia; —*fischer*, m. *Minor.* bituminous marl-slate; —*fische*, *f.* scale; —*fischpennschilling*, m. *Med.* ichthyosis; —*fische*, *f.* fish-meal; —*fisch*, m. *Pol.* ichthyolite; —*fisch*, m. spawning of fishes; —*tag*, m. 1) fishing-day; 2) *Rom.* *Cath.* fish-day; —*tau*, n. *Mar.* mooring-rope; drag-rope; —*teich*, m. fish-pond; *Law.* vivary; —*teufel*, m. *Ichth.* sea-devil (*Lophius piscatorius* L.); —*thran*, m. fish-oil, train-oil; —*trampel*, *f.* stirring-pole; —*trag*, m. fish-trough, fish-trunk.

Fifchung, (w.) f. see *Fifche*, 2.

Fifch... in comp. —*berfischung*, *f.* *Pol.* ichthyolite; —*berfischung*, *f.* crawl; —*wasser*, n. fishy water; —*warte*, *f.* drag-net, large fishing-net, seine; —*weß*, n. kiddie, fish-garth; —*weiß*, n. fish-woman, com. fish-wife; —*weibe*, *f.* common osier (*Sorbus*); —*weißer*, m. see —*teich*; —*wirtschaft*, *f.* management of fisheries; fishery; —*wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* knotted fig-wort (*Scrophularia nodosa* L.); —*zug*, m. fishing-tackle, fishing-apparatus; —*zuber*, m. fish-tub; —*zug*, m. draught, the (act of) sweeping with a net and the quantity of fishes thus taken. [fiscal, exchequer.

* **Fifch...** (indeed) m. (*Lat.*) *Law.* *Ass.* *Fifchbrüche*, (w.) *f.* (in Vienna) thieves' cant. [*Rhus collinus* L.).

Fifchholz, (str.) n. *Bot.* *tusset* (wood of *Fifch*, *str.* m. *provinc.* 1) small quick motion; 2) whispering, empty saying, tittle-tattle.

Fifchpel, Fifchperu, (w.) v. intr. coll. 1) toidget; 2) to whisper (*Fifchperu*).

Fifche (L. G. pr. fixzel), (w.) f. *Mar.* a cord of twine, yarn, &c., a haul or hauling (of yarn).

Fifcher, (str.) m. *Mar.* partner.

* **Fifcher, (w.) f.** (*Lat.*) *Surg.* fissure, crack.

Fifch, (str.) m. *vulg. fart.* — *Fifchen*, to fart.

* **Fifche, I. (w.) f.** (*Lat.*) 1) (or —*fimme*) *Mus.* fabled voice, falsest; 2) *Surg.* fistula; II. in comp. —*gefchwär*, m. fistulous ulcer; —*holz*, n. see *Fifchholz*; —*meißer*, n., —*fische*, m. syringotomy; —*fische*, m. syringotomy; —*fische*, n. pl. *Mod.* fistulana; —*Fifchfärlig*, I. or *Fifchfärlig*, *adj.* fistulous; II. *cf.* *färlig*, (w.)

f. fistulousness. — *Fifchfärlig*, (w.) *v. intr.* *Mus.* to sing a fabled tune.

Fifchfel, (w.) v. I. tr. to rub (more) backwards and forwards; II. *intr.* toidget (about).

Fifch, Fifch, (str.) m. 1) wing; 2) *Sport.* brail. [to wing.

Fifchigen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with wings, *Fifchband*, (*str.*, pl. *Fifchbänder*) n. see *Fifch*-*haben*.

Fifche, (w.) f. 1) skein, skain; 2) a wrinkle. *Fifchen*, *dimin.* *Fifchen*, (*cf.* *Fifchlein*) (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to tie up or bind into skeins; 2) *a)* to entangle (Verfischen); *b)* die *Stirne* —, to knit or wrinkle the brow; 3) to disentangle (Ruffigen).

Fifch... in comp. —*haben*, m. a piece of ribbon or thread for tying roeled yarn; —*felde*, *f.* needle-maker's file; —*hafen*, m. sieve-maker's hook; —*raße*, *f.* *Wear.* temple, weaver's littering; —*rod*, m. sieve-maker's stick; —*zeuge*, *f.* pin-maker's pincers.

* **Fifch, adj. (Lat.)** 1) fixed, firm; 2) *vulg.* quick, nimble, *cf.* *schnell*; *f.* *schnell*, *Phys.* fixed air; *f.* *schnell*, fixed idea; *f.* *schnell*, fixed capital; *f.* *schnell*, stated or regular salary, *cf.* *Stigma*; — *und fertig*, all ready, cut and dried; — *und täglich*, *Comm.* set: mach' —, *coll.* look sharp.

Fifchen, (w.) v. intr. Comm. *along*, to speculate on a fall.

Fifchtag, (str.) m. *vulg.* hocus-pocus.

Fifchfinger, adj. nimble-fingered.

* **Fifchen, (w.) v. tr. (L. Lat.)** 1) *Chem.*, &c. to fix; *fig.* 2) to settle a regular sum on ...; to appoint a stated salary for ...; 3) (mit den Augen) — to regard fixedly or steadfastly, to fix one's eyes upon ...

* **Fifchen, (w.) f.** fixation.

* **Fifch...** in comp. —*punct*, m. fixed point; —*stern*, m. *astr.* fixed star.

* **Fifchen, (str., pl. (Lat.)** *Fifchen* n. (*Lat.*) fixed or stated sum, appointed or regular salary, appointment, allowance.

Fifchwalze, (w.) f. *Wool.* fancy-roller; *Spinn.* clearer; *fig.* (*Schneidwalze*).

Fifche, (w.) f. *vulg.* mouth, anal. chape.

Fifch, I. adj. 1) flat: plain; shallow: 2) level, even: 3) *Bot.* discous (of flowers); 4) *fig.* flat, shallow, superficial: die *f.* *Bedachung*, flat roof; mit *f.* *em* *Bogen*, *Archit.* flat-arched; das *f.* *schiff*, *Archit.* (bottomed) boat; die *f.* *Stelle*, hand-*f.* flat-*f.* die *f.* *Stelle*, palm; eine *f.* *Riste*, a shallow case or box; die *f.* *Ringe*, flat of the sword; die *f.* *Heben* mit *f.* *Ringe*, they used only the flat of the sword or the sides of their swords; die *Bedachung* *des* *f.* *em* *Sandes*, the rural population; *f.* *schiff*, *Archit.* broad light; *f.* *schiff*, flat glass-lenses (of spectacles); *Mar.* *a.* die *f.* *See*, smooth or calm sea; das *f.* *Wasser*, shallow water; der *f.* *Wind*, large wind; — in den *Wind*, head to wind, right in the wind's eye; — vor dem *Winde* *legen*, den *Wind* — vor dem *Winde* *haben*, to sail right afore the wind or the wind right aft; — machen, — werden, to flat, flatten: II. (*str.*, pl. *cf.* *n.*) 1) (*N. G.*) plain (*Fifche*); 2) *Mar.* *a)* flat bottom; *b)* flat floor or bottom of a ship.

Fifch... in comp. —*blättrig*, *adj.* *Bot.*

flat-leaved, planifolious, planipetalous; —*bohrer*, m. flat auger; —*bräuner*, m. flat (lamp) burner; Lampe mit —*bräuner*, flat-wick lamp; —*beißel*, *f.* an adze with a straight edge; —*bräst*, m. flat wire.

Fifche, (w.) f. 1) flatness; 2) flat, level, plain; surface; große —, expanse; in *gleicher* — mit ..., flush or on a level with; 3) *T.* brick-axe: die — eines *Schwertes*, flat (side) of a sword; — des *Buchstabs*, *Typ.* face, eye.

Fifchfel, (str.) n. 1) anvil of goldsmiths; 2) see *Fischmetzel*.

Fifchfel, (w.) v. tr. to engrave, chase.

gourd, calabash (*Ocucurbita lagenaria* L.): — *fluriblanke*, *m.* calabash-tree (*Brescentia can- jada*): — *maßstume*, *f.* T. can-roving frame; can- frame; — *flüß*, *m.* (bottle-)label: — *flünder*, — *flüßer*, — *flüßerger*, *m.* bottle-stand; — *flüßer*, *m.* bottle-carrier, bottle-tray; — *flüß*, *m.* Neck. polyspast, (tackle) pulley, hand-screw, Jack (in a or the box).

* *Flaschmetz*, (*str.*) *n.* see *Flasget*.
Flaschmetz, (*str.*) *m.* tinman, lamp-maker.
Flascher, *m.*, *Flascherig*, *adj.* see *Flader*, *Fladerig*.

Flatter ..., *in comp.* — *aspe*, *f.* Bot. aspen (Esp); — *binse*, *f.* Bot. common soft-rush (*Juncus effusus* L.); — *eibschte*, *f.* Nat. flying dragon (*Draco volans* L.).

Flatterer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Flattergeist*; 2) *Zool.* chiropter.

Flatter ..., *in comp.* *Nat.-s.* — *füßig*, *adj.* wing-footed, aliped; — *füßter*, *m.*, — *füßige* *Thier*, *n.* pl. alipeds: — *gefl.*, *m.* 1) light-mindedness, inconstancy; 2) a person who is light-minded or fickle, inconstant person, weather-cock: — *gefl.*, *n.* see *Flittergold*.

Flatterhaft, *I. adj.* fickle, unsteady, in- constant, flighty, giddy, light-minded; (of women) flirting; II. *Flatterhaft*, (*w.*) *f.* fickle- ness, *acc.* inconstancy. *fl.*

Flatterhaub, (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* see *Flader*.
Flatterig, *adj.* 1) see *Flatterhaft*; 2) see *Fladerig*.

Flatterkäse, (*w.*) *f.* *Zool.* flying cat (*Nati- ligens*).

Flatterling, (*str.*) *m.* *Entom.* butterfly.

Flattermütze, (*w.*) *f.* *Fort.* fougade.

Flattern, (*m.*) *v. s. intr.* 1) to flit, flit, flutter, flicker; to float, stream, wave; to hang loose, to dangle; 2) to run about, rove, roam, ramble; 3) to be unsteady (flighty).

Flatter ..., *in comp.* — *pappel*, *f.* see — *aspe*; — *rafel*, *f.* see *Glacetroile*; — *rüßter*, *f.* Bot. large-leaved elm (*Ulmus effusus* Willd.); — *rafel*, *m.* floppy coat: — *flum*, *m.* see — *grist*.

Flau, *adj.* coll. 1) lukewarm; 2) a) weak, faint; stale, insipid; b) flat, flagging; c) dull, dead, inactive: *Comm.* dull or heavy of sale, heavy upon hand (of goods), flat, stale, languid, stagnant (of trade); die *Flaute* war —, the exchange was spiritless: der *Artifel* geht — ab, the article goes off heavily; die *Ge- schäfte* gehen —, trade is languishing; *Ge- würze* find *flau* —, spices are extremely flat (i. e. a heavy of sale); der *Wind* wird *flau* —, the wind grows calm.

Flauen, (*w.*) *v. s. I. tr. provinc.* & *Min.* to rise, to wash in running water; II. *intr.* to be heavy of sale; (of trade, *acc.*) to be languishing or stagnant: *cf.* *flau*, 2, c.

Flauheit, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* buddle.
Flauheit, (*w.*) *f.* flatness; *Comm.* dulness (of sale), dullness, stagnation or inanimation (of trade, *acc.*).

Flaum, (*str.*) *no pl.* *m.* 1) down; *pl.* *Bot.* villi; 2) *provinc.* suet; lard; 3) *fl.-en*, *pl.* *Sport.* bristles of the wild boar; coll. *flaum* den — *fliegen*, to coax, flatter: — *flaum*, *m.* see *Flüß- bert*; — *flaum*, *f.* down-feather, pin-feather.

Flaumig, *adj.* downy; soft, tender.

Flaub, coll. *Flaub*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tuft; 2) pilot-cloth, flushing; 3) *fl.* see *Flanzen- macher*.

Flauhe, (*w.*) *f.* coll. false pretence, equivocation, shuffle, evasion, shift, *fl.* *fl.* — *macher*, *m.* a shuffler, trickster.

Flauhe, (*str.*) *pl.* *fl.-träge* *m.* *Small.* washing-trough.

Flau, (*str.*) *m.* an awkward, coarse, rude fellow, lubber, *cf.* *flieg*.

Flauhe (*pr. fläc*), (*w.*) *f.* tendon, sinew.

Flauhe ..., *in comp.* — *artig*, — *flauhe*, *adj.* see *Flauhe*; *Anal.-s.* — *bein*, *n.* see *Flauhe*; — *flaum*, *f.* coll. caul.

Flauhe, (*str.*) *adj.* like a tendon: tendonous, sinewy.

Flauhe, (*w.*) *f.* *gener.* *pl.* rush-plaiting.

Flauhe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) twist, braid, plait, tress (of hair); 2) hurdle, hamper, *cf.* *Flauhe*; 3) *Med.* herpetic eruption, herpes, tet- ter, *vulg.* ring-worm; 4) *Bot.* lichen.

Flauhe, (*str.*) *v. s. I. tr.* to braid, plait, twist, entwine; *Card.* to plash, interweave (branches, *acc.*); *ein* *Strang* —, to wreath or make a garland: *burd* or *in* *cinander* —, to interlace, entwine; *cin* *Strub* —, to make a basket: *ein* *geflochtener* *Strub*, wicker-basket; *ein* *geflochtener* *Heim* (*Flauhe*), a fence (hedge) made of plashing; *auf* *den* *Rad* —, to fasten on the wheel (a criminal); II. *refl.* 1) to plait; *Flauen* — *flau* *leicht*, rushes plait easily; 2) *fl.* to interlace, to meddle (in, with).

Flauhe ..., *in comp.* — *artig*, *adj.* 1) *Med.* herpetic; 2) partaking of the nature of lichens: — *ausflauhe*, *m.* *Med.* herpetic eruption; *Chem.-s.* — *flitter*, *n.* picrolichenine: — *erfleite*, *f.* arehii (*Arhiterfleite*); — *flure*, *f.* lichenic acid: — *flure*, *m.* lichen-starch.

Flauhe, (*str.*) *pl.* *v.* *Mar.* nettings, the shrouds and other rigging at the mast-head.

Flauhe ..., *in comp.* — *flau*, *m.* wicker-basket: — *ring*, *m.* gemel-ring; — *rafel*, *n.* cane-plaiting, bonnet-cane; — *flau*, *n.* straw-plaiting; — *flau*, *f.* osier, see *flau*; — *flau*, *pl.* wickers: — *flau*, *n.* hurdle-work, net-work, wicker-work, wattling; *Archit.*, *acc.* trellis, mat-work; — *flau*, *m.* plashed quickset-hedge.

Flau, (*str.*) *m.* 1) spot, place; piece (of land); *vom* *flau* *kommen*, to get on, to get along, stir; *gehe* *nicht* *vom* —! do not stir! *den* *rechten* — *treffen*, to hit home, to hit the (right) nail on the head; *auf* *dem* — (c), on the spot; *er* *hat* *das* *flau* *auf* *dem* *rechten* —, his heart is in the right place; 2) speck; *fl.* & *fl.* spot, stain, blot, blur; *flau*, taint, blemish; 3) a) patch, piece; blotch, tatter; *shred*; b) *Shoe-m.* heel-piece; c) *fl.*, *pl.* Cook. tripe; 4) *Tail.* patch; 5) *Med.* blotch; *fl.* speck in the eye, *fl.* — *ausflauen* *den* ..., to scour (an article of dress); — *ausflauen*, *m.* cleanser, scourer (of clothes).

Flauhe, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* *cf.* *flau*) 1) little spot; speckle; 2) little piece; patch (of ground); shred.

Flauen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) borough, country-town, market-town; 2) spot, blot, stain; blur, flaw; speck, speckle; mark; mole; macula, spot (of the sun); 3) *fl.* blemish, spot, stain, blur, flaw, taint.

Flauen, (*w.*) *v. s. I. tr.* 1) to spot, stain, speck, speckle, bespeckle; *geflaute* *Zeuge*, speckled, spotted, mottled stuffs; 2) to put a patch or heel-piece on ... II. *intr.* 1) to stain, blot; to get stained, spotted; *die* *flaute* *flaut* *leicht*, this colour soils easily; 2) (*gener.* *im- pera.*) *fl.* coll. to get on, to proceed, speed; *es* *flaut* *flau* *nicht*, he does not get on with his work.

Flauen, *I. adj.* spotless, untainted, pure; II. *fl.-ig*, (*w.*) *f.* spotlessness, *acc.* *Flauen* (*flauen*), (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* spotted snipe (*Rhychnus variegata*, *acc.*).

Flauhe, (*str.*) *adj.* († & *provinc.* *fl.*) 1) like spots, specks; 2) spotted, stained, blotched, speckled; frockly, freckled; muddy (diamond, *acc.*) hard (tin).

Flau ..., *in comp.* — *flau*, *n.* *Med.* pete- chial or spotted-fever, purples; — *flau*, — *flau*, *f.* soap-ball (to take out spots of grease, *acc.*), scouring-ball: — *flau*, *n.* strong leather for heel-places: — *flau*, *n.* scouring-stone; — *flau*, *n.* scouring-drops, benzine.

* *Flauen*, see *flauen*.

Flauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Gramm.* to inflect.

Flauen ..., *in comp.* — *flau*, *m.* *Ichth.* flying fish (*Pteropoda vulgaris* Geoffr., *Vespatillo caninus* L.); — *flau*, *f.* bat, rear-mouse, flitter-mouse (*Vespatillo murinus* L.); (die *flaute*) whiskered bat (*Vespatillo mystacinus* L.); — *flauen*, *n.* *Archit.* dormant, dormer: — *flauen*, *m.* *Ichth.* a species of angler (fishing frog) (*Nalae vespatillo* L.); die — *flauen* (*flauen*) (*flauen*) *flauen*, *n.* *pl.* *Anal.* bat- wings: — *flauen*, *n.* *Zool.* chiropter, aliped: — *flauen*, *m.* duster, goosewing for dusting, feather-broom.

Flauen, (*str.*) *v. s. I. intr.* see *flauen*; II. *tr.* 1) to beat, hide, leather; 2) to clean with a duster.

Flauen, (*str.*) *n.*, *Flaute*, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (*N. G.*) 1. (*Old Engl.* fleet) 1) a water-course, canal; 2) rill, rivulet; II. *flauen* (*flaute*); III. *T.* roll of carded wool; IV. *Mar.* all necessaries for a Greenland whale-boat; V. *Typ.* double.

Flauen (*for* *flauen*), (*str.*) *m.* 1) a swile, swingline (of a thrashing mill); 2) *vulg.* an insolent, unmannerly, impertinent, or saucy fellow, boor, churl: — *flauen*, *n.* *pl.* the years of saucy boyhood: — *flauen*, *f.* *pl.* caplins (of a thrashing-mill). — *flauen*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) insolence, impertinence, boorishness, sauciness; 2) piece of insolence, *acc.* — *flauen*, *I. adj.* insolent, unmannerly, impertinent, saucy, churlish; II. *flauen*, (*w.*) *f.* unmannerliness, *acc.* (*flauen*). — *flauen*, (*w.*) *v. s. I. tr.* 1) to thrash; 2) to call names, to abuse; II. *intr.* & *refl.* to behave churlishly, to loll about unmannerly. — *flauen*, (*str.*) *n.* see *flauen*.

Flauen, (*w.*) *v. s. I. intr.* (um *eine* *Sache* *zu* *flauen*), to pray, implore, supplicate, beseech; II. *tr.* (*l. u.*) see *flauen* & *flauen*.

Flauen, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* supplication; prayers.

Flauen, *I. adv.* suppliantly; — *flauen*, to entreat, implore, solicit, crave; II. *adj.* (occurring only in conjunction with verbal nouns) suppliant.

* *Flauen*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Engl.*) *Spinn.* flyer, (bobbin and) fly-frame (*Spindelbänf*).

Flauen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) flesh; 2) (*flau*) — meat; 3) *Bot.* pulp; parenchyma: *das* — *ciner* *flauen*, the pulp of an orange; 4) *Point.* carnation; 5) *fl.* animal nature, carnality, flesh (as opposed to the spirit); *wildes* —, *flauen*, fungous, proud, or dead flesh; *geflaute* — *flauen*, minced meat; — *flauen* *flauen*, *Comm.* cargo beef; *das* *flauen* *flauen*, quick; *ins* — *flauen*, to cut to the quick; *den* *flauen* *flauen* *flauen*, to go the way of all flesh.

Flauen ..., *in comp.* — *flauen*, *m.* offal of meat; — *flauen*, *m.* *flauen* fleshy excrescence, caruncle; — *flauen*, *f.* *gener.* *pl.* — *flauen*, *Bot.* the stalls or row, shambles; — *flauen*, *f.* *Bot.* common lady's smock, cuckoo flower (*Cardamine pratensis* L.); — *flauen*, *m.* *flauen*, sarcocole; — *flauen*, *f.* meat-broth; *flauen*, *n.* *flauen*, *flauen*.

Flauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clear of flesh: to flesh.

Flauen, (*str.*) *m.* butcher; — *flauen*, *n.* butcher's axe, cleaver; — *flauen*, *m.* butcher's boy; butcher's (journey)man: — *flauen*, *m.* coll. fruitless journey; sleeveless errand; — *flauen*, *m.* butcher's (journey)man: — *flauen*, — *flauen*, *n.* butcher's trade; — *flauen*, *n.* butcher's weight: — *flauen*, *m.* butcher's dog: — *flauen*, *m.* see — *flauen*; — *flauen*, *n.* butcher's knife; — *flauen*, *m.* butcher's stall, see *flauen*; — *flauen*, *m.* unmettled tallow; — *flauen*, *m.* *Ornith.* butcher-bird (*Yanga destructor* Temminck).

Flauen, *adj.* 1) of flesh; fleshy; 2) sensu.

Flauen ..., *in comp.* *flauen* — *flauen*, *adj.*

organ); —*capr.*, *n.* Bot. common lilac (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); —*spileter*, *m.* see —*später*; —*rod*, *m.* auto-stick; —*zug*, *m.*, —*regifter*, *m.* auto-stop (in organs). ((*Bartia bicolor* Shw.).

Flüster, (*str.*) *m.* Orniol. piping crow
* *Flüsterle*, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) squadrone, flotilla.
Flüster, (*w.*) *m.* auto-player, autist.
Flüster'n, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* to paddle (about).

Flott, *adj.* 1) swimming, afloat, floaty;
2) *fig.* a) abundant, luxurious; be ging es —
zu, there were jolly doings; b) merry, jolly,
fast; cin f-er Jollydicht, rollicky chap, gay dog;
dashing fellow: — *leben*, to lead a jolly life,
to live high or in clover; *Mar-s.* nur eben —,
water-borne; nicht —, benesped; — *liegen*,
T. floating, flushing; — *machen*, to get or set
afloat, to haul off; — *sein*, to float; *wieher* —
werden, to get off again.

Flott, *s. provinc.* 1. (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Flot-*
ten) *n.* (N. G.) 1) see *Flöß*; 2) *pl.* a) *Ship-*
corp. punts or floating stages; b) see *Flöße*, 2;
3) *Mar.* stove; 11. (*str.*) *n.* 1) cream, see
Rahm; 2) fat or grease swimming on the top.
Flotte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fleet; navy; 2) Dy. dye,
dyeing fluid; 3) *Mar.* detachment
of a squadron; 4) *captain*, *m.* captain of
the navy; (militär) post-captain; 5) *Mar.*
ret., *m.* admiral; 6) *Mar.* officer, *m.* naval officer.

* *Flottieren*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (Fr.) to float,
to waver; to fluctuate, to be uncertain (fluc-
tuieren); f-er Veröflerung, fluctuating popula-
tion (population not residing permanently at
a place); f-er Schuß, see *Schwemmben* *Schuß*.
Flott..., *in comp.* —*milch*, *f.* sheep's
milk; —*seide*, *f.* Coc. untwisted silk; —*stahl*,
m. hard steel.

Flöz, *Flöze*, (*str.*) *n.* Geol. & Miner. (—
lage, —*schicht*, *f.*) horizontal stratum, floz;
in *Fl.* in layers, stratified; —*schicht*, *f.* earthy
marl; —*ban*, *m.* Min. working of a layer; —
erz, *m.* ore in beds; —*formation*, *f.* —*gebirge*,
n. floz-formation, mountains formed in hori-
zontal layers, sedimentary rocks; —*grauit*,
m. secondary granite; —*grünstein*, *m.* dole-
rite; —*fall*, *m.* common compact lime-stone;
—*flut*, *f.* fissure in a stratum, fault; —*por-*
phyr, *m.* secondary sandstone (Stein); —*riffel*,
m. sterile lode; —*sandstein*, *m.* new red sand-
stone (Stein); —*schicht*, *see above*; —*schwarte*,
f. upper stratum of a slate quarry; —*seife*,
ade, in layers, beds, strata.

Fluch, (*str.*, *pl.* *Flüche*) *m.* 1) curse, male-
diction, imprecation, execration; blasphemy;
2) accursed person, curse; — *über dich*,
a curse upon you; damnation on thee! —*befla-*
sen, *adj.* laden with a curse, under a curse.

Fluchen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (with *Dat.* or *acc.*)
(with *Acc.*) 1) to curse, imprecate, execrate;
to swear, blaspheme; auf *Einen* —, to swear
at one; 2) *coll.* for *Schwören*, to take one's
oath (on); 11. *tr.* to wish, afflict by imprec-
cation; to swear. [*Fluchwörb.*]

Fluchenswürb., *Fluchenswürb.*, *see*
Fluchter, (*str.*) *m.* cursor, swearer, blas-
phemer. [*course* or *swear*.]

Flucht, (*str.*) *f.* 1) *Arndt*, *I. u.* disposed to
Flucht, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *T. play*, full play,
swing, scope, space, room; 2) a) straight
line: range, row; zwei Zimmer in einer —,
two rooms on one floor; b) flight of steps,
see Treppen-Flucht; 3) *Forest* break of a wood;
4) *Archit.* line of direction; 11. 1) flight;
rou; escape, run; slip; 2) *Sport*, a) flight of
birds, *cf.* *Flug*, 2; b) place of refuge, volery;
die — *ergreifen* or *nehmen*, *flü* auf die —
begeben, *see* *Flüchten*, 1; *Mar.* to shoot off,
to run or send for it; das Schiff liegt in der —,
the ship is in her sailing-trim; in die —
schlagen or treiben, to put to flight; to rout
(an army); er ist der ihm sehr in der —, *coll.*
he is afraid of his course, &c., he fears him

very much; —*ben*, *m.* *Sport*. retreat in a
kennel or burrow (of a fox, &c.).

Flücht, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (aus. *sein*) &
ref. to flee, to take to flight, run away,
escape; to fly (to), to make one's escape; 11.
tr. to save by flight, to secure.

Flüchtig, *adj.* 1) flying, fugitive; *fig.* 2) *flitting*, transient, transitory, perishable; 3) *Chem.* volatile; 4) fleet, light, nimble, easy;
fig. 5) fickle, volatile, inconstant; giddy;
6) slight, passing, cursory, hasty, flighty,
superficial, careless; vague; desultory; —
werden, *flü* — *machen*, to become fugitive,
take to flight, to abscond, run away, *coll.* to
bolt; *cin* f-er Haub, a curative or short hand;
f-er Gendarm, *Poliz.* flowing robes; *Port-s.*
f-er Befestigungsturm, *f.* temporary fortifica-
tion; — *f-er* *Cappe*, *f.* flying cap; f-er *Geist*,
Minor. brittle stone (rock); — *anschen*, to pass
one's eye over; *selbst* *cin* f-er Durchsicht des
Berichtes, even a cursory examination of the
work (will convince the reader, &c.); — *durch-*
sehen, to run over, to skim.

+ *Flüchtigen*, (*w.*) *v. ref.* *see* *Flüchten*.
Flüchtigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fugacity; 2) *Chem.*
volatility; 3) fleetness, lightness; 4) flighti-
ness, fickleness, giddiness; 5) desultoriness,
cursiveness, &c. *cf.* *Flüchtig*.

Flüchtling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) fugitive, refugee;
deserter; 2) (*l. u.*) inconstant, giddy person;
fig. (w.) *f.* (*l. u.*) state or situation of
a fugitive.

Flücht..., *in comp.* —*linie*, *f.* *Perp.* vanish-
ing line; —*recht*, *adj.* worked fair (*Mar.*,
of a wall, &c.); —*rührer*, *f.* *see* —*ben*; —*schleife*,
f. outlet-sluice; —*stübe*, *m.* *pl.* (ranging) poles,
boning rods.

Flüchtwärtig, *adj.* execrable, (as) earned.
Flüch, *adj.* *provinc.* *see* *Flügge*.

Flüßer, (*str.*) *m.* T. a course for water, a
canal, (mill-)race; —*brücke*, *f.* bridge over a
channel.

Flüßerle, (*w.*) *f.*, *Flüßerle*, (*str.*, *pl.*
Flüßerle) *m.* Orniol. alpine hedge-sparrow
(*Acrocor alpinus* L.).

Flüg, *v. I.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Flüge*) *m.* 1) the (act
of) flying; flight, soaring; *Pol.* career; 2) *flight*, flock, swarm (of birds); *Sport-s.* flight
or brood (of pigeons), cast (of hawk), nye
(of pheasants), walk (of snipes), watch (of
nightingales), bery (of quails), covey (of
partridges); *cin* — *Stücken*, a swarm of bees;
3) *Med.* licken; im *Fl.*, 1. flying, on the
wing; im *Fl.* *schlagen*, to shoot flying; 2) *fig.*
in a hurry; 11. *in comp.* —*bahn*, *f.* *Phys.* tra-
jectory (of a missile), projectile curve, range;
—*bett*, *m.* T. hidden bottom of a mill, where
the mill-dust is gathered; —*beuten*, *pl.* *Med.*
shingles; —*beutler*, *pl.* *Zool.* a genus of mar-
supials with a kind of wing-membrane (*Po-
tousus* Shw.); —*biene*, *f.* working bee; —
blatt, *m.* fugitive piece, *cf.* —*chrift*; —*baum*,
m. *Agr.* rot (in corn) (*Uredo segetum* Persoon).

Flüge, (*w.*) *f.* *Minor.* flaky stone.

Flügel, *v. I.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) *lit.* & *fig.* wing;
pinion; 2) *Mus. Instr.* *m.* grand or royal piano;
3) *Archit.* a) wing (of a building); b) a cross-
aisle (of a church), transept; 4) flap, skirt (of
a coat); 5) a) leaf valve, fold, (either side or
part of a folding door); b) casement (of a
window); *schender* —, dead sash (of a sash-
window); c) sweep (of a wind-mill); d) *Meck.*
hook, *fig.* flyer (of a spindle); e) rest (of a lath-
ing-bench); f) *aa*) wing (of a bridge); bb) leaf
or flap of a draw-bridge; 6) *Mar.*, &c. a) vane,
weather-cock; b) palm, fluke (of an anchor);
7) *Mil.* wing; — *cin* *Baute*, flap (of a woman's
cap), lappet; — (*pl.*) *der* *Rufe*, wings of the
nose; mit den *Fl.* *schlagen*, to flap the wings;
die — *hängen lassen*, *fig.* to be crestfallen, to
despond, flag; 11. *in comp.* —*adjutant*, *m.*
adjutant-major; —*artig*, *adj.* wing-like; *Anal.*

alliform; —*bahn*, *f.* branch-line (of a railway);
—*bauer*, *m.* maker of grand pianos; —*blume*,
f. see *Schmetterlingsblume*.

Flügelchen, *Flügelchen*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.*
of *Flügel*) little wing, winglet.

Flügel..., *in comp.* —*bede*, *f.* *Entom.*
wing-case, wing-shell; mit —*beden* *verfähen*,
sheath-winged, sharded, coleopterous, cole-
opteral; —*fenster*, *n.* casement-window, French
window; —*förmig*, *adj.* having the form of a
wing, wing-like, alliform (process, &c.); —
förmig, *m.* *Anal.* pterygoid (wing-like) pro-
cess of the sphenoid bone; —*frucht*, *f.* *Bot.*
winged fruit; —*fruchtbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* dragon's
blood-tree (*Pterocarpus draco* L.); —*fischer*,
m. *pl.* fin-footed molluscs; —*fische*, *f.* cap
with lappets; pinner; —*fied*, *m.* *Mar.* vane-
board, vane-stock; —*horn*, *n.* 1) *Mus.* bagle
(horn); 2) *see* —*schmidt*; —*hut*, *m.* hat with
wing (of the god Mercury).

Flügelig, *adj.* winged, having wings.
Flügel..., *in comp.* —*flügel*, *m.* body of a
grand piano; —*flügel*, *m.* *Meck.* wing-boiler;
—*flügel*, *n.* a frock or child's dress with lappets;
a juvenile light dress; —*flügel*, *m.* *Mar.* acorn;
—*flügel*, *m.*, —*flügelchen*, *n.* *Entom.* balnear,
poise, poison (of *Diptera*), *pl.* *halleria*; —*flügel*,
adj. with lamed wings; —*lauf*, *m.* rapid course.

Flügellos, *adj.* wingless.

Flügel..., *in comp.* —*mann*, *m.* *Mil.* al-
leader, bugelman; —*mauer*, *f.* wing-wall; —
muskel, *m.* *Anal.* pterygoid muscle; —*mutter*,
f. nut (of a winged screw); —*schäpe*, *f.* *see* —
baute.

Flügel, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wing; 1) *see* *Be-*
flügeln; *geschl.*, *p. a.* winged; 2) *Sport.* to
wound in the wing.

Flügel..., *in comp.* —*nerve*, *f.* *Anal.*
pterygoid nerve; —*ort*, *m.* *Min.* level; —*paar*,
n. pair of wings; —*perle*, *raß*, *n.* *Or.* *Myth.*
winged horse, flying horse, Pegasus; —
ratmen, *m.* 1) wing-frame; 2) top-frame; —
schert, *f.* *see* —*hed*; —*schleife*, *f.* *see* —*bede*; —
schlag, *m.* the flapping motion of the wings;
wing-stroke; —*schlagader*, *f.* *Anal.* pterygoid
artery; —*schnecke*, *f.* screw-shell; —*schnecke*,
adj. on wings of speed, (wing-)swift; —
schnecke, *f.* swiftness of wings; —*schraube*, *f.*
winged screw; —*spinn*, *m.* vane-spindle; —
spitze, *f.* tip, point, or apex of the wing; pinion;
—*stange*, *f.* —*stahl*, *m.* vane-spindle; —*stern*,
n. folding-gate; —*thür*, *f.* folding-door; —
tanne, *f.* buoy with a vane; —*tuch*, *m.* sails
(of a wind-mill); —*weiler*, *f.* *Archit.* top-rail
of a window-valve; —*weife*, *f.* the axle-tree
of a windmill's sweeps; —*wert*, *n.* fowl,
poultry, *see* *Geßfägel*.

Flüg..., *in comp.* —*fertig*, *adj.* 1) ready
to fly; 2) *fig.* in a great hurry; —*fener*, *n.*
sheets of flames (grown intense by burning
combustibles) spreading (in) a conflagration;
flüch, *m.* flying ash (der fliegende *Flüch*).

Flügge, *adj.* flogged, furnished with
feathers.

Flüg..., *in comp.* —*geflügel*, *n.* *see* *Flügel*;
—*heiser*, *m.* wild oats (*Avena sativa*
L.); —*haut*, *f.* wing-membrane (of the flying
squirrel, bat, &c.); —*hörnchen*, *n.* *Zool.* *see* *bat*
fliegende *Gießhörnchen*; —*kraft*, *f.* the power of
flying, faculty of flight; —*loch*, *n.* 1) opening
entrance in the bee-hive; 2) pigeon-hole; —
maschine, *f.* flying-machine; —*schel*, *n.* mill-
dust; —*schel*, *m.* quick-sand, drifts of sand,
moving sand; —*schleichen*, *n.* *Sport.* (the act
of) shooting (birds) while flying, to wing;
—*schiff*, *n.* brigantine, cutter; —*schnecke*, *adj.*
swift (as lightning); —*schritt*, *f.* pamphlet; —
schritt, *f.* —*schrittschreiber*, *m.* pamphletor;
—*tanne*, *f.* *see* *Geßtaube*; —*thür*, *f.* slide for
closing the —*loch*, which *see*; —*wetter*, *n.*
(sea-)spray; —*wert*, *n.* *Thom.* *see* —*maidine*;
—*zeit*, *f.* flight-time (of migratory birds).

any goods; —*jahr*, *n.* subsequent year; —*leistung*, *f.* (ready) obedience.

Folgen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) (*with Dat.*) 1) to follow, attend; 2) to succeed; 3) to follow, ensue, result (*aus, from*), to be the consequence (*of*); 4) (*aus, haben*) to obey; to follow, to be guided by, to listen to; —*lassen*, *see* *Befolgen* lassen; *seinen Züßern* —, to indulge one's desires; *seinem Kopfe* —, to follow one's bent or inclination, to persist in (*or* to adhere pertinaciously to) one's own opinion, to be obstinately bent on one's purpose; *dem Strom* —, to go, swim with or down the stream; *dem Strom der öffentlichen Meinung* —, to yield to the current of public opinion; (*lautend* *ic.*) *wie folgt*, as follows; —*Eie mir*, take or follow my advice, do as I would have you; *seinem Glücke* —, to take one's fortune; *Fortsetzung folgt*, to be continued; *dem Wunsch folgt der Gedanke*, the wish is father to the thought; *was folgt daraus?* what then? *f-d*, *p. a.* following, ensuing, *ic.*, subsequent; *auf einander f-d*, successive, consecutive; *am f-ten Tage*, the day following or after, the next day; *f-de Woche*, next week.

Folgendergestalt, *Folgendermaßen*, *adv.* in the following manner, as follows.

Folgebis, *adv. t.* afterwards, in future.

Folgebis, *adv.* without any consequences, of no effect.

Folgerisch, *Folgerschwer*, *adj.* of important consequences, results.

Folger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) follower; 2) successor; 3) *T. & Ford.* a sliding-plate in the balance; *Rope-m. looper, leader.*

Folgerdrit, *adv.* in due succession, by order of succession: consequent, consequential; consistent, logical.

Folgerel, (*w.*) *f.* the (act or practice of) drawing false conclusions or inferences, false or useless reasoning.

Folge ..., *in comp.* —*reihe*, *f.* order of succession: series; —*richtig*, *see* —*recht*; —*richtigkeit*, *f.* right logical consequence, congruity.

Folgeru, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to infer, conclude (*aus, from*): to reason; *falsch* —, to draw a false inference, to misinfer.

Folgerung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) inferring, *ic.*; 2) conclusion, induction, implication: inference, consequence; *büß* —, by induction, *ic.*, inductively: *clue* — *machen*, *ziehen*, to draw a conclusion, inference, or argument; *auf* — *beruhen*, inferential; *f-falsch*, *m.* deduction, conclusion, corollary; *f-weise*, *adv.* inductively, inferentially.

Folge ..., *in comp.* —*lag*, *m.* deduction, conclusion, *Math.* porism; —*fern*, *m.* Astr. satellite; —*weit*, *f.* *see* *Reichweit*; —*widrig*, *adj.* inconsequent, incoherent; inconsistent; —*widrigkeit*, *f.* inconsequence, *ic.*; —*zeiger*, *m.* Typ. catchword (at the bottom of a page); —*zeit*, *f.* time to come, futurity, aftertimes, afterdays.

Folglich, *adv.* consequently, by (in) consequence, of course, therefore.

Folgsam, *I. adj.* obedient, tractable, complying, pliant, dutiful; II. *f-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* obedience, tractableness, pliancy, complying disposition.

* *Foliant*, (*w.*) *m.* (*from* *folio*) *folio* (-volume), book in folio. — *Folte*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.* *foli*; (*in* *Wingen*) *tant*; mit — *belegen*, to foliate, silver: *einer Seite (Dat.) eine* — *geben*, *sg.* to set a thing off: *f-nächster*, *m.* T. (leaf-)beater. — *Folli'ren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to page: *folliert*, *Comm.* folioed; 2) to foliate (*mit* *folie* *befegen*). — *Folli'ring*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) paging; 2) foliation.

* *Folli's*, (*adv.* *pl.* *f-d*) *n.* 1) *a)* (*from* the *Lat.* in folio, of the size of a sheet of paper

once folded) *folio*, large page; *b)* (*or* —*format*) *folio*; *ein Buch in* —*(format)*, a folio (-book); 2) (*Ital.* *folio*) leaf, page (in an account-book); *ein* — *in der Bank haben*, *Comm.* to have an account at the bank.

Folter, (*w.*) *f.* 1) rack: 2) *sg.* torture, torment; *auf die* — *spannen* or *legen*, to put to the rack; —*bank*, *f.* rack; —*geräth*, *n.*, —*instrument*, *n.* instrument of torture; —*kammer*, *f.* torture-chamber; —*nacht*, *m.* *see* *Folterer*; —*pein*, —*qual*, *f.* racking torture, agony.

Folterer, (*adv.*) *m.* torturer, tormenter.

Foltern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put to the rack; to torture, torment; *f-d*, *p. a.* torturing, *ic.*, excruciating.

* *Foment*, (*adv.*) *n.* fomentation, warm lotion. — *Fomentiren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to foment.

* *Fond* (*pr. fong*), (*adv.* *pl.* *Fonds*) *m.* (*Fr.*) 1) funds: *a)* (capital) stock, capital; *b)* (public) funds, state papers; — *im Handel*, stock in trade; 2) *sg.* fund, ample stock or store. — *Fonds*, *m. pl.* funds, *see* *Fond*; —*anweisung*, *f.* appropriation; —*besitzer*, *m.* stock-holder, capitalist; —*börse*, *f.* stock-exchange; —*geschäfte*, *n. pl.* exchange-business; —*händler*, *m.* *see* *Wirtshändler*; —*müller*, *m.* stock-broker; —*markt*, *m.* *see* —*börse*; —*speculant*, *m.* speculator in the funds.

* *Fontaine* (*pr. fontä'ne*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) (artificial) fountain, jet.

* *Fontanel*, (*adv.*) *n.*, *Fontanelle*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.* *Lat.*) 1) *Swy.* fontanel, issue, suture; *Vel.* rowel; *ein* — *anlegen* or *setzen*, to apply a fontanel; 2) *Anat.* fontanel: —*erthe*, *f.*, —*fingelfen*, *n.* issue-peg; —*papier*, *n.* issue-paper; —*plaster*, *n.* issue-plaster.

Fop'ern (*démin.* *föp'ern*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sop, jeer, banter, rally. — *Fopperel*, (*w.*) *f.* banter, jeering, hoax.

* *Force* (*pr. fôr'ce*, *coll.* *for'shê*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) force: 2) *Gam.* highest card of a suit.

Forche, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* *fir* (*föhre*).

* *Forciren* (*pr. for'si'*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) to force: 1) to compel; 2) to take by force or violence; 3) to overdo, over-urge.

† *Förder*, *adv.* further, further, *see* *Fürder*. *Förder* ..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* —*bahn*, *f.* road belonging to a mine: tram-way; —*bampfmaschine*, *f.* drawing-engine.

Förderer, (*adv.*) *m.* demander, *ic.*, *dun.* *Förderer*, (*adv.*) *m.* furtherer (*Beförderer*). *Förderfahrt*, (*w.*) *f.* hurrying-way.

Fördergeiß, (*adv.*) *n.* skip, gin-tub.

Förderjunge, (*w.*) *m.* putter, trammer.

Förderlich, *I. adj.* 1) (*with* *Dat.*) furthering, conducive (to), promoting, useful, serviceable, beneficial; 2) speedy; *auf das f-ste*, in the speediest manner; II. *f-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* conduciveness, *ic.*

Förder ..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* —*mann*, *m.* putter, trammer; —*maschine*, *f.* machine whim.

Fördern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to demand, ask (*vou, of*), desire, call for; 2) to require; to claim; 3) *coll.* *see* *Forderung*; *wet an mich zu* — *hat*, whoever has claims on me; *die Grafen hatten an freie Männer nichts zu* — (*J. v. Müller*), the Counts had to advance no claims on free men; *einen Preis* —, to ask a price; *zu viel* —, to be exacting in the price, to ask out of the way, to overcharge; *bringen* or *heftig* —, to crave; *zu trinken* —, to call for drink; *gewaltsam* —, to exact; *vor Gericht* —, to summon before a court; to serve summons upon...; *Rechenhaft von einem* —, or *zur Rechenhaft* —, to call one to account; — *lassen*, *I.* to send for; to summon; 2. to send a challenge; *auf Augen* —, to challenge with pistols.

Förbern, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to further, assist, promote, advance; 2) to dispatch; *zu Tage* —, 1. to bring to day, or light; 2. *Min.* to draw

up (the shaft), to raise; *zur Sprache* —, to make a subject of discourse; II. *ref.* to make good speed; III. *impers.* *es fôrbert*, it speeds, succeeds.

[*L. w.*] *see* *Förderung*.

Förderlich, (*adv.*) *n.* (*Orism.* *WB.* VII. *ic.*)

Förderlich, (*adv.*) *n.* *see* *Förderung*.

Förderlosigkeiten, (*adv.*) *m.* *Min.* tram.

Förderlich, *adj.* 1) *see* *Förderlich*; 2) *Low.* expeditions, speedy; *f-f*, *adv.* with the greatest possible speed, as quick as possible.

Förder ..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* —*schacht*, *n.* wind-hatch, whim- or engine-shaft; —*seil*, *n.* rope used in mines.

Forderung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a)* demand, claim (*an* (*with* *Acc.*), upon); *haben Sie irgend eine* — *an mich?* have you any claim upon me? *b)* pretension; 2) requirement, requisition; 3) challenge; *bringende* —, craving; *gemalt-same* —, exaction; — *vor Gericht*, summons. *f-falsch*, *m.* *Log.* postulate.

Förderung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Min.* the (act of) drawing up (the shaft), hauling; *ent-pu*; 2) furtherance, promotion; *f-falsch*, *f.* *see* *Fördermaschine*.

Förder ..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* —*weil*, *n.* miners employed in drawing up the shaft; —*wagen*, *m.* tram.

Förste, (*w.*) *f.* *Lith.* trout (*Salmo fario* L.); *die große* —, bull trout (*Salmo trutta* L.).

Försten ..., *in comp.* *Min-s.* —*bach*, *m.* trout-stream; —*fang*, *m.* trout fishing; —*fische*, *f.* *agriot*, a sour or tart kind of cherry; —*feld*, *m.* spotted headed lettuce; —*fischmael*, *m.* *Spord.* trout-coloured horse.

Förte, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* pitchfork.

Förfe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Kunst.* to transfix with the antlers (said of harts).

Förle, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* *fir* (*föhre*).

Form, (*w.*) *f.* 1) form; figure, shape; frame; make, fashion; 2) *Typ.*, *ic.* form, chase; pattern, model; 3) *T.* (*Üß*—) mould, ingot, cast; 4) *Math.*, *ic.* block, last; 5) *T.* iron or copper-beck of the bellows; 6) *Gramm.* mood; 7) *sg.* form, manner, turn; *Typ-s.* *die* ausgebrüdt —, the form worked off; *die* —*richtig*, to dress the form; *die* *loste* (*abgelegt*) —, naked form; *die* *Colommen* in *die* —*bringen*, to impose a form; *die* *verfchöner* —, broken letter (or matter); *die* —*klaffen*, to plain down; *über die* — *schlagen*, to block (hats, *ic.*); *der* — *nach*, in form; *gegen* *o* *wider die* (*vergeschriebene*) —, informally, not in legal form; *der* — *wegen*, for form's sake, formal (robako, *ic.*); in *aller* or *gehöriger* —, in (due) form.

* *Formal*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) formal. — *Formal-sien*, *pl.* formalities, set rules. — *Formal-siren*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to formulate; II. *intr.* to affect formality; III. *ref.* (*Wieland*, *I. u.*) to find fault (*über* (*with* *Acc.*), with). — *Formalitäts*, (*w.*) *f.* formality; *f-ern*, forms (of a court), proceedings (of law); *f-custriener*, *m.* formalist.

Formarbeit, (*w.*) *f.* T. mould-making; cast-work.

* *Formit*, (*adv.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) *sine* (of a book); in *schönum* — (*von* *Indigo*), *Comm.* in fine squares (of indigo); *Typ-s.* 2) furniture; *das* — *über die* *Form* (*legen*, to dress the chase; —*bilner*, *m.* impositor; —*bilnung*, *f.* (the act of) imposing; —*busch*, *m.* *see* *book*; —*quadrat*, *m. pl.* quadrates.

* *Formitaw*, (*w.*) *f.* formation; (geological) system, group.

Form ..., (*from* *Formen* & *Form*), *in comp.* —*band*, *n.* hatter's pack-thread; —*band*, *f. f.* 1) moulding-lathe; 2) *or* —*bafter*, *m.* *band* trestle.

Formbar, *adj.* that may be formed, mould-

Form ..., (*from* *Formen* & *Form*), *in comp.* —*belleitune*, *f.* Pound. coat; —*beisen*, *n.* Pound. bolt; —*brtt*, *n.* frame-board; mould-

board; —braut, m. T. mould-wire; —clustertanz, f. Typ. imposing; —eisen, n. round bodkin for hollowing bullet-moulds.

* **Formel**, (w.) f. (Lat.) *Math.* rule, (set) form, formula; —buch, n. formulaary.

* **Formell**, adj. (Pr.) formal.

Formen, (w.) v. tr. to form; to mould, model, fashion, figure, frame, shape, make; *Halt.* to put upon the block.

Formen..., in comp. —brett, n. see **Formbrett**; —gießer, m. see **Formgießer**; —lehre, f. T. that part of grammar which treats of the formation and inflection of words, etymology; —messer, m. form-cutter, mould-maker; —mantel, m. see **Formbekleidung**; —schneider, m. see **Formschneider**; —trog, m. *Sag-u.* filling-trough; —wesen, n. formalism; formalities.

Formen, (str.) m. moulder, &c.

Formerte, (w.) f. T. moulding-clay.

Formert, (w.) f. 1) or **Formertel**, (act of) moulding; 2) moulding-house.

Form..., (from **Formen** & **Form**), in comp. —erg, n. rich silver-ore; —fächer, m. miner's hammer or pickaxe; —fächer, m. *Law*, &c. in-formality, flaw; —fütter, f. futteral, n. T. mantle, coat; —gebend, adj. formative (power, &c.); —gebung, f. fashioning; —gewölbe, n. *Masch.* twyer-arch; —gießer, m. moulder in brass, &c.; —gügel, m. see —gürt; —güß, m. T. tool used in cleaning towels; —hammer, m. gold-beater's hammer; —holz, n. frame-board. [shape: fächer-, fan-shaped.]

Formig, adj. in comp. having a form or **Formstücken**, (str.) m. square-rule.

Formieren, (w.) v. (Lat.) tr. (d. *rept. Mil.*, &c.) to form; to fortify; (in book-keeping) to post articles of account: sich in **Formen** —, *Mil.* to fall in.

Form..., (from **Formen** & **Form**), in comp. —fappe, f. T. shell of a mould; —fapp, m. wig-maker's block; —fägel, f. (iron) form-ball; —fasser, f. art of making moulds for casting; —fasse, f. moulding-table; —fäsm, m. see —erbe; —fäste, f. see **Formenleiste**.

Formlich, I. adj. 1) formal, ceremonial, stiff; punctilious; proper; 2) plain, express: eine f-e **Erklärung**, a pitched or regular battle; eine f-e **Erklärung**, downright lie; eine f-e **Erklärung**, declaration in form; II. adv. formally, in due form: er hatte es — darauf abgeben, it was evidently his intention; III. **Formlich**, (w.) f. formality.

Formlos, adj. formless, rude, shapeless.

Formlosigkeit, (w.) f. formlessness, rude state, shapelessness.

Form..., (from **Formen** & **Form**), in comp. —macher, —meister, m. see **Formenmacher**; —maße, f. seam (of castings); blister (upon clay-pipes, &c.); —preße, f. gold-beater's press; —rahmen, m. Typ. chase; *Paper-m.* frame; —sand, m. moulding sand; —schiffe, f. upper part of a potter's wheel; —schneider, n. form-engraving, print-cutting; —schneider, n. form-cutter, stamp-cutter; *Paper-m.* framer; —schrot, m. mould-shot; —span, m. Typ. register; —spatz, m. *Mis.* moulding-spar; —steden, —steden, see —schneider; —schneider; —steden, m. Pl. Typ. furniture; —stein, m. —stiel, n. T. form-piece (in a blast or smelting furnace); —stampel, m. *Booth.* flourishing tool; —stiel, m. glove's forming-stick; —stiel, m. clearing iron (for the pipes of the bellows in foundation); —stiel, m. *Chem.* mould-frame.

* **Formular**, (str.) n. (Lat.) (set) form, formula, specimen; *Law*, precedent; —buch, n. precedent book.

* **Formulieren**, (w.) v. tr. to draw up (a contract, &c.); cine **Formel** —, to set forth a subject of complaint.

Form..., (from **Formen** & **Form**), in comp. —waren, f. pl. *Comm.* figured articles, fancy-

articles, fashioned goods; —wechsel, m. *Comm.* accommodation-bill.

* **Forisch**, adj. *Stud. slang*, 1) vigorous, sound; hardy, sturdy; powerful, strong; 2) rough, forcible; violent, coarse.

Forisch..., (from **Forischen**), in comp. —begierig, f. inquisitiveness, curiosity, thirst of knowledge; —begierig, adj. inquisitive, curious; —eisen, (L. u.) n. *Surg.* probe (sonde).

Forischen, (w.) v. intr. to search (nach, for, after), inquire (after, into), to examine (into); to investigate: (in an ill sense) to pry (into); tief —, to scrutinise: Einer der nach Wahrheit forschet, a seeker of truth; bei Einem —, to sound, coll. pump a person; f-b, p. a searching, inquisitive (look, &c.); ein forschender Blick, a keen look of scrutiny.

Forischer, (str.) m. inquirer, searcher, investigator; —blick, m. look, eye of an inquirer; searching glance; —geist, m. spirit of an inquirer, inquiring mind; —flut, m. see **Forischbegier**.

Forischtraft, (str.) pl. f. (trüfte) f. sagacity. **Forischung**, (w.) f. inquiry, disquisition, investigation, research; f-geist, m. spirit of inquiry.

A. **Forst**, (str.) m. (pl. **Forste**) see **Forst**.

B. **Forst**, (str.) pl. f. u. **Forste** or **Forste**, *genus* u. **Forsten** m. forest.

Forst..., in comp. —academie, f. see —schule; —amt, n. forest-office, office of woods and forests; —anweisung, n. taxation, valuation of a forest; —anwieser, m. agistor, keeper of a forest; —beamtete, m. officer of the forest; —bediente, m. forester's assistant; —begang, —beauf, —beritt, m. see —revier; —beritter, m. mounted forest-inspector; —begleit, m. forest-district; —buch, n. 1) book about forest-matters; 2) code of forest-laws; —casse, f. office of the forest-revenues; —dienst, m. 1) see —forstner; 2) employment or office in the forest; —direction, f. forest-board.

Forsterei, (w.) f. 1) see **Forstrevier**; 2) see **Forstlich**, adj. relating to a forest-district or forest-house.

Forsten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to afforest (**Forstern**); 2) see **Einforsten**.

Forster, (str.) m. forest-keeper, keeper, under-keeper, forester, warden; ranger.

Forsterei, (w.) f. 1) ranger's district or place; 2) ranger's house, forest-house; 3) woodman's craft (**Forsterei**).

Forst..., in comp. —frevel, m. trespass or infringement of the forest-laws; rape of the forest, assault; —frucht, f. forest-average or day's-work; —gebühren, f. pl. fees or dues to be paid to a forester; —gefälle, n. revenue arising from forests; —geräume, n. glade, piece of forest-land cleared; —gerecht, adj. 1) skilled in forest-matters; 2) properly kept (of a forest); —gerechtigkeit, f. see —recht, 1; —gericht, n. forest-court, court of attachment. † woodmote, swalmote; —gerichtsbarkeit, f. jurisdiction of a forest-court; —gesetz, n. forest-law; —haus, n. forest-house, house of a forester or ranger; —herr, m. free-holder of a forest; —hufe, —hufe, f. forest's district or extent; —hut, f. inspection of a forest; —hüter, m. keeper of a forest, wood-ward, forester's assistant.

Forstlich, I. adj. see **Forstlich**; II. **Forstlich**, (w.) f. 1) see **Forstrevier**; 2) see **Forstgericht**.

Forst..., in comp. —inspector, m. ranger of a forest; —kasse, see —casse; —knecht, m. see —hüter; —kunde, f. knowledge or science of forestry; —kunde, adj. having a knowledge of forestry; —künstler, m. see —hüter; —lehre, f. see —academie.

Forstlich, adj. relating or belonging to a forest; f-e Angelegenheiten, forest-matters.

Forst..., in comp. —mann, m. a person experienced in the concerns of a forest; forester; —mäßig, adj. according to the rules for the management of forests; —marmor, m. *Minor.* forest-marble; —meister, m. ranger, ranger (an officer or overseer) of the forests; —meister, f. see —jäger; —nutzung, f. usufruct and profits of a forest; —ordnung, f. regulation of forests; —pfennig, m. see —jäger; —rat, m. counsellor to a forest-board; —recht, n. 1) the proprietorship of a forest; 2) forest laws (collectively), forest-law; —rechtlich, adj. that relates to the forest-laws; —regal, n. sovereign right over a forest; —regel, f. see —ordnung; —revier, n. forest-district; —richter, m. judge in forest-concerns, ranger; —rührer, f. ridge-tree (*Hainbaum*); —rüge, f. 1) see —gericht; 2) court-day of the forest-court; 3) presentment certified from the court of attachment against offences in vert and venison; —schäfer, f. forest-concern; —schäfer, f. boundary-pillar of a forest; —schreiber, m. forest-clerk; forest-secretary; —schule, f. an academy for forest-concerns; —schüler, m. a student of forest-concerns; —secretär, m. see —schreiber; —stein, m. see —säule; —verbreiten, —verbreiten, m. see —forst; —verwalter, m. steward of the forest; ranger; —verwaltung, f. 1) management or stewardship of woods and forests; 2) forest-board; —wächter, m. wood-ward; —wesen, n. every thing relating to the cultivation, management, &c. of forests; —wiese, f. (forest-) glade; —wirt, m. see —mann; —wirthschaft, f. management of the forests; *Wochenblatt für Land- und Wirthschaft*, a weekly paper of agriculture and forest-matters; —wissen, f. science of cultivating and managing forests; —wissen, f. science of forests; —wissen, adj. relating or belonging to the science of forests; —zeichen, n. mark on trees to be felled.

Forstziegel, (str.) m. (from **Forst**, A.) T. ridge-tile (*Forstziegel*); **Forst- und Gratziegel**, pl. ridge-and-hip tile.

Forst..., in comp. —jagd, m. rent paid for the use of a forest or part of it; —jagd, m. see —jäger.

Forst, I. adv. 1) on, onward(s), forward, along; 2) away, off, gone, cf. **Weg**; 3) continually; er ist schon —, he is already gone; all mein Geld ist —, all my money is spent; — ist —, gone is gone; und so —, and so forth; — und —, on and on, continually, in **Einem** —, continuously, continually; er lachte in **Einem** —, he continued or kept laughing (all the time); II. *interj.* off! begone! hence! got you gone! — mit dir! away with thee, out with thee! begone!

* **Forst** [pr. **for**], (str., pl. **Forste**) n. (Pr.) fort, small fortress, fortification.

Forst, in comp. expresses 1) onward movement: on, onward, forward, &c.; 2) separation: away, off (in this case it is equivalent to **Weg**, which may be compared); 3) continuation, when it is rendered by the verb to continue or to keep, f. i. c. **regnet** —, it continues to rain; —setzen, to continue ploughing; —an, adv. from this time, hence forth, hence-forward; —arbeiten, v. I. *intr.* to continue to work, to continue or go on working; II. *refl.* to work one's way; —setzen, to continue in one's speech; —athmen, to continue to breathe, to continue in breath; —setzen, —setzen, —setzen, to continue bathing, wrestling, &c.; —bannen, to banish or drive away; to exercise, lay, expel (evil spirits); —ben, m. prosecution of building; —bauen, to build on *Mis.* to continue working a mine; —bannen, v. *intr.* Sport. to leap from tree to tree; —begeben, sich, to go away or off; to depart, leave; —schicken, v. I. *intr.*

to continue biting; II. *tr.* to drive away by biting; —*beßen*, —*setzen* *tc.*, to continue barking, praying, *tc.*; —*beſſen*, I. (*str.*) *v. intrans.* to continue; die Firma wird —*beſſen*, the firm will be continued; II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.*, or —*beſtand*, (*str.*) *m.* continuance, *cf.* —*baure*; ſich —*beſſen*, to get along by bogging; —*bewegen*, *v. tr. & refl.* 1) to move on; 2) to remove, see *Bewegungen*; 3) to continue or keep moving; —*bewegung*, *f.* locomotion; progressive motion, progression; die —*bewegung* des Sonnenſystems, *astr.* translation of the solar system; —*bleiben*, —*ſitzen*, —*ſtehen*, to continue to bid, to continue one's education, to continue to beg; —*bleiben*, to stay away, *Ac.* see *Begleichen*; —*bläſen*, —*blühen*, —*bluten*, —*bräunen* *tc.*, to continue blowing, blossoming, bleeding, using, *tc.*; —*bräunen*, to roast on; to rush away; —*breiten*, *v. tr. & refl.* to spread; —*bringen*, *v. I. & tr.* 1) to carry away, to remove, transport, convey; 2) to rear, to bring up (plants); 3) *fig.* to help on; II. *refl.* to make one's way, to get on; to make one's livelihood; ſich eifrig —*bringen*, to make an honest living; —*bringlich*, *adj.* removable, conveyable, transportable; —*brumpfen*, to smoke on; to steam away; to evaporate; —*dauer*, *f.* continuation, duration, continuance; continued existence; beſtändige —*dauer*, perpetuity, permanence; —*auern*, to continue, last; —*beuhen*, *Mus.* to hold out, sustain; —*beuern*, —*brühen* *tc.*, to continue thundering, to pinch, *tc.*; —*büſen*, (*diſp.* for *fortgeben* *büſen*) to be allowed to go away; —*buſen*, (*n.*) *v. tr. Mar.* to push forward (a boat).

* *Fort*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Fort*) *n.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* forte; —*plais*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Fort*) *n.* pianoforte (*Pianoforte*); —*plans*(pfeiler), *m.* pianist.

* *Fort* ..., *in comp.* —*eitern*, to matter continually; ſich —*entwickeln*, to continue displaying, unfolding, developing; —*erben*, *v. intrans.* (*& refl.*) to devolve, descend; to communicate (itself) by inheritance; ſich —*erſcheinen*, to continue in use or custom; to survive; *Comma* to remain steady in price; —*erſtären*, —*erſten*, *v. I. intrans.* to continue explaining, eating; II. *tr.* to explain, eat away; ſich —*erſtrecken*, to stretch away, to extend; —*fahren*, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to carry or drive off, away (in a vehicle); II. *intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to leave, depart in a vehicle, to drive or ride away or off; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue, go on, *coll.* to keep (on): mit or in ... —*fahren*, to pursue, continue; unſer N. wird —*fahren* zu ſichern, *Comm.* our Mr. N. will sign as heretofore; —*faſſen*, see —*bleiben*; —*fauern*, to keep up the fire; —*flattern*, —*flattern*, —*fliegen*, —*fließen* *tc.*, to continue to flicker, to flutter, to fly, to flow, *tc.*; —*fluchen*, *v. I. intrans.* to continue cursing; II. *tr.* to drive away with cursing; —*führen*, 1) *a)* to lead on; *b)* to lead or carry away, off, to convey; 2) to carry on, out; to continue, to keep or go on with; to prosecute; to keep up, maintain (a conversation, *tc.*); —*gang*, *m.* 1) progress, advance; —*gang haben*, to proceed, advance, get on or along; 2) continuation; 3) success; 4) departure (*Begang*); —*geben*, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to give away; II. *intrans.* to continue to give (*Qua.* to deal); —*gehen*, (*irr.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to go or move on, to go along; 2) to go on, continue, to be continued, to proceed; 3) to advance, succeed; 4) to go away, depart, set out, *cf.* *Begleichen*; *Einer nach dem Andern ging* —, one after another dropped off; *ſeinen Gang gehen*, to continue one's course, to pursue the same course; *das kann ich nicht so gehen laſſen*, I cannot have this going on; *es geht* —, *impers.* (man geht —, es wird —*gegangen*) they go away, depart; —*gehen*, see —*lau-*

fen; —*gießen*, *v. I. intrans.* to continue pouring; II. *tr.* to pour away; —*glimmen*, —*glühen*, —*graben*, to continue, to glimmer (to smoulder), to glow, to dig; —*haben*, see —*ſchaffen*; *ich möchte ihn gern haben*, I should be glad to see him gone; —*helfen*, *Spinn.* to tack or shift (the thread) to the next hook; —*halten*, —*halten*, —*halten*, —*halten*, —*halten*, to continue to resound, to hold, to act, to breathe, to beat, *tc.*; *ſich* —*halten*, *coll.* to drive one away by blows; —*heben*, *v. I. tr.* to lift up and carry away; II. *refl.* to take one's self off (*cf.* *Begleichen*); —*heſſen*, (*str.*) *v. I. intrans.* (*Einem*) 1) to help, assist (one) to get away or to escape; 2) *fig.* to help on, assist (one) on; II. *refl.* see —*bringen*, II. & *Durchbringen*, II.; —*herrschen*, to continue to reign, to continue ruling; —*hien*, *adv.* see —*au*; —*hüſen*, —*hüſen*, —*hüſen* *tc.*, to continue to limp, to hear, to hunger, *tc.*

* *Fortifikation*, (*n.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) fortification. — *Fortifikation*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to fortify.

* *Fortissimo*, (*Ital.* *superl.* of *forte*) *adv.* & *s.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Forti*) *n.* *Mus.* fortissimo.

* *Fort* ..., *in comp.* —*lagen*, *v. I. tr.* to drive or chase away, to turn away, out, or off; II. *intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *a)* to gallop, ride on, along; *b)* to gallop, ride off, away; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue hunting; —*jammern*, —*jubeln*, —*juchzen*, —*juchzen* *tc.*, to continue or keep on lamenting, triumphing, fighting, ringing, *tc.*; —*kehen*, 1) to continue boiling; 2) to evaporate by boiling; —*kehen laſſen*, to keep constantly on the boil; —*kehen*, 1) to roll on, along; 2) to continue rolling; 3) to roll away; —*kommen*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to get on or along, to proceed; 2) *fig.* *a)* (of plants) to get on, thrive, grow; *b)* to come or get on in the world, to prosper, thrive, make one's way; 3) to come or get away, off; to escape, *cf.* *Entkommen*; *damit kommt man nicht* —, this will not do; *mach, daß du —kommst*, get you gone! take yourself off! *das —kommen*, (*str.*) *v. s.* the (act of) getting on, advancement, success; *ſein —kommen finden*, to make one's way; —*kümmern*, (*diſp.* for —*kommen* or —*gehen* *kümmern*) to be able to proceed, *tc.*; —*kümmern*, to continue to be sickly; —*kränken*, *v. I. tr.* to scratch away; II. *intrans.* *vulg.* see *Krüppeln*, II.; —*kreuzen*, to continue one's cruise; —*triegen*, to continue the war; —*laſſen*, (*diſp.* for —*gehen* *laſſen*) 1) to suffer (one, *tc.*) to go on or to proceed; 2) to suffer to go away, to let off; —*laufen*, *m.* see —*gang* (1 & *ph.*); *Berlauf*, *Berfolg*; —*laufen*, 1) *a)* to run on or along; *b)* to run away or off, to escape; 2) *fig.* to run on, continue (without interruption); —*laufen*, *p. a.* continued, uninterrupted; running (accompaniment, commentary); successive (numbers); *Math.*, *tc.* continuous; current; —*leben*, to continue to live, to live on, to survive; —*leugnen*, —*leugnen*, —*leugnen* *tc.*, to continue to deny, to teach, to suffer, *tc.*; —*leiten*, 1) see —*führen*, 2) 3) to transmit (electricity, *tc.*); —*lernen*, —*lernen* *tc.*, to continue to learn, to read, *tc.*; —*machen*, *coll.* *v. I. tr.* to remove; II. *intrans.* to make haste, to be quick; III. *refl.* to get or hurry away, off; to make one's escape; —*mahlen* *tc.*, to continue grinding, *tc.*; —*marſchieren*, 1) to march on, along; 2) to march away, off; —*mähen*, —*mähen*, *v. intrans.* (*diſp.* for —*gehen* *mähen* & *mühen*) to desire to go, to be obliged to go; *er muß* —, 1) he must go away, he must be off, *tc.*; 3) *coll.* he must die; —*nehmen*, —*nütigen*, to continue to take, to urge, *tc.*; —*packen*, *v. I. intrans.* to continue packing; II. *tr.* to pack away, out of the way; III. *refl.* *coll.* to be gone, to bundle off; *pack dich* —! get thee gone! *cf.* *Fort*, II.; —*pflanzen*, *v. I. tr.* 1) to transplant (flowers, *tc.*); 2) to pro-

pagate; to convey, transmit, communicate, spread (of diseases, *tc.*); 3) to continue: to perpetuate; to transmit (electricity, *tc.*); II. *refl.* to be propagated, continued, communicated, transmitted; to spread; —*pflanzen*, *f.* 1) transplanting; 2) propagation, continuation, spreading; transmission; —*planbern*, —*prebigen* *tc.*, to continue to babble, to preach, *tc.*; —*raffen*, to snatch away, *cf.* *Begreifen*; —*raufen*, (of plants) to propagate or spread itself by tendrils; —*raufen*, *v. intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to depart in a rage; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue to rage; —*räumen*, to remove (*Begräumen*); —*rauchen*, —*rauchen*, —*rauchen* *tc.*, to continue to smoke, to count, to speak, *tc.*; —*reisen*, *f.* 1) progress (*Reisereise*); 2) departure (*Reisereise*); —*reisen*, *v. intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *a)* to travel on, onwards, along; *b)* to depart, to set out; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue to travel; —*reißen*, to tear away; to carry on, along, away; to hurry on, along, onwards (by violence, or *fig.* by passions, impulses, *tc.*); —*reiten*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *a)* to ride on, onwards, along; *b)* to ride away, depart on horseback; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue to ride; —*rollen*, to continue rolling; —*rollen*, *v. I. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to move on, onward, along; 2) *fig.* to (make) progress, advance; II. *tr.* 1) to push on, to move (along), advance; 2) to remove, see *Begleichen*; —*rüden*, *p. a.* progressive, professional; *das —rücken*, (*str.*) *v. s.* progression, advancement; —*rubern*, *v. I. tr.* to row away or on (a ship); II. *intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *a)* to row on, onwards, along; *b)* to row off, to go off in a boat; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue rowing; —*ſaß*, (*str.*, *pl.* —*ſäße*) *m.* 1) continuation; 2) *Anal.* process, apophysis; *der ſchmetterförmige —ſaß*, ansiform cartilage; 3) *Bot.* apophysis; —*ſaufen*, —*ſaufen* *tc.*, to continue to drink, to suck, *tc.*; —*ſchaffen*, *v. I. tr.* 1) to remove, transport, move out of the way, to carry or take away; to convey; 2) *fig.* to do away with; to get rid of; II. *intrans.* to continue creating; —*ſchaffen*, *f.* removal, transportation; conveyance; —*ſchallen*, —*ſchallen* *tc.*, to continue to resound, to cheer, *tc.*; ſich —*ſchneiden*, *vulg.* to take one's self off, make off, sheer off or away; to be gone; —*ſchneiden*, to send off (*Begſchneiden*); —*ſchieben*, *v. I. tr.* to shove away; II. *refl.* *coll.* to take one's self off; to withdraw secretly, to take French leave; —*ſchießen*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) *a)* to rush or shoot along; *b)* to rush away, depart in great haste; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to continue to shoot; —*ſchiffen*, *v. I. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) to sail off, set sail; II. *tr.* to ship off; —*ſchimpfen*, —*ſchleifen* *tc.*, to continue to use abusive language, to sleep, *tc.*; —*ſchlagen*, *v. I. tr.* to strike off; to drive away by blows; II. *intrans.* to continue striking; —*ſchleichen*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *refl.* 1) to creep on, along; 2) to slip away, to steal off, to escape; —*ſchleichen*, *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) to loiter or saunter on, along; —*ſchleppen*, 1) to drag, pull along; 2) to carry off, *cf.* *Begſchleppen*; —*ſchlingen*, —*ſchlingern*, —*ſchlingern*, —*ſchlingern* *tc.*, to continue to sob, slumber, to give continual pain, to continue to snore, to snore, *tc.*; —*ſchlingen*, to jerk off, to let fly, send away with a jerk; —*ſchreiben*, —*ſchreiben* *tc.*, to continue to write, cry, *tc.*; —*ſchreiten*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to step, stride on, forward, onwards; 2) *fig.* to get along, to advance, proceed, to progress, to make progress; —*ſchreiten*, *p. a.* onward, forward, progressive; —*ſchreitend*, *f.* 1) or —*ſchreitend*, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* progress, progression, proceeding; 2) *Mus.* consecutive chords; —*ſchritt*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) progress, advance, advancement, proficiency, improvement; 2)

(-schreiten) progressiveness, onward march (of science, &c.); die Theorie des menschlichen -schrittes, the theory of human progression; in (with Dat.) -schritte machen, to make progress, to progress, to be a proficient in (mathematics, music, &c.); to improve (in); macht er im Englischen -schritte? does he improve in English? er macht schnelle -schritte, he improves rapidly; -schrittler, m. one belonging to the party of (political) progress; -schrittspartei, f. party of progress, progressive party; -schwimmen, -schwimmen, to continue to babble, to riot, &c.; -schwimmen, to wash away, cf. Wegschwimmen; -schwimmen, (str.) v. intr. 1) (aux. sein) a) to swim on, along; b) to swim away; 2) (aux. haben) to continue to swim; -seilen, 1) to sail on, along, to direct (to steer) one's course (at sea); 2) to sail off, set sail, cf. abseilen, I. 2; sich -setzen, to wish one's self away; -setzen, 1) to set forward, to put forth, to put forward, on; 2) a) to set or put away; b) see -pflanzen, I. 1; 3) *fig.* to continue, carry on, prosecute, pursue; to continue, to keep on (a business, &c.); to proceed with (an action, &c.); eine Reise -setzen, to proceed on, resume a journey; nicht -setzen, to discontinue; wieder -setzen, to resume; -gehetes Denken, continuous thought; -setzen, m. continuator, continuer; -setzung, f. continuation, prosecution, proceeding in or with, continuance; -setzung folgt, to be continued; -setzen, -setzen, to continue or keep sitting, sitting, &c.; -setzen, (*adv.*) -gehen, -setzen, to ride away at full speed; -springen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to leap or jump on or away; -springen, to wash away, cf. Wegspringen; -stecken, to put away, to fix at a greater distance; -stecknagel, m. cheek-pin (of the plough); -stecken, (str.) v. I. intr. (aux. haben) to continue to steal; II. tr. to steal, take away secretly; III. *refl.* to steal, sneak away, cf. sich -machen; -stecken, 1) to put or place farther on; 2) to put or place out of the way, to put away or aside; 3) to go on with, to continue; -stehen, to continue to suckle a child; -stoßen, 1) to push on, forward, to propel; to jog on; 2) to push away, to hustle; to spurn away, repel; to jerk (with one's foot); -stürzen, v. I. intr. 1) (aux. sein) to flow on, to be carried on by the stream; 2) (aux. haben) to flow on, continue to stream; II. tr. see -schwemmen; -stürzen, v. intr. 1) or -stürzen, (aux. sein) a) to storm, rush, or dash on, along; b) to storm, rush away or out, to bluster away or off, to depart with a noise or in great haste; 2) (aux. haben) to continue to storm, to roar; -süßigen, to sin on; -tanzen, v. intr. 1) (aux. sein) a) to dance on, along; b) to dance away, to go off (or away) dancing; 2) (aux. haben) to dance on, continue to dance; -tappen, v. intr. (aux. sein) to grope one's way out; -toben, v. intr. 1) (aux. sein) to go away with great noise; 2) (aux. haben) to continue roaring, making a noise; -traben, v. intr. (aux. sein) to trot or jog on, along, or away; -tragen, 1) to carry along, on; 2) to carry or take away, off; -tragen, -tragen, to continue mourning, dreaming; -treiben, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to drive onwards, along, on; *Met.* &c. to propel; 2) to drive away, off, out; 3) *fig.* to carry on, pursue, continue; er treibt es noch immer so -, he goes on just at the same rate; II. intr. (aux. sein) *Met.* to float on, along; to drift away, to break sheer; -treiben, f. 1) the (act of)

driving onwards, propulsion; 2) the (act of) driving away, &c.; expulsion; sich -treiben, *col.* see sich -schützen. (of) Fortune.
* Fortuna, f. Rom. Myth. (the Goddess) Fort... in comp. -waschen, to continue to grow; to go on increasing; to thrive; -währen, to continue to be, to last; -währen, p. a. continual, continuous, continuing; *adv.* continually, without interruption, constantly, permanently; -waschen, -waschen, -waschen, v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to walk or move on, to proceed, to walk forth or forward; 2) to walk or go away, off, to depart, to set out or forth; -weben, to continue weaving; [das] Schicksal, welches unsichtbar sich dem Auge -webt (Klopstock), destiny which invisible to human eye &c. weaves on its thread; -weben, v. I. intr. to continue to blow (of the wind); II. tr. to blow away, off; -weben, v. tr. to show the way, to turn or send away; sich -winden, to wind, meander on, onwards; -wischen, v. I. tr. to wipe off; II. intr. 1) to continue wiping; 2) to slip off, &c. (Entwischen); -wischen, (*adv.*) -gehen wollen to intend to go or to leave; er will durchaus -, he absolutely wants to go; es will mit ihm nicht -, he speeds not, his affairs do not thrive; -wischen, to continue to rage; -zeigen, see -weisen; -ziehen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to drag on, to pull or draw along; 2) to draw away, cf. Wegziehen; II. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to move onwards, to march on; (of clouds) to drift along; 2) to depart, remove, emigrate, (of birds) to migrate; cf. Wegziehen; III. *refl.* to be protracted (of wars, &c.); -zug, m. see Wegzug.
* Forum, (str., pl. [Lat.] Fori) n. (Lat.) forum: 1) Rom. Ant. a public place in Rome where causes were tried; 2) Law & *fig.* tribunal, court, pleading-place.
* Foss, Foss (from pr. for), adj. province. see Föhle.
* Fossil, I. or Fossilisch, adj. (Lat.) fossil; II. s. (str., pl. Fossilien) n. fossil.
* Fossilien, in comp. -beschreibung, f. oryctography; -bildung, f. fossilification; -haltig, adj. fossiliferous; -kenner, -kundler, m. fossilist, fossilologist, one versed in the knowledge of fossils; -kunde, -lehre, f. knowledge or science of fossils, fossilogy, oryctology; -sammler, m. collector of fossils, fossilist.
* Fötsch, (either not declined, or str. [Gen. Fötsch, pl. Fötsch]) m. (Lat.) Anal. fatus.
* Foulard's [filar], (str.) m. (Fr., orig. Hind.) foulard: silk-handkerchief.
* Foursage [fürsage], (w.) f. (Fr.) Mil. forage. -Foursage [fürsage], Mil. (w.) f. intr. to (make) forage; das -, (str.) v. s. or Foursagung, (w.) f. (the act of) foraging, forage; Foursagelzug, m. foraging-expedition, forage; Foursagung-Commando, n. foraging-party.
* Fourrier [fürer], (str.) m. (Fr.) 1) harbinge (of the royal household); 2) Mil. quarter-master; -schütze, m. an officer's servant.
* Fourrier's-mus, m. (from Fourrier, a French socialist) Fourierism. -Fourrier's, (w.) m., Fourrier'sch, adj. Fourrierite, Fourierist.
* Fourrier [fürer], (str.) n. (Fr.) (in cabinet-making) veneer, inlay. -Fourrier(e)-ren, (w.) v. tr. to veneer, inlay.
* Fourrier..., in comp. -höbel, m. veneering or cabinet-maker's plane; -höbel, n. -platten, f. pl. veneer-sheets, veneers; -säge, f. veneer-saw; -schneidemaschine, -schneidemaschine, f. veneer-cutting machinery; -späne, m. pl. see -högel.
* Fourrier's, (w.) f. pl. see Fourrierholz.
* Fraß, (w.) f. 1) freight, load, loading;

cargo; shipment; 2) see -lohn; -des ganzen Schiffes, freight by the great; ein Schiff in -nehmen, to take a ship to freight, to charter a ship; Comm. um die - zu verbernen, to cover the freight; franco (frei) -, free of freight; carriage paid; für - und Auslagen, freight and disbursements; in -, he (or they) paying freight for said goods; in gemöhnlicher -, at (or paying) the usual freight, paying freight as customary; in ganz -, in the whole freight, full freight; in niedrigster -, at the lowest freight; volle -, full or whole freight; die ganze -, gross freight; in -geben, to freight, to let go on freight; -bedingen, to engage goods or freight.
* Fracht..., in comp. -anschlag, m. additional freight; -anreicher, m. supercargo.
* Frachtbär, adj. transportable.
* Fracht..., in comp. -bedingungen, f. pl. terms of freight; -beförger, m. despatcher, forwarding agent; -brief, m. bill of lading, carriage, or freight, letter of conveyance; -buch, m. book of cargo; -contract, m. Mar. Law, charter party, (articles of) charter; -empfänger, m. consignee.
* Frachten, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to freight, load, carry (goods); nach ... -, to take in freight, to be loading for ...; nach ... gefrachtet haben, to be bound to or for; wohin habt Ihr gefrachtet? what place are you bound for?
* Frachter, (str.) m. 1) freighter; 2) see Frachtherrmann.
* Fracht..., in comp. -fahren, n. wagoning; shipping-trade; -fahrer, m. see -fuhrmann; -schiffer; -schiff betreiben, to carry on freighting- or shipping-business; -frei, adj. freight- or carriage-free; -fuhr, f. land-carriage; durch -fuhr, by land-carriage, by land, by van, by wagon; -fuhrer, see fuhrmann, m. carrier, carter, wagoner; cart-man, teamster; -fuhrer-unternehmer, m. see -beförger; -gebühr, f. charge of freight; -geld, n. see -lohn; -geschüß, n. freight-business; -geschüß, n. a team of horses; -gewerbe, m. carrying-trade; -gut, n. load, lading, cargo; goods to be shipped or sent by carriage; -handel, m. carrying trade; -liste, f. freight-list; -lohn, m. (terms of or money paid for) freight, freightage; carriage, cartage, wagonage; in -lohn zu ..., he (or they) paying freight for the said goods ...; -mittler, m. ship-broker, shipping-agent; -nachnahme, f. Comm. the (act of) taking charges forward; unter -nachnahme, collecting expenses; expenses to follow the goods; -post, f. stage-wagon; -prelle, -prelle, m. term of freight, freightage; -schein, m. see -brief; -schiff, m. merchant-man, trader, trading-ship; -schiffer, m. shipper; (an der Küste) skipper; (auf Flüßten) lighterman; -stück, n. package (of any kind), cf. -gut.
* Frachttung, (w.) f. freighting.
* Fracht..., in comp. -verkehr, m. 1) see -handel; 2) goods-traffic; -vertrag, m. see -contract; -verfender, m. consigner; -wagen, m. wagon; -zetteln, m. see -brief; -zoll, m. tonnage-fees or rate; -zulage, f. additional freight.
* Frack, (str.) m. dress-coat.
* Fractiön, (w.) f. (Lat.) fraction.
* Fractur, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) Surg. fracture; 2) black letter, Gothic letters; -schrift, f. Typ. German text, capitals.
* Frage, (w.) f. 1) question, query, interrogation; 2) Comm.-s. demand (Nachfrage); in -, inquired for, sought after, in demand, cf. Wunsch, 1; part in -sein, to be much in demand; to be in great request or favour; die Frage ist ohne -, nobody looks at this article; 3) die peinliche -, Law, torture, rack; die gerichtliche -, interrogatory; 4) Gam. the

asking leave to play; cine — thun or stellen. to ask a question, to make an inquiry; cine — an Einen richten, to address a question to one; in — ziehen or stellen, to call in question. to question: das ist eben die —, that is the point; das ist noch die —, that is still questionable; ohne —, unquestionably; der (arbitr.) in — stehende Punkt (or Sache), the point (or matter) in question, under notice; die aufgeworfene —, moot-case; moot-point; ferner das Gewissen in — kommt, so far as conscience is concerned.

Frag'ge, in comp. — **bogen**, m. (printed, &c.) sheet with a schedule of interrogatories to be answered: — **kasten**, m. box for inserting queries.

Frag'en, (u. & irr.) v. I. tr. (& indir.) to ask (ask, for), to interrogate, inquire; to question, try (a pupil); **Gam.** to ask leave to play; 2) **fig.** to mind, care, (nach, for, about); nach **Gemund** —, to inquire after one, to ask after or for one; Einen nach etwas —, to inquire after, for, or about a thing of one; **Gemunden um Rath** —, to ask one's advice, to consult one; nach dem Preise —, to ask the price; nach dem Wege nach —, to inquire the way to ...; II. **impers.** & **refl.** es fragt sich, it is questionable, doubtful; it is a matter of question: es fragt sich ob ..., the question is whether ...; f-b, p. I. a. interrogatory, interrogative; inquiring (look, tone); II. **adv.** er blinnete mich — an, he looked at me inquiringly. **Frag'enliste**, (u.) f. schedule of interrogatories. [worth asking.

Frag'enwürthig, **adj.** worth inquiring. **Frag'epunkt**, (str.) m. 1) point (matter) in or of question; 2) or **Frag'ekreis**, (str.) n. Law, interrogatory. [inquirer.

Frag'er, (str.) m. questioner, interrogator, **Frag'ert**, (u.) f. conf. (incessant, importunate, &c.) questioning.

Frag'erin, (u.) f. (female) questioner.

Frag'e, in comp. — und Antwort-Spiel, **Gam.** questions and commands, cross purposes; — **Räth**, n. Law, interrogatory; — **wette**, — **wort**, see **Fragewette**, **Fragewort**; — **zeichen**, n. sign, note, or mark of interrogation (!).

Fräglich, I. **adj.** questionable, disputable, doubtful, precarious; 2) in question, aforesaid; II. **f-heit**, (u.) f. questionableness, &c.

Fräglich, **adj.** unquestionable.

Fräglichig, **Fräglichig**, I. **adj.** fond of (or given to) asking questions; inquisitive; II. **f-heit**, (u.) f. inquisitiveness.

* **Fragment**, (str.) n. (Lat.) fragment. — **Fragmentarisch**, **adj.** in fragments, fragmentary. — **Fragmentist**, (u.) m. writer of fragments.

Frägnur, (str.) m. see **Reinshändler**.

Frägnur, in comp. — **yunct**, — **Räth**, see **Frage**; — **wort**, n. **Gramm.** interrogative; — **zeichen**, see **Fragezeichen**.

Fräth, **Fräthig**, (u.) f. & (str.) n. († &) province. 1) convulsive attack; epilepsy; 2) object of fear, fright; Law-s. 3) criminal offence; 4) jurisdiction in criminal offences.

Fräthig, **adj.** († &) province. 1) or **Fräthsam**, dreadful, terrific; 2) relating to criminal jurisdiction; — **frant**, n. heart's-ease (Stiefmütterchen); — **räse**, f. poony.

* **Fräthle**, (u.) f. (Fr.) Mad. yaws.

* **Fräth**, (u.) m. see **Frant**, II.

* **Fräthaler**, (u.) f. (Holl.) the paying of postage, pre-payment, postage (**Fräthlung**); — **marke**, f. postage-stamp (**Fräthmarke**, **Briefmarke**); — **zwang**, m. see **Fräthlungzwang**.

Fräthaler, m. see **Fräthaler**.

Fräthaler, (str.) m. Franciscan (friar), gray friar; — **nonne**, **Fräthalerin**, (u.) f. Franciscan nun; — **orden**, m. order of St. Francis of Assisi.

Fräthaler, m. Francis, Frank (P. N.).

Fräth, **adv.** (Holl.) post-paid, prepaid, post-free, free (of postage), franked (**Fräth**); **Comes-s.** — **Speise**, quilt or free of charges; — **ab** **Leipzig**, (to be) delivered at Leipzig; — (bis) 2. post-paid to L.; — **Stadt**, freight (or carriage)-free; — **Fräth**, post-paid to Mr. ...; — **taubert**, n. stamped envelope; — **zwang**, m. see **Fräthlungzwang**.

Fräth, I. **adj.** free, frank; — **und** **frei**, **adv.** freely, openly; II. (u.) m. franc (French silver coin, equal to about 10 pence or 80 Germ. Reichs-Pfennige).

Fräth, (u.) m. 1) Francoonian; 2) Frank, Frenchman; 3) Frank, European Christian (in the Levant). [conia.

Fräth, **Fräthland**, n. **Geogr.** Francoonian, (str.) m. wine of Francoonia. **Fräthfurt**, n. Frankfurt; — **am** **Rein**, an der **Oder**, Frankfurt on the Main, on the Oder; die **f-er** **Reife**, the Frankfurt fair; **f-er** **Rose**, **Bot.** Frankfurt rose; **f-er** **Schwärze**, Frankfurt or German black.

* **Fräthren**, (u.) v. tr. (Holl.) to prepay, frank (**Fräth** machen); nicht **hinlänglich** (or unzureichend) **frankirt**, insufficiently prepaid; **frankirt**, p. a. see **Fräth**; wird nur **frankirt** angenommen, refused if unpaid. — **Fräthlung**, (u.) f. the franking (of letters), prepayment, cf. **Fräthatur**; **f-ung**, m. compulsory prepayment.

Fräthlich, **adj.** 1) Francoonian; der **f-er** **Kreis**, circle of Francoonia; 2) Frankish, Frank, relating to the (old) Franks; das **f-er** **Reich**, Frank empire.

Fräthreich, n. **Geogr.** France.

* **Fräth**, (u.) f. (Fr. frange) fringe; mit **f-n** **belegen**, to fringe; mit **f-n** **belegt**, **Bot.** lacinate(d).

Fräth, (u.) v. tr. to fringe.

Fräth, in comp. — **baum**, m. **Bot.** fringe-tree (*Chionanthus Virginicus* Gr.); — **macher**, m. fringe-maker; — **nadel**, f. T. Y-needle.

Fräth, **Fräthig**, **adj.** like fringe, fringe-like, fringed.

Fräth, I. 1) m. Francis, Frank (P. N.); 2) **abbr.** for — **bend**; II. in comp. French; — **apfel**, m. rennet apple; **Boch-s.** 1) binding in calf; **ganger** — **bend**, m. whole-calf binding, whole-bound; **halber** — **bend**, m. half-calf binding; half-bound; 2) book bound in calf; 3) silk-fringed ribbon; — **baum**, m. dwarf tree, wall-tree; — **beeren**, pl. see **Fräthliche** **Beeren**; — **bohne**, f. **Bot.** French bean, dwarf kidney-bean (*Phaseolus nanus* L.); — **brantwein**, m. French brandy; Cogniac; — **brat**, n. French bread (roll).

Fräthchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of **Fräth** & **Francisca**) Frank; Fannikin (P. N.).

Fräthge, (u.) I. m. see **Fräthungzwang**; II. f. see **Fräthge**. [teracca L.).

Fräthge, (u.) f. Ornith. teal (*Anas Fräthge*), (str.) n. see **Fräthge**. **Fräthge**, in comp. — **erbse**, f. **Bot.** dwarf-pea; — **gold**, n. French leaf-gold; — **mann**, m. coll. Frenchman; — **obst**, n. French fruit, fruit of dwarf-trees.

Fräthge, (u.) m. 1) Frenchman; pl. the French; 2) **vulg.** **f-n**, pl. (**f-n**fränkheit, f.) French disease, French pox; **f-n**par, n. guaiacum; **f-n**holz, n. pock-wood, guaiacum; (mildest) Mediterranean date-plum; **f-n**fränkheit, f. 1) see **Fräthge**; 2) **Vol.** a kind of murmur; **f-n**stuch, f. Gallomania.

Fräthge, (u.) f. (ridiculous) imitation of French manners or idioms.

Fräthge, (u.) v. tr. 1) to imitate or ape French manners; 2) to use Gallicisms.

Fräthge, (u.) f. Frenchwoman.

Fräthge, (u.) v. I. tr. to Frenchify; II. **intr.** see **Fräthge**.

Fräthge, I. **adj.** French; **Bot-s.** f-c

Fräth, pl. Avignon or yellow berries (of *Rhamnus infectoria* L.); **f-er** **Bergklee**, twisted cress (*Stachys triflorus* L.); **f-er** **Perle**, see **Fräthge**; **f-er** **Schloß**, T. French or rim-lock; II. das **f-c**, (u.) s. French, i. e. the French language.

Fräth, in comp. — **perle**, f. false pearl; — **schaler**, m. French dollar (crown); — **wein**, m. French wine; **reifer** — **wein**, claret; — **wort**, m. buck-wheat.

* **Fräth**, **adj.** (Fr.) striking (likewise, &c.). — **Fräth**, (u.) v. tr. to strike, to affect strongly, impress.

Fräth, (u.) f. (Fr.) T. cutter, cutting-knife (**Fräth**); — **Fräth**, (u.) v. tr. to bend, to rood, to curl, to crisp; (anatomical) to counterbend. — **Fräth**, (str.) m. counterbend (Schiffbau, Handarbeit). — **Fräth**, (u.) f. (the act or a workshop for) counterbending, &c. — **Fräth**, (u.) f. shaping-machine, cutting-machine.

Fräth, (str.) m. 1) a) the (act of) devouring; b) appetite (only used of animals); c) **vulg.** immoderate eating, gluttony; 2) food, meat, pasture, prey; 3) †, glutton; — **trug**, — **jücker**, m. feeding-trough.

Fräth, in comp. — **schäfer**, m. p. **schäfer** x., which see. **Fräth**, (str.) m. (S. G.) see **Liberal**. [ausfr.

Fräth, (u.) v. intr. 1) to hizzle; 2) **Fräth**, province. I. a. (str.) m. sore, gall; II. **adj.** galled, chafed, sore (**Fräth**).

Fräth, (u.) m. 1) ugly figure, fright; 2) brat; 3) foolish person.

Fräth, I. (u.) f. grimace; distorted face or figure; caricature; 2) **conf.** visage, physiognomy. **anal.** phis: **f-n** machen, to cut grimaces (**Fräth** machen); 3) whim.

Fräth, in comp. — **bild**, n. caricature:

— **ge** **Fräth**, f. ridiculous and strange story; — **ge** **Fräth**, n. apish face; **Arbeits** mask; — **macher**, m. see **Fräth**; — **mal**, m. 1) caricaturist; 2) dauber; — **mal**, f. 1) (act of) caricaturing, daubing; 2) daub; — **paß**, f. silly young girl; — **schreiber**, m. grinner.

Fräth, **Fräthig**, I. **adj.** wry, distorted; apish, foolish, ridiculous; II. **f-igkeit**, (u.) f. wryness, distortion, apishness, &c.

Fräth, (u.) f. 1) lady; 2) woman; 3) wife; cine — **nehmen**, to take a wife, to marry; **par** — **nehmen**, to take to wife, marry; — **Fräth**, my lady duchess; die — **Stiftin**, the lady abbess; die — **Stiftin**, the counsellor's lady; — **f**, Mrs. F.; — **Dr. G**, Mrs. G.; cine **vernehmen**, gentlewoman, lady of rank; **gnädige** —, my lady, your ladyship; **unser** **liebe** — (Maria), **Rom. Cath.** our (blessed) Lady, the holy Virgin; die — **vom** **Heute**, the mistress; der **Fräth** und die —, the master and the mistress; wie befindet sich **Fräth** — (Gemeinlich)? how is Mrs. ...? (verallend od. in gänglich verchiedenem Sinne: how is your lady?); — **Fräth**, aunt; cousin; **fräth** —, 1) **Fräth**, a species of pear; 2) **Bot.** deadly nightshade (*Atropa belladonna* L.); — **Fräth**, n. — **Fräth**, f. gossip, idle talk.

Fräth, (str.) n. (dimin. of **Fräth**) little woman, for. good woman, good lady.

Fräth, in comp. woman-, female, &c.: — **alter**, f. **Anal.** asphemia; — **alter**, n. woman's estate; — **bellum**, m. see — **mitte**; — **fräth**, n. **Bot.** lady's bed-straw (*Galium aparine* L.); — **bild**, n. 1) image of a woman, esp. of the holy Virgin; 2) *, female, woman; **Bot-s.** — **bild**, m. 1) germanander (*Teucrium chamaedrys* L.); 2) see — **mantel**; — **blatt**, n. see — **mitte**; — **bräuer**, f. poorman's weather-dial; — **bräuer**, m. 1) brother-in-law; 2) Carmelite friar, our Lady's friar; **Bot.** — **blatt**, f. St. Mary's thistle, lady's or milk thistle (*Carduus marianus* L.); — **stein**, n. **Minor.** moon-stone, selenite; — **stein**, m. pl. gossamer; — **stein**, m. woman-

hater, misogynist; —feſt, n. Lady-day; —feſt, pl. feſtivals of the holy Virgin; —fingerſtrut, n. *Bot.* bird's foot trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus* L.); —fiſh, m. *Lkht.* bleak ancale, rudd (*Leuciscus erythrophthalmus* L.); —flaſh, m. *Bot.* lady's lace, wild flax, toad-flax (*Linaria vulgaris* L.); —fuſh, m. female foot; —glaſs, n. *Miner.* 1. aſe —rie; 2. (ruſſiſſeſ) Mucovsky glaſs, specular ſtone; —gut, n. *Law*, property belonging to a woman, dowry; parapher-naſia, paraphernal property; —haar, n. *Bot.* true maiden-hair, lady's hair, Venus's hair (*Adiantum capillus Venaria* L.); —heaſtſpry, m. *Pharm.* ſyrup obtained from maiden-hair, (*Pr.*) *capillaria*.

Fräuknäst, I. adj. woman-like, womanly;
II. **f. i-äfcit, (w.) f.** womanliness.

Fräulein ... in comp. —hand, *f.* female hand; —handschuh, *m.* 1) woman's glove; 2) *Bot.* see *Uligi*; —haß, *m.* misogyny; —hau, *m.* chemise (*Ringsperrt. shift*); —herzschaff, *f.* bad, petticoat government; —herz, *n.* woman's heart; —hut, *m.* bonnet; —jäger, *m.* gray lethario, gallant; *swig.* smell-smock; —kister, *m.* *Botom.* Lady-bird (*Psyllid. lutea*, *Coccinella L.*); —kleid, *n.* woman's gown or dress; —kloster, *n.* pl. women's clothes; —kloster, *n.* nunnery; —knecht, *m.* *cont.* a man servilely devoted to the female sex; —krankheit, *f.* disorder or disease of women or females; —kranz, *n.* see —nabel; —krieg, *m.* *Bot.* women's baglous; —lehn, *n.* *Law.* see *Weiberrecht*; —liebe, *f.* woman's love; love for women; —list, *f.* women's tricks; —mantel, *m.* 1) a lady's cloak or mantle, mantua; 2) *Bot.* our lady's mantle, alchemilla (*Alchemilla vulgaris* L.); —milch, 1) woman's milk; 2) the name of a Spanish wine; *Bot.-s.* —milchtraut, *n.* lungwort, our lady's wild-root (*Pulmonaria L.*); —münze, *f.* costmary, spear-mint (*Thymus* *lucida* L.); —nabel, *m.* lady's cushion, pyramidal saxifrage (*Saxifraga pyramidalis* L.); —pflaume, *f.* *Romol.* roine-claude; —putz, *m.* dress, finery of women; —raub, *m.* rape of women; —regiment, *f.* —regiment, *m.* rape of women; —raup, *m.* see —Reib; —raute, *f.* *Bot.* rose cannon (*Agrastemma Githago* L.); —sattel, *f.* see —münze; —sattel, *m.* side saddle, pillion; —schmuck, *m.* Jew's, trinkets for women; —schneider, *m.* woman's or lady's tailor, make-up-maker; —schneider, *f.* dressmaker; —schuh, *m.* 1) woman's shoe; 2) *Bot.* lady's slipper (*Ophrys pedicularis* L.); —schneider, *m.* ladies' shoemaker; —stut, *m.* women's way of thinking; *S.-steute*, *pl. coll.* women, females; —summer, *m.* goosamer; —tanz, *m.* see —cid; *S.-tanz*, *f.* woman, female; —tanzel, *m.* *Bot.* 1) Venus' looking-glass (*Specularia speciosum* A. DC.); 2) saint-fish; —tanz, *m.* 1) community or state composed of women; 2) see —putz; —tanz, *m.* condition or dignity of a wife, state of a (married) woman, *Law.* coverture; —stift, *n.* a religious establishment for women; nunnery; —stimme, *f.* female voice; —stahl, *m.* woman's seat or pen (in churches); —stift, *f.* immoderate fondness for women; —tag, *m.* *Kod.* Lady-day; —tanz, *m.* sweep-dance, concluding dance; —tanz, *f.* see *Turteltaube*; —tief, *n.* *Law.* woman's settlement, jointure. *Fräulein* stamm, (*str.*) *n.* see *Fräulein*. *Fräulein* ... in comp. —tracht, *f.* woman's dress, female attire; —weil, *m.* —weilchen, *n.* *Bot.* dame's violet (*Heperia matronalis* L.); —verrin, *m.* Ladies' association (for a charitable purpose); —weil, *m.* *wd.* women, females; —zeit, *f.* woman's hours, menage; —zimmer, *n.* 1) woman's apartment; 2) a) *a collect.* the women, womankind; b) female, woman; *besitzliche* —zimmer, *Law.* spinster; —zimmertraubheit, *f.* see —fruchtbarkeit; —zwinger, *m.* harem, seraglio.

Gräfin, (*str.*) *n.* 1) †, female; **Gräfinn** und —, male and female; 2) a nobleman's daughter or young lady of respectable parents; * damsel; — **Fr.**, Miss **P. M.**; — **Gift**, *n.* chapter or endowment for young ladies of rank.

Fräulich, Fräulich, adj. (L. u.) relating to a woman (**Weiblich**).

ſchamlos, *I. adj.* (*ſch* adv. + *ſchäm* 'lid') shameless, impudent, audacious, barefaced, saucy, insolent; brazen-faced; mit *f-er* Stirn, with brazen face; *II. ſchelt*, (*w.*) *f.* shamelessness, licentiousness, effrontery, impudence, audaciousness, sauciness, insolence.

* *Fregate*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Mar.* 1) frigate;
) (Kaufahrtschiff) full-rigged ship; *f-w*
artig, *f-artig*, *L. adj.* like a frigate; II.
de. *f-nartig* gebaut, frigate-built; *g-nvogel*,
s. Ornith. frigate-bird, man-of-war bird
(*Tachypetes arctica L.*).

Free, *adj.* 1) a) free (von, from); at liberty, free; b) large; b) let off, discharged, acquitted; 2) a) clear, clear (of), free (from taxes, &c.); 3) 3) a) unencumbered, unencumbered, unencumbered; 4) safe, secure; 5) unconnected, disengaged, detached; 6) unbiassed, independent; 7) voluntary, spontaneous; 8) (perio-) post-paid (*cf.* *Frankenpost*); 9) *Comm.-s.* (bei *Einbußen*) expenses covered, free from charges; *ganz* —, all-expenses-repaid; paid all: — *ins* *Hand*, delivered free of charge; — *zur* *Stuhr*, — *auf* die *Stuhr* *ge* —, free on carriage (on the wagon); — *auf* die *Bahn*, delivered free up to the station; — *auf* *zur* *Stuhr*, to be delivered at C.; — [*mit* *zur* *Stuhr*], free, paid to the frontier; 9) vacant; 10) open, free; 11) free: a) frank, open, candid; b) frank; c) shameless, wanton, *cf.* *Frech*; — *ferus*, rascally, openly; point-blank, downright (*cf.* *schwarz auf weiß*); — *un* *un* *gehindert*, without let or hindrance; *der* *Frei* *Tag*, holiday, open day; *die* *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, *coll.* to make a night of it; — *in* *Frei* *haben*, to have free board; *aus* *Frei* *Hand*, off hand; and *fre* *Hand*, of one's own choice; and *fre* *Stellen*, of one's own accord or free will, spontaneously, *cf.* *Freiwillig*; without cause or provocation: *fre* *der* *Wärme*, *Phys.* sensible heat; *ein* *fre* *der* *Wang*, a easy gait; *ein* *fre* *der* *Anstand*, easy manners: *fre* *der* *Wang*, 1. easy gait; 2. *Min.* unworked; 3. *Frei* *Zeit*, vacant or leisure time; 4. *Frei* *Zeit*, leisure, off-time; *fre* *der* *Wirt* *der* *Frei* *Zeit*, *see* *Freizeit*; *ein* *fre* *der* *Reichstadt*, an imperial city; *fre* *der* *Stadt*, free town; and *fre* *der* *Stadt*, in the open street; *unter* *fre* *der* *him* *der* *Stadt*, in the open sky; *unter* *fre* *der* *Stadt*, in the open sky; 2. *Min.* unclaimed; 3. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 4. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 5. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 6. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 7. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 8. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 9. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 10. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 11. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 12. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 13. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 14. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 15. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 16. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 17. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 18. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 19. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 20. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 21. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 22. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 23. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 24. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 25. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 26. *Frei* *Stadt* *haben*, to have full power; 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give a holiday (of one day), of two days, &c. (at school); — haben, 1. to have at one's disposal; haben Sie einige Zimmer — ? have you any spare rooms? ich habe zwei Zimmer — . I have two spare rooms: Passagiere haben 80 Pfund (Gepäck) — , passengers are allowed 30 pounds (of luggage), 30 lbs. allowed (to passengers); (Rugensicht) wo er eine Frage hat an das Schiff (Schüler, Wall, Tod. 2, 3), when [man] is allowed to question his destiny; 2. (at school) to have a holiday: ich fahre fort mich von allen Partien — zu halten (Prince Albert), I resolutely hold myself aloof from all parties: — machen, 1. to (set) free, deliver, release, rescue, redeem, enfranchise; 2. to pay the postage of (letters), to frank, prepay; 3. to disengage, disengage, disengage, to clear (an estate, one's conscience, &c.); Güter, ein Schiff — machen, to clear goods, a ship; 4. sich — machen, to break loose (of beasts); — sein, 1. to be at liberty (or leisure); 2. Chem. to be free or disengaged; — werden, Chem. to be liberated or to become disengaged; darf ich so — sein? may I take the liberty? may I presume? — stehen, 1. to stand isolated or insulated; 2. see Streichen; — heraus sprechen, to speak one's mind freely; sich — heraus! speak out! — sprechen, reden, 1. to speak freely; 2. to speak without book or off hand; — ausgehen, fig. to come off unharmed, unscathed: Comm- — to go out free (of duty) (said of goods); — unter Zeit, free at the quay; — vom Schiff, free as ship; — von Abgaben, exempt from charges; — von Kosten (Spesen), free from expenses; — von Ladera, Rotterdam, Haberri, free of lairage, rot, average; — umhergehen, to go at large.

Grēd'— *in comp.* —**ādr**, *m.* free ground, acre to which no sassage service is attached: —**āltar**, *m.* altar at which masses may be held at any time; —**ārtiger** **ādr**, *see* —**ādr**; —**baftn**, *m.* beam on which no girder rests: —**bauf**, *f.* 1) portable frame of statures; 2) common shambles; —**bauf**, *m.* *Min.* mine whose products cover the expenses without realising any profit; —**baufn**, *refl. Min.* die Jede bauf fid firt, the mine pays its own expenses: —**bauf**, *m.* free peasant (exempt from all average or servitude to his landlord); —**bauftr**, *m.* free-booter, pirate; —**bauftrif**, *adj.* free-booting, piracy; —**bauftrif**, *adj.* like a free-booter: —**bier**, *n.* 1) beer exempt from the beer-tax; —**bier** —**bier** taken gratis (to workmen); —**bifet**, *n.* free ticket (für die Eisenbahn) pass (—**ticket**): —**bifet**, *f.* frank or free chase; —**brauftr**, *m.* brewer exempt from paying the beer-tax; —**brif**, *m.* 1) license, charter, patent, privilege; permit; passport: 2) *Comm.* *Law*, letter of respite, *see* **Antfand**—**brif**; —**brif**, *adj.* (N. G.) —**midifig** (*Law*.) —**bürger**, *m.* freeman; denizen, citizen of a free-town or republic, republican; —**bürgerlif**, *adj.* republican: —**corp**, *m.* corps of volunteers, free-company; —**taufert**, *n.* stamped or postage envelope: —**tauftr**, *m.* freethinker; —**tauftrif**, *f.* freethinking. [gameless, wanton.

† Freibig, adj. 1) free, courageous; 2) **† Freibling, (str.) n.** free court of justice.
Freie, (decl. like adj.) 1) m. & f. free man, free woman; 2) **n. & f.** open air, space, field, or country; lawn, glade (in woods); **ins-gehen**, to take the air, to go abroad, out of doors, or into the open air; **im Fre-en sitzen**, to sit in the open air; **Bewegung im Fre-en**, outdoor exercise; 3) **n.** (im Fre-en) openness, ingenuousness, candidness.

Frei'ten, adj. *Fend. Law*, allodial (*Allodial*), freehold.

Freien, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (with *um* ...) to woo, court, to make love, pay one's addresses to

...; II. *tr.* to marry; *bes* -, (*str.*) *v. a.* the (act of) wooing, courtship. [Bezeiten.]

Freien, (*v.*) *tr.* to free, privilege, see *Freier*, (*str.*) *m.* (H-mann, *str.*) *m.*, pl. *Freie* (wider) wooer, suitor; courtier; auf *Frei* *Freien* *gehen*, *sg.* to be a marrying man (*cf.* auf die *Freie* *gehen*).

Freierding, *adv.* (Losing, *cf.* *Grimm*, WB.; I. *u.*) of one's own accord (*Freiwillig*). *Freieret*, (*v.*) *f.* the (act or practice of) wooing, courtship.

Frei ..., *in comp.* -*exemplar*, *n.* presentation-copy; -*fechter*, *m.* privileged fencing master; -*fleischer*, *m.* butcher not belonging to the butcher-guild; -*frau*, *f.* baroness; -*fräulein*, *n.* daughter of a baron; -*gabe*, *f.* restitution, release; -*gänger*, *m.* soldier belonging to a partisan corps, partisan; -*geben*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*cf.* *Frei*) to release (a prize, &c.), to set free; -*lassen*; (*gegen* *Eigenschaft*) -*geben*, to replevy; -*gebil*, *adj.* free, liberal, generous, bounteous, bountiful, munificent; -*gebigkeit*, *f.* liberality, generosity, bounty, bountifulness, munificence; -*gebung*, *f.* release; restitution; mainprize; -*gebung*, *n.* 1) see -*gericht*; 2) wages of a miner calculated by the quantity of produce; -*geiß*, *m.* free-thinker; -*geisteret*, *f.* free-thinking; latitudinarianism; -*geistesfö*, *adj.* free-thinking; latitudinarian; infidel; -*geisig*, *adj.* unprejudiced, unbiased, unshackled (of the mind); -*gelassene*, (*decl. like* *adj.*) *m. & f.* freed man, freed woman; -*geleid*, *n.* a certain amount of luggage allowed to passengers travelling per post, railway, &c.; *Mar.* adventure; -*gericht*, *n.* 1) free (criminal) court of justice; 2) for *Sejmgericht*, which see; -*gerinne*, *n.* outlet-channel; -*gestunt*, *adj.* free-minded, independent; -*gewicht*, *n.* weight (of luggage) allowed (to passengers); -*glänzen*, *m.* free or independent faith; -*glänzig*, *adj.* independent, unbiased in faith; -*glänzigkeit*, *f.* independence (of belief); -*geiß*, *n.* *Minor*. apparent native gold; -*graf*, *m.* f., judge of the *Sejmgericht*, which see; ballif, sheriff; -*gut*, *n.* 1) freehold (estate), free-tenement, allodium; 2) *Comm.* goods (that are) duty-free; -*hafen*, *m.* free-port; -*halten*, (*str.*) *v. a.* to defray one's expenses, to entertain without expense; to treat (mit, to); ich habe sie -*gehalten*, I stood (the) treat (for them); -*händel*, *m.* -*händlerisch*, *adj.* free trade; -*händlerische* Grundsätze, free-trade principles; *tr.* *Freiherr*, (*str.*) *m.* vagabond (*Randstreicher*).

Frei ..., *in comp.* -*haus*, *n.* a house enjoying certain immunities; -*händler*, *m.* 1) owner of a -*haus*, which see; 2) see *Rüstgäler*, 2.

Freiheit, (*v.*) *f.* 1) liberty, freedom; 2) privilege, charter; 3) license; latitude; 4) (- von Abgaben &c.) exemption, immunity, franchise: die *Frei* der gallischen Kirche, the immunities, liberties of the Gallican church; 5) a) privileged place; close (*cf.* *Dorf*freiheit, *Schloß*freiheit &c.); b) *Archit.* esplanade, parade: in -, at liberty, at large; die - *geben*, in - *setzen*, to set (free or) at liberty, to deliver; to emancipate (a slave); *Einem* *volle* - *lassen*, to leave one fully at liberty; sich (*Dat.*) die - *nehmen*, to take the liberty, to make free or bold; sich zu viel - *heraus* *nehmen*, to be too free; portifische -, poetical license; -*lieben*, *adj.* (warmly) attached to liberty.

Freihelfer, (*str.*) *m.* *conf.* a would-be liberal, pretended advocate of liberty.

Freiheits ..., *in comp.* -*baum*, *m.* tree of liberty; -*brief*, *m.* charter, patent, *cf.* *Freibrief*, 1; -*bund*, *m.* alliance or union for the defence of liberty; -*brang*, -*surf*, -*eifer*, *m.* -*liebe*, *f.* -*lust*, *m.* thirst, zeal, love,

spirit of liberty; -*freund*, *m.* friend to liberty, lover of liberty; -*geiß*, *m.* hero, champion of liberty; -*kampf*, -*krieg*, *m.* struggle, war for asserting liberty, war of independence; -*mühle*, *f.* cap of liberty; -*ritter*, *m.* champion of liberty; -*schwärmer*, *m.* fanatic for liberty; -*schwindel*, *m.* -*lust*, -*wuth*, *f.* rage, excessive desire for liberty.

Frei ..., *in comp.* -*herr*, *m.* baronet, baron; -*herrin*, *Frei*in, (*v.*) *f.* baroness; -*herrlich*, *adj.* baronial; -*herrschaft*, *f.* barony; -*herzig*, *adj.* free, open-hearted; -*herzigkeit*, *f.* free-heartedness, frankness; -*hof*, *m.* free-farm, free manor; -*jahr*, *n.* free year, year of immunity; -*knecht*, *m.* peasant who has redeemed himself from servitude; -*knecht*, *m.* sayer, knacker; -*krug*, *m.* privileged beer-house (exempt from the beer-tax); -*kugel*, *f.* charmed bullet; -*lag*, *m.* share in a mine to be worked gratis; -*lager*, *n.* *Mil.* bivouac; -*lager*, *Mil.* to bivouac; -*lassen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to release, enfranchise, free, to set free, at liberty, or at large, emancipate; 2) *sg.* see -*stellen*; -*lassung*, *f.* the (act of) releasing, setting free, &c., manumission, emancipation; (*gegen* *Vergeltung*) *Law*, mainprize; -*laß*, *m.* see -*gerinne*; -*laß* *sein*, *Sport*. to open too soon (of dogs); -*lebig*, *adj.* unmarried; -*lehen*, *n.* freehold, free-tenement, franchise, free-simple.

Freilich, *adv.* 1) certainly, to be sure, of course; 2) indeed, sure, it is true; ja -, yes, it is true, to be sure.

Frei ..., *in comp.* -*machung*, *f.* 1) the (act of) freeing, &c. *cf.* -*machen*; deliverance; 2) disengagement; 3) see *Frei*setzung; -*mann*, *m.* 1) free-man; free-holder; 2) (*tr.* & *provinc.*) see *Schinder*; -*markt*, *f.* (postage-)stamp (*Brief*markt); -*markt*, *m.* free-market, privileged fair; -*maurer*, *m.* free-mason; -*maureret*, *f.* see -*maurerwesen*; -*maurerrecht*, *m.* fellow-craft; -*maurerrechtlichkeit*, *f.* see -*maurerorden*; -*maurerwesen*, *m.* fraternity or company of free-masons; -*maurerrecht*, *adj.* free-masonic; -*maurerloge*, *f.* free-mason's or masonic lodge; -*maurerwesen*, *n.* free-masonry; -*meister*, *m.* free-master; -*meister*schaft, *f.* free-mastership; -*meiste*, *f.* see -*markt*; -*müßig*, *adj.* free-spoken; -*mut*, *m.* frankness, candour, plain-dealing; -*müßig*, *adj.* frank, free-hearted; open, upright, candid, ingenuous; free-spoken; -*müßigkeit*, *f.* frankness, candour, ingenuousness, openness of heart; -*ort*, *m.* see -*stätte*; -*partei*, *f.* see -*quest*; -*paß*, *m.* passport; -*procente*, *n.* pl. exonerating percentages (in assurances); -*recht*, *n.* right of a freeman to reside where he likes; -*saß*, *m.* free-holder, yeoman; -*schaar*, *f.* free-corps (-*corp*); -*schärer*, *m.* mod. one belonging to a free-corps; free-companion; -*scheln*, *m.* license; -*schiefen*, *n.* public shooting; -*schuppe*, *m.* see *Sehm*-*schuppe*; -*schule*, *f.* free-school, charity-school; -*schüler*, *m.* 1) pupil of a free-school; 2) pupil who is instructed gratis; -*schuß*, -*schüsse*, *m.* 1) *Folktore*, free-archer, one who shoots with charmed bullets; 2) (*also* -*schüsse*, *f.*) *Hydr.* sash-gate, sliding-gate; -*sinn*, *m.* 1) free-unbiased manner of thinking; 2) sense of liberty; -*sinnig*, *adj.* free-minded, large-minded, liberal; -*sinnigkeit*, *f.* free-mindedness, largeness of mind; liberality of opinion; -*st*, *m.* freehold; -*st*er, *m.* free-holder; -*stehen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to absolve, acquit, dispense, discharge, clear; to bring in not guilty; -*stehendes* *Urtheil*, verdict of not guilty; -*streichung*, *f.* 1) absolute, acquittal, discharge; deliverance (by the verdict of a jury); 2) emancipation, *cf.* -*lassung*; -*staat*, *m.* free state, republic; -*staatsbürger*, *m.* republican; -*stätt*, *f.* free town; -*stätt*, -*stätte*, *f.* asylum, refuge; sanctuary; -*stehen*,

(*str.*) *v. intr.* (*impers.*) *sg.* to be permitted; es steht Ihnen *frei*, you are free or at liberty (to do what you please, &c.), it is at your option; -*stehender* Baum, standard-tree; -*stelle*, *f.* a place obtained gratis (as in schools, &c.); -*stehen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to leave to one's choice, option, pleasure, or disposition, to give one free leave; -*stehung*, *f.* permission; option; -*stunde*, *f.* vacant hour, spare hour; leisure.

Frei *st.*, see *Frei*st. [good Friday. *Frei*st, (*str.*) *m.* Friday; der *Frei* - *Frei*te (*Frei*st, *Frei*te), (*v.*) *f.* *conf.* the (act of) wooing, courtship; auf die - *gehen*, to go a-wooing.

Frei ..., *in comp.* -*thätig*, *adj.* self-active; -*tisch*, *m.* free board or maintenance, boarding gratis; -*truppe*, *f.* *Archit.* floor, portico; stairs that do not wind. [Richtung.]

Freiung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) see *Frei*stätt; 2) glade *Frei* ..., *in comp.* -*weiser*, *m.* common of piscary; -*werben*, *v. intr.* to woo by proxy; -*werber*, *m.* -*werberin*, *f.* wooer by proxy; -*werberet*, *f.* business of a match-maker; -*werbung*, *f.* wooing, courting for another, match making; -*wilig*, *I. adj.* voluntary, spontaneous, free; II. *adv.* voluntarily, &c., of one's own accord or free will, by (one's own) choice; -*willige*, (*decl. like* *adj.*) *m.* volunteer; -*willigkeit*, *f.* voluntariness, spontaneity; free-will, good-will; -*zett*, *m.* *Law*, permit, bill of sufferance; license; transire; passport; -*zigig*, *adj.* 1) having the liberty of emigrating without paying taxes; 2) having the right of settlement; -*zigigkeit*, *f.* 1) the liberty of emigrating without paying taxes (*opp.* *Wegzettel*); 2) right of settlement.

*Frei*st, *I. adj.* 1) foreign; alien; strange; extraneous; 2) belonging to others; 3) *sg.* unusual, extraordinary; ich bin *hier* -, I am a stranger here; in *einer* *Stadt* - *sein*, to be a stranger to, ignorant of, or unacquainted with a thing; ein *Frei* *Herr*, a strange gentleman; der *Frei* ist mir -, the gentleman is a stranger to me; *f.* *es* *Licht*, *Privat*, false light; *f.* *es* *Pflanzen*, exotic plants; *f.* *es* *Gut*, *f.* *es* *Kind*, *f.* *es* *Kind* &c., other people's property, hands, children, &c.; *Comm.* *f.* *es* *Rechnung*, foreign bills; *f.* *es* *Rechnung*, for foreign account; -*thun*, *sch.* -*bestimmen*, to be reserved, cold, distant; unter *f.* *em* *Namen* *reisen*, to travel incognito; einander - *ansprechen*, to look strange at one another; II. *in comp.* -*artig*, *adj.* strange, heterogeneous; strange, singular, odd; outlandish; *das* *Frei*-*artige*, -*artigkeit*, *f.* strangeness, singularity, heterogeneity; -*geboren*, *adj.* born in a foreign country; -*glaube*, *m.* heterodoxy; -*gläubig*, *adj.* heterodox (*hinder*gläubig); -*händel*, *m.* foreign trade; -*herr*schaft, *f.* domination or government of an alien or foreigner, (*I. u.*) heterarchy; -*hinder*sch, *adj.* belonging or relating to a foreign country, foreign, extraneous; -*namig*, *adj.* assuming or bearing another's name; -*lust*, *f.* fondness for foreign manners and every thing foreign; -*lustig*, *adj.* fond of (aping) foreign manners; -*thümel*, *f.* see -*lust*; -*wort*, *n.* foreign word; -*wörterbuch*, *m.* dictionary of foreign words.

*Frei*nd, *m.* *f.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) 1) foreigner, alien; stranger; 2) *sg.* visitor, guest; -*haben*, to have visitors from abroad.

*Frei*nd, (*v.*) *f.* foreign country; in der -, in die -, abroad; in die - *gehen*, to go into foreign countries, abroad; aus der - *kommen*, to come home from abroad.

*Frei*nd, (*v.*) *v. intr.* *provinc.* to be shy of strange persons (of children).

*Frei*nd, ..., *in comp.* -*amt*, -*büreau*, *n.* alien office; -*bill*, *f.* alien-bill; -*buch*, *m.* travellers' book, strangers' book (in a hotel, &c.); -*fürer*, *m.* cicerone; -*legen*,

Fried'brüchig, *adj.* breaking the peace, guilty of a violation of the peace.

Fried'chen, (*str.*) *n.*, **Fried'e**, *m.* *dimin.* & *abbr.* of **Friedrich** (*cf.* **Friedel**) & **Gotfried** (*anal.* **Joff**) (*P. N.-s.*)

Fried'e, **Fried'chen**, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) peace; tranquillity; quiet of mind; 2) *Archit.*, &c. *see* **Einfriedigung**; — **machen**, *schließen*, to make peace; — **haben**, *in* — **leben**, to live in peace, to be at peace (*mit*, *with*); — **halten**, to keep peace; *in* **g-n** **lassen**, to let alone, to let be quiet; *II. in comp.* — **gebot**, *n.* order or injunction to keep peace; — **lauf**, *m.* purchase in the lump. [**Freddy** (*P. N.*)]

Fried'el, *m.* (*abbr.* of **Friedrich**) *coll.* **Fred**, **Fried'eifer**, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* imperial crown. **Fried'eis**, *adj.* 1) *f.* outlawed; 2) unpeaceable, quarrelsome.

Fried'ermachend, *adj.* pacifying.

Fried'erbringend, *adj.* pacifying.

Fried'eus ..., *in comp.* — **abstülft**, *f.* pacific intention; — **antrag**, *m.* offer of peace; — **artitel**, *m.* article of peace; — **bedingung**, *f.* condition of peace; — **bote**, *m.* messenger (*herald*) of peace; — **brecher**, *m.* peace-breaker; — **bruch**, *m.* breach (rupture) of peace; — **brüchig**, *see* **Fried'brüchig**; — **tauglich**, *m.* congress for making peace; — **einflechtungen**, *f. pl.* preliminaries of peace; — **engel**, *m.* angel of peace; — **fest**, *n.*, — **feter**, *f.* celebration of a peace; — **feuer**, *n.* bonfire in celebration of a peace; — **flagge**, *f.* flag of truce (peace); — **fürst**, *m.* Prince of peace (*i. e.* Jesus Christ); — **fuß**, *m.* 1) peaceable footing; 2) *Mil.* peace-establishment, peace-footing; — **gedanken**, *m. pl.* peaceable sentiments or thoughts; — **gericht**, *n.* county-court, court of quarter-sessions; — **geschäft**, *n.* negotiation of or for peace; — **gesinnungen**, *f. pl.* *see* **gedanken**; — **hünge**, *f. pl.* arts cultivated in time of peace; — **kuß**, *m.* kiss of peace; — **liebe**, *f.* love of peace; — **minne**, *f.* medal struck in commemoration of a peace; — **partei**, *f.* peace party; — **peise**, *f.* (*among the Am. Indians*) pipe of peace, calumet; — **politik**, *f.* pacific policy; — **punct**, *m.* *see* — **artitel**; — **richter**, *m.* justice of the peace, magistrate; — **schluß**, *m.* treaty (conclusion) of peace, pacification; — **stifter**, *m.* pacifier, peace-maker; mediator, conciliator; — **stiftung**, *f.* pacification; — **störer**, *m.* disturber of peace; — **störung**, *f.* disturbance; — **tag**, *m.* 1) day of peace; anniversary day of peace; 2) day on which the working journeymen (in Germany) hold public meetings; — **tractat**, *m.* treaty of peace; — **unterhandlung**, *f.* negotiation of peace; — **vermittlung**, *f.* interference, mediation of peace; — **vorschlag**, *m.* proposition (proposal) of peace; — **zeit**, *f.* time of peace.

Fried'bert'e, *f.* Frederica (*P. N.*).

Fried'fertig, *I. adj.* peaceable, pacific, inclined to peace; *II. f. l.* (*w. f.*) *f.* peaceableness, pacific disposition.

Fried' ..., *in comp.* — **hog**, *m.* *see* — **zaun**; — **hof**, *m.* (*origin.* an inclosed [eingefriedeter] space round churches, asylum) churchyard.

Fried'bigen, (*w. f.*) *str.* *see* **Einfriedigen**.

Fried'lich, *I. adj.* peaceful, peaceable, pacific; quiet, secure; *II. f. l.* (*w. f.*) *f.* peacefulness, &c. [*table*, peaceful.

Fried'lichs, *p. a.* loving peace, peace-

Fried'lich, *see* **Fried'lichs**.

Fried'rich, *m.* Frederic (*P. N.*). — **Fried'**

rich, *str.* *m.* *Nam.* Frederic d'or.

Fried'sam, **Fried'selig** *xc.*, *see* **Fried'fertig**.

Fried'saum, (*str.*, *pl.* **f. gäune**) *m.* fence, hedge.

Frie'ren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* **haben**) to be cold, feel cold (*with an Dat. or Acc.*); *ich friere* *an den Füßen* (*less correctly an die Füße*), my feet are cold; to be chilled; *II. fr. impers.* *es friert mich*, I am (or feel) cold, chilled; *es*

friert mich an die Füße (or *an den Füßen*), my feet are cold; *III. intr.* 1) (*with sein*) to freeze, congeal; 2) *impers.* (*with haben*) *es friert*, it freezes (*hart*, hard); *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s.* 1) freezing, congelation; 2) *Med.* ague.

Frie'rig, *adj.* cold, frosty, shivery; shaking with cold or ague.

Frie'rpunct, (*str.*) *m.* freezing-point (**Ge-frierpunct**).

Frie's, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a) Archit. & Mar.* frieze; *b) Join.* frame-wood, door-frame; 2) *Gemm.* astragal, the ring or moulding near the mouth of a cannon; 3) *Comm.* frieze, baize.

Frie'se, (*w. f.*) *m.* (**Frie'sen**, (*w. f.*) *f.*) Frison, Friesland.

Frie'sel, (*str.*) *n. & m.* *Med.* rash; purple; — **hüllig**, — **artig**, *adj.* military; — **fleber**, *n.* military fever; — **flechte**, *f.* military herpes; — **schlange**, *f.* *Zool.* a species of boa (*Boa conchris* C.).

Frie'sen, *adj.* made of frieze. [*floor.*

Frie'sfäßboden, (*str.*) *m.* *Archit.* cased

Frie'sisch, *adj.* of Friesland; *f. r.* **Reiter**, *see* **Spanischer Reiter**; *f. r.* **Grün**, Brunswick green. — **Frie'slaub**, *m.* *Geogr.* Friesland.

Frie'sländer, (*str.*) *m.* (**f. in**, (*w. f.*) *f.*) Frie-lander.

Frie'srahmen, (*str.*) *m.* door-frame.

Frie'ng'ren, **Frie'ng'en**, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* *Dy.* to wring; **Frie'ng'teisen**, *n.* wringing plate.

Frie'ig, *I. adj.* 1) fresh, cool; 2) fresh, recent, sweet, new; green, raw; 3) brisk, vigorous, lively, flush, gay; 4) *Min.* compact, solid; *eine f. e. Gesichtsfarbe*, a hale, ruddy complexion; *ein f. er Greis*, hale old man; — *und gesund*, healthful and gay, safe (or whole) and sound; fresh; *f. e. Spur*, burning scent; *f. e. Eier*, new-laid eggs; *f. e. Butter*, fresh butter; *f. e. Käse*, fresh cheese, new cheese; *f. e. Brot*, new bread; *ein f. er (ungefahrener) Fering*, white herring; *f. e. or — angekommene Waaren*, fresh goods or supplies; *f. e. Truppen*, new raised (newly levied) supplies, fresh supplies; *f. e. Wäsche*, clean linen; *f. e. s. Wetter*, 1. fresh weather; 2. *Min.* good air in the pit; *f. e. Wunde*, green or raw wound; *f. e. Milch*, new milk; *f. e. Gras*, new grass; *ein f. er Wind*, a brisk gale of wind; *f. e. Zufuhr*, fresh supplies; *auf f. er That*, in the very act, deed, or fact, red-handed; *II. adv.* 1) freshly, &c.; 2) briskly, lively, gaily; cheerfully, in high spirits, in high feather; — *geleget*, new-laid (eggs); — *gemacht*, new-made; — *gemähtes Gras*, new-mown hay; — *! — auf!* cheer up! — *gut! Mar.* bear a hand! — *darauf los!* — *vorwärts!* — *voran!* — *gut!* cheerily! on them! go ahead! courage! on them! at them! sie gingen — *baran*, they went at it with a will; *von f. em*, afresh, anew; — *gemagt ist halb gewonnen*, *proverb*, well begun, is half done; a good beginning is half the battle; (a) faint heart never won fair lady.

Frie'ig ..., *in comp.* — **arbeit**, *f.* refining of metals, &c.; — **baden**, *adj.* new (bread); — **bäcker**, *m.* baker that sells new bread; — **balg**, *m.* *Iron-w.* bellows in a smeltery; — **blei**, *n.* lead not calcinated; refined lead; — **boden**, *m.* hearth of a puddling-furnace.

Frie'ig'e, (*w. f.*) *f.* 1) freshness; coolness; newness; brightness; ruddiness; briskness; die — *des Christes*, edge of spirit; 2) summer-residence; 3) *Sport.* springy place.

Frie'ig'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* refined or bloom-iron.

Frie'ig'en, (*w. f.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) *a) see* **Frie'ig'sen**; *b) Sport.* to purge (dogs); *c) sich —*, to drink (of dogs); 2) *Metall.* to remelt, refine; to puddle (iron), to revive (copper); 3) *Gew.-sm.* to new-ride (the barrel of a gun); *II. intr.* *Sport.* to pig, farrow. [*metals*].

Frie'ig'er, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* finer, refiner (of **Frie'ig'erlings**, *adv.* (*Lessing*, *I. w.*) *a-fresh*, a-new (von Neum).

Frie'ig' ..., *in comp.* — **eise**, *f.* smeltery (in melting houses); — **feuer**, *n.* 1) fire for refining metals; 2) *see* — **herd** — **gebrannt**, *adj.* recently burnt (lime); new-roasted (coffee); — **gestein**, *n.* *Min.* compact, solid rocks; — **gestülte**, *n.* *T.* coal-dust; — **glätte**, *f.* litharge reduced to lead; — **hammer**, *m.* bloomery, finery.

Frie'ig'heit, (*w. f.*) *f.* *see* **Frie'ig'e**, 1.

Frie'ig' ..., *in comp.* — **herb**, *m.* smeltery, furnace for refining metals; — **klein**, *m.* *T.* carcass; — **macher**, *m.* refiner's assistant.

Frie'ig'lich, *adj.* somewhat fresh or cool.

Frie'ig'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Sport.* a young wild boar, pig of the sounder, shoot; (*im ersten Scherz*) shoot, shots, gripe; (*im zweiten Scherz*) hogget.

Frie'ig' ..., *in comp.* — **machen**, *v. tr.* 1) to make fresh; 2) *see* **Frie'ig'en**; — **milchen**, *provinc.* *adj.* giving fresh milk; fresh-milking; — **essen**, *m.* *see* — **herd**; — **pfanne**, *f.* an iron kettle (to part silver from copper); — **schlade**, *f.* dross, drossment (of refined metals); — **schmelze**, *f.* *see* — **feuer**; — **stahl**, *m.* *see* **Stahl**; — **stül**, *n.* ore-cake (of black copper and lead).

Frie'igung, (*w. f.*) *f.* 1) *see* **Frie'ig'sen**; 2) *Min.* *acc.* act of refining, &c. *see* **Frie'ig'en**, *I. 2, 3*; 3) *Sport.* a) water, spring; b) purge.

Frie'ig'isen, (*str.*) *m.* long thick iron plate in the hearth of a melting furnace.

* **Frie'ig'er** [*pr. friar*'], (*str.*, *pl.* **f. e. f. e.**) *m.* (*Fr.*) hair-dresser. — **Frie'ig'ren**, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dress, curl the hair of ...; 2) *Cloth.* to frieze, form a nap on (cloth); 3) *Reiter* *xc.* mit **Dand**, **Epigen** *xc.* — *to trim, dress*; 4) *Metall.* *see* **Eisigen**; 5) *Mar.* to stuff (die **Eisigen** sporten, the gun ports).

Frie'ig' ..., *in comp.* — **bohrer**, *m.* *Mach.* chamfering drill, counter-sink; — **eisen**, *n.* *cutting-iron*, *cf.* **Stahl**; — **gemmelt**, *m.* *Flamm.* gum arabic; — **lamm**, *m.* dressing comb, half and half comb; — **mühle**, *f.* friezing machine or mill; — **nabel**, *f.* bodkin; — **platte**, — **schelbe**, — **tafel**, *f.* friezing-table.

* **Frie'ig'er**, (*Fr.*) *see* **Frie'ig'erband**.

Frie'ig, *s. l.* (*w. f.*) *f.* space of time, set (legal) term, given time; respite, delay; *Comm.* usance; *nach —*, *termly*; (*Ginem*) — *geben*, to grant or give delay, respite, to give a reprieve, to respite, reprieve; *Comm.* to grant grace; *gu dicke* —, at this time; *II. in comp.* — **begehrt**, *m.* *Law.* dilatory precept; — **brief**, *m.* letter of respite; — **buch**, *n.* *Min.* diary.

Frie'ig'en, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to fix a term; *b)* to grant delay, to respite, *Law.* to reprieve, put off, delay, post-pone, prolong; 2) (*sometimes refl. sich — mit ...*) *das Leben —* (*with Dat.*), 1. to maintain one's life, to gain a (scanty) subsistence, to keep body and soul together, to eke out existence; 2. (*Ginem*) to spare (one's life), to grant a reprieve (to one).

Frie'ig' ..., *in comp.* — **erfrischung**, — **erfrischung**, *f.* prolongation of a (set) term; — **geld**, *m.* *Min.* *see* **Quaternbergeld**; — **geschick**, *n.* *Law.* dilatory plea; — **gewährung**, *f.* *see* — **brief**; — **mittel**, *n.* palliative; — **tag**, *m.* day of respite, delay, or grace.

Frie'igung, (*w. f.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) fixing a term; 2) the (act of) delaying, &c. *cf.* **Frie'ig'en**; prolongation; *cf.* **Frie'ig'e**, *m.* *see* **Rufstabsbrief**. **Frie'ig'** ..., *in comp.* — *or* *f. entseife*, *adv.* at certain times, by intervals; by instalments; — **zahlung**, *f.* instalment.

* **Frie'ig'**, (*w. f.*) (*Fr.*) 1) the (act of) curling, &c. *cf.* **Frie'ig'en**; 2) a head of hair; hair. **Frie'it**, **Frie'itbohrer**, (*str.*) *m.* gimblet, gimlet.

Frie'ite, (*w. f.*) *f.* 1) *Glass-w.* frit; 2) *Cook.* fritter; — **machen**, **Frie'iten**, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* to frit. — **Frie'itporzellan**, (*str.*) *n.* vitreous or soft porcelain. — **Frie'it'sen**, (*str.*) *m.* fritting-furnace.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* bitch-fox, she-fox.
Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *f.* fox-hunt, fox-chase, fox-hunting; — **füger**, *m.* fox-hunter.
Fuch's (str.) *n. pl.* *Mar.* foxes.
Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *n.* species of weasel; — **fuch**, *n.* see **Stothof**; — **fuch**, *n.* *Zool.* maki; — **fuch**, *n.* *Sport.* flants, scumber.
Fuch's (str.) *n.* (provinc. S. G. &) * see **Fuch's**.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *n.* see — **fuch**; — **fuch**, *m.* 1) *Comm.* fox-akine; 2) *fur* (lining) of foxes; **den** — **fuch** *engeln*, *coll.* to play a trick, to use cunning; — **fuch**, *f.* a kind of periwig; — **fuch**, *n.* *Sport.* the (act of) tossing a fox in a blanket; — **fuch**, *f.* *Vol.* scurf, fox-evil, alopecia; — **fuch**, *n.* fagging student at schools, &c.; — **fuch**, *n.* *Bot.* fen reed-grass (*Carex vulpina* L.); — **fuch**, *f.* see — **fuch**; — **fuch**, *adj.* fox-coloured, sorrel; — **fuch**, *n.* sorrel colour, red bay; — **fuch**, *n.* *Min.* slang, idling; — **fuch**, *m.* swan-shot; — **fuch**, *m.* 1) fox-tail, *Sport.* brush; 2) *Corp.* &c. dove-tail saw, whip-saw; 3) *Bot.* fox-tail, flower gentle; love-lies-bleeding (*Alopecurus* L.); 4) see — **fuch**; **den** — **fuch** *engeln*, *coll.* to flatter, fawn, to pick thanks; to slander; — **fuch**, *m.* *coll.* fawn, please-man, tail-carrier, pick-thank; slanderer, back-biter; — **fuch**, *f.* *coll.* (act of) fawning, (subject) adulation; slander, backbiting; — **fuch**, *adj.* *coll.* fawning; slandering; — **fuch**, *n.* *Bot.* fox-tail grass (— **fuch**); — **fuch**, *f.* see — **fuch**; 2) — **fuch**, *f.* see — **fuch**; *Bot.* &c. — **fuch**, *f.* fox-grape (*Vitis labrusca* W.); — **fuch**, *n.* see — **fuch**; — **fuch**, *m.* wine made from the fox-grape; — **fuch**, *adj.* *sem.* horn-mad; — **fuch**, *f.* *Bot.* see **Fuch's**.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* 1) broad sword, blade; 2) whip, scourge, rod, ferule; unter **fuch** — **fuch**, to keep under the ferule, strict discipline; 3) *vulg.* minx, vixen; — **fuch**, *f.* a terrible blade without an edge.

Fuch's, (w.) *v. l. & r.* strike with a broad sword, &c., to whip, ferule; *II. intr.* to flourish a sword or switch.

Fuch's, (str.) *n.* 1) cart-load, waggon-load; 2) *Comm.* a measure for wine containing six ohm; — **fuch**, *adv.* by cart-loads.

Fuch's, *adj.* containing a cart-load.

Fuch's, (str.) *m.* 1) *f.* apineas, convenience; 2) right, authority; mit — **fuch** *Recht*, mit **fuch** —, with full right.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* 1) *Join. & Mas.* joint, groove; *Corp.* mortise, rabbit; *Arch. Anat.*, *Nat.*, & *Bot.* commissure; 2) *Anat.* seam, suture; **den** **fuch** — **fuch**, to put out of joint, disjoint; *Ag.* to disjoint, disorder, confuse, to unhinge; **aus** **den** **fuch** *sein*, *Ag.* to be unhinged or off the hinges or hooks.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* *Mus.* fugue.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *f.* *Corp. & Join.* 1) grooving bench; 2) — **fuch**, *m.* long plane; groove-(sawing or grooving)-plane, rebating-plane; — **fuch**, *n.* *Glas.* grooving-iron.

Fuch's, (str.) *n.* *Mas.* trowel (Reife).

Fuch's, (w.) *m.* *T.* scarring-kettle.

Fuch's, (w.) *v. l. & r.* to fit; to join; *II.*

fuch, to join, groove, rabbit.

Fuch's, (w.) *v. l. & r.* 1) to join, unite, put or fold together; 2) *Ag.* to ordain, dispose, dispose (said of Divine Providence); 3) *Join.* to shoot, to smooth; *II. refl.* 1) to suit, to be suitable, convenient, proper, fit; 2) *impera.* to happen, come to pass; to chance; **wie** **fuch** *er* **fuch**, as occasion serves; 3) **fuch** *in* (with *Acc.*) —, to accommodate, reconcile, conform one's self to; to comply with, submit or yield to, acquiesce in.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m.* *T.* joining-peg; — **fuch**, (str.) *pl.* *f.* *Wörter* *n.* *Gramm.* conjunction.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m.* *fuguit*; — **fuch**, *adj.* *Join.* joined; — **fuch**, *n.* *Med.* articulation.

Fuch's, *adj.* in the manner of a fugue.
Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m.* hive-dross (the viscous substance of bees, by which they join their cells); — **fuch**, *m.* the cutting into a cone form (stones, &c.); — **fuch**, *m.* *fuguit*; — **fuch**, *f.* *Mas.* pointing (*f.* *Ausführung*, *I. 1, a*).

* **Fuch's**, *adj.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* in style of fugue or double counterpoint.

Fuch's, *I. adj.* convenient, proper, fit, apt, suitable, opportune, seasonable; *II. adv.* 1) conveniently, &c.; easily; *seine* **fuch** *wurde* *so* *leicht* *wie* *es* — *formte*, his purse became as empty as it well could; 2) lawfully, by right or reason, reasonably; *du* *kannst* *es* — *unrecht* *haben* *lassen*, you may as well leave it unmentioned; — *antworten*, to answer to the purpose.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* convenience, propriety, fitness, &c. *f.* **fuch**; congruity, easiness.

Fuch's, *I. adj.* (l. w.) incompetent (*Unbefähigt*); without right or reason, unreasonable; *II. f.* **fuch**, *f.* incompetence; unreasonable.

Fuch's, *I. adj.* pliant, yielding, ductile; *II. f.* **fuch**, *f.* pliancy, pliability, yieldingness, ductility.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) joining, &c.; *Ag. & 2*) contingency, juncture; 3) disposition (of Divine Providence), dispensation, decree.

Fuch's, *I. adj.* sensible; tangible, palpable; perceptible; *II. f.* **fuch**, *f.* sensibility; tangibility, palpability, perceptibility.

Fuch's, (str.) *n.* *Sury.* sound (Sonde).

Fuch's, (w.) *v. l. & r.* 1) to feel, to touch; to be sensible of; 2) to perceive; *Einem* (an) *den* **fuch** —, *lit. & Ag.* to touch or feel one's pulse; *Einem* auf *den* **fuch** —, *Ag.* 1) to feel one's mind; to sound one; 2) to try one; *sein* —, to be of a nice or delicate feeling; *du* *soldest* *es* —, you shall smart for it; *ich* *werde* *es* *ihm* — *lassen*, it shall fall heavy upon him; *I'll* make him smart for it; *II. refl.* to be sensible or conscious of; to feel (one's self); *es* *fühle* *ich* *mein* (an), it feels soft; *ich* *fühle* *mein* *gan* *wohl*, I feel perfectly well; *ich* *fühle* *mein* *nicht* (an), I do not feel well, *coll.* I do not feel myself; *er* *fühle* *ich* *bel* *bedrückt*, he felt hurt; *fuch*, *p. a. Ag.* feeling, sensitive, susceptible, tender. *see* **fuch**.

Fuch's, (str.) *m.* 1) feeler; 2) *gener. pl.*

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m. pl.* *Nat.* feelers (as of mollusca, &c.); — **fuch**, *m.* *T.* lever of contact; — **fuch**, *n. pl.* *Entom.* feelers (antennae), tentacles; — **fuch**, *m.* *Bot.* sensitive fern (*Oenoclea sensibilis* L.); — **fuch**, *f.* faculty of feeling or of perception; — **fuch**, *n.* *Bot.* sensitive plant, mimosa (*Mimosa pudica* L.).

Fuch's, *I. adj.* insensible (gegen, to), unfeeling, void of feeling, cold; *II. f.* **fuch**, *f.* unfeelingness, coldness, apathy.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m.* *T.* level of contact; — **fuch**, *p. pl.* see — **fuch**.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* 1) see **fuch**; 2) *mod. a*) connexion; 3) *jur.* —, as a feeler.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* *provinc.* ditch in peat-land.

Fuch's, (str.) *pl.* *f.* *Bücher* *n.* *gener. pl.* leading-strings (Gängelbän).

Fuch's, *adj.* 1) portable, manageable;

2) capable of being conducted or carried on.

Fuch's, (str.) *m.* see **fuch**.

Fuch's, *adj.* 1) the (act of) carrying, carriage; 2) carriage, conveyance, cart, waggon; 3) cart-load, waggon-load, load; 4) carriage, fare; 5) *a*) *T.* groove (of a needle,

&c.); 6) *provinc.* furrow (*furchen*); *per* or *mit* —, see **fuch**.

Fuch's, (w.) *v. l. & r.* 1) to carry, convey, bring; 2) to lead, guide, conduct; to command; 3) to form or build in a certain direction, to carry on or up, *f.* **fuch**, *I. 2*; 4) *Comm.* &c. *a*) to deal in, to keep (certain articles); *b*) to manage, carry on (a business, &c.); *c*) to keep (the books); 5) to bear, to wear; 6) to wield, manage, handle; 7) to have; to hold, contain; 8) to wage (war, &c.), carry on; **das** **fuch** *zur* *Tränke* —, to drive the cattle to water; (**das** **fuch** *zum* *Wunde* —, to raise to one's lips; **das** **fuch** *führt* *30* *Kanonen*, the ship mounts thirty guns; **den** **fuch** —, *Mus.* to manage the bow; *er* *weist* *den* **fuch** *gut* *zu* —, he is a good swordsman; **das** **fuch**, *die* **fuch** *ist* —, to wield or handle the sword, the pen, &c.; **Geld** *bei* *ich* —, to have or carry money about, by, or with one or about one's person; **falsche** **fuch** —, to keep false weights; **aus** *dem* **fuch** —, to export; **ins** **fuch** —, to import; **einen** **fuch** *im* **fuch** —, to bear an eagle in one's coat of arms; *er* *führt* *den* **fuch** —, he goes (passes) by the name of ...; **einen** **fuch** —, to bear a title; **ein** **fuch** —, to lead a life, to live (a miserable, &c.) life; **ein** **fuch** —, to be happy in wedlock; **eine** **fuch** —, to direct, manage, or carry on a business; **ein** **fuch** —, to steer, to navigate a ship; **die** **fuch**, *die* **fuch** —, to govern, rule; to sit at the helm; **die** **fuch** —, to keep the house; **aus** *dem* **fuch** —, *coll.* 1. to bring, draw into danger; 2. to deceive, take in; **das** **fuch** —, to be speaker in the name of others; **gerichte** **fuch** —, to hold foul language; **Strig** —, to wage war (on), gegen, against, to make war (on); **einen** **fuch** —, to carry on a law-suit; to plead a cause; **fuch** —, to complain (*fuch* *with* *Acc.*); **off**, **Etant** — (or **machend**) to dress sumptuously; **einen** **fuch** —, to hold an argument; **den** **fuch** —, to show proof; **den** **fuch** —, to have the command; **den** **fuch** —, to lead or to open the dance; **eine** **fuch** *zum* **fuch** —, to lead a lady to the (ob. out to) dance; **eine** **fuch** *zum* **fuch** —, to take a lady in to dinner; **den** **fuch** —, to use, handle the brush, to paint; **eines** **fuch** —, *Ag.* to have some design in one's head; **hinter** **das** **fuch** —, *coll.* to deceive; *in* *die* **fuch** —, to raise, erect; *zu* ... —, *Ag.* to conduce to, to be conducive to; **was** *ist* *das* —? what is to come of this? what (benefit, &c.) will result from it? *es* *führt* *zu* *nichts*, it avails nothing, it is to no purpose; *zu* **fuch** —, to bring home, &c. see **fuch**; *in* *Verführung* —, to lead into temptation; **mit** **fuch** — (of things), to carry along with it, to cause, to be productive of, *f.* (mit **fuch**) **fuch**.

Fuch's, (str.) *m.* 1) conductor, leader, guide, governor, director, commander, headman; — **eines** **fuch**, master; steersman; 2) *Mus.* the subject of a fugue.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* conductress, manager, directress, governess.

Fuch's, (w.) *f.* leadership, guidance.

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *f.* sledge-service with waggon and horse; — **fuch**, *f.* (chance)-conveyance; **mit** — **fuch**, by land-carriage, by land, by (the) waggon; — **fuch**, *n.* waggon-furniture; — **fuch**, *n.* see **fuch**.

Fuch's, *adj.* *Sport.* capable of being led (of hounds).

Fuch's ..., *in comp.* — **fuch**, *m.* carter's man; — **fuch**, *n.* freight, cartage, carriage, waggonage; fare, passage; driver's wages; — **fuch**, *n.* (pl.) 1) carrier, carman, carter, waggoner, charioteer; driver; 2) *Astr.* Waggoner, Auriga; **but** — **fuch**, *Comm.*

per carman *z.*: —mannschub, *f.* *Swg.* auriga; —mannschub, *n.*, —mannsfittel, *m.* smock-trook; —mannschiff, *f.* waggon (crop or driving) whip, waggoner's whip; —mannschiff, *n.* cart-horse; —mannsfittel, *m.* carrier's saddle; —mannswagen, *m.* see *Frachtwagen*; —mannswinde, *f.* see *Wagenwinde*.

Fahrtstraße, see *Fahrtstraße*.

Fahrtung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) carrying, *acc.*, conveyance; 2) *Man.* hand; 3) *a)* *Feint.* the handling (of the brush); *b)* *Mus.* management (of the bow); *c)* —der *Waffen*, *Mil.* manual exercise; 4) *a)* the (act of) leading, guidance, conduct; *b)* direction, management; conduct (of a business, *acc.*); *c)* command; *d)* conduct; fittide or gutt —, good conduct; 5) the keeping (of books); 6) *Mar.* see *Beislaß*; *g)* —mannschiff, *f.* the men (sailors, *acc.*) able to navigate a vessel, crew; *h)* —gungst, *n.* character.

Fahrt..., *in comp.* —weg, *m.* highway, carriage road, *cf.* *Fahrtweg*; —wert, *n.* 1) vehicle, conveyance, carriage, cart, waggon; 2) (wheeled) vehicles (collectively); —weisen, *n.* carrying, conveyance, carriages.

Fall..., *in comp.* —band, *n.* 1) border of a door-panel; —baum, *m.* *Mm.* first frame of a shaft; —bier, *n.* bear with which a cask is filled up; —blatt, *n.* *Gold-b.* empty book; —bet, *n.* *Join.* *acc.* panel; —beschäft, *m.* *Build.* principal rafter (of a roof).

Fälle, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Cook.* see *Wassfel*; 2) fulness, plenty; abundance; profusion, exuberance; 3) filling, contents of barrel; die —, *coll.* sometimes used adverbially: in (super) abundance.

A. Fälle, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to fill, fill up; auf *Fälle* —, to bottle; in *Fässer* —, to put into casks, to cask, barrel in *Eide* —, to put in sacks; einen *Eufballon* —, to fill, inflate a balloon; eine *Eide* —, to make up for a deficiency (*cf.* *Ausfüllen*); wider —, to replenish; 2) *a)* to stuff; *b)* *Cook.* to farce, force, stuff; 3) to pour, put in; *ll. reg.* to stuff, fill, cram.

B. Fälle, (*str.*) *n.* foal, ally; —stut, *f.* brood-mare; —stut, *m.* colt's tooth, nipper; —stut, *f.* breeding of foals. — *Fälle*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to foal. [*fall*; 2) fuller.

Fällter, (*str.*) *m.*, *Fällterin*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Fäll...*, *in comp.* —erbe, *f.* *T. all.* —faß, *n.* 1) any smaller vessel used in filling up a larger one; 2) *Mm.* *a)* coal-basket; *b)* coal-measure; —geiß, *f.* *Brew.* pall, bucket, pitcher; —haar, *n.* (hair for) stuffing, wadding; —haß, *m.* 1) a large funnel for filling casks; 2) *Build.* *all.* —heßballen, *m.* *Skip-b.* filling-transom; —horn, *n.* horn of plenty, cornucopia. [*boards*.

Fälltingen, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Skip-b.* limber. *Fäll...*, *in comp.* —laune, *f.* see —gelte; —stelle, *f.* (pot-)ladle; *Mm.* filling-trowel; —forß, *m.* see —faß, 2, *a.*; —frant, *n.* *Cook.* cabbage filled with forced meat; —lager, *n.* *Brew.* *acc.* stilling, stand; —löffel, *m.* filling-ladle or spoon; —mauß, *m.* *Build.* backing (filling of a wall, *acc.*). [*filling*.

Fällnig, (*str.*) *n.* & *f.* see 1) *Fällfel*; 2) *Fäll...*, *in comp.* —ffnung, *f.* *Swm.* charging-hole; —offer, *n.* *Join.* *acc.* sacrifice of consecrations; —ort, *m.* *Mm.* pit-eye; *Build.* —pfosten, *m.* middle-post; —quader, *m.* *all.*; —röhre, *f.* *Mech.* feed-pipe. [*filling*.

Fällfel, (*str.*) *n.* *Cook.* stuffing, farcing, forced meat, minced meat.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —pan, *m.* *T.* filling-piece; —pannen, *f.* *Skip-b.* filling-timbers; —parren, *m.* principal rafter; —pange, *f.* stirring-pole; —steine, *m.* *pl.* *Mm.* explosive; —stift, *m.* *Typ.* space, quadrate; —stifte einsetzen, to space; —stunne, *f.* *Mm.* *ripieno* (ital.), part introduced to fill up the

chorus (*ripienstunne*); —stad, *m.* 1) *Fire-w.* driver; 2) *Swm.* setter; —stid, *n.* a piece of wood, *acc.* used to fill up a space; —stichter, *m.* see —hals, 1.

Fällung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) filling, *acc.*; 2) filling-ingredients, stuffing; 3) *Bibl.* first fruits as a sacrifice; 4) *Med.* anaplerosis; 5) *a)* *T.* panel (=square), pane; *b)* (inde) false panel; (bündige) flush panel; *b)* *Sugar-w.* set of filled moulds; *g)* —pflanzen, *f.* *pl.* *Skip-b.* planks between the wales; *h)* —röhre, *f.* *Mech.* supply-pipe (of a steam engine); *h)* —pannen, *f.* *pl.* *Skip-b.* filling-timbers.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —wein, *m.* wine with which a cask is filled up; —wert, *n.* *Build.* backing, rubble-work (*Fällmauß*); —wert, *n.* *Gramm.* explosive.

* *Fällmirt*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*Lat.*) to fulminate.

Fällmirt, *L. (str.) m.* or —sein, —fals, *n.*, —falschen, *m.* *T.* pollisher, polishing-stick; *ll. (w.) f.* *vulg.* a low woman, slut.

Fällmirt, *vulg. (w.) v. l. tr.* to fumble; *ll. fr. T.* to polish, to smooth.

* *Fällmirt*, (*w.*) *f.* *gener. & Math. (Lat.)* function. — *Fällmirt*, see *Fällmirt*.

Fäll, (*str.*, *pl.* *Fälle*) *m.* 1) the (act of) finding; 2) any thing found, find; 3) *Ag.* discovery, invention, contrivance, *cf.* *Erfindung*; —und *Wort*, *Mm.* spot where the working of a mine commences; cimen — thun, to find something of value.

* *Fällmirt*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) foundation, basis; 2) *Print.* table (of a printing-press) — *Fällmirt*, *adj.* fundamental, *cf.* *Grund...* *in comp.* —baß, *m.* *Mm.* fundamental base; —bet, *n.* *T.* cross-bar; —limit, *f.* *Geom.*, *acc.* ground-line, base-line.

* *Fällmirt*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) foundation, a revenue established, establishment, endowment; *g)* —system, *n.* founding system.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —buch, *m.* inventory; —bischlaß, *m.* *Law.* fraudulent retention of any thing given in trust or embezzlement of an unknown object (*furtum incognitum*); —geß, *f.*, —gelb, *n.* recompense (for finding and restoring something); —gegenßand, *m.* object found; —grube, *f.* 1) mine, shaft; 2) *Ag.* a mine or rich source, (literary or scientific) treasure; —grüßer, *m.* *Mm.* proprietor, owner of a mine, miner.

Fällbig, *adj.* *Mm.* containing or yielding ore, metalliferous (*opp.* *Laub*).

* *Fällmirt*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*Lat.*) to fund, consolidate; die *fumbirt* *Echuld*, funded or consolidated debt, *pl.* consols. [*fund*.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —ort, 1) place where a species of minerals, plants, *acc.* is found, habitat; 2) or —punkt, *m.* *Mm.* place where a mine has been discovered; —recht, *n.* right or claim from having found a thing; —register, *m.* see —buch; —schacht, *m.* shaft by which a mine has first been discovered; —schein, *m.* 1) certificate of having found a thing; 2) *Law.* certificate of a physician as to the cause of a person's death; —zett, *m.* *Law.* inventory.

Fäll, *card. numb.* five; *Swm.* cinque (at dice); —vom *Fäll*, five in the hundred; —grade (ein *lassen*, *jam.* proverb, to be not over-nice, to connive at something, to strain a point; to stand not upon niceties; *cc.* *fann* nicht — pählen, see *Drri*, 1.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —actig, *adj.* of five acts; —actige *Stille*, five-act plays; —schelrig, *adj.* *Bot.* quinqueangular; —blatt, *n.* see —fingerblatt; —blättrig, *adj.* *Bot.* 1) five-leaved, quinquefoliate(d), pentaphyllous; 2) —(blumen-)blättrig, *adj.* five-petaled, pentapetalous; —baxpell, *adj.* five-fold, quintuple.

Fällfe, (*w.*) *f.*, *Fällfer*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) five;

cinque (at dice); 2) five (at tennis); 3) *Fällfer* —schuß, *m.* a committee of five.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —ed, *n.* *Geom.* pentagon; —edig, *adj.* pentagonal. [*ed*.

Fällfer, *adj.* five different ..., of five *Fäll...*, *in comp.* —faß, —fällig, *adj.*

fivefold, quintuple; —fällrig, *adj.* *Bot.* five-celled, quinquelocular, pentacapsular; —fällrig, *adj.* having five fingers; —fingertraut, *n.* *Bot.* cinquefoil, five-leaved (or five-finger-) grass (*Potentilla* L.); —faß, *n.* *Math.* pentahedron; —fällig, *adj.* having five feet; —fällrig, *m.* *Proc.* a verse of five feet (*Pentameter*); —gefäng, *m.* *Mm.* quintette; —geßell, *adj.* five-parted; *Bot.* quinquefid; —hert, *m.* quinquevir; —hertschafft, *f.* pentarchy; —jährlig, *adj.* of five years, five years old, quinquennial; —jährlig, *adj.* every five years, happening once in five years; —fängig, *adj.* having five edges, pentagonal; *Bot.* —fällig, *adj.* quinqueangular; —fällig, *adj.* five-valved, quinquevalvar; —fällig, *adj.* five-lobed, quinquelobate; —maß, *acc.* five times; —mällig, *adj.* taking place or repeated five times; —mann, *m.* see —hert; *Bot.* —männrig, *adj.* pentandrian, pentandrous; —männrige *Blume*, pentander; —paarl, *adj.* *Bot.* quinquejugous; —pfänder, *m.* *Swm.* five-pounder; —schelrig, *adj.* having five (banks of) oars; —fängig, *adj.* *Bot.* five-seeded, pentaspermous; —faß, *m.* *Arch.* double rule of three; —fällig, *adj.* with five (rows of) columns; cin —fälliges *Gebäude*, pentastyle; —fällig, *adj.* *Mech.* having five treadles; —fällig, *adj.* five-valved, quinquevalvar; —fällig, *adj.* having five sides, pentahedrous, pentahedral; —fällig, *adj.* consisting of five syllables; —fällig, *adj.* *Bot.* quinquefid; —fällig, *adj.* *Mm.* for five voices; —fällig, *adj.* five-storied; —fällig, *adj.* lasting five hours; —fällig, *adj.* occurring, *acc.* every five hours; *acc.* every five hours; —fällig, *adj.* of (or lasting) five days; —fällig, *adj.* occurring, *acc.* every fifth day.

Fällfel, *adj.* fifth; —faß, *adj.* four and a half.

Fällfel, (*str.*) *n.* fifth part, fifth.

Fällfel, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to divide into fifths.

Fällfel, *adv.* fifthly, in the fifth place.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —teilig, *adj.* five-parted, quinquepartite; —weilig, *adj.*, *acc.* *Bot.* pentagynian, *acc.* —weilig, *adj.* quinqueangular, pentagonal, pentangular; —weilig, *adj.* *acc.* (occurring, *acc.*) every five weeks; —weilig, *adj.* of (or lasting) five weeks; —weilig, *adj.* five-pronged; —weilig, *adj.* *Mar.* *all.* five-toothed, quinque-dentate.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —zahl, *card. numb.* fifteen; —ed, *n.* *Geom.* quindecagon; *g)* —hert, *m.* quindecimvir; *f)* —ed, *adj.* fifteenth; *g)* —tel, (*str.*) *n.* fifteenth (part).

Fäll..., *in comp.* —teilig, *adj.* consisting of five lines.

Fäll..., *in comp.* —teilig, *card. numb.* fifty; *cc.* *it* in den *Fäll*, he is between fifty and sixty (years old); *f)* —ed, *adj.* (relating to the number) fifty; (wine, *acc.*) of the year '50 (*i. e.* 1750); *g)* —er, (*str.*) *m.* a man of fifty (and odd years old); *g)* —er, *card. numb.* fifty; *cc.* *it* in den *Fäll*, he is between fifty and sixty (years old); *f)* —ed, *adj.* fiftyfold; —jährlig, *adj.* fifty years old, of fifty years; *f)* —tel, *adj.* fiftieth (part).

Fäll..., *in comp.* —teilig, *adj.* five inches long, wide, or thick.

* *Fäll...*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Chem.* *z.* fungus; —säure, *f.* fungic acid; —säure *Salz*, *n.* fungate.

* *Fäll...*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*Lat.*) to officiate, discharge the duties of an office; als *Fäll...* —, to act as a broker.

Fäll..., (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Fäll*) 1) sparklet; 2) *Ag.* particle.

Funke, (*str.*), **Funken**, (*str.*) m. 1) spark, sparkle; 2) *fig.* glimpe, ray; spark, flash (of wit); spark, particle (of virtue, &c.); die letzten nachglühenden Funken der Empörung, the last smouldering embers of rebellion.

Funken, **Funken**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to emit sparks, to sparkle, glitter, scintillate, twinkle, coruscate, shine; f-d, p. a. sparkling, &c., shining, bright; das —, (*str.*) v. a. sparkling, &c.; scintillation; coruscation.

Funke(n)neue, *adj. coll.* brand-new, spick and span(-new).

Funke, s. l. (*str.*) m. see **Funke**; II. *in comp.* —fänger, m. spark-catcher, spark-arrester (of a steam-engine); —holz, n. touch-wood; —sehen, n. twinkling of the eyes; —sprühen, —werfen, emitting sparks, scintillating; —wurm, m. fire-fly (Glühwurm).

Für, I. *prep. (with Acc.)* for; instead of; in — allmahl, once for all; — Bezahlung annehmen, to take in payment; — gut or recht haben, to think (a thing) right, advisable, or proper; es — einen Schimpf adäten, to consider it as an affront; ich lebe wüthentlich — jchm Zehler, I live at the rate of ten dollars a week; — einen Pfennig, a pennyworth; — den Preis von ..., at the rate (or price) of ...; — ein or das Jahr, per annum; ich — meine Person, as for (or to) me, for my part; I, for one; viele Für ist — dich geschlossen, this door is closed to you; er ist tot — mich, he is dead to me; der Knabe war groß — sein Alter, the boy was tall of his age; ein Witttagsmahl — die Gäste, a dinner to the tenants; ein günstiges Vorzeichen — etwas, favourable omen to something; ehrenvoll — sie, aber hart — mich, honourable to her, but hard upon me; wichtig — mich, important to me; — die Zeit der Noth, against the time of need; — dich würde ich es thun, I should do it for your sake; — sich, per se, separately; an und — sich, in itself, by itself, apart from other things or persons, abstractedly; — sich leben, to live by one's self; — sich überleben, to remain single; sie nehmen ein Etabliement — sich ein, they occupy a distinct quarter of the town; sie hat einiges Vermögen — sich, she has some property of her own; — sich sprechen, to speak to one's self; er sprach dies nur — sich, he meant this for an aside; ich habe es — mein Leben gern, (*lit.* I like it for my life) I do it upon it; Mann — Mann, man by man, one and all, every one; Tag — Tag, day by day; Schritt — Schritt, step by step; — etwas sein, to be for ... or in favour of ... to advocate for ...; — und wider, for and against, *coll.* pro and con; die Argumente — und wider, the arguments on both sides; Comm-s. — mich an die Order des Herrn N., pay to Mr. N. or order; — Ihre Rechnung und Gekalt, for your account and risk.

II. *adv. (t. d.)* *, — und —, for ever and ever, ever and anon. [*then, on.*]
Fürbach (or **Fürbisch**), *adv. t.* forward, further.
Fürbieten, (*str.*) v. tr. (*S. G.*) to cite, summon (Verbieten, Vorladen).

Fürbitte, (*w.*) f. intercession, mediation; intercessory prayer; — der Heiligen, suffrage of the Saints; — einlegen, to intercede, to plead (für, for; bei, with). [*mediator.*]

Fürbitter, (*str.*) m. intercessor, pleader, **Fürbitte** schreiben, (*str.*) n. letter of intercession.

Fur ..., *in comp.* —angrenzer, —genos, —nachbar, m. furrow-neighbour.

Furche, (*w.*) f. 1) furrow; 2) T. groove; 3) (in der Hand) line; *fig.* wrinkle; F-n ziehen, to make furrows, to furrow.

Furche, (*w.*) v. tr. to furrow; *fig.* to wrinkle; gefurcht, p. a. *Bot.* sulcate(d); *Min.* striate(d).

Furche ..., *in comp.* Agr-s. —egge, f.

drill-harrow; —furte, f., —rethen, m. implement for making drains; —rein, m. furrow slice, balk; —senbe, f. *Surg.* see **Gehlfende**; —weise, *adv.* furrow-like, in furrows; —gleher, m. Agr. drill-plough, drilling-machine.

Furthig, *adj.* 1) furrowed; wrinkled; *Bot.* sulcate(d).

Furcht, (*pl. [w.] F-ten, n. u.)* f. fear (vor [with Dat.], of), fright, terror, dread, awe; die — Gottes, the fear of God; die — vor dem Tode, the fear of death; ich vergaß alle — vor der Zukunft, I forgot all fear of the future; aus — vor (with Dat.), for (from) fear of ...; außer sich vor —, frightened out of one's wits; ohne —, fearless; vor ... (with Dat.) — haben, to be afraid of ...; in — geraten, to take the alarm, to be frightened; in — setzen, to frighten, terrify, to make afraid, to put in fear.

Furchtbär, I. *adj. (F-lisch, t. adv.)* fearful, formidable, dreadful, frightful, terrible, dread, awful, tremendous; II. **Furcht**, (*w.*) f. formidableness, dreadfulness, terribleness.

Furcht, (*w.*) v. I. tr. to fear, be afraid or apprehensive of, to apprehend, dread; das ist nicht zu —, there is no fear of that; Sie haben dabei nichts zu —, you run no risk in it; ich fürchte für sein Leben, I am afraid for his life; es wird sehr gefürchtet, daß ..., there is great fear evinced that ...; (zu) — machen, to make afraid, to frighten; II. *refl.* to be in fear, to be afraid or apprehensive (vor [with Dat.], of), to stand in fear or awe (of).

Furchterlich, I. *adj.* frightful, terrible, horrible, horrid, fearful, tremendous; II. **Furcht**, (*w.*) f. frightfulness, &c.

Furchts, I. *adj.* fearless, free from (or devoid of) fear; II. **Furcht**, (*w.*) f. fearlessness.

Furchtsam, I. *adj.* timorous, timid, faint-hearted, apprehensive, pusillanimous, cowardly; nervous; — machen, to make afraid, to dishearten; II. **Furcht**, (*w.*) f. timorousness, timidity, faint-heartedness.

Für, *adv. (t. d.)* *, onwards, farther, further, *cf.* **Förder** &c.

* **Furie**, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) 1) *Anc. Myth.* Fury, goddess of vengeance; 2) fury, rage; 3) *fig.* a raging woman, fury, hag; f-würst, f-würstlich, f-würst, *adj.* fury-like, furious.

Fürliche, *adv. only used in the phrase* — nehmen, to be satisfied or content with, to make shift with; er nimmt mit Altem —, nothing comes amiss to him.

* **Furnier**, see **Fournier**.

* **Furs**, (*str.*) m. & n. (*Heine* [unusual]; *f. cf. Sanders*) (*Ital.*) sensation, impression made on others; — machen, to make a sensation.

Fürsorge, (*w.*) f. (t. d.) * see **Vorsorge**.
Fürsorge, (*w.*) f. care (Vorsorge); f-nd, *adj.* caring for. [*provider; guardian.*]

Fürsager, (*str.*) m. he who cares for, **Fürsprache**, (*w.*) f., **Fürspruch**, (*str.*) m. intercession, recommendation, *cf.* **Fürbitte**; — einlegen, to make intercession; erst auf meine —, not till I had interceded.

Fürsprecher, (*str.*) m. interceder, intercessor, mediator, advocate.

Fürst, (*w.*) m. prince, sovereign, liege (lord); der weltliche —, lay-prince; —abt, —bischof, m. abbot, bishop bearing the title of prince, sovereign abbot, sovereign bishop.

Fürst, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to elevate to the rank or to invest with the dignity of a prince; der gefürstete Abt, see **Fürst**-Abt; 2) to raise (a country) to the dignity of a principality.

Fürst ..., *in comp.* —baur, f. (*formerly*) seat of the princes in the German diet; —brat, f. *Pamol.* bergamot-pear; —brief, m. letters patent conferring the dignity of a prince; —bund, m. confederation or league of princes;

—diener, m. attendant of a prince, courtier; —dienst, m. service of a prince; —gefolge, n. race of princes, dynasty; —größe, f. greatness or grandeur of a prince, princely grandeur; —gruft, f. tomb or vault of princes; —gunst, f. favour of princes, court-favour; —gut, n. estate, domain of a prince; —haus, n. family (house, court) of a prince; —hut, m. prince's coronet; —mantel, m. robe, ermine of a prince; —mäßig, *adj.* prince-like, princely; —rat, m. college of princes; —recht, n. right or prerogative of princes; —ruf, m. *Sport.* horn-signal to advertise the prince where the chase is.

Fürstenschaft, (*w.*) f. see **Fürstenthum**.

Fürst ..., *in comp.* —schule, f. *Ornith.* common snipe; —schule, f. prince's school: 1) school for young princes; 2) a learned school founded by the sovereign; —sit, m. seat, residence of a prince; —stamm, m. see —gefolge; —stanz, m. 1) principedom, rank of a prince (—würde); in den —stanz erheben, see **Fürst**; 2) the body of princes; —stuhl, m. a prince's throne; —tag, m. assembly of princes.

Fürstenthum, (*str.*, pl. **Fürstümer**) n. principality, dominion of a prince.

Fürst ..., *in comp.* —wein, m. see —bund; —würde, f. princely dignity, see —stanz, 1.

Fürstin, (*w.*) f. princess.

Fürstlich, I. *adj. & adv.* princely, princelike; das f-e Benehmen, princeliness; f-e Durchsicht, Serene Highness; II. **Fürst**, (*w.*) f. 1) princeliness; splendour; 2) (as a title) Serene Highness, Serenity.

Fürstlich, *adj. t.* see **Vortrefflich**.

Furt or **Fürth**, (*w.*) f. a shallow part of a river, ford. [*certainly, truly, verily.*]

Furwahr, *adv.* in truth, indeed, forsooth, **Furw**, (*str.*) m. see **Vorw**.

Fürwort, (*str.*, pl. **Fürwörter**) n. 1) see **Fürsprache**; 2) *Gram.* pronoun. — **Fürw**, *adv.* pronominal.

Furz, (*str.*) m. vulg. fart (Blähung).

Furzen, (*w.*) v. *intr. vulg.* to fart, see **Wind** lassen. [*fraudulent dealing.*]

Furche, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* underhand or **Furche**, (*w.*) v. *intr. provinc.* 1) to bungle; 2) to cheat (at cards). [*Cham. fusel.*]

Fur, (*str.*) m. 1) common or bad gin;

Fur, (*str.*) m. 1) containing fusel-oil; 2) intoxicated from drinking bad gin.

Fur, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to drink or smell of common gin.

Fur ..., *in comp.* —öl, n. fusel-oil; —pollster, m. *cont.* alehouse-politician.

* **Füsler**, **Füsler**, (*str.*) m. (*Pr.*) *Mil.* fusilier; —regiment, n. regiment of fusiliers.

* **Füsler**, (*w.*) v. tr. (*Pr.*) to shoot (as a punishment).

* **Fusion**, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) fusion.

Fuß, (*str.*, pl. **Füße**) m. 1) foot; 2) a) a measure consisting of twelve inches, pl. Füße &c., *in conjunction with numerals*; Fuß — mehrere — hoch, several feet high; fünf — lang und zwei — breit, five feet by two; zehn — und darüber, ten feet and better; b) (*pl.*) **Füße** *Bot.* foot; 3) bottom, lower part of any thing, foot (of the bed, of a column, a mountain, an account, &c.); heel (of a mast); stem (of a glass); *Archit.* pedestal, socle, base; leg (of a wheel-barrow); lower flange (of a rail); 4) foot, sediment (of oil, tar, &c.); *fig.* a) a standard, plan of establishment; b) way of life; footing; c) *Min.* standard; im 30-Fußler-Fuß; at the 30 fathoms-standard; 6) *Mus.* higher or lower pitch of tones; am F-e eines Berges, at the foot or bottom of a mountain; am F-e dieses, *Comm.* at the foot of the present; here below; keinen — breit weichen, not to yield one foot of ground,

not to yield an inch; eben — breit Landes streitig machen, to contest every inch of ground; feinen — aus dem Hause setzen, not to stir out, abroad, or from the house; feinen — weiter setzen, to remove, to seek one's fortune elsewhere; Einem Füße machen, die Füße in die Hand nehmen, sich auf den Füßen erheben, sich auf die Füße machen, auf die Füße bringen, helfen, auf den Füßen sein u., see (Einem) Brine (machen u.): setzen *F*-es, without stirring from one's place; resolutely, firmly, confidently; setzen — lassen, to plant or post one's self; to establish, gain, or obtain a footing; setzenden *F*-es, immediately, instantly, without delay; trockenen *F*-es, with dry feet, dry-foot: sich auf seine Füße richten, to rise up), to raise one's self; Einem auf dem *F*-e folgen, nachzeln, nachgehen, to pursue a person closely, to be or follow at his heels, to follow in or be close on the track of ...; auf freiem *F*-e sein, to be at liberty, at large; auf freiem — setzen oder stellen, to set at liberty, to release; auf eigenen Füßen stehen, to stand on one's own feet (bottom), to be self-dependent, to be one's own master; diese Werkstatt steht auf eigenen Füßen, this establishment is self-supporting; setz auf den Füßen sein, to be sure of foot, sure-footed; auf ungewissem *F*-e sitzen, to have no fixed place of residence; es steht, ruht auf schwachen Füßen, it stands on a weak foundation, is in a tottering (rickety, shaky) state, it threatens a fall; auf soliden Füßen, upon a solid basis or footing; auf unsichlichen — setzen, to put up on a respectable footing; auf einem großen *F*-e leben, to live in (great) style; sein Geschäft auf großem *F*-e führen, to carry on business on a large scale; auf einem vertrauten or freundschaftlichen *F*-e, on terms of intimacy, on a friendly footing; auf gleichem *F*-e sein, to be on an equal footing or on equal terms; auf welchem *F*-e stehen Sie mit ihm? on what terms do you stand with him? auf gutem *F*-e mit Einem stehen, to stand fair or be on good terms with a person; auf einem gespannten *F*-e mit Einem sein, to be at variance with a person; vom Kopf bis auf die Füße (vom Scheitel bis zur Zehe), (*Götze* (unusual): von Kopf bis —) from head to foot, from top to toe, cap-a-pie: was man nicht im Kopfe hat, muß man in den Füßen haben, proverb, want of thought makes sore feet; sich mit Hand und — (mit Händen und Füßen) gegen etwas sträuben (wehren), to oppose with might and main; mit Füßen treten, to tread upon ... to spurn; mit dem linken *F*-e zuerst aus dem Bette gestiegen sein, coll. to be cross, angry, or surly; mit dem *F*-e stoßen, to kick, to spurn; unter die Füße (mit Füßen) treten, to tread under foot, to trample upon; unter die Füße bringen oder thun, to bring to submission, to subjugate, to make subservient; Einem etwas unter den — geben, to give one a hint about a thing, to suggest, to give to understand; von leichten Füßen sein, to be light of foot, lightfooted; von Kopf zu —, see vom Kopf bis auf die Füße, above; Einem zu Füßen fallen, sich werfen, to fall, to throw, or cast one's self at a person's feet; Einem zu Füßen legen, to lay at one's feet; sich Einem zu Füßen setzen, to sit, to seat one's self at a person's feet; zu *F*-e gehen, reisen, gehen, to go or travel on foot (a-foot), to walk, coll. to foot it, to walk it; gut, schlecht zu *F*-e sein, to be a good, bad walker or pedestrian; ein Soldat zu —, a foot-soldier.

Fuß ..., in comp. — angel, *f.* steel-trap; man-trap, *Mil.* caltrop; — arbeit, *f.* *Wauv.* treadle-work; — arterien, *f. pl.* *Anat.* arteries; — artillerie, *f.* foot-artillery; — bad, *n.* foot-bath; — ball, *m.* foot-ball; — ballen, *m.* ball of the foot; — bänder, *n. pl.* 1) *Anat.* ligaments

of the bones of the foot; 2) *Falk.* jesses; — band, *f.* — bündeln, *n.* foot-stool; (gepolstert, gepolstertes) foot-rest(er); — becken, *n.* foot-basin; — bedeckung, — bettelung, *f.* covering, clothing for the foot; — bett, *n.* *Surg.* cradle for a broken leg; — brüge, — blege, *f.* instep; — binde, *f.* bandage for the foot; — blatt, *n.* 1) part of the foot, from the instep to the toes; 2) *Bot.* duck's foot (*Podophyllum* L.); — blud, *m.* 1) stocks (through which the feet of offenders were passed); 2) see — flos; — beben, *m.* bottom, floor; footing, ground; flooring; — bote, *m.* foot-messenger; — bret, *n.* foot-board; — clavier, *n.* pedal (of an organ, &c.); — bede, *f.* 1) carpet; floor-cloth, foot-cloth; door-mat; 2) coverlet for the feet; — blud, *m.* service on foot; — bruchband, *f.* T. foot-lathe; — effen, *n.* 1) trap; 2) *pl.* fetters.

Fuß setzen, (*v.*) *v. intr.* 1) to foot it; 2) to walk unsteadily; 3) to play with the foot; 4) to entertain a secret understanding by bringing the foot in contact under the table; 5) to smell of the foot.

Fuß stein, (*v.*) *v. intr.* 1) to foot, set foot, to take footing; 2) *Sport.* to light, perch (of birds); 3) *fig.* to rely or go (auf, with *Dat.* &, less usual, in the sense of den Fuß auf (with *Acc.*) setzen, auf (with *Acc.*) bauen, with *Acc.*, on, upon), to depend (upon); to ground (on).

Fuß ..., in comp. — eube, *n.* foot (of the bed); — fall, *m.* the (act of) throwing one's self at somebody's feet; eichen — fall thun, to go on one's knees; — fällig, *adv. & adj.* prostrate, on one's knees; — fäule, *f.* *Vol.* foot-rot; — fesseln, *f. pl.* fetters; — fest, *adj.* sure-footed; having a sure footing; — flosche, *f.* warming-bottle; — förmig, *adj.* *Bot.* pedate; — frucht, *f.* sassage-service performed on foot; — galle, *f.* *Farr.* curbs; — gänger, *m.* 1) walker, pedestrian; 2) foot-soldier; — garbe, *f.* foot-guards; — geburt, *f.* *Med.* parturition, where the child is brought into the world feet first; — gelenk, *n.* *Anat.* foot-joint; — geschmeide, *n. pl.* fetters, shackles for the feet; — gefüm, *n.* *Archit.* socle, basis; plinth-moulding; — gefüll, *n.* foot, foot-stall; — gefüm(e) base, pedestal, basis; *Sport.* legs, feet; — getüfel, *n.* inland floor; — getaß, *n.* see — clavier; — gicht, *f.* gout, podagra; — hammer, *m.* *Gold-sm.* chasing-hammer; *Sm.* oliver. [many feet.

Fuß fig, *adj.* (*l. u.*) in comp. measuring so *Fuß* fig, *adj.* in comp. footed.

Fuß ..., in comp. — fucht, *m.* 1) t, foot-soldier; 2) forester's man; — füllgel, *m.* ankle-bone; — fram, *m.* base; — fuß, *m.* foot-kissing, the ceremony of kissing the Pope's foot; — füsler, — füsler, *m. cont.* a mean fatterer, (*Shakep.*) foot-licker; — feil, *n.* *Mor.* foot-ropes (of a sail); — leiffen, *f. pl.* skirting.

Fuß ling, (*adv.*) *m.* foot-part of a stocking, sock. [foot.

Fuß lings, *adv.* on or at the feet; by the *Fuß* liss, *adj.* footless; eine *f*-e Eidechsen-gattung, a genus of legless lizards.

Fuß ..., in comp. — meßgürtel, *f.* *Surg.* contrivance used in the treatment of crooked feet; — maß, *n.* foot-measure; — matte, *f.* foot-mat, foot-rug; — müßer, *m.* see Eichelmeißer; — musfel, *m.* foot-muscle; — musfelbinde, *f.* *Surg.* fascie; — nerven, *m. pl.* foot-nerves; — partie, *f.* walking-tour; — schab, *m.* foot-path; — post, *f.* foot-post; — punct, *m.* 1) *Anat.* nadir; 2) foot-hold; — register, *n.* see — clavier; — reiffe, *f.* pedestrian journey, trip, or tour; — reisende, *m.* pedestrian; foot-traveller; — reiß, *m.* perch (for birds); — rücken, *m.* upper part of the foot; — rückenvenen, *f. pl.* *Anat.* dorsal veins of the foot; — saß, *m.* a foot-bag (for keeping the feet warm in travelling, &c.); — schellen, *f. pl.* irons for the feet, *pl.* fetters; — schemel, *m.* see — band; — schlag, *m.* winch,

kick (of a horse); — schmerz, *m.* pain in the foot; *Med.* neuralgia in the foot; — schmerke, *f.* *Surg.* sling for the foot; — schwinden, *n. pl.* see Fußschwinden; — schutze, *f.* *Vol.* see Stutzen-schutze; — släfer, *adj.* see — fisch; — sohle, *f.* sock; — sohle, *f.* sole of the foot, (*l. u.*) plant; — selbst, *m.* foot-soldier; — spur, *f.* — spurte, *m.* *d. f.* track, trace of a foot, foot-step, foot-mark, foot-print; in Grunden — rapfen treten, to walk or tread in one's steps; — schab, *m.* see — flos; 2; — schig, *m.* foot-path; — schod, *m.* 1) *Mar.* stretcher; 2) T. foot-rule; 3) see — blud, 1; — schub, *m.* kick; — schub, *m.* *Mar.* a flat, low, and sandy shore; — schid, *m.* a snare for the foot; — schapfen, see — schapfe; — schapfen, *f. pl.* pedal (of an organ); — tan, *n.* *Mar.* guy; — tappich, *m.* carpet, foot-cloth, foot-rug; — tritt, *m.* 1) kick; 2) footstep, tread; 3) see — schapfe; 4) see Schrittritt; 5) step, foot-board; 6) pedal; 7) see — band; — wasserlage, *f.* *Archit.* plinth; — venen, *f. pl.* veins of the foot; — woff, *n.* *Mil.* foot, foot-bands, infantry; — wasser, *f.* foot-tub; — wasser, *m.* 1) foot-stove; 2) warming-bottle; — waschen, *n.* the (act of) washing the feet; — wasser, *m.* water for washing the feet; — weg, *m.* footway, (foot-) path; — wert, *n.* 1) shoes and stockings; 2) *fig.* foot; — wusch, *adj.* foot-sore; — wurzel, *f.* *Anat.* tarsus, tarsus; — setzen, *f. pl.* toes.

* *Fuß* stige [*pr.* fuststige], (*n.*) *f.* (*Mal.*) 1) *Comm.* barrels, casks of any kind; 2) *Mar.* water and provision casks. [Danube.

Fuß ste, (*n.*) *f.* foist, a small vessel on the *Fuß* ste, (*adv.*) *n.* — höls, *n.* fustic.

* *Fuß* stige [*pr.* fuststige], (*n.*) *f.* (*Mal.*) *Comm.* rebate, allowance, (on the weight) trot; (*Ned. & Grub.*) refraction (*Fr.*)

Fuß stich, *adj.* *vulg.* lost, undone, ruined.

Fuß ster, (*adv.*) *n.* I. food, fodder, provender; forage: feed; bait; — geben, to feed (cattle) to bait (horses) on stopping; — einholen (or fassen), to forage; II. 1) case, casing; 2) lining; (*Woll* —) fur, furring; 3) a) *Arch.* pillows, brasses; *Horol.* pivot-hole; *Woll.* inside scales; b) *Comm.* outside-casks.

Fuß sterä, (*adv.*) *n.* case, box; covering, cover; sheath; — arbeiter, *m.* box-maker, case- or sheath-maker; — meßter, *m.* sheath-knife; — scher, *f.* sheath-scissors.

Fuß ter ..., in comp. — amt, *n.* forage-office; — arm, *adj.* poor in forage, destitute of forage; — atlas, *m.* half-eatin for lining; — band, *f.* chopping-bench; — barchent, *m.* fustian, boccasin; — bau, *m.* culture of forage; — beutel, *m.* nose-bag (for horses, &c.); — blick, *n.* single plate; — beben, *m.* hay-loft; — böhlen, *f. pl.* planks for ceiling; — beken, *f.* horse-bean (*Vicia faba* L.); — bett, *n.* *Joh.* alab, ditch, (*Corp.* riser-board, riser; — beien, *f. pl.* planks used in the ceiling of a ship.

Fuß terer, (*adv.*) *m.* huckster; fodderer, feeder. *Fuß* ter ..., in comp. — erße, *f.* (*schwarz*) hog-pea; — fassell, *m.* flannel for lining; — geld, *m.* money (or cost) for keeping an animal; — gerste, *f.* barley for provender; — grad, *n.* see — fräuter; — heb, *m.* under-waistcoat; — höls, *n.* *Joh.* skeleton-frame; — honig, *m.* honey for feeding bees.

Fuß terlig, *adj.* 1) yielding good provender; 2) unclean, dirty (of wool).

Fuß ter ..., in comp. — fammer, *f.* see — beben; — fassen, *m.* fodder-chest, oats-chest, corn-bale; — fassun, *m.* calico-lining; — fitt, *m.* purple trefail, clover (*Medicago* L.); — flinge, *f.* chopping-knife; — fucht, *m.* oster; — farn, *n.* corn for cattle; — fräuter, *n. pl.* feeding herbs, forage-plants; — fabe, *f.* see — bent; — faine, *f.* forage cord; — fcinwand, *f.* linen for lining; — fittie, *f.* *Med.* forage-cord; — mager, *m.* one that makes stuff for lining; — mangel, *m.* scarcity of provender; — ma-

fische, f. see —bani; —maner, *f. Mas., &c.* retaining-wall; *Möbel, &c.* lining-wall; —müße, *f.* foraging cap.

Futtern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to ease, to cover the inside or outside of; 2) to sheath; to line; mit *Fell* —, to fur; mit *Woll* —, to lead; 3) *see* **Fütterer**, 1.

Füttern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to feed, give the provender; 2) *see* **Fütterer**, 1.

Fütterer, in comp. —*ney*, *n.* feeding net (for cattle); —*papier, n. Mar.* sheathing-paper; —*pflanzen, f. pl. see* —frücker; —*ranke, f. rack*; —*rebe, f. Vol. see* **Festrantheit**; —*reiß, adj.* abounding in forage; —*rübe, f. cattle turnip*; —*saat, m. 1) fodder-bag, feed-bag; 2) see* —*beutel*; —*schneide, f. see* —bani; —*schneiter, m.* fodder-chopper; —*schwingel, f. van, fan*; winnowing basket; —*steh, n. out-stave*; —*stille, f. place of feeding*; —*stroh, n. feeding-straw*; —*stute, f. riser (of a stair)*; —*taffet, m. sarcomet*; —*treib, m., -treibe, f. Bot.* tall fescue-grass (*Festuca gigantea* L.); —*trieb, n.* cloth or stuff for lining.

Fütterung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) feeding, *see* **Fütterer**; 2) food, forage; pasture, fodder; provender; auf — (*Acc.*) ausgehen, to forage; 3) a) the (act of) casing, *see* **Fütterer**; b) covering, *see* —*stute*; *see* **Fütterer**, 1; —*am Steuer, Mar.-s.* back of the rudder; —*für den Mast, lining of the bow*; —*des Bratens* und *Gaugwills*, whelps.

Fütterer, in comp. —*wanne, f. see* —*schwingel*; —*wide, f. Bot.* common vetch (*Vicia sativa* L.); —*zeug, n. & m.* lining-stuff.

* **Futurum, (str.) pl. [Lat.] Futura** *n.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* future, the future tense.

G.

G, g, n. 1) *Gramm.* G, g, the seventh letter and fifth consonant of the alphabet; 2) *Mus. G* (the fifth note of the gamut, named sol in Italy and France); *G bur* (the key of) *G major*; *G moll*, (the key of) *G minor*; *G-fächel*, *G* (or treble) clef [*G*].

G, abbr. for Geld, money (on bills of exchange); **G, g., Gl., gl., Gr., gr.** for *Groschen*, *groschen*; **Galt**, for *Galtung*, kind, genus; **Gd.** for *Gedächtnis*, brothers; **g. D.** for *gehörigster Diener*, most obedient servant; **G. D., Gr. Dtr.** for *Gedächtnis-Director*, judiciary; **geb.** 1) for *geboren*, born; 2) for *gebunden*, bound; **geb.** for *geheftet*, stitched; **gek.** for *gemacht*, marked; **Gem.** 1) for *Genealogie*, genealogy; 2) for *General*, general; 3) for *Genieß*; **Gem. St.** for *General-Statistik*, lieutenant general; **Geogr.** for *Geographie*, geography; **Geom.** for *Geometrie*, geometry; **Ger.** for *Gerecht*, court of justice; **Gesch.** for *Geschichte*, history; **Gescl.** for *Gesellschaft*, genus; **gest.** for *gestorben*, deceased, dead, late; **Gew.** 1) for *Gewerbe*, trade, profession; 2) for *Gewicht*, weight; **G. G.** for *Gottes Gnade*, von —, by the grace of God; **g.** *G.* for *gut Geld*, good money; **Gg., Ggl., Gschl.** for *Golds-Gulden*, gold-florin; **Ggm., g. Gm., Ggm.** for *Gut-Gewicht*, draft; **Ggr., ggl.** for *gute Groschen*, old (old good) groschen (of twelve pennings); **Gl., Glb., Glu.** for *Gulden*, florin; **gl. (Bco.)** for *Groschen* (Banco), groschen (Banco); **gl. R.** for *gleiches Namens*, of the same name; **Gr., gr.** for *Grab*, *Gräf*, *Gras*, *griechisch*, *Groschen*, *Größe*, *groß*, degree, count, grain, Greek, *groschen*, greatness, great; **Graßh.** or **Griff.** for *Grasheft*, county; **Gramm.** for *Grammatik*, grammar; **gr. G.** for *groß* *Gesamt*, large money; **Grh.** for *Groß-Hundert* (120), a number of one hundred and twenty; **Gris., Gröis., Gr.**

vim. for *Groot-Flämisch*, *groot* Flemish; **Gr.** for *Groot*, *groat*; **Gr.** for *Groß-Taufend* (1300), a number of twelve hundred; **G. Schr.** for *Gedächtnis-Schreiber*, clerk, actuary; **G. B., G. Vtr., G. Vmtr.** for *Gedächtnis-Verwalter*, *see* **G. D.**; **Gymn.** for *Gymnasium*, *Gymnasial*, *gymnasium*, *gymnastics*.

* **Gäa, f. Gr. Myth.** (the goddess) Earth (*P. N.*).

* **Gaban'holz, (str.) n.** camwood.

* **Gabar(r)'e, (w.) f. (Fr.) gabare** (a flat-bottomed lighter, barge).

Gäbe, (w.) f. 1) gift, donative, donation, present; 2) alms, charity; 3) *Med.* dose; 4) for *Abgabe*, 1) Übergabe, *which see*; 5) *Ag.* gift, endowment, talent; *pl.* parts, qualities; *coll.* turn, knock.

Gäbel, (w.) f. 1) fork; 2) shafts, thills (of a vehicle); 3) *Bot.* tandril; fork, crotch (of a tree); clasper (of vines); 4) trigger (of a cross-bow); 5) *pl.* shafts, thills (of a carriage); 6) *Sport.* forked end (of a deer's horn); 7) *Mar.* crotch (for supporting a boom, &c.); 8) sweep (of a pump); 9) forked bone (of a fowl's breast, &c.); 10) *See.* gusset; 11) *absp.* for *Heugabel*, *Stimmungabel* &c.; 12) a forking, furcation (—theilung). [*Excise.*]

B. Gäbel, (w.) f. (H.) provinc. tax, duty.

Gäbel, in comp. —*anker, m. 1) Mar.* small bow-anchor, bower; *den* —*anker* auswerfen, to moor across or athwart; 2) *T.* cramp-iron; —*antelope, f. Zool.* a species of antelope (*Antelope furcata* Smith); —*arm, m.* shaft, thill; —*Bäume, m. pl.* shafts, thills; —*bespannung, f.* treble draught; —*bock, m. see* —*hirsch*; —*bürste, f.* fork-brush.

Gäbelchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of Gäbel) 1) a little fork; 2) *Bot.* tandril.

Gäbel, in comp. —*beißfel, f.* shafts, thills; —*fisch, m.* a species of gurnard (*Peristichium cathaphractum* L.); —*fürstig, adj.* forked; —*fürmig* *gepalten*, *Bot.* bifurcate(d); (*Riß*) —*fürmig* theilen, to fork off, to divide into two; —*fürmige Röhre, coll.* breeches-pipe; —*fürmige Theilung, bifurcation*; —*fürmig getheilt, Bot.* two-forked, dichotomous; —*frühstück, m.* second breakfast (eaten with knife and fork), lunch, luncheon; (*Fr.*) *déjeuner à la fourchette*; —*gehörn, n. Sport.* forked attire, forked head; —*geier, m. see* *Wilan*; —*gemse, f. see* —*antelope*; —*hirsch, m. Sport.* brock, brocket; —*holz, n.* a forked piece of wood, *pl.* ship-b. futtock, crotch.

Gäbelstich, Gäbelstich, adj. forky, forked; *Harald.* *furchoe.* [III. 1 (*cf.* *Schnabelstich*).

Gäbel'sten, (w.) v. intr. jac. see **Gäbeln**

Gäbel, in comp. —*flänge, f.* fork-blade; —*franz, n.* a forked cross, *Harald.* cross pall, cross surchee; —*maß, n.* an instrument for measuring the diameter of a tree; —*maß, m. Mar.* forked mast; —*meiß, n. Milk.* superfine flour.

Gäbeln, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to fork, to prong (*Rufgabeln*); 2) to gore (with the horns); *II. refl. Min., &c.* to run out in a forked shape, to fork off, to diverge; *III. intr. vulg.* 1) to take up with the fork and eat, to prog; 2) (*with nach*) to coquet, long for, *swal.* to fish for (*Angeln*).

Gäbel, in comp. —*nadel, f. see* *Heard-nadel*; —*pfers, n.* thiller, thill-horse, shaft-horse; —*plug, m. Agr.* forked plough; —*punkt, m.* point where a road, railway, &c. forks off or diverges; —*rad, n. Mech.* forked wheel; —*richter, m. Oest.* a piece of iron put in the stock of an anvil, on which the tines of forks are formed; —*riegel, m.* shaft-bar; —*röhre, f. Mech.* bifurcated pipe; —*schwanz, m. 1) Nat.* forky tail, double tail, spring-tail (*Podura* L.); 2) *Entom.* pass-moth (*Harpyia venula* L.); —*spaltung, f. see* —*theilung*; —*ränzig, adj. Bot.* dichotomous; —*ranze, f.* a forked pole

or rod; —*stich, m.* thrust or prick with a fork; —*stiel, m.* handle of a fork; —*stiel, n. 1)* a forky piece of timber, bracket (*cf.* —*holz*); 2) *Gunn.* a piece of cannon lying on iron forks; —*stige, f.* thill-prop; —*theilung, f.* a forking, furcation, bifurcation (of a river, &c.), a branching (like the prongs of a fork).

Gäbelung, (w.) f. a forking (*Gäbelstheilung*).

Gäbel, in comp. —*wagen, m.* a waggon with shafts, thill-waggon; —*weise, f. Ornith.* kite, glede (*Wilan, Milvus rapalis* Briss.); —*zeug, n. Milk.* shaking-apparatus; —*zinken, f. pl.* tines or teeth of a fork; prongs of a pitch-fork.

Gäbeler, (str.) m. coll. see **Gäbelstich**.

Gäben, (w.) v. tr. (l. u.) to present (*Ergötzen*).

Gäh, adj. provinc. steep (*Gäh*).

* **Gäh'ren** [*pr.* *gäh'ren*], (*w.) v. tr.* (*Fr.* 1) to daub, paint badly; 2) to undersell.

Gähre (Gähre, Gähre), (w.) f. provinc. see *Dohle*. [*Ing.* grabbing.]

Gähre, adj. lit. & fig. cackling, chatter. **Gähren, Gähren, (w.) v. intr.** 1) to cackle, guggle (like fowls); 2) *fig.* to chatter, gabble.

† **Gäben, Gähren, (str.) n. & m. 1)** cottage, house; 2) a) chamber, room, apartment; b) shed, stall.

Gähren, (w.) f. provinc. I. (*N. G.* 1) fork; 2) *Mar.* gaff; peak; —*fall, m.* throat-halliard; —*legel, n. gaff* (top-jail); *II. (S. G.) 1) see* **Gäbel**, 2) corporation, guild, ward.

Gähren, (w.) v. intr. (l. u.) to gape with delight, to leer.

Gähren, (w.) v. intr. 1) *coll.* to gape, open, crack, chink, *cf.* *Raffen*; 2) to gape, gaze, stare. [*Conch. see* *Gährenschel*.]

Gähren, (str.) n. 1) gaper, gazer, &c.; 2)

* **Gähre, (str.) n. (Gr.) or —lytle, Minor.** *f.* jet, pitch-coal. — **Gähren, adj.** made of jet, jet, jetty. [*salary, pay.*]

* **Gähre** [*pr.* *gäh're*], (*w.) f. (Fr.)* wages;

Gäh, adj. see *Gäh*.

Gäh're, (w.) m. cont. gaper, gazer.

Gäh'ren, (w.) v. intr. to yawn, gape.

Gäh're, in comp. —*laut, m. Gramm.* hiatus; —*muschel, f. see* *Gährenschel*; —*schicht, f.* osciatory, yawning fits.

Gäh'rend, (str.) m., Gäh'rend (str., pl. Gäh'rend), m. Brue. gyle-tun, working-tun; *Dist. bac.*

Gäh're, Gäh're, (w.) f. 1) ferment, fermentation; 2) yeast, barm, leaven.

Gäh'ren, (str.) v. intr. lit. & fig. to ferment, work, effervesce.

Gäh're, in comp. —*hammer, f.* room in which beer or mash ferments; —*messer, m. T.* synameter; —*mittel, n., -stoff, m. see* *Gäh'remittel*; —*proceß, m.* process of fermentation, fermenting or fermentative process.

* **Gäh'rend** [*pr.* *gäh'rend*], (*w.) f. (Fr.)* *Typ.* galliard.

Gäh're, see *Gäh're*.

Gäh'ren, Gäh'ren, (w.) v. intr. see *Gäh'ren*.

* **Gäh're, f. (Span.) gala**, show, pomp, state; in —, in gala, in court-dress; in full dress; *coll.* in full fig; —*begegn, m.* dress-sword; —*hut, m.* court-hat; —*kleid, n.* court-dress, full dress, presentation-suit; —*tag, m.* gala-day, court-day; —*uniform, f.* gala-uniform.

* **Galam**, *n.* African country: —butter, *f.* shea or vegetable butter: —gummi, *n.* Arabic gummi.

* **Galán**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Span.*) gallant, lover, cicisbeo; den —machén, to play the gallant, to pay court to a lady.

* **Galant**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) gallant, pelotte; cine g-e ffran, a fashionable lady; coquette; cine g-e ffranheit, coll. the venereal disease.

* **Galanterie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) I. gallantry, courtesy; II. *in comp.* —arbeits, *f.* jewelry, &c. *cf.* —waaren; —arbeits, *m.* jeweller; —arbeits, *m.* fancy-article; —becken, *m.* see Galabegen; —brecher, *m.* ornamental turner; —handel, —fram, *m.* trade in fancy-goods; —waaren, *f.* pl. fancy-goods: 1) millinery; 2) jewelry, coll. trinkets; haberdasheries; —(waaren) händler, *m.* 1) (or Rohwaaren-händler) milliner; 2) fancy-stationer; jeweller.

* **Galater**, (*str.*) *m.* Galatian, inhabitant of Galatia. —Galatien, *n.* Geogr. Galatia.

* **Galban**, (*str.*) *n.* —harz, *n.* Bot. galban; —frucht, *n.* Bot. galban (*Dubon Galbanum*).

* **Galasche**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) *Mar.* galeass; great galley. [*with 6 or 8 oars*].

* **Galatze**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) row-galley **Galatzen** ..., *in comp.* —anfer, *m.* grapple; —arbeits, *f.* labour at the galleys; —bedienter, *m.* steward of a row-galley; —boot, *n.* long boat or pinnace of a galley; —ofen, *m.* Chem. galley; —schlebe, *m.* galley-slave; —schleber, *f.* galley-slavery; —flod, *m.* mooring-post for galleys; —vogel, *m.* overseer of a galley; —wall, *n.* crew of a galley.

* **Galatze**, (*w.*) *f.* see Gallione.

* **Galatze**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) *Mar.* galiot, galiot. [*waste-silk*].

* **Galatze**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) cocoon-waste.

* **Galangal**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Hind.*) —wurzel, *f.* Bot. galangal, galingal.

* **Galgen**, *s.* I. (*str.*) *m.* gallows (*also Typ.*), gibbet (*also Corp.*), cross-timber; cross-beam, *Mar.* gallows-bits; an einem Hefelbrunnen, post for the swipes of a well; II. *in comp.* —amhof, *m.* see Hornamhof; —berg, *m.* gallows-hill; —bleib, *m.* lud. gallows-bird, hang-dog, crack-hemp; —fürmig, *adj.* having the form or shape of a gallows; *Herold.* ein —fürmiges Kreuz, potence (cross); —frist, *f.* *Ag.* (*fam.*) respite, reprieve, short delay; —gebiß, *m.* *Mam.* a sharp bit, cannon-bit, fast-mouth; —gefißt, *n.* lud. a hanging noose; —holz, *n.* gallows-tree, gallows-wood; rotten-wood; —männchen, *n.* see Ktraum; —müßig, *adj.* resembling a gallows; coll. gallows-, hanging (noose, &c.); —mündlich, *n.* see —gebiß; —pflester, *m.* gibbet-pillar; —presse, *f.* *Privat.* lithographic lever-press; —redel, *m.* see Rändel-frähe; —schelm, —schwengel, —strid, *m.* see —dich; —vogel, *m.* lud. gallows-bird, *cf.* —dich; —zug, *m.* (*pl.*) —züge hanging fasteners.

* **Galicien**, *n.* Geogr. Galicia (a Spanish province). —Galizier, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gal.*) *in, [w.] f.* Galizisch, *adj.* Galician.

* **Galizian**, *n.* Geogr. Galilee. —Galizier, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gal.*) *in, [w.] f.* Galizisch, *adj.* Galilean. [*note*].

* **Galizian**, *n.* Galizier, *f.* see Galizian, Gal-

* **Galizian**, (*str.*) *m.* see Galizian, Gal-

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Gallapfel; 3) *Minor*, module; II. flaw, blemish, vacant or bare spot: 1) *Forr.* windgall, gall; 2) blemish, flaw in castings: *Gunn.* honey-comb; 3) see *Regen- & Windgalle*; III. 1) a marshy or sandy part in otherwise good soil, slough; 2) see *Windgalle*; IV. 1) *Anal.* gall: 2) *Ag.* gall, bile, anger, choler, spite, *cf.* *Ärger*, *Groll* &c.; 2) *Haut.* singe (of deer); voll —sein, to be very bilious, *Ag.* to be very angry; es läuft ihm die — über, his blood is up, he is getting angry; ohne —, gall-less, pigeon-livered.

* **Gallische**, (*w.*) *f.* see Knopferliche.

* **Gallen** ..., *in comp.* —aber, *f.* *Anal.* cystic vein; —artig, *adj.* bilious; —apargazin, *n.* Chem. taurine; —behlitzig, *n.* *Anal.* see —blase; —bitter, *adj.* (as) bitter as gall; *Anal.* —blase, *f.* vesicle of the gall, gall-bladder; —blaseblinder, *f.* cystic vein; —blaseblinder, *f.* cystic artery; —blaseblinder, *n.* cytology; —blaseblinder, *n.* see —blase; —bräuen, *n.* bilious vomiting; —ergiehung, *f.* overflowing of bile; —fett, *n.* Chem. choleristin; —fettstauer, *n.* choleristia; —fleber, *n.* bilious fever, gall-sickness; —flüge, *f.* see Gallinfect; *Anal.* —gang, *m.* cystic (bile or biliary) duct; —gefäß, *n.* biliary vessel; —loß, *f.* —frampf, *m.* bilious cholera; —frankheit, *f.* bilious complaint or affection; —frucht, *n.* see Gnabentrucht; —leber, *f.* *Anal.* cholangiology; —pulver, *n.* Pharm. jalap; Chem. —saures Natron, choleate of soda; —säure, *f.* choleic acid; —stein, *m.* gall-stone; —stoff, *m.* Chem. biline; —sucht, *f.* bilious disease, jaundice; —suchtig, 1) *adj.* bilious, cholerist; 2) *Ag.* atrabilarious, melancholic; —wölpe, *f.* see Gallinfect; —zucker, *m.* Chem. picromel.

* **Gallen**, (*w.*) *s.* I. (*or*) **Gallien**, (*w.*) *tr.* 1) Cook. to take the gall out of (a fish); 2) *Dy.* to prepare with gall-nuts; ein(en) Zeng —, to put a stuff into a tincture of galls; II. *intr.* Sport. to make water.

* **Gallen**, (*w.*) *s.* *intr.* see Gallen.

* **Gallente**, *f.* see Gallente.

* **Gallerie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) gallery (*also Theat. & Mar.*); lobby; *Mar.* —fallste or löse —, false or painted gallery; ebene —, quarter gallery; untere —, lower side-gallery.

* **Gallert**, (*str.*) *n.*, **Gallerte**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Barb. Lat.*) 1) jelly; gelatine; 2) Bot. a species of fungus (*Tremella holcombes Pers., Ectidia Fr., &c.*); —artig, *adj.* jelly-like, gelatinous; —extract, *m.* Chem. osmosome; Bot. —, —flechte, *f.* a species of alga (*Collanacea Rehbch.*); —moos, *n.* carrageen (*Sphaerococcus crispus L.*); —säure, *f.* Chem. pectic acid.

* **Gallerte**, see Gallerte. [*glass*].

* **Gallgläs**, (*str.*) *n.* Glass-w. bull's-eye **Gallikanisch**, *adj.* Gallican, Gallic.

* **Gallisch**, *adj.* like gall; ein g-er Gefchmack, a bitter taste. [*Lat.*] Gallicism.

* **Gallicismus**, (*pl.*) Gallicismen) *m.* Gallien, *n.* Geogr. Gaul, Gallia. —Gallier, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gal.*) *in, [w.] f.* Gaul, Gallican.

* **Gallig**, *adj.* 1) biliary, bilious, choleric; 2) bitter (Gallig).

* **Gallig**, *adj.* *Min.* hard, firm.

* **Gallimattas**, (*m.*) (*Fr.*) gal(l)imatia, talk without reason, (sheer) nonsense, nonsensical stuff. [*gall-fly; cynipis (Oynipis L.)*].

* **Gallinsect**, (*irr.*) *n.* Entom. gall-insect.

* **Gallion**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Span.*) *Mar.* beak or head of a ship. —Gallione, (*w.*) *f.* galloon (large ship).

* **Gallote**, (*w.*) *f.* see Gallote.

* **Gallun**, (*w.*) *s.* *tr.* see Gallen, I. 2.

* **Gallisch**, *adj.* Gaulish; Gallican.

* **Gallikren**, (*w.*) *s.* *tr.* to prepare or sweeten wines according to Gall's process.

* **Gallone**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Engl.*) gallon (a measure of 4 quarts).

* **Gallondien**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) pl. galoches.

* **Gallisch**, (*w.*) *f.* see Gallisch.

* **Gallisch**, *s.* I. *m.* (*L. Lat.*) *Dy. & Comm.* abbr. for Gallisch, galls; *Comm.* schmerz (Klepp) —, weisse (heile) —, blue, white galls: —in Cortin, gall in sorts; II. *in comp.* *Comm.* gallo; —flure, *f.* gallic acid; —saure Salz, gallate.

* **Gallische**, (*w.*) *f.* see Gallische.

* **Gallische**, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor*, cadmia, calamine, brass-ore; kupferhaltige —, cuprous silicate of zinc; —blende, *f.* see Zinkblende; —blumen, *f.* pl. —flur, *m.* white tatty; —kupfer, *n.* see Galmei, kupferhaltige.

* **Gallische**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) galloon (lace), lace. —Gallischren, (*w.*) *s.* *tr.* to trim or lace with galloon, to lace (with gold, silver, silk, &c.).

* **Gallische**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Mar.* gallopade, short or hand-gallop, listening gallop, gallop of the school; 2) see Galopp, 2.

* **Galopp**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Mar.* gallop; ein kurzer —, short or hand gallop, canter; der geogene —, main gallop; der schnelle —, career; im vollen (gestreckten) —, (as) full gallop, full trot, full speed; im —ritten, to gallop; ein Pferd in —setzen, to put a horse to a gallop, to gallop a horse; 2) *Danc.* a quick German dance, gallop, gallopade. —Galoppieren, (*w.*) *s.* *intr.* to gallop; to canter; —lassen, see (in) Galopp (setzen); die g-de Schwindel, *Mod.* galloping consumption.

* **Gallerrig**, *adj.* *provinc.* rancid. —Gallerrig, (*w.*) *s.* *provinc.* I. *intr.* to get rancid; II. *tr.* to demand with violence.

* **Galt**, (*str.*) *m.* *Gal.* gait, gault, blue clay.

* **Galvanisch**, *adj.* *Phys.* galvanic (*adv.* gally); die g-e Batterie, galvanic battery (or trough); die g-e Säule, galvanic pile; der g-e Strom, galvanic current or fluid; die g-e Bergoldung, Versilberung, electro-gilding, electro-plating; —überflupst, *adj.* electro-coppered.

* **Galvanisieren**, (*w.*) *s.* *tr.* to galvanize. —Galvanisierung, (*w.*) *f.* galvanization. —Galvanismus, *m.* *Phys.* galvanism; voltaism.

* **Galvanus** ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Electro*) —gräb, (*w.*) *m.* electrotypist; —graphie, *f.* galvanography, electrography; —graphisch, *adj.* electrographic; —graphische Abbildung, electrotype; —ist, (*w.*) *m.* galvanologist; —logie, *f.* galvanology; —meter, (*str.*) *m.* galvanometer; —plastik, *f.* galvanoplastic art, electro-metallurgy; —plastiker, (*str.*) *m.* electro-metallurgist; —plastisch, *adj.* galvanoplastic, electro-metallurgic.

* **Gamanber**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Gamanberlein**, (*str.*) *m.*, Bot. common germander, English treacle (*Tricrnum chamædrys L.*); wilder, germander-speedwell (*Veronica chamædrys L.*). [*dash*]. —Gublenß, *m.* slang, pipe-clay.

* **Gamsch**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) gaiter, spatter.

* **Gamb**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* bass-viol, viol di gamba.

* **Gambett**, (*w.*) *f.* Gambett'scher Kneifer, (*str.*) *m.* Ornith. gambet, red-footed water-rail (*Tidemia gambetta Gm.*).

* **Gambigramm**, (*str.*) *n.* (*gam*)-kino.

* **Gambirbaum**, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. gambier-shrub (*Nauclia Gambir*).

* **Gambist**, (*w.*) *m.* player of the bass-viol.

* **Gambit**, (*str.*) *m.* gambit (at chess).

* **Gamme**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Hal-Gr.*) *Mus.* scale of notes (Scale). [*then-jaw of a horse*].

* **Gamsche**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) no.

* **Gamsche**, (*w.*) *m.* 1) joint-hair, co-hair: 2) co-proprietor; —recht, *n.* prior right or title. —Gamschschaff, (*w.*) *f.* co-parcenary.

* **Gang**, *s.* I. (*str.*, *pl.*) *Gänge* (*w.*) *a*) the act or mode of going, walking; walk, pace, step; gait; einen raschen —, —haben, to walk with a quick, &c. step; sie hat einen graciösen —, she is a graceful walker; der stolze —, proud or stately

I am in good (or full) earnest: — *maßen*, to complete, mend.

II. adv. quite, wholly, entirely, utterly; all, altogether; perfectly, completely; fully; thoroughly; pretty, tolerably; very, very much; — *ähnlich*, precisely similar; — *Freude sein*, to be full of joy; *ich bin — Ohr*, (*lit.* I am quite ear.) I am all attention: — *anderts*, far otherwise; — *mohl*, — gut, very well; — *ebenjo gut*, every bit as well; — *naßt* or *toll*, stark naked or mad; — *naß*, wet all over; *ich bin hier — fremd*, I am an utter stranger here; — *recht*, all right; just so: *die der Wagen — still stand*, before the carriage had well stopped; — *und gar*, quite, totally, utterly, altogether; — *und gar nicht*, not at all, by no means, not a whit; — *und gar nichts*, nothing at all; *nicht — 100*, not quite (or somewhat less than) 100; *nicht — eine Stunde*, not an hour; — *der Uhrige*, entirely yours.

Ganz, *n.* (*doch. like adj.*) 1) entirety, whole, totality; 2) *die Ganz*, *pl. Arith.* integers, whole numbers; *im Ganz* (in common), upon (or in) the whole, collectively, generally, in general; *im Ganz betrachtet*, looking at it broadly; *Comm.* by (or at) the great, by the bulk, wholesale, (taken) in the gross; *im Ganz handeln*, to sell by wholesale; *im Ganz kaufen*, to purchase by the lot.

Ganzfabricate, (*str.*) *n.* *pl.* *Comm.* made up articles.

Ganzheit, (*w.*) *f.* entireness, integrity.

Ganz... *in comp.* — *holz*, *n.* *T.* unhewn timber; — *hußig*, *adj.* whole-hoofed, solidungulous; — *hüfner*, *m.* owner of a hide of land requiring four horses for tilling.

Ganzlich, *I. adj.* whole, total, entire, complete, absolute, full; *g-t Beschling*, full payment; *II. adv.* wholly, &c., thoroughly, quite, utterly, by all means; — *zum Etzeln bringen*, to bring to a dead stop.

Ganz... *in comp.* — *löhner*, *m.* see — *hüfner*; — *ranbig*, *adj.* *Bot.* entire (leaves); — *wolle*, *f.* *Comm.* whole wool; — *zeug*, *n.* *Paper-m.* (paper-pulp); — *zeugstufen*, *m.* stuff-chose.

Gäzen, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* (*L. G.*) 1) to gaze; 2) to gaze at wonderingly; 3) to long for....

Gäzen, (*w.*) *v. intr. coll.* to gasp.

Gär, (*str.*) *n.* (*Voss, n. u.*) a kind of fish-sauce.

Gär, *I. adj.* 1) *a)* Cook done, dressed, (sufficiently) boiled, roasted; *b)* *Tunn.* dressed; *Metall.* refined, purified; 2) *Ag.* in a proper stage of tillage; 3) *provinc.* finished, ready; *Kupfer — machen*, to refine copper; *das Leder — machen*, to dress leather; *g-t Leder*, dressed leather; *nicht — sein*, Cook not done enough, to be underdone.

II. adv. fully, quite, entirely, very; at all; *ist sie frant oder — tot?* is she ill or even (I hope not) dead? — *oft*, very often; *ein — herrlicher Dissen*, a most delicious morsel; — *seht*, very much; *ich habe es nicht so — nötig*, I am not so much in want of it; — *zu*, too; — *zu sehr*, — *zu viel*, too much; — *zu wenig*, too little; — *zu wohl*, — *zu gut*, over-well; — *zu früh*, over-soon; *me nicht — noch*, perhaps even; *vielleicht gefällt er mir —*, perhaps I shall (or may) even like him; — *sehten*, mighty rarely; — *zu neugierig*, overcurious, too curious by half; *es ist mit ihm — aus*, he is undone; he is a dead man; — *so (or zu) theuer*, so very dear; — *nicht*, not at all, by no means; *und nun —*, and now; indeed; *me nicht —*, if not indeed; *so — schlimm wird es wohl nicht werden*, it will not be quite so bad; *ich glaube —*! indeed! *ich glaube —*, er will *u.*, I trow he means to, &c.; *es läßt sich — nicht sagen*, there is no saying; — *nichts*, nothing at all, *coll.* never a whit; *ich mache mir — nichts aus ihm*,

I do not care a bit (or not a jot) for him; — *nichts haben*, to be out of all; — *Riemand*, nobody at all, never a man; — *Reiner*, not one; — *Reine*, none whatever, none at all; *ich dachte —*! *warum nicht —*! or *coll.* *lieber —*! why indeed! why truly! you don't say so! *Geraffel*, (*w.*) *f.* — *Wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* ben-net (*Goum urbanum* L.).

* *Geraufte*, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* see *Strapp*.

* *Garant*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.*, &c. guarantee, warrantee. — *Garantie*, (*w.*) *f.* guarantee, warranty, security. — *Garantieren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to warrant, guarantee.

Gär... *in comp.* — *arbeit*, *f.* *Small.* refining, refinement (of copper, &c.); — *arbeiter*, *m.* refiner (of copper, &c.); — *aus*, *m.* & *n.* finishing stroke, utter ruin, end, death; *Einem or einer Sache den (or das) — aus-machen*, to complete one's ruin, to settle or kill one, to finish or polish one off; to crush, to put down.

Gärbe, (*w.*) *f.* *I.* 1) (*Getreide-*) sheaf; in *G-n* binden, to sheaf; 2) *Herold.* garb, garbe; 3) *Bot. a)* (or *G-Strant*, *n.*) see *Schafgarbe*; *b)* *provinc.* see *Rümmel*; *II. provinc.* Dutch, neck of beef.

* *Garbellren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*cf.* *Getbullren*) *Min.* to prepare (ores) for melting by sifting, &c. [be plentiful.

Garben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to yield sheaves, to *Garben...* *in comp.* — *band*, *n.* wisp or band of straw for tying a sheaf; — *binder*, *m.* — *binderin*, *f.* sheaves-binder; — *fener*, *n.* *Fire-w.* Chinese tree; — *frähe*, *f.* see *Randel-frähe*; — *frant*, *n.* see *Garbe*, 4; — *schichter*, *m.* workman who piles up the sheaves; — *gehnte*, *m.* tithe paid in sheaves.

Gär... *in comp.* — *brater* (— *bräter*), *m.* see — *loch*; — *brähe*, *f.* *Tunn.* alum mordant.

* *Garbe*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) guard; — *zu Fuß*, the foot-guards; — *zu Pferde*, the horse-guards; *unter der —*, in the guards; — *officier*, *m.* officer of or in the guards; — *regiment*, *n.* regiment of guards.

* *Garberbe*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) (*G-ajimmer*, *n.*) wardrobe; cloak-room; (*Damen-*) shawl-room; *G-geß*, *n.* indomestication to actors and actresses for dress. — *Garberobier* [*pr. gürdobiér*], (*str.*, *pl.* *G-ß*) *m.* 1) (*G-e*, [*w.*] *f.*) keeper of the wardrobe; 2) *Theat.* a) property-man; *b)* dresser.

Garbeßer-Oil, (*str.*) *n.* *Comm.* Verona oil, sweet oil of Garda.

* *Garbne*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) (window-, bed-, &c.) curtain.

* *Garbne...* *in comp.* — *arm*, *m.* see — *hafen*; — *behänge*, *n.* valance; — *fransen*, *f.* *pl.* curtain-fringes; — *hafen*, *m.* curtain-hook; — *halter*, *m.* curtain-pog; — *predigt*, *f.* *loc.* curtain-lecture; — *ring*, *m.* curtain-ring; — *rolle*, *f.* curtain-pulley; — *schraube*, *f.* curtain-pin; — *stange*, *f.* curtain-rod; — *zug*, *m.* curtain-line. [soldier of the guards.

* *Garbk*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) guards-man;

Gärre, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *T. gener.* condition of any thing that is dressed or quite done; 2) *Tunn.* a) condition of dressed leather, dressing; *b)* a number of twenty-four hides.

Gärre, (*w.*) *f.* bouquet of Rhenish and Moselle wines.

Gär... *in comp.* — *eisen*, *n.* *T.* 1) iron-rod, probe used in refining copper; 2) refined iron; — *erbe*, *f.* earth mixed with soot; — *erg*, *n.* roasted or burnt ore; — *faß*, *n.* *Tunn.* dressing tub or vat; — *fener*, *n.* roasting fire (for copper, &c.); — *gefrüß*, *n.* *T.* slags of refined copper.

Gärheit, (*w.*) *f.* see *Gart*, 1.

Gär... *in comp.* — *herd*, *m.* hearth of a refining furnace; — *huchst*, *m.* refiner's man; — *loch*, *m.* owner of a cook-shop; — *lühig*, *m.* *Chem.* regulus of pure-copper; — *frähe*, *f.* see

— *getrüg*; — *rühe*, *f.* cook's-shop, victualing house, boarding place; ordinary; *T-e* — *tufter*, *n.* refined (purified or melted) copper, (*das hammergraue Kupfer*) tough pitch-copper; — *tuftergang*, *m.* waste in refining copper; — *tufterstraße*, *f.* see — *getrüg*; — *leber*, *n.* tawed or dressed leather; — *maßer*, *m.* 1) currier; 2) see — *arbeiter*.

Garmondschrift, (*w.*) *f.* *Typ.* long primer.

Garn, (*str.*) *n.* 1) yarn, thread; twine; 2) net, trammel; *Ag.* decoy, trap, toil; 3) *Zool.* see *Haube*, 5; rather *fürlicheß* —, red Turkey cotton yarn; *grobes* —, thrum; *Sport-e* *das* — *stellen*, to spread the net; *ins* — *geben*, 1. to go into the net; 2. *Ag.* to become entangled, ensnared, caught, to ensnare one's self, run one's self into a noose; *coll-e* *aus dem G-t gehen*, to escape; *ins* — *lassen*, to decoy; in *sein* — *gehen*, to entangle, to draw into one's toils; *das* — *auf den Boden laufen lassen*, to be extravagant; *das* — *an allen Ecken spannen müssen* (*Gotthelf, cf. Sanders*), to have one's hands full of work.

Garn... *in comp.* *Wass-e* — *baum*, *m.* back-beam, hind beam (of a loom), warp-beam, yarn-beam.

* *Garnel*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Dutch*), *G-afreß*, (*str.*) *m.* *Crust.* a) shrimp (*Crangon vulgaris* F.), *b)* prawn, squill (*Palaeomon squilla* L.).

Garnen, *adj.* of thread, thread-

Garn... *in comp.* — *enden*, *n.* *pl.* thrums, the ends of a weaver's threads; — *faß*, *f.* fowler's net; — *fürder*, *m.* dyer of yarn; — *gabel*, *f.* *Sport.* forked stake or rod to hold the net; — *hanbel*, *m.* (cotton, &c.) yarn trade; — *händler*, *m.* a dealer in (cotton, &c.) yarn; — *haßel*, *f.* see — *winde*; — *jagh*, *f.* drying-rat for thread.

* *Garniren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) to trim, garnish. — *Garnirung*, (*w.*) *f.* trimming (of a bonnet, &c.), garnish; *Mar.* dunnage.

* *Garnison*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) garrison; — *bielh*, *m.* service in garrison; — *schult*, *f.* military school; *G-(ß)prediger*, *m.* chaplain to a garrison; in — *liegen*, *Garnisontreu* (in *with Dak.*), *at*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to garrison, to be in garrison or quartered (in) at; *mit* — *belegen* or *besetzen*, to garrison.

* *Garnitur*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) set (of jewels, ribbons, &c.); 2) (of cloths, &c.) trimming, garniture; 3) fittings; mountings; — *maßer*, *m.* brass-founder.

Garn... *in comp.* — *faßel*, *m.* bottom, clew, ball of thread, &c.; — *fente*, *pl.* fishermen who draw the net; — *maß*, *n.* yarn-measure; — *meister*, *m.* fisherman; — *preße*, *f.* bundling-press; *Fisch-e* — *reufe*, *f.* fisher's wheel; — *faß*, — *schlauch*, *m.* sweep-net; — *stange*, *f.* see — *gabel*; — *stod*, *m.* a stick on which silk- skeins are put in order; — *stüd*, *n.* — *sträh*, *m.* skein of yarn; — *weber*, *m.* yarn-weaver; — *weisse*, *f.* see — *winde*; — *widel*, *f.* thread-paper; *Wass. cop.* — *winde*, *f.* a reel, hasp, yarn-windle, winch; — *zug*, *m.* drawing of nets; net-fishing.

Gär... *in comp.* — *ofen*, *m.* roasting furnace; — *pfanne*, *f.* refining pan; — *probe*, *f.* *Min.* assay to determine the quantity of pure copper which an ore contains; — *saß*, *n.* well-boiled salt; — *schäum*, *m.* kish, iron-froth; — *schlebe*, *f.* plate of refined copper; — *schleß*, *f.* see — *getrüg*; — *späne*, *m.* *pl.* small copper parcels.

Garkig, *I. adj.* 1) dirty, nasty, foul, filthy; 2) *provinc.* spoiled, rancid, rank; 3) *a)* deformed, ugly; indecent; nasty, foul (language, &c.); *b)* bad; unmannerly, naughty; disagreeable; mean; *g-t Wetter*, foul weather; *ein g-rt Strich*, a scurvy trick; *g-e häßel*, foul dealings; *II. adv. vulg.* badly, ill.

Garkigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dirtiness, nastiness, &c.; 2) ugliness; foulness, &c.

Gärpfl., (*str.*) *n.* salt-w. a large piece or lump of prepared salt. [little garden.]
Gärtchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Garten*)
Gärtchen, *s. l.* (*str.*) *pl.* *Gärten* *m.* garden;
 II. *in comp.* — *ader*, *m.* see — *fel*; — *ammer*,
m. *Ornith.* ortolan (*Emberiza hortulana* L.); —
ampfer, *m.* *Bot.* patience (dock), garden-sorrel (*Rumex patientia* L.); — *anlage*, — *anpflanzen*, *f.* garden-plot; — *arbeit*, *f.* see — *bau*; —
balsam, *m.* *Bot.-s.* garden-mint (*Mentha gentilis* L.); — *balsamine*, *f.* garden-balsam (*Impatiens balsamina* L.); — *bau*, *f.* garden-bench;
 garden-seat; — *bau*, *m.* the cultivation of gardens, gardening, garden-sillage, *cf.* — *funf*; —
baugefellschaft, *f.* horticultural society; —
baukunst, *f.* horticultural art (— *kunst*); — *bett*,
n. bed (in a garden), parterre; — *blumenfeld*,
f. *Bot.* burnet (*Polygonum anagallis* L.); —
bohne, *f.* garden-bean (*opp.* *Feldbohne*) (a variety of *Vicia faba* L.); — *buch*, *m.* garden-
 ing-book; — *erbse*, *f.* garden-pea (*opp.* *Feld-
 erbe*) (a variety of *Pisum sativum* L.); — *erde*,
f. garden-mould, garden-earth; — *feld*, *m.*
 garden-ground; — *flut*, *m.* *Ornith.* chaffinch (*Fringilla caerulea* L.); — *frösch*, *m.* *Zool.* brown
 frog (*Rana temporaria* L.); — *frucht*, *f.* garden-
 fruit; — *früchte*, *pl.* fruit grown in a garden; —
gärtchelfeld, *f.* *Bot.* common sow-thistle (*Sonchus oleraceus* L.); — *geblüher*, *n.* espalier;
 — *gemüse*, *n.* *pl.* greens, garden-vegetables;
 — *geräth*, *n.*, — *geräthschaften*, *f.* *pl.* garden-
 tools, gardening-tools; — *gewächse*, *n.* *pl.*
 greens, garden-ware (*Süchngewächse*); — *gleiche*,
f. *Bot.* fool's parsley (*Aethusa cynapium* L.); —
grasmücke, *f.* *Ornith.* petty-chape (*Sylvia
 hortensis* Bechst.); — *haide*, — *haute*, *f.* gardener's
 hoe, weeding-hook; — *hagebutte*, *f.* *Bot.* see
Reichenpfeil; — *haus*, *n.* garden-house, summer-
 house; — *himbeere*, *f.* the large red garden
 raspberry; — *hut*, *m.* sun-hat; (*Hut* *Damen*)
 sun-bonnet; — *kalendar*, *m.* gardener's calendar;
 — *lelle*, *f.* gardener's scoop or trowel;
 — *terras*, *m.* *Bot.* garden-cherrill (*Anthracinus
 ceratoides* Hoffm.); — *tracht*, *m.* gardener's
 servant; — *trübe*, *f.* *Ornith.* jay (*Garrulus
 glandarius* L., *Eichelhäher*); — *treffe*, *f.* *Bot.*
 garden-cress (*Lepidium sativum* L.); — *taunf*,
f. art of gardening, horticulture; — *tümpfer*,
m. horticulturist; — *taunf*, *n.* land cultivated
 as a garden; — *lattich*, *m.* *Bot.* garden-lettuce
 (*Lactuca sativa* L.); — *laube*, *f.* bower, arbour;
 — *laubständer*, *m.* *Entom.* a species of Melo-
 lonthin (*Phyllopertha horticola* L.); — *leit-
 traut*, *n.* *Bot.* fly-bane, catch-fly (*Silene ar-
 meria* L.); — *leiter*, *f.* garden-ladder, double-
 ladder; — *mauer*, *f.* garden-wall; — *meise*, *f.*
Bot. white orchard (*Atriplex hortensis* L.); —
meisse, *f.* *Bot.* officinal or common garden
 balm (*Melissa officinalis* L.); — *messer*, *n.*
 gardening or pruning-knife, hook-knife;
Bot.-s. — *münze*, *f.* garden-mint (*Mentha sativa*
 Smith); — *nelle*, *f.* carnation, clove gilly
 flower, clove-pink (*Dianthus caryophyllus* L.); —
tapenzel, *f.* evening-primrose (*Oenothera
 biennis* L.); — *rante*, *f.* common rue, herb-
 grass (*Ruta graveolens* L.); — *recht*, *n.* right of
 enclosing a piece of land and cultivating it
 as garden-land (*Lucas*); *Bot.-s.* — *ringelblume*,
f. common marigold (*Calendula officinalis* L.); —
ritterpflanze, *m.* larkspur (*Dolichopneum Ajacis*
 L.); — *rothschwang*, *m.*, — *rothschwanzchen*, *n.*
Ornith. red-tail, red-start (*Ruticilla phoeni-
 ceus* L.); — *saal*, *m.* drawing-room in a sum-
 mer-house; — *saue*, *m.* garden-seed; — *säge*,
f. grafting saw; — *salet*, *n.* *Bot.* see — *lattich*;
 — *scherre*, *f.* garden-shears; — *schertling*, *m.*
Bot. see — *gleiche*; — *schlifer*, *m.* *Zool.* garden-
 dormouse, garden-squirrel (*Eichetmaus*); —
schnecke, *f.* garden-snail (*Lymæa agreste* L.); —
schote, *f.* see — *erbse*; — *schwamm*, *m.* mush-
 room (*Agaricus* L.); — *stüd*, *n.* see — *bett*; —
stuhl, *m.* garden-chair; — *thor*, *n.* garden-

gate; — *thür*, *f.* garden-door; — *thymian*, *m.*
Bot. common or garden thyme (*Thymus vul-
 garis* L.); — *walze*, *f.* garden-roller; — *wesen*,
n. horticulture; — *wolfsmilch*, *f.* *Bot.* garden-
 spurge (*Euphorbia populus* L.); — *zann*, *m.* gar-
 den-hedge; — *zinn*, *m.* garden-rent.
Gärtner, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* gardener; den *Bot*
 zum — *setzen*, *proverb.* to set the fox to keep
 the geese; II. *in comp.* — *burfche*, *m.* gardener's
 man; — *faust*, *f.* the art of gardening; — *säge*,
f. pruning-saw, grafting-saw; — *schere*, *f.* see
Gärterschere. [horticulture.]
Gärtnerel, (*w.*) *f.* (the art of) gardening.
Gärtnerin, (*w.*) *f.* gardener's wife, (fe-
 male) gardener.
Gärtnerin, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to garden.
Gärtnerin, (*w.*) *f.* T. brino-guage.
Gärgerel, (*str.*) *n.* see *Gärgerel*.
Gärgete, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Zool.* egret, see
Eulencette.
Gas, (*str.*) *n.* gas; frugabere —, portable
 gas; entzündbare —, damps (in mines); in-
 vermaubeln, to gasify; — entwölben, to give
 out or emit gas.
Gas ..., *in comp.* — *anfaust*, *f.* gas-works;
 — *art*, *f.* kind or species of gas, a gaseous
 body; — *artig*, *adj.* gaseous, gasiform, aerif-
 form; — *äther*, *m.* gas-ether; — *behälter*, *m.*
 gas-holder; — *befestigung*, *f.* gas-lighting;
 — *befestigungsgesellschaft*, *f.* gas-company;
 — *befestigungsanfaust*, — *berettigungsanfaust*, *f.*
 gas-works; — *berettigung*, *f.* gas-making, gas-
 burning; — *berettigungapparat*, *m.* gas-(cook-
 ing)-apparatus; — *blaseröhre*, *f.* gas blow-pipe;
 — *brenner*, *m.* gas-burner.
Gaschen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to foam, froth,
 flower, lather, ferment; *g-d*, *adj.* yeasty.
Gascht, (*str.*) *m.* yeast, froth; beading (of
 wine).
Gasconen, *n.* *Geogr.* Gascony, Gascoign.
Gasconier, (*str.*) *m.* (*G-in*, *in* *ff.*) Gas-
 con. — *Gasconisch*, *adj.* Gascon.
Gasfe, (*w.*) *f.* *Lecht.* see *A. Mant.*
Gas ..., *in comp.* — *einrichtung*, *f.* gas-
 fitting; — *entwölben*, *f.* evolution of gas;
 — *erzeugung*, *f.* gasification; — *förmig*, *see* —
artig; — *frühen*, *n.* gas-pudding; — *halter*,
m. see — *behälter*; — *haltig*, *adj.* containing gas;
 — *heizung*, *f.* heating by gas.
Gasig, *Gasig*, *adj.* gaseous (Gasartig).
Gas ..., *in comp.* — *lampe*, — *linterne*, *f.*
 gas-lamp, gas-light; — *leitungsröhre*, *f.* gas-
 (delivering)-tube; — *licht*, *n.* gas-light; —
messer, *m.* gas-meter; — *ofen*, *m.* gas-stove.
Gasometer, (*str.*) *m.* gasometer.
Gaspe, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* two handfuls.
Gas ..., *in comp.* — *hubdeln*, *n.* see — *frü-
 schen*; — *regulator*, *m.* gas-governor; — *refer-
 voir*, *m.* gas-holder; — *röhre*, *f.* gas-pipe, jet.
Gaschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Gasse*) alley,
 narrow street, lane.
Gasse, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) street, (*particul.* narrow
 row) lane; *b*) *fig.* path, road; 2) *Mil.* lane,
 passage formed by two lines of soldiers; 3)
Typ. row; 4) *Small.* channel; 5) empty space
 (in bee-hives); *G-n* or — *laufen*, *Mil.* see
Spiegruthen laufen.
Gassen ..., *in comp.* — *bettel*, *m.*, — *bet-
 telst.*, *f.* street-begging; — *betfler*, *m.* street-
 beggar, common beggar; — *bübe*, *m.* street-
 urchin, street-boy; — *birne*, *f.* woman who
 walks the streets, prostitute; — *gefolge*, — *ge-
 felle*, *n.* see — *troß*; — *hauser*, *m.* *coll.* vulgar
 street-song or street-tune; — *junge*, *m.* see —
bübe; — *sebrer*, *m.* dustman, scavenger; —
soß, *m.* dirt in the streets; — *linterne*, *f.* street-
 lamp; — *laufen*, *n.* see *Spiegruthen laufen*;
 — *lieb*, *n.* street-song, street-tune; — *mensche*,
n. see — *birne*; — *ordnung*, *f.* regulation of the
 streets; — *raub*, *m.* street-robbery; — *rinne*,
f. sewer, kennel; — *jünger*, *m.* street-singer;
 — *schneise*, *f.* see — *rinne*; — *flagen*, *n.* street-

singing; — *treter*, *m.* *coll.* (street-)lounge,
 street-walker; idler, vagabond; — *troß*, *m.*
 (a posse of) blackguards, mob; — *vogt*, *m.*
 street-beadle, const. catch-poll; — *wilg*, *m.* *coll.*
 vulgar wit, low jest. [street-lounge.]
Gassier, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* street-walker;
Gassström, (*str.*) *m.* stream of gas.
Gast, *s. l.* (*str.*) *pl.* *Gäste* *m.* 1) guest;
 visitor; stranger; 2) customer; 3) *Theat. coll.*
 starrng actor, star; *cf.* *Gastrolle*; 4) (*N. G.*)
particul. Mar. a) (*pl.* *in* *ff.*) *Gast* *m.* sailor,
 man; b) *coll.* person, fellow, wight; ein *groß-
 ber* —, *coll.* a rough customer, rude fellow,
 churl; ein *schlaue* —, a cunning blade; ein
 lüftler —, a merry fellow; *Gäste haben*, to
 have company; zu *G-e* bitten or laden, to in-
 vite; zu *G-e* gehen, to go as a guest; to dine
 out; zu *G-e* bei *Jemand* sein, to be one's guest,
 visitor; *seien Sie brüte Wittig unter* —, (come
 and) dine with us today; *Sei find uns ein
 willkommen* —, you are very welcome.
 † *Gast* *str.*, *adj.* see *Gastfrei*.
Gast ..., *in comp.* — *becher*, *m.* goblet for
 pledging guests; — *bett*, *n.* bed for a stranger,
 spare-bed; — *bitter*, *m.* inviter, *cf.* *Schöpf-
 bitter*.
Gasterei, (*w.*) *f.* feast, feasting, banquet,
 banqueting, treat, entertainment.
Gast ..., *in comp.* — *frei*, *adj.* *cf.* *ads.* hos-
 pitable, hospitably; — *freizeit*, *f.* hospitality;
 — *freund*, *m.* 1) stranger enjoying the right
 of hospitality; guest; 2) one affording hos-
 pitality, host; — *freundlich*, — *freundschäftlich*,
adj. *cf.* *ads.* hospitable, hospitably; — *freund-
 lichkeit*, — *freundschäft*, *f.* hospitality; — *geber*,
m. 1) entertainer, host, giver of an entertain-
 ment; 2) *see* — *wirth*; — *gebot*, *n.* feast, ban-
 quet, treat; — *gebräuch*, *m.* guest rite; — *ge-
 richt*, *n.* extra-dish for visitors; — *gefehl*, *n.*
 a present which a guest may make to his
 host or *vice versa*; — *halter*, *m.* see — *geber*;
 — *haus*, *n.*, — *hof*, *m.* hotel, inn; — *herr*, *m.*
 banqueter, host.
Gastren (*Gastren*, *l. u.*), (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1)
 to entertain guests, to give an entertainment;
 2) to be a guest, participate at a feast; 3)
 a) to be a visitor at a place; b) *Theat.* (of
 actors) to perform in a theatre where they
 are not regularly engaged, *coll.* to star (it).
Gasthammer, (*w.*) *f.* see *Gaststube*.
Gastlich, *l. adj.* hospitable; II. *G-feit*,
(w.) *f.* hospitality.
Gast ..., *in comp.* — *mahl*, *n.* banquet,
 feast, entertainment; — *messer*, *m.* 1) *see* —
geber; 2) brother hospitable (in convents);
 — *mutter*, *f.* *provinc.* 1) the matron in a hos-
 pital; 2) sister who receives the poor and
 strangers (in convents); — *ordnung*, *f.* regu-
 lations for inn-keepers; — *preisig*, *f.* a sermon
 preached by a clergyman of another person-
 age; — *recht*, *n.* 1) right of (demanding) hos-
 pitality; 2) usages of hospitality; 3) license
 for receiving strangers, privilege of keeping an
 hotel.
 * *Gastlich*, *adj.* (*Gr.*) gastric.
Gast ..., *in comp.* — *rolle*, *f.* *Theat.* a part
 performed by an actor in a theatre where he
 is not regularly engaged, *coll.* starring part,
 starring-engagement; — *rollen geben*, *see* *Gast-
 ren*, 3. b.; — *stube*, *f.* 1) coffee-room in an hotel
 or public house, common apartment, guest-
 chamber, inn-parlour; 2) spare-room (re-
 served for guests); — *tafel*, *f.*, — *tisch*, *m.* *table
 d'hôte*, ordinary; — *verwandt*, *adj.* allied by
 hospitality; — *verwandtschaft*, *f.* alliance by
 hospitality; — *weife*, *adv.* as a guest; — *wirth*,
m. inn-keeper, host, landlord; — *wirthin*, *f.*
 hostess, landlady; — *wirthschäft*, *f.* 1) inn or
 hotel keeping; 2) inn: eine *wirthschäft* er-
 richten, to open an inn, to set up as inn-
 keeper; — *wirthschäft treiben*, to keep an inn;
 — *zimmer*, *n.* *see* — *stube*.

Gasmeter, (*w.*) *f.* gasometer.

Gat, (*str.*, *pl.* [*provinc.*]) *n.* a hole: *Mar. a*) scupper, *pl.* (die Spritzen) scupper-holes; *b*) the hind part of a ship or gun.

Gä'ten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weed, rid of weeds.

Gä'ten, (*str.*) *n.* see **Gä'thede**.

Gä'ter, (*w.*) *m.* wooer.

Gä't..., *in comp.* —gäbel, *f.* weeding-fork; —gras, *n.* weeds, weeding; —hadt, —hant, *f.* weeding-hook, gardener's hoe.

Gä'tlich, *adj. provinc.* (*Gä'the, &c.*) comfortable, commodious, convenient, suitable; snug, cosy, cosy: pretty, goodly, nice.

Gä'te, (*w.*) *m.* spouse, consort, mate, partner (in married life), husband.

Gä'ten, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to join, couple, match, *T.* to sort; *II. refl.* 1) to copulate; 2) *fig.* to unite.

Gä'ten, *adj.* widowed; mataleas.

Gä'ten, (*str.*) *n.* 1) railing, lattice, cross-bars; grate, grating; 2) *a*) frame; *b*) (*Eäge* —) saw-gate; 3) *Mar.* helm; —gäbe, *f.* —gäls, *n.* rent over and above the quit-rent.

Gä'tern, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) see **Gä'tern**; 2) to refine (tin); *II. intr.* (*with auf* [*&c.*]) to lurk (for), to lie in wait (for), *cf.* **Gä'tern**.

Gä'ter..., *in comp.* —hänfen, —händer, *pl.* see **Gä'ter**, 2, *b*; —thor, *n.* a grated gate; gate-door, gate-way; —thür, *f.* grate-door; —wert, *n.* trellis, lattice-work, grate-work; —jins, *m.* see —gäbe.

Gä'tin, (*w.*) *f.* spouse, consort, wife.

Gä'tren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Metall.* to mix (ores).

Gä'tlich, *adj.* 1) (*l. w.*) agreeing in kind or species; 2) *provinc.* see **Gä'tlich**.

Gä'tung, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) kind, sort, species, description; race; *Nat.* family; breed; 2) *Gramm. & Log.* genus, gender; 3) *Philos.* *etc.* style, way, manner; 4) see **Gä'tung**; *II. in comp.* **Gä'tbegriff**, *m.* conception of a species, special idea; **Gä'tcharacter**, *m.* specific character; —maler, *m.* (*l. w.*) genre-painter; **Gä'tname**, *m.*, **Gä'twort**, *n.* noun appellative. [*long.*]

Gä'tgange, (*w.*) *f.* weeding forceps or **Gä't**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Gä't** [*w.*] **Gä't-n**) *m.* 1) (*l. w.*) *provinc.* the country (as opposed to the town); 2) (*l. w.*) *provinc.* district; county, hundred.

Gä't, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* **Gä't** & **Gä't**) *m.* 1) (*l. w.*) *provinc.* the name of several birds (cuckoo, jack-daw, owl, *anal.* gawk; 2) *cont.* *a*) top, fool, gawky; *b*) cuckold; *c*) strange fellow, odd fish; 3) *a*) downy beard of a youth; *b*) youth with a downy beard; 4) jugglery, hocus-pocus; 5) apparition, spectre; *II. in comp.* —ampfer, *m.* *Bot.* three-leaved or wood sorrel (*Oxalis acetosella* L.); —bart, *m.* 1) (*or* —haar, *n.*) a downy beard, see **Wilschbart**; 2) a silly young person; 3) *Bot.* common yellow goat's beard (*Tragopogon pratensis* L.); —blume, *f.* *Bot.* cuckooflower (*Cardamine pratensis* L.).

Gä't, (*w.*) *f.* see **Gä'te**.

Gä't..., *in comp.* **Bot-s** —heil, *n.* pimpernel, (germinal) poor man's (or shepherd's) weather-glass (*Anagallis arvensis* L.); —flee, *m.* see —ampfer.

Gä't..., *in comp.* —bieb, *n.* see **Gä'ter**; —bing, —gericht, *n.* *+*, county-tribunal, provincial court of justice; —graf, *m.* *+*, count invested with the right of judicature over a certain district; —graffchaft, *f.* district of a graf, county.

Gä'tel, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* legerdomain, jugglery, trick; *II. in comp.* —bä'ter, *m.* juggler's box; —blis, *n.* vision, phantasm; —blime, *f.* see **Gä'terblime**; —bude, *f.* juggler's booth. **Gä'tel**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) quick or rapid motion, odd gestures; 2) jugglery, jugglery, jugglery tricks, jugglery, legerdomain; 3) *fig.* deceptive play, false show, illusion, make-believe.

Gä'telhaft, *coll.* **Gä'telhaft**, *adj.* juggling; illusory, deceptive.

Gä'tel..., *in comp.* —kunk, *f.* jugglery; —licht, *n.* see **Tricklicht**; —mann, *m.*, —männchen, *n.* tumbler (a little movable figure set in motion by being filled with quicksilver).

Gä'teln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) to move about rapidly, to skip; to flit, float; to sport; to trifle; 2) to juggle, to practise jugglery tricks; *II. tr.* 1) to deceive by jugglery; 2) to get or obtain by jugglery.

Gä'tel..., *in comp.* —possen, *f.* *pl.* ridiculous or jugglery tricks; —spiegel, *m.* mirror, by which optical deceptions are practised; —spiel, *n.* see **Gä'tel**; —spieler, *m.* see **Gä'ter**; —spieler, *f.* jugglery; —sprung, *m.* gambol, caper; —tesche, *f.* a juggler's bag; —wert, *n.* see —spiel.

Gä'ter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) juggler, conjurer, puppet-player, buffoon, merry Andrew; rope-dancer, &c.; 2) *Ornith.* buffoon bird (*Falco (Circus) caudatus* C.); —blume, *f.* *Bot.* monkey-flower, mimulus (*Mimulus* L.).

Gä'terel, (*w.*) *f.* see **Gä'tel**, 2 & 3.

Gä'terhaft, **Gä'terlich**, *adj.* juggler-like, see **Gä'telhaft**.

Gä't, (*str.*, *pl.* **Gä't**) *m.* *coll.* 1) a (bad) horse, nag; einem ge'schenten — sieht man nicht ins Maul, proverb, never look a gift horse in the mouth; 2) *lith.* pipe-fish.

Gä't, *s. l.* or **Gä'tern**, (*str.*) *m.* palate, roof of the mouth; einem reinen — haben, *fig.* to have a nice taste; zum — gehörig, palatal, palatial; *II. in comp.* —bitung, *f.* *Med.* stomacoe; —büch'st, *m.* palatal (letter); —figel, *m.* see —luft; —nosen, *m.* palatine bone; —laut, *m.* palatal (sound); —luft, *f.* —reis, *m.* tickling of the palate; —löffel, *f.* fondness for dainty food; —löffel, *m.* a luxurious eater, dainty feeder; —felle, *adj.* sweet-toothed; —felle, *n.* see **Gä'terfelle**.

Gä'ter, (*str.*) *m.* swindler, cunning Alchier, sharper, cheat, rook, black-leg; —banke, *f.* band, gang of swindlers. **Gä'terel**, (*w.*) *f.* (the act or practice of) swindling, sharpening, sharking, cheating, foul dealing; sharking trick. [*flash ken.*]

Gä'terherberge, (*w.*) *f.* rookery. *cont.* **Gä'terlich**, *adj.* cheating, thievish, roguish.

Gä'terleben, (*str.*) *n.* life of a sharper. **Gä'tern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to practise swindling, to cheat, sharp.

Gä'ter..., *in comp.* —sprache, *f.* cant, thieves' latin; —felle, *m.* sharking trick. **Gä'te**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Gä'tisch**, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* & *Build.* hip-roofed dormer-window. **Gä'thaft**, (*w.*) *f.* see **Gä't**, 2.

Gä'th'brü, (*str.*, *pl.* **Gä't**) *n.* Paper-m. couch, pressing-board. **Gä'tsch'e**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* swing.

Gä'tsch'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) Paper-m. to couch, lay (the sheets) on the pressing-board or folts; 2) *provinc.* to swing. — **Gä'tsch'er**, (*str.*) *n.* coucher. [*(dünn, gefteite) tiffany.*]

* **Gä'te** [*pr. gä'te*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Ar.*) gauze, * **Gä'te** [*pr. gä'te*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Ar.*) gauze. *Zool.* gazel, gazelle, antelope (*Antelope dorcas* Pall.). [*proscript.*]

Gä'ttete, *m.* (*decl. like adj.*) Low, outlaw, **Gä'tte**, (*str.*) *n.* (incessant) moaning, groaning. [*tendons.*]

Gä'ter, (*str.*) *n.* *collect.* veins, arteries; **Gä'ter**, (*str.*) *n.* edge of a deer's hoof; track of a deer.

Gä'ter, *p. a.* eared (*Ährig*).

Gä't, **Gä'te**, **Gä't**, (*str.*) *n.* *Hunt.* mouth of a deer; feeding, viands (said of deer): place where deer is fed; lure (for a hawk).

Gä't, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (repeated) baking; 2) what is baked; batch; baker's ware; 3) batch (of bricks).

Gebä'te, *n.* (*decl. like adj.*) pastry; any thing that is baked (especially of puff-paste). **Gebä't**, (*str.*) *n.* Sport, fun, dung (*Re-jung*).

Gebä'ten, see **Gebären**.

Gebä'te, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or practice of) scuffling, fighting, wrestling, scuffle, fight. **Gebä'te**, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* (wooden) bellows (as used in iron-foundries, &c.).

Gebä't, (*str.*) *n.* *Archit.* 1) beams and joists of a building, frame-work; 2) trabecation, entablature (of columns); 3) timber-work (for a story).

Gebä't, see **Gebären**.

Gebä't, see **Gebären**.

Gebä't, (*w.*) *v. intr. & refl.* obedeiscent, to demean one's self: *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* demeanour, course of action.

Gebä't, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bring forth, to breed, bear, to give birth to (a child); *zur* — (*zu* *früh*) —, to miscarry; 2) *fig.* to breed, beget, produce, create, cause; *gebären* werden, to be born; *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* (act of) bearing; *sie* ist über das Alter (*die* Zeit) *des* — hinaus, she is past child-bearing.

Gebä't, (*w.*) *f.* a child-bearing woman.

Gebä't..., *in comp.* —anfall, *f.* —hant, *n.* lying-in hospital; *Anal-s* —mutter, *f.* womb, uterus, matrix; —mutterabwicklung, *f.* hysterology; *Med-s* —mutterblutung, *n.* flooding, menorrhagia; —mutterentzündung, *f.* inflammation of the uterus, metritis; —mutterfeld, *m.* *Anal.* neck of the womb; —mutterflucht, *m.* *Surg.* hysterotomy, Caesarian operation or section; —mutterflucht, *m.* *Surg.* paraentesis of the uterus; —mutterverfall, *m.* prolapsus of the uterus; —mutterverletzung, *f.* rupture of the uterus; —stuhl, *m.* chair of delivery; —zeit, *f.* time of deliverance.

Gebä't, * **Gebä't**, (*str.*) *n.* building, edifice; structure; fabric, work; *Mm.* add; mine; *fig.* fabric, system. [*Building.*]

Gebä't, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or practice of) **Gebä't**, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* (bird-)cage.

Gebä't, *vulg.* **Gebä't**, (*str.*) *n.* (the act of) dangling.

Gä'te, *l. adj.* see **Gä't**; *II. in comp.* —fall, *m.* *Gramm.* dative (case).

Gebä't, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *a*) *collect.* the bones of (an animal, especially) the human body; *b*) the remains of a deceased person; 3) *fig.* limbs, body.

Gebä'ter, **Gebä't**, (*str.*) *n.* (continual) yelping, barking, baying; *Sport.* cry.

Gä't, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to give; 2) to pay; 3) to give, confer, bestow upon; to impart, grant; 4) to bear, to produce, yield, afford; to cause; 5) *fig.* to express, render; to translate; 6) *die* Karten —, to deal the cards; *Sie* haben zu —, you are to deal; *ich* muß —, it is my deal; *faß* —, to misdeal; *ein* Theaterstück —, to play, represent, act a play; *Wut* —, (*intr.*) to bleed; *sein* Leben an (*with Acc.*) (barren, barren) —, to stake, risk, or sacrifice one's life for a thing; *dem* Pferd die Sporen —, to set spurs to one's horse; *zu* treffen — (*with Dat.*), to feed; *den* Pferden zu trinken —, to water the horses; *Einem* zu essen und zu trinken —, to give one food and drink; *Einem* zu thun or arbeiten —, to give or find one work (to do), *coll.* to cut out work for one, *den* Armen —, to give alms; *gerne* —, to give willingly or readily; to be liberal (to the poor); *Einem* eins —, (*vulg.*) to give one a blow; *damit* ich es für gebe or um es für zu —, to be short, to cut the matter short; *Gewitz* an die Saur —, to add or put spice to the sauce; *Einem* in die Hände —, to put into one's hands; *vous* figh —, to give, exhibit, show forth; 2. to yield, emit, send forth (a scent, smell, tone); *Stige* —, to cast heat; 3. (*wieher* von *fig.*) to cast, to cast or bring up, vomit; *alles* Ge-

soffene gleich wider von sich —, to bring up every thing as soon as swallowed; 4. seine Gedanken von sich —, to give utterance to one's thoughts, to utter or speak one's mind: *Freier* —, to fire (a gun). *cf. Freier*; *Geld auf Interessen* —, to put out money to interest; *Comm.-s. wie — Sie es?* what is your price? *Sie wissen, wie ich es gebe*, you know the price (I charge); *zu diesem Preise wollte er die Papiere nicht* —, he would not part with the papers at this rate; *er wird es wohlfeil* —, he will let it go cheap; *Gott gebe!* God grant! *gegeben zu Leipzig*, (at the foot of documents, &c.) done at Leipzig; *seinen Willen dazu* —, to consent to, yield to; *ich gebe es als einen Fingerzeig*, I mention it by way of a hint; *das gibt die gesunde Vernunft*, common sense teaches it; *der Zusammenhang gibt es*, the context shows or proves it; *die Sache selbst gibt es*, the thing or matter speaks of or for itself; *zu bedenken* —, to put to one's consideration; *ich möchte Ihnen zu bedenken* —, I would have you remember; *zu verstehen* —, to give to understand, *cf. Verstehen*; *etwas (viel, wenig &c.) auf eine Sache* —, to set (great, little) value upon, to esteem, value ...; to attend to, to mind, *cf. Bedenken*; *nichts darauf* —, to make no account of a thing; *verstehen* —, to give up (as lost).

II. *ref. A)* *sich (Acc.)* —, 1) to yield, to cede, give in; 2) to resign; 3) to show one's self, to prove one's self to be; 4) to relent, abate, subside; *es wird sich schon* —, it will come or follow in course; *sich fesseln* —, *see Gefangen*; *sich zurücken* —, to compose one's mind; to acquiesce (mit, in), *cf. Zurücken*; *sich einem in die Hände* —, to give one's self up, to surrender one's self into a person's hands; *sich an etwas (Acc.)* —, to commence doing a thing, to fall to; *das Buch gibt sich*, the cloth stretches; *das wird sich schon* —, 1. it (things) will settle down in course of time; 2. it will follow or come in (due) course, or as a matter of course, *coll.* it will take care of itself; *B)* *sich (Dat.) etwas* —, *gener. Acc.* to give one's self (ein Wissen &c., *sirs, &c.*); to take to one's self; to assume, to adopt; *sich (Dat.) Rülse* —, to take pains.

III. *cf. impers. a)* (*with Dat.*) *es ist mir nicht gegeben* (zu vergelten &c.), it is not in my nature, it is not in me (to forgive, &c.); *b)* (*with Acc.*) to be, to exist; *es gibt, gab &c.*, there is, are, there was, were, &c.; *der größte Flügel, den es gibt*, the greatest war in existence; *was gibt's?* what's the matter? what is going on? *was gibt es Neues?* what (is the) news? *es wird Schläge* —, there will be a drubbing; *sei artig oder es gibt Schläge*, be good or you will be whipped; *heute gibt es Hitze oder Regen*, today we have *fish* or *rain* — *meat*: *ich möchte etwas genießen*; *was gibt's?* I should like to take something; *what have you got?* *wenn es kein Schöpfenstisch gibt*, mag er Kindstisch bringen, if there is (or if they have) no mutton, let him bring beef; *wann es nicht früher hier ein Wirtshaus gegeben haben?* may there not have been an inn here formerly? *gab es nicht vorigen Winter hier stürs Bälle?* were there not balls here now and then last winter? *es könnte einen Aufruhr geben*, there might be a disturbance; *es gab einen Streit*, a quarrel arose or took place.

Gebir, (*str.*) *m.* *Gebirg*, (*w.*) *f.* giver, donor, presenter; dispenser; — *des Wertes* (Wermittler), *Comm.-s.* giver of the value, remitter; — *und Käufer*, *pl.* sellers and buyers; *mehr — als Richter*, more offers than takers. *Gebirde*, (*w.*) *f.* gesture, posture (of the body); gesticulation: carriage, demeanour; *G-n machen*, to gesticulate, play subtle tricks. *Gebirben*, (*w.*) *v. ref.* 1) to make ges-

tures; 2) to demean, carry, or behave one's self, *coll.* to take on (as if, &c.); *sich ernsthaft* —, to put on a serious air; *sich nützlich* —, to play the fool.

Gebirben ..., *in comp.* — *tanke*, — *taust*, *f.* art of posture-making, mimics; — *spiel*, *n.* pantomime, *coll.* dumb show; — *spieler*, *m.* mimic, mime; — *sprache*, *f.* conversation by gestures, mimicry, pantomime.

Gebirbung, (*w.*) *f.* gesticulation, demeanour, behaviour.

Gebet, *s. I.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) (the act or practice of) praying; 2) prayer; devotion; *das — des Herrn*, the Lord's Prayer; *sein — verrichten*, to perform (to be at or to say) one's prayers or devotion; *das — sprechen*, to offer prayer; *einjamen* —, secret or private prayer, closet-prayer; *ins — nehmen*, *fam.* to take to task, to question closely, &c., *see ins Beröhr* nehmen; II. *in comp.* — *buch*, *n.* prayer-book; — *formel*, *f.* form of prayer; — *glode*, *f.* prayer-bell; — *zeit*, *f.* prayer-time; *Gebittung*, *f.* prayerful state or disposition.

Gebett, (*str.*) *n.* bedding, set of bedding. *Gebetel*, (*str.*) *n.* the practice of (continual or incessant) begging.

Gebhardt, (*str.*) *m.* (*OHG.* Gebahart, *one who is strong in giving, a liberal man*) Gebhard (P. N.).

Gebiet, (*str.*) *n.* 1) †. command (*Gebet*); government; 2) district, territory; ground; domain; dominion, jurisdiction; 3) *fig.* province, department, sphere, region, realm, field, range.

Gebieten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to command, order, bid; to enjoin, impose; to dictate; *über Einen or Einem* —, to govern (over), to rule; to control, check; *zu — haben*, to have the command, to be the master; *Erfürcht* —, to command respect; *Eitelschweigen* —, to command (*fig.* to impose) silence; *die Freundschaft gebietet es*, friendship requires it; *g-b, p. a. imperative* (*also Gram.* [mood, &c.], &c.). [governor, master, lord. *Gebierter*, (*str.*) *m.* commander, ruler, *Gebieterin*, (*w.*) *f.* mistress, lady.

Gebietend, *adj.* commanding, imperative; imperious, domineering, authoritative, dictatorial, haughty.

Gebilde, (*str.*) *n.* 1) a) any thing formed, *Min., &c.* formation; structure; creation; b) form, frame; 2) picture in the mind, image, imagery; 3) *Mausf.* diaphor.

Gebildet, *p. a.* (liberally) educated, cultivated, refined, polite, *see Bilden*; *die G-en*, *pl.* the educated classes.

Gebirde, (*str.*) *n.* 1) any quantity of threads, &c. tied together: skein, bundle, lea, warp, rap, cut; 2) a large cask for liquids; 3) *T-s.* a) truss, couple of a roof; b) dragon-beam, bond; c) hoops (*pl.*) of a cask; d) row, range (of tiles); 4) *Mar.* raft; *Gebirde's sperren*, *m. pl.* *Corp.* tie-beams.

Gebirge, (*str.*) *n.* (chain of) mountains; mountainous district, highland.

Gebirger, (*str.*) *m.* *see Gebirgsbewohner*.

Gebirgig, *adj.* relating to mountains; living in the mountains, &c.

Gebirgs ..., *in comp.* (*cf. Berg- & felsen*) — *abfall*, — *abhang*, *m.* decline, slope of mountains; — *art*, *f.* species of stone, *Geol. pl.* rocks; — *ast*, *m.* side-branch of a mountain-range; — *beschreibung*, *f.* description of mountains, orography; — *bewohner*, *m.* mountaineer, highlander; — *druck*, *m.* *Min.* pressure of the ground; — *fluß*, *m.* mountain stream; — *fuß*, *m.* foot or base of mountains; — *gebirg*, *f.* mountainous region or country; — *höhe*, *f.* height of a range of mountains; — *joch*, *n.*, — *lamm*, *m.* mountain-ridge; —

senner, *m.* geognost; — *ette*, *f.* chain of mountains; — *zentrum*, *m.* centre of several mountain-ranges; — *tunde*, — *sehr*, *f.* knowledge of mountains, orology; geognosy; — *tundige*, *m.* orologist; — *land*, *n.* mountainous country; — *ort*, *m.* a place situated among mountains; — *pass*, *m.* mountain-pass, *Mil.* defile, defilee; — *riden*, *m.* *see* — *joch*; — *stift*, *f.* town situated among mountains; — *stod*, *m.* *see* — *fuoren*; — *vell*, *n.* a people inhabiting mountains, mountain-tribe; — *wand*, *f.* a wall or steep declivity of rock; — *weg*, *m.* mountain road or path; — *zug*, *m.* range of mountains; — *zweig*, *m.* branch or subordinate range of mountains that shoots out from a larger range, spar.

Gebiß, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (set of) teeth; ein gutes — haben, to have good teeth, to be well toothed; 2) bridle-bit, horse-bit, bit-mouth; — mit Stangen, canon-bit, fast-mouth; — ohne Stangen, snaffle or water-bit; *Man-s.* das — geben, to bit; das — nehmen, to unbit; — *ette*, *f.* curb.

Gebiß'e, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or practice of) blowing, trumpeting, &c. *cf. Bläsen*.

Gebiß'e, (*str.*) *n.* bellows (of a forge), blast, blast engine, blast apparatus; heisse, kaltes —, hot, cold blast; das — anlassen, to set the bellows a-going; das — arretiert or spiert, the bellows are in action; — *sten*, *m.* blast-furnace; — *styre*, *f.* blast-pipe.

Gebisse, *p. a.* perished, lost (of ships, &c. *cf. Bissen*, 5); die Zahl der G-en, the number of killed or slain (in battle).

Gebiß, (*str.*) *n.* bleating; bellowing, lowing.

Gebüsch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) collect. flowers, blossoms; 2) honey of flowers collected by bees. *Gebüsch*, *adj.* 1) flowered (stuffs, &c.), figured, floriated (*in Arch.*, &c.), sprigged; diapered (linen, towels); speckly (indigo); adorned with flowers, flowery; 2) das G-e, *n.* coll. flowers which serve as food for bees.

Gebüt, (*str.*) *n.* 1) blood, the mass of the blood in the animal body; 2) *fig.* blood, kindred, consanguinity; line, race, family, house; es fließt im —, it runs in the blood; die Prinzen von —, the princes of the imperial, royal, &c. family; zu nahe in das — hie-rufen, to marry too near of kin.

Gebüte, (*str.*) *n.* continued bleeding.

Gebogen, *p. a.* bent, crooked, &c. *cf. Biegen*, I. 1); eine g-e Kiste, a Roman nose.

Geboly're, (*str.*) *n.* (continued) boring.

Geboren, *I. pp.* of *Gebären*, *which see*; im Catholicismus — und erzogen, born and educated a catholic; ein solcher Critiker soll noch — werden, such a critic is still in the future; zu ... — sein, to be born to ...; mir find zum Leiden —, we are made to suffer; man muß dazu — sein, it comes by nature; er ist nicht zum Schriftsteller —, *coll.* he is not cut out for an author; er ist ein g-er Geschäftsmann, he is a thorough man of business; er war zum Astronomen —, or er war ein g-er Astronom, he was born an astronomer; II. *p. a.* born; native; ein g-er Böhme, a native of Bohemia, a Bohemian born; der junge König war ein g-er Engländer, the young king was a born Englishman; Newton's Mutter war eine g-ye Ayscough, Newton's mother was born Ayscough (*Ath.*); *Mad. B.* ist eine g-e G., *Mrs. B.'s* maiden name is C.; *Freu Dr. R.*, g-e R., *Mrs. M.*, late or *nee* Miss K.; *Madame Flahout*, g-e (*gener. abbr.*: geb.) *Fräulein Rerret*, *Madame Flahout* (*Miss Mercer* that was).

Geborgen, (*str.*) *n.* (repeated) borrowing. *Geborgen*, *I. p. a.* 1) saved, &c. *cf. Bergen*, 1; safe, secure, above board; 2) *fig.* well off, in easy circumstances; II. *G-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* security, safety.

Gebir, (*str.*) *n.* 1) bidding, bid, the sum bidden, offer (as at auctions); ein *hohes* — als ..., an advance on ...; das *erste* — thun, to start a price (at public sales); ein — auf etwas (*Acc.*) thun, to make a bid, offer, or proffer for ...; 2) commandment, precept, injunction, order, command, precept, law; die *zehn G.*, the ten commandments, decalogue; *Einem zu* — stehen, to be at one's command or disposal: to obey one; diese *Mittel* *stehen* mir nicht *zu* —, these means are not within my reach; Alles *zu* — haben, to have every thing at will; *Nicht* *lassen* *sein* —, *proverb*, necessity has no law; *Gebir*, *m. provinc. mandate*.

Gebirch, *adj.* see **Gebirch**.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* (von *Belt*, furred) skirt, border, edge; furberlow.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) burnt (*cf.* *Brennen*, II.); *g-e* *Elfenstein*, bone-black; *g-e* *Stückhorn*, calcined (or coal of) hartshorn; *g-e* *Kupfer*, calcined copper; *g-e* *Mandel*, sugared, crisp, or burnt almonds; *g-e* *Stein*, calcined stone; *g-e* *Wasser*, distilled spirits or waters; *g-e* *Kinder* *fürchten* das *Feuer*, *proverb*, burnt children dread the fire.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (the act or practice of) brewing; 2) anything brewed, see **Gebirch**.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *pl.* **Gebirch** (*cf.* *m.* 1) use, employment: application; exercise; 2) custom, usage, practice; *Comm.* *usage*, rule of trade; 3) fashion, mode, way, manner; 4) rite, ceremony; (ritual) observance; — *von* etwas *machen*, to make use of, to avail one's self or take advantage of: *ein* *schlechtes* — *von* etwas *machen*, to employ to a bad purpose, to misemploy, abuse; in — *kommen*, to come into use, to be first used; es *kommt* in —, it is coming into use; *auf* —, disused; obsolete; discarded; *stark* in — *sein*, to be much in use or used; *auf* — *kommen*, to grow out of use, to fall into disuse or discontinue; (*auf* — *sein*) to be discontinued; zu *photographieren* —, for photographic purpose; II. *in comp.* *Gebirch*, *Gebirch*, *Gebirch*, *f.* *Gebirch*, *m.* directions for use; signature, instructions, label put on a medicine phial, &c.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to use, make use of, to employ; das *ist* gar nicht *zu* —, this is of no use; ich *habe* es nicht —, I cannot make use of it or put it to any use; sich — *lassen*, to be instrumental or subservient to; 2) *l. u. for* *Brauchen*, which see; *gebraucht*, *p. a.* used, worn out.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *adj.* usual, customary, common, ordinary; current; fashionable; die *ersten* *Wörter*, the words most commonly used; — *sein*, to be in use or practice; es *ist* nicht mehr —, it is out of use, it is obsolete; II. *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *f.* usualness, commonness, frequency.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* what is brewed at a time, a brewing; brew, brewage, mixture, preparation; das — *der* *Wolken* (*Göthe*), *fig.* storm brewing in the clouds.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* a rushing, roaring; rushing sound or noise; singing (in the ears).

Gebirch, *Min-s.* I. *adj.* brittle, fragile; soft, mouldering; II. (*str.*) *n.* brittle or mouldering stone.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) continued breaking; 2) continued vomiting, *cf.* *Gebirch*, II.; 3) *Sport-s.* a) rooting place (of a wild boar), rooting; b) shout (of a pig or wild boar); c) dung (of partridges); 4) see **Gebirch**, II.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *v. impers.* (with an *Ich* *cf.* *Das*), to be wanting or destitute of; es *ge-* *briht* mir an *Geld*, I want money; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* 1) want, need; 2) (corporeal, &c.) fault, defect, imperfection; invalidity, infirmity; weakness; das *schwere* —, *coll.* epilepsy.

Gebirch, I. *adj.* 1) afflicted with some bodily defect; frail, shaky, crazy, infirm, feeble; sickly, poorly; puny; der *g-e* *Reich*, invalid; 2) (*sometimes* used of things) rickety, crazy, unstable; II. *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *f.* frailty; infirmity, craziness, feebleness, &c. *schal*.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* *Busch*, a (broad) acre, *Gebirch* (*n.*), (*str.*) *n.* *obsolescent* (*cf.* *Breht*) infirmity. &c. see **Gebirch**, *v. s.*

Gebirch, I. *p. a.* 1) broken (*cf.* *Bre-* *chen*); 2) *fig.* broken-down, worn-out; exhausted, ruined; das *g-e* *Dach*, *Archit.* curb-roof, Mansard-roof; *T-s.* ein *g-e* *Stech*, a) sore-backed horse; b) *provinc.* broken-in horse; die *g-e* *Thür*, folding-door; die *g-e* *Treppe*, a pair of stairs with one or more landing-places; *g-e* *Wesen*, *Mar.* short sea; der *g-e* *Accord*, *Mus.* broken chord, divided harmony. (*Nat.*) *arpeggio*; *g-e* *Zahl*, fractional (or broken) number, fraction; die *g-e* *Stimme*, broken voice; *g-e* *Wort*, broken words; *g-e* *Deutsch*, broken German; mit *g-em* *Herzen*, broken-hearted; — *sein*, *Med.* to be ruptured; II. *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *f.* *fig.* state of being broken, &c. *Gebirch*.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) crumbly; 2) see **Gebirch**, *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *n.* a boiling, bubbling up, spouting, gushing out.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Cook.* breaded, done over with crumbs of bread; 2) in a person's service or employ (in *Lohn* und *Brot*).

Gebirch, (*str.*) *m.* *pl.* brothers (of a firm); — *Baring*, *Baring* brothers.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* roar, roaring, bellowing.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* (repeated or continual) murmuring, humming, &c. *cf.* *Stamm*.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* a brood, hatch (of fowls, insects, &c.); ein — *Eier*, a course of eggs.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) duty, devoir, due, office; *Gebirch* *sein* — *geben*, to give every one his due; *über* die — *gehen*, to overpay; *alle* — *über* *schreiten*, to exceed all bounds; ich *antwortte* ihm *nach* —, I answered him as he deserved; 2) fee, pl. tribute, taxes; 3) decency, decorum, seamliness; 4) moderation, measure, bounds; *nach* *Standes* —, according to rank or to what is proper; *über* die —, beyond moderation, beyond what is due, necessary, or proper; immoderately, excessively.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (with *Dat.*) to be due, belong to; *Ehre* *dem* *Ehre* *gehört*, honour to whom honour is due; *jedem* *Arbeiter* *gehört* *sein* *Lohn*, every labourer is worthy of his hire; es *gehört* *dir*, 1. it is due to you, it is your due; 2. it is your duty; es *gehört* *dir* nicht *dies* *zu* *sagen*, it is not proper for you to say such things; nicht *mehr* *als* *uns* *gehört*, no more than our due; *hier* *von* *gehört* *Ihnen* $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{0}{10}$, *Comm.* of this $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent is yours or due to you; II. *ref. impers.* to be fit, becoming, proper; wie *sich* *gehört*, as it is fit, &c., as it ought to be; eine *Anzeige* *hätte* *sich* *wohl* *gehört*, an advice ought to have been given; *g-b*, *p. a.* due, meet, proper; *ada*, duly, &c., deservedly; *g-ben* *Ehru* *finden*, *Comm.* (of bills of exchange) to meet due protection.

Gebirch, I. *adj.* due, meet, becoming, decent, fit, proper; II. *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *f.* meetness, becomingness, fitness, propriety.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *pl.* *G-b* & *Gebirch* (*cf.* *n.* see *Bund*, I.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* *Wear*, bunch, skein; — *stahl*, *m.* fagot-steel (*Bundstahl*).

Gebirch, (*str.*) *p. a.* 1) bound, &c. *cf.* *Binden*; *g-e* *Warme*, *Phys.* latent heat; 2) a) *Mus.* connected; synopated (in regard to the style of playing or writing); *g-e* *Knoten*, *p. pl.* notes connected (to equal length) by a tie or ligature; b) *fig.* compact, concise.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* *coll.* a brushing.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *f.* birth: 1) travail or labour

of women, delivery, parturition; 2) nativity. descent, extraction, family, race; 3) beginning, origin; 4) the thing born, production: eine *ungeitige* —, premature birth, miscarriage; abortion; leicht, *fig.* —, easy, hard labour (in childbirth); *von* —, by birth, born.

Gebirch, *adj.* native, born; aus *Frank-* *reich* —, a native of France.

Gebirch, ..., *in comp.* — *adel*, *m.* nobility of birth, inherited nobility; — *arbeit*, *f.* labour; — *brief*, *m.* see *schrein*; — *fehler*, *m.* natural defect; — *feier*, *f.*, — *fest*, *m.* anniversary, birth-day; — *geile*, *f.* *Anat.* testicle; — *glieb*, *n.* genitals (*pl.*); — *haus*, *n.* 1) house where a person was born; 2) see *Entbindungshaus*; — *häuser*, *n.* *Anat.* chorion; — *hefter*, *m.* accoucheur, man-midwife, obstetrician; — *hefterin*, *f.* midwife; — *heim*, *m.* *Anat.* a child's caul; — *hilfe*, *f.* midwifery, obstetrics; — *hilflich*, *adj.* relating to midwifery, obstetric; — *jahr*, *n.* year of birth; — *lande*, *f.* obstetrics; — *land*, *n.* native country or soil; — *lieb*, *n.* birth-song; — *liste*, *f.* register of births; — *mal*, *m.* mole; — *ort*, *m.* birth-place, native place; — *stet*, *f.* see *arbeit*; — *stet*, *n.* birth-right; — *register*, *m.* see *liste*; — *stet*, *m.* certificate of (lawful) birth; — *stet*, *m.* pl. throes, anguish of labour in childbirth; — *stet*, *f.* native town; — *stet*, *m.* *Astr.* natal star, \dagger apheta; — *stet*, *m.* pride of birth, family-pride; — *stuhl*, *m.* chair of delivery; — *stunde*, *f.* hour of birth, natal hour; — *tag*, *m.* birth-day, natal day; — *tagstet*, *f.*, — *tagstet*, *n.* celebration of a birth-day; — *tagstet*, *n.* birth-day poem, present, &c.; — *tagstet*, *n.* a child or adult person whose birth-day is celebrated; — *thelle*, *m.* pl. genitals; — *weisen*, *f.* *pl.* see *schmerz*; — *zeug*, *f.* *Swy.* forceps, extractor, gryphers; — *zeit*, *f.* term of delivery.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *n.* thicket, cluster of bushes, grove, bush; copse, underwood.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *adj.* tufted; *Bot.* fasciculate (*d.*).

Gebirch, I. (*v. & str.*) *m.* fool, sop, coxcomb; der *alte* —, dotard; *den* — (*m.*) mit etwas *treiben*, to ridicule a thing; II. (*str.*) *m.* 1) *provinc.* *T.* the suture of a calf's or sheep's skull; *Einem* *den* — (*m.*) *stehen*, 1. to open or pierce one's skull; 2. see *Gebirch*, I.; 2) *Mar.* — *auf* *dem* *Eckstein*, hood; 3) see *Gebirch*.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to make a fool of, to mock, rally; II. *intr.* to play the fool or fool.

Gebirch, *str.* *adj.* 1) *adj.* dotardly, coxcombical, foppish, fribble; II. *Gebirch*, (*str.*) *f.* dottingness, coxcomby.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *f.* 1) foolery, foppery, coxcomby; 2) mockery, silly joke.

Gebirch, (*str.*) *pl.* *Gebirch* (*cf.* *n.* *brake* or handle of a pump).

Gebirch, I. *pp.* of *Denken* & *Gedenken*; eine *g-e* *Münze*, an imaginary coin; II. *p. a.* 1) mentioned, stated, said, alluded to; 2) *fig.* well thought, considered, weighed.

Gebirch, *adj.* \dagger mindful (einer Sache *cf.* *Gem.*), of ..., remembering (*Gedent*).

Gebirch, *str.* I. (*str.*) *n.* 1) memory, remembrance, recollection; 2) *fig.* monument, memory; ein *starkes* —, a retentive or tenacious memory; ein *trübes* —, an accurate memory; ein *schwaches* (*schlechtes*, *kurzes*) —, a weak, bad, defective memory; *jum* —, in remembrance (of), in commemoration (of), for memory's sake; *ins* — *zurückrufen*, 1. (*Gem.*) to remind (one) of; 2. (*fig.* *Dat.*) to recall, to call to mind or to remembrance; es *ist* mir *noch* *im* —, I still remember (it or that ...); aus *dem* —, 1. out of one's mind; 2. from memory; aus *dem* — *der* *Rechnen* *tilgen*, to blot from the records of men; II. *in comp.* — *beta*, *n.* *Anat.* occipital bone; — *buch*, *n.* memorandum book; — *fehler*, *m.* fault or slip of the memory; — *feier*, *f.* anniversary;

commemoration: —traft, *f.* retentive power or faculty; —traum, *m. cont. see* —wert; —trauf, *f.* art of memory, mnemonics; —maul, *n. see* —stein; —münze, *f.* medal; —prebige, —rebe, *f.* sermon, oration for the memory of a person or event; funeral sermon or oration: —säule, *f.* monumental column; —stiftung, *f.* want or defectiveness of memory; —stiftung, *adj.* anamnestic; —stein, *m.* monumental stone; —tafel, *m.* 1) mnemonic table; 2) monumental table; —tag, *m.* commemoration-day; see —feier; —übung, *f. pl.* exercises for strengthening the memory; (bloßes or todtres) —wert, *n.* knowledge acquired by the mere mechanical operation of the memory, mere matter of memory, mere rote-work; —zeichen, *n.* remembrance, keepsake.

Gedacht, *p. a.* for *gedacht*, *Mss.* stopped (of the pipes of an organ, *opp.* off).

Gedachte, (*irr.*) (**Gedachte**, (*str.*) *l. n.*) *m.* 1) thought; idea; notion; 2) *f. am.* opinion, conjecture; 3) resolution, purpose; (Einem) auf den G-n bringen, to suggest the thought of ... (to one); der — an die Zukunft, the thought of futurity; es war kein — an Rettung, there was no idea (or chance) of escape; Einem auf andere G-n bringen, to make one alter his mind, to bring one to another way of thinking; er ist jetzt auf andere G-n gekommen, he now thinks otherwise; ich ging aus, um auf andere G-n zu kommen, I went out to divert my thoughts; sie kam ihm nie auf den G-n, she never was absent from his thoughts; schlage es dir auf den G-n, put it out of your mind, banish it from your thoughts (*cf.* Schlägen); (Einem) durch die G-n gehen, to pass through (one's) mind; in dem G-n stehen or sein, das ..., to be of opinion, to believe or think, that ... in G-n, 1. in (one's) thoughts, mind, fancy, or opinion; in G-n (ah er sich auf dem Thron, in fancy he saw himself on the throne; 2. (in tiefen G-n) absorbed in thought, in a (profound) reverie, musing, pondering, coll. in a brown study; sie ergriß in G-n die Ehre, she abstractedly picked up the sceptre: ich wußte was du in (den) G-n hattest, I knew what was in your thoughts; (Einem) in die G-n kommen, to occur (to one); to enter one's thoughts or mind; ich that es in dem G-n, daß ..., I did so thinking that ...; seine G-n aufbrechen, to speak out one's mind; (Einem) in dem G-n liegen, 1. to be in one's thoughts or mind; 2. to weigh on one's mind; mit riem G-n umgehen, to have thoughts of (doing something), to intend to (do ...); nach riem G-n, in my opinion, to my thinking; seine G-n beisammen haben, to have one's wits (brains) about one; dies machte ihm G-n, this made him think (or meditative); sich G-n machen (über etwas (*Acc.*)), to be uneasy or to trouble one's head (about a thing); sich (*Dat.*) G-n auf etwas machen, to indulge or entertain hopes of obtaining something; einen G-n länger, *f. am.* a thought, shade, hair's breadth longer.

Gedanken, *in comp.* —stein, *n.* *Anal.* parietal bones; —bild, *n.* creation of the fancy, ideal; —fluß, *m.* flow of thoughts; —folge, *f.* see —gang; —freiheit, *f.* freedom or liberty of thought; —freud, *adj.* enjoying in thought; —fülle, *f.* thoughtfulness; —gang, *m.* train, thread, order of thoughts; —kreis, *m.* circle, range of thoughts, sphere of ideas; —lauf, *m.* see —gang; —leer, *adj.* void of thought; —leerte, —leerheit, *f.* poorness, vacancy of thought or ideas.

Gedanklos, *l. adj.* thoughtless, unthinking; unreasoning; *II.* G-nstift, (*w.*) *f.* thoughtlessness, want of thought, vacancy.

Gedanken, *in comp.* —plagiat, *m. pl.* *Gramm.* points of resemblance; —raub, *m.* plagiarism; —räuber, *m.* *Ag.* plagiarist, pericline;

—reich, *adj.* rich, fertile in ideas, full of thought, suggestive; —reichtum, *m.* fertility of thought, ideas, suggestiveness; —reife, *f.* see —gang; —schnell, *adj.* (as) quick as thought; —schwer, *adj.* full of thought, see —voll; —sprache, *m. pl. coll.* detached thoughts, aphorisms; *anal.* chips; —spiel, *n.* witty conceit; witticism; —stille, *f.* pensiveness; —sturz, *m.* Typ. break, dash, mark of suspension [—]; —traum, *m.* reverie; —voll, *adj.* plunged in deep thought, thoughtful; —verbehalten, *m.* mental reservation; —welt, *f.* expansion of thought; —welt, *f.* ideal world (*opp.* reality); —wesen, *n.* something existing merely in thought or idea, ideal.

Gedärme, (*str.*) *n. gener. pl.* entrails, guts, bowels, intestines; (of animals) garbage; —verfall, *m.* *Med.* prolapse of the intestines.

Gedert, (*str.*) *n.* 1) covering (of a building); 2) cover; 3) set of table-linen; 4) register of covered pipes (in an organ).

Gedert, *p. a.* covered (*also Comm., &c.*); sheltered, secure; *Mil.* under cover (of the guns, &c.); (Rart) g-er Wein, full-bodied wine; g-er Syrup, mascoado molasses.

Gedehne, (*str.*) *n. coll.* (the act of) stretching, &c. *cf.* Dehnen; a tedious or languid extension, drawing out (as of the arms).

Gedehnen, (*str.*) *s. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to thrive, to get on well; 2) to grow; a) to increase (*also Mss.* used of time), prosper; to succeed; b) to advance, proceed, to come to (or to reach) a certain point; 3) to turn out; to rebound (to); 4) to do good to, to agree with; es gediebt ihm Alles, he succeeds in every thing; ungediebt Gut gediebt nicht, ill gotten wealth does not prosper, ill-got ill-spent.

Gedehnen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (the act of) thriving, increase, growth; 2) progress, prosperity, success; Gott gebe sein —, *bay!* may God grant his blessing to it!

Gedehlich, *l. adj.* thriving, prosperous, successful; beneficial, useful, wholesome, salutary; *Law.* favourable (judgment); *II.* G-feit, (*w.*) *f.* salutariness, usefulness, &c.

Gedenkbar *see* —Denkbar *see*.

Gedenk, *in comp.* —blumen, *n.* see Gedenkblätter; —buch, *n.* memorandum-book; —spruch, *m.* device, motto; —zeit, *f.* epoch; —zeitel, *m.* see Denksteil.

Gedenken, (*irr.*) *n. l. intr.* (*with Gen. or an (with Acc.)*) 1) to think of, to keep or bear in mind, recollect, remember, be mindful of; gedenke mein! remember me! es wurde seiner nicht gedacht, he was passed by (without notice); 2) to mention, make mention of, allude to; 3) to contemplate, to think of, to intend, have a mind, purpose; er gedachte nicht zu gehen, he did not mean to go; *II. str.* (Einem etwas) to remember with the intention of revenge; ich will es ihm (den) —, I shall be sure to make him pay (or smart) for it.

Gedenken, *s. (str.) n.* memory, recollection. *only used in the phrases:* seit Menschen —, within the memory of man, within man's memory; über Menschen —, ver Menschen —, beyond memory, time out of mind.

Gedenke, **Gedenke**, (*str.*) *n. cont.* forced, absurd, or affected interpretation, *cf.* Denksteil *see*.

Gedicht, (*str.*) *n.* 1) poem; 2) fiction; fable; tale; G-er, *pl.* poetry; ein — machen, to compose a poem; —sammlung, *f.* collection of poems.

Gediegen, *l. adj.* 1) *Min.* native; g-es Gold, native gold; 2) solid; unmixt, pure; 3) *Ag.* a) genuine, sterling, solid, valuable; b) able, sound, of sterling worth; superior: ein g-er Charakter, steady or sterling character; c) well-done, well-made, workmanlike; *II.* G-heit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) nativeness; 2) solidity; purity; 3) *Ag.* a) genuineness, sterling quality,

intrinsical worth or value; b) ableness, ability, soundness.

Geding(e), (*str.*) *n.* 1) bargain, agreement; 2) tedious bargaining, haggling; 3) *Mm.* task, job; 4) †, court, tribunal; im — arbeiten, to work by contract or by the job; das — abgeben, (of miners) to submit for inspection the work undertaken by contract; das — abschmen, to survey and estimate the work submitted for inspection; —arbeit, *f.* work agreed upon; —geld, *n.* —preis, *m.* contract or stated price; —häuser, *m.* miner who works by the job.

Gedonner, (*str.*) *n.* a continual thundering; thundering noise.

Gedonypst, *p. a.* see Doppelst.

Gedrangt, (*str.*) *n. (provinc. Gedrang, /str.) m.* 1) a) continual thronging or crowding; b) throng, crowd, press, crush; 3) *Ag.* need, distress, dilemma, embarrassment, perplexities, straits.

Gedrangt, *l. or Gedrang(e)*, **Gedrangt**, *adj.* 1) close, crowded, narrow; perried; *Bot.* coarctated; 2) *Ag.* condensed, compressed, succinct, concise, compact, close, terse (style, &c.); *II.* G-heit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) closeness, &c.; 2) succinctness, conciseness, &c.

Gedreht, *p. a.* *Bot.* contorted, tortile.

Gedreht, *adj.* *Bot.* ternate.

Gedritt, *adj.* consisting of three, ternate, ternary, trinal; g-er Schein, *Astr.* trine, trigon.

Gedrückt, *p. a.* depressed (*also Comm.* of prices; at a low ebb); g-er Regen, *Astr.* diminished or scheme arch; g-er Zustand, depression.

Gedrung, *l. p. a.* 1) stout, compact; wiry, stabby; firmly knit; thickset; 2) *see* Gedrängt; 3) *II.* G-heit, (*w.*) *f.* closeness, &c.; compactness, &c. (*cf.* Gedrängtheit).

Gedult, (*str.*) *n.* *, strong scent, perfume.

Geduld, *f.* 1) patience; forbearance; endurance; indulgence: — haben, to have or take patience; — haben mit ..., to grant one indulgence; to have indulgence for, to bear with, to have patience with: mir brauch die —, I lost (all) patience; 2) in der — liegen, *provinc.* to be sheltered against wind and weather: bei Ihnen verliert sie alle —, you put me beside my patience: — überwindet Misset, patience is the mother of success; patience is a plaster for all sores; — amper, *m.* *Bot.* patience (*Rumex patientia* L., Gartenampfer); — (s)aben, *m.* *Ag.* patience; — Franz, *n.* *Bot.* see —amper; —probe, *f.* trial of patience.

Gedulden, (*w.*) *s. ref.* to have patience, to put up or bear with, to wait (patiently).

Geduldig, *adj.* patient, forbearing, indulgent. [*Aufgeblasen*]

Gedunfen, *adj.* bloated, &c. *see* Aufgeblasen.

Gedurt, *adj.* cornered, angular. **Gedurt**, *pp.* of Dürn; G-er Herr! (in Briefen), (honoured) Sir: *Comm.* s. Ihr g-es Haus, your respected house; Ihr G-es (*allg.*) for geachtetes Schreiben, your (kind) letter.

[*see* III]. **Gedignet**, *p. a.* suitable, proper (*cf.* Eig-Gedignen, (*w.*) *f. pl.* *Mar.* vangs; —fahndet, *m.* pendent of the vangs.

Gedig, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* (*N. O.*) or —land, *n.* high (and therefore dry) land (but not necessarily sterile, *opp.* Rarig). [*fabling*]

Gediebt, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or practice of) Gediebt, *p. a.* fabulous, invented.

Gediebt, (*str.*) *n.* (*Grimm*, *WB. IX*) a range of abalves (*different* Gadjeert).

Gediebt, (*str.*) *n.* repeated flouting. **Gediebt**, (*w.*) *f.* danger; peril, risk; hazard, adventure, jeopardy; in — bringen or setzen, to expose, imperil, endanger, hazard, jeopardise; in — geraten or kommen, to get into danger; — laufen, to run the danger,

riak, or venture; es hat keine -, there is no danger; außer -, out of danger; safe; under shelter; mit - seines Lebens, at the hazard of one's life; auf Ihre -, at your peril; für Rechnung und -, for account and risk (of).

Gefährde, (w.) f. 1) see **Gefahr**; 2) *Law*, fraud, deceit, cozenage; der Eid für die -, or -eis, m. oath for integrity.

Gefährden, (w.) v. tr. to expose to danger or risk, to endanger, imperil; to compromise; es gefährdet seinen Credit, it prejudices or is hurtful to his credit; ich bin dabei nicht gefährdet, I run no risk by it.

Gefährte, (w.) n. coll. a continual running of carriages, coaches.

Gefährlich, I. *adj.* dangerous, perilous, hazardous; *Mar.* dangerous, foul (coast); II. *G-felt*, (w.) f. dangerousness, &c.

Gefährlos, I. *adj.* dangerousless, without risk or hazard; II. *G-fgheit*, (w.) f. safety, security.

Gefährt, (str.) n. 1) (or **Gefährte**, [I. u.] **Gefähr**) vehicle (Fuhrwerk); 2) *Sport*, track, trace, see **Fährte**; 3) *Min.* track (of a lode).

Gefährtin, (w.) f. 1) companion, comrade, consort, mate, partner, associate; fellow; 2) *Mus.* answer (of a fugue, opp. **Führer**). [*danger*]

Gefährvoll, *adj.* full of or fraught with **Gefähr** (c), (str.) n. 1) a fall or descent of the water of a river; *Mill*, track (of a lode); die Mühle hat gutes -, the mill has a good head of water; 2) *T.* fall (inclination), gradient; c) the rate at which a body falls; d) *occ.* capacity of drinking (said of topers); 3) *G-e*, pl. rents: a) income, revenue; b) taxes, rates.

Gefallen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*gener. impers.*) to please (with *Dat.* of person); es gefällt mir, I like it, I am pleased with it; wie gefällt es Ihnen hier? how do you like this place? es will mir hier nicht mehr -, this place does not please me any longer; wie es Ihnen gefällt, as you like, please, or choose; *fich* (*Dat.*) ... - lassen, to put up with; to submit to; to comply with; to consent or agree to, to acquiesce in; das kann ich mir nicht - lassen, I cannot stand this, such things do not go down with me; II. *refl.* *fich* (*Dat.*) - in ..., to flatter one's self with; er gefiel sich in der Dür, he hugged himself with the idea (that, &c.), or in the belief (of ...) er gefüllte sich in allem was er that, he delights in whatever he does.

Gefallen, (str.) m. 1) liking, pleasure, zest; 2) *fam.* for **Gefälligkeit**; 3) *thin* **E** es mir zu -, do it to please me, favour me with it; ganz nach Ihrem -, quite at your pleasure; Einem zu - sein or leben, to please, humour one, yield to one; - an einer Sache haben or finden, to take pleasure or delight in, to be pleased with, to relish; to take a fancy or liking to; nach seinem - handeln, to do, act as one pleases or likes.

Gefallen, p. a. fallen (cf. **Fallen**); g-es feler, *Tamm.* see **Abdeck**(r)leber.

Gefällig, *adj.* 1) for **fällig**, which see; 2) according to one's liking or pleasure; es war ihm nicht - zu gehen, he did not choose to go; wie es Ihnen - ist, as you choose or please, as you like it, as it suits your convenience, at your pleasure; wenn es Ihnen - ist, if you please; 3) pleasing, agreeable, pleasant; 4) courteous, officious, kind, complaisant, obliging, ready to please; wollen Sie so - sein, will you be so good (kind, obliging); ich bin Ihnen gern -, it is a pleasure to me to be of service to you; um Ihnen - zu sein, to oblige you; Ihr g-es Schreiben, your favour, your valued lines; das Muster sieht recht - aus, the sample is very well to the eye.

Gefälligkeit, (w.) f. 1) pleasingness, agreeableness, pleasantness; 2) courteousness,

complaisance, kindness, readiness to please; deference, obligingness; 3) favour, (act of) kindness, service, pl. kind or good offices; Jemandem eine - erwirken, to do one a favour or pleasure, to oblige one.

Gefällig, (*superl.* of **Gefällig**) *adv.* if you please; kommen Sie -, please or be pleased to come; legen Sie mit - Ihren (werthen) Namen, may I beg the favour or pray, give me the favour of your name; lassen Sie mich - wissen, I will thank you to let me know; wollen Sie mir - Ihren Briefstift auf ein paar Augenblicke geben? would you favour me with your pencil for a few moments?

Gefälligkeit, (w.) f. excessive desire to attract notice, to please; love of admiration, coquetry; **Gefälligkeitig**, *adj.* coquettish, desirous to please; sit sit sit -, she is somewhat of a flirt or coquette.

Gefäll, in comp. -**vergütung**, f. Comm. drawback; -**weisen**, n. (state of) the revenues.

Gefälte, (str.) n. gathers, folds, plaits.

Gefaltet, *adj.* Bot. plicated, plaited, folded.

Gefangen, I. p. a. caught, &c. cf. **Fangen**; -**nehmen**, I. to take prisoner, to apprehend; 2. *fig.* to captivate; es wurden viele Officiere - genommen, many officers were taken; -**legen** or **setzen**, to imprison; *fich* -**geben**, to render one's self up a prisoner, to surrender; to submit; ich kann das Räthsel nicht ratzen und gebe mich -, *fam.* I cannot guess the riddle and give it up; -**halten**, to detain; auf den Tod -**figen**, *Law*, to sit upon life and death; -**ansetzen**, -**wärter**, m. jailer, jail-keeper, keeper of a prison, turnkey; -**haltung**, f. detention; -**nehmung**, f. capture; II. *G-e*, s. m. & f. (*decl. like adj.*) prisoner, captive; III. *G-fschaft*, (w.) f. captivity, imprisonment, detention, confinement, custody.

Gefänglich, I. *adv.* in prison, imprisoned, captive; -**einbringen**, to apprehend; -**einlegen**, to imprison, seine; II. *adj.* relating to imprisonment; g-e **Haft**, seizure of the body (**Gefangenschaft**).

Gefängnis, (str.) n. prison, jail; aus dem -**ausbrechen**, to break jail; ins -**setzen**, *Met.* to put, throw, cast into prison; -**fieber**, n. jail-fever; -**hof**, m. prison yard; -**strafe**, f. punishment by imprisonment; -**wärter**, m. jailer, turnkey; -**wesen**, n. prison-system; -**acht**, f. prison-discipline; -**zwang**, m. du-rance.

Gefäß, s. I. (str.) n. 1) *Met.* & *fig.* a) vessel; cask, barrel; b) receptacle; 2) handle, helve, hilt (of a sword, &c.); 3) *fig.* frame; II. in comp. *Med.-s.* & *Anat.-s.* -**beschreibung**, f. angiography; -**bildung**, f. vascular structure; -**brüste**, f. vascular gland; -**haut**, des Auges, f. retina; -**lehre**, f. angiology; -**nerven**, m. pl. vascular nerves; -**pflanzen**, f. pl. Bot. vasculiferous plants; -**reaktion**, f. vascular reaction; -**system**, n. vascular system.

Gefäßt, I. p. a. prepared; ich bin -, I have made up my mind, my mind is made up (auf *with Acc.*), for; II. *G-felt*, (w.) f. presence or readiness of mind.

Gefecht, (str.) n. (the act of) fighting, fight, fray, affray, action, skirmish, battle, combat; *G-fkagge*, f. *Mar.* bloody flag; *G-f-lehre*, f. *Mil.* tactics.

Gefüge, (str.) n. 1) a) continual sweeping or brushing; 2) *Sport*, the rough skin (peel) which deer shed off their horns, fraying.

Gefell(s), (str.) n. (act or practice of) haggling. [*geinet*, undersigned, &c.

Gefertigt, p. a. *provinc.* (S. G.) for Unter-

Gefest, p. a. fettered (cf. **festeln**); with fetlocks (of horses) in comp.)

Gefert, p. a. *Dy.* coppered (of indigo).

Gefel, (str.) n. coll. (bad) fiddling, scrapping.

Gefeder, (str.) n. 1) plumage, feathers,

feathering; 2) †, the feathered tribe, fowls; 3) *T.* the springs of a clockwork or lock.

Gefiedert, p. a. feathered, plumose, plumi-gerosus; *Bot.*, &c. pinnate(d); *Bot.* wing-cleft; die g-e *Palme*, see **Fächerpalme**.

Gefilde, (str.) n. collect. fields, plains; *fig.* *, abodes, regions.

Gefingert, p. a. *Bot.* fingered, digitate.

Geflamme, (str.) n. a blazing.

Gefammt, p. a. watered, clouded, tabbled.

Gefasert, p. a. veined, &c. see **Faserich**.

Gefatter, (str.) n. a (continual) fluttering.

Gefacht, (str.) n. 1) a) plaited or tress-work; wicker-work; twines; twist; b) texture; 2) *Med.* scrofula, the king's evil; *Anat.* *placua* (lat.).

Gefleckt, p. a. spotted, speckled.

Geflebert, *adj.* T. grained (of wood).

Geflucht, (str.) n. *provenc.* a whispering, &c. cf. **Flüchen**.

Gefilde, (str.) n. (the act or practice of) botching, &c. botchery, cf. **Fliden**.

Geflimmer, (str.) n. a continual glittering.

Gefliffen, I. *adj.* (I. u.) see **Beifliffen**; II. *G-felt*, (w.) f. assiduity, studiousness, intentness, application, endeavour; mit aller -, designedly, purposely, studiously.

Gefliffenlich, I. *adv.* wilful, intentional, premeditated; II. *adv.* wilfully, &c., purposely, on purpose, designedly, specially. [*cf.*

Gefluch, (str.) n. a (continual) swearing.

Gefüßer, **Gefüßer**, **Gefüßer**, (str.) n. *Min.* trough, channel, gutter; *Metall.*, &c. water-cistern.

Geflügel, (str.) n. winged animals, birds, poultry, fowls; -**händler**, m. poultryer.

Geflügelt, p. a. winged, *Bot.* alate(d); g-e *Worte*, I. *Voss's trad.* of the oft-recurring *Homeric* "ἔκτα προφύερα" (Il. 1, 201, &c.); Haupttitel der *Diversions of Parley* (*Horns Toke*); winged words (passing swiftly from the lips); 2. (*Böckmann*) familiar quotations, household words.

Geflüster, (str.) n. whispering, buzz.

Gefolge, (str.) n. train: 1) attendants, retinue, suite; followers; following, attendance; 2) *fig.* consequences; im -**haben**, to be attended with (disagreeable consequences, &c.).

Gefolg(s), (w.) f. *Germ.* *Archaeol. comitatus* (lat.), collection of household retainers, followers, retainers or vassals of a king or noble; train, retinue.

Gefolge, (str.) n. (incessant, repeated) questioning, asking; cross-questioning.

Gefragt, p. a. Comm. inquired for (**Gefucht**).

Gefranst, p. a. fringed; *Bot.* ambricate, lashed.

Gefräß, (str.) n. *vulg.* 1) nourishment, food, bad or scurvy fare, prog; 2) chape, mouth (**Steffel**).

Gefräßig, I. *adj.* voracious, greedy, gluttonous, ravenous; II. *G-felt*, (w.) f. voracity, greediness, gluttony, ravenousness.

Gefreit, m. (*decl. like adj.*) *Mil.* lance-corporal, exempt (from mounting guard).

Gefreife, (str.) n. *vulg.* the act of greedy eating, voracious feeding, guttling.

Gefrierapparat, (w.) m. machine to make ice, freezer.

Gefrierbar, *adj.* congealable; **Gefrierbarheit**, (w.) f. congealableness.

Gefrieren, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to congeal, freeze, turn to ice; das -, (str.) v. a. congelation; -**Gefrierpunkt**, (str.) m. freezing point, point of congelation. [*ice-cream*]

Gefrierisch, n. (*decl. like adj.*) *Comp.* ice,

Gefüge, I. s. (str.) n. articulation, juncture, the joints (of a body or thing) collectively, structure; *Anat.*, &c. texture, tissue; *Miner.* layer, stratum, bed; II. *adj.* see **Gefügig**.

Gefügig, 1. *adj.* pliant, pliant, flexible; *fig.* pliant, manageable, docile, accommodating; II. **Gefügig**, (*w.*) *f.* pliancy, pliability, doc., *fig.* accommodation to circumstances.

Gefühl, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (sense of) feeling, touch; 2) feeling, sense (of pleasure or pain); ein **Gefühl** — des Vergnügens, an emotion of decided pleasure; 3) sensation; 4) sensibility, sentiment; 5) *Med.* tenderness; reges — für ... haben, to be (keenly) alive to ...; kein — für Etre mehr haben, to be lost or dead to all sense of honour; im — einer Würde, conscious of his dignity; das — unserer Richtigkeit, the sense of our nothingness.

Gefühllos, 1. *adj.* 1) senseless, insensible (*gegen*, of, to); 2) *fig.* unfeeling; apathetic, callous (to); hard, hard-hearted, inflexible; II. **Gefühllos**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) senselessness, insensibility, insensibility; stupor; 2) *fig.* unfeelingness; apathy; callousness; hardness.

Gefühl ..., *in comp.* — (*st.*) *finst.*, m. sense of feeling; **Gefühl**, *f.* *Med.* anaesthesia; **Gefühls**, *m.* **Gefühls**, m. sentimentalism, a man of feeling; man of sentiment; — *poet.*, *f.* poetry of sensibility; — *adj.* sensible, sensitive; feeling; tender, affectionate.

Gefühl, (*str.*) *n.* see **Gefühl**.

Gefühl, *p. a. Bot.* double (said of flowers).

Gefühl, *p. a. (decl. like adj.)* a staffed dish.

Gefunden, *p. a. found* (*cf.* *finden*); **gefunden** (*cf.* *so gut wie*) —, it is very cheap at that price; ein *gutes* **finden**, fondling.

Gefund, *adj.* of five, quinary; *g-e* **Gefund**, *m.* *Ant.* quintile; **Gefund**, *m.* *Ant.* quinquenn.

Gefund, (*str.*) *n.* *f.* *Falc.* jesses (*pl.*).

Gefund, (*str.*) *n.* twinkle, glittering, sparkling.

Gegacker, (*str.*) *n.* (incessant) cackling.

Gegack, (*str.*) *n.* coll. (the act or practice of) fiddling, *anal.* scraping (a fiddle).

Gegen, *prep.* (*with Acc.*) 1) towards, to; 2) against; 3) for; 4) about, near; 5) in comparison with, (compared to); — die Stadt zu, towards the town; — Morgen, 1. towards the east, eastward; 2. about or towards morning; *es geht* — Morgen, day will soon break; *es geht* (12 Uhr), by or about twelve (o'clock); — hundert Mann, about or nearly a hundred men; — jemand erwähnen, to mention to one; — den Wind, against the wind, in the teeth of the wind, in the wind's eye; — die Berührung, against or contrary to reason; taub — alle Ermahnungen, deaf to all admonitions; — einander, one against (toward) another, against (toward), to one another or each other; — einander gerichtet, *Bot.* convergent, convergent; — einander helfen, to set (one thing) against another, to collate, compare; seine Liebe — sie, his love for her; die Liebe Gottes — die Menschen, God's love to mankind; — Zahnschmerzen, for the tooth-ache; *Comm.* — *de. Waare* — *Waare*, ware for ware; — bare *Verahlung*, for ready money; — einen *Bechsel* oder *Schein*, upon a bill or note; — *Versicherung*, on security; — *Eutensilien*, under bond; — *Verahlung* von ..., (he or they) paying ...; — diesen meinen *Solo-Bechsel*, on this only bill; — *Empfang*, on receipt; — *Empfang*, against acquittance; — *Akzept*, against acceptance; — *Bechsel*, against a bill; — *begegnen* *Schein*, on double receipt; — *Sich* *enthalten*, for your advances; *ich wette* *gegen* — *eine*, I lay ten to one; *Sie sind alt* — *mit*, you are old to what I am; *die Mode ist so verschieden* — *früher*, fashion is so different from what it was or compared with former times.

Gegen ..., *in comp.* counter-, contra-, *cf.* *Contra* ... & *Contra* ...; opposed, opposite; contrary; (made, *de.*) in return; mutual; — *ab-* *brud*, — *abzug*, *m.* *T.* counter-impression, counter-proof; — *abwägung*, *f.* *Proc.* counter-

disengage; — *anerbieten*, *n.* offer in return; — *anfrage*, *f.* counter-accusation; — *andäherung*, *f.* *Med.* counter-approach; — *anspiel*, *m.* counter-plot; — *anspruch*, *m.* see *for-* *derung*; — *antwort*, *f.* counter-preparation; — *antrag*, *m.* counter-motion; — *antwort*, *f.* reply, rejoinder, repartee; — *angeige*, *f.* *Med.* contra-indicator, counter-indication; — *argenti*, *f.* *Med.* remedy; antidote; — *affekuraz*, *f.* counter-insurance; — *auftrag*, *m.* counter-order; — *ausdehnung*, *f.* *Swy.* counter-extension; — *aussage*, *f.* *Law.* defendant's deposition; contradictory deposition; — *batterie*, *f.* *Med.* counter-battery; — *bebingung*, *f.* reciprocal condition; — *bechtel*, *m.* counter-order; — *bechtel* *ertheilen*, to countermand an order; — *beistell*, *n.* instance to the contrary; — *beistell*, *n.* reciprocal bond or security; — *beistell*, *n.* & *f.* he or she that is charged or accused in return; — *beistellung*, *f.* counter-offence, reprisals; — *bericht*, *m.* counter-information, counter-statement; — *beistellung*, *f.* see *beistell*, 3; — *beistellung*, *f.* recrimination, counter-charge, recharge; — *beistellung* *verbringen*, to recriminate, to charge in return; — *besuch*, *m.* return-call; einen *besuch* *abstatten*, to return a visit; — *bewegung*, *f.* counter-motion or movement, contrary direction, *Mus.* contrary motion; *Pol.* reaction; — *beweis*, *m.* *Law.* — *s.* counter-proof, counter-evidence; den *beweis* *führen*, to rebut by counter-evidence; traverse the indictment; — *beziehung*, *f.* — *bezug*, *m.* correlativeness, reciprocal relation; — *bild*, *n.* counter-part, copy; antitype; — *bild*, *adj.* antitypical; — *billet*, *n.* counter-mark, check; — *bitt*, *f.* counter-petition; eine *bitt* *stellen*, *verbringen*, to counter-petition; — *bild*, *m.* look in return, reciprocal look; — *bod*, *m.* *Anal.* antitragus; — *bohrer*, *m.* *T.* counter-punch; — *bildung*, *f.* *Port.* counter-scarp, counter-slope; — *brassen*, *v.* *Mar.* to brace aback; — *brief*, *m.* *Comm.* counter-letter, counter-bond; — *brud*, *m.* *Swy.* contrasurre; — *brud*, *m.* *Comm.* book of control, customer's book; — *bürge*, *m.* counter-bail; — *bürgschaft*, *f.* counter-security, counter-bond to a surety; — *griff*, *m.* anticrist; — *compliment*, *n.* compliment in return.

Gegen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) region, country, part, quarter; 2) neighbourhood; in dieser —, in these parts; in this country; in our quarter, *coll.* whereabouts; in deriger —, in those parts; in your parts, with you; *coll.* whereabouts; in welcher —? whereabouts? *coll.* whereabouts? die — einer Stadt, part or quarter of a town; aus welcher — bläst der Wind? which way or from what quarter does the wind blow?

Gegen ..., *in comp.* — *bedel*, *m.* counter-cover (in organs); — *bedung*, *f.* *Comm.* counter-remittance; — *dienst*, *m.* return, reciprocal or mutual service, service in return; einen — *dienst* *leisten*, to make a return, to reciprocate; *Gelegenheit* zu — *bleisten*, opportunity of reciprocating; — *brud*, *m.* counter-pressure, reaction; renitence; resistance; *Typ.* reiteration, counter-proof; — *einander*, *adv.* one towards or against another, opposite to each other; zwei Dinge — *einander* *verlaufen*, to exchange one thing for another; — *einander* *gefeht*, *adj.* *Harald.* affronted; counterpointed; — *einander* *geht*, *adj.* *Bot.* converging; — *einander* *halten*, *s.* to compare (with each other, together); to collate; — *einander* *haltung*, *f.* comparison, collation; — *einander* *stellen*, *s.* to compare; to confront (witnesses); — *einander* *stellung*, *f.* comparison, confrontation; — *erweisen*, *n.* offer in return; — *erweisen* *freist*, *f.* return of an act of kindness; present made in return; — *erklärung*, *f.* counter-declaration; protestation; — *fahrt*, *f.* navigation against the stream, shipping up the river; opposite

case, reverse; — *falls*, *adv.* otherwise, see *Wider-* *bringen*; — *farbe*, *f.* *Phys.* supplemental colour; — *fenster*, *n.* 1) opposite window; 2) double window; 3) saah-window; — *flut*, *f.* *Proc.* counter-feint; — *flut*, *f.* counter-tide; — *forderung*, *f.* counter-claim, counter- or cross-demand, *Comm.* set-off, off-set; — *form*, *f.* counter-mould; *Typ.* counter-plate; — *freundschaft*, *f.* return of (or reciprocal) friendship; — *füßler*, *m.* *pl.* antipodes; — *gabe*, *f.* gift or present made in return, return-present; — *gang*, *m.* 1) *Mm.* counter-lode; 2) *pl.* *Port.* counter-approach; — *gebiht*, *f.* reciprocal due; — *gebilligkeit*, *f.* favour or service in return; — *gebiht*, *n.* opposite feeling; aversion; — *gebiht*, *n.* counter-ralling; — *gebang*, *m.* *Mus.* antiphony; — *gebang*, *n.* see *gabe*; — *gebang*, *n.* counter-petition; — *gebang*, *f.* retaliation, reprisals; — *gebang*, *n.* counter-weight, counter-balance, counter-poise; (*Gen.* *m.*) das *gebang* *halten*, to counter-balance, counter-poise (one, *de.*); — *gift*, *n.* antidote, counter-poison; — *glitter*, *n.* double grating; — *grund*, *m.* contrary reason, counter-argument; — *gruß*, *m.* salute returned, bow in return, reciprocal greeting; *Mar.* answer; — *gruß*, *f.* reciprocal favour, favour in return; — *hall*, *m.* repercussion of sound, resonance, echo; — *halt*, *m.* resisting force, support, hold, prop, stay; — *halten*, *v.* *intr.* to resist, keep out; to endure; — *handbriht*, *f.* counter-bill, counter-note; — *hand*, *m.* recprocated hatred; — *hand*, *f.* *Typ.* counter-sunmer (grumblage); — *hand*, *m.* counter-stroke, counter-cut; — *hand*, *n.* *pl.* der *Handföhrer*, cross-trees; — *hand*, *f.* prevention; — *intrigue*, *f.* *Drum.* counter-tour, counterplot; — *haiser*, *m.* anti-emperor; — *hampf*, *m.* antagonism; — *heil*, *m.* *Mach.* tightening-key; — *heil*, *m.* *Mar.* the upper false keel; — *hinge*, *f.* *Law.* recrimination, re-convention, cross-bill, counter-charge, counter-plea; — *hispfer*, *m.* *Anal.* adductor muscle (of the hand); — *king*, *m.* anti-king; — *kratt*, *f.* *Phys.* opposed force; — *kratt*, *f.* anti-critique; — *kratt*, *f.* *pl.* counter-laths; — *kratt*, *m.* *T.* clincher; — *krattgraben*, *m.* *pl.* *Port.* counter-approaches; — *krattig*, *adj.* *Bot.* homotropical; — *kratt*, *m.* see *hall*; — *kratt*, *f.* *Anal.* anthelix; — *krattung*, *f.* return; — *kratt*, *n.* *Reint.* counter-light; false-light; — *kratt*, *f.* mutual or reciprocal love, love in return, return of one's passion; — *kratt*, *f.* counter-trick, counter-practice, intrigue, stratagem, counter-mine; — *kratt*, *f.* opposed power; adversary; — *kratt*, *m.* opponent, adversary; — *kratt*, *f.* counter-mark; counter-ticket; — *kratt*, *m.* counter-march; — *kratt*, *f.* double-mesh; — *kratt*, *f.* *Port.* contramure, counter-mure; — *krattung*, *f.* contrary opinion; — *kratt*, *f.* counter-mine, counter-work; — *kratt*, *v.* *intr.* to counter-mine; — *kratt*, *f.* settlement on a wife in security for her dowry; — *kratt*, *m.* remedy; — *kratt*, *m.* *Anal.* antagonist (muscle); — *kratt*, *v.* to counter-rivet; — *krattung*, *f.* *Swy.* counter-opening, counter-slit; — *kratt*, *f.* see *kratt*; — *kratt*, *m.* *Min.* opposite mine; — *kratt*, *m.* antipope; — *kratt*, *m.* counterpart, counter-party; den — *kratt* *halten*, to assert the contrary; — *kratt*, *f.* counter-party, adverse party, party opposed, opposition; — *kratt*, *m.* *Harald.* counter-pale; — *kratt*, *n.* counter-pledging (security); — *krattung*, *f.* counter-pledging; — *kratt*, *m.* *Archit.* & *Port.* counter-fort, buttress, spur; stalling; — *kratt*, *f.* duty in return, reciprocal obligation; — *kratt*, *m.* counter-plot; — *kratt*, *m.* *Comm.* counterpost; — *kratt*, to bound against, to hurdle; — *kratt*, *f.* 1) counter-proof, counter-test, trial; 2) *Eng.* — *abdrud*; — *kratt*, *m.* *Law.* counter-protest; — *kratt*, *m.* counter-point; — *krattung*, *f.* see *handbriht*; — *kratt*, *m.* controller; — *krattung*, *f.* set-off; counter-

reckoning, contra-account, check-account, control; counter-demand (-forderung); discount; Rechnung und -rechnung, debit and credit; in -rechnung bringen, to place to opposite account; durch -rechnung ausgeglichen or saldt, counterbalanced by ..., balanced in account; -rede, *f.* 1) ginsaying, contradiction, exception, objection, remonstrance, counter-plea; 2) rejoinder, reply; 3) reden, *v. intrans.* to rejoin, reply; -register, *n.* control; ins -register eintragen, to control; -reigmitel, *n.* counter-irritant; -remesse, *f.* Comm. counter-remittance; -revolutio, *f.* counter-revolution; -revolutionskr., *f.* counter-revolutionary; II. *s.* counter-revolutionist; -richtung, *f.* contrary direction; -runde, *f.* Mil. counter-round; -sang, *m.* Mus. antiphony; -satz, *m.* 1) opposition, contrariety; antagonistic principle; contrary; 2) Comm. (counter-)remittance, return; 3) contrast, set-off; 4) Rhät. antithesis; 5) Vers. antistrophe; 6) Law, replication, rejoinder; 7) Mus. see -subjekt; die äusseren -sätze, extreme opposites; als -satz für, Comm. in exchange or return for ..., in or as payment for, against which, per contra, in negotiation of; im -satz zu ..., in contradistinction or opposition to, as contrasted with, as contradistinguished from; im -satz zu ... stehen, to be in opposition to ..., to clash with; in -satz bringen, to set in opposition; -sätzlich, *adj.* contrary, adverse, opposite; -schall, *m.* see -hall; -schattig, *adj.* Geogr. throwing the shadow in a contrary direction; die -schattigen, *m. pl.* anticians; -schein, *m.* 1) Phys. reflexion, reverberation; 2) Astr. opposition; 3) Law, see a) counter-bond, counter-bill, counter-deed, reverse; b) see -verpflichtung; 4) Rechnung, *f.* reciprocal donation, gift in return; 5) schlag, *m.* 1) counter-blow; 2) rebound; repercussion; 3) Surg. see -spalt; -schläger, *m.* kicker (of a horse); -schmähung, *f.* mutual invective, recrimination; -schweifung, *f.* Draw. see counter-hatching; -schreiber, *m.* controller; -schrift, *f.* writing in return, answer; counter-writing, refutation; Law, replication, rejoinder; -schritt, *m.* counter-step; counter-action; -schritte thun, to take counter-measures; -schuld, *f.* reciprocal debt; Schuld und -schuld, debts active and passive; -schwäger, *m.* ob-olascant, father of one's son or daughter-in-law; -seite, *f.* 1) a) opposite or contrary side; b) fig. counter-view; 2) T. reverse (of coins); -seitig, *I. adj.* 1) opposite; contrary; 2) mutual, reciprocal; 3) respective; der -seitige Theil, adverse party, opposition; Comm.-s. unsere -seitigen Forderungen gleichen sich aus, our counter-claims balance; sich -seitig begeben, correlative; II. *adv.* mutually, &c., one another; -seitigkeit, *f.* reciprocity, reciprocity; Versicherung auf -seitigkeit, mutual assurance; -seitigkeitseigenschaft, *f.* mutual (contribution) societies; -seitigkeitsprinzip, *n.* principle of mutuality; -sicherheit, *f.* counter-security (Versicherung); -siegel, *m.* counter-seal; das -siegel aufdrücken, or -siegeln, *v. trans.* to counter-seal; -signal, *n.* counter-signal; -stun, *m.* misconstruction; Gramm. antilogy; im -stun nehmen, to misconstrue, misinterpret; -stunig, *adj.* preposterous; -sonne, *f.* Phys. parhellen, antihellen, coll. by-sun, mock-sun; -spalt, *m.* Surg. contra-ssure, counter-clast; -sparten, *m.* Herald. counter-chordon; -spiel, *m.* see Würfelspiel; -spieler, *m.* adversary (in playing); -sprache, *f.* see Rücksprache; -spur, *f.* counter-track, returning-track; -stanz, *m.* 1) *+*, see Wüderstand; 2) subject; 3) object. matter; -stände, *m. pl.* Comm. articles; -ständlich, *adj.* objective; -ständlichkeit, *f.* objectivity, objectiveness; -staudglas, *n.* Mech. object-glass; -

staudpunkt, *m.* Point. objective-point; -steigerung, *f.* Rhät. antichimax; -stellung, *f.* opposition, confrontation; Point. contrast; -stener, *f.* see -vermächtnis; -stich, *m.* see -stoss, 1; -stimme, *f.* 1) Mus. counter-part; 2) or -wählstimme, counter-vote; -stimmig, *adj.* discordant, dissonant; -stoss, *m.* 1) Fenc. counter-thrust; counter-push; 2) counter-impulse, impetus; 3) Phys. reaction; 4) Surg. see -spalt; -strahl, *m.* reflexion; -streich, *m.* counter-blow, returned blow; Ag. counter-trick; -streich, *m.* T. stroke against the hair (nap or grain); -strom, *m.*, -strömung, *f.* a contrary or counter-current; eddy; Mar. rat; -struppe, *f.* Poet. antistrophe; -stück, *n.* 1) counterpart, reverse; 2) see Seitenstück; 3) Rüge, *f.* counter-prop; -subjekt, *n.* Mus. counter-subject (of a fugue); -tausch, *m.* counter-change; -tauschfritten, *f. pl.* reprisals; -theil, *I. m.* contrary; reverse, converse; Securis veni -theil, proof to the contrary; das -theil behaupten, to maintain the contrary; to deny, contradict; II. *m.* obolascant, adversary, adverse party; im -theil, -theils, *adv.* on the contrary; -theilig, *adj.* relating to the opposite party; opposed; -theilige Befehle, orders to the contrary; -über, *I. prop.* (with *Dat.*, which always precedes the prep.) over-against, opposite to, in front or abase of; *fig.* in presence or in the face of (difficulties, &c.); der Stadt -über, over-against the town; II. *adv.* opposite; cinander -über, frusting or facing one another; -überstehen (with *Dat.*), *fig.* to be opposed to, to be pitted against; -überstehen, -überstehend, *adj.* opposite; Herald. combatant; der -überstehende Winkel, Comm. alternate angle; -überstellen, to oppose, confront; (zum Kampf) to pit (cinem, against one); -überstellung, *f.* opposition; confrontation; -unterwägung, *f.* counter-revolution; -unterlage, *f.* see -haut; -unterchrift, -unterzeichnung, *f.* counter-signature; -unterzeichnung, *f.* counter-investigation; -verehrung, *f.* (I. u.) return-present; -verpflichtung, *f.* counter-promise, reciprocal promise; -verhöer, *m.* cross-examination; -vermächtnis, *n.* a legacy or donation to secure a wife's dower; -verrechnung, *f.* counter-statute; -verpflichtung, *f.* counter-obligation; -verpflichtung, *f.* contravallation, counter-fortification; -verpflichtung, *f.* 1) counter-security, counter-bond; 2) defeasance (a secret agreement or deed that supercedes another); -versicherung, *f.* reciprocal assurance; counter-security; counter-bond; counter-insurance, reinsurance; -versprechen, *m.*, -versprechung, *f.* counter-promise, promise in return; -wist, *f.* see -be-such; -verstellung, *f.* remonstrance; -verstellungen machen, to remonstrate; -verwurf, *m.* recrimination; cinem -verwürfe machen, to recriminate upon one; -wall, *m.* counter-scarp; attendance; -wart, *f.* 1) presence, being present; es wurde in meiner -wart gesagt, it was said in my hearing; 2) present, *i. e.* time, * now; die Ereignisse der -wart, passing events; -wärtig, *I. adj.* present; (dermalig) actual; (im Broter) Theol. impanate; bei ... -wärtig sein, to be present, assist at ..., to attend, to witness; es ist mir -wärtig, it is present to my mind; Comm.-s. der -wärtige Geschäftsgang, the business doing; mein (Ihr u.) -wärtiges Eigenthum, the property in my (your, &c.) hands; das -wärtige, or -wärtiges (i. e. Eschreiben), the present, this; -wärtiges dient ..., the present serves to ..., has for its aim, the purport or merit of the present is ...; durch -wärtiges, by those presents; II. *adv.* at present, for the present, presently; -wärtigkeit, *f.* the being present, presentality; -würde, *adv.* (with *Gen.*), in the presence of; -wechsel, *m.* Comm. counter-bill

of exchange; -wehr, *f.* defence, resistance; sich zur -wehr stellen, to put one's self into a posture of defence; to oppose, resist; -werth, *m.* counter-value; equivalent; -wind, *m.* contrary wind; -winder, *m.* (Mulo-jenny) counter-faller; -winkel, *m.* Math. alternate angle; -witten, to not counter, counter-act; Phys. to react; -witten, *p. a.* Phys. remitent; -wirkende Mittel, *n. pl.* Chem. re-agents; -wirkung, *f.* counter-action, counter-effect; reaction; -wirkungsgrad, *n.* Mech. reaction-wheel; -wähler, *m.* see -wähler; -wert, *m.* 1) contradictory word or speech; 2) corresponding word; 3) Mil. counter-parole; -wurf, *m.* throw in return; -würflichkeit, *f.* mutual tenderness; -zanker, *m.* counter-charm; -zeichen, *m.* 1) counter-mark; 2) counter-sign, counter-signal; -zeichnen, *v. trans.* to counter-sign; -zeichnung, *f.* counter-signature; counter-signature; -zettel, *m.* counter-note; -zeuge, *m.* counter-witness; -zeugnis, *n.* counter-evidence; -zug, *m.* Comm. counter-check; -zugse, *f.* see -berücksichtigung; -zugsmittel, *n. pl.* reprisals.

Geg'iter, (*str.*) *n.* see Gitterwert.

Gegliedert, *p. a.* 1) membered, having members; 2) jointed, Bot. geniculated, articulated; 3) constructed organically, organised.

Gegner, (*str.*) *m.* adversary, antagonist, opposer, opponent, counterpart, rival.

Gegnerlich, *adj.* relating to the opposite party, opposite, opposing; antagonistic.

Gegnerlichkeit, (*w. f.*) 1) opposition; 2) opponents (collect.).

Gegrannt, *adj.* Bot. awny.

Gegrunge, (*str.*) *n.* (continual) grunting.

Gegen, (*irr.*) *v. refl.* 1) to fare; 2) to behave; gehabt Euch wohl, farewell.

Geg'ig, *provinc.* *I. adj.* well-to-do, warm (Schäbig); II. *G.-heit*, (*w. f.*) opulence.

Geg'ig, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or practice of) hacking, &c. *f.* Federn.

Geg'ig, (*str.*) *n.* enclosure, fence, hedge; precinct; park; Sport. chase, beat, appointed range (for huntmen); preserve, keep; warren; preserved fishery; ein Zieg, Holz se. liegt im -, a pond, wood, &c. is preserved; cinem ins - kommen, coll. to encroach, intrude upon or interfere with one's rights, to intrude.

Gehalt, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) contents; 2) cubature, capacity, solid contents; 3) room, space, extent; 4) Min. amount or percentage of gold or silver contained in an ore; alloy; standard (of gold and silver); 5) *adj.* intrinsic worth or value; merit; *b.* tenor, import; II. (*str.*) *p. e.* *provinc.* Gehälter, *m.* & *n.* pay, (fixed or appointed) salary, appointment; allowance; stipend; wages.

Gehälter, *I. p. a.* 1) *Mus. temulo* (Ital.) implying that a note or notes must be held on, sustained, or kept down the full time; 2) bound, obliged (cf. Verpflichten); 3) steady, sober, grave; II. *G.-heit*, (*w. f.*) steadiness, sobriety, gravity.

Gehälter, (*str.*) *m.* Jord. carat. [trich Gehälter, *adj.* 1) capacious; 2) see Gehälter; Gehälter, *I. or Gehälter, adj.* devoid of merit, worthless, coll. slimy; II. *G.-igkeit*, (*w. f.*) worthlessness, want of (intrinsic) value, superficiality.

Gehälter, in comp. -reich, -voll, *adj.* having intrinsic worth, sterling; solid; containing or comprising the essential part, substantial; *G.-abzug*, *m.* deduction from salary; *G.-verbesserung*, *G.-vermehrung*, *G.-zulage*, *f.* increase of or addition to salary. additional salary.

Gehämert, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual) hammering. [business done.]

Gehängelt, *pp.* Comm. (auf Courtyetteln) Gehänge, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (the act or practice of) hanging, suspension; 2) declivity; 3) pan-

dant, bob; 4) *Archit.* footloose; 5) *Sport.* ears (of a dog); 6) *Min.* hadd; 7) attachment, love-affair (of a girl); 8) enthralls of animals; pluck (of a calf); harlot (of a hog).

Gehärdet, *adj.* harnessed, in armour; *Harald.* vambraced (arm); *Ag.* fine g-e horse, preface in harness.

Gehässig, *i. adj.* 1) odious, hateful; 2) invidious; spiteful, malicious; cin g-cr Ausfall, an ill-natured (malicious) attack; *Ginem* — sein, to hate one, to bear one ill-will; II. das G-e, or G-eit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) hatefulness, odium; 2) animosity, malignity, ill-will.

Gehaus, (*str.*) *n.* 1) the cutting or felling of timber; 2) the place in a forest where timber is being or has been felled; see *Schlag*, 6; 3) coll. a (continual) beating.

Gehäut, *adj.* *Nat.* crested, copped.

Gehäut, (*str.*) *n.* 1) case, box; capsule; receptacle; shrine; vessel; frame; binacle, binacle (of a sea-compass); cage (of a wind-mill); basket (of a sword); 2) core (of fruit); shell (of snails); cod, cocoon (of a silk-worm).

Gehäut, *p. a.* provided with a skin, coated, *G.* Häutig.

Gehähr, *adj.* practicable, passable for pedestrians (of roads). [breed.]

Gehalt, (*str.*) *n.* a. *Sport.* a hatch, brood.

Gehalt, (*str.*) *n.* a. (continual) hatching or breeding.

Gehähe, (*str.*) *n.* see *Gehäge*.

Gehheim, *i. adj.* secret; clandestine, private, privy, close; concealed, hidden; unknown; die g-e Kette, private or secret staircase; der g-e Knecht, committee of secrecy; die g-e Kiste, sympathetic ink; g-e Krankheiten, secret diseases; die g-e Kiste, occult art; der g-e Kummer, inward sorrow; der g-e Ort, 1. secret or private place; 2. privy, necessary; der g-e Rath, 1. the privy council, council board; 2) privy councillor; die g-e Schrift, see *Gehheimschrift*; das g-e Siegel, privy seal; der g-e Winkel, blind corner; II. *adv.* or *in* —, or *im* G-m, secretly, &c., in private; diese Handlungen (Taten) verrichtet man nicht im G-m, these are not acts done in a corner; — halten, to keep secret (close); ich halte nichts von dir — halten, I could not keep a secret from you; III. *in comp.* — hute, *m.* emissary; — brief, *m.* secret writ of arrest, *lettre de cachet*; — buch, *m.* *Comm.* private book, secret journal; proprietary's accounts; — bund, *m.* secret league; — cante, *n.* see — buch; G-crath, *m.* privy councillor; G-crath-Gesellschaft, *n.* board of privy councillors; G-crath-Geselle, *f.* counsellorship; — haltung, *f.* the keeping secret, secrecy; — kraft, *f.* secret, mysterious power; — kräftig, *adj.* sympathetic; — künster, *m.* magician, conjurer; — lehrer, *f.* mystic, esoteric doctrine; — mittel, *n.* secret remedy, arcanum, nostrum.

Gehheimnis, *s. I. (str.) n.* secret, mystery (see *with* *Dat.*), with, from; arcanum; secrecy; cin — machen aus ..., to conceal; er steigt sein — heraus zu machen, he would make no mystery of it; den Heizen das — geben, *Haut.* to dress the fur; II. *in comp.* — trücker, *m.* a secret-monger, one who affects to know secrets; — trücker, *f. com.* mysterious conduct; — trüch, — bell, *adj.* mysterious; mystical.

Gehheim..., *in comp.* — polizei, *f.* detective police; — rathebel, *m.*, — rathebelarung, *f.* order of (or in) council; — rathebel, *f.* secret writing, steganography, cryptography, cipher writing; — rathebel, *m.* 1) (private or confidential) secretary; 2) steganographer; — rathebel, *f.* privy secretary's office; — rathebel, *f.* 1) secret characters or ciphers; 2) see — rathebel; — rathebel, *m.* see — rathebel; — rathebel, *m.* mystic sense; — rathebel, *adj.* mystic(al); — rathebel, *f.* secret or

enigmatical language, language of ciphers, cryptology; — rathebel, *f.* see *Gehheimrathebel*; — rathebel, *m.* secret understanding or plot; — rathebel, *adj.* 1) of secret or mystic influence; 2) sympathetic; — rathebel, *m.* cabinet (of a prince). [direction.]

Gehheiß, (*str.*) *n.* command, bidding, order.

Gehheiß, *adj.* helmeted; *Bot.* galeate(d).

Gehen, (*irr.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to go; to pass; 2) to walk; 3) to depart, go away; 4) to extend to; 5) to rise, swell (of the dough); — lassen, to raise (the dough); 6) *Comm.* a) (of coins) to go, pass, be current; b) (of goods) to be current, to be in (great) favour; to sell well; *schlecht* —, to be heavy; *reißend* —, to have a rattling sale; 7) to succeed, to go on well; 8) to continue or be in a certain state; *schwanger* —, to be pregnant, with child; die *Thür* geht, the door opens; die *Pist* geht um 6 Uhr, the post sets off or leaves at 6; cin *Schiff*, das nach America geht, a ship bound for America; der *Wind* geht, the wind blows; die *See* geht hoch, the sea runs high; der *Hirsch* geht hoch, *Sport.* the stag has his full antlers; meine *Wacht* geht dahin, my intention is, I purpose; der *Fluß* geht mit Eis, the river is full of drift-ice; das Eis fängt an zu —, the ice begins to break; dies Dampfboot geht zwischen Hamburg und London, this steamer runs or plies between H. and L.; das Licht geht schneller als der Schall, light travels faster than sound; zu Bett —, to go or come to bed; wir wollen —, let us go or come (Gehen im Engl. oft durch To Come ausgedrückt: vgl. Aufgehen, to come loose, &c.); he found the bridge broken down, but mended it, and came across (*Dickens*, &c.); zu geschwind —, to go too fast, to advance (of the watch); die Uhr geht falsch, the clock (watch) is wrong; meine Uhr geht nicht richtig or recht, my watch is not right, or is out of order; geht Ihre (Wand-)Uhr richtig? is your clock right? sie kann vielleicht um fünf Minuten zu spät —, it may perhaps be five minutes too late; wie — die Geschäfte? how is (or goes) business? die Geschäfte — schlecht, business is very low, dull; Handel und Wandel geht nicht, there is no business stirring; das geht von selbst, there is no difficulty in the thing; es geht nicht, it will not do; coll. it is no go, this won't do; die Brücke geht nicht mehr anzuheben, the bridge is incapable of reparation; das geht bei mir nicht so (an), that won't do with me; es wird schon (an) —, it will be sure to do; it will be very possible; I dare say it may be done; it may easily be done; es würde —, wenn ..., it might be done, if ...; es mochte nicht —, [I strove to laugh the thought away, but] it would not be; wir — jetzt conform, *Comm.* we are in conformity now; die Stille geht gut, the flute sounds (goes) well; sie versprach (ihrem Lehrer), daß es morgen besser — sollte, she promised better doings tomorrow; geradezu —, to act candidly; — lassen, to let or leave alone; laßt mich —! let me alone! let me be! laßt es —, leave it to take its (own) course, never mind it! sich — lassen, 1. to indulge one's humour, inclinations; 2. to be inobedient of the proper forms and ceremonies; 3. to launch out; to speak out one's mind freely; sie läßt sich niemals —, she is always on her guard; er läßt die Dinge —, wie sie liegen, he let (the) things take their course; an ein Geschäft —, to go about a business; an den Minister —, to apply to the minister; ungern or wider etwas —, to be loath to do a thing; an den Wind —, *Nar.* see *Kulturn*; als er fort war, gingen wir an unseren Birgel und die griechische Grammatik, when he was gone, we went to our Virgil and Greek grammar; bis an (*with Acc.*), or bis zu ..., see below —, to reach to, to come up to; das

Wasser ging mir bis an den Hals, the water reached up to my neck; wenn (dir) Roth an (den) Mann geht, when necessity urges or requires it, if it comes to the worst; auf die Jagd —, to go (a-)hunting; die Frau ging dann und wann auf Tagelohn, the woman occasionally went out for a day's washing or charring; es geht auf fünf, it turns on or is getting on for five; es geht gegen Morgen, it is getting on towards morning; das Fenster geht auf die Straße, the window looks into or out on, faces (overlooks) the street; auf (*with Acc.*) —, *Ag.* 1. to amount to, come to, constitute; zwanzig Schillinge — auf ein Pfund, twenty shillings go to or make a pound; 2. to concern; a) to aim at; das geht auf mich, that is aimed or is a hit at me; b) to affect the interest of, to be of importance to; es geht auf Leib und Leben, it is a matter of life and death, life is at stake; aus den Fugen —, to get out of joint; das Stück geht aus E-dur, the piece (of music) is in E major; aus dem Wege —, to step aside; das Mittelhochwasser geht (or reißt) vom 12. Jahrhundert bis zur Reformation, Middle High German ranges from the twelfth century to the Reformation; durch's Herz —, to strike to the very heart; der Zug geht durch die ganze Familie, this trait runs through the whole family; durch's Feuer — lassen, to pass through the fire (allvcr, &c.); in Ähren —, to shoot into ears (of corn); Thüren — in Angeln, doors turn in hinges; der Wagen geht in Fiebern, the carriage hangs in springs; der Hund geht ins Wasser, the dog takes the water; es geht nicht in die Schachtel, the box cannot hold it; er geht ins zwanzigste Jahr, he is in his twentieth year; es geht jetzt ins vierthe Jahr, daß ..., it is now nearly four years since ...; in Erde —, to be dressed in silk, &c.; *Ag.* — ins Feuer —, to be bold, confident, courageous, forward; in sich —, to descend to, retire into, reflect upon, or examine one's self; to feel remorse, to repent; to mend, reform; nach ... —, 1. to go for or in search of; 2. (of a road, &c.) to lead, go, conduct, take to (a place); der Fisch geht nach dem Ruder, the fish follows the bait; nach Brot —, to try to get one's livelihood; über (*with Acc.*) —, *Ag.* — 1. to be superior to, to surpass; Eugend geht über Alles, virtue is above all things; es geht nicht über das Reisen, there is nothing like travelling; es geht über alle Beschreibung, it baffles description; 2. to befall; es geht über mich (her), I am attacked, consumed; es geht über meinen Verstand, it is above my comprehension; es geht dabei über's Geld, coll. that costs much money; über sich — lassen, see *Ergehen*; der Ring geht nicht über das Gelenk des Fingers, the ring is too small to pass the joint of the finger; es geht um Geld, 1. it is about or concerns money; 2. *Gam.* we are playing for money; es geht um Nichts, *Gam.* we are playing for love; er geht unter dem Namen ..., he goes (passes) by the name of ...; von der Arbeit —, to leave off work; (Ginem) von der Hand —, to speed well (with one); es geht ihm von der Hand, he is a quick hand at a thing; he speeds well; von Herzen —, to come from the heart, to be meant sincerely; vor sich —, 1. to go on (well); to proceed; 2. to go on or forward, to take place; vor sich —, to take place, to come off, to proceed; es geht etwas vor sich, something is going on; zu Einem —, see *Bejahren*, 1; seine Liebe geht bis zur Selbstheit, his love borders on madness; es geht mir zu Herzen, I am grieved, afflicted.

II. *intr.* *impers.* to be, to fare; wie geht es? how is it? how goes it? es mag — wie es will, go as it may; je geht es in der Welt, so goes the world; wie es geht (for wie es zu pflegt), as it often happens; wie geht es Ihnen?

how do you do? how are you? how fare you? **G.**, **es geht**, O. pretty well: **es geht mir wohl**, I am (doing) well; **es geht mir schlecht**, things go very hard with me, I am badly off; I fare ill; **es geht ihm eben**, he makes a hard shift to live; **es geht ihm wie mir**, it fares with him as with me; **wie wird mir's** —! what will become of me! **wie geht es mit der Sache?** how is this affair getting on? how stands the affair? **es geht nun an mein Ende** (*Umland*, *Volkal* 1. 301), my end is now drawing near; nunging es an ein Tanzen, **Es gehen** *u.*, *coll.* then they fell to (or a-)dancing, (a-)rying, &c.: **jetzt geht es an ein Schießpulver** (*Götthe*, *Faust* I.), now then for a scull-cracking!

III. **er einen Weg** *u.*, to go a certain way: **ich geht gern diese Straße**, I like to take this road.

IV. **impers. & refl.** **es geht sich** angenehm, **schlecht** *u.* **hier**, it is pleasant, bad walking here, &c.

V. **refl. sich** (*Acc.*) **mitte** —, to tire one's self with walking: **sich** (*Dat.*) **ermüde** —, to contract, get (blisters, &c.) by walking; **sich** (*Dat.*) **die Füße wund** —, to gall one's feet with walking; **sich** (*Dat.*) **bläuen** —, to blister one's feet by or with walking.

Gehend, *p. a.* 1) going (*opp.* *Kommend*); 2) *Herold*, *passant*; **g-e** *Frucht*, freight outwards (or for the voyage) out: — *für* *Stellung* *ben* ..., being for account of ...

Gehent, (*str.*) *n.* belt; handle, hook; *Sport*, leather-strap of the bugle-horn.

Gehent, *adj.* secure, safe (from ghosts), not haunted; in diesem Hause ist es nicht —, this house is haunted.

Gehent, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual) howling, howl, yelling; roaring (of the wind).

Gehilfe, *see* **Gehülfe**.

Gehirn, *s. l.* (*str.*) *n.* brain, brains; *fig.* understanding, sense; das *kleine* —, the little brain, cerebellum; ein *ferres* — *haben*, to be apple-brained; das kommt nicht aus seinem —, that is no invention of his; im — nicht richtig sein, to be cracked or crack-brained; II. *in comp.* *Anat.*, *Med.*, &c. pertaining to the brain, cerebral (*cf.* *Girn*); —*hüllen*, *m.* *corpus callosum* (*lat.*); —*schütteln*, *m.* brain-pan; —*bruch*, *m.* rupture of the brain, encephaloele; —*brüst*, *f.* annular protuberance of the brain, (*lat.*) *Fons Varolii*; —*coralle*, *f.* *Zool.* a coral of the species *Meandrina* (*Meandrina labyrinthica* L.); —*eiterung*, *f.* abscess of the (*lat.*) *dura mater*; —*entzündung*, *f.* inflammation of the brain, brain fever; —*erschütterung*, *f.* concussion of the brain; —*erweichung*, *f.* softening of the brain; —*fett*, *m.* *Chem.* cerebriue, brain-fat; —*haut*, *f.* cerebral membrane, membrane of (or skin covering) the brain; *obere* —*haut*, *dura mater*; *untere* (*weiche, dünne*) —*haut*, *pia mater*; —*höhle*, —*kammer*, *f.* ventricle or cavity of the brain; —*klappe*, *f.* valve of the cerebellum; —*knoten*, *m.* *see* —*brücke*; —*krank*, *adj.*, —*krankheit*, *f.* *see* *Girnkrankheit*; —*lappen*, *m. pl.* lobes of the brain; —*lehre*, *f.* craniology; *phrenology*; die —*lehre* betreffend, craniological; *phrenological*. [*see*]

Gehirnlos, *adj. lit. & fig.* brainless (*Girn*); **Gehirn** ..., *in comp.* —*mark*, *m.* *Anat.* medullary (white) substance of the brain; —*masse*, *f.* substance of the brain; —*nerven*, *m. pl.* cerebral nerves; —*quele*, *f.* *conure*, *see* *Girnblasenmurm*; —*rinde*, *f.* cortical substance of the brain; —*sand*, *m.* *see* *Girnland*; —*schlag*, *m.* apoplexy of the brain; —*schwamm*, *m.* fungus of the brain (*Fungus cerebri*); —*schwüle*, *f.* *see* *Girnshwüle*; —*spalten*, *f. pl.* fissures of the brain; —*stein*, *see* *Girnland*.

Gehirn, *p. a.* braind (*in comp.*).

Gehirn ..., *in comp.* —*thätigkeit*, *f.* cerebral activity; —*verdünnung*, *f.* induration of

the brain; —*wasser* (*lat.*, *f.* dropsy of the head, hydrocephalus; —*wuth*, *f.* *see* *Girnswuth*.

Gelb, *adj. proem.* (*L. G.*) yellow.

Geld, (*str.*) *m.* tenant of a farm.

Geld, (*str.*) *m.* premises of a farm;

Geld, (*str.*) *m.* court-yard. [*jeering*]

Geläch, (*str.*) *n.* (continual) mocking.

Gelöl, (*str.*) *n.* a close wood, thickset.

Gehör, *s. l.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) hearing; ear; 2)

Sport, ears; 3) *fig.* hearing, audience; attention;

ein *schärfe* —, a quick or a good ear;

ein *musikalisches* —, a musical ear, a correct ear for music; nach dem — *spielen*, to play by ear;

— *geben* (*with Dat.*), to give ear (or audience), to give a hearing; to listen (to);

einer *Bitte* — *geben*, to grant a request: —

finden, to be heard, to obtain or find a hearing;

— *haben*, to be admitted; er *sah* ein *Genieße* —, he was favourably heard; *sich* (*Dat.*) —

bestimmen, to make one's self heard; das — *bestimmen*, acoustic; auditory.

Gehör, (*str.*) *n.* *intr.* (*with Dat.*) to obey; nicht —, to disobey.

Gehör, (*str.*) *n.* *intr.* (*with Dat.*) to belong, appertain to; to be one's own, to be owned by; ein *Garten* gehört *dem*, a garden is attached to it; *wer*, *unter* *Jemand* or *etwas* —, to belong to, be subject(ed) to; *Low & fig.* to fall under the cognisance of ...;

zu *etwas* —, 1. to belong to, to be connected with, to form part of; 2. to be requisite or necessary for; es gehört viel *Werk* *dem*, it requires much labour; *wohin* gehört das? where does that belong to? (*cf.* *Hingehören*);

wem gehört dieses *Haus*? who owns this house? *Alexander* gehört *zu* den *Jünglingen*, *weil* ... *Alexander* is one of those young men who ...;

das gehört nicht *hierher*, this is (entirely) out of place, it is alien or totally aside from (or nothing to) the purpose, that has nothing to do with the question in hand;

dies gehört recht *sehr* *dem*, it has much to do with the subject; auf eine solche Frage gehört eine solche Antwort, such a question deserves such an answer; der *gordius* (ist seine Schlinge, *sondern*) gehört unter die *Bärmer*, the gordius ... belongs among the worms; *Girnen* *dahin* *weisen*, *wo* er *hin* gehört, to send one about his business; II. *refl. & impers.* to be fit, becoming, right, suitable, or proper; es gehört sich, it is fit, &c., decent, seemly; to gehörte es sich, it ought to be thus; *wie* sich's gehört, duly, properly, in a proper way.

Gehör ..., *in comp.* —*fehler*, *m.* defect of the ear; —*gang*, *m.* *Anat.* auditory passage, acoustic duct; —*höhle*, *f.* *Anat.* alveary.

Gehörig, *I. adj.* 1) (*with Dat.*) belonging, appertaining (to); 2) required; requisite, necessary; 3) due (notice, time, &c.), proper, fit, decent, right, just, fair, appropriate; alles *hierfür* *G-e*, every thing appertaining hereto; *für* *g-e* *Berufung* *sorgen*, *Comm.* to see proper care taken in the packing; II. *adv.* duly, &c.; *gan* —, *coll.* with a vengeance; in *g-e* *form* (*Rechtens*), in due form (of law); *g-e* *Schug* *finden*, *Comm.* to meet due protection; nicht *zur* *Sache* —, not pertinent, irrelevant, foreign to the matter; alles *G-e* *veranlassen*, to adopt all proper measures.

Gehörigkeit, (*n.*) *f.* fitness, propriety.

Gehör ..., *in comp.* —*krankheit*, *f.* disease of the ear; —*krank*, —*leide*, *f.* acoustics; —

lähmung, *f.* deafness, surdity; —*loch*, *m.* auditory hole. [*deafness*]

Gehörlos, *adj.* deaf; **G-e**, (*n.*) *f.*

Gehör, (*str.*) *n.* horns (especially of deer), *Sport*, & *Herold*, attire; das *hörn* —, revenue (of a stag).

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lared, cornigorous; ein *g-e* *Schlag*, *Leg. dilemma*; —*frühtig*, *adj.* corniolate (plants).

Gehör ..., *in comp.* —*organ*, *n.* auditory organ, organ of hearing; —*rohr*, *n.* ear-trumpet; —*teil*, *m.* *see* *Gimmet*.

Gehör, (*str.*) *n.* *adj.* obedient; dutiful; obsequious; *Spr* *g-e* (*g-er*) *Diner*, your (most) humble or (most) obedient servant;

— *sein*, *Man.* to plant the head well: *gehörig*, *adv.* most humbly; II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.*

G-heit, (*w.*) *f.* (*n.*) obedience; duty, dutifulness; allegiance; readiness to obey; *and* —

gegen, in obedience to; (*Ginem*) — *trifft*, to render obedience (to one); *ich* *verlange* —, I will be obeyed; *zum* — *bringen*, to reduce to obedience.

Gehör, (*str.*) *n.* *intr.* (*t. &*) **,* to render obedience (*Gehör* *ist* *ist*, *Gehör* *ist*).

Gehör ..., *in comp.* —*schneid*, *f.* *Anat.* cochlea; —*raum*, *m.* sense of hearing; —*trichter*, *m.* hearing-trumpet, auricular tube; —

verhof, *m.* *Anat.* vestibule of the ear; —*weg*, *m.* *see* *gang*; —*wertung*, *n.* *see* *organ*; —

gimmet, *n.* audience-chamber.

Gehr, (*str.*) *m.* (*coll.* *n.*) a gymnast's wooden spear or lance; gymnastic pole.

Gehr, (*str.*) *m.* (*coll.* *n.*) a gymnast's wooden spear or lance; gymnastic pole.

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Geißer, *s. l. (str.) m.* drival, spitile, slaver, foam; *sg.* anger, spleen, raucour; *sein* (or *den*) — wider *Einen* aufschäumen, to vent one's spleen or bitterness upon one; *II. in comp.* — *hart*, *m. conf.* driveller, slaverer, slabbber, *anal.* slabbberops; — *fäppchen*, — *fäppchen*, — *tauch*, — *fäppchen*, *n.* slavering-cloth, slabbbering-bib, pinafore; — *fäppchen*, *n.* froth-locust (*Scauricubus*); — *wurz*, *f.* *Bot.* Spanish camomile or pallitory.

Geißerlich, *Geißerig*, *adj.* drive-like, slaver-like; slaving, drivelling.

Geißern, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to drivel, dribble; to slaver; to foam; to sputter (in speaking); *über etwas (Acc.)*, *sg.* to be furiously angry about a thing (mit *Einem*, to quarrel with).

Geige, (*w.*) *f.* 1) violin, fiddle; 2) *T.* combmaker's polishing blade; 3) *Haut.* see *Geigebaum*; 4) instrument for fastening hands and neck during whipping; *der Stimmel hängt besser* *Ge-n*, *iron.* things bear a bright and promising aspect; *die Geige* — *spielen*, *lit. & fg.* to play (the) first fiddle.

Geigen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* 1) to play on the violin, *coll. to fiddle*; 2) to whip, scourge; *coll.-s.* *Einem* die *Geige* —, to tell one (of) his faults; *ich werde ihm was —!* fiddlesticks!

Geigen ..., *in comp.* — *ampfer*, *m. Bot.* fiddle-dock; — *artige* Instrumente, *m. pl.* see *Streichinstrumente*; — *blatt*, *n.* finger-board of a violin; — *bogen*, *m.* see *Biolinbogen*; — *behrer*, *m.* drill, wimble; — *behrer* und *Bogen*, drill-box and bow; — *brümlig*, *adj.* shaped like a violin, *Bot.* guitar-shaped, panduriform; — *fatter* (*al.*), *n.* case for a violin; — *hals*, *m.* neck of a violin; — *hars*, *n.* Spanish rosin, hard rosin, colophony; — *holz*, *n.* fiddle-wood; — *macher*, *m.* violin-maker; — *saitte*, *f.* string for a violin; — *sattel*, *m.* see *Geig*; — *schüssel*, *m.* treble-clef, see *G-schüssel*; — *spieler*, *m.* violinist; — *steg*, *m.* bridge of a violin; — *stich*, *m.* stroke of the fiddle-stick, *coll. bow*; — *stück*, *n.* piece of music for the violin; — *ton*, *m.* sound of the violin; — *wert*, *n.* celestine; — *wirbel*, *m.* peg of a violin; — *zug*, *m.* violin-stop (of an organ). *coll. fiddler.*

Geiger, (*str.*) *m.* violin-player, violinist, **Geiß**, *adj.* 1) rank; fat, rich; well manured; *sg.* 2) wanton, luxuriant; 3) lewd, lecherous, ravenous, lascivious, libidinous, lustful, goitish; 4) *Swg.* proud (flesh); — *wachend*, growing luxuriantly, rank.

Geißle, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*l. u.*) manure; 2) see *Geißel*; 3) *Anal. gomer.* *pl.* *Ge-n*, *a*) testicle; *b*) the ovaria in the womb; *c*) *Sport.* dewdrops of a hart or stag.

Geissen, (*w.*) *v. l. intrans.* 1) to be lascivious; *Sport.* to rut; 2) *†*, to beg hard for, to importune; *II. tr.* 1) *†*, to manure; 2) to emaculate, geld, castrate; 3) to prune, lop.

Geißheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) rankness; *b*) *fg.* luxuriancy; 2) lewdness, lechery, wantonness, prurency.

Geißwurz, *f.* see *Knabenkraut*.

Geiß [*gein*], (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* geino; — *harr*, *f.* hemic acid.

Geiß, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* main boom of a boat.

Geist, *s. l. (str.) pl.* *Geister* *m.* 1) *a*) ghost, spirit; *b*) soul; *mind*; *c*) genius; intelligence; 2) spiritliness, spirits; 3) spectro, ghost; apparition; demon; 4) fluid; 5) *Chem.* volatile liquid, refined fluid, spirit; *ein guter —*, a (kind) Genius; *ein böser —*, demon; *fg.* incubes; *ein großer —*, a master-spirit, master-mind; *die Wissenschaft des Ge-tes* im *Gegen-satz* zu *der der Natur*, moral science as opposed to physical science; *der — seiner Sprache*, *tempor* of his language; *der heilige —*, the Holy Ghost, (Holy) Spirit; *ein un-erschränkter —*, a comprehensive mind; *ein freier —*, an independent thinker, *cf.* *Freigeist*; *ein*

schöner —, see *Schöngest*; — *der Gegenwart*, spirit of the time; *den — bilden*, to cultivate, enlarge, expand, refine, improve the mind; *den — aufgeben*, to give (or yield) up the ghost, to breathe one's last; *den — auf (with Acc.) richten*, to direct the attention, to attend (to); *im Ge- betrachten*, to consider in one's mind; *ich bin im Ge- bei dir*, I am standing mentally at your side; *ich sehe im Ge-*, I see in my mind's eye; *ich weiß, weiß' Ge-tes* *Kind* *er ist*, I know him thoroughly; — *der Vergangenheit*, spirit of the past; *II. in comp.* — *arm*, *adj.* spiritless; dull, stupid, lifeless; vivid, insipid; weak; — *begabt*, *adj.* possessed of genius or ingenuity, ingenious, spirited.

Geist, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* 1) *†*, to ferment (*Währen*); 2) to wander as a spirit, to haunt. **Geister**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *†*, enthusiast (*Schwärmer*); 2) *provinc.* white-fish, dace (*Heißstich*).

Geister ..., *in comp.* — *ähnlich*, *adj.* ghost-like; — *banner*, — *beschwörer*, *m.* one that lays ghosts, exorciser; conjurer; necromancer; — *bannung*, — *beschwörung*, *f.* necromancy; exorcism; — *erschreckung*, *f.* apparition; — *furcht*, *f.* fear of ghosts, spectres, &c.; — *geschichte*, *f.* ghost-story; — *glaube*, *m.* belief in the existence of spirits, ghosts, &c.

Geisterhaft, *adj.* ghostly, ghostlike, *cf.* *übernatürlich*.

Geister ..., *in comp.* — *herrschaft*, *f.* domination of spirits; — *flapen*, *n.* spirit-rapping; — *funde*, — *lehre*, *f.* doctrine of spirits, pneumatology; — *müßig*, *adj.* ghostly.

Geist ..., *in comp.* — *ermüdend*, *adj.* fatiguing the mind; — *erquickend*, *adj.* refreshing the mind.

Geist ..., *in comp.* — *reich*, *I. adj.* (*Althe.* *Fast* 1, 3, end) abounding with spirits, full of spirits; *II. n.* see *Geist*; — *stern*, *f.* host of spirits; — *stern*, *m.* magic treasure; — *stern*, *m.* — *stern*, *f.* visionary; ghost-seer; apparitionist; — *stern*, *f.* visionary fancies; ghost-seeing, second-sight; — *stunde*, *f.* hour in which ghosts are said to walk, ghostly hour (midnight); — *welt*, *f.* 1) the world of spirits, spirit-world; 2) spiritual world; intelligent creation, intellectual world; invisible world.

Geistes ..., *in comp.* — *abwesend*, *adj.* absent in mind; light-headed; — *abwesenheit*, *f.* absence of mind; lightness of the head, delirium; — *anmutig*, *f.* grace of mind; — *arbeit*, *f.* work of thought and consideration; — *armut*, *f.* poverty of mind or of intellect; — *bildung*, — *cultur*, *f.* cultivation of the mind; — *drang*, *m.* the ardour, impulse of the mind; — *erschütterung*, *f.* torpidity of mind; — *fähigkeit*, *f.* see *Geist*; — *fling*, *m.* flight of the mind; — *freude*, *f.* mental enjoyment; — *frucht*, — *geburt*, *f.* work or production of the mind; — *funken*, *m.* spark or flash of thought; — *gabe*, *f.* mental gift, attainment, talent; — *gegenwart*, *f.* presence of mind; — *genuß*, *m.* see *Freude*; — *größe*, *f.* magnanimity; — *heuchelei*, *f.* mental slavery; — *kraft*, *f.* faculty of the mind; power of the mind, mental power, vigour; — *krank*, *adj.* weak of mind, disordered; — *krankheit*, *f.* disorder of the mind, insanity, *cf.* *schwäche*; — *leere*, *f.* vacancy of mind; — *nahrung*, *f.* nourishment of the mind; — *produkt*, *m.* see *frucht*; — *ruhe*, *f.* turn or tendency of mind; — *ruhe*, *f.* tranquillity of mind; — *schwach*, *adj.* 1) feeble-minded, narrow-spirited; 2) imbecile; — *schwäche*, *f.* weakness or impotence of mind, narrow-spiritedness, (mental) imbecility; — *schwung*, *m.* elevation of mind; — *schwung*, *f.* see *heuchelei*; — *spannung*, *f.* exertion, stretch of the mind; — *stärke*, *f.* mental vigour; fortitude; — *stimmung*, *f.* see *verfassung*; — *störung*, *f.* derangement of the mind;

— *stumpf*, *adj.* torpid, imbecile; — *träge*, *adj.* heavy, dull, see *stumpf*; — *trügheit*, *f.* intellectual indolence; torpor, imbecility; — *verfassung*, *f.* frame of mind; — *verwand*, *adj.* congenial (of mind); — *verwandtschaft*, *f.* congeniality (of mind); — *verwirrung*, *f.* delirium, alienation of mind; — *wert*, *n.* production of the mind; — *gerüttung*, *f.* disorder or derangement of the mind; — *zwang*, *m.* spiritual restraint.

Geisthaft, *adj.* see *Geisthaft*.

Geistig, *I. adj.* 1) *Chem.* spirituous, volatile; 2) spiritual, immaterial; 3) *a*) intellectual, mental; moral; *b*) intelligent, spirited, ingenious; 4) spirituous, racy, generous; *g-e* Getränke, spirituous liquors, (ardent) spirits; *g-e* Liebe, platonic love; *die g-e Welt*, intellectual world; *II. Ge-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* spirituality, immateriality, incorporeity.

Geistlich, *adj.* spiritual, belonging to the spirits.

Geist ..., *in comp.* — *ähnlich*, *adj.* lam- ing the spirit; — *leer*, see *arm*.

Geistlich, *adj.* 1) spiritual; 2) ecclesiastical, clerical; religious (order, book, &c.); *ein g-es Amt*, ministerial charge; *g-e Musik*, sacred harmony; *g-e Lob*, hymn; *g-e Herrschaft*, spiritual dominion (of the pope, &c.); *das g-e Recht*, canon law; *ein Richter des g-en Rechts*, canonist; *der g-e Stand*, 1. clerical state; 2. (body or order of) clergymen, clergy; *in den g-en Stand treten*, to take orders; *jum g-en Stand bestimmt sein*, to be destined for the church; *die g-en Güter*, churchlands.

Geistliche, (*m. decl. like adj.*) clergyman, ecclesiastic, minister, divine, churchman, priest; *der hohe —*, dignitary (in the episcopal church).

Geistlichkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) spirituality, religiousness, sanctity; 2) the clergy (collectively).

Geistlos, *adj.* I. spiritless; dull; stupid, &c. *cf.* *Geistarm*; *II. Ge-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* spiritlessness; deadness; dullness; insipidity, vapidity.

Geist ..., *in comp.* — *reich*, *adj.* ingenious, genial, clever, witty, quick-witted; — *stetig*, *adj.* killing the spirit, soul-killing; — *welt*, *adj.* full of spirit, intelligent; spirited, witty.

Geiß, *s. l. or Geiß*, (*w.*) *f.* goat; roe; *II. in comp.* — *ange*, *n.* *Med.* egilops; *Bot.-s.* *hart*, *m.* goat's beard (*Tragopogon pratensis* L.); — *baum*, *m.* see *Geiß*; 1. — *blatt*, *n.* honey-suckle, woodbine, caprifole (*Lonicera caprifolium* L.); — *blume*, *f.* 1) marsh or celery-leaved crow-foot (*Ranunculus scolaris* L.); 2) (great) great ox-eye daisy, mandarin-wort (*Chrysanthemum leucanthemum* L.); — *bod*, *m.* 1) buck-goat, *coll.* he-goat; 2) roebuck; — *bräuen*, *m.* *Ichth.* a species of bream (*Sargus Rondeleti* C.).

Geißel, *I. (w.) m. & f.* hostage; *II. (w.) f.* 1) whip, scourge; 2) *fg.* severe censure or mockery; *die — schwingen über ...*, *fg.* to scourge, &c. see *Geißeln*; 3) *III. in comp.* — *bräuer*, *m.* *pl.* *Ecol.* flagellants; — *grad*, *n.* *Bot.* scleria (*Scleria flagellum*); — *müßig*, *m.* flagellant.

Geißeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lash; 1) to whip, scourge, flog, flagellate; 2) *fg.* to lash, to scourge, to criticize severely.

Geißelrute, (*w.*) *f.* scourge.

Geißelung, (*w.*) *f.* flagellation, scourging. **Geiß** ..., *in comp.* — *fuß*, 1) *Bot.* goat or goat-weed, goat's foot (*Agrostium podagrarium* L.); 2) *T.* *a*) socket chisel; *b*) see *Bruchstein*; 1; *c*) *Dent.* punch; — *hirt*, *m.* goat-herd; — *her*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) bean-trefoil tree, laburum (*Cytisus laburnum* L.); 2) see *raute*; — *haute*, *f.* honey-suckle-bower; — *leder*, *n.* goat-skin or leather.

Geißlein, (*dimin. of Geiß*) (*str.*) *n.* kid.

Geißler, (str.) *n.* 1) scourger, &c.; 2) pl. see Geißelrührer.

Geiß..., *in comp.* —meßler, —vogel, *m.* Ornith. goat-sucker (*Oryzopsis europaeus* L.); *Bot.* —ranke, *f.* goat's rue (*Galga officinalis* L.); —weib, *m.* meadow-sweet (*Spiraea ulmaria* L.); —weib, *f.* common fallow (*Salix caprea* L.).

Geist, (str.) *m.* *Mar.* clue-garnet, clue-line, pl. brails.

Geiz, *s.* (str.) *m.* I. avarice, covetousness, stinginess; greediness, avidity; —halt (*vulg.* —brache, —baumel, —fapp, —fragen, —tenfel, —wurm), *m.* *com.* miser, skinflint, churl, niggard; II. *provinc.* a) small shoots of tobacco plants, vine, &c., suckers; b) salve used against the mange of dogs.

Geizhals, (w.) *s.* I. *tr.* to lop off the suckers (of tobacco plants, vine, &c.); II. *intr.* 1) to be stingy, niggardly, pennywise, avaricious; 2) *fig.* to aspire (nach, after), to covet; mit der Zeit *it.* —, to economise (to be sparing or pennywise of time, to husband one's time, &c.).

Geizig, I. *adj.* avaricious; churlish, niggard, stingy, close-fisted, sordid, covetous, greedy; II. *G.-e, s. m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) miser, niggard; *f.* Geizhals. [*tation.*]

Geismär, (str.) *n.* (continual) lamentation; **Geismär**, (str.) *n.* (repeated) shouting, shouts, hurraing.

Geismär, (str.) *n.* (continual) wrangling, bickering, quarrelling.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a moulded, &c. *f.* Reichen.

Geist, *adj.* *Bot.* calyculate(d), calyced.

Geist, (str.) *n.* the quantity of wine which is pressed at a time.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a) indented, notched; lacinated; *Bot.* s. *cr.* serrated; *sein* or *fein* —, crenulate; *Archit. & Herald.* embattled; *Corp.* jaggy, jagged. [*ing.*]

Geist, (str.) *n.* titter, (continual) titter.

Geist, *adj.* *Bot.* carinate(d).

Geist, (str.) *n.* (continual) tickling, yelping, rattling, clacking (clatter), jingling, &c. *f.* Ritzeln.

Geist, (str.) *n.* 1) a (continual) cracking; 2) *fig.* gossiping, prattling, *coll.* tittle-tattle.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *see* Riden; *p.* a *Sport.* mounted (of guns, rifles, &c.).

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) tinkling, ringing of a bell, or bells.

Geist, (str.) *n.* clank, clashing.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) knocking, clatter.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a continuation of clefts.

Geist, (str.) *n.* (continual) crackling.

Geist, *adj.* *Bot.* knoe-jointed, geniculate; *Geist*, (str.) *n.* a gnashing (of the teeth).

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) crackling.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) snarling, snarl.

Geist, (str.) *n.* the (act or state of) boiling.

Geist, (str.) *n.* the (act or practice of) rolling, gobbling, &c. *f.* Rollern.

Geist, *p.* a twilled; *g-e* Stoffe, *m.* pl. twilled or tweeled cloth; *g-e* Wolllustlein, twilled mousseline-de-laine; *g-e* Jenge, *m.* & *n.* twills. [*reosing.*]

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (repeated) kissing, ca-

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) cracking, crashing, peals (as of thunder).

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) croaking.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Metal.*, &c. sweepings, waste, dross; —ofen, *m.* sweep, almond furnace; —wäscher, *m.* sweep-washer.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a curling, anything curled. [*screeching, screeching.*]

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) shrieking,

Geist, (str.) *n.* a scrawl, scrawling, niggle, scribbling.

Geist, *p.* a *T.* bent at right angles; *g-s* Geist or Mundstück, canon-bit, fast-mouth.

Geist, (str.) *n.* 1) (calf's) pluck; appar-

tenances (of a lamb); giblets (of geese); *f.* Geislinge; 2) *Anal.* mesentery; —brüsen, *f.* pl. mesenteric glands; —schlagader, *f.* mesenteric artery.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Minor.* tripe-stone.

Geist, *p.* a crooked (*see* Krümmen); *Mar.* broken-backed.

Geist, *p.* a artificial, affected, elaborate, refined.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) kissing.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Haut.* paddle, bog, *see* Rade, II.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *see* Geisler.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (continual) smiling.

Geist, (str.) *n.* a (a roar, peal, or burst of) laughter; *Einem* zum — machen, to make (a) sport of one, to hold one up to ridicule; *Einem* zum — machen, to make one's self a laughing-stock; *ein* — erbrechen, aufschlagen, to break (or burst) out into (a roar or fit of) laughter.

Geist, (str.) *n.* 1) layer; swath; 2) feast, banquet; carouse; drinking-bout; *mit* — hin-

ein, *coll.* at random, without thinking; *das* — (die Zechen) bezahlen müssen, *coll.* to pay the piper.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *see* Geise, 1.

Geist, (str.) *n.* 1) (act of) encamping; 2) encampment, camp.

Geist, *adj.* (+ &) *loc.* for Geisler; *G-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Geislerheit.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *see* Landheft & Linderri.

Geist, *s.* I. (str.) *n.* rail, railing, balustrade, (stair-case-)bannister; — an der Hand, Wand, espalier, trellis, counterlathe (for the support of trailing plants); — am Fensterhüft, *Mar.* quarter-rails; *mit* einem — umgeben or versehen, to rail (in) or enclose with rails; II. *in comp.* —baum, *m.* espalier-tree; —bock, *f.* *see* —säule; —fenster, *n.* window with a balcony; —pfosten, *m.* rail-post; —riegel, *m.* rail; —säule, *f.* —Roth, *m.* baluster.

Geist, *p.* a (*Schäuler*) provided with a rail or bannister, railed (path).

Geist, (str.) *n.* any extensive piece of land or field.

Geist, (w.) *v. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to arrive (an einen Ort, at a place), to get, come (hin, at or to); zu ... —, to reach, get, attain, obtain; wie soll ich dahin? — how am I to get there? &c. wird in Ihre Hände —, it will reach your hands; wie kann ich an ihn? — how can I get admitted to him? — lassen, to transmit, to forward (an, to); die Einlage wollen Sie an Ihre Adresse — lassen, *Comm.* please forward the enclosure as per address; eine Bitte an Jemanden — lassen, to address or direct a petition to one; auf die Nachkommen —, to come (or to be handed) down to posterity; zu einer Überzeugung —, to be brought to a conviction; zur Reife —, to come to maturity, to grow ripe; zu einem Schluss —, to arrive at a conclusion, &c.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Sport.* the ears of dogs.

Geist, (str.) *n.* (continual) noise, bustle, ado.

Geist, (str.) *m.* 1) room, space, accommodation (of more or less extent); ich habe kein — dafür, I have no room for it; 2) *provinc.* for Radelg, *which* *see*.

Geist, I. *p.* a patient, composed, cool, calm, quiet, tranquil; even-tempered, placid, unruffled; passive, tame; temperate; — bleiben, to keep one's temper; du sprichst ein großes Wort — aus (*Göthe*, Iph. 1, 3), a word momentous calmly thou hast spoken (*Shakspeare*); II. *G-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* composedness, calmness,

temper, temperateness; placidness, placidity; tranquillity. [*& Pharm.* gelatin(e)].

* **Geist** (*pr. shé*). (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Chém.* **Geist**, *n.* pl. *Min.* silver-ores of an oily or greasy appearance.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *coll.* a (continual) running to and fro. [*wall* (of a window)].

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Archit.* flanning, rabbit.

Geist, I. *adj.* 1) current, running, ready, easy, fluent, voluble; 2) well known, familiar (*Einem*, to one); *ein* *g-e* Hand (*schrift*), a fluent, expeditious, or running hand; *ein* *g-e* Zunge, fluency, volubility of speech or tongue; *es* ist ihm ganz —, he is (perfectly) well acquainted with it, he is well versed in it; II. *adv.* currently, &c.; — lesen, to read at sight; III. *G-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) currency, readiness, easiness, fluency, volubility; 2) the state of being familiar or well-known; — in einem Sache, intimate acquaintance with (or knowledge of) a thing.

Geist, *adj.* disposed, humoured, tempered; gut —, good-humoured; schlecht or äbel —, ill-humoured, out of humour.

Geist, (str.) *n.* 1) the ringing of bells tinkling, (*g.* *Ritter*; *peal*); 2) a set or chime of bells; electromagnetisches —, electro-magnetical ringing-apparatus; 3) (*or* **Geist**) *Haut.* barking of the hounds in chase of game.

Geist, I. *adj.* yellow; *g-e* Kabel, *Gold-f.* touch needle; *das* *g-e* Fieber, yellow fever; *g-s* Holz, *see* Gelbholz; *Minor.* *g-e* Kränzel, ornament; *g-e* Erde, *see* Gelberde; *g-s* Farn, amber; II. *in comp.* —sammer, *f.* *see* Gelbammer; —artige, *f.* *Ornith.* green-lance (*Prin-gilla chloris* L.); —auge, *n.* *see* Flöte, 2; —äugig, *adj.* yellow-eyed; *fig.* jaundice-eyed; —beeren, *f.* pl. avignon-borries (fruit of *Rham-nus infectoria* L.); —bleich, *n.* *Minor.* yellow lead-ore; —braun, *adj.* yellowish brown; feuillemort; —bräunlich, *n.* *Ornith.* *see* Graubügel, grouse. [*(of an egg).*]

Geist, *s.* *n.* (*decl. like adj.*) yellow or yolk.

Geist, (str.) *n.* *Minor.* mislay.

Geist, (*w.*) *s.* I. *tr.* to make yellow; II. *ref.* & *intr.* to turn yellow.

Geist, *in comp.* —eile, *f.* *Ornith.* *see* Solenitene; —erde, *f.* *Minor.* yellow earth or ochre; —etz, *n.* *Minor.* yellow tellurium; —flut, *m.* *see* Gelbammer; —fuch, *m.* sorrel-horse; —gar, *adj.* *Thun.* tawed; —gießer, *m.* brazier; braun-founder; —gießer, *f.* brazen-foundry; —gießwaare, *f.* braziers; —grün, *adj.* yellowish green, pea-green; —haarig, *adj.* yellow-haired; —harn, *n.* yellow resin.

Geist, (w.) *f.* yellowness.

Geist, *in comp.* —holz, *n.* *fastic*; —holzbaum, *m.* *Bot.* 1) fastic tree, dyer's mulberry-tree (*Broussonetia tinctoria* L.); 2) *see* Färberbaum.

Geist, *adj.* *see* Gelblich. [*Idem.*]

Geist, (str.) *m.* *Mar.* gallery above the

Geist, *in comp.* —fuch, *m.* *Ornith.* grape bird (*Molania flava* L.); —färner, *n.* pl. *see* —beeren; —farn, *n.* *Bot.* yellow reed, base dyer's weed (*Rumex luteola* L.); —fäpfer, *n.* yellow copper or brass.

Geist, *adj.* yellowish, fallow.

Geist, (str.) *m.* *see* Gelbammer.

Geist, *in comp.* —reiz, *adj.* yellow-ripe (of corn); —roth, *adj.* yellowish red; sordid; —rübe, *f.* carrot (*Daucus carota* L.); —schädel, *f.* fleabitten gray, dapple-gray horse, white horse with yellow spots; —schädel, *n.* 1) *Ornith.* *see* Eisvogel; 2) a young bird, callow bird; 3) *fig.* *com.* a saucy young person, yellow-head, puppy; —schäp, *m.* *Ornith.* (great) red-head (or red-crested) duck (*Platysterna rufina* Pall., *Rotbraute*); —schäp, *m.* *Bot.* flag-flower (*Iris pseudacorus* L.); —schäp, *f.* jaundice, interstitial disease; *Wittet* *n* *der* *ist* —schäp, *interst.*; —schäp, *adj.* jaundiced, interstitial;

—vogel, *m. Ornith.* whitewall (*Oridia galbula* L.); —waffer, *n. Med.* ascites; —weiß, *n.* yellowish white, cream-coloured white; —wurz, *f. see* Extrura.

Geld, *s. l. (str., pl. Gelder)* *n.* money, coin; (baird —, ready) cash, specie: *Reines —, small (or loose) money, change; fremdes —, Comm. borrowed capital; ohne —, see —los; von fernem &c leben*, to live upon the interest of one's capital: *es ist kein — unter den Zenten*, money is scarce, there is no money stirring: — *verleihen oder machen*, to make money; *etwas zu — machen*, to turn (convert) into money, to make money of ...; to cash (a bill, &c.); *bei &c sein*, to be in cash: *nicht bei &c sein*, to be out of cash, or short of money; *for*, to want the needful: *für — und gut Wert*, for love and money; *er hat — wie Fei (Wiß, Extr.)*, he rolls in money; *es ist verlorren oder weggeronnen* —, it is so much money thrown away or lost; *gutes — dem schlichten nachwerfen*, to throw good money after bad: *Comm. Briefe 101, — 100 1/2*, letter (seller, offered) at 101, money (wanted, enquired after) at 101 1/2; *II. in comp. money; monetary; pecuniary*: —*edel*, *m.* 1) purchased nobility; 2) moneyed nobility; —*angelegenheit*, *f.* money-matter, *pl.* money-affairs or transactions; —*auflage*, *f. Comm.* investment of funds; —*anleihe*, *f.* loan (of money); —*aristocratie*, *f.* moneyed aristocracy, (*Ld. Brougham*); *baird. capitalocracy*: —*arm*, *adj.* moneyless, in want of money; —*aufgabe*, *f.* imposition, tax; —*aufgabe*, *f.* expense, disbursement, payment; —*aufseher*, *m.* money-lender; —*bedarf*, *m.* 1) want of money; 2) requisite money, cash; —*bedürftig*, *adj. see* —*arm*; —*begierde*, *f.* —*begierig*, *adj. see* —*gier*; —*gierig*, *adj.* —*beitrag*, *m.* contribution in money; —*besorgung*, *f.* pecuniary reward, remuneration; —*beutel*, *m.* purse; money-bag; —*beuteltasche*, *m. pl.* purse runners or sliders; —*bewilligung*, *f.* (des Parlaments) supply; —*brief*, *m.* letter containing money, money-letter; —*büchse*, *f.* money-box; till (in a shop); —*büße*, *f. see* —*strafe*; —*caße*, *f.* coffer, iron-safe, strong-box; (in einem Gewölbe) till, tiller (money-box or drawer in a shop), *cf.* *Gasse*; —*course*, *m.* 1) course of exchange; 2) (in *Gegensatz zu Briefcourse*) money, wanted, enquired after; —*coursejettel*, *m.* bill or note of the course of exchange, quotations or statement of specie; —*crisis*, *f. see* —*krise*; —*drift*, *m.* thirst of, for, or after money; —*driftig*, *adj. see* —*gierig*; —*einnahme*, *f.* receipt of money; —*einnahmer*, *m.* receiver of money, cashier.

Geldern, (*str.*) *n. Geogr.* Guelders (a town of the Netherlands); —**Gelderland**, (*str.*) *n.* Guelderland.

Gelderröte, (*n.*) *f. Bot.* guelder-rose.

Geld..., *in comp.* —*erwerb*, *m.* acquisition of money, money-making; —*edwerth*, *m.* money's worth; —*forderung*, *f.* demand, *cf.* *Forderung*; 1) money-demand; pecuniary demand; request for money; dunning; 2) money due to one; —*freier*, *m.* fortune-hunter; —*freßend*, *adj. coll.* money-consuming, expensive; —*geben*, *m.* payment, paying, expense; —*gebilde*, *n. pl.* duties paid in money (*opp.* to duties paid in kind, standard; 2) *see* —*wert*); —*getz*, *m.* avarice; —*geizig*, *adj.* avaricious; —*geschäfte*, *n. pl.* money-transactions, money-trade, banking (*cf.* —*handel*), *coll.* stock-jobbing; —*gehalt*, *m.* gratuity (in money), pecuniary present; —*gier*, *f.* covetousness, inordinate desire or greediness (*for money*); —*gierig*, *adj.* covetous of, or greedy for money; —*gültig*, *f. see* —*gültig*; —*gürtel*, *m.* pouch, belt for money; —*handel*, *m.* money-dealing, money transaction,

money-trade; —*händler*, *m. see* —*müller* & —*wächter*; —*heirat*, *f.* a marriage contracted in consequence of pecuniary speculation, *coll.* a Smithfield bargain or match; —*hilfe*, *f.* pecuniary assistance; —*hunger*, *m. see* —*durst*; —*kasten*, *m.* chest, cash-box, money-box, strong-box, *cf.* —*caße*; —*laße*, *f. see* —*gürtel*; —*liste*, *f.* coffer, *see* —*kasten*; —*lemme*, *f.* necessity of cash, scarcity of money, pecuniary embarrassment, money-difficulties: *cf.* —*mangel*, —*noth*; —*krise*, *f. pl. see* —*mittel*; —*krise*, —*krisis*, *f.* monetary or money-crisis; —*lade*, *f. see* —*kasten*; —*leihen*, *n.* *see* obtained by money; —*leistung*, *f.* 1) supply of money; 2) *see* —*gefälle*.

Geldlos, *I. adj.* moneyless, unmoneyed; bare of money, penniless; *II. G-gelt*, (*w. Jf.*) *see* —*mangel*.

Geld..., *in comp.* —*macher*, *m.* money-maker: 1) *see* *Wellschmücker*; 2) one whose only business and aim in life is to make money; —*macht*, *f.* financial power; —*müller*, *m.* money- (or stock)-broker; —*mangel*, *m.* want, lack, or scarcity of money, *cf.* —*noth*; —*mann*, *m.* moneyed man; capitalist; —*marken*, *n. Bot.* mandrake; —*markt*, *m.* money-market, stock-exchange; —*markt*, *m. see* —*macher*; —*mittel*, *m. pl.* money-means, (pecuniary) resources; *hinlängliche mittel*, the necessary capital; —*münze*, *f.* coin; —*musket*, *f. Couch.* covey; —*noth*, *f.* distress or pressure for money, *cf.* —*krise*; —*mangel*; *in —noth sein*, *see in* —*verlegenheit sein*; —*paßet*, *n. see* —*rolle*; —*posten*, *m. (any)* sum of money (either received or paid away); —*preis*, *m.* cash-price; exchange: —*preis*, *m. coll.* purse-proud fellow; —*rechnung*, *f.* money-account; —*reid*, *adj.* moneyed; —*reichtum*, *m.* wealth in money; —*rolle*, *f.* roll (pack) of money, money-packet, (*Fr.*) rouleau; —*rückst*, *f.* regard for money; pecuniary consideration; —*sache*, *f.* money-matter, *cf.* —*angelegenheit*; —*sack*, *m.* money-bag; —*sammlung*, *f.* collection or collecting of money; *cine* —*sammlung durch Subscription veranstalten*, to raise money by subscription; —*schaden*, *m.* loss of money; —*schachtel*, *f.* money-box; —*schatz*, *m.* hoard of money; —*schneiber*, *m.* extortioner; *coll.* sharper, shark; —*schneiberi*, *f. coll.* extortion, imposition; —*schrank*, *m.* iron safe; —*schulb*, *f.* money-debt; —*sendung*, *f.* remittance of money; —*serie*, *f.* sort, species, denomination of coin; —*spende*, *f.* contribution or alms in money; —*spitterung*, *f.* waste of money; —*stand*, *m.* state of money-affairs, condition of the money-market; —*steuer*, *f.* tax or contribution in money; —*stod*, *m.* 1) money-box, strong-box; 2) stock, *see* Capital; —*stolz*, *I. s. m.* purse-pride; *II. adj.* purse-proud, stuck-up; —*strafe*, *f.* fine, amercement, forfeit, pecuniary penalty, mulct; —*stück*, *n.* piece of money, coin; —*sucht*, *f.* love of money, *cf.* —*gier*; —*suchtig*, *adj.* greedy of gain or money; —*summe*, *f.* sum of money; —*surregate*, *n. pl.* substitutes of money; —*tasche*, *f.* 1) pocket for carrying money in; 2) or —*tischchen*, *n.* flat-purse; *porte-monnaie*; (zum umhängen) courier's bag; —*tisch*, *m.* counter; —*umlauf*, —*umsatz*, *m.* circulation or flux of money; —*unterstützung*, *f.* pecuniary aid; —*valuta*, *f. see* —*wert*; —*verlehn*, *m. see* —*handel*; —*verlegenheit*, *f.* pecuniary embarrassment, *cf.* —*noth*; *in —verlegenheit sein*, to be straitened for money; *fam.* to be down upon one's luck; —*verleiher*, *m.* money lender; —*verlust*, *m.* loss of money; —*verfügung*, *m.* advance of (or in) money, previous payment; disbursement, money disbursed; —*wage*, *f.* money-balance or scale; —*wchsel*, *m.* exchange of money; banking; —*wächter*, *m.* exchanger, banker, money-changer; —*wert*, *m.* 1) value of the money; 2) money's-worth; value in money; —*wesen*,

n. money or monetary affairs, matters, or concerns; —*wucher*, *m.* usury, money jobbing; —*zins*, *m.* interest of money.

Geldern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*I. u. for* *leben*) to live (*with Gen.* in hopes of, &c.).

Geldes, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or repeated action of) licking; *coll.* continual kissing.

* **Geldes** [*pr. shals*], (*str.*, *pl.* *G-es*, or [*w.*] *G-en*) *n.* (sometimes *f.*) (*Fr.*) jelly (*Gelerte*); —*form*, *f.* jelly mould.

Gelüge, (*str.*) *n.* any thing that is laid or put down: 1) small heaps of corn; 2) layers of vine: operation of layering (as of vines); 3) quantity of eggs laid by a hen-bird in one year.

Gelügen, *p. a. 1)* situated; 2) *fig.* convenient, fit, apt, commodious, proper, seasonable, opportune, agreeable, pleasing; *mit gen* —, just the thing for me: *ein g-errt Weg*, *provine* nearer way, short cut; —*kommen*, to come in handy, to be very welcome or acceptable; *Sie kommen mir sehr —*, you come very opportunely; *zur g-en Zeit*, in the very nick of time, seasonably, opportunely, in season; *es ist mir ein elter Ende* (viel, wenig, nichts &c.) —, *impro.* it is of (great, little, no, &c.) consequence to me, *see* *zigen*, *impro.*; an Gottes Egen ist Alles —, *prov.* God's blessing is all-important, everything depends on God's blessing.

Gelügenheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fitness, convenience, aptness, &c.; 2) *a)* occasion, opportunity; (quite, lucky) chance; *b)* way, manner, means; 3) conveyance, *coll.* convenience; 4) *coll. a)* lodging; *b)* necessary, privy; *gute or günstige G-en*, facilities; *bei (vorkommender) —*, when occasion or opportunity offers or serves: *bei dieser —*, on this occasion; *bei — dieses Werfalls will ich erwähnen*, speaking of this now, I'll mention; — *geben*, to give an opportunity; *so oft sich — bietet*, whenever the occasion serves or a chance occurs; *mit nächster (Führ-)* —, by the next conveyance; *mit nächster —*, by or upon the first opportunity; *suchen Sie (Führ-)* —, mein Herr? *coll.* (do you) want a coach, Sir? *pflegen Sie Ihr —*, use your pleasure; make yourself at home or comfortable; — *macht Diebe*, *prov.* temptation makes a thief.

Gelügenheitlich, *see* *Gelügenlich*.

Gelügenheits..., *in comp.* —*blätter*, *m.* one who writes poems for certain occasions; —*geblüt*, *m.* poem upon some occasion, occasional poem; —*geblüht*, *f. Comm.* occasional copartnership; —*lauf*, *m.* chance-purchase; —*macher*, *m. cont.* procurer, setter, pimp, go-between; —*macherin*, *f. cont.* procureress, bawd; —*predigt*, *f.* sermon held on particular occasion; —*rede*, *f.* address; —*schrift*, *f.* fugitive tract or writing, pamphlet; —*ursache*, *f. Philos.* occasional cause.

Gelügenlich, *I. adj.* occasional, opportune; *II. adv.* 1) occasionally (*i. e.* as often as occasion offers); incidentally; at times, now and then; *er hörte — manche überflüssige Bemerkung über seinen Onkel*, he heard incidentally many an ill-natured remark upon his uncle; 2) *a)* when occasion offers or offered, on (a certain) occasion, incidentally; *wie — in einem frühern Capitel angedeutet worden ist*, as it has been incidentally implied in a previous chapter; by and by, at leisure, at convenience, conveniently; 3) *nur ganz — erfuhr ich*, I learned quite accidentally; — *dieses Gegenstandes will ich bemerken*, *a propos* of this subject, I will observe.

Gelügend, *I. adj.* docile, tractable, instructible, teachable, disciplinable; *II. G-gelt*, (*w.*) *f.* docility, tractableness.

Gelühmtheit, (*w.*) *f.* erudition, learning, knowledge, scholarship.

Gelührt, *I. adj.* 1) learned, erudite, in-

formed, skilled; 2) literary, scientific; cine g-e Gelfschäft, a learned society, scientific body; 3) trained (of dogs); die g-e Kramschel, hypochondria; II. *adv.* learnedly; III. *s. G-e*, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) learned or literary man (woman), scholar; die G-n, *pl.* the learned, literati, men of letters; den G-n ist gut predigen, *proverb*, a word is enough to the wise; *Stud. slang*, ein G-er, half a glass.

Gelfschten ..., *in comp.* — **banf**, *f.* bench on which the learned sat (in the old German diets); *fig.* the learned, scholars; — **innung**, *f.* body or society of literary men; — **leben**, *m.* life of a scholar; — **lexikon**, *m.* dictionary of the names of learned men with biographical and literary notices; — **republik**, *f.* republic of letters, common-wealth of learning; — **schule**, *f.* 1) school for training teachers or professors; 2) gymnasium, academy; — **stand**, *m.* station or body of literary men; — **stolz**, *m.* literary pride.

Gelfschtenäm, (*str.*) *n.* 1) learned profession; 2) *see* Gelfschtenweft.

Gelfschten ..., *in comp.* — **verein**, *m.* club of literary men; — **welt**, *f.* literary world, community of learned men; — **wesen**, *m.* anything relating to a literary man or to literature; — **zeitung**, *f.* literary or scientific journal; — **zust**, *f.* *see* — **innung**.

Gelfschteit, (*w.*) *f.* learnedness, erudition, *see* Gelfschtenweft.

Gelfter, (*str.*) *n. conf.* 1) (act, practice, or mode of) playing on a barrel organ, *see*: 2) a drawing, drawing.

Gelfte, *n.* track, *see* Gelfs.

Gelfte, *s. I.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) (the act of) accompanying, conducting, conveying, conduct; 2) attendance, retinue, train; 3) convoy, safe-conduct, escort; 4) *see* G-echt & G-ebicht; 5) passage-money, toll, high-way rates; 6) toll-house: *Einen das — geben*, to accompany one; to escort, convey; *unter — segeln*, to sail under convoy; *das fahre or fahre —*, safe-guard, (safe-)conduct, convoy, escort; *nehmen Sie das — mit*, *fam.* excuse my not seeing you to the door.

Gelften, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to accompany, conduct; to escort, convey; *Gott geleite dich!* God speed you!

Gelfter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) conductor, guide; 2) *Sport.* note in the shape of a ladder.

Gelftlich, *adj.* belonging to an escort or a convoy.

Gelftsamt, (*str.*, *pl.* G-ämter) *n.* custom- or toll-office.

Gelftsäule, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Gelftsäule.

Gelfts ..., *in comp.* — **bediente**, *m.* excise-man; — **besugnif**, *f.* *see* — **recht**; — **beretter**, *m.* *see* — **reiter**; — **begirt**, *m.* district in which the right of escort or convoy is exercised; — **brief**, *m.* 1) (letter of) safe-conduct, passport, cooket, certificate of the custom-house; 2) *Mar.* permission given to vessels to sail under convoy.

Gelftschaft, (*w.*) *f.* persons belonging to an escort, *see* G. Gelfte, 2 & Gelftschaft.

Gelfts ..., *in comp.* — **schiff**, *m.* *see* G-ebrief; — **schiff**, *m.* convoy-ship, convoy, escort.

Gelfts ..., *in comp.* — **einnahme**, *f.* 1) (revenues of the customs; 2) custom- or toll-house; — **einnahmer**, *m.* toll-keeper; receiver of the convey-duties; excise-officer; — **folge**, *f.* *Prov.* *Law*, obligation of escorting; — **frei**, *adj.* exempt from convey-duties; — **gebet**, *n.* *see* — **gebet**; — **geld**, *m.* passage-money; safeguard-duty, toll; — **gerichtseiget**, *f.* *see* — **recht**; — **gericht**, *n.* *see* — **hammer**; — **grenze**, *f.* boundary of escort or convoy; — **herr**, *m.* lord possessing the right of escort; — **hammer**, *f.* board of convey; — **mann**, *m.* (*pl.* — **leute**) safeguard, conductor, guide; — **ordnung**, *f.* regulation for convoys; — **recht**,

n. right of escort and convoy; — **reiter**, *m.* horseman of the safe-guard; — **rinde**, *f.* — **stein**, *m.* 1) pillar or stone marking the boundary of escort; 2) toll-post, toll-pillar; — **rinde**, *f.* place where the convey-duties are paid; — **stra**, *m.* (*l. u.*) satellite (of a planet); — **straße**, *f.* road of escort; — **tafel**, *f.* — **tarif**, *m.* toll-table; — **zeitel**, *m.* *see* — **brief**.

Gelft, *adj.* pliant, pliable, flexible, wieldy, litho, supple, limber, active, agile, nimble.

Gelft, *s. I.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Anat.* joint, articulation; knuckle (of the finger); wrist (of the hand); turning-joint, joint of the back-bone; vertebra; socket (of the leg); *aus dem —*, *lit. & fig.* out of joint; 2) *Bot.* joint, knot; 3) *T.* link, ring, hinge, turning-joint; *II. in comp.* — **ambos**, *m.* *T.* round anvil for making edges; *Anat.* — **band**, *m.* 1) ligament of a joint, capsular ligament; *T.* 2) *see* Gelft, 3; — **basalt**, *m.* *Miner.* articulated basalt; — **bein**, *m.* *T.* articulation; — **bein**, *n.* joint-bone; — **blutader**, *f.* articular vein; — **bruch**, *m.* abduction, fracture of a joint; — **brüsen**, *f.* *pl.* synovial glands; — **cabe**, *n.* head (of a bone); — **entzündung**, *f.* inflammation of the joints; — **falte**, *f.* articular facet; — **fistelle**, *m.* *pl.* condyloid process; — **gang**, *m.* condyloid canal; — **geschwulst**, *f.* white swelling; — **grube**, *f.* articular fossa; — **höder**, *m.* articular tubercle; — **höhle**, *f.* cotyle, cotyle; cavity of a bone which receives the end of another; — **hügel**, *m.* bone knot.

Gelftig, *I. adj.* 1) having joints or links; 2) (*or l. u.*) *Gelft* (*fam*) pliant, pliable, *see* *see* Gelft, *adj.*; 3) *Bot.* geniculate(d); *II. G-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* pliancy, pliancy, flexibility, suppleness, nimbleness, activity, agility.

Gelft ..., *in comp.* — **knospen**, *m.* *see* — **bein**; — **knospen**, *m.* *pl.* *see* — **knospen**; — **knospe**, *m.* condyle; — **knospe**, *pl.* cartilaginous concretions; — **planne**, *f.* *see* — **höhle**; — **quarz**, *m.* *Miner.* flexible quartz; — **ring**, *m.* turning-joint; swivel; — **seft**, *m.* synovia.

Gelftsam, *see* Gelftig.

Gelft ..., *in comp.* — **schallig**, *adj.* *Conch.* crustaceous; — **schüssel**, *m.* *Lock* — **sm. dropping key; — **schmerz**, *m.* gout; — **schmerz**, *f.* *Anat.* synovia, synovio; — **stiff**, *adj.* stiff in the joints, ankylosed; — **stiffheit**, *f.* ankylosis, stiff-joint; — **stiff**, *m.* condyle; — **verbindung**, *f.* articulation; — **verwachsung**, *f.* ankylosis; — **wasser**, *n.* *see* — **schmerz**; — **wasserfucht**, *f.* dropsy in the joints; — **wirbel**, *m.* turning-joint; — **wur**, *f.* — **wur**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) white-wort; 2) Solomon's seal.**

Gelfte, (*str.*) *n. conf.* the (practice or mode of) learning.

Gelfte, (*str.*) *n. conf.* the (practice or mode of) reading; gathering, *see* G. Gelft.

Gelfts, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *provinc.* illumination, *see* Gelftsung; 2) miner's lamp.

Gelft, (*str.*) *m.* — **erz**, (*str.*) *n.* *Min.* yellow copper ore.

Gelfern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to yelp, bark.

Gelfter, (*str.*) *n. conf.* gang, set: von einem —, alike, of the same cast, make, or stamp. [**Gelften**.

+ **Gelften**, (*w.*) *v. impers.* & *intr.* *see* Gelft, *I. p. a.* loved, beloved, dear: *II. G-e*, *s.* (*decl. like adj.*) 1) *m.* a lover; 2) *f.* a mistress; lady-love: eine frühere G-e, an old flame; *cf.* Riebst.

Gelften, (*tr.*) *v. intr.* *provinc.* to lie in, to be confined. — **Gelfter**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *provinc.* bed; 2) *Sport.* lair.

Gelfte, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) soft, smooth, tender, mellow; alight (pressure, *see*); 2) *fig.* lenient, soft, mild, sweet, meek, gentle, fair; indulgent (gegen, to); *g-ed Feuer*, low, moderate fire; — **werden**, to relent, soften: — **ab-**

föhren, *Med.* gently purging; — **schem**, to boil gently, to simmer, to poach; *altes — macht böse Kind*, *proverb*, spare the rod and spoil the child; *g-(tr.) Seiten aufstehen*, *fig.* to begin in a milder strain, *see* Aufstehen.

Gelftsig, (*w.*) *f.* 1) softness, smoothness, *see* Gelfte, 1; 2) *fig.* lenity, mildness, sweetness, meekness, *see*, indulgence.

Gelften, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. kein Smith Dat.*) to succeed, prosper, speed, to take effect; *es gelingt mir*, I succeed (in ...); *es wird mir nicht —*, I shall be disappointed; *es gelang ihnen nicht*, dieser Hofreger Hofrath zu verhoffen, they failed in giving effect to this measure; — *machen* or *lassen*, to cause to take effect, to bring to bear; *Gott leste es wohl!* —! God send good speed! *gelingen*, *p. a.* excellent, capital (painting, work, *see*); *das —*, (*str.*) *v. a.* success, prosperity; (*einer Sache Dat.*) — *gelen*, to prosper (one's designs, *see* — *machen*).

Gelftel, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual) sleeping. **Gelften**, (*tr.*) *v. intr.* to sound loudly, to shrill, clang, to yell, to tingle; *g-d*, *adj.* shrill; yelling (cry); *g-ed Gelftel*, yelling, yell.

Gelfte, (*w.*) *f.* clarinet (Clarinet).

Gelfig, *adj.* *Min.* hard (of stone).

Gelfe, (*str.*) *n. conf.* (continual) praining.

Gelfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to promise or protest solemnly, to pledge (the performance of a thing, *see*); to vow; *das gelobte Land*, the land of promise, promised land; *cinander Treue —*, to interchange promises of fidelity.

Gelfs, (*str.*) *n.* **Gelfs**, (*w.*) *f.* solemn promise, vow, pledge.

Gelfs ..., *in comp.* — **gemälde**, — **gegend**, (*—* **stift**) *n.* — **tafel** *it.*, *f.* votive picture, offering, tablet, *see*.

Gelf, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (a mass of) curls, ringlets; 2) *Sport.* a) (the act of) alluring, (practice or mode of) decoying; b) decoy-bird.

Gelfs, (*str.*) *n.* *Min.* lowest pit of a mine.

Gelfs, **Gelfs**, (*str.*) *n.* *Sport.* *see* Gelfung. **Gelfte**, (*str.*) *n.* (practice or mode of) soldering.

Gelfte, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) gnat. **Gelfter**, (*str.*) *n.* — **frant**, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* dyer's green-wood (*Berberis vulgaris*).

Gelft, (*str.*) *interj.* coll. is it not so? *was!* ain't it?

Gelft, *adj.* not giving milk, dry; unproductive, not producing young, barren (of cattle); — **gehen**, to go or be barrow: *g-er Gans*, *Bot.* fumble-hemp; *cin g-es Treiben*, *Sport.* unsuccessful chase.

Gelft, (*w.*) *f.* pail; bucket; piggin.

Gelften, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*the value, price, &c. added in the Acc.*) *I. pers.* 1) to be worth, to be of value, to cost, bear a certain price; 2) to be current; to prevail; 3) to be valid, good, or of good effect; 4) to be allowable, fair, to be permitted; 5) to be of or have weight, authority, or influence; 6) to pass (*für*, for, as), to be esteemed, considered, to stand, count, or go (for nothing, *see*); *cin Mann der was gift*, a man of good account, of influence; *macht —*, to be of greater value; to be of greater weight; *hier gift der Grumbach*, *das ...*, the principle obtains (holds good) here that ...; *hier gift von Allen*, this holds good of all, applies to all: *Wittelsforten — bis zu 18 Schilling*, middling sorts fetch up to 18 sh.; *wie viel gift das?* what is the price (value) of this? what do you value it at? *Sorn gift jetzt nichts*, corn is at a very low price; *was gift die Witte?* how much will you lay? *tepp!* die Witte gift! agreed! the wager holds good! *bei Gott gift kein Ansehen der Person*, there is no respect of persons with God; *im Krieg gift jeder Vortheil*, all advantages in war are lawful; *gift' ich so wenig?* am I valued so

duty for the promotion of public good; —
—**nützigkeit**, *f.* public utility, concern for the
public good; —**nützlich**, *adj.* conducive to the
public good; —**nützlichkeits**, *f.* common, public
utility, benefit; —**ort**, —**platz**, *m.* 1) common;
2) common place, common topic; —**recht**, *n.*
right of common.

Gemein[sam], *I. adj.* 1) common, mutual,
joint; *g-e* Schritte thun, to act conjointly;
g-e Anstrengung, associated effort; *adv.* in
common; 2) familiar; II. **G-eit**, *(w.) f.* com-
munity, *cf.* **Gemeinschaft**. [**chaft**, **Gemeinde**.
Gemein[same], *(w.) f.* province. *see* **Gemein-**
Gemein[sh], *(str.) n. coll.* (continued) slaugh-
ter, massacre.

Gemein[sh], *(w.) f.* 1) a) community;
community; b) participation; common interest;
partnership, association; 2) fellowship,
companionship, society, intercourse, commerce,
familiarity; *die* — *der* **Gemein**, congeniality of
feeling; *die* — *von* Seele und Leib, union of
soul and body; *die* — *der* Güter, community
of goods or property, common possession;
— *haben*, to be connected, to consort (with),
to intercommunicate; in — *haben*, to have in
common; **G-eort**, *n.* village belonging to
joint proprietors.

Gemein[schaftlich], *I. adj.* common, mutual;
Comm-u. g-e **Freund**, joint stock; *der g-e* **Freund**,
common (*coll.* mutual) friend; *für g-e* **Rech-**
nung, auf *g-e* **Kosten**, on or for joint account;
at joint-expense; *es geht auf g-e* **Kosten**, the
charges are borne in common; *g-e* **Hubert**,
general average; *g-e* **Leben**, social reading;
family reading; *Unternehmungen auf g-e* **Rech-**
nung, joint-stock operations; *g-e* **Berücksich-**
tigung, average duty; *g-e* **Sache** machen, to make
common cause, to join interest, to associate
(with, with); II. *adv.* in common, mutually,
jointly, in company; — *etwas* thun, to join or
unite in doing something; — *aussprechen*, to
concur in expressing; *die* Folgen — *tragen*, to
share consequences; *sich* — *in* eine **Sache** *thei-*
len, to share, to be joint partakers of

Gemein, *in comp.* —**schubner**, *m.* **Comm.**
Law, bankrupt, *cf.* **Extrant**; —**stun**, *m.* *see* —
geit; —**platz**, *m.* common place.

Gemein, *p. a.* minded; *ich bin* —, I intend.
Gemein, *in comp.* —**trift**, *f.* common
(for grazing); *das* **Recht** auf einer —**trift** zu
weiden, commonage; —**verhältnißlich**, *see* —**sch-**
lich; —**wesen**, *n.* public state, community;
—**weise**, —**weise**, *f.* *see* —**trift**; —**wohl**, *n.* com-
mon, public, or general weal.

Gemein[sch], *(w.) f.* *Mixt.* test-ashes.
Gemein[sch], *(str.) n.* 1) mixture, medley;
2) *Glass-w. frit*; *T. see* **Beschickung**; —**schlein**,
n. *Mixt.* vat in which the mingled ore is car-
ried to the furnace; —**stufen**, *m.* *Dy.* chest for
mixing colours; —**strick**, *f.* dyer's stirrer; —
—**stoffe**, *f.* —**stoffe**, *m. pl.* component ingre-
dients or parts of a mixture, &c.; —**tafel**, *f.*
Glass-w. fritting-table.

Gemein[sch], *(str.) n.* medley, compound;
coll. mish-mash, olio, hodgepodge, bald-
dash, gallimaufry, kioskshaw, farrago.

Gemein, *(str.) n.* 1) *T.* token, mark; 2)
Sport. trace; 3) *obsolescent*, memory; 4) *Mixt.*
see **Stufe**.

Gemein[sch], *I. p. a.* 1) measured, strict; 2)
exact, formal, punctilious, stately, distant,
stiff; *ein g-er* **Befehl**, a limited (express or
strict) order or instruction; II. **G-eit**, *(w.) f.* 1)
strictness; 2) exactness, formality,
stately composure.

Gemein[sch], *(str.) n.* slaughter, butchery,
carnage, havoc, massacre.

Gemein[sch], *(str.) n.* mixture, mixtion; med-
ley; *cf.* **Gemein[sch]**.

Gemein[sch], *p. a.* mixed (train, stuff, &c.);
g-e **Ch**, mixed marriage; *g-e* **er** **Wein**, doctored
or sophisticated wine; —**lich**, *adj.* *Comm.*

mixtilineal, mixtilinear, mixed-line (angle,
&c.).

* **Gemeine**, *(w.) f.* (*Lat.*) gem; **G-nab-**
bride, *m. pl.* pastes, artificial gems; **g-nar-**
tig, *adj.* gem-like; **G-nunde**, *f.* glyptography;
G-nundige, *m.* lapidary. [*disperd.*]

Gems, *p. a.* figured, flowered, wrought;
Gemsht, *p. a.* *Mansf.* watered, clouded.

Gems, *(str.) n. coll.* (continued) slaugh-
ter, massacre.

A. Gems, *(str.) m. & n. Min-s.* 1) *see* **G-e-**
röle; 2) micaceous shist; 3) scraper.

B. Gems, *I. (str.) m. & n.*, or **Gem'se**,
(w.) f. *Zool.* chamois, goat of the Alps, wild
goat (*Capella rupicapra* L.); II. *in comp.* —
beretter, *m. provinc.* *see* **Beißgerber**; —**bo**,
m. the male or buck of the chamois.

Gem'sen, *in comp.* —**artig**, *adj.* like a
chamois; —**hellen**, *m.* *see* —**fügel**; —**fell**, *n.*
chamois-skin.

Gem'sen, *adj.* *see* **Gem'senartig**.

Gem'sen, *in comp.* —**jagd**, *f.* chamois-
hunting; —**jäger**, *m.* chamois-hunter; —**fügel**,
f. hair-ball, German besoar, a concretion
found in the stomach of the chamois; —**leder**,
n. chamois-leather, usually (written and pro-
nounced) shammy.

Gems, *in comp.* —**horn**, *n.* chamois
horn; —**thier**, *n.* —**gleg**, *f.* the female or
doe of the chamois, rock doe; —**wur**, *f.*
Bot. leopard's bane (*Artemisia montana* L.).

Gemäl', **Gemäl'm**, *(str.) n.* mouldering
dust, &c. *see* **Kull**, 1.

Gemäl'm, *(str.) n.* *see* **Rindung**.

Gemütel, *(str.) n.* repeated whispering,
muttering, murmuring.

Gemütel, *(str.) n.* murmur, murmuring,
muttering; *ein* **allegrieto** — *des* **Risfallens**,
a universal buzz of discontent; *es geht ein* —,
it is whispered about. [*grumbling*].

Gemürr, *(str.) n.* the (act of) muttering.

Gemü'se, *s. I. (str.) n.* vegetables, greens;
II. *in comp.* —**ampfer**, *m.* *Bot.* patience (*Rumex
patientia*); —**baum**, *m.* cultivation (or
growing) of vegetables; —**beet**, *n.* kitchen-
garden quarter; —**garten**, *m.* kitchen-garden;
—**händler**, *m.* green-grocer; —**schüssel**, *f.* vege-
table dish. [*Wustern*].

Gemüth, *p. a. T.* figured, &c., *see*
Gemüth's, *(str.) n.* mind; soul; heart;
feeling; disposition, nature; *ein* **fruchtbares**,
liebliches —, a kindly, affectionate disposition;
Einem *etwas* zu **G-e** **führen**, 1. to bring
(something) home to one's mind or feelings,
to remind (one of a thing); to remonstrate;
2. to impress on the mind, to urge (some-
thing) upon (one); *sich* (*Dat.*) *etwas* zu **G-e**
ziehen, 1. to take to heart, to grieve; 2. *for*.
to appropriate, to take to one's self; *die* **G-e**
er **erbittern**, to breed ill blood.

Gemüthlich, *I. adj.* 1) relating to the mind,
mental; 2) a) (*applied* to [external] objects or
conditions, &c.) agreeable to the mind, cozy;
nice, pleasant; sociable; easy, snug; com-
fortable; quiet (cup of tea, glass, gossip, &c.);
mir *verbrachten* *eine g-e* **Stunde**, we passed a
cozy (pleasant) hour; b) full of good, fine, or
kindly feeling, kindly disposed, feelingly),
genial, tender, good-natured; II. **G-eit**, *(w.) f.* 1)
state of being agreeable, &c., coisness,
&c.; ease; comfort; *die* **G-eit** *des* **Deichens**,
congenialities of home; 2) kindly disposition;
good-nature; heartiness; tenderness of mind.

Gemüth's, *I. adj.* devoid of kindly feel-
ings, unfeeling; II. **G-eit**, *(w.) f.* absence
of kindly feelings, unfeelingness.

Gemüth's, *in comp.* —**anlage**, —**art**,
—**beschaffenheit**, *f.* disposition, cast, or turn
of mind, temper, humour, character, consti-
tution; —**äußerung**, *f.* expression of one's
mind or feelings; —**bewegung**, *f.* emotion (of
the mind), affection, excitement, passion; —

eigenheit, *f.* peculiarity of the mind or tem-
per; —**freund**, *m.* bosom-friend, intimate
friend; —**trübs**, *adj.* distempered, distressed
or sick in mind, melancholy; —**trübs**, *f.*
distemper, distress, disturbance, or disorder
of the mind, mental complaint, soul-trouble,
melancholy; —**lage**, *f.* *see* —**stimmung**; —**nei-**
gung, *f.* bias, natural inclination, mood,
temper; —**regung**, *f.* 1) *see* —**bewegung**; 2)
impulse of the mind; —**richtung**, *f.* *see* —**nei-**
gung; —**ruhe**, *f.* tranquillity of mind, serene-
sity, placidity, calmness, (evenness of temper;
—**stärke**, *f.* strength of mind; —**stimmung**,
—**verfassung**, *f.* disposition, frame, or tone of
mind, temper; —**unruhe**, *f.* perturbation of
mind, mental inquietude, anxiety, uneasiness;
—**zustand**, *m.* state or frame of mind.

Gemüth's, *adj.* *see* **Gemüthlich**, 2, b.

Gem, (*contr. from gegen*) *prep.* with *Acc.*
(*provinc. with* *Dat.*) obsecrant, towards; —
Simmel, towards or to heaven; — **Simmel**
fabren to soar up to heaven; — **Weg**, to the
west.

Gem'sel, *adj.* *Bot.* umbilicate(d).

Gem'se, *(str.) n.* a (continued) gnawing.

Gem'sel, *adj.* *Bot.* ungulate(d), clawed.

Gem'se, *(str.) n.* 1) (the act or practice
of) sewing; 2) *see* **Richtel**.

Gem'sen, *p. a.* named (*cf.* **Renn**); *Comm.*
(of prices, &c.) noted, quoted; *der* (*die*, *des*)
G-e, the above-named, the above.

* **Gem'sen** [*pr. shē-*], *adj.* inconvenient;
uncomfortable; troublesome; annoying (*Räft*,
Unbequem &c.). [*heft*].

Gem'sig, *adj.* dainty-mouthed &c. (*Reich*;
Gem'sen, *I. adj.* 1) sitting close or exactly
strait, tight (to the body); 2) *fig.* near, in-
timate, particular; 3) accurate, exact; close;
full, particular (report); narrow (search, &c.),
minute, nice (distinctions, &c.); strict, rig-
orous; precise, correct; 4) close, sparing,
parsimonious; *der g-ite* **Preis**, the lowest or
nearest price; *aufs G-e*, to a little; *mit*
g-er **Reiz**, with great difficulty, *see* **Reiz**; *es*
nehmen, to be accurate, exact, punctilious,
particular, to stand upon points; *er nimmt es*
nicht so — (*in* *metallischer* *Beziehung*), *coll.* he
is lax in behaviour, his principles hang
loosely about him; *er nimmt es nicht* — *mit*
seinen *Grundsätzen*, he is not choosy of his ex-
pressions; *Sie dürfen es nicht so* — *nehmen*,
you must not be so particular, you must make
some allowance; — *grünem*, taken strictly,
properly speaking; — *so* *viel*, just as much;
sich sehr — *beheften*, to live close, poorly, very
sparingly or sparingly; *G-er*, farther par-
ticulars.

Gem'sigkeit, *(w.) f.* 1) accuracy, exact-
ness; niceness, minuteness; strictness; pre-
cision, punctuality; 2) *coll.* closeness, sparing-
ness, parsimoniousness. [*derm.*]
* **Gem'sen** [*pr. shēng-*], *m.* *see* **Gem-**
* **Gem'sig**, *(w.) m.* (*Gr.*) genealogist.
— **Gem'sig**, *(w.) f.* genealogy. — **Gem-**
sch'sig, *adj.* genealogical. [*teasing*].
Gem'sen, *(str.) n.* (the act or practice of)
Gem'sen, *adj.* 1) agreeable; 2) approved
of; — *halten*, *see* **Gem'sen** *x*; *wenn* *Sie*
es so — *halten*, if you think that proper; if
you approve it thus; — *sein*, to prove accept-
able; *wenn* *es dir* — *ist*, if it suits you; if you
like or please; *es ist mir nicht* — *zu* *gehen*, I
do not choose to go; —**haltung**, *f.* *see* **G-**
nehmung.

Gem'sen, *(w.) f.* *tr.* 1) to approve
(of), ratify, agree, assent to, to sanction;
— *Sie* *die* *Befürderung* *meiner* *besonderen* *Beför-*
derung, receive the assurance of my par-
ticular esteem; 2) to allow, permit; to grant;
3) to accept (a bill of exchange).

Gem'sigung, *(w.) f.* 1) (the act of)
granting, permission, allowance; license, con-

cession; assent; sanction; 3) approbation, approval; 5) acceptance; mit —, with (the) consent (of); *Gen-fürsorge*, *f.* deed of composition.

Geneig, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *coll.* (the act and repetition of) bowing, courtesying; 2) *T.* inclination (downwards).

Geneigt, *p. a.* 1) inclined, bent; *fig-s.* 2) inclined (*ju, to*), bent (*on*), disposed, willing, ready; *noch nicht* —, not yet prepared; prone, addicted; 3) *a)* favourable; propitious; *b)* favourably inclined or disposed (*Einem, towards one*); gracious, kind; affectionate; *sich* — *finden lassen*, to consent, to condescend; — *machen*, 1. to dispose (*ju, to, for*), incline (*te, for*); 2. to propitiate; *g-er Geier, Lit. gente* (courteous) reader.

Geneigt, (*w. f.*) 1) inclination; *fig-s.* 2) inclination, disposition, willingness; bent, tendency, proneness, propensity; 3) favour, kindness, affection.

* **Generäl**, *I. adj. (Lat.)* general; *II. s. (str., pl. Generäle, coll. Generäle)* *m.* general, commander; *III. in comp.* — *arceif, f.* excise-general; — *arceifdirector*, *m.* director general of the excise; — *arceifdirector*, *m.* receiver general of the excise; — *adjutant*, *m.* aide-de-camp, adjutant-general; — *advocat*, — *anwalt*, *m.* advocate-general, attorney-general; — *agent*, *m.* general agent; — *agentur*, *f.* general agency; — *archivar*, *m.* master of the rolls; — *arzt*, *m.* surgeon of the army.

* **Generälst**, (*str. J. (L. Lat.)* 1) generalship; 2) district superintended by a general.

Generäl..., *in comp.* — *adjuvant*, *m.* judge-advocate general, judge-marshal (of an army); — *bas*, *m.* *Gen.* thorough-bass or -bass, continued bass; — *besitzer*, *m.* thorough-bass player; — *besitzer*, *f.* *Min.* general visit by the superior officers of a mine; — *besicht*, *m.* general order; — *blanz*, *f.* *Comm.* annual balance; — *captän*, *m.* captain general; — *capitän*, *m.* chapter-general; — *commandant*, *m.* general in command; — *commande*, *n.* office of the commanding general; — *commissär*, *m.* commissary general; — *consul*, *m.* consular general; — *consulat*, *n.* 1) consulate general; 2) general consulship; — *director*, *m.* director-general. [*neral law.*]

* **Generäle**, (*str.*) *n. (Lat.)* statute, *ge-* **Generäl...**, *in comp.* — *erfah*, *m.* *Comm.* general release; — *feldmarfchall*, *m.* field-marshal-general, generalissimo; — *feldwachtmeister*, *m.* major-general; — *feldzeugmeister*, *m.* master-general of the ordnance; — *fiscäl*, *m.* attorney-general; — *gewaltige*, *m. t.* *see* — *adjuvant*; — *gouverneur*, *m.* governor-general; — *handel*, *m.* trade in general.

* **Generälfr**, (*w. f.*) (a) general's wife or lady.

* **Generäl...**, *in comp.* — *inspector*, *m.* inspector-general; — *intendant*, *m.* chief or superintendent of the commissariat (in Prussia).

* **Generälfrren**, (*w. v. tr.* to generalise.

* **Generälfrren**, (*w. f.*) (a) general's wife or lady.

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shal; — *präbantenmeister*, *m.* chief of the commissariat; — *quartiermeister*, *m.* quarter- (or) barrack-master-general; — *quittung*, *f.* acquittance in full of all accounts (or demands); receipt in full, general release; — *schmelzung*, *f.* *Min.* smelting of all sorts of poor ore; — *staaten*, *m. pl.* states general; the States of Holland; — *stab*, *m.* staff; generality: — *stabsarzt*, (*str.*) *m.* surgeon general; — *stabsfarte*, *f.* ordinance-map; — *stabsfart*, *f.* omnium; — *stabsfarte*, *m.* Stadtholder general (of the former Austrian Netherlands); — *stelle*, *f.* generalship; — *sturm*, *m.* general assault; — *superintendent*, *m.* superintendent general (a dignity in the Lutheran church); — *superintendentur*, *f.* office and residence of the superintendent general; — *swärde*, *f.* generalship; — *versammlung*, *f.* general assembly; — *verweser*, — *bicar*, *m.* grand-vicar; — *vollmacht*, *f.* general power of attorney; — *warenkonto*, *n.* *Comm.* merchandise-account; — *wache*, *f.* *see* *Sturmwache*; — *wachtmeister*, *m.* master general of the train; — *zahnmeister*, *m.* 1) paymaster-general; 2) controller of the navy.

* **Generälfrren**, (*w. f.*) (*Lat.*) generation.

* **Generäl**, (*adj. (Lat.)* general (General [*Lat.*]).

* **Generälfrren**, (*adj. (L. Lat.)* generic.

* **Generälfrren**, (*pr. zhän-*), (*adj. (Fr.)* generous (*Großmütig*).

Genf, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to recover, grow well; *cinet Kindes* — (*t. &*) —, to be delivered of a child; *ber (or die)* — *Ge*, *m. (t. & f.)* (*decl. like adj.*) convalescent.

* **Genf**, (*str.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) genesis (*also Bibl.*).

Genf, (*w. f.*) recovery, convalescence; *auf dem Wege der* — *sein*, to be in a fair way of recovery; — *Genf*, *n.* remedy, medicine; *allgemeines Genf*, panacea, catholicon.

* **Genf**, (*adj. (Gr.)* genetic.

* **Genf**, (*pr. zhän-*), (*w. f.*) (*Fr.*) Zool. (*Genett*) genet (*Viverra genetia* L.).

* **Genf**, (*str.*) (*see* —), (*str.*) (*Fr.*) Holland, Geneva, *gin* (*Wacholderbranntwein*).

Genf, *n.* *Geogr.* Geneva (a town in Switzerland).

— **Genf**, (*str.*) *m. & adj.* Genevaise;

— **Genf**, *n.* lake of Geneva, lake Lemman.

* **Genf**, (*adj. (Lat.)* highly gifted, ingenious, genial; spirited, bold, full of genius; *cin g-er Mann*, a man of genius (*pl. geniuses*).

* **Genf**, (*w. f.*) genality, genius.

Genf, (*str.*) *n.* nape, back of the neck, scruff; *gum* — *gehörig*, cervical; *das* — *brechen*, to break one's neck. [*continued*] nodding.

Genf, (*str.*) *n.* *coll.* (the act of, or a

Genf, (*w. v. tr.* 1) to break or cut the neck; 2) *Sport.* to stab or kill (a deer, &c.) with the hanger.

Genf, *in comp.* — *fang*, *m.* *Hunt.* a stab, thrust with the hanger; — *fänger*, *m.* *see* *Hirschfänger & Fasangmesser*; — *fistel*, *f.* *Med.* poll-evil; — *krampf*, *m.* *Med.* spasmodic contraction of the neck, cerebro-spinal meningitis; — *mündeln*, *n.* *Anat.* one of the three muscles of the thorax; — *schmerz*, *m.* pain in the nape or neck; — *stöß*, *m.* *see* — *fang*.

* **Genf**, (*pr. zhän-*), (*str.*, *pl. G-s*) (*n.*) 1) genius (*pl. geniuses*); spirit; talent; 2) *cont.* an original, queer fellow; — *corp*, *n.* *see* *Ingenieurcorp*. [*nus*].

* **Genf**, (*w. f.*) *pl. Myth.* genii, *cf.* *Genf*.

Genf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *t.* *see* *Genf*; 2) *Sport.* intestines and blood of deer, &c. given to the hounds as food.

Genf, *I. adj.* fit for enjoyment: 1)

estable, drinkable; edible, esculent; palatable; 2) *fig.* palatable, relishing; readable: *II. G-heit*, (*w. f.*) quality of being estable or drinkable; tastefulness, relish.

Genf, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Riechbrand*.

Genf, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*t. &*) *t.* *see* *Genf*.

with Genf: *als ob es* (*das Stroh*) *ist* *der* *Stute* — *will* (*Freiligrath*), as if wanting to enjoy the coolness) 1) to enjoy, make use of; to have the benefit (use) of; *meinig* *Erbit* —, to have little credit; 2) to take, taste (food or drink); *etwas* —, to take some refreshment; 3) to enjoy, receive; *das heilige Abendmahl* —, to take (or partake of) the Lord's supper; 4) *Sport.* to scent, smell, catch the scent or track of ...; *Einem etwas* *sich* *genossen* *hingehen lassen*, *coll.* to let one off with impunity or scot-free; *die Hunde* *genossen* *machen*, *Sport.* to give the dogs of the intestines and blood of game.

Genf, (*adj.* 1) *see* *Genf*; 2) comfortable; 3) *t.* profitable; 4) *t.* self-seeking, selfish; 5) over-fond of enjoying one's self (*Genflichkeit*).

* **Genf**, (*pr. zhän-*), (*w. f.*) *see* — *corp*.

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Genf, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Riechbrand*.

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Genf, (*adj.* 1) *see* *Genf*; 2) comfortable; 3) *t.* profitable; 4) *t.* self-seeking, selfish; 5) over-fond of enjoying one's self (*Genflichkeit*).

utensils; 3) moveable goods, furniture; tack-ling; 3) effects, chattels; cf. *Gerpäck*; linen, apparel; —*stl.*, *n.* see *Stuhlholz*; —*hammer*, *f.* 1) laundry; 2) lumber-room; —*kasten*, *m.* box for tools, *acc.*; chest for linen.

Geräthen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to come (*aus*, *in*, *an* (*with Acc.*) *ic.*, *into*, *to*, *acc.*), to fall (*into* [*an ambushade*, *acc.*], *upon*, *acc.*), to get, to be thrown (*unter* (*with Acc.*), *be- tween*, *among*); to hit, light (*aus* (*with Acc.*), *upon*); to come or fall (*on*) by chance; to meet, to light upon or find as by accident; 2) to turn out, to prove; 3) (*with Dat.*) to succeed (well), to prosper, thrive; *nicht* —, to fail; an *einander* —, to fall out with ...; *nicht* —, to engage together in close fight; to fall together by the ears, to come to blows; *ich bin auf den Geranken* —, it has occurred to my mind, the thought struck me; *auf einen Einfall* —, to get a fancy; *auf den Schienen* —, to get off the rails; *auf sich* —, to lose temper, to fall into a passion; *auf eine Meinung* —, to embrace, adopt, or get hold of an opinion; *gegen etwas* —, to hit or strike against; in *Brand* —, to take or catch fire; in *Gefahr* —, to run into danger, to incur the risk (of ...); in *Gruse* —, to go or fly into ecstasies (*über* (*with Acc.*), *with*); in *ein seltsames Conté* —, *Comm.* to get upon a wrong account; in *Ir- rthum* —, to fall into errors; in *Schulden* —, to run in or into debt, to contract or in- cur debts; in *den Stöcken* —, to cease to move, to (begin to) stagnate, to stop; in *Streit* —, to fall out, to fall quarrelling (*mit*, *with*); in *Umrufe* —, to grow (or become) agitated or alarmed; in *den Verdacht* —, to incur (the) suspicion (of); in *Verfall* —, to run to waste or ruin, to (begin to) decay; in *Bergeffenheit* —, to fall into oblivion or neglect; in *Ver- wirrung* —, to run into confusion; to become or be confused; in *den Zorn* —, to fall into a passion; — *nach*, *Ag.* to take after; *der Wein ist dieses Jahr nicht* —, the vines have failed (missed) this year; *wohl* —, to come to good; *wohl- oder gutgerathene Kinder*, well-bred, well- mannered children; *es graute über unsraße*, hit or miss; *jum Rerath* *ic.* —, *+* see *Ger- rathen & Wasfalten*, 8.

Geräthen, *p. a.* (*from Rathen*) advisable; useful, advantageous; *sich* (*Dat.*) — *sein lassen*, to be advised, to take (good) counsel; *sich* — *halten*, to think (it) advisable; *damit wöte mir* —, that would answer all my wants.

Gerätheshaf, (*induct.*) *n.* random, chance, hazard; *aus* —, at random, at hap-hazard, at a venture.

Geräthschaft, (*n.*) *f.* or *G-en*, *pl.* see *Ger- rathen*; (*str.*) *n.* the (act or practice of) fumigating, perfuming, fumigation.

Gerathen, (*str.*) *n.* the (act or practice of) picking, pulling one's hair, *acc.* cf. *Rausen*; *sauft*, *light*.

Geräum, *adj.* 1) see *Geräumig*; 2) *Ag.* long; *cine g-er Zeit*, a long time; *seit g-er Zeit*, this long time.

Geräumig (*l. n.*: *Geräumlich*), *I. adj.* ample, large, wide, spacious, capacious, roomy, broad; II. *G-heit*, (*n.*) *f.* amplexness, spaciousness, *acc.*, room, capacity. [*trug*].

Geräumte, (*str.*) *n.* Forest clearing (*Rau- räumlich*); (*str.*) *n.* 1) noise, bustle, rust-ling; clashing, din, clattering (of arms), murmuring (of rivers, *acc.*); *Ag.* noise, sensa- tion; *mit* —, *Ag.* with ostentation, ostenta- tion; *ohne* —, *Ag.* in a quiet way, without noise; 2) *Sport*. see *Geräusch*.

Geräusch, *I. adj.* noiseless; II. *G-ig- keit*, (*n.*) *f.* noiselessness.

Geräuschvoll, *adj.* noisy, boisterous, bust- ling, obtrusive; *Ag.* also ostentatious.

Geräuscher, (*str.*) *n.* the (act or custom of) hawking, spitting, cf. *Rauspern*.

Geräuschet, *adj.* *Harald*. lozengy.

Geräusche, (*n.*) *f.* see *Geräusche*, 2.

Geräthe... (*cf.* *Gerb...*), *in comp.* *T-s.* —

baul, *f.* bench for paring hides on; —*baum*, *m.* tanner's horse or beam; —*eisen*, *n.* paring- knife; —*hammer*, *m.* *T. tilt-hammer*; —*hofel*, *m.* cooper's smoothing-plane; —*haus*, *n.* see *Gerber*, 1; —*hammer*, *f.* 1) tanner's work- shop; 2) *provinc.* see *Schiffel*; —*mühle*, *f.* 1) oakbark mill; 2) husking-mill.

Gerben, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Tann.* to tan, curry, dress (hides); 2) *T.* to tilt (steel); to polish (metals); 3) *Müll.* *a*) to decorticate, husk; *b*) (*Switz.*) to winnow (*Borfen*); 4) *coll.* to beat, thrash, *anal.* to carry one's hide.

Gerber, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) tanner, currier, leather-dresser; 2) *Entom.* saw-beetle (*Pro- nus corvarius* L.); II. *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) sumach (tree) (*Rhus coriaria* L.); 2) myrtle-leaved sumach (*Coriaria myrsifolia* L.); —*gang*, *m.* see *Gerbermühle*, 2; —*grube*, *f.* tan-pit; —*handwert*, *m.* tanner's trade; —*hof*, *m.* tanning yard; —*fall*, *m.* tanning-lime; —*stinne*, *f.* see *Gerbonie*; —*stse*, *f.* 1) tan, tanner's bark; 2) ooze, liquor of a tanner's vat (in which the hides are soaked); —*messer*, *n.* currier's or tanner's knife; —*mühle*, *f.* tanning-mill; —*myrte*, *f.* *Bot.* common-myrtle (*Myrtus communis* L.); —*rinde*, *f.* quercitron- bark; —*strang*, —*sumach*, *m.* see —*baum*, 2; —*weide*, *f.* *Bot.* white willow (*Salix alba* L.); —*wolle*, *f.* skinner's wool, mortlings.

Gerberet, (*n.*) *f.* 1) tanning-house, tan- yard, tannery; 2) tanner's trade.

Gerb... (*cf.* *Gerbe...*), *in comp.* —*flure*, *f.* *Chem.* tannic acid, tannin; —*fluhl*, *m.* 1) tilted (cast) steel; 2) burnishing steel; —*stoff*, *m.* tanning-principle, tan, *Chem.* tannin; —*stube*, *f.* shade or drying room.

* *Gerbullren*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (*Spon.* garbil- lar, *Fr.* grabeller, *cf.* *Gerbellen*) *Comm.* to cast out the refuse, to garble. — *Gerbullar*, (*n.*) *f.* *Comm.* 1) refuse (of spices, *acc.*), brack, garbles, trash, outshot; 2) deduction made for refuse.

Gerch, *adj.* 1) fit, suitable; 2) versed, skilled; according to rules; 3) right, merited, legitimate; 4) just, righteous; *der, die G-e*, 1. the just; *ich bin unschuldig am Blute dieses G-en* (*Math.* 27, 24), I am innocent of the blood of this just person; 2. *der G-e* (*s. a. Gott*), the Almighties; *die G-en*, *pl.* the righteous; *g-er Gott!* good God! *coll.* good gracious! — *werden* (*with Dat.*), to do justice, to give a fair trial; to meet (demands, *acc.*), to satisfy (creditors); *sich* (*Dat.*) *selbst* — *wer- den*, to do one's self justice, to take the law in one's own hands; — *sein*, to fit, suit (of clothes); *allen Eitern* — *sein*, *Ag.* to be jack at all trades, apt (fit) for anything, to accommodate one's self to anything; — *ma- chung*, *f.* justification.

Gerchtigkeit, (*n.*) *f.* 1) justness; 2) jus- tice, law; 3) justice, righteousness, impar- tiality; 4) right, privilege, immunity, license; *Semandem* — *widerfahren lassen*, to do one justice; *die* — *handhaben*, to administer or distribute justice; *in comp.* *G-liche*, *f.* love of justice, equity; *g-licheud*, *adj.* equitable; *G-tylige*, *f.* (administration of) justice.

Gerchtam, *I. adj.* *provinc.* lawful, legiti- mate; II. *G-e*, (*n.*) *f.* (*sometimes used as a str. pl.*) right, privilege, immunity; pre- rogative, franchise.

Gerch, *Gerch*, *adj.* *Mar.* ready, clear, prepared.

Gerche, (*str.*) *n.* (act or way of) talking, talk, sayings; report, rumour, *cf.* *Reden*, II.; *ein langes* — *machen*, to descant (von, *über* (*with Acc.*), on, upon); *ins* — *kommen*, to get a bad character or name; *sich ins* — *bringen*, to get one's self talked about; *Einen ins* —

bringen, to defame, to slander or asperse a person's reputation, to hitch one into a story. *Gerchen*, (*n.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to talk; *Law.* to promise, assure; to confirm.

Gerche, (*str.*) *n.* (the act of, or a con- tinued) rubbing, friction.

Gerchen, (*n.*) *v. intr.* (*with zu*) to tend, redound, turn to, to prove; *es gericht dir zum Ruhme*, *Lohe*, *zur Ehre*, that redounds to your glory, praise, honour; *Einem zur Be- friedigung* —, to give one (great) satisfaction; *Einem zum Verderben* —, to prove fatal to one, to prove one's ruin; *es wüßte mir zur Ehre* —, I should consider it an honour; *jum Vergnügen* —, to afford pleasure.

Gerche, (*str.*) *n. cont.* (the act, practice, or way of) rhyming; doggerel, bad poetry.

Gerche, (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) hearing, *acc.*, scramble, *cf.* *Reigen*.

Gerch, *I. p. a.* irritated, exasperated, angry; II. *G-heit*, (*n.*) *f.* irritation, indigna- tion, resentment.

Gerchen, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual) running.

Gerchen, (*n.*) *v. impera.* to cause regret, to influence with repentance; *es geruch mich*, I repent (of) it; *sich* (*Acc.*) *ctwas* — *lassen*, to repent of.

Gerch, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Forest*. a clearing (*Rau- bruch*); 2) *provinc.* wood belonging to a com- munity; —*genossen* or *Gerchen*, (*n.*) *m. pl.* participators in the advantages of such a wood; —*gerb*, *m.* *Metall*. pit before the fur- nace for the reception of the melted pewter; —*terde*, *f.* *Ornith.* tit-lark, wood-lark.

Gerfall, (*n.*) *m.* see *Gerfall*.

Gerget (*Gerget*), (*str.*) *m. & (n.) f.* 1) *Corp.* chimb (*Reime*, *Rimme*, *Sarge*); 2) *Coop.* chimb- notch, crosse (*Stäbe*). — *Gergetin*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to provide with chimbs or notches (*Sargen*).

Gergetel, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* gray-bunting.

Gerhab, *Gerhaber*, (*str.*) *m.* (*+* *th*) *pro- vinc.* guardian, *acc.* see *Bormund*.

Gerhard, *m.* Gerard (*P.N.*); *G-strant*, *n.* herb-gerhard, goat-wort, gout-wort (*Epopo- dium podagraria* L.).

Gericht, (*str.*) *n.* I. 1) dish, meal; *cine* — *Stiche*, a dish of fish; 2) *Sport* gins, springs; II. 1) judgment; doom; sentence; 2) court; tribunal; court of justice; 3) jurisdiction; 4) place of execution; *vor* —, at the bar of jus- tice; *vor* — (*Acc.*) *fortern*, to summon; to enter an action or to proceed against; *Einen vor* — *bringen* or *stellen*, to bring one to his trial, to put one on his trial; to summon before a court; *sich vor* — *stellen*, *vor* — *er- scheinen*, to appear in court; to answer the summons; *cine Sache vor* — *bringen*, *ans* or *vor* — *gehen*, to go or to proceed to law, to follow the law, to enter or to commence an action, to institute proceedings; — *halten* or *im* — *stehen*, *zu* — *stehen* (*über Eimen*), to sit in judgment (on one), to administer justice, to judge or hear causes; — *halten über* (*with Acc.*), to sit upon ..., to try; *sich auf ein höf- res* — *betruhen*, to interpose appeal; *das jüngste* —, doomsday, day of judgment, last judgment.

Gerichtlich, *adj.* 1) judicial, judiciary; good or valid in law; legal, notarial; *adv.* judicially, in a judicial way, before the justice, at law, by law; in due form of law; in legal form; 2) forensic (as *f.* eloquence, medicine, *acc.*); — *abgefast* or *germacht*, legalised, veri- fied, in due form of law; — *bestellt*, duly com- missioned; — *ernennen*, to designate, nomi- nate officially; — *liquide erkennnte Schulden*, *pl.* judgment debts; — *verkaufen*, to sell by sub- auction; — *verleihen*, to warn, to summon; *die g-e Medicin*, medical jurisprudence; *das g-e Erkenntnis*, recognisance; *die g-e Stille*, execution in a civil cause; *g-e Schritte* *suchen*, *g-e Schritte thun*, to take legal steps, to seek legal redress; *cine g-e Urkunde*, a legal

maſſen, to carry on or do business, to buy and sell, to deal (in); gutt *Ge-t* maſſen, to get or go on thrivingly: er hat ein gutes — gemacht, he has made a good (profitable) affair or bargain; er macht große *Ge-t*, he carries on a large or great business, in einem *Ge-t* ſein, Comm. to be employed (or engaged) in a house; er iſt im *Ge-t* bei ..., he is engaged with ... ſich (*Dat.*) ein — vorauſ machen, to make it one's business; eſ iſt nicht mein —, it is no business of mine; it is out of my line or way; dieſe ſoll mein erſtes — ſein, I will make this my first object; der — leitende Ausſchuß, managing committee, committee of management.

Geſchäftet, *p. a. Herald.*, &c. shafted. *Geſchäftig*, *I. adj.* 1) busy, busied, employed, active, at work; 2) bustling, in a bustle; officious; übermäßig —, fussy, idgety; — *Ge-t* ſpielen, to play at shop or the busy body; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) 1) activity, application in business; 2) bustle, stir (in business); officiousness; übermäßige —, fussiness.

Geſchäftlich, *I. adj.* relating to business, *cf. Geſchäfts* ...; business-like; *g-e* Wiſſenſchaft, correctness as a man of business; mercantile correctness; der *g-e* Theil eines Briefes, business-portion of a letter; *g-e* Nothwendigkeit, necessity of business; — betraſſet, regarded from a business-point of view; *g-e* Angelegenheiten, business-concerns, business-matters; II. *adv.* in a business-like manner.

Geſchäfts ..., *in comp.* —beſorger, *m. see* —führer; —betrieß, *m.* working of the business; —blid, *m.* business-eye; —buch, *n.* (Klein's) debt book; —drang, *m.* pressure of business; —eifer, *m.* zeal or earnestness of business; —eifrig, *adj.* intent on business; —erfahren, *adj. see* —kundig; —erfahrung, *f.* experience, routine in business, versatility; —faß, *n.* depart ment; —fähig, *adj.* able for business; —fertig, practised or quick in business; —fertigkeit, *f.* routine; —frei, *m.* application to business; —frei, free from business, unemployed, idle; —freund, *m. Comm.* a friend or partner (in business); employer; correspondent; —führer, *m.* 1) manager of a business; head-clerk; leading hand; factor; (in Fabriken) overseer; 2) functionary, agent; 3) commission merchant, commissioner; —führung, *f.* managing or management of a business; —gang, *m.* 1) walk on business, errand; 2) routine, round, or run of business; way of doing (business); —gegenß, *f.* shoppy neighbourhood; —geiß, *m.* mind or turn for business; —geuß, *m.* partner; —gewandtheit, *f.* dexterity in business, routine; —jahreszeit, *f.* (brick) season; —kenntniß, *f.* professional skill; *cf. —kunde*; —kenntniß, *f.* knowledge of business; —kreis, *m.* department, sphere of business; —kunde, *f.* skill in business, routine; —kundig, *versed*, practised in business, experienced (skilled or versed) in trade; —leben, *n.* trade, business-life; —leitend, *adj.* managing; —leitung, *f. see* —führung; —leute, *pl.* men of business, tradesmen, dealers, traffickers; professional men; —local, *n.* counting-house, office, shop; (in Amerika) store. *Geſchäftslos*, *adj.* 1) unemployed (clerk, &c.), *see* —frei; 2) dull, *cf. —ſau*, 2.; *g-e* Zeit, dead (slack) period or season; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) 1) the being unemployed; inactivity, idleness; 2) dulness (of trade), stagnation, slack; *cf. —ſtaube*.

Geſchäfts ..., *in comp.* —mann, *m.* man of business, *cf. —leute*; —mannſchaft, *adj.* belonging to a man of business, business-like; —mäßig, *adj.* business-like; —ordnung, *f.* order of business; (im Parlament) standing orders; —periode, *f.* season; —personal, *n.* person (men) employed in a business (esta-

lishment); *coll.* business-hands; —regel, *f.* rule of business; —reise, *f.* journey on (tour of) business; business-round; —reisende, *m.* travelling clerk, commercial traveller; —routine, *f.* experience in business, routine; —sach, *f.* matter of business, business-transaction; —schönung, *m.* briskness of trade; —sprache, *f.* commercial language; —stil, *m.* business-like (or commercial) style; —stille, —störung, *f.* dulness of trade, *cf. —ſtaube*; —stunde, *f. see* —zimmer; —stunden, *pl.* hours of business, office-hours; (der Bank) bank-hours; außer der —zeit, out of office-hours; —träger, *m.* 1) a) agent, consignee; b) proxy, mandatary; 2) *Polit.* chargé d'affaires, envoy; —unternehmen, *n.*, —unternehmung, *f.* Comm. (commercial) undertaking, enterprise, speculation; —unternehmung, *f.* conference; —verbindungs, *f.* (business) connexion, (commercial) relation; correspondence; in —verbindung ſtehen mit ..., to stand (doctant; to be) in correspondence, transact business with ...; in —verbindung (mit ...) treten, 1. to enter into connexion or correspondence (with); 2. to enter into (or to contract) a partnership; —verkehr, *m.* (commercial) intercourse; dealings; —verwalter, —verweſer, *m.* procurator; proctor; assignee; —verweisung, —verweisung, *f. see* —führung; —verfall, *m.* transaction; —verfälle darſtellen, to state or record transactions; —zimmer, *m.* office; bureau; counting-(room or) house; shop; cabinet; —wirth, *m.* line or branch of business or trade.

Geſchät, (*str.*) *n.* playfulness; (act or practice of) playing, joking.

Geſchätzig, *adj.* *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) (*n.*) *see* Echamheit, Echamhaftigkeit.

Geſchärre, *Geſchärre*, *Geſchärre*, (*str.*) *n.* a (repeated or incessant) scratching, pawing (the ground, as horses do), looking, swinging, &c. *cf. —ſcharen* &c.

Geſcheh, *p. a. pled.*, *see* *Geſchick*. *Geſchehen*, (*str.*) *v. inkr.* (*aux. ſein*) & *impers.* to happen; to take place, to occur; to be done; to come to pass, chance, befall: to come about; dein Willie geſchehe! thy will be done! eſ geſchehe! let it be done! well, let it be so! als dies — war, this done; eſ iſt bereits —, it is already done; was ſoll in der Sache —? what shall be done about it? eſ geſchehe, was da wolle, let (may) happen what will, no matter what may happen: eſ ſoll ihm kein Leid —, he shall not be hurt, no harm shall befall him; eſ iſt gern —, you are welcome (to it); —laſſen, not to hinder, to let pass, endure passively, to connive at ...; was nicht — laſſen, to keep a thing from being done; eſ iſt ihm recht —, it served him right (ly), he is rightly served; eſ iſt mir, ihm &c. zu viel —, I have, he has, &c. been wronged or unfairly dealt with; er wußte nicht, wie ihm geſchah, he did not know what to make of it; eſ iſt um mich —, I am undone, it is all over (up) with me, my business is done; fo — (*p. p.*) Reipig den 20. Juli, so done at I. this 20th day of July; *g-e* Dinge ſind nicht zu ändern, proverb, what's done, cannot be undone, it is too late to consult today.

Geſchehniß, (*str.*) *n.* (not usual) event, occurrence, *see* Ereigniß, Vorgang.

Geſchick, (*str.*) *n.* Sport. the entrails of deer, &c. humbles, nobles, umbles.

Geſchick, *Geſchick*, *I. adj.* discreet, prudent, intelligent, judicious, clever, sensible, *coll.* knowing; nicht (recht) — ſein, to be half-witted or out of one's wits, to be a little cracked; aus einer Sache — werden, coll. to understand or comprehend a thing; nichts *Ge-t*, *coll.* nothing worth talking of; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) discretion, prudence, intelligence, wit; judiciousness, cleverness.

Geſchickte, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual or inces-

sant) ringing (of a small bell, as in public houses, &c.).

Geſchickte, (*str.*) *n.* a (continued) scolding. *Geſchenk*, (*str.*) *n.* present, gift; gratification; gratuity; largesse, donation, donative; (Eincm) ein — machen mit ..., (Eincm) etwas zum — machen, to make (one) a present of; ich gab ihm einen Ring zum —, I gave him a ring as (ob. for) a present; zum — beſtimmen, to receive as a present; ich erhielt eſ zum —, I had it given me; —exemplar, *n.* presentation-copy (Freitext); —geber, *m.* donor, giver; —nehmer, *m.* donee. [sant joking.]

Geſcherze, (*str.*) *n.* a continual or inces-

sant *Geſchickte*.

Geſchickchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Geſchickte*) little story, tale, anecdote; —erzählen, to tell stories.

Geſchichte, (*n. f.*) 1) history; 2) story, tale, narrative, narration; 3) *iron. & fam.* affair, concern; eſ iſt in der — verwickelt, it is upon record; das merkwürdigſte Beiſpiel, was die — aufbewahrt hat, the most remarkable example on record; *coll.* *e.* eine Summe —, an awkward affair; (das iſt) eine ſchöne —, fine doings (these); (here is) a pretty pickle! a nice go! a pretty go! die — mit den 20 Francen, the matter of the 20 francs; die ganze —, the whole concern.

Geſchicht ..., *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* anecdotal; —buch, *n.* history-book, story-book; legendary; —träger, *m.* coll. tale-bearer, scandal-grubber, scandal-monger.

Geſchichtlich, *I. adj.* historical; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) historical base or truth.

Geſchichtsbuch, (*str.*) *n.* (*cf. —büch*) *n.* book of history.

Geſchicht ..., *in comp.* —ſchreiber, *m.* historian, historiographer; * recorder; —ſchreibung, *f.* historiography, historical composition.

Geſchicht ..., *in comp.* —erzählung, *f.* historical narrative; Law, statement of the facts of a case; —erſucher, *m.* historical inquirer; —erſuchung, *f.* historical inquiry; —freund, *m.* friend of history; —gelehrte, —kenner, —kundige, *m.* historian, a man skilled in history; —gemälde, *n.* history piece; —ſender, *m.* historical almanach; —ſtunde, *f.* history, historical science; —maler, *m.* historical painter, history painter; —maleri, *f.* historical painting; —mäßig, *adj.* historical; —wiſſenſchaft, *f. see* —kunde; —zug, *m.* historical trait, anecdote.

Geſchick, (*str.*) *n.* 1) fate, destiny, lot, fatality; 2) fitness, aptness, proportion, conformity; ins — bringen, to adjust, dispose, put in order; 3) skill (in, for), dexterity, address, ability, wit, *coll.* knack, *cf. Geſchicklichkeit*; 4) *Min.* lode. [ing.]

Geſchickte, (*str.*) *n.* *coll.* a (repeated) send. *Geſchicklich*, *I. adj.* +, *see* *Geſchicklich* & *Geſchick*; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) aptness, ableness; skilfulness, skill, adroitness, ability, dexterity, address, cleverness, *coll.* knack; *ſeine* *Ge-t* zeigen, to show or try one's skill; er beſaß viele *Ge-t*, he is clever (skilful) in many things or has a good (excellent) hand at any thing.

Geſchick, *I. adj.* 1) fit, apt, qualified, convenient, proper, commodious; 2) skilful, skilled, adroit, able, qualified, dexterous, clever; handy; zu etwas — machen, to enable, fit, qualify for ...; —ausführen, curriden, to contrive or manage cleverly; das kam — heraus, that was to the purpose, *coll.* that came out very pat; II. *Ge-t*, (*n. f.*) *see* *Geſchicklichkeit*.

Geſchicke, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *coll.* a repeated shoving; 2) *Geol.* boulder, *cf. —ſtücke*; —ſtück, *m.* *pl.* erratic blocks, boulders; —formationen, *pl.* unstratified deposits.

Geſchickten, *I. p. a.* separated, &c. *see*

Geſchütz, *p. a.* a. shod, shod.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* *Mün.* dross, alag, scoria.
Geſchütze, *(str.) n.* 1) a (repeated) pouring, emitting of liquids; 2) *Mün.* mixed layers.
Geſchütter, *(str.) n.* a. continued shaking, jolting, see **Geſtütt**.
Geſchütz, *s. l. (str.) n.* 1) shooting engine, cannon, gun; 2) *collect.* guns, artillery, ordnance; *ein Stüd* —, a piece of ordnance; *das große oder ſchwere* —, great or heavy guns, ordnance, large artillery, heavy caliber, heavy metal; *armament (of fortresses): das kleine* —, small artillery; *II. in comp.* —*betzung*, *f.* —*baum*, *m.* sleepers, platform; —*bedt*, *f.* cover, wad-mill-tilt; —*ſchutter*, *m.* report of ordnance, roar or booming of cannon; —*ſchütz*, *n.* cannonade; —*ſchütz*, *f.* round shot; —*ſchütz*, *f.* the art of managing projectiles, gunnery; —*metall*, *n.* gun-metal; —*ſchütz*, *f.* port-hole; —*probe*, *f.* trial of cannon(s), proof of ordnance; —*richtung*, *f.* levelling of a piece of ordnance; —*ſchütz*, *n.* —*ſchütz*, *f. pl.* *Mün.* gun-tackles; —*wagen*, *m.* ammunition-wagon, caisson; —*weite*, *f.* caliber; —*wesen*, *n.* gunnery, artillery; —*zug*, *m.* train of artillery.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* 1) a squadron (a body of troops, *particul.* cavalry: a detachment of ships); 2) a swarm (*particul.* of flying animals, bees, &c.); [*Stranien* in *granulatum* — (*Schiller*, *Ibykus*), [*crane*] in *grauſch* clusters or swarms.
Geſchütz, *p. a.* a. having a tall, caudate; *Mün.* marked with a hook; *g-e* *Witten*, crotchets.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* *g-e* **Geſchütz**.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* 1) (idle) talk, (senseless) prattle, babble, tittle-tattle, (chit-)chat, gossip; 2) a) babbling, murmuring (of a brook). [*prating*, tattling, chattering.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* (incessant) talking.
Geſchütz, *I. adj.* 1) talkative, loquacious, garrulous; 2) a) babbling (as the echo), rippling (of a rivulet); *II. G-heit*, *(w.) f.* talkativeness, &c., loquacity, garrulity.
Geſchütz, *(def.) v. intr.* (used only in the first pers. pres., in the inf. & imper.) *ciner* *Eade* (*Gem.*) —, to omit, pass by or over in silence; *ich geſchütz* dieſes Umſtandes —, I say nothing of this circumstance; *du —* or *geſchütz* (*dem*), *daß*, to say nothing of, not to mention (that) ...; *coll.* let alone ...; much less (that): *noch* *lange* *nicht* *30%* — *dem* *Meist*, nothing like 30% let alone more.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* (the act or practice of) banqueting, revelry.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* (l. w.) 1) (act of) washing; 2) hard drinking; 3) puddle, slop.
Geſchütz, *I. adj.* quick, speedy, swift, fast, fleet; expeditious, ready, prompt, immediate, without delay, sudden; *mach* —! make haste! *II. in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *m.* lucifer-box, *cf.* *ſchützſchütz*; —*ſchütz*, *f.* fly, flying coach; —*ſchütz*, *m.* *Mil.* quick or running march; —*ſchütz*, *f.* *Typ.* fly-press; —*ſchütz*, *f.* short-hand writing, tachygraphy, stenography; —*ſchütz*, *m.* short-hand writer; —*ſchütz*, *f.* short-hand; —*ſchütz*, *m.* *Mil.* quick pace, quick step, quick march, quick time; —*ſchütz*, *n.* (*not usual*) *Mün.* allegro, presto; —*wagen*, *m.* —*ſchütz*.
Geſchütz, *(w.) f.* quickness, speed, swiftness, &c. *cf.* *ſchütz*; (*Mech.*) velocity; celerity, rapidity, haste; promptness, expedition, despatch; *in der* —, in the hurry (or on the spur) of the moment; *halbe* — (*ciner* *Bechnungen*), half speed; *G-ſchütz*, *m.* *Mech.* tachometer. [*whirr*.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* a chirping, buzzing.
Geſchütz, *(It & provinc.) (str.) n. sing.* pl. children of the same parents, brother and sister, brothers and sisters; *wer* *wir* *und* *du*

wirſtlichen *G-n* *hätten* *machen* *können*, (said by a girl in allusion to her lover) if we could have made ourselves real brother and sister: —*ſchütz*, *n.* (first) cousin; *ſchütz* —*ſchütz*, *comin* german; *ander* —*ſchütz*, second cousin; *wirſtlichen* *ander* —*ſchütz*, he (she) is my cousin one remove: —*ſchütz*, *f.* brotherly, sisterly love.
Geſchütz, *adj.* brotherly, sisterly, fraternal (*also relative to a brother and a sister*).
Geſchütz, *I. p. a. (cf. G-ſchütz)* swollen, tamed, tumid, turgid, inflated; *Bot.* torous; *II. G-heit*, *(w.) f.* a swollen state, tumidness, turgidness, turgidity, inflation.
Geſchütz, *m. (died. like adj.)* sworn man: 1) jurymen, juror; 2) warden (of a guild); *meine* *Herren* *G-n!* gentlemen of the jury! *die* *G-n* or *das* *G-gericht*, jury; *vor* *die* *G-n* *verurtheilen*, to commit (for trial); *G-n* *liſte*, *f.* *Law*, panel.
Geſchütz, *(str.) pl.* *Geſchütz* *(c)* swelling, rising, tumour; *ſchütz* —, carnosity; *ſchütz* —, scirrhus; *verſchütz* —, calca.
Geſchütz, *adj.* having swellings, tumours.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* sore, imposthume, ulcer, apostome, boil; *ein* *riſſen* —, an abscess; *ein* *ſchütz* —, eating or phagedenic ulcer; *ein* *ſchütz* —, seton.
Geſchütz, *adj.* exulceratory.
Geſchütz, *adj.* ulcerous, having sores.
Geſchütz, *in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *f.* —*ſchütz*, *m.* onkotomy.
Geſchütz, *adj.* consisting of six parts, senary; *der* *g-e* *ſchütz* or —*ſchütz*, *Asol.* sextile.
Geſchütz, *(w.) v. tr.* to bless, see *ſchütz*.
Geſchütz, *(w.) m.* 1) mate, companion, comrade, partner; fellow; 2) journeyman (a hired mechanic); *ſchütz* —, journeyman printer; *ſchütz* —, journeyman bookbinder; *ein* *ſchütz* —, *coll.* a rare fellow, *anal.* a fine blade.
Geſchütz, *(w.) v. tr.* to associate, join; *II. refl.* to join; *ſchütz* *du* —, to associate, join one's self with ...; to join, accompany, follow ...; *gleich* *und* *gleich* *geſchütz* *ſich* *genu*, *proverb.* birds of a feather flock together, like loves like.
Geſchütz, *in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *n. pl.* years, *i. e.* a time of service as a journeyman; —*ſchütz*, *f.* archives of a journeyman's corporation; —*ſchütz*, *n.* journeyman's wages.
Geſchütz, *(w.) f.* *Geſchütz*, *(str.) m.* state of a journeyman or body of journeyman.
Geſchütz, *in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *n.* a tournament held by journeymen; —*ſchütz*, *m.* journeymen's union; —*ſchütz*, *adv.* in the manner of a journeyman, as a journeyman; —*ſchütz*, *f.* —*ſchütz*.
Geſchütz, *adj.* 1) sociable, social, companionable, convivial; *g-e* *ſchütz*, conversational powers; 2) *Nat.* gregarious; — *ſchütz*, *tribes* of birds who build their nests in communities. [*make* sociable.
Geſchütz, *(w.) v. tr.* to socialise, to socialise, socialize, socialness; conviviality; *G-ſchütz*, *m.* instinct of or impulse, desire for sociableness. [*union*, mate, partner.
Geſchütz, *(w.) f.* (l. w.) female companion, association; *b)* assembly, party; 3) fellowship; sodality; *Comm.* partnership; *offic.* (*ſchütz*, *eigentliche*, *namentliche*) —, copartnership; *geſchütz* (*ſchütz*) —, limited liability partnership; — *in* *einzelnen* *Geſchütz*, occasional association; 4) (*geſchütz*) — club; *die* *ſchütz* —, (social) community, society; *auf* *der* *ſchütz* — *aufgeſchütz*, thrown out of the pale of society; — *der* *ſchütz*, academy of sciences; — *zur*

ſchütz *des* *ſchütz* *n.*, society for the promotion of agriculture, &c.; *bei* *der* —, „*ſchütz*“ *verſchütz*, insured in the „*Phenix*“ office; (*ſchütz*) — *ſchütz*, to bear or to keep (one) company, to accompany; *in* — *mit* or *von* —, accompanied by ..., along with ...; *ich* *bin* *an* *ſchütz* — *geſchütz*, I am accustomed to her presence; *in* — *geſchütz*, to mix or mingle in society; *von* *der* — *ſchütz*, to be of the party; *cine* *ſchütz* —, *coll.* a merry crew or set.
Geſchütz, *(str.) m.* 1) companion, fellow; *G-ſchütz*, *(w.) f.* (female) companion; 2) copartner, partner, associate.
Geſchütz, *I. adj.* 1) social, sociable; *g-e* *ſchütz*, conversational powers; 2) *Nat.* gregarious; *II. G-heit*, *(w.) f.* sociability, &c. *cf.* *ſchütz*.
Geſchütz, *in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *f.* *Comm.* joint-stock-bank; —*ſchütz*, *f.* *Mil.* comrade-battery; —*ſchütz*, *m.* partner-trustee; —*ſchütz*, *f.* —*ſchütz*; —*ſchütz*, *n.* joint-stock; —*ſchütz*, *m.* 1) social contract; 2) *Comm.* deed of partnership; —*ſchütz*, *f.* lady companion; —*ſchütz*, *m.* joint-stock; —*ſchütz*, *m.* *esprit de corps*, social disposition, brotherhood; —*ſchütz*, *m.* *Paint.* picture with human figures; —*ſchütz*, *m.* member of a society or club; —*ſchütz*, *m.* joint-stock or company-trade; —*ſchütz*, *f.* company, association (of trade); —*ſchütz*, *n.* club-house; —*ſchütz*, *f. pl.* *Geogr.* Society Isles; —*ſchütz*, *m.* body of a society; —*ſchütz*, *m.* circle of society, circle of acquaintances; —*ſchütz*, *n.* social song; *gloss*; —*ſchütz*, *m.* painter of pictures with human figures; —*ſchütz*, *n.* —*ſchütz*; —*ſchütz*, *m.* *Comm.* firm; —*ſchütz*, *f.* *Arch.* rule of fellowship or partnership; —*ſchütz*, *n.* social game, round game; drawing-room game; —*ſchütz*, *n.* 1) —*ſchütz*; 2) *see* *ſchütz*; —*ſchütz*, *n.* private theatre; —*ſchütz*, *m.* social tone, tone of a society; —*ſchütz*, *m.* bore, trouble-feast, *coll.* wet blanket; —*ſchütz*, *m.* 1) deed of partnership; *ciner* —*ſchütz*, *entſchütz*, to renew, to dissolve a partnership; 2) social compact or contract; —*ſchütz*, *n.* coat of arms of a company; —*ſchütz*, *adj.* & *adv.* against the rules of society; —*ſchütz*, *m.* drawing-room; assembly-room, entertaining-room.
Geſchütz, *(w.) f.* association.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* the (act of) singing, scorching, burning.
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* 1) *Vind.* province, layer; 2) *T-s.* a) any cavity, socket, pit; bottom of a pit; *b)* print; *Loch* — *m.* swage; *bores*; *in* — *ſchütz*, to swage; —*ſchütz*, *m.* top swage (*Obereingewicht*); —*ſchütz*, *m.* swage-block; 3) *Mech.* sinking weight (of a drag-net, &c.).
Geſchütz, *(str.) n.* 1) a set (as of knitting-needles, *see* *ſchütz*), suit; 2) *† a)* article; *b)* verse, strophe, stanza; 3) law; statute, ordinance, decree, commandment, precept; regulation, rule; *vor* *dem* — *gleich* *ſein*, to be equal in the eye of the law; *ciner* — *ſchütz*, to pass, ordain, impose a law; *G-e* *ſchütz*, to give, enact laws, to legislate; *zum* — *machen*, to make it a law; *ich* *habe* *es* *mir* *zum* — *gemacht*, I have made or laid it down as a law; *die* *zwei* *Tafeln* *des* *G-es*, the two tables of the decalogue; *auf* *der* *G-e* *ſich* *ſehen*, to be out of the pale of the law; *ciner* *das* — *ſchütz*, *coll.* to read a person a lecture.
Geſchütz, *in comp.* —*ſchütz*, *m.* interpreter of the law; —*ſchütz*, *f.* interpretation of the law; —*ſchütz*, *n.* code; *das* *bürgerliche* —*ſchütz*, code of civil law; —*ſchütz*, *m.* project of a law, bill; *G-ſchütz*, *f.* legal power or sanction; *G-ſchütz* *geben*, to enact, sanction, to pass into a law; *G-ſchütz* *erhalten*, to be sanctioned or enacted; —*ſchütz*, *m.* perverter of the laws; —*ſchütz*, *f.* perversion of

the law; —*geben*, *adj.* legislative, lawgiving, constitutive; *die* —*gebende Gewalt*, legislative; *der* —*gebende Körper*, legislative body, legislature; —*geber*, *m.* lawgiver, legislator; —*geberin*, *f.* legislatrix, legislatrix; —*gebung*, *f.* legislation, legislature; —*gültig*, *adj.* valid in law, legally sanctioned or enacted; —*gesetzlich*, *f.* legal knowledge; —*frühtig*, *adj.* see —*gültig*; —*funbe*, *f.* see —*kränzig*.

Gefetzlich, *I. adj.* lawful, legal, legitimate, conformable to the law; statutory; *II. adv.* lawfully, &c., according to law; —*erlaubt*, allowed or warranted by law; *III. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* lawfulness, legality, legitimacy, conformity to law.

Gefetzlos, *I. adj.* lawless: 1) without laws, not acknowledging any laws, anarchical; 2) illegal; *II. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* lawlessness; 1) anarchy; 2) illegality.

Gefetz..., *in comp.* —*mäßig*, —*mäßigkeit*, *see* *Gefetzlich*, *Gefetzlosigkeit*; —*prediger*, *m.* from moraliser; —*predigt*, *f.* from moral sermon; —*rolle*, *f.* scroll of laws; —*sammlung*, *f.* code, body of laws.

Gefetz, *I. pp. of* *Sehen*; *zur* *g-en Zeit*, at the time stipulated; *II. p. a. f.* sedate, settled, steady, staid, solid, composed, serious, sober, grave, of mature age; *die* *g-en Jahre*, the years of discretion; *III. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* sedateness, steadiness, gravity.

Gefetz..., *in comp.* —*tafel*, *f.* table of laws; —*übertretung*, *f.* transgression, violation of the law; —*verletzer*, *m.* law-breaker; —*vollzieher*, —*vollstreckter*, *m.* executor of the law; —*verfälschung*, *m.* bill; —*widrig*, *adj.* illegal, unlawful, contrary to law; unstatutable; —*widrigkeit*, *f.* illegality, unlawfulness.

Gefenke, (*str.*) *n.* a (continual) sighing, groaning, lamentation.

Geficht, (*str.*) *n.* 1) sight, eyesight; eye, view; 2) (*pl. G-er*) face; visage; countenance; looks, look, mien; (*cintr* *Bearte*) *Osma. see* *Knochen*; 3) (*pl. G-er*) vision, apparition, form; 4) sight, visor (of a rifle, gun, &c.); *das* —*richten auf* ..., to cast one's eyes upon ...; *ben* —*kennen*, to know by sight; *das* *schöne* —, *Bot.* thick seed sun-flower; *Einem* (*gerade*) *ins* —*sehen*, to look one (full) in the face, to look full at one; *Einem* *ins* —*schlagen*, to slap one's face; *über's* *ganze* —*sehen*, to laugh from ear to ear; *Einem* *ins* —*sehen*, to laugh in one's face; *ihm* *ins* —, to (before) his face, presence, or eyes, *coll. in* (to) his teeth, to his beard; *ein* *schärfe*, *larges* — *haben*, to be quick-sighted, near-sighted; *auf* *dem* *G-e*, out of sight; *im* *Verdichte* *des* *G-es*, within eye-sight; *zu* —(*e*) *kommen*, to come in one's sight, appear; *zu* —(*e*) *bekommen*, to get a sight of, to get in sight of; *wieher* *zu* —(*e*) *bekommen*, to regain sight of; *wir* *haben* *England* *im* *G-e*, we are in sight of England; *auf* *dem* —*verlieren*, to lose sight of; *Nor.* to lay or settle the land; *das* —*verlieren*, to lose the eye-sight; *Einem* *ein* *freundliches* —*machen*, to look kindly or cheerfully at one; *Einem* *G-er* *schneiden*, to make frowns, grimaces, mouths, mows at one; *ein* *langes* —*machen* or *ziehen*, to pull a long face; *zu* *G-e* *sehen*, *see* *in* *Sehen*; *Nor.-e* *und* *dem* —*des* *Landes*, land-laid; *man* *hat* *kein* —, there is no sight of land; *das* *Land* *im* —*behalten*, to keep the land abard; *das* *Land* *höher* *er* *näher* *zu* —*bekommen*, to raise the land; *das* *Land* *auf* *dem* —*verlieren*, to lay or settle the land; *ein* *anderes* *Land* *zu* —*bekommen*, to make a bad landfall; *das* —*betreffen*, visual.

Geficht, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Geficht*, 2) *pl. coll. Geficht*) a small or little face. *Gefichtlos*, *I. adj.* without sight, blind; *II. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* sightlessness, blindness.

Gefichtsmäler, (*str.*) *m.* see *Portrait-Mäler*.

Geficht..., *in comp.* —*achse*, *f.* optic or visual axis; —*arterie*, *f.* facial artery; —*ausdruck*, *m.* physiognomy, expression of countenance, features, countenance, mien; *im* —*bertrifft*, within eye-sight; —*betrug*, *m.* optic illusion; —*bild*, *n.* portrait; —*bildung*, *f.* see —*ausdruck*; —*blättchen*, *n.* pimple; —*beuger*, —*fortscher*, *m.* physiognomist; —*beutung*, —*fortführung*, *f.* physiognomy; —*farbe*, *f.* complexion; —*feld*, *n.* 1) field of view (of a telescope); 2) see —*kreis*; —*grund*, *m.* *Med.* milk-seab; —*kreis*, *m.* 1) field (or range) of view (of a telescope, &c.), space within which objects are visible; 2) *astr.* antior, horizon, *cf.* *Fortgang*; 3) *fig.* intellectual horizon, sphere, range of vision, observation, or contemplation; *im* —*kreise* *liegen* or *sich* *befinden*, to lie or be within the range of vision, within sight or ken; —*lande*, *f.* physiognomy; —*länge*, *m.* physiognomist; —*länge*, *f.* length of face; —*linie*, *f.* 1) visual line; level; 2) *anod.* feature, line; 3) *port.* outer line of a fortification; *Anod.-s.* —*muskel*, *m.* facial muscle; —*nerve*, *m.* facial nerve; sympathetic (nerve); —*pulsader*, *f.* facial artery; —*punct*, *m.* point of view, visual point, aspect; *eine* *Sehe* *auf* *ihren* *richtigen* —*punct* *betrachten*, to look upon a thing from its true point of view, to view a thing in its true aspect or light; *wir* *sehen* *dies* *auf* *verschiedenen* —*puncten* *an*, we see this differently; —*rase*, *f.* *Med.* erysipelas (or *coll. St. Anthony's fire*) in the face; —*schmerz*, *m.* *Med.* facial neuralgia, face-ache, (*fr.*) *tic-douloureux*; —*schwäche*, *f.* weakness of sight; —*seite*, *f.* front, face; —*sinn*, *m.* sight, eye-sight; —*strahl*, *m.* visual ray; —*täuschung*, *f.* optical deception; (*geuerlich*) *glamour*; —*wahrseher*, *m.* metoposcopist; —*wahrsehung*, *f.* metoposcopy; —*weisse*, *f.* eye-shot; —*winkel*, *m.* facial (or visual) angle; —*zug*, *m.* lineament, line, *pl.* features.

Geficht..., *adj.* septenary.

Gefische, (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) boiling, *Gefische*, *adj.* T. privileged or licensed to boil salt.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Archit.* Join., &c. moulding, jutting, cornice; shelf; (*fenster*) plain; moulding; (*Ramin*) mantle-piece, chimney-piece; entablature; pediment; 2) *coll.* shelf; —*anker*, *m.* *Archit.* peg, dowel; —*bovel*, *m.* moulding-plane, rabbit-plane; —*schel*, *f.* cornice-tile; —*flammer*, *f.* peg, dowel; —*berjierung*, *f.* annulet; —*wert*, *n.* cable-moulding.

Gefinst, *s. I. (str.) n.* domestics, servants, menials, *particul.* farm-servants, labourers; *II. in comp.* —*amt*, —*bureau*, *n.* office for servants; —*biere*, *n.* beer for the servants, small beer; —*bröt*, *n.* household bread, brown bread; —*gericht*, *n.* statute-sessions.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* rabble, mob, tag-rag.

Gefinst..., *in comp.* —*lohn*, *m.* wages; —*ordnung*, *f.* regulations for servants, code of menial service; —*posten*, *m.* menial office; —*stube*, *f.* —*zimmer*, *m.* servants' hall; —*tisch*, *m.* 1) table for the servants; 2) servants' board; —*zeugnis-Buch*, *n.* character-book of servants.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* 1) the (act or practice of) *Gefinst*, *p. a.* minded, disposed: affected; *gleich* —, of one mind; *anders* —, of a different opinion; *gegen* *Jemand* *feindlich* or *übel* — *sein*, to bear one ill-will, to be ill-affected (ill-disposed) towards one; *französisch* — *sein*, to affect the French party, to side with the French.

Gefinstung, (*m.*) *f.* mind, view, opinion, idea; sentiment, inclination, disposition, feeling, temper; principles; *seine* — *ändern*, to change one's mind; *eine* *wohlwollende* —, a friendly feeling.

Gefinstungslos, *I. adj.* characterless, without character; fickle-minded, unstable, inconstant; *II. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* want of character.

Gefinstungs..., *in comp.* —*ständig*, —*voll*, *adj.* energetic, gallant, brave; true-hearted, constant, candid; —*ständigheit*, *f.* energy of character, decision; true-heartedness, constancy. [*haft*].

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* kindred, tribe (*Elpp*) *Gefinst*, *I. adj.* (*gut* —, well-mannered; orderly; good, moral; civilised; *wohl* —, well bred or behaved; *g-es* *Wesen*, good manners, orderliness; —*machen*, to polish; to civilise; *II. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* morality.

Gefinstung, *Gefinstung*, (*m.*) *f.* civilisation, humanisation, cultivation.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* the (act, mode, or practice of) sitting; sedentary habits.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* *vulg.* 1) see *Gefinst*; 2) bad liquor, bad drink, anal. slip slop.

Gefinst, *p. a.* disposed, inclined, intending; — *sein*, to be or feel inclined, to have an intention, a mind, to intend, purpose, mean; *anders* — *sein*, to be of a different opinion.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* mash (food for cattle).

Gefinst, *s. I. (str.) m.* 1) & *Med.* comrade, mate, fellow; 2) count (in Hungary); *II. (str.) n.* a team, set of (carriage-)horses: team, span (of oxen).

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* a district, county, or shire (in Hungary).

Gefinst, *I. p. a.* stretched, tight (rope, &c.); *fig.-s.* 1) intense, attentive; *g-e* *Aufmerksamkeit*, earnest, serious attention; *die* *Erwartung* *war* *im* *höchsten* *Grade* —, expectation was wound up to the highest pitch; *Jemand's* *Aufmerksamkeit* — *erhalten*, to keep a person's attention on the stretch; *ängstlich* —, anxious, solicitous (*auf* *mit* *Acc.*, about); 2) (*coll.* *über* *den* *Stuhl* —) on ill, bad, or distant terms, at variance (with, with); *II. G-feit*, (*m.*) *f.* 1) intemity, attention; 2) variance, disagreement (with, with).

Gefinst, *Gefinst*, (*str.*) *n.* Carp. timber-work (of a roof), rafters, couple-close.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* the (act or practice of) joking, jesting, *cf.* *Epaßen*.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) vomiting, vomit; a (continual) vomiting, spitting, &c.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *n.* see *Gefinst*.

Gefinst, (*str.*) *pl. G-er* *n.* spectro, ghost, apparition, phantom.

Gefinst..., *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* spectral, ghostly; —*erschöpfung*, *f.* apparition of a ghost; —*furcht*, *f.* fear of ghosts, apparitions; —*geschichte*, *f.* ghost story; —*glaube*, *m.* belief in apparitions; —*henscheide*, *f.* *Entom.* 1) spectro (*Phasma* *Fabr.*); 2) walking-leaf (*Phyllosum siccifolium* *L.*); —*fäßer*, *m.* *Entom.* praying cricket, praying mantis (*Mantis religiosa* *L.*); —*reich*, *n.* realm or world of spirits, ghosts, apparitions; —*stunde*, *f.* see *Gefinst*; —*ständig*, *adj.* spectre-amitten; —*stier*, *n.* see *Reif*.

Gefinstig, *Gefinstig*, *adj.* spectral, ghostlike, phantomlike, ghostly.

Gefinst..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Nor.* knee (of a ship); —*draht*, *m.* *Norol.* click-wire. *Gefinst*, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *a* *Carp.* see *Gefinst*; *b*) *Norol.* ratchet with catch (*Eperren*); *c*) — *an* *einem* *Buche*, clasps of a book; *d*) *Sport.* a nide (of pheasants); *e*) *Typ.* frisket; *f*) see *Wagenbede*; *g*) click and ratchet wheel; 2) *a*) the (act of) struggling against, resistance, *cf.* *sich* *Eperren*; *b*) encumbrance; *vief* —*machen*, to be cumbersome, to take up much room; *in* *dieser* *Strasse* *ist* *ein* *immerwährendes* —, this street is continually obstructed, blocked up, or choked.

Gefinstmacher, (*str.*) *m.* see *Wirtler*.

Gefinst, *p. a.* (*cf.* *Eperren*) 1) *Nor.* (of

a port) shut up; land-locked; 2) *Typ.* spaced out; mit g-er Schrift, printed with italics.

Geſpiels, *I. (str.) n.* the (act, mode, or practice of) playing; fortmährendes —, incessant playing; *II. (w.) m., Geſpielin, (w.) f.* (male or female) associate, companion, play-fellow, play-mate.

Geſpielschaft, *(w.) f.* companionship, fellowship, familiar intercourse.

Geſpills, *Geſpillsrecht, (str.) n. provinc. Law*, right of preemption.

Geſpinn, *(str.) n.* the (act, mode, or practice of) spinning; a (continual) spinning, &c. **Geſpinn(n)ſtr.**, *(str.) n.* what is spun, spinning, web, textile fabric; von ſeinem —, fine-spun; —ſpinner, *f.* textile fibre, filament.

* **Geſponſ**, *(str.) m., n., & (w.) f. (Lat. sponsus, sponsa, betrothed) († &)* *had.* bridegroom; bride (*coll. Geſponſin, Geſponſin*).

Geſpott, *(str.) n. 1)* the (act or practice of) scoffing, mocking, mockery, ridicule, deriding, derision, jeering, banter, bantering, raillery, jest; 2) laughing-stock; (*ſich*) zum — machen, to expose (one's self) to mockery, ridicule; Anderm zum — dienen, werden, to be a laughing-stock or mockery to others; *ſein* — mit etwem treiben, to laugh, scoff, mock, jeer at, to deride, banter.

Geſpott, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) mocking, &c. *cf. Spotten*; mockery. [*Satire.*] **Geſpottet**, *(str.) n.* mockery, ridicule. **Geſpräch**, *(str.) n.* discourse; talk, conversation, colloquy; dialogue; conference, parley; zum — der Stadt werden, to become the talk of the town; —buch, *n.* book of dialogues.

Geſprächig, *Geſprächſam, I. adj. 1)* affable, of fair address, easy to be spoken to; 2) communicative, conversable; talkative; *II. G-ſrit, (w.) f. 1)* affability, easiness of address; 2) communicativeness, talkativeness.

Geſprächſ..., *in comp. —form, f.* form of a dialogue, interlocutory form; —gegenſtand, —ſtoff, *m.* subject of conversation, topic; —ton, *m.* tone of conversation; —weiſe, *adv. 1)* by way of dialogue; in the course of conversation; —zimmer, *m.* parlour, conversation-room, sitting-room.

Geſpreche, *(str.) n. coll.* the (act or practice of) talking, incessant talking, speaking; *conf.* longwinded talking, palaver.

Geſpreizt, *I. p. a. ſg.* stilled, stilly, pompous; *II. G-ſreit, (w.) f.* stillness, pomposity (of style, &c.).

Geſprengt, *(str.) n. 1)* the (act of) sprinkling, &c. *cf. Sprengen*; 2) *Min. a.)* the (act of) blasting the ores by gunpowder; *b)* fragment separated by blasting; 3) *Archit.* pier-roof, conopseum.

Geſprenkelt, *p. a.* speckled, sprinkled, spotted (as the edges of a book, &c.), splash (paper).

Geſpringe, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) leaping; incessant leaping, jumping.

Geſpriele, *(str.) n.* a spitting, squirting, splash.

Geſproß, *(str.) n. **, what sprouts, sprouts.

Geſproßel, *(str.) n.* a (continual) bubbling, rippling, spouting, sputtering.

Geſpunde, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) spitting, incessant spitting.

Geſtalt, *(str.) n.* the (act of) haunting, &c. *cf. Spukten*. [*See* coast.]

Geſtalt, *(str.) n. **, shore, bank, beach. **Geſtalt**, *a. I. (w.) f. 1)* figure, form, shape, frame, fashion; 2) stature, size; 3) *obscurely*, mien, look, air, countenance, face; der Ritter von der traurigen —, the knight of the Sorrowful Countenance (*f. a. Don Quixote*); 4) *ſg.* a) aspect, face, appearance; *b)* manner, way; gleicher —, in like (the same) manner; folgender —, in the following manner; weſcher —,

how, by what means, which way; das Abendmahl unter einerſel —, half communion; in oder unter beiderſel —, in both kinds; der Mensch ſieht ſich in ſeiner weſtern —, man appears as he really is.

Geſtalt, *(w.) v. I. tr.* to shape, form, figure, fashion; *II. vgl.* to take or assume a figure, shape, appearance; to be, turn out, to show, prove itself; ſich nach Wunsch —, to succeed according to wish; die Sache geſtaltete ſich ganz anders, the affair took quite a different aspect; die geſtaltete Kraft der Natur, the plastic virtue of nature. [*for forms.*]

Geſtalte, *adj.* abounding in figures. **Geſtal'tet**, *contr. Geſtal't, p. a.* shaped, framed, figured; bei ſo geſtal'tet Sach'n, matters standing thus, under such circumstances. **Geſtal'tig**, *adj.* having form, formed.

Geſtal'tlos, *I. adj. 1)* having no imaginable form or shape, immaterial; 2) shapeless, formless; amorphous; *II. G-ſtigſt, (w.) f. 1)* immateriality; 2) shapelessness.

Geſtal'tniß, *(w.) f. provinc. form, figure. **Geſtal'tung**, *(w.) f. 1)* *gener.* formation; 2) *Anatol.* configuration; 3) form, figure; shape, appearance; die ſchöne — der Hande, present state of trade; G-ſtal'tigkeit, *f. 1)* plastic faculty or force; 2) figurability.*

Geſtammel, *(str.) n.* the (act or habit of) stammering, stammer, hesitation of speech.

Geſtampft, *(str.) n.* the (act of) stamping.

Geſtän'de, *(str.) n. Sport.* the feet of birds of prey.

Geſtän'dert, *adj. Herald.* gyronese.

Geſtän'dig, *adv.* confessing, having confessed; — *ſein* (with *Gen.* or *Einem* etwem), or **Geſtän'digen**, *(w.) v. tr. Law.* to confess, acknowledge, avow, own; to plead guilty to an offence, a defect, &c.).

Geſtän'dniß, *(str.) n.* confession, acknowledgment, avowal.

Geſtän'dbewegung, *(w.) f. Mech.* see-saw-gear (motion), reciprocating motion.

Geſtän'ge, *(str.) n. 1)* poles, rails, enclosure of stakes; 2) *Min.* pit-work; 3) *Sport.* head, horn, branches of a deer, *Herald. & Sport.* attire.

Geſtan'f, *(str.) m. coll.* stench; stink; 2) *ſg.* evil report, ill name.

Geſtan'ten, *(w.) v. tr. (Einem* etwem) to permit, allow, admit, suffer, grant, consent to, *cf. Berſtan'ten & Erlauben*.

Geſtan'tbar, **Geſtan'tlich**, *adj.* allowable, admissible; lawful. [*consent.*]

Geſtan'tung, *(w.) f.* permission, allowance.

Geſtän'be, *(str.) n.* the (act of) spreading) dust.

Geſtän'be, *(str.) n. 1)* *coll.* shrubs, bushes; 2) *Sport.* scorie, nest of a hawk.

Geſtän', *(str.) n.* see **Beſtän'**.

Geſtän'en, *(irr.) v. I. tr. (aux. ſein)* see **Gerinnen**; *II. tr.* to confess, own, acknowledge, avow; man muß —, it must be admitted, granted, avowed; das geſtehe ich! nun, das muß ich —! well, I declare! is it possible! indeed! you don't say so! well, I never (b. i. saw the like)! *III. vgl. provinc.* to dare, venture.

Geſtein, *(str.) n. 1)* a) stone, rock; *b)* *Miner. particul.* G-*e*, *pl.* rock specimens, rocks; 3) precious stones, gems; das tauhe —, *Min.* dead heape, deads, stle; —arbeit, *f. Wacc.* damboard, checker; —ſtunde, G-ſchre, *f. mineralogy*; —ſtundige, *m. mineralogist*; G-ſtung, *m. Min.* vein, streak, lode.

Geſtell, *(str.) n. 1)* frame; a) trotle; *b)* (beating-)horse; *c)* *Mech.* dog; *d)* foot, basis, pedestal, stand; *Archit.* socle; *Bot.* foot-stalk; *e)* the frame (framework) of a carriage with its wheels upon which the body is placed; frame or timber-work of a windmill; *f)* head-stall (of a bridle); *g)* skeleton, stretchers (of an umbrella); *h)* rims (of spectacles); cine

Brille mit goldenem G-*e*, gold-rimmed spectacles; *i)* stool, staddle (of a plough); *k)* curb-stone, brim (of a well); *l)* *Small.* basin of reception; 2) *Mar.* set (of oars, sails); 3) *Sport.* a) compass, enclosure; *b)* the feet of birds of prey, arms; —beckenplatte, *f. Mech.* bed-plate.

Geſtell'en, *(w.) v. tr.* see **Stellen**.

Geſtell..., *in comp. —macher, m.* wheelwright, see **Stellmacher**; —ſäge, *f. Carp.* &c. framed saw, span-saw; —ſteine, *m. pl. Metall.* hearth-stones.

Geſtehl, *(str.) n.* the (act of) quilting, pricking, shoe-drawing.

Geſtern, *adv.* yesterday; — Morgen, — ſon, yesterday morning; — Abend, last night; — vor acht (vierzehn) Tagen, yesterday soonight (fortnight); ein Mann von — her, see **Emporſtumming**; ich bin nicht von — her, *coll.* I was not born yesterday, I know what's what, I know the world (*cf. wiſſen, wo Barthel Meſſt ſollt*).

Geſtehl't, *adj.* starred, covered with stars.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) taunting, jeering, &c. *cf. Stiſcheln*; mockery.

Geſtehl'e, *(str.) n.* the (act of) embroidering; embroidery.

Geſtehl'be, *(str.) n.* see **Geſtehl'e**.

Geſtehl', *(str.) n. †* see **Stellung**, 3.

Geſtern, *a. I. (str.) n. 1)* *a)* *coll.* the stars; *b)* constellation; 2) *lit. & ſg.* a star (of large size, importance, &c.), celestial body; *II. in comp. —bleich, m., —ſternig, adj.* see **Sternbleich**, **Sternſternig**; —ſtand, *m.* constellation, position of stars.

Geſtern', *p. a. 1)* (*particul. in comp.*) having (a broad, &c.) forehead; 2) starred, starry.

Geſternung, *(w.) f.* see **Geſternſtand**.

Geſtehl'ber, *(str.) n.* snow-storm, see **Geſtehl'ber**.

Geſtehl', *(str.) n.* story. [*heaped mine.*]

Geſtehl'e, *(str.) n. 1)* see **Geſtehl'**; 2) *Min.*

Geſtehl'el, **Geſtehl'el**, **Geſtehl'el**, **Geſtehl'el**, *(str.) n.* a (continual) groaning, stambling, &c. see **Stöhnen**, **Stöpseln**, **Stapseln**, **Stottern** &c. [*acc.*] stollated, like rays.

Geſtehl'el, *p. a. Bot. &c.* radiated (flowers).

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n.* the (act or habit of) kicking. [*porter.*]

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n. T.* prop, stay, support.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n. coll.* (a growth of) shrubs, bushes, briars, shrubbery; copse, thicket.

Geſtehl'el, *p. a. 1)* stretched, &c.; 2) wrought (iron); 3) *Bot.* trailing, procumbent; g-*en* Winkel, *Geom.* rectilinear angle; im g-*en* Geſtehl'el, in full swing-gallop, with (at) full speed.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) (or a repeated) stroking, rubbing gently with the hand, caressing, &c.

Geſtehl'el, *p. a.* striped, streaked, streaky; *Bot. &c.* scored, striate, striated; g-*er* Rimm, *Comm.* Ceylon cinnamon.

Geſtehl'el, *adj.* obnoxious, severe, strict, rigorous; g-*er* Herr, or *Em. Geſtehl'el*, your worship.

Geſtehl'el, *p. a. (cf. Streichen)* *Mus.* g-*e* Ruten, notes on the ledger-lines; —voll, brimful; *Comm.* —voller Raß, plain or level measure; corn-measurewise.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) a piece of) knitting; network.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n.* the (act or practice of) rubbing down, &c. *cf. Striegeln*.

Geſtehl'el, *adj.* of yesterday, hesternal; der g-*e* Tag, yesterday; der g-*e* Abend, yesterday; die g-*e* Nacht, last night; die g-*e* Zeitung, yesterday's newspaper; die g-*en* Nachrichten, yesterday's advices or news; unſer G-*e*, *Comm.* our letter of yesterday.

Geſtehl'el, see **Geſtehl'el**.

Geſtehl'el, *(str.) n. provinc.* straw, litter.

Gewahrten, (*w.*) *f.* godmother, (*coll. &*) *†*: gossip, gammer.

Gewahrtschaft, (*w. f.*) 1) godfatherhood, godmotherhood; 2) *collect.* godfathers and godmothers.

Gewahrter..., *in comp.* —**schwand**, *m.* christening-feast; **Gewahrte**, *pl.* godfathers and godmothers; **Gewahrer**, *m.* godfather; (*coll. &*) *†*, *and.* gaffer, Goodman; **Gewahr** —**stift**, *n.* present sent to the appointed godfather or godmother before the christening.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* see **Gewährte**.

Gewährte, (*str.*) *n.* 1) quadripartition; 2) *Min.* the lining of a shaft with timber-work.

Gewähr, *L. adj.* square, squared, quadrate, divided into four; *II. in comp.* **Math.-s.** see **Quadrat**...; —**stetn**, *m.* *Asirol.* quartile, quadrate, tetragon.

Gewährte, (*str.*) *n.* square; *ins* —**bringen**, to (reduce to a) square; *pl.* *Typ.* quadrats.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* birds (collectively).

† **Gewährmächtigen**, see **Bewährmächtigen**.

Gewähr, *s. I. (str.) n.* 1) anything growing or that is grown; plant, herb, vegetable; 2) growing, growth; vintage (of wine); 3) *Med.* excrecence, protuberance; moon-calf; *ins* —**ländisches** —, home-produce (growth); *aus* —**ländisches** —, exotic; *II. in comp.* (*cf.* **Pflanzen**...) —**beschreibung**, *f.* description of plants, phytochemistry.

Gewähr, *g. a. I. (str.) n.* 1) grown (*cf.* **Wachsen**); *g.-er Boden*, *T.* grown soil; *einer Sache (Dat.)* —**sein**, *1.* to be equal to ..., to be a match for ...; 2. to be sufficiently skilled in ...; to be fit, able, sufficient for ...; *coll.* to be up to (a thing); *er war mit in dieser Sache* —, he was my equal in ...; *er war in dieser Sache nicht* —, he was unequal (inadequate) to this business; *Min.* native.

Gewähr..., *in comp.* —**erde**, *f.* *Gard.* vegetable earth; (garden-)mould; —**haus**, *n.* (mit **Beeten**) conservatory, glass-house; (*fast*) green-house; (warmes) hot-house.

Gewähr, *adj.* promoting growth, productive, fertile.

Gewähr..., *in comp.* —**hande**, *f.* botany; —**leiste**, *f.* see —**hunde**; —**reich**, *L. s. n.* vegetable-kingdom; *II. adj.* rich in plants; —**sammler**, *m.* collector of plants. [*shaking*].

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* a continued, repeated **Gewähr**, (*str.*) *n.* *Sport.* weapons (fangs and claws) of wild beasts; tusks (of a boar).

Gewähr, *adj.* aware; —**nehmen** (*Schiller*), *unusual* for **Wahrnehmen**; *eine Sache (Acc.)*, or *einer Sache (Gen.)* —**werden**, to become aware of, to catch sight of, to see, perceive, deserv, discover; *plötzlich* —**werden**, to be struck with the sight of.

Gewähr *I. (w. f.)* 1) *†*, safe-keeping, *cf.* **Gewährsam**, 1; 2) *a*) vouch, warrant, warranty, guaranty, security; ball, *cf.* **Würgschäft**; ohne **unser** —, *Comm.* without our prejudice; *b*) pledge, obligation; *c*) attestation, testimony; 3) *Min.* see —**schlein**; —**leihen** für ..., to afford, give, or be security, or guaranty for ..., to vouch, guarantee, warrant; *dic* —**leihen** or **angeloben**, *Law.* to bind one's self over (to do a thing); *II. in comp.* —**brief**, *m.* *Law.* 1) certificate of bail (having been given); 2) document securing the possession of property gained in law.

Gewähr, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to perceive, &c. see **Gewahr** werden.

Gewähr, (*w.*) *s. I. tr. 1) Min.* (*Law.*) to certify, attest, testify; 2) (*Einem etwas*) to answer or to be answerable for, to warrant, to vouch for, *cf.* **Gewähr** **leihen**; 3) *a*) (*Einem etwas*) to grant, vouchsafe, concede, allow; to fulfil; *Einem seine Bitte* —, to grant one's suit, to comply with one's request; *b*) (*Einem einer Sache*) to assure or make certain of; 4) (*Einem etwas*) to afford,

procure, give, award; to yield; *willigen* **Schuh** —, to show due protection; **Bericht** —, to yield profit, to turn to advantage; **Berichte** (*günstige Bedingungen*) —, to concede advantages, to grant favourable terms; **Eid** —**heit** —, to give security; *II. in tr.* (*only used in the phrase:*) (*Einem*) —**lassen**, to give free scope or full play to (one), to allow perfect liberty, to let (one) alone; to connive at.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *m.* afforder, grantor, &c. **Gewähr** **haber**, (*str.*) *m.* depositary, trustee.

Gewähr..., *in comp.* —**leihen**, (*Einem etwas*) to guarantee, &c. see —**leihen**; —**leihen**, —**mann**, **Gewähr** —**mann**, *m.* 1) warrantor, guarantor, bail, surety, voucher, respondent; 2) *Ag.* authority; —**leistung**, *f.* 1) the (act of) vouching, warranting, &c., guarantee, warranty; 2) see **Gewähr** **ung**.

Gewährsam, *I. (str.) f., m. & n.* 1) safe-keeping, deposit, security, surety, safety; 2) (place of) security (**Gefängnis**), imprisonment, custody; 3) *Law.* proviso, reservation; *II. adj.* *provinc.* wary, cautious.

Gewährschäft, (*w.*) *f.* *obsolescent*, warranty, ball, see **Gewähr**, 2, a.

Gewährschlein, (*str.*) *m.* warrant, certificate, attestation.

Gewährung, (*w. f.*) 1) (*L. n.*) see **Gewährleistung**; 2) (the act of) granting, grant, &c. *cf.* **Gewähr**, 3 *n.*

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* 1) woods and forests (collectively); 2) large forest. [*schützen*].

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* see **Bald** **Gewähr**.

Gewähr, *s. I. (w. f.)* 1) *a*) power, might; *b*) dominion, authority (*cf.* **Gewährschäft**, **Wacht**); 2) *Ag.* *a*) force, violence; vehemence; *b*) potency; puissance; *höhere* (*überlegene*) —, (*bei* **Berührungen**) superior force, circumstances beyond control, acts of God and the king's enemies; *die höchste* —, supreme power, authority; *die vollziehende, richterliche* —, executive, judiciary power; *Einem* —**anthon**, 1. to do or offer violence to, to commit violence on (upon); to violate, force (a woman); *cf.* **Antun**, 2; 3. *Ag.* to explain in a forced way, to wrench, strain, stretch (the words of a passage, &c.); to wrest; to violate, wrong (truth, &c.); *Einem* —**geben**, to empower one; *in* **meiner** —, in my hand or power; *etwas* **in** **seiner** — (or —**für** **etwas** [*Acc.*]) **haben**, to be master of, to have hold upon, to have within one's grasp; to have (a ready) command of or over; to bear in hand; *er hat sich nicht* **in** **der** —, he has no command (control) of himself; *Ergriffen*, *die nicht* **in** **der** — **des** **Menschen** **stehen**, events beyond the control of man; *unter* **seiner** —**bringen**, to subject to one's dominion or power; *in* **seiner** —**bestehen**, to get the mastery of; *in* **Jemandes** —**sein**, to be at one's mercy or disposal; *mit* —, with violence, violently, by force, perforce; *mit* — **der** **Waffen**, by stress of arms, by main force; *mit* — **etwas** **wollen**, to want to force a thing, to force; *mit* **aller** —, with all one's might, by main force, absolutely, with might and main; — **geht** **der** **Recht**, *proverb*, might is more than (or above) right, might supercedes right; *II. in comp.* —**brief**, *m.* *provinc.* 1) see **Bollmächte** **urkunde**; 2) see **Bericht** **stift**; —**geber**, *m.*, —**geberin**, *f.* constituent, a person that gives power to an attorney; —**führer**, —**haber**, *m.* a man in power, one who is empowered, has authority, arbitrator, dictator; —**gericht**, *n.* *provinc.* criminal court of justice; —**herr**, *m.* see —**herrlicher**; —**herrlich**, *adj.* despotic; —**herrschäft**, *f.* despotism; —**herrscher**, *m.* despot.

Gewähr, *I. adj.* 1) powerful, mighty, potent, forcible, valiant; 2) great, strong, high, *coll.* very large, very great, prodigious, famous, vast, enormous, &c.; *II. adv.* 1) (or

Gewähr **stift**) powerfully, &c.; 2) greatly, &c.; *coll.* vary, egregiously (mistaken), exceedingly, excessively, amazingly, &c.; *III. Gewähr **stift**, (*adv.* *like* *adj.*) mighty man; *die* **Gewähr** **der** **Erde**, the rulers of the earth.*

Gewähr, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *partic.* **, to* overpower, see **Bewähr**; 2) *provinc.* to empower, see **Bewähr** **mächtigen**; 3) *a*) to drain (a mine); *b*) to work anew (a mine).

Gewähr..., *in comp.* —**istern**, *adj.* ambitious of power; —**mar**, *m.* *Med.* forced march; —**raub**, *m.* usurpation; —**räuber**, *m.* usurper; —**richter**, *m.* *provinc.* criminal judge.

Gewährsam, *I. adj.* violent, forcible; —**verfahren**, to use violence or force, to act violently; *II. G.-s.*, (*w.*) *f.* judicial authority; *III. G.-st.*, (*w.*) *f.* violence, forcibleness, force.

Gewähr..., *in comp.* —**stetn**, *m.* *provinc.* warrant; —**stetn**, —**stetn**, *m.* violent and illegal measure, bold stroke; —**stetn**, *f.* (immoderate) ambition; —**stetn**, *f.* violent act, violence, outrage; foul means; —**stetn**, *m.* he who commits violence; —**stetn**, *adj.* forcible, violent; —**stetn**, *f.* enforcement, violence, outrage, rapine; —**träger**, *m.* attorney, plenipotentiary, factor; —**träger**, *m.* see —**träger**; —**zug**, *m.* forced march; —**zug**, *m.* branch of power.

Gewähr, *s. I. (str., pl. Gewährer & Gewährer)* *n.* 1) garment, raiment, robe, vesture; 2) *f.* drapery; 3) cloth; 4) *Ag.* pretext, cloak; *II. in comp.* *provinc.* —**beritter**, *m.* cloth-dresser; —**beritter**, *m.* cloth-duster.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Vind.* trench for the layers; 2) *Ag.* balk; 3) *Archit.* *a*) jamb; jambstone; *b*) door-case; —**anker**, *m.* cramp-iron for fastening the jambstones; —**anker**, *f.* dressing of a door- (or window-) jamb. [*drapery of, to clothe*].

Gewähr, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Paint.* to make the **Gewähr**..., *in comp.* *provinc.* —**händler**, *m.* see **Luchthändler**; —**händler**, *m.* cloth-ball; —**macher**, *m.* see **Luchtmacher**; —**macher**, *m.* drapery-painter; —**macher**, *f.* drapery-painting; *provinc.* —**schütt**, *m.* woolen-drapery; *cf.* **Gewähr**, *adv.* 1) for appearance's sake; 2) occasionally, by the way.

Gewähr, *I. adj.* 1) active, quick; nimble; agile; easy; 2) adroit, dexterous, handy (*in* *st.*); versatile; clever, *coll.* smart; expert; able; *ein* **Gewähr** **Correspondent**, *Comm.* easy, expert, ready correspondent (writer); *II. G.-st.*, (*w. f.*) 1) activity, nimbleness; agility; 2) adroitness, dexterity, address; versatility; facility, readiness, cleverness, &c., ability.

Gewähr, (*w. f.*) *Paint. & Sculpt.* the proper distribution and arrangement of garments, &c., casting of draperies, *cf.* **Gewähr** **wurf**.

Gewähr, (*w.*) *v. obsolescent* *I. tr.* see **Gewähr**; *II. in tr.* (*with* **Gew.**) to attend to.

Gewähr, *adv.* 1) (*with* **Gew.**) waiting, looking for, in expectation of, expecting, attentive to; *etwas* **von** **Einem** —**sein**, to expect something from one; *einer Sache (Gen.)* —**sein**, to expect a thing; 2) (*with* **Dat.**) ready to serve (assist) a person. [*evil things*].

Gewähr, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to expect (*partic.*).

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* *conv.* trumpery, wishy-washy, slip-slop, chit-chat, tittle-tattle, twaddle, *cf.* **Gewähr**, 1; nonsense.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* the (act or practice of) washing, a continual washing.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *collect.* (a great mass of) waters, floods, flood; in **bisem** —, in this part of the sea; 2) *a*) *geom.* *pl.* rivers, streams, &c. (of a country); *b*) any running water, river, rivulet.

Gewähr, (*str.*) *n.* a waddling (walking from side to side, like a duck, or a fat person).

a thing, &c.), to persuade one's self to ...; *Eincm* or *das Epief* (den *Etirif*) *gewonnen* geben, to give or throw up one's game, to give up the contest (question); *wie gewonnen*, so *geronnen*, *prosser*, lightly won, lightly go; *II. instr.* 1) to win, &c., to carry the day, to come off (a) victor; 2) (*with an* & *Dat.*), bei ... to make gain (of ...), to profit (by ...), to be a gainer (by ...); 3) to improve; (*with an*) to increase, grow (in importance, &c.); der *Course* *gewann* $\frac{1}{2}$ $\%$, the exchange rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ $\%$.

Gewinn'er, (*str.*) *m.* winner, gainer.

Gewinn'los, *adj.* gainless, unprofitable.

Gewinn'..., *in comp.* — *rechnung*, *f.* account of profit; — *reife*, *adj.* gainful, profitable, profit-yielding, remunerative, lucrative, productive, rendering (good) account.

Gewinn'k', (*str.*) *m.* profit, gain, advantage, prize, winnings (*Gewinn*).

Gewinn'..., *in comp.* — *lust*, *f.* love or eagerness of gain, greediness, thirst for lucre; — *lustig*, *adj.* greedy of gain or profit, self-interested; — *lustigkeit*, *f.* greediness, self-interestedness.

Gewinn'ung, (*w. f.*) (the act of) gaining, obtaining, &c.; *Min.* produce; *Chem.*, &c. extraction.

Gewinn'voll, *see* *Gewinnreich*.

Gewin'fel, (*str.*) *n.* the (act or habit of) whimpering, whining, &c. *cf.* *Win'feln*; (*schreiblich*) —, hypocritical cant.

Gewin'fel, (*str.*) *n.* roll (of a drum, &c.).

Gewin'fett, *p. a.* vertebrate, vertebrated.

Gewin'f, (*str.*) *n.* 1) web, weaving, texture (of cloth, &c.), web; 2) honey-comb.

Gewin'f, (*str.*) *n.* 1) complication, confusion, entanglement; intricacy; mass, wilderness; medley; a huddle, tangled mass of ...; 2) *Hand.* average of cornfields; 3) *Lock-sm.* ward(s), *cf.* *Eingricht*.

Gewin'f, (*str.*) *n.* (the act or habit of) whispering, *cf.* *Win'f*.

Gewi'f, *I. adj.* (*cf.* *Ei'f*) 1) certain, sure (*über* *with Acc.*), of; 2) firm, fast, steady; 3) fixed, settled, constant; unalterable; 4) certain, some: in *g-en* *Höfen*, in some or certain cases; ein *g-er* *Herr* *H. P.*, a (certain) Mr. R. H.; *Comm-s* ein *g-er* *Preis*, a fixed price (*cf.* *fest*); *g-e* *Procente*, a (certain) percentage; um *es* *vollkommen* — zu *machen*, to make assurance doubly sure (*vgl.* *Assurance*); einen *Handel* — *machen*, to bind a bargain with earnest; ich *kann* *es* *nicht* *für* — *sagen*, I cannot say positively or tell for certain: *das* *G-e*, certainty, something certain; ein *G-te*, a settled sum or salary; *sein* *G-te* *haben*, to have a fixed income; *nehmen* *Sie* *lieber* *das* *G-te* *fürs* *Unge'wisse*, take the certainty rather than the uncertainty; *II. adv.* 1) certainly, surely; assuredly; to be sure; indeed; 2) probably, apparently, it seems or appears; *er* *kommt* — *nicht*, it seems or I dare say he will not come; *ganz* —, by all means; *doch* —, at least; *er* *wird* — *ausgelacht*, he is sure to be laughed at; *die* *Wutter* *wird* *ganz* — *den* *Schnitt* *sehen*, mother will be sure to see the cut; *er* *hielt* *nich* — *für* *einen* *reht* *dummen* *Knaben*, he seemed to think me a very stupid boy indeed; *du* *bist* *mit* —, I am sure of you; *einer* *Sache* (*Gem.*) — *sein*, to be certain or positive of a thing; *ich* *weiß* (*es*) —, ich *bin* —, I am (quite) positive, I am confident; *das* *müßte* *du* — *nicht*, I am sure you did not know that.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *n.* 1) t. consciousness; 2) conscience: *das* *gute*, *reine*, *ruhige* —, quiet, safe, pure, easy conscience, sense of acting righteously; *mit* *gutem* —, with a safe conscience, in conscience; *um* *des* *G-e* *willen*, in conscience; ein *unruhiges* —, agitated conscience: *das* *böse* —, bad, evil, or guilty con-

science, sense of guilt; ein *weites* —, a wide conscience, laxity of conscience; ein *weites* — *haben*, to be not over-scrupulous; *auf* —, on conscience: *nach* *seinem* — *handeln*, to act conscientiously; *wider* *sein* — *handeln*, to act against conviction or one's conscience; *sich* (*Dat.*) ein — *über* (*rine* *Sache*) *machen*, to make conscience or scruple of (a thing), to scruple at ...; *er* *macht* *sich* *kein* — *darau* *zu* *betrügen*, he thinks nothing of cheating.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *I. or* *Gewi'f*, (*str.*) *adj.* conscientious, conscientious; scrupulous; exact; faithful; *II. Gewi'f*, (*w. f.*) *f.* conscientiousness, conscientiousness, scrupulousness.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *I. adj.* unconscientious, unscrupulous, unprincipled, corrupt; *II. Gewi'f*, (*w. f.*) *f.* want of principle; unconscientiousness; unscrupulousness.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *in comp.* — *angst*, *f.* anguish, pangs, or troubles of conscience; — *biß*, *m.* sting, twinge, pang, or prick of conscience, remorse; compunctious throb; — *fall*, *m.* case of conscience; — *frage*, *f.* question of conscience; — *freiheit*, *f.* liberty of conscience; — *freund*, *m.* *see* — *rath*; — *gericht*, *n.* *Law*, court of conscience, *see* *Schönmönnig*; — *handlung*, *f.* act of conscience; — *heirat*, *f.* marriage of conscience; — *lehre*, *f.* casuistry; — *lehrer*, — *Wser*, *m.* casuist; — *pflicht*, *f.* dictates of conscience; duty in conscience, bounden duty; — *prüfung*, *f.* examination of one's conscience; — *punkt*, *m.* point of conscience; — *qual*, *f.* *see* — *angst*; — *rath*, *m.* director of conscience, conscience-keeper; spiritual father; casuist; — *richter*, *m.* 1) *Law*, *see* *Schönmönnig*; 2) *see* — *rath*; — *ruhe*, *f.* tranquillity of conscience; — *rührung*, *f.* touch of conscience, compunction; — *sache*, *f.* matter of conscience; — *scrupel*, *m.* scruple, doubt, or qualm of conscience, qualm; — *surache*, *f.* disquietude of conscience, conscientiousness; *cf.* — *angst*; — *wüßter*, *m.* conscience-keeper; — *zwang*, *m.* violence offered to conscience; — *zweifel*, *m.* *see* — *scrupel*.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *adv.* in a certain manner, degree, or measure, in some respect or sort, in a manner or degree, after a fashion, *see* *in* *Wage*.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *f.* (*cf.* *Ei'f*) 1) certainty, certitude, surety; 2) firmness, steadiness, constancy; 3) proof, evidence; *sich* (*Dat.*) — *verschaffen* *über* (*with Acc.*), to ascertain; *mit* — *wissen*, to know for a certainty.

Gewi'f, (*str.*) *adv.* certainly, surely (*cf.* *Gewi'f*).

Gewi'ter, *s. I. (str.) n.* (thunder)-storm; thunder and lightning; *es* *zieht* *sich* *ein* — *zusammen*, a storm is gathering; *das* — *hat* *eingeschlagen*, the lightning has struck; *II. in comp.* — *ableiter*, *m.* *see* *Blitzableiter*; — *fliege*, *f.* *Entom.* meteoric fly (*Anthomyia meteorica* L.); — *furcht*, *f.* dread of thunder-storms; — *gewöl*, *m.* thunder-clouds.

Gewi'terhaft, *adj.* electric, electrical.

Gewi'ter, *in comp.* — *himmel*, *m.* sky pregnant with a storm; — *luft*, *f.* heavy or sultry air before a thunder-storm.

Gewi'tern, (*w. f.*) *v. intr.* *impers.* to thunder (*Wittern*, *Wittern*).

Gewi'ter, *in comp.* — *nacht*, *f.* 1) stormy night; 2) darkness of or caused by a thunder-storm; — *regen*, *m.* thunder-shower; — *schaden*, *m.* damage done by a thunder-storm; — *schwer*, *adj.* *see* *Gewitterhaft*; — *stille*, *f.* stillness (preceding a storm); — *stunde*, *f.* *see* *Blitzableiter*; — *sturm*, *m.* thunder-storm; *Ornith-s* — *vogel*, *m.* curlew (*Numenius arquatus* L.); der *kleine* — *vogel*, whimbrel (*Numenius phaeopus* L.); — *wind*, *m.* thunder-gust, tempest; — *wolf*, *f.* thunder-cloud.

Gewi'tel, (*str.*) *n.* affected witticism.

Gewi'tig, *Gewi'tig*, *adj.* taught wisdom by experience, shrewd, artful, cunning, sharp, smart.

Gewi'tig, (*str.*) *n.* (the act of) waving, billowing, waving motion, undulation.

Gewi'tig, *I. adj.* (*with Dat.*) well disposed (towards), (favourably) inclined, favourable, friendly; affectionate, kind, attached; *Eincm* — *sein*, to bear one good will; *bleiben* *Sie* *mit* *ferner* —, retain your kind feelings towards me; *II. Gewi'tig*, (*w. f.*) *f.* affection, affectionateness, attachment; kindness, favour, good-will, friendliness; *haben* *Sie* *die* — *zu* —, have the goodness to ...; *mit* *Sie* *fragen* (*fragen* — *empfehlen*), requesting your further countenance.

Gewi'tig, (*w. f.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to get used (to), (*genus.* *used in the pp.* *gewöhnt*, which *see*); *jung* *gewöhnt*, alt *gewöhnt*, *prosser*, as the twig is bent, so is the tree inclined.

Gewi'tig, (*w. f.*) *v. I. tr.* to accustom, inure (*ref.* one's self), to use, familiarise, form (*an* *with Acc.*), zu, to; *an* *Saus* —, to domesticate (animals); *wenn* *Sie* *sich* *einmal* *darau* —, früh *aussetzen*, werden *Sie* *frühe* *Schmierz* *hab* *finden*, if you once accustom yourself to getting up early, you will find no difficulty in it; *II. ref.* to habituate one's self (to), acquire the habit (of), to get used, accustomed, grow familiar (to); *sie* *ist* *ganz* *an* *mit* *gewöhnt*, she is quite used to me; *sich* *an* *ein* *Stimme* —, to get seasoned to a climate or acclimated; *ein* *Kind* *von* *der* *Brust* —, *see* *Entmöhnen*; *nicht* *an* *Ge'fährlichkeit* *gewöhnt*, unused to society.

Gewi'tig, (*w. f.*) *f.* custom, use, usage, habit, trick, practice, manner, way; *an* —, habitually, by habit or custom; *zur* — *werden*, to grow into a habit; *es* *ist* *so* *seine* —, it is a habit (way) with him, it is his way; *er* *hat* *die* — *Ge'fährlichkeit* *zu* *schreiben*, he has the trick of making faces; *es* *war* *bei* *ihm* — *geworden*, it had grown habitual with him; *er* *bleibt* *bei* *seiner* *alten* —, he follows his old course; *aus* *der* — *kommen*, to get out of practice or use; to fall into disuse; *eine* — *an* *sich* (*Dat.*) *haben*, to have a custom, to be in the habit (of, &c.); *eine* — *annahme*, to contract, acquire, or fall into a habit; — *wird* *zur* *andern* *Natur*, *prosser*, habit is *ist* *become* second nature: — *verwas* *viele*, *and* *habit* is everything.

Gewi'tig, *in comp.* — *mens*, *m.* a person accustomed to certain habits by frequent usage, creature of habit; — *reht*, *n.* *Law*, right by custom, custom; — *stunde*, *f.* habitual sin; — *stür*, *n.* *see* — *mens*; — *vergessen*, *m.* habitual amusement.

Gewi'tig, *I. adj.* 1) customary, usual; 2) general, ordinary, common; 3) commonplace, trite; familiar, trivial; ein *g-es* *Geficht*, homely face; *die* *g-ste* *Flugheit*, common prudence; *der* *g-e* (*or* *gemeine*) *Bruch*, *Arith.* vulgar fraction; *Comm-s* *die* *g-e* *Fracht*, usual or customary freight; *die* *g-e* *Lara*, customary tare; *g-e* *Sorten*, 1. usual (ordinary) sorts; 2. lower sorts; *wie* —, as usual; *eines* *G-te*, a common thing, a matter of course; *eines* *über* *das* *G-e*, something more than common, usual, &c.; something above the usual standard (*coll.* the common run); *II. adv.* usually, in general; *III. Gewi'tig*, (*w. f.*) *f.* 1) customariness, usualness, habitualness; 2) commonness, commonplace.

Gewi'tig, *p. a.* used, habituated, &c. *cf.* *Gewöhnen*; — *sein* (*with Acc.* & *Gem.*), to be used, accustomed (to), familiarised (with); — *werden* (*with Acc.* & *Gem.*), to get or become used, accustomed (to), to accustom or inure one's self (to), to acquire the habit (of).

Gewi'tig, (*w. f.*) *f.* the (act of) accustoming, use, habitude; *die* — *an* *das* *Stimme*,

acclimatisation; die — der Thiere aus Haus, domestication of animals.

Gewölbe, (*str.*) n. 1) *Archit.* vault, arch, arched ceiling; vaulted cave, cellar; das — des Stimmels, the vault or canopy of heaven; 2) shop, warehouse; 3) — des Gehirns, *Anat.* vault or fornix of the brain; ein — haben, to keep a shop.

Gewölbe (*e*)..., *in comp.* *Archit.-s.* — ähnl., *adj.* arch-like; — anfang, m. spring, springing of a vault; — aufsteiger, m. springer, spring-stone (of an arch, &c.); skew-back; — aufsatz, m. coat; — bod, m. centering of an arch; — bogen, m. arch, vault, arch-work; cope, coping; — bruch, m. surg. fracture of the skull; *Archit.-s.* — bedachung, m. floated soffite; — feld, n. 1) cellular space of a vaulting; 2) cinary (*T. Thach.*); — fenster, n. sky-light; — fläche, f. (äußere) back of a vault, extrados; (innere) intrados; soffit; — fuge, f. bed, joint; — gurt, m. (*Frucht.*), Boll & H. 1, 78) girth of columns supporting a vault; — kappe, f. calotte, ogive; — krone, f. top or crown of a vault; — mauerwerk, n. vaulting-masonry, arch-masonry; — Pfeiler, m. flying or arched buttress; (*Fr.*) arc-boutant; — rüstung, f. see — bod; — schädel, m. haub (haunch) of an arch; (Reichs) — stein, m. key-stone, arch-stone; — stütze, f. buttress, flying buttress; — winkel, m. see — schenkel; — zins, m. shop-rent, storage, house-charge; — zindel, m. spandrel. [*over*]

Gewölbe, p. a. (*cf.* Bälken) arched, vaulted — **Gewölbe**, (*str.*) n. collect. clouds.

Gewölbe, p. a. (*cf.* Bälken) 1) covered with clouds, cloudy; 2) *Herold.* nebulous.

Gewölbe, (*str.*) n. Zool. hair, feathers, &c.

Gewölbe, (*str.*) n. (habitual) usury.

Gewölbe, (*str.*) n. *provinc.* for Gewölbe.

Gewölbe, (*str.*) n. 1) (the act of) rooting, turning up (the ground); 2) bustle; crowd, throng.

Gewunden, p. a. wound; tortuous (*cf.* Winden); spiral; *Herold.* torqued; *Archit.* twisted, serpentine (of columns); g-e Stufen, see Wendeltreppe; *Anat.* g-e Darm, see Dünndarm.

Gewürfel, (*str.*) n. coll. (the act or practice of) playing at dice.

Gewürfel, p. a. checkerboard, checked, &c. *cf.* Würfel.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. 1) (the act of) throttling, choking, &c. *cf.* Würgen; 2) carnage, slaughter, *cf.* Gemetzel.

Gewürst (*e*), (*str.*) n. vermin, reptiles.

Gewürst, s. I. (*str.*) n. spice, *cf.* — weare; aromatic; bell — spice; II. *in comp.* — apfel, m. Pomel. brown redstreak; — artig, *adj.* spicy, aromatic(al); — stirn, f. Pomel. aromatic pear; — stube, f. spiced sauce; — stube, f. spice-box; — essen, f. see — tinctur; — essig, m. aromatic vinegar; — fleisch, n. ragout.

Gewürst, *adj.* **Gewürst**, *adj.* I. *adj.* spicy, aromatic; II. **Gewürst**, *adj.* (*cf.* Würgen) quality, aroma.

Gewürst..., *in comp.* — handel, m. spice-trade, grocery; — händler, m. see — främer; — handlung, f. grocery, grocer's shop; — inseln, f. pl. Spice-islands; — lammer, f. spicer; — fram, spices (grocery) for retail; — främer, m. spicer, grocer; — främerstraße, f. *Med.* a kind of psoriasis; — fuchsen, m. spiced ginger-bread; — fimmel, m. fennel-flower seed; — faden, m. spicer, grocer's shop; — mühle, f. spice-mill; — myrte, f. *Bot.* pimento, all-spice, Jamaica-pepper (*Myrtus pimenta* L.); — nagelein, n. — nelle, f. clove, all-spice; — neusternbaum, m. all-spice tree, clove-tree (*Caryophyllus aromaticus* L.); — neustern, m. oil of cloves; — reich, *adj.* rich in spices; aromatic, spicy; — rutenbaum, m. *Bot.* drimsy (*Drimsy Winteri* L.); — schachtel, f. see — stube; — stube, f. spice, aromatic plant; — stein, m. *Minor.* aromatic; — stoffe,

m. pl. aromatic stuffs; — struch, m. *Bot.* Carolinian all-spice tree (*Calycanthus floridus* L.); — tinctur, f. aromatic tincture; — weare, f. spice, spicer; grocery-ware, groceries; — wein, m. spiced or aromatic wine.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. *Min.* see **Gewürst**.

Gewürst, *adj.* *Bot.*, &c. set with little teeth, denticulate, toothleted, jagged (leaves, &c.).

Gewürst, *adj.* *Bot.*, *Mech.*, &c. toothed; dentate; g-e Räder, cog-wheels.

Gewürst (*e*), (*str.*) n. continual quarrelling; quarrel, dispute, contention, squabble.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. the (act or practice of) kicking, striking with the foot, fidgeting, &c.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. the (act of) tarrying, lingering, loitering; (habitual) delay.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. collect. a bridle and all the straps or ligaments belonging to it.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. the (act of) pulling about, *cf.* Ziehen.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. hard drinking, drinking **Gewürst**, (*str.*) n. f. *Mar.* tide, flood-tide; die — läuft Süd, the sea sets to the south; G-rn, pl. *Rom. Cath.* hours; G-rnd, m. breviary.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. († &) * pavilion, tabernacle, tent; canopy, *cf.* Zelt.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. a (continual) pulling, dragging &c. *cf.* Ziehen.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. (anxious or furious) cries, yell of murder, &c. *cf.* Zitter.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. collect. tools, implements; *Min.* (Ruhr-) tools for pit-work; see Zug, Werkzeug; — lassen, m. tool-chest.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. (l. u.) collect. insects, vermin, see Insektier.

Gewürst, *adj.* *Min.*, &c. 1) fusible; 2) soft.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. the (repeated) act of drawing (about), &c., (a continued) drawing, pulling, &c. *cf.* Ziehen.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. *intr. impers.* (with *Dat.*) & *refl.* to become, become, to be decent, meet, seemly, or fit, to best; es geizmet ihm nicht, it does not become him; es geizmet sich nicht, it is unseemly (für, for); wie es sich geizmet, as decency requires it, as it ought to be.

Gewürst, p. a. becoming, due, proper, fit, suitable, decent, seemly; sich — anführen, to behave (one's self) with propriety.

Gewürst, *adj.* see **Gewürst** & **Zierlich**.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. affected behaviour, affectation, affectedness, primness, *cf.* Ziererei.

Gewürst, I. p. a. affected; finical, prim; quaint; dainty; slang, namby-pamby, *cf.* Zierlich; — sprechen, to misnomer one's words, to speak misleadingly; II. **Gewürst**, (*str.*) n. affectedness, &c., affectation, *cf.* Zierlichkeit.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. 1) (the act of) building, framing, the forming of timber-work; 2) frame-work, timber-work, carpenter's work.

Gewürst, *adj.* **Gewürst**, *adj.* **Gewürst**, (*str.*) n. (the [repeated] act of) chirping, hissing, whispering, &c. *cf.* Zitzen, Zischeln.

Gewürst, p. a. (*cf.* Ziehen) eine g-e Büchse, a rifled gun; der g-e Lauf, das g-e Rohr, rifled barrel; ein g-e Licht, dipped candle, dip; (*opp.* gegoffene Licht) see in **Gewürst**; g-e Feder, g-e Felle, hardened or prepared quills (for writing); g-e Wechselbriefe, drawn bills (*opp.* Solu-Wechsel); der g-e Galopp, main or full gallop.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. (usually of animals, or conf. of persons) breed, offspring, progeny, issue; brood.

Gewürst, *adj.* *Herold.* lambent (lion).

Gewürst, *adj.* **Gewürst**, *adj.* **Gewürst**, (*str.*) n. a quick motion of the tongue (like that of a snake); the [repeated] act of pulling, &c.; a (repeated) pinching, nipping, &c. *cf.* Züngeln, Zupfen.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. collect. boughs, branches.

Gewürst, *adj.* branched, having branches.

Gewürst, *adj.* consisting of two parts or unities, double; binary; *Bot.* bipartite.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. (the act of) chirping, cheerful noise of birds, chirp, twitter.

Gewürst, *adj.* of or in twelve parts.

Gewürst, I. p. a. forced: 1) compelled, &c. (*cf.* Zwingen); compulsory; 2) constrained, stiff, precise, formal; uneasy; affected, unnatural; — lachen, to force a laugh; II. **Gewürst**, (*str.*) n. forcedness: 1) state of being compelled, compulsion; 2) a constraint, stiffness, &c.; 3) affected manners, affectation, stiff airs. [*line*]

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. *Germ. Hist.* Ghibel-Gibraltar, n. *Geogr.* Gibraltar.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. pl. G-hilt m. crush-hat.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. f. gout, arthritis; lausende —, flying gout; reisende —, articular disease; — in den Hüften, hip-gout.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. f. *Metall.* 1) the quantity of iron-ore and charcoal poured into the furnace at once; charge; 2) mouth, throat, furnace-top; — aufgeben, aufsetzen, — laufen, to charge the furnace; — brüde, f. bridge over the furnace; G-gang, m. descent of the charge (Gartmann); — haus, n. top of a furnace; — mantel, m. crown, dome (of a blast furnace); — Öffnung, f. tunnel-head (of a smelting-furnace). [*fession*]

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. († &) *Law.* avowal, confession.

Gewürst..., *in comp.* — anfall, m. attack of the gout; — artig, *adj.* gouty, arthritic; — balfam, m. arthritic balsam; — beere, f. see Johannisbeere, schmerz- & Zrundenstiche; — blume, f. see Schilffeldblume; — bruch, m. palsy; — brüchig, *adj.* paralytic, palsied; — brüchig, m. & f. (*deci. lke. adj.*) a palsied person, paralytic; — brüchigkeit, f. palsy.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. v. *tr.* to torture into confession.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. v. *intr.* coll. to suffer **Gewürst**..., *in comp.* — fleher, m. arthritic fever; — fisch, m. *Ichth.* a species of scaly-finned fish (*Chelidon* Cav.); — hellend, — lindernd, *adj.* antarthritic. [*Gichtig*]

Gewürst, *adj.* 1) +, see **Gewürst**; 2) see **Gewürst**, *adj.* arthritic, arthritical, gouty; having (or being diseased with) the gout.

Gewürst..., *in comp.* — kneten, m. *Med.* tophus; — lein, f. arthritic gripes, gout in the stomach; — sterner, n. pl. grains of peony; — frant, *adj.* gouty, ill of the gout; — frant, m. plants (said to be) good for curing the gout, see **Darmgichtkraut** & **Wooberre**; — lein, m. gouty affection; — materie, f. see — stoff; — mittel, m. antarthritic; — mangel, f. *Bot.* stinkhorn (*Phallus impudicus* L.); — papier, n. rheumatic paper, gout paper; — papier, n. antarthritic plaster, *cf.* — papier; — pille, f. goutpill; — pilz, m. see — morchel; — pulber, n. antarthritic powder; — rose, f. *Bot.* peony (*Paeonia officinalis* L.); — rube, f. white bryony (*Bryonia alba* L.); — schmerz, m. pl. pains (shoots, twinges) of the gout; — schwamm, m. 1) see — morchel; 2) *Minor.* see **Gichtstein**; — stoff, m. gouty matter; — taffet, m. see **Gewürst**; — tanne, f. *Bot.* wild rosemary (*Ledum palustre* L.); — thran, m. see **Erdethran**; — wasser, n. antarthritic water; — wurg, f. dittany (*Dictamnus albus* L.).

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. coll. 1) cackle, cackling noise of a goose; 2) a (cackling) goose.

Gewürst, (*str.*) n. 1) *Fin-m.* reel, wheel (for winding off and straightening the wire); 2) *Wass.* beam of a loom.

Gewürst, s. I. (*str.*) n. 1) gable, gable-end; *Archit.* frontispiece; pediment; fronton; 2) the (*cf.* *W. f.*) *Ichth.* see **Kant**, A.; II. *in comp.* — hirt, f. iron gable-ear; — haffen, m. top-timber or -beam; — bogen, m. triangular arch; — bach, m. gabled roof; — fagade, f. frontispiece-face; — feld, n. tympan, pedi-

ment; —fenster, *n.* gable-window, (*Halbrund-*) fan-light; —formig, *adj.* gable-formed; —fronte, *f.* gable-front; —gestalt, *n.* (enfrangend) raking-moulding; —haus, *n.* house with a gabled roof; —holz, *n.* see —balken; —leiste, *f.* *pl.* barge-course.

Giebelig, *adj.* gabled.

Giebelmauer, (*w.*) *f.* gable-wall.

Giebeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to provide with a gable; *II. refl. sich* —, to rise gable-like.

Giebel..., *in comp.* —fahse, *f.* *Carp.* crown- or king-post; —schuß, *m.* gable-tax; —schubret, *n.* barge-board; —schwalbe, *f.* see *Bauschwalbe*; —seite, *f.* gable-side; —spieß, *m.* —spitze, *f.* top of a gable-end; gable-pinnacle; under-roof; —stutzen, *pl.* acroteria.

Giebigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* provinc. see *Höflichkeit*. 2. **Giet...**, *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* —baum, *m.* main-boom (of a sloop); —egel, *n.* long boom-sail.

Giete, (*w.*) *f.* foot-stove (*Heizstiege*).

Gießer, (*str.*) *m.* red-breasted bull-thrush.

Gien, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* winding-tackle; —tan, *n.* —kürter, *m.* fall of a winding-tackle.

Gienmuschel, (*w.*) *f.* *Moll. chama* (*Chama laevis* Lam.).

Giepen, (*w.*) *v. tr. tr.* *Mar.* to gybe. [*paet.*]

Giepfen, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* to gasp.

Gier, (*w.*) *f. l.* or *Gierbe*, eagerness, eager desire, thirst (*nach*, after), see *Begier*; 2. *Mar.* tackle; —brücke, *f.* swing-bridge; —schlag, *m.* yaw, lee-lurch; *III. in comp.* —falte, *m.* gyrfalcon; —schwalbe, *f.* see *Bauschwalbe*; —stegel, *m.* triangular tile.

Gierig, (*w.*) *v. intr. l.* to long or look eagerly for; 2) *Mar.* to yaw, to make yaws, to fall off, sheer; to ride; *laß das Schiff nicht* —I steady (as you go)!

Gierig, *I. adj.* eager, greedy, covetous (*nach*, with *Acc.*); *II. Gierig*, (*w.*) *f.* eagerness, greediness, avidity.

Gierlein, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* skirret (*Stum si-dacrum* L.).

Gierling, (*str.*) *m.* covetous person.

Gierisch, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* see *Gierisch*, 1.

Gierung, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* yaw, lee-lurch.

Gier..., *in comp.* —beim, *m.* torrent; —bad, *n.* shower-bath; —bail, *f. T.* bench upon which tin-wares are moulded; —becken, *n.* basin, ewer; —blech, *n.* *Formd.* iron plate upon which the overplus of the molten matter is poured or cast; —bogen, *m.* *Min.* ingot-mould; —bügel, *m.* *T.* casting cone, *cf.* *Form-nabst*.

Gieße, (*w.*) *f.* see *Gießflanne*, 1 & 2.

Gießel, (*str.*) *m.* *Formd.* lip or projecting mouth (spout) of a crucible from which the melting metal is poured into the mould.

Gießen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. & intr. l.* 1) to pour; to throw; 2) *a)* to spill; *b)* *coll.* see *Begießen*; 3) *Formd.* to found (iron, brass, copper, type, bells, &c.), to cast (lead, tin, silver, gold, zinc, &c.); *Angeln* —, to cast bullets; *Sichte* —, to mould candles; *geöffneter Sichte*, mould-candles; *geöffneter Schrot*, dropped shot; *geöffneter Glas*, cast-glass: *es gießt* (in *Strömen*, mit *Rennen*), it rains as fast as it can pour; *II. refl. **, to pour, see *sich Ergießen*.

Gießer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) founder, caster, furnace-man; *Typ.* see *Schreibgießer*; 2) *ewer*; 3) *Mar.* skeet, skeeter; —lehn, *m.* founder's wages.

Gießerbe, (*w.*) *f.* see *Formerde*.

Gießerel, (*w.*) *f.* foundry, casting-house; *Typ.* see *Schreibgießerel*.

Gieß..., *in comp.* —erg, *n.* bronze metal; —flache, *f.* a small casting-mould; —form, *f.* casting-mould; —haus, *n.* —hütte, *f.* foundry; casting or cast house; —hammer, *f.* melting-room, casting-room; —kanne, *f.* 1) watering-pot; 2) *ewer* (with a crane); 3) *Moll.* water-spout, watering-pot shell (*Aspergillum*

jasurum Lam.); —lesten, *m.* 1) a frame in which tin, lead, &c. is cast; 2) see —flache; —leste, *f.* casting-ladle; —leffel, *m.* casting-kettle; —lopf, *m.* runner; —lauff, *f.* founder's; art of founding (type, &c.); —lade, *f.* see —bent; —loch, *n.* jet, hole of a mould; funnel of a furnace; —löffel, *m.* see —leste; —meister, *m.* master-founder; —mergel, *m.* casting-(form)-sand or clay, vitrifiable marl; —metall, *n.* see —erg; —modell, *n.* see —form; —mutter, *f.* matrix; —ofen, *m.* founding oven, work-founder's (or smelting)-furnace; —ofen, *n.* libation; —pfanne, *f. T.* shank (*Kermessack*); —platte, *f.* casting-plate; —presse, *f.* casting-(form)-press; —rahm(en), *m.* 1) see —lesten; 2) rake of a plumber's table; —rinne, *f.* gutter, drain; —rührer, *f.* spout of a watering-pot; —saub, *m.* see *Stromsaub*; —schaufel, *f.* founder's scoop; —sinn, *m.* drain, sink; —tafel, *f.* casting-slab; —stegel, *m.* melting- or casting-pot; —tisch, *m.* *Chemd.* mould-frame; —topf, *m.* cistern (of glass-makers).

Gießung, (*w.*) *f.* melting, fusion.

Gieß..., *in comp.* —waare, *f.* cast-ware or —goods; —waare, *f.* see —topf; —werk, *m.* brass-work, cast-work; —zange, *f.* founder's pincers; *Formd.-s.* —gäpfen, *m.* see *Gieß(-gäpf)*; —jetztel, *m.* bill of found.

Gift, *s. l. (w.) f. t.* gift, present; *II. (str.) n.* (*cf. provinc. m.*) 1) *a)* poison; venom; bane; (*Blatter-* *n.*) virus; *b)* *Min.* arsenic; *c)* *Agr.* mildew; 2) *fig.* venom, virulence, malice, wrath, anger; — und Galle spien, to vomit or vent one's venom; *daraus faust* du — nehmen, *coll.* you may be quite sure of that; *III. in comp.* —abtreibend, *adj.* *Med.*, &c. alexipharmac, alexiteric; *ein* —abtreibendes Mittel, alexipharmac; —äpfel, *m.* poisonous apple; —äpfelbaum, *m.* *Bot.* manchineel (*Hippomane mancinella* L.); —äpfel, *f.* see —sumach; —argerei, *f.* 1) antidote; 2) poisonous or deadly drug; —baum, *m.* *Bot.* 1) see —sumach; 2) upas-tree (*Arturis toxicaria* L.); —becher, *m.* poison(ed) cup; —beere, *f.* any poisonous berry; —beutel, *m.* see —blase; —bissen, *m.* poisoned morsel; *Sport.* bait; —blase, *f.* *Zool.* &c. poison-bag, poison-bladder; *Bot.-s.* —blume, *f.* marsh-crowfoot (*Ranunculus acrolepis* L.); —ciche, *f.* see —sumach. [rancorous or malicious way.]

Giften, (*w.*) *v. intr. coll.* to speak in a **Giften**, (*w.*) *v. intr. coll.* to be rancorous or malicious.

Gift..., *in comp.* —erg, *n.* *Min.* arsenic-ore; —ciche, *f.* see —sumach; —cisch, *m.* plague-vinegar; —fang, —gang, *m.* *Min.* horizontal chimney to catch the arsenic; —fängige Waaren, goods liable to infection; —gewächs, *n.* poisonous herb or plant; —haufen, *m.* see —blume; —haltig, *adj.* poisonous, venomous; —handel, *m.* trade in poisonous drugs; —haus, *m.* blight; —heil, *n.* *Bot.* helmet-flower, salutary aconite (*Aconitum anthora* L.); —hund, *m.* *Ichth.* dogshark (*Hundhai*); —hütte, *f.* *Min.* a building for the sublimation of arsenic.

Giftig, *I. adj.* poisonous: 1) venomous; deleterious; 2) virulent, pernicious; 3) *fig.* viperous, angry, malicious, enraged; *II. Gieft*, (*w.*) *f.* poisonousness, venomous quality, virulence.

Gift..., *in comp.* —fanal, *m.* see —fang; —fies, *m.* *Min.* white arsenic-ore, white or arsenical pyrites; —fessal, *m.* *Min.* cobalt pyrites; —frant, *n.* 1) poisonous herb, deleterious plant; 2) see —heil; —fugel, *f.* poisoned ball; —fättig, *m.* strong-scented lettuce (*Lactuca virosa* L.); —latwerge, *f.* *Med.* treacle mithridate, orvietan; —lechte, *f.* toxicology.

Giftlöss, *I. adj.* poisonous; *II. Gieftlöss, (*w.*) *f.* the (state of) being poisonous.*

Gift..., *in comp.* —magnet, *m.* arsenical magnet; —materie, *f.* see —stoff; —metall, *n.*

1) *Comm.* (crystalline) white arsenic; 2) poisoned flour; —mittel, *n.* poisoning; —mittel, *m.* —mittel, *f.* poisoner; —mittel, *f.* poisoning; —mittel, *n.* antidote; —mittel, *f.* see *Gichtmittel*; —mord, *m.* murder by poison, poisoning, see *Bergiftung*; —mörder, *m.* —mörderin, *f.* poisoner; —rauh, *f.* (*indianische*) see *Waldindische Rauhe*; —pflanze, *f.* poisonous plant; —pflie, *f.* 1) a poisonous pebble, quieting bolus; 2) *Med.* alexipharmic pill; —pulver, *n.* powder against poison, alexipharmic powder; —rausmittel, *f.* see —blume; —rebe, *f.* see —sumach; —regen, *m.* *provinc.* mildew, blight; —reich, *adj.* full of poison or venom; —scheit, *f.* *Ichth.* puffin, poison fish (*Tygon pastinoides* L.); —scheit, *f.* *Bot.* south-sea rose (*Nerium oleander* L.); —schlange, *f.* venomous serpent; —sumach, *m.* poisonous mushroom, toadstool; —stunde, *f.* any venomous shrub; —stein, *m.* *Min.* arsenic cadmia; white arsenic ore; arsenical tatty; deaser; —stoff, *m.* poisonous matter, virus; —sumach, *m.* *Bot.* poison-wood-tree, poison ash, varnish sumach; poison-oak (*Rhus toxicodendron* L.); —tranf, *m.* poisoned draught or potion; —wasser, *n.* poisoned water; —weide, *f.* see —wurz; —wibrig, *adj.* see —abtreibend; —wurz, *f.* *Bot.* poison-bulb (*Dryas octopetala* L.); —wurz, *f.* *Bot.* swallow-wort (*Asclepias vincetoxicum* L.); —wurzstängel, *n.* *Bot.* water-hemlock (*Actea viridis* L.); —zahn, *m.* venom tooth (of serpents); —zunge, *f.* *Ag.* an envenomed tongue.

Gigant, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) giant, see *Riese*. **Gigantisch**, *Gigantisch*, *adj.* gigantic, giantlike, huge.

Gilblume, (*w.*) *f.* see *Gilstrant*.

Gilbe, (*w.*) *f. coll. & Min.* yellow colour, yellow substance.

Gilben, *coll.* (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to become or grow yellow; *II. tr.* to make yellow.

Gilbert, *m.* Gilbert (*P. N.*). [*Welsh.*]

Gilbert, *coll.* & *Min.* *adj.* see *Gilstrant*, (*str.*) *n.* 1) see *Gilber(t)gipfer*; 2) swallow-wort; 3) wild woad (*Rosa lucida* L.).

Gilbling, (*str.*) *m.* see *Goldammer*.

Gil..., *in comp.* —bägel, *m.* see *Bügel*; —wurz, *f.* see *Guruma*.

Gilde, *I. (w.) f.* guild, corporation, company, body; society; *II. in comp.* —brief, *m.* statutes of a corporation (*Kunstbrief*, 2); —bruder, *m.* member of a guild; —haus, *n.* corporation-hall; —meister, *m.* head or foreman of a corporation. [*see* *Wärte*.]

Gilet, [*pr. shill*], *n.* (*Fr.*) waistcoat.

Gilge, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* flag-flower (*Iris* L.).

Gilgiting, (*str.*) *m.* t. first of September.

Gilgitingel, (*w.*) *f.* *Pharm.* root of the flag-flower.

Gilling, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* 1) (*des* *Spiegels* eines *Schiffes*) oche, counter; große —, lower counter; kleine —, upper counter; 2) (*eines* *Segels*) goring; —flügel, —flügel, *n. pl.* counter-timbers.

Gimp, (*str.*) *m.* gimp, gimp-lace.

Gimpel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* bullfinch, redfinch (*Loxia pyrrhula* L.); 2) *fig.* blockhead, dunce, simpleton, gull.

Gimpel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) lipping; 2) see *Binsel*, 2.

Gimpeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to lip.

Gimpf, (*str.*) *m.* see *Gimp*; —müße, *f.* loop-mill.

Gimpang, (*str.*) *m.* (*Java*) (*corr. from* *Gimpang*) *Comm.* gingham (a stuff).

Gink, *Ginkter*, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* broom (*Genista* L.).

Gipfel, *s. l. (str.) m.* summit; 1) top (of a tree, &c.); ridge, peak (of mountains); gable (of a house); head (of a tree, &c.); crown; peak, pinnacle; 2) *fig.* pitch, top, height,

acme; climax; meridian; II. *in comp.* —cube, *n.* top-and; —förmig, *adj.* Bot. fastigiate(d).

Gipflig, *adj.* topped, running out into a top. Bot. fastigiate, fastigiated.

Gipfel, (*n.*) *v. l.* fr. to top, provide with a point; II. *adv. & rel.* to top; *fig.* to culminate.

Gipfel..., *in comp.* —punkt, *m.* highest point; —reich, *adj.* 1) many-peaked; 2) well-branched up to the top; —förmig, *adj.* Bot. growing on the top, terminal; —stein, *m.* Arch. top-stone.

Gips, (*str.*) *m.* (Lat. gypsum, from Gr. *gypsoe*; *naturalised* [OHG. *gips*]) gypsum, Chem. sulphate of calcium, sulphate of lime; —(fall) plaster, plaster-stone, parget-stone; —(erde) gypseous earth; —(mörtel) plaster of Paris, stucco; getrammter —, parget-lime.

Gips..., *in comp.* —abstrich, —abzug, *m.* plaster-cast; —anwurf, *m.* the coating (of a wall), plastering; —arbeit, *f.* work in plaster of Paris, stucco-work; —arbeiter, *m.* plasterer; —artig, *adj.* resembling plaster; —bezeichnung, *f.* —bezeichnung, *m.* see —anwurf; —bild, *n.* figure or image in parget-stone, plaster figure; —Silberstüber, *m.* (Italian) talcote boy, image carrier; —blume, *f.* *Minor.* celestite, star-like gypsum; —brei, *m.* paste of gypsum; —kremerel, *f.* 1) calcination of gypsum; 2) place or kiln where gypsum is calcined; —brunn, *m.* gypsum-pit or quarry; —brust, *f.* bust of plaster of Paris; —breite, *f.* stucco-celling; —brust, *f.* crystallized gypsum.

Gipser, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) Stucc. to plaster, cover with plaster; *b*) *Mas.* to grout; 3) *Apr.* to manure with powdered parget; —Gipser, (*str.*) *m.* plasterer, &c.; stucco-worker.

Gips..., *in comp.* —strich, *n.* a floor of plaster of Paris, plaster-floor; —flur etc., *f.* see —bild etc.; —flurenjunge (or mann), *m.* see —Silberstüber; —form, *f.* mould for plaster-work; —gebirge, *n.* gypseous mountain; —grube, *f.* gypsum-pit; —gut, *m.* plaster casting; —haltung, *adj.* gypsiferous; —fall, *m.* calcined gypsum, plaster, parget-lime; —frucht, *n.* Bot. gypsophila (*Gypsophila* L.); —mauer, *f.* painting in fresco; —marmor, *n.* artificial marble, stucco; —mehl, *n.* powdered parget; —mergel, *m.* gypsaceous marl; —mörtel, *m.* plaster; stucco; dünnere —mörtel, *Mas.* grout, grouting; —schichten, *f. pl.* Geol. gypsiferous strata; —schutt, *m.* rubbish of plaster; *Minor.* s. —flur, *m.* stalactitical gypsum; —spat, *m.* gypsaceous spar; —stein, *n.* plaster-stone, gypsaceous stone; —steinstrich, *adj.* gypsaceous; —steinmauer, *f. pl.* *Smpl.* &c. gypsum-works; —mauer, *f. pl.* plaster-ware.

* **Giraffe** [*pr.* *gi-ä*, or *ahj*—], (*n.*) *f.* (Arab.) 1) Zool. giraffe, camelopard (*Camelopardalis girafa* L.); 2) upright piano.

* **Girandole** [*pr.* *zhirandöl*], (*n.*) *f.* (Fr.-Ital.) girandole, branched or armed candlestick.

* **Girant** [*pr.* *zhirant*], (*n.*) *m.* (Ital.) Comm. endorser. — **Girant** [*pr.* *zhirant*], (*n.*) *m.* endorsee.

Girgel, see **Gergel**.

* **Girren** [*pr.* *zhirren*], (*n.*) *v. tr.* Comm. to circulate, put in circulation; einen Wechselbrief —, to endorse a bill of exchange; in Blanco —, to endorse in blank; die girrite Erneute, second in course. — **Girre** [*pr.* *zhirre*], (*str.*, *pl.* *G-ö*) *n.* Comm. endorsement; *Ein-geben*, to endorse; — in Blanco, blank endorsement; *ausgefüllt* —, endorsement in full; *unausgefüllt* —, blank endorsement, endorsement in blank; —bank, *f.* circulation-bank, giro-bank, deposit- or transfer-bank; —geld, *n.* exchange money (at Hamburg).

Girren, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to coo.

Gis, (*indecl.*) *n.* *Mus.* G sharp; —moß, G sharp minor; —dur, G sharp major.

Gisch, *str.*, **Gisch**, see **Gischen**, **Gisch**.

Gischen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *Naut.* to estimate by guess.

Gisfing, **Gisfing**, (*n.*) *f.* *Naut.* estimation by the log-book, dead reckoning.

Gitter, *s. l.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) trellis, grate, railing; lattice; cross-bars; net of wire; fender (of a chimney); fence (of a steam-engine); 2) Arch. screen; 3) Herald. fret; II. *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* lattice-like; —balken, *m.* lattice-truss (of a bridge); —bett, *n.* grated or latticed bedstead; —blech, *n.* grill, grate of iron wire; —erker, *m.* balcony; —farn, *m.* Bot. male-wort (*Monotropa* L.); —fenster, *n.* lattice-window, trellised window; window with cross-bars; —förmig, *adj.* latticed, grated, cross-barred; —gang, *m.* trellised walk.

Gitterig, *adj.* see **Gitterförmig**.

Gitter..., *in comp.* —lanze, *f.* pole armour; —loge, *f.* latticed box (in a theatre).

Gittern, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lattice, cross-bar, rail, grate; 2) to checker; gegittert, *p. a.* latticed; Bot. cancellate; gegitterte Arbeit, trellis or lattice-work; das gegitterte B. *Mus.* (B cancellatum) a sharp [B]; gegitterte Seiten, *n. pl.* Comm. Arabias.

Gitter..., *in comp.* —schrank, *m.* a cupboard or wardrobe with cross-bars; —schwamm, *m.* Bot. grated fungus (*Clathrus cancellatus* L.); —spat, *m.* *Minor.* grated spar; —stange, *f.* bar of a grate, grate-bar; —stad, *m.* plant (folding) rule of joiners for lattice-work; —stuhl, *m.* chair of wicker work; —tisch, *n.* trellised gate; —tür, *f.* grated door; —träger, *m.* lattice-work girder; —weise, *adv.* lattice-like; —werk, *n.* lattice-work, fret-work, trellis-work, truss; —zaun, *m.* fence of trellis-work.

* **Glacé**, *Fr. p. a.*, *glacé*, *m.* —handschuh, *m.* kid-glove, dress-glove.

* **Glacieren** [*pr.* *glätschen*], (*n.*) *v. tr.* (Fr.) 1) to make glossy, to gloss; 2) to freeze, congeal.

* **Glacié** [*pr.* *gläse*], (*str.*) *n.* (Fr.) Fort. 1) glacis, scarp.

* **Gladiator**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*n.*] **Gladiator**) *m.* (Lat.) gladiator.

* **Gladiatorisch**, *adj.* gladiatorial, gladiatorial.

* **Gladiote**, (*n.*) *f.* (Lat.) Bot. corn-flag (*Gladiolus communis* L.).

Glaffen, (*n.*) *v. intr.* provinc. see **Glophen**.

Glaf, (*str.*) *n.* see **Gineß**.

Gländel, (*n.*) *f.* glandule.

Glänber, (*n.*) *f.* 1) provinc. a) slide or flake of ice; *b*) tail of a comet; 2) *Entom.* a species of corn-weevil (*Calandra oryza* F.).

Glänbern, (*n.*) *v. intr.* provinc. to slide (on the ice).

Glänz, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) lustre, brightness, splendour; glory, brilliancy, radiance, gloss, glare, flash; 2) polish, glitter, sheen, polishing; 3) *a*) *Jewel.* water, lustre, play (of precious stones); *b*) gloss (of cloth, colours); 4) coll. canary-seed; —geben, to dress, gloss (a hat, clothes); den — verlieren, to lose the gloss or lustre, to tarnish; to fade; an — über-treffen, to out-shine; einen — werfen or ver-bretten, to shed a lustre (über [with Acc.], over); II. *in comp.* —band, *n.* glazed ribbon; —bank, *f.* T. hatmaker's glossing-bench; —bitz, *f.* *Pomol.* *virgoulose*; —blatt, *n.* *Jewel.* foil; —blende, *f.* *Minor.* sulfuret of manganese; —bürste, *f.* polishing brush; —carban, *m.* shining Morocco leather; —binde, *f.* Japan ink; *Minor.* s. —eisen, *n.* iron-glass; —eisenstein, *m.* brown iron-ore.

Glänze, (*n.*) *f.* 1) gloss; 2) see **Appretur**.

Glänzen, (*n.*) *v. l.* *intr.* to be bright, to glitter, to gladden, to shine, to sparkle; —wollen, *fig.* to seek display; er sucht zu —, he affects to shine; es ist nicht Silber Gold, was glänzt, proverb, all is not gold that glitters;

II. *tr.* to make shining; to polish, burnish, brighten; einen Gut —, to gloss a hat; to glass (paper); to hot-press, dress (stuff); g-d, *p. a.* shining; glossy, bright; brilliant, radiant, splendid, resplendent; sparkling (eyes).

Glänzer, (*str.*) *m.*, glosser, burnisher, polisher.

Glänz..., *in comp.* —erg, *n.* plumbago, blacklead; —ergschmelze, *f.* black silver-ore; —tamin, *m.* glazed tamin; —farbe, *f.* brilliant colour; —firnis, *m.* glossy varnish; —gitter, *m.* see **Glänger**; —gold, *n.* mock leaf-gold; —gras, *n.* Bot. canary-grass (*Phalaris canariensis* L.); —hammer, (**Glänzhammer**), *m.* polishing-hammer; —handschuh, *m.* (unusual) kid-glove; —hitzer, *m.* *Entom.* sparkler, glossy-beetle (*Trachys minutus* F.).

Glänzig, *adj.* coll. shining, bright.

Glänz..., *in comp.* —lanzfalt, *f.* gold or silver-pur; —latun, *m.* glazed calico, chintz; —kobalt, *m.* *Minor.* shining cobalt ore; —losig, *f.* 1) shining (char)coal; 2) blind-coal, fat-coal; anthracite; —frucht, *n.* see —gras; —fugel, *f.* polishing-ball; —leber, *n.* patent or lacquered leather; —leintuch, *f.* glazed linen; buckram.

Glänzlos, *s. l.* *adj.* 1) lustreless, lack-lustre, dull, dim; cloudy (diamond); 2) *fig.* without splendour or pomp; II. **G-igelt**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) want of lustre, dullness, dimness; 2) want of splendour or pomp.

Glänz..., *in comp.* —marmor, *m.* shining marble; —maschine, *f.* see **Glättmaschine**; —meer, *n.* *, sea of light; —papier, *m.* glazed paper; —pappe, *f.* card-board; —periode, *f.* *fig.* days of glory, palmy days; —peterlein, *n.* Bot. fool's parsley (*Aethusa cynapium* L.); —prelle, *f.* T. glazing-calendar; —reich, *adj.* very bright, splendid; —rose, *f.* a species of wild briar (*Rosa canina* L.); —rath, *n.* *Minor.* *Comm.* buckram; —schlagen, *n.* T. polishing of iron-plates; —seite, *f.* *lit. & fig.* the bright side of a thing.

Glänzstahl, (*str.*) *m.* polishing steel.

Glänz..., *in comp.* —stein, *m.* *Jewel.* brilliant; —teffet, *m.* silk lustring; —tinte, *f.* Japan ink; —umhüllen, —umwicken, *adj.* *, surrounded with radiant splendour, radiant; (grüne) —vogel, *m.* Ornith. jacamar; —wisch, *f.* shining blacking.

Glärner, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.*, **Glärnerin**, (*n.*) *f.* a native of Glarus (male and female); II. or **Glärnisch**, *adj.* of Glarus.

Glas [*N. G.* *gläs*], (*str.*, *pl.* **Gläser**) *n.* 1) glass; matter —, ground (obscured) glass; belegtes —, silvered glass; 2) *Yel.* (im Hufe der Pferde) horned or horny coat; 3) *Sport.* die Gläser des Schicks, eyes of the stag; —machen, Glasen, to make (blow) glass; zu — werden, to vitrify; unter — und Rahmen bringen, to frame and glass; ein — Wein, Bier etc., a glass of wine, of beer, &c.; ein volles —, bumper; zu tief ins — gehen, coll. to take a sip too much; wir haben noch ein — zusammen zu leeren (*Gölthe*), less usual than ein Stühchen zu pfücken.

Gläs, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* veins of quartz running through slate.

Gläs..., *in comp.* —achse, *m.* *Minor.* Iceland agate, obsidian; —ähnlich, *adj.* glass-like, see —artig; *Minor.* hyaline; —ähnlichkeit, *f.* glassiness, vitreousness; —amiant, *m.* glassy amiant; —apfel, *m.* *Pomol.* glass-apple; —arbeit, *f.* glass-work; —arbeiter, *m.* workman in glass-manufactories; —artig, *adj.* vitreous, glassy; —artige Erde, silica; —asche, *f.* alkali; —auge, *n.* 1) glass-eye; 2) *Parr.* a) *pl.* wall-eyes; *b*) a wall- or silver-eyed horse; 3) *loc. pl.* spectacles; —äugig, *adj.* wall-eyed, silver-eyed; —beritten, *n.* see —blafen; —berittung; —faß, *f.* hyalurgy; —birne, *f.* *Pomol.* chambrette;

—blasen, *n.* glass-blowing, glass-making; —bläser, *m.* glass-blower, glass-maker; —bläserisen, *n.* bunting-iron; —bläserlampe, *f.* blow-pipe; —bläserbüchse, *f.* blow-pipe; —bohren, *n.* glass-drilling; —bohrer, *m.* glass-drill; —bohrmaschinen, *f.* *Moll.* glass-beaked cockle (*Torobradilla vitrea* Lam.); —boot, *n.* *Moll.* argonaut (*Nautilus diaphanus* Cuv.); —bret, *n.* *Wesc.* box, pulley; —broden, *m. pl.* —bruch, *m.* callet, broken glass; —bürste, *f.* bottle-brush.

Glaschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Glas) little glass, cup; *fig.* a glass of something; ein — zu viel, a cup too much.

Glas..., *in comp.* —trasen, *f. pl.* glass-beads; (*schwarz*) black points; —zylinder, *m.* glass-cylinder, chimney (for lamps); glass-barrel (of air-pumps, &c.); —deckel, *m.* cover or lid of glass; —diamant, *m.* glass-diamond, imitation-diamond; —egel, *m.* transparent leech; —electricität, *f.* vitreous electricity; —electricität, *adj.* vitreo-electric.

Glasfen, (*w.*) *s. indr.* bent, to tipple.

Glasfen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* see Glasfen.

Glasfen, (*str.*) *m.* see Glasfenster.

Glasfen, *s. l. (str.)* *m.* glazier.

Glasfenster, (*str.*) *m.* month.

Glasfen..., *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* glazier's work; —blei, *n.* see Fensterblei.

Glasfärbe, (*w.*) *f.* vitrifiable earth.

Glasfärbemittel, (*w.*) *m.* glazier's diamond; diamond pencil; writing diamond.

Glasfärrer, (*w.*) *f.* calling, business, or workshop of a glazier.

Glasfen..., *in comp.* —gefell, *m.* glazier's journeyman; —handwerk, *n.* glazier's trade; —fitt, *m.* patty.

Glasfen..., *in comp.* —fang, *m.* jingling or sound of glasses; —fisch, *m. (N.)* glass-tray.

Glasfenmagazin, *f.* see Glasfenster.

Glasfen, (*adj.*) 1) of glass, glass; eine *g-e* Flasche, a glass-bottle; 2) glassy, vitreous; die *g-e* Fruchtigkeit im Auge, see Glasfruchtigkeit; 3) *fig.* fragile.

Glasfen..., *in comp.* —rath, *f.* shelf or stand for holding-glasses; —serviette, *f.* oil-cloth stand for wine-glasses, &c.

Glas..., *in comp.* —trug, *m.* *Minor.* vitreous silver-ore; —fabrik, *f.* glass-manufacture; *cf.* —blüte; —farbe, *f.* glass-colour; —farbig, *adj.* glass-coloured; *Mod.* hyaloid; —fenster, *m.* glass-window; —fruchtigkeit, *f.* *And.* vitreous or crystalline humour (in the eye); —flasche, *f.* glass-bottle, decanter; —flüssigkeit, *m.* *Phys.* vitreous fluid; —flüss, *m. 1)* glassy flux; 2) glass or crystal paste; —flüssigkeit, *f.* see —fruchtigkeit; —form, *f.* mould for glass-vessels; —fritte, *f.* *Glass-w.* frit; composition, batch; —galle, *f.* glass-gall, sandiver; —geschäufel, *m.* glass-case, *gl.* glode; —gemälde, *n.* painting on glass; —gemeinde, *n.* see —fritte; —geschütz, *n.* glass-vessels; glass-ware; —geschüttel, *n.* spun glass; —gewölbe, *n.* see —fabrik; —glode, *f.* bell-glass (bell-shaped) glass-shade (for the preservation of a clock, &c.); *Gerd.* hand-glass; —granate, *f.* glass (or mock)-garnet; —griff, *m.* *coll.* broken window-glass; —griff, *m. 1)* glass-handle; 2) *Glass-w.* ferret; —grün, *adj.* of a glass-green colour, bottle-green; —haften, *m.* *Glass-w.* glass-melting-pot; —hammer, *m.* glazier's hammer; —handel, *m.* glass-trade; —händler, *m.* dealer in glass, *coll.* glass-man; beim —händler, in the glass-shop; —harmonika, *f.* musical glasses (*pl.*), (glass)-harmonica; —hart, *adj.* hard like glass, brittle; —haus, *m.* glass-house, see Gewächshaus; —haut (des Auges), *f.* *And.* hyaloid membrane; arachnoid (tunic), arachnoides tuniclo; —hell, *adj.* clear as glass; —honig, *m.* white honey; —hütte, *f.* glass-house, glass-works, glass-manufacture.

Glaslicht, Glasfig, *adj.* like glass, shining like glass; glassy, vitreous; slaty (grain).

* Glasfen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (probably, like Glasfen, from the *Fr.*: glacer) to glass.

Glas..., *in comp.* —fall, *m.* see —galle; —falten, *m.* glass-case (for stuffed birds, &c.); show-glass; —flügel, *f.* *Pomol.* agriot; —fitt, *m.* cement for uniting broken glass; —fisch, *m.* glass-button; —fischen, *m.* *Chem.* matras, bolt-head; —fisch, *m.* *Minor.* hematite; —fisch, *m.* crate; —fischer, *m.* *And.* vitreous body or substance; —fischerung, *f.* *Mod.* synchysis; —früher, *m.* see —händler; —früher, *m.* *Bot.* wall-pollitory, parietary (*Parietaria officinalis* L.); —fugel, *f.* glass-globe, glass-ball; —fugler, *n.* *Minor.* vitreous copper-ore; —faden, *m.* glass-shop; —falter, *f.* glass-lantern; —lava, *f.* glass-lava, hyalite; —linse, *f.* *Opt.* lenticular glass, lens; —macher, *m.* glass-maker; —macherei, *f.* blowing iron; —macherei, *f.* manganese, glass (maker's) soap; —maler, *m.* a painter on glass, annealer; —maler, *f.* painting on glass, staining of glass, glass or encaustic painting; (art of) annealing; —mann, *m.* *coll.* glass-man; —masse, *f.* *Glass-w. 1)* (rope) frit (the matter of which glass is made); 2) (*flüssige*) glass-metal (glass in fusion); —mehl, *n.* glass-powder; —meister, *m.* inspector of a glass-house; —meister, *m.* vitrometer; —nabel, *m.* see —galle; —nuth, *f.* groove for a window; —ofen, *m.* glass-house furnace; —opal, *m.* *Minor.* hyalite; —papier, *n.* glass-paper; —paste, *f.* glass-paste; —pfeil, *n.* stone-pitch; —perlen, *f. pl.* glass-beads; (*schwarz*) bugles; —platte, *f.* glass-plate; —perlen, *n.* transparent porcelain; —quarz, *m.* hyaline quartz; —rührer, *m.* bottle-brush; —rute, *f.* pane of glass in the shape of a lozenge; —röhre, *f.* glass-tube; fountain glass (for Argand lamps); —röhre, *f.* glass-square, pane; —salz, *n.* vitreous salt, sandiver; —sand, *m.* vitreous sand; —sch, *m.* see —fritte; —scham, *m.* anatron, scum of melted glass; —scheere, *f.* see —schere; —scheide, *f.* pane of glass; —scheibe, *f.* a piece of broken glass; —schere, *f.* *Glass-w.* borsella; —schirm, *m.* glass-shade; —schleife, *f.* glass-gall, sandiver; —schlange, —schleife, *f.* see Windfischleide; —schleifer, *m.* glass grinder or cutter; —schmelz, *n.* *Bot.* glass-wort (*Sakcorria herbacea* L.); —schmelz, *m.* (small) bugles; —schmelzer, *m.* glass-melter; —schmelz, —schmelz, *m.* see —galle; —schneider, *m.* glass-cutter, glass-grinder; —schneider, *m.* *Minor.* thumer-stone, axinite; —schneid, *m.* a (corner)-cup-board, glass-case.

Glasfen, (*w.*) *f.* T. silk spun over with gold or silver.

Glas..., *in comp.* —seife, *f.* see —macherei; —spiel, *m.* *Minor.* glass-spar; —spiel, *n.* *Mus.* musical glasses; —spinner, *m.* glass-spinner; —spitzer, *m.* shiver of glass; —stein, *m. 1)* *Minor.* see —schere; 2) glass jewel (made of glass); —stempel, *m.* stamp or mark of a glass-house; —stiel, *m.* T. glass-barrel (of an air-pump); —stiel, *m.* glass-bee-hive; —streifen, *m.* strips of glass; —strich, *f.* glass-shade.

Glas, (*str.*) *m.* province, & post. for Glasfen.

Glas..., *in comp.* —tafel, *f.* glass-plate; —tafel zu Fensterhöfen, sheet-glass; —tafel, *m.* see —galle; —trinken, *f. pl.* see —tropfen; —tür, *f.* glass-door; —riegel, —tafel, *m. 1)* glass-melting pot; 2) glass-pot; —träger, *m.* glass-pedler, glass-man; —trichter, *m.* glass-funnel; —trug, *m.* T. glass-trough; —trug, *m.* *pl.* prince Raport's drops, Dutch tears.

* Glasfen, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.* glacer) 1) the act of glazing; 2) glazing (a vitrifiable substance), glass, varnish; 3) enamel (of the teeth); —blau, *n.* saffron; —erde, *f.* —mergel, *m.* see Tripel; —milch, *f.* see Glättmilch; —sand,

m. see Tripel; —vergoldung, *f.* gilding on glass; —verglasen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* see Glasfen; Glas..., *in comp.* —vergoldung, *f.* gilding on glass; —waren, *f. pl.* glass-ware; —wand, *f.* glass-partition; —weide, *f.* *Bot.* brack-willow (*Salix fragilis* L.); —wert, *n.* glass-work; —würmer, *pl.* see —stränke; —wurp, *f.* see —frust; —zähren, *f. pl.* see —tropfen; —zange, *f.* *Glass-w.* pincil; —zucker, *m.* sugar candy.

Glatt, *adj.* *lit. & fig.* smooth, sleek; glib; glossy, polished; slippery; even, plain; bald, bare, naked; *Bot.* smooth, glabrous; *g-e* Gewehr, *g-e* Kanten, smooth-bored gun, *coll.* smooth-bore; *g-tr* Esch, *Typ.* letter-type (without figures); —den Gesicht, smooth-faced; *Comm-w.* der *g-e* Hies, plain craps; der *g-e* Epigramm, plain (bobbin)-net; *g-e* oder schlichte Stoffe, plain cloth; *g-tr* Sammet, plain black velvet, tabby black velvet; *g-e* Handschuhe, gloved gloves; *g-e* Geschäft, fair business; der *g-e* Hies, *coll.* fare; der *g-e* Esattel, plain or running saddle; *fig-s.* ein *g-tr* Eschurte, a sleek villain; *g-tr* Worte, flattering, sweet, or fair words; *Glatt* *g-tr* Worte geben, to speak one fair; ein *g-e* Junge, a smooth, glib, or candid tongue; —weg, *adv.* roundly, plainly, flatly; die *Esche* ging — vorwärts, the affair went on smoothly or flowingly; er hat das Ganze — abgemacht, *Comm.* he has settled the whole business; er hat die ganze Rechnung — gemacht, he has squared the whole account; —auslegen, —fahren, to sit close; die *Erden* — machen (den Bögen), to preen the feathers; —fahren, —fahren, —fahren, to brush, to comb out, to shave smooth; —herausfagen, to tell plainly, flatly, roundly, freely; —legen, to lay flat; —rindeln, *Mod.* to mark (*Karmarsch*); —streichen, to smooth down.

Glatt..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Glätt) —ähle, *f.* Harz branch; —ähle, *adj.* boardless, smooth-chinned; —ähle, *f.* fowling-piece, smooth-bore; —butt, *m.* —butte, *f.* *coll.* pearl (Glättbutte); —ch, *n.* a thin glazed, very slippery sheet or cover of fire, closely adhering to the soil, pavement, &c., produced by rain falling on surfaces retaining for a while their cold temperature engendered by a preceding frost; icy rain; auch —ch fähren, *fig.* to test; to deceive (one); —effen, (*w. & impers.*) *v. impers.* *cf.* —effen, the road is frozen slippery; —felle, *f.* see Glättfelle; —haarig, *adj.* smooth or sleek-haired; —hafer, *m.* *Bot.* French ray-grass (*Arrhenatherum elatius* L.); —het, *m.* *coll.* smooth dog-fish (*Mastomys levis* Rond.); —höl, *m.* T. smoothing-plane, jointer; —höl, *pl.* *coll.* see Drahten; —höl, *adj.* sleek-headed; —ranzig, *adj.* *Bot.* without any notches (said of leaves); —rothe, *m.* *coll.* scate (*Raja batia* L.); —schleifer, *m.* see Glättschleifer; —schleier, *n.* *pl.* see Brichschleier; —zungig, *adj.* smooth-tongued, oily, mealy-mouthed; fine-spoken, insinuating; —zungigkeit, *f.* smoothness of tongue, insinuation.

Glätt..., *in comp.* —ähle, *f.* broach; —bunt, *f.* T. polishing-bench; —bunt, *n.* see —höl; —blei, *n.* see Glättblei.

Glättte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) smoothness; evenness, polish; glossiness, sleekness; slipperiness; 2) *Minor.* litharge, pottern ore.

Glättteisen, (*str.*) *n.* smoothing iron; curling-iron.

Glättfen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to smooth, polish, burnish, plane, planish, glass, even, level; to calender; to finish (paper, &c.); *Mas.* to flet; geglättetes Papier, glazed paper.

Glättfen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) smother, polisher, &c.; 2) polishing tool; —milch, *f.* see Glättmilch.

Glätt..., *in comp.* —felle, *f.* smoothing-

file: -*flig*, *n.* rubber (of card-makers); -*frisch*, *n.* reduction of litharge to lead; -*glas*, *n.* sleeking- or smoothing-glass; -*hafen*, *n.* hook (of leadmakers); -*hammer*, *m.* Pimper-*n.* smoothing-hammer.

Glatteit, (*w.*) *f.* see **Glatte**.

Glatte, *in comp.* -*habel*, *m.* smoothing-plane; *Join.* jointer; -*hals*, *n.* polishing-stick; -*horn*, *n.* polishing-stick; -*kalender* (*Glaskalender*), *m.* T. friction-calendar; -*krat*, *f.* (glass-)sleeker; -*lassen*, *m.* burnisher, *Bookb.*, &c. polishing-iron; -*lugel*, *f.* glass-ball for smoothing.

Glatteit, *adj.* half-smooth.

† **Glatteit**, (*str.*) *m.* see **Schmiedler**.

Glatte, *in comp.* -*lauer*, *n.* sleeked dowlax; -*maschine*, -*milch*, *f.* calendaring machine; -*platte*, *f.* Paper-*m.* sleeking-stone; -*prelle*, *f.* calendar, smoothing press; -*schle*, -*schleier*, *f.* Shoe-*m.* sleeking-stone; -*schleier*, *m.* polisher; -*stahl*, *m.* burnishing-steel, burnisher; -*stein*, *m.* sleek-stone, burnishing-stone; -*stube*, *f.* sleeking-room; burnishing-room; -*werkzeug*, *n.* sleeking- or smoothing-tool; -*wolf*, *m.* wolf's or dog's tooth, polishing tooth, burnisher.

Glatte, (*w.*) *f.* baldness, calvity, *coll.* bald pate.

Glatte, *adj.* bald, bald-pated.

Glatteit, (*str.* pl. *Glatteit*) *m. conf.* bald-pated person.

Glatte, *adj.* provinc. clear, bright; brisk, lively, quick; clear, sharp-sighted; -*äugig*, *adj.* bright-eyed; sharp-sighted.

Glatteit, *I. adj.* credible, see **Glaublich**; *II. Glatteit*, (*w.*) *f.* see **Glaublichkeits**.

Glatte, (*irr.*), **Glatte**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) belief; faith (an [with Acc.], in); 2) credit, credence; 3) religious faith, religion; (*Glatte* [beim] *n.*) creed, profession; *Erre* und -*god* faith; in *guter* -, in good faith, *bona fide*; -, *Siehe*, *hoffnung*, faith, hope, and charity; der *christliche* -, the Christian faith; dem *G-n* abfallen, to desert from one's faith, to apostatize; auf (*Erre* und) *G-n*, on trust; er hat allen *G-n* verloren, he has lost all credit; (einer *Sache* [Dat.]) *G-n* beibringen or *leihen*, to give credit (or credence) to, to attach credit to, to put faith in ..., to credit; *coll.* s. *dag* gehört ein *starker* -, that is hard to be believed; der - *wird* ihm an die *hand* kommen, experience will teach him; *glatte*, *adj.* firm in one's (religious) belief.

Glatte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (& *intr.*) 1) to believe (an [with Acc.], in); to trust, to credit; 2) to think, suppose, to imagine; (*Erre* [etwas]) -, to believe one; *ich* kann es ihm nicht -, I cannot believe him; - *machen*, to make believe, to lead to believe; einen *Gott* -, to believe in a God; an *Gott* -, to believe in God; *ich* glaube wohl, I am inclined to believe, I dare say; er glaubt nicht so leicht, he is no easy believer; *ich* glaube, daß es eine *Gabel* ist, I take it to be a fork; das kann ich nicht -, I cannot believe that; wer - *Sie*, daß ich bin (*besser*: *ist* *wer* *halten* *Sie* *nicht*?) who do you think I am? whom do you take me for? *Sie* - *das* nicht? you do not suppose ...? man glaubt, it is thought; man glaubt von ihm, daß ..., he is thought (suspected) to ...; er mußte davon -, *coll.* 1. he could not escape his fate, he was fain to die; 2. he had to suffer heavily; 3. he was obliged to submit or to truckle.

Glatte, *in comp.* -*abfall*, *m.* apostasy; -*artikel*, *m.* article of faith or of the creed; pl. *credenda*; -*behrer*, *m.* confessor of a religion; -*behrer*, *m.* confession of faith; profession, symbol; -*bote*, *m.* apostle, missionary; -*bruder*, *m.* brother in faith, *cf.* -*genos*; -*bund*, *m.* Script. covenant, testament; -*effert*, *m.* (religious) zeal; -*effert*, *m.* zealot; -*eifrig*, *adj.* zealous; -*einfelt*, *f.*

unity in faith; -*feurig*, *adj.* see -*cifrig*; -*flüchtling*, *m.* refugee on account of his religion; -*form*, *f.* form of faith, creed; -*formel*, *f.* confession of faith; -*freiheit*, *f.* religious liberty; -*freudigkeit*, *f.* boldness, confidence (from faith); -*frucht*, *f.* fruit of faith, *f. s.* good works; -*genos*, *m.* co-religionist; *cf.* -*bruder*; -*genossenschaft*, *f.* conformity of faith; -*gericht*, *n.* inquisition; -*grund*, *m.* foundation or argument of faith; -*held*, *m.* hero or champion of faith; -*helfer*, *m.* religious hypocrite; -*irrtum*, *m.* error in matters of faith; -*lehre*, *f.* doctrine of faith; 1) system of religion; dogmatics; 2) see -*satz*; -*lehrling*, *m.* catechumen.

Glatte, *adj.* unbelieving, sceptical.

Glatte, *in comp.* -*meinung*, *f.* opinion in matters of faith; -*menger*, *f.* syncretist; -*mengerel*, *f.* syncretism; -*opfer*, *n.* victim of or for faith; -*partei*, *f.* religious sect or party; -*pflicht*, *f.* religious duty; -*probe*, *f.* religious test; -*regel*, *f.* rule of faith; -*reich*, *adj.* full of faith; ein -*reicher* *Schwärmer* (*Schwärmer*), an enthusiastic visionary; -*reformer*, *m.* reformer (of religion); -*reinigung*, *f.* reformation (of the church); -*richter*, *m.* inquisitor; -*sache*, *f.* matter of faith; -*satz*, *m.* dogma, established tenet, doctrine; -*schwärmer*, *m.* religious enthusiast, fanatic; -*schwärmerel*, *f.* religious enthusiasm, fanaticism; -*schwärmerisch*, *adj.* fanatical; -*crupel*, *m.* see -*gweifel*; -*streit*, *m.* dispute concerning faith, controversy; -*streiter*, *m.* champion of faith; -*streit*, *f.* constancy in faith; -*verbesserer*, *m.*, -*verbesserung*, *f.* see -*reinigung*; -*reinigung*, *f.* 1) system of faith; 2) constitution respecting matters of faith; -*verläugner*, *m.* renegade, apostate; -*verwandte*, *m.* see -*genos*; -*verwandtschaft*, *f.* see -*genossenschaft*; -*wall*, *adj.* full of faith; -*werchrist*, *f.* see -*regel*; -*warm*, *adj.* see -*cifrig*; -*weise*, *f.* creed; -*werber*, *m.* proselyte-maker; missionary; -*werberel*, *f.* proselytism; -*wissenschaft*, *f.* theology; -*wuth*, *f.* excessive religious frenzy, fanaticism; -*wuthig*, *adj.* religiously frantic, fanatical; -*junge*, *m.* martyr; -*junft*, *f.* sect; -*junftel*, *f.* sectarianism; -*junftler*, *m.* sectarian; -*junft*, *f.* confidence of faith; -*jwang*, *m.* coercion of faith, intolerance; -*jweifel*, *m.* doubts of faith, scepticism; -*jweifer*, *m.* sceptic; -*jwist*, *m.* see -*stirrt*.

Glatteit, (*str.*) *n.* Chem. Glauber's salt (sulphate of soda).

Glatteit, *I. or Glatteit*, *adj.* credible, authentic; ein *glatteit* Zeugnis, an authentic or unquestionable testimony; *II. Glatteit*, (*w.*) *f.* credibility, authenticity; probability.

Glatteit, *adj.* 1) believing (easily), having faith; undoubting; 2) devout, faithful; *Glatteit*, *m.* & *f.* (*decl.* like *adj.*) (faithful) believer; righteous person; die *Glatteit*, believing men, the faithful.

Glatteit, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (& *intr.*) 1) to impress with a strong belief, to confirm. [ditto: *Glatteit*, (*w.*) *f.* creditrix.

Glatteit, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. & Law, credit; **Glatteit**, *I. adj.* credible, creditable; probable, likely; *II. Glatteit*, (*w.*) *f.* credibility; probability, likelihood.

Glatteit, *adj.* credible; authentic(al); trustworthy; *glatteit* Nachrichten haben, to be credibly informed; *II. Glatteit*, (*irr.*) *f.* credibility; authenticity; trustworthiness.

Glatteit, *adj.* *Min.* 1) greenish, sea-green; 2) dead, containing no metal (*cf.* *Leut*); 3) provinc. smart, neat, pretty; -*erz*, *n.* *Min.* stoneware; -*herd*, *m.* 1) T. wash-bench; 2) Sport. little fowling-floor.

Glatteit, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. see **Glatteit**.

Glatteit, (*w.*) *f.* *Rust.* a handful of corn-stalks (to form the sheaf).

Glatteit, (*w.*) *f.* see **Schotenbern**.

Glatteit, *I. adj.* (*s.*) & *adv.* (*with Dat.*) 1) like, alike, same; similar; 2) equal; *coll.* s. 3) even, level, plain; 4) direct, straight, just; 5) adequate, proportional; 6) even (number); der *Erde* -, even with the ground; - *vor* dem *Geiste*, equal before the law; der *glatteit* *Klammern*, of the same name; fünf *weniger* *vier* ist - *ein*, five less four is equal to one; *glatteit* *Anteil* haben, to have an equal share, to share alike; auf *glatteit* Weise, in like manner; auf *glatteit* Weise, all alike; zu *glatteit* Zeit, at the same time; auf *glatteit* Fuß sein or stehen, to be upon a level; der *glatteit* *Fuß* or *Wirth*, *Comm.* par; auf *glatteit* Fuß, upon the same level; upon the same terms; in *glatteit* *Verth*, at par; von *glatteit* Umfang, co-extensive; von *glatteit* *Vertheilung*, equivalent; wir sind nicht von *glatteit* *Stand*, we are not equals; *glatteit* *Vertheilung*, co-essential, consubstantial; *seht* *ich* (*Dat.*) -, always the same, unvarying; undeviating; *ich* (*Dat.*) - *bleiben*, to remain the same, to suffer no change or alteration; to be consistent with one's self; to go regularly (of clocks, watches); er *bleibt* *ich* immer -, he is always like himself; das *bleibt* *ich* -, that is the same; *ich* - *bleiben*, uniform, consistent; *ich* nicht - *bleiben*, to vary, alter, fluctuate; we are not inconsistent; - *denken*, to agree, (*glatteit* *Anteil* sein) to be of the same opinion (*über* [with Acc.], on, about); - *gehen*, to be equivalent (to), see - *sein*; - *kommen* (*with Dat.*), to equal, match, come up to ... or with ...; to be equivalent (to); nicht - *kommen*, to be (come or fall) short of; dem nicht - *kommt*, unparalleled, *cf.* ohne *Glatteit*; - *machen*, to equal, equalize; to even, level, to make level, to bring to one level; dem *Oben* - *machen*, to level with the ground; - *sein*, 1. (*with Dat.* or *mit*) to be equal or equivalent (to), to be on (upon) a par (*with* ...), *cf.* - *kommen*; 2. (*impers.*) to be indifferent (to one); es ist mir (Ailes) -, it is all one (equal, or the same) to me; das ist - *viel*, that is all the same; - *viel*, *wer* es *gefragt* hat, no matter who said so; es ist ihm Ailes -, nothing affects him; he scruples at nothing; - *stehen*, to stand or be upon a par or level, *cf.* - *sein*, 1; - *stellen*, to place on a par, to put on a level (*Erre* or *einer Sache* [Dat.], with ...), to put on a footing of (or upon an) equality; *ich* *Erre* - *stellen*, to put one's self in a parallel with one; es *Erre* - *stehen*, to equal, match, *cf.* - *kommen*; es *Erre* - *stehen* wollen, to vie with ... to emulate; *meines*, *deines*, *seines Glatteit*, my, your, his like or equals; *wie* mit *seines Glatteit*, as equal with equal, on terms of equality; *beffen Glatteit*, the like of which; *von* *seines Glatteit* *gerichtet* werden, to be tried by one's peers; er hat nicht *seines Glatteit*, he has not his like; *seines Glatteit* *suchen* (*s. a.* nicht haben), ohne *Glatteit* *sein*, to be without a parallel, to be matchless, unrivalled, unparalleled, unprecedented, unmatched, unique; *ins Glatteit* *bringen* or *setzen*, to bring to a level, to equalize; to set (things) right; *ich* will ein *Glatteit* *für* dich *stehen*, I will do as much for you; (*Erre*) *Glatteit* *mit Glatteit* *vergleichen*, to render (do or give) like for like, to retaliate in kind; - *und* - *geflist* *ich* *gern*, proverb, birds of a feather flock together, like draws to like, every like loves his like.

II. adv. 1) like, alike; 2) equally, &c. *cf.* I.; - *alt*, of the same age; - *ewig*, equally eternal (*with* ...), co-eternal; - (*weit*) *entfernt*, (being) equally distant, equidistant; - (*schwer* or *leicht*), of equal weight, (equi-) poised; 3) just; - *als ob*, - *als wenn*, just

(or like) as if, just as; —wie, as, even as, just as;
4) coll. (for *Gegleich*; *gerade*) directly, straight-
way(s); immediately, presently; *ich bin —ger-*
tig, I have just done; —*bei jähren*, to pay
down; to pay ready money (cash); —*zu An-*
fang, —*anfange*, at the very beginning, on
the outset; —*bei der Hand*, ready at hand;
es ist —jäh, it is upon the turn of twelve;
wie heißt er doch? —? what is his name (again)?
—*zu*, see *Geschehn*.

III. *comp.* though, although; *bin ich —noch*
jung, though I still am young.

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*ähnlich*, *adj.* *ähn-*
lich, *adj.* equidistant; —*ähnlichkeit*, *f.* equi-
distance; —*ähnlich*, *adj.* similar; congruent;
—*alterig*, *adj.* of the same age, *cf.* —*gerig*;
—*armig*, *adj.* having equal arms; —*artig*, *adj.*
of the same kind, congener, homogeneous;
analogous, similar; congenial; coll. (all) of a
piece; —*artigkeit*, *f.* sameness of nature, ho-
mogeneousness; similarity; congeniality.

Gleich *bär*, *adj.* comparable.
Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*bedeutend*, *adj.* hav-
ing the same meaning, identical in meaning,
synonymous, convertible; —*bedeutung*, *f.*
sameness of meaning; —*bein*, *n.* *Anal.* see
Gleichbein; —*berechtigt*, *adj.* equally entitled;
enjoying the same privileges or rights; —*be-*
trag, *m.* equal amount, tantamount, equiva-
lent; —*breit*, *adj.* of the same breadth; *Bot.*
linear; —*bürtig*, *see* *Eckenbürtig*; —*deutend*,
adj. (s)like-minded, of the same mind or op-
inion, agreeing; congenial; —*beutig*, *adj.* sy-
nonymous; —*bedeutigkeit*, *f.* synonymy.

Gleich *et*, (*w.* *f.* 1) equalness; 2) evenness
(*cf.* *Gleichheit*).

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*et*, *n.* *Geom.* isagon;
—*empfinden*, *adj.* sympathetic.

Gleich *en*, *v. l. (str.) intr.* (with *Dat.*) 1)
to equal, be equal to ..., to match, *cf.* *Gleich*
fommen; 2) to resemble, to be like; *er gleicht*
ihm nicht, he is not like him; *II. (w.) tr. 1)*
to equalise, to make equal or like; 2) to ad-
just (the weight of coins, &c.); 3) to make
even or plain, to level, smooth; 4) (+ *A*) *o.*
to compare, liken; 5) *T.* see *Zusitzen*; *Gleichen*.

Gleich *entfernt*, *adj.* equidistant.

Gleich *er*, (*str.* *m.* 1) *T.* *Ac.* flattener,
smoother; 2) *Adv.* equator, equinoctial line;
—*höhe*, *f.* see *Meridianhöhe*.

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*ewig*, *adj.* co-eter-
nal; —*faßend*, *adj.* *Comm.* even; —*faß*, *conj.*
likewise, also, too; —*farbig*, *adj.* of the same
colour, isochromatic; —*farbigkeit*, *f.* sameness
of colour; —*faßend*, (*w.* *v. tr.* *Halt.*) to
press out (a hat) by the blunt edge of a
stamper; —*faßend*, *adj.* see —*faßend*, 1; —
förmig, *adj.* 1) conformable, having the same
form, uniform; *Ag-s.* 2) equable, even, equal
and uniform at all times (as motion); —*för-*
mig *beschleunigt*, *Mech.* uniformly accelerated;
3) *a*) equal, uniform, agreeing; *b*) same, *cf.*
Einförmig, 2; —*förmig* *machen*, to reduce to the
same form, manner, or character (mit, with),
to conform (to); —*förmig* *buchen*, *vortragen*,
or *notiren*, *Comm.* to note or to pass in con-
formity; —*förmigkeit*, *f.* 1) conformity, equi-
formity, uniformity; congruity; proportion;
Ag-s. 2) equability, evenness (of motion,
temper, &c.); 3) *a*) equality, uniformity,
agreement; *b*) consistency; *c*) sameness, *cf.*
Einförmigkeit, 2; —*fühlend*, *adj.* sympathising;
—*geartet*, *adj.* see —*artig*; —*gefällt*, *n.* sym-
pathy; —*gefallen*, *adj.* equivalent, tantamount
(to); —*gefallt*, *adj.* having the same mind,
fellow-believer, *cf.* —*denkend*; —*gefaßt*, *adj.*
equal or similar as to form, *Cryst.* isomorphous;
—*gestaltigkeit*, *f.* sameness or equality
of form, *Cryst.* isomorphism; —*gestimmt*, *adj.*
1) equally tuned; 2) congenial, *cf.* —*gefinnt*;
—*geteilt*, *p. a.* divided into equal parts,
equidivided; *Phys.* isomeric; *cf.* —*theilig*; —

gewicht, *n.* 1) *a*) equilibrium, equipoise,
(even) balance; *b*) proportion; *c*) *Ag.* balance
of power; *das europäische gewicht*, *Polit.* the
balance of power of Europe; *Mar-s.* trim (of
a ship); *auf dem gewicht*, out of trim (said
of the cargo); *ins gewicht setzen* or *bringen*,
to equipoise, poise, equilibrate, (*Mar.*) to
trim; *das gewicht wieder herstellen*, *Ag.*
to redress the balance; *das gewicht aufheben*,
to turn the scale; *im gewicht erhalten*, to
balance equally, to poise; *auf dem gewicht*
fommen, to lose its balance; (*riecht Ende*
[Dat.] *ic.*) *das gewicht halten*, to counter-
poise (a thing); *im gewicht ruhend*, poised;
—*gewichtsebene*, *f.* *Phys.* statics; —*gewicht-*
punkt, *m.* centre of gravity; —*gewichtshänge*,
f. balancing-pole, *po*; —*gewichtswert*, *n.*
Mech. equilibrium valve; —*gradig*, *adj.* *T.*
having equal degrees, *cf.* —*geteilt*; —*gültig*,
adj. 1) equivalent, equal; 2) *Ag.* indifferent
(gegen, für, to), insensible (to, of), uncon-
cerned (about); listless, apathetic; careless,
regardless (of); unimportant; *das ist mir*
gültig, that's all the same to me; *es ist mir*
gültig, I do not care about her; —*gültig-*
keit, *f.* 1) equalness, equivalence; 2) in-
difference, &c.

Gleich *heit*, (*w.* *f.* 1) *a*) equality, equal-
ness; *b*) parity (of numbers, &c.); *c*) sameness;
2) coll. evenness, levelness; 3) *a*) con-
formity; just proportion; *b*) resemblance,
likeness; 4) uniformity (in weights and mea-
sures); — *des Wechselwerts*, *Comm.* par of
exchange; *Gleichheit*, *n.* sign of equation (=).

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*hoch*, *adj.* of the
same height; *Bot.* fastigiate(d); —*jährig*, *adj.*
of the same age; —*lang*, *m.* conformity of
sound, consonance, *cf.* —*laut*; —*lingend*, *see*
—*lautend*, 1; —*läufig*, *adj.* of the same
country; —*lang*, *adj.* of the same length; —
langzeitig, *adj.* of equal time; isochronal;
—*läufig*, *adj.* *Mar.* upon an even keel; —*lauf*,
m. parallelism; —*laufend*, *adj.* 1) or —*läufig*,
having the same course, parallel, regular; 2) *Ag.*
see —*förmig*; —*läufigkeit*, *f.* see —*lauf*; —*laut*,
m. equality or sameness of sound, union;
consonance; assonance; *Rhet.* paronomasia;
—*lautend*, *I. adj.* 1) of the same sound
or pitch, unisonous; consonant; assonant;
2) of the same tenor (and date) or contents,
cf. —*förmig*, 3, &c.; —*lautend sein*, to agree;
—*lautend* *Abdruck*, duplicate, counterpart;
true copy; *II. Adv.* *Comm.* conformably, in
conformity; —*maßer*, *m.* evener, leveller,
equaliser; *Typ.* justifier; —*maßerel*, *f.* *cont.*
Ag. levelling-system; —*maßung*, *f.* equali-
sation, &c.; assimilation; —*maß*, *n.* propor-
tion, symmetry; commensuration; —*mäßig*,
adj. proportionable, symmetrical, uniform,
equal; similar; —*mäßige* *Bewegung*, isochronism
(of a pendulum); *cf.* —*förmig*, *Ag.* —*mäßig-*
keit, *f.* proportionableness, equability, sym-
metry, &c. *cf.* —*förmigkeit*, *Ag.*; —*meßbar*, *adj.*
Math. commensurable; —*meßbarkeit*, *f.* com-
mensurability; —*meßer*, *m.* see *Gleich*, 2;
—*mutig*, *m.* —*mütigkeit*, *f.* equanimity, equa-
bility or evenness of temper, serenity, im-
perturbation, *cf.* —*gültigkeit*, 2; —*mütig*,
adj. even-tempered; —*namig*, *adj.* having
the same name, homonymous; *Math.* homo-
logous, correspondent; —*namigkeit*, *f.* sameness
of name, homonymy.

Gleich *nig*, (*str.* *n.* 1) *t*, similitude, like-
ness; 2) comparison; simile; 3) or —*rebe*, *f.*
parable, allegory; —*weise*, *adv.* by way of
simile, allegorically, parabolically; —*wert*, *n.*
figurative expression, rhetorical figure.

Gleich *rißten*, (*str.* *n.* 1) stretching
out (of cloth in the breadth); 2) *Halt.* wrap-
ping up and rolling the felt.

Gleich *sam*, *adv.* as it were, (even) as if,
like as if, as though (it were); almost.

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*schell*, *adj.* *Comm.*
equivalent; —*schellig*, *adj.* *Geom.* equicrural,
isosceles (triangle); —*schellig*, *adj.* (*L. u.*)
of the same genus, kind, or species; —*schritt*,
m. 1) *Met.* cadence; 2) *Bot.* spondee; —*sch-*
lig, *adj.* equilateral, equal-sided; —*sch-*
ligkeit, *f.* equilateralness; —*schung*, *f.* see —*sch-*
lig; —*schung*, *adj.* having an equal number of syl-
lables; parasyllabic(al); —*stimm*, *m.* the same
mind or meaning; unanimity, equanimity;
—*stimm*, *adj.* unanimous, equanimous, sy-
nonymous; —*stellig*, *adj.* *Geom.* having the
same position; —*stellig*, *f.* conformation,
equalisation; comprehension; emancipation;
—*stimmig*, *adj.* 1) consonant, harmonious;
—*stimmig* *machen*, to tune to the same pitch;
2) *Ag.* accordant, unanimous, *cf.* —*gestimmt*, 2;
—*stimmigkeit*, *f.* (bei *Abstimmung*) tie; —
stimmung, *f.* 1) unison, concord, harmony of
sounds; 2) *Ag.* concord, unanimity; —*stich*,
m. straight stroke; —*stich*, *f.* *provinc.* see
Gicht; —*stiller*, *m.* see *Gleich*, 2; —*stellig*,
adj. of equal parts or shares, isomeric; *cine-*
stellige Zahl, number that may be divided
without leaving a rest; *cf.* —*geteilt*; —*stellig-*
keit, *f.* equal division, isomeria.

Gleich *stimm*, (*str.* *n.* unusual, (political)
equality.

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*stimm*, *m.* agreement
of sound, *cf.* —*laut*; harmony; —*stimm*, *adj.*
agreeing in sound, isonic, *cf.* —*lautend*, 1.
Gleich *stimmung*, (*w.* *f.* 1) equalisation, (the
act of making equal, &c. *cf.* *Gleichen*, II. 1;
2) *Math.* equation; 3) *Bot.* glacia; quatra-
tische *Gen.* quadratics; *Gleich* *stimmung*, *f.* *Math.* algebra; *Gleich* *stimmung*, *f.* (the line
of the) equator, equinoctial line.

Gleich ..., *in comp.* —*viel*, *adv.* no mat-
ter; *es ist (gilt) viel*, it is all the same or
all one (of no consequence); —*vielfach*, *adj.*
equimultiple; —*wage*, *f.* see *Bescherage*; —
weit, *adj.* equidistant; parallel; *sch* —
weit *eröffnen*, to co-exist; —*wertig*, *m.* equiva-
lent; —*wie*, *adv.* (just) as; —*winklig*, *adj.*
equiangular; *die winklige Figur*, *Geom.*
isagon; —*wirksam*, *adj.* equally efficacious;
Anal. congenerous (muscles); —*wühl*, *adv.* &
conj. yet, notwithstanding, for all that,
nevertheless, however; —*zeitig*, *I. adj.* of the
same time or date, simultaneous, co-existent,
co-etaneous; synchronous, isochronal (—*zeitige*
Edwingsgrün, vibrations), isochronous, con-
temporaneous; —*zeitiges* *Defect*, co-existence;
II. *adv.* simultaneously; contemporary, at
the same time, together; —*zeitigkeit*, *f.* sameness
of time or date, simultaneousness; iso-
chronism, synchronism; contemporary exis-
tence, co-existence; —*glechhammer*, *m.* *T.* see
Gleichhammer; —*zu*, *adv.* see *Geschehn*; —
zweigig, *adj.* *Bot.* flat-topped.

Gleich *me*, (*w.* *f.* *dimin.* *Gleich* *men*, (*str.* *n.*
glow-worm (*Glimm*)).

Gleich, (*str.* *n.* track, (cart) rut, riding-
bed, wheel-mark(s); *das doppelte* —, see *Doppel-*
gleis; *im Gleich bleiben*, *das* — *halten*, to
follow the track (rut); to keep the straight
way; *auf dem Gleich fommen*, 1. *a*) to miss
one's road; *b*) to run off the line or rails (as
a steam-carriage), see *Entgleisen*, I.; 2. *Ag.* to
be put out; *das ruhige* —, *Ag.* even tenor (of
life, &c.); *ins alte — zurückfuhren*, to return
to the old (beaten) track, to fall or relapse
into the old (beaten) routine; —*baum*, *m.*
rail (on a tram-road).

Gleich *er*, (*w.* *f.* 1) *Entom.* boat-fly (*Noto-*
necta glauca L.); 2) see *Gleich*.

Gleich *en*, (*w.* *v. intr.* to keep or follow
the rut or track.

Gleich *ig*, *adj.* *in comp.* see *Epurig*.

Gleich, (*str.* *m.* shine, gloss.

Gleich *er*, (*w.* *f.* 1) *Bot.* little hemlock, fool's
parley (*Athias cynapium* L.); 2) see *Gleich*.

Gleichen, (*str. & w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to shine, glitter, glimmer; 2) *fig.* to play the hypocrite; to affect: *g-b, p. a. see Gleichenisch.*

Gleichhammer, (*str.*) *m. see Gleichhammer.*

Gleichling, (*str.*) *m. see Gleich.* 1.

Gleichner, (*str.*) *m., Gleichnerin, (w.) f.* dissembler, hypocrite, double-dealer, pharisee.

Gleichnerel, (*w.*) *f.* hypocrisy, dissimulation, double-dealing, pharisaism.

Gleichnerisch, *adj.* dissembling, feigned, hypocritical, pharisaical.

Gleich..., *in comp.* —*walze, f.* road-roller; —*wurm, m. see Gleichwurm.*

Gleis, (*w.*) *f.* slide, shoot.

Gleisbahn, (*w.*) *f.* slide (as on the ice), sliding-place; *Arch.* slide-bar.

Gleiten, (*str. & l. w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein & haben*) to glide, slide; to slip: *g-be Reimer*, rhyming dactyls.

Gleitsstuhl, (*str., pl. G-fühle*) *m. Rarität.* switch-chair.

Gletscher, (*str.*) *m.* ice-mountain, glacier: —*galerie, f.* glacier-gallery; —*gebirge, n.* glacier-blast.

Glieder, *s. l. (str., pl. G-er)* *n. 1) Anat. a)* limb, member, joint; *b)* joint, knuckle; *pl.* members, frame, body; 2) *Mil.* rank, file; 3) *Math. & Log.* term; particle; 4) *Archit.* member; 5) *Bot.* article (the part of an articulated stem lying between two knots); 6) ring, link, shank (of a chain); 7) degree, generation; 8) *Bot.* im dritten G-e, third cousins; 9) member, fellow (of a society, &c.); *das männliche —, penis, membrum virile*, a man's privy member; *doppelte G-er, Med.* rheachitis, rickets; *Mil.-s.* Soldaten in G-er stellen, to rank soldiers; —*G-er formiren*, to fall in; *die G-er schließen*, to double the file; in G-er marschieren, to march by files, to file; im G-e treten, to quit the ranks; —*fitr —*, link by link; *die kaiserlichen G-er eines Verhältnisses, Math.* extremes; *II. in comp.* —*bad, n.* partial bath; —*bade, f. Anc. Lat.* incompensation for injury done to any particular member of the body.

Gliederchen, (*str.*) *n. (dimin. of Glied, pl. coll. Gliederchen)* small limb, link, &c.

Glieder..., *in comp.* —*band, m. Anat.* ligament; —*bau, m.* structure of the limbs, articulation; *von Hartem —bau*, strong-limbed; —*schwächen, pl. see —reizen*; —*brand, f.* a disease in the bones of animals; —*bode, f. see —puppe*; —*lauf, m. see —reizen*; —*frucht, f. see —hilfe*; —*frage, f.* T. joint, juncture; —*geiß, m.* antarthritic water; —*geschwulst, f.* swelling of the limbs; —*gicht, f.* articular disease, (joint) gout; —*haken, —halter, m.* T. swivel-hook; *cf. Bari*; —*hilfe, f. Bot.* loment, lomentum. [strong-limbed.]

Gliederig, *adj. in comp.* —limbed: *Reitf.* —**Glieder...**, *in comp.* —*fette, f.* chain with links; —*füßel, m. Anat.* knuckle, joint (of the limbs); —*frucht, adj.* gony; —*fruchtig, f.* articular disease; —*frucht, n. see Gliedfrucht*; —*lahm, adj.* palsied, paralytic; —*lahme, n. see Lahmung*, *f.* paralysis, palsy; —*mann, n. see —puppe*, *f.* swivel-doll; *automaton*, dummy; *Pinel.* mannikin, lay-figure, lay-man.

Glieder..., (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to furnish with limbs, to limb; 2) *Mil.* to form into files or ranks; 3) to organize. *cf. Gliedert.* 3.

Glieder..., *in comp.* —*reizen, n.* —*schmerz, m.* —*wach, n.* violent pain in the joints or limbs, (joint) gout, rheumatism; *Med.-s.* —*salbe, f.* antarthritic salve; —*schwamm, m. see Gliedschwamm*, 1; —*schwächen, n.* atrophy (of the limbs); —*spannen, n.* spasm, cramp; —*stärken, adj.* tonic; —*strecken, n.* pandiculation; —*stärke, n. pl.* articulations (*Arthrodesia* L.).

Gliederung, (*w.*) *f.* systematical arrange-

ment, form, or construction of parts, organization.

Glieder..., *in comp.* —*wasser, n. see Gliedwasser*; —*weg, n. see —reizen*; —*wein, m.* antarthritic wine; —*weise, adv.* 1) by joints, by links; 2) by files, by ranks.

Glieb..., *in comp.* *Bot.-s.* —*frucht, n.* iron wort, bastard hoarhound (*Sideritis* L.); —*länge, f. see Leuselabbiß.*

Glieblich, *adj. (unusual)* relating to the member of a society.

Glieblos, *adj.* without members or limbs.

Gliebmäßen, (*w.*) *n. (pl. sing. orig. str.: rarely: [w. f. Gliedmaßen])* limbs, members (of the body).

Gliebschaft, (*w.*) *f.* corporation.

Glieb..., *in comp.* —*schwamm, m. 1) Med.* white swelling; 2) *Bot.* stinkhorn (*Gichtschwamm*); —*stein, m. Miner.* priapite; —*wasser, n. Anat.* lymphatic humour; synovia; —*wasserucht, f.* hydropey, dropsy; —*weise, adv. Mil.* in files, in divisions.

Glimme, (*w.*) *f. coll. see Engerting.*

Glimm, (*S. G.*) *I. s. (str.) m.* spark; *II. adj.* sparkling, glowing.

Glimmen, (*str. & w.*) *v. intr.* to burn or shine faintly, to glimmer, glow, gleam, sparkle; *unter der Asche —*, to lie hid or to be concealed under the ashes; *g-b Asche*, embers.

Glimmer, *I. (str.) m. 1) provinc.* gleam, glimmer; 2) *Minor.* glimmer, mica; *II. in comp.* —*artig, adj.* micaceous; —*blättchen, n. pl.* scales of mica; —*erde, f.* micaceous earth, mica; —*haltig, adj.* micaceous.

Glimmerig, *adj. 1)* glimmering, glittering; 2) *Minor.* micaceous.

Glimmer..., *in comp.* —*flüster, m. Entom.* sparkler (*Glimmsturm*); —*fall, m.* micaceous lime. [Glimmern.]

Glimmern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to glimmer: *see Glimmer...*, *in comp.* —*sand, m.* micaceous sand; —*schiefer, m.* mica-slate, mica-schist; —*thon, m.* micaceous clay.

Glimpf, (*str.*) *m.* moderation, lenity, mildness, indulgence; *mit —*, mildly, gently; *Eng und —*, right and justice.

Glimpflich, *adj.* moderate, gentle, kind.

Glimmern, *Glimmen, Glimmern*, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc. see Glimmen.*

Glimt, (*str.*) *m. Minor.* amber.

Glimt..., (*w.*) *f. coll.* slide.

Glimt..., (*w.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein & haben)* coll. to glide quickly. *cf. Glimten.*

Glimt..., (*str.*) *m. 1)* slider; 2) *Bot.* yellow-rattle (*Rhinanthus* L.).

Glimt..., (*str.*) *m. Entom.* vine-moth (*Bombyx lubricipada* L.).

Glimt..., *Glimt...*, *adj. coll.* slippery; *G-fett, (w.) f.* slipperiness.

Glimt..., *adj. provinc.* glistening, sparkling.

Glimt..., *pl. lilies, amaryllis.* [sparkle.]

Glimt..., (*w.*) *v. intr.* to glimmer, glister, * *Glimt...*, (*sing. not decl., pl. [w.] Glimt...* *m. (Lat.)* globe.

Glocken, (*str.*) *n. (dimin. of Glocke)* 1) a little bell, small bell, hand-bell, *cf. Schelle*; 2) *Conch.* Neptune's cap: 3) *see Glocke*, 5.

Glocke, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bell; 2) *coll.* clock: 3) (bell-shaped) glass-shade (*cf. Glasglocke*); 4) *Phys.* receiver; 5) pendent excrescence on the necks of goats; 6) basket of a toll; 7) *Sport.* *see Glockennetz*; 8) *provinc.* *see Toll-eisen*; 9) *Harald.* *vair*: *was ist die —?* *coll. (for wie spät ist es?)* what o'clock is it? —*zehn*., just (at) ten (o'clock), &c. (*zehn Uhr*); *die —* (*schlägt*), the bell strikes; *die G-n läuten*, to ring or toll the bells: *coll.-s.* *die große —* or *alle G-n läuten*, to make a great noise or fuss about a thing (in order to praise it); *an die große — hängen*, to divulge, to blaze abroad: *er weiß nicht, wo die G-n hängen* or *er hat die G-n läuten hören*, weiß aber nicht wo, he is

at sea about the matter; *wissen, wo die G-n hängen* or *was die G-n geschlagen hat*, to see where the land lies, to know what's what; *ich will ihm sagen, was die G-n geschlagen hat*, I'll serve him out; *die — in eurer Uhr*, the bell of a clock.

Glocken, (*str.*) *n.* quilling-iron.

Glocke, (*str.*) *m. see Glockenflöppel.*

Glocken, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* to ring little bells, to tingle, jingle; *see Schellen.*

Glocken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ruffle, quill, plait.

Glocken..., *in comp.* —*apfel, m. Fmol.* bell-apple; —*ballen, m.* beam of a bell; —*birn, f. Fmol.* bell-pear; —*blume, f. Bot.* bell-flower, blue-bell, Canterbury bell (*Campanula* L.); (*rundblättrige*) hare-bell; (*breitblättrige*) throat-wort; (*graublättrige*) violet marian; (*trauchblättrige*) bearded bell-flower; —*blume, adj. Bot.* campaniform; —*blüster, m. pl. Bot.* bell-flowers (*Campanulaceae* L.); —*brunze, f.* bell-metal; —*fügel, m.* bell-spring; —*coralle, f.* arborescent coral with bell-shaped cells (*Campanularia syringa* Lam.); —*draht, m.* bell-wire; —*erg, n.* bell-metal; —*förmig, adj.* bell-shaped, bell-fashioned; *Bot.* campaniform, campanulate; —*gelben, m. see —stahl*; —*gera, n. see —netz*; —*geiß, n.* bell-bit; —*gehäuse, n. see —haus*; —*gehör, n.* 1) chime or ringing of bells; sound of bells in harmony; 2) a set of bells, *see —spiel*, 1; —*gegenfahrl, f.* bell-crane; —*gerüst, n.* belfry; —*gerüst, n. see —hang*; —*gewicht, n.* bell-weight; —*gießer, m.* bell-founder; —*gießerel, f.* bell-foundry; —*gut, n. see —metall*; —*hammer, m.* bell-clapper; hammer of a bell; —*hauss, n.* belfry, bell-house.

Glockenist, (*w.*) *m. (l. u.) 1) see Glocksner*; 2) one who plays the musical glasses.

Glocken..., *in comp.* —*hang, m.* sound of bells; —*klappel, m.* bell-clapper, hammer or tongue of a bell; —*losse, f. see —bellen*; —*klatter, m.* bell-ringer; —*leiste, f. Archit.* rampant ogee; —*mannchen, n.* Jack of the bell; —*mantel, m.* the upper part of a bell-mould; —*maß, n.* bell-founder's diapason; —*metall, n.* bell-metal; —*netz, n. Sport.* bell-shaped net, tunnel-net; —*pappel, f. Bot.* holly-hock (*Althaea rosea* L.); —*pfeffer, m.* bell-pepper (*Capsicum annuum* L.); —*quast, m. 1)* tassel of a bell-rop; 2) *Archit.* bell-shaped ornament; —*rand, m.* edge of a bell; —*riemen, m.* bell-strap; —*ruf, m.* a bell's summons; —*schleier, m.* bell-lever; —*schlag, m. 1)* stroke of a clock; 2) T. thickness of the rim of a bell; —*schwamm, m. 1)* bell-swipe; 2) bell-clapper; —*teuf, n.* bell-rop (rope of a church bell); —*teufel, f.* bell-metal; —*spiel, n. 1)* a set of musical bells or a chime of bells; 2) an air adapted to such bells; —*strang, m.* —*teuf*; —*stube, f.* —*stahl, m.* belfry; —*stunde, f.* hour by the clock; —*tan, n. see —teuf*; —*taufe, f.* baptism of bells; —*tiere, n. pl.* a genus of Infusoria (*Vorticellina* L.); —*turm, m.* bell-tower, bell-turret, belfry; —*ton, m. 1)* sound of a bell; 2) tone of a bell; —*ting, adj. (Bm. Geibel)* sounding full like a bell: deep-toned; —*treter, m.* treader or ringer of the bells; —*walze, f.* Mus. harmonica; —*weise, f. see —taufe*; —*weise, f.* cannon or ear of a bell; —*zapfen, m. see —welle*; —*gießer, m. 1) see —läuter*; 2) or —*zug*, bell-pull; —*gießring, m.* bell-ringer; —*gleichwürfel, m.* bell-crane; —*zug, m. 1)* bell-hanging; 2) bell-rop; 3) chimes; 4) bell-stop. [*, see Glocksner.]

Glocklein, (*str.*) *n. dimin. (provinc. &)*

Glockner, (*str.*) *m.* bell-ringer, chimier, sexton. [ringer.]

Glocknerel, (*w.*) *f.* dwelling of a bell-

Glocken, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* curds.

Glocken, (*str.*) *m. Nar.* narrow channel.

* **Glorie**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) *genus*. glory; 2) *Punkt*. a glory, halo, cf. *Heiligenschein*.
Glorreich, **Glorwürdig**, *adj.* glorious, illustrious; worthy of glory; *coll.* palmy.

* **Glossar**, (str.) *pl.* **Glossarium**, (str.) *pl.* (w.) **Glossarion** n. (Lat.-Gr.) glossary. — **Glossator**, (str.) *pl.* **Glossatoren** m. glosser, glossarist, glossator. — **Glossic**, (w.) f. gloss; **Gloss über** (with *Acc.*) machen, **Glossiren**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to gloss or comment upon; 2) *fig.* to find fault with, censure, to carp at; **Glossmacher**, m. glossator, commentator.

Glossen, (w.) v. *provinc.* see **Glimmen**. — **Glossern**, (w.) v. *intr.* see **Glogen**.

Glotze, **Glotze**, (w.) f. *Minor*. litharge. **Glotz** ..., *in comp.* — **augst**, m. goggle-eye, large staring eye; — **äugst**, *adj.* goggle-eyed. **Glotz**, (w.) f. *coll.* see **Glogauge**.

Glotzen, (w.) v. *intr.* *coll.* to stare, to goggle. (*Entom.* large-eyed butterfly.)

Glotzer, (str.) m. 1) starrer, goggler; 2) **Glotzig**, *adj.* staring, goggling.

Glotzen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) *provinc.* see **Gloguchen**; 2) to gobble, cluck (of turkeys).

Glück, s. l. (str.) m. 1) luck, fortune; good luck; happiness, felicity; success; prosperity; 2) (*Gesung*) (lucky) chance; 3) *Myth.* see **Götterin**; — **Glückchen**, to congratulate (on); to wish joy (ju, off); (*meist* *fürsich*) to felicitate good manners felicitate, a good heart or true friendship congratulates, C. J. Smith; es kann sich (Dati) Jemand — **Glücken**, wenn er der Gefahr entgangen ist; er wünscht Anderen — zu einem glücklichen Ereignis, a person may felicitate himself on having escaped from danger; he congratulates others upon some happy event; gestern wünschte ich meinem werthen Vater — zur Geburt einer Enkelin, yesterday I congratulated my worthy cousin on the birth of a granddaughter; ich wünsche Ihnen — zu Ihrem Unternehmen, I wish you success in your undertaking; ein seltenes —, an unusual blessing of felicity; — haben oder machen, to succeed (well); to thrive; sollte ich kein — haben, should I meet with no success; das Schicksal macht —, the play is successful, is a hit; der Artikel hat viel — gemacht, *Comm.* the article has had a run of luck; ich habe das befondere — gehabt (genossen) ju ..., I have enjoyed the privilege of ..., I have been privileged to ...; ich habe das —, eine solche Tochter zu besitzen, I am blessed with such a daughter; sein — machen, to make or push one's fortune; das hat sein — gemacht, that made his fortune or was the making of him; Ihr — ist gemacht, you are safe; zum —, zu allem G-*e*, by good hap, fortunately, by good luck; ju meinem G-*e*, luckily or fortunately for me; sein — wollte es, daß ..., his good luck would have it that ...; auf gut — handeln, to trust to fortune (luck); es ist ein —, it is lucky or fortunate; es war ein bloßes — (or es war bloß ein glücklicher Zufall), daß ..., it was a mere chance that ...; viel —! good speed! — auf! — ju! good luck! — auf den Weg! I wish you a happy journey! God speed you well! auf gut —, at a venture, at random; es auf gut — wagen, to try for better for worse, to put to the chance or venture, to take one's chance; Glückheit ist ein großes —, health is a great blessing; mehr — als Verstand haben, *coll.* to be more fortunate (or lucky) than wise; dem — im Schoß sitzen, to be fortune's favourite.

Glückbringend, p. a. productive of good fortune, lucky, prosperous, successful.

Glück, (w.) f. see **Glückhenn**.

Glück, (w.) v. *intr.* to cluck, to chuck, to chuckle (like a chicken); to goggle, gurgle (as water, &c. from a bottle).

Glück, (w.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein & haben)

impers. (with *Dat.*) to succeed, prosper; der Plan glückte nicht, the design miscarried; es glückt ihm Alles, he succeeds in everything, he is always successful. [*genb.* **Glücklich**.

Glückhaft, *adj.* obsolescent for **Glückselig**. **Glückhenn**, (w.) f. 1) clucking-hen, brood-hen; 2) *coll.* the Pleiades (*Eichengstirn*).

Glücklich, *adj.* 1) lucky, happy, fortunate, prosperous; felicitous; 2) auspicious; propitious; 3) successful; 4) safe (journey, return); *adv.* safely, in safety, well; ich [schick] mich —, I am happy, congratulate myself; ich war nie so — Sie zu sehen, I never had the pleasure of seeing you; das g-*e* Arabien, Arabia Felix (or Arabia the Happy); ein g-*e* Lotterielos, a prize (ticket gaining in a lottery); er ist — angekommen, he has arrived safely; die Waare ist — angekommen, the goods are arrived in good condition; — haben kommen, to come off clear; — von Statton gehen, to go off or succeed well; g-*e* Reize wünschen, to wish a pleasant journey or a safe passage.

Glückseligkeit, (w.) f. (l. w.) felicity.

Glücks ..., *in comp.* — **baum**, f. fortune's way; — **ball**, m. *fig.* sport of fortune; — **bote**, m. messenger of good tidings; — **botenschaft**, f. good tidings; — **bube**, f. a lottery of small wares, lottery-shop (where the trinkets it contains are raffled for); — **hubner**, m. keeper of a lottery-shop.

Glücksig, *L. adj.* blessed, blissful, happy; II. **G-*teit***, (w.) f. blessedness, bliss, happiness, felicity, prosperity. [*welch* see.

Glücks, (w.) v. *intr.* *iterative* of **Glücken**.

Glücks ..., *in comp.* — **fall**, m. a lucky chance, piece of good luck; adventure, *coll.* lucky hit, godsend, windfall, *slang*: snuke; — **flut**, f. * tide of success; — **fund**, m. godsend, windfall; — **gabe**, f. gift of fortune; — **göttin**, f. goddess of fortune, Fortune; — **glüter**, n. pl. gifts of fortune; riches, blessings; — **he-*fen***, m. see — **topf**; — **hauhe**, f. *Arab.* canal; — **höhe**, f. pinnacle of happiness; — **jagb**, f. race for wealth; — **jäger**, m. fortune-hunter; — **jägerer**, f. fortune-hunting; — **kind**, m. a child (favourite) of fortune; — **männlein**, n. *Superst.* root of the mandrake; — **pliz**, m. an upstart; — **prophecin**, f. wise woman; — **rad**, m. wheel of fortune; — **ritter**, m. *fig.* a soldier of fortune, adventurer, fortune-hunter; — **ruthe**, f. fortune's wand; — **schn**, m. see — **find**; — **spiel**, n. game of hazard or chance, chance-game; — **spinner**, f. *Superst.* money-spinner; — **stund**, m. state of happiness; prosperous state or condition; — **stern**, m. propitious star, happy aspect; — **stoss**, m. lucky stroke, snuke (at billiards); — **stunde**, f. favourable or propitious hour; — **tafel**, *coll.* m. fortune's urn, blank lottery; in den — **topf** greifen, to meet with (frequently an unexpected) fortune; — **umstand**, m. 1) fortunate circumstance (a piece of good luck); 2) — **umstände**, *pl.* fortunate circumstances (of one who is happily situated, &c.); — **urne**, f. fortune's urn, cf. — **topf**; — **wahn**, m. imaginary happiness; — **wachsel**, m. — **wende**, f. change, inconstancy, or reverse of fortune; — **wurf**, m. lucky throw or hit; — **zug**, m. lucky move.

Glückwunsch, (str.) *pl.* **G-lünsche** m. congratulation; felicitation; **G-lünsche** dem neuen Jahre, (the) compliments of the season; herzlich Dank für Ihre G-lünsche, hearty thanks for your kind compliments. — **Glückwünscher**, (w.) v. *intr.* see **Glück** (wünschen); g-b, p. a. congratulating, congratulatory. — **Glückwünscher**, (str.) m. congratulator. — **Glückwünschung**, (w.) f. the (act of) congratulating, &c.; felicitation; congratulation; **G-l-rebe**, f. congratulatory speech, oration; **G-l-schreiben**, n. congratulatory letter.

Glück, or **Glück**, *adj.* (f & *provinc.* for **Glückhenn**); — **ballen**, m. pl. T. chafing-bars.

Glück, (w.) f. T. 1) red heat, ignition; 2) searing; 3) chafery. [*2*] see **Brannstein**. **Glückstien**, (str.) m. T. 1) red-hot iron.

Glück, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to glow: 1) to be glowing; to be red-hot; 2) *fig.* to burn, glow (ver (with *Dat.*), with), to be ardent, ardently desirous (für, of), &c. cf. **Glühend**; 2) II. tr. 1) to make red-hot, to glow (iron), to anneal, Neal; 2) to mull, heat (as wine, &c.).

Glück, p. a. 1) glowing, a-glow; red-hot; igneous, incandescent; g-*e* Kohlen, burning, living, or live coals; **Schmelze** wurde mit g-*e* Kohlen zertrissen, S. was torn with red-hot pincers; wie auf g-*e* Kohlen sitzen, to sit upon thorns; 2) *fig.* ardent, fiery, fervent, fervid.

Glück ..., *in comp.* — **farbe**, f. fire-colour, glowing red colour; — **feuer**, n. fire burning without flame, burning coal, live coal; — **hitze**, f. glowing heat; rote — **hitze**, red heat; weis — **hitze**, white heat; **hösche** — **hitze**, welding heat; **Chem.** ignition; — **lampe**, f. *Phys.* ephelistic lamp; T. glowing-lamp; — **masse**, f. any red-hot mass; — **ofen**, m. T. annealing furnace; **Chem.** & **Glass-w.** calcinating furnace, calcar; **Iron-w.** reverberatory furnace; — **pfanne**, f. fire-pan; — **rost**, m. a grate on which iron, cannon-balls, and other objects are heated to redness; — **schmelz**, f. T. annealing-box; — **schale**, f. cupel for making gold red-hot; — **span**, m. iron-scale; — **tafel**, f. see — **schale**.

Glückung, (w.) f. see **Glück**, 1.

Glück ..., *in comp.* — **wachs**, n. *Gild.* gilding wax, gold-size; — **wein**, m. mulled-wine; — **wind**, m. a burning wind, sirocco; — **wurm**, m. *Entom.* glow-worm (*Lampyrus splendens* F.).

Gluum, *provinc.* I. s. (str.) m. mud, mire; II. or **Glu-mig**, *adj.* 1) gloomy; 2) troubled, not clear.

Gluum, see **Gluum**.

Gluum, (w.) v. *intr.* *provinc.* to look sullen or with a malicious eye, to lower.

Gluum, (str.) m. malicious or evil eye.

Gluumig, *adj.* sullen, gloomy, malicious.

Glut, + **Glut**, s. I. (w.) f. 1) (glowing) fire, (fervid) heat (cf. **Glühhitze**), flame; 2) *fig.* fire, flame, heat, ardent, fervent zeal; burning passion, fervency; 3) *Ornith.* stone-plover (*Dictys*); II. *in comp.* — **auge**, f. ember; — **auge**, n. glowing, fiery eye; — **blid**, m. * glowing, fiery, ardent look; — **bedel**, m. fire-plate; — **empfindung**, f. see — **gefühl**.

Gluum, (w.) v. *poet.* I. tr. to make glowing; II. *intr.* to glow.

Glut ..., *in comp.* — **esse**, f. *Iron-w.* chafery, cf. **Glühofen**; — **feuer**, n. glowing fire; — **gefühl**, n. glowing or ardent feeling; — **hauch**, m. burning, scorching breath.

Glutig, *adj.* glowing.

Glut ..., *in comp.* — **keffel**, m. see — **pfanne**; — **meer**, n. * ocean or sea of fire; — **messer**, m. *Met.* pyrometer; — **metzger**, f. pyrometry; — **pfanne**, f. *provinc.* see **Kohlenpfanne**; — **roth**, *adj.* glowing red; — **ruthe**, f. glowing redness; — **schmelz**, f. fire-shovel; — **sprühend**, *adj.* vomiting fire; — **strahl**, m. burning ray of heat; — **strom**, m. burning or fiery stream; — **stürze**, f. fire-plate; — **wespe**, f. *Entom.* ruby-tailed wasp (*Chrysis ignita* L.); — **wind**, m. a hot, burning wind, sirocco; — **zunge**, f. fire-tongue.

* **Glycin**, (str.) n. **Glycine**, **Glycin**, **Glycin**, (w.) f. (Gr.) *Chem.* glucina, glucine.

* **Glycinis**, *adj.* (Gr.) *Vers.* Glyconian, Glyconic.

* **Glyptis**, (w.) f. (Gr.) glyptics, art of carving on stones, gems, or other hard substances. — **Glyptothek**, (w.) f. glyptotheca, building (room) for the preservation of works of sculpture, collection of gems or statuary.

Glystblume, (u.) f. Bot. crow-foot (*Ranunculus* L.).

Gneisalt, (str.) m. Miner. hydrolite.

Gnabbern, (u.) v. *intr.* provinc. (N. G.) see *Knabbern*.

Gnade, (u.) f. 1) Theol. (die göttliche —, divine) grace, unmerited favour; 2) benevolence, kindness; 3) mercy, clemency; pardon, reprieve; Mil. quarter; freie —, sovereign mercy (of God); Wir ... von Gottes Gnade ... (of sovereign princes) We ... by the grace of God, &c.; bei Jemand in Gnade stehen, to be in favour with one; — finden (vor Gott &c.), to find mercy or favour (with); sich (Dat.) eine — erbitten, to beg a favour; von Jemandem — leben, to live upon one's favours; (Gnadem) — ertheilen, to grant pardon; um — stehen, to sue for mercy; sich auf — und Ungnade ergeben, to surrender at discretion, to make an unconditional surrender; zu Gnade halten, to pardon (graciously); zu Gnade annehmen, to take into favour; wieder zu Gnade annehmen werden, to be restored to favour; — für Nichtergerben lassen, to show favour instead of inflicting deserved punishment; Gnade, Gnade, your lordship, your worship, your honour.

Gnaden, (u.) v. *intr.* t. to be gracious; (still used in the following solemn phrases: gnade uns (Dat.), wir x. Gott! God be propitious unto us (you, &c.); God have mercy upon us!

Gnaden..., in comp. — act, m., — acte, f. Law, act of grace; seine Rettung durch die — acte abgeschlossen haben, (of bankrupts) to be cleared by the act of grace; — anstalt, f. Theol. dispensation of grace; — arie, f. a famous aria occurring in the opera *Robert le Diable* by Meyerbeer, so called from the principal word (Gnade! mercy!); Theol.-s. — selbshnung, f. divine reward of righteousness; — beruf, m. divine calling, grace, vocation; — bewilligung, f. 1) Rom. Cath. indulgence; 2) see — frist; — bezeugung, f. favour; bounty, benevolence, grace; — bild, n. Rom. Cath. a wonder-working (miraculous) image; — bild, m. gracious look; — brief, m. 1) letter of grace, pardon; 2) privilege; — brot, n. livelihood granted as a favour, scanty allowance; das — brot effern, to live on the mercy of others; — brunn(en), m. see — quell; — bund, m. Theol. covenant of grace or mercy; — einfluss, m., — einwirkung, f. see — wirkung; — erflehung, f. 1) communication of divine grace; 2) see — bezeugung; — frist, f. reprieve, respite; — gabe, f. Theol. gift of grace; — gefall, m., — gefall, n. pension, (yearly) allowance, annuity; — gefühl, n. gratification, donative; — gut, n. blessing; Theol.-s. — hand, f. hand of grace; — heimführung, f. visitation of grace; — jahr, n. 1) year of grace; 2) year of our Lord; — lasten, m. Rom. Cath. a chest in which to deposit the money for indulgences, &c.; — last, f. Theol. power of grace; — last, n. Bot. hedge or water-hyssop (*Gratiola officinalis* L.); — leben, n. flax granted as a favour; reversionary benefit, survivorship; — licht, n. light of grace; — lohn, m. pension, gratuity; Theol.-s. — mittel, n. means of grace, saving means; — ordnung, f. divine ordinance of grace; — art, m. Rom. Cath. a place where a wonder-working relic is deposited; — pfennig, m. medal granted as a token of favour; — pfennig, f. gate of mercy; — platz, m. see — ort; — quell, m. fountain of grace; — reich, I. adj. gracious, merciful; II. s. a kingdom of grace; — reich, m. see — brunn; — sache, f. matter depending on the will and favour of a superior; — siegel, n. seal of grace, concession; — stift, m. pension; — spende, — spendung, f. distribution of grace; — stund, m. Theol. state of grace; — stück, f. subsidy, charitable contribution; — stimme, f. voice of grace; — stich, m. finishing blow, death-blow,

coup de grâce, coll. home-thrust, finisher; — stich, m. Bibl. mercy-seat, propitiatory; Theol.-s. — tafel, f. see — tisch, 1; — tag, m. day of grace; — tage, pl. Comm. see *Reisepfennig*; — termin, m. see — zeit; — thron, m. throne of grace; — thür, f. see — pforte; — tisch, m. 1) communion-table; 2) *impr.* for *Reisepfennig*, which see; — versprechung, f. promise derived from divine mercy; — wehl, adj. see — reich, L.; — wehl, f. election by (free) grace, predestination; — wehllehre, f. doctrine of election by grace; — weppen, n. coats of arms granted as a token of favour; eine Strafe um — wege erlassen, to remit a punishment by way of grace; — wert, n. work of grace; — wirkung, f. effect of (divine) grace; — zeichen, n. mark of favour; — zeit, f., — zeit, n. Theol. time of grace.

Gnädig, I. adj. 1) gracious, merciful; propitious, favourable; 2) condescending; Gott sei uns (mit &c.)! —! God have mercy on us (me, &c.); g-er, g-ter Herr! my lord; honoured sir! g-t, g-ter Frau! my lady, madam! g-ter Herr und g-ter! most gracious sovereign! II. or + **Gnädigst**, adv. graciously, &c.

Gnarren, (u.) v. *intr.* provinc. (N. G.) to snarl (cf. to gnarl, *Knurren*, *Knarren*).

Gnat, (str.) m., **Gnat'e** (**Gnat'e**, **Gnat'e**, **Gnat'e**, **Gnat'e**, **Gnat'e**), (u.) f. scab; itch.

Gnat'e, (u.) f. provinc. mosquito, gnat.

Gnat'ig, adj. 1) scabby, scabbed; itchy; 2) provinc. peevish, sullen.

Gneis, (str.) m. Miner. gneiss; — artig, adj. gneissic; — bloß, m. Geol. gneiss rock.

Gneisig, **Gneis'ig**, adj. resembling gneiss; containing gneiss.

Gniefen, **Gniefen**, (u.) v. tr. provinc. to make smooth, to rub, to polish.

* **Gnomo**, (u.) m. (Gr.) *Superst.* gnome, an elemental spirit supposed to inhabit the interior of the earth, fairy of the mine (Erdberg, Kobold).

* **Gnomon**, (u.) f. (Gr.) Dial. gnomonics, dialing.

* **Gnostiker**, (str.) m. (Gr.) *Gnostik*, adj. Eccl. gnostic. (*Catolikos* *gnō* Gm.)

Gnu, (str., pl. **Gnūs**) n. Zool. gnu, gnoo

Gnubbern (*Gnupper*) **frankheit**, (u.) f. Vet. disease peculiar to sheep, itch.

Gnubbern, (u.) v. tr. & *intr.* provinc. (N. G.) to nibble (*Knabbern*, *Knupern*).

Gnug, **Gnug** ge &c., see **Gnug**, **Gnüge** &c.

Gnarren, (u.) v. *intr.* provinc. (N. G.) to snarl (cf. *Knurren*, *Knarren*).

Gob, (str.), **Göbe**, (u.) m. Ichth. gad-goon (*Gobio fluviatilis* L.). [iron.]

Göbflut, (str.) n. Miner. sulphate of **Göbflut**, (str.) n. house-cook.

Göbe, (u.) m. provinc. see **Pathy**.

Göbeleisen, **Göbeleisen**, (str.) n. T. 1) washed iron; 2) forged and marked iron.

Göber, (str.) m. provinc. throat; double-chain (*L. G. Rader*, in *Machlind.*: Rare).

Göld, s. I. (str.) n. 1) gold; 2) Chem. sol;

3) Herald. or; weisse —, see **Platin**; gemahlenes —, water-gold, painter's gold; gegogenes —, gold-wire; gearbeitetes —, wrought gold;

— in Klumpen, gold in lumps or nuggets; gelbes —, antique gold; gefchlagenes —, beaten gold; es ist nicht Göld —, was glänzt, proverb, all is not gold that glitters; II. in comp. — aber, f. 1) Min. vein of gold ore, lode of gold; 2) Med. a) hemorrhoidal vein; b) hemorrhoids, piles; — adler, n. royal eagle, golden eagle (*Aquila chrysaetos* L.); — after (*Spinner*), n. Entom. yellow tail moth, devil's gold ring (*Lepidus chrysothorax* L.); — agio, n. rate for gold; — ammer, f. Ornith. gold-hammer, yellow-hammer, yellow-bunting (*Emberiza citrinella* L.); — amfel, f. see — broffel;

— apfel, m. 1) Pomol. golden pippin; 2) Bot. love-apple, tomato (*Solanum lycopersicum* L.); — arbelt, f. goldsmith's work; — arbeiter, m. worker in gold; goldsmith — artig, adj. gold-

like; — anstichung, f. tincture of gold; — ange, f., — angeln, n. Ornith. golden-eye (*Anas clangula* L.); — bad, m. gold-brook; — bad, n. Chem. gold-bath; — berren, f. pl. ingots or bars of gold; — barst, m. Ichth. river-parch (*Acrosso carnea* L.); — bergwert, n. gold mine; — bergst, m. Miner. chrysoberyll; — blatt, n. blätchen, n. 1) Gold & Bookb. gold-leaf, gold-foil; 2) Bot. bully tree, star apple (*Chrysophyllum caimito* L.); — blatt-elektrometer, n. Phys. gold-leaf electrometer; — blech, n. plate of gold; — bild, m. Metall. glance, shine of gold; — blume, f. Bot. 1) everlasting flower (*Strobilium*); gold-flower; 2) marigold (*Calendula officinalis* L.); — blumig, adj. yellow blossomed; — borte, f. gold-lace; — brachen, — brachen, m. Ichth. gill-head, gill-bream (*Chrysophrys auratus* L.); — brüftung, n. a species of eatable mushroom (*Agaricus auratus* L.); — brunn, adj. yellow-dun; — brunn Pferd, Sport. gilded bay (horse); — brocat, m. gold-brocade; — bronce, f. gold bronze; (sch)te shell-gold; — bruch, m. old gold; — bruchstabe, m. gilt-letter; — butt, m. or — butte, f. Ichth. platoo (*Platostictus platycaia* L.); — cement, m. & n. royal cement; — bedt, f. Ichth. parn (*Stomatodus parn* L.); — biset, f. Bot. yellow (golden) thistle (*Scalymus hispanicus* L.); — brant, m. gold-wire; — brastlecher, m. gold-wire drawer; — broffel, f. Ornith. yellow or golden thrush (*Troglodytes*); — bruch, m. gold-leaf printing; — bruchwirt, adj. interwoven with gold-threads; — bruch, m. thurst of gold; — etafeger, m. one who inlays in gold; — elstir, n. gold-tincture.

Gölden, adj. 1) gold, golden; gilt; 2) *fig.* golden, precious, happy; sich (Dat.) g-e Berge verschaffen, coll. to expect to find Tom Tiddler's ground(s); g-e Götzeit, the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of one's nuptials; g-e Regel, Arith. golden rule, rule of three; g-e Zahl, Chron. golden number; g-e Zeit, g-e Zeitelster, * the primal age of innocence and happiness, golden-age; g-e Wert, see **Göldaber**, 2.

Gölb..., in comp. — erbe, f. auriferous earth; — erbwurzel, f. Bot. ipocacantha (*Cassipouia ipocacantha* Rich.); — erz, n. gold ore; — eise, f. Bot. gold-ash, common ash (*Fraxinus excelsior* L.); — eise, f. see **Schiermire**; — fabrik, f. manufactory of gold-vessels; — faden, m. gold-thread, spun gold; — fah, adj. pale yellow, gold-yellow; — farbe, f. gold-colour; Herald. or: *Paint.* ornaments — farben, — farbig, adj. golden, gold-coloured; — fasan, m. Ornith. gold(en) pheasant (*Phasianus pictus* L.); — feilicht, n. flings of gold; — finger, n. ring-finger; — flut, m. Ornith. see **Bergflut** & **Blutflut**; — flut, m. gold-varnish; — flut, m. Ichth. 1) goldfish (*Cyprinus auratus* L.); 2) see — brachen; — flut, m. gold-washer; — flut, f. Entom. a kind of fly (*Musca Cassar* L.); — flummer, m., — flutter, m. & f. gold-spangle; — flut, — forelle, f. Ichth. golding-trout (a variety of the common trout, *Forelle*); — fuchse, m. a yellow-dun horse; — fuchsen, adj. auriferous; — gang, m. course of gold-ore in a mine; gold-gang(ue); — gänzen, n. see — ammer; — gefüße, n. pl. gold-plate; — gefest, adj. speckled with gold; — gefest, m. intrinsic value of gold; — geter, m. see **Rümmerteig**; — getz, I. adj. golden, yellow like gold; II. s. n. minim colour; — gefest, adj. having golden curls, ringlets; — gefest, n. Geol. river ore; — gefest, n. see — gefest; — gefest, n. spun gold; — gefest, adj. embroidered with gold-threads; — gewicht, n. gold-weight, troy weight; — gewinn, m. produce of mines in gold; — gewirt, see — bruchwirt; — glter, f. immoderate thirst or lust after gold; — glanz, m. splendour or lustre of gold; Miner.-s. glätte, f. gold-litharge; — glimmer, m. yellow mica; — göge, m. 1) idol of gold; 2) mam-

men; —*gras*, *n. Bot.* sweet-scented spring-grass, vernal grass (*Anthoxanthum odoratum* L.); —*graupe*, *f. see* —*fern*; —*grise*, *m.* gold in little grains mixed with sand; —*grube*, *f.* gold-mine, gold-digging; —*grub*, *m.* gold-ground; *Pañt.* gold-size; —*gilden*, —*gilden*, *m.* Num. gold-florin; —*haar*, *m.* 1) golden hair; 2) *Bot. a.* golden maiden-hair (*Adiantum* L.); *b.* golden or golden locks (*Chrysocoma* L.); —*haarig*, *adj.* golden haired; —*hafer*, *m.* yellow oats (*Avena flavescens* L.); —*hahn*, *m. see* —*han*; —*hahnen*, —*hahnen*, *n. Ornith.* 1) golden-crested wren (*Regulus cristatus* L.); 2) *Entom. see* —*läter*, 2; 3) *Bot.* yellow anemone (*Anemone ranunculoides* L.); —*haltig*, *adj.* containing gold, auriferous; —*hammer*, *f. see* —*ammert*; —*handel*, *m.* gold-trade; —*harder*, *m.* *Ichth.* mullet (*Mugil cephalus* Cav.); —*harsif*, *m.* *Entom.* a beetle of brilliant metallic colours (*Euphrasia pigmea* F.); —*hell*, *adj.* bright as gold, shining.

Golb'ig, *adj.* golden (Goldben).

Golb'..., *in comp.* —*läter*, *m.* *Entom.* 1) rose-chaffer (*Colonia aurata* F., *Reichläter*); 2) brass-beetle, golden beetle (*Cassida aurata* L.); 3) *see* *Spanische Fliege*; —*läst*, *m.* calcined gold; —*larven*, *m.* *Ichth.* golden carp (*Goldfisch*); —*fles*, *m.* auriferous pyrites, *see* —*fund*; —*finb*, *n. coll.* a darling child, darling; —*flisen*, *n.* *Bookb.* gold cushion; —*flang*, *m.* sound or ring of gold; —*flaßt*, *f. see* —*gang*; —*flampen*, *m.* bullion, ingot of gold; —*flapf*, *schyn*, *n. Bot.* (yellow) mothmallein (*Verbascum bithartia* L.); —*flüht*, *m.* *Chem.* residue of gold left after a solution with antimony; —*fern*, *n.* grain of gold, gold-grain; —*fräge*, *f. see* *Wandelfrüge*; —*fräge*, *f.* T. goldsmith's sweepings, washings; —*frant*, *n. Bot. a.* groundsel (*Senecio vulgaris* L.); *b.* moneywort (*Lysimachia nummularia* L.); —*friffe*, *f. Bot.* golden saxifrage (*Goldmilch*); —*frone*, *f.* gold crown; —*flapper*, *n. Miner.* similar, pinch-beck; —*flüße*, *f. Geogr.* Gold Coast; Coast of Guinea; —*lad*, *m.* 1) *Bot.* wall-flower (*Chorizanthe Cheliri* L.); 2) gold-coloured varnish; —*laßn*, *m.* plate-gold, flattened gold-wire; —*laßn*(*flüßiger*), *m.* flatter of gold-wire; —*land*, *n.* gold-country; —*laudestein*, *n. Miner.* chrysoprasso; —*lauffüßer*, *m. see* —*läter*; —*laute*, *adj.* pure as gold; —*leberetz*, *n. Miner.* hepatic gold; —*leber*, *n.* gilt leather; —*legrang*, *f.* allegation of gold; —*leim*, *m.* chrysocol; gold-size; —*leiste*, *f.* gold-cornice; —*letzen*, *m.* gold-elay; —*lille*, *f.* *Bot.* yellow (day) lily (*Scutellaria*); —*löffel*, *adj.* *see* —*gelöst*; —*lütte*, *f. Smith.* washing-trough; —*macher*, *m.* alchemist, adept; —*machttraß*, —*macherel*, *f.* alchymy; hermetical science; —*mähnen*, *n. see* *Wittraumzug*, 2, a; —*marcast*, *m. see* —*ries*; —*maße*, *f.* mass of gold; —*manwurf*, *m.* *Zool.* mole of the Cape of Good Hope (*Chrysochloris capensis* C.); —*meßer*, *n.* *Bookb.* gold-knife; —*milß*, *f. Bot.* golden saxifrage (*Chrysocarpus* L.); —*mine*, *f.* gold mine; —*miße*, *f. see* —*flüge*; —*mund*, *m.* *Conch.* golden-mouth (*Turbochrysolomus* L.); —*münze*, *f.* gold-coin, gold piece, gold(en) medal. (*Wärfel*).

Golb'ner, **Gölb'ner**, (*str.*) *m. see* **Golb'**.
Golb'..., *in comp.* —*argb*, *n.* *Chem.* auric oxide, oxide of gold; —*argblage*, *n. pl.* *Chem.* aurates; —*papier*, *n.* gold-paper; —*pappe*, *f.* gilt pasteboard; —*paradiesvogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* golden bird of paradise (*Paradisaea rapia* L.); —*pl(p)in*, *m. see* —*apfel*, 1; —*platte*, *f.* plate of gold; —*plätten*, *n.* making gold-spangles; —*plätter*, *m.* flatter of gold-wire; —*plattirang*, *f.* gold-plating; —*preßer*, *m.* *Miner.* chrysoprasso; —*probe*, *f.* gold-test; —*putzer*, *n.* T. 1) gold-dust; powder of Cassius; —*putzer*, *m.* *Chem.* precipitate of Cassius; —*quarz*, *m.* auriferous quartz; —*quast*, *m.* —*quaste*, *f.* gold-tassel; —*raße*, *m.* *Ornith.* (common) raven

(*Corvus corax* L.); —*ranpe*, *f. see* —*warm*; —*regen*, *m.* 1) T. gold-coloured fire-rain; 2) *Bot.* laburnum (*Cytisus laburnum* L.); —*regenyfiter*, *m.* *Ornith.* golden or green plover (*Charadrius plumbeus* L.); —*reiß*, *adj.* rich in gold, auriferous; —*reiß*, —*ring*, *m.* gold ring; —*reinetze*, *f.* *Pañt.* gilding; —*rose*, *f.* *Bot.* little sun-flower (*Helianthus annuus* L.); —*reiß*, *adj.* gold-red; —*reiß*, *f.* *Bot.* golden rod (*Solidago virginica* L.); —*reißbaum*, *m.* golden-rod tree (*Rosa yarvandra* L.); *Chem.-s.* —*reißan*, *m.* fulminating gold; —*reißpeter*, *m.* nitrate of gold; —*reiß*, *n.* aurate; —*reißmiller*, *m.* gold-searsher; —*reiß*, *m.* gold sand; shining yellow sand; auriferous sand; *Chem.-s.* —*reißer*, *adj.* aurated; —*reißer* *Cell.* aurate; —*reißer* *Potafde*, aurate of potash; —*reißer*, *f.* auric acid; —*reißer*, *f.* gold cup; *Chem.* cupel; —*reißan*, *m.* gold-leaf; leaf-brass, tinsel; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-refiner, purifier; —*reißerweiser*, *n.* *Chem.* nitro-muriatic acid, aqua regia; —*reißung*, *f.* purifying of gold; —*reißer*, *f.* pl. slags of gold; —*reiß*, *m.* gold-leaf; —*reißer*, *n.* goldsmith's link; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-beater; —*reißer* *form*, —*reißer* *form*, *f.* gold-beater's skin; —*reißer*, *f.* *Ichth.* gold-coloured tench (*Tinca vulgaris* C.); —*reiß*, *m.* T. gold ore bruised and washed; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-melter, finer, refiner (of gold); —*reißer*, *m.* 1) goldsmith; 2) *see* —*läter*, 2; —*reißer*, *f.* clay used for goldsmiths' forms; —*reißer* *fräge*, *f. see* —*fräge*; —*reißer* *freibe*, *f.* chalk used in cleaning gold-plate; —*reißer*, *m.* *Bookb.* gilt edge; mit —*reißer*, gilt-edged; —*reißer*, *m.* planchet of gold; —*reißer*, *m.* sulphuret of antimony; —*reißer*, *f. see* —*reißer*; —*reißer*, *m.* *Miner.* auriferous sinter; —*reiß*, *m.* coll. a darling son, darling; —*reiß* *Silber* *Sorten*, *f. pl.* 1) kinds of gold (and silver); 2) gold (and silver) coin; —*reißer*, *m.* *Ornith.* golden wood-pecker (*Picus auratus* Sw.); —*reißer*, *m.* spinner of (fine) gold-threads; —*reißer*, *f.* gold-lace; —*reißer*, *f.* billot of gold, cf. —*berren*; —*reiß*, *m.* gold-dust; —*reiß*, *m.* 1) touchstone; 2) chrysolite; —*reißer*, *m.* *Bot.* alternate-leaved saxifrage (*Chrysosplenium alternifolium* L.); —*reißer*, *m.* embroiderer in gold; —*reißer*, *f.* the (art of) embroidering in gold; —*reiß*, *m.* stuff worked of silk and gold, gold-brocade, tinsel; —*reißer* *nadel*, *f.* touch-needle; —*reißer* *stein*, *m.* touchstone; —*reißer* *stein*, *m.* 1) gold-stripe; 2) *Pañt.*, *Ac.* fillet; —*reißer*, *adj.* gold-striped; —*reiß*, —*reißer*, *m.* *Ichth.* salpe, gold line; —*reiß*, *n.* gold piece, gold coin; —*reiß*, *m.* *Miner.* a large piece of ore containing gold; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-searsher; —*reiß*, *m.* *Miner.* yellow tale; —*reiß*, *m.* T. painter's gold, water-gold; —*reißer*, *m.* dollar gold; —*reißer*, *f.* potable gold, tincture of gold; —*reißer*, *f.* coll. a darling daughter, darling; —*reißer*, *f.* gold-lace; —*reißer*, *m.* coating of gold; —*reißer*, *n.* *see* —*reiß*; —*reißer*, *adj.* fringed with gold; —*reißer*, *n.* *Chem.* sulphate of gold; —*reißer*, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) jacamar (*Galbula viridis* Lath.); 2) a kind of butterfly (*Lycena Phlaea* L.); —*reißer*, *f.* goldsmith's ware or work; —*reiß*, *f.* gold weights; jedes Wort auf die —*reiß* legen, *fig.* to weigh every word before it is uttered, to be exceedingly nice in the choice of one's words; —*reißer*, *f.* *Comm.* gold-value; —*reißer*, *f.* 1) washing of gold sand; 2) the place where this is done, gold-washings; —*reißer*, to clean or wash gold; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-washer, gatherer of gold sand; —*reißer*, *f.* gold-washing; (*Danziger*) —*reißer*, *n.* a cordial (of Dantzig) into which small particles of gold-leaf are put; —*reißer*, *f.* *see* *Dotterreibe*; —*reißer*, *f.* *see* *Reimreibe*; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-weaver; —*reißer*, —*reißer*, *f.* the (art of) gold-

weaving; *Zool.-s.* —*reiß*, *m.* jackal (*Canis aureus* L.); —*reiß*, *m.* *see* —*manwurf*; —*reiß*, *m.* *see* —*mouse* (*Aphrodite aculeata* L.); —*reiß*, *f. Bot.* 1) daffodil, anemone, king's spear (*Aphodius fulvus* L.); 2) swallow-wort,celandine (*Chelidonium majus* L.); 3) martagon-lily (*Lilium martagon* L.); —*reiß*, *m.* a small bar of native gold; —*reiß*, *m.* ingot of gold, cf. —*berren*; —*reißer*, *m.* gold-wire drawer.

Golb', (*str.*) *m.* gulf (Raccusen); —*reiß*, *m.* *Geogr.* gulf stream.

Golb'..., (*str.*) *m.* Navy, printed tannal.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* 1) (S. G.) paddle; 2) (N. G.) cock-bout (Galle). (*see* *Gimpel*, 1.

Golb'e, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Seller*; 2) *Ornith.*

Golb'e, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* a kind of fustian.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* *see* *Gelle*.

Golb'en, **Golb'en**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to gold.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* *see* *Gelle*.

Golb'..., (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Edelstein*.

Golb'..., (*u.*) *f.* (Nat.) gondola, Venetian

(pleasure)-boat; car (of a balloon); —*reiß*, *adj.* in the manner of a gondola; —*reißer*, —*reißer*, *m.* gondelier.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to take the water in a gondola; II. *v. tr.* to carry in a gondola.

Golb'en, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) not to grudge, not to envy; to wish; to favour (one with); 2) to permit, allow, grant, to give; *Einem etwas* *oder* *etwas* —, to wish one well or ill; nicht —, to grudge, envy; ich gönne es ihm, I am glad of it for his sake; he has well deserved it; gönne mir die Gnade, do not deny me the joy; er gönnt sich keine Ruhe, he did not allow himself any rest.

Golb'ner, (*str.*) *m.* favovener, well-wisher, patron, protector, promoter; *Golb'en*, (*u.*) *f.* patroness, protectress; —*Golb'ner* *haft*, *adj.* patronising; —*Golb'ner* *haft*, (*u.*) *f.* *Golb'ner* *thum*, (*str.*) *m.* patronage, patronship, auspices.

Golb'e, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.-s.* winch, lever, gin, coal-gin; —*reiß*, *f.* —*reiß*, *m.* round path in which the horse walks that keeps the gin or lever in motion; —*reiß*, *n.* —*reiß*, —*reiß*, *f.* house in which a winch is erected; —*reiß*, *m.* a long piece of wood with iron spikes or iron chain at a coal-gin; —*reiß*, *f.* chain of a gin (lever); —*reißer*, *m.* winch-stopper; —*reiß*, *m.* trundle or lantern of a lever, gin, or horse-mill; —*reiß*, *m.* wooden cross of a lever; —*reiß*, *n.* lever-horse; —*reiß*, *n.* pulley; —*reiß*, —*reißer*, *f.* axle-tree of a gin (lever); —*reißer*, *m.* he that sets the lever in motion; —*reißer*, *f. see* —*reiß*.

Golb', (*str.*) *m.* *Gölb'*, (*u.*) *f.* *provinc.* little child, brat (*Sör, Jör*).

Golb', (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* *see* *Grüßerei*.

Golb'ing, (*u.*) *f.* *Mar.* buntline, leech-line.

Golb'ig, *adj.* Gordian.

Golb'ite, (*u.*) *f.* *Bot.* a kind of hypericum.

Golb'ge, *m.* for *Gorga*, *George* (P. N.).

Golb'ne, (*u.*) *f.* *Gr. Myth.* Gorgon.

Golb', (*str.*) *m.* loop (Gordel); —*reißer*, *pl.* loop-lace.

Golb'e, **Golb'e**, (*u.*) *f.* *Mar.* jack, jack-

flag; —*reiß*, *m.* a mariner who has the care of the jack; —*reiß*, *m.* jack-staff.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* *vulg.* chops, mouth.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* a kind of pale, acidulous beer.

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* *Ichth.* chub (*Leuciscus jana* Klein).

Golb'e, (*u.*) *f.* gutter, kennel; water-pipe; mill-hopper; —*reiß*, *f.* gutter-bridge.

Golb'e, (*str.*) *m.* sink, gutter-stone (Gulstein).

Golb'e, (*u.*) *m.* Goth.

Golb'ig, *adj.* Gothic; g-e Bauart, g-rt

Ordnung, Gothic style, Gothic or pointed architecture; (modern) g-e Schrift, black letter.

Golb', *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Golb'er*) *m.* God; —*der*

Jerr, God our Lord; das ge —! God grant

it: be sei — vor! das wolle — nicht! God forbid! [so — will, (if it) please God; wie — will! at the will of God! wolle —, would to God: — heile! God bless you! [so mach' mir — heile! so help me God: mein —! gut! —! good God! good Heavens! um G-tes willen! for God's sake! — Tob! — sei Dank! God be praised! — beschien! may God have you in his holy keeping! adieu! farewell! good bye! — (sei) mit dir! — (sei) mit G-ut! may God have you in his holy keeping! God speed you! God be with you! mit G-tes Hilfe (Beistand), God willing or helping; wie — in Strafreich leben, to lead a glorious life (of it), to live in clover: II. *in comp.* — ähnlich, *adj.* like to God; da-form: — Ähnlichkeit, *f.* likeness to God; — be-griffen, *adj.* inspired, imbued with the divine spirit: — Betruer, *m.* deist, believer in God.

Got'ter..., *Myth. & **, *in comp.* — abenb, *n.* *fig.* heavenly evening: — Ähnlich, *adj.* see Got'tähnlich; — Bild, *n.* 1) image of a god: 2) divine (beautiful) form: — Bildung, *f.* divine figure, shape; — Bild, *m.* divine look; — blume, *f.* *Bot.* Virginian cowslip (*Dodecatheon Meadia* L.); — botte, *m.* *Gr. & d.* *Rom.* *Myth.* messenger of the Gods, Hermes, Mercury; — botin, *f.* (female) messenger of the Gods, Iris: — brücke, *f.* *North. Myth.* bridge of the gods, rain-bow: — bildung, — fabel, *f.* mythology: — dien, *m.* worship of (several) gods. *f.* Göpendien; — bus, *m.* *Bot.* a genus of plants (*Diosma* L.); — cusp'proffen, *adj.* descended from the gods: — fest, *n.* *vulg.* — fest, *m.* feast of the gods.

Got't..., *in comp.* — erfüllt, *adj.* filled with the thought of God (see — begesert); — ergeben, *adj.* resigned to the will of God; — ergesert, *f.* resignation in the will of God.

Got'ter..., *Myth. & **, *in comp.* — gebante, *m.* divine, sublime thought; — genuss, *m.* heavenly pleasure; — gericht, *n.* see — f'reit; — geruch, *m.* see — buß; — gescheit, *n.* race of the gods, divine race; — gesalt, *f.* divine form: — gewalt, *f.* power of the gods; — gleich, *adj.* like to the gods, godlike: — glück, *n.* supreme (or highest state of) happiness: — glück, *n.* child of the gods; — glück, *n.* king of the gods, Jupiter: — freis, *m.* see — ver-kennung; — leben, *n.* life of (or rather like) the gods: — lehr, *f.* mythology: — laß, *f.* see — wesen; — maß, *n.* banquet of or for the gods; — pracht, *f.* splendour of the gods; — rath, *m.* council of the gods: — sage, *f.* myth, mythical tale.

Got'ter(schaft), (*n.*) *f.* **Got'terthüm**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) nature, essence of a god; 2) collect. the gods.

Got'ter..., *Myth. & **, *in comp.* — flü, *m.* seat, abode of the gods: — f'reit, *f.* ambrosia; — f'reit, *m.* decision of the gods, oracle; — flimme, *f.* 1) voice of the gods; 2) divine (beautiful) voice: — flume, *f.* hour of delight, bliss: — frant, *m.* nectar: [sanfter Eschlummer] träufelte vom Himmel | auf die Augen der — ver-schlum-mern (*Walden, Serafina*), gentle slum-bers, | raining down from Heaven, | veiled the eyes of the Lord's betrothed (*Baskara*.); — ver-kennung, *f.* assembly of the gods: — wetz, *m.* nectar: — wetz, *f.* Olympus: — wesen, *n.* mythology: — wesen, *f.* supreme delight, divine bliss; — wert, *n.* see — f'reit; — zelchen, *n.* sagury, omen: — zeit, *f.* mythical age.

Got'tes..., *in comp.* — eder, *m.* church-yard, cemetery, burying-place, burying-ground, burial ground, — anbeten, *f.* see fang-ben-sucht; — bewußtsein, *n.* consciousness of the existence of God; — dien, *m.* divine service, (religious) worship, devotion; den — dien ver-richten, to officiate, to conduct di-vine service: — dienlich, *adj.* relating or be-longing to divine service; religious, de-

votional; — erbe, *f.* 1) earth; Niemand an-der weichen — erbe, not a soul on (God's wide) earth; 2) consecrated ground; — fahrt, *f.* pil-grimage: — friede, *m.* 1) peace of God, heav-venly peace; 2) *Germ. Archæol.* peace of God (cessation of hostilities on certain days): — furcht, *f.* piety, fear of God; — furchtig, *adj.* God-fearing, pious, godly: — furchtigkeit, *f.* piety; — gabe, *f.* gift of God: — gabenfrant, *n.* *Bot.* see Gnadenfrant; — gebürerin, *f.* the mother of our Lord, Virgin Mary; — gelb, *n.* see — pfennig; — gelehrt, *adj.* — gelehrt, *adj.* (t — gefahrt) *adj.* *f.* divinity, theology; — ge-lehrt, *adj.* theological; — gelehrte, *m.* divine, theologian, theologist; — gericht, *n.* see — urtheil; — glauze, *m.* belief in the exist-ence of a God: — gnade, *f.* grace or mercy of God; — gnadenfrant, *n.* see Gnadenfrant; — gnadenstüm, *m.* doctrine of divine right; — groden, *m.* see — pfennig; — haub, *n.* place of worship, church; cloister, monastery, ab-hey; — hauptpfleger, *m.* church-warden; — jammertlich, *adj.* coll. piteous; — jäfer, *m.* (coll.) — feld, *n.* — fah, *f.* — fähren, — fämmen, *n.* *Rom.* lady-bird, lady-bug, lady-cow (*Coccinella septem-punctata* L.); — fassen, *m.* — fabe, *f.* treasury (chest) of the church; poor's box; — famm, *n.* Lamb of God: — fäfter, *m.* blasphemer: — fäfterlich, *adj.* blasphemous, sacrilegious; — fäfterung, *f.* blasphemy: — fänger, *m.* atheist; — fängerlich, *adj.* atheis-tical; — fängnung, *f.* denial of or disbelief in a God, atheism: — fahn, *n.* ecclesiastical fief: — fahrt, *f.* doctrine of God and divine things, religion, theology: — lohn, *m.* reward, bless-ing of God; um einen — lohn, in charity, coll. for God's — mercy: habt — lohn! God bless you (for it)! einen — lohn verdienen, to earn a God bless you! — mann, *m.* man of God, pious man; — merz, *m.* deicide; — mörder, *m.* deicide; — mütter, *f.* mother of God; — pfennig, *m.* God's penny, earnest-money; — pfennigen, *n.* see — fäfer; — recht, *n.* rights or privileges of a convent, church, &c.; — reich, *n.* 1) kingdom of God; 2) *Philos.* theo-cracy: — sohn, *m.* Son of God, Jesus; — tisch, *m.* the Lord's table, communion-table; — ur-theil, *n.* 1) judgment, decision, arbitrement of God; 2) ordeal: — ver-rüster, *m.* despiser of God and sacred things; — ver-rüster, *f.* worship of God: — ver-geffen, see Gottvergeffen; — weisheit, *f.* theosophy: — welt, *f.* (God's) world; — wort, *n.* word of God, Bible.

Got'trich, (*n.*) 1) Godfrey, Geoffry, Jeffry (*P. N.*); 2) *slang*, a) a dress-coat: b) for a thick coat (*flausch*).

Got't..., *in comp.* — gefällig, *adj.* pleasing God, pious; — gefälligheit, *f.* conformity with the will of God, piety: — gesandt, — gesendet, — gegeben, *p. a.* sent by God, God-given: — gesandte, *m.* one sent by God; our Saviour, the Messiah: — geweiht, (*et*), *p. a. **, 1) God-hallowed (sanctified by the Deity); 2) conse-crated to God: — gleich, *adj.* God-like.

Got'thars, *m.* Godard (*P. N.*).
Got'theil, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* 1) self-heal (*Prunella vulgaris* L.); 2) sanicle (*Sanicula eu-ropea* L.).

Got'theit, (*n.*) *f.* deity: 1) godhead, di-vinity; 2) a fabulous god or goddess.

Got'tin, (*n.*) *f.* goddess, female deity.

Got'tlich, *l. adj.* divine: godly; godlike: die g-t Gnade, divine grace: das G-t im Men-schen kann nie gänzlich ver-rückt werden, the divine nature of man can never be totally obliterated: II. **G-tlich**, (*n.*) *f.* divinity; god-li-ness.

Got'tlieb, *m.* Theophilus (*P. N.*).
Got'tlieb, *f.* Theophila (*P. N.*).

Got'tlos, *l. adj.* 1) godless, atheistical: un-godly; 2) impious, irreligious, profane: wick-ed, evil-minded, depraved; reprobate, disso-

lute, wanton: II. **G-tlosigkeit**, (*n.*) *f.* godless-ness, ungodliness, &c.

Got't..., *in comp.* — mens, *n.* *Theol.* God incarnate, God made flesh, God and man; — menslich, *adj.* *Theol.* theandric: — selbsinn, (*lit.* God-be-with-as!) *m.* *fac.* the evil one, the devil: — selig, *adj.* godly, pious, religious, devout: — seligkeit, *f.* godliness, piety, reli-giousness, devoutness: — verflucht, *p. a.* ac-cursed (by God); — verfluchen, *adj.* forgetful of God: wicked, impious, godless; — ver-geffenheit, *f.* forgetfulness of God, wicked-ness, ungodliness; — verhasst, *adj.* hated by God, most hateful: — verlassen, *adj.* forsaken by God; godless; — verführer, *m.* one recon-ciling to God, Redeemer, Saviour; — verführt, *adj.* reconciled to God: — verwandt, *adj.* akin to god: das — verwandte, what is akin to God: — voll, *adj.* 1) see — erfüllt; 2) coll. & *hyp.* see Göttlich.

Götze, (*n.*) *m.* idol, deity; den G-n dienen, to be idolatrous; einen G-n an — machen, *fig.* to idolise, make an idol of ...

Götzen..., *in comp.* — Bild, *n.* idol: — bleser, *m.* idolater; — bleserin, *f.* idolatress: — dien, *m.* idolatry, idol-worship: — dienst treiben, to worship idols; er treibt einen — dienst mit ihr, he worships her like an idol, he idolatrises her: — haus, *n.* see — tempel; — heil, *n.* *Bot.* white-poplar (*Populus alba* L.); — opfer, *n.* idolatrous sacrifice: — priester, (*— pfeist*, *coll.*) *m.* an idolatrous priest; — tempel, *m.* temple of an idol.

Götzenthum, (*str.*) *n.* see Götzendienst.

Gouverneur (*pr. gäv-*), (*n.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) governess, government(s); **G-ressie**, *f.* gover-ness's place or situation.

Gouverneur (*pr. -nör*), (*str.*) *pl.* G-*e*, or G-*s*) *m.* (*Fr.*) governor.

Gräb (*N. G.* *gräb*), (*str.*) *pl.* Gräber) *n.* 1) grave, tomb, sepulchre: das Gräber —, the holy sepulchre; 2) *fig.* death, ruin, destruc-tion; ins — legen, to inter; zu G-*e* tragen, to bury; zu G-*e* be-gleiten, to assist or be at a funeral; bis ins —, till death; zu G-*e* gehen, to go to one's long home; das wird mich (ihn) ins — bringen, that will bring me (him) to the grave, that will be the death of me (him); ver-schwiegen wie das —, close as the grave.

Gräb..., (*n.*) *in comp.* — ähnlich, *adj.* sepul-chral; — ein-schluss, *f.* enclosure, railing of a grave; — eule, *f.* see Strinule; — flatterer, — flieger, *m.* a species of bat (*Myotis* Geoffr.); — gebaute, *m.* thought of the grave: *fig.* gloomy thought; — ge-läut, *n.* tolling of the passing-bell, knell; — gerüst, *n.* catafalco: — ge-fang, *m.* see — lich; — gewölbe, *n.* funeral vault; — hügel, *m.* (grassy) mound, tomb-hill; — käfer, *m.* see Kästfäfer; — feld, *n.* see Leichengewand; — frant, *m.* see Beremuth; — frug, *m.* funeral urn; — legung, *f.* (the act of) in-huming, burying, sepulture, interment; — lich, *m.* funeral song, dirge.

Gräb-lös, *adj.* graveless.

Gräb... (*a.*), *in comp.* — mal, *n.* tomb, sepulchre, sepulchral monument; — platte, *f.* coffin-slab; (bronzene) monumental brass; (Reinert) monumental slab; — rede, *f.* fu-neral sermon; — schrift, *f.* epitaph: — stätte, *f.* burying-place, grave, tomb; spot of interment; — stein, *m.* tomb-stone, grave-stone, sepulchral stone; — tuch, *n.* winding-sheet, shroud; pall.

Gräb... (*from Graben, s.*), *in comp.* — cisen, *n.* graving-tool, graver, *Meck.* firmer (*-chisel*); — or G-*e*stift, *f.* scoop, spad; G-*e*-land, *n.* garden-land; G-*e*-stift, *n.* see — stift; — meißel, *m.* graver, chisel: — schaufel, *f.* shovel: — sticht, *n.* spade, spit; — sticht, *m.* graver, graving-tool, chisel, burin; — stier, *n.* coll. hyena: — wepse, *f.* sand-wasp (*Ammophila sabulosa* L.).

Gray's, (w.) f. coll. 1) see **Reapen**; 2) large hand, paw; 3) strange whim.

Gray's, (w.) v. intr. coll. to scramble (nach, for); to grasp, to lay hold of.

Gräs (N. G. gräs), s. l. (str., pl. Gräs-) (cr) 1) grass; 2) pl. Bot. graminaceous plants, grasses; (panische, englische, or französische), ribbon-grass, see **Bandgras**; ins - thun, see **Grasen lassen**; ins - beissen, vulg. to die, anal. to bite the dust or ground; darüber ist - gewachsen, it is forgotten; er hört das - wachsen, fig. he is or fancies himself exceedingly wise or clever; II. in comp. -affe, m. (lit. a young monkey, cf. -hecht, -hirsch, -Gränschabel, a green goose, &c. & Hffe) coll. a young, unripe girl, green Miss; often used by Gölthe, to designate in a good-humoured, only half-ironical way, a tender young girl or even (newly married) woman; ber - aff! Ist er weg? (Faust, Marthe's garden); -äffe, f., -Äffchen, n. Bot. spikelet, spike; -äuger, m. green, grass-plot, pasture-ground; -art, f. grass-kind; -artig, adj. graminaceous, graminaceous; -bank, f. grassy bank, seat of grass; -beizen, m. grass-whisk; -bewachsen, adj. grass-grown; -blattfänger, n. Entom. grass-bug (*Chrysomela graminis* L.); -blume, f. 1) various kinds of flowers growing wild; 2) see -nelte; -boden, m. grass land; -bringeud, adj. herbiferous; -butter, f. May-butter.

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B. **Grä**, (w.) v. intr. (impers.) see **Graun**.

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Grä, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) cutting grass; 2) a grass field; 3) collect. grass, herbage.

Gräs ..., in comp. -cale, f. Entom. grass-moth (*Xylina graminis* L.); -färb, f. grass-green colour; -faser, f. herbaceous thread; -feld, m. 1) grass-plot; 2) grass-stain; -flur, f. see -ebene; -fressend, adj. graminivorous, herbivorous; -fressende Thiere, n. pl. Nat. graminivorous quadrupeds, (Lat.) *graminivora*; -frosch, m. Zool. brown grass-frog (*Rana temporaria* L.); -frucht, f. caryopsis;

-futter, m. grass-fodder, green food; -fütterung, f. feeding on grass; -garten, m. grass-garden, (sometimes) an orchard; -gefächte, m. grass-tresses; -geschmack, m. grassy taste; -grün, adj. grass-green; -heim, m. blade of grass; culm; -hecht, m. pickerel; -hirsch, m. Sport. lean stag, rascal; -hirsche, f. Bot. floating sweet-grass (*Glyceria fluitans* L.); -huhn, m. Ornith. crane or landrail (*Grus grus* L.); -hummel, f. Entom. humble-bumble-bee (*Bombus* L.); -hüpfer, m. Entom. grass-hopper (*Tetrix bipunctata* L.).

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rocambolo (*Alnus acoropitum* L.); -läufer, m. see -huhn; -leber, n. Bot. river-wood (*Comfura rivularis* L.).

Gräs, (str.) m. 1) see **Gräschen**; 2) Sport. grass trod up by deer, sowing as a trace; 3) linnet (*Hänfling*).

Gräs ..., in comp. -leinen, n. grass-cloth; -lisse, f. a plant of the order of *Asphodelaceae* (*Anthericum Liliago* L.).

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Gräs, (w.) v. intr. (Lat.) to rage

Gräs ..., in comp. -specht, m. Ornith. green woodpecker (*Grünspecht*); -spring, m. see -mücke; -stüd, n. grass-plot; -taffel, -taft, m. aridas (of herbs); -wachs, m., -weide, f. pasture-ground; -wuchs, m. growth of grass; pasture.

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Gras, I. adj. 1) gray (gray); grizzled, grizzle; 2) **Ag**. gray (with age), hoary; aged, ancient, former; g-e **Gras**, remote antiquity; in g-e **Gras**, in times out of mind; die g-e **Gras**, Anal. gray substance (external substance or coat of the brain); g-e **Gras**, silver-money; g-e **Gras**, mouldy bread; g-e **Gras**, gray friar, Cistercian; (englisch) g-e **Gras**, Anal. gray-coloured tambour-thread; II. s. (str.) n. gray colour; **Ag**. morning-dawn; - in -, **Point**. (to paint) gray in gray (cf. Camaleon); III. in comp. -ängig, adj. gray-eyed; -ammer, f. Ornith. corn-bunting, groundhinch (*Emberiza hortulana* L.); -artig, f. Ornith. linnet (*Fringilla cannabina* L.); -asche, f. ashes of straw and stubble; -bart, m. gray-beard.

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Gräs ..., in comp. -cale, f. Entom. grass-moth (*Xylina graminis* L.); -färb, f. grass-green colour; -faser, f. herbaceous thread; -feld, m. 1) grass-plot; 2) grass-stain; -flur, f. see -ebene; -fressend, adj. graminivorous, herbivorous; -fressende Thiere, n. pl. Nat. graminivorous quadrupeds, (Lat.) *graminivora*; -frosch, m. Zool. brown grass-frog (*Rana temporaria* L.); -frucht, f. caryopsis;

-futter, m. grass-fodder, green food; -fütterung, f. feeding on grass; -garten, m. grass-garden, (sometimes) an orchard; -gefächte, m. grass-tresses; -geschmack, m. grassy taste; -grün, adj. grass-green; -heim, m. blade of grass; culm; -hecht, m. pickerel; -hirsch, m. Sport. lean stag, rascal; -hirsche, f. Bot. floating sweet-grass (*Glyceria fluitans* L.); -huhn, m. Ornith. crane or landrail (*Grus grus* L.); -hummel, f. Entom. humble-bumble-bee (*Bombus* L.); -hüpfer, m. Entom. grass-hopper (*Tetrix bipunctata* L.).

Gräs, (w.) f. coll. 1) n. (dimin. of **Gras**) a small blade of grass. [rica.]

Gräs, (w.) f. prairie, savanna (in Amer. **Gräs**, (w.) v. intr. Sport. to tear up the grass with the hoof (said of deer when running).

Gräs, (w.) v. l. intr. 1) to graze; -lassen, to turn (or put) to grass; 2) to cut grass; 3) **Graun**. to roll and bound (said of cannon-balls); 4) **Ag**. to aim (nach, at), aspire (to); II. tr. (bei Getreide) to cut off the grassy part of (growing corn). [cattle].

A. **Gräs**, (w.) v. tr. to fatten on grass

B. **Gräs**, (w.) v. intr. (impers.) see **Graun**.

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crow (Rebelsträge); —meiße, *f.* gray or marsh titmouse (*Parus palustris* L.); —meve, *f.* herring gull (*Larus fuscus* L.); —naden, *m.* little gray-mew; —pappel, *f.* white poplar (Silberpappel).

Grainpe, s. l. (w. f.) (*Grainp*en, [*str.* *n. dimin.*]) 1 *gener.* pl. peeled grain; peeled or hulled barley (*Grainp*enraupen); 2 *Mün.* grain; II. *in comp.* *Grainp*en, *m. see Gr-n* mähle; *Gr-ngräp*, *f.* barley-groats; *Gr-nst* batt, *m. Mün.* cobalt ore in grains; *Gr-nmähle*, *f.* peeling or pulping mill; *Gr-nschlamm*, *m.* barley-water; *Gr-nstüßl*, *m. Mün.* aphritide; *Gr-nstein*, *m. Mü.* peeling-stone; *Gr-nsuppe*, *f.* soup of peeled barley.

Grän'pein, Grän'pein, (w.) v. intr. im-
pers. to sleet, hail, drizzle.

Gran'pelmetter, (str.) *n.* slooty weather.
Gran'..., in comp. —**rüthlich**, *adj.* roan;
 red-gray; —**riiden**, *m.* see —mantel.

Graus, (*adv.*) m. 1) († *adv.*) *, shudder: horror, dread, fear, fright; 2) frightful object, hideous sight or noise; 3) rubbish, ruins: in — zerfallen, to fall into decay; II. *adj.* († *adv.*) * *see* Grausig.

Gran'fel, (sgr.) *n.* fright; frightful object.
Gran'faw, I. adj. 1) cruel, barbarous, fierce, fell, inhuman, ruthless, truculent, tyrannical; 2) *coll.* horrible, terrible; die g-strn Rortern, the most exquisite torments; II. **G-felt, (w./f.)** *adj.* cruelty, barbarity, barbarousness. *Ac.* inhumanity: cruel action, outrage.

Gran'..., *in comp.* —[grēdīg, *adj.* gray-checkered, mottled gray; —[grīmmel, *m.* red-gray or roan horse; —[grwārg, *adj.* grayish black.

Grün'fel, (str.) *m.* province. shudder, horror.
Grün'felig, adj. *see* Grauenhaft.

Grän'sein, Grän'sen, (w.) v. inlr. (& impers.) (with Dat.) to shudder, shiver; to feel awe, to dread, fear; *es gränset mir*, I shudder, I feel awe.

Græn'sen, (str.) *n.* awe, horror, terror, dread, dismay: — *erregend*, *adj.* terror-striking.

Gran'senhaff, Gran'senholl, adj. frightful, awful, dismaying.

Gräu'lig (coll. **Gräus'lig**), *adj.* creating dread, horrible, awful, dreadful, fearful, dismal.

Gran'..., in comp. —silver, n. *Minor*.
gray-silver; —(pecht, m. 1) see *Blaupecht*; 2)
der steine, see *Baumsäuer*; —stein, m. *Minor*.
dolerite; —thier, n. see *Grauden*; —wacke, f.
Minor. gray wacke; —wert, n. *Furr*. Calabar
skins; —werthschere, f. *furrier's brako*; —wild,
n. *Sport*. see *Birchenne*.

* *Graveur* [*pr. grabër*], (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*), *Gravirer*, (*str.*) *m.* engraver. — *Graviren*, (*m.*) *s.* *fr.* 1) to engrave; 2) *fig.* to aggravate. — *Gr. Erismen*, 2, *a*; *stark grabirt*, *p. a.* strongly unspected, suspicious. — *Gravir...*, *in comp.* — *Gravir*, *f.* the art of engraving; — *meißel*, *m.* graver; — *jeng*, *m.* engraving tools.

* **Gravită'**, (*n.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) gravity, solemn behaviour. — **Gravitațiōn'**, (*n.*) *f.* Phys. gravitation. — **Gravită'tișă**, *adj.* grave, serious, solemn.

* *Gr'gle*, see *Gracie*.
Gr'be, (w.) *f. Orwith.* grobe (*Podiceps cornutus* L.).

Greep, (str.) m. (N. G.) *Mar.* the lowest part of a ship's cut-water.

(Gregór, (Lat.): Gregor'ins, m. Gregory
P. N.); —holj, m. Bot. Mahaleb-cherry (*Prunus mahaleb* L.).

Gregoria'nisch, adj. Gregorian.
Greif, *s.* (*adv.*) *m.* 1) griffin; 2) *or* —gier.
n. Ornith. condor (*Sarcorhamphus gryphus* Tem.).

Greifbär, adj. 1) capable of being laid hold of, grasped or spanned, seizable; tan-

gible; 2) (Arrested) Comms. that may be seized at once, all ready, abundant, full, good (cargo, freight).

Greif . . . (*from Greifen*, in comp. — *Greif*, n. see *Greifftrief*; — *greif*, m. see *Zaferkreisel*).
Greifen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. (*in instr.* with *nach*, *zu* &c.) to gripe, grasp (*at*), lay hold of; to seize, apprehend; catch (*at*), to take up, to snatch (*at*); *etwas mit Händen* —, *fg.* to comprehend easily, to see clearly or plainly; *es ist mit Händen zu* —, it is palpable or evident; II. *intr.* 1) to gripe, to seize hold, &c.; 2) to cut in (of edged tools) to catch. *g.*
Greifen, III. *intr.*: to gripe (said of an anchor) (*in rundern*) —, to act upon one another (as the wheels in a clock work), *g.* *Greifengras*: die Säge greift, the saw catches; *falsch* —, to strike a false note (on the piano); *den Hint* —, to touch one's hat; *Einem an die Erde* —

to touch a person's honour; *Einem an das Herz* —, 1. to attack one in the most sensible part: 2. (*also Einem an die Seele* —) to move, affect one to the quick; *Einem ans Leben* —, to attack one's life; *Einem an den*

Puls —, to feel one's pulse; **hoch** — (bei Zählengaben), *coll.* to put an amount at a high figure; **hoch gegriffen**, *coll.* speaking on the outside (*opp.* niedrig gegriffen, speaking be-

low the mark); in etwas —, to put, thrust, or stretch one's hands into; in die Hürse (Tasche) —, to put one's hand into one's purse (pocket); fig. to untie the purse strings; fig.-s. in seinen eigenen Busen —, to test, try one's self or

one's feelings; *Einem ins Amt, in die Rechte* &c. —, to encroach or intrench upon one's office, rights, &c.; *nach Schatten* —, *fig.* to grasp at shadows; *nach* *or* *zu dem Degen* —, to put (one's) hand to the sword; *zu* *or* *nach der*

Jeder —, to take up the pen; um sich —, to gain or get ground, to spread (about); to increase; Einem unter das Kinn —, to chuck one under the chin; Einem unter die Arme —, to help, assist one; zu den Waffen —, to

take up arms, to take to arms; zu (einem Mittel u.) —, to have recourse or to resort to ...; zur Gewalt —, to appeal to violence; ohne zur Gewalt zu —, without recourse to violence.

Greifhals, (str.) n. T. wooden handle of cloth-shears.
Greifig, Greifisch, adj. 1) willing to

seize, grasping: *coll-s.* 2) liable to be seized; tampting (Angreifich); 3) light-fingered; 4) greifische Frucht, see Greifbar, 2.

Greiffclawen, (*n.*) *f.* pl. 1) Ornith. hind-claws (Hinterclawen); 2) claws, talons, or pounces of a griffin.

Greiflich, adj. see Greifbar.
Greif ... (s.), in comp. — muschel, f. Conch.
Patr. crow-stone, gryphite (*Gryphaea* L.):

Greiffschäbel, (str.) *m.* Surg. an instrument for drawing teeth.

ties god; —graben, m. boundary-ditch: —gut, —haus, n. estate, house on the boundary of a district or country: —herr, m. owner of a —gut, which see: —holz, n. border-wood: —jäger, m. 1) see —beritter; 2) see —schütze: —kette, f. *Med.* cordon: —krieg, m. border-war: —land, n. border-country, liminary.

Grenz'lich, *adj.* bordering, relating to the borders.

Grenz'... in comp. —linie, f. boundary-line, line of demarcation: —maß, n. land-mark: —mauer, f. boundary-wall: *Archit.* partition-wall: —messer, m. surveyor of the boundaries: —nachbar, m. confiner, borderer, near-neighbour: —nachbarschaft, f. confinity: —ort, —platz, m. liminary, frontier-place: —punkt, m. boundary-post: —punkt, m. 1) point in a boundary-line: 2) *fig.* extreme, highest point: —recht, m. boundary treaty: —säule, f. a column to mark a boundary, boundary-post: —scheide, f. see —linie: —scheider, m. see —messer & —aufseher: —scheibung, f. the (act of) determining (or setting of) a boundary: —siedlung, —[schloß], n. frontier-castle: —[schloß], m. game-keeper, who keeps the boundaries of a manor: —soldat, m. soldier serving on the frontier, cf. *Grenz*'er, 2: —[sperr], f. the (act of) closing the barriers (in order to prohibit trade): stop put to trade: —stabt, f. frontier-town: —stein, m. boundary-stone, bounding-stone: land-mark: —streit, m., —streitigkeit, f. dispute concerning boundaries: —treaty, m. see —fluß: —vergleich, —vertrag, m. treaty, agreement concerning the boundaries of two districts: —wache, f. boundary guard, line of defence: —wächter, m. boundary-guard, cf. —jäger: —wall, m. rampart (dam) marking the boundary: —weg, m. road (path) marking the boundary: —wehr, f. defence, turnpike, &c. of a boundary: —zahn, m. boundary-hedge: —zeichen, n. landmark: —zoll, m. duties, customs, toll: —zug, m. inspection of the boundaries.

Gri't, (*str.*) n. *T. & Weat.* pattern.

Gri'tchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Griete*) 1) Margary, Meg, Madge, Peg, Peggy, Padge (*P. H.*): 2) *Mar.* mixen-top-gallant-sail: — in *Dufsch*, *Bot.* fennel flower (*Nigella damascena* L.).

Gri'te, f. (*abbr.* of *Margarethe*) Margaret, Margary, &c. cf. *Griete*; [anle—, *Bot.* fool's parsley (*Aethion cynapioides* L.).

Gri'ten, see *Grätichen*.

Gri'tel, (*str.*) m. see *Grünel*.

Gri'ter, (*str.*) m. *Minor.* nugget.

Gri'te, (*w.*) f. the fibrous or skinny remains of lard, &c. after its being fried: greaves.

Gri'ts, (*str.*) m. 1) see *Gröds*; 2) *fig.* refuse, trash.

Gri'tsche, (*w.*) m., **Gri**'tschin, (*w.*) f. Greek, Grecian: *Gri*'tschen, m. philhellene.

Gri'tschland, (*w.*) n. *Geogr.* Greece.

Gri'tschthum, (*str.*) n., **Gri**'tschheit, (*w.*) f. peculiarity or spirit of the Greeks.

Gri'tsch, I. *adj.* Greek, Grecian, Hellenic: II. *das* *G*—e, n. Greek: cine g—e *Stadt*, a Grecian city, in der g—en *Grammatik*, in Greek grammar: *das* (wilde) g—e *Heuer*, Greek or Grecian fire, wild-fire: *das* g—e *Hru*, *Bot.* fennel-greek: g—e *Pech*, colophon: — *Weg*—burg, n. (the town of) Belgrade: — *aussehen*, *adj.* Greek-looking: — *hathlich*, *adj.* belonging to the Greek church, Greek.

Gri'te, (*w.*) f. see *Griete*.

Gri'tel, (*str.*) m. 1) *Zool.* fat dormouse (*Myopus sylvaticus* L.): 2) *Ornith.* a species of curlew (*Tringa ochropus*): 3) *provinc.* hedge-sparrow (*Tramellie*): — *trappe*, f. field-duck (*Odis leucurus* L.).

Gri'ten, (*str.*) m. see *Griete*.

Gri'ten, see *Grieten*.

Gri'ter, *adj.* — *Säse*, m. Gruyère cheese.

Gries, *adj. provinc.* (*N. G.*) gray.

Gries, s. I. (*str.*) m. 1) coarse sand, gravel: grit; 2) see *Springries*; 3) fine groats, ground grits; 4) *Comm.* garblings: 5) *Min.* (nord.) rubbish, (*schott.*) drush, (*Stafford.*) muck (Rohlunggruß); II. in comp. — *sche*, f. *provinc.* coarse sediments in wine-casks, unpurified or crude tartar: — *hart*, m. see *Griffuß*: — *birne*, f. *Pomol.* *donné* gris: — *strel*, m. pap of groats: — *bede*, f. *Beuld.* see *Stilghäule*.

Grie'telig, *adj.* 1) sandy, gritty, gravelly: 2) containing groats.

Grie'teln, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to break or fall into little pieces, to crumble; II. *tr.* to pound, grind: III. *intr.* coll. see *Grufein*.

Gries'... in comp. — *schote*, f. *Med.* herpes, tetters: — *saß*, m. see *Graufuchs*.

Gries'grām, coll. I. (*str.*) m. 1) the spleen; 2) a grumbler: II. or **Gries**'grāmlich, **Gries**'grāmlich, *adj.* peevish, morose, sullen.

Gries'grāmern, (*w.*) v. *intr.* coll. to be fretting, morose, peevish.

Gries'... in comp. — *holz*, n. *Pharm.* nephritic wood: — *hort*, n. gravel-isle: — *huhn*, n. *Ornith.* 1) see *Strandläufer*; 2) see *Sandhuhn*.

Grie'schot, **Grie**'sch, I. *adj.* resembling gravel or grit; gravelly (of urine, &c.), gritty; calculus: II. s. (*str.*) m. dirt of bees.

Gries'... in comp. — *stele*, f. bran of groats: — *stoll*, f. *Med.* nephritic colic: — *strant*, m. *Bot.* wild tansy, silver weed (*Potentilla anserina* L.): — *stücken*, m. cake made of grits: — *stehl*, n. 1) meal-groats; 2) the finest sort of wheat-flour: — *mittel*, n. *Med.* antinephritic: — *jähren*, f. pl. *Mill.* posts between which the flood-gates of water-mills are fixed: — *steb*, n. groats sieve, oatmeal sieve: — *stein*, m. *Minor.* nephritic stone: — *suppe*, f. soup made of grits: — *strant*, m. drink of oatmeal, water-gruel: — *wart*, — *würfel*, m. *Archaeol.* overseer of the tournaments: — *wasser*, n. *Med.* nephritic water: — *wert*, n. *Mill.* flood-gate, pen-stock, pentrough: — *wurzel*, f. *Bot.* dissampelos, wild vine, velvet leaf (*Dissampelos Pfeifera* L.).

Grie'sch, *more correct, but less usual than* *Gries*, s.

Grie'ten, (*w.*) f. pl. *Mar.* ledges.

Gri'ff, s. I. (*str.*) m. 1) gripe, grip, grasp: hold, touch; pinch; snatch; 2) handle, hilt: T. haft, bow, or handle (of scissors, &c.): head (of a cork-screw, &c.): tang (of a file); ear (of a pitcher); toe (of a horse-shoe); fret (of guitars); tiller (of a saw); *Typ.* rounce, handle of a printing-press; 3) as much as may be grasped, a handful: 4) *Sport.* claws (of birds of prey); 5) *fig.* trick, shift, fetch: — *juch!* *Mill.* (in *Prussia*) as you were: *etwas am* *G*—e haben, to have a knack at a thing; coll. to be a dab at a thing; to know a thing by the touch.

Gri'ffert, (*str.*) n. finger-board (of a violin, violoncello, &c.); key-board (of a piano-forte, &c. see *Clavier*).

Gri'ffel, s. I. (*str.*) m. 1) style; pin of a table-book, fescue; 2) coll. for *Schieferstift*; 3) *Bot.* style, spindle (of a pink, &c.), shaft: II. in comp. — *ähnlich*, *adj.* styler, styloid: — *baum*, m. *Bot.* judas tree (*Cercis siliquastrum* L.): — *beere*, f. *Bot.* 1) red whortleberry (*Vaccinium vitis idaea* L.): 2) African myrsine (*Myrsine africana* L.): *Anat.* s. — *förmig*, *adj.* styloid, styliform: — *förmiger* *Fortia*, styloid apophysis: — *loch*, n. stylo-mastoid hole.

Gri'ffellöb, *adj.* *Bot.* having neither styles nor pistils.

Gri'ffelmuskel, m. *Anat.* (der Zunge) styloglossa: (des Zungenbeins) stylo-hyoid muscle.

Gri'ffeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to mark, notch, or engrave with a tool.

Gri'ffel... in comp. — *schiefer*, m. *Minor.* grapholite: *Anat.* s. — *schlund* *muskel*, m.

stylo-pharyngeal muscle; — *stippen* (*Stippen*), f. stylo-mastoid artery. [(a horse).]

Gri'ffen, (*w.*) v. *tr. provinc.* to rough-shoe

Gri'ffig, *adj.* *Forst.* see *Eingriffig*.

Gri'ff... in comp. — *loch*, n. key-hole (of wind instruments): *Sword-cut* s. — *trieber*, — *triebel*, m. driver: — *winde*, f. a small iron reel, to wind the wire about the handle of a sword.

Gri'll, (*str.*) m. see *Epilut*.

Gri'lle, (*w.*) f. 1) *Entom.* cricket (*Gryllus domesticus* L.); 2) *fig.* whim, grab, maggot, freak, caprice, humour, crotchety, fancy, vagary: 3) pl. anxious cares, melancholy thoughts, coll. blue-devils: 4) coll. a capricious, sullen, whimsical person: *G*—n haben, *sch* (*Dat.*) *G*—n machen, *G*—u fangen to be whimsical, freakish, humoursome, crotchety; to be melancholy, gloomy. [(also *refl.*) see *Grißen* haben.

Gri'llen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) see *Grißen*; 2)

Gri'llen... in comp. — *fang*, m. freakishness, fancifulness: — *fänger*, m. a whimsical person; — *fängerei*, f. whimsicalness, fancifulness; whims, freaks: — *fängertisch*, *adj.* whimsical, &c.

Gri'llenschaft, I. *adj.* see *Grißig*; II. *G*—teit, (*w.*) f. whimsicalness, freakishness, capriciousness.

Gri'llen... in comp. — *frant*, — *schüttig*, *adj.* hypochondriacal: — *terche*, f. *Ornith.* tit-lark (*Alauda pratensis* L.): — *spiel*, n. a sort of game to try ingenuity, puzzle, *Fr.* *colinaire*: — *schütt*, f. hypochondria: — *vertrieber*, m. anything that drives away melancholy thoughts: — *wert*, n. grotesque work.

Gri'llig, I. *adj.* whimsical, freakish, fanciful, capricious, crotchety: II. *G*—teit, (*w.*) f. see *Grißen* *schüttig*.

* **Gri**'llen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (*Fr.*) Cook to grill.

Gri'llsget, (*str.*) m. *Ornith.* golden-plover (*Coloprogaster*).

* **Gri**'masse, (*w.*) f. (*Fr.*) 1) grimace, wry face; *Riint.* caricature; 2) *Med.* a species of shell (*Murex* L.).

Gri'mm, I. *adj.* (+ &) *, see *Grimmig*; II. (*str.*) m. fury, rage, wrath, cf. *Wuth*; III. in comp. *Anat.* s. — *baum*, m. the large intestine, colon: — *baumgebilde*, f. epiploic region: — *baumgefäße*, m. mesocolon: — *baumgefäß* *ader*, f. artery of the colon.

Gri'mmen, I. (*w.*) v. *intr.* t. to rage, chafe, fume; II. *tr.* 1) *fig.* to annoy, fret, vex; 2) (*impers.*) to gripe: es *grimm* mit (*mit* mich) *im* *Leib*, have the gripes: *fig.* I am annoyed, vexed, I fret: *das* —, (*str.*) v. s. the gripes, colic.

Gri'mig, I. *adj.* 1) grim, ferocious, fierce, fell, furious, enraged, wrathful; 2) coll. excessive, extreme, terrible: II. *G*—teit, (*w.*) f. ferocity, wildness, fierceness, cruelty.

Gri'mml, (*str.*) m. *Ichth.* minnow (*Phoxinus phoxinus* Ag.).

Gri'nd, (*str.*) m. 1) a) scab, scurf, scald, scall: *fig.* dirt, filth: b) itch (*Ströbe*); c) mange (*Räude*); d) *Surg.* eschar; 2) coll. a) head; b) *Sport.* head of a stag; 3) *Bot.* see *Flachse*: c) *Zool.* roundheaded dolphin (*Dolphin* *delphis* L.); 5) groats.

Gri'ndel etc., *provinc.* see *Grendel*.

Gri'nd... in comp. — *haube*, f. scabbhead: cf. *Scophthalmus*; — *hüpf*, *adj.* scab-headed, scall-headed: — *frant*, n. *Bot.* 1) scabious (*Scabiosa* L.): 2) groundsel (*Arctium*); 3) a kind of dock (*Rumex obtusifolius* L.): — *maul*, n. *Med.* scab: — *raube*, — *schabel*, m. see *Scutellaria*; — *stein*, m. *Minor.* granite: — *wargen*, f. pl. syphilitic warts: — *wurj*, — *wurjel*, f. see — *frant*.

Gri'nitig, Gri'nig, Gri'nigling, (str.)
m. *Bot.* common broom.

Gri'nig, (w.) v. I. *intr.* 1) to grin; to
smile, to show one's teeth; to sneer; 2)
to begin to melt (of copper); *lit.* to utter with
a grin or sneer; *das* —, (str.) v. s. grin, sneer.
Gri'nigheit, Gri'nig, adj. grinning,
sneering.

Gri'pfe, (w.) f. *Med.* influenza.
Gri'p, (str.) n. *vulg.* 1) brains, gumption;
2) beim — fassen, to seize by the collar,
to collar. [*P. N.*]

Gri'sel, Gri'selbe, f. Griselda, Grissel
Gri'sel, (w.) f. *Bot.* skirret (*Stum stiel-*
rum L.).

Grob, I. adj. 1) great, large; 2) coarse,
thick; *fig.* s. 2) coarse, clumsy, homely, gross,
rough, rude, blunt, bluff; uncouth, unpolished,
ill-bred; undvill, rustic, clownish, boorish;
churlish, insolent; 4) deep, bass, broad (of a
voice); g-r Draht, thick wire; g-r Sand,
gravel; g-r Größt, large or great artillery,
great guns, heavy caliber, heavy metal, ord-
nance; g-r Schrift, letters of a large size;
g-r Geld, g-r (or grob) Courant, g-r Münze,
large money; g-r (or grob) Gewicht, gross
weight; g-r Waaren, *Comm.* heavy articles
but of little worth in proportion; g-r Speise,
coarse meat; g-r Arbeit, drudgery; g-r Arbeit
verrichten, to drudge; 4) *see* *Mar.* great or
high sea; ein g-r Flegel, *see* *Grobien*; Ein-
nen — aufahren, to give one gross language;
— auftragen, to lay on thick (*also* *fig.*); *das*
g-r Verstehen, blunder; g-r Irrthum, gross
error or mistake; g-r Verzug, gross, impudent,
palpable cheat or imposition; g-r Fügner,
impudent liar; eine g-r Füge, a flat lie; auf
einen g-en Riß gehört ein g-r Riß, *proverb*,
rudeness must be met with rudeness.

II. s. *str.* n. coll. tag-rag.

III. s. (*decl. like* adj.) *das* G-e, what is
great, large, coarse, etc., coarseness; auf
dem G-en arbeiten, to rough-hew; *fig.* to do
the rough work; to surmount the first diffi-
culties of ...; etwas im G-en (und Vorgehen)
thun, to do a thing roughly; — *sehen*,
p. a. Mar. rough-cast, roughly-plastered.

Grob... in comp. — bräut, m. coarse
thread or wire; — bräutig, adj. 1) of coarse
thread, coarse-threaded; 2) coll. coarse, gross
(language, &c.); — bräutig, m. coarse-
wire-drawer.

Grobbe, (w.) f. *see* *Grobheit*.

Grob Eisen, (str.) n. coarse iron; rough iron.
† **Grob Fell, (str.)** m. coarse, rude fellow
(*Wrobian*).

Grob... in comp. — fällig, adj. coarse-
threaded, coarse-fibred; coarse-grained; —
faserig, adj. coarse-fibred; — felt, f. rubber,
a coarse file; — fleischig, adj. brawny; — gepul-
vert, — gestochen, adj. coarsely powdered; —
gewicht, m. gross weight; — glitzerig, adj.
large-limbed; — grün, — grün, m. *Mar.* coll.
grograin, grograin; — haarig, — hären, adj.
coarse-haired; — häutig, adj. coarse-skinned.

Grobheit, (w.) f. 1) coarseness; 2) *fig.*
a) coarseness, clumsiness, homeliness, &c.
of *Grob*, 3; incivility, rusticity, ill-breeding,
insolence; b) *gener.* G-en, pl. coarse or gross
language; abusive words; rude action or be-
haviour, ill usage.

Grobhän, (str.) m. coll. a rude, coarse,
ill-bred, insolent fellow, clown, brute, lubber.

Grob... in comp. — jähig, adj. *Prov.*
having strong marks of age; — fall, m. coarse
chalk; — fahr, f. *Med.* breaker, breaking card;
— flüht — flüht, — flüht, m. one who
rough-hews the staves, &c. for coopers; —
fährig, adj. coarse-grained.

Groblich, I. adj. rather coarse; II. adv.
coarsely, grossly; — bittig, to deceive
egregiously; — irren, to mistake grossly,

greatly, to blunder; — belchigen, to abuse,
to outrage; — fändigen, to sin egregiously.

Grob... in comp. — mair, m. dauber:
— mürtel, m. *Mar.* coarse mortar; — regal, n.
Mar. drone (organ-stop).

Grob, (str.) m. core.

Grob... in comp. — schmitt, m. black-
smith, farrier; — schmiedarbeit, f. blacksmith's
work, farriery; — sinnig, adj. of coarse or rude
senses; — sinnig, adj. sensual, voluptuous,
gross-minded, carnal; — speißig, adj. *Minor*,
coarse-grained; *Spinn-s* — spindebant, — spul-
maschine, f. coarse roving-frame, slubbing-
frame; — stuhl, m. roving-billy or mill, stret-
cher.

Grobstänlich, adj. *see* *Grob*, 3.

Grob... in comp. — wattenmaschine, f.
spreading-machine, spreader; — wildpret, n.
see *Schwarzwildpret*; — wölfig, adj. having
coarse wool; — zählig, adj. coarse-toothed;
— zug, n. coll. *see* *Grob*, II. s.

* **Grog, (str.)** pl. G-s m. (*Engl.*) grog
(rum, &c. and water).

Groß, (w.) v. *intr.* *provinc.* to scream,
shriek, cry rudely; wail (moan) audibly.

Groß, (str.) m. grudge, rancour, resent-
ment, pique, malice,udgeon, ill-will, ani-
mosity, heart-burn, heart burning; sie hat
einen — gegen mich, she bears me a spite (cf.
fig.), she has a spite against me.

Groß, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) (*Einem* or auf,
gegen *Einen*) to bear ill-will (against), to bear
(one) a grudge, to be angry (with); *großend*,
p. a., (*Harder* [I. u. J.]) *Großheit*, adj. re-
sentful, spiteful, rancorous; 2) *, to rumble,
roll (of thunder).

Größ, Größ, (str.) m. belch. — *Größgen*,
(w.) v. *intr.* 1) to belch; 2) to scream.

Größ, (str.) m. *see* *Krippenbeißer*.
Grönländ, m. *Geogr.* Greenland; G-*stah-*
rer, m. *Mar.* Greenland-man, whalesher,
whaler. — *Grönländer, (str.)* m. Greenlan-
der. — *Grönländisch, adj.* (of) Greenland;
das g-e Meer, *Geogr.* the Northern ocean;
g-e Taube, *Ornith.* *see* *Summe*.

Grost, m. *see* *Grot*.

Grupp, (w.) m. *Küh.* bull-head, miller's
thumb (*Colinus gobio* L.).

Gräpfer, (str.) m. *Ornith.* großer —, 1)
a species of peewit (*Tringa canadensis* L.); 2)
a species of sand-piper (*Tadina hypoleucos* L.).

Größ, (str.) m. *see* *Grob*; in comp. *Bot.*
— blüte, f. female blossom; — blume, f. epi-
gynous flower; — frucht, f. drupe; — grüßer,
pl. reeds, rushes; — grüßer, pl. heaths,
orcinus.

* **Grob (Pr., pr. grö), (indocl.)** n. (*Pr.*)
1) bulk; chief part; 2) *Mil.* (main) body (of
an army); on — *lang* groß, *Comm.* wholesale (cf.
Engroß); — betsurband, m. India; — gewicht,
n. *see* *Druttagewicht*.

Größ, (str.) m. (*dimin.* *Größchen*
(*str.*) n.) *Nom.* groschen, groshen (the 30th
part of a German thaler after the 14thaler-
standard); frimen — werth, not worth a farth-
ing; ein häßlicher —, coll. a pretty penny; —
schreiber, m. coll. quill-driver.

Größel, (w.) f. *Bot.* whortle-berry; —
beere, f. gooseberry. [*schmactert*].

Größel, (str.) m. *Ornith.* corn-crake (*Grö-*
sch, I. adj. 1) great; large, big; vast,
huge; ample; 2) high, lofty, tall; 3) *Nom.*
major (in regard to intervals); *die* g-e *Lez*,
the major third; 4) long (journey, &c.); 5)
fig. great; important, eminent, renowned;
grand, noble; *wie* Lord Clarendon sagt (nicht der
g-e Staatsmann, sondern ein langer Remon-
strant), as Lord Clarendon says (not the great
statesman, but his tall namesake); *bis* *ist*
ist *ist* — für *des* Kind, this hat is too large
for the child; nicht —, but little; g-es Alter,
great age; g-e *Wunder* machen, to spend a

great deal of money; to be at great expense;
g-r *Irrthum*, gross mistake, blunder; *ein*
g-e Füge, biglie; *ein* g-e *Summe*, long figure;
ein g-es *Wort*, *fig.* long word; *das* *ist* *ein* g-es
Wort, that's saying along word; *die* g-e *Zeit*,
big too; *ein* g-e und *har* *Ver*son, hulking
person; *ein* g-r *Wuch*st, a capital letter;
sein *größer* *Bruder*, his elder brother; *die*
größer *Hälfte*, the better half; — *Papier*,
Print, large paper; g-en *Thell*s, größten *Thell*s,
for the most part, generally, in general,
chiefly; *die* g-e *Hei*ret, *Comm.* general or
gross average; *Mar-s.* *das* g-e *Ver*sch, main-
wale; *das* g-e *Boot*, the long boat; *der* g-e
Rast, main-mast; *die* g-e *Mar*, main-yard;
das g-e *Segel*, main-sail, main-course; *die*
g-e *Stenge*, main-top-mast; *der* g-e *Stimp*el,
broad pendant; *wir* *werden* *das* g-e *Be*st
sehen, we shall see the floods out; *das* g-e
Meer, the main sea, main, ocean; g-e
Armuth, deep poverty; *der* g-e *Haufen*, the
mass of the people, the multitude, the vul-
gar, the mob; the bulk, the million; g-en
Dant! many thanks! g-e *Angen* *machen*, to be
all eyes; to stare, to look all wonder;
— *adten*, to value greatly, to make much of;
nicht — *adten*, to make light or but little
of ...; *Einen* — *ans*ehen, to look in one's face
with all one's eyes; *sich* *mit* ... — *ma*chen,
to boast, brag of; — *sprechen*, to talk big, boast,
brag, hector; — *thun* or *ans*treten, to brag,
to lord or flaunt it, to cut a figure; *sich*
nicht — *hü*mmern, to care but little (um,
for); — *denken*, to think nobly; — *nöthig* *haben*,
to stand in great need of; *ich* *thä*e *es*
nicht *um* *ein* G-e, I would not do it for ever
so much; — *werden*, to grow up, to grow tall;
fig. to increase (*Jun*ghen); — *ziehen*, to bring
up; *größer* *machen*, 1) to enlarge; 2. *fig.* a)
to exaggerate; b) to aggravate; *größer* *sein*
als ..., to exceed.

II. *adv.* coll. greatly, highly; very.
III. s. 1) (*indocl.*) n. *Klein* und —, children
and grown up persons, old and young, every
body; 2) (*str.*) n. a gross (twelve dozen, *Größ-*
buben); 3) m. f. & n. (*decl. like* adj.) *der*
G-e, a) (*die* G-e) the great or tall one; b) gran-
dee, lord; *die* G-en, the great; *Karl* *der* G-e,
Charlemagne; *Frederich* *der* G-e, Frederic the
Great; 4) *das* G-e, a great thing, object, great
things, whatever is great, noble; im G-en,
on (upon) a large scale; by the great, (cf.
Engroß); im G-en *handeln*, to trade in whole-
sale; to do wholesale business; *ein* *Größ* *ist*
im G-en *reiben*, to do business in a large way.

Größ... in comp. — *adter*, adj. worthy,
right honorable; — *adter*, adj. large veined;
— *admiral*, m. 1) lord high-admiral; 2) *Nav.*
admiral (*Comus ammiralis* L.); — *adter*, adj.
grand; magnificent, imposing; noble; vast;
— *adter*, f. greatness, grandeur, magni-
ficence; nobleness; — *adter*, m. coll. one who
has large eyes; — *adter*, adj. large-eyed; —
adter, f. *Comm.* general or gross advent-
ure; — *adter*, adj. chub-checked, chubby;
— *adter*, f. grand-aunt; — *adter*, adj. great-
bellied, big-bellied; — *adter*, m. *see* *Ver*bar;
— *adter*, adj. large-bellied; — *adter*, adj.
large-legged; — *adter*, m. plant-
potentary; — *adter*, m. cooper; — *adter*,
adj. large-leaved; — *adter*, n. 2. large and
strong iron-plates (used for trousers); —
adter, adj. with large flowers; — *adter*,
f. extraordinary embassy; — *adter*, m.
Pol. ambassador extraordinary; — *adter*,
m. Great-Britain; — *adter*, m. British;
— *adter*, adj. large-chested; — *adter*,
m. broad-chested; — *adter*, m. grand-com-
mander; — *adter*, m. (lord) high con-
stable; — *adter*, m. *see* *Groß*, III. s. 2.

Größ, (w.) f. 1) greatness, magni-
tude; largeness, bigness; tallness, size, pitch;

vastness; 2) size; pitch; natürliche —, *T.* natural scale; 3) *Math.* magnitude; power; *Alg.* quantity; die bekannt —, known quantity; die unbekante —, unknown quantity; symbol; die unendlich kleine —, infinitesimal quantity; wunderliche —, variable quantity; *Fig.-s.* 4) greatness; nobleness; grandeur; 5) enormity (of a crime), magnitude, amount (of distress, &c.); extent (of sale, &c.); amount (of a sum); Sterne erster —, *Astr.* stars of the first magnitude; parlamentarische —, parliamentary nobilities; Gefehter erster —, first-rate scholar.

Größ..., *in comp.* —elephant (octav), *Typ.* double elephant; —elterlich, *adj.* concerning (or proceeding from) grand-parents; —eltern, *pl.* grand-parents; —enke, *m.* see —tante; —enkel, *m.* great grandson; —enkelin, *f.* great grand-daughter.

Größten..., *in comp.* *Math.-s.* —leste, *f.* 1) mathematics; 2) (Raumgrößen)leste geometry; —reihe, *f.* series of quantities; —vergleichung, *f.* conversion of ratios; —wahns (—fren), *m.* *Med.* ambitious monomania (*Fr. monomanie ob. délire des grandeurs*).

Größtenteils... (*w.*) *f.* combmaker's file.

Größern... (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enlarge; *T.* to widen.

Größ..., *in comp.* —falconsier, —falleiter, *m.* grand falconer; —feldherr, *m.* commander in chief; —fürst, *m.* grand-duke; grand-prince; der —liche Thronfolger, the hereditary Grand Duke; —fürstenthum, *m.* grand-duchy; —fürstin, *f.* grand-duchess; —fürstlich, *adj.* grand-ducal; —garn, *n.* fisher's sweep-net; —garten, *m.* grass-fern; —gemüthert, *adj.* large-paterned; —geschäfft, *m.* mercantile house; wholesale-business; —gewerb, *n.* fabric, manufacture; —gliederig, *adj.* strong-limbed, large-limbed; —günstig, *adj.* most-gracious.

Größhaft... (*l. u.*) *I. adj.* powerful; *II.* —igheit, (*w.*) *f.* power.

Größ..., *in comp.* —handel, *m.* wholesale-business; —handeltreiben, to deal (trade) wholesale; to carry on wholesale-business; —händler, *m.* wholesale-merchant, wholesale-dealer, dealer in the gross, *coll.* wholesale-man; —handlung, *f.* wholesale-business or establishment; —händler, *m.* *Zool.* bat.

Größheit... (*m.*) *f.* *fig.* greatness, *cf.* Größe, 4 & 5.

Größ..., *in comp.* —herr, *m.* grand-seignior; —herrlich, *adj.* lordly, haughty; —herrlich ihm, to lord it; —herrlich, *adj.* pertaining to the grand-seignior; —herzig, *adj.* magnanimous; —herzigkeit, *f.* magnanimity; —herzog, *m.* grand-duke; —herzogin, *f.* grand-duchess; —herzoglich, *adj.* grand-ducal; —herzogthum, *n.* grand-duedom, grand-duchy; —hofmeister, *m.* lord steward of the king's household; —hörig, *adj.* large-horned; —hundert, (a number of) one hundred and twenty; —inquisitor, *m.* grand-inquisitor.

Größh... (*str.*) *m.*, **Größh...** (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) a wholesale-merchant (*Größhändler*).

Größ..., *in comp.* —jährig, *adj.* of age (*Solljährig*); —kammerherr, *m.* grand-chamberlain; —kämmler, *m.* great-chancellor, lord high-chancellor; —knecht, *m.* grand-child; —knecht, *m.* 1) head-servant (of a farm); 2) *Mar.* main-knight; —knechtig, *adj.* large-boned; —kop, *m.* 1) big-head; 2) *Echt.* mallet, pol-lack (*Wollus barbatus* L.); 3) *Entom.* a kind of butterfly (*Liparis dispar* L.); —köpfig, *adj.* big-headed; —köpfig, *adj.* big- (or large-) corned, big-grained; —kron, *n.* *Herald.* & *Pol.* grand-crown; —küchenmeister, *m.* grand master of the kitchen; —kranz, *m.* rocambole (*Gräslanz*); —lebig, *adj.* see —lippig; —lebig, *adj.* big-bellied.

Größlich..., *adj.* somewhat great, rather large, *fam.* greatish, biggish.

Größ..., *in comp.* —stippig, *adj.* blabber-

lipped; —mächt, *f. pl.* *Pol.* the great powers; —mächtig, *adj.* high-potent, high and mighty; *fam.* enormous, huge; —magd, *f.* first or upper maid-servant on a farm; —marschall, *m.* lord-marshal, lord-high-steward; —maschig, *adj.* of large (not-mooshe); —maul, *n.* *culg.* 1) large mouth; 2) braggart, bully, buff; —mäntig, *adj.* *culg.* 1) large- or wide-mouthed; 2) swaggering, bragging, tongue-valiant; —meise, *f.* see Rohlmeise; *T.-s.* —meister, *m.* grand-master; —meisterthum, *n.* —meister-schaft, *f.* grand-mastership; —mügend, *adj.* *Pol.* high and mighty, worshipful; —mogul, *m.* great mogul; —mühle, *f.* see —tante; —mundsticht, *m.* grand-cup-bearer; —muth, *f.* high spirit; magnanimity; generosity, greatness of mind; munificence; —müthig, *adj.* magnanimous, generous; munificent; Johann Friedrich der —müthige, John Frederic the Magnanimous; —müthigkeit, *f.* generosity, magnanimity; —mutter, *f.* grandmother; —mütterlich, *adj.* concerning a grandmother, of or by the grandmother; —nase, *f.* great-nosed person, *loc.* nose; —nassig, *adj.* great-nosed, bottle-nosed, big-nosed; —neffe, *m.* great-nephew; —nichte, *f.* great-niece; —octav, *n.* 1) *Typ.* large octavo; 2) *Mus.* full organ. [wholesale-business.

Größ-S... (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.-Germ.*)

Größ..., *in comp.* —oheim, —onkel, *m.* great-uncle; —ohr, *m.* *Zool.* zorda; —ohrig, *adj.* having great ears; —pensionär, *m.* grand pensionary; —prahler, *m.* (vain) boaster, swaggerer, braggart, braggadocio, boctor; —prahleret, *f.* vain-glory, boastfulness, boasting, bravado, brag,rodomontade, bluster, swagger; —prahlerisch, *adj.* vainly ostentatious, vain-glorious, swaggering, vaunting, boastful, braggart; —prior, *m.* grand-prior; —quart, *m.* *Typ.* large quarto; —rath, *m.* grand council; —richter, *m.* chief justice, grand-judge; —schatzmeister, *m.* grand-treasurer; —schicks-ter, *m.* wholesale-butcher; —schüßler, *m.* *Ornith.* a genus of birds (*Ramphastida*); —schreier, *m.* see —maul; —schuppig, *adj.* large-scaled; —selte, *f.* *Geom.* hypotenuse; —stegel-bewahrer, *m.* keeper of the great seal; —stun, *m.* see —herzigkeit; —stunig, *adj.* high- or noble-minded, *cf.* —herzig; —stun, *m.* grand-son; —sprecher, *m.* boaster, see —prahler; —sprecheret, *f.* (the act or habit of) boasting, *cf.* —prahleret; —sprecherisch, *adj.* boastful, *cf.* —prahlerisch; —stüfter, *m.* —stüfterin, *f.* inhabitant of a large town; —stüftig, *adj.* in the manner of a large town, fashionable; —stallmeister, *m.* grand-master of the horse; equerry of the king or queen; —staltun, *m.* grand-seignior, sultan; —tante, *f.* grand-aunt; —tausend, *n.* (a number of) twelve hundred.

Größtentheils..., *adv.* for the greatest or most part, chiefly, generally.

Größ..., *in comp.* —that, *f.* noble achievement, (heroic) feat, exploit, prowess, bravery; —thener, *m.* braggart, boaster; —theneret, *f.* see —prahleret; —thenerisch, —thunig, *adj.* *coll.* boasting, swaggering, vain, *cf.* —prahlerisch; —tochter, *f.* grand-daughter; —trunbig, *adj.* with large grapes; —trunschsch, *m.* grand senechal; forestaster; —trunschsch, *m.* clock-maker; —trunsel, *m.* great grandson; —trunselin, *f.* great grand-daughter; —water, *m.* grandfather; grandfire; —waterlich, *adj.* of or by one's grandfather; —waterstuhl, *m.* elbow-chair, arm-chair, easy-chair; —water-tanz, *m.* grandfather's-dance (usually danced at the close of a wedding-ball); —verkauf, *m.* wholesale-business, wholesale; —verfehr, *m.* wholesale-traffic; —veger, *m.* grand-vizier; —vicer, *m.* *Rom. Cath.* apostolical vicar; —vogt, *m.* provost-marshal; high sheriff; —walbel, *m.* chief serjeant of a court of justice (in Switzerland); —wanstig, *adj.* paunch-bellied;

—weffir, *m.* see —veger; —würbenträger, *m.* high dignitary; —gietter, *m.* see Stammet-vogel.

Gröt, Grast, (str.), **Gröte, (w.)** *m.* groat, grot (a German coin of four pfennigs value).

Gröth..., **Gröth...** (*str.*) *n.*, *dimin.* of Grot.

*** Gröteff...**, *adj.* (*Ital.*) grotesque, grotesk; **G-enmaler**, *m.* grotesque painter; **G-entän-zer**, *m.* comic dancer.

Gröteff..., *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* grotto; *II.* *in comp.* **G-narbeits...**, **G-nwert**, *m.* rock-work, shell-work; **G-narbeiter**, **G-nmacher**, *m.* grotto maker.

Gröth... (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Grube) 1) a small cavity, a little hole; 2) a dimple; 3) or —spiel, *n.* cherry-pit, chuck-hole, chuck-farthing; — in (*with Acc.*) machin, to dimple; to besommen, to dimple.

Gröte... (*w.*) *f.* 1) pit, cavity, hole, ditch; den; 2) *Min.* pit, mine; (Stein-) quarry; 3) *coll.* for Abtrittsgrube, which see; 4) *fig.* (Script.) the grave; 5) scar, mark; 6) *Awel.* foss; 7) *Shoe-m.* patch; 8) *Metall.* see Galle, I. 3; 9) *Sport.* a) see Fallgrube; b) hole (of foxes); kennel, den (of wild animals); *fig.-s.* er geht auf die —, he is near his grave; *Einem* time — graben, to lay a snare for one; wer Andern eine — (or G-n) gräbt, fällt selbst hinein, proceed, harm watch, harm catch.

Gröte... (*w.*) *v. l.* intr. 1) to grub; dig;

2) *fig.* (with fiber [germ. followed by the Acc.]) a) to refine, to indulge in subtle inquiries; to be hypercritical (in trifles); to speculate; b) to rack one's brains (about), to pry (into), to ruminate (on, upon, over), to plod (upon); to ponder, muse, brood, ruminate (over misfortunes, &c.); 3) *impers.* (*v. Horn* [cf. Sanders], *l. u.*) *Einem* —, to fill one with brooding thoughts, to puzzle; *II. refl.* sich (*Acc.*) zu Tode —, to kill one's self by constant reflection, meditation. [shelled walnut.

Gröte... (*str.*) *pl.* G-nisse) *f.* thick-
Gröte... (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to lay traps (for wild animals); 2) *Vind.* to province.

Gröte..., *in comp.* *Min.-s.* —arbeit, *f.* the working in a mine; —arbeiter, *m.* miner, workman in a mine, pit-man; —aufstand, *m.* report of the state of a mine; —bau, *m.* mine-digging; —beil, *m.* miner's axe, pick-axe; —bericht, *m.* see —aufstand; —blende, *f.* miner's lantern; —compas, *m.* miner's compass; —bühner, *m.* *Rudb.* manure; —cube, *n.* *Vind.* province; —erg, *m.* ore gained in a mine; —förderung, *f.* working of mines; —gebäude, *m.* mine-pits, shafts; —geräth, *n.* court of mines; —gezd, *n.* miner's tools; —gut, *n.* fossils; —holz, *n.* timber used for mines; —hüter, *m.* guard of a mine; —junge, *m.* miner's boy; —fittel, *m.* —fisch, *m.* miner's dress; —föste, *f.* charcoal; —föster, *m.* see —arbeiter; —föst, *m.* miner's lamp; —fösch, *m.* *Shoe-m.* patch; —messung, *f.* see —gug; —müge, *f.* miner's cap; —pulver, *m.* blasting-powder; —reich, *adj.* abounding in mines; —säge, *f.* pit-saw; —sand, *m.* pit-sand; —steiger, *m.* overseer of miners; —tasche, *f.* miner's pocket; —töcherer, *m.* miner's knife; —wasser, *n.* swallet; —wert, *m.* pit-work; —wetter, *n.* choke dam (frequently found in mines and wells); —zug, *n.* see —fittel; —zug, *m.* the measuring of a mine.

used for drawing irrigation from the bottom of a river, &c.; 2) *see* Dregghafen; —*hufe*, *m.* hare of the valley; —*hufe*, *m.* pike that keeps at the bottom of the water; —*hufe*, *f.* leas, sediment; —*hufe*, *n. Bot.* 1) stone or mountain parsley (*Poaedacnum oreadicum* Münch); 2) *see* Elytracris; 3) corn-pimpernel; —*herr*, *m.* lord of the soil; —*herrschafft*, *f.* lordship, (territorial) dominion, jurisdiction; —*herrschafft*, *f.* 1) *see* —*herrschafft*; 2) lord or lady of the manor; —*hener*, *f.* †, ground rent; —*hies*, *m. T.* the first and lowest cuts or strokes on a file; —*hobel*, *m. Join.*, &c. grooving plane, plough; —*hies*, *m.* 1) possessor of a ground-plot; 2) vassal, vellein.

Gründig, *Gründig*, *adj.* 1) having a taste of grounds; 2) *in comp.* ... bottomed.

Gründirbälchen, (*str.*) *n. Bgr.* dabber to lay the ground for stiching.

Gründirren, (*w.*) *v. tr. T. see* Gründen, 2; gründirte Eimonsen, printed linen.

Gründirrolle, (*w.*) *f.* grounding roller.

Gründ..., *in comp.* —*irrtum*, *m.* fundamental error; —*isch*, *n. Budd.* foundation-piling; —*kenntnis*, *f.* fundamental knowledge; —*lette*, *f. Wess.* (fundamental) warp, main warp, ground; —*lettenfaden*, *m.* thread of the ground-warp; —*liber*, *m. Angl.* ground-bait; —*trast*, *f.* primitive, primary, essential force, genuine or true power; —*tuget*, *f.* fire-ball burning under water (in fireworks); —*lage*, *f.* fundament, ground-work, foundation, basis, base; *Chem.* radical base; —*lagerholz*, *n. Budd.* grating; —*lassen*, *pl.* fees and oodage on landed property; —*laut*, —*lauter*, *m.* vowel; —*leger*, *m.* founder; —*legung*, *f.* the laying a foundation; founding, foundation; establishment; —*lehre*, *f.* fundamental doctrine.

Gründlich, *l. adj.* 1) fundamental, well grounded; solid, thorough, profound; *adv.* thoroughly, to the bottom; 2) radical (as a reform, &c.); ein *gr-er* *Beispiel*, a clear, evident, or apodictical proof; ein *gr-er* *Geführter*, a deep scholar; II. *Gr-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* fundamantalness, solidity, profoundness; firmness, thoroughness; radicality; ein *Buch von großer Gr-heit*, a book of deep research.

Gründling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ichth.* a) groundling (*Ostia lancia* L.); b) gudgeon (*Gobio fluviatilis* C.); 2) *Forest.* crooked and knotty timber; —*Gr-ente*, *f. Fish.* bow-net. [line]

Gründlinie, (*w.*) *f.* T. ground-line, base-

Gründlos, *l. adj.* groundless: 1) bottomless; 2) unfathomable; 3) unfounded, causeless; unsupported; II. *Gr-losigkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) groundlessness; 2) unfathomableness.

Gründ..., *in comp.* —*mauer*, *f.* foundation-wall, arch-wall; —*maisel*, *m. T.* chasing-punch; —*mischung*, *f.* mixture of the elements; —*mütel*, *m. Mas. Dik.* &c. concrete; —*neigung*, *f.* original propensity.

Gründ-Donnerstag, (*str.*) *m.* Maundy-Thursd.

Gründ..., *in comp.* —*pfahl*, *m.* (foundation-)pile, post; —*pfeller*, *m.* 1) ground, foundation-pillar; 2) *Ag.* pillar, sheet-anchor; —*platte*, *f.* bed-plate; —*quell*, *m.* —*quelle*, *f.* original fountain; —*rebe*, *f.* 1) vine-sprout that shoots from the dew or water-roots; 2) *see* —*cyphen*; —*rechnungsart*, *f.* one of the four first rules of arithmetic; —*recht*, *m.* 1) right or privilege derived from the possession of territory; 2) fundamental law, statute; —*regel*, *f.* fundamental rule, axiom, maxim; —*register*, *n. see* —*buch*; —*reiß*, *adj.* coll. very rich; —*rente*, *f.* ground-rent; —*richtig*, *adj.* very right, thoroughly right; —*richtungs*, *f.* primitive, original, or principal turn or tendency (of mind, &c.); —*rinne*, *f.* underground sewer; —*riß*, *m.* first sketch; *Math.* ground plan (of a building); —*saß*, *m.* principle, axiom, maxim; *aus* —*saß*, from

principle; upon system; *von guten* (*ich* *schätzen*) —*lagen*, wall-(ill-)principled; ohne —*lage*, unprincipled; *ich habe es mir zum* —*lage gemacht*, I have laid it down as a maxim, it is a firm rule with me; I have made it a rule: allgemeine —*lage*, general rules; —*laglich*, *l. adj.* founded or based on principles: fundamental (*cf.* *Principiell*); die —*lagliche* *Verhältnisse*, difference in principle; II. *adv.* from principle; —*lager*, *m. Bak.* chief leaven; —*laule*, *f.* foot, pedestal, basis; supporter, foundation pillar; —*läufte*, *m. pl. Wess.* ground-leaves; —*laule*, *m. coll. arch-rogue*; *Archit.* —*laule*, *f.* footings (of a wall); —*schlag*, *m.* model; —*schmitt*, *m.* projection; —*schmar*, *f. see* —*angel*; —*schuß*, *m. see* —*struer*; —*schreiber*, *m.* terrier-clerk; —*schuß*, *f.* mortgage; —*schwelle*, *f.* ground-sel, ground-sill(1), *Rath.*, &c. ground plate, sleeper; —*see*, *f. Mar.* roller, shoal; —*stich*, *adj.* 1) of a firm, sure foundation; 2) *Ag.* very sure, secure; —*stille*, *f.* fundamental (radical) syllable; —*sprache*, *f.* original language, original; —*spruch*, *m.* text; —*stein*, *m.* 1) *Min.* primary rock; 2) *Archit.* foundation-stone, ground-stone, corner-stone; 3) bedder, beddeter (of a mill); —*steinlegung*, *f.* laying of the foundation or first-stone; —*steuer*, *f.* land-tax, ground-rent, cess; —*stimme*, *f.* 1) base voice; 2) *see* —*baß*; —*stoff*, *m. Chem.* element, radical; first principle, coll. stone-laying; —*strand*, *m. Bot.* trailing arbutus (*Epigaea repens* L.); —*strich*, *m.* 1) *Point.* knotting; 2) down stroke (in writing, *opp.* *Querstrich*); —*stüd*, *m.* 1) ground-property, real estate, *cf.* *Grund*, 7; premises; 2) essential part of a thing; —*stüge*, *f.* fundamental prop or support; —*substan*, *f. see* —*stoff*; —*suppe*, *f. coll.* grounds, dregs, sediment; —*stübe*, *see* —*stübe*; *Mar.* —*tadellage*, *f.* ground-tackle; —*tafel*, *f.* sea yoke, rudder-tackle, relieving tackle (of the rudder); —*tan*, *n.* relieving-rope, pl. relieving-tackles; —*tanbe*, *f.* a species of very small pigeon; —*text*, *m.* original text; —*thesen*, *f.* fundamental fact; —*theil*, *m.* fundamental part; —*theilchen*, *n.* atom; —*theilung*, *f.* division of a real estate; —*ton*, *m.* fundamental or principal tone; keynote, root, tonic, the bass note (—*baß*); —*trieb*, *m.* fundamental or natural impulse, fundamental principle of action; —*übel*, *n.* primary, radical evil, fault.

Gründung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) foundation; establishment; erection; 2) *Point.* priming; —*geissen*, *n. Bgr.* grounding-tool.

Gründ..., *in comp.* —*ursache*, *f.* principal reason, original (primitive) cause; —*verbesserung*, *f.* thorough reform; —*verfassung*, *f.* fundamental constitution; —*vermögen*, *n.* 1) (—*besitz*) landed property; 2) *Comm.* capital, fund; 3) *see* —*trast*; —*verpflanzung*, *f.* mortgaging of land; —*verschieden*, *adj.* radically, totally, or entirely different; —*verschiedenheit*, *f.* fundamental or radical difference; —*wachs*, *m.* bee-bread, propolis; —*wage*, *f.* T. (plumb) level; hydrostatic level; —*wägen*, *f.* hydrostatics; —*wahrheit*, *f.* fundamental, primary, or radical truth; —*wasser*, *n.* water found under ground; —*weibe*, *f. Bot.* dwarf creeping-willow (*Salix viminalis* L.); —*wert*, *n.* ground-work, lower work; —*wesen*, *n.* the original, intrinsic, or radical nature, essence; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* fundamental science; —*wolle*, *f. Comm.* bottom-hair; —*wort*, *n.* primitive or primary word; root; —*zahl*, *f.* 1) *Math.* unit; 2) *Gramm.* cardinal number; —*zapfen*, *m.* floodgate (of a pond); —*zehnte*, *m.* tithes paid of land; —*zeichnung*, *f.* ichnography; —*zins*, *m.* ground-rent; rent-service; —*zinsherr*, *m.* lord of the manor; —*zinsmann*, *m.* tenant; —*zug*, *m.* 1) ground-line or feature of a thing; outline, sketch;

2) *Ag.* a distinguishing mark, characteristic, leading trait or feature; in den —*zügen*, substantially.

Grüne, *Grüne*, *n. see* Grün, II.

Grün..., *in comp.* —*erde*, *f.* a variety of the common British oak; —*eisenerde*, *f.* green martial earth; —*eisenz.*, *n.* —*eisenstein*, *m. Miner.* green iron-ore.

Grün..., (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to begin to get green; 2) to smell of green.

Grünen, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* 1) to become green, to strike leaves; 2) *Ag.* to thrive, flourish, prosper; II. *tr. Dy.* to air (green-dyed stuffs); g-d, p. a. verdant

Grün..., *in comp.* —*erde*, *f.* green earth; —*faulbaum*, *m. Bot.* common privet (*Ligustrum vulpäre* L.); —*flut*, *m. Ornith.* green-finch, barley-bird (*Lineta chloris* L.); —*gelb*, *adj.* greenish-yellow; —*hänfling*, *m. Ornith.* *see* —*flut*; —*herz*, *n. Chem.* chlorophyll.

Grünheit, (*w.*) *f.* greenness.

Grün..., *in comp.* —*herzholz*, *n.* green heart-wood; —*holz*, *n. Bot.* 1) dwarf-pine (*Pinus pumilio* Hanks); 2) Scotch fir (*Pinus sylvestris* L.); 3) dyer's green-wood (Färberginster).

Grün..., (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* *see* Grünflut; 2) *Bot.* green-broom (Färberginster).

Grün..., *in comp.* —*tahl*, *m. Bot.* green kail or kale, cabbage; *Ornith.* —*tahl*, *m.* a kind of thrush; —*trübe*, *f.* roller (Wandtrübe); —*trant*, *n.* green herbs, *see* Grün, II. 2, b; —*land*, *n. provinc.* meadow-land.

Grünlich, *adj.* greenish, greenly.

Grünling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one dressed in green; 2) *coll.* *see* Grünknabel, 2; 3) *Ornith.* greenbeak (Kernbeißer); 4) *Bot.* green agaric (*Agaricus viridescens*).

Grün..., *in comp.* —*markt*, *m.* vegetable-market; —*ober*, *see* Ober, grüner; —*rad*, *m. fam.* 1) (one) wearing a green coat; 2) game-keeper, forester; —*rasig*, *adj.* eruginous; —*säure*, *f. Chem.* verdic acid; —*sand*, *m. Geol.* greensand, gait; (der untere) shanklin-sand, blue-clay; —*schabel*, *m.* 1) *Ornith.* (or —*schäffer*) thick-kneed plover, stone curlew (*Diopus*); 2) coll. young saucy person (*gener.* *Gefischknabel*); —*schwanz*, *m. see* —*flut*; —*schwarz*, *adj.* greenish-black; —*span*, *m.* 1) verdigris, copper rust; *Orthopsist* —*span*, crystals of verdigris; 2) *Bot.* dyer's green-wood (Färberginster); —*spanblumen*, *f. pl. Chem.* acetous salts; —*spancerat*, *n. Pharm.* green-wax; —*spanessig*, *m.* vinegar of verdigris, acetic vinegar; —*spanessig*, *m. Chem.* acetic acid; —*spanfalte*, *f.* Egyptian salve; —*spat*, *m. Miner.* malaccolite; —*specht*, *m. Ornith.* green-peak (*Picus viridis* L.); —*stein*, *m.* green stone, diabase; (dichter) green porphyry; (bejahlter) aphanite; —*streifig*, *adj.* having green streaks; —*stut*, *f. Med.* green sickness, chlorosis; —*vogel*, *m. see* —*flut*.

Grünzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to grunt (as a hog); *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* grunt (of hogs), grunting.

Grünzsch, (*w.*) *m. Zool.* the grunting ox, or yak of Tartary (*Bos grunniens* L.).

* **Gruppe**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.* group(p)e, *Ital.* gruppo, gruppo) group; cluster: eine — von Bäumen, a clump or cluster of trees; g-*weisse*, *adv.* in or by groups. — **Gruppen**, *Gruppen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to group. — **Gruppierung**, (*w.*) *f.* a grouping.

Grub, (*str.*) *m. l. (orig. Grub)* rubbish, garble; II. (*Orthe*, *cf. Weigand*) for Grubst.

Grüfel, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* gosling.

Grüfel, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* cold shudder-ing, fright.

Grüfel, (*str.*) *m. provinc. (Swiss).* fright-

Grüfelig, *adj. coll.* *see* Gräußig.

Grüfelin, (*w.*) *v. intr. (impers.)* (with *Nat.*) to shudder, shiver; es *grüfelt* mir, I feel a cold shudder, *cf.* Gräußeln.

Grußke, Grußig, adj. Involved, involved.

Grußke, (u.) f. small coal.

A. Gruß, see Gruß.

B. Gruß, (adv. pl. Grußig) m. salute, salutation, greeting; *ruen* = *vermehren*, *andrichten*, or *beziehen*, to present or offer one's respects, compliments; *herzliche Gruß* an ihn, kind remembrances to him.

Grußten, (u.) v. tr. to greet, salute, to bow to ...; to make one's compliments or reverence; to hail: *Wir mit gegrißt!* welcome! — *Wie ihn von mir*, remember me to him, my compliments to him; — *Wie sie herzlich (auch herzlich) von mir*, give my (best) love to her; *Grüßten* = *lassen*, to present one's compliments to one, to send a person one's regards; *er läßt sie* —, he desires his respects (love) to you; *er läßt sie wieder* —, he returns his compliments to you (respectfully). *Grüßten* is prohibited.

Grußzeit, (u.) f. Sport. the time when *Grußzeit*, (adv. m.) *Zod.* hamster (*Hesperomys*).

[meal pay or mash.]

Grußzeit, (adv. m.) boiled groats, oat-Grußzeit, (u.) f. 1) grit, groats; 2) coll. *nuud.* brains, gamption, *q. d. d. d.* — *im Reife haben*, to have a good head-pace.

Gruß... in comp. *der tatarische* — *bafer*, m. *Bot.* skinkless or naked oats; — *händler*, m. a dealer in groats and peeled barley; — *hübel*, m. *Minor.* green vitriol; — *kopf*, m. coll. a dull person, simpleton; — *schiff*, adj. coll. fat-headed, fat-brained; — *mühle*, f. peeling or pulping mill; — *Rampfe*, f. grista-stamping-mill; — *stein*, m. *Min.* quarz-stone; *[suppe]*, f. groats-soup; — *wurst*, f. groats pudding.

Grußig, (u.) f. *Botan.* see 1) *Heimgriße*; 2) *Glabre*; *Ornith.-o.* *Grußfischer*, m. bird of the family of *Hirundin* (*Gracula religiosa* L.); *Grußfische*, f. common tillark (*Anthus arboreus* Lech.).

Grußfischbaum, (adv. m.) *Bot.* white guava (*Psidium peruvianum*).

Grußfischbaum, (adv. m.) *Bot.* gualacum, boxwood (*Guaiacum officinale* L.). — *Grußfischbaum*, (adv. m.) *Pharm.* gum guaiac. — *Grußfischholz*, (adv. m.) *Bot.* pockwood.

Grußig, (adv. m.) *guano.*

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Grußig, (u.) f. monk's cow or head.

Grußig, (adv. m.) *provinc.* 1) coat; 2) waist-coat.

Grußig, (u.) f. 1) *provinc.* fermentation; 2) *gale*, a loose, earthy deposit from water.

Grußig, (u.) f. 1) *of metal* brittle, fragile.

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Gurten, (u.) v. intr. to coo, croo, turr, crookle.

Gurt, s. l. (str.) m. 1) girdle; girt, girth; 2) chase-girdle (of a cannon); 3) *Archit. a.)* (cinct *Einzel*) girt, girth; b) girding; archi-vault; 4) (or -band) webbing, webs; II. *in comp.* -bett, *n.* a bedstead with a bottom of webgirt fastened crosswise; -bogen, *m. Archit. (T. Tusch.)* 1) Verstärkungsbogen, Duerzgurt transverse arch; 2) (cinct *Tonnengewölbes*) arch of a cylindrical vault; unten bündig, oben verstreut -bogen (Obergurt), over-arch, head-arch; flüßbarer, unten vortretender -bogen, archivault; -bogenverlage, *f.* see -pfeller.

Gürtel, s. l. (str.) m. 1) girdle; girt, twist; 2) sash, belt; 3) *T. zone*; 4) virgin-zone, *Ag.* virginity; 5) *Astr. fascia*, belt; 6) *Med. shingles, herpes zoster* (a variety of herpes, or tetter, in which the vesicles spread round the body like a girdle); 7) *Mar. see* Gorb-ing; -ber *Termin, castus*; II. *in comp.* -bahn, *f.* encircling railway (*T. Tusch.*); -flechte, *f.* see Gürtel; 6; -förmig, *adj.* belt- or girdle-like; -fette, *f.* key-chain; -franz, *n.* see Bär-lapp.

Gürtlein, (u.) v. tr. i.) see Gürteln; 3) *Arzt.* to peel off the bark of (a tree).

Gürtel ..., in comp. -ring, *m.* girdle-ring, belt-ring; -röse, *f.* see Gürtel; 6; -schloß, *n.* clasp of a belt; -schlinge, *f.* buckle of a belt; *Schild*, girth-buckle; -schneide, *f.* zoned snail (*Termin. vitulina*); -thier, *n.* Zool. armadillo (*Dasypus* L.); -wurm, *m.* see Riem-wurm. [with girls.]

Gurten, (u.) v. tr. to tie, fix, or fasten
Gürten, (u.) v. tr. & refl. to gird, girdle, girt; *Ag.* to make one's self ready, to prepare.

Gurt ..., in comp. -gehem, *n.* something suspended by a belt; -gehem, *n.* see -fime; -hem, *m.* girth-clasp.

Gürtler, (str.) m. 1) girdler, girdle-maker, belt-maker; 2) brass-founder.

Gurt ..., in comp. -pfeller, *m.* *Archit.* projected pier (of a cellar-vault); -riemen, *m.* girt-leather; -ring, *m.* -schneide, *f.* girt-buckle; -schneide, *f.* zoned snail; -fime, *m.* -wurt, *m.* *Archit.* plinth (of a pillar, wall, &c.), fascia.

Gurting, (u.) f. Corp. binding-piece, tie.

Gusche, (u.) f. Corp. see Gofche.

Guss, s. l. (str., pl. Güsse) m. 1) casting, founding; cast, ingot; aus *Einem* -, of one mould or cast; *Found-s. a.)* Typ. font, fount; b) see -naht; ein - *Einsetzen*, a set of letters; 3) gush, torrent, shower, peal (of rain); 3) gutter, drain; sink; 4) lip, spout (of a cream-ewer, tea-pot, &c.); 5) T. water for one brewing or mash; II. *in comp.* (cf. *Gieß* ...) -ab-brand, *m.* Typ. cast; -abstratverfertigung, *f.* dabbng; -absett, *f.* 1) casting, founding; 2) see -wurt; -eisen, *m.* cast iron; -eiserne, *adj.* (of) cast iron; -und schmiedeeiserne Ro-nnen; -eiserne haben große Gürtel ..., cast-and wrought-iron cannons; cast-iron possess great hardness (*Neck. May*, 1855); -es, *n.* bar-copper; -form, *f.* casting-mould; -loch, *n.* Found. gate; -messing, *m.* cast brass; -mündung, *f.* T. 1) mouth-piece of a water-pipe; 2) discharging-hole; -mutter, *f.* matrix; -naht, *f.* see Gornnaht; -pfiste, *f.* T. runner; -regen, *m.* shower of rain; -röhre, *f.* pipe, spout of a fountain; -schloß, *m.* cast steel; -stein, *m.* sink; gutter-stone, drain, sewer; -wurt, *f.* -wurt, *m.* casting work; -wesen, *f.* pl. castings.

Gut, Gut, adj. provinc. sterile, barren.

Gut, s. m. Gustavus (*P. N.*). (time).

Gut, s. m. f. provinc. 1) fallow; 2) fallow.

Gut, (str.) m. provinc. 1) sweet willow (*Verberna*); 2) black, black, blay (*Witz*).

Gut, l. adj. 1) good; *adv.* well; - anlangen, to arrive safely; *Comm.* in good condition;

so - er kann, as he best may; 2) agreeable, pleasant, convenient, easy; good-natured; favourable, well-disposed, friendly, kind; 3) genuine, pure; 4) sound; wholesome; 5) considerable, sufficient; 6) Cook. done, see *Gut*; 7) *Comm.* creditable, respectable, good, safe; vorzüglich -, of high standing (of firms); g-es Gold, Silber, fine or pure gold, silver; g-es Wetter, fair weather; ein g-er Wind, a fair wind; g-er Frisch, see *Heinrich*; g-en or g-es Ruch, of good comfort; g-es Ruch, g-er Dinge sein, to be of good cheer, to be in good hopes; (Einem) g-e Worte geben, to speak (one) fair, to beg (pardon); g-e Tage haben, to live in ease and prosperity; sich einen g-en Tag machen, to make one's self easy, to make a holiday of it; eine g-e Meile, a good or full mile; in g-en Umständen, well off; es - haben, to be well off; sich - leisten, to dress well; ein g-es Gedächtnis, a tenacious memory; in g-en Sinne, in a good sense; - dem Dinge, *coll.* so far, so good; Ende -, Alles -, proverb, all's well that ends well; es ist schon -, 'tis enough, that will do; auch -! good again! es wäre vielleicht - zu ..., it may be as well to ...; es ist -, daß ich nicht gegangen bin, it is well or fortunate that I did not go; ich kann ihn nicht - hören, I cannot hear him well; kann seine Schwester so - singen als er? can his sister sing as well as he; sie könnte sich - verheiraten, she might marry well; - verheiratet, married well; eben so - wie, as well as; so - als gethen or geschethen, as well as done, all but done; der Posten (Maare) ist so - als angebracht, the item may be considered as disposed of; sein *Eie* so - und sagen *Eie* mir, be so kind as to tell me, I will thank you for telling me; sein *Eie* so - mir das Salz zu reichen, I will thank you for the salt; und damit -! and there let it end, and there is an end of it; lassen *Eie* es - sein, let it pass; don't mention it; never mind it; let us have done with it; cf. *lassen*, B. 1; - sein, - sagen, - stehen, to answer (für, for), to be security or responsible (for), to pass one's word, to warrant, vouch (for); für g-e Qualität wird eingekauft (in *Zeitungsaugen*), warranted; - thun, *coll.* 1. (or - sein) to do (one) good, to be of use or service, to benefit; 2. to behave well (of servants, &c.); er fand es nicht für -, es zu thun, he did not see fit or think proper to do so; - heißen, to approve of, agree to, sanction, allow; sich - halten, to keep good (as fruits, &c.); für - halten, ansehen, to think proper (eine Sache) - aufnehmen, to take (a matter) in good part; - machen, to make good, to prove (an assertion); Bäume - machen, see *Pflanz*, *Oculiren*; einen Verlust - machen, to make up for a loss; wieder - machen, 1. to make amends or reparation for, to redress, repair; 2. to appease (one); - sein zu, to be adapted or fit for; - zu gebrauchen, of good use; dazu ist er - zu gebrauchen, he is good at it; für ist -, that will do; es war - für uns, it was well for us; (Einem) - sein, to wish (one) well, to love, like; mit *Einem* - sein, to be on friendly terms with one; sie sind wieder -, they have made it up again; sei wieder -, be friends again; (Einem) - bieten, to continue to like; *Eie* haben - reden, ('tis) very easy for you to talk; er hat - lachen, he may well laugh; kurz und -, in short; sich (*dat.*) etwas zu g-(e) thun, see sich *Güttlich* thun; sich (*dat.*) etwas worauf zu g-(e) thun, to make a merit of, to take merit (credit) to one's self for, to value one's self upon, to be proud of a thing; (Einem etwas) zu g-e halten, to excuse, pardon, bear with (one); uns (*dat.*) zu g-e, for our good, in our behalf; to our advantage; *Einem* zu g-(e) fommen, to serve or be to one's benefit; to be of

use or service to one; das kommt ihm zu g-e, he has the benefit of it; *Einem* etwas zu g-e fommen lassen, to give or allow one the benefit of ...; zum *G-en* auflegen, to judge charitably; *Comm-s.* - abgeben, to go off readily; - und wohlhalten, in good order and well-conditioned, in a sound state; ein g-es Haus, a house of high standing or of established credit; g-es Papier, good, negotiable, or first-rate paper; g-e Waare verkauft sich von selbst, good ware makes quick markets; *Einem* etwas zu g-(e) (or -) schreiben or bringen, to place (or carry) to one's credit, to make good to one, to make one creditor for; es soll Ihnen - geschrieben werden, it shall appear in your credit; Ihre Remissen sollen Ihnen - gebracht werden, your remittances shall appear to your credit; - haben, to have a balance in one's favour; es fommen Ihnen noch zwei Thaler zu g-(e) or *Eie* haben noch zwei Thaler -, there are two dollars due to you; - (*i. a.* creditfähig) sein, - stehen, to be good, solid, creditable; - für ..., good for ...

II. *a. der, die, das G-e, (decl. like adj.)* the good man, good woman, a good man, the G-e fürchtet sich nicht, the good man is not afraid; G-es, good things, good; G-es thun, to do good; viel G-es, many good things; much good; man kann das G-en nicht zu viel haben, one cannot have too much of a good thing; es kann nicht G-en führen, it cannot lead to good; ein Vorschlag im G-en (or zur Güte), proposal for amicable settlement, &c.; das G-e, (moral) good; alles G-e und Trost, whatever is good and great; es ist mandet G-en ..., there are many good parts in ...; es ist nichts G-es an ihm, there is no good in him; *Einem* viel G-es thun, to do one many favours and kindnesses; im G-en, in G-en, amicably, friendly; by fair means; im G-en oder im Bösen, by fair or foul means; *Einem* etwas im G-en sagen, to tell one a thing in a friendly manner; *Einem* G-es gönnen, wünschen, to wish one well; gern etwas G-es essen, to love tid-bits, dainties; um ein G-es näher, a good deal nearer.

Gut, (str., pl. Güter) n. 1) good; blessing; 2) valuable possession; gift, endowment; portion; (landed, &c.) property, estate, fortune; wealth; 3) estate; country-seat, country-house, *Am. farm*; 4) *Comm. gener.* cr. goods, wares, commodities; *Law-s.* das er-worbene -, acquisition; das heimgesessene -, escheat; bewegliche Güter, movable goods, movables; Güter eines Falliten, assets; - und Blut, life and fortune; das Leben ist der Güter höchstes nicht (*Schiller*, *Brant v. Mees*, end), of man's possessions life is not the best.

Gut ..., adj. in comp. -achten, *n.* professional opinion (of a committee or of competent judges), decision, award, arbitration, arbitrament, judgment, verdict; advice, thought; approbation; ein -achten über (*with Acc.*) ein-holen, sich einem -achten unterwerfen, to leave or submit (a matter) to the opinion or verdict of a select committee (of merchants, &c.), to submit to or apply for (an) arbitration; nach meinem -achten, in my opinion; nach Ihrem -achten, as you think proper; sein -achten geben, to pass one's judgment; -achtig, *adj. & adv.* as by way of an opinion or judgment; discretionary; -artig, *adj.* 1) good-natured, habitually kind; 2) see Un-schädlich; 3) *Med.* (scarlatina, &c.) of a favourable or mild kind; das -artige Fieber, typical fever; -artigkeit, *f.* good-naturedness, &c.; good nature; -sefunden, *n.* 1) approbation, liking, pleasure, discretion; nach Ihrem -sefunden, 1. according to your judgment; 2. upon your own terms; 3) see -achten; 3) see Wohlsefunden; -sefunden, *adj. Sport.* well-mouthed (said of hounds); -sefunden, *n.*

about it; toller Ḥ-e jein, coll. to be furious, enraged, mad; fures — iſt bald geſchüttelt, proverb, a poor man's table is soon spread; er wirb Ḥ-e laſſen miſſen, he will be ſeeced, he will be the worſe for it; rin — in etwas (Dat.) finden, to find a difficulty in ..., or to be deterred from ... by ſomething diſagreeable.

Ḥaar ... in comp. — abet, f. capillary vein; — effen, pl. Zool. a ſpecies of apes (*Cercopithecus* Erxl.); — aftermoed, n. fine down or powder-moss, byssus; — alann, m. *Minor*. see *Gedraſann*; — amethyſt, m. capillary amethyst; — angel, f. horse-hair angle, horse-hair line; — arbeits, f. ornamental hair-work; hair-plait; ſie lernt das — arbeitsen, she learns (the art of) hair-working; — auſſen, m. false hair, tour of hair, (*Fr.* *id.*); — aufwider, m. night-iron, — — widel, — auſſen, n. falling or shedding of hair, fox-evil; alopecia; — baſt, m. see *Gewienſtengel*; — baub, n. hair-fillet; head-band; — bündel, m. pl. Anat. ciliary proceſſes; — baum, m. dressed and frizzled hair; — baum, m. see *Gedraſann*; — beere, f. provinc. see *Brombeere* & *Simbeere*; — beuge, f. depilatory (plaster); — beſen, m. hair-broom; — bett, n. hair-mattress; — bettel, m. hair-bag, bag-wig, dress-bag; coll. — einem einen — bettel anhängen, to make one tipsey; ſich (Dat.) einen — bettel trüben, to get tipsy, anal. to buy the sack; — bentelſperre, f. bag-wig; — binde, f. head-band; — birte, f. Bot. white birch; — bleiche, f. a place for bleaching hair; — bleicher, m. hair-bleacher; — blume, f. Bot. snake-gourd, *trichosanthes* (*Trichosanthes anguina*); — boben, m. bottom of hair, strong head of hair; — boigen, m. see *Dengelſted*; — braten, m. Cook the buttock-piece (of a wild boar); — breitt, adj. of the breadth of a hair; — breite, f. hair's-breadth; — bügel, m. hair-alide; — büſche, f. hair-brush; — büſch, — büſchel, m. tuft or bunch of hair; — cirtel, m. hair-compasses (pl.); — beſe, f. hair-cloth, hair-quilt; — beſe, f. see *Haltenſch*; — brufe, f. *Minor*. crystallised fusible spar; — bün, adj. as thin as a hair; — cifen, n. 1) curling-iron; 2) Tunn. scraping iron.

Ḥaarren, adj. see *Ḥären*, adj.

Ḥaaren, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) T. to scrape off the hair from ..., to unhair; 2) to pull by the hair; 3) provinc. see *Dengel*, 1; II. *intr.* & *refl.* to shed or lose the hair; to shed the coat.

Ḥaar ... in comp. — farbe, f. 1) hair-colour; 2) see *färbungsmittel*; — färbſtoffe, pl. hair-dyeing pigments; — färbungsmittel, m. hair-dyeing tincture; — fall, m. see — auſſen; — faſer, f. filament; — faſerig, adj. capillary, capillaceous; — fethen, f. pl. 1) down (of young birds); 2) *Hord*. hair-springs; — fein, adj. as thin or slender as a hair, hair-like, capillary; subtle, fine; cf. — ſcharf; — filz, m. hair-felt; — flechte, f. braid of hairs, plaited hair; — flechter, m. hair-plaiter; — flug, m. *Med.* Heben; — flürmig, adj. hair-shaped, Bot. & Anat. capillary, capilliform, *Minor*. amianthoid, amianthiform, cf. — fein; — flürmigſtett, f. capillary form or shape; — geſüſe, n. pl. Anat. capillary vessels; — geſüſen, n. see — ſtern; — geſt, m. solid thin gold; — graß, n. Bot. sea-limegrass (*Silvina arenaria* L.); — girtel, m. hair-girdle; — hammer, m. see *Dengelhammer*; — händel, m. the dealing in hair; — händler, m. a dealer in hair; — händel, f. hair-cap; — hemb, n. hair-shirt; — hel, n. Bot. bird-cherry (*Prunus padus* L.); — hühn, n. *Ornith.* feathered cock.

Ḥaarricht, adj. like hair; see *Ḥaarrig*.

Ḥaarrig, l. adj. hairy, haired; made of hair; Bot. & Anat. pilose, capillary, villose, villos, comate; *Mar.* hairy (horizon); II. Ḥ-fett, (w.) f. hairiness, pilosity.

Ḥaar ... in comp. — baſt, m. see — mürtel; — lamm, m. hair-comb; — ſuppe, f. see — ſeube;

— ſies, m. *Minor*. native nickel; — ſtamber, m. vulg. see — ſpalter & *Griffenfinger*; — ſtein, l. adj. small or thin as a hair; minute; II. *adv.* minutely, to a hair, to a tittle; — ſtapp, m. 1) head of hair; 2) Bot. a species of fungus dismemberable on decaying branches; — ſtrang, m. clerical tonsure, crown; — ſtrauſe, f. 1) see — ſtrang; 2) toupet; — ſträuſer, m. hair-dresser, hairworker, frizzler, (*Fr.* *friseur*); — ſtrauſe, f. hair-crown; Bot. seed down, pappus; — ſtagel, f. see *Gewienſtengel*; — ſtäuſter, m. 1) hair-worker; 2) see — ſträuſer; — ſtappſer, m. *Minor*. capillary native copper; — ſode, f. lock, curl of hair, ringlet, buckle.

Ḥaarſſe, adj. hairless; napless.

Ḥaar ... in comp. — mann, m. 1) see — händler; 2) Cloth. fulled cloth (not shorn); — mantel, m. see *Gübertmantel*; — matraſe, f. see — bett; — meſſ, n. hair-powder; — meiſſel, m. T. clod-chisel; — meſſer, n. T. shearing knife (with velvet-weavers); — miſſe, f. hair-worm, hair-mite; — moſe, n. Bot. hair-or powder-moss (*Polytrichum commune* L.); — mürtel, m. Mas. hair grout, mortar mixed with hair; — nadel, f. hair-pin; curling-pin; bodkin; — netzen, m. pl. ciliary nerves; — neß, n., — neßel, f. hair plaited and coiled together at the top; — neß, n. hair-net: 1) net-cap; 2) *Nah.* trammel; — öl, n. hair-oil; — pfanſte, f. capillary plant; — pinſel, m. (painter's) hair-brush, hair pencil; — pilſch, m. hair-shag; — pübel, m. see *Roortſchneſe*; — pübel, m. hair-powder; — pün, m. hair-dress; — qualle, f. *Nat.* capillary sea-blubber (*Ocyrops capillata* L.); — ranſer, m. Tunn. wooden roller; — reiſer, m. T. rubber; — ring, m. 1) hair-ring; 2) ring with hair; — röhre, n., — röhre, f. *Phys.* capillary tube; — ſaiſe, f. *Pharm.* ointment for the hair; — ſalt, n. native sulphate of magnesia, hair-salt; — ſchabe, f. *Entom.* fur-moth (*Tinea pelionella* L.); — ſchaber, m. tanner's scraper; — ſchar, n. provinc. Bot. wolf's claw, club-moss (*Barclapp*); — ſcharf, adj. & *adv.* keen-edged; *fig.* hair-splitting, over-reading, hypercritical; — ſchettel, m. parting (of the) hair; — ſchere, f. hair-scissors; — ſchickſig, adj. *Farr.* broken-winded (of horses); — ſchleſſe, f. braid or bow of hair; bow for adorning the hair; — ſchminke, f. dye for the hair; — ſchmud, m. 1) fine growth of hair; 2) adorning of the hair; ornament for the hair; — ſchneider, m. hair-cutter; — ſchneſſe, f. *Ornith.* 1) common snipe (*Scollpas gallinago* L.); 2) jack-snipe (*Scollpas gallinula* L.); — ſchnur, f. 1) twist of hair; 2) see — ſeil; 3) imp (of a fishing-line); — ſchupp, m. tuft of hair; — ſchuppen, f. pl. scurf; — ſchnur, f. 1) Cloth. shearing of the hair; 2) tonsure; — ſchwamm, m. powder-moss (—moos); — ſchwarte, f. Anat. pericranium; — ſchwefel, m. *Minor*. native sulphur in filaments; — ſchweiß, m. coma (of a comet); — ſeibe, f. shoot-silk; — ſeil, n. *Surg.* seton; *Farr.* rowel; — ſelb-nadel, f. *Surg.* seton-needle; — ſette, f. T. hair-side, fur-side (opp. *ſtichſeite*); — ſieb, n. hair-sieve; — ſiebböden, m. pl. T. horse-seating (*Karm.*); — ſilber, n. silver in form of filaments; — ſohle, f. hair-sole (to put in shoes, &c.); *fig.* — ſpalter, m. hair-splitter; — ſpalteret, f. hair-splitting; — ſpaten, n. pl. *Typ.* hair-spaces; — ſpiſte, f. point or end of the hair; — ſteſter, m. Gun-sm. hair-trigger; — ſtein, m. *Minor*. crystallised hyaline quartz; — ſtern, m. hair- or blazing-star, comet; — ſtärerel, f. hair embroidery; — ſtrang, m. 1) see — ſeil; 2) Bot. sow-fennel, hair-strong, sulphur-wort (*Peucedanum officinale* L.); — ſtrangſchlang, f. *Chem.* peucedanin; — ſtränſen, n. a bristling of the hair, *Med.* horripilation; — ſtränſen, adj. that bristles the hair, atrocious, shocking; — ſtriſch, m.

hair-stroke, up-stroke (in writing, opp. *Grundſtriſch*); — ſtup, m. bob-wig; — ſtour, f. false hair, *id.*; — tragen, adj. Bot. capillary; — tuſch, n. 1) hair-cloth, mohair; 2) canvas; 3) strainer; 4) combing-cloth; — vitriol, m. & n. native vitriol in form of filaments; — wachſ, n. 1) pomatum; 2) packwax; 3) Anat. tendon (extremity of the muscles); — weibe, f. Bot. osier (*Rorſweide*); — widel, m. curl (curling) paper, hair-roller; — wuchſ, m. growth of hair; head of hair; — wuſt, f. hair pad; — wurm, m. Zool. hair-worm (*Gordius aquaticus* L.); — wurſel, f. 1) root of the hair; 2) Bot. see *Gerbium*; — zange, f. tweezer (pl.); — zeng, n. provinc. hammer, &c. for sharpening scythes; — zerte, f. see — ſchmud; — zirtel, see — cirtel; — zly, m. Comm. half-chains; — zupf, m. queue, woft of hair: braid.

Ḥaſſchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Ḥabe*) coll (all) one's goods, all, alls (cf. All, II. 1, c).

Ḥaſſen, (w.) f. 1) property, goods, fortune, chattels; 2) provinc. see *Ḥandhabe*; 3) t. hold, firmness; *fig.* —, movables; *figende* —, immovables; — (*gener.* *Ḥaſ*) und Gut, Law, property, goods and chattels. [*ſagung*.

Ḥaſſent, (*indoc.*) m. (l. w.) see *Danſſen*.
Ḥaſſen, (irr.) v. l. tr. to have; coll. to have got; provinc. keep; to contain; *Ḥaſ* id. iſt beſſer als *Ḥaſt* id., proverb, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush; was *Ḥaſt* du? what ails you? what is the matter with you? *es hat Niemand was haben*, no one is the better or wiser for it; *daſ — wir erſt abzumachen*, we must first see how it turns out; *ich habe nicht erſt zu bemerken*, I need not observe; *du haſt mir nichts zu befehlen*, you have no right to command me; *ſie — zu befehlen*, as you desire; *er hat es an ſich zu ...*, he has a way to ...; *er hat etwas ſchweres an ſich*, there is something gentle about him; *es hat etwas übernatürliches an ſich*, it partakes of the supernatural; *du haſt nicht eine von ihren Gewohnheiten an dir*, you have not one of their habits; *wo — ſie Ihre Augen?* coll. where are your eyes? *er hat es auf dem Gewiſſen*, coll. it lies at his door; *U. hat eine ſchöne Linde dicht an ſeinem Thor* *ſehen*, A. has a fine lime-tree standing close to his gate; *da — wir's!* there we have it! there it is! *daſ hat ſeinen Grund*, there is or must be a reason for it; *geſchicht hätte ich?* wann? I — have sent? when? *wir — nicht zu unterſuchen*, it is no business of ours to inquire; *da haſt du Eins!* (*i. e.* *einen Schickſal*), take that! *jedes Ding hat ſeine Grenze*, there is a limit for everything; *es hat viel für ſich*, much may be said in its favour; *er haſt an den Augen*, he has sore eyes; *hätte ich nur ...*, would I had ...; *iſt (nicht) zu —*, it is (not) to be had; *eine junge Dame ſagte ironiſch: „ich bin noch zu haben“*, a young lady said ironically: "I am still for sale"; *zu — bei ...*, to be had at ...'s, or of ...; (*to be*) sold by ...; *einen Namen —*, to have or bear a name; *ein Datum —*, to bear a date; *Werth —*, to bear (a certain) value; *Anwendung auf (with Acc.) — ...*, to bear an application to ...; *Hunger, Durſt, Reicht, Unrecht &c. —*, to be hungry, thirsty, right, wrong, &c.; *gute Raſtung und Reibung —*, to be well fed and clothed; *gern —*, to like; *lieb —*, to love; — *wollen*, — *mögen*, to desire, to want; *was wollen ſie —?* what do you want? wish? *da — ſie es!* 1. here, take it! 2. there you have it! *habt Dank, thanks*; *ich thank you*; *etwas gegen ... —*, to object to ...; *to take exception(s) to or at ...*; *ich habe nichts dagegen*, I do not object to it; *es hat viel zu ſagen*, it is of much consequence; *auf ſich —* to be of consequence, to matter; *es hat ſich wohl! iron.* it is quite otherwise; *er hat gut reden*, it is an easy matter for him to speak so; *du haſt gut ſagen*, 'tis all very well for

you to say of. Unt; er will es nicht Wort
—, es hat mich Wunder, es Wort, Wunder u.
II. *unz.* to have; das ergehende Perfectum
im Engl. durch's Imperf. auszudrücken: der
Hund hat den Mann gebissen, the dog bit the
man; hat der Hund den Mann gebissen? did
the dog bite the man?

III. *refl. coll.* to take on, cf. Überreden.
IV. *impers.* es hat seine Eile, Gefahr u., it
is or there is no hurry, danger, &c.; es hat
gute Wege, es hat seine Richtigkeit, es hat
seine Noth, see Weg, Richtigkeit, Noth u.
V. *a. (str.) n. (comm.)* Credit, Creditors (in
book-keeping, the right side in the Ledger),
opp. Coll.

Habenichts, (*str.*) *m. conf.* a have-nothing, penniless person, lackland; Gräulein
or Jungfer, — *see* Miss Penniless.
Haber, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* for Halter, which
Haber, (*str.*) *m. conf.* a disputatious,
dogmatical person. [*wrangle.*]

Haberstücken, (*u.*) *v. intr. coll.* to dispute.
Haberstreiben, (*str.*) *n. 1* see Hei-
terstern; *2* (partic. in the *Bavarian High-*
lands) a kind of popular justice by which a
disgraced mob holds up to public ridicule by a
mock serenade, &c. Immoral persons not
nearly to be reached by the law.

Habselig, (*u.*) *f.* covetousness, avarice.
Habselig, (*str.*) *1. adj.* covetous, avaricious,
greedy; II. *f. felt*, (*u.*) *f. (l. u.)* covetous-
ness, &c.

Habsicht, *adj.* 1) einer Sache (*Gen.*),
coll. with Acc. eine Sache) — werden, to get
possession of, to get hold of, to secure;
2) (*short.*) well-to-do (*Wohlbabend*).

Habsicht, *a. l. (str.) m. 1* Ornith. spar-
row-hawk (*Accipiter nisus* L.); Sperdör; der
Junge —, brancher, bowose; 2) *fig.* a greedy
person; II. (*str.*) *m. provinc.* a kind of mush-
room (of iron-gray colour); III. *in comp.*
Habsichter, *m. Ornith.* a species of hawk (*Mor-
phnus* Cuv.); H-absicht, *f.* hawk-owl; H-absicht,
m. 1 catching of hawks; 2) Sport. claw,
pounce of a hawk; H-absicht, *f.* Antom. hawk-
fly (*Diachya rufipes* L.); H-absicht, *f. pl.*
(singr.) the Arore; H-absicht, *m. basket* for
catching hawks; H-absicht, *n. Bot. 1* hawk-
wood (*Hieracium* L.); 2) swine's snout (*Hypocistis arvensis* L.); 3) blow (*Stigma-
trum* Noddy L.); H-absicht, *f.* hawk(ed) nose,
hook-nose, aquiline nose, Roman nose; H-
absicht, *n.* hawk's nest or eyrie; H-absicht, *n. H-
absicht*, *m.* net for catching hawks; H-absicht,
m. a species of mushroom (*Sclerotium*, II.).

Habsicht, *adv.* see Habsicht.
Habilitation, (*u.*) *f. (l. Lat.) Germ.* Un-
habilitation: a formal entering on the office
of an academical teacher. — Habilitation,
(u.) v. refl. Germ. (to enter formally on the
office of an academical teacher).

Habsicht, (*str.*) *coll. pl. (str.) m. & n. (Pr.)*
suit (of clothes), see Habsicht, 3; Habsicht.

Habsicht, (*str.*) *m. (Lat.) Med., &c.* habit.
Habsicht, *adv.* 1) *provinc.* well-to-do (*Wohlb-*
abend); 2) *1* see Habsicht.

Habsicht, (*str.*) *m.* one of the family
of Habsburg: die Dynastie der — or die Habs-
burgische Dynastie, the Habsburg dynasty, the
Habsburgs (the present house of Austria).

Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. (l. u.)* see Habsicht, 1.

Habsicht, (*u.*) *adv. provinc.* wealthy; II.
Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. coll.* (a man's) possession, prop-
erty, fortune, effects. [*greediness.*]

Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. avidity, covetousness.*
Habsichtig, *1. adj.* covetous, greedy; II.
Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. covetousness, greediness.*

Habsicht, (*u.*) *m. (it & provinc.) 1* coarse
person; 2) *curmudgeon, miser.*

Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. 1* *adv.* 2) *adv.* short
chalk or marble — front, a *fig.* thorny root-
harren (*Wurzel*).

Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. (l. u.)* see Habsicht.
Habsicht, (*u.*) *f. (l. u.)* see Habsicht.

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—raute, *f. provinc.* for *Eberraute*; —reid, *m. Bot.* American oat-rose; —ride, *f. see* Ebertraute; —roß, *n. rural* or *oaten-pipe*; —roße, *f. Bot.* creeping rose-bush; —saut, *f. 1)* oat-sowing; *2)* season for sowing oats; *3)* oat-crop; —sack, *m. a sack* for oats; —schleße, *f. see* pflaume; —schleim, *m. water-gruel*; —schrede, *f. see* Heuschrede; —schrot, *m. see* —gries; —seim, *m. see* —schim; —spieß, *m. provinc.* dogwood; —spreu, *f. oats-chaff*; —stoppel, *f. oats-stubble*; —stroh, *n. oat-straw*; —stüd, *n. see* —offer; —suppe, *f. oatmeal-soup*; —trant, *m. see* —schlein; —wurz(e), *f. see* Bodsbart; *2)* —glege, *f. see* —bod; —zins, *m. average*.

Haß, *s. I. (str.) n. († &)* provinc. sea; bay, gulf: II. *in comp.* —beiß, *m. a dike* on the sea-shore; —born, *m. Bot.* sea-buckthorn (*Hippophaë rhamnoides* L.); —padde, *f. provinc.* lump-fish (*Wretschfel*). [(Euphr.)]

Haßner, *(str.) m. provinc.* [(S. G.)] potter
Haß, *(str., pl. sometimes [u.] & -en)* *m. & n. 1)* hold, the quality of clinging, holding, sticking fast to ...; *2)* clasp, rivet, brace, crutchet; *3)* see Eintagsfliege.

Haß, *(w.) f. prison, arrest, durance, confinement, custody, detention, imprisonment; in —, in prison, under arrest; in enger — sein, to be a close prisoner.*

Haßbär, *I. adj.* answerable (für, for): II. *Haßbär, (w.) f. liability* befürworter, limited liability.

Haß ..., *in comp.* —befehl, *m. warrant* or writ of arrest, detainer; —befehle, *f. servitude*; —brief, *m. see* —befehl; —bolde, *f. Bot.* bur-parasyl (*Camollia daucoides* L.); —born, *m. Bot.* sea-buckthorn (*Schjodorn*).

Haßten, *(w.) v. intr. 1)* lit. & fig. (with an, auf [da, Dat.], bei it.) to cleave, cling, hold, stick (to), to be attached, to attach (to); *2)* to remain, be fixed; *3)* (with für, cf. Würgen & Etchen für) to answer, warrant, or be liable for; persönlich —, to stand or be bound personally; für Jemanden —, to bail one; es — Schanden auf dem Gute, the estate is encumbered; es haßt nicht an or bei ihm, nothing affects him or remains in (takes any hold of his memory; dies haßt mir für seine Verschwiegenheit, this insures me of his secrecy. Haßtrabbel, *(str.) n. glazier's bands* or bands.

Haßgeld, *(str.) n. 1)* prison fee, bar-fee; *2)* provinc. earnest-money, cf. Hugelb.

Haßling, *(str.) m. one detained in custody, prisoner.* [chisel]

Haßmetzel, *(str.) m. gunmaker's socket*

Haßpflichtig, *adj.* answerable (Haßbar).

Haßtung, *(w.) f. surety, bond.*

Haß, *(str.) m. I. 1)* hedge, fence; *2)* bush, coppice; wood; *3)* a place fenced or hedged in; II. provinc. bull; III. *in comp.* —apfel, *m. crab-apple, wild apple, wildling*; —apfelbaum, *m. see* Erdberrbaum.

Haßgar, Haßgart, *(str.) m. see* Hagerfall.

Haßge..., *in comp.* —busche, *f. Bot.* horn or hard-beam, yoke elm (*Aspinus betulus* L.); —büchen, *adj. vulg. 1)* beechen; *2)* fig. coarse; —buscherüßer, *f. cork-elm*; Bot.-s. —bütte, *f. hip, haw*; —büttenbirne, *f. medlar-pear*; —büttenstram, *m. dog-rose tree*; —born, *m. Bot. 1)* see —roße; *2)* hawthorn, white thorn; —bräsen, *f. pl. coll. king's evil*; —gans, *f. provinc.* common goose. [gall-bearing oak]

Haßgische, *(w.) f. holm-oak, scarlet-oak.*

Haßgel, *(str.) m. I. 1)* hail; sleet; *2)* small shot, lead-shot, hail-shot: II. treadle; III. Bot. chalaça (Krimfeld); IV. Sam-., Gans-, provinc. the mob, rascality: V. *in comp.* —biß, *adj.* as thick as hail; —born, *m. see* —born; *2)* —bräsen, *f. pl. see* Hagedrüsen; —fied, *m. see* Hagel; III. —gans, *f. Ormith.* wild-goose (Anser cinereus M. & W.); —gleßerei,

f. shot-foundry; —horn, *n. 1)* hail-stone; *2)* Mod. sty, stian; —fugel, *f. grape-shot.*

Haßgein, *(w.) v. intr. (imper.)* to hail; es hagelt, it hails.

Haßgel..., *in comp.* —schaden, *m. peal* of hail, damage done by hail; —schadenversicherungsgesellschaft, *f. hail-insurance-company*; —schauer, —schlag, *m. hail-shower, hail-stroke, a shower* of hail; —schrot, *m. see* Hagel; *2)* —stein, *m. hail-stone*; —sturm, *m. hail-storm, a tempest* with hail; —versicherung, *f. insurance* against damage done by hail; —weiß, *adj.* as white as hail; —wetter, *n. thunder* with hail, sleety storm; drift; —wolke, *f. hail-cloud.*

Haßgesser, *(str.) n. hedging bill.*

Haßgen, *(w.) v. I. intr. provinc. see* Be-hagen; II. *refl.* to be delighted, to enjoy one's self.

Haßgen, *(w.) v. tr. 1)* to fence, enclose, to bar, stop; *2)* to preserve, protect; *3)* see Hagen; das Hutterholz —, to copse; gebügte Waldungen, forests hedged in or in fence.

Haßgint, *(w.) f. Ormith. provinc.* wild-duck.

Haßgweide, *(w.) f. see* Rindweide.

Haßgwein, *(str.) m. (unusual)* one who delights in outward show, ostentations man; fop.

Haßger, *adj.* haggard, lean, meager, thin.

Haßger, *(str.) m. 1)* see Hager; *2)* (or Sandhäger) a small sandy island; —büche, *f. see* Jungbüche.

Haßgerie, *see* Hegerie, *in comp.*

Haßgerfall, *(w.) m. Ormith.* haggard, harrower (*Circus cyaneus* L.).

Haßgerheit, *(w.) f. leanness, meagerness.*

Haßgeru, *(w.) v. intr.* to grow haggard, lean, &c.

Haßgerste, *(w.) f. 1)* dog-rose, wild-rose, dog-briar, wild-briar, hip-tree (*Rosa canina* L.); *2)* die wöhrschende —roße, sweet briar, eglantine (*Rosa rubiginosa* L.).

Haßgrol, *(w.) m. an old bachelor, marriage-hater*; den H-en spielen, to behave like a whimsical old bachelor; H-t, Haßgrolgeln, *(w.) f. (Adelung; L.u.)* a whimsical old maid.

Haßgrol, *(str.) m. provinc.* a small kind of whiting (Weißfing). [(Etrige)]

Haßner, *(str.) m. Ichth.* minnow, pink

Haß..., *in comp.* —fellehre, *f. common traveller's joy* (*Aemulus vitalba* L.); —weide, *f. crack-willow* (Weidenweide).

Haßha! *interj.* ha! ha!

Haßha, *(str. pl. & -s)* *n. Gard.* ha-ha, haw-haw, sunk-fence.

Haßte, *(w.) f. Sport.* hen-bird.

Haßter, *(str.) m. see* Eidelhäher.

Haßl, *adj. provinc. 1)* see Eheim, Verborgern; *2)* see Blatt, Schläpfrig; —taze, *f. flatterer, coxer*; —flatteren, to flatter, coax.

A. Haßn, *(str., pl. Haßne, orig. & still provinc. [particul. S. G.] & poet. w.; cf. Schj. Saml. 1, 1: des Haßnen Krähn)* *m. 1)* cock; joc. chanticleer; indiamische —, turkey; *2)* T. a) cock, stop-cock; b) cock (of a gun); den — (am Gewehr) spannen, to cock (a gun), to draw the trigger; den — in Ruhe setzen, to half-cock (a gun); c) capsule inclosing the balance of a watch; d) see Treibförner; e) Mar. pl. brass-cock in a block-sheave; *3)* fig. bold, courageous fellow; saucy, impudent fellow: cant.-s. der rothe —, incendiarism; Einem einen rothen — auf das Dach setzen, to set fire to a person's house; coll.-s. — im Kerbe sein, to be cock of the walk (coll. on the wall, cock-a-hoop, &c.); es trägt weder — noch Huhn (improp. Hund) danach, coll. nobody cares about it; —brei, *m. T. clay* and coal-dust paste.

B. Haßn, *m. provinc. for* Hain, Hag; —busche, —bütte it., see Hagedüsch.

Haßnaden, Haßnlein, *(str.) n. (dimin. of Haßn)* a little cock, cockerel.

Haßne..., *in comp.* see Hahnen....

Haßneifen, *(str.) n. Hun-sm.* cock-stake.

Haßnetamm, see Hahnenfamm.

Haßnen, *(w.) v. I. tr.* to cuckold; II. *intr.* to bray (Hahnen).

Haßnen..., *in comp.* —bellen, *m. 1)* Carp. collar-beam, strut-beam, wind-beam, top-beam (of a roof); *2)* coll. cock-loft, roost; —bart, *m. wattles, waddles*; —el, *n. an unusually small egg*; —fuß, *m. 1)* Bot. crow-foot, ranunculus (*Ranunculus* L.); *2)* Mar. see —poet; —fütterer, *m. cock-master, cock-feeder*; —geficht, *n. cock-fight, cock-fighting; cock-match*; —gehäuse, *n. Min.* box of the cock; —geficht, *n. see* —ruf; —hede, *f. 1)* stone, testicle of a cock; *2)* a) Cornelian cherry (Cornellifiriche); b) see Hagebutter; c) horse-plum; —famm, *m. 1)* crest, cock's comb; *2)* Bot. a) coxcomb (*Colonia cristata* L.); b) gelber —famm, yellow rattle (*Rhinanthus* L.); c) see —lopf; d) Conch. hog's ear, oyster (*Ostrya Marahii* Bow.); —famm, *m. see* —geficht; —lopf (flee), *m. see* Epariette; —frant, *n. Bot.* cock-wood (*Lepidium* L.); —pflüßen, *n. Bot.* common spindle-tree (*Euonymus europaeus* L.); Mar.-s. —plan, *m. cock-pit*; —poet, *n. crow-foot*; —poet an den Marfen, crow-foot of the tops; in cinem —poet vertragen, to moor (a ship) by the head; —ruf, —schrei, *m. crowing* of the cock, cock-crow; —schlag(en), *n. Gam.* cock-throwing; —schreit, *m. 1)* cock-stride; *2)* (or —pass) see —tritt; *2)* —sporn, *m. 1)* cock's spur; *2)* Bot. a) bulbous ranunculus (*Ranunculus bulbosus* L.); b) a species of birth wort (*Aristolochia rotunda* L.); c) cockspur-thorn (*Crataegus crus galli* L.); d) a species of fumitory (*Fumaria bulbosa* L.); —stein, *m. Miner.* obsidian; —stüd, *n. see* —gehäuse; —tritt, *m. 1)* cock's tread, cock's treadle (in an egg); *2)* Farr. string-halt; *3)* Bot. red pimpernel (*Anagallis arvensis* L.); —wadel, —weder, *m. coll.* early breakfast (after a midnight's debauch); —wahrgerret, *f. electryomancy.*

Haßn..., *in comp.* —man, *n. lower jaw* (of a gun-cock); —poet, *m. see* Hahnenpoet.

Haßnet, *(str.) m. coll. 1)* cuckold, tup; (wiffentlich) wittol; (wifflich) cotquean, cuckquean; *2)* name of a game at cards: jum —machen, to cuckold. —Haßnetfisch, *(w.) f.* cuckoldom, forked plague.

Haßn..., *in comp.* —schüssel, *m. key* or plug of a (stop-)cock; —tritt, *m. see* Hahnentritt.

Haß, *(str. & w.) m. (or —fisch) Ichth.* shark, sea-dog, dog-fish (*Carcharias* Cav.); der getigerte —, spotted or tiger shark (*Scymnus maculatum* Blainv.); der glatte —, smooth bound (fish) (*Mustelus laevis* Bond.); —roße, *m. Ichth.* a kind of ray (*Raja rhinobdole* C.).

Haßbe, see Feide, &c.

Haßn, *(str.) m. I. °.* grove, wood, huret; Bot.-s. —ampfer, *m. provinc.* wood-sorrel; —binse, *f. wood-rush* (*Luina* DC.); —busche, —bütte, see Hagedüsch, Hagebütte; —gäße, *m. Myth.* an idol worshipped in a grove; Bot.-s. —roße, *f. see* Hunderoße; —weide, *f. see* Schlidweide; II. Strund —, °, (an epithet of) death.

Haßden, provinc. Haßel, *(str.) n. (dimin. of Haßn, which see)* 1) a little hook, crochet, cf. Haßn; *2)* Typ. apostrophe [']; —fideret, *f. embroidery* (made in a frame).

Haßelfen, *(str.) n. iron-rod* (of pewterers).

Haßelfarbheit, *(w.) f. crochet-work.*

Haßel, *(w.) f. 1)* a) or Haßeln, *(str.) n.* crochet-work (a kind of knitting performed with a small hook); b) (a piece of) crochet-work; *2)* (the act of) teasing, provocation, cavil.

Haßelig, *I. adj. 1)* hooked; *2)* fig. critical, nice, particular: delicate: cine h-e Saade, a ticklish matter; II. *Haßelig, (w.) f.* niceous, ticklishness: capriciousness.

Halb's..., in comp. —**Häner**, m. see —**hauer**; —**mann**, m. 1) see —**pahter**; 2) eunuch; —**maß**, f. boech-mast; —**meter**, m. see —**hüfner**; —**meißer**, m. province. slayer; —**mens**, m. 1) demi-man: *fab.* a fabulous being half man half brute; 2) *fig.* a barbarian; —**meißer**, m. see —**durchmeißer**; —**metall**, n. semi-metal; —**mond**, m. half-moon (also *Fort.*); *Herald.*, *dc.* crescent; —**mondbürmig**, *adj.* semi-lunar, crescentic; *Bot.*, *dc.* crescent-shaped; *Anat.* semi-lunar or sigmoidal (valves); —**meißel**, m. T. gouge; —**mondbühne**, f. *Comch.* *norita* (*Norina fusoides* L.); —**mondbinde**, f. cooper's vice or screw; —**mutter**, f. step-mother; —**nack**, *adj.* half-naked; —**oberhäufiges** **Häfferrud**, *Mil.* breast-wheel; —**officiell**, *adj.* see —**auslich**; —**paht**, f. renting of a farm for the half of the product; —**pahter**, m. a tenant paying his rent from half the proceeds of the soil; —**parquet**, m. cased (clamped) floor; —**part**, f. halves; auf —**part** eintreten, *coll.* to go halves; —**part** trufen, to cut halves; —**pfeller**, m. *Archit.* pilaster; —**pfänder**, m. *Gumm.* a half pounder; —**pfündig**, *adj.* weighing or containing half a pound; —**pfundbedeckte**, n. *pl. Comm.* half-pound packages, *coll.* halves; —**pils**, f. half-pike; —**plüsch**, m. mock-clothing; —**porphyrt**, m. semi-porphry; —**porzellan**, m. mock-china, Wedgewood ware; *cf.* *Porzellan*; —**reif**, n. see *Hausreifer*; —**reif**, *L. cf.* half-ripe; II. s. m. *Mar.* an iron hoop that fastens the top-gallant-masts to the main-mast; —**reinheits**, m. *Comm.* third sort of Russian hemp; —**ring**, m. semicircular ring; *Build.* wall-hook; —**röhrig**, *adj.* *Bot.* semi-stylar; —**rund**, *adj.* half round, semi-circular, semi-spherical; —**säule**, f. *Archit.* imbedded column; —**säulenförmig**, *adj.* *Bot.* semi-columnar; —**säure**, f. *Chem.* oxyd, oxyde; —**schatten**, m. *Opt.*, *dc.* penumbra, half or partial shade; —**schief**, *adj.* *coll.* half, moiety; die *zarte* —**schief**, *loc.* the tender (i. e. female) sex; the better half (wife of a man); —**schläch**, *adj.* see —**schlächig**; —**schlag**, m. 1) mixed breed, mongrel (breed or race); 2) *Med.* hemiplegy; —**schlächig**, *adj.* mongrel, bastard, hybrid; —**schlächiger** **Bögel**, —**schlächiger**, m. mule bird; —**schläch**, f. *McC.* second cut; —**schneipe**, f. see *Schneipen*; —**schreitig**, *adj.* *Mus.* chromatic, semitonic; —**schub**, m. slipper; —**schürig**, *adj.* 1) (wool) of the second shearing; 2) *fig.* inferior, mediocre; —**schwer**, *adj.* midding (cigars); —**schwester**, f. half-sister, step-sister; —**seiden**, m. *Mod.* hemiopia; —**seide**, f. *Gumm.* half-sino; —**seide**, f. silk mixed with cotton, &c.; —**seiden**, *adj.* half silk half cotton, &c.; —**seiden** *Zeuge*, *pl. Comm.* half silk stuffs, half-silks; —**setzt**, f. *Typ.* column; —**seitige** *Bühnung*, *Mod.* hemi-pyramid; —**silber**, n. see *Platin*; —**sold**, m. half-pay; —**span**, m. *Mus.* mezzo-soprano; —**spanner**, m. see —**hüfner**; —**span** *ren*, m. *Build.* half-spar, sleeper; —**span** *den* *Böhlen*, T. rebating planks; —**stammig**, *adj.* half-grown (of trees); —**stiefel**, m. *pl.* shoe-m. half-boots, *Am.* booties; —**stodwerl**, n. see —**geißel**; —**strahl**, *adj.* *Bot.* semi-radiate; —**strand**, m. undershrub; —**strumpf**, m. *pl.* half-stockings, socks; —**ständig**, *adj.* lasting or requiring half an hour, of half an hour; cine —**ständige** *Unterhaltung*, half an hour's conversation; —**ständisch**, *adj.* taking place every half-hour; —**tägig**, *adj.* lasting half a day; —**tägig**, *adj.* taking place every half day; —**teil**, m. half-share; —**teilig**, *adj.* subduple; —**teint**, f. *Print.* mezzo-tinto; —**tot**, *adj.* half-dead; —**ton**, m. *Mus.* semi- or demi-tone; —**trauer**, f. half (or second) mourning; —**tsch**, n. small-cloth, cas(e)imere, kerseymer, plains; —**unfleisch**, *adj.* semi-amplexional; —**uniform**, f. undress-suit or uniform; —**verbed**, n. *Mar.* quarter-deck; —**ver**,

m. hemistich; —**better**, m. *coll.* distant relative; —**voal**, m. see —**laut(er)**; —**voll**, *adj.* half-full; —**wach**, *adj.* half-awake; —**wagen**, m. chaise; —**weg**, —**wege**, —**wegs**, *adv.* 1) half-way; 2) *swig.* pr. half-way tolerably; —**weige**, f. *Ornith.* hen-harrier (*Circus cyaneus* L.); —**wert**, n. half a day's work; —**wild**, *adj.* der —**wilde**, m. semi-savage; —**wisser**, m. sciolist; —**wisseret**, f. sciolism; —**wollene** *Waare*, mixed woollen goods; —**wollenes** *Zuch*, cotton-warp cloth; —**wüchsig**, *adj.* of half its growth; —**zug**, n. *Paper-m.* half-stuff, first-stuff; —**zimmer**, n. room in an *entree*; —**zinn**, n. base tin; —**zirkel**, see —**zirkel**; —**zig**, m. half-chintz.

Hal'be, (n.) f. 1) *provinc.* sloping ground; hill; 2) *holt*; 2) *Mis.* barrow, hillock, or mound of dead ore and earth; *fig.* —**schlechte**, f. cast-away slag; *fig.* —**sturz**, m. 1) place where slag is heaped up; 2) right of depositing slag; *fig.* —**schlechte**, f. see *Erbschlechte*.

Hal'ben, (n.) v. *intr.* *provinc.* to slope.

Häl'ber, (str.) m. auriferous silver.

Häl'ten, (n.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to haul, *cf.* *Umholen*.

Häl'ten, (str.) m. *provinc.* (on the Rhine) see *Halbauer*.

Häl'te, (n.) f. half, moiety; middle; um die —**kleiner**, less by half: (mit *Einem*) zur —**gehen**, to go halves (with one); ich will mich zur —**betheiligen**, I will be concerned for one moiety; wir sind unser die —**zu viel**, we are too many by half; die zur —, to the middle; auf der —**des Wegs**, half way; *Rechnung* zur —, *Comm.* see für halbe *Rechnung* in *Halb*; cine gute —, a fair half; die größere —, the greatest or better half; die bessere —, *loc.* the better half (i. e. the fair sex, or the wife of a husband).

Häl'ten, (n.) v. *tr.* *coll.* see *Halbiren*.

Häl'ter, s. L. (n.) f. 1) a) halter; b) see *Holter*; 2) *Swy.* (—**binde**) halter-bandage; 3) *fig.* the gallows; 4) *Ornith.* frontlet (the margin of the head behind the bill of birds); II. in comp. —**geld**, n. money given by the purchaser of a horse to the groom of the seller; —**lette**, f. halter-chain; —**leine**, f., —**strid**, m. halter-rope; —**riemen**, m. halter-strap.

Häl'tern, (n.) v. *tr.* to (tie by the) halter. **Häl'tig**, *adv.* half, to the half, half-way.

A. Hal, (str.) m. sound.

B. Hal, (str.) n. †, salt-works; —**busch**, m. (pl. —**leute**) see *Hallore*.

Häl'drommete, (n.) f. * see —**trompete**.

Hal'te, (n.) f. 1) hall; 2) porch, portico;

3) the buildings of a salt-work; 4) a hall or row of stalls, shops for retail dealers; 5) *Geogr.* *cf.* *Hallore*.

* **Hal'lein'** *tsch*, n. (*Hebr.*) 1) halallelujah;

2) *Bot.* cuckoo-sorrel (*Oxalis acetosella* L.).

Hal'ten, (n.) v. *intr.* to sound, clang.

Hal'tengelb, (str.) n. rent paid for salt-stalls.

(*Erde*, *Minor.* aluminite.

Hal'tisch, *adj.* of (the town of) Halle; *he*

Hal'tjahr, (str.) n. *Ann.* see *Jubeljahr*.

Hal'lo! *interj.* halloo! holla! holla! hoy!

hoy! —**rufen**, to (give a) halloo.

Häl'st'r(e), (n.) m. a workman in salt-works (especially at the city of Halle near

Leipzig).

Häl'tromp'ete, (n.) f. a powerful tram-

halun' (e), (n.) m. see *Halunf*.

Hal'm, (str.) *pl.* *Hal'me & (n.)* *Hal'men* (m.)

1) blade (of grass, straw, &c.). *Bot.*

calm; stalk. *halm*, straw; *Getreide* auf dem

fig., green corn; die Frucht auf dem *fig.* der

laufen, to sell the crop standing or the growing

crop; 2) (or *Hal'm*, *Hal'm*) *Hal'm*, *provinc.*

common lime-grass.

Häl'm'schen, (str.) *pl.* —, *coll.* *Häl'm'schen*

n. (*dimin.* of *Hal'm*) small blade, stalk, &c.;

—**spielen**, a kind of children's play consist-

ing in drawing lots with long and short stalks.

Hal'men, (n.) v. *intr.* to get stalks.

Hal'm..., in comp. *fig.* —**band**, n. —**hütte**, f.

see *Strohbach*; —**früchte**, f. *pl.* see *Getreide*.

Hal'mig, *adj.* stalky.

Hal'm..., in comp. —**knos**, m. knot

of a stalk; —**lefe**, f. gleaming; —**lefer**, m.,

—**leferin**, f. gleaner; —**pfette**, f. rural or oaten

pipe; —**rübe**, f. late turnip; —**tragend**, *adj.*

culmiferous.

Hal's, (str.) *pl.* *Häl'se* m. 1) neck (also

T. of a spur, a violin, &c.); throat; head

(of a lute); *Archit.* (of a capital); 2) collar;

3) *Ruth.* web (Steg der *Seilene*); 4) (*pl.*

[*n.*] *fig.* —**en** *Mar.-s.* a) tack (of a sail); b) —

cines *Knöchel*; throat; elbow of a knee; c)

see *Unterhals*; die *fig.* —**en** aufstecken, to ease

the tacks; den —**zusehen**, to haul aboard the

tack of a sail; *zusehen* zwei *fig.* —**en** fahren, to

sail with both sheets ast; die *fig.* —**en** umholen,

to tack about, to jib; den —**brechen**, to break

one's neck; *fig.* *Einem*, to be or prove the ruin of

one, to undo one; es geht ihm an den —, he

may be hung for it; *Einem* langen —**machen**,

to stretch out one's neck (from curiosity), to

crane; sich *Einem* an den —**werfen**, to jump

down one's throat (said of a woman); *Einem*

Alles an den —**werfen**, to lavish everything

on a person; *Einem* etwas *schlimmes* an den

—**wünschen**, to wish one some evil; sich (*dat.*)

etwas an den —**reiben**, to bring something

upon one's self by saying something; sich

(*dat.*) die *schwinden* an den —**ärtern**, to vex

one's self into a consumption; *Einem*

einen *Proceß* an den —**werfen**, to bring an

action against one; *dicke* mir damit vom *fig.*

—**don't bother me with it; das muß er mit dem**

fig. —**begehnen**, his life must pay (atone) for it;

Einem *bissen* —**haben**, to have a sore throat;

Einem den —**abschneiden**, to cut a person's

throat; einer *Stiche* den —**brechen**, to floor or

crack a bottle; *das bricht ihm den* —, *coll.* that

will prove his ruin; (*Einem*) um den —**saßen**,

to embrace; *coll.-s.* sich (*dat.*) etwas vom *fig.*

schaffen, to get rid of; auf dem *fig.* —**haben**,

to be troubled, burdened, encumbered, or

saddled with; *Einem* auf dem *fig.* —**liegen**,

to be always at one's elbow, to importune one;

to be upon one's hands; *aus vollem* —**schrien**,

laßen *ic.*, to cry, laugh, &c. with all one's

might (lungs), &c. at the top of one's voice;

fiber —**und Kopf**, headlong, over head and

ears, precipitately, in the utmost haste, *am*

besten *schelten*; *Einem* über den —**kommen**,

to come upon one (at) unawares; *bis* an den —,

(up) to the ears; *bis* an den —**in** *schinden*,

over head and ears (up to the arm-pits) in

debt; *das wüßst mir aus dem* *fig.* —**ic.** I am

sick of it.

Hal's..., in comp. —**ader**, f. *Anat.* ju-

gular vein or artery; —**ausstoß**, m. brazil's

anvil; —**band**, m. collar, neckpiece; (—**gefeinde**,

which see) †, carcanet; mit einem —**bande**,

Herald. collared; *Ornith.-s.* —**bandbrüffel**, f.

ring-ousel (*Ringbrüffel*); —**bandregenschreier**,

m. ringed dotterel (*Charadrius hiaticula* L.);

—**bein**, m. collar bone; 2) —**binde**, f. 1) necklace;

(neck)-lotock, cravat; 2) see —**tucheinlage**; —

blutader, f. *Anat.* throat vein; —**braten**, m.

the scraggy end of a deer's neck; —**bräune**, f.

Med. inflammation of the throat, angina;

—**breche**, f. breakneck (enterprise); —**brechend**,

adj. neckbreaking; *fig.* dangerous, perilous,

ruinous; —**brüffel**, *adj.* *Law.* capital (crime);

—**bund**, m. neck-band (of a shirt).

Häl'schen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Hal's*) 1) little

neck; 2) *coll.* a) korechlof (of ladies); b) see

Häl'schen; c) see *Bruchhals*.

Hal's..., in comp. —**brecher**, m. *Ornith.*

wry-neck (*Wendehals*); —**brüße**, f. *Anat.* ju-

gular gland.

Halb..., in comp. —eigen, see *Erbsen*; —eisen, *n.* iron collar; pilory.

Halb..., in comp. —entzünbung, *f. see* —bräune; —fessel, *f. Prov. Prov.* —fessel, *f.* fetula in the throat; —gat, *n. Mar.* hole of the chess-tree; —geheiß, *n. Anat.* plexus of the cervical nerves (*Plasma cervicalis*); —gehänge, *n.* neck-ornament, neck-chain; —gerüst, *n. see* —wirbel; —gericht, *n.* 1) criminal court; 2) see *Richtstätte*; —gerichtsbewahrung, *f. Lat.* criminal constitution or code (*particul.* that of Charles the Fifth); —geschmeide, *n.* jewels and other ornaments for the neck; —Surg-e, —geschwür, *f.* tumour of the neck or throat; —geschwür, *n.* ulcer in the neck; —glatt, *f. Med.* gout in the neck or throat; —grüßchen, *n.* throat-pit, neck-pit; —haar, *n.* hair on the neck (of certain animals), mane; —harnisch, *m.* gorget, neck-piece of an armour; —hemb, *n. see* Halbhemb; —Hölzer, *n. pl. see* —Hampen; —joch, *n.* neck-yoke (for oxen); —kappe, *f.* cowl, hood; —kette, *f.* (neck-) chain; —knapen, *f. pl. Mar.* tack-pieces, chess-trees; —knopf, *m.* stud; —knäuel, *f.* collar; —fragen, *m.* collar, cape; tippet; *Mil.* gorget; collet; —krankheit, *f.* 1) a disease of the throat; 2) *see* —brüme; —kranke, *f.* frill, ruff (for the neck); —krant, *n. Bot.* throatwort (*Campanula L.*); —manstein, *pl. see* —bräse; —maß, *n. Provinc.* a kind of padlock; —muskel, *m. Anat.* cervical muscle; —pulsader, *f. Anat.* carotid artery; —reißt, *n.* penal law, power over life and death; —reiß, *m.* (Coop. first and last hoop of a cask; —reissen, *m. Gunw.* &c. neck strap; —ring, *m.* 1) neck-ring; 2) *see* —eisen; —röhre, *f. Anat.* wind-pipe, larynx; —schädel, *f.* capital crime, hanging matter; —schelle, *f. see* —eisen; —schilb, *m. Entom.* thorax (of insects); —schlingaber, *f. Anat.* cervical artery; —schleife, *f.* neck-knot; —schlinge, *f.* 1) collar; 2) noose; —schloß, *n.* a clasp to a cravat or stock; —schmuck, *m. see* —geschmeide; —schneise, *f. see* —schloß; —schur, *f.* necklace, string of pearls; —schwindelst, *f. Med.* bronchitis (inflammation and ulceration of the windpipe); —spange, *f.* collar-clasp; —starrt, *f.* stiffness of the neck; tetanus; —starrig, *adj.* headstrong, stubborn, obstinate, refractory, pertinacious, contumacious; —starrigkeit, *f.* stubbornness, refractoriness, obstinacy, pertinacity; —starrkrampf, *m. Med.* tetanus; —stimme, *f. Mus.* 1) see *Reichstimme*; 2) feigned voice, falsetto; —strafe, *f.* capital punishment; —streif, *m.* frill of a shirt; —stück, *n.* 1) neck-piece; 2) gorget; 3) neck (of beef, mutton, &c.); —stück, *f. Med.* bronchitis; —tafel, *f. Mar.* loof-hook, tack-tackle; —tuch, *n.* neckcloth; cravat; (Neckkerchief, *l. u.*); —tuchelunge, *f.* stiffener for the neckcloth; —tuchsteter, *m.* —tuchschleife, *f.* tie of a neckcloth; —tuchring, *m.* necklace runner; —verbrechen, *n.* capital offence or crime; —vogel, *m. Ornith.* roller (Wandelfröhe); —weg, *n.* pains in the neck or throat; —wirbel, *m. pl. Anat.* cervical vertebrae; —zäpflein, *n. Anat.* uvula; —zange, *f. T.* long-necked nipper; —zierde, *f.* ornament for the neck.

Halte, (*v.*) *f.* 1) Sport. collar (of hounds); 2) *Mar.* halser, hawser (a strong rope below on the points of the great sails); *cf.* *Halb*, 4. **Halten**, (*v.*) *s.* I. *ref.* see *Umhalten*; *Kanten*; II. *intr.* *Mar.* to draw tight the halsers, to veer, back-haul.

Halb, *adj.* necked (*in comp.*).

Halbung, (*v.*) *f.* dog-collar.

Halte, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the act of holding, hold; hold-fast; footing; 2) support; firmness, steadiness, stability; 3) halt, stop; *see* hold; —machen, to make a halt, stop, or stand; to halt; (nicht *Esch* (*Dat.*)) —geben, to give or impart steadiness to ..., to steady, stay (a thing); *ciuen* — in (*with Dat.*) *haben* or

finden, to be supported by ...; *ohne* —, unsteady, unsettled.

Halte, (*intr.*) halt! stop! stand still!

Halte, *adv. Provinc.* (*S. G.*, *particul. Austr.*) indeed, forsooth, sure, methinks.

Haltebär, I. *adj.* 1) stable, firm, strong, durable, lasting; proof; nicht —, perishable (goods); 2) tenable, defensible; —verpacken, to pack durably; II. *f.* —fest, (*v.*) *f.* 1) stableness, firmness, strength, durability; 2) tenableness, defensibility, &c.; 3) last, war.

Halten, (*str.*) *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to hold; to keep; to support; 2) to entertain, hold, keep, maintain; 3) a) to detain, check, retain, *cf.* *Burdhalten*; b) to bind, oblige, constrain; 4) (*in sich* (*Dat.*)) — to enclose, hold, contain; *das Schiff hält 200 Tonnern*, the ship's burden is 200 tons; 5) to treat; 6) to perform, fulfill, keep, or stand to (one's word, &c.), *cf.* *Einhalten*, 2, b; to keep, celebrate, observe; 7) to manage, keep; 8) *Ag.* (*with für*) to take (for), to deem, judge; think, consider; *Freundschaft* —, to live on friendly terms, to be friends (mit, with); *das Fachen* —, to keep or refrain from laughing; *ein Pferd im Zaume* —, to keep a good (tight) hand on a horse; *im Zaume* or *im Zügel* —, to rein (in), hold in; *Ag.* to restrain, repress; *es läßt sich* —, coll. it is so so, tolerable, middling; *Werde* —, to keep horses, &c.; *Grund* —, *Grund* to bear a body; *Schritt* —, to keep pace; *Nik* to keep (in) the line; *Ere* —, *Mar.* to stand out to sea, to hold out in the offing; *Ere* —, to keep (the) time; *Wache* —, to stand sentry; to keep watch or guard (*über* (*with Acc.*), on); *ein Wettrennen* —, to run a race; *eine Zeitung* —, to take in (keep) a newspaper; *an sich* —, 1) to draw nearer to one's self; 2) to hold (den *Witz*, one's breath); *Wachsel* an *sich* —, to hold bills; *ein Gespräch* —, to have (carry on) a conversation; *eine Rede*, *Verdict* —, to deliver a speech, a sermon, to hold forth &c. (*über* (*with Acc.*), on); *Schule* —, to keep school, to teach in a school; *Vorlesungen* —, to lecture, give lectures (*über* (*with Acc.*), on); *ich pflege es so zu* —, I generally act, proceed thus, this has generally been my rule; *Einem eine Pistole auf* (an, vor) *die Brust* —, to present or clasp a pistol at (to) one's breast; *Ordnung* —, to preserve order; in *Ordnung* —, to keep in order; *Comm-s.* *Gewicht* —, to hold out weight; *übergewicht* —, to outweigh; *Inventory* —, to make up an inventory; *Ag-s.* *Einem den Rücken* —, to back or defend one; *Einem das Rückgrat* —, to side against one; *sein Versprechen* —, (sein) Wort —, to perform one's promise or word, to make good one's words, to stand to one's word; *Einem bei* *seinem Worte* —, to keep or take one at his word, to hold one to his promise; *den Zahlungstermin nicht* —, to transgress payment; *es mit* ... —, to be for, to stand for (a cause, &c.), to hold or side with (one), to go along with ..., to adhere or stick to (one); *es mit mehreren Parteien* —, to shift or turn from one side to the other, to shuffle, prevaricate, coll. to be Jack of all sides; (*etwas*) *auf* or *über etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to set (a) value upon ..., to set store by ..., to care for ..., value; to lay a stress upon ...; to be particular about ...; to insist upon ..., adhere to ..., observe; viel *auf* ... —, to set great value upon, &c.; to make much of; to think highly of; *sie hält etwas auf mich*, she has some regard for me; *daß für* —, to hold, take, think, look upon (as ...); *ich halte da für*, I hold; or *hielt sie für krank*, he supposed her to be ill; *man hält mich für einen Andern*, I am mistaken for another; *für verloren* —, to give up for lost, to regard as lost; *gehalten sein zu* ... —, to be obliged to ...; *etwas gegen* ... —, to set off or contrast something against ...; to compare with ...

II. *ref.* 1) to seize, take, or lay hold (an (*with Dat.*, *some*, *with Acc.*), of); 2) to hold or keep one's self (in a certain position); *sich gerade* —, to keep one's self straight; *sich trumm* —, to stoop; 3) to maintain one's self; to hold out, stand the brunt (of a fortune, &c.); *das Wetter hält sich* (nicht), the weather holds on, continues (breaks); 4) to hold, keep one's self, to be (ready, &c.); to maintain one's ground; *sich links* —, to keep to the left; *sich rechts* —, to be cleanly; *sich im Bett* —, to remain in bed; *sich zu Hause* —, to keep at home; *sich überzeugt* —, to be convinced; 5) *see* an *sich* —, *intr.*; 6) to abide by, to adhere, stand, stick to; to depend upon; 7) to continue in a good and uninjured state, (of fruit, meat, &c.) to keep, to last; (of clothes) to wear well; to stand (of colour); *sich nicht* —, not to keep well, to be perishable (of goods); 8) *Ag.* to do (fare) well or ill, to behave; *ich kann mich kaum auf den Füßen* —, I am scarcely able to stand; *sich im Preise* —, *Comm.* to maintain or support itself, to remain steady, to keep firm; *sich entsetzt* —, to keep aloof; *sich zu* ... —, to join with ...; *sich zu* or *an* (*with Acc.*), to take or hold to; *sich an* (*with Acc.*) —, to keep or stand to; to abide by or in ...; adhere to; to resort back to, to rely upon; *sich nach* —, to conform or adhere to (one's prescriptions, &c.); *ich merke mich* (*between* an *Ere* —, I shall come upon (claim from, or upon, look to) you for it; *sich gut* —, 1. to behave well; 2. *Med.* to keep a strict diet; *sich in der Ere* —, *Mar.* to keep the sea, to be sea-worthy; *sich bey* —, *coll.* to make haste, use despatch, to look sharp.

III. (*intr.*) 1) to hold, &c. *cf.* *tr.*; 2) to stop; 3) to keep (an (*with Dat.*), to), to be constant, to stick (to); 4) *auf* (*with Acc.*) or *über* (*with Acc.*) —, to set (a) value upon, &c. *see tr.* (towards the end); to care for; 5) to be firm, strong; to endure, hold; to bear (of ice &c.); to keep, last (of clothes); to stand, keep (of colours), *cf.* II. 7; *dielt* —, 1. to be water-tight or air-tight; 2. *Ag.* to be close, to keep counsel; *halt dielt beim Winde*! *Mar.* touch the wind! hard a lee! *auf Ordnung* —, to keep order, discipline, auf *Träume* —, to believe in dreams; *Comm-s.* *auf Preis* —, to hold to the price; *ich hielt juchst auf 97*, I hold out at first for 97; an *sich* (*Acc.*) —, to check, contain or moderate one's self; to forbear, refrain, restrain, keep one's temper; to be reserved, to keep back; *was — Sie von der Sache?* what do you think (is your opinion) of the matter? *ich weiß nicht was ich davon soll*, I do not know what to think of it, I cannot make it out; *woß halt!* yet stay!

IV. (*intr.*) (*impers.*) (*schwer* —, to be attended with difficulty; *es hält schwer* (or *hart*), it is hard, difficult.

Halteplatz, (*str.*) *pl.* *f.* —plätze *m.* 1) halting-place; (für *Richtfusschen*) cab-stand; coach-stand; 2) place of an ambush (*Hinterehalt*).

Halte, (*str.*) *m.* 1) holder, keeper; 2) hold, support; 3) *see* *Haltehalter*, *Einhaltehalter* &c.; 4) *Archit.* buttment; 5) *see* *Halte*; 6) *Provinc.* holster.

Halte, supposed to be used as an Austrian provincialism in the sense of *Halte*, *B.*; but popular opinion in non-Austrian Germany (*cf.* the passages quoted in *Wagand's, Grimm's, Sanders',* and other *Dictionaries*, to which may be added, „*es läßt sich sehr leicht selbige überflüssige Gefährdeten hielten*“, words quoted as coming from an Austrian official by *Saune*, *Spazier*, (Wien)) seems to labour under a strange mistake as to this word, which is not known in Austria, according to Austrian linguists, *f. i.* *Dr. K. Kock*, the well-known translator of the works of *Longfellow*, &c. The latter

buy at (the) first or best hand; wir geben Ihnen noch 50 Centner an die —, we give you the option of 50 cwt. more: Wechsel von der —, direct bills; in Händen des Hrn. ..., care of Mr. ...: auf die — geben, to give or make earnest, to pay money in hand; nach der — kaufen, to buy in the lump or in the gross; unter der —, 1. under hand, secretly, privately; unter der — verkaufen, to dispose of by private sale, to sell under hand, privately, or by private bargain; 2. by imperceptible degrees, imperceptibly; auf freier — gehören, to draw without a model; auf freier — gearbeitet, hand-worked; made by hand; haben Sie nicht freie —? are you not your own master? have you not free play (a clear stage)? einem freie — geben, to leave a thing at one's discretion, to leave one free play, to let one use his own discretion; etwas für die gute — geben, see Zwinggeld geben; (Jemandes) rechte —, coll. right-hand man; mit — und Mund versprechen, to promise solemnly; eine rechte — haben, to be a ready hand at; die — im Spiele haben, to have a hand in ...; coll. to have a finger in the pie; die — über Jemand halten, to hold out one's hand over one; die — von Jemand abziehen, to withdraw one's assistance from one; einem auf die Hände sehen, to watch one, keep an eye upon; auf eigene —, at one's own risk, hands, or expenses; of one's own accord; es liegt auf der (Handen) —, man kann es mit (den) Händen greifen, the thing is plain (coll. as clear as noonday), evident; ich habe es von guter —, I have it from very good hands (from good authority); vor der — (jetzt), for the present, now; (die) Hände weg! hands off! off hands! etc (or wie) man die (or eine) — umdreht, in the turn of a hand (or die), in a trice; auf der — in den Mund leben, to live from hand to mouth; — und Fuß haben, *fig.* to be well-made or done; to be to the purpose; die Sache hat — und Fuß, there is rhyme and reason in the matter; die Sache hat weder — noch Fuß, there is neither rhyme nor reason (neither head nor tail) in the matter; *prov.-s.* ehrliche — geht durch's ganze Land, honesty is the best policy; eine — wäscht die andere, one good turn deserves another.

Hand..., *in comp.* —amboss, *m.* small anvil; stake; —anlegung, *f.* the act of apprehending, seizure, &c. *cf.* —anlegen; —arbeit, *f.* handiwork, hand-work, manual labour, handicraft; (metallische) needel-work: (feinere) fancy-work, ornamental work; —arbeiter, *m.* mechanic, handicraftsman, operative; —(Hände)aufheben, *n.* (in political and other assemblies) show of hands (a mode of voting); —auflegung, *f.* Theol. the laying on of hands, *cf.* Auflegung, 1; —anbruch, *m.* see —bewegung; —ausgabe, *f.* a small or pocket edition (of a book); —bauf, *m.* small pair of bellows; —bäulen, *m.* Anat. ball of the hand; —bänder, *n. pl.* Anat. ligaments of the hand; —baum, *m.* 1) Mech. lever; 2) Mar. handspike of the windlass; —beden, *n.* (hand-)basin; —beil, *n.* a small hatchet; —besatz, *m.* wristband (of a shirt); —beuger, *m.* Anat. flexor of the hand; —bewegung, *f.* movement of the hands, gestulation; —bewegungen machen, to gesticulate; —bibel, *f.* a small-sized bible; —bibliothek, *f.* portable library; —bitung, *f.* the act of offering one's hand or assistance; —bilder, —bildner, *m.* see —leiter, 1; 1) —blatt, *n.* 1) wrist-band; 2) form. cuff, ruffe; —blod, *m.* beetle, rammer; —blume, *f.* Bot. wall-flower (*Chelidonium majus* L., *Goldblod*); —bogen, *m.* small bow, hand-bow; —bohrer, *m.* gimblet; —breit, *adj.* of a hand's breadth; —breite, *f.* a hand's breadth; —briefchen, *n.* a note, small letter; billet; —brüde, *f.* portable bridge; —bube, *m.* hand-boy; —buch, *n.* manual, hand-book; compendium, text-book; das Staats—buch,

the State Calendar; das militärische —buch, the Military Almanac; —büchse, *f.* hand-gun; —büchsen, (*str.*) *n.* (dimin. of *Hand*) small or little hand.

Hand..., *in comp.* —campes, *m.* compass dial; —deck, *f.* small horse-cloth; saddle-cloth; —dienst, *m.* manual, *i. e.* personal service; —drud, *m.* see Händedrud.

Hande..., *in comp.* —aufheben, *n.* see Handaufheben; —anlegung, *f.* see Handauflegung; —brud, *m.* squeeze, pressure of the hand, shake-hands.

Hand..., *in comp.* —cimer, *m.* pail, bucket; —cifen, *n.* hand-fetter, handcuff, manacle.

Händeklatschen, (*str.*) *n.* a clapping of (the) hands.

Handel, (*str.*, *pl.* Händel) *m.* 1) business; transaction; affair, matter; 2) quarrel, squabble, brawl, fray; Händel anfangen, anfangen, to begin, stir up brawl, quarrel; 3) action, suit (at law); (without *pl.*) 4) bargain, purchase; —auf Verzicht (Verzichtung), bargain on vowing; —auf Nachsicht, bargain on examination; 5) commerce, trade, traffic; —im Ganzen oder Großen, wholesale; zum — gehörig, commercial, mercantile; im — gangbar, merchantable; den — lernen, to learn business; den — an sich reifen, to engross the trade; —treiben, 1. to trade, traffic, do business, deal (mit, in); to carry on commerce; 2. (with *mit* ...) *fig.* to make a trade of ...; einen — schließen, to strike or make a bargain; einen guten — machen, to make a good market, to meet with a good bargain; —S einig werden, to agree; wir waren S einig, we had concluded the bargain; im — stehen um ..., to deal or bargain for ..., to be in hand (in price) with; ein —, wobei man verliert, a losing bargain (or concern); ein —, wobei man sein angelegtes Geld wieder bekommt, a saving bargain; einen guten — machen, to meet with a good bargain, to make a good market; —und Wandel, *coll.* business (trade) in general, trade and traffic; —und Gewerbe, commerce and manufactures.

Handeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) to act; to be in action, to perform; to deal; (sich) mit einem —, to deal ill with one, to use one ill; (sich) freundlich u. an einem —, to act honestly, civilly, &c. towards one, *coll.* to do the honest, civil, &c. thing by one; 2) a) to deal (mit, in), trade, traffic, carry on commerce, to transact business, to buy and sell; er handelt mit (selben) Waaren, he deals, does business, trades in silk wares; b) to bargain (um, for); (genau —) to haggle, higgie, to drive a close bargain, *coll.* to higgie; haggle; um ... —, to cheapen (any commodity); 3) *fig.* von oder über (with *acc.*) —, to treat of, to discourse or argue on, to discuss; woben or worüber handelt es? what is it (the discussion) about? mit einem über or um etwas —, to be bargaining with one about or for ...; er läßt mit sich —, he is easily dealt with, he yields or abates, he is not averse to treat; he is open to bargaining; er läßt nicht mit sich —, there is no bargaining with him (no bating him), he is not to be treated with; II. *refl. impers.* to be or lie at stake; es handelt sich um (eine Sache), the question is: die Sache, um die es sich handelt, the matter (point, subject) in question; es handelt sich bei diesem Streit um die National-ehre, the national honour is involved (concerned) in this dispute; um was (or woben) handelt es sich? what is the matter (the point in question)?

Handels... (*cf.* Handlung...), *in comp.* commercial, mercantile; —abgabe, *f.* commercial duty; —academie, *f.* see —schule; —adreßbuch, *n.* commercial directory; —agent, *m.* commercial or mercantile agent, factor; —amt, *n.*

board of trade, commercial board; —angelegenheiten, *f. pl.* commercial affairs; in —angelegenheiten, in matters of trade; —anhalten, *f. pl.* commercial institutions; —anwalt, *m.* attorney (for commercial affairs); —artikel, *m.* article of trade, commodity; —anbruch, *m.* mercantile expression, commercial term; —anfschub, *m.* committee of merchants; —bedient, *m.* + see —diener; —bedürfnis, *n.* necessity of commerce; —beruf, *m.* one occupied in trade; —befugnis, *f. pl.* trading-licence; —bericht, *m.* commercial advice, report; —beschränkungen, *f. pl.* commercial restrictions, restrictions on trade; —betrieb, *m.* —betriebsamt, *f.* commercial or mercantile pursuits; traffic; —bewegung, *f.* movement (of trade); —begünstigung, *f. pl.* commercial relations; —bilanz, *f.* balance of trade; —brauch, *m.* commercial custom or usage; —brief, *m.* commercial letter; —buch, *n.* 1) ledger; 2) (in courts of justice) record; —capital, *n.* stock in trade.

Handelschaft, (*w.*) *f.* 1) commerce, traffic: the knowledge of commercial business; 2) see Handelsfreund; 2) —ist keine Handelschaft, there can be no friendship in business.

Handelschaftlich, *adj.* commercial, mercantile.

Handels..., *in comp.* —collegium, *n.* court or board of trade; —compagnie, *f.* trading company; —compagniegeßell, *m.* trade-dues, trade; —compagnon, *m.* partner; —concession, *f.* license of trade; —council, *m.* see —collegium; —consortien, see —genossen; —consul, *m.* merchant-consul; —consulent, *m.* jurist versed in commercial law; —corporation, *f.* corporation of merchants; —correspondenz, *f.* mercantile correspondence; —courier, *m.* express, courier; —crise, —crisis, *f.* commercial crisis, crisis in commerce; —deputation, *f.* see —collegium; —deputierte, *m.* 1) member of a board of trade; 2) deputy of the merchants; —dictionar, *n.* commercial dictionary; —diener, *m.* merchant's or commercial clerk; —director, *m.* director of a trading-company; —drud, *m.* oppression of the trade; —entwurf, *m.* speculation; —fact, *n.* commercial, mercantile, or trading line; —factor, *m.* manager; —factorei, *f.* factory; —firma, *f.* (commercial) firm; —flotte, *f.* merchant-fleet; commercial navy; —frau, *f.* tradeswoman, trading-woman; merchant's wife; die —frau (unter eigner Firma), *sem(m)s* sole merchant or trader; —freiheit, *f.* liberty of trade, free-trade; licence for trading; —freund, *m.* correspondent, friend (in business), neighbour; employer (see Auftragsgeber); —gärtner, *m.* market-gardener; florist; —gebrauch, see —brauch; —gehilfe, *m.* see —diener; —geiß, *m.* commercial spirit; —genossen, —geschäftspartner, *m. pl.* companions or partners in trade; proprietors in a trading-company; —genossenschaft, *f.* partnership; trading-company; —geographie, *f.* commercial geography; —gerechtigkeit, —gerechtigkeit, *f.* see —privilegium; —gericht, *m.* board of trade, commercial court, tribunal of commerce, court of trade; —gerichtlich protokolliert, duly registered (firm); —geschäfte, *n. pl.* commercial or mercantile business or transactions; —geschäfte, *f.* commercial history; —gesellschaft, *f.* (co-)partnership; trading-company, (collective) society of merchants; joint-stock company; —gesellschaft, *m.* (co-)partner; —gesetz, *n.* commercial law; —gesetzbuch, *n.* commercial code; —gesetzgebung, *f.* commercial legislation; —gewerbe, *n.* trading-business; —gewicht, *m.* avoir-dupois weight; —gewinn, *f.* see —brauch; —hafen, *m.* trading-port; —haus, *n.* commercial house or establishment, trading-house, mercantile house; firm; ein angelegenes —haus, a house of rank; —herr,

m. (great) merchant; principal, proprietor, or head of a firm: —*innung*, *f.* corporation, corporate body of merchants or tradesmen; —*institut*, *n.* 1) commercial institution; 2) *see* —*schule*; —*interessen*, *n.* pl. commercial or trading interests; —*jude*, *m.* trading Jew; —*kammer*, *f.* chamber of commerce, *cf.* —*amt*; —*kenntnis*, —*kunde*, *f.* commercial knowledge; —*klemme*, *f.* uneasiness in commerce; —*kriese*, *see* —*krisen*; —*fürstener*, *m.* dealer in furs, furrier (*see* *Handwörterbuch*); —*lehre*, *f.* *see* —*schule*; —*lehrling*, *m.* apprentice; —*leiste*, *pl.* tradesmen, salesmen, tradespeople, shopkeepers, dealers, traffickers; *see* —*liste*, petty traders; —*lektion*, *n.* commercial dictionary; —*müller*, *m.* commercial or produce-broker; —*mann*, *m.* tradesman, trafficker, dealer, shopkeeper; merchant; —*marine*, *f.* commercial or mercantile navy; —*markt*, *m.* *see* —*platz*; —*minister*, *m.* minister of commerce; (in England) president of the Board of Trade; Friedrich der Große war sein eigentlicher Handels- und Finanzminister, Frederick the Great was his own minister for trade and justice (*Macaulay*, *Biogr. Ess.* 31); —*ministerium*, *n.* ministry of commerce; Board of Trade; —*monopol*, *n.* commercial monopoly; —*nation*, *f.* commercial nation; —*niederlegung*, *f.* factory; —*ort*, *f.* commercial distress; —*ort*, *m.* *see* —*platz*; —*part*, *see* *Parti*; —*patron*, *m.* *see* —*herr*; —*perle*, *f.* juncture; —*personal*, *n.* *see* *Handwörterbuch*; —*platz*, *m.* commercial or trading place, staple-town, *cf.* —*stadt*; der große —*platz*, emporium; mart; —*politik*, *f.* commercial policy; —*praktikum*, *m.* apprenticeship; —*privilegium*, *pl.* bonuses; —*privileg*, *f.* *see* *Privileg*; —*privilegium*, *n.* right of trade, license for trading; —*rat*, *m.* board of trade; —*recht*, *m.* 1) *see* —*privilegium*; 2) commercial law, merchant-law, law of (the) merchants, law of the staple; —*register*, *n.* commercial register (at the commercial court); Anmeldung zum —*register*, notice to register; —*reichthümer*, *m.* pl. commercial riches; —*reise*, *f.* journey on commercial affairs; business-tour; —*reise*, *n.* commercial traveller, *see* *Handwörterbuch*; —*reise*, *f.* pl. commercial transactions, *cf.* —*angelegenheiten*; —*schiff*, *m.* merchantman, trading vessel; —*schiffahrt*, *f.* commercial navigation; —*schreiber*, *m.* merchant tailor; —*schreiben*, *n.* *see* —*brief*; —*schule*, *f.* commercial school or academy; —*schüler*, *m.* pupil of a commercial school; —*schuttheit*, *f.* security of commerce; —*schütze*, *f.* *see* —*gefelligkeit*; —*större*, *f.* stop put to trade; (the act of) closing the barriers for prohibiting trade; —*staat*, *m.* commercial state; —*stadt*, *f.* commercial, mercantile, trading, or market town; die große —*stadt*, staple-town, emporium; —*stand*, *m.* 1) mercantile life or line; 2) the body of merchants, trading community, trading class; —*statistik*, *f.* commercial statistics; —*straße*, *f.* commercial road or route, highway of commerce or trade; —*system*, *n.* commercial system; —*tarif*, *m.* commercial tariff; —*tätigkeit*, *f.* commercial activity; —*tractat*, *m.* *see* —*vertrag*.

Händelsucht, (*w.*) *f.* quarrelsomeness, pugnacity. — *Händelsüchtig*, *adj.* quarrelsome, pugnacious.

Händel... *in comp.* —*unternehmung*, *f.* commercial enterprise or undertaking, speculation; —*anfang*, *f.* *see* —*brauch*; —*verkehr*, *m.* *see* —*verkehr*; —*verkehrung*, *f.* 1) commercial relation, mercantile connexion, connexion in business; 2) *see* —*verkehr*; —*verkehr*, *m.* interdiction of trade or commerce, prohibition of trade; —*vererber*, *m.* coll. spoil trade; —*verein*, *m.* commercial association, mercantile union or community; der (große) deutsche —*verein*, (great) German commercial confeder-

ation, *see* *Zeitschrift*; —*verfall*, *m.* decay or decline of trade; —*verkehr*, *m.* commercial intercourse or dealings, traffic; market; —*vertrag*, *m.* treaty of commerce, commercial treaty; —*volk*, *m.* trading people, commercial people (men or nation); —*verrat*, *m.* stock in trade; —*versteile*, *m.* pl. commercial advantages; —*ware*, *f.* *see* —*artikel*; —*weg*, *m.* *see* —*straße*; —*weise*, *f.* *see* *Handlungswelt*; —*welt*, *f.* commercial world, mercantile community; —*wert*, *m.* trade-value, commercial or marketable value; —*wesen*, *n.* trade, business, and everything relating to commerce; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* commercial science; —*wörterbuch*, *n.* commercial dictionary; —*zeichen*, *n.* trade-mark; —*zeichnung*, *f.* commercial gazette; —*zettel*, *m.* note; —*zweig*, *m.* branch of trade or commerce.

Händlerisch, *adj.* trading, commercial. *Händlerzeugung*, (*w.*) *f.* show of hands (*cf.* —*aufgeben*).

Händel... *in comp.* —*spiel*, *n.* 1) hot-cockles; 2) hot-cockles; —*sprache*, *f.* chirology, dactylogy; —*wert*, *m.* handwork, handiwork.

Hand... *in comp.* —*hant*, *f.* *Min.* descent by the ladder; —*hant*, *n.* 1) *see* —*hübel*; 2) wash-hand-basin; —*hantel*, *m.* miner's hammer; —*helle*, *f.* a small file; —*hellein*, *f.* pl. hand-fetters, shackles, manacles; —*helt*, *adj.* 1) strong, robust, stout, sturdy, iron-handed, coll. strong-fisted; 2) *Mar.* hand-tight; 3) *provenc.* binding; —*helt* machen, 1. *Law.* to apprehend, arrest; 2. *Man.* to break in, train (a horse); —*helt*, *f.* t, written document, bond; —*heltewaffe*, *f.* hand-gun (*Handgewehr*); —*helt*, *f.* palm of the hand; —*heltler*, *pl.* *Zool.* cheiroptera; —*heltig*, *adj.* shaped like a hand, *Bot.* palmated; —*helt*, *adj.* elbow-free; —*helt*, *n.* 1) *Law.* bail, guarantee; —*helt*, *f.* *see* —*dienst*; —*heltner*, *m.* soocager (*Soocager*); —*heltner*, *m.* chirograph (for blind persons); —*galopp*, *m.* *Man.* short or hand gallop; —*gebruch*, *m.* convenient, every day's use; —*gehört*, *n.* *Sport.* palm, palmed head; —*geho*, *n.* 1) earnest-money, earnest; *Comm.* advances, advance money; 2) *Mid.* smart, recruiting, or bounty money, the king's shilling; —*geho*, *n.* *see* —*wurzel*; —*geho*, *n.* solemn promise by shaking (joining) of hands; —*geho*, *f.* *see* —*clim*; —*geho*, *adv.* engaged in battle or close fight, fighting; —*geho* werden, *Mid.* to fall in with the enemy; to engage in battle, to fight hand to hand; to come to close-quarters, to come to the close, or blows, to fall or go together by the ears; —*geho*, *n.* hand-to-hand encounter; close fight, scuffle, fray, engagement, combat, skirmish; —*geho* machen (*Einem etwas*), *lit.* *cf.* *Ag.* to bring (something) under one's hands; —*geho*, *n.* 1) bracelet; 2) *ind.* hand-fetters; —*geho*, *n.* 1) handloom-weaving, home-spuns; 2) hand-spun yarn; —*geho*, *n.* hand-gun (*cf.* —*weisse*); —*geho*, *n.* *see* —*gehört*; —*geho*, *n.* shop (in a cellar) arranged for retail-trade; —*geho*, *f.* gout in the hands, chiroagra; —*geho*, *f.* 1) *see* —*geho*; 2) *see* *Handhülse*; —*geho*, *f.* hand-bell; —*geho*, *adj.* *Ag.* palpable, plain, manifest, evident, downright; substantial; —*geho*, *adj.* *Ag.* practical joke; —*geho*, *adj.* *Ag.* gross lie; —*geho*, *adj.* *Ag.* palpableness, evidence; —*geho*, *m.* 1) grasp, *Ac.* handle, *Ac.* *see* —*Griff*; 2) rounce (of a printing-press); hand-rail (of bannisters, *Ac.*); 3) sleight; 4) —*griffe*, *pl.* (mit dem *Griffe*) *Mid.* manual exercise; manipulation; 5) *Ag.* skilful contrivance, dexterous proceeding, *coll.* knack; —*geho*, *m.* —*guderel*, *f.* *coml.* *see* —*wehrsager* *ic.*

Handhülse, (*w.*) *f.* handle, ear, haft; hand-hold; *Typ.* rounce; *pl.* *Gumm.* manligions (of a cannon).

Handhüten, (*w.* *cf.* *insp.*) *v.* tr. 1) to handle,

manipulate; to wield, use, manage; 2) *Ag.* to exercise, administer (justice, *Ac.*).

Handhabung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) handling, *Ac.*, manipulation, management; 2) administration. (*see* auf *Freiher*) *Zeit.*

Handhaft, *adj.* *see* *Handlich*; auf *der Hand*, *Hand...* *in comp.* —*haften*, *m.* *Mar.* grapple; —*habe*, *f.* *see* —*habe*; —*habel*, *m.* hand-gear, starting-gear, starting-lever; —*hoh*, *adj.* 1) a hand's breadth high; 2) palmar; —*hülse*, *f.* *Man.* *appui*.

Handig, *adj.* *Mar.* manageable (weather). *Handig*, *adj.* 1) *in comp.* having hands, handed: ein *Handig*es *Wort*, a two-handed word; 2) *provenc.* a) at hand, handy, convenient; b) active (*Behend*); 3) *see* *Handig*.

Hand... *in comp.* —*hisse*, *m.* *provenc.* small cheese; —*hissen*, *m.* hand-barrow; —*hau*, *m.* 1) the selling off-hand; 2) retail; 3) sale or purchase in the lump or by guess; 4) *coll.* hand-sell; den —*hau* *hissen*, *coll.* to take hand-sell; —*hau*, *f.* a rattle; *pl.* *cf.* *Gefahren*; —*hoben*, *m.* *Mar.* hand-vice; —*huppe*, *f.* *see* *Hebebaum*; —*hord*, *m.* 1) hand-basket; 2) ladies' work-basket; 3) basket-hilt (of a sword); —*hümpel*, —*hümpel*, *pl.* *Mar.* hand-cards; —*hülle*, *f.* *coll.* ruffle; —*hülle*, *n.* *Bot.* cinque-foil (*Adiantum* L.); —*hülle*, *m.* hand-pail, hand-tub; —*hülle*, *m.* mechanic, mechanician; —*hülle*, *m.* the (act of) kissing the hand; *jum* —*hülle* *gelangen*, to be admitted to kiss (a sovereign's) hand; —*lang*, *adj.* as long as a hand; *Man.* —*langen*, (*w.* *cf.* *insp.*) *v.* *ind.* 1) to carry mortar and other requisites for building; 2) *coll.* to lend a hand; —*langer*, *m.* tray-man, hod-man, hod-carrier; under-workman, mate; jobber; under-strapper; labourer; —*leder*, *m.* *Shoe-m.*, *Saddl.*, *Ac.* palm, hand-leather; —*lebig*, *adj.* t, emancipated, set free; —*lebig*, *m.* free *Ac.*, hereditary *Ac.* *Handlein*, (*str.*) *n.* (*provenc.* *Ac.*) * (*dimin.* of *Hand*) small or little hand (*Handchen*).

Hand... *in comp.* —*heller*, *I.* *m.* *Man.* hand-guide, hand-director, chiroplast; 2) guide; adviser; *II.* *f.* small ladder; —*leistung*, *f.* 1) manuduction; 2) guidance, direction, instruction.

Handler, (*str.*) *m.* *in comp.* a dealer, trader in ... —*monger* *Ac.* Eisenhändler, iron-monger.

Handlerin, (*w.*) *f.* (*in comp.*) a trading woman; *cf.* *Handelstraß*.

Hand... *in comp.* —*hant*, *f.* hand-lantern; —*hant*, *m.* hat (hand)-candlestick; —*hant*, *n.* *see* —*wörterbuch*.

Handlich (*pr.* *hant*—), *I.* *adj.* 1) handy; manageable; 2) active; stirring; stout (*Handfist*); *ich* *den* *Handen* —*juchehen* (*Schiller*, *Tell*, *cf.* *Sanders*), I shouted to the men to bear a hand; 3) practical; 4) *coll.* tolerable, middling; *II.* *cf.* *Hand*, (*w.*) *f.* handiness, *Ac.*

Handling, (*str.*) *m.* an edible mushroom, *Clavaria coralloides* L.

Hand... *in comp.* —*linie*, *f.* line of the hand; —*lohn*, *m.* wages earned by manual labour; —*lohn*, *m.* *Mar.* hand-lead.

Handlung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) action, act, deed; 2) action or acting (of a player); *Print.*, *Script.* action; 3) *Theat.* act, scene (of a play); 4) *ob.* *solocum*, trade, traffick, commerce; *dit* —*lernen*, to learn business; 5) trading house, commercial business or establishment.

Handlung... *in comp.* (*cf.* *Handel*...) —*bediensteter*, *m.* manager; —*brief*, *m.* commercial or mercantile letter; —*bücher*, *n.* pl. 1) mercantile books; 2) the (set of) books requisite in a counting house; —*concessionist*, *m.* a merchant to whom a particular license has been conceded, patentee; —*clerk*, *m.* (merchant's) clerk (*cf.* *Handelsclerk*); —*disponent*, *m.* manager; —*freund*, *m.* *see* *Handelsfreund*; —*genoss*, *m.* *see* *Handelsgenoss*; —*gesellschaft*, *m.* proprietor in a trading com-

paus: —*geſe*, *n.* *see* *Händelgeſe*; —*grundſatz*, *m.* maxim, principle; —*Inhaber*, *m.* proprietor of a firm; —*Kunde*, *m.* customer, purchaser, consumer; —*marſe*, *f.* *see* —*geſe*; —*name*, *m.* firm; —*perſonal*, *m.* assistants, clerks (in a commercial house); —*reiſende*, *m.* commercial traveller, travelling-clerk, traveller or rider for orders, *coll.* *bagman* (*Wuſterreiter*); —*ſignet*, *m.* *see* —*geſe*; —*ſpeſen*, —*unſteſen*, *pl.* business-charges; —*unſteſenbuch*, *m.* book of charges, petty cash-book; —*unſteſenſte*, *m.* account of charges; —*verſand*, *m.* head of a firm; —*weiſe*, *f.* 1) (the) way or manner of acting, course of action; conduct; habits; 2) *Comm.* mode of dealing, management; —*zeichen*, *m.* (trade-)mark, signature; brand; —*zweig*, *m.* branch of commerce, line of business.

Hanf... *in comp.* —*maſ*, *n.* 1) mark or mole in the hand; 2) *see* —*geſe*; —*meſſer*, *n.* 1) hand-knife; 2) carrier's or comb-maker's knife; —*mörſer*, *m.* *Comm.* hand-mortar; —*müſſe*, *m.* a little muf; —*müſſe*, *f.* hand-mill; —*münze*, *f.* small coin (*ſchöndmünze*); —*oſch*, *m.* near-ox (*opp.* *Reinſch*); —*oſgel*, *f.* 1) cabinet organ (*ſeffito*); 2) barrel-organ (*Drehorgel*); —*paſſe*, *f.* tympan; —*perſe*, *n.* 1) near horse; 2) a) led-horse, baggage-horse (*Wagſperſe*); b) a spare horse; —*piſſet*, *f.* *Law*, promise or contract confirmed by shaking hands; —*poſſen*, *n.* *Min.* hand-pounding; —*preſſe*, *f.* hand-press; (*common*) printing-press (worked by manual power); —*praſſe*, *wagen*, *m.* *Min.* small limber; —*pumpe*, *f.* hand-pump; —*queſſe*, *f.* *provinc.* towel; —*ramme*, *f.* *Mech.* beater, paving beetle, commander; —*reſt*, *adj.* *see* —*geret*; —*reſſung*, *f.* (*l.u.*: —*reſſ*, *m.*) help, assistance; charity; cincture; —*reſſung* thun or *ſeſſen*, to do a hand's turn; —*reſſ*, *m.* *see* —*geſe*; —*reſſ*, *n.* hand-gun; —*reſſe*, *f.* hand-mangle; —*reſſ*, *n.* *see* —*perſe*; —*reſſen*, *m.* back of the hand; —*reſſe*, *f.* the hand-staff (of a ſail); the stock of a whip, &c.; —*reſſe*, *f.* hand-saw.

Hanf'am, *adj.* (*l. u.*) manageable.

Hanf... *in comp.* —*ſaum*, *m.* hem of the sleeve; —*ſauſel*, *f.* hand scoop; —*ſeſen*, *m.* *see* —*ſchuldſein*; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* 1) hand-bell; 2) hand-fetter; manacle; (*Einem*) —*ſeſſen* anſehen, to handcuff; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* 1) blow or stroke with the hand; 2) the offering of the hand or the joining of hands as the pledge of an obligation or promise; *den* —*ſeſſe* ſehen, to pledge one's self solemnly by joining hands; —*ſeſſel*, *m.* a small mallet; —*ſeſſten*, *m.* (*Engl.*) hand sledge, (*Am.*) hand sleigh; —*ſeſſen*, *m.* *coll.* stroke in the palm of the hand; *ſam.* hot-cockles; —*ſeſſen*, *f.* hand-screw (an instrument of torture); —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *m.* *Mech.* hand-vice; —*ſeſſen*, *n.* a confidential letter or note (generally of a person of high rank, a prince, with his sign-manual); —*ſeſſt*, *f.* 1) handwriting, hand; *ich* erkannte an *den* —*ſeſſt*, *daſ* es ein Brief von *ih*r war, I knew by the writing, that it was a letter from her; 2) manuscript; 3) bond, obligation, bill under one's hand; —*ſeſſtenſteſſe*, *f.* palaeography; —*ſeſſtlich*, *adj.* & *adv.* (*in*) manuscript: in writing; —*ſeſſtliche* ſchreibere, chirographer; *cine* —*ſeſſtliche* ſchreibereſchreibung von *ſchöſſe*, a manuscript life of *Zachokke*; —*ſeſſen*, *m.* 1) glove; 2) gauntlet (*ſam* *Handſchuh*); —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* glove-opener; —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *n.* *see* —*ſeſſenſteſſer*; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *n.* *pl.* shapes for gloves; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* glove-tie, glove-fastener; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *n.* glove-gloving-leather, kid-leather; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* glove; —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *f.* glove's silk; —*ſeſſenſteſſen*, *m.* *Comm.* note of hand, promissory note, bill under one's own hand, hand-bill, bill of debt, due bill; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* hand-shuttle; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* serpent, squib;

—*ſeſſe*, *f.* wash-ball; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* hand rope (of winding-stairs); —*ſeſſe*, *f.* *Mar.* near-side; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* seal manual, signet; —*ſeſſen*, *m.* small spade; —*ſeſſe* (*N. O.* —*ſeſſe*), *f.* (travelling) hand-spike; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* 1) *ſam.* hot-cockles; 2) *see* *ſeſſenſteſſer*; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* 1) little spit, turned by the hand; 2) *see* —*ſeſſe*; —*ſeſſe*, *see* *ſeſſenſteſſe*; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* hand or portable engine (for throwing water), squirt; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* *Mar.* ship-staff; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* *T.* 1) iron-rod for cleaning the furnace; 2) hand-rail, stair-rod; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* private stamp or seal; office-stamp; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* a small hand-vice; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* 1) blow, stroke of the hand; 2) *l.u.*, &c. *coup de main*; surprise; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* hand-loom; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* hand-loom weaver; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* day of compulsory service; —*ſeſſen*, *f.* *pl.* finger-board (of a piano); —*ſeſſen*, *m.* the palm of the hand; —*ſeſſe*, *adj.* *Bot.* palmately-parted; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* *Zool.* cheirotherium, labyrinthodon (Owen) (*Chirotherium Barthi*).

Hanfſteſſen *it.*, *see* *Hanfſteſſen* *it.*

Hanf... *in comp.* —*ſeſſe*, *f.* pledge of faith given by hand; —*ſeſſe*, *adj.* to plight one's faith by the joining of hands; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* labour, labourer, labourer(s); —*ſeſſe*, *n.* towel; —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *m.* *Comm.* towelling; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* towel-horse; —*ſeſſenſteſſen* (*im*), in a turn of the hand, in a trice; —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *m.* retail, hand-trade; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* retailer; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* handful; —*ſeſſenſteſſe*, *adv.* by handful; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* hand-weapon; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* double wheel-barrow; *Mag-s.* —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* chiromancer, palmist; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *f.* chiromancy, palmistry; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* *see* —*ſeſſenſteſſer*; —*ſeſſe*, *n.* water to wash the hands; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* hand-loom weaver; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *f.* handloom-weaving; —*ſeſſenſteſſer*, *m.* *Mech.* common or hand-loom; —*ſeſſe*, *m.* *Comm.* 1) exchange of money; 2) *see* —*ſeſſenſteſſer*; —*ſeſſe*, *f.* *T.* hand-rod.

Hanfwerk, (*str.*) *n.* 1) handicraft, craft, trade, business, profession; 2) company, corporation, guild; *er iſt* *ſeinem* *H-e* *nach* *ein* *ſchreiber*, he is a tailor by trade; *coll-s.* *Einem* *daſ* — *legen*, to stop a person's proceedings in a peremptory way; to put one down; *ich* *werde* *ihm* *daſ* — *ſeſſen* *legen*, I'll do his business for him; *Einem* *inſ* — *greſſen*, to encroach upon one's business or rights; *daſ* — *greſſen* or *anſprechen*, *T.* to address the trade (of travelling journeyman); *daſ* — *halten*, to meet (of a guild); *daſ* — *entriden*, to pay one's contribution to the box (of the guild).

Hanfwerker, (*str.*) *m.* handicraftsman; craftsman, tradesman, artisan, workman, mechanic; —*verein*, *m.* mod. trades-union.

Hanfwerklich, *adj.* *see* *Hanfwerkſamſig*.

Hanfwerkſam... *in comp.* —*ſteſſer*, *m.* *see* *Obermeſſer*; —*ſteſſer*, *m.* law and statute of a guild or corporation; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* mechanic's bench; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* youngest member of a guild (whose office it is to summon the members to meetings, &c.); —*ſteſſe*, *gebruuch*, *m.* usage among mechanics; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* (travelling) journeyman, itinerant workman; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* tradesman's wife, tradeswoman; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* fellow-tradesman; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* journeyman; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *T.* journeyman's salute; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* master of a trade; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* apprentice; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* technology; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* a chest containing the laws, records, and accounts of a corporation; —*ſteſſe*, *pl.* craftsman, mechanic; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* handicraftsman (*Hanfwerker*); —*ſteſſe*, *adj.* workman-like; *ſeſſe*, *m.* mechanical; —*ſteſſe*, *adj.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* master tradesman; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* professional jealousy; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *see* *Hanfwerkerverein*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *coll.* trades-people; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* (a set of) working

tools, instruments, implements of trade; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* chest of tools; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* corporation, guild.

Hanf... *in comp.* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *n.* case dictionary; —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *f.* wrist, *Anat.* carpus; —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *n.* sign manual, monogram, character, flourish added to one's signature; —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *f.* design, sketch, draught; *freie* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, freehand drawing; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *m.* *Min.* short limbeck.

Hanf, *a. l.* (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* hemp (*Cannabis sativa* L.); *der* *weibliche* —, female hemp; *der* *männliche* or *taube* —, male hemp; *der* *weiſe* —, *see* —*weiſe*; *der* *gelbe* —, bastard-hemp; *neuseelandiſche* —, New-Zealand flax, flax-plant; *amerikanische* —, American dog's bane; *roter* —, rough hemp; *ll.* *in comp.* —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-cloth; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* the growing of hemp; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* hemp-brake; —*ſteſſer*, *m.* hemp-beater, hemp-dresser; —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *f.* machine for braking hemp; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* scare-crow on a hemp-field; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* hemp-kiln. [*hine*]

Hanfſen, *Hanfſen*, *adj.* *hempen*, *canan* —*Hanf*... *in comp.* —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *pl.* fibres or staple of hemp; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-felt; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-yarn; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* male-hemp; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* hemp-comb; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-tow; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* female hemp.

Hanfſen, (*n.*) *f.* female or female-hemp. *Hanf*... *in comp.* —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hatchel; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) tri-rid water-hemp (*Bidens tripartita* L.); 2) *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* hemp-linen; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *Mech.* hemp-packing.

Hanfſen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* linnet, flax finch (*Linnaea cannabina* L.); 2) *provinc.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*.

Hanf... *in comp.* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*, *n.* branchy broom-rap (*Orobancha ramosa* L.); —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* mill or machine for bruising hemp-seed; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *Bot.* dead-nettle, nettle hemp (*Galeopsis tetrahit* L.); —*ſteſſe*, *n.* hemp-seed-oli; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *Bot.* common mallow (*Malva silvestris* L.); —*ſteſſe*, *f.* the steeping, watering, or retting of hemp (*ſeſſe* *ſteſſenſteſſe*); —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-seed; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *pl.* hemp-shaves; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hemp-stalk; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hempen rope or cord; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *Bot.* strangle tare, strangle weed, broom-rape (*Orobancha major* L.).

Hanf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) declivity, slope, pendence; 2) *ſeſſe*, inclination, propensity, proneness, bias, bent; *cine* — *zu etwas* *haben*, to be inclined or given to ...

Hanf, (*n.*) *f.* 1) hanging frame; 2) loft; 3) shelving bed (in a garden); 4) hinge.

Hanf... *in comp.* *almost entirely superseded by* *Hanf*... *f.* *Hängen*, which has similarly supplanted the *str.* *Hängen*; —*ſteſſe* *it.*, *see* *Hanfſteſſe* *it.*

Hanf... *in comp.* —*ſteſſe*, *f.* hanging or baggy cheek; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *pl.* *Corp.* trussing-pieces; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* trussed girder bridge; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *Sury.* sling; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* 1) hanging-bench; 2) *Min.* wa(y)board; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* paunch, ovary, swing-belly; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *see* —*ſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* drooping or weeping birch; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *T.* truss; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *pendent* or suspension bridge; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* stirrup; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* *T.* (mit einem *Stellbogen*, wing-) callipers, tram-mels; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* hanging compass; —*ſteſſe*, *m.* a sloped roof; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* springe, noose, gin which is hung on bushes or trees for catching birds; —*ſteſſe*, *n.* *Archit.* binding-joint, girder; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* *see* —*ſteſſenſteſſe*;

—*fisch*, *m.* dried fish (cod); —*garn*, *n.* Sport. draw-net; —*gerüst*, *n.* flying scaffold; —*griff*, *m.* T. pendant ring; —*hafen*, *m.* suspension-hook; —*holz*, *n.* Buick. cambrai; —*lette*, *f.* drag-chain; —*last*, *f.* Min. sloping lode.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* *provinc.* 1) joint; 2) see *Hänfel*.

Häng'e..., *in comp.* —*lampe*, *f.* hanging-lamp; —*leuchter*, *m.* lustre, chandelier, pendant.

Häng'eln, (*w.* *v. intr.* *Mar.* 1) to convey merchandise from one ship or roadstead to another; 2) to sail from port to port.

Häng'ematte, (*w.* *f.* hammock.

Häng'ensürter, (*str.* *m.* *Gunn.* mortar suspended by its trunnions.

Häng'ensürfel, (*irr.* *m.* suspensory muscle.

Häng'en, (*str.* *v. intr.* (obsolete) *u. al-* most entirely superseded by *Hängen*, which was originally only used as a transitive verb) 1) to hang; to be suspended (an (*with Dat.*), on, by); 2) to dangle, hang loose, droop; 3) to adhere, to be fixed, attached (to), connected (with), dependent (on), to depend (on); to cling, cleave, stick (to), to be given (to); 4) coll. to hitch; stagnate; *er weiß, es es hängt und langt*, *fig.* he knows the whole affair or intrigue.

Häng'en, (*w.* *v. I. tr.* to hang (*the pp. in this sense often strong from Hängen*) *gehängen*, *compens.* the Engl. hang (to hang); to attach, fasten; *sein Herz an (with Acc.)* —, to set one's heart upon ...; *die Ohren — or — lassen*, to hang down the ears; *den Kopf — or — lassen*, 1. to hang the head, to droop; to be dispirited, desponding, to flag; to be discontented; 2. to affect piety, to act the devotee; 3. *Man. to carry low.*

II. *refl.* 1) to hang one's self; 2) (*with an & Acc.*) to stick, cleave (to); to attach one's self (to), to be attached (to).

III. *often used as an intr. instead of Hängen (which see) but with the str. imperf. & pp. to hang, &c.*; *das Schwert hing an einem blauen Faden*, the sword was suspended by a slender thread; *das Schwert des Damocles hängt über seinem Haupte*, the sword of Damocles hangs over his head; *das rote Gewusstlein*, das unser Leben an einem Faden hängt, the ever-present consciousness that our lives hang upon a thread; *die Wand hängt (t hängt)*, the wall inclines; *der Fächer hängt (t hängt)*, the suit is pending; — *bleiben (an, in (with Dat.) &c.)*, 1. to be caught (by, in, &c.); 2. *Ag.* to be pending; *b)* to adhere (to), to cling (to); *ihr Kleid blieb an einem Kleiderstrauch* —, her gown was caught in a rose bush; *mein Rock blieb an einem Nagel* —, my coat caught a nail; *ich blieb an einem Nagel* —, a nail caught me; *woher hängt die Sache?* what stops (on what hitch) the matter? *wer's (e) lang hat*, *läßt's (e) lang —*, coll. he who has fine feathers likes to show them; *b-d*, *p. a.* hanging; pendant; *penzile (gardens)*, pendulous (excrecence); *b-de* *fippen*, pouting lips; *mit b-den Ohren*, dangle (lap- or loll-)eared; *b-de* *Brüste*, see *Häng'brüste*; *b-de* *Eisenbahn*, suspension-railway; *b-de* *Eisenbahnbrücke*, suspension-railway-bridge.

Häng'cube, *Häng'cube*, (*n. decl. like adj.*) *Min.* top (hanging surface of a lode), hanging wall.

Häng'enswürth, *adj.* deserving to be hanged.

Häng'erschnen, *n. pl.* loose or dangling ears; *mit —*, *zap-* or *loll-eared*.

Häng'ersicht, (*w.* *f.* *Mar.* storage.

Häng'platte, (*w.* *f.* *Build.* (beim *Or-fenik*) coronas; (beim *Dachstuhl*) drip (*Horn-*).

Häng'er, *Häng'er*, (*str.* *m.* *Mar.* pendant;

der — am großen Mast, main-tackle pendant; der — am Fockmast, fore-tackle pendant.

Häng'eriemen, (*str.* *m.* see *Häng'eriemen*.

Häng'e..., *in comp.* —*riemen*, *m. pl.* leather-braces, main or spring braces (of a coach); —*riemfebern*, *f. pl.* brace springs; —*füße*, *f. T.* queen post, king post, crown-post, joggle post, truss; —*haufel*, *f.* *Mech.* scoop; —*schloß*, *n.* padlock; —*schwert*, *n.* walking sword; —*seil*, *n.* *Hunt.* a leash for drawing or leading the (lime-)hounds; —*seil-fuß*, *f.* *Hydraul.* the art of making chain-pumps, paternoster-works; —*ständer*, *m. pl.* see —*füße*; —*stod*, *m.* see —*holz*; —*stisch*, *m.* hanging-table; —*wage*, *f.* *Hydraul.* level; —*wand*, *f.* *Corp.* truss-partition; —*welbe*, *f.* *Bot.* weeping willow (*Salix babylonica* L.); —*wert*, *n.* *Corp.* trans-(work), trussing; —*gierat*, *m.* *Archit.* pendant; —*jirfel*, see —*cirfel*.

Häng'ig, *Häng'ig*, *adj.* see *Hähängig*, 1.

Häng'ling, (*str.* *m.* a species of the common vine.

Häng'fel, (*str.* *n.* 1) something that hangs, a pendant, bob; 2) hook (to suspend something by).

Häng'e, (*w.* *f.* haunch, hind-quarter (of a horse); *b-hoch*, *adj.* *Man.* high in the hind-

quarters; *b-hauchen*, *m.* haunch-bone (of a horse); *b-nied*, *adj.* low in the hind-quarters.

Häng'as, *f.* Hannah, Ann, Anne (*P. N.*).

Häng'e, *f.* (*dimin.* *Häng'chen*, *n.*) Joan,

Jane, Jenny, Jennet (*P. N.*).

Häng'ever, *n.* *Geogr.* Hanover. — *Häng-*

verner, (*str.* *m.* *Häng'verisch*, *adj.* Hanoverian.

Häng, (*str.* *pl.* *Häng'e*; sometimes *w.* *n.* (*dimin.* *Häng'chen*, (*t &*) ** Häng'lein*, *pro-*

vinc. *Häng'el*, *Häng'el*, *n.* 1) John (Johnny,

Jack, Jackie); — und *Erte*, Jack and Gill;

coll.-a, *ein* *bummer* —, a dunce; — *Häng'icht*,

— *ohne* *George*, Tom Careless, a careless fel-

low; — *Häng' jackanapes*; — *Allerlei*, Jack of

all trades; — *Dampf*, a vapouring fool; —

Riedel, slovenly, dirty eater; — *Rüchenei-*

stet, coxswain; — in *allen* *Gassen*, a busy-

body, a stirring or bustling person, a man

about town, one who lounges about every-

where; — *der* *Träumer*, John-a-dreams; —

Riedelich, Jack Rake; *wie* — *Riedelich*, like

old wickedness; — *hinter* *der* *Mauer*, a timid

follow; — *Narr*, fool; *coxcomb*, *sup.* *dunce*,

blockhead; — *oben* *im* *Dorf*, the great man,

first *idiot*; — *Schelte*, idler, larybones; —

Lapp, awkward fellow, blockhead, bumpkin

(*Stöpel*); — und *Rum*, Dick, Tom, and Harry;

— *ober* *Rum*, Smith or Jones; *wann* *das* *Wahr*

ist, *dann* *heißt* *ich* —, if that is true, my name

is Jack Robinson; *pro-s.* — *ohne* *Fleiß* *wird*

nimmer *weil*, of idleness comes no goodness;

— *bleibt* *immer* —, Jack will never be a gentle-

man; *was* *Händchen* *nicht* *lernt* (*lernen* *will*),

lernt — *nimmermehr*, you can't teach an old

dog new tricks; *Händchen* *im* *Keller*, Jack in

the low cellar; 2) *Bot. a)* *flügender* —, yel-

low rattle (*Rhinanthus* L.); *b)* *schöner* —,

bearded pink (*Barneiste*); *c)* *Hänsel* *am* *Weg*,

see *Wegetritt*.

Häng'e, *Häng'fa*, (*f.* 1) † association, league;

2) *form. Hist.* the Hanseatic union.

Häng'el, (*w.* *m.* a native of one of the

Hanse-towns.

Häng'elisch, *adj.* Hanseatic; *der* *b-c* *Bund*,

the Hanseatic body, union, or league, league

of the Hanse-towns.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) *dimin.* of

Häng, Jack.

Häng'el..., *in comp.* — *beßer*, *m.* cup-

presented to novices upon their initiation; —

geld, *n.* a novice's fees.

Häng'eln, (*w.* *v. tr.* 1) or *Häng'en*, *coll.*

to initiate with some ridiculous or merry ce-

remony (especially of sailors on first pas-

sing the line), to duck; to receive into any society; 2) to make a fool of or play tricks upon, to vex, tease. (*town.*

Häng'elst, (*str.* *pl.* *b-räde*) *f.* Hanse-

Häng'elst, (*w.* *m.* see *Häng*.

Häng'elst, (*str.* *pl.* *Häng'elst*) *m.*

Jackpudding, harlequin, buffoon, merry An-

drew, zany, clown, funnyman.

Häng'elst, (*w.* *f.* *bur.* buffoonery

(*cf.* *Häng'elst*).

Häng'elst..., *in comp.* — *mäßig*, *adj.*

like a fool, foolish, buffoonish.

Häng'el, (*w.* *f.* dumb bell.

Häng'elren, *Häng'elren*, *Häng'elren*, (*w.*

v. intr. & tr. 1) to handle, manage, treat;

2) to work (with the hands), to labour;

to bustle, stir about; 3) to deal, transact busi-

ness. — *Häng'elung*, (*w.* *f.* occupation,

employment, transaction, business, trade;

management.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* green husk of nuts.

Häng'el, *adj.* coll. uneven, rough; ob-

structed; difficult; embarrassed.

Häng'eln, (*w.* *v. intr.* (*impers.*) *coll.* to

stick, stop; to be obstructed or retarded; *da*

Häng'el, there lies the difficulty, there's the

rub; *es* *Häng'el* *mit* *der* *Sache*, the affair is at

a stand-still.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* *Häng'el*, (*str.* *m.* *vulg.*

Häng'el, (*str.* *n.* *dimin.* a little bit,

more, a mouthful.

Häng'el, (*w.* *v. intr.* *coll.* to snap, bite.

Häng'el, *coll. I.* *adj.* snapping, greedy,

eager; II. *f.* *coll.* *adj.* greediness, eagerness.

Häng'el († for *her*) *interj.* hoy! to the left!

Häng'el, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Haar*) a little

hair; *mit* *feinen* — *belegt*, downy.

Häng'el, *Häng'el*, (*str.* *m.* & (*w.* *f.* (*pine-*

forest, *particul.* in mountain-districts (*Berg-*

wald).

Häng'el, (*str.* *pl.* *b-d*; less usual: *die* —

(*Küper*); *die* *Häng'el* (*Bodenstadt*), *cf.* *San-*

ders *a.* (*Arab.* *haram*) *harem*.

Häng'el, *adj.* made of hair, hairy; *ein*

b-c *Häng'el*, a hair-shirt; II. (*w.* *v. ref.* see

Haar).

Häng'el, (*w.* *f.* 1) harp; 2) *provinc. a)* *Haus*,

a screen, riddle; *b)* an open shed; *die* (*or* *auf*

der) — *spielen*, to play on the harp, to harp.

Häng'el, *Häng'el*, (*w.* *v. I.* *intr.* 1) †,

to (play on the harp); 2) *Min.* to slide; II. *tr.*

to riddle, screen.

Häng'el, *Häng'el*, (*str.* *m.* *Häng'el*),

(*w.* *m.* harper, harpist; *Häng'el*, (*w.* *f.* a

female harper.

Häng'elst, (*str.* *n.* a little harp.

Häng'el..., *in comp.* — *grüne*, *n.* — *flang*,

m. — *flangen*, *n.* sound of the harp; — *mü-*

den, *n.* (an itinerant) girl playing the harp,

harper; — *muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* a clam (*Venus*

mercenaria L.); — *salte*, *f.* harp-string; —

schläger, *m.* harper; — *schneide*, *f.* *Conch.* harp-

shell (*Harpa ventricosa* Lam.); — *spiel*, *n.*

harp-playing; — *spielen*, *n.* harping; — *spieler*,

m. harper; — *ton*, *m.* tone, sound of the harp.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* herring (*Ompa haren-*

pus L.); *frischer* —, fresh or white herring;

geblüet —, pickled herring; *geräucherter* —,

blanched, cured, or red-herring, blazer.

Häng'el, (*str.* *m.* *provinc.* a seller of

herrings.

Häng'el..., *in comp.* — *blid*, *m.* *Fish.* a

glimmering light of the herrings; — *bote*, *m.*

see — *späher*; — *brühe*, *f.* see — *late*; — *bude*, *f.*

herring-booth; — *bühe*, *f.* herring-buss, ooblie;

— *fang*, *m.* — *fänger*, *m.* see — *fischer*; — *fischer*;

— *fab*, — *fäßen*, *n.* a cask, keg, or barrel for

herrings; — *fisch*, *m.* *Ichth.* doree (*Zeus faber*

L.); — *fischer*, *m.* herring-fisher; — *fischerin*, *f.*

herring-fishery; — *frau*, *f.* herring-woman;

— *grünerband*, *m.* *Archit.* herring-bone-

work; —**hänbel**, *m.* herring-trade; —**häger**, *m.* see —**höff**; —**hühg**, *m.* *Ichth.* 1) king of the herrings, red mullet; 2) dorset; —**krümer**, *m.* a dealer in herrings; —**krümerin**, *f.* herring-woman; —**late**, *f.* herring-pickle; —**mann**, *m.* see —**krümer**; —**metze**, *f.* *Ornith.* herring gull (*Larus fuscus* L.); —**milch**, *f.* herring's milk, soft roe; —**mutter**, *f.* *Ichth.* mother of herrings, shad; —**näse**, *f.* *bowl*. a flat nose; —**netz**, *n.* herring-net; —**öl**, *n.* see —**ötran**; —**pöster**, *m.* herring-packer; —**selet**, *m.* salmagundi; —**sejger**, *m.* herring packer or salter; —**schiff**, *n.* herring-smack; —**späßer**, *m.* *Fisk.* balker, guider, oonder; —**ötran**, *m.* herring-oil; —**tonne**, *f.* a barrel for herrings; —**zeiden**, *n.* brand on herring noting the quality; —**zeit**, *f.* season for herring-fishing.

Harle, (*w.*) *f.*, **Harlen**, (*str.*) *m.* rake; ich werde dir zeigen, was eine — ist, *coll.* I will show you what is what.

Harle, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to rake.
* **Harlequin**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.* arlequin) 1) Harlequin, merry-Andrew, Jack-pudding; 2) *Conch.* a species of cowry (*Cypraea tigris* L.); 3) a species of moth (*Zerene grossularia* L.); 4) or **h-ente**, *f.* *Ornith.* stone duck, harlequin duck (*Anas harringtoni* L.); — **harlequinade**, (*w.*) *f.* *bowl*. harlequinade, buffoonery, drollery; — **harlequinette**, (*w.*) *f.* *Theat.* Columbine; — **harlequinette**, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* least spotted woodpecker (*Picus minor* L.); — **harlequinette**, (*w.*) *f.* see **harlequinade**.

Harml, (*str.*) *m.* grief, sadness, sorrow.
Harml, (*w.*) *f.* — (*frant*, *n.* — *frante*, *f.*) *Bot.* harmel, Syrian rue.
Harml, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* chamomile (*Camille*).

Harmlen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to afflict, grieve; II. *refl.* to grieve (*liber* *with Acc.*), at, about, for).

Harmlös, *l. adj.* 1) without grief; 2) harmless, inoffensive, unoffending; II. **h-losigkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* harmlessness, inoffensiveness.

* **Harmonica**, (*str.*) *pl.* **h-ica** (*Gr.*) *Mus.* harmonica, the musical glasses.

* **Harmonie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) harmony, *partic.* musical concord; — **gefege**, *n. pl.* tonal laws; — **lehre**, *f.* harmonics; — **musik**, *f.* music performed exclusively with wind-instruments; — **harmoniker**, (*str.*) **harmoniker**, (*w.*) *m.* *Mus.* harmonizer, harmonist; — **harmonik**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to harmonize; — **harmonik**, (*adj.*) harmonious; harmonical; — **stimmen**, *sg.* to stune; — **harmonik**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*l. u.*) to harmonize.

Harmlös, *adj.* full of grief, sorrowful.

Harml, *s. l. (str.) m.* urine, water; — **lassen**, to make water; II. *in comp.* — **ablässe**, *m. pl.* urinal excretions; — **atig**, *adj.* urinous; — **arzt**, *m.* water-doctor; see — **doctor**; — **äther**, *m.* *Chem.* uric ether; — **behälter**, *m.* T. urinarium; — **beschauer**, *m.* see — **arzt**; — **beschauung**, *f.* *Med.* uroscopy; — **beschwerden**, *f. pl.* *Med.* urinary diseases, difficulty in discharging the urine; — **blase**, *f.* (urinary) bladder; — **blasenblutfluss**, *m.* hematuria; — **blasenbruch**, *m.* *Surg.* cystocele; — **blasenentzündung**, *m.* gravel; — **blasenentzündung**, *f.* *Anat.* urinary tunic; — **blasenkrebs**, *m.* cancer in the bladder; — **blasenmuskel**, *m.* abductor of the urinary bladder; — **blasenmuskel**, *m.* *Surg.* lithotomy; — **blasenmuskel**, *f.* *Surg.* inversion of the bladder; — **brennen**, *m.* burning in the bladder; — **deuter**, *m.* uromanecor, uromant.

Harmlen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to urinate, to make
Harml, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *m.* spontaneous flow of urine; — **gang**, *m.* ureter, urethral duct, urinary passage; — **gefäß**, *m.* urinary vessel; — **geist**, *m.* *Chem.* spirit of urine; — **glas**, *m.* urinal; — **grise**, *m.* see — **sand**; — **haut**, *f.*

1) *Anat.* allantoid; 2) *Med.* (*or* — **hühg**) pellucid on the surface of urine.

* **Harmlisch**, *s. l. (str.) m.* 1) harness, armour, plate, cuirass, brace; 2) *Wass.* gear, harness; 3) *lin.* border of a vein; *sg.* *s.* *lin.* in (*den*) — **bringen** or **legen**, to engage, provoke one, to put into a passion, to drive into cholera; in — **gerathen**, to fly into a passion; II. *in comp.* — **binde**, *f.* *Surg.* bandage for the breast; — **brut**, *n.* *Wass.* harness-board, compass-board, trap-board, hole-board, lumber-board.

* **Harmlisch**, (*w.*) *v. tr. gener.* in the *pp.* **geharnischt**, 1) harnessed, in harness, clad in armour; *Herold.* vambraced (arm); 2) *sg.* vigorous; — **harmlischer**, (*str.*) *m. t.* see **harmlischmacher**.

* **Harmlisch**, *in comp.* — **feiger**, *m.* polisher of cuirasses, harness-cleanser; *pl.* *n.* — **hammer**, *f.* armoury; — **hühg**, *f.* T. harness-cords; — **macher**, *m.* armourer, maker of armour, harness-maker; *das* — **hühg**, *Wass.* boating (*Karmarack*).

Harml, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *m.* *Chem.* urinal; — **frant**, *n.* *Bot.* 1) rupture-wort (*Herniaria* L.); 2) see **frantenschlag**; 3) root-harrow (**hühg**); — **lehre**, *f.* urology; — **leitter**, *m.* 1) *Anat.* ureter; 2) *Surg.* catheter.

Harmlösigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* suppression or suspension of urinal discharges.

Harml, *in comp.* (**öffentlich**) — **hühg**, *m. pl.* (public) micturaries; — **hühg**, *f.* urethra, urinary passage, passage of the urine; — **hühg**, *m.* *Surg.* urethrotomy; — **hühg**, *f.* *Med.* stricture of the urethra; — **hühg**, *f.* *Med.* diabetes; — **hühg**, *m.* *Chem.* microcosmic salt; — **hühg**, *m.* gravel, urine sand; — **hühg**, *m.* *Med.* hypostasis; *Chem.* *s.* — (*Rein*) **hühg**, *f.* uric or hippuric acid, lithic acid; *das* — **hühg** *Wass.*, urate, lithiate; *das* — (*Rein*) **hühg** *Ammonium*, urate of ammonia; *das* — **hühg** *Salz*, urate of potash; *Anat.* *s.* — **hühg**, *m.* accelerator; — **hühg**, *f.* urachus; — **hühg**, *m.* urinary calculus, lithate; — **hühg**, *m.* *Chem.* urae; — **hühg**, *m.* see — **hühg**; — **hühg**, *f.* *Med.* disuria, ischuria; *coll.* cold evil; — **hühg**, *adj.* diuretic(al), urinate; *das* — **hühg** *Mittel*, diuretic; — **hühg**, *m.* *Med.* ischuria, retention of urine; — **hühg**, *m.* see — **deuter**; — **hühg**, *m.* see — **gang**; — **hühg**, *f.* see — **hühg**; — **hühg**, *m.* *Surg.* catheter; — **hühg**, *m.* *Med.* stranguary.

* **Harmlen**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.* — *Engl.*) harpoon; harping-iron; *flagg*; — **harmlen**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* wood-pollard or ibis (*Tentulus locustor* L.); 2) or **harmlen**, (*str.*) *m.* harpoonier; — **harmlen**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to harpoon.

* **Harmlen**, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* rosin, stuff.

* **Harmlen**, (*w.*) *f.* *Gr.* *Myth.* harpy.

* **Harmlen**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Manuf.* arras.

Harmlen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to stay, abide, wait (*auf* *with Acc.*, for); 2) to hope, wait patiently; 3) to delay, tarry, to be idle; **hühg** und — **hat** *Wandeln* zum *Warren*, proverb, hoping and waiting make fools of many.
Harmlen, *adj.* harsh, rough, hard, raw; crisp.
Harmlen, *Harmlen*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.*) (*sein*) 1) to harden; 2) to freeze.

† **Harmlen**, (*str.*) *m.* crowd, army.

Harmlen, *s. see* **Harmlen**.

Harmlen, *l. adj.* (*compar.* **härter**, *superl.* **härtest**) 1) hard; *sg.* *s.* 2) hard (gegen, to, upon), rough (to); harsh; 3) *Mus.* see **Dur**; 4) severe, rigorous, austere, stern, rigid; 5) callous; cruel, fierce, inhuman, unrelenting, inclement; 6) hard, difficult, see **schwer**; laborious; 7) see — **näddig**; 8) oppressive, heavy; *h-er* **hühg**, see — **futter**; *h-er* **Wass.**, hard cash; in *h-er* **Thaler**, in hard dollars; *ein h-er* **Thaler**, a dollar in specie; *h-er* **hühg**, T. hard

ends; *ein h-er* **Feiber**, a hard-nibbed pen; — **werden**, to harden; to stiffen; *ein h-er* (*stange*, *hühg*) **Rüfte**, a sharp (severe) cold; — (*hühg*) **hühg**, to be hard or thick of hearing; *ein h-er* **hühg**, see — **hühg**; *ein h-er* **hühg**, to be obstinate or stupid; *h-er* **Wass.**, see — **Wass.**; *h-er* **Wass.**, hardy plant; *h-er* **Wass.**, see — **metall**; *h-er* **Wass.**, see **hühg**; 1: *h-er* (*hühg*) **Wass.**, sound sleep; *h-er* (*hühg*) **Wass.**, severe loss; *h-er* **Wass.**, bad payer; *ein h-er* **Wass.**, a fierce (cruel) fight; *es* **hühg** *h-er* **Wass.**, times are hard; *es* **hühg** *h-er* (*Wass.*), *es* kommt ihm — an, it comes hard upon him, it is a hard task for him; *es* **Wass.** — (*hühg*) **hühg**, it will be a difficult matter; — **arbeiten**, to drudge; — **streuen**, to punish severely; — **behalten**, to treat, use hardly; — **werden**, to harden, to grow hard; — an, *adv.* hard by, close to; — an *einander*, next or contiguous to one another; II. *in comp.* — **hühg**, *m.* *provinc.* dog-woman (*Wass.*); — **hühg**, *m.* *Mar.* throat-seizing; — **hühg**, *m.* hard load; — **hühg**, *m.* — **hühg**, *f.* see **hühg**.

Harmlen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) hardness, *acc.* *f.* **hühg**; 2) T. tempering of steel, *acc.*; 3) T. hardening composition; 4) severity, rigour; 4) hardness; 5) harshness, roughness; — **des** *hühg*, hard-heartedness. [to harden]

Harmlen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*l. u.*) **hühg**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to harden, to temper (iron, steel); *von* **hühg** —, T. to case-harden; 2) *sg.* to cement.

Harmlen, (*str.*) *m.* T. crack in case-hardened iron, *acc.*

Harmlen, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* see **hühg**.

Harmlen, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *m.* copper-ore containing quartz; — **hühg**, *adj.* brassy; — **hühg**, *n.* white cast iron, white pig-iron, forge-pig; — **hühg**, *adj.* *Entom.* coleopterous; — **hühg**, *n.* oorn (as food for cattle); — **hühg**, *adj.* hard boiled (eggs); — **hühg**, *adj.* hard-hearted; — **hühg**, *adj.* 1) see — **hühg**; 2) *sg.* hardened, hard, callous; inflexible; — **hühg**, *adj.* hard of belief; — **hühg**, *n.* sheep's fleece-grass; — **hühg**, *m.* T. 1) (act of) chilling; 2) chilled water; — **hühg**, *hühg*, *adj.* having strong or stiff hair; — **hühg**, *m. pl.* *Ichth.* scleroderms; — **hühg**, *adj.* callous; 1) hard-skinned, thick-skinned; 2) *sg.* unfeeling, insensible; — **hühg**, *f.* 1) *lit. & sg.* callosity; 2) *Vol.* a certain disease in cattle; — **hühg**, *f.* *Bot.* wild rosemary (*Ladum polystro* L.).

Harmlen, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. u.*) hardness (**hühg**).

Harmlen, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *adj.* hard-hearted, callous (hearted); — **hühg**, *f.* hard-heartedness; — **hühg**, *n.* *Bot.* hypericon (*Hypericum* L.); — **hühg**, *m.* T. jack-plane; — **hühg**, *adj.* hard, dull (*coll.* thick) of hearing; — **hühg**, *f.* hard-hearing, partial deafness; — **hühg**, *n.* *Bot.* hornbeam (*Corpinus Americana* L.); — **hühg**, *adj.* having a hard hoof. [(in a moral sense).]

Harmlen, (*w.*) *f.* obscurement, hardness † **hühg**, *adv.* severely, cruelly.

Harmlen, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *m.* *Min.* hard, rebel rock; — **hühg**, *adj.* T. very hard (of rocks); — **hühg**, *p. a.* hard sounding (of a harsh sound); — **hühg**, *m.* 1) obstinate person; 2) blockhead; — **hühg**, *adj.* headstrong; thick-headed; — **hühg**, *n.* hard grain (such as barley, wheat, *acc.*); — **hühg**, *adj.* slow in learning, indocile; — **hühg**, *adj.* constipated; — **hühg**, *f.* constiveness, constipation.

Harmlen, *adj. & adv.* hardish.

Harmlen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) hard slugs; 2) *a)* *Prov.* pavy; *b)* *provinc.* unripe grape.

Harmlen, *in comp.* — **hühg**, *n.* T. hard soldier; — **hühg**, *adj.* *Man.* hard-mouthed, hot-mouthed, hot at hand, forcing the hand; *sg.* unruly, unmanageable; — **hühg**, *f.* hard-

mouthedness; *Ag.* unruliness; —*meißel*, *m.* *T.* cold-chisel; —*metall*, *n.* a mixture of brittle metals; —*nägel*, *adj.* stiff-necked, head-strong, stubborn, inflexible, obstinate, pertinacious, sturdy, unbending; (said of diseases, &c.) inveterate, persistent; *cin* —*nädeliger Winter*, a severe winter; —*nädeligfeit*, *f.* stubbornness, obstinacy, pertinacity, persistence (of an inflammation), inveteracy; —*nagel*, *m.* clout-nail.

Härt'pulver, (*str.*) *n.* powder for tempering (steel, &c.).

Härt' ..., *in comp.* —*rietzel*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) (common) privet (*Ligustrum vulgare* L.); 2) dog-wood, dog-berry tree, bluing twig (*Cornus sanguinea* L.); —*rinbig*, *adj.* hardened, having a hard shell; —*rotz*, *adj.* glaring red; —*schallig*, *adj.* 1) *see* —*rinbig*; 2) testaceous; —*schallige Erbsen*, *Comm.* non-boilers.

* *Härt'frier*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.* arciolo) imperial horse-guard (in Austria).

Härt' ..., *in comp.* —*schärflich*, *adj.* *Parr.* purry, short-breathed; —*schärflichtig*, *f.* purriness; —*schärfen*, *n.* hammer-hardening; —*schärflich*, *adj.* hardened against blows; —*schärflich*, *n.* *see* —*schärf*; —*schärflichtig*, *f.* *Vol.* roaring; —*schärflichtig*, *m.* *Bot.* red fescue-grass (*Festuca rubra* L.); —*schärflich*, *adj.* hard-sinewed; —*schärflich*, *adj.* *see* —*nädelig*; —*schärflich*, *m.* *Miner.* andalusite; —*schärflich*, *m.* —*schärflich*, *n.* *T.* copper in bricks or pigs; —*traber*, *m.* hard-trotter (of a horse).

[&c.]; tempering. *Härt'tung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) hardening. *Härt'* ..., *in comp.* —*wälze*, *f.* *T.* chilled roll, case-hardened roller; —*wasen*, *f.* *pl.* hard-ware; —*wasser*, *n.* *Metall.* chalybeate or tempering water.

Härt'wasser, (*str.*) *n.* chalybeate water. *Härt'* ..., *in comp.* —*wert*, *n.* *Smelt.* tatty of tin; —*wurm*, *m.* blind-worm, slow-worm (*Blindschicht*).

Härg, *s.* *I.* (*str.*) *n.* resin, rosin; gum (of trees); elastified —, Indian rubber; *II.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) *f.* woody mountain; 2) *Geogr.* Hartz or Harzian mountains; *III.* *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* like resin, resinous; —*baum*, *m.* pine-tree; pitch-tree; —*besen*, *m.* *see* *Harzer*; 3) —*eiche*, *f.* *Bot.* common oak (*Quercus*); —*electricität*, *f.* *Phys.* resinous or negative electricity.

Härg'en, (*w.*) *v.* *I.* *tr.* 1) to clear (trees) from resin; 2) to rub with resin; *Ädme* —, to cut the bark of trees to make them exude the resin; *II.* *intr.* to scrape resin (from pines), to stick like resin, *Ag.* *see* *Harzer*. *Härg'er*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Harz*; 2) miser, curmudgeon; 3) inhabitant of the Hartz-mountains.

Härg' ..., *in comp.* —*fett*, *n.* *Chem.* meta-naphthalene; —*färb*, *f.* *see* —*baum*; —*färbig*, *adj.* resiniform; —*galle*, *f.* accumulation of resin in the wood of the pine; —*gallenwälder*, *m.* *Entom.* pine-moth (*Acidomyia pini*); —*gebend*, *adj.* resiniferous, yielding resin; —*gebirge*, *n.* Hartz-mountains; —*holz*, *n.* resinous wood.

Härg'licht, *Härg'ig*, *adj.* rosin, resembling resin; resinous, resiniferous.

Härg' ..., *in comp.* —*leble*, *f.* resinous coal; —*frage*, *f.* *see* —*harzer*; —*färb*, *n.* cake of resin; —*malerei*, *f.* encaustic painting; —*meißel*, *f.* *Ornith.* coal-timouse (*Tamias*); —*meißel*, *n.* *see* —*harzer*; —*öl*, *n.* *Chem.* resinous oil; —*pfanne*, *f.* resinous plant; —*reife*, *n.* —*reife*, *n.* —*schaben*, *n.* the cutting of trees to make the resin come out; —*schaber*, *f.* the knife of a resin-scraper; —*scharrer*, *m.* resin-scraper; —*seife*, *f.* resinous soap; —*stein*, *m.* soap-stone, steatite; —*baum*, *f.* *Bot.* pine-tree, Norway fir (*Pinus abies* L.); —*theile*, *m.* common tar; —*trän*, *m.* distilled resin; —*trengel*, *adj.* resini-

ferous; —*wald*, *m.* Harzian forest; —*wasser*, *n.* water in which resin is dissolved.

Häb, (*induct.*) *n.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) suit (of clothes); *Riffobäb*, holiday-suit.

* *Häfer*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) hap, hazard, chance; —*piel*, *n.* game of hazard.

Häf'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Häfe*) young hare, puss; —*machen*, to make rabbits (a children's play).

Häf'en, (*w.*) *v.* *I.* *tr.* to catch, apprehend, seize; *II.* *intr.* (*with nach*) *lit.* & *Ag.* to catch or snatch (at), to fish (for); to aspire (to), aim (at), to strain or strive (after effect, &c.); *das* —, (*str.*) *v.* *a.* catching (a children's game), *encl.* touchwood.

Häf'er, (*str.*) *m.* (under) balliff, *swig.* balliff; —*fäste*, *m.* *pl.* —*schaf*, *f.* balliff, myrmidons.

* *Häf'ren*, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *Engl.* to hatch.

Häfe, (*w.*) *I.* *1.* *Zool.* hare (*Lepus timidus* L.); *Ag.* *s.* 2) coward, poltroon; 3) *fop*, coxcomb, droll; *der* *berüchlichte* —, *Zool.* alpine hare (*Lepus alpinus variabilis* Pall.); *pro-* *verb.* *da* *liegt* *der* — *im Pfeffer*, there is the rub, there it sticks; *der* — (*Frucht*) *braut*, *die* *Frucht* *steigt*, the mist rises (in mountainous regions); *mit* *hat* *ein* — *geleckt*, I am a lucky fellow.

Häfel, *s.* *I.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) hazel-nut tree; 2) *Leich.* a species of dace (*Leuciscus dobula* Cav.); *II.* *in comp.* —*busch*, *m.* hazel-bush; —*eiche*, *f.* *Bot.* common oak-tree (*Quercus*); —*coxcomb*, *fop*, *buffoon*.

Häfel'er, (*str.*) *loc.* *Häfel'ant*, (*w.*) *m.* *Häfel'* ..., *in comp.* —*erbe*, *f.* hazel-mould; —*gebüsch*, *n.* hazel-wood; —*gefäße*, *n.* hazel-bones, heath-pots; —*huhn*, *n.* *Ornith.* hazel-hen; heath-cock, heath-pout (*Turdus bonasia* L.).

Häfel'ing, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Häfel*, 2.

Häfel'ten, *Häfel'n*, (*w.*) *v.* *coll.* *I.* *intr.* to play the buffoon, to jest; *II.* *tr.* to buffoon, tease, make sport of.

Häfel' ..., *in comp.* —*läschen*, *n.* *pl.* catkins of the hazel; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* wild hard (-wurz); —*maus*, *f.* *Zool.* garden dormouse, sleeper (*Myoxos avalanus* L.).

Häfel'n, *Häfel'n*, *adj.* hazel, of hazel.

Häfel' ..., *in comp.* —*nutz*, *f.* hazel-nut; —*schärfen*, *adj.* hazel; —*schärfen*, *m.* *see* *Häfel*; —*öl*, *m.* *silbert-oil*, hazel-oil; —*raße*, *f.* dormouse; —*raße*, *f.* hazel-rod, switch; —*schäfer*, *m.* *see* —*maus*; —*schäfer*, *f.* *Bot.* hazel-tree, hazel-bush, *silbert-tree* (*Corpus avalana* L.); —*schäfer*, *m.* (knotted) hazel-stick; —*schäfer*, *m.* *see* *Harzbaum*; —*schäfer*, *m.* *see* *Harz*; —*schäfer*, *f.* *Bot.* hazel-wood, wild spikenard (*Astragalus europaeus* L.); —*schäfer*, *m.* *silbert-hedge*.

Häfen ..., *in comp.* —*äbler*, *m.* *Ornith.* black eagle (*Falco fulvus* L.); —*ämpfer*, *m.* *see* *Seuerflic*; —*art*, *f.* nature of a hare; *von* — *art*, faint-hearted, cowardly; —*artig*, *adj.* leporine; —*auge*, *n.* 1) hare's eye; 2) *Med.* lagophthalmus; 3) *Bot.* common avens, herb bonnet (*Geum urbanum* L.); —*baß*, *m.* hare's skin; —*braten*, *m.* roast-hare; —*brahm*, *m.* *Bot.* common broom (—*seide*, 1); —*brecher*, *m.* an iron instrument to break the spine, &c. of a roasted hare (in order to facilitate carving); —*brut*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) hare-grass, trembling grass (*Brisa media* L.); —*büfel*, *f.* *Bot.* common sow-thistle (*Sandwile*, 1); —*büfel*, *f.* prick or trace of a hare; —*fell*, *n.* hare's skin; —*fett*, *n.* grease of a hare; —*fuß*, *m.* 1) (*gelber*) *see* —*flee*, 1; 2) *Ag.* *see* *Häfe*, 2 & 3; 3) *Zool.* arctic fox (*Canis lagopus* L.); 4) *Ornith.* a) ptarmigan (*Lagopus*); b) *provinc.* hare-foot (the name of the partridge, wood-cock, &c.); —*füßtrant*, *n.* *see* —*flee*, 1; *Sport-s.* —*garn*, *n.* hare-net, hare-pipe; —*gähge*, *n.* leporine; —*geller*, *m.* *Ornith.* black-crested or Arabic vulture (*Cathartes percnopterus* L.); —*gell*, *gelbtrant*,

n. dyer's weed (*Färberginster*); —*gras*, *n.* *see* —*brut*; —*heart*, *n.* *pl.* hare-wood, hare-down. *Häfel'haft*, *Leop'haft*, *adj.* 1) leporine; *Ag.* *s.* 2) timid, timorous, cowardly; 3) coxcombical, foppish, buffoonish, droll; *Häfel'heit*, (*w.*) *Häfel'heit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cowardice; 2) coxcombry.

Häfel'n ..., *in comp.* —*haß*, *f.* hare-hunting; —*seide*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) common broom (*Spartium scoparium* L.); 2) green-wood (*Färberginster*); —*seß*, *n.* *coll.* pusillanimity, cowardice; —*seß*, *f.* *see* —*haß*; —*hund*, *m.* hare-bound, harrier; —*jagd*, *f.* coursing or chase of hares, hare-hunting; —*flee*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) hare-foot, trinity grass (*Trifolium arvense* L.); 2) kidney vetch (*Anthriscus vulneraria* L.); 3) wood sorrel (*Oxalis*); —*flein*, *n.* the liver, head, &c. of a hare. *Cook* hare-ragout; —*loß*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) hare-thistle (*Carduus*, 1); 2) dock crosses, nipple wort (*Lapsana communis* L.); 3) *see* *Seuerflic*; —*loß*, *m.* 1) hare's head; 2) *see* *Häfe*, 2 & 3; 3) *Romol.* name of a winter-apple; —*loß*, *m.* ordure or dung of a hare, *Sport.* cotails; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* St. John's wort (*Hypericum*); —*lager*, *n.* form of a hare, repair, cover; —*latti*, *m.* wall-lettuce (*Frenetia muralis* L.); —*lupe*, *f.* *see* —*scharte*; —*loßseeren*, *pl.* *see* —*loß*; —*maß*, *n.* *see* —*lager*; —*maul*, *n.* horse-mouth; —*maul*, *f.* rat-hare (*Lagomys* Pall.); —*maul*, *n.* rough-pit, sewer; —*maul*, *m.* *see* —*scharte*; —*maul*, *n.* *see* —*garn*; —*schäfer*, *n.* 1) *Bot.* hare's ear (*Bupleurum* L.); 2) *Mar.* latin-sail; 3) *pl.* *Typ.* inverted commas; —*panier*, *n.* *Ag.* quick flight; *das* —*panier* *ergriffen*, to run away, to take to one's heels; —*paßel*, *f.* *Bot.* common or wild mallow (*Malva*); —*paßel*, *f.* hare-pie; —*paßel*, *m.* *see* —*flein*; —*paßel*, *n.* *see* *Engelblümchen* & —*flee*; —*paßel*, *f.* 1) hare's foot; 2) *Bot.* *see* —*flee*; —*paßel*, *f.* *see* *Engelblümchen*; —*paßel*, *f.* *see* —*latti*; —*paßel*, *f.* hare-pie; —*paßel*, *m.* *see* —*auge*; *er* *schläft* *den* —*schlaf*, *he* sleeps with open eyes; —*paßel*, *m.* hare-shot; —*paßel*, *n.* *see* —*flein*; —*paßel*, *m.* 1) hare's leap; 2) hind legs of a hare; 3) *see* —*füßtrant*; —*paßel*, *f.* *see* —*füßtrant*; —*paßel*, *m.* *see* —*geller*; —*paßel*, *m.* *Bot.* wall-lettuce (—*latti*); —*paßel*, *m.* *see* —*haß*; —*paßel*, *m.* thick thread for making hare-nets.

Häfel'n, (*w.*) *f.* doe or female hare. [*den.* *Häfel'n*, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc.*) *e.* for *Häfel'n*].

Häfel'finger, (*str.*) *m.* *loc.* hazel-stick.

Häfel'ig, *Häfel'ig*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *harp*, clasp;

2) hinge, hook, holdfast (of a door); *Carp.* dog. *Häfel'ig*, (*str.*) *m.* (*provinc.*) (*w.*) *f.* 1) reel; 2) windlass, winch, windle, crab, draw beam; *Mar.* capstan; 3) hook on which a loop turns, *cf.* *Häpel*, 2; 4) (*or* —*trum*) *T.* cross (of a copper-plate press); 5) *see* *Dreh-frem*; 6) *Mün.* whim, winding-engine; 7) *Gumm.* horse; handle.

Häfel'ig, *adj.* that may be reeled, &c. *Häfel'baum*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Häfel'* —, *m.* tree or beam of a windlass, &c., lower; cheek of a crane.

Häfel'ig, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Häfel'ig*.

Häfel'ig ..., *in comp.* —*geriff*, —*geriff*, *n.* trestle of a reel, the capstan, the windlass; —*geriff*, *n.* winch-handle; —*geriff*, *m.* one that works at a windlass or reel, windler, reeler; —*geriff*, *n.* reel-cross, reel-arms; —*geriff*, —*geriff*, *f.* *T.* winding-engine.

Häfel'ig, (*w.*) *v.* *I.* *tr.* & *intr.* to reel, wind on a reel; to draw up by a windlass; *II.* *intr.* *coll.* 1) to dicker about; 2) to prattle, to talk quickly.

Häfel'ig ..., *in comp.* —*weile*, —*winde*, *f.* *see* *Windbaum*; —*weile*, *f.* *see* —*winde*; —*weile*, *f.* *see* —*winde*.

Häfel', (*str.*) *m.* hate (*gegen* to), hatred, ill-will, grudge, spite (against), detestation (of).

top-gallant stay-sail; —*brēt*, *n.* head-board, head-piece (of a bedstead); —*brūd*, *n.* principal book; *Comm.* ledger; —*brūdpoſten*, *n.* *Comm.* ledger-item; —*brūdſtābe*, *m.* capital letter; —*brūd*, *m.* *see* *Copulato*; —*bureau*, *n.* chief or head office; —*caanal*, *m.* principal canal; main channel; —*caſſe*, *f.* treasury; —*caſſier*, *m.* receiver general; —*compſtoir*, *n.* *see* —*bureau*; —*baum*, —*beſch*, *m.* main dike; —*brūſe*, *f.* 1) cephalic gland; 2) principal gland; —*cib*, *m.* *Law*, decisory oath; —*eigenſchaft*, *f.* principal or leading quality; —*eingang*, *m.* principal entrance.
Hauptſtel, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* (*dimin.* of *Haupt*) 1) little head; 2) *Min.* (also *m.*) upper or best siliok or siliok; *in comp.* —*ſchl*, *m.* *Bot.* headed cabbage; —*ſalat*, *m.* cabbage-lettuce.
Hauptſtein, (*w.*) *v. ref.* *provinc.* to head, form a head (as a plant).
Haupt..., *in comp.* —*ende*, *n.* *see* —*brēt*; —*erte*, *m.* chief or principal heir; —*erbin*, *f.* chief or principal heiress; —*erforderlich*, *n.* chief or prime requisite; —*ſtätte*, *f.* *Journ.* pavilion; —*ſch*, *m.* 1) principal division or shalf; 2) *Ag.* chief or principal department; —*ſell*, *m.* 1) chief case, principal case; 2) *Law*, death of the liege-man or tenant; —*ſurben*, *f.* pl. primary or principal colours; —*ſeber*, *f.* T. master-spring, main-spring; —*ſeher*, *m.* chief fault, principal fault, mistake; principal defect; —*ſeib*, *m.* principal or capital enemy; —*ſeibung*, *f.* principal fortress; —*ſigur*, *f.* principal figure; *Herald.* bearing; —*ſügel*, *m.* *Archit.* main-wing; —*ſuß*, *m.* 1) principal river; 2) rheumatism in the head; —*frage*, *f.* chief (main or leading) question; —*frunt*, *f.* grand front; —*gang*, *m.* principal passage; *Min.* main lode; —*geſſe*, *f.* principal street; —*geſtülte*, *m.* *Archit.* entablature, entablement; —*gebäude*, *n.* principal building; —*gebanke*, *m.* principal or chief thought, idea; —*gebungsſchmer*, *m.* *Min.* charter master; contractor; butty-collier; —*gegenſch*, *f.* principal region; cardinal point; —*gegenſtand*, *m.* principal or grand object; —*geſch*, *n.* 1) *see* —*ſener*; 2) *see* —*ſamm*; 3) —*gemälde*, *n.* leading picture; —*gericht*, *n.* principal dish; —*geſchäft*, *m.* main or principal business; —*geſchäftig*, *m.* busy day; —*geſchäft*, *n.* principal story of a house, first floor; —*geſchwulſt*, *f.* *Med.* swelling of the head; —*geſtirn*, *m.* *Archit.* chief frieze, capital; crowning moulding; —*geſtänge*, *n.* *Min.* pump-spars; —*geſtell*, *m.* principal scaffolding, principal stand (frame); —*gewinn*, *m.* capital prize, gain; main profit; —*gewölbe*, *n.* *Archit.* main-vaulting; —*gißnädiger*, *m.* *Comm.* principal creditor; —*gilt*, *n.* principal member; —*grub*, *m.* *Med.* scald; —*grund*, *m.* principal reason; —*grundſatz*, *m.* fundamental or leading principle; —*gut*, *n.* capital stock; principal possession (estate); —*haar*, *n.* hair of the head; —*handlung*, *f.* 1) principal action; chief plot; 2) chief (commercial) establishment; —*ſter*, *n.* *see* —*armer*; —*ſinderniß*, *n.* principal, chief, or main obstacle; —*ſiſch*, *m.* *Sport.* a stag of eight years and upwards, hart royal; —*ſol*, *m.* 1) *Archit.* sabliers, raising-piece; 2) *Min.* boarding-plank, traverse; —*ſtufe*, *f.* sufficient land to constitute a farmer; —*ſüßfar*, *m.* a farmer having sufficient land to constitute a farm; —*inſalt*, *m.* chief contents; abstract, summary; substance; —*ſagb*, *f.* —*ſagen*, *n.* grand chase; —*ſiſche*, *f.* cathedral, parish church (as distinguished from district church); —*ſiſſen*, *n.* pillow; —*ſlang*, *m.* *see* —*ton*, 1, a; —*ſtuete*, *m.* *Ag.* principal plot, intrigue; —*ſtranſſeit*, *f.* (1) disease in the head; 2) principal disease; 3) dangerous sickness; —*ſager*, *m.* main camp of an army; head quarters; —*ſand*, *m.* main country; mother-country; —*ſaſter*, *n.* capital vice; —*ſeſen*, *n.* principal ſieſ; —*ſeſter*, *f.*

chief or cardinal doctrine; —*ſeſter*, *m.* principal or head-master; —*ſeibenſchaft*, *f.* master-passion; —*ſeibtragende*, *m.* chief-mourner; —*ſeſter*, 1) *m.* *Phys.* chief conductor; 2) *f.* *Mus.* fundamental scale; —*ſente*, *pl.* of —*menn*; —*ſicht*, *n.* principal light.
Hauptſing, (*str.*) *m.* chief, chieftain; leader.
Hauptſing, *adv.* over head, head foremost.
Hauptſinſe, (*w.*) *f.* principal line; *Min.* principal direction of a lode.
Hauptſiſſe, *adj.* 1) headless, without a leader; 2) *see* *ſopfloſ*.
Haupt..., *in comp.* —*mangel*, *m.* principal want, main defect; —*menn*, *m.* *Nil.* captain; chieftain, headman; —*münſin*, *f.* wife of a captain; —*munnſchaft*, *f.* captainship; —*munnſſeſſe*, *f.* captaincy; —*munnal*, *n.* T. the set of keys belonging to the great organ; —*marſſegel*, *n.* *Mar.* main top-sail; —*maſt*, *m.* main-mast; —*mauer*, *f.* chief or main wall; —*merſmal*, *n.* chief (distinctive, main) characteristic, sign, mark; —*mittel*, *n.* principal remedy; —*narr*, *m.* great fool; —*neigung*, *f.* leading propensity; —*nenner*, *m.* *Math.* common denominator; —*niederlage*, *f.* 1) *a)* *Comm.* principal magazine; ware-house; 2) staple town, emporium; 3) general defeat; —*note*, *f.* *Mus.* principal note (of a shake or that over which the mark tr. is placed); —*ort*, *m.* chief place; —*periole*, *f.* *Mus.* a capital period; —*perſon*, *f.* principal person, head, chief, leader; —*pfeller*, *m.* main or arch pillar; —*pflicht*, *f.* chief duty; —*pforte*, *f.* chief gate, front gate; —*pfosten*, *m.* *Archit.* crown-post; —*pfühl*, *m.* pillow; —*plan*, *m.* main design; —*poſtamt*, *n.* general post-office, head-letter-office; (cineſ Beſtirtſ) district-office; —*poſten*, *pl.* *Comm.* principal items; —*primie*, *f.* capital prize; —*priſter*, *m.* chief or head priest; —*product*, *n.* 1) chief produce; 2) *Math.* total produce; —*pulver*, *n.* cephalic powder; —*punct*, *m.* 1) principal or chief point, main point; 2) *pl. a)* *Adv.* the equinoctial and solstitial points; *b)* *Geogr.* *see* *Cardinalpunkte*; —*quartier*, *n.* head-quarters; —*quelle*, *f.* chief source, head-spring, fountain-head; —*querbaſſen*, *m.* *Archit.* architrave; —*raa*, *f.* *Mar.* main-yard; —*rebell*, *m.* arch-rebel; chief rebel; —*rechnung*, *f.* main account, general account; —*recht*, *n.* *Law*, right of heriot; —*regel*, *f.* main or leading rule; —*regenbogen*, *m.* primary rainbow; —*register*, *n.* 1) principal register; general index; 2) main stop (of organs); —*reif*, *m.* T. trussing-hoop; —*reparatur*, *f.* thorough repair; —*rſeder*, *m.* *Mar.* principal owner; —*riegel*, *m.* principal bolt; *Gunn.* cross-bar of a gun-carriage; —*riß*, *m.* general plan of a building; —*rühren*, *pl.* mains; —*rolle*, *f.* principal or prominent part, leading character; die —*rolle ſpielen*, to be the principal performer, to act the principal part, *coll.* to play the first fiddle; —*ruber*, *n.* stroke-oar; —*rüſtung*, *f.* *Bewid.* principal scaffolding; —*runde*, *f.* *Nil.* main-rounds; —*ſache*, *f.* main point, principal thing, main part, chief business; substance, gist; —*ſachen*, *f.* *pl.* essentials; —*ſchüſſig*, *adj.* chief, principal, main, essential; *adv.* chiefly, &c., especially; —*ſchüſſigſch*, *adj.* capital (*adv.* capitally); —*ſammelpſay* (des *Hanſels*), *m.* general rendezvous (of trade); —*ſänger*, *m.* first or principal singer; —*ſängerin*, *f.* *prima donna*; —*ſag*, *m.* 1) capital proposition, main point; axiom; theme; 2) *Gramm.* principal clause; principal sentence; 3) *Mus.* principal subject or theme; —*ſchiff*, *m.* 1) *Archit.* middle-aisle; 2) *Mar.* admiral-ship, admiral; —*ſchib*, *n.* *Herald.* principal escutcheon; —*ſchüſſig*, *f.* pitched battle, general fight, main battle; —*ſchüſſig*, *m.* *Mus.* final cadence; —*ſchüſſel*, *m.* master-key; pass-key; —*ſchmer*, *m.* head-ache; —*ſchmud*, *m.* 1) ornament for the head; 2) prin-

cipal ornament; —*ſchrift*, *f.* principal writing, composition; —*ſchulner*, *m.* *Comm.* principal debtor; —*ſchule*, *f.* principal school; —*ſchwein*, *n.* boar of five years and upwards; —*ſchwie- rigkeit*, *f.* main difficulty; —*ſegel*, *n.* *Mar.* main-sail; —*ſeſen*, *f.* master-sinew (of horses); —*ſelte*, *f.* 1) principal side; *Archit.* front, fore-part (of a building); obverse, face, or head-side (of a coin); —*ſeſch*, *adj.* affected in the head (of horses); —*ſſy*, *m.* principal seat or residence; —*ſarge*, *f.* principal care; —*ſpann*, —*ſpant*, *m.* *Mar.* midship-frame; —*ſpaſſ*, *m.* capital joke; cream of a jest; —*ſpieſer*, *m.* *Mar.* doubling nail; —*ſpieſer*, *m.* desperate gambler; —*ſprache*, *f.* principal language; original or mother tongue; —*ſpruch*, *m.* 1) principal sentence or verse; 2) *Law*, last sentence; —*ſtadt*, *f.* chief city, capital (city), metropolis; —*ſtätter*, *m.* inhabitant of a capital; —*ſtättſch*, *adj.* relating or belonging to a capital; —*ſtättſegel*, *m.* mainstay-sail; —*ſtamm*, *m.* 1) main trunk, main root, main stem; 2) chief tribe (of a people); 3) capital stock, principal; —*ſtänder*, *m.* *Archit.* principal or king-post, king-piece; —*ſtärke*, *f.* 1) chief strength, energy; 2) that in which one excels, one's force; ein —*ſtärkſtes* *Wittel*, *Med.* cephalic; —*ſtatſen*, *f.* principal station, (railway-) Terminus; —*ſtein*, *m.* *Mas.* head-stone, header; —*ſteſſe*, *f.* principal passage (in a book); —*ſtenet*, *f.* 1) poll-tax; 2) principal tax; —*ſtenetamt*, *n.* receiver general's office (for taxes); custom's office; —*ſtimme*, *f.* *Mus.* &c. principal voice; principal part; —*ſtod*, *m.* principal story of a house, first floor; —*ſtoſſ*, *m.* fundamental or material principle or matter; —*ſtraſſe*, *f.* 1) principal or main street; 2) highway; main road; —*ſtreich*, *m.* *Ag.* capital trick; —*ſtreichen*, *n.* —*ſtriſch*, *m.* principal direction of a lode; —*ſtrom*, *m.* principal current, body of a river; main stream; —*ſtück*, *n.* principal article; head, chapter; body, solid (of a machine); —*ſtühl*, *f.* *Mus.* &c. —*ſtamm*, 3; —*ſtrum*, *m.* main or general assault or storm; —*ſtütze*, *f.* mainstay, main support, prop; —*ſucht*, *f.* *Med.* distemper in the head (of horses); —*ſüchtig*, *adj.* *see* —*ſied*; —*ſumme*, *f.* 1) principal sum, sum total; 2) capital sum or stock; —*ſünſe*, *f.* chief sin, cardinal sin; besetting sin; —*tänzer*, *m.* —*tänzerin*, *f.* first dancer, head-dancer; —*tan*, *m.* *Mar.* main-cable; —*thäter*, *m.* chief perpetrator; —*thell*, *m.* principal or greatest part; —*thor*, *n.* main-gate; —*thür*, *f.* principal door; —*tittel*, *m.* *Typ.* principal or capital title; —*ton*, *m.* 1) *Mus.* a) fundamental or principal tone, key-note; *b)* *see* —*note*; 3) *Gramm.* principal accent; —*träger*, *m.* T. main support (of a turn-table, &c.); —*treſſen*, *n.* *see* —*ſchlaſt*; —*treiben*, *n.* *see* —*ſagd*; —*treppe*, *f.* principal stair-case; —*trumpf*, *m.* chief trump, matadore; —*tugend*, *f.* cardinal virtue; —*übel*, *n.* principal evil; —*umſtand*, *m.* leading circumstance; —*unb* *Stants-Aktion*, *Ger. Dram.* a dramatised grand historical or other event, generally performed by puppets (usurping the place of the real drama towards the end of the 17th cent.); —*urſache*, *f.* principal cause; —*verbaubſtück*, *n.* *Carp.* main-timber; —*verbrechen*, *n.* greatest or capital crime; —*verbrecher*, *m.* master criminal; —*verſüſer*, *n.* *Law*, examination-in-chief; —*vermögen*, *n.* principal (capital), property; —*wache*, *f.* *Nil.* 1) main guard; 2) main guard-house; —*wall*, *m.* *Fort.* principal rampart; —*waffer*, *n.* main branch of a river; —*weg*, *m.* principal way or footpath; —*wert*, *n.* 1) main work; 2) standard work; master-piece; 3) chief matter; 4) *Mus.* the great organ; —*wind*, *n.* cardinal wind; —*wirbel*, *m.* crown of the head; —*wirſung*, *f.* principal or main effect; —*wiſſenſchaft*, *f.* fundamental science; —*wort*, *n.* *Gramm.* 1) principal word; subject; 2) noun,

substantive: —*haube*, *f.* 1) *see* *Haupthaube*; 2) principal wound: —*Wurzel*, *f.* master-root, tap root (of a tree): —*zahl*, *f.* —*zahlwort*, *n.* *Math.* cardinal number: —*zeichen*, *n.* *Astr.* &c. principal sign: —*zeile*, *f.* *Typ.* head-line: —*zeuge*, *m.* principal witness: —*zier*, —*zierde*, *f.* *see* —*schmuck*: —*zoll*, *m.* principal toll: —*zollamt*, *n.* customs' office: —*zug*, *m.* 1) *Railw.* principal train: 2) principal (leading) trait, leading feature: 3) *Min.* principal direction (of a lode): —*zuend*, *m.* main-end, principal aim: —*zweig*, *m.* capital, chief, or main branch.

Haus, (*str.* *pl.* *Häuser*) *n.* 1) *a)* *lit. & fig.* house: *b)* *see* —*flur*; *c)* —*und Hof*, all one possesses, one's all; *Einen* *von* —*und Hof* treiben, to turn one out of house and home: *der Herr (die Frau) vom H-e*, the master (mistress) of the house; *das* —*Osterreich*, the house of Austria; 2) household; 3) family, home; 4) *Comm.* (Häusler-) house, firm, establishment; 5) shell, case (of crustaceous animals, &c.); 6) *Astral.* house (in a horoscope); 7) *coll.* fellow; *fidels* —, jolly blade; *bußer*; —*halten*, 1. to keep house, to husband, manage; gut —*halten*, to be a good house-keeper; *offen* —*halten*, to keep open house; *Einen* —*halten*, to be one's house-keeper; 2. (mit ...) *fig.* to be economical, sparing (with, of); to economize, husband ...; *das* —*halten*, to keep at home or the house; to be always at home; *ein (großes)* —*machen*, to live in great (grand) style, to see much company; *Häuser auf Einen* *bauen*, to place the greatest reliance upon a person; *ich komme nicht aus dem H-e*, I never stir out; *auf dem H-e* *legen*, to turn out of doors; *entweder ich erfahre Alles oder ich gehe aus dem H-e*, either I know all or I quit the house; *fürs* —, for domestic purposes; *er soll mir nie wieder ins* —*kommen*, he shall never enter (darken) my doors or cross my threshold; *in und außer dem H-e*, in-door and out-door; *Erziehung im H-e* *und in der Schule*, home- and school-education; *im H-e* (außer) *tragen*, home-reared, home-bred; *in* —*(schlachten)*, to slaughter (cattle) for one's own use; *nach H-e*, home, homeward; *nach H-e* *bestimmt*, homeward bound; *zu H-e*, at home: 1. within (doors); *in*; 2. *fig.* well versed, experienced (in, in), familiar (with), master (of); *bei uns zu H-e*, in our country, at home with us; *wo sind Sie zu H-e?* what is your native country? *diese Bäume sind in den Alpen zu H-e*, these trees are natives of the Alps; *thun Sie, als wären Sie zu H-e*, consider yourself at home; *er thut dort wie zu H-e*, he makes himself quite at home there; *coll-e*, mit *seinem* *Gedanken* *nicht zu H-e* *sein*, to be absent or inattentive; *in einer Sache ganz zu H-e* *sein*, to be quite at home or well versed in a thing; *nicht recht zu H-e* *sein*, to be crack-brained; *bleibe damit zu H-e*, keep that for yourself; *bleibe mir damit zu H-e!* don't bother me with these things; *es wird ihm zu H-e* *und zu Hofe* *kommen*, it will come home to him; *mit der Thür ins* —*fallen*, to do a thing clumsily; to blunder out, to bluster out, to blurt out; *von H-(e) aus*, *fig.* originally, radically, from the beginning; *arrant (knave)*; *Betrüger* *von H-e* *aus* *haben*, to have property of one's own or by right of inheritance; *von* —*aus* *wenig* *Betrüger* *beginnen*, *Comm.* starting with very little property; *nirgend zu H-e* *sein*, to have no settled home; *ich bin für Richard zu H-e*, I am at home to no one.

Haus..., *in comp.* —*Ähre*, *f.* *provinc.* *see* —*flur*; —*altar*, *m.* household-altar; —*anbacht*, *f.* private or family devotion; —*angelegenheiten*, *f. pl.* household or domestic affairs or concerns; —*apothek*, *f.* house-dispensary; —*arbeit*, *f.* work at home; domestic work; —*arme*, *m.* poor man receiving alms

at his own residence; out-door pensioner; —*arrst*, *m.* confinement at one's house; —*argut*, *f.* domestic remedy or medicine; —*arzt*, *m.* family physician or practitioner: —*ausgaben*, *f. pl.* household-expenses; —*bäcker*, *adj.* 1) home-baked or -made; 2) *fig.* home-bred, homely, matter-of-fact; plain; coarse; —*bäcker Brot*, home-made bread, household- or house-bread; —*bau*, *m.* building of a house; —*bedarf*, *m.* all things necessary or requisite for a house; *für den* —*bedarf*, for the house; —*bediente*, *m.* *see* —*diener*; —*besitzer*, *m.* possessor, owner, proprietor of a house; —*bettel*, *m.* begging from door to door; —*bibliothek*, *f.* domestic or private library; —*biene*, *f.* hive-bee; —*bier*, *n.* beer for the family, home-brewed beer; —*bieste*, *f.* *see* *Haukenblaste*; —*brauch*, *m.* established custom of a family, family-custom; —*brenner*, *m.* *see* *Sirichsdröter*; —*brief*, *m.* purchase contract of a house; —*brot*, *n.* *see* —*bäcker Brot*; —*buch*, *n.* book of housekeeping; —*büffel*, *m.* *see* *rud.* family-drudge; —*burd*, *m.* 1) foot-boy; 2) *Stud.* *along*, lodger, fellow-lodger, *anal. chum* (*Stubenburd*); —*capelle*, *f.* 1) domestic or private chapel; 2) private (music-) band.

Häuschen, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Haus*) 1) little house; cottage, box; 2) *coll.* privy (*Wirtstr.* 3); *außer dem* —, *coll.* beside one's self (*außer sich*); *er war ganz außer dem* —, he was quite upset.

Haus..., *in comp.* —*dieb*, *m.* 1) thief within doors, *coll.* bosom-thief; 2) *Ornith.* common sparrow (*Irperling*); —*diebstahl*, *m.* theft, robbery within doors, house-robbing; —*diener*, *m.* domestic, servant; —*diene*, *f.* *see* —*flur*; —*drache*, *m.* 1) *Supernat.* a dragon bringing treasures to or watching them in the house; 2) *coll.* vixen, scold, shrew, termagant; —*ehre*, *f.* 1) honour of a house or family; 2) *coll.* house-wife; —*eigenthümer*, —*eigner*, *m.* owner of a house; —*clubbrecher*, *m.* house-breaker, *conv.* crackman, pannyman; —*clurkstung*, *f.* domestic establishment.

Häu'lein, (*w.* *v. instr. provinc.* 1) to do household-work; 2) to keep house in a small way; to live economically; 3) to build card-houses; 4) to dally.

Häu'ren, (*w.* *v. i. instr.* 1) to reside, live; 2) to keep house; 3) to act, go on, behave, proceed in an ill manner; to make a noise, to bluster, riot, rage; *die Strinde* —*übel*, the enemies make a great havoc, go on in a sad way; *II. tr.* to house, lodge.

Häu'ren, (*str.* *n.* *khil.* huse, huso, isinglass fish, sturgeon (*Acipenser huso* L.); —*blase*, *f.* bladder of the sturgeon; isinglass, ichthyocol(la), fish-gel.

Häus'ente, (*w.* *f.* domestic or tame duck (*Anas boschas* L.).

Häu'ter..., *in comp.* —*bau*, *m.* erection or building of houses; —*geviert*, —*viertel*, *n.* block (of houses).

Häus..., *in comp.* —*cafe*, *f.* *Ornith.* screech-owl (*Strix flammea* L.); —*flieg*, *f.* *Entom.* house-fly (*Stubenfliege*); —*flur*, *f.* floor, (entrance-)hall, vestibule (of a house); —*frau*, *f.* lady of the house; house-wife, housekeeper; —*freund*, *m.* friend of the family; *joc.* (family-)bookkin; —*friede*, *m.* domestic or household peace, security at home; —*friedensbruch*, *m.* the act of disturbing the domestic peace; —*gans*, *f.* domestic goose (*Anser cinereus domesticus*); —*gebäcker*, *see* —*bäcker*; —*gebrauch*, *m.* 1) *see* —*brauch*; 2) *see* —*bedarf*; —*geflügel*, *n.* poultry; —*geist*, *m.* *Supernat.* family spirit; —*geld*, *n.* house-rent; —*geuö*, *m.* inmate, lodger; person belonging to the family, domestic; —*geuöffen*, *pl.* —*geuöffenhaft*, *f.* inmates

&c., family, household, &c. —*geflügel*; —*geräth*, *n.* (household) furniture, household stuff; —*geschäft*, *n.* domestic business; —*gesetz*, *n.* family statute or law; —*gehilfe*, *n.* domestic, family servant; —*giebel*, *m.* gable-end of a house, house-top; —*glück*, *f.* house-ball; —*glück*, *n.* domestic happiness; —*gott*, *m.* household god, *Lar* (*pl.* *Larar*); —*gottesdienst*, *m.* private service; —*götze*, *m.* domestic idol; —*grille*, *f.* *Entom.* (house-) cricket (*Scimæra*); —*heft*, *f.* *see* —*arrst*; —*hahn*, *m.* cock, *Am.* rooster (*Gallus domesticus* L.); —*halt*, *m.* management of a house, &c. *see* —*haltung*; —*halt der Welt*, economy of the world; —*halten*, *see* *under* *Haus*; —*halter*, —*halter*, *m.* 1) housekeeper; householder; 2) economist, frugal manager; —*halterin*, *f.* housekeeper, housewife; —*halterisch*, —*haltig*, *adj.* 1) housekeeping, domestic; 2) economical, sparing, frugal, thrifty; *mit ...* —*haltig* [*sein*], to economize, husband; —*haltigkeit*, *f.* housekeeping; economy; —*haltung*, *f.* 1) management of a house; housekeeping, economy; 2) (domestic) establishment, household, family; *jeine* —*haltung* *aufgeben*, to break up house; —*haltungsbuch*, *n.* book of household accounts or expenses; —*haltungskosten*, *pl.* family or household expenses; —*haltungskostenbuch*, *see* —*haltungsbuch*; —*haltungskontanten*, *n.* household-account; —*haltungskunst*, *f.* economy, economics; —*haltungstheorie*, *f.* rule of economy; —*haltungswissen*, *pl.* household-concerns; —*haltungswissen* *u. s. w.*, *see* —*haltungstheorie*; —*hammel*, *m.* *coll.* *see* —*unke*, 2; —*hans*, *f.* domestic hen; —*herr*, *m.* householder, master of the house, master of a family; landlord; —*herrschaft*, *f.* 1) household-government; 2) master and mistress of the house; —*hoch*, *adj.* as high as a house; —*hofmeister*, *m.* master of the household, steward, major domo; —*huhn*, *n.* domestic fowl; —*hund*, *m.* house-dog; —*industrie*, *f.* house-industry.

Häu'ner, (*w.* *v. instr.* 1) to sell goods by carrying them about to hawk, peddle; —*gehen*, to go peddling or hawking about; 2) *see* *Häufen*, 1. 3; *das* —, (*str.* *v. s.* *Häu'fender*, (*str.* *m.* peddling, hawking. —*Häu'ferr*, (*str.* *m.* hawker, pedlar, itinerant tradesman, pack-man.

Häus..., *in comp.* —*jungfer*, *f.* 1) daughter of the house; 2) housemaid; —*klöster*, *m.* *Entom.* death-watch (*Zobtus*); —*knecker*, *m.* family-almanac; —*kaiser*, *m.* chancellor of the (imperial) house (in Austria); —*keiser*, *f.* domestic cat (*Felis domestica* Briss.); —*kaut*, *m.* purchase of a house; —*keiner*, *m.* butler; —*kirche*, *f.* house-chapel, oratory; —*kleid*, *n.* —*kleidung*, *f.* everyday dress, house-dress; —*knecht*, *m.* hostler, boots; menial servant; —*loft*, *f.* household-fare; —*loft*, *m.* family grief, domestic affliction; —*loft*, *m.* domestic quarrel; —*loft*, *f.* crown belonging to a family, hereditary crown (*opp.* *Reichskrone*); —*maße*, *m.* home-customer; —*maße*, *m.* *Comm.* warehouseman; —*maße*, *n.* house-lamb, *coll.* pot; —*maße*, *n.* —*maße*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) houseleek (*Sempervivum tectorum* L.); 2) orpine or live-long (*Sedum telephium* L.); —*leben*, *n.* domestic or home-life; —*lehrer*, *m.* private instructor, tutor, governor; —*lehrschrift*, *f.* governance; —*lehrschrift*, *m.* —*lehrschriftliche*, *f.* a tutor's or governor's situation; —*lehrschrift*, *f.* home-span linen.

Häu'ster, (*str.* *n.* cottager; —*haft*, *adj.* relating to a cottager; —*haft*, (*w.* *f.* *coll.* cottagers.

Häu'stute, *pl.* lodgers; family of a house; domestic, servants; cottagers, tenants.

Häu'tlich, *I. adj.* domestic; in-door; home-bred, household; economical, frugal, thrifty;

von - betroffen, damaged (goods); - attest, n. certificate of average; die darüber sprechenden - atteste, the average certificates referring thereto; - fall, m. case of average; die - losen aufmachen, to settle the average; - leidende Schiffe, vessels under average; - papier, pl. average-documents; - rechnung, f. average account (for the costs of reclamation); - sachen, f. pl. cases of average; - vertheilung, f. proportioning of average.

Gay etc., see Gay etc.

Gay (son) (three), (str.) m. hyson.

Gayard, see Geyard.

Ge, *interj.* hal - da! ho there! heigh! holla! - , - da! - hallo! boy! hoay!

Ge'samme, (w.) f. midwife; Ge-nastalt, f., Ge-nastalt, n. lying-in hospital or charity; Ge-nastalt, f. midwifery; Ge-nastalt, n. midwife's fee; Ge-nastalt, n. see Gebührl.

Ge's... in comp. - arm, m. Mech. 1) (arm of a) lever; 2) see Damm, m.; - arguifunde, f. science of obstetrics; - arguifunde, f. obstetrics; - argi, m. man-midwife.

Ge'te, f. Myth. Hebe (P. N.).

Ge'te, (w.) f. 1) lever, and various other things for raising weights; 2) see Hebe; 3) province. tax.

Ge'te... (from Geben), in comp. - arm, m. see Gebarm; - bellen, m. beam, lever, crow-bar; Gehen, brake; - band, m. Surg. hunting truss, bag truss; - baum, m. hoover, coil-staff (-ballen); - bentel, m. see - band; - bod, m. T. crab, see - labe; - baum(en), m. lifting-cog, lifter, vipar, cam, tappet (Damm, 2); - eisen, n. 1) crow-bar; 2) Surg. elevator; - gerüst, n. see - geug; - ge'stirt, n. see - schraube; - griff, m. lifting handle; - haken, m. Weav. lifting-wire; - haken, - haken, m. see - baumen; - lora, n. province. corn given as rent or tribute; - lora, f. midwifery.

Ge'tel, (str.) m. 1) Mech. lever; reversing-gear; 2) Surg. see Gebelien, 2; 3) Bak. loaven.

[great weights, &c.]

Ge'telle, (w.) f. Mech. gin (for raising).

Ge'telarm, (str.) m. arm of a lever.

Ge'te..., in comp. - latte, f. see - baumen; - leiter, f. machine for lifting up.

Ge'tel..., in comp. Mech.-, - tragt, f. leverage; - maschine, f. Min. gin (for drawing water out of a mine).

[a lever.]

Ge'teln, (w.) v. tr. to put in motion by Ge'tel..., in comp. - vertheilung, n. leverage; - wage, f. scale beam, weighing machine; - wert, n. leverage.

Ge'te..., in comp. - masch, n. entertainment given to builders at a contignation; - maschine, f. lifting-engine; - messer, m. Weav. lifting-blade; - muschel, m. Anal. allotment muscle, elevator.

Ge'ten, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to lift, hoave; to hoist, draw up; to weigh (the anchor); to raise, elevate, cf. Erheben; 2) T. cin Hans -, to set up the timber-work of a roof; 3) to receive, take, raise (money, &c.); 4) to remove, stop, put an end to (Bellegen, I. 3); to remove, solve (doubts); 5) to relieve, make prominent; Puten, &c. to set off, contrast; 6) Arith. to reduce (fractions); 7) to encourage, patronise (arts, sciences); aus der Kutsche -, to help (one) to get out of a coach; auf Land -, to crane up (goods from a ship, &c.); in die Kutsche -, to hand into the coach; Wein aus dem Fasse -, to draw wine out of a cask with a siphon; einen Esch -, to dig out a hidden treasure; cin Kind aus der Taufe -, to be godfather or godmother at a christening; von der Hoffnung gehoben, buoyed (up) by hope; II. refl. 1) to raise one's self; to rise, swell; to heave; to be promoted; to improve, to rise; to be removed; unsere Rechnungen - sich, our accounts square each other;

das hebt sich, that makes quits or balances the matter; 2) to depart, go, cf. sich Weg-heben; in gehobener Stimmung, in high spirits; in high feather.

Ge'te..., in comp. - nagel, m. T. catch; - pumpe, f. T. lifting-pump; - punct, m. Mech. prop, fulcrum.

Ge'ter, (str.) m. T. 1) siphon, bent tube for drawing off liquids; 2) crane, &c. see Gebel, 1; 3) pl. Wasm. a) lifters; b) neck-twines; 4) Anal. &c. elevator; 5) Mech. see Gebelarmen; - barometer, m. Pags. siphon-barometer; - bodst, m. siphon-wick; - flumige Glasröhre, siphon glass tube; - pumpe, f. siphon pump.

Ge'te..., in comp. - schenkel, f. Hydraul. lifting-shovel; - schenkel, m. see - masch; - schenkel, f. Mech. jack-screw; (Hölzerne) - spiegel, m. Gumm. (wooden) bottom; - stab, m. Spinn. hookle-bar; - stange, f. handsplike; - stelle, f. toll-bar, turnpike; - ritt, m. see - nagel; - wagen, m. see - labe; - wäge, f. Mech. lifting-roller; - wert, f. see - geug; - winde, f. lifting screw, windlass, see - labe; - zange, f. T. large tongs; - zange, m. Surg. elevator; - zapfen, m. see - baumen; - zeng, n. lifting-apparatus; lifting-bar, cf. - labe; - zengriegel, m. cross-bar; - zengten, n. gin-fall. (Schwelle, f. see Dammwelle.

Ge'tling, (str.) m. T. tappet (Gebelarmen);

Ge'toff, (str.) n. Jew. Red. heave offering.

Ge'tor, (str.) m. 1) Hebrew. Jew; 2) or Ge'torik, (w.) m. Hebraist. - Ge'torin, (w.) f. Hebrew woman. - Ge'torik, adj. Hebrew; das Ge'tor, Hebrew. - Ge'torik, (w.) v. tr. to Hebraise. - Ge'torik, (pl. [w.] Ge'torik) m. Hebraism.

Ge'torik, f. pl. Geogr. Hebrides.

Ge'torik, adj. Hebridian. (bärnäh.)

Ge'torik, (str.) pl. Ge'torik (m. see Ge'torik.)

Ge'tung, (w.) f. 1) a) (the act of) lifting, hoaving, raising; elevation; die - des Bodens aus tiefen Bergwerken, the lifting of water (by machinery) from deep mines; b) a lifting (elevated ground); c) elevated place, swelling; d) Mar. sheer (of a ship's deck; Spring); 2) a) a receiving, taking (of taxes, &c.); b) income, revenue; tax; 3) levy; 4) Mus. & Gram. arsis (more correct: thesis); 5) promotion, development, improvement, rise (of trade, &c.); 6) removal (of a disease, &c.); Ge'tung(e), m. pl. receivers of public money; Ge'tung, f. exchequer; office for receiving taxes.

Ge'tel, I. (w.) f. 1) hatchel, hackle, flax-comb; 2) see - tragt; 3) Ag. satiriser, criticiser; durch die - ziehen, Ag. see Durchhebeln, 2.

Ge'telband, (str.) pl. Ge'tel f. hackling-bench.

Ge'tel, (w.) f. 1) the (act or practice of) hackling; 2) Ag. see Etichel.

Ge'tel..., in comp. - lamm, m. Bot. see Rabellerbel; - tragt, n. Bot. rest harrow (Gan-hedel); - wasser, m. hatchel-maker.

Ge'teln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to comb, hackle, hackle, hatchel; 2) Ag. to carp or cavil at ... satirise, criticise.

Ge'tel..., in comp. - scherz, m. taunt, gibe, sarcasm; - schrift, f. satirical writing; - stuhl, m. see - band; - werg, n. tow, hards; - zahn, m. pin or tooth of a hatchel; - zim-mer, n. hackling room.

Ge'tler, (str.) m. 1) hatcheller; 2) Ag. carper, critic, satirist, censurer.

Ge'tse (hähq), (w.) f. see Gähse.

Ge't, (str.) m. 1) Lohk. pike (Eox lucius L.); 2) Ag. follow. chap.

Ge't, adj. Mar. (water)-tight; dicht und - , staunch and tight (strong).

Ge't..., in comp. - angel, f. pike-hook; - angelbrast, m. jack haltering wire; - apfel, m. Pmol. name of a large winter-

apple; - berst, m. Lohk. brasses (Lactoparus amarus L.); - grau, adj. pike-gray; - jowl, m. Jowl of a pike; - tragt, n. Bot. pond-frame, water-spoke (Potamogeton L.); - zahn, m. fry of pikes; - zimmet, m. pike-grayish horse.

Hed, s. I. (str.) n. 1) province. see Hed, A.; 2) gate (in a fence); 3) Mar. a) - cinet Higel, see Higel; b) aft-deck, stern; stern-frame; II. in comp. Mar.-s. - halter, m. great (horse or wing) transom; - bod, n. fly-boat with a broad stem, hag-boat; - bod, m. & n. aftboard; - brist, f. Med. king's evil.

A. Hed, (w.) f. 1) hedge, quickset hedge, fence; enclosure; 2) thicket, copse wood.

B. Hed, (w.) f. 1) a) the (act of) hatch-ing, hatch; b) birds, &c. hatched at a time, brood, brood; es gelang ihm von einer - von zehn Hügeln acht groß zu pflücken, he succeeded in roosting eight birds out of a hatch(ing) of ten; 2) breeding or hatching time; 3) breeding cage, aviary.

Heden, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to hatch; to breed, to bring forth young ones.

Heden..., in comp. - ammer, f. Ornith. cir-brunting (Embortus cirrus L.); - apfel, m. Pmol. a kind of crab-apple; - baum, m. 1) hedge-tree; 2) Bot. dogwood (Cornus florida); - bette, f. Bot. see - hahelbetre; - be'schneider, - stüber, m. hedger; - feuer, n. see Hedfeuer; - gang, m. walk between two hedges, lane; - gr- teit, n. bush-fighting; - grüßling, m. Ornith. see - ammer; - hah, n. see Hedhah; - hahen, m. wild hope; - haher, m. see Haher; - haher, f. upright honey-suckle (Lonicera xylosteum L.); - trichter, m. Bot. the great eggwort moth (Lactocampa summi L.); - mänge, f. false German coin of the 16th and 17th centuries; - mänge, m. (false) colour; Bot.-s. - pfannenbaum, m. wild plum-tree; - rafe, f. wild-rose (Rosa canina L.); - rafe, f. tall-alm; - faden, m. way-thorn; - faher, f. shears for clipping hedges; - faher, f. Bot. aloe (Purpurea spinosa L.); - faher, m. see Braunelle, 1; - faher, f. see Wachtelsting; - faher, f. bramble scythe; - faher, m. see Braunelle, 1; - faher, f. downy gooseberry; - bogel, m. see Braunelle, 1; - wert, n. hedge-work; Bot.-s. - wiche, f. wild roset (Vicia dumetorum L.); - winde, f. hedge-hall (Cuscuta epithymum L.); - zahn, m. enclosure, plashing; quickset hedge.

Hedling, (str.) m. see Haderling.

Hed..., in comp. - feuer, n. Mil. firing by files; - grofchen, m. - mänge, f. - pfennig, - thaler, m. groshen, &c. by vulgar superstition believed to multiply itself; - herberge, f. coll. hedge-tavern; - hah, n. Bot. common privet (Sartiregel).

Hedst, Hedst, adj. like a hedge or thicket; covered with hedges or copse.

Hed..., in comp. - jagen, n. hedge-hunt-ing; - haher, m. poacher; - haher, n. Mar. transom knee; - lauge, f. Chem. mother-water; - mähnen, n. Folk-lore, a spirit bring-ing money when ordered, &c. see Hahen, 2, a & b; - mänge, f. - pfennig, m. 1) see - grofchen; 2) Ag. nest-egg; - pfennig, f. see Hedden ...; - rosetenwiche, f. Bot. crack-willow (Bryonia crebra); - faden, m. see Heddenamer; - stüber, f. pl. Mar. top-timbers of the shaloon-plate; - thaler, m. see - grofchen; - wiche, f. see Hedrosetenwiche; - zeit, f. breeding-time, hatching-time.

Hede, (w.) f. province. tow, oakum, hurds.

Hedel (Hädel), (str.) n. Min. see Hähdel, 2.

Heden, adj. province. of tow or oakum.

Hederig, (str.) m. Bot. 1) bank-cresson, hedge-mustard (Erysimum L.); 2) field-radish (Raphanus raphanistrum L.).

[P. N.]

Hedwig, f. Hedwig, Edwiga, Edwiga

Seer, *s. l. (str.)* n. 1) large number, quantity; 2) host, army; *des wilde* or *wildende* —, Arthur's chase; 3) *Ag.* multitude (of passions, &c.); II. *in comp.* —*abtheilung*, *f.*, —arm, *m.* *see* *Seerabtheilung*; —*baum*, *m.* 1) arrier-ban, militia; 2) the obligation of taking the field; —*biene*, *f.* *see* *thieving bee*.

Seer, *Seer* de (*hēd*, *hēr* —), *see* *Seer* *ic*. **Seer's** ..., *in comp.* —*abtheilung*, *f.* division or column of an army; —*bewegung*, *f.* movement or manoeuvre of an army; —*flucht*, *f.*, —*flüchtling*, *m.*, &c. *see* *Seerflucht* *ic*; —*folge*, *f.* obligation of following the army of the sovereign; —*haufen*, *m.* host, army; —*trift*, —*maist*, *f.* forces, troops, army; power; —*menge*, *f.* host; —*judst*, *f.* discipline.

Seer ..., *in comp.* —*banne*, *f.* banner, standard; —*fehrt*, *f.* campaign; —*flucht*, *f.* desertion (from an army); —*flüchtig*, *adj.* deserting; —*flüchtig* werden, to desert; cin —*flüchtiger*, a deserter; —*flügel*, *m.* flank (of an army); —*fürer* (+*fürer*), *m.* chief of an army, commander-in-chief; general, chief-tain, captain; —*ganz*, *f.* *Ornith.* gray horn or heron (*Ardea cinerea* L.); —*grüth*, *n.* 1) (camp, or field) equipage, furniture of an army; 2) or —*gewerbe*, —*gewette*, *n.* heriot; —*haufe*, *f.* corps, division, squadron; —*hensgrude*, *f.* *Entom.* migratory cricket (*Gryllus gryllus*); —*hels*, *n.* *Ornith.* common jay (*Garrulus glandarius* L., *Polshäher*); —*horn*, *m.* 1) war-trumpet; —*huf*, *f.* bell-cow; —*lager*, *n.* camp of an army; host, army; —*liste*, *f.* army-list; —*meister*, *m.* grand-master or head of certain knightly orders; —*meisterhaft*, *f.* grand-mastership; —*paufe*, *f.* kettle-drum, tymbal; —*rauf*, *m.* *Medic.* thick yellowish fog (*Schneerand*); —*ranpe*, *f.* *see* —*murm*; —*saufe*, *f.* column of an army; —*skar*, *f.* army, host; legion; *der Seer* or *Gott der Seer* —*schern*, *Script.* Lord of hosts, God sabaoth; —*schay*, *m.* 1) military chest; 2) *Law*, fines of alienation; —*schau*, *f.* review; —*schil*, *m.* 1) buckler, shield; 2) dignity of a knight; —*schneffe*, *f.* *Ornith.* common snipe (*Scelopax gallinago* L.); —*schneufing*, *f.* manoeuvre of an army; —*spite*, *f.* van, vanguard; —*steuer*, *f.* war-tax; —*straße*, *f.* 1) military road; 2) highway, road; 3) *Ag.* beaten road or track; —*strom*, *m.* large (principal or main) river; —*voll*, *m.* army, troops; —*wagen*, *m.* 1) baggage-wagon; 2) *Adv.* Charles's wain; —*weg*, *m.* *see* —*straße*; —*wesen*, *m.* anything relating to an army, military concerns; —*wurm*, *m.* army-worm, a migrating brood of larvae of the *Stara Thomas* L., moving along in snake-like windings of immense length; —*wug*, *m.* march; —*wung*, *m.* *see* —*banne*.

Seie, *s. l. (w.)* *f.* 1) *Sn*, *pl.* loes, drugs, grounds, sediment, mother, fecula, feces; 2) *Ag.* barm, yeast, yeast; 3) *Ag.* the drugs (of the people), sink (of the mob); (*bis*) auf die *Sn* kommen, to come, get to the bottom, to be reduced to extremities; *bis* auf die *Sn* lernen, to empty to the (very) drugs; auf der —*figen*, *coll.* to be aground. [*häftte*].

Seief, (*w.*) *f.* *Woz.* hiddle (*Hidne*; *haben* —*Seien* ..., *in comp.* —*krat*, *m.*, —*uchen*, *m.* leavened bread, cake; —*prüfer*, *m.* *T.* xymometer; —*saure*, *f.* *Chem.* lactic acid; —*trig*, *m.* leavened dough.

Seifst, *Seifst*, *adj.* yeast-like; barmy, yeasty; tasting of yeast; full of loes, drogy. **Seift**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Am.*) 1) haft, handle; hilt (of a sword); hook, pin; 2) *a*) some sheets stitched together, stitched (or stich) book; 3) number, part; 3) *Ag.* power; *Einen* *Seif* —*rummen*, to wrest the staff out of one's hands; *Seif* —*in* *der* *Hand* *haben*, to bear away.

Seifte, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) fastening the tendrils of a vine.

Seiftchen, (*str.*) *n.* Glass-m. pant.

Seiftel, (*str.*) *m.* clasp, hook, pin; — *und* *Seiftel*, hook and eye.

Seifteln, (*w.*) *s. str.* 1) to clasp, to fasten with hooks and eyes; to pin.

Seifteln, (*w.*) *s. str.* 1) to fasten, attach, tie; to nail; to hook; to pin; 2) *Booth.* & *Swy.* to stitch, sew; *See.* to baste; 3) *Ag.* to fix (the eyes, &c. upon); *cine* *Bunde* —, to sew a wound together.

Seift..., *in comp.* —*haben*, *m.* basting thread; —*haben*, *m.* hook of a binder's press.

Seiftig, *adj.* 1) vehement, violent, impatient, impatient, fierce; hot, ardent, intense, keen; high (wind, quarrel, passions); heavy (rain); sharp (cold, lightnings); 2) earnest, eager; passionate; —*heffen*, to hate bitterly; —*lieben*, to be passionately fond of, to dote upon.

Seiftigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* vehemence, violence, impetuosity; intensity; heat, eagerness, ardour; mit —, *Ag.* sharply.

Seift..., *in comp.* —*faber*, *f.* *Booth.* sewing-frame, sewing-board, sewing-press; —*macher*, *m.* haftmaker; —*nabel*, *f.* stitching-needle; book-binder's needle; —*pfaster*, *n.* *Swy.* adhesive or sticking-plaster; —*pulver*, *n.* agglutinative powder; —*schert*, *f.* osier for binding hoops; —*schuur*, *f.* band-string; *Booth-s.* —*schuur*, *pl.* bands; —*sift*, *m.* pointel; —*weife*, *adv.* in numbers (of publications); —*weisen*, *f.* *pl.* drawing pins or points; —*weisen*, *m.* *see* —*haben*. [*preserve*].

A. Seige, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* *Schug*; 2) *Sport*.

B. Seige, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Seie*.

Seigehals, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Seigewald*.

A. Seigling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) trunk of a fir-tree used in making fences; 2) *provinc.* a species of trout.

B. Seigling, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* a follower of Hegel (a German philosopher, 1770 — 1831).

* **Seigemonie**, (*w.*) *f.* *Gr. Hist.* hegemony, headship (*Seigerricht*).

Seigen, (*w.*) *s. str.* 1) *see* *Sägen*; 2) to foster, cherish; to entertain, cherish, nurse, harbour, have (suspicion, hopes, doubts); *Gröll*, *Seif* —*gegen* ..., to bear one a grudge (spite), to bear hatred or malice, to have a spite, ill-will against ...

Seiger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cherisher, fosterer, keeper; auf einen —*sumt* ein *Seiger*, *proverb.* a spendthrift son consumes the prudent father's savings; 2) possessor of a small soage estate (—*gut*); 3) fosterer, keeper; 4) *see* *Säger*. 2. **Seige...**, *in comp.* —*reis*, *n.* *Forest* tiller, standard, stand (dile); —*reiter*, *m.* gamekeeper, *Law*, verdorer.

Seigeweibe, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Wandelfeibe*.

Sege..., *in comp.* —*häulen*, *f.* *pl.* boundary-posts of a post, &c.; —*hiere*, *n.* *pl.* beasts and fowls of the warren; —*wald*, *m.* a forest fenced in; —*wasser*, *n.* pond or river in which it is not allowed to fish; —*weife*, *f.* pasture-ground on which no cattle are allowed to feed; —*wiese*, *f.* meadow fenced in; —*wisch*, *m.* wisp of hay or straw stuck on a pole, as a sign of an acre, forest, &c. fenced in; —*zeit*, *f.* time when no game is killed, *Law*, fence month.

Seiger, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Säger*.

Seif, (*str.*) *m.* or *n.* concealment, secrecy, only in: *ohne* —, without secrecy, openly; *kein* — *haben* (*with* *Gen.*), *kein* — *machen* *aus* ..., to make no secret of ..., not to conceal or deny.

Seifte, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* bullfinch (*Chimpe*).

Seiften, (*w.*) *s. str.* to conceal (*Verhehlen*); *Seiften* —, to receive stolen goods.

Seifter, (*str.*) *m.*, *Seif*, (*w.*) *f.* concealer; receiver (of stolen goods).

Seift, *adj.* *, sublime, high, elevated, august, holy; *Kod-s.* —*weife*, *f.* high-mass.

† **Seiftstüm**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Seiftstümer*) *n.* sacrament.

Sei, *Sei* *de*, *interj.* hurra.

A. Seide, (*w.*, *Gen.* & *Dat. sing.* [*t*] *) *Sn* *f.* 1) heath; 2) *provinc.* wood, forest; 3) *Bot.* *see* —*frucht*.

B. Seide, (*w.*) *m.* heathen, pagan, gentile. **Seide** ..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —*Seien*, *m.* heath-broom; —*Seie*, *f.* heath-bee; —*Seienstrant*, *n.* *Bot.* wild rosemary (*Ledum palustre* L.); —*Seime*, *f.* heath-flower; —*Seiden*, *m.* *see* —*land*, 1; —*Seiden*, *m.* heap of buck-wheat; —*Seid*, *m.* furze, gorse, briars; —*Seidell*, *f.* *Ornith.* red-wing (*Turdus iliculus* L.); —*Seide*, *f.* *Bot.* *see* *Stricnide*; —*Seide*, *f.* *Gard.* heath mould; —*Seidig*, *m.* *see* —*Seid*; —*Seid*, *m.* flax-wood; —*Seid*, *n.* fodder growing on heaths; —*Seid*, *m.* heath thicket, *cf.* —*Seid*; —*Seid*, *n.* moor-game; —*Seid*, *pl.* heath; —*Seid*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) heath-grass (*Tridax dactyloides* Beauv.); 2) *see* —*Seid*; —*Seid*, *grit*, groats made of buck-wheat; —*Seid*, *m.* heath-cock (*Tetrao laticus* L.); —*Seid*, *m.* honey of heath bees; —*Seid*, *n.* *Ornith.* heath-pout, moorhen (*Tetrao capto* Gm.); —*Seid*, *m.* *see* —*Seid*; —*Seid*, *n.* *Bot.* a —*Seid*, *n.* buckwheat, paniclo (*Quadrifolium*); —*Seid*, *n.* heath, heather, sweet-broom (*Erica vulgaris* L.); —*Seid*, *f.* *see* *Seidell*.

Seidel, *s. l.* or *Seiden*, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* buck-wheat; II. *in comp.* —*Seide*, *f.* *Bot.* bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus* L.); (*rustic*) red whortleberry (*Vaccinium vitis idaea* L.); —*Seid*, *f.* Dutch myrtle (*Myrica gale* L.); —*Seid*, *m.* bilberry-bush; —*Seid*, *m.* *see* *Seidell*.

Seide ..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —*land*, *n.* 1) heathy ground or land; 2) heath country; —*Seid*, *m.* keeper of a forest, forester's assistant; —*Seid*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) pplit (*Scamptepit*); 2) woodlark (*Scamptepit*).

Seiden ..., (*from* *Seide*, *B.*) *in comp.* —*apostel*, *m.* apostle of the Gentiles; —*Seid*, *m.* converter of pagans or heathens, missionary; —*Seid*, *n.* idol.

Seide ..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —*weife*, *f.* *Bot.* pink with white deltoid spots on the petals (*Dianthus deltoides* L.). [*Seid*].

Seidenfalter, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* roller (*Ran* —*Seiden* ..., (*from* *Seide*, *B.*) *in comp.* —*geld*, *n.* slang, enormous sum of money; —*glaube*, *m.* pagan belief; —*land*, *n.* pagan country; —*Seiden*, *m.* heathenish life; —*Seid*, *m.* *see* —*Seid*.

Seiden ..., (*from* *Seide*, *A.*) *in comp.* —*weife*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) tit-lark (*Seidell*); 2) tufted lark (*Seidenfalter*); —*weife*, *m.* *Ornith.* golden plover (*Goldregenpfeifer*); *Bot-s.* —*weife*, *f.* 1) common broom (*Spartium scoparium* L.); 2) dyer's weed (*Hypericaceae*); —*rettig*, *m.* 1) field-radish (*Raphanus raphanistrum* L.); 2) penny-cross (*Thlaspi* L.); —*Seiden*, *m.* 1) common rock-rose (*Helianthemum vulgare* L.); 2) *see* —*weife*, 2; 3) common saw-wort (*Serratula tinctoria* L.).

Seiden ..., (*from* *Seide*, *B.*) *in comp.* —*seid*, *f.* heathenish manner or custom; —*temple*, *m.* pagan temple.

Seidenstüm, (*str.*) *n.* (*l.* *Seidenstüm*, (*w.*) *f.*) 1) paganism, heathenism; 2) collect. heathens, pagans.

Seiden ..., (*from* *Seide*, *A.*) *in comp.* —*wunderstüm*, *n.* 1) golden-rod (*Goldrute*); 2) woundwort (*Anthyllus vulneraria* L.); —*weife*, *m.* *see* —*Seiden*, 1.

Seide ..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —*partie*, *f.* *Gard.* heathery; —*rand*, *m.* fog on a forest; —*reiter*, *m.* t, mounted ranger, forester.

Seidling, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* a mushroom (*Chompinon*).

Seide ..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —*rose*, *f.* *Bot.* sweet-briar; heath-rose, Scottish rose (*Rosa rubiginosa* L.); —*Seid*, *n.* (*provinc.* —*Seid*, *f.* heath-mutton, sheep kept on

heaths; —[*Heidenwiese*, *f.* Comm. estridge wool; —[*Heidenmushroom*, *m.* the edible mushroom; —*Heide*, *m.* poet.

Heibig, *adj.* heathy. [gentile.
Heibin, (*w.*) *f.* (female) heathen, pagan, *Heibisch*, *adj.* 1) heathenish, heathen, pagan; 2) *fig.* wicked, godless.

Heibschilde, *Heibschilde*, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* see *Heibschilde*.

Heibsch, (*w.*) *m.* (*Hungar.*) Heydus: 1) Hungarian foot-soldier; 2) servant dressed in Hungarian costume.

Heib, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* mallet; hammer.

Heiben, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to beat with a mallet.

Heibel, *adj.* (*orig. provinc.*) fastidious, nice, delicate.

Heil, *adj.* whole, sound, unharmed, uninjured, unscathed; unbroken; in *h-er Haut*, in a whole skin; —*werden*, to heal; mit *h-er Haut* haben *kommen*, to come off or escape with a whole skin.

Heil, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *†*, health, soundness; hail; 2) happiness, welfare; 3) safety; 4) *Theol.* eternal welfare, salvation, redemption; —! all hail! *sein* — *verfügen*, *coll.* to try one's luck or fortune; to make a trial; to take one's chance; *es war mir zum* —, it was best or fortunate for me; —*mir, dir, uns allen* happy I, thou, all of us! — *dir*, im *Elgestranz*! hail to thee, laurel-crowned victor! — *dem König!* God save the king! — *aller Ehden*, popular name of the speedwell, self-heal, and other plants.

Heilend, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Saviour (deliverer, Redeemer); 2) *Bot.* wall-wort (*Heilholunder*).

Heil... (*from Heilen & Heil*), *in comp.* —*anstalt*, *f.* medical establishment, hospital; —*art*, *f.* method of curing or healing; —*bad*, *n.* mineral waters.

Heilbar, *I. adj.* curable: 1) healable, remediable, recoverable; 2) *fig.* what may be cured, remedied; II. *§-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* curableness, remedialness, the quality of admitting a cure.

Heil... (*from Heilen & Heil*), *in comp.* —*blatt*, *n. Bot.* 1) meadow-rue (*Thalictrum flavum* L.); 2) upright (or climbing) birthwort (*Aristolochia clematitis* L.); —*bohne*, *f. Bot.* soy, soja (*Dalichos [Soja] hispida*); —*bringend*, *adj.* salutiferous; —*brunnen*, *m.* wells, mineral waters; —*butte*, *f. kelt.* hall-bud (*Hippophaë vulgaris* Flom.); —*büchel*, *f. Bot.* blessed thistle (*Cnicus benedictus* L.).

Heilen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to heal; II. *tr.* 1) to cure (*fig.* von, of, heal; 2) *provinc.* to gold.

Heiler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) healer, curer; 2) *provinc.* a) gelder; b) gelding.

Heil... (*from Heilen & Heil*), *in comp.* —*geber*, *m.* giver of blessings; —*gift*, *m. Bot.* Italian wolf's bane (*Aconitum anthora* L.); —*gott*, *m.* god of medicine (*particul.* *Aesculapius*); —*göttin*, *f.* goddess of health (*particul.* *Hygea*); *Bot.-s.* —*gurke*, *f.* balsam-apple (*Momordica charitaria* L.); —*holber*, —*holunder*, *m.* dwarf-elder (*Sambucus ebulus* L.).

Heilig, *I. adj.* 1) *†*, salutary; 2) holy; sacred, godly; 3) *fig.* solemn; sacred, inviolable; 4) *iron.* sanctified, demure; *der h-e Abend*, eve of a festival, *particul.* Christmas-Eve; *das h-e Bein*, *Anat. (Lat.)* os sacrum; *der h-e Christ*, 1. Jesus Christ; 2. *coll.* a) Christmas; b) Christmas-box; *h-er Gott!* just God! *der h-e Johannes*, St. John; *Ag. h-e Eder*, stiller, solemn dread, silence; *h-e Willst*, solemn or bounden duty; — *halten*, to keep holy; to consider sacred, inviolable; to observe religiously or strictly; — *machen*, to sanctify; —*sprechen*, to canonise, saint; — *verprechen*, to promise solemnly; II. (*induct.*) *n.* the Sanctus (sacred hymn). — *Heilige*, *s. (decl. like*

adj.) I. *n.* sacred thing; holy; II. *m.* 1) (*also f.*) saint; 2) the holy One; ein *Wunderlicher h-er*, *coll.* an odd fellow, an odd fish.

Heiligen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hallow, sanctify; *der h-e heilige die (das) Mittel*, the end justifies (sanctifies) the means; 2) to keep holy; to consecrate; to sanction; *butz die Zeit geheiligt*, time-honoured.

Heiligen... *in comp.* —*lein*, *n.* 1) bone of a saint, relic; 2) *see* *das heilige Bein*; —*bild*, *n.* image or picture of a saint; saintly figure; —*blende*, *f.* niche for the image of a saint; —*buch*, *n.* book or legend, story of some saint or saints; —*butte*, *f. kelt.* *see* *Heilbutte*; —*dienst*, *m.* worship of saints; —*geisteswunder*, *f. Bot.* wild angelica (*Angelica*); —*geheiligte*, *f. see* —*buch*; —*glanz*, *m.* 1) *Poet.* aureola, (strahlenförmiger) glory, (ringförmiger) halo (on pictures round the head of Christ, &c.); 2) *fig.* halo, nimbus; —*hals*, *n.* *Pharm.* rosin of the *liquum vitæ*; —*holz*, *n.* *see* *Blatterholz*; —*pflanze*, *f. Bot.* lavender-cotton (*Stachys L.*); —*pfeiler*, *m.* church-warden; —*schein*, *m.* *see* —*glanz*; —*verehrung*, *f. see* —*dienst*; —*woch*, *f.* week after a great festival, octave.

Heiligkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) holiness; sanctity; sanctitude; 2) sacredness, inviolability; *Seine* —, his holiness (the pope); — *des Wandels*, saintliness (of life).

Heilig... *in comp.* —*haltung*, *f.* (religious or strict) observance; —*prechung*, *f.* canonisation.

Heiligtum, (*str.*, *pl.* *Heiligtümer*) *n.* 1) *lit. & fig.* sanctuary; 2) holy, sacred thing; holy relic; holy shrine; fane; *h-erab*, *m.* sacrilege; *h-erabber*, *m.* church-robber, sacrilegist; *h-erabber*, *m.* sacrilegist.

Heiligung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) hallowing, &c., sanctification; consecration; sancton.

Heil... *in comp.* —*kräft*, *n.* *Med.* sanative cushion; —*kräft*, *f.* power of healing, sanative power; —*kräftig*, *adj.* sanative, curative, medicinal; —*kräft*, *n.* 1) *Bot.* a shepherd's weatherglass (*Anagallis arvensis* L.); b) blue bugle (*Asyda reptans* L.); c) *see* *Bürstflanz*; 2) —*kräft*, *pl.* official plants, medicinal herbs; —*kräft*, —*kräft*, *f.* art of healing (medicine), healing art, medical sciences (art); —*kräftig*, *adj.* skilled in medicine; —*kräftler*, *m.* (practical) physician.

Heilss, *I. adj.* 1) a) fatal, b) wicked, vicious, godless, bad, *cf.* *Unheilig*; 2) *coll.* dreadful, frightful; II. *§-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* wickedness, &c.

Heil... *in comp.* —*methode*, *f. see* —*art*; *mittel*, *n.* (healing) remedy, medicine, *pl.* curatives; —*mittelschre*, *f.* science of pharmacy, pharmacology; —*monat*, *m.* December; —*pflaster*, *n.* healing plaster; *das englische* —*pflaster*, sticking plaster; —*plan*, *m.* plan or mode of curing; —*quelle*, *m.* —*quelle*, *f.* sanative fountain, mineral or medicinal spring; —*salbe*, *f.* digestive salve.

Heilsum, *I. adj.* healing, sanative; wholesome, salutary, beneficial, beneficent: II. *§-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* wholesomeness, &c.

Heil... *in comp.* —*heilhaft*, *f.* *Theol.* (neutramentliche) gospel-dispensation, —*heiligt*, *m.* farrier; *Theol.-s.* —*heiligt*, *f.* doctrine of salvation; *h-emitte*, *m.* means of salvation, grace; *h-erbaugung*, *f.* way of salvation; (die göttliche) divine dispensation; *h-epian*, *m.* scheme of salvation; —*hilfe*, *f.* place of cure; —*halten* *suchen*, to seek relief in a frequent change of position (said of a sick person); —*stoff*, *m.* every kind of material for cure; *heilstunde*, —*heilstunde*, *f.* *materia medica*; —*strank*, *m. provinc.* polyalthes; —*system*, *n. see* —*art*; —*strank*, *m.* medicinal or vulnerary potion.

Heilung, (*w.*) *f.* cure, curing, healing.

Heil... *in comp.* —*weiser*, *n. see* —*brunn*; —*wissen*(schaft), *f. see* —*funde*; —*wurz*, —*wurzel*, *f.* various plants used as medicine.

Heim, *I. (str.) n.* 1) home; 2) *m. & n.* a) enclosure; b) enclosed dwelling; c) hamlet, township; II. *adv.* 1) home; 2) *see* *Heimlich*; —*führen*, to take home (a bride), to marry (a woman); —*gehen*, 1. or *fig* — *begleiten*, to go home; 2. *fig.* to die; — *kommen*, to come home; — *fallen*, *Law.* to revert (to), to escheat; to lapse, devolve (on); *Heim* — *führen*, 1. to light home; 2. or *Heim* — *führen*, *coll.* to send one packing, to make short work with one; —*zahlen*, 1. to reimburse; 2) *fig.* to retaliate (upon); *fig* — *zahlen*, to sigh or long for home.

Heimlich, *s. I. (w.) f.* 1) home, native place or country, birth place, native soil; habit (of plants); 2) — *clines* *Heimlich*, the port a ship belongs to or originally starts from; *es ist meine heim* —, it is the land of my adoption.

Heimlich, *adj.* native.
Heimlich, (*adv.*) *adv.* without a home, homeless; unsettled.

Heimlich, *in comp.* —*recht*, *n.* right of a native or naturalised person; —*heimlich*, *m.* certificate as to a person's place of settlement or origin; *h-geiges*, *n.* law of settlement; *h-geiges*, *m. see* *Heimat*, 2.

Heim... *in comp.* —*buch*, *n. provinc.* a book containing laws concerning fields, &c.; —*birge*, *m. provinc.* 1) village magistrate; 2) bailiff.

Heimchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Heim*, (*w.*) *f.*) *Entom.* common cricket (*Gryllus domesticus* L.).

Heimlich, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to resemble one's home or native place; 2) to long after one's country; II. *tr.* *see* *Heimnehmen*.

Heimern, (*w.*) *v. tr. provinc.* 1) to bring or carry home; 2) to fence in.

Heim... *in comp.* —*fahrt*, *f.* return, home(ward) voyage; taking home a bride; *Law-s.* —*fall*, *m.* reversion; escheat, devolution; —*füllig*, *adj.* reversionary, escheatable, revertible, devolutionary; expired; —*führerschaft*, *n.* escheatage; law by which the king or government become heir to an alien dying within his or its jurisdiction, (*Fr.*) *droit d'aubaine*; —*führen*, *f.* taking home a bride; —*gang*, *m.* (the act of) going home, way home; *cf.* death; —*gerent* (*provinc.* —*geret*), *n.* cleared land, clearing; —*grille*, *f.* house- or hearth-cricket (*Heimchen*).

Heimlich, (*adv.*) 1) domestic, home, native; peculiar to one's country, national; indigenous; 2) *fig.* at ease, at home, comfortable, *cf.* *Heimlich*, 2.

Heim... *in comp.* —*kehr*, —*kunft*, *f.* return home; —*kräft*, *adj. see* —*kräft*.

Heimlich, *I. adj.* 1) *†*, *see* *Heimlich*; 2) home-ly, at ease, comfortable; snug, quiet, calm; 3) secret, clandestine, private, underhand, close; concealed (catholic, &c.); *cf.* *Heimlich*; *das h-e Geheim*, secret closet (*Heimlich*, 2); — *heimsich*, to steal in upon; — *halten*, to conceal, keep close; — *thun*, to affect possessing, knowing secrets; to assume a mysterious air; to endeavour to make a secret (mit, of); II. *§-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*l. w.*) homeliness, snugness, &c.; 2) secrecy, secret, closeness; solitude, retiredness, privateness; recess; 3) a) —*thun*, *f.* or —*thun*, *n.* affectation of secrecy; b) *gener. pl.* secret dealings, under-hand work.

Heimlich, *adj. see* *Heimatlich* (*see*).

Heim... *in comp.* —*recht*, *n. see* *Heimatlich*; —*rechts*, *m. see* *Heimatlich*; —*reis*, *f.* journey home, return, home(ward) journey or voyage; —*ritt*, *m.* journey home on horseback; —*ruf*, *m.* summons home; —

hüßgen, *Comm.* see Abandonnieren; —*seßig*, *adj.* see Seßlich, 2.

Heim¹ (ea, (w.) s. tr. see Einheimisch.

Heim² ..., *in comp.* —*seßig*, *adj.* longing for one's home, home-sick; —*stratz*, *f.* dowry, portion, dotal property.

Heim³ (üßgen, (w.) s. tr. *fig.* 1) to haunt, infest; 2) *Script.* to visit (Eünden an (with *Dat.*), sins upon ...), to punish.

Heim⁴ (ucht, (w.) *f.* see Heimmeth.

Heim⁵ (süßung, (w.) *f.* visitation: 1) *Script.* (act of) visiting; —*Meris*, *Rom. Cath.* feast of visitation of our Lady; 2) punishment, visiting.

Heim⁶ (tüm, (str.) *n. provinc.* longing for (a) home.

Heim⁷ (tiste, (w.) *f.* (secret) malice, malignity, spite; (malicious) trick.

Heim⁸ (tisch, *adj.* malicious, malignant.

Heim⁹ ..., *in comp.* —*würts*, *adv.* homeward; —*weg*, *m.* way home; *den* —*weg* antwort, to set out homewards; *auf dem* —*weg*, on coming home; —*weß*, *m.* home-sickness, nostalgia; *das* —*weg* haben, to be home-sick; —*wesen*, *m.* homestead, home; —*zahlung*, *f.* *Comm.* reimbursement, payment at full; —*zug*, *m.* return home.

Hein, *Heinrich*, see Hein, II.

Hein¹ (rich, *m.* Henry (P. N.); *Bot.* s. der gut —, good Henry (*Chenopodium bonus Henricus* L.); *der* böse —, greater broom-rape (*Orobancha major* L.); *der* stolze (blau) —, viper's bugloss (*Reichium vulgare* L.); *der* große —, elecampane (*Scilla elecampanum* L.); *der* milde —, spiked rampon (*Phytolacca spicata* L.).

Heint, *adv.* *provinc.* this night; today.

Heintz, *m. abbr.* for Heintz, Hal, Harry (P. N.).

Hein² (ze, (w.) *m.* 1) or *Heinze*, *f.* a kind of chain-pump or bucket-engine; 2) *der* faule —, *Chem.* athanor.

Hein³ (ze, (w.) *f.* *provinc.* bee.

Hein⁴ (ze ..., *in comp.* —*banf*, *f.* T. form to cut (carve) upon; *Hueb*, straw-cutter; —*münne*, *m.* a kind of family spirit, Robin Good-fellow.

Hein⁵ (zeuseil, (str.) *n.* T. 1) chain of a bucket engine, *etc.*; 2) chain for moving a pair of bellows.

Hein⁶ (tisch), (w.) *f.* marriage; match: eine rüde — thun, to marry a fortune.

Hein⁷ (tisch), (w.) *s. tr. & intr.* to marry. Hein⁸ (tisch), ..., *in comp.* —*antrag*, *m.* offer of marriage, offered alliance, proposal; —*brief*, *m.* marriage-contract, see Ehevertrag; —*bureau*, *n.* *bov.* marriage-monger's office; —*contract*, *m.* see —*brief*; —*füßig*, *adj.* fit for marriage, marriageable; —*gebräute*, *m. pl.* marriage-ceremonies; *sich mit* —*gebräuten* tragen, = —*füßig* sein; —*gut*, *n.* dowry, portion, dotal property; —*lust*, *f.* desire, inclination for marrying; —*lustig*, *adj.* desirous of marrying; —*lustig* sein, to think of marrying, to be a marrying man; —*macher*, *m.* —*macherin*, *f.* —*stifter*, *m.* match-maker; —*schein*, *m.* 1) marriage-license; 2) certificate of marriage; —*sitzung*, *f.* 1) match-making; 2) or —*vertrag*, *m.* see —*brief*; —*verlobung*, *f.* relation by marriage, affinity.

Hei¹ (a or Hei² (a) *interj.* hurrah! huzza!

Hei³ (sch, *adj. coll.* for Heiter.

Hei⁴ (schen, (w.) s. tr. (*provinc. &*) * to desire, require (Begehren, Fordern).

Hei⁵ (sch, (str., pl. *Hei* (sch) *m.* *Log.* postulatium, postulate.

Hei⁶ (er, I. *adj.* hoarse; II. *Hei* (er, (w.) *f.* hoariness.

Hei⁷ (er, (str.) *m.* 1) magpie (Eiſter); 2) (also *W.* *f.*) young oak or beech.

Hei⁸ (I. *adj.* 1) hot; *fig.* s. 2) torrid (zone); 3) hot, ardent; fervent; passionate; vehement; glühend —, red hot; *Hei* (er, T. hot press; mit wach —, I grow hot; *was* ich nicht weiß,

macht mir (or mich) nicht —, proverb, what the eye cannot see the heart never grieves; *Einem* den Kopf — machen, to set a person's head whirling, to bother one; to cause one anxiety or fear; II. *in comp.* —*blütig*, *adj.* warm-blooded; —*brüßig*, *adj.* hot-short (iron); —*durst*, *m.* violent thirst.

Hei⁹ (ten, (str.) s. I. tr. 1) (*with two Acc.*) to call, name; *Einem* willkommen —, to bid or make one welcome; *gut* —, see Gut; 2) (*with Acc. & Inf.*) *Einem* gehen, (*sich*) setzen etc. —, to bid one go, take a seat, &c.; *Einem* sich setzen —, to bid one to a seat; *er* ließ mich hereinkommen, he bade me come in; 3) (*Einem* or *Einem* etwas) to bid, desire, tell, enjoin (one to do a thing); *thue* was ich dir heiße, do my bidding; *das* habe ich euch nicht geheißen, I did not tell you to do it; *er* hat es mir geheißen, he made me do it; *thue*, wie dir geheißen, do as you were bid; 4) *coll.* for *Rechnen*: *das* heiße ich gut rinfahren, that is what I call making a good bargain; *heiß* ich mir das doch eine Weile! (*Gothe, Faust*), this, with a vengeance, is a fair!

II. *intr.* 1) to be called, to bear a name; wie — Sie? what is your name? ich will ein Echeim —, wenn ..., call me a rogue if ...; wie heißt dies Wort aus Französisch? what is the French for this word? 2) to mean, signify; 3) to be, to be considered; *das* heißt, that is to say, that is; ich will ihm zeigen, was es heißt, I will show him what it is; was soll das? —? what is the meaning of this? what does it signify? was heißt das anders als ..., what is this but saying that ...; *das* heiße ich fortsetzen, this would be (as much as) to drive him away; *lieben* heißt leben, to love is to live; *er* laßte geradezu, was so viel — sollte, als ..., he laughed outright, as much as to say ...; *das* heißt eine Liebe! this is love! *das* heißt doch (ge)laufen etc. I this is indeed running! that's what I call running! *ich* heiße es aufpassen! attention is now the word! es heißt die Wichtigkeit zu weit treiben, it is carrying politeness too far (to ...).

III. *impers.* es heißt, it is said; it is given out, it is reported, the story goes; „Berichten Sie ihm,“ *heiß* es in einem Briefe, „daß ...“, „assure him,“ said one letter, „that ...“; wie es im Eiede heißt, as the song has it; es heißt in der Bibel etc., it says in the Bible, &c.

Hei¹⁰ ..., *in comp.* —*gebüß*, *n.* T. hot blast; —*geflist*, *adj.* ardently or passionately loved; —*grüßig*, *adj.* 1) *Metall.* difficult of fusion, refractory; 2) sterile (of the soil); —*hungr*, *m.* 1) canine (or dog) appetite, hungry evil; voracious hunger; 2) *fig.* craving greediness, famished voracity; —*hungrig*, *adj.* affected with the canine appetite; voracious, greedy; (of horses) foul-feeding; —*wasser-cistern*, *f.* *Mech.* hot water cistern (of a steam engine); —*wasserheizungs*, *f.* calorifere of water.

Hei¹¹ (er, I. *adj.* 1) serene; clear, fair, bright; ein Bliz aus *Hei* (er) Himmel, a thunderbolt from the blue; 2) cheerful, in (high) spirits, merry; glad, happy, contented; unruffled; —*werden*, to clear up; II. *Hei* (er, (w.), *poet.* *Hei* (er), *f.* 1) serenity; clearness, brightness; 2) cheerfulness, hilarity, gladness, mirth, &c.

Hei¹² (er, (w.) s. tr. & *refl.* *, to exhilarate, cheer (up), see Aufheitern, Erheitern.

Hei¹³ (apparat, (str.) *m.* *Mech.* apparatus of or for heating.

Hei¹⁴ (bar, I. *adj.* that may be heated; easily heated; *Hei* (er) Zimmer, room containing a fireplace or stove; II. *Hei* (er, (w.) *f.* capability of being heated.

Hei¹⁵ (gen, (w.) s. tr. & *intr.* to heat, to make or light a fire (in a stove, &c.); mit Holz —, to burn wood, to have a wood-fire;

das Zimmer heiße sich gut, the room gets soon warm.

Hei¹⁶ (ger, (str.) *m.* fire-maker, T. stoker.

Hei¹⁷ ..., *in comp.* *Mach.* s. —*frast*, *f.* heating-power; —*loch*, *n.* stoke-hole; —*ort*, *m.* fire-place; —*röhre*, *f.* steam-heating pipe; *pl.* hot-air flues (of a locomotive); —*thür*, *f.* fire-box-door.

Hei¹⁸ (zung, (w.) *f.* 1) (the act of) heating, warming; —*durch Dampf*, heating by steam; 2) (or *Hei* (material, n.) fuel.

* Hei¹⁹ (atomb, (w.) *f.* (Gr.) hecatomb.

* Hei²⁰ (st, (w.) *f.* *Hei* (st), *adj.* (Gr.) hectic.

Hei²¹ (w.) *m.* 1) hero; champion; 2) *Theat.* actor of (the) heroic parts.

Hei²² (er, (w.) *f.* *provinc.* 1) see Heffel; 2) *Hei* (er, *pl.* *Mar.* bulge ways.

Hei²³ (en ..., *in comp.* heroic: —*alter*, *m.* heroic age; —*buch*, *n.* heroic carcer; —*brief*, *m.* heroid; —*buch*, *m.* book of heroes (a collection of old German heroic poems, dating from the thirteenth century); —*büßer*, *m.* epic poet; —*büßung*, —*abel*, *f.* see —*age*; —*gedicht*, *n.* *Poet.* epic or heroic poem, epopee; —*geist*, —*gerung*, *m.* —*geschlecht*, *n.* —*gestalt*, —*größe*, *f.* heroic spirit, poem, race, form, grandeur.

Hei²⁴ (denst, *adj.* heroic; *adv.* heroically.

Hei²⁵ (den ..., *in comp.* —*her*, *m.* army of heroes; —*herz*, *m.* heroic carcer; —*herz*, *m.* heroid; —*herzig*, *adj.* heroic; —*jüngling*, *m.* heroic youth, youthful hero; —*jüngst*, *f.* heroic maid; —*rahn* (*Schiller*), *adj.* brave as a hero, (*Bukow*) hero-brave; —*sieb*, *m.* heroic song; —*müßig*, —*müßig*, *adj.* heroic, heroidal, hero-like; —*mut*, *m.* heroidism, heroidalness, heroidal spirit, valour; —*reit*, *adj.* abounding in heroes; —*rolle*, *f.* part of the (or a) hero; —*rahn*, *m.* fame of a hero; —*sage*, *f.* heroid legend.

Hei²⁶ (denst, (w.) *f.* *iron.* heroism.

Hei²⁷ (den ..., *in comp.* —*skar*, *f.* band of heroes, heroid band; —*seile*, *f.* —*stun*, *m.* *ec.* heroid soul, heroid feeling, &c.; —*stet*, *f.* deed of heroism; heroid feat, achievement, or action.

Hei²⁸ (denstüm, (str.) *n.* heroidism; age of heroidism.

Hei²⁹ (denstümlich, *adj.* heroid, heroidal.

Hei³⁰ (den ..., *in comp.* —*st*, *m.* heroid death; —*stun*, *f.* heroid virtue; —*weß*, *m.* heroidine; —*zeit*, *f.* time of heroes, heroid age.

Hei³¹ (in, (w.) *f.* heroidine.

Hei³² (in, *adj.* heroid.

Hei³³ (ne, Hei³⁴ (ne, *f.* 1) Helena, Helen (P. N.); 2) *provinc.* common eel; *Hei* (ner, *n.* *Meteor.* fire of St. Helmo, St. Elmo's (or Elmo's) fire, composit; *Hei* (naut, *n.* *Bot.* elecampane (*Scilla elecampanum* L.).

* Hei³⁵ (er, (str.) *m.* *Minor.* adularia.

Hei³⁶ (e, (w.) *Wass.* hiddle (Heidenhölzer).

Hei³⁷ (en, (str.) s. *intr.* 1) (*with Dat.*) to help, aid; to support, succour, assist, relieve (*bei*, *in*, *in*); 2) to avail, profit, to do good; to remedy, cure, remove; to be good (für, gegen, for or against ...), to be of use or efficacious; aus dem Bogen, dem Sattel, einer Verlegenheit etc. —, to assist out of the carriage, from the saddle, out of a scrape, &c.; sich aus etwas —, to extricate one's self from ...; (Einem) aus dem Traume —, *coll.* to help one out of his dream, *i. e.* to undeceive; hinaus, hinunter, hinaus, hinein etc. —, to help up, down, out, in, &c.; über etwas (weg) —, to help over; Einem von ... —, 1. to help or bring off; 2. to rid of, deliver from; Einem vom Brote —, *coll.* to ruin (iron. to speed) one; Einem zu etwas —, to help one to get; es hilft (zu) nichts, it answers (or it is) to no purpose, it is of no use or avail; es hilft mir zu nichts, I am not the better for it; dagegen hilft nichts mehr, it is past remedy; Einem wieder zurecht —, to lead one in the right way; so wahr mir Gott helfe!

so help me God! *heß* (bit) Gott! God bless you! was hißt es? or was hißt das? what is the use of it? what boots it? what does it come to? hier ist nicht mehr zu —, this is past help or irremediable; wenn nicht zu rather ist, dem ist nicht zu —, *proverb*, they that will not be counselled cannot be helped; was wird es mir —? what shall I be the better for it? was wird es Ihnen —? what good will it do you? was hißt es dem Hellenen, wenn er die ganze Welt gewinne zc. (Matth. 16, 26), what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world, &c.; es laun nicht —, it cannot be helped; ich laun mir nicht —, I cannot help it; I do not know what to do; sich nicht mehr (or laun nicht) zu — wissen, not to know which way to turn, to be put to one's last shifts; ich weiß mir nicht anders zu —, I know not what else to do, I have no alternative (als, but); sich immer zu — wissen, to be fruitful in expedients; er weiß sich zu —, he knows to shift for himself.

Helfenlein, (str.) n. f. see *Ellenlein*.

Helfer, (str.) m. *Helferin*, (w.) f. helper, aider, assistant, adjutor; —amt, n. office of a helper, &c.; *Helfer*, (str.) m. 1) accomplice, accessory, abettor; 2) *fig.* tool, pl. myrmidons.

Helfröde, (w.) f. *Law*, excuse.

Helfwilig, I. adj. ready to help; II. *Helft*, (w.) f. readiness to help.

Helger, (str.) m. *Mar.* flag.

Helgoland, n. *Geogr.* Heligoland (an island in the German ocean). — *Helgoländer*, *Helgoländer*, (str.) m. 1) inhabitant of Heligoland; 2) sun-bonnet (for ladies).

Helig, (str.) m. *Mar.* carrol-bend, granny's band. [Sun-god.]

* *Helios*, m. *Gr. Myth.* Helios, the sun.

* *Helioskop*, (str.) n. (Gr.) helioscope.

* *Heliotrop*, (str.) n. & m. (Gr.) *Heliotropium*, n. heliotrope; 1) *Min.* blood-stone; 2) *Bot.* turnsole (*Heliotropium peruvianum* L.).

Hell, (str.) n. *Mar.* boatwain's store-room.

Hell, adj. 1) clear, distinct, shrill (of sound); 2) clear, light, bright, luminous, brilliant (of light); 3) *fig.* clear, plain, evident; h-e farben, light colours; das h-e Feuer, light fire; am h-n (coll. light) Tage, in or at broad daylight; Mordthaten wurden völlig strafflos am h-n Tage begangen, murders were committed in the face of day with perfect impunity (*Macaulay*); es liegt am h-n Tage, it is as clear as day (light); h-e Stamme, blase; h-er Mittag, broad noon; es ist —, it is bright; — machen, werden, to brighten; es fängt an — zu werden, the day begins to dawn; von h-er Hautfarbe, fair-skinned; ein h-es Gesicht, a broad or hearty laugh; ein h-er Kopf, a clear-sighted man; h-e Thränen, big tears; h-e Augenblicke, *Mod.* lucid intervals; 4) coll. whole, entire, &c.; in h-n Haufen, in thick crowds, in full force; die h-e Wahrheit, plain truth; der h-e Feind, downright enemy.

* *Helios*, n. (Gr.) *Geogr.* Helios, Greece. *Hell*..., in comp. —Augig, adj. clear- or bright-eyed, clear-sighted; —blau, adj. light-blue; —bläulich, adj. lightish blue; —braun, adj. light-brown; —brennend, adj. bright burning.

Hellbutte, (w.) f. see *Heilbutte*.

Hell..., in comp. —denkend, adj. clear-headed; —hunf, n. *Print.* clare-obscure; 1) *Chiaro-occuro* (*Ital.*), proper distribution of light and shade; 2) twilight.

A. *Helte*, (w.) f. clearness, distinctness, &c. cf. *hell*, adj., brightness, light; 3) *Forest.* glade; 3) powder for polishing gold.

B. *Helte*, (w.) f. see *Hölle*, 3.

Hellesbarde, *Hellesbarde*, (w.) f. halberd; h-nürmig, adj. *Bot.* auriculate; h-nüriger or *Hellesbarter*, (str.) m. halberdier, billman.

Helten, (w.) v. tr. 1) see *Helfen* & *Erhelten*; 2) to polish.

Helten, *provinc.* (w.) v. I. tr. to slope, cut sloping; II. (intr.) 1) to slope, flow down; 2) *Mar.* to heel.

* *Hellen*, (w.) m. (Gr.) Greek, Grecian, pl. Hellenes. — *Hellenisch*, adj. Hellenic, Greek. — *Hellenismus*, m. Hellenism, Grecism. — *Hellenist*, (w.) m. Hellenist. — *Hellenistik*, adj. Hellenistic, Hellenistical.

Helter, (str.) m. 1) *Num.* a small German copper coin two of which make a pfennig; 2) one sixteenth of an ounce; *Leinen* —werth, coll. not worth a rush (straw, button); bei —und Pfennig bezahlen, to pay to the last or utmost farthing, coll. to pay root and lot; —arm, adj. excessively poor; —frant, n. *Bot.* penny-cress (*Thlaspi arvense* L.). [Leopont.]

* *Hellespont*, (str.) m. (Gr.) *Geogr.* Hellespont..., in comp. —farbig, adj. light-coloured. fair; —fuchs, m. light-coloured chestnut horse; —gelb, adj. light-yellow, bright-yellow; —glänzend, adj. bright or clear shining; —grün, —grün, —haarig, adj. light-gray, light-green, light-haired. [wearied.]

Hellig, adj. (t & e) *provinc.* exhausted. *Helligkeit*, (w.) f. clearness, cf. *Helte*, A. 1; —cines Zimmer, lightness of a room. *Hellung*, I. (str.) m. 1) *Mar.* ways; 2) *provinc.* crust of bread, &c.; II. (w.) f. 1) *Ship-b.* launch, slip; 2) female hemp.

Hell..., in comp. —roth, adj. light-red; —sehen, n. *clair voyance*, clear-seeing, lucid vision; —sehen, —flüchtig, adj. clear-sighted; —seher, m., —seherin, f. somnambulist, somnambule; —seherel, f. somnambulism; —flüchtig, f. clear-sightedness.

Hellung, (w.) f. see *Erhellung* & *Helte*, A. 1. *Hellweiß*, adj. bright-white.

Hellwegs, (str.) m. sloping way, slope.

Helm, (str.) m. 1) helve, handle; 2) *Mar.* rudder, helm; steering oar; —flod, m. tiller.

Helm, s. I. (str.) m. 1) (also *Heald*, *Bot.*, &c.) helm, helmet; 2) *Dist.* &c. helm, head, cap, capital (of a still or an alembic); 3) *Archit.* see —dach; 4) *Archit.* see —kappe, —kappe, f. band belonging to a helmet; —kappe, m. plume of the helmet, crest; —dach, f. *Archit.* dome, cupola, round roof; —bede, f. *Harald.* mantling, mantle (about the helmet); —dreßung, m. *provinc.* tway-blade.

Helmen, (w.) v. tr. I. to furnish with a helve, handle; II. to furnish with a helmet; gehelmt, helmed; gehelmtes Dach, cupola; gehelmte (i. e. for gehelmte) Vorrede, preface in harness.

Helmfeuer, (str.) n. see *Helfenfeuer*.

Helmchen, (str.) n. coll. wild chamomile.

Helm..., in comp. —fenster, n. visor (of a helmet); —fürmig, adj. helmet-like; *Bot.* galeated; die —fürmige Blume, hood-flower; —gemölke, n. spherical vault, vaulted roof; —gitter, n. visor, grates (of a helmet); —gras, n. *Bot.* 1) common reed (*Arundo phragmites* L.); 2) lyme-grass (*Elymus arvensis* L.); —holz, n. see —flod; —kamm, m. crest; —kappe, f. burgonet; cask; —kappe, n. *Harald.* ornament of a helmet, crest, timbre; —krant, n. *Bot.* scull-cap (*Scutellaria galericulata* L.); —lehen, n. noble fief, manor; —lehe, n. eye of an axe; —mantel, m. see —bede; —reif, m. bar of the visor; —röhre, f. nose, nozzle (of a still); —rost, m. see —gitter; —schieber, m. ventail, visor (of a helmet); —schmidt, m. helmet-maker; —schuß, m. see —leined; —stange, f. *Carp.* broach-post; —flod, m. *Mar.* tiller; —strang, m. see —büsch; —stunde, f. *Ornith.* crested or helmet pigeon; —tonne, f. *Conch.* partridge-shell (*Dolium maculatum* Lam.); —visir, n. visor, beaver; —getöse, n. *Harald.* cognisance; —gierde, m., —gierde, f. see —leined.

* *Hells*, (w.) m. (Gr.) *Ant.* helot, a (Spartan) slave. — *Hells*, (str.) m. helotism, heloty.

Helstager, n. *Geogr.* Elsinore, Elsinore (a sea-port town of Denmark on the Sound in the Isle of Zealand).

* *Helvetia*, n. (Lat.) * *Helvetia*, Switzerland. — *Helvetier*, (str.) m. Helvetic, Swiss. — *Helvetisch*, adj. Helvetic, Swiss.

Hem, (str.) m. hem! hum!

Hemd, s. (irr.) n. 1) (Hamm-) shirt; (*Heura-*) shift, mod. (sl.) chemise, waist-smock; 2) *Mould.* thickness; 3) *Mod.* inner lining, ring-wall; *fig.* s. his aufse — anziehen, to strip naked or to the skin; er hat ihn — auf dem Rücken, he has no shirt to his back; wo ist Heinrich? — „Im H-e!“ coll. where is Henry? — „In his skin!“ das — ist mir näher als der Tod, *proverb*, near (close) is my shirt, but nearer (closer) is my skin; in comp. —ärmel, m. shirt-sleeve; chemise sleeve.

Hemdchen, (provinc.) *; *Hemlein*, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Hemd*) little shirt.

Hemd..., in comp. *fig.* —hals, m. shirt collar; *fig.* —schürze, m. shirting; *fig.* —schürze, m. cut of a shirt; —leib, n. wrapper for ladies; —knopf, m. 1) stud; 2) (—knöpfe, pl.) (shirt) sleeve-buttons; —tragen, m. neckband of a shirt; —trage, f. fill of a shirt; —leinen, f. shirting; —nadel, f. shirt-pin; —quartier, m. wristband of a shirt; —schlitz, m. shirt-slit; —schnalle, f. shirt-buckle; —spange, f. shirt-brooch.

* *Hemisphäre*, (w.) f. (Gr.) hemisphere.

Hemisphärisch, adj. hemispherical.

Hemmer, (str.) m. that may be stopped, checked, &c.

Hemmen, (w.) v. tr. (*cf.* Hindern) to stop; 1) T. to tack, skid, trig (a wheel); to break (a train); to loose (a steamer); 2) *fig.* to hinder, check, hem, clog, hamper; die Fahrt wird gehemmt —, *Mar.* to deaden a ship's way; den Handel —, to check, clog, or to cramp the trade.

Hemmer, (str.) m. *Horol.* stopper.

Hemmer..., in comp. —feder, f. see *Hemmer*; —flod, m. see *Schiffhalter*; —lette, f. drag-chain, lock- or stop-chain, skid, trigger.

Hemmer, (str.) n. obstruction, obstacle, hindrance, check.

Hemmer..., in comp. —flod, m. drag, skid-pan; —tan, m. rope-drag.

Hemmen, (w.) f. 1) a) the (act of) stopping, &c. cf. *Hemmen*; b) T. the (act of) triggering; c) stoppage (of an engine, &c.); d) *Horol.* escapement; die ruhende —, dead-beat; stay, catch (of a gun); 2) hindrance, check; —des Athems, interception of the breath; *fig.* —, *Horol.* escapement wheel; *fig.* —, m., *fig.* —, n. *Law*, arrest of judgment, supersedeas.

Hengst, (str.) m. 1) stallion, stone-horse; male of the ass, camel, &c.; *fig.* s. 2) lecher; 3) one passionately attached to any object; in comp. *Bilder* —, *Tauben* —, *Rädchen* —, *Stritt* —; 4) *Dy.* wringing-pole; 5) bucket-pole (of a draw-well); 6) *Mar.* stirrups.

Hengsten, (w.) v. *intr.* to be horsing, to require the horse (of mares).

Hengst..., in comp. —fellen, —füllen, n. (male) colt (*opp.* *Stutenfohlen*); —geld, n. money paid for covering.

Hengst, (str.) m. stallion-like.

Hengst, (str.) m. ready or excited to cover (of the horse).

Hensel, s. I. (str.) m. (*dimin.* *Henselchen*, str.) n. a little handle; ear; hook; die — einer Glocke, ears or cannons of a bell; —cines Knopfes, shank of a button; II. in comp. —beerstaube, f. *Bot.* hawthorn (*Sageborn*); —gefäß, n. any vessel with handles; —korb, n. ear-basket, handle-basket.

Heide-toumen, to turn up (sit down with) a blank; cf *toumen* nach 4 *Thaler* —, the whole amounts to four thalers; *Comme-s. nicht die Zinsen werden* — *toumen*, scarcely the expenses will be recovered; *bei diesem Einkommen werden nicht 30 %* — *toumen*, in this failure not 30 % (i.e. in the period) will be realized; *nach meiner Rechnung kommt die endliche Summe* —, my calculation gives a different sum; — *früher*, coll. see — *beizummen*; — *lassen*, 1) to let out, to suffer to go or pass out, &c.; 2) see *auslassen*; — *legen*, to put forth; — *lesen*, to elicit, discover (new facts, &c.) by reading (examining) attentively; — *lesen*, v. tr. 1) to entice out; 2) to elicit, draw (coll. pump) out; — *müssen*, *disput. for* — *geben*, — *toumen* n. *müssen*; — *nehmen*, v. I. tr. to take out or up; to draw (a batch of rolls, &c.); II. *ref. sg. sich* (*Dat.*) *ritzen* — *nehmen*, 1. to take for one's self, to choose; to draw (a moral, &c.); 2) to presume, dare; *sich* (*Dat.*) *zu viel* — *nehmen*, to presume too far, to make too bold; *sich* (*Dat.*) *Freiheiten* — *nehmen*, to take liberties; — *platzen*, v. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) mit ..., to burst suddenly and incautiously, to burst or pop out with, to burst or blunder out; — *platzen*, 1) to flatten copper vessels; 2) to rattle out; — *pressen*, to squeeze or press out; to force out; to extort; — *pugen*, to dress out or up, to trim, set off, deck, embellish; to trick or rig out or up, bedizen; — *ragen*, to jut out; to project, &c. cf. *Erverragen*; — *raspeln*, *ref. coll.* to extricate one's self; — *reiben*, *ref.* to get off by excuses or evasions; — *reissen*, 1) to pull, wrench, tear out; 2) *sg.* to extricate; — *rücken*, v. I. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) see *zurückrücken*; 2) *sg.* to lug out; to drag the purse; mit *etwas* — *rücken*, to shell out (money, news, &c.); — *rufen*, 1) *Theat.* to call or recall actors before the curtain, to call for; 2) *Mil.* to turn out the guard; — *sagen*, to speak out, to tell (plainly, freely); — *sein*, 1) to be out, to have got out; 2) to be out of countenance; 3) to be out of practice; 4) to have got a prize (at lottery); — *setzen*, to dispossess, to oust; *Low*, to eject, to serve an execution against; — *sehung*, *f. Law*, ejection; distress; — *stafieren*, see — *pugen*; — *steuern*, *adj.* protruding, &c.; *Bot.* exert(ed); — *stellen*, v. *ref. sg.* to make its appearance, to come to light; to be discovered; turn out or prove (als *was* &c.), true, false, &c.; — *streichen*, *sg.* to extol, to sound one's praise; to magnify; *coll.* to cry up, puff; — *streben*, to drive out; *T.* to beat out; — *treten*, 1) a) *M.* to step out; b) *sg.* to emerge (from obscurity, &c.); to retire, to withdraw (from a trading society); 2) to bunch or swell out; — *würst*, *ada.* outwards; — *würst*, v. *ref.* to disengage or extricate one's self, to get out of difficulties; — *wollen*, *disput.* to wish to get out; mit *der Wahrheit nicht* — *wollen*, to be shy of telling the truth; — *zahlen*, see *Zurückzahlen*; — *ziehen*, 1) to pull or draw out, to get out or off; to turn out (*Mil.* the guard, &c.); 2) to extract, cf. *Wurde ziehen*, 1 & 4; *sich* — *ziehen*, *sg.* to extricate one's self, *coll.* to back out (of ...).

Herbaunen, (w.) v. & tr. to conjure hither or up.

* **Herbarist**, (w.) m. (*L. Lat.*) dealer in herbs; herbarist. — **Herbarium**, (adv.) pl. [*Lat.*] *Herbaria*, & (w.) *Herbarien* n. herbarium, collection of dried specimens of plants, *herbarium siccum*.

Herb, *Herbe*, *f. adj.* harsh: 1) acerb, tart, sour, acid, crude, hard (cider, &c.), astringent; 2) *sg.* austere; (in a high degree) unpleasant; unpalatable, bitter; *h-r* *Wein*, dry or tart wine; II. *h-r*, (w.) *f.* see *Herbst*.

Herbst, *i. ade.* hither, on, near; II. in

comp. — *bringen*, to bring on, near, to produce; — *führen*, 1) to lead on, near; 2) *sg.* to bring on or about, to cause, induce; — *holen*, 1) to fetch from a remote or concealed place; to put in requisition (a carriage, the police, &c.); 2) *Mar.* to endeavour to reach (an island); *sich* — *lassen*, *ref.* to submit, consent; — *rufen*, to call in (a physician, &c.); — *schaffen*, to bring up to a certain place, cf. — *selbst*, 1; to gather, collect, accumulate; to produce, procure, raise (money, &c.); — *wünschen*, to wish for; — *ziehen*, to draw or pull towards ...; *sg.* to drag in; *bei den Haaren* — *ziehen*, *coll.* to lug in (by) head and shoulders.

Herbeunähen, (w.) v. I. tr. to trouble (one) to come (hither); II. *ref.* to take the trouble of coming.

Herberge, (w.) *f.* harbour, shelter, quarters; inn, public house; house of call or meeting for journeymen; *Edelherberge*, house of call for tailors; — *geben*, to give a lodging.

Herbergen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to live, lodge (bei, with); II. tr. 1) see *Herbergen*; 2) *sg.* to harbour, cf. *Hege*, 2. ling. shelter.

Herberger, (adv.) m. one who gives lodg. — **Herbergs** ..., *in comp.* — *matter*, *f.* hostess; — *water*, m. host of a house, where journeymen are lodged and entertained.

Her..., *in comp.* (cf. *Her*) — *bestellen*, to appoint, to bid (one) come hither; — *beten*, to recite, to say off (a prayer), cf. *Abbeten*, 1.

Herbst, *Herbigkeit*, (w.) *f.* harshness, acerbity, tartness, bitterness, &c. cf. *Herb*.

Her..., *in comp.* — *bittern*, to invite, to desire to come hither; — *blasen*, to blow hither.

Herblid, *adj.* somewhat harsh, subacid, rather tart, &c. cf. *Herb*.

Herbling, (adv.) m. 1) see *Herbstling*; 2) an unripe fruit. [herbist († herbist).]

* **Herbstlich**, (w.) m. (*Mil. Lat.*) herbarist. **Her...**, *in comp.* — *bringen*, v. tr. 1) to bring hither, in, up; 2) *sg. esp.* — *gebracht*, p. a. established, customary, usual, transmitted, handed down (of customs, usages, laws, &c.); traditional; conventional; — *brunnen*, v. tr. to hum over.

Herbst, s. I. (adv.) m. 1) († &) *provinc.* harvest, vintage; ein *halber* —, half a vintage; 2) autumn; II. *in comp.* autumnal; — *abend*, m. autumnal evening; — *anfang*, *f.* see *Geldanfang*; — *aufgang*, m. the commencement of autumn; — *bedarf*, m. *Comm.* autumn-demand; — *bitra*, *f.* autumn-poor; — *blume*, *f.* 1) autumnal flower; 2) see — *giltlose*; — *butte*, *f.* vintage's tub; — *butter*, *f.* autumn-butter.

Herbst'en, (w.) v. I. tr. *provinc.* to gather in; II. *intr.* (*impers.*) es *herbstet* (*herbstet*), it is getting autumn.

Herbst..., *in comp.* — *feier*, *f.* celebration of autumn; — *ferien*, pl. autumnal holidays or vacation; — *fieber*, m. autumnal fever; — *flodern*, *f.* pl. goesamer; — *frucht*, *f.* late or autumnal fruit; — *geflur*, n. *Astr.* libra; — *gerb*, m. *Sport.* fowling floor for catching birds in autumn; — *leiste*, pl. *provinc.* vintage.

Herbstlich, *i. adj. & adv.* autumnal; in autumn; II. *h-feit*, (w.) *f.* the season of autumn; autumnal weather.

Herbstling, (adv.) m. *provinc.* 1) autumnal fruit; 2) autumnal lamb, calf, &c.; 3) *Bot.* a species of mushroom.

Herbst..., *in comp.* — *lust*, *f.* autumnal air; — *lust*, *f.* amusement or sport in autumn; — *müßig*, *adv.* autumnal; — *neisse*, *f.* autumnal fair; — *monat*, m. autumnal month; September; — *nacht*, *f.* autumn-night; — *nachtgiltlose*, *f.* *Astr.* autumnal equinox; — *nartisse*, *f.* *Bot.* yellow daffodil (*Amaryllis lutea* L.); — *obst*, n. autumnal fruit; late fruit; — *punkt*, m. *Astr.* autumnal point; — *regen*, m. autumnal rain; — *reife*, *f.* an autumnal tour; — *rose*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) autumnal rose; 2) hollyhock (*Althaea rosea*

L.); — *schneeweiß*, *f.* see — *giltlose*; — *seht*, *f.* sowing of the wintercorn; — *selbst*, m. *Astr.* new moon in September; — *tag*, m. autumnal day; — *verfälschung*, *f.* pl. autumnal-shipments; — *ware*, *f.* autumnal goods; — *wetter*, n., — *witterung*, *f.* autumnal weather; — *wiese*, *f.* meadow mown only once, in August; — *wind*, m. autumnal wind; — *zeichen*, n. pl. *Astr.* the autumnal signs (of the zodiac); — *zeit*, *f.* autumn, harvest time; — *giltlose*, *f.* *Bot.* meadow-saffron (*Colchicum autumnale* L.).

Hercales, m. (*Lat.* from Gr. *Herakles*) Gr. *Myth.* Hercules (P. H.); — *baum*, — *baum*, m. *Bot.* toothache-tree (*Xanthoxylum paniculatum* L.); — *fäster*, m. *Entom.* Hercules beetle (*Scarabaeus Hercules* L.).

Herzlich, *adj.* Herculean.

* **Herzlich**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) Hercynian.

Herz, (adv.) m. 1) a) hearth; fire-place; b) *Metall.* forge, hearth, fire; 2) see *Bogelherz*; 3) *Mar.* breast (of a block); 4) a) crater (of a volcano); b) *sg.* central seat (of rebellion, &c.); focus (of intrigue, &c.); 5) see *Wärz*, C; 6) *sg.* house, home; signat — *ist* *Gottes* *Wort*, proverb, home is home, be it (or let it be) (never so homely).

Herz..., *in comp.* — *asche*, *f.* furnace ashes; — *besen*, m. fire-brush; *Metall.* — *Mel*, n. lead which in refining incorporates with the furnace; — *brücke*, *f.* fire- or flame-bridge; — *brung*, m. bubbling of metal in fusion.

Herbe, s. I. (w.) *f.* 1) herd; flock; drove; *Sport-s.* muster (of peacocks), sculk (of foxes); 2) *Script.* fold; 3) *sg.* crowd, multitude; in *h-r* *gegend*, *sich* *h-r* *grogarions*; — *hammer*, m. ram, bell-wether.

Herzessen, (adv.) n. T. beater; poker.

Herben..., *in comp.* — *glode*, *f.* herd-bell; — *man*, *f.* see *Geldman*; — *reich*, — *adj.* rich or abounding in flocks or herds; — *weise*, *ade.* in herds, flocks, or droves, gregariously.

Herber, (adv.) m. Weav. harl, lint.

Herb..., *in comp.* — *flut*, m. cat-call, decoy bird; *Metall.* — *frischen*, n. reduction of litharge; — *gehalt*, m. silver contained in the lead of the hearth; — *geld*, n. *provinc.* hearth-tax, hearth-money; *Metall.* — *glas*, n. glass which in melting has flown into the hearth; — *gut*, m. open sand-casting; — *hammer*, m. furnace-hammer; — *lern*, n. grain of silver sticking on the edge of the hearth; — *flagel*, *f.* ball by means of which the centre of a hearth is found out; — *löffel*, m. ladle used in assaying silver; — *mauer*, *f.* (eines *Durchlasses*) *Rolle*, &c. inverted vault (of a culvert), invert, cross-wall. [parish bull.

Herbst [*pr.* — *ox*]. (from *Herbe*) (w.) m. **Herb...**, *in comp.* — *plaster*, n. *Rothe*, pitching (eines *Durchlasses*, of a culvert); — *platte*, *f.* hearth-plate; — *probe*, *f.* assay of silver. [hitherward.

Herbrang, (adv.) m. press (of people) **Herb...**, *in comp.* — *recht*, m. 1) right of having a house of one's own; 2) see — *geld*; — *rost*, m. hearth-grate; — *schneifel*, *f.* scraper, grater for cleaning a hearth; — *schle*, *f.* from a body of the furnace; — *stein*, m. hearth-stone; — *steuer*, *f.* see — *geld*.

Herb..., *in comp.* (cf. *Her*) — *burd*, *ade.* through (hither, i. e. in the direction towards the speaker, opp. *Hinburd*); — *bürsten*, *disput.* to be permitted to come on, near, here.

Herb..., *in comp.* — *vogel*, m. decoy-bird; — *zins*, m. see — *geld*. [hither.

Herellen, (w.) v. *intr.* to hasten here. **Herren**, *adv.* in; into; — *!* walk in! come in! immer — (*coll.* *rein*)! immer — *!* mein *Herren*! (*amongst*) walk in, gentlemen! all in! all in! er *leuchtete* *seinen* *spätern* *Gefährten*, he lighted in his late visitor; — *brechen*, *sg.* to draw or come on; (*über* *with* *Acc.*) to befall,

overtake; —**gehen**, 1) to walk in, enter; 2) to find room; —**lassen**, to let in, admit; nicht —**lassen**, to keep out; —**anfragen**, to call or ask in; **des —fragen einer Geisteswelt** in die unsrige, the interdiffusion of a world of spirits in the one we inhabit; —**schicken**, *coll.* to arrive unexpectedly, suddenly; —**strömen**, to flood in; —**stürzen**, to dart in.

Her ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Her**) —**erschließen**, to relate, rehearse; —**erschließen**, *f.* enarration; —**fahren**, (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to move along, to come here or hither in a carriage; 2) or —**fahren** (*with fiber* [*& Acc.*]), to fall or pounce upon, to fall foul upon or of, to rush in upon, to make a dead set at; to come down upon; to fall to; to attack, assail; to rush in (upon); *II. tr.* to bring here in a carriage or any vehicle; —**haben**, (*str.*) *v. refl. sg.* to find one's way hither (to a place); —**helfen**, 1) to flow in or on; 2) *sg.* to originate, take its origin from; —**herberu**, to summon (hither); —**fracht**, *f.* freight home, freight inwards (*opp.* **Sinfahrt**); —**für**, *adv.* † *see* **Herz**; —**führen**, to lead, conduct, bring, or convey hither, on, in; —**gang**, *m.* *sg.* proceedings, circumstances, (connexion of) events; **der —gang der Sache** war der, the way it happened was this; the facts of the matter are these; **der ganze —gang**, *coll.* the whole story; —**geben**, 1) to hand over, hand to; to give (in); to deliver; 2) to yield, afford; **das giebt's nicht** —, I can't afford it, *coll.* it is no go, it won't do; **sich zu ... —geben**, to lend one's self to ..., to undertake (willingly); —**gebracht**, —**bringen**; —**gehen**, *adv.* † *see* **Singegen**; —**gehen**, 1) to go or walk here, hither (*s. e. towards him who speaks, opp.* **Singegen**); **vor (Einem or etwas) —gehen**, to go before ...; 2) *see* **Einhergehen**; **sg.-s.** 3) (*with fiber* [*& Acc.*]) *a*) to set about (a thing), to go to work, commence, *cf.* **Hand anlegen**, 2; *b*) to fall upon, set to (drinking, &c.); *c*) soll gleich darüber —**gehen**, we'll set to presently; 4) (*passer. impers.*) *a*) to come to pass, happen; *b*) to proceed, to go on, to be carried on; *so geht's* (*in der Welt*) *her*, thus it goes, that's the course of the world; *wie's in der Welt —geht*, as the world goes; *es geht lustig* —, they are all in full mirth; *es geht arg* —, things wear a bad face; *es geht sehr knapp* —, there is very hard shifting; *es geht heisse* (*schmal*) —, there is poor fare today; *da geht es heiss* —, there is hot work; *es geht über ihn* —, *coll.* they are down upon him, they take him to pieces, *cf.* **Herfallen**; —**gehören**, to belong to a place, or to the matter; to be to the purpose; nicht —**gehören**, to be alien from ...; —**gehörig**, *adj.* to the purpose, apposite; nicht —**gehörig**, irrelevant; —**haben**, *coll.* to take from; **was haben Sie das** —? where did you get this? —**halten**, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to hold fast, tender, offer; **halt' deine Hand** —! hold out your hand (*s. e. to me*); *II. intr. sg.* to submit, to suffer (for); to pay, *coll.* to come down, lug out; —**helen**, to fetch hither; **weit —helen**, *sg.* to go far for; **weit —geholt**, far-fetched.

† **Heribann**, *see* **Herbann**.

Herling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Hering**.

Her ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Her**) —**kommen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to come here, hither, or on; to approach, advance; *sg.-s.* 2) *a*) to come, proceed, or be derived (von, from); *b*) to arise (from), originate (with or in), issue (from); to be caused (by), to be owing to, to be the consequence (of), to result (from); 3) to be established by custom, to be transmitted, to descend; **des —kommen**, (*str.*) 1) origin, *see* **Herkunft**, 2; 2) *a*) custom, use, usage; *b*) *const.* conventionalism; 3) *Law*, *see* **Herzogthum**; —**kommen**, *adj.* established by custom, customary, usual, *cf.* **Hergebracht**,

under Herbringen; —**kommen**, *adv.* to be able to come or go hither or near.

Herküles, *see* **Heracles**.

Her ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Her**) —**kunft**, *f.* 1) (the act of) coming hither, arrival; 2) origin, descent, birth, parentage, extraction; 3) *Comm.* place where (an article, &c. has been) produced, country of growth; —**laden**, to summon or invite hither; —**lassen**, to say, recite in a faltering, hisping voice; —**langen**, to reach or tender forth, to hand to; —**lassen**, *adv.* to let, allow to come hither, &c.; —**laufen**, to run hither or on; *ein —gelaufener Mensch*, a vagabond, adventurer; —**legen**, 1) to lay down here or hither; **Waren —legen**, *Comm.* to import, ship in (goods); 2) *refl. Comm.* to stand (zu, in); —**lernen**, *coll.* 1) to recite or deliver in a monotonous manner; 2) to drone, drawl (out, &c.); *hergeleert* *kommen*, to come along loitering; —**leiten**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to conduct, lead hither; 2) *sg.* to derive, deduce (von, from), to refer (to a cause or origin); *II. refl. sich —leiten*, to date from; —**leitung**, *f.* derivation, deduction (*cf.* also **Ableitung**, 3); —**lesen**, to read off or out, to recite.

Herlich, *see* **Herlich**.

Herling, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* late grape; unripe, sour grape, *cf.* **Herbling**, 2. (*hüping*. **Herlispeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to say or recite **Herlike**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Cornelische**.

Her ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Her**) —**laden**, to allure; —**machen**, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to set (über [*with Acc.*], about), to fall (upon), *cf.* **Herfahren**, 2. * **Hermaphrodit**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) hermaphrodite. — **Hermaphroditisch**, *adj.* hermaphrodite(al); *he* **Stummen**, hermaphrodite (united) flowers.

Hermarfch, (*str.*) *pl.* **Hermarfche** *m.* march or (the act of) marching hither (*opp.* **Sinmarfch**).

Hermchen, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* *see* **Wicel**.

* **Herme**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Hermenfäule**.

Hermet, (*w.*) *f.* **Hermetfchen**, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* wild chamomile, may-wood (*Anthemis cotula* L.).

Hermelin, (*str.*) *n.* (*MHO. dimin.* [*hermelin*], *with foreign accent*, of harm [*MHO.*], *weasel*) 1) *Zool.* ermine, stoat (*Mustela erminia* L.); 2) *Comm.* ermine-stamper (*Conus capillatus* L.); 3) a cream-coloured horse; —**tragen**, *m.* cape of ermine; —**mantel**, *m.* cloak lined with ermine; —**nette**, *f.* *see* **Glittschuß**; —**schwänzen**, *pl.* 1) *Comm.* ermine tips; 2) *Harald.* timbers of ermine.

* **Hermenentil**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) hermeneutics, science of interpretation.

* **Hermenentisch**, *adj.* hermeneutical.

* **Hermenfäule**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Hermes*, statue of Mercury.

* **Hermetisch**, *adj.* hermetic(al); *adv.* *her-*

Her ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Her**) —**mühen**, *adv.* to like to come hither; —**murmeln**, to murmur, mutter forth or over; —**müssen**, *adv.* to be obliged to come; —**nach** [*pr. hēnach*], *adv.* (sometimes preceded by an *Acc.*) afterwards, after, hereafter, after that; —**nehmen**, 1) to take from, get from; *sg.* to draw (arguments); 2) *Mar.* to retake (eine *Brise*, *s. e.* **Wichernennen**); 3) *sg.* to derive, deduce; *wo nimmst er die Schuld her?* how has he this patience? 4) *sg. fam.* to take to task; —**nehmungslohn**, *m. Comm.* salvage upon recapture; —**nehmen**, to call over, to name in succession, to recite; —**nieder** [*pr. hēr*] *adv.* down, *cf.* **Herab**; —**nütigen**, to oblige or invite to come hither.

* **Her'cu**, (*w.*) *pl.* of **Her**; —**alter**, —**lage**, *see* **Feldentlicher**, **Feldensage**.

* **Herf'ne**, (*w.*) *f.* *heroina*.

* **Herf'ich**, *adj.* (*her.*) heroic(al); *adv.* heroically; —**temlich**, *adj.* hero-comical.

Herold, (*str.*) *m.* 1) herald; 2) *sg.* proclaimer, harbinger; **Herold**, *n.* herald's office; heraldship; † **Herolden**, *pl.* heraldic delineations; **Herolden**, *f.* heraldic art, heraldry; **Herolden**, **Herold**, *m.* tabard; **Herolden**, *m.* herald's staff, wand; **Herolden**, *f.* heraldic science, heraldry.

Herorgeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to play off on **Herold**, (*sing. not decl. pl.* [*w.*] **Her'cu**) *Gr. Myth.* hero.

Her ..., *in comp.* —**peitschen**, to whip up; —**plappern**, to prattle out, patter out (prayers, &c.), to repeat by rote.

Her, (*w.*) *m.* 1) master; lord; gentleman; (in addressing a person) sir; — **Her**, *Mr. M.*; *meine Her*! gentlemen! 2) principal; employer, master; head: **Her** — **Vater**, your (worthy) father; **Gott Her** —, God, our Lord; **unser** —, our Lord (Jesus Christ; the Saviour); **des Her** **des Her**, the Lord's house; **im Jahre** **des Her**, in the year of the Lord; **der Tag** **des Her**, the Lord's day (Sunday); **der Tisch** **des Her**, the Lord's table (communion-table); — **Gott**, **du** **Her** **wir**, we praise thee, O God! (translation of the first words of St. Ambrose's [Latin] hymn: *Te Deum laudamus*); — **von** or **über etwas** **sein**, to be master of; **sein eigener** — **sein**, to be one's own master; — **zur Her** **sein**, to master the sea, to rule the waves; **ein großer** —, a lord; **den großen Her** **spielen**, to lord it, to play the fine gentleman; **einer Sache** (*dem*) — **werden**, to master a thing; **des Her** — **werden**, to get a fire under; **wie der** — **so der** **Knecht**, proverb, like master, like man.

Hertraufchen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to rush hither or in; to rush on, glide along; to pass with noise.

Hertrien, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Her**) little master, gentleman, &c.; *lordling*; *iron.* spark, beau, dandy.

Her ..., *in comp.* —**rechnen**, *coll.* to reckon up, *see* **Aufrechnen**, 2; —**reden**, to stretch forth; —**reichen**, to reach, hand; **reichen Sie mir die Zeitung** —, hand me the newspaper; —**reisen**, *f.* travelling, journey hither, home-journey; home-voyage (of a ship, &c.) (*opp.* **Sinreise**); —**reisen**, to travel hither; —**reiten**, to come hither on horseback.

Herren ..., *in comp.* —**apfel**, *m.* *Pomol* prince's apple; —**arbeit**, *f.* compelled service, *see* **Prohnarbeit**, 1; —**aristif**, *m. pl.* *Comm.* gentlemen's wearing-apparel; —**bank**, *f.* bench of lords; —**bier**, *n.* double beer, strong beer; —**brat**, *n.* T. half-plank; —**brut**, *n.* master's bread; —**brut essen**, *sg.* to serve; —**bücker**, *m. conf.* cringer; —**bücker**, *m.* (lord's) service, *cf.* **Prohnbücker**; —**essen**, delicious meal; —**festnacht**, *n. see* —**sonntag**; —**garten**, *m.* garden of a lord; —**gebot**, *n.* lord's command; —**gefälle**, *n. pl.* income of the lord of the manor; —**güste**, *f.* duty or tax on the produce of a tenure paid to the lord of the manor; —**gunst**, *f.* favour of a master; —**haus**, *m.* 1) lord's house, manor-house, mansion; 2) upper house (in Prussia and Austria); —**her**, *m.* lord's seat, manor-house, country-house; —**hut**, *m.* man's hat; —**irsche**, *f.* cornel cherry; —**leicht**, *m. see* —**bücker**; —**lern**, *n.* rent paid in corn; —**trantfelt**, *f.* *her.* the gout; —**leben**, *n. sg.* high life: *ein —leben führen*, to live like a lord.

Herrenloß, *adj.* without a master: 1) out of place, out of service or employment; 2) un-owned, *Law*, vacant, unappropriated; —**loft** **Glitter**, *pl. Law*, 1. goods relinquished by the owner, derelicts; 2. (or **Eachen**) goods or things found of which the owner is not known, waifs, strays.

Herren ..., *in comp.* —**pfurte**, *f.* benefice in the gift of a patron, —**vil**, —**schwamm**, *m.* *Bot.* eatable mushroom, *see* **Champignon**;

—recht, *n.* seigniorial right; —*schicht*, *f.* mine belonging to the lord of the manor; —*schmuck*, *m.* Comm. trinkets for men; —*sig*, *m.* lord's seat; —*sonntag*, *m.* Shrove-Sunday; —*stanz*, *m.* 1) rank of a lord or gentleman; 2) *collec.* lords or gentlemen, high nobility; —*tafel*, *f.* —*tiſch*, *m.* table or meal of a lord or master.
Herrentum, (*adv.*) *n.* mastership, superiority.

Herren ..., (*in comp.* —*vogel*, *m.* provinc. 1) jay (*Eidechshäher*); 2) song thrush (*Eing-drossel*); —*wagen*, *m.* gentleman's carriage; —*wein*, *m.* *loc.* very good wine; —*weſt*, *f.* see —*ſicht*.

Herzog, (*adv.* pl. *Herzöge*) *m.* the Lord; *Bot-s.* —*höfel*, *n.* southernwood (*Artemisia* L.); —*ſchäfer*, *n.* swallow-wort (*Polygala* L.); —*ſchäfer*, *n.* Entom. lady-bird or -cow (*Stenoclytus*); —*ſchäfer*, *m.* —*ſchäferlein*, *n.* provinc. bird's foot-trefoil.
Herzogen, (*m.*) *s. tr.* to sit up, arrange, prepare, *cf.* *Herstellen*, 2.

Herz, (*m.*) *f.* lady, mistress.
Herzig, *adj.* imperious, domineering; *adv.* imperiously, *loc.* lordly, masterly, master-like; *h-er* *Wesen*, imperiousness. [*Gen.*

Herzlein, (*adv.*) *n.* provinc. *loc.* see *Herz*.
Herzlich (*orig.* *Herlich*, *not derived* from *Herz*, but from *här*, the original form of *ſicht*, high, sublime, *loc.* *cf.* *Orismus*, Gr. 3, 657), *NHG.* *härlich*, *OHG.* *härlich* 1) august, sublime, magnificent, glorious, stately, splendid, grand; excellent, delightful, admirable; delicious; *ein h-er* *Stes*, a noble, splendid horse; *h-er* *Spas*, capital fun; 2) (*from Herz*) pertaining to a lord or superior, lordly, seigniorial; II. *h-erlich*, (*m.*) *f.* 1) augustness, *loc.*, magnificence, grandeur, glory, splendour, excellence; 2) (title) Excellency, Lordship, Highness.
Herzlichen, (*m.*) *s. tr.* (l. *m.*) see *Herzlichen*.

Herzhuter, (*adv.*) *m.* *Ecol. Hist.* *Herrnhuter*, one of a sect established by Count Zinzendorf at Herrnhut, in Upper Lusatia (called sometimes, Moravians).

Herzlichen, (*m.*) *s. tr.* (*aus. sein*) *s. tr.* to roll hither, near, on, along.

Herzhaft, I. (*m.*) *f.* 1) dominion; 2) domination, mastery, government, sway, control; 3) power, authority, command, sovereign authority; 4) master and mistress, the master and the lady of the house, the employers (of a servant); 5) person or persons of rank; 6) a jurisdiction, territory; 7) manorial estate; *die Junge* —, the young family of the lord or master; *ſchme* *h-er*, foreigners of rank; II. *in comp.* *h-erhaft*, *n.* sovereign authority; jurisdiction; seigniorial right; *h-er* *swappen*, *n.* lord's arms.

Herzhaftlich, I. *adj.* belonging to or proceeding from a lord or master (*cf.* *Herzhaftlich*...); *der h-er* *Befehl*, the lord's command; *die h-er* *Wagen* *fuhrten* *auf*, um den Trauerzug zu *ſchließen*, the gentlemen's carriages drew up to close the mourning procession; II. *h-erlich*, (*m.*) *f.* lordliness.

Herzhaft ..., (*in comp.* —*begier*, *begierde*, *f.* ambition; *cf.* —*ſucht*; —*begierig*, *adj.* ambitious).

Herzlichen, (*m.*) *s. tr.* (*orig.* *Herzlichen*, *NHG.* *hären*, *OHG.* *hären* (*to be superior*), *not derived*, like *Herlich*, *not from Herz*, but from *här* (*über etwas* (*Acc.*)) to rule, govern, reign, away, to bear sway; 2) to domineer, lord, rule haughtily; 3) to reign, to be in vogue, to prevail, to be predominant; to rage (of diseases); to prevail, exist (doubt, prejudice, *loc.*); *es herrſcht große Einigkeit*, there obtains great unity; *an unſerer* *Werte* *herrſcht* *jezt* *große Thätigkeit*, Comm. our exchange is now full of life and activity.

Herzlicher, *s. I.* (*adv.*) *m.* ruler, governor; master, lord; sovereign; *ein willkürlicher* —,

a despot, tyrant; II. *in comp.* —*binde*, *f.* *binden*; —*bild*, *m.* look, eye of a ruler, commander, commanding air.

Herzlicher, (*m.*) *f.* *coll.* immoderate desire of playing the master.

Herzlicher ..., (*in comp.* —*familie*, *f.* reigning family, dynasty; —*geſt*, *m.* spirit of a ruler; —*gewalt*, *f.* 1) or —*macht*, power; sovereignty; 2) (*willkürliche*) despotism; —*krone*, *f.* imperial crown.

Herzlicher, *Herzlicher*, (*adv.*) *m.* *conf.* would-be-master or -ruler.

Herzlicher ..., (*in comp.* —*ſig*, *f.* king-craft, state-craft; —*macht*, *f.* supreme power; —*miene*, *f.* air of command, *cf.* —*ſicht*; —*recht*, *n.* right of sovereignty; —*ſeile*, *f.* soul or mind of a ruler; commanding spirit; —*ſinn*, *m.* mind of a ruler; —*ſtaß*, *m.* staff of command; sceptre; —*ſtuhl*, *m.* throne; —*willkür*, *f.* despotism; —*wort*, *n.* word of command or of a commander.

Herzliche ..., (*in comp.* —*gier*, *f.* see —*begier*; —*gierig*, *adj.* see —*begierig*; —*laß*, *f.* desire or wish of ruling; —*laßig*, *adj.* desirous of ruling; —*laßt*, *f.* lust, thirst of power or ruling; —*laßtig*, *adj.* fond of power; desirous of ruling; imperious, overbearing, tyrannical; —*laßt*, *f.* excessive lust of power, tyranny.

Her ..., (*in comp.* *cf.* *Her*) —*rufen*, to draw near, approach, advance; —*rufen*, to call hither; —*rühren*, to come (von, from), to draw its origin, to proceed, arise (from), to be owing (to), to originate (in), to be attributable or due (to); and England —*rufen*, *Comm.* derived, obtained from England (goods); —*ſagen*, to recite, repeat (a poem, *loc.*), rehearse, to deliver; to say (grace); *den* *Wesen* *ſagen*, to tell (one's) beads; *wieder* —*ſagen*, to say over again; —*ſchaffen*, to carry, convey hither; to bring near; *ſir's* —*ſchaffen*, *Comm.* for transportation; —*ſchaffen*, to look hither.

Herzliche, *Herzliche*, see *Herzliche*.

Her ..., (*in comp.* —*ſchiden*, to send hither; —*ſchicken*, to push or move hither; —*ſchicken*, (*adv.*) *s. I.* *tr.* 1) to shoot hither; 2) to advance or put in (a sum of money), see *Herzliche* *ſchicken* *ſchicken*; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to run or fly hither; —*ſchicken* *ſommen*, to rush on (along); —*ſchicken*, to strike without any hesitation; *ſchlag* —! strike (if you dare); —*ſchicken*, (*adv.*) *s. tr.* (*aus. sein*) *s. tr.* to come hither, on, along sneaking; —*ſchicken*, to drag hither or on; —*ſchicken*, (*adv.*) *s. I.* *tr.* to write hither, to a place; II. *ref. ſg.* to come (von, from), originate (in), to date (from); —*ſchicken*, to recite in a crying manner; —*ſchicken*, to look hither; —*ſchicken*, 1) to be from; to come from; to be native of; *coll.-s.* 2) (*über* (*with Acc.*)) to go about doing, to fall a-doing something; 3) (*über* (*with Acc.*)) *for* —*ſchicken*, which see (2); *hinter* *Einem* —*ſchicken*, to be at one's heels; *nicht weit* —*ſchicken*, to be of little consequence or value, *coll.* to be no great shakes; —*ſchicken*, to send hither; —*ſchicken*, (*m.*) *s. I.* *tr.* to put here; II. *ref.* to place or sit one's self here; —*ſchicken*, 1) to sing; 2) to recite in a singing manner.

* *Herzliche*, *adj.* see *Herzliche*.

Her ..., (*in comp.* *cf.* *Her*) —*ſellen*, *sluſt.* to have to come hither; —*ſommen*, to descend, to issue or come (von, from), to be derived (from); to date (from a certain time, *cf.* *ſich* —*ſchreiben*; —*ſommen*, *f.* descent, see *ſommen*; —*ſellen*, *adj.* that may be made, produced, or repaired; —*ſellen*, 1) to place here; *ſg.-s.* 2) to restore (to health, *loc.*), re-establish; 3) *a)* to form, establish, institute; *b)* to arrange, regulate, prepare; *c)* to make, construct, produce; —*ſellen* *End!* *Mil.* (*in Austria*) as you were! *wieder* —*ſellen*,

Comm. to reduce; *die* *ſellen* *ſich* *wieder* —, *Comm.* prices are recovering or looking up; —*ſellen*, *f.* 1) restoration, re-establishment; recovery; 2) formation, establishment, *loc.*; 3) production; construction; —*ſellen* *mittel*, *n.* restorative; —*ſellen* *mittel*, *pl.* *Comm.* cost of making; —*ſellen*, to stammer out (*cf.* *ſellen*); —*ſellen*, to stretch out, to reach forth, to extend; to advance (money); —*ſellen*, *m.* (*opp.* *ſellen*) 1) *Mus.* a down bow (stroke downwards on bow instruments); 2) *Sport.* return of birds of passage; —*ſellen*, to stream or run hither, along, on; —*ſellen*, to tumble, rush (*über* (*with Acc.*), on, upon), *cf.* —*ſellen*. [*ſellen*]

† *Her*, (*m.*) *f.* shoulder-blade (*Echale*).

Her ..., (*in comp.* —*tragen*, to bear hither; —*träger*, *m.* *coll.* toll-tale, tale-bearer; —*trick*, to drive hither; or trick *den* *ſellen* *ſich* —, he drove the enemy before him; —*treten*, to step hither; *tritt* —! stand forth! *Her*, *adv.* over, across (to this side, *cf.* *Her*); —*ſellen*, —*ſellen*, —*ſellen* *u.*, to bring, fetch, come, *loc.* over; —*ſellen*, 1) to draw over; 2) to impose upon, to take in.

Herum, I. *adv.* 1) round (about), about; *ring* —, round about; in rotation; *um* *die* *Zeit* —, about that time; 2) *coll.* *for* *Umlauf*; *überall* —, everywhere; *hier* —, *herabout* (*loc.*); II. *in comp.* —*ſellen*, *s. ref.* to be, go, or fall to loggerheads; —*ſellen*, *s. ref.* *ſg.* to wrangle; —*ſellen*, to go about begging; —*ſellen*, to tumble over; —*ſellen*, 1) to bring round; *ſg.-s.* 2) to spread, to circulate; 3) to bring over, to induce; 4) to spend (a certain time); —*ſellen*, (*m.*) *s. tr.* *s. ref.* to turn round or about; (*ſchell*) to twirl; *ſich* —*ſellen*, *ref.* *coll.* 1) to shift for one's self painfully; 2) (*um* *ein* *Werk*) to shirk work; —*ſellen*, (*m.*) *s. I.* *intr.* 1) to take a turn in a coach; 2) to go or move (rapidly) to and fro; to dart about; —*ſellen*, to fly or whisk about; II. *tr.* to drive about; to carry (a coach) round about, to turn a carriage; —*ſellen*, to tinker (an (*with Dat.*), with); —*ſellen*, to ask round, to ask one after the other; —*ſellen*, to lead or take about; —*ſellen*, to hand round or about, to pass; —*ſellen*, to go or pass round; to walk or move about; to prevail (of a report, disease); *es* *geht* *mit* *im* *Kopf* —, it runs in my mind, it causes me anxiety; —*ſellen* *ſellen*, to put about, to pass or hand round; —*ſellen*, to cut down; 2) to clip, hew, prime; —*ſellen*, *coll.* 1) to draw from a purpose, to bring round; 2) to reprove, reprimand; —*ſellen*, to hearken or gad about, to fish about for news; —*ſellen*, 1) to come round; *um* *ein* *Randspitze* —*ſellen*, *Mar.* to get round or weather a cape; *ſg.-s.* 2) to get round, finish; 3) to get abroad, to be rumoured about or divulged; in *der* *Weit* —*ſellen*, to see the world; —*ſellen*, to run round, to stir about; —*ſellen*, *m.* stroller, vagabond; —*ſellen*, to lie or to gad about; —*ſellen*, to rove about; —*ſellen*, see —*ſellen*; *um* (*ein* *Her* *gebrige*) —*ſellen*, *Mar.* to double (a cape); —*ſellen*, 1) to wrap round; 2) *ref.* to fight or scuffle (mit, with); —*ſellen*, to stroll or saunter about; —*ſellen*, to roam about, *cf.* —*ſellen*; —*ſellen*, see —*ſellen*; —*ſellen*, 1) to run about; 2) to check or chop round (said of the wind); —*ſellen*, to rummage, *cf.* *ſellen*; —*ſellen*, —*ſellen*, to rove or gad about, to ramble, stroll (about), wander; —*ſellen*, *m.* rambler, rover, vagabond, gad-about, stroller; —*ſellen*, to daze about; —*ſellen*, to fumble about or along; —*ſellen*, 1) to carry round or about; 2) *ſg.* to divulge (a matter), to retail (officious tales) about the town; —*ſellen*, to rove about, see *ſich* *Umlauf*; —*ſellen*, —*ſellen*, *m.* vagrant, vagabond; —*ſellen*, to pass the

bottle round, to drink round; —*hummeln*, *v. regl.* to sport or bustle about; —*humbeln*, to wander about; —*herfen*, to turn round rapidly; —*hüpfen*, to wallow, roll about (in); —*herfen*, —*gerren*, to manul, pull about, to tear at; —*ziehen*, 1) *v.* to pull or draw about; 2) *intr.* to rove, wander about; to remove from lodging to lodging; —*ziehen*, 1) *n.* nomadic; 2) strolling, itinerant (players, &c.).
Herunter, *I. adv.* 1) down (here); 2) *coll.* low; *den Hut —* I off with your hat! *er ist ganz —*, he is thoroughly floored or on his back; *II. in comp.* —*bringen*, 1) to bring or get down; 2) *fig.* a) to bring low, to reduce (from a state of wealth, &c.); b) to lower, to degrade, to derogate from ...; —*lassen*, to drop (down); —*gehen*, *Comm.* 1) to decline, to lower (said of prices); 2) to come down (*bist auf ...*, to ...); —*habein*, *see* *hüpfen*, 1); —*kommen*, 1) to come down; *von den Schienen*, *x.* —*humbeln*, to get off the rails, &c. *see* *Gutgleiten*, 1); 2) to alight; *fig.* 3) to be degraded; *du bist um vier Plätze —gekommen*, you have come down four removes (at school); 4) to sink, decay, decline, to fall off, get low (in the world), to be in declining circumstances; —*gekommen*, *p. a.* reduced, decayed (fortune, &c.); —*gekommen sein*, to have fallen into reduced circumstances; —*lassen*, to let down, *see* *herablassen*, 1); —*lassen*, 1) to let down, to lower; 2) *coll.* to blame with harsh words, to abuse, revile, *coll.* to run down, to take to pieces, to cut up; —*nehmen*, to take down; (*etwas aufgehängt*) to unhang; —*putzen*, *coll.* to tumble down; —*reizen*, 1) to pull down; 2) *see* —*machen*, 2); —*ziehen*, *v. I.* *intr.* *see* *herabziehen*; *II. v.* to bring (dead) down; —*ziehen*, 1) to reduce, to lower; 2) *fig.* to degrade; —*gerst* werden, *Comm.* to come down (of rates); —*stufen*, to sink low, to be degraded; —*stufen*, to dismount; —*würde*, *adv.* downward(s).

Herüber, *I. adv.* forth, out; unter (hinter) dem Tische —, from under (behind) the table; *II. in comp.* *fig.* —*arbeiten*, *regl.* to disengage one's self from under; —*hüpfen*, to look forth, to glance or peep out; —*brechen*, to break or burst forth, to come out with sudden vehemence, to sally, issue out; —*brechen*, *adj.* *Harold.* compounded; —*bringen*, 1) to bring or draw forth; to produce; 2) to utter; 3) to call forth: a) to create, procreate, produce; b) to cause; —*bringen*, *f.* production: 1) the (act of) bringing forth, &c.; 2) creation, procreation, product; —*bringen*, to press forth, forward; —*bringen*, to break, rush, gush forth; —*gehen* 1) to go forth; *fig.* 2) a) to arise, spring (and, from, from); b) to result, follow; 3) (mit Ehre aus einer Angelegenheit &c.) —*gehen*, *fig.* to come off (with credit or honour), to acquit one's self (honourably, &c.), to obtain an honourable discharge (of an insolvent); *als Sieger —gehen*, to come off victorious; —*gehen*, *p. a.* *Harold.* issuant; —*gehen*, *adj.* *Bot.* protruded; —*gehen*, to raise above the common surface, to give relief to (a figure, &c.), to put prominently forward, to render prominent, conspicuous; to lay stress on; *fig.* —*gehen*, to emerge; to stand out (in bold relief); —*kommen*, to come forth, forward; to appear; to arise, to emerge; —*kröhen*, to crawl forth; —*kröhen*, 1) to shine forth; 2) *fig.* to be conspicuous, distinguished; —*kröhen*, to spring forth; to come out; —*ragen*, to be prominent, to project, to stand, come or jut out, protuberate; (*and* or *über* ...) *overtop* ...; *Archit.* to bear out, cope; —*ragen*, *adj.* prominent, eminent; distinguished, conspicuous; *ein —ragender Geist*, master-spirit or mind; —*ragen*, *f.* projection, prominence; —*rasen*, to rush out, come out rustling; —*rasen*, 1) to call

forth, out; *fig.* 2) to evoke, occasion; to provoke; 3) to call into being, *see* —*bringen*, 3); —*schauen*, *Harold.* *see* —*brechen*; —*schreiten*, *Harold.* *see* —*gehen*; —*sein*, *adv.* (*for* —*gekommen* sein) to be out, to have come forth; —*springen*, —*springen*, to shoot, sprout forth; —*springen*, to jut out, *cf.* —*springen*; —*springen*, *fig.* to stand forth (in bold relief), to be prominent, striking, or conspicuous; to excel; —*springen* Geruch, pungent smell; —*springen*, to stand out (in high relief), &c. *see* —*ragen*; —*springen*, projecting, prominent, protuberant; *fig.* (cheek bones, &c.), *Bot.* protruded, exert(ed); —*suchen*, 1) to seek out; 2) *fig.* to search for, to endeavour to find; *coll.* to rake up (faults, &c.), to rub or trump up (old stories, &c.), to pick (a quarrel); *fig.* —*suchen*, *v. regl.* to distinguish or signalise one's self, to put one's self forward; —*treten*, 1) to step or come forward, forth, or out; to emerge; 2) to start (out from), to project; 3) a) *Passiv.*, &c. to stand or come out (or off) in bold relief; b) *fig.* to stand pre-eminent, to be marked or distinguished; —*treten* lassen, to throw out into bold relief, to mark, set off, contrast, to render prominent or striking; —*waschen*, *Harold.* issuant (—*gehen*); *die langen hellblonden Locken, welche unter ihrem Güte —wusch*, the long flaxen locks which floated from under her bonnet; —*waschen*, to call forth or produce by witchcraft; —*ziehen*, *ut.* & *fig.* to draw forth.

Her..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Her*) —*wachen*, to come wadding on; —*würde*, *adv.* hitherward; —*würde*, *m.* *Comm.* *see* *Wüchschel*; —*weg*, *m.* way hither, this way; —*wegen*, to blow hither, this way; —*wieder* (*pr.* *Her*), *adv.* t, again; back again; —*winken*, to make a sign to approach; —*wollen*, *adv.* to wish to come (hither); —*wünschen*, *v.* *to* wish hither; to wish (one) to come.

Herz, *s.* (*irr.*) *n.* 1) heart; *fig.* 2) breast; mind; 3) a) courage, spirit, mettle, *cf.* *Wut*; b) confidence, reliance, *cf.* *Vertrauen*; 4) core, pith, marrow; 5) *Gam.* hearts (in cards); 6) *Conch.* *see* —*muschel*; 7) *Mar.* a) the sides of a ship at the midship-beam; b) heart of a rope; c) score or cap of a dead-eye; 8) *Horol.* clock-work; 9) *Harold.* centre (of an eschecheon); *fig.* 2) *ein* —*haben*, to take heart or courage, to pluck up a heart; *ein* —*zu* *Jemand* *haben*, to repose or place trust or confidence in one; *am* *Herz* *liegen*, to be near to or lie at one's heart; *es* *liegt* *mir* *am* *Herz*, I have ... at heart; *Einem* *etwas* *ans* —*legen*, to impress something on, to urge something home to one; *sein* —*an* (*with Acc.*) *hängen*, to set one's heart upon ...; *auf* *dem* *Herz* *haben* or *tragen*, 1. to have at heart; 2. to have (something) on one's mind; *auf* *dem* *Herz* *liegen*, to lie or weigh on one's mind; *es* *geht* *mir* *durch's* —, it makes my heart thrill; *im* *Herz*, at heart; *es* *thut* *mir* *im* *Herz* *weh*, it makes my heart ache; in *meines* *Herz* *Grund*, in my heart's core, in my heart of hearts; *mit* —*und* *Hand*, with heart and hand; *es* *geht* *ihm* *nach* *Herz* *und* *Hand* (*cf.* *Herz* *und* *Hand*), she succeeded to her heart's content; *es* *ist* *ganz* *nach* *meinem* *Herz*, it is quite after my heart's desire; *ich* *kann* *es* *nicht* *über's* —*bringen*, 1. I cannot reconcile it to (or I cannot find it in) my mind; I cannot bring myself to do it; 2. I cannot express my feelings; *es* *ist* *mir* *schwer* *um's* —, I am heavy at heart; *er* *spricht*, *wie* *es* *ihm* *um's* — *ist*, he speaks as he feels, he speaks his heart or mind; *von* *Herz* *grün*, with all my heart; *es* *kommt* *ihm* *von* *Herz*, his heart goes with it; *ich* *habe* *Wort* *kommt* *ihm* *von* *Herz*, every word is heart-deep; *ans* — or *zu* *Herz* *gehen*, to go to one's heart, to strike (home) to the heart, to affect deeply, to sink deep; *zu* *Herz* *nehmen*,

to take or lay to heart; *er* *spricht* *mir* *recht* *aus* *dem* *Herz*, he speaks entirely out of my own mind; *was* *das* — *voll* *ist*, des *geht* *der* *Mund* *über*, *Script.* out of the fulness of heart the mouth speaketh; *mein* — *I* dear heart! my dear! my love!

Herzader, (*m.*) *f.* *Anat.* great artery.
Her..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Her*) —*haben*, to pay down; —*haben*, to reckon up, to enumerate; —*haben*, *f.* enumeration.

Her..., *in comp.* —*herstehen*, *adj.* *coll.* most dear, best beloved; —*arterie*, *f.* *Anat.* artery of the heart, *see* *Stamarterie*; —*arg* *act.* *f.* cordial. (witchcraft, to conjure up.

Herzabern, (*m.*) *v.* *to* bring hither by

Her..., *in comp.* —*haben*, *m.* *pl.* *Anat.* fascia of muscular fibres in the cavity of the heart more or less prominent (*trabecula*);

—*haben*, *m.* cordial; —*haben*, *n.* palpitation of the heart; —*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

—*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

—*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

—*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

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—*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

—*haben*, *n.* *Anat.* *see* *Brust*

Heu

Heu'ern, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to hire, *cf.* *Wietzen*, *Waiden*; 2) to charter (a ship).
Heuernte, (w.) *f.* hay-harvest; hay-time.
Heuervertrag, (str.), pl. *Heu-verträge* m. 1) contract for work; 2) see *Heuerbrief*.
Heu'et, (str.) *n. provinc.* see *Heuermit*.
Heu' ... in comp. —*fehm*, —*feimen*, *m.* hay-stack; hay-cock; —*fleber*, *m. Mod.* hay-fever; —*futter*, *m.* hay-fodder; —*gabel*, *f.* hay-fork, pitchfork; —*getuim*, *m.* hay-crop, hay-produce; —*hausen*, *m.* hay-cock, hay-rick, *cf.* —*fehm*; —*heffel*, *f.* see *Heubehel*; —*happe*, *f.* hay-cock.
Heu'ette, (w.) *m.* see *Brüllaffe*.
Heu' ... in comp. —*land*, *m.* meadow-land; hay-land; —*leine*, *f.* see —*fel*.
Heu'len, (w.) *v. intr.* 1) to howl, yell; 2) cont. to cry (aloud), whine, howl, blubber (of men); to roar (of the wind); to scream (in singing).
Heu'ler, (str.) *m.* 1) howler, &c.; 2) from a) croaker; b) see *Wacklonär*.
Heu'Treifel, (str.) *m.* humming-top.
Heu' ... in comp. —*maehen*, *n. (provinc.)* —*maeh*, *f.* hay-making; —*maeder*, —*maeher*, *m.* 1) hay-maker; 2) *Ornith.* bee-eater (*Merope opacitor* L.); —*meister*, *m.* he who has the care of the hay in a stud; —*monat*, —*monat*, *m.* hay-month, July.
Heum, (str.) *m. provinc.* see *Uflu*.
Heu'ne, (w.) *f.* see *Hüne*.
Heunacht, *adv. provinc.* tonight.
Heu'pferd, (str.) *n.* see *Grülle*, 1; *Heimchen* & *Heuschrecke*, 1, a.
Heu'scheit, (w.) *f.* see *Heivai*.
Heu' ... in comp. —*ranfe* (—*rede*), *f.* hay-rack, ralls for hay; —*reden*, *m.* hay-harrow; rate; —*recht*, *m.* 1) right of making hay; 2) see —*gichte*. [of the present time or date].
Heu'rig, *adv.* 1) of this year or season; 2) *cf.* —*ig*.
Heu' ... in comp. —*same*, *m.* hay-seed; —*saub*, *m.* bundle or wisp of hay; —*schelbe*, *f.* hay-cock; —*schener*, —*schenn*, *f.* hay-barn; —*scheter*, *m.* see —*hausen*; —*scheypen*, *m.* shed for keeping hay; —*schreds*, *f.* 1) *Entom.* a locust (*Locusta viridissima* L.); 2) grass-hopper (*Orthocentrus campestris* L.); 3) *Gymn.* grass-hopper jump, *cf.* *Knippsitz*; —*schredenbaum*, *m.* Bot. locust-tree, three-thorned acacia (*Acacia paracoccinea* L.); —*schredenfebern*, *f.* pl. *f.* grass-hopper springs; —*sell*, *m.* hay-rope (for securing the hay on a wagon); —*staeher*, *m.* see —*boden*; —*stengel*, *m.* hay-stalk; —*stod*, *m.* hay-stack.
Heu'te, *Heut*, *ad.* 1) today, this day; 2) *f.* (heut *zum Tage*, heutigen *Tage*) now-a-days, in this age; in these days; — *Abend* — *Morgen*, this evening (to night), this morning; — *Nacht*, tonight; — *vor acht Tagen* — *über acht Tage*, this day sevennight or week; — *vor vierzehn Tagen* — *über vierzehn Tage*, this day fortnight; — *über vierzig Tage*, in a year from this; *von — an*, from this day forward; — *heute*, this very day; *et ist mir noch wie —*, it is in my memory as yesterday; *was schreiben wir —?* what day of the month is this? — *oder morgen*, one day or other; — *mir*, *morgen* *bit*, proverb, today mine, tomorrow yours.
Heu'tig, *adv.* 1) of this day; of this date; 2) of this age, modern; *heute ist Heft*, today's festival; *mit heu'ter Post*, by this day's mail; by tonight's post; *der he-tige Tag*, this day (*Amuse-m.* unterm *he-ten*, under this day's date mit dem *he-ten Tage*, this day; unser *he-tig*, our letter of this day; *du werdest vielleicht morgengehen*, thou wilt go to-morrow; *heute*, *heute* *den he-ten Tag* *genieße*, ... let me therefore enjoy today; in *der he-ten Kammer* *des Heutendums* *bemerken* *wir ...* in the Athenaeum of today's date we observe ...; *von dem he-ten Tage*, of this date; *bei dem he-ten Tage*, *bis zum he-ten Tage*, up to

Heu

this day; h-en or h-ts Tages, now-a-days; at present; die h-e Welt, the present age.

Heu..., in comp. —wegel, m. 1) see —mäher, 2; 2) (gelber) provinc. a species of butterfly; —wage, f. balance for weighing hay; —wagen, m. waggon for bringing the hay in; —wiese, f. meadow kept for mowing, hay-field; —zente, m. tithes paid in hay; —zeit, f. haying-time.

* **Hegeßtrich**, adj. (Gr.) hexahedral; h-er Hieglanz, lead glance, hexahedral galena.

* **Hegeßtron**, (Gr.), **Hegeßter**, (str.) n. Geom. hexaedron.

* **Hegeßmeter**, (str.) m. (Gr.) hex. hexa meter. — **Hegeßstrich**, adj. hexametrical.

* **Hegeßtrich**, adj. (Gr.) Bot. hexandra.

Hege, (w./f.) 1) witch, hag; 2) **Ornith.** see **Hegegmeller**; 3) **Conch.** see **Ronbighede**.

Hegen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to practise witchcraft, to conjure, to produce (a certain effect) by witchcraft.

Hegen..., in comp. —baum, m. charm, spell of a witch, &c.; —baum, m. Bot. common bird cherry-tree (**Hegeßerbaum**); —berg, m. witches' mountain, wizard hill; —buch, n. conjuring book, book containing spells; —butter, f. 1) coll. butter containing still some milk; 2) Bot. a species of yellow fungus; —ei, n. 1) egg without yolk; 2) Bot. stinkhorn (**Hegeßmergel**); —fabrt, f. expedition of the witches; —gelag, n. night-reveling of witches; —geßichte, f. fairy-tale; story of witches and sorcerers, story of witchcraft; —frant, n. Bot. 1) enchanter's night-shade (*Atropa belladonna* L.); 2) brown club-moss (*Lycopodium selago* L.); —freis, m. fairy-ring; —fuss, f. magic art; —männchen, n. see **Heuren**, 2; —mehl, n. vegetable sulphur, lycopooidium, witch meal; —meister, m. 1) sorcerer, wizard; 2) joc. conjurer; —probe, f. witches' ordeal; —practß, m. trial of witches; —ring, m. see —freis; —ritt, m. see —fabrt; —sabbatß, m. witches' sabbath; —schuß, m. (lit. witch-shot, of. elf-shot [*Scott.*], a disease supposed to be produced by the stroke of an elf-arrow) sudden rheumatic, etc. pang (**Heßschuß**); —legen, n. spell; —spiel, n. a kind of game with thirty-six cards; —stich, m. Sew. herring-bone stitch; —strang, m. traveller's rope (**Heimstich**); —tang, m. dance of witches; —wert, n. witches' work, witchery; —wesen, n. witchcraft, witchery; —zust, f. meeting of witches.

Hegeter, (str.) m. (L. u.) joc. **Hegeßter**, [str.] m. for **Hegeßmeister** sorcerer, wizard.

Hegeßter, (w./f.) f. sorcery, witchery, witchcraft; jugglery, tricks.

Heu! **Heu**! it., see **Hei** it.

* **Hie**tsch, (indock.) m. (Lat.) gap, hiatus.

Hibernien, n. Hibernia, Ireland.

Hibernier, (str.) m., **Hibernisch**, adj. Hibernian.

Hid, (str.) m. provinc. hicough.

Hiden, (w.) v. intr. provinc. to hicough.

† **Hie**, adv. here (**Hier**); —betot, heretofore.

Hies, (str.) m. 1) a stroke, blow; 2) wipe, lash; cut; slash; b) cut (of a falo); c) **Forest.** a) the place in a forest where timber is being or has been felled; b) the right of felling wood (timber) in a forest; 3) mark, scar by a cut; 4) fig. sarcasm, cut, hit (auf *with Acc.*); at; cinen —hies, fam. to be a little tipsy.

Hießer, (str.) m. coll. broad-sword.

Hießfechten, n. **Fenc.** cut, (the practice of) cutting, broad-sword exercise (opp. **Stoß**fechten).

Hießig, adj. **Forest.** see **Haubar**.

Hies..., in comp. —waffen, pl. arms for cutting; —wunde, f. wound by a cut.

Hief, (str.) m. Sport-s (or —loß, m.) blast upon a bugle-horn, bugle-note, sound given by the hunting horn.

Sie

Hiefte, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* for Jagebutter.
Hief..., in comp. —**hiera**, *n.* hunting-horn, bugle-horn; —**riemen**, *n.* bugle-strap.
Hiefstir, **Hieftir** *n.*, *see* Hieftir *n.*
Hiefe, (*w.*) *f. Min.* single grain of a mineral (in other ores).
Hiel, **Hieling**, (*str.*) *m.* Har. heel.
Hielen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to heal by the stern.
Hienleiden, *adv.* *see* here below, in this life.
Hienleiden, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to howl, whine (of dogs).
Hier (**Hie**), *I. adv.* 1) here; **Comm.**, &c. at (or in) this city, in town, present; — (*zu* **Rande**) in this (or our) country or quarter, (on) this side of the water; *er* ist **von** — *als* **gerieth**, he has left this; **sonne** ist — **nach** **Hieftretet**? will this lead me to Fleet-street? — **ist** nicht **zu** **fiergen**, there is no joking in this matter; **Comm.** — **auf** — **traffen**, to draw on this place; **Wesfel** **auf** — **billen** on this place; **auf** — **verladen**, shipped (laden) for this place; 2) **Ag.** in this world or life; 3) in this; at this point; **blinnen** — **und** **sechs** **Wochen**, within a sixmonth from this; **von** — of this city; — **nachgerichtet**, herein after-mentioned; **II. f. comp.** — **ab**, *adv.* here from, from this; — **an**, *adv.* heret, at this, at it; up here; hereon, on this; by this; of this.
 * **Hierarch**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) hieraroh. — **Hierarchisch**, (*w.*) *f.* hierarchy. — **Hierarchisch**, *adj.* hierarchical.
Hier (**Hie**)..., in comp. — **aus**, *adv.* up here; hereupon, upon this, at this; after this; — **auf** **erwidere** it, to this I reply; — **aus**, *adv.* out here, hereout; out of this, hence, from hence, from this, hereby, by this; — **ausfen**, *adv.* out here; — **bet**, *adv.* herewith, heret, herein, hereby; with, at, in, or by this; — **beten**, *adv.* heretofore; — **durch**, *adv.* 1) through this place; through here; 2) *a)* by this means; by so doing, thus; *b)* — (mit) hereby, by this, by the present; enclosed, annexed; — **ein**, *adv.* in here, in, hereinto, into this or it; — **für**, *adv.* for this, for it; — **gegen**, *adv.* here-against, against this or it; — **her**, *adv.* hither, here, this way; as far as this; **hio** — **her**, hitherto, till now, so or thus far; (on bills of exchange) thus far copy; — **herßen**, *see* — **iben**; — **herum**, *adv.* herabout(s); — **herwärts**, *adv.* hitherward; — **hin**, *adv.* hither, this way; to this place; in this direction, along, forward; **halb** — **hin**, **halb** **derhin**, now here now there; — **hinin**, *adv.* in here, into this place; — **in**, *adv.* in here, herewithin; herein, in this, in it; — **inähnlich**, *adj.* of this country; — **mit**, *adv.* here with, with this, with it; by this, by it; in doing, saying this; by the present, enclosed, annexed; — **nach**, *adv.* after this, after it; from this; according to this; — **nach** **erwähnt**, herein after mentioned; — **nächst**, *adv.* next, next to this; next door; — **neben**, *adv.* next to this place, close by; **Comm.** annexed; besides; — **nle** **ben**, *see* **hinieden**; — **ob**, *adv.* *see* — **iber**.
 * **Hieroglyph**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) hieroglyph. — **Hieroglyphisch**, (*w.*) *f.* hieroglyphical. — **Hieroglyphisch**, *adj.* hieroglyphical.
 * **Hieronymus**, (*str.*) *m. pl. Eccl.* Hieronymus. [P. R. N.]
Hieronymus, *m.* Jerome, Hieronymus.
 * **Hierophant**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) hierophant.
Hier (**Hie**)..., in comp. — **artig**, *adj.* of this place, of this country; — **orts**, *adv.* at this place, here; — **selu**, *n.* being here, presence; — **seßst**, *adv.* here, in this place, present; — **iben**, *coll.* over here; — **iber**, *adv.* 1) over this place, over here; beyond this or it; 2) **derort**, at this, at it; of this, of it; on this account; on this head, about this or it; — **um**, *adv.* about this place, hereabout; about this or it, concerning this; — **unter**, *adv.* below here, here below; (in letters, &c.) at foot;

—*unter*, *adv.* here-under, under, underneath this or it, among; by this, it; —*von*, *adv.* hereof, of or from this. of it; —*wegen*, *adv. provinc.* *see* *Demwegen*; —*wider*, *adv.* here-against, against this or it; —*zu*, *adv.* hereto, herewith, to this or it; moreover; for this or it, &c. & *zu*; —*zu* kommt noch, add to this; —*zwischen*, *adv.* between this or it.

St'fig. *adj.* in or of this place or town (country, &c.); auf h-em St'fige, in this town, place, or quarter.

Siēz, (str.) m., **Siē'ze**, (w.) f. a fondling
appellation (for a cat), puss (cf. **Siŋ**).

Gift, Gift'horn, see Gief x.

Hilf's rus., m. Hilary (P. N.). [Hilf's r.
Hilf's r., correct High-Germ. form for
Himbeersapfel, (str., pl. S-äpfel) m. a kind
of red apple, red calville.

Shim'bere, (w.) *f.* raspberry.

Him^{ber} .., in comp. -els, n. raspberry-
 ice; -eflig, m. raspberry-vinegar; -falter, m.
 Entom. green butterfly (*Thecla Rubi* L.);
 -lifter, m. raspberry-bug (*Dosytus niger* F.);
 -limonade, f. raspberriade; -luft, m. rasp-
 berry-juice; -pat, m. *Minor*, m. manganeseous
 carbonic spar; -saude, n. -strang, m. rasp-
 berry-bush (*Rubus idaeus* L.).

Stim'mel, s. l. (*str.*) m. 1) (der Luft-) sky; heaven; heavens; *Ag.* paradise; 2) canopy; tester; roof (of a carriage); 3) (*3-s-*frisch) some, climate; ein Heiterer —, a serene sky; unter freiem —, in the open air; (o) —! O heavens! O dear! geträufelt —! just heavens! amaze'ment! *fem.* good gracious! um bei *3-s-* willen! for heaven's (mercy's) sake! bu liicher —! *cont.* God save the mark! *Ag.-s.* nie vom — gefallen, as'tounded; bis in den (dritten) — entpfät sein, to be in ecstasies; bis in den — erheben, to exalt to the heavens (skies); das Vorne vom — herunter läßen, (schwören), to do most audaciously, to swear through thick and thin; kein Heiterer fällt vom —, *proverb*, no one is born a master.

Him'mel ... (cf. Himmel ...), *in comp.*
 —ab, *adv.* from the skies, from heaven; —an, *adv.* up to the skies, heavenward (&); mir wurde
 —angst, *adj. coll.* I grew very uneasy, terribly
 frightened; —anstreben, *adj.* heaven-aspir-
 ing; —an, *adv. see* an; —beten, *f. see* Himbert;
 —berühren, *adj.* *, heaven-kissing; —bett, *n.*
 bed with a tester, canopy- or tent-bed; four-
 post bed-stand; —blau, 1) *adj.* 2) *n.* or —blume, *f.*
 azure, sky-blue; —brand, *n.* Bot. great
 mullein (*Verbascum thapsus* L.); —brut, *n.*
 1) *Flaum.* (Persian) manna; 2) Bot. a) float-
 ing sweet-grass (*Festuca fluitans* L.);
 b) common clover (*Trifolium* L.); —biss, *m.* hog's
 fennel (*Pseudodinus officinale* L.); —emper, *adv.*
 heavenward (&); —entfernt, *adv.* —mett; —
 entproffen, *adj.* heaven-sprung or -begot;
 —fäden, *m. pl.* gossamer; —fahrt (Christi), *f.*
 ascension (of Christ); Maria —fahrt, assump-
 tion of the holy or blessed virgin; —fahrts-
 himmel, *n.* Bot. milk-wort (*Polygala vulgaris*
 L.); —fahrtsfest, *n.* —fahrtsfest, *m.*
 Ascension-day, Holy Thursday; —geboren, —
 gefast x., heaven-born, heaven-sent, &c.;
 —gast, *f.* T. leather-roof of a carriage; —
 heiter, —flar, —milb, *adj.* serene, clear, mild,
 as heaven; —hoch, *adj.* 1) as high as heaven;
 2) *fig.* very high, very great; —hoch bitten, to
 entreat very earnestly.

Шим'мелн, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) *provinc. see* Wetterleuchten; 2) to soar aloft; to fly about; 3) to affect piety, to cant; 4) to be about (or to be going) to die, to go to heaven.

Him'mel..., *in comp.* —reich, *n.* kingdom of heaven; *Ag.* paradise, happiness, bliss; des Menschen Wille ist sein —reich, *proverb*, man's own will is his heaven; —rein, *adj.* pure as heaven.

Sim'mels . . ., in comp. heavenly, celestial.

cf. *Stummflüg*; —*achse* *f.* *Astr.* axis of the world; —*angel*, *f.* pole of the world; —*Be-
strebung*, *f.* *astronomy*; —*besen*, *m.* *See
along*, north-west; *Am. sweeper of the skies*; —*besetzer*, *m.* inhabitant or denizen of
heaven, *pl. celestials*; —*bild*, *n.* 1) heavenly
figure; 2) constellation; —*blatt*, *n.* —*Blume*,
f. *Bot.* jolly tremella, *noctoc* (*Tremella noctoc*
L.); —*begen*, *m.* 1) vault of heaven; 2) rain-
bow; —*bot*, *m.* heavenly messenger; —*brant*,
f. nun; —*breite*, *f.* *Astr.* distance, height
of a star from the equator; —*erst*, *n.* *see*
Stummflüg; —*flüger*, *m.* *see* —*besetzer*.

Sim'mel... (cf. Simmelis...), in comp. —[schöf], m. see Simmel[schöf]en; —[schön, adj. divinely beautiful; —[erleub, adj. crying to heaven, flagrant, flagitious, most atrocious.

Stirn, *meld* ..., in comp. — *circel*, *m.* see — *kreis*, — *erleuchtung*, *f.* sight or phenomenon in the heavens; — *kreis*, *f.* armament; — *kreuz*, *n.* 1) heavenly fire, *i. e.* lightning, or the stars; 2) *fig.* fire of heaven, heavenly inspiration; — *gabe*, *f.* gift of heaven or of God; — *gefühl*, *n.* heavenly, exalted feeling; — *gegenß*, *f. Geogr.* 1) region (quarter) of the heavens; 2) see — *früß*; *naß allen vier* — *gegenß*, towards the four points of the compass; — *geiß*, *f.* see — *lige*; — *grüße*, *f.* promise. pillow (*Flüster* *L.*); — *geßall*, *f.* heavenly firm or figure; — *gewölbe*, *n.* celestial vault, canopy of heaven, armament; *Astr.-s.* — *gleißer*, *m.* equator; — *grüßel*, *m.* sons; — *gunß*, *f.* celestial favour; — *hand*, *n.* 1) armament; 2) *Astr.* house; — *her*, *n.* host of heaven; — *höße*, *f.* heavenly height; — *kurße*, *f.* celestial chart or map, chart of constellations; — *kerße*, *f.* celestial light, lamp of heaven, *for the sun, the moon, or the stars, *q. l.* light; — *könig*, *m.* heavenly king; Jupiter; — *knigta*, *f.* heavenly queen, queen of heaven, blessed Virgin; — *kürn*, *n.* see — *grüße*; — *fürßer*, *m.* celestial body; — *keß*, *f.* ambrosia; delicious food; — *kraft*, *f.* heavenly power; — *krißte*, *p.* heavenly agents; — *krißel*, *m.* sphere of heaven; — *kugel*, *f.* celestial globe, sphere; — *kunße*, *f.* astronomy; — *künße*, *f.* astronomical longitude; — *kunß*, *m.* motion of the planets; — *leßte*, *f.* uranology; — *leßter*, *f.* Jacob's ladder (*also* *Bed. Poleromium* *L.*);

—lerche, *f.* *Ornith.* sky-lark (*Sylvia*); —licht, *n.* heaven's or celestial light; —lichter, *pl.* (celestial) luminaries; —lille, *f.* *Bot.* German flag-flower (*Hyss. germanica* L.); —løjn, *n.* heavenly reward; reward in heaven; —luft, *f.* ether; —manna, *see* Himmelbrod, 1; —mel, *n.* Minor. mowly sulphate of lime; —meltræs, *f.* uranometry; —myer, *n. coll.* *see* Søjlværter; —myrten, *pl.* portals, gates of heaven; —pynt, *m. Astr.* vertical point, zenith; —ræs, *m.* horizon; —ræum, *m.* the heavens; ethereal or celestial region; —røst, *f.* —røstgen, *n.* *Bot.* rose of heaven (*Lychnis colicaria*); —skjæfgen, *n.* —skjæffel, *m.* *Bot.* common primrose (*Primula* L.); —skjævret, *n.* *see* —lille; —spejle, *f.* 1) ambrosia; 2) bread of the sacrament; —stengel, *m.* *Bot.* bitter gentian (*Gentiana amarella* L.); —strid, *n.* zone, climate, clime; latitude; —tjæn, *n.* 1) dew of heaven, manna; 2) *Bot.* a black-grained millet; 3) floating sweet-grass (*Him-melbrod*, 2); —tjæn, *f.* door or gate of heaven; —træs, *m.* nectar; —tæg, *m. Astr.* great bear, Charles's (s) wain; —tæg, *m.* road to heaven; —tætte, *f.* extent of heaven; —tægning, *f.* seat, dwelling in heaven; —tæggen, *n.* 1) *Astr.* celestial sign, sign of the zodiac; 2) *Sport.* trace of a deer; —tjell, *n.* vault, canopy of heaven; heaven, sky; —tjelle, *f.* *see* Ber-coffine; —tirfel, *n.* *see* —tirfel.

Sim'mel... (*cf.* Sim'mels...), in comp.
—stein, *m.* sapphire; —stürmend, *adj.* heaven-

storming; —träger, m. canopy-bearer: —
trunken, —sein, *adj.* intoxicated, full of hea-
venly delight; —wärts, *adv.* heavenward(e),
towards heaven; —weit, *adj. & adv.* as dis-
tant as heaven from earth, very distant,
great, wide.

Himmliſch, adj. celestial, heavenly; ethereal: das **H-e Weſen**, 1) heavenlyneſs; 2) celestial being, divinity; die **H-en Mächte**, the powers above.

Simt, (w.), Sim'ten, (str.) m. provinc.
(N. G.) a corn-measure ($9\frac{7}{40}$ himtens = 1
quarter).

fin, acc. 1) there, thither (*expressing motion or direction from the speaker to some further object*, *opp. her*); 2) to, towards, on, along; 3) away, gone; spent, exhausted; lost, undone; *cf. Daßin*, 2; *nach dir* —, towards you; *zu ...*, up to ...; — *und her*, 1. hither and thither, to and fro, to and again; (— *und purd*) going and coming; forwards and back (—wards); 2. again and again; — *und her befinnum*, *Mar.* bound out and in; — *und gehen*, to go to and fro, to pass and re-pass; — *und herarbeit*, *f. T.* lined work; — *und herfracht*, *f.* freight out(wards) and (freight) home; — *und herreise*, *f.* journey, *f. home*; — *und her*, voyage out(ward) and home; journey there and back; — *und her versichern*, to insure out and home (ships, goods); — *und her-Versehl*, *m. Comm.* exchange and re-exchange; — *und her streiten*, to bandy words; — *und her denken*, überlegen, to revolve or turn over in one's mind, to consider and reconsider; — *und her sein* (*or schmeinen*), to be undecided or wavering; *das* — *und her*, indecision, want of stability; *fiß* — *und her bewegen*, — *und her rüsten*, to wriggle; — *und herbewegung*, *f.* wriggling or saw-saw motion; — *und her schmeinen*, to oscillate; — *und her werfen*, to toss about; — *und her fahren*, to ply or run (quips) —, between ... *cf. ships*; *nach virem* — *und her-Reden*, after having talked the matter over and over; *nach virem* — *und her-Schreiben*, after many letters had passed on both sides; — *und wieder*, 1. *see* — *und her*; 2. here and there; in some cases; now and then; *er weiß weder* — *und her*, he is quite at a nonplus; *das* *ist nicht* —, *nicht her*, that's neither one thing nor the other; *Freundchaft* —, *Freundschaft* *her* friendship here and friendship there; *auf der Fahrt* —, on your simple or sole word; *an* *der Gasse* (—), at all risks; — *und purd*, forwards and backwards, *cf.* — *und her*; — *und purd ritten* (*zur See*), to be a passenger both out and home; (*zu Land*, *resp. per Eisenbahn*) to travel there and back (by return-ticket); *wie weit mag es noch* — *sein*? how far may it be from hence? *es* *ist noch weit* —, it is yet far off; *oben* —, on the surface, *see Obenhin*; *unten* —, along the lower part, the ground; *rechts* —, along the right hand side; *über* —, along (the surface of); *über die Erde* — *verbreitet*, coextensive with the earth; — *ist* —, gone is gone, lost is lost.

hinab, *adv.* (often with the *Acc.*, which precedes the *adv.*) down there (*i. e.* in a direction from him who speaks, *different* from), downwards; den Berg —, down the mountain, down (the) hill; —fahren, to drive down; to go or fall down (the river); —gehen, to go down; —hängend, *adj.* Bot. dependent; —lassen, to lower (down); —steigen, to descend; sie stiegen in das Bergwerk —, they went down into the mine; —stürzen, *s. i.* *inf.* to fall down (from a precipice, &c.); to shoot down; II. *tr.* to throw down, to precipitate; —tauchen, to dive down; —wärts, *adv.* downward.

Šin'altern, (v.) v. intr. (aux. šin) to grow aged or old.

Šinan', adv. up (there, different: Šeran,

cf. Hin. up (to, *cf. hinauf*); den Berg —, up (the) hill; —reichen, to reach up; *fg.* to touch (an *with Acc.*); on; —steigen, to ascend, mount.

*Hin*arbeiten, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to aim (auf *with Acc.*), at, to direct one's efforts (to); *II. refl.* 1) to attain with difficulty; to work one's way to ...; 2) to ruin one's health, &c. by excessive work.

Hinauf, *adv.* up (there, *different*: *herauf*, *cf. Hin*); up (to); on high (*often with the Acc., which precedes the adv.*); den Berg —, up the mountain, up (the) hill; die Treppe —, up stairs; als ich —ging, I am at herunter, when I went up (stairs), he came down; —arbeiten, *v. refl.* to toil (work one's way) up; —bringen, to bring up; —brücken, to force up (water); [die Flamme lodert] wie zu Gott —geföhrt (*P. Schlegel*), as if summoned upwards to the Lord's presence; —gehen, to go or walk up; —hören, (*w.*) *v. tr. & f. & fg.* to screw up; eine flüchtliche —geföhrtete Bilanz, Comm. a manipulated balance; —steigen, to step up, ascend, mount; sie ist noch mir die Treppe —geht, she went up stairs after me; —stich, *m. see* *Hinstich*, 1; —treiben, to push, drive, run, work up (prices); —würde, *adv.* upward.

Hinaus, *adv.* 1) out (there, *different*: *heraus*, *cf. Hin*); 2) beyond; —mit ihm! out with him! zum Fenster —, out of the window; wo denken Sie —? what are you thinking of? (*i. e.* you are entirely out or mistaken); in comp. (*cf. Aus*, in comp.) —führen, 1) to lead out, to take out, &c.; 2) *fg.* to carry out (a design, &c.); —gehen, *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to go out; *fg.-s.* 3) (*with über* *& Acc.*) to go or step beyond ..., to surpass, transcend (beyond a limit or measure); 3) *über* (*with Acc.*) nicht —gehen, to be limited by ...; 4) to look (auf *with Acc.*), into, to front, face (of a room, &c.); 5) or —kommen, *see* —laufen; —jagen, to expel, turn out; —lehen, to sweep out; —lassen, *adv.* to be able to go or get out; auf Eins or dasselbe —laufen, to come, amount to the same thing; to be the same in the end; seine Rede lief (ging or kam) darauf —, the drift of his discourse was ...; sich zum Fenster —legen, to stretch one's self out of the window; Einem —leuchten, to light one out; —machen, *v. refl.* to get, go or run out; —räumen, to clear or take away, *see* *Hinräumen*, 1, a; —reichen, to reach or stretch beyond; darüber —reichen, *adv.* ulterior (object, &c.); über das Ziel —schleichen, to overreach the aim; —setzen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. or* —rücken, —schleichen, to defer, to stave off, postpone; *II. refl.* (*with über* *& Acc.*) to disregard, set at naught; über (*with Acc.*) —schreiben, to stray, to aspire beyond ...; —sein, to be above, not to care for; —setzen, to have a certain aim, *cf.* —mollen; —setzen, to put or turn out; in die Welt —setzen, to cast loose (send adrift, throw) upon the world; —streben, to aspire beyond ...; —stürzen, to rush, bolt, or sling out; —treiben, *see* —jagen; —würde, *adv.* outward; —werfen, to cast, bundle, or turn out, eject, expel; —wollen, *adv.* *fg.* to and (in), to aim (at); wo will das —? wo soll das —? where is this to end? ich sah, wo er —wollte, I saw what he was driving at, I saw his drift; hoch —wollen, to aim high, be proud; er will zu hoch —, he is soaring too high.

Hin..., in comp. (*cf. Hin*) —bannen, to banish thither, to remove to (a place); —beschließen, to order to (a place); —begeben, *v. refl.* to repair, resort to; —beschicken, to appoint to a place; —blick, *m.* look, regard (auf *with Acc.*), to; im —blick auf ..., with regard to ...; *cf. Hinsicht*; —blicken, to look towards (a place), to look forward to ...; —blühen, to fade (away); —bluten, *fg.* to die, give

one's life; —bringen, 1) to bring or carry to a place, to take along; 2) *fg.* a) to waste, to squander (away), to dissipate (one's fortune); b) to pass, spend (the time); sich or sein Leben —bringen, to make shift to live; vor sich —brummen, to mutter to one's self; —brüten, to live, pass (the time) in a kind of stupor. *Hin*-, (*str.*) *m.*, *Hin*-, (*w.*) *f.* (†) * *see* *Hindin*.

*Hin*denken, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* to think of or turn one's mind to a remote (*fg.* impracticable) object; wo denken Sie hin? what are you thinking of? *cf. Hinsat*.

*Hin*derlich, *I. adv.* hindering, impeding, obstructing, troublesome, cumbersome; *II. f. f.* (*w.*) *f.* the quality of hindering; hindrance.

*Hin*dern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hinder, impede, prevent (an *with Dat.*), from.

*Hin*dernde, (*str.*) *m.* hinderance; impediment, obstacle; resistance, stop; difficulty; Einem *Hin*de in den Weg legen, to throw obstacles in one's way; Kennen ohne *Hin*de, *Sport.* flat race.

*Hin*derung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) hindering, &c. *cf. Hindern*; hinderance, impediment, *cf. Hindernis*; *Hin*drang, *m.* cause of impediment.

*Hin*denken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with auf* *& Acc.*) to hint (at); to point at, to aim at, to be a sign of; to forebode.

*Hin*deutung, (*w.*) *f.* intimation, hint.

*Hin*de, (*w.*) *f.* *Sport.* female of the stag, hind.

Hin..., in comp. (*cf. Hin*) —donnern, to thunder down, strike down with thunder; —dörren, to wither gradually, to fade away; —drang, *m.* (the act of) thronging, pressing to a place; —drängen, *v. tr. & refl.* to throng, press, urge to. [India.

*Hin*do, *n. Geogr.* Hindostan, Hindustan, *Hindostan*, (*str.*) *m.* Hindostanee.

Hindostanisch, *adj.* Hindostanee, Hindustani. [Gentoo.

*Hin*du, (*str.*) *m.* (pl. *Hindus*) Hindoo.

*Hin*durch, *adv.* (sometimes *with Acc., which precedes the adv.*) through, (*cf. Durch* & comp.) throughout; during; den ganzen Tag —, all day long, the livelong day; mein ganzes Leben —, all my life long; die Nacht —, all night; das ganze Jahr —, all the year round; sich —arbeiten &c., *see* *Hin*durcharbeiten &c.; —lassen, to let through, to transmit (light).

*Hin*drücken, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* *adv.* to be permitted to go to a place. [hie to.

*Hin*eilen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to hasten, *Hinein*, *adv.* in (there), into (in a direction from him who speaks, *opp. Herin*); da —, nicht hier —, into that place, not into this; zum Fenster —, in at the window; ich will —, I'll in: bis in die Stadt —, into the very town; in den Tag —, ins Gelas —, coll. at a venture, at random, inconsiderately; —arbeiten, *v. refl.* *see* *Hinarbeiten*; —bringen &c., to get in, &c.; —denken, *v. refl.* to fancy one's self to be in; *fg.* to go deep (into a subject); —gehen, 1) to go in; 2) to find room; —setzen, 1) to put in, &c.; 2) or —werfen, Comm. to look up, engage (funds); —ziehen, to draw or pull in; *fg.* to entangle, involve.

Hin..., in comp. (*cf. Hin*) —fahren, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to carry off or to; *II. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to be carried off or to; to drive, go in a carriage to; an (or längs) der Küste —fahren, to coast, to sail or range along the coast; *fg.-s.* 2) a) to pass away, depart; b) (*coll. &*) *, to die, debase; leicht über ... —fahren, to skim over (the surface, &c.), to slip over, to do (perform) superficially; to pass over (mit der Hand, the hand); fuhr hin! go! —fährt, *f.* 1) the (act of) carrying or 2) going to a place; departure; 3) *Sport.* trace of the deer back

to the wood; 4) *fg.* debase; —fall, *m.* 1) falling down; 2) *fg.* decay; —fallen, 1) to fall down; 2) to decay; —fällig, *adj.* 1) disposed to fall, ready to fall; falling; *Bot.* deciduous, caducous, shedding; 2) *fg.* decaying, frail, crazy, weak, transient, perishable; —fälligfeit, *f.* frailty, weakness, perishableness, crassness; decrepitude; —finden, *v. refl.* to find one's way to a place; —fliegen, 1) to fly thither, to ...; 2) to pass away, to fly away, to be gone; —fliehen, to fly to a place, to flee, to escape to; —fließen, to flow to, along; —fort, *adv.* henceforth, for the future, from this time forward or forth; —fracht, *f.* freight outwards, outward-freight (*opp. Fracht*); —fragen, *v. refl.* to enquire one's way, to find out one's way by enquiring; —führen, to conduct, lead, guide, carry, or bring there, to a place; —für, —fürst, *adv.* henceforth, in future; —gabe, *f.* 1) (the act of) giving away, &c. *cf.* —geben; surrender; 2) devotion; resignation; devotedness; —gang, *m.* the (act of) going to a place, passage to ..., there; 3) *fg.* debase (—tritt); —gehen, *v. I. tr.* 1) to give to, to reach; to pass round, to give away; 2) to resign, to give up, yield, surrender; to abandon; to devote, sacrifice, lay down (one's life); *II. refl.* to devote, resign, or abandon one's self (*with Dat.*), to; sich dem Leben —gehen, to indulge vice; —gebung, *f.* 1) (the act of) giving away, &c.; 2) *see* —gabe; gebenden, *see* —benken; —gegen, *adv.* on the contrary; whereas; —gehen, 1) to go or pass there; to repair to a place; gehe — und schlage nicht mehr, go and sin no more; gehe — und thue desgleichen, go, and do thou likewise; 2) to pass, elapse; 3) *with über* *& Acc.*) to skim, skip, slide, or pass over with slight attention; 4) *coll.* to pass (muster), to be tolerable; wo geht die Reise —? whether are you bound? es mag noch so —gehen, it may pass, let it pass; —gehen lassen, to pass over, to suffer or allow to pass unnoticed, unchallenged, or unpunished, to tolerate, (Einem etwas) not to punish for; —gehören, to belong to; *cf. Gehören*, 1; —gelangen, to attain to, to arrive at, reach a place; —gerathen, to get to a place; to light (on), to fall in (with); wo bin ich —gerathen? where have I got to? —gestraft, *p. a. Bot.* prostrate; —gießen, 1) to pour out or down; 2) *fg.* to do, execute in an easy manner; —gegossen, *p. a.* stretched out, lying in an easy manner, negligently reclining; —gleiten, to skim (along), über (etwas *& Acc.*), to skim over ...; —grümen, *v. refl.* to pine away; —halten, 1) to hold, keep to a place; to stretch, hold out or forth, to present; *fg.-s.* 2) einen Kranken —halten, to keep a sick person in life; 3) a) to keep in suspense or off and on, to hold or keep in play, to put off, amuse (with fair hopes or promises), to procrastinate with one; b) to defer, put off, delay; Königin Elisabeth hielt diesen französischen Herzog mehrere Jahre lang hin, coll. Queen Elizabeth held this French duke off and on through several years; Jemanden mit der Bezahlung —halten, Comm. to delay (put off) the payment, to keep one out of his money; —halten, *f.* 1) (the act of) holding, stretching forth; 2) delaying, putting off; —hängen, to be deferred, protracted, prolonged, or put off; —hängen lassen, to defer, &c.; —hauen, to breathe, to put on lightly (of colours); —heissen, *v. I. intr.* (*Einem*) 1) to assist one in reaching something; 2) *coll.* to ruin; *II. refl.* (sich hängen) to support one's self with difficulty, to struggle on, to make shift to live; —hören, to listen to a thing; *fg.* to throw out a feeler; —jagen, *v. I. tr.* to drive, hunt to ..., along; *II. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to hurry, sweep to, along; —jammern, to pass (the

time) in lamentation; —**ſehen**, 1) to turn to; 2) to sweep to.

Sin'el, (*adv.*) *n. provinc.* little hen (**Sin'-chen**); —**ſenke**, *f.* curved-beak pigeon.

Sin'en, (*v.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. haben & sein*) 1) to go lame, to halt, limp, hobble; 2) *fig.* a) to halt, to be lame, incomplete, imperfect; unfit, unsuitable; b) to be in an unfavourable condition, to proceed badly; *h-b.* p. a. hobbling, limping, lame; *der h-b-e Betr.*, *see Betr.*; *der h-b-e Äuſel*, the devil upon two sticks.

Sin'..., *in comp.* (*cf. Sin*) —**ſinken**, to kneel down; —**ſommen**, to come, get to, at; *wird es ſommen?* will it get there or arrive (safely)? *wo iſt er geſommen?* where did he get to? what is become of him? *laßt mich nur ſommen!* *coll.* I'll be among you presently! —**ſinnen**, *adv.* to be able to go, get to or there; —**ſinſten**, to pass life, &c. in a sickly state; —**ſirſen**, to creep to a place; —**ſirſen**, to scribble down; —**ſuſt**, *f.* the coming there, arrival; —**ſangen**, *see* —**ſirſen**; —**ſänglich**, *l. adj.* sufficient, competent, adequate; requisite (stock, provisions); ample (reason, authority); nicht —**ſänglich**, insufficient; *ein —ſänglich* *zuſammen*, sufficiency, competence; *II. adv.* sufficiently, enough; —**ſinſſen**, *f.* sufficiency; —**ſiſſen**, *adv.* to suffer to go to a place, to let pass or go to, to admit; —**ſiſſen**, *adv. provinc.* careless, negligent; —**ſauſ**, *m.* running or course thither; —**ſauſen**, to run to, to go thither; to run or pass along round, &c. (as a gallery, &c.); *der Bach läuft am Hauſe des Baldeſ —*, the brook skirts the forest; *er mag ſauſen*, he may be gone, he may go his way; —**ſeſen**, to pass one's life (carelessly), to live on; *ſiſt nur ſeſe* — *leben*, to lead a calm secluded life; —**ſegen**, *v. I. & II.* to lay down, put down; to lay up; *II. refl.* to lie down; —**ſeſen**, to lean against; —**ſeſen**, (*l. u.*) to lend out; —**ſeſen**, to lead, conduct, convey to ...; —**ſenken**, to turn or incline to; —**ſenken** (*Einem nach einem Orte*), to light, show on the way to a place; —**ſieſen**, *v. & II.* 1) to deliver, expose, reach forth; 2) *see* —**heſen**, *l. 2*; —**maſen**, *v. & II.* 1) to apply, fasten, &c. to a place; 2) to make, perform, &c. especially; 3) (*fig.*) *coll.* to resort, repair to ... to go to ...; —**maſen**, to mow down; —**maſe**, *m.* march to a place or there (*opp. Hermaſe*); —**maſieren**, to march to ... or there; *maſieren*, to put to death or kill by torments; —**maſen**, —**maſen**, to slaughter, to murder recklessly; —**maſen**, *adv.* to be obliged to go thither or to ...; —**maſen**, *f.* the (act of) taking (to), receiving, reception; —**maſen**, 1) to take, receive; *fig. a.* 2) to bear, suffer (insults), to put up with; to submit to, to acquiesce in; 3) to take up, absorb, *see* *Einnehmen*; —**maſen**, *v. refl. & intr.* to incline to; —**maſen**, *f.* inclination, leaning.

Sin'nen, (*adv.*) 1) *coll.* (*provinc.* *Sin'ne*) in here, in doors, &c. (*opp. Außen*, *cf. Drinnen* for *Darinnen*); 2) (*von —*, from) hence; *von — ſehen*, to die.

Sin'..., *in comp.* (*cf. Sin*) —**ſpernen**, to sacrifice, despatch, make away with; —**ſpernen**, *f.* sacrifice; —**ſpernen**, to sit in, to sit for; to be fit to stand or be there; —**ſpernen**, to plant in a place; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* to pass in torments; *II. refl.* to drag on a painful existence; —**ſpernen**, 1) to take or snatch away; 2) *fig.* to sweep away, to kill; —**ſpernen**, to murmur, rustle, or gush along; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* *coll.* —**ſpernen** (*Einem etwas*), to reach, hand over (to), to hold or stretch forth (to); *II. intr.* 1) to reach, extend to; 2) to suffice, be sufficient or adequate (*zu, für*); to extend far enough; *daß recht —*, that will suffice, *coll.* do; *ein Wort wird —ſpernen*, one word will do; —**ſpernen**, *p. a.* *see* —**ſpernen**; —**ſperne**, *f.* journey or travel (*zur See*,

voyage) thither or to a place (*opp. Herſperne*), *see Sin*; —**ſpernen**, to go, travel, make a journey (*zur See*, a voyage) thither or to ...; —**ſpernen**, 1) to tear along, to carry away or along with violence; to snatch away; 2) *fig.* to hurry or sweep away or along; to overcome, carry along, transport, ravish, enrapture; *ſich —ſpernen laſſen*, to give way (*von, to*); —**ſpernen**, to go thither on horseback, to ride to ...; —**ſpernen**, 1) to direct or turn towards; 2) *coll.* to ruin, waste, spoil; 3) to execute, to put to death; —**ſpernen**, *f.* execution, capital punishment; —**ſperne**, *m.* a ride to a place; —**ſpernen**, to move thither (on or to ...), to remove; —**ſpernen**, to bring, transport, or convey to ...; —**ſpernen**, *see* —**ſpernen**; —**ſpernen**, *m.* death, decease; —**ſpernen**, *fig.* to die, decease; *der die —geſpernen*, the deceased; —**ſpernen**, *v. refl.* *coll.* to go off to ... to pack; —**ſpernen**, to pass in playfulness or trifling; —**ſpernen**, to send thither or to a place; —**ſpernen**, to shove or push thither or to a place, on, along; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* *see* *Herſpernen*; *II. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to shoot, fly, dart away; to rush, hasten along; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* to sail towards or along; *II. & II.* to convey or send in a ship; *am Ufer —ſpernen*, to coast along, to keep close to the shore, *Mar.* to hug the land; —**ſpernen**, to kill, murder, butcher recklessly; —**ſpernen**, *v. intr.* 1) (*aus haben*) to sleep on; 2) (*aus. sein*) *see* —**ſpernen**; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* 1) to beat or cast to a place; 2) to knock down; *II. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *coll.* to fall or bang down, to get a fall; —**ſpernen**, *v. refl.* to wind in a serpentine manner, to meander along; —**ſpernen**, *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.* 1) to creep, sneak, or steal thither, to a place; 2) to creep on, along; 3) *fig.* to be overlooked or forgotten; —**ſpernen**, to saunter, lounge, loiter to a place, on, along; —**ſpernen**, 1) to drag or draw to a place; 2) to drag or draw on, along; *ein elendes Leben —ſpernen*, *ſich —ſpernen*, to drag out a wretched life, a miserable existence; —**ſpernen**, to fling to, fling away; —**ſpernen**, *fig.* to die an easy death; —**ſpernen**, to slide along, to pass lightly; —**ſpernen**, to pine or waste gradually away, to languish; —**ſpernen**, *coll. see* —**ſpernen**, 1 & 2; —**ſpernen**, to melt or die away gradually; —**ſpernen**, *adv.* *see* *Maſen* (*Nal. calando*), gradually diminishing in tone and quickness, becoming softer and slower by degrees; —**ſpernen**, to dash down; —**ſpernen**, to scrawl down, to scribble; —**ſpernen**, 1) to write to a place, to send word to; 2) to write or pen down; —**ſpernen**, to pour down; to spill, drop; —**ſpernen**, to soar along; —**ſpernen**, to pass away, vanish, to waste or die away; —**ſpernen**, *p. a.* *see* *evanescent*; *daß langſame —ſpernen*, insensible decay; —**ſpernen**, *see* —**ſpernen**; —**ſpernen**, to look to a place, thither, at; *ſich —ſpernen*, to look fixedly (*nach, at*); —**ſpernen**, *v. refl.* to long to be there, to long for a place; —**ſpernen**, *see* —**ſpernen**; —**ſpernen**, *v. I. & II.* 1) to set or put to or down; to lay down; 2) *coll.* to put in prison, to confine, commit; *II. refl.* to sit down; —**ſpernen**, *f.* 1) the (act of) setting down, &c.; 2) confinement.

Sin'ſicht, (*v.*) *f.* view, consideration, respect, regard, relation; in — (*with Gen. or auf [and Acc.]*), in respect (of), with regard to, in point of, in order to; respecting, regarding ...; *Sie haben ſicht in dieſer —*, you are right on this point; in jeder (in aller) —, in every respect, in all respects, to all intents and purposes, every way.

Sin'ſichtlich, (*adv.* (*with Gen.*)) in respect (of), with regard (to), as regards.

Sin'..., *in comp.* (*cf. Sin*) —**ſieſen**, to pine away (by sickness); to languish; —**ſieſen**, to sink down, to fall to the ground, to

droop, decline; —**ſieſen**, *adv.* to have to go to a place; to be bound for a place; —**ſieſen**, to pass in playing; —**ſieſen**, to stare at, towards; —**ſieſen**, *v. refl.* to steal to a place; —**ſieſen**, 1) to put to, thither; to put down; 2) *fig.* to dispose, to put or bring forward; to hold out or up (as an example, &c.); to exhibit; —**ſieſen**, to die away; —**ſieſen**, 1) to tend towards or to, *cf. Zuſieſen*; 2) to strive for or after, to aspire after; —**ſieſen**, 1) to stretch forth; 2) to throw or knock down; to stretch down; to lay low; *auf der Erde hingestreck*, *Adv.* prostrate; —**ſieſen**, *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to sweep or pass along; to go or pass away; *leicht über (with Acc.)* —**ſieſen**, to skim over ... to glide along; to pass lightly over; 2) *fig.* to pass away, *cf. Herſieſen*; —**ſieſen**, to scatter, sprinkle; —**ſieſen**, *m.* 1) *see* *Maſen* an up-bow, *see* *Ruffſieſen*; to go or pass away; *leicht über (with Acc.)* —**ſieſen**, to skim over ... to glide along; to pass lightly over; 2) *fig.* to pass away, *cf. Herſieſen*; —**ſieſen**, to scatter, sprinkle; —**ſieſen**, *m.* 1) *see* *Maſen* an up-bow, *see* *Ruffſieſen*; to go or pass away; *leicht über (with Acc.)* —**ſieſen**, to skim over ... to glide along; to pass lightly over; 2) *fig.* to pass away, *cf. Herſieſen*; —**ſieſen**, to scatter, sprinkle; —**ſieſen**, *m.* 1) *see* *Maſen* an up-bow, *see* *Ruffſieſen*; to go or pass away; *leicht über (with Acc.)* —**ſieſen**, to skim over ... to glide along; to pass lightly over; 2) *fig.* to pass away, *cf. 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zumachen), to turn the key (to close the door) upon one; — der Zeit zurück sein, to be behind one's age; — er zog die Thür — sich (*Def.*) zu, he pulled the door to after him; — sich (*Acc.*) fallen, to fall backwards; — sich (*Acc.*) gehen, to go backwards; 3. *fig.* not to thrive or succeed; die Zeit ist — sich gegangen, the match has been broken off; — eine Sache kommen, to find out, get at, discover, detect a thing; — Jemandes Schritte (*Östliche*) kommen, to find one out; ich bin — sein Geheimnis gekommen, I have got behind or at his secret; — sich (*Def.*) lassen, to leave behind, (im Gehen, Gehen etc.) to outstrip, distance (to outgo, outpace, outrun, &c.), to surpass; — sich (*Acc.*) lassen, *akpt.* to suffer a person to pass behind one; — sich (*Acc.*) sehen, to look back; — sich (*Acc.*) sehen, *Herold*, regardant; — sich (*Acc.*) nehmen, stellen, to take, put behind or back; III. *adv.* 1) behind, back; komm —! come back here! 2) *coll.* down.

Fin'ter, *adv.* see **Fintere**.
Fin'ter ..., *in comp.* —*ache*, *f.* hind axle-tree; *Wach*, trailing-axle; —*ack*, *f.* *Hydr.* hind trough; —*baden*, *f.* pl. buttocks; —*baum*, *m.* 1) *Wass.* see **Garnbaum**; 2) see —*geßel*, 2; —*bein*, *n.* hind leg; sich auf die —*beine* setzen or stellen, *coll.* to put one's self in a posture of defence; to defend one's self obstinately; 3. to draw back, retract, recant; *coll.* to back out, to slip one's neck out of the collar; —*bleiben*, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to be left behind or alive, to survive; 2) (*l.u.*) to be left undone; —*bleibe*, (*decl. like* *adj.*) *I. m. & f.* (*pl.* *die* —*bliebenen*) he, she (those) left behind, survivor; die —*bliebenen*, *relat.*; II. *n.* remains, rest; —*boden*, *m.* 1) back-garret; 2) T. back (of a watch); —*brack*, *f.* 1) splinter-bar; 2) *Gumm.* rear trace-bar; —*bringen*, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* (Ginem etwas) to inform (secretly), to acquaint with, to give notice; diese unheimlichen Ausbrüche schnappten die Hofdamen sogleich auf und brachten sie der Königin, these uncomplimentary expressions, the ladies of the court immediately snapped up, and carried to the Queen; —*bring'er*, *m.* informer; —*bring'ung*, *f.* (secret) information, intelligence; —*bug*, *m.* ham, leg; —*caßel*, —*bed*, *m.* *Mar.* poop, quarter deck; —*brin*, *see* —*br*.

Fin'tere, *I. adj.* he (she) who or that which is behind or follows, hind, back; II. *m.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) breech, posterior, bottom, *vulg.* backside.

Fin'ter ..., *in comp.* —*ebbe*, *f.* *Mar.* the lowest (of the) ebb; —*einander*, one after another, successively, consecutively; at a time, together, at a stretch; fünf mal —*einander*, five times running; —*eisen*, *n.* *Farr.* hind shoe of a horse; —*haben*, *m.* *Wass.* hind-thread; —*fährte*, *f.* *Sport.* 1) track, trace of the hind-foot; 2) see **Widerfährte**; —*flage*, *f.* *Mar.* (naval) ensign; —*fließ*, *m.* heel-piece; einen —*fließ* aufsetzen auf (*with* *Acc.*), to heel-piece; —*flügel*, *m.* hind- (or hinder) wing; —*fries*, *m.* *Gumm.* first re-inforcement (of a gun); —*führen*, to lead behind, back, or to the rear; —*füh'ren*, see —*gehen*; —*fuß*, *m.* hind-foot, *cf.* —*brin*; (der rechte) spear-foot (of a horse); auf die —*füße* treten, see sich auf die —*beine* setzen; —*galerie*, *f.* *Mar.* stern-gallery; —*gang*, *m.* *Sport.* going out (of a deer into the fields); —*gähnen*, *n.* back-lane; —*gebäude*, *n.* back-building; back-house; out-house; —*gebirge*, *n.* back part of a mountain; —*geheule*, *m.* mental reservation, mental reserve; secret thought or intention; —*gehülfe*, *m.* *Sport.* posterior part of a bare; —*gehen*, to deceive, delude, to decoy, take in; —*gehör*, *n.* 1) breechings (of a horse's harness); 2) wheel-harness; —*geheß*, *n.* 1) *Wohn-u.* a) back-part of a waggon or coach;

b) hind carriage (of a plough); 2) *Saddl.* cante, quarters of a saddle; 3) *Mar.* hind quarters (of a horse); —*gewölbe*, *n.* back-shop; —*glets*, *n.* 1) rear-rank; 2) *Log.* predicate; 3) *Math.* consequent; —*grund*, *m.* *Psind.*, &c. background; flat scene, deepening (of a picture); rear; —*gurt*, *m.* *Gumm.* vent-astragal; —*haar*, *n.* back hair; —*halb*, *adv. & prep.* (*with* *Gen.*) (*l.u.*) behind; —*halt*, *m.* 1) ambush, ambuscade, wait; 2) rear, reserve (of an army); im —*halt* liegen, to lie in ambush; sich im —*halt* legen, to form an ambush; im —*halt* haben, *fig.* to have in reserve; —*hal'ten*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* see **Berththalten**; —*haltig*, *coll.* —*hüllig*, *adj.* reserved, secret; —*hand*, *f.* 1) back of the hand; 2) *Man.* hind-hand (of a horse); 3) *Gum.* (at cards) youngest hand (*opp.* *Borhand*); die —*hand* haben, to be the youngest hand; —*hang*, *m.* *provinc.* vessel taken in tow; —*haupt*, *n.* occiput, hind part of the head; —*hauptstein*, *n.* *Anat.* occipital bone; —*haus*, *n.* back-house (—*gebäude*); —*her*, *adv.* after: 1) behind, following; 2) subsequently, afterwards; —*her* ist gut reden, *coll.* good counsel is cheap when the result is known; —*her* sein, *coll.* 1. to follow close; 2. to be earnest in the pursuit of ...; to be hard at it, to work away; —*hof*, *m.* back-yard, court-yard; —*indien*, *n.* *Geogr.* Further India, Indo-China; —*hammer*, *f.* back-chamber; —*hausen*, *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* stern-chases; —*keule*, *f.* leg (of veal, mutton, &c.); —*klauen*, *f.* *pl.* hind claws (of birds of prey); —*kule*, *n.* hough (of a horse); —*laß*, *m.* see —*haupt*; —*laden*, *m.* back-shop; —*lader*, *m.* (*coll. for* —*ladungsgewehr*, *n.*) breech-loader (breech-loading gun); —*lage*, *f.* deposit, consignment, pledge; —*lag*, *m.* 1) or —*lassenschaft*, (*w.*) *f.* inheritance (*Wachlag*); 2) *Sport.* trace of a deer; —*lassen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to leave behind; 2) see **Rachlassen**; 1) *Rach* —*lassen*, to leave word; —*lassen*, *p. a.* posthumous (works, &c.); die trauernden —*lassen*, the mourning survivors; —*lastig*, *adj.* *Mar.* charged (loaded) too much behind; ein —*lastiges* Schiff, a ship (which is) too much by the stern; —*laterne*, *f.* *Mar.* poop-lantern; —*lauf*, *m.* *Sport.* hind leg; —*leber*, *n.* *Shoe-m.* hind quarter of a shoe; —*legen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to place or put behind or back, &c.; —*legen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deposit, give in trust, consign; —*leger*, (*str.*) *m.* deponent; das —*legte*, *n.* deposit; —*legung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) depositing, &c.; —*list*, *f.* artifice, cunning, deceit; fraud; —*listig*, *adj.* cunning, deceitful, artful, designing, fraudulent, insidious, fallacious; —*listigkeit*, *f.* cunningness, &c.; —*lust*, *f.* *Mar.* after-hatchway; —*mann*, *m.* 1) *Nil.* rear-rank man; (*Buhr.* *transl.* of *Schiller's* *Schlacht*) the hinder-man; 2) *Comm.* subsequent indorser (on bills of exchange); —*maß*, *m.* *Mar.* mizen-mast; —*matrage*, *f.* back-quilt (of a carriage); —*naht*, *f.* *Shoe-m.* seam, stitch on the hind quarter; —*pfanne*, *f.* *Sail-u.* graduation-pan; —*pfers*, *n.* see **Deichpfers**; —*pfist*, *f.* *Mar.* after-cuddy; —*pfiste*, *f.* 1) back-gate; 2) —*pforten*, *pl.* *Mar.* stern-ports; —*pfote*, *f.* hind foot, hind paw; —*quartier*, *n.* see —*leber*; —*rad*, *n.* hind wheel, *pl.* trailing wheels (*opp.* *Vorderräder*); —*raß*, *f.* *Gum-am.* large rear; —*raum*, *m.* 1) back space; 2) *Mar.* after-hold; —*rück*, *adv.* backwards, from behind; —*ruß*, *f.* see —*raß*; —*sasse*, —*saß*, *m.* copyholder, vassal; small farmer, low tenant; —*sassengut*, *n.* estate of a copy-holder; —*saß*, *m.* *Gramm.* apodosis, *cf.* *Wachlag*; —*schanze*, *f.* *Mar.* poop; —*schensel*, *m.* hind leg; —*schiff*, *m.* *Mar.* after-body, hind-part; —*schüßel*, *m.* hind-quarter of a wild boar; —*schleichen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to attack by stealth or surprise, to steal (a march) upon; —*schlingen*, (*str.*) —*schlingen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to swallow or gulp down; —*segel*, *n.* *pl.* *Mar.* after-sails;

—*seile*, *f.* hind part, rear; —*seilenteufel*, *n.* *Mar.* mizen-tackle; —*stebler*, *n.* see —*saße*; —*sig*, *m.* back seat; —*spöttig*, *adj.* T. unevenly shorn (of cloth); —*spinn*, *n.* *Mar.* main capstan; —*spinn*, *m.* *Gild.* cramp; —*sprung*, *m.* *Wass.* lower shed.

Fin'terst, *I. adj.* hindmost, last; *Mar.* sternmost; II. *cf.* —*c*, (*decl. like* *adj.*) *m.* *vulg.* see **Fintere**; III. *adv.* (*lgang*) zu — sternmost, almost.

Fin'ter ..., *in comp.* —*flaß*, *m.* *Gumm.* muzzle astragal (and fillets); —*fländer*, *m.* T. cleft posts in paper-mills, in which the hind part of the swing is movable by way of a bolt; —*flügel*, *adj.* *Bot.* backward; —*flusen*, *m.* hind-foot of a sofa; —*flunde*, *f.* see —*fländer*; —*flüßig*, *provinc.* *adj.* 1) remaining, left; outstanding, owing, due; 2) retrograde; 3) insidious, treacherous; —*flüßig* machen, to frustrate; —*flüßig*, *m.* *Mar.* main post, stern post; —*flüßig*, *m.* backstitch; —*flube*, *f.* back-room; —*flüß*, *n.* 1) hind-piece, back-part; 2) —*flüß*, *pl.* *Mar.* a) pieces of timber by which the planks at the stern of a vessel are fastened; b) stern-chases; —*fluge*, *f.* hind paw; —*tan*, *n.* 1) hind or shaft-trace (of a cart, &c.); 2) *Mar.* stern fast; —*thell*, *n.* hind-part, back-part; —*thell* eines Schiffs, stern, after or hinder part (of a ship); im —*thell* des Schiffs, stern, aft, abaft; das —*thell* am Hemde, hind flap, seat of a shirt; —*thell* eines Pferdes, hind hand (of a horse); —*thell* am Karren etc., cart-tail, back; —*thor*, *n.* back-gate; —*thür*, *f.* back-door; *fig.* (door of) escape, loop-hole; —*treffen*, *n.* *Nil.* rear-guard, reserve of an army; —*treiben*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to frustrate, thwart, balk, hinder, prevent; to counteract; to disappoint; to break off (a marriage, &c.); —*treibung*, (*w.*) *f.* frustration, thwarting, &c.; —*treppen*, *f.* back-stairs; —*tröß*, *m.* *Nil.* hind-baggage; —*verbed*, *n.* *Mar.* quarter-deck; —*viertel*, *n.* hind quarter, loin; *Am-s.* —*wahl*, *m.* back-work; —*wildler*, *m.* backwoodsman; —*wand*, *f.* 1) back-wall; 2) back (of a chimney); 3) tail-rack of a cart, &c.; —*würst*, *adv.* backward, backwards, behind; —*zange*, *f.* hind-screw (of a joiner's bench); —*zeng*, *n.* see —*geßir*; —*ziefen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to evade by subterfuge, to elude, to omit to comply with the requirements of the law; —*ziefung*, (*w.*) *f.* fraudulent evasion, elusion, &c.

Fin'..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Fin**) —*thun*, *coll.* to place or put to ... there; *woß* ich es —*thun*? where shall I put it? what shall I do with it? —*tippen*, *coll.* to hint at, to throw out a feeler; —*tragen*, to carry to ... there; —*tranern*, to pass, spend in sorrow, mourning (*Vertrauern*); —*träumen*, to dream away, to pass dreaming (one's time); —*treffen*, to hit an object; —*treiben*, *v. i. tr.* to drive to ... there; II. *intrans.* (aux. *sein*) *Mar.* to drift, go adrift; —*treten*, to step to ... there; —*tritt*, *m.* *fig.* decesso, demise, death.

Fin'tsch, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* asthma.
Fin'ter, *adv.* over (there, *different*: *Herüber*); across: über die See —, beyond sea; —*bringen*, —*führen*, —*führen*, —*schaffen*, —*tragen*, to bring, carry over, transport; —*gehen*, to go or cross over.

Fin'um, *adv.* about (there, *different*: *Herum*), (da ...) that way about; dort um die Ecke —, there about that corner.

Fin'unter, *adv.* down; down there, that way (*different*: *Herunter*, *cf.* **Finab**); die Treppe —, down stairs; den Berg —, down (the) hill; lassen Sie uns —*gehen*, let us go down (stairs, &c.); —*führen*, *v. tr. & intrans.* see **Finabführen**; (ein Glas Wein etc.) to toss off (a glass of wine, &c.); —*würst*, *adv.* downwards.

Fin'..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Fin**) —*wagen*, *v. refl.* to venture (to go) to a place, there;

—würts, *adv.* thitherward, on the way thither; —weg, *m.* (the act of) going to ... or there, way or journey there, thither (*opp.* *herweg*).

Sinweg ['-wēch], *I. adv.* away, off, *cf.* Weg, *adv.* across, over; *II. intr.* — off: *III. in comp.* —führen, to lead away; —gehen, 1) to go away; 2) *fig.* to pass or slur lightly (über, over); —kommen, to get away; *fig.* to get or tide over (a difficulty, &c.); —lassen, —reisen, 1) to sweep away, off; 2) see Hinreisen; 3) —schreiten, to stride away, (*with über* & *Acc.*) to stride over; über (*with Acc.*) ... —setzen, to overlook, take no notice of; über (eine Sache) —sein, *fig.* to be past (all danger, &c.); to be off with a thing; —setzen, *v. refl.* (*with über* & *Acc.*) to disregard, not to mind, to show one's self superior to, to be above.

Sin ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Sin) —weisen, *v. tr.* & *intr.* to blow (down) to ...; —weisen, *v. i. intr.* (*with nach*) to point (at, to); *II. tr.* to show (to), direct (to); to refer (auf *with Acc.*), to; —weisen, *p. a. Gramm.* demonstrative; —weisung, *f.* hint; direction, reference (auf *with Acc.*), to; —weisen, to fade away, to wither, waste, decrease gradually; —wenden, to turn thither, to ...; —werfen, 1) to sling, throw to ... or there; 2) to sling, throw, or cast down; 3) to sketch or write hastily, to pen or write down, to jot (down), drop (a few lines, &c.); to dash off; 4) to throw out (observations, &c.), to utter carelessly; er warf ihm den Brief hin, he threw him the letter; die Karten —werfen, *fig.* to throw up the game (or cards); —geworfene Bemerkung, casual remark, hint carelessly thrown out.

Sinwieber, **Sinwieberum**, *adv.* (l. u.) again; in return; on the other hand.

Sin ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Sin) —wirken, to produce an effect, to tend to ...; —wollen, *ellipt.* 1) to wish to go thither, to ...; 2) *fig.* see Sinanwollen; —wünschen, to wish (one or one's self) to a place; —wurf, *m.* 1) throw, (act of) throwing to ... towards a place; 2) anything lightly sketched or done, sketch; —würgen, to throttle, strangle, slaughter recklessly.

Sing, *m.* 1) Harry (*P. N.*); 2) *Germ. Fod.* name of the tom-cat; — und Sing, see Hund.

Sin ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Sin) —zahlen, to pay (or lay) down, to pay the ready money; —zählen, to count down; —zahlen, to produce by magic; —zeichnen, to sketch or design, *cf.* Zimern; 3) to sketch slightly; —zeigen, see —weisen; —ziehen, *v. i. tr.* 1) to draw thither, towards, to ...; *fig.* to attract; 2) to draw out (in die Ringe ziehen); sein Leben —ziehen, to drag on one's existence; *II. refl.* 1) to trail along (the ground), to draggle; 2) *fig.* a) to run (along, over, through, &c.) to stretch (away), spread, extend; to protract; to linger (of a disease, &c.); b) to be drawn out, to creep on; *III. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to go, march, remove thither, to ... along; to depart; —ziehen (*with auf* & *Acc.*), to aim at; to tend to, to have in view.

Sing, *adv.* to, towards; near, *cf.* Dagu & Zu; —denken, to add (something) in thought; —drängen *ic.*, see Zudrängen *ic.*; —fügen, to put or add to, to join, subjoin, adjoin, annex; —fügung, *f.* addition, subjoin, adjoint.

Sing, *str.* (*pl.* Sing) *m.* the (act of) going, &c. there (*cf.* Singziehen), procession thither, to ... towards a place.

Sing ..., *in comp.* —gestigt, —gefest, *adj.* additional; —kommen, 1) to come to, to approach; 2) to supervene, form an accession, to come in additionally, to be added; —kommen, *p. a. adventitious* (auch *Bot.*), additional; —lassen, to admit; —rechnen, to reckon with, to include; —rechnung, *f.* addition to a former number, annumeration; unter —rechnung der Frucht, superadding freight; —

setzen, —thun, to add, *cf.* —fügen; —thunung, *f.* addition; (the act of) drawing in, connexion; —treten, see —kommen; —ziehen, 1) to draw to; 2) to add; 3) to take into counsel, consult; —ziehung, *f.* addition, &c.; mit —ziehung der Speisen, *Comm.* adding charges, including expenses.

Sioß, *m.* Job (*P. N.*); **Sioßte**, *m.* messenger of bad news; **Sioßst**, *f.* Job's post, bad news; **Sioßstrümen**, *f. pl.* *Bot.* Job's tears (*Olea lacryma* L.); **Sioßstrolch**, *m.* Job's comfort; **Sioßstrolcher**, *m.* Job's comforter.

Sioß, (*m.*) *f.* 1) (hedging-)bill, (broom-)hook, back knife; 2) or **Sioßpel**, (*w.*) *f.* see Waffel; 3) coll. goat.

Sioßpel, (*str.*) *n. coll.* for **Sioßpellein**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Sioßpel**) small or little goat, kid. **Sioßpenträger**, (*str.*) *m.* *fig.* scytheman (*Senfmann*), death.

* **Sioßpenträger**, (*str.*) *m.* hippodrome, circus.

* **Sioßpenträger**, (*w.*) *m.* *Gr. Myth.* hippogriff, winged steed. [medicated wine.]

* **Sioßpenträger**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) hippocras.

Sirn, *s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) brain, brains, *cf.* Gehirn; **Sirn** das — einflagen, to beat one's brains out; 2) see —leite; —anfang, *m.* Anat. hypophysis; —arm, *adj.* shallow-brained; —Blasenwurm, *m.* hydatid of the brain, conure (*Centurus cerebri* R.); —Blatt, *m.* fontanel; —bohler, *m.* Surg. trepan; —brecher, *m.* *see* bad wine; Anat.-s. —brüde, *f.* see Gehirn-brüde; —brüten, *m.* melancholy, madness; —beutel, *m.* see —schädel; —ende, *n.* T. end of a piece of wood cut crossway of the grain; —entzündung, —erschütterung, —erweichung, see Gehirn ...; —fett, *n.* see Gehirnfett; —fläche, *f.* surface of the brain; —geburst, *f.* —gehirn, *n.* conweb of the brain; chimera, fancy, phantom; —gehirnwürst, *n.* see Gehirncirrhose; —gehirnwürst, *adj.* (l. u.) chimerical, fanciful; —grille, *f.* Ornith. 1) bastard thistle-linch (*Pringilla arvensis* L.); 2) (tree-)creep (Bambusdräht, &c.); Anat.-s. —haut, —höhle, *f.* see Gehirnhaut, Gehirnhöhle; —holz, *n.* wood cut across the grain or endways; —hammer, —klappe, *f.* see Gehirn ...; —krant, *adj.* 1) having a diseased brain; 2) *fig.* brainsick, feeble in intellect; —krantheit, *f.* 1) distemper of the brain; 2) *fig.* brain sickness; mental derangement; —krant, *n.* Bot. 1) eye-bright (*Hypericum*); 2) basil (*Ocimum basilicum* L.); —krappen, *m.* Anat. —lechte, *f.* see Gehirn ...

Sirnlein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Sirn**) see das kleine Gehirn.

Sirn, *l. adj.* 1) having no brains; 2) brainless; without sense, silly, nonsensical; *II. S.* —figkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (state of) having no brains; 2) want of intellect.

Sirn ..., *in comp.* —mart, *n.* —masse, *f.* see Gehirn ...; —rad, *n.* see Stirnrad; —reißer, see —brecher; —roh, *m.* *Far.* glanders; Anat.-s. —pfannet, *f.* —schädel, *m.* —schädel, *f.* brain-pan, skull, cranium (*cf.* Schädel); —schand, *m.* concretions in the brain, onephalic calculi; —schädelbeinmar, *n.* diploe; —schädelbruch, *m.* fracture of the skull; —schädelnaht, *f.* suture of the skull; —schädelgetöse, *n.* vault (or fornix) of the brain; —schädelhaut, see Schädelhaut; —schädelmos, *m.* Bot. cup-thang (*Parthenocoma* L.); —schalenhaut, *f.* film of the brain; —seite, *f.* T. crossway of the grain (of a piece of wood); —schwamm, *m.* see Gehirnschwamm; —schwiele, *f.* Anat. callous substance in the brain (*Corypus callosus*); —spalte, *f.* see Gehirnspalte; —spinnwebgewebe, *n.* arachnoid membrane, arachnoides; —spinn, *m.* —gehirnspinn; —steine, see Gehirnschneide; —sticht, *f.* Med. paraphrenitis; —stichtig, see —krant; —(schupp)tabat, *m.* cephalic snuff; —toben, *n.* agitation of the brain, see —wuth; —toll, *adj.*

see —wuthig; —verbrannt, *adj. coll.* brain-scorch; —verleugung, *f.* confusion of the brain; —verrückt, *adj. coll.* mad, crazy; —wuth, *adj.* (S. G.) mad, crazy, tightly; —wuth, *f.* a large kind of sausage, brain-pudding; —wuth, *f.* frenzy, madness, mania; —wuthig, *adj.* frantic, mad.

Sir, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) stag, hart; deer (*Cervus elaphus* L.); der kanabische —, elk, moose; der gefleckte indische —, spotted Indian deer; der zweijährige —, brocket; der dreijährige —, sorrel; der ausgewachsene —, palmed deer; 2) or fliegenbe —, see —läfer; 3) T. wood for instruments or turner's work; *II. in comp.* —antelope, *f.* Zool. cervine antelope (*Antelope cervicapra* L.); —artig, *adj.* cervine; —auge, *n.* small and fiery eye of the horse; —baum, *m.* Bot. stag's horn tree, elm-leaved sumach (*Rhus coriaria* L.); —beerborn, *m.* Bot. see —born; —begeer, *m.* hart's bezoar; —büsch, *m.* musk (tears) of a hart; —boß, *m.* male hart, stag; —bremse, —bremse, *f.* stag-fly; —brant, —brant, *f.* 1) Sport. rut of harts; 2) Bot. mushroom spaw, puff-ball (*Boff*); —brust, *f.* Sport. breast of a deer; —brun, *m.* Bot. purging buck-thorn (*Rhamnus cathartica* L.); —eber, see Eberhirsch; —fährte, *f.* Sport. slot, felling; —fänger, *m.* hanger, cutlass, (*Fr.*) couteau de chasse; —farben, —farbig, *adj.* fallow, fawn-coloured; —feist, *f.* Sport. season when harts are fat; —fell, *n.* stag- or hart-skin; —fütter, *n.* 1) food for deer; 2) Bot. province hart's eye; —gäster, *f.* hartshorn-jelly; —gang, *m.* Man. galloping pace (of a horse); —garn, *n.* net for catching stags; —garten, *m.* deer-park; —gräß, *n.* pasture or viands of a hart; —gelege, *n.* scurf of a stag's antlers; —geilen, *f. pl.* testicles of a hart or stag, Sport. doucots; —geiß, *m.* Sport. ordure or dung of a hart, sowmats; —gerocht, *adj.* perfect in deer-hunting; —geschrei, *n.* belling (cry) of a hart; —geweth, *n.* attire, horns of a stag, antlers; —gähnel, *m.* see Waffelroß; —geier, *n.* hart's hair; —Sport-s. —hals, *m.* stag's neck; deer-neck (of a horse); —halsig, *adj.* cock-thropled (said of horses); —haut, *f.* deer skin; —heil, *n.* Bot. hart-wort (*Tordylium* L.); —höber, *f. pl.* see —geilen; —holunder, *f.* Bot. 1) guelder-rose (*Viburnum opulus* L.); 2) red-berried mountain elder (*Sambucus racemosa* L.); —horn, *n.* 1) a) hart's (or stag's) horn; b) gebranntes, stag-beetle (*Lucanus cervus* L.); —hals, *n.* deer's or hind-calf, fawn; —fameel, *n.* Zool. camel of Peru, see Lama; —fasser, *m.* stag-cart; —felle, *f.* haunch of a stag; —flee, *m.* Bot. hemp agrimony (*Rapistrum cannabium* L.); —fohl, *m.* lung-wort (*Pulmonaria officinalis* L.); —folbenbaum, *m.* see —baum; —fott, *n.* see —geiß; —frankheit, *f.* *Far.* hart or stag evil; —frant, *n.* Bot. 1) dryas (*Dryas octopetala* L.); 2) German cudweed (*Pilago germanica* L.); 3) sulphurwort (*Pracoditum officinale* L.); —fugel, *f.* hart's bezoar; —fuh, *f.* female hart, hind; —fager, *n.* retreat, harbour of a deer; —fust, *m.* Sport. foot of a deer; —feber, *n.* buck-leather.

Sir, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. a species of poisonous mushroom (*Agaricus torminosus* Pers.).

Sir, *in comp.* —lozung, *f.* see —geiß; —luch, *m.* see Luch; —mangold, *m.* —methe, *f.*

see-föh; — müßre, *f. see* Pastinal; — münge, *f. see* Folei; — oohä, *m. see* antelope; — peterlein, *n. see* peterlilie, *f. mountain-parley* (—wurz, 2); — pitz, *m. see* —brunst, 2; — reh, *n. Zool.* Indian musk-deer; — raf, *m. see* —getre; — rathe, *f. yard of a stag*; — schale, *f. horned edge of a stag's hoof*; — schütter, *m. see* —läjer; — schuß, *m. trace of a stag's hoof*; — schwaden, *he. see* —schwanz, 1; — schwamm, *m. see* —brunst, 2; — schwanz, *n. 1) Sport.* single (of a stag); 2) *Bot.* dwarf elder (*Sambucus obulus* L.); — schwein, *n. see* Eberchirch; *Sport-n.* —schweiß, *m. blood of a hart*; —sprang, *m. hart's foot*; —strenling, *m. see* —brunst, 2; — talg, *m. suet of deer*; — thiere, *n. pl. Zool.* the genus *Cervus* (*Cervidae*); — tirken, *f. pl. see* —bifam; — trüffel, *f. see* Lintermaß, 2; — wifpriet, *n. venison*; — wundtraut, *n. Bot.* hemp-agrimony (—fle); — wurz, *f. 1) hartwort* (—heil); 2) a kind of mountain-parley (*Pseudacanthium cervaria* Lap.); — wuzel, *f. laserwort* (*Laserpitium latifolium* L., *Seefernt*); — zlege, *f. Zool.* antelope; — zlemmer, *m. see* —ruthe; — zunge, *f. Bot.* 1) hart's tongue (*Sceloporus agassizianus*); 2) adder's —wort (*Rattennistritz*); — zungen tabak, *m. lanceol-leaved Virginian tobacco*.
Sirse, *s. l. (w.) f. (Sir)sen, (str.) m.* millet, hirse, French wheat (*Panicum miticolum* L.); *II. in comp.* —fret, *m. millet-pap*; —barn, *m. see* Sirchborn; —brüßen, *f. pl. Anat.* military glands; —fleber, *g. fleber, n. military fever*; —flechte, *g. flechte, f. morphew on the skin*; —fürmig, *adj. military*; —gras, *g. gras, n. Bot.* panic or millet grass (*Milium effusum* L.); —lorn, *n. 1) millet-grain, millet-seed*; 2) *Med. see* Gertenforn; —müße, *f. groat or grit-mill*; —nummer, *f. Ornith.* ortolan (*Oriolus*); —nery, *n. Miner.* granulated clay-iron rock; —nufsch, *m. see* —gras; —nifst, *m. see* —vogel; —nifsmig, *adj. military*; —nifsmier, *m. coll.* fanciful, whimsical fellow, quodlibetarian, *g. Grillenfänger & Reimig-leitftrücker*; —nifsvogel, *g. nifsvogel, n. Ornith.* green-finch (*Grünlint*).
Sirt, Sirte, *(w.) m. 1) herdsman, shepherd*; *fig-s. 2) chief, ruler*; 3) keeper; pastor, parson, curate.
Sirten..., *in comp.* relating to a shepherd, *ec.*, pastoral; —amt, *m. fig.* parson's office, calling; —briß, *m. Rom. Cath.* pastoral mandate or letter; —büßter, *m. pastoral poet, bucolic*; —flüte, *f. shepherd's flute*; —fyrinx; —getüß, *m. pastoral, bucolic, eclogue, idyl, g. Thyll*; —getrüß, *m. eclogue*; *Myth-s.* —gatt, *m. god of shepherds, Pan*; —gättin, *f. goddess of shepherds, Palas*; —gras, *n. Bot.* timothy-grass (*Phleum pratense* L.); —günfel, *m. Bot.* hemp-agrimony (*Wasserboßen*).
Sirtenthaft, *adj. pastoral*.
Sirten..., *in comp.* —haus, *n.*, —hütte, *f. shepherd's cot*; —hund, *m. shepherd's dog*; —kunge, —knade, *m. shepherd's boy*; —lager, *n. encampment of wandering shepherds*; —leben, *m. pastoral life*; —lied, *n. pastoral song*; —loßu, *m. wages of a shepherd*.
Sirtentloß, *adj. without a shepherd* or Sirten..., *in comp.* —mäße, *adj. pastoral*; —nabel, *f. Bot.* shepherd's needle (*Scandix pecten* L.); —pfeife, *f.*, —rohr, *n. shepherd's pipe, reed or rural pipe*.
Sirtenthaft, *(w.) f. 1) or Sirtentthum, (str.) n. see* Sirtentstund; 2) *collect.* shepherds.
Sirten..., *in comp.* —kleuder, *f. shepherd's sling*; —kutt, *m. shepherd's wages in corn*; —kub, *m. 1) shepherd's hook or rod*; 2) crook, pastoral staff, bishop's crozier; 3) *Bot.* shepherd's rod or staff (*Dipsacus pilosus* L.); —kub, *m. pastoral condition*; —teße, *f.*, —tüllscheltrant, *n. Bot.*

shepherd's purse (or pouch) (*Capsella bursa pastoris* L.); —vogel, *m. Ornith.* pastor (*Pastor rufus* L.); —wolf, *n. pastoral tribe, pastoral nation*; —wölfer, *n. pl. nomads*.
Sirtin, *(w.) f. shepherdess*.
Sirtlich, *adj. pastoral*.
Sis, *(induct.) n. Mus.* B sharp.
Sisse, *(w.) f. Mar.* pulley.
Silt, *(w.) v. tr. Mar.* to hoist (up).
Silt! *interj. (of drivers, &c.) to the left!* (*see* Wilt).
Sistau, *(str.) n. Mar.* hauling line, top.
Sistörchen, *(str.) n. (dimin.) of Sistör* little tale or story.
Sistör, *(w.) f. (Lat.) history* (*Geschichte*); —smaler, *m.*, —stünd, *n. see* Geschichtsmaler, Geschichtsgemälde. —Sistör, *(str.) m. historian*. —Sistörgraph, *(w.) m. (Str.) g-le, (w.) f. see* Geschichtschreiber, Geschichtschreibung. —Sistörlich, *adj. see* Geschichtlich.
Sistke, *(w.) f. see* Sistke.
Sist..., *in comp.* —bläßen, *n. Med.* sudamen, pl. or —blättern, sudamina, heat pimples, pustules; —blütig, *adj. choleric*; —butter, *f. melted butter*.
Sist, *(w.) f. 1) heat*; 2) *fig.* heat, hotness, warmth, ardency, fervency, fervidness, ardour, zeal; passion, fluster; 3) *Bak.* batch; 4) heat, rat (of animals); in die — kommen, 1. to grow hot; 2. *fig.* to fly into a passion; in der ersten —, in the first transport; —messer, *m. Phys.* pyrometer; —messung, *f. pyrometry*.
Sist, *(w.) v. intr.* to heat, to cast or cause heat; *g-b, g. a.* heating, calorific.
Sistig, *I. adj. 1) hot*: a) being in a state of heat; b) heating (beverages, &c.); c) *fig-s.* ardent, fervid, fervent; passionate, fiery, warm blooded, choleric (temper, &c.), hot-headed, hasty; — vor der Stirn, hot-headed; d) *Agr.* too fat (of the soil); e) easily fusible (of metal); 2) being at heat, ruttng; 3) causing heat, inflammatory; ein h-er Regen, hot stomach; h-er Wein, heady wine; ein h-es Fieber, a burning fever or ague; h-es Gallenfieber, high bilious fever; die h-e Krankheit, acute disease; ein auf der Jagd zu h-er Hund, a bound too keen at the sport; eine h-e Feder haben, *loc.* to have a thirsty liver; auf etwas (Acc.) — sein, to be hot upon a thing; nur nicht —! *coll.* draw it mild! — werden, to fly into a passion, to take fire: *II. g-leit, (w.) f.* heat, hotness, ardour.
Sist..., *in comp.* —tapp, *m.* hot-head, hotspur; —tuppig, *adj.* hot-headed, hot-brained; —monat, *m.* July or August; —platten, *f. pl. Mech.* hot plates; —pöden, *pl. see* —blättern; —schlag, *m. Med.* heat-stroke.
Sistel, *s. l. (str.) m.* plane; der seine —, rabbet (plane); der große —, jointer; *II. in comp.* —bunt, *f. joiner's bench, lathe*; —binde, *f. Surg.* spiral bandage; —blumant, *m. T.* glazier's diamond; —eisen, *n.* plane-iron, *pl. cutters*; —fürmig, *adj. Bot.* dolabriform(ed); —gehäufte, *n.* plane-stock; —kisten, *m. Bookb.* shaving tub; —kluge, *f. see* —eisen; —maschine, *f.* planing-machine.
Sisteln, *(w.) v. tr. & intr.* 1) to plane; 2) *fig.* to polish (one).
Sisteln..., *in comp.* —pflug, *m. Agr.* surfaco, skim, or paring plough; —spündel, *f. see* —binde; —späne, *m. pl.* shavings brought off by the plane.
Sistör, *(w.) f. (Fr. handbois)* oboe, hautboy; —rohr, *f.* oboe reed. —Sistör, *(w.) m.* hautboy player.
Sist, *I. adj. (positive)* hoh'er, hoh'e, hoh'es, compar. höh'er, superl. höh'ft) 1) high; tall; lofty; *fig-s.* 2) high, great; 3) elevated, lofty, sublime, eminent, noble; 4) proud; 5) expensive; 6) *Mus.* acute, sharp, high;

II. adv. high, highly, &c.; in a high degree (—feiertlich &c., solemn, &c. in a high degree); greatly, exceedingly, extremely, very much; drei Mann —, three men deep; eine hohe Decke, a lofty ceiling; hoher Land, high land; die hohe Straße, high road, causeway; die hohe Jagd, the hunting of deer, bears, lynxes, herons, wood-cocks, &c. (*opp.* niedere Jagd); die hohe See, flut, high sea, tide; the main sea; die hohe See haben, to have sea-room; — nach Norden, high to the north; — westlich, due west; eine hohe Farbe, a high colour; das hohe Alter, great, old, or declining age; bejahrt bezeichnet ein weniger hohes Alter als betagt, bejahrt denotes a less advanced age than betagt; das hohe Alterthum, early or remote antiquity; der hohe Bass, bariton; der hohe Donnerstag, Maundy-Thuesday; hoher Ertrag, abundant yield; hohe Metalle, precious metals; hoher Schwun, solemn or sacred oath; der hohe Sommer, see —sommer; das hohe Stiff, see —stiff; hoher Schnee, deep snow; hohe Beutung, deep moment; hohe Rache, (*l. u.*) deep revenge; ein hohes Fest, a great holiday; der hohe Adel, the nobility, peerage (*opp.* der niedere Adel, gentry); hohe um Niedere, high and low; ein hoher Geist, a lofty mind, elevated or high spirit; eine hohe Schule, a university, college, high school; bei hoher Strafe, under heavy, severe, or grievous penalty; eine hohe Stellung, an elevated position, exalted station, high rank; die hohe Summe, a large sum; es ist hoher Tag, es ist schon — am Tage, it is broad (high) day, the morning is far advanced; es ist hohe Zeit, it is high time; es steht in hohem Preise, it is high; hohe Zinsen, heavy rate of interest; hoher Land, high or table-land, bold coast; — gehen, to run high (of the sea); die Weine — haben, *coll.* to go high in the instep; — aufhören, to listen with great attention; — spielen, to play high; das ist mir zu —, that is beyond me, above my reach; gar zu — (gegeben), too high, subtle, critical; auf hohem Fuße leben, to live in great style; er lebe —! long life to him! ... for ever! — beim Winde segeln, to sail close-hauled; den Kopf — halten, to carry a high head; wie — kommt es zu stehen? how much does it stand? wie — beläuft sich die Summe? what does the sum come to? wie — beläuft sich meine Rechnung? how much does my bill come to? wie — würden Sie gehen? to what extent would you go? es geht bei ihm — her, he lives in great style; das geht ja — her! merry or rare does these! aus einem hohen Tone or — reden, 1. to talk in a high strain, to talk big; 2. to speak hard words, or in a sharp key; es — anfangen, to begin in a high strain; — aufschmen, to think highly of, to consider as a particular favour, to set a high value on; — fallen, to fall from a great height; — spannen, to strain; to put to the stretch; — hinaus wollen, 1. (or die Satten — spannen) to make high pretensions, to aim (too) high; 2. (mit dem Preise) to overrate, overcharge; to be exacting in the price; — angegriffen stehen (bei einem), 1. to stand high in one's books; 2. *fig.* to be high in one's credit, esteem, *cf.* Angegriffen, *end.*
III. s. (str., pl. die g-le) n. see Lebehoch.
Sist..., *in comp.* —achtbar, *adj.* highly to be respected or respectable, most honourable, reputable, worthy; —acht, (*adv. & ssp.*) v. tr. to esteem highly, respect, to make much of, *coll.* to be at a premium; —achtung, *f.* esteem, respect, high regard, reverence; —achtungsvoll, *adj.* respectful, *adv.* respectfully, fully, with great respect; —adell, *adj.* most noble; —alpen, *pl.* High-Alps (in Switzerland); —altar, *m.* great altar, high altar; —alterig, *adj.* see —bejahrt; —amt, *n.* high-

mass; *baß* - *amt halten*, to officiate public mass; -*anfechtlich*, *see* -*schäfer*; -*affen*, *n. Geogr.* High Asia; -*äftig*, *adj.* high-branched; -*ängig*, *adj.* proud; -*ban*, *m. Rastl.* masonry above crown of formation (*Herald.*); -*beglückt*, *m.* a high-blessed; -*berig*, *adj.* 1) high-legged; 2) *coll.* exorbitant, very dear; -*bejahr*, *adj.* of old age, advanced or far in years, senile; -*beschlagen*, *p. a. Sport.* big with young (said of deer); -*betagt*, *adj.* *see* -*bejahr*; -*betraut*, *adj.* holding an employment of trust; -*betrübt*, *adj.* deeply afflicted; -*bewegt*, *adj. lit. & fig.* high-wrought; -*blau*, *adj.* azure, light blue; *Mar.-s.* -*bootsmann*, *m.* upper boatswain; -*boß*, *m.* high deck; -*berbühn*, *f.* high-built ship, large ship; -*brüßig*, *adj.* having a high breast, chest; -*bunt*, *adj. Comm.* high-mixed (said of wheat); -*busig*, *adj.* high-bosomed; -*bers*, *pron. t.* your Highness; -*brüßig*, *adj.* high-German; -*bersebe*, *pron. t.* his Highness (Majesty); -*biefeßen*, *pron. t.* your Highness; -*brud*, *m.* high-pressure; -*brud* (said of wheat); -*relief-chart*, high-relief map; -*brudmalstine*, *f. Mech.* high-pressure or non-condensing engine; -*ebene*, *f.* elevated plain, table land, plateau; -*edel*, *adj.* right noble; *Em.* -*eben*, your worship, honour; -*ebengraben*, *adj. t.* well and respectably born; -*ehrwürdig*, *adj.* right reverend; *Em.* -*ehrwürdig* your reverence; -*eigen*, *adj. t.* your Highness' own; -*emall*, *f.* embossed enamel; -*erfrent*, *adj.* highly rejoiced; -*erhaben*, *adj. 1)* very lofty, sublime; 2) *Sculpt.* high relief, *also ritzend*; -*esche*, *f. Bot.* common ash (*Fraxinus excelsior* L.); -*färbig*, *adj.* overbearing, proud, high-flown, imperious, high-handed (conduct, &c.); -*farbig*, *adj.* high-coloured; -*fein*, *adj.* superfine, *Comm.* super-alectoral (said of wool); -*flügel*, *f. plateau*; -*fliegen*, *adj.* soaring, towering; lofty, high-aimed; -*flieger*, *m. Ichth.* kite-fish; -*flüß*, *f. flangeolet*; -*fürstlich*, *adj.* illustrious; *Em.* -*fürstliche Durchlaucht*, your Serene Highness; -*garn*, *n.* large net for catching snipes, &c.; -*gebieten*, *p. a.* high commanding, invested with high command; -*gebieten* Herr! dread lord! -*gebirge*, *n.* 1) chain of high mountains; 2) highest part of a chain of mountains; -*geboren*, *adj.* 1) high-born; 2) *t.* right honourable (title given to counts); -*gebrüßt*, *adj.* -*brüßig*; -*gefühl*, *n.* high feeling, enthusiasm; glow of joy or triumph; -*gegend*, *p. a.* high-going, overgrown, heavy (said of the sea); -*gelag*, *n.* banquet; -*gelb*, *adj.* orange; -*gelöst*, *adj.* blessed; magnified; -*genetig*, *adj.* highly favouring, most kind, most gracious; -*genuß*, *m.* high enjoyment; treat; -*gericht*, *m.* 1) gallows, place of execution, 2) supreme penal court or judicature; -*gerichts* Herr, *m.* lord invested with high jurisdiction; -*geruch*, *m.* high (refined) smell; -*gelang*, *m.* anthem, ode, hymn; -*geschmack*, *m.* high (refined) taste or flavour, *haut goût*; -*gepauert*, *adj.* immoderate, exaggerated; -*geheiß*, *adj.* high-placed; high in office, of high standing, eminent; -*gestimmt*, *p. a.* 1) of a high tune; 2) *fig.* lofty-spirited; -*gewachsen*, *p. a.* high-grown; -*gewürst*, *n. pl. Mar.* high water, freshes; -*gewürzt*, *p. a.* high-arched; -*gewürzt*, *p. a.* high-seasoned, high-flavoured; -*grün*, *adj.* of a vivid green; -*guter*, *m. Ichth.* a species of loach; -*halbschlagig*, *adj. t.* high-coloured (of gold-leaves); -*heilig*, *adj.* sterling (silver); -*heilig*, *adj.* most holy. [from Hochheim on the Main].

Hochheimer, (*str.*) *m.* Hock (a white wine)

Hoch..., *in comp.* -*her*, *adv.* 1) from above; 2) *fig.* of noble extraction; -*herzig*, *adj.* high-hearted, high-souled, high-minded, high-spirited, magnanimous, noble-minded, generous-(spirited); proud-(spirited); -*herzig*

felt, *f.* high-mindedness, magnanimity, generosity; -*heilig*, *n. Forst.* 1) top branches of a tree; 2) cuttings; -*horn*, *n. Mus.* hautboy; -*hüftig*, *adj.* high-shouldered; -*jähig*, *adj.* *see* -*bejahr*; -*jetzig*, *adj.* *see* -*jetztig*; -*kirche*, *f.* High Church (of England); -*krant*, *n. Bot.* dill (*Dill*); -*land*, *n.* highland, upland; -*länder*, *m.* highlander; -*lehrer*, *m.* professor at a university; -*lehreramt*, *m.* professorship; -*leitz*, *f.* woody slope; -*leuzter*, *m.* *Bot.* serpent's garlic (*Allium Victorialis* L.).

Hochlich, *adv.* highly, mightily, greatly.

Hoch..., *in comp.* -*licht*, *n. Archit.* lunette; -*lieb*, *n. see* -*gelang*; -*lithographie*, *f.* lithographic printing in high relief; -*maß*, *n.* banquet; -*meister*, *m. M.-s.* grand-master; -*meisterrum*, *n.* grand-masterhood; -*messe*, *f.* great mass; -*mügend*, *adj.* high-puissant; -*mügend*! your high mightinesses; -*mutz*, *m.* 1) *t.* *see* -*herzigkeit*; 2) haughtiness, loftiness, pride, insolence; -*mutz* kommt vor dem Fall, *proverb.* pride will have a fall (*cf.* Sprüche Salom. 16, 18 pride goeth before destruction, and an haughty spirit before a fall); -*mutzig*, *adj.* 1) *t.* *see* -*herzig*; 2) haughty, lofty, proud, insolent, arrogant; -*mutzgefäß*, *f.* demon of haughtiness; -*naß*, *adj.* supercilious; -*nothpeinlich*, *adj.* invested with the high criminal jurisdiction; -*osen*, *m. see* *Sophen*; -*pflicht*, *f.* paramount duty; -*plan*, *n.* esplanade; -*preislich*, *adj.* most laudable, illustrious; -*purpur*, *adj.* purple royal; -*rettel*, *n. Sculpt.* high relief, *also ritzend*; -*roth*, *adj.* deep or high red, vermillion, crimson; -*rüßig*, *adj.* high-backed; -*run*, *adj.* convex; -*schäftig*, *adj. t.* of the highway; -*schäftige* *Exeter*, *see* *Sautellisse*; -*schäftiger* *Stuhl*, *see* *Sautellistuhl*; -*schägen*, -*schäp* bar &c., *see* -*achten* &c.; -*schauer*, *m. see* -*guter*; -*schentlig*, *adj.* high-legged; -*schiff*, *n. Archit.* middle-aisle; -*schmud*, *m. see* *Ornet*; -*schneidig*, *adj.* deep-cutting; -*schöffig*, *adj.* rich, fruitful (soil); -*schule*, *f.* academy, university, college; -*schüler*, *m.* academician, collegian, student; -*schuß*, *m.* 1) shot in the air; 2) *Sport.* shot grazing the back of the game shot at; -*schwanger*, *adj.* far advanced in pregnancy; -*schwellend*, *p. a.* high-swelling; -*schwengel*, *m. Bot.* reedy fescue-grass; -*seßig*, *adj.* late (of deceased persons of the highest standing), *der* -*seßige* König, his late majesty, the king of blessed memory; -*flanz*, *m.* -*flanzig*, *adj.* *see* -*herzigkeit*; -*herzig*; -*summer*, *m.* midsummer.

Hochst, (*superl.* of *Hoch*) *I. adj.* highest: 1) uppermost; topmost; 2) *fig.* greatest, supreme, extreme, utmost; paramount; *die h-e Roth* or *das h-e*, utmost necessity, extremity: *es ist mit ihnen auf h-e gekommen*, they are reduced to the last extremity: *weil es auf h-e kommt*, when all comes to all; *die h-e Mittelmäßigkeit*, the summit of mediocrity; *die h-e Unversämtheit*, the height of impudence; *im h-en Grade*, to an extreme or to the last degree: *auf h-e*, *zum h-en*, *see* *Hochstens*; *II. adv.* in the highest degree, highly, most, very, extremely; -*rectificirter Spiritus*, proof spirit; -*besteuerte*, *m. & f. (dec. like adv.)* highest tax-payer, principal tax-bearer.

Hoch..., *in comp.* -*stummig*, *adj. Forst.* high-grown, having a high stem; -*stapler*, *m. cant.* high-flyer, genteel swindler; -*stapeler*, *f. cant.* high-flying, genteel swindling.

Hochstens, *adv.* at the most, at best.

Hoch..., *in comp.* -*stift*, *n.* archbishopric; -*stiftkirche*, *f.* cathedral church; -*stimm*, *f.* *see* *Dilectant*, *Esopran*; -*straße*, *f.* highroad, causeway; -*streben*, *adj.* aspiring high; -*stild*, *n.* Cook chine; -*teuflich*, *adj.* *see* -*deutlich*; -*that*, *f.* *see* *Großthat*; -*tügend*, *p. a.* high-

sounding, grandiloquent. *cf.* -*trabend*, 2; -*trabend*, *p. a.* 1) *Man.* high-trotting; 2) *fig.* high-flown, swelling, high-swollen, pompous, bombastic, fustian, in a high strain; -*trabende* Reden, high discourses; *das* -*trabende* *Beien*, pomposity, &c.; -*traber*, *m.* high-trotting horse, high-stepper; -*träftig*, -*tragend*, *adj.* great with young; -*verbrechen*, *n.* 1) capital crime; 2) *see* *Hochverrath*; -*verdient*, *p. a.* of great or high merit; -*vernünftig*, *adj.* very reasonable; -*verrath*, *m.* high treason; -*verrätter*, *m.* one guilty of high treason; traitor; -*verrätterisch*, *adj.* treasonable; -*wache*, *f.* -*wächter*, *m.* watchman or sentry stationed on a mountain, mountain-watch; -*wald*, *m.* forest of tall trees; -*warte*, *f.* watch-tower on a mountain; -*wasser*, *n.* high-water, high-flood, high-tide, freshes; -*wassermarte*, *f.* -*wasserschiff*, *n.* high water-mark, flood-mark; -*weg*, *m.* cause-way, high-road; -*weise*, *f.* *alp*; -*weise*, *adj.* very wise; -*wichtig*, *adj.* highly important, of paramount interest; -*wild*, *n.* venison, red-deer; -*wildschütz*, *adj.* reverend; -*wildschützen*, *adj. t.* high and noble; right honourable; -*würdig*, *adj.* highly venerable; right reverend; *das* -*würdige*, *Eccl. host*; -*würdig*, *adj.* most reverend; *Em.* -*würden*, your Reverence.

Hochzeit, *s. I. (w.) f.* 1) *t.* time of festivity, solemnity, festival; (principally) banquet; 2) wedding, nuptials, marriage, bridal; 3) *typ. double*; *II. in comp.* -*anzug*, *m.* wedding-suit; -*appel*, *m. Bot.* white paradise-apple; -*bett*, *m.* bridal bed, nuptial bed; -*bitter*, *m.* a man employed to invite to a wedding; -*brief*, *m.* letter of invitation to a wedding; -*cereemonien*, *f. pl.* *see* -*gebräude*.

Hochzeiter, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. bridegroom.

Hochzeiterin, (*w.*) *f.* provinc. bride.

Hochzeit..., *in comp.* -*fact*, *f.* nuptial torch; -*feier*, *f.* celebration of a wedding; -*fest*, *n.* marriage-feast, wedding-feast; -*gast*, *m.* wedding guest, bridal guest; -*gebräude*, *m. pl.* nuptial or hymeneal rites; -*gebüß*, *m.* nuptial poem, epithalamium; -*gebüß*, *m.* nuptial, wedding- or marriage-present; -*gefeß*, *f.* bridal party; -*haus*, *n.* the house in which a wedding is celebrated; -*gott*, *m.* hymen; -*kleid*, *n.* wedding garment, wedding-gown; -*kranz*, *m.* bridal garland; -*kuchen*, *m.* bride-cake; -*leute*, *pl.* wedding guests.

Hochzeitlich, *adj.* nuptial, spousal.

Hochzeit..., *in comp.* -*lieb*, *n.* nuptial song; -*maß*, *n.* wedding-meal or breakfast, marriage supper, wedding-dinner; -*mäßig*, *adj.* *see* *Hochzeitlich*; -*marß*, *m.* wedding-march; -*nacht*, *f.* wedding-night; -*reigen*, *m.* *see* -*tanz*; -*reise*, *f.* wedding-excursion.

Hochzeite..., *in comp.* *see* *Hochzeit*, *in comp.*

Hochzeit..., *in comp.* -*stimm*, *m.* *see* -*maß*; -*stimm*, *m.* bridal snory; -*tag*, *m.* wedding-day, marriage-day; -*tanz*, *m.* wedding-dance; -*vater*, *m.* bride's father; man who furnishes the expenses of a wedding to another person; -*wein*, *m.* wedding wine; -*wache*, *f.* first week of the honey-moon.

Hochzeits, *adj.* *see* *Hochzeits*, *adj.* most esteemed, highly honoured.

Hocke, (*w.*) *f. coll.* 1) squat, (the act of) squatting; 2) back; 3) *Agr.* a) heap of sheaves; b) gleanings tied up together.

Hocken, (*w.*) *s. tr.* *see* *Hocken*, 2.

Hocken, (*w.*) *s. I. & tr.* 1) *provinc.* to set in heaps; 2) *coll.* to take upon the back, to have, to carry pickback; *II. intr. coll.* 1) to get upon one's back; 2) to perch, squat; to keep sitting in the same place; *zu Hause* -, to stay or stick at home, to mope.

Hockenstätt, (*str.*) *n.* provinc. butcher's broom (*Wäufedern*).

Höcker, (*str.*) *m.* 1) inequality, knob; hump; protuberance; bunch; *Pharm.* bump; *cinch* — haben, to be hunchbacked; 2) *see* **Höcker**. [*little hump; Bot. tubercle.*]

Höckerchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Höcker**) **Höcker** ..., *in comp.* — **Hügel**, *m.* *Entom.* humpbacked beetle; — **Hügel**, *adj.* *Bot.* tubercular.

Höckerig (**Höckericht**), *adj.* 1) knobby, knaggy, knotty, rugged; uneven, rough; *Aut.* tubercular, tuberculate, tubercled; 2) hunchbacked.

Höde, (*w.*) *f.*, **Höden**, (*str.*) *m.* *Anat.* testicle, stone; dowcots (of deer); nutmegs (of balls); *in den Höden* gehörig, testicular.

Höden ..., *in comp.* — **entzückung**, *f.* *testicular*, *m.* *cremaster*; — **entzückung**, *f.* *castration*; — (**ad**) **bruch**, *m.* rupture of the scrotum, scrotocoele; — **entzündung**, *f.* inflammation of the testicles, orchitis; — **Hügel**, *adj.* *Bot.* testicular; — **gechwülst**, *f.* tumour of the scrotum; — **haut**, *f.* *Anat.* dartos; — **frucht**, *n.* *Bot.* orchis, dog-stone (Orchis L.); — **marthöden**, *m.* *Surg.* pulpy testicle; — **saft**, *m.* scrotum, purse; — **saftig**, *adj.* *Bot.* scrotiform; **Med.** — **schwamm**, *m.* fungus on the testicles; — **schweiß**, *f.* hydrocele.

Hof, (*str.* *pl.* **Höfe**) *m.* 1) yard, court yard; area; 2) grange, farm; 3) seat, manor-house, country-house; 4) court, residence, palace; 5) court, household; 6) *Opt.*, *acc.* corona, halo (circle appearing about the body of the sun, moon, &c.); **Med.** areole (inflamed ring around pustules, &c.); circle (around the eyes, &c.); einer Person (*Dat.*) den — machen, to court, to pay one's court to ...; to flatter; to pay one's addresses (or courtship) to ...; an den — gehen, to go to court; am Hofe, at court; *II. in comp.* — **adler**, *m.* field belonging to a farm; — **advocat**, *m.* court-advocate, sergeant-at-law; — **amt**, *m.* court employment; office in the royal household; — **apotheker**, *f.* dispensary attached to the court; — **apotheker**, *m.* apothecary to the court; — **arbeit**, *f.* 1) work done for the lord of the manor; 2) work done for the court; — **arzt**, *m.* court-physician; — **bäcker**, *m.* baker to the court; — **bäckerei**, *f.* bakery attached to the court; — **banamt**, *m.* board of works (superintending the public buildings of a prince); — **baner**, *m.* serf of an estate; — **beamte**(le), *m.* person in office about the court; — **bedienter**, *m.* court-servant, *cf.* **diener**; — **bedienung**, *f.* *see* **amt**; — **bescheid**, *m.* 1) answer from the court; 2) polite but evasive answer; — **bibliothek**, *f.* library of the court; — **bibliothek**, *m.* court-librarian; — **bier**, *n.* very good beer; — **bräu**, *m.* *see* **gebrauch**; — **brat**, *m.* bread for the court; — **brötchen**, *sg.* to be in the service of the court, king, &c.; — **buchhändler**, *m.* bookseller to the court; — **hüter**, *f.* *see* **thäter**; — **burg**, *f.* residence, prince's palace; — **cassellan**, *m.* court-chaplain; — **casselle**, *f.* royal or court-chapel; — **casse**, *f.* civil list; — **cassier**, *m.* courtier; lord in waiting.

Höfchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Hof**) 1) small (court-)yard; 2) *Med.* small circle, areole, *cf.* **Hof**, 6.

Höfchen, (*str.*) *m.* an assembly at court; drawing-room.

Höfchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*Low Germ.*) *Mar.* *see* **Haupt**.

Höfchen ..., *in comp.* — **hüter**, *f.* lady at court; lady of honour (to the queen); — **hüter**, *m.* dress-sword; — **hüter**, *m.* poet-laureate; — **hüter**, *m.* court-officer, court-servant; — **hüter**, *m.* 1) *see* **Hofbedienter**; 2) court-service.

Höfchen, (*str.*) *f.* *cont.* courtlike attention, flattery.

Höfchen, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* (†) *coll.* to pay one's court, *cf.* **den Hof machen**.

Höfchen ..., *in comp.* — **Hügel**, *adj.* having the right (or being entitled) to appear at court;

— **Hügel**, *f.* right of admission to court; — **farbe**, *f.* court-colour, livery.

Höflichkeit, (*w.*) *f.* (*orig.* **Höflichkeit**) pride, haughtiness, arrogance, insolence. — **Höflichkeit**, *adj.* proud, haughty, arrogant, insolent.

Höflich, (*w.*) *v.* *L. & R.* 1) to hope (*intr.* *anf.* (*with Acc.*), *for*); expect, look for, look forward to; 2) (*intr.*) *see* **Vertrauen**; *ich will nicht* —, daß er krank ist, I hope he is not ill; *ich glaube* — zu dir, I am led to hope; *dies läßt mich* —, this encourages me to hope; *der gehoffte Nutzen*, the anticipated (hoped for) profit; *etwas zu sehr* *erhofft* —, to be sanguine of something; *lassen Sie mich nicht vergeblich* —, do not disappoint me; *man hofft so lang man lebt*, while there is life, there is hope; — *und Gärten macht* (*hat*) *manchen zumarren*, proverb, while the grass grows the steed starves; *II. intr.* *Sport.* to stand still and look about (of stages).

Hoffentlich, *adv.* (as) it is to be hoped, (as) I hope or trust, let me hope; — *wird diese Einrichtung Ihren Beifall haben*, we trust this arrangement will have your consent.

Hoffen, (*str.*) *n.* court-day, gala-day, gala.

Hoffnung, (*w.*) *f.* hope; expectation; — *auf Unsterblichkeit*, hope of immortality; *große* — haben, to be in great hopes; *mit leiser* — abspicien, to amuse (one) with fair promises; *guir* —, 1. of good cheer, hope; 2) *coll.* in the family way; *der* — (*Gem.*), in hope or expectation; *es ist keine* — mehr, it is past or beyond all hope; *keine* — mehr haben, to be out of hope; in der — sein (*leben*) *or* — haben, to be or live in hopes; *Einem die* — brechen, to discourage one; *Einem* — machen, to give one hope; to lead (induce) one to hope; *sich* (*Dat.*) — machen, to entertain (indulge) hopes; *sich* (*Dat.*) — machen (*anf.* (*with Acc.*)), to venture to anticipate (hope for); *meine letzte* — ist ... *sg.* my sheet-anchor is ... [*chase*]

Hoffnungslos, (*str.*) *m.* prospective pur-

Hoffnungslos, *I. adj.* hopeless; unpromising; *II. & Hoffteit*, (*w.*) *f.* hopelessness.

Hoffnung ..., *in comp.* — **Hoffen**, (*str.*) *m.* prospective pur-

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2) *collect.* the rangers or huntamen of a court; — **Jägermeister**, *m.* master of the chase to the prince; — **Jude**, *m.* Jew employed by the court in money and other transactions; — **Junker**, *m.* page, equerry; — **Kammer**, *f.* exchequer, central department of finance (at Vienna); — **Kanzlei**, *f.* court-chancery; — **Kantler**, *m.* court-chancellor; — **Kellner**, *m.* butler to the court; — **Kirche**, *f.* court-church; — **Kleid**, *n.* court-dress; — **Knecht**, *m.* farm-servant; — **Koch**, *m.* cook at court; — **Kriegsrath**, *m.* 1) (in Austria) imperial council of war; 2) member of this council; military counsellor to the court; — **Küche**, *f.* court-kitchen; — **Kunst**, *f.* art of a courtier; — **Künster**, *pl.* artificers, intrigues of courtiers; — **Künstler**, *m.* artist to the court; — **Lager**, *n.* residence, palace; — **Land**, *m.* court lands; — **Leiter**, *m.* vice of the court; — **Leben**, *n.* court-life; — **Lehn**, *n.* court-fool. [*II. w.*] *see* **Höflich**.

Höflichkeit, (*str.*) *m.* (*Frühgruß* *cf.* **Sandwich**); **Höflichkeit**, *pl.* courtiers, people at court.

Höflich, *adj.* courteous, courtly, civil (gegen, to, towards), polite; obliging; gallant, genteel.

Höflichkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) courteousness, courtesy, courtliness, civility (gegen, to, towards), goodmanners, urbanity, politeness, gentleness; 2) (act of) civility, kindness.

Höflichkeit ..., *in comp.* — **Bezeigung**, *f.* mark, show of politeness, (act of) civility; — **Brief**, *m.* letter of courtesy; — **form**, *f.* (bloße) compliment; *es war eine bloße* — form, it was a mere compliment; *ich habe keine* — formen zu bezeichnen gegen ..., I am under no compulsion to ... — **Hofe**, *f.* complimentary phrase.

Höflichkeit, (*w.*) *m.* furnish or purveyor to the court.

Höflichkeit, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* courtier, courtling; *den* — spielen, to court it.

Höflichkeit ..., *in comp.* — **luft**, *f.* *sg.* court-air; — **macher**, *m.* courtier, wooer; — **malter**, *m.* court-painter; **maltr**, *maltr*, painter to the king; — **manier**, *f.* court manner; *nach* — manier, courtly; courtlike; — **manu**, *m.* courtier; — **marisch**, *adj.* like a courtier, courtlike; — **marisch**, *m.* marshal of the prince's household, seneschal, knight marshal; — **marisch**, *m.* court of marshalsea, office of the marshal of the king's household; — **mäßig**, *adj.* courtlike; *die* — mäßige Erziehung, court-breeding; — **meister**, *m.* physician to the court; — **meister**, *m.* 1) steward of a farm; 2) farmer; — **meister**, *m.* 1) bailiff, steward; 2) governor, (private) tutor; — **meister**, *f.* governess, tutress; duenna; housekeeper; — **meisterlich**, *adj.* governorlike, tutorlike; — **meister**, (*w.*) *v.* *L. & R.* *intr.* to be a private tutor; *II. & intr.* to tutor; censure, master, criticize, and fault with; — **meisterliche**, *f.* tutorship, governorship; — **musikant**, *m.* court-musician; — **netzt**, *m.* court-jester, prince's jester.

Höflichkeit, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Höflichkeit**.

Höflichkeit ..., *in comp.* — **partei**, *f.* party of the court, court-party; — **platz**, *m.* court-yard; — **postamt**, *m.* court-post-office; — **postmeister**, *m.* post-master of the court; — **pracht**, *f.* splendour of a court; — **prälat**, *m.* court-prælate; — **prebiter**, *m.* court-chaplain; — **rath**, *m.* 1) aulic counsellor; 2) prince's council at law, aulic council; — **tritte**, *f.* *see* **tritte**; — **trium**, *m.* court-yard; — **trium**, *f.* *see* **tritte**; — **recht**, *n.* right belonging to a manor; privilege enjoyed at court; — **reite**, *f.* farm-yard with all the farm-buildings; — **richter**, *m.* judge of the court; — **jäger**, *m.* court-singer; — **schatz**, *m.* treasurer of the court (king's household); — **schneider**, *m.* court-tailor; — **schwarz**, *m.* courtling; — **schulze**, *m.* justice of the farm; — **secretär**, *m.* aulic secretary, secretary at court; — **stille**, *f.* court-manners.

court-fashion, etiquette; —fig, m. residence; —(per)ting, m. see (per)ting; —(spr)de, f. court-language, compliments; —(st)at, m. 1) court-state; household of a prince, court; 2) court-dress; —(st)atstift, f. check-roll; —(st)at, f. residence; —(st)at, f. see —(st)at; —(st)elle, f. 1) office or place at court; 2) privy-council (at Vienna); 3) farm.

Höft, (str.) n. *provinc.* (L. G.) 1) foreland; 2) pier, mole-head, breakwater.

Höf..., in comp. —tag, m. 1) see *Höf*-tag; 2) court, drawing-room day; —taube, f. see *Höftaube*; —theater, m. court-theatre; —thor, n. yard-gate; —thür, f. door of (or leading to) a court-yard; —trauf, f. dress, costume of a court; —traser, f. court-mourning; —trampeter, m. court-trumpeter; —weß, f. the stock and implements belonging to a farm; —weß, f. court, courtiers; —weß, n. 1) affairs of the court; 2) court-life, manners at court; —würtschaft, f. administration of the house-keeping of a court; —würts, n. polite expression, compliment; —zeitung, f. court gazette; —zirkel, see —(st)at; —zwang, m. 1) see *Höf*-zwang; 2) court-restraint, etiquette.

Höf, adj. see *Höf*; in comp. *de.* see below.

Höf, s. I. (w.) f. 1) a) height; highness; summit, top, pitch; b) high place, eminence; level (of a river, &c.); c) T. —cinct *Erdbau*-benganges, ditch of a spiral; d) *Typ.* depth (of a letter, &c.) 2) *Asr.* altitude, elevation; auf der — von ... off ...; 3) *Mil.* depth; 4) T. stile; 5) *Hg.* height, loftiness; rank; highness; Höre *die Gott in der —!* glory be to God on high; die —cinct *Herderung*, the extent of a claim; in die —, aloft, on high; up, upwards, cf. *Auf* ...; auf gleiche —cincten, to raise to a level (with ...); in die —, in der —, aloft; in die —cincten, to rise, to be on the advance, to be looking up, to tend upwards (of prices); in die —cincten, see *Erleben*; in die —cincten, to hitch up (a dress, &c.); in die —cincten, to hold up; *Mar.* — auf der —cincten *Sees* sein, to stand off a port; auf der —cincten *Portsmouth*, off Portsmouth; auf der —cincten *Cap* haben, to weather a cape; auf der —, from on high.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) highness, greatness, grandeur, sublimity, majesty, augustness, eminence; *Seine Königl.* —, His Royal Highness; 2) supreme power, sovereignty.

Höf, (str.) f. sovereign.

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hollow, shallow, empty, vain; —maden, to excavate, hollow; —(sch)ieben, T. to vault (a horse-shoe, &c.); *Mar.* —, gehen, (of the sea) to run high, to grow; eine *h-e* See, a grown sea; die See geht (sehr) —, the sea runs high or is much grown; die *h-e* Hand, the hollow of the hand; der *h-e* Zahn, hollow, rotten, or decayed tooth; II. s. (str.) n. *Mar.* the depth of a ship; —der Rammes, the depth of the hold or body of a ship; III. in comp. —ader, Anat. hollow vein, vena cava; —Augig, adj. hollow-eyed, having sunk eyes; —Büßig, adj. hollow-cheeked; —Bau, m. cellar or vault-building; —Bündig, adj. hollow-bellied; —Beere, f. *provinc.* see *Himbeere*; —Beil, n. see —Beißel; —Beßer, m. sager, wimble; —Brille, f. concave spectacles; —Cirkel, m. inside calliper, bow-compasses, divider; —Beißel, —Beißel, f. *Comp.* hollow-addice; —Bohle, f. T. (hollow) mandril; —Brüder, m. T. hollow drill.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) coll. for *Höhlung*, 2, & *Höhlung*; 2) T. ore-tumbal.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) hollow, hole, cavity; 2) pit; cavern; grotto; den (of robbers); 3) Sport. den, hole, kennel, burrow, earth (of various animals); 4) T. socket.

Höf, (str.) n. excavating or hollowing-iron, see *Höhlmeißel*.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) hollow, excavate.

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to vault (a horse-shoe); —(sch)abel, m. Or-nith. (crested) boat-bill (*Oncorhynchus carolinensis* L.); —(sch)appe, f. Bot. fornix; —(sch)abe, f. *Sury.* director; —(sch)aben, m. *Gard.* transplanter; —(sch)ap, m. *Miner.* hollow spar, chiasolite; —(sch)egel, m. concave mirror; —(sch)ab, m. *Sury.* catheter; —(sch)ampfer, m. *Hatt.* (hollow)-stamp; —(sch)ain, m. see —(sch)igel; —(sch)ampel, m. locksmith's stamp; —(sch)abe, f. see *Höftaube*; —(sch)appe, f. T. staircase winding round a hollow pillar.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) see *Höf*.

Höf, (w.) f. 1) (the act of) hollowing; 2) a) hollowness; b) hollow, excavation, cavity; bowl (of a glass).

Höf, in comp. —wart, f. *Comm.* hollow-(glass)ware; —(sch)apig, adj. see —(sch)apig; —weg, m. hollow way; narrow pass; *Mil.* dello, dello; —(sch)abe, f. Bot. snailow (*Salix caprea* L.); —(sch)ert, n. *Build.* roof covered with ridge-tiles; Bot. —(sch)ert, f. hollow-root, birth-wort (*Aristolochia* L.); —(sch)ap, f. dead-nettle (*Lamium album* L.); —(sch)ap, m. hemp-nettle (*Gallipolia tuberosa* L.); —(sch)egel, m. 1) *Mar.* hollow or tubular brick; 2) T. gutter-tile, pan-tile; ridge-tile: —(sch)egelstirnig, adj. imbricated; —(sch)egelstirnig, f. *Comm.* giant-tridacna (*Tridacna gigas* L.); —(sch)igel, see —(sch)igel.

Höf, s. I. (str.) m. scorn, mockery, taunt, sarcasm; derision, jeer, sneer, scoff, defiance; —(sch)erzen (with *Def.*), to mock at, to brave, insult, bid defiance; to set at defiance, to outrage; *Einen* zum —, in derision or defiance of one; zum — und *Spott* werden, to become an object of derision; II. in comp. *h*-(n)eder, (w. & *insep.*) to banter, mock, insult, cf. *Höf*; *h*-(n)eder, *h*-(n)eder, *h*-(n)eder, see *Höf*, *Höf*, *Höf*.

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Holz (felig, *i. adj.* 1) gracious, most kind: 2) most sweet, graceful, charming, lovely, amiable; II. **H-felt** (*w.*) *f.* 1) graciousness; 2) gracefulness, charm, loveliness.

Holen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) (+ *dat.*) *Mar.* to draw, hale; 2) to fetch, to bring near, to go for; 3) *T.* to haul (the sugar); 4) (*fig*) [*Dat.*] (twice) to contract, bring upon one's self; **Holzen** —, to draw breath, to fetch one's breath; — lassen, to send for; er holte Muscheln aus dem Grunde des Meeres, he brought up shells from the bottom of the sea; man ließ Holzhütten aus England —, wooden huts were sent for to England; Einen weihen — lassen, to send for one (to come) to a place; sie ließen mich zu ihm in das Gesellschaftszimmer —, they sent for me to him in the drawing-room; *fig* (*Dat.*) den Schmerz, eine Krankheit, Schläge —, to get or catch a cold, a disease, blows; *fig* (*Dat.*) den Tod —, to catch one's death; *fig* (*Dat.*) bei einem Trost, Rath —, to seek consolation, counsel from one.

Holfter, (*w.*) *f.* holster (also **Holfter**, *cf.* **Holfter**); — flappe, *f.* holster-cap.

Holt, (*str.* & *v.*) *m.* *Mar.* hulk, boat, barge.

Holt, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* see **Hohl**, II.

Holt! (*interj.*) *coll.* holla! *Mar.* avast!

Holtland, (*n.*) *Geogr.* Holland; — ist in Noth, *coll.* need is very urgent.

Holländer, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* cat's paw.

Holländer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Dutchman; die —, *pl.* the Dutch; 2) *Papier-m.* cylinder-engine; (rag-jengine); 3) a kind of winter-apple; 4) *Bot.* wild sage; 5) see **Hollander**; 6) dairy farmer, cowkeeper; — Wirtschaft or **Holländeret**, (*w.*) *f.* *Ag.* Dutch farm, (Dutch) dairy.

Holländerin, (*w.*) *f.* 1) Dutchwoman; 2) or **Holländerin**, *T.* tide mill.

Holländerin, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *Papier-m.* to ground rags into a pulp by means of a **Holländer**, 2, which see.

Holländisch, *adj.* Dutch: *h-t* Weinwand, Dutch linen, Holland (s); *h-t* (Witt-)Wäsche, *f.* smock mill; *h-t* Dach, *Arch.* hip-roof; *h-t* Fuß, *Bot.* Albert (*Corpus rubro-rosa* W.); *h-t* Rahmen, *Typ.* see **Reitrahmen**. (*bird*).

Hölle, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* comb, crest (of a **Hölle**); (*v.*) *f.* 1) hell; *jur* — fahren, in die — kommen, to go to hell; Himmel und — aufbieten, to move heaven and earth; Einem die — heiß machen, *fig.* to put one in great fear (*vulg.* in a hellish funk); Einem die in den Abgrund der — verschlucken, to curse a person from the bottom of one's soul (*loc.* with bell, book, and candle); 3) *coll.* a concealed place, *partic.* the space between a stove and the wall, chimney-corner; *coll.* the place where tailors put their cabbage (Rauhschiffchen); in die — werfen, to cabbage.

Höll, (*v.*) *in comp.* relating to hell, infernal, hellish: — angst, *i. s.* *utmost* anxiety; II. *adj.* see — bang; — anstich, *n.* hideous face; — bang, *adj.* *vulg.* in a mortal fright; — brand, *m.* 1) brand, flame of hell, 2) *vulg.* hell-rake, hell-hag; — brühe, *f.* hell-broth; — brüt, *f.* hellish crow; — brühe, *m.* 1) hellish dragon; 2) *vulg.* a shrow, termagant; 3) *Entom.* see **Brandwurm**; — führt Christ, *f.* Christ's descent into hell; — fener, *n.* hell-fire; — fluch, *m.* infernal river; — fürst, *m.* prince of hell; — geboren, *adj.* hell-born; — gegen, *f.* infernal region; — getier, *m.* hell-kite; — geiß, *m.* infernal spirit; — geist, *n.* see — brüt; — gott, *m.* god of hell, Pluto; — heil, *adj.* *fig.* hellish hot; — hund, *m.* hell-hound, Cerberus; — hund, *n.* child of hell; — hund, *f.* hellish or infernal art; — macht, *f.* power of hell or darkness; — maschine, *f.* infernal machine; — pein, — qual, *f.* see — schmerz; — pfört, *f.* gate of hell; — pfuhl, *m.* pool, pit of hell; — raden, *m.* jaw of hell; — reich, *n.* infernal kingdom; — schlund, *m.* infernal gulph, the jaws of hell;

— schmerz, *m.* torments or pains of hell; — stein, *m.* *Pharm.* lapis infernalis, lunar caustic, caustic stone, nitrate of silver; — straße, *f.* way to hell; — tranz, *m.* hell-broth; — wirt, *adv.* hellward; — zwang, *m.* 1) conjuration or compulsion of infernal spirits by means of magic spells; 2) a book containing spells.

Hölzer, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* see **Holunder**.

Höllisch, *adj.* hellish: 1) infernal; 2) fiendish, wicked; das *h-t* Feuer, hellfire; *Med.* erysipelas.

Holnaber, *m.* see **Holunder**.

Holm, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *T.* crossbeam, rail; *h-t* an einer hölzernen Wand, *Budd.* string-pieces, timber-sill, sleepers; *h-t* verlegen, spiking or tree-nailing to the top of each pile; 2) holm, island; 3) *Mar.* dock-yard, wharf. * **Holstonie**, (*w.*) *f.* see **Starrtrampf**.

Holter, (*str.*, *pl.* *str.* & *v.*) *m.* 1) inequality, unevenness, ruggedness; 2) shock in a carriage, jolt.

Holterig, *adj.* *hölzerig*, *Ladj.* 1) rough, rugged, uneven; *Bot.* torose, torous; 2) *fig.* crabbed (of the style); *IL. h-t*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) ruggedness; 2) *fig.* crabbedness.

Holper, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* (sometimes *impers.*) to be rugged or uneven, to jolt; to stumble.

Hölle, (*str.*) *f.* **Hölle**, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* holly (Stechpalm).

Hölleiner, (*str.*) *m.* * **Hölle**, (*w.*) *Holsteiner*, inhabitant of Holstein.

Hölter, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* knapeack (Zornstier).

Hölter(h)olter, *interj.* a word imitative and expressive of a rumbling sound. holter-skelter.

Holnaber, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* *s.* common elder (*Sambucus* L.); der spanische or türkeische —, lilac, pipe-tree (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); — baum, (*common*) elder-tree, — beer, *f.* elder-berry; — blüte, *f.* elderberry-blossom; — blühe, *f.* popgun made of elder; — eßig, *m.* elder-vinegar; — heil, *n.* elder-wood; — müchsen, *n.* — puppe, *f.* cork-tumbler; — müch, *n.* elder-berry-jam; — saft, *m.* elder-juice or syrup; — schwamm, *m.* *Bot.* jew's ear (Judasohr); — spinner, *n.* *Entom.* swallow-tail moth (*Geometra sambucaria* Ok.); — stunde, *f.* — strand, *m.* see — baum; — thee, *m.* — wasser, *n.* — wein, *m.* elder-tea, — water, — wine.

Holnaber, *m.* see **Holnaber**.

Hölle, *s. I.* (*str.*, *pl.* **Hölle** & *unusual*) **Hölle**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) wood; piece of wood; fire-wood, fuel; timber; 2) wood, forest, bush, grove, thicket; 3) *Hort.* boughs, branches; ins — schreien, see **Schreien**; — legen, to lay or set shoots; 4) *Gam. collect.* for ninepins; wieviel — hat er gemacht? 1. how many pins has he tipped? 2. how much wood has he cleaved?

das — eines Fiegers, log of a snail; *T.s.* das — eines Spiegels, frame of a glass; das — einer Flint, stock of a gun; brandigtes —, dry rotten wood; *Bot.* emigres —, mastic-tree; der Fiegers (Fuchs) zieht zu *h-t*, *Hund.* the stag (fox) is on the pad; II. *in comp.* (*cf.* **Forst**...) — abfall, — abraum, *m.* waste wood, waste timber; trash (of wood); — after, *m.* woodland; — ameise, *f.* *Entom.* wood-ant; — amant, *m.* wood-rock, ligniform asbestos; — amt, *m.* *Forest.* wood-office; — anschlag, *m.* taxation of wood in growth; — apfel, *m.* crab-apple, wilding, wood-apple; — apfelbaum, *m.* *Bot.* crab-tree, wild apple-tree; — apfelselig, *m.* verjuice (from crabs); — arbeit, *f.* 1) wood-work; 2) *pl.* wood-ware; — arbeit, *m.* worker in wood; — arm, *adj.* scantily wooded, destitute of wood; — art, *f.* species or kind of wood; — artig, *adj.* lignous, ligniform, woodlike; *Bot.* suffruticose; — adler, *m.* see — amant; — asche, *f.* wood-ashes; — ast, *m.* bough, strong branch of a tree; — aufseher,

m. see **Einschläger**, 3; — anfang, *m.* *Forest.* wood-lifter; — anker, *f.* see **Baumanker**; — anwäcker, *m.* workman who takes the raft-wood out of the water; — art, *f.* falling-axe; cleaver; — bahm, *m.* *mod.* (wooden) rail-road, tram-road.

Hölzbar, *adj.* *Forest.* see **Haubar**.

Holz, *in comp.* — bau, *m.* 1) wooden structure or construction; timber-work; 2) *Forest.* cultivation of wood; — bauer, *m.* 1) a peasant carrying (fire-)wood to market; 2) peasant whose estate consists chiefly of wood; 3) wood-cutter; — beamte (te), *m.* officer belonging to the forest department; — behälter, *n.* wood-stand (in a room); — beize, *f.* sharp corrosive fluids for the staining of wood; — bericht, *m.* report on the state of the forest; — bestand, *m.* amount or stock of wood; — biene, *f.* humble bee, wood-bee (*Xylocopa* Latr.); — biber, *m.* see — jäger; — biber, *interj.*; *see* — schreier; — binder, *m.* *Salt-u.* sagot-binder; — birn, *f.* wild pear; — böd, *m.* 1) *Mech.* a) jack, sawing-tressel; b) and-iron, *cf.* **Brandböd**; 3) *Entom.* *s.* a) goat-chaser, fiddler, clock (*Cerambyx* L.); b) wasp or wood-beetle, lepta (*Lepta* L.); c) see **Hundelaud**; — boden, *m.* 1) soil for growing wood; 2) wood-loft; — böhrer, *m.* 1) *T.* auger, wimble; 2) *Entom.* wood-beetle, wood-eater (the genus *Xylophaga* Latr.); — böhrmaschinen, *f.* *Conch.* ship-work (*Teredo navalis* L.); — brame, *f.* underwood (at the entrance of a forest); — brause, *f.* *T.* wood-bronzing; — bühel, *f.* wood-loft; — bunn, — bündel, *n.* bundle of sticks, sagot; — cult, *f.* see — bau, 2; — cur, *f.* *Med.* cure by decoctions of medicinal woods; — dieb, *m.* stealer of wood; — dieb, *stahl*, *m.* theft of wood; — drechler, — dreher, *m.* turner in wood; — druck, *m.* impression from wood, xylographic impression; — druckkunst, *f.* art of printing in wood; block-printing, xylography; — eiser, *f.* wood-sere; — eisenstein, *m.* *Minor.* compact brown iron-ore.

Hölzeln, (*v.*) *v.* *intr.* to have a tang of the cask (of wine).

Hölzern, *f.* see **Hölzern**.

Hölzer, (*v.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to furnish with wood; 2) *Bot.* to heat (the oven); *Slad. slang.* to cudgel; II. *intr.* 1) to fell wood, to get supplies of wood; 2) *Sport.* a) to climb up or to take a tree, to leap from one tree to another; b) to be on the pad.

Hölz, *in comp.* — erde, *f.* *Ornith.* tree-duck (*Anas arboris*); — erbe, *f.* clay mixed with rotten wood, ligneous earth.

Hölzer, *adj.* wooden: 1) made of wood; ein *h-t* Haus, frame-house; *h-t* Brücke, timber-bridge; 2) *fig.* a) dull (of sound); husky (of the voice); b) clumsy, stiff, awkward.

Hölz, *in comp.* — eßig, *m.* *Chem.* wood-vinegar, pyroligneous acid; — fadel, *f.* torch of firewood; — fäher, *m.* see — hauer, 1; — fardig, *adj.* wood-coloured; *Bot.* fulvous, fulvid; — faser, *f.* woody fibre; — fäule, *f.* dry-rot; — felle, *f.* (wood-)rasp; — fener, *n.* wood-fire; — flut, *m.* *Ornith.* black-backed fly-catcher (*Muscidipha atricapilla* L.); — flut, *m.* varnish applied on wood; — flut, *f.* 1) raft, float of wood; 2) wood-floating-place; — flut, *m.* man employed on a raft; — flut, *m.* wood-keeper; — frei, *adj.* having nothing to pay for one's fuel or wood; Einem — frei halten, to find one on wood or fuel; — freier, *n.* see — böhrer, 2; — freier, *m.* offence committed in forests by grubbing up trees. &c. *cf.* **Forstfrei**; — frohne, *f.* wood-average; — fuhr, *f.* 1) the (act or practice of) conveying wood; 2) a cart-load of wood; — gefälle, *n.* revenue arising from a forest; — geiß, *m.* *Chem.* pyroligneous spirit; — geißing, *n.* *Forest.* wood-country, woodland; — geiß, *n.* wood-money; — gerodet, — gerodetigkeit, see **Forst**

gericht, Gerichtlichkeit; —gericht, *n.* forest-court, tribunal for forest matters; —gewächs, *n.* woody plant; —giebel, *m.* Archit. (carved) timber gable; —glisch, *f.* see —rieft; —grat, *m.* intendat of the forests; president of a forest-court; —graffhaft, *f.* dignity of a Holz-graf; —grütere, *f.* pasture in a wood; —grampen, *f.* pl. *Mim. ligniform* copper-ore; —haart, *n.* pl. *Bot.* pointed leaves of the Radr(holz), which see; —hader, *m.* 1) wood-cleaver, wood-cutter; 2) *Ornith.* woodpecker, cf. Baumhader, 1.; —haderlaß, *n.* wages of a wood-cutter; —häger, *m.* *Ornith.* jay (*Garrulus glandarius* L.); —hanbel, *m.* wood-trading; timber-trade, *Am. lumber-trade*; —händler, *m.* wood-trader, dealer in wood, timber merchant, *Am. lumberer, lumberman, lumber-trader*; —hängen, *Mim.* to let down wood into a shaft; —hase, *m.* wood-hare; —haus, *n.* place in a forest where trees are felled; —hauer, *m.* 1) wood-cutter; feller; 2) see —hader, 2.; —hansen, *m.* wood-stack, wood-pile; —heser, *m.* see Ruffhäger; —hof, *m.* wood-yard, timber-yard; —höfe, *m.* wood-monger; —huhn, *n.* 1) any kind of fowl living in the woods, particularly the Kuckhuhn, Birkhuhn, Faselhuhn etc., which see; 2) province, see Schwanzeprcht.

Holzst, *adj.* woodlike, ligneous; stony (of pearls); flaxy, stringy (of turnips, &c.).

Holz, *adj.* 1) woody; die h-e Riertholie, bituminous (or carbonated) wood; 2) *Bot.* ligneous; 3) see Holzstich; 4) *fig.* see Holzgerst, 2, a.

Holz..., in comp. —häger, *m.* see —bod, 2.; —hammer, *f.* wood-house; —haus, *m.* purchase of wood or timber; —hische, *f.* *Bot.* wild cherry; —hücht, *m.* servant of a wood-keeper; —hüte, *f.* *Bot.* leaf-bud; —hülle, *f.* charcoal, wood-coal; (*mineralische*) fibrous coal; (geformt) prepared charcoal; —hülle, *f.* 1) see Handeltüte; 2) see Schwanzprcht; —hupfer, *n.* *Miner.* variety of olivinite; —lad, *m.* stick-lack; —lager, *m.* 1) wood- or timber-yard; 2) stock of wood or timber; —land, *n.* wood-land; —lanz, *f.* *Entom.* 1) wood-louse (*Oniscus asellus* L.); 2) see —wurm, 1.; —leger, *m.* a person cording wood; —leim, *m.* see Zelfschleim; —leite, *f.* woody alope; —lerche, *f.* *Ornith.* wood-lark (*Anthus arborea* L.); —lese, *f.* (the act of) wood-gathering; —macher, *m.* see —hader, 1.; —made, *f.* see —wurm, 1.; —maler, *f.* (the act of) any specimen of painting on wood; —mangel, *m.* want of wood; —mäuschen, *n.* *Bot. meserion* (*Daphne meserion* L.); —marft, *m.* wood- or timber-market; —maß, *n.* wood-measure; —maße, *f.* *T.* wood-paste; —mast, *f.* mast of acorn for cattle and hogs; —maus, *f.* *Zool.* (garden-) dormouse (*Myoxus nictita* Schb.); —mehl, *n.* dust or flour of worm-eaten wood; —meise, *f.* *Ornith.* coalmouse (*Tamnochroice*); —messer, *m.* wood-measurer; —milbe, *f.* *Entom.* wood-mite; —mofail, *f.* inlaid (wood-)work; —nagel, *m.* peg; —nager, *m.* *Entom.* wood-worm (*Exochus*); —nussung, *f.* proceeds of a wood; —obst, *n.* wild fruits; —ofen, *m.* stove for drying or burning wood; —öl, *n.* *Chem. & Bot.* wood-oil; —opal, *m.* *Petr.* wood-opal; —ordnung, *f.* see Fortordnung; —papier, *m.* wood-paper; —pflanzen (Ofen), *f.* pl. ligneous plants; —pflaster, *m.* wood(an) pavement; —pflasterung, *f.* wood-paving; —platte, *f.* 1) a flat piece of wood; 2) *T.* (engraved) wood-block; —platz, *m.* place for wood, wood-yard, timber-yard; —preis, *m.* price of wood; —raspel, *f.* wood-rasp; —raum, *m.* wood-house; —reden, *m.* *T.* wooden grato to retain floated wood; —rechnung, *f.* account of wood bought, and sold; —reife, *n.* fire-bote; —reife, *adj.* wooded; abounding in wood; —reifer, *m.* instrument for blazing trees; —rieft,

—rutsche, *f.* *T.* slide (for gliding down wood or timber from precipices); —ring, *m.* ring in the trunk of trees showing their age; —ruff, *m.* wood-soot; —sant, *f.* young trees grown from seed, nursery of trees; —säger, *m.* (timber-)sawyer; —samen, *m.* wood-seed; *Chem.* —sauer, *adj.* pyroligneous; —sauer Ealz, pyrolignite; —säure, *f.* ligneous acid; bromlicht —säure, pyroligneous acid; —schaden, *m.* damage done to a forest; —schicht, *f.* see —ring; —schleier, *m.* *Bak.* oven-rake; —schleze, *f.* wooden or timber rail; —schiff, *m.* timber-ship, ship laden with timber; —schlag, *m.* 1) see —han; 2) (the act or privilege of) wood-cutting, felling; —schlägel, *m.* beetle, mallet for driving iron wedges into wood; —schläger, *m.* wood-cutter, feller, woodman; —schlagung, *f.* 1) a felling of wood; 2) *Buid.* driving piles into the ground; —schleib-Instrumente, *n.* pl. carving or wood-engraving tools; —schleibkunst, *f.* art of carving or cutting in wood, wood-engraving, xylography; —schleiber, *m.* carver or cutter in wood, wood-carver, wood-engraver, xylograph(er); —schneide, *f.* *Ornith.* wood-cock (*Skolopax rusticola* L.); —schneider, *m.* carver in wood; —schneider, *f.* —schmitt, *m.* wood-engraving, (wood-)cut; —schneider, *m.* carving, carved work; —schuppen, *m.* see —huppen; —schragen, *m.* wood-measure; —schrat, *m.* 1) jay (—häger); 2) see Ruffhäger; —schraube, *f.* wood-screw; —schreiber, *m.* clerk of the wood-office; —schreier, *m.* see Eichelhäger; —schuhe, *m.* pl. wooden shoes, wooden clogs, sabots; —schuppen, *m.* wood-house, shed; —schwamm, *m.* *Bot.* wood-fungus, dry-rot (*Marasmius destructus* L.); —schwarte, *f.* outside plank; —schwefelsäure, *f.* *Chem.* vegetable sulphuric acid; —seger, *m.* see —leger; —spalter, *m.* wood-cleaver; —span, *m.* chip of wood; —spane, *pl.* wood-shavings; —sparsen, *m.* economical wood-stove; —sperring, *m.* *Ornith.* tree-sparrow (*Passer montanus* L., Feldsperring); —spielwaren, *pl.* wooden toys; —stall, *m.* see —schuppen; —stamm, *m.* baulk (Balken); —stein, *m.* *Petr.* wood-stone, petrified wood; —steinstele, *f.* bituminous wood; —steigel, *m.* *Bot.* ligneous stem; —stich, *m.* see —schmitt; —stod, —stoß, *m.* pile or stack of wood; —straße, *f.* timber-yard; —stapel, *f.* see —platte; —tag, *m.* 1) day on which wood may be gathered in the forest; 2) day on which the felled wood is taken away; —tanze, *f.* *Ornith.* stock- or wood-pigeon, stock-dove (*Columbaenas* Gm.); —tage, *f.* fixed price of wood; —tger, *m.* wood-tar; —trage, *f.* wood-barrow; —träger, *m.* logman; —tze, —trenl, *m.* wood-drink, a decoction or infusion of medicinal woods; —trift, *f.* 1) pasture or right of pasture in a forest; 2) raft; —uhr, *f.* wooden clock, German clock.

Holzjung, (*n.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) cutting, felling or bringing in of wood; 2) wood, forest.

Holz..., in comp. —verband, *m.* *T.* truss-work; —verbindung, *f.* joint (mit Stütz und Feder, groove and tongue-joint); —verkauf, *m.* selling, sale of wood or timber; —verwalter, *m.* 1) the steward or overseer of a wood; 2) wood-factor; —verwallung, *f.* board for superintending the sale of wood or timber; —weg, *m.* see Fortschüder; —waare, *f.* wooden ware; —wand, *f.* wooden plank wall, board-partition; —wärter, *m.* wood-ward; —weg, *m.* 1) wood way, road in a forest, glade; 2) coll. wrong track or direction; auf dem —wege sein, to be mistaken or out, anal. to be planted in queer-street, to be in the wrong box, to be out; —welle, *f.* wood-pasture, cf. —trift, 1.; —wert, *n.* 1) wood-work, timber-work; 2) *Arch.* frame, framing; 3) (Zärfirnert)wainscotting; —wesen, *n.* forest-concerns

(Fortsetzen); —wespe, *f.* *Entom.* tailed wasp (*Sirex* L.); —wurm, *m.* *Entom.* 1) wood-worm, wood-storer (*Pocus domesticus* Barm.); 2) death-watch (*Xestomus*); 3) copper-worm (—schmuckel); 4) bork-scarab (*Bostrychus*); —zapfen, *m.* wooden pin, plug; —zucht, *m.* tithes paid on wood, wood-tithe; —zucht, *n.* see 1) Fortschüder; 2) coll. for Balzhammer; —zeit, *f.* season for cutting or felling wood; —zettel, *m.* wood-ticket; —zin, —zinzer, *n.* *Miner.* wood-tin; —zunder, *m.* touch-wood. Homer, (*m.*) *m.* Homer. —Homer'sch, *adj.* Homeric.

Homiletik, (*n.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) homiletics, homiletical art. —Homiletiker, (*n.*) *m.* homilist. —Homiletisch, *adj.* homiletical. —Homilie, (*n.*) *f.* Theol. homily.

Homöopathie, (*n.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) homoeopathic practitioner, homoeopathist. —Homöopath, (*n.*) *f.* homoeopathy. —Homöopathisch, *adj.* homoeopathic.

Homogen, (*adj.*) (*Gr.*) homogeneom. —Homogenität, (*n.*) *f.* homogeneomness, homogeneity.

Homolog, (*adj.*) (*Gr.*) homologom. —Homologation, (*n.*) *f.* see Beglaubigung. —Hondura-Balfam, *m.* *Bot. & Pharm.* balsam of Tolu. —Hondura-Gold, *n.* *Comm.* Honduras logwood.

Honig, *a. l.* (*m.*) *m.* honey; Einum — um den Bart streichen, coll. to flatter, to coax one; II. in comp. —honig, *adj.* honey-like; —apfel, *m.* *Pomol.* honey-apple; —artig, *adj.* honey-like; *Bot.* melligenous; —bär, *m.* *Zool.* the common bear (*Urs*); —bau, *m.* honey-culture; —behälter, *m.* *Bot.* honey-cup, neotary; —bereitung, *f.* the making or production of honey, mellification; —Bienen, *f.* *Entom.* working-bee, honey-bee (*Apis mellifica* L.); —Bienen, *f.* *Pomol.* honey-peach; —blase, *f.* honey-bag (of bees); —blume, *f.* *Bot.* 1) honey-flower (*Helianthus* L.); 2) common balm (Zitellie); —Büschel, *m.* *Ornith.* honey-buzzard (*Pernis apivorus* Cav., Bienenbüschel); —busch, *m.* *Zool.* see —viehtrug; —baum, *m.* see —erbinbaum; —bräse, *f.* see —behälter; —erbs, *f.* *Bot.* marrow-fat; —erbsenbaum, *m.* honey-locust (*Gladiolus triacanthus* L.); —eife, *m.* oxymel; —falte, *f.* see —schuppe; —farbe, *f.* honey-colour; —farben, —farbig, —gelb, *adj.* honey-coloured; —flaben, *m.* honey-cake; —flecken, *m.* a yellow spot on the skin; —flüge, *f.* honey-gnat; —frucht, *f.* *Bot.* honey-berry (*Melicocca bijuga*); —gefäß, *n.* see —behälter; —geruch, *m.* small or flavour of honey; —geschmack, *m.* taste or flavour of honey; —geschwulst, *f.* *Med.* mellioria; —grad, *m.* *Bot.* guinea-corn (*Sorghum vulgare* L.); reed millet (*Holcus saccharatus* L.); —leim, *m.* *Ornith.* honey-guide (*Indiculus minor* C.); —leim, *m.* honey-size, honey-glue; —leite, *f.* honey-gathering, honey-harvest; —lippen, *f.* pl. *fig.* honied lips; —magen, *m.* see —blase; —mahl, *m.* *Bot.* honey-spot (in flowers, *Nectarostigma*); —manl, *n.* *vulg.* one fond of honey; —monat, *m.* 1) honey-month, month in which the honey is gathered; 2) *fig.* honey-moon (*Glitterwedgen*); —müde, *f.* see —flüge; —mund, *m.* *fig.* honied mouth; mellifluousness of speech; cinen —mund haben, to be honey-mouthed; —organ, *n.* *Bot.* neotary (of flowers); —pflaster, *n.* honey-plaster; *Ved.* charge; —rede, *f.* honied, sweet or soft speech, voice; —reife, *adj.* honied; abounding in honey or sweetness; —rührer, *n.* *Bot.* nectariferous tube; —saft, *m.* *Bot.* nectar; —sänger, *m.* *Ornith.* humming bird, honey-sucker (*Archibuteo*

minimus L.); —*schabe*, *f.* honey-comb; —*schimmel*, *m.* white horse with honey-coloured spots; —*schmetterling*, *m.* *Entom.* honey-butterfly (*Pieris*); —*schuppe*, *f.* Bot. honey-scale; —*schwein*, *m.* fluid honey; —*strap*, *m.* sirup of honey; —*stein*, *m.* *Miner.* honey-stone, mellite; —*Chem.-s.* —*stein*, *f.* mellitic acid; —*stein*, *f.* *Chem.* mellitic acid; —*stimm*, *f.* *see* —*rede*; —*stüb*, *adj.* sweet as honey, very sweet; —*stüte*, *f.* sweetness of honey; —*stürp*, *see* —*strap*; —*tafel*, *f.* *see* —*schibe*; —*tänbling*, *m.* Bot. mushroom (*Champignon*); —*thun*, *m.* honey-dew; —*tup*, *m.* honey-pot; —*trant*, *m.* drink made of honey, mead; —*viefstrap*, *m.* Zool. a species of glutton (*Melodro Capensis* P. Cuv.); —*wabe*, *f.* honey-comb; —*wasser*, *n.* simple hydromel, honey-water; —*wein*, *m.* honey-wine, mulce; —*wildt*, *f.* Bot. meadow-vetch (*Lathyrus pratensis* L.); —*wort*, *m.* pl. honied words; —*zelle*, *f.* cell in a honey-comb, *pl.* alveoli; —*zucker*, *m.* honey gained from sugar.

* *Honneur* [*fr. onôr*], *s. m.* (*Fr.* from *Lat. honor*) (*str.*, *pl.* *H-s*) 1) *Gamm.* honour, *vier H-s* haben, to hold four by honours at cards; 2) *die H-s* machen, to do the honours; *Mil.* to touch one's hat, to salute. — *Honourant* (*Lat. honorans* [*Gen. honorantis*], *p. a.* honouring), (*w.* *m.* *Comm.* acceptor of a bill for the honour (*Lat. pro honore*) of another. — *Honorary*, *s. i.* (*str.* *m.* (*Lat. honorarius*) *see* *Honorary*; II. (*str.* *n.* (*Lat. honorarium*) honorary, honorarium; a salary; a fee paid to a professor, a physician, &c.; copy-money. — *Honorary*, (*w.* *m.* *Comm.* the person for whose account a bill has been honoured; *Honorary*, (*w.* *f.* 1) *see* *Honorary*; 2) *incorr.* for: *Honorary*, *pl.* people of rank, the higher class, the gentry. — *Honoria*, *f.* Honoria (*P. N.*). — *Honori*, (*w.* *v. fr.* 1) to (pay a) fee; 2) *Comm.* to (pay due) honour, to show due protection; *gehört* *honori* werden, to meet due protection. — *Honori*, (*w.* *f.* 1) the paying a honorarium to (...); 2) acceptance (*Annahme*), acceptance (of a bill).

Hops, (*Low Germ.*) *see* *Hops* & *Höpf*.
Hop! *interj.* *hop!* *Hop!* *interj.* heyday!
Hopfen, (*str.* *m.* *hop*, hops (*Humulus lupulus* L.); *unser* lieben Frauen —, *see* —*flee*; — *an* *Stangen* in die *Höhe* *leiten*, to carry hops upon poles; (*dem* *Biere*) *den* — *geben*, *see* *Hopfen*, *v. fr.* *es* *ist* *in* *Wald* *an* *ihm* *verloren*, *proverb.* he is past mending or reclaiming.

Hopfen, (*w.* *v. fr.* *Brew.* to hop, to mix or impregnate with hops.

Hopfen, *in comp.* —*eder*, *m.* hop-ground, hop-plantation; —*den*, *m.* hop-culture; —*bauer*, *m.* hop-grower; —*baum*, *m.* Bot. hop-horn-beam (*Ostrya Virginica*); —*berg*, *m.* hop-hill; —*bier*, *m.* hopped beer; —*bitter*, *m.* *Chem.* lupuline; —*boden*, *m.* 1) hop-ground; 2) hop-loft; —*brame*, *f.* *see* —*ranke*; —*busche*, *f.* Bot. witch hazel (—*baum*); —*barre*, *f.* hop-oast, kiln for drying hops; —*crute*, *f.* the gathering of hops, picking season; —*eule*, *f.* *Entom.* hop-night-butterfly, ghost-moth (*Hepidius humilis* L.); —*fächler*, *m.* *pl.* sets of hops; —*falter*, *m.* *Entom.* hop-butterfly (*Vanessa Calbum* Latr.); —*garten*, *m.* hop-garden, hop-yard; —*gärtner*, *m.* hop-grower; —*gärtner*, *f.* Bot. hop-horn-beam (—*baum*); —*handel*, *m.* hop-trade; —*heupt*, *n.* *see* —*zapfen*; —*heber*, *m.* hop-pole lever; —*hornbaum*, *m.* *see* —*baum*; —*keim*, *m.* hop-sprig; —*flee*, *m.* Bot. yellow clover, hop-trefoil (*Trifolium agrarium* L.); —*pfanze*, *f.* hop-plant; —*ranke*, *f.* hop-tendrill, hop-bind; —*sack*, *m.* bag for hops; —*salat*, *m.* salad of hop-sprigs; —*schimmel*, *m.* hop-blight; —*schibe*, *f.* Bot. dodder of thyme (*Stachytarix*); —*seiger*, *m.* hop-basket; —*seil*,

n. hop-string, *see* —*ranke*; —*stange*, *f.* hop-pole (also nickname for a tall person, *anal.* may-pole); —*staud*, *m.* *see* —*bitter*; —*stengel*, *m.* *see* —*ranke*; —*stichel*, *m.* dibble; —*zapfen*, *m.* *pl.* the cones (flower-buds) of hops; —*zucker*, *m.* hop-grower; —*zapfer*, *m.* hop-picker.

Hoppeppel, (*str.* *m.* (*orig.* Russian) beverage consisting of warm water, sugar, the yolk of eggs, and rum or arack. [*to* hobble.
Hopfen, *Hopfen*, (*w.* *v.* *intr.* *coll.* to hop; *Hopfen*, (*str.* *pl.* *H-vögel*) *m.* *pr.* (*Richard.*) = *Wichhopf*.

Hops, (*str.* *coll.* *Hops*, (*indecl.*) *m.* *hop* — *Hop!* *interj.* *see* *Hop*. — *Hopfen*, (*w.* *v.* *intr.* *coll.* to hop, jump, skip; *Hopfer*, (*str.* *m.* *coll.* a quick waltz (German dance); *Hopfer*, *m.* hop-dance.

* *Hör*, (*Lat.* *f.* *pl.* (*sing.*: *hora*, hour) *Rom. Cath.* horary prayers. [*(Vol. I, 618 b)*.
Hörat, *f.* *Alle.* a hearing, *see* *Hearing*; 5
Hörat, (*Lat.* *Hörat* [*pr.* —*gine*]) *m.* Horace (*Rom. P. N.*). — *Höratier* [*-gier*], (*str.* *m.* one of the Horatian *gens*; *die Hörer*, *pl.* Horatii. — *Höratist*, *Höratist* [*-gist*], *adj.* Horatian.
Hörbar, *adj.* audible; *Hörbit*, (*w.* *f.* *an* —*Hörbel*, (*w.* *f.* 1) *Ornith.* common coot (*Fulica atra* L.); 2) *pr.* box on the ear.

Hörchen, (*w.* *v.* *intr.* (*mit* *auf* [*Acc.*], or [*Dat.*]) 1) to hearken, listen; 2) to be an eavesdropper; 3) *fig.* to obey; *hört!* *imper.* hark! listen! hear! *Hörcher*, (*str.* *m.* *H-in*, (*w.* *f.* hearkeeper, listener; eavesdropper; *der Hörcher* *an* *der Wand* *hört* *keine* *eigene* *Stunde*, *proverb.* listeners never hear any good of themselves. — *Hörch*, *in comp.* —*brannen*, —*gang*, *m.* *Fort.* pit or gallery (*pl.* cascanes) for listening and discovering the miners of the enemy; —*rohr*, *m.* ear-trumpet. — *Hörch*, *adj.* (*Böhm.* *l. u.*) inclined to listen, attentive. — *Hörch*, (*str.* *m.* secret corner for listening, eavesdropping.

Hörde, (*w.* *f.* 1) horde, tribe, migratory nation; 2) hurdle; *Salt-w.* crib; *H-vögel*, *m.* *Ornith.* a species of oriole (*Xanthorvus phoeniceus* Cuv.); *H-vögel*, *ads.* in hordes.
* *Hören*, *f.* *pl.* 1) *Myth.* Hours (*Lat. Horae*), goddesses of the seasons or of the hours of the day; 2) *see* *Hör*.

Hören, (*w.* *v. fr.* & *intr.* 1) to hear; 2) to hearken, listen, to give ear, to lend an ear (*auf* [*with Acc.*], to); 3) *fig.* *a.* to understand, perceive, *see*; *b.* to mind, obey; follow; 4) (*fr.* or) *pr.* *see* *Hören*; *ich* *frue* *miß*, *das* *von* *ihnen* (*auf* *ihrem* *Runde*) *zu* —, I am glad to hear you say so; *ich* *höre* *auf* *ihn*, *fig.* he has my ear; *ich* *habe* *es* *selbst* *sagen* —, I had it from her own mouth; *man* *hat* *nicht* *wieder* *etw.* *von* *ih* *gehört*, she has never been heard of again; *ich* *habe* *ge* *hört*, I have learnt; *ich* *habe* *sagen* — (*for* *gehört*), I heard say; *von* *wem* *haben* *Sie* *es* *sagen* —? from whom did you hear that? *ich* *habe* *es* *flüster* —, I heard them whispering; *wir* *hört* *ihn* *rufen*, we heard him call out; *ich* *höre* *Sie* *rufen*, I hear them calling you; *er* *hört* *nur* *auf* *Einem* *Ohre*, *coll.* he does not listen attentively; *er* *hört* *gern* *auf* *sein* *eignes* *Loß*, he likes to listen to his own praise; *wir* *werden* —, we shall see; *ich* *wer* —, to be hard of hearing; *der* *Hund* *hört* *auf* *den* *Namen* *Herder*, the dog answers to the name of Herder; *bei* *einem* *Professor* — (*intr.*), to attend a professor's lectures; *ich* *muß* — *wer* *da* *ist*, I must go and see who is there; *man* *hört* *nichts* *Neues*, there is no news stirring; *wer* *nicht* — *will*, *muß* *hören*, *proverb.* he who does not listen to advice must take the consequences; *ich* — *lassen*, 1. to speak, to be heard; 2. to perform before an audience; 3. *fig.* to be worth hearing (consideration)

or acceptable; *Sie* *he* *Gründe* *lassen* *sich* —, these reasons deserve to be listened to; *Nichts* *von* *sich* — (*listen*, to be silent; to live in retirement; *lassen* *Sie* *von* *sich* —, let us hear from you; — *Sie* (*doch*)! *Hör!* *anal.* I say!

Hören, (*str.* *n.* hearsay, rumour, report; *vom* —, by hearsay; *ich* *habe* *es* *vom* —, I speak on hearsay.
Hörer, (*str.* *m.* *Hörerin*, (*v.* *f.* hearer.
Hörer, (*str.* *f.* auditory.

Hörig, *I. adj.* 1) *pr.* audible; 2) *in comp.* hearing; 3) *see* *Hörig*; II. *s. H-e*, (*decl.* *like* *adj.*) *m.* & *f.* *pl.* bondman; bondwoman (*Reibige*); III. *H-eit*, (*w.* *f.* bondage, *see* *Reibige*).

* *Horizont*, (*str.* *m.* (*Gr.*) horizon; *der* *ideinhare* *or* *terrestrische* —, the sensible (visible or apparent) horizon; *der* *wahre* *or* *astronomische* —, the rational (true, real or astronomical) horizon; *cf.* *Geistliche*; *das* *geht* *über* *meinen* —, *fig.* that is beyond my reach, *coll.* it is a cut beyond me. — *Horizont*, *I. adj.* horizontal; *ads.* horizontally; II. *in comp.* —*ebene*, —*fläche*, *f.* horizontal plane; —*linie* *or* *H-e*, (*w.* *f.* horizontal line; —*schub*, *m.* *see* *Reibschub*; —*wage*, *f.* *see* *Wasserwage*; —*wasser*, *n.* subterranean sheet of water.
Horizont, (*str.* *f.* 1) *see* *Horizont*; 2) *see* *Hör*.

Horn, *s. i.* (*str.* *pl.* *Hörner* [*rarely* *Hörne*, *i. e.* species of horn]) *m.* 1) horn (of animals); 2) *a.* horny or hard skin (at the heel, hand, &c.); *b.* hoof; 3) *Entom.* feeler; 4) *Mus.* horn; 5) *a.* projecting point, a peak of a mountain, tongue of land; *b.* beak, point of an anvil; *c.* *Archit.* Ionic volute; *d.* bay, gulf; *e.* *Bak.* roll in the shape of a horn; *f.* *pl.* *Saddl.* hames; 6) *Mar.* peak (of a sail); 7) *a.* tail (of a plough); *b.* *pl.* arms, cheeks (of a saw); 8) *Script.* head; power, strength; *fig.* *a.* *Einem* *Hörner* *auffetzen*, to horn, cuckold one; *Hörner* *tragen*, to be a cuckold; *das* — *des* *Überflusses*, *Gr. Myth.* the horn of plenty, cornucopia; *mit* *Einem* *in* *ein* — *blasen*, 1. to agree in opinion with one; 2. to act in concert with one, to collude; *fig.* (*Dat.*) *die* *Hörner* *ablaufen*, to sow one's wild oats; *Einem* *die* *Hörner* *biegen*, to make head against one; *die* *Hörner* *einziehen*, to draw in one's horns; *etw.* *auffeine* (*eigenen*) *Hörner* *nehmen*, to make one's self answerable for a thing, to stand the risk one's self; *fig.* (*Dat.*) *den* *Etzid* (*das* *Zeil*) *an* (*über*, *um*) *die* *Hörner* *werfen* *lassen*, to let one's self be caught; *Ähren* *etw.* *auf* *die* *Hörner* *geben*, to shift something on other people's shoulders; II. *in comp.* —*adant*, *m.* *Miner.* horny achate; —*affe*, *m.* Zool. sapejou (*Cebus fulvus* C.); —*amboss*, *m.* bick-iron; —*arbeiter*, *m.* worker in horn, horn-dresser; —*band*, *m.* Bookb. horn-cover; —*baß*, *m.* horn-stop (in an organ); —*baum*, *m.* *see* *Gegebuch*; —*becher*, *m.* drinking-horn; —*breiter*, *m.* horn-dresser; —*bläser*, *m.* horn-blower; —*blatt*, *n.* Bot. horn-wort (*Cerodophyllum* L.); *Miner-s.* —*blei*, *m.* corneous lead; —*bleter*, *m.* corneous lead-ore; —*blende*, *f.* horn-blende; striated horn-ore; —*blumen*, *f.* *pl.* artificial flowers made of horn-scales; —*bod*, *m.* ram; —*bogen*, *m.* *pr.* bearded haddock; —*busche*, *f.* *see* *Gegebuch*.

Hörner, (*str.* *n.* (*Gr.* *Hörne* [*sein*]; *dimin.* of *Hörn*) little horn, cornicle, in *Remant* — *blasen*, *see* *Horn*.

Hörn, *in comp.* —*brechler*, —*brecher*, *m.* turner in horn; —*bruchfäule*, *f.* *see* —*fäule*; —*eis*, *m.* *Miner.* *see* *Salzfinter*.

Hörn, *I. (w.) v. fr.* to furnish or provide with horns; II. *more usual*: *Hörn*, *adj.* horny, of horn; *der* *b-e* *Pöfel*, horn spoon.

Hörn, *in comp.* —*blett*, *n.* *see* *Hörn*; —*eule*, *f.* *Ornith.* horned owl (*Strix*

casting of the hoof; —*bein*, n. coffin-bone; —*schlag*, m. the shoeing of horses, &c.

Hu'te, (w.) f. hide of land.

Huf ..., in comp. —*eisen*, n. 1) horse-shoe (also *Fort.*); 2) see —*eisenflee*; ein —*eisen* verlicren, to throw or cast a shoe; sic hat ein —*eisen* verlicren, *fig. vulg.* she has broken a leg (of an unmarried woman who has been delivered of a child); —*eisenborn*, m. T. punch; —*eisenbürg*, adj. horse-shoe (arch, magnet, &c.); —*eisenflee*, m., —*eisenfrant*, n. *Bot.* horse-shoe-vetch; —*eisen-nagel*, m. horse-shoe-nail; —*eisennagel*, f. *Ornith.* a kind of bat (*Rhinolophus ferrum equinum* Buff.); —*eisenpult*, n. desk in the form of a horse-shoe; —*eisenstaf*, m. farrier's pouch; —*eisenstab*, m. iron-bar for horse-shoes; —*eisenstisch*, m. table in the form of a horse-shoe. [kick (of horses).]

Hufen, (w.) v. l. tr. to hoof; II. *intr.* to *Hufener*, *Hufner*, (str.) m. possessor of a hide of land.

Hufen ..., in comp. —*geld*, n., —*steuer*, f., —*groß*, —*gros*, —*sch*, m. tax payable on land; —*gericht*, n. inferior country court deciding disputes about fields; —*gut*, n. freehold of a hide of land; —*hater*, m. avenger; —*meister*, m. steward for collecting the land-rents; —*pfennig*, m. see —*geld*; —*richter*, m. country magistrate.

Hufet, (str.) m. *Nat.* hoofed animal.

Huf ..., in comp. —*felle*, f. see —*raspel*; —*förmig*, adj. *Bot.* ungulate, hoof-shaped; —*galle*, f. see *Stringgalle*; —*haar*, n. fetlock; —*hammer*, m. T. shoeing-hammer.

Hufig, adj. (in comp.) hoofed.

Huf ..., in comp. —*hce*, m., —*frant*, n. *Bot.* horse-shoe vetch (*Hippocrepis* L.); —*flamme*, f. see —*zwang*; —*flust*, f. see *Hornflust*; —*frage*, f. see —*tänmer*; —*latisch*, m. *Bot.* colt's foot (*Tusilago farfara* L.); —*meßer*, n. see *Wirtseisen*; —*nagel*, m. horse-shoe-nail, hob-nail; —*nagelfeisen*, n. horse-nail-iron; —*pfänge*, f. see —*eisenflee*; —*raspel*, f. farrier's rasp, horse-rasp; —*ränmer*, m. horse-pieker; —*schaben*, n. subulate; —*schlag*, m. 1) see —*beischlag*; 2) step, tread, foot-fall of a horse; 3) track of a horse's foot, hoof-print; —*schmiebandwert*, n. farriery; —*schmidt*, m. farrier; —*schwinden*, n. see —*abfall*; —*stempel*, m. T. punch.

Huf ..., in comp. *Anat.-s.* —*aber*, f. sciatic (ischadic) vein; —*bein*, n. hip-bone; —*beinbruch*, m. fracture of the hip-bone; *Anat.-s.* —*beinloch*, n. oval-hole; —*beinlochwunde*, f. m. obturator; —*beinlochwunde*, m. obturator nerve; —*beinmuskel*, pl. pending-muscles; —*blut-ader*, f. sciatic vein; —*barm*, m. see *Dünne-barm*.

Hufte, (w.) f. 1) hip, hanch, haunch; hackle; mit *Barren* *H-n*, big-bauched; zu den *H-n* gehörig, sciatic, femoral; 2) *Mar.* quarter of a ship; *H-nahm*, adj. see *Hüftnahm*.

Huf ..., in comp. —*geleit*, n. hip-joint; —*geleitshamer*, m. *Med.* see —*weh*.

Hufthier, (str.) n. *Nat.* hoofed animal.

Huf ..., in comp. —*geru*, n. see *Sichhorn*; —*haderu*, m. hip-bone; —*lahm*, adj. hip-shot, hipped; —*nerv*, m. sciatic nerve; —*pfannet*, f. socket of the hip-bone.

Huftritt, (str.) m. tread of a horse.

Huf ..., in comp. —*schmerz*, n. pl. sciatic pains; —*schid*, n. haunch; —*weh*, n. sciatic, hip-gout, ischiadic passion.

Huf ..., in comp. —*wand*, f. see *Hornwand*; —*wall*, f. *Farr.* 1) bony hoof; 2) swelling on a horse's hoof; —*zange*, f. farrier's pincers; —*zeug*, n. shoeing-tools; *Vet.-s.* —*zwang*, m. the defect of being hoof-bound, narrow-heeledness; —*zwangig*, adj. hoof-bound, narrow-heeled.

Hügel, s. l. (str.) m. hillock, hill; hunch,

knob; *Med.* excrescence, tubercle; am —, at the hill side; II. in comp. —*ameise*, f. *Entom.* wood-ant (*Formica rufa* L.); —*erbbeere*, f. *Bot.* hill-strawberry (*Fragaria collina* Ehrh.); —*förmig*, adj. hill-like.

Hügelstich, adj. hill-like.

Hügelstich, adj. hilly, in comp. hilled.

Hügelstette, (w.) f. chain of hills.

Hügelstet, (w.) v. l. tr. to form into hills;

II. *refl.* to rise like a hill.

Hügel ..., in comp. —*pfug*, m. *Agr.* paring or skim plough; —*reife*, f. ridge of hills; —*rüden*, m. ridge of a hill; —*weide*, f. *Bot.* apetalous willow.

* *Huguenot*, (w.) m. Huguenot.

Hu'ge, m. Hugh (P. N.).

Huh, *interj.* (expressing terror) ugh!

Huhn, (str., pl. *Hühner*) n. 1) fowl; hen;

ein junges —, pullet; 2) *Sport.* partridge; —

äpfelchen, n. (S. G.) hawthorn-berry.

Hühnerchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Huhn*) pullet, chicken; coll.-s. ein — mit *Gerand* zu pfücken haben, to have a bone to pick (a clasp to open, or a crow to pluck) with one; ein — im *Salz* haben, to feel conscious of having done wrong.

Hühner ..., in comp. —*aar*, m. *Ornith.*

1) hen-harrier (*Roemerich*); 2) griffon-vulture (*Vultur fulvus* Gm.); —*abend*, m. *provinc.* evening before a wedding; —*artig*, adj. gallinaceous; —*auge*, n. corn (on the toes, &c.);

—*augenwürger*, —*augenschneider*, m. corn-cutting; —*augenpfaster*, n. corn-plaster; —

—*beere*, f. *Bot.* white stone-crop (*Sedum album* L.); —*beize*, f. partridge-shooting; —*biß*, m. *Bot.* name of the common chickweed (*Stellaria media* L.); and several other plants;

—*blindheit*, f. *Med.* night-blindness, hama-

ralopia; —*braten*, m. roast fowl or chicken;

—*brühe*, f. chicken broth; —*barm*, m. *Bot.* see —*biß*; —*barrt*, f. roop; —*biß*, m. 1)

stealer of poultry; 2) *Ornith.* a) hen-harrier (*Roemerich*); b) kite (*Gabelweiche*); c) common buzzard (*Buteo vulgaris* Bochst.);

3) see *Roemerich*; 3) see —*falle*; 1; —*hamen*, m. *Sport.* purse in a partridge-net; —*haubel*, m. poultry-trade; —*händler*, m. poulterer;

—*haus*, n. hen-house, hen-roost; —*hof*, m. poultry-yard; —*hund*, m. setting-dog, pointer;

—*lagb*, f. the shooting partridges, grouse, &c.;

—*läßig*, m. hen-coop; —*flee*, —*stahl*, m. *Bot.* mother of thyme (*Thymus serpyllum* L.); —

—*forb*, m. hen-coop; —*turn*, n. *Bot.* maize (*Mais*); —*krankheit*, f. disease peculiar to fowls; —*frant*, n. see —*flee*; —*lager*, n. place where partridges roost in the night; —*laus*, f. *Entom.* hen-louse (*Ornithonyssus avicularia* L.);

—*leder*, n. chicken-leather, fine kid-leather; —*leiter*, f. chicken-ladder, hen-roost;

—*maie*, m. see —*turn*; —*markt*, m. poultry-market; —*mist*, m. dung of poultry; —*neß*, n. hen's nest; —*net*, n. see —*garn*; —*pfette*, f. chicken-pie; —*poel*, m. see —*flee*; —*raute*, f. *Bot.* common speedwell (*Veronica verna* L.);

—*ruf*, m. partridge-call; —*schrot*, m. partridge-shot; —*schwanz*, m. *Ornith.* fan-tailed pigeon;

—*schwarm*, m. see —*biß*; —*flee*, n. see —*flee*; —*stall*, m. hen-house, hen-roost, roosting-place; —*stange*, f. hen-roost, hen-coop; —

—*stige*, f. see —*stange*; *Bot.-s.* —*herben*, n. hen-bit (*Lamium amplexicaule* L.); —*teb*, m. 1) see

—*herben*; 2) night-shade (*Rachisgatten*); —

—*tritt*, m. 1) see *Gaußstet*; 2) see —*barm*;

—*biß*, n. poultry; —*wagt*, —*würter*, m. person who attends to the poultry; —*weh*, n. see *Knuchstun*; —*weye*, f. see —*beere*; —*weide*, f. see —*aar*; *Bot.-s.* —*weide*, f. meadow-vetch (*Lathyrus pratensis* L.); —*wurz*, f. (rotte) scarlet geranium (*Geranium sanguineum* L.); —*zech*, m. tithe of poultry; —*zins*, n. rent paid in poultry; —*zucht*, f. breeding of chickens, rearing of poultry. [(*Strix bubo* L.).]

Hüh, (irr.) m. *Ornith.* great horned owl *Hül*, *interj.* ho! ho! huzza! quick! in cinem —, in a trice: er ist zu —, coll. he is too hasty. [3] foreland.

Huf, (str.) m. 1) fishing-hook; 2) uvula; *Hufel*, (str.) m. 1) wooden footstool; 2) howler, hooker (a Dutch vessel).

Huld, (w.) f. grace, favour, graciousness, clemency; kindness, benevolence; —*gütin*, f. *Myth.* Grace, one of the three Graces or Charities. *Huldigen*, (w.) v. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) 1) to do or render homage, to do or swear allegiance; 2) *fig.* to pay homage: to devote one's self; to embrace, subscribe to (an opinion, &c.); *fid* (*Dat.*) — *lassen*, to receive one's oath of allegiance.

Huldigung, (w.) f. *lit. & fig.* (act of) homage; (demonstration of) admiration; die — *leiten*, see *Huldigen*; *H-geib*, m. oath of allegiance; *H-geier*, f. —*H-geier*, n. see *H-geier*; *H-geier*, f. modal struck in commemoration of the *H-geier*, m. day on which the oath of allegiance is taken: *H-geier*, f. deed of homage. [Göthin.]

Hulbin, (w.) f. * 1) see *Huldgöttin*; 2) see *Hulbreich*, adj. gracious, benevolent.

Hülfe (*Middle & Low Germ. form which has supplanted the High-Germ. Hülf*), (w.) f.

1) help, aid, succour, assistance, support, relief; redress, amendment; 2) *Law*, execution in a civil cause, distress; 3) *Med.* cure: 4) *En*, pl. *Mam.* aids; mit —, with assistance, by means, with the help; er konnte mit — von zwei *Striden* einige Schritte gehen, he was able to walk a few steps with the assistance of two crutches: *Einem zu — fomen*, to come to one's assistance: *Einem zu — eilen*, to hasten to one's aid or assistance; (*Einem*) — *leiten*, to aid, help, succour, relieve, assist, bring help; zu — *nehmen*, zu — *rufen*, to call in the aid of ... to call in ... to one's aid: um — (*Acc.*) *rufen*, to cry out for help; er suchte — durch den Gebrauch der Bäder, he sought benefit from the baths; *Laus*-s. die — thun, to execute; *Einem die — thun lassen*, to take out an execution against one.

Hülfe, (w.) f. *in comp.* —*ruf*, m., —*rufen*, n. cry, calling for help or assistance.

Hülfe ..., in comp. —*leister*, m. helper, aider; —*leistung*, f. the (act of) rendering assistance, aiding, helping, help; (*bei* *Gericht*) salvage.

Hülftich, adj. see *Hülftich*.

Hülftich, I. adj. 1) helpless, destitute, forlorn; 2) unassisted: II. *H-ich*, (w.) m. & f. destitute; II. *H-igelt*, (w.) f. helplessness.

Hülfe ..., in comp. —*rede*, f. *Law*, shift, evasion; —*reich*, adj. inclined to help others, helpful, benevolent; —*steuer*, f. subsidy.

Hülfs ..., in comp. —*adresse*, f. *Comm.* address in case of need: —*amt*, n. office of an assistant or deputy; —*armee*, f. auxiliary army; —*auftrag*, f. *Law*, order for the execution of a judicial decree; —*schiff*, f. shift or temporary railway, branch-line; —*band*, n. *Anat.* accessory ligament; —*bedürftig*, adj. being in want of help, destitute, indigent, necessitous; —*bedürftigkeit*, f. destitution, indigence; —*begriff*, m. subsidiary notion; —*biß*, m. *Law*, written order to execute a judicial decree; —*buch*, n. 1) subsidiary book;

2) any work appropriated for instruction; —construction, *f. Geom.* artificial lines; —frist, *f. Law*, days of grace; —gebet, *n. see* —auflege; —geld, *n.* 1) subsidy, pecuniary aid, *pl.* subsidies, supplies; 2) *Law*, fee paid for an execution (in a civil cause); —gesellschaft, *f.* auxiliary society; —gewerbe, *n.* des Handels, trade immediately connected with commerce; —grund, *m. Law*, subsidiary reason; —heer, *n.* auxiliary army; —kenntnis, *f.* auxiliary knowledge; —kirche, *f.* chapel of ease; —laut, —lauter, *m. Gramm.* vowel; —lehrer, *m.* assistant teacher; —leistung, *f.* 1) *see* Hülfsleistung; 2) *Law*, participation in a crime; —linie, *f. Geom.* artificial line; —macht, *f.* auxiliary power or force; —maschine, *f. Radw.* pilot-engine; —maschinist, *m.* assistant-engineer; —mittel, *n.* means of relief; remedy, shift, expedient, help; legitis —mittel, last resort; —nerv, *m. Anat.* accessory nerve; —note, *f. Mus.* auxiliary note (of a shake, &c.), by-note; —prebiger, *m.* assistant curate; —pumpe, *f.* donkey, food-engine; —quelle, *f.* resource, expedient; —recht, *n. Law*, right of execution; —rebe, *f. see* Hülfsrebe; —ruf, *m. see* Hülfsruf; —sag, *m. Geom.* lemma; —schreiben, *n.* 1) written petition for help; 2) *see* brief; —steuer, *f. pl.* subsidies; —ton, *m. see* —note; —truppen, —völser, *pl.* auxiliary (or subsidiary) troops or forces, auxiliares, fresh supplies; —verein, *m.* charitable institution; —vollstreckung, *f. see* —zwang; —wissenhaft, *f.* auxiliary science; —wort, *n. Gramm.* auxiliary word; —würdig, *adj.* worthy of relief; —wurf, *f. Bot.* hollyhock (*Althaea officinalis* L.); —zettwerk, *m. Gramm.* auxiliary verb; —zwang, *m. Law*, execution (in a civil cause).

Sulfter, (*w. f.*) *see* Sulfter.

Sull, (*str. & v.*) *m. see* Hüll.

Süllblatt, (*str.*) *n. Bot.* involueral leaf.

Sülle, (*w. f.*) veil, cover (*also Bot.*), covering, wrapper, envelop, integument; sheath, husk; case, frame; *Zool.* second stomach (of ruminants); *Bot.* involucre; *Anat.* tegument; die irbische —, the mortal frame: die — und die Sülle, abundance; die — und die Sülle haben, to have every thing in abundance, *Ag.* to live in clover; was man in der Jugend wünscht, hat man im Alter die —, whatsoever ye desire in youth, ye shall receive in age.

Sullen, *v. s. (str.) n. (N. G.)* rolling of the waves.

Süllen, (*w. s. tr.*) to wrap (up), cover.

Süllen, (*v.*) *unveiled, open to view.*

Süllen, (*w. s. intr. provinc.*) to roll.

Süllfrüchtler, (*str.*) *m. pl. Bot.* cupuliferous.

Süllhaut, (*str.*) *pl. Sülle* (hülle) *f. Bot.* amphidermis.

Sülle, (*w. f.*) 1) hull, husk, cod, shell, pod, swad; *Bot.* pouch, glume, hose; in *S-n*, in the husk, unshelled; 2) *Gun-sm.* pipe (of a gun-stock); 3) *Fire-w.* case (of a rocket, &c.); *Mil.* cartridge-bag; 4) — eines Regenstirns, runner of an umbrella; 5) *Iron-w.* socket; 6) *see* Sülle.

Süllen, (*w. s. I. tr.*) 1) to hull, husk, shell; 2) to cover with a husk, &c.; *II. refl.* 1) to come off, shell; 2) to pod.

Süllen ..., *in comp.* —artig, —fruchtartig, *adj. Bot.* leguminous; —fruchtig, *f. pl.* pulse, legume, coddled grains, podware; —getreide, *n.* —pflanze, *f.* leguminous plant; —würm, *m. Zooph.* an intestinal hydatid (*Rehinococcus hominis*).

Süllig, *adj.* like husks. [*minous.*

Süllig, *adj.* husked, husky, shelly, legu-

Süllig, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* holly (*Eufrasiolm*).

Sun, *intay.* paw-haw! hem! hum!

* Sunan, (*str.*) (*Lat.*) humane. — Sunan's-ra, *n. pl. (Lat.)* humane learning, humanity. — Sunanist, (*w. m.*) humanist. — Sunanität, (*w. f.*) humanity.

* Sumera'le, (*str.*, *pl. S-s*) *n. (L. Lat.)* shoulder-scape worn under the gown of Catholic priests. [*—kurz, see* Summenkurz.

* Sumin', (*str.*) *n. (Lat.)* ulmine; —lauter, Summel, *s. I. (str.) m. provinc.* *see* Buchstir; *II. (w. f.)* 1) *Entom.* bumble-bee, drone (*Bombus F.*); 2) *Brew.* malt-floor; 3) *Mus.* drone or bass-pipe (of a bag-pipe); 4) *coll.* a romp, jade, hoyden; —sag, *m. Mus.* thorough-bass.

Summelchen, (*str.*) *n. (dimin. of Summel)* 1) *Mus.* Italian bag-pipe; 2) *Org.* thorough-bass drone.

Summelfänger, (*str.*) *m.* drone-catcher.

Summen, (*w. s. tr. & intr.*) to hum, buzz (*Summen*).

Summer, (*str.*) (*L. G.*) *m. 1)* *Crust.* lobster (*Homarus vulgaris* Edw.); 2) *Mar.* top-mast-head; —bühel, *m.* cradle of a lobster; —brecher, *m.* lobster-cracker; —gat, *n.* tie-hole, sheave-hole; —kerre, *f.* claw of a lobster; —schiff, *n.* vessel for catching lobsters.

* Summ', (*str.*) *m. (Lat.)* humour. — Summrich, (*w. m.*) humorist. — Summrich'sch, *adj.* humorous.

Sumpe, (*w. f.*) *see* Sumper.

Sumpe(e)lig, Sumplidit, *adj.* rugged (Golperig, Stolperig). — Sumpelein, Sumpelein, (*w. s. intr.*) 1) to hobble, limp, hirkle; 2) to bungle.

Sumpen, (*str.*) *m.* brimmer, rummer, bowl.

Sumpen, (*w. s. intr.*) *see* Summen.

* Sumus, (*induct.*) *m. (Lat.) Agr.* humus, mould; *Chem-s.* —säure, *f.* ulmic acid, ulmin; das —saure Salz, ulmate.

Sunb, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dog: bound; ein junger —, puppy; Schlichter —, ear; fliegender —, *see* Fliegenderhund; 2) *Astr.* dog-star; 3) *T.* a name given to several instruments and utensils, as: a) *Tail.* ironing stove; b) *Min.*rolley; c) cooper's cramp, *coll-s.* *provinc.* a certain measure of land; *coll-s.* wie ein — leben, *see* ein S-leben führen; wir haben wie — und Rabe gelebt, we have lived a cat and dog life of it; todt S beissen nicht, dead men tell no tales; danach fräht weder — noch Schn, *see* under Schn; er kann keinen — vom Ofen loden, he cannot say bo to a goose: damit lodt man keinen — aus (von) dem Ofen, that is not worth a rush, that will answer no purpose whatever; S-e tragen or führen müssen (bis or nach Beuten), to be reduced to extreme shifts, to come or go to the dogs; alte S-e sind schwer bündig zu machen, an old dog will learn no tricks; schlafende S-e soll man nicht wecken, let sleeping dogs lie: da liegt der — begraben! there's the rub! there lies the difficulty; auf den — kommen, to go to the dogs, to go to pot; auf dem S-e sein, 1. to be thoroughly on one's S-e, to be reduced to the lowest ebb; 2. to be worn to a shadow, to be reduced to a skeleton; er hat sich auf den — gebracht, he has ruined himself: der Knüttel liegt beim S-e, untoward circumstances prevent one from acting as one willingly would; komme ich über den —, so komme ich über den Edmwan, if I am obliged to grapple with the main difficulty. I can also get over the rest: etwas vor die S-e werfen, to throw a thing to the dogs. [*dog.*

Sundchen, (*str.*) *n. (dimin. of Sund)* little

Sunbe ..., *in comp.* I. (*cf.* Sund ...) — artig, *adj.* dog-like, canine; —bellen, *n. see* —gebell; —bett, *n. vulg.* wretched bed, miserable pallet (*Ruc.*); —blume, *f.* *Bot.* lion's tooth, dandelion (*Leontodon taraxacum* L.); —brat, *n.* bread for dogs; —bich, *m.* dog-stealer, cant. buffer; —doctar, *m.* dog-doctor; —ebe, *n. Mar.* *see* —pint; —fleisch, *n.* dog's meat or flesh; —fed, *n. & f. Mar.* halliard of the main-stay-sail; —fott, *m. see* Sundfott; —freßer, *n. vulg.* 1) dog's food; 2) miserable

fare, wretched food; —führer, *m.* dog-leader: —futter, *n.* dog's meat; —gebell, *n.* barking of dogs; —geiß, *n. vulg.* miserable sum of money; —geißelst, *n.* canine gonias; —halsband, *n.* dog's-collar; —hund, *n.* 1) or —hitzer, *f.* dog-house, dog-kennel; dog-hole; 2) *Mar.* companion, hood; —junge, *m.* 1) dog-boy. Sport. whipper-in; 2) *see* Hundsjunge; 3) *vulg.* rascal, vagabond, black-guard; —kette, *f.* dog-chain, dog's chain; —knüttel, *m.* dog; —knüttel, *f.* 1) dog-collar, dog's collar; 2) dog-couple; —koth, *m.* pure; *Car.* album griseum; —krank, *adj. vulg.* dog-sick, wretchedly ill; —ranzett, *f.* distemper of dogs; —rappel, *f. see* —knüttel; —läufer, *m. Min.* draw-boy; —laus, *f. Entom.* dog-tick (*Ixodes ricinus* L.); —leben, *n. vulg.* a dog's life. *s. e.* a wretched life; ein —leben führen, to lead a dog's life (*ostl.*); —lecken, (*w. s. intr.*) 1) to pup, to whelp; 2) *fig.* to crouch and creep, to flatter in a servile way.

Sunbe ..., *in comp.* —loch, *n.* 1) dog-hole, dog-kennel; 2) *vulg. a)* (small, miserable) dungeon; wretched hole (mean place of abode); —mager, *adj.* as lean as a dog; —mehl, *n.* dog-bolt; —milch, *f. see* —laus; —milch, *adj. vulg.* dog-tired. [*tire out like a dog.*

Sunben, (*w. s. tr. (L. u.)*) to plague or Sunbe ..., *in comp.* —peitsche, *f.* dog-whip; —peitsche, *f.* dog-whistle, dog-call; —pflaume, *f. see* Hundspflaume; —pint, —pint, *n. Mar.* rope-maker's end, pointing.

Sunbert, *L. card. numm. (induct.)* hundred; *II. (str.) n.* (as the) hundred; cent: groß —, long hundred; klein —, short hundred; von —, per cent; *III. in comp.* —armig, —äugig, —füßig, —händig, —hüßig, —namig, —stimmig, —zünftig &c., *adj.* having a hundred arms, eyes, feet, hands, heads, names, voices, tongues, &c.; —stättig, *adj.* centifolious.

Sunbeter, (*str.*) *m. Arith.* figure indicating the hundreds.

Sunbeterici, *adj.* of a hundred different

Sunbert ..., *in comp.* —fach, *adj.* hundred-fold; —fältig, *adj.* hundred-fold, centuple: —fuß, *m. Entom.* centipede; —grabig, *adj.* centigrade; —jährig, *adj.* 1) of a hundred years, a hundred years old, centenary; der, die —jährige, centenarian; der —jährige Otto von Haslau, the hundred-years-old Otto of Haslau; 2) or —jährlich, *adj.* every hundred years, centennial, secular; die —jährige Wae, century-plant; die —jährige Feiert, centennial celebration, centenary, hundredth anniversary (*f. i.* of Schiller's birthday, &c.); —mal, *adv.* a hundred times; —malig, *adj.* done or repeated a hundred times; —pfer, *n. see* Feteombe; —pflunder, *m. Gewen.* hundred-pounder; —pflundig, *adj.* weighing a hundred pounds. Sunbeter, *adj.* hundredth; vom S-nast Laufendste kommen, *fig.* to wander in discourse through a great variety of subjects; to tell a cock and a bull story.

Sunbeterisch, *adv.* in the hundredth place.

Sunbert ..., *in comp.* —theilig, *adj.* Arith., &c. centigrade; das —jährige Theben, Thebes, the hundred-rated; —weise, *adv.* by hundreds.

Sunbe ..., *in comp.* —schelle, *f.* dog-bell; —schen, *adj.* afraid of dogs; —schlag, *m.* the catching and killing of dogs running at large; —schläger, *m.* dog-knacker; —sall, *m. see* —band; 1; —staupe, *f.* distemper in dogs; —starr, *f.* tax on dogs; —stärker, *m. see* —läufer; —trab, *m.* dog's trot, jog-trot; —weg, *m.* 1) *see* —schläger; 2) whipper-in; —wacker, *f. Mar.* dog-waiter; —wärter, *m.* dog-waiter, dog-keeper; dog-feeder; —weizen, *m. Bot.* dog-wheat (*Sundquede*); —wucht, *f.* breeding of dogs; —zwinger, *m.* dog-court.

II. vulg. denoting: 1) anything contemptible; —arbt, *f.* hard work; —bett, *n.* wretched

watch; guard; to keep; das Vieh — to keep, tend, feed the cattle: Einen vor (with Dat.) —, to protect one from, cf. Schützen; 2) *fig.* das Bett, das Zimmer — (müssen), to keep one's bed, one's room; to be confined by illness; II. *refl.* to take care or heed, to be cautious; to have a care, to be or stand on (upon) one's guard; sich vor etwas (Dat.) —, to guard against, to beware of, to shun.

Hüt'er, (*str.*) *m.* heeder, guardian, warden, warder; keeper, herdsman; der — einer Person or Sache sein, to have the keeping of a person or thing; — lohn, *m.* herdsman's wages.

Hüt'fabrik (from Hüt, *A.*), (*w.*) *f.* manufactory of hats, hat-factory.

Hüt'faß, (*str.*, pl. Hüt'fässer), *n.* fish-box. Hüt'... (*A.*), *in comp.* — feder, *f.* feather for a hat, plume; — fliß, *m.* felt for hats; — form, *f.* hatter's form, block; — förmig, *adj.* pileate(d); — futter, *n.* hat lining, T. tip; — futteral, *n.* 1) see — schachtel; 2) see — kappe.

Hüt'... (*B.*), *in comp.* — gelb, *n.* herdsman's wages; — gerechtfertigt, *f.* right of pasture.

Hüt'gehül (from Hüt, *A.*), (*str.*) *n.* body or Hüt'haus (from Hüt, *B.*), (*str.* pl. Hüt'häuser) *n.* watch-house; *Min.* tool-house.

Hüt'... (*A.*), *in comp.* — kappe, *f.* hat-cover; — kapp, *m.* crown of a hat; — krümpe, *f.* brim, flap, cock of a hat; — kraße, *f.* hatter's card.

Hüt'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc. &*) * see Hüt'linke, (*w.*) *f.* hat-string. Hüt'loß (from Hüt, *B.*), *adj.* unwatched. Hüt'... (*A.*), *in comp.* — macher, *m.* hatter; — macherei, *f.* 1) or — macherhandwerk, *n.* hatter's trade; 2) see — fabrik; — macherfelle, *n.* pl. felled fur, hating furs; — macherandel, *f.* looping needle.

Hüt'mann (from Hüt, *B.*), (*str.*, pl. Hüt'männer or Hüt'leute) *m.* keeper; herdsman; *Min.* overman, captain.

Hüt'... (*A.*), *in comp.* — nabel, *f.* hat-pin; — rand, *m.* see — frümpe; — rethen, *m.* hat-rail; — rose, cockade; — schachtel, *f.* hat-box, hat-case; bonnet-box, bonnet-case. [*fr.*]

A. Hüt'sche, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* magpie (Ein B. Hüt'sche, Hüt'sche, *w.*) *f.* coll. foot-stool; gang von der — lein, *die* — bekommen, *coll.* to be brought down (a peg or two).

Hüt'schen, *provinc.* v. I. *intr.* see Hüt'schen; II. *tr.* a) see Hegen; b) see Schaufeln.

Hüt'... (*A.*), *in comp.* — schlange, *f.* Zool. hooded snake (Brillen-schlange); — schleife, *f.* favour in a hat; — schulle, *f.* hat-buckle; — schür, *f.* hat-string, hat-band; — schraube, *f.* hat-stretcher; — schürer, *m.* hat-dresser, haberdasher; — schürerei, *f.* haberdashery.

Hüt'stein (from Hüt, *B.*), (*str.*) *m.* stone marking a pasture-ground. [*m.* see — form.

Hüt'strod, (from Hüt, *A.*), (*str.* pl. Hüt'stöde) Hüt'then, Hüt'tein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dämn.* of Hütte) small hut.

Hüt'te, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) hut, cot, cottage; b) tent, tabernacle, bower; 2) *T.s.* a) *Min.* coe; b) smelting-house, forge, found(e)ry; stamping-mill; kiln; 3) *Mar.* coach, poop, round-house.

Hüt'ten..., *in comp.* — after, *m.* see — geführ; — amt, *n.* board of overseers of a mine or foundry; — arbeits, *f.* work done in a smelting-house; — arbeiter, *m.* smelter; — bau, *m.* smelting business attached to a mine; — beamte(te), — bediente, *m.* officer in a smelting-house; — bewohner, *m.* cottager; — centner, *m.* a weight one hundred and fifteen pound; — bed, *n.* *Mar.* upper poop of a man of war.

Hüt'ten'er, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* cottager.

Hüt'ten..., *in comp.* — garu, *f.* refinery; — gassen, *pl.* see Hüt'tigassen; — gebäude, *n.* building belonging to a foundry; — geführ, *n.* *Min.*

sweepings, dross, slag (of melted ores); — gericht, *n.* court of mines; — gerät, *n.* implements used in stamp mills and foundries; — graben, *m.* lead of a stamping-mill; — herr, *m.* proprietor of a foundry or smelting-house; — hundert, *n.* a number of twenty five; — lage, *f.* see Hüt'tel; — leute, *pl.* smelters, founders; — mann, *m.* smelter, founder; metallurgist; — männlich, *adj.* metallurgic; — mehl, *n.* see — rauch; — meister, *m.* overseer of a foundry; — nische, *n.* *Chem.* tutty, cadmia; — ornung, *f.* regulation for smelters and founders; — rauch, *m.* 1) arsenical fume, white arsenic; 2) see — nische; 3) cadmia; 4) ornament; 5) realgar; — schmelzer, *m.* controller of a smelting-house; — schmelze, *f.* 1) arsenic, sulphur, copper, &c. in the process of refinement; 2) crust (of melting lead); — schmelzer, *m.* watchman in a melting-house; — schmelz, *n.* a number of two hundred and fifty; — schmelzer, *m.* manager of a foundry; — schmelzer, *m.* see — schmelzer; — wert, *n.* smelting-house and what belongs to it; — weise, *n.* science of, and every thing relating to, smelting, smelting-department; — wissenshaft, *f.* see — hunde; — zeichen, *n.* trade-mark of a foundry; — zinn, *n.* grain-tin.

Hüt'ter, (*str.*) *m.* see Hüt'tenmeister.

Hüt'tigassen, *pl.* *Mar.* officers of the coach.

Hüt'ter, Hüt'tner, (*str.*) *m.* see Hüt'tner.

Hüt't... (*A.*), *in comp.* — treffe, *f.* gallion of a hat; — zug, *m.* cover or case of a hat.

Hüt'tung, (*w.*) *f.* pasture (ground); *Ö.* — reut, *n.* — gerät, *adj.* commonage.

Hüt'tung, (*w.*) *f.* the act of tending (cattle), keeping, &c.

Hüt't... (*A.*), *in comp.* — zinn, *n.* cap-tin; — zunder, *m.* loaf-sugar; — zunderform, *f.* mould (for sugar-loaves).

Hüt'tung (fr. Hüt, *B.*), (*str.*) *m.* liability of granting pasturage to another person's cattle.

Hüt'tung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see Hüt'tung; 2) half-starved cattle; 3) or — münneken, *n.* shrivelled old man.

Hüt'tung, (*w.*) *v. l.* *tr.* to dry (fruit); II. *intr.* to dry up, shrivel.

Hüt'tung, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Minor.* hyacinth; greuer —, sycron. — Hyacinthe, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. hyacinth; die englische —, hare-bell. [*Hyades.*]

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hydropneumatic; — statik, *f.* T. hydrostatics; — statik, *adj.* T. hydrostatic(al); — statik, *f.* T. hydrotechnics; Chem.-s. — statik, *adj.* hydrosulphureted; — thionstatik, *f.* hydrothionate; — thionstatik, *f.* hydrosulphuric or hydrothionie acid.

* Hygiea, Hygiea, *f.* *Gr. Myth.* Hygieia, Hygieia (the goddess of health). — Hygiein'er, (*w.*) *f.* *Med.* hygiene. — Hygiein'isch, *adj.* hygienic.

* Hygrom'eter, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Phys.* hygrometer. — Hygrom'etrisch, *adj.* hygrometrical. [*N.*]; 2) *Anat.* hyman.

* Hyman, *m.* 1) *Gr. Myth.* Hyman (P.

* Hyman, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) hymn; *in comp.* h-martig, *adj.* hymnic; h-mannlich, *f.* hymnology.

* Hyperbolic, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *math.* hyperbolic.

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funde (gief zu, add; ingl. for ingeleicht, likewise, also; ins. for insulnirt, eingehängt, summoned; Supl. for Inspector, inspector; Intr. for Interfere, interest; it. for item (Lat., moreover); it. or ital. for italienisch, Italian.

Se, Sē, interj. coll. ay, why! ich seht bed, indeed, only look; — was! why!

Sē, (w.) f., S-Subst. m. see Sēb.

Sērer, (str.) m. Iberian.

Sērtisch, adj. Iberian, Spanish; die i-βelinsfel, *Geogr.* the Pyrenean peninsula.

Sēis, (str.) m. Orniat. ibis.

Sēisch, (str.) m. see Sēibisch.

Sēisch, (w.) f. Zool. female of the ibex.

Sē, I. prom. I; ich seß! I myself, my own self; II. s. (str., pl. Sē & Sē) n. 1) Philos. the I or ego, *incorr.* the me; 2) *Ag.* self; mein selber or justicē —, my other self; ich selber —, his own dear self; ich eignes —, judge, to be selfish; die Menschen sind von ihren Sēn besessen, people are wrapped up in themselves; unser —, our internal selves (*Ozenford*).

Sēnen, Sēnen, (w.) v. intr. mod. to be selfish; always to speak or think of self, to egotise.

Sēheit, (w.) f. Philos. I, the quality of being an I or ego, egotism; self; selfishness.

Sēler, Sēling, (str.) m. egotist.

Sēnen-mem, (str., pl. S-ē) m. & n. (Gr.) ichnemon: 1) Zool. *Harpesites ichnemon* L.; 2) *Entom.* *Ichnemon castigator* F.

Sēnographie, (w.) f. (Gr.) ichnography.

Sēnographisch, adj. ichnographical.

Sēfel, (str.) n. Archit. corner-nook, nook.

Sēprecher, (w.) f. egotism.

Sēfacht, (w.) f. egotism.

Sēflichtig, adj. selfish, egotistical.

Sēflich, (str.) n. see Sēfheit.

Sēfthe ... in comp. (Gr.) —graphie, (w.) f. ichthyography; —fisch, (w. & str.) m. Ichthyologist; —fisch, (w.) m. ichthyologist; —fisch, (w.) f. ichthyology; —fisch, (w.) m. ichthyologist; —fisch, (w.) m. ichthyologist.

Sēfheit, (str.) m. Ichth. ablot, ablen (Illfeli).

Sē, f. Ida, Sod (P. N.).

Sē, I. or S-ēfisch, adj. ideal; imaginary; II. s. (str.) n. (L. Lat.) ideal; pattern; —Sēfischren, (w.) v. tr. to idealise. —Sēfisch-mas, (sing. not decl. pl. [w.] 3-iē men) m. Philos. idealism. —Sēfisch, (w.) m. idealist.

Sēer, (w., pl. Sēren) f. (Gr.) idea, notion, thought, conception; image; nach meiner —, in my idea; ich kann mir davon keine rechte (nicht die geringste) — machen, I cannot form anything like an (cannot form the slightest) idea of it; ohne die geringste — von einem Beweis, without one jot (tittle) of argument; nicht die geringste — von einem Wagen ic., *Ag.* not the (slightest) ghost (ob. not a ghost) of a carriage; &c.; S-afreie, m. sphere or circle of exchange; S-afreie, f. ideology; S-afreie, m. exchange of ideas; S-afreie, f. Philos. association of ideas; S-afreie, f. ideal world.

Sēer, adj. ideal; imaginary.

Sēen, pl. see Sēen.

Sēntificiren, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to identify. —Sēntisch, adj. identical, selfsame.

Sēntisch, (w.) f. identity, sameness.

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(w.) f. illumination; S-Stamp, f. illuminating lamp.

S-illuminiren, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to illuminate; 2) to colour, illuminate; *Herald.* to blazon; 3) *Ag.* to enlighten. — *S-illuminiren, (str.) m.* illuminator.

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less; at any rate; es mag der Reiz dahin | mit -hin die Klugheit abnehmen (*Hagedorn*), no matter if the illusion of people denies to me the quality of prudence; Sie mögen -hin lachen, you may laugh as much as you please; -hin mag die Welt wissen, the world is welcome to know ...; -hin! well and good; -mehr, *adv.* 1) more and more; 2) t, over; -*schön*, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. 1) heath (*Heidekraut*); 2) sandy everlasting (*Onopeltium arenarium* L.); -während, *adj.* everlasting, eternal, sempiternal, perpetual, incessant; *adv.* everlastingly, &c.; unintermittingly; -zu, *adv.* 1) always; 2) forward! go on! further! never mind!

Immer, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*Richter, cf. Sanders*) to last for ever; immernd, *p. a.* lasting, never-fading. [*carriage.*]

Immerhören, (*str.*) *m.* Print. cords of the *Immer*, (*str.*, *pl.* -, or 3-6) *n.* a Swiss and Swabian measure of capacity for wine, grains, &c. [*the putting in possession.*]

Immitte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) immission; 2) *Law*, to immitte, (*str.*, *pl.* *Immitte*)

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Imponieren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) (*Lat.*) to impress, strike, impose; i-b, *p. a.* imposing.

Import, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. 1) importation (*Einfuhr*); 2) (*pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) (*L. Lat.*) import; *pl.* import articles. - **Importieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to import.

Imposant, *adj.* (*Fr.*) imposing, striking.

Impotent, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Med.*, &c. impotence; infirmity.

Impost, (*str.*, *pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) *m.* (*M. Lat.*) 1) impost, tax, duty; 2) *Archit.* impost.

Impregnieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*L. Lat.*) to impregnate; to steep.

Imprimatur, (*Gen.* 3-6) *n.* (*Lat.*) imprimatur, license to print a book.

Improvisator, (*str.*, *pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) *m.* (*Lat.*) Improvisator; extemporiser. - **Improvisieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to improvise, improvise.

Impuls, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) impulse.

Impulse, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* ant (*Emig. Nuclei*).

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Imponieren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) (*Lat.*) to impress, strike, impose; i-b, *p. a.* imposing.

Import, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. 1) importation (*Einfuhr*); 2) (*pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) (*L. Lat.*) import; *pl.* import articles. - **Importieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to import.

Imposant, *adj.* (*Fr.*) imposing, striking.

Impotent, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Med.*, &c. impotence; infirmity.

Impost, (*str.*, *pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) *m.* (*M. Lat.*) 1) impost, tax, duty; 2) *Archit.* impost.

Impregnieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*L. Lat.*) to impregnate; to steep.

Imprimatur, (*Gen.* 3-6) *n.* (*Lat.*) imprimatur, license to print a book.

Improvisator, (*str.*, *pl.* *u. J. 3-en*) *m.* (*Lat.*) Improvisator; extemporiser. - **Improvisieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to improvise, improvise.

Impuls, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) impulse.

Impulse, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* ant (*Emig. Nuclei*).

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* **Snjektion**, (w.) f. (Lat.) *Surg.* injection; *Med.* a. **Snjektion**, m. injection cook; **Snjektions**, f. injection pipe; **Snjektions**, f. *Surg.* injection-syringe.

* **Snjektant**, (w.) m. (L. Lat.) *Law*, in-juror, insurer. — **Snjektant**, (w.) m. *Law*, the person insulted.

* **Snjektie**, (w.) f. (Lat.) *Law*, offence, insult, *cf.* Ehrenkränkung; **Snjektie**, f. action for insult, defamation; action or suit for libel. — **Snjektieren**, (w.) v. tr. *Law*, to insult.

Snjektie, (w.) f. enclosure (Einlage). **Snjekt**, (str.) n. 1) inland, interior country, 2) home, native country; seine Fabrikten arbeiten für's —, his factories work for home-consumption; im In- und Auslande, at home and abroad; für's — bestimmt, intended for home-use. [of a country]

Snjekt, (str.) n. 1) inlander; 2) native **Snjektisch**, *adv.* native, indigenous, home-born; home-made, of home-labour or manufacture; native (industry, &c.); inland (trade, bill, coin), internal; der i-e Handel, domestic (home, inland, land, or inward) trade; der i-e Verbrauch, domestic or home consumption or demand. [a bed holding the feathers]

Snjekt, **Snjekt**, (str.) n. the inner case of **Snjekt**, (str.) v. inr. to be enclosed; i-b, p. a. enclosed, under this cover.

Snjekt, (str.) m., **Snjekt**, (w.) f. (pl. **Snjekt**), **Snjekt**, m. *provinc.* inmate, lodger. [the midst of]

Snjekt, *adv.* & *prop.* (with Gen.) in **Snjekt**, (str.) m. see **Snjekt**, 1.

Snjekt, *adv.* 1) within; 2) at home; mitten or zwischen —, in the midst (of two extremes), intermediate, intervening; — behalten, to keep, detain; — haben, to possess, to be master of; to hold, fill (an office); — halten, v. l. tr. 1) see — behalten; 2) to confine; sich — halten, to keep home; l. inr. to stop, discontinue, pause; — halten mit ..., to discontinue, suspend; ganz — halten, to make a full stop; — stehen, to be or rest in equilibrium; — werden, v. tr. to perceive, become conscious of; das — werden, (str.) v. s. perception.

Snjekt, l. *adv.* (opp. Außen) 1) within; 2) at home; von —, (from) within, on the inside; nach — zu, towards the interior; inward(s), inwardly; II. in comp. inner, cf. **Snjekt**, *adv.* — front, f. inner side of a wall; — hauf, f. *Bot.* endocarp; — mauer, f. partition-wall; — weite, f. inner span (of a room); — weit, f. the world within us, spiritual world.

Snjekt, l. *prop.* (with Dat.) († &) *provinc.* for **Snjekt**; II. *adv.* inner, interior, inward, internal; intrinsic (evidence, &c.); intestine, domestic (disensions); es wirft sich auf die i-en Thelle, it strikes inwardly; die i-e Mission, home-mission; Home Missionary Society; der i-e Raum eines Gebäudes, clear space; Comm-s. die i-e Schiffsladung, in-board cargo; die i-e Beschaffenheit, inner condition, inside; i-er Verderb (bei Seeretsch.), damage occasioned by the defects of the article (thing); der i-e Verbrauch, home-consumption, cf. **Snjekt**; das Departement der i-en Angelegenheiten, home-department; der i-e Antrieb, impulse from within; der i-e Mensch, inner or inward man; der i-e Kampf, the conflict within; III. das S-e, n. (*decl. like adj.*) interior: 1) inside; body, heart (of a country, &c.); 2) heart, soul; im S-en, 1. in the interior; 3. inwardly, &c. see **Snjekt**, II.; im tiefsten S-en, in the heart's core, in the inmost recesses of the heart; das S-e der Erde, the bosom, bowels of the earth; Departement des S-en, home department; Minister des S-en, minister of the interior, minister of home affairs, home-secretary; Ministerium des S-en, home-office.

Snjekt, *adv.* & *prop.* (with Gen. & [unusual] with Dat.: — dem deutschen Gebiet, Grimm, WB. XLVIII) within; on the inside (of).

Snjekt, l. *adv.* 1) inward, inner, internal; interior; intrinsic; 2) inner, intestine (war); domestic, cf. **Snjekt**; 3) *fig.* a) mental; b) contemplative, pensive; abstract; deep, profound; c) earnest, sincere; heart-felt, hearty, cordial; II. *adv.* 1) inwardly, internally; inside, within; 2) a) mentally, &c.; b) at heart, at bottom; III. **Snjekt**, (w.) f. 1) inwardness, intrinsicness; *Philos.* subjectiveness; 2) a) contemplativeness, &c.; b) heartiness, warmth.

Snjekt, *adv.* inmost, innermost; S-e, n. innermost part; bottom (of the heart or soul); im S-en, to (or at) the heart, to the core.

Snjekt, see **Snjekt**.

Snjekt, l. *adv.* 1) intimate, inward; close; 2) cordial, heartfelt, hearty; earnest, fervent, ardent, devout; i-er machn, werden, to deepen; — lieben, to love dearly, fondly; II. **Snjekt**, (w.) f. 1) intimacy; intimacy; 2) heartiness, genuine feeling, sincerity; fervour, ardour; intensity. [*adv.*]

Snjekt, *adv.* intimately, &c. cf. **Snjekt**. **Snjekt**, (w.) f. guild, corporation, corporate body, (trading) company, trade, fraternity, faculty; S-Skizzen, m. senior of the guild; S-Schiff, m. charter of a guild, &c. (Schiff); S-Schiff, m. S-Schiff, m. member of a guild; S-Schiff, f. S-Schiff, m. privilege of a guild; S-Schiff, m. a company's dinner.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) f. (Lat.) inoculation. — **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. to inoculate.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) *Law*, to examine, to try.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) m. *Law*, accused person, criminal, culprit. — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. inquisition. — **Snjekt**, (str.) pl. **Snjekt**, (w.) m. inquisitor (officer of the inquisition). — **Snjekt**, *adv.* inquisitorial; inquisitive.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) m. (L. Lat.) *Law*, one who files writs, &c., floater. — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. *Law*, (the act of) filing. — **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. *Law*, to file.

Snjekt, *contr.* from in das.

Snjekt, (w.) m. inhabitant; member of a parish; inmate, tenant. [see **Snjekt**]

Snjekt, *adv.* especially, specially; * **Snjekt**, *adv.* & *prop.* (w.) f. mod. *Thes.* the (act or mode of) getting up for the stage or of bringing forward, (*Pr.*) *mise-en-scène*.

Snjekt, (str.) n. *provinc.* see **Snjekt**. **Snjekt**, (w.) f. inscription; S-enkunde, f. epigraphies, the science of inscriptions.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) *Ac.* to inscribe, matriculate, enter (a student). — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. inscription, matriculation, entry. [*insect*]

* **Snjekt**, (irr., sing. str., pl. u.) n. (Lat.) * **Snjekt**, in comp. — artig, *adv.* of the insect kind; insectile; — fange, f. larvin; — freßend, *adv.* insectivorous; — freßer, m. pl. *Zool.* insectivora; — fänger, m. entomologist; — fang, — fang, f. entomology; — pul- ver, n. (verfälscht) insect powder, quilla.

Snjekt, (w.) m., **Snjekt**, (w.) f. insectology (l. u.), insectology (l. u.), see **Entomolog**, **Entomologie**. **Snjekt**, (w.) f. inland, isle; — bewohner, m. islander. [*inlar*]

Snjekt, **Snjekt**, **Snjekt**, *adv.* in- **Snjekt**, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of **Snjekt**) islet. **Snjekt**, in comp. — gruppe, f. cluster of islands; — land, n. inland; — meer, n. archipelago. [l. u.] to insulate; to isolate. **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (*Camps* for **Snjekt**;

Snjekt, l. *adv.* abounding in (full of) islands, island-studded; II. v. (str.) n., or **Snjekt**, (*eing.* str., pl. u.) m. a kingdom or state consisting of one or more isles.

Snjekt, (w.) f. see **Snjekt**.

Snjekt, (str.) n. (pl. S-Schiff) f. town built on an island.

Snjekt, *adv.* for **Snjekt**.

Snjekt, in comp. — welt, n. islanders; — welt, f. world of islands (for Polynesia).

* **Snjekt**, (w.) m. (L. Lat.) advertiser. — **Snjekt**, (str.) n. advertisement (in the public papers). — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. 1) to advertise, insert. — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. 1) insertion; 2) advertisement; S-Schiff, f. pl. money paid for an advertisement, advertising charges.

Snjekt, *adv.* secretly, in secret.

Snjekt, *adv.* generally, ordinarily, usually; in general, in common.

Snjekt, *adv.* altogether (in a body); every one of them; collectively.

Snjekt, (str.) n. 1) adolescent, seal, great seal; 2) *Bot.* mosses.

* **Snjekt**, n. pl. (Lat.) insignia, ensigns.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) f. 1) insinuation; 2) *Law*, the act of serving a summons, &c.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to insinuate; 2) *Law*, einen eine Verladung z. —, to serve a summons, &c. upon one; die Verladung —, to certify the partition or apportionment.

Snjekt, *adv.* as far as, if, according as, under restriction that, in as much as.

* **Snjekt**, *adv.* (L. Lat.) insolvent, non solvent; — werden, to stop payment, to become a bankrupt; sich — erklären, to declare one's insolvency. — **Snjekt**, (w.) f. insolvency, non-solvency; — erklären, f. declaration of insolvency; — getz, n. insolvent law, act of insolvency.

Snjekt, *adv.* in particular, (especially) (**Snjekt**).

Snjekt, (w.) f. (Lat.) inspection, super- vision, superintendence, survey; S-Schiff (in *Beaufort*), n. court of review (in bankruptcy). — **Snjekt**, (str.) pl. (w.) **Snjekt**, n. inspector, overseer, super- visor, superintendent, surveyor, controller. — **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. to inspect, superin- tend; der i-e Officer, orderly officer.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (M. Lat.) to in- stall.

Snjekt, l. *adv.* instant, earnest, urgent, eager; — bitten, to beg earnestly; II. S-Schiff, (w.) f. earnestness, &c., urgency.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) f. (Lat.) instance, resort; die erste —, court of first instance; die untere —, court below; die höhere —, superior court; die höchste —, the highest court of appeal; ein Verdict, der in letzter — spricht, a court from which there lies no appeal; in der letzten —, 1. in the last resort; 2. *fig.* without appeal; an die letzte — gehen, to make the last appeal; durch alle S-en verfolgen, to prosecute to the utmost limit of the law; von der — abgewir- ren, non suited, out of court; von der — rü- cken, to be discharged without being acquitted; S-en, m. stages of appeal.

Snjekt, (w.) m. see **Snjekt**.

Snjekt, *adv.* instant.

Snjekt, (str.) n. *provinc.* tripe (**Snjekt**).

* **Snjekt**, (str.) n. instinct (Naturtrieb); vom — getrieben, instinct-guided; — artig, — mäßig, *adv.* instinctive, intuitive (*adv.* — ly). * **Snjekt**, (str.) pl. (w.) **Snjekt**, n. m. (Lat.) *Comm.* Law, valuer.

* **Snjekt**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to in- stitute. — **Snjekt**, (str.) n. 1) institution, establishment; 2) (house of education) board- ing-school.

* **Institution**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) institution; *3-en*, *pl.* *Law*, institutes; die *3-en* *Justitians*, the Institutes of Justinian.

Instru, (*str.*, *pl.* *Institute*) *m.* (also *Inste*, *Inmann*, *Alleger*, *Einleger*, *Haustune*, *Häusler*) cottager.

* **Instradiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Ital.*) to prescribe a certain route (*strada*) to (one), to direct, send.

* **Instruktion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) instructions, directions, order; zu *3-hrer* —, for your government.

* **Instrukten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) 1) to instruct, give directions; 2) *Law*, to prepare (einen *Proceß*, a case) for trial.

* **Instrument**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) instrument; 2) *Law*, instrument, deed, act; —*ist*, *m.* *Instr* — *m.* hammer-cloth; *3-en* *holz*, *n.* *T.* sounding-board wood, belly-board; *3-en* *leber*, *n.* pianoforte-hammer leather; *3-en* *macher*, *n.* instrument-maker. — **Instrumentalist**, (*w.*) *f.* instrumental music. — **Instrumentieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mus.* to instrument (a composition); *hüßig* *instrumentiert*, (of a musical piece) prettily instrumented. — **Instrumentierung**, **Instrumentation**, (*w.*) *f.* instrumentation, regulation of instruments, composition of the instrumental part. — **Instrumentist**, (*w.*) *m.* instrumentalist, instrumental performer. [subordination.

* **Insabordinat**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) insubordination. — **Insular**, (*str.*) *m.* *Insularien*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) insular. — **Insularisch**, *adj.* insular.

* **Insurgent**, (*w.*) *m.* 1) insurgent; 2) militia-man in Hungary. — **Insurgieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rouse to insurrection. — **Insurrection**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) insurrection; 2) militia in Hungary. — **Insulation**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) see *Isolierung*.

* **Integral**, *I. adj.* (*Lat.*) *Math.* — *s.* integral; —*rechnung*, *f.* integral calculus; — *jahl*, or *II.* *3-e*, (*w.*) *f.* integral (number), integer. — **Integrieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to integrate; *i-b*, *p. a.* integral, integrant (*3-hlle*, parts). — **Integrität**, (*w.*) *f.* integrity.

* **Intellectuell**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) intellectual, mental.

* **Intelligenz**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) intelligence; —*Matt*, *n.* intelligence; advertiser; —*comptoir*, *n.* office of enquiry.

* **Intendant**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) intendant, superintendent. — **Intendantur**, (*w.*) *f.* Intendantcy, superintendency.

* **Intensiv**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) intensive, intense. — **Intensivität**, (*w.*) *f.* intensity, intensiveness.

* **Intercostal**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Anat.* intercostal, lying between the ribs; —*nerve*, *m.* sympathetic nerve.

* **Interdict**, (*str.*) *n.* *Rom. Cath.* interdict; mit *dem* — *belegen*, to interdict, *fg.* to taboo.

* **Interessant**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) interesting, attractive. — **Interesse**, (*sing.* *str.*, *pl.* *w.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) interest(s); *Beifügung* ohne —, *wager* policies; ohne *Beweis* des *3-s*, (*in marine* insurance) interest or no interest; *3-n* auf *3-n*, compound interest; es liegt in meinem *eigenen* — *das* *nicht* zu *thun*, it is to (it serves) my own interest not to do this, my own interest lies in not doing this. — **Interessen**, *s. I.* *pl.* interest, use-money; *Geld* auf — *geben*, to lend or put out money at interest; *II.* *in comp.* —*tragend*, *adj.* bearing interest; —*rechnung*, *f.* interest account. — **Interessent**, (*w.*) *m.* party of interest, partaker, sharer; *Comm.* party concerned, party of interest. — **Interessenschaft**, (*w.*) *f.* company for joint undertaking.

* **Interessieren**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* (*Fr.*) to interest; *fg.* to enlist the sympathies of ...; *id* *will* *ihn* *bei* *dem* *Geschäft* *mit* *2* % —,

Comm. I will interest him (give him a share) to the extent of two per cent in the business; *bei* *etwas* *interessiert* *sein*, to be interested, concerned in; *bei* *einem* *Bankrott* *interessiert*, involved in a failure; *II.* *reg.* to take an interest (*3-hr*, in); to interest one's self (for, in behalf or in favour of). — **Interessiert**, *adj.* *coll.* selfish, self-interested.

* **Interimistisch**, (*adj.* (*Lat.*) interimistic (*wood.*), provisional, temporary, acting; *Herr* *von* *Gagern* *wurde* *jum* *1-en* *Präsidenten* *erwählt*, *Herr* *von* *G.* was elected interim president; *adv.* in the interim, *ad interim*, temporarily.

* **Interims** ..., *in comp.* (see *Interimistisch*) —*act*, *f.* —*auswechseln*, *m.* scrip, interim share; —*bescheid*, *m.* *Law*, provisional sentence; —*brücke*, *f.* temporary bridge; —*frachtbrief*, *m.* triplicate letter of a freight; —*minister*, *m.* minister ad interim; —*regierung*, *f.* interregnum; —*schein*, *m.* 1) check, counter-check; interim share, scrip; 2) or —*wechsel*, *m.* bill in the interim or *ad interim*; —*uniform*, *f.* *Mal.* undress uniform.

* **Interjection**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* interjection.

* **Interlinear**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) interlinear. — **Interlocut**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, injunction, interlocution, interlocutory decree (judgment, sentence).

* **Intermezzi**, (*str.*, *pl.* *3-8*, [*Ital.*]) *Intermezzi*; *ff.* (*w.*) *Intermezzen* *n.* (*Ital.*) *T.* intermezzo, interlude; by-play; farce.

* **Intermittierend**, *adj.* *Med.* (*Lat.*) intermittent.

* **Intern**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) internal.

* **International**, *adj.* international.

* **Internieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to remove into the interior of a country (as political fugitives, &c.).

* **Interpellation**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Parl.* question. — **Interpellieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Parl.* to put a question to ... [interpolate.

* **Interpollieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to interpolate.

* **Interpunction**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* punctuation, pointing; *3-zeichen*, *n.* *pl.* points, stops. — **Interpunctieren**, **Interpunctieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to punctuate, (inter-) point; *faß* —, to mispoint.

* **Interregnum**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *3-regna*) *n.* interregnum, interregnum.

* **Internation**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, compound interest.

* **Interval**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Mus.* interval; das *einfache* —, diastem; das *umgekehrte* —, inverted interval.

* **Intervention**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) 1) the person intervening; 2) *Comm.* acceptor (or party paying) for the honour of another (*supra* protest). — **Intervenieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to interfere, intervene; 2) *Comm.* to accept (or to pay) for the drawer or for any of the endorsers. — **Intervention**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) intervention; *bewaffnete* —, armed intervention; 2) *Comm.* intervention, interference, collateral acceptance or payment, acceptance or payment *supra* protest; *Comm.* — *3-facte*, *f.* act of honour; *3-bannahme*, *f.* provisional acceptance; *3-commission*, *f.* commission for interference; *3-sproteß*, *m.* intervention (acceptance) upon honour (upon or *supra* protest); *3-3ahlung*, *f.* payment under protest.

* **Intestat**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Law*, intestate; —*erbe*, *m.* abintestate (heir); —*erbsfolge*, *f.* succession *ab intestato*, legitimate succession.

* **Intim**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) intimate. — **Intimität**, (*w.*) *f.* intimacy. — **Intimitus**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Intimitus*) *m.* *Ac.* intimate.

* **Intolerant**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) intolerant. — **Intoleranz**, (*w.*) *f.* intolerance, intoleration.

* **Intonation**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Mus.* intonation. — **Intonen**, (*w.*) *Mus.* *v. I. tr.*

to intone (the church service, &c. = *Intimmern*); *II.* *intr.* to intonate.

* **Intone**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital. intrada*) 1) *Mus.* a short introductory movement, a prelude; 2) *3-n*, *pl.* revenues, rents.

* **Intraktiv**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* intransitive; *das* *3-heit* *wird* — *gebraucht*, this verb is used intransitively.

* **Intrigant**, (*pr.* *intrigant*), (*Fr.*) *I. adj.* intriguing, meddling; *II.* (*w.*) *m.* intriguer, *Theat. coll.* the villain of the piece; *3-in*, (*w.*) *f.* (female) intriguer. — **Intrigue**, (*pr.* *intrigue*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) intrigue, plot. — **Intrigieren**, (*pr.* *intrigieren*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to intrigue, to plot and scheme.

* **Invalide**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) invalid, disabled soldier; *3-n* *haus*, *n.* hospital of invalids. — **Invalideren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to invalidate.

* **Invektive**, (*w.*) *f.* invective.

* **Inventarium**, (*Lat.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Inventaria* or (*w.*) *3-inventen*) *n.* **Inventar**, (*str.*) *n.* inventory; fixtures (of a shop, &c.). — **Inventarisieren**, (*str.*) *n.* fixture.

* **Inventuren** ..., (*Lat.*) *in comp.* *Mus.* —*horn*, *n.* cornet à piston, cornopean; —*trumpete*, *f.* invention trumpet.

* **Inventurieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take an inventory of ... to inventory.

* **Inventur**, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* inventory; —*halten*, to make up an inventory, to take stock. + **Inwärts**, *adj.* internal, see *Einwärts*. **Inwärts**, *adv.* inwards, see *Einwärts*.

* **Inwendig**, *I. adj.* 1) inside, inward, interior, internal; 2) *Script.* (*Leather*) inward; *der* *1-e* *Wend*, inward man, *q.* *Inner*, &c.; *II.* *adv.* inward, inwards, within, internally, on the inside.

* **Inwurzeln**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be inherent; *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* immanency; *i-b*, *p. a.* immanent, inherent. [wohner.

Inwohner, (*str.*) *m.* inhabitant, see *Einwohner*. **Inwärtig**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* *Law*, 1) accusation; 2) offence, insult; 3) (internal) evidence, sign, mark, proof; 4) *Inwärtig*, breeding in and in. [beffen].

Inwärtig, *adv.* in the mean time (*Inwärtig*, *Chem.* *I.* or *Soln*, (*str.*) *n.* *Soln*, (*w.*) *f.* iodine, iodine; *II.* *in comp.* —*metall*, *n.* iodide; —*queffilber*, *n.* iodide of mercury; —*saure*, *adj.* iodine; —*saures* *Salz*, iodate; —*saure*, *f.* iodine acid; —*stoffsäure*, *m.* ioduret or iodide of nitrogen. — **Inwärtig**, *adj.* *Chem.* iodous; *i-e* *Säure*, iodous acid; —*Soln* ..., *in comp.* —*salz*, *n.* hydriodate of potash; —*saures* *Salz*, hydriodate; —*verbindung*, *f.* iodide; —*wasserstoffsaure*, *f.* hydriodic acid; —*wasserstoffsaures* *Salz*, hydriodate. — **Inwärtig**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to iodise (a silver-plate, &c.).

Inwärtig, *adj.* Ionian, Ionic. [which see.] **Inwärtig**, *adv.* more usual, but less correct: *3-3e*, *3-3e*, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* see *Gibe*.

Inwärtig, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (Dutch) elm.

Inwärtig, (*w.*) *f.* earthen, sticlie; *i-e* *3-3-3-3*, earthen vessels, earthenware, crockery.

Inwärtig, *I. adj.* earthy, earthly, terrestrial, sublunary; temporal, perishable, human, worldly; *II.* *adv.* *3-3-e*, things earthly, perishable; *der* *Ein* *fiel* *alles* *3-e*, earthly or worldly mindedness.

Inwärtig, (*w.*) *m.* see *Irland*.

Inwärtig, *adv.* 1) any, any body, some one, whosoever, whatsoever, something; — *3-mand*, any one, some body; — *ein* *anderer*, any body else; — *etwas*, anything; — *wo* *anders*, somewhere else; — *ein* *Wend*, some person; — *woher*, from some place (or other); — *wohin*, some where; — *wohin*, with what; — *wohin*, in whatsoever, somewhere in; 2) or — *was*, any where, some where; 3) or — *einmal*, at any time, ever; 4) or — *wie*, any how, (in) any way; perhaps, peradventure;

Jach, (*ter.*, *w.*) *v. intr. provine.* to romp.
Jach, (*ter.*, *w.*) *provinc.* 1) jaw; 2) chaffinch.
Jach, (*ter.*, *w.*) *f. (dimin.)* Jachchen, (*str.* *J.* *n.*)
jacket, jerkin; *vulg.-e.* Einem etwas auf die
gelen, to lace or trim a person's jacket, to
thrash one; Einem die — voll lägen, to cram
one with lies.

Jacob, *m.* Jacob, James (*P. N.*): das ist
der meiste —, coll. this is the real Simon Pure.
Jacob, *m.* (*Gen. of the Lat.* Jacobus)
James' *t. e. day.* see Jacobbing.

Jacobine, *f.* Jacobine, Jimima (*P. N.*).
Jacobiner, (*str.* *m.* Jacobin; —*in*, *f.*
see *Republikaner* — **Jacobinisch**, *adj.* Jacobin,
Jacobinical. — **Jacobit**, (*w.* *m.* Jacobite.

Jacobs ..., *in comp.* *Bot.-e.* —*apfel*, *m.*
1) a small summer apple; 2) an early potato;
—*baum*, *f.* marsh rag-wort, St. James-wort
(*Sanctus Jacobus* L.); —*berg*, *n.* see *Dotter-*
weide; —*brant*, *n.* see —*hume*; —*leiter*, *f.*
Jacob's ladder (*Pecten Jacobaeus* L.); —*mantel*,
n. —*muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* Mediterranean scallop;
—*muschel*, *f.* bivalve; —*raub*, *m.* 1) staff with
a double knob; 2) *Asir.* Jacob's staff, sea-
quadrant; 3) *Asir.* belt of Orion; 4) *Bot. a*)
king's spear (*Asphodelus* L.); b) hollyhock
(*Malva*); —*straße*, *f.* milky way, see *Wilde-*
straße; —*tag*, *m.* St. James day; —*zwiebel*, *f.*
Bot. Welsh onion (*Allium fistulosum* L.).

* **Jacquet**, (*str.*, *pl.* *J.-s*) *n.* Jaquet,
French printed muslin.
* **Jacquard**stuhl, (*str.*, *pl.* *J.-stühle*) *m.* T.
Jacquard-loom, French draw-loom.

* **Jactur**, *f.* *Mar.* the throwing overboard
of goods in a storm, jettison; loss, damage.
Jade, (*w.*) *f.* *Miner.* jade.

Jagd (*in some parts of Germany:* jüdt),
(*w.* *f.* 1) *a*) chase, hunting, hunt; b) the
art of hunting; 3) *fig.* a) pursuit; b) bustle,
noise, hubbub; 3) *see* —*recht*, 2; 4) *see* —*be-*
girt; 5) *coll.* a) the huntmen, sportsmen;
b) a swarm, troop, number of noisy persons;
6) the hounds; 7) game; die hohe und niedrige
—, the chase of great and small game; auf
die — sein, to be out hunting or shooting; auf
die — gehen, to go hunting or shooting; auf
(*with Acc.*) — machen, to hunt after; *Mar.*, *acc.*
to give chase to; die wilde —, *Fab.* Arthur's
chase; die — nach dem Glücke, the pursuit of
happiness.

Jagd ..., *in comp.* —*amt*, *n.* hunting-
office; —*anzug*, *m.* hunting-suit, shooting-
dress; —*bach*, *f.* course of hunting.

Jagdb, *l. adj.* chaceable, fit for being
hunted: *Sport.-e.* das ist —*thier*, *see* *Jagdbthier*;
der —*schütz* (or *gering*) ist —*thier*, warrantable
stag; der auf —*thier*, hart royal; II. *J.-reit*,
(*w.*) *f.* 1) the being fit to be hunted; 2) *see*
Jagdbreit, 2.

Jagdb ..., *in comp.* —*baier*, *m.* *see* —*fröh-*
ner; —*bediente*, *m.* hunting-officer, huntsman;
—*berichtig*, *adj.* entitled to hunt within a
certain district; —*bestel*, *n.* mod. non-such;
—*bejagt*, *m.* hunting-ground, hunting-district;
—*bejagen*, *m.* *pl.* *Mar.* square-headed bolts;
—*besatz*, *m.* hunting-service; —*essen*, *n.* *see*
—*isch*.

Jagden, (*w.*) *v. intr. (l. w.)* to hunt (after).
Jagdb ..., *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* *see* *Welfall*;
—*flut*, *m.* *Kthl.* sea-hedgehog (*Ugelstich*); —*flut*,
f. gun, fowling-piece; —*flut*, *f.* *see* —*begirt*;
—*folge*, *f.* 1) obligation to render
service, to follow the lord of the manor in
hunting or shooting; 2) right of pursuing
game shot at and wounded on one's own
ground in that of another and taking it there;
—*freund*, *m.* sportsman; —*freund*, *m.* poach-
ing; —*fröue*, *f.* hunting-average; —*frühner*,
m. person obliged to perform hunting-average;
—*garn*, *n.* hunting-net; —*gefolge*, *n.*
1) the huntmen of a lord, &c.; 2) *see* —*folge*, 1;
—*gehe*, *n.* 1) preserve; 2) *see* —*begirt*;

—*gericht*, *n.* hunting-equipage or traps; —
gericht, *adj.* 1) sportsmanlike; 2) *see* —*hund*; —
—*gerichtigt*, *f.* *see* —*recht*, 2; —*geschichte*, *f.*
hunting-story; —*gesetz*, *n.* forest law; —*gig*,
n. dog-cart; —*göttin*, *f.* goddess of hunting,
Diana; —*grenze*, *f.* boundaries of a hunting-
district; —*halsband*, *n.* collar for hunting
dogs; —*händler*, *n.* hunting-profession; —
haus, *n.* hunting-house, hunting-box, shoot-
ing-box; —*heringe*, *m.* *pl.* T. summers; —
hief, *n.* blast or sound given with the (hunt-
ing-)bugle (*cf.* *Hief*); —*horn*, *n.* hunting-horn;
bugle-horn, hunter's-horn; —*hund*, *m.* hound,
sporting dog; —*hundin*, *f.* hound bitch; —
hut, *m.* hunter's hat (in form of a helmet);
—*junker*, *m.* hunting-page; —*jäger*, *m.*
sporting-almanac; —*karte*, *f.* ticket for hunt-
ing; —*kleid*, *n.*, —*kleidung*, *f.* hunting suit;
—*knabe*, *m.* hunter's boy; hunting-page; —
knig, *adj.* skilled in huntmanship; —*knig*,
f. sportsmanship, wood-craft; —*jäger*, *n.*
hunting-camp; —*lehen*, *n.* right of chase
bestowed as fief; —*leute*, *pl.* huntmen, hun-
ters; —*liebhäber*, *m.* huntsman, sportsman;
—*literatur*, *f.* sporting-literature; —*lust*, *f.*
sport, amusement of the chase; —*lustig*, *adj.*
fond of hunting or shooting; —*manbat*, *m.*
game-act; —*mannschaft*, *f.* *see* —*leute*; —
messer, *n.* hunting hanger; —*müge*, *f.* hunt-
ing-cap; —*nach*, *n.* hunting-net; —*ordnung*, *f.*
regulation for the chase, *cf.* —*recht*, 1; —*page*,
m. *see* —*junker*; —*partie*, *f.* hunting-match,
hunting-party; —*peiste*, *f.* dog-whistle, dog-
call; —*perde*, *n.* hunting-horse, hunter; —
—*persten*, *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* the port-holes of bow-
chases, *cf.* —*stüd*, 1; —*posten*, *m.* *see* —*hief*;
—*pulver*, *n.* sporting-powder; —*recht*, *n.*
1) (*coll.*) game or forest laws; 2) license
for hunting or shooting, right of hunting;
—*rechtf*, *adj.* concerning the —*recht*, which
see; —*regal*, *n.* the sovereign's exclusive right
of chase; —*reiter*, *m.* huntsman on horseback;
—*revier*, *n.* *see* —*gebiet*; —*rod*, *m.* hunting
frock, shooting-jacket; —*rauf*, *n.* *see* —*flut*;
—*raf*, *m.* call sound of the chase; —*rafte*, *f.*
affair concerning hunting or shooting; —*ratel*,
m. hunting-saddle; —*schütz*, *n.* shooting-
license or certificate; —*schütz*, *n.* *see* *Jagdt*;
—*schützen*, *m.* hunting-soldier; —*schütz*,
hunting-seat; —*schütz*, *m.* French watch-
key; —*schreiber*, *m.* secretary of the venery;
—*sch*, *m.* *see* —*schütz*; —*schütz*, *m.* hunting-
spear; —*schieß*, *m.* *pl.* shooting-boots; —
stüd, *n.* 1) *Mar.* chase-gun, bow-chase, bow-
piece (on board of a man-of-war); 2) *Mar.*
hunting-piece or tune; 3) *Print.* picture rep-
resenting a (scene from the) chase; —*tag*,
m. hunting-day; —*tasche*, *f.* hunting-bag,
game-bag, fowling-bag, birding-pouch, shot-
pouch; —*thier*, *n.* beast of the chase; —*thier*,
n. *pl.* hunting-tells; —*uhr*, *f.* hunting-watch,
French watch; —*wagen*, *m.* hunting-chariot;
—*wesen*, *n.* every thing relating to hunt-
manship or woodcraft; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* *see*
—*lust*; —*zeit*, *f.* shooting season; —*zeug*, *n.*
hunting-equipage, hunting-apparel; —*zint*,
—*zint*, *m.* hunting-horn; —*zug*, *m.* hunting-
stad, hunting-match: four in hand.

Jagen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1) a*) to chase, hunt,
course; to pursue; *einem thier* —, to run a
stag; b) to drive quickly; to follow or succeed
quickly; *Einem den Degen durch den Leib* —,
to run one through, *Einem eine Kugel durch*
den Leib —, to send or put a bullet through
one or one's body; *sich (Dat.) eine Kugel durch*
den Kopf —, to blow one's brains out; 2) *fig.*
in die Hühner —, to send one flying; to put
one to flight; *in Harnisch* —, to exasperate,
provoke; *in Hühner* —, to put in fear, to
frighten; *aus dem Hause* —, to turn (away or)
out of the house; II. *intr.* (*aus. haben & (if*
the direction to a certain place is indicated)

(*sein*) 1) to hunt, to be hunting or shooting;
nach ... a) to hunt after, to give chase to ...;
b) fig. to pursue (pleasure, &c.); *das tolle* —
nach Bergjagungen, the mad pursuit of plea-
sure; 2) to course, chase, to move or run
with great speed; to ride or drive along, to
gallop, to dash or sweep along; to hurry on.
Jager, (*str.* *m.* *Mar.* *see* *Jagdt*; —*rod*, *m.*
see *Jägerhof*, 2.

Jäger, (*str.* *m.* 1) hunter, huntsman,
chaser; gamekeeper; sportsman (amateur);
2) servant-man; 3) *Mar.* rifleman, *chasseur*;
4) *Ornith.* a) Arctic long-tailed gull; b) a spe-
cies of king's fisher; 5) *Mar.* a sort of quick-
sailing vessel, herring-bus; *der wilde* —,
Fab. the wild huntsman, forest fiend.

Jäger ..., *in comp.* —*beere*, *f.* great bil-
berry (*Vaccinoberry*); —*burche*, *m.* huntsman's
boy, huntsman.

Jägerst, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin. of* *Jäger*) *Ichth.*
capelan (*Stercoriborich*). [*hunting ebours.*]
Jägerst, (*str.*, *pl.* *J.-st*) *m.* *Mar.*
Jägerst, (*w.* *f.* 1) huntsmanlike; 2) *coll.*
the huntmen of a country or lord; 3) the
house of a ranger or huntsman, ranger's house.

Jäger ..., *in comp.* —*garn*, *n.* hunting-
net; —*haus*, *n.* —*hof*, *m.* ranger's or hun-
tman's house; —*hühner*, *n.* gamekeeper's
cottage; —*horn*, *n.* *see* *Jagbhorn*.

Jägerin, (*w.* *f.* huntress.
Jägerisch, **Jägerlich**, *adj.* *see* *Jägerst*.
Jäger ..., *in comp.* —*junge*, *m.* *see* —
burche; —*knig*, *m.* ranger's man; —*krant*,
n. *Bot.* alpine ranunculus (*Ranunculus al-*
pestris L.); —*knig*, *f.* huntsmanship; trick
(juggle) exhibited by huntmen. [*man.*]

Jägerling, (*str.* *n.* *coll.* cockney-sports-
Jäger ..., *in comp.* —*mählig*, *adj.* luncoon
after hunting; —*mählig*, *adj.* sportsmanlike;
—*meister*, *m.* master of the huntmen; —
—*meister*, *n.* (*Fr.* *condau de chasse.*

Jägerin, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to practise hun-
tship, to hunt (about).

Jäger ..., *in comp.* —*recht*, 1) hunter's
right; huntsman's fee; 2) quarry, reward (of
the hounds); —*sprache*, *f.* hunting-language,
hunter's cant; —*rod*, *m.* 1) huntsman's staff;
2) *Mar.* jib-boom; —*stüd*, *n.* chine (of a wild
boar &c.); —*tasche*, *f.* *see* *Jagdtasche*; —*vogel*,
n. *see* *Roßvogel*; —*zeug*, *n.* hunting-
equipage, sportsman's implements. [*line*]
Jägerst, (*str.* *m.* *Mar.* towline, towing
Jägerst, (*str.* *m.* *see* *Jagbisch*.
Jägerst, (*str.* *m.* *see* *Palmyruder*.
Jäh, *adj.* 1) precipitous, precipitate, steep,
headlong; 2) hasty, rash, sudden, abrupt;
ein J.-er Stürzen, panic (fear).
Jäh, (*w.*) *f.* 1) abrupt or steep descent
or declivity, steepness; precipice; 2) precipi-
tance, headlong haste or hurry.

Jäherr, (*w.*) *m.* *see* *Jahrberr*.

Jählich, **Jähling**, *l. adj.* *see* *Jäh*; II. or
Jähling, *adv.* 1) precipitously, &c.; 2) ab-
ruptly, suddenly.

Jahr, (*str.* *n.* year, twelve-month; seit
undenklichen J.-en, time out of mind; — und
Jag, a long time; *Law.* a full year; in — und
Jag längstens, within a year at the furthest;
seit — und *Jag*, this year and a day; alle J.-e
or —*für* —, every year; —*aus*, —*ein*, from
one year's end to another; year's end to
year's end; every year; das — hindurch, all
the year round, all through the year; *flüß* —,
a year hence; *biß* —, this year (season);
im nächsten —, next year; er ist hoch in J.-en,
he is of a great age, far gone in years; in
die J.-e or zu J.-en kommen, to get old, to
come to age; in den besten J.-en, in the prime
of life; darüber können noch J.-e hingehen,
it may be years first (or before...); die J.-e (for
Reichthum) stehen, to serve one's apprenticeship;
die J.-e eines Damms. *see* *Jahrdamf*

further side; — der *Städig* x., coll. on the other or wrong side of sixty, &c.

Jen'fettig, *adj.* that lies beyond, further, ulterior, opposite.

Jen'fettig, *I. adv.* 1) on the other side; 2) in the next world, hereafter; II. *prop.* *see* *Jen'frit*; III. (*indecl.*) n. the next life, the world to come.

Jeremia'se, (*w.*) f. Jeremiad.

Jeremi'as, m. Jeremiah, Jeremy (P. N.).

Jerichö'se, (*w.*) f. *Bot.* rose of Jericho (*Anastatica hieracifolia* L.).

Jeru'salem, n. *Geogr.* Jerusalem; das *Be-freite* —, Jerusalem Delivered (Tasso's poem); *Bot.-s.* *S.-apfel*, m. a species of red winter apple; *S.-blume*, f. scarlet lychnis (*Lychnis chalcedonica* L.); *S.-stern*, n. *see* *Himmels-gerste*; *S.-stern*, n. *see* *S.-blume*; *S.-weg*, m. *Archit.* labyrinth.

Jes'us, (*str.*) m. *Ichth.* a species of dace.

Jesuit, (*w.*) m. *Ecol.* Jesuit.

Jesuiten, ..., *in comp.* —*lieb*, n. Jesuit's habit; —*mütze*, —*anzug*, f. *see* *Wesermütze*; —*orden*, m. order of the Jesuits, order, company or society of Jesus; —*pulver*, n. Jesuit's powder; —*schule*, f. college of Jesuits; —*tee*, m. *Bot.* Mexican tea (*Chenopodium ambrosioides* L.); —*tröpfen*, m. pl. *Pharm.* Jesuit's drops.

Jesuit'er, (*str.*) m. *see* *Jesuit*.

Jesuit'erei, (*w.*) f. Jesuitism, Jesuitry.

Jesuit'in, (*w.*) f. Jesuitess. [*unita*]

Jesuit'lich, *adj.* Jesuitical (*adv.* —*ly*), Je-

Jesuit'ismus, m. Jesuitism.

Jesu's, m. (*gener. decl. as in Lat.*) Jesus; — *Christus*, Jesus Christ; im *Namen Jesu*, in the name of Jesus; das *Wort* — *Christi*, *Bibl.* Ecclesiastical; — *blümchen*, n. *Bot.* heart's ease (*Viola tricolor* L.).

Jes'ze, f. (*coll.* *Sett'zen*, (*dimin.*) n.) *abbr.* for *Gerichte*, Harriot, Eitta, Netta.

Jes'zig, *adj.* (*from Jeszt*) present, now existing, prevailing, &c., actual; der *je-zig*, the present or now king; *unter je-zig*, the present modes of thinking; *je-zig*, now a days, in our time, coll. at this time of day; *jum je-zen*, *Genr.* at the current exchange.

Jeszt, + *Jes's*, + *Jes'und*, coll. *Je'sun'ber*, I. *adv.* now, at present; anon, by this time; *gleich* —, immediately, instantly; *nur* — *erst*, *eben* —, gerabe —, but just now; *für* —, for the present; *bis* —, till now; *as yet*, hitherto; *von* — *an*, henceforth, from this time forward; II. s. (*indecl.*) n. the present (time or moment); III. *in comp.* —*malig*, *provinc.* *see* *Jeszig*; —*malig*, *adv.* now, at present; —*weil*, f. present, actual world.

Jes'zellig, *adj.* for the time being.

Jo'schim (*contr.* *Joch'im*, *Joch'en*), m. *Jeholachin*, Joachim (P. N.).

Jod's, m. *abbr.* for *Jodocus*.

Jod's, s. I. (*str.*, pl. *Jod's*, coll. *Jod's*) n. 1) *lit. & fig.* yoke; *Yegus* im —, Pegasus in harness; 2) yoke (for carrying pails); 3) *see* *Brüdenjoch*; 4) chain or ridge of mountains; 5) yoke (a measure of land); 6) *Mar.* gang-beard; 7) trellis-work for vines growing in the open field; *cin* — *Oxien*, a yoke of oxen; II. *in comp.* —*bein*, n. *Anat.* yoke-bone, syngoma, syngomatic bone, cheek-bone; —*bein* *naht*, f. *Anat.* syngomatic suture; —*binde*, f. *Surg.* scapulary bandage; —*bogen*, m. syngomatic arch; —*brücke*, f. bridge resting upon pila or props; —*fertig*, m. *Anat.* syngomatic process; —*gelen*, m. *see* *Rümmertgelen*; —*helm*, m. cap, sill, capping; —*hölzer*, n. pl. *Min.* stamipes, cross-bars of wood supporting a shaft; —*muskel*, m. pl. syngomatic muscles; —*ochs*, m. yoke-ox; —*pfeil*, m. bridge-pile; —*spannung*, —*weite*, f. T. span of a bridge-bay; —*träger*, m. pl. T. cross-beams of a bridge.

Jod's, (*str.*, pl. *Jod's*) m. *Zool.* orang-outang (*Pithecus satyrus* L.).

A. Jod's, (*pr.* *yöt*), (*str.*, pl. *Jod's*) n. (*Hebr.* *yod*) *see* *Jot*.

B. Jod's x., *see* *Jod*, p. 458.

Jod'seln, *Jod'seln*, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to sing in the Swiss or Tyrolean style. [(P. N.).]

Jodocus (*contr.* *Jod'sel*, *Jod'sel*), m. *Joyce*

Johann', *Johann'ed*, m. *John* (P. N.); — ohne *Rand*, *John* Lackland.

Johann'us, *Johann'us*, f. *Johanna*, *Joan*, *Jane* (P. N.).

Johanne'lich, *adj.* *Johannine*.

Johann'id (*Lat. Gen.* of *Johannes*), m. *John's*, coll. (*or* *Johann*) for —*tag*; *in comp.* —*äpfel*, m. *Pomol.* *John* apple, goniting; dwarf apple; —*beer*, f. (*fig.* *warze*, *toth*, black, red) currant (*Ribes nigrum* L. *or* *rubrum* L.); —

—*beer* *saft*, m. currant-juice; —*beer* *saube*, f., —*beer* *strauch*, m. currant-bush; —*beer* *wein*, m. currant-wine; —*blume*, f. *see* *Reißfische*;

—*blut*, n. 1) *Bot.* a) knawel (*Scieranthus annuus* L.); b) common St John's wort (*Hypericum perforatum* L.); 2) *Entom.* kermes of Poland; —*brat*, n. St. John's bread; —*brat* *baum*, m. *Bot.* carob-tree (*Carantia alba* L.); —*füßel*, f. *Bot.* yellow moth-mullein (*Verbascum thapsus* L.); —*feß*, n. midsummer day, St. John's day; —*feßer*, n. St. John's fire;

—*flüge*, f. *Entom.* Spanish fly (*Spanische Fliege*); —*gürtel*, m. *Bot.* common club-moss (*Lycopodium clavatum* L.); —*haub*, f. *see* —*wurzel*;

—*jünger*, pl. *Ecol.* christians of St. John; —*läster*, m. *Antom.* 1) glow worm (*Lampyrus splendidus* L.); 2) *see* *Juni-läster*;

—*lehn*, n. *Bot.* a species of rye; —*lehn*, n. *Bot.* St. John's wort (*Hypericum* L.); —*nacht*, f. midsummernight, night of St. John's day; —*nuz*, f. St. John's nut; —*öl*, n. oil of St. John's wort; —*öhr*, n. *see* *Judas-öhr*;

—*pfirsche*, f. early peach, midsummer-peach; —*ritter*, m. *see* *Johannitterritter*;

—*tag*, m. *see* —*feß*; —*traube*, f. 1) *see* —*beer*; 2) bunch of currants; —*wedel*, m. *Bot.* meadow-sweet; —*weitz*, f. the 27th of December; —*wurm*, m., —*würmchen*, n. *see* —*läster*, 1;

—*wur*, f. *see* *Bertram*, 2, a.

Johannit'er, (*str.*) m. knight of St. John;

—*meister*, m. grand-master (prior) of the order of Malta; —*orden*, m. order of Malta;

—*ritter*, m. knight of the order of Malta, Hospitalier. [St. John.]

Johannit'erin, (*w.*) f. nun of the order of *St. J.*, (*str.*) m. *beul* jack.

Jol'en, (*w.*) v. *see* *Jobeln*.

Jol'ic, *Jol'ic*, (*w.*) f. *Mar.* yawl, jolly-boat; wherry; *S.-nährer*, m. wherry-man;

Jod'tas, n. girl-line, yard rope.

Jon'as, m. *Jonah*, *Jonas* (P. N.); — *fisch*, —*hai*, m. *Ichth.* white shark (*Carcharias vulgaria* C.); —*fürst*, m. *Bot.* a species of bottle gourd.

* *Jon'ke*, (*w.*) f. (Chinese) junk.

* *Jonquill'e* (*pr.* *zhongk'ly'el*), (*w.*) f. (Fr.) *Bot.* jonquil.

Jop'e, (*w.*) f. *see* *Jupe*.

Jör'e, (*w.*) f. *see* *Jör*. [suckle.]

Jör'ger'se, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* wild honey-*Jos'eph*, m. *Joseph* (*abbr.* *Joe*, *Joey*) (P. N.).

Jos'eph, ..., *in comp.* *S.-birne*, f. *Pomol.* jargonelle; *Bot.-s.* *S.-blume*, f. *Joseph's* flower (*Edelbart*); —*weizen*, m. a variety of turgid wheat.

Jos'eph'e, *Jos'eph'ne*, f. *Josephine* (P. N.).

Jos'ua, m. *Joshua* (P. N.).

Jot, (*str.*, pl. *Jot's*) n. (*cf.* *Jota*; the letter) j (*Wieland*, &c.); *Jott*: *Freiligrath*, &c. *cf.* *Sanders*; coll. *jot*, small portion, tittle, point.

Jot'a, n. (*properly* *Jot'a*, *Gr.* *iota*, the vowel i) *Gramm.* *iota*, *jot*; *kein* —, not an *iota*, not a *jot*.

Jour, à — (*pr.* à *shöer*), (Fr.) 1) Book-

keep, up to this day; 2) —*gefaßt*, set without a foil (diamond).

* *Journ'al* (*pr.* *zhurn'al*), (*str.*) n. (Fr.) journal, magazine; *Comm.* day-book, journal;

waste-book; *frühling* —, review; *ins* — *ein-tragen*, *Journ'alist'ren*, (*w.*) v. *fr. Comm.* to journalise (articles); die *Kasse* *Journ'alist'ren*, to bring the cash through the journal. — *Journ'alist*, (*w.*) m. journalist, magazine-writer, reviewer. — *Journ'alist'ik*, (*w.*) f. journalism.

* *Jovial*, *Jovia'lich*, *adj.* (Fr.) jovial.

— *Jovialität*, (*w.*) f. jovialness, joviality.

Ju'bart, (*str.*) m. *see* *Jupiter* (d) *fisch*.

Ju'bel, s. I. (*str.*) m. jubilation; loud re-

joicing, cheers; exultation, mirth; public joy; II. *in comp.* —*brant*, f. bride jubilant;

—*bräutigam*, m. bridegroom jubilant; —*feier*, f., —*feß*, n. jubilee; —*freude*, f. joy of jubilee, exultation; —*gesang*, m. song of jubilee; —

—*gefreit*, m. cry of jubilee, hurra; —*gret*, m. an old man who holds a jubilee of his birth, marriage, charge, dignity or preferment; —

—*hochzeit*, f. jubilee nuptials; —*jahr*, n. *Jew. Ant. & Rom. Cath.* year of jubilee; —*lieb*, n. song of jubilee; carol.

Ju'beln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to rejoice, cheer, exult, triumph.

Ju'bel..., *in comp.* —*paar*, n. married couple celebrating the jubilee of their mar-

riage; —*preisigt*, f. jubilee-sermon; —*riefter*, m. priest jubilant; —*ruß*, m. acclamation, shout, cheer; —*schmaus*, m. jubilee-banquet;

—*ton*, m. joyous accent; —*wohl*, *adj.* extremely joyful or happy.

* *Jubilar*, (*str.*) m. *see* *Jubelgeis*.

* *Jubila'm*, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Ju'ba*, or [*w.*] *Ju'ba*) n. (L. *Lat.*) jubilee. — *Jubill'ren*, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to jubilate, exult, triumph.

Juch', *Juch'e!*, *Juch'e!sal* *interj.* *vulg.* hurra! hey-day!

Juch'art, *Juch'ert*, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* yoke

Juch'ten, (*str.*) m. *Comm.* Muscovy leather, Russia leather, juffa, juffa; in — *gebunden*, bound in Russia; —*hüte*, f. pl. red hides, Russia hides.

[for joy.]

Juch'zen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to hurra, to shout

Juch'zen, (*w.*) f. *Bot.* cowhage (*Mucuna pruriens* L.).

Juch'en, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) to itch; die *Dürrn* — *ihm*, his ears itch; die *Haut* (der *Dürrn*) *just* *ihm*, he is itching for a drubbing;

die *Rehle* *just* *ihm*, he stands a good chance of being hanged; II. *tr.* (*impers.*) to rub, scratch, irritate; to itch; es *just* *mich* auf der *Haut*, my skin is irritable; *mei's* *just*, der *frage* *fisch*, proverb, the galled jaded winces!

das —, (*str.*) v. s. itching, itch, prurience.

Juch's, (*str.*) m. *vulg.* 1) joke; 2) spree, lark; 3) dirt; trash.

Ju'da, m. *Judah* (P. N.).

Ju'da, n. *Geogr.* Judea.

Ju'da'lich, *adj.* Judaic, pertaining to Judea.

Ju'de'it'ren, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to Judaize.

Ju'de'it'mus, (*vulg. indecl.*, pl. [*w.*] *Ju'men*) m. Judaism.

Ju'das, m. 1) *Judas*, *Judah* (P. N.); 2) *fig.* traitor; —*baum*, m. *Bot.* Judan-tree (*Cercis aliquidum* L.); —*born*, n. *see* *Judenborn*, 1;

—*gruß*, m. false salutation; —*haß*, m. kiss of a traitor, treacherous kiss; —*öhr*, n. *see* *Dyr-schmaus*; —*schweiß*, m. extreme anguish.

Ju'de'lege, *see* *Ju'de'lege*.

Ju'de, (*w.*) m. 1) *Jew*; 2) (*S. G.*) long beard; *schlägt* du mir den *J-n*, *schlag* ich deinen *J-n*, coll. *lit.* for tat. [*nor*, or dialect.]

Ju'de'el, (*w.*) f. 1) usury; 2) Jewish man.

Ju'de'ia, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) to carry on usury; 2) to write, speak, express one's self like a Jew; to judaize. [2] *see* *Ju'de'ia*, 1.

Ju'den, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) to act like a Jew;

Ju'den, ..., *in comp.* —*äpfel*, m. 1) *see* *Reichapfel*; 2) *Bot.* tomato (*Reichapfel*); —*art*,

f. Jewish manner; *nach* —art, Jewishly; —baum, *m.* Bot. Christ's thorn (*Palustris austriaca*); —bazar, (*Judenbazar*) *m.* market-place for Jews; —bode, *f.* —bäcker, *n.* see —firche; —bota, *m.* Bot. see —baum; —eib, *m.* Jew's oath; —feber, *f.* narrow leaved cotton-gram (*Eriophorum angustifolium* L.); —fisch, *m.* Ichth. hammer-headed shark (*Hammer*, 5); —gasse, *f.* Jew's street; —gemeine, *f.* see Judenchaft; —haz, *n.* see —pech; —hof, *m.* see —bazar; —hut, *m.* see —firche; —hütlein, *n.* see —baum; —firche, *f.* Bot. winter-cherry (*Physalis Alkekengi* L.); —kraut, *n.* Bot. nose-blood (*Achillea millefolium* L.); —land, *n.* cont. country inhabited by Jews, Judea; —lein, *m.* see —pech; —name, *m.* Jewish name; —nuss, *f.* five-leaved bladder-nut; —palme, *f.* palmetto leaf; —pappel, *f.* Jew's mallow (*Cochlospermum alvius* L.); —pech, *n.* asphaltos, Jew's-pitch. [*for* district (collectively).]

Judenchaft, (*w.*) *f.* the Jews of a place
Judenchaftlich, *adj.* relating to the body of the Jews.

Juden ..., *in comp.* —schule, *f.* synagogue; —schutz, *m.* protection granted to the Jews; —schugel, *n.* see —frucht; —spiel, *m.* coll. excessive usury; mit dem —spiel laufen, to practise excessive usury; —sprache, *f.* Jewish dialect; —stalt, *f.* see —dickeit; —stein, *m.* Jew's-stone; —steuer, *f.* duty paid by the Jews; —tempel, *m.* synagogue.

Judenstüm, (*str.*) *n.* Judaism; Jewishness.
Juden ..., *in comp.* —dickeit, *n.* (in large cities) a district inhabited by Jews, Jewry; —weibstuch, *m.* Jew's frankincense; —wucher, *m.* unlawful usury.

Judenzen, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* see Juden & Judein.
Juden ..., *in comp.* —jagd, *m.* coll. pious Polonica.
* *Jubilate* *beni*, (*w.*) *n.* see Handelsgericht.

* *Jubilate* *beni*, *pl.* law-expenses (*Gericke*).
Jüdin, (*w.*) *f.* Jewess.
Jüdisch, *I. adj.* Judaical, Jewish; *das* *J-* Land, Judea; *das* *J-*, Jewishness; *II. adv.* in a Jewish manner, like a Jew; Judaically, Jewishly.

Jüdisch, *f.* Judith (*P. N.*) [*for* ships.
Jüfser, *m.* *pl.* *Mar.* a sort of short masts
Jüfser, (*str.*) *m.* see Juchten.

Jugend, *s. I. f.* 1) youth; adolescence; 2) *coll.* young people or persons, the youth; *von* — auf (an), from one's youth, from a boy (girl), man and boy (woman and girl); *in* meiner —, when (I was) young; — hat keine Jugend, *anad.* we cannot put old heads upon young shoulders; *II. in comp.* —alter, *n.* youth, juvenile days or years; —anfang, *m.* bloom of youth, dawn of pubescence; —blüte, *f.* flower or bloom of youth, prime of life; —erinnerung, *f.* youthful remembrance; —febler, *m.* youthful fault; —feuer, *n.* fire, heat or mettle of youth, juvenile ardour; —freude, *f.* joy of youth; —freund, *m.* —freundin, *f.* early friend; —fülle, *f.* fulness, exuberance of youth; —gefühlte, *m.* see —grösse; —genosse, *m.* companion of youth; —glut, —hige, *f.* see —frucht; —jahre, *n. pl.* early (or juvenile) years; —kraft, *f.* vigour of youth, youthful strength; —land, *n.* land of one's youth; —leben, *n.* —lebens, *m.* life, teacher of youth.

Jugendlich, *I. adj.* juvenile, youthful, young; *II. J-* *feit*, (*w.*) *f.* youthfulness.

Jugend ..., *in comp.* —flebe, *f.* early attachment, coll. old flame; —lust, *f.* —reiz, *m.* pleasure, charm of youth; —schriften, *f. pl.* juvenile books; —schriften, *m.* juvenile writer; —flam, *m.* juvenile disposition; —freud, *m.* youthful prank; juvenile trick (action); —fübe, *f.* sin, fault of one's youth; —tummel, *m.* wildness, ravings of youth; —

traum, *m.* youthful dream; —welt, *f.* 1) the world in its prime; 2) young people; —zeit, *f.* youth, juvenile days or years.

Juhäsigte, (*w.*) *f.* Zool. whidaw-goat.

Juli, see Jule.

Jul'e, *f.* *Juli* (*dimin.*) *n.* *abbr.* for *Juli*.

Juli, *m.* (the month of) July.

Julian, *m.* Julian (*P. N.*). — *Julia* *ne*, *f.*

Juliana, *Gillian* (*P. N.*). — *Julia* *nisch*, *adj.*

Julian.

Julisch, *n.* *Geogr.* Juliers, Glatlach.

Julie, *f.* Julia, July (*P. N.*).

Julisch, *adj.* Julian (*Wipen*, *alpe*).

Julius, *m.* 1) Julius (*P. N.*); 2) see *Juli*.

Jung, *adv.* (*comp.* *junger*, *superl.* *jüngst*)

1) young; youthful; 2) *fig.* new, fresh; early: *J-* *die*, day-ice; *J-* *die* *Erde*, young married couple; *J-* *die* *Erde*, flesh or meat of young animals; *J-* *die* *Erde*, land but lately drained; *der J-* *die* *Erde*, or Leg, early morning or day; *J-* *die* *Erde*, *J-* *die* *Erde*, new beer, wine; *in* *meiner J-* *die* *Erde*, or *Erde*, in my early life, *cf.* *Jugend*; *von* — auf, see *Jugend*; *ein J-* *die* *Erde*, a young man become old before his time; *J-* *die* *Erde*, tender branches; *die* *Erde*, *Erde*, 1, she married early in life; — *werden*, 1, to become young; 2, *provinc.* to be born; — *gewohn*, all gotten, proverb, what is bred in the bone, will never come out of the flesh.

Jung, *s. I. (w.) m. coll.* (*for* Knabe) 1) boy, lad, stripling, youth; 2) apprentice; *II. n.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) young; *ein J-*, a young one; *cab*: whelp; puppy (of dogs, &c.); post (of fowls); *das* — *von einem Elefanten*, calf of an elephant; — *werden*, to bring forth (or to be delivered of) young; to puppy, whelp (of dogs); to cub (of conies, hares); to fawn (of deer).

Jungmägde, (*str.*, *pl.* *J-mägde*) *f.* *provinc.* house-maid, chamber-maid.

Jungen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* see *Junge werden*; *II. or J-* *werden*, (*w.*) 1) *v. tr.* to make young; 2) *v. intr. & refl.* to become young (*Werden*).

Jungen ..., *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* boyish work, work for boys, work done by apprentices; —haft, —mäßig, *adj.* boyish; —jahre, *n. pl.* years of boyhood or apprenticeship; —hosen, *f. pl.* see —strich; —recht, *n. Law*, right of juniority; —reiter, *m. Min.* overseer of the apprentices; —reiter, *m.* boyish trick.
Junger, *I. comp.* of *Jung*, younger, junior; later; *cine Dame, welche vier Jahre* — *war als er*, a lady (by) four years his junior; *II. s. (str.) m.*, *Junger*, (*w.*) *f.* disciple (*Christi*, of Christ), adherent, follower; *die* — *der Bistumschaft*, the devotees of science.
Junger, (*w.*) *f.* state of being a disciple.

Junger, *s. I. (w.) f.* 1) virgin, maid, maiden; *Law*, spinster; 2) (as a title) miss; — *Schwartz*, Miss Schwarz (*Gräfin* ..., *more gener. used*); — *Rosemisch*, coll. Miss Pert; 3) chamber-maid; 4) *T.* see *Handstamm*; 5) *Mar.* dead eye, block; 6) *Entom.* see *Wasserjungfer*; 7) †, maiden, an instrument for executing a person; 8) *f.* *for* *Erbschütterer*, which see; 9) *fig.* maiden fortress; *cine alte* —, an old maid, coll. tabby; *Bot-s. die* — *in* (*den*) *Garren*, *im* *Grünen*, *im* *Reife*, *im* *Grüne* or *im* *Reife*, fennel-flower, the devil in a bush (*Edwards*); *die* *nette* —, meadow-saffron (*Herbstzeitlose*); *die* — *aus* *Rumbien*, *Ornith.* Namidian hen or crane, buffalo bird (*Anthropoides virgo* L.); *II. in comp.* see *Jungfrau*...

Junger, *I. adj.* see *Jungfräulich*; 2) coll. timid, coy; *prim.* coyish; *II. J-* *feit*, (*w.*) *f.* maiden shyness, coyishness.

Junger ..., *in comp.* —alana, *m.* native alana; —antiqua, *f.* *Typ.* brevier; —betre, *f.* Bot. black-currant (*Ribes nigrum* L.); —blaze, *f.* virgin-see, bee belonging to the first swarm

of a hive; —blei, *n.* *Minor.* virgin lead; —blüte, *f.* Bot. round-leaved sundew (*Drosera rotundifolia* L.); —bogen, *m.* Bot. virgin's bowler (*Clavella* L.); —bistel, *f.* see *Gertrabistel*; —erde, *f.* virgin earth; —fenster, *n.* Archit. flat-roofed dormer-window; —fleher, *n.* see *Strickheit*; —finger, *m.* †, ring-finger; —glas, *n.* see *Grünglas*; —gold, *n.* pure gold; —groß, *m.* Bot. greater stitchwort (*Stellaria holostea* L.); —haar, *n.* Bot. golden maiden-hair (*Epithymum*); —herring, *n.* herring on the point of spawning (the best quality of Dutch herrings); —hütchen, *n.* *Anat.* hy-men; —honig, *m.* virgin-honey, maiden-honey; —hüter, *m.* lady-bird (*Brachydactylus*); —kamm, *m.* Bot. lady's comb (*Sonchella pedes* L.); —kell, *m.* *pl.* *Comm.* first quills, first or prime; —kell, *n.* 1) bastard; 2) firstborn child; —kell, *m.* man slavishly devoted to the female sex, beast, top; —kell, *f.* green sickness (*Chlorosis*); —kell, *m.* 1) bridal garland or wreath; 2) Bot. lesser periwinkle (*Vincetoxicum* L.); —kell, *f.* 1) crown of virginity; 2) see —kell, 2; —kell, *f.* see *Blaukell*; —kell, *f.* *Chem.* virgin's milk, bosonin; —kell, *f.* *pl.* *Comm.* milkline; —kell, *m.* see —kell; —kell, *f.* Bot. maiden plink (*Dianthus virginicus*); —kell, *n.* virgin-oll; —pergament, *n.* vellum, a fine sort of parchment; —pflanze, *f.* maiden-plum; —quell, *m.* *Minor.* native or virgin mercury; —raub, *m.* rapa, ravishment; —räuber, *m.* ravisher; —rebe, *f.* Bot. five-leaved ivy, Virginia creeper (*Ampelopsis heterocarpa* W.); —rebe, *f.* Gard. maiden's blush, white rose.

Junger, (*w.*) *f.* see *Jungfräulich*.

Junger ..., *in comp.* —schrift, *f.* *Typ.* minion (a kind of small printing type); —schwamm, *m.* Bot. virgin-agaric (*Agaricus virginicus*); —schwamm, *m.* Bot. virgin-swarm; —schwamm, *m.* *Minor.* native or virgin sulphur; —raub, *m.* see *Jungfräulich*; —raub, *f.* see —frucht; —raub, *m.* panicked tobacco (*Nicotiana paniculata* L.); —raub, *n.* virgin-wax, unwrought-wax; —raub, *f.* Bot. common black bryony (*Tamus communis* L.); —raub, *m.* enclosed place for females, nunnery.

Junger, (*w.*) *f.* 1) virgin, maid; 2) *Anat.* virgo; *die* — *von* *Orlando*, the maid of Orlando; *die* *war* *jetzt* — *herangewachsen*, she had grown up to maidenhood; *die* *heilige* —, Maria, the holy or blessed Virgin, our Lady.
Junger, (*w.*) *f.* 1) maiden, becoming a virgin, maidenly, maidenlike; *J-* *die* *Erde*, virgin soil; 2) see *Jungfräulich*; *II. J-* *feit*, (*w.*) *f.* maidenliness. [*in* *Septembor*.]

Junger, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* new moon
Junger, (*w.*) *f.* virginity, maidenhood.

Junger, (*w.*) *m.* bachelor, single man;

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Junger, (*w.*) *m.* bachelor, single man;

calker's bench; —*boden*, *f.* pl. graving docks; —*eisen*, *n.* calking-iron; —*hammer*, *m.* calking mallet; —*werg*, *n.* oakum.

* *Kalk'ferr*, (*n.*) *v. fr. (Fr.)* Mar. to calc. — *Kalkferr*, (*str.*) *n.* see *Kalk*.

Kalkonium, see *Calaphonium*.

Kalk, (*str.*) *n.* (Arab.) 1) Bot. glass-wort (*Salsola kali* L.); 2) Chem.-s. potash, potassa, kali; —*alum*, *n.* Chem. sulphate of alumine; —*salz*, *f.* see *Kalium*; —*blein*, *n.* prussiate of lime; —*cyanid*, *n.* cyanide of potassium; —*flüßigkeits*, —*lange*, *f.* potash-lye, alkaline liquor, liquor potassae; —*hydrat*, *n.* hydrate of potassa; —*metall*, *n.* see *Kalium*.

* *Kalk*, (*str.*) *n.* see *Kalium*.

* *Kalk'c*, (*w.*) *f.* (Sax.) goulder-rose. *Kalkflanze*, (*w.*) *f.* berry-bearing glass-wort, anabasis (*Kali*, 1).

* *Kalk'f*, *Kalkif*, (*w.*) *m.* (Arab.) Calif. — *Kalkferr*, *Kalkif*, (*str.*) *n.* Calistate, Calisthipe.

Kalk ..., *in comp.* —*faltpeter*, *m.* nitrate of potash; —*salz*, *n.* nitrate of potash; —*schwefelsäure*, *f.* sulphuric acid; —*lösung*, *f.* alkaline solution; —*strahl*, *m.* see *Flamm*; —*urmelin*, *m.* *Minor* schorl, schorl.

* *Kalkium*, *n.* Chem.-s. potassium, kalium, metallic base of potassa; —*iodid*, *n.* iodide of potassium; —*isobut*, *n.* isobut of potassium; —*peroxyd*, *n.* peroxyde of potassium; —*wasserstoffgas*, *n.* hydrosulphuric acid.

Kalk, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor* & *Chem.* lime; *Chem.* calc. in — *verwandeln*, *v. tr.*, zu — *werden*, *v. intr.* to calcine; zu — *brennen*, to calcine, to burn to lime; *gebrannt* —, quick lime; mit — *besetzen*, to rough-sand, parget; eine Wand mit — *besetzen*, to whitewash or plaster a wall.

Kalk ..., *in comp.* —*ablagerungen*, *f.* pl. fossil calcareous sediments; —*abwässer*, *m.* *Minor* calcareous alabaster; —*austrieß*, *m.* whitewash; —*austrich*, *m.* parget of lime; —*arbeit*, *f.* plaster-work; —*artig*, *adj.* calcareous, limy, testaceous (medicines &c.); —*artigleitet*, *f.* calcareousness; *zum* —, *Äpfel*, *m.* lime-pit; —*bad*, *n.* lime-pit (of sugar-refineries); —*bad*, *n.* water impregnated with lime, lime-water; —*bett*, *n.* *Mar.*, &c. lime-basin; —*beule*, *f.* *Med.* chalky swelling; —*boden*, *n.* *Agr.* calcareous or limy soil; —*brei*, *m.* lime-paste; —*brennen*, *n.* —*brand*, *m.* lime-burning; —*brenner*, *m.* lime-burner; —*brennerlei*, *f.* 1) see —*brennen*; 2) lime-kiln; —*bruch*, *m.* limestone-pit; —*brüche*, *f.* *Thun.* 1) lime-water; 2) lime-pit; —*brust*, *f.* lime-pit; —*brust*, *m.* vapours arising from fresh mortar; —*brufen*, *f.* pl. *Minor* calcareous spar; —*büngung*, *f.* *Agr.* a manuring with lime; —*eisenstein*, *m.* *Minor* calcareous or lime-ironstone.

Kalken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) *Thun.* to soak in lime-water, to lime (hides); *b*) to sprinkle with lime-water, to lime; 2) to mix with lime; 3) to whitewash (*Einmalen*).

Kalk ..., *in comp.* —*erde*, *f.* calcareous earth; —*erbig*, *adj.* calcareous; —*ertrich*, *n.* lime-floor, *c.* *Ertrich*; —*faß*, *n.* 1) lime-tub; 2) or —*fäßchen*, *n.* mortar-trough, hod; —*fels*, *m.* *Minor* Labrador-felspar; —*fels*, *m.* calcareous rock; —*fließ*, *m.* *Minor* turmaline, schorl; —*flüßig*, *adj.* calciform; —*fuge*, *f.* seam of mortar; —*geßirge*, *n.* calcareous or lime-stone mountains, chalk-hills; —*geß*, *m.* *Minor* pharmacolite; —*grube*, *f.* lime-pit or basin; —*guß*, *m.* thin-mortar; —*harn*, *m.* see —*trübe*; —*häßig*, *adj.* limy, calciferous; —*hütte*, *f.* a shed in which lime is slackened; —*hydrat*, *m.* slaked lime, slack-lime. [*limy*, calcareous.]

Kalklicht, *Kalkig*, *adj.* limelike; chalky. *Kalkferr*, (*w.*) *v. fr. T.* to calc. cover (the back of a design) with chalk.

Kalk ..., *in comp.* —*lassen*, *m.* T. 1) lime-

pit; 2) mortar-tub; —*keile*, *f.* trowel; —*keisel*, *m.* *Minor* calcareous siliceous lime; —*krant*, *n.* Bot. *Gypsophila* (*Gypsophila* L.); —*krüde*, *f.* beater; —*kübel*, *m.* mortar-tub or pail; —*lange*, *f.* lime-lye; —*leber*, *f.* Chem. sulphate of lime; —*licht*, *n.* Chem. lime light, oxycalcium light, Drummond light (light of incandescent lime); —*leß*, *n.* see —*grube*; —*material*, *f.* fresco-painting; —*meß*, *n.* powder of lime; —*mergel*, *m.* *Minor* calcareous marl; —*metall*, *n.* *Minor* calcium; —*milch*, *f.* milk of lime; —*mörtel*, *m.* *Mar.* mortar; —*mühle*, *f.* lime-mill; —*maße*, *f.* see —*faß*, 2; —*niederzuschlage*, *m.* pl. see —*ablagern*; —*ofen*, *m.* lime-kiln; —*öl*, *n.* lime-oil, chloride of lime; —*putz*, *m.* *Mar.* (feiner) fine stuff (grober) coarse stuff; —*rauh*, *m.* cream of lime; —*röste*, *f.* layer of wood and lime-stones to be burnt to lime; —*salpeter*, *m.* *Minor* calcareous nitre; —*salz*, *n.* Chem. salt of lime, wall-salt; —*senb*, *m.* 1) calcareous sand; 2) sand to be mixed with lime; —*schiefer*, *m.* calcareous slate; —*schlatten*, pl. hollows in calcareous stones; —*schwefelsäure*, *f.* Chem. trisulphuric acid of sulphated calcium; *Minor* — *flüster*, *m.* calc-sinter; —*spat*, *m.* calcareous spar, calc-spar, lime-spar; —*stein*, *m.* see —*meß*; —*stein*, *m.* lime-stone, calcareous stone; —*steinbruch*, *m.* limestone quarry; *Minor* — *taff*, *m.* calcareous tale; —*taffspat*, *m.* dolomite; —*thunfischeier*, *m.* calcareous clay-slate; —*tuß*, *m.* tuffaceous lime-stone, calc- or calcareous tuff; —*tünche*, *f.* see —*milch*.

Kalk'ferr, (*str.*) *m.*, *Kalkferr*, (*w.*) *f.* turkey-cook, turkey-hen (*Ertrich*, *Ertrich*).

Kalk ..., *in comp.* —*wab*, *n.* *Minor* foliated black manganese; —*wand*, *f.* plaster-wall; —*wasser*, *n.* Pharm. lime-water; —*weiß*, *f.* see —*milch*; —*wolle*, *f.* skinner's wool; —*wur*, *m.* rough-cast; —*wurm*, *m.* *Zool* serpulæ.

* *Kalkigraph*, (*w.*) *m.* (Gr.) calligrapher. — *Kalkigraphie*, (*w.*) *f.* calligraphy. — *Kalkigraphie*, *adj.* calligraphic.

Kalm, *Mar.-s.* (*str.*) *m.* & *adj.* calm.

* *Kalman*, (*str.*) *m.* (Fr. *calmann*) Comm. callimanco; *beppeter* —, double callimanco, lasting. — *Kalman'ferr*, *adj.* made of callimanco.

Kalman'fer, (*str.*) *m.* *Ind.* 1) musser; do-tard; anchor; 2) *provinc.* miser.

Kalman'ferr, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to muse, to be in a brown study; 2) *provinc.* to live niggardly.

Kal'men, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Mar.* to be calm, *Kalmer*, (*str.*) *m.* see *Dünnfisch*.

Kalmer, (*w.*) *f.* see *Kalm*.

Kalmer', (*str.*) *m.* Comm. bear-skin.

Kalmer', *Kalmer'*, (*w.*) *m.*, *Kalm*, (*w.*) *f.* Calmuc, Calmouck, Kalmuck (a people in Central Asia).

Kalmer'isch, *Kalmer'isch*, *adj.* Calmuc, *Kal'mus*, *Kal'mel* &c., see *Kal*...

Kalt, *adj.* 1) cold; frigid, chill; 2) *fig.* cold, cool; unconcerned, insensible, indifferent, reserved; er *bleib* bei *l-e* *Blut*, he kept his temper, *coll.* he took it coolly; mir *ist* *es* *so* *mit* —, I am or feel cold; — *machen*, 1. to chill; 2. *coll.* to murder; — *himmern*, *T.* to cold-beat; — *helfen*, *Min.* to dig out the stone without blasting; — *preffen*, *Coll.* to cold-press; *l-e* *Stüden*, damp places (in walls); *l-e* *Pisse*, *coll.* see *Stüden*; *l-e* *Stüden*, *Min.* stubborn scoria; ein *l-er* *Schweiß*, a cold perspiration, a chilly sweat; ein *l-er* *Schlag*, a clap of thunder not attended by ignition; *das* *l-e* *Pfeffer*, *ague*; *die* *l-e* *Pfeffer*, *Sport* dry-foot; *l-e* *Rüde*, cold meat; *l-e* *Hände*, *warmer* *Pfeffer*, *proverb*, a warm heart.

Kalt ..., *in comp.* —*besetzt*, *besetzt*,

adj. T. cold drawn; —*betel*, *m.* see —*meißel*; —*blüßig*, *adj.* T. hard to be rendered fusible, refractory; —*blüßig*, *m.* amphibious animal; —*blüßig*, *I. adj.* 1) having cold blood, cold-blooded; 2) *fig.* cold, quiet, deliberate, cool-headed; ein —*blüßiger* *Hand*, a cool hand; II. *adj.* coldly, in cold blood; —*blüßigkeits*, *f.* 1) cold-bloodedness; 2) cold blood, calmness, coolness, equanimity; presence of mind, composedness, deliberateness; stoicism; —*bruch*, *m.* brittleness when cold (of iron); —*brüßig*, *adj.* brittle when cold (of iron); —*brüßig* *Eisen*, cold-short iron.

Kälte, (*w.*) *f.* *lit.* & *fig.* cold, coldness, chill, chilliness, frigidity, frigidness; cold weather; —*erzeugen*, *adj.* *Phys.* frigorific; —*grad*, *m.* degree of cold.

Kälte, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* *fein*) to grow cold (*Erkalten*).

Kälte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chill; mit *Eis* —, *Kälte* ..., *in comp.* —*gerig*, *adj.* *Minor* sulphary; —*gründig*, *adj.* cold and damp (of soil); —*gerig*, *adj.* cold-hearted; indifferent.

Kälte, *adj.* coldish, chilly.

Kälte, (*str.*) *m.* (L. *n.*) cold or indifferent person.

Kälte ..., *in comp.* —*meißel*, *m.* T. cold chisel; —*nagel*, *f.* T. dry-point, point; —*nagel*, *m.* cold-forged nail; —*saft*, *f.* a cold beverage or soup made of beer or wine with grated bread, sugar, lemon, &c., or fruit, such as straw-berries, currants, &c.; —*schädel*, *m.* *provinc.* see *Wöbder*; —*schlag*, *m.* T. anvil on which copper is beaten without fire; —*schmidt*, *m.* brasier; —*silber*, *m.* mixture of tartar and calcined silver; —*stun*, *m.* —*stunigkeit*, *f.* coldness, frigidity; indifference; —*stunig*, *adj.* cold, frigid, cool, frosty, indifferent; —*wasser*, *f.* cold-water cure; —*wasser* —*Heilanstalt*, *n.* cold water cure, hydropathic establishment.

Kälte, *pl.* *Mar.* see *Kälte*, 2.

* *Kamel*, (*str.*) *n.* *pl.* see *Kamel*.

Kamel, *v. l.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Zool* camel (*Camelus* L.); 2) "cable," according to an untenable interpretation of *Matth.* 19, 24; the word camel is often used in *Oriental* *similes*, *c.* *Matth.* 23, 24, &c.; 3) *Mod.* camel (a machine for raising ships); 4) *coll.* blockhead; II. *in comp.* —*bad*, *m.* see *Wüßig*; —*breit*, *f.* *Entom.* a species of dipterous insects (*Tabanus* *maculatus*); —*fliege*, *f.* *Entom.* a species of neuropterous insects (*Raphidia* *ophiopsis* L.); —*fährer*, *m.* see —*trüber*; —*garn*, *n.* mohair or angora-yarn; —*haar*, *n.* camel's hair; —*hären*, *adj.* camel-hair (shawl, &c.); —*härner* *Wille*, *Comm.* hair-shag; —*hals*, *n.* 1) camel's neck; 2) *fig.* neck resembling that of a camel; —*hengst*, *m.* male camel; —*hen*, —*stirn*, *n.* Bot. camel's hay, beard-grass (*Andropogon* *schumannii* L.); —*fuß*, —*stut*, (*L.*) *Kamel'lin*, (*w.*) *f.* female camel; —*parber*, *m.* *Zool* camelopard, giraffe (*Giraffe*); —*straß*, *m.* see *Strauß*; —*treiber*, —*wärter*, *m.* camel-driver; —*zeug*, *m.* see *Kamel*; —*jege*, *f.* *Zool.* 1) camel goat, Angora goat (*Angora* *jege*); 2) see *Roma*; —*legen*, *m.* Angora (mohair)-yarn; —*legen*, *m.* Angora goat's hair. [*Kamel* *parber*.]

* *Kamel'parber*, (*str.* & *w.*) *n.* (Gr.) see *Ramel*...

Ramel ..., *in comp.* see *Ramel*, II.

* *Ramel*, (*n.*) (*Lat.*) *n.* (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* 1) chimney, fire-side, fire place; 2) chimney, funnel (—*pipe*); II. *in comp.* —*auffas*, *m.* chimney ornament; —*bejen*, *m.* hearth-broom; —*bet*, *n.* chimney board; —*ede*, *f.* chimney corner; —*einfass*, *f.* mantelpiece; —*feger*, *m.* chimney-sweeper; —*fries*, *m.* chimney-frieze; —*geß*, *n.* see —*fener*; —*gerichte*, *m.* pl. chimney utensils; —*geßm*, *n.* see —*fims*; —*geßm*, *n.* cats and dogs (kind of frame); —*gitter*, *n.* chimney ladder; —*hären*, *m.* chimney hook;

—*stein*, *m.*, —*fappe*, *f.* chimney top; —*faben*, *m.* *see* —*vorleger*; —*mantel*, *m.* mantle-tree of a chimney; —*ofen*, *m.* stove; —*platte*, *f.* back of a chimney; —*rohr*, *n.* chimney-flue; —*rohr*, *f.* flue, tunnel of a chimney; —*rost*, *m.* chimney-grate; —*ruß*, *m.* chimney black; *ruß*, *bister*; —*schirm*, *m.* fire-screen; —*schür*, *m.* *see* Rauchfang; —*stirn*, *m.* chimney piece, mantle-piece, mantle-shelf; —*spiegel*, *m.* chimney glass; —*steuer*, *f.* chimney or hearth-money; —*stüpe*, *f.* fender; —*teppich*, *m.* hearth-rug; —*vorleger*, *m.* chimney-board; —*winkel*, *m.* chimney-corner.

Ramm, (*str.*, *pl.* *Rämme*) *m.* 1) comb; *der enge* —, small-tooth comb (*Etaubamm*); *der frumme* — (*für* *Randkante*), cramb-comb; *der weite* —, jockey-comb; 2) a) writh (of a dressing-machine); b) *see* Rammelschne; 3) *Nat.* a) comb, crest; beard of an oyster; b) neck part under the mane (of horses and oxen); c) comb nape, neck (of man); 4) a) ridge, dorsum (of hills); b) *provinc.* upper part of a dike; c) button (of a saddle); 5) *Nach.* a) cog (of a wheel); b) yard (of a wheel at a crane); 6) *Corp.* dove-tailed part of timber; 7) *Weaz.* road, slade; leaf; 8) *Ship-b.* trail-board; 9) *Lock-sm.* bit (of a key); 10) *Vind.* stalk (of grapes); 11) *M/n.* rock that breaks under a softer stone; 12) *Mar.* a) comb (of a yard); b) teeth (of a hand-screw); 13) *Mil.* a) crest (of a rampart); b) stone-clam leading across the moat; 14) *Sport.* fore-part of the back of a wild sow; 15) *Coop.* border, edge (of casks); 16) *Fisch.* net with narrow meshes; 17) *elevenmaker's* frame; *coll.-s.* *Witte über Eichen* — *schern*, to weave all pieces on the same loom: *die fied alle über Eichen* — *geschern*, they are all of the same stamp or cut; *der — schmilzt ihm*, he bristles up.

Ramm..., *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* comb-like; *Bot.* pectinel, pectinate; —*astler*, *f.* *Conch.* comb-shell; great scallop (—*muschel*); —*baufen*, *m.* T. notched beam; —*baum*, *f.* *see* —*breit*; —*baum*, *m.* *see* —*baufen*; —*blatt*, *n.* 1) *see* *Ramm*, 7; 2) —*blätter*, *pl.* horn-plates (for combs); —*bohrer*, *m.* T. comb-bit; —*braten*, *m.* roasted ribs of beef; —*breit*, *n.* furrier's bench.

Rammbrät, (*str.*, *pl.* *R-r*) *n.* T. furrier's *Ramm*..., *in comp.* —*bruch*, *m.* rupture in the upper part of a dike; —*bürste*, *f.* comb-brush; —*beutel*, *m.* 1) pad; 2) housing; —*cibicide*, *f.* *Zool.* iguana (*Iguana tuberculata* L.); —*cifzu*, *n.* T. notching-chisel.

Rammeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to break wool with the *Rämmelbaum* (*str.* *pl.* *R-rämmel*) *m.* the finest card in breaking wool.

Rammern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to comb; to card; 2) T. to dove-tail; 3) *coll.* to scold, rate.

Rammerte, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* *see* *Bisamente*.

Rammert, (*w.*) *f.* 1) chamber, room, apartment; bed-chamber, bedroom; 2) *Pol. edite* —, upper house; *gerichte* —, lower house, chamber of deputies; 3) exchequer, board, office (of finances); 4) *Nus.* chamber; 5) *Anat.* a) (verbere, hinter, posterior, anterior) chamber (of the eye); b) ventricle (of the heart); 5) hollow, cavity (of various things); 6) *Gamm.* (eines *Mörfers*, einer *Kanone*) chamber (of a mortar, cannon); exploding chamber (of a gun); 7) *Sport.* shooting-ground; dunfell or snuff; —*Phys.* dark chamber, camera obscura.

Rämmern, (*str.*) *m.*, **Rämmern**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) comb; carder (of wool, &c.); 2) wool-grower.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*advocat*, —*anwalt*, *m.* lawyer, attorney of the exchequer; chamber counsel; —*amt*, *n.* exchequer-office; —*baum*, *n.* *Gamm.* vent-astragal and fillets (of a cannon); —*beamte*(te), *m.* *pl.* officers at the board of finances of the exchequer; —*beden*, *n.* chamber-convenience; —*betz*, *m.* mea-

senger of the exchequer; —*capelle*, *f.* chamber-chapel; —*casse*, *f.* the sovereign's coffers, treasury.

Rämmern (*provinc.* &c.; **Rämmern**), (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Rammert*) little chamber, closet; —*spiel*, *n.* or —*ju* *vermischen*, knave out of doors, prison bars (children's game).

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*collegium*, *n.* exchequer-college, board of domains; —*commis* (*str.*, *m.* commissary of the exchequer; —*concert*, *n.* *Nus.* chamber-concert; —*consulent*, *m.* *see* —*advocat*; —*denne*, *f.* lady of the bed-chamber, lady-in-waiting; —*egen*, *m.* small sword (worn at courts, visita, &c.); —*diener*, *m.* 1) *valet-de-chambre*, waiting man; 2) waiting gentleman, under-gentleman; 3) dumb waiter (a small table); —*diener des Königs*, gentleman of the privy (or king's bed-chamber; groom of the chamber; —*director*, *m.* director of the board of domains.

Rämmert, (*w.*) *f.* I. the (act of) combing or carding wool, &c. and the place where this is done; II. chamber, exchequer; exchequer-college, finances (of a town, &c.).

Rämmertshafte, *f.* *pl.* revenues of the exchequer.

Rämmert, (*str.*) *m.* 1) chamberlain, lord of the bed-chamber, master of the robes; 2) treasurer.

Rämmert..., *in comp.* —*fiel*, *m.* officer who watches over the fiscal rights; —*fürster*, *m.* court's quartermaster; —*frau*, *f.* waiting (gentle) woman, lady's maid, *q.* —*denne*; —*fräulein*, *n.* lady of the bed-chamber, maid of honour; —*gestüte*, *pl.* *see* —*einfälle*; —*gericht*, *n.* 1) chamber, court of the prince's chamber, supreme court of judicature; exchequer (in England); 2) *Gamm.* *Hist.* das *keiserliche Gericht* —*gericht*, the imperial chamber of justice (at Weizlar); —*gerichtspräsident*, *m.* president of a (prince's) supreme court of judicature; —*graf*, *m.* chief overseer of the mines (in Austria); —*glitter*, *n.* *pl.* crown-lands, domains; —*herr*, *m.* chamberlain, lord (gentleman) of the king's bed-chamber, lord-in-waiting; —*herrenschloß*, *m.* golden key of a chamberlain; —*herrenstube*, *f.* chamberlainship; —*hufar*, *m.* footman in livery-costume attached to a prince's person.

Rämmert, (*str.*) *m.* a prince's cash-keeper.

Rämmert..., *in comp.* —*jäger*, *m.* 1) a prince's huntsman; 2) *conf.* rat-catcher, rat-killer; —*jungfer*, *f.* chamber-maid, lady's maid; —*junker*, *m.* gentleman of the bed-chamber; —*küchen*, *n.* *loc.* chamber-maid; —*knabe*, *m.* page; —*latel*, *m.* chamber-servant; —*latte*, *f.* *Vind.* vine-lath; —*lange*, *f.* urine; —*lehen*, *n.* flat of crown lands or held of the chamber of finances.

Rämmereis, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Rämmern*.

Rämmern, (*str.*) *m.* obsolescent, chamberlain, valet.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*mädchen*, *n.* *see* —*jungfer*; —*magd*, *f.* chamber-servant; —*musikus*, *m.* chamber-musician, musician of the chapel; —*musik*, *f.* 1) chamber-music; music of the chamber; 2) musicians of a prince's chapel.

Rämmern, **Rämmern**, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* *coll.* to run in and out of a chamber, as children do, to open and shut doors incessantly.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*pächter*, *m.* tenant or lease-holder of crown land; —*page*, *m.* chamber-page; —*präsident*, *m.* 1) president of the exchequer; 2) *see* —*gerichtspräsident*; 3) president (speaker) of a chamber of deputies; —*procurator*, *m.* *see* —*anwalt*; —*rat*, *m.* counsellor of the exchequer, chamber counsellor; —*richter*, *m.* president of the (imperial) chamber; —*sche*, *f.* matter of the

exchequer; —*singer*, *m.* concert-singer; —*stüle*, *f.* *Phys.* cellular voltaic pile; —*stül*, *m.* 1) key of a cabinet; 2) *Mar.* forelock; —*schreiber*, *m.* clerk of the exchequer; —*secretair*, *m.* secretary to the board of finances; —*spiel*, *m.* *Gamm.* bung or stopple for a gun; —*spiel*, *n.* *see* —*musik*; —*stil*, *m.* *Nus.* style of chamber-music or concert-music (opposed to the ecclesiastical and theatrical styles); —*stül*, *n.* *Gamm.* 1) chamber; 2) mortar-piece to discharge large stone-balls; —*stuhl*, *m.* close-stool; —*stül*, *m.* chamber-table; —*ten*, *m.* *Nus.* concert-pitch; —*topf*, *m.* chamber-pot; —*trauer*, *f.* minor mourning of a court (which does not extend to the whole court); —*trug*, *n.* cambric, fine lawn; —*weib*, *n.* chamber-woman; —*wesen*, *n.* finance; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* science of finances, *q.* Cameralis; —*zahlmeister*, *m.* paymaster of the exchequer; a prince's cash-keeper; —*zage*, *f.* *see* —*jungfer*.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*etti*, *n.* melted horse-grease; —*flecken*, *f.* *pl.* *Nat.* pectinab; —*flurig*, *adj.* comb-like; *Bot.* cristate(d); pectinal; —*güllig*, *adj.* *Nin.* hard; —*garn*, *n.* worsted yarn, yarn spun from combed wool; —*gerätpinnerel*, *f.* yarn-spinning-mill; —*gras*, *n.* *Bot.* dog's tail grass (*Cynosurus cristatus* L.); —*grube*, *f.* *Mil.* cavity for the small wheel; —*haar*, *n.* mane of the horses; —*heiser*, *m.* *Bot.* oriental oak (*Arbus orientalis* Schb.); —*hebel*, *m.* T. balance that raises the stays; —*holz*, *n.* cam-wood; —*huhn*, *n.* *Ornith.* pheasant (*Colubus*); —*hüter*, *m.* *see* *Schichtführer*; —*klemer*, *m.* *pl.* *Moll.* spiral snail-valves, pectinibranchiata (*Stenobranchia*); —*kleb*, *m.* *Minor.* dentated iron pyrites; —*klappe*, *f.* *see* —*grube*; —*lade*, *f.* T. comb-tray; —*lerde*, *f.* *see* *Feuenerlede*.

Rämmern..., (*w.*) *f.* T. threads on a weaver's shaft or stays.

Rämmern..., *adj.* *Corp.* out of joint.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*macher*, *m.* comb-maker; —*maschinen*, *f.* T. combing machine; —*muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* scallop or comb-shell (*Pecten opercularis* L.); —*pot*, *m.* T. comb-pot; —*rad*, *n.* *Nach.* cog-wheel; —*reißer*, *m.* *see* *Schichtführer*; —*rüge*, *f.* comb cutter's web; —*sasse*, *m.* T. space between two teeth of a cog wheel; —*scheft*, *m.* T. shaft or staff on a silk-weaver's stays; —*schneidemaschine*, *f.* T. comb-cutting machine; —*seger*, *m.* T. carder; —*stül*, *n.* neck piece; —*stülzung*, *f.* a breaking down or sinking of the top of a dike; —*taube*, *f.* crested pigeon; —*topf*, *m.* warming-pot; —*weisse*, *f.* combed or carded wool; —*woll(wasser)*, *f.* —*wollwange*, *m.* *pl.* worsted goods, worsted; —*zahn*, *m.* tooth of a comb; —*zwecken*, *f.* *pl.* very small tacks.

Rämmern..., (*str.*) *m.* (or *R-rämmern*) waste wool; *R-scheide*, *f.* flock or forest silk.

Rämmern, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* (*N. O.*) enclosure, field.

Rämmern..., (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* poop

Rämmern, (*w.*) *m.* (+*d*) * champion.

Rämmern, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* *coll.* to quarrel, altercation; — **Rämmern**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act or practice of) quarrelling.

Rämmern, *v.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Rämmern*) *m.* contest, combat, conflict, struggle; battle, fight, wrestling, struggling (um, for); *Sport.* brash; *einen* — (or *Rämmern*) *bestehen*, to do battle (mit, with); *der — ums Dasein*, the struggle for existence.

Rämmern..., *in comp.* —*begier*, —*begierde*, *f.* eager desire for the combat; —*begierig*, —*beritt*, *adj.* eager, ready for combat, combative, pugnacious.

Rämmern, (*w.*) *v. l. intrans.* to combat, conflict, fight, wrestle, strive, struggle; *mit den Wellen* —, to buffet the waves; *IL. rög. sich mühe* —, to struggle, wrestle to exhaustion.

Rämpfer, (str.) m. 1) champion, contender; wrestler, straggler, fighter; prize-fighter, pugilist; 2) *Arasit.* (-geflüß, n.) impost.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -föhl, adj. *Md.* effective; -fertig, adj. see -begierig; -geföhrt, m. fellow combatant, fellow soldier; -geflüß, m. second; -geß, m. see -geföhrt; -geprüßt, -gerüßt, p. a. equipped or ready for combat; -gewöhnt, adj. war-proof; -gierig, see -begierig; -gahn, m. 1) *Ornith.* ruff (*Macchia pugnax* Cav.); 2) game-cock, fighting-cock; 3) *Ag.* a quarrelsome fellow; -jagen, n. a baiting of wild beasts.

Rämppling, (str.) m. *cont.* combatant, disputor, wrangler.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -luft, f., *Ac.* see -begierig; -plag, m. place of combat, scene of action, field of battle; lista; *Ag.* arena; den -plag betreten, *Ag.* to enter the lists, to take the field (gegen, against); -preis, m. prize, anything carried off as the result or award of a contest; -raum, m. see -plag; -recht, n. law of fighting; -richter, m. judge of the combat, umpire; -schneße, f. see -bahn, 1; -schwert, n. broad-sword; -spiel, n. tilting, combat for a prize, athleticsport; -stänblüßer, m. see -bahn, 1; -stänblüß, adj. veteran; -wart, -würtel, m. t. herald; -übung, f. exercise of tilting; -weibe, f. see -Rämpfer; -wucht, f. *Sport.* fighting-breed.

Rämpfer, **Rämpfer**, (str.) m. *Pharm.* camphor, camphire; -baum, m. *Bot.* camphor-tree (*Forstia camphora* L.); -haltig, adj. camphoric; -laster, m. see -baum; -milch, f. *Pharm.* camphorated emulsion; -öl, n. camphor oil; -säure, f. camphoric acid; -saur Salz, camphorate; -spiritus, m. camphorated spirit of wine.

Rämpferin, (w.) v. tr. to camphor, camphorate. [*Salix alba* L.]

Rämpweide, (w.) f. *Bot.* white willow

Rämpfweide, (w.) m., **Rämpfweide**, lin, (w.) f. Kamtschadale.

Rämpfweide, n. *Geogr.* Kamtschatka.

Rämpf, see Canal.

Rämpf, see Rämpfer.

* **Rämpf**, (w.) f. curb-bit (of a bridle).

* **Rämpf**, (w.) v. tr. (ein Pferd) to put on (a horse's) curb-bit.

Rämpf, I. (str.) m. gutter; II. (w.) f. *provinc.* see Rämpf; III. in comp. *Bot.* see -baum, m. 1) mangrove (*Rhizophora Mangle* L.); 2) lilac, pipe-tree (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); -frucht, n. see Rämpfbaum; -winde, f. bird-cherry (*Boerhaavia*).

* **Rämpf**, (str.) m. see Johannesbrot.

Rämpf, see Canth.

Rämpf, (w.) f. *provinc.* oater (Rordweide).

* **Rämpf**, or **Rämpf**, (str.) n. (*Fr.*) *Comm.* canva.

Rämpf, see Can...

* **Rämpf**, (str., pl. R-ß) n. *Zool.* kangaroo (*Macropus* Shaw.); -raße, f. *Zool.* kangaroo-rat, potaroo (*Hypsigymnus potaroo*).

Rämpf, s. I. (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Rämpf*), (w.) n. rabbit, cony; das männliche -, buck rabbit or cony; das weibliche -, doe rabbit or cony; II. in comp. -bau, m. cony-burrow; -berg, n. rabbit- or cony-warren; -felle, f. rabbit-iron; -fell, n. rabbit-skin, cony-skin; -garn, n. rabbit net; -garten, m.; -gehöge, n. see -berg; -haare, n. pl. rabbit-hair; -häger, f. see -bau; -jagb, f. rabbit-hunting; -jäger, m. 1) rabbit-hunter; 2) *Zool.* ferret (*Mustela*); -laßen, m. hatch; -netz, n. see -garn; -wäster, m. warrener; -wiesel, n. see -jäger, 2; -wölfe, f. cony-wolf.

Rämpf, (str.) m. coll. 1) spider; 2) cancer.

Rämpf, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Rämpf*) little can or pot, canna.

Rämpf, s. I. (w.) f. 1) can, tankard, mug; jug, pot; 2) measure of one or two quarts; cist - Bier, a pot of beer; cist - Wein, a quart of wine; 3) pl. R-ß *Mech.* funnels (of a spinning machine); II. in comp. R-ßbrut, f. *Bot.* choke-pear; R-ßbürste, f. bottle-brush; R-ßedel, m. pot-lid; R-ßgießer, m. 1) powderer; 2) or -gießer, *cont.* would-be-politician, state-tinker, blue-apron statesman, quidnunc; -gießerei, f. nonsensical talk (about politics); -gießern, v. *intr.* (*incomp.*) to talk politics; R-ßtrant, n. *Bot.* 1) horse-tail, shave-grass, powder-grass (*Equisetum* L.); 2) common mare's tail (*Hippuris vulgaris* L.); -maschine, f. *Mech.* can roving-frame; -raube, f., -träger, m. *Bot.* pitcher-plant (*Nepenthes* L.); -t-nische, *ade.* by pots, by quarts; R-ßstirn, m. powder. [artillery.]

Rämpf, (w.) f. cannonade, firing of *Rämpf*, (w.) f. 1) cannon, piece of ordnance, (great) gun; 2) *Wach*-m. barrel, tube; 3) R-ß, pl. see R-ßstirn.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -batterie, f. gun-battery; -baum, m. *Bot.* trumpet-tree, snake-wood (*Cecropia peltata*); -berch, m. see -schußweite; -boot, n. gun-boat; -bouner, m. report, peal or roar of cannon, cannonade; -fest, adj. cannon-proof; -feuer, n. cannonade; -fleber, n. dread of firing or fighting; -form, f. gun-mould; -futter, n. coll. food for powder; -gießerei, f. gun-foundry; -gut, n. see -metall; -keller, m. casemate; -kugel, f. cannon-ball, great round, cannon or gun-shot; -lauf, m. see -rohr; -löffel, m. gunner's ladle; -metall, n. cannon or gun metal; -ofen, m. round iron stove; -pulver, n. cannon-powder; -raße, n. the barrel (tube) of a gun or piece of ordnance; -schuß, m. maroon; -schuß, m., -schußweite, f. cannon-shot; -seil, n. gun-tackle; -speise, f. see -metall; -stiefeln, m. pl. jack boots; -wall, m. see -batterie; -weite, f. see -schußweite; -wischer, m. sponge.

Rämpf, (str.) m. cannoner, gunner; *Mar.* s. -stammer, f. gun-room; -schußweite, f. gun-boat.

Rämpf, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* to cannonade.

* **Rämpf** [*pr. famp*], (str., pl. R-ß) n. (*Fr.*) canoe.

Rämpf, (str.) m. I. 1) see Rämpf; 2) see Dis-

cant; II. adj. see Rämpf.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -apfel, m. *Provenc.* a kind of autumn-apple; -beitel, m. T. cant (firmer) chisel; square-chisel; -stirn, f. choke-pear.

Rämpf, s. (w.) f. 1) edge, corner, border; 2) brim, margin; 3) ledge; 4) flag-end, solvage list; 5) lace, point; spitze -, corner; schärfe -, edge; höhe -, narrow end or side; auf die höhe - setzen, to put on (the) edge, to tilt; flache -, face, side.

Rämpf, (str.) n. T. rule, ruler.

Rämpf, **Rämpf**, (w.) v. tr. to put on the edge, to tilt.

Rämpf, (str.) n. *Wass.* bank, creel.

Rämpf, (w.) v. tr. 1) to furnish with edges; 2) to turn over, tilt; *Mar.* to cant, cf. Rämpf.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -bret, n. shelf for pots, &c.; -feld, n. a dress faced or trimmed with lace; -frant, n. *Bot.* shave-grass; -riegel, m. flush bolt; -saum, m. parl. edging of lace; -schlenen, f. pl. *Ramp.* edge-rails; -schlagsmaschine, f. roading and stamping engine; -tuch, n. a neckcloth with lace; lace-bordered handkerchief; -winfel, m. T. edge-angle; -würst, m. fine thread, lace-thread.

Rämpf ..., in comp. T-s. -hafen, m. can-hook, cant-hook, iron-hook (to tilt a cask); -holz, n. squared timber.

Rämpf, adj. edged, angular, cornered; cut out in points: einen Stein - hauen, to hew a stone square or angular.

* **Rämpf**, (w.) f. see Canth.

Rämpf, (str.) m. iron ring used with a lever.

Rämpf, s. I. (w.) f. pulpit; chair; II. in comp. -beredtsamkeit, f. pulpit eloquence, pulpit oratory, homiletics; -betrachtung, f. discourse from the pulpit.

Rämpf, **Rämpf**, s. I. (w.) f. 1) chan-

cery, government office; 2) the persons attached to such an office; 3) court of justice; die - der auswärtigen Angelegenheiten, foreign office; II. in comp. -amt, n. chancery office; -archivar, m. keeper of the chancery-rolls; -beurteiler, m. government officer; -bist, m. messenger or summoner of the chancery; -buchstabe, m. court-letter; -diener, m. servant or beadle belonging to the chancery or to a similar office; -blitz, f. record-link; -director, m. director of the chancery; -feberpulen, f. pl. office pens; -gericht, n. chancery; -gerichtsbot, m. court of chancery; -gut, -leben, n. estate or fief of chancery; -mäßig, adj. in chancery or law-style; official; *loc.* red-tapish; -obsteten, f. pl. office waiters; -rat, m. councillor of chancery; -schreibart, f. official, see -stil; -schreiben, n. writ of chancery; -schreiber, m. *Law.* chancery-clerk, scrivener; -schrift, f. black-letter writing; court-hand; -sprache, f., -stil, m. style or mode of expression usual in government offices, style of the chancery, official style, law style.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -himmel, -hut, m. roof or canopy of a pulpit; -lied, n. hymn before the sermon. [verment-clerk.]

Rämpf, (w.) m. chancery-clerk, go-

Rämpf, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* coll. to publish from the pulpit, to preach.

Rämpf ..., in comp. -pauler, m. coll. pulpit-thumper; -pult, n. pulpit-desk; -rede, f. sermon, pulpit-discourse; -redner, m. pulpit orator, preacher; -sprache, f. see -stil; -sprung, m. den -sprung thun, *loc.* to have the beans published; -stil, m. pulpit or pulpitical style; -ton, m. tone or pitch of voice suited for the pulpit; im -ton, sermonic, sermonically; -tuch, n. pulpit cloth; -uhr, f. hour-glass in pulpits; -vertrag, m. 1) sermon; 2) elocution of a preacher.

Rämpf, see Rämpf.

Rämpf, (str.) m. chancellor; -stelle, --würde, f. chancellorship.

Rämpf, (str.) v. tr. to castrate, to capon.

Rämpf, (w.) f. *Mar.* das Schiff hält gut -, the ship is a good pilot.

Rämpf, see Capet.

Rämpf, (str.) n., (*provenc.* &) * **Rämpf**, *lein*, n. (*dimin.* of *Rämpf*) 1) skull-cap; calotte; 2) *Bot.* spindle-tree (*Waffenbüchlein*).

Rämpf, (w.) f. 1) (*particell.* *S. G.*) a) cap (*Witz*); b) hood; capouch; cowl; 2) T-s. cap; caplin (of a hall); hood (of a chain-pump); *Mar.* companion; *Archit.* calotte, cap; coping; crown (of a baker's oven, of a dam, &c.); top (of a chimney, dyke, &c.); *Forst.* bonnet; *Gsmn.* heel-plate; holster cap; *Shoe*-m. tip, cap; *Flur.* beak (a little shoe, fastened upon the forepart of a hoof); *Bot.* husk, glume; cowl; *Mkn.* cap, lid, nog; *coll.* s. ich nehme es auf meine -, I will be answerable for it; *jedem* *Warren* gefällt seine -, every man is pleased with his own ways.

Rämpf, (w.) v. tr. 1) to provide or cover with a cap or hood, to cap, hood; *Strumpf* -, to new-cap or new heel stockings; cf. *Be-lappen*; 2) a) to poll, cut, chop, lop, top; to nib (a pen); b) *Mar.* to cut (the cable, the mast); 3) to capon, to dub (a cock); 4) to tread (said of the cock); 5) coll. to strike; *regl.* to quarrel, fight.

Kapfen..., in comp. —blume, *f.* *Bot.* cucullate flower, wolf'sbane (*Aconitum napellus* L.); —fürmig, *adj.* see *Capuzenfürmig*; —gebüß, *n.* scatch(-mouth); —gewölbe, *n.* Architekt. cope, cellar-vault; —macher, *m.* bonnet-maker; —mantel, *m.* cloak with a cape; —münd, *m.* see *Capuziner*; —mündstiel, *n.* see —gebüß; —müßel, *m.* Anat. trapezius, cucullaris (*Capucenmüßel*); —nonne, *f.* see *Ronnen-taube*; —pfeffer, *m.* guinea-pepper; —röhre, *f.* Zool. hooded seal (*Stenmilliopsis cucullatus*); —stiefel, *m.* top-boot; —sturz, *m.* sinking of dyke; —taube, *f.* see *Ronnen-taube*; —taucher, *m.* Ornith. tippet-grobe (*Saubentaucher*).

Kap'pe, see *Rabis*.

Kap'p..., in comp. —fenster, *m.* dormer-window, bullock's eye; —gut, *n.* T. single-cut brilliant; —haß, *m.* coll. capon.

Kap'pl, (*str.* pl. *R-s*) *n.* (*origin. provinc.* [S. O.], for *Räppchen*) Mil. military cap, kepi-cap.

Kap'p..., in comp. —fragen, *m.* cowl, hood; capuquin; —lassen, *m.* pl. Comm. primage, bat-money. [wearing a cap, &c. cf. *Roppe*.]

Kap'p'ler, (*str.* m. 1) cap-maker; 2) one *Kap'p*..., in comp. —loch, *n.* —fenster; —meße, *f.* Ornith. crested titmouse (*Parus cristatus* L.); —messer, *n.* cane bill, chopping-knife; —nath, *f.* Socr. turned in seam or hem; —samen, *m.* colo-seed; —saum, *m.* Man. cavesson, cavesson; —stegel, *m.* ridge-tile.

Kap'fel, *s. l.* (*w.* *f.*) 1) case, cover, box, *Bot.*, Anat., &c. capsule; die — der *Strypfall-linse*, 2) the capsule of the crystalline lens; 3) *T. seggar*; II. in comp. —artig, *adj.* capsular; —band, *m.* Anat. capsular ligament; —beere, *f.* capsular berry; —fürmig, *adj.* see —artig; —frucht, *f.* capsular fruit.

Kap'f'el, *adj.* in comp. *Bot.* having one or more capsules; ein-, unicapsular, &c.

Kap'fel..., in comp. —(linen)saat, *m.* Med. glaucoma; —mühnung, *f.* *Bot.* stomas; —tönn, *m.* seggar-clay; —tragenb, *adj.* capsular.

Kap'fel, (*str.* n.) small cap, skull-cap.
* **Kap'ut**, *adv.* & (*indoc.*) *adj.* coll. broken; lost; gone, dead; insolvent; ruined; —machen, to break, to ruin. [burden.]

Karack, (*w.* *f.* *Mar.* carac, large ship of
* **Karak**, (*str.* n.) (*Fr.*) carat; —gewicht, *n.* troy-weight. — **Karatig**, **Karätig**, *adj.* in comp. (22) l.-gold, containing (22) carats of pure gold and 2 carats of silver or copper. — **Karatirren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to alloy (gold).
Karav'che, (*w.* *f.* Ichth. crucian (*Oxyrinus carassius* L.); & —naryfen, *m.* bastard carp.
* **Karavan'e**, (*w.* *f.* (*Pers.*) caravan: *Ar.* —handel, *m.* caravan-trade; & —nitzer, *m.* caravan-tee. — **Karavanfere'i**, (*str.* pl. *R-s*) *n.* **Karavanfere'i**, (*w.* *f.* caravanery, caravanera.

* **Karbat'sche**, (*w.* *f.* (*Hung.*) scourge or whip of leather. — **Karbat'schen**, (*w.* *v. tr.* to lash, whip, scourge.

Kar'be, (*w.* *f.* *Bot.* caraway (*Rümmel*); & —nran, *n.* see *Schölgarte*.

Kar'ban'fel, (*str.* n.) see *Kar'ban'fel*.

Kar'ch, (*str.* pl. *R-s*, *Rär'che*) *m.* provinc. cart. — **Kar'cher**, **Kär'cher**, (*str.* n.) m. carter; —lohn, *m.* cartage.

Karbat'sche, (*w.* *f.* 1) card, see *Stämpel*; 2) horse-brush; 3) see *Karität'sche*.
Karbat'schen, (*w.* *v. tr.* 1) to card, see *Stämpel*; 2) to brush (a horse).

Karbat'schen..., in comp. —bistel, *f.* see *Karbenbistel*; —braht, *m.* card-wire; —haken, *m.* card-hook or tooth; —macher, *m.* card-maker; —stich, *m.* carding-table.

Kar'be, (*w.* *f.* 1) *Karbenbistel*; die *spanische* —, cardoon; 2) carding instrument, card.
Kar'beel, **Kar'bel**, (*str.* pl. *sometimes w.*) *n.* *Mar.* strand (of a rope); die *R-s* der großen

Kra, main jeers: die *R-s* der *Godt*, fore jeers; —bloß, *m.* ram's block, ram's head.

Kar'bee'le, (*w.* *f.* cask for train-oil.

Kar'ben, (*w.* *v. tr.* to card, tease (wool).

Kar'ben..., in comp. & —bistel, *f.* *Bot.* teasel, fuller's thistle (*Dipsacus* L.); (baartige) shepherd's rod; (gemünte or wilde) wild teasel; & —nran'hols, *n.* carding-frame; & —nleber, *n.* card-leather; —rämmer, —stcher, *m.* proen; —trommel, *f.* T. gig-barrel.

Kar'ben'le, (*w.* *f.* *Mar.* see *Karität'sche*.

Kar'ch'el, (*w.* *f.* see *Eastfrähe*.

Kar'chen, (*w.* *v. tr.* T. to canoy, to singe, dress (woollen stuff).

Kar'fan'fel, (*str.* m.) *Jewel. & Med.* carbuncle; —fränkheit, *f.* *Med.* furunculoid disease. [a carbuncle.]

Kar'fan'kein, (*w.* *v. intr.* to sparkle like *Karg*, *adj.* (*comp.* *lar'ger*, *sup.* *largh*, *lärgh*) sparing (mit, of), parsimonious; niggardly, stingy, close-fisted or handed, penurious; scanty; short (answer); poor, thin (soil).

Kar'gen, (*w.* *v. intr.* to be sparing (mit, of), to be parsimonious, &c. [&c.]

Kar'gheit, (*w.* *f.* sparingness, parsimony, *Karg'lich*, *l. adj.* 1) sparing, &c. cf. *Karg*; 2) poor, scanty; — austheilen, to dole out (in pittance); II. & —heit, (*w.* *f.* sparingness, &c.

Karl, *m.* Charles (*P. N.*); — der Große, Charlemagne; & —bistel, *f.* *Bot.* carline thistle.

* **Karmeliter**, (*str.* m.) *Ecol.* carmelite, white friar; & —in, —nonne, (*w.* *f.* carmelite-nun.

Karnet'e, (*w.* *f.* see *Cornette*.

Karnid'el, (*str.* m.) *provinc.* see *Kanindgen*.

Karnie'f, *s. l.* (*str.* m.) *Archit.* cornice, ogee; II. in comp. —fel, *n.* Glas. came; —bogen, *m.* *Archit.* reversed ogee-arch; —eisen, *n.* T. channeling-iron; —gestühl, *n.* *Archit.* cornice-architrave; —hobel, *m.* *Mach.* cornice-plane, ogee-plane; —schraube, *f.* cornice-screw; —stahl, *m.* cornice-chisel.

Karnie'fel, (*str.* m.) coll. 1) cuff, blow; 2) odd fellow, humorist; make-bate; —würfel, *f.* *Bot.* herb bonnet (*Venedictrantau*).

Karnie'fel, (*w.* *v. tr.* *vulg.* to cuff, pummel.

Karn'chen, *n.* *Geogr.* Carinthia.

Karn'cher, (*str.* m.) *Karn'cher'isch*, *adj.* Carinthian.

Kar's, *n.* see *Carreau*.

Kar'se, (*w.* *f.* *Comm.* carob.

Kar'slinger, (*str.* m.) (*Rär'ling*, (*str.*)) *m.*, *Kar'sling'isch*, *adj.* Carolingian, Carolingian.

Kar'p'chen, *pl.* *Geogr.* Carpathians, Carpathian mountains. — **Kar'p'ch'isch**, *adj.* Carpathian.

Kar'p'fe, (*w.* *f.*, *Karpfen*, (*str.*)) *m.* I. Ichth. carp (*Oxyrinus carpio* L.); II. in comp. & —nüt, *f.* fry of carp; & —nran'sche, *f.* bastard-carp; & —nütig, *m.* a carp with shining scales; & —nütig, *m.* carp-pond.

Kar'pe, (*w.* *f.* (wheel-)barrow; cart; cine —schleiben, to roll a wheel-barrow.

Kar'pen, (*w.* *v. l. tr.* to convey or carry in a wheel-barrow or cart, to cart; to wheel; II. *intr.* 1) to drive a cart or barrow; 2) to work with the wheel-barrow (as criminal); 3) to drive slowly in a bad vehicle.

Kar'pen, *s. l.* (*str.* m. 1) (dray-)cart; 2) barrow, wheel-barrow, cf. *Karre*; 3) *Priv.* carriage (of a printing-press); ein — voll, a cart-load; *coll.* s. den — in den *Roth* fahren, to entangle, embroil a matter; der — hat sich festgefahren, matters have come to a standstill; II. in comp. —baum, *m.* shaft of a cart; —büchse, *f.* *Mil.* orgue (*pl.*); —fel, *n.* naked rock-soil in the Alps; —führer, *m.* cartman, carter; drayman; —gabel, *f.* cart-thill; —gaut, *m.* cart-horse, cart-jade; dray-

horse; —geleise, *n.* cart-rut, see *Gelcise*; —lassen, *m.* *Priv.* coffin (of a printing-press); —lebung, *f.* cart-load; —läufer, *m.* minor that draws the wheel-barrow; —macher, *m.* cart-wright; —rad, *n.* cart-wheel; —schleiber, *m.* one that rolls a wheel-barrow; —fel, *n.* cart-rope; —wagen, *m.* cart-wagon.

Kar're, (*w.* *f.* coll. old, lumbering carriage. [kind of plough].

Kar'r'hälen, (*str.* m.) *Ag.* wheel-hoe (a *Kar'r'ner*, (*str.* m.) carter, cartman, carman, carrier; drayman, dustman.

Kar'k, (*str.* m. 1) mattock. hoe; 2) see *Karrenfeld*; 3) *provinc.* see *Girf*.

Kar'ken, (*w.* *v. tr.* to work with the mattock, to hoe. [kind of plough].

Kar'k'sche, (*w.* *f.* 1) cartridge of grape-shot; grape, case or canister-shot; cartouch; es wurde mit *R-n* unter die *Wenige* geschossen, they fired grape-shot at the populace; 2) see *Kardätsche*, 2.

Kar'k'schen..., in comp. —büchse, *f.* —messer, *m.* cartridge-chose or box, cartouch; —fener, *m.* firing with grape-shot; —futter, *n.* see —messer; —granat, *f.* shrapnel-shell; —kasten, *m.* case for cartridges, grape-shot box; —kugel, *f.* grape-shot ball; —papier, *m.* cartridge-paper; —schuß, *m.* case-shot; —spielgel, *m.* *Comm.* tampion (iron bottom to which grape-shot are fixed).

Kar'kan'e, (*w.* *f.* large piece of ordnance, cannon royal; die *heße* —, deml. cannon.

Kar'ken, (*str.* n.) (*dimin.* of *Karte*) a small card, &c.; und bleg ich nun auch ein paar mal im Jahre | mein — ... 's ist 'ne wechte *Pumpetti* (*Gaudy*), and if sometimes I take a hand or two ... | what is it but the merry bagatelle! (*Beak*).

Karte, (*w.* *f.* 1) card; (Spiel-) playing card; 2) (Sand-) map; chart; 3) *T.* the stiffening of silk wares by gumming them; 4) *Sport.* twisting of a chain: *R-n* (or in der —) spielen (*coll.* cine — biegen), to play (at) cards; aus *Einem* — spielen, *fig.* to act in concert, to collude; die bunten *R-n*, court-cards; *Einem* die *R-n* or die — legen or *schlagen*, to tell one his fortune from (upon or by) cards, to tell fortunes by the cards; die — *schlagen*, *Gam.* to plant the books; die — *passen* or *stechen*, *Mar.* to prick the chart; cine angelegte —, *fig.* a concerted plan, plot.

Karten, (*w.* *v. tr.* to plan (*Wörterten*).

Karten..., in comp. —büchse, *m.* mock-vial; —bild, *n.* figure on a card; —blatt, *n.* single card, leaf; —bruder, *m.* card-printer; —fabrik, *n.* manufactory of cards; —geber, *m.* dealer at cards; —geld, *n.* card-money; —haus, *n.* 1) a house of cards, card-board-house; 2) castle in the air; —könig, *m.* 1) king at cards; 2) *coll.* mock-king; —kunst, *f.* —kunststück, *n.* trick with cards; —leger, *m.* see —schläger; —macher, *m.* card-maker; —maler, *m.* card-limner, card-colourer; —materiel, *f.* card-colouring; —papier, *m.* card-paper, cardboard; —sammlung, *f.* collection of maps or charts; —schlag, *m.* knack, artifice of gamblers; —schläger, *m.* —schlägerin, *f.* fortune-teller by means of cards; —spiel, *n.* 1) (the act of) card-playing; 2) a game at cards; ich kenne *jeden* —spiel, I know every game in the cards; —spieler, *m.* card-player; —stecher, *m.* engraver of maps or charts; —stempel, *m.* 1) card-stamp; 2) stamp-tax for cards; —wendung, *f.* see —schlag; —zeichner, *m.* designer of maps or charts.

Karten'ne, see *Kartanne*.

Kart'sfel, *s. l.* (*w.* *f.* (*dimin.* *Kart'sf-*feldchen, (*str.* n.) small) potato; II. in comp. —bau, —boden, —branntwein, *m.* —fel, *n.* —flöß, *m.* &c. cultivation, soil, spirits, field, dumpling, &c. of potatoes; —frei, *m.* —müß, *n.* mashed potatoes; —traufheit, —pest, *f.*

potato-disease, potato-murrain; —*krant*, *n.* stalks of potatoes; —*löffel*, *m.* *Ag.* potato scoop; —*maische*, *f.* *Dist.* potato-mash; —*meißl*, *n.* potato-flour; —*yling*, *m.* *Ag.* tormentor.

Karve, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Krebel*.

Karviel ..., *in comp.* *Ship-b.* small carlings between the beams; —*angel*, *m.* delaying-pin; —*wert*, *n.* carvel-work.

Käs, (*str.*) *m.* *Papir-m.* bottom of the trough.

* *Käseclor*, (*str.*) *m.* *Lchth.* cascalot

* *Käseclor*, (*str.*) *m.* *cashmere*, *see* *Kasimir*.

Käse, *s. I.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) cheese; 2) Cook.

any dish in the form or consistence of cheese;

3) *vulg.* *see* *Kugelhutter*; 4) *Bot-s. a.)* bottom

(of an artichoke); *b.)* flower (of the cauliflower);

c.) seed (of poplars); *ein Käsechen*

bri — *hoch*, *see* a hop o' my thumb; *II. in comp.*

—*artig*, *adj.* cheesy, caseous; —*baum*, *m.*

Bot. silk-cotton tree (*Bombax ceiba*); —*blume*, *f.*

—*blümchen*, *n.* *Bot.* common dairy (*Gänseblümchen*); —*bücher*, *m.* cheese-

taster, searcher; —*brat*, *n.* *ramakin*; —*butter*, *f.*

cheese-curd; —*fuß*, *n.* *see* —*rinne*; —*flüge*, *f.*

Endem. cheese-fly (*Prophila casei* L.); —*form*, *f.*

cheese-mould or frame; —*gebäcker*, *n.* *ramakin*;

—*gläser*, *f.* (glass) cheese-plate cover; —*händler*, *m.* —*händlerin*, *f.* cheese-

monger; —*höbel*, *m.* cheese-scoop; —*horde*, *f.*

—*horde*, *f.* hurdle or crate on which cheeses are dried;

—*hütche*, *f.* fam. hand-aleuge; —*kammer*, *f.*

cheese-room; dairy; —*kitt*, *m.* cement made of fresh cheese;

—*knäuel*, *m.* *see* *Käseknäuel*; —*knäuel*, *m.* *see* —*horde*; —*kücher*, *m.*

see —*händler*; —*krant*, *n.* *Bot.* common savory (*Satureja vulgaris* L.); —*kuchen*, *m.*

cheese-cake.

Käsefel, (*w.*) *f.* *Rom. Cath.* chasuble.

Käse ..., *in comp.* —*lab*, *m.* cheese-rennet,

cheese-lip; —*lab*, *m.* a (whole) cheese; —*made*, *f.*

Endem. cheese-hopper, jumper (—*flüge*); —*mager*, *n.*

see —*lab*; —*maße*, *f.* *see* —*pappel*; —*messer*, *n.*

1) cheese-knife; 2) *see* —*bücher*; 3) *see* cheese-taster (*for*

Gabel); —*mitte*, *f.* cheese-mite (*Acarus siro* L.); —*mutter*, *f.*

dairy-woman.

Käse, (*w.*) *v. I.* *intr.* & *refl.* to curd,

curdle; *II. tr.* to turn (milk) into curd.

Käse ..., *in comp.* —*napf*, *m.* cheese-bowl;

—*saure*, *n.* *Chem.* caseous acid; —*pappel*, *f.*

Bot. round-leaved mallow (*Malsva rotundifolia* L.); —*preßle*, *f.*

—*preßle*, *f.* —*preßer*, *m.* cheese-press.

Käse, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cheese-maker; 2) Alpine hut for cheese-making.

—*Käseclor*, (*w.*) *f.* dairy or hut where cheese is made.

Käse ..., *in comp.* —*rinde*, *f.* rind, or coat of a cheese;

cheese paring; —*rinne*, *f.* cheesevat; —*rinne*, *f.* *Chem.* caseic acid; —*sonntag*, *m.*

Greek Church, Shrove-Sunday; —*stecher*, *m.* cheese-taster;

—*stein*, *m.* 1) *Mün.* trochite; 2) *Jewel* a misshaped diamond;

—*stoff*, *m.* caseous matter; *Chem.* caseum, casein; —*teiler*, *m.*

cheese-plate; —*wasser*, *n.* *see* *Wolter*; —*wirtschaft*, *f.*

cheese-dairy.

Käse, (*str.*) *adj.* cheese-like, caseous;

cheesy.

Käseper, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Jasper (*P. N.*);

2) or *Käseperle*, *m.* (*S. G. dimin.* of *Räuper*)

particul. a) a comic character who replaced Jack Pudding on the stage of the Austrian,

Ac. puppet-shows, and became so popular that the marionette theatres received the name of

(*Leitheater*); *b.)* puppet, puppet-player, *amol.* Punch; —*(Leitheater)*, *n.* puppet-show, Punch and Judy show.

Käseperle, (*w.*) *s. tr.* province, to tease.

Käsestein, (*w.*) *f.* 1) chestnut; *dicke* —

sweet chestnut (*Castanea vesca* L.); *milde* —

horse-chestnut (*Heflanie*); 2) *Omch.* a species of clam-shell (*Chama arcuata*),

and several others; 3) *see* *Kette*, 1; *für*

Einem die R-n aus dem Feuer holen, Ag. to be made a cat's paw of.

Käsestein ..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* chest-

nut-tree; —*(blättrige)* *Giche*, chestnut moun-

tain-oak, yellow oak; —*baum*, *I. adj.* chest-

nut-brown, chestnut-coloured, auburn, stam-

mel; *II. s. n.* chestnut-colour; —*gebüß*, *n.*

—*planzung*, *f.* —*wald*, *m.* wood, nursery,

forest of chestnut trees; chestnut-grove

(plot); —*holz*, *n.* chestnut wood; —*schale*, *f.*

(echinated) capsule of the chestnut; —*taucher*, *m.*

Ornth. dab-chick (*Reine Strigifus*).

Käse, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Kasten*)

1) little chest, box, casket; 2) *Anat.* alveole.

* *Käse*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Span.*) caste, cast (in

India, *Ac.*); corporation; *R-ngeiß*, *m.* spirit of caste or corporation; *R-nuß*, *adj.* caste-

like.

Käse, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Kastanie*.

Käse, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chastise, mortify;

sein Käse or *seinem Käse* —, *Theol.* to mortify or subdue one's flesh.

Käse, (*w.*) *f.* mortification, casti-

gation.

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gation.

Käse, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to catechise. — *Käseclor*, (*w.*) *m.* catechist, lecturer. — *Käseclor*, (*str.*) *m.* catechist, lecturer. — *Käseclor*, (*str.*) *m.* catechist, lecturer.

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5) *Mar.* see Rat-Schiff; 6) coll. see Geldflege; 7) *Bot.* catkin (*Räthen*, 2); 8) a sort of whip: — mit neun Schwänzen (*Strängen*), *Mar.* cat of nine tails; 9) basket for catching fish; 10) T. old iron new welded; 11) (the game of) tennis, catchball; coll. & proverb-s. bei Nacht sind alle Katzen grau, all cats are gray in the dark; sieht doch die — den Kaiser an, a cat may look at a king; die — im Eck laufen, to buy a pig in a poke; die — läßt das Mausen nicht, what is bred in the bone, will never come out of the flesh.

Rät'sen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to kitten; II. *tr. provinc.* to drag or carry backwards and forwards.

Rät'en, (w.) v. *intr.* to play at catch-ball.

Rät'en ..., in comp. — affe, m. *Zool.* fox-nosed monkey, maki, lemur (*Lemur catta* L.); — artig, *adj.* catlike, feline; — auge, n. 1) cat's eye; 2) a greenish gray-coloured eye; 3) or — augenapfel, *Minor.* cat's eye, a variety of rhombohedral quartz; 4) *Bot.* a) a species of dead-nettle (*Lamium amplexicaule* L.); b) hod of bonduc, (yellow) nickar-tree (*Gmelina bonduc*); — äugig, *adj.* cat's-eyed; — baig, m. cat's skin; — bellen, m. see Hahnenbellen; — band, m. *Conch.* mouse-cowry (*Cypraea caurica* L.); — bette, *f. provinc.* *Bot.* 1) see Himbeere; 2) night-shade (*Solanum nigrum* L.); — blei, m. *Minor.* mica; — blut, n., — blüte, *f.* *Bot.* vervain (*Calceolifera*); — buidel, m. raised, crooked back of a cat; einen — buidel machen, — buideln, *fig.* to stoop, crouch, cringe; — crg, n. *Min.* mock-load, mock-ore; — eule, *f.* *Ornith.* long-eared owl, horn-owl (*Bubo maximus* Sibb.); — fell, n. cat's skin; — fisch, m. *Ichth.* cat-fish (*Pseudoscus calus* Lac.); — fuß, m. *Bot.* cat's foot (*Gnaphalium dioicum* L.); — gamander, m. see — traute; — geschlecht, n. *Nat.* the cat-kind, cat-tribe, cat- or feline family; — geschrei, n. caterwauling; — glimmer, m. glimmer, mica; — gold, n. cat-gold, yellow glimmer.

Rät'enhaft, Rät'ig, *adj.* cat-like.

Rät'en ..., in comp. — heim, m. see — webel; — jammer, m. coll. the indisposition or "sickness" after a drunken debauch, cramp; — kerbel, m. *Bot.* fumitory (*Crucifera*); — klar, n. see — glimmer; — leze, m. *Bot.* 1) hare's foot trefoil (*Trifolium arvense* L.); 2) (geßter) hop-trefoil (*Trifolium agrarium* L.); — laup, m. 1) cat's-head; 2) *Pinol.* cat's-head (a kind of apple); 3) *Mar.* Norman; 4) see Drechbasse; 5) *cowd.* blockhead; — traute, n. *Bot.* 1) cat thyme (*Thymus marum* L.); 2) see Baldrian; — leben, n. tough life; — liebe, *f.* 1) coll. false love; 2) see — münze; — lücher, see Rat-Schiff; — münze, *f.* *Bot.* cat's-mint, catmint (*Nepeta cataria* L.); — musel, *f.* mock-music, rough music (a noise of kettles, pipes, &c. in derision of any person), (*Fr.*) *Caricaturis*; *Einem eine — musel bringen*, to boot an unpopular individual; — parber, m. *Zool.* serval (*Felis serval*); — peterlein, n., — peterfliste, *f.* fool's parody hemlock (*Conium maculatum* L.); — pötte, *f.* cat's-paw; — pöttechen, — pöttelein, n. *Bot.* 1) see — fuß; 2) mountain-overlasting (*Gnaphalium leontopodium* L., Edelweiss); 3) spindle-tree (*Ronissus europaeus* L.); 4) mouse-ear hawkweed (*Hieracium pilosella* L.); 5) corn-pimpernel (*Anagallis* L.); 6) forget-me-not (*Myosotis* L.); — rüden, m. 1) see — buidel; 2) *Mar.* cambering of a ship's deck or keel, cf. Aufsteigen; — schen, I. *f.* fear of cats; II. *adj.* afraid of cats; — schwanz, m. *Bot.* cat's tail grass (*Phlox Bohemica*); 2) see Echeidtelbaum; den — schwanz (or Fußschwanz) streichen, coll. to flatter; — silber, n. *Minor.* cat-silver, mica; — sprung, m. cat's-leap (schott. cat-loup), small distance; — stein, m.

Minor. 1) see Einfließen; 2) cat-head; — stert, — stert, m. 1) *Mar.* see Ratstert; 2) see — webel; — tisch, m. coll. table in a corner; — traube, *f.* *Bot.* stone-crop (*Sedum* L.); — streppe, *f.* *Archit.* corbie-steps; — webel, m. *Bot.* horse-tail (*Equisetum arvense* L.); — weis, m. see — fisch; — wöl, m. see Rude; — wurzel, *f.* valerian root (*Valeriana*); — zähl, *f.* see — webel; — zunge, *f.* see Zellerwurz.

Rät'in, (w.) *f.* she-cat.

Rät'schiff, see Rat-Schiff.

Rat'sen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) see Ratern; 2) see Ratzen.

Rat'sen, (str., pl. R-häute) m. *provinc.*

Rat'sen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to gobble (of the turkey-cock); 2) see Randerwölisch reden; 3) *provinc.* to practise usury.

Rat'senwölisch, *adj.* & *adv.* & s. n. gibberish, jargon, lingo, cant, broken language, pedlar's French; — reden, Rat'senwölisch, (w.) v. *intr.* to gibber, to talk gibberish, to speak cant or doggerel, to cant; & *fig.* gibberish.

Rat'e, (w.) *f.* *provinc.* cage, coop, pen; *Min.* shed, coo; *Mar.* see Rote.

Rat'en, Rat'en, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to masticate, chew; to munch; an den Nägeln —, to bite the nails; auf dem Gebiß —, *Mon.* to champ upon the bit; coll. s. cr hat an diesem Verluße zu —, he cannot get over this loss easily; *Einem etwas zu — geben*, to throw one a bone to pick.

Rat'ern, (w.) v. *intr.* to cower, squat, crouch; l-b, p. a. *Harold.* couchant; *Sport.* crouched.

Rauf, s. I. (str., pl. Räu'e) m. purchase, bargain, buying; der — auf Speculation, purchase on speculation; (the act of) buying up, engrossment; — in Rauf und Bogen, purchase by the bulk; einen — thun, to buy a bargain; einen — schließen, to make or strike a bargain; einen guten — treffen, to meet with a good bargain; etwas auf den — geben, to give earnest money; *Wenig auf den — machen*, to lay in a stock of goods on speculation; — ist —, coll. a bargain is a bargain; (etwas) in den — geben, to give into the bargain, coll. to sling in; mit in den — nehmen, to comprise within the bargain; in den —, to boot; in den — fallen, to interfere with one; zu —, for sale; guten or wohlfeilen R-*c.* cheap, good cheap; treiften R-*c.* davon kommen, *fig.* to come off with a trifling loss, to get off cheap; II. in comp. — anstehen, m. 1) bill posted up to advertise the sale of a thing; 2) estimate; — arbeit, *f.* sale-work.

Rauf'bar, *adj.* purchasable, merchantable.

Rauf..., in comp. — brief, — contract, m. document or bill of a purchase, bill of emption, deed or bill of sale.

Rauf'en, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to buy, purchase, (von, of); — und verkaufen, to trade; 2) *Gam.* to take in or exchange (cards, &c.).

Rauf'er, (str.) m. buyer, purchaser, customer, taker, *Low.* vendee; — finden, to meet with purchasers; keine — haben, ohne —, no or without purchasers, unbought.

Rauf'erin, (w.) *f.* (she-)purchaser.

Rauf..., in comp. — fahrer, m. merchantman, regular trader, trading vessel; 2) captain of a merchantman; — fahrte', *f.* navigation for trade's sake, merchant-service; — fahrte'kette, *f.* fleet of merchantmen, merchant-fleet, company of merchant's ships; mercantile navy; — fahrte'kette, n., — fahrte'kette, m. merchantman; — stan, *f.* see Handelsfrau; — gelb, n., — gelber, pl. 1) purchase-money, consideration-money; 2) earnest money; — gut, n. merchandise; — halle, *f.* commercial hall; — handel, m. 1) trade, commerce, traffic; 2) bargain; — haus, n. 1) company's hall; market house; staple-house; 2) trading-house; merchant's house; — fahrer,

or — und Handelsfahrr, m. merchant; whole-sale-merchant; — laube', n. *Gam.* loo; — laube', m. (merchant's) shop, *Am.* store; — leinwand, n. linen made for sale; — leute, pl. 1) merchants; tradesmen; 2) buyers, traffickers.

Rauf'lich, I. *adj.* 1) merchantable, purchasable; to be had; 2) marketable, fit for sale; l-e Vetsche, potash of commerce; 3) *fig.* venal, corruptible; eine Beute — machen, to render goods marketable; II. *adv.* by purchase; — an sich bringen, — abschreiben, to buy, purchase; — abschreiben, see Verkaufen; III. R-feit, (w.) *f.* venality, mercenariness; corruptibility. [bought, a venal person.]

Rauf'lich, (str.) m. one that is to be Rauf'..., in comp. — lust, *f.* inclination to buy; es zeigte sich — lust, there was a fair attendance of buyers; noch will sich keine — lust einstellen, buyers still show no disposition to come forward; *cf.* Begier, Rauf'frage; — lustig, *adj.* inclined to buy; — lustig, m. (*decl. like adj.*) one inclined to buy.

Raufmann, (str., pl. Räu'fanten) m. 1) merchant; tradesman, trader; *Am.* store-keeper; sich als — niederlassen, to establish a commercial house; 2) *Conch.* net-stamper (*Conus mercator* L.).

Raufmannlich, *adj.* & *adv.* merchant-like, mercantile, commercial; business-like; l-e Handelschrift, mercantile (in a merchant's) handwriting; l-er Brand, see Kaufmannsbrand; l-e Regel, rule of business; l-e Zähl-tigheit, ability as a merchant; l-er Styl, commercial style; l-e Buchhaltung, *f.* mercantile or commercial book-keeping; in l-er Hinsicht, commercially, in a commercial point of view.

Raufmanns..., in comp. — anstand, m. mercantile form; — brand, m. usage or custom of (with) merchants; — brief, m. see Handelsbrief.

Raufmannschaft, (w.) *f.* 1) the body of merchants, mercantile community (of a place); 2) commerce, trade.

Raufmanns..., in comp. — diener, m. (merchant's) clerk; — fisch, m. *Ichth.* cod-fish (*Gadus morrhua* L.); — frau, *f.* 1) merchant's wife; 2) see Handelsfrau; — geist, m. commercial or mercantile spirit; — gewölbe, n., — laden, m. merchant's shop; warehouse; — gut, n. merchandise, (merchant) goods; commodities, wares; — haus, *f.* mercantile or business hall; — innung, *f.* merchants' company or guild; — rank, m. 1) rank, condition of a merchant, station as a merchant; 2) coll. mercantile class; merchants; — weiser, *f.* see — gut.

Rauf..., in comp. — object, m. article of purchase; — order, *f.* order to purchase; — platz, m. trading-place, market; — preis, m. purchase or cost price, prime-cost; see — geld; — recht, m. see — geld; — recht, I. s. n. right of purchase; II. *adj.* saleable, marketable; — schilling, m. earnest (money or penny); — schlag, m. joining of hands on striking a bargain; — schuß, m., — sturz, *f.* tax levied on purchased landed-property; — schüttig, *adj.* eager to buy; — summe, *f.* purchase-money or sum; — stadt, *f.* trading town; — verting, m. see — brief; — weise, *adv.* by way or in form of a purchase; — wert, m. marketable value; — würdig, *adj.* marketable, merchantable.

Rauf'gebis, (str.) m. *Max.* slabbering-bit.

Rauf'ig, *adj.* Caucasian.

Rauf'..., in comp. — bar, — bar, m. *Ichth.* 1) ruff (*Acrosso cornuta* L.); 2) pollard (*Gadus pollackius* L.); — bette, *f.* *Bot.* see Zentrifugale; — knaut, n., — knaut, m. *Ichth.* miller's thumb, river bull-head (*Cottus gobio* L.); — knaut, m., — knaut, coll. — knaut, *f.* *Zool.* tadpole; — knaut, n. hen without a tail.

Raum, *adv.* scarce, scarcely, hardly; id

Herbstig, (*str.*) *n.* tally, notched stick; *aus* *Herbstig* schneiden, to tally.

Herbig, *adj.* notched, jagged.

Herbling, (*str.*) *n.* *see* Herbstlicht.

Herb..., *in comp.* — *maß* *f.* crimping machine; — *messer*, *n.* *T.* notching-knife; — *rad*, *n.* *Bak.* jaggings-iron; — *äge*, *f.* cross-cut saw, ripping saw; — *schneider*, *pl.* *Ornith.* a division of the conirosterns; — *schmitt*, *n.* scallip; — *schm.* *n.* *see* — *holz*; — *stier*, *n.* insect; — *weg*, *n.* *Vol.* tumour in the cleft of the hoof; — *jähig*, *adj.* *Bot.* notched, jagged, scalloped, crenate; — *jänge*, *f.* *see* — *eisen*; — *jettel*, *m.* indented writ.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* *Herf*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* *Herf*; 2) *see* *Herf*. [*line*]

Herfboertjen, (*str.*) *n.* (*L. G.*) *Mar.* slab.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* jail (gaol), prison, dungeon; — *artig*, *adj.* dungeon-like; — *feber*, *n.* jail-fever.

Herfhaft, *adj.* dungeon-like.

Herfmeister, (*str.*) *m.* jailer, gaoler.

Herf, *see* *Einleiter*.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *staf*, *f.* *see* *Geßing* — *nist*, *f.* *sturm*, *m.* donjon, dungeon, keep.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* fellow; *churl*; *jac.* & *cont.* dog; *cont.* varlet, wretch; *vulg.* servant, man; *cin* *fell* *famer* —, an odd fish; *cin* *ganter* —, *coll.* a man indeed, a noble fellow; *das* *ist* *cin* *mal* *cin* — *coll.* there is a fellow for you!

Herf, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Herf*) little fellow.

* **Herfmes**, (*m.* *Arab.*) *Pharm.* kermes, alkermes; *vegetabilisch* —, kermes-grains; *mineralisch* —, kermes mineral; — *baum*, *m.* *see* — *eiche*; — *bette*, *f.* porkwood; — *berren*, *f.* — *berren*, *n.* *pl.* scarlet grains; — *eiche*, *f.* *Bot.* evergreen oak, alkermes oak (*Quercus coccifera* L.); — *eichen* *schilblaus*, *f.* *Entom.* kermes insect (*Oecus ilicis* L.).

Herf, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) kernel (of apples, pears, hazelnuts, &c.), pip (of apples, pears, oranges, &c.), stone (of stone-fruit); grain (of corn, of leather, &c.); pith, heart (of wood); 2) *Gunn.* bore, caliber; 3) *Farr.* a) *see* *Stenning*; b) the furrow in the roof of a horse's mouth; c) quick of a horse's hoof; 4) *Bound.* a) core (internal mould); b) false core, drawback; 5) globele, granule; 6) *Astr.* nucleus (of a comet); 7) stopper, apple (of certain wind-instruments); 8) bottom (of artichokes); 9) *Buck.* a) breast, bricket of an ox; b) best or finest part of meat; 10) *Sport.* dried flesh in stripes (as food for dogs); 11) *Bot.* a) nucleus; b) spelt-wheat; *Ag.* pith, marrow, quincence, cream, heart, core; main substance; gist; *fr* *streiten* *um* *Nebenbinge* *und* *berühren* *nicht* *den* — *der* *Streichung*, they dispute about accessories, and never approach the vital point of the controversy; bloom, flower, choice, prime; elite; *das* *also* *war* *der* *Hubel* — *!* (*Gothe*, *Faust* I, 3) this then was the poodle's real core!

Herf..., *in comp.* — *abführung*, — *abführung*, *f.* (the act of) removing the *Stimmung*, which *see* 1; — *arbeit*, *f.* superior work; — *artig*, *adj.* kernally; — *äßig*, *adj.* growing out of the heart; — *andern*, *m.* pithy expression; — *beiser*, *m.* *Ornith.* cherry-finch, cross beak (*Coccothraustes vulgaris* Pall.); — *beisen*, *pl.* white seeds of the kidney-bean; — *beiser*, *m.* *see* *Stenning*; — *brantwein*, *m.* brandy made of kernels, noyan; — *brun*, *adj.* very brave, gallant; — *brun*, *n.* superior kind of rye-bread (without foreign admixture); — *brüde*, *f.* *see* — *brüder*; — *brüde*, *adj.* genuine or pure German; — *brüde*, *f.* core-frame; — *brüder*, *m.* *Cent.* core-box.

Herf, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* *Hustern*; 2) *provinc.* (also *reg.*) to curdle, to churn; *gefernt*, *p. a.* having a kernel or kernels; *gefernte* *Butter*, buttermilk.

Herf, *m.* *T.* pointed hammer; pounce, prick-punch.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *erbien*, *pl.* common peas; — *faul*, *T.* *adj.* rotten at the core or in the inside (said of wood or trees); — *fest*, *adj.* very firm, solid; — *ferst*, *n.* *Phys.* central fire; — *fleisch*, *n.* choice meat; — *ferm*, *f.* *see* — *gefall*; — *ferm*, *f.* *Ag.* excellent woman; — *ferst*, *m.* 1) *Ornith.* *see* — *beiser*; 2) *Entom.* a species of seed-beetle (*Bruchus granarius* L.); — *frucht*, *f.* stone or kernel-fruit; — *gehnse*, *n.* core; — *gerst*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) wheat-barley; 2) privet (*Rainville*); — *gehnse*, *n.* *Art.* cannon with a bore equally wide throughout; — *gehnse*, *n.* *Surg.* tumour with a core; — *gefall*, *f.* *Minor.* primitive form; — *gefn*, *adj.* thoroughly sound, healthy; — *gut*, *m.* *Cent.* cored work; — *gut*, *adj.* exquisite, choice, proof.

Herfhaft, *I. adj.* pithy, racy, forcible, nervous, energetic, solid, substantial; strong; II. *R.* *geist*, (*w.*) *f.* pithiness, raciness, &c., strength, (concentrated) force.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *fern*, *n.* *see* — *gehnse*; — *holz*, *n.* 1) heart of a tree, heart-wood; 2) the best sort of wood; hearty timber; 3) *see* *Stenning*.

Herf, *adj.* like a kernel or granule.

Herf, *adj.* 1) full of kernels, kernally; 2) *see* *Stenning*.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *jagen*, *n.* 1) a) hunting at which the game is driven into an enclosure; 2) boar-hunting; — *jauner*, *f.* *Bot.* call (in which the seeds are lodged); — *jauner*, *m.* *see* — *brüder*; — *lager*, *m.* *Cent.* (core-)print; — *lager*, *f.* strongest lyo; — *leber*, *n.* best sort of leather; — *leber*, *m.* clay for lining the inside of a mould; — *leimwand*, *n.* very good or strong linen. [*from* seed.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* tree or shrub raised *Stenning*, *adj.* unkernelled.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *mann*, *m.* 1) a stout, choice man; 2) a good, excellent man; — *maß*, *n.* calibre; — *maß*, *n.* prime, first or best flour; — *maß*, *m.* *see* — *mann*; — *maß*, *f.* butter-milk; — *maß*, *n.* *Gard.* kernel-fruits; — *maß*, *adj.* *Gunn.* 1) having the bore right in the centre; 2) level, horizontal; — *maß*, *n.* *Minor.* rock-salt; — *maßen*, *m.* *see* — *gerst*; — *maß*, *m.* *Cent.* core-sand; — *maß*, *m.* *Metall.* fire-room; — *maß*, *m.* inmost shadow; — *maß*, *f.* *Gard.* nursery out of kernels, seed-plot; — *maß*, *m.* *Gunn.* horizontal shot, level range; — *maß*, *n.* *Vol.* surbate; — *maß*, *f.* pithy or expressive language; — *maß*, *m.* pithy saying or sentence; — *maß*, *n.* best sort of steel; — *maß*, *m.* 1) *see* *Stenning*; 2) sound stem; — *maß*, *n.* *Vol.* bleeding the horse in the mouth, by pricking the furrows in the roof; — *maß*, *n.* 1) *T.* (*Sculpt.* &c.) cake; 2) *see* — *gehnse*; — *maß*, *f.* *Bot.* perisperm; — *maß*, *f.* superior, pure soap; — *maß*, *f.* *pl.* choice troops; — *maß*, *n.* prime stuff or cloth; — *maßen*, *pl.* choice or prime goods; — *maßen*, *f.* *see* *Spundwand*; — *maßen*, *n.* an excellent woman; — *maßen*, *n.* superior wine; — *maßen*, *n.* *Min.* mine with irregular lodes; — *maßen*, *m.* *see* — *Stenning*; — *maßen*, *f.* *Comm.* prime-locks, prime-wool; — *maßen*, *n.* pithy word; — *maßen*, *m.* *Forest.* trees produced from seed.

* **Herf**, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* kerosene (oil).

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Stenning*.

Herf, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a taper, wax-light, candle; ein *Sticht* *gleich* *hundert* *St.* *n.* *T.* a light equal to five thousand candles; b) *Surg.* medicated candle, bungle; 2) *Bot.* *see* *Stenning*; 3) *Conch.* wax-stamper, species of cane (*Conus virgo* L.).

Herf, *in comp.* *Bot.* — *baum*, *m.* red mangrove (*Rhizophora Alangale* L.); — *berf* *baum*, *m.* candle-berry myrtle (*Myrica cerifera*).

Herf, *adj.* as straight as a pin (or yard), bolt-upright; — *gefer*, *m.* (tallow-) chandler; — *gefer*, *adj.* lighted with tapers; — *ferst*, *n.* *see* *Stenning*; — *ferst*, *n.* *see* — *stien*; — *maßer*, *m.* *see* — *gefer*; — *stien*, *m.* the light of tapers, taper-light; — *träger*, *m.* one carrying a taper; — *gefer*, *m.* *see* — *gefer*.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* chandler.

Herf, *pl.* *Mar.* floor-timbers of a boat. **Herf**, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) kettle, caldron, boiler; copper; *Halt.* basin; 2) hole; basin; ravine; 3) *Archit.* bell; 4) *Min.* excavation, hole; 5) *Sport.* den, kennel, burrow; couch (of a boar); alle in *berf* *den* — *werfen*, *coll.* *anal.* to weave all pieces on the same loom.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *gefer*, *f.* *provinc.* potatoes; — *batterie*, *f.* *Mil.* mortar-battery; — *ber*, *n.* beer brewed in small vessels, home-brewed beer; — *blau*, *adj.* furnace-blue; — *blau*, *f.* *Mil.* bomb or shell thrown from a mortar; — *braun*, furnace-brown.

Herf, *Herf*, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Stenning* & *Stenning*.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *fang*, *m.* water-ordeal; — *klüder*, *m.* 1) tinker; 2) *cont.* talker, brawler, &c.; — *klüder*, *adj.* kettle-shaped; — *gehell*, *n.* rails for a kettle; — *gehell*, *n.* *Archit.* cupola, dome; — *gehell*, *n.* pot-hanger, chimney-hook; — *gehell*, *f.* top-vault of a boiler; — *jagen*, *n.* *Sport.* hunting at which the game is brought together into an enclosed place (*Stenning*); — *jauner*, *m.* chimney of a boiler; — *jauner*, *m.* *Mil.* chamber of a mortar; — *jauner*, *n.* kettle-shaped hole for fish; — *meister*, *m.* *Dy.* vat-man.

Herf, (*w.*) *s. l.* (*str.*) 1) *Sport.* to root up the ground (of wild boars); 2) *Mar.* to chop about (of the wind); II. *reg.* to assume the form of a kettle.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *nieder* *Stenning*, *m.* *see* — *Stenning*; 2) — *paule*, *f.* kettle-drum; tymbal; — *platte*, *f.* boiler-plate; — *schäger*, — *schmidt*, *m.* brazer, kettle-maker; — *Stenning*, *m.* 1) *Mar.* compass-brick; 2) *T.* scale, sediment, fur (in steam-)boilers; — *Stenning*, *m.* *see* *Stenning*; — *Stenning*, *pl.* *Mech.* boiler-brackets; — *Stenning*, *n.* round deep valley; — *träger*, *m.* *pl.* *Mech.* boiler-holders; — *treiben*, *n.* *see* — *jauner*.

Herf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Fish.* landing-net; 2) amber-fisher.

Herf, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Farr.* horny protuberance above a horse's knee; 2) *Bot.* yellow oak.

Herf, *see* *Herf*.

Herf, (*str.*) *provinc.* & * *Stenning*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Stenning*) 1) little chain; 2) chain-lace.

Herf, (*w.*) *f.* 1) chain; 2) *Wass.* warp (*Kufung*); — *und* *Ein* *Stenning*, warp and wool (or worst); *gefernt* —, crossed warp; 3) *see* *Stenning*; 4) *Mar.* chain-moorings; *Ag.* 5) bondage, bond, slavery, yoke, *pl.* fetters; 6) train, series, chain, concatenation.

Herf, (*w.*) *f.* little chain, link (of a door, &c.); *happ*, clasp; — *und* *happ*, *happ* and staple, clasp and clamp; — *happ*, *n.* — *happ*, *f.* tambour-needle; — *Stenning*, *m.* *see* *Stenning*.

Herf, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to fasten with a little chain. [*bind*]

Herf, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to chain; *Ag.* to chain.

Herf..., *in comp.* — *anker*, *m.* *pl.* *Mar.* (chain) moorings; — *arbeit*, *f.* chain-work; — *artig*, *adj.* catenarian; — *aus* *Stenning*, *n.* *see* — *Stenning*; — *baum*, *m.* *Wass.* warp-beam, *see* *Garnbaum*; — *baum*, *f.* *see* *Stenning*; — *baum*, *m.* *Arch.* continued fraction; — *brüde*, *f.* chain-bridge, iron suspension bridge; — *haben*, *m.* *Wass.* warp-thread (*opp.* *Ein* *Stenning*); (*Petri*) — *feier*, *f.* Lamm-day, the first of August; — *Stenning*, *m.* *Ichth.* species of trunk-fish (*Ostracion trigloporus* L.); — *Stenning*, *adj.* formed like a chain; — *Stenning*, *n.* water-wrist, warp; — *Stenning*, *m.* warp-coop; — *gefernt*,

—geraffel, *n.* rattling, clanking of chains; —gefang, *n.* see *Retzfrage*; —glibb, —geleut, *n.* link (of a chain); —hann, *m.* a chained dog, mastiff, watch-dog; —hugel, *f.* chain-shot; —huss, *f.* *Hydr.* chain-pump; —huppelung, *f.* *Rail.* chain-coupling; —linie, *f.* 1) *Geom.* catenarian curve; 2) *Archit.* chain-line; —lade, *f.* *T.* chain-curl; —natt, *f.* chain-stitch(ed) seam; —panger, *m.* coat of mail; —pumppe, *f.* chain-pump; —rahmen, *m.* embroidery or tambour-frame; —rechnung, —regel, *f.* *Arith.* chain rule, rule of equations; —reim, *m.* *T.* chained rhyme; —ring, *m.* chain loop, see —glibb; —rolle, *f.* *T.* lace-chain; —schere, *n.* *Weav.* warping; —schloss, *n.* chain-lock; —schmitt, *m.* *Log.* sorites, prosyllogism; —schmitt, *m.* smith who makes chains; —seide, *f.* organzine, thrown silk; —seide, *f.* twilled silk-serge; —spulmaschine, *f.* *T.* winding-machine, winding-frame; —stab, *m.* staff of a measuring chain; —stich, *m.* 1) *Mar.* chain-knot; 2) *See.* chain-stitch; —streife, *f.* confinement in irons; —tang, *m.* chain (figure of a dance); —tan, *m.* chain-cable; —toll, *adj.* coll. stark mad; —triffler, *m.* *Mus.* continuing shake; —wert, *n.* chain-work; —wurm, *m.* *Zool.* tape-worm (*Tenella solium* L.); —zug, *m.* *Archit.* ornaments in the shape of a chain, twining moulding.

Retzler, (*str.*) *m.* chain-maker (*Wirtzler*).

Retzfelde, see *Rettenfelde*.

Retzer, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) heretic; 2) *T.* spindle-full of yarn; *Retzerin*, (*w.*) *f.* heretic; *II. in comp.* —etzer, *m.* zealous persecution of heretics; —gericht, *n.* board of heresy, inquisition; —haupt, *m.* heresiarch; —meister, *m.* *cont.* heretic hunter, bigoted divine; —meister, *m.* grand inquisitor; —richter, *m.* inquisitor; —riecher, *m.* heretic hunter; —jungf, *f.* sect of heretics.

Retzerl, (*w.*) *f.* heresy.

Retzerhaft, *Retzerlich*, *adj.* heretical.

Retzen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to declare and treat as heretical; 2) *Min.* to cleave (hard rocks) with quoin; to make chinks, crevices, gaps into ...; *II. intr.* to entertain heretical opinions. [heresy.]

Retzerhaft, (*w.*) *f.*, *Retzerthum*, (*str.*) *n.*

Retzel, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* sieve.

Retzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to pant, gasp, cough, to be puffy. [hoineough.]

Retzhusten, (*str.*) *m.* *Med.* hooping-cough.

Retzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to carry earth in barrows to a dyke.

Retze, (*w.*) *f.* 1) club; pestle (of a mortar), pounder; 2) *Rope-m.* wooden-mallet; 3) *Typ.* brayer; *fig. a)* leg (of mutton, of veal of deer, &c.), joint; drum-stick (of a wasted fowl); *b)* vulg. thigh; *c)* rude fellow; 3) *Conch.* ship-worm (*Teredo clava* L.).

Retzen..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* *Bot.* beef-wood tree (*Cassipouira pauciflora*); —fürmig, *adj.* club-shaped, clubbed, *Bot.* clavated; —fürst, *m.* *Bot.* bottle-gourd (*Sisyphester*); —lahm, *adj.* lame in the thigh or hind-leg; —ylt, —schwamm, *m.* *Bot.* club-top oak-leather (*Clavaria Pers.*); —träger, *m.* clubman.

Retzen, (*w.*) *v. tr. (l. u.)* to strike with a club.

Retzer, (*str.*) *m.* see *Retter*.

Retzlicht, *adj.* club-shaped. [marls (pl.).]

Retzper, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* keuper (variegated *Retzsch*, *adj.* chaste, pure, modest; —baum, *m.* see —lamm. [purity.]

Retzschheit, (*w.*) *f.* chastity, chasteness, *Retzsch*..., *in comp.* —traut, *n.* *Bot.* sensitive plant (*Mimosa pudica* L.); —lamm, *n.*, —frucht, *m.*, —laune, *f.* *Bot.* chaste-tree, agnus castus (*Vilox agnus castus*).

Retzel, (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* a species of antelope (*Antelope koodi*).

Retzger, (*str.*) *m.* see *Watzger* (cf. *Reib*).

Reibig, see *Reibig*.

Reiber, (*w.*) *f.* (—tribe), *Bot.* chick-pea (*Cicer arvensium* L.); die brußige (—tribe), sweet vetch, chickling-vetch (*Lathyrus* L.).

Reiberin, *l. (w.) v. intr.* to titter, snigger, snicker; *II. s. (str.) n.* a tittering, giggle.

Reiß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) false push (at billiards); missed blow: miss-cue; 2) *coll.* blunder, fault; cimen — machen, *Reißer*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to make a miss, *Beiß*, to miss the ball; to blunder.

Reißig, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* plover, pewit, lapwing (*Vanellus cristatus* M. & W.); *R-e* hüten, *coll.* to die an old maid; —ei, *n.* 1) plover's-egg; 2) *Conch.* diving snail, sea-nut (*Bulla ampulla* L.); 3) or —hüme, *f.* *Bot.* guinea-ben flower (*Frillaria melleogris* L.).

Reißer, (*w.*) *f.* see *Reifer*, *A. 2*.

Reißer, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see *Reifen*. [wurm.]

Reißfisch, (*str.*) *pl. R-fische*, *m.* see *Reißer*. *A. Reißer*, *l. (str.) m.* 1) jaw-bone, (the upper and lower) jaw; chap (of an animal); 2) *Ichth.* see *Reime*; *II. in comp.* *Anad-s.* maxillary; —beißer, *m.* gill flap or lid; —brüse, *f.* maxillary gland; —knochen, *m.* maxillary bone; —wurm, *m.* *Entom.* a species of *Annelides* (*Eunice gigantea* Lav.).

B. Reißer, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* wild pine, Scotch fir (*Pinus silvestris* L.); *Reißer* or *Reißer* —, tree leaved Virginian pine.

Reißer(n)..., *in comp.* —apfel, *m.* cone of the pine-tree; —eule, —raupe, *f.* *Entom.* pine-moth (*Trachta piniperda* Esp.); —(harg)-gallmücke, *f.* a kind of midge (*Cecidomyia pinis* Meig.).

Reißericht, (*str.*) *n.* pine-grove or wood. *Reißericht*, *Reißerig*, *adj.* 1) resinous; 2) sandy, adapted to the cultivation of pines (of soil). [*Mustela martes* L.]

Reißermarder, (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* pine martin *Reißer(n)*..., *in comp.* —schürmer, *m.* *Entom.* pine hawk moth (*Sphinx pinastri* L.); —japfen, *m.* see —apfel.

Reißern, *adj.* (made) of fir, fir.

Reißer, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *coll.* foot-stove; 2) see *Reisegeflügel*. [poep (Guden).]

Reißer, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* (*L. G.*) to *Reiß*, *s. l. (str.) m.* 1) a) quill; b) *Angl.* float; 3) *Mar.* keel, careen; 3) *Bot.* a) keel; b) *Gard.* bulb of a plant; *Mar-s.* der löse, seite —, false, main keel; auf dem —, long, length in the keel ...; —oben, bottom up; *II. in comp.* —bunt, *f.* *Mar.* careening-wharf; —bett, *n.* bed filled with large coarse feathers; —bod, *m.* ram without horns; —bogen, *m.* *Archit.* keel-or-ogee-arch; —brief, *m.* see *Bodenreibrif*.

Reißer, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to get quills (of birds); *II. tr.* 1) *Mus.* to quill (a piano-forte, &c.); 2) to feather (an arrow); 3) *Mar.* to furnish with a keel.

Reiß..., *in comp.* —ende, *f.* *Archit.* half hip-roof; —feder, *f.* quill; —fürmig, *adj.* in the shape of a keel; *Bot.* keeled, carinated; —frosch, *m.* *provinc.* see *Raufrosch*; *Mar-s.* —fuge, *f.* rabbit of the keel; —gang, *m.* 1) garboard-streak (or —strake); 2) *Bot.* big; —geld, *n.* keelago; —herr, *m.* captain, master of a ship.

Reißhaken, *Reißhaken*, (*w.*) *v. tr. Mar.* 1) to careen; 2) to keelhaul, keelhaul; ein gun — angelegtes Schiff, a ship laid on the careen. — *Reißhaken*, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* careening, careen; eine halbe — geben, to make a parliament heel or boot-topping.

Reiß..., *in comp.* —flöhe, *m. pl.* dead wood; —trapp, *m.* 1) a person, particular, child afflicted with a goitre; 2) see *Reisegeflügel*; —lichter, *m.* pontoon for careening ships; —rade, *m.* see *Rohlrabe*; —raum, *m.* hold; —recht, *n.* keelago; —schneider, *m.* *Ornith.* fly-catcher (*Muscicapa* L.); —schneider, *f.* *Conch.*

a species of heteropodous mollusca (*Cardium mediterranea* L.); —schnecken, *n.*, —schnecken, *f.* keel-son, *pl.* carlings; —tan, *n.* keel-rope; —überzug, *m.* false keel; —wasser, *n.* dead water, steerage-way; track or wake of a ship; —wert, *n.* bulbous roots.

Reißer, (*w.*) *f.* *Ichth.* gill, branchia; *in comp.* *R-reißer*, *m.* gill-lids; *R-reißer*, *m.* *pl.* shell-insects (*Entomostrodon*, *Rufschelifer*); *R-reißer*, *f.* gill-flap; *R-reißer*, *f.* gill-opening; *R-reißer*, *m.* *Zool.* larva (*Lernaea branchialis* L.).

Reiß, *l. (str.) m.* 1) resin of the pine: 2) see —holz; *II. in comp.* —apfel, *m.* pine-cone, fir-apple; —apf, *m.* pine-knot; —baum, *m.* *Bot.* pine-tree (*Reißer*); —beißer, *m.* *Entom.* pine-woevil (*Borophagus stenographus* L.).

Reißer, *adj.* (made) of resinous pine-wood.

Reiß..., *in comp.* —fadel, *f.* 1) pine-link or torch; 2) Bourdeaux-turpentine; —flöze, *f.* see *Baum*; —holz, *n.* resinous wood, pine-wood.

Reißig, *adj.* resinous.

Reiß..., *in comp.* —bl, *n.* pine-oil; —p(e)rfe, —roß, *m.* *Bot.* Dutch myrtle, marsh rosemary (*Myrt.*); —raß, *m.* pine-soot, lamp-black, smoke-black; —stiel, *m.* 1) trunk of a pine-tree; 2) *Med.* carcass. [basket.]

Reißer, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* dooser, wicker-*Reißer*, (*str.*) *m.* see *Reißer*.

Reiß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) gravel; 2) *Minor.* a) pyrites; b) quartz; 3) *Slang.* money, blunt, tin; —aber, *f.* *Min.* vein containing quartz; —bühne, —artig, *adj.* gravelly; pyritous; —apfel, —bühne, *m. pl.* pyrites in balls; —boden, *m.* gritty land; *Minor-s.* —strom, *m.* terroous chrome; —eisen, *n.* liavrite; —erde, *f.* see *Reißer*; —fahl, *n.* *Minor.* white antimony; —gang, *m.* gravel-walk; —glitter, *n.* see *Durchglitter*; 2;

—grube, *f.* gravel-pit; —grunb, *m.* gravelly soil or bottom; —haltig, *adj.* containing gravel; *Minor.* pyritiferous; —flöhe, *m. pl.* see —apfel; —flapfererz, *n.* *Minor.* white copper; —lange, *f.* cement-walk; —nieren, —nische, *f. pl.* pyrites in oblong globules; —platz, *m.* gravelled square; —regen, *m.* see —apfel; —sand, *m.* gravelly sand; —schür, *m.* *Minor.* automalite, sinkiferous spinel; —tranbe, *f.* *Minor.* pyrites in the shape of grapes; —weg, *m.* gravelled way; —würfel, *m. pl.* see —nieren; —zette, *f.* mine of arsenical pyrites; —zimmer, *m.* one who works alone a —zette; —glut, *m.* *Minor.* calamine.

Reiß, (*w.*) *f.* *R-n* des *Stratpills*, *Mar.* paul-plates.

Reiß, (*str.*) *m.* flint, flint-stone, pebble; *Minor.* silax; boulder; in — vermandeln, to silicify; *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* silicious, flinty; —blende, *f.* *Minor.* silicious blend; *Chem-s.* —boronfluorid Salz, silicio-borate; —boronfluorid, *f.* silicio-boric acid; —conglomerat, *n.* silicious conglomerate, padding stone; —crystall, *m.* pebble crystal, crystal of silica; —erde, *f.* silicious earth, silica; —erdeshaltig, *adj.* silicio; —erdstein, *m.* (*flußsilice*) fluo-silicate of potassa; —fels, *m.* flinty rock; —flußsiliceit, *f.* liquor of flints; —fluorid, *n.* fluoroide of silicium; —flußsilice, *adj.* fluo-silicio; —flußsilice Salz, fluo silicate; —flußsilice, *fluo-silicio acid*; —glas, *n.* flint-glass; —grunb, *m.* pebbly bottom, gritty land; —grunb, *m.* *Minor.* silicious marl; —gypse, *m.* sulphate of lime; —halde, *f.* *Chem.* fluoroide of cerium (*Frank*); —haltig, *adj.* siliciferous; —hart, *adj.* as hard as flint; —herz, *n.* *fig.* flinty or hard heart.

Reißig, *adj.* silicious, flinty; pebbly.

Reißel..., *in comp.* —fahl, *m.* *Minor.* silicaceous; —flumpen, *m.* see —conglomerat; —fluphal, see —crystall; —flupfer, *m.* silicated copper; —flupferfluorid, *n.* fluoroide of silicated copper; —mangan, *n.* siliceiferous oxide

Klein, (*str.*) *n.* 1) mud-waller; 2) Or-
nith. common nut-hatch (*Sitta europaea* L.).
Kleinewort, (*str.*) *n.* mud-wall-work, mud-
walling.

Kleid, (*str.*, *pl.* Kleider) *n.* 1) garment,
dress, garb, coat, gown, habit, raiment; 2) T.
case, cover (of various things), *cf.* Bekleidung;
Mar-s. cloth (of a sail); service (of a pump);
3) *fig.* dress, garb, exterior of a thing; &-*er*
modern *Ernte*, *proserb*, fine feathers make fine
birds, the tailor makes the man.

Kleider, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Kleid) small
gown; frock (of children); *Bot.* indusium.

Kleiden, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to dress, clothe,
attire, apparel; 2) to provide with clothing,
dress; 3) to deck, see Bekleiden; 4) to mount
(guns); see *intr.*; II. *intr.* (*with* *Acc.* or *Acc.*)
to sit, sit well, to become, to be suitable
to; III. *refl.* to dress, clothe one's self; *fig.* was
gekleidet gehen, to go in black.

Kleider..., *in comp.* — *affe*, *m.* *Zool.* donk
(*Sitta nemurus*); — *besen*, *m.* whisk (broom);
— *bus*, *m.* see — *rechen*; — *bürste*, *f.* clothes-
brush; — *gefell*, *m.* see — *rechen*; — *haken*, *m.* cloak
pin; — *händler*, *m.* dealer in clothes, clothes-
dealer; clothes-man, merchant tailor; — *hän-
deln*, *f.* clothes-shop; clothier's (d. i. shop); —
kammer, *f.* wardrobe; — *kammerer*, *m.* master of
the wardrobe; — *laus*, *f.* *Entom.* large louse
which infests clothes (*Psocidius vestimentis* N.);
— *leiste*, *f.* see — *rechen*; — *leinenwand*, *f.* linen
for lining; — *macher*, *m.* tailor, see *Stycken-
schneider*; — *macherin*, *f.* dress-maker; — *markt*,
m. market for (second hand) clothes; — *mobe*,
f. fashion or mode in clothes; — *motte*, *f.* *En-
tom.* woolen moth (*Tinea sarcitella* L.); — *na-
gel*, *m.* see — *haken*; — *ordnung*, *f.* regulation
of wearing clothes, sumptuary laws; — *pracht*,
f. gorgeousness, sumptuousness of habit,
luxury in clothes; — *raum*, — *rechen*, *m.* clothes-
rail, clothes-horse; — *schabe*, *f.* see — *motte*;
— *schwand*, *m.* fine clothes; — *schwand*, *m.* clothes-
press; — *schacht*, *f.* manner of clothing, costume,
dress, fashion; — *trübel*, *m.* frippery; — *trü-
bel*, *m.* frippery, sloop-seller; — *verleiher*, *m.*
man that lends (lets) clothes; — *verwahrer*,
m. keeper of the wardrobe; — *vogel*, *m.* Or-
nith. honey-sucker (*Melospiza tristis* L.);
— *verreicht*, *m.* stock of clothes; — *glimmer*, *n.*
see — *kammer*.

Kleinfach, (*str.*) *f.* *Mar.* serving-mallet.
Kleinfach, (*str.*) *adj.* becoming, effec-
tive (of dress). [*in* dress].

Kleinfaß, (*str.*) *f.* becomingness, effect
Kleinfaß, (*str.*, *pl.* Kleinfässer) *m.* *Mar.* serv-
ing-board.

Kleinfach, (*str.*) *f.* 1) clothing, dressing,
clothes; dress; costume, apparel, attire;
vesture; T. drapery; 2) *Gemein.* plate-work,
mounting; *Etern* — und *Reif* geben or *grün-
den*, to find one in food and clothing or rai-
ment; *R-Rüd*, *n.* article of dress; *R-Rüde*,
pl. clothes.

Klein, (*str.*) *f.* bran, pollard.
Kleinen..., *in comp.* — *abfab*, *m.* bran-tee;
— *artig*, *adj.* branny; — *beige*, *f.* *Tin-plato-man*.
lie, lye; — *bier*, *n.* bran-beer; — *brat*, *n.* broad
made of bran; — *schichte*, *f.* — *grind*, *m.* —
— *schinde*, *f.* *Med.* porridge; — *metz*, *m.* mixture
of bran and meal; — *stein*, *m.* *Miner.* variety
of calcite. [*furfuraceous*].

Kleinheit, *adj.* 1) clayish; 2) branny; 3) *Med.*
clayey.

Klein, *adj.* 1) branny; 2) clayey.
Klein, *adj.* 1) little; small; minute; di-
minutive; short; 2) *Miner.* minor in regard to
intervals; like *f-e* *Quarte*, minor or lesser
fourth; 3) petty; insignificant, trifling; light
(error, risk); 4) mean, contemptible; 5) *adv.*
in detail, exactly, circumstantially; id) that
den Ring an meinen *f-e* Finger, für den er
viel zu groß war, I put the ring on my little
finger, for which it was much too large; die

folge davon, daß ich den Ring an einen Finger
that, der zu — dafür war, the consequence of
my putting the ring on a finger that was too
little for it; von ihren Töchtern war die älteste
etwas —, die zweite war größer, of her daugh-
ters the eldest was rather little, the second
was taller; ist Fräulein Helene groß oder —?
is Miss Helen tall or short? — *friegen* or *besom-
men*, *coll.* to master; *fig.* — *machen*, to humble
or degrade one's self; der *f-e* *Mutter*, *Mar.* grap-
nel; *f-e* *Buchstaben*, *Typ.* loan-type; der *f-e*
Finger, little or ear-finger; *f-es* *Geld*, small
or loose money, change; — (e) *3* *Bauholz*, sticks
of round timber or lumbers (*Horis.*); *f-es* *Holz*,
wood chopped small (for lighting a fire); *f-e*
Weile, short mile; *f-e* *Weine*, thin wines; *f-e*
Krieg, small war; *f-er* *Puls*, *Med.* small or
feeble pulse; — *gebildeten*, undergrown, stunted;
— (er) *werden*, to grow less, to diminish,
Ac. see *Abnehmen*, *intr.*

II. *s. 1.* (*indecl.*) *n.* — und *Groß*, children
and grown up persons, old and young,
every body; *von* — *an* or *aus*, from infancy
(*von* *Kinderbeinen* *an*); 2. *m.*, *f.* & *n.* (*decl.*
like *adj.*) der (die) *R-e*, the little one; die
R-en, the little ones; das *R-e*, small thing,
trifle; wer das *R-e* nicht ehrt, ist des *Groß*
nicht werth, *proverb*, who will not keep a
penny, shall never have many; *ins* *R-e*,
into a small compass, upon a small scale;
ins *R-e* *gehen*, to enter into the particulars
or details; *ins* *R-e* *gehen*, minute (inquire,
interference); um ein *R-es* *war* ich verlorren,
I had a narrow escape; über ein *R-es*, after
a little while; daß ich ihm ein *R-es*, that's a
mere trifle (is easy) to him; im *R-en*, in a
small compass; in (by) retail; in detail; in a
minute manner; upon a small scale, in little;
eine Welt im *R-en*, miniature-world; der *Klein-
ere* *Bruder*, the younger brother; der *Kleinste*
Bruder, the youngest brother.

III. (*str.*) *n.* 1) giblets; head, liver, &c. of
a hare, goose, &c.; 2) T. broken-up fragments
of all kind.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *ohrtel*, *n.* small octa-
vo; — *öhrig*, *adj.* with small ears (of corn);
— *apfelbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* three-grained medlar
(*Crataegus arvensis*). [*menia*].

Kleinarmut, *n.* *Geogr.* the lesser Ar-
Kleinarmut, *n.* *Geogr.* Asia Minor, the
lesser Asia.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *ängig*, *adj.* small-
eyed; — *bal*, *m.* — *balgig*, *f.* *Mus.* violon-
cello; — *bater*, *m.* a small freeholder or far-
mer; — *bild*, *m.* mod. miniature (picture);
— *binder*, *m.* see *Beigebinder*; — *blättrig*, *adj.*
small leaved; — *bodenrad*, *n.* T. third wheel
of a watch; — *bogenform*, *f.* small folio;
— *böhrig*, *adj.* small-berried (coffee); — *ben-
ken*, *adj.* narrow-souled, little-minded; —
bruder, *m.* job-printer.

Klein, see *Kleinheit*.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *eisen*, *n.* *Miner.* small
iron (particles); — *elephant*, *m.* *Print.* atlas.
Kleinheit, (*str.*) *f.* see *Kleinigkeitskränkel*.
Kleinheit, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to indulge in trifles.
Kleinheit, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to make or beat
small. [*leinern*].

Kleinheit, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to lessen, see *Ver-
ringern*.
Klein..., *in comp.* — *füßig*, *adj.* see *Ver-
ringern*; — *geist*, *m.* — *geister*, *f.* trifling
disposition, mean spirit; small-mindedness;
— *geißig*, *adj.* small-minded; — *gemüthe*, *n.*
see — *bild*; — *gemustert*, *adj.* small pattern;
— *gehört*, *adj.* *Bot.* auriculate; — *geschwebe*,
n. *Sport.* bowls of deer and black-game; — *ge-
wehfeuer*, *n.* discharge of musketry; — *ge-
würfelt*, *adj.* small-checked; — *glänzig*, *adj.*
of little faith, faint-hearted, disheartened;
— *glänzigkeit*, *f.* little-faith, faint-heartedness;
— *grubig*, *adj.* *Bot.* forevealed; — *gut*, *n.* 1)
petty ware; 2) cannon of too thin a cast;

— *handel*, *m.* retail-business, retail-trade; —
handel treiben, to retail; — *händler*, *m.* re-
tailer, retail-dealer, (retail-)shop-keeper;
small-dealer.

Kleinheit, (*str.*) *f.* littleness, smallness,
 minutenness, &c. *cf.* *Klein*, *adj.*

Klein..., *in comp.* — *herzig*, *adj.* faint-
hearted; narrow-minded; — *herzigkeit*, *f.* faint-
heartedness; narrow-mindedness; — *hüderig*,
adj. *Bot.* tuberculated; — *hundert*, *n.* *Comm.*
a (round) hundred (*opp.* *Großhundert*).

Kleinigkeit, (*str.*) *f.* trifle; small or minor
matter, light or trifling matter; große —,
mere trifle; über jede — *lachen*, to laugh at
a feather; *R-en*, *pl.* toys, small trinkets.

Kleinigkeit..., *in comp.* — *geist*, *m.* mind
or disposition for trifles; — *hüder*, — *jäger*,
— *krämer*, *m.* pedant, piddler; er ist ein —
krämer, he stumbles at a straw; — *krämer*, *f.*
the practice of indulging in or giving one's
mind to trifles; pedantry; — *laut*, *m.* see — *geist*.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *jährig*, *adj.* stunted
(of wood); — *hinderweh*, *n.* *hinder-
schule*, *f.* asylum, school for little children,
public nursery, infant-school; — *krämer*, *m.* see
Unterkrämer; — *krämer*, *adj.* small-grained;
— *leiste*, *f.* small-coal; pit-coal; — *laut*, *adj.* *coll.*
dejected, disheartened; quiet; — *laut werden*,
to lose courage, to draw in.

Klein, (*str.*) *m.* mean, paltry fellow.
Kleinheit, *adj.* mean, petty, paltry, base;
II. *R-felt*, (*str.*) *f.* (moral) littleness; mean-
ness, paltriness, narrow-mindedness, petti-
ness.

Kleinling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Kleinler*; 2) *Bot.*
bastard pimpernel (*Centrococcus minimus* L.).

Klein..., *in comp.* — *master*, *m.* miniature-
painter; — *master*, *f.* art of painting in mi-
niture; — *meister*, *m.* (*Fr.*) *petit-maitre*, top,
coxcomb; *Feind*, neat master; — *meister*, *f.*
coxcombry, &c. *cf.* — *meister*; — *meister*, *v.*
intr. see *Kritik*; — *meister*, *m.* T. micrometer;
— *metz*, *m.* — *metz*, *f.* pusillanimity,
faint-heartedness, despondency, *Theol.* desec-
ration; — *metz*, *adj.* pusillanimous, faint-
hearted, low-spirited, discouraged, despond-
ing; der — *metz*, desponder; die — *metz*,
pl. *Brd.* the feeble-minded; — *metz*, *n.* small
octavo.

Klein, (*str.*) *n.* 1) jewel, treasure, orna-
ment; 2) (*pl.* *Kleinschmuck*) emblem of royalty;
3) *Harald.* ornament (belonging to the helmet,
&c.); *R-Rent*, *n.* casket.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *puschmacher*, *f.* trim-
ming-makor; — *quart*, *n.* *Print.* small quarto.
Klein, (*str.*) *n.* inhabitant of Russia
Minor. — **Klein**, *n.* *Geogr.* Russia
Minor.

Klein..., *in comp.* — *schlichter*, *m.* retail
butcher; — *schmidt*, *m.* see *Schlosser* (*opp.*
Großschmidt); — *schmiedearbeit*, *f.* see *Schlosser-
arbeit*; — *schmiedig*, *adj.* *Bot.* rostellate; —
silber, *n.* T. silver-leaf; — *slan*, *m.* narrow-
mindedness; — *slanig*, *adj.* narrow-minded;
— *slan*, *m.* minor state (of a confederation,
&c.); — *slanig*, *adj.* *Bot.* aculeate; — *släbter*,
m. — *släbterin*, *f.* inhabitant of a small town;
— *släbter*, *f.* provincial manners, way of act-
ing, &c.; — *släbzig*, *adj.* like the inhabitant
of small (provincial) towns, provincial, coun-
trified; — *släbzig*, *adj.* see *Kleinheit*; — *slän-
den*, *n.* *Comm.* a (round) thousand (*opp.* *Groß-
sländen*); — *slänken*, *m.* see — *handel*; — *slän-
ken*, *n.* retail-sales' book; — *slänken*, *m.*
retail, see — *handel*; — *slän*, *m.* small cattle,
tits; — *slän*, *m.* petty-ware, small-ware;
— *slän*, *adj.* *Bot.* verruculose; — *slän*, *m.*
see *Handschel*, 2; — *slän*, *m.* *Ornith.* red-
wing (*Roßbröckel*).

Klein, (*str.*) *m.* paste, size; — *slän*, *m.* —
slän, *n.* *Zool.* paste eel (*Anguilla githis* L.).

Reich'ern, (w.) v. tr. to paste.
Reich'er..., in comp. —pinfel, m. paste-brush; —tiegel, m. paste-pot; —topf, m. paste-bowl.
Reich'(e)rig, adj. pasty, sticky, dirty.
Reich'ig, adj. Phys. R-e Glasche, Leyden phiol or jar.
Reichum..., in comp. —Mod, m. holdfast-bench; —Brille, f. eye-glass, double eye-glass; pince-nez.
Reichum'sten, (str.) n. clothes-peg.
Reich'me, (w.) f. 1) instrument to squeeze with; 2) dollie; 3) nipper (of rope-makers); 4) province, looked-jaw; 5) *Ag.* pinch, dilemma, distress, fix, strait; in bet — sein, to be in great distress or straits, to be at a pinch or non-plus, &c. [vice-chops].
Reichum'eisen, (str.) n. pincers, horsebit;
Reich'men, (w.) v. tr. to pinch, squeeze; to jam: foc. to slich, to nim, to lift; *fig.* (Acc.), or *fig.* (Dat.) den Finger z. —, to get one's finger, &c. jammed or pinched.
Reich'met, (str.) m. coll. see Reichmbrille.
Reich'm..., in comp. —fall, m. (unnatural) dilemma; —futter, n. Twrn. elastic chuck; —fater, m. Join., &c. holdfast.
Reich'mig, adj. Min. hard.
Reichum'paußhof, (str., pl. R-föde) m. Wew. nipper temple, jaw temple.
Reich'mern (w.) v. intr. 1) to clink; 2) to work in tin; to tinker.
Reich'mer, (str.) m. tinman, tin-smith; tinker; plumber; —arbeit, f. see —ware; —blech, n. tin-plate, thin sheet-iron coated with tin. [tinman].
Reich'muerel, (w.) f. trade or shop of a Reich'muerwaer, (w.) f. tin-ware.
Reich'per, (str.) n. mag. tit, pony; palfrey; —bürr, see Klapperbürr.
Reich'pern, (w.) v. intr. 1) see Klappern; 2) to trot (Traben), to ride (on a nag).
Reich'te, (w.) f. 1) Bot. bur, burdock (*Arachnium lappa* L.); einem eine — antworten (*Wiedan*), *fig.* to cast a reproach on one; 2) Ornith. wall-creeper (*Baumläufer*); —framt, n. 1) leaves of the bur; 2) common hemp-agrimony (*Eupatorium cannabinum* L.).
Reich'ten, (w.) v. tr. T. to card or pick (wool); *fig.* — *fig.* to stick fast, adhere (an, to); —ferbel, m. rough chervil (*Anthriscus silvestris* L.). [picker of wool].
Reich'ter, (str.) m., Reich'terin, (w.) f. T. Reich'ter..., in comp. (from Reich'ten) —affe, m. see Klammerraffe; —barsch, m. Ichth. climbing-perch (*Andrias secundus* C.); —breffel, f. nut-hatch (Reiher); —eisen, n. climbing-iron.
Reich'terer, (str.) m. climber.
Reich'ter..., incomp. —[sch], m. see —barsch; —füßig, adj. Ornith. zygodactylous; —maß, m. see —Ränge.
Reich'tern, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein & haben) to climb, scramble, clamber; Bot-e. l-b. p. a. climbing, twining; die l-be Pflanze, climber.
Reich'ter..., in comp. —[sch], m. see Reichte, 2; —Ränge, f. climbing-pole; —vogel, m. Ornith. wall-creeper (*Baumläufer*).
Rei've, see Cleve.
Rild, (str.) m. Mar. — des Steuerruders, after-piece of the rudder; — am Vordersteven, gripe.
Rild'e, (w.) f. (Fr.) coll. tribe, coterie, set.
Rild'en, (w.) v. tr. to cast any thing soft and adhesive (as mud, mortar, and the like).
Rild'er, (str.) m. see Schnellflugel.
Rild'wert, (str.) n. see Reichwort.
Rild'eisen, (str.) n. Coop. cleaver.
Rild'ben, (str. & w.) v. tr. & intr. (aux. sein) to cleave. [wood: 2) sawed timber].
Rild'holz, (str., pl. R-hölzer) n. 1) cleft Reich'sche, (w.) f. Ichth. dab, burt (*Pleuronectes limanda* L.)

Rild'he, (w.) f. see Reichte, 1.
 * **Rild'ma**, n. see Glima.
Rild'men, (str. & w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to climb; 2) *fig.* to aspire; l-b, p. a. Bot. twining.
Rild'ming, (w.) f. see Rilmung.
Rild'müßig, (str.) n. Mar. man-rope of the bowsprit. [tinkling, &c].
Rild'muerel, (w.) f. a chinking, jingling.
Rild'mern, (w.) v. intr. to chink, jingle, tinkle; to strum, thrum; — gehört zum Handwerk, see Klappern.
Rild'ng! see Rilingfang.
Rild'ng, (w.) f. 1) blade; 2) (am Hobe) plane-iron; 3) province. a) ravine, narrow valley; b) a narrow ditch or slip; 4) *fig.* sword; die Hölzerne — der Töpfer, potter's plane; *fig.* a vor die — fernen, to challenge; über die — springen lassen, to put to the (edge of the) sword; nicht bei der — bleiben, see Etange.
Rild'ng, (w.) f. 1) bell; an der — jochen, to ring the bell; 2) province. see Rindner; —beutel, m. purse with a bell, to collect alms from the congregation, bell-purse; —draht, m. bell-wire; —müßer, f. see Zunderwurzel.
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intr. to ring the bell; to tinkle, jingle, tingle; es wurde (nach) dem Sechsten geffingelt, the bell was rung for the servant.
Rild'ng..., in comp. —rübe, f. see Zunderwurzel; —[sch], m. see —beutel; —[sch], f. bell-rope, bell-string; —zug, m. bell-pull.
Rild'ng, (str.) v. intr. 1) to sound, to make or yield a sound; to clink, tinkle; to chime, chink, ring; 2) *fig.* (with nach) to sound (like), to savour (of); das Klingt fernerbar, that sounds strange; das Klingt ganz anders, that is very different; mit den Gläsern —, die Gläser — lassen, to touch the glasses (in drinking healths); die Ohren — mir, my ears tingle; l-be Worte, more sounding words; mit l-ben Spielen, with drums and fife; l-be Ränge, specie, real money, metallic currency, coll. hard cash; in l-ben Goldfäden, in clinking gold-pieces; l-be Vermögen, pecuniary property.
Rild'ng..., in comp. (from Rilinge) —eisen, n. T. iron for knife-blades; —[sch], f. assay of sword-blades; —[sch], m. blade-smith, sword-cutter; —[sch], m. steel for making sword-blades; —[sch], m. see Degens- [sch]; —[sch], f. iron-ware, hard-ware.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. see Schellente.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. sonnet.
Rild'ng, adj. (in comp.) furnished with a blade. [twang; ding-dong].
Rild'ng, intrj. & (str.) m. jingle.
Rild'ng, intrj. & (str.) n. ding-dong; ting, ting. [phonolite].
Rild'ng, (str.) m. Minor. clink stone.
 * **Rild'ng**..., see Glinit z.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. Mar. clinch-bolt.
Rild'ng, (w.) f. 1) latch, specket; 2) clench (of a handloom).
Rild'ng, (str.) n. see Sperreisen.
Rild'ng, (w.) v. I. intr. to move or put down the latch, to open or shut a door; II. tr. Mar. to clinch. [Lock-sm. trunk-lock].
Rild'ng, (str., pl. R-fölzer) n.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. 1) (Dutch) clinker (hard-baked tile); 2) Mar-e. a sort of flat-bottomed vessel; — weise gebaut, clincher-built; — wert, n. clincher-work. [receive the latch].
Rild'ng, (str.) m. hook or staple to
Rild'ng, (w.) f. cleft, chink, crack, chap, gap, crevice; R-n bekommen, to chink, crack, gape. [whine].
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intr. 1) to jingle; 2) to
Rild'ng, (str.) m. Mar. paltry trinkets, tinsel. [with the finger].
Rild'ng, (str.) m. a snapping noise; snap
Rild'ng, (str.) m. see —[sch].
Rild'ng, (w.) f. 1) see Bogelfalle; 2) olif,

crag, rock; 3) *fig.* imminent danger, perilous obstacle.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. mill-clapper.
Rild'ng..., in comp. —[sch], m. see Strin-
 bod; —[sch], —[sch], adj. full of rocks; —[sch],
 n. see Rild'ngschleier; —[sch], m. Ornith. white
 mow (*Larus argentatus* Brunn.); —[sch], m.
 craggy way.
Rild'ng, (str.) m. T. mallet.
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intr. see Klappern.
Rild'ng..., in comp. —[sch], m. 1) Ichth.
 chatodon (*Chatodon* Ouv.); 2) Comm. haberd-
 done, dry ood, dried or cured ood; —[sch], n.
 clipped money.
Rild'ng, adj. like a rock or crag.
Rild'ng, adj. rocky, craggy.
Rild'ng..., in comp. —[sch], f. wooden
 jug with a lid; —[sch], intrj. slip-slap, pit-
 a-pat; —[sch], f. tip-tap-toe (a game);
 province. —[sch], m. toy wares, mean trinkets;
 —[sch], m. toy-seller; —[sch], f. Zool. see
 anemone (*Actinia rubra*); —[sch], f. coll.
 hedge-inn; —[sch], f. Zool. rock-badger
 (*Hyas Copemius* L.); —[sch], f. coll. hedge-
 school; —[sch], n. 1) see —[sch]; 2) T. machi-
 nery for coining small money.
Rild'ng, intrj. smash!
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intr. to clink, clank,
 rattle, clatter, clash.
Rild'ng, (w.) f. see Rild'ng.
Rild'ng, intrj. & (str.) m. coll. 1) flap,
 clash, slap; —[sch]! clink-clack, clish-clash,
 alish and slash! 2) doughy cake, dough, see
 Schilff, 3. [slap].
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intrj. coll. to flap, clash,
 clish, slap; —[sch]! clink-clack, clish-clash,
 alish and slash! 2) doughy cake, dough, see
 Schilff, 3. [slap].
Rild'ng, (w.) v. intrj. coll. to flap, clash,
 clish, slap; —[sch]! clink-clack, clish-clash,
 alish and slash! 2) doughy cake, dough, see
 Schilff, 3. [slap].
Rild'ng, (str.) m. Bot. common sand-wood
 Rild'terbusch, (str., pl. R-bücher) see Kladder.
Rild'tern, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to blot;
 to scrawl (Rild'ten). [Rild'terbusch].
Rild'terbusch, (w.) f. province. petty debt
 Rild'terbusch, (str.) n. 1) iron
 wedge; 2) cleaving-iron.
Rild'ten, (w.) v. see Rild'ten.
Rild'ten, s. I. (str.) m. 1) handful (of flax);
 2) log (of wood); 3) Mach. a) block, pulley;
 b) see Rild'ten; 4) Sport. trap, gin; 5) Min.
 pincers; 6) Husb. see Schweben; 7) Mar.
 block; ganz aus dem — laufen, to run and for
 end (of a rope); — an der Wage, pl. cheeks of a
 balance; — an der Thürröhre, staple; II. in
 comp. —arbeit, f. T. work done by the pul-
 ley; —[sch], f. thill, shafts; —[sch], m.
 trapping of birds; —[sch], n. T. pulley-
 frame; —[sch], n. log-wood; —[sch], f. Gumm.
 upper-plate; —[sch], f. large saw for cutting
 planks, frame saw; —[sch], n. rope for a pulley.
Rild'tig, adj. like a log (Rild'tig, Rild'tig).
Rild'tig, (str.) m. Mar. ball of spun yarn.
Rild'tig, (str.) m. v. intr. province.
 1) to lament; 2) to relate with tedious
 length; to spin out (a tale, coll. a yarn). —
 Rild'tig, (w.) f. 1) lamentation; 2) coll.
 a yarn, longwinded tale.
Rild'tig, (str.) m. T. wedge.
Rild'tig, (str.) m. clap, stroke.
Rild'tig, (str., pl. R-er) n. Typ. planer.
Rild'tig, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) clapping,
 beating, &c.; 2) Husb. sheaves of corn only
 beaten, but not clean thrashed. [mar].
Rild'tig, (str.) m. basket-maker's ham-
 Rild'tig, m. see Rild'tig.
Rild'tig, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to beat; to
 knock, rap; to tap (on the shoulder, &c.),
 to dab; to throb, beat (of the heart); to tow
 (hemp or flax); die Form —, Typ. to plane
 (or plain) down; die Steine —, to break stones;
 in die Hände —, to clap one's hands; einem
 auf die Finger —, coll. to give one a rap on
 or over the knuckles. [door].
Rild'tig, (str.) m. knocker, clapper (of a

Stiefel ..., *in comp.* —**fächter**, *m.* 1) boxer, pugilist, prize-fighter; 2) *fg.* bully; polemic; —**fächterel**, *f.* 1) pugilism; 2) *fg.* polemics; —**fächterisch**, *adj.* 1) pugilistic; 2) *fg.* polemical; —**stisch**, *m.* stock-fish (Stöckfish); —**garn**, *n.* yarn for candle-wicks; —**gestänge**, *n.* —hammer, *m.* Mech. batting-machine; —**krug**, *m.* castrated stallion; —**rolz**, *n.* beater, beetle; *Typ.* planer; —**sagen**, *n.* Sport boat (chaque carried on by beating the trees); —**säger**, *m.* *Bodm.* dead-watch (Tobtenuhr); —**stiel**, *f.* beetle, driving-mallet; —**maschine**, *f.* Mech. batting-machine; —**putzer**, *m.* Pharm. witch-meal; —**fäcken**, *n.* bag made of gauze and filled with witch-meal (for infants); —**schäger**, *m.* see **Tiefhammer**; —**see**, *f.* heavy sea-breaking; —**scife**, *f.* scythe which is sharpened by beating (Styrian or German scythe, opp. **Schleiffscife**); —**stein**, *m.* Sho-m. lap-stone.

Stippe, *f.* (w.) 1) provinc. (N. G.) see **Stippe**; 2) see **Stippe**.

relating to a convent or convents, monastic affairs; —*jušt*, *f.* monastic discipline; —*juang*, *m.* cloisteral or claustral confinement; —*juwŋ*, *m.* nun's (sister's) thread.

trick, a boy's frolic; —*wurk*, *f.* see —*frant*; —*jeit*, *f.* time of boyhood.

Rnaß, *I. interj.* crack! snap! knock! II. (*str.*) *m.* 1) cracking, crack; 2) crack, split; 3) underwood; 4) T. broken stones for roads, metalling; III. *in comp.* —*Quaßer*, *f.* macadamized or metalled road; —*erbbeere*, *f.* or *Rnaßelbeere*, *provinc.* wild strawberry.

Rnaß'en, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to crack, knock, break; *die Finger* — *lassen*, mit den *Fingern* —, to crack the fingers. [*quersquada* L.]

Rnaß'tute, (*w.*) *f.* Ornith. garganey (*Anas Rnaß'er*, (*str.*) *m.* cracker, knacker.

Rnaß'crig, *adj.* cracking, crisp.

Rnaß'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crackle.

Rnaß's, *interj.* & (*str.*) *m.* see *Rnaß*.

Rnaß'..., *in comp.* —*mandel*, *f.* shell-almond; —*weibe*, *f.* Bot. crack-willow (*Struchweide*); —*wurk*, *f.* hard smoked sausage.

Rnaß'ge, (*w.*) *f.* *Rnaß'gen*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) T. bracket, stay (to support a shelf, &c.); stop-stop (of a stair); star (of a water-wheel); 2) see *Rnaß*; 3) pl. *Rnaß'gen*, see *Rnaß'gen*.

Rnaß, (*str.*) *m.* clap, crack; loud sound report (of a gun, &c.); *Chem.* detonation, explosion; — *umd fäll*, *coll.* on a sudden.

Rnaß'..., *in comp.* —*augen*, *m. pl.* coll. large prominent eyes, goggle eyes; —*hölz*, *n.* *Chem.* fulminating lead; —*bomben*, *m.* cracker-bombon, bonbon-cracker; —*blüße*, *f.* pop-gun.

Rnaß'fen, (*w.*) *a. I. intr.* to clap, crack, give a report, pop, bounce; mit *einer Peitsche* —, to crack, smack a whip; *Chem.* to detonate; II. *tr. vulg.* to gull, cheat. [*ling* ball.

Rnaß'crife, (*w.*) *f.* detonating or fulminating —*Rnaß'ern*, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr. coll.* to crack repeatedly.

Rnaß'..., *in comp.* —*flüßig*, *m.* fulminating paper-match; *Chem.-s.* —*flüßig*, *n.* chloride of nitrogen; —*gas*, *n.* oxygen and hydrogen gas; —*gebläse*, *n.* gas-blow-pipe; —*glas*, *n.* prince Rupert's drop, anacastol glass; —*gold*, *n.* fulminating gold; —*luft*, *f.* explosive, inflammable air; —*pulver*, *n.* fulminating powder; —*quedflüßer*, *m.* fulminating mercury; —*säure*, *f.* *Chem.* fulminic acid; —*schuß*, *m.* (*ein bloßer*) *sch.* a mere flash in the pan; —*signal*, *n.* detonating signal; —*flüßer*, *n.* fulminating silver.

Rnaß'en, (*w.*) *f. pl.* *Mar.* fore-locks.

Rnaß'p, *adj.* 1) close; strait, tight, narrow; 2) *fig.* scarce, scanty, short; —*f. s. Einommen*, limited income; —*f. e. Diät*, *Med.* low regimen; —*f. e. Wind*, *Mar.* scant wind; sharp wind; —*f. e. Zeiten*, hard times; —*f. e. 100 Pfund*, barely 100 lbs; *eß geht* *be* — *her*, it is very hard shifting (about commons) there; *er ist* — *bei Geld*, money is scarce with him, he is straitened for money; 3) *adv. coll. a)* soon (after, &c.); *b)* hardly, scarcely; —*angezogen*, tight, smart; — *halten*, to keep (one) short, to keep a strict hand over (one); *Einen in der Rost* — *halten*, to allow one only spare diet; auf *das f. sic einrichten*, to confine within the narrowest limits; *eß geht ihm* —, he is straitened in his means; *der Raum fängt an* — *zu werden*, space is beginning to press; —*meffen*, to give short measure; *ein f. e. Schuh*, a narrow or tight shoe, a shoe that pinches.

Rnaß'pe, (*w.*) *m.* 1) *f.* a young man, lad, boy; 2) equire, shield-bearer; adherent, attendant; 3) *a)* journeyman (millier); *b)* see *Bergknapp*; *in comp.* —*Rnaß'p*, *m.* equireship.

Rnaß'p, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) for *Rnaß'en*; 2) see *Rnaß'p*; 3) see *Rnaß'p*.

Rnaß'pknapp, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to nibble.

Rnaß'lad, (*str. pl.* *Rnaß'lade*) *m.* knapsack, wallet, bag.

Rnaß'schaft, (*w.*) *f. collect.* journeymen miners or millers; *Flüßer* —, body or corporation of founders and smelters; *Berg* —,

body of miners; —*Rnaß'pe*, *m.* senior of the miners, &c.; —*Rnaß'pe*, *f.* money-box for poor miners; —*Rnaß'pe*, *m.* share in a mine for the benefit of poor miners.

Rnaß'pelig, *adj.* *fig.* crisp. — **Rnaß'peln**, **Rnaß'fen**, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to crunch (*Rnaß'peln*).

Rnaß're, (*w.*) *f.* 1) rattle; 2) *coll.* scold.

Rnaß'ren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to creak, crackle, rattle, crepitate, to jar.

Rnaß'rer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) creaker; 2) Ornith. corn-crake (*Bicrista*).

Rnaß'rig, *adj.* creaking.

Rnaß'gen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to creak.

Rnaß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) knot, knag; 2) a log of oak used as a ram; 3) see *Rnaß'bert*.

Rnaß'er, (*str.*) *m.* canaster, canister; — *bart*, *m.* an old morose person, grumbler.

Rnaß'crig, *adj.* crackling.

Rnaß'ern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to crackle.

Rnaß'ertabak, (*str.*) *m.* tobacco packed in canisters.

Rnaß'fien, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to crunch.

Rnaß'tergelb, (*str.*) *n.* see *Flüßtergelb*.

Rnaß'tern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to rattle, clatter (of musketry).

Rnaß'el, **Rnaß'el**, (*str.*) *n.* (& *m.*) 1) clue, hank, bottom; coil; ball (of thread, &c.); 2) *m.* Bot. knawel, German knot-grass (*Scalvulus* L.). [*little ball*, &c., pellet.

Rnaß'elgen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Rnaß'el*)

Rnaß'elgras, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. cook's foot-grass (*Dactylis glomerata* L.).

Rnaß'eln, **Rnaß'eln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to coil up.

Rnaß'elwinder, (*str.*) *f.* T. ball-winding machine, balling machine.

Rnaß'en, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to gnaw; 2) *a)* to mow; *b)* to grumble.

Rnaß'er, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* hard (dead) rock.

Rnaß', (*str. pl.* *Rnaß'el*) *m.* 1) *provinc.* see *Rnaß'*; 2) knob, pommel (on the hilt of a sword); 3) *Archit.* chapter, capital (of a pillar); —*stampel*, *m.* T. stamp-hammer.

Rnaß'peln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to pick, gnaw; to crunch; 2) *fig.* to toil (in vain).

Rnaß, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* heel (of a loaf of bread), kissing-crust, *cf.* *Rnaß*, *Rnaß'*.

Rnaß'ellen, see *Rnaß'ellen*.

Rnaß'er, (*str.*) *m.*, **Rnaß'erin**, (*w.*) *f.* niggard, pinch-penny, curmudgeon. [*ness*.

Rnaß'ertel, (*w.*) *f.* niggardliness, stinginess.

Rnaß'ern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be a niggard, to be sordid. [*ern*, (*w.*) yellow musk-pear.

Rnaß', (*str.*) *m.* see *Rnaß*; — (*or* *Rnaß'*)

Rnaß'el, (*str.*) *m.* dog's ear; crumple.

Rnaß'fien, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crumple.

Rnaß'el, *s. I.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) short piece of wood used to fasten any thing, especially ropes by twisting them round; *gag*; *Mar.* toggle; hockey-stick; clog (about a dog's neck); cross-bar (of a trap); clapper (of a bell); 2) see *Rnaß'elbart*; 3) see *Rnaß'el*; 4) *provinc.* knuckle, ankle; II. *in comp.* —*bart*, *m.* 1) mustachioes; 2) one wearing mustachioes; —*bolzen*, *m.* toggle-bolt; —*borsten*, *f. pl.* *Nat.* stiff bristles growing from the upper lip, &c. of some animals, vibrissae; —*rißen*, *n.* curling-iron for the wiskers; —*hölz*, *n.* hatmaker's packing stick.

Rnaß'eln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten with a short stick; to *gag*; 2) *provinc.* to beat, drub; 3) *Mar.* to bit (a cable).

Rnaß'el, *in comp.* —*lytel*, *m.* Sport. hunting-spear; —*hod*, *m.* see —*hölz*; —*treise*, *f.* snaffle; —*wach*, *n.* whisker's wax.

Rnaß'ler, (*str.*) 1) gagger; 2) sheaf-binder.

Rnaß't, (*str.*) *m.* 1) man-servant (especially in a farm), servant, ploughboy; hind; 2) *obsolet*, workman, journeyman (in some trades); 3) beadle; 4) *fig.* slave, bondman; 5) T. trestle, jack, horse (for linen); 6) *Mar.* knight;

faule —, ready reckoner; *stummert* —, side-table; *der ast* —, *provinc.* corn-crake; *wie der Herr*, *so der* —, *provinc.* like master like man.

Rnaß'tel, (*w.*) *f.* *coll.* servility.

Rnaß'ten, (*w.*) *v. I.* (*or* *Rnaß'ten*) *intr.* to act a servile part, to fawn, flatter; II. *tr.* to enslave; to gag, tyrannize.

Rnaß'tes, *in comp.* see *Rnaß'tes*...

Rnaß'tisch, *adj.* servile, slavish; menial; —*sch* *Becken*, servility. [*like a servant*.

Rnaß'tisch, *adj.* (*l. u.*) incumbent on or *Rnaß'tisch*, (*w.*) *f.* servant's (menial) work. [*slavery*.

Rnaß'tschaft, (*w.*) *f.* bondage, servitude.

Rnaß'tes, *in comp.* —*dienst*, *m.* hard service; —*gehalt*, *f.* (Phil. 2, 7) form of a servant; —*stun*, *m.* servile disposition; —*stun*, *m.* servile station. [*knife*; 2) clasp-knife.

Rnaß't, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* 1) shoe-m. paring-knife; (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pinch, see *Rnaß'ten*; *die Wärfel* —, to cog the dice; *den Wind* —, *Mar.* to keep close to the wind.

Rnaß'pe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) any instrument for pinching, pincers, &c.; 2) grips; 3) *coll.* common beer- or coffee-house, low pot-house; 4) *Rnaß*, *slang.* student's lodgings; 5) see *Rnaß'pe*.

Rnaß'p, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to pinch, nip, squeeze, twitch; to gripe; II. *intr. coll.* to frequent a beer- or coffee-house.

Rnaß'p, (*w.*) *f.* the (practice of) frequenting pot-houses, &c.

Rnaß'..., *in comp.* *Botom.* —*hahn*, *m.* running-beetle (*Meloida* Fabr.).

Rnaß'p, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pinch, nip, squeeze, twitch; to gripe; II. *intr. coll.* to frequent a beer- or coffee-house.

Rnaß'p, (*w.*) *f.* the (practice of) frequenting pot-houses, &c.

Rnaß'p, *in comp.* *Botom.* —*hahn*, *m.* running-beetle (*Meloida* Fabr.).

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Rnaß'p, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pinch, nip, squeeze, twitch; to gripe; II. *intr. coll.* to frequent a beer- or coffee-house.

Rofen, *see* **Roben**.
Roffert, (*str.*) *n.* small deer, thin deer.
Roffet, (*obsolete &*) *vulg.* for **Raffet**.
Roffier, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Raffin**.
Roffet, (*str.*) *m.* coffer, trunk: — **Reffluge**, *n.* *pl.* trunk-clip.
Roffertchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Roffet**)
Roffet..., *in comp.* — **Riff**, *m.* *Ichth.* trunk-fish (*Ostracion quadricornis* L.); (*virtu- rous*) cackold-fish; (*virtuante*) square-fish; — **garr**, *n.* *Fish.* sweep-net; net for catching turbot; — **griff**, *m.* trunk-handle; — **hörn**, *n.* *Mollusc.* species of trumpet's shell (*Tridacna variegata* Lam.); — **happe**, *f.* trunk-cover; — **leimwand**, *f.* linen-cloth for lining-trunks; — **riemen**, *m.* trunk-strap; — **schloß**, *n.* trunk-(pad)lock; — **schutze**, *f.* *see* — **horn**; — **isch**, *n.* *see* — **leimwand**; — **überfille**, *m.* *pl.* trunk-haps.
Roffschiden, (*str.*) *m.* *pl.* abaca, *see* **Wabaca**.
Roff, *see* **Woff**.
Roff, *s. l.* (*str.*) *m.* cabbage; colewort; **bruner** (*grüner*) —, bore-colo; II. *in comp.* — **amaranth-blüte** (*Amaranthus blum*); — **arisen**, *f.* *pl.* brassicaceous plants, cabbage-tribe; — **bruner**, *m.* cabbage-grower, *see* — **gärtner**; — **baum**, *m.* 1) cabbage-tree; 2) *see* — **palm**. [*in comp.*]
Roffboden, (*str.*) *n.* (*from Rohle*) *see* **Roh-**
Roffblatt, (*str.*, *pl.* **R-blätter**) *n.* (*from Rohle*) cabbage-leaf. [*in comp.*]
Rofflein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Rohle**) little **Rohle**, (*w.*) *f.* charcoal; coal; metallische —, carbonate of copper; abgefehlte —, coke; *2-n* brumen, to make (or to burn wood to) charcoal, to char; wie auf *2-n* *stehen* or *stehen*, proverb, to sit upon thorns, to be in great impatience.
Rofflen, (*w.*) *tr. & intr.* 1) to turn into or make charcoal, to char; to carbonize; 2) to turn black (of a lamp-wick, cigars, &c.); 3) *coll.* to prose, to twaddle.
Roffen..., *in comp.* — **abben**, *m.* a working of coals, coal-mining; — **actie**, *f.* share in a coal-pit; — **agent**, *m.* *see* — **mafter**; — **auswirth**, *adj.* like coal, coaly; carbonic; — **arbeiter**, *m.* coal-miner, collier; — **artig**, *adj.* coaly; — **aus- beizen**, *f.* 1) *see* — **brüggen**; 2) produce of a coal-mine or of coal-mines; — **bauf**, *f.* layer of coals; — **beifan**, *n.* *see* — **feld**; — **bruner**, *m.* a peasant man carrying charcoal to towns, coal-man, collier; charcoal-burner; — **beden**, *n.* 1) coal-dish, coal-pan, fire-pan; warming-pan; chafin-dish, brasier; 2) (*—bett*, *n.*) coal-basin, coal-series (*Toll.*); — **behlitter**, *m.* coal-closet, coal-cellar; — **bergbau**, *m.* coal-mining; — **bergwerk**, *n.* coal-mine, coal-pit, coal-works, colliery; — **bett**, *n.* coal-field, coal-measure(s); — **beigt**, *m.* coal-district; — **bildung**, *f.* coal-formation; coal-series, coal-measure; — **blei**, *n.* *Chem.* carburet of lead; — **blende**, *f.* *Minor.* anthracite; — **blume**, *f.* *Minor.* bituminous clay; — **brand**, *m.* *Chem.* carbonisation; — **brun- ner**, *m.* charcoal-burner; — **brunnerel**, *f.* 1) the business of a charcoal-burner; 2) the place where charcoal is made; — **brunnerfütte**, *f.* charcoal-kiln; — **bumpf**, *m.* vapour of burning coals; — **bumpfer**, *m.* damper (for char- coal); — **bedel**, *m.* fire-plate; — **banft**, *m.* *see* — **bumpf**; — **eifenbahn**, *f.* tram-way; — **eifen- fira**, *m.* *Minor.* black-band; — **feld**, *n.* coal-field, coal-basin; — **fener**, *n.* 1) coal-fire; 2) *see* — **beden**; — **fih**, *n.* *Minor.* horizontal layer of coals; coal-seam; — **fürderung**, *f.* (the act or occupation) of coal-drawing; — **fürdernde Schicht**, *pl.* carboniferous strata, coal-formation, coal-fields; — **fürzer**, *m.* *see* — **bruner**; — **fund**, *m.* *see* **Brandfunde**; — **gas**, *n.* coal gas; — **gebirge**, *n.* mountains contain- ing coal, carboniferous mountains; — **gefäß**, *n.* coal-scuttle, coal-shoot; — **geban**, *n.* part of a forest where wood for charcoal is felled;

— **geist**, *m.* *see* — **löche**; — **geftube**, *n.* 1) coal-brooks, coal-dust; 2) black, coke-brooks, small coal; — **glut**, *f.* live-coals; — **grüder**, *m.* coal-miner; — **grau**, *n.* dark-gray; — **graupe**, *pl.* *Minor.* bituminous lime-clay; — **grube**, *f.* coal-pit, *cf.* — **bergwerk**; — **grube**, *f.* *Geol.* carboni- ferous order; — **grus**, *m.* *see* — **geftube**; 2; — **hellig**, *adj.* carboniferous; — **händler**, *m.* coal-merchant; collier; — **han**, *n.* *see* — **geftau**; — **haus**, *n.* coal-house; — **hies**, *m.* *see* — **geftau**; — **holz**, *n.* wood for charcoal; — **hörnstein**, *f.* *Minor.* black hornblende, anthracite, an- thracolite; — **hütte**, *f.* *see* — **brunnerfütte**; — **hall**, *m.* *Geog.* carboniferous lime-stone; — **hammer**, *f.* coal-closet, coal-house, *coll.* coal-hole; coal-bunker; — **härter**, *m.* coal-wheeler; — **hasten**, *m.* coal-box; — **heller**, *m.* coal-cellar; — **hülle**, *f.* coal-dust; — **hein**, *n.* *see* — **ge- ftube**; 2; — **herdt**, *m.* a coal-man's servant; — **herd**, *m.* coal-basket; (*auf* *Eisenb.*) coal-skip; — **hräuel**, *m.* — **hräule**, *f.* coal-rake; — **hrüde**, coal-poker; — **leger**, *n.* 1) coal-deposit, coal-store(s); 2) bed or stratum of coal; — **lichter**, *m.* coal-lighter; — **loch**, *n.* (*auf* *Dampfschiffen*, &c.) coal-scuttle; — **löche**, *f.* re- fuse of coal-pits; coal-cinders, coal-dust, coal-dross; calin, clinker; — **luft**, *f.* *Physiol.* carbonic air; — **magazin**, *n.* coal-house; — **mäfler**, *m.* coal-broker, coal-factor, *slang*, coal-cripp; — **maß**, *n.* coal-measure; — **meßer**, *m.* charcoal-pile; — **meßer**, *m.* measurer of coals; coal-meter; — **metall**, *n.* *Chem.* carbonaceous metal; — **mine**, *f.* coal-mine; — **minum**, *m.* *Geog.* shaken coal; — **minuh**, *m.* *Ichth.* coal-fish (*Rohfifch*); — **niederlage**, *f.* 1) coal-house; 2) *Minor.* *see* — **feld**; — **ofen**, *m.* 1) charcoal-kiln; 2) coal-stove; — **oxyd**, *n.* *Chem.* carbonic oxide; — **pfanne**, *f.* 1) *Paper-m.* *etc.* coal-pan; 2) *see* — **beden**; — **platte**, *f.* 1) charcoal-area; 2) fire-plate; — **platz**, *m.* 1) coal-hole; 2) *see* — **brun- nerel**; 2; — **raum**, *m.* coal-closet, bunk, *cf.* — **hammer**; — **rechen**, *m.* coal-raker; — **reiter**, *n.* *see* — **beigt**; — **riß**, *m.* charcoal-sketch; — **rutte**, *f.* coal-poker; — **sack**, *m.* 1) coal-sack; 2) *Toll.* belly (of the fire-room of a furnace, &c.); (*Toll.*.) coal-sack; (*Braun*) (brown) coal-grit; *Chem.* — **faure**, *adj.* carbonic; — **faure** *Salz*, carbonate; — **faure**, *f.* carbonic acid; — **faure** *Baryt*, *Minor.* witherite; — **faure** *Gas*, carbonic acid gas; — **faure** *Salz*, carbonate of potash; — **faure** *Natron*, — **faure** *Soda*, *f.* — **faure** *Wasser*, carbonate of soda; — **faure** *meßer*, *m.* anthracometer; — **faure** *schmelz*, *f.* coal-shovel; — **faure**, *m.* *Minor.* coal-slate; — **faure**, *n.* coal-ship, collier; — **faure**, *f.* coal-cinder; — **faure**, — **faure**, *f.*, coal-scuttle; — **faure**, *m.* (round) coal-box; — **faure**, *n.* *Physiol.* charcoal-black; — **faure**, *m.* *Minor.* foliated calcareous spar; — **faure**, *m.* coal-house; — **faure**, *m.* coal-dust; pulverized coals; — **faure**, *m.* *see* — **faure**; — **faure**, *m.* pencil formed of charcoal; *Chem.* — **faure**, *m.* carbon; — **faure**, *f.* (*Toll.*.) coal-measure; — **faure**, *m.* asphaltic gas or air; — **faure**, *adj.* carbonaceous; — **faure**, *m.* coal-crecible; — **faure**, *m.* fire-pot; — **faure**, *m.* coal-heaver, coal-porter, coalbacker; — **faure**, *m.* coal-waggon, coal-cart, coal-truck; *Chem.* — **faure**, *m.* hydrocarburet of chlorine; — **faure**, *m.* carburetted hydrogen gas; — **faure**, *adj.* carbon-hydrous; — **faure**, *f.* hydro-carburet; — **faure**, *n.* coal-wharf; — **faure**, *m.* coal-work (— **bergwerk**); — **faure**, *m.* coal-viewer; — **faure**, *m.* coal-owner, coal-proprietor, coal-master; — **faure**, *f.* *see* — **grube**; — **faure**, *m.* coal-engineer; — **faure**, *f.* *see* — **riß**; — **faure**, *m.* coal-cake, (*gepreßte*) cingle.
Roffler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) charcoal-burner; col- lier; 2) *see* **Rohfifch**.
Rofflerel, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Rohlenbrunnerel**.
Roffler..., *in comp.* — **glände**, *m.* *fg.* im-

pliet faith; — **faure**, *n.* *Bot.* 1) common speed- wall (*Veronica* L.); 2) club-moss (*Lycopodium* L.).
Rohf..., (*from Rohle*), *in comp.* — **faure**, *n.* *coll.* for **Rohlenfener**; — **faure**, *m.* coal-fish (*Gadus carbonarius*); — **faure**, *m.* burnt sorrel-horse.
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **gärtner**, *m.* kitchen-garden; — **gärtner**, *m.* kitchen-gardener, market-gardener; — **grün**, *n.* cab- bage colour; — **haun**, *m.* *see* **Wachtel**.
Rohfholz, (*str.*) *n.* 1) wood for charcoal; 2) *provinc.* privet (*Rhamnus*).
Rohflig, *adj.* *see* **Rohlenartig**, **Rohlenhaltig**.
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **faure**, *n.* *pl.* sprouts, young coleworts; — **faure**, *m.* 1) cabbage-head; 2) *coll.* for **Dummkopf**; — **faure**, *n.* headed cabbage; — **faure**, *m.* purple-streaked garlic (*Allium oleraceum* L.); — **faure**, *m.* vegetable market.
Rohf..., (*from Rohle*), *in comp.* — **meife**, *f.* *Ornith.* the great titmouse (*Parus major* L.); — **meife**, *f.* *see* **Rohlenbeden**.
Rohfpalm, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* cabbage-palm.
Rohfpfanne, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Rohlenpfanne**.
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **pfanne**, *f.* cabbage-plant; — **pfanne**, *f.* Indian cabbage; — **pfanne**, *m.* Indian purslane.
Rohfalte, (*w.*) *m.* *Ornith.* (common) raven (*Corvus corax* L.).
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **rafi**, *m.* cole rape, turnip-cabbage; — **rafi**, *f.* cab- bage-caterpillar, cabbage-worm; — **rafi**, *f.* cabbage-turnip, turnip-rooted cabbage; — **rafi**, *f.* — **rafi**, *m.* cole-seed, rape-seed.
Rohfische, (*coll.* **Rohfisch**) *haben*, *adj.* as black as a coal, coal-black, jet-black.
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **faure**, *m.* species of epinago; — **faure**, *f.* *pl.* *see* — **faure**; — **faure**, *m.* stump of cabbage; — **faure**, *f.* *see* **faure**; — **faure**, *n.* *Ornith.* whin-chat (*Brumettilid*); — **faure**, *m.* *Bot.* cabbage-butterfly.
Rohf, (*str.*, *pl.* **R**) *n.* *Comm.* nutria.
Rohf, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* berth, bank, cot.
Rohf, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* 1) trunk, wooden pipe; 2) case of a mast, frame in which the mast stands; 3) convey of a galley, passage between the rowing-benches; — *in* **Rohf**, cartridge-box; — *der* **Rohf**, pump-casing; — **Rohf**, *f.* trunk-screw; — **Rohf**, *n.* chase-gun.
Rohf, *see* **Rohf**.
Rohf..., *see* **Rohf**.
Rohf..., (*from Rohl*), *in comp.* — **faure**, *m.* kind of cake. [*in comp.*]
Rohf, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* round smoothing- **Rohf**, (*w.*) *s. l.* *tr.* 1) to provide with a thick end; 2) to work or clean with a thick- ended instrument; 3) to lop, top (trees); to cut off the ears of (maize); *II. intr.* *Sport.* to get knags or knobs (of stags).
Rohf, (*str.*) *m.* or **Rohf**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) club, mace; knob, knot; mallet; 2) butt-end, breech; gun-stock; 3) *T.* a) soldering instrument; b) round smoothing-iron; c) burnisher; d) loop; 4) *Sport.* the broad horn of a stag; 5) *Chem.* *etc.* alembic, cucurbit; 6) *Bot.* spa- dix; ear (of Indian corn); 7) *Med.* piston, ambolus; (riner *Druckpumpe*) plunger, piston; 8) *vulg.* bald pate; *Einem* *die Rohf* (*Einem* *mit* *2-n*) *laufen*, *vulg.* to beat one's pate, to cudgel.
Rohf..., *in comp.* — **aus**, *m.* *Sport.* burr (of stags); — **aus**, *m.* up stroke of the piston; — **blume**, — **blüte**, *f.* *Bot.* spadiceous flower; — **brüder**, *m.* *Min.* borer with a conic head; — **brüder**, *f.* bottle-brush; — **brüder**, *m.* *T.* ballet-dividers (*pl.*); — **brüder**, *f.* *Ornith.* red-headed duck (*Anas erythra* Br.); — **brüder**, *f.* *Med.* area of the piston; — **brüder**, *adj.* club-shaped; — **brüder**, *n.* *Chem.* alembic; — **brüder**, *n.* *see* **Wienfische**; — **brüder**, *m.* stag

that has no branches to his horns; —*huh*, m. *Mech.* stroke of the piston; —*hüfer*, m. *Entom.* club-beetle (*Clavicornis*); —*krone*, f. top-plate of the piston; —*kuh*, f. poll-cow; —*lau*, m. *Mech.* stroke of the piston; —*mase*, n. *Bot.* club moss (*Lycopodium clavatum* L.); —*nieder-gang*, m. *T.* down stroke of the piston; —*recht*, n. club law, right of private warfare; —*rieh-vieh*, n. poll-cattle; —*rohr*, n. 1) *Bot.* reed-mace, mace-rod (*Typus* L.); 2) *Mech.* (or —*röhre*, f.) the cylinder in which the piston moves; (ciner *Dampf-pumpe*) working-piece; (ciner *Druck-pumpe*) plunger-case; —*schibe*, f. *Bot.* spathe; —*schleif*, f. *T.* soldering; —*spiel*, n. motion of the piston; —*sprange*, f. 1) *Mech.* piston-rod, plunger; 2) soldering mace or hammer; —*sprangenführer*, m. guide (of a piston-rod); —*stiesel*, m. see —*röhre*; —*stöß*, m. 1) see —*huh*; 2) or —*streich*, m. blow with a club or butt-end; —*tsander*, m. *Ornith.* crested grebe (*Sticteus*); —*tragen*, adj. *Bot.* spadiceous; —*zeit*, n. *Mech.* piston-valve; —*zeit*, f. *Sport.* time from March to July, mowing time; —*zirkel*, see —*circel*.

Roßbügel, *Roßbügel*, adj. like a knob, butt-end or knot; knobby, knotty, having a butt-end.

Roßf..., in comp. —*weide*, f. see *Elber-weide*; —*wur*, f. see *Eschwe*; —*zeit*, f. see *Roßzeit*.

Roßf..., in comp. *Mar-s.* —*gat*, n. opening or hole in the deck for the whip-staff; —*late*, f. scuttle over the whip-staff; —*stod*, m. whip-staff.

Roßf..., (str., Gen. des *R-s*), pl. die *R-s*) m. & n. *Ornith.* humming bird (*Trochilus* L.); *brunf...*, see *Waldbrunf...*.

Roßf... (sometimes with *Fr. accid.* *Roßf*), (u.) f. (Gr.) *Med.* colic.

Roßf..., (str.) m. *Mar.* whirlpool.

Roßf..., (str.) m. 1) coll. to gurgle down; 2) *Mar.* to gully.

Roßf..., (u.) m. *Ornith.* common raven (*Corvus corax* L.).

Roßf..., (str.) I. n. cape, collar; jerkin, doublet, short waistcoat, buffcoat; bodice; II. m. 1) *Mar.* staggers (a disease in horses); 2) *Ag.* rage, madness; den —*haben*, to be mad.

Roßf..., adj. 1) afflicted with the staggers; 2) *Ag.* mad, deranged.

Roßf..., (u.) v. I. *str.* (aux. *haben*) 1) to rumble; 2) to gobble; 3) to have the staggers (of horses); 4) *Ag.* coll. to storm; II. *str.* (aux. *sein*) & *tr.* to roll.

Roßf..., see *Ein* coll.

Roßf..., (str., pl. *Roßf*) n. (Gr.) *Gramm.*

Roßf..., see *Col...*

Roßf..., (str.) n. *Mar.* keel.

Roßf..., province. (str.) I. m. thick cloth, coverlet; II. n. counter, cutting-iron (of a plough).

Roßf..., m. (Gr.) pl. *Astr.* colures.

Rom..., see *Com...*

Rom..., (u.) m. (Gr.) *Astr.* comet; *R-est-maschine*, f. cometary; *R-est-maschine*, m. tail of a comet; *R-est-maschine*, n. cometary-system.

Rom..., (u.) f. 1) comicality; 2) comic department.

Rom..., (str.) m. (Gr.) comedian; comic actor (or writer). — *Rom...*, adj. comic, comical (adv. comically); *roll*; ludicrous; *das R-c.* comicalness.

Rom..., (str., pl. *Rom...* or *Rom...*) n. (Gr.) *Gramm.* & *Num.* comma; (im *Decl-malbruch*) decimal point.

Rom..., (str.) v. *str.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to come; 2) to arrive; 3) to get (an *with Acc.*, *in with Acc.*, *aus* *acc.*, *at*, *into*, *out of*, *ac.*); 4) to hit (an *with Acc.*, *upon*), think (of), to fall (upon); 5) to happen, fall out; *mag's* — *wir* *es* *will*, happen what may; 6) to arise, proceed (von, aus, *acc.*, from); to come,

to be derived, *acc.* (from); *die Rinder*, *die von dir* — (f. *acc.* *abkommen*; 2 *Kings* 30, 18), they come that shall issue from thee: 7) to come, grow well, thrive, get on (of plants, *acc.*); 8) (or *zu R...*) — to come or to amount to (a certain price), to cost; *wie hoch* or *wie viel* *kommt* *es*? what does it come to? *es kommt* *uns* (*Dat.*) *an* (*with Acc.*)..., it stands as in...; *hoch* or *thener* *zu R...* — to cost dear (high); *wann* *es* *hoch* *kommt*, at the utmost; 9) *with the pp. of verbs expressing motion, &c.*; *ge-sprungen*, *ge-laufr*, *ge-laufr*, *ge-laufr* *u.*, to come or approach jumping, running, dancing, singing, *acc.*; *er war* *es*, *der 1888* *mit* *Dr. Haupt* *nach* *Gesell* *geritt* *sein* (*Gr.* *WB.* LXVII), it was he, who came to Cassel, with Dr. Haupt, in 1888; *wie kommt* *es*, *daß* *es*? how is it, that, *acc.*? *es* *mußte* *so* —, it could not but fall out thus; *habe* *ich* *nicht* *ge-sagt*, *daß* *es* *so* — *würde*? did I not say that it would turn out so? *wie* *kam* *es*, *daß* *es* *so* *lang* *u.*? how came you to deny it? — *lassen*, to send for (the physician, *acc.*), to have fetched; to im-port (goods, *acc.*); *den* *Schleier*, *weilchen* *Sie* *von* *London* — *liegen*, the veil which you sent for from London: *kommen* *mir* *nicht* *so*! don't speak to me in this way! *laß* *dir* *nicht* *so* —, don't be spoken to so; *wie* *wid* *nun* —? what next? *wie's* *kommt*, indiscriminately: *kommt* *uns* (*Dat.*)..., *Comm.* balance in our favour: *noch* — *und* *3* *Thlr.*, there is still the sum of 3 thalers coming (due) to us; *erhielt* *ich* *es* *an* *mid*, at last it came to my turn; *wenn's* *an* *mid* —, *werde* *ich* *mid* *zu* *wehren* *wissen*, (*Wurm*), if I'm attacked or when my turn comes, I shall know how to defend myself: *ich* *kann* *nicht* *an* *ihn* —, I cannot lay hold of him; *was* *Wunder*, *wenn* *er* *das* *Schlimmste* *argwohnte* *und* *an* *seine* *Briefe* *zu* — *suchte* (*Lesung*), no wonder, then, that he suspected the worst, and tried to get at his letters; *an* *den* *Gelgen* —, to come to be hanged: *an* *den* *Rechts* *zu* —, to be reduced to beggary, *acc.*; *an* *den* (*Acc.*) — *lassen*, to be backward or behindhand (in), to take long (in doing a thing, *acc.*); to await (a thing) quietly; *auf* *die* *Stöße* (*zu* *stehen*) —, to alight on one's feet; *wieder* *auf* *die* *Stöße* —, to recover one's feet; *auf* *die* *Stellung* or *auf* *den* (*Stellungs*) *Bau* —, to be condemned to the public works, to be sent to dig fortifications: *wie* *kam* *er* *auf* *die* *Ent-deckung*? how was he led to this discovery? *auf* (*die* *Nachwelt* *u.*) —, to come down to, to reach (posterity, *acc.*); (*wieder*) *auf* *seine* *Reiten* (*Rechnung*) —, to recover one's expenses, *coll.* to bring one's self home; *auf* *sein* *Ramm* *von* *Geist* — *hundert* *mittelmäßige*, for one man of real genius there will be hundreds of inferior men: *wieder* *auf* *etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to recur to ... (in conversation); *es* *ist* *mit* *ihm* *auf's* *Äußerste* *gekommen*, he is reduced to the utmost or last extremity: *etwas* *auf* *das* *Äußerste* — *lassen*, to let a thing come to the worst, extremes; *auf* *den* *Haufe* —, to stir out; *auf* *der* *Mode* —, to grow out of fashion; *auf* *einander* —, in *Wichtigkeit* (mit ...) —, to settle, come to an agreement or understanding; *in* *eine* *höhere* *Klasse* —, to be advanced to a higher class (at school); *in* *den* *Ropf* —, to enter one's head, to occur to one; *ins* *Ge-dächtnis* —, 1. to get in among a crowd; 2. *Ag.* to be involved in difficulties; *mit* *klagen*, *Einwenden* *u.*, to importune with complaints, objections, *acc.*; *kommen* *mir* *nicht* *mit* *einer* *ab-schlägigen* *Antwort*, don't refuse! I'll take no denial; *kommen* *mir* *nicht* *mit* *deinem* *Un-sinn*, don't (think to) come over me with your nonsense; *über* *Ein* —, 1. a) to get over; b) to outdo, surpass; 2. to come upon one to chastise, punish one; *um* *etwas* (*Acc.*) — to lose a thing; *um* *seine* *Befähigung* —, to be thrown out of employment; *von* *Dienste* —,

to be dismissed from service, to be discharged; *von* *Einem*, *von* *Einem* —, to be deprived of one's strength, of one's senses; *mein* *blut* *über* *meine* *Hand*, my blood (be) your head; *ein* *großes* *Unglück* *ist* *über* *ih-n* *gekommen*, a heavy misfortune has befallen them; *wie* *kommt* *nun* *dein*, *daß* ..., the only owing to ...; *von* *Einem* —, to be ad-vanced to one; *wieder* —, to get on, advance; *Einem* —, to come to see, to meet or to one, to call on, to attend; *zu* *Einem* —, arrive at something; *er* *ist* *schon* *über* *ih-n* *gekommen*, at length able to answer your letter; *er* *ist* *schon* *über* *ih-n* *gekommen*, he has come to be measured rightly; 2. to get to attain to; to come by (a thing), ob-tain; *er* *ist* *schon* *über* *ih-n* *gekommen*, he will now worth (make) anything; *zu* *Einem* *Entschluß* —, to come to a resolution; (*wieder*) *zu* *Einem* —, to recover, collect one's self; to come one's self; *wieder* *zu* *Einem* —, to recover; gather; (one's) breath; *wieder* *zu* *Einem* —, to gather new strength, to recover, re-ceive (one's) strength or spirits; *zu* *Einem* *Worte* —, to get into property; *zu* *Einem* *Worte* or *zu* *Einem* *Worte* —, to suffer loss, to come short of; *zu* *Einem* *Worte* —, to come to; *es* *ist* *schon* *über* *ih-n* *gekommen*, we shall have war.

Rom..., *pr.* & *p. a.* 1) coming, & *Rommen*; 1-c *Stracht*, freight house or inn; 2) (*of time*) coming, ensuing, next (week, for *R-c* and *Wende*, s. for *comers* and *g.*

Rom..., (str.) m., *Romme's* see *Comitur*, *Commode* *u.*

Rom..., (u.) m. (*Lat.-Gr.*) o-dian; player, actor, performer, *u.*, *actress*. — *Rom...* (*with* *Fr. accid.* *Ro-m...*), (u.) f. 1) comedy, play; 2) *f.* mere) farce; *in* *die* — *gehen*, to go to play; *in* *comp.* *R-uhens*, n. play-house; *schreiber*, m. play-writer, comedian; *jetzt*, m. play-bill.

Rom..., see *Compan*.

Rom..., *Rom...* *u.*, see *Com...*

Rom..., (str.) m. 1) king; 2) *Chem.* *ius*; 3) *Ornith.* a) see *Jaunf...*; b) see *W...* (*finger* *grüner*); *den* — *spielen*, to king it.

Rom..., (u.) f. queen; *die* — *spielen*, queen it.

Rom..., +: *Rom...*, adj. 1) n. kingly, regal; 2) kinglike; queenly; ma-jest, splendid; —*gestalt*, m. royalist.

Rom..., (str.) n. kingdom, realm.

Rom..., in comp. relating to a royal: —*abte*, m. *Ornith.* golden eagle (*Im-perialis* *Boch.*); —*amster*, f. *Ornith.* whil-sinch (*Whittue*); —*appel*, m. 1) *Pomol.* pi-pome-roy; 2) see *W...*; —*baum*, m. 1) *Bot.* in-a-box (*Harnandia* *sondra*); 2) a large tree (in Dutch wind-mills); —*blau*, f. n. pear; —*blau*, n. royal blue, king's —*blau*, f. *Bot.* common peony (*Paeonia* *cinab.* L.); —*brief*, m. royal charter; —*elb*, f. basilisk; —*ente*, f. *Ornith.* king-duck (*specialis* L.); —*farbe*, f. see —*blau*; —*m.* *Bot.* flowering fern osmund (*Osmunda* *glauca* L.); —*riß*, m. *Ichth.* polynome (*Po-mus* *paradisiacus* L.); —*schiff*, m. see *W...*

Rom..., m. royalist; —*getier*, m. *Ornith.* king-vulture (*Stricteornis* *papa* D.); —*gelb*, n. king's-yellow; —*hof*, m. see *W...*; —*hof*, m. 1. royal palace, o-*hof*, n. T. 1) brown ebony; 2) best for cooper's staves; —*terge*, f. *Bot.* high-torch-weed, wood-blade, mullein (*Verbena* *thapsus* L.); —*trant*, n. see *W...*; —*f.* 1) royal crown; 2) *Bot.* frillary crown-flower (*Pritularia* *imperialis* L.); *füßler*, n. regulus of copper; —*füße*, f. *Zürtenbund*; —*mann*, m. see —*frumb*;

tel, m. royal mantle; —*merb*, —*mürber*, m. re-
gicide; —*nügelein*, n., —*nette*, f. *Bot.* clove
(*Cinnamomum*); —*papier*, m. royal-paper; —*paradiesvogel*, m. bird of paradise (*Paradise-
vogel*); —*perb*, n. *Man.* trammelled horse; —*phoenix*,
f. *Parad.* royal George; —*plume*, f. *magn.* bonum; —*reiser*, m. *Ornith.* crown-
ed heron (*Ardea herodias*); —*roset*, f. *see*
—*blume*; —*salat*, m. royal lettuce; —*salbe*, f.
basiloon; —*schere*, f. *see* —*messer*; —*zepter*, n.
1) royal sceptre; 2) *Bot.* king's spear (*As-
phodelus albus* L.); —*schützen*, n. grand shoot-
ing with arquebuses, where he that shoots
nearest the mark is declared king of the
shooting company; —*schlange*, f. *see* *Hogott-
schlange*; —*schuß*, m. best shot; —*sig*, m. royal
residence, throne; —*sohn*, n. son of a king;
—*stab*, m. sceptre; —*stalt*, f. residence, ca-
pital; —*thron*, m. royal throne; —*titel*, m.
royal title; *Erzkanzler* würde den —*titel* an-
nehmen haben, C. would have taken the title
of King; —*tuch*, n. fine broad cloth; —*zeugel*,
m. *Ornith.* *see* —*paradiesvogel*; —*weiser*, n.
Chem. royal water, aqua regia (nitro-muriatic
acid); —*welche*, f. *Ornith.* kite (*Niturus regalis*
L.); —*wiesel*, n. *Zool.* ermine (*Ermine*); —
—*würde*, f. royalty; —*zeit*, f. royal period;
—*zucker*, m. double refined sugar.

Kopfnägel, (str.) pl. n. u. *R-thümer*
n. royalty, kingdom, kingdom.
* **Kopfnägel**, adj. (*Or.*) conical, *see* *Conif.*
Kopfrum, (irr.) v. I. *str.* 1) to know, under-
stand, to have skill in; 2) to be able to do or
to afford (a thing), to have the capacity or
power (of doing), cf. *Bernehmen*; er kann gut
schützen (reiten, schreiben), he is a good sword-
man (horseman, draughtsman); ich will sehen,
was Sie —, let me try your skill; bei Hofe
viel —, to have great credit at court; Geld
kann (or vermag) Alles, money is able to effect
anything; *vulg.* money makes the mare to
trot; eine Sache, Sprache —, to know (under-
stand) a thing, a language; er kann etwas,
he has some knowledge; er hat die Aufgabe nicht
gelöst, he has not been able to say his lesson;
er hat es verstanden —, 1. he was able to under-
stand it; 2. from the hint was plain enough
for him to take it; er kann es verstanden haben,
he may have understood it; ich kann es (sich)
erlauben, I can afford to give it up; beif —,
to be able to help, to have the blame; was
kann ich beif? how can I help it? how can
I be blamed for it? er kann nicht beif, it is
not his fault, it is no fault of his; II. *str.* *str.*
—, to be able or capable; to be permitted;
can; may; nicht —, to be unable or incapable;
als Kopfsitz kann er dies Amt nicht bekleiden,
as a catholic he is disqualified for this office;
ich kann mich irren, I may be mistaken; er
kann kommen, he may come; Sie — mich mor-
gen erwarten, you may expect me to-morrow;
man kann nicht wissen, there is no knowing;
ich kann ihn nicht sehen, I cannot see him; *sg.*
I cannot (hear to) look at him, I cannot bear
the sight of him; man kann ihn nicht glauben,
he is not to be believed.

Kopfen, like all the auxiliaries often sup-
plies the place of a compound verb, particularly
in conjunction with an adverb or adverbial
phrase; thus hinaus —, hinunter —, etc. for
hinausgehen, hinuntergehen &c. —; kann er her-
in? (for hereinkommen?) can he come to it? ich
konnte nicht hincin (i. e. kommen, gelangen &c.)
I could not get in; nicht weiter (i. e. gehen &c.)
—, not to be able to proceed, to be at a stand
(still); etwas beif, bayn —, for thum — &c.

Kopfrum, m. Conrad, Conrade (P. K.).

* **Kopfrum**, *see* *Contour*.

* **Kopfrum**, *see* *Cop*.... (coin).

* **Kopfrum**, (w.) f. (Russ.) *копеч* (Russian
Kopet, (str.) m. *Comm.* twill; (in engern
Sinn) biased twill; regular twill (*Kar-*

marach); dreifachfäfiger —, three-leaved twill;
—*gaj*, f. twilled gauze.

Kopfrum, (w.) v. *str.* to twill.

Kopfrum... in comp. —*Kaufing*, m. casie-
mere nankon; —*saum*, m. Genoa (coll.) jean
back velvet; —*swandown*, twilled swandown.

Kopf, (str.) pl. *Röpfe* m. 1) *gener.* head;
vulg. pate (*Wischel*); jole, jowl (of fish); 2) a)
head, top of a thing (especially when larger
than the rest of the thing; head of a cabbage,
nail, &c.), uppermost, prominent or fore-
part, pole; *T-s.* b) *Mar.* head; bed (of the
bowprit); ein Schiff mit einem breiten —,
ship with a bluff bow; c) *Corp.* end (of a
bank); shoulder (of a tie-beam); d) *Archit.*
see *Kragstein*; e) *Ensis.* upper flange (of a
rail); f) *Gumm.* muzzle (of a gun); g) *Turn.*
mandrel; h) *Horl.* chard; *Röpfe* (an)setzen, *see*
Röpfen; i) *Swy.* (*Eschöpf*) cap; k) bowl (of
a smoking-pipe); l) crown (of a hat); mit
heym —, high crowned; m) *Typ.* turned
letter; n) *Asst.* *see* *Strum*; o) *Bookb.* head,
heading; der verlorne — (beim Rannenguß),
dead head; 3) *sg.* a) understanding, intellect,
mind; disposition, temper, humour; genius,
parts, wit, talents; sense, judgment, discre-
tion; b) for (thinking) man, person; ein er-
findlicher —, an inventive head or genius; ein
fähiger —, a man of parts; ein listiger —, a cunning
fellow; vom — bis auf die Füße, (lit. from the
head to the feet), from head to foot, from head
to heel, from top to toe; *sg.* — er hat aller Ecken
den — abgegriffen, he is lost to all (sense of)
shame; Einem den — vor die Füße legen, to
behead one; den — verlieren, to lose one's
head (lit. &c.); die Röpfe zusammenstecken, to lay
heads together; es ging ihm an den —, it was
a matter of life and death to him; es kostet 5
Thaler auf den —, it averages 5 dollars a
(per) head; den — steht brennend, it is death to
do it; auf den — stellen, to turn upside down;
sich auf den — stellen, to do one's utmost,
to take great pains; etwas auf seinen — thun,
to do a thing at one's own risk; er ist nicht auf
den — gefallen, coll. he does not want sense,
he is no fool, no fool he; Einem auf den —
Schuld geben, to charge or accuse one down-
right or directly; auf dem R-*z.*, without book,
by heart; man kann es ihm nicht an dem —
bringen, there is no getting (beating) it out
of his head; Einem beim R-*z.* nehmen, to seize,
apprehend, arrest one; im R-*z.* umrechnen,
to calculate by mental proceeding; er hat etwas
im R-*z.*, 1. he is out of humour or off the
hinges; 2. he is a little tipsy; Einem über
den — wachsen, to grow upon one, cf. *Wachsen*;
Jemandem den — bitten, to make head against
a person, to resist; Einem den — zurecht setzen,
to reprimand or correct one; vor den — stoßen,
to disoblige, offend; auf einem — bestehen,
seinen — aufsetzen, to be heady, opinative,
obstinate; Einem etwas an den — setzen, to put
a thing into (in) one's head; wer hat Ihnen
den Unfuss in den — gesetzt? who has been
putting that rubbish in your head? sich (Dat.)
etwas an den — setzen, to take a thing into
one's head; das will mir nicht an den —, I
cannot understand it; Einem den — warm
or heiß machen, *see* *Reiz*; nach Röpfen stimmen,
to vote by poll; es muß alles nach ihrem R-*z.*
gehen, she has it all her own way; Einem den
— waschen, to reprimand severely; sich (Dat.)
more correct: einander) die Röpfe waschen, sich
(Acc.) beim R-*z.* freigen, coll. to fall together
by the ears, to come to blows, to fight; sich
(Dat.) den — zerbrechen, to rack one's brains;
proverb-s. was man nicht im — hat, muß man
in den Weinen haben, a weak memory makes
weary legs; viel Röpfe viel Sinne, many heads
many minds.

Kopf... in comp. —*abgeschneid*, n. decol-
lation, decapitation; —*aber*, f. *Anat.* cephalic

vein; —*arbeit*, f. headwork, labour of the
mind or intellect; puzzle-head; —*arterien*, f.
pl. *Anat.* carotid arteries, carotids; —*ballen*,
m. *Hydr.* head-(beam); —*baum*, n. 1) *Corp.*
strut, shoulder-tree; brace; 2) *Surg.* head-
band; —*baum*, *see* *Knopfbaum*; —*bedeckung*,
f. covering for the head, hat, cap, &c.; —*beere*,
f. *Bot.* ipocacantha (*Cephaelis ipocacantha*
Rich.); —*bein*, n. *Anat.* scull-bone; —*beschwer-*
den, pl. complaints of the head; —*bestimmung*,
f. *see* —*geld*; —*benugung*, f. nod of the head;
—*bildung*, f. formation or form of a head;
—*blase*, f. *see* —*baum*; 3) —*blättchen*, n. *Anat.*
fontanel; —*blume*, f. *see* *Knopfbaum*; —*blüten*,
pl. *Bot.* composite flowers; —*bohrer*, m. *Surg.*
trepan; —*boigen*, m. *Mar.* fend or fender-bolt;
—*brecken*, n. *sg.* work, efforts trying the head,
intellectual effort; racking of the brains; es
wird uns —*brecken* lassen, it will rack our
brains; —*brecken*, adj. *sg.* trying the head
or intellect hard; —*brüder*, m. *sg.* heady wine;
—*brut*, n. head-board (of a bedstead, &c.);
—*bürste*, f. hair or head-brush.

Köpfchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Kopf*) 1) a
small head; 2) *Bot.* capitulum, tuft, head;
3) *Anat.* protuberance of a bone received into
the cavity of another.

Köpfchen... in comp. —*causend*, adj. coll. crack-
brained; —*bede*, f. mane-shed (of horses);
—*brüde*, f. *Anat.* cephalic gland.

Köpfchen, (w.) v. *intr.* *Gerad.* to get heads;
to form a head (as a cabbage), to cabbage.

Köpfchen, (w.) v. I. *str.* 1) to behead (*Ent-
haupten*); 2) to poll, *see* *Kappen*; 3) *T.* to
head (pina); II. *intr.* *see* *Köpfen*.

Köpfende, (irr.) n. bed's head.

Köpfen, (str.) m. 1) beholder, &c.; 2) pro-
vinc. cod.

Köpfen... in comp. —*sch*, n. *Hut-m.* cascade
of the crown (of a hat); —*schädel*, f. *Hydr.*
headed fascine; —*sch*, adj. *sg.* *see* *Stundhaft*;
—*sch*, n. *see* *Stundhaft*; —*sch*, m. *Med.*
rheumatic affection of the head; —*sch*,
adj. in the shape of a head, *Bot.* capitate;
—*sch*, m., —*sch*, f. *Gumm.* muzzle-ring,
muzzle-moulding; —*sch*, m. pl. *Med.* cephalo-
pods; —*sch*, m. poll-tax, poll-money, head-
money; —*sch*, f. *Med.* encephaloid tu-
mour; *Med.* poll-evil, swelled head; —*sch*,
n. head-stall (of a bridle); —*sch*, m. amice
(of catholic priests); —*sch*, f. *Med.*
megrim; —*sch*, m. scall, achor; —*sch*, m.
hair of the head; —*sch*, m. male hemp;
—*sch*, m., —*sch*, m. one who goes
about with drooping head (from melancholy,
&c.); devotee; hypocrite; —*sch*, f. out-
ward devoutness, hypocrisy; —*sch*, f. scalp;
—*sch*, m. *Anat.* caul; —*sch*, n. 1) lopped-
trees; 2) *see* —*sch*; —*sch*, m. *Sport.* lead-
ing-dog.

Köpfen, I. adj. 1) a) having heads (of
plants); b) in comp. ... headed; 2) or *Köpfen*,
coll. heady, headstrong, capricious; II. *R-fett*,
(w.) f. obstinacy.

Köpfen... in comp. —*sch*, m. *Entom.* large-
headed beetle (*Brancus vulgaria* Fabr.); —*sch*,
n. *Anat.* aphenoideae; —*sch*, m. pillow;
—*sch*, f. *see* *Riffengrube*; —*sch*, m.
see *Wienfester*; —*sch*, f. *see* *Riffengrube*;
—*sch*, m., —*sch*, m. —*sch*, n. —*sch*, n. —*sch*, n.

Köpfen, *see* *Köpfen*, *see* *Köpfen*, adj.
headlong.

Köpfen... in comp. —*sch*, f. *sg.* reprimand, scolding; —*sch*, f. *Entom.* head-louse
(*Pediculus capitis* L.); —*sch*, n. pl. cephalic
lines.

Köpfen, I. adj. headless; stupid; topflos
Beichtst., pl. *Nat.* accephale; II. *R-fett*,
(w.) f. headlessness; stupidity.

Köpfen... in comp. —*sch*, m. *Surg.* cep-
halometer; —*sch*, f. *Anat.* seam or suture
of the head; —*sch*, f. *Bot.* prolificious pink

(*Dianthus prolyor* L.); -**niden**, *n.* nod (of the head); -**aus**, *f. coll.* blow on the head, box on the ear; -**pein**, *f. see* -**gicht**; -**pfaster**, *n.* cephalic plaster; -**pfist**, *m. see* -**pfist**; -**platte**, *f.* bald place on the head; -**putz**, *m.* head-dress, coiffure, *see* -**schmud**; -**rafen**, *m.* head-sod; -**rechnen**, *n.* mental arithmetic or computation; -**reifer**, *m. Ag.* new sulphureous wine; -**riemen**, *m. see* -**gefell**; -**ring**, *m. see* -**tragring**; -**rose**, *f. Med.* erysipelas; -**stige**, *f. Surg.* skull-saw; -**salat**, *m. Bot.* headed lettuce, cabbage lettuce (*Lactuca scariola* L.); -**schen**, *adj.* skittish, shy (said of horses); -**schmerz**, *m.* head-ache; ein-**schmerz** -**schmerz**, *m. Med.* hemerany, megrim; Alles zu wissen macht -**schmerz**, *provoc.* enol. ask no questions and you will be told no lies; -**schmud**, *m.* head-ornaments; chaperon (for horses); -**schraube**, *f.* round-headed screw; -**schütteln**, *n.* the (act of) shaking one's head, shake of the head; -**schütteln**, *p. a.* with a shake of the head; -**schwelle**, *f.* (cinct) (Ein-**schwelle**) front-beam; -**seite**, *f.* face (of a coin); -**spinbel**, *f. see* -**Knopfschnebel**; -**spin-
nen**, *n. T.* head-spinning; -**springen**, *m. coll.* header; -**stien**, *f. Rache* cul-de-sac station; terminus; -**stein**, *m. Arch.* headstone, *see* -**tragstein**; -**steuer**, *f.* capitation-tax, *see* -**geld**; -**stimme**, *f.* throat-voice, falsetto (*opp.* -**Bruststimme**); -**stül**, *n. 1)* head-piece; 2) mouth-piece (of flutes); 3) name of a coin; -**tuch**, *n.* handkerchief for the head; -**über**, *adv.* head over heels, head foremost; -**unter**, *adv.* head down, head foremost; -**verletzung**, *f.* injury of the head; -**wasserflucht**, *f.* hydrocephalus; -**wetz**, *n. see* -**schmerz**; -**wende**, *f. Bot.* white willow (*Salix alba* L.); -**werfen**, *n.* tosses of the head; -**wunde**, *f.* wound in the head; -**wuth**, *f.* frenzy; -**zahl**, *f.* (certain) number of persons; -**zeuge**, *f. Surg.* forceps; -**zeug**, *n.* head-dress, coiff; head gear; *Folk.* hood; -**zitter**, *f. see* -**schmud**.

Rapp, (*str.*) *n.* see **Raukopf**.

Rap'pe, (*w. f.*) *see* **Rappe**.

Rap'pel, (*w. f.*) 1) tie, band or belt (for a sword); 2) *Sport.* a couple; pack of hounds (or beagles), leash of greyhounds; 3) string of horses at a fair. 8) common of pasture, &c.; 4) fenced piece of ground, enclosure.

Rap'pel..., *in comp.* -**hellen**, *m. Carp.* tie-beam; *Sport.* -**band**, *n.* couple, leash; -**blüsig**, *adj.* couplable; -**coure**, *m. Mar.* traverse sailing; -**schifferei**, -**jagd**, -**jagt**, -**trift**, -**wilde**, *f.* fisheries, shooting-grounds, pasture, belonging jointly to several persons, common; -**rechtigkeit**, *f.* right of common; -**hund**, *m.* leash hound; -**lette**, *f. see* **Stemmelette**.

Rap'pein, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to couple, leash; 2) to string (horses); *provinc.* to fence, inclose.

Rap'pel..., *in comp.* -**recht**, *n. see* -**ge-
rechtigkeit**; -**riemen**, *m.* -**fell**, *n.* leash; -**schil**, *n.* breast plate; -**wilde**, *f. 1)* *see* **un-
der** -**schifferei**; 2) *Bot.* *see* -**Angeracide**; -**wirth-
schaft**, *f.* laying out of an estate into parcels.

Rap'pen, (*n.*) *v. l. tr.* to poll (trees, branches), lop; II. *intr.* 1) to eructate, belch; 2) *Prov.* to have got the tick, to bite the crib, *see* **Krippenfeigen**.

Rap'pentauhe, (*w. f.*) *see* **Schiffertaube**.

Rap'per, (*str.*) *m.* 1) bolcher; 2) *see* **Krippen-
pfeifer**.

Rapp'weise, (*w. f.*) *see* **Rappmische**.

Rap'ye, (*n.*) *m.* Copt; **Rap'yish**, *adj.* Copt-
tic; *das* **Rap'yish**, Coptic language.

Rasall'e, *see* **Coralle**.

Rasawgen, (*n.*) *v. tr. coll.* to torment, **Ras**, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* **Ras**) *m.* basket; *has-
ket*; hamper; *Min.* corb; *Mar.* crib; *Comm.* crate, frail (for figs, &c.) canister (for to-
bacco and tea); caddy (for tea and sugar);
boot (of a carriage); basket-hilt (of a sword);

coll. -**cin** - **schmücken**, to meet with (or
to get) a refusal, to get the slip; *Am.* to get
the mitten; *Cinem cin* - **geben**, to give one
a foil or refusal; *den* - **schmücken** haben, to
wear the willow; II. *in comp.* -**bett**, *n.* bas-
ket-bed (for children); -**stüttig**, *adj. Bot.*
synanthronous; -**teutische**, *f. see* -**flische**.

Ras'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Ras**) 1) small
basket; 2) *Bot.* calathium; 3) *Arch.* corbel.

Ras'be, (*w. f.*) *see* **Rurbe**.

Ras'beere, (*w. f.*) *see* **Rornelbaum**.

Ras'ben, (*w. f.*) *intr.* *Stud. slang.* to work
(*see* **Chäfen**, 3).

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**seigen**, *f. pl.* figs sent
in baskets or frails; -**schäpe**, *f.* wicker- or
case-bottle; -**schetter**, *m. see* -**macher**; -**stü-
mig**, *adj.* basket-shaped; -**stümic** *Ver-
zierungen*, *Arch.* corbs; -**gitter**, *n.* hurdle
work; -**handel**, *m.* basket-trade; -**macher**,
m. basket-maker; -**pfennige**, *m. pl. coll.* mar-
ket-pennies, marketings; -**rapier**, *n.* basket-
hilted rapier; -**ratte**, *f.* basket-rod; -**schänge**,
f. Fort. gabionade; -**schlinger**, *m. see* -**rapier**;
-**sch**, *n.* shop; -**tabel**, *m. see* **Knasfer**; -**wagen**,
m. wicker-carriage or wagon; -**waren**,
pl. basket-maker's ware; -**wetz**, *f. see* -
-**zeuge**; -**weibe**, *f. Bot.* osier (*Salix viminalis*
L.); (gelbe) golden osier; -**wert**, *n.* basket-
work.

Ras', (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Reberlein**.

Ras'ien, **Ras'ien**, (*w. m.*) *pl.* Korians
(a people in Siberia).

Ras', (*str.*) *m.* 1) cork; 2) float (of the
angle); *in comp.* -**artig**, *adj.* corky, suberous;
-**bebel**, *m. see* **Regetort**; -**baum**, *m. Bot.*
cork-tree, cork (*Quercus suber* L.); -**blüner**,
m. carver in cork; -**silberer**, *f.* the art of
carving in cork, phelloplastics; -**stige**, *f. see* -
-**baum**.

Ras'ten, (*w. n.*) *tr.* to cork.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**schiffen**, *f. pl.* Fish
cork floats of a fishing net; -**stern**, *f.* model
in cork; -**stern**, *n.* cork(e); -**stolz**, *n.* cork-
wood.

Ras'ig, *adj.* 1) corky; 2) tasting of cork.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**hüfster**, *m. see* -**Silb-
ner**; -**messer**, *n.* knife for cutting cork;
-**pfast**, *m.* cork-stopper; -**pfastemascher**,
m. cork-cutter; -**rinben**, *adj.* Spanish
black; -**rißter**, *f. Bot.* cork-elm (*Ulmus su-
berba*); *Chem.* -**sture**, *f.* suberite acid;
-**sture**, *adj.* suberite; -**sture** **Salz**, *n.* su-
berate; -**sture**, *f.* sheet-cork; -**sture**,
m. cork-cutter; -**sture**, *m. see* **Reber**;
-**sture**, *f.* Spanish black; -**sture**, *f.* cork-
sole; -**sture**, *m.* Chem. suberine; -**sture**,
m. cork-stopper; -**sture**, *n.* -**sture**; -**sture**,
m. T. cork-driver; -**sture**, *n.* -**sture**;
-**sture**, *n. see* -**sture**; -**sture**, *f.* cork-tongs,
cork-drawer; -**sture**, *m.* cork-screw.

Ras', (*str.*, *pl.* **Ras'**) *n.* 1) a grain (of
sand or gravel), any small hard mass or mi-
nute particle; 2) *Gunn.* sight (of a gun);
3) grain, form of the surface (of a stone, &c.)
with regard to smoothness or roughness; *cin*
(*cin* - **haben**, to have a fine grain; 4) *Min.*
value, alloy, standard (of coins); 5) *see* a small
weight, *see* **Gran**; 6) a small measure, *see*
Linie; 7) *T.* a small hole; 8) grain; 9) a single
seed (as of corn); 10) corn (*collectively*); *in*
Germany it is commonly used for rye (corn in
England is applied to wheat, barley, and other
*small grains, in the U. S. it is generally con-
fined to Indian corn or maize, in Scotland &*
Westphalia to oats, in Franconia & Suedia
to spelt); 3) coll. for -**brantwein**; *das* **sture**
-*see* **Wais**; *das* **sture** -*Aug.* -**strong**
grain (of sugar); *auf* -**nehmen**, *auf* dem **R-**
haben, 1. to aim (take one's aim) at, to cover;
2) *Ag.* to have a design or an eye upon; *von*
quiem **Schrot und** -*of* due weight and alloy;
von **altem** **Schrot und** -*Ag.* of the old stamp.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *m.* refuse
corn; -**sture**, *m.* field of rye or corn; -**sture**
1) ear of rye or corn; 2) *str.* (*lat.*) *a*
virgine; -**sture**, *f. Surg.* spica.

Ras'..., (*str.*, *pl.* **R-**) *m.* elephant-
ear.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**artig**, *adj.* granu-
laceous; -**ausläufer**, *m.* speculator in
nopolizer of grain; *cf.* -**jude**; -**ausläufer**
exportation of corn; -**baum**, *m.* cultum
corn or rye; -**bauer**, *m.* corn-grower; -**be-
re**, *f. see* **Corneille**; -**blume**, *f. Bot.* 1) corn-flower
blue-bottle (*Campanula medium* L.); 2) (*in*
richade or *sture*) salt-sower (*Campanula*
medium L.); -**blumen**, *adj.* blue
the corn-flower; -**blumenstein**, *m.* Ma-
saurite; -**boden**, *m.* 1) corn-land; 2) of
floor; corn-loft; garner, granary, gran-
-**bohrer**, *m.* *Endom.* corn-weevil (*Scymnus*
-**bohrer**, *f.* corn-exchange; -**brantwein**,
see -**sture**; -**brant**, *m.* blast, blight
corn; -**brantwein**, *m.* whiskey; -**sture**,
T. box for granulating lead.

Ras'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Ras**)
little grain, granule; *cin* - **Brod**, *Ag.* a mor-
bit of bread.

Ras'barre, (*w. f.*) *see* **Sturdbarre**.

Ras'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* granulating
iron.

Ras'..., *see* **Corneille**.

Ras'..., (*w. tr.*) to granulate.

Ras'..., (*w. l.*) *intr.* to begin to ru-
seed; to (get grain or) seed, to kernel; II
1) to corn; granulate; 2) to allure, bait,
coy; III. *ref.* to granulate.

Ras'ner, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* centre-punch.

Ras'ner..., *in comp.* -**baum**, *m.*
cornel-tree (*Cornellifraga*); -**sture**,
granivorous; -**sture**, *n.* *Bot.* rupture-
(*Herniaria* L.); -**sture**, *n.* seed-lac; -**sture**,
n. shagreen; -**sture**, *f.* *Pharm.* emulsion.

Ras'ner, (*w. f.*) *f.* harvest of rye or grain.

Ras'ner..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *adj.* fu-
grain, grainy, corny; -**sture**, *m.* *Vene-*
sclerit; -**sture**, *n.* *Endom.* trunk-crab
lappa granulata L.; -**sture**, *f.* *Endo-*
cochinal (*Coccus cili* L.); -**sture**, *m.* *Mar.*
granite; -**sture**, *adj.* *Bot.* graniferous.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *m.* flig-

-**sture**, *f.* -**sture**, *m. see* -**sture**; -**sture**,
-**sture**, *f. fry*; -**sture**, *f.* winnow-
machine; -**sture**, *n.* rye or corn-field; -**sture**,
m. see **Sturmer**; -**sture**, *m.* *Ornith.* ort-
(*Ortolan*); -**sture**, *adj.* 1) like corn or grain;
2) granular, granulated; -**sture**, *f.*
caryopsis; -**sture**, *f. see* **Sturriegel**; -**sture**,
f. provinc. -**sture**; -**sture**, *m.* *cf.*
trade; -**sture**, *m.* corn-merchant; -**sture**,
n. corn-magazine, granary, corn-house.

Ras'nicht, *adj.* granular.

Ras'ig, *adj.* 1) granulous, grainy, cor-
Chem. granular; *l-cr* **Ras'**, granular li-
stone; *l-cr* **Ras'**, marble; *l-cr* **Ras'**,
alabaster; *l-cr* **Ras'**, conglomerate glass;
2) *Ag.* pithy, *see* **Ras'ig**, 2.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *n.* corn-y-
-**jude**, *m.* corn-jew; engrosser, forestaller
corn; kiddy; -**sture**, *m. see* -**sture**; -**sture**,
f. lit. & Ag. granary; -**sture**, *m.* cor-
bin; (*in* *cin* **Ras'**) hopper; -**sture**, *f.*
assayer's tongs; -**sture**, *n.* 1) granular
copper; 2) shot-copper.

Ras'tupfer, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Ras'tupfer**.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *f.* corn-

-**sture**, *m.* corn-land, corn-growing coun-

-**sture**, *n.* grained leather; -**sture**, *f. 1)*

feldsche, 1; 2) *see* **Stammmer**; -**sture**,
f. see -**sture**.

Ras'ling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Stipe**; 2)

Ras'..., *adj.* cornless.

Ras'..., *in comp.* -**sture**, *m.* gran-

-**sture**, *m.* corn-broker, co-

-**sture**, *m.* scarcity of corn; -**sture**,
n. corn-market.

... in comp. T-s. -maſchine, *f.* gram-
machine or mill; -maſchinen) haub-
-house.
... in comp. -maß, *n.* corn-measure;
corn-measure; corn-meter; -
see -wurm; -maße, *m.* see Ge-
maße, *f.* see -maß; -maße, *f.* corn-
meter, *f.* ergot; -maße, *m.* -maße,
de; -preis, *m.* price of corn; -pul-
-grain, *f.* see -rofe, 1; -reis, *adj.*
delective in grain; -rauter, *m.* see
-ring, *f.* see Fruchtbar; -reife,
ge; -reife, *f.* Bol. 1) corn-rose cam-
cockle (*Agrostemma githago* L.);
2) red poppy (*Rhodiola*); -rüf-
-see -bohre; -rüf, *f.* see -wurm;
see -frucht; -rüf, *f.* see -maße;
reaping-machine; -rüf, *f.* Or-
mon curlew (*Numenius arquatus* L.);
r, *m.* corn-clerk; -rüf, *f.* Hüb-
-rüf, *m.* fanner, winnower;
1) Hüb. winnowing sieve, cribble;
coming sieve for granulating gun-
-rüf, *m.* granary, corn-loft;
rüf, *m.* house-sparrow; -rüf,
tion of exporting grain; -rüf,
rüf, *f.* see -reis; -rüf, *f.* corn-duty;
r, *m.* corn-meter or turner.
r, *(w.) f.* the (act of) corning, &c.,
a, granulation.
... in comp. -rege, *m.* 1) Ornith.
murmur; 2) see -reis; -rege, *f.*
or weighing corn; -rege, *m.* corn-
weige, *(w.) f.* granulating roller.
... in comp. -reife, *f.* Ornith.
cor, ring-tail (*Circus cyaneus* L.);
Bol. wild or hairy tare (*Vicia hirs-*
-reife, *m.* see -wurm; -reife,
reife, *m.* see -reis; -reife, *m.* see
m. wolf, grub (*Vulpes granaea* L.);
m. usurious trade in corn; -reife,
ous dealer or speculator in corn;
m. *Entom.* calendar, mit, weevil
granaria L.); -reife, *f.* 1) assayer's
see Rüpfänge; -reife, *m.* see
-reife, *m.* see -reis; -reife, *m.* see
re.
r, *s. i. (str.) m.* lit. & *fig.* body;
re -geben, *T.* to embody a colour,
a colour; -reife, *m.* see -reis; -reife,
II. in comp. -reife, *m.* see -reis;
structure, frame of body, corporeal
texture; von jerm -bau, delicately
von jerm -bau, power-
ma, strong-bodied; -reife, *m.* see
tion (of body); -reife, *f.* see -bau.
r, *(str.) n. (dimin.) of Körper*
puscle, little body.
r, ... in comp. -reife, *f.* corpulence;
f. see -bau; -reife, *f.* stature;
f. physical strength or power, pl.
facilities; -reife, *f.* somatology.
r, *adj.* bodily, corporeal, cor-
reising, punishment, oath, &c.), mate-
re, corpulent; -reife, *m.* solid
I. reife, *(w.) f.* corporeality, corpo-
reality, substantialness, ma-
concreteness.
r, *adj.* bodiless; II. reife, *m.* state,
state, immateriality.
r, ... in comp. -reife, *m.* cubical
measure of capacity; -reife, *f.*
body; bulky body; -reife, *f.*
tion of solids, stereometry; -reife,
see -reis; II. *adj.* having much body.
r, *(w.) f.* corporate body, cor-
to a corporation.
r, *adj.* bearing reference
r, *(str.) n.* member
oration, corporator.

Rör'er ... in comp. -schwäche, *f.* bodily
weakness; -Rör'e, *f.* see -kraft; -Rör'e,
f. attitude; -Rör'e, *m.* matter; -Rör'e,
gymnastic; -Rör'e, *f.* corporeal creation, ma-
terial world; -Rör'e, *m.* solid angle; -Rör'e,
f. solid or cubic number.
Rör'en, *(w.) f.* pl. Ship-b. floor-timbers
of a boat.
* Rör'phäe, *(w.) m. (Dr.) 1) Greek Dram.*
coryphaeus, leader of the chorus; 2) *fig.* a
leader, a chief; master, master-mind or spirit.
* Rör's, *(w.) m. (Russ.)* Cossack. - Rör-
saß, *adj.* Cossack; der bekannte Rör'spruch,
daß Europa - werden könnte, the well-known
saying that Europe might become Cossack.
Rör'serre, *(w.) f.* provinc. bog-whortle-
berry.
Rör'scher, see Rör'scher.
Rör'sform, *(w.) f.* Gramm. a form or word
of endearment or fondness, fondling term.
Rör's, *(w.) f.* provinc. sow. [prattle].
Rör's, *(w.) v. intrans.* to caress; to talk.
Rör's, *adj.* fondling; cory (Traut, Trautlich).
* Rör's, *adj.* (Dr.) cosmical. - Rör's-
mus ... in comp. -Rör's, *(w.) f.* cosmogony;
-Rör's, *(w.) m.* cosmographer; -Rör's,
(w.) f. cosmography; -Rör's, *adj.* cos-
mographic; -Rör's, *(w.) m.* cosmologist;
-Rör's, *(w.) f.* cosmology; -Rör's,
adj. cosmological; -Rör's, *(w.) m.* cosmopolitan, cosmopolite; -Rör's, *adj.*
cosmopolitical.
Rör'sat, *(w.) m.* provinc. cottager.
Rör's, *f.* food, fare; victuals; board, diet;
mager, slender fare; small diet; nahrhafte,
kräftige or fetter, rich or high diet; halbe,
half-board; - und Rör's, board (victuals) and
wages; in die - geben, to put (out) to board,
to board; die - geben, in die - nehmen, in
der - sein, in die - gehen, to board;
und Rör's, geben, see Rör's; Einem - und
Rör's, geben, to board and lodge one;
und Monatsgehalt, *Mar.* wages and provisions.
Rör's, *adj.* 1) costly, expensive, sumptuous;
valuable, rich, splendid; 2) precious;
II. Rör's, *(w.) f.* 1) costliness, expensive-
ness, sumptuousness, &c.; 2) jewel, trinket;
Rör's, *pl.* valuables.
Rör's, *(w.) f.* provinc. (marriage-)banquet.
Rör's, *(w.) v. trans.* to taste, try; Rör's auf
- (Probe), *Comm.* purchase on tasting.
Rör's, *(w.) v. intrans.* (with Acc. of the price
& Dat. [& Acc.] of pers.) to cost: 1) to stand
in, to bear a price; 2) *fig.* to require; was
kostet es Ihnen? what does it stand you in?
es kostet, was es kostet, at any rate or price, cost
what it may; es kostet Zeit, it takes time; es
kostete ihm drei Stunden, it took him three
hours; sich (etwas) viel kosten lassen, 1. to be
at great expenses for; es mag - was es mag,
let it cost what it may; at any rate (price);
kostenber Preis, see Kostenpreis; 2. *fig.* to take
much pains about, to expend (a great amount
of talent, &c.).
Rör'straut, *(str.) n.* Bol. wall-hawkweed
(*Hieracium murorum* L.).
Rör's, *s. i. pl.* cost(s), charges, ex-
pense(s); große -, heavy charges; auf meine,
beine etc. -, at my, your, &c. costs, at my ex-
pense; es geht auf meine -, I am at the charge
of it; auf eines Anderen - leben, jehen, to
live at another man's expense, coll. to sponge
on one; Einen in - setzen, Einem - machen,
to cause expenses to, to put one to expense;
die - tragen, to bear the charges, to be at
the expense (of ...); mit wenig - vernünftig,
at a moderate charge; in die - vernünftig,
to mulct in the charges; II. in comp. - Rör-
s, *m.* estimate; -aufwand, *m.* expendi-
ture; -buch, *m.* book of charges; -costs,
m. see -rechnung; -ersatz, *m.* compensation (of
the costs); -ersparnis, *f.* saving of expense;

der -ersparnis wegen, to save expense; -frei,
adv. free (clear, quit) of charges or expenses,
cost-free; -frei an Bord geliefert, *Comm.* free
on board; -preis, *m.* cost price, first (prime)
cost; unter dem -preis verkaufen (loschlagen),
to sell at a sacrifice on the original cost; -rech-
nung, *f.* account of charges, bill of costs;
-reiter, *f.* *Comm.* slang, cooking of accounts;
-überschlag, *m.* see -aufschlag; -verrechnung,
n. list of expenses; -verrechnung (Law, -verrechnung),
m. advance for expenses to be incurred.
Rör'er, *(str.) m.* taster.
Rör' ..., in comp. -Rör'e, *f.* see -halterin;
-frei, *adj.* board-free; -frei halten, to keep
in board; -gänger, *m.* -gängerin, *f.* board-
der; -geber, *m.* *Comm.* reportee; -gehalt, *n.*
board-wages; alimony; -gehalt bekommen,
to be on board wages; -gehalt, *pl.* *Comm.*
report-(contango)-transactions; -halter, *m.*,
-halterin, *f.* keeper (master or mistress) of
a boarding-house; -haus, *n.* boarding-house;
-herr, *m.* see -halter; -traut, *n.* see Rör's-
traut.
Rör's, *adj.* 1) see Rör's; 2) ex-
cellent, charming; delicious; 3) delicate,
dainty; das ist -! coll. that is capital! II. Rör's,
(w.) f. 1) preciousness; 2) deliciousness,
choicefulness; 3) delicacy, daintiness; dainty.
Rör's, *(str.) m.* *Comm.* reporter.
Rör's, *n.* *Geogr.* (the town of) Constance.
Rör' ..., in comp. -preis, *m.* see Rör's-
preis; -regel, *f.* *Med.* diet; -schule, *f.* board-
ing-school; -schüler, *m.* boarder (in a school).
Rör's, *adj.* expensive, costly,
chargeable; II. Rör's, *(w.) f.* costliness, ex-
pensive.
Rör' ..., in comp. -berührer, *m.*, -ber-
ührerin, *f.* dainty person; -berührig, *adj.*
able to appreciate or dress (dainty) victuals;
-bürzel, *f.* patchwork.
Rör'ter, *(str.) m.* cont. cur.
Rör't, *(str.) m.* dirt; mire, filth, mud;
turd, excrement; dung, ordure; Rör'tig -
sludge, slush; Sport-s. spraints (of others),
droppings (of grouse and pheasants); sicc
(of falcons); lesses (of wild beasts); flants
(of badgers and foxes); funets (of deer);
mule, mow (of birds in general).
Rör't ..., in comp. -baum, *m.* see Stin-
baum; -breiten, *m.* see Dorngrüt; -bürste,
f. rubbing-brush.
Rör'te, *(w.) f.* 1) cot, cottage; 2) salt-cot.
Rör'te, *(w.) f.* 1) Fel. (R-geleit n.) fet-
lock-joint, pastern joint (of horses); R-
nast, *n.* fetlock; 2) provinc. see Styrant.
Rör'tel, *(str.) m.* dirt, excrement of mice,
sheep, goats, &c.
Rör't ..., in comp. -farbig, *adj.* Bol. &c.
lutose; -flut, *m.* see Bergflut; -flüge, *f.*
Entom. dung-fly (*Scatophaga stercoraria* F.);
-gang, *m.* passage for filth, sewer, drain;
-grube, *f.* puddle, dung-hole, common sewer;
-haun, *m.* see Rör'schöpf; -hof, *m.* see Stin-
hof.
Rör'tig, *adj.* dirty, miry, filthy; foul.
Rör't ..., in comp. -flüster, *m.* *Entom.*
dung-beetle, scarab (*Scarabaeus stercoraria* L.);
-flüster, *m.* scavenger; -flüster, *f.* mud-puddle;
-flüster, *f.*, -flüster, *m.* see Rör'schöpf.
Rör'ter, *(str.) m.* see Rör'ter.
Rör'ter, *(w.) f.* small farm.
Rör't ..., in comp. -flüster, *m.* provinc.
a species of fungus (Wetterflüster); -flüster,
m. pl. patterns, clogs; -flüster, *f.* see Rör's-
flüster.
* Rör'ter, *(str.) m. (Dr.)* Anc. Dram.
buskin, cothurnus; im -, auf höhem -, *fig.*
buskined, in a lofty or majestic style.
Rör't, *(str.) pl.* R-ögel) *m.* see -haun.
Rör't ..., in comp. (cf. Rör'te) -hof, *m.*
small farm; T-s. -flut, *m.* salt-boiler;
-leute, *pl.* workmen engaged in a salt-work;

[illegible]

began to decline or gave way; *f.* *beds Gefchäft*, flagging business.

Kranke, (*w.* v. *intr.* 1) to be ill, sick, diseased (an [*with Dat.*], of); *fig.* to suffer (an [*with Dat.*], of).

Kränk'en, (*w.*) a *l. tr.* to grieve, mortify, afflict, vex, call to injure, to detract (an [*with Dat.*], from); *gekränkt* *Gefühl*, galled vanity; *l. refl.* see *frñ* *Krämen*.

Krank'en ..., *in comp.* —**ankalt**, *f.* hospital; —**attest**, *f.* sick certificate; —**bericht**, *m.* report of patients; —**besuch**, *m.* visit to a patient, attendance (of the physician); visit to a sick person; visitation of the sick (*pl.* *clergyman*); —**bett**, *n.* sick-bed; —**caffé**, *f.* sick-funds; —**diarium**, *n.* see —**journal**; —**examen**, *n. Med.* (method of) examination of a sick person; —**gehilfe**, *m.* assistant to a charity; —**haus**, *n.* infirmary, hospital; —**herber**, *m.* any arrangement for a sick person to raise himself in bed; —**hof**, *m.* see —**haus**; —**journal**, *n.* a physician's journal, visiting-book; —**isch**, *m.* stretcher; —**loft**, *f.* diet, food for patients; —**ett** —**loft** *seiden*, to diet; —**lager**, *n.* see —**bett**; —**liste**, *f.* sick-list or report; —**manual**, *n.* see —**journal**; —**mutter**, *f.* matron attending sick people; —**pfleger**, *f.* attendance and care of patients; —**pflgerin**, *m.* *pflgerin*, *f.* see —**wärter** *x.*; —**saal**, *m.* hospital-chapel (in hospitals); —**schiff**, *m.* sick-ship; —**spital**, *n.* see —**haus**; —**stube**, *f.* sick-room or chamber; —**stuhl**, *m.* invalid chair; —**stuhlwagen**, *m.* invalid-wheel-chair; —**verkehr**, *m.* *Mar. col.* pit; —**wagen**, *m.* *Mil.* 1) hospital-wagon; 2) hospital-etore-wagon; —**wärter**, *m.*, —**wärterin**, *f.* tender, attendant of sick persons, *f.* nurse; —**zeitel**, *m.* see —**liste**; —**zimmer**, *n.* see —**stube**.

Krankheit, *f. Adj.* diseased, distempered, morbid; irregular (of the pulse); *l.* *der Kränkheit*, morbid irritability; *ll.* *der Kränkheit*, (*w.*) *f.* diseased state, morbidity, diseasedness, see *Kränklichkeit*.

Krankheit, (*w.*) *f.* disease, sickness, illness, complaint, distemper, malady; derangement; in cine — *salum* or *geration*, to fall sick.

Krankheits ... *in comp.* —**bericht**, *m.* medical report; —**einführung**, *f.* crisis; —**einführungselektre**, *f.* pathology; —**geschichte**, *f.* history of an illness; —**herofach**, *m.* *Astrol.* deomibure; —**kranker**, —**leyster**, *m.* pathologic; —**losten**, *f.* *pl.* expenses of illness; —**leyster**, *f.* pathology; —**ort**, *n.* *Med.* seat of the disease; —**roff**, *m.* morbid or diseased (contagious) matter; —**symptom**, *m.* morbid symptom; —**ursache**, *f.* cause of disease; —**wesheit**, *m.* turn of a malady, crisis; —**zeichen**, *m.* symptom; —**zeichenleyster**, *f.* symptomatology, pathognomonics; —**zustell**, *m.* fit, attack of illness; —**zustand**, *m.* state of disease.

Krankler, (*str.* *m.*) *f.* **Kränklerin**, (*w.*) *f.* sickly person; valetudinarian.

Kränklich, *l. Adj.* weak in health, sickly, valetudinarian; *coll.* poorly decrepit, languishing; *ll.* *der Kränkheit*, (*w.*) *f.* sickness, weakness (of health).

Kränkling, (*str.* *m.*) see *Kränkler*.

Kränkung, (*w.*) *f.* mortification, grief.

Krankte, *m. pl.* *Mar.* puddings, fenders.

Kranz, *n. l.* (*str.* *pl.* *Kränze* *m.* 1) wreath, garland, chaplet (of flowers); 2) *T-s.* a) *Archit.* cornice, crown, festoon; cincture (of a column; also bead, list, moulding-cornice); cordon (of a wall); b) (*beim Fußball*) a) a court-plata; c) head (of a stake); d) rim (of a wheel); *East-w.* tire; e) brim (of a bell or a hat); *fig-s.* 3) virginity; d) circle, society; e) galaxy (of beauty, &c.); *den* — *schlagen*, *Hath.* to work the brim (of a hat); *ll.* *in comp.* —**aber**, *f.* coronal or coronary vein; —**arterie**, *f.* crown-artery, coronary artery; —**band**, *n.* (*der Refter*) coronary ligament; —**beete**, *f.* see

2achthofberbeere; —bein, *n.* coronal bone; —blume, *f.* garland-flower; —blutaber, *f.* see —aber.
Kräng'den, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Krang*) 1) a little wreath, garland, &c.; 2) *fig.* society, club, (private) circle.
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —bide, *f.* T. thickness of the brim of a bell; —eisen, *n.* see Korneisbügel.
Kräng'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* T. engraving-iron.
Kräng'en, (*w.*) *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to crown, see *Bekrängen*; 2) to peel off the bark of trees; *II. intr. Sport.* to tear the ground (of stage).
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —beder, *n.* s. —winder; —fürmig, *adj.* in the form of wreath or crown; *Anal.* coronoid; —gefäß, *n.* crown-vessel; *Archit.* —gestirn, *n.* belt, corona, cornice; —holz, *n.* Mar. dead-eye of a hammock's crow-foot; —jungfer, *f.* see Brautjungfer.
Kräng'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc. &*) * for Krängchen; —traut, *n.* see *Felquendel*; —ton, *n.* see *Bröhlindienmetsag*.
Kraus'leite, (*w.*) *f.* T. heading-course, cornice; tringle; dripstone; head of the shaft of a chimney. [*den*, 2].
Kräng'ler, (*str.*) *n.* member of a Kräng.
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —naht, *f.* *Anal.* coronal suture; —pulser, —schlagaber, *f.* see —arterie; —reif, *m.* *Gunn.* cornice-ring; —rolle, *f.* T. milling-wheel (*Mädelstein*); —schiene, *f.* *Railw.* tram-rail; —stein, *m.* pl. place-bricks; —stück, *n.* folly (of a hydraulic wheel); —winder, *n.* garland-maker; —ziesel, *m.* pl. see —stine.
Kraus', (*w.*), **Kraus**'en, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* *Kraus*'chen, *Kraus*'elchen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) handle (of a pump); 2) cramp, hook; 3) fritter, dough-nut.
Kraus', (*str.*) *m.* madder; *in comp.* —brähe —farbe, *f.* dye made of madder.
Kraus', *adj.* T. too hard twisted (of a rope).
Kraus'e, (*w.*) *f.* T. staple; *Gum.-sm.* catech. tumbler. [*Kraus*, 3].
Kraus'pel, **Kraus**'pel'chen, (*str.*) *n.* coll. see *Kraus*'er.
Kraus'er, (*str.*) *m.* see *Kraus*'laube.
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —farbendrud, *m.* T. madder-style; —farbstoff, *m.* *Chem.* alizarine; —gelb, *adj.* *Chem.* xanthine; —pflanze, *f.* *Bol. d'yer's* madder (*Rubia tinctorum* L.); —pulver, *n.* madder in powder; —roth, *n.* madder-red, alizarine; —see, *f.* *Mar.* sugar-loaf sea.
Kraus'felbeere, (*w.*) *f.* see *Kraus*'beere.
* **Kraus**'er, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) crater; *Arch.* ball, basket, corbel.
Kraus'chen, *provinc.* see *Gräts*'chen.
Kraus'en, (*m.*) *n.* scratch; scar.
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —beere, *f.* *provinc.* 1) bramble-berry; 2) see *Stachelbeere*; —blech, *n.* brass-plate for polishing buttons; —brei, *n.* T. freezing-table; —bürste, *f.* 1) scraper, wire-brush; 2) *fig.* a sharp person, a rough brush; —bürstig, *adj.* as rough as a brush; —büffel, *f.* *Bol.* a species of thistle, Canada thistle (*Cirsium Tourn.*); —draht, *m.* card-wire.
Kraus'e, (*w.*) *f.* scraper, card.
Kraus'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* scraping-iron, iron rake, scrubber, scraper.
Kraus'en, (*w.*) *v.* I. *tr.* & *intr.* to scratch, grate, scrape; to have a bad, harsh taste (of wine); to spit, scratch (of pens); to scrawl, scribble; *Wolle* —, to card wool; *Zuch* —, to tease cloth; *II. tr. impers.* & *intr.* *Ich* kratz mich, I feel a scratching.
Kraus'..., *in comp.* —füß, *m.* 1) (*lit.* scrape-foot) an (awkward) revenue, anal. leg; pl. —füße, shuffling of foot; einen —füß machen, to scrape a leg; 2) *Germ. Fab.* name given to the hen, anal. Dame Parliot; —füßeln, *v. intr.* to make scrape-legs, to be overpluper; —füßler, *m.* scrape-leg, one who bows much

—garn, n., —haken, m. *Fish*. dredge, drag-net; —hebe, f. waste-low.

Strätkä, *adj.* 1) scratchy; 2) *fig.* cross, peevish.

Sträk..., *in comp.* —tamm, m. see **Strämpel**; —telle, f. T. ripe, scraper; —traut, n. *Bot.* plume-thistle (*Onithus*); —maßsche, —welle, f. see **Strämpelmaßsche** n.; —trommel, f. *Spin.* main cylinder.

Sträke, (n.) f. 1) (or **Sträkabgang**, m.) T. scrapings, sweepings, see **Sträk**; 2) *Med.* itch; mango; *Vol.* scab; 3) basket; in die —gehen, *vulg.* to be lost, to go to the dogs.

Sträkeisen, (str.) n. T. scrubber; scratcher, scraper; scratching-iron.

Sträker, (str.) m. 1) T. scraper, raker; 2) bad wine; 3) *Comm.* see **Sträglischer**.

Sträk..., *in comp.* —frischen, n. *Small*. melting of the waste-metal; —hemen, m. *Fish*. dredge; mit dem —hemen fischen, to dredge; —helltraut, —traut, n. *Bot.* fumitory (*Erubra*).

Sträkig, *adj.* *Med.* itchy, scabbed, mangy.

Sträk..., *in comp.* —messing, n. T. brass-clippings; —milke, f. a kind of worm attending the itch, siro (*Sarcophaga erubescens* L.); *Med.* —mittel, n. psoric; —salbe, f. salve against the itch; T-s. —schaden, pl. slugs of ligation; —schick, m. alkali of waste metal; —wasser, n. water in which waste metal has been washed; —wurzel, f. *Pharm.* root of white hellebore.

Sträkel, (str.) m. (†) *provinc.* flesh-fork.

Sträken, (n.) v. *tr. coll.* to claw or scratch softly, to rub.

Sträus, *l. adj.* 1) crisp; (*Bot.*) crisped, curled, frizzled, crinkled; 2) nappy (of cloth); 3) *fig.* a) intricate, irregular, motley; b) sullen; —werben, to crisp, curl; c) *clue* l-e *Sträus* machen, to knit one's brows; II. *in comp.* —bart, m. curly beard; *Bot.* —beere, f. 1) red bilberry, whortle-berry (*Vaccinellibere*); 2) rough gooseberry (*Crataegolibere*); —bistel, f. common eryngo (*Eryngium* L.).

Sträuel, (n.) f. 1) crispness; 2) ruff, frill; 3) *provinc.* pitcher with a lid.

Sträuelisen, (str.) n. T. 1) still-iron (*Bain-eisen*); 2) see **Sträuelholz**.

Sträuel, *l. (str.) m. & n.* 1) crisped or puckered piece of linen, puckered frill or tucker; 2) see **Sträuel**; II. *in comp.* —beere, f. see **Sträuelbeere**; —bohrer, m. see **Sträuelbohrer**; —eisen, n. 1) *Hand*-dr. crisping-iron, curling-iron; Italian iron; 2) craping-iron; T-s. —hell, n. curling-pipes; —tamm, m. dressing-comb; —mähle, f. friezing-mill.

Sträuelin, (n.) v. *tr.* 1) (*& refl.*) to curl, crisp, frizzle, ruffle; to nap, frizzle; 2) *Met.* see **Verändeln**; *fig.* —, (of water) to ripple, curl, to be ruffled.

Sträuelstet, (w.) f. see **Sträuelstet**.

Sträuel..., *in comp.* —werk, n. machinery for milling the edge of a coin; —zange, f. curling-irons or tongs, crisping-pincers.

Sträuelrösche, (w.) f. *Bot.* curled mint, balm mint (*Mentha crispata* L.).

Sträuelen, **Sträuelen**, (n.) v. *tr. & refl.* to crisp, curl, to lay in folds, plait; to crapo.

Sträus..., *in comp.* —flor, m. crisped crapo; —haarig, *adj.* having curly hair, curly-headed; —hammer, m. T. facing-hammer; —haß, m. *Bot.* crisped colewort; Siberian bore-colo; —haß, m. curly-(haired) head; person having curly hair; —haßig, *adj.* curly-headed. [*frizler*].

Sträusler, (str.) m. one who curls, &c., **Sträus...**, *in comp.* —lodig, *adj.* having curly hair; —rad, n. T. milling-wheel (*Rändelrad*); —salat, m. crisped lettuce; —tabak, m. shag; —wurz, m. see —bistel.

Sträut, s. *l. (str., pl. Sträuter)* n. 1) herb; plant, vegetable; (*officines* —) *Pharm.* me-

dicinal herb, simple, spice; 2) wood; c) the leaves of a plant, (as *Sträutlein*, *Sträut*, n.) top (potatoe-tops, turnip-tops); d) colewort, cabbage; 2) + gun-powder (*Sträuttraut*); —und Roth, T. powder and shot; wie —und *Sträut*, coll. biggledy-piggledy; (*für den Tod* ist kein —gewachsen, proverb, there is no remedy against death; II. *in comp.* —ader, m., —feld, n. cabbage-field; —artig, *adj.* herbaceous; —Hirt, f. field-bee. [*herbalet*].

Sträutchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Sträut*)

Sträute, (n.) f. coll. 1) the act of wood-ing; 2) wedding-time.

Sträuteisen, (str.) n. see **Sträuthebel**.

Sträutlein, (n.) s. *l. tr.* to wood; II. *intr.* to smell of herbs or cabbage.

Sträutren, (n.) v. *tr. & intr.* to weed.

Sträuter, (str.) m. *provinc.* kitchen-gardener.

Sträuter..., *in comp.* —abhub, m. see —fest; —artig, *adj.* oleaceous, herbaceous; —argut, f. medicine prepared from simples; —auszug, m. tincture (of herbs); —bad, n. bath of simples, (—bampf) medicated vapour-bath; —Her, n. medicated ale; —Hoben, m. loft for drying herbs; —kuch, n. herbal; —kur, f. cure by the agency of simples; —kisch, m. species of insect destructive to herbaria and collections of insects (*Phtorus* for L.).

Sträuterel, (n.) f. kitchen-garden.

Sträuterei, (str.) m. (*l. n.*) herbalist, botanist.

Sträuter..., *in comp.* —eßig, m. physical vinegar; —frau, f. herb-woman; —freßsch, *adj.* herb-eating, herbivorous; —garten, m. garden of herbs, herbary; kitchen-garden; —gewürbe, n. drug-shop; herbalist's shop; —händler, m. 1) druggist; 2) herbalist; —händlerin, f. see —frau.

Sträuttrich, (str.) n. 1) coll.: a) herbs, vegetables; b) woods; 2) the leaves of plants, see **Sträut**, 1, c.

Sträuttrig, *adj.* overgrown with herbs. **Sträuter...**, *in comp.* —hammer, f. chamber for drying herbs; —Hefe, m. green cheese, chapsagar; —kranter, m. herbalist, botanist; —kranth, f. botanical knowledge; —kissen, n. 1) a bag filled with certain herbs for a medical purpose, medicated cushion; 2) sweet-bag; —kuche, —leste, f. botany, botanics; —kur, see —kur; —leste, see —kuche; —mann, m. gatherer of simples, herbman; —markt, m. herb-market, vegetable market; —marmor, m. herb-rosed marble; —mähle, f. a cap with cephalic spines worn in (as a cure for the head-ache, &c.), medicinal calotte.

Sträutren, (n.) v. *intr.* (*l. n.*) to botanise.

Sträuter..., *in comp.* —ortseide, f. *Bot.* archil, rock-moss (*Rocella tinctoria* Ach.); —pflaster, n. poultice (prepared of certain herbs), cataplasm; —reife, *l. s. n.* vegetable kingdom; II. *adj.* herbous; —sad, m., —säcken, n. see —Hissen; —seht, decoction of herbs; —salat, m. salad of herbs; —sall, m. salt extracted from the ashes of herbs, vegetable salt; —suppe, f. herb-porridge; (—schupp) tabak, m. herb-smuck, herbaceous(eye)-smuck; —tset, m. tea of medicinal herbs, herb-tea; —traut, m. decoction of herbs or simples; —umschlag, m. see —pflaster; —wein, m. medicated or aromatic wine, hippocras; —werk, n. 1) see —buch; 2) leaves and stalks of herbs; —wurz, m. conserve.

Sträut..., *in comp.* —eitel, m. coll. stupid fellow, jack-ass; —faß, n. 1) see **Sträutfaß**; 2) see —Ränder; —faul, *adj.* *Min.* quite rotten, araceous; —freßsch, *adj.* herbivorous; —garten, m. see **Sträutergarten**; —hade, f. cabbage-hoe; —haß, m. Cook stuffed cabbage-head; —hebel, m. a kind of knife for cutting cabbage (in form of a plane); —holunder,

m. *Bot.* dwarf elder (*Sambucus obtusa*); —honig, m. garden-honey; —horn, n. see —berhorn.

Sträutig, *adj.* having leaves (like cabbage).

Sträutig, (str.) n. see **Sträuttrich**.

Sträut..., *in comp.* —junke, m. coll. (*fig.* rant, &c.) country-squire; —hammer, f. see —berhammer; —Hefe, m. see **Sträuttrich**; —m. 1) cabbage-head; 2) *fig.* block-head. **Sträutlein**, (str.) n. (*provinc.* &) *o.* **Sträutchen**.

Sträutler, (str.) m. herb-man.

Sträut..., *in comp.* —leste, f. *Orn.* woodlark (*Scampipect*); —Hefe, m. gunner's ladle; —markt, m. see **Sträutmarkt**; —mette, f. see —cufe; —milde, f. see —Hefe; —peterfille, f. *Bot.* common parsley (*Petroselinum* Hoffm.); —rettig, m. *Bot.* winter-radish; —rübe, f. see **Sträutrübe**; —s. m. cabbage-salad; —schneuz, —schneuzer, midsummer-inspection of the dikes and ditches; —schneuz, f. *Entom.* a species of crane (*Typella oleracea* L.); —schneuzschneuz, —hebel; —Händler, m. tub for souring; —Händler, m. setting-stick, dibble(r); —Händler, m. stalk or stump of cabbage, cabbage stalk; —Händler, m. see —ader.

Sträutung, **Sträutung**, (n.) f. a clearing (of canals and rivers) from weeds.

Sträut..., *in comp.* —schneuzen, n. —leste; —weide, f. *Bot.* herbaceous willow (*Salix herbacea* L.).

Sträutell, (str.) m. coll. uproar, row, disturbance. — **Sträutellen**, (n.) v. *intr.* to make disturbance. [*a cry*].

Sträutell, *enf* —geant, *Ship-b.* build.

Sträut, (n.) f. *provinc.* (*S. G.*) carry frame (*Traggestell*).

Sträus, s. *l. (str.) m.* 1) *Crust.* crab, crayfish (*Asellus asellus* F.); 2) *tr.* bre. plate, harness; 3) *Ascl.* cancer, crab; 4) cancer, gangrene; 5) *Bot.* canker; 6) *pl.* Books, slang, return-books, cf. *mittreten*; 7) gangrene, (invertebrate) v. moral evil; II. *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* 1) criform, like a crab; —artige *Thiere*, pl. araceous animals, crustacea; 2) *Med.* cancerous, gangrenous; —artige *Geißel*, wolf, cancer; —auge, n. crab's eye; —blume, f. *Bot.* 1) ton (*Oxalis* L.); 2) turnsole-plant (*Helianthemum europaeum* L.); —bröte, f. crab's butter; —butter, f. crab's butter; —bistel, f. *Bot.* c. thistle (*Onopordum acanthium* L.). [*cray*].

Sträusen, (n.) v. *intr.* to catch crab. **Sträus...**, *in comp.* —fang, n. a catch of crayfish; —Hefe, f. see **Sträus** 4) *bräutigam*, *adj.* canceriform; —fräßig, *adj.* cancerous; —gang, m. *fig.* crab's walk, retrogression; —gang gehen, *fig.* to retrograde, go backward; —geschwür, n. *Med.* carcinoma, phaged gangrenous ulcer.

Sträusheft, **Sträusheft**, *adj.* see **Sträutig**.

Sträus..., *in comp.* —traut, n. *Bot.* 1) —blume; 2) perennial knawel (*Scleranthus perennis* L.); —strich, m., —linie, f. *Ascl.* tropic of Cancer; —wafe, f. 1) Oak the of crayfish filled with egg-paste; 2) nose bitten by the cancer; —reife, f. net or weal; —schaden, m. 1) cancer affection; 2) see **Sträus**, 7; —schale, f. crab shell; —schert, f. claw of a crab, crab's c-*aplant*, f. *Entom.* crab-spider (*Strabipime*); —stein, m. see —auge; —suppe, kind of soup with crayfish; —wasser, n. p. of water containing crayfish; —weide, f. *Bot.* snakeweed (*Lythrum hickoria* L.).

Sträus, s. *l. (w.)* f. chalk. *Chem.* carbon of lime; *gefehlummt* —, purified chalk, w-*ing*; *spenstige*, *benectantige* or *Sträusung*.

chalk, soap-stone, steatite; **schwärze**
 ch. chalk; gelbe —, *see* **Düfer**; grüne —,
 —merde; rote —, *see* **Küstel**; mit —
 mermeren, polieren, schreiben, zeichnen
 —; coll.-s. auf die —, on credit, tick or
 et. Einem in die — geraten, to run
 person's debt; bet. Einem auf die —
 to be in one's books; mit doppelter
 —, to overcharge; *It. in comp.* (—)
 ch. chalk-like, cretaceous —, **stibung**
 —formation; die Periode der —bildungen,
 —s. period; —stein, *m. pl.* der **Stein**
 —, glaucoma; —formation, —gebilde,
 —, *m. s. Good* chalk formation; —glas,
 white glass; (—)grüßer, *m.* chalk-
 —(—)grube, *f.* chalk-pit; (—)grube,
 ground (colour); —grube, *f.* **see**
 —tion; (—)mehl, *m. see* —pulver; —
 —, *m. s. Good* the lower chalk without flints.
chalk, (*m. v. s.* to chalk, to cover with

de ..., in comp. —*neffe*, *f. Pharm.*
zinnneffe; —*papier*, *n.* enamelled
paper; *f. Mas.* composition (*T. Thack.*);
 —*n. pipe* — *clay*; —*stein*, *n. Geol.*
 green sandstone; —*stein*, *f. see* *Reich-*
stein; *f. Miner.* chalk-alate; —*stein*,
 stone; —*stift*, *n.* crayon, chalk-pencil;
adj. as white as chalk; —*zeichnung*,
 drawing;
stift, *adj.* chalk-like, cretaceous.

plg, adj. chalky. [cretin.
"ling, (str.) m. (*Campe, Börne, l. u.*)
neffe, (w.) f. see *Scribenfeil*.
[*phäur, f. (pl. Scrib) (phüure) T. plumb-*
peculiar to the Baltic.
rr, (str.) m. *Mar.* three-masted ship
s, a. I. (str.) m. 1) circle; 2) sphere;
st; district; 4) *astr.* orbit; 5) puri (in
im *2-e* herum, round about; *fid* im
egen, to spin, turn or whirl round; *es*
s mit mir im *2-e* herum, my head
goes or is spinning round); *fid* im *2-e*
rotatory; *das liegt außer meinem 2-e*,
comes not within my province, lies
in my sphere; in written *2-en, fig.*
only.

... , *in comp.* — *abſchied*, *m.* †, recess (of the German Empire); — *abſchnitt*, *m.* segment; — *amt*, *m.* bailiwick of a court; circuit-court; — *aummann*, *m.* † a district or circuit-court; — *arzt*, *m.* physician; — *auſchnitt*, *m.* *Geom.* section; *f. acc.* — *bewegung*; — *beamte*, *m.* officer; — *bewegung*, *f.* orbit, circular — *bogen*, *m.* arc; *Archit.* circular arch; — *messenger* of a circle; — *brief*, *m.* letter.

šer, (w.) v. intransitive to shriek, screech, to squall (of children); to hiss (of the fire); **š-b, p. a.** (of colours) see **šreš'šer, (adv.) m.** Print. brayer.
š'mbe, (w.) f. Ornith. sea-swallow (albe).

...*in comp.*—direction, *f.* govern-
a circle; —director, *m.* director of a
district-court; —directorium, *n.* board
administration of a circle; —*Brügnung*,
on, f. —Bewegung; —*eintheilung, f.*
into circles, districts, &c.
...*s. l. (adv.) m.* 1) top, *gig, whirl-*
-top; den — treiben, *see Streifen*, 2;
—taggers; 3) *Conch. see Streifensdinde*;
... —*behrer, m.* drill; —*beuig, adj.*
—*binata, top-shaped*; —*brüme, f.*

se, (n.) *v. intr.* 1) to turn round on a point of gravity; to whirl, to turn round; 2) to spin or whip a top.

ohne L.); verfeinerte — (Sedde, f. Petr. tro-
chite: —twinkl. m. whirlwind.

Streißen, (n.) v. intr. 1) to turn, move in a circle, to circle, to go round; to revolve, return periodically; die Flasche — lassen, to pass the bottle; 2) *Sperrt.* to walk round; 3) *Mim.* to pound (ore).

Kreis' ..., in comp. — *evolute*, *f.* *Math.* evolute of the circle (*Hertald*); — *fläch*, *f.* circular surface; — *förmig*, *adj.* circular, orbicular, round; — *förmige Bewegung*, rotary motion; — *förmige Aufschrift*, circumscription; — *förmigsteit*, *f.* circular form or shape; — *fuge*, *f.* *Mus.* perpetual fugue; — *gang*, *m.* circular walk; — *gericht*, *m.* district-court; — *gesang*, *m.* *Mus.* round (a song); — *hauptmann*, *m.* a high officer, captain of a district; — *hälfte*, *f.* quota of a district; — *jagen*, *m.* see *Kreisfö-*
jagen; — *lauf*, *m.* 1) circulation, circular motion, gyration, cycle, round; 2) periodical return; orbit, rotation period (of a planet), trajectory (of a comet).

[illegible]

Strel'gen, (w.) *v. intr.* to labour in childbirth; to travail; to have throes; I-b, *p. a.* parturient; die R-de or Strel'gerin, (w.) *f.* woman in labour. [cow].

Stremí, (str.) *m.* *Geogr.* Kremlin (in Mos-
Strem'ing, (str.) *m.* *Bot.* green agaric
(*Agaricus virescens*). [pl] *z.*

Krem'se, Krem'sel *nc.*, see **Krämpc**, **Krämp-**
Krem'ser, *adj.* pertaining to **Krems** (an
Austrian town); — **Weiß**, white of silver.

Ort, (str.) m. (Slav.) provinc. horse-radish (Reerrettig).

* **Kresol**, (str.) n. (Gr.) Chem. creosote:

—[säure, *f.* creotic acid.
 Крепичъ нѣ., see Cr....

Strep, (*str.*) *m.* (or *-flor, m.*) *rape*; *-eisen, n.* *craping-iron*; *-macher, m.* *rape-weaver*; *-maschine, f.* *craping-machine*.

Krep'pen, (u.) v. tr. to crape.
Krep'per, (str.) m. see Krepftaube.

Strefse, (w.) f. 1) *Bot.* cross, crosses (*Lepidium* L.); stinfende —, see **Wauerstrefse**; indische, türktische, spanische —, Indian cross (*Tropaeum majus* L.); 2) or **Strefling**, (adv.) m. *provinc.* a grayling in its first year: **2-enfallter**, m., **2-nueßling**, w. orange-tib (*Pontia cardamines* L. **Aurorafalter**).

Strefler, (str.) m. Ornith. land-rail (Siesenhorn).

* **Prethith and Pethith**, (*origin. Hebr.*) 1) *pl.* the Cherethites and the Pelethites, the body-guard of David chosen from the common people that fled before Saul with David (2 Sam. 8, 18, &c.); 2) *m. (or pl.) coll.* any mixed society, mob, rabble, *anal.* tag-rag and bob-tail. [*alehouse (Schmte).*]

Reet'sham, (str.) m. provinc. (Sas.) inn,
Reet'sher, (str.) m. see Ruffhäber.

Stetischmer, (str.) m. inn-keeper (Schenkwirth).

Rren'felbeere, (w.) f. see Stachelbeere.
Rren, (str.) n. 1) a) lit. & fig. cross; b) fig.

tribulation; 3) — des Gefirtns, see Gefirtnshod; 4) group, crupper, buttock (of horses and other animals); rump, back, loins, reins, hip (of men); 4) Typ. pile, obelisk; 5) *Nur.* a sharp, *cr.* Erhöhngezeiten; 6) *Gam. clud.* 7) *T.* windlass; 8) *Nur.* des Antfres, crown; 9) *Astr.* Southern Cross, Crozier; jun or ju 2-c friegen, *Ag.* to trundle, to creep to the cross; in die — und Durt, in all directions; fier über —, across, crosswise; rin — fchlagen, to cross one's self; and — fchlagen, better, see Struigen. *cr.* das — predigen, to preach the crusade; das — nehmen, to take the cross.

Strung, *adj.*, in comp. — **abstränge**, *f.* descendent from the cross; — **arm**, *m.* cross-bar; — **hiff**, *adj.* *Bot.* brachiate, cross-armed; — **art**, *f.* *Comp.* cross-ax; *holling-ax*, *twi-bill*; — **sand**, *m.* 1) cross-band (for enveloping newspapers, &c. *cf.* *Strickband*); 2) *T.* cross-beam, cross-piece of timber; 3) *Lock-sm.* — **zünßer**, *pl.* a) cross-garnet hinges; b) (an *Zünßer*, *pl.* *garn*) garnets; — **zünßer** *garn*, *m.* *pl.* ribbon-sandals; — **bitting**, *f.* *Mar.* top-sail-sheet bit; — **baum**, *m.* *Archit.* transsept; — **baum**, *m.* 1) turnpike; turnstile; 2) *Bot.* a) common maple (*Acer campestre* L.); b) common palmaria (*Christi Ricinus communis* L.); — **beer**, *f.* yellow-berry, berry of the buckthorn; — **bein**, *n.* 1) *Anat.* rump bone (*os sacrum*); 2) *Zool.* chine-bone, back-bone; — **beining**, *adj.* cross-lugged; — **beininget** *Wferd*, *ragot*; — **beinernerven**, *pl.* *Anat.* sacral nerves; — **berg**, *m.* Calvary; — **bit**, *n.* 1) crucifix; 2) picture of the crucifixion; — **binbief**, *m.* *Mar.* snaked seizing; — **bief**, *m.* cross (X) tin-plate, double-plate; — **büme**, *f.* 1) *Bot.* milk-wort (*Polygala vulgaris* L.); 2) *Archit.* crope, flutal; *Bot.* — **bün-mexpfhanje**, *f.* cruciferous or cruciform plant; — **büfte**, *f.* cruciate blossom; — **büfiter**, *pl.* cruciferous plants; — **böd**, *m.* sawing-jack; *Archit.* — **bögen**, *m.* ogive; — **bögenstühnung**, *f.* cross-vaulting; *Mar.* — **bramsträfen**, *pl.* mizen-top-gallant-braces; — **bramsträ**, *f.* mizen-top-gallant-yard; — **bramfegel**, *m.* mizen-top-gallant-sail; — **bramfenge**, *f.* mizen-top-gallant-mast; — **bräfen**, *pl.* mizen-top-braces; — **bräv**, *adj.* *Gam.* moist or thorough-honest, downright good; — **brüber**, *m.* 1) porter (generally standing at the corner of a street); 2) *fig.* fellow-sufferer; — **büde**, *m.* *Gam.* knave of clubs.

Kreuz'chen, (str.) *n.* (*dimin. of Kreuz*) a little cross, crosslet.

Strug'..., in comp. —**convert**, n. 1) a certain cover for letters containing money; 2) *see* —**band**, 1; —**bane**, *f. Gam.* queen of clubs; —**bifel**, *f. Bot.* carline-thistle (*Carlina* L.); —**bern**, n. *Bot.* (parging) buckthorn, French berry (*Rhamnus catharticus* L.); —**brege**, *f. see* *Rechttraufheit*; —**eggen**, n. *Agr.* cross-tining.

Stren'gen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to cross; *fig.* to cross, traverse, thwart; 2) to mark with a cross; 3) *see* Strengigen; II. *ref.* 1) to cross each other or one another; to intersect, traverse, cut each other; 2) to cross one's self. make the sign of the cross; III. *intr.* 1) to

coat of men of war; —*fußre*, *f.* conveyance required in war; —*fuß*, *f.* war; war-footing; war-establishment; —*Schiff auf* —*fuße*, a ship in commission; —*fuß* *haben*, 1. *Ntl.* to place upon footing (—*betriebschaft*); 2. (*Schiffe*) to be in commission; —*gefrang*, *m.* war; —*gefahr*, *f.* danger of war; —*gefahr gegen* —*gefahr*, insurance against war; —*gefährte*, *m.* companion, fellow; —*gefellow*, soldier, brother officer; —*gefangen*, *g.* *m.* (*f.*) prisoner of war; —*gefangenheit*, *f.* captivity; —*gefangenheit sein*, to be prisoner of war; —*geräth*, *m.* *see* —*gefährte*; —*geräth*, *m.* *see* —*gefährte*; —*geräth*, *f.* *pl.* utensils or implements of war; —*geräth*, *n.* court martial; —*gerichts-feld*, *adj.* relating to martial law; —*gerichts-feld*, *n.* court-martial; *fic wurden* —*gerichts-feld* —*gerichts-feld* *Urteil* *ertheilt*, shot by court-martial; —*gerüst*, *n.* war; —*gesang*, *m.* war-like song; —*gesang*, *n.* fate of war; —*gesichte*, *f.* war; —*geschicht*, *m.* military history; —*geschlecht*, *n.* war; watch-word; war-whoop; —*geschlecht*, *m.* *see* —*gefährte*; —*geschlecht*, *n.* 1) *see* —*artific*; 2) martial law; —*getöse*, *f.* —*getimmel*, *m.* throng; war; —*gewerbe*, *m.* *see* —*Spandier*; —*gewerbe*, *m.* *see* —*getöse*; —*glück*, *m.* chance; —*glück*, *m.* arms, military success; —*gott*, *m.* war, war-god, Mars; —*göttin*, *f.* god-dess, Bellona; —*hafen*, *m.* naval port; —*hand*, *m.* profession of arms (war); —*arm*, host; —*heiß*, *m.* great war; —*herr*, *m.* commander in chief; —*heiß*, *m.* military hospital, flying hospital; —*heiß*, *m.* auxiliary troops, auxiliaries; —*heiß*, *m.* war-office; —*heiß*, *m.* war-account; —*heiß*, *m.* soldier's dress, uniform; —*heiß*, *m.* —*heiß*, *pl.* expenses of war; —*heiß*, *m.* military science, tactics; —*heiß*, *m.* skilled in or according to tactics; —*heiß*, *m.* tactician; —*heiß*, *f.* art of war, warfare; —*heiß*, *m.* sound of war; —*heiß*, *m.* *pl.* observations of war; —*heiß*, *m.* war-fare; —*heiß*, *pl.* of —*mann*; —*heiß*, *m.* song; —*heiß*, *f.* stratagem; —*heiß*, *f.* troops; —*heiß*, *f.* —*heiß*, *m.* eager; —*heiß*, *adj.* anxious for war; —*heiß*, 1) military power; 2) military strength; —*heiß*, 1) warrior, soldier; 2) *see* —*heiß*; —*heiß*, *f.* forces, soldiery; —*heiß*, *m.* military cloak; —*heiß*, *m.* minister of war, minister at war; *Am.* —*heiß*, *m.* war; —*heiß*, *m.* war of —*heiß*, *f.* *heiß*, molestation of war; —*heiß*, *f.* war-worn; —*heiß*, *f.* calamity; —*heiß*, *m.* chief commander of an expedition; —*heiß*, *m.* military operation; —*heiß*, *f.* military regulations; —*heiß*, *m.* *see* —*heiß*; —*heiß*, *adj.* subject to military obligation to do military service (in case of war); —*heiß*, *adj.* subject to military service; —*heiß*, *m.* place of arms; —*heiß*, *m.* government or service-powder; —*heiß*, 1) military council, court-martial; 2) council of war; 3) counsellor of war; —*heiß*, *m.* articles of war; martial law; sword-drawn über *heiß* *ertheilen* *lassen*, to try by martial law; —*heiß*, *m.* 1) member of martial law; 2) justice of a military court; —*heiß*, *m.* charger; —*heiß*, *m.* charger; —*heiß*, *m.* military preparation for war; —*heiß*, *f.* matter of war; —*heiß*, *f.* damage done by war; —*heiß*, *m.* seat (theatre) of war; —*heiß*, *f.* (a ship) of war; (nomer *heiß*) the man-of-war; 2) or —*heiß*

m. Ornith. albatross (Hibattoz); —**fahnenf.**, f. outlet-sluice; —**fahnb.**, f. war-debt; —**fahnte**, f. military school or academy; —**fahner**, m. cadet; —**fittte**, f. see **gebräunt**; —**fjæl**, n. 1) game, play of war; 2) a species of chess; —**fäst**, m. military state; —**fämb**, m. 1) see **Befehlsfand**; 2) see —**fug**; —**fener**, f. 1) war-tax; 3) contribution; —**fraße**, f. military road; —**fang**, m. war-dance; —**fiat**, f. warlike deed; —**fester**, m. see —**fäupelst**; —**fradst**, f. war-attire; —**fäung**, f. military exercise; —**berpflegung**, f. quartering and feeding of soldiers in time of war; —**berpflegungseint.**, m. commissariat; —**berpflegung**, pl. **advs.** see **cr-fahren**; —**bell**, m. —**büßler**, pl. **advs.** see **troop**; —**bertrath**, m. military or commissariat stores, ammunition, munition; —**weisse**, f. arms; —**wagen**, m. chariot; —**wert**, n. (*Grimm*) military appliances; —**wesen**, m. every thing relating to the carrying on of a war or to war, military concerns or matters; —**wissenschaft**, f. **wissenschaftlich**, see **hund**; —**tumbig**; —**wunt**, f. fury, rage of a war; —**ajahmt**, n. army-pay-office; —**ajahmtseiner**, m. paymaster of the army; —**jelt**, f. time of war; —**jeug**, n. 1) see —**gegrüß**; 2) ordnance; —**juz**, n. standard; —**jucht**, f. military discipline; —**jufälle**, m. pl. contingencies or chances of war; —**jug**, m. warlike or military expedition; —**jwang**, m. military execution.

Kriegesfester, (w.) f. see **Kriegesfester**.

Kriegesfeste, (w.) f. see **Kriegesfeste**.

Kriegesfester, **adv.** & (*str.*) m. coll. miserable scrawl, scribble.

Krimm, f. *Geogr.* Crimes, Crim, the Tauric Chersonesus. — **Krimmer**, (*str.*) m. Comm. Crim lamb skin.

Krimpe, **Krumpe**, (w.) f. 1) Cloth. the spunging and shrinking of cloth; 2) see **Dachle**.

Krimpen, (*see*) v. I. *intr.* 1) to crumple, crumple; 2) see **Krumptren**; II. *tr.* Cloth. to sponge, shrink (cloth).

Krimpfret, **adj.** T. not crimping or shrinking (in the wash, said of fannel, &c.).

Krimpsmaß, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* short measure.

Krimpswasm, (*str.*) m. coll. nonsense, trash, &c. (unwider **Kram**, **Blunder** &c.).

Kringel, (w.) f. see **Kragtragn**.

Kringel, (*str.*) m. & (w.) f. *provinc.* 1) circle; 2) craknel, cake; 3) see **Kragtragn**.

Kringel, (*str.*) m. see **Kringel** & **Biennerfester**. [*crease, fold.*]

Krinkel, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* crinkle, wrinkle.

Krinkeln, (*w.*) *provinc.* v. I. to crinkle, crumple (*zerknittern*); II. *intr.* to crinkle (*föh jängeln*). [*trout*] 3) *Archit.* **scut**.

Krinne, (w.) f. 1) groove, notch; 2) cleft.

Krippe, (w.) f. 1) crib, manger; 2) T. fence, sort of hedge, hurdle; 3) *Hydr.* caisson; cofferdam; 4) cratch.

Kripfen, (w.) v. *tr.* to strengthen (a dike) by means of hurdle-work.

Kripfen ..., *in comp.* —**beßen**, —**legen**, n. crib-biting, tick; —**blüße**, f. hurdle-work; —**futter**, n. oats, corn for horses and cattle; —**grül**, m. dike-reeve; —**kradst**, m. *Hydr.* fagot-maker; —**leger**, —**reiger**, m. crib-biter, crib-champing horse; —**wettr**, n. dike-dam formed by two rows of piles; —**reiter**, m. *cont.* poor country-squire; —**wert**, n. 1) fence (of a pier); 2) stalling (of a bridge).

* **Kritik**, **Kritik**, (w.) f. (*Gr.*) *critia*.

Kritikethel, (*str.*) pl. *Dr.* —**hölder**, n. *Tamm*. graining- or crimping-board, pommel.

Kritikeln, (w.) v. *tr.* to crisp; to grain (leather).

Kritikell, see **Kritikell**. [*criticism, test.*]

* **Kritikium**, (*str.*) pl. (*w.*) **Kritikien** n.

* **Kritik**, (*str.*) f. (*Gr.*) critique, criticism; **Kant's** — der *reinen Vernunft*, **Kant's Criticism** on Pure Reason; **Heßel's** — der *Urtheile* **Heßel's**

critical inquiry into the faculty of judgment, of the same; unter aller *v.* coll. beneath criticism. — *Kritiker*, (*str.*) *m.* critic. — *Kritikler*, (*str.*) *m.* criticaster. — *Kritiksch*, *adj.* critical; *der Zeitpunkt*, conjuncture: *ein 1-tes Blatt*, a review. — *Kritikstren*, (*w.*) *v.* to criticize, review; to comment upon.

Krit'fel, (*str.*) *m.* *Kritikfel*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act or practice of) fault-finding, carping, etc.; captiousness; 2) frivolous criticism or stricture. [person.]

Krit'tesspf, (*str.*) *p.* 2. -löpfe) *m.* capitious *Krit'tess*, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* to find fault, carp, cavil, criticize.

Krit'tesch, *adj.* see *Krititlei*.

Krit'tler, (*str.*) *m.* fault-finder, carper, caviller. [captious.]

Krit'tisch, *adj.* nice, carping, cavilling.

Krit'zefel, (*w.*) *f.* a scratching, etc., see *Gekritzel*. [Scrigen.]

Krit'zlig, *adj.* scratchy: — *schreiben*, see *Kritzeln*, (*w.*) *v.* *tr. & intr.* to scratch, scrawl, scribble; to splotter, scratch (of pens).

Krit'zer, (*str.*) *m.* scribbler.

Kroat, (*w.*) *m.* Croat. — *Kroatien*, (*str.*) *n.* Geogr. Croatia. — *Kroat'sch*, *adj.* Croatian.

Krübb, (*str.*) *m.* see *Krübs*.

Krübbel, *see* *Kr...*

Krübbkne, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. Indian cucumber (*Melothia virginica*).

Krü'len, *Krü'len*, (*w.*) *v.* I. *tr.* *intr.* & *ref.* 1) to crisp; 2) to shrink; II. *intr.* Sport. to cluck.

Krüll... *in comp.* — *krülle*, *f.* 1) see *Gallenkrülle*; 2) Cook. pease parboiled and seasoned only with salt; — *seigt*, *m.* Cook small pike rolled up, when dressed, with its tail in its mouth; — *tabak*, *m.* shag-tobacco.

Krön... *in comp.* (*f.* Kronen...) — *kron*, *m.* office of the crown (formerly in Poland); — *kronel*, *m.* crown-lawyer, attorney-general; — *kronig*, *adj.* crown-like; Bot. petaloid; — *kronb*, *m.* *Anat.* coronary ligament; — *kronern*, *m.* pl. peasants of the crown; — *kronmeiste(r)*, *m.* high officer of the crown; — *kroner*, *see* *Kronenberger*; — *kronb*, *m.* *Anat.* coronal bone; — *kronerker*, *m.* competitor for the crown; — *blatt*, *m.* see *Kronenblatt*; — *blattkronig*, *adj.* petaloid; — *blech*, *m.* best sort of tin-plates; — *blume*, *f.* see *Kronenblume*.

Krön'gen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Krone*) little crown, coronet: Bot. corolla.

Krön... *in comp.* (*f.* Kronen...) — *kron*, *f.* see *Krone*, 9; — *kronmeist*, *f.* domain of the crown.

Krön'ne, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *lit. & fig.* (*Wend.* *Nem.* *Spor.*, etc.) crown; 2) *Archit.* wreath, garland; 3) *Anat.* & *Archit.* corona; 4) circle, halo (round the moon, &c.); 5) *Geom.* the space enclosed by two concentric circles; 6) *Fort.* crest of the glacis; 7) *Farr.* coronel of a horse; 8) Bot (*Blumen*) — coronol, corolla. (*Samen* — corona; 9) *Print.* hat, cap (of a press); 10) head, top (of a tree, &c.); 11) *coll.* for *Kopf*, nose, head; *fig.* — *er ist die* — *der Pflicht*, he is the very pearl (pink, paragon) of civility; *das feigt seinen Thaten die* — *auf*, this crowns his deeds; *das feigt dem Unrecht die* — *auf*, this is the crowning wrong; *etwas in der* — *haben*, *coll.* to be a little tipy.

Krön'welen, (*str.*) *m.* best sort of iron.

Krön'welfen, (*str.*) *m.* stone-cutter's rife.

Krön'weln, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* to rough-hew (stones) with a rife.

Krön'zen, (*w.*) *v.* I. *tr.* *lit. & fig.* to crown; *fig.* to award or assign the prize to; *der gekrönte Adler*, post-laureate; *der gekrönte Herr*, see *Kronherr*; *das Ende krönt das Werk*, proverb, the end crowns the work; II. *ref.* 1) to put the crown on one's self; 2) to form the crown (of flowers).

Krön'zen... *in comp.* (*f.* Kronen...) — *kronig*,

adj. coronal; *Anat.* coronary; —*bede*, *f.* *see* —*tute*; —*bein*, *n.* coronal bone, crown-bone; *Bot.-s.* —*blatt*, *n.* petal, crown-leaf; —*blume*, *f.* crown-imperial (*Rafflesia*); —*blumen-pflanzen*, *f. pl.* coronary plants; —*breite*, *f. T.* (bei *Erdarbeiten*) width of formation; —*fürmig*, *adj.* coroniform; —*gefächert*, *n.* *Ved.* thrush; —*gold*, *n.* gold of eighteen carats; —*krant*, *n. Bot. 1*) a plant of the genus *Caryophyllina* (*Drypis spinosa* L.); 2) saltwort (*Salsola kali* L.).

Streu..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Streu*...) —*papier*, *n.* crown-paper; —*rah*, *n. see* *Stromrah*; —*rege*, *adj.* crownless; *Bot.* apetalous.

Streu..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Streu*...) —*erbe*, *m.* successor to the crown; hereditary prince; —*erbse*, *f. Bot.* crown pea (a variety of *Pisum sativum* L.); —*feldherr*, *m.* general of the crown; —*flisch*, *n.* cornet of a horse; *Busch.* midriff; —*fürmig*, *adj.* coroniform; *Anat.* coronoid; —*fortsch*, *m.* coronoid process; —*gehörn*, *n. Sport.* crown of a stag's head, crowned top; —*geier*, *m.* *Ornith.* harpy (*Harpyia destructor* L.); —*gericht*, *n.* crown office; —*gegrünelt*, *f. Ved.* crown scab; —*gestirn*, *n.* top-cornice; —*gewels*, *n. see* —*gebörn*; —*glas*, *n.* crown glass; —*gut*, *n.* crown-damease, crown-estate, *pl.* (—*güter*) crown-lands; —*hirsch*, *m.* stag with crown antlers; —*heil*, *n.* 1) *see* *Heilsträger*; 2) crown-timber; —*hüter*, *m.* keeper of the crown (a great dignitary of state in Hungary); —*land*, *n.* crown-land, domain; —*lehn*, *n.* *see* of the crown, tenure in capite; —*lehninhaber*, *m.* tenant in capite or in chief.

Streu..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Streu*...) —*leucht*, *m.* ocher, lustrous; —*linie*, *f. T.* (Platanen bei *Erdarbeiten*) formation level; —*maße*, *f. Ornat.* the common barnacle (*Anatula*); —*maße*, *f. Anat.* coronal suture; —*pflanzen*, *n. Gard.* crown-grafting; —*prin*, *m.* crownprince, prince hereditary, prince-royal, heir apparent; —*prinzessin*, *f.* crown-princess, princess royal; —*prinzlich*, *adj.* relating or belonging to the crown-prince; —*rah*, *n.* *Horol.* &c. crown-wheel, contrate wheel, face-wheel; —*rasch*, *n. Comm.* crown-rashes, English serge; —*rede*, *f. Parl.* speech from the throne (*Thronrede*); —*saat*, *f.* crown-linseed; —*schatz*, *m.* treasure of the crown; —*schilde*, *f. see* —*raße*; —*taube*, *f. Ornith.* crowned, crested pigeon (*Columba coronata* Flem.); —*tute*, *f. Conch.* crown-imperial shell (*Conus imperialis*).

Streu..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Streu*...) —*stein*, *n.* *see* *Streu*...

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forming a curve; 7) *Fort.* projecting part of a wall or fortress; 8) fritter (*Strapp*); 9) seizing or neck of a money bag; *II. in comp.* —*aber*, *f. Med.* varix; —*artig*, *adj.* goitrous, strumose, scrofulous; —*bein*, *n. see* *Schiff*; —*blume*, *f. see* *Reberblume*, 1; —*eibische*, *f. Zool.* a species of iguana (*Anolis lineatus* L.); —*eisen*, *n. T.* iron bar, crow-bar; *Archit.* crane-iron, grapple.

Sträp..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Sträp*...) —*bein*, *n. I. & II. 1*) *T.* to bend at right angles; 2) to cram (geese, &c.); 3) *see* *Rappen*, 2 a.; *II. in 1*) *coll.* to devour, cram; 2) *Sport.* to feed (said of birds of prey).

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ung, *f.* collection of engravings;
 eisen, *m.* strip of sheet-copper;
Chem. piece of copper-ore; *Chem.-s.*
 see -vitriol, 2; -sulfoxyd, *n.*
 oxide of copper; -sulfür, *n.* proto-
 oxide of copper; -sulphid, *n.* deuto sul-
 phide of copper; -tafel, *f.* see -blech; -über-
Chem. peroxide of copper; -ver-
 copper-sheathing (of ships, &c.);
 1, *n.* tinning of copper; -vitriol,
 vitriol of copper, blue-vitriol;
 phosphate of copper; -vitriol[salmia],
 phosphate of ammoniac copper; -
 zinner's ware; -wasser, *n.* cupperas,
 1, -wert, *n.* 1) work of (or only
 plates, book of plates); 2) copper-
 -s. -wiste, *f.* concretion of green
 copper; -wismuth, *m.* cupro-
 bismuth; -wolfe, *f.* capillary
 virgin-copper; -wursel, *f.* *Bot.*
 of king's spear (*Asphodelus*
-gigaleus), *n.* *Minor.* cupreous
 (gelblich).

(*w.*) *f.* (roundish) top, head; knoll,
 sink; cop (of birds).

s. l. (*w.*) *f.* 1) see Koppel, 2;
 cupola, dome; 2) eines Glas-
 's, *n.* shade (of a lamp); II. *in*
 d, *n.* leash; -bündig, *adj.* Sport.
 accustomed to walk on the leash
 (wands); -dach, *n.* Archit. arch
 of, dome-shaped roof.

(*w.*) *f.* (the act or practice of)
 pimping, panderism.

... *in comp.* -förmig, *adj.* having
 of a cupola; -gewölbt, *n.* see
 (1), *n.* (an *Holzstücken*) coupling-
 (ste); -kette, *f.* coupling-chain (of
 marriage, &c.).

(*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to couple (also
 connect); gekuppelte Säule, see
 's; 2) coll. a) to make a match or
 in an ill sense, to pimp, bawd,

... *in comp.* -ofen, *m.* Metall. cu-
 -pel, (*str.*) *m.* *joc.* reward

person, who has brought about a
 kerage; -säule, *f.* Archit. clus-
 -säule, (*w.*) *f.* Railw. coupling-
 -ange, *f.* T. coupling-rod, connect-
 a locomotive).

ung, (*w.*) *f.* Mech., Railw. &c.
 ang; 2) clutch (with gland); (R-
 muffle) coupling-box.

adj. peaked, topped.

(*str.*) *m.* match-maker; gener.

ase, pimp, bawd, pandor, procurer;

en, to bawd; R-in, (*w.*) *f.* bawd,

... *in comp.* -meiße, *f.* see Hauben-
 gel, *m.* mail with a head.

s. l. or Kür, (*w.*) *f.* 1) * election;

-n, (*w.*) *f.* see Kuppelrei.

rich, *adj.* match-making; pimp-

... *in comp.* -meiße, *f.* see Hauben-
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s. l. or Kür, (*w.*) *f.* 1) * election;

-n, (*w.*) *f.* see Kuppelrei.

-dampfmaschine, *f.* crank-(steam) engine;
 -ende, *n.* crank-end; -griff, *m.* winch-handle.
 Kur'beln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to turn a winch or
 crank.

Kur'bel..., *in comp.* -spieß, *m.* Sport.
 spear with a cross-bar; Mech.-s. -stange, *f.*
 connecting-rod; -welle, *f.* crank-shaft; -
 zapfen, *m.* crank-arm, crank-pin.

Kur'bis, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Bot.* gourd, pumpkin,
 pumpkin (*Cucurbita pepo* L.); kleiner -, quash;
 2) *fig.* blockhead; -ähnlich, -artig, *adj.* re-
 sembling a gourd, &c., cucurbitaceous; -baum,
m. *Bot.* 1) (American) gourd-tree, calabash
 tree (*Crescentia cujeda*); 2) see Adansonie;

-birn, *f.* kind of large pear; -flaße, *f.*
 gourd bottle, calabash; -förmig, *adj.* see
 -ähnlich; -gewächse, *n. pl.* cucurbitaceous
 plants (*Cucurbitaceae*); -kern, *m.* kernel, stone
 of a pumpkin; -kern(bau)wurm, *m.* Zool.
 (cucurbitive) tape-worm (*Tenia solium* L.);

-wurm, *m.* Entom. mole-cricket (*Reul-*
wurmsgrille). [denburg.]

Kür'brandenburg, *n.* electorate of Bran-

Kur'be, (*w.*) *m.* Kurd, Koord. -Kur'bis, *adj.*
 Kurdish, Koordish; Kur'distan, *n.* Geogr.
 Kurdistan, Koordistan. [elect.]

Kur'en, Kür'en, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* to choose,
 Kür'..., *in comp.* -erbe, *m.* hereditary

prince of an electorate; -erzkanzler, *m.* lord
 chancellor of the German empire with the
 dignity of elector; -fürst, *m.* elector; -für-

stentum, *m.* day of assembling of the electors;
 -fürstenthum, *n.* electorate; -fürstenthum,

f. see -würde; -fürstin, *f.* electress; -fürst-

lich, *adj.* electoral; -haus, *n.* electoral house
 or family.

Kür'heffen, *n.* Geogr. electorate of Hesse,
 Electoral Hessian.

Kür'hüt, (*str.*, *pl.* Kür'hüte) *m.* hat or cap
 of an elector; *fig.* electoral crown or dignity.

Kur'ien, Kur'itische Inseln, *f. pl.* Geogr.
 Kurilian, Kurilian islands.

Kur'ien, see Kur'...

Kur'land, *n.* Geogr. Courland. -Kur'-

länder, (*str.*) *m.* Courlander. -Kur'ländisch,
adj. Courlander.

Kur'..., *in comp.* -mantel, *m.* mantle
 (*fig.* ermine) of an elector; -prinze, *m.* elec-

toral prince. [hen; 3) Sport. moor-hen.

Kur're, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see Kur'risch; 2) turkey-
 Kur'recht, (*str.*) *n.* right of election.

Kur'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see Kur'ren, Kur'ren.

Kur'rhahn, (*str.*, *pl.* R-hähne) *m.* turkey-
 cock (Xruthahn).

Kur'richter, (*str.*) *m.* Law, judge appointed
 in a disputed heritage.

Kur'rig, *adj.* gay, wanton, of exuberant
 spirits, sportive, frolicsome, frisky.

Kur'..., *in comp.* -schmied, *n.* electorate
 of Saxony; -schmidt, *m.* farrier, veterinarian.

Kur'schmer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) furrier; skinner:
 2) see Fellschäfer; 3) T. bad veneering; -ab-

fall, *m.* fell-monger's poak; -arbeit, *f.* fur-
 work.

Kür'schmer', (*w.*) *f.* furrier's trade.

Kür'schner..., *in comp.* -garn, *f.* dress-
 ing of skins; -laden, *m.* furrier's shop;

-nadt, *f.* 1) furrier's round seam; 2) Surg.
 suture.

Kür'..., *in comp.* -schwert, *n.* sword of
 the high marshal of the German empire (the
 elector of Saxony); -staat, *m.* see -fürst-

thum.

Kurt, (*P. N.*) abbr. of Konrad.

Kür'weige, (*w.*) *f.* Ornith. kite.

Kür'würde, (*f.*) *m.* 1) electoral dignity, elec-

torate, electorship.

Kurz, *I. adj.* (compar. Kür'zer, superl.

Kür'zest) short; brief; concise; summary; la-

conic; II. *adv.* shortly, in short; briefly; einen

l-ein Beschlüß fassen, to take a sudden resolu-

tion, to resolve briefly; l-es Futter, corn, oats,

beans, cf. langes Futter; l-es Brot, l-e Butter,
 short bread, butter; l-er Inhalt, abstract,
 summary; - und gut, the short and the long
 of it is; Einem - antworten, to be short with
 one; mit l-en Worten, in a few words; Einem
 - und klein haufen, to beat one to a jelly;
 Einem - und lang heißen, to call one names,
 to abuse; - friegen or befommen, to master;
 - angebunden sein, *fig.* to be abrupt; to use
 no ceremonies; to be pert, sharp (in answer-
 ing); - halten, to keep (one) short (of money,
 &c.), to allow little; Comm.-s. l-e Sicht, short
 sight, short date; - Hamburg, Hamburg short
 sight; - or l-es Papier, l-e Wechsel, short
 (dated) bills, bills at short sight; short paper;
 l-e Waaren, hard ware; small-ware; von l-er
 Wölle, short nap; - treten, *Man.* to narrow;
 - einfodern, to boil down thick; sich - fassen,
 to be brief; um es - zu machen, - zu sagen,
 - (und gut), coll. to be short, in short, briefly;
 zu - kommen (bei, in [with Dat.], mit), coll.
 den Kürzeren ziehen, to be or come off a loser,
 to have the disadvantage, to get the worst
 of a thing, to lose the day; (um) einen Kopf
 kürzer machen, coll. to behead; der kürzeste
 Weg, the shortest cut; sie machten die Sache
 kürzer, they took a shorter course; die Tage
 werden kürzer, the days are beginning to close
 in; in l-em, in l-er Zeit, shortly, in a short
 time, soon, ere long, one of these days; vor
 or seit l-em, not long ago, a while ago; noch
 bis vor l-em, until a very recent period;
 über - oder lang, sooner or later.

Kurz..., *in comp.* -armig, *adj.* having
 short arms; -athmig, *adj.* short-breathed,
 short-winded, broken-winded; -athmigkeit,
f. shortness of breath, asthma; -beinig, *adj.*
 short-legged; -dauernd, *adj.* short-lived.

Kür'ze, (*w.*) *f.* 1) shortness, brevity;
 2) short space of time; 3) conciseness, con-
 tractedness; in aller -, 1. as briefly as pos-
 sible; 2. with all possible despatch; der -
 wegen, for brevity's sake; in die - bringen,
 to contract, abridge.

Kür'zen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to shorten; Comm.

to discount; 2) to pass (the time) pleasantly

Kür'zer, Kür'zest, compar. & superl. of Kurz.

Kurz..., *in comp.* -staumbeartig, *adj.* Bot.

pubescent; -flügelig, *adj.* Ornith. short-

winged; brachypterous; -flügler, *m. pl.* Or-

nith. short-winged birds, brachyptera; -füßig,

adj. short-footed, Ornith. breviped; -fütter,

n. Husb. coll. shorts (kurze Futter, see under

Kurz); -gefaßt, *adj.* brief, concise, compact,

compendious; -gefeßt, *adj.* see -föthig;

-geschwäbelt, *adj.* Bot. having short rosetts;

-geschwünzt, *adj.* short-tailed; -gewehr, *n.*

short musket of corporals in the infantry;

-haarig, *adj.* having short hair; short-nap;

-halbig, *adj.* short-necked; -hängig, *m.*

Pomol. a species of shank-apple; -holz, *n.* see

Klosterholz; -hörnig, *adj.* short-horned;

-hörniges Rindvieh, short-horn cattle, pol-

l-cattle; -kopf, *m.* hot-headed man; -köpfig,

adj. abrupt, hot-headed; -köthig, *adj.* short-

jointed (of horses); -leben, *adj.* short-lived;

-leibig, *adj.* short-waisted.

Kür'lich, *I. adj.* late, recent; II. *adv.*

1) shortly, briefly, in short; 2) newly, not

long ago, of late, lately, recently.

Kurz..., *in comp.* -nassig, *adj.* short-

nosed; -öhrig, *adj.* short-eared; -roth, *adj.*

see Kleeroth; -schattig, *adj.* casting a short

shadow; -schattigen, *pl. Phys. Geogr.* inhab-

itants of the torrid zone; -schwebelg, *adj.*

Ornith. short-billed; -schotig, *adj.* Bot. sili-

culous; -schreibestunst, *f.* short-hand-writing,

stenography, brachygraphy; -schwanz,

m. animal with a short tail; -schwänzig, *adj.*

short-tailed; -schtig, *adj.* short-sighted,

near-sighted; *fig.* undiscerning, narrow; -

sichtige Wechsel, *m.* Comm. short (dated) bill,

—*loffen*, *f.* 1) fee for summons; 2) charges of lading; —*manifest*, *n.* freight-list, report; —*platz*, *m.* lading-place (for ships, &c.); —*schlein*, *m.* bill of lading; —*verzeichniß*, *n.* see —*manifest*; —*wert*, *m.* value of cargo.
Raffe, (*w.*) *m.* (*dämn.* *Räffchen*, [*str.*] *n.*) top, dandy, coxcomb; *R-näpft*, *R-nmäßig*, *adj.* foppish; coxcombical.

* *Raffette*, (*w.*) *f.* *Gsmn.* (gun) carriage, frame of ordnance; auf die — bringen, to mount; von der — abheben, to dismount.

* *Raffeten*..., *in comp.* —*bloß*, *m.* carriage-block; —*rad*, *n.* carriage wheel, *pl.* trucks; —*schwanz*, *m.* trail of a carriage; —*wand*, *f.* cheek of the carriage; bed of a four gun.

Raffwändig, *adj.* *Mar.* leeward (ship), *R-feit*, *f.* disposition of a ship to fall to the leeward.

Räge, (*w.*) *f.* 1) situation, position; site; Wein aus guter —, wine from a good site; 2) attitude, posture; 3) *Fenc.* guard, charge; außer —, off one's guard; 4) lay, layer, stratum; coat, coating; couch, bed; 5) *Archit.* course; 6) *Mar.* tier of guns; eine volle — geben, to give a broadside; 7) *Wass.* run; 8) *Typ.* gathering; —*machin*, to gather; 9) *Ag.* state, situation, posture, condition; circumstances; nach — der Umstände, according to circumstances; bei dieser (üblichen) — der Dinge, in this (unfavorable) state of things; wir sind nicht in der — zu..., we are not in a position to ...; we cannot afford to ...; we are not prepared to ...

Rägel, (*str.*) *n.* 1) a kind of barrel, keg; —*Stahl*, *cask* of steel; 2) *Mar.* cringle.

Rägen..., *in comp.* —*hart*, *f.* *Typ.* gathering-board; —*hanf*, *m.* *Comm.* the third sort of Königsberg hemp; —*weise*, *adj. & adv.* by layers, stratum, &c.

Räger, *adj.* lying or beaten down (of corn); nicht —! *Mar.* veer no more; keep her to!

Räger, (*str.*) *pl. comd.* (*particul.* *S. G.*) *Räger* *n.* 1) a) couch, bed; sickbed; b) *Ag.* disease; 3) *Mil.* camp, encampment; 3) *Sport.* lodging, couch, den, hole, lair, harbour (of a hart); cover, seat, form (of a hare); earth, kennel, covert (of a fox); earth (of a badger); burrow (of a rabbit); repair (of martens); hold (of a wild boar); haunt (of a wolf); 4) stilling, stand, wooden frame (for casks); 5) *Comm.* a) storehouse, warehouse, magazine; b) store, stock, provision; 6) *Fenc.* guard; 7) *Min.* & *Geol.* bed, lay, layer, stratum; 8) *Mar.* (einer Mauer, eines Steines) bed (of a wall, of a stone); 9) *Mech.* bearing, plumber block; 10) sediment, lees, dregs (of wine, beer); 11) frame (of a stocking weaver); das Getreide geht zu —, the corn is beaten down; das Vieh kommt zu —, the cattle are bogged; auf dem — haben, to have in store or on hand; Wein auf dem — haben, to have store or provision of wine; Feil und Söhne in Tottenham Court Road haben stets ... auf —, Heel & Sons of T. C. R. have always in stock ...; auf — halten, to keep on hand; von etwas — halten, to keep an article on hand; to keep a depot (supply) of an article; lieber auf — bringen, to re-store, rehouse; für Zurückbringen auf —, charges for rehousing; aus dem — zu bringen (in Especehandl.) for unhousing; sein — ist reichlich versehen, he is well stocked; wir haben noch viel auf —, we are still assorted, stocked, fully supplied with it; der Artikel ist uns vom — ausgegangen, we are drained of this article, our stock is cleared off; auf — bleiben, to remain on hand; das — aufnehmen, to take stock, to make an inventory; ich habe kein ganzes — gekauft, I have bought him out; mit oder ohne Uebernahme des R-s (in Zeitungsgängen), stock optional; auf — bringen, to lodge in the warehouse,

to warehouse, store (up); aus dem — kommen, *Fenc.* to break measure; der Hirsch ist im —, *Sport.* the stag is lodged.

Räger..., *in comp.* —*appel*, *m.* keeping or winter apple; —*aufnahme*, *f.* *Comm.* the taking stock, making up an inventory of goods on hand; —*auffeher*, *m.* store-keeper, warehouse-man, warehouse-keeper; —*balzen*, *m.* T. cross beam (of a wooden-bridge); *Archit.* wind-beam, collar-beam; *Corp.* cap; —*baum*, *m.* T. gawn-tree; —*bestand*, *m.* *Comm.* statement of goods in a warehouse, inventory; —*bestände*, *pl.* stock; —*bier*, *n.* lager-beer, beer laid up or stored for some months before use, strong beer; —*birne*, *f.* keeping-pear, warden; —*bruder*, *m.* boon-companion (*Zeichbruder*); *Comm.* s. —*buch*, *n.* stock-book, store-book, warehouse-book; —*conta*, *m.* warehouse account; —*clenker*, *m.* warehouse clerk; —*faß*, *n.* butt, pipe &c. kept always in the cellar; —*fieber*, *n.* *Med.* camp fever; —*fische*, *f.* *Mas.* bed (of a stone); —*frist*, *f.* period during which goods imported may lie in bond without paying duty; —*frucht*, *f.* see —*orn*; —*füge*, *f.* *Archit.* horizontal joint; —*gasse*, *f.* street of a camp; —*gehüften*, *f.* *pl.* —*geib*, *n.* warehouse-rent, warehouse-charges, storage, store-hire, stowage, housing, houseage; —*geräth*, *m.* camp-equipage; —*gewicht*, *n.* standard-weight; —*haß*, *adj.* 1) good or fit for keeping (of beer &c.); 2) T. having two flat sides (of stones); —*haus*, *n.* storehouse, warehouse, magazine; —*jeß*, *n.* 1) trees uprooted by the wind, windfallen trees; 2) see *Räger*, 4; 3) see —*balzen*, 1; —*klitte*, *f.* see *Barade*; —*letra*, *n.* beaten down or lodged corn; —*loffen*, *pl.* see —*geld*; —*lust*, *f.* *Mil.* the art of measuring out or forming a camp, castrametation; —*manco*, *n.* *Comm.* deficiency of the store (particularly in cases of insolvency); —*meister*, *m.* T. quarter-master; —*mitthe*, *f.* see —*gehüften*.

Räger, (*w.*) *v. l. instr.* 1) a) to lodge, lie flat (as grain); b) to lie down, to rest; *Sport.* to couch, harbour; 2) *Comm.* to lie or to be lodged (in a warehouse, &c.), to be warehoused or stored; —*lassen*, to warehouse, store, have stored; frischste Gigarren müssen erst —, cigars just out of hand must first be seasoned; lassen Sie die Güter so lange bei Herrn E. —, let the goods remain in store at Mr. E.'s for the time being (*Not. & Gr.*); die in den Docks l-ben Vorräthe, the quantity stored in the docks; dieses Öl verträgt kein langes —, this oil will not bear long warehousing; 3) *Mil.* to be encamped; II. *str.* 1) to lay (down); to place; *Comm.* to store (goods); 2) *Mil.* to encamp; 3) *Ag.* to establish, found; der Regen hat das Getreide gelagert, the rain has beaten down the corn; III. *ref.* 1) to lie down; 2) *Mil.* to pitch tents, to encamp; 3) *Ag.* to settle; to spread (out); die Salme fangen schon an sich zu —, the corn is beginning to couch; l-des Getreide, root fallen corn.

Räger..., *in comp.* —*ebst*, *n.* fruit kept during the winter; —*platte*, *f.* T. flattening-stone; —*platten*, *pl.* bed-plates; —*platz*, *m.* 1) place of an encampment; 2) place for depositing goods, stowage; —*punct*, *m.* *Comm.* place of the transients; —*raum*, *m.* see —*platz*, 2; —*rebe*, *f.* vine that creeps along the ground; —*reife*, *m.* *pl.* (alt.) *Comm.* old warehouse-privileges; —*rohr*, *n.* T. water-pipe; —*ruhr*, *n.* camp-dysentery; —*schlein*, *m.* *Comm.* warrant; —*schleit*, *n.* trunk-log (for fuel); —*schwellen*, *f.* see —*balzen*; —*schuß*, *f.* infectious camp-disorder; —*speien*, *pl.* see —*geld*; —*stalt*, *klitte*, *f.* place of rest or encampment; —*stelle*, *f.* *Mar.* birth; —*stod*, *m.* recumbent bee-hive; —*stuhl*, *m.* *Railw.* chair (of a rail); —*stuch*, *f.* *Med.* purple or petechial fever.

Rägerung, (*w.*) *f.* or *Räger*, *v. a. s.* 1) (the act of) lying down, &c.; 2) lag, encampment; 3) *Geol.* stratified bedding.

Räger..., *in comp.* —*waße*, *f.* camp-wash, *m.* 1) camp-rampart; 2) *Mar.* —*wand*, *f.* *Min.* solid wall; —*wein*, *m.* that keeps or is put in the cellar; —*wuch*, *T.* too fat growth of corn; —*zins*, *m.* see * *Ragw'ne*, (*w.*) *f.* *Nal.* lagoon, shallow water.

Räim, *adj.* 1) lame (auf, en (*with* of); halt, halting; relaxed (of steel-springs) 3) *Ag.* insufficient, lame; —*an den Füßen* lame of feet; er ist an (*less usual*: auf) seine —, he is lame in one leg; —*an dem*, palsied; —*gehen*, to limp, halt, hobble; —*legen*, *Ag.* to cripple, to paralyze.

Räime, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Rähmung*, 2; 2) foot-halt. (*lit. & Ag.* to be lame, to

Rähmen, (*w.*) *v. instr.* to become
Rähmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lame, make to paralyze; 2) *Veter.* see *Balladen*; bischäfte sind gelähmt, business is stagnated, languishes, flags, there is in business, trade is quite knocked up, einwirken, to tend to paralyze, to choke
Rähmheit, (*w.*) *f.* *lit. & Ag.* lameness
Rähmung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) laming; 2) lameness, palsy, paralytic der Epileptiker, *Med.* dysphagia; *Vet.* foaling (of horses).

Räim, (*str.*) *m.* thin plate of any tinzel, plate-wire; —*rad*, *n.* tinzel-spynde, *f.* tinzel-bobbin; —*treffe*, *f.* g. silver lace.

Rähmig, *adj.* Rope-m. loose; —*ged*, *Leu*, *m.* rope twisted less than one third

Räih, (*str.*) *m.* loaf.
Räihung, see *Leibung*.

Räih, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) play, game, ninepins &c.; b) square on which the are placed; 3) spawn, hard roe; sp. oysters; 4) (act of) spawning; 4) spawn time.

Räih, (*w.*) *f.* spawning; spawning
Räih, (*w.*) *v. instr.* to spawn, to de shed the spawn; to spat (of oysters).

Räih, (*str.*) *m.* spawning-fish.

Räih..., *in comp.* —*farpen*, *m.* sp. carp; —*frant*, *n.* Bot. pond-wood (*Potamo L.*); —*trich*, *m.* spawning or breeding —*zeit*, *f.* spawning-time.

Räih, (*w.*) *m.* 1) layman; die R-n, laity; 2) *Ag.* person not learned; in *Dev.* ein — sein, to know nothing of bin darin ein —, that is not within my pro
Räih..., *in comp.* —*abt*, *m.* conatory abbot; —*bruder*, *m.* lay-brother; —*n.* *pl.* temporalities.

Räihhaft, *adj.* 1) belonging to the 2) in the manner of an unlearned p unprofessional.

Räih..., *in comp.* —*fründe*, *f.* pro with which a layman is invested; —*ge*, *m.* lay-priest; —*haft*, *f.* laity; —*sch*, *f.* lay-sister; —*streich*, *m.* far parlor.

Räih, (*w.*) *f.* brine, pickle.

Räih, (*str.*) *n.* cloth; sheet; shrou

* *Räih* nicht re., see *Rac*...

Räih, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. (Spanish) li (*glycyrrhiza glabra*); *in comp.* R-n-h wood or stalk of licorice; stick-li R-n-h, *m.* juice of Spanish licorice. juice or paste; —*wurzel*, *f.* stick-li R-n-h, (*w.*) *v. instr.* & *tr.* to spee perfectly (as infants); to stammer, li stutler (of tipsy persons).

Räih, (*str.*) *pl.* 2-3) *m.* I. Boodlist in Tibet, &c.; II. *n.* Zool. lama (*Asi lama L.*).

us, m. Lamalism.
(w.) m. pl. worshippers of the
(str.) m. Zool. sea-cow (*Manatus*).

... in comp. —förmig, *adj.* lamb-like.
—f. Anat. lambdoidal suture.
m. Lambert (P. N.); —*z*-nuß, (*Corjilus tubulosa* W.).
—s' (Fr.) n. T. 1) wainscot; inlay-
—plinth.
t, (w.) f. 1) small thin metal-
leaflet.
see *Lamantin*.

ren, (w.) v. intr. (*Lat.*) coll.
—Lamentation', (w.) f., —
pl. —s) n. loud lament.
wert, (str.) n. (Fr. *laminer*, to
—rawing-frame, cf. *Stredwert*.
L. (str., pl. *Läm'mer*) n. lamb;
Theol. the lamb of God, holy
—Dei; II. in comp. —artig, *adj.*
—braten, —(e)sbraten, m. roast or
—, (str.) n. (*démin.* of *Lamm*)
small lamb; 2) usually pl. coll.
—(e)sfäcken: a) catkins of certain
—(e)s, [to owe, lamb.
(provinc.) —Läm'mern, (w.) v. intr.
... in comp. —abnuß, m. provinc.
—e Whitstide; —blume, f. Bot.
—(e)s *ramunculoidea* L.); —felle,
—skins; —gelter, m. *Ornith.* lamb's
—merger, golden-vulture (*Gy-
—lites* L.); —grind, m. *Yel.* flap;
—herdsman of lambs; 2) *Ornith.*
—r-wagtail (*Molucella faen* L.);
—wood of All-Saints bay; —hürde,
—jung, m. boy tending lambs;
—Bot. lamb's lettuce (*Stapungel*).
t, (w.) f. pl. Sport. fillets (cut
—age of a deer).

... in comp. —ohren, pl. 1) ears
provinc. the plant Good-Henry;
pl. lambskins in the wool; —felle,
—fäcken; —fäcken, n. lamb's
—f, pasture for lambs; —wollen,
—erchen, 3; —wolle, f. lamb's-wool.
... in comp. —fell, n. lamb's-skin;
—fäcke; —fromm, *adj.* as gentle or
—a lamb, lamb-like; —fäcke, n.
t, lamb; —herzig, *adj.* lamb-
—Läm'mchen.

... (str.) n. (*provinc.* &) * for
... in comp. —Bütere, f. lamb's
—Bütere, n. loin of lamb; —*z*-
—quarter of lamb; —wolle, f. see
—zeit, f. ewing-time.
(w.) m. *Germ.* Pub. name of the hare.
(w.) f. lamp; Etwas auf die —
to wet one's whistle, to take

... in comp. —anzünder, m.
—cylinder, m. chimney of a
—nt, m. lamp-wick; —fieber, n. *fig.*
—geiß, n. money paid for light-
—et-lamps; —geruch, m. smell of a
—p; —glanz, m. see —fäcke; —glas,
—s; —glode, f. (glass- &c.) shade,
—p; —globe for a lamp; —halter, m.
—hell, *adj.* lighted by lamps;
—lamp-heat; —licht, n. lamp-light;
—lamp-maker; —mann, m. lamp-
—microscope, n. lucernal or camera-
—roscope; —ofen, m. lamp-fur-
—ger, m. 1) candle-snuffer; 2) see
—öhre, f. tube, arm or branch of a
—börner; —ruß, m. see —schwarz; —
—m. lamic acid; —fäcke & *alg.* lam-
—p; —schimmer, m. splendour of
—light; —schirm, m. screen for a
—glode; —schneuze, f. lamp-spout;

—schwarz, n. lamp-black; —stod, m. 1) seance;
2) or —träger, m. lampadary; —teller, m.
lamp-mat; —wärter, m. 1) see —mann; 2) (auf
—sichtthürmen) light-keeper.

Lamperie', (w.) f. coll. for *Lambris*.
Lamp'ert, m. (or *Lamprecht*, *Lambert*) Lam-
bert (P. N.); *Germ.* Pub. name of the rabbit;
—*z*-nuß, f. see *Lambertsnuß*.
Lamp'rette, (w.) f. Ichth. lamprey (*Petro-
—myzon* L.); die fleine —, lampers or river-
lamprey (*Petromyzon fluviatilis* L.).

* Lancer'te, f. see *Lanzette*.
* Lancier' [*pron.* *längsya'*], (str., pl. —s)
m. (Fr.) lancer.

Land, (str., pl. *Land'e* & *Länder*) n.
1) a) land (*opp.* sea); shore; b) ground, soil;
2) country; territory; 3) country (*opp.* town);
4) *fig.* land, region, world; an's —, a-shore;
an's — bringen, to land, to put to shore; an's
— zu bringen, (*Spejened.*) landing (-charges);
Preis am —de, price on land; auf das —,
über —, into the country; über — gehen, to
go on a journey; über — segeln, *Mar.* to be
astern of one's reckoning; auf dem —de,
1. on shore, a-shore; 2. in the country; auf's
— gehen, to go into the country; außer —es,
abroad; zu —e, 1. by land; over land; 2.
ashore; zu Wasser und zu —e, by water (sea)
and by land; hier zu —e, in this country; —
und Leute, a country and its inhabitants; er
hat — und Leute gesehen, he has seen the
world; Johann ohne —, John Lackland.

Land'..., in comp. —abweisend, *adj.* absent
from one's country, abroad; —actise, f. country
excise; —adel, m. nobility residing in the
country, agrestic nobility; country-gentry;
—amman, m. land-amman (a Swiss magis-
trate); —amt, n. provincial court; —amt-
mann, m. president of a provincial court;
—anfer, m. shore anchor; —anwachs, m. *Geol.*
alluvion, alluvium; —arbeit, f. rustic em-
ployment; agricultural labour; —armee, f.
land-army, land-forces; —arzt, m. country
or provincial physician.

Land'bauer, (str.) m. 1) inhabitant of the
town of Landau in the Rheinpfalz; 2) landau,
landauer (carriage whose top may be opened
& thrown back).

Land'..., in comp. —ausfluß, m. 1) pro-
vincial militia; 2) committee of the inhabi-
tants of the country; —bäcker, m. baker of a
village, country-baker. [possible.]

Land'bär, *adj.* 1) fit for landing; 2) ac-
Land'..., in comp. —bär, m. the common
bear (*Ursus arctos* L.) (*opp.* *Echbär*); —bau,
m. agriculture; Verbesserungen im —bau, agri-
cultural improvements; —bauer, m. 1) agri-
culturist, farmer, husbandman; 2) provinc.
lowlander; —bauerzeugniß, n. agricultural
product; —bauholz, n. timber for building-
purposes; —baukunst, f. 1) art of building
(*opp.* *Gestaltungs- & Wasserbaukunst*); 2) agri-
culture; —baumeister, m. 1) government
architect who has the control of buildings in
general; 2) country architect; —bereiter, m.
see —reiter; —besäuer, m. stallion kept at
government-expense in the interest of the
country; —besiß, m. see —eigenthum; —be-
sitzer, m. landed proprietor, landholder; —
bettler, m. tramp; —bewohner, m. one liv-
ing in the country; —bezirk, m. rural dis-
trict; —biber, m. common beaver; —bischof,
m. *Rom. Cath.* a bishop whose duty is in the
country; —bote, m. 1) provincial deputy (in
Poland); 2) country messenger; —brüde, f.
1) land-abutment (of a bridge); 2) see *Land-
—ungsbrücke*; —buch, m. 1) provincial code;
2) terrier; public register of landed property;
—charte, f. see —farte; —chirurg, m. country
or provincial surgeon; —crocobill, Zool. skink
(*Scincus officinalis* Laur.); —deich, m. 1) inner
dam or dike; 2) main-dike of a country;

—dienst, m. landservice; —director, m. direc-
tor or president of a province; —dragoner,
m. see —reiter; —drost, m. provincial sene-
schal, high bailiff; —drostf, f. the office of a
high bailiff. [Landungsbrücke.]

Land'e, (w.) f. 1) see *Landungsplatz*; 2) see
Land'..., in comp. —edelmann, m. country-
nobleman, country-squire; —eigenthum, n.
landed property; —eigenthümer, —eigner, n.
landed proprietor, land-owner; —einwärts,
adv. up the country, inland.

Land'en, (w.) v. I. intr. (*aux.* [sein]) to land,
to go, get or come on shore (ashore), to put
to shore, to disembark; II. *tr.* to land, dis-
embark.

Land'enge, (w.) f. isthmus, neck of land.
Länder, (str.) m. see *Ländler*.
Länderbe, (w.) m. hair of a free-hold,
allodial heir.

Länder..., in comp. —beschreiber, m.
chorographer; —beschreibung, f. chorography;
—complex, m. cluster of lands; —durst, m. see
—lust. [property; possession.]

Länderet', (w.) f. territory, land, landed
Länder..., in comp. —gewaltig, *adj.* *,
possessing many territories; —kenntniß, —
kunde, f. knowledge of (various) countries;
—krieg, m. war of territory; —kundig, *adj.*
possessing a knowledge of many countries.
Länder'n, (w.) v. intr. see *Ländlern*.

Länder..., in comp. —name, m. name
given to countries; —reich, *adj.* possessed of
many provinces or territories; —strecke, f.
tract of territory; —sucht, f. eager desire to
acquire new countries; thirst for territory;
—theilung, f. division of territories; —ver-
knüpfend, p. a. (*Schüler*, Spaziergang, 45)
connecting (different) countries.

Land'es..., in comp. (cf. *Land*...) —adel,
m. (collective) nobility of a country; —an-
leihe, f. domestic loan; —art, f. 1) custom
or fashion of a country; 2) or —beschaffenheit,
f. nature or quality of a land or soil; —bank,
f. national bank; —beamte, m. public func-
tionary; —behörde, f. public authority or
magistracy of a country or province; —be-
waffnung, f. military organisation of a coun-
try; —casse, f. public treasury; —collegium, n.
provincial council; —creditbank, f. national
bank of credit; —erzeugniß, n. native growth,
produce, or product of the country, home or
inland-produce, in-bred wares; —fabricat,
n. home-produce, pl. home-(made) commo-
dities, home, inland, or domestic manufac-
tures; —fabrik, f. home-manufacture; —flagge,
f. flag of a country or nation; —flüchtig, see
Land'flüchtig; —folge, f. ban and arrier-ban;
—frau, f. princess or lady of a country;
—fürst, m. reigning prince, sovereign; liege,
liege-lord; —fürstin, f. reigning princess,
female sovereign; —fürstlich, *adj.* belonging to
the sovereign; —gebrauch, m. see —Ritte;
—geld, n. see —münze; —genos, m. see *Landes-
mann*; —gericht, n. supreme court of a whole
country or province; —geschichte, f. history of
a country; —gesetz, n. law of the country or
land; die geschriebenen —gesetze, statute or
statutory law; —gestüte, f. national stud;
—gewächs, n. growth of the country; —grenze,
f. boundary, frontier of the country; —haupt-
mann, m. governor-general of a country or
province; —hauptmannschaft, f. the office or
district of such a governor; —herr, —herrlich,
see —fürst, flüchtig; —herrlichkeit, f. dignity
(authority) and right of a sovereign prince
or king, sovereignty; —herrschaft, f. 1) so-
vereign power over a country; 2) reigning
prince or family; —hoheit, f. sovereignty,
territorial supremacy, supreme territorial
authority; —huldigung, f. fealty, homage
sworn by the subjects; —industrie, f. native
industry; —hammer, f. board of finance;

—kenntnis, *f.* knowledge of the country; —kenntnis, *f.* see *Landkenntnis*; —finb, *n.* subject, native; —firche, *f.* national Church; —funde, *f.* see —*kenntnis*; —fundig, *adj.* having a knowledge of the country; —matrifte, *f.* see *Landbuch*, 2; —münze, *f.* legal coin of a country, legal coin, currency; —mutter, *f.* *fig.* mother to a country, female sovereign; —obrigkeit, *f.* supreme magistracy, government; —ordnung, *f.* regulation for the country; —pflicht, *f.* see —*huldigung*; —polizei, *f.* 1) police of a country; 2) see *Landpolizei*; —product, *n.* see —*erzeugnis*; —regent, *m.* see —*fürst*; —regierung, *f.* government of a country; —religion, *f.* national or established religion; —sache, *f.* affair concerning the whole country; —schulb, *f.* national debt; —schule, *f.* principal public school of a country or province; —schwerheitswache, *f.* see —*polizei*; —sitte, *f.* custom of a country; —sperte, *f.* prohibition of all foreign commerce or intercourse; —sprache, *f.* language of a country, vernacular (tongue); —stelle, *f.* constituted authority; civil government of a province (in Austria); —tracht, *f.* national costume; —truppen, *pl.* national troops; —üblich, *adj.* customary in a country, national; zum —*üblichen* Zinsfuß, at the usual rate of interest; —valuta, *f.* the lawful currency of any country; —vater, *m.* *fig.* father to a country, father of a people, sovereign; —väterlich, *adj.* paternal (of a sovereign in relation to his people); —verfassung, *f.* constitution of a country; —vermessung, *f.* land-survey(ing); —verordnung, *f.* see —*ordnung*; —verrat, *m.* high treason; —verrätter, *m.* traitor to his country; —verrätterisch, *adj.* treasonable, *adv.* treasonably; —vertheidigung, *f.* national defence; —verwaltung, *f.* administration of a country; —verwand, *adj.* belonging to the same country; —verwaudt, *a.* compatriot; —verweisung, *f.* exile, transportation; —verweisung, *m.* exile, exiled; —währung, *f.* see —*valuta*; —wehr, *f.* see —*bewaffnung*; —wohl, *n.* good, interest of a country; —zeitung, *f.* newspaper of a country.

Land' ... in comp. —enftein, *n.* see *Florsftein*; —faber, *m.* see —*fridder*; —festung, *f.* 1) inland fortress; 2) *Mar.* head-fast; breast-fast; —fleber, *n.* epidemic fever; fever prevailing in the country; *Am.* land-fever; —flagge, *f.* flag that is hoisted when land is deserted from the ship; —flüchtig, *adj.* fugitive; —flüchtig werden, to flee one's country; —flüchtige, *m.* vagabond; —flüchtigkeit, *f.* (voluntary) exile, flight; —forstmeister, *m.* grand-master of the forests; chief-justice in eyre of the forests; —fracht, *f.* land-freight, freight on land (not on ship); —frächter, *m.* carrier; —frau, *f.* country-woman; —früntein, *n.* country-miss; —fremd, *adj.* 1) foreign; unacquainted with a place; 2) unknown; —frieden, *m.* public peace, king's peace, surety; dem —*frieden* nicht trauen, *coll.* to suspect; to take one's precautions; —friedensbruch, *m.* breach (violation) of the public peace; —frosch, *m.* *Zool.* a species of frog, brown frog (*Grasfrosch*); —fuhr, *f.* 1) land-carriage or conveyance; 2) conveyance over a certain distance; —gängig, *adj.* current (of coin taken at full value); —garbe, *f.* *provenc.* ground-rent in sheaves; —geistlich, *m.* country-clergyman; —geistlichkeit, *f.* country-clergy; —gemeine, *f.* country congregation, country-parish, *collect.* parishioners; —gericht, *n.* 1) general or provincial court of justice; court of common law, assize(s); 2) rural court of justice; —gerichtlich, *adj.* appertaining or issuing from a provincial court; —gerichtspflege, *f.* territorial jurisdiction; —gerichtsrath, *m.* counsellor of the provincial court; —gerichtstag, *m.* court-day, assize-day;

country-court, assize; —gestüte, *n.* see —*est-gestüte*; —graben, *m.* ditch or dike of a district (as boundary); —graf, *m.* landgrave; —gräf, *f.* landgravine; —gräflich, *adj.* belonging to a landgrave; —gräfshaft, *f.* —*gräfthum*, *n.* landgraviate; —grenze, *f.* boundary, land-mark; —gültig, *adj.* valid, current or legal in a country; das —*gültige* Geſetz, see —*est-gesetz*; —gumm, *n.* *Comm.* cherry-gum; —gut, *n.* estate, manor, country-seat; —güthen, *n.* a small estate; —güter beſitz, to be a landed proprietor or land-owner; —gütermäſſer, *m.* landjobber; —handel, *m.* 1) trade by land, (over)land-trade; 2) inland trade; 3) trade in the country; —haſe, *m.* common field hare; —haus, *n.* 1) country-house, country-seat; villa; country-box; 2) see *Landſchaftshaus* or *Ständehaus*; —heer, *n.* land forces; —herr, *m.* country-gentleman; —hirſch, *m.* *Sport.* stag fond of coming into the open plains; —jäger, *m.* see —*reiter*; —jäger, *f.* the foresters and game-keepers of a province; —jägermeister, *m.* grand master of the chase and of the forest (next in dignity to the *Landforſtmeiſter*, which see); —jugend, *f.* young country people; —jungfer, *f.* 1) country-girl; 2) see *Florsftein*; —junfer, *m.* country squire; —kammer, *f.* chamber of the provincial finances; —kammerer, *m.* president of the chamber of the provincial finances; —karte, *f.* map; —karten-brud, *m.* map-printing or engraving; —karten-handel, *m.* 1) trade in maps; 2) map-shop; —kartenſtein, *pl.* *Petr.* map-stones; —karten-sich, *m.* map-engraving; —kennung, *f.* *Mar.* sea-marks, land-marks; —kirche, *f.* country-church, village church; —küſt, *m.* *provenc.* country-bailiff; —kräbe, *f.* *Orust.* mountain or violet crab, land crab (*Geocarcinus rivicola* L.); —frümt, *m.* country-tradesman; pedlar; —krank, *adj.* land-sick (of sailors); *opp.* *See-krank*; —krankheit, *f.* epidemic disease; country disease; —kreß, *m.* see —*kräbe*; —krieg, *m.* war on land; —kroß, *adj.* see —*crocobil*; —kundig, —*kundig*, *adj.* 1) known in the whole country, notorious; 2) well acquainted with a country; —kurſche, *f.* stage-coach, travelling-coach; —kurſcher, *m.* proprietor or driver of a travelling-coach; —küſer, *m.* —*küſerin*, *f.* vagrant, vagabond, rambler, stroller; —küſig, *adj.* 1) unsettled; vagrant; 2) *a)* customary in the country; *b)* current; —leben, *n.* country or rural life.

Land'ler, (adv.) *m.* a country dance (a kind of [slow] waltz) or air in a rustic or popular style (customary in *S. G.*).

Land'lern, (w.) *a. inv.* to dance a *Landler*.

Land'leute, pl. country-people, rustics.

Land'lich, L. adj. 1) rural, country-like; —*er* *Bejirt.* rural district; 2) *for* *Landeshöflich* *in:* —*ſittlich*, *provenc.* other countries, other manners; *II.* *S-felt, (w.)* *f.* ruralness; rusticity.

Land' ... in comp. —*ſich*, *n.* rural song; —*luft*, *f.* country air; —*kümmel*, *m.* see —*reiter*; —*kuß*, *f.* country pleasure, rural amusement, sport; —*maſt*, *f.* land-forest; —*mäh*, *n.* country-girl; —*mann*, *m.* 1) (*pl.* —*leute*) countryman, farmer, rustic, peasant; 2) (*pl.* —*männer*) *provenc.* landed nobleman or gentleman; —*minniſch*, *adj.* like a countryman; —*markt*, *f.* 1) boundary of a country; 2) *or* —*markt*, *f.* *Mar.* land-mark (serving as a guide); —*marſchall*, *m.* marshal of a province; —*meſſer*, *m.* surveyor, measurer, geometer; —*meſſung*, —*meſſung*, *f.* (art of) land-surveying, land-measuring; —*miſſig*, *f.* militia of a province, trainbands; —*münze*, *f.* see *Landesmünze*; —*näße*, *f.* *Mar.* land-fall, looming; —*öconomie*, *f.* rural economy; —*otter-felle*, *n.* *pl.* (*coll.* —*ottern*, *f.* *pl.*) *Comm.* German otter-skins; —*partie*, *f.* rural excursion; picnic-party (with refreshments in the open

air); —*parre*, *f.* country-parsonage; —*paſ*, *m.* country-parson, vicar; —*pfister*, *m.* abutment (of a bridge); —*pfund*, *m.* *prov.* land-tax; —*perb*, *n.* horse bred in the country; —*pfleger*, *m.* *T.* governor of a prov. bailiff; —*phſik*, *m.* country-physician; pointed by government; —*plage*, *f.* calamity; —*polizei*, *f.* rural-police, gentry; —*poſt*, *f.* stage-coach; —*poſt-ſchreiberſtätter*, *m.* country-messenger; rural post man; —*prediger*, *m.* see —*pf*; —*reſſe*, *f.* *Orust.* crake, land-rail (*Orust. f. nare*); —*rath*, *m.* 1) (in Prussia) president of a district, county-chairman; 2) deputy of a province; 3) (in Switzerland) an assessor of the counsellors of a canton; —*rathſchick*, relating to (the president of) a provincial court of justice, &c.; —*ratt*, —*ratt*, *f.* *slang*, land rat, land-lubber; —*raum*, *a.* *ſchöneraum*; —*recht*, *n.* country-law, common law; das allgemeine *pruſſiſche* —*recht*, Prussian common law; —*rechtlich*, *adj.* relating or according to the laws of a country or common law; —*regen*, *m.* universal lasting rain; —*reise*, *f.* 1) journey by overland-journey; 2) journey into the country; —*reiter*, *m.* officer of police who rides the country; gendarme; —*reitrei*, *f.* or district of such a police-man; gendarme; —*reit*, *f.* land-rent; —*reitmeiſter*, *m.* vintal treasurer; land-steward; —*meiſter*, *f.* office and residence of the —*meiſter*, which see; —*richter*, *m.* 1) *a)* of a rural district; *b)* country-justice; 2) president of a provincial court of justice; 3) of a country; —*ritterſchaft*, *f.* see —*ritze*, *f.* inferior kind of madder; —*rid*, *adj.* see —*fundig*; —*riden*, *m.* ridge of —*riden*, *f.* *Med.* epidemic flux; —*ſache*, *f.* country-affair; domestic cause; —*ſarſche*, *f.* —*ſerge*; —*ſaß*, *m.* person settled in a country freeholder having a vote in the diet, &c.; —*ſißig*, *adj.* having or being founded in qualifications of a freeholder; —*ſißig*, the rights and quality of a freeholder.

Land'ſchaft, (w.) *f.* 1) province, district; 2) *a)* states of a country; *b)* see *Land'ſchaft*; 3) landscape, scenery.

Land'ſchaft, (adv.) *m.* see *Land'ſchaft*.

Land'ſchaftlich, adj. 1) provincial; relating to the states of a country; 2) relating to a landscape or to landscape-painting; —*er* *Charakter*, the character of a landscape.

Land'ſchafts ... in comp. —*ſchat*, *m.* landscape-agate, dendrachate; —*ſaß*, *n.* see —*ſerri*; —*gärtner*, *f.* landscape-gardener; —*haus*, *n.* house where the states of a country meet; —*maſer*, *m.* landscape-painter; —*maſerei*, *f.* landscape-painting; —*maſer*, *m.* figured marble; —*reit*, *n.* provincial —*ſtein*, *pl.* 1) figured stones; 2) landscape or forestine marble; —*wert*, *n.* vintalism.

Land' ... in comp. —*ſchabung*, *f.* land-ſchabe, *f.* boundary, bounds, limits country; —*ſchibſtröte*, *f.* *Zool.* land-tortoise (*Turtudo* L.); —*ſchinder*, *m.* extortioner; —*ſchneide*, *f.* land-small; —*ſchunpſen*, *m.* finanza; —*ſchuppe*, *m.* assessor of a provincial court of judicature; —*ſchreiber*, *m.* vintal secretary; clerk of a provincial court; —*ſchule*, *f.* village school; —*ſchulſtätter*, *m.* village-schoolmaster; —*ſchwalbe*, *f.* *Orust.* house-martin (*S. ſchwalbe*); —*ſee*, *m.* lake; —*ſelbe*, *f.* *h.* raised or native silk; —*ſenſe*, *f.* 1) demical disease; 2) disease prevailing in a country; —*ſerge*, *f.* home-made or serge; —*ſicht*, *f.* sight of the land; —*ſi*, *n.* —*ſiebel*, *f.* *provenc.* landed estate, &c.; —*ſiebler*, *m.* landed proprietor, farmer; *m.* country-seat.

of an autumn-apple; —hin, *adv.* extending in length, long, far; —holz, *n.* *Comp.* 1) grain-wood; 2) long-wood, beams and planks; —hö-
rig, *adj.* of, during or lasting many years; —
jährige Erfahrung, many years' experience; —
jährige Freundschaft, friendship of many
years' standing; —kreis, *m.* ellipse or oval
plain; —lebens, *adj.* *see* —fähig; —lebig,
adj. long-lived; —lebigkeit, *f.* longevity; —
lebig, *adj.* long-bodied.

Sänglich, *adj.* oblong; *coll.* longish; —herz-
förmig, *adj.* *Bot.* cordate-oblong; —rund,
adj. oval; elliptical.

Sängling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Sänge, II.
Säng..., *in comp.* —messer/schmitt, *m.*
sword-cutter; —mutig, *f.* patient or suffering
disposition, forbearance, long-sufferance, pa-
tience; —mütig, *adj.* forbearing, long-suf-
fering, patient; —mütigkeit, *f.* *see* —mutig;
—nasig, *f.* a long-nosed person, *loc. nosy*;
—nasig, *adj.* long-nosed; —ohr, *n.* 1) *coll.*
jackass; 2) *Zool.* long-eared bat (*Myotis auritus*
L.); —ohrig, *adj.* long-eared; —rippe, *f.*
Archit. longitudinal rib; —rund, *adj.* oval.

Sänge, I. *prop.* (*with Gen. or Dat.*) along;
—des Ufers, der Riste (or dem Ufer) hin,
along (the) shore; II. *in comp.* longitudinal;
—streifen, *m.* longitudinal streak; —thal, *n.*
longitudinal valley. (*tristle-tree.*)

Sängschling, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* trussel or
Sängsam, I. *adj.* slow, lingering; back-
ward, dull, heavy, tardy; I-er Verlauf, dull
or heavy sale; I-er Seil, lingering death;
er begreift nur..., he is slow in apprehending;
—verrichten, to linger over; I-er werden, to
slacken; —abgehen, to be of a dull sale, to
slack, to go off heavily; II. I-keit, (*w.*) *f.* slowness;
backwardness, dullness, heaviness.

Säng..., *in comp.* —schattig, *adj.* casting
a long shadow (of nations in cold zones);
—schweifig, *adj.* long-shanked, long-sided;
—scherbe, 1) *Mar.* long scarf; —scherschaber,
m. *Meck.* longitudinal; —schien, *f.* *Roths.*
rail of longitudinal or continuous bearings;
—schleifer, *m.* —schleiferin, *f.* one fond of
lying in bed, *coll.* lie-a-bed, slug-a-bed;
—schlufferel, *f.* long sleeping, laziness; —schu-
bel, *m.* any long-beaked bird, as snipe, &c.;
—schußel, *adj.* long-beaked; —schußler,
m. *pl.* *Ornith.* longirosters; —schußig, *adj.*
long-skirted or flapped; —schußig, *adj.* *Bot.*
siliquose (plant); —schotten, *pl.* in Baum,
Mar. bulk-heads in the hold, built lengthwise;
—schub, *m.* 1) a playing at nine-pins; 2) skittle-
ground; —schwanz, *m.* 1) long-tailed animal;
especially horse with a long tail (undocked);
2) *Ornith.* tom-tit (*Parus caeruleus*); —schwanzig,
adj. long-tailed; —schwanzig, *adj.* 1) *see*
—schwanzig; 2) *Ag.* long-winded, drawn out
(speech, &c.); —schwette, *f.* 1) *Roths.* longitu-
dinal sleeper; 2) *Hydr.* sleeper, longitudinal
sill, joist; —sein des Weines, ropliness; —schlägig,
adj. long-sighted; —schlägig Wechfel, *see* I-
Wechfel, above; —schlägig, *adj.* consisting of a
long syllable or syllables; —schlägig, *f.*
having long syllables.

Sängst, (*superl.* of Säng) I. *adj.* longest, &c.;
auß's Sängste, *see* Sängstens; II. *adv.* long
ago, long since; —betsamt, *adj.* known long
ago, long-known; —lebende, *m.* longest liver,
survivor. (*furthest.*)

Sängstens, *adv.* at the latest, longest or
Säng..., *in comp.* —streu, *n.* straw in
wads; —streck, *n.* parallelogram; —wagen,
m. hind carriage of a wagon; porch; —weile,
f. annal, tediousness, tedium, heaviness,
irksomeness; für (or gegen) die —weile, by
way of pastime; haben Sie nie —weile (lange
Weile)? don't you ever feel the time hang
heavy? rima aus —weile (or langer Weile)

thun, to do something by way of killing the
time; —weilen, (*w.* & *incomp.*) *v.* I. *tr.*
to cause tediousness, to tire; bore; II. *refl.* (or
—weile haben) to find the time hang heavy,
on one; to want pastime; —weilig, *adj.*
tedious, tiresome, wearisome, slow; —weilige
Steden, &c., prostrating; —weilige Steden führen,
to prose (über (with Acc.), about); —weilige
Gedächtnisse, or Berichten, bore; —weiligkeit, *f.* tedious-
ness, humdrum; —weile, *f.* *see* —wagen;
—wierig, *adj.* of long duration, protracted;
longwinded, lengthy, wearisome; —wierigkeit,
f. long duration, lengthiness, wearisomeness;
wire-drawn; lingering, chronic (disorder); —
zählig, *adj.* long-toothed; —zäher, *pl.* *Ornith.*
macrostylis; —zählig, *adj.* long-tongued.

* Sängzeit, (*pr.* lang-ge't, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*)
1) a) fillet; b) tape-lace, thread-lace; 2) point-
ed trimming; 3) *Sury.* narrow bandage or
compress. —Sängzeit'sten, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *See.* to
overcast; to trim the border of ... with points.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* Weiche, 2; 2) *see*
Sensitivität, 2) *see* Grundbesitz.

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* large handspike.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* shafts, thill (Wabel-
schäkel).

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* allantoic acid.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* *Comp.* scaffold-imp.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) lance, spear; —in'n
Schuh! *Mill.* lances in rest! 2) *Stud.* *slang.*
bumper, goblet; cinct —breiten, *lit.* & *fig.* to
break a lance.

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* *Stud.* *slang.* *see*
Wechern.

Sängte..., *in comp.* Blatt, —eisen, *n.* iron
head or dart of a lance; —bogen, *m.* *Archit.* *see*
Epibogen; —brechen, *m.* breaking of a lance
or lances; tilt, joust; —förmig, *adj.* shaped like
a lance, spear-shaped, *Bot.* lanceolate(d);
—reiter, *m.* lancer; —träger, *m.* 1) lance-
bearer, lancer, lance-man; 2) *see* Sängfächer;
—schäkel, —schäkel, *m.* spear-staff; —schuh, *m.* rest,
see (of a lance); —schwinger, *m.* one who brand-
ishes a lance; —spiel, —schien, *m.* tourna-
ment; —spize, *f.* lance-head; —stich, —stich,
m. lance-thrust; —wurf, *m.* throw with a lance.
* Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) lance; *Vol.* *slang.*
I-nförmig, *adj.* lanceolate, lance-shaped.

Sängte, (*str.*) *m.* lancer, spear-man,
pikeman, *cf.* Sängreiter & Sängschäkel.

* Sängte, (*str.*) *adj.* (*Lat.*) lapidary; Säng-
te, (*str.*) *f.* Sängte, *m.* lapidary style.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* & (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* *fish.* false
futtock (Einrecher).

Sängte, *provinc.* *coll.* for Schläp, which *see*.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Sängte.
Sängte, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Sängten) flap;
rag; patch; *Bot.* lobe, lobule.

Sängte, (*w.*) *m.* I. 1) *see* Sängten; 2) *see*
Sängte; II. *see* Sängländer.

Sängte, (*str.*) *m.* 1) flap; botoh, patch;
rag; tatter, clout; 2) *Bot.* & *Anat.* lobe; 3) *pl.*
Sport. a) ears (of hounds); b) *Ornith.* gills
(of the Turkey cock); 4) *see* Spindelappen;
5) T. a) loop of a hinge; b) hinge-joint;
6) *Hydr.* cheek, arm (of the shoe of a pile);
durch die — gehen, *coll.* to scamper away,
run away, abscond.

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) *see* Sängten; *Mar.* to
repair; 2) *see* Sängten.

Sängte..., *in comp.* —band, *n.* T. joint-
hinge; —blume, *f.* *Bot.* proeminent hypo-
coccum (*Hypococcum procumbens* L.); —los, *adj.*
Bot. acotyledonous; —mann, *m.* *see* Sängten-
mann; —schub, *f.* *see* Sängschub; —weile,
see Sängweile.

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* Sängten; 2) *coll.*
trifle, saddle-fiddle, foolery; piddling busi-
ness; 3) bauble, trifle.

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* *coll.* 1) to sip or
drink by little draughts; 2) *fig.* to gather (in
small quantities), to sum or run up; Sängte-

(*str.*) *f.* *coll.* dribblets, dribbles,
drib.

Sängte, *adj.* black, flabby.
Sängte, *adj.* 1) ragged, tattered
& *Anat.* lobulated.

Sängte, *adj.* *see* Sängländer.
Sängte, *adj.* trifling, silly, fooli-
sh; boyish; dotish; —sein, to tri-
fles, romp.

Sängte, *n.* *Geogr.* Lapland; Säng-
(*str.*) *m.* Lapp, Laplander; Säng-
(*w.*) *f.* Lapland woman; Sängte-
(of) Lapland, Lappish.

Sängte..., *in comp.* —ohr, *n.* flap
of horses; Sport-s. —reis, *n.* stid-
rags on (for) hunting; —statt, *f.* the
rounded with hunting rage.

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* *violy.* *see*
Sängte, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Sängte.
* Sängte, (*w.*) *m.* *Rom.* *Myth.* Lar.
Sängte, *f.* *see* Sängte.

Sängte, (*str.*) *pl.* 2-4) *m.* *co.*
fiddle, prattle, nonsensical talk.

Sängte, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Sängte.
Sängte, (*w.*) *m.* *Rom.* *Myth.* Lar.
Sängte, *f.* *see* Sängte.

Sängte, (*str.*) *pl.* 2-4) *m.* *co.*
fiddle, prattle, nonsensical talk.

Sängte, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Sängte.

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* 1) to noise
2) *coll.* to quarrel, bluster, brawl.

Sängte, (*w.*) *m.* noisemaker,
son, brawler, blusterer.

Sängte, (*str.*) *adj.* nois-
tuous, obstreperous, uproarious.

Sängte..., *in comp.* —fener, *v.*
need-fire; —geiß, *m.* noisy fellow;
n. alarm; —glocke, *f.* alarm-bell;
alarm-gun; —pfeif, *m.* alarm-post;

m. alarm-shot; —schwimmer, *m.* *Mar.*
float; —signal, *n.* —Sänge, *f.* *Mar.*
light, beacon; cinct —Range angjähre
carry the light at sea; —stich, *n.*
or musical composition; —streichel,
drum; —zeichen, *n.* sign of alarm.

Sängte, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of
a small (pretty) face (of a girl).

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mask, *see* Säng-
phie; 2) *Nat.* larva, grub; 4) *spec.*

Sängte..., *in comp.* —günstig,
personated (d); —blume, *f.* —blüte
personated flower; —gestalt, *f.* *Ag.*
critical face; 2) ugly witch; —
Zool. siren (*Siren lacertina* L.); —
see Sängschwein; —spiel, *n.* —te
Sängte; —taucher, *m.* *Ornith.* *pro-*
vection III.; —zusatz, *m.* *Nat.* *H.*
state.

Sängte, I. *adj.* *see* Sängte; II. *v.*
of skin or bark torn off; 2) *Mar.* *v.*

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) flap; 2) lat-
shoe; T. out, groove to join timbers;

Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) a) to fuf-
flaps; geflagte Sandstube, draw-
b) T. to join (timber) by means of
2) *vulp.* to lash (Hauptstange).

Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* scarf.
Sängte, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* pitcher, c
Sängte, (*str.*) *n.* Sängte, (*str.*) *n.*

f. *Bot.* laser-wort, laser-wort (*L.*
laserwortum L.).

* Sängte, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *Prind.* to
Sängte, (*w.*) *m.* farmer subject t
or quit-rent.

Sängte, (*str.*) *v.* I. *tr.* to let
below). A. with substantives (*in*
&c., a) to let alone, to leave o
or over, to desist from, forbear;
thun und — was uns gefällt, we
let alone as we please; er fängt
mo er es gelassen hat, he begins as

he follows his old courses; laß off! forbear! let it alone! have ...; don't (do it)! laß das Labein! strictures: laß das Schreiben bis über mind writing till afterwards; Worte, let us cease more talk; laß nach meiner Gesundheit, spare ones after my health; b) to leave; das Buch gelassen? where did you book? er ließ seine Hand in der be suffered his hand to remain one; man hat uns nicht gelassen, as nothing, they stripped us of; drei Menschen werden jeder Pflanze tendrils are left in each plant c) to provide quarters for...; to find om for...; to place, &c. (cf. Unter- laß, &c.); er kann so viele Gäste cannot accommodate such a number (eine Schöpfung nicht - können, not that to do with (how to dispose of); er wußte sich nicht zu - he ow how to dispose of himself; ich frubte (Schmerz, &c.) nicht zu - midr vor frubte &c. nicht zu - I w what to do (or where to turn pains, &c.); ich kann mich vor Un- - I can with difficulty restrain one; d) to dispose of; wo hast du das gelassen? how did you spend you do with all the money? e) *, to forsake, abandon; ich lasse shall not forsake her; db) sw. to cease from, to yield, quit, abandon lassen, ablassen; ich lasse nicht von - not give her up; von seiner Mei- o alter or change one's opinion; icht von Art, proverb, anal. cat to what is bred in the bone, will e out of the flesh; or) to yield up, life, &c.; sein Leben -, to lay down for), to die; f) (Einem etwas) to w, concede, give, grant (liber- te mit Eurem Guts, let me have e; lang London war nur über dem -, Comm. London, long sight, was had at a premium; können Sie es u Preise - (or ablassen)? can you e it at that price? zu dem Preise icht -, I cannot afford to sell it ice; dem Pferde den Hängel -, to asins to a horse; er läßt ihm seine gives him no rest; laß mir (nur) o allow me (but) time; eine Menge mir keine Zeit Ihnen zu schreiben, labours gave me no time to write h (Dat.) Zeit -, to take time; laßt frubte, mein Vergnügen, do not e of this pleasure, let (or suffer) joles; Einem den Vortritt, Vortzug -, to yield the precedence to one, me (the) precedence; das muß man must give him his due; das muß sein ärgerst Feind -, his worst at allow that; g) gleich fliegen, gehen -, die Bewegung einer Sache n oder sie beschleunigen, to let run, to ow, to give vent, to suffer to pass, pede or obstruct, &c.; Blut -, zur et blood, to bleed, to be bled; o urin -, to void urine, to make ien Lauf -, 1. to let (a thing) take o way; 2. to give vent to tears, len in connection with adverbs, such errin, hinanf, hinunter - (see .), laß to suffer or to permit (one) o come in, &c.; warum ließen Sie ? why did you suffer him to enter? reit, let him enter! bid him come e. Hände davon! keep off your hands! t meddle with the matter; Wein fesse -, to let wine run out of a

caak, to draw off wine from a vessel; aus den Augen -, aus der Acht -, to lose sight of; to forget, neglect; er konnte sie nicht aus den Augen -, he could not bear her out of sight; er konnte die Augen nicht von ihr -, he could not keep his eyes from her; aus der Hand -, to let go, to unhand; to suffer to escape; aus der Hürde -, to unfold, unpeg; was ihr thut, laßt mich aus eurem Rath (Schiller), whatever you do, omit me from your counsels; i) (Einem) bei seiner Meinung -, to leave one to his opinion; bei (or in) dem Amte -, to continue (one) in his office; ich ließ ihn in die Stube, I suffered him to enter the room (but: ich ließ ihn in der Stube, I left him in the room); in Ungewißheit -, to leave (one) in uncertainty; in Zweifel -, to keep or hold in suspense; sie war schon über die Brücke (gelassen worden), she had already been suffered to pass the bridge; Jemand von sich -, to dismiss one, to send one away; Einem vor or zu sich -, to admit one to one's presence; zu einem Amte -, to admit to an office; unberedet -, to leave unfinished; un- befriedigt -, to fail to satisfy; unbefragt -, to let (a person or thing) go unpunished; unentschieden (ungewiß) -, to leave undecided, to leave in suspense; unermüdet -, to (suffer to) pass unmolested; ungehehen -, to leave unseen; unterwegs -, see *lassen* below.

B. Lassen in connection with an infinitive: 1) to let, &c.; a) das Feuer ausgehen -, to let the fire go out; man hatte das Feuer ausgehen -, the fire had been allowed to go out; bleiben or sein -, to let (a thing) be, to let alone, to leave undone, cf. bleiben; das wird er wohl bleiben -, he will take good care not to do it; er läßt Politik Politik sein, he leaves politics to take care of themselves; entweichen -, to let escape, slip or pass; fallen -, to let (a eup. &c.) fall; fig. to let fall, to let out, drop (a word, &c.); gehen -, see *gehen*; gechehen -, to allow to be done, not to hinder; etwas nicht gechehen -, to keep a thing from being done, to prevent; gut sein -, 1. to let (a thing) be, to cease, leave off, &c. see *bleiben* -; 2. to admit, approve, agree to ..., to let (a thing) pass; laß es gut sein, don't mind it! never mind (it); liegen -, to let (a thing) lie, to leave; laßt mich nur machen, ich will schon mit ihnen fertig werden, let me alone for managing them; die Leute reden -, not to mind people's talk; sein -, see *bleiben* -; laß sein, daß &c., admit, even supposing, put the case, that, &c.; ich lasse den Refer urtheilen, I leave the reader to judge; b) aa) sich (Dat.) etwas begeben, beistimmen, einfallen, träumen &c., to take it into one's head, &c., see these verbs; bb) in the sense of a passive verb: ich habe mir erpähen (sagen) -, I have been told, I am told.

2) expressed by to suffer, allow, &c., or by the passive, or by adjectives in -able, -ible &c.: a) laß Rom den Volschern nicht zur Beute werden, suffer not Rome to become a prey to the Volschi; ich ließ mich überreden, I suffered myself to be persuaded; ich kann sie nicht allein gehen -, I cannot allow them to go alone; man muß sie nicht reden -, she must not be suffered to talk; laß nicht auf dir herumtreten, er ließ sich von seiner Reife nicht abbringen, he would not (suffer himself to) be dissuaded from his journey; er ließ sich von ihnen schlagen, he permitted them to beat him; sie wollte sich (Dat.) den gebrochnen Arm von ihm nicht untersuchen -, she refused to allow him to examine her broken arm; laß dich belehren! be advised! be ruled! er läßt sich betrügen, he allows himself to be cheated; sich bitten -, to expect solicitation, to look or wait for entreaty, cf. sich nöthigen -; sich nicht entmu-

thigen -, to refuse to be discouraged; sich fangen -, to permit one's self to be taken, to run one's self into a noose; sich (Dat.) etwas gefallen -, to put up with, &c. see *Gefallen*; - Sie es sich bei uns gefallen, be pleased to stay with us, make yourself at home; gelten -, to recognise as valid, to admit, allow, cf. *Gelten*; gechehen -, not to hinder, cf. *Geschehen*; ich will mich nicht länger hinhalten -, I won't be put off any longer; sich irren -, to suffer or allow one's self to be disturbed, cf. *Irren*; sich nöthigen -, to stand upon ceremonies, cf. sich bitten -; sich leicht rühren -, to be easily affected or moved; sich (Dat.) raten, sagen (or etwas gesagt sein) -, mit sich reden -, to listen to reason, to take warning; sich nicht raten -, to refuse to listen to advice; ich will nicht mehr so mit mir reden -, I won't be spoken to so any more; er läßt sich (Dat.) nichts sagen, he hears no reason; wenige Menschen - sich gern ihre Fehler sagen, few persons like to be told of their faults; laßt Euch das gesagt sein, laßt Euch das zur Warnung dienen, let this be or serve as a warning to you; may warning be taken from this example; es sich (Dat.) (gut) schmecken -, to eat (or drink) with great relish, to make a hearty meal (upon), cf. *Schmecken*; sich schrecken -, to suffer one's self to be startled, terrified, to take the alarm; sich stören -, to (allow one's self to) be disturbed; eine Zeit lang wollte sich der Alligator nicht stören -, for some time the alligator refused to be disturbed; sich trösten -, to (allow one's self to) be comforted, to take comfort (to one's self); er ließ sich nicht trösten, he refused to be comforted; wir - uns nicht täuschen, we are not to be deceived; sie wollte sich nicht überreden -, she refused to be persuaded; sich verbissen -, to (allow one's self to) be dazled, blinded, deceived or imposed upon; b) *imperatively*: laßt uns beten! let us pray! laßt uns gehen! let us go! let us be gone! laßt uns (Dat.) Brot zukommen! let bread be given to us! laß ihn sprechen! let him speak! he may speak! laß ihn nur kommen, (in a threatening manner) let him but come; let him come if he dare; c) *refl.* jeder Stoff läßt sich theilen, all matter is capable of being divided; es läßt sich alles aus ihm machen, he is capable of being moulded to any thing; die Erde läßt sich nicht aufheben, the matter does not admit of being deferred; der Malachit läßt sich sehr schön poliren und zu Vasen &c. verarbeiten, malachite admits of a high polish and is cut into vases, &c.; Holz läßt sich nicht dehnen, wood does not admit of being stretched, wood is not ductile; Kupfer läßt sich zu einer sehr dünnen Platte auswalzen oder hämmern, copper bears to be rolled or hammered out to a very thin plate; diese Handschuhe - sich reinigen und waschen, these gloves bear cleaning and washing (these gloves clean and wash); diese Faser läßt sich schön färben, this fibre takes dyes beautifully; sich entfernen oder wegschaffen -, to bear removal; die Erde läßt sich nicht verschlingen, the oak does not transplant (*Bulwer*); eine Stimme ließ sich vernehmen, a voice was heard or became audible; die Spuren - sich noch verfolgen, the marks are still traceable; ein Buch, was sich lesen läßt (gleich: ein leßbares Buch), a readable book, a book worth reading; dieser Wein läßt sich trinken (dieses Brot läßt sich essen), this wine (this bread) is palatable or is not amiss; dieser Wein läßt sich nicht trinken (dieses Brot läßt sich nicht essen), this wine (this bread) is not drinkable (eatable); es läßt sich hier annehmen leben, it is very agreeable living here; es läßt sich übersehen, it is translatable; es läßt sich nicht abkürzen, it is not reducible; es läßt sich nicht thun, it cannot be done, it is

and had often to be urged to do
es fehlen oder mangeln — an (with
be deficient or to fail in...; es an
—, to spare (for) nothing; for-
send for, to summon, cf. *forbitten*;
see *Gründen*; *sich (Dat.) huldigen* —
the oath of allegiance; *sich mel-*
have one's self announced (*bei, to*;
—, to get (one's self) shaved; *sich*
tragen —, to (cause one's self to)
home; *sich überlegen* —, to be
over, to pass over; *sich vorlesen*, *vor-*
son, to cause one to read, to sing
Hörsagen wehen —, to display the

empers. (with Dat. or für) 1) to
present a certain appearance, to look;
become; es läßt nicht (gut), 1. it
look well: 2. it is unseemly; *schwarz*
Stehen, bleiben *Sinen am besten*,
you best, you look best in black;
born läßt ihr schön, she looks pretty
angry; ein mildes Wesen, das ihm
fiel, a wild manner which did not
me amias; *etwas läßt nicht für meine*
a misbecomes my years.

e. s. (str.) n. the act of letting,
hym und —, his actions, his conduct.
I. *adj.* lazy, sluggish, idle, supine,
2. *feil*, *f.* laziness, &c.

(w.) f. 1) load, charge, burden;
Gandelsgewicht last; (großes Ge-
load; die zu große —, surcharge;
2. *en*, freight by the ton; 3) ton-
port of a vessel; burden; ein Schiff
—, a ship of 200 tons burden;
4) *Mar.* waist; 5) *fig.* a) burden,
tax, impost; es war uns Allen,
uns eine — abgenommen, we all felt
öffentliche 2-en, public burdens;
das zur — legen, to charge or tax
to lay at one's door; Einem zur —
or zur — (sein) to be burdensome to
to bore one; 2. to be chargeable to
to at one's door; 3. to come upon
as; dem Rücksicht zur — (allen,
to the parish; *Comm-s.* — brechen, to
at; zur — bringen or streichen,
buchen Sie es zu meinen 2-en, book
debit of my account; zu 2-en des
to the debit of Mr. L.; nach Abzug
if bestanden 2-en, all charges borne
[key] petty.

(w.) f. *provinc. (N. G.)* wharf,
Balken, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* beam under
dock.

r. I. adj. 1) capable of bearing bur-
den; 2) tax; 3) tax; 4) tax;
(w.) f. capability or fitness for
ardens.

erre. (w.) f. *provinc. see* *Grüßere*.
(w.) s. I. (str.) 1) to weigh, press
with *Dat.* & *(L. w.)* with *Acc.*,
oppress; 2) to clog, encumber; es
auf dem Gut, the estate is en-
with debts; es lastete schwer auf
ie, it weighed heavily on his mind;
to load (Belasten).

frei, adj. free from burdens, taxes.
(str.) n. 1) vice, crime; 2) coll.
French.

tr. (str.) n. blasphemer; calumniator.
frei, adj. free from vice.

schändlich, (w.) f. scandalous history.
schäft, I. adj. vicious; wicked; II. 2-*fig.*
f. viciousness; wickedness.

.... in comp. —schäft, m. slave of
ben, m. vicious life.

schäft, I. adj. 1) disgraceful, shocking;
2) slanderous, scandalous, abusive;
3) dishonouring; II. 2-*feil*, (*w.) f.* disgrace-
ous.

Schäft, (w.) s. & (str.) to revile, slan-
der, defame, abuse; Gott —, to blaspheme,
curse. — *Schäft...* in comp. — *maul, n. coll.*
1) see *Schäft*; 2) reviler, scold; — *rebe, f.* con-
tumacious speech; — *(str.) f.* libel, lampoon;
— *schule, f.* school for scandal; — *sucht, f.*
reviling, calumnious disposition; — *schäftig*,
adj. prone to scandal, slanderous. [crime].
Schäftig, (w.) f. vicious or heinous deed,
Schäftigung, (w.) f. a reviling, abuse, in-
vective, slander, defamation; blasphemy.
Schäftig, adj. vicious, abandoned.

Schäft... in comp. — *wort, n.* invective,
reviling term; blasphemy; — *junge, f.* 1) ter-
magant-tongue (also of men); 2) see — *maul*.

Schäft... in comp. — *esel, m.* sumpter-mule;
— *gebühr, f.* — *geld, n.* lastage, tonnage;
— *holz, n.* lime-tree wood.

Schäftig, I. adj. 1) (of tobacco) fat, rich;
2) *Mar.* a) having a certain load, carrying;
300 Tonnen —, 300 tons burden; b) having
cargo, freighted; II. 2-*feil*, (*w.) f.* burden,
port, tonnage (of a ship).

Schäftig, I. adj. burdensome, onerous, trou-
blesome, inconvenient, cumbersome, irksome,
wearisome; — *fallen, see* (zur) *Schäft*; II. 2-*feil*,
(*w.) f.* burdensomeness, &c., heaviness, anno-
yance. [ing (Prunell)].

* *Schäftig, (str., pl. 2-8) m.* (*Engl.*) last-
Schäft... in comp. — *schäft, m.* lighter;
— *schäft, n.* sumpter horse, pack-horse; —
raum, m. hold, space for cargo in a ship;
— *schäft, n.* sand for forming the ballast of a
ship; — *schäft, n.* transport-ship; — *schäft, n.*
sumpter-beast, beast of burden (— *schäft*); — *schäft,*
m. — *trägerin, f.* 1) carrier, porter;
2) *fig.* one carrying a burden; — *schäft, n.* beasts
of burden; — *wagen, m.* (freight-)waggon;
— *jung, m.* Güterzug.

* *Schäft, (str., m. (Pers.; Fr. asur) 1) (— *stein*,
f.) azure-stone, lapis lazuli; 2) (— *farbe, f.*)
azure-colour, ultramarine; — *blau, adj.* (also
Schäft) & a. azure, high blue; (das hellän-
dische) Dutch blue; — *grün, n.* green blue;
— *frucht, n.* see *Schäft*; — *pulver, n.* ultra-
marine in powder; — *quarz, m.* *Minor. siderite*.
Schäft, I. adj. 1) weary, tired; 2) lazy, in-
active, slack, supine, loath; II. in comp.
— *schäft, n.* see — *binde*; — *baner, m.* see *Schäft*;
— *baum, m.* *Forest.* boundary-tree; — *beden*,
— *binde, see* *Aberlastung* &c.; *provinc-s.* —
brief, m. certificate of manumission; — *eisen*,
n. 1) see *Aberlastung*; 2) *T.* tapping-bar,
lancet; — *gut, n.* estate that is subject to a
ground- or quit-rent. [de. cf. *Schäft*.]*

Schäftig, (w.) f. 1) weariness; 2) laziness.
Schäft... in comp. — *herr, m.* owner of a
— *gut, which see*; — *lopf, m.* see *Schäftlopf*.

Schäftig, adj. provinc. venial (Erlässig).
Schäft... in comp. — *schäft, n.* tar; — *schäftig*,
adj. subject to a ground- or quit-rent; — *reis*,
n. see *Schäft*; — *schäft, f.* venial sin; — *tag*,
— *jung, see* *Aberlastung* &c.; — *schäft, m.* *T.*
fancet. tap; — *jung, m.* ground- or quit-rent.

* *Schäft, (Lat.)* der Sonntag —, midlent
Sunday.

Schäft, I. adj. & s. (str.) n. Latin;
(schäftig) —, see *Schäftig*; mit seinem —
zu Ende sein, coll. to be past one's Latin, to be
at the end of one's tether; II. *adv.* in Latin.

Schäftig, (w.) s. (str.) (L. w.) to affect
Latinity, to use scraps of Latin.

Schäftig, (str.) n. 1) Latin (inhabitant
of Latium); 2) see *Ratist*; 3) *loc.* cockney-
sportsman.

Schäftig, adj. & adv. see *Schäft*; das 2-*e*,
Latin; I-*e* *Schäft*, grammar-school; I-*e* *Schäft*,
scraps of Latin; I-*e* *Schäft*, *Mar.* lateen sail;
I-*e* *Schäft*, unskillful or cockney rider; I-*e*
Schäft, apothecary's shop.

* *Schäft, (Lat.)* latent (Wärme, heat).
Schäftig, (w.) f. 1) lantern; lamp; 2) *Archit.*

a) lantern, sky-light turret; b) shaft of a
chimney, chimney cowl; 3) *Mech.* trundle,
wallower, lantern; 4) *Dy.* lantern, lantern;
5) *Cook.* trussed duck or goose; 6) *loc.* head;
noddle; etwas in der — hängen, *loc.* to be a
little tipsy; die magische — (*Lat.: laterna*
magica), magic lantern.

Schäftig... in comp. — *anzünder, m.*
lamp-lighter; — *arm, m.* lantern crank; — *balg*,
f. floating-light; — *baum, f.* see — *baum*; — *blätter*,
n. pl. lantern-leaves, horn for lanterns; — *eisen*,
n. *Mar.* lantern-brace; — *gabeln, f.* pl. lamp
stays; — *horn, n.* see — *blätter*; — *feld, n.* *Mar.*
lantern-cover; — *flüge, m.* pl. stools of the
lanterns; — *macher, m.* lantern-maker; — *pfahl*,
m. lamp-post; — *pfeller, m.* lamp-pillar;
— *putzer, m.* see *Lampenputzer*; — *stuhl, m.*
Mech. (can-)roving-frame; — *träger, m.* 1)
lantern-bearer; 2) lamp-post; 3) *Ent.* lan-
tern-fly (*Pulgara laterana* L.).

* *Schäftig, (w.) s. tr. (L. Lat.)* to
Latinise, Romanise. — *Schäftig, (str.,*
pl. (w.) 2-men) m. latinism. — *Schäftig, (w.)*
m. Latinist, Latin scholar. — *Schäftig, (w.)*
f. latinity.

Schäftig, (str., pl. 2-bäume) m. bar (in
a stable; *Staubbaum, T. Tusch.*).
Schäftig, f. Letitia, Lettice (*P. N.*)

* *Schäftig, (w.) f.* (*L. Lat. latwajrina*)
necessary pit (Wörritt).

Schäftig, I. (str.) m. see *Schäftig*; II. *adj.*
slovenly, slipshod; III. in comp. — *schäftig*,
— *schäftig, adj.* having heavy walking
logs or feet (as a bear); — *schäftig, m.* 1) paw (of
a bear); 2) *fig.* person walking slovenly;
— *gang, m.* shuffling, slovenly gait; — *schäftig*,
m. see *Schäftig*; — *schäftig, f.* *Ornith.* rough-
footed pigeon (*Columba livia dasypus*).

Schäftig, (w.) f. vulg. 1) slipshod, slipper;
2) trailing foot, as of the bear, certain doves,
&c.; 3) see *Schäftig*; 4) *fig.* alattern, slut;
5) *Archit.* pattern (of a wall). [venly follow].

Schäftig, (str.) m. *provinc.* negligent, slo-
Schäftig, (str.) m. *provinc.* negligent, slo-
Schäftig, (str.) m. *provinc.* negligent, slo-
to walk in a slovenly, lazy manner, to shuffle
along, to waddle.

Schäftig, I. adj. vulg. 1) slovenly, negligent
(in gait); 2) (*schäftig* or *schäftig*) a) sloppy,
wet (of the weather); b) for *Schäftig*, which
see; II. 2-*feil*, *f.* slovenliness of gait, &c.

Schäftig, see *Schäftig*.
Schäftig, (w.) f. 1) a) lath; latten; mit 2-en
beschlagen, to lath; b) see *Schäftig*; 2) *T.*
a young slender tree; 3) shoot, spray; 4) *vulg.*
a tall thin person, lathback; 5) *pl.* 2-*en*;
a) *Mil.* bed of laths (as punishment); b) *Mar.*
lodge, laths.

Schäftig, (w.) s. tr. to lath.

Schäftig, in comp. — *art, f.* hatchet for cleav-
ing laths; — *baum, m.* tree fit for laths;
— *schäftig, f.* angling; — *schäftig, m.* see — *baum*;
— *schäftig, m.* see — *schäftig*; — *schäftig, n.* lath-wood
— *hammer, f.* *Mil.* place of punishment in
which was the bed of laths; — *schäftig, m.* lath-
nail; — *schäftig, n.* *Bauw.* (eines Damms) gauge
of laths; — *schäftig, m.* splitter of laths; — *schäftig*,
m. nail with a small head, sprig; — *schäftig*,
m. latticed partition; — *schäftig, n.* lath-work,
treillage; — *schäftig, m.* wooden-paling, see
Stadrt; — *schäftig, m.* lath-tile, lath-brick.

Schäftig, (str.) m. *Bot.* lettuce
(*Lactuca L.*); — *schäftig, f.* head of lettuce, let-
tuce-head.

Schäftig, see *Schäftig*.
+ *Schäftig, (str.) m.* see *Schäftig*.

Schäftig, (w.) f. 1) (act of) lathing;
2) lath-work; *T.* gauge of laths.

* *Schäftig, (w.) f.* *Pharm.* electuary.
Schäftig, (str., pl. 2-ge) m. 1) waistcoat;
2) stomacher, breast-cloth; bodice; 3) flap;
4) pinafore; *Wass-s.* 2-*schäftig, f.* gut-cord;
2-*schäftig, m.* drawboy; — *schäftig, f.* flap-cap.

Rau, *adj.* tepid, lukewarm; cool; 1-*e* Wetter, mild-weather; 1-*e* Richte, genial breezes.
Raub, *a. i.* (str.) *n.* 1) foliage, leaves; 2) Archit. ornaments in the form of foliage; 3) Gam. spades; 4) *fig.* time of foliage; year; II. *in comp.* -*ayfel*, *m.* gall-apple; -*baum*, *n.* T. foliated hinge (of a door); -*baum*, *m.* 1) leaf-tree; 2) *see* Waschelder; -*bett*, *n.* Gard. hot-bed (prepared with leaves); -*Be-nelbet*, *p. a.* *, leaf-clad; -*bett*, *n.* bed of leaves; -*bach*, *n.* roof of leaves, umbrage; -*haus*, *n.* Gam. ace of spades.
Rau'er, (*n.*) *f.* 1) arbour, bower; 2) shed, penthouse.

Rau'en, (*n.*) *v. (t. &)* * I. *intr.* to form or get leaves; II. *tr.* 1) to collect leaves; 2) *see* Belauben & Entlaubten.

Rau'el, (*str.*) *m.* Lähk. bleak, alburn (*Leuciscus alburnus* L., Mcl.).

Rau'en..., (*from* Raube) *in comp.* -*bach*, *n.* roof of a bower; -*gang*, *m.* covered avenue; -*schwalbe*, *see* Raupschwalbe; *grüne* -*schube*, *f. pl.* (Pvts) verdant bower-walls.

Rau'el'stätte, (*n.*) *f.* *see* Tabernacle; 2-*nst.*, *n.* feast of the tabernacles.

Rau'el..., *in comp.* -*fall*, *m.* fall of the leaf or leaves; -*fäller*, *m.* *, leaf-spiller, *t. a.* autumn; -*feigen*, *pl.* figs packed in leaves; -*flut*, *m.* Ornith. 1) bull-finch (Gimpel); 2) bramble-finch, mountain-finch (Bergfink); -*flut*, *m.* Mad. yellow spot or freckle on the skin; -*fürmig*, *adj.* resembling foliage; -*frosch*, *m.* Zool. green-frog, tree-frog (*Hyla arborea* L.); -*futter*, *n.* leaves used for provender; -*gang*, *m.* Gard. walk planted with shrubs or trees; -*gehänge*, -*gewinde*, *n.* garland, festoon; -*gewölbe*, *n.* *, canopy, bower formed by branches; -*gipfel*, *m.* leafy crown of a tree; -*gahn*, *m.* *see* Birnbahn; -*holz*, *n.* leaved wood, leaf-trees (*opp.* Kadelholz); -*holzwüster*, *pl.* deciduous forests; -*huhn*, *n.* Ornith. heath-cook (Birnbahn); -*hütte*, *f.* 1) cottage overgrown with foliage; 2) *see* Rauberhütte.

Rau'icht, *adj.* leaf-like.

Rau'ig, *adj.* leaved, leafy, folious.

Rau'..., *in comp.* -*flüster*, *m.* Ent. 1) cockchafer, may-bug (Mäulcher); 2) *see* Spanische Fliege; -*flüster*, *m.* *see* Raubfrosch; -*frucht*, *f.* leaf-bud; -*hülle*, *f.* *see* Papierhülle; -*flut*, *m.* Gam. kind of spades; -*franz*, *m.* garland or crown of leaves or foliage.

Rau'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Raube) pro-

Rau'le, *adj.* leafless. (*syn.* for Abtritt.)

Rau'lichtig, *adj.* cool-blooded, phlegmatic.

Rau'..., *in comp.* -*milf*, *m.* manure or dung of leaves; -*moos*, *n.* Bot. large-leaved moss, feather-moss (*Musci* L.); -*pflanze*, *f.* foliaceous plant; -*rausch*, *m.* *provinc.* *see* Weichhan; -*reihen*, *n.* rake for raking leaves together; -*reife*, *adj.* full of leaves, leafy; -*rolle*, *f.* Bookb. tool for imprinting leaves on book-covers; -*rost*, *m.* *provinc.* mildew on vines; -*rüttel*, *f.* *see* Raubhüttenfisch; -*säge*, *f.* T. buhl-saw, piercing-saw, fret-saw; inlaying saw, cock-saw; Carp. compass saw; -*jünger*, *m.* *see* Weidenzweig; (geblühnichte oder grüßhändliche) bastard-nightingale (*Picodilla hypoleuca* Boettch.); -*knur*, *f.* *see* -*gehänge*; -*klein*, *m.* leafstalk; -*streifen*, -*streifen*, *n.* unleaving, stripping off leaves; -*streu*, *f.* litter of leaves; -*taaler*, *m.* French dollar, crown-piece; -*überziehen*, *n.* *see* Weidenfänger; -*wald*, *m.* *see* -*holz*; -*wert*, *n.* Archit., *see* trail, foliage, leafage, Draw. trees, leaves.

Rau'd, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. leek (*Allium L.*); -*büchel*, *f.* field eryngo (*Eryngium vulgare* L.); -*farbig*, leek-green; praisinous; -*jwiesel*, *f.* leek-bulb.

* **Rau'dmum**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*u.*] 2-*mien*) *n.* (*M. Lat.*) Low, money paid for a fief to the superior lord, in acknowledgment of his right.

* **Raub'ern**, (*n.*) *v. tr.* T. to gloss (black Rau'e, (*n.*) *f.* *provinc.* *see* Ravine. [cloth].
Rau'ern, (*n.*) *v. intr.* 1) to become tepid or lukewarm; 2) to thaw.

Rau'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) elderkin; 2) (*or* -*wein*, *m.*) wine of the second press.

Rau'er, (*n.*) *f.* 1) (the act or place of) lurking; lurking-place; auf der - sein, liegen, stehen, to lie in ambush, in wait, to lurk, to be on the look-out; 2) *provinc.* blood-red grasshopper.

Rau'erer, **Rau'err**, (*str.*) *m.* lurker.
Rau'gräbe, (*n.*) *f.* Sport. pit, hole used to lie in wait for deer.

Rau'ern, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to lurch, lurk, be on the watch, to listen; - auf (*with Acc.*), to expect anxiously, to watch for

Rau'eram, *adj.* clever at or adapted for lurking, watching, *see*; watchful.

Rau'erwinkel, (*str.*) *m.* lurking-corner, lurking-hole.

Rauf, *a. i.* (str., *pl.* Rau'fe) *m.* 1) run, course, way; race; das Schiff hält den -, the ship keeps her course, *q.* Estrich; im 2-*e* der Zeit, in course of time; einen - vollenden, to run out one's course; das ist der - der Welt, so goes the world; such is life! 2) current; 3) currency; 4) Sport. foot, leg (Rauff); 5) a) rat, copulation; b) *see* -*geit*; c) *see* -*platz*; d) *see* Brunn; 6) Mus. a) *see* Ränfer; b) *see* Wirbelstein; 7) Mill. drum; 8) a) *Gunm.* barrel (of a gun); b) chase (of a cross-bow); 9) *see* Springbein; 10) sharp edge of a scythe; Schafte nach dem - verkaufen, Agric. to sell sheep as they come running up (without choosing); der volle -, *Man.* career; freien - geben, lassen, to give free range or full play (to ...); to give vent to, to vent; ungezügelt - lassen, to give a loose; der Natur ihren freien - lassen, to let nature take her (own) course, to leave nature to her course; er ließ seinem Raden freien -, he let his laughter have vent.

Rauf..., (*from* Raufen & Rauf) *in comp.* -*angel*, *f.* hook baited with a live fish (in trolling for pike); -*bahn*, *f.* 1) course; ground for running, *Man.* career; 2) line of life, career; life; 3) Archit. drum; -*bahn*, *n.* 1) leading-string; 2) *Man.* allonge; -*baul*, *f.* go-cart; -*bohle*, *f.* Bot. scarlet-runner (Hurtelbohne); -*bohrer*, *m.* gun barrel-bore; -*brut*, *n.* 1) Print. plank, bank (of a printing press); 2) *see* -*brücke*; -*brief*, *m.* 1) circular (letter); 2) *see* -*paß*; -*brücke*, *f.* 1) foot-bridge; 2) bridge of boards for wheel-barrows; 3) Small. *see* Gießbrücke; 4) Mil. pontoon, ponton; -*burste*, *m.* errand-boy; printer's devil; foot boy; shop boy; -*cirtel*, *m.* T. compasses with rectangular points; -*bohle*, *f.* Sport. running noose; -*eisen*, *n.* T. gun-barrel-plate.

Rauf'el, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *see* Raufbohne; 2) Sport. haunt of game-birds.

Rauf'en, (*str.*) *v. i.* *intr.* (*aux.* [ein, sometimes haben]) 1) a) to run (nach, after); b) *coll.* to walk; 2) to be in motion, to turn, to move (as the celestial bodies, &c.); 3) Sport. to rut, strike (of animals); 4) to go, extend in a certain direction; 5) to flow; 6) to leak, run drop, trickle; to gutter (of candles); 7) *see* Gerinnen; Mar.-*a.* auf einem Seifen -, to set sail, put to sea, make out of a harbour; die Eern - (die Gegend läuft) Nord-West, the sea sets to the N. W.; in's - bringen, to put to the run; to set a-going; jümden *or* wider -, to run counter, be against; - lassen, 1. to let escape; 2. to turn off or away, to discard, *coll.* to give (one) his walking-ticket; 3. Mar. to let go (sails); die Augen ließen ihm voll Weiser, his eyes were drowned in tears; es läuft ein Gerücht, a report is current or going about; es *or* ein Schauer lief mir fast über

den Rücken, a cold shivering ran down back or came over me, my flesh crept head to foot; der Eig läuft, Bak. the rises; die Uhr läuft (geht) ver-, the (clock) goes too quick; der Wechfel läuft die bill is still in circulation; der 2-*e* läuft auf das Blatt, Sport. the back to the call; in die Wirbelsäule -, to fr. taverna; es läuft ins Geld, it runs away money; in den Weg -, to come into son's way; nach einem Amt -, to see office; die Frist läuft von ..., the to from ...; zu Ende -, to run out, expire; & *refl.* to contract by running; sich müde -, to get tired with running (Dak.) Blasen -, to blister one's feet (walking); sich (Dak.) die Füße wund run one's feet sore; Berge (Erge) -, a hole and skip.

Rauf'rub, *p. a.* 1) running, &c.; 2) *see* I-*e* Commentar, running comment; I-*e* Wecht, flying gout; I-*e* Räder, Mach. wheels; das I-*e* Lauwerk, Mar. rigging; I-*e* Maß, running measure; & der I-*e* Preis, market-price, ruling *or* price; zum I-*e*n Preise, at the common das I-*e* Geschäft, pending business; & Geschäft, the business of the day; & business; routine-business; I-*e* Aus current *or* working-expenses; I-*e* Nummer (Abellen), progressive number; I-*e* running course of exchange; die I-*e* Rechnung current, open *or* running account; der I-*e* Credit, running, open *or* blank credit in bank; I-*e* Schulden, Wechfel, running *or* floating debts, bills, interest; I-*e* Jahr, the present year; der I-*e* 2-*e* this (present *or* instant) month; vom 3-*e* Monat, from the 3^d inst.; auf's 2-*e* *see* Comm. to get through the arrears of business; auf dem 2-*e*n sein, *coll.* to be well posted auf dem 2-*e*n halten, to keep informed current events; auf dem 2-*e*n bleiben, to keep well posted.

Rauf'ter, (*provinc.* **Rauf'ter**) (*str.*) *m.* feris, (*n.*) *f.* 1) runner; running-foot; 2) courser, runner; 3) a) yearling horse; Ornith. courser, runner *see* -*vogel*; b) (Etappe); c) *see* Rauffpinne; 3) *see* Rauf; 4) a) Mill. top-mill-stone, running-runner; b) T. muller (for grinding &c.); 5) *see* stretcher (stone); 6) *see* upper *or* moveable blade of a clothier's; 7) Mar. tackle fall, tackle rope; fall out; 8) Gam. bishop (at chess); 9) Mus. r passage, voice, trill; - machen, Mus. a division; 10) Bot. a) clasper, tend species of wild hop; c) female hop; 11) a) slider; b) coursor; 12) Hopem. 13) Min. a) barrow-man; b) barrow-l-c secondary lode; 14) Books. book the wall; 15) *see* Sanduhr; 16) *see* Schmel; 17) Build. a) stretcher; b) *pl.* guided uprights; 18) Treppenläufer stair-car.

Rauf'ter', (*n.*) *f.* *see* Gelaufe; 2-*e* to have a good deal of running about.

Rauf'..., *in comp.* -*fall*, *m.* *see* 2-*fall*; -*platz*, *m.* Sport. fowler's floor with decoy-bird runs; -*mühle*, *f.* Min. vertic. (for crushing ore, gypsum, *or* cement); -*f.* *see* Raufflicht; -*vogel*, *m.* 1) Sport. bird; 2) Ornith. courser, runner (Räufel); -*...*, *in comp.* -*eipe*, *f.* *see* pappel; -*feuer*, *n.* 1) train of gunpowder; 2) running-fire; wie ein -feuer, *fig.* like wild-fire; -*flöhe*, *f.* upper surf (a rail); -*fuß*, *m.* foot adapted for running (*opp.* Schwimmsfuß); -*geld*, *n.* ling-money (given to journeyman); Sandgeld; -*gerüst*, *n.* Build. rising *or* bridge; -*graben*, *m.* 1) trench, intrench. *pl.* lines of approach, approaches; 2)

[illegible]

faculty; —*versicherung*, *f.* life-insurance, insurance on (upon) lives; —*versicherungsbank*, *a* life-office; —*versicherungsgesellschaft*, *f.* company (institution) for the insurance of life; —*wohl*, *adj.* full of life or vitality, teeming or instinct with life; energetic, vigorous; —*wandel*, *m.* (course of) life, conduct, morals, *f.* —*weise*; einen *schlechten* —*wandel* führen, to take to ill courses; —*würme*, *f.* vital warmth; —*wasser*, *m.* *aqua viva* (lat.); —*weg*, *m.* see —*pfad*; —*weise*, *f.* manner, way or mode of life, habits; unregelmäßige, *siehe* *lebens* —*weise*, habits of irregularity, of dissipation; —*weisheit*, *f.* worldly wisdom, prudence; —*wiezig*, *see* —*länglich*; —*zeichen*, *m.* sign of life; —*zeit*, *f.* lifetime; auf —*zeit*, for life; during good behaviour, *cf.* —*länglich*; bei —*zeit*, in life; auf —*zeit* *geruht* Personen, on joint lives; —*ziel*, *m.* end of life; —*zweck*, *m.* end of life or existence.

Leber, (*m.*) *f.* liver; zur — *gehörig*, *Med.* hepatic; (aufsichtig) von der — *weg* reden, *coll.* to speak openly or plainly.

Leber, *see* —*baum*. —*aber*, *see* —*milgaber*; —*aler*, *f.* *Pharm.* hepatic or Barbadoes aloë; —*anemone*, *f.* *Bot.* liver-leaf (*Hepatica tri-loba* L.); —*anweisung*, *f.* *Med.* enlargement of the liver; —*balsam*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) liver-balsam (*Echinus alpinus* L.); 2) sweet milfoil, *maudlin* (*Arnica montana*); —*band*, *m.* *Anat.* ligament of the liver; —*beißung*, *m.* see —*itzung*; —*beßwerbe*, *f.* liver complaint; —*blutengänge*, *p.* *Anat.* hepatic cystic ducts; —*blume*, *f.* *Bot.* noble liver-wort (—*anemone*); —*blutiger*, *f.* *Anat.* hepatic or liver-vein; —*brand*, *m.* 1) *Med.* hepatitis; 2) *Vet.* a distemper (inflammation) of the liver (among sheep, &c.); —*braun*, *adj.* liver-brown, *see* —*farben*; —*bruch*, *m.* *Surg.* hernia of the liver, hepatocele; —*büffel*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) endive (*Eribiodia*); 2) sow-thistle (*Sonchus* L.); —*egel*, *m.* *Helminth.* snake-worm, liver-fluke (*Distoma hepaticum* L.); —*eiferner*, *m.* see —*fließ*; —*eiter*, *m.* matter formed in hepatic abscesses; —*entzündung*, *f.* *Med.* inflammation of the liver, hepatitis; —*erz*, *m.* *Miner.* reddish copper-ore; (dunkel und schiefzig) hepatic mercurial ore; —*farbe*, *f.* liver-colour; —*farben*, —*farbig*, *adv.* liver-coloured; —*fäule*, *f.* *Vet.* core, blind-worm; —*fell*, *m.* *Miner.* conglomerate of phonolite; *Med.* —*flecken*, *m.* liver-freckle or spot; —*flaß*, *m.* *Med.* & *Vet.* hepatic flux; —*fuchs*, *m.* dark chestnut-horse; *Anat.* —*galle*, *f.* bile proceeding direct from the hepatic duct; (gallen)gang, *m.* hepatic duct; —*geflecht*, *m.* hepatic plexus; —*gegen*, *f.* *Med.* region of the liver; —*egge*, *m.* see *gebirg*; —*haut*, *f.* *Anat.* 1) tunica of the liver; 2) yellowish skin; —*fließ*, *m.* *Miner.* liver- or hepatic pyrites; *Bot.* —*fleet*, *m.* common liver-wort (—*anemone*); —*fluttre*, *f.* common agrimony (*Agrimonia eupatoria* L.); —*lobat*, *m.* *Miner.* hepatic cobalt; —*krank*, *adj.* having a liver complaint; —*krankheit*, *f.* hepatical disease, liver complaint; —*frant*, *m.* *Bot.* liver-wort (*Marchantia polymorpha* L.); —*fröbe*, *m.* *Med.* hepatic carcinoma; *Anat.* —*lappen*, *m.* lobe of the liver; —*milgaber*, *f.* basilic vein; —*moos*, *m.* (mountain) liver-wort (—*frant*); —*myal*, *m.* *Miner.* monilite; —*pfiß*, *m.* see —*schwamm*; —*raute*, *f.* *see* *Rondtraut*; —*reim*, *m.* a kind of doggerel rhyme in reference to a pike's liver formerly in use at festive entertainments; *pl.* —*reime*, *coll.* doggerel; —*schlag*, *m.* *Miner.* hepatic mercurial ore; —*schwamm*, *m.* *Bot.* liver agar (*Pistillaria hepatica*); —*schwätz*, *f.* *Med.* consumption arising out of a liver complaint; —*stath*, —*reiz*, *m.* *Miner.* hepatic, liver-stone; —*stath*, *f.* liver-disease; —*stön*, *m.* *Miner.* hepatic alate; —*stren*, *m.* cod-liver-oil.

Leber, (*str.*) *m.* see *Lebhech*.

Zber ..., *in comp.* — **berhärtung**, *f.* hardening obstruction of the liver; — **berthageret**, *f.* hepatoscopy; — **wurm**, *m.* see **Doppeloch**; — **wurst**, *f.* liver-sausage, white pudding.

Zbetag, see **Zeltage**.

Zebrowag, (*str.*, pl. 2-8) *n.* farwell; **Z**ein — *sagen*, to bid one farwell, to wish one good bye.

Zebhaft, *adj.* lively, vivacious, active, quick; vivid; sprightly; animated, brisk (wind, trade; *Mil.* fire, &c.); smart, acute (pain); sharp (reproaches); of colours, &c.) bright, gay; — **empfinden**, to feel keenly; — **erinnern**, to remind forcibly; *II.* 3-**igheit** (*u.*) *f.* liveliness, vivacity, activity, quickness, sprightliness, &c., animation, sir.

Zebhönig, (*str.*) *m.* common honey.

Zebig, *adj.* 1) *provinc.* alive, see **Zebendig**; 2) *in comp.* having a life.

Zeb ..., *in comp.* — **füchen**, *m.* gingerbread; — **fücher**, **füchner**, *m.* gingerbread-baker; — **füchnerei**, *f.* house or shop of a gingerbread-baker; — **füchen**, *adj.* lifeless, inanimate. [baker. **Z**ebfüchtigkeit, (*str.*) *f.* lifelessness; *fig.* want of spirit and life.

Zebtage, *m.* pl. days of life; *mein* (*for* *meine*) —, in my lifetime, in my whole life.

Zebzeiten, *m.* pl. lifetime; *bei* —, in lifetime.

Zebzettel, (*str.*) *m.* province, a kind of gingerbread. — **Z**ebzettel, (*str.*) *m.* see **Zebfüchenbäcker**.

Zed, (*str.*) *m.* *Swed.* 1) matt of copper; 2) dross of raw-steel; for **Z**ed, *n.* see **Rümpelglas**.

Zed, *provinc.* for **Z**ed.

Zedzen, († &) *provinc.*: **Z**edzen, (*u.*) *v.* *intr.* 1) to split or gape from dryness; 2) to leak; 3) to be choked with thirst; to languish (*nach*, *for*), pant (*for*), gasp, *gape* (*after*).

Zed, 1. *adj.* leaky; — **werden**, *coll.* — **springen**, to become leaky, to spring a leak; — **fein**, to leak; *II.* s. (*str.*) *m.* leak; *einen* — **bekommen**, *Mar.* to spring a leak, to bilge; *einen* — **roffen**, to stop, to fother a leak.

Zedzack [*pr.* lek'zhak], **Z**edzick, (*u.*) *f.* *Comm.* & *Mar.* leakage, leak; tap-droppings.

Zed', (*u.*) *f.* 1) see **Zed**; s. 2) see **Saltzede**.

Zed'en, (*u.*) *v.* *intr.* †, to leap, to skip (like a calf, *Ps.* 29, 6); to kick (*nicht den* *Esattel* [Acts 9, 5], against the prickles).

Zed'en, (*u.*) *v.* 1. *intr.* 1) to leak, run, drop out, trickle; 2) *Mar.* to spring a leak; 3) to gutter (of candles); *II.* *tr. & intr.* 1) to lick; die 1-**be** *flamme*, the lambent flame; 2) to ascend, rise (of flames and water); 3) *enlig.* a) to lick, thrash, enquire; b) to kiss; *fig.* (*Dat.*) *die* *finger nach etwas* —, to be desirous of, eager, greedy for (after) anything; *aufsehen* *nicht gefickt*, to look uncommonly smart. — **Z**ed'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) licker, *cf.* **Refermant**; 2) see **Schelm**, **Raffe**; 3) *Sport.* tongue (of the hart).

Zed'er, *adj.* 1) delicate; dainty, delicious, nice; 2) dainty-mouthed, lickerish, nice; — **bissen**, *m.* dainty, tit-bit.

Zederel', (*u.*) *f.* 1) daintiness, lickerishness; 2) dainty, tit-bit; sweetmeat, delicacy; pl. goodies; 3) *enlig.* a kissing, bussing.

Zeder ..., *in comp.* — **essen**, — **gericht**, *n.*, — **speise**, *f.* dainty dish or meal.

Zedergast, *adj.* lickerish, daintily; *II.* 2-**igkeit**, (*u.*) *f.* lickerishness, daintiness.

Zed'ereit, (*u.*) *f.* delicacy (of any meat).

Zeder ..., *in comp.* — **maul**, *n.*, — **zahn**, *u.* *enlig.* dainty feeder; sweet-tooth.

Zedern, (*u.*) *v.* *intr.* *impers.* *coll.* to be lickerish, to desire.

Zed'erwert, (*str.*) *n.* *coll.* dainties.

Zed' ..., *in comp.* — **faß**, *n.* tub for catching any leakage (of a cask, &c.); — **haus**, *n.* Salt-w. drying-house; — **hönig**, *m.* dropped honey; — **saft**, *m.* Pharm. eclogin; — **stein**, *m.* drip-

s. I. (str.) n. 1) *Law*, fief, fee, fief, food; zu — geben, to enfeoff; zu — tragen, to hold or possess; — gehen bei ..., to be a feudatory or ...; bedingte —, fee-tail, fee conditional; —, fee simple; pl. enfeoffment; die — jagen, to demand; die — empfangen, to be in a fief; 2) *Min.* a certain measure; p. see *Rehn*... in comp.
r. (str.) m., *Reh*, (u.) f. *provinc.* a fief.
s. I. m. loam, clay; mud; der weisse ... mit — verschmieren, 1) to loam; to lute; in comp. — arbeit, f. see *Reh*... m. worker in clay; — bad-stein, m. dried brick, sun-dried (straw) —, m. building in pisé; mud-wall; — boden, m. 1) clay-soil; 2) mud-pit.
t. (u.) s. tr. to loam, clay.
u., coll. *Rehmern*, adj. loamy.
v. m. worker in loam.
w., in comp. — formerei, f. mould-
am; — fuchs, m. see *Stafelle*, 2;
loam-pit, clay-pit; — grund, m. see
guß, m. T. iron wares cast in
clay; — gut, n. loam-ware; — hütte,
house, mud (or clay) cottage.
ht, adj. muddy, clayish.
h, adj. clayey, loamy.
i., in comp. — fleber, — klöder, m.
ter; — angel, m. clay-pellet; — land,
den; — merget, m. *Miner.* clay marl;
rl; — paßen, m. see — badstein; —
f. shingle pargeled with loam;
u. puddle; — schwafte, f. see *Hans-*
stein, m. see — paßen; — strich, m.
door; — wand, f. cob-wall; — ziegel-
cob-brick-wall.
s. n. see *Rehn*. [loaning bench.
nt, (str.) pl. *Rehne*, f. settee.
tr, I. adj. 1) feudal; 2) capable of a
fief; II. *Reh*, (u.) f. feudality.
s., in comp., &c. (cf. *Rehn*...) —
peasant holding a feudal tenure,
a fee-farm; — bekenntnis, n. deed
ment; — beß, m. copy hold.
s., in comp. — bett, n. T. garden
at a sunny wall; — bret, n. board
line on; *Mar.* back-board (of a boat).
s., — brief, m. bill of feoffment, en-
title-deed; — buch, n. register of
fiefs, roll of fiefs; — dienst, m.
feudal service or tenure; (zu Pferde)

allodial; ein Gut — frei machen, to pass away
an estate in mort-main; — freiheit, f. fee-
simple, freehold; — geld, n. fine; — gericht, n.
court-baron, court-lost, see *Rehn*gericht; —
gesetz, n. feudal-law; — gesetzbuch, n. feudal
code; — grofchen, n. see — geld; — gut, n. fee,
food, holding; ein freies — gut, a freehold,
frank-tenement.
*Rehn*haft, I. adj. pertaining to a fief, see
*Rehn*bar; II. *Reh*-igkeit, f. see *Rehn*barkeit.
Rehn..., in comp. — hof, m. court of a
liege lord, court of fees, court baron; —
fuchst, m. T. first or head-workman of a sheet-
iron forge.
Rehn..., in comp. (from *Rehn*, B.) —
ladet, — pferd, see *Reh*ladet, *Reh*pferd.
*Rehn*mann, see *Rehn*smann.
*Rehn*mauer, (u.) f. breast-wall.
Rehn..., in comp. (cf. *Rehn*...) — pferd,
n. vassalage horse; — propst, m. official ma-
nager for fief casualties; — recht, n. 1) feudal
right; 2) feudal law; — register, n. court roll;
— rente, f. feudal rent; — richter, m. 1) judge
of a court of fees; 2) a judge who holds his
office in fief; b) hereditary village magistrate.
*Rehn*riegel, (str.) m. (an einem Geländer)
head-rail, head-tie, lists (pl.).
*Rehn*rührig, adj. see *Rehn*bar.
*Rehn*tafel, (u.) f. feudal altar.
*Rehn*tal, (str.) pl. *Reh*-tälge m. (from *Rehn*,
B.) *Log.* lemma.
*Rehn*s bekenntnis, (str.) n. bill of feoff-
*Rehn*schaf, (u.) f. 1) see *Rehn*; 2) see *Ge-*
werthschaft. [— fchein, m. see — brief.
Rehn..., in comp. — schaf, m. see — geld;
*Rehn*schür, (u.) f. 1) T. rabbit (*Reh*schlag);
2) *Typ.* see *Rehn*hamen.
Rehn..., in comp. — schreiber, m. clerk of
a feudal court; — schutze, m. see — richter, 2.
*Rehn*s..., in comp. (cf. *Rehn*..., B.) — curie,
f. court of fees; — eib, m. oath of allegiance,
fealty; — erledigung, — eröffnungs, f. vacancy of
a feudal tenure; — errichtung, f. institution of
a fief.
*Rehn*seffel, (str.) m. see *Rehn*stuhl.
*Rehn*s..., in comp. — fähig, adj. capable of
holding a fief; — fall, m. vacancy of a feudal
tenure; — fehler, m. 1) any attain, felony, trea-
son; 2) an omitting to sue for a new investiture
in due time; — folge, f. 1) succession to a
fief; 2) a species of feudal tenure, by which the
tenant is bound to follow his lord to war; —
folger, m. see — erbe; — frevel, m. see — fehler;
— geber, m. feoffor; — gebrauch, m. feudal cus-
tom; — gebühr, f. fine, relief; — gericht, n. court
of fees, see *Rehn*gericht; — gerichtbarkeit, f.
jurisdiction of a court-baron; — hand, f. capa-
bility of holding a fief; — herr, m. feoffor,
liege, feudal lord; — herrlichkeit, — herrschaft,
f. fealty, feudality; dignity, right of a feudal
lord; — hohheit, f. feudal supremacy; — indult,
m. respite granted to the holders of fiefs of
renewing the same; — innung, f. petition for
investiture; — innung, f. see — gericht; —
kaiser, f. office of a court of fees; — mann,
m. (pl. — leute) liegeman; feoffee, feudary,
tenant, pl. liege, people, tenantry; — muthung,
f. petition of investiture; — offnung, f. right
of the feudal lord to hospitality; — pflicht,
f. duty of a feudality, vassalage, homage;
feudality; — pflichtig, adj. subject to feudal
service, liege; — register, n. roll of fees or
feods, court roll; — sache, f. affair relating to
a fief; — scheidung, f. feudal institution; — schuld,
f. debt on a fief. [maul-stick.
*Rehn*stod, (str.) pl. *Reh*-stöde m. *Point*.
*Rehn*stüd, (str.) n. part of a fief.
*Rehn*stuhl, (str.) pl. (*Reh*-stühle) m. arm-
chair, elbow-chair, easy-chair, reclining-
chair.
*Rehn*scheidung, (u.) f. see *Rehn*smuthung.
*Rehn*s..., in comp. — vassall, m. vava-

so(u)r; — verbindung, f. see — pflicht; — ver-
fassung, f. feudal system, feudalism; — ver-
fassung, f. enfeoffment; — vertrag, m. agree-
ment, settlement of a fief; — vetter, pl.
agnati (lat.), kinsmen by the father's side;
— wesen, n. every thing relating to fiefs; feo-
dalism; — system, n. see — verfassung; — tafel,
f. see — hof; — träger, m. 1) feoffee, feudary;
vassal; 2) proxy; — treue, f. feudal faith; —
treulosigkeit, — untreue, f. breach of feudal
faith.
*Rehn*nung, (u.) f. diminution (in masonry).
Rehn..., in comp. — waart, f. see — geld;
— weife, adv. as or like a fief; — zins, m. quit
rent, farm rent, old rent.
Rehr, (str.) n. see *Rehr*, 6, n.
Rehr..., (from *Rehr* & *Rehn*), in comp.
— abschied, m. see — brief; — amt, n. 1) office of
instructor; 2) ministry, ecclesiastical func-
tion; 3) professorship; — anstalt, f. establish-
ment for instruction, school, academy; — art,
f. method, way of teaching.
*Rehr*bär, I. teachable, that may be taught;
II. *Reh*-heit, (u.) f. teachableness, capability
of being taught (i. e. imparted by tuition).
Rehr..., in comp. — bafis, f. doctrinal basis;
— begierde, f. 1) desire to instruct, teach;
2) see *Rehr*begierde; — begierig, adj. 1)
desirous of teaching; 2) see *Rehr*begierig; — be-
griff, m. system; outline, manual of a science;
Buid. — boden, m. level (of a cent(e)ring); —
bogen, m. cent(e)ring, see — gerüst; — bogen-
gerippe, n. truss of centres; — bote, n. apostle;
— braten, m. feast given by an apprentice upon
the termination of his apprenticeship; — bret,
n. T. mould, pattern; templet; — brief, m.
1) didactic epistle; 2) certificate of appren-
ticeship; 3) see — contract; — buch, n. abridg-
ment; compendium; — burfche, m. apprentice;
— contract, m. apprentice's terms, contract or
indenture; — curfus, m. course of instruction;
— dichter, m. didactic poet; — dichtung, f. di-
dactic poem.
Rehr, (u.) f. 1) doctrine, dogma; 2) reli-
gion; 3) instruction, lesson; moral, warning,
precept, rule, admonition; 4) science; theory;
5) (for *Rehr*zeit) apprenticeship; 6) T. model,
mould, pattern; gauging rod; 7) *Thun.* (Stängel-
) size of a ball or bullet; 8) *Rope-m.* rope-
top; tonet; 9) *Corp.*, &c. centre; 10) *Min.* rule,
bevil; 11) *Mill.* equilibrium, balance; 12) *Fish.*
&c. mesh-wood (*Rehr*breit); laßt euch dies zur
— bieten or eine — fehn, take this for a warning,
let this be a warning to you; die — beßten,
to serve an apprenticeship; in die — thun,
geben, to bind (one) apprentice, to indenture
an apprentice, to put to trade, to apprentice;
in die — nehmen, to take as apprentice; in
die — kommen, to be apprenticed (bei, zu, to);
in der — sein, to be (bound) apprentice
(bei, to).
*Rehr*eifer, (str.) m. zeal for teaching.
Rehren, (u.) v. tr. (Einen etwas thun — or
Einem etwas —) to teach (one a thing, or
to teach to do a thing, &c.), to instruct (one
in ...); to inform; eine Wissenschaft öffentlich
—, to profess a science; Eimen singen, lesen &c.
—, to teach one singing, reading, &c.; er
lehrt mir (or mich) die Musik, he teaches me
music; Eimen zeichnen or Eimen das Zeichnen
—, to teach one drawing; ein Pferd den Kopf
tragen —, to make a horse carry himself
aright; die Zeit wird es —, (intr.) time will
show or tell.
*Rehr*er, (str.) m. teacher, instructor,
tutor, master, informer, preceptor, professor;
der öffentliche —, lecturer.
*Rehr*erin, (u.) f. female teacher, tutoress,
governess, instructress.
*Rehr*er..., in comp. — personal, n., *Rehr*-
schaft, (u.) f. body of teachers; teaching-
staff; — seminarium, n. seminary for school-

f the life-guard; —*schwadron*, *f.* the squadron, the colonel's squadron; *see* —*essen*; —*flod*, *m.* *see* —*büene*; *m.* favourite tune or air; —*stuß*, *m.* —*träger*, *m.* fiduciary; —*tuch*, *n.* —*flagetuch*; 2) *Rom. Cath.* corporal. *Rei*, (*w.*) *f.* *Archit.* banding, curve; —*untere* —, interior curve, intrados; —*obere* —, reveal; obere —, extrados; *in comp.* —*wache*, *f.* life-guard; —*schutze*, (*zu Pferde*) horse-guards; —*prinze's coach*; —*wache*, *f.* body-guard; —*schutze*, *f.* laundress in ordinary; *m.* watery fluid found in the belly of persons; —*wasserstuch*, *f.* commodity; —*wach*, *n.* *see* —*schutze*; —*wund* *see* —*schutze*; —*zeiden*, *pl. Lau*, murder on a dead body; —*zinsen*, *renten*; —*zug*, *f.* *see* —*gedinge*; *n.* *see* *Verpflegung*.

Rei, *see* *Reich*, &c. [at a funeral. *er*, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* bear given *ent*, (*str.*) *pl. d-börner* *m.* corn (on —*opérateur*, —*schneider*, *m.* cornet). (*w.*) *f.* 1) dead body, corpse; 2) funeral, obsequies; 3) *fig.* living or dead; 4) *T.* defective pin's head; *all.* out, omitted word or passage; —*gehen*, to attend a funeral; to bury the corpse; *bläs wie eine* —, pale as death. [as death. *...*, *in comp.* —*abbanfung*, *f.* burial-er the grave; —*ader*, *m.* burying church-yard; —*aufleger*, *m.* one who at a person's death; —*artig*, *adj.* cadaverous; —*aufhebung*, *f.* (judicial) post-mortem on; —*begängnis*, *m.* funeral processional, obsequies; —*begleiter*, *m.* follow-eral; (begehrt) mute; —*begleitung*, *train*; —*beschauner*, *m.* coroner; —*be*, *f.* judicial inspection of a corpse; —*bestatter*, —*besteller*, *m.* one who at a funeral, undertaker; —*bett*, *n.* *see* —*bitter*, *m.* one who invites to a funeral; —*bejörger*; —*bläs*, *adj.* as pale as death; —*blässe*, *f.* paleness of face; —*board*, on which the dead is laid; —*buch*, *n.* register of deaths and deaths; —*casse*, *f.* funds of a burying-house; —*cadaver*, *m.* body-snatcher, *cad.* resur-an; —*dienst*, *m.* funeral service; —*dunst*, *m.* cadaverous smell; —*essen*, *al.* repast; —*eule*, *f.* lichen owl, owl is believed to forebode a death; —*fadel*, *f.* funeral torch; —*färb*, *see* —*bläs*; —*farbe*, *f.* colour of body, cadaverous hue; —*farbig*, cadaverous hue; *Bot.* livid; —*feter*, *ies*, funeral rites or solemnities; —*hängnis*; —*feld*, *n.* field strowed with bodies; —*fest*, *n.* *see* —*feter*; —*fett*, *see* —*bläs*; —*fliege*, *f.* *Entom.* a kind of the maggots of which are living on the (Sarcophaga mortuorum L.); *m.* *see* —*begleiter*; —*frau*, *f.* *see* —*rin*; —*gedränge*, *m.* *pl.* funeral procession; —*gebüß*, *f.* burial-fee; —*gedächtnis*, *rebe*; —*gedicht*, *n.* funeral poem; *n.* *see* —*begleitung*; —*gelächte*, *n.* *see* —*läute*; —*geist*, *n.* funeral-train; —*ge*, *n.* funeral pomp; —*geruch*, *m.* *see* —*kräft*, *n.* (lat.) *castrum doloris*, funerals; —*gelang*, *m.* dirge; —*gewand*, *n.* *see* —*gruft*; —*gewölbe*, *n.* *see* —*gruft*; —*glode*, *obtingende*; —*gruft*, *f.* vault for catacomb. [funeral. *nhaft*, *adj.* 1) cadaverous; 2) funereal, *n.* *...*, *in comp.* —*hülle*, *f.* 1) room or keeping dead bodies previous to burial; 2) dissecting room; —*handlung*, *act*; —*haus*, *n.* 1) house of mourning;

2) *see* —*hülle*; —*hemd*, *n.* *see* —*gewand*; —*huß*, *n.* *see* —*cult*; —*läufer*, *m.* sexton-beetle, necrophore (Zobtengräber); —*falt*, *adj.* as cold as a dead body; —*fammer*, *f.* *see* —*haus*; —*ferze*, *f.* *see* —*fadel*; —*flage*, *f.* mourning for the dead; in der —*flage* (Jean Paul), in the time of mourning; —*fleid*, *n.* *see* —*gewand*; —*kosten*, *pl.* expenses of a funeral; —*kranz*, *m.* funeral wreath, garland for the dead; —*kränze*, *f.* *see* —*wagen* 1; —*kränze*, *n.* *see* —*kränze*; —*läute*, *n.* the (fabulous) death-light; —*maht*, *n.* *see* —*essen*; —*müßig*, *adj.* *see* —*Reichenhaft*; —*musik*, *f.* funeral music; —*öffner*, *m.* dissector; surgeon who makes a post-mortem examination; —*öffnung*, *f.* opening of a dead body, *cf.* —*schon*; —*pferd*, *n.* mourning-horse; —*prediger*, —*redner*, *m.* funeral orator; —*predigt*, *f.* funeral sermon; —*räuber*, *m.* 1) *see* —*dieb*; 2) one who plunders dead bodies; —*rede*, *f.* funeral oration; —*redner*, *m.* one who delivers a funeral oration; —*register*, *n.* list of the dead, obituary; —*schändung*, *f.* desecration committed on corpses; —*schau*, *f.* examination of a dead body, post-mortem examination; inquest over a dead body, coroner's inquest; —*schmarzt*, *m.* *see* —*schmarzt*; —*schleier*, *m.* *see* —*tuch*; —*schmaus*, *m.* *see* —*essen*; —*schmüder*, *m.* —*schmüderin*, *f.* layer out; —*schreiber*, *m.* recorder of deaths; —*schreiberer*, *f.* office for recording deaths; —*statt*, —*stätte*, *f.* burial place; —*stein*, *m.* tomb-stone; —*text*, *m.* text fit for a funeral sermon; —*ton*, *m.* funeral, dismal sound or tone; —*träger*, *m.* one of those who bear the corpse to the grave; —*tuch*, *n.* pall; shroud; —*unterführung*, *f.* *see* —*schon*; —*verbrennung*, *f.* burning of the dead, cremation (as a mode of interment); —*vogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* screech-owl, brown owl (Steinfalk), *cf.* —*cule*; —*wache*, *f.* watch kept over a corpse, wake; —*wach*, *n.* *Chem.* adipocire; —*wächter*, *m.* one who watches a corpse; —*wagen*, *m.* 1) mourning coach; * funeral car; 2) hearse; —*wappen*, *n.* hatchment; —*wäscherin*, *f.* layer-out; —*weiß*, *adj.* *see* —*bläs*; —*zug*, *m.* funeral procession.

Reich, (*str.*) *n.* (from *Reich*) *see* *Quappe*. *Reich*, (*from Reich*), *in comp.* —*hof*, *m.* *see* *Reichshof*; —*huß*, *n.* *see* *Reichshuß*.

Reichnam, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (+ &) *joc.* human body, carcass; 2) dead body, corpse; *Mod.* cadaver; seinen — (seiner &-s) pflegen, *joc.* to pamper one's body.

Reich, *adj.* 1) light; weightless; 2) *fig.* a) easy; b) ready; 3) light, nimble; 4) sleek; 5) slight; 6) slight; 7) light horseman; die l-e Reiteri, light horse; *Comm.* s. l-e Aktien, low (priced) shares; l-e Güter, light goods; l-e Reize, thin goods; l-es Gewicht, short weight; l-e Cigarre, mild cigar; l-e Erdboden, soft ground; l-e Handdrift, running (current, easy) hand; l-er Matrose, *see* *Auslauffer*; l-e Metalle, *Minor.* alkaline metals; l-e Nacht, *Seew.* basting; zu l-es Schiff, crank (weak) ship; l-er Tadel, gentle rebuke; l-er Wein, light-(bodied) or small wine; sich (Dat.) etwas — machen, to treat a thing slightly; es wird mir immer — zu glauben, wenn ..., I am always easy of belief when ...; es wird ihm sehr — gemacht, diese Aufgabe zu lösen, he possesses uncommon facilities for executing this task; das ist so — wie nur irgend etwas, *coll.* that is as easy as lying; man kann es — erkennen, *lit.* & *fig.* he who runs, may (can) read it (or das ... that); die Erbschaft verließ —, the crisis passed smoothly; er wird — unverschämte, he is apt to grow impudent; — verderblich, *see* below; — auf den Füßen, light of foot; — für den Magen, light to the stomach; etwas — nehmen or es — nehmen mit ..., to make light of ...; das kann — sein, das ist — möglich, that is very possible.

Reicht ..., *in comp.* —*bezügelt*, *bewaff-* net *cc.*, *adj.* light-winged, light-armed, &c.; —*blüht*, *adj.* sanguine, cheerful; —*blütigkeit*, *f.* sanguineness, cheerfulness.

Reicht, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Reichtigkeit*.

Reicht, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (l. u.) to make easy, light; II. *tr. provinc.* to geld (*particul.* lambs).

Reichtern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Reichtern*.

Reicht ..., *in comp.* —*fähig*, *adj.* going lightly or swiftly (of boats, &c.); —*fähig*, *adj.* popular; —*fertig*, *adj.* light, wanton; frivolous, inconsiderate; sleek; skittish, giddy; slovenly (work); —*fertigkeit*, *f.* levity; lightness, wantonness, &c.; —*flüster*, *s. Entom.* lepidopter; —*flüßig*, *adj.* easily rendered fluid or in fusion, easily fusible; —*flüßigkeit*, *f.* capability of being easily fused; —*flüß*, *m.* *fig.* light-minded, giddy or frivolous person; —*fähig*, *adj.* 1) light-footed, light-hoed; 2) *fig.* light-minded, frivolous; —*fähigkeit*, *f.* 1) lightness of foot; 2) *fig.* light-mindedness; —*gefleht*, *adj.* clad but lightly; —*gewicht*, *n.* light-weight; —*gläubig*, *adj.* credulous, easy or light of belief; —*gläubigkeit*, *f.* credulity, easiness of belief, facility.

Reichtheit, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Reichtigkeit*.

Reicht ..., *in comp.* —*hin*, *adv.* lightly; —*hörig*, *adj.* sharp of hearing, quick-eared.

Reichtigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) lightness; 2) *fig.* a) *Archit.* lightness (of edifices); b) facility, easiness; mit großer —, with great ease or facility. [lightly.]

Reichtlich, *adv.* (obsolescent &*) easily,

Reicht ..., *in comp.* —*lernen*, *adj.* quick at learning; —*matrose*, *m.* *see* *Auslauffer*; —*müßig*, *adj.* *Man.* light upon the hand; —*schiff*, *n.* *see* *Reicht*; —*schmeißbar*, *adj.* *see* —*flüßig*; —*flun*, *m.* indiscretion; sleekness, light-mindedness; frivolity, levity; want of seriousness; —*flunig*, *adj.* light-minded; sleek, frivolous, inconsiderate, giddy; —*flunigkeit*, *f.* light-mindedness, frivolity, sleekness, &c.; —*verderblich*, *adj.* perishable (said of goods).

Reid, *adj.* 1) †, troublesome, sorrowful; *cf.* *Reidig*; 2) (*indecl.*) (with *Dat.* of person and with *sein*, werden, thun & machen) es ist mir —, es thut mir —, I am sorry for (of) it; es thut mir —, Ihnen anzeigen zu müssen, I am sorry to apprise you; es thut mir aufrichtig —, I am truly grieved; es ist mir — um (für) Sie, I am sorry for you; sein Vergehen ist ihm —, he is sorry for his fault; laß dir das nicht — sein, don't be uneasy about it; das Unternehmen wurde ihr —, she began to repent her enterprise; es wird Ihnen einmal — werden, you will some day repent it; es thut mir — zu hören, I regret to learn; Einem etwas — machen, to make one repent a thing, to put out of conceit with, &c. *cf.* *Verleiden*.

Reid, (*str.*, without *pl.*) *n.* 1) wrong, harm, hurt; 2) sorrow, pain, affliction, sadness, woe; 3) *provinc.* a) funeral; b) mourning; in Freud und —, in joy and sorrow, in grief or gladness; for better for worse; Einem ein — or 2-es zufügen, etwas zu 2-e thun, to do one harm, to hurt, wrong or aggrieve one; Erköstigt hat mir ein 2-es gethan (Gölthe), Eri-king has done me a grievous harm; sich (Dat.) ein 2-es thun, to lay (violent) hands upon (coll. to make away with) one's self; um Einem — tragen, to mourn for one; —*brief*, *m.* consolatory epistle.

Reiden, (*str.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to suffer, (*intr.*) to be in pain; to endure, undergo, support bear, abide, tolerate; Einem Hunger (Durst) — lassen, to keep one hungry (dry); an einer Krankheit —, to suffer from a disease, to labour under an indisposition; woran leidet sie? what is her complaint? what is the matter with her? sie leidet an den Nerven, she has a nervous complaint, her case is ner-

..., *in comp.* — *meißter*, *m.* see *Einern* — *oel*, *m.* oil going on the right side — *oel*, *n.* lin(l)seed-oil; — *pfaf*, *f.* — *pfanze*, *f.* Bot. 1) flax (*Id.*) see — *potter*; — *famen*, *m.* flax- (or lint-) seed; — *felbe*, *f.* Bot. dodder (side); — *fyren*, *f.* husks or chaff from — *strumpf*, *m.* linen or thread stock- — *n.* linen cloth; — *waere*, *f.* linen

Leinwand, s. I. f. linen; linen-cloth; canvas (picture); ungebleichte —, unbleached linen, derry; gebleichte —, bleached linen; fedene —, hurden-(harden-)gedruchte (bunte) —, coloured linen; coorse linen; coorse canvas, sackcloth; glatte oder seltichte —, plain linen; —, dyed or coloured linen; gefperit —, sel; gepuspte —, lint; — gu Bettstüchern, gemusterter oder gemodelter —, buckasteife —, see Steifleinwand; — mit r Apperetur, soft-finish linen; seichte — ein Glanz, front-finish linen; II. f. Leinwand, m. 1. cloth-binding; 2. a covering in cloth; —bleiche, f. whitening machine used for linen.

Leinwand, *adj.* linen, made of linen.
Leinwand ..., *in comp* — **Handel**, *m.* linen-
 drapery; — **Händler**, — **Främer**, *m.*
 — **Prober**, *dealer* in linen; — **Stöbel**, *m.*
 — **Reib**, *rubber*, rubbing board; — **Stiftel**, *m.*
 — **Malerei**, *f.* painting on canvas;
 — **Prober**, *n.* — **Prober**, *m.* linen-prover;
 — **Provinc**, *linen* — **Draper**; — **Schässel**,
 — **Weber**, *m.* *see* Leinweber.

.., *in comp.* —weber, *m.* linen-
weaver; —weberlosten, *m.* see Kreuz-
weberstuhl, *m.* (linen-)weaver's loom;
zange, *f.* linen pinchers; —zeug, *n.*
gleber, *m.* see *in Zien.*

Leipsig, *n.* Leipzig, Leipsic (a town of Prussia). — **Leipsigiger**, *i. a. (str.) m.*, Leipzig inhabitant of Leipzig; *II. adj.* Leipzig fair; **Leipsig-Dresdener** *n.*, Leipzig and Dresden railway. — **Leipsig**, *(str.) n.*, **Leip'te**, *(w.) f.* (provinc. & dial.).

1. *adj.* 1) low, not loud, soft, light; light (recollection, &c.); II. *adv.* low, gently; imperceptibly; by degrees; Stimme, in a low or soft voice; — speak low or softly; — *hören*, to be quick of hearing; — *schlafen*, to sleep or *schläft* —, he is a light sleeper; *Ahnung*, the least suspicion; — *auf* — to tread softly; to walk with one's 2. *fig.* to draw in, to be humble.

trüßer, (str.) m. *sq.* sneaking fellow,
dropper. [eared.]

örig, *adj.* quick of hearing, quick-
(*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Geist*; 2) *Vet.* spavin;
3) *chantlate*; 4) *provinc.* club, private
[or performed, practicable.]

bander, adj. that may be rendered, done,
banden, (str.) n. (dimin. of Zeifte) small
 e.; **Archif. reglet, bandelet.**

(w.) *f.* 1) a long and thin piece of metal, &c.; *Join.* ledge, border; *Carp.* clamp; *Try.* border, tail-piece; *Bookb.*

Archif. fillet, listel, reglet; plinth; 2-n
ribedachung), pl. roll-joints, rolls;
Ac. selvaqe, see Gahleiste; 3) Anat.
1) see Schrift. 3.

... (str.) m. 1) †, form. model; shoemaker's) last; Schuster, schrieb bei der-
proverb, let not the shoemaker go
this last (Lat.: *ne autor ultra crepi-*
-ber den — schlagen, to put upon the
s. über or auf einen — schlagen, to
(com) all alike; sie sind alle über einen

— (gefdlagen), they are all of a kidney, of one breed, of the same cut.

A. Schiff'en, (w.) v. tr. 1) Cloth. to form a sel-
vage to; 2) Join. to provide with a ledge,
heading.

B. *Beif'ig, (w.) v. tr.* to do; render; to give, to perform, accomplish; to execute; to fulfil; eine Einzahlung —, to make a payment, answer a call; billfride Hand —, to lend one's (helping) hand; einen Eid —, to take one's oath, of Eid; einen Eid nicht — wollen, to decline being sworn; er tristet mir zu wenig, he is not serviceable enough to me; jedes andere Instrument wird das Gleiche —, any other instrument will do as well; er tristet so viel wie vier andere Leute, he does the work of four other people; er kann nicht mehr —, he cannot do more work; der Bedner leistete nicht, was er sonst wohl konnte, the speaker fell below himself; Jemandem Gefelschaft —, to bear (*coll.*) to keep, a person company; Gehorham —, to yield, render, or show obedience, of Folge; Widerstah —, to offer resistance; Suldigkeit —, *see* Suldig.

Zeiß *cr.*, in comp. — **ab**(*ce*), *n. Surg.* inguinal abscess; — **an**(*we*), *n. see* **Echlsch**;
— **ar**(*be*), *f. Ag.* superficial or insignificant
work; — **bäuer**, *n. pl. Anat.* inguinal ligaments;
Surg. — **beule**, *f.* bubo; — **br**(*uch*), *n.* bubo-
necrosis, inguinal hernia; — **br**(*ist*), *f. Anat.*
inguinal gland; — **br**(*ist*)**sch**(*wa*)**rs**, *f. see*
— **beule**; — **ge**(*ge*), *f. see* **Zeiß**, 3; — **ge**(*le*)**n**, *n.*
see **Eysprung**; — **hö**(*el*), *n. Join.* moulding-
plane, ogee-plane; — **hö**(*fe*), *f. Med.* retention
or retraction of the testis within the inguinal
region, parorchidium; — **höl**(*z*), *n.* wood fit for
making laths; — **u**(*gel*), *m. T. plug*; pin;
wooden nail; — **ig**(*en*), *m. Comm.* coupon,
check; — **ig**(*ne*)**ber**, *m.* last-maker; — **thür**, *f.*
batten door; — **ver**(*ba*)**n**, *m. Surg.* inguinal
bandage; — **we**(*r*), *m.* acrostic; — **we**(*n*), *m.*
a superior wine of Würzburg; — **we**(*r*), *n.* **Archit.**
beading, bordering, garnish.

Leistung, (n.) *f.* the (act of) doing, rendering, &c., performance, execution; tüchtige *f*-en, useful services.

Zeikungsbüchig, I. adj. able; II. **Ze-zeit**, (w. f. ability): T. power or effect (of a machine).
Zeit, (adv.), n. *provinc.* (*S. G.*) spiritus, gin.
Zeit' ..., in comp., &c. I. —**arm**, m. crank;
 —**artikel**, m. leading article; leader: —**band**,
 n. leading string; II. *often used to denote*
specimens or forms characteristic of a cer-
tain formation or period in geology, &c.
 —**fossil**, n. principal (lit. leading) fossil,
 —**muschel**, f., —**muschel**, f. characteristic shell,
 plant, &c.

Zeit'bar, *adj.* that may be led, manageable.
Zeit'baum, (*str., pl.* Z-bäume) *m. Min.* con-
ducting-pole.

Seit's, (w.) *f.* 1) declivity, slope; 2) cask or tub for transporting fish; 3) wine-vat.

Sei'ten, (w.) v. tr. to lead, conduct, guide,
manage: Hopfen an Stangen in die Höhe —,
to carry hops up on poles; to convey; to draw
off; auf den rechten Weg —, to put into the
right way; zum Guten —, to sway to good;
andern wohin —, to turn off; sich — lassen, to be
docile, tractable, manageable: 2. to re-
collect one's self by (the traces, &c.); i-b., p.
a. *Phys.* conducting; der I-de Körper, *Phys.*
conductor: i-de Ausschuss, head-committee.

Sei'ter, *I. (str.)* m. 1) leader, guide, conductor; 2) Phys. conductor (of electricity); 3) *Surg.* director; *II. (s.)* f. 1) ladder; 2) scale; 3) rack of a wagon; 4) *pl. Mar.* fenders, skids; *III. (w comp.)* —baum, m. 1) ladder-beam or check; 2) peg-ladder; —förmig, *adj.* in the form of a ladder; —gang, m., —gerüst, n. mason's ladder; —reut, n. right of setting a ladder in neighbouring premises; —stufe, f. ladder-step, rung, round.

—flange, *f. see* —baum, 2; —tonne, *f.* carrier's vat; —wagen, *m.* open-sided or open-spar-waggon, rack-waggon.

Seit ..., in comp. —(aden, m. 1) leading-line; —**st**, a) guide, text-book, elements (of an art or science); b) clue; —(fügig, adj. 1) able to be led, *etc.*; 2) *Phys.* a) capable of conducting; b) conductible; —(feuer, n. *Min.* train of gunpowder; —(fisch, m. *Ichth.* a species of cod (*Gadus minutus* L.); —(form, f. leading or characteristic form, see **Seit** ..., in comp. II.; —(geb, m. *provinc.* (S. G.) keeper of a gin-shop; —(gesang, m. a song in which one leads, catch, canon; —(graben, m. 1) waste-ditch, drain-ditch; 2) feeder, catch; —(haar, n. see **Flachsfleide**; —(hammer, m. bell-wether; —(haus, n. *provinc.* gin-shop; —(hund, m. *Sport.* lime-bound, limo; —(lasten, m. see **Stinne**; —(lauf, m. see **Seitlauf**; —(mittel, n. vehicle; —(maßeßel, n. *Seit* ..., in comp. II.; —(nagel, m. T. guide-nail; —(rahmen, m. *Mech.* guiding frame; —(riemen, m. loash, driving-rein; —(ring, m. head ring; —(rinne, f. 1) *Surg.* director; 2) *Fort.* a small trough made of boards

to prevent the powder in the sandison from contracting any dampness, (*Fr.*) *jaugé*-röhre, *f. T.* conduit-pipe; —rolle, *f. T.* guide-pulley; —*stiege*, *f. Baste*, counter-rail, guard-rail, side-rail, safety-rail; —*stift*, *m. Mar.* descrier; —*seil*, *m.* 1) guide-line, guide-rope; leading or rope-line; leash; 2) *fig.* leading-string; 3) *Mar. see* —tau, 2; —*seile*, *f.* off or right side in driving; 2—*mann*, *m. see* *Seilstrichmann*; —*stange*, *f. Mech.* 1) radius bar; 2) conducting rod; —*stempel*, *m. see* —arm; —*stern*, *m.* leading star, north or polar star, *fig.* guiding star; guide; beacon-(light); —*stimmte*, *f.* leading or principal voice or part; —*strahl*, *m. Astr.* radius vector, conducting ray; —*strid*, *m. see* —seil; —*tau*, *m.* 1) *see* —seil; 2) *Mar.* ladder or man-rope; —*ton*, *m. Mus.* leading note, the sharp of the scale; *sensible* note.

Sei'tung, (w.) f. a leading, &c. cf. *Zeiten*, guidance; direction, management; *Phys.* conduction; *E.-en. &c. Railw.* switches, point-rails.

Leitungs..., *in comp.* —**draht**, *m.* conducting or telegraph-wire; —**fähigkeit**, *f.*, —**vermögen**, *n.* conductivity; —**kraft**, *f.* *Phys.* conducting power; —**regel**, *f.* prescription; —**röhre**, *f.* conduit pipe; —**sonde**, *f.* *Surg.* itinerarium, *see* **Leiter**, 3.

Seit' ..., in comp. —wagen, *m.* Mar. sweep of the tiller; —waage, *f.* leading pulley; —gann, *m.* rein; —zeichen, *n.* Mus. direct. a character placed at the end of a stave to direct the performer to the first note of the next stave; —geng, *n.* vehicle; —zungen, *f.* pl. Railw. switches, point-rails.

Sem'mer, Sem'ming, (str.) m. Zool. lemming, Lapland marmot (*Lemmus norvegicus* Worm.). [or Turkish earth.

Lem'nian, *adj.* Lemnian; I-e Erde, Lemnian
Lem'mur, (*str.*, *pl.* [w.] 2-en) *m.* 1) Zool.
lemur (*Lemur catta* L.); 2) *pl.* 2-en, *Rom.*
Myth. Lemures.

Ḑen'che, (scr.) *n.* *dimin. of Zene.*
Ḑen'be, (sc.) *f.* loin; hip, haunch; thigh;
 an den Ḑ-n gehörig, *Anat. lumbar.*

Gen'den..., in comp. pertaining to the loins, *Anat.* lumbal; —*braten*, *m.* roast loin, baron of beef, sirloin; —*aflecht*, *n.* lumbal

-*born* of *bone*, *Latin*; -*gering*, *German*, *Latinate*.
nerves: -*gout*, *f.* lumbar region; -*gird*,
f. hip-gout, sciatica; -*grief*, *m.* gravel in
 the loins or kidneys; -*knock*, *m.* hip-bone;
 -*fract*, *adj.* affected with sciatica; -*trans-*
mitt, *f.* 1) sciatica; 2) rickets; -*lamin*, *adj.*
 hip-shot, weak-loined: -*lamin**mitt*, *f.* lame-
 ness in the hip; -*müttel*, *m.* Anal. psoas;
 -*ömer*, *m.* see *wech*; -*stein*, *m.* 1) stone
 in the kidneys; 2) *Minor*. nephrite; -*stüd*,
n. see -*strät*; -*wech*, *n.* lumbago, hip-gout.
vertebrae: -*wirbel*, *m.* Anal. lumbar vertebra.

l-ern Zeit, latterly, in those later
 seinem l-en Witzengange, with his
 path; unser ergebenst'gste, our last
 III. or Reite, *f. coll. end.* conclu-
 sive —, at the end, at last; zu guter
 — the (or in) conclusion, to finish well.
 8. Reith'ly, *adv.* lately, of late, the
 newly, shortly, not long ago.
 er, *adj. (compar. of Reist)* the latter,
 two objects).

., in comp. — erwidert, — genannt,
 mentioned, last named; — jährlig,
 last year; — lebende, *m. & f.* sur-
 viving, *adv. (+ &)* * for Röm.

., I. or Reu'e, *(w.) f. Mar.* whip-
 dory. *Mar.* not sufficiently bent.
 ..., in comp. — anlag, *m. T. gas-*
 — a gas-pipe; — affel, *f. Entom.*
 a centipede (*Geophilus electricus* L.).
 (w.) *f. 1* light, lamp, lantern;
 — eye of a stag; 3) *Bot. a* scorpion-
 beetle L.; 4) white boardwood (*Mar-*
 — *lyra* L.); 4) blaze on a horse's fore-

ren, *(w.) v. intr. 1* to light, to
 shine; to beam, to gleam (in
 &c.); 2) *coll.* to lighten; das Wetter
 lightens; Einem heim, nach Hause
 light one home; 3. *coll. a* to de-
 — as under Stein; in die Augen —, *Ag-*
 ent, *f. Einleuchten*; — Sie mir hier,
 a light this way; laßet Euer Licht
 leuchten. (Matth. 5. 16), let your
 shine before men; l-b, *p. a* shining,
 lht, luminous, lustrous; das —, *(str.)*
 act of beaming, &c. *Phys.* coruscation;
 —, phosphorescence of the sea.

re, *s. i. (str.) m. 1* he that lights,
 2) candlestick; 3) see Leuchter;
 —, *arm, m.* arm of a candlestick
 —, *baum, m.* see Kandelbaum;
 —, *f. Bot.* wax-flower (*Ceropegia*); —
 —, *incht, 1*; —, *fuß, m.*, —, *gestell, m.*
 candlesticks; —, *incht, m. 1* socket,
 a candlestick; 3) see Leuchter;
 —, *f. see* Leuchtmantel; —, *fäule,*
 —, *trüger, m.* stand for candle-
 —, *andle, stand*; —, *ständer, n. Zooph.*
 sea-nettle (*Lucernaria* Müll.).

..., in comp. —, *affel, f.* torch;
 —, *light, beacon*; —, *gas, n.* illuminat-
 —, *lifer, m. Entom.* glow-worm,
lampyris splendidula Fabricius); —
 —, *illuminating power of gas &c.*;
 —, *f. fire-ball, light-ball, pl. Roman*
 —, *löh, n. see* —; —, *pfanne, f.*
 —, *plg, m. Bot.* phosphorescent aga-
 —, *ucus lucens*); —, *raute, f.* rocket-
 —, *stübe, f.* lighting-hole in a
 —, *ven*; —, *fäule, f. Archt.* hollow col-
 —, *a winding staircase inside*; —, *schiff,*
 —, *floating light (vessel)*; —, *span, m.*
 —, *in lieu of a candle*; —, *stein, m. Bo-*
 —, *logian stone*; —, *stoss, m. photo-*
 —, *graphie, n. pl.* insects that shine in the
 —, *sturm, m.* light-house, beacon, pha-
 —, *rotafeste, pl.* light-house-charges;
 —, *m. see* —; —, *lifer.*
 see Ren, B.

., *(w.) v. l. tr. 1* *Mar.* to haul in
 off by turns; 2) to unload (bulk-
 means of the girt-line; II. *intr.* to
 —, *ow.*
 haft, *adj. see* Röhrenhaft.
 Röhre, *(w.) f.* Hon-like strength.
 ren, see Röhren.
 sub, *(str.) m. obsolescent, renoun,*

report, repute, fame; bösen — machen, to ca-
 luminate.

Ren'tau, *(str.) n. Mar.* whip-rope (Reue).
 Ren'ten, *pl. (dimin. of Reute)* good people.
 Ren'te, *s. l. pl.* people, men, persons, folks;
 the world; meine —, my servants, domestics;
 unter die — gehen, to go into the world, to
 mix with society; etwas unter die — bringen,
 to spread abroad; to circulate; ich sage zu den
 2-n (der Welt), I give out; so sprechen alle
 faulen —, 'tis thus the idle ever say; wir sind
 geschickte —, we have done; er kennt seine —,
 he knows who is who; II. — betrüger, *m.*
coll. common cheat.

Ren'tern, *(w.) v. intr. Lute, see* Röhren.
 Ren'te..., in comp. —, *shun, adj.* shunning
 company. bashful, misanthropical; —, *schinder,*
 —, *plager, —, scherer, m.* tormentor, tyrant.

Ren'tnant, see Ren'tnant.
 Ren'tsig, *adj.* humane, gentle, affable,
 courteous, condescending, kind, easy, fami-
 liar; easy to be spoken to; II. 2-heit, *(w.)*
f. humanity, gentleness, affability, courtesy,
 kindness, amiableness.

Ren'twägen, *(str.) m. Mar.* — des Ruder-
 sweep of the tiller; — der Befehlshoht, lea-
 fang.

* Reuante, *f. (Hal.) Geogr.* Levant, east.
 — Reuanti'sch, *pl. Comm.* Levant-traders.
 — Reuanti'sch, *adj.* Levantine; l-e Rische, Sy-
 rian potash; l-e Röhren, Levantine coffee-
 beans; l-e Röhrenröhre, Adrianople red.

* Reuer (*pron. l'evr*), *(str., pl. 2-8) n.* levere.
 * Reu'than, *(str., pl. 2-8) m. (Hebr.)*
 levithan.

* Reu'tren, *(w.) v. tr. see* Röhren.
 * Reu'tren, *(str.) v. tr. (Fr.) Comm.* to or-
 der a protest, to get protested.

* Reu't, *(w.) m. Jew. Rel.* levite; Einem
 den or die 2-en lehen, *vulg.* to read one a lec-
 —, — Reu'te, *(w.) f. (Fr.)* a kind of gar-
 —, — Reu'tisch, *adj.* levitical.

Reu't, *(str.) m. Minor.* leucite.

Reu't'sche, *(w.) f. (coll. Reu't'sch, (str.) m.)*
Bot. stock-gillflower (*Matthiola incana* L.).
 Reu'tsch, *(str.) m. provinc. (Switz.) see* Raps.
 Reu't, *(w.) f., m. & n. vulg.* reprimand,
 lesson.

* Reu'ton, *(str., pl. Reu'ton, Dat. usually*
[Lat.] Reu'ton) n. (Lat. from the Gr. lexikon)
 lexicon, dictionary. — Reu'tograph, *(w.) m.*
 lexicographer. — Reu'tographie, *(w.) f.* lexi-
 —, *cography.* — Reu'tographisch, Reu'tisch,
adj. lexicographic(al).

Reu't, *Mar. see* Reu't.

Reu'ten, *m. Geogr.* Leyden (a town in Hol-
 land). — Reu'ter, *adj.* of (or relating to)
 Leyden; die Reu'ter Röhre, *Elect.* Leyden
 phial or jar, electrical jar.

Reu'ter, *see* Reu'ter.

* Reu'te, *(w.) f. (Fr.) Bot.* liana.

Reu'ton, *m. Geogr.* Lebanon, Libanus.

* Reu'tion, *(w.) f. (Lat.) libation* (wine
 offerings in honour of some deity, &c.).

* Reu't, *(str.) n. (Lat.) libel.*

* Reu't'sche, *(w.) f. (Lat.) 1* level *a* see

Wasserleitung; *b* see Wasserwage; 2) see

Wasserleitung.

* Reu't'schen, *(w.) v. tr. (L. Lat.) Lute,*

1) to file (a writ or indictment); 2) to declare

upon (an action of debt, &c.); Reu't'sche Schiffs,

sued debt. — Reu't'sch, *(w.) m. (Lat.) libeller.*

* Reu't'sch, *adj.* liberal. — Reu't'schaft,

(w.) f. liberality.

* Reu't'schium, *(str., pl. 2-rien) n. Lute,*

acquistal.

Reu't'sch, *m. Geogr.* Libya.

Reu't'sch, *(str.) m., Reu't'sch, adj.* Libyan.

* Reu't'sch, *(str.) m. (Lat.)* —, *gelb, n.* im-

post, tax, excise; —, *brief, m. Comm.* permit;

—, *cluneymer, m.* exciseman.

* Reu't'sch, *(w.) m. Ac.* licentiate, onco

who has a license to preach, &c.; sergoant
 at law.

* Reu't'sch..., in comp. —, *hammer, custom-*
 —, *house*; —, *schreiber, m.* clerk of the excise.

* Reu't'sch, *(w.) f.* license, cf. Reu't'sch.

Reu't, *I. adj.* light (*opp.* bunfel); —, *blau,*
 —, *grün, —, roth &c.,* light or pale blue, green,
 red, &c.; clear, bright, lucid, lustrous;
 shining; light-coloured, bright, gay (of col-
 —, *ours); l-e Röhren, wide meshes (of a net); l-e*
 —, *Röhren, open woods; l-e Röhre, Mech.*
 &c. width in the clear; —, *saßen, to set at*
giorno (jewels); die Reihen wurden l-er, the
 rows or ranks became thinned; der l-e Augen-
 —, *Med.* lucid interval; —, *machen, see*
 —, *Reu'ten, tr.; II. das 2-e, s. (decl. like adj.) n.*
 open space, &c.; *Bauk., &c.* clear; (das Fenster-
 —, *lichte) day, light (of a window); intermediate*
 —, *space; das 2-e im Walde, see Röhre; wir*
 —, *gelaugten wieder ins 2-e, we got into broad*
 —, *daylight once more; im Röhren, Mech., &c.* in
 the clear, inside diameter.

Reu't, *(str.) n. I. 1) Phys. & fg.* light;
 2) candle-light; II. (*pl. 2-er*) 1) heavenly body,
 luminary (*also fg.* one who enlightens man-
 —, *kind); 2) pl. Sport.* eyes (of a deer, &c.); 3)
 —, *Archit.* opening; clear, &c. see (das) Röhre; 4)
 —, *see Röhre; III. (pl. 2-e) candle; (candle-)*
 —, *light; das volle —, full moon; das halbe —, half*
 —, *moon; im 2-e, Archt.* see im Röhren; gegen
 —, *das — halten, to hold to the light; mit an-*
 —, *brechendem 2-e, at dawn; ans — gehen, to*
 —, *make known; 2. to publish (a book); ans —*
 —, *(der Öffentlichkeit) treten, 1. (of writers, &c.)*
 —, *to appear before the public; 2) or ans —*
 —, *kommen, (of a work) to be published, to ap-*
 —, *pear, to come to light; hinter das — führen,*
 —, *coll.* to dupe, *vulg.* bamboozle; sich von Je-
 —, *mand hinter das — führen lassen, to become*
 —, *one's dupe; Einem im 2-e stehen, to stand*
 —, *in one's light; sich (selbst) im 2-e stehen, to*
 —, *frustrate one's own purposes, to prevent*
 —, *one's own good; ans dem 2-e gehen, to stand*
 —, *(got) out of one's light; — in eine Sache*
 —, *bringen, to throw light upon a matter; jetzt*
 —, *wird mir ein — angeleitet (geht mir ein — auf),*
 —, *now I begin to see daylight or clearly; Einem*
 —, *das — halten, fg.* to assist; beim hellen Tage
 —, *ein — brennen, to burn daylight; das wird*
 —, *mir ein faßliches — auf die Sache, that places the*
 —, *affair in a wrong light; ein ungünstiges —*
 —, *werfen, to reflect discredit (auf with Acc.),*
 —, *upon; bei —, by candle-light; bei(m) 2-e be-*
 —, *schreiben, to examine narrowly; das — der Welt*
 —, *erleuchten, to see the light, i. e. to be born.*

Reu't..., in comp. —, *abwärt'stung, f.* phase;
 —, *aber, f. 1* temporal, vein (of horses);
 2) *Sport.* lactal vein (of deer); —, *arbeit, f.*
 —, *work done by candle-light; —, arm, adj.* dimly
 —, *lighted, dim; —, angte, n. see Glasangte, 2;*
 —, *auslöcher, m. see —; dämpfer; —, baum, m.*
 —, *see Röhre; baum; —, bild, n. 1) photogenic or*
 —, *photographic drawing or picture; photograph;*
 2) *lithophany (in porcelain); —, biberbrud,*
 —, *m. photography; —, blatt, —, blättchen, n. T.*
 —, *foil; —, bild, m. 1) flash of light, glimpse;*
 2) *fg.* (bright) ray, gleaming, spark (of hope,
 &c.); —, *blume, f. see Herbschützle; —, braun,*
 —, *adj.* light-brown, bay, see Röhre; —, *brechend,*
 —, *adj.* refracting light; —, *brechung, f.* refraction
 —, *of light; —, breite, f. T.* clear breadth; —, *brut,*
 —, *n.* dipping-frame (of chandlers); —, *bruder,*
 —, *m.* illuminate; —, *büchel, n. Opt.* luminous
 —, *tuft, see —, legel.*

Reu't'sch, *(str.) n. (provinc. & * Röhre),*
[str.] n.; dimin. of Röhre; coll. pl. Röhre'schen)
 small candle, light, &c.

Reu't..., in comp. —, *dämpfer, m.* extin-
 —, *guisher; —, docht, m.* candle wick; —, *dunst, m.*
 —, *luminous vapour.*

Reu't'sch, *(w.) f. 1* see Röhre; 2) *Agr.*
 —, *plough-lever.*

...; -Bedürfnis, *n.* want or desire of
to love; -berg, *m.* see Venus-
-Bewerbung, *f.* protestation of love;
-ung, *f.* love-suit; -blid, *m.* amorous
ate look; -blümen, *n.* Bot. daisy
-blüten, *f.* pl. Med. Venus-
-bote, *m.*, -botin, *f.* messenger
of a lover; -brief, *m.* love-letter;
-n, billet-doux; -brunst, *f.* ardour;
-re; -brüustig, *adj.* burning or hot
-bund, *m.* alliance of love; -casse,
a charitable institution; -dichter,
poet; -diener, *f.* see Liebediener;
friendly service; -drang, *m.* ar-
-erklärung, *f.* declaration of
self, *f.* * flame of love; -feuer, *n.*
-fieber, *n.* 1) Med. green sickness,
2) *fig.* love-fever; -flamme, *f.*
love; -gabe, *f.* 1) see -geschenk;
-le gift; -gedanke, *m.* love-thought;
-love-poem; erotic, amorous poem;
-n, enjoyment of love; -geschenk,
-y; -gesichte, *f.* love-tale; (see
love-discourse; -glück, *n.* happiness
love; successful love; -glut, *f.*
-our of love; -gott, *m.* the God of
-id; -götter, *pl.* Loves; -göttin, *f.*
-ess of Love, Venus; -gras, *n.* Bot.
-grass (*Brisa media* L.); -handel, *m.*
-love or amorous intrigue, amour;
-love-match; -hof, *m.* court of
German name of the *cours d'amour*,
in the history of chivalry), floral
-sch, *adj.* love-sick.
... in comp. -kampf, *m.* 1) amorous
combat or struggle against love;
natural, love-begotten child, love-
-age, *f.* amorous complaint; -nacht,
-to love; -noten, *m.* love-knot;
-adj. love-sick; -frankheiten, *f.* pl.
distempers; -föhn, *adj.* bold in love;
-pl. arts, artifices of love; -fuß,
of love, loving kiss; -feste, *pl.*
-ples; -lieb, *n.* love-song, amorous
song; -lich, *adj.* amorous or
-löse, *f.* see -flamme; -last,
-e of love; -maß, *n.* love-feast;
ersten Christen, Eccl. agape; -narr,
-ous fool; -neigung, *f.* amorous
-noth, *f.* see -pein; -opfer, *n.*
-e made to love; 2) victim of love;
-loving pair, couple, lovers; -pein,
-of love; -pfand, *n.* pledge of love,
-pfest, *m.* dart of love; -pflicht,
-le duty; -poesie, *f.* amatory poetry;
-see -pein; -ritter, *m.* one who
quest of love-adventures, a gay
-roman, *m.* amatory novel, love-
-re, *f.* see -handel; -ranger, *m.* see
-schleife, *f.* see -noten; -schwur,
-of love; 2) a lover's oath; -schude,
-disease; -seufzer, *m.* sigh of love;
-flirtation; dalliance; -sprache, *f.*
-of love; amorous language; -stern,
-mign or propitious to love.
... in comp. -strahlend, -sprechend,
-nd, *adj.* love-darting, love-speaking.
... in comp. -stid, *n.* love-feast;
-f, crazed with love; -trant, *m.*
love-potion, charm; -unglück, *n.*
-tment in love; -verhältniß, *n.*
-ip with, connection; -verständnis,
-handel; 2) love secret; -werbung,
-uit, address; -wert, *n.* work of
-ms-deed; -wonne, *f.* delight of
-orte, *n.* pl. loving-words; -wuth,
-st, rage of love; 2) Med. a) saty-
-see Wutternuth; -zauber, *m.*
-love; -geheim, *n.* love-favour,
-under, *m.* *fig.* love-bait, enticement

Liebt' thätig, *I. adj.* charitable; II. 2-feit,
f. charity.
Liebe..., *in comp.* -trunken, *adj.* intox-
icated with love; -voll, *adj.* affectionate; -
wund, *adj.* love-stricken.
Lieb'raut ..., *in comp.* Bot.-s. -bettstroh,
our lady's bedstraw (*Galium verum* L.); -
firche, *f.* St. Mary's (church); -mantel, *m.*
lady mantle (*Alchemilla vulgaris* L.); -milch,
f. a sort of Rhenish wine.
Lieb'häber, (*str.*) *m.*, Lieb'häberin, (*u.*)
f. 1) lover, friend, admirer; (*in an ill sense*)
paramour; 2) a) amateur; b) person inclined
to take or buy a thing, purchaser, buyer,
taker; dieses Muster findet viele -, this kind
of pattern finds great favour; dieser Wein ist
mehrt für den - als für den Kenner, this sort
of wine is rather for particular tastes than
for judges of wine; 3) Theat. stage-lover,
actor performing or acting the part of a lover
(-rolle, *f.*); -bühne, *f.* see -theater; -con-
cert, *n.* private concert.
Lieb'häberci, (*u.*) *f.* fondness, fancy,
amateurship; favourite amusement or occu-
pation; aus -, for one's (own) pleasure.
Lieb'häberisch, *adj.* & *adv.* having or be-
traying amateurship, fondness; amateur-like.
Lieb'häbertheater, *n.* private theatre; ein
auf einem - Spielender, amateur performer.
Lieb'herzen, Lieb'töten, (*u.* & *insep.*,
sometimes * *sep.*) *v. tr.* to caress, fondle,
cherish, soothe, hug; *fig.* to smile upon, to
favour; der Liebe Ton, endearing tone.
Lieb'töter, (*str.*) *m.*, Lieb'töterin, (*u.*) *f.*
one who caresses, fondles.
Lieb'tölung, (*u.*) *f.* a caressing, &c.; caress,
blandishment; *fig.* smile (of fortune, &c.);
-swort, *n.* caressing or soothing word.
Lieb'ter, (*str.*) *m.*, Lieb'terin, (*u.*) *f.*
trifler, flirt.
Lieb'tich, *I. adj.* lovely, amiable, delightful,
charming, sweet, delicious; II. 2-feit, (*u.*)
f. loveliness, &c., charm.
Lieb'ting, (*str.*) *m.* favourite, darling, pet.
Lieb'tings..., *in comp.* favourite; -essen,
-gericht, *n.* favourite dish; -idee, *f.* favourite
idea; -find, *n.* favourite child, darling, pet;
-laster, *n.* besetting vice; -plan, *m.* fa-
vourite plan; -redensart, *f.* pet-phrase; -
sohn, *m.* darling-son; -sünde, *f.* besetting
sin; -thorheit, *f.* pet-folly; -tugend, *f.*
darling-virtue; -wunsch, *m.* master-wish.
Lieb'tös, *I. adj.* without love or affection,
loveless; unkind, uncharitable; II. Lieb'tösig-
keit, (*u.*) *f.* unkindness, uncharitableness.
Lieb'treich, *adj.* kind, kind-hearted, sweet-
natured, sweet, benevolent, friendly; gegen
Jemand - gefinnt sein, to have a tender
regard for a person.
Lieb'treich, (*str.*) *m.* grace.
Lieb'treichend, *adj.* charming, graceful, sweet.
Lieb'tschaft, (*u.*) *f.* 1) love, love affair or
connection; amour, intrigue; 2) lover, mistress.
Lieb'te, (*superl.* of Lie & Gern) *I. adj.*
dearest, most favourite; most agreeable;
am I-n, best of all; am I-n haben, to like
most or best (of all); ich habe sie bei weitem
am I-n, I love her far the best; II. *s. m. & f.*
(*decl. like adj.*) beloved object, beloved, love;
spouse; cf. Geliebte.
Lieb'tüdel, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. heartwort, com-
mon lovage (*Ligusticum levisticum* L.).
Lieb'treichheit, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*Chamisso*, Lü-
wenbraut, *l. u.*) to caress fondly.
Lieb'twirth, (*u.*) *f.* dearly beloved.
A. Lieb, Lie, (*str.*, *pl.* Lieber) *n.* lid (little
used, except in comp.).
B. Lieb, (*str.*, *pl.* Lieber) *n.* song, air,
ballad, ditty; ein geistliches -, (*lit.* a spiritual
song) psalm, hymn; das alte -, see die alte
Lieder; das hohe - Salomonis, Song of Solo-
mon; immer dasselbe - wiederholen, to ring

the changes (hinsichtlich, upon); ein anderes
- anstimmen, to change one's note; das ist
das Ende vom L-e, *provinc.* that's the end or
upshot of the matter.
Lieb'ten, (*str.*; *coll. pl.* Lieberchen) *n.*
(*dimin.* of Lieb) little song, tune, ditty.
Lieber..., *in comp.* -artig, *adj.* song-like;
in the manner of a song; -buch, *n.* song-
book; hymn-book; -componist, *m.* composer
of songs; -dichter, *m.* song-writer; lyrical poet;
-dichtung, *f.* song-writing. [*artig*]
Lieberhaft, Liebermäßig, *adj.* see Lieber-
Lieberjahn, (*str.*) *m.* see (Bruder) Lieberlich.
Lieberkrantz, (*str.*, *pl.* 2-fränge) *m.* garland
of songs.
Lieberlich, *I. adj.* loose: 1) careless, neg-
ligent, slovenly; disorderly; 2) dissolute,
immoral, wicked, vicious, rakish, ribald,
debauched; I-es Haus, brothel; Bruder -,
Haus -, Jack Rake, scapegrace; II. 2-feit,
(*u.*) *f.* 1) negligence, carelessness, slovenli-
ness; 2) disorderly conduct, dissoluteness;
looseness.
Liebern, (*u.*) *v. tr. T.* to line (with leather),
to leather, to pack (with hemp).
Lieber..., *in comp.* -reich, *adj.* rich in
songs, melodious; -sammlung, *f.* collection
of songs; -sänger, *m.* singer; ballad-singer;
minstrel; -spiel, *n.* vaudeville; -tafel, *f.*
singing-club; -tanz, *m.* dance in which songs
are introduced. [*packing, stuffing*]
Lieberung, (*u.*) *f.* Mech. (hemp, metallic)
Liebervers, (*str.*) *m.* strophe.
Lieberwag, (*str.*) *m.* *, flight of song (or
of lyric poetry).
Lieberwürth, *adj.* *, worthy of being sung.
Liese, (*u.*) *m.* see Liebländer.
Lieferant, (*u.*), Lieferer, (*str.*) *m.* pur-
veyor, contractor, provider, furnisher; *fig.*
caterer (of news, &c.).
Liefern, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to purvey, furnish,
provide with, supply; 2) to deliver, give,
hand; to yield, produce (oil, &c.), to put out
(coals); einen guten Ertrag -, to give a good
result; zu -, to be delivered or deliverable
(an das Schiff, at the ship's side); zu welchem
Preise darf ich ihm -? at what price may
I let him have it? *fig.* -e eine Schlacht -,
to give (or fight a) battle; er lieferte ihm eine
Schlacht, he gave him battle; er ist geliefert,
coll. he is lost, undone, gone, he is a gone, ruined
man, he is done for; jetzt habt ihr ihn und uns
geliefert, *coll.* you have done for him and for
us now; den Beweis -, to show, furnish, or
afford proof; einen Beweis mehr -, to afford
additional proof.
Liefererschein, (*str.*) *m.* see Lieferungschein.
Lieferung, (*u.*) *f.* 1) provision; a) the
act of purveying, &c.; b) supply, purveyance;
2) deliverance, delivery; 3) Books. (successive)
part, number, issue; eine in L-en erscheinende
Schrift, a serial (publication); L-en aufschrei-
ben, 1. to put up for contract; 2. to make
requisitions; auf -, for or on delivery or pro-
vision; L-en für die Regierung übernehmen,
to undertake contracts for government; Kauf
auf -, 1. purchase on delivery; 2. bargain for
account, time-bargain; Kauf auf tägliche -,
option purchase, delivery from day to day;
auf feste (für) -, on fixed certain delivery.
Lieferungs..., *in comp.* -contract, *m.*
see -vertrag; -cour, price on account;
-geld, -hen, -horn, -stroh, *n.*, &c. *f.* money
hay, corn, straw, &c. contracted for; Kauf
mit -prämie, call; -geschäfte, *pl.* 1) contract
business; 2) bargains for account, time-
bargains; -preis, *m.* contracting price; -
schein, *m.* 1) bill of delivery, receipt; 2) order,
warrant; -termin, *m.* settling-days; -ver-
trag, *m.* contract for provision or delivery;
negotiation for time; -weise, *I. adj.* serial
(publication, &c.); II. *adv.* in (monthly, &c.)

parts or numbers; —zahl, *f.* number to be delivered or contracted for.

Riefter(nungs)zeit, (*w.*) *f.* Comm-s. time or term for (or of) delivery: — in acht Tagen, to be delivered in eight days; — so kurz als möglich, delivery to be made as soon as possible; ich bewillige Ihnen 14 Tage —, I grant you a fortnight delivery.

Riefland, *n. Geogr.* Livonia; Riefländer, (*str.*) *m.*, Riefländisch, *adj.* Livonian, Live.

Riege ..., *in comp.* —amboss, *m.* copper-smith's anvil; —anker, *m.* Mar. moorings; —geld, *n.* (payment for) demurrage; —haus, *n.* quarantine-house.

Riegen, (*str.*) *v. i. inder.* (aus. haben & sein) 1) to lie; 2) to incline, lean; 3) a) to rest; b) to be situated or placed, to stand; c) to be; 4) to be ill, sick; 5) vor einem Plage —, to sit down before a place, to besiege a town; 6) *fig.* to be at a stand-still, to be low (of business, &c.), *cf.* Darniederliegen; vor Anker —, auf der Rebe —, to ride or lie at anchor, to ride at the roads; bist du im Winde —, to be upon (or by) the wind; voll von ... —, to be covered with; *Rec-s.* in Parade —, to be in parade; im Verticell —, to have an advantage, a favourable attitude; *coll-s.* in den Wirtshäusern —, to frequent taverns; Einem in den Rücken —, to tell one the same thing over and over again, to importune; er kam zu —, he had to keep his bed; ein dichter Nebel lag über der Stadt, a dense fog hung over the town; das Pferd liegt schwer in der Fehd, *Mss.* the horse bodes, is hard or leather-mouthed; es liegt eine Befestigung in der Stadt, the town has a garrison, is garrisoned; im Streite, im Prozesse —, to be engaged in a contest, a law suit; einander or sich (*Dat.*) immer in den Haaren —, to be always quarrelling; im Regen —, to clog the stomach; es liegt mit auf der Brust, my chest is oppressed; es liegt mir schwer in den Gliedern, I have or feel a heaviness in my limbs; mit einander vor Gericht —, to be at law; über den Büchern —, to pore over (upon) books, to plod at one's books; wie die Erde liegt, as the case stands; auf Einem —, to lie, weigh, hang, or press upon one; es liegt außer meinem Plane, it is alien from my purpose; diese Vermuthung liegt mir fern, this supposition is far from me; es lag in meiner Absicht, it was my intention; der Grund davon liegt in (*with Dat.*) the cause of it lies in ...; die Verticelle liegen in (*with Dat.*), the advantages reside in ...; es liegt im Wesen der Liebe, it is in the nature of love; diese Bedeutung liegt nicht in dem Worte, this meaning is not implied in the word; es liegt nicht darin, *coll.* it is not in the nature of things; in seiner Antwort lag es, his answer implied ...; — bleiben, to remain; to be left, forgotten; to remain unsold; die Ballen — noch unterfaßt, the bales hang heavily on hand; der Brief blieb —, the letter was not sent; der Fuhrmann mußte — bleiben, the waggoner was obliged to put up on the way; ich habe das Geld bereit —, I have the money ready; — haben, to have, possess; to have in store, in the collar; — lassen, to leave; to let remain, to leave behind; not to touch; to discontinue; eine Arbeit — lassen, to drop a work, to leave a work undone; lassen Sie die Waare für meine Rechnung —, *Comm.* leave the goods for my account; — und stehen lassen, to neglect, leave in disorder; am Tage, vor Augen —, to be manifest, clear, &c.; Alles auf sich — haben, to be charged with everything; am Tode —, to lie (or to be) at the point of death; an Einem or an einer Sache —, to consist in, depend upon, proceed from, to lie with (one), to be the fault of, to be attributable to, to result from; die Zügerung liegt an ihm, he is to be blamed for

the delay; das liegt hinter mir, *fig.* I have done with it; *impers.* es liegt an ihm, it depends on him; it is his (own) fault, he bears the fault, the fault rests with him; das liegt an Ihnen, that lies with you, that is your fault; wozu liegt es? what is the cause? where does the fault lie? so viel (als) an mir liegt, as much as in me lies.

II. *impers.* es liegt (mir, dir, ihm, &c.) viel, wenig, nichts, &c.) daran, es ist (mir, &c.) daran gelegen, it is of (great, little, no, &c.) consequence (to me, you, him, &c.), it signifies, matters, imports; es liegt mir nichts daran zu wissen, es ..., I do not care or am not concerned to know if ...; es liegt mir nichts an diesen Dingen, I do not care for these matters or things; was liegt daran? what of that? was liegt mir am Leben? what is death to me? wem liegt daran? who cares for, about it? liegt etwas daran? is it of any consequence? es ist mir viel an meinem Glück gelegen, your happiness is of great moment to me.

Riegen, *v. s. (str.) n.* a (state of) lying, &c.; Wein wird durch — besser, wine becomes better by keeping.

Riegen, *I. p. s. 1)* lying; recumbent; 2) Herald. couchant; 3) auf der Erde —, Bot. procumbent, trailing; 4) situated; I-e Schrift, *Typ. italica*; I-e Welle, *f. Mech.* lying or horizontal shaft; I-e Gründe, Güter, immovables, landed estates, immovable goods, real estate or property; II. *s. (died. like adj.)* das 2-e, *Mss.* (opp. das Gange) 1) (I-e) das Schilfband eines Ganges foot-wall, underlaying wall (of a lode); 2) (Sohle eines Flusses) floor, pavement, sill, thall, (of horizontal veins); sole.

2) *see* Riegenhaft.

Riegenheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) position, situation; Riegenhafte, (*str.*) *f.* s. discontinuance.

Riegenhaft, (*w.*) *f. gener. pl.* real estate (liegende Güter).

Riegeplatz, (*str.*) *pl. 2-plätze* *m.* *see* Lager. Rieger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) he who is lying (long at a place); 2) Cloth. lyer (the lower blade of a clothier's shears, *opp.* Räufer, 6.); 3) Mar. ship lying still at a place; — des Galliens, upper part of the head's knees; pl. floor-timbers (of a ship); 4) T. round blade (of the shears).

Riege ..., *in comp.* —stunde, *f. Min.* hour of rest; —tag, *m.* Mar. day of lying still; *pl.* —tage, lay-days, (days of) demurrage; (Eonnund Werttage) running days; (nur die Werttage) work-days; —zeit, *f.* 1) *see* —tage; 2) proper time that wine, &c. must be kept. Rieu, (*w.*) *f. Mar.* 1) (am Steuer, spurling) line; 2) tracking-rope; in der — laufen, to track a boat; —bahn, *f.* rope-walk; —baum, *m.* *see* Wforn.

Rieue, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Waldröbe.

Rieu ..., *in comp.* Mar-s. —garn, *n.* rope-yarn; —gut, *n.* ropes, lines; —laufen, *n.* boat-tracking; —läufer, *m.* *see* —gleiter; —pfad, *m.* track-road, towing path; —schlepper, *m.* man who coils up the harpoon-lines; —schlepper, *m.* rope-maker.

* Rienterle, (*w.*) *f. (Gr.) Mod.* lientory. — Rienterisch, *adj.* lientoric.

Rieu ..., *in comp.* Mar-s. —wächter, *m.* man who guides the towing-rope; —gleiter, *m.* person who tracks a vessel by a rope.

Rier, (*str.*) *n.* Salt-w. wall about the hearth, counter-wall. [(Typha latifolia L.).

Riesch, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. broad-leaved cat's tail Rieschen, (*str.*) *n.* (dimin. of Riese) Lamy; faul —, *see* Gänsehell.

Rieschgras, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. cat's tail, timothy grass (Phleum pratense L.).

Riese, (*w.*) *f.* 1) T. a) rail-tie; b) nosse (of a pair of bellows); 2) (dimin. Rieschen, Riesel, Rieselte, &c.) (abbr. for Elisabeth) Bess, Betty, Lizzie.

Rieken, (*w.*) *pl. Dutch.* inward fat animal along the sides.

Riespfund, (*str.*) *n.* li pound.

Ries, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Riesegele.

Rieskneuen, *pl. Mar.* keys or buttons.

* Riestenant (*fr.* lieutenant), (*str.*) *m.* (Fr.) lieutenant; 2-e Stelle, *f.* lieutenant's commission.

* Rieament', (*str.*) *n.* (Lat.) Anal. lign.

* Rieatür, (*w.*) *f.* (Lat.) Surg., T. Mus. ligature; 2-eu, *pl. Typ.* double character or types (as ff, & i).

* Rie'ren, (*w.*) *s. tr. Franc.* to engage.

* Rie're, (*str.*) *m.* (Fr.) liqueur, l. cordial; —bollen, *m.* brandy-ball; —gl. liqueur-glass; —serviet, *f.* liquor-stamp-towel, *m.* liqueur-wine.

* Rie's, (*str.*) *pl.* — & 2-e) *n.* & *adj.* —farbe, *f.* lilac-colour.

* Rie'sal, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. (Span.) B. elder, lilac (Syringa vulgaris L.).

Rie'se, (*w.*) *f.* 1) Bot. lily (Lilium); 2) Herald. flower-de-luce.

Rie'sen ..., *in comp.* —affabil, *m.* *see* affabile; —arm, —busen, —haß, *m.*, —haßant, —stirn, *f.* lily-white arm, bosom, hand, skin, forehead, &c.; —artig, *adj.* accous, resembling a lily; —blau, *adj.* as a lily; —blüte, *f.* lilaceous blossom; —m. lily-thorn (Catalpa apocynum); —fl. *adj.* lily-shaped; —grüßer, *pl.* commedia a natural order of herbaceous exotics, the spiderworts; —grün, *n.* iris-green; hübschen, *n.* Endom. lily-beetle (Lema gylla L.); —hupantse, *f.* Bot. lily-hyacinth (Hyacinthus); —läufer, *m.* *see* —hüßer; —stern, *n.* Herald. cross flower; —sternig, lily-daffodil (Hemerocallis flava L.); —oil of white lilies; —stirn, *m.* Patr. lily (Eschscholus blagayana v. Schl.); —m. white hedge-butterfly (Pontia cradus); —wasser, *n.* lily-cordial; —weiß, *adj.* as a lily, lily-white; —wurm, *m.* *see* —ger; —zwiesel, *f.* bulb of a lily-plant.

* Rie'spater, (*str.*) *m.* Lilliputian.

* Rie'ste, Rie'stete, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) lily-kind of citron.

* Rie'stiren, (*w.*) *s. tr. (Lat.)* to — Rie'stiren, (*str.*) *pl.* (Lat.) Rie'stira *n.* C. &c. price fixed or limited, limit(s); cin terre —, a greater scope, more latitude in limits; das — fortsetzen lassen, to continue the limit, to leave it unaltered or unchanged.

* Rie'sonade, (*w.*) *f.* (Fr.) lemonade.

* Rie'son'e, I. or Rie'son'e, (*w.*) *f.* lemon, pome-citron; II. *in comp.* 2-nap winter-pome-citron: 2-näsum, *m.* lemon-pome-citron tree (Citrus limonum); —f. essence for lemonade; 2-näst, *m.* lemon-juice; 2-nästale, *f.* lemon-peel.

Rie'sp, (*str.*) *m.* Forest. 1) top of a

3) new wood that grows every year on

Rie'sa, *f. P. N.* (dimin. of Carolina)

Rie'sbaum, (*str.*) *pl. 2-bäume* *m.* *see* Rie's

Rie's, Rie'se, 1) (+ &) * soft, mild (Gelb)

2) viscous, ropy (of wine). [Zwerg]

Rie'sbaum, (*str.*) *pl. 2-bäume* *m.* *see* Rie'sbaum

Rie'sbrache, (*w.*) *m.* *see* Rie'sbaum

Rie'sbe, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. lime-tree, lindes- (Tilia L.).

Rie'sben, 1. *adj.* made of linden-wood

in comp. —asser, *f.* alley of lime-trees; —

m. bast, inner bark of the linden; —

m. *see* Rie'sbe; —Bastians, *f.* linden; —

f. blossom of a linden-tree, linden-blossom; —

—Büchse, *m.* decoction of lime-blossom; —

—Bret, *n.* board of lime; —holz, *n.* l. or

lime-wood; —honig, *m.* Pharm. blossom honey; —

—Isle, *f.* linden-wood; —

—laube, *f.* arbour of linden-trees; —

—Linde, *f.* linden-tree louse (Aphis tiliae)

—maße, *f.* *see* —schwärmer; —

—pflanz, *f.*

manufacturer of shag, coarse cloth,
 (w.) f. light (white) ashes.
 (w.) v. *intr.* to blaze, to flare,

(str.) m. 1) spoon; ladle; 2) *Sport.*
 (w.) 3) see *Spalte*; 4) *Bot.* spathe;
 a spoon (ladle) full; über den —
 make pay through the nose;
 bitte man die Weisheit mit 2-n ge-
 pay or act the wiseacre; den — auf-
 to kick the bucket, to die.

(w.) in comp. —baum, m. *Bot.* kal-
 lisch, calico-bush (*Kalmia latifolia*);
 et, n. spoon-rack; spoon-shelf;
 1) *Mün.* whimble; 2) *Turn.* &c.
 ager; well-bore, well-scoop; b)
 pitische duck-nose-bit; (der pitige)
 pumpbore, pump-bit.
 (w.) f. 1) the (act) of eating with
 2) *cont.* (act or custom of) spoon-
 making, courting, &c.

(w.) in comp. —ente, f. *Ornith.*
Asio cypollia L.; —fährte, *adj.*
 ad; —gabel, f. boomed fork;
Ornith. spoon-bill (*Platalka leuco-*
garbe, f. *cont.* ill-trained or un-
 soldiers, carrying their spoons
 their hats; —fährte, f. &c. *scop.*
adj. 1) or *Söffelhaft*, coxcom-
 2) (*Swed.*) very loose, so
 hang loosely about the foot; rim
 slipshoe.

(w.) in comp. —fährte, m. spoon-tray,
 —fährte, n., —fährte, f. *Bot.* spoon-
 —grass (*Cochlearia officinalis* L.).
 (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* coll. 1) a) to
 up with a spoon; b) see *Aus-*
 want to spoon, to make love, to
 want.

(w.) in comp. —räumer, m. *Mün.*
 —räumer, m. see —gang;
 bowl of a spoon; —schmidt, m.
 —schmied, m. *Bot.* spoon-
 — (*Agaricus cochleariformis* L.);
 —oon-meat; —Rampf, m., —Rampfe,
 forming the bowl of a spoon,
 —Riel, m. handle of a spoon;
 spoonful; —weise, *adv.* by spoonfuls.
 (str.) m. 1) see *Söffelgang*; 2) one
 with a spoon; 3) *coll.* gallant.

(str.) m. see *Söffelbrot*.
 I. *adj.* — sein, to be a bad or
 II. s. (str.) m. & n. log; daß —
 o heave the log.

(str.) m. (pl. *Logarithmen*) m.
 logarithm. — *Logarithmen* *adj.*
 logarithmic. — *Logarithmen* *adj.*
 logarithmic(al), logarithmic(al); lo-
 spiral, &c.).

(w.) in comp. Mar-s. —bret, n., —tafel,
 traverse table; —busch, n. log-

(pr. *Wähe*), (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) box
 house; 2) lodge (of free-masons);
 —brüder, m. brother of a lodge
 sons; —herrscher, m. 1. master of
 free-masons; 2. or —herrscher,
 m. *Theat.* box-keeper.

(pl. Mar. limber-holes, limbers.
 (w.) f. see *Log*.

(w.) v. *intr.* Mar. to (heave the) log.
 (str.) m. 1) sailor who heaves the
 er.

(w.) in comp. Mar-s. —glas, n. log-
 s, n. see —bret.
 (w.) f. (Gr.) logic. — *Logiker*,
 ician.

(pr. *Wähe*), (w.) v. *intr.* (Fr.)
 e. — *Logis* (pr. *Wähe*), (str.) pl.
 s) n. lodging; (im Hotel) house-

* *Logisch*, *adj.* logical; *adv.* logically.

* *Logistik*, *adj.* see *Logarithmisch*.

Logische, (w.) f. Mar. log-line.

* *Logograph*, (w.) m. (Gr.) logograph.

Logrolle, (w.) f. roll of the log.

Log, *adj.* blazing, burning, glaring.

Log, (str.) m. & n. province. bog.

Log... (from *Loth*), in comp. —bad, n.
Tann. barkstove; —ballen, m. tan-cake, tan-
 ball; tan-turf; —bett, n. *Gard.* tan-bed; —beige,
 f. 1) tanning; 2) see —grube; —bäume, f. rich
 tan-mould; —boden, m. 1) peaty soil; 2) loft
 for oak-bark; —brühe, f. ooze, bark-liquor;
 —brüder, n. leather steeped in ooze.

Log's, (w.) f. 1) *Tann.* a) tanner's or tan-
 ning-bark, tan; b) see *Lothbrühe*; 2) *Aggr.* mil-
 dow; 3) a) flame, blaze; b) fig. fire, ardour.
Log... in comp. —eiche, f. common oak;
 —eisen, n. T. working iron, tan spud.

Log'en, (w.) v. I. tr. *Tann.* to prepare with
 tan; to tan; II. *intr.* to burn with a flame,
 to blaze.

Log'er, *Log'er*, (str.) m. province. tanner.

Log... (from *Loth*), in comp. —extract, m.
 extract of tan; —farbe, f. tanning-bark colour,
 tan-colour; —farben, —farbig, *adj.* brown,
 tan-coloured, tawny; —feuer, n. blazing fire;
 —fährte, m. see *Blutst*; —gabel, f. garden-
 fork; —gar, *adj.* tanned; —gerber, m. tanner;
 —gerberei, f. tanner's trade or factory, tan-
 nery, tan-yard; —gewächshaus, —glashaus,
 n. *Gard.* tan-stove; —grube, f. tan-pit, tan-
 vat; —haus, n. see —bad; —käufer, m. see *Ras-*
hornfährte; —läse, —lügen, u. see —ballen;
 —tobel, m. tub of tan-earth; —tumm, —tumpy,
 m. tan-trough. [offc.]

Logl, (str.) m. province. (*Swed.*) see *Rant-*

Logme, (w.) f. see *Summe*.

Logmühle, (w.) f. tan-mill, oak-bark mill.

Logn, (str., pl. *Logne*) m. 1) reward; fährte
 ist das Wähe, | herrlich der —! (*Gothe*,
Faust I. Soldier's Song) bold the adventure,
 noble the reward (so *Hayward* ganz richtig;
 irrige in der fährte zu trefflichen fährte. v. *Taylor*:
 splendid the pay!) 2) (*sometimes* n.) wages;
 payment, pay; hire; Ginen in — nehmen, to
 take a person into one's service; er hat seinen —,
 fig. he has met with his reward; *Comm.-s.* in
 (Frachts) — zu ..., he (they) paying freight for
 the said goods; to pay the carriage as may
 be deemed right; in selbst zu bedingendem —,
 at your own terms; in gewöhnlichem —, at
 the usual wage (*Nob. & Gr.*).

Logn... in comp. —arbeit, f. journeyman's
 work, jobwork; —arbeiter, m. workman for
 pay, journeyman, jobworker, jobber; mercen-
 ary, hireling; (literarisch) manufacturer;
 —arbeiterin, f. workwoman.

Lognbar, *adj.* that may be rewarded.

Logn... in comp. —bediente, m. hired
 servant, guide, commissioner; *valet de place*;
 —brot, n. 1) see *Herrenbrot*; 2) bread given to
 a shepherd in lieu of wages; —diener, m.
 see —bediente.

Logn'e, (w.) f. see *Epigahorn*.

Lognen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) (Einen etwas) to
 reward, recompense, requite (*cf.* *Belohnen*);
 2) to pay wages or hire to, to pay; II. *intr.* &
 refl. *impers.* (*with Gen. & Dat.*) to pay, to
 give a sufficient return, to be remunerative;
 to be worth the trouble; es lohnt (or lohnt
 sich) der Mühe nicht, it is not worth the
 trouble, or worth while; I-b, p. a. remun-
 erative; zu I-ben Preisen verkaufen, to sell at
 remunerating prices.

Lognen, (w.) v. tr. to pay (soldiers).

Logner, (str.) m. 1) one working for pay,
 see *Tagelöhner*; 2) see *Lüne*.

Logn... in comp. —frachtfahrt, f. wag-
 gonage; —frachtfuhrmann, m. carman; —hand-
 werker, m. artisan who works to order, who
 does bespoken work; —herr, m. employer;

—junge, m. apprentice with wages; —knecht,
 m. fig. mercenary hack; —kutscher, f. hackney-
 coach, livery coach; —kutscher, m. hackney-
 coachman, cabman, cab- or fly-driver; a man
 who keeps or drives coaches for travellers.
 loan-coach driver; —lafai, m. see *Wichlafai*.

Logn'ling, (str.) m. see *Wödling*.

Logn... in comp. —schaf, n. sheep given
 to the shepherd in lieu of wages; —schäfer,
 m. hired shepherd; —schreiber, m. 1) clerk;
 2) literary hack; —sucht, f. greediness of re-
 compense, venality; —süchtig, *adj.* mercenary,
 venal; —tag, m. pay-day.

Lognung, (w.) f. pay, payment.

Logn... in comp. —wach, f. watch kept
 for hire; —wächter, m. hired guard; —zettel,
 m. bill of wages; —zunge, m. mercenary
 witness. [retcherbaum.]

Logr'baum, (str., pl. *Logr'bäume*) m. see

Logr'rinde, (w.) f. oak-bark.

Logr'öl, (str.) n. see *Forberröl*.

Log... (from *Loth*), in comp. —roth, *adj.*
 as red as tanbark; —schälen, n. the peeling off
 the bark from oaks, &c.; —schlichter, m. see
 —eisen; —tänbling, m. province. common mush-
 room; —vogel, m. see *Blutst*.

* *Logal*, see *Local*.

Logh, (str.) m. *Bot.* darnel (grass) (*Lolium*
 L.); cf. *Tröppe* u. *Raden*; *betäubender* —, cockle-
 weed, boarded darnel (*Lolium temulentum* L.);
 ausdauernder —, rye-grass or red darnel
 (*Lolium perenne* L.).

Logh'ard, (str. & w.) *Ecol. Hist.* Lollard.

Logm'ard, (str.) m. *Comm.* deposit-bank;

—conto, n. deposit-account; —geschäft, n.
 deposit-business.

Logm'ard, (w.) m. Lombard.

Logm'ard, f. *Geogr.* Lombardy.

Logm'ard, *adj.* Lombardic, Lombard;

—venetianisches Königreich, n. Lombardo-Ve-
 netian kingdom.

Logm'ard, *Logm'ard*, (w.) f. see *Summe*.

Logm'ard, (str.) n. *Gam. ombro*, 'hombra.

Logm'ard, (str.) see *Sendenbraten*.

Logm'ard, see *Summenzucker*.

Logm'ard, (coll. *Send'ner*), I. (str.) m. Lon-
 doner; II. *adj.* London.

* *Loge* (pr. *Wöhge*), (w.) f. (Fr.) *Man.*

a long rein used when a horse is trotted in
 the hand.

Logm'ard, (str.) m. *Comm.* jaggery.

Logm'ard, (str.) n. *Comm.* ounce-skin.

Logm'ard, (str.) n. 1) a) lot; b) (*Rotter-*

ticket; das große —, the great prize; mein —
 hat gewonnen, I have got a prize; 2) a) allot-
 ment, share; b) suit, set, number; c) *Comm.*
 parcel, lot; 3) fate, hazard, chance, destiny;
 das — werfen, to cast, draw lots; wie das —
 fällt, according as the chance turns up; das
 große — gewinnen, to win the great or first
 prize; ihm ist ein glückliches — geworden, his
 fate is a happy one; daß — ist gefallen, the
 lot is cast.

Logm'ard, (w.) v. *intr.* see *Loth*. [money.]

Logm'ard, (str., pl. *Logm'ard*) n. *Comm.* lot-

Logm'ard, (str., pl. *Logm'ard*) n. *Archit.*

dormant-tree of a window, transom.

Logm'ard, (w.) f. (lottery) thicket.

Logm'ard, (w.) f. see *Lothung*. [number.]

Logm'ard, (w.) f. (the act of) drawing

lots; das *Logm'ard*, n. *Mil.* the right of draw-
 ing lots.

Logm'ard, (w.) m. 1) pilot; coasting-pilot;

ohne 2-n jagen, to go without a pilot; 2)

des *Logm'ard*, province. sea-devil (fish); — *Logm'ard*'s

barke, see *Logm'ard*.

Logm'ard, (w.) v. tr. Mar. to pilot.

Logm'ard... in comp. —barke, f., —boot, n.

pilot or piloting-boat, coasting bark; pilot-

cutter; —fährte, m. see *Logm'ard*, 2; — *Logm'ard*,
 f., — *Logm'ard*, n. pilots' wages, pilotage; (beim
 Aus- und Eingang) pilotage outwards and

inwards; —*flucht*, *f.* common piloting; —*wasser*, *n.* pilot water.

Boots'mann, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Boote*, 1; 2) *loch*, pilot-fish (*Neuridius ductor* L.).

Boyle, (*w. f.*) *T.* bundle of hemp.
Bst, (*w. f.*) *f.* & (*str.*) *m.* †, leather-strap, thong, brace.

Bst'beer (*Bst'ber*), *s. l.* (*irr.*) *m. a.* bay, laurel; *der indigste* —, royal bay; *der wilde* —, laurustine; *b)* *Sport*, fewmets; *II. in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* laurel-tree, bay-tree (*Laurus nobilis* L.); —*baumholz*, *n.* sweet-wood; —*blatt*, *n.* laurel- or bay-leaf.

Bst'beere, (*w. f.*) *f.* bay-berry, laurel.

Bst'beer..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* grove of laurels; —*baum*, *n.* laurel-crowned head; —*baum*, *m.* *Chem.* laurine; —*baum*, *f.* *see* *Strichlorberr*; —*baum*, *m.* *see* —*baum*; —*baum*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) spurge-laurel (*Daphne laureola* L.); 2) laurel herb (*Erictholoph*); —*baum*, *f.* laurel-wreath, crown of laurel; —*öl*, *n.* laurel-oil, bay-oil; —*öl*, *f.* *Bot.* rose-bay, oleander (*Nerium oleander* L.); —*öl*, *adj.* *see* *Rufschlichtig*; —*tragend*, *adj.* lauriferous; —*wald*, *m.* wood of laurels; *Bst'-* —*wilde*, *f.* sweet willow, bay-leaved willow (*Salix pentandra* L.); —*winde*, *f.* *provinc.* lesser periwinkle; —*winkel*, *m.* twig of laurel.

Bst'ch, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a)* *see* *Strüte*; *b)* *see* *Strut*; 2) *Ag.* rogue; *roguish girl*; 3) *Ornith.* crested diver (*Griffu*).

Bst'ch, (*w. f.*) *Bot.* 1) or *Bst'baum*, *m.* *see* *Bst'baum*; 2) or *Bst'el*, (*w. f.*) *Bot.* 1) *moral* (*Wortel*); 2) turban-top (*Habolla* L.).
Bst'ch, *see* *Bst'*.

Bst'ch, (*w. f.*) 1) or *Bst'ching*, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* four-thread spun yarn; 2) fraud, *particul.* a false bill of lading (for smuggling purposes).

Bst'ben..., *in comp.* —*brecher*, *m.* one who makes out a *Sorte*; smuggler; —*brecher*, *f.* smuggling. [*from* *Sorte*], *Lora* (*P. N.*)

Bst'el, (*w. f.*) *dimin.* *Bst'chen*, *n.* (*abbr.* *B.* *Str.*, *w. f.*) *coll.* for *Sorte*.

Bst'baum, *m.* Laurence (*P. N.*); —*baum*, *n.* *see* *Seibaldenbaum*.

Bst'baum, (*pr.* *Börn*) *te*, (*w. f.*) (*Fr.*) opera-glass, spy-glass.

Bst'baum, (*pr.* *Börn*) *te*, (*str.*, *pl.* 2-8) *n.* (*Fr.*) eye-glass; quizzing-glass; quiz.

Bst'ri, (*str.* *pl.* 2-8) *m.* *Zool.* a kind of ape, *loris* (*Simone* III.).

Bst'ri, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* *Chem.* to loricata.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*. (*age*; drops of wine.

Bst'ri, (*w. f.*) *provinc.* bad, muddy beverage.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

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Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

Bst'ri, *see* *Bst'ri*.

II. adv. (*preceded* by *auf*, *darau*) 1) on, up to; 2) *anad.* away; immer or *frisch* *darau*! —! courage! advance; forward! go it or to! *auf* *Ginen* —*fahren*, —*rennen*, —*gehen*, to make up to one, *fy* at, rush upon, attack; *es geht auf* *die Erde* —, it grows near harvest; *auf* *Ginen* —*schlagen*, *see* *Abprageln*; *frisch* *darau* —*schlagen*, *essen* *ic.*, to strike, eat away (heartily); *darau* — *reisen*, to travel at a round rate; *darau* — *liegen*, to lie impudently; *darau* — *leben*, to live carelessly or at random.

III. interj. *Mil.* *1st*! stand at ease!

IV. (str.) n. *Mar.* loose part or bight (of a rope, &c.).

Bst, *in comp.* with *subst.* ...*loose*, *e.g.* *gefahrlos* *ic.*, lawless, &c.; with *verbs*, off, away, unless (*cf.* *Wb*; *verb* *comp.* with *loose* *are* separable, the particle having the principal account); —*adern*, *v. tr.* to make loose by ploughing (the soil); —*arbeiten*, (*w. f.*) *v. l.* *tr.* & *refl.* to work off, get loose, to loosen, to disengage, extricate (with some effort); *II. irr.* *coll.* to work away (*auf* *ein Ziel*, to attain an aim); —*bücker*, *m.* *provinc.* white-bread baker.

Bst'bar, *Bst'barheit*, *see* *Bst'barheit*, *Bst'barheit*.

Bst, *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *see* *Bst'baum*.

Bst'baum, *v. tr.* to get off, away, loose; to set free; —*bunden*, *v. tr.* to untie, unbind, loosen, undo, unfasten, untruss, uncord; *Mar.* to unfurl; —*bitten*, *v. tr.* to beg a person's release; to effect a release or deliverance by intercession; —*bitteln*, *see* *Bst'bitteln*, 2; —*brechen*, *v. tr.* & *n.* (*aus* *sein*) to break off, loose; *fg.* to break forth or out; to burst out or forth; —*brechen*, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to burn off, to fire, discharge; to pop off (a pistol, &c.); to let off (fire-works); —*bringen*, *v. tr.* *see* —*befommen*; —*brücken*, *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aus* *sein*) to crumble off; —*brut*, *n.* *provinc.* roll; —*bruch*, *m.* the (act of) breaking off or loose; —*brüchig*, *adj.* crumbling, breaking off (easily); —*brüchig* *machen*, *Sport*, to uncock (a wild boar); —*brücken*, *v. tr.* to bail off.

Bst'ch, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* swarm of bees.

Bst'ch..., *in comp.* —*anstalt*, *f.* 1) fire-establishment, *pl.* establishments for extinguishing fires; 2) fire-warden's office; —*baum*, *f.* tub for slaking lime. [*see* *Bst'ch*].

Bst'ch'bar, *adj.* that may be extinguished.

Bst'ch..., *in comp.* —*blatt*, *n.* a leaf or sheet of blotting paper; —*blei*, *n.* lead pencil; —*bock*, *m.* *Mar.* tender; skids (*pl.*); —*brand*, *m.* quenched firebrand; —*compagne*, *f.* fire company.

Bst'ch'e, (*w. f.*) 1) coal-dust; culm; 2) *see* *Bst'ch'eimer*, (*str.*) *m.* fire-bucket.

Bst'ch'el, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* pump-sucker.

Bst'chen, *v. l.* (*str.*) *intr.* to be extinguished, *see* *Erlöschen*; *II. (w. f.) tr.* 1) to quench, put out; to extinguish; 2) to strike, blot out; to cancel (a debt); *Etaub* —, to lay dust; *Rall* —, to slake or kill lime; 3) *Comm.* to light, unload, unlade, discharge, disembark, land.

Bst'ch'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) extinguisher, &c.; *see* *Bst'ch'ern*; 2) *Comm.* discharger, unloader.

Bst'ch..., *in comp.* —*faß*, *n.* quenching-tub; —*geräth*, *pl.* fees for lighting, landing-discharges; —*geld*, *n.* money for lighting a ship, wharfage; —*geräth*, *n.* apparatus for extinguishing fire; —*grube*, *f.* *Barth.* engine-pit; —*hafen*, *m.* *T.* fire-hook; —*horn*, —*hütchen*, *n.* extinguisher; —*kal*, *m.* quick lime; —*holz*, *f.* quenched charcoal, smith's rinders; —*hölle*, *m.* *see* —*faß*; —*mannschäft*, *f.* fireman; —*napp*, *m.*, —*nappchen*, *n.* *see* —*horn*; —*papier*, *n.* blotting-paper; —*platz*, *m.* place where ships unload; discharging-place, wharf; place of destination or transmission, port of delivery or of discharge; —*schnebel*, *f.* coal-dust-shovel; —*speiß*, *m.* coal-dust-poker;

—*tag*, *pl.* discharging days, lay-days

loading; —*trag*, *m.* *Am.* quenching

Bst'ch'ung, *s. l.* (*w. f.*) 1) the (act of) quenching, &c.; 2) *Comm.* lighting, &c.; discharging, discharge; *II. in comp.* 2-*ch'el* *see* *Bst'ch'el*; 2-*ch'el*, *pl.* landing of

Bst'ch..., *in comp.* —*mann*, *f.* *T.* washing the copper-slag; —*wasser*, *n.* for quenching; water for tempering

for cooling red-hot iron; —*wedel*, *m.* a smith's sprinkle or brush; —*wel* —*zeug*, *n.* *see* —*geräth*.

Bst'..., *in comp.* —*bümmen*, *v.* undam; —*bümmen*, *v. intr.* to be

burst out in thundering, *coll.* to t away; —*brechen*, *v. tr.* to twist or

brücken, *v. tr.* 1) *see* *Bst'bücken*; 2) discharge, shoot off.

Bst'e, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) loose, *cf.* *See* 2) unsettled; not steady; vagrant; vag

3) loose, wanton, dissolute, vicious, mean, base; 4) wanton, naughty, v

mous, waggish, frolicsome, gay, s

sportive; — *Zeit*, *leisure* (time, hou

haben, abusive language; *cin* *l-s* *Wen*

to have an abusive, malicious tong

Weld, 1) base coin; 2) loose mon

Wen, spare-store (on board of shi

Wen, *Comm.* loose goods; *Mar* —

Wen, a false keel; *die* — *Eute*, *see* *Epte*

cin *l-s* *Wen*, an unrigged mast; —

half-ports; *l-s* *Wen* *cin* *Wen*, —

(-shot); *l-s* *Wen*, *see* *Bst'Wen*.

Bst'e..., *in comp.* —*bürre*, *f.* *V.* rain; —*geld*, *n.* ransom, redemptory

demolition price.

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make

rid of ice; 2) *Ag.* to get or obtain wi

culty from one.

Bst'e'ffen, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* loosening w

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *f.* ballot.

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *f.* the recalling of a

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *v. intr.* *provinc.* 1)

Wen; 2) to cast lots for ascertaining the

Bst'e'ffen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Med.* pur

expectorant; 2) means of delivery

demolition.

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *v. intr.* 1) a) to cast

lots; to raffle (*um*, *for*); *b)* *Mil.* to

number; 2) *provinc.* *see* *Bst'e'ffen*; 3)

void excrement, to dung; to gleam (of

Bst'e'ffen, (*w. f.*) *v. tr.* 1) to loosen, un

bind, relax; to break off, give up; *b)*

fin *gelöst*, the ties have parted; 2)

solve, unriddle; 3) to redeem, ran

absolve, free; 4) *Chem.*, &c. to dissolv

fire, discharge (a gun); 6) *Weld* —, to

get or make (money), to sell for *e*

habe heute nicht gelöst, I have sol

to day; *cinem* *cinem* *zu* — *geben*,

something of one, to let one turn a pos

haben noch nicht darau *gelöst*, we l

got any returns by it; *cin* *Wille* —,

Loſe, (w.) f. see **Loſchüre.**
in comp. —**effen, (irr.) v. intr.**
 to go away; —**ſagen, (str.) v. I. intr.**
 1) to come off suddenly; 2) **fig.**
 break out, break forth; auf **Einem**
 to fly at one, to fall upon one; II. **tr.**
 to drive; —**ſagen, —ſellen, —**
ſchreiben, ſchreiben, I & 3, ſchreiben,
v. tr. to set free, deliver, re-
 lease; to emancipate; —**gebung,**
ance, releasement, emancipation:
intr. (aux. ſein) 1) to come
 undone; to fall off; to give way;
 2) —, the ice breaks; 3) to go off
 to explode; 4) to go up (auf **with**
), see 208; 4) to commence, begin;
to fight a duel, anal. to go out;
p. p. of — ſein, cf. 208 I; —haben,
to (a thing); —haben, see —haben;
to (a thing); —haben, v. tr. to un-
loose, v. tr. coll. to ham-
per, (irr.) v. tr. to cut loose,
to hack.
Loſigkeit, (w.) f. looseness.
in comp. —**ſagen, v. intr. (with**
assistant in getting loose, to ex-
pose, v. tr. to set (a dog, auf
upon); —ſagen, n. see 208b; 1)
v. tr. to break up or to loosen
—; —ſagen, v. tr. to buy off,
ransom, redeem; —ſagen, adj. re-
latable may be ransomed; —ſagen,
(of) buying off, releasing, ran-
dom, ransom; —ſagen, v. tr.
to drive in wedges; —ſagen
to unchain, unloose; —ſagen,
v. tr. to unloose; to unloose;
coll. see —ſagen; —ſagen,
v. tr. to let loose; —ſagen,
to quit one's hold (often intr.); to
release, deliver, set free; 3) to let
4) to utter, to give vent to; laß
let go! leave go! unhand me; —
deliverance, setting free; —ſagen,
lay loose, to loosen; II. intr. ſam-
to set to or about; 2) see —ſagen, n.
I. adj. 1) soluble; 2) pardonable,
2-ſein, (w.) f. 1) solubility; 2)
ness; 3) inability of being ran-
omed.
in comp. —**ſagen, v. tr. to separate,**
legen, v. refl. to get off by lying;
v. tr. 1) to loosen, disengage, disen-
gagement, 1; 2) to set free, to free;
charged (from military service, &c.);
for Brautwerthloſheit —machen, to
the responsibility; ſich von einem
—machen, to dispossess one's mind
ſich von einem —machen, to shake
from a person; —maße, m. Mar-
maße; —maße, m. see 208b; 1)
v. intr. (aux. ſein) 1) to burst,
up off; 2) **fig. coll. to burst, blunder**
v. refl. to get off by speaking or ex-
plaining; —maße, v. I. tr. to tear off, away,
to force, to break loose; II. intr.
to tear, break off, loose, or away
—; —maße, v. intr. auf..., to rush upon...
—maße, v. tr. to wring loose or
to extricate one's self; —maße,
loosen or separate by shaking, cf.
—maße, (w.) v. refl. to renounce,
to declare off (with von) see Aufgeben,
—maße, (w.) f. renunciation; —maße,
—maße, v. tr. 1) see 208, adv. 2) see 208
a; 3) **fig. to sell (off), coll. to push**

off (goods), to part with; wir wollen rasch
 —ſchlagen, let us off with it quickly; zu nie-
 drigen Preisen —ſchlagen, to submit to low
 prices; unter dem Kostenpreis —ſchlagen, to
 sell off (let go) below the cost-price, to sell
 at a sacrifice (on the original cost); —ſchließen,
 v. tr. to unlock, loosen, set free; —ſchließen,
 v. tr. to cast or throw off; Mar. to check (die
 Bullen, the bowline); —ſchließen, —ſchließen,
 see Abſchließen, Abſchließen; —ſchließen, (w.) v.
 tr. to unstring, unlace; take off; —ſchrauben, v.
 tr. to unscrew, to screw or take off; —ſchwei-
 ßen, (str.) v. I. tr. to free, set free by means of an
 oath; II. refl. to clear one's self or get off
 by taking an oath; —ſein, see 208, I.
Loſſen, (w.) v. tr. see 208b, 3.
Loſſen ..., in comp. —**ſpannen, v. tr. to unhar-**
ness, unyoke, unstring; —ſprechen, (str.) v. tr.
 1) to pronounce or declare free (an apprentice);
 2) to absolve (non, of, from); see Freisprechen;
 —ſprengen, —ſprengen, —ſteden, —ſtehen,
 —ſtrecken, —trennen, —weichen, see Ab-
 ſprengen &c.; —ſtürmen, —ſtürzen, v. intr. see
 —ſchicken, 2.
Loſtag, (str.) m. provinc. a day considered
as prophetic with respect to the state of the
weather.
Loſung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) casting or
 drawing lots, raffling; 2) Sport, dung of deer
 or any other game, fumets; 3) a) mark, sign,
 signal; cue; b) watchword; **fig.** rallying-cry;
 4) Comm. daily sales; ich habe heute eine gute
 — gehabt, I have made a good day's business;
 5) Min. a) certain quantity of water; b) rub-
 bish-hole; 6) mark on boundary-stones;
 7) †, see Lotterie; 8) †, tax, impost; Geld ist
 die —, **fig.** money is the thing; 2-ſchuch, n.
 cash-book for the daily sales; 2-ſchuch, n.
 signal-fire; 2-ſchlag, f. see Signallagge; 2-
 schlag, m. see 208b; 2-ſchlag, m. signal-
 gun; 2-ſtag, m. Mil. day of drawing numbers;
 2-ſtaaten, f. pl. retail-goods; 2-ſtadt, n.
 watchword; 2-ſchicken, n. see 208b, 3, a.
Loſung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) loosening,
 &c., see 208b; 2) solution, cf. Auflösung.
Loſſen ..., in comp. —**werden, v. intr. (aux.**
ſein) 1) (L. u.) to get or come loose or off; 2)
(with Acc.) to get rid of, get off, shake off;
—wideln, v. I. tr. to take off (a reel, &c.),
to uncurl, cf. Abwideln; II. refl. to disentangle,
extricate one's self; —winden, v. I. tr. to un-
twist, wrench off, cf. Abwinden, I. 1; II. refl.
to free, disengage one's self with force, to
struggle out, to break off (from).
Loſ, (str.) m. Geol. diluvial deposit of
marly and sandy loam in the Rhine-valley.
Loſgeheim, (str.) n. see Wahrgeheim.
Loſſen ..., in comp. —**ziehen, v. I. tr. to draw**
off or away; cf. Abziehen, I. 2, a; II. intr.
coll. to lay about one, (with auf or über [cf.
Acc.]) to censure severely, to inveigh against,
cut up, take to task; —zügel, v. tr. (De la
Motte-Fouqué, Undine) to unbridle.
Loſt, (str.) n. Loſte, (w.) f. (L. G.) 1) a
scoop for drawing mud out of ditches; 2) T.
salt-shovel.
Loſbaum, (str., pl. 2-bäume) m. T. a kind
of sledges for removing trees.
Loſten, (w.) v. tr. (L. G.) to clean (a ditch)
by means of a scoop.
Loth, (str.) n. 1) half an ounce; 2) T.
plummet, lead, plumb-line; das kleine —, see
Handloth; das schwere (dicke) —, see Ziefloth;
das — werfen, see 208b, 1; 3) solder; 4) Gunn.
ball, bullet; Strant und —, powder and shot;
5) Langes —, Min. poor ores.
Loth ..., in comp. —**afche, f., 208a; 1)**
f. Chem. soda; —balge, f. Min. bucket for the
208b; 2) adj. solderable. [lead.]
Loth ..., in comp. —**blech, 208b; 1)**
soldering-plate; —blei, n. see Blei; 2)
borsten, f. pl. bristles in bundles.

Lothbrüt, (str., pl. 2-er) n. soldering-
board. [ounce of shot.]
Lothbüchse, (w.) f. rifle carrying half an
Lothbüchse, (w.) f. soldering-box.
Lothe, (w.) f. solder.
Lothen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) Mar. to heave
the lead, to sound, to try for or strike sound-
ings; im Segeln —, to navigate by soundings;
2) Mas. to measure, make perpendicular with
the plumb-line.
Lothen, (w.) v. tr. to solder, braze.
Lothner, (str.) m. 1) T. solderer; 2) T. solder-
ing-iron; 3) provinc. a) bungler; b) tippler.
Lothform, (w.) f. Gold-b. third mould,
first mould of gut.
Lothgarn, (str.) n. fine linen yarn.
Lothhammer, m. see 208b; 1)
Lothig, I. adj. 1) of half an ounce; 12—,
12 loth fine in the mark of 16 loth (silver);
1-er Silber, Gold, fine silver, gold; 1-er Er,
Minor. ore the hundred-weight of which con-
tains only half an ounce of silver; II. 2-heit,
(w.) f. fineness. [red cherry.]
Lothhirſche, (w.) f. Pom. a kind of dark-
Loth ..., in comp. —**lothen, m. soldering**
hammer, soldering club; —lothen, n.
link to solder with; —lampe, f. soldering lamp.
Loth ..., in comp. —**lothen, m. T. steel-sol-**
der; —leine, Mar. —ſien, f. lead-line, plumb-
line.
Loth ..., in comp. —**loth, n. see —lothen;**
—maſchine, f. soldering-apparatus; —mitter,
n. solder. [sold by the ounce.]
Lothnadeln, f. pl. assorted needles; pins
Lothofen, (str., pl. 2-öfen) m. T. small
stove to heat the soldering hammer.
Lothperle, (w.) f. ounce-pearl.
Lothpfanne, (w.) f. soldering pan.
Lothrecht, adj. perpendicular.
Lothringen, n. Geogr. Lorraine.
Loth ..., in comp. —**loth, n. Chem., Miner.**
&c., blow-pipe; T. soldering-pipe; —roth-
gebüſe, n. T. blowpipe with bellows or with
a gasholder, blower (T. Tusch.); —ſatz, n.
see —ſatz; —ſcherbe, f. see —ſein; —ſchloſſer,
m. padlock-maker.
Lothſe, see Lothe.
Loth ..., in comp. —**lothen, m. soldering-**
stone; —ſtelle, f. soldering-seam, suture;
—ſtief, m. handle of the soldering iron or
hammer.
Lothung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) soldering;
2) soldering-seam (208b; 1).
Lothwage, (w.) f. half-ounce scale.
Loth ..., in comp. —**lothen, f. hawk bill**
(plyer); soldering-tweezers; —zin, n. pewter
for soldering.
Lothbaum, see 208b; 1)
Lothe, f. (dimin.) Lothchen, n.) Lotty
(abbr. for Charlotte).
Lothe, (w.) f. 1) Min. water-pipe, drain-
pipe, gutter; 2) air-shaft, air-conduit, (air-)
channel, (air-)pipe, (air-)tube (Bettlerotte);
3) see Lutte, 2.
Lothter, adj. provinc. loose; —bett, n. lazy-
bed; —bube (Lothterer), (str.) m. vagabond,
rascal. [nause.]
Lothterci, (w.) f. 1) disorderly life; 2) idle-
Lothterhaft, adj. see Lothterig.
Lothterhalle, (w.) f. crazy old house.
*** Lothterie, (w.) f. (Fr.) lottery; in die —**
ſetzen, in der — ſpielen, to put in (to stake
upon) the lottery, to buy a ticket; die — zie-
hen, to draw the lottery; II. in comp. —**collec-**
teur, m. lottery-office keeper; —collektion,
coll. —collekte, f. lottery-office; register of
lottery; —gewinn(n), m. prize; —loos, n. lot-
tery-ticket; —plan, m. scheme for a lottery;
—ſpieler, m. adventurer in the lottery; —zet-
tel, m. see —loos.
Lothterig, I. adj. loose, slovenly; II. 2-heit,
(w.) f. slovenliness.

[illegible]

airs; —*sprünge machen*, to caper, gambol, cut capers; —*Rand*, m. temperature of the air; —(*str.*) m. 1) see—jiegel; 2) *Ged.* aeroline; —*floß*, m. gas; —*Pfostenflöser*, m. gasometer; —*pfeifen*, m. valve; —*fluß*, m. gust; —*streich*, m. fallacious reasoning; —*streich* führen, to beat the air; —*streichschuß*, m. *Surg.* wind-contusion; —*streich*, m. see *Himmelsstreich*; —*strom*, m. current of air; *Kron-w.* blast; —*thermometer*, n. & m. atmospheric thermometer; —*ton*, m. *Punkt* air-tone, aerial tone; —*trodnen*, *adj.* dried by exposure to the air; *air-dried*; *baß* —*trodnen*, natural seasoning.
Züftung, (*w.*) f. the act of airing, &c. ventilation, &c. cf. *Züften*.
Zuft..., *in comp.* —*Verdickung*, f. change of air; —*Verdünnungsapparat*, m., —*Verdünnungspumpe*, f. Mech. condenser, condensing-pump; —*wage*, f. *Pneum.* air-poise, barometer; —*wägetrauf*, f. aerostatics; —*wäger*, m. barometer; —*wägeteiger*, f. aeronomy; —*wasser*, n. 1) atmospheric water, clouds; 2) a kind of cordial; —*wasselfung*, f. ventilation; —*welle*, f. undulation of the air; —*wert*, n. see *Gewengert*; —*wurz*, f. *Bot.* angelica (*Angelica* L.); —*wurzel*, f. *Bot.* 1) aerial root; 2) see —*Wurz*; —*zäpfchen*, —*zäpflein*, n. vent-pog, vent-plug; —*zapfen*, m. *Surg.* trochar; —*zeigeln*, m. meteor; —*ziesel*, m. air-dried brick; —*zieher*, m. ventilator; —*zug*, m. draught of air; —*jühner*, m. *Chem.* pyrophorus; —*zutritt*, m. access of air; mit —*zutritt* versehen, ventilated.
Züg, s. I. (*str.*) m. — und *Zug*, lies and franda, a grand lie and humbug; II. (*str.*) 1) *Sport.* care, couch, lurking place of the bear; 2) (*or* — *ins Rand*, m.) (*provinc.* &c.) *, watch-tower, look-out.
Züge, (*w.*) f. lie; untruth, falsehood; eine *Nieze* —, a fib; eine große —, cram; eine *un-schuldige* —, white lie; *Ziegen Z-n streifen*, to give one the lie; Z-n haben kurze *Beine*, *anad.* lies are short-lived. [look (out), lurk.]
Zügen, (*v.* *intr.* (*provinc.* t, &) *) to, to *Zügen*, (*w.* v. I. *intr.* 1) to lie, to tell a lie or falsehood; to fib; 2) (*with Dat.* *) to deceive, be false to; *er läßt wie gekniffen*, he lies like truth; *wer läßt der sich!*, show me a liar! and I will show you a thief; II. *tr.* 1) *, (*Einem etwas*) to deceive by affecting, putting on, feigning (truth, &c.); 2) to affect, to put on, to sham; 3) to effect, produce, transform, &c. by lying; *sich seht* —, to entangle or insnare one's self by lying; *daß* —, (*str.*) v. s. (the act or practice of lying).
Züger..., *in comp.* —*betwefel*, m. false, deceptive proof; —*bild*, m. deceptive vision, phantom; —*faß*, n. *coll.* notorious liar; —*feind*, m. enemy of falsehood; —*frucht*, f. fruit (consequence) of lying; —*fürst*, m. father of lies, devil; —*geist*, m. spirit of lying, devil; lying fellow; —*gold*, n. see *Flittergold*.
Züghenhaft, I. *adj.* lying, deceitful, false, mendacious, untrue; II. Z-*igkeit*, (*w.*) f. lying disposition, deceitfulness, falsehood, mendacity.
Zügen..., *in comp.* —*kunst*, f. lying art, lying artifice; —*lehre*, f. false doctrine; —*mant*, n. *coll.* impudent liar; —*propheet*, m. false prophet; —*schmidt*, m. forger of lies; —*traufel*, m. see —*geiß*; —*wunder*, n. lying wonder; —*zeichnung*, —*zigt*, f. accusation of falsehood; —*zung*, f. see —*maul*.
Zügger, (*str.*) m. Mar. lugger.
Züg..., *in comp.* —*gestalt*, —*gold*, *Zügs-haft*, see *Zügelbild*, *Zügelgold*, *Zügelhaft*.
Zügelstaub, (*indecl.*) m. see *Zug*, II, 2.
Zügluer, (*str.*) m., *Züglerin*, (*w.*) f. liar.
Zügluerisch, see *Züghenhaft*.
Zügfen, see *Zuchfen*.
Zute, (*v.*) f. 1) dormer-window; 2) see *Füllthier*; 3) *Mas-s.* hatch, hatchway; die

große —, main hatchway; 2-nügel, m. pl. hatch-bars; 2-nüffel, m. 2-nüflappe, f. hatch-lid; 2-nigitter, n. gratings of the hatches; 2-nriegel, m. see 2-nbügel; die 2-nüßhaime, pl. battens of the hatches. [Zummler.]
 2-nüel, (str., pl. 2-s) m. vulg. idler, cf. 2-nül, (str.) m. 1) *provinc.* see Zübel 1 & 2; 2) *Mor.* a) canvas or leather horse; b) see Rilverdort.
 2-nüen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to hum; 2) to lull; 2) *Mor.* to lull (of the wind).
 2-nü...., in comp. —gefang, m. lullaby; —terche (Rüßterche), see Seifecherche.
 2-nümme, (w.) f. *Orniß.* loom, black guillemot or dovekie (*Uria grylle* L.).
 2-nümme, (str.) m. 1) old knife-blade; 2) T. potter's model.
 2-nümme, (str.) m. 1) † see Gefchling; 2) lubber, looby, clown.
 2-nümmeiß, f. adj. lubberly; II. 2-iggeiß, 2-nümmeiß, (w.) f. clownishness, lubberly behaviour, trick.
 2-nümmeuß, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to behave lubberly; II. tr. *Dy.* to air.
 2-nümmeiß, (str.) m. *provinc.* see Zendenfild.
 2-nümpe, (w.) & str.; coll. pl. 2-s) m. 1) a ragged, dirty, or shabby fellow, beggarly knave, ragamuffin, tatterdemalion, wretch, rascal, scamp; b) curmudgeon; 2) *Kcht.* scow, lump-sucker (*Cyclopterus lumpus* L.).
 2-nümpe, (str.) m. 1) rag, tatter, clout; trumphy thing; 2) see Zump, 2; 3) see Zumpenquader.
 2-nümpe, (w.) v. I. tr. coll. to treat like a ragamuffin; *Rid* nicht — lassen, to display liberality; *id* will nicht nicht — lassen, I do not intend to act shabbily; II. intr. to lead a loose life; *Stnd. slang.* to lark it.
 2-nümpe...., in comp. —baron, m. vulg. trumphy-baron; —brei, m. *Papern.* m. first stuff; vulg.-s. —bichter, m. paltry poet; —bing, n. trumphy thing, scrub; —fäule, f. *Rupern.* m. fermenting trough; vulg.-s. —geiß, n. trifling expense; *für* ein —geiß, dog-cheap; —geßneß, n. rabble, tag-rag, riffraff; —hänkel, m. 1) *Comm.* trade with rags; 2) vulg. pitiful trade; —händler, m. ragman, dealer in rags; vulg.-s. —hund, —teuf, m. see Zump, 1; —hammer, f. T. sorting-room; vulg.-s. —fram, m. trumphy work; —fleiß, f. ragged Bess; —mann, m. rag-man, gatherer of rags, rag-picker; —neß, n. hole, dog-kennel (of a town, &c.); —pad, n. see —geßneß; —papier, n. T. paper of linen rags; —reinszugsmaschine, f. *Papern.* m. duster; —schuß, f. paltry affair; —sammler, m. rag-picker.
 2-nümpeßchaft, (w.) f. rapscallionry.
 2-nümpe...., in comp. *Papern.* s. —schneßbemaßsche, f. —schneßer, see Paderlab; —stämpel, f. see —trog; —wolf, —geng, n. see —geng; —wolfe, f. rag-wolf (*Trilium melle*); —gleyer, m. worm of a ramrod; —jüder, m. *Comm.* lump-sugar; —jüpter, m. ravelling-engine; —jüpterin, f. rag-tearing woman.
 2-nümpeß, (w.) f. coll. trife, trumphy, fiddle-faddle, paltry concern; trash.
 2-nümpeßmen, (w.) f. pl. lump-mounds.
 2-nümpeß, 1. or 2-nümpeß, (adj. 1) like rags, in rags; ragged, tattered; 2) *fig.* 1) shabby, scummy, miserable, paltry; 2) stingy, sordid, covetous; II. 2-teit, (w.) f. 1) raggedness, ragged condition; 2) *fig.* shabbiness.
 2-nümpe, (w.) f. see Zümme.
 2-nümpe, f. *, *Rom. Myth.* Luna, the Goddess of the moon. [Linnatic.]
 * 2-nümpeß, 2-nümpeß, (adj. (*Lat.*) lunar, Zumb, (str.) m. *Orniß.* puffin (*Arcton-taucher*).
 2-nümpe, (w.) v. intr. see Züllen, 2.
 * 2-nümpeß [*pr. fü-1*], (w.) f. (*Fr.*) Fort., &c. lunette.

ner, (str.) *m.*, Luther's *necrin*,
heran.

ch, adj. Luthoran.

um, *n.* Luthoranism.

n, (w.) *v. tr.* (Lat.) Chem. to lute.
(str.) *m.* (N. G.) Germ. Fib. name
of cranes. [beutcl, Rutsch.

atel, Rutsch, *provinc.* see Rutsch.
(f.) *Min.* 1) see Rote; 2) hearth
old is washed.

(str.) *n.* Dist. spirit once distilled;
a brandy. — Rutsch, (w.) *v. intr.*
to drink brandy. — Rutsch, *m.*
of cordial drunk at christenings.
n. Geogr. Liège (town in Belgium).
(str.) *n. provinc.* (N. G.) the Evil

er's loof, luff, (—seite, f.) weather-
er-side; die — gewinnen, to gain
the weather-gage; die — halten,
wind; *in comp.* — Bäume, *m. pl.*
trees, outtriggers; — brassen, *n. pl.*
aces; — giterig, *adj.* gripping; — giterig
y a weatherly helm, to gripe; —
griping; ein guter — halter, *m.*
h holds a good wind, which claws
downward; — seite, f. weather-gage;
e; an der — seite liegend, weatherly;
loof frame; — wall, *m.* weather
nb, f. weather-shrouds — wirts,
rly, windward; — wirts das Ruder!
or hard) the helm!
(w.) *v. intr.* Mar. to loof, luff.
Ruch.

ids', *adj.* (Lat.) luxurions; i.e.
expensive habits. — Ruch, *m.*
ritzel, *m.* — waare, *f.* article of
luxuries, fancy articles or goods;
fancy stationery.
n. see Ruch.

c., see Ruch.

n, Ruch, (str., pl.) *[w.] Ruch'en*,
(Lat.) Lycium. — Ruch, (w.)
a Lycium.

n. *Geogr.* Lycia. — Ruch, (str.)
adj. Lycian.

ch, *adj.* Lyceurian.

n. *Geogr.* Lydia. — Ruch, (str.)
adj. Lydian.

at'isch, *adj.* (Lat.) Anat's. lym-
-n or Lymph-Geüße, *n. pl.* lym-
or vessels, lymphatics. — Lym-
-lymph. — Lymph-Geüß, *f.*
atic tumour. — Lymph-Geüß, (w.)
bule.

ng', *n.* (Pr.) *Geogr.* Lyons. —
one'er, (str.) *m.* Lyonesse.

pl. 2-8) f. (Gr.) harp, lyre; Astr.
er, — spieler, *m.* lyrist. — Ruch, (str.)
ric poet, lyric. — Ruch, (str.)
adj.

M.

M, m, the thirteenth letter and
nant of the Alphabet.

M, for Meise, mile; M., M. for
Manual, waste-book, minute-
Rag, for Registrar, master of arts;
mille (thousand, thousand); Mad.
Mrs.; M. B. for Markt Banco,
M., M., mrf. for Markt, mark
arv. for Maravedis, maravedi;
em. for Mathematif, mathematics;
ittiglich Breite, southern latitude;
mens currentis or mense currente
den Monate, im laufenden Monat,
e of the month; M. C. for mio
ein Conto, my account; Mdl. for

Mandel, a number of fifteen; M. D. for Medi-
cine Doctor, doctor of medicine; Med. for
Medicin, medicine; merkw. for merkwürdig,
remarkable; m. f. (or mf.) for mezzo forte,
which see; Mfl. for Meißnische Gulden, florins
of Misnia; m. f. for mein Herr, Sir; m.
f. f. for meine Herren, Gentlemen; Mfl. for
Million, million; Mflr. for Milleress, mill-
rees; Min., 1) or Miner. for Mineralogic,
mineralogy; 2) for Minute, minute; Mfr. for
Malter, a measure of several bushels of corn;
Mfr. (mm.) f. f. for meine Herren, Gentle-
men; m. m. pr. for manu mea propria (Lat.,
mit meiner eigenen Hand, with my own hand);
m. o. w. for mehr oder weniger, more or less;
m. p., 1) or m. pp., Mpp. for manu propria
(Lat., eigenhändig, in [my, his, &c.] own [or
proper] hand-writing; 2) or mp. for mezzo
piano, which see; Mfl. for Meißnische Gulden,
florin of Hanover; Mgr. for Marien-Groschen,
Marien groschen; Mrt. for Mart, mark (weight
of 8 ounces); Mrtfl., Martfl. for Martstücken,
market-town; m. i. for man ich, see; Mrt.,
MS. for Manuscript, manuscript; Mrt.,
MSS. for Manuscripte, manuscripts; Mf. for
Maß, measure; Mf. for Meißnische Gulden,
florins of Misnia; Mrt. for Meißter, Master,
master, pattern or sample; Mrt. for Monat,
month; Mrt. for Meße, peck; Mrt. for
Ringe, coin, money.

Maaf, (str., pl. Ma'ler) *n.* see Maaf &
Ma; — brief, *m.* Ship. building-contract.

Maander, *m.* 1) Meander (a river in Asia
Minor); 2) Archit. Vitruvian scroll.

Maanderisch, *adj.* meandering, meandrian.

Maar, Maaf, see Maaf, Maß.

Maaren, (w.) *v. tr.* provinc. (N. G.) Mar.
to moor, to make fast (a ship).

Maas, *f.* *Geogr.* Maes, Meuse (river).

Maat, (str., pl. sometimes w.) *m.* Mar. ad-
jutant, second: mate.

Maat'schaft, (w.) *f.* 1) Mar. mateship;
ship's crew; 2) Comm. association, company;
partnership. [2) Conf. macaroon.

* Macaro'ne, (w.) *f.* (Ital.) 1) chestnut;

* Macabä'er, (str.) *m.* (Hebr.) Maccabee.

* Mac(a)'o, (str., pl. M-8) *m.* Ormith.
macaw, macao.

* Mac(c)aro'ni, *f.* pl. (Ital.) Cook. mac(c)a-
roni, Comm. Genoesse paste.

* Mac(c)aro'nisch, *adj.* Poet. macaronic.

* Machiavelli's'mus, *m.* Machiavellism;

Machiavellist', (w.) *m.*, Machiavellist'isch,
adj. Machiavellian.

Macedo'nien, *n.* *Geogr.* Macedonia.

Macedo'nier, (str.) *m.*, Macedo'nierin,
(w.) *f.* Macedo'nisch, *adj.* Macedonian.

* Macen', (str.) *m.* (Lat.) fig. Maecenas,
patron (of artists, &c.) [tronago.

Maecen'schaft, Maecen'schaft, (w.) *f.* pa-

Maen'sches, *m.* fig. factotum.

Maen'del, (str.) *m.* provinc. juniper.

Maen'bär, *adj.* (l. u.) makable, effectible,
feasible.

Maen'e, (w.) *f.* coll. 1) make, construction,
formation; 2) the (act of) making; the process
of being made; in der —, see in der Arbeit;
Einen in der — haben, to handle one roughly,
to belabour.

Maen'e, (w.) *v. l. tr.* to make; to do; to
fabricate, manufacture, to form, produce;
fig-s. 2) to make, render; 3) coll. to represent,
see Darstellen; 4) to make up, constitute, see
Ausmachen, 4. — lassen, to cause to be made,
to get (a thing) done (cf. lassen); laß mich
nur —, ich werde der Mode schon folgen, let me
alone for following the fashion; es läßt sich
nicht so — wie Sie wünschen, it cannot be
managed as you wish; was machst du mit
der Pflanze da? what are you doing to that fly?
was soll ich damit —? what shall I do with
it? Sie können mit ihm — was Sie wollen,

you can manage him to perfection; was —
Sie? how are you? how do you do? was
machst die Kranke? how is the patient? er wird
es nicht lange mehr —, he will not live much
longer: it will soon be all up with him;
Comm. he will not be able to carry it on
much longer; wie machst du es, daß du alles
erfährst? how do you manage to know every
thing? er machte etwas an seinem Rode, he was
doing something to his coat; er ist gierig, das
macht weiß er sehr hungrig ist, he eats greedily:
that comes from his being very hungry; so
macht er es mit allen Leuten, thus he deals
with (he usas, he serves) every one; so macht
er's, 'tis like him; Sie haben es mir schon ge-
macht, you have acted to me before in this
manner: eine Sache ärger — als sie ist, 1. to
make a thing worse than it is; 2. sich immer
darstellen als sie ist, to make a thing out
worse than it really is; gestiftet —, to civilise:
wirbeln —, to set whirling; viel aus Einem
or aus etwas —, to make much of one, of a
thing, cf. refl. er macht viel aus sich, he makes
much of himself; daraus ist nichts zu —,
1. nothing (no sense) is to be made of it;
2. 'tis no matter; dabei ist nichts zu —, there
is nothing to be got by it; Comm-s. wir —
7% mit unserm Capital, we get 7% upon
our capital; mit solchen Stoffen ist hier nichts
zu —, nothing is to be done here with such
stuffs; wir haben 10 Schilling dafür gemacht,
we have obtained 10 s. for it: ich will Ihnen
einen billigeren Preis —, I will note you a
lower price; das Ganze macht etwa ..., the
whole comes to about ...; zu etwas gemacht
sein, to be fitted for, to be born to ...; etwas
zu etwas —, to turn into, to reduce (to powder,
&c.); etwas zu Gelde —, to turn a thing into
money; Einen zum Doctor —, to make or
create one doctor; zum Patienten —, to make
into an invalid; zum Eselbren —, to make a
slave of, enslave; er machte sie zu seiner Frau,
he made her his wife; zur Regel —, to lay
down as a rule; den Anfang —, to begin;
einen Ball —, Bill. to put a ball into a pocket,
cf. Ball; dieser Ball ist leicht zu —, ich werde ihn
in's Mittelfeld —, this ball is easy to be made, I
shall put it into the middle pocket; das Bett
ist noch nicht gemacht, the bed is still unmade;
hundert Pfennige — eine Mark, one hundred
pfennigs make (go to) a mark; Eins und Eins
macht zwei, one and one make two; (die)
Casse —, Comm. 1. to make up cash; 2. to
prepare for cashing day; es macht ihm Ehre,
it does him honour, it reflects honour on
him; Ernst —, to be in earnest; das Essen —,
to dress victuals; Feuer —, to light a fire: ein
Gedicht —, to compose (write) a poem;
Geschäfte —, to do or transact business, to
carry on (great, &c.) business; Geschäfte
machen in (with Dat.), to do business, to
deal, traffic, trade in ...; ich mache in Tuch, I
do in cloth; in diesen Actien wird wenig ge-
macht, there is but little doing in these shares;
ein Gleiches —, to raise a cry; sein Glück —,
to make or push one's fortune; to carve
out one's own fortune; Hen —, to make
hay; Holz —, to cleave wood; Licht —, to
strike a light; to light a candle; einen
Spaziergang —, to take a walk; zehn Meilen
in einer Stunde —, to do ten miles in an hour;
Einem Mühe, &c. —, to put one to (a) trouble,
to put to pains; Appetit —, to give an ap-
petite; Hunger (Durst) —, to cause hunger
(thirst), to make hungry (thirsty); Schmerz,
Kummer, &c. —, to give or cause pain, grief, &c.;
Bergnügen —, to give or cause pleasure; das
machte ihm eine schlaflose Nacht, that gave
him a restless night; er machte gegen mich
den Wirth, he played host to me; er machte
gegen mich den Höflichen, he did the civil
thing to me; sich (Dat.) die Mühe — zu ..., to

take the trouble to (do a thing) or of (doing, &c.); den Narren —, to play the fool.

II. *ref. 1.* *f. (Acc.): ... sich gefürchtet* —, to make or render one's self feared; *gemein* —, to degrade one's self; *sich krank* —, to feign illness, *see unter Etellen*; *sich an (with Acc.)* —, to go or set about ...; to set one's self to ...; *sich an die Arbeit* —, to get to work; *sich an jemanden* —, to address, apply to one; *sich an eine Dame* —, to make up to a lady; *sich auf den Weg, die Reise* —, to set out, set off, depart; *sich davon or aus dem Staube* —, *sich auf die Seite* —, to make off or away, to abscond; *sich über etwas (Acc.)* —, to undertake, begin, fall to, to set or go about; *er macht sich zu Bett*, he took to his bed; *er macht sich zu Pferde*, he took to horseback; *er macht sich gut zu Pferde*, he looked well when on horseback; *die Sache (or impers. es) macht sich*, it is done, comes to pass; it turns out, looks (well, &c.); *die Sache wird sich von selbst* —, the matter will take care of itself; *die Sache hat sich schon gemacht*, the affair is already settled or arranged; *die Sachen* — *sich* *richt*, matters are now going on very well; *es macht sich Alles von selbst*, all goes on swimmingly; *das hat sich (schlecht) gemacht*, that has turned out badly; *es hat sich (von selbst) so gemacht*, it has come to be so; *es hatte sich im Laufe der Zeit so gemacht*, *daß er als Unfähiger angesehen wurde*, he had come to be regarded as chief; *das Gespräch macht sich ganz natürlich*, the conversation came on quite naturally; *wie geht's (Recht's)* — *es macht sich*, how go squares? — pretty well, tolerably; *es macht sich (impers.) trübe*, it grows overcast; *wenn sich ein Wortband nicht (von selbst) macht*, wird man ihn —, if a pretext does not occur, it will be created; *wenn es sich so macht*, if opportunity should arise.

2) *f. (Dac.): ... sich etwas* —, to procure to one's self, to get, gain, earn, or make (money in trade or by stealth, &c.); *sich die Ausgäbe, die Unkosten* — *zu* ... —, to go to the expense of ...; *sich Freunde* —, to get friends; *sich einen Begriff, eine Vorstellung* —, to form an idea, a conception; *sich etwas zum Grundsatz* —, to make it a principle; *sich ... zur Pflicht* —, to make it one's duty, to make a point of ...; *sich aus ... etwas* —, to make much, little, &c. of, to esteem, care for; *er macht sich nichts aus uns*, he makes nothing of us; *ich mache mir wenig aus ihm*, I care little for him; *ich mache mir nichts aus ...*, I care nothing for (about) ...; I don't care for ...; I don't mind (it), *coll.* I don't care a pin, rush, straw, or fig for ...; *ich mache mir aus euch Allen nichts*, I value none of you; *er macht sich nichts daraus*, so weit zu gehen, he makes nothing of going so far; *sich eine Ehre aus ...* —, to be proud or ambitious of ...; *sich ein Vergnügen aus ...* —, to take pleasure (in); *sich ein Gewissen aus ...* —, to make a conscience of ...; to scruple at ...; *gemacht, p. a. made, &c., see Gemacht, in G.*

III. *intr. coll.* to (contrive to) do; to make haste, &c.; *mach! f. am. do!* pray do! *mach! (schnell) mach! fort!* make do! (pray) make haste! be quick! now, get on, do! *coll.* strike a light! look sharp; *lange* —, to be long at (or in doing) a thing, to tarry; *mach nicht zu lange darüber*, dwell not too long on it; *mach! daß du nach Hause kommst*, make the best of your way home! *mach! daß du in die Rüstzeit kommst!* up with you!

Macher, (*str.*) *m.* *Macherin*, (*w.*) *f.* in comp. maker; —*lohn*, *m.* pay for making, make. — *Mächler*, (*str.*) *m.* slang, see *Mäcchler*.

Mäccherl, (*w.*) *f.* coll. the act or manner of making, make; *stunf*; *bungling*.

* *Mäcchlinik*, see *Mäcchlinik*.

Mäcchler, (*str.*) *m.* slang, one who is at

the bottom of an enterprise, real or chief undertaker, (sly) maker (*Fr. faiseur*).

Mächt, *e. 1.* (*str.*, pl. *Mächte*) *f.* 1) might; mightiness; power, potency, force, *cf. Gewalt*; 2) strength, force; and (mit) *aller* —, *see Gewalt*; *sich an europäischen Mächte*, the European powers or potentates; *es steht nicht in meiner* —, it is out of (beyond) my power; *ein Umstand, der nicht in meiner* — *steht*, a circumstance which I cannot control; and *eigener* —, of one's own (private) authority; *nach* —, in proportion to one's ability; — *geben*, to give power or authority, to empower, authorise; — *haben, fig.* to have a hold (über *with Acc.*), upon *f. i.* a person's mind; II. in comp. —*bild*, *m.* commanding aspect; —*brief*, *m.* power of attorney, manifest; —*eignung*, *f.* usurpation; —*fäust*, *f.* *fig.* fullness (spring-tide) of power; —*geber*, *m.* — *geberin*, *f.* the person that gives authority, constituent; —*gebot*, *n.* order from a high power; despotic command, dictation; —*gewalt*, *f.* absolute power, despotism; —*griff*, *m.* encroachment; —*haber*, *m.* one who has power; 1) lord, ruler; 2) plenipotentiary; 3) *see Bevollmächtigte*; —*haberisch*, *adj.* despotic (*adv.* despotically); —*hell*, —*hellfrant*, *n.* *Bot.* golden rod (*Solidago virginica* L.); —*herr*, —*herrsch*, *m.* despot.

Mächt'ig, I. *adj.* 1) mighty, powerful, potent, able; (*with Gen.*) master (mistress) of, having the mastery or command over; 2) *fig.* great, large; huge; strong; wide; thick; *m-r als ... werden*, to prevail against ...; II. *adv.* mightily, &c.; *very*.

Mächt'igkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mightiness, powerfulness; 2) *Min.* thickness (of a bed of coals).

Mächt'igheit, *n.* *see Mächt'ig.*

Mächtig, I. *adj.* powerless, impotent, feeble; II. *adv.* *fig.* powerlessness, impotence, feebleness.

Macht' ... in comp. —*raub*, *m.* usurpation; —*räuber*, *m.* usurper; —*ruf*, *m.* 1) call, summons of a ruler or despot; 2) powerful call; —*sprecher*, *m.* dictator; —*sprechel*, *f.* dictatorial behaviour; —*sprechelisch*, *adj.* dictatorial; —*spruch*, *m.* decisive or peremptory sentence; *einen* —*spruch thun*, to decide by authority, to be positive or dogmatical; —*stellung*, *f.* (political) power; —*that*, *f.* *see Genossenschaft*; —*voll*, *adj.* mighty, powerful; —*vollkommenheit*, *f.* sovereign power, absolute power, authority; —*willkür*, *f.* despotism; arbitrary will; —*wort*, *n.* word of command; energetic, emphatical word; *ein* —*wort darrin sprechen*, to interpose one's authority; —*zeichen*, *n.* emblem of power.

Macht'werk, (*str.*) *n.* composition, work, performance, *gen. cont.* (bungling) fabrication.

* *Mäcis* (*magist'.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Bot.* mace.

Mad, *see* *Mad*.

Mad'el, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Günster*.

Mad'ente, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* velvet-duck (*Cammetente*).

Macu'ba, *m.* Macaboy, a kind of sweet-scented snuff prepared in Macuba, a district of Martinique.

* *Maculatur*, (*w.*) *f.* (*coll. n.*) (*M. Lat.*) waste paper; —*belegung*, *f.* T. lining-paper; —*bogen*, *m.* waste sheet. [waste-paper.

* *Maculiren*, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to employ for

* *Macam*, *f.* (*Fr.*) madam; mistress; lady; *Herr und* — *Mr. and Mrs. M.*, Mr. M. and his lady.

Mad'chen, *e. 1.* (*str.*) *n.* (*old dimin.* of *Weib*) maid, maiden, girl; spinster; mistress, sweetheart; — *frü* *Alte*, maid (servant) of all work; II. (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Wabe*) little maggot; III. in comp. —*anstalt*, *f.* boarding-school for young ladies.

Mad'chenhaft, I. *adj.* & *adv.* maidenly, maidlike, girlish; II. *adv.* *fig.* maidenliness.

Mad'chen ... in comp. —*jäger*, *m.* tins; —*hammer*, *f.* housemaid's apron; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* province. lesser poria; —*lehrer*, *m.* —*lehrerin*, *f.* teacher of —*raub*, *m.* rape; —*räuber*, *m.* ravisher; *Mad'chenhaft*, (*w.*) *f.* maidenhood; Jungfräulichkeit.

Mad'chen ... in comp. —*schule*, *f.* school, school for girls; —*summer*, *m.* 1) summer; 2) gossamer.

Mad'chenstamm, (*str.*) *n.* maidenhood; *Mad'chenstall*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *girls*.

Mad'el, (*w.*) *f.* maggot, mite.

Mad'el's (*pr. mab'el*), 1) *n.* (isla)

Madaira; 2) *m.* or —*wein*, *m.* Madeira

Mad'el, (*str.*) *n.* province for *Mad'el*

* *Mademaiselle*, (*madm'aisel*) (*m.*

W-n or *W-d*) (*Fr.*) young, lady, miss

Mad'en ... in comp. —*baum*, *m.*

province. black-poplar; —*früßig*, *adj.*

eaten; —*freßer*, *m.* *Ornith.* razor-billed

bird, an (*Oreophaga ari L.*); —*hader*,

Ochsenhader; —*frant*, *n.* *see* *Seifenfrant*;

m. cont. worm-bag, the human body; —

m. *Zool.* ascaride (*Epulurum*).

Mad'el, (*str.*) *m.* Minor. a clayey or

kind of earth.

Mad'el, *adj.* maggoty, full of mites

Mad'ling, (*str.*) *m.* a sort of white g

* *Madon'na*, (*pl.* *Madon'nen*) (*Ital.*

Madon'na, the Holy Mary.

[of the Holy

Madon'nenbild, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nenbild*

Madon'nenhaft, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nenhaft*

* *Madon'nen*, (*w.*) *f.* *Zool.* mad

Mad'el, *m.* *Gen.* coralloid, coral-rag.

* *Madon'nen*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nen*

Madon'nen, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nen*

* *Madon'nen*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nen*

* *Madon'nen*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nen*

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* *Madon'nen*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Madon'nen*

f. pl. — *beschwerung, f.* indigestion; *f.* wumbling in the stomach; *f. Med. haematemesis* (lat.); — *brei, breunen, n.* heart-burning; *Swyg-s.* rupture of the stomach, gas-brüche, *f.* stomach brush; — *brüden, in, in* in the stomach, stomachalgia; *e. f. Anat. pancreas; Med-s.* — *elicit, elixir; — erweichung, f.* gastro-erweiterung, *f.* aneurism of the — *essen, f.* cordial drops; — *fieber, fever; Anat-s.* — *gefäße, n. pl.* vessels; — *geflecht, n.* plexus of *h. (plexus gastricus); — gegen, f.* region; — *gicht, f.* gout in the — *grube, f.* pit of the stomach; — *hant, bottom* of the stomach; — *haut, mbrane* of the stomach; — *husten, cough; — fies, m.* see *Bitterfies*; *ampf, m.* spasm in the stomach; *f. disorder* (or disease) of the — *französisch, f. Anat.* coronary of stomach, stomachic coronary; — *freß, n.* stomach; — *selben, n.* gastropathy; *cit; — mittel, n. pl.* stomachics; *f.* — *hügelchen, n.* Hügelchen, *n.* stomach; — *mund, m. Anat.* the superior orifice of the stomach, cardia; — *stomachal, n.* stomachic plaster; — *pfortner, the lower orifice* of the stomach, *pforte, f.* stomachic or digestive pit; *f. Anat.* stomachic artery; — *pulverschmuck, powder; — yumpfe, f. Swyg.* — *reiß, m.* irritation of the — *rühr, f. Med.* liantory; — *saft, m.* — *saftsaure, f.* gastric acid, stomach ointment or salve; — *saure, f.* — *schürfe, f. Med.* acidity of the — *schlund, m.* see — *mund; jum —* *loc.* to top up with; — *schmerz, m.* the stomach; — *schmitt, m. Swyg.* — *schwache, f.* dyspeptic compepepy; — *schwindelhaft, f. Med.* the stomach; — *seht, m.* stomachic — *schle, f. Vol.* dysentery; — *springe, f.* — *stärkend, adj.* stomachic, stogestive; — *stärkung, f.* cordial for — *stärkungsmittel, n.* stomachic — *stein, m.* bezoar; — *stiere (Ehren-Nad. polygastrica* (a class of intransit, *m.* stomachic draught; — *st. cordial drops; — stürzung, m.* phy of the stomach; — *wasser, n.* the stomach; — *weg, n.* pain in — *wein, m.* see — *seht; — wurm, in the stomach; — wurst, f.* a de in a hog's maw; — *wurz, — wur-* 1) see *Hirnschwurzel*; 2) see *Salzmus;* *adj.* 1) meager, lean; lank, thin, meagre; ill-conditioned, ill-favoured 2) *Ag.* dry, poor, barren; cine a thin meadow; *m-t* Roß, slender a thin steed; *m-t* Almojen, scanty alms; *m-t* Blätter, poor tobacco-leaves; *m-t* place; *m-t* Wein, thin wine; *dic* —, the corn is thin; *das M-t*, the cotton, pork, &c.; *das — werden*, (of lime). [trees] (*str.*) *m. Gard.* worm (disease of eit, (*w. f.*) 1) meagerness, leanness; 2) *Ag.* aridity, dryness, — *mamm, (str.) m.* *Mor.* fore-top

magician (Zauberer). — *Magisch, adj.* magic (Zauberisch).
* *Magister, (str.) m. (Lat.)* master of arts; — *hut, m.* cap of a master of arts. — *Magisterium, (str., pl. [w.]* Magisterien) *n. Chem.* magistry. — *Magistral, (str.) m. Metall.* magistral. — *Magistrale, (str.) n. Fort.* magistral. — *Magistrat, (str.) m.* magistracy (Stadt-rath), body of magistrates; *Magister, f.* magistrate. — *Magistratur, (w.) f.* magistracy. — *Magistratren, (w.) v. intr.* to take the degree of Magister.
* *Magnat, (w.) m. (Ital. magnate)* magnate, grandee (in Hungary and Poland); *Magntafel, f.* table of the magnates.
* *Magnesia, f. (Gr.) Chem.* magnesia. — *Magnesium, (str.) n.* hydrate of magnesia. — *Magnesium, (str.) n.* magnesium (Strontium).
* *Magnet, (str.) m. (Gr.)* (— *stein*) load-stone, magnet; — *berg, m.* the (fabulous) Loadstone-Rock; — *eisen, n.* magnetic iron; — *eisenand, m.* 1) magnetic iron-sand; 2) iserine; — *eisenstein, m.* see — *eisen; — elektricität, f.* magnetic or magneto-electricity; — *feld, m.* see — *eisen*.
Magnetisch, adj. magnetic(al).
* *Magnetismus, (pr. -dus), (str.) m. (Fr.)* magnetism, mesmerism; — *Magnetisiren, (w.) v. tr.* 1) to magnetise, mesmerise; 2) to make magnetic. — *Magnetismus, (str.) pl. [w.]* M-men) *n.* magnetism; mesmerism.
Magnet, ... in comp. — *fies, m.* magnetic pyrites; — *nadel, f.* compass-needle, magnetic needle; *M-nadel-Weichungsmesser, m.* amplitude-compass; — *and, m.* see — *eisenand*; 1; — *stücken, n.* magnetic-bar; — *stange, f.* bar-magnet; — *stein, m.* see — *fies*. [(a title).
* *Magnificenz, (w.) f. (Lat.)* magnificence
* *Magnolia, (w.) f. Bot.* laurel-leaved tulip-tree, magnolia (*Magnolia grandiflora* L.).
* *Magot, (str.) m. Zool.* magot (a species of ape (*Indris apollonius* L.).
* *Magyar, (pr. majár), (w.) m. (Hung.)* Magyar, Hungarian. — *Magyarisch, adj.* Magyar, Magyar.
* *Mahagoni [or Mahagoni], (str.) n. (West-Ind.)* mahogany (wood); *gefirnisset* —, roe mahogany; *gestammtes* —, plum-pattern mahogany; *getricretes* —, mottled mahogany; — *in Böden, in Böhlen, in Gabelstücken*, mahogany in logs, planks, in forked balks; *salztes* —, bastard-mahogany; — *baum, m. Bot.* mahogany tree (*Swietenia Mahagoni* L.).
* *Mahaleb-Stein, (w.) f. Bot.* mahaleb-cherry (*Prunus mahaleb* L.).
Mahäl, adj. movable.
Mahd, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) mowing; 2) mowing-time; 3) swath; 4) (*provinc.*, [*str.*] *pl.* *Mähder*, *n.* also *Mähd'*(and) meadow to be mowed, grass-land; 5) day's work of a mower; *M-en* [schlagen, to cut grass; *dic* — *aufstrecken*, to turn the cut grass to the wind. — *Mähde, (w.) f. provinc.* meadow.
Mähder, (str.) m. see *Mäher*; *Mähderci, (w.) f.* company of mowers of a village.
Mählig, adj. in comp. that may be mowed; *e. g.* ein —, jwet —, &c.
Mäh, (w.) f. see *Mahd*; — *maschine, f.* mowing or reaping machine, mower, reaper.
Mäh, (w.) v. tr. to mow (down), shear, reap, cut (corn, grass). [man.
Mähner, (str.) m. mower, reaper, harvest-Mäh'geit, (*w. f.*) *f.* mowing-time.
Mäh, ... in comp. — *feld, n.* 1) mown field; 2) field to be mown; — *and, n.* 1) see — *feld*; 2) piece of forest-land made arable; 3) grassy bottom of a dike.
Mahl, (str., pl. Mahle & Mähler) *n.* 1) meal, repast; 2) mark, spot; stain, mole; 3) token, sign, character, print; 4) see *Mol*; 5) *Ship-b.* see *Mahl*; 6) goal; boundary.

Mahl'... in comp. — *art, — barte, f.* axe or hatchet for marking trees; — *baum, m.* 1) a blazed or marked tree; 2) *Mill.* see *Stach-* *baum*; 3) see *Eperberbaum*; — *blatt, n. T.* ston(e)ble; — *boden, m.* see *Mahlboden*.
Mahl'brief, (str.) m. see *Mahlbrief*.
Mahl'eisen, (str.) n. see *Mahlart, Mahl-* *hammer*.
Mahlen, I. (irr.) v. tr. to grind; to mill; *wer zuerst kommt, mahlt zuerst*, proverb, first come first served; *es mahlt mir im Kopfe*, coll. my head is swimming round; *IL* see *Malen*, &c.
Mahl'... in comp. — *gang, m.* set of stones (in a mill); mill course; *eine Mühle mit vier* — *gängen*, a mill with four runs; — *gast, m.* miller's customer; — *geld, m.* miller's fee; — *gerinne, n.* mill-trench; — *gerüste, n.* drum, box; — *graben, m.* — *grube, f.* 1) boundary-pit; 2) pit serving as a mark; — *großchen, m.* see — *geld*; — *grube, f.* see — *graben*; — *hammer, m.* woodman's marking-hammer; — *hanteln, m.* see — *hügel*; — *holz, n.* baker's stamp or marker; — *hügel, m.* hill serving to mark a boundary.
Mählich (Mäh'lig), adj. & adv. (+ &) * (proceeding) by degrees (Hlmählich).
Mahl'... in comp. — *frucht, m.* miller's man; — *fern, n.* grist; — *fein, m.* — *menge, f.* toll corn, fee for grinding; — *mühle, f.* grist mill, a mill for grinding grain; — *platz, m.* boundary-post; — *platz, m.* 1) place of assembly or meeting of a court; 2) place of execution; — *recht, n.* 1) right or privilege of keeping a mill; 2) mulcture; — *sand, m.* 1) clayey-sand; 2) see *Erbsand*; — *säule, f.* column marking a boundary; — *schaf, m.* dowry, portion; — *schloß, n.* Lock-sm. puzzle-lock; — *stätt, — stätte, f. + see — platz*; — *stein, m.* 1) boundary-stone; 2) monumental stone; — *steuer, f.* grinding-tax (a duty on grinding of corn); — *strom, m.* whirlpool; — *trag, m.* trough for pounding apples, &c. in; — *wert, m.* 1) *Mün.* tin ore scattered in the quartz; 2) see *Mählwert*. — *zahl, m.* see *Badenzahl*.
Mahl'zeichen, (str.) n. mole, mark, sign, memorial.
Mahl'geit, (w.) f. meal, repast (*Mahl*, 1).
Mahl'... in comp. — *gettel, m.* ticket, certificate of the corn that is to be ground; — *gewang, m.* the obligation to have one's corn ground at a certain mill.
Mahn, (str.) m. provinc. see *Mohn*.
Mahn'... in comp. — *brief, m.* — *schreiben, n.* 1) hortatory letter; 2) letter for calling in a debt, coll. dunning letter. [boy.
Mahn'bäbe, Mahn'tuecht, (str.) m. plough-Mahn'ne, (*w. f.*) *f.* mane.
Mahn'en, (w.) v. tr. 1) to put in mind (an, of), to remind, to warn; to urge (zu, to); 2) (*with um, wegen*) to put in mind of a debt, to demand, ask the payment of a debt due, to dun, to call upon (one for a debt), to remind to pay, to press for payment; *um Elese-rung* —, to demand, request delivery.
Mahn'en... in comp. — *busch, m.* tuft of hair on a helmet; — *bede, f.* mane-shoot; — *haar, n.* mane-hair; — *baum, m.* mane-comb; — *stier, m.* Zool. African wild ox, bonas(e)us (*Bos bonasus* L.); — *taube, f.* see *Jacobinertaube*; — *umwog, p. a.* * (*Chamisso*) mane-encircled (of a lion's head). [dunner.
Mahn'ner, (str.) m. 1) see *Ermauner*; 2) *Mahn'ng, adj.* maned, having a mane.
Mahn'schreiben, (str.) m. see *Mahnbrief*.
Mahn'ung, (w.) f. 1) exhortation, monition, see *Ermaunung*; 2) the (act of) asking payment, dunning, &c.; 3) see *Mahnbrief* &c.
Mahn'gettel, (str.) m. Law, debenture.
Mahomedaner, (str.) m., M-in, (w.) f. Mahometan, Mussulman. — *Mahomedanisch, adj.* Mahometan. — *Mahomedanismus, m.* Mahometanism, Islamism.

Maß, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. mare, night-mare; elf.
 (*2*) tale, romance, legend.
Maß, (*w.*) *f.* (*†* & *) 1) news, tidings;
Maßra'te, (*w.*) *m.* Mahratta: **Maßra'ten**,
m. pl. Mahratta states.

Maßr'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Maß**)
 1) tale, story; fable; cf. **Sindermaßchen**;
 2) *sg.* fabulous story, fib, sham.

Maßr'chenhaft, *adj.* like a tale; scitious,
 fabulous; II. **Maßr'heit**, *f.* form of a tale;
 scitiousness; fabulousness.

A. **Maßre**, (*w.*) *f.* see **Maß**.

B. **Maßre**, (*w.*) *m.* Moravian.

C. **Maßre**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) jade; b) see **Stute**;
 2) prostitute.

Maßren, *n. Geogr.* Moravia. [**Maßr'flecht**.
Maßr'raupf, (*str.*) *pl.* **Maßr'pfe** *m.* see
Maßr'et, (*str.*) *m.* **Maßr'risch**, *adj.* Mora-

vian; die *m-en* **Brüder**, *Koch.* the Moravians.
Maßr'..., *in comp.* -**flechte**, *f.* elf-locks,
 see **Alpsoff**; -**flatte**, -**löde**, *f.* elf-lock (cf.
Beichelsopf). [**Maßr'chen**.

Maßr'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc.* & *) see
Maßr'te, **Maßr'te**, (*w.*) *f.* provinc. 1) see
Wabe; 2) candle, mixture of beer or wine
 with bread-crumbs, currants, &c.; 3) any mixture
 or medley.

Maß, *s. i.* (*str.* & [*†*] *w.*) *m.* 1) May; 2) a)
 year's shoot in a tree; b) (*w.*) see **Maße**;
 II. *in comp.* -**apfel**, *m.* may-apple; -**baum**,
m. 1) see **Birke**; 2) see **Traubenstirke**; 3) May-
 pole; -**birte**, *f.* 1) may-pole; 2) white birch
 (*Betula alba* L.); -**blume**, *f.* -**blümchen**,
 -**blümelein**, *n.* *Bot.* lily of the valley, May-
 flower (*Convallaria* L.); -**bush**, *m.* birch bush;
 -**butter**, *f.* butter churned in the month of May.

Maß, (*w.*) *f.* (*†* & *) maid, maiden;
 -**apfel**, *m.* Pom. redstreak. [**Maß**.]

Maßb'fel, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* sow-thistle (*Centa-*
Maß, (*w.*) *f.* green bough, especially of
 the birch; may-pole.

Maßm., (*w.*) *v. i.* *intr.* see **zugen**; 2) pro-
 vinc. to pay a friendly visit; II. *tr.* to peel off
 the young bark of a tree).

Maßm..., *in comp.* *cf.* **Maße**; -**baum**,
m. see **Maßbaum**; -**blatt**, *n.* birch-leaf;
 -**blume**, *f.* -**glühchen**, *n.* see **Maßblume**;
 -**bush**, *m.* 1) see **Maßbush**; 2) *provinc.* *Bot.*
 upright honeysuckle; -**büchel**, *n.* (*Prude*)
 vernal breeze.

Maßb'haft, *adj.* (*Wt.* May-like) spring-
 like, vernal.

Maßm..., *in comp.* ihr *duft'gen* **Gärten**
 im *hohen* -**sicht**, (*Unwied.*) ye perfumed gar-
 dens in Mayday's golden light (*Basch*).; -
luft, *f.* -**mond**, *m.* see **Maßluft** &c.; in der
 stillen, *schönen* -**nacht**, (*Reisich*) on a silent,
 lovely May day's eve (*Basch*.); -**trübchen**,
n. *Bot.* water-fern, flowering fern (*Osmunda*
repens L.).

Maßer, **Maßerel**, see **Meier**, **Meierel**.
Maß..., *in comp.* -**fisch**, *m.* see **Maße**;
 -**forelle**, *f.* *Ichth.* salmon trout (*Salmo la-*
castria L.); -**grün**, *adj.* pea-green; -**hölz**,
n. see **Dotterweide**; -**käfer**, *m.* *Entom.* cock-
 chafer, Maybug (*Melolontha vulgaris* L.); -
käuzchen, *n.* catkin; -**kirsche**, *f.* May-cherry,
 May-duke; -**königin**, *f.* May-lady, maid
 Marian; -**krant**, *n.* *Bot.* 1) pilewort, lesser
 oelandine (*Ficaria vernaiculoides* L.); 2) knob-
 by-rooted flgwort (*Scrophularia nodosa* L.);
 3) see **Schöllkraut**; 4) see **Wangold**.

Maßland, *n. Geogr.* Milan.

Maßländer, (*str.*) *m.*, **Maßländerin**, (*w.*)
f. **Maßländerin**, *adj.* Milanese.

Maßlich, *adj.* see **Maßenhaft**.

Maßling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ichth.* grayling;
 2) a kind of winter-apple; 3) see **Maßmurm**.
 * **Maßl'fe**, (*Fr.*) [*pr.* **ma'l'fe**] *f.* 1) racket
 (at tennis); 2) tennis; -**schuß**, *f.* tennis-court;
 -**tafel**, *f.* tennis-ball; -**spiel**, *n.* pallmall.

Maßluft, (*str.*) *pl.* **Maßl'fte** *f.* spring air.

Maßm., (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* 1) a species of ma-
 cacao (*Macacus nemestrinus*); 2) a species of
 mandrill (*Cynocephalus maimon*).

Maß..., *in comp.* -**monat**, *m.* month of
 May; -**münd**, *f.* see **Entingeflegt**.

Maßm., (*str.*) *m.* (the German river) Main.

Maßm., *n. Geogr.* (the town of) Mains
 (Monts. Mayence).

Maßm'ger, *L. s. (str.) m.*, **Maßm'gerin**, (*w.*)
f. inhabitant or native of Mains; II. or **Maßm'**
gisch, *adj.* (of) Mains.

Maßm'kunge, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* a young shoot of
 rye coming up after the development of the
 mother stem (*Unterroggen*).

Maßm'ra, (*str.*) *m.* see **Rejoten**.

Maßm'rabe, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* hasty turnip (a va-
 riety of *Brassica rapa* L.).

Maßm., (*str.*) *m.* Indian or Turkey corn,
 maize, Am. (great) corn (*Zea mays* L.); -
blätter, *n. pl.* Am. corn-blades.

A. **Maßm'isch**, **Maßm'isch**, see **Maßm'isch**, **Maßm'isch**.
 B. **Maßm'isch**, (*str.*) *m.* see **Maßm'isch**.

Maßm'..., *in comp.* -**schin**, *m.* 1) new moon
 in May; 2) *Bot.* saxifrage (*Steinbrich*); -
schleichen, *n.* butt-shooting in May.

Maßm'ble, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* rusty grackle
 (*Gracula quicquilla* L.); red-winged starling,
 cornthief (*Cassius phoeniceus* (L.)).

Maßm'funde, (*w.*) *f.* *Vol.* red-murrain.

Maßm'..., *in comp.* -**feld**, *m.* maize-field;
 -**loben**, *m.* Am. corn-cob; -**maßl**, *n.* Am.
 Indian meal; -**maßm'funde**, *m.* *Chem.* zein(e).

Maßm'..., *in comp.* -**sundag**, *m.* the third
 sunday before easter; -**spiel**, *m.* *Ornith.*
 European nuthatch (*Sitta europaea*); -**spiel**, *n.*
 May-game.

Maßm'kra, (*str.*) *n.* Indian corn straw.

Maßm'kraut, (*str.*) *pl.* **Maßm'kraut** *m.* medi-
 cated wine prepared of the herb of woodroof,
 may-drink. [*kept*] mistress.

* **Maßm'kre** [*pron.* **maßm'kre**], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*)
Maßm'..., *in comp.* -**vogel**, *m.* 1) see **Tran-**
vogel; 2) *provinc.* a) cuckoo; b) butterfly;
 -**wurm**, *m.* *Entom.* oil-beetle (*Meloidae procer-*
arius L.); -**wurp**, *f.* 1) broom-rape (*Orobanch-*
es major L.); 2) great tooth-wort (*Lathraea*
squamarum L.).

* **Maßm'krät**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) majesty. -
Maßm'krätisch, *adj.* majestic(al).

Maßm'krät..., *in comp.* -**beselbigung**, *f.*
 offence against (or affecting) the sovereign;
 -**brief**, *m.* letter patent issued by the sove-
 reign, charter; -**recht**, *n.* right of sovereignty;
 prerogative, *pl.* regalia; -**verbrechen**, *n.* (the
 crime of) high-treason, lese majesty; -**ver-**
brecher, -**schänder**, *m.* violator of majesty,
 high-traitor.

* **Maßm'krät'fe**, see **Maßm'krät'fe**.
Maßm'krät, (*str.*) *pl.* **Maßm'krät** *m.* (*Lat.*)
Mil. major; **Maßm'krät**, *f.* major's place or
 commission.

* **Maßm'krät**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) *Bot.* marjoram
 (*Origanum majorana* L.).

* **Maßm'krät'**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) eldership,
 right of primogeniture; 2) (**Maßm'krät'**),
f. **Maßm'krät'**, *n.* estate or inheritance attached
 to the right of primogeniture; -**erbe**, *f.* heir
 through primogeniture; **Maßm'krät'**, *m.* pos-
 sessor of a **Maßm'krät'**; -**Maßm'krät'**, *adj.* of
 (full) age. - **Maßm'krät'...**, (*w.*) *f.* full age,
 majority. - **Maßm'krät'...**, (*w.*) *f.* to van-
 quish by a majority of votes. - **Maßm'krät'**,
 (*w.*) *f.* majority.

* **Maßm'krät'**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Lat.* majuscula,
pl. majuscula characters (used in ancient
 * **Maßm'krät'...**, see **Maßm'krät'...** [MSS.].

Maßm'krät', (*str.*) *m.* stain, spot, blot, taint;
 fault, defect.

Maßm'krät', (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Comm.* (the act or
 practice of) broking; - **treiben**, to do broker's
 business; 2) *cont.* petty criticism, constant
 faultfinding.

Maßm'krät', *in comp.* -**geß**, *n.*, -
f. see **Maßm'krät'**.

Maßm'krät', *adj.* stained, blotted.
Maßm'krät', *adj.* coll. nice, fastidious.
Maßm'krät', *adj.* spotless; **Maßm'krät'**,
adj. spotlessness.

Maßm'krät', (*w.*) *v. i.* *intr.* (also **Maßm'krät'**)
Comm. to perform the business of a broker, coll.
 to transact business as a broker, coll.
 II. *tr. & intr.* (with an [*& Det.*]) *cont.*
 to close, and fault with: (*beim* **Maßm'krät'**)
 don't be dainty (now)!

* **Maßm'krät'**, (*str.*) *pl.* **Maßm'krät'** *m.* *Zool.* 1)
 nosed monkey (*Simia*); 2) *ber* **Maßm'krät'**,
 flying lemur, flying cat (*Galopithecus*
Geoffr. *Lemur volans* L.).

Maßm'krät', (*str.*) *m.* I. 1) *Mar.* knee I
 foot of the flag-staff; 2) *f.* spindle; II. **Maßm'krät'**,
Comm. broker, agent, factor; **Maßm'krät'**,
den - **maßen**, to job; 2) *sg.* fault-
 in *comp.* -**alter**, *m.* senior broker; -
m. services of a broker; -**geßm'krät'**, *f.*
n. brokerage; -**geßm'krät'**, *m.* broker's
 authorised to act for the principal; -**geßm'krät'**,
m. trade of a broker; jobbing business.

Maßm'krät'isch, *adj.* see **Maßm'krät'**.
Maßm'krät', *in comp.* -**journal**, *n.* *be*
 book; -**isch**, *n.* see **geßm'krät'**.

* **Maßm'krät'**, (*str.*) *m.* moorhen (*Recur-*
Maßm'krät', (*w.*) *f.* *Ichth.* mackerel, see
 (*Scomber scombrus* L.); **Maßm'krät'**, *m.* *ma*
 * **Maßm'krät'**, *m.* see **Maßm'krät'**. [*Maßm'krät'*]

Maßm'krät', (*str.*) *m.* 1) time, coll. bout;
Maßm'krät' & **Maßm'krät'**; **Maßm'krät'**, the first
 ein *andere* -, another time; **Maßm'krät'** and
 a second time; **Maßm'krät'**, **Maßm'krät'**,
 leipen - (in Auction), going, going,
 ein -, once; **Maßm'krät'** ein -, this once
 once; **Maßm'krät'** -, twice; **Maßm'krät'** -, once
 again, *cf.* **Einmal**; **Maßm'krät'** ein halb - *so*
 half as large (big, &c.) again; **Maßm'krät'**
 1. at a time; at one bout; 2. or mit ein
 (all) at once, suddenly; **Maßm'krät'** -, ten times
 - **Maßm'krät'**, fine multiplied by four; **Maßm'krät'**
 macht **Maßm'krät'**, four times four amount
 teen; **Maßm'krät'** -, oftentimes; **Maßm'krät'** -,
 time; **Maßm'krät'** ein -, once for all, for
 and all; **Maßm'krät'** ein - *eingeladen* sein, to
 a general invitation; **Maßm'krät'** ein - *Maßm'krät'*
 zu wiederholen **Maßm'krät'**, again and again
 time after time; **Maßm'krät'** ein - *um's* **Maßm'krät'**,
 alternately; **Maßm'krät'** hat **Maßm'krät'**, wie viel
 has fixed the number of times.

Maßm'krät'isch, *adj.* Malay, (of) Malay.
Maßm'krät', (*str.* & *v.*) *m.* (*Gr.*)
 malachite; -**agat**, *m.* green opaque
 -**stein**, *m.* chrysocolla; -**stein**, *m.* crystals
 malachite. [*Maßm'krät'*]

* **Maßm'krät'isch**, (*w. & str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*)
Maßm'krät', (*w.*) *m.* Malay, Malayan.
Maßm'krät'isch, *adj.* Malay, Malayan.

Maßm'krät', *adj.* that may be painted.
Maßm'krät', (*str.*) *m.* see **Maßm'krät'**.

Maßm'krät', *pl.* *Geogr.* Maldives.
 * **Maßm'krät'**, (*w.*) *f.* *Chem.* eq.
 * **Maßm'krät'**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to curse.
 * **Maßm'krät'**, (*w.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) male.
 * **Maßm'krät'**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) capital

-**fall**, *m.* capital case; -**gericht**, *n.* or
 court; -**person**, *f.* criminal, malefactor;
 richter, *m.* criminal judge; -**schafe**, *f.* see
Maßm'krät', see **Maßm'krät'**.

Maßm'krät', (*w.*) *v. tr.* to paint: 1) to pi-
 portray, take the likeness of ...; 2) *sg.*
 to depict, represent; to colour;
sg. to be painted; **Maßm'krät'** - **lassen**, to have
 likeness taken, *cf.* **lassen**; **Maßm'krät'** -
 she has had her likeness taken (or d
 auf **Maßm'krät'** -, to annual; in **Maßm'krät'** -, to en
 in **Maßm'krät'** -, to paint in oil; in **Maßm'krät'** &
 -, to draw in crayons; **Maßm'krät'** bit (th

lassen! *coll. iron.*
! *zum* - *coll. picturesque*; *zum*
Bildchen.

(*str.*) *m.* painter; artist; ein
dauber: -academie, *f.* academy

, (*w.*) *f.* painting: 1) *a*) art of
manner of painting; 2) picture;
painting, daub.

... in comp. -*esfel*, *m.* easel; -
ainter's colour; -*stirn*, *m.* pain-
ter's; -*gold*, *n.* painter's gold, water
colour; -*horn*, *n.* painter's
m. (*f.* *paintress*). [colour-pot
], *adj.* picturesque.

... in comp. -*stift*, *f.* *Mod.* painter's
-*stift*, *f.* art of painting, picto-
graphy, *m.* (in *Stürzen*) drop-lake, drop
canvas; -*metall*, *n.* painter's
-*gold*; -*stift*, *f.* *Conch.*
paper, painter's shell (*Unio pictorum*)
-*stift*, *f.* painter's boards; -*stift*,
-*stift*, *m.* brush; -*stift*, *m.* palette;
1) school for painters or painting;
of painters or painting; -*stift*,
-*stift*, *m.* painter's horn;
-*stift*, *m.* sketching
-*stift*, *n.* canvas for painting; -*stift*,
-*stift*, *n.* union.

... *stift*, *adj.* picturesque.
-*stift*, (*str.*, *pl.* *stift*) *m.* paint-
er-box.

, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (*Swab.*) cat.

, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* mould, form, model;

-*stift*, *n.* building-contract.

, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *Mar.* 1) to draw, make

2) to chop about (of the wind).

, (*w.*) *f.* mail (coach).

, (*w.*) *f.* *stift*, *n.* *stift*.

, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* 1) a corn-measure

2) cord, a wood-measure

3) *stift*, *n.* wood in cords;

a) mortar; b) dust, rubbish.

, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Maltese; 2) *see*

comp. -*stift*, *f.* Maltese clay; -

-*stift*, *n.* *see* *Hologaster* (funt); -*stift*, *n.*

Malta; -*stift*, *n.* order of Malta;

a knight (of the order) of Malta,

-*stift*, *adj.* Maltese. [Hospitalier.

, (*str.*) *m.* malmsey (wine);

stift, *n.* malmsey-pear.

, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* mallow (*Malva* L.);

adj. malvaceous; -*stift*, *m.* *Bot.*

(*Althea rosea* L.).

, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* malt; bunfels, *schwar-*

-*stift*, black-malt, porter-malt;

-*stift*, malt; an ihm ist Hopfen und -*stift*

he is past hopes of amendment;

-*stift*, *f.* excise upon malt; -*stift*,

a little malt, thin (of beer); -*stift*,

beer, also: *stift* - *stift*, *m.* malt-

-*stift*; -*stift*, *m.* malt-tub, steep-

-*stift*; -*stift*, *m.* malt-kiln, ost.

-*stift*, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Wahlsticht*.

, (*coll.* *Wahlsticht*), (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* to malt.

, (*str.*) *m.* maltster.

, (*str.*) *m.* maltster.

, (*str.*) *m.* maltster.

, (*str.*) *m.* maltster.

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, (*str.*) *m.* maltster.

, (*w.*, *Gen. sing. sometimes* [*str.*])
-*stift*, *m.* Mameluke.

, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *stift*, *f.* mamma; *fam. ma.*

, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *vulg.* mammy, mamma;

2) *see* *Memme*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Memme*.

, (*str.*) *m.* (*Syr.*) mammon,

pelf; *W-stücker*, *W-stücker*, *W-stücker*, *m.*

worshipper of mammon.

, (*str.*, *pl.* *stift*, *sometimes* *stift*) *n.*

(*Russ.*) mammoth (antediluvian animal).

, (*str.*) *f.* *coll.* for *Mademoiselle*.

, (*str.*, *pl.* *stift*, *third pers.* (in French

one, a man or person, somebody, they,

people, men; - *stift*, they say, people say,

it is said or reported, a report goes; was wird

- *stift*? what will people say; - *stift* (*be-*

richtet, *meldest*) mir, I am told (informed),

I am let know; wenn - *stift* fragen dar, if

one (*coll.* a man) may ask you; - *stift* es

thun, one may do it, it may be done; - *stift*

nicht glauben was er sagt, there is no believ-

ing what he says; das kann - *stift* wissen,

there is no knowing; - *stift* wissen, you (they)

ought to know; - *stift* ihn, he was found or

met; - *stift* mich aus einer Stube in die

eubere, I was led out of one room into an-

other; - *stift* den Hauptmann und Madam B.

an einem Tische sitzen, *Theat.* the captain and

Mrs. B. (are) discovered sitting at a table;

- *stift* mit, somebody is coming, they are com-

ing; - *stift* mit, the drum beats, the drums

are beating; - *stift*, somebody knocks,

there is a knock at the door; - *stift* ich,

there is fear; - *stift* ich zu wissen, infor-

mation is required; - *stift* die Herren, einzu-

treten, the gentlemen are requested to enter;

- *stift* ihm gehorchen, he must be obeyed; -

stift ihn ermahnen, he ought to be ad-

monished; - *stift* es haben, it must be had;

- *stift* mich, may I be allowed, I beg leave;

- *stift* mich im Frieden, let me alone; - *stift*

mich wohl, let me be understood; - *stift*

die AB im Punkte C, bisect AB in the

point C; - *stift* Rinf in Salzsaure aufl., dis-

solve sink in muriatic acid.

, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) priestess of Bac-

chus, *pl.* *stift*, *stift*, *stift*, *stift*.

, (*str.*, *pl.* *stift*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

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, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Manat*.

of corn, &c.; 3) *see* *Mangel*, I.; die *M-n* am

Salfe, 1. *Anat.* tonsils; 2. *Far.* vives.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

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, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *for* *Manbelmisch*.

, (<

die frine —, mark line; — *Contant*, mark current (current); — *Santa*, Comm. Banco mark; — *Wißig*, mark Lube.

* *Marfäst*, *see* *Marfäst*. [*dary-tree*.]
Marfbaum, (*str.*, pl. *Marbäume*) *m.* boun-
Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *fein*, *n.* marrow-
 bone; — *bin*, *f.* Bot. common rush (*Juncus L.*).
Marf... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) —
 brief, *m.* letter of mark (or *marque*); — *ding*,
n. t. *see* — *gericht*.

Marfe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mark, token; (in card-
 playing) fish; 2) counter-mark; 3) Comm.
 a) signature; b) description, sort; 4) (postage-
 stamp, *see* *Stiefmarke*. [*nish wine*.]

Marfbrunnen, (*str.*) *m.* a superior Rhe-
Marftein, (*w.*) *v. l. fr.* to mark; II. *intr.*
see *Marftein*. [*of trade-marks*.]
Marfeschutz, (*str.*) *m.* legal protection
Marfcer, (*str.*) *m.* Marker, inhabitant of
 a Mark, Margraviate.

Marfetenber, (*str.*) *m.* (*Mar-in*, [*w.*] *f.*
 female) suttler; *in comp.* — *barfe*, *f.* provision-
 boat; — *bube*, *f.* *Mil.* canteen. — *Marfeten-*
berel, (*w.*) *f.* suttler's trade, suttling-house.
Marfetenbern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to carry on
 the trade of a suttler. — *Marfetenberwägen*,
 (*str.*) *m.* suttler's wagon.

* *Marfette*, (*w.*) *f.* Comm. white wax in
 tables or tablets.

Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *feistoff*, *m.*
Chem. medulline; — *feitt*, *adj.* *see* — *rich*.

Marfrießen, (*str.*) *m.* (*from* *Marf*, *B.*)
 security against encroachments (of forests).
Marfgefäß, (*str.*) *n.* medullary vessel.

Marf... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) — *geib*,
n. earnest; handseil; — *geuß*, *m.* one that be-
 longs to the same march, *f.* *Marf*, 1, a; —
gerechtigkeit, *f.* right of enclosure; — *gericht*,
n. district-court; — *gewähr*, *f.* number of coins
 to the value of a mark; — *gewicht*, *n.* troy-
 weight; — *graf*, *m.* margrave (*marquis*); —
gräf, *f.* margravine (*marquess*); — *gräflich*,
adj. belonging or relating to a margrave or
 margravine; — *gräfchaft*, *f.* — *gräfenthum*,
n. margraviate; dignity of a margrave.

Marfhaut, (*str.*, pl. *Mar-häute*) *f.* Anat.
 membrane inside the bone.

Marfherr, (*w.*) *m.* lord of a manor.

Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *holz*, *n.* 1) any
 pithy wood; 2) Bot. water-elder (*Viburnum*
opulus L.); — *hosen*, *m.* *see* — *bein*.

Marfig, *adj.* 1) like marrow, marrow-
 like; 2) *fig.* strong, pithy, vigorous.

Marfig, 1. *adj.* 1) full of marrow, pulpy,
 medullary; 2) *see* *Marfight*; 2. II. *Mar-feit*,
 (*w.*) *f.* *fig.* strength, vigour.

Marfren, (*w.*) *v. fr.* 1) to mark; 2) *Sport*.
 to challenge; *bei* *marfren* *sich* *zu* *wenig*, that
 is not sufficiently defined; *ein* *marfren* *Geficht*,
 a well marked face.

Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *pfahl*, *m.* *Rath.*,
&c. mark-pile; — *pinfel*, *m.* *see* *Marfpinfel*;
 — *topf*, *m.* *see* *Marfstopf*.

Marflich, *adj.* belonging or pertaining to
 a Mark or Margraviate; *m-c* Confession, Bran-
 denburg-Confession.

Marf... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) —
freuz, *n.* boundary-cross; — *flute*, *f.* bound-
 ary-line.

Marföffel, (*str.*) *m.* marrow-spoon.

Marföß, *adj.* marrowless; pithless.

Marföfung, (*w.*) *f.* *see* — *öfchung*.

Marföf, (*str.*) *m.* (*P. N.*) Markolf: *in*
Germ. fable, name of the jay.

* *Marföf*, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Marqueur*.

Marf... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) —
öfchung, *f.* regulation concerning the bound-
 aries of fields and forests; — *pfahl*, *m.* bound-
 ary-post; — *recht*, *n.* 1) right of participation
 in a forest; 2) jurisdiction in matters of field
 and forest.

Marfösch, *adj.* marrowy; *fig.* pithy.

Marföchter, (*str.*) *m.* judge in matters
 of borders or limits.

Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *röhre*, *f.* Anat.
 medullary tube; — *saft*, *m.* medullary juice.

Marf... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) —
öfde, *f.* border, boundary, line of demar-
 cation; — *öfdebauf*, *f.* the art of determin-
 ing a boundary; surveying of mines, subter-
 raneous geometry; — *öfder*, *m.* surveyor;
 measurer of mines; — *öfderberg*, *m.* plot of
 a mine; — *öfdebaug*, *m.* *Min.* line of demar-
 cation; — *öfdebaug*, *f.* *see* — *öfdebauf*.

Marföfbaum, (*str.*, pl. *Marföfbäume*) *m.*
Med. medullary sarcoma, soft cancer.

Marfötein, (*str.*) *m.* boundary-stone, *see*
Grünstein.

Marf... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *stoff*, *m.* *Chem.*
 medulline; — *strahl*, *m.* medullary ray (of
 wood); — *stüd*, *m.* marrow-part of a bone;
 — *stoffung*, *f.* Anat. medullary matter.

Marf... (*str.*, pl. *Marfte*) *m.* 1) mar-
 ket, mart; market-place; 2) market-town,
 staple; 3) fair; 4) *fig.* bargain; — *für* *Colonial-*
waren, colonial market; — *des* *Erbens*, *fig.*
 fair of life, world's market, vanity-fair; *zu* —
 bringen, to offer for sale; to bring or take to
 market; *den* — *verderben*, to spoil the market;
Einem *den* — *verderben*, to spoil a person's
 trade; to undersell one; *mit* *etwas* — *halten*,
 to trade or deal in anything; *gutten* — *finden*,
 to find (meet with) a good (ready) market or
 sale; *den* — *bejchiden*, to send goods to fair.

Marföamt, (*str.*, pl. *Marföämter*) *n.* market-
Marföär, *adj.* marketable. [*office*.]

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *bauer*, *m.* peasant
 who attends the market; — *bericht*, *m.* state-
 ment of (or on) the market, market-report;
 — *bude*, *m.* market-booth, stall, stand.

Marfötein, *Marfötein*, (*w.*) *v. l. fr.* 1) to
 bring to market (for sale); 2) to take in or get
 by selling at market; II. *intr.* to market,
 make a bargain; to buy or sell; to higgie, to
 bargain, to bid down.

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *faßne*, *f.* market-
 standard, sign (hoisted at the legal commence-
 ment of a fair); — *fäßig*, *adj.* marketable
 (goods, &c.); — *feßen*, *m.* market-town,
 borough; — *freiheit*, *f.* market-privilege; —
gang, *m.* 1) going (a-)marketing or to market;
 2) market price or rate; — *gänger*, *m.* market-
 man; — *gänglich*, *adj.* Comm. current; — *gängige*
Preife, usual market prices; — *geß*, *m.* person
 visiting a market or fair; — *geßüren*, *f.* pl.
 market-dues; — *geib*, *m.* 1) money taken by
 the seller or money to go to market with;
 2) market-toll, *see* *Stängeld*; 3) market-
 penny, marketings; — *geleit*, *n.* *see* *Reßgeleit*;
 — *gerechtigkeit*, *f.* *see* — *freiheit*; — *gericht*, *n.*
 1) piepowder-court; 2) a court of justice held
 at a fair or market; — *gut*, *n.* market-wares;
 — *hefter*, *m.* (shop-) porter, warehouse-porter;
 under-servant to a shop-keeper, &c.; errand-
 boy (*Knecht* 1); — *hett*, *m.* *see* — *meifter*;
 — *kauf*, *m.* 1) market-purchase; 2) market-
 price; — *leßt*, *m.* market-inspector's man,
 beadle; — *leßt*, *m.* *see* *Öfchnittleßt*; — *leß*,
m. basket for carrying things to or from the
 market; — *meifter*, *m.* surveyor, controller, or
 clerk of the market; — *nachricht*, *f.* market-
 intelligence; — *öfchung*, *f.* market-regula-
 tion; — *öföte*, (*w.*) *f.* marrow-tart. [*tions*.]

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *pfäh*, *f.* market-
 toll, stallage; — *pfag*, *m.* market-place, square;
 — *preis*, *m.* market-price, market-value; mar-
 ket-rate; *die* — *preis* *wiffen*, to understand
 the market; — *recht*, *n.* 1) right of holding
 fair; 2) law of the market; 3) market-
 toll; — *rufer*, *m.* market-crier; — *schöffel*, *f.*
 bushel of legal authority; — *schiff*, *n.* pas-
 sage-boat, market-hoy; — *schiff*, *n.* *see* —
faßne; — *schreiber*, *m.* *see* — *meifter*; — *schreier*,
m. 1) cheap-jack; puffer; 2) mountebank,

quack, charlatan; — *schreier*, *f.* 1) cheap-
 ing, puffing; 2) puffing advertisement. 1.

3) quackery, charlatanry; — *schreier*, *m.* place where
 seller occupies at a fair; — *tag*, *m.* mar-
 day; — *verfeß*, *m.* commercial intercourse;
 — *weg*, *m.* *see* — *meifter*; — *weßfel*, *m.* *see* —
weßfel; — *wiß*, *m.* — *geiß*, *n.* *see* — *fa*;
 — *jetzt*, *m.* register of the market-
 — *jeß*, *m.* toll, duty paid on goods brought
 to market.

Marföung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) demarcation; boun-
 dary; 2) village-bounds, district; *Marföung*
land-book, tarrar; *Marföung*, *m.* bound-
Marfö, *see* *Marfö*. [*et*.]

Marfösch, *adj.* *see* *Marfö*.
Marfö... (*B.*), *in comp.* (*f.* *Grün*...) —
wißung, *f.* *see* — *geß*; — *wiß*, *m.* com-
 mon wood, wood possessed by a district in com-
 mon; — *wert*, *m.* *see* *Preis*; — *weibe*, *f.*
 common laburnum (*Goldregen*).

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *faß*, *m.* b.
 tooth; — *gäßer*, *m.* *see* — *leßfel*.

Marfö, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* maple (*Marfö*
Marfö, (*w.*) *v. fr.* *Mar* to marl.

* *Marfö*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) Comm. cat-
 (thread gauze).

Marföung, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* maritime.
Marföte, (*w.*) *f.* *Minor.* stink-stone.

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* *Mar-s.* — *pfriem*.
 — *tan*, *n.* slap-line; — *pfag*, *m.* marling-k
Marfö, *see* *Marfö*.

Marfö, *Marfö*, *Marfö*, *Marfö*, *Marfö*
 (*str.*) *m.* (*Marfö*) (*schneid*) marble, to
 mit ... *Marfö* *spielen* (*Freitag*, *Soll* &
 1, 109), to play at marbles with ...; — *fa*
m. *see* *Marfö*.

* *Marföföde*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) Conf. mar-
 lade; jam.

Marfötein, (*w.*) *v. fr.* *see* *Marfö* (*Marfö*)
Marfö, *a. l.* (*str.*) *m.* marble; ruff
pföder — *Abrous*, rigid marble; II. *in c.*
 — *öber*, *f.* vein, grain in marble; — *arfe*,
 work in marble, marble-work; — *arfe*,
m. marble-cutter; — *artig*, *adj.* like mar-
 marmoreous; — *bend*, *m.* Book. mar-
 binding; — *bild*, *n.* — *büste*, *f.* statue, bu-
 marble; — *block*, *m.* marble-block; — *bra*
 — *flö*, *m.* *Ichth.* mormyre (*Mormyrus*)
 — *brun*, *m.* *see* — *grube*; — *brun*, *f.* — *be*
m. *fig.* 1) alabaster-breast, snowy bosom
 stony breast, flinty heart; — *grube*, *f.* mar-
 quarry, marble-pit. [*ma*.]

Marföschöft, *adj.* (*l. u.*) marblo-
Marfö ... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *bart*, *adj.*
 as marble; — *berg*, *m.* *fig.* flinty or mar-
 ble heart.

Marfören, (*w.*) *v. fr.* to marble, g-
 vein: *marmoritte* *Papier*, marble paper
marmorittem *Schnitt*, marble-edged.

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *feißel*, *m.* *N.*
 gray semi-transparent horn-stone; — *fir*
f. *Pomol.* red and white heart (cherry); —
f. chequered lily; — *müße*, *f.* marble-
Marfö, *adj.* marble, marmorean.

Marfö... (*A.*), *in comp.* — *neßen*, *m.* *fig.*
 baster-neck; — *platt*, *f.* marble-plato, mar-
 elab; — *stüße*, *f.* marble-column, statue
schleifer, *m.* marble-cutter or grinder; — *sch*
m. Book. marbled edges (*ein* *End*)
 — *schnit*, marble-edged (book); — *sch*, *m.*
 of marble; — *stein*, *m.* marble-stone; — *st*
f. *see* — *platte*; — *stiff*, *m.* marble-table.

* *Marföte*, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Marfö* (*Marfö*)
Marfö, *n.* *Geogr.* Morocco. — *Marfö*
ner, (*str.*) *m.* inhabitant of Morocco

* *Marfö*, *adj.* tired, exhausted.

* *Marfö* (*pr.* — *bör*), (*str.*, pl. *fr.*
 or *fr.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) marauder, straggler
Marfören, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to maraud.

Marfö, *see* *Marfö*.

me, f. (Ital. marrone) chestnut; *Mar-n, marrow-glaze.*
marquis' [pr. mar'kwil], (str.) m. (Fr.)
bathor: -papier, m. morocco-paper.
mar's, (w.) f. 1) see Grille, f. 2)
given to the jay, cf. Marcolf.
mart, m. (P. N.) Germ. Pub. name
quaterlie' [pr. mar'kter], (w.) f.
d work, marquetry.
quent' [pr. mar'kwil], (str., pl. Mar-
n. (Fr.) (billiard-)marker, waiter.
mar's, see Marfircn.
mar's [pr. mar'kwil], (str., pl. - with
m. (Fr.) marquis. - Marquise
(w.) f. 1) or Marquise, (w.) f.
2) T. marquee; awning, sun-
undown-shade: 3) delicious kind of
mar.
mar, ((w.) v. intr. to snarl (Knurren).
artig, see Marccrtig.
Mar, (w.) f. Mar; II. (irr., ag.)
1. Mar. top, scuttle; die Schang-
Mar-en, top-armour; das große -
ein dichtes -, a close-planked top;
top. Mar-s, -baum, m. see -rand;
see Marfchtop; -braffen, (die
main-top-braces.
Mar's, (w.) f. marsh, fen, moor; -
marshy soil; -fleber, m. -frankheit,
ever; -land, m. marsh-land, fen-
country; -länder, m. inhabitant
country, fen man.
Mar's, (str., pl. Mar'sch'e) m. march;
route; forwärt, r., forced march;
- Begeben, sich in - legen, to begin
den - beschreiben, to lay down
route of march; den - blasen,
1. to strike up or sound the
cad. to send away, to turn adrift;
Mar-en, to bring up the rear; -Begele,
o march or for marching; -Berett,
adj. ready to march; -Berettigung,
1. f. readiness for marching; -lager,
unc; 2) pl. Gumm. trunnion holes;
line of march; -Ordnung, f. 1) order
2) Mar. order of sailing; -route,
mic; -Stüle, f. column of an army.
! (adv.) hence! begone! get out!
(out)! - zum Hauße hinaus! clear
the way!
Mar's, (str., pl. Mar'schälle) m. mar-
comp. -amt, m. marshalseip; office
of the Lord marshal; -gericht, m.
court; (Engl.) court of marshalsea;
marshal's staff, baton; Mar-Swürde,
ship.
Mar's, adj. marshy, fenny.
Mar's, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein & in-
to march.
Mar's [pr. -hül'je], n. (Fr.) Mar-
arbeit, -naht, f. quilting stitch or
larsollos.
..., in comp. -fall, n. (das große),
topsail-halliards; -fann, m. see
-flieger, m. (der große) the middle
-gaß, -flimmer, m. top-man;
pl. battens of a decked top; -
f. top-lantern; -Isefegel, n. top-
top-gallant studding-sail; -pittin-
atcock-plates; -raa, f. (die große)
top-yard; -rand, m. 1) see -band;
ors or rails about the scuttle of a
egelungen, pl. top-rails; -schoten,
ail-sheets; -schotenbnd, m. top-
-block; -fegel, n. topsail; das
den Rand laufen lassen, to strike
le upon the cap; mit den -fegeln
fegeln, to sail with the topsails
lange, f. top-mast; -fengensflag-
on-mast-stay tackle.
Mar's, (str., pl. Mar'schälle) m. a large
(a prince's) horses, equerry, stud-

Mar'steller (str.), or Mar'steller, (w.) m.
master of a prince's equerry. [lant-shroud.
Mar'swand, (str., pl. Mar-wände) f. top-gal-
Mar'ter, m. 1) see Martin (P. N.); 2)
Germ. Pub. name of the monkey.
Mar'ter, (w.) f. torment, pang, excru-
ciation; torture, rack.
Mar'ter..., in comp. see Mar'ter in comp.
Mar'ter..., in comp. -baum, f. -instru-
mente, n. pl. -hammer, f. see Folterbant &c.;
-born, m. see Dämonste.
Mar'ter, (str.) m. see Mar'ter.
Mar'ter..., in comp. -holz, n. 1) see -
trug; 2) coll. drudge, sag; -jagd, f. hunting
with a pack of hounds; -keller, m. cellar or
underground chamber of torture; -kreb, m.
crab boiled alive, boiled crab; -krenz, n.
(Christ's) cross of torture; -leben, n. life of
continual misery or torments.
Mar'ter, (w.) v. tr. to torment, torture;
to rack, put to the rack.
Mar'ter..., in comp. -pfahl, m. stake
of torture; -pfahl, m. 1) see -feller; 2) f.
sulphury pool, hall; -predigt, f. 1) sermon
on Christ's passion; 2) f. execrable sermon;
-Stüle, f. column or pillar of torture; -Strafe,
f. tormenting punishment; -tod, m. death
by torture, painful death; -weß, adj. torment-
ing; -woche, -zeit, f. passion week, holy
week.
Mar'tha, f. Martha (P. N.); -holz, n.
species of log-wood from South-America.
** Martial' [pr. mar'tial'], adj. (Lat.) mar-*
tial. - Martialis, adj. martial (Stricker'sch).
Mar'tin, m. Martin (P. N.).
** Martini' (i. e. f. f.), see Martini'sch.*
Mar'tin's..., in comp. -abend, m. St.
Martin's eve; -apfel, m. -birn, f. Pomol.
apple, pear which ripens about Martinmas-
tide; -fest, n. Martinmas; -gans, f. Mar-
tinmas-geese; 2) s. f. f. see Marthaholz; -
horn, n. Martin's horn (a twisted butter-
cake); -Iorn, n. see Rutterhorn; -tag, m.
see -fest; -vogel, m. henharrier (Rornmeiße).
Mar'tin, (str.) m. see Schwefelfeß.
** Mar'tir, s. l. (str.) m. (Gr.) martyr;*
jum - machen, to martyr; II. in comp. -ge-
schichte, f. martyrology; -krone, f. crown of
martyrdom; -tüm, n. martyrdom; -tod,
m. martyr-death.
** Mar'ne, (w.) f. Pom-s. 1) a kind*
of small apricot; 2) a sort of great plum, mag-
num bonum.
Mar's, (str., sing. sometimes w.) m. March:
-becher, m. -blume, f. -glöckchen, n. Bot.
1) snow-flake (Leucocum vernum L.); 2) see
Stullatt; das blaue -blümchen, see Edel-
lebertraut; -eis, n. ice in March; -ente, f.
see wilde Ente; -fliege, f. see Eintagefliege;
-gerste, f. Bot. long-eared barley; -hafer,
m. Bot. white-bearded oats.
Mar'shaft, adj. see Märklich.
Mar's..., in comp. -hase, m. March-hare;
-hecht, m. Ichth. pike, pickerel spawning in
March. [marchpane.
** Mar'shan, (str.) m. (L. Lat.) Conf.*
Mar'slich, adj. March-like.
Mar's..., in comp. -monat, m. month of
March; -milde, f. see -fliege; -schein, m.
new moon in March; -schön, n. -viole, f.
March violet, sweet-violet (Viola odorata L.);
-wasser, n. water from March-snow; -wur-
gel, f. Bot. bennet (Stellenwurz).
Mar'sbeerbaum, see Mar's....
** Mar'scaron' [pr. -rong], (str., pl. Mar-s)*
m. Archit. mask, grotesque head (on doors, &c.).
Mar'sch, (w.) f. 1) mash, mesh, stitch;
eye, eyel-hole; 2) Sport. springs, gin; 3) Bot.
areola; Mar-eines Panzer, small iron rings
or laminae of a mail: - (am Güte), cockade;
das Aufgehen einer -, fall of a mesh; eine - auf-

heben, to take up a stitch; Mar-schuhung, f.
Bot. aresolation; Mar-schurt, n. mesh-work,
net-work.
Mar'schute, (w.) f. see wilde Ente.
** Mar'schute, (w.) f. (Fr.) machine, engine;*
einfach wirtrube -, single-acting engine; - mit
Erpanfen, expansive engine; - mit Conden-
sation, non-expansive engine; calorische -,
caloric engine; feststehende -, stationary
engine. [produce by means of a machine.
Mar'schuten, (w.) v. tr. to work, move, or
Mar'schuten..., in comp. -anlage, f. en-
gine-house; -arbeit, f. machine-work; das
ist -arbeit, that is worked by machinery;
-ban, m. (act or art of) constructing machines
or engines; -bauanstalt, -baurerri, -fabrik,
f. machine or engine factory, machine shop.
establishment for making engines; -bauer,
m. constructor of machinery, machinist,
engineer; -director, m. Railw. locomotive-
superintendent; -druck, m. Print. steam-press
printing; -führer, m. engine-man, engine-
driver; -garn, n. (mule) twist, machine-
cotton; -gebäude, -haus, n. engine-house;
das ist -gepinnt, that is machine-spun.
Mar'schutheit, adj. see -mäßig.
Mar'schuten..., in comp. -hammer, m.
machine or engine works; -industrie, f. see
-arbeit; überogene -Industrie, m. pl. covered
buttons; -Ispeien, pl. furnace-coals; -Ispe,
f. science of engineering; -macher, m. see
-bauer; -mäßig, adj. like a machine, mechanical:
-mäßige Bewegung, instinctive motion;
adv. mechanically; -meister, m. 1) machinist;
2) Theat. master of the scenery, scene-shifter;
-modell, n. model of machinery; -ofen, m.
engine furnace; -öl, n. machine-oil; -papier,
n. machine-made paper, machine-paper;
-raum, m. engine-room; -schacht, m. Min.
engine shaft; -Schmutter, m. lubricator; -
Spinnerei, f. spinning-mill; factory; -Spigen,
f. pl. machine-lace (opp. StäppelSpigen); -
Stuhl, m. see -weßstuhl; -tüll, m. power net;
-wagen, m. steam-carriage; -weben, n. power
weaving; -weber, f. 1) machine-weaving-
mill; 2) machine-weaver's work; -weßstuhl,
m. power-loom; -werk, m. machinery; driv-
ing-gear, driving-wheel; -werkhalt, f. see
-bauanstalt; -Zeichnen, n. engineering draw-
ing; -glimmer, n. engine room.
** Mar'schurte, (w.) f. machinery.*
** Mar'schurten, (w.) v. tr. 1) see Mar'schi-*
nen; 2) to clean (corn) by means of a machine;
3) T. to willow, devil.
** Mar'schurte, (w.) m. machinist, engine-*
man, see Mar'schurtenmeister & Mar'schurtenführer.
** Mar'schurte, (w.) f. see Mar'schurte.*
** Mar'schurte, (str., pl. [Lat.] Mar'schurte)*
n. Gramm. masculine (noun). [I. & II., 1.
Mar'se, Mar'sel, (w.) f. provinc. see Mar'ser
** Mar'ser, (w.) f. pl. Jew. slang,*
shuffling, tricks, dodges.
Mar'ser, s. l. (w.) f. 1) speck, spot; 2) pl.
Med. measles; II. (str.) m. 1) curled spot,
mark of wood, speck, speckle; gnarled ex-
creescence (of maple, &c.), knot in trees; grain
or vein in wood; 2) see Whorn; III. in comp.
-birte, f. weeping birch; -fleß, m. see Mar'ser
II., 1.; -holz, n. speckled, streaky, or veined
wood, Join. & Iron-w. carling-stuff; -papier,
n. wood-paper. [veined.
Mar'sericht, Mar'serig, adj. speckled; grained,
Mar'serle, (w.) f. see Mar'ser.
Mar'sern, l. adj. made of Mar'serholz, which
see; II. (w.) v. tr. to grain (wood); to make
(ref. to become) knotty; gemajert, p. a
streaked, veined.
Mar'serholzer, see Mar'ser.
Mar'sig, adj. provinc. mealed; peck-frotten.
** Mar'ste, (w.) f. (Fr. masques) mask:*
1) visor, vizard; 2) f. disguise, guise, cloak,
veil; 3) masker, masquerader; 4) see Bläße,

Mat-n, feignedly; folgender **Mat-n**, in
ing manner or way, as follows;
Mat-n, in due order; gebührender
becomes (me, you, him, &c.); folger
in, in such a degree or measure;
er **Mat-n**, according to agreement.
Matte, (*w.*) *f.* measuring unit.

Mat, conj. seeing, considering that,
as, avail. for that.

Mat, in comp. — **Matte**, *f.* quart-bottle;
measure, proportion; nach — **gabe**,
to; nach — **gabe** seiner Arbeit, ac-
he works; — **gebend**, *adj.* (*of por-*
ings) prescribing, laying down a
dictet, &c.; competent to decide on
of, a thing; chief, principal,
most influential; dies war — **gebend**
s determined their mode of opera-
ll night — **gebend** für Sie sein, you are
his as absolute; für diese **Maten** ist
ie — **gebend** (*Nob. & Gr.*), our exchange
alue of these shares; — **gebung**, *f.*
proportion; limitation, restriction;
ing, without prescribing any con-
limits; — **gitter**, *pl.* measurement-
elfenb. *adj.* *sg.* temperate; — **heft**,
jack or pike; — **holder**, *m.* *Bot.*
er lesser maple, little maple-tree
pectre L.; — **hübel**, *m.* see — **legel**;
l. see — **holder**.

Mat, *l. adj.* in comp. 1) containing one
r a certain number of measures;
figer **Mat**, a pot of four measures;
anner of ...; **helsen**, herold, &c.;
a) moderate, temperate; reason-
b) moderate, moderate or easy rate; b) fru-
abstemious; 3) middling (sum, &c.).
Mat, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to moderate, tem-
perance, mitigate, allay, soften;
to Schritt —, to slacken one's pace; die
Zone, temperate zone; II. *refl.* to
to be moderate, to keep moderation,
within bounds; to keep one's temper.
felt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) temperance; ab-
stemious; 3) moderation; mo-
deracy; — **gefehl** (*schäft*, *f.*),
m. mod. temperance society.

Mat, (*w.*) *f.* 1) moderation; (the act
ing, &c., mitigation; 2) temperance;
3) selfcontrol or command.
Mat, in comp. — **Matte**, *f.* see — **frug**;
T. witness, *cf.* Erdhugel; — **frug**,
d. quart; — **Matte**, *f.* metrology;
schönmaker's size; — **Matte**, *f.* T.
lath. [sick (of).
Matte, *adj.* († &) *provinc.* weary,
in comp. — **Matte**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) daisy,
rigold (*Galins parviflora* L.); (*grum*
ivy (*Oxyanthemum leucanthemum*
Resholder).

Mat, *adj.* 1) immeasurable, unlimited;
measure or moderation; extra-
d; — **Matte**, (*w.*) *f.* want of mo-
extravagance.

Mat, in comp. — **Matte**, *f.* — **nehmung**,
of) taking measures; — **Mat**, *m.* T.
b. odometer; — **Matte**, *f.* measure;
nehmen or ergreifen, to take mea-
derbe meine **Matte** regeln danach nehmen,
steps accordingly; **Matte** — **nehmen**
to adopt severer measures; — **Mat**,
rule, ruler; level; standard; pro-
in kleinem, großem — **Matte**, on a
ge scale; — **Matte**, *m.* measure-rule;
quart-pot; — **Matte** (*schäft*, *pl.* *di-*
Archit. — **Matte**, *m.* tracery, carved
through-carved work;
nung (or — **licht**), *f.* batement-light;
e, *f.* — **Matte** (*schäft*, *m.* tracery-rib;
it, *f.* rose-shaped tracery.

Mat, (*str.*) *m.* (*Span.*) Gam., &c.

Mat, *apfel*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Matte*) *m.* Pom.
redstreak.

3) Cook. a fish-dish.

* **Matte** (*str.*, *w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) sailor's dance;

* **Matte**, (*f.* (*Lat.*) T. nut (of a printing-
press); see **Schraubmutter**.

* **Matte** (*str.*, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Matte*) *m.* (*Lat.*) material(s); (zum Straßenbau) metal,
metalling; *Ruhr.*, &c. das bewegliche (auf
Rädern gehende) —, rolling-stock; das stehende
—, plant; II. in comp. — **Matte** (*schäft*, *m.* 1) trade in
colonial produce; 2) or — **gewölbe**, *m.* — **han-**
lung, *f.* see — **laden**; — **händler**, *m.* see **Ma-**
terialwaarenhändler. — **Matte** (*schäft*) *m.*,
materialism. — **Matte** (*schäft*) (*w.*) *m.* 1) gro-
cer, druggist; 2) *Philos.* materialist, corpora-
list; — **enge** (*wölbe*, *m.* see **Matte** (*schäft*)).
— **Matte** (*schäft*) *adj.* *Philos.* materialistic;
corporeus. — **Matte** (*schäft*) *...*, in comp. — **laden**,
m. grocery; druggist's or grocer's shop; —
ware, (*w.*) *f.* (usually *pl.*) drugs, colonial
produce; grocery ware, groceries; — **waren-**
händler, *m.* grocer, druggist; — **warenhan-**
lung, *f.* see **Matte** (*schäft*).

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) stuff, matter; *Med.*
matter, pus, discharge. — **Matte** (*schäft*) *adj.*
material.

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) see **Matte**.

* **Matte** (*schäft*) (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) mathema-

tician. — **Matte** (*schäft*) (*str.*) *m.* mathema-
tician. — **Matte** (*schäft*) (*str.*) *m.* mathematical
master. — **Matte** (*schäft*) (*schäft*, *adj.* mathema-
tical; die *m-t* Geographie, mathematical
geography, coll. the use of the globes; eine
m-t Aufgabe lösen, to work out a problem
Matte (*schäft*, *m.* *Mathias* (*P. N.*)).

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Arab.*) mattress,
quilt, mat-bed; von **Matte** (*schäft*), sock-bed.

Matte (*schäft*, see **Matte** (*schäft*)).

* **Matte** (*schäft*) (*str.*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to matriculate.

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) list, roll, matri-

culation; — **Matte**, *m.* matriculation book.

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.* *matrice*) T. ma-
trix, matrix; female screw.

* **Matte** (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) matron.

Matte (*schäft*, *adj.* maternal.

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make (glass) opaque by grinding, to frost;
— **gefärbte** Glas, ground glass, frosted
glass; II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.* mate (at chess); III. in
comp. — **Augig**, *adj.* dim-eyed; — **blau**, *adj.*
dim blue, pale-blue; — **blungen**, *m.* Gold-sm.
tarnisher, *cf.* — **Junge**.

Matte, (*w.*) *f.* I. mat; hassock; (zum
Verpacken) junk, mat; *Mar.* paunch, matting;
II. cards; III. *provinc.* moth; fliegende —,
butterfly; IV. meadow; mead.

Matte, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see **Matte** (*schäft*).

Matte, in comp. **Matte** — **binse**, *f.*
mat-wood (*Lygum spartum*); — **blume**, *f.*
marsh-marigold, water caltrop (Dorsten-
blume); — **flachs**, *m.* cotton-grass (Wollgras);
— **flächter**, *m.* mat-maker; — **händler**, *m.* mat-
seller; — **macher**, *m.* mat-maker; — **meister**, *m.*
overseer of the meadows or grass-land; —
safran, *m.* *Bot.* meadow-saffron (Fetters-
flock); — **schilde**, *f.* *Entom.* see **Heuschilde**, 1;
Matte — **flügel**, *n.* see — **flügel**; — **weide**, *f.*
trailing willow (*Salix virens* L.); — **wolle**,
f. see — **gras**.

Matte, in comp. — **erleuchtet**, *adj.* dimly
lighted; — **gold**, *n.* dead gold; — **golden**, *adj.*
dead-gilt; — **herzig**, *adj.* faint-hearted, spirit-
less; — **jung**, *f.* T. matting-tool, freezing-
tool; — **warm**, *adj.* lukewarm (Rau); — **weiß**,
adj. dull white; whitish.

Matte (*schäft*, *m.* Matthew (*P. N.*)).

Matte (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* dimness, dullness, dead-
ness, &c. *cf.* **Matte**, *adj.*

Matte (*schäft*, (*str.*) *m.* a small
(Brunswick, Hanoverian, &c.) silver coin (of
the value of 4 pfennings). (Milk).

Matte (*schäft*, *adj.* *provinc.* curdled, clotting

Matte (*schäft*, (*w.*) *f.* faintness, debility,

weakness, languor, exhaustion.

Matte (*schäft*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dim, to deaden.

Matte (*schäft*, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* meadow-land,

grassland. [Schal.

Matte (*schäft*, *adj.* (*l. u.*) faintish, &c., **Matte**;

Matte, (*str.*, *pl.* **Matte**) *m.* coll. 1) abbr.

for **Matthias**; 2) little fool, simpleton; 3) de-

nomination of the ape and of birds (Piemat),

&c.; 4) *Min.* dead lode; 5) *provinc.* curds;

6) *cont.* rubbish, dirt; dann **Matte** ist —, *fig.*

see **Heus**.

Matte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *provinc.* a) skein of silk;

b) see **Stulle**, 1; 2) or **Matte**, (*str.*) *n.* (—)

(**Matte**) *Jeru. Germ.* unleavened bread;

3) *pl. Bot.* air-plants, epiphytes; **Matte**, *n.*

provinc. common spindle-tree.

Matte, in comp. — **Matte**, *m.* *Min.* to

practise fraud or embezzlement; — **Matte**, *n.*

Gam. nine-holes, pigeon-holes.

Matte, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* to act

clandestinely; to sham, to cheat.

Matte, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* wicker bea-hive.

Matte, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* sleeve.

Matte, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see **Matte**.

Matte, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* wall; stone wall;

II. in comp. — **Matte**, *m.* off-set, retreat;

— **Matte**, *m.* T. cramp-iron, tie; — **Matte**, *m.*

mural advertisement; — **Matte**, *f.* mason's

work; masonry; — **Matte**, *f.* *Crust.* wood-

louse, sow-bug (*Oniscus asellus* L.); — **Matte**, *n.*

Archit. cordon; — **Matte**, *n.* *Bot.* a kind of

moss of the genus of *Musci* (*Barbilla musci-*

Ma L.); — **Matte**, *n.* see — **Matte**; — **Matte**,
f. circumscription; — **Matte**, *f.* *Crust.* wood-

louse, sow-bug (*Oniscus asellus* L.); — **Matte**, *n.*

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moss of the genus of *Musci* (*Barbilla musci-*

Ma L.); — **Matte**, *n.* see — **Matte**; — **Matte**,
f. circumscription; — **Matte**, *f.* *Crust.* wood-

louse, sow-bug (*Oniscus asellus* L.); — **Matte**, *n.*

Archit. cordon; — **Matte**, *n.* *Bot.* a kind of

Mauerer, (*v.*) *f.* masonry (*Maurer*).
Mauerer, (*str.*) *m.* see *Maurer*.
Mauer..., *in comp.* —*efel*, *m.* see —*effel*;
 —*fall*, *m.* see *Wannmeyer*; —*feld*, *n.* panel,
 pane of a wall; —*fest*, *adj.* firm as a rock; —
fichte, *f.* *Bot.* wall-linden (*Wandfichte*); —*für-*
ung, *adj.* *Bot.* muriform; —*frag*, *m.* decay of the
 stones in a wall; —*fuß*, *m.* footing of a wall;
 —*gelb*, *L. adj.* stone-colour; II. *s.* badigeon;
 —*gerste*, *f.* *Bot.* wall-barley, rye-grass (*Hor-*
dium murinum L.); —*geßell*, *m.* see *Maurer-*
geßell; —*habichtsfraut*, *n.* *Bot.* wall hawkwood
 (*Hieracium murorum* L.); —*haben*, *m.* cramp-
 ing hook, peg in a wall, wall-hook; —*ham-*
mer, *m.* hammer used by bricklayers, ma-
 sons, or paviors; —*hit*, *m.*, —*tappe*, *f.* top or
 coping of a wall; —*fall*, *m.* mortar; —*fehler*,
f. *Bauk.* rulle (*Stofffehler*); —*felde*, *f.* trowel;
 —*hammer*, *f.* 1) *T.* cramp-iron, wall-clamp;
 2) or —*flette*, *f.* see —*spedit*; —*franz*, *m.* see
 —*band*; —*franz*, *n.* *Bot.* pollitory (of the wall),
 parietary (*Parietaria officinalis* L.); —*freße*, *f.*
Bot. wall-cross (*Lepidium ruderale* L.); —
frone, *f.* *Rom. Ant.* mural crown; —*latte*, *f.*
Corp. wall-plate; —*lattezum* Dachstuhl, pole-
 plate; —*latte*, *m.* *Bot.* wall-lettuce (*Lactuca*
muraria Fresenius); —*läufer*, *m.* see —*spedit*;
 —*leiste*, *f.* listel or moulding of a wall;
 —*leuchter*, *m.* sconce; —*loch*, *n.* 1) hole in a
 wall; 2) cont. damp, dark chamber; —*lüde*, *f.*
 gap in a wall; —*mantel*, *m.* lining of a wall;
 —*meister*, *m.* see *Maurermeister*; —*mase*, *n.*
Bot. wall-moss (*Maurerbaummoos*); —*mörtel*,
m. mortar.
Mauerer, (*v.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to build in
 stone or brick; to make a wall; to wall in or
 up; to fill up with masonry or brick-work, to
 form or make of bricks.
Mauer..., *in comp.* —*nachtigall*, *f.* red-
 start (*Stothyschmangchen*); —*plan*, *m.* see —*episch*;
 —*pfefter*, *m.* *Bot.* wall-pepper (*Sedum acre* L.);
 —*platte*, *f.* 1) see —*latte*; 2) coping-stone;
 —*quader*, *m.* broad stone (Quaderstein); —*qua-*
drant, *m.* *T.* mural quadrant; —*ranke*, *f.* *Bot.*
 stone-fern, wall-rue (*Asplenium ruta muraria*
 L.); —*rige*, *f.* crevice, gap, or chink in a wall;
 —*salet*, *m.* see —*latte*; —*salpeter*, *m.* salt-
 petre or nitre efflorescing from walls; —*salz*,
n. salt of chalk, acetate of lime; —*sand*, *m.*
 sand for mortar, (*Herold*); building-sand;
 —*schuß*, *m.* *t.* murage, a tax paid to keep (the
 town-) walls in repair; —*schwalbe*, *f.* *Ornith.*
 black martin, swift (*Cypselus apus* L.); —
schwänken, *m.* see —*effel*; —*schweiß*, *m.* see
 —*beischlag*; —*seiler*, *m.* see —*schwalbe*; —*stater*,
m. wall-stalactite; —*stöße*, *f.* see —*latte*;
 —*spedit*, *m.* *Ornith.* wall-creeper, spider-
 catcher (*Tichodroma muraria* L.); —*speife*, *f.*
Mas. mortar (*Mörtel*); —*stige*, *f.* see —*ginn*;
 —*stein*, *m.* 1) stone for building; 2) brick (—
ziegel); —*steinspelfer*, *m.* pillar in brick; —
stred, *f.* see —*feld*; —*rüszer*, *m.* see —*brecher*;
 —*traube*, *f.*
Mauerung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) walling,
Ac. cf. *Mauern*; 2) masonry (*Maurwerk*).
Mauer..., *in comp.* —*verbund*, *m.* *Mas.*
 bond; —*verkleidung*, *f.* see —*mantel*; —*virole*,
f. see —*epheu*; —*wand*, *m.* rampart of masonry
 (faced or lined with stone); —*wert*, *m.* 1) wall-
 ing, walls (collectively); 2) masonry, stone-
 work; brick-work; rubble-work; —*winde*,
m., *f.* see —*episch*; —*ziegel*, *m.* brick;
 —*ginn*, *f.* pinnacle, battlement; —*gritel*, *see*
ritfel.
Mauve, (*v.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) *Entom.* a wood-
 louse (*Mollusca*); 2) crane-fly (*Tipula* L.);
 3) *Ved.* malanders, greasy heels; *col.-s.* 3) secret
 place for keeping fruit, money, &c.; 4) a thick
 pappy soup or dish.
A. Maul, (*str.*, *pl.* *Mäu*(er) *n.* 1) mouth,
 muzzle (of an animal); *vulg. cont.* (of persons)
 mouth, chops, jaw (*cf.* *Mund*); die *Warren*

haben ihr Herz im —, aber die Weisen haben
 ihren Mund im Herzen (*Jesus Sirach* 21, 28),
 the heart of fools is in their mouth; 2) *Ag.*
 loquacity, gabble; 3) see *Mäulchen*; 2) 4)
 mouth, opening of various things, as: jaw
 of a gun-lock; mouth of a plane-stock;
 vicechops; *vulg.-s.* sein — halten, to hold
 one's tongue; *Einem etwas ins — lauen*
 or *schmieren*, to bore one with telling some-
 thing; to make very plain; *das — hängen*,
ein schiefes — machen, to make a mouth or a
 lip, to pout; *ein großes — haben*, to brag,
 boast; in der *Reute Mäuler* kommen, to be-
 come the common talk of people; *ein leises —*
haben, to have a loose tongue; *das — in etwas*
hängen, to mix in an affair or conversation;
 sein — hinstrecken, to live from hand to mouth;
Einem das — fesseln, *Einem Drei* (*Penig*)
ins (um) — streichen (*schmieren*), to flatter,
 to coax, to wheedle one; to keep one in hand,
 to deceive one with fair promises; *rich (Das)*
das — wilden, to get nothing; *rich (Das)* *das*
— über etwas zerreißen, to make a great noise
 or piece of work about a thing; *Einem or*
Einem auf — schlagen *Ag.* to give one the lie;
rich (Das. or Acc.) selbst auf — schlagen,
 to contradict one's self; *auf — gefahren sein*, *Ag.*
 to have lost the use of one's tongue; *Einem*
nach dem — reden, to flatter or wheedle one
 by adopting his sentiments, to talk in the
 same strain; *Einem über — fahren*, 1. to treat
 one sandily; 2. to give one a good set down.
B. + Maul, (*str.*, *pl.* *Mäuler*) *n.* (*from*
Lat. mulus, MHG. mül, m.) mule (*Mäulefel*).
Mäul..., *in comp.* —*affe*, *m.* gaper; Jack-
 anapes; —*affen* *reil* haben, —*affen*, (*v. & incomp.*)
v. intr. to stand gaping or idling about.
Mäul'beere, (*v.*) *f.* (*from Lat. morus*)
 mulberry.
Mäul'beer..., *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* *Pomol.*
 golding; —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* mulberry-tree (*Morus*
 L.); —*baumstamm*, *m.* the inner bark of
 the mulberry-tree made use of as a textile
 fibre; —*leige*, *f.* large or Egyptian fig; —*leigen-*
baum, *m.* *Bot.* sycomore (*Ficus sycomorus* L.);
Chem.-s. —*holz* *anzer*, *adj.* moroxylic; —*holz-*
äure, *f.* moroxylic acid; —*meise*, *f.* *Bot.*
 mulberry blight (*Bilum capillatum* L.).
Mäul'sirn, (*v.*) *f.* choke-pear.
Mäul'schen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Maul*)
 1) little mouth; 2) *fam.* kias, buss.
Mäul'..., *in comp.* —*christ*, *m.* Christian
 by words of mouth, false Christian; —*biemen*,
s. intr. *see above*; *Einem nach dem Mäul'chen* *reden*.
Mäul'en, (*v.*) *v. intr. coll.* to pout, make
 a lip, to hang the lip, to sulk.
Mäul'... (*B.*), *in comp.* —*efel*, *m.* mule
 (*Equus hinuus*); —*efeln*, *f.* she-mule; —*efel-*
treiber, *m.* muleteer, mule-driver.
Mäul'... (*A.*), *in comp.* —*ant*, *adj.* averse
 to speaking, silent, taciturn, mum; —*hüte*, *f.*
Ved. the flaps; —*freund*, *m.* mouth-friend,
 false friend, flatterer, complier; —*freundschäft*,
f. false friendship; —*fromm*, *adj.* pious in
 words only, lip-devout, canting; —*hänger*, *m.*
 —*(hängerin, w. f.)* pouter, one in the sulks;
 —*hängerel*, *f.* (the act of) pouting, sulks,
 glumps; —*held*, *m.* braggadocio.
Mäul'lig, Mäul'ig, *adj.* *in comp.* —*mouthed*.
Mäul'... (*A.*), *in comp.* —*hemme*, *f.* 1) see
Mundhemme; 2) *Ved.* stag-evil, hart-evil;
 —*herb*, *m.* muzzle; *den — herb anlegen* (*with*
Dat.), to muzzle; —*leber*, *n.* *coll.* tongue-piece,
 clapper, *see* —*wert*; —*mader*, *m.* —*maderin*,
f. wheedler, coaxer. [—*pfert*, *n.* see —*efel*.]
Mäul'... (*B.*), *in comp.* —*sch*, *m.* jumart;
Mäul'... (*A.*), *in comp.* —*schell*, *f.* slap on
 the mouth or face, box on the ear; —*schell'ren*,
 (*v. & incomp.*) *v. tr. dur.* to box one's ears; —
senche, *f.* see —*fäule*; —*sterte*, *f.* see *Mund-*
stürme; —*stich*, *m.* *Nar.* half-stitch; —*stische*,

f. 1) see —*schelle*; 2) a large-mouthed
 3) a pouting, sulky person.
Mäul'stier, (*str.*) *n.* mule (*Equus* *s.*
Mäul'... (*A.*), *in comp.* —*trommel*, *f.*
 harp (*Brummelren*); —*zack*, *n.* mouth-
 wart, *n.* *coll.* gift of the gab (*cf.* —*sch*).
Mäul'wurf, (*str.*, *pl.* *Mäu*-*würfe*) *m.*
 maulthrow, *W.* mould-thrower (*Zool.*
(Thalpa europaea L.).
Mäul'wurf..., *in comp.* —*faule*, *f.*
 trap; —*fänger*, *m.* mole-catcher; —
 mole-skin; —*gang*, *m.* mole-track
 (*schweif*, *f.* *Nat.* talpa; —*griffe*, *f.*
 mole-cricket, fan-cricket (*Cryptalapa*
ris Latr.); —*hausen*, —*hügel*, *m.* mo-
 le-cast; —*hügel*, *m.* 1) see *Mäul'ster*;
hüßler; —*franz*, *n.* *Bot.* a kind of
(Euphorbia lathyrus L.); —*maus*, —*rat*
 mole-rat (*Spalax typhlus* Pall. *Blind*)
 —*gang*, *f.* *T.* blacksmith's broad tong;
Mäul're, (*v.*) *f.* *1* m. Moor.
Mäul're, (*str.*) *n.* 1) mason; *bric-*
brick-mason; 2) free-mason (*Strom*)
in comp. —*arbeit*, *f.* brick-work; *join-*
sonry; —*biene*, *f.* see *Maurbiene*.
Mäul'ret, (*v.*) *f.* 1) masonry, m-
 works; 2) free-masonry.
Mäul'ret..., *in comp.* —*geßell*, *m.*
 neyman mason; —*gründschäft*, —*hülle*,
 mason's lodge; —*handblanger*, *m.* brick
 labourer, *see* *Handblanger*; —*handwert*,
 sonry; —*leiste*, *f.* brick-trowel, mason's
 —*meister*, *m.* master-mason; —*pfedel*, *m.*
 wash brush; —*gust*, *f.* mason's guild.
Mäul'rich, *adj.* Moorish.
Mäul'rich, *n.* Mauritania.
Mäul'roche, (*v.*) *f.* see *Mäul'roch*.
Mäul's, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Mäu*'*s*) *f.* 1)
 mouse (*Mus musculus* L.); 2) mole
 grown with hair; 3) thick lower part
 (thumb); 4) *Zool.* a cartilage in the mo-
 horse, souris; 5) (*linneische*) — *Conch.*
cowry (*Apurca mus*); *weru die Rache*
hauße ist, *tangen die Mäul's or hat die*
Rach, *proceed*, when the cat is away, it
 will play; II. *in comp.* (*cf.* *Mäul's*...)
 —*adler*, *m.* *Ornith.* mouse-hawk, buzzard
vulgäris Bechtst.; —*äure*, *f.* *Zool.* nasal
 a horse; —*hülle*, —*artig*, *adj.* murine;
 —*see* *Handbaum*; —*birn*, *f.* *Pomol.* jar.
Mäul'schen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Maul*)
 little mouse; *mitin* —, *fond.* my duck;
 see *Mäul'schill*.
Mäul'sche (*coll. prom. of the Hebrew*
of Mäul'sch (*Mäul'sch*); *cf.* *Schmull*) (*str.*, *pl.*
Mäul'schel, (*str.*) *m.* cont. a vulgar j
Mäul'schin, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to act, behave
 speak like a vulgar Jew. — *Mäul'*
(v.) *f.* low Jewish tricks; Jewish jarg
Mäul'se, *Mäul'ser* (*orig.* *Mäul'ser*)
f. a mowing, moulting.
Mäul'se..., (*cf.* *Mäul'se*... & *Mäul'se*)
in comp. —*ear*, *m.* see *Mäul'sear*; —*art*
 murine; —*brut*, *n.* *Bot.* pile-wort, les-
 landine (*Picaria ramunculoides* L.); —
m. *Ornith.* common buzzard (*Mäul'sear*);
m. *Bot.* henbit, common chickweed (*S.*
media L.); —*born*, *m.* prickly butcher's
 knee-holy (*Ruscus aculeatus* L.); —
 mouse-dung; —*clischürren*, *n.* see —
 schäfer; —*schal*, *adj.* see *Mäul'sch*; —
 see *Mäul'sear*; —*faule*, *f.* mouse-trap; —
 m. mouset, mouse-catcher; —*sch*, *m.*
 Mäul'schig. [feather shed at Mo
Mäul'schöder, (*v.*) *f.* *coll.* (*from* *Mäul'sch*)
Mäul'schöder, *n.* *pl.* Tail. cant.
 (*Mäul'sen*) shreds of cloth cabbage by
 in cutting out, cabbage.
Mäul'se..., *in comp.* —*franz*, *m.* d
 done by the mice; —*gebirn*, *n.* see —
 geier, see —*buffard*; —*gerste*, *f.* see 2)
 gerste; —*geschlecht*, *n.* the murine tribe;

n. arsenic, ratbane; —gras, n. see —fchwanz;
—grau, adj. mouse-gray, dun; —hals, m.
see —butter; —hals, m. Bot. wild oat-grass,
wild oats (*Avena sativa* L.). [coll. see —fopf].
Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. (from Maus),
Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —hals, n. see Bitter-
fisch; —hals, f. kidney-potato. [mouser].
Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. (from Maus) coll.
Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. see Zausfchwanz.
Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. m. R-fchwanz (from
Maus) coll. priggish fellow.
Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —horn, n. see —
gerst; —fisch, m. mouse-dung; —fisch, n.
cotton-wood (*Populus germanica* L.). [horse].
Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. tr. to crop the ears of (a
Maus'fchwanz, Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. R-fchwanz
n. mousehole.

A. Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. i. intr. to catch mice, to
mouse; II. tr. vulg. to steal, pilfer, fish, (comf.)
to crib, prig, to cabbage; aufse — ausgehen,
to go upon the sneak.

B. Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. reg. (orig. Maus'fchwanz)
to mew, moul, to cast or lose the feathers
(of birds); to cast the shell (of crabs); to
cast the skin (of silk-worms). [saile].

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. tr. Mar. to mouse (the
Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. R-er) n. mouse-
nest; —after im Rofte haben, to be in a
brown study. [of mice].

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. intr. to smell or taste
Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —ohr, n. —ohr, n.
1) Bot. scorpion-grass, mouse-ear (*Myosotis*
L.); 2) a small beautiful ear of a horse; Bot-
—ohr, n. (grabs) mouse-ear hawk-wood
(*Hieracium auricula* L.); —pfeffer, m. 1) sta-
vus-acre (*Delphinium elatum* L.); 2)
wood-hedgenettle (*Stachys arvensis* L.);
—pfeffer, n. see —gitt. [Maus'fchwanz].

A. Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. 1) mouser, &c.; 2) see
B. Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. see Rausch.
Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. vulg. the (act or prac-
tice of) pilfering, &c. cf. Maus'fchwanz, A. II.

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. reg. see Maus'fchwanz, B.
Maus'fchwanz, see Maus'fchwanz.
Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. Bot.
mouse-tail (*Myosotis minutus* L.).

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. (from Maus) —fisch,
adv. still as a mouse; —fisch, adj. stone-dead,
as dead as a rat or door nail.

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —vogel, m. 1) see
—butter; 2) see Zausfchwanz, 1; —butter, m. see
—butter; —zahn, m. 1) small sharp tooth;
2) incisor.

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. moulting-time.
Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. see Rauschmichel.

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —fisch, f. mouse-co-
loured horse; —fisch, m. see —ar; —fisch, f.
mouse-colour; —fisch, —fisch, adj. mouse-
coloured, mouse-gray, dun; —fisch, m. see
—fisch; —fisch, f. Bot. common ryegrass
(*Lolium perenne* L.); —fisch, f. —fisch, m.
Bot. variegated (*Rhynchospora latifolia* Willd.).

Maus'fchwanz, adj. resembling mice.
Maus'fchwanz, adj. vulg. only in fish — machen,
to show off airs, to fish wistly machen.

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —fisch, m. provinc.
wren; —fisch, m. see Blattmisch.

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. (dimin. of Maus'), (pro-
vinc. (Maus'fchwanz) &c.) * little mouse; das dich
— (Maus'fchwanz) bring! (S. G.) the deuce take you!

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —loch, m. mouse-hole,
a mouse's hole; —fisch, n. see Maus'fchwanz;
—fisch, f. Ornith. the lesser snipe
(*Scalopus gallinula* L.); —fisch, see Maus'fchwanz;
Ornith. —vogel, m. see Blaudfisch; —fisch,
f. lito (Gabelschweif); —fisch, m. see Zof.

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. provinc. (S. G.) toll,
custom, see Zoll, Zolkant &c.

Maus'fchwanz, see Zof.

Maus'fchwanz, in comp. see Zoll, in comp.

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Maus'fchwanz, in comp. see Zoll, in comp.

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. see Zof.

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. intr. to mew, see Maus'fchwanz.

Maus'fchwanz, (indict.) f. (Lat.) Maus'fchwanz.

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. R-fchwanz, m. highest amount. — Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl.

[Lat.] Maus'fchwanz, m. maximum; im —, at the
most. — Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. maxin, principle.

Maus'fchwanz, see Maus'fchwanz, Maus'fchwanz &c.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. (Fr.) Cook. a salad of cold fowl, fish, &c.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. (Gr.) mechanic. —

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl.

[Lat.] Maus'fchwanz, m. mechanician, mechanic;
optician, manufacturer of philosophical in-
struments, working mathematician. — Maus'fchwanz,

I. adj. mechanical, mechanic; m-er
Maus'fchwanz, m. momentum; m-er Maus'fchwanz,

power-loom; II. adv. mechanically; — her-
fagen, to repeat (a lesson) by rote. — Maus'fchwanz,

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. [w.] Maus'fchwanz, m.
mechanism. [Epigen, Mecklin loca].

Maus'fchwanz, n. Mecklin; Malines; Maus'fchwanz
Maus'fchwanz, m. (sound imitating the
bleating of a goat) meag gog gog!

Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. mountain-sparrow
(Heldperling).

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. intr. to bleat.

Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. Med. (in auscultation)
gophony.

* Maus'fchwanz, (pr. medel'fel, (w.) f. (Fr.)
medal. — Maus'fchwanz, (medel'fel, (str.) pl.

M-er, M-er) m. medal-colour. — Maus'fchwanz,
[medel'fel], (str.) pl. M-er) n. medallion;

M-er, m. see M-er.

* Maus'fchwanz, adj. (Lat.) median, middling;
in comp. —er, f. Amd. median vein; —fells,

n. demi-folio; —er, n. demi-octavo; —
papier, n. medium or median paper; —quart,

n. median quarto.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) Mus. mediant.

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. M-er, M-er) m. (Fr.) mediator (Bermittler).

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to medi-
atise. — Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. mediati-

sation. [mont, remedy].

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) n. (Lat.) medica-

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. medicaster (w. &c.),
quack, unlicensed practitioner. — Maus'fchwanz,

rel', (w.) f. quackery, illegal medical practice.

Maus'fchwanz, adj. of Medicine, Medicane;
die m-er Venus, Venus dei Medici.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. (Lat.) medicine: 1) medical
science; 2) physio (Argenti).

* Maus'fchwanz, in comp. —beamte, m. medical
or sanitary officer; —beamte, f. —

—beamte, n. college of physicians, council
or board of health, sanitary board; see —

—beamte; —gewicht, m. see Apothekergewicht;
—fächer, n. pl. medicinal or physical herbs,

simples; —fächer, —fächer, f. sanitary po-
lice; —rath, m. medical counsellor; director

of a provincial board of health (in Prussia),
protomedicus (in Austria); —rathswissen-

schafft, f. medical jurisprudence, forensic me-
dicine; —verfassung, f. (system, collection, or

code of) sanitary regulations; —vergehen, n.
crime or offence against the public sanitary

laws; —verordnung, f. medical or sanitary
regulation; —ware, f. medicinal drugs; —

—warenpreisverzeichniss, n. drug-price-current.

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) m. 1) physician, me-
dical man; 2) medical student.

Maus'fchwanz, n. &c. see Argucias &c.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. intr. (L. Lat.) to
take physio.

* Maus'fchwanz, adj. medicinal, medical;
m-er Maus'fchwanz, f. medical jurispru-

dence; m-er Facultät, f. board of physicians.

Maus'fchwanz, n. An. Geogr. Media. — Maus'fchwanz,
(str.) m., M-er, in, (w.) f. Medo. — Maus'fchwanz,

adj. Median; das —perfidie (or m-er-perfidie)
M-er, the Medo-Persian empire.

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. M-er, m. (Fr.)

Zool. Guinea-worm (*Philaria medinensis* Gm.).

* Maus'fchwanz, Comm. in the middle of the month;
in comp. —twist, m. Spinn. medlo-twist,

mock-water (Schliffstegarn); —twist, m. bill
due on the 15th of the month.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) v. intr. (Lat.) to me-
ditate, premeditate. — Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f.

meditation. [medium].

* Maus'fchwanz, (str.) pl. [Lat.] M-er) n.

* Maus'fchwanz, (w.) f. 1) Myth. Medusa, Gor-
gon; 2) Acol. medusa, sea-nettle, sea-blubber,

jelly-fish (*Medusa* L.); in comp. M-er, n.
1) Gorgon's head; 2) or M-er, Echin.

a species of star-fish (*Euryale* Lam.).

M-er, s. l. (str.) n. lit. & fig. sea; am
M-er, at the sea-shore, at the sea-side; an

das —, to the sea-side; auf dem M-er, at sea;
über das — gehen, to cross the sea; II. in

comp. (cf. See.) —adl, m. Ichth. conger, sea-
eel (*Anguilla vulgaris* Cuv.); —adler, m. 1)

See-adler; 2) Ichth. eagle-ray, miller (*Myso-*
dottis aquila L.); —affe, m. Ichth. sea-sheep

(Seeaffe); —alant, m. common mullet (*Mugil*
cephalus Cuv.); —alot, m. Ichth. flying fish (der

fliegende Fisch); —alpen, pl. Geogr. the Maritime
Alps; —ampfer, m. Bot. golden dock (*Rumex*

maritima L.); —amfel, f. 1) see Ringbrösel;
2) see Hinfelisch; —anemone, f. see Ecerneel,

3; —anemone, adj. living near the sea;
—anemone, n. inhabitant of the sea-shore;

—apfel, m. see Seeigel; —arm, see Meer-
arm; —artig, adj. sea-like, resembling the

sea, marine; —asch, m. Ichth. bull-head, father-
lasher (*Cottus bubalus* L.); —äpfel, f. Ichth.

(sea-)mullet (—alant); —äpfel, f. Orust. a spe-
cies of aquatic isopods f. t. the *Sphaeromida*

Latr.; —balt, f. buoy, beacon; —balt, f. see
—fisch; —ball, m. Pharm. sea-ball; —barbe,

f. —barfisch, m. Ichth. sea-mullet, sea-barr
(*Mullus barbatus* L.); —barometer, n. & m. ma-

rine barometer; —barfisch, m. Ichth. sea-perch
(*Sebastes norvegicus* O. Fr. Müll.); —barm, m.,

—barmen, n. Zool. —barm; —barmen, p. a. ruling the main; —barmen,

m. ruler of the main or sea; —barmen, f. ruler of the main, queen of the seas; —

—barm, m. Bot. sea wormwood (*Artemisia ma-*
ritima L.); —barmen, f. hydrography;

—barm, f. Bot. sea-club-rush (*Scirpus mari-*
timus L.); —barmen, —barmen, m. Ichth. blue

shark (*Squalus glaucus*); —barm, m. bottom
of the sea; —barmen, f. pl. sea-navels, sea-

beans, opercula of shells ejected by the sea;
—barm, f. see —barm; —barm, m. sea-pool;

—barmen, f. see Meerstrandung; —barmen,
m. Ichth. sea-bream (*Sebastes*); —barm, f.

cove, creek, bay; —barm, m. see —barm; —barmen,
m. Geogr. bay, gulf, sinus; —barm, f. Ichth.

denomination of several species of the flat-
fish kind f. t. the turbot (*Rhombus maximus*

L.), &c.; —barm, f. Comch. stone-borer (*Litho-*
dromus lithophilus L.); —barm, m. see See-

—barm; —barm, f. see Bonite; —barm, m. see
—barm; —barm, —barm, m. Ichth. 1) weaver

(fish) (*Trachinus draco* L.); 2) see Seebrack;
—barm, f. see —barm; —el, n. see Seeer;

—elche, f. Bot. sea-wrack, sea-war, sea-ork
(Seeentang); —elche, f. Orust. acorn-shell (*Bu-*

linus Brug.); —el, adv. toward the sea;
—elhorn, n. see Rarnall; —elephant, n. Zool.

elephant seal (*Ottophoca proboscidea* Nilas.);
—elster, f. Ornith. sea-pie, oyster-catcher

(Musterbied).

M-er, (w.) v. tr. see Rarnen.

M-er, in comp. —enge, f. Geogr. straits
(pl., zum sing. strait), narrow sea, or channel;

—engel, m. Ichth. angel-fish, fuller scate
(*Squalus angulus* Cuv.); —erfche, f. Bot. sea-

pea (*Pisum maritimum* L.).

* Maus'fchwanz, in comp. (cf. Meer ... in comp.)

—arm, m. arm of the sea, inlet; —boden, m.

meint, no harm is meant; das will ich — I certainly think so! to be sure! / am. I believe you; er meint mich [soviel er mich nicht nennt], he talks at me.

Mein, *pr. I. Gen. of Ich*, of me; — *fehle*, *adv.* for my part, as far as I am concerned; *II. pr. adj.* see **Mein**, *II. III. a peculiar comparative coined by Goethe in Herm. & Dorothea* (towards the end): Du bist mein und nun ist das Meine meiner als jemals, thou art now mine own, and that enhances the value of all I call my own, and the determination of defending what I possess (*compare Thompson's 'my name, once mine, now thine, is closer mine'*, *Am. I. 86 [Virgilio]*); *Arnold with still greater license forms a superl.* (*cf. Sanders II. 73. b*): ihn, den allermeinsten Meinen.

Mein *Mein*, *adv.* *Mein*, *I.*

Mein, *(B.) in comp.* — *frische*, *m. +* deceitful, hollow peace; — *gut*, *n. +* malinor.

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(better an den — *Mein*) *verfassen*, to sell by auction, to sell to the highest bidder; — *Mein*, *m. highest (or best) bidder*.

Mein, *adv. most, mostly*. [*generally*. **Mein**, *adv. for the most part*. **Mein**, *s. I. (adv.) m. 1) master, cf. Herr; 2) teacher; 3) see Doctormann; 4) T-s. — in Diebe, any roughness in sheet-iron plate; einem Henge n. den — geben, to give cloth, &c. a second dyeing; — (einer Hand-Verfertigung) werden, to get the freedom of a company; einem zum — machen, to make one free of a company; einer Gehe (Gen.) — werden, to master, overcome, to get the better of; jenen — finden, to meet with one's match; *Frei-mas.* master-mason; — dem Stuhl, master of the lodge; — Hammerling, *cast.* Jack Ketch; slayer; *II. in comp.* chief, principal; — Arbeit, *f.* master-work; — Bau, *m.* masterly structure; — Bild, *n.* master-piece (*M.* master-picture); — bruch, *m. 1)* masterly impression; *2)* *Point.* master-stroke, master-touch. [*ness*.]*

Mein, *(w.) f.* slayer's house or business; **Mein**, *(str.) m. conf. critic, censor, fault-finder*.

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and district in Saxony). — **Mein**, *I. or Meisnisch, adj.* of Meissen, Misnia, Misnian; — *Perfekte*, *m.* Dresden china, Dresden ware; *II. (str.) m.* Misnian.

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* **Mercurial**, (*Lat.*) I. or **Mer-isch**, *adj.* mercurial; II. *in comp.* —**kur**, *f.* mercurialisation; —**krankheit**, *f.* disease induced by the use of mercury; —**krank**, **Mercurialkrank**, *n.* Bot. annual mercury (*Mercurialis annua* L.); —**mittel**, *n.* mercurial; —**salbe**, *f.* gray mercurial ointment.

Merget, (*adv.*) *m.* mari; *in comp.* —**artig**, *adj.* marly, marlaceous; —**ste**, *f.* earthy mari; —**haben**, *m.* marly soil; —**hingung**, *f.* Agric. marling; —**erde**, *f.* earthy or loose mari; —**grube**, —**haufe**, *f.* mari-pit.

Mergetig, *adj.* marly.

Mergettsell, (*adv.*) *m.* chalky clay.

Mergettsin, (*w.*) *v. tr. Agr.* to (manure with) mari.

Merget..., *in comp.* —**iere**, —**stein**, *f.* mineral stone covered with mari; —**stein**, *m.* mari-stone; —**steifer**, *m.* mari-slate; —**stein**, *m.* compact mari, mari-stone; —**tauff**, *m.* calcareous tufa.

* **Meridial**, (*adv.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) **Astr.** meridian. — **Meridial**, *adj.* meridional.

Merretel, (*adv.*) *pl.* (*w.*) **ER-n** *m.* a sort of pastry.

* **Merrius**, (*coll.* **Merrius**) *m.* Span. Comm. Marino; *in comp.* —**schaf**, *n.* merino sheep; —**schmuck**, *m. pl.* Merino hose; —**schuch**, *n.* Merino cloth; —**schulle**, *f.* Merino wool.

Merri, (*adv.*) *n.* 1) coll. mark, sign; 2) Bot. water-parasit (*Sium latifolium* L.).

Merri-bar, *L. adj.* 1) sensible, perceptible, appreciable; 2) retainable; II. **Mer-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* perceptibility.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**buch**, *n.* memorandum book, minute book; —**essen**, *n.* marking-iron, stamp.

Merren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a*) to mark, to core, to stamp; *b*) to mark, note down; 2) to mark; to note, perceive, observe, know; to be or become sensible or aware of ...; man merri wost das, it is plain that; ich habe nicht gemerkt, I did not remark as to the number; 3) (*fig.* *Dat.*) *etwas* to remember, bear in mind, to mind, retain; merri wost! now mind (mark); observe, mark (mo), bear in mind! merri dir das! (*als Warnung*) bear that in mind! *coll.* put that in your pipe! *fig.* (*Dat.*) *etwas* — lassen, to show, discover, betray; lassen Sie sich (*Dat.*) nichts —, do not let it be seen that you know anything about it; *Einen* *gegen* *Einen* *etwas* — lassen, to hint to one, to give one to understand any thing; *cf.* **Zeigen**, *B. S. d. ad.*; II. *adv.* to attend (*auf* *with* *Acc.*), to, advert to; to mind, mark. [Markable.]

Merrenswertig, *adj.* noteworthy, remarkable; **Merren**, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) *a*) he who marks, marker, scorer, noter; *b*) observer; 2) **Mar.** gutterledge. [*Ac.*] *nota bona.*

Merrenwohl, (*adv.*) *n.* mark, sign (in a book); **Merrenlich**, *L. adj.* perceptible, appreciable, sensible; ein sehr merren Unterschied, a marked difference; II. **Mer-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* perceptibility, &c.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**mal**, *n.* characteristic; mark, sign, token; *Med.* indication; —**zeichen**, *m.* sign-post. [umption.]

Merri, (*adv.*) *m.* coll. anal. wits, brains; **Merriam**, (*adv.*) 1) see **Merriell**; 2) attentive, heedful. [*m.* see **Merriell**.]

Merri..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *m.* maxim; —**stein**, * **Merriar**, (*Lat.*) &c., see **Mercur**.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**wort**, *n.* catchword; *cue* (*Stichwort*); —**würdig**, *adj.* noteworthy, remarkable; curious; —**würdigkeit**, *f.* remarkableness; curiosity; —**zeichen**, *n.* character, characteristic; memorandum; —**zeichen**, (*w.* & *insep.*) *v. tr. mod.* to characterise.

Merri, (*adv.*) *m.* see **Merrie**.

Merriam, (*adv.*) *m.* Ichth. merling (*Merlangus vulgaris* L.).

Merri'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *provinc.* common maple;

2) **Ornith.** *a*) black bird (*Merri*); *b*) martin (*Falco aestivus* L.).

Merriam, **Merriam**, (*adv.*) *m.* see **Merrie**, 2. **Merriweise**, (*w.*) **Ornith.** (blue) titmouse (*Blauweide*).

Merriwinger, **Merriwinger**, *m.* Germ. *Hist.* (die merovingischen Könige) the Merovingians, the Merovingian dynasty.

Merri..., *in comp.* (from **Merri** for **Kutmerri**) —**schaf**, *n.* sheep that is cast off, pl. callers, callings; —**schaf**, *n.* cattle that is rejected. [bad, worthless, &c.]

* **Merriant**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) † coll. malicious; **Merriant**, *m.* *Gogr.* Mesopotamia. — **Merriant**, (*adv.*) *m.* **Merriant**, *adj.* Mesopotamian.

Merri'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Recl.* mass; 2) fair; market; die **ER-n** befrachten, to send goods to the fair; die — wird eben abgehalten, the fair is now being held, it is now fair-time; 3) see **Merriant**; *Recl.* — die hohe —, high or grand mass; die stille —, low mass; die *frühliche* —, *annatide*; — *lesen*, to read mass (*cf.* **Merriant**); — *hören*, to hear mass.

Merri'e, (*adv.*) *m. provinc.* see **Merriant**.

Merri'en, (*adv.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* 1) to measure; to mete; to size; (mit einer Schnur) to cord; to survey (hold); to soon (veressen); *fig.* to adjust; to compare; mit der Elle —, to measure by the ell; lassen Sie die Schenkel —, let the linen be measured; beim — ergab sich, on measuring it was found; sich mit Jemand —, to cope, compete with, to try conclusions or measure swords with, to try or measure one's strength with or against one; to fight a duel; 2) to contain, hold.

Merri'en, *n.* *Gogr.* Mesopotamia. — **Merri'en**, (*adv.*) *m.* **Merri'en**, *adj.* Mesopotamian. **Merri'er**, *s.* (*adv.*) I. *m.* measure; —**sch**, *n.* measurer's or surveyor's fee, measure; (beim Kaufschiffen) *metage* as ship; (beim Wohnen) *and* *dem* *Speicher* measurer's fees as warehouse; II. *n.* knife; mit dem großen — schneiden, *coll.* anal. to draw the long bow (*Kaufschiffen*); das lange — tragen, *coll.* 1. to be cook of the roast; 2. to wear the breeches; Sie stoßen mir ein — ins Herz, you wound me to the quick.

Merri'er..., *in comp.* —**schneiden**, —**schneiden**, *n.* see —**schneiden**; —**schneider**, *m.* knife-handle maker; —**schneider**, *getel*, *n.* knife-case; — **Brett**, *n.* knife-board.

Merri'erchen, (*adv.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Merri'er**) 1) little knife; 2) see **Merri'er**.

Merri'er, (*adv.*) *m.* see **Merri'er**.

Merri'er..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *f.* 1) knife-elle, a thin or flat file; 2) see —**sch**; —**sch**, *m.* Ichth. bellows-fish (*Centrocetus scolopax* L.); —**sch**, *adj.* *Nat.* caltrate(d), caltriform; —**sch**, *m.* —**sch**, *n.* knife-handle; —**sch**, *m.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *n.* knife-blade of a knife; —**sch**, *n.* knife-roast, knife-support; —**sch**, *m.* knife-bakery; —**sch**, *f.* knife-tray; —**sch**, *f.* see —**sch**; 2) —**sch**, *f.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *n.* back of a knife; —**sch**, *f.* knife-file; —**sch**, *f.* scale of a knife; —**sch**, *adj.* as sharp as a knife; —**sch**, *m.* knife-sharpener; —**sch**, *f.* 1) case of a knife; 2) Ichth. razor-fish, razor-shell (*Solen astia* L.); —**sch**, *m.* cutler; —**sch**, *adj.* *Nat.* caltrate(d), caltriform; —**sch**, *m.* —**sch**, *n.* knife-handle; —**sch**, *f.* blade of a knife; —**sch**, *n.* knife-roast, knife-support; —**sch**, *f.* edge of a knife; —**sch**, *m.* cut from or with a knife; —**sch**, *f.* 1) point of a knife; 2) knife-point's fall; —**sch**, *m.* steel adapted for knives; —**sch**, *m.* knife-handle; —**sch**, *m.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *n.* knife-cloth.

* **Merri'e**, (*w.*) *f.* Germ. *Lit.* the Mesiad (an epic poem, written by Klopstock, relating the sufferings and triumph of the Mesiah). — **Merri'e**, *m.* (*Lat.-Hebr.*) Mes-

iah. — **Merri'e**, (*adv.*) *n.* Mesianism.

Merri'e, (*adv.*) *n.* brass; *sch* —, see **Merri'e**; *in comp.* —**sch**, *m.* brass-covers; —**sch**, *n.* laton brass, plate-brass, sheet-brass; —**sch**, *m.* brass-maker; —**sch**, *m.* brass-wire; —**sch**, *f.* brass-wire drawing-mill.

Merri'e, *adj.* brassy, of brass; *derm-* **Merri'e**, brass candlestick.

Merri'e..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *n.* *Mech.* brass-bush; —**sch**, *n.* brass utensil; —**sch**, *m.* 1) brass-beater's hammer; 2) or —**sch**, *f.* —**sch**, *m.* brass-forging; —**sch**, *n.* brass wind-instrument.

Merri'e, (*adv.*) *provinc.* (*L. & G.*) mixing different things, particularly dialects; —**sch**, (*Frts. Rector*, &c.) to mix High and Low German in speaking.

Merri'e..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *n.* rose-copper; —**sch**, *n.* *Mech.* brass bush; —**sch**, *n.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *f.* music performed on brass wind-instruments; —**sch**, *m.* furnace for making brass; —**sch**, *f.* brass-plate; —**sch**, *m.* brass-hoop; —**sch**, *f.* brass-wire string; —**sch**, *m.* brass-solder, spelter-solder; —**sch**, *m.* brander; —**sch**, *m.* brass-plate cutter; —**sch**, *m.* pl. shavings of brass; —**sch**, *f.* —**sch**, *f.* brass-forging; —**sch**, *m.* brass-bar.

Merri'e, (*w.*) *f.* measurement, measurement (measuring).

Merri'e, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) box for salt, pepper, &c.; 2) peep-show box (*Wunderkist*); 3) virago.

Merri'e, (*w.*) *m. & f.* Span. mestizo, mestizo (in Spanish America: offspring of a Spaniard or white person and an American Indian).

Merri'e, (*from* **Merri**, 1) (*adv.*) *n.* Church mass-service, mass.

Merri'e, (*from* **Merri**) (*adv.*) *n.* measuring-tape, tape-measure.

Merri'e, *L. adj.* measurable; II. **Mer-felt**, (*w.*) *f.* measurableness.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**bericht**, *m.* report of the fair; —**bericht**, —**bericht**, *m.* merchant or person who visits the fairs. [square.]

Merri'e, (*adv.*) *m.* geometrical A. **Merri'e**, (*adv.*) *m.* bill of exchange payable at the fair (**Merri**).

B. **Merri'e**, (*adv.*) *m.* *Mar.* certificate (or bill) of admeasurement, bill of tonnage.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *m.* 1) Church mass-book, missal; 2) Comm. merchant's ledger in which the transactions at the fair are entered; —**sch**, *f.* stall, booth; —**sch**, *m.* 1) see —**sch**; 2) *Germ.* Books. a list of new publications (generally issued at the Leipzig Easter fair); —**sch**, *f.* board of trade composed of lawyers and experienced merchants deciding in cases relative to the customs; —**sch**, *n.* account of customers of the fair; —**sch**, *m.* priest's attendant when officiating at mass.

Merri... (*from* **Merri**), *in comp.* —**sch**, *n.* iron to measure by; —**sch**, *f.* *Engl.* see **Merri**, 1; —**sch**, *n.* tab for measuring.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *m.* *pl.* see **Merri**; —**sch**, *f.* 1) privilege of holding a fair; 2) privileges and immunities granted to those who visit fairs; —**sch**, *m.* visitant of a fair; —**sch**, *m.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *m.* see —**sch**; —**sch**, *n.* 1) money taken at a fair; 2) stallage.

Merri'e, (*adv.*) *pl.* (*Fr.*) *n.* (*from* **Merri**) *metage*, payment of tonnage; gauger's fees.

Merri..., *in comp.* —**sch**, *n.* safe-conduct granted to persons visiting fairs; —**sch**, *n.* Church ornaments and utensils necessary for celebrating mass; —**sch**, *n.*

f. see —recht, 1; —gefecht, *n.* a present made at fair-time; fairing; —gefchirr, *n.* see —geräth; —gefetze, *n. pl.* fair-regulations; —gewand, *n.* Ecol. a priest's gown used at mass, vestment, stole; —glocke, *f.* 1) bell for ringing a fair in or out; 2) or —glocken, *n.* bell calling to mass; —gut, *n.* goods sent or brought to a fair, market-wares; —helfer, *m.* shopman, shopporter; —hemd, *n.* alb(e), alba; —herr, *m.* see —richter.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —fals, fathom (measure for wood); —instrument, *n.* surveying-instrument; —kanne, *f.* tankard for measuring; —kette, *f.* surveyor's (measuring) chain.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —korn, *n.* corn-tithe (due to the priest); —korn, *n.* 1) retail-goods or shop at a fair; 2) see —gefecht.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* surveyor's or surveying-cross; —kranz, —kranz, —krenz, *f.* surveying, geometry; —kranz, —kranz, *m.* surveyor, geometer; —kranz, *f.* station line, see —kranz.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* celebration of mass; —krenz, *pl.* people or merchants going to (or attending) a fair; —krenz, *f.* 1) delivery at a fair; 2) fresh supply bought at a fair.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* sworn broker for (or during) the fair.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* 1) priest celebrating mass; —Metzger, *(w.) f.* office and dwelling of a priest.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* Ecol. sacrifice of the mass; —krenz, *f. see* —krenz; —krenz, *n.* see —krenz; —krenz, *(-krenz, † & cont.) m.* priest saying mass, mass-priest; —krenz, *m.* mass-book-deak; —krenz, *n.* a reduction of the duties granted on goods sold at a fair.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* T. surveying or measuring-wheel, perambulator.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* 1) privilege of holding fairs; 2) see —krenz; —krenz, *n. pl.* unsold goods returning from a fair (with the benefit of a drawback); —krenz, *m.* judge for fair-causes.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *m.* surveyor's strap; —krenz, *f.* station staff.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* cause, dispute, &c. relative to a fair.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* quadrant, sextant; —krenz, *f.* graphometer; —krenz, *f.* measuring line or cord; —krenz, *m.* see —krenz.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* a town holding regular fairs; —krenz, *m.* booth, stall.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f. see* —krenz; —krenz, *m.* see —krenz; —krenz, *m.* portable table of surveyors, plain-table, plane-table.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* corporale, communion-cloth; —krenz, *m.* commercial intercourse at a fair; —krenz, *n.* catalogue, list of a fair; —krenz, *f. see* —gut; —krenz, *m.* see —krenz; —krenz, *m.* wine used at mass; —krenz, *f.* week of a fair, (at Leipzig) second or principal week of a fair; —krenz, *f.* (at Leipzig) payment for goods with a discount; —krenz, *f.* market-time, fair-time.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *n.* 1) metal; 2) *f.* metallic sound of voice (in singing); *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* metallic or metalliferous vein; —krenz, —krenz, *adj.* see —krenz; —krenz, *m.* a worker in metals, metallist; —krenz, *f.* metallic ashes; —krenz, *f.* metal covering; —krenz, *f.* alloyage; —krenz, *f.* metallography; —krenz, *f.* metallisation; —krenz, —krenz, *n.* thin

leaf or lamina of metal; —krenz, *f.* flaky particles found on the surface of ore; —krenz, *m.* metal-gimlet or punch; —krenz, *m.* amalgam; —krenz, *f.* wire-brush; —krenz, *m.* compound metal, composition metal; —krenz, *m.* metallic wire; —krenz, —krenz, *m.* turner in metal.

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f. see* —krenz; —krenz, *f.* 1) metallic colour; 2) bronze-colour; —krenz, *f.* metallic pen; —krenz, *m.* *pl.* brass dust; —krenz, *m.* metallic money, specie; —krenz, *m.* see —krenz; —krenz, *m.* metallic lustre; —krenz, *m.* metallic glass; enamel; —krenz, *m.* Dutch gold; mosaic gold, brass leaf; —krenz, *adj.* Zwickau-green; —krenz, *adj.* metalliferous; —krenz, *f.* sheathing (of a ship); —krenz, *m.* scratching-plane for metals, ivory, &c.; —krenz, *n.* 1) horn of metal; 2) Conch. a species of purpura (*Purpura persica* L.).

Metz... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *m.* calined metal, metallic salt; —krenz, *pl.* Med. metallic shields (for the nipples); —krenz, *m.* sow-metal; —krenz, *m.* metallic button; —krenz, *m.* metallic piston; —krenz, *m.* regulus of metal; —krenz, *f.* Mach. metallic packing (of a piston); —krenz, *f.* alloy; —krenz, *m.* crystallised tin-plate; —krenz, *f.* T. matrix of metals; —krenz, *m.* Chem. metallic oxide; —krenz, *n.* party-coloured paper; —krenz, *pl.* see —krenz; —krenz, *f.* assay; —krenz, *m.* galvanic excitement; —krenz, *f.* galvanism; —krenz, *m.* Chem. metallic crocus, sulphuretted oxide of antimony; —krenz, *n.* metallic salt; —krenz, *m.* grit; —krenz, *f.* metallic acid; —krenz, *m.* Med. mercurial fever; —krenz, *m.* Minor copper-alloy; —krenz, *n.* white Dutch metal; —krenz, *m.* *pl.* chips of metal; —krenz, *m.* Minor sulphurated baryta; —krenz, *m.* metallic mirror or speculum; —krenz, *f.* rod of metal; —krenz, *m.* engraver on metal; —krenz, *m.* ground brass, purpurina; —krenz, *m.* metal coating; —krenz, *m. pl.* see —krenz.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *m.* (Gr.) metallurgist.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* alloyage; —krenz, *(m.) der Bank*, bullion of the bank; —krenz, *f. pl.* hardware; —krenz, *n.* *Lathe*, &c. iron-works; cramp-irons, cramps.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metamorphosis. — *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* to metamorphose.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metaphor, figure.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metaphorical, figurative.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metaphrase.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metaphysics.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* metaphysician.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* metaphysical.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metathesis.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* Chem. amorphous modification of tartaric acid.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* Chem. paralipio.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) meteor. [acid.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* meteorologist.

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* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* meteorologist.

* *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metonymy. — *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metonymy. — *Metz*... (from *Metzen*), *in comp.* —krenz, *f.* (Gr.) metonymy.

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Mißwahl, (*w.*) *f.* wrong choice; bad choice.
Mißwählen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to choose ill.
Mißweisen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to mislead.
Mißweisung, (*w.*) *f.* T. variation, deduction (of the needs).
Mißwerfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cast wrong; to miss the mark; 2) to miscarry (of animals).
Mißwirken, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to produce a wrong effect, to effect a bad result.
Mißwirkung, (*w.*) *f.* bad effect or result.
Mißwillen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (with *Dat.*) to be unfavourably disposed towards ..., see **übelwollen**.

Mißwort, (*str.*, *pl.* **Mißwörter** & **Mißworte**) *n.* wrongly derived or formed word; ill-applied or disagreeable word.

Mißwunder [*Wdr.*], (*str.*, *pl.* **Mißwunder**) *m.* 1) see **Mißgeschick**, 1; 2) see **Unreut**.
Mißwurf, (*str.*, *pl.* **Mißwürfe**) *m.* wrong throw or cast.

Mißgelingen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see **Berunglücken**.
Mißglück, (*str.*, *pl.* **Mißglücke**) *m.* 1) wrong pull; 2) wrong move; 3) disagreeable feature.
Mit, *I. prep.* (with *Dat.*) with; by; at; to; kommen Sie — uns, come (along) with us; wir belassen Sie —, Comm. we debit you with ...; gebucht —, booked with ...; Gorins; — einander, one with another, *cf.* **einander**; — leiser Stimme, in a low or soft voice; — goldenen Buchstaben, in golden letters; — Bleistift schreiben, to write in pencil; der Mann — der eisenen Rüste, the man in the iron mask; — Namen ..., of the name of ...; Ginen — Namen nennen, to call one by his name; ein Löff — Honig, a pot of honey; ein Schiff — Soldaten, a ship full of soldiers; — der dritten Klasse fahren, to travel (go) third, *sc.* class, coll. to go third, *sc.*; — dem Alter, as we get old; — einem Strich, at one blow; — einem Worte, with one word, at (in) a word; — Hufe, at leisure, idly; — der Post, by the post; — einem (Eisenbahn-)Zuge fahren, to travel by a (railway-)train; der Senat nahm Sen. Edens's Finanzgesetz (Schlag — 30 gegen 18 Stimmen an, the Senate passed, by thirty votes to sixteen, General Schenck's Finance-Bill); — Gewalt, by force; — Güte der Nacht, by (the) favour of the night; — Erlaubnis, under favour; — Protest zurückziehen, to return under protest; bis — dem vierten Juli, to the fourth of July inclusive; — Borzug, out of design, on purpose; — der Zeit, in (process of) time; — betnen Pöbel! get along with your buffoonery! wie geht's — (der Wirtin des Wirters? how goes Piatarch?

II. *adv.* together (with), also, too, likewise; jointly, in conjunction, union, or company (with others), in common; simultaneously; at the same time; as an *adv.* it is often expressed by the verb: to join; — treten, to join in prayer; — lachen, to join (in) one's laugh; — lachen, to join (one's) mirth; sie war zu stolz — zu tanzen (Gottard), she was too proud to join (in) the dance; — ansetzen, to be an eye-witness of ..., to witness (*cf.* **Wachsen**, 5); — dabei sein, to be of the party; — zu einer Seite gehen, to accompany a funeral; — betnen leg es, it had something to do with it.

III. *in comp.* it is often rendered by con-, com-, co-, follow-, joint, *sc.*, *f. i.* — **Ährte**, *m.* fellow-senior, co-elder, *sc.*

Mitangehörige, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* see **Mitangehöriger**, see under **Mit**. [**Mitangehöriger**, (*w.*) *f.* *Mod.* co-indication.
Mitarbeiten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to labour or work jointly (an (with *Dat.*), in); to be fellow-labourer, to assist (in).

Mitarbeiter, (*str.*) *m.* fellow-labourer, fellow-worker, work-fellow; assistant; partial contributor (to a literary work, *sc.*), fellow-writer; die sämtlichen regelmäßigen —

(an einer Zeitschrift *sc.*), the staff of contributors. [*in office, colleague.*

Mitbeamtete, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* fellow
Mitbeauftragte, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* co-legatee.
Mitbesitzer, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* 1) fellow-servant; 2) person waited upon likewise or by the same servant.

Mitbegleitung, (*w.*) *f.* concomitancy.
Mitbeflagte, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* Law, co-defendant. [*get, or have for one's portion.*

Mitbestimmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to receive,
Mitbestimmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to invest, enfold at the same time or simultaneously. — **Mitbestimmung**, (*w.*) *f.* co-investiture.
Mitbericht, (*str.*) *m.* report relating to the same subject. [*doness.*

Mitbesitzer, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* co-
Mitbesitz, (*str.*) *m.* Law, joint tenancy, possession or ownership, parcenary. — **Mitbesitzer**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to possess together with or conjointly with another.

Mitbesitzer, (*str.*) *m.*, **Mit-in**, (*w.*) *f.* joint possessor or proprietor, co-proprietor.
Mitbesuchmächtige, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* joint commissary or proxy.

Mitbewerber, (*str.*) *v. ref.* to be competitor, to compete (num, for).
Mitbewerber, (*str.*) *m.* competitor, rival.
Mitbewerbung, (*w.*) *f.* competition.
Mitbewohner, (*str.*) *m.* joint inhabitant, cohabitant. [*share.*

Mitbegäßen, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to pay one's
Mitbegleichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to connotate.
Mitbieten, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* to bid at the same time.

Mitbringen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to bring or carry along (with); ich habe einen Stuhl mitgebracht, I (have) brought a cane; hat er seinen Bruder gestern mitgebracht? did he bring his brother with him yesterday? Ginen etwas —, to bring as a present; diese Kenntnis des Mittelalters brachte er zur Universität mit, this knowledge of antiquity he carried up to college; diese Ideen brachte er mit zur Begründung des Systems, these notions he carried into his estimates of the system.

Mitbrüder, (*str.*, *pl.* **Mitbrüder**) *m.* brother; fellow, colleague.
Mitbrüder, (*str.*) *m.* rival.

Mitbürge, (*w.*) *m.* fellow-bail, fellow-guarantee, co-surety. [*or joint-bail.*

Mitbürger, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to stand fellow
Mitbürger, (*str.*) *m.*, **Mit-in**, (*w.*) *f.* fellow-citizen, fellow-townman (fellow-townswoman).

Mitbürgschaft, (*w.*) *f.* joint security.
Mitbürg, (*w.*) *m.* co-surety.
Mitchrist, (*w.*) *m.* fellow-christian.

Mitcontractor, (*w.*) *m.* joint contractor.
Mitcoexistenz, (*str.*) *n.* coexistence.
Mitdiener, (*str.*) *m.* fellow-servant.

Mitdienen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* *adv.* for Mitgehen, Mitfahren *sc.* dürfen, to be allowed to go along, *sc.*

Miteigentum, (*str.*) *n.* joint property; **Mitrecht**, *n.* joint ownership.
Miteigentümer, (*str.*) *m.* joint proprietor or owner, partner.

Mitnehmen, *adv.* together, jointly.
Mitnehmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fig.* to include with something else, to imply.
Mitnehmen, see **Einnehmen**.

Mitnehmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to feel with, to sympathize; ein Vergnügen —, to partake of a pleasure; das —, (*str.*) *v. a.*, **Mitnehmen**, (*w.*) *f.* sympathy, *Mod.* consent of parts.

Mitner, (*w.*) *f.* see **Mittra**.
Mitner, (*w.*) *m.* co-hair, joint hair.
Mitner, (*w.*) *m.* *adv.* to be joint hair.
Mitner, (*w.*) *f.* co-hair, joint hair.

Mitner, (*w.*) *f.* joint hairship or inheritance, Law; coparcenary.

Mitnehmer, (*str.*) *m.* companion in conquest, fellow conqueror.

Mitnehmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intrans.* to eat with, to join (one's) dinner, supper; to eat in company; to partake of ...; to eat too.

Mitnehmer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) **Mit-in**, (*w.*) *f.* fellow-boarder; 2) *pl.* *Mod.* comedones (in the skin).
Mitnehmer, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* to eat with, to join (one's) dinner, supper; to eat in company; to partake of ...; to eat too.

Mitnehmen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* to eat with, to join (one's) dinner, supper; to eat in company; to partake of ...; to eat too.

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—*schiffen*, *n.*, —*schimmer*, *m.* *see* —*ruhe*;
—*teite*, *f.* south-side: *Zimmer auf der —*
teite, rooms with a southern aspect; —*tenne*,
f. meridian sun; —*tenne*, *f.* noon-hour;
—*tefel*, *f.*, —*tisch*, *m.* dinner; —*ut*, *f.* dial-
plate; —*weil*, *n.* southern people; —*wind*, *m.*
meridional wind, south(ern) wind; —*zech*,
f. inn-charge for a dinner; —*zeit*, *f.* noon-
time, noon-tide.

Mit'tigwärtig, *adv.* southward, toward
the south.

Mit'tänzer, (*adv.*) *m.*, *W-in*, (*w.*) *f.* partner
(at a dance).

Mitte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) middle, midst; centre;
waist; 2) mean, medium; *aus der —*, from
amidst; *die — des Meeres*, the — of the sea,
mid-leg, mid-lent &c.; *Unter uns* *unser* —,
Ag. one of our company, one from among us;
die (rechte) — halten, to keep or observe the
right medium; *das Reich der Mitte*, *Geogr.*
the Chinese empire; — *dieses Monats*, in the
middle of this month.

Mittelt, *I. adj.* (*l. u.*) middle; middling;
intermediate; *mittler Weile*, (in the) mean-
while, in the interim.

II. (adv.) n. 1) middle, midst, medium;
average; 2) means, medium, way, expedient;
instrument; *schlecht —*, wrong method; 3) *Med.*
remedy (gegen, for), medicine; *ein — gegen*
das Ausfallen der Haare, a remedy for the
falling off of hair; 4) *pl.* means, property,
fortune, funds; *mit ungehörigem W-n*, with
capital intact; *sich ins — setzen* or *ins —*
treten, to interpose, intercede, interfere, inter-
vene, mediate; *aus seinen eignen W-n*, at
his own expense, out of his own means; *aus*
eigenen W-n *sich erhalten*, self-supporting;
bei W-n (reich) *sein*, to be wealthy; — *und*
Wege, ways and means; — *und Wege* *wissen* or
finden, to find means, to contrive.

III. in comp. —*ant*, *m.* middle-sized eel;
—*aber*, *f.* *Med.* median vein; —*afrika*, *n.*
central Africa; —*alter*, *m.* 1) middling age;
2) *Chron.* middle ages; —*alters*, *adj.*
middle-age, mediaval; —*amerika*, *n.* central
America; —*antiqua*, *f.* *Typ.* English let-
ter; —*armut*, *m.* *Anat.* median nerve; —*art*,
adj. middling sort; hybridous breed; —*artig*,
adj. middling; hybridous; —*asien*, *n.* central
Asia; —*balzen*, *m.* *Ship-b.* midshipbeam;
—*band*, *m.* *Gunn.* astragal girdle of a cannon.

Mittels, *I. adj.* mediate, indirect;
II. W-teit, (*w.*) *f.* mediateness, indirectness.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* *Mus-a.* —*bell*, *m.*
mean bass; —*bellige*, *f.* violoncello; —
bandbruch, *m.* *Surg.* ventral hernia; —*band-*
gegen, *f.* *Anat.* umbilical or mesogastric re-
gion; —*begriff*, *m.* *Log.* middle term; —*bogen*,
m. *Archit.* centre-arcade; —*bohrer*, *m.* middle-
tap; —*bohlen*, *m.* *Coach-m.* splinter; —*breit*,
n. *T.* inch-plank; —*bröt*, *n.* whitish-brown
bread; —*brut*, *m.* *T.* ward (of a look); —*bus-*
stabe, *m.* *Typ.* medial letter; —*bürger*, *m.*
citizen of the middling class; —*causen*, *f.*
Typ. double-great primer; —*cicero*, *f.* *Typ.*
middle pie; —*tausch*, *m.* median rate of ex-
change; —*taum*, *m.* *Anat.* great gut; —*teuf*,
n. *Mar.* middle(-)deck; —*ting*, *n.* a thing inter-
mediate between two others; —*trud*, *m.* *Med.*
middle pressure; —*engländ*, *n.* middle Eng-
land; mid-England; —*ente*, *f.* *Ornith.* pochard,
gray widgeon (*Casette*); —*ernst*, *f.* average
harvest; —*europe*, *m.* *Geogr.* middle or central
Europe; —*fall*, *m.* *see* *Geierfall*; —*farbe*, *f.*
middle tint, intermediate colour, mezzo-tinto;
—*fein*, *adj.* middling fine; —*fels*, *n.* 1) *Min.*
centre-field, nornbril; 2) *Bot.* disk; —*fell*, *n.*
Anat. mediastine; —*finger*, *m.* middle-finger;
—*flügel*, *f.* *see* —*feld*, 2; —*fließ*, *m.* *Anat.*
perianthum; —*frei*, *adj.* *Low.* medially free;
—*fuß*, *m.* 1) *Anat.* metatarsus; 2) foot of
middling size; 3) foot in the middle; —*fuß-*

truden, *m.* *Anat.* metatarsal bone; —*galepp*,
m. oaster; —*gang*, *m.* 1) *Mus.* broken amblo
(of a horse); 2) *Archit.* middle walk or gal-
lery; —*garn*, *n.* medio twist; —*gattung*, *f.*
1) middling sort; intermediate species or
sort; 2) *Gramm.* neuter gender; —*gebäude*,
n. centre building; —*gebirge*, *n.* central or
secondary chain of mountains, intermediate
mountains; —*geige*, *f.* *Mus.* violoncello; —*ge-*
schirr, *n.* body-harness, ridge-band; —*glib*,
n. middle limb or member; *Log.* middle term;
—*grüße*, *f.* middling size; *von — grüße*, middle-
sized; —*grund*, *m.* centre ground; —*gurt*, *m.*
1) middle girdle (of a saddle), sangle; 2) *see* —
band; —*gut*, *n.* middling goods, goods of second
quality; —*gut Qualität*, second quality, middling;
—*gut Bedeckel*, *m.* *Comm.* second rate paper, trade-paper;
—*haar*, *n.* *T.* crown of a porvrig; —*hand*, *f.*
1) *Anat.* metacarpus; *gut — hand* *gehörig*, me-
tacarpal; 2) *Gem.* second hand (at cards); —
handbogen, *m.* metacarpal bone; —*hand-*
häge, *f.* *Surg.* metacarpal saw; —*haut*, *f.* *Bot.*
mesocarp; —*holz*, *n.* middle-sized wood or
trees; —*jagd*, *f.* *Sport.* the hunting of roes,
boars, grouse, &c.; —*tafelstein*, *n.* transition
limestone; —*lassen*, *m.* *Cent.* middle flank;
—*läufer*, *m.* *Mar.* middle jib; —*reis*, *m.* *Anat.*
equator; —*land*, *n.* 1) intermediate land; 2)
inland; —*ländliche Meer*, *Geogr.* Mediter-
ranean (Sea); —*latin*, *n.* low Latin; —*laut*,
m. *Mus.* mediant; —*leinen*, *f.* linen of
middling quality; —*linie*, *f.* middle line;
Med. mesial line; equator; —*loch*, *n.* *Bot.*
middle-pocket; —*loge*, *f.* *Mus.* balcony box;
Theat. (die große —) *loge* front box.

Mittels, *I. adj.* without means, poor;
II. W-igelt, (*w.*) *f.* the being without means,
poverty.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*mann*, (*m.*) 1) middle-
man; 2) man of the middle class; —*maß*, *n.*
middle rate, average, medium; mediocrity; —
mäßig, *adj.* middling, indifferent, moderate;
mediocre; average; *adv.* indifferently, tolerably;
—*mäßig groß*, middling-sized, moderate-sized;
—*mäßigkeit*, *f.* mediocrity, moderateness, to-
lerableness; —*maut*, *m.* *Mar.* main-mast; —
mauer, *f.* party-wall; partition wall; —*meer*,
n. *see* *das — ländliche Meer*; —*maß*, *n.* mid-
dling or second hour; —*nerb*, *m.* *see* —*armut*;
—*papier*, *n.* mean-paper; —*pfiler*, (*m.*) 1) cen-
tral pillar; 2) window-pier; —*pfert*, *n.*
1) middle-sized horse; 2) centre leader;
—*preis*, *m.* mean or medium price, average
price; —*punct*, *m.* centre, central point;
—*punktartig*, *adj.* *Bot.* central; —*querfel*,
m. middle-rail; —*rad*, *n.* *Watch-m.* centre
wheel; —*radgetriebe*, *n.* spring of the cen-
tral wheel; —*raff*, —*ruhe*, *f.* *Med.* half-cook;
—*raum*, *m.* interval, intermedial or inter-
mediate space; —*reizen*, *m.* middle whoop;
—*riegel*, *m.* 1) middle-bolt; 2) *Hydr.* middle
cross-piece; 3) *Coach-b.* middle transom;
—*rippe*, *f.* mid-rib; —*röhren*, *n.* *Gum-sm.*
small pipe (of a gun).

Mitteltel, *adv.* (with *Gem.*) by means of,
by the help of, through.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*salz*, *n.* *Chem.* com-
pound, secondary, or neutral salt; —*say*, *m.*
Gramm. intermediate sentence; *Log.* medium;
—*säule*, *f.* central column; —*schiff*, *m.* (rines
Gewehr) *Gum-sm.* middling of the shaft of
a musket; —*schicht*, *f.* *Bot.* mesophyllum;
—*schiff*, *n.* *Archit.* middle aisle; —*schlichte*,
adj. *Med.* middle-shot; *die — schlichte Wähe*,
centre-shot mill; *das — schlichte Wasser*,
n. breast (water-) wheel; —*schiff*, *m.* 1) *see*
—*schrot*; 2) middle kind or size, any thing
middling, &c.; —*forte*; —*quers*, *f.* *Ornith.*
larger bog-snipe (*Scotopus major* L.); —*schritt*,
n. *see* —*gang*, 1; —*schrot*, *m.* *Sport.* par-

tridge-shot; —*schule*, *f.* intermediate school,
middle school.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*mann*, *m.*, —*per-*
son, *f.* mediator, intercessor; agent, col-
middle-man, go-between; arbiter; umpire.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* middle-
sort, middling kind or quality; —*spann*, *n.*
Ship-b. midship-frame.

Mitteltel, *I. see* *Mitteltel*; *II. m-e*, *adj.*
midst, middlemost.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*stätt*, *f.* middling
town; —*stätt*, *m.* middle state; middle or
middling class, commons; central station;
—*statur*, *f.* mean stature, middling size;
—*steg*, *m.* 1) *Min.* middle-board; *Typ.* long-
cross; —*stette*, *f.* middle, middle-post; —
stimme, *f.* *Mus.* 1) mean, tenor; middle voice;
(höre) upper tenor; (tiefe) counter-tenor;
2) —*stimme*, *pl.* middle or mean parts; —
stod, *m.* middle-story; —*stodica*, *m.* *Min.*
middle-gallery; —*straße*, *f.* middle-way or
course; mean, medium; *die goldene —*, the
golden mean; *ich halte die —*, *Ag.* I steer
my course midway. I take (adopt) a middle
course; —*streich*, *m.* *see* *Bindestreich*; —*stüd*,
n. 1) middle-piece (also *Coop.*, &c.); 2) *Theat.*
interlude; 3) *Typ.*, &c. middle; *das — stüd*
eines Schiffs, middle or field of a shawl;
—*stufe*, *f.* 1) middle stair or step; 2) inter-
mediate degree; —*tüter*, *m.* *Turn.* contro-
punch; —*tüter*, *f.* 1) middle or contro-door;
2) door of communication; —*tüter*, *m.* cen-
tral tower; —*tiefe*, *f.* mean depth, central
depth; —*tritt*, *f.* *T.* *see* —*terre*; —*taum*, *n.*
Mus. mediant (&c); —*treffen*, *n.* *Med.* centre of an
army (particul. engaged in battle); —*trud*,
n. second rate or middling cloth; —*trübe*,
f. intervening or secondary cause; means,
motive; —*verbe*, *n.* *Mar.* middle-deck; —
wehl, *f.* alternative; —*wehl*, *m.* wood in
which both coppice-wood and larger trees
are cultivated; —*wehl*, *m.* *Art.* curtain;
—*wand*, *f.* partition-wall; *Anat.* mediastine;
—*weg*, *m.* *see* —*straße*; —*wegbreit*, —*wegrich*,
m. *Bot.* hoary plantain, middle plantain (*Fla-*
ago media L.); —*welle*, *T.* middle-shaft;
—*werg*, *n.* *T.* tow, hards of hemp and flax;
—*wesfen*, *n.* intermediate being or nature;
—*wind*, *n.* quarter-wind; —*wolle*, *f.* 1) second-
rate wool; quarter-breed wool; 2) *Spinn.*
middle-worsted; —*wort*, *n.* *Gramm.* partici-
ple; —*yüte*, *m.* *pl.* *see* *Edychebühne*; —*zeit*,
f. 1) mean time; 2) *Bot.* mean quantity;
—*zeitig*, *adj.* (in verification) common; —
zeitigkeit, *f.* the being common (of syllables
in verification); —*zeitwert*, *n.* neuter verb,
intransitive; —*zeug*, 1) *m.* second rate material
or stuff; 2) *n.* *Min.* neutral iron ore; —*glimmer*,
n. centre-room; —*jußend*, *m.* intermediate
state or condition.

Mitteltel, *adv.* in the midst, in the middle
of, amidst; in the heart of; — *in der Zeit*,
(in the) mid-air; — *in der Nacht*, in the middle
or depth of night; — *im Winter*, in the depth
of winter; *ich war grade — im Boden*, I was
all in the midst of pecking; — *durch*, through
the midst, across; — *entzwei*, in two, in twain;
— *inne*, in the very middle, midway.

Mitteltel, (*adv.*) *pl.* *W-nächte* *f.* 1) mid-
night; 2) North.

Mitteltel, *adj.* midnight.

Mitteltel, (*adv.*) *adj.* & *adv.* 1) happening
every midnight, midnight; 2) northern, nor-
therly.

Mitteltel, *adv.* at midnight.

Mitteltel, *in comp.* —*gegen*, *f.*
North; —*gleit*, *f.* midnight ball; —*pol*, *m.*
North-pole; —*punkt*, *m.* northern point;
—*schlaf*, *m.* midnight-sleep; —*seite*, *f.* North-
side; —*stunde*, *f.* hour of midnight; —*ut*, *f.*
northern or septentrional dial; —*wind*, *m.*
North-wind.

Mitt'faffen, *f. pl.* midlent.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to join in certain actions, *partic.* in executing what has been resolved upon in council (*cf.* **Mitt'faffen**).
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* accessory, accomplice.
Mitt'faffen, (*adv.*) taking an active part (*bet. in*); accessory (*to*); *fic* weren nicht — dabel, they were no parties to it, they had no agency in it.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* one's common share.
Mitt'faffen, I. *adj.* communicable, impartible; II. **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* communicableness.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to communicate; to convey (intelligence, &c.), impart, bestow, give, furnish, to make acquainted with; *theilen Sie mir Ihre Worte mit*, favour me with your address; *theilen Sie mir von Ihrem Fortschritt mit*, let me have some of your stock; II. *refl.* (*with Dat.*) 1) to communicate one's feelings, ideas, &c. (*to*); 2) to be infectious, contagious, catching (*for*).
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* participant, co-partner.
Mitt'faffen, I. *adj.* communicative; II. **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* communicativeness.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* communication; *fernere Mit-*, further information; *unter Mit-* vom 15. d., Comm. our advice of the fifteenth inst.; *bicker Weg der —*, this method of informing (me, &c.); *unter — des Preises*, stating the price. [*to join in.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to do with others.
Mitt'faffen, *adj.* middle, mean; *die m-e Grasmade*, *Geol.* Silurian group; *der m-e Grasfeld*, *Spinn.* middle reel; *m-e Rize*, cow-grass; *die m-e Schnelligkeit*, average speed, mean rate; *m-e Qualität*, middling quality; *die m-e Zeit*, mean time; *der m-e Verkauf- oder Zahlungs-termine*, Comm. average-date, medium-term, equation of payments; *von m-er Größe*, middle-sized; *von m-er Alter*, in den m-er Jahren, middle-aged.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) mediator; *cf.* **Mitt'faffen**; — *amt*, *m.* mediatorial office, mediatorialship; 2) *provis.* for *Richt.*
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* mediatix.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *f.* mediatix.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* mediator. [*as mediator.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* death of our Saviour.
Mitt'faffen, *adv.* see **Mittel**, *adv.*
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr. & tr.* to sound simultaneously or at the same time.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. I. indr.* to assist in bearing; II. *tr.* to carry in common with others; *fg.* to share.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mourning in common; 2) or — *Bejengung*, *f.* condolence.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to mourn in common or with.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* right of common pasture.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. I. indr.* to drink with others; II. *tr.* to drink along with other things. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*str.*) *m.* see **Mitt'faffen**.
Mitt'faffen, see **Mitt'faffen**.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* mid-summer; summer-solestice. [*solstice.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* mid-winter; winter.
Mitt'faffen, *m.* commonly **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* Wednesday; **Mitt'faffen**, *adv.* on a Wednesday. — **Mitt'faffen**, *adj. & adv.* happening every Wednesday.
Mitt'faffen, *adv.* 1) among other things; 2) sometimes.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* joint signature.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* **Mitt'faffen**, (*str.*) *m.* co-signatory (of a treaty, &c.).
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* joint author.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* collateral or concurring cause.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* accomplice.

Mitt'faffen, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*)
 1) see **Mitt'faffen**, 1; 2) co-ally.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* joint-vender.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*)
 1) co-obligee; 2) co-obligor.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *adj.* being an accomplice (or involved in a conspiracy; *der Mit-*, (*decl. like adj.*) conspirator, conspirer. [*defence.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to join in (one's).
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* co-administrator, joint manager. [*joint management.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* co-administration.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* **Mitt'faffen**, (*str.*) *m.* joint guardian, co-guardian; **Mitt'faffen**, (*f.*) joint guardianship. [*another or others.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* guard or watch with
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to wander (journey) in company with others; *cf.* **Mit**, *adv.*
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* right of common pasture.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to weep in company (with); *ich weinte zur Gesellschaft mit*, I wept too for company. [*poraries.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* our age, time; contemporaries.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. tr. & indr.* to sue or compete for us a rival, to rival. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*str.*) *m.* competitor, rival. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* competition.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to co-operate, concur; *m-b*, *p. a.* concurring, concurrent, coefficient. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*str.*) *m.* co-operator. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* co-operation, concurrence; *unter — des Beistandes*, with assistance, concurrence, co-operation (in co-operation with the author).
Mitt'faffen, I. (*str.*) *v. indr.* (*with mm*) to be privy (to); II. *s. (str.) n.*, **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* joint knowledge, privacy, knowing with others; *ohne mein —*, unknown to me, without my knowledge.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.*, **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* one knowing things together with others; accessory. [*(with others).*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to live together
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. indr. disp.* for **Mitt'faffen**, *str.* *indr.* to dwell. [*one's share.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pay also, to pay
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. I. indr.* to count with others; *das zählt nicht mit*, that is to be left out of account; II. *tr.* to comprise in the account. [*in toping.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to bear company
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* bottle-companion.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* see **Mitt'faffen**. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*adj.*) contemporary; II. **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *f.* contemporaneity.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *m.* joint-witness. [*neest to.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. indr.* to bear joint witness.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to draw jointly with, to assist in drawing; II. *indr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to march along with; 2) to remove together with. [*joint.*]
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* secondary aim or object.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) mixture.
Mitt'faffen, (*f.*) (*Gr.*) mnemonics. — **Mitt'faffen**, (*adj.*) mnemonic.
Mitt'faffen, (*irr.*, *eg. str.*, *pl. str. & w.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) article of (household) furniture; *pl.* (*partic.* wooden) furniture; 2) *fg.* a) person belonging to the house; b) *cont.* piece (of vulgar persons); *ein Zimmer ohne —*, an unfurnished room.
Mitt'faffen, *in comp.* — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* furniture-damask; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. pl.* designs for furniture; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* upholsterer; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* chintz, furniture prints, furnitures; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* cabinet-varnish, furniture oil; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* checkered linen, gingham, stripe furniture; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* cabinet-maker; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* furniture-warehouse; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. pl.* furniture stuffs; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. see* — **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* furniture-oil-cloth; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* furniture-van, furniture-cart.
Mitt'faffen, (*adj.*) (*Lat.*) active, quick; *m-e Colonne*, *Mil.* movable column; — **Mitt'faffen**, 1. to put in motion; 2. or **Mitt'faffen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mil.* to mobilise (an army), to draw out, to call into active service.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) household furniture (*Möbilien*); — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* *credit mobilier*; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* mobilier credit bank; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* heir to the personal property; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* the movable property of a bankrupt; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* tax on movables or furniture; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* personal goods and chattels, personals, movables.
Mitt'faffen, (*pl.*) (*Lat.*) movables; furniture, household-stuff, movable goods; — **Mitt'faffen**, *n.* account of movables.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* *Mil.* mobilisation.
Mitt'faffen, (*adj.*) *T.* too soft (of leather).
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish, to fit up (rooms, &c.); *gut möblirt*, well-furnished.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* upholsterer. [*coffee.*]
Mitt'faffen, *m.* Mocha; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* Mocha
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.*, **Mitt'faffen**, see **Mitt'faffen**, *str.* *indr.*
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* natural or rough steel.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) modality, mode of proceeding; *Log.* modality.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *f.* mode, fashion; use, custom, way; *vogue*; *in der —*, in fashion, fashionable; *nach der —*, in or after the fashion, fashionable; *nach der neuesten —*, (after) the latest fashion; — **Mitt'faffen**, to get or come into fashion or vogue; *es wurde —*, it came to be the fashion; *cine Sache der —*, *sein*, to depend upon (to be subject to) fashion; *aus der — kommen*, to grow or go out of fashion.
Mitt'faffen, *in comp.* — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. see* — **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. pl.* *see* — **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* lady of fashion, fashionable or fine lady; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* fashionable colour, an undecided colour, as gray, &c.; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* trade in fashionable things (silk, &c.), fancy trade, millinery; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* man-milliner; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* milliner; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* 1) *see* — **Mitt'faffen**; 2) fancy shop, millinery shop; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m. see* — **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* fashionable or fine gentleman; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* fashionable finery; fashionable trifles, toys, nicknacks; — **Mitt'faffen**, *adj.* fashion sick; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* 1) fashionable or short illness, fashionable distemper; 2) *fg.* weakness, folly in fashion.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Archit.* module; 2) pattern, mould, form (*Möbelf.*); 3) *T.* block.
Mitt'faffen, *m. see* — **Mitt'faffen**, 2.
Mitt'faffen, *in comp.* — **Mitt'faffen**, *n.* founder's mould; — **Mitt'faffen**, *n. see* **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* (*Calcograv.*) block-printing; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* block-printing machine; — **Mitt'faffen**, *n.* 1) wood for moulds; 2) wooden mould.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* see **Mitt'faffen**.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) mould, model, form, stamp, sampler, pattern; draught; *ein — abnehmen*, to take a cast.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mould, model.
Mitt'faffen, (*str.*) *m.* modeller, pattern-maker.
Mitt'faffen, *in comp.* — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* art of modelling; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* model-maker, modeller; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* collection of models, &c.; *Point-e* — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* posture-maker; — **Mitt'faffen**, *n. see* **Mitt'faffen**; — **Mitt'faffen**, *f.* academy-figure.
Mitt'faffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mould, model; to fashion, form, frame, to furnish with figures and ornaments; to figure, to diaper.
Mitt'faffen, *in comp.* — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* mould cutter; — **Mitt'faffen**, *m.* sampler.

iron nail; —*Setel*, m. iron wedge (for splitting wood).

* *Molasse*, (w.) f. (Fr.) molasses, treacle.
Molch, (str.) m. 1) Zool. salamander (*Salamandra maculata* Laur.); 2) coll. malignant dragon, monster, &c.

Moldau, f. Geogr. Moldavia; *Moldauer*, (str.) m. *Moldauisch*, adj. Moldavian.

Molde, f. 1) see *Milde*; 2) provinc. rubbish, dust.

* *Molte*, (w.) f. 1) Med. (Lat. mola) see *Mentale*; 2) see *Möle*.

Molte, (w.) f. gener. *M-n*, pl. whey.

Molte..., in comp. —*artig*, adj. see *Molfig*; —*cur*, f. use of whey, whey-cure; die —*cur* gebrauchen, to drink whey for the benefit of one's health; —*bleib*, m. Entom. thick-headed white butterfly; —*sch*, n. whey-tub; —*frucht*, f. Pomol. white heart-cherry; —*trank*, m. posset-drink; —*wasser*, n. whey spring; —*wesen*, n. —*wirtschaft*, or *Molterei*, f. dairy.

Molfig, *Molfigh*, adj. wheyey, wheyish; resembling whey, white.

* *Moll*, (indecl.) adj. Mus. minor (in relation to modes and keys); C —, C minor; —*tonart*, f. minor key; —*tonleiter*, f. minor scale.

A. * *Moll*, (str.) m. thin woollen stuff with a rough surface.

B. *Moll*, (str.) m. Zool. mole-rat (*Bathyryzomys* *cuscutus* Wagn.).

Molle, (w.) f. see *Milde*.

Mollig, (w.) f. provinc. apricot.

Mollig, adj. provinc. soft; comfortable, cozy.

* *Mollknecht*, (w.) f. (Barb. Lat.) Nat. mollusk, molluscous animal (gener. pl. mollusca).

[mole head, pier.]

* *Molle*, (str., pl. *M-8*) m. [Ital.] mole.

Mollig, *Mollig*, adj. provinc. too mellow or ripe (of fruit), rotten. — *Mollig*, (w.) v. intr. to begin to rot (of fruit).

Mollit, (str.) m. & n. see *Müll*, 1.

Mollit, (w.) f. see *Milde*, A.

Mollit(v) *beere*, (w.) f. provinc. cloudberry (*Clouberrie*).

Mollitig, adj. provinc. mouldy, musty, fusty. — *Mollitern*, (w.) v. intr. to mould, to get mouldy, &c.

* *Mollitun* [—*tung*], (str., pl. *M-8*) m. (Fr.) molton, long balse.

[Islands.]

Mollitun, pl. Geogr. Moluccas, Spice

Mollitum, (indecl.) adj. slang, tipsy, mellow.

* *Molybdän*, (str.) n. (Gr.) Miner. & Chem. molybdana; —*saure*, f. molybdic acid; —*saures* *Silic*, molybdic acid of lead; —*saures* *Salz*, molybdic; —*silber*, n. molybdana-silver. — *Molybdänig*, adj. molybdanic.

* *Momente* (pflanz) *baum*, (str.) m. Bot. hog-plum (*Spondias purpuria* Mill.).

* *Moment*, (Lat.) (str.) 1) m. moment; 2) n. momentum; pl. *efficients*.

* *Momentan*, adj. momentary.

* *Momentein*, (str.) n. Chem. elaterine.

* *Momentein*, (w.) v. intr. (Barb. Lat.) see *Möndchen*.

* *Momente*, (w.) f. (Gr.) monad, atom.

* *Mönach*, (w.) m. (Gr.) monarch. — *Mönachist*, m. Eccl. Hist. Antitrinitarian. — *Mönachist*, (w.) f. monachy. — *Mönachist*, (w.) f. monachess. — *Mönachist*, m. monarchical. — *Mönachist*, (w.) m. monarhist.

Mönat, (str.) m. 1) month; Comm-s. in *dicem* — (im *Januar*) —, this month, inst.; am 1. *Januar* *Mönat*, on the 1st of next month, 1st (prox.); *unter* *Mönat* *vor* *Mönat*, under date of 6th ult.; *alle* *Mönat*, every month; *zwei* *Mönat*, this day two months; two months from to-day; 2) coll. for *Mönatsfest*.

Mönatig, adj. monthly (gener. in comp.).

Mönatig..., in comp. —*lang*, adj. lasting one or more months; —*weife*, adv. by the month.

Mönatig, adj. & adv. 1) monthly; 2) in comp. lasting a certain number of months; *nach* *sechs* *Mönat*, after a six months' tour; *das* *Mönat*, see *Mönatsfest*.

Mönatig..., in comp. month, monthly; —*ab* *schließen*, m. monthly balance; —*bericht*, m. monthly report; *Bot-s.* — *Blume*, f. 1) (or — *Blumen*, n.) daisy (*Gänseblume*); 2) see *Blütenzeit*; 3) several flowers blooming every month; —*erbsen*, f. ever-flowering wood-strawberry; —*fest*, m. Med. monthly courses, menstrual discharges; —*frist*, f. space or term of a month; respite of a month; —*geld*, n. monthly pay (wages); monthly allowance; —*heft*, m. monthly number; —*hüter*, m. see *Möhlhüter*; —*kind*, n. embryo of a month; —*name*, m. name of a or the month; —*rose*, f. Bot. monthly or Damask rose (*Rosa damascena* L.); —*schrift*, f. monthly journal, monthly (publication); —*tag*, m. day of the month; date; —*taube*, f. Ornith. pigeon which breeds every month; —*uhr*, f. month-watch, month-clock; *zwei* *Wochen*, m. two months' bill; bill at two months; —*weise*, adj. & adv. monthly, by the month; —*zeiger*, m. hand of a watch pointing out the days of the month; —*zeit*, f. see —*fest*.

Mönch, (str.) m., monk, friar, recluse; *Einem* *einem* — *streichen*, *fig.* to mock, insult by (originally: obscene) gestures &c. (*Einem* *die* *Feige* *streichen*, anal. to bite one's thumb at...); 2) coll. a) gelding; b) t. eunuch; c) any plant that flowers without bearing any fruit; 3) Archit. a) newel, spindle (of a winding spiral staircase); b) mullion; 4) spire (of a steeple); 5) provinc. Bot. dandelion (*Gewöhnlich*); 6) Typ. friar, monk; 7) Gem-st. stay; 8) Glass-man. pl. short-necked phials (opp. *Flasche*); 9) *Eyde*. sluice-board or stay; 10) Ornith. a) blackcap (*Blattmäus*); b) marsh-timonee (*Stumpfschnitz*); c) a variety of the common pigeon; d) see *Mönchgeier*; e) rail (*Machinus pugnas* L.); f) see *Brandgans*; 11) Ichth. a species of shark (*Squalus aquila* L.); 12) Entom. denomination of several butterflies and moths of the species *Noctua*; 13) Conch. a species of wedge-shell (*Conus monachus*) and volute (*Strangoceras*) — (*Voluta pernice*); 14) humming-top (*Brummfisch*, *Wanne*); 15) bed-warmer (*Bürstschale*).

Mönchen, (w.) v. l. or *Mönchen*, intr. to think like a monk, to act the monk, to lead a secluded life; II. tr. 1) to make a monk of; 2) coll. to geld.

Möncherei, *Mönchei*, (w.) f. com. monkish manner of thinking.

Mönchisch, adj. monachal, monkish.

Mönchlein, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Mönch*) fam. little monk, shaveling.

Mönchlein, (w.) f. see *Mönch*, 10, b).

Mönch..., in comp. —*blatt*, n. see *Stenogramm*; —*bogen*, m. Typ. monk-sheet; —*eiser*, m. monkish seal; —*geier*, m. Ornith. 1) ash-vulture (*Vultur cinereus* Tem.); 2) king-vulture (*Rösiggeier*); —*geschichte*, f. 1) tale of monks; 2) monastic history; —*geschick*, n. monkish crew; —*haube*, f. 1) monk's hood, owl; 2) provinc. monk's hood, acornite (*Sturmhut*); —*herbe*, f. see *Zudenherbe*; —*hüter*, m. convent for monks; monastery; —*kap*, m. see *Stenogramm*; —*krant*, m. Bot. water-pepper (*Polygnum hydrophyllum* L.); —*krant*, f. 1) monk's tonsure; 2) Bot. woolly-headed thistle, cotton-thistle (*Onopordon acanthium* L.); —*krant*, f. owl, capouch; —*latein*, n. monk-latin; —*leben*, n. monastic life, monachism; —*orden*, m. monastic or religious order; —*pfaffen*, m. see *Stenogramm*; —*platte*, f. 1) monk's tonsure; 2) see —*blatt*;

—*puppe*, f. see —*herbe*; —*schaber*, m. Bot. monk's-rhubarb (*Rumex alpinus* L.); —*ring*, m. the ring or crown of hair on a monk's head; —*robb*, f. Zool. a species of seal (*Phoca monachus* Herm.); —*schieß*, m. Typ. pulling of monks; —*schrift*, f. monks' letters, gothic letters, writing of the middle ages; —*schuß*, m. sandal; —*stirn*, m. monkish spirit; —*wesen*, n. 1) monachism; monastic life; 2) see *Möncherei*; —*wur*, f. Bot. mountain arnica (*Arnica montana* L.); —*zeile*, f. monk's cell.

Mönchstisch, (str.) n. monachism.

Mönch, s. l. (str.) 1) moon; Astr. satellite; 2) * (pl. & str.) month; crescent; 3) *Farr*. lunet, lunette (a kind of horse-shoe); 4) *Farr*. half-moon; 5) *Lock-sm.*, &c. crescent; 6) *Geom.* luna, lunula; II. in comp. —*abend*, m. moonlight-evening; *Val-s.* —*auge*, n. moon-eye; —*augig*, adj. moon-eyed; —*baum*, f. moon's orbit; —*stein*, n. see —*krant*; —*berg*, m. moon-lit; —*beschriftung*, f. selenography; —*bliss*, m. momentary appearance of the moon; —*blind*, adj. moon-blind, moon-eyed; —*blinzel*, f. moon-blindness; —*bohne*, f. Bot. a species of East-Indian leguminous plants (*Pongamia*); —*brüger*, m. lunarian; —*circl*, m. lunar circle, period (of nineteen years); —*cyclis*, m. Astr. cycle of the moon.

Mönch..., in comp. (cf. *Mönd*...) —*lang*, adj. several months; —*lauf*, m. course of the moon, lunation; —*mont*, m. lunar or lunary month.

Mönch..., in comp. —*farren*, m. see —*krant*; —*flüster*, f. eclipse of the moon; —*flüß*, m. Ichth. mole-bat, the short sun-fish (*Orthogoriscus mola* L.); —*flüß*, f. surface, dish of the moon; —*flüß*, m. macula; —*flüß*, m. flux attending a moon-eye; —*früßig*, adj. in the form of a crescent, lunated; Bot. lunulate; —*gebirge*, n. Geogr. Lunar Mountains, Mountains of the Moon; —*glanz*, m. splendour of the moon; —*hell*, adj. moonlight(ed), moon-lit; —*hornfächer*, m. see —*läufer*; —*jahr*, n. lunar year; —*hüter*, m. dung-hill-beetle (*Copris lunaris* L.); —*kalb*, n. see *Mönchlein*; —*krant*, f. chart of the moon, selenographic chart; —*krant*, m. Anat. lunar bone; —*krant*, m. moon's node; —*krant*, n. see —*krant*; —*krant*, f. see —*krant*; —*krant*, n. Bot. 1) moonwort (*Botrychium lunaria* L.); 2) honesty, moonwort, lunary (*Lunaria* L.); —*krant*, m. see *Stenogramm*; —*krant*, m. course of the moon.

Mönchlich, adj. moonlike, lunar; * monthly.

Mönch..., in comp. —*licht*, n. moon-light; —*linie*, f. lunar line.

Mönch, s. l. (str.) 1) moonless; 1) without a moon or satellite; 2) not lighted by the moon.

Mönch..., in comp. —*mann*, m. man in the moon; —*milch*, f. Minor. milk of the moon, agariomilch; —*nacht*, n. moonlight night; —*rand*, m. limb of the moon; —*raute*, f. see —*krant*; —*regenbogen*, m. lunar rainbow; —*samen*, m. Bot. moon-seed (*Menispermum palmatum* L.); *Mönch*..., in comp. cf. *Mönd*...; —*brücke*, f. see *Möndbrücke*.

Mönch..., in comp. —*scheibe*, f. disk of the moon; —*stein*, m. moon-shine; —*stein*, m. Silisian (white) bolus; —*stunde*, f. Conch. wreath, whirl (*Turbo Lam.*); —*stunt*, m. *Harald*. crescent; —*stunt*, f. rickle, crescent; —*stunt*, f. lunacy, sleep-walking, somnambulism; —*stunt*, adj. lunatic, moon-struck, walking in one's sleep; ein —*stunt*,

Mores'te, (w.) m. native (inhabitant) of Morra.

* **Mor'se**, [Lat.] pl. coll. morals, conduct, (good) behaviour; — **lehren**, to teach (one) how to behave; to reprimand severely; — **maden**, to humble one's self, to obey humbly.

* **Mor'ste**, (w.) f. 1) moorish dance; 2) *Pinel*, &c. arabesque.

Mor'sting, (str.) m. a carp without any roe.

* **Morganat'lich**, adj. (M. Lat.) morganatic.

Mor'gen, I. (str.) m. 1) morning; * **morn**;

2) East, Orient, Levant, S. acre; **guten** —, good morning, good morning; **heute** —, this morning; **des** **Mo** —, in the morning; **am** **frühen** —, early in the morning; II. **adv.** to-morrow; — **früh**, to-morrow morning; — **über** **acht** **Tage**, to-morrow week; **die** — **ab** **gehen** **oder** **aufhören** **Post**, **see** **Rege** **ben**.

Mor'gen ..., in comp. — **andacht**, f. morning-devotion; — **anzug**, m. morning dress; — **aufwartung**, f. levee; — **blatt**, n. morning-paper; — **brat**, n. breakfast.

Mor'gen, **adv.** of to-morrow: **der** **m-e** **Tag**, to-morrow; **die** **m-e** **Zeitung**, the paper of to-morrow; **die** **m-e** **Post**, to-morrow's mail.

Mor'genbimmerung, (w.) f. morning-twilight, daybreak, dawn.

Mor'genblüh, **adv.** morning, matinal.

Mor'genblüh, **see** **Rege** **ben**.

Mor'gen ..., in comp. — **buft**, m. morning count; — **freund**, m. early riser; — **gabe**, f. gift on the morning after the nuptial day;

— **gabeführer**, pl. issue or children of a morganatic marriage; — **gang**, m. 1) morning-walk; 2) *Mis.* direction eastwards; — **get**, n. morning-prayers; — **gegen**, f. East; country towards the East; — **gefang**, m. morning-song; — **göttin**, f. the Goddess of the morning, Aurora; — **grenze**, f. boundary to the East; — **händchen**, n. (a lady's) morning-cap; — **hummel**, m. 1) morning sky; 2) Eastern sky; — **imbiß**, m. breakfast; luncheon; — **kleid**, n. morning-gown; — **klebung**, f. morning dress, negligé; — **land**, n. (*lit.* eastern country) Orient, East, Levant; — **länder**, m. Levantine, Oriental; — **länderlich**, **adv.** oriental; **das** — **länderliche** **Reichthum**, the Eastern (or Greek) Empire; — **klute**, f. alarm of (a clock); — **kleb**, n. **see** — **gefang**; — **luft**, f. 1) morning air, morning breeze; 2) east-wind; — **maß**, n. breakfast; — **post**, f. early mail; — **punkt**, m. **adv.** the due East; — **regen**, m. morning-rain; — **reife**, n. **see** **Reichthum**; — **roß**, f. 1. **adv.** seven-coloured; II. **or** — **ruhe**, **s. f.** morning-twilight, dawn, day-break, * **day-blush**, the purple glory of the morning.

Mor'gen (b), **adv.** in the morning.

Mor'gen ..., in comp. — **heim**, — **heim** **mer**, m. day-break, peep of day; — **heiß**, **adv.** as beautiful as the morn; — **legen**, m. **see** — **get**; — **seite**, f. Eastern side; — **senne**, f. morning sun; — **spreche**, f. meeting of a corporation of artisans; — **sprecher**, m. presiding officer of a guild; — **stündchen**, m. morning music; — **stern**, m. 1) morning-star, day-star, Venus; 2) *Mis.* And. club with iron prickets; — **stühn**, m. *Adv.* matinal station of a fixed star; — **strahl**, m. morning-ray; — **stunde**, f. morning-hour; **sg.** morning; — **stunde** **hat** **Gold** **im** **Munde**, **proverb**, the early bird catches the worm, early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy and wealthy and wise; — **stun**, m. morning dew; — **ther**, n. Eastern gate, gate of dawning; — **tisch**, m. toilet or dressing table; — **trunk**, m. morning-draught; — **uhr**, f. *Adv.* dial turned to the East; — **wehr**, **adv.** eastward, eastwards; — **weiser**, m. alarm watch; — **wette**, f. *Adv.* distance of the rising point of a star from due East; **or** **west** **am** **amplitude**; — **wind**, m. 1) morning-wind; 2) East-wind; — **zeitung**, f. morning (news) paper or journal.

Mor'gig, **see** **Rege** **ben**.

Mor'ig, m. Maurice (P. N.).

* **Mor'nel**, (str.) m. *Mor'nel*, (w.) f.

Ornith. yellow plover (*Tringa morinella* L.).

* **Mor'phir**, (str.) m. *Chem.* morphine.

Mor'sch, I. **adv.** rotten, decaying; **es** **brach** — **entzwei**, **coll.** it broke or snapped in two all at once, or quite suddenly (as if rotten);

die **Stimme** **ist** —, **coll.** the firm is rickety;

II. **adv.** **heißt**, (w.) f. rottenness.

Mor'sel, **coll.** for **Mor'ser**, I.

* **Mor'selle**, (w.) f. (*L. Lat.*) lozenge, small cake of medicine.

Mor'ser [*also* **Mor'ser**], (str.) m. 1) mortar;

2) *Gum.* mortar-piece; in comp. — **batterie**,

f. *Mil.* mortar-battery; — **blod**, m. — **laffette**,

f. — **hemel**, m. *Gum.* stock bed, carriage of a mortar-piece; — **traße**, f. post.

Mor'sern [*also* **Mor'sern**], (w.) v. tr. 1) to pound in a mortar; 2) **fig.** to crush.

Mor'set, (str.) m. mortar; plaster, cement;

in comp. — **arbeit**, f. stucco (work); — **haus**, f.

plasterer's basket; — **keile**, f. trowel; — **kübel**, m.

mason's bucket or tray; — **mühle**, f. clay

or mortar mill; — **mühle**, — **pfanne**, f. **see** — **trug**.

Mor'stein, (w.) v. tr. to mortar.

* **Mor'sticken**, (w.) v. tr. (*L. Lat.*) to

annul, annihilate. — **Mor'sticken**, (w.) f.

amortisation, annulment, annihilation.

Mor's, (str.) n. *slang* (probably a corruption

of *Mor's*, which *see*, anal. blunt, mopnose,

&c. (*s. e.* money).

Mor's ..., **see** **Mor's** ...

* **Mor'salich**, (w.) m. **see** **Mor'salich**.

* **Mor'salich**, (w.) f. & n. (*Fr.*) T. mosaic

(work), tessellation; — **arbeiter**, m. one who

works in mosaic, inlayer; — **ausheben**, m.

mosaic or tessellated pavement; — **jiegel**, m.

glazed tile or brick.

* **Mor'salich**, **adv.** Mosaic; **m-e** **Arbeit**, f. T.

see **Mor'salich**; **m-e** **Gold**, **see** **Mor'salich**.

Mor'scan, **see** **Mor'scan**.

Mor'sbirne, (w.) f., **see** **Mor'sbirne**.

* **Mor'scher**, (w.) f. (*Arab.*) mosque.

* **Mor'sch**, m. (*Lat-Gr.*) musk; in comp.

— **blut**, m. **see** — **ratte**; — **birne**, f. *Pomol.* musk-

pear; — **beß**, m. *Entom.* musk-beetle (*Ceram-*

bys morchialis L.); — **blut**, m. **see** **Mor's-**

ratte; — **maus**, f. **see** — **ratte**; — **sch**, m. *Zool.*

musk-ox (*Ovis morchialis* Blainv.); — **ratte**, f.

Zool. musk-rat, musquash (*Fiber zibethicus* L.);

— **rose**, f. *Bot.* musk-rose (*Rosa morchialis*

Ehrh.); — **thier**, n. *Zool.* musk-(deer) (*Moschus*

moschiferus L.).

* **Mor'sch**, (w.) f. (*Fr.*) Comm. muscovado,

unrefined sugar. [*see* **Mor'sch**, **adv.** Muscovy.

Mor'sch, (w.) m. Muscovite. — **Mor's-**

sch, f. (the river) Moselle; — **wein**,

Mor'sch, (str.) m. Moselle (wine).

Mor's, (*Gem.* [*Lat.*] *Pro's*, *Acc.* *Pro's*,

sometimes *Pro's* from the Hebrew *Pro's*);

m. Moses (P. N.); **die** **him** **Wörter** **Pro's**,

Bibl. pontateuch; — **or** **Pro's** **und** **die** **Pro's**

haben (*after* *Luke* 16, 29), to have

all that is essential or necessary, to be well-

provided; hence, probably, the *slang* term **Pro's**;

— **tränen**, f. pl. *Bot.* Job's tears (*Oxys-*

la cryma L.). [*Muscovy* (a country).

Mor'stan, n. *Geogr.* Moscow (a town);

* **Mor'stem**, (str.) pl., or **Pro's**, or (*Arab.*)

Mor'stem, corr. **Mor'stem** (m. (*Arab.*)

Moslem, Musulman.

Mor's, (str.) m. 1) must; 2) juice of fruit,

cider, &c.; **er** **weis** **no** **Barthel** — **holt**, **proverb**,

he knows on which side his bread is but-

tered, he knows what's what; in comp. — **apfel**,

m. honey-apple; — **birn**, f. wild pear.

Mor'seln, (w.) v. I. **adv.** to taste of must;

II. **or** **Mor'seln**, **tr.** & **adv.** to make (wine

from) must. [*used* in making must.

Mor'ser, (str.) m. T. a (wooden) stamper

Mor'ser, (str.) m. **see** **Mor'ser**.

Mor'sicht, **adv.** must-like.

Mor'sig, **adv.** containing must; musty.

Mor's ..., in comp. — **letter**, — **preße**, f.

cider-press; — **mühle**, f. must with bread or

toast in it; — **weiser**, m. **see** — **wege**.

Mor'srich, **adv.** (str.) m. **see** **Ein**.

Mor'srige, (w.) f. gauge to determine the

quality of must. [*motetto*.

* **Mor's**, (w.) f. (*Ital.*) *Mus.* motet.

* **Mor's**, (str.) n. (*L. Lat.*) 1) motive,

2) *Mus.* subject. — **Mor's**, (w.) v. tr.

to allege, assign reasons for, to state the

motive of ... (*Begründen*, 2).

Mor's, (w.) f. (*Entom.*) 1) (clothes') moth,

tiny (*Typa* L.); 2) **see** **Grille**, 2.

Mor's ..., in comp. — **baum**, f. *Bot.* com-

mon shrubby overlasting (*Gnaphalium*

stachys L.); — **fraß**, m. damage done by moths;

— **früh**, **adv.** moth-eaten; — **trant**, n. *Bot.*

1) moth-mullein (*Verbascum blattaria* L.); 2)

golden-looks sandy overlasting (*Gnaphalium*

aromarium L.); 3) wild rosemary (*Portul-*

laca L.); — **safran**, m. *Bot.* meadow-saffron (*Ger-*

anium L.); — **weiss**, f. *coll.* earth; — **weiss**,

n. **see** — **trant**, 1. [*pratincole* (*Glareola* L.).

Mor's, (str.) pl. *pl.* **Mor's** (*see* **Ornith.**

Mor's, **adv.** 1) mothy, mity; 2) moth-

eaten. [*motetto*.

* **Mor's**, (str.) pl. (*Ital.*) **Mor's** (*see* **Ornith.**

Mor's, **adv.** 1) *Mis.* short (of lodes)

(*Wutzig*); 2) *coll.* **see** **Mor's**.

* **Mor's** (*see* **Mor's**), **adv.** (*Fr.*) spark-

ling, frothing (champagne); **hart** —, full froth-

ing; **nicht** —, still.

Mor's, **adv.** (*see* **Mor's**).

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Mor's, **adv.** (*see* **Mor's</**

Mul'ferig, Mul'ferig, adj. provinc. moul-
dy, rusty.

* **Multiplican'bus, (sing. indecl., pl. [u.]**
M-der) m. (Lat.) Arith. multiplicand. —
Multiplicat'ion, (u.) f. multiplication; **M-er-**
product, n. plain number; **M-stafel, f.** mul-
tiplication-table, table of the multiples; **M-**
zeichen, n. sign of multiplication [\times]. —
Multiplicat'or, (str., pl. [u.] **M-rator'en)**
m. multiplier, multiplicator. — **Multiplici'-**
ren, (u.) v. tr. to multiply (mit, by).

* **Mul'ton (mål'tong), Mul'tum, (str.) m.**

Mum, indecl. mum. (see Roll'en.
Mum'me, (u.) f. (Arab.) mummy; mine-
ralishe; 2) **see** Gröpsch; vegetabilishe —, **Agr.**
mummy; **M-nartig, M-nhaft, adj.** mummy-
like; **M-nbildung, M-nberührung, f.** mummy-
fication. — to mummify, mummy.

* **Mummific'eren, Mummifi'eren, (u.) v. tr.**
Mumm'mang, (str.) m. **see** Popanz.

Mum'me, (u.) f. 1) mum (a kind of beer
in Brunschw.); 2) **M-r.** river-buoy; 3) **pro-**
vinc. castrated animal; 4) * mask, visor.

Mum'mel, (str.) m. 1) bugbear; 2) **pro-**
vinc. parish-bull; 3) **see** Mümmel.

Mum'mel, (str.) m. provinc. white or
yellow water-lily.

Mum'mel..., in comp. — munn, m., —thier,
n. coll. 1) old bogy, bugbear; 2) scarecrow.

Mum'meln, (u.) v. tr. 1) to mumble;
a) to chew; b) to speak indistinctly; 2) or
Mum'men, to muffle.

Mum'men..., in comp. — geficht, n. **see**
Mum'me, 4; — feld, n. mummifying-dress, dress
for a masquerade; — **schau, m.** masquerade.

Mumm'mer', (u.) f. mummery, disguising.

Mum'mergold, (str.) n. Minor. yellow

Mum'mp, (str.) m. Mod. mumps. [mca.]

Mun'schen, n. Geogr. München (Munich).

A. Mund, (str., pl. [l. u.] **Münd &**
Münd'er) m. mouth; **Ag.** opening, orifice,

aperture; muzzle; vent; **cf.** Maul; wie aus
einem Mund, as if from one voice; er riecht
aus dem Mund, his breath smells; es geht
jemand verträglich vom Mund (Gallert), coll.

you talk away very glibly; reinen — halten,
to keep counsel, to be secret, not to blab;

in der Feute — bringen, to calumniate, back-
bite; kein Name ist in England in aller Feute —,
his name is in every body's mouth (is a
household word) in England or is the length
and breadth of England; von — zu Mund gehen,
to be bandied about, to be current in society;

Einen in den — geben, einem die Worte in
den — legen, to suggest to one the words, to
prompt; to put into one's lips or mouth; be-
ständig im Mund führen, to have always in

one's mouth; er führt die Ehre bloß im Mund,
his honour is lip-deep; ich hing an seinem —,
I hung delighted on his lips; die Sand auf
den — I be silent! (fisch (Dut.) kein Blatt vor
den — nehmen, to speak openly, to be candid
or frank, to speak one's mind freely; einem
nach dem Mund reden, to flatter, humour one,
anal. to blow in another's trumpet.

B. + Mund, f. Law, protection (of a minor).

Mund'..., in comp. — art, f. dialect;

— **artig (l. u. — artig), adj.** peculiar to a
dialect, dialectic(al). [munity or franchise.]

* **Mund'el, (str.) n.** district enjoying im-

Mund'..., in comp. — biter, m. baker for
a prince's table; — **bücher, m.** favourite goblet,
cup for the master or prince; — **becher, m.**
provisions; — **bissen, m.** mouthful.

Mund'chen, (provinc. & Mühl'lein) (str.)
n. (dimin. of Mund) small mouth.

Mund'beckel, (str.) m. 1) **see** Mundpiegel;

2) **Gumm.** tampon.

Mund'e, (u.) f. mouth (of a river).

Mund'el, (u.) m. f., & n. pupil, ward,
niece; **in comp. — amt, n.** papillary council;

— **geld, n.** pupil's money; — **gericht, n.** **see**

— **amt; — gut, n.** estate of a minor; — **müßig,**
adj. papillary; — **rath, m.** 1) papillary coun-
sellor; 2) **see** — **amt; — sache, f.** affair respect-
ing a minor; — **sand, m.** pupillage.

Mund'bra, (u.) v. tr. to relish, to taste
well; **Ag.** to be acceptable or palatable; nicht
—, to be unpalatable or distasteful; es will
mir nicht —, I cannot reconcile it to my
appetite, I cannot relish it.

Mund'bra, (u.) tr. & refl. to discharge,
disembogue (of flowing waters); to run into
(of streets).

Mund'..., in comp. — laut, adj. 1) **Med.**
apthous; 2) **Ag.** averse to speaking, silent,
tongue-tied; — **stute, — stümmig, f.** 1) **Med.**
fetid ulceration or scurvy of the mouth; 2) **Vel.**
flap; — **stich, m.** **see** Nant, A.; — **geruch, see**
— **echt; — geruch, m.** (stictic) stinking breath;

— **glauke, m.** hypocritical faith; — **gut, n.**
victuals, provision; — **harfe, f.** Jew's harp;

— **harmonika, f.** mouth harmonica; — **höhle,**
f. Anal. cavity of the mouth; — **holz, n.** Bot.
common privet (*Ligustrum vulgare* L.); (indi-
fiche) white hemlock (*Laurocya alba* L.).

A. Mund'big, in comp. — mündel.

B. Mund'big, I. adj. of age, of full age;
— **lein, to be of age, to be past non-age;**

— **werden, to come to full age, to come of**
age; — **erklären, machen, or (preden, also Mund'-**
bigen, (u.) v. tr. to make or pronounce of
age. II. **Mund'feit, (u.) f.** full age, majority;

Mund'feitschreibung, f. dispensation of age.

B. Mund'big..., in comp. — machung, —
prechung, f. the making or pronouncing of
a person of age; **Ag.** emancipation. [copy fair.]

* **Mund'brun, (u.) v. tr. (Lat.)** to engross, to

Mund'..., in comp. — flemme, f. **Med.**
trismus, lock-jaw; — **flöz, m.** **see** — **pfropf;**

— **loß, m., — löschin, f.** master-cook of a prince
or high personage; — **loß, f.** meat, food; —

— **frant, n.** Bot. thorough-wax (*Dupleurum ro-*
strandi/olium L.); — **fröde, m.** **Med.** cancer in
the mouth; — **lad, — leim, m.** wafer; lip-glue,
mouth-glue, gum; — **leim, n. T.** a(d)jutage.

Mund'lich, I. adj. oral, verbal, by word,
by word of mouth; **Law,** parol; **müch** or
Mücher's —, more by word of mouth or per-
sonally; **m-er** **Gramen, vna** roce examination;
adv. orally, by word of mouth, verbally;

II. **Mund'feit, (u.) f.** the being done by word
of mouth; (**m-er** **Befahren**) **Law,** oral pro-
ceeding (procedure), oral pleadings.

Mund'ling, (str.) m. **see** Mündel.

Mund'..., in comp. — loch, n. mouth,
orifice; blowing hole (of a flute); — **mehl, n.**
flute; — **negel, m.** flat-headed nail; — **pfropf,**
m. **Gumm.** tampon, tampion; — **psmade, f.**
lip-salve; — **sertien, f.** ration; — **recht, adj.**
1) suitable, palatable; nice, just; 2) easily
to be pronounced; — **recht machen, 1.** to season
to one's taste; 2. **Ag.** to adapt to one's taste,
capacity, &c.; **fisch (Dut.) — recht machen, Ag.**
to suit a thing to one's (own) fancy; — **reiß,**
m. **see** Mundungsfries; **Gumm-sm. — rohr, n.**
hollow iron to rifle a gun with; — **rührchen,**
n. trumpet pipe (of a gun); — **rose, f.** Bot.
holly hock (*Epidrofe*); — **schel, m.** cup-bearer,
fore-taster, butler; — **schirmpantentzünbung,**
f. **Med.** stomatitis; — **schlepper, m.** Anal. orbi-
cular muscle of the mouth; — **schraube, f.** **see**
— **piegel; — schwamm, m.** **Med.** thrush; —

— **spatel, m.** **Surg.** spatula for loosening the
tongue of infants; — **sterte, f.** **see** — **flemme;**

— **piegel, m.** 1) **Surg.** dilator, *speculum oris*;
2) **Gumm.** **see** — **pfropf; — stein, m.** **see** Grüns-
stein; — **stich, n.** 1) mouth, orifice; mouth-

piece (of instruments); mouth, opening (of
a piece of ordnance); pipe-tip; 2) **Nav.** bit,
(hohles — **stich**) cannon-bit; 3) **see** — **wort;**

— **taffe, f.** favorite cup (for coffee, &c.); — **thell,**
m. allowance of provision, portion of victuals.

Mund'tödt, adj. (from Mund B) **Law,**

dead in law; Einen — **machen, Ag.** to subdue
one into silence; — **erklärung, f.** declaration
of civil death.

Mund'tisch, n. **see** Serviette.

Mund'ung, (u.) f. mouth (of a bottle,
river, of the stomach, &c.); ostiary; muzzle,
aperture; Anal. orifice; terminus (of a rail-
road); Bot. stoma, breathing pore; **in comp.**

Gumm-s. Mund'fries, m. muzzle mouldings;
Mund'fries, f. caliber; **Mund'fries, m.** **see** Mund-
pfropf.

Mund'..., in comp. — voll, m. mouthful; —

— **verrat, m.** provisions, food; — **wasser, m.** **Med.**
gargle, collutorium; — **weise, f.** Bot. privet
(Rheinweide); — **wein, m.** wine reserved for
one's own private use; — **wert, n. coll.** volubility
of tongue, coll. gift of the gab; — **wisst, m.**
corner of the mouth.

* **Mund'..., in comp. — wolle, f.** mungo-
wool, shoddy; — **wurzel, f.** Pharm. Indian
snake-root (*Ophiorhiza mungo*).

* **Mund'pfl', adj. (Lat.)** municipal. —
Municipalität, (u.) f. municipality.

* **Mundition, (u.) f. (Lat.)** munition,
ammunition; **in comp. — Mund'stufen, m.** ammu-
nition box or chest; **Mund'swagen, m.** 1) ammu-
nition wagon or cart; powder cart, caisson; 2)
Railw. tender.

Mund'fel', (u.) f. **see** Gemundfel.

Mund'felig, adj. coll. murky, foggy, cloudy.

Mund'eln, (u.) v. tr. coll. 1) to whisper
about; to mumble, mutter; 2) to look down-
ward; **in Mundeln ist gut —, darkness**
favours secret dealings.

Mund'fer, (str.) m. provinc. sneaker, spy.

Mund'ftr, (str.) n. & m. 1) †, monastery;
2) minster, cathedral-church.

Mund'fer, I. adj. 1) awake, vigilant, watch-
ful; 2) **Ag.** brisk, cheerful, blithe, lively,
sprightly, gay, vivacious, vigorous, jolly;
Jemanden — **erhalten, 1.** to keep one awake;
2. to keep up one's spirits; — **mit ein Biebel,**
anal. as merry as a lark; nur immer — **I sam.**
keep the game alive or going! II. **Mund'feit,**
(u.) f. 1) watchfulness, vigilance; 2) **Ag.**
briskness, liveliness, sprightliness, vivacity,
cheerfulness.

Mund'..., in comp. — abrad, m. ectype
of a medal; — **abfall, m.** **see** — **getrüb;** — **amt,**
n., — anstalt, f. mint-office, mint; — **arbeiter,**
m. minter, mint-man; — **ballsam, m.** Bot. **see**
Straußmünze; — beamte, m. officer of the
mint; — **beziehung, f. T.** the act of alloying
metals, alloyage; — **bezeichner, m.** coin-clip-
per; — **bezeichnung, f.** numismatography;
— **cabinet, n.** cabinet of medals, **see** — **famm-**
lung; — convention, f. convention regulating
the system of coinage; — **druckwerk, n.** coin-
ing-mill.

A. Mund'ge, (u.) f. (this spelling, which is of
high antiquity [corresponding forms: münze,
munze, being extant in MHG. & OHG.], has
supplanted the older Münze [MHG. minze,
OHG. minza], which is derived from M.Lat.
montha, menta, Gr. mintha, mintha) Bot. mint
(*Montha* L.).

B. Mund'ge, (u.) f. 1) coin, coinage, money;
small money, change; 2) mint; 3) med-
dal; geringhaltige —, base coin; **Mint.** billon;
falsche —, false coin; fingirt —, money of ac-
count; imaginary coin; mit gleicher — **beza-**
len, Ag. to repay or retaliate in kind.

Mund'gelsen, (str.) m. **see** Müngstempel.

Mund'gen, (u.) v. tr. 1) to mint (coin), to
stamp (money); **gemündet** **Geld, specie;** 2) **Ag.**
es auf (with Acc.) —, to aim at, to have a de-
sign upon; das war auf die Gemündt, that
was meant or intended for you.

Mund'gen..., in comp. — schneide, f. **see**
staur; — trüger, m. **Latth.** a species of frog-fish
(*Chironectes nummifer* L.). [minter.]

Mund'ger, (str.) m. colner, mint-man,

Musik, **Musikant**, *adj.* thick, pappy; *Musik*, *grumous, knotty* (tin, &c.).

* **Musik**, (*w.* *f.* (*Gr.*)) 1) music; in -
-schen, to set to music, to compose; 2) musical compositions; *in comp.* -bande, *f.* -corps, *m.* band of musicians; -chor, *m.* & *m.* chorus; -director, *m.* conductor of a musical band (*cf.* *Concertmeister*).

* **Musiker**, (*str.* *m.* musician; *die* - des Regimentes, the bandmen of the regiment.
* **Musik**..., *in comp.* -fest, *n.* musical festival; -freund, *m.* a lover of music; -lehrer, *m.* music-master; -lehrerin, *f.* music-mistress; -probe, *f.* musical rehearsal; -saal, *m.* music-room; -schule, *f.* *Conc.* music-school; -stunde, *f.* musical part; -stück, *n.* a piece of music; -stunde, *f.* lesson in music; -unterricht, *m.* instruction in music; -zimmer, *n.* see -saal.

* **Musikern**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (*L. Lat.*)) to ornament with mosaic work or with anything like it; *Epistelstern* -, to tabby the backs of cards. -**Musik**, *p. a.* 1) inlaid with small cubes of glass, marble, shells, wood, &c.; 2) *Typ.* ornamented or flourished (letter).

* **Musik**, **Musikant**, *adj.* see **Mosai**; -gold, *n.* mosaic gold, gold powder, gold bronze.

* **Musik**, (*str.* *m.* see **Mosai**).

Muskel *sc.*, see **Musculat** *sc.*
Muskel, (*str.* *sing.* *str.*, *pl.* *w.* *m.* & (*w.* *f.* *Anal.* muscle; *in comp.* -aufsteigung, *f.* muscular exertion; -bau, *m.* 1) *Anal.* construction of muscles; 2) *Point* muscling; -band, *m.* *Anal.* venter; -beschreibung, *f.* description of the muscles, myography; -bewegung, *f.* muscular motion; -faser, *f.* muscular fibre; -gewebe, *n.* muscular tissue; -haut, *f.* muscular membrane.

Muskelig, *adj.* muscular, musculous.
Muskel..., *in comp.* -kraft, *f.* muscular power; -lehre, *f.* myology; -schlebe, *f.* peristalsis; -schwäche, *adj.* having weak muscles; -schwäche, *f.* enervation of the muscles; -schwung, *m.* tail of a muscle; -stark, *adj.* having strong muscles, muscular; -stärke, *f.* muscular strength; -zerlegung, -zergerade, *f.* dissection of the muscles, myotomy; -zerreißung, *f.* rupture or dilaceration of the muscles.

* **Musket**, (*w.* *f.* (*Fr.*)) musket, gun, fowling (Stinte); **Muskettier**, *n.* fire of muskets or musketry; **Muskettier**, *f.* rest for a musket. [musketeer.

* **Musketier**, (*str.*, *pl.* *str.* or *str.* *m.* *m.*)
* **Musketier** (*pr.* -töner), (*str.*, *pl.* *str.* *m.* *m.*)
n. (*Fr.*)) musketeer, blunderbuss.

* **Musketier**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (*Fr.*)) to musk.

Musketier, (*str.* *m.* jam-lard.

* **Musketier** *sc.*, see **Musculat** *sc.*

* **Musketier**, (*str.* *m.* muslin. - **Musketier**, *adj.* (of) muslin.

Musketier, (*str.* *m.* *Mar.* space between the main bit and the foremost.

Musket, (*str.* *v.* *intr.* must; ought; to be obliged, forced, or compelled; to be to ...; er handelt wie er muß, he acts as he ought; *Eie* - wissen, you ought to know, I would have you know; *Eie* werden es thun -, you will have to do it; das muß erst noch kommen, that is yet to come; er mußte schon befehlen, he could not help confessing; es mußte sich putzen, das ... chance would have to so that ...; er mußte sterben, he was doomed to die; auch diesen letzten Sohn mußte ich verlieren, this last son too I was doomed to lose; muß man ihm erst noch sagen, das ...? does he require to be told that ...? was muß ich hören? (*in a tone of reproof*;) what is this that I hear? es thut mir leid sagen zu -, I am sorry (*id.* to be obliged) to say; als Professor muß er lehren, as a professor he is required to teach; sie mußte kein Weib gewesen sein, wenn sie hätte widerstehen können, it was not in woman to resist; wir - uns freuen, we cannot but rejoice; ich mußte lachen, I could not help laughing or refrain from laughing; wir mußten einen Führer haben, a guide was indispensable; er mußte zufrieden sein, he was fain to be content; er mußte gegen seine Überzeugung handeln, he was under a (the) necessity to act against his conviction; warum mußtest du den Mühsüßigen reizen? (*Schiller*) why wouldst thou irritate the monster? grabe ihn mußte ich treffen, whom should I meet but him; und ich mußte so fern sein! (*Schiller*) and I so far away! er muß wohl krank sein, I suppose he is ill; er muß wohl in Verlegenheit sein, he is most likely in difficulties; wer muß es nur gewesen sein? I wonder who it may have been? sie kommen gewiß, sie müßten denn ..., they are sure to come, unless they ... &c.; das muß euch nicht hindern, don't let that prevent you; noch muß ich bemerken, it is proper to observe, I take leave to remark; er muß immer janten, it is his nature ever to be quarrelling.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* *Anal.* sometimes supplies the place of a compound verb, *partic.* in conjunction with an adverb or adverbial phrase; *thus* hinein -, *hinaus* -, *hinunter* -, *for* hinein -, *hinaus* -, *hinunter* -, *musket* *ich* hinein (*i. e.* gehen) it is necessary for me to go in? muß er herein (*i. e.* kommen) must he come in? wir - nach Hause, we must be getting home; der Brief muß zur Post, the letter must be posted; ich muß fort, I must be off.

Musket, (*str.* *n.* 1) pattern; sample; model; *Maus*, design, figure; specimen, set form; 2) *fig.* standard; example, paragon; nach -, according to the sample, answering the pattern, on the authority of the samples; nach - verkaufen, to sell by sample; - offer Briefe vorlegen, to lay out all articles; ein velleis (ungehörigsteiles) -, fair or true sample; ein geschmecktes -, unfair or deceptive sample; nach - machen, to make to pattern; nach einem - arbeiten, to work by a (from) pattern or model; sich (*dat.*) ... zum - nehmen, to take an example of ...

Musket..., *in comp.* -band, *m.* 1) pattern-binding; 2) superior binding; -baum, *m.* tree or shrub in a garden-plot; -bild, *n.* paragon; model; type; ideal; -blech, *n.* T. sheet-iron made to pattern; -bret, *n.* T. frame-board; mould; -brief, *m.* see Briefmuster; -buch, *n.* 1) book (paper) of patterns, pattern or sample book; 2) formula; &c. standard-book. [small pattern, &c.]

Musket, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Musket*))

Musket, (*w.* *f.* standard-ell.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* pattern-maker.

Musket..., *in comp.* -form, *f.* type, standard form; -geist, *m.* original genius; -gültig, *adj.* serving as a pattern, standard.

Musket, (*str.* *adj.* exemplary; II. *str.* -ig, *adj.* *f.* exemplariness.

Musket..., *in comp.* -inspector, *m.* muster-master; -karte, *f.* paper of patterns, pattern-card; -kopf, *m.* see -geist.

Musket, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) a) to muster, review, view; to examine, inspect, to reconnoitre, survey; b) (mit dem Blicke -) to eye (from head to foot); 2) T. to figure; gemustertes Band, figured or fancy-ribbon; gemustertes Etouff, fancy-cloth; gemustert werden, to pass muster.

Musket..., *in comp.* -ordnung, *f.* *Hor.* arrangements of plants in a garden; -papier, *n.* Weav. design-paper, rule-paper, point-paper.

Musket, (*str.* *str.* *pl.* *str.* *m.* (*from* *Musket*)) place of review.

Musket..., *in comp.* -probe, *f.* pattern; -reisen, *m.* travelling for orders; -reiter, *m.* *Comes. joc.* travelling clerk, rider for orders, *anal.* bagman; -riff, *m.* *Build.* design in full size.

Musket, (*w.* *f.* (*from* *Musket*)) muster-roll, muster, band-roll.

Musket..., *in comp.* -schreiber, *m.* pattern-maker.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* (*from* *Musket*)) *Mil.* clerk of the muster-roll, muster-master, reporter of the review.

Musket..., *in comp.* -schrift, *f.* standard-work, classical writing; pattern, copy for writing; -schriftsteller, *m.* classical or standard writer or author; -schule, *f.* model school, normal school; -stüd, *m.* superior specimen, model, standard.

Musket, (*w.* *f.* muster, mustering, review; survey; inspection or examination; die - paßiren lassen, 1. to scrutinize; 2. or -halten, to pass muster; *str.* -tag, *m.* field day.

Musket..., *in comp.* -weber, *f.* fancy-weaving; -wert, *n.* see -schrift; -wirthschaft, *f.* *Agr.* model-farm; -wort, *m.* paradigm; -zeichner, *m.* -zeichnerin, *f.* pattern drawer, pattern-designer, draughtsman of patterns; -zeichnung, *f.* *Maus*, design.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* see -rolle.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* *Law.* widow's moiety.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* *Law.* widow's moiety.

Musket, (*str.* *pl.* *str.* *m.* jam or marmalade pot.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* pap, see **Mus**.

Musket, (*ind.* *n.* & *m.* necessity; es ist kein -, there is no must in the business.

Musket, (*w.* *f.* leisure, ease, spare-time, idle or vacant time, disengagedness; -haben, to be at leisure; mit -, at leisure, leisurely; *in comp.* -stunde, *f.* leisure-hour; -zeit, *f.* leisure-time.

Musket, (*str.* *adj.* see **Musket**.

Musket, (*str.* *adj.* idle; vain; at leisure (*adv.* leisurely); unbusied, unemployed, disengaged, free (from); eine m-e Stunde, a leisure-hour, spare-hour; m-e Gelder, m-e Capital, dormant, dead, or barren money, unapplied or unemployed capital; das Geld liegt -, the money is lying idle or fallow, is locked up; -geben, to idle, loiter.

* **Musket**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (*L. u.*)) see **Musket**.

Musket..., *in comp.* -gang, *m.* idleness, sloth, laziness; -gang ist aller Vorrat Anfang (*or* des Trufels Stube), idleness is the mother of all mischief, an idle head is the devil's workshop; -gänger, *m.* -gängerin, *f.* idler; lounge, loiterer; -gängerisch, *adj.* idle, idling.

Musket, (*w.* *f.* idleness.

* **Musket**, (*w.* *f.* (*Lat.*)) 1) see **Veränderung**; 2) see **Stimmwechsel**.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* crawfish in the state of casting its shell.

Musket, (*str.* *m.* 1) a) to, for, Gemüth, which see; b) mood, humour; trübsinn -, drunken mood; es ist mir zu -, I feel (as if, &c.); mir ist lächerlich, komisch zu M-e, I feel as if I should laugh, I feel droll; mir ist gar nicht lächerlich zu M-e, I am by no means in a laughing mood; es wurde mir wunderbar zu M-e, it was a strange sensation that came over me; mir ist ganz sonderbar zu M-e, I feel quite strange (*coll.* queer); ist (es) Ihnen jetzt besser zu M-e? do you feel better now? es ist mir viel besser zu M-e, I am in much better spirits; du weißt nicht wie einem Stranzen zu M-e ist, you do not know what it feels like to be ill; es ward mir dabei nicht wohl zu M-e, I felt rather curious or uncomfortable at it; 2) courage, mettle; heart, spirit, pluck, vigour; (Einem) - machen or einpredigen, -

beibringen, to encourage, inspire with or give courage, to bring into spirits; beppellen — macher, to give double heart; den — beuchmen, to discourage, dishearten; — fassen, to take heart (of grace) or courage, to pluck up one's spirit, to cheer up; den — fassen lassen, to lose heart or courage; guits *W-s* sein, to be of good cheer; to be in good heart; ihm fiel der —, his heart failed him; nur nicht den — verlieren! keep up your spirits; *fam.* never say die! keep the game alive or going!

Mut's ..., *in comp.* — arm, *adj.* see *Mut's* — los; — seßel, *adj.* courageous.

Mut's chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Mut's*) [ein — an *Einem* führen, to wreak one's anger upon one, to glut one's revenge.

Mut's che, (*w.*) *f.* suit, demand (of a journeyman to his guild to be admitted as a master); die — verriichten, to sue for that admission.

Mut's chen, (*w.*) *n.* I. *str.* (*aux.* [ein] to have a mind, to be inclined; wohl gemut'set sein, to be cheerful; um eine Grube —, to sue for the permission of working a mine; II. *tr.* (I. *w.*) to demand, sue for.

Mut's tig, I. *adj.* courageous, spirited, mettlesome; II. *tr.* — feit, (*w.*) *f.* courageousness, mettlesomeness.

Mut's los, I. *adj.* without courage, out of spirit, spiritless, discouraged, disheartened, dejected, desponding; — macher, to discourage, &c.; II. *tr.* — fegret, (*w.*) *f.* want of courage, discouragement, dejection, despondency.

Mut's mager, (*w.* & *insep.*) *v.* *tr.* to guess, presume, conjecture, to have (some) guess of (*cf.* *Bermut'n*, *Wohnen*).

Mut's mager, (*str.*) *m.* guesser, conjec-

Mut's mäßig, I. *adj.* presumable, putative, conjecturable, conjectural, presumptive (hair, &c.); probable; *Comm.* colourable; *m-e* Berechnung, rough calculation; *der m-e* Rechnungsentwurf, simulated account; II. *tr.* — feit, (*w.*) *f.* conjecturality; probability.

Mut's mähung, (*w.*) *f.* conjecture, guess, supposition, surmise.

Mut's mähung, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* certificate of permission to work a mine.

Mut's tzung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Mut's*; 2) *Min.* prospect, prospecting.

Mut's toll, *adj.* full of courage, courageous. *Mut's* willie (*Mut's* willen), (*str.*) *m.* 1) pertness, playfulness, sportiveness; petulance, wantonness; waggy, looseness; 2) piece of roguery, prank; 3) roguish person, rogue, wag; *aus* —, in wanton sport, (only) for wantonness. — *Mut's* willig, I. *adj.* 1) pert, playful, wanton, waggy, roguish, arch, petulant, loose, buxom; 2) malicious, naughty; II. *adv.* 1) pertly, &c.; 2) maliciously; wilfully, designedly, on purpose; III. *tr.* — feit, (*w.*) *f.* see *Mut's* willie.

Mut's gettel, (*str.*) *m.* see *Mut's* schein. A. *Mut's* ter, (*str.*, *pl.* *Mut's* ter) *f.* T. mother, sediment in wine, vinegar or other liquids.

B. *Mut's* ter, *s.* I. (*str.*, *pl.* *Mut's* ter) *f.* 1) mother; matron; 2) *Med.* (Gebär-) matrix, womb; 3) (*w.*) socket, box (of a screw), female screw; nut (of a press); 4) *Min.* gang, matrix; 5) *Typ.* matrix; 6) T. catch-book (of a locket); *fig* — führen, to fool (one's) self with child; — werden, to become a mother; II. *in comp.* — bälz, *m.* *Pharm.* antihysterical balm; — band, *m.* *Anat.* ligament of the womb; — Baum, *m.* *Forst.* stander, tree left in a wood for seed; — Bein, *m.* knuckle-bone on the hind-leg of beasts; — be-schwerde, — be-schwerung, *f.* mother-fit, hysterical passion, hysteria; — Bett, *m.* see *Kindbett*; — Biene, *f.* *Bees.* queen-bee; — Birte, *f.* common birch-tree; — Blätter, *m.* *pl.* see *Ecnemoblätter*; — Blies, *m.* T. burr, rivet-plate; — Blume, *f.* 1) *gem.* seed-flower; 2) *pasque*-flower (*Rhynchogloss*); 3) milk-wort (*Stragulum*); — Boden, *m.* native

soil; — Bruch, *m.* *Surg.* hysterocoele, full of the matrix; — Bruder, *m.* mother's brother, maternal uncle; — Brust, *f.*, — Brust, *m.* maternal breast; — Camille, *f.* *Bot.* feverfew (— *frant*, 1).

Mut's terchen, *Mut's* terchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Mut's* ter) 1) fond, dear mother; 2) matron, old woman; grandam.

Mut's ter ..., *in comp.* — Brüse, *f.* *Anat.* cotyledon; — cifen, *n.* T. screw tool; — cigit, *n.* *Med.* antihysterical elixir; — ende, *n.* *Anat.* extremity of the matrix; — erbe, *f.* 1) native soil; 2) * earth; 3) T. a) garden-earth; b) nitrous earth; — cfig, *m.* antihysterical vinegar; — etablisement, *n.* see — haus; — gilet, *n.* *Med.* puerperal fever, *cf.* *Kindbett*; — Heide, *m.* see — mahl; — Hüh, *m.* *Med.* a) see — blutflus; b) leucorrhoea, the whites; — fridma'sche, *f.* T. nut-shaping machine; — freude, *f.* maternal joy; — fällen, *m.* ally-foal; — gang, *m.* see — fchide; — gerste, *f.* see *Gerstenmutter*; — ge-schäft, *f.* parent-society; — getrin, *n.* *Min.* matrix, gang; — ge-schäft, *m.* moon-calf, excrecence in the womb; — ge-würze, *f.* *Pharm.* (mother-)clove; — gilet, *f.* *Med.* hysteria; — gette-wild, *n.* image of the Holy Virgin; — grimmer, *n.* *Med.* iliac passion; — grab, *m.* see — ende; — gummi, *m.* galbanum; — gut, *n.* property on the mother's side; maternal inheritance or estate; — heit, *adj.* motherly; — heit, *m.* *Anat.* neck of the womb, see — fchide; — heiter, *m.* see — frung; — hammer, *m.* T. nut-hammer; — händing, *f.* see — haus; — hüring, *m.* *Ichth.* shad, mother of herrings (*Clupea alosa* L.); — hür, *m.* see — gummi; — hufe, *m.* doe-hare, female-hare; — haus, *n.* *Comm.* principal house; *hier ist des* Etromes — haus (*Uhlend*), *fig.* here has the flowing torrent birth (*Baskov*); — hür, *m.* *fig.* a mother's heart; — hür, *m.* *Bot.* sy-boney suckle (*Sedentifische*); — hür, *n.* see — ende; — hür, *m.* *Med.* hysterical cough; — hür, *m.* 1) female calf; 2) see *Wendfals*; — hür, *m.* 1) female calf; 2) see *Wendfals*; — hür, *m.* 1) pet child; 2) see — teile; — hür, *f.* mother-church, principal parish church; — hür, *f.* *Med.* hysteria passion; — hür, *n.* blighted corn, ergot, *epur* (*Sclerotium clavus* Fr.); — hür, *f.* *Med.* ergotism; — hür, *m.* spasm of the matrix; — hür, *f.* see — be-schwerde; — hür, *m.* *Surg.* pessary; — hür, *n.* *Bot.* 1) feverfew (*Chrysanthemum parthenium* Pers.); 2) common balm (*Wickel*); 3) wild rosemary (*Wickel*); 4) lady's mantle (*Steuermantel*, 3); 5) mountain tobacco (*Wickel*); 6) motherwort (*Leonurus cardiaca* L.); — hür, *m.* *Med.* cancer of the womb; — hür, *m.* 1) *Anat.* placenta, after-birth; 2) *Bot.* receptacle of fructification (of plants); — laum, *m.* ewe-lamb, maiden-ewe; — laum, *m.* parent-country; — laum, *f.* *Chem.* mother-lye, mother-liquor, mother-water; — laum, *m.* womb; *den* — laum an, from one's birth.

Mut's terlein, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc.* &) * for *Mut's* terchen. *Mut's* terlich, I. *adj.* 1) motherly, maternal, motherlike; 2) on the mother's side; *Bruder* *den m-er* *Ecit*, *Law*, brother from the same venter; II. *tr.* — feit, (*w.*) *f.* motherliness. *Mut's* terliche, (*w.*) *f.* mother's love, maternal love. *Mut's* terlich, I. *adj.* motherless; II. *tr.* — fegret, (*w.*) *f.* the (state of) being motherless. *Mut's* ter ..., *in comp.* — maal, *m.* mole, mother spot; — maal, *n.* standard, gauge, gauging-rod; — maffe, *f.* *Anat.* matrix; — meißel, *m.* see — frung; — menig, *m.* *col.* man; — milch, *f.* milk of a mother, suck; *etwas mit* *der* — milch einfangen, to imbibe from the earliest infancy; — merb, — mürber, *m.*, — mürberin, *f.* matricide; — mund, *m.* *Anat.* mouth of the womb.

* *Mut's* ter, (*indad.*) *f.* *provinc.* Alpine baldness (*Moos mollis* Gärtn.).

Mut's ter, (*w.*) *n.* (*str.* & *ref.* to take after the mother.

Mut's ter ..., *in comp.* — uet, *adj.* only, stark-naked; — uet, *f.* mother-clove; — uet, *f.* cell containing the eggs of the queen-bee; — uet, *m.* *pl.* *col.* money from a mother, spare-money; — uet, *n.* mare; — uet, *f.* mother plant; — uet, *n.* hysterical plaster; — uet, *f.* mother's or maternal duty; — uet, *f.* 1) anxiety of a mother; 2) see — be-schwerde; — ring, *m.* see — frung; — uet, *m.* *pl.* *Comm.* pipes (of a gun); — uet, *n.* sheep that has lambed, ewe. [tenity.]

Mut's ter-schaft, (*m.*) *f.* motherhood, ma-

Mut's ter ..., *in comp.* — fchide, *f.* *Anat.* vagina, womb-pipe, sheath of the womb; — fchide, *m.* nut-screw driver; — fchide, *m.* 1) a mother's pang; 2) *Med.* hysteria; — fchide, *m.* see *Seifer-schide*; — fchide, *m.* 1) mother's lap; 2) *fig.* tender care; — fchide, *f.* female screw; — fchide, *n.* *see* — fchide; — fchide, *f.* mother's sister, aunt; — fchide, *m.* hysterical vapours; — fchide, *f.* *fig.* living soul, human being; — fchide, *adj.* quite alone, lonely; — fchide, *n.* *Comm.* mother's lad, home-child, fondling, milk-sop, nursing; — fchide, *f.* see — laum; — fchide, *f.* motherly or maternal care; — fchide, *n.* *Anat.* dilator of the matrix; — fchide, *f.* 1) mother tongue, vernacular (tongue), native language; 2) original or parent language; — fchide, *f.* *Surg.* injecting syringe, mother funnel; — fchide, *m.* parent-state or country (in opposition to its colonies); — fchide, *f.* 1) native town; 2) metropolis (in its proper sense, in its relation to colonial towns); — fchide, *m.* parent-stock; — fchide, *m.* mother-hood, maternity; — fchide, *f.* see — be-schwerde; — fchide, *n.* hysteria; — fchide, *f.* place of a mother; — fchide, *m.* bee-hive kept for breeding; — fchide, *f.* see — be-schwerde; — fchide, *n.* maternal inheritance from the mother; — fchide, *n.* female animal kept for brood; — fchide, *f.* *pl.* *Anat.* oviduct, fallopian tubes; — fchide, *n.*, — wiste, *f.* *Bot.* Julian flower, stock-gillflower, dame's violet (*Heperia matronalis* L.); — fchide, *m.* *Surg.* prolapsus of the uterus, hysterocoele; — wister, *n.* antihysterical water; — wister, *f.* *Med.* hysterical dropsy; — wister, *n.* see — be-schwerde; — wister, *m.* antihysterical wine; — wister, *m.* mother-wit, common sense; — wister, *f.* *Bot.* 1) spiknal (*Moos alchemilla* Jacq.); 2) mountain arnica (*Wobler*); 3) garden-angelica; — wister, *f.* uterine madness or fury, womb fury, fury of the womb, nymphomania; — wister, *n.* *Surg.* nasal, pessary; — wister, *n.* see — maal; — wister, *f.* see — pfeife; — wister, *m.* see — fchide; — wister, *m.* base cinnamon, cassia; — wister, *m.* hysterical fit. *Mut's*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) anything mutilated or under the normal size (animals, &c.) clipped or docked; stumpy thing or person, stump; 2) jerk, doublet; 3) name given to the bear; 4) *fig.* blockhead. *Mut's* chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Mut's*) 1) little cap, little bonnet; 2) see *Mut's* ter, 1. *Mut's*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cap, bonnet; 2) *Bot.* veil, calypso; 3) *Bot.* see *Haube*; 4) head or froth of a glass of beer. *Mut's* chen, (*w.*) *v.* *tr.* *provinc.* 1) to crop, dock (animals), to lop; 2) see *Mut's* chen. *Mut's* chen ..., *in comp.* — be-schide, *n.* see — fchide; — fchide, *adj.* cap-shaped; *Bot.* mitriform; — fchide, *m.* cap-seller; — fchide, *m.* cap-maker; — fchide, *m.* capbride; — fchide, *n.*, — fchide, *m.* (front) shade of a cap; — fchide, *f.* cap-stay. [stumpy.] *Mut's* chen, *adj.* mutilated; short; under-sized. *Mut's* ..., *in comp.* — eß, *n.* cropped ear; — fchide, *m.* bob-tail.

* **Myrica**'de, (w. f.) (Gr.) myrad.
 * **Myrrhine**'ae, (w. f.) (Gr.) myrridon.
 * **Myrrhe**'e, (w. f.) (Gr.) myrrh; — in Ger-
 man, myrrh in sorts; — in Europe, myrrh in
 tears; — agamum, m. myrrh-gum; — Myr-
 bel, m. sweet cherwill (*Myrica odorata* L.)
 — frant, m. alexanders; — Myrtling, m. wild
 cherwill (*Okerophyllum alnaceum* L.); — Reim,
 m. Minor. myrrhite. [*thus commensalis* L.)
 * **Myrt**'e, (w. f.) (Gr.) Bot. myrtle (*Myr-*
ta)
 * **Myrt**'en ..., in comp. — artig, adj. like
 myrtle; — Baum, m. myrtle-tree; — Beer, f.
 myrtle-berry; — born, m. holly; — Frutig, adj.
 myrtiform; — Heide, f. Dutch myrtle (*Myr-*
tilus); — Kranz, m. myrtle-wreath, myrtle-crown;
 — Land, f., — wald, m. myrtle-grove; — Wachs,
 n. myrtle-wax; — weig, m. myrtle-branch.
 * **Myrtine**'um, m. (Gr.) (str., pl. [*Myr-*
tiline]) mystery: 1) a (profound) secret;
 2) a religious play (a kind of rude drama of
 the middle ages).
 * **Myrtische**'wand, (pl. [*Myr*-'men] (Gr.)
 m. mysticism. — **Myrtische**'wand, (w. v. str.
 to mystify. — **Myrtisch**, (w. f.) mysterious doctrine,
 mysticism. — **Myrtisch**, (adv.) m. mystic. —
Myrtisch, adj. mystical; adv. mystically.
 * **Myrtich**, (w. f.) (Gr.) fable, myth (my-
 theos). — **Myrtich**, adj. mythical. — **Myrtich**-
 leig, (w. m.) m. mythologist. — **Myrtich**leig'e,
 (w. f.) f. mythology. — **Myrtich**leig'ig, adj.
 mythological.

R.

**N, n, n. N, n, the fourteenth letter and
eleventh consonant of the alphabet.**

N., abbrev. for nach, neu, after, new; **N.** for Name, Norden, name, North; **Nr.** for Nr. *** (Mr. So-and-so, Mr. such-a-one); **N. u. N.** for nach Norden, according to others; **N^o.** for neue Zwirbelleiste, new linen-piece; **N. N.** for neue Ausgabe, new edition; nämli. for nämlich, namely, to wit; nat., natürl. for natürlich, natural, nature; **Naturg.** for Naturgeschichte, natural history; **N. Amer.** for Nord-America, North-America; **NB.** for *Nota bene* (Lat.), in which, well-merited, mark well, Nam.; **N. P.**, a Dr. for nördliche Breite, northern latitude; **N.-Nr.**, **Nr.** for Nummer, number; **N. C.**, **NC** for *numero conto* or *conto numero* (Ital.), unsere Rechnung, our account; **Ngr.** for Reu-Gründen, new grounds; **RE.** for Wieder-Eaufl., Lower Lusatia; **N. M.** for *nova moneta* (Lat.), neue Präge, new coin; **N. N.** for *nomina nescio* (Lat.), der Name ist mir nicht bekannt, I do not know the name (*f. i.* Herr N. N., Mr. **, or Mr. -); **No.** for netto, Nummer, neat, neat, number; **N.-Pfd.** for Netto-Pfund, neat pound; **Nov.**, **Robb.** for November, November; **N. P.** for *notarius publicus* (Lat.), öffentlicher (verordneter) Notar, notary public; **Npf.** for Reu-Pfennig, new fanning; **Nr.**, **Nro.** for Nummer, number, Prod. for Nummern, numbers; **N. E.** for Nachschrift, postscript; **n. St.** for neues Stils, new style; **N. T.**, **n. Test.** for neues Testament, new Testament; **no.**, **Ntto.** for netto, neat, not; **Num.**, **Numism.** for Numismatist, numismatist.

Run! *interj. coll. abbr. of Run, well! how now! — nu! there now! what next!*

92, adv. vulg. no (Rec).

Ra'be, (w.) f. (wheel) nave, Am. hub.
Ra'bel, s. l. (*str.* pl. *Ra'bel & Ra'bel*) m.
 1) *navel*; *Anat.* umbilic; 2) *Herold.* nombril;
 3) *Archi.* bees, key-stone; 4) *Math.* umbilical point, focus (of a curved line); 5) *Bot.*
 a) eye, point, scar, speck (of a seed); b) centre (of a mushroom or toad-stool), umbo; II. *in*

comp. —*anfang*, *m.* *Bot.* strophile, caruncle; —*arterie*, *f.* *see* —*blutlager*; —*binde*, *f.* *Surg.* umbilical band; —*drüsen*, *f.* *Anat.* umbilical vein; —*Swrg.* —*blutstrich*, *m.* rupture of the navel with hæmorrhage, hæmatomphalos; —*blutung*, *f.* *emphalic* hæmorrhage; —*bruch*, *m.* umbilical rupture or hernia, omphalocele; —*bruchband*, *n.* truss used in the case of umbilical rupture; —*bol.* —*steife*, *f.* a species of lichen (*Umbilicaria* Hoffm.); —*fed.*, *m.* chazala, chalazæ; —*swrg.* —*reizgebruch*, *m.* sarcophphale, sarcophalcolele, enteromphalus; —*reizgebruch*, *m.* sarcophomphalos; —*fürmige*, *adj.* navel-like, umbilical; —*gefäße*, *n. pl.* *Anat.* umbilical vessels; —*gegenb.*, *f.* umbilical region; —*gechwulst*, *m.* umbilical tumour; —*grund*, *m.* *Bot.* omphalode.

Na'belig, *adj.* having a navel; *Bot.* umbilicate(d), bilated; (*l. n.*) bossy.

Re'bel ..., in comp. — fusten, m. umbilical knot; — frant, m. Bot. 1) or — pfänge, f. navelwort (*Cotyledon* L.); 2) or — reibbrd, m. see Frauennabel; 3) round-leaved hare's ear (*Dupleurum rotundifolium* L.); 4) red geranium (*Geranium sanguineum* L.).

Ra'bellis, *adj.* Bot. having no hilum.
Ra'beln, (*v.* *tr.*) 1) to provide with a boss or nomenclature; 2) *Surg.* ein Rind —, to bind down the navel of an infant.

Wabel, in comp. — [*Wagabater*, *f. Anat.*
 umbilical artery; — [*Wandte*, *f. Comch.* a uni-
 valvular shell (*Natica canova* L.); — [*Wand*,
f. — *Wang*, *m.* navel-string, umbilical cord;
Wang — [*Wandburch*] (*Wutt*, *m.* omphalotomy;
 — [*Wandfcher*, *f.* umbilical scissors; — [*Wand*,
m. *see* *Wandfcher*]; — [*Welle*, *f.* *Herold*, no-
 tibril (of an scutecheon); — [*Welfen*, *m.* *Bot.*
rhaphe; — [*Wene*, *f. Anat.* umbilical vein; —
 — [*Werg*, *f. Bot.* caruncle; *Werg* — [*Wesser*,
Werg, *m.* hydromphalon; — [*Widburch*, *m.*
 pneumatophale; — [*Widfchen*, *m.* *Bot.* chala-
 strophile; — [*Wurm*, *m.* umbilical worm;
 — [*Wurg*, *f.* *see* *Wutnurg*.

Räben, (n.) *v. tr.* to provide with a nave.
Räben . . . in comp. —**Räbn**, *n. acc* —ring;
böhrer, *m.* auger (for boring nave-holes),
nave-borer; —**büxse**, *f.* nave-box, wheel-box,
bush; —**förmig**, *adj.* nave-shaped; —**geiß**, *n.*
wheel-spoke; —**holz**, *n.* nave-wood; —**kappe**, *f.*
wheel-cap; —**loch**, *n.* nave-hole, hollow of
the nave; —**ring**, *m.* nave-ring, nave-hoop.
Räber, **Rä'ber**, (*adv.*) *m. T. see* Raben-
böhrer.

NACH [*in some (particularly the Northern) parts of Germany: nâch*], *prep.* with *Dat.* (sometimes placed behind the word it governs) after; to, for, towards; at, by, of, in, upon; according to, conformably to; — *Ankunft, after arrival*; — *der Stadt zu, towards the town*; — *der See zu, sea-ward*; — *Haufe, towards home*; *home*; — *Frankreich, — Paris* *rewards, to go to France, to Paris*; *er ist — Paris, he has gone to Paris*; *die Hûnd — Aegypten, the flight into Egypt*; — *China segeln, to sail for China*; — *allen Richtungen (gegenwärtig u.), (to) disperse, to* in all directions; — *etwas gehn or schicken, to go or send for ...*; — *der Reihe or der Reihe —, in (due) course, by turns, of* *Kadefinanter below*; — *dem was ich gehört habe, by or from what I have heard*; — *der Thür sehen, to look towards the door*; *er nannte das Kind — seinem Oheim, he called the child after his uncle*; — *Süden kommen, schicken, to come, send South*; *Einem — dem Andern, one by one, every one in his course*; *der Mond wirft — der Sonne das nächste Licht auf die Erde, the moon throws, next to the sun, the strongest light upon the earth*; *zehn Minuten — vier, ten minutes past four*; *im Jahre — Christi Geburt, in the year of our Lord*; — *zwei oder drei Jahrhunderten, some two or three centuries hence*; *gleich —*

meiner Rückkunft, immediately after or upon my return; am vierten Tage — seiner Ankunft, on the fourth day from his arrival; — Empfang, Comm., &c. when received (of payment); — der Natur, (drawn, &c.) from nature; — dem Leben darstellend, to represent to the life: — einer Person schriftlich schreiben, to write after a copy; — Gedanken, — Gedächtnisse, from memory; kann er — Notizen finden? can he bring from notes? — welcher Melodie werden wir es singen? to what tune shall we sing it? — einer Melodie marschiren, to march to a tune; — seiner eigenen Art, after his own manner; — dem Gewicht, by the weight; wird dies — dem Gewicht ober — dem Maße verkauft? is this sold both by weight or by measure? es ist leicht — meiner Lhr, it is six by my watch; er ist seinem Gewanderte — ein Schneider, he is by trade a tailor; sie waren nicht — Namen und Stand fremd, they were strangers to me in name and condition; seine Freundschaft für mich besteht nur dem Namen —, his friendship for me exists in name only; — den Gesetzen der Natur, after, up to, in conformity, or in accordance with the laws of nature; — meiner Meinung, in my opinion; Ihrem Besitze —, in conformity with (agreeably to) your commands; — seinen Grundfäßen, upon his principles; — Grundfäßen handeln, to act upon principles; — denselben Plane, upon the same plan; — meinem Geschmacke, to my liking or taste; — meinem Sinne, — mir, in or to my mind; es ist nicht — meinem Sinne, it is not to my liking.

II. adv. behind, after; hinten —, afterwards, after; *fo-s.* — mic vor, now as ever, still, all the same; — und —, by little and little, in the course of time, by degrees, gradually, progressively; mir —! follow me!

अनुसन्धेयते, (w.) v. intr. (with Dat.) to observe, obey, to act according to.

Rück'sichtung, (w.) *f.* observance, observation; zu Ihrer —, *Comm.* for your guidance or government.

Ṛach'āffen, (*m.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (citras or
 Cinem) to ape, mimic. — **Ṛach'āffer**, (*str.*)
m. servile imitator, mimic. — **Ṛach'āffung**,
Ṛach'āfferei', (*v.*) *f.* servile imitation, aping,
 mimicking, mimicry.

Nachahmber, *adj.* imitable.
Nachahmen, (*v.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* (Einen or etwas, Einen in einem etwas) to imitate, copy; to counterfeit; *n.*, *p. a.* imitative; nachgehm, *p. a.* *Archit.* feigned, counterfeited, dissembling; ein täuschend nachgeahmtes Gemälde, a picture deceptively imitative; nachgeahmte Edelsteine, imitation precious stones; *cf.* Imitat. — **Nachahmenswürth**, *adj.* worthy of imitation. — **Nachahmer**, (*scr.*) *m.* imitator, &c. — **Nachahmerei**, (*v.*) *f. conf.* servile imitation, desire of imitating, mimicry. — **Nachahmung**, *adj.* imitable. — **Nachahmung**, (*v.*) *f.* imitation, copy; als — (*with Gen.*), in imitation (*of*).

Rād'ahmunnagē..., in comp. —gābē, *f.*
imitative gift or faculty: —[nāht, —wunh, *f.*
rage of imitation; —trīb, *m.* imitative in-
stinct, impulse.

Städh'ähen, (w.) v. intr. Einem —, to glean after another person.

ᑭᓂᐱ'apostolic, *adj.* post-apostolic.
ᑭᓂᐱ'arbeit, (*w.*) *f.* after-work, second operation; 2) extra-work; 3) copy.

Nacharbeiten, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to work after or from; to copy (patterns): 2) to immove; 3) *see* Nachholen, 2; II. *intr.* 1) to work after, later; 2) *Sport.* to follow (der Fährte [*Dat.*], the scent).

३३५'arten, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein, with
 Dat.) to take after, to resemble. — ३३५'-
 artung, (w.) f. a taking after, resembling.
 ३३५'bar, (n.; Gen. sing. gener. str.: R-s)

m. neighbour; *in comp.* — *Heuß*, m. neighbourly office; — *Heuß*, m. next-door house.
Mac'berin, (w.) f. (female) neighbour.
Mac'berlanb, (str.) n. neighbouring or border land or country.

Mac'berlich, I. adj. & adv. neighbourly; II. *Mac*'berlich, (w.) f. neighbourliness.

Mac'berrecht, (str.) n. privileges of a village-community.

Mac'berrecht, (w.) f. 1) neighbourhood, vicinity; 2) neighbours collectively; gut — halten, to live on neighbourly terms, to conciliate and accommodate one's neighbours; — *Mac*'berrechtlich, adj. relating to the neighbourhood.

Mac'berreute, pl. neighbours.

Mac'berstamm, (str.) m. neighbour.

Mac'ber... *in comp.* — *Maat*, m. neighbouring state; — *Maat*, f. neighbouring town; — *weg*, m. 1) way or path intended only for the use of neighbours; 2) *see* *Heidweg*.

Mac'berstern, (irr.) v. *tr.* to consider after the event (i. e. too late); *Mac*'berstern, p. a. considered after the deed, reflected on too late; *vergethen und Mac*'berstern, hat Maanden in groß Eile gebracht, proverb, do a thing in haste and repent of it at leisure.

Mac'berstingen, (str.) v. *tr.* to stipulate; subsequently.

Mac'beigen, (w.) v. *tr.* T. to re-dye.

Mac'bellen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to bark after; 2) to imitate the barking.

Mac'berg, (str.) m. *Minor*. 1) copperous schist; 2) schistous clay (*Tab.*).

Mac'bericht, (str.) m. after-intelligence, after report.

Mac'berichtigung, (w.) f. 1) *Metall*. second disposition of the furnace; 2) *Found.* additional alloy (*Tab.*).

Mac'bessern, (w.) v. *tr.* to make (or try) additional improvements; to patch up.

Mac'besserung, (w.) f. (after-) improvement, additional amendment.

Mac'bitten, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to pray after; II. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) *cont.* to echo another's sentiments; *Einem blind —*, *Ag.* to follow blindly in one's wake. — *Mac*'bitter, (str.) m. *cont.* repeater of what another says, sordid follower, echo. — *Mac*'bittung, *Mac*'bitterel, (w.) f. the (act or practice of) repeating after another, echoing, &c.

Mac'besselmächtigen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to grant (one) an additional power of attorney; 2) to grant the power of substituting another attorney; *der Mac*'besselmächtigte, a substituted attorney.

Mac'beweis, (str.) m. after-proof. [I. 2.]

Mac'begehren, (w.) v. *tr.* *see* *Mac*'begehren.

Mac'bier, (str.) m. small beer, *see* *Rohent*.

Mac'bieten, (str.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to make a subsequent bid.

Mac'bild, (str., pl. *Mac*'er) m. 1) mimic image; copy; counterfeit; 2) *Physiol.* after-image.

Mac'bilden, (w.) v. *tr.* to copy, imitate.

Mac'bildner, (str.) m. imitator.

Mac'bildung, (w.) f. the (act of) copying, counterfeiting; imitation; copy; fac-simile.

Mac'bitten, (str.) v. *tr.* to invite afterwards.

Mac'bittern, (w.) v. *intr.* to search for a passage (in a book).

Mac'bilden, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*)

1) to be left behind; to lag (behind), to linger; to survive; (with *Dat.*) *see* *Mac*'bilden (hinter); 2) *see* *Mac*'bilden; u-b, *chem.* residuary.

Mac'bleiben, (str.) v. *intr.* remains, leaving.

Mac'bleiben, (w.) v. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) to look after (one).

Mac'bohren, (w.) v. *tr.* to bore after, again; to follow up with a boring motion; u-b *bis an's Best den Stahl (Schiller)*, up to the hilt plunging the sword.

Mac'bohren, (str.) m. *see* *Rabet*.

Mac'börse, (w.) f. after change.

Mac'brechen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to break after, further; 2) *Min.* to follow (breaking).

Mac'brechen, (irr.) v. *intr.* T. to hang fire, linger in firing.

Mac'bringen, (irr.) v. *tr.* 1) to bring after, carry after; 2) *see* *Mac*'holen, 2.

Mac'brunf, (w.) f. Sport. after-rut.

Mac'brunf, (str., pl. *Mac*'brünfe) f. brisaket.

Mac'brüt, (w.) f. 1) second incubation; 2) second brood.

Mac'bürge, *see* *Mac*'bürge.

Mac'bürgschaft, *see* *Mac*'bürgschaft.

Mac'bürste, (w.) f. T. finishing brush.

Mac'büß, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to atone for later or at last.

Mac'büßen, (w.) v. *tr.* to postdate. — *Mac*'büßung, (w.) f. a postdating, postdate.

Mac'büß, I. adv. afterwards, after that, hereafter; II. *conj.* 1) after, when; 2) *see* *Mac*'büßen (Str. 1).

Mac'büßen, (irr.) v. *intr.* 1) *cinem* *Andern* —, to follow up another's thoughts; 2) *see* *Mac*'büßen; 3) to meditate, reflect, ponder, ruminate, muse (über *with Acc.*), on, upon, einer Sache (*Dat.*) or über eine Sache —, to consider, weigh, to think (of, over a question, &c.); *bei ein Blöden nach*, try and think.

Mac'büßen, (str.) n. reflexion, meditation (über *with Acc.*), on, upon, &c.), consideration, thinking, thought; study; *bei reiflichem —*, on further or second thoughts; *gum — erzeugen*, to set thinking.

Mac'büßlich, adj. 1) or *Mac*'büßsam, reflecting, &c., meditative, thoughtful; 2) requiring reflection; u-b *Wohn*, habit of thoughtfulness.

Mac'büßten, (w.) v. *tr.* (cinem times) to imitate, copy the style of poetry of ...

Mac'bunnen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to thunder after; II. *tr.* to send thundering after.

Mac'brängen, (w.) v. *tr.* *refl.* & *intr.* to press, crowd after (others).

Mac'bringen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*, with *Dat.*) to press after, in; to pursue hotly.

Mac'brängen, (w.) v. *intr.* to reverberate; *bei —*, (str.) v. a reverberation.

Mac'brunf, (str., pl. *Mac*'brünfe) m. 1) a) after-pressure; wine of the second press; b) inferior wine; 2) *Ag.* energy, emphasis, stress, expressiveness; — *anf etwas (Acc.)* legen, to lay stress upon a thing; to emphasize (a word); — *geben (with Dat.)*, to further, promote; to back; to carry weight; *mit großem —* *berlegen*, to set forth with great energy of language or in the strongest terms.

3) a) pirated impression or edition, fraudulent impression, counterfeited edition or copy; b) piracy (of literary works); 4) *see* *Mac*'brunf, 3.; 5) Sport. the ruminating of red-deer.

Mac'brunf, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to counterfeit, pirate (a book).

Mac'brunf, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to press a second time; to apply after-pressure; 2) *Ag.* to urge, push, make effort.

Mac'brunf, (str.) m. *Ag.* pirate of books, piratical printer, counterfeit.

Mac'brunf, I. or *Mac*'brunf, adj. energetic(al), emphatic, impressive; expressive, express (order, &c.), strong, forcible; heavy, ponderous (blow); II. *Mac*'brunf, (w.) f. energy, emphaticness; forcibleness.

Mac'brunf, (str., pl. *Mac*'brünfe) m. 1) later or second thrashing; 2) oorn obtained by it.

Mac'brunf, (w.) v. *intr.* to grow darker after a certain time, to assume a darker shade, to darken. [hard drinking.]

Mac'brunf, (str.) m. thirist consequent on *Mac*'brunf, (str.) m. emulation. — *Mac*'brunf,

efficer, (str.) m. emulator. — *Mac*'efficer, (w.) v. *intr.* (cinem) to emulate; u-b, p. a. emulous, emulative (of). — *Mac*'efficerung, (w.) f. emulation.

Mac'ellen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*, with *Dat.*) to haste or run after.

Mac'einander, adv. one after another, by turns, successively; — *folgend*, adj. successive. [conception, superposition.]

Mac'empfindung, (str.) f. Med. super-

Mac'empfinden, (str.) v. *tr.* to feel, experience after.

Mac'en, (str.) m. (small) boat, craft, skiff, bark; — *förmig*, adj. Bot. navicular, cymbiform; — *Häret*, m. ferryman; — *front*, n. Bot. cymbaria (*Oymbaria*).

Mac'erben, (w.) m. second hair, after-hair, residuary legatee.

Mac'erben, (w.) v. *intr.* to inherit after another; to inherit by surrogation.

Mac'erben, (str.) v. *tr.* to invent what another had already invented.

Mac'erbsen, (str.) v. *tr.* to receive later or in succession.

Mac'erbsen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to remind or admonish afterwards or a second time; II. *refl.* to remember afterwards.

Mac'erbsen, (w.) f. 1) lasting or subsequent remembrance; 2) subsequent remembrance; 3) epilogue.

Mac'erbsen, (w.) f. after-crop; gleanings.

Mac'erbsen, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to glean.

Mac'erbsen, (w.) v. *tr.* to tell after another, to repeat. — *Mac*'erbsen, (str.) m. repeater. — *Mac*'erbsen, (w.) f. a telling after, representation at second hand, repetition.

Mac'effen, I. (irr.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to eat after or afterwards; II. s. (str.) n. by-dish, dessert. [after the usual hours.]

Mac'egerben, (w.) v. *intr.* to exercise

Mac'effen, (w.) m. successor (in office, &c.); descendant.

Mac'effen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*, with *Dat.*) 1) to go or ride after; to follow in a carriage, vessel, &c. *of* *effen*; 2) Sport. to pursue the game; 3) *Min.* to follow (the Bergleute, the miners), and examine their work; 4) *proximo* to succeed (in office); 5) *Bhm.* *feinen* *effen* —, to be gathered to one's fathers; II. *tr.* to carry or convey after; — *effen*, to have sent after. — *Mac*'effen, (str.) m. 1) *Min.* overseer; 2) *see* *Mac*'effen.

Mac'effen, (w.) f. the (act of) following after, &c. [hind-foot of a deer.]

Mac'effen, (w.) f. Sport. print of the

Mac'effen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to dye or colour again or a second time, II. *intr.* to shine through.

Mac'effen, (w.) f. subsequent or repeated celebration. — *Mac*'effen, (w.) v. *tr.* to celebrate later or again.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *tr.* to retouch.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to fire after another; 2) to fire a second time; to replenish the fire.

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Mac'effen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to fire after another; 2) to fire a second time; to replenish the fire.

Mac'effen, (w.) f. succession; *Ag.* imitation.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*, with *Dat.*) 1) to follow; to come after or later, to ensue; succeed; 2) *Ag.* to imitate; u-b, p. a. subsequent; u-b, adv. † as follows; in the sequel.

Mac'effen, (str.) m., *Mac*'effen, (w.) f. 1) successor, follower; 2) E. King's —, successor to (late) J. C. King; 2) imitator.

Mac'effen, adv. *see* *Mac*'effen.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *tr.* to claim subsequently or afterwards. — *Mac*'effen, (w.) f. after-claim, after-account.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *tr.* to copy, imitate.

Mac'effen, (w.) v. *intr.* to search, inquire after. — *Mac*'effen, (str.) m.

searcher, inquirer. — **Rach'sorſchung**, (*w.*) *f.* search, searching, inquiry; investigation, Low, inquest.

Rach'srage, (*w.*) *f.* inquiry (*nach*, *for*), inquiring; Comm.-s. demand; request; häufige —, briak call or demand (*nach*, *for*); ohne —, without demand, out of favour; wenig —, restricted demand; little inquired for, rather heavy or neglected; sehr stark —, run (*nach*, *on*); wenn nicht — gewesen wäre, so hätte es sich einen größeren Vorrath an Rache gegeben, if there had been a greater demand, there would also have been a greater supply in the market; — halten, to make an inquiry (*nach*, *for*), to inquire (after); in — kommen, to grow into request; häufige — finden, to be much in demand, to attract much attention; — amt, *n.* office of intelligence, register-office.

Rach'sragen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with nach*, or *with Dat.*) to inquire or ask for, after, *Ac. q.* fragen, 1.

Rach'sruhe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) after-respite, prolonged term; 2) provinc. remainder of an account or debt.

Rach'srost, (*str.*, *pl.* R.-fröste) *m.* later frost. **Rach'srübling**, (*str.*) *m.* after-spring, later spring.

Rach'ssähen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to **Rach'ssähen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill up; to add. **Rach'ssätern**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to feed later; 2) to give a second forage.

Rach'ssäuren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to ferment insensibly.

Rach'ssäurer, (*str.*) *m.* see **Rach'sfolger**.

Rach'ssägen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to give after; to pay after, to give or pay in addition; 2) (Einem etwas) (+ *sb.*) *coll.* to grant, concede; Einem Nichts —, to be not inferior to one, to be not behind one in any thing; er gibt Niemandem etwas nach, he is inferior to none; II. *intr.* 1) to yield, give way; to finish; 2) to slacken, relax; die Stunde geben nach, *Sport.* the dogs lag on the scent; 3) (*with Dat.*) *sg.* to yield, defer, or consent (to), comply (*with*), indulge, submit; das —, (*str.*) *v. e.* compliance, *Ac.*

Rach'sgebären, *adj.* born later; born after the death of a father, posthumous.

Rach'sgeburt, (*w.*) *f.* after-birth; Zoot. heam.

Rach'sgebante, (*irr.*) *m.* after-thought.

Rach'sgehen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) (*with Dat.*) *lit. & sg.* to go after, to follow; to prosecute; to make the object of one's attention or business; Einem auf dem Fuße —, to be at one's heels, to dog one; der Spur —, to trace, to follow the track or the footing; to recollect one's self by the track; 2) to be behind or too slow, to lose (of a watch or clock); unsere Uhr muß —, our clock must be behind; sie kann fünf Minuten —, aber nicht mehr, it may be five minutes too slow, but not more; sie geht jeden Tag fünf Minuten nach, it loses five minutes every day; 3) *a)* to mind, attend to (one's business); to obey (an order); *b)* to court (a person); *c)* to give (one) the precedence.

Rach'sgehens, *adv.* afterwards, hereafter; next to this.

Rach'sgerade, *adv.* by degrees, by little and little, at last; by this (that) time; ich bin der Bittern — müde, I am about wearied of Bittern. [epode.]

Rach'sgefang, (*str.*, *pl.* **Rach'sgefang**) *m.* **Rach'sgefangen**, (*str.*) *m.* after-taste, after-favour; Ch. Brown's sagt: einige von Balzac's Romanen hinterlassen bei mir einen Rach'sgefang —, ... some of B's novels leave such a bad taste in my mouth.

Rach'sgeschwür, (*str.*) *m.* rear of a fleet.

Rach'sgiebig, I. *adj. sg.* yielding, complying, pliable, easy; indulgent; II. *R.-heit*,

(*w.*) *f.* yielding temper, pliability, deference, compliance, subservience; indulgence.

Rach'sgießen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pour after; 2) to take a cast of, to cast from; 3) to add (oil, *Ac.*), to replenish a lamp, *Ac.* — **Rach'sgießung**, (*w.*) the (act of) taking a cast, casting from, *Ac. q.* **Rach'sguß**.

Rach'sglanz, (*str.*) *m.* after(-)splendour.

Rach'sgleiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to slide, glide after.

Rach'sgraben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.* or *nach*) to dig after or later than ...; to dig for; to pursue in digging. [after-math.

Rach'sgras, (*str.*) *n.* *Hueb.* after-grass.

Rach'sgräbeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*)

to ponder over; to examine or investigate minutely. — **Rach'sgräbler**, (*str.*) *m.* one who ponders over, *Ac.*

Rach'sgrammet, (*str.*) *n.* *Hueb.* third crop of grass. [Ephen, I, 1, which see.

Rach'sgucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* for **Rach'sguck**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Rach'sgucke**) *m.* 1) the replenishing (of a lamp, *Ac.*), *q.* **Rach'sgießen**;

die Lampe bedarf des R.-s, the lamp must be replenished, wants replenishing; 2) cast taken from another copy.

Rach'shall, (*str.*) *m.* echo, reverberation (of thunder). — **Rach'shallen**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.*

to halloo after; to echo, reverberate, resound.

Rach'shalten, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to hold, give, celebrate after or later; II. *intr.* to last, continue.

Rach'shalter, (*str.*) *m.* *Rops-m.* loper.

Rach'shaltig, I. *adj.* lasting; continuing; II. *R.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* lastingness, continuance.

Rach'shand, (*str.*, *pl.* R.-hände) *f.* *Mum.*

hind quarter(s) of a horse.

Rach'shändeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*)

to act according or agreeably to.

Rach'shengen, **Rach'shängen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.*

(*with Dat.*) 1) *Sport.* to track with a lime-

hound; der Hund hängt der Fährte nach, the

hound follows the scent; 2) *sg.* to give way

to; to give one's self over, addict one's self,

to be given or addicted to, to indulge; im

Geheimen —, to have a sneaking kindness for;

seinen Gedanken —, to indulge one's thoughts,

to muse.

Rach'shänger, (*str.*) *m.* see **Rach'shalter**.

Rach'sharfe, (*w.*) *f.* large rake.

Rach'shan, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Forest.* a second

felling of wood; 2) *Agr.* a) second mowing

of grass; b) see **Rach'shen**.

Rach'shauen, (*irr.*) *v. l. intr.* to cut after;

Mil. to chase or pursue the enemy (said of

cavalry); II. *tr.* to copy (a statue).

Rach'sheben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to lift higher, to

give a lift. [Nachheben.

Rach'sheizen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to heat more, *q.*

Rach'sheffen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*)

to lend a helping hand, to help forward; T. to

touch up. — **Rach'shefter**, (*str.*) *m.* helper, *Ac.*

Rach'shür, *adv.* afterwards, hereafter; sub-

sequently, later (*Sprach*); the accent sometimes

on the first syllable: vür'her und nür'her, be-

fore and since. [part of autumn.

Rach'sherbst, (*str.*) *m.* after-autumn, latter

Rach'shürlig, *adj.* subsequent, posterior.

Rach'sheten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hunt, set, send

after. [mahb.]

Rach'shen, (*str.*) *n.* *Hueb.* after-math (**Rach's**

Rach'shich, (*str.*) *m.* after-out; *Mil.* pursuit

(by the cavalry) with sword in hand.

Rach'shinken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein, with*

Dat.) 1) to hobble after; nachgehinkt kommen,

to come haltingly after; 2) *sg.* to follow,

imitate in a bungling way.

Rach'shochzeit, (*w.*) *f.* after-nuptials.

Rach'shülen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fetch after or

up, to bring up; to fetch away afterwards;

2) *sg.* to recover, retrieve, to make up for ...

Rach'shören, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to make inquiries.

Rach'shilfe, (*w.*) *f.* after-help, assistance, aid.

Rach'shüt, *f.* 1) after-feeding; 2) rear, rear guard; die — beschließen or bilden, to bring

Rach'sjagen, (*w.*) *f.* pursuit. [up the rear.

Rach'sjagen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*aus. sein, with*

Dat.) 1) to chase, hunt, follow, or run after,

to pursue; 2) *sg.* to pursue.

Rach'sjahr, (*str.*) *n.* 1) see **Obenjahr**, 1;

2) autumn, fall.

Rach'sjaulen, **Rach'sjaulen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.*

(*with Dat.*) to shout, halloo after.

Rach'sjaufen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to buy after or in

addition. [time (grapes).

Rach'sjellern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to press a second

Rach'skind, (*str.*, *pl.* R.-er) *n.* child born in

the second wedlock.

Rach'släge, (*w.*) *f.* Law, gain-action, re-

convention; subsequent suit.

Rach'släger, (*str.*) *m.* Law, recriminator.

Rach'slang, (*str.*, *pl.* **Rach'slänge**) *m.* echo;

resonance; *sg.* re-echo; after-same; after-

effect.

Rach'slatzchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to repeat the

prattlings of others.

Rach'slettern, (*w.*) **Rach'slimmen**, (*str.*)

v. intr. (*aus. sein, with Dat.*) to climb or

clamber after.

Rach'slingen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to resound,

echo, ring; to continue to sound, to leave a

sound; n-de Töne, tones that linger in the ear.

Rach'slomme, (*w.*) *m.* descendant; succes-

sor; die R.-n, *pl.* see **Rach'slommen'schaft**.

Rach'slommen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein,*

with Dat.) 1) a) to come after, to follow;

nach nachlommende Ereignisse, events yet in

the rear; b) to come up with, to overtake;

2) *sg.* to act up to ..., to execute, perform,

fulfil, do; to attend (one's duty, *Ac.*); to com-

ply with ...; to attend (one's duty, *Ac.*); to com-

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ply with ...; to attend (one's duty, *Ac.*); to com-

er mußte am Preise noch —, coll. he had to loose his figure, wir können von diesen Figuren nichts —, we cannot recede from these figures (terms); der Begehr hat nachgelassen, the demand has slackened; es ist nichts an ihrer Strafe nachgelassen, no mitigation has been made in their punishment; 6) T. a) to soften (steel); b) to anneal, temper (steel); II. *intr.* to slacken, cf. Nachgeben; Wase. to give (off) of the chain; to relent, remit, intermit; die Hitze hat nicht nachgelassen, the cold is unabated; to leave off, cease, subside; to flag; n-b, Med. remittent, intermittent.

Nachlassen, (*w.*) *f.* see Nachlaß, 1. **Nachlässig**, I. *adj.* 1) slackening, &c., loose; 2) negligent, slack, remiss; dilatory; listless, careless, slovenly; heedless, inattentive; inaccurate; idle; slow (in paying); II. *subst.* (*w.*) *f.* negligence, slackness, remissness, &c.

Nachlassen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) leaving behind, &c., cf. Nachlassen; 2) remission.

Nachläufer, (*str.*, pl. *Nachläufer*) *m.* the running after; what runs after (liquid); Dist. last runnings (from the still), (weak) faints (*opp.* Borlauf); Sug.-n. drips.

Nachläufer, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*with Dat.*) to run after; cinem. Nachhaken —, to dangle after a girl.

Nachlaut, (*str.*) *m.* after sound. — **Nachlauten**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to sound after, cf. Nachklingen.

Nachleben, I. (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to live after, later; N-b, *adv.* *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) survivor, cf. Nachkomme; 2) (*with Dat.*) to live conformably or according to, to observe; II. *s.* (*str.*) *n.* after-life.

Nachlegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lay after, to add, to put on more; to replenish the fire, to keep up a fire. [drawl after, to imitate.]

Nachleiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*with Dat.*) to **Nachleithen**, (*str.*) *n.* T. splicing-yarn. **Nachleise**, (*w.*) *f.* (subsequent) gleaming, after-gathering; — halten, to glean.

Nachlesen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to glean; 2) a) to read after; b) to read a passage quoted; c) (*with Dat.*) to follow in reading; d) to repeat (reading). — **Nachleser**, (*str.*) *m.* gleaner, &c. — **Nachlesung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) reading after; repetition.

Nachleuchten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to light after, to follow with a light.

Nachliefern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to purvey, furnish subsequently, to deliver afterwards; to supplement. — **Nachlieferung**, (*w.*) *f.* subsequent or later purveying, &c., supplement(s).

Nachlösen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Law.* to redeem. **Nachlösung**, (*w.*) *f.* redemption; R-brecht, *n.* right of redemption.

Nachmachen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to counterfeit, imitate; to forge; to mimic, ape; to copy; cf. Einem —, to imitate one's example; nachgemacht, *p. a.* counterfeit, imitated, &c.; artificial, fictitious; nachgemachte Wechsel, counterfeit, forged bills of exchange. — **Nachmacher**, (*str.*) *m.* imitator; forger, &c. — **Nachmacherei**, (*w.*) *f.* counterfeiting, &c., forgery. — **Nachmachung**, (*w.*) *f.* counterfeiting, imitation. — **Nachmachungsrecht**, (*str.*) *n.* *Law.* right accorded to creditors of re-claiming an insolvent after five years (*Luc.*).

Nachmah, (*w.*) *f.* Husb. second crop of grass, after-grass, after-math.

Nachmähen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to mow a second time; 2) to be second, &c. man in mowing.

Nachmalen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to paint after an original, to copy; 2) to improve by subsequent painting; II. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) to follow the style (of an artist).

Nachmäßig, *adv.* following, subsequent.

Nachmalis, *adv.* afterwards; subsequently. **Nachmann**, (*str.*, pl. *Nachmänner*) *m.* see Hintermann. [end of a fair.]

Nachmarkt, (*str.*, pl. *Nachmärkte*) *m.* latter **Nachmehl**, (*str.*) *n.* coarse flower, pollard.

Nachmeiseln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to retouch or improve by subsequent embellishing (a statue, &c.).

Nachmesse, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Rom. Cath.* low mass; 2) see Nachmarkt. [or after.]

Nachmessen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to measure again **Nachmilch**, *f.* after-milkings.

Nachmittag, *s. I.* (*str.*) *m.* afternoon; cinet. N-b, an cinem. N-t, of an afternoon; II. *N-b*, *adv.* in the afternoon, post meridiem (*abgel. P. M.*). — **Nachmittags**, *adv.* afternoon, post-meridian. — **Nachmittagslich**, *adv.* taking place every afternoon.

Nachmittags... *in comp.* — **gottesdien**, *m.*, — **früh**, — **prebigt**, — **rube**, — **zeit**, *f.* *tr.* afternoon (divine) service, afternoon sermon, repose, time, &c.; — **schläf**, *m.*, — **schläfen**, *v.* nap after dinner, after dinner's sleep.

Nachmitternacht, *f.* the time from midnight to morning. — **Nachmitternächtlich**, *adv.* taking place after midnight. — **Nachmitternachtsstunde**, (*w.*) *f.* hour after midnight. [the oil-grooves.]

Nachmühle, (*w.*) *f.* T. mill for pressing **Nachmühlen**, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* *dipl.* for Nachgehen, Nachfolgen, *n.* mühlen.

Nachmüßig, *adv.* (*adv.*) second next.

Nachnutzen, (*w.*) *f.* Comm. — der Unkosten, collecting expenses; — durch Post, reimbursement through post-office; unter — Ihrer Speise, taking your charges forward, all charges forward, collecting your charges, charges to follow (the goods); ich beabsichtige Ihnen die Kiste unter — der Kosten auf Sie zu senden, I intend to forward the box to you, with charges to follow (*ob.* against your charges.)

Nachnutzen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take after or in addition to; 2) to reimburse one's self, to collect (charges).

Nachordnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to assign a place next in order, to subdelegate.

Nachpacht, (*str.*) *m.* or (*w.*) *f.* under-base. **Nachpachten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to under-rent.

Nachpächter, (*str.*) **Nachpächter**, (*str.*) *m.* under-tenant.

Nachpapiere, (*str.*) *n.* pl. Comm. a species of put and call paper, cf. Nachgeschiff.

Nachpfeifen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to whistle or whizz after; 2) to repeat whistling.

Nachpflanzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to plant later.

Nachpfeuschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to imitate or copy in a bungling manner.

Nachpfeuschen, (*str.*) *m.* bungling imitator.

Nachplaudern, **Nachplappern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to babble after, to repeat.

Nachprägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to copy the stamp of, to stamp after, to counterfeit.

Nachpredigt, (*w.*) *f.* see Nachmittagspredigt.

Nachpressen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) Sport. to pursue the game (of dogs).

Nachprobe, (*w.*) *f.* counter-proof; *Min.* counter-assay.

Nachquellen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to spring, bubble up after; to gush out after.

Nachraum, (*str.*, pl. *Nachräume*) *m.* T. chips of felled trees, loppings.

Nachräumen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to clear after another; to put again in order.

Nachrechnen, (*str.*) *m.* a large rake.

Nachrechnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to reckon up or again, to examine (an account), to check, test, control; wiederholt —, to re-examine; genau —, to be a close scrutineer. — **Nachrechner**, (*str.*) *m.* controller, accountant. — **Nachrechnung**, (*w.*) *f.* a reckoning after, after-account, control.

Nachrecht, (*str.*) *n.* *Law.* right of reconviction.

Nachrede, (*w.*) *f.* 1) conclusion, epilogue; 2) *Law.* rejoinder; 3) report, rumour, public talk; die Rede —, ill or evil report, slander, in Rede — bringen, to slander, detract from one's character.

Nachreden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*adv.* *intr.*) (*Einem etwas*) 1) see Nachsprechen; 2) to speak on the authority of another, to repeat, report, tell again; 3) to talk of, to speak ill of; to slander, detract, asperse; *Einem Gutes* —, to speak well of one.

Nachreden, (*str.*) *m.* slanderer.

Nachreden, (*str.*) *m.* he who speaks after.

Nachreifen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to ripen later.

Nachreisen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*with Dat.*) to travel after, to go after, to follow.

Nachreisen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to tear after; 2) to copy; 3) *Min.* to widen (an aperture); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (of a slit or rent) to grow larger, to widen.

Nachreiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*with Dat.*) 1) to ride after, to follow on horseback; 2) *Stud. slang.* to make up for omissions, to write up (*also tr.*).

Nachrennen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) (*with Dat.*) to run after (with eagerness), cf. Nachlaufen.

Nachreue, (*w.*) *f.* after-repentance.

Nachricht, (*w.*) *f.* account, advice, notice, intelligence (über *with Acc.*, von, of, on, about), tidings, news, information, report; eine werthvolle —, a valuable piece of information; wir sind ohne Ihre N-chen, Comm. we are without your advices or have received no communications from you; — geben, to give account, notice, intelligence, to send or write word, to notify, inform; geben Sie mir — von sich, let me hear from you; — bekommen, to get, receive intelligence or news, to hear of or from ...; zur —, for advice or notice, for (your) intelligence or government; wir lassen es uns zur — bringen, we take due notice of it.

Nachrichten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to adjust a thing after it has been already performed; 2) *Law.* a) to judge, condemn finally; b) to execute; II. *intr.* Sport. to follow the scent with a lime bound.

Nachrichter, (*str.*) *m.* (public) executioner. — **Nachrichterst.** *cc.*, see Oberfrichter *cc.* **Nachrichtlich**, *adv.* by way of information, of notice.

Nachringen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to struggle, strive after, endeavour to follow; to emulate.

Nachrücken, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to march after, to follow after with troops; II. *tr.* (*adv.* *intr.*) to move after.

Nachrufen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) after-call; 2) a) fame after departure or death; report, name; b) a poem, address, &c. in honour of a person deceased.

Nachrufen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to call after.

Nachruhm, (*str.*) *m.* posthumous fame, renown, or celebrity.

Nachrühmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to say in praise of one, to say to one's credit (in his absence).

Nachsägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) see Nachsprechen; 2) to speak, tell, talk, or relate of one (behind his back); *Einem Böses*, *Gutes* *tr.* —, to speak ill, well, &c. of one; sie sagen ihm nichts Gutes nach, he misses their good word.

Nachsammeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to glean. — **Nachsammlung**, (*w.*) *f.* a gleanings, after-gathering.

Nachsch, (*str.*, pl. *Nachsch*) *m.* 1) *Log.* minor, conclusion; 2) *Gramm.* the latter or

second part of (two parts of) a period, apostrophe, concluding sentence, conclusion.

Mac'**schaffen**, *v. tr. I. (str.)* (Einem etwas) to carry after one; to have carried after one.

Mac'**schall**, *(str.) m.* echo; **Mac**'**schallen**, *(w.) v. intr.* to echo, reverberate, resound.

Mac'**sehen**, *(w.) f.* inspection (of dikes).

Mac'**schicht**, *(w.) f.* Min. extra-labour.

Mac'**schicken**, *(w.) v. tr.* to send or dispatch after; to transmit afterwards.

Mac'**schicken**, *(str.) v. I. tr. (d. intr.)* 1) to shoot after; 2) to pay after, to pay the remainder of (a sum), to make a subsequent payment; to supply, add (what is wanting); II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to fall after; 2) to shoot or spring up later.

Mac'**schiffen**, *(w.) v. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to make sail after; 2) (with *Dat.*) to sail in pursuit of.

Mac'**schimmer**, *(str.) m.* continued or diminished radiance.

Mac'**schimmern**, *(w.) v. intr.* to continue to glitter.

Mac'**schirrhäfen**, *(str.) m.* ropemaker's.

Mac'**schlagen**, *(str., pl. Mac'**schläge**) *m.* 1) after-stroke or clap; 2) Min. false coin; 3) Mus. note of complement.*

Mac'**schlägebuch**, *(str., pl. R-bücher)* *n.* book of reference; handbook.

Mac'**schlagen**, *(str.) v. I. tr.* to strike after (Mus. a note); II. *intr.* (aux. *haben*) 1) Min. (cinem. *Uhr*) to follow, dig after (an ore); 2) (with *in* (d. *Dat.*) or *tr.*) to open the pages of (a book), to refer to, to consult (a book, documents, &c.), to look into (it), to look out (a word); *beim* —, upon reference to the book; *bequem zum* —, easily capable of reference; 3) (aux. *sein*) see **Mac**'**scharten**.

Mac'**schlägeln**, *(str.) m.* ropemaker's strand-hook.

Mac'**schleichen**, *(str.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) (with *Dat.*) to sneak after, to dog (one).

Mac'**schleppen**, *(w.) v. tr.* to trail or drag after, &c. cf. **Eschleppen**.

Mac'**schlüssel**, *(str.) m.* double(-key), pick.

Mac'**schmecken**, *(w.) v. intr.* to leave a taste behind.

Mac'**schmierer**, *(w.) v. tr. & intr.* coll. to write or copy in a slovenly manner; cf. **Mac**'**schreiben**, 1—3.

Mac'**schneitern**, *(w.) v. tr.* cont. to cackle, repeat after.

Mac'**schneiden**, *(str.)* **Mac**'**schneifen**, **Mac**'**schneien**, *(w.) v. tr.* to cut or carve after or from.

Mac'**schmitt**, *(str.) m.* after-out; copy.

Mac'**schob**, *(str. pl. R-c, R-schöft, or [w.] R-en)* *m.* young sprig, shoot.

Mac'**schreiben**, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to write (or pen) down (after the professor), to take notes (of a lecture, &c.); *Stenograph* Dictate —, to write under one's dictation; 2) to supply in writing (any thing that has been omitted); (with *Dat.*) 3) to copy, imitate in writing; 4) to write after or in pursuit of a person.

Mac'**schreiber**, *(str.) m.* copier, copyist.

Mac'**schreien**, *(str.) v. intr.* (with *Dat.*) to cry (call) after; to halloo after.

Mac'**schrift**, *(w.) f.* 1) postscript; 2) transcript, copy. — **Mac**'**schriftlich**, *adj. & adv.* by way of (in a) postscript.

Mac'**schürter**, *(str.) m.* T. large auger (of well-mashers).

Mac'**schuß**, *(str., pl. Mac'**schüsse**) *m.* 1) subsequent push, throw; 2) supplement; additional supplies, troops, &c. sent after others to make up for deficiencies, &c.*

Mac'**schützen**, *(w.) v. intr.* to poke (the fire).

Mac'**schuß**, *(str., pl. R-schüsse)* *m.* 1) later shot; 2) after-paying, after-payment; Comm. appoint; supply, addition; 3) gratis supple-

ment (to a book); 4) supplementary copies of a work the printing of which is already finished; 5) a) *Vint.* weak fairs, last runnings; b) *parre* (of cider); 6) *Fort.* a strengthening of parapets by means of gabions.

Mac'**schütten**, *(w.) v. tr.* to shoot, pour out after; to put on after, more, to add.

Mac'**schwärm**, *(str., pl. Mac'**schwärme**) *m.* subsequent or second swarm, after swarm.*

Mac'**schwätzen**, *(w.) v. tr. & intr.* to talk, repeat after.

Mac'**schwimmen**, *(str.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) (with *Dat.*) to swim after. [after, follow.

Mac'**schwingen**, *(str.) v. refl.* to swing after another; II. *tr.* *cinem. Eid* —, to repeat an oath. [sail after.

Mac'**schägen**, *(w.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to **Mac**'**sehen**, *(str.) v. I. intr.* 1) (with *Dat.*) to look after; 2) to look (for), to attend (to); *sich nach*, *daß es* *gesehen* *werd.*, see it done; *lassen* *Es* —, have a search made; *lassen* *Es* *in den Papieren* *nach* *cinmal* —, have the papers looked through again; *im Wörterbuch* —, to consult (look in, refer to) the dictionary; *das* — *haben*, coll. to be frustrated, to have to pocket a disappointment; *nun* *haben* *wir* *das* —, coll. now we may whistle for it; II. *tr.* 1) to look after, to, or into, to revise, scan, examine (an account, &c.); 2) *Ag.* (Einem etwas) to indulge, to take no notice of, to let pass without reproof, to connive at, to forbear, excuse, overlook, to pardon; to give respite to (a debtor).

Mac'**schern**, *(w.) v. tr.* *Min.* to refine again; *Min.* to eliquate. [schürten.

Mac'**schenden**, *(w. & irr.) v. tr.* see **Mac**'**schicken**.

Mac'**setzen**, *(w.) v. I. tr.* 1) a) to put after, postpone; b) to add to; 2) als *Ursache* —, to appoint as secondary heir, cf. **Mac**'**erbe**; 3) *Ag.* to slight, neglect, disregard, to make or consider inferior; II. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) to run after, follow, pursue; *eifrig* —, to press on in pursuit of.

Mac'**schleichen**, *(str.) m.* set, slip.

Mac'**schung**, *(w.) f.* 1) disregard, &c.; 2) pursuit.

Mac'**schüt**, *(w.) f.* 1) inspection, revision, examination; *Handel auf* —, Comm. bargain on examination; 2) forbearance, connivance, indulgence; consideration; delay, respite (to a debtor); — *haben* (mit), to make allowance (for); to wink (at); to be indulgent (towards); to grant a delay or show indulgence (to a debtor); (gegenseitig) — *haben*, to bear and forbear.

Mac'**schützig**, *I. adj.* indulgent, forbearing, lenient, of a mild temper; — *sein*, to connive (gegen, at); II. *R-feit*, *(w.) f.* indulgence; good-nature.

Mac'**schütze**, *in comp.* — *Brief*, *m.* letter of respite; — *Tag*, *m.* day of grace; — *Wohl*, see **Mac**'**schütze**.

Mac'**schütze**, *(w.) f.* annexed syllable; suffix.

Mac'**schütze**, *(str.) v. tr. & intr.* 1) to sing after; 2) to repeat (a song).

Mac'**schütze**, *(str.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to sink after.

Mac'**schütze**, *I. (str.) v. intr.* (with *Dat.* or *über* (d. *Acc.*)) to meditate, muse, reflect (upon), to ponder (on); cf. **Mac**'**schütze**, 3; II. *s.* (str.) *m.* meditation, study, reflection.

Mac'**schütze**, *(str.) v. intr.* — *schütze*, to be confined in school beyond the usual hours.

Mac'**schütze**, *(str.) v. intr.* *absp.* for *nachkommen*, *nachgehen* *it.* *folgen*, cf. **Mac**'**schütze**, *Sollen*, *Wollen*.

Mac'**schütze**, *(str.) m.* after-summer.

Mac'**schütze**, *(w.) f.* after-care, subsequent uneasiness.

Mac'**schütze**, *(w.) v. intr.* (with *Dat.*) to search, spy after. — **Mac**'**schütze**, *(str.) m.*

spy. — **Mac**'**schütze**, *(w.) f.* the (act of) spying, searching after.

Mac'**spiel**, *(str.) n.* 1) a) *Theat.* after-play, after-piece; b) conclusion of an entertainment; 3) *Mus.* postlude, or piece played after some other; conclusion or sort of final voluntary; 3) *Ag.* subsequent event or action.

Mac'**spielen**, *(w.) v. tr. & intr.* to play after, afterwards.

Mac'**spotten**, *(w.) v. intr.* to mock, mimic after one (in his absence).

Mac'**sprechen**, *(str.) v. tr. (d. intr.)* (Einem etwas) 1) to repeat, speak, or say after one, to imitate; cf. **Mac**'**beten**, II.; *er* *sprach* *mir* (or *meine* *Worte*) *spöttlich* *nach*, coll. he repeated upon me; 2) to mimic another person's manner of speaking.

Mac'**springen**, *(w.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) (with *Dat.*) to gallop after, pursue hastily.

Mac'**springen**, *(str.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) (with *Dat.*) to leap, run after.

Mac'**spuren**, *(str.)*, **Mac**'**sporre**, *(w.) m.* young shoot.

Mac'**spuren**, *(w.) v. intr.* to shoot again, to re-shoot (of branches, &c.).

Mac'**spuren**, *(w.) v. intr.* (with *Dat.*) to trace, track; to search out; to follow (the deer) by its tracks or footprints; to dog. — **Mac**'**spuren**, *(w.) f.* the (act of) tracing out, &c.; inquiry, search.

Mac'**stet**, *(impert. of* *Rabe*) *I. adj.* next, closest; nearest; proximate; *der* *n-e* *Rachbar*, next-door neighbour; *am* *n-en* *Bri*, next to; *mit* *n-em*, *des* *n-en*, *n-er* *Zeit*, *n-er* *Tag*, in the very next time, soon, one of these days, see **Mac**'**stet**; *n-en* *Monat*, next month, Comm. *proximo* (*Lat.*); *mit* *n-er* *Post*, by the next mail (or post); *das* *n-e* *Mal*, next time; — **Mac**'**stet** *unser* *größtes* *Erpforthaus*, next to Schmidt our chief export-house; *mein* *n-e* (*Schreiben*), my next; *der* *n-e* *Preis*, nearest or last price; *der* *n-e* *Wort*, the immediate object; — *älter*, immediately elder; *Jeder* *ist* *sich* *selbst* *der* *nächste*, *proverb.* charity begins at home; II. *adv.* next, close by; **Mac**'**stet**, *adv.* next to this, immediately thereupon, then; III. *prep.* (with *Dat.*) next (to or after); — *Gott*, under God.

Mac'**stet**, *(str.) m.* *Med.* secondary cause; *hitherto*. [tarnet.

Mac'**stet**, *adj.* see **Mac**'**stet**.

Mac'**stet**, *I. adj.* see **Mac**'**stet**; II. *s.* (w.) *m.* & *f.* fellow-creature; neighbour; *R-en* *liebe*, *f.* charity, social love.

Mac'**stet**, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) *Engl.* to copy with a graver; to counterfeit a stamp; 2) *Comm.* to trump after another; 3) *Handel auf* —, Comm. bargain on examination.

Mac'**stet**, *(w.) v. tr.* to stick or thrust in after another thing; *Bohnen* —, to plant a second crop of beans.

Mac'**stet**, *(str.) v. intr.* 1) to stand after, to follow; 2) *Ag.* to come or fall short of; (with *Dat.*) to be inferior or second to, to fall short of, to be behind hand with, to give place to; an *Älter* *und* *Jünger* *n-d*, junior in age and inferior in rank; *n-de* *Preise*, the following prices, the rates below specified; *wie* *n-d* *bemerkt*, as mentioned below.

Mac'**stet**, *(str.) v. intr.* (aux. *sein*) to mount or rise after; (with *Dat.*) to follow.

Mac'**stet**, *(w.) v. I. tr.* 1) to place behind, after; 2) see **Mac**'**stet**; 3) *cin* *Uhr* —, to put back a watch beyond the right time; II. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) to lay snares or traps (for), to lay wait or lie in wait (for), to waylay. — **Mac**'**stet**, *(w.) f.* 1) the (act of) placing behind, &c.; 2) snare, trap; pursuit.

Mac'**stet**, *(w.) v. tr.* to re-stamp.

Mac'**stet**, *adv.* next time; shortly, soon, immediately; by and by.

Nachherben, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to die after, (*with Dat.*) to follow a deceased person.

Nachhener, (*w.*) f. 1) subsequent, second, or additional tax, duty, or contribution; 2) *see* *Abgabe*.

Nachherner, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *Mar.* to steer after; II. *tr.* 1) to pay the arrears of a duty; 2) to contribute again.

Nachrich, (*str.*) m. 1) after-print; 2) *Handel auf* —, *see* *Nachrichten*, 3. [(stubbles).

Nachreppen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to glean (the *Nachris*, (*str.*, pl. *Nachrisse*) m. *Proc.* after-thrust when the counter-thrust is made.

Nachreiben, (*str.*) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to push or thrust after; to push on; 2) to push or thrust again; 3) to stamp or pound *Dat.*

Nachstreben, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) 1) to strive for or after; to pursue; 2) to emulate zealously; to endeavour to reach or imitate.

[stream after, to follow. **Nachströmen**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to *Nachströmen*, (*str.*) n. after-places.

Nachströmen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*; *gener.* *with Acc.*) to follow with impetuosity.

Nachzug, (*str.*, pl. *Nachzüge*) m. *Comm.* complementary (second) verification (of the cash).

Nachzürren, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rush after; II. *tr.* to precipitate after.

Nachzureden, (*w.*) f. *Electr. Tel.* verification-box.

Nachsuchen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* & *tr.* 1) to search, seek or look after; to seek for; 2) *fig.* (*with um.* or *with Acc.*) to apply, sue, or solicit for.

Nachsucher, (*str.*) m. 1) searcher, &c.; 2) suitor, applicant. — **Nachsuchung**, (*w.*) f. 1) search, research; 2) request, suit, application.

Nachüberfallig, *adj.* post-diluvian. **Nachhilfe**, *see* *Nachhilfe*.

Nacht, (*str.*, pl. *Nächte*) f. night; die *heilige* —, Christmas-night; *über* —, during night; *über* — *kommen*, *fig.* to come suddenly, unaware; *die ganze* — (*über*), all (the) night long; in *der* —, bei —, bei *Nacht*, at or by night, in the night-time; in *tiefer* —, in the depth of night; zu — *effen*, to sup; bei — und *Stebel* *davon* *geben*, to escape in the night or under the favour of darkness; in *geister* — *leben*, benighted; *tausend und eine* —, *1001* the Arabian nights.

Nachtaar, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* owl. **Nachtag**, (*str.*) m. day afterwards, next or following day, *Comm.* respite day, day of grace.

Nacht... in *comp.* night, nocturnal; —angel, f. *Flak.* night-line, trimmer-hook, night-angle; —angein, m. night-angling; —angeinthe, f. clearing-hoop, clearing-rod; —anker, m. *Mar.* reserve-anchor.

Nachtaugen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to dance after, to follow in dancing; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) a) to dance like ...; b) *loc.* to follow another's example.

Nacht... in *comp.* —arbeit, f. night-work; incubation; —arbeiter, m. 1) worker by candle-light; 2) nightman; —beden, n. chamber-utensil; —bld, n. night-piece; —blatter, f. *Med.* epitysis, night-pimple; —blau, *adj.* *see* *Dunkelblau*; —blid, m. *fig.* dark, angry look; —blinze, m. hemeralopia; —blindheit, f. night-blindness, hemeralopia; —blume, f. *Bot.* Indian jasmine; *nyctanthos* (*Nyctanthos*); —bogen, m. *Asr.* nocturnal arch; —brud, m. night-mare.

Nachtelang, *adv.* whole nights through, for nights together, for many a night.

Nachten, (*w.*) v. *intr.* *impers.* to grow or be night; *weil* das *Neben* und (*Dat.*) *Nacht* (*Lema*), when life darkens around us.

Nachten, *adv.* *provinc.* last night; lately.

Nacht... in *comp.* —erleuchtung, f. nocturnal vision, apparition; —essen, n. supper; —eule, f. *Ornith.* screech-owl (*Bubo scandiaca* L.); —fahrt, f. *see* —reise; —falter, m. *Entom.* nocturnal butterfly or moth (*Nocturna*); —feier, f. vigil; —fernrohr, n. night-glass, night telescope; —figh, m. *see* *Figling*; —fram, f. night-witch; —gänger, m. night-walker, somnambulist; —garn, n. *Sport.* nets for catching larks at night; —geiß, m., —geißer, n. nocturnal vision, ghost, spectre; —geißer, n. *see* —beden; —geißer, n. nocturnal vision, dream; —geißer, n. star of the night, moon; —gleich, f. *Asr.* equinox; —gleichpunkt, m. equinoctial point; —guder, m. *see* —ferntehr; —haube, f. (Lady's) night-cap; —haus, —häuser, n. *Mar.* binacle; —hantel, f. gimbal; —hantelampe, f. binacle-lamp.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. disadvantage, prejudice, detriment, injury, loss; drawback; *Low*, damage; ohne — *für* ..., without derogating from ...; —bringen, to disadvantage, injure; im *Nacht*, sich im — befinden, to have the worst; to be at a disadvantage; mit — verfahren, to sell at a loss; in — bringen, to cause a loss; to prejudice.

Nacht... I. *adj.* disadvantageous, prejudicial, detrimental, injurious; derogatory; — sein (*with Dat.*), to injure, prejudice, to derogate from; — sprechen von ..., to speak in dispraise of ...; II. *Nacht*, (*w.*) f. disadvantageousness, &c.

Nacht... in *comp.* —herberge, f. night's lodging, inn; —horn, n. *Mus.* register of an organ producing a horn- and auto-like sound.

Nacht... (*str.*) v. *tr.* (*Einm.* *etwas*) 1) to do after, to do as another does, to imitate; 2) to come up with one.

Nacht... I. *adj.* 1) nightly, nocturnal; *adv.* at night; 2) *fig.* dark, dismal, awful; bei *er* *Nacht*, in the night-time; II. *Nacht*, (*w.*) f. darkness; dismalness, awfulness. [(*Sylvia lucina* L.).

Nacht... (*w.*) f. *Ornith.* nightingale. **Nacht...** (*str.*) m. supper.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. the last course, dessert. **Nacht...** in *comp.* —lagh, f. chase in the night (by torch-light); —fang, m. *see* *Reumule*; —ferge, f. 1) night-candle; 2) *Bot.* evening primrose (*Oenothera biennis* L.); —fisch, n. night-dress, night-gown; —lager, n. night's lodging; night-quarters; —lampe, f. night-lamp; —leucht, m. *Bot.* night-flowering catobly (*Silene noctiflora* L.); —leuchter, m. flat candlestick; flat or bedroom candle; —licht, n. 1) night-light, night-candle, bedroom-candle; 2) rushlight; floating-wick.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. *Zool.* a species of bat (*Nyctophalus*).

Nacht... in *comp.* —mahl, n. supper, cf. *Abendmahl*; —mahr, m., —mähre, f. night-mare; —mantel, m. *see* *Staurmantel*; 2; —meister, m. overseer of the night-workers; —mette, f. *Rom. Cath.* nocturn; —milde, f. *see* *Josephusmilde*; —milke, f. *see* *Schälmilke*; —nebel, m. *Med.* *see* —blindheit; —netz, n. *see* —garn.

Nacht... (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) to *Nacht...* (*w.*) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to resound, echo; repeat.

Nacht... in *comp.* —pfe, m. fur night-gown; —pfan, m. or —pfanzen, n. *Entom.* 1) emperor moth (*Saturnia carypis* Hüb.); 2) eyed hawkmoth (*Sphinx oculatus* L.); —pfarte, f. outlet; —piste, f. *Med.* suppository; —posten, m. night-post, night-guard; —quartier, n. *see* —lager.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. *Mil.* arrear, rear.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. 1) night-crow, night-raven; (grine) night-heron (—reiher); 2) *fig.* a) night-reveller; b) nightman.

Nacht... (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to trot after.

Nacht... (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) to aspire to, to endeavour to obtain; to pursue eagerly.

Nacht... (*str.*, pl. *Nachtträge*) m. 1) supplement, addition, addendum; 2) codicil.

Nacht... (*str.*) v. *tr.* (*Einm.* *etwas*) 1) to bear or carry after; *fig.* 2) to bear a (lingering) grudge or a spite; to owe one no good will, to owe one a spite; to be resentful, to recollect against one; 3) to add, supply (what was omitted); *Comm.* to bring up, to post (the books).

Nacht... *adj.* supplementary, additional; es folgt nun —, it follows now by way of supplement, it is hereby supplemented; ich muß — bemerken, I have to (state by way of supplement; *adv.* by way of addition; subsequently, behindhand.

Nacht... (*w.*) f. the (act of) bearing, carrying after, &c.

Nacht... in *comp.* —räumer, m. night-man; —reiher, m. *Ornith.* night heron (*Ardea nycticorax* Gmel.); —reise, f. nocturnal travel.

Nacht... (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to step after; 2) *cont.* to follow (slavishly) in the wake of; — *Nacht...* (*str.*) m. *com.* servile follower, adherent.

Nacht... (*str.*) m., *Nacht...* (*w.*) f. after-drift, feeding.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. Lock-sm. night-bolt; thumb-bolt, shoot-bolt. [*see*]

Nacht... (*str.*) m. the (act of) following.

Nacht... in *comp.* —rad, m. night-gown, bed-gown; dressing-gown; —ruhe, f. 1) night-rest; 2) silence or calm of night; —ruhe, f. night-round, patrol; (twice) counter-round.

Nacht... (*str.*) m. rear-guard.

Nacht... *adv.* at or by night, in the night-time.

Nacht... in *comp.* —lad, m. travelling bag; —schabe, m. *see* *Siegenmeller*; —schatten, m. *Bot.* night-shade (*Solanum* L.); (*America*) *nigra* (*Physalis* L.); (*Physalis*) garden-nightshade, moral (*Solanum nigrum* L.); *Min.* —schicht, f. night-tack; —schlichter, m. night-worker; —schlichter, m. *see* *Nachtigall*; —schlichter, m. *Law.* night-walker; —schlichter, m. *Small.* night-worker; —schlichter, m. *Entom.* night-butterfly; —schlichter, f. *see* —engel; —schlichter, f. *see* *Siegenmeller*; —schlichter, m. night-reveller or brawler, rake; —schlichter, m. *Med.* night-sweat, night-perspiration; nocturnal perspiration or sweat; —schlichter, f. *nyctalopy*; —schlichter, n. sitting up at night, incubation; —schlichter, m. one who sits up at night, late sinner; —schlichter, m. *Ornith.* black sparrow; —schlichter, m. *Min.* overseer of the night-workers; —schlichter, m. *Sport.* inclosing of a wood in the night with tolls, nets; —schlichter, m. *Bot.* night-piece; —schlichter, m. nightly study, incubation; —schlichter, m. close-stool, night-stool, chair of easement, what-not chair, convenience; —schlichter, f. night-hour; —schlichter, m. *Horol.* hand indicating the hours at night; —schlichter, m. *see* —ferntehr; —schlichter, m. toilet, night-stand, bedroom (or side-)table; —schlichter, m. chamber-pot; —schlichter, m. night-cup; —schlichter, f. *Bot.* dame's violet, damewort (*Heptaria matronalis* L.); —schlichter, m. 1) nocturnal or night bird; 2) *see* —falter; 3) *coll.* night-bird (one who keeps late hours); *fig.* rake; —schlichter, f. night-watch; —schlichter, m. night-watching; —schlichter, m. watchman; —schlichter, m. watchman; —schlichter, m. horn, air of the watchman; —schlichter, m. *see* —wandler, I. (*w.* & *insup.*) v. *intr.* to walk at night in sleep; II. s. (*str.*) v. sleep-walking, night-walking; —schlichter, m., —schlichter, f. night- or sleep-walker; —schlichter, m. succuba; night-mare; —schlichter, m. *Mar.*

nocturnal; —wind, *m.* nightly or cool wind; air; —zeit, *f.* night-time; nur —zeit, at night; —zug, *m.* night-dress; —zug, *m.* 1) see —stiel; 2) *Bauw.* night-train.

Mac'h urtheil, (*str.*) *n.* after-judgment, sentence; *Log.* opinion (judgment) formed upon logical conclusions.

Mac'h verfall, (*w.*) *n.* rear vassal.

Mac'h verfallen, (*w.*) *n.* *intr.* *Comm.* to extend the (first) protest. [*insure*]

Mac'h verfallen, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* *Comm.* to re-

Mac'h verfallen, (*w.*) *f.* reinsurance.

Mac'h verwerben, (*m.*) *decl. like adj.* descendant. [*supplementary grant*]

Mac'h verwirkung, (*w.*) *f.* subsequent or

Mac'h verwirkung, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* post-entry.

Mac'h wach [—wach], (*str.*) *m.* after-

Mac'h wach, (*str.*) *n.* *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to

grow after, (*with Dat.*) to grow up to;

to grow in the place of something; *n-b*, *p. a.*

successive. [*after, to try*]

Mac'h wägen, (*w. & str.*) *v. tr.* to weigh

Mac'h wägen, (*w.*) *f.* posthumous child.

Mac'h wandeln, (*w.*) *n.* *intr.* (*aus. sein*)

(*with Dat.*) to wander or walk after; *sg.* to

walk in one's steps, to follow the example of.

Mac'h wärts, *adv.* see **Rachter**, **Rachmal**.

Mac'h wärts, (*w.*) *n. pl. Med.* after-pains,

throe; *sg.* painful, calamitous consequences.

Mac'h wein, (*str.*) *m.* see **Wauer**, 2.

Mac'h wein, (*w.*) *n.* *intr.* (*aus. sein*) (*with*

Dat.) to cry after, lament one's loss.

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* 1) intelligence, in-

formation; citation, reference; authentication;

2) proof; *ben* — führen, see **Rachweisen**, 2.

Mac'h weisbar, *adj.* demonstrable, assign-

able.

Mac'h weise ..., *in comp.* —ant, *n.* see **Rach-**

weisungsblatt; —buch, *n.* directory, book of

address.

Mac'h weisen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*Einem etwas*)

to show, point out, direct, to refer; 2) to

authenticate, prove, establish (a right, &c.);

to demonstrate. [*&c.*] *index*.

Mac'h weiser, (*str.*) *m.* director, referer,

Mac'h weiser, (*w.*) *f.* folio-number (in

a ledger).

Mac'h weislich, *adj.* see **Rachweise**.

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) direction, re-

ference; 2) authentication, proving, &c. see

Rachweis.

Mac'h weisung ..., *in comp.* —anfall, *f.* —

büreau, *n.* —Rat, *f.* office of reference or

address, register-office; —tisch, *n.* direc-

tory; —zeichen, *n.* *Typ.* sign of reference.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *f.* after-days, after-times,

after-ages, ensuing or future ages, posterity.

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* codicil.

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* wind in one's back,

favourable wind. [*preaching of the must.*]

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* *Vint.* last

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *n.* *tr. & intr.* to examine

the squaring. [*of winter*].

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* second winter; rear

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *n.* *intr.* to operate or

work after. —**Mac'h weisung**, (*w.*) *f.* secondary

or after-effect, or operation; lingering influence.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *f.* second wool.

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *n.* *intr. absp.* for **Rach-**

geben x. **weisen**. [*address*].

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *n.* concluding word or

Mac'h weis [—weis], (*str.*) *n. pl.* **Rachweis**

m. 1) after-growth; 2) new wood; 3) *sg.*

youth; fresh men, recruits.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* to follow with

one's wishes, to wish. —**Mac'h weisung**,

(*w.*) *f.* kind wishes for an absent friend, &c.,

(good) wish.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *n.* *tr. & intr.* to pay after

or later, to supply or pay the remainder of (a

sum), to make a subsequent payment.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* to count or number
again, to check; to count or tell over (a second
time); to count; durch die Hand —, to shoot
(money). —**Mac'h weis**, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* teller,
counter, controller.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *f.* supplementary or

after-payment, supply. [*over again*]. &c.

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) counting

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* 1) to imitate, as

if by magic; 2) to cause to follow by magic.

Mac'h weisung, (*str.*) *n.* *Min.* counter-mark.

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* *T.* to draw after,

from; to copy; to counter-draw. — **Mac'h**

weisung, (*str.*) *m.* copyist, copier. — **Mac'h**

weisung, (*w.*) *f.* copy, drawing from a pic-

ture.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *f.* after-time, the future.

Mac'h weisung, (*str.*) *n.* *tr.* 1) to draw

after; 2) *sg.* see (*nach sich*) **Ziehen**; *II. intr.*

(*aus. sein*) (*with. Dat.*) to follow, to go or

travel after; **Wandel** an —, *Comm.* bargain on

drawing samples.

Mac'h weisung, (*str.*) *m.* quit-rent.

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *n.* *tr.* to imitate or copy

minutely.

Mac'h weisung, (*w.*) *f.* last brood (of chickens,

&c.), last swarm (of bees) before winter.

Mac'h weisung, (*str.*) *n. pl.* **Rachweisung** *m.* rear, see

Rachtrab. — **Mac'h weisung**, (*str.*) *m.* straggler.

Mac'h weisung, (*str.*) *m.* nape, neck, crag, scrag;

coll.-s. (*cf. Hals*) einen eiseren, harten, störrigen

— haben, to be stiff-necked, see **Hartnäckig**; *ben*

— hoch or steif tragen, to carry a high head;

Einem auf dem — sein, liegen, to be at one's

heels; to persecute; to be troublesome, to

bore one; *ben* **Edelm** im — haben, to bear

secret malice; *in comp.* cervical artery,

vain, ligament, &c.; —**stiel**, *f.* *Vol.* pol-

liver; —**grube**, *f.* hollow of the neck; —**haar**,

n. back-hair; —**nerve**, *m.* *pl.* cervical nerves;

—**schlag**, *m.* 1) a blow from behind; 2) *sg.*

slender, back-biting; —**stiel**, *n.* neck, neck-

piece; —**wolle**, *f.* neck-wool; —**wur**, *m.* long

back-hair of females.

Mac'h weis, *l. or Rachtrab* (*coll. Rad'isch*), *adj.*

naked, nude; bare (*cf. also Rad'isch*); *in comp.*

—ant, *m.* see **Blindant**; —armig, —beinig *tr.*,

adj. with naked arms, legs, &c.; —**brust**, *f.*

Ichth. a species of eel (*Muraena* (*Gymnocheilus*)

melagris Shaw); —**fruchtig**, *adj.* *Bot.* gymno-

carpous; —**raden**, *m.* *Ichth.* electric eel (*Gym-*

nactus L.); —**jamig**, *adj.* *Bot.* gymnospermous;

—**schnecke**, *f.* *Zool.* naked snail, slug (*Limax*

L.); *II. R-hett*, (*w.*) *f.* nakedness, nudity;

barrenness, baldness; bare place.

Mac'h weis, *s. l.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) needle; pin; 2) see

Zeiger, &c.; 3) trigger (of a gun); 4) quill (of

a porcupine, hedgehog); 5) needle (of a crys-

tal); 6) *Bot.* acerosa, needle-leaf (of conif-

ers); eine cingelbelle —, needful; *sich auf*

ble — verstehen, to understand needle-work;

wie auf R-s sitzen, *sg.* to sit on needles;

II. in comp. —**büste**, *f.* see —**blei**; —**baum**, *m.*

a tree of the fir kind, *cf.* —**holz**; —**beritt**,

adj. (of cloth and similar stuffs) finished, ready

to be worked with the needle; —**blatt**, *n.* *Bot.*

acicular or acerosa leaf; —**blei**, *n.* tin or leaden

foot into which the needles (of a stocking-

frame) are stuck; —**blende**, *f.* *Minor.* red

antimony ore; —**brief**, *m.* —**buch**, *m.* needle-

book; —**büste**, *f.* needle-case; pin-case; —

crystal, *m.* *pl. Minor.* & *Bot.* raphides;

—**drat**, *m.* needle-wire; pin-wire; —**erg**,

m. *Minor.* needle-ore; —**fabrik**, *f.* needle-

mill; —**feder**, *f.* *T.* steel-spring (in the lock

of a gun); —**felle**, *f.* needle-ale; —**fertig**, see

—**beritt**; —**flügel**, *m.* *Ichth.* 1) horn-back, gar-

fish (*Esox delonus* L.); 2) needle-fish (*Syn-*

gnaethus acus L.); —**fürmig**, *adj.* in the form of

a pin, needle-like, needle-shaped, acicular,

aculeated, *Bot.* acerosa, acerosus; —**gelb**, *n.*

pin-money; —(**feder**)**grad**, *n.* —**häger**, *m.* *Bot.*

feather-grass (*Stipa pennsylv.* L.); —**grad**, *m.*

bottom of the sea covered with pointed shells;

—**häger**, *m.* needle-bearer; *Surg.* acutenacu-

lum, (*Fr.*) *portugallo*; —**häger**, *m.* see —**flügel**,

1; —**holz**, *n.* 1) trees of the pine or fir kind,

coniferous trees, having pointed and needle-

like leaves (*opp.* **Rambholz**); 2) pine forest;

—**kerbel**, *m.* *Bot.* (*fammfrüchtiger*) needle-

wood, shepherd's needle, Venus's comb (*Ston-*

dia pedon L.); —**häger**, *n.* pin-cushion; —**häger**,

—**häger**, *m.* head of a pin; —**häger**, *f.* *Minor.*

acicular lignite; —**häger**, *m.* *Turn.* nail-

head tool; —**häger**, *m.* pin- or needle-trade;

—**häger**, *n.* —**häger**, *f.* see —**kerbel**; —**häger**, *n.*

pin-hole; —**häger**, *m.* see **Rader**; —**häger**,

häger, *f.* see —**kerbel**; —**häger**, *f.* see —**kerbel**.

Mac'h weis, (*w.*) *s. l.* (*w.*) to fasten with

pins or needles; to sew; *II. intr.* to lose or

shed its leaves (said of coniferous trees).

Mac'h weis, *in comp.* —**häger**, *n.* eye of a

needle; —**papier**, *n.* a kind of (cartridge)

paper adapted for packing up needles, and

fine steel goods; —**häger**, *n.* needle-grinding;

—**häger**, *f.* see —**kerbel**; —**häger**, *m.* shank

or shaft of a pin; —**häger**, *n.* push-pin (a

children's play); —**häger**, *f.* see —**kerbel**; —**häger**,

m. *Minor.* needle-spar, argonite; spicular

carbonate spar; —**häger**, *f.* point of a needle

or pin; —**häger**, *m.* pin-dust; —**häger**, *n.*

Surg. acupuncture; —**häger**, *f.* pin-licker;

—**häger**, *m.* 1) *loadstone*, magnet; 2) *Min.*

needlestone; —**häger**, *m.* 1) a) pin-prick or

stitch; b) see —**kerbel**; 2) pin hole; —**häger**,

f. litter for cattle consisting of the pointed

leaves of fir or pines; —**häger**, *m.* see —**häger**;

—**häger**, *m.* see **Wadenwur**; —**häger**, *f.*

see —**häger**; *Minor.-s.* —**häger**, *m.* needle

soothe, natrolite, mesotype; —**häger**, *n.*

needle-tin.

* **Mac'h weis** (*Arab.*; *in Germ. poetry* &c. *gener.*

with the accent on the last syllable: Rad'isch,

(*str.*, *pl. R-s*) *m.* (*Asir. &*) *n.*, nadir.

Mac'h weis, (*str.*) *m.* needle-maker, needler,

</

—frant, *n.*, —nag, *f.*, —N, *m.*, —pfeffer, *m.*, —rinde, *f.*, *dc.* see Reiftraut, Reifkraut, Reifkraut; —rose, *f.* see Rosenrose; —wurzel, *f.* Pharm. root of hard beano.

Nagel..., *in comp.* —eisen, *n.* 1) iron slit or hammered into rods, nail-rods; 2) see —form; 3) Gumm. cartridge-drawer; —erg, *n.* Miner. columnar argillaceous iron-stone; —färb, *f.* nailery; —feln, *n.* 1) see Nagel, 2; 2) see Reibnagel; —feln, *adj.* nailed, immovable; nict- und —felle Gegenstände, fixtures; —feln, *m.* see —blüte; —feln, *m.* see —fluke; —fluke, *f.* Göl. broccia, gompfolite; —fluke, *m.* Surg. whitlow; —form, *f.* nail-bore, nail-mould; —frenum, *m.* †, distant relation: —fingung, *f.* Anat. gomphosis; —gefchwärz, *n.* Surg. whitlow, paronychia; —hagel, *m.* Mil. langrage; —hammer, *m.* 1) nail-hammer; 2) or —hammerwerk, *n.* nail-forge; —holz, *n.* 1) oak-wood used for large wooden-pins; 2) The pin which takes up the silk-thread; —kister, *m.* see Wehrkister; —kiste, *m.* see —mutter; —kiste, *m.*, —kiste, *f.* head of a nail; —kiste, *m.* nail-trade; —kiste, *n.* Bot. 1) lesser or upland burnet (*Potiarum sanguisorba* L.); 2) four-leaved all-seed, a plant of the order *Paronychia* (*Polycarpon tetraphyllum* L.); 3) mountain knot-grass (*Ilacorum paronychia* L.). [*grace* (Nageltraut, 2).

Nageltraut, (*str.*) *n.* Bot. early whitlow. **Nagel...**, *in comp.* —maul, *m.* mark of a nail; —maschine, *f.* T. endless screw; —mutter, *m.* Gumm. a kind of argillaceous limestone; —mutter, *f.* Anat. matrix of the nail. **Nagelrin**, (*n.*) *v.* I. *str.* to nail, spike; II. *intr.* Sport. to leave traces in the ground.

Nagel..., *in comp.* —nag, *adj.* vulg. spannow, bran-naw; —platte, *f.* see —tisch; —probe, *f.* nail-test (in drinking), supernaculum; die —probe trinken, to drink to the nail, to drink supernaculum; —raße, *m.* Loh. rook ray, dorn, thornback (*Raja* L.); —ratter, *f.* nail-scissors; —schmidt, *m.* nail-smith, nailer; —schneider, *m.* nail-cutter; *M.* mooter; —schrit, *f.* see Reifschrit; —schrote, *f.* T. chisel for cutting nails; —schwamm, *m.* Bot. pin-headed or dwarf agaric (*Agaricus aculeatus* L.); —spitz, *n.* Herald. cross-stone; —stein, *m.* Miner. onyx; —tisch, *f.* Furr. farrier's pouch; —wert, *m.* nail-work; —wurzel, *f.* 1) root of the nail; 2) whitlow; —zange, *f.* nail-nippers; —zahn, *m.* nail-claw; —zahn, *m.* Surg. inflammation of a finger or toe from the curvature of a nail, arctura.

Nagzu, (*n.*) *v.* *str.* & *intr.* 1) to gnaw, nipple, pick; 2) *sg.* to gnaw, sting, to prey (on); an den Nageln —, to bite one's nails; n-der Hunger, craving appetite or stomach; n-de Sorgen, gripping cares.

Nager, (*str.*) *m.* Zool. rodent, an animal that gnaws, as the beaver, &c.

Nage..., *in comp.* —schubel, *m.* Ornith. trogon, carion (*Trogon curvica* L.); —stier, *n.* see Nager; —wurm, *m.* *sg.* gripping poverty or cares.

Nagelein, (*str.*) *n.* see Nagelein.

Nagelein, (*str.*) *n.* nail-maker, nailer.

Nah, *adj.* (*compar.* näher, *superl.* nächst; [*it. provinc.*, &] in some exceptional cases: naher, nahe) 1) near, nigh; close; at hand; adjoining; 2) *sg.* imminent, impending (danger); short (term); — und fern, far and near, far and wide; — an, — bei, or nahe (*with Dat.*), near (the house, &c.); — an einander, close together; — bei, near, next, close, fast or hard by; — bei Leipzig, near Leipzig; *sg.* s. dem Tode —, near death; — verbunden, near of kin, nearly related; — davon sein, to be going to ... see im Begriff sein; — ansetzen, to concern directly and intimately, to come immediately home to; — bringen, see — legen; — geben (*with Dat.*), to grieve (*impers.*), to go near

one's heart; sich (*Dat.*) etwas — geben lassen, to take a thing to heart; — kommen (*with Dat.*), to come or draw near, to approach (to); (*en* Unaliität) to come up to; zu — kommen, to interfere with, *cf.* zu — treten; somit mir nicht zu —, keep your distance! let me alone! stand off! (*Einem* etwas) — legen, to suggest, to give to understand, to insinuate, to bring home (to ...), to put to one's heart, conscience; — liegen, *lit. & fg.* to lie near; das Weinen war mir sehr —, I was near crying; — stehen, to stand near; *fg.* to be closely connected with; ich stehe ihm nicht so —, I am but distantly acquainted with him; einer Ohnmacht —, near fainting; die — (bevorstehende) Weite, the approaching fair; — befreundet, intimately acquainted, close friends with; in n-er Zukunft, close in prospect; (*Einem*) zu — treten, to hurt (one's feelings, &c.), to prejudice, violate, infringe; (*Einem*) zu — reden, *provinc.* to defame, slander (one).

Näh..., *in comp.* —beutel, *m.* (lady's) work-bag; —breit, *n.* see —Neben.

Nähbetr, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* spy, informer. **Näh**, see Nah.

Näh, *f.* nearness, closeness, proximity, contiguity; presence; neighbourhood, propinquity; in der —, near (at hand), at one's elbow; die — der Weite, the fair being close at hand; er war in nächster —, he was within call; er hatte in der — des Hofes gelebt, he had lived about the court; — der Veranblichheit, proximity of blood; aus der — von Oßsch, from the neighbourhood of Oßsch, from near Oßsch; in der — betrachtet, to look close at, to examine closely.

Näheliegend, *adj.* contiguous; *fg.* obvious; näherliegende Fragen, questions much nearer home. [*to approach, draw near.*]

Nähem, (*n.*) *v.* *intr.* & *refl.* (*with Dat.*) **Nähem**, (*n.*) *v.* *str.* & *intr.* to sew, stitch; to do needle-work: *M.* see Nähen; (*Einem* das Band) —, *coll.* to thrash or drub one.

Näh, (*compar.* of Nah) *I. adj.* nearer, nigher; closer; ich fenne ihn nicht —, I am not intimately acquainted with him; nicht — ansetzen, not to be stated more explicitly; — beweisen, to prove further; — befehen, — untersuchen, to examine closely; (*Einem* — bringen, to bring within one's reach; er hat sich nicht — erklärt, he has not declared himself more distinctly; dem Horizont — bringen, *astr.* to depress the pole; n-n kaufen, cheaper; n-e Kunstst, or II. *s. R-e*, (*decl. like adj.*) *n.* the particulars, details (of a matter), further advice, more detailed information; R-e bei ... (*qu. erfragen*), for further particulars apply to ..., or inquire of ...; das R-e befragen die Anschlagsteller, for further particulars see the placards. [*plain-work; sempstresship.*]

Näh, (*n.*) *f.* sewing, needle-work. **Näh**, (*n.*) *f.* (*Näh*) *ermäßig*, (*str.*) *n.* seamstress, sempstress. [*recht*].

Näh, (*n.*) *m.* pro-emption (*Näh* — *Näh*, (*n.*) *v.* to approximate: I. *str.* to bring near; II. *refl.* to approach, draw near or nearer, to come on or near, to advance; sich dem Ende —, to draw to a close; es ist schwer sich ihm zu —, he is difficult of approach; sich seiner Vollenkung —, (of a building, &c.) to advance towards completion.

Näh, (*n.*) *adv.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) almost, nearly, see Beinahe. [*claim*].

Näh, (*n.*) *str.* prior right, nearer **Näh**, (*n.*) *f.* the (act of) bringing or drawing near, approach, approximation; R-spunct, *m.* *str.* apsis; n-sweife, *adv.* & *adj.* approximatively.

Näh, (*n.*) *adj.* Archit. systyle.

Näh, (*n.*) *str.* *n.* sewing thread or cotton; *M.* twine. [*combat*].

Näh, (*n.*) *str.* *pl.* R-näpfe) *m.* near

Näh ..., *in comp.* —nähen, *n.* sewing-box, lady's companion; —nähen, *n.* screw-cushion, sewing cushion; —nähen, *m.* sadder's sewing cloth; —nähen, *m.* lady's work-basket. **Näh**, (*str.*) *n.* see Rastell.

Näh, (*n.*) *f.* sewing-machine.

Näh, *str.* † for Rame.

Näh ..., *in comp.* —nabel, *f.* (sewing) needle; —nabel, *n.* sewing desk; —nähern, *n.* sewing-frame, frame for needle-work.

Näh, (*n.*) *m.* fostering soil.

Näh, (*n.*) *v.* I. *str.* 1) to foster, feed (mit, with, on), nourish, nurse; to support; das Weidfeld nährt seinen Herrn, the business yields a good income; 2) *fg.* to foster, cherish, entertain (hatred, &c.); sich von or mit etwas —, to feed, live on or upon, to live or to make one's livelihood by ...; II. *intr.* to nourish, be nourishing; n-n, *p. a. see* Nähst.

Näh ..., *in comp.* —gang, *m.* Anat. alimentary duct; —grün, *m.* alimony; —geflecht, *m.* process of nutrition.

Näh, *I. adj.* 1) nourishing, nutritive, nutritious, nutrimental, alimental, substantial, rich (diet); 2) *fg.* a) profitable, productive (of the soil); b) affording means for subsistence, lucrative; die n-e Zeit, good season; II. *refl.* (*n.*) *f.* 1) nutrition, alimentariness, substantiality; richness; 2) profitableness, &c.

Näh, *adj.* *provinc.* near, close; parimomous. [*ing-zing*].

Näh, (*n.*) *m.* tailor's thimble, sewing-frame, frame for needle-work.

Näh, (*n.*) *f.* power of affording nutriment. [*narrow, scanty, scarce*].

Näh, (*n.*) *adj.* 1) see Nähst; 2) *coll.* **Näh**, (*n.*) *m.* nursing, alimony.

Näh, *I. adj.* 1) giving no nourishment; poor (of food or soil); 2) unprofitable, dead, dull (trade, &c.); affording but scanty means of subsistence; nähre Zeit, hard times; II. *refl.* (*n.*) *f.* 1) want of nutriment; poorness, unproductiveness; 2) want of affording the means of subsistence; hardness.

Näh ..., *in comp.* —mittel, *n.* 1) see Nähst; 2) *pl.* means of subsistence; —mutter, *f.* see Flügelmutter; —stift, *m.* Mod. chyle.

Näh, (*n.*) *adj.* 1) industrious, see Betrieben; 2) see Nähst; II. *refl.* (*n.*) *f.* see Nähst.

Näh ..., *in comp.* —stift, *m.* working class, labouring class; —stift, *m.* see Nähst.

Näh, (*n.*) *f.* 1) nourishment, nutriment, food, aliment; diet; 2) livelihood, sustenance, maintenance; 3) means of subsistence, custom (*i. e.* customers), &c.; 4) *provinc.* trade, business, see Gewerbe, 1, a; — geben (*with Dat.*), *fg.* to minister to, to foster; to pander; to enrich (the soil).

Näh ..., *in comp.* —stift, *m.* Physiol. chyme; —canal, *m.* alimentary canal; —element, *n.* *pl.* nutritious principles; —stift, *m.* industry; —stift, *f.* chyle; —stift, *m.* see Gewerbe.

Näh, *I. adj.* 1) deprived of the means of subsistence; 2) see Nähst; II. *refl.* (*n.*) *f.* the being deprived of the means of subsistence, *cf.* Nähst.

Näh ..., *in comp.* —mangel, *m.* want of support, of means; —mittel, *f.* see —stift; —mittel, *m.* means of subsistence, food, provisions, victuals, aliments; —pflanze, *f.* food-plant; —quelle, *f.* source of living; —rühr, *f.* see —canal; —stift, *m.* 1) Physiol. chyle; 2) Bot. sap; —stift, *m.* Anat. alimentary tube; —stift, *f.* care for sustenance; *gener.* pl. cares of life; mit —stift kämpfen, to struggle for one's existence; —stift, *f.* see Gewerbe; —stift, *m.* nutritious matter, nourishment; —stift, *f.* rule of diet;

—begebenheit; —erforschung, *f.* natural phenomenon; —erzeugnis, *n.* natural produce, production of nature; —farben, —farbig, *adj.* (of) natural colour, primitive colour, the colour of life; eingegebene Wesen, —farben, native creatures, the colour of life; —fehler, *n.* natural or inborn defect; —forschung, *n.* natural philosopher, naturalist; —forschung, *f.* natural philosophy; —freund, *m.* a lover of nature; —gabe, *f.* gift of nature, talent, geniality, *pl.* natural parts, endowments; —gebrechen, *n.* natural infirmity; —gemäß, *adj.* & *adv.* agreeable to nature; —geschickte, *f.* natural history; —geschichtliche, *adj.* pertaining to natural history; —geschichtliche Forschungen, natural history researches; —geschichtliche Gesellschaft, society of natural history or natural history society; das —geschichtliche Museum, cabinet of natural history; —gesetz, *n.* law of nature; —getreu, *adj.* true to nature; to the life, taken from life; —gewicht, *n.* Comm. prime weight; —glauben, *m.* natural belief (opp. Offenbarungsglaube); —gläubige, *m.* natural believer, rationalist, naturalist; —gut, *n.* see —erzeugnis.

Naturhaft, *adj.* see —gemäß.

Natur ... in comp. —ganz, *m.* propensity, disposition, idiosyncrasy; —heilung, *f.* self cure; —historiker, *m.* natural historian; —historisch, see —geschichtlich; —kammer, —kammer, *m.* see —forschung; —kenntnis, *f.* science of nature; —kind, *n.* child of nature; —kunde, *f.* see —lehre; —laut, *m.* natural sound; —länge, *adj.* onomatopoeic; —lehre, *f.* physics; natural philosophy; physiology; —lehrer, *m.* natural philosopher; physiologist.

Natürlich, *I. adj.* 1) natural, according to nature; 2) native; 3) true, right, genuine; 4) innate; 5) unaffected, artless: *n.-e* Größe, *T.* natural scale; *ein n.-es Kind*, natural child; *ein n.-es Bedürfnis* verdrängen or befriedigen, to ease the wants of nature; *n.-er Weise*, naturally, of course; auf *n.-e Weise* effahren, to rationalise (a miracle, &c.); *II. f.-heit*, (*n.*) *f.* naturalness (of manner, &c.).

Natur ... in comp. —menschen, *m.* natural man; man in a state of nature; *n.-er* triner —menschen, a mere (or quite a) man of nature's creation; —ordnung, *f.* order of nature; —pflicht, *f.* natural duty, obligation; —philosophie, *f.* natural or experimental philosophy; —philosophisch, *adj.* pertaining to natural philosophy; —produkt, *n.* see —erzeugnis; —recht, *n.* natural right, right by nature; —reich, *n.* natural kingdom; nature; —selbstbrut, *m.* nature's own printing; —selbstheit, *f.* natural curiosity; —sinn, *m.* feeling for nature; —spiel, *n.* sport of nature (*lucius naturae*), natural curiosity; —staud, *m.* see —juchend; —studien, *pl.* studies from nature; —stürmer, *m.* coll. one who by a dissolute life undermines his constitution; —ton, *m.* accent of nature; —trieb, *m.* instinct; —vergessen, *adj.* *sg.* unnatural; —voll, *n.* people living in a state of nature; —wahrheit, *f.* truth to nature; —widersig, *adj.* & *adv.* contrary to, against (the laws, intent of) nature, abnormal; —widersigheit, *f.* the being contrary to, against nature, irregularity; —wissen[schaft], *f.* natural or physical science, natural philosophy; —wissen[schaftlich], *adj.* pertaining to natural or physical science, physical; —wille, *f.* natural will; —wuchs, *adj.* growing up of itself, (of) spontaneous (growth), natural, inartificial, unforced, untutored, genuine; —wunder, *n.* wonder, curiosity in or of nature; —zug, *m.* characteristic of nature; —zustand, *m.* state of nature, naturalism; —zwang, *m.* intent or purpose of nature.

Natur, (*n.*) *f.* province. (*Switz.*) boat.

* Naturseher, (*str.*) *m.* (G.) ship's telescope.

* Natut, (*n.*) *f.* nautics. — Naturer, (*n.*) *f.*

(*str.*) *m.* one skilled in nautics. — Natutisch, *adj.* nautical.

* Navigations-, (*n.*) *f.* navigation; *N.-fach*, *f.* act of navigation; *N.-schule*, (*n.*) *f.* school of navigation, navigation-school.

* Nagerer, Nagerer, (*str.*) *m.* Nazarean, Nazarene, Nazari; *Paint.* Nazarean.

Nager, *n.* Geogr. Naples; —gelb, *n.* 1) *Miner.* antimoniate of lead; 2) *Paint.* Naples yellow; —falbe, *f.* Pharm. blue ointment. — Neapolitaner, (*str.*) *m.*, Neapolitanisch, *adj.* Neapolitan.

Nebel, *a. l.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) fog, mist, haze; 2) *sg.* mist, veil; *II. in comp.* pertaining to mist, misty, foggy; —baul, *f.* see —land; (optisch) —bilder, *n. pl.* dissolving views; —bogen, *m.* a kind of rainbow in a fog; —bede, *f.* misty veil, curtain of mist; —bunst, *m.* haze; damp.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *f.* coll. underhand dealings.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *in comp.* —farbig, *adj.* light or whitish gray; —ferne, *f.* misty or undefined distance; —fleck, *m.* 1) *Astr.* nebula; 2) *sg.* dim speck; —gebilde, *n.* —gestalt, *f.* misty form, airy vision; —gewand, *n.* see —bede; —grün, *adj.* gray like fog.

Nebelfelt, *I. adj.* see Nebelig; *II. N.-ig-felt*, (*n.*) *f.* mistiness, haziness.

Nebelfelt ... in comp. —höhe, *f.* see —fappe, 1.; —höhe, *f.* misty height; —hülle, *f.* see —bede; —hypothese, *f.* nebular hypothesis.

Nebelig, Nebelicht, *adj.* 1) mist-like; misty, foggy, hazy, damp; 2) *sg.* dim, obscure.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *in comp.* —fappe, *f.* 1) hood of mist; 2) magic hood (rendering the wearer invisible); —fräse, *f.* Ornith. hooded crow, royston-crow (*Corvus cornix* L.); —laub, *n.* Mar. fog-bank; —monat, *m.* fog-month, November.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *v. intr.* (*impers.*) 1) to be misty, foggy; 2) *sg.* to be dim, obscure; das — und Schwärzen, random speculation.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *in comp.* —regen, *m.* drizzle, drizzling rain; —ring, *m.* annular nebula; —schicht, *f.* Meteor. sheets of clouds that rest on the earth's surface, fall-cloud, stratus; —schleier, *m.* misty veil; —signal, *n.* Mar. fog-signal (—light); —stein, *m.* 1) chalcodony; 2) nepheline; —stern, *m.* nebulous star, cloudy star; —wetter, *n.* foggy weather.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *prop.* (*with the Dat.*, when it expresses rest or motion in or near a place, with the Acc., when indicating motion towards, into the neighbourhood of a place) by, near, by the side of, at one's side, close to, with; besides; *er saß — mit*, he sat at my side; *stelle es — mich*, put it near me; —einander, by the side of each or one another, side by side; together; —einander gestellt, juxtaposed; —einander gehen, to walk abreast; —einander her gehen, *sg.* to go on simultaneously.

Nebelf, (*n.*) *in comp. gener.* denoting something adjoining, accessory, additional, secondary, or subordinate; —ablicht, *f.* underdesign, by-end, by-view, secondary view (design); —achse, *f.* Geom. conjugate axis; —adresse, *f.* Comm. address (or direction) in case of need; —aller, *f.* by-walk; —altar, *m.* by-altar; —an, *adv.* hard or close by; next door; note — an Berner, Comm. as per margin; —anführer, *m.* second leader, commander; —arbeit, *f.* by-work; incidental labour; —arbeiter, *m.* work-fellow; —art, *f.* secondary kind; by-breed, cross-breed; —arterien, *f. pl.* Anat. collateral or accessory arteries; —artifel, *m.* subordinate or secondary article; —anfrage, 1) incidental expense, see —lohn; 2) by-edition; —sagen, *f.* see —linie, 1.; —band, *n.* secondary or accessory ligament; —batterie, *f.* by-battery; —bau, *m.* see —gebäude; —be-

deutung, *f.* collateral signification, by-meaning; —bediente, *m.* fellow servant; —begriff, *m.* collateral idea; —bei, *adv.* 1) close by, next, adjoining; 2) along with, besides, extra; by the way, by the by, incidentally; —bericht, *m.* additional information or report; —beschäftigung, *f.* extra-occupation; —beweis, *m.* accessory proof, additional argument; —bewohner, see —wohner; *Bol.-s.* —blatt, *n.* 1) stipula; 2) floral leaf, bractea; —blattartig, —blattbedig, —blättrig, *adj.* stipulate; —blattförmig, *adj.* bractiform; —blattlos, *adj.* exstipulate; —blid, *m.* side glance; —brief, *m.* additional letter; —bruder, *m.* brother; fellow-creature; fellow-being, Script. neighbour; —buch, *m.* subsidiary-book; —buhler, *m.* rival, competitor; —buhleret, *f.* rivalry; —buhlerin, *f.* female rival; —buhlerisch, *adj.* rival, rivaling; —buhlerisch, *f.* rivalryship; —bürge, *m.* fellow-bail, additional or second-bail; —christ, *m.* fellow-christian; —cristel, *m.* see —freis; —bing, *m.* secondary (subordinate) thing or matter; by-matter; —bürle, *f.* Anat. collateral gland; —burdmesser, *m.* Geom. conjugate diameter; —cinander, see above; —cinander bestehen, to co-exist; —cinanderstehen, *adj.* *Bol.* apposite, collateral; —cinanderstellung, *f.* juxtaposition; —cinangang, *m.* side entrance; —cinfinste, *f. pl.* —cinnahme, *f.* extra-income; fees, perquisites, emoluments; —erbe, *m.* co-heir; —fach, *n.* secondary division, subordinate department, compartment; —feben, *m.* supplemental thread; —farbe, *f.* Paint. derivative or secondary colour; —felge, *f.* Hydr. strengthening felly; —felleisen, *n.* by-bag; —figür, *f.* subordinate figure; Paint. accessory; —flügel, *m.* by-wing; —flus, *m.* tributary, subsidiary, or contributory stream, affluent, branch, feeder; —folge, *f.* indirect result; —forderung, *f.* secondary or accessory claim; —form, *f.* collateral form; —fortsatz, *m.* Anat. accessory apophysis; —frage, *f.* secondary question; —fran, *f.* concubine; —gang, *m.* 1) by-walk, by-lane; 2) Archt. private corridor or passage; —gasse, *f.* (*dimin.* —gäßchen, *n.*) by-street, by-lane; —gebäude, *n.* wing of a building, out-building; office; out-house; adjoining or neighbouring building; —gebühren, —gefühle, *pl.* fees of office, perquisites; —gehaufe, *m.* 1) secondary or by-thought; 2) Mus. accessory or subordinate idea; —gegend, *f.* secondary region; —gemach, *n.* 1) side-chamber, closet; 2) adjoining apartment; —gericht, *n.* side-dish; —geschäft, *n.* 1) secondary occupation or business; 2) branch-establishment, by-concern; —geschmack, *m.* by-taste, smack (Beigeschmack); —geschöpf, *n.* fellow-creature; —gefell, *m.* fellow-journeyman, work-fellow; —gesetz, *n.* by-law; —gestalt, *f.* see —figur; —gestirn, *n.* Miner. partition-rock; —gewinn, —gewinnst, *f.* by-profit, extra-gain; —gestirne, *m.* tributary glacier; —gut, *n.* dependent (*Law*, acquired) estate; —hafen, *m.* by-port, underport; —handlung, *f.* 1) by-action, underplot; episode; 2) or —handlungshaus, *m.* branch establishment; —haus, *m.* by-house; neighbouring house; —hütchen, *n.* Anat. accessory membrane; —hüt, *adv.* along with, by or at the side of, by the way, &c.; —interesse, *m.* by- or private interest; —kammer, *f.* adjoining closet; —kell, *m.* Bot. calyle; —kellig, *adj.* Bot. calylead, calylead; —kell, *m.* bastard; —kirche, *f.* chapel of ease; —klang, *m.* accessory sound; —knoten, *m.* *sg.* secondary plot, by-intrigue; —kosten, *pl.* Comm. & Law, incidental or extra-charges, incidents, extraordinaries, extras, petty charges; —kreis, *m.* Astr. epicycle; —kristall, *m.* fellow-apprentice; —kristall, *f.* T. lost effect (of a machine); —linie, 1) Railw. f. collateral line, by-rail; 2) Mus. ledger-line; —loste, *m.*

branch-pilot; —magb, *f.* by-maid; —mann, *m.* 1) next man (of soldiers); 2) second (illegal) husband; 3) *Ag.* fellow, compeer, rival; —mensch, *m.* fellow-creature, fellow-man; —moffe, *f.* by-fair; —mond, *m.* *Phys.* parasolene, mock moon; —muskel, *m.* accessory muscle; —netzen, *pl.* secondary nerves; —niere, *f.* suprarenal gland; —nistr, *f.* *pl.* *Mus.* secondary notes; notes of passage or of change; —ordnung, *f.* co-ordination; —organe, *pl.* *Bot.* accessory organs; —person, *f.* person of secondary importance; —pfad, *m.* by-path; —pfarrf., *f.* living of a chapel of ease; —pfarrer, *m.* minister of a chapel of ease; —pfeller, *m.* adjoining-pillar; —pführer, *m.* portionist; —plan, *m.* underplot; —planet, *m.* secondary planet, satellite; —platz, *m.* by-place; —post, *f.* cross post; by-post; —postamt, *m.* by-post-office; —posten, *m.* incidental expense, *c.* —preis, *m.* second best premium, second prize, *accessit*; —prozess, *m.* meane process; —punct, *m.* collateral or accessory point, incident; —querschnitte, *f.* *Mech.* versed co-sine; —rechnung, *f.* by-account; —rechnung, *m.* secondary or outer rain-bow; —reise, *f.* incidental or intermediate tour or voyage; —reihe, *f.* subordinate or accessory part, by-part; —rückblick, *f.* secondary consideration, side-respect; by-view; —sache, *f.* by-matter, incident, secondary thing or consideration; affair distinct from the main business; *Law.* appurtenance; als —sache or —sachlich, *adj.* accidental, unessential; —satz, *m.* incidental proposition; *Gramm.* accessory or secondary clause or sentence; *Log.* parembol; —scheibe, *f.* *Bot.* ochrea; —schiff, *n.* *Archit.* side-aisle, low aisle; —schmied, *m.* see —geschmied; —schmittlinie, *f.* *Geom.* co-secant; —schuß, *m.* sucker, scion, side-shoot; —schreiben, *m.* by-letter; —schuß, *f.* secondary, additional debt or guilt; —schutzbuer, *m.* 1) fellow-debtor; 2) outside-creditor; —schußel, *f.* by-dish; —sehr, *adj.* —teile, *f.* 1) by-side; 2) near-side; —seitig verdrängt, *Comm.* noted on the next-page; —seune, *f.* *Phys.* parabellion, mock-sun; —speisen, *pl.* extraordinary charges, see —kosten; —spröß, —sprößling, *m.* scion, sucker; —stehnb, *adj.* 1) standing near or by; die —stehnb, *pl.* by-standers; 2) *Ag.* annexed; accompanying; nile —stehnb, *Comm.* as noted on the other side; as per margin; —stemer, *f.* additional tax; —stimmen, *f.* *pl.* *Mus.* those parts in concertos, &c. which fill up the harmony and play only occasionally, *c.* *Stippen*; —strang, *m.* *Radw.* side-track; —straße, *f.* by-road, branch-road; by-street; off-street; —strett, *m.* *Law.* incident; —strom, *m.* tributary stream; —stube, *f.* adjoining room; by-room; —stück, *m.* 1) by-piece; 2) pendant; —stunde, *f.* spare-hour, leisure-hour; —theil, *m.* adventitious part; underpart; *Bot.* accessory part; —thor, *m.* by-gate; next gate; —thür, *f.* by-door; next door; —tisch, *m.* sideboard; —ton, *m.* 1) incidental sound; 2) *Mus.* second; 3) *Gramm.* secondary accent; —tonig, *adj.* having the secondary accent; —trappe, *f.* by-stairs; —uhr, *f.* declining dial; —umfaß, *m.* accessory, additional (accidental, collateral) circumstance; concurrent; —ursache, *f.* by-reason, collateral or secondary cause; —venen, *pl.* *Anat.* collateral veins; —verbrüß, —vertrag, *m.* sub-treaty; —vertheil, *m.* see —vertheil; —wasch, *m.* bee-gue; —weg, *m.* 1) by-way, by-road, by-path, cross road; by walk; 2) *Ag.* indirect means or way; —weib, *n.* concubine; —wert, *m.* by-work; extra work; —wind, *m.* side-wind; —winkel, *m.* 1) *Geom.* adjoining (or adjacent) angle; 2) *coll.* by-corner; —wüßner, *m.* *Phys.* *Geogr.* inhabitant under the same latitude, plantoci, perioeci; —würt, *n.* *Gramm.*

1) adverb; 2) predicate; —würstlich, *adj.* adverbial; —zeiten, *n.* see Bräutchen; —zitat, *m.* accessory ornament; —zimmer, *n.* adjoining or by-room; drawing room; —zoll, *m.* additional or extra duty; —zollamt, *n.* district excise-office; —zug, *m.* additional stop (of an organ); —zug, *m.* by-end, subordinate aim; —zugel, *m.* lateral branch.
Reb'ig, adj. see Rebenstend.
Reb'ig, see Rebellig.
Reb'ig, prop. (with Dat.) together with, besides, including; —bei, *adv.* *provinc.* for Rebenbei.
Reb'ist, (w.) m. 1) a) a painter of cloud or sky pieces; b) a hasty, careless painter; 2) or *Reb'iter, (str.) m.* one who loses himself in misty or dim speculations.
Reb'ist's, adj. nebulous, nebulous.
Reb'it, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to tease (wegen, about), provoke, irritate; to rally (on), to banter, quiz. [quizzier, quiz.
Reb'it, (str.) m., Reb'erin, (w.) f. teaser.
Reb'it, (w.) f. the act or habit of teasing, provocation, rally.
Reb'it, adj. 1) or *Reb'it, teasing, inclined to tease; 2) droll, comical, curious.*
Reb'it's, (str.) m. (Gr.) necrology, obituary.
Reb'mant', (w.) m. necromancer. —
Reb'mantie', (w.) f. necromancy.
Reb'tar, (str.) m. (Gr.) nectar; —pfl'sche, *f.* nectarine. —
Reb'tar'sch, adj. nectarean, nectareous. —
Reb'tar'ium, (str., pl. *Reb'tar'ien*) *n.* *Bot.* nectary, honey-cup.
Reb, fam. for Reim.
Reb, (w.) f. *Mor.* eddy.
Reb'ten, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to sit or lay out (with dunnage, &c.), for Garniren.
Reb'te, (w.) I. m. nephew; *Reb'tegung, f.* nepotism; *Reb'tschaft, f.* relationship of a nephew; *II. (w.) f.* see Blattlast.
Reb'tin, (w.) f. *provinc.* niece.
Reb'tum, (str.) m. *Ichth.* see Fajel, 2.
Reb'tion', (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) negation; 2) *Gramm.* negative. —
Reb'tion', adj. negative; *adv.* negatively.
Reb'ter, (str.) m. negro, moor; *Reb'terin, (w.) f.* negro-woman; in comp. —
artig, adj. negro-like; —
auffcher, m. negro-driver; —
stich, m. *Ichth.* blue-stickle-back (*Gasterosteus nigra*); —
handel, m. slave-trade, negro-traffic; —
haus, n. negro-yard; —
hirse, f. *Bot.* Indian millet (*Eleusine indica*); —
kopf, m. 1) head of a negro; 2) a variety of the common lettuce; 3) *Twm.* vegetable ivory; —
lern, n. *Bot.* negro-corn, Guinea-corn (*Eleusine indica*); —
land, n. *Geogr.* Nigritia, negro-land; —
markt, —schiff, see Eclavenmarkt, Eclavenschiff.
Reb'tren, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to deny.
Reb'tig, (pr. nēglissh) (*str., pl.* *Reb't*) *n.* (*Fr.*) negligee, undress.
Reb'tiel, adj. (Lat.) negotiable. —
Reb'tiren, Reb'tiren, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to negotiate, traffic. —
Reb'tiation', (w.) f. negotiation, operation. —
Reb'tig, (str.) m. traffic.
Reb'tmen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to take; to take away; to take possession of; *Einem etwas —*, to take something from one; *vor den Augen —*, to remove from the eyes, &c.; 2) to take, capture (a ship); *Nach* to carry (a rampart, a town, &c.); *auf* or *über sich (Acc.) —*, to take on or upon one's self; *zu sich —*, 1. to take (food, a child, &c.); 2. or *an sich (Acc.) —*, to take to one's self, to put in one's pocket; *einen Anfang —*, to begin, commence; *ein Ende —*, to end, finish, cease, to draw to a period; *Schaden —*, to suffer damage; *in's Haus —*, to receive into one's house; *an Bord —*, to take or receive on board; *einander nichts —*, *coll.* to be fairly matched; *ich nahm ihn für seinen Bruder, I took (mistook) him for his*

brother; *sein Nachfolger —*, to take up one's quarters for the night; *woher es —?* how to get it? —
Die ein Etüden, have a side; sich (Dat.) ein Recht —, to arrogate a right.
II. tr. imper. in: es nimmt mich Wunder, it takes me by surprise.
III. refl. to behave, see Benehmen refl. 1.
Reb'ter, (str.) m. Comm. taker, buyer; taker (eines Bedarfs, of a bill), payee.
Reb'tsch, (str., pl. R-fische) m. *Gramm.* *Reb'tsch, see* Rämlich. [ablative.
Reb'tung, (w.) f. (L. G.) low land or coast (Wiederung).
Reb't, (str.) m. envy, grudge, jealousy; re-pining; *mit —*, in envy (gegen, of); in comp. —
ben, m. *Law.* a building undertaken to injure another.
Reb'ten, (w.) v. I. intr. to envy; *II. tr.* (Einem um —, or Einem etwas) see Beneiden; *Reb'tig, adj.* worth being envied.
Reb'ter, (str.) m. grudger, envier; better —
als Mittheider, it is better to be envied than pitied.
Reb'tig, Reb'tig, Reb'tig, adj. envious (auf [with Acc.], of), grudging; jealous (of).
Reb't..., in comp. — *haben, m.* see —
magel; — *hammel, coll. (+ & provinc.* *Reb'ting, Reb'ter)* *m.* an envious, grudging person; —
stet, m. provinc. *Bot.* Alexandrian clover.
*Reb'tig, I. unenvious, without envy, not grudging; *adv.* ungrudgingly; II. R-fegelt, (w.) f. unenviousness, &c.*
Reb't..., in comp. — *magel, m.* *Med.* agnail, hang-nail, flaw at the root of the nail; —
schult, f. envious disposition; —
schult, — *schult, adj.* envious, full of envy.
Reb'te, (w.) f. 1) inclination; slope; auf der —, a tilt, in a sloping direction; 2) sediments, tilings, dregs, lees; remains, rest; 3) *Ag.* decline, wane, decay; end; auf die —
gehen, to be on the decline, to decline, ebb, decrease, to run short; unser Lager davon geht auf die —, *Comm.* we are almost out of this article; our stock is nearly up or exhausted; *es geht mit ihm auf die —*, he is going towards his end or his decline; *wohl ihm der bis auf die —* | *triu gelebt sein Leben hat (Hader)*, happy he, who, till its waning, or hath lived a life of truth (*Bask*).
Reb'ten, (w.) v. I. tr. to bend, incline; to lower, to tilt (a cart); *II. refl. 1)* to bow (vor [with Dat.], to); to make or drop a courtesy; 2) to bend, lean, turn, to be inclined to or towards; to slope; *Phys.* to dip (of the needle); 3) to decline; *die Sonne neigt sich*, the sun goes down or sinks; *sich zu Ende —*, to grow towards an end, to draw to a close; *der Tag neigt sich zu Ende, the day is on the wane, is almost spent; sich zu ... —*, *Ag.* to be inclined in favour of ...; to incline, lean to or towards ...; *er neigt (sich) zur Erleichterung, he is liable to catch cold; er neigt (sich) zum Trunk, he takes to drinking.*
Reb'tung, (w.) f. inclination; 1) *bt. a)* slope; declivity; b) (*Reb'tung* eines Fohels) pitch (angle of inflection of a plane-iron); c) *Corp.* inclination (of the rafters); d) *Min.* dip, hade, hading (of a metallic vein); e) *Reibte* (ascending or descending) incline, gradient; f) —
der Reibte, inclination (dip) of the needle; g) Astr. declination; 2) *Ag. a)* bias, leaning (zu, towards), propensity, proneness, disposition; *hätten Sie — zu ...*, would you feel inclined to ...; —
zum Reibte, aptness to rust; — *zum Erbreiten, squeamishness; b)* affection, fancy, preference (zu, for); —
zu etwas haben or fassen, to take a fancy to ...; er hat eine — zu ihr, he has a kindness for her; eine — zum Fallen or Erstigen, Comm. a lowering or an upwards tendency (of exchanges, &c.); *die Preise haben eine — zum Fallen or Erstigen, the prices tend downwards or look upwards.*

honouring dishonour; —*Griff*, m. one not a christian; —*heßen*, n. non-existence, non-
entity; absence; —*heßen*, n. no-thinking;
—*heßen*, m. one not exercising his faculty of
thinking; —*heßen*, f. intolerance.

Nichte, (w.) f. niece (*dämsel*). *Nichtchen*,
(str.) n. little niece, dear niece).

Nicht ..., in comp. —*erfüllung*, f. non-
fulfilment, non-performance; —*erlangung*, f.
non-obtainment; —*erweisen*, n., —*erwei-
sen*, f. Law, default of appearance, ab-
sence, non-appearance; —*geheiß*, m. un-
learned, non-student; —*haltung*, f. non-
formance; —*honourierung*, f. Comm. disho-
nour; —*id*, n. Phil. the non-ego, external
(irrational) world.

Nichtig, I. adj. 1) null; void, of no force;
2) vain, empty, frivolous; idle, flimsy (pretent);
transitory, perishable; —*mach*, n. to abolish;
II. *Nicht*, (w.) f. 1) nullity; nothingness,
non-reality; voidness; 2) emptiness; vanity;
perishableness; —*Nichtsehrung*, f. disan-
niment; —*Nichtseis*, m. Law, proof pro-
duced to nullify a claim; —*Nichtseisung*,
f. *Nichtseisung*, f. Law, plea of nullity,
(Lat.) *querela nullitatis*.

Nicht ..., in comp. —*früher*, m. non-con-
science, novice, non-judge; —*Früher*,
adj. non-conducting; —*früher*, m. non-con-
ductor; —*lieferung*, f. non-delivery; —*meß-
wechsel*, m. bill drawn out of the time of fair.

Nichts, I. pr. nothing, nought; II. a. n.
nothingness, nothing; not any; *Eie* *der* *früher* *in*
unmögliches verlangen, you must not demand
anything impossible; — *der* *Art*, — *von* *dem*,
no such thing; *so viel wie* —, next to nothing;
frü — *adren*, to esteem as nothing (lightly); —
heß *weniger*, nevertheless, notwithstanding;
— *weniger als* ..., anything but ...; — *weniger*
als *best*, this least of all; — *wertig*, of no
worth, of no value; *aus* — *wird* —, from
nothing nothing comes; *es kann* — *aus* *der*
Gede *werten*, the thing cannot be done;
es wurde — *daraus*, it came to nothing; *es ist*
— *an ihm*, there is nothing in him; — *von*
jezt *früher*, none of that rigour; *frü*, *wegen*,
um — *und* *weider* —, without the slightest
reason; *um* — *spielen*, to play for love; *es ist*
— *denn*, it is not true, there is no truth in
it; *mir* — *dir* —, *fam.* without more ado,
coll. with a why not; *proverbs*, *wer* — *wagt*,
gewinnt —, nothing venture nothing have;
ne ist, *hat* *der* *Kaiser* *sein* *Nicht* *verloren*,
where nought is to be had the king must
lose his right.

Nichts *beistehen*, adj. *see* — *legend*.

Nichtsein, (str.) n. nonentity, nullity; non-
existence.

Nicht ..., in comp. —*nüt*, m. good for
nothing follow; —*nüt*, —*nütig*, —*nütig*, adj.
a. adv. of no use, worthless, good for no-
thing; —*nütigkeit*, f. worthlessness; —*legend*,
adj. insignificant, unmeaning, futile, nug-
atory; — *legend* *Nicht*, pl. empty speeches,
nothings; —*thuer*, m. idler; —*thuer*, f., —
thun, n. inaction, idleness; —*thuer*, f., —
ignominus; —*würdig*, adj. worthless; vile,
fiveline; futile, trifling; contemptible; —
würdig, f. 1) worthlessness, vileness, a.,
futility; 2) worthless thing or action, trifle.

Nicht ..., in comp. —*verantwortlichkeit*, f.
irresponsibility; —*verrechnung*, f. Law, non-
joinder; —*verrechnung*, n. pl. countries not
belonging to the Zoll-Verrein; —*verrechnung*,
m. want of male; —*verrechnung*, f. non-execution;
non-fulfilment; non-performance; —*wider-
stand*, m. non-resistance; —*würdig*, f. *see*
würdig; —*wissen*, n. the not knowing,
ignorance; —*wissen*, n. nollition; —*zahlung*,
f. Comm. non-payment; —*zahlung*, f. non-
admission.

Nick, (str.) I. m. nod; II. n. provinc. *see*
Genid.

Nickel, s. I. (str.) m. 1) *Mün.* nickel; 2)
vulg. m. & n. nasty, dirty person; m. f. & n.
strumpet, drab; II. in comp. —*arsenifit*,
—*glanz*, m. nickel glance, sulpho-arsenure
of nickel; —*erg*, n. nickel ore; —*fäulig*, m.
—*metall*, n. Chem. regulus of nickel.

Nicken, (w.) s. I. *intr.* 1) to nod (mit dem
Kopfe, the head); n-b, Bot. nutant; (Wincen)
to beckon, to salute by nodding; 2) to doze;
II. *str.* *see* *Genid*.

Nicker, (str.) m. 1) nodder, &c.; 2) doze,
nap; 3) *see* *Genid*; 4) provinc. ex-
ecutioner.

Nickfang, *Nickfänger*, *see* *Genid* ...

Nick ..., in comp. —*haut*, f. Anat. nictitant
membrane; —*hupf*, m. coll. nod; —*hupf*, m.
easy-chair (*Rehnhupf*); —*hupf*, f. doring-
Nickel, m. Nicholas (P. N.). [hour.

Nickel, *Nickel*, (str.) m. & (w.) f. provinc.
(Swiss.) cream.

Nie, adv. never, cf. *Niemals*.

Nieden, *see* *Genid*.

Nieder, I. adj. 1) low, lower; nother; se-
condary, subordinate; inferior; 2) *fig.* mean,
low; *die* *n* — *Jagd*, the hunting of hares,
foxes, beavers, badgers, otters, snipes, par-
tridges, and other small fowl (*opp.* *hohe* *Jagd*
in *Goß*); II. adv. low; down; auf und —, up
and down.

Nieder ..., in comp. —*Nieder*, n. *Geogr.*

Nieder, (str.) v. *ref.* to
descend, come down; —*bringen*, (w.) s. *tr.* to
lead or bow down; *fig.* to overcome, humi-
liate, humble, bring down; to depress; —
bohren, (w.) s. *tr.* for Durchbohren, Erbrechen,
which *see*; —*bohr*, m. *Mar.* lower board, lar-
board; —*bohrschiff*, n. *Mar.* low-built ship;
—*brechen*, —*bringen*, &c., to break, bring,
&c. down; —*brechen*, to burn down, (of
buildings, &c.) to be burnt down, cf. *Ab-
brechen*; —*bringen*, *Mün.* to sink (a shaft);
—*bümpfen*, s. & *Chem.* to subact; —*bümpfung*,
f. subaction; —*deutsch*, adj. Lower German,
peculiar to Lower Germany; —*deutsch*, m. &
f. (*decl.* *like* *adj.*) native of Lower Germany;
—*deutschland*, n. *Geogr.* Lower Germany;
—*druck*, m. *Mech.* low pressure (steam engine,
[steam] boiler); —*drücken*, (w.) s. *tr.* 1) to
press or weigh down; 2) *fig.* to depress; to
oppress or weigh down (with care, &c.); *die*
Preise —*drücken*, to depress or to beat down
the prices; —*elbe*, f. *Geogr.* Nether or Lower
Elbe; —*fahren*, (str.) v. 1) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)
to drive or shoot down, descend rapidly; *zur*
Grube —*fahren*, to die; *zur* *Hölle* —*fahren*,
Script. descended into hell; II. *tr.* to knock,
run, or throw down by driving against; —*fahrt*,
1) descent; 2) place of descent; —*fall*, m.,
—*fallen*, n. (the act of) falling down, down-
fall; prostration; Sport alighting; —*fallen*,
(str.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to fall down; to
drop down (dead); to tumble down; 2) to
prostrate one's self, to fall down on one's
knees; 3) *Chem.* to be deposited, settle;
4) *Sport.* to alight (of birds); —*gang*, m.
1) a) the (act of) going down; b) T. down-
stroke, descent (of a piston); 2) sunset, de-
cline, west; —*gebogen*, —*gebogen*, p. a. Bot.
reclined, declinate; —*gebrüht*, f. depre-
ssion; —*gehen*, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to go
down, to set (of the sun, &c.), to sink, sub-
side; —*gericht*, n. 1) inferior court; 2) *Sport.*
decoy place; —*grüßigen*, p. a. 1) beaten
down; down-cast (look, &c.); 2) *fig.* cast
down, dejected, low-spirited, out of heart;
—*grüßigen*, f. dejection, dejectedness,
depression of spirits or mind, low spirits;
—*halten*, s. *tr.* to keep down, under, or in
check, to curb; —*hängen*, v. *intr.* to hang
down; to sag, slouch; Bot. to droop; —*hauen*,

(irr.) v. *tr.* to hew or cut down; to slaughter;
—*hauen*, n. *see* *Unterhauen*; *Mar.* s. —*hauen*,
(w.) s. *tr.* to haul down; —*hauen*, m. hauling
rope, down haul; —*hauen*, —*hauen*, m.
Bot. dwarf elder (*Smorholunder*); —*hauen*, n.
underwood, undergrowth, copse; —*hauen*, f.
see *Nieder*; —*hauen*, v. *tr.* 1) to throw
down; to overcome, subdue, to get the
better of; 2) to combat against; —*hauen*,
v. *tr.* to turn or let down (a flap, &c.), to
slouch; —*hauen*, n. *see* *Unterhauen*; —*hauen*,
(w.) s. *tr.* to reduce (a pile of wood) to
charcoal; —*hauen*, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*)
1) to come down, descend; 2) *fig.* to be
delivered (mit, off), to be brought to bed (off);
—*hauen*, v. *tr.* to flap down, flatten (a hat);
—*hauen*, n. *see* —*hauen*; —*hauen*, f. 1) the (act
of) coming down, &c., cf. —*kommen*; descent;
2) delivery (child-birth), confinement; —*hauen*,
f. 1) *see* —*hauen*, 1; 2) *Mil.* defeat, overthrow,
rout; 3) *Comm.* a) magazine, storehouse, ware-
house; (einer *Heerde*) bonded warehouse
in *die* —*hauen* *bringen* *lassen*, to warehouse
(goods); b) (or *Niederlassung*, n.) right or
obligation of deposit, bond; staple-privilege,
staple-right; *R.* *Heerde*, pl. storage; *R.* *Heerde*,
m. depository; *R.* *Heerde*, m. bonded port;
—*land*, (str., pl. —*länder*), n. low lands or
countries; —*lande*, pl. *Geogr.* Netherlands,
the Low Countries; —*länder*, m., —*länder*,
f. *Niederländer*, Dutchman; —*länder*, adj.
Niederländisch, Dutch; —*länder*, f. *Epigen*,
Brussels lace; —*lass*, (str., pl. —*lässe*) m. *see*
—*lassung*, 2.; —*lassen*, (str.) v. I. *tr.* to let down,
lower; II. *ref.* 1) a) to alight, (of birds) to
perch; b) to sit down, to take a seat; 2) to
establish one's self, to settle (in business),
to fix one's self (in, an *with* *Das*), ab; —
lassung, f. 1) the (act of) letting down, &c.;
2) establishment, settlement, colony; —*legen*,
(w.) s. I. *tr.* 1) a) to lay, put down; to put to bed;
b) to tell to the ground; to lay (flat), lodge (the
corn); 2) to deposit, place in custody (money);
to deposit, to lay up, (put in a warehouse); 3)
fig. a) to lay down (an office), resign, quit;
to abdicate (a high dignity); b) *Comm.* to
leave off (trade), to retire from or give up
(a business); II. *ref.* to lie down, to go to
bed; —*legung*, f. 1) the (act of) laying or
putting down, depositing, &c.; 2) deposition;
3) abdication, resignation; —*legen*, (str.) v.
I. *intr.* to lie prostrate, *see* *Danierlegen*;
II. *tr.* to press down by lying on; —*legen*,
p. a. Bot. decumbent; —*legen*, v. *tr.* 1) to
let, bend downwards; provinc. to fell (wood);
2) *fig.* to cut down, slay, slaughter, to put
to the sword; —*legen*, v. *tr.* to butcher, mas-
sacre; —*legen*, (str.) v. *tr.* to pull, tear
down; to pluck, break, fling down; to level
with the ground, to lay low, to bear down;
Part. to dismantle, demolish; —*legen*, f. the
(act of) pulling down, &c., demolition;
—*legen*, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to ride
down, to go down on horseback; II. *tr.* to
throw down by riding over, to ride down;
—*legen*, (irr.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* to run down;
—*legen*, m. *Geogr.* Lower Rhine; —*legen*,
adj. of the Lower Rhine; —*legen*, v. *tr.* to
saber; —*legen*, m. Lower Saxon; —*legen*,
m. *Geogr.* Lower Saxony; —*legen*, adj. Low
Saxon, of Lower Saxony; —*legen*, m. *see* —*legen*;
3) b) *see* *legen*; —*legen*, (str.) v. I. *tr.*
to shoot down, bring down by shooting, to
destroy or level with the ground (by cannon
shots); II. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rush, shoot
down, descend rapidly; to stoop; to pounce
(auf *with* *Acc.*), upon; III. (str.) v. s. stoop;
—*legen*, (str., pl. —*läge*), m. 1) the (act of)
striking down; 2) a) *Chem.* precipitate; b) de-
posit, sediment; 3) *Mus.* a) depression of the
hand (in beating time); b) thesis (*also* *Vers.*),
the accented part of a bar (*opp.* *Ruffschlag*);

einzelhändig —schläge, water coming down as rain, snow, or hail; —schläger, *adj.* Chem. precipitable; —schlägen, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to strike, beat, knock down (to the ground); to fell; to lay (flat), lodge (the corn); 2) a) to let down (a flap); b) to cast down (one's look); 3) Chem. to precipitate; 4) to refuse, confute (an argument, proof); 5) to quell, lay, allay, temper; to quiet, calm; to kill (the wind); 6) to put down; to defeat; to defeat, cast down, dishearten, discourage; to chill, damp (joy, courage); 7) Germander Föpfung —schlägen, to disappoint one; 7) Law-s. a) to cancel (costs); b) to defeat (a claim); c) to put an end to, to stop, quash (a law-suit); II. *intr.* 1) (*aus. sein*) a) to fall down, tumble; b) to turn downwards; 2) (*aus. haben*) Mus. to depress the hand (in beating time); —schlägen, p. a. I. Chem. n-est Mittel, precipitant; n-est Pulver, *Med.* see —schlägpulver; 2. *fig.* disheartening, melancholy; n-est Erfahrungen, discouragements; —schlägiger, n. cementary copper; —schlägmittel, *Chem.* precipitant; —schlägsarbeit, *f.* Metall. precipitation process (in lead-smelting); R-schlagpulver, n. *Med.* quiescent powder; R-schlagstrog, m. *Chem.* deposit-tank; —schlägen, *f.* 1) the (act of) striking, casting down, &c.; 2) Niedererschlagen; 3) Chem. precipitation; deposition, &c.; —schlägen, v. tr. 1) to dash to the ground; 2) *fig.* to crush, overwhelm; —schlägen, (*str.*) v. tr. to write, note, or pen down; to depose (set, put, take down) in writing; —schreiben, *f.* the (act of) writing, noting down, &c.; —schreiben, (*v.*) I. tr. 1) to set, put down; 2) *fig.* to constitute, appoint, institute; II. *refl.* to sit down; —sitzen, n. *intr.* to sink down; das —sitzen der Götter, *Metall.* descent of the charge or burden; —sitzen, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (L. u.) to sit down; II. *tr.* to press down by sitting on; —sitzen, (*v.*) tr. to beat out, work hollow (with the hammer); —sitzen, *adj.* having a low trunk or stem; —sitzen, (*str.*) v. tr. to stab, to strike to the ground by stabs; —sitzen, (*str.*) v. tr. (*aus. sein*) to descend, step down; —sitzen, v. tr. see —sitzen; —sitzen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to push, knock down or to the ground; 2) to strike to the ground by stabbing; —sitzen, (*v.*) tr. to stretch down (to the ground); to fell, strike dead to the ground, to lay low or dead; —sitzen, m. *aus.* down-bow (*opp.* —sitzen, 1); —sitzen, (*v.*) tr. coll. to excel in dancing; —sitzen, n. (einer Schiffe) tail-gate, aft-gate; —sitzen, v. *refl.* Sport. to sit or lie down; —sitzen, *f.* coll. for —sitzen; —sitzen, *adj.* base, vile, abject, mean; —sitzen, (*v.*) f. baseness, vileness, &c., base action; —sitzen, v. *intr.* Mar. to fall down (a river, &c.); —sitzen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to drink down, swallow; 2) coll. to drink one down or to the ground; to surpass in drinking.

Niederung, (*v.*) f. low country, (tract of) low land, (waste) low ground.

Nieder..., in comp. —würst, *adv.* downwards; —würst, *adv.* Harard, reversed; —welt, *f.* see Unterwelt; —werfen, v. I. tr. 1) to throw down; 2) *fig.* to overcome, quell, to bear down; to prostrate; II. *refl.* to prostrate one's self; *Anal.-s.* —werfen, p. a. deprimant (muscle); —werfen, m. depressor.

Nießlich, I. *adj.* neat, nice, pretty; Nießlich, coll. to play off graces (bet, upon); II. Nießlich, (*v.*) f. neatness, nicety, prettiness; neat thing.

Nießlich, see Nießlich, 2.

Nießlich, *adj.* 1) low; shallow; 2) *fig.* low, lowly, mean, vulgar, base, abject, vile; menial (service or office); n-estlich, flat shore; er steht n-er als ich, he is inferior to me; Comm-s. die n-est Prämie, short premium; zu

n-est Preise, at a reduced price; der n-est Saß or Preis, minimum, lowest price; im Preise — stehen, to be at a low price or odd, to bear a low rate; n-est gehen, see Gehen, 8; das Papier stellte sich noch n-est als gestern, the paper went below yesterday's rate; die Preise — halten, Comm. to keep down the prices; —beistand, *adj.* low- or vulgar-minded.

Nießlichkeit, (*v.*) f. 1) lowness, &c.; 2) depression (of prices); 3) *fig.* a) lowliness, humility, humbleness; b) lowness, meanness, vileness, baseness, abjectness.

* Nießlich, (*str.*, pl. R-s) n. (*Hal.*) T. 1) niello; 2) niello-engraving; —Nießlich, (*v.*) v. tr. to work in niello.

Nießlich, *adv.* never, at no time.

Nießlich, pron. nobody, no one, none, no man, no person; —Germander, coll. (*construed like nights*) no strange person, no stranger.

Nießlich, (*str.*) m. Cloth. defect in the wool of cloth.

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. 1) *Anal.* kidney; die R-en, reins, loins; 2) *Minor.* nodule, spheroidal concretion.

Nießlich..., in comp. pertaining to the kidney, renal; —Nierengewebe, *f.* *Med.* renal secretion; —arterie, *f.* *Anal.* renal artery; —artig, *adj.* see —förmig; *Minor.* nodular; —bein, m. see —Nierentransplantation; *Anal.-s.* —bein, m. pl. a cup-like membranous canal surrounding the papilla of the kidney, caliculus; —bein, n. basin of the kidney; —bein (Schwermung), *f.* complaint in the kidneys, nephritic disorder; —Nierstein, *f.* *Anal.* renal vein; —Nierstein, m. see —Nierstein; —Nierstein, m. the kidney end of a loin of veal roasted, roast loin; —Nierstein, *f.* *Anal.* renal gland; —Nierstein, *f.* *Med.* nephritis; —Nierstein, n. the fat around the kidneys; —Nierstein, *adj.* kidney-shaped, kidney-formed, reniform; —Nierstein, n. pl. *Anal.* emulgent vessels, emulgents; —Nierstein, n. renal plexus; —Nierstein, m. *Med.* gravel (in the kidneys); —Nierstein, n. *Pharm.* nephritic wood; —Nierstein, *f.* *Agro.* kidney potato, pl. kidneys; —Nierstein, m. pl. see —Nierstein; —Nierstein, *Minor.* stalactical variety of copper-pyrites; —Nierstein, *f.* nephritic colic; —Nierstein, *adj.* nephritic; —Nierstein, *f.* *Med.* disease in one of the kidneys, renal disease; —Nierstein, m. 1) see —Nierstein; 2) see —Nierstein; —Nierstein, *f.* weakness in the kidneys; —Nierstein, n. nephritic; —Nierstein, m. see —Nierstein; —Nierstein, *f.* *Anal.* renal artery; —Nierstein, n. suet; —Nierstein, m. pain in the kidneys, nephralgia; —Nierstein, m. *Surg.* nephrotomy; —Nierstein, m. 1) *Med.* stone in the kidneys, nephritic stone; 2) *Minor.* hip-stone, spherolite; —Nierstein, m. loin of veal with the kidney, kidney-piece; —Nierstein, m. suet; *Med.-s.* —Nierstein, *f.* obstruction in the kidneys; —Nierstein, *f.* *Anal.* renal papilla; —Nierstein, *f.* *Med.* water in the kidneys; —Nierstein, n. pain in the kidneys, nephritic colic; —Nierstein, *adv.* *Minor.* in nodules, in kidney-shaped pieces.

Nießlich..., in comp. —Nierstein, —Nierstein, pl. *Pharm.* leaves and flower of the lily of the valley (used as a sterneratory); —Nierstein, n. Bot. 1) see —Nierstein; 2) common sneezewort (—Nierstein); 3) common stone-crop (*Sedum acre* L.).

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. *intr.* 1) see —Nierstein; Nießlichkeit, (*str.*) n. sterneratory.

Nießlich, (*v.*) v. *intr.* to sneeze.

Nießlich..., in comp. —pulver, sterneratory or sneezing powder; —Nierstein, *gen.* Nießlich, *f.* Bot. sneezewort, hellebore (*Helleborus* L.); (Rinfene) bear's-foot, setterwort (*H. foetidus* L.); (Schneeflocke) Christmas-rose, Christmas-flower (*Helleborus niger* L.); (weiße) white hellebore (*Veratrum album* L.).

Nießlich, (*str.*, pl. R-trümpf) m. *Med.* spasmodic sneezing.

Nießlich, *adj.* usufructual.

Nießlich, (*str.*) m. Law, usufruct, use; R-trümpf, m. possession of usufruct; R-trümpfiger, m. creditor enjoying the usufruct of an estate; R-trümpf, m. estate in usufruct; R-trümpf, *f.* usufructuary security; R-trümpfung, *f.* usufruct. —Nießlich, (*v.*) v. tr. to enjoy the usufruct of ... —Nießlich, (*str.*) Nießlich, (*v.*) m. usufructuary.

Nießlich, (*str.*) m. obsolete, self-seeking person (Gierichling).

Nießlich, I. (*str.*) n. rivet; II. in comp. —Niet, *f.* see —Niet; —Niet, n. thin iron-plate, riveting plate; —Niet, *adj.* Bot. epigynous.

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. 1) see Niet; 2) blank (in a lottery).

Nießlich..., in comp. —Niet, m. see —Niet; —Niet, m. *Hor.* riveting stock.

Nießlich, (*v.*) v. tr. to rivet, clinch.

Nießlich..., in comp. —Niet, *adj.* made fast by riveting; —Niet, m. riveting hammer; farrier's shoeing-hammer; —Niet, m. riveting tongue; —Niet, *f.* riveting-clamp; —Niet, *adj.* riveting-machine; —Niet, m. see —Niet; —Niet, m. 1) rivet; 2) *incorr.* for Niet; —Niet, *adj.* see —Niet; —Niet, *f.* see —Niet; —Niet, m. coll. —Niet, m. riveting-punch, punchcon; —Niet, *f.* rivet (-hole); —Niet, m. T. riveting-set; holding-up hammer; —Niet, v. *Hor.* riveting-stock; —Niet, *adj.* clinched and riveted; —Niet, *adj.* Gegenstände, fixtures.

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. t. nicos; —Niet, m. estate devoted to the nicos.

Nießlich, n. *Geogr.* Nigritia, Negroland.

Nießlich, m. see Reccomant.

Nießlich, m. Nick (Nicolans).

Nießlich, (*v.*) m. (—Niet) Nile; in comp. —Niet, n. Zool. Nile or common crocodile (*Crocodylus vulgaris* L.); —Niet, *f.* Zool. Nile lizard, monitor (*Monitor niloticus* L.); —Niet, (Egyptian) clay-stone; —Niet, see —Niet; —Niet, m. Nilometer (instrument for measuring the rise of water in the Nile); —Niet, n. Zool. hippopotamus (*Hippopotamus*); —Niet, m. Ornith. ibis (*Ibis religiosa* L.); —Niet, *f.* Zool. Egyptian tortoise (*Testudo aegyptiaca* Geoff.).

* Nießlich, (*not* *decl.* or *str.* des R-Niet, pl. die R-Niet) m. (*Lat.*) *gen.* *fig.* halo; prestige.

Nießlich, (*adv.*) 1) never; 2) *provinc.* no more; in comp. coll-s. —Niet, —Niet, m. one who is never joyful, one who is never satisfied, &c.; —Niet, I. *adj.* never satisfied, &c.; II. (*indecl.*) pl. sometimes R-t or R-s) m. 1) ravenous fellow; *vulg.* greedy-guts; 2) wood-pollard, wood-ibis, tantalus (*Tantalus* L.).

Nießlich, *adv.* never, never more, never at all, by no means; R-Niet or Nießlich, m. tomorrow-come-never, doomsday; auf R-Niet, never, at latter Lammas.

Nießlich, (*v.*) m. coll. sip.

* Nießlich, (*v.*) f. (*Fr.*) see Nießlich.

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. neap tide, dead-neap.

Nießlich, (*v.*) v. *intr.* & *tr.* coll. to sip, bib; to nibble.

Nießlich, (*v.*) m. see Snips.

Nießlich, (*v.*) f. toy, trinket, knickknack.

Nießlich, (*v.*) m. side-board or table for trinkets & knickknacks.

Nießlich, Nießlich, Nießlich, *adv.* nowhere; Nießlich, (*str.*) n. Utopia.

* Nießlich, (*v.*) f. (*Fr.*) niche.

Nießlich, (*v.*) m. *vulg.* noddle, pate, poll.

Nießlich, (*str.*) n. Archib. niche-vaunting.

Nießlich, *adj.* coll. nitty; lousy.

wöger, (str.) *m.* Norwegian, Norway-man.
— Norwägisch, *adj.* Norwegian.

Nörz, (str.) *m.* lesser otter, minx, minx
(*Putorius lutreola* L.); R-e, *pl.* Furr. small
otter-akins. [pink]

Nöfel, (str.) *n.* pint; —weise, *adv.* by the
* Nöte, (*Lat.*, *pl.* N-ö) *f.* see Note, 2; *ad*
notum nehmen, to take note or account of.

* Nötär, (str.) *m.* (or Nötärin (*Lat.*),
pl. (u.) Nötärin) notary; öffentlicher —, no-
tary public. — Nötariell, Nötärlich, *adj.* no-
tarial. — Nötariell, (str.) *n.* office or dignity
of a notary; law-office; R-Stub, *n.* notary's
formulary; R-Geheiß, *pl.* notarial fees;
R-Instrument, *n.*, R-Eurkunde (*f.*), nota-
rial document; R-Stub, *f.* notary's office;
R-Geheiß, *n.* notarial attestation (or evi-
dence).

Nöte, (u.) *f.* *gener.* & *mus.* note; R-n,
pl. music: ich werde ihr die R-n schicken, I
shall send her the music; in R-n setzen, to
note down, to prick (a tune); nach R-n singen,
spielen, to sing, play from notes; 2) Comm.
note, memorandum; invoice; statement, list;
bill, account; 3) diplomatic communication
(in writing); R-n von verschiedenen Seiten,
Comm. notes (bills) of various emissions;
nach R-n, *fam.* with a vengeance, soundly;
es kommt ihm auf eine Handvoll R-n nicht an,
coll. he exaggerates a little; he is not very
particular in his statements, &c.

Nötel, (u.) *f.* notarial document.

Nöteln, (u.) *v. intrans.* (l. u.) to draw up
a notarial document.

Nöten ..., *in comp.* —ausgabe, *f.* emission
of bank-notes; —bank, *f.* issuing-bank, bank
of circulation; —bezeichnung, *f.* musical no-
tation; —blatt, *n.* music paper or leaf; —buch,
n. music-book, note-book; —buchhaben, *pl.*
Typ. superior letters, references; —druck, *m.*
music-printing; —drucker, *m.* printer of music,
music-printer; —feder, *f.* music-pen; dotting-
pen; —freier, *m. vulg. cont.* one who plays
music at sight; —gestell, *n.* music-stand,
music-stage; —heft, *n.* see —buch; —kopf, *m.*
the round dot or head of a note; —leiter, *f.*
claviary; —linie, *f.* line (of the staff); —lesen,
n. music-reading; —meister, *m.* annotator, writer
of remarks; —papier, *n.* music-paper; —plan,
m. a stave, also the system of two or more
staves (in scores, &c.), connected by a brace;
—pult, —repositorium, *n.* music-desk, music-
stand, cantorbury; —schlüssel, *m.* clef; —
schnecke, *f.* Conch. music shell; —schreiber, *m.*
copier of notes; —schreibmaschin, *f.* music-
copying machine; —schwanz, *m.* tail of a
note; —stirn, *n.* see —pult; —stecher, *m.*
engraver of music, music-engraver; —stein,
m. a species of sand-stone; —stimme, *f.*
musical part; —(linien)system, *n.* stave, staff;
—tute, *f.* see —schnecke; —typen, *pl.* music-
types; —umfang, *m.* circulation of notes;
—weise, *f.* music-line.

Nöthe, *s.* (str.) *f.* (*pl.* Nöthe, sometimes
Nöthen, a form which owes its origin to the *Dal.*
pl. which latter is much more frequent than the
Nom. pl.) need; exigency, necessity, urgency,
want; trouble, difficulty; danger; distress,
misery; die Schwere —, († & *vulg.*) epilepsy; die
äußerste —, extremity, utmost necessity; ohne
(alle) —, without any occasion, needlessly;
gut in der —, good at need or at a pinch; —
haben or leiden, to be in want, to suffer want;
eine große, tiefe — haben, to have much
trouble or much ado (with, in dealing with ...
or managing); —leiden, Comm. to remain in
sufferance (of bills), to rest in suspense; eine
Unterchrist — leiden lassen, to leave a draught
unprotected, to dishonour a signature (a bill);
im Falle der —, in case of necessity, if need
be; zur —, scarcely, scantily, enough to
satisfy want; zur — würde es ausreichen, it

would do at a pinch; die Sache hat —, the
case is urgent; es oder das hat keine —, 1. (there
is) no fear of or for that; 2. there is no
need of it; er wird seine — haben zu ..., there
will be no difficulty in ...; mit genauer —,
with great difficulty; er entkam mit genauer —,
he had a narrow or hair-breadth escape; er
wird mit genauer — davon kommen, he will
hardly, scarcely, or narrowly escape; proverb-s.
— kennt kein Erbott, necessity has no law;
aus der — eine Tugend machen, to make a
virtue of necessity; ist die — am höchsten, ist die
Hilfe am nächsten, when (the) need is highest,
help is nearest; je größer die —, je näher
Gott, man's extremity is God's opportunity;
— ist der Liebe Tod, when poverty comes in
at the door, love leaps out at the window;
in Nöthen sein, 1. or in — sein, to be in
distress or straits; 2. see Rinderstiche; mit
thut Hilfe —, I require help; es thut mir —,
coll. I want to do my needs or job.

Nöth ..., *in comp.* —aste, *f.* temporary
axe-tree; —schutler, *m.* safety-guard
(of locomotives); —abreiser, *m.* referer,
party giving the address in case of need;
—abreiser, *m.* referree, he or the house with
whom the bill is made payable in case of
need; —abresse, *f.* address (or reference) in
case of need; Comm. & Law, act of honour;
—anker, *m.* sheet-anchor; —arbeit, *f.* work
done from necessity or to avert danger; —and-
wurf, *m.* Mar. jelson; —ballen, *m.* Corp.
corbel-tree (Straßballen); —band, *f.* joiner's
bench; —bau, *m.* 1) building in need; 2) Sport.
chamber of retreat in a burrow; —begeiff, *m.*
shift, make-shift, apology; —brett, *n.* waste-
board; —brüchig, *adj.* eine Stufe —brüchig
machen, *Min.* to beat a piece of ore to pieces
in order to examine its interior; —brücke, *f.*
temporary bridge; —brunn, *m.* reservoir
of water in case of fire; —damm, *m.* see
—brück; —bedung, *f.* Comm. acceptance in
case of need; —beiß, *m.* temporary dike;
—beißel, *f.* temporary pole; —brang, *m.* ur-
gency; —bringen, *adj.* pressing, urgent;
—burst, *f.* necessities; exigency; (eine —burst
verrichten, *coll.* to obey a call of nature, to
ease nature; zur —burst, with difficulty;
scantily; enough to satisfy want; —büchrig,
l. adj. 1) scanty; 2) necessitous, needy; das
—büchrige, necessities, competency; *II. adv.*
scantily; barely, scarcely, hardly; —büchrig-
keit, *f.* necessitousness, indigency, need;
—cimer, *m.* bucket used in case of fire (*cf.*
Nöthen, see Nöth). [Feuer-Eimer]

Nöth ..., *in comp.* —erbe, *m.* Law, ne-
cessary, lawful, legitimate heir; —erbschaft,
f. Law, necessary heritage; —fall, *m.* case
of necessity, need, or exigency; extreme case,
case of danger; im —fall, *coll.* at a pinch; im
—fall bei Str. ..., Comm. in case of need
with Mr. ...; —fest, *adj.* true or faithful in
need; —feuer, *n.* alarm-fire; —flagge, *f.*
signal of distress; —folglich, *adj.* necessary,
consequent; —frist, *f.* Law, peremptory term;
—gebänge, *n.* Min. task undertaken at all
hazards; —gebrungen, *adj.* forced by sheer
necessity, compulsory, compelled; —gebrun-
genheit, *f.* compulsion; —geld, *n.* saved
money, penny in need; —geschrei, *n.* scream,
cry for help; —gewehr, *n.* (Schiller) weapon
(*cf.* —wehr); —gorbungen, *f.* *pl.* Mar. spilling
lines; —größen, *m.* see —pfennig; —hafen,
m. harbour of refuge.

Nöthhaft, *adj.* (l. u.) see Nöthig.

Nöthhaftig, *adj.* see Gefährlich.

Nöth ..., *in comp.* —handel, *m.* trade in
petty articles; —hebezug, *n.* temporary gin;
—helfer, *m.* helper in need; —holz, *m.* Corp.
1½ plank, thick board (*cf.* T. Zusch.); —hölle, *f.*
help in need.

Nöthig, *adj.* necessary, needful; (etwas)

—haben, to need, to want, to be or stand in
need of, to have occasion for; er that et, so-
mol er et nicht — hat, he does it though he
is in no way obliged; ein Noth that ihm sehr —,
er braucht einen Noth höst —, he is in urgent
need of a coat; —machen, to necessitate; to
demand; Mangel an dem R-en haben, to want
the necessities of life; Comm-s. das R-e be-
sorgen, to do (procure or provide) the needful;
n-e Bemerkung nehmen, to take due note;
n-falls bei Herrn ..., in case of need apply
to Mr. ...

Nöthigen, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) to necessitate,
force, drive, constrain, compel; 2) to urge,
press; to invite; sich — lassen, to require
pressing; *fam.* to stand upon ceremonies;
sich zur Zahlung — lassen, to wait to be
demanded. — Nöthiger, (str.) *m.* one who pro-
cess, urges, &c. — Nöthigung, (u.) *f.* ne-
cessitation, forcing, &c.; compulsion, call;
(pressing) invitation.

Nöth ..., *in comp.* —jahr, *n.* year of
distress or of scarcity; —kette, *f.* Railw. aux-
iliary chain, safety-chain, side-chain, check-
chain; —Kette, *f.* suit for violence suffered or
for rape; —Knecht, *m.* temporary servant, *Ag.*
make-shift; —Leiden, *adj.* suffering want,
being in distress; necessitous, needy; der
Bedienst. blieb —leiden, Comm. the bill was not
honoured, see above; —Leiden, *m.* *cf.* (*decl.*
like *adj.*) sufferer, distressed person; needer.

Nöthlos, *adj.* 1) free from want; 2) see
Unnötig.

Nöth ..., *in comp.* —lage, *f.* Ab. shift,
white lie; —Mär, *m.* Mar. jury-mast; —mittel,
n. expedient, refuge, shift; —Münze, *f.* see
Währungs; —nagel, *m.* *Ag.* last shift, make-
shift; —nunst, *f.* see —nacht; —pfeiff, *adj.*
criminal; —pfennig, *m.* see —geld; rinen
—pfennig bei Eide legen, to put (lay) by
a penny or two against a rainy day (rainy
days); —recht, *n.* 1) forced or compulsory
right; right in case of necessity; 2) law in
case of violence or rape; —reiß, *adj.* previous,
too soon ripe (by heat, &c.); —reiß(en), *m.* T.
pre-emptor-hoop; —riemen, *m.* *pl.* safe-braces
(of a carriage); —ruder, *n.* Mar. preventer-
ruder; —ruf, *m.* call in distress; —sack, *f.*
matter of necessity, urgent case; —scheln, *m.*
attestation of lawful hindrance; —schlange,
f. Gmn. t. calverin; —schütt, *n.* Hydr. outlet;
—signal, *n.* 1) (or —schuß, *m.*) signal of
distress; 2) Railw. danger signal, danger
whistle; —Sperr, *f.* Mar. preventer-handspike;
—stall, *m.* Feuer-trave, travis, a wooden frame
for shoeing unruly horses in; —staud, *m.*
distressed condition or state, need, distress,
urgency; —stein, *m.* see Tragstein; —stern,
m. t comet; —stopper, *pl.* Mar. dog-stoppers;
—taufe, *f.* half-baptism; die —taufe geben or
—taufen, (u. & *insep.*) *v. tr.* to half-baptize;
—teuf, *m.* see Wüthteufel; —thür, *f.* door
used only in cases of necessity; —warten, *pl.*
Mar. preventer shrouds; —wehr, *f.* defence in
case of peril, defence for life; aus —wehr, in self-
defence; —weiser, *m.* Bee, substituted queen
of the bees; —wenig, *adj.* necessary, needful,
pressing, urgent, indispensable; *Log.* absolute;
das —wenig, necessities, requisite; —wer-
bigkeit, *f.* necessity, necessariness, needful-
ness; urgency, indispensableness; in die
—wenigkeit setzen, to oblige, force, or compel
one; —wert, *n.* work of necessity; —wert, *n.*
word used for want of another; —wurf, *m.*
jelson; —zeichen, *n.* signal of distress; —zünd,
—zündung, *f.* rape, violence; ravishment,
stupration; —zündigen, (u. & *insep.*) *v. tr.* to
commit a rape on, to ravish; —zündiger, *m.*
ravisher; —zündigen, (u. & *insep.*) *v. tr.* 1)
to compel by violence; 2) to ravish.

* Notifikation, (u.) *f.* notification; R-
(schreiben, *n.* letter of advice, circular letter.

to be useful, to be of use or service, to serve, to be profitable or advantageous; zu etwas —, to be good for; zu Nichts —, to be to no purpose, or of no use, to do no good; was nützt es dich ..., what avail it that ..., II. tr. to use, to make use of, to turn to profit, cf. Benutzen; sein Geld —, to put money out to use; die Gelegenheit —, to embrace the opportunity.

Nutzen, (str.) m. use; avail, advantage, benefit; profit, gain, emolument; good, interest, utility; entgangener —, loss of profit; mit — verkaufen, to sell to advantage; zum — greifen, to prove advantageous; es geht zu Ihrem —, it was done with a view to your advantage; zu — machen, see zu Nutzen machen; — bringen, see Nutzen, 1.; — haben von ..., to derive profit from ..., to profit or benefit by ..., make gain of ...; — jehen aus ..., to turn to advantage, account, or profit; möglichsten — jehen aus ..., to turn to the best advantage, to make the most of ...; dies bietet einen schönen —, this leaves a fair profit, offers a fair margin.

Nutz ..., in comp. —garten, m. garden for use (opp. Lustgarten); —gewür, f. see —nießung; —holz, m. timber.

Nützlich, I. adj. useful, of use, profitable, advantageous, good, expedient; conducive; wenn ich Ihnen — sein kann, if I can be of any service to you; II. f. utility, usefulness; Profitableness, &c., expediency; Nützlichkeitslehre, m. utilitarianism.

Nutzlos, I. adj. useless; unprofitable; u. Capitalien, pl. unproductive funds; II. f. futility, uselessness, inutility, unprofitableness.

Nutz ..., in comp. Loo-s. —nießer, m. usufructuary; —nießung, f. usufruct, enjoyment.

Nutzen, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) using; 2) usufruct; 3) emolument, produce, revenue; 4) see Gebühre, 2; R-Bauschlag, m. estimate of usufruct; R-Überprüfung, f. antichresis.

Nutzwitz, (str.) m. castle (serving for domestic use).

Nylgau, (str.) n. Zool. nylgau, biggel.

Nymphen, (w.) f. 1) Myth. nymph; 2) f. girl; 3) Entom. a) chrysalis, nymph(a), pupa; b) see Wasserjungfer; in comp. R-n-Bäume, f. Bot. water lily (Nymphaea L.); R-Nacht, adj. nymphous, nymphalike. [wut].

* **Nymphomanie**, (w.) f. (Gr.) see Wutier-

D.

D, a, n. O. o, fifteenth letter and fourth vowel of the Alphabet; das goldene —, Entom. golden O; ich bin das H und das D, see under H, 1.

D, abbr. O., 0. for Dritte, Order, order, and Osten, east; Oct. for Octav, (Octbr.) October, octavo, October; ob. for ober, or; off. Bl. for öffentliche Blätter, public papers; D. 2. for östliche Länge, eastern longitude; DL. for Ober-Lausitz, Upper Lusatia; D. P. A. for Ober-Post-Amt, post-office general; ord. for ordinär, ordinary; o. ll. B. for ohne Unterschied der Bedeutung, without any difference of the signification; Dph. for Dröph, hoghead.

D, intr. oh! O! heighho! o himmel! O heavens! o ja! O yes! sure indeed! o weh! alas! woe is me! O dear!

* **Dale**, (w.) f. (Copt.) oasis (pl. oases).

D, I. adv. t, above, over, see Über; II. prep. (with Dat.) t, provinc. & * 1) over; on; upon; beyond; 2) during; 3) on account of; III. conj. 1) whether, if; — auch, although;

wer weiß, — nicht alles erdichtet ist, there is no knowing if it was not all a fiction or but all was a fiction; 2) provinc. as if (cf. As).

D'adit (gener. 35—), f. (t & e) provinc. for Adit, C.

Obadias, m. (Hebr.) Obadiah (P. N.).

Obbedet, **Obberdet**, p. a. above(-) mentioned.

Obdach, (str.) n. shelter; lodging.

Obdachlos, adj. without shelter, homeless.

Obdich, (str.) m. cross-dike.

* **Obduktion**, (w.) n. tr. (Lat.) to dissect (a corpse). — **Obduktion**, (w.) f. (Judicial) dissection.

* **Obelisk**, (str., pl. gener. w.) m. (Gr.) obelisk; s.-säulenförmig, adj. obeliskal.

Ober, I. adv. 1) above; on high, aloft; on the surface; up (above) stairs; overhead; —, (in marking cases, bases, &c.) this side up; 2) in a former place, before; von —, from above, from the top; from (on) high; overhead; nach —, on high; nach — gehen, to go up stairs; (von) — etwas abschneiden, to cut off a piece from the top; — geladen, Comm. stowed at the top; — schwerr als unten, top-heavy; be —, dort —, there above, up there; — (in einer Straße) at the top (of a street); — wohnen, to lodge or live above stairs, up stairs; von — bis unten, from top to bottom, from head to foot (heel), from top to toe, all over; von — nach unten, from above downwards; wie —, (Lat.) ut supra.

Ober ..., in comp. —ab, off from above, from the surface; —an, at the head (top); (in the) uppermost (place); —angehen, above-named; —an, above, aloft, on the top; uppermost; —aus, see — hinaus; —aus — hinab, n. upper seizing, and seizing, hand seizing; —blinde See, f. spirit-top-sail-yard; —barren, —barrier, over it, above it; (nach) —brein, —ein, over and above, in surplus, into the bargain; —cröndt, —gedacht, —gemeldet, —genannt, —gelegt, adj. (& s. the) above(-)mentioned, above(-)said, afore(-)said; wie —cröndt, Comm. as above; die —cröndten (bemerken) Courfe, the above rates; —herab, —hinab, down from above; von —herab, from on high, from aloft; von —herab behandeln, f. to treat haughtily; —heraus, —heraus, out above; —hin, along the surface; superficially, perfunctorily, slightly; —hin verdrängen, to huddle up; —behandeln, to slur over; —hinan, up to the top; —hinan, out above; —hinan sein or wollen, f. to be high-flying, high-flown, of an aspiring disposition, (coll.) to be uppish; —hinan, above into it; —wert, m. Mar. dead works, upperworks (of a ship).

Ober, I. prep. (with Dat.) t, above, over (Oberhalb); II. adj. 1) upper; o-e Markst (ciner Bräut, &c.), plan of superstructure; 2) lit. & fig. high, higher, superior (Bot. germ. flower); chief, principal, sovereign; die D-n, the superiors; III. (str.) m. Gam. first or trump knave; der grüne —, basta.

Ober ..., in comp. upper, superior, chief, &c., cf. Haupt; —acht, f. see Überacht; —admiral, m. high-admiral; chief-admiral; —ägypten, m. Geogr. Upper Egypt; —alte, —älteste, m. chief master, senior master of a corporate trade, alderman; —amt, n. superior bailiwick; —amtman, m. 1) upper-bailiff; 2) born farmer-appellationsgericht, n. upper or high court of appeals; —appellationsrat, m. member of a high court of appeals; —archivar, m. master of the rolls; —arm, m. 1) upper (part of the) arm; 2) Sattel. top-chock of bit; —arzt, m. chief physician, physician general; —aufseher, m. chief overseer, &c., superintendent; —aufseheramt, n. intendantcy; —aufsicht, f. chief-inspection, &c., superintendence; —bahnwärter, m. Railw. overseer of the line; —ballen, m. upper-

rafter; Print. head (of a printing-press); —bau, m. building above ground; permanent way (of railways); superstruction, superstructure (of a bridge, &c.); —baum, n. chief building-surveillance office; Areal- —baum, m. 1) epigastrium; 2) in comp. epigastrie; —bauchbruch, m. epigastrocele; —bauchgegend, f. epigastric region; —bamer, m. Gam. trump-knave; —baum, m. 1) Wase. see Gernbaum; 2) pl. —bäume, see Oberholz; —baumeister, m. director of the buildings; government architect; master builder; —befehl, m. supreme or chief command; —befehlshaber, m. commander in chief; —befehlshaberpost, f. generalship; —begriff, m. see —glicht, 1.; —befürde, f. upper or chief authority; —beichtvater, m. great-confessor, great penitentiary; —bein, n. 1) upper (part of the) leg; 2) see überbein; —breiter, m. first assistant to a riding-master; —bergamt, n. chief office for mining; —bergamtmann, m. chief director of the mines, president of the mining-department; —bergmeister, m. superior officer in a chief mining office; —bergrath, m. counsellor of a chief office of mining; —bett, n. coverlet; —bibliothekar, m. upper or principal librarian; —binde, f. Geogr. flügel; —blatt, n. see Vorderblatt; —blech, n. T. upper or top-plate; —blinde, f. Mar. topmost sprit-sail, top-sail; —boden, m. 1) highest loft, garret; 2) f. a) shell (of a button); b) top of double bellows, upper board; c) Horol. upper-plate, balance-plate; —bogen, m. Archit. extrados; —boje, f. see Ankerboje; —Mar-s. —bestimmern, m. see Hochbestimmern; —brambaffen, (große) main-royal-braces; —bramfäll, m. main royal halliards; —bramleefegel, n. sky-sail; die große —brammas, main-top-gallant-royal yard; —bramfegel, n. royal; die große —bramfenge, f. main-royal-mast; —bürgermeister, m. chief burgomaster; —capellan, m. high-chaplain; —commann, m. see —befehl; —consistorialrath, m. member of the (supreme) consistorial court; —consistorium, n. supreme consistorial court; high-consistory; —consulter, m. 1) Mar. master-gunner; 2) high-consable; —cylinder, m. top-roller; —dach, m. Archit. flat (roof), false roof; —dach, m. see —lauf, 2; —dachgraf, —dachgräf, m. chief diggrave; —denkmal, adj. peculiar to Upper Germany; —denkmal, n. native of Upper Germany; —denkmal, n. Upper Germany; —eigentum, n. right of a lord paramount over property; —eigentumsheer, m. lord paramount; —einnehmer, m. overseer of the mines; —einnahmer, m. chief collector, receiver of taxes, tolls, &c.; receiver-general (in the Inland Revenue Department); —eisen, n. Min. upper die; Geogr. —elbe, f. Upper Elbe; —elst, n. Upper Alsatia; —etage, f. upper story; —fach, 1) upper shelf; 2) Wese. upper-shed; —faß, n. T. upper-buddle; —fäule, f. see Dachfäule; —feldherr, m. commander in chief (of an army); —feldzeugmeister, m. great master of the ordnance; —feuerwerker, m. chief gunner, fire-worker, fire-master; —fiscal, m. attorney-general; fiscal advocate; —flügel, f. 1) surface, superficial (Geom.), outside; area; 2) Corp. &c. tread-over, tread (ciner Stufe, of a step); nicht an der —flügel heften, f. to go below the surface; —flügel, adj. superficial, slight, perfunctory; —flügelige Blüthe, palliative; —flügelige Semtniß, smattering; —flügeligkeit, f. superficiality, superficialness; —flügel, —form, f. see —falten; —fürst, m. high-forester; ranger; —fürstmeister, m. high-warden of a forest; chief ranger; —fürstath, m. counsellor to the court of justice in eyre; —fuß, m. 1) see Fußwurzel; 2) upper side of the foot, instep; —fütterung, f. Hydr. upper lining; —gebäude, n. upper timber-work; —geflügel, n. T. overshoot falls;

—*gefe*, *n. see* —*fach*, 2; —*general*, *n. see* —*gefe*
schaber; —*gericht*, *n.* high-judicature,
 supreme court of justice; —*gerichtsherr*, *m.*
 chief-magistrate; —*gerinne*, *n.* mill-trough;
 —*gefoß*, *n.* upper story; —*gefoßerene*, *pl.*
 mining-supervisors; —*gefelle*, *m.* fore-man;
 —*gefehl*, *n.* *Lock-sm.* top-savage; —*gefim*, *n.*
 cornice; —*geßan*, *m.* supreme count (in Hun-
 gary); —*gewalt*, *f.* supreme authority or power,
 supremacy; —*gewehr*, *n.* pike or musket;
 —*glick*, *n.* 1) *Log.* major term; 2) *pl.* —*glicter*,
Archit. upper parts of the principal cornice;
 —*girt*, *m.* girth which passes over a saddle,
 surcingle.

D'berhals, *adv.* (with *Gen.*) above; — *der*
Stadt, at the upper part of the town.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*hand*, *f.* 1) *a)* *Anat.*
metacarpus, wrist; *b)* upper-hand, back of
 the hand; 2) *fig.* upperhand, predominance,
 precedence, superiority, mastership; *die* —*hand*
haben, to be uppermost, to sway, bear sway;
 to prevail, predominate; *die* —*hand bekommen*,
besitzen, or *gewinnen*, to get the better (über
 (with *Acc.*), of), to gain the ascendancy, to
 carry the day; *Comm.* to out-trade; —*harnisch*,
n. *Bol.* corn-flag (*Wiermannsharnisch*); —*hant*,
n. 1) *Anat.* upper part of the head; 2) head,
 chief, master; —*hantmann*, *n.* chief-captain;
 —*hant*, *n.* 1) the upper part of a house; 2) the
 house of lords; —*haut*, *f.* —*hauten*, *n.*
 1) *Anat.* cuticle, scarf skin, epidermis; 2) *Bol.*
 skin (of a plant); *unter der* —*haut* befindlich,
 subcuticular; —*heerführer*, *m.* see —*hefeh*;
 —*heft*, *f.* *Brew.* surface yeast or barm,
 superficial ferment; —*hefter*, *m.* see *Archid-*
dicamus; —*hemd*, *n.* day-shirt, dress-shirt;
 —*herr*, *n.* *Med.* fore-hearth; —*herr*, *m.* supreme
 lord, liege-lord, sovereign; —*herrlich*, *adj.*
 belonging to the sovereign, seigniorial; —
herrlichkeit, *f.* sovereignty, lordship, seigni-
 ory; —*herrschaft*, *f.* sovereignty, supremacy;
 —*herrschafft*, *adj.* supreme, sovereign;
 —*hiesige* *Stühle*, *f.* superior ecclesiastical
 authorities; —*höfgericht*, *n.* supreme court of
 judicature; (*in England*) court of the Queen's
 (King's) bench; —*höfgerichtsrath*, *m.* judge of
 a supreme court of judicature; —*hofmarschall*,
m. grand-marshal, lord-marshal, earl-mar-
 shal; —*hofmeister*, *m.* lord steward; governor,
 tutor to a prince; —*hofmeisterin*, *f.* mistress of
 the robes; —*hofprediger*, *m.* chief-chaplain in
 ordinary to a prince; —*hofrichter*, *m.* judge
 of the superior court; judge of the Queen's
 (King's) bench; —*höflich*, *f.* suzerainty, supe-
 riority; —*höls*, *n.* high or lofty trees in a forest;
 branches, boughs; —*hütte*, *f.* *Mar.* poop royal,
 top-gallant poop; *Min-s.* —*hüttenamt*, *n.* chief
 mining office; —*hüttenmeister*, *m.* superin-
 tendent or director of the founderies; —*hüt-
 tenreiter*, *m.* *Min.* accountant and paymaster;
 —*hüttenverwalter*, *m.* administrator or di-
 rector in chief of the founderies; —*hütten-
 verfeher*, *m.* surveyor, intendant of the
 founderies.

D'berin, (*n.*) *f.* directress; (female) su-
 perior (of a nunnery, convent of nuns), prioress.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*ingenieur*, *m.* chief,
 head, or directing engineer, engineer in chief;
 —*jag*, *f.* see *hohe Jagd*, 2. *n.* *God*; —*jäger-*
meister, *m.* chief or grand master of the
 huntmen; —*junfer*, *m.* baker's fore-man;
 —*kellner*, *m.* *Mar.* master-caulker; —*kam-*
mer, *f.* upper-chamber; see —*haus*, 2; —*kam-*
merbaur, *f.* Lady of the bed-chamber —*kam-*
merf. chancellor's office; —*kammerer*, *fam-*
merherr, *m.* (lord) high-chamberlain, groom
 of the stole; —*kassener*, *m.* head-gunner; —
kanzleibretter, *m.* chancellor, director, pre-
 sident of the chancery; —*kassier*, *m.* *Mönd.*
 top-box, top-ack; —*kassier*, *m.* head-waiter;
 —*kiefer*, *f.* *Staubkorn*, *m.* *Anat.* upper or su-
 perior mandible, upper-jaw; —*kieferklag-*

ader, *f.* upper maxillary artery; —*kirchentrath*,
m. 1) high-consistory; 2) member of the high
 consistory; —*kneue*, *f.* see *Witterflaut*; —*kleid*,
n. upper-garment, upper-coat; —*kuchel*, *m.*
 head-servant; —*koch*, *m.* head-cook, master-
 cook; —*kochtrübe*, *f.* see *Rohtrübe*; —*körper*, *m.*
 upper part of the body; —*krenzbrenntrassen*,
pl. *Mar.* misen royal braces; —*kronrad*, *n.*
Mil. upper-crown wheel; —*küchenmeister*, *m.*
 master of the household, master of the kitchen;
 —*land*, *n.* high-country; —*landbesitzer*, *m.*
 grand-master of the buildings; —*länder*, *m.*
 high-countryman, Highlander; —*landesge-*
richt, *n.* upper district court (in Prussia);
 —*landsch.*, *adj.* (out of a) high-country; —*land-*
jägermeister, *m.* see —*jägermeister*; —*last*, *f.*
 upper cargo or freight; —*lastig*, *adj.* top-
 heavy; —*lauf*, *m.* 1) upper course or part of
 a river; 2) *Mar.* upper-deck; —*laustig*, *f.* *Geogr.*
Upper Lusatia; —*leth*, *m.* *Mat.* upper metal;
 —*leber*, *m.* upper-leather; vamp; —*lesegeßel*,
n. *Mar.* upper studding-sail; —*lesse*, *f.* see
 —*lippe*; —*leszen*, *n.* direct fee, foot; —*lehns-*
herr, *m.* lord (or patron) paramount; suzerain;
 —*lehns herrschafft*, *f.* right of the paramount,
 suzerainty; sovereign jurisdiction; —*lehter*,
m. head-master; —*leß*, *m.* upper part of the
 body; —*leß*, *m.* *Mar.* head-rope; —*leitung*, *f.*
 supreme direction; *die* —*leitung haben über...*,
fig. to preside over ...; —*licht*, *n.* *Archit.*, *etc.*
 sky-light (window); top-light; (über einer
 Thür) fan-light; —*lieutenant*, *m.* first lieuten-
 ant; —*lippe*, *f.* 1) upper lip; 2) *Entom.*
labrum; —*lippe*, *f.* *Wass.* sleeper; —*luft*, *f.*
 high air, sky; —*macht*, *f.* supreme authority;
 predominance, superiority, ascendancy, pri-
 macy; —*magazinverwalter*, *m.* store-keeper
 general; —*mann*, *m.* 1) top-man; 2) fore-
 man, head workman; 3) *Gam.* knave; 4) *Mil.*
 right-hand man; 5) *fig.* a) arbiter, umpire;
 b) superior, victor; —*maschinmeister*, *m.*
Railw. (chief) engineer of the locomotive de-
 partment; —*maß*, *m.* *Mar.* top-mast; —*meister*,
m. 1) chief (i. e. the oldest) master (of a
 guild or corporation); 2) upper surgeon (of a
 man-of-war); —*mundschal*, *m.* chief or head
 cup-bearer; —*oberbrunnengeßel*, *n.* *Mar.* sky-
 scraper; —*offizier*, *m.* superior officer, gene-
 ral officer; *Geogr-s.* —*österreich*, *n.* Upper
 Austria; —*pfalz*, *f.* Upper Palatinate; —*pfarrer*,
f. rectory, rectorship; —*pfarrer*, *m.* chief
 minister, rector; —*pfarrtrübe*, *f.* see *Butter-*
trübe; —*pfürner*, *m.* head-porter; —*platte*,
f. 1) *Archit.* tablet or cap of a column, abacus;
 2) see —*beden*, 2, a; —*postamt*, *n.* —*post-*
direction, *f.* post-office general, general post-
 office; —*postdirector*, *m.* chief director of the
 post-office general; —*postmeister*, *m.* post-
 master-general; —*präsident*, *m.* Lord-lieu-
 tenant of a county (in Prussia); —*prediger*, *m.*
 see —*pfarrer*; —*prießer*, *m.* high-priest; —
prießerlich, *adj.* pontifical; —*rabbiner*, *m.*
 chief rabbin or rabbi; —*rang*, *m.* superiority;
 —*rechnungslammer*, *f.* chamber of accounts;
 —*rentmeister*, *m.* high-treasurer; —*rhein*, *m.*
Geogr. Upper Rhine; —*richter*, *m.* superior
 judge, lord chief-justice; —*rinne*, *f.* see —*flaute*;
 —*riß*, *m.* see *Stußwurfel*; —*roß*, *m.* great coat,
 surcoat.

D'bers, *n.* (& *m.*) *provinc.* (*S. G.*) for
Oberes, the upper part of milk, &c., cream.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*schafen*, *n.* *Geogr.*
Upper Saxony; —*sch.* *Log.* major, first
 proposition; —*seum*, *m.* *Archit.* upper cincture
 (of a column); —*schaffner*, *m.* *Railw.*
 upper guard; —*schale*, *f.* 1) *Buch.* round of
 beef; 2) see —*taff*; —*schaffmeister*, *m.* (lord)
 high-treasurer; —*schent*, *m.* lord high cup-
 bearer; —*schentel*, *m.* 1) thigh; 2) *Archit.*
 top-rail; —*schenkel*, *n.* femoral bone,
 thigh-bone, femur; —*schicksmann*, —*schick-*
richter, *m.* referee, cf. *Oßmann*; —*schick-*

werbels, *m.* assay-master; —*schiff*, *n.* *Mar.*
 upper works, dead works (of a ship); —*schick-*
fig., *adj.* *Mil.* overshoot (wheel); —*schimmer*,
m. foreman in a crushing-mill; —*schlesien*, *n.*
Geogr. Upper Silesia; —*schuß*, *m.* see —*schuß*;
 —*schreiber*, *m.* head-clerk; —*schule*, *f.* upper
 school, high-school; —*schulrath*, *m.* 1) chief
 direction of schools, board of public instruc-
 tion; 2) counsellor of the board of public in-
 struction; —*see*, *m.* upper lake; —*schweife*, *f.*
Corp. 1) see *Blattspitz*; 2) hintel; *Mar-s.* —
segel, *n.* upper sail; —*segelmacher*, *m.* master-
 sailmaker; —*sig*, *m.* first place, upper place;
 —*syrrung*, *m.* *Wass.* a) see —*fach*; b) false
 throw.

D'berk, *I. adj.* uppermost, topmost; high,
 highest, supreme; *die* —*Gewalt*, supremacy;
der —*ö* *Priester*, high priest; *das* —*ö* *Wed.*, see
Oberwedel; *zu* —, uppermost; *das* —*ö*, top;
das —*ö* *zu unterst*, upside down; *das* —*ö* *zu*
unterst *lehren*, to turn topsy-turvy; *II.* —
Oberste, *m.* (*decl. like adj.*) 1) chief man,
 headman; 2) *Mil.* colonel.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*staatsanwalt*, *m.*
 attorney general; —*stab*, *m.* see *Generalsstab*;
 —*staatsrath*, *m.* first town-clerk; —*staats-*
meister, *m.* lord great master of the horse;
 querry to a prince; —*steiger*, *m.* master-
 miner, first captain of the mines; —*stelle*, *f.*
 first place; precedence; —*stemma*, *f.* *Shoe-n.*
 side lining; —*stempel*, *m.* 2) *Upper die*;
 —*stenge*, *f.* *Mar.* topgallant-mast; —*steuer-*
amt, *m.* receiver general's office; —*steuerlin-*
nehmer, *m.* receiver general; —*steuermann*,
m. *Mar.* first mate of a ship.

D'berk..., *in comp.* —*hofmarschall*, *m.*
 grand marshal of the court; —*hofmeister*, *m.*
 grand-steward of the court.

D'berklinge, (*n.*) *f.* *Yus.* treble, soprano.

D'berk..., *in comp.* —*kammergast*, *m.*
 high-chancellor; —*lieutenant*, *m.* *Mil.* lieuten-
 ant-colonel.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*flodwert*, *n.* upper
 story; —*frisch*, *m.* apostrophe; —*frühling*,
n. 1) upper-garret; 2) *fig.* *loc.* head; *im* —*früh-*
ling nicht richtig, *coll. Anat.* cracked in the
 middle; —*flube*, *f.* upper-room; in *der* —*flube*,
 above stairs. [major]

D'berwachmeister, (*str.*) *m.* *Mil.* (main)

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*taffe*, *f.* cup (*opp.*
Unteraffe); —*thell*, *m.* upper part; —*tribunal*,
n. supreme court of justice; —*tritt*, *m.* *Wass.*
couper (Contremarch, Weberlatte); —*werbed*,
n. upper-deck; —*werwund*, *m.* chief guardian;
 —*werwundschaff*, *f.* chief guardianship; —*wer-*
schneider, *m.* grand carver; —*werstet*, *m.*
 director general or in chief.

D'berwähnt, *D'bergehört*, *D'bergemeldet*,
D'bergenannt, *adj.* see *Obernähnt* &c.

D'ber..., *in comp.* —*wärts*, *adv.* upwards
 (sometimes with *Gen.*, of); —*wasser*, *n.* 1) *Hydr.*
 a) upper-pond; b) upper water; 2) freshes,
 land-floods; —*weit*, *f.* upper world; —*wert*,
n. see *Obernwert*; —*wert*, *m.* superior merit;
 —*wind*, *m.* *Mar.* starboard-wind; —*wund*, *f.*
 see —*hols*; —*wunderzt*, *m.* surgeon to a prince;
 —*wurf*, *m.* *Sport.* upper jaw of a wild boar;
 —*zahl*, *f.* —*zahlig*, *adj.* † for *Ächtung*, *Ge-*
richt; —*zahn*, *m.* upper tooth; —*zimmer-*
mann, *m.* master-carpenter; —*zollinspektor*,
m. inspector-general of the customs.

D'bergleich, *conj.* (sometimes sep.: ob ... gleich)
 though, although; ob er gleich arm ist, al-
 though he is poor. (or burdened with.

D'bergeben, (*irr.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to be charged
D'berhat, *f.* protection; guardianship, care;
 in —*nehmen*, to take in charge, to take care of.
D'ber, *adj.* above, former, foregoing, above-
 said, mentioned. [yam (*Diocoria*).

D'berhaube, *D'berwurzel*, (*n.*) *f.* *Bot.*
 * *D'berect*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) object. — *D'ber-*
jectiv, *I. or D-lich*, *adj.* objective; —*glas*, *n.*

Opt. object(ive) glass, object lens; II. s. (*str.*) *m.* *Gramm.* objective (case). — *Objectivität*, (*w.*) *f.* objectiveness. *Objectträger*, slide.

* *Obste*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) wafer; mit — *ver-schicken*, to wafer; in comp. *D-obstet*, *m.* wafer-baker; *D-obste*, *D-obstet*, *f.* wafer-box; *D-obstetzer*, *m.* *Rom. Cath.* patron, patin.

* *Obste'sium*, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *O-*ria, or [*w.*] *O-*rien) *n.* see *Circular*.

Obsteg, (*str.* & *sup.*) *v. intr.* (with *Dat.*) 1) †, to conquer, to be victorious, to prevail; 2) *impers.* (Ginem) to be imposed as a duty, to devolve (upon), to become (one); *es liegt mir ob*, it is incumbent on (upon) me, I am obliged, it is my duty; *o-b*, *p. a.* incumbent; 3) (*riener* *Obste* [*Dat.*]), to apply one's self to; to fix the mind upon, to study, pursue; to ply (one's trade).

Obstegepflicht, (*w.*) *f.* duty, incumbency; *cf.* *Verpflichtung*.

* *Obstige*, *Mus. (Ital.)* I. *adj.* (of certain parts) indispensable to the just performance of a composition; *o-t* *Stimmen*, real parts (*opp.* *Klappstücken*); II. *adv.* (*Ital.*) obligato.

* *Obstigation*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) bond, obligation; promissory note; 2) scrip; in comp. *D-obstant*, *m.* debenture-book; *D-obstige*, *m.* obligee, bond-creditor; *D-obstiger*, *m.* bond-holder; *D-obstige*, *m.* bond; *D-obstige*, *f.* bond-debt; *D-obstigher*, *m.* obligor, bond-debtor. [*compulsory*]

* *Obstigation*, (*adj.* [*Lat.*]) obligatory.

* *Obstige*, *n.* (*Ital.*) *Comm.* warrant.

* *Obstige*, (*adj.* [*Lat.*]) *Gramm.* objective (case, &c.); indirect. [*n. Math.*] oblong.

* *Obstige*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Obstige* (a)

Obmacht, *f.* supreme power, authority.

Obmann, (*str.*, pl. *Obmänner*) *m.* 1) († & *provinc.* a) inspector, superintendent;

b) conqueror, victor; c) president; 2) umpire;

— *cines* *Obstige*, foreman of a jury.

* *Obmannschaft*, (*w.*) *f.* umpirage, arbitration, award.

Obmann, see *Epigman*.

* *Obse*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Mus.* hautboy, oboe;

— *Obse*, *f.* pl. hautboy reeds.

Obsteit, (*w.*) *f.* magistrature (collectively), authority, authorities.

Obsteitlich, I. *adj.* magisterial; *o-t* *Ver-*

sen, magistrature; *o-t* *Stand*, magistracy; II. *adv.*

from or by the authority; — *bewilligen*, to

license, permit by a legal grant.

Obste, † for *Obste*.

Obste, (*w.*) *f.* (*some* *sup.*) *ob* ... (*phon*,

cf. *Obste*) though, although, albeit.

Obste, (*w.*) *f.* (*intr.* 1) to be im-

minent at hand, pending; 2) *fig.* to be above

or superior, to exceed.

* *Obste*, (*adj.* [*Lat.*]) obscure.

* *Obste*, (*adj.* [*Lat.*]) obscure.

* *Obste*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) obscurant,

obscurantist, one opposed to enlightenment,

particularly in religious matters; one oppos-

ing the march of intellect. — *Obste*'s-

man, *m.* obscurationist.

* *Obste*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) observance;

custom. [*for* [*w.*] *O-*rien) *n.* observatory.

* *Obste*, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *O-*ria,

Obste, see *Obste*. [*Idan*]

* *Obste*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Minor* ob-

stige, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to carry the day,

to prevail, triumph, (*with* *Dat.*) to vanquish,

overcome. — *Obste*, *m.* vanquisher.

* *Obste*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put under

(official) seal (*Verste*). — *Obste*, (*w.*) *f.*

the putting under seal (*Verste*).

* *Obste*, (*adj.* [*Lat.*]) obsolete.

Obste, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* care (of ...), *cf.*

Obste.

Obste, (*str.*) *n.* fruit, fruits; in comp. — *Ob-*

ste, *m.* common bear; — *Obste*, *m.* the cultivation

or raising of fruits, orcharding; — *Obste*, *m.*

fruit-tree; — *Obste*, *f.* the cultivation or

raising of fruit-trees, orcharding; — *Obste*,

f. blossom of fruit-trees; — *Obste*, *m.* 1) fruit-

loft; 2) soil adapted for fruit-trees; — *Obste*,

m. fruit-brandy, elder-brandy; — *Obste*,

m. instrument for gathering fruit from trees;

— *Obste*, *m.* sauce of fruit, jam; — *Obste*, *f.* see

— *Obste*; — *Obste*, *f.* fruit-kiln.

Obste, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to gather fruit.

Obste, (*str.*) *m.* 1) keeper of an or-

chard, *cf.* *Obste*; 2) see *Obste*.

Obste, in comp. — *Obste*, *f.* gathering of

fruit; — *Obste*, *m.* one who likes (to eat)

fruit; — *Obste*, *m.* vinegar made of fruit; — *Obste*,

f. see — *Obste*; — *Obste*, *m.* fruit-garden,

orchard; — *Obste*, *m.* fruit-gardener, or-

chardist; — *Obste*, *f.* the goddess of fruit,

Pomona; — *Obste*, *m.* — *Obste*, *m.* — *Obste*,

f. fruiterer, fruit-seller; — *Obste*,

f. fruitery, fruit-loft; — *Obste*, *m.* pomelo-

gist; — *Obste*, *m.* see *Obste*; — *Obste*, *m.* 1) fruit-

basket; pottle, puppet; 2) *Archit.* oorbol;

— *Obste*, *m.* *provinc.* apple jam; — *Obste*, *m.*

fruit-cake, tart; — *Obste*, *f.* pomology; — *Obste*,

f. see — *Obste*; — *Obste*, *m.* fruit-market;

— *Obste*, *f.* *Bot.* mistletoe growing on fruit-

trees; — *Obste*, *m.* fruit-month, September;

— *Obste*, *m.* new elder; — *Obste*, *m.* see — *Obste*;

— *Obste*, *adj.* abounding in fruits; — *Obste*,

see *Obste*; — *Obste*, *m.* fruit-wine; — *Obste*,

m. fruitage, fruitery; — *Obste*, *f.* fruit-time;

— *Obste*, *f.* see — *Obste*. [*watch over*]

Obste, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (with *Dat.*)

Obste, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*with* *Dat.*)

obscure, to rule, govern over; 2) to exist,

to prevail; unter *o-b* *Umständen*, under

existing circumstances.

Obste, (*w.*) *f.* existence.

Obste, (*w.*) *f.* (*some* *sup.*) *ob* ... (*phon*,

cf. *Obste*) though, although, albeit.

* *Obste*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Geogr.* Oc-

cident; West. — *Obste*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Geogr.* Oc-

cident; West. — *Obste*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Geogr.* Oc-

cident; West. — *Obste*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Geogr.* Oc-

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cident; West. — *Obste*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Geogr.* Oc-

see *Obste*; — *Obste*, *m.* bull-foot, bullock's

foot (also *Obste*); — *Obste*, *adj.* *Obste* bull-footed;

— *Obste*, *f.* 1) ox-gall; 2) bull's eye (glass);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* cervine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

— *Obste*, *f.* *Zool.* bovine antelope (*Obste*);

(of a plough); *b*) truncheon (of a gun); *c*) boot-strap; ein über's - gebauetes Schiff, *Mar.* flaring ship; 3) see Gefelohr, 4.; *Ag-s.* Alles war -, they were all attention; sich hinter den Ö-en fragen, 1. to scratch one's ear; 2. to hesitate, not to know what to do; sein - für etwas haben, to turn a deaf ear to (one's petitions); to be indifferent to (music); Einem die Ö-en voll schreien, to deafen one with crying; die Ö-en hängen lassen, to be dispirited; die Ö-en steif halten, to keep up one's spirits or courage; Einem die Ö-en warm machen, to tease or worry one by talking; etwas em reden - (in the sense of Öhr, handle, &c., cf. Ripfel) angreifen, to set about a thing properly; auf diesem Ö-e höre ich nicht, I am deaf of this ear; sich auf's - legen, to go to bed; einander (or sich (*Lat.*)) bei den Ö-en lassen, to fall together by the ears; hinter den Ö-en noch nicht trocken sein, coll. to be green, unfledged; es or einen Schall hinter den Ö-en haben, to be more cunning than one appears; sich (*Lat.*) etwas hinter die Ö-en schreiben, to treasure up a thing; Einem in den Ö-en liegen, to keep dinning in one's ears (wegen, about); Jemandem - treffen, Einem ins - fallen, to meet or strike one's ear, to fall or descend upon one's ear; bis über die Ö-en, over head and ears, up to the ears; Einem das Fell über die Ö-en ziehen, Einem or Einem über's - hauen, to fleece, to cheat, to do one; sich (*Lat.*) die Welt um die Ö-en schlagen, to see a great deal of the world; vor meinen Ö-en, in my hearing; zu Ö-en kommen, to reach one's ears, to come to one's hearing; Einem etwas zu Ö-en bringen, to inform one of a thing; den Kopf zwischen die Ö-en nehmen und davon gehen, to bolt.

Öhr, (*str.*) *n.* T. eye (of a needle, axo, &c.); catch (of a hook or lock); handle (of a bell, &c.), *cf.* Öhse; gebohrte Öhre, drilled eyes.

Öhr..., *in comp.* -affe, *m.* Zool. great-eared monkey; galago (*Galago senegalensis* Geoffr.); -bäuber, *n. pl.* Anal. ligaments of the ear; -baumel, *f.* ear-drop; *Med-s.* -beschreibung, *f.* otography; -bildung, *f.* otoplastics; -blatt, *n. see* -ede; -stume, *f. see* Kurfel; -blutader, *f.* auricular vein; -bod, *m.* 1) -see -ede; 2) *sw.* ewy. row behind the ear; -bohrer, *m. see* -wurm; -bögen, *m.* T. ring-bolt; -brausen, *m. see* Öhrenbrausen; -brille, *f.* temple-spectacles; -budein, *pl. see* -gehänge; -bügel, *m. pl.* swivels.

Öhrchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dém.* of Öhr) little ear; *Anat. & Bot.* auricle.

Öhr..., *in comp.* -brille, *f.* *Anat. see* -speichelbrille; -bräusenbräune, *f.* *Med.* mumps; *Anat-s.* -bräufgang, *m.* Stenonian duct, duct of Steno; -bräufengeflecht, *n.* parotid plexus; -ede, *f.* 1) (*verderre*) tragus; 2) (*hinterre*) antitragus; -eifen, *n. see* -bögen.

Öhren, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (*Öhse, l. w.*) to please the ear; *Il.* tr. 1) see Öhren, 1; 2) (*Switz.* Öhren) to pull by the ears.

Öhren, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1* to provide with ears, *cf.* Öhrtri; 2) T. to provide with ears, handles, &c. *cf.* Öhr; to eye (needles).

Öhren..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Öhr) -arguet, *f.* *Med.* acoustic; -argt, *m.* aurist, auril surgeon; -beichte, *f.* auricular confession; -bläfer, *m.* coll. pick-thank, whisperer, toll-tale, tale-bearer, slanderer, sycophant; -bläferer, *f.* tale-bearing, slander; -brausen, *m.* humming, buzzing, ringing, or tingling of or in the ears; -bleuer, *m. see* Augenblinder; -entzündung, *f.* *Med.* inflammation of the ear, otitis; -fluh, *m.* *Med.* a running from the ear; -glut, *f. see* -schmerz; -grübler, *m. see* Öhrwurm; -höhle, *f.* *Anat.* cavity of the ear; -bügel, *m.* 1) tickling of one's ears; 2) *Ag.* desire of news; -lingen, *n. see* -brausen; -knipfer, *m. see* Öhrwurm; -knorpel, *m.* cartilage of

the ear; -krankheit, *f.* aural disease; -frierer, *m.* 1) see Öhrwurm; 2) see -bieret.

Öhrensch, *adj.* earless.

Öhren..., *in comp.* -mörchel, *m.* *Bot.* morel (*Morchel*); -nerve, *f.* *Anat.* acoustic nerve; -pflanze, *f.* medicinal herb against deafness; -pflug, *m.* *Ag.* heavy plough; -reißer, *n. see* -schmerz; -schleimfluh, *m. see* -fluh; -schmalz, *n.* ear-wax; -schmalzbräusen, *pl.* *Anat.* ceruminous glands; -schmand, *m.* *Ag.* feast, treat for the ears; -schmerz, *m.* ear-ache, otalgia; -schwamm, *m.* *Bot.* Jew's ear (*Purcia auricula*); -spange, *f.* pendant; -spiegel, *m.* *Swy.* auricular speculum; -stange, *f. see* Öhren; -stichfluh, *m.* *Ornith.* see -taucher; -stück, *n.* ear-piece; -taube, *f. see* Taubentaube; -taucher, *m.* *Ornith.* eared grebe or diver, dabchick (*Podiceps auritus* Gm.); -trappe, *f. see* Kufur; -würmer, *m.* a cover for the ears; -wisch, *n. see* -schmerz; -zeichen, *n.* mark or brand made in the ear of animals; -zeuge, *m.* ear-witness; -zeugniß, *n.* auricular evidence; -zeug, *m. see* -schmerz.

Öhr..., *in comp.* -eule, *f.* *Ornith.* great horned owl, horn-owl (*Syris dubo* L.); (die mittlere) long-eared owl (*Syris otus* L.); (kleine) dwarf horn-owl (*Nyctale scopio* L.); -felge, box on the ear; smack on the face; -finger, (*v. & incomp.*) *v. tr.* to box one's ears; -finger, *m.* little finger; -flügel, *m.* external ear; -förmig, *adj.* ear-shaped, auriform, *Bot.* auriculate(d); -gegen, *f.* parotic region; -gehänge, -gehört, -geschmeide, *n.* jewel or ornament hanging at the ear, pendant; -gewölbe, *n.* *Archit.* ogive; -glöden, *f.* (*dém.*) -glöden, *n.* *pl.* ear-drops; -hahn, *m. see* Kuchbahn; -hänge, *v. intr.* (*incomp.*) to be disheartened.

...öhrig, *adj. in comp.* ...eared.

Öhr..., *in comp.* -läster, *m. see* -wurm; -tanz, *m. see* -eule, mittlere; -rissen, *n.* (small) pillow; -taucher, *m. see* -wurm; -tamm, *n.* *Mar.* veteran sailor; -tippchen, *n.* ear-flap, flap or tip of the ear; -leiste, *f.* *Anat.* the reflected margin of the ear, helix.

Öhrling, (*str.*) *m.* see Öhrwurm.

Öhr..., *in comp.* -loch, *n.* 1) ear-hole; Einem -löcher stechen, to pierce one's ears; 2) *Archit.* oval window; -löffel, *m.* ear pick(er); -löffelfrant, *n.* *Bot.* a species of catch-fly (*Silene otitis* Sm.); -löffelschwamm, *m.* *Bot.* fir hydnum, little hough (*Hydnum auriculatum* L.); -maul, *n. see* Öhrenschmerz; -maul, *f.* *Zool.* eared mouse (*Öryzomys*); -maulschel, *f.* 1) *Anat.* exterior part of the ear, (*lat.*) *concha auris*; 2) *Conch.* see Cecoby; -nagel, or Öhrnagel, *m.* T. punch; -pinfel, *m.* *Swy.* auriscap; -ring, *m.* ear-ring; -flüge, *f.* T. socket-saw; -sauh, *m.* *Med.* otolite; -schneide, *f.* 1) *Anat.* cavity in the internal ear, cochlea; 2) *Conch.* ear-snail (*Helix auricularia* L.); -spann, *n.* *Mar.* fore-most frame, knuckle timber; -speichelbräuse, *f.* *Anat.* parotid gland; -speichelbräusenentzündung, *f.* *Swy.* parotitis; -stüße, *f.* *Mar.* see Kufelanger.

Öhrtri, (*str.*) *m.* Öhrtri, (*w.*) *f.* see Ört, L. Öhr..., *in comp.* -tönen, *n. see* Öhrenbrausen; -trömmel, *f.* *Anat.* barrel or drum of the ear, tympan; -trommete, *f.* Eustachian tube; -wert, *n.* *Fort.* orillon; -witzig, *adj.* dissonant; -wurm, *m.* *Entom.* earwig (*Forficula auricularia* L.); -zeuge, or Öhrzeuge, *f.* a kind of pincers.

Öhre, (*w.*) *f.* T. ear; loop; shank of a button, see Öhr & Hafen; Hafen und Ö-n, hooks and eyes.

Öhs..., *in comp.* *Mar-s.* -fah, *n.* (water) scoop; -gat, *n.* water-way or well-room of a boat.

Öter, (*str.*) *m.* see Öhrtri.

Östend, *Ac.* Öf..., see Öc..., Öc...

Öl, *a. l. (str.) n.* oil; das heilige -, chrism; in - malen, to paint in oil; *Il. in comp.* -anstrich, *m.* coat of (oil-)paint; -bäume, *pl. see* Fichtbäume; -baum, *m.* *Bot.* olive-tree (*Olea europaea* L.); (bäumlicher or wilder) oleaster (*Oleaster*); -baumgummi, -baumharz, *n.* *Pharm.* (gum-)oleum; -beere, *f.* olive; -becker, *n.* *Min.* olivinite; -berg, *m.* mount of Olives; -bich, *n. see* -gemälde; -bildende Gas, *n.* *Chem.* olefant gas, bi-carbonated hydrogen; -blindernd, *m.* litho-chromic print; -blech, *f.* copper for boiling oil; -blatt, *n.* olive leaf; -blau, *n.* Saxon blue; smalt; -bodenfas, *m. see* -becken; -brühe, *f.* oil-bath; -brun, *f. pl.* see -becken.

Öle, (*w.*) *f.* (*Switz.*) *n.* oilmistle.

* Oleander, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* oleander, rosebay (*Nerium oleander* L.); -schwärmer, -vogel, *m.* oleander-sphinx (*Sphinx nerii* L.).

* Oleaster, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Bot.* oleaster, olivaster, wild olive (*Eleagnus angustifolia* L.).

Ölen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to oil; to anoint. [oil.] Ölenen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to taste or smell of Öf..., *in comp.* -fabrit, *f.* oil-press; -farbe, *f.* oil-colour; mit -farben malen, to paint in oil; -fah, *n.* oil-oak; -frucht, *m.* oil-varnish; *Comm.* dry oil; -flache, *f.* oil-bottle; (heilige) *Rom. Orth.* holy vial; -fladen, *m.* spot of oil, oil-stain; -früchte, *f. pl.* oleaginous plants or fruits; -garres Leder, oil-leather; -garten, *m.* olive-grove, olive-garden; -gas, *n.* *Chem.* oil-gas; -gemälde, *m.* oil-painting; -gemäldebrud, *m. see* -blindernd; -gewichte, *pl. see* -früchte; -glöde, *m.* *Ag.* lubber, dunce; -handel, *m.* oil-trade; -händler, *m.* oil-merchant, oil-man; -hartz, *n. see* -beumhart; -heit, *f.* T. yellow parchment prepared with oil; -hefen, *f. pl.* oil-drops, lees or drags of oil.

Ölicht, *adj.* oleaginous, oily.

Ölichtpapier, *see* Elephantenpapier.

Ölig, *adj.* oily; Öleig, (*w.*) *f.* oiliness.

* Öligarch, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) 1) member of an oligarchy; 2) oligarchical tyrant. - Öligarchie, (*w.*) *f.* oligarchy. - Öligarchisch, *adj.* oligarchical.

* Ölim, *l. (Lat.) adv.* once on a time, long since, whilom; *Il. used as a subst.* zu or vor Ö-s Zeiten, in times of yore.

* Ölitäten, (*w.*) *f. pl.* (*mod. Lat.*) medicines and perfumes prepared with oil.

* Ölve, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) *Bot.* olive; 2) *Conch.* olive-shell, rice-shell (*Ostrea striatula* Lam.); 3) *pl.* provine, sheep- and goat-dung. - Ölven..., *in comp.* -baum, *m.* *Bot.* olive tree (*Olebaum*); -blende, *f.* *Min.* augite; -ernte, *f. see* Öllese; -erg, *n.* *Min.* olive-ore, olive-copper, olivinite; -farbe, *f.* -grün, *n.* olive (green-)colour; -farben, -grün, *adj.* olive-coloured, olive-green; -förmig, *adj.* olive-formed; -gehölz, *n.* T. olive-bit; -hain, *m.* olive-grove; -holz, *n.* olive-wood. - Ölvenit, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* olivinite, olive-ore; -erde, *f.* earthy olive-ore. - Ölven..., *in comp.* -kern, *m.* olive kernel; -knipfer, *n. see* -erg; -öl, *n.* olive-oil; -pfeifer, *n.* *Bot.* variety of the Cayenne pepper (*Capicum oliviforme* Mill.); -schneide, *f.* see Olive, 2.; -wäldchen, *n.* olive-grove; -wäld, *f. see* Olive, 2.

* Ölvenit, (*w.*) *f. pl.* (*Fr.*) olive-shaped corals, glass-beads.

Öl..., *in comp.* -flüster, *m.* *Entom.* oil-beetle (*Blattwurm*); -fanne, *f.* oil-can; -fitter, *f.* oil-press; -flitt, *m.* putty; -frucht, *m.* oil-pump; -früher, *m.* oil-man; -frug, *m.* oil-cruet; -fuchsen, *m.* oil-cake; linseed-cake; -faden, *m.* oil-shop; -lampe, *f.* oil-lamp; -lese, *f.* harvest of olives; olive season.

Ölm, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Zool.* proteus (*Proetus*

anguinus Laur., a batrachian reptile; 2) mould, putrid, mouldering wood.

Of..., in comp. —maier, m. painter in oil; —maierl, f. painting in oil.

Ofmen, (w.) v. *indr.* to moulder.

Of..., in comp. —müch, f. Pharm. emulsion; —mühle, f. oil-mill; —myrte, f. sweet-gale (*Myrica gale* L.); —nuss, f. see *Dehennuss*;

—palme, f. Bot. oil-palm (*Elaeis guineensis* Jacq.); —papier, m. oiled paper; —pfangen, f. pl. see —früchte; —phosphorsäure, f. Chem. oleophosphoric acid; —preffe, f. see —filter;

—raffinerie, f. oil-refinery; —ricin[säure], f. Chem. oleo-ricinic acid; —röhren, n. Bot. black bell-bore (*Heloborus nigra* L.); —rüd-stand, m. residuum of oil; —russ, m. lamp-black; —samen, m. linseed, rape-seed; oil grain; —sah, m. oil-foot, oil-footing; Chem.-s.

—säure, f. oleic acid; —saure Salze, n. pl. oleates; —schneitel, m. see *Elephantenschneitel*;

—schlägen, n. the act of oil-pressing; —schliffen, m. oil-miller; —seife, f. soft soap.

Ofenich, (str.) m. Bot. meadow-sulphurwort (*Safranstrang*).

Of..., in comp. —fänder, m. oil-tub; —stein, m. 1) oil-stone, oil-rubber; 2) see *Stainstein*; —süß, n. Chem. glycerine; —taune, f. oil-tun; —treter, f. oil-dregs, olive-hunks (pl.); —tuch, n. oil-cloth.

Ölring, (w.) f. the act of oiling; anointing; die letzte —, Rom. Cath. the extreme unction.

Of..., in comp. —weibe, f. Bot. see *Oleaster*; —woll, m. see *Seelwoll*.

Olymp, (str.) m. Gr. Myth. Olympus.

Olympiade, (w.) f. Olympiad. —*Olymp's pier*, (str.) m. Olympian (god). —*Olymp'sich*, adj. Olympian, Olympic.

Of..., in comp. —güster, m. Pharm. oleo-saccharum; —zweig, m. olive-branch.

O'mat, (str.) n. († &) provinc. after-math (*O'mat*, Emb, Grummet). [omega.]

* *O'mage*, (str., pl. — or O-S) n. (Gr.)

* *O'merete*, (w.) f. (Fr.) Cook. omelet.

* *O'men*, (str., pl. [Lat.] O'mina, or O-S) n. (Lat.) omen. — *O'mind's*, adj. ominous.

* *O'mnibus*, (not decl. or [Lat.] str.) Gen. des O'stes, pl. des O'stes (mod. Fr.) omnibus.

* *O'manie*, (w.) f. Med. onanism. — *O'man'ren*, (w.) v. *indr.* to commit onanism. — *O'man's*, (w.) m. onanist.

* *O'men*, (Lat.) n. pl. of O'men.

* *O'mel*, (str.) n. (Fr.) uncle; *dämn.*:

O'melchen, (str.) n. (lit. little uncle) dear uncle.

* *O'metaphor*, (w.) f. (Gr.) onomatopoeia, onomatopoeia. — *O'metaphor'sich*, adj. onomatopoeic.

* *O'mge*, (str., Gen. des O-es, or —) *O'mge'sich*, (str.) m. Minor. onyx.

* *O'mge*, see *Ung*.

* *O'mig*, (w. & str.) (Gr.) Petr. oolite, ooilstone; —bildung, f. Geol. oolitic formation.

* *O'pal*, (str.) m. Minor. opal; —ähnl[ich], adj. opaline; —eisenstein, m. Minor. ferruginous opal.

* *O'per*, (w.) f. (Ital.) opera.

* *Operateur* [pr. —tör], (str., pl. O-e, or O-S) m. (Fr.) operator, operative surgeon.

* *Operation*, (w.) f. (Lat.) Mil. Surg., &c. operation; O-blehre, f. operative surgery, surgery; O-plan, m. plan of operation.

* *Operett*, (w.) f. (Ital.) little opera, operetta.

* *Operiren*, (w.) v. (Lat.) I. *indr.* to operate; II. *tr.* to perform a (surgical) operation on (a person); sich (Acc.) — lassen, to submit to an operation.

* *Operist*, (w.) m. opera-singer.

* *Operment*, (str.) n. Minor. & Chem. orpiment, yellow sulphuret of arsenic.

O'pern..., in comp. —buch, n. see —text; —bichter, m. writer of (the words of) an opera;

—glas, n., —güster, m. opera-glass, operas

O'peru'st, adj. opera-like. [(pl.)]

O'pern..., in comp. —haus, n. opera-house; —mädchen, n. opera girl; —länger, m. operasinger; —text, m. libretto; —textschreiber, —textbichter, m. librettist.

O'pfer, I. (str.) n. 1) offering, sacrifice, oblation, immolation; 2) victim; or flet als — (or wurde das —) biefer Krantheit, he fell a victim to this disease; ein — bringen, to make or render a sacrifice; ich habe ihm viele — gebracht, I have sacrificed much for him; II. in comp. sacrificial: —altar, m. offering-altar.

O'pferbar, adj. suitable or fit for sacrifice.

O'pfer..., in comp. —beken, m. altar-plata, altar-basin; —brauch, m. see —gebrauch; —bröt, n. consecrated bread.

O'pferer, (str.) m. sacrificer.

O'pfern, (w.) v. *tr.* to offer, sacrifice, immolate; to compound with (one's estate, &c.).

O'pfer..., in comp. —feier, f. celebration of offering, sacrificing: —fest, n. sacrificial festival; —feuer, n., —flamme, f. sacrificial flame; —fleisch, n. flesh of the offered victims;

—gabe, f. offering, oblation; —gebet, n. offering; —gebrauch, m. sacrificial rite; —gefäß, —grüth, —gefäß, n. sacrificial vessel; —guss, m. libation; —geld, n. offering-penny;

—herb, m. altar; —kasten, m. offerings-box; poor's box; —leth, m. sacrificial cup; sacrament-cup; —luchen, m. offering-cake; —lamm, n. 1) sacrificial lamb; 2) fig. a) victim;

b) Jesus Christ; —maß, n. sacrificial feast; —messer, n. offering-knife; —pfanne, f. sacrificial pan; —pfennig, m. see —geld;

—priester, m. sacrificer; —rauch, m. smoke of the burnt-offering; —schale, f. offering-cup; —schlichter, m. sacrificer; —schmans, m. see —mahl; —stätt, —stätt, f. place of offering;

—stod, m. see —laffen; —styer, n. victim; —stisch, m. offering-table; —tob, m. sacrificatory death, death of a victim; —trans, —wein, m. oblation drink, oblation-wine.

O'pferung, (w.) f. the act of offering, immolation, sacrificing, sacrifices.

* *O'pian*, (str.) n. Chem. narcotine. — *O'piat*, (str.) n. Med. opiate. — *O'pium*, (str.) n. (Lat.-Gr.) opium; —säure, f. Chem. meconic acid; —syrap, m. Pharm. opiated syrup. [shora.]

O'pper, (str.) m. (—wall, m.) Mar. weather-

* *O'pponent*, (w.) m. (Lat.) Acad. opposer, disputant. — *O'pponenten*, (w.) v. *tr.* & *indr.* to oppose. — *O'pposition*, (w.) f. opposition.

* *O'ptatils*, (str.) m. (Lat.) Gramm. optative.

* *O'ptik*, (w.) f. (Gr.) optica. — *O'ptiker*, (str.) m. optician.

* *O'ptimat*, (w.) m. (Lat.) aristocrat.

* *O'ptisch*, adj. optio, optical.

* *O'ra'tel*, (str.) n. (Lat.) (or —syrap, m.) oracle; oracular declaration; wie ein — sprechen, to speak oracularly; —mäsig, —haft, adj. oracular. — *O'ra'tein*, (w.) v. *indr.* & *tr.* coll. to pronounce oracles or oracularly.

* *O'ra'ng* [pr. ö'rang'she], (w.) f. (Fr.) orange. — *O'ra'ng'e* [pr. ö'rang'ab'del], (w.) f. orange-herbet, orangeade. — *O'ra'ng* [ö'rang'shen], adj. orange-yellow. — *O'ra'ng* gen... in comp. —baum, m. orange tree (*Citrus aurantium* L.); —blüth, f. orange-blossom; —blüth, n. essence of orange-blossoms; —brann, adj. orange-tawny; —farben, —gelb, adj. orange-coloured, orange-yellow; —schale, f. orange-peel. — *O'ra'ng'rie* [ö'rang'she], (w.) f. Gard. orangery.

* *O'ra'ng'tang*, (str., pl. O-S) m. (Malay.) Zool. orang-utan (*Pithecia satyris* L.).

O'ra'ng, n. Geogr. Orange.

O'rant, (str.) m. Bot. 1) wild marjoram

(*Origanum vulgare* L.); 2) small snap-dragon (*Scorzonilla*).

* *O'ra'torium*, (str., pl. [w.] O'-rien) oratory: 1) Rom. Cath. room set apart for prayer; 2) Mus. oratorio.

* *O'rdän*, (str.) m. (Ital.) hurricane, violent storm; —müschgen, n. see *Sturmögel*.

* *O'rdä'ner*, (str.) n. (Gr.) Mus. orchestra.

* *O'rdä'ne* [pr. —dä'el], (w.) f. Bot. orchid.

* *O'rdäl*, (str., pl. sometimes O-ien) n. (M. Lat.) ordeal.

O'rden, (str.) m. order.

O'rden..., in comp. —abt, m. regular abbot; —alter, m. age required for the admittance into any order; —band, n. 1) (—binde, f.) riband (or sash) belonging to an order;

2) Entom. a species of butterfly: *Calocalla* Schk.; —bruder, m. 1) member of an order; 2) friar, monk; —decoration, f. badge of an order; —fest, n. annual celebration of the institution of an order; —geisl[iche], m. priest who is at the same time member of a religious order, ordained clergyman; —geisl[icheit], f. regular clergy; —geisl[iche], m. profession, vow; —geisl[ichaft], f. congregation;

—gliche, m. member of an order; —haus, f. see *Röftr*; —kette, f. collar chain of an order; —kleid, m. habit, dress of an order; —krenz, n. cross of an order; —mann, m. see *Wönch*; —meister, m. master, chief head of an order; —ritter, m. knight of an order; —schweiser, f. sister, nun; —tracht, f. see —kleid; —verbrüderung, f. confraternity; —zeichen, n. badge of an order.

O'rdenlich, I. adj. orderly; exact, accurate; regular; proper, methodical; ordinary: plain, downright; o-e Richter, Gerichtshand, regular judge, tribunal; der o-e Professor, professor in ordinary; —schleim, drüsen, &c. to rate, thrash, &c. regularly, soundly; II. O-keit, (w.) f. orderliness, regularity.

* *O'rber*, (pl. O-S & O-n) f. (Fr.) order; commission; command, direction(s): instruction(s), injunction(s); —geben, rathalten, to give, receive order(s); O'mm-s. auf —, upon (or by) order (von off); an die — von, to the order of; an die — des Herrn G., to Mr. B. or order; an meine eigene —, an die — von mir selbst, to my own order, order (favour) of myself; —geber, m. drawer, giver of a bill; —haber, m. bearer, holder of a bill; —helfen, m. port of call; —nehmer, m. taker of a bill; —stellung, f. drawing of a bill.

* *O'rbinang*, (w.) f. see *O'rbonang*.

* *O'rbinat*, adj. (Fr.) coll. common: regular; vulgar, mean; ordinary (goods); inferior (quality): o-e Fuhrer, ordinary conveyance; o-e Preis, m. Book-s. publication price; o-e Post, f. waggon post; o-e Fuhrer, f. Comm. small or petty average; —contant, adj. sterling; —schritt, m. Mil. slow or ordinary time.

* *O'rbinat'e*, (w.) f. Math. ordinate. — *O'rbinat'ion*, (w.) f. ordination, investment.

* *O'rbinat'en*, (w.) v. *tr.* (Lat.) to ordain, order, invest; sich — lassen, to take orders; orbinirt, p. a. in orders.

O'rbinen, (w.) v. *tr.* to regulate, dispose, order, set or put in order, arrange; to settle, regulate, to set to rights (an affair, &c.); geordnet, f. systematic industry; orbinert, Geiſt, power to systematic. — *O'rbin'er*, (str.) m. regulator, &c., director (of festivals, &c.).

O'rbinung, (w.) f. 1) order (also Arch.), regulation, disposition; propriety, tidiness; 2) class, form; in —, in (due) order, correct; das finde ich gang in der —, I find that quite right and proper, this is as it should be; in — sein, to be right, in order, in conformity; fair and square; in perfect trim (of an engine); der — wegen, for regularity's sake; in — halten, to keep orderly; die Papiere sind gang in der —, the papers are quite regular; Mangel

an — in den SchiffsPapieren, informality in the ships papers; in — Gehörtes, all agreed upon; er ließ sich nicht aus seiner — bringen, he did not put himself out of his way; in — bringen, to set or put in order, to settle see Ordnen; die ist etwas nicht in —, (Umgeßpr.) there is a screw loose.

Ord'nung, *in comp.* —gemäß, —mäßig, *adj.* orderly, due, &c. *f.* Ordentlich; —mäßig, *m.* see —gemäß; —mäßig empfangen, duly received; —mäßig ausgefertigt, drawn up in legal form; —mäßig geführt, well kept (books); —mäßige Beschäftigung, regular examination; —liche, *f.* —fluß, *m.* sense of order, love of system, regularity; —liegend, *adj.* orderly, regular.

Ord'nungslos, *adj.* confused.

Ord'nungs..., *in comp.* —ruf, *m.* call to order; —strafe, *f.* penalty; —widrig, *adj.* irregular; —zahl, *f.* ordinal number.

* **Ord'nungs**, (*m.*) *f.* (Fr.) 1) Mil. —(st)bat, *m.* orderly (man or sergeant); auf —, on orderly duty; 2) ordinance or orders, see Anordnung; *in comp.* —buch, *m.* orderly book; —offizier, *m.* officer in ordinance, orderly officer; —trompete, *f.* military trumpet.

* **Ordre**, see Ordrer.

* **Ordre**, (*m.*) *f.* *Gr. Myth.* Oread.

* **Ordre**, (*str.*) *pl.* O-*r*. *m.* Bot. ditty of Creta (*Originum creticum* Hayne).

* **Ordrebaum**, *m.* see Reihbäum.

* **Ordre**, (*str.*) *n.* Chem. Orleans-yellow. **Ordrengel**, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. eryngo (*Wormstein*).

Orf, (*str.*) *m.* Orfe, (*m.*) *f.* Ichth. nerling, fin-scale, rud(d) (*Lousiscus orfus*).

* **Organ**, (*str.*) *n.* (Gr.) organ.

* **Organ**, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. book-muslin, cotton gauze.

* **Organisation**, (*m.*) *f.* (Barb. Lat.) organisation; eine neue — geben, to reorganize. —**Organisation**, *adj.* organic(al). —**Organisiren**, (*m.*) *v.* tr. to organise. —**Organismus**, (*induct.*) *pl.* (O-)men) *m.* organism. —**Organist**, (*m.*) *m.* (M. Lat.) organist.

* **Organisierelbe**, (*f.*) (Ital.) Comm. thrown-silk, organzine.

* **Organin**, (*str.*) *m.* see Organbi.

* **Organe** (*pr.* Orkade), (*m.*) *f.* (Fr.) organ.

Orgel, *s. I.* (*v.*) *f.* Mus. organ, a pair of organs; die — spielen, (or obolacant) (spielen), to play on the organ; II. *in comp.* —bälge, *m.* pl. bellows of an organ; —bauer, *m.* organ-builder; —chor, *m.* organ-loft; coll. —coralle, *f.* Zool. tubipore, organ-pipe coral (*Tubipora* L.).

Orgel, (*v.*) *f.* coll. wretched music.

Orgel..., *in comp.* —gehäufte, *m.* —lasten, *m.* organ case, buffet; —klang, *m.* sound of an organ.

Orgeln, (*m.*) *v.* sub. 1) to play on the organ; 2) *fig.* to produce sounds like that of an organ; *Spott.* to toast.

Orgel..., *in comp.* —pfeife, *f.* organ-pipe; —play, *m.* see —chor; —pult, *m.* organ desk; —punkt, *m.* organ point, pedal note; —registrier, *n.* register (of an organ), organ-stop; —schule, *f.* a school or method for an organ; —stimme, *f.* see —registrier; —stück, *m.* piece for the organ; —ton, *m.* see —klang; —treter, *m.* see Bälgetreter; —werk, *n.* (works of an) organ; —zug, *m.* organ stop.

* **Orgien**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) *pl.* orgies.

* **Orient**, (*str.*) *m.* (Lat.) Geogr. Orient, East, Levant. —**Orientale**, (*m.*) *m.* Oriental. —**Orientallisch**, *adj.* Oriental, Eastern, Levant; die o-e Frage, the Eastern question. —**Orientallist**, (*m.*) *m.* orientalst.

* **Orientiren**, (*m.*) *v.* I. tr. (Fr.) to orientate, to orient; to mark the east (upon a map); II. *refl.* 1) to discover where one is;

to set one's self right, to see one's way, to find one's latitude or ground; to get acquainted with a place, &c., to obtain a view of things, coll. to see how the land lies; ich will mich in dem Hause —, I want to get the geography of the house; sich wieder —, to recover one's latitude; orientirt..., well acquainted with ..., well up in ...

* **Orikkamme**, (*m.*) *f.* (Fr.) oriflame, oriflamb.

* **Oriktall**, (*str.*) *n.* (Lat.) original. —**Oriktalität**, (*m.*) *f.* originality. —**Oriktuell**, *adj.* original.

* **Oriktin**, see Orkian.

* **Oriktan**, *m.* anata, annotto; —baum, *m.* Bot. heart-leaved bixa (*Bixa Orellana* L.); —farbe, *f.* annotto-dye; —gelb, *n.* see Orkian.

* **Oriktig**, (*str.*) *m.* war; —schiff, &c., see Kriegsschiff, 1 &c.

* **Oriktin**, (*str.*) *m.* (Lat.) dream of an order, robes, vestment.

Oriktin, (*m.*) *f.* see Rannetfide.

* **Oriktolite**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) *m.* Petr. ornitholite, bird-stone.

* **Oriktologie**, (*m.*) *m.* (Gr.) ornithologist. —**Oriktologie**, (*m.*) *f.* ornithology.

* **Oriktologie**, (*m.*) *f.* see Gedrängte.

* **Oriktologie**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) orography.

Oriktin, (*m.*) *f.* see Orkian.

* **Oriktin**, (*pr.* Orkian) *f.* 1) orchilla, archil; 2) Bot. O-*schüte*, *f.* orchilla-wood, archilrock moss (*Racolla tinctoria* Ach); die — von Koberg (Orkian), dye's lichen (*Lichen parvula* L.).

Orikt (sometimes *pron.* & *com. spell.* Orkt), (*str.*) *pl.* Orkte & Orkt, +: Orkt(e) I. *n.* & *m.* 1) (+ &) *provinc.* point, edge; 2) *Shos-m.* awl, bodkin (Höle); 3) a) corner, end; b) *Mfm.* end of a drift; vor — ansetzen, to commence working a drift; vor — kommen, to work a drift to the end; II. *m.* (& *provinc.* *n.*) place, region; locality; — der Handlung, scene of action; der — der Handlung liegt ..., That the scene lies ...; an — und Stelle, in its (proper) place; on the spot; an allen O-en, aller O-en, everywhere; am rechten O-e, in place; es ist nicht an seinem O-e, there is nothing in its (proper) place; am unrechten O-e, out of place, misplaced, unseasonable; hierigen O-e, in this place; in Ihrem O-e, at your place, in your quarter; es herrscht eine Eitte an vielen O-en, a custom prevails in many places; *fig.* a. am angeführten O-e (eines Buches, &c.), in the passage quoted; es ist hier am O-e (zu erwähnen), this is the proper place (to mention, &c.); etwas an seinen — gestellt sein lassen, to leave a matter undecided; ich meine O-e, as for me; hohen O-e, from high authority; es ist höher O-e befohlen worden, it has been ordered by the authorities; gehörigen O-e melden, to give information to the proper authorities or persons; es wurde ihm seinen O-e hinterbracht, he was informed on good authority; ich meine O-e, as for me; *Italien* die nicht dieses O-e sind, reasons which are irrelevant; ein gewisser —, see Orktritt.

Orikt..., *in comp.* (cf. Orkt ..., Orkt ..., &c.); —ballen, *m.* beam touching the wall; —band, *n.* chape; —bäume, *m.* *pl.* trees at the edge of a wood; —bohrer, *m.* *Mfm.* pick-axe.

Orikt, (*m.*) *f.* see Orkian, 1.

Oriktin, (*m.*) *v.* tr. 1) Corp., &c. to plane off (the edges); 2) *Comb.* to split; 3) *fig.* —, *Mfm.* to lean towards.

Oriktin, (*m.*) *f.* framed whip-saw.

Oriktin, *in comp.* —sch, *n.* Archil, tall-bay; —stück, *m.* see —pfeife; —teuern, *f.* *pl.* see —pfeife; *Mfm.* —gang, *m.* see —fluß; —gebänge, *n.* see Orkian; —gebäude, *m.* see —bau; —sämer, *m.* workman prolonging the point of the gallery; *provinc.* naughty child; —stapel, *m.* T. corner-plane.

* **Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) orthodox. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* orthodoxy. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *m.* (Lening, I. u.) bigoted partisan of orthodoxy.

* **Oriktin**, (*m.*) *m.* (Gr.) orthographer. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* orthography. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* orthographic.

* **Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) orthopedy. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* orthopedic, orthopedic.

Oriktin, I. *adj.* local; structural (disease, &c.); II. *O.* *str.* (*m.*) *f.* locality.

Oriktin, *m.* *provinc.* see Schiedricht.

* **Oriktin**, (*str.*) *m.* (Fr.) Orkian, orkian (*Emberia herbula* L.).

Orikt..., *in comp.* —pfeife, *m.* mining beetle, driver, sledge hammer; —pfeife, —pfeife, *m.* a pole or peg to mark a place in a mine; —pfeife, *pl.* pinions.

Orikt..., *in comp.* local (cf. Orkt ..., &c.); —angabe, *f.* statement of (the) place; —beschäftigung, *f.* peculiarities or nature of a locality; —beschreibung, *f.* description of a place; —bewegung, *f.* locomotion.

Oriktin, (*m.*) *f.* (inhabited) place, village, hamlet, town.

Orikt..., *in comp.* —schüt, *m.* spring-tree-bar, spitster-bar (of a wagon); —schüt, *m.* *Mfm.* cross-split; —schüt, *adj.* minable; —schüt, *adj.* out of the perpendicular, crooked.

Orikt..., *in comp.* —com(m)itté, *n.* local committee; —geheimnis, *n.* retentive memory for places; —geheimnis, *n.* minor's wages; —geheimnis, —pfarrer, —prediger, *m.* clergyman of the place; parish priest; —geheimnis, *f.* history of the place.

Orikt..., *in comp.* —(s)fluß, *m.* see Orkian; —(s)fluß, *f.* *pl.* see —poien; —fluß, *f.* town on the border of two countries; —fluß, *m.* 1) corner-stone; 2) T. second cheek-stone; —fluß, *m.* 1) corner-rod of a beak; 2) see —pfeife; —fluß, *m.* *Mfm.* head of a gallery.

Orikt..., *in comp.* —veränderung, *f.* change of place; dislocation; locomotion; *astr.* translation, change of position; *Med.* change of scene; —veränderungslosigkeit, *f.* locomotive power; —veränderung, *n.* —register, *n.* (an) index of (the) places (referred to in a work, &c.).

Oriktin, (*m.*) *f.* *Mfm.* corner, place. **Oriktin**, (*str.*) *m.* corner-tile.

* **Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* (Gr.) oryctognosy. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* (Lat.) oscillation; O-(dampf)maschine, (*m.*) *f.* vibrating or oscillating (steam) engine. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *v.* *infr.* to oscillate.

Orikt, *see* Orkian.

Orikt, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* candle-snuff.

Orikt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) East, Orient; 2) East-wind; 3) *poet.* morning; — zu Ost, east by north; —Afrika, —Asien, —Europa, &c., Eastern Africa, Asia, Europe, &c.

Orikt, (*str.*) *m.* East.

* **Oriktin**, (*m.*) *m.* (Gr.) oetoeologer. —**Oriktologie**, *f.* oetoeology. —**Oriktin**, (*m.*) *f.* oetoeology.

Orikt..., *in comp.* (N. G.) *in comp.* East ...; —sonne, *f.* East-sun, morning-sun; —wind, *m.* East-wind (Ostwind).

Orikt..., (*m.*) *f.* (from Orkian) *in comp.* —eben, *m.* East-egg; —pfeife, *m.* *Prov.* yellow calville; —rechnung, *f.* calculation to find out when Easter falls; —stücken, *n.* Bot. common daisy (*Gänseblümchen*); —stume, *f.* various flowers in blossom about Easter, see: *Parfisse*, *Stüchschelle*, *Rennblase*, *Schüßelblume*, *weiche see*; —ei, *n.* 1) Easter-egg; 2) *Archil*, *essen*, *essen* (lat.), mandarin; —feier, *f.* celebration of Easter; —feiertag, *m.* Easter-day; —fest, *n.* Easter; —fest der Juden, pass-over; —fest, *n.* bonfire made at Easter-eve; —fladen, —tuchen, *m.* Easter-cake, flawn; —terze, *f.* —fluß, *m.* large wax candles

Pap'picht, *adj.* like paste; pappy.
Pap'p ..., *in comp.* —**fäſten**, *m.* —**fäſtſtel**, *f.* pasteboard-box; bandbox; —**ſteinbrad**, *m.* papyrography; —**weſpe**, *f.* *Eudon*, penſile neſt waſp, a ſpecies of waſp (*Poſidea chortaria* Latr.).

Päp'st, (*ſtr.* *pl.* **Päp'ste**) *m.* 1) pope, pontiff; 2) *ſtud. slang*, a) a quantity of beer (two glaſſes); a beverage ſimilar to biſhop; b) *ſee* **ſtöritt**, *ſ.* *dd.*

Päp'stbaum, *m.* *ſee* **Päp'stweide**.
Päp'stein, (*m.*) *v. intr.* to affect popery, to act as an adherent of popery.

Päp'stiſch, *ſee* **Päp'stiſch**.
Päp'st ..., *in comp.* —**krone**, —**mütze**, *f.* papal crown, tiara.

Päp'ster, (*ſtr.*) *m.* papist. — **Päp'sterei**, (*m.*) *f.* papistry, popery. [*cal.* *popish*.]

Päp'stiſch, *adj.* papal, pontifical; papistiſch **münſt**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* papal month.

Päp'stliche, (*ſtr.*) *n.* 1) papal dignity: 2) papacy, popery, popedom.

Päp'stlichein, (*m.*) *v. intr.* *ſee* **Päp'stlich**.
Päp'st ..., *in comp.* —**wahl**, *f.* election of a pope, papal election; —**weihe**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) common bird-cherry (*Prunus padus* L.); 2) wayfaring-tree (*Viburnum opulus* L.); —**würde**, *f.* papal dignity, papacy.

* **Parabel**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) 1) *Geom.* parabola; 2) parable, ſimilitude. — **Parabel'iſch**, *adj.* 1) *Geom.* parabolical; 2) by way of parable, allegorical.

* **Parade**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Mil.* parade: 2) *Fenc.* ward; — **maſchen**, *ſee* **ſtatt**; *in comp.* —**angus**, *m.* full uniform; —**ſtatt**, *f.* full dress; —**bett**, *n.* bed of ſtate; auf **den** —**ſette** liegen, to lie in ſtate; —**ſperb**, *n.* horſe of ſtate; horſe for parade or review; —**platz**, *m.* parade-ground; —**ſchritt**, *m.* ordinary or ſlow time; —**uniform**, *f.* *ſee* —**angus**; —**zimmet**, *n.* ſtate-apartment.

Paradies, (*ſtr.*) *n.* 1) paradise; 2) *Archil.* parvii; 3) *joc.* upper gallery (in a theatre), *oval*, the gods; *in comp.* —**ammer**, *m.* *Ornith.* whidaw, widow-bird (*Vidua paradisaea* Cuv.); —**appel**, *m.* 1) paradise-apple; 2) *Pomol.* John-apple; —**baum**, *m.* *Bot.* oleaster (*Milv. Olea* L.); —**ſtrauch**, *f.* *Pomol.* virginian-peach; —**ſteige**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) banana (*Musa paradisica* L.); 2) or —**ſteigenbaum**, *m.* plantain-tree (*Musa sapientum* L.); —**ſtiſch**, *m.* *Ichth.* finger-fish (*Polypterus paradisiacus* L.); —**holz**, *n.* the beſt sort of alow-wood, calambac.

Paradies'iſch, *adj.* paradisaical, paradisaial.

Paradies' ..., *in comp.* —**brunnen**, *f.* *pl.* *Pharm.* grains of paradise; great cardamoms; *Ornith.* —**merle**, *f.* tanager (*Tinagra* L.); —**papagei**, *m.* a ſpecies of parrot (*Psittacus ornatiss.* *Psittacus paradisi*, &c.); —**trauben**, *pl.* raisin-grapes, *Ornith.* —**vogel**, *m.* bird of paradise (*Paradisaea apoda* L.); —**witwe**, *f.* *ſee* —**ammer**; —**zeit**, *f.* *Ag.* happy time.

* **Paradies'**, (*m.*) *v. intr.* to parade; mit **etwas** ..., *coll.* to ſport a thing.

* **Paradox**, *I. adj.* (*Gr.*) paradoxical; *II. s.* **Paradox**, (*m.*) *n.* *pl.* (*ſing.* **Paradoxon**, [*ſtr.*] (*Gr.*) paradox.

* **Paraffin**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* *Chem.* paraffine.

* **Paragräph**, (*ſtr.* & *m.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) paragraph; —**zeichen**, *n.* *Typ.* paragraph.

Paraguay's-Thee, (*ſtr.*) *m.* *Comm.* Paraguay tea (being the dried leaf of the Brazilian holly, *Ilex paraguayensis*, St. Hil.), mate.

* **Parall'el**, *adj.* parallel (mit ..., or with **Dat.**, to ...); —**breitend**, *f.* *Thurn.* alide-lathe.

* **Paralle'le**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) parallel; parallel paſſage. — **Paralle'l** ..., *in comp.* —**kreis**, *m.* parallel ſphere; —**linien**, *m.* parallel ruler; —**linie**, *f.* parallel line. — **Parallelogramm**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* *Geom.* parallelogram. — **Parall'el** ..., *in comp.* —**range**, *f.* parallel bar; —**straß**, *m.* parallel ray.

* **Paran'ne**, (*ſtr.*, *pl.* **Paran'ne**), *f.* Brazil-nut, mace-bean.

* **Paraph'e**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) paraph, flourish. — **Paraph'iſten**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* to flourish, to paraph.

* **Parasport'ſel**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* Botany-bay wood. [*ſtr.* *ſiſch*, *adj.* parasitical.]

* **Parasit'**, (*m.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) parasite. — **Parasit'**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) ready (Bertti).

* **Par'ce**, (*m.*) *f.* *Rom. Myth.* Parca (*pl.* *Parcae*), one of the (three) Fates, goddesses of Fate, Destiny (*pl.* the Destinies), also Parje.

* **Parcel'le**, (*m.*) *f.* (*M. Lat.*) parcel, small lot. — **Parcell'iren**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* to parcel: to divide into, to purchase or ſell in parcels or small lots.

Par'chen, (*ſtr.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Paar*) a pair of ſmall things, twin-cherries, &c.

Par'chent, *m.* *ſee* **Par'chent**.

Par'dang, *ſee* **Par'dang**.

Par'del, (*ſtr.*) *m.* I. (*or* **Par'd**, **Par'der**) *ſee* **Par'der**; *II. ſee* **Goldregenschiff**; —**katze**, *f.* tiger-cat (*Ocelot*); —**vogel**, *m.* *ſee* **Par'del**, *II.*

* **Par'den**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Mil.* pardon, quarter; *un* — **bitten**, to call for or cry quarter; — **geben**, to give quarter; — **erhalten**, to be pardoned.

* **Par'dene**, (*m.*) *f.* *Mar.* back-stay.

* **Parenth'e'ſe**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) parenthesis; *in* — **ſetzen**, to parenthesize.

* **Par'ere**, *n.* (*Lat.*) *Comm.* *ſee* **Quint'eren**.

* **Par'force** [*Fr.* *pr.* *parforce*], *in comp.* —**hund**, *m.* a ſpecies of ſtag-bound; —**joch**, *f.* (ſtag-)hunting at force; —**reitſche**, *f.* jockey-whip; hunting whip.

* **Par'füm**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) perfume. — **Par'fümerie**, (*m.*) *f.* perfumery, perfumes.

* **Par'füm'iren**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* to perfume.

* **Pa'ri**, (*Lat.*) *Comm.* (*induct.*) *n.* *par. adv.* at par; *über* — **ſtehen**, to be above par or at a premium; *unter* — **ſtehen**, to be below par or at a discount; al-**Pa'ri** **ſtehen**, to be at par or upon a par; —**count**, *m.* par of the exchange.

* **Par'iren**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* & *intr.* (*Fr.*) 1) to obey; 2) *Fenc.* to parry, ward (a blow); 3) *Man.* to ſtop (a horſe); 4) to wager, lay (*Betteln*).

— **Par'ir'ange**, (*m.*) *f.* cross of a ſword-hilt. — **Par'ir'ung**, (*m.*) *f.* T. ſhoulder (of a ſword-blade).

Pa'riſ, *m.* (*—franz.* *n.*) *Bot.* true-love (*Vincetrig*); —**ſtrauch**, *f.* *Pomol.* Catharina-peach; —**vogel**, *m.* *Ornith.* pine-groswake (*Scrubfr.*).

Pa'riſch, *adj.* *Parian*, from the iſle of Paros.

Pa'riſer, (*ſtr.*) *m.* & *adj.* *Parisian*; *T-e.* — **Blumen**, cambrio-flowers; — **Geld**, French beaten gold; — **Handſchuh**, *m.* *pl.* Paris gloves; — **Stift**, wire-tack. — **Pa'riſerin**, (*m.*) *f.* *Parisian*.

* **Pa'riſer'neſchriſt**, (*m.*) *f.* *Typ.* ruby.

* **Pa'riſt'**, (*m.*) *f.* parity; —**ſtraße** (**Pa'riſtiſche** **ſtraße**), *f.* church in common to Proteſtants and Catholics. [*ſec.* park; warren.]

* **Pa'ri**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* (*Engl.*) *Garden*, *Mar.*.

* **Parlament'**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* (*Engl.*) parliament; *in comp.* **Pa'ſeſes**, *n.* **Pa'ſebung**, *f.* act of parliament, parliamentary act; **Pa'ſenſtück**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* *Mil.* officer with a ſtag of truce; —**flagge**, *f.* ſtag of truce; die —**flagge** aufſtehen, to put or hang out, to offer the ſtag of truce; —**ſchiff**, *n.* cartel. — **Parlamentariſch**, *adj.* parliamentary. — **Parlament'iren**, (*m.*) *v. intr.* *Mil.* to parley.

* **Parment'ſtück**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* *Comm.* Parmesan cheese. [*naus.*]

Par'neß, (*ſtr.*) *m.* (the mountain) Par-

Par'neß', (*m.*) *f.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) parish. — **Par'neß'** ..., *in comp.* parochial. — **Par'neß'**, *pl.* *ſee* **Par'neß'**. — **Par'neß'**, *m.* *ſee* **Par'neß'**.

* **Parodie**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) parody. — **Parodie'iren**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* to parody.

* **Paro'le**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Mil.* parole; watch-word. [*m.* *paroxysm*, *ſt.*]

* **Paro'lyſ'mus**, (*pl.* **Paro'lyſ'men**) *m.* (*Gr.*)

* **Parquet'ty**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) (*or* —**ſtall**) *bohen*, *m.* inlaid floor, French floor or flooring; 2) *Theat.* front (reſerved) ſeats in the pit; orchestra or pit-stalls; —**lage**, *f.* ground-box; *pl.* ground-tier. — **Parquet'ty'iren**, (*m.*) *s. fr.* to ſtoor (with French flooring); to inlay.

Par'ſe, (*m.*) *m.*, **Par'ſch**, *adj.* *Parſees*.

* **Part**, (*ſtr.*) *m.* (*Lat. pars*) 1) ſhare, part; party; 2) *Mar.* part; **beſſelter** —, *bight*; 3) *Wass.* draught and cording or tie (*up*); **halb** —! let us ſhare! half for me!

* **Part'age** [*pr.* **part'age**], (*m.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) —**contract**, *m.* *Comm.* treaty of partition.

Part'ier, (*m.*) *f.* part, party; *ſet*; *fac-tion*; *Law*, party, ſide; — **nehmen**, *ergriffe* (*ſich*), *ſich* *zu* **ein** — **ſchlagen**, *heſſen*, *erſchlagen*, *es* mit **Jemande** — **heſſen**, to take ſides or ſtrife, to ſide with, to espouse the cauſe (of ...), to take a party, *ſam.* to take up the cudgels for; *Karl* *I.* **glaupte**, *daß* **Schottland** *nicht* gegen **ihn** — **ergriffe** *würde*, *Charles* *I.* believed that Scotland would take no part againſt him; *auf* — **bleiben**, to remain neutral; *in* **ein** **ſache** — **ſein**, to be interested in a matter.

Part'iren, (*m.*) *s. I. fr.* to divide into parties; *II. rſt*. 1) to take ſides or part; 2) to ſplit into parties.

Part'ir ..., *in comp.* —**führer**, *m.* —**haupt**, *n.* leader of a party; —**gänger**, *m.* partizan: —**geiſt**, *m.* ſpirit of party, party-feeling; —**ge-noß**, *m.* party-man; —**ſch**, *m.* *ſee* —**wuth**; —**haupt**, *m.* *ſee* —**führer**.

Part'ir'iſch, **Part'ir'iſch**, *I. adj.* partial: factions; unfair; *II. Part'ir'iſchkeit, (*m.*) *f.* partiality; factionneſſ; party action.*

Part'ir ..., *in comp.* —**ſampf**, *m.* party-ſtrife, party conflict or content; —**ſchickſal**, *f.* violence of party.

Part'ir'iſch, *adj.* neutral, impartial; **Pa'ſig-ſeit**, *f.* neutrality, impartialneſſ.

Part'ir ..., *in comp.* —**mann**, *m.* *ſee* —**ge-noß**; —**nehmer**, *m.* partizan, eſpouser or member of a party; —**rüſſigſt**, *f.* conſideration of party; —**ſucht**, *f.* party-rage, party-fury; —**ſuchtig**, *adj.* devoted to a party; factions.

Part'ir'ung, (*m.*) *f.* faction; *ſchism*.

Part'ir'wuth, *f.* *ſee* —**ſucht**.

Part'iren, (*m.*) *s. fr.* & *rſt*. *coll.* to divide into parties, *fr.* *Partiren*.

* **Part'ir'ere** [*part'ir*], (*ſtr.* *pl.* **Pa'ri**) *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) *partir*; 2) *Theat.* pit; —**lage**, *f.* pit-box; 3) *es* **Erdegeheß**; *höhe* —, *raised-ground-floor*; *er* **wohnt** —, he lives on the ground-floor; —**zimmer**, *m.* parlour. [*Parthia*.]

Part'ir, *m.* Parthian, inhabitant of **Pa'riſtiſch**, *adj.* Parthian.

* **Part'ir'le**, *f.* **Part'ir'leſſe**, *n.* **Part'ir'le**' obligation, *f.* *Comm.* partialbond.

* **Part'ir'le**, *n.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* participle.

* **Part'ir'pent**, (*m.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) ſharer, partaker. — **Part'ir'pent'ſch**, (*ſtr.*) *n.* *Comm.* joint undertaking.

* **Part'ir'pial**, *adj.* *Gramm.* participial.

* **Part'ir'ar'iſ'mus**, *m.* (*L. Lat.*) particularism, ſeparate tendencies, anti-unitarian ſpirit. — **Part'ir'ar'iſ'iſch**, *adj.* ſeparatist, antiunitarian.

* **Part'ir'aller** [*pr.* **part'ir'alle**], (*ſtr.* *pl.* **Pa'ri**) *m.* (*Fr.*) private gentleman.

* **Part'ir**, (*m.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Comm.* parcel (of goods or merchandise), lot, part; *in* **Pa'ri**, in lots; 2) party; 3) company; 4) content at play, game, match; rubber (of whist); 5) match, marriage, perſon to be married; *cine* — **maſchen**, 1. to make a marriage; 2. or *ſpielen*, to play a game; *cine* **ridde** — **maſchen**, to marry a fortune; *ſie* **iſt** **cine** **gute** —, ſhe is

Paten...., in comp. —brief, m. a kind of paper printed with symbols. &c. for a godchild, generally containing some present; —gelb, —gefecht, m., —pfennig, m. present given to a godchild at its christening.

Pater(n)schafft, (w.) f. state of a godfather or godmother, &c. relation between godfather and godchild.

Pater(n)...., in comp. —felle, f. god-parent's place, godfatherhood; —felle übernehmen, to be or stand godfather (bei, to); —felle bei einem Kinde vertreten, to be deputy-godfather to a child; —fettel, m. see —brief.

Pater(n), see **Pat**te. [pathetically.]

Pater(n)lich, adj. (Gr.) pathetic(al); adv.

Pathologie, (w.) f. (Gr.) Med. pathology. —**Pat**hologisch, adj. pathological; p-e Anatomie, morbid anatomy.

Pathos, (indocl.) n. (Gr.) T. pathos.

Patient, (w.) m. (Lat.) **Pat**ientin, (w.) f. patient, invalid; ich habe ihn zum P-en bekommen, I have become his medical attendant.

Patienz/traut, (str.) n. Bot. patience (-dock) *Rumex patientia* L.).

Patina, (w.) f. (Lat.) patina patina.

Patriarch, (w.) m. (Gr.) patriarch.

Patriarchat, (w.) m. (Gr.) patriarchate.

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adj. web-footed; —hand, f. coll. hand; —naß, soaking wet.

Patt, adj. Gam. stalemate, staled mate (at chess); —setzen, to stalemate. [a coat.]

Patte, (w.) f. Tsch. flap, lapped; cuff (of **Pat**ig, coll. l. adj. snappish, saucy, impertinent, insolent; II **P**-fett, (w.) f. snappishness, &c.

Pattant, (w.) m. Stud. slang, dueller. —**Pat**tant, m. doctor present at a duel.

Patte, (w.) f. 1) Mus. kettle-drum; 2) coffee-roaster; 3) Anal. see **Ch**trummel; 4) vulg. babo; —beutel, m. coll. tattler.

Patten, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) Mus. to beat the kettle-drum; 2) Stud. slang: a) to beat; b) to fight a duel; c) to talk, preach.

Patten...., in comp. —fell, n. 1) Mus. vellum or goat-skin with which the kettle-drum is covered; 2) Anal. a) membrane of the tympanum; b) tympanum; —fellspanner, m. see —spanner; —gang, m. Anal. ear-duct; —gefäß, n. kettle-drum case; —höhle, f. Anal. cavity of the tympanum, drum or barrel of the ear; —schlägel, m. kettle-drum-stick; —felle, f. Anal. tympanic chord; —felle, m. sound of the kettle-drum; —schlägel, —felle, m. see —schlägel; —schläger, m. kettle-drummer; —schlägel, —spanner, m. kettle-drum key or spanner; —stiel, n. Mus. piece for the kettle-drum; —wert, n. Script. tymbal-tire; —wirbel, m. Mus. tymbal or kettle-drum screw.

Patter, (str.) m. 1) kettle-drummer; 2) cont. flat-bottomist; 3) see **B**autant.

Patteret, (w.) f. coll. fight, row; Stud. slang, duel.

Patteret, (str.) m. pl. **P**-schlägel m. Stud. slang, first-year-man, who has to convey the rapiers to the place of duel.

Paul, m. Paul (P. N.); **P**-stirke, f. St. Paul's (church).

Pauline, f. Paulina (P. N.).

Paulner, (str.) m. 1) monk of St. Paul's; 2) Romol. short-shank.

Paulus, adj. relating to the apostle St. Paul, Pauline; die **P**-en Briefe, the epistles of St. Paul.

Paulus, (str.) m. Minor. see **S**persthen.

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Pechen, (w.) v. I. intr. to make or burn pitch; II. tr. see **P**echen. [pitch-maker.]

Pecher, **P**echer, **P**echer, (str.) m. **P**ech...., in comp. —erde, f. bituminous earth; —erz, n. Minor. uranium pitch-ore; —faser, f. liak; —faden, m. see —draht; —föhne, f. Mar. tarred fogot; —flecker, m. coal cobbler; —flecker, adj. pitch-dark; —gramat, m. Minor. colophonite; —haube, —lappe, f. pitch-cap; —hauer, m. pitch-burner; —hitzer, f. pitch-but.

Pechig, adj. like pitch.

Pechig, adj. containing pitch, pitchy.

Pech...., in comp. —lelle, f. see —lelle; —lelle, m. 1) pitch-boller; 2) talking-kettle; —lelle, f. pitch-coal; —lelle, m. pitched hoop or garland, pitch-ring; —lelle, f. Coop. pitch-scraper; —lelle, m., —lelle, n. Mar. tarpaulin; —lelle, n. liak; —lelle, m. pitch-ladle, paying ladle; —lelle, f. see —lelle; —lelle, f. Bot. viscosa catch-fly (*Lychnis viscaria* L.); —lelle, m. pitch-kila, pitch oven; —lelle, n. pitch-oil; —lelle, m. Minor. semi-opal; quartz; —lelle, f. pitch-pan; —lelle, m. pitched plaster; —lelle, m. Mar. pitch-mop; —lelle, m. see —lelle; —lelle, f. notch, nick, kerf in a pitch tree; —lelle, f. pitch-hoe, pitch-scraper; —lelle, adj. pitchy, as black as pitch, pitch-dark, inky; —lelle, n. pitch-boiling; —lelle, m. Minor. pitch-stone; (petrified) pearl-stone; —lelle, f. see —lelle; —lelle, m. pitch-stone porphyry; —lelle, f. Bot. pitch-tree, pitch-pine (*Pinus vulgaris* L.); —lelle, f. pitch barrel; —lelle, m. bituminous turf, black peat or turf; —lelle, m. see **S**persthen; —lelle, m. slang, unlucky person.

Pechig, (w.) m. pl. fossil scallops.

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n. see *-baum*; —*sch*, n. yoke of priests; —*sch*, m. slave to priests (*Pfaffling*); —*sch*, adj. priestridden; —*staut*, n. see *Pfaffenstaut*; —*st*, f. see *-stut*; —*stut*, f. 1) priest's cap; 2) or *-pfaffenstut*, —*stut*, n. see *-baum*; n. *Ornith.* goat-sucker (*Stadtschwalbe*); —*stut*, n. 1) priests collectively; 2) conduct, actions, system of priests.

Pfaffenstut, (str.) n. priestdom, priestly dominion; priesthood.

Pfaffenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. priest-craft; —*stut*, m. *Ornith.* goat-sucker (*Stadtschwalbe*); —*stut*, n. 1) priests collectively; 2) conduct, actions, system of priests.

Pfaffenstut, (w.) f. cont. priestlike conduct, priestcraft.

Pfaffenstut, adj. cont. priest-like.

Pfaffenstut, (str.) n. († d) provinc. see *Pfaffenstut*.

Pfaffenstut, 1.

Pfaffenstut, (str.) m. 1) cont. priestridden person; 2) *Romol.* priest's apple.

Pfaffenstut, s. L. (str.), pl. *Pfaffenstut* m. pale, post, stake, pile; pole, stick; prop; in *meinen* v. *Pfaffenstut*, f. in my own house or on my ground; cin — *im Pfaffenstut*, *Script.* a thorn in the flesh; II. in comp. —*stut*, m. 1) pilothouse (—*stut*); 2) pile-dwelling, *gener. pl.* —*stut*, *Archaeol.* pile-buildings, lake-dwellings; —*stut*, f. pile-plank; —*stut*, f. see *Stadtschwalbe*; —*stut*, m. suburban; —*stut*, n. village situated within the jurisdiction of a town; —*stut*, n. piling iron.

Pfaffenstut, (w.) s. & r. 1) to pale; to prop, set props; to empale; 2) to pierce with a pale.

Pfaffenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, n. pole-duties; —*stut*, m. ditch fortified with stakes; —*stut*, f. hedge of pales; fence of pales or stakes; —*stut*, m. iron pile-crown, hoop or ring; —*stut*, m. *Mar.* mast of one piece of timber; —*stut*, f. mill built on a paled ground; —*stut*, f. *Comch.* ship-worm (*Edithobolus*); —*stut*, m. *Min.* pile-driver; —*stut*, f. —*stut*, m. pile-driver; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*; —*stut*, n. *Bot.* donax (*Arundo donax* L.); —*stut*, m. foundation of piles, sheet-piling; —*stut*, f. *Wass.* cross-rod; —*stut*, f. see *-stut*; —*stut*, f. (act of) piling; —*stut*, m. T. (iron) pile-shoe; —*stut*, m. upper part, head of a pale or pile; —*stut*, m. *Mar.* bowling knot; —*stut*, n. *Mar.* hauling-rope; —*stut*, f. *Bot.* almond-leaved willow (*Salix amygdalifolia* L.); —*stut*, n. piling, pale-work, pile-work; —*stut*, m. ship-worm, see *Edithobolus*; —*stut*, f. *Bot.* tap-root; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*.

Pfaffenstut, (str.) m. († d) provinc. body-linen.

Pfaffenstut, (w.) f. 1) imperial palace; 2) *Geogr.* Palatinato.

Pfaffenstut, (w.) f. see *Balg*.

Pfaffenstut, see *Balg*.

Pfaffenstut, I. or *Pfaffenstut*, adj. belonging or pertaining to the Palatinato; II. s. (str.) m. *Pfaffenstut*, (w.) f. inhabitant of the Palatinato.

Pfaffenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, n. imperial or superior court of justice; —*stut*, m. count or elector palatine; palatine; —*stut*, f. countess palatine; —*stut*, adj. belonging to a palatine; —*stut*, f. palatinato; palatine; —*stut*, f. town with an imperial palace.

Pfaffenstut, s. (str., pl. *Pfaffenstut*) n. pawn, pledge, security, mortgage; *Ag.* pledge; *forst*; *Geid* an *Pfaffenstut* (*Acc.*) *leihen*, to lend money upon pledges; *zum Pfandenstehen*, to put in pledge, to pledge, engage, pawn;

to stake; *bei* — *in Pfanden haben*, to hold in pledge; *Pfandenstehen*, to play at forfeits. *Pfandenstut*, adj. that may serve as a pledge or mortgage.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, f. mortgage; —*stut*, m. (letter of) mortgage; —*stut*, m. mortgage-book, register of mortgages; —*stut*, m. hostage; —*stut*, f. mortgage-security; —*stut*, m. bill of sale.

Pfandenstut..., (from *Pfanden*) in comp. —*stut*, n. money with which a pledge is redeemed; —*stut*, m. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut, (w.) s. & r. 1) to seize, distraint upon (a debtor), to attach; to pound; 2) to take as a pledge, pawn.

Pfandenstut, (str.) m. distrainer, &c.

Pfandenstut, (str.) n. right of distraining, attachment.

Pfandenstut, (str.) n. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. pledger, pawnor; —*stut*, f. —*stut*, n. interest on mortgage or pawn-money; —*stut*, f. see *-stut*; —*stut*, m. mortgagee, creditor on mortgage, hypothecary; —*stut*, n. a mortgage, mortgage-land; —*stut*, n. public pawn-house; —*stut*, —*stut*, —*stut*, —*stut*, holder of a pawn or mortgage, see *-stut*; —*stut*, m. Jewish pawnbroker, usurer; —*stut*, m. *Min.* wedge for propping, staying, securing; —*stut*, n. fee mortgaged; —*stut*, m. pawn-broker; —*stut*, n. pawn-broker's shop.

Pfandenstut, adj. & adv. in the form of a pawn or mortgage, as a pledge or pawn, hypothecary.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, f. redeeming of a pawn; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*; —*stut*, m. pawnsee, pledgee; —*stut*, f. *Law.* antichresis; —*stut*, adj. pledged, bound by pledge; —*stut*, n. lien; —*stut*, adj. hypothecary; —*stut*, m. tenant in mortgage; —*stut*, m. mortgage.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. pledge, state of being put in pledge.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. 1) assurance-receipt, security-quittance; 2) pledge-ticket, duplicate; —*stut*, m. money received on a pawn; —*stut*, f. mortgage-deed; —*stut*, m. hypothecator, mortgager; —*stut*, adj. hypothecary; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*; —*stut*, f. debt on pawn or mortgage, hypothecary debt; —*stut*, m. mortgager; —*stut*, m. game of forfeits; —*stut*, m. *Law.* pound, pin-fold; in *den* — *stut*, to pound, impound; —*stut*, m. mortgage; pledge.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. seizure, distraint, attachment, execution.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. pawn-broker; —*stut*, f. see *-stut*; —*stut*, f. summons to redeem a pledge; —*stut*, adv. by pawn, by mortgage; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. (*dimin.* *Pfandenstut*, [str.] n. little pan, &c.) 1) pan; *Brew.* copper; *Salt-w.* salt pan; 2) *Mar.* mortar-pit; 3) *Min.* ingot-mould; 4) *Gunn.* (powder) pan; 5) *Arch.* bush, of *Rapenleger*; 6) *Typ.* pan, frog; 7) middle of a sling in which the stone is placed; 8) *Anat.* ootyle, acetabulum, socket; *Ag-s.* in die — *stut*, coll. to put to the sword.

Pfandenstut, (str.) n. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. *Salt-w.* cross-beam; —*stut*, m. T. iron-plates (for salt-pan); —*stut*, m. 1) cover of a pan, pan-cover; 2) *Gunn-sw.* a) hammer, cap of a gun; b) hammer-cap; —*stut*, f. *Gunn-sw.* hammer-spring; —*stut*, m. linker, braxler; —*stut*, f. *Anat.* trochoides; —*stut*, n. brewing-tax; —*stut*, n. trivet for a pan; —*stut*, f. *Anat.* cavity or hollow of the ac-

tabulum or ootyle; —*stut*, m. pan-hook; —*stut*, m. hammermill for large coppers; —*stut*, n. *Salt-w.* boiling house, salt-pan; —*stut*, f. *Anat.* ootyle cavity; —*stut*, m. T. pan-roaster; —*stut*, m. *Gunn.* touchpan-polisher; —*stut*, m. pancake; —*stut*, n. see *Rapenleger*; —*stut*, m. inspector of the salt-houses; —*stut*, m. pan-smith; —*stut*, m. 1) see *Topfstrin*; 2) sediment in salt-pans or steam boilers (*Salzschuppen*) pan-scales; —*stut*, m. 1) handle of a pan; 2) (or —*stut*, m.) see *Belmische*; —*stut*, m. share in a salt-work; —*stut*, m. salt-house; —*stut*, m. pan-tile, [holder of a salt-work.

Pfandenstut, (str.) m. T. proprietor or share-

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. share in a salt-work.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. body or corporation of the proprietors of a salt-work.

Pfandenstut, (str.) m. pancake; fritter.

Pfandenstut, (str.) n. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut, (str.) m. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut..., (from *Pfandenstut*) in comp. —*stut*, m. parochial ground, globe; —*stut*, m. office of a parson; pastorate; —*stut*, m. curate; —*stut*, m. parish; —*stut*, n. parochial register; —*stut*, m. office of a parson; —*stut*, n. village in which a clergyman resides.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. parsonage; 1) parson's benefice, living (parish); — *stut* der Stadt, out-parish; 2) manse, globe-house, rectory.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. parish; parsonage.

Pfandenstut, adj. parochial.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. pl. income, revenues of a living. [to belong to a parish.

Pfandenstut, (w.) s. *indr.* provinc. (*with nad*)

Pfandenstut, (str.) m. parson, curate, minister.

Pfandenstut, (w.) f. parson's wife.

Pfandenstut..., (from *Pfandenstut*) —*stut*, f. parson's wife; —*stut*, f. service to be rendered gratuitously by the parishioners to the clergyman; —*stut*, m. see *Pfandenstut*; 2) —*stut*, f. pl. parson's fees; —*stut*, f. pl. see *-stut*; —*stut*, f. parish; —*stut*, m. follow parishioner; —*stut*, f. parochial right; —*stut*, m. see *-stut*; —*stut*, n. parochial estate; —*stut*, m. simony; —*stut*, m. parson (or vicar), rector, curate; —*stut*, m. see *Pfandenstut*; 3) —*stut*, m. 1) parsonage court-yard; 2) see *Pfandenstut*; 3) —*stut*, n. wood belonging to a living; —*stut*, f. see *-stut*; —*stut*, m. simony; —*stut*, n. parishioner; —*stut*, f. parish-church; —*stut*, n. globe-land; —*stut*, n. advowson; —*stut*, pl. parishioners.

Pfandenstut, adj. see *Pfandenstut*.

Pfandenstut..., (from *Pfandenstut*) —*stut*, m. farmer of a living; —*stut*, m. court held under a church-patron; —*stut*, f. parsonage, living; —*stut*, f. patronage, bestowing of a living; —*stut*, n. cattle belonging to a globe; —*stut*, f. globe-meadow; —*stut*, f. clergyman's widow; —*stut*, f. see *Pfandenstut*; 2) —*stut*, m. (parochial) tithes.

Pfandenstut, s. (str. & w., pl. *gener.* m.) m. 1) *Ornith.* peacock (*Pavo cristatus* L.).

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. 1) peacock-eye; 2) *Entom.* peacock-(eye-) butterfly, lo butterfly (*Vanessa io* L.); 3) *Miner.* argus-eyed marble, spotted marble; —*stut*, n. peahen's egg; —*stut*, f. 1) peacock's feather; 2) *Jewel.* rainbow colour; —*stut*, f. *Miner.* iridescent spar. [statoly.

Pfandenstut, adj. peacock-like; superb.

Pfandenstut..., in comp. —*stut*, m. —*stut*, m. *Ornith.* crane of Japan, Balaoric crane (*Balaorica pavonina* Gray.); —*stut*, n. *Bot.* spotted pericaria, smartwort (*Polygnum pericaria* L.); —*stut*, m. 1) peacock-tail; 2) *Bot.* (Barbadoes) flower-fence (*Poinciana* L.); 3) see *Pfandenstut*; 4) *Miner.* azure copper-ore; —*stut*, adj. pavonine;

iridescent; —[piegel, m. 1] see —auge, 2; 2) *Bot.* see —traut; —[Rei], m. pride of show, beauty, or external excellence; —[tanz], m. pavan (a grave and stately dance); —[taube], see Pfautaub; —[weibel, m. fan of peacock's feathers.

Pfe... in comp. —[fau], m. *Ornith.* crested pheasant; peacock-pheasant (*Polyplectron bicoloratum* Tem.); —[fisch], m. see Retspfau; —[hahn, m. pea-cock; —[henn, f. pea-hen; —[huhn, m. —[hühchen, n. pea-chick.

Pfe... in, (w.) f. see Pfauhenn.

Pfe... taube, (w.) f. *Ornith.* peacock-pigeon, fan-tail (pigeon), shaker (*Columba domesticus laticauda*).

Pfe... be, (w.) f. *provinc.* pumpkin, pomplon. Pfeffer, s. l. (str.) m. pepper; ganzer —, pepper-corns; round pepper; gestoßener oder gemahlener —, bruised, ground, or pulverised pepper; der deutliche —, mesereon, wild pepper (*Pfefferhals*); der spanische oder indische —, Spanish pepper, Cayenne pepper, capsicum (*Capicum annuum* L.); coll-e. aus dem —, sound, soundly; da liegt der Pfeffer im —, there's the rub; im — sein, to be in a mess or pickle; er wünschte ihn dahin wo der — wächst, he wished him at Jericho; II. in comp. —artig, adj. pepper-like; *Bot.* piperaceous; —baum, m. *Bot.* pepper-tree (*Piper* L.); —baumrinde, f. *Pharm.* mesereon-bark; —bette, f. *Bot.* 1) berry of the mesereon; 2) berry of the black-currant; —brühe, f. peppered (hot) sauce; —büchse, —bottle, f., —[büchsen, n. pepper-box, pepper-caster or cruet; —[fag, —[fesser, m. see —vogel; —[garbe, f. pickled gherkin (cucumber); —[salz, n. see Epinibelsalz, 1.

Pfefferig, adj. peppered, peppery, hot. Pfeffer... in comp. —[bitter], m. *Bot.* water-pepper (*Wasserpfeffer*); —[forn, n. pepper-corn, grain of pepper; —[frucht, n. *Bot.* 1) pepper-wood, dittander (*Lepidium latifolium* L.); 2) garden-savory (*Satureia hortensis* L.); —[kuchen, m. (lit. pepper cake) ginger-bread; —[kuchenteller, —[kuchler, m. ginger-bread baker; —[kummel, m. *Bot.* cumin (*Oenanthe cymula* L.); —[kiste, f. *Geogr.* Grain-coast. [cont'd (28th December).

Pfefferküchling, (str.) m. *provinc.* Inno-Pfefferling, see Pfefferling, 1.

Pfeffer... in comp. —[münze, f. *Bot.* peppermint (*Mentha piperita* L.); —[münzchen, m. —[münzlein, n. peppermint drop or lozenge; —[münzöl, n. essential oil of peppermint, peppermint oil.

Pfeffer... in, (w.) s. l. str. 1) to pepper; 2) *fig.* to make a thing (disagreeably) sharp; 3) coll. to beat soundly; II. *intr.* 1) to burn like pepper, to be hot; 2) coll. to smart; *ge-* effect, p. a. coll. smart (blow, &c.); exorbitant (price).

Pfeffer... in comp. —[nast, f. *provinc.* person easily offended; —[nag, f., —[naggen, n. gingerbread-nut, spice-nut; —[pilz, m. see —[schwamm; —[rinde, f. see —baumrinde; —[rohr, n. a sort of cane pipe-stick; —[röhlein, n. (coll. —[rieft) spindle-tree; —[schwamm, m. pepper agaric or mushroom (*Agaricus pipervitatus* L.); —[staude, f. 1) pepper plant, pepper-shrub; 2) see Pfefferhals, 2; —[stein, m. *Geol.* pepperino; —[strang, m. see —staude, 1; —[tag, m. see Pfefferleinstag; —[vogel, m. 1) *Ornith.* pepper-bird, pepper-pecker, toucan (*Rhamphastus tucio* Vail.); 2) or —[vögelchen, n. *Ornith.* European wax-wing (*Exilichthys*); —[wasser, n. pepper-water; —[wurz, f. *Bot.* 1) see —[kraut, 1; 2) see Steinbrech; —[zehen, pl. *provinc.* see —[fuch.

Pfeffer... in comp. *Ornith.* s. —ammer, girl-bunting (*Zonotrichia*); —[brot, f. mavis (*Eingetroff*).

Pfeffer... in, (w.) f. 1) pipe, tobacco-pipe; 2) *Mus.* fife; (organ-)pipe; flute; whistle; 3)

Glas-pfeife, &c. blow-pipe, tube; 4) *Archit.* channel; coll-e. nach Germanis — taugen, to be at one's book and band; *die* — einziehen or in den Esch strecken, to draw in one's horns; *W-n* (schreiben) so lange man im Rohr sitzt, to make hay while the sun shines; *bei* einer — Tafel beipfeifen, to smoke over.

Pfeifen, (w.) s. & *intr.* to pipe; to whistle; to whiz; to sough; to hiss; (of mice) to squeak; *blau* — (*Flüß*) to witch (hegen); coll-e.: Einen —, to take a dram; ich will ihm was —, anal. (I'll do it, &c.) over the left!

Pfeifen... in comp. —artig, adj. tubular; —baum, m. see —strang; —beischlag, m., —beischläge, n. pl. cover of the pipe-bowl; —boden, m. soundboard of an organ; —bohrer, m. pipe-bore; —breunzer, (clay-)pipe-maker or manufacturer; —brut, n. T. 1) organ-sieve; 2) shell for pipes; —ceraffen, f. pl. *Zool.* tubipores (*Orgelceraffen*); —bedel, m. lid of an organ-pipe or pipe-bowl; —erde, f. see —thon; —fisch, m. *Zool.* tobacco-pipe-fish (*Pseudolaria tabaccaria* L.); —form, f. 1) organ-frame; 2) tobacco-pipe mould; —[förmig, adj. pipe-formed, tubular; —[maß, m. mouth (of an organ pipe); —[maße, m. stand for tobacco-pipes; —[gefäß, m. see —brut, 2; —[glanz, f. pipe-varnish, pipe-glass; —[gut, n. leaves used for smoking-tobacco; —[haare, m. *Bot.* 1) common or black sallow (*Salix caprea* L.); (turtel-) wayfaring-tree (*Viburnum Lantana* L.); 2) T. wood adapted for pipe-sticks; —[kapfel, f. (tobacco-)pipe-cover; —[kopf, m. (tobacco-)pipe-bowl; —[macher, m. 1) tobacco-pipemaker; 2) pipe- or fife-maker; —[maul, n. see —[fisch; —[mergel, m. *Miner.* stony loam; —[münzlein, n. see —[spize; —[quast, f. tassel to a tobacco-pipe; —[rührer, m. pipe-poker, pipe-cleanser; —[rohr, n. (tobacco-) pipe-tube, pipe-stick, pipe-stem, pipe-shank; —[spize, f. (tobacco-)pipe-tip, mouth-piece; —[spule, f. 1) quilt used for a pipe-tip; 2) weaver's spool; —[stod, m. 1) pipe-tube; 2) walking-stick used as a pipe; 3) *Mus.* foot-board of an organ-sieve; —[stapfer, m. (tobacco-)pipe-stopper; —[strang, m. *Bot.* 1) lilac, Spanish elder (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); 2) mock orange, pipe tree (*Philadelphus coronarius* L.); —[stummel, m. short pipe; T. China pipe-bowl.

Pfeifen... in, (w.) f. 1) widgeon (*Anas penelope* L.); 2) see Pfeilente; 3) see Pfeiferente.

Pfeifen... in comp. —[thon, m. (tobacco-) pipe-clay; —[werk, n. instrument consisting of pipes; works of an organ; —[jücker, m. see Pfeibüß.

Pfeifer, (str.) m. 1) fife, pipe; whistler; 2) *provinc.* *Ichth.* a loach; b) lamprey; c) pipe-fish. [lice of] piping, whistling.

Pfeifer... in, (w.) f. cont. the (act or prac-

Pfeife... in comp. —[fag, f. *Zool.* rathare (*Lagomys* Cav.); —[holder, m. see Pfeil; —[kreisel, m. whistling top; —[kreisel, f. see Baumspitzer.

Pfeife, s. l. (str.) m. arrow, dart, bolt, shaft; II. in comp. —[band, n. latchet; —[brache, m. *Ichth.* sea-fox, sea-ape, chimera (*Chimera monstrosa* L.); —[eisen, n. iron head of an arrow; —[ente, f. *Ornith.* pin-tailed duck (*Speiserente*); —[falter, s. l. (str.) m. pillar; pier; II. in comp. —[brücke, f. pier or pillar-bridge; *Horat.* s. —[maß, n. pallet-gage.

Pfeifer... in, (w.) s. & *intr.* to furnish with piers, columns; to prop, support.

Pfeifer... in comp. —[platte, f. underplate, pl. pallet-plates; —[piegel, m. pier-glass; —[stein, m. column or pier-stone; —[tisch, m. pier-table; —[weise, f. *Archit.* intercolumniation; —[wurz, f. see Pfeilwurz. Pfeiff... in comp. —[fisch, m. *Ichth.* sea-

pike (*Bolus vulgaris* Cav.); —[förmig, adj. arrow-shaped, *Bot.* sagittate; —[gerade, adj. straight as an arrow, bolt-upright; —[geschwindigkeit, adj. swift as an arrow, arrowy; *der* —[geschwindigkeit flieg, arrow-flight; —[glitzer, m. *Bot.* a species of broom (*Gentiana sagittalis* L.); —[gras, n. *Bot.* arrow grass (*Triglochin* L.); —[hahn, m. see —[fisch; —[hüte, f. *Archit.* see Stichtüte (*T. Tisch*); —[kraut, n. *Bot.* arrow-head (*Sagittaria sagittifolia* L.); —[müßel, f. see Bohrmüßel; —[naht, f. *Anat.* sagittal suture; —[natter, —[schlange, f. *Zool.* dart snake (*Anguis jaculus*); —[regen, m. slight or shower of arrows; —[rebnitz, f. *Forst.* arrow-shaped rodent; —[roste, m. see Stichtüte; —[rohr, n. see Pfeilrohr; —[schneide, f. *Conch.* a species of cone-shell (*Turboellum subulatum*); —[schnell, adj. see —[geschwindigkeit; —[schneide, f. swiftness of an arrow; —[schiff, f. see Pfeilschiff; —[schuß, m. arrow-shot; —[schütze, m. archer; —[schwanz, m. 1) *Ichth.* sting-ray (*Echthyrus*); 2) *Ornith.* a) minute morganer, wessel-coot (*Mergus minutus* L.); b) pin-tail duck (*Speiserente*); c) (kleiner) widgeon (*Pfeiferente*, 1); —[spize, f. arrow-head; —[stein, m. *Forst.* belomante; —[wehrlager, f. belomaney; —[wert, n. *Forst.* arrow-bonnet; —[wurz, —[wurzel, f. arrowroot (*Naranda arundinacea* L.).

Pfeifen... in, f. Pfeifen... in, s. l. (str.) m. penny; II. in comp. —[fächer, coll. pick-penny, skin-flint; —[glitz, f. + interest or rent in money; —[kraut, n. *Bot.* name of several plants f. i. money-wort (*Lysimachia nummularia* L.); garden-aspurge (*Raphanistrum paphos* L.); &c.; —[licht, n. farthing-candle; —[meister, m. + treasurer, cashier; —[fagel, m. *Bot.* pilewort (*Picaria ramunculoides* L.); —[schneide, f. a poor public house or inn, anal. hedge-tavern; —[stein, m. *Forst.* lenticular stone; —[weise (adv.) verfahren, to deal out penny-worths of (pepper, &c.).

Pfeife, (str.) m. Pfeife, (w.) f. 1) fold, pen; 2) dung (of folded sheep).

Pfeife... in, (w.) s. & *intr.* 1) to pen, fold; 2) to void excrements (as sheep in a fold), to manure with dung. (tr. & *intr.*) to dung.

Pfeife... in comp. —[hüte, f., —[larren, m. sheep-fold, cot; —[lager, n. 1) sheep-fold; 2) (stock of) sheep belonging to a fold or to an estate; —[reiß, n. foldage; —[schlag, m. act of penning sheep, folding; —[servitut, n. frank foldage; —[stall, m. fold.

Pfeife, (str.) n. 1) horse; 2) *P-c.* pl. see Bearben; *zu* Pfeife, on horseback, mounted; *zu* Pfeife to horse mount; *der* Courier *zu* Pfeife, mounted courier; ein — abwarten, to groom a horse; *selbst* sein — abwarten, to groom one's own horse; *sich* *zu* Pfeife erhalten, to keep one's seat; coll-e. vom — auf den Pfeil kommen, to come from bad to worse; *sich* auf's hohe (große) — setzen, to mount (one's self on) one's high horse; *auf* dem hohen Pfeife sitzen, to be mounted on one's high horse; *die* Pfeife hinter den Wagen spannen, to put the cart before the horse.

Pfeife... in, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Pfeife)

little horse, nag, pony, naggy. Pfeife... in, (w.) f. (*cf.* Pfeife...) in comp. —[aloe, f. *Pharm.* horse or caballine aloes; —[amelie, f. *Entom.* horse-ant, horse-omet (*Psephenus*); —[antfer, m. *Bot.* sharp dock (*Rumex acetosa* L.); —[antflap, f. *Zool.* koba (*Anolis quina* L.); —[arbeit, f. coll. heavy work, labour, drudgery; —[arzt, f. horse-physic; —[arztstunde, —[arztstund, f. veterinary art, farriery; —[arztstunde, f. veterinary school; —[arzt, m. veterinary surgeon, farrier; —[bahn, f. horse-railway; 1) railway worked by horse, horse-line; 2) tramway, street-railway; —[bir, m. see Gungbär; —[bäuer, m. peasant who employs horses on his farm; —[beischlag, m. horse-shoeing; —[beiser, m. hippolith;

Pfrien, (*str.*) *m.*, **Pfrie'me**, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* 1) puncher, pantheon, punch; *Typ.* bodkin; *Gum.* piercer; *Shoem.* awl, pricker; 2) (*or*) **Pfrie'mestruat**, (*n.*) *Bot.* broom, see **Einpfrie**; —(*en*)**pfrie**, (*en*)**pfrie**, (*n.*) *awl-shaped*, *Bot.* subulate(d); —(*en*)**pfrie**, (*n.*) *Bot.* 1) spike, spikehead (*Nardus strictus*); 2) feather-grass (*Stipa* L.); —**eisen**, (*n.*) 1) *T.* iron piercer of a pantheon; 2) *Mar.* prying-wire.

Pfrie'men, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bore (with an awl), to pierce).

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Pfrie'men, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cram, stuff, or thrust into; to cork; 2) (*sometimes intr.*) *a*) to graft (trees); *b*) *Carp.* to join a new piece of wood to an old; to scarf; *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s. 1* the (act of) cramming, &c.; 2. *Hor.* a grafting; — in *den* **Spalt**, stock- or slit-grafting; — mit *dem* **Änglein**, whip-grafting; — durch **Änglein**, beaked grafting.

Pfrie'men, (*str.*) *m.* grafter, &c.

Pfrie'men, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ship-b.* pointed hammer; 2) *Hor.* grafting-hammer.

Pfrie'men, (*str.*) *m.* *Hor.* grafting-hammer.

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Phrygion, *n. Geogr.* Phrygia. — **Phrygier**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Phrygisch**, *adj.* Phrygian.

* **Phryne**, (*w.*) *f.* *fig. (Gr.)* coquette; prostitute.

* **Phyſicus**, (*pl. [Lat.] Phyſici*) *m.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) head physician of a town, district (*cf. Stadt-, Amts- und Kreis-Phyſicus*). — **Phyſicalität**, *adj.* physical; philosophical (instruments). — **Phyſiker**, (*str.*) *n.* office or district of a head-physician. — **Phyſik** (*obsol.*) *m.* **Phyſik** with French accent, (*w.*) *f. (Gr.)* physics, natural philosophy. — **Phyſiker**, (*str.*) *m.* natural philosopher.

* **Phyſiognomie**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) physiognomist. — **Phyſiognomie**, (*w.*) *f.* physiognomy, fac. phiz. — **Phyſiognomist**, (*w.*) *f.* physiognomica. — **Phyſiognomist**, *adj.* physiognomic.

* **Phyſiolog**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) physiologist. — **Phyſiologie**, (*w.*) *f.* physiology. — **Phyſiologiſch**, *adj.* physiological; ph-ſiſche Garten, *f. pl. Opt.* accidental colours.

* **Phyſiſch**, *adj.* (*Gr.*) physical. — **Phyſian**, (*str., pl. Ph-ſen*) *n.* (*Ital.*) cottage-piano.

* **Phyſian**, (*w.*) *m.*, **Ph-ſen**, (*w.*) *f.* pianist, performer on the pianoforte.

* **Phyſio**, *adv.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* piano, soft; *pianissimo*, (*super.*) very soft; *in comp.* — forte, *n.* see Fortepiano; — *zug*, *m.* pedal.

* **Phyſter**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) *Nom.* plaster; *spanischer* —, Spanish doll.

Picardie, *f. Geogr.* Picardy.

Pickel, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* see *Pickelappchen*.

Pickeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pitch; II. *intr.* (or *Pickeln*) to carouse, drink hard, tipple.

Pickeln, *in comp.* — *pickeln*, see *Pickelholz*; — *pickeln*, *f.* pitch-linen, *Mar.* tarpaulin; — *pickeln*, see *Pickelnelle*; — *pickeln*, (*str.*) *n.* *Bee.* propolis.

Pickeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cut, thrust; peck, picking; tick, ticking (of a watch); 2) see *Pickel*, 3.

Pickeln, *n.* blade of a pickaxe.

Pickeln, (*w.*) *f.* pick-axe, pickler.

Pickeln, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* pick, picker.

Pickeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Pickel*; 2) stone-

mason's hammer; 3) marble (*Edelstein*); 4) pimple (*Pickelchen*).

Pickeln, (*w.*) *f.* see *Pickelbier*.

Pickeln, (*w.*) *f.* *Mus.* piccolo (fute).

Pickeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Comm.* pickle-

herring; 2) jack-padding, merry Andrew, zany, buffoon. (*holmet*).

Pickeln, (*w.*) *f.* head piece, spiked

Pickeln, *adj.* pimpled. (*Pickeln*).

Pickeln, (*w.*) *v. l.* see *Picken*; II. *tr.* see

Picken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to peck, pick;

to tick.

* **Picken**, (*Fr.*) *pique-nique* see *Picknick*.

Picken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to keep picking or

ticking.

* **Picket**, (*str., pl. Ph-ſen, Ph-ſen*) *n.* 1) *Mil.*

picket; auf — stellen, to (station as a) picket

(soldiers); 2) *Comm.* piquet.

Picken, *in comp.* — *pickeln*, *f.* pick-axe;

— *hammer*, *m.* *T.* pick, picker; — *haken*, *m.* un-

refined resin. (*illing*, 3).

Picken, (*str.*) *m.* red herring (*Picken*).

Picken, (*w.*) *f.* see *Picken*.

* **Picken**, (*str., pl. Ph-ſen, Ph-ſen*) *n.* picnic.

Picken, (*w.*) *f.* *pl. Comm.* raisins of

the sun.

* **Picken**, (*str., pl. Ph-ſen, Ph-ſen*) *n.* pedestal.

Picken, I. (*str.*) *n.* *Comm.* spade (at cards);

— *bube*, *m.* knave of spades; II. *Mar.* 1) (*w.*)

f. run; 2) *n.* the topping-lift; in den —

setzen, see *Picken*; III. (*str.*) *m.* see *Picken*, 3.

Picken, see *Picken*. (*the yards*).

Picken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to peak up or top

Picken, (*str.*) *m.* *Mil.* pikeman.

Picken, *in comp.* — *Picken*, — *stide*, *n. pl.*

Mar. crotches; — *Porte*, *f.* raft-port.

Piedmont, *n. Geogr.* Piedmont. — **Piedmont**

Piedmont, (*w.*) *f.*, **Piedmont**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Piedmont**

Piedmont, *adj.* Piedmontese.

Piepe, *intr.* peep (sound of young birds).

Piepe, (*w.*) *f.* see *Schlammbeißer*.

Piepen, **Piepen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *a* to pale,

pip, peep, to pipe, cheep (as birds), to whistle

(as mice); 2) to pale, whine; 3) to pale, to

be sickly.

Pieper, (*w.*) *f.* see *Pieperente*.

Pieper, (*str.*) *m.* 1) or **Pieperling**, (*str.*)

m. pulcr. &c; piling, sickly, weakly, or effe-

minate person; 2) *Ornith.* pipit (*Beumpeper*).

Pieper, (*str.*) *m.* *pl. Ph-ſen* *f.* galling

Pieper, **Pieper**, *adj.* piling, sickly.

Pieper, *in comp.* — *pickeln*, *f.* *Vol.* swalling

on the hook (of horses); — *pickeln*, *m.*, — *pickeln*,

n. cock, hen (in children's language); — *pickeln*,

n. coll. a (young) bird.

Pier, **Pier**, (*str.*) *n.* *Entom.* common

sandworm (*Arenicola picea* Lam.); — *pickeln*,

n. coll. an earth-worm used as a bait.

* **Pietist**, (*w.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) pietist;

devotee, devotionist. — **Pietismus**, *m.*

pietism. — **Pietist**, (*w.*) *f.* false devo-

tion. — **Pietist**, *adj.* pietistic(al).

Pieze, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. female breast,

nipple.

Pieze, *intr.* bang! crack!

* **Pigment**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) pigment

(Farbstoff).

* **Pike**, (*str., pl. Ph-ſen, Ph-ſen*) *m.* peak (of

Teneriffe, &c.).

* **Piquant**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) piquant, biting,

poignant; acrid, sharp, pungent. — **Piquant**,

str. (*w.*) *f.* coll. 1) grudge, private hatred;

2) sarcasm, biting speech, pungent remark.

Pike, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Mil.* pike; er hat von der

— auf gebiet, he has risen from the ranks;

2) see *Pike*, I.; 3) *fig.* pique, grudge.

* **Pike**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pol.*) a kind of frog-

Pike, see *Pike*. (*lged* coat.

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Archit.* pilaster.

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pilgrim, palmer;

2) see — *fall*; *in comp.* — *fall*, *f.* pilgrimage;

— *fall*, *m.* passerine-falcon; — *fall*, *f.*

gourd-bottle; — *fall*, *m.* *Ichth.* basking-shark;

— *fall*, *m.* pilgrim's hat; — *fall*, *m.* — *fall*,

f. pilgrim's dress; — *fall*, *m.* *fig.* the journey

of human life, earthly pilgrimage; — *fall*, *f.*

Comm. great scallop.

Pike, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein & haben*)

to make a pilgrimage, to wander.

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pilgrimage; *irbide* —

—, pilgrimage or sojourning on earth.

Pike, *in comp.* — *fall*, *f.* troop, host

of pilgrims; *Ph-ſen*, see *Pike*; 1) — *fall*,

f. *Comm.* great scallop.

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* see *Pike*, 1.

Pike, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Pharm.* pill; 2) *fig.* some-

thing disagreeable, reproof, biting speech,

pungent remark; 3) *Mil.* see *Pike*, 2, b.

Pike, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to edge, fresh-cut

(mill-stones).

Pike, *in comp.* — *fall*, *f.* *Bot.* Por-

tuguese bastard caper (*Leontodon* L.); — *fall*,

f. pill-box; — *fall*, *m.* *cont.* pill-monger,

apothecary; — *fall*, *m.* *Bot.* pill-wort, pepper-

grass (*Piper* L.); — *fall*, *m.* *Entom.* a

beetle of the family of Byrrhidae (*Byrrhus*

pikula L.); — *fall*, *n.* see — *fall*; — *fall*,

f. *Bot.* Roman nettle (*Urtica pika* L.); —

fall, *f.* see — *fall*.

* **Pike**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) 1) pilot; 2) *Ichth.*

pilot-fish (*Naucrates ductor* L.). (*pila*).

* **Pike**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pilot; 2) to

Pike, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Pike*; 2) see *Pike*,

ichth.

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* fungus, mushroom;

agaric; in die Ph-ſen gehen, 1. to go mushroom-

ing; 2. coll. to run away, to be lost, anal. to

go to the dogs; — *pickeln*, *m.* *Bot.* stroma.

Pike, **Pike**, *adj.* spongy, fungous;

covered, overgrown with mushrooms or fungi.

Pike, *in comp.* — *pickeln*, *f.* mushroom-

ly (*Myricophila* Meig.); *Comm.* — *pickeln*, *f.*

fungus (fungin); — *pickeln*, *m.* fungine

(fungin).

* **Piment**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* pimento,

all-spice, ood-pepper; *Bot.* — *pickeln*, *m.*,

— *pickeln*, *f.* allspice-tree (*Myrica pimenta* L.).

Pike, (*w.*) *f.* coll. sickliness, paling,

effeminacy. — **Pike**, *adj.* effeminate;

sickly, paling.

Pike, (*w.*) *f.* see *Pike* &

Pike.

Pike, **Pike**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to

pale, to be ailing or sickly; 2) to pale, whine

(from sickness); 3) to jingle (*Pike*).

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* see *Pike*.

Pike, (*str.*) *m.* *pl. Ph-ſen* *f.* pistachio-

nut; Albert; — *pickeln*, *m.* 1) bladder nut tree

(*Staphylea pinnata* L.); 2) pistachio-tree

(*Pistacia vera* L.).

* **Pike**, coll. **Pike**, (*w.*) *f.*

(*L. Lat.*) *Bot.* 1) pimpernel (*Anagallis*

arvensis L.); 2) burnet (*Polemonium angustifolium* L.);

3) burnet-saxifrage (*Pimpinella saxifraga* L.);

4) *Ph-ſen*, *f.* small burnet-leaved rose (*Rosa*

pimpinellifolia DC.).

* **Pike**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Mar.* pinnaea.

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* common pine

(*Picea*).

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Mar.* pinnaea.

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* common pine

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* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* common pine

(*Picea*).

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Mar.* pinnaea.

* **Pike**, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* common pine

Pinfel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the (act or practice of) darning; *Ac.*, *f.* **Pinfel**; a piece of darning; 2) *fig.* stupidity; stupid trick.
Pinfel, (*str.*) *m.* dawner, *Ac.* *f.* **Pinfel**.
Pinfel..., *in comp.* — *fürmig*, *adj.* *Bot.* pencil-shaped; — *führung*, *f.* *Punkt*, the way or art of handling the pencil; — *heutig*, *adj.* *see* — *fürmig*.

Pinfelhaft, *I. adj.* stupid, simpleton-like; II. *W.* *leicht*, (*w.*) *f.* stupidity.

Pinfelig, *adj.* 1) *see* **Pinfel**fürmig; 2) *coll.* palling.

Pinfelsticker, (*str.*) *m.* pencil-case.

Pinfel, (*w.*) *v. I. & II. tr.* 1) to paint, wield the brush; 2) *coll.* to dand; II. *intr.* *coll.* to whine, whimper, pule.

Pinfel..., *in comp.* — *schimmel*, *m.* *Bot.* a kind of mould (*Penicillium glaucum* Pers.); — *stiel*, *m.* pencil-stick; — *stich*, *m.* stroke or touch of a pencil; — *trog*, *m.* small tin case to wash brushes in; — *tuft*, *m.* pencil-cloth, pencil-rag. [*stink-horn* (*Gichtmorchel*).

Pint, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. G.*) 1) penis; 2) *Bot.*

Pintabe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* **Perlbun**; 2) *see* **Perlbun**.

Pinte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) pint; 2) *pl.* *see* **Droschel**.
Pintsticker, (*str.*) *m.* iron double-hooked clamp or tenter.

Pionier, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *Mil.* pioneer.

Pipe, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. G.*) 1) *see* **Pfeife**; 2) pipe; *W.* *stille*, *m.* *pl.* pipe-staves.

Pipen, *see* **Pipen**. [*pidde*, to pee.

Pip, (*w.*) *n.* *Wur.* *pidde*, pee; — *machen*, to pip; *see* **Pippe**. [*Drupp* L.]

Pippen, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* hawk's beard.

Pippen..., *in comp.* *Min.* — *geschäufte*, *n.* boat-cock; — *gange*, *f.* cock-beam.

Pippen, *see* **Pippen**, (*str.*) *m.* *Pomel* pippin (a kind of tart-apple).

Pippe, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pip; 2) *coll.* *a*) ailing, germ of (a mortal) disease; *b*) oddity, whim, spleen. — **Pippen**, (*w.*) *v. I. & II. tr.* 1) to have the pip; 2) to be ailing.

Pippen, *adj.* having the pip.

Piquet [*Fr.* *pr. pika*], (*str.*) *pl.* **P-8** *m.* quilting; wellenförmig —, wave-quilting; — mit **Piquet**streifen, satin cross-over quilting; *see* **quilt** —, fancy-quilting.

Piquet [*Fr.* *pr. pika*], (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Piquet**.

Piquet [*Fr.* *pr. pika*], (*w.*) *v. I. & II. tr.* 1) *Punkt* to prick; 2) to transplant (*Einsämling*, young tobacco plants); 3) *see* *to pique*; II. *refl.* to pique one's self (*auf* [*with* *Acc.*], on).

Pirate, (*w.*) *m.* pirate. — **Piraterie**, (*w.*) *f.* piracy. [*perlague*, *pirague*.

Piraterie [*Fr.* *pr. pira*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*)

Pir, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* yellow or golden thrush (*Malay*), (golden) oriole (*Oriolus palmarum* L.); — *bröckel*, *f.* *see* **Pfau**glocke.

Pir, *see* **Pir**.

Pir, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fam.* to plague, worry.

Pir, (*str.*) *pl.* **P-8**, **P-8** *m.* (*or* — *baum*, *m.*) plantain(-tree) (*Musa sapientum* L.); — *bohne*, *f.* — *vogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* banana bird (*Xanthornus bananum* Gm.); — *frucht*, *f.* banana.

Pir, (*str.*) *m.* *Piffwand*, (*str.*) *pl.* **P-8** — *mühle*, *f.* *Build* beaten cobwork.

Pir, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pir**.

Pir, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pir**.

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Pir, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pir**.

Pistole, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) *Num.* pistole (a gold coin); 3) *Paper-m.* pistole, a copper pipe heating the tub.

Pistole..., *in comp.* — *griff*, *m.* handle or butt-end of a pistol; — *helfter*, *f.* pistol-case, holster; — *lappe*, *f.* — *mantel*, *m.* holster-cap; — *tafel*, *f.* pistol-ball; — *tafel*, *m.* pistol-barrel; — *stiel*, *m.* pistol-stock; — *stiel*, *m.* pistol-shot; — *stiel*, *m.* pistol-slit.

Pistole [*Fr.* *pr. pifong*], (*str.*) *pl.* **P-8** *n.* (*Fr.*) 1) piston-rod (*Kolbenstange*); 2) *see* **Pistole**; *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, (*w.*) *f.* *Min.* *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, (*w.*) *v.* *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) bill posted up; placard, edict.

Pistole, (*w.*) *f.* 1) plain; 2) *see* **Pistole**; 3) *pl.* *Sport* tolls, lays. [*and silver*.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* amalgam of sulphur.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor* horn-silver.

Pistole [*Fr.* *pr. pifong*], (*w.*) *v. tr.* to place.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Pistole**; 2) *or* **Pistole**, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pistole**, (*w.*) *f.* plate (*Platte*, *Platte*), *f.* 4. back-plate of a fine-plate; 5) patch, piece; 6) blot, stain; 4) knot (in cotton or silk-stuff).

Pistole, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*or* **Pistole**) *Mil.* to fire in single shots and irregularly; II. *tr.* 1) to card; 2) to post up (bills); 3) to flatten (damp ground or metals); 4) *Port.* to line with earth or clay (walls); 5) *see* *an den Schiffsboden* —, to apply the sheathing-hair to the ship's bottom; 6) *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mil.* unskilful, irregular shot; 2) *see* **Pistole**; 3) *Comm.* dabs.

Pistole, (*w.*) *f.* druggery, turmoil.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *Mil.* irregular firing.

Pistole, (*w.*) *v.* *see* **Pistole**, I.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pistole**, *II.* *tr.* 1) to card; 2) to post up (bills); 3) to flatten (damp ground or metals); 4) *Port.* to line with earth or clay (walls); 5) *see* *an den Schiffsboden* —, to apply the sheathing-hair to the ship's bottom; 6) *see* **Pistole**.

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Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *Mil.* irregular firing.

Pistole, (*w.*) *v.* *see* **Pistole**, I.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pistole**, *II.* *tr.* 1) to card; 2) to post up (bills); 3) to flatten (damp ground or metals); 4) *Port.* to line with earth or clay (walls); 5) *see* *an den Schiffsboden* —, to apply the sheathing-hair to the ship's bottom; 6) *see* **Pistole**.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mil.* unskilful, irregular shot; 2) *see* **Pistole**; 3) *Comm.* dabs.

Pistole, (*w.*) *f.* druggery, turmoil.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *Mil.* irregular firing.

Pistole, (*w.*) *v.* *see* **Pistole**, I.

Pistole, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Pistole**, *II.* *tr.* 1) to card; 2) to post up (bills); 3) to flatten (damp ground or metals); 4) *Port.* to line with earth or clay (walls); 5) *see* *an den Schiffsboden* —, to apply the sheathing-hair to the ship's bottom; 6) *see* **Pistole**.

plan, plot, design, scheme; *see* *in* *Fr.*, it was planned, it was my, *Ac.* plan; *see* *in* *Fr.*, that did not form part of my scheme; *Plan* machen, to form, frame plans.

Plan..., *in comp.* — *brechbar*, *f.* *Turn.* surface-lathe; — *brechen*, *v. tr.* to surface.

Plan, (*w.*) *f.* tilt, linen, awning.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* planing iron, *see* **Bruntstahl**.

Plan, (*w.*) *v. I. & II. tr.* 1) to plane, plain, level; 2) to plan; II. *intr.* *see* **Planen**.

Plan..., *in comp.* — *legen*, *m.* *Min.* wet grate into which the ingots are cast; — *herb*, *m.* *Med.* nipping-bundle.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *Archit.* rag-stone; paving-brick.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Planer**; 2) — *(falt)* compact carbonate of lime.

Plan, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Astr.* planet; die kleinen *Fr.*, asteroids; *Einem* den *Fr.* *lesen*, to cast any one's nativity or horoscope.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

Plan, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Planer**, *see* **Planer**.

of the post-office; —*bericht*, *m.* statement of the departure and arrival of the mails; —*bote*, *m.* 1) foot-post, post; servant (runner) of the post-office; 2) *see* Briefträger; —*chaise*, *f.* post-chaise; —*compagnie*, *m.* mail-steamer; —*datum*, *v. tr.* to post-date; —*deklaration*, *f.* declaration at the post; —*departement*, *n.* post-office department; —*directeur*, *m.* director of the posts; —*direction*, *f.* general post-office, Post-office-comptrol; —*einrichtung*, *f.* postal arrangement; —*einzahlung*, *f.* 1) the (act of) paying in (money) at the post-office; 2) (post-office) money-order.

Posten, *s. l. (str.) m.* 1) *Comm.* a) parcel, lot; b) item (in an account), article, sum of money; in *kleinen* —, by small sums or instalments; 2) a) post, place, situation; b) *Mil.* sentry, sentinel; auf dem —, on duty, on guard; auf dem — sein or stehen, to stand guard; *fig.* to be on the alert; *Smek.* batch of ore, *Ac.* for one smelting; c) *fig.* post, situation; 3) *Sport.* sign, call (with the bugle); 4) *see* Reppstirn; *II. in comp.* —*zeite*, *f.* line or chain of military posts; —*träger*, *m.* coll. toll-tale, busy-body, meddler.

Posten ... (from *Post*), *in comp.* —*lauf*, —*zug*, *m.* course of post, post-route, postal communication.

Poste restante, (*Fr.*) *see* Postlagernd. *Post* ... *in comp.* —*expedition*, *f.* post-office; —*schreiben*, *m.* mail, letter-bag; —*frei*, *adj.* post-(postage)-free, free of postage, post-paid, *cf.* Franco; —*frei machen*, to frank, *cf.* frankieren; —*freibrief*, *f.* exemption from postage; —*freimarkte*, *f.* postage-stamp (Briefmarke); —*führer*, *m.* *see* —*schaffner*; —*geld*, *n.* postage; —*geredigt*, *f.* *see* —*redt*; —*gut*, *n.* goods conveyed by post; —*halter*, *m.* master or keeper of the post-horses; (deputy) post-master; —*halterer*, *f.* post-office; post-master's house, posting-office; —*haus*, *n.* post-house; —*horn*, *n.* post-horn; —*hörnchen*, *n.* *Conch.* planorbis (*Seeheringende*).

* *Postille*, (*w. f. (L. Lat.)* postil; *P*-*reiter*, *m.* *com.* bad preacher.

* *Postilion*, (*str.*, pl. *P*-*e*, l. *n.* *P*-*e*) *m.* (*Fr.*) postilion, post-boy.

* *Postren*, (*w. v. tr. (cf. ref.)* to post, station, place (one's self). [*false*].

Postschiff, *adj.* (*Musik.*, l. *n.*) imitated. *Post* ... *in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* advice-boat; —*liste*, *f.* 1) post-bill, list of letters; 2) post-map, map of the roads, travelling map; 3) post-card, postal card (*Correspondenzkarte*); —*nachst*, *m.* postilion, post-boy; —*schiff*, *f.* stage-coach, mail-coach, post-coach, post-chaise; —*schiff*, *m.* brown sealing wax; —*schiff*, *adj. & adv.* (of letters, *Ac.*) *poste restante*, to be left (at the post-office) till called for, post-office; —*schiff*, *m.* *see* *P*-*schiff*; —*schiff*, *f.* (postage)-stamp; —*schiff*, *adj.* as required by the post-office (*P. O.*) rules, according to *P. O.* regulations; —*schiff*, *f.* post-mile; —*schiff*, *m.* post-master; —*schiff*, *n.* *see* *Nachnahme*; gegen —*schiff*, expenses to be collected at the *P. O.* (post-office).

* *Postnumerand*, *adv.* (*Lat.*) (to be paid, *Ac.*) after the lapse of a certain time. * *Post*, *s. a. (Ital.)* coll. post, stand; —*schiff*, to post one's self; to take one's stand or ground.

Post ... *in comp.* —*ordnung*, *f.* post-office regulation; —*ort*, *m.* post-town; posting-place; —*schiff*, *n.* parcel or packet (to be sent by the post); —*schiff*, *n.* post-paper, letter-paper; —*schiff*, *n.* post-house; —*schiff*, *adj.* subject to the *P. O.* rates; —*schiff*, *n.* *see* *Porto*; —*schiff*, *f.* mod. stage; —*schiff*, *m.* commissioner of the post-office; —*schiff*, *adj.* —*regal*, *n.* postal prerogative or mono-

poly; revenues of the post; —*schiff*, *f.* journey by post; —*schiff*, *n.* post-travelling; —*schiff*, *m.* & *f.* mail-passenger; —*schiff*, *m.* postilion; —*schiff*, *f.* line of a post, post-route; —*schiff*, *f.* mile-stone; —*schiff*, *m.* guard, guide, conductor; —*schiff*, *m.* certificate given by the post-office, when money is committed to its conveyance; —*schiff*, *m.* mail-packet, packet-boat, advice-boat; —*schiff*, *f.* *see* *Postlinie*, *f.* packet-line; —*schiff*, *m.* *see* *Post* (*see* *Postlinie*); —*schiff*, *m.* *see* *Post* (*see* *Postlinie*); —*schiff*, *m.* *see* *Post* (*see* *Postlinie*).

* *Postscript*, (*str.*) *n.* postscript.

Post ... *in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* post-town; —*schiff*, *m.* post-stable; —*schiff*, *f.* post-stage; —*schiff*, *m.* 1) *see* —*schiff*; 2) (*in Austria*) for —*schiff*; —*schiff*, *f.* post-road, high-road; —*schiff*, *f.* room in the post-office; —*schiff*, *n.* parcel or packet (to be) conveyed by the post; —*schiff*, *m.* post-day, mail-day; in *cinigen* —*schiff*, in a few posts; mit *nächstem* —*schiff*, by next post; ein *schiff* —*schiff*, heavy mail; —*schiff*, *adj. & adv.* each post-day; —*schiff*, *m.* postal tariff, rates of postage; —*schiff*, *f.* *see* *Briefstaube*.

* *Postulat*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *T.* postulate, * *Postulieren*, (*w. v. tr. T.* to postulate. * *Postur*, *see* *Postur*.

Post ... *in comp.* —*verbinding*, *f.* postal communication; —*schiff*, *m.* postal traffic; —*schiff*, *m.* postal treaty or convention; —*schiff*, *m.* deputy post-master; —*schiff*, *m.* money-order per *P. O.* (post-office); —*schiff*, *m.* stage-coach; mail-coach; diligence; —*schiff*, *f.* mail-coach house, waggon-house; —*schiff*, *m.* change of post-horses, stage; —*schiff*, *m.* post-way; —*schiff*, *m.* postal affairs, posting-establishment; post-office department; —*schiff*, *n.* post-mark; —*schiff*, *m.* *see* —*schiff*; —*schiff*, *m.* 1) team of post-horses; 2) *Railw.* mail-train, passenger-train; *dem* —*schiff* unterworfen *see* —*schiff*.

* *Postage* (*pr.* —*ache*), (*w. f. (Fr.)* postage, porridge; —*schiff*, *m.* terrace ladle; —*schiff*, *f.* terrace.

* *Postale*, *see* *Postale*. [*fr. terrein*].

* *Potentat*, (*w. m. (L. Lat.)* potentate.

* *Potenz*, (*w. f. (Lat.)* *Mach.* power. * *Potenzieren*, (*w. v. tr. 1*) *Math.* to raise to any power assigned, to involve; 2) *fig.* to increase, to add intensity to ... — *Potenzieren*, (*w. f.* involution.

* *Poteren*, (*w. f. (Fr.)* postern.

Pott, *s. l. (str.) m.* province. 1) pot (*Topf*); 2) *see* *Kaulkopf*; *II. in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* *Chem.* potash; —*schiff*, *f.* ashery, manufactory of potashes; —*schiff*, *f.* potter's clay; —*schiff*, *m.* *Mammal.* sperm(oceti)-whale, cachalot (*Physeter macrocephalus* L.); —*schiff*, *n.* *Miner.* black-lead; —*schiff*, *n.* pot-metal; —*schiff*, *n.* pot-paper; —*schiff*, *pl. Comm.* pot-raising, jar-raising. [*odds fish*: sounds]. * *Pott*, *int.* coll. —*schiff*! —*schiff*! —*schiff*! * *Poule* (*pr. pül*), (*w. f. (Fr.)* *Gam.* poul. * *Poulet*, (*w. f. (Fr.)* 1) love-affair; 2) sweetheart, mistress.

* *Pouffieren*, (*w. v. tr. & in tr.* 1) to push (a business); 2) to mould, model, emboss (in wax, *Ac.*); 3) *along*, to court, flirt.

* *Prä*, (*str.*) *n.* coll. *das* —*haben*, to have the preference or precedence.

* *Präbendarius*, (*sing. not decl.*; *pl. P*-*rien*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) prebendary.

* *Präbende*, (*w. f.* *see* *Präbende*.

* *Präcedieren*, (*w. v. ref.* to use precedence.

* *Präcedenz*, (*w. f. (L. Lat.)* 1) precedence, precedency; 2) *Law*, (—*fall*, *m.*) precedent; —*recht* (*cinet* *Gläubigers*), *n.* *Comm.* priority or prior claim of debt; —*schiff*, *m.* *see* *Rangstreit*.

* *Präceptor*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Präceptoren*) *m.* (*Lat.*) preceptor, teacher.

Prädator, (*str.*) *m.* province. beggar. — *Prädator*, (*w. v. in tr.* to beg, solicit earnestly, demand importantly.

Prädict, *s. l. (w. f.)* 1) pomp, state, pride; 2) magnificence, splendour, gorgeousness; *II. in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* *see* *Prädict*; —*schiff*, *m.* splendour in expenditure, profusion of magnificence; —*schiff*, *f.* splendid (handsome) edition; —*schiff*, *m.* 1) magnificent binding; 2) choice or splendid volume; —*schiff*, *m.* splendid or magnificent edifice or building; —*schiff*, *n.* bed of state; —*schiff*, *n.* splendid copy or specimen; —*schiff*, *n.* *see* —*schiff*; —*schiff*, *n.* sumptuary law; —*schiff*, *m.* canopy, baldachin.

Prädigt, *f.* *adj.* magnificent, splendid, sumptuous, gorgeous, pompous, stately; *II. P*-*schiff*, (*w. f.* *see* *Prädict*, magnificent, statelyness, pompousness.

Prädigt ... *in comp.* —*schiff*, *m.* *Entom.* burn-cow, buprestis (*Buprestis gigantica* F.); —*schiff*, *f.* *Bot.* gaura (*Gaura* L.); —*schiff*, *n.* full-dress, court-dress; —*schiff*, *f.* *see* —*schiff*; —*schiff*, *f.* love of splendour or pomp; —*schiff*, *adj.* magnificent, pompous; —*schiff*, *f.* *Bot.* superb lily (*Gloriosa superba* L.).

* *Prädigt*, *adj.* without pomp, state, or splendour.

Prädigt ... *in comp.* —*schiff*, *f.* love of pomp; —*schiff*, *adj.* loving pomp; —*schiff*, *f.* *Ornith.* tanager (*Tanagra rubra* L.); —*schiff*, *f.* *Bot.* superb pink (*Dianthus superbus* L.); —*schiff*, *n.* splendid piece, piece of luxury; —*schiff*, *f.* —*schiff*, *see* —*schiff*; —*schiff*, *n.* grand and splendid entrance, portal; —*schiff*, *adj.* magnificent, *Ac.* *see* *Prädigt*; —*schiff*, *m.* state-carriage, state-coach; —*schiff*, *n.* splendid, elegant work, edition; —*schiff*, *n.* room of state.

* *Prädigt*, *adj. & adv.* (*Lat.*) precisely (ly); —*schiff* (*Uhr*), at five (o'clock) precisely (*coll. sharp*). * *Prädigtieren*, (*w. v. tr.* to define precisely or accurately.

* *Prädictieren*, (*w. v. tr. Law*, to foreclose. — *Prädictieren*, (*w. f.* *see* *Prädict*).

* *Prädictum*, (*str.*) *n.* *Law*, a term fixed (for the creditors of a bankrupt, *Ac.* to come forth and prove their claims) after the expiration of which no further claims are admitted.

* *Practica*, (*adj.* practicable.

* *Practician*, (*w. m.* practitioner).

* *Practieren*, (*w. v. tr. (L. Lat.)* 1) (*also in tr.*) to practise, exercise; 2) *coll.* to glide or slide something (into another's pocket, *Ac.*) without his perceiving it; *p*-*b*, *p. a.* practising; *p*-*r* *fig.* *Chemist*, *see* *Practisch*.

* *Practicien*, (*pl. (Lat.)* *Practici*) *Practitioner*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) practitioner; 2) expert, practical man; ein *alter* —, *coll.* an old (knowing) hand or stager.

* *Practil*, (*w. f. (M. Lat.)* 1) practice; *bis* *P*-*en*, foul practices, tricks; 2) *†*, almanac.

* *Practice*, (*w. f.* *see* *Practil*, 1.

* *Practisch*, *adj.* practical; practised; *als* —*schiff*, of proved utility; *er* *schiff* *p*-*c* *salut*, he is a man of executive activity; *der* *p*-*c* *Chemist*, operative chemist; *der* *p*-*c* *fig.*, practising physician, practitioner.

* *Prädict*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) predial; —*schiff*, *pl.* taxes on landed property.

* *Prädict*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) *T.* predicate, predication; 2) title.

* *Prädict*, (*w. m.* (*Lat.*) *prædict*. — *Prädict*, (*w. f.* *see* *Prädict*).

* *Prädict*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) *Grossm.* prefix; 2) *Comm.* immediate payment (of a bill without days of grace).

Prädict, *n. Geogr.* Prague.

Prädict, (*w. f.* *see* *Prädict*, stamp.

Prädict, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* die, stamp for the reverse side.

Prädict, (*w. v. tr.* *coll.* to broil, fry.

Prägen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to stamp, coin; 2) *fig.* to imprint, impress (on the memory, &c.).
Prägest, (str.) m. place of coining.

Prager, I. (str.) m. 1) inhabitant of Prague; 2) Bohemian musician; II. *adj.* Prague.

Präger, (str.) m. stamper, coiner.

Präge..., *in comp.* —**stempel**, m. mintage; —**stempel**, f. stamp-room; —**stempel**, m. mint-stamp; —**stempel**, m. the under stamp or die; **stempel**, stamping-press; —**werk**, m. coining-mill.

* **Pragmatisch**, *adj.* (Gr.) pragmatic(al); *die* p-e Saction, *form.* Hist. the Pragmatic Saction. [*See*; coinage, mintage.]

Prägung, (w.) f. the act of stamping, **Prägen**, (str.) m. 1) see **Präger**; 2) see —**stempel**; —**stempel**, f. see **Stempelstempel**.

Prägen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to boast, brag (mit of), vapour, vaunt; to bluster, hector; 2) *fig.* to shine, glitter, to be gaudy (of colours).

Präger, (str.) m. braggart, boaster.

Präglert, (w.) f. the act or practice of bragging; brag, ostentation, bravado; puff. **Präglert**, I. or **Präglert**, *adj.* bragging, boasting, swaggering, puffing; ostentatious; p-e Aufkündigung, puff; II. **Präglert**, (w.) f. see **Präglert**.

Präglert..., *in comp.* —**hand**, m. coll. swagger, puffing fellow; —**hand**, v. tr. to brag, swagger; —**stapel**, m. a sort of cabbage with a large showy head; —**stapel**, f. ostentation, pation of boasting, swaggering; —**stapel**, *adj.* ostentatious, boastful, swaggering.

Präglert, (str.) m., **Präglert**, (w.) f. *Mar.* flat-bottomed boat, lighter, prame; —**gelb**, m. Comm. lighterage; —**spring**, f. floating-engine.

* **Präglert** [*pr. prärt*], (w.) f. (Fr.) prairie.

* **Präjudiz**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to prejudicate, prejudice; 2) to prejudice; to forfeit.

* **Präjudiz**, *adj.* prejudicial.

* **Präjudiz**, (str.) n. (Lat., *præjudicium*) prejudice; damage.

* **Präjudiz**, see **Präjudiz**.

* **Prälat**, (w.) m. (Lat.) prelate; **Prälat**, f. prelatore, prelateship. — **Prälat**, (w.) f. prelate.

* **Präliminarien**, pl. (Lat.) preliminaries.

Prall, I. *adj.* 1) stretched, stuffed out, tight, plump, hard, firm, elastic; 2) *fig.* steep, sudden; II. s. (str.) m. bounce; rebound.

Prallen, (w.) v. tr. *ausz.* haben & sein to bounce; to bound; **prallen**, to rebound; *Opt.* to be reflected.

Prallheit, (w.) f. tightness, elasticity.

Prallig, *adj.* tight, firm, elastic, &c. cf. **Prall**.

Prall..., *in comp.* —**kraft**, f. elasticity; —**kraft**, *adj.* elastic; —**licht**, n. *Reint.* reflected light; —**schlag**, m. 1) rebound, back-stroke; 2) *Biol.* back-stroke; —**schuß**, m. Comm. rebounding shot, ricochet; —**segel**, n. studding-sail; —**stein**, m. corner-stone, curb-stone; —**stoss**, m. rebound, reflection; —**triller**, m. *Mus.* a transient shake (marked thus, *tr*); —**weiche**, *adj.* soft, elastic (like a well-stuffed cushion); —**winkel**, f. soft elasticity; —**winkel**, m. *Phys.* angle of reflection.

* **Präliminarien**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to prelude.

* **Präliminarien**, (str.) pl. (Lat.) **Präliminarien**, or (w.) **Präliminarien** n. prelude (*Mus.* introductory movement).

* **Prämie**, (w.) f. (Lat.) 1) premium, prize; bonus; 2) Comm-s. (für die Ein- oder Ausfuhr) bounty; (für die Weiterverfuhr) drawback; (Entschädigung) consideration; (Discounter) bonus; (beim Prämiengeschäft) option-money; (für die Versicherung) premium, insurance-money; **prämienhaltend**, n. return of premium.

Prämien..., *in comp.* —**anleihe**, f. premium-loan; —**geschäft**, n. option-business, business on premium; —**tan**, m. option or

time-bargain; —**lotterie**, f. lottery with premiums; —**schein**, —**zettel**, m. premium-bond; —**schleßen**, n. a shooting for prizes; —**vertrag**, m. negotiation for time.

* **Prämien**, (w.) v. tr. to reward (with a prize, &c.); diese Maschine ist prämiert, this engine has obtained a prize.

* **Prämie**, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) Log. premise.

Prämie, (w.) f. 1) see **Prämie**; 2) see **Prämie**.

* **Prämienraten**, (str.) m. *Ecol.* **Prämienraten**, (str.) m. see **Prämien**, **Prämien**; —**bett**, n. see **Prämie**.

Prängen, (w.) v. tr. I. to shine, sparkle, flaunt, make a show, make parade; to be splendid; p-b, p. a. splendid, gaudy; so kann ich mit den Tücken ..., und hin zu Siebenschneidern wandern (*Armen*), so [i. e. in the darkness of night] may I revel in my tears, and to my lov'd one's lattices steal (*Bank*); II. *Mar.* to carry a press of sail, to crowd all sails; ein prangendes Schiff, *Mar.* press-sail.

Prängen, (str.) m. pillory, whipping-post; am — stehen, to stand in the pillory; am den — stellen (or [L. w.] **Prängen**, (w.) v. tr.) 1) to pillory; 2) *fig.* to disgrace publicly, to expose to shame.

Prängen, (str.) m. pillory, whipping-post; am — stehen, to stand in the pillory; am den — stellen (or [L. w.] **Prängen**, (w.) v. tr.) 1) to pillory; 2) *fig.* to disgrace publicly, to expose to shame.

Prängen, (w.) f. (from **Prängen**; *E. M.* *Arndt*, l. u.) ostentation (**Präm**).

Prängen, (str.) m. *provinc.* Corpus Christi-day. [*paw* (of a lion).]

Pränge, (w.) f. clutok, pounce; *Herold*.

* **Pränumerant**, (w.) *adv.* in advance, beforehand. — **Pränumerant**, (w.) m. subscriber. — **Pränumerant**, (w.) f. 1) the act of paying beforehand, subscription; 2) *in comp.* **Pränumerant**, f. list of subscribers; **Pränumerant**, m. price of subscription. — **Pränumerant**, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* to pay beforehand or in advance, to subscribe (auf [with *Acc.*]).

* **Pränumerant**, (w.) m. pupil or scholar to be prepared.

* **Präparat**, (str.) n. (Lat.) preparation; microscopische **Präparat**, microscopical preparations, microscopical slides. [*see*ing instruments.]

* **Präparat**, (str.) n. case of disease. — **Präparat**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to prepare, adjust, fit, trim; 2) see **Präparat**.

* **Präparat...**, *in comp.* —**stein**, m. *Pharm.* levigating stone; —**stein**, f. pl. *Brom-w.* pudding rollers.

* **Präposition**, (w.) f. (Lat.) preposition.

* **Prärogativ**, (str.) n. (Lat.) prerogative, see **Prärogativ**.

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* **Prärogativ**, (str.) m. *Minor.* prismatic olive-nite.

* **Prärogativ**, (str.) m. *Minor.* chrysoprase.

Prärogativ, (str.) m. see **Prärogativ**; —**gold**, (str.) n. see **Prärogativ**.

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costs; in einem hohen P-e, at a high rate; um jeden —, at any cost, price, rate; verkaufen Sie es jetzt um keinen —, do not sell it now at any price; wohlfeiler —, low price, figure, or market; — ohne Gewinn und Verlust, saving price; — bei dem die Kosten nicht herankommen, losing price; ohne Vorbehalt — (bei Funktionen), without reserve; — frei an Bord, on board quotation; woher — würden Sie wol anfragen? to what extent would you go? um keinen —, *fig.* not on any account, not for all the world.

Preis..., *in comp.* — **aufschlag**, *m.* deduction, abatement; — **angebe**, *f.* quotation; irrig — **angebe**, *f.* misquotation; — **anhebe**, *f.* see — **frage**; — **aufschlag**, *m.* rise of prices; — **ausstellung**, *f.* 1) setting up of prices; 2) exhibition competing for prizes; — **ausstellung**, *f.* distribution of prizes; — **bericht**, *m.* statement of the prices; — **bewerber**, *m.* competitor; — **bewerbung**, *f.* competition.

Preisden, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Preis** A.) narrow stripe, *Ac.*

Preisdenant, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. list of prices, price-current.

Preisfelccre, (*w.*) *f.* see **Preisfelccre**.

Preisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to praise, command; Gott —, to glorify God; glücklich —, to consider or call happy; der (viel) gepriesene Fortschritt, from the boasted progress. — **Preisfer**, (*str.*) *m.* praiser, *Ac.*

Preis..., *in comp.* — **erhöhung**, *f.* enhancement or rise of price, advance; — **frage**, *f.* prize-question, treatise, prize-subject; — **gang**, *m.* song of praise; — **hämper**, *m.* prize; — **Preislich**, *adj.* see **Preiswürdig**. [lighter]

Preis..., *in comp.* — **liste**, *f.* see — **contant**; — **richter**, *m.* a warder of prizes; — **schuss**, *m.* see **Lage**; — **schießen**, *n.* rifle-shooting (for prizes); — **schritt**, *f.* prize-essay; — **berberber**, *m.* spoil-trade; spoiler of the market; — **berzeigend**, *n.* see — **contant**; — **würdig**, *adj.* 1) worth its price; 2) praiseworthy, laudable, commendable; — **würdigkeit**, *f.* praise-worthiness.

Preisfelccre, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. red bilberry, red whortle-berry, cow-berry (*Vaccinium vitis idaea* L.).

Preis..., *in comp.* — **jetztel**, *m.* see — **contant**; — **legel**, *m.* see **Preis**, A. 3.

* **Preiser**, see **Preiser**.

Preisfelccre, (*w.*) *f.* see **Preisfelccre**.

Preisfelccre, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a tossing in a blanket; 2) blanket to toss in; 3) see **Preisfelccre**.

Preisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to toss (in a blanket); to make to rebound; 2) coll. to cheat.

Preisfer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) rebound; back-stroke; 2) sharp blow; 3) bound, bribe; 4) twenty to twenty eight pounder; 5) *fig.* cheat.

Preisferer, (*w.*) *f.* *fig.* extortion, cheating.

Preis..., *in comp.* see **Preis...**, *in comp.* — **hammer**, *m.* sledge-hammer; — **flieg**, *m.* T. anvil; — **netz**, *n.* — **garn**, — **netz**, *m.* net for catching foxes; — **pfehl**, *m.* guard-pole; — **stange**, *f.* turner's pole; — **stein**, *m.* guard-stone, curb-stone.

* **Premier** [*premya*], (*Fr.*) *adj.* first; — **lieutenant**, *m.* first lieutenant; — **minister**, *m.* prime minister, premier, head-minister. **Premer**, see **Premer**.

* **Presbyteria** (*str.*) *m.*, **Presbyteria** (*str.*) *adj.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) Eccl. presbyterian. — **Presbyterium**, (*str.*) *pl.* (*w.*) **Pres** (*str.*) *n.* presbytery.

Preisden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to hurry.

Preisdenung, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* tarpauling; **Preisden**, *pl.* battens of the tarpauling.

* **Preß**, *adv.* close, tight.

* **Preßant**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) urgent (bringend).

Preß..., *in comp.* — **arm**, *m.* press-iron, hold-fast; — **baufen**, *m.* *Print.* sleeper or head of a printing press; — **bank**, *f.* *Print.* bank.

Preßbar, I. *adj.* compressible; II. **Preßbar**, (*w.*) *f.* compressibility.

Preß..., *in comp.* — **baum**, *m.* beam of a press; — **engel**, *m.* press-stick; *Print.* bar (of a printing press); — **bet**, *m.* pressing-board; — **bürste**, *f.* *Typ.* type-brush; form-brush; — **capit**, *f.* pressed copy; — **deckel**, *m.* cover of a press; *Print.* tympan.

Preße, (*w.*) *f.* 1) press; 2) press, pressing; 3) gloss (produced by pressing or calendaring); 4) *fig.* dilemma, strait; unter der —, in the press; während dieser Hogen eben gar — geht, while this sheet is going to be printed.

Preßesse, (*str.*) *n.* 1) pinching or pressing iron; 2) iron-plates (for hot-pressing).

Preßfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to press, to calendar (cloth, &c.), to squeeze; to pinch; durch ein Tuch —, to strain; Gemüse —, to compress vegetables; 2) *fig.* a) to urge; to oppress; b) to press (seamen); Tuch faßt —, to leaf; heiß —, to hot-press; Kunden —, to force a trade; Schiffe —, to shut the harbours, to lay embargo on ships; gepreßt, *p. a.* pressed, *Ac.*; g-cr Einband, tooled binding; g-cr Papier, letter-press, gilded paper, leather, &c.; g-cr Band, quilled ribbon; g-cr Glas, moulded glass.

Preßfer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see **Preßfer**; 2) *urger*, *Ac.*, *cf.* **Preßfen**. — **Preßferin**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Schiller*) pressing need, urgent, importunate necessity.

Preß..., *in comp.* — **erzeugniß**, *n.* printed work, literary product; — **finger**, *m.* T. spring finger; — **finger**, *m.* *Spinm.* presser-flyer; — **freiheit**, *f.* liberty of the press; — **gang**, *m.* press-gang; — **geld**, *m.* impress-money, press-money; — **gesetz**, *n.* press-law, law on the press; — **gesetzgebung**, *f.* press-laws; — **glanz**, *m.* see **Preße**, 3.

Preßhaft, *adj.* decrepit, impaired; ruinous (of buildings); **Preßhaft**, *f.* infirmity, *Ac.*

Preß..., *in comp.* — **hammer**, *m.* T. driving-mallet; — **haus**, *m.* pressing-house; — **haut**, *f.* shagreen; — **heft**, *f.* compressed artificial dry loes.

* **Preßferer**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to urge; to importune; II. *intr.* to be urgent, to need haste; **preßfer** sein, to be in great haste.

Preß..., *in comp.* — **heil**, *m.* wedge (of an oil-press); — **jack**, *m.* T. press-jack; — **kopf**, *m.* Cook. pressed hog's head; — **maschine**, *f.* calendar; — **meister**, *m.* pressman; — **papier**, *n.* — **pappe**, *f.* pressing card or board; — **platte**, *f.* plate (of an oil-press); — **polizei**, *f.* branch of the police superintending literary productions; — **proceß**, *m.* press-lawsuit; lawsuit or trial for violation of the press-laws; — **schraube**, *f.* 1) screw, box, or nut of a press; 2) clamp-screw; — **schwengel**, *m.* see — **engel**; — **span**, *m.* pressing board, glazed board; — **spindel**, *f.* male-screw of a press, clamp; — **stange**, *f.* T. press-bar; — **stück**, *f.* Cook. pressed pork seasoned.

Preßung, (*w.*) *f.* pressure, squeeze; the (act of) pressing, &c., compression.

Preßvergehen, (*m.*) *(str.)* violation of the press-laws.

Preß..., *in comp.* — **voll**, *adj.* quite (coll. chock-)full; — **winde**, *f.* *pl.* T. cheeks, side-beams (of a press); — **wein**, *m.* pressed wine; — **wert**, *m.* any large press; *Metall.* squeezer; mit wind segen, *Mar.* to haul the wind, to stretch; — **zeug**, *n.* 1) *Sury.* tourniquet; 2) parts of a pressing-machine; — **zeug**, *m.* oppression of the liberty of the press.

* **Preßfelccre**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) costly object, gem, jewel, *pl.* jewelry.

Preßfelccre, (*w.*) *m.*, **Preßfelccre**, (*w.*) *f.* Prussian. — **Preßfelccre**, *n.* *Geogr.* Prussia; — **thüm**, (*str.*) *n.* Prussianism.

Preßfelccre, *adj.* Prussian; — **Blau**, see **Berliner Blau**; — **Polen**, Prussian Poland; *p-c* Säure, see **Blaufläure**.

Preßgel, (*w.*) *f.* see **Brezel**.

Preß, *adj.* *provinc.* 1) exact; 2) nice, delicate; 3) neat, smart (priggish). [*Breid.*]

Preße, (*w.*) *f.* 1) prick, spear; 2) see **Preßel**, (*str.*) *m.* point, pickle.

Preßel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) pricking; 2) *fig.* pointed manner. — **Preßelhaft**, *adj.* pricking. — **Preßel**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to prick, pickle, tingle, itch; *p-b*, *p. a.* pricking; *fig.* sharp, keen, pungent; prurient (curiosity).

Preßel, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to prick, sting.

Preßmadel, (*w.*) *f.* see **Stachmadel**.

Preßfelccre, (*w.*) *f.* gallery-stall in a church.

Preß, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* 1) *Mar.* small or narrow channel; 2) or **Preße**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* a) harbour; b) best room (in a peasant's house).

Preß, (*str.*) *m.* see **Priscus**.

Preßden, (*str.*) *n.* quid of tobacco.

Preßfer, (*str.*) *m.* priest; minister, clergyman; *in comp.* — **amt**, *n.* priest's office, priest-hood; — **che**, *f.* marriage of the clergy; — **gewand**, *n.* sacerdotal robe. — **Preßfer**, *adj.* priest-like, priestly. — **Preßfer**, *in comp.* — **hemd**, *m.* white gown, alb; — **hemd**, *adj.* hierarchy; — **hut**, *m.* 1) clergyman's three-cornered hat; 2) *Port.* see **Wassermühle**, 3.

— **Preßferin**, (*w.*) *f.* priestess. — **Preßfer**, *in comp.* — **kappe**, *f.* — **kippen**, *n.* calotte; — **kleid**, *n.* sacerdotal habit; — **tragen**, *m.* — **trage**, *f.* clergyman's band. — **Preßfelccre**, *adj.* priestly, sacerdotal. — **Preßfer**, *in comp.* — **list**, *f.* priestcraft; — **rad**, *m.* gown of a priest, cassock. — **Preßferhaft**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see **Preßferhand**; 2) coll. clergy. — **Preßfer**, *in comp.* — **staat**, *m.* sacerdotal or hierarchical state; — **stanz**, *m.* — **stanz**, *m.* — **würde**, *f.* priesthood; sacerdotal order; — **welch**, *f.* consecration of a priest; ordaining.

Preße, (*w.*) *f.* T. post of a monkey.

Preßgel, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*also tr.*) to roast, fry; 2) to crackle.

Preßgel, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* pancake.

* **Prima**, (*f.* (*Lat.* *pl.* (*w.*) **Primen**) 1) upper-class of a school; 2) *Typ.* (*—blatt*, *n.*) see **Prime**(-blatt); 3) *Comm.* — **—** (*—wechsel*, *m.*) first (of exchange), a first bill; — **zum** **Umpst** **bei**, —, the first with ...; — **nicht**, the first not (being) paid.

* **Prima** (*ge* [*—shē*]), (*w.*) *f.* see **Rapphara**.

* **Prima** (*str.*) *m.* scholar of the upper class (**Prima**).

* **Primär**, *adj.* primary; *p-c* **transflecten**, *pl.* *Med.* idiopathic diseases; — **arzt**, *m.* head physician (in public hospitals).

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* **Primär**, (*str.*) *m.* scholar of the upper class (**Prima**).

Prinzipien... *in comp.* —frage, *f.* a question involving a principle; —ritter, *m. coll.* one who sticks blindly to a principle or principles, dogmatist.

Prinze, (*w.*) *m.* prince.

Prinze... *in comp.* —erzieher, —hofmeister, —lehrer, *m.* tutor, governor of a prince; —farbe, *f.* prince's colour; bright gold colour; —firße, *f.* *Pomol.* Brussels' (red) cherry; —fapffalat, *m.* see *Prähfalat*; —metall, *n.* see *Prinzeimetal*; —raub, *m. Germ.* *Hist.* the stealing of the prince's.

Prinzeßin, (*w.*) *f.* princess; *Pomol.-s.* —apfel, *m.* princess-pippin; —blut, *f.* blanket-pear.

Prinzeßlich, I. *adj.* princely; II. *P.-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* princeliness.

Prinzeßmetall, (*str.*) *n.* T. prince's (or Prince Report's) metal.

* **Prinzeß**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Prinzeß*) *m.* (*Lat.*) prior. — **Prinzeß**, (*str.*) *n.* priorship. — **Prinzeß**, (*w.*) *f.* priory. — **Prinzeßin**, (*w.*) *f.* princess.

* **Prinzeßlich**, (*w.*) *f.* priority, precedence; *P.-lection*, *f. pl. Comm.* preference-shares; (bei Eisenbahnen) railway-bonds; *P.-obligationen*, (*Prinzeßlich*) *pl. pri.* priority-bonds or obligations; *P.-rechnung*, *f. Law*, order of (distribution among) the creditors.

* **Prinze**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) 1) *Mar.* prize, prize-goods; capture; 2) pinch (of snuff); 3) *coll.* cine unangenehme —, a disagreeable person or thing; cine — machen, to make or take a prize, to effect a capture; cine — abjagen, to recapture a prize; für gute — erlösen, to condemn as a lawful prize.

* **Prinze**, (*w.*) *f. intr.* & *tr.* to (take) snuff.

* **Prinze**... *in comp.* —comptoir, *n.* prize-office; —getier, *n. pl.* prize-money; —gericht, *n.* prize-court; —güter, *n. pl.* prize-goods; —meister, *m.* prize-master; —recht, *n. Law*, prize.

* **Prinze**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *Prinzen*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Comm.* & *Opt.* prism. — **Prinzeßlich**, *adj.* prismatical.

Prinze, (*str.*) *m.* slap; —billet, *m. T.* wooden mallet.

Prinze, (*w.*) *f.* 1) wooden sword of a harlequin; 2) *Comm.* bat; mace; 3) *a)* board to sit on, seat on the outer-side of a sledge; *b)* bed of boards; 4) English saddle.

Prinze, (*w.*) *f. tr.* 1) to slap; 2) *T.* to plane (a hammered plate).

Prinzeßmeister, **Prinzeßmeister**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) buffoon, harlequin; 2) a man pointing out the shots on the target.

Prinzeßhammer, *m.* see *Abriecht(e)hammer*. **Prinze**, **Prinze**, (*w.*) *f. tr.* *provinc.* to dock out by patch-work.

* **Prinze**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) private; *in comp.* —bücher, *n. pl.* see *Scheimbuch*; —casse, —cassette, *f.* private (or privy) purse; *Comm.* private account or cash; —cassencurrentbuch, *n. Comm.* (with bookellers) a book for private customers; —credit, *m.* personal credit; —dozent, *m. Germ. Univ.* private lecturer, a *privatim docens*; —gebräuch, *m.* private use; *Comm.* domestic consumption; durch —gelegenheit, by private hand; —gelehrter, *m.* literary man; —handel, *m.* private traffic; —hass, *m.* particular or personal hate; —haus, *n.* private dwelling-house.

* **Prinze**, *adv.* (*Lat.*) privately, confidentially.

* **Prinzeß**, (*w.*) *f. intr.* to hold no official situation, to live as a private gentleman.

* **Prinzeß**, (*str.*) *n.* *Univ.* private [lecture].

* **Prinze**... *in comp.* —leben, *n.* private life; —lehrer, *m.* private teacher; —lehrerin, *f.* visiting governess; —leute, *pl. of* —mann; —mann, *m.* private man (citizen), private

individual; —obligation, *f.* personal or private bond or security; —person, *f.* private person or individual; —schule, *f.* private school; —secretär, *m.* domestic secretary.

* **Prinze** (*corrupt: Privat*), (*str.*, *pl.* *P.-s*) *n.* (*Pr.*) privy, necessary.

* **Prinzeß**, (*w.*) *f. tr.* to privilege, charter; *der* *Prinzeßliche*, *grantee*; *privilegierte Schulden*, privileged debts; *privilegierte Gläubiger*, creditor by priority.

* **Prinzeß**, (*str.*, *pl.* *P.-gien*) *n.* (*Lat.*) privilege, patent, charter.

* **Pro**, I. (*Lat.*) *prop.* for; —*Wille*, *Comm.* per mille; II. (*indecl.*) *n.* das — und Contra, the pro and con.

* **Probat**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) proved, approved.

Probe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) proof, trial; probation, experiment; assay; 2) test, touch; 3) pattern; sample; specimen; 4) *Theat.*, *Mus.*, &c. rehearsal; zur — bringen, to put in rehearsal; 5) *Goldsm.* hall-mark; mit der — gestempelt, hall-marked; *P.-n* aus Schiller und Uhland, specimens from Schiller and Uhland; nach —, *Comm.* on (the authority of) or from sample; zur —, for a trial, on trial; auf die — stellen, to put to the proof or test, to test, tax; cine harte —, a most trying situation; auf cine harte — stellen, to try one severely; die — halten, to stand or bear the test, to stand or be proof; to hold good; auf — geben, to give on trial; *Comm.-s.* *P.-n* nehmen, to draw samples; laut —, according to (as *pr.*) sample; auf — laufen, to buy upon trial; cine geprüfmeiste —, flattering, unfair, or bait sample; cine ungeprüfmeiste —, fair, or impartial sample; besser (schlechter) als —, superior (inferior) to sample; nicht die —, *coll.* not a bit, not in the least; Einer der auf — ist, probationer; er ist auf 4 Wochen —, he is taken on 4 weeks' probation.

Probe... *in comp.* —abdruck, *m. T.* proof-impression; —abdruck, *m.* see —bilanz; —arbeit, *f.* work for trial, sample; —baden, *n. Bak.* trial-batch; —band, *m.* pattern binding; —bilanz, *f. Comm.* trial balance; —blatt, *n.* pattern sheet or leaf; —blei, *n. T.* assay-load; —bogen, *m.* specimen sheet, proof sheet; der zweite —bogen, revise; —brand, *m.* proof impression; —eisen, *n. T.* 1) assay-iron; 2) see *Schleiflinge*; —fahrt, *f.* trial-trip; —fest, *adj.* see —haltig; —gebäude, *n. T.* frame or case of an assay-balance; —gewicht, *n.* test-weight; standard; —gold, *n. T.* standard gold; —haltig, *adj.* proof, standard, sterling; —haltigkeit, *f.* quality of being proof or standard; —hammer, *m. T.* assayer's hammer; —heft, *n.* specimen part or number; —hengst, *m.* teaser; —jahr, *m.* year of trial, probationary year, *cf.* —zeit; —karte, *f.* pattern-book; —lauf, *m.* purchase on trial; —leiste, *f.* see —löffel; —liste, *f.* sample box; —linge, *f.* proof-blade; —orn, *n. T.* assay-grain; —funf, *f.* docimacy, docimasticard; —papierstück, *m.* proof in aqua fortis; —sabung, *f. Comm.* proof-charge; —schrilling, *m.* apprentice on trial, probationer.

Probieren, (*w.*) *f. intr.* *cont.* to experimentally.

Probe... *in comp.* —loch, *n. Potf.* trial-hole; —löffel, *m. T.* assay-spoon; —maß, *n.* standard measure; —mäßig, *adj.* according to trial; —münze, *f. Münf.* proof-coin.

Proben, (*w.*) *f. tr.* see *Probieren*.

Probe... *in comp.* —nadel, *f. T.* touch-needle; —nummer, *f.* specimen number; —ofen, *m.* assay-furnace, cupel; —papier, *n. Chem.* test-paper; —platte, *f. T.* assay-plate; —predigt, *f.* sermon of trial; cine —predigt halten, to preach on probation.

Prober, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Probierer*; 2) *T.* **Probe**... *in comp.* —ring, *m.* 1) pattern or standard ring; 2) see *Schleiflinge*; —ritt, *m.* trial-ride; —röhre, *f. Mech.* (*Steam-eng.*)

trial-pipe; —rolle, *f. Theat.* a specimen part or character; —schuß, *m.* see *Probirschuß*; —scherbe, *f. Chem.* cupel, assaying-vessel; —schleßen, *n.* trial shooting; —schrift, *f.* 1) specimen of handwriting; 2) copy, draught, pattern; —schuß, *m.* trial shot; —silber, *n.* standard-silver; —stange, *f.* beam of an assay-balance; —stein, *m.* touchstone; —stempel, *m.* stamp, die; *Goldsm.* hall-mark; —stube, *f.* chamber for assaying; laboratory; —stück, *n.* trial; specimen (*Probe*, 3.); —tiegel, see *Probirtiegel*; —waage, *f.* assay-balance; —waage, *f.* assayer's tongue; —zeichen, *n.* mark of assay, assay-stamp; —zeit, *f.* probation time, *cf.* —jahr; —ginn, *n.* common tin.

Probirtiel, (*str.*) *n.* see *Probetiel*.

Probieren, (*w.*) *f. tr.* 1) to try, test, prove, to give a trial, to put to the test; to examine; 2) *T.* to assay; to try (gold or silver) by the touch stone; 3) to taste; *etwas* (*q. B.* cine Rolle) mit Jemand —, to rehearse with one.

Probierer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who tries, &c., prover; 2) *T.* assayer, assay-master.

Probieren... *in comp.* —gebiude, *n.* see *Probengebäude*; —gewicht, *n.* test-weight; —haß, *m. Mech.* try-cock; (*Wasserstandsbaß*) gauge-rock, pet-cock; —hammer, *m.* see *Probierhammer*; —hengst, *m.* see *Probierhengst*; —haus, *f.* art of assaying; —maß, *n. T.* crushed ore for assaying; —nadel, *f.* touch-needle; —ofen, *m.* assaying furnace; —schuß, *m. Min.* trial shaft; —stange, *f. Mech.* trial-rod; —stein, *m.* touch stone; —tiegel, *m.* assay crucible, capsule, cupel, test; —waage, *f.* assay-balance or scale.

* **Problem**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) problem. — **Problematisch**, *adj.* problematic(al); *adv.* problematically.

Proph, *m.* see *Proph.* [at law.]

* **Prophet**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) proceeding

* **Procent**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Comm.* percent; zu fünf —, at five percent; die *P.-t.*, *pl.* percentage; wie viel —? how much percentage?

* **Procentlich**, *adj.* of or giving a certain percentage.

* **Proceß**, *s.* (*Lat.*) I. (*str.*) *m.* 1) process (*particul. Law*); plea, lawsuit; action, cause; procedure, proceeding, operation; 2) see *Fortsetzung*; 2) *ein* — gewinnen, to gain a lawsuit; *Einem dem* — machen, to put one upon his trial; mit *Einem* kurzen — machen, *Ag.* to make short work with one; II. *in comp.* —acten, *f. pl.* acts, minutes; —fähig, *adj.* actionable; —form, *f.* form of process; —führer, *m.* pleader; —führung, *f.* the (act of) carrying on a lawsuit; procedure.

* **Proceßion**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) procession; große —, high procession; cine — halten, to go in procession; *in comp.* *P.-s* —, *n.* processional; *P.-stängel*, *m.* sacring bell; *P.-s* —, *f.* —spinner, *m. Botom.* processional caterpillar.

* **Proceßion**, (*w.*) *f. intr.* to carry on a lawsuit, to be at law (with).

Proceß... *in comp.* —kosten, *pl.* costs of a lawsuit; —träger, *m. coll.* litigious person; —mäßig, *adj.* conformable to the form of procedure; —ordnung, *f.* proceeding, course of pleading; rule of a court; —sachen, *f. pl.* acts; —schuß, *f.* litigiousness; —schlicht, *adj.* litigious; —wesen, *n.* proceeding at law, system of legal proceedings.

* **Proclamieren**, (*w.*) *f. tr.* (*Lat.*) to proclaim; *Verlöbte* —, to publish the bans.

Procurator, *m. Gr. Myth.* Procurator; —bett, *n.* the bed of Procurator; Procurator bed.

* **Procurator**, (*indecl.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Comm.* procurator, *Law*, warrant; per —, by (or per) procurator; per (in) — zeichnen, to sign per procurator; —führer, —träger, *m.* **Procurator**, (*w.*) *m.* confidential clerk; authorised agent; —geld, *n.* procurator, procurator-money.

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habt, *f.* capital of the province. — **Provinzialismus**, (*L. Lat.*, pl. *P*-men) *m.* provincialism. — **Provincialis** ..., *in comp.* — **recht**, *n.* provincial law; — **Stadt**, *f.* provincial town; — **wert**, *n.* provincialism. — **Provins**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) province; country; in or out of —, provincial; — **rose**, *f.* *Bot.* Provence-rose. — **Provinsial**, **Provinsial**, *see* **Provinc**... — **Provinsler**, (*str.*) *m.* coll. provincialist.

* **Provisio**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) provision; 2) *Comm.* commission; procurator-money; brokerage; *es* darf keine — berechnet werden, no commission is recoverable; *in comp.* **P**-route, *n.* account of commissions; **P**-rechner, *m.* traveller on commission; **P**-reise, *adv. & adj.* on commission.

* **Provisor**, (*str.*, pl. *Provisoren*) *m.* (*Lat.*) dispenser, head-man (at an apothecary's); provisor; governor.

* **Provisorisch**, *adj.* provisional, provisory. — **Provisorium**, (*str.*, pl. (*w.*) *P*-ria) *n.* provisional arrangement, state, &c.

* **Provocieren**, (*w.*) *v. I. & tr.* to provoke; *II. intr. see* **Appellieren**.

* **Prager**, *see* **Procr**.

* **Prude**, *adj.* (*Fr.*) prude.

Prudeln, (*str.*) *m.* province. 1) *a*) steam; *b*) bubbling noise of a spring; 2) puddle; 3) a dirty piece of work. — **Prudeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to do negligently; 2) to steam; to bubble, rise in bubbles; 3) to soil. **Prüfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to prove, try, test, examine; *cf.* **Prübirn**; *dem* **Schicksal** hart geprüft, severely tried by fate. — **Prüfer**, (*str.*) *m.* prover, examiner. — **Prüfung**, *f.* art of criticism. — **Prüfung**, (*str.*) *m.* one to be examined. — **Prüfung**, (*str.*) *m.* touchstone, test, *fig.* ordeal.

Prüfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) trying, *acc.* trial, test, proof, ordeal, examination; *revel*; 2) *fig.* *a*) trial, *b*) temptation.

Prüfung ..., *in comp.* — **Prüfung**, *m.* — **Prüfung**, *m.* committee of examiners; — **ch**, *m.* test; — **grab**, *m.* degree of probation; — **mittel**, *n.* means of test, trial; — **ort**, *m.* place of examination; — **schacht**, *m.* trial shaft; — **stunde**, *f.* hour of examination or trial; trying hour; — **tag**, *m.* *fig.* day of trial, day of suffering or affliction; — **zeit**, *f.* time of examination or trial, probation-time; time of suffering.

Prügel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cudgel, stick, club; 2) stripes, flogging, cudgelling.

Prügel, (*w.*) *f.* a drubbing, fight, row. **Prügel** ..., *in comp.* — **sch**, *adj.* cudgel-proof; — **holz**, *n.* faggot stick; — **junge**, *m.* whipping-boy.

Prügeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cudgel, beat, drub, thrash, cane, belabour; *cinander* (or *coll. sch*) —, to fight, have a fight, go to blows; 2) *provinc.* to clog (a dog).

Prügel ..., *in comp.* — **sch**, *f.* marking or carpet stitch; — **strafe**, *f.* corporal punishment; — **juppe**, *f.* *see* whipping-cheer; a cudgelling, drubbing. [*prunella*]

* **Prunell**, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* prunello. — **Prunelle**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Pomad.* prune of Brignolles, prunello; 2) **P**-nagelwurz, (*w.*) *f.* **Prunell**, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Prunelle**, 1; **P**-nagel, *n.* *Pharm.* tabulated nitro.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* state, (exterior) show, pageant, parade, ostentation, splendour; *fig.* bombast; *II. in comp.* — **aber**, *f.* *Rept.* harlequin-snake (*Elaps* Schn.); — **bett**, *n.* bed of state; — **baum**, *f.* *Bot.* upright kidney-bean, tree kidney-bean.

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to make show, parade, ostentation, or a display (mit, off); *b.* *p. a.* *see* **Prunell**.

Prunell, (*w.*) *f.* ostentation, mere show. **Prunell**, *n.* *see* **Prunell**.

Prunell, *adj.* pompous, showy, ostentatious, sumptuous, garish.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **liebe**, *f.* love of show, ostentation; — **liebe**, *adj.* ostentatious.

Prunell, *adj.* unostentatious, without show, simple; **P**-figkeit, (*w.*) *f.* unostentatiousness, simplicity.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **reducer**, *m.* declaimer; — **reducer**, *adj.* declamatory; — **saal**, *m.* drawing-room; — **saal**, *f.* ostentatiousness; — **saal**, *adj.* ostentatious; — **tag**, *m.* gala-day; — **well**, *adj.* splendid, ostentatious, pompous; — **wagen**, *m.* state-carriage; — **wesen**, *n.* *see* **Prunell**; — **zimmer**, *n.* state-room.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* flat tile.

Prunell, (*w.*) *m.* *Sport.* *see* **Erbsprache**.

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* to burst (out) (laughing, &c.); to sneeze; to spit (like cats); to snort.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* train-oil footings.

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr. see* **Prunell**, 1. **Prunell**, (*str.*, pl. (*w.*) *P*-men) *m.* psalm; *in comp.* — **buch**, *n.* psalter, book of psalms; — **sch**, *adj.* psalmist, *m.* psalmist.

* **Prunell**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) psalmist, psalmist. [*hymn*]

Prunell, (*str.*, pl. *P*-er) *n.* psalm.

* **Prunell**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to sing or chant psalms.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* psalmist.

* **Prunell**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Acc. Mus.* psalter; 2) psalter; 3) *Zool.* *see* **Blättermagen**;

— **spiel**, *n.* playing on the psalter.

* **Prunell** ..., (*Gr.*) *in comp.* pseudo; — **chrysolith**, *m.* *Minor.* pseudo-chrysolite; — **nim**, *adj.* pseudonymous.

* **Prunell**, (*Gr.*) *see* **Erbsprache**.

Prunell! stop!

* **Prunell**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Gr. Myth.* Psycho; 2) *T.* a large (lady's) dressing-glass; 3) *Entom.* a butterfly (*Psyche* *palla* Esp.).

* **Prunell**, (*adj.*) (*Gr.*) psychical, relating to, emanating from the soul. — **Prunell**, (*w.*) *m.* psychologist. — **Prunell**, (*w.*) *f.* psychology. — **Prunell**, (*adj.*) psychol.

logical. [*maie*]

* **Prunell**, (*adj.*) **Prunell**, *adj.* Ptole-

* **Prunell**, (*adj.*) **Prunell**, *adj.* Ptole-

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Prunell, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to roll, *see* **Prunell**; 2) *coll.* to blunder; *II. str. see* **Prunell**, 1. **Prunell** ..., *in comp.* — **narrisch**, *adj.* *coll.* very droll, most ludicrous; — **narr**, *adj.* dripping-wet, drenched; — **narr**, *f.* *Ornith.* jack-snipe (*Meine Becassine*).

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* powder, hair-powder; *in comp.* — **beutel**, *m.* powder-bag; — **sch**, *adj.* *see* — **püffer**.

Prunell, *adj.* powdered.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **kasten**, *m.* powder-box; — **manet**, *m.* combing-cloth.

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to powder; *II. refl.* to powder one's hair.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **püffer**, *m.* seat, powder-engine; — **quast**, *m.* puff; — **quast**, *m.* 1) powdered or ground sugar; 2) raw sugar; 3) moist sugar; 4) clayed sugar.

Prunell, *I. intr. puff*: *pop*: *II. (str., pl. Puffe)* *m.* 1) puff; cuff, thump; 2) *see* — **spiel**; 3) *a*) puff, any thing inflated or puffed up; puffing (of a sleeve); *b*) *see* — **ärmel**; 4) *see* **Beug**, *II. 1; 5*) *see* **Erbsprache**; 6) *fig.* disaster, mishap; *in comp.* — **ärmel**, *m.* sleeve with puffs; — **beutel**, *f.* *Bot.* large garden-bean (*Caubohne*); — **beutel**, *n.* *Gamm.* backgammon.

Prunell, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Puff**, 3. [*board*]

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to pop; *daß* *es* (*nur* *so*) **pufft**! *coll.* with a vengeance; 2) to play at backgammon; *II. str.* 1) to bang, cuff, thump, buffet; 2) to puff out; 3) to trim with puffs.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* 1) buffeter, &c.; 2) *see* **Puff**, *II. 1; 3*) *see* **Puffer**; 4) *coll.* *a*) *fig.* pocket-pistol; *b*) *see* brandy-bottle.

Prunell, *adj.* puffed (out).

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **jacke**, *f.* miner's dress-jacket; — **sch**, *n.* — **wagen**, *m.* *see* **Blodrad**, &c.; — **spiel**, *n.* backgammon.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *ship*-wright's mate.

* **Prunell**, (*str.*, pl. *P*-hüne) *m.* *Ship*-corp.

Prunell, (*str.*) *m.* *See* *see* **Rühloch**.

Prunell [*pr. piff*], **Piff** (*Jean Paul*: **Piff**), *see* **Piff**.

Prunell, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* *see* **Prunell**.

Prunell, (*w.*) *f.* vulg. bottle (**Bulle**).

* **Prunell**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.* palpitum) obo-

locomet, reading-desk (**Bulle**).

Prunell, *v. I. (str.) m.* *Med. & Anat.* pulse; *II. in comp.* — **ader**, *f.* artery; *die große* — **ader**, *aorta*; — **aderblut**, *n.* arterial blood; — **adertröpf**, *m.* — **gefäßwurz**, *f.* *Surg.* aneurism; — **adertrichter**, *f.* arteriology; — **aderöff-**

nung, *f.* arteriotomy. [*pulsate*]

Prunell, **Prunell**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to pulse.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **hammer**, *m.* pulse-

glass; — **messer**, *m.* sphygmometer; — **schlag**, *m.* 1) stroke or beating of the pulse, pal-

sation; 2) rate of pulsation; — **wage**, *f.* *see* — **messer**; — **wärmer**, *m.* pulse-warmer, maf-

fete.

Prunell, (*str.*) *n.* (*de. m.*) *deek*; — **sch**, *n.* *Archit.* lean-to roof; shed-roof; — **fernung**, *f.* *T.* firing with back-flame; — **hänge**, *f.* *deek*-

hinge.

Prunell, (*str.*) *n.* powder, gunpowder; — *und* **Blei**, powder and shot; *mu* — *und* **Blei**

verurtheilt, condemned to be shot; *ein* **Schuss** —, a charge of powder; *coll.* *a.* *feinen* **Schuss** —, worth *kein*, *fig.* not to be worth a straw;

kein — *richten* können, to be a coward; *er hat* **das** — *nicht* *erfunden*, he is no great luminary,

anal. he will not set the Thames on fire.

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **artig**, *adj.* powdery, *cf.* **Bullerich**.

[*n. Med.* little powder]

Prunell, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Prunell**)

Prunell ..., *in comp.* — **sch**, *f.* *see* — **mühle**; — **sch**, *n.* powder-barrel; — **sch**, *f.* *T.* duster; — **sch**, *f.* powder-flask; — **sch**, *n.* *see* — **thurn**; — **sch**, *n.* *Bot.* (alder-) buck-

thorn (**Prunellbaum**); — **sch**, *n.* powder-flask, powder-horn.

Pulvericht, Pulverig, adj. like powder, pulverulent; powdery; made or consisting of powder.

Pulverisiren, Pulvern, (w.) v. tr. to pulverise... in comp. -hammer, f. powder-room; -larren, m. see -wagen; -lassen, m. powder-chest; -lern, n. grain of gunpowder; -labelfächer, f. Gunn. charger; -magazin, n. powder-magazine; -maße, f. powder-measure; -maß, n. powder-measure; -mehl, n. powder-meal; -mine, f. powder-mine; -mühle, f. powder-mill; -müller, m. gunpowder-maker; -probe, f. powder-trial, powder-prover (an instrument); -sand, m. drift-sand; -sack, m. see -maße; -schäufel, f. 1) powder-shovel; 2) see -labelfächer; -schen, adj. soc. cowardly; -schläger, m. cracker; -schwamm, m. powdered tinder; -turm, m. tower or storehouse for powder, powder-magazine; -tanne, f. barrel of gunpowder; -verfälschung, f. gunpowder treason or plot; -wagen, m. (gun)powder-cart; -wurf, f. Port. sandbag; -zeug, m. see -maße.

Pump! see **Pump**. [tick.]
Pump, (str.) m. (Stnd.) slang, credit, anal.
Pumpe, (w.) f. pump; die - ansetzen, ansetzen, to fetch a pump; die - ist gebrochen, the pump blows.

Pumpeln, (w.) v. coll. I. tr. to pound (in a mortar); II. intr. 1) to roll, rumble, grumble (in the belly); 2) coll. to move about slowly or with uncertain steps, &c.

Pumpen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to pump; 2) (Stnd.) slang, a. to take on credit (tick); b) to give on credit.

Pumpen... in comp. -ärmel, m. nose; -bad, n. Mar. pump-cluster; -behälter, m. pump-barrel; -bohrer, m. pump-borer; -bohrer, m. pump-bolt; -beal, n. Mar. pump-dale; -chimer, m. lower box (of a pump); -fasser, n. Fire-w., feu de pompe, a kind of fire-work; -mar-s., -gat, m. hole in the side of a pump; -ged, n., -geflod, m. pump-spear; handle of a pump; -geräth, n. pump-gear; -gefaß, n. Min. pit sunk for a pump; -geflänge, n. 1) see -geräth; 2) Min. pump-spears; -hammer, m. T. hammer with a notch and claw; -herz, n. see -flüß; -holz, n. shoe of the siphon; -hub, m. pump-lift; -hammer, f. see -stiel; -haube, f. hood of a pump; -kasten, m. case of a pump; -keffel, m. plate of lead or copper perforated with holes to cover the bottom of a pump; -klappe, f. pump-valve; -knebel, n. service of the pump; -kratzer, m. pump scraper; -krüger, f. see -schwengel; -kruß, f. see -wert; -leber, m. pump-sucker; -macher, m. pump-maker; Mar-s. -mid, n. cheeks of a pump; -pott, m. see -foß; -rinne, f. see -beal; -sanger, m. sucker of a pump; -schacht, m. Min. pit or engine-pit, rod-shaft; shaft sunk for a pump; -schlag, m. stroke with the brake or handle of a pump; -schrauber, m. pump-scraper; -schuß, m. upper box (of a pump); -schwengel, m. pump-brake, handle of a pump; -sief, n. Hydr. sluice of a gutter-wear; Mar-s. -söß, m. pump-wall; -spate, f. pump-handle; -spiel, n. play of the upper pump-box; -spitzer, m. pump-nail and tack; -stange, f. pump-rod, plunger; -stiel, m. see -schlag; -stempel, m. plug of a pump; -stiefel, m. chamber of a pump, pump-barrel; -stiel, m. pump-staff; -stift, m. pump-valve; -waage, f. pump-areometer; -werk, n. works, machinery of pumps.

Pumpwerck, (w.) f. Rom. Cath. mass sung on the eve of Lent.

Pumpwren, (w.) v. intr. coll. to roll, rumble.
Pumpwren, (str.) m. coll. Westphalia rye-bread; burl. country-booby, &c.

Pumpy... in comp. -hofen, f. pl. trunk-hose, pantaloons, cf. **Pinderhofen**; -stiele, f.

1) tanner's mallet; 2) see **Pumpstiele**; -stl, n. Comm. unclarified oil.

Pumpy, (str.) m. coll. bounce.
Pumpy, (str.) m. Mar. shot-looker.

Pumpy, (w.) v. intr. coll. to bounce.
Pumpy, (w.) f. provinc. reed-mace.

Pumpy... in comp. -stiel, m. wide boot; -rod, m. see **Pistrampe**.

Punct, (str.) m. (Lat. punctum, n.) 1) point, dot; 2) Gramm. full stop, period; 3) fig. point, particular article, item, head; auf den -, exactly; punctually; -pünktlich, punctually at 10 o'clock; at 10, to the stroke or to a moment; es ist -pünktlich, it is on the stroke of ten; -für -, point by point; in allen -en, on all points, in every respect; auf dem - stehen etwas zu thun, to be on the point of doing something.

Punctat, (str.) m. Minor. dotted agate.

Punctat, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) pointing, dotting, &c.; 2) contract, stipulation, agreement; 3) Hebr. Gramm. points.

Puncten, (str.) n. (dimin. of **Punct**) little point, dot, jot, titlle.

Puncten... in comp. -caralle, f. Nod. mille-pore (*Millepora alcinornis* L.); -eisen, n. T. pointer; -förmig, adj. punctiform.

Punctiren, **Puncten**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to point; to dot (also **Mar.**: punctate **Neten**, dotted notes); cine punctierte Linie, a dotted line; gewisse **Worten** -, Comm. to dot certain items; (**Puncten**) **Engl.** to stipple; punctate **Manier**, see **Punctir-Manier**; 2) to discover by geomancy; 3) Gramm. to punctuate.

Punctirer, (str.) m. 1) geomancer; 2) stippler.

Punctir... in comp. -fasser, f. geomancy; -künstler, m. see **Punctirer**; -manier, f. **Engl.** dotted manner, stippling; -nadel, f. dotting needle; -rad, n. dotting-wheel.

Punctirung, (w.) f. punctation.

Punctura, f. vascular lava.

Punctlich, I. adj. punctual; accurate; prompt; exact; II. **W.-heit**, (w.) f. punctualness, punctuality; accuracy, promptitude, promptness, exactitude; geistliche -, mercantile correctness.

Punct... in comp. -linie, f. line marked by dots; -rad, n. see **Punctirrad**; -stein, m. Minor. granite; -strich, m. Gramm. semicolon; -tag, m. fixed day; -teller, -tellerchen, n. pl. animalcules, animalcules.

Punctum! (Lat., cf. **Punct**) **inlay**, enough! und damit! - and that is enough!

Punctur, (w.) f. 1) Surg. puncture; 2) pl. (or -spitzen) Typ. points; **Print-s.**

-loß, n. point-hole; -löcher, f. point-plate; **Print-s.** -schraube, f. point-screw; -spitze an **Preßdeckel**, (bookkin) spar, point; -stange, f. pincers.

Punctweise, adv. point after or by point.

Pungirren, (w.) v. tr. to point, dot.

Punier, (str.) m. Carthaginian. - **Punisch**, adj. Punie; **Er Apfel**, see **Granatapfel**.

Punkt x., see **Punkt** x.

Punkt, (str.) m. punch; -bowl, f. punch-bowl. - **Punktchen**, (w.) v. intr. coll. to drink punch, to punch.

Punkt... in comp. -essen, f. see -tract; -tract, -geiß, m. essence of punch; -gesellschaft, f. company of punch-drinkers; -lieb, n. a song in praise of punch; -löcher, m. punch-ladle; -pulver, n. powder of essence of punch; -sieb, n. lemon strainer; -terrine, f. see -bowl.

Punkte, **Punkte**, (w.) f. point, &c. (Epige).

Punge, **Pungen** x., see **Pungen** x.

Pup, (str.) m. vulg. fart. - **Pupen**, (w.) to fart.

Pupin, (w.) f. (Lat.) see **Rindel**.

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Pupille, (w.) f. **Anal.** pupil (of the eye).

Pupillen... in comp. -erweiterung, f. **Med.** mydriasis; -geiß, n. ward's or pupil's money; -gericht, -collegium, n. court of wards; -rat, m. member of the court of wards.

Puppe, (w.) f. (dimin. **Puppchen**, (str.) n.) 1) puppet, doll, baby; 2) **fig.** a) neat and pretty person; b) darling; 3) **Nat.** nymph, aurelia, chrysalis; 4) **Angl.** boat (of a fishing line); 5) **Apr.** shock; 6) **Comm.** malotta.

Puppen, (w.) v. intr. coll. 1) to play with dolls; 2) to make dolls; 3) see **Eich** **Scruppen**. [palpitante.]

Puppen... in comp. -beiß, m. body of a doll; naked doll; -treter, m. **Entom.** pupivorous insect; -geiß, n., -larve, f. doll's face; -haus, n. baby-house; -hülle, -hülle, f. **Nat.** cocoon; -hülle, f. see **Substanz**; -kopf, m. head of a doll; -trum, m. playthings, dolls, &c.; baby; -brüder, m. dealer in dolls; -müßig, adj. nice, spruce; -rüder, m. **Entom.** mask-beetle (*Chalcidius sychonides* L.); -spiel, n. puppet-show; -spieler, m. puppet-player; puppet-man; -stanz, m. see -stanz; -verwandlung, f. **Nat.** pupa-change; -werk, n. baby-things; -zeug, n. 1) doll's-clothes, dolls' clothes; 2) dolls; -zustand, n. **Nat.** state of chrysalis, pupa-stage.

Pupplisch, adj. (**Goethe**, n. u.) doll-like.

Pur, adj. coll. (**Lat.**) pure, sheer (**Rein**).

Purdel, **Purdel**, (str.) m. T. sledg-hammer (**Loc.**).

Purgan, (w.) f. (**Lat.**) **Med.** purgative.

Purgiren, (w.) v. tr. & intr. (**Lat.**) to purge. - **Purgir...** in comp. **Bot-s.** -cassa, f. purging-cassa (*Oxalis cathartica* L.); -born, m. purging-thorn, French-berry (*Rhamnus cathartica* L.); -flax, m. purging-flax (*Linum catharticum* L.); -gurt, f. see **Coloquint**; **Pharm-s.** -herz, n. scammony; -früher, n. pl. purging(-)grains; -frucht, n. **Bot.** hedge-hyosop (*Gratiola officinalis* L.); -mittel, n. **Med.** purgative; -moos, n. **Bot.** Iceland-moss (*Helminthoglossum* L.); -nuss, f. **Bot.** castor-nut, (American) purging(-)nut (*Jatropha Curcas* L.); -pille, f. purging(-)pill; -pulver, m. purging(-)powder; -salz, n. purging(-)salt; purgative salt; **Bot-s.** -strecke, f. purging(-)brome-grass (*Bromus catharticus* L.); -weg, born, m. see -born; -winde, f. **Bot.** purging-bindweed, scammony (*Convolvulus scammonia* L.); -würfel, f. rhubarb, cathartic root; jalap.

Purisch, m. (**Mod. Lat.**) parism. - **Purist**, (w.) m. purist. - **Puristisch**, adj. purist.

Purist, (str.) m. (**Lat.**) paritan.

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purple heron (*Ardea purpurea* L.); —*rotz*, *adj.* purple-coloured; red as purple; —*rüßte*, *f.* purple-colour; *Chem.-s.* —*füße*, *f.* purpuric acid; —*füße* *Calc.* n. purpurate; —*füße*, *f.* Quack purple-fish, purple (*Peripoma patula* L.); —*füße*, *f.* *Chem.* phenicic; —*violet*, *n.* violet-purple; —*weßel*, *m.* see *füße*; —*weide*, *f.* Bot. purple willow (*Salix purpurea* L.).

((Strabe)).

Purze, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* common shrimp
Purzen, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* 1) to purr (as a cat); 2) to grumble; 3) to whiz; II. *tr.* 1) to poke, stir; 2) *fig.* to vex, tease; 3) *Mar.* to awake (for the watch); to call.

Purzel, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* see *Purzel* n.

Purzel..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* coll. somerset, tumble; *cinen* —*baum* (*fig.*) *coll.* to turn a somerset; to turn over; to tumble; —*männchen*, *n.* cock-tumbler; —*tänze*, *f.* see *Purzelstänze*.

Purze, (*w.*) *f.* (—*füße*) puss, pussy.

Purzelin, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* *coll.* for *Purzelin*.
Purzel, (*str.*) *m.*, *Purze*, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* break.

(elavation.

Purzel, (*w.*) *f.* (Lat.) pustule, tubercular

Purzen, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* & *tr. provinc.* to breathe, to blow (*fig.*) *coll.*

Purzer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Purzelstänze*; 2) *provinc.* small bellows.

Purzelstänze, (*str.*) *n.* see *Blasrohr*.

Purzelchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Purze*) 1) (childish name for a chicken, &c.) biddy; 2) *fig.* duck, darling.

Purze, (*w.*) *f.* 1) turkey-hen; 2) *coll.* a foolish and arrogant girl or woman.

Purzer, (*str.*) *m.* (or *Purzelin*, *m.*) turkey-cock, see *Trüffeln*; —*straten*, *m.* Roast-turkey; —*Purzen*, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* see *Roast-turkey*.

Purzel, (*str.*) *m.* (*orig. Swiss*) revolutionary attempt, riot, dash. — *Purzelin*, (*w.*) *v.*

Purzel, (*w.*) *f.* see *Purze*. (*intr.* to riot.

Purzelin, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* chains (of the dead-eyed); —*bolzen*, *m.* chain-bolt; —*effen*, *n.* chain-plate; —*ten*, *m.* futtock-shroud.

Purzel, (*str.*) *m.* *pl.* *Purzel* *m.* hobgoblin, peck (Rabels).

Purzel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dress, attire, finery, ornament; 2) *Mar.* plaster, rough casting (of a wall); 3) see *Purzel*; 4) see *Purzen*; 2; *cin* — *Purzer*, a set of ribbands.

Purzel..., *in comp.* —*arbeit* (*str.*) *f.* (*pl.*) —*ten*, *m.* *Swiss* plastering, plasterer's work; —*maße*, *f.* artificial flower; —*maße*, *f.* a dress-loving lady, fine lady.

Purze, (*w.*) *f.* see *Purzelstänze* & *Purzelstänze*.
Purze, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.*, &c. bucket (*cf.* *Purzelcimer*).

Purzelin, *n.* T. trowel for rough-casting.

Purzel, (*str.*) *m.* see *Purzel*.

Purzelig, *adj.* dwarfish.

Purzel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) core; 2) *Typ.* pick, blot (in a printed page).

Purzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dress, attire; to deck (out), trim, adorn; — *Ein* *fig.* nicht zu *fig.* do not make yourself too smart; 2) to clean (shoes, &c.), cleanse; to scour (vessels, &c.); to polish, burnish, furbish; 3) *Mar.* to rough-cast, plaster (a wall); 4) *a)* to prune, lop (trees); *b)* to snuff (a candle); to trim (a lamp); *c)* to scale (and gut) fish; *d)* to pluck (poultry); 5) *fig.* to rebuke, reprimand; *Ein* *cin* *die* *Rote* — to wipe or blow one's nose; *die* *Schwäne* — *fig.* the swans plume themselves; *die* *Störche* — *fig.* the stars shoot; *fig.* (*coll.*) *die* *Zähne* — to clean one's teeth.

Purzer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cleaner, &c.; 2) *loc.* reprimand, rebuke.

Purzel..., *in comp.* —*erbe*, *f.* see *Trüffel*; —*fernen*, *pl.* ornamental feathers or plumes; —*füße*, *f.* T. rubber-sole; —*gemach*, *n.* dressing room; —*geschäft*, *n.* millinery business; —*händler*, *m.* milliner's shop or trade; —

händler, *m.* —*händlerin*, *f.* milliner; —*händler* (*aus*), *f.* milliner's shop; —*händler*, *n.* T. bucket, burnisher.

Purzig, *adj.* droll, funny.

Purzel..., *in comp.* —*igst*, *m.* see *Knirps*; —*füße*, *n.* dressing-box; —*füße*, *m.* see *Purzelstänze*; —*fram*, *m.* millinery, finery; —*füße*, *f.* polishing chalk; —*füße*, *m.* milliner's shop; —*füße*, *n.* wash-leather; —*füße*, *adj.* fond of dress; —*füße*, *f.* trade of a milliner; —*füße*, *f.* milliner; —*füße*, *f.* T. blowing-machine; —*füße*, *m.* plasterer; —*füße*, *n.* T. scraper-knife; —*füße*, *f.* *Ag.* winnowing or fanning-machine; —*füße*, *n.* polishing-powder; —*füße*, *f.* band-box; —*füße*, *f.* snuffers, see *Purzelstänze*; —*füße*, *m.* *pl.* dress-shoes; —*füße*, *m.* 1) Bath-brick; 2) *Mar.* polishing-stone; —*füße*, *m.* gun-barrel-cleaner; —*füße*, *f.* 1) dressing room, toilet-chamber; 2) best parlour; —*füße*, *f.* love or passion for dress, for finery; —*füße*, *adj.* fond of dress; —*füße*, *m.* dressing-table, toilet; —*füße*, *pl.* articles of dress, of ornament, millinery; —*füße*, *n.* see —*fram*; —*füße*, *f.* see *Purzelstänze*; —*füße*, *n.* tools for scouring, polishing, &c.; trimming-tools; —*füße*, *n.* see —*füße*.

Purzelstänze, (*w.*) *f.* (*coll.*) slag-sand, slag-anthos, puzzolana.

Purzel..., (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) pygmy. — *Purzel...*, (*w.*) *adj.* pygmean.

Purzelstänze, (*w.*) *adj.* pyramidal. — *Purzelstänze*, (*w.*) *adj.* pyramidal. — *Purzelstänze*, (*w.*) *adj.* pyramidal.

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Quadrat, see *Quadrat*.

Quadrat, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* mountainfinch.

Quadrat, (*str.*) *m.* quack, mountbank; —*quadrat*, *pl.* quack medicines. — *Quadrat*, (*w.*) *f.* quackery. — *Quadrat*, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to practice quackery, to quack.

Quad, *adj.* († &) *provinc.* bad, evil (*fig.*).

Quadrat, (*w.*) *f.* a mole left by the nettle-rash, &c.

Quadrat, (*str.*) *m.* & (*w.*) *f.* (or —*stein*, *m.* —*feld*, *n.*) square-stone, broad-stone, free-stone; —*stein*, *m.* quarry; *Mar.-s.* —*stein*, *m.* rustic work; —*stein* mit *schablonierten* *Fig.*, rustic chamfered; —*stein*, *n.* bound masonry.

Quadrat, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* to square (stones).

Quadrat, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Math.* quadrat.

Quadrat, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) *Math.* & *Typ.* quadrate, square; 2) *Math.* geometrical square, quadrate (an instrument); 3) *Mar.* natural; *gun* or *auf* *des* — (*tr.*) *haben*, to raise to the square; *die* *himmlischen* *körper* *werden* *mit* *einer* *Kraft* *an* *einander* *angezogen*, *welche* *sich* *direct* *wie* *ihre* *Rasse* *und* *umgekehrt* *wie* *die* *Quadrat* *ihre* *Entfernung* *verhält*, the celestial bodies are attracted towards each other with forces that are directly as their masses, and inversely as the squares of their distances.

Quadrat, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Quadrat*) *Typ.* M-quadrato; *halbes* —, N-quadrato.

Quadrat, (*w.*) *f.* *in comp.* —*stein*, *n.* square iron-bar; —*stein*, *f.* square oil; —*stein*, *adj.* square, quadratic; —*stein*, *m.* square-foot.

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Quadrat, (*w.*) *f.* *in comp.* —<

Quälen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to torment, pain, vex, try, harass, tease, plague, worry, afflict, grieve; 2) *Peinl.* to deaden (the colours). — **Quäler**, (str.) m. tormenter, afflicter, &c. — **Quälerei**, (w.) f. (the act of) tormenting, &c.; torture, vexation. — **Quälerei**, *adj.* tormenting, vexatious, trying.

Quäl... in comp. — *geißl.* — *tenfel*, m. tormenting fiend, tormentor.

* **Quälifikation**, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) fitness. — **Quälifikation**, (w.) v. tr. to qualify, fit; *Law*, to qualify, modify.

* **Quälität**, (w.) f. (Lat.) quality; *crst.* — prime (quality), first-rate quality, first; *metier* — second quality or rate, seconds; *mittler* — middling, medium, mean; *febt.* — of every description; *die beßeren* — the better sorts; *die probe*, f. sample of quality. — **Quältern**, (str.) n. *provinc.* spelt.

Quälte, (w.) f. Zool. scaphe, jelly-fish, medusa, sea-nettle, sea-blubber.

Quälm, (str.) m. vapour, steam, smoke, damp, exhalation. — **Quälmen**, (w.) v. *intr.* to steam; smoke. — **Quälmig**, *adj.* vaporous, dampish; smoky.

Quälmer, (str.) m. 1) coll. phlegm (*Schlimm*); 2) *Baum.* stinking tree-bug (*Cimex baccharum* L.); 3) or — *baum*, n. Bot. roan-tree (*Schreibe*). [*phlegm*]

Quältern, (w.) v. *intr.* vulg. to spit. — **Quälternig**, *adj.* (*Stille*, L. w.) for *Quäbelig*.

Quäbel, (str.) m. T. middle of a charcoal-kiln; — *fehle*, f. charcoal out of the middle of a kiln.

* **Quäntität**, (w.) f. (Lat.) quantity; sum. — **Quäntität**, *adv.* *provinc.* seemingly; as a mere pretext. (handle of a bucket).

Quälzel, (str.) m. *Min.* the movable iron *Quälze*, (w.) f. 1) *Ichth.* burbot, eel-pout (*Lota lotius* C.); 2) Zool. tadpole; *Quälzchen*, n. pl. a species of infusoria; *Quälze*, f. a boggy meadow.

Quälzig, *adj.* *provinc.* (N. G.) pudgy, puddy, plump.

* **Quarantäne** [*pr.* *karantäne*], (w.) f. (*Fr.*) quarantine; *unter* — *legen*, to put under (in) quarantine; to quarantine; — *halten*, to perform or serve quarantine; *aus der* — *entlassen*, to admit to practice; — *anstalt*, f. — *hospital*, n. hospital for quarantine, lazaretto; — *beamtete*, m. quarantine-officer, health-officer; — *gebühren*, f. pl. quarantine-dues.

Quarg, (str., pl. *Quärg*) m. 1) a) *see* *Quart*, 1; b) small country cheese; 2) *see* *Quart*, 2, a.

Quart, (str.) m. 1) hard curds; 2) *cont.* a) dirt, excrement; b) trumpery, trash, stuff.

Quarten, *see* *Quarren*. [*trifle*]

Quart... in comp. — *faß*, n. card-tub; — *stege*, f. *see* *Rüfstege*; — *hänge*, f. hanging frame for drying curds.

Quartig, *adj.* 1) containing curds; 2) dirty.

Quart... in comp. — *fäße*, m. whey-cheese; — *faß*, m. curd-bag; — *schütte*, f. slice of bread spread with curds; — *stige*, f. 1) first cut of cheese; 2) coll. trifle; — *trage*, f. *see* — *hänge*.

Quarr, *interj.* & s. (str.) m. coll. croak (of frogs); whistle (of snipes); squalling (of children). — **Quarre**, (w.) f. 1) squalling child; 2) a grumbling person.

* **Quarré** [*pr.* *karré*], (str., pl. *Quarré*) n. (*Fr.*) *M.* square. [*to equal*]

Quarren, (w.) v. *intr.* coll. to grumble; **Quarrig**, *adj.* coll. grumbling; squalling.

* **Quart**, (Lat.) I. (w.) f. *see* *Quarte*; II. (str.) n. 1) quart (of wine, &c.); 2) — *baum*, m. volume in quarto. — **Quartäl**, (str.) n. 1) quarter of a year; season; 2) quarterly

payment; 3) *see* — *tag*; — *stift*, f. quarterly (review, magazine, &c.); — *tag*, m. quarter-day; q-(d)welle, *adj.* & (bad Lat.) *Quarte*-liter *adv.* quarterly. — **Quarte**, (str.) m. scholar of the fourth class or form (*Quarta*) in a school. — **Quarte**, (str.) n. Med. quartan fever. — **Quartent**, (w.) m. (volume in) quarto. — **Quart...** in comp. — *blatt*, m. quarter of a sheet; — *buch*, n. book in quarto, quartobook.

* **Quarte**, (w.) f. 1) fourth part, quarter; 2) *Mus.* fourth; *die fälsche* (or *große*) —, fourth sharp (greater fourth or fourth major or redundant); 3) *Comm.* fourth of exchange; 4) a series of four, quarte; 5) *Penc.* quarte (the fourth movement); — *über den Arm*, round quarte over the arm, back-quarte.

* **Quartieren**, (str.) n. quadrone.

* **Quartett**, (str.) n. (*Ital.*) *Mus.* quartetto.

* **Quart...** in comp. — *fläße*, f. quart-bottle; — *format*, n. quarto.

* **Quartier**, (str.) n. (*Fr.*) 1) quarter (also *Herald.*, *Shoe-m.*, *Man.*, &c.); 2) a) quarters, lodging, accommodation; b) quarter, ward; 3) *Build.* quarter-pace (of a stair); 4) *Mar.* watch; 5) for *Quart*, 1; — *rufen*, *Mar.* to call the watch to relief; in — *liegen* *bet.* ... to be quartered or billeted upon ...; *Sie dürfen nicht auf diesen Ball spielen, Sie sind im —*, *Bil.* you must not play at this ball, you are within the balk.

* **Quartier...** in comp. — *amt*, n. quartering- or billeting-office; — *blume*, m. pl. *Corp.* notch-boards; — *blut*, n. *see* — *ittel*. — **Quartieren**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to quarter, billet, lodge; 2) *Metall.* to separate (gold and silver) by quartation.

* **Quartier...** in comp. — *frei*, *adj.* enjoying franchise of quarter; — *freiheit*, f. Bot. franchise of quarter; — *geber*, m. landlord; — *sich*, n. *Mar.* watch-song; — *meister*, m. 1) *Mil.* quarter-master; 2) alderman of the ward; — *ritzer*, m. one who has soldiers quartered upon him; — *wall*, n. *Mar.* watch-crow; — *jettel*, m. billet.

* **Quart...** in comp. — *flaß*, m. Archid. astragal; — *flaß*, m. *see* *Quarte*, 5; — *nir*, f. *Mar.* sand-glass.

Quarz, (str.) m. *Miner.* quartz; *primäritischer* —, *cordierite*; in comp. — *acht*, m. *see* *Rüfstege*; — *brüße*, f. crystallised quarts.

Quarz, (str.) n. *Min.* small splinter of stone.

Quarzen, *adj.* made or consisting of quarts. — **Quarz...** in comp. — *feld*, m. quartzose rock; — *flaß*, m. coloured quartz; — *gang*, m. quartz-lode.

Quarz, *adj.* quartz-like.

Quarz... in comp. — *flaß*, m. Bohemian pebble; — *flaß*, m. crystal of quartz, rhomboidal quartz; — *flaß*, m. arenaceous quartz; — *flaß*, m. gneis; — *flaß*, m. quartz-sinter; — *würfel*, m. boracite.

Quarz, (str.) m. *provinc.* for *Schmaus*, *Schimmerel*. — **Quarzen**, (w.) v. *intr.* *see* *Schmausen*, *Schlemmen*. [*were*, seemingly]

* **Quar**, (Lat.) *adv.* quasi, as if, as it

* **Quar**, f. Bot. quassia; — *baum*, m., — *bitter*, n., — *holz*, n. quassia.

Quar, (str.) m., **Quar**, (w.) f. 1) knob, knot, tuft, tassel; 2) *Mar.* mop, brush; 3) coll. fellow; 4) coll. for *Quar*.

Quar, *adj.* tasselled. [*(Lat.)* *questor*.

* **Quar**, (str., pl. *Quar*) *adv.* quasi, as if, as it

* **Quar**, (w.) f. (Lat.) questorship; office of a questor. [*tail of cattle*]

Quar, (str.) m. *Med.* ulcer in the

* **Quar**, (str.) m. 1) (*M. Lat.*) quarter-day; 2) (— *fasten*, *Eccl.*) embering, ember-day; in comp. — *geiß*, n. quarter-money; — *steuer*, f. quarterly tax.

* **Quarte**, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) quaterne: *Print.* quire of four sheets.

* **Quarte**, *see* *Quarte*, m. *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, coll. s. L. *interj.* & s. (str.) m. 1) squash; slap; 2) any soft, amony substance; 3) stuff, nonsense, fudge; II. *adj.* foolish, awkward, stupid. — **Quarte**, (w.) f. box on the ear. — **Quarte**, (w.) f. squash.

Quarte, (w.) v. L. *intr.* to squash; II. tr. to slap. — **Quarte**, *adj.* *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, (w.) f. *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, (w.) f. 1) T. hinder-part of a tanned skin; 2) *Fish.* casting-net, seine. — **Quarte**, (str.) m. seine-fisher.

Quarte, *adj.* *see* *Quarte*; — *beere*, f. *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, (w.) f. or *Quarte*, n. Bot. couch-grass, quickgrass (*Trifolium repens* L.); in comp. — *Quarte*, f., — *Quarte*, m. harrow, plough to root up couchgrass; — *Quarte*, — *Quarte*, m. *Pharm.* inspissated juice of couchgrass roots; — *Quarte*, m. *see* *Quarte*. [*holden*]

Quarte, (str.) m. *provinc.* for *Quarte*.

Quarte, (str.) n. 1) *Minor.* & *Chem.* quicksilver, mercury; *verfälscht* —, calomel; 2) *fig.* restlessmess; in comp. — *stige*, *adj.* 1) like quicksilver; 2) *fig.* *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, (str.) n. 1) *Mercurial* ore; — *Quarte*, n. horn-mercury, corneous mercury; — *Quarte*, f. *see* *Mercurial*; — *Quarte*, m. hepatic mercurial ore; — *Quarte*, n. & m., — *Quarte*, n. *see* — *stige*; — *mittel*, n. mercurial (medicine).

Quarte, (str.) n. 1) consisting of made of quicksilver; 2) or *Quarte*, coll. *fig.* mercurial, restless, fidgety, harum-scarum.

Quarte, (str.) n. in comp. — *stige*, *adj.* mercurial ore; — *stige*, n. mercurial plaster; — *stige*, f. mercurial salve or ointment; — *stige*, f. *Phys.* mercurial column (of a thermometer); — *stige*, n. *Mech.* mercurial or steam-gage. [*(Bachste)*]

Quarte, (str.) m. *provinc.* wagtail

Quarte, (w.) f. 1) *Min.* trench; 2) *provinc.* towel.

Quarte, (w.) f. 1) *provinc.* (L. G.) subterfuge; evasion, (shuffling) trick; 2) *Archid.* scroll-work.

Quarte, *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, (str.) m. *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, in comp. — *aber*, f. vein of a spring; — *betisch*, m., — *butte*, f. *Bras.* steeping vat or tub; — *brunnen*, m. well-spring.

Quarte, (w.) f. 1) well; source, (well-) spring, fountain; head of a river; cine *heisse* —, a hot spring; 2) *fig.* source, authority, quarter; *nach* ungedruckten *Quarte*, from unpublished documents.

Quarte, v. L. (str.) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to spring, well, gush; 2) to swell, to be distended; II. (w.) tr. to soak, steep, make to swell, rise.

Quarte, in comp. — *forsch*, m. thorough investigator, one who applies to primary sources of information; — *forsch*, f. — *studium*, n. thorough investigation; study of primary sources.

Quarte, *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, in comp. — *mäßig*, *adj.* according to or from good sources, authorities; — *reich*, *see* *Quarte*.

Quarte, in comp. — *grad*, n. Bot. water hair-grass (*Alra aquatica* L.); — *grund*, n. well-ground; ground full of springs; *Ag.* *see* *Gülle*, III. 1.

Quarte, *adj.* having springs.

Quarte, in comp. — *moos*, n. Bot. water moss; floating urn-moss (*Pondänus antipyretica* L.); — *nymphet*, f. water-nymph, naiad; — *reich*, *adj.* rich or abounding in springs;

—*felz*, *n.* pit-salt, brine-salt, spring-salt; —*fund*, *m.* quicksand; —*flod*, *m.* see *bottich*; —*frant*, —*trant*, *m.* beverage from a fountain; —*wasser*, *n.* spring-water, fountain-water.

Quen'del, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. mother of thyme, wild or creeping thyme (*Thymus serpyllum* L.).

Queng'el'et', (*w.*) *f.* a grumbling, &c. jangle.

Queng'el'st, **Queng'el'ig**, *adj.* grumbling, wrangling. — **Queng'el'n**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to complain, grumble, jangle. — **Queng'ler**, (*str.*) *m.* grumbler, &c.

Quen'fel, *see* *Quängel*.

Quent, (*str.*) *n. gener. dimin.* **Quent'gen**, (*str.*) *n.* drachm, dram. — **Quen'ten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weigh out in drachms.

Quer, *I. adv.* 1) cross, across, athwart, obliquely, diagonally; mit einem Schiffe — auf die Riffe treiben, to drive bodily upon the coast; 2) *fig.* cross, to cross purpose, from the purpose, perversely, wrong, non-sensically; cross, sullenly; — *biden*, to squint; — *burh*, across; — *burh* ... gehen, to traverse; — *über*, over-against, athwart; — *über den Weg* gehen, to cross the way; *II. adj.* 1) diagonal, cross, transverse; 2) whimsical, queer, odd.

Quer ..., *in comp.* — *abbau*, *m.* *Min.* cross-opening; — *achse*, *f.* *Geom.* transverse axis; — *arm*, *m.* *Bauk.* Arch. cross-bar; — *art*, *f.* *Corp.* boring ax, twill; — *bellen*, *m.* *Corp.* cross-beam; transom; joust; purlin; *Typ.* winter; — *bend*, *n.* 1) *a)* cross-band, rail; *b)* *Corp.* (gewöhnlich Bohlenparren) intertie; 2) *Harald.* traverse; 3) *Bot.* connective; 4) *Anat.* ligament; — *bench*, *f.* cross-bench; — *ben*, *m.* 1) *Archit.* transept; 2) *Min.* cross-working; — *bandmüßel*, *m.* *Anat.* transverse abdominal muscle; — *baum*, *m.* cross-bar; — *blut*, *f.* *Harald.* traverse; — *bruch*, *m.* *Chyr.* transversal fracture; — *bügel*, *m.* cross-bow of a sword-bill; — *büßarm*, *m.* see *grimm-barm*; — *busch*, *n.* *Print.* broad-way sheet of twelve; *Geom.-u.* — *buschweiser*, *m.* transverse diameter; — *büßschnitt*, *m.* transverse section.

Quer'der, (*str.*) *m.* bait, *see* *Röder*.

Quer'e, (*w.*) *f.* diagonal or cross-direction; (*in die* —, *nach*) *der* —, cross-ways, across, athwart, transverse(ly); *quer* *der* — *schneiden*, to cut bias; *Einem in die* — (*or der* —) *kommen*, to come across (one), to cross; to thwart one's purpose; *ins Kreuz und in die* —, in different directions; *fig.* cross-wise, in a rambling manner.

* **Quer'el'**, (*w.*) *f.* (querulous) complaint (*klage*).

Quer'en, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to cross traverse; *II. intr.* to lie cross or athwart.

Quer'..., *in comp.* — *flüßig*, *adj.* Bot. septate; — *faden*, *m.* cross-thread; — *fall*, *m.* cross-accident, disappointment; — *feber*, *f.* *T.* transverse spring; — *feldein*, *adv.* 1) across fields; 2) *coll.* abruptly, *cf.* *Quer. I. 2*; — *fell*, *n.* *Anat.* midriff; — *fenster*, *n.* lying-window; — *finger*, *m.* (—*fingerbreite*) finger's breadth; — *flüte*, *f.* *Mus.* German flute; — *flügel*, *m.* *Arch.* cross-wing, cross-aisle; — *folio*, *n.* oblong folio; — *format*, *m.* *Print.* broad-side, broad-sheet; — *frage*, *f.* cross-question, abrupt or incoherent question; *see* *Einem* — *fragen* *ihm*, to cross-examine one; — *furche*, *f.* transverse furrow; — *gang*, *m.* transverse, cross-way; — *gasse*, *f.* cross-street; — *glühen*, *n.* cross-lane; — *gleiten*, *n.* *Min.* stony crossing a stratum; — *gießel*, *m.* *Archit.* side gable (of a house); — *grimmarm*, *m.* *Anat.* transverse colon; — *hänge*, *f.* cross-garret; — *hant*, *f.* *Min.* smoothing-tool; — *hant*, *n.* *Arch.* cross-head; — *hant*, *n.* *T.* handle (of an auger); — *holz*, *n.* cross-piece of timber; *Corp.* stretcher; *Mus.* pole (of a harpsichord); — *huppe*, *f.* cross-flap; — *hupf*, *m.* 1) *Jo'n.* plank-nail; 2) *fig.* queer fellow; wrong-head;

—*hupf*, *adj.* wrong-headed; — *hupfsteit*, *f.* queer- or wrong-headedness.

Quer'ic, *see* *Quiric*.

Quer'..., *in comp.* — *lage*, *f.* (des Kindes) *Med.* unnatural position (of the fetus); — *lau* *schub*, *adj.* Bot. transversal; — *leiste*, *f.* diagonal piece of wood to hold another; — *lineal*, *n.* cross-staff; — *linie*, *f.* cross-line, diagonal-line, transverse line; — *münster*, *pl.* *Ichth.* plagiostomes; — *müßel*, *m.* *Anat.* transverse muscle; — *naht*, *f.* *Anat.* transverse suture; — *pfiste*, *f.* *flö*; *see* *flüte*; — *pfister*, *m.* *flör*; — *pfistl*, *n.* *Rath.* cross-section; — *riegel*, *m.* cross-rail; stretcher; — *rig*, *m.* 1) profile; 2) cross-rent or crack; — *sad*, *m.* wallet, budget; — *flöge*, *f.* cross-cut saw; — *sattel*, *m.* side-saddle; — *säum*, *m.* cross hem; — *schelben* *bohrer*, *m.* *T.* cross-centre-bit; — *schmel*, *m.* *Weav.* cross-treadle; — *schlag*, *m.* 1) *Med.* paraplegy; 2) *Min.* drift, gate; — *schmitt*, *m.* cross-cut, cross-incision; transverse section; — *schwelle*, *f.* *Rath.*, &c. transverse sleeper; — *stung*, *adj.* wrong-headed; — *stunt*, *m.* *Math.* versed sine (of an arc), abscissa(a); — *strossen*, *pl.* *T.* cross-pieces; — *sprung*, *m.* cross-jump, cross-caper; unharmonischer *stunt*, *m.* *Mus.* false or inharmonic relation; — *stange*, *f.* cross-bar; *Mar.* boom; *Rath.* cross-sleeper, weigh-bar; — *stein*, *m.* *Archit.* impost; — *straße*, *f.* cross-road; cross-street; turning; — *streiff*, *adj.* trabecular; cross-striped; — *streifung*, *f.* *Anat.* cross-markings (of muscles); — *strich*, *m.* 1) *a)* bar, dash, cross-line; (durch einen Buchstaben) score, cross; *b)* — *striche*, *pl.* *Mus.* ledger lines; 2) *Typ.* dash; break; 3) *fig.* disappointment; miscarriage; (Einem) einen *strich* machen, to disappoint, thwart; — *stüd*, *n.* cross-pieces; (an *Thür*) rail (das obere, top-rail, untere, bottom-rail, mittlere, lock-rail); — *theilung*, *f.* transverse partition; — *tritt*, *m.* *Weav.* march; — *verbindung*, *f.* lateral fastening (of a cart, &c.); — *wall*, *m.* *Port.* traverse; — *wand*, *f.* partition-wall; *Mar.* bulk-head; — *weg*, *m.* cross-way; — *wind*, *m.* side-wind, cross-wind.

Quer're, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. u.*) handmill.

* **Quer'ul'ant**, (*w.*) *m.* 1) *Law*, plaintiff; 2) litigious person. — **Quer'ul'at'**, (*w.*) *m.* *Law*, defendant. — **Quer'ul'ren**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *Law*, to bring in an action; 2) to beligitious.

Quer'se, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mole (in the hand, from hard work); 2) *Zool.* bladder-worm (*Onchuris carabalis* R.).

Quer'sch, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* bull-flinch **Quer'sch'e**, (*w.*) *f.* *I. provinc.* *see* *Quer'sche*; *II.* 1) squashing or bruising tool; 2) *coll.* pinch (*Stemme*).

Quer'sch'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* curling iron. **Quer'schen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to squeeze, squash, bruise, crush; to pinch; *Chyr.* to contuse.

Quer'sch'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) squeezer, &c.; 2) *see* *Quer'schimine*.

Quer'sch'..., *in comp.* — *salte*, *f.* a pressed plait; — *stut*, *m.* *see* *Quer'sch*; — *sturm*, *f.* *T.* vellum-mould; — *geth*, *m.* *Min.* blank coin; — *hahn*, *m.* *T.* clip, compression stop-cock; — *hahnbürette*, *f.* *Chem.* burette with a clip; — *hammer*, *m.* *T.* hammer for flattening the planchets; — *maschine*, *f.* *T.* crushing-machine; crushing-mill; — *mine*, *f.* *Min.* suffocating mine, *camouflet*; — *mühle*, *f.* bruising-mill (linseed- and corn-crushes).

Quer'sch'ung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) crushing, &c.; bruise; contusion.

Quer'sch'..., *in comp.* — *walzen*, *f.* *pl.* *T.* crushing rollers; — *wert*, *n.* *see* *maschine*; — *wunde*, *f.* wound caused by a contusion; — *ganze*, *f.* *see* *stirn*. [*see*, billiard-stick.

* **Quere'** [*pr. fä*], (*str.*, *pl.* *Q-s*) *n.* (*Pr.*) **Quere'len**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to whine.

Quid, *I. adj.* (*l. u.*) quick, lively; *II. s.* *m.* (*str.*) *see* *Qued'fiter*.

Quid ..., *in comp.* — *arbeit*, *f.* amalgamation; — *bold*, *m.* active, lively fellow; — *born*, *m.* (live) spring, fountain; — *bröl*, *m.* amalgam(a); — *err*, *n.* quicksilver-ore; — *metall*, *n.* metal solved or mixed in quicksilver; — *mühle*, *f.* mill for amalgamating ore; — *hammer*, *n.* a species of Swedish iron; — *sterg*, *m.* *see* *Qued'fiter*; — *wasser*, *n.* *T.* quick-water.

Quiel, (*inlay*, & *s.* (*str.*) *m.* squeak, squall.

Quie'len, **Quie'fern**, **Quie'f'en**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to squeak, squeal, squeak, to give a squeak.

Quie'fig, *adj.* squealing, squalling, squeaking. **Quie'n'en**, (*w.*) *v. intr. coll.* to be sickly, to pule. — **Quie'n'ig**, *adj.* sickly, puling.

* **Quie'f'ern**, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*Lat.*) to be quiescent; *II. tr.* to pension.

Quie'f'ig, **Quie'f'ig'en**, *see* *Quie'f*, *Quie'f'en*.

Quie'f'en, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*Öbthe*, &c. — *L. G.*) *see* *Quie'f'en*.

* **Quie'f'ier'ie'** [*pr. köngkäljers'*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) — (*wearen*, *pl.*) *Comm.* (fancy) hardware.

* **Quin'u**, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* quinia, quinine. **Quin'f'ern**, (*w.*) *v. intr. coll.* 1) to sing in a thin, piping tone of voice; 2) to dodge, to use evasions.

* **Quin'u'ner**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) scholar of the fifth class or form (*Quin'ta*, *f.* [*Lat.*]) of a school.

* **Quin'te**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Mus.* *a)* fifth; *die* reine —, the perfect fifth; *die* übermäßige —, the extreme or superfluous fifth; *die* falsche (*kleine*, *verminderte*, *unvollkommene*) —, the false (minor, flat, diminished, or imperfect) fifth; *b)* treble string; 2) *Penc.* quint; 3) *Geom.* a set or sequence of five (at plinet); 4) *coll.* trick, artifice, subterfuge, shuffle; 5) whim, freak; **Qu'nt'f'el**, *m.* *Mus.* circuit of the fifths; **Qu'nt'f'el**, **Qu'nt'f'el**, *m.* *coll.* shuffler, dodger, intriguer.

* **Quin'ter'ne**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) 1) quinterne; 2) *Typ.* quire of five sheets.

* **Quin't'effen**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) quintessence.

* **Quin'tett'**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* quintetto.

* **Quin't...**, *in comp.* *Mus.-s.* — *flüte*, *f.* organ stop (giving the fifth of the note struck); — *geige*, *f.* viol; — *salte*, *f.* *see* *Quin'te*, 1 b.

* **Quin'tup'el**, (*w.*) *f.* *Law*, surrebutter.

* **Quin'tur'm**, (*str.*) *m.* *Zool.* setaceous **Quin't'f'ern**, *see* *Quin't'f'ern*. [*worm*.

* **Quin't'ic**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) Roman citizen.

Quir', (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Coll.* twirling-stick; 2) *Bot.* verticil, whorl, whorl; 3) *see* *Jaßr'sch*, 2; 4) *Müll.* trendle; — *blumen*, *pl.* verticillate flowers.

Quir'len, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) *Coll.* to twirl, to beat up; to turn round or about; 2) *Typ.* to impose a form.

Quir'förmig, *adj.* verticillate.

Quir'f'e, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* service-berry; **Qu'baum**, *m.* *see* *Vogelbeerbaum*.

Quitt, (*adv.*) 1) quits. even; 2) (*with Gen.*) free, rid, clear (off).

Quitt'e, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* quince (*Cydonia vul.*

Quitt'en ..., *in comp.* — *apfel*, *m.* quince-apple; — *baum*, *m.* quince-tree; — *birn*, *f.* quince-pear; — *bröt*, *n.* a confection of quince; — *fäße*, *f.* *Cook.* quince-fritters; — *gelb*, *adj.* as yellow as a quince, very yellow; — *gamm*, *n.* *see* *schleim*; — *latwerge*, *f.* *Pharm.* quiddan; — *mispel*, *f.* *Bot.* bastard quince (*Cobonaster vulgaris* L.); — *saft*, *m.* juice of quince, quince-marmalade; — *schleim*, *m.* *Pharm.* emulsion of quince or quince-kernels; — *schnee*, *m.* *Cook.* quince-cream; — *syrup*, *m.* *see* *saft*; — *terte*, *f.* quince-tart.

* **Quitt'ern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *coll.* to quit; 2) to clear, receipt, acquit, or discharge (an account); to give an acquittance or a receipt; per *Saldo* —, to receipt in full (of all demands); *vorüber* *ich* *hiermit* *quittire*, of which I hereby

Rapp'e, (w.) f. see **Rapufe**.
Rapp'en, (w.) v. tr. to rafe, rake, snatch up.
Rapp, or **Räp**, (str.) m. see **Rapp**, 1.
*** Rapp's**, m. (Lat.) *loc. for Rappel*, 1.
Rappunzel, (str.) m. (A f.), dimin. **Räp-
 pünzel**, (str.) m. Bot. 1) or — **felfelst**, m. lamb's lettuce, corn salad (*Valerianella oleracea* L.); 2) horned rampion (*Phytolacca* L.); — **glöckchen**, f. rampion (bell-flower) (*Campanula rapunculoides* L.).
*** Rapp'n**, (w.) f. coll. scramble, confusion; **etwas in die — werfen**, to make people scramble for a thing.
*** Rär**, adj. (Lat.) 1) rare, scarce; 2) thin, not dense, Am. sparse; 3) exquisite; **Rär — machen**, to make one's self scarce; **Rär — fällig**, adj. Archit. having thinly placed columns.
*** Rariätät**, (w.) f. (Lat.) rarity, rare thing, curiosity; **R-entomenter**, f. cabinet of curiosities. [riot, romp, &c.]
Rasenn, (w.) v. intr. coll. to rush, to **Rasch**, adj. 1) quick, swift, prompt, speedy, brisk; in r-r Folge, in close succession; 2) rash; — **leben**, adj. fast.
Rasch, (str.) m. Comm. rash, sergo.
Räsch, adj. see **Räsch**.
Räschel, (w.) f. coll. giddy girl or woman.
Räscheln, (w.) v. intr. to rustle; — **machen**, to rustle.
Räschheit, (w.) f. 1) quickness, swiftness, readiness; vigour; 2) rashness. [grass.]
Räsen, (str.) m. turf, greensward, sod.
Räsen, (w.) v. intr. to rave, rage, rant; to riot, bluster; **jum — (or r-b) verbleiben**, to live to distraction, desperately in love; r-b, p. a. 1. raging, wild, extravagant; furious; desperate; 2. mad; rabid; distracted, frantic; r-b viel, an immense number or huge quantity (of); r-b werden, to run mad; es ist um r-b zu werden, it is enough to drive one mad; R-M, m. & f. maniac, mad or raving person; **madman**, **madwoman**.
Räsen ..., in comp. — **artig**, adj. Bot. copiose; — **bank**, f. sod-seat, turf-seat, turf-bank, grassy-bank; — **befelsung**, f. Port. turf-lining; — **bede**, f. grassing; — **breunen**, n. Agr. paring and burning; — **cluse**, f. meadow-oak; — **cluse**, m. — **cluse**, n. see — **cluse**; — **cluse**, f. turf-boo; — **cluse**, n. T. roof of a dike; — **cluse**, n. wood for rafters; — **cluse**, m. wild hops; — **cluse**, m. grassy knoll; **Min-s** — **cluse**, f. see **cluse**; — **cluse**, m. share in a mine to be worked; — **cluse**, m. gallery underneath the turf; — **cluse**, m. *provinc.* knacker; — **cluse**, m. bowling-green; — **cluse**, m. Agr. paring-plough; — **cluse**, m. grass-plot, green-plot, lawn; — **cluse**, m. Agr. plough-like turf- or peat-cutter; — **cluse**, f. Bot. turfy hair grass, great corn grass (*Aira caespitosa* L.); — **cluse**, f. turf-sod; — **cluse**, m. see — **cluse**; — **cluse**, m. turf-spade, turf-cutter, turf-knife; — **cluse**, m. turf-cutting; — **cluse**, m. Min. swamp ore, bog or meadow (iron) ore; — **cluse**, n. parterre; bowling-green; — **cluse**, m. (lit. carpet of turf) lawn; velvet sward; — **cluse**, m. peat, turf; — **cluse**, m. coll. sluggard; negligent miner; — **cluse**, m. grass-way. [ness.]
Räser, (w.) f. rage, fury; raving; mad.
Räsig, adj. turfy, soddy, grassy.
*** Rät** ..., in comp. — **beden**, n. shaving dish; — **beden**, m. see — **cluse**; — **beden**, f. shaving-box.
*** Rät'en**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) 1) to shave; **Rät'e** ..., in comp. — **messer**, n. 1) razor; (mit **cluse**) spring-razor; 2) **cluse** razor-hair (*Corymba monacilla* L.); — **cluse** — **cluse**, f. razor blade; — **cluse**, m. shaving-brush; — **cluse**, m. shaving-powder; — **cluse**, f. shaving-table; — **cluse**, m. shaving-case, shaving-box, coll. shaving-tackle. [Rät....]
*** Rätsement**, **Rätsement**, (Fr.) see

Räp'e, (w.) f. 1) see **Räpel**; 2) see **Räp'e**; 3) *Fr.* malandora.
Räp'e, (w.) f. 1) T. rasp; 2) rattle; — **cluse**, f. Sculp. polishing-file, ride-file; — **cluse**, n. Mad. rasping sound; — **cluse**, n. rasping-house, house of correction; — **cluse**, f. rasping-mill; — **cluse**, m. pl. rasping-chips, raspings; — **cluse**, m. Bot. red hane (*Delima* L.). [sound the] rattle.
Räp'e, (w.) v. tr. 1) to rasp; 2) to *** Rät'e**, (w.) f. (Fr.) race; breed, stock; **von reiner —**, thorough-bred; **R-rlämp**, m. conflict of races. [box.]
Räp'e, (w.) f. 1) rattle; 2) *loc.* chatter. **Räp'e** ..., in comp. — **cluse**, adj. 1) Bot. scarious; 2) coll. see **Räp'e**; — **cluse**, n. see **Räp'e**; — **cluse**, f. *provinc.* dormouse.
Räp'e, (w.) v. intr. to rattle; to clatter, jangle, clank.
Räp'e, (w.) f. 1) rest, repose; 2) a certain distance of a road; breathing station; stage (of a journey); 3) T. bent in the tumbler (of a gunlock); 4) Mil. (also **cluse**) m. signal to march. [nance.]
Räp'e, f. *Comm.* bed of a piece of ord.
Räp'e, (w.) v. intr. to rest, repose.
Räp'e, (str.) m. a kind of Leipzig (dark-brown) beer.
Räp'e, (w.) v. tr. see **Räp'e**.
Räp'e, adj. (l. u.) resting, inactive.
Räp'e ..., in comp. — **cluse**, adj. restless; — **cluse**, f. restlessness.
*** Rät'e**, (str.) n. (L. Lat. *rasum*, rake, &c.) music pen. — **Rät'e**, (w.) v. tr. to draw lines on (music paper). [ting day.]
Rät'e, (str.) m. day of rest, Mil. hal-
*** Rät'e**, (w.) f. rasure, erasure.
Rät'e, adj. († & *provinc.* sharp, acid, pungent (cf. *Racy*). [Heine *Strandläufer*.]
Rät'e, (str.) m. 1) rattler; 2) stint (der **Rät'e**, (w.) m. Bot. a species of mushroom (*Agaricus prunellus* Scop.).
*** Rät'e**, (w.) f. (L. Lat. *rata* [computed] *pars* [share]) *particul.* Comm. rate; instalment; *pro rata* (Lat. i. e. *pro parte*) in proportion, *Comm. pro rata*, pro part; in R-n (r-n-weise) begehlen, to pay by instalments or (of railway-shares, &c.) in calls; in Vierteljährlichen R-en, in quarterly payments; R-n-zahlung, f. payment by instalment.
Rät'e, (str., pl. Rät'e) m. 1) council, advice; 2) council, court, meeting of counsellors; 3) consultation, deliberation, cf. **Rät'e** (cluse); 4) member of a council, alderman; counsellor, senator; 5) means, expedient; der **Rät'e**, lustige, prince's jester; **Rät'e** mit — und **Rät'e** beisehen, to assist one by word and deed; gar **Rät'e** — wissen, to be puzzled; R-t werden, to determine on, to resolve; einen **Rät'e** zu R-t gehen, to take a lawyer's opinion; — zu **Rät'e** gehen, to try and hit upon something, to try to find means; auf **Rät'e** —, by my advice; **Rät'e** — folgen, to attend to one's suggestions; id weiß **Rät'e** andern —, I do not know what else to advise; es gab **Rät'e** andern —, there was no other remedy, coll. there was nothing for it (als daß ..., but that ...); zu R-t gehen (mit), to take advice or counsel (with); to consult or advise (with one's self); dazu kann — werden, that may be done or it may happen; **Rät'e** um — fragen, zu R-t gehen, to ask one's advice, to consult one (wegen, upon); zu R-t halten, to be sparing with, to spare, to husband, to make much of; dafür ist —, that may be helped; dazu kann — werden, that may be done or is practicable; *proverb.* gechehene Dinge leben **Rät'e** —, things done are not to be altered, what is done cannot be helped; kommt Zeit, kommt —, time will show a plan, with the day comes opportunity.
Rät'e, adj. that may be guessed.

Rät'e, (str.) v. tr. 1) a) to guess; auf **Rät'e** —, to have a guess of, to guess any one; bin und her —, to east about; b) to divine, hit, cf. **Rät'e**; ein **Rät'e** —, to guess, read, or solve a riddle; 2) (**Rät'e** **cluse**) to advise, counsel; zu **cluse** —, to persuade to a thing; (**Rät'e** **cluse**) zu — geben, to puzzle, coll. to give (one) a bone to pick; laß dir —, be advised; **Rät'e** in or mit **cluse** —, to help, aid, assist one, &c.; sich (**Rät'e**) nicht mehr zu — wissen, to be at one's wits' end; id weiß mir nicht zu —, I know not what to do, I know not what course to take; gechehene Dingen ist nicht zu —, see *proverb* under **Rät'e**.
Rät'e, (str.) m. 1) guesser, diviner, &c.; 2) adviser, &c.
Rät'e ..., in comp. — **cluse**, adj. willing to give advice; — **cluse**, (w. & *incomp.*) v. tr. to consult, to ask advice; — **cluse**, m. adviser, counsellor; — **cluse**, (l. u.) see — **cluse**; — **cluse**, n. senate-house, town-house, town-hall, guildhall.
Rät'e, adj. († & *provinc.* 1) full of (good) advice; 2) resolved (upon taking a certain course), see **Rät'e** (w.) **cluse**.
Rät'e, (str.) m. counsellor's lady.
Rät'e, (str., pl. *belonging to the* **Rät'e** **cluse**) m. counsellors, senators.
Rät'e, I. adj. 1) advisable; expedient; wholesome, useful; 2) frugal, sparing, thrifty; 3) pertaining to a council, &c. r-r Professor, professor appointed by the municipal authorities; II. R-t, f. 1) advisableness; expediency; usefulness, fitness; 2) frugality, thriftiness.
Rät'e, II. adj. without advice or means, helpless; II. R-t, f. helplessness.
Rät'e, (str., pl. R-t-männer, or R-t-leute) m. counsellor, adviser; alderman; senator.
Rät'e, (str., &c. see **Rät'e** **cluse**).
Rät'e ..., in comp. — **cluse**, m. recorder, of the (town) council; — **cluse**, f. wanting advice; — **cluse**, f. want of (good) advice; — **cluse**, m. summoner; sergeant, usher of the magistrate; — **cluse**, m. senatorial register.
Rät'e, (str., pl. R-t-cluse) m. advice, counsel. — **Rät'e**, (w. & *incomp.*) v. intr. to consult, to take advice (with one). — **Rät'e**, (l. u.) see **Rät'e** **cluse**. — **Rät'e**, (w.) f. consultation, deliberation.
Rät'e, (str., pl. R-t-cluse) m. counsel; resolution, decision, determination; decree.
Rät'e, (str., pl. R-t-cluse) m. council-board, or (w. R-t-cluse) m. senate; council, council-board.
Rät'e, s. I. (str.) m. riddle, enigma; puzzle; problem; mystery; du sprichst in R-n, you puzzle me; II. in comp. — **Rät'e**, m. expounder of riddles; — **Rät'e**, m. composer of riddles, enigmatisat; — **Rät'e**, f. enigmatical question.
Rät'e, (str., pl. R-t-cluse) m. riddling, puzzling; problematical; obscure, unintelligible, mysterious. — **Rät'e**, (w.) f. the being like a riddle, obscurity, mysteriousness.
Rät'e ..., in comp. — **Rät'e**, m. enigma in rhyme; — **Rät'e**, m. riddle, enigma; — **Rät'e**, m. enigmatical sound; — **Rät'e**, adj. enigmatical; — **Rät'e**, m. enigmatical word, enigma.
Rät'e, (w.) f. 1) the proposing of or talking in riddles; 2) anything mysterious.
Rät'e, (w.) v. intr. 1) to speak, make, or propose riddles; 2) to guess; 3) to presume.
Rät'e ..., in comp. — **Rät'e**, adj. eligible for a member of the senate or town-council; — **Rät'e**, f. Mar. council-flag; — **Rät'e**, m. *provinc.* one — **Rät'e**; 1) — **Rät'e**, m. member of a council or senate; — **Rät'e**, m. a house belonging to the senate or subject to its jurisdic-

tion; —*herr*, m. 1) senator, alderman; 2) *Ordn.-b. burgemeister* (*Larus glaucus* Brünich); 3) *Ordn.* a species of crane (*Onus ferrugineus* L.); —*herrlich*, adj. consistorial; —*herrlich*, m., —*herrliche*, —*herrliche*, f. seat, place, dignity of a senator, alderman, or councillor; —*heller*, m. town cellar, town-hall cellar; —*mann*, m. 1) *see* —*herr*, 1; 2) *see* *Rathgeber*; —*marisch*, m. city-stabling, city-stables; —*per-son*, f. *see* —*herr*, 1; —*rat*, m. *see* —*habe*; —*schick*, m. decree of the council; —*schreiber*, m. clerk of a senate, recorder; —*schreiber*, f. rolls' office, rolls; —*sig*, m. seat appropriated to the members of the senate; —*sitzung*, f. sitting or meeting of a council or senate; —*stelle*, f. place in the council or senate; —*stube*, f. public hall, council-chamber; —*tag*, m. meeting day of the senate or council-men; —*tisch*, f., —*tisch*, m. council-board; —*versammlung*, f. council, meeting of the senate or of councillors; council-board; —*verwandte*, m. *see* —*freund*; —*weg*, f. public (stamped) seals (belonging to the town-council); —*wahl*, f. election of senators; —*junker*, m. council-room.

* *Ratifikation*, (u.) f. (L. Lat.) ratification; der Vertrag *betraf* noch *der* —, the treaty has yet to be ratified. — *Ratificiren*, *Ratifi- ciren*, (u.) v. tr. to ratify.

* *Ration* (pr. *ration*), (str., pl. R-8) m. (Fr. *ration*.) *Ration*, ration (a thick twilled or quilted woollen stuff). [(cloth).

* *Rationiren*, (u.) v. tr. to nap, to fritz. — *Ration*, (u.) f. (Fr.) portion, ration, share, allowance (of forage, brandy, &c.) mit *R-ten* *versorgen*, to ration; auf *halbe* — *setzen*, to put one on half rations or allowance; *R-geiz*, n. allowance.

* *National*, *Nationell*, adj. (Lat.) rational.

* *Nationalist*, (u.) m. rationalist.

* *Nationalist*, (u.) m. rationalist.

* *Ratich*, (u.) m. crack (a sound imitative of scraping, scratching, &c.).

* *Ratich*, (u.) m. (u.) f. 1) T. watchet-drill; 2) rattle; 3) *see* *Ratichdrille*.

* *Ratich*, (u.) v. tr. to utter a hoarse but shrill noise, to scrape, rattle.

* *Ratich*, (u.) v. tr. to dress (flax).

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Rauchhammer, (w.) f. 1) T. smoke-box; 2) see Rauchschmied.
Rauch... (A.), in comp. —flemme, f. Ichth.
Rauch... —hart; —fisch, see Rauchfisch.
Rauchtable, (w.) f. half-burnt charcoal.
Rauchtopf, (str.) pl. R-töpfe m. a round hair-brush fixed to a long staff.
Rauchtigel, (w.) f. Mil. smoke-ball.
Rauchüber, (str.) n. shammy, chamol-leather.
Rauchloch, (str.) pl. R-löcher n. 1) vent-hole for the smoke; 2) cond. smoky place.
Rauch... (B.), in comp. —mantel, m. chimney-hood; —maschine, f. smoke-jack; —maße, f. volume of smoke; —opal, m. Miner. Jasperated opal (Sasopai); —spitzer, n. oblation, sacrifice of perfumes; —pfanne, f. see —topf; —pulver, see Räucherpulver.
Rauchreif, (str.) m. see Rauchgroß.
Rauch... (B.), in comp. —rohr, n., —röhre, f. funnel-pipe, smoke-pipe, funnel, tube; —röhre, f. pillar of smoke; —schwabe, f. Ornith. chimney-swallow (*Hirundo rustica* L.).
Rauchschwanz, see Rauchschwanz.
Rauchschwarz, adj. smoky-black, sooty; r. r. Feder, see Rauchfeder.
Rauch... (A.), in comp. —felle, see Fio-relli; 2) —felle, f. hairy skin.
Rauch... (B.), in comp. —falter, n. smoked silver; —stein, m. see —topf; —stener, f. chimney-tap; —stube, f. 1) smoky room; 2) smoking-room; —tisch, m. (smoking-to-bacco).
Rauchtaube, (w.) f. see Geltaube.
Rauch... (B.), in comp. —topas, m. Miner. smoky topas or quartz; —topf, m. censor.
Rauch... (A.), in comp. —waaren, f. pl. —werk, n. peltries, furs, peltry; —waaren-handel, m. fur-trade; —waarenhändler, m. fur-merchant, dealer in furs or peltry, furrier; —waarenhandlung, f. furrier's shop, fur-business; —waade, f. see Rauchwaade; —wehr, f. willow or osier plantation along a river or pond.
Rauchweigen, (str.) m. see Rauchweigen.
Rauchwerk, (str.) n. see Räucherwerk.
Rauchwerter, (str.) m. furrier.
Rauchwolke, (w.) f. cloud of smoke.
Rauchwur, (w.) f. see Braumwur.
Rauchzimmer, (str.) n. smoking-room.
Rauhe, **Rauhe**, (w.) f. Med. dry scall, only letter, scab, itch; mango (of dogs, &c.).
Rauhig, I. adj. scabbed, scabby; mangy; II. f. f. scabbedness; manginess.
Rau... in comp. —bald, m. bully, fighter, scuffer, brawler; —bege, m. 1) rapier, large sword; 2) f. see —bald.
Rauhe, (w.) f. 1) Husb. a) (large) flax comb, ripple, rippling-comb; b) grate (for cattle), rack; c) see Raupheit; 2) rack, shell (for guns).
Rauchfien, (str.) see Raupfien.
Rauhe, (w.) v. I. & II. 1) to pluck, tear, pull; *Rauhe* (Dat.) des Haupt —, to tear off the hair from one's head; 2) to strike, beat; II. ref. to fight, scuffle, tussle, cf. Gerum-beigen.
Rauher, (str.) m. 1) see Raupheld; 2) see Raupher.
Rauherer, (w.) f. brawl, quarrel, fray, scuffle, fight; duel.
Rau... in comp. —fieber, f. see Schwung-fieber; 1) —handel, m. fight, scuffle; —holz, n. Tann. wooden staff (for stripping off the wool), hair-scraper; —lust, f. pugnacity, comba-tiveness; —messer, n. 1) Tann. scraping-iron or knife; 2) Haut. hair-scraper; —papier, n. see Preppapier; —razz, m. Phenol. organ of combativeness; —schuß, f. brawling dis-position; —schußig, adj. brawling, quarrel-some; —wolle, f. skin or skinner's wool; —

jangst, f. T. bloom-tongs; —zeit, f. plucking time or season.
Rau... (w.) m. Germ. Hist. (in the middle ages) a title of some noble families on the upper Rhine.
Rauh, adj. rough, rugged, raw; hoarse; harsh; rude, coarse, unpolished; r-t. Strich, rough deals; das r-t. Glas, n. T. frosted or ground glass; r-t. Getreide, barley, oats.
Rauh... in comp. (cf. Rauh, A. in comp.) —apfel, see Raupapfel; —arbeit, f. T. 1) rough-work; 2) dust brooms and brushes; —band, f. 1) Cloth. dressing or napping bench; 2) (or —bentobel, m.) T. long plane; —baum, m. Cloth. m. napping-beam; —büttel, adj. Bot. roughleaved, asperifolious; —büttel, f. pl. unsorted or undressed bristles; —brucht, f. Agr. naked fallow; —brucht, f. see Raupbrucht; —bürste, f. Cloth. napping-brush; —baum, m. Cloth. napping-beam; —büttel, f. Bot. teasel, fuller's thistle (*Wibbribüttel*).
Rau... (w.) f. 1) see Raupheit, Raupigkeit; 2) moulting time (of birds).
Rau... in comp. —egel, m. a river-perch in its third year; —eisen, n. see Raupfien.
Rauh... (w.) v. I. & II. to make rough; Cloth. to tease, card, nap (of cloth); to dress (bristles); II. intr. & ref. to moul, mew.
Rau... in comp. —frost, m. hoar-frost; —fütter, n. Husb. rough provender (f. i. hay, grass, straw); —gat, see Raupgat; —gemäuer, n. Mas. rough-masonry, rough-wall; —glas, n. frosted glass; —haar, n. see —büttel; —haarig, adj. Bot. hirsute; —hafter, m. Bot. sand-oats (*Avena strigosa* L. Sandhafter).
Rauhheit, **Rauhigkeit**, (w.) f. roughness; ruggedness, hoarseness; rudeness, coarse-ness; harshness, asperity.
Rau... in comp. —höbel, m. T. 1) fore-plane; 2) toothling plane (for roughening woods for veneering); —holz, n. rough tim-ber; —honig, m. honey in the comb; —fall, m. see —waade; —fard, f. see —büttel; —fuchst, m. t. porter, sack-bearer; —maschine, f. Cloth. (raising-)gig, gig-mill, gig-machine; —reif, m. see —rost; —schacht, m. Metall. outer casing, shell (of a furnace); —schleifen, n. T. first grinding (of mirrors, &c.); roughing; —schwanz, —schwanzbeutler, m. Zool. dasy-rus; langschwanziger —schwanz, long-tailed d. (*Dasyurus macrotis* Geoffr.); —stein, m., —waade, f. Geol. compact carbonate of lime; —weizen, m. bearded wheat (*Barbortweizen*); —wert, n. Mas. coarse plaster, squirted skin; —zeit, f. see Raupzeit.
Rauhe, (w.) f. Bot. 1) rocket (*Eruca sativa* L.); 2) hedge-mustard (*Stegobrium offi-cinale* L.).
Raum, (str.) pl. Räume m. 1) room, place, space; scope (Epistelraum); der innere — eines Hauses, clear; die Räume, accommo-dation, conveniences (of a house); 2) Mar. a) hold of a ship; b) channel or sheave-hole (of a block); c) see Räumte; 1) der äußere (unbefestigte) — eines Schiffes, spare room, spare tonnage or stowage; 3) f. convenience, opportunity, occasion; der leere —, empty or blank space; Phys. vacuum; der volle —, plen-um; der weite —, expanse; ein enger —, a narrow compass; —geben (with Dat.), to give room or way (to jealousy, &c.), to indulge (in), to entertain; einer Bitte —geben, to grant or allow a request; Statt und —finden, to meet with acceptance.
Raum, adj. 1) t. a) wide (Geräumig); broad, &c.; b) free, open; ein r-t. Gewissen, broad conscience; 3) Mar.-s. die r-t. See, open or main sea; r-t. Wind, quarter-wind.
Raum... (w.) f. T. rimer; see Raibahle.
Raum... in comp. —aufer, m. Mar. sheet-anchor; —behrer, m. T. rimer.
Raum... in comp. —brief, m. written

order to leave the country; —buße, f. punish-ment for not leaving the country.
Raum... in comp. —eide, f. see Raufen-eide; —eisen, m. 1) Min. scraper (Strüger, 1); 2) Corp., &c. puncher-chisel; four-basiled chisel, scoop; 3) Metall. tapping-bar.
Raum... (str.) n. T. instrument for clearing (holes, &c.).
Raum... (w.) v. I. & II. 1) to remove, clear, (away); 2) to quit; to evacuate, leave; 3) to clean, clear (off); ein Zimmer —, to clear a room; das Feld —, to quit the field, to lose the battle; aus dem Wege —, to remove; to make away with, dispatch (one); Comm.-s. Briefe in die Hände —, to shelve letters; das Rager —, to sell off; cf. Raufäumen; die Schoten und Halben —, Mar. to give up tacks and sheets; II. intr. Mar. 1) to veer aft (of the wind); 2) Hort. to clear away the earth from roots.
Raum... (str.) m. 1) person employed in clearing or cleaning; 2) instrument for clearing or cleansing (Raumnadel).
Raum... in comp. —felle, f. T. rifler; —größe, f. Math. quantity of space.
Raum... (w.) v. I. & II. to make roomy, spacious, capacious; II. R-felt, (w.) f. roominess, &c.
Raum... (w.) f. relating to or filling space, in space or extent; II. R-felt, (w.) f. 1) a) space, extent; room; accommodation; b) locality; 2) Point. (rules or laws of) per-spective.
Raum... in comp. —loch, n. T. ven-tilating hole; —maß, n. measure of capacity; —maß, n. measure of capacity; —nadel, f. Gewn. priming iron, priming wire.
Raum... (w.) f. see Raumnadel.
Raum... (str.) adv. Mar. with a quarter-ing wind.
Raum... (w.) f. 1) room for freight, ship-ping opportunity (of a vessel); 2) Mar. office, main sea; die —suchen, to stand off to sea.
Raum... (w.) f. 1) the (act of) remov-ing, clearing, &c.; removal; 2) evacuation; R-öffnung, f. Build. man-hole (of a cess-pool).
Rau... (w.) v. intr. I. to round, whisper; II. Sport. to run to and fro; III. provinc. to gold.
Rau... (w.) f. (dimin. Raupchen, [str.] n. small caterpillar) 1) Entom. caterpillar; worm; 2) an ornament of woollen stuff on a soldier's helmet, resembling a caterpillar; 3) coll. whim, fancy, prank, anal. maggot, &c.
Rau... (w.) v. intr. & tr. to clear trees, &c. of caterpillars.
Rau... in comp. —el, n. caterpillar's egg; —eisen, n. see —fichte; —flege, f. Entom. caterpillar-fly, larva-fly (*Tachina* L.); —fraß, m. damage done by caterpillars; —freßer, m. pl. caterpillar catchers or eaters (a genus of birds) (*Cephalopris* Cur.); —milde, f. see —flege; —nest, n. nest or cluster of caterpillars; —säure, f. borbic acid; —schere, f. shears (to cut branches); —felde, f. Comm. an inferior quality of silk; —töter, m. ichneumon-fly (*Ichneumon* L.).
Rauf... (str.) pl. Raufsch. w. 1) drunken fit, drunkenness, inebriation; (*Raufsch.* w. *Raufsch.* coll. *Raufsch.* [str.] n. a slight degree of intoxication; *Rauf* (Dat.) einen —trinken, to get drunk or fuddled; einen kleinen, leichten, halben (coll. Jesuiten-) —haben, coll. to be a little fuddled or cocked, to be half seas over; einen gehörigen, tüchtigen (coll. Capuziner-) —haben, to be dead drunk; 3) sudden fit; paroxysm; 3) provinc. cranberry; 4) rush, roaring; 5) Gard. see Brand; 6) Min. pounded and fine sifted ore.
Rauf... in comp. —hart, m. Germ. Hist. Rush-Bard (nickname of Count Eberhard of Württemberg); —beere, f. Bot. 1) great or marsh

bilberry, whortle-berry (*Vaccinium uliginosum* L.); 2) (schwarz, black) crow-berry (*Empetrum nigrum* L.).

Reu[sh], (w.) *f. provinc.* 1) a rushing stream, waterfall; 2) *see* Reu[sh](r)übe.

Reu[shen], (w.) *v. i. intr.* 1) to rush; to rustle; to murmur; to roar; *v. ter* Beifall, thundering applause; 2) *Gard. ins* Polz-, (of plants) to run into wood; 3) *Sport.* to rut, to be in rut (of the wild sow); II. *tr. poet.* to sound.

Reu[sh]..., *in comp.* -*enke, f. Ornith.* a species of owl (*Bubo streptopus* L.); -*stte, f. see* -p[st]te; -*gelb, m. 1* (gelbes) ornament, king's yellow; 2) (rothes) red ornament, realgar; -*gelbfied, m. see* Re[n]nfeld; -*gold, n. see* Glittergold; -*grün, n. 1* sap-green; 2) *Bot.* common cranberry (*Oxycoccus palustris* L.); -*haube, f. Ruk.* hood; -*hell, n. yellow* wood.

Reu[shig], *adj.* 1) intoxicated, tipsy; 2) **Reu[sh]...**, *in comp.* -*tern, n. see* Reben; -*leinwand, f.* thick-gummed linen-cloth; -*mittel, n.* intoxicating remedy, narcotic; -*p[st]elsen, f. pl., -wert, n. Mus.* loud alto (in organs); -*silber, n.* thin leaves of silver, leaf-silver.

Reu[sh]ern, (w.) *v. tr. & refl.* to hawk, **Reu[sh]te**, (w.) *f. 1* *Bot.* rue (*Ruta graveolens* L.); *die wilde* —, wild Syrian rue; 2) *T-s., Math., etc.* rhomb, losenge, rhomboid; *Jewel.* facet; *Glas. & Wau.* pane, square; *Lock-sm.* bow of a key; *Gam. (in cards)* diamond.

Reu[shen], (w.) *v. tr.* to cut (a precious stone) in the shape of rhomboids.

Reu[shen]..., *in comp.* -*tracabil, n. Zool.* losenge-scaled crocodile; -*felb, n. Herald.* losenge; -*flach, n., -flacher, n.* rhomboid; -*flache, f.* rhomb; *Stone-cut.*, *etc.* facet; -*form, f.* rhomboidal form; -*formig, adj.* square, rhombic; losenge-shaped; rhomboidal, diamondlike; -*formigabgetheilt, Herald.* losengy; -*gewächse, pl.* rutaceous plants (*Rutaceae* Bart.); -*glas, n.* square, pane; *Herald-s.* — *franz, m., -front, f.* wreath, crown of rue (in some coats of arms); -*freug, n.* losenged cross; -*miligraut, n. Bot.* tent-wort (*Maueraurante*); -*müffel, m. Anat.* rhomboid muscle, rhomboides; -*öl, n.* oil of rue; -*richter, m. Lock-sm.* bow-utter; -*spatz, m. Miner.* romb-apar (*Stittcrp[st]ath*); -*stein, n.* rhomboidal precious stone; -*stich, m. Sew.* losenge-stitch; -*strand, m. see* Raute, 1.; -*viered, n., -vierung, f.* rhomboidal square; -*wette, ad. & adj.* losenge-wise.

Reu[shing], (str.) *m. Mar.* eddy.
Reu[shend], (str.) *m., Reu[shend]ig*, (str.) *n. Comm.* raven's-duck.

Reu[sh]gras, *see* Raigras. [Rec.]

Reu[sh], *adv. (Lat. re)* coll. back (again); *see* Reactionär.

Reactionär, I. *adj.* reactionary; II. *a. (str.) n. Pol.* reactionist.

Reagen[s], (not decl., pl. Reagen[tien]) *n. (L. Lat.) Chem.* reagent; -*papier, n. Chem.* test-paper; (blau[s]) litmus-paper; (gelbes) curcum-paper.

Real, I. *adj. (L. Lat.)* real; II. *(w., Gen. sing. sometimes str. [des R-ß]) m. (Span.)* real (a Spanish coin); III. *corr. for* Regal, 2.

Real..., *in comp.* real (dinglich &c.); -*catalog, m.* catalogue of books arranged with reference to their scientific contents; -*definition, f. Log.* technical definition.

Realien, *pl. (L. Lat.)* 1) realities, real things; 2) real sciences. [Ontage.]

Realinjurie, (w.) *f. Law.* real injury;
Realisir[en], (w.) *v. tr. & (Fr.)* 1) to realise; einen Verkauf —, to effect a sale; 2) to convert into money, to dispose of.

Realität, (w.) *f.* reality; real property.
Real..., *in comp.* -*fruchttrag, f. pl.*

polytechnical knowledge; -*lehrer, f. pl.* real servitude; -*lehrer, m.* teacher at a school of arts; -*schule, f.* a school in which arts and sciences as well as languages are taught, school of utility; -*wert, m.* real or actual value; -*wörterbuch (-lexikon), n.* dictionary of (real) sciences, compendious cyclopedia.

Reasscurant, (w.) *m. (L. Lat.)* re-insurer. — **Reasscurans**, (w.) *f.* re-insurance, counterinsurance. — **Reasscurat[er]**, (w.) *v. tr.* to re-insure.

Reb..., *in comp.* (cf. Reben..., *in comp.*) -*ader, m.* field planted with vines; — *binde, f. see* Waldröbe.

Rebe, (w.) *f. 1* branch (tendrill) of vine; vine; indianische —, Virginian silk; indianische —, *see* Funderwürger; wilde —, *see* Waldröbe; 2) *Script.* offspring.

Rebel, (w.) *m. (Lat.)* rebel, mutineer. — **Rebell[er]**, (w.) *f.* rebellion, mutiny, insurrection. — **Rebell[er]**, (w.) *v. intr.* to rebel, mutiny. — **Rebell[ig]**, *adj.* rebellious, mutinous. [tendrils.]

Reben, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* to bind the vine
Reben..., *in comp.* -*büsch, adj. Bot.* hederiform, hederaceous; -*ast, f.* vine-ashes; -*auge, n. Vint.* vine-bud; -*bäum, m. provinc.* willow; -*berg, m.* vineyard; -*blatt, n.* vine-leaf; -*blut, n. see* -*saft*, 2.; -*bolle, f. Bot.* oenanthe (*Oenanthe fistulosa* L.); -*gang, m.* a walk lined with vines; -*geländer, n.* vine-trellis; -*gott, m.* the god of wine, Bacchus; -*hain, -hügel, m.* vineyard, hill covered with vines; -*holz, n.* wood of the vine; cuttings of vines; -*laub, n.* vine-leaves; -*lefe, f. (Freidigrath)* vintage (Reinlefe); -*messer, n.* pruning-knife, vine-knife; -*monat, m.* September; -*p[st]ahl, m.* vine-prop; -*reich, adj.* rich in vine; -*saft, m. 1* juice running out of a vine when it is cut; 2) * *juice* of grapes, wine; -*schmitter, m. Entom.* stag-beetle (*Stirchläufer*); -*schuß, m. see* -*proffe*; -*schule, f.* nursery of vines; -*schwanz, n.* vine-black; -*spize, f.* tendrill of vines; vine-branch; -*proffe, f.* vine shoot, vine-sprig, vine-sprout; -*stab, m. Myth.* thyrsus; -*schäfer, -schäfer, m. Entom.* vine-woevil (*Rhyncillus beulati* T.); -*rod, m. Bot.* vine (*Reinstod*); -*stüd, m.* plot of ground planted with vines; -*stüne, f. see* -*saft*, 1.; -*treibend, adj. Bot.* hederiferous, sarmentous; -*wasser, n. see* -*saft*, 1.; -*widder, n. w. Entom.* vine-grub, vine-fretter (*Pyrrhis vitis* L.); -*ziste, f.* tendrill of vines.

Reber, (str.) *m.* vine-grower or dresser.
Rebengewächs, (str.) *n.* growth of vine.

Rebhuhn, (str., pl. Reb[hühner]) *n. Ornith.* partridge (*Falix cinerea* Briss.); -*schnepper, f.* partridge-snipe.

Rebhühner..., *in comp.* -*fall, m. see* Reb[er]fall; -*garn, -netz, n.* partridge-net, tunnel; -*hund, m.* setting-dog, spaniel; -*frant, n. Bot.* pallitory of the wall (*Wand-frant*); -*mörter, m. Gwinn.* partridge-mortar; -*ruß, m.* partridge-call.

Reb..., *in comp.* -*laub, n.* land planted with vines; -*land, f. Entom.* grape phylloxera (*Phylloxera vastatrix*).

Rebling, (str.) *m. see* Rebenproffe.

Reb..., *in comp.* -*mann, m. provinc. for* Binger; -*messer, n. see* Rebenmesser; -*reiß, adj. (said of wine)* genuine, unadulterated; -*schuß, m. see* Rebenproffe; -*rod, m. see* Rebenstod.

Recapitul[er], (w.) *v. tr. (L. Lat.)* critic, reviewer. — **Recessir[en]**, (w.) *f.* criticism, review; revizal (of a text). — **Recessir[en]**, (w.) *v. tr.* to criticise, review, censure.

Recepsir[en], (str., pl. R[ec]-[el]) *n. (Lat.)* Comm. receipt, acquittance.

Recept, (str.) *n. (Lat.)* Med. prescription, recipe, receipt. — **Receptir[er]**, *m. Pharm.* dispensing assistant. — **Receptir[er]**, (str.) *f. Med.* theory and art of prescribing; *Pharm.* art of dispensing; **Receptir[er]**, *trichter, m.* apothecary's funnel for filling medicine phials.

Receß, (str.) *m. (Lat.)* 1) dissolution (of an assembly); 2) treaty, compact, agreement; 3) *Law.* verbal statement of a legal argument by a pleader; 4) *Comm.* non-payment of a debt, arrears; *in comp.* *Min-s.* -*buch, n.* book or ledger where the debts of a mine are kept; -*treiber, m.* comptroller of mines. [berre.]

Rech[er]re, (w.) *f. provinc. see* Zehnmis.
Rechen, *a. (str.) m. 1* *Gard.* rake; 2) *a*) clothes' rack or rail; *b*) a rack with pegs; 3) *T. grate* (in a pond, &c.); barrier of wood; 4) *T. a*) Clock-m. *an*) rack; curb of the main-spring (*Thk.*); *bb*) ratchet-wheel (in a clock); *b*) rake, flyer (of a spinning-wheel); *c*) *Wass.* picking-stick, driver, picker (of a ribbon-loom).

Rechen, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* to rake.
Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*amt, n.* audit-office, chamber or court of accounts. [like, grate-like.]

Rechen... (*a.*) *in comp.* -*artig, adj.* rake.
Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*ausgabe, f.* sum, arithmetical problem; -*baum, f. see* -*brt.*

Rechenbrett, (str.) *m. T.* gimlet.
Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*brt, n.* counting board, black board; -*buch, n.* ciphering- or reckoning-book, arithmetic book.

Rechenel, (w.) *f. provinc. see* Rechenamt.
Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*fehler, m. see* Rechenungsfehler; -*griffel, m.* slate pencil; -*haut, f. t.* parchment; -*hammer, f. see* -*amt.*

Rechenerbe, (w.) *f. pl.* Clock-m. 1) rack-groove; 2) fange of a ratchet.

Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*reicht, m. coll.* ready reckoner; -*tafel, f.* arithmetic; -*tafel, m.* arithmetician; -*lehrer, m.* teacher of arithmetic; -*maschine, f.* calculating-machine; -*meister, m.* arithmetician, accountant; -*p[st]ennig, m.* (card-)counter.

Rechenpflicht, (w.) *f.* account; *jur* — *fort-* brenn or jichen, to call to account, *coll.* to bring to book; -*schuldig sein, to be accountable*; -*geben or abgeben, to give an account, to account for*. — **Rechenpflichtig**, *adj.* pertaining to, or giving an account. — **Rechenpflicht...**, *in comp.* -*bericht, m.* statement of accounts; -*p[st]ichtig, adj.* responsible, accountable.

Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*schieber, m.* sliding-rule; -*schule, f.* ciphering-school; -*schüler, m.* pupil in arithmetic; -*stabe, m., -staben, n. pl.* Napier's rods or bones.

Rechen... (*a.*) *in comp.* -*stet, -zahl, m.* handle, tooth of a rake.

Rechen... (*for* Rechn..., *from* Rechnen), *in comp.* -*sift, m. see* -*griffel*; -*tafel, f.* lesson in arithmetic; -*tafel, f. 1* slate-board; 2) counting-board; 3) abacus, multiplication- or counting-table; -*thk, m.* counter; -*unterricht, m.* instruction in arithmetic; -*ziffer, f.* cypher, figure, number.

Recherch[er] (*pr. re[cher]sch[er]*) (w.) *f. (Fr.)* investigation (*Recherch[er]*). — **Recherchir[en]**, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* to investigate, &c. — **Recherchir[er]**, *p. a.* recherche (of studied elegance or refinement).

Rechling, (str.) *m. 1* *provinc.* perch; 2) *Rechn[er]*, *see* Rechnen. [see Rebling, 2.]
Rechnen, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to reckon,

count, calculate; to cipher; 3) to esteem; 3) to rank, class (zu, with); nach etwas —, to count by ...; auf etwas (Acc.) —, *fig.* 1. to lay one's account with ...; to count, depend, reckon, or rely upon; 2. to expect to find; mit Einem —, to account with one; to settle accounts with one; falsch —, to miscalculate, miscount, misreckon; Eins ins Andere —, to reckon or take one with another; Alles in Allem gerechnet, taking all in all, on the whole; für Nichts —, to account as nothing, to make no account of; als verloren etc. —, to consider, to look upon as lost, &c.; Comm.-s. nach (in) Thaler —, 1. to account in thalers; 2. to keep accounts in thalers; man rechnet den Schaden an! ..., the damage is estimated at; ich rechne sicher darauf, I make sure of it; ich rechne es mit zum Verdienst, I make a merit of it; das lausmannigjede — (v. s. [str.] u.), commercial arithmetic.

Rechnen, (*str.*) *m.* reckoner, arithmetician, calculator, accountant, computer; er ist ein guter —, *coll.* he is sharp at sums.

Rechnerei, (*w.*) *f.* *com.* mode or practice of reckoning, &c.

Rechnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) calculation; account, reckoning, score; 2) Comm. bill, invoice; 3) sum, arithmetical problem; ciphering, arithmetic; 4) *fig.* opinion, calculation, supposition; efforce —, open or unsettled account; cine efforce, laufende —, an account current; auf —, on or for account; auf neue —, upon a new score; auf alte —, upon old or former account; auf für seine eigene — arbeiten, to work on one's own account; Handel auf eigene —, trade on one's own account; *fig.* s. sich (*Decl.*) auf etwas — machen, see auf etwas rechnen; aus der — kommen, to lose reckoning of ...; für — wen es angeht, for whom it may concern; (cine) — geben or ertheilen, to deliver an account; — geben or ertheilen, to lodge a credit, open an account; die — aufheben, to withdraw the credit; in — stehen, to be in account (mit, with); wir stehen mit diesen Herren nicht in —, we have no account with these gentlemen; ich bin nicht auf meine — gekommen, my calculations have not proved correct; — führen, to keep accounts; (Einem) auf — stellen, in — bringen or legen, to put or set (down), to place, bring, carry, or pass to (one's) account; Einem — belassen, to carry to one's debit; cine — schließen, abschließen, 1. to balance, to settle an account; 2. *fig.* seine — mit dem Himmel schließen or machen, to make one's peace with heaven; cine — durchrechnen, to count over, cast up an account; für — und Gefahr, for account and risk; *fig.* in abschließen, to settle accounts; seine — finden bei ..., to find one's account (in); to turn or render to account; es gibt gute —, it pays; *fig.* s. cine Sache (*Decl.*) — tragen, to make allowance for, *cf.* Berücksichtigen; ein Strich durch die —, disappointment; Einem einen Strich durch die — machen, to thwart, frustrate one's designs; in — gehen, to take into account.

Rechnungs ... *in comp.* — abhörer, — abnehmer, *m.* auditor of accounts; — abführung, — abnahme, *f.* audit; — abgabe, — abiegung, *f.* rendering of accounts; — abschlag, *m.* (closing) balance of account; — amt, *m.* see Rechenamt; — art, *f.* 1) method of calculating; 2) one of the four elementary branches of arithmetic; — artist, *m.* Comm. see — lehrer, 1; — aufgabe, *f.* arithmetical problem; — aufseher, *m.* auditor; — auszug, *m.* abstract of one's account; account-current, account-statement; — beamteter, *m.* officer to whom the management of accounts is intrusted, accountant; — buch, *m.* account-book; — fehler, *m.* error of calculation, miscalculation; einen — fehler begreifen, to miscount, miscalculate; — forderung, *f.* see

Buchführung; — führer, *m.* book-keeper; accountant, keeper of accounts; — gelb, *m.* see — münze; — jahr, *n.* *Stat.* fiscal year; — kammern, *f.* chamber of accounts; — kasse, *f.* see Rechenkasse; — liste, *f.* statement of accounts; — maßnahme, *f.* see Rechenmaßnahme; — münze, *f.* money of account; imaginary coin (such as a pound sterling); — persönlich, *adj.* accountable, responsible; — rat, *m.* member of the chamber or court of accounts; — rest, *m.* balance, remainder, residue (of an account); — revision, *f.* audit; — reviser, *m.* controller, auditor; accountant; — sache, *f.* matter of account; — sache, *m.* see — rest; — sache, *f.* *Mar.* Gunter's scale; — unternehmung, *f.* audit; — wesen, *n.* 1) business of accounts; calculations; 2) accountants; sein — wesen liegt im Irren, his accounts are in a muddle; — wissenschaft, *f.* see Rechenkunst.

Recht, (*w.*) *f.* (*from* Rechen, v.) *Hueb.* a litter made of leaves of fir-trees and moss.

Recht, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) right; (vom Gegenstand aus, nicht vom Beführer) proper right; *Harald.* dexter; *Nas.* off: die r-e Seite, the far side, off side; das r-e Auge, the off eye (of a horse); der r-e Arm (eines Cavallieristen), the sword arm; 2) straight; 3) just; 4) a) true, real, genuine; regular, downright, thorough; ein r-er Schlichte (*Schiller*), a true-born arborer; b) legitimate; 5) correct; accurate; 6) in right state, in right condition; proper, fitting, suitable, convenient; agreeable; well; 7) *adv.* greatly, remarkably, very; eben —, pat, apropos, in the very nick of time; meine r-e Schwester, my full sister, my sister of the whole blood; die Schulte sind mir —, the shoes fit me; in meinen Schuhen —, *fig.* fit for nothing; r-er Hand, on the right hand (side); zur r-en Zeit, in due time; mir ist nicht —, *coll.* I am not well; es war ihr nicht ganz —, she was a little low; mir ist alles —, I am content with every thing; es Einem — machen, to please one; man kann ihm nichts — machen, nothing will satisfy him; wo or wem mir — ist, if I am not mistaken; Sie greifen die Sache nicht — an, you do not go the right way to work; nicht — im Kopfe sein, to be somewhat cracked; er ist nicht — geschickt, he is not in his right senses; das ist ihm ganz — or ihm ist — gechehen, he is rightly served; das geht nicht mit r-en Dingen zu, 1. there is withecraft in it; 2. it is not done quite fair or honestly; mir ist es so ganz —, that quite meets my views; es wäre mir schon — hier zu wohnen, I could be contented to live here; es ist mir schon —, quite welcome; Sie haben ganz — gechehen, you have seen all things as they are; — und billig, right and proper; nicht — verstehen, see Mißverstehen; ich vermute, er hat Sie nicht — verstanden, I presume he did not rightly understand you; der R-e, the right one; *iron.* a nice fellow; *proverb.* s. was Einem — ist, ist dem Andern billig, what is fair for one, is fair for all, *vulg.* what is sauce for the goose, is sauce for the gander; thu' —, fürchte Gott und schone Niemand, be good, be just, be fearless; etwas R-es, a great deal, much, many things; *iron.* nothing particular.

Recht, *s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) right; 2) justice; 3) law; 4) just claim (auf [with Acc.], to); just due; 5) privilege, immunity; 6) system of laws, science of laws; 7) administration of justice, proceeding by law; 8) judicial sentence; 9) tax, duty; kleine R-e, short duties; eingehende und ausgehende R-e, see Einfuhr- und Ausfuhrzoll; das gerichtliche —, statute law; das gemeine —, common law; — haben, to be (in the) right; mit (gutem) —, with good (in all) reason; sein — suchen, to go to law; er hat sein — dies zu thun, he is unwarranted in doing this; das — was er an einem hat, the

right which he has to all; — befehlen, to carry the point, to gain; Einem — geben, to yield the question to one, to concede the point; to acknowledge that one is right, to agree with one; ich gab ihr —, I declared she was in the right; Einem das — zu etwas geben, to give one the right to do anything, to empower one; — sprechen, to administer justice or the law; von R-e wegen, according to law; by right; justly, strictly; if justice were attended to; (at the conclusion of judicial decrees) according to justice and the laws; zu — stehen, to abide (the decision of) the law; zu — bestehen, to be good in law; die R-e studiren, to study or follow the law; ein Doctor der R-e, a doctor of law; ein Doctor beider R-e, a doctor of canonical and civil law; ein Student der R-e, law-student.

Recht it, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the right (hand or side); (vom Gegenstand aus, nicht vom Beführer) the proper right; 2) *Pol.* the right, rightside or section (of political assemblies); von der R-n nach der Linken gehend, *Bot.* dextrorsal.

Recht ... (*adj.*), *in comp.* — ed, *n.* *Geom.* rectangle, parallelogram; — eckig, *adj.* rectangular.

Recht 'ten, (*w.*) *s.* (*intr.*) 1) to be at law, to litigate; 2) to dispute, argue, reason; 3) to remonstrate, to expostulate.

Recht 'ten, *provinc.* & *Law.* *Gen.* of Recht, *s.* es ist —, it is lawful or according to law; ein Schöen —, semblance of right or justice; in aller Form —, in judicial form; der Weg —, legal proceeding, *cf.* Rechtsgang; den Weg — betreten, to have recourse to law.

Recht ... (*s.*), *in comp.* — fertig, *adj.* t., just, right, righteous; — fertigen, (*v.* & *insep.*) *s.* tr. to justify; to warrant; to vindicate; to clear; to deband; nicht zu — fertigen, unjustifiable, unwarrantable; — fertigung, *f.* justification, vindication; apology; die — fertigung durch den Glauben, *Theol.* justification by faith; — fertigungsgrund, *m.* justifying reason; plea; — fertigungsdokument, *f.* voucher; nach — finden, *Comm.* if found correct.

Recht ... (*adj.*), *in comp.* — fallen, *n.* *Min.* regular hading; — fähig, *m.* roan horse, true sorrel-horse; — gläubig, *adj.*, — gläubige, *m.* & *f.* orthodox; — gläubigkeit, *f.* orthodoxy.

Recht ... (*s.*), *in comp.* — haber, *m.* — haberin, *f.* a person always maintaining to be in the right, dogmatical person, disputant; für einen — haber gelten, to appear obstinate; — haberei, *f.* stubbornness of opinion, positiveness, dogmatism, obstinacy; — haberei, *adj.* dogmatical, obstinate, positive.

Recht ... (*adj.*), *in comp.* — herzig, *adj.* see — schaffen; — lüftig, *adj.* *Astr.* moving in the right or ordinary direction (*f.* s. from east to west); — lehrig, *adj.* orthodox.

Recht 'lich, *I. adj.* 1) a) righteous; just; b) upright, honest, loyal, creditable, reputable; 2) lawful, judicial; r-es Hilfsmittel, remedy at law; r-e Gütigkeit, validity in law; — begründet, legitimate; II. *Adj.* — leich, (*w.*) 1) righteousness, &c.; 2) rectitude, honesty, probity, integrity, loyalty.

Recht 'liegend, *adj.* loving right and justice, righteous, just.

Recht 'lich, *adj.* rectilinear.

Recht 'los, *adj.* 1) unjust; 2) illegal, contrary to law; 3) beyond the pale of the laws. — R-igrit, (*w.*) *f.* illegality; the being beyond the pale of the law.

Recht ... (*s.*), *in comp.* — mäßig, *adj.* legal, lawful; legitimate; — mäßigkeit, *f.* legality, lawfulness, legitimacy, validity; justice. **Recht** 'ortig, see — würdig.

Recht 's, *adv.* at (on) or to the right hand; — und links, right and left; sich — setzen, to sit down at, turn to the right;

die erste Thür —, the first door to the right;
— (öffnen, Comm. to enter on the creditor's
side; — her, adv. from the right side, hither;
— hin, adv. towards (or on) the right hand;
— stricken, n. plain knitting; — um, adv. to
the right about; — um sehr schön! *Well*, to the
right about! right about, face!

Rechts' ..., *in comp.* —abtreitung, *f.* cession, transfer of a (the) right; —alterthümer, *n. pl.* legal antiquities.

Rechtsam, *I. adj.* (Voc., unusual) just;
II. M.-s. (v.) f. privilege, see **Rechtsame**.

Recht's ..., in comp. — *smt.*, *m.* judicial office, court of judicature; — **anbringn**, *adj.* pending at law or before a court of law; — **anbringn**, *m.* legitimate claim; — **ansett**, *see* **ansett**; — **ansett**, *m.* legal or law-term; — **ansettbrud**, *m.* *see* — **brud**; — **besanfragt**, *f.* *see* — **besragt**; — **besliffen**, *adj.* studying (the law); *rin* — **besliffen**, *m.* student at law; lawyer; — **besliffen**, *m.* competence; — **besliff**, *m.* benefice of the law; — **besliffe**, *f.* court of justice; — **besliffand**, *m.* 1) legal assistance; 2) legal assistant, advocate; — **besliffung**, *f.* consultation, information with respect to legal matters; — **besliffen**, *m.* legal adviser, counsel; — **besliffand**, *m.* authenticity; — **besliffen**, *adj.* valid, legal, in due form, authentic, judicial; — **besliffenheit**, *f.* validity, legality; authenticity; — **besliffande**, *m.* (*decl. like adj.*) *see* — **besliffand**; 2) — **besliff**, *m.* Law, deduction.

Recht's (smt.), *i. adj.* righteous, just; honest, upright; right; II. *adv.* *Recht's*, *righteousness*; honesty, probity, uprightness; integrity.

Rechtsschreibung, (m.) *f.* orthography.
Rechts'..., in comp. —conjunct, *m. acc.*
—anwalt; —brüder, *m. cond.* pottfogger, ca-
viller, chicaneur, prevaricator; —brüderl, *f.*
pottfogging, chicaneury; —einwand, *m. Law.*
traverse; plea; einen —einwand gegen ... vor-
bringen, *to traverse.*

Recht's *felicit.* *adj.* *see* **Rechtlich**.
Recht's ..., *in comp.* — **erfahren**, *adj.* versed,
 skilled, learned in law or jurisprudence; —
erfahren, *verb.* *f. see* — **prüfen**; — **erweis**, *m. see* —
beweis; — **fähig**, *adj.* competent; — **fähigkeit**,
f. competence; — **fall**, *m.* case in law; — **fällig**
 werden, to lose one's case, suit, action; —
forderung, *f.* legal claim, lawful demand,
 legitimate pretension; — **form**, *f.* legal form;
 — **förmig**, *adj. & adv.* according to the form of
 law, in legal terms; nicht — **förmig**, *injudicial*;
 — **frage**, *f.* law- or legal question; moot-point;
 — **gang**, *m.* proceeding at law, legal procedure,
 course of law, operation of the law; — **gebäude**,
m. fig. body of laws; — **gelehrtheit**, — **gelehr-**
samkeit, — **gelehrtheit**, *f.* jurisprudence, law;
 — **gelehrt**, *adj.* learned in law, versed in juris-
 prudence; — **gelehrte**, — **humbige**, *m.* jurist;
 — **gemäß**, *adv.* according to law; —
geheim, *m.* suit at law; — **grund**, *m.* legal
 ground, argument, or title; — **grundsatz**, *m.*
 principle of jurisprudence; — **gültig**, *adj.* valid
 or good in law; legal (dobt); — **gültigkeit**, *f.*
 validity, legal force, sufficiency in law; *un-*
gültigkeit *heißt noch daß ...*, to make it valid
 it is still required that ...; — **gutachten**, *m.*
 opinion (of counsel); *ein — gutachten einholen*,
 to take the opinion of counsel; — **haukel**, *m.*
 action, cause, lawsuit, process; — **hängig**, *m.*
 — **abhängig**; — **hilfe**, *f.* *Law*, legal aid, relief;
 — **hilfe suchen**, to seek legal redress; — **klage**,
f. accusatory libel; — **kunst**, *m.* (legal) artifice,
 chicanery, quirk; — **kosten**, *pl.* costs of a law-
 suit; — **kraft**, *f.* force, might of law; *die — kraft*
bestehen, to fall into abeyance; — **kräftig**,
adj. valid in law, legal; — **kräftig werden**, to
 become final; — **kräftiger**, (*m. & insep.*) *g. & r.*
 to render valid in law, to validate, legalize;
 — **kräftigkeit**, *f.* validity; legitimacy; — **kränke**, *f.*
 1) science of the law, jurisprudence; 2) legal
 doctrine; — **kränke**, *m. see* — **gelehrte**; — **krän-**

f. legal situation; —**lehrer**, *f.* see —**frucht**; —**lehrer**, *m.* teacher of the law, professor of law; —**mittel**, *n.* remedy at law, legal means of redress, legal remedy; —**mandat**, *m.* client; —**urtheil**, *m.* prejudice; —**wesen**, *f.* administration of justice.

Recht (pronung, (w.) *f.* I. (from *Recht*, *adj.*) right, correct pronunciation, orthoepy; II. (from *Recht*, *s.*) as *Rechtspronung*.

Rechts' ..., in comp. — regel, *f.* rule of law; nach der — regel daß ..., according to the law maxim that ...; — fache, *f.* see — fache;

—*leh*, m. 1) thesis in law; 2) legal axiom; —*stiftung*, f. room(s) (of the courts of justice); —*sitting*, f. snare spread by the law, chicanery; —*sitzung*, m. judgment or decrease of a court of law; —*schrift*, f. 1) pl. acts; 2) justificative memoir; 3) any legal writing or work; —*sprache*, f. language of lawyers, law terms or language, legal terminology; —*prüfer*, m. judge, magistrate; —*prechung*, f. 1) administration of justice; 2) or —*pruch*, m. legal decision, sentence, verdict, adjudication; —*saal*, m. —*saal*, f. jurisdiction; cognizance; —*sühlig*, adj. subject to a certain jurisdiction; —*stet*, m. 1) lawsuit; 2) controversy on a point of law; —*stuhl*, m. court of law, tribunal; —*titel*, m. legal title; —*in* *Widersarr* —*titel*, title, colourable title.

[illegible]

Recht ... (*adj.*), in comp. —*thun*, *v.* acting righteously or honestly; —*willing*, *adj.* rectangular, right-angled; —*winklig*, *adj.* rectangularity; —*zeitig*, *adj.* seasonable, in the right or in due time; in due course; —*zeitige* *Rundigung*, due warning; —*zeitig*, *adv.* the being or happening at the right time.

* Recipient', (w.) m. (Lat.) Chem., &c.
recipient, receiving vessel, receiver.

* *Reciprocităt'*, (w.) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) reciprocity. — *Reciprocă*, *adj.* reciprocal.

* **Recitá'ten**, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) to recite, &c., see **Perfagen** — **Recitátsh'w**, (w.) f. recitation. — **Recitátsh'**, (str.) n. Mus recitative.

Red, (str.) n. 1) Gymn. horizontal pole;
2) provinc. scaffold, wooden horse.

2) *rack*. [*ŕ-akht*, *adj.* gigantic; heroic]

rack, *v.* 1) the (act of) stretching; 2) stretcher; instrument for stretching; rack; 3) *War.* (gun-)rack; 4) *Rope-m.* rails: — *fig.* *m.* *swearing.* Death-

Stretch, (v.) *v. tr.* 1) to stretch, extend; 2) *Metall.* to dolly, tilt; 3) *Smith.* to flatten, lengthen, extend; 4) *Cloth-m.* to rack

Reckholder, (str.) m. provinc. 1) see **Eckholder**; 2) see **Flicher**.

Streck, in comp. (from *Strecken*)—*Streck*, n. pl. *Strecken*, m. boot-stretchers;—*Streck*, m. hammer-smith;—*Streck*, m. *Werk*, m. stretching-tool;—*Streck*, n. cord for stretching;—*Streck*, n. rail-fence;—*Streck*, n. implements for stretching, racking.

* **Reclamation'**, (u.) m. (*L. Lat.*) *reclaimor*, claimant. — **Reclamation'**, (u.) f. *reclaimatio*; *Rev.* claim; *Rev.* claim. — **Reclaim'**, (u.) f. (*Fr.*) 1) (bei der Gabel) reclaim; 2) (Zittung) — puff; puffing; — lösen, pl. reclaim-charges; — process, u. action of reclaim. — **Reclaim'**ren, (u.) v. tr. to claim back, reclaim, to solicit restitution of

* **Recognitio**, (u.) *f.* (Lat.) *Law*, acknowledgment; **Re-*g*ister**, *pl.* recognitory-rents; **Re-*g*istrar**, *f.* legal entry or record of the fact of a person's acknowledging his signature (under a document); **Re-*g*istru**, *m.* Comm. bill (receipt) *ad interim*.

* **Reconogis'ci'ren**, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) 1) *Mil.* to reconnoitre; 2) *Law*, to acknowledge; cinn. *Handſchrift* — *leſſen*, to have a handwriting certified; *ſich* — *leſſen*, to have one's ſelf identified. — **Reconogis'ci'ring**, (w.) f. *Mil.* reconnoitring, reconnaissance; view of a place.

* **Recommendation**, (n.) f. 1) recommendation; 2) *Post. see* Einschreibung; *W.-Agentur*, *see* Einschreibebüchse; — **Recommendation**, (n.) v. *to* recommend; *einem Brief*—, *Post. see* Einschreiben lassen, *recommendieren*, p. a. (of letters; before registration: to be) registered. [certificate of restoration]

- * *Reconstruction's*, *brief*, (*str.*) *m.* *Common.*
- * *Reconvalescent*, (*w.*) *m.* *convalescent.*
- * *Reconvalescing*, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) *convalescence.*

* **Recriminant'**, (w.) m. (*L. lat.*) *Lav.* **recriminato**r. — **Recrimin'at**, (w.) v. *intr.* to **recriminate**. — **Reconvention'**, (w.) f. 1) **reconvention**; 2) **as Gegenlage**.

Recruit, (n.) m. (from the Fr.: *recrue*) recruit. — **Recruti'ng**, (n.) v. & i. to recruit. — **Recruti'ng**, (n.) f. the (act of) recruiting.

* *Metascensibū*, (w.) f. (Lat.) Astr. right ascension (gerade Aufsteigung).

Rechtswechsel, (skr.) m. (in Deutschland: nicht an Order) sola-bill; (in England: wenn keine Order genannt ist) direct bill.

* Rectificá'bel, *adj.* (*L. Lat.*) rectifiable.
— Rectificá'ren, (*v.*) *v. & tr. Chem.* to rectify;
to try (a liquor); hēðst —, to alcoholise.

* *Rektor*, (adv., pl. [w.] *Rektoren*) m. (Lat.) rector (the highest academical dignity, also: director of a gymnasium); — eines Collegiums, principal of a college; — wärde, f. *Rektur* (adv.) m. rectorship.

* *Recurri*'ren, (w.) v. *intr.* (Lat.) to have recourse (auf [with Acc.], to). — *Recur's*, (adv.) m. *Law*, see *Recurs*.

* *Rebacteur'* [*pr.* -tôr'], (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) editor of a newspaper or journal; reviewer.

management; editorship; 2) a) collect. the editors; b) editors' office; 3) see *Wbaffung*; 4) version. — *Wbachtung*, adj. editorial.

* **Nichtat'ren**, (w.) v. tr. to antedate, see
Nicht'erbr'eit, (adv., pl. N-er) n. Mar.

scuttle of a boat's well-room. [(the sails).
Steb'ern, (w.) v. tr. Mar. to trim, dress
St'bc. (w.) f. 1) a) speech, language:

b) *Wort*, n. (empty, &c.) words, (abusive, &c.) language; 2) a) speech, address, harangue, oration; discourse; b) conversation; 3) account, responsibility; 4) rumour, report; *die gebundene* —, poetry, verse; *die ungebundene* —, prose; *drücken Sie Ihre* — nicht, (apology of one who interrupts the speech of another) do not forget what you were going to say:

(Einem) — *Reden*, — und Antwort geben, to answer (one); to give account; er wollte mir darüber nicht — *Reden*, he would not deign me an explanation; die in — *Redende* Sache, the point, subject in question; Einem in die — *Reden*, to interrupt one; davon ist die — *Rede*, that is not the question; wozum ist die — *Rede*? what is spoken of? what is the question? what is the speech about? Den welchem Strich ist hier die — *Rede*? what war is here alluded to? which is the war in question? das ist keine — *Rede*, there is no question or doubt about it, that is out of question; davon kann keine — *Rede* (or die — *Rede*) sein, that is out of the question; das ist immer meine — *Rede*, that is what I always said; wenn die — *Rede* kommt, if the subject is mentioned; per — *Reden*, to mention, to discuss; per — *Reden* werden, to come to an agreement; es geht die — *Rede*, it is rumoured; es ist der — *Rede* werth, it is not worth speaking of or wasting breath upon; per — *Reden*, stellen, to take to task, to call to account; eine — *Rede* halten, to make a speech, to deliver an oration; eine Rede — *Reden*, to deliver a maiden-speech.

Rede ..., (derived from *Rede* & *Reden*) in comp. — *accus.* m. see — *ten*; — *art*, f. 1) mode of speaking, manner of expression, parlance; 2) dialect; — *bild*, m. figure, trope; — *bühne*, f. see *Rednerbühne*; — *fertig*, f. readiness of speech; — *figur*, f. *Rhet.* a figure or form of speech; — *form*, f. 1) form or mode of expression, turn of a phrase; 2) *Gramm.* mood; — *freiheit*, f. freedom of discussion; — *fügung*, f. construction of sentences; — *gefang*, m. see *Reditativ*; — *famyl*, m. debate, dispute; — *funß*, f. oratory; rhetoric; die *höchste* — *funß*, belles-lettres; — *künstler*, m. rhetorician; — *kurze*, f. laconism; — *lustig*, adverb of speaking, talkative.

Reden, I. (w.) v. tr. & intr. to speak (mit, to, with), to talk; converse; to discourse; wozum — *Rede*? what are you talking of? ich rede von demjenigen welche, &c., I speak of those, &c.; (mit) mit Gier zu —, to borrow the language or to use the words of Gierro; *Reden über* —, 1. to reprove, censure, blame one; 2. to slander; schlecht zu — sein, to have no good to say (auf *with Acc.*), off; auf Einem —, Einem zu Rede —, to speak ill of one; Einem das Wort —, to speak in one's behalf; er läßt mit sich —, 1. he is open to conviction; 2. *Comm.* he is open to an offer or not averse to bargaining; er läßt nicht mit sich —, he hears no reason, &c. *Reflex.*; den Feinden viel von sich zu — geben, to get vastly to be talked about; zum Frieden —, to speak in a conciliatory way, to be an advocate of peace; II. v. s. (str.) n. the (act of) speaking, &c.; viel Red von etwas machen, to make much ado or fuss about a thing; to branch out upon a thing.

Reden, p. a. speaking; expressive; r-r *Stärke*, art of oral representation (*opp.* plastic arts); ein r-bes *Wappen*, *Harald*. canting arms.

Redensart, (w.) f. 1) phrase, expression, term; eigenthümliche —, idiom; 2) pl. *fig.* empty words, words of course.

Redenswürth, (str.) m. see *Redenswürth*.

Reder, (w.) f. coll. (particul. empty) talk, sayings (*Gerbe*).

Rede ..., in comp. — *fang*, m. recitative; — *los*, m. sentence; — *los*, adj. shy of speaking, silent; — *mund*, m. 1) rhetorical ornaments; 2) or — *schmuck*, m. embellishment; — *schwing*, m. flight, soaring (of expression); — *theil*, m. *Gramm.* part of speech; — *theilchen*, m. particle; — *ton*, m. rhetorical accent; — *übung*, f. exercise of speaking; — *verbindung*, f. context; — *weise*, f. see — *art*; — *weisen*, n. stop, point.

* *Redigieren*, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) to edit, conduct (a newspaper or journal).

* *Rediscuntieren*, (w.) v. tr. to rediscunt.

Redlich, I. adj. 1) honest, fair, candid, plain, just; 2) coll. for *Redlichkeit*, &c.; II. *Redlichkeit*, f. honesty, integrity, probity, candour.

Redner, (str.) m. orator, public speaker; in comp. — *blumen*, f. pl. flowers of oratory; — *bühne*, f. tribune; chair; pulpit. — *Rednerin*, (w.) f. mod. cont. rhetorical expression or delivery. — *Redner* ..., in comp. — *gabe*, f. — *talent*, m. gift of eloquence; — *geherbe*, f. oratorical gesture. — *Rednerisch*, adj. rhetorical, oratorical. — *Redner* ..., in comp. — *funß*, f. rhetorical art, eloquence; — *funß*, m. pulpit, chair.

Rednisch, (str.) n. (*Jahn*, unusual) see *Redensart*, *Ausdruck* &c.

* *Redouten* [*pr.* redd'te], (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) Fort. redoubt; 2) masked ball, masquerade.

* *Redressieren*, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to redress; to rectify.

Redselig, I. adj. talkative, loquacious; II. *Redseligkeit*, (w.) f. talkativeness, loquaciousness, loquacity.

* *Reducieren*, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) to reduce, diminish.

* *Reducierung*, *Reduction*, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) reduction. — *Reducions* ..., in comp. — *circel*, m. proportional compasses; — *karte*, f. *Geogr.* Mercator's chart; — *quadrant*, m. sinical quadrant; — *tabelle*, f. table of reduction.

Rede (of Red), *Mar. interj.* about ship!

Rede, (w.) f. see *Rade*.

Rede, &c., see *Rede*, &c.

Rede, (str.) n. *Mar.* reef; — *band*, n. reef line. — *Reden*, (w.) v. tr. to reef (the sails).

Redf ..., in comp. — *gat*, n. eyelet-hole of a reef; — *längel*, m. cringle for the reef-tackle; — *nadelspiel*, n. reef-earings; — *näse*, f. reef-tackle.

* *Redf*, adj. (Fr.) 1) real; solid; 2) *Comm.* a) sound, respectable; b) honourable, fair; r-r *Beate*, good articles; r-r *Reflectanten*, bona fide bidders; r-r *Werth*, real value; r-r *Vertheile*, positive or tangible benefits; r-r *Verhandlung*, fair dealing. — *Redflichkeit*, (w.) f. solidity, &c.; honorability, fairness.

Redp, (str.) n. *provinc.* (N.G.) *Mar.* rope; — *schäger* or *Redp'er*, (str.) m. rope-maker, roper, see *Seilr.*

Reds, (str.) n. *Mar.* seam.

* *Reduktion*, (w.) f. (*Deutsch*) *Comm.* abatement, breakage, tret, allowance.

* *Referat*, (str.) n. (*Lat.*) n. exposition, report, statement, return; review.

* *Referendar*, (str.) or *Referendarin*, (sing. not decl. pl. (w.) *Referendar*) m. (*Lat.*) *Law*, referendary (young lawyer [barrister] practising without emolument at some court); — *richter*, m. pl. commissioners.

* *Referent*, (w.) m. (*Lat.*) reporter; ber — *einer* Deputation, chairman of a committee.

* *Referenz*, (w.) f. reference.

* *Referieren*, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) to report; *Law*, to sum up; einen Eid —, see *Zurückgeben*; entlich —, to lodge information; *Referir* *funß*, f. art of relating, of reporting upon any thing.

Reif, (str.) n. 1) back-basket, dorsor; 2) *Mar.* see *Reif & Riff*; 3) see *Raufe*, 1 b & 2; 4) *Forr.* a kind of brake or barnacle; 5) † back.

Reifein, see *Riffen*, 1.

Reifen, see *Reifen & Riffen*.

Reif ..., in comp. — *Ride*, pl. branches of a dorsor; — *träger*, m. porter; hawker, pedlar.

* *Refectant*, (w.) m. *Comm.* one who offers to buy, purchaser, buyer; einen R-en finden, to get an offer.

* *Refectieren*, (w.) v. I. intr. (*Lat.*) to redect; auf etwas (*Acc.*) —, to take notice of, attend to; die *Sorten* auf welche ich reflectire, the sorts I want; man reflectirt vorzüglich auf

diese *Beate*, this article is most in favour; er reflectirt ernstlich darauf, he is in earnest with his offers; zur Zeit reflectire ich nicht auf ..., at present I am not for ...; auf einen *Commiss* —, to think of engaging a clerk; II. tr. to reflect (rays of light).

* *Reflex*, (str.) m. *Phys.* reflection. — *Reflexion*, (w.) f. *Phys.* & *fig.* reflection.

* *Reflexions* ..., in comp. — *ebene*, — *fläche*, f. *Opt.* plane of reflection; — *kreis*, m. *Astr.* reflecting circle; — *linie*, f. reflecting-line, line of reflection; — *perpendikel*, m. cathetus of the eye, cathetus of reflection; — *punct*, m. point of incidence or of reflection; — *strahl*, m. ray or beam of reflection, reflected beam or ray; — *telescop*, n. reflecting telescope; — *spiegel*, m. reflector; — *winkel*, m. *Opt.* angle of reflection.

* *Reform*, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) reform. — *Reformation*, (w.) f. reformation. — *Reformator*, (str., pl. (w.) *Reformatoren*) m. reformer. — *Reformativisch*, adj. reformatory. — *Reformieren*, (w.) v. tr. to reform. — *Reformirte*, m. & f. (*decl. like* adj.) reformist, Calvinist.

* *Refraction*, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) *Opt.* refraction; *Refraction*, f. diacritical curve; *Refraction*, n. refracting telescope, refractor; *Refraction*, m. *Opt.* angle of refraction.

* *Refrain* [*pr.* refräng], (str., pl. *Refrain*) m. (*Fr.*) *Mus.* burden of (or tag-and to a song, refrain. — [to refuse.

* *Refrairen* [*pr.* refräi-], (w.) v. tr. (Fr.)

* *Regal*, adj. (*Lat.*) regal, royal.

* *Regal*, s. (str.) n. 1) *Mus.* regal (register of an organ); 2) (book) case, pigeon-hole, stand, shelf; 3) *Typ.* a) stand; b) eight-lines-pica; 4) entertainment, feast; 5) (an den Capitän) primage, extras; 6) (or *Regale*, n. pl. *Regalien*) regal, royal prerogative; royalty.

Regallfolie, (str. pl. *Rege*) n. royal folio.

* *Regallren*, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to regale, treat, entertain.

Regalpapier, (str.) n. paper royal.

Rege, I. adj. moving, stirring; quick; movable; active, industrious; stirred up, lively, alive; watchful (care); — *Rauf*, active bidding; — *machen*, to stir up, raise, move, quicken; to awaken, arouse, excite, prompt; wieder — werden, to revive; das *Wild* ist —, *Sport.* the game is wild; *Min-s.* das *Gerren* wird —, the rock shakes; das *Bergwerk* wird —, the mine promises well; II. s. (str.) f. 1) movement, activity, liveliness; 2) see *Stange* &c.

Regel, (w.) f. 1) rule, precept, axiom; principle; standard; *Ecol.* discipline, rule; 2) *Med.* menses, menstruation; unter — bringen, to regulate; es läßt sich nicht unter R-en bringen, it is insusceptible of rules; in der —, generally; — *de tri*, rule of proportion, rule of three; — *duplex*, — *quintuplex*, f. rule of five, double rule of three, compound proportion.

Regel ..., in comp. — *buch*, m. book of rules; — *gebäude*, m. *fig.* theory, system.

Regelhaft, adj. see *Regelrecht*. Rules.

Regeling, (w.) f. *Mar.* (rough tree-)rails.

Regelmann, m. *Silz-veas* ravel.

Regellos, adj. wanting rules, irregular, anomalous; orderless, disorderly; *Regellosigkeit*, (w.) f. the being without rules; irregularity; disorderliness.

Regelmäßig, adj. regular; r-r *machen*, to steady (the motion); *Regel*, (w.) f. regularity. [settles]

Regeln, (w.) v. tr. to regulate, order; to *Regel* ..., in comp. — *brücker*, m. regular, monk; — *recht*, adj. conformable to rule, correct, regular; — *schmidt*, m. *comf.* rule-maker; — *widrig*, adj. contrary to rule, ab-

—fuß, m. 1) foot of a roe; 2) see *Brechstein*; —füßig, adj. 1) deer-legged; 2) *fig.* quick of foot; —geld, —silbe, *f.* see —sigel; —gras, n. see *Quadrigras*; —heide, *f.* 1) see *Hirtengraber*; 2) (or —frant, n.) common broom (*Spartium scoparium* L.); —halb, —häute, n., —hage, *f.* roe-calf, (cinjährlig) fawn; —heute, *f.* leg of venison.

Rehfransheit, (w.) *f.* see *Rehe*, B.

Reh... (A.), in comp. —leder, n. doe-skin; —leuten, adj. (of) doe-skin.

Rehring, (str.) m. 1) see *Büsch*; 2) Bot. yellow or orange agaric (*Agaricus cantharatus* L.).

Reh... (A.), in comp. —posten, m. deer-shot, buck-shot; —rücken, m. loin, haunch of venison; —ruf, m. 1) call of deer; 2) call to ally deer; —schale, *f.* edge of the hoof of a roe; —schädel, m. see —leute; —schrot, n. see —posten; —schütter, m. see *Hirtenschäfer*; —spitzer, m. roe-buck six months old; —wisch, —wischter, n. venison; —zähne, n. see —halb; —zäge, *f.* roe-doe; —zemer, m. back or loin of a roe.

Reh... in comp. —ähle, *f.* (chamfering) brooch, rimer, opening-bit, square-iron, grater; —sch, m. dish, mortar for rubbing or

Rehsch, (w.) *f.* grater. [grinding.]

Reh... (from *Reichen*, cf. *Reib...*), in comp. —bellen, m. rub-ball, rubber (of card-makers, &c.); —bohrer, m. see *Reibbohrer*; —bret, n. *Mus.* rubbing-board, float, mortar-board; —bürste, *f.* flesh-brush; —faser, n. (L.) electrical fire.

Rehsche, (str.) n. grater.

Reh... in comp. —hammer, m. *Mus.* baying or pounding-hammer; —keffel, m. *Dy.* indigo-kettle; —lappen, m. rag to rub with, a rubber.

Rehren, (str.) v. tr. to rub; to grate; to bray, grind, pound (colours, &c.); to frot, gall; *Mus. glatt* —, to fatten, float (a wall); *Einem die Ohren* —, to box one's ears; *Seemanns etwas unter die Nase* —, *coll.* to cast in one's teeth, to upbraid one with something; *sich an Einem* —, *coll.* to mock; to attack, provoke.

Reh... in comp. —paußel, m. see —hammer; —paußel, m. 1) rubbing-post; 2) *fig.* hugging-stock, butt; —pauße, *f.* pounding vessel for ore; —presse, *f.* T. cutting-press, pining-press.

Rehrer, (str.) m. 1) rubber; grinder; 2) grater; 3) muller; 4) drill, wimble.

Reh... in comp. —schale, *f.* see *Reibschale*; —schüt, n. *provinc.* splinter bar; —spur, *f.* Sport trail, dung-track; —stein, m. see *Reibstein*; —steck, m. see —bret; —tafel, *f.* rubbing-table or block; —tuch, n. see —lappen; —wehl, n. Lock-sm. drill, wimble.

Reh... in comp. —holz, n. 1) see *Reibholz*; 2) —hölzer, pl. *Mus.* fenders, loose skids or skeds. ((*Equisetum hyemale* L.).

Rehstich, (str.) m. Bot. river-horse-tail
Reh... in comp. —seule, *f.* brayer, pestle; —stein, m. 1) a) levigating-stone; b) miller; 2) *Privet*, ink-block.

Rehring, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) rubbing, &c. friction, rub; 2) *fig.* trifling difference, clash.

Rehrung... in comp. —bewegung, *f.* rubbing, frictional movement; —(electricität, *f.* frictional electricity; —geräusch, n. friction-sound; —rücken, m. *Elec.* rubber; —messer, *f.* tribometer; —paße, compensation-balance; —rücken, pl. friction-matches, lucifers.

Reh... in comp. —zeug, n. see *Reiber*, 1 & 2; —rücken, n. pl. friction-matches, lucifers (*Electricitätsrücken*).

Reich, I. adj. 1) rich; abounding (an *with* *Det.*); in) opulent, wealthy; 2) copious, abundant; cine r-e *Reichthum*, a diversified landscape; *Script-s.* die sieben r-en Jahre,

the seven years of plenty; ber r-e *Ramm*, Dives; II. R-e, a. (*decl. like adj.*) m. & f. the rich (man, &c.).

Reich, a. (str.) m. 1) reign, empire, realm, kingdom; 2) a) the German empire; b) upper Germany; 3) T. family, kingdom; 4) government, reign.

Reich... in comp. —bart, m. *loc.* rich man; —bitterig, adj. foliose, polyphyllous; —blüthig, adj. multiflorous.

Reichen, (w.) v. I. tr. to reach, hand, serve, pass; to give, present; to offer, to furnish; to deliver; to minister, administer: *die Hand* —, to reach out one's hand; *helfreiche Hand* —, to lend a (helping) hand; *man reicht ihnen Speisen*, meats were served out to them; *er reicht ihm das Wasser nicht*, *proverb.* he is not worthy to hold a candle to him; II. *intr.* 1) to reach, extend (to); *ich kann so weit nicht* —, it is out of or not within my reach; *wer reicht an ihn (heran)?* *fig.* who comes up to or equals him; 2) a) to be sufficient, &c. see *hinreichen* II, 2 & *auskommen*, 4 a; b) to last (until); *das wird nicht weit reichen*, that will not go far (go only a little way); *die Erzählung reicht bis ...*, the narrative comes down to ...; *ebenso weit* — *wie ...*, to be coextensive with ...; *das Wasser reicht uns bis ans Kinn*, the water was chin-deep; *so weit wie das Auge reicht*, as far as the eye could stretch.

Reichreichen, (w.) v. tr. (*insep.*) T. to enrich (ore).

Reichgabel, (w.) *f.* reach-fork.

Reichhaltig, I. adj. plentiful, rich, ample, abundant, copious; II. R-feit, (w.) *f.* richness, abundance, copiousness.

Reichheit, (w.) *f.* richness.

Reichthum, (str.) m., R-Strant, (str.) n. *provinc.* vervain.

Reichthum, I. adj. plentiful, copious, abundant, profuse; ample; rich; large; — *so lang*, — *so schwer*, full as long, full as heavy; — *vorhanden sein*, to abound; *dieß giebt r-en Stoff zum Nachdenken*, this is fraught with matter for reflection; II. R-feit, *f.* plentifulness, &c.

Reichthum, (str.) *f.* *provinc.* see *Abgabe*, 2.

Reich... in comp. imperial, relating or belonging to the empire; —abschick, m. recess of an imperial diet; —acht, *f.* ban (outlawry) of the empire; in *die* —acht erklären, to put to the ban of the empire; —ächter, m. outlaw; —adel, m. nobility of the empire; —adler, m. imperial eagle; —anlege, *f.* —anstellung, m. general contribution; die *Geologische anstalt*, the Geological Survey of the (Austrian) Empire; —ausgeber, m. Imperial Gazette; —appel, m. imperial globe with a cross on it (as an emblem of imperial power); —armee, *f.* imperial army; —baron, m. see —freiherr; —bauer, m. peasant of an imperial village; —beamter, m. officer of the empire; —bedienter, n. see —gutachten; —bote, m. messenger of the empire, imperial messenger; —bürger, m. 1) citizen of the empire; 2) citizen of an imperial city; —canceller, m. chancellor of the empire, realm; —casse, *f.* treasury of the empire; —collegium, n. council of the states of the empire; —dorf, m. immediate village of the empire; —erbsam, n. hereditary office of the empire; —erbsam, m. hair apparent; —ergam, n. high office of the empire; —ergamler, m. grand or arch chancellor of the empire; —fiscus, m. attorney-general; —folge, *f.* succession; —frei, adj. free of the empire (subject to the emperor and the empire only); —freiheit, *f.* freedom of the empire; —freiherr, m. baron of the empire; —freiherrlich, adj. relating or belonging to a baron of the empire; —fürst, m. prince of the empire; —fürstlich, adj. relating to a prince of the empire; —fuß, m. standard of the coin of the

empire; —geld, n. see —münze; —genoss, m. member of the empire, co-estate; —gericht, n. supreme court of the empire; —geschichte, *f.* history of the empire; —gesetz, n. law or act of the empire; —gesetzlich, adj. conformable to the laws of the empire; —graf, m. count of the empire; —gräflich, adj. relating to a count of the empire; —gulden, m. *Nem.* imperial florin; —gutachten, n. decree of the (German) empire; —handel, m. matter concerning the empire; —herr, n. see —armee; —herkommen, n. usage established in the empire; —hofrat, m. 1) high court of judicature in the empire, imperial aulic council; 2) member of the imperial aulic council; —insigeln, *f.* see —Kreuzzeichen; —kammergericht, n. *Germs. Hist.* imperial chamber (at Weitzlar); —kanzlei, *f.* chancery of the empire, imperial chancery; —Kreuzzeichen, n. pl. insignia of the empire (crown, sceptre, globe, &c.); —kreis, m. circle of the empire; —Krone, *f.* 1) imperial crown; 2) *Nem.* crown-stamp; —Land, m. territory belonging to the empire; —Leute, n. imperial fee; —Leute, pl. immediate subjects of the empire; —matrikel, *f.* list or roll of the members of the empire; —Münze, *f.* *Nem.* current coin of the empire; —Oberhaupt, n. head or chief of the empire; —Parlament, n. imperial empire; —Pflanz, *f.* immediate territory belonging to the emperor and empire; —Pfleger, m. governor of such a territory; —Proberath, n. alloy of ten parts of tin and one of lead (*Pewer*); —Rath, m. 1) council of the empire, senate; 2) member of the council of the empire, senator; —ritter, m. knight of the empire; —rolle, *f.* see —matrikel; —sache, *f.* matter or concern of the empire; —sach, m. freeholder of the empire; —scpter, n. imperial sceptre; —schuß, m. decree of the empire; —schußlich, m. criminal judge in the imperial towns; —Stadt, *f.* imperial city, free-town; —Städter, m. inhabitant of an imperial city; —Staat, m. state of the empire, pl. estates of the realm; —Ständisch, adj. belonging or relating to a state, &c. of the empire; —Ständischheit, *f.* rights and privileges belonging to a state of the empire; —Steuer, *f.* contribution towards the exigencies of the empire; —tag, m. imperial diet; —tagesscheide, m. see —abschick; —tagesscheide, m. deputy to the diet; —thaler, m. rix-dollar; —truppen, *f.* pl. imperial troops; —unmittelbar, adj. immediate; —unmittelbarheit, *f.* immediateness (of the princes and imperial cities of the German empire); —verfassung, *f.* constitution of the empire; —versammlung, *f.* assembly of the states of the empire; —verwaltung, —verweisung, *f.* —vicariat, n. administration of the empire, regency; —verweser, —vicar, m. vice-regent or vicar of the empire; —vogt, m. prefect of the empire; —wälder, n. pl. see —truppen; —währung, *f.* standard-(currency) of the empire; —wappen, n. (coat of) arms of the empire; —werth, m. see —währung.

Reichthum, (str.) pl. *Reichthümer* m. 1) riches, wealth, opulence; 2) abundance, fullness, affluence, plenty, profusion, richness, copiousness.

Reichthum, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) reaching, &c. cf. *Reichen*; 2) *provinc.* see *Abgabe*, 2.
Reif, adj. ripe, mature (*für, zu, for*); mellow; *fig. üt.* [front; 2) Bot. *pruina* (Lat.).

A. *Reif*, (str.) m. 1) ring, hoop or white
B. *Reif*, (str.) m. 1) rim; 2) hoop; circle, circle; wheel; ferrule; tire; moulding; 3) *Archit.* fillet; 4) *Lock-sm.* a) cap of the ward; b) edge, chamfrel of a key-bit; 5) *Gummi*, breach-moulding; 6) *Furr.* corner of a horse's hoof; 7) *provinc.* a kind of snow-shoes; 8) t. rope, see (L. G.) *Reep*; R-e um ein Faß legen, to hoop a cask; den R-en schlagen or

treiben, *Gom.* to play at hoop, to trundle or drive hoops.

Reif..., *in comp.* —*bauf*, *f.* rope-walk; —*beuge*, *f.* Coop. hoop-bender; —*huber*, *m.* hoop-maker.

Reife, (*w.*) *f.* ripeness, maturity, mellowness; *Ag.* fitness; *jur.* — *kommen*, *Ag.* to come to (a state of) maturity.

Reifeisen, (*str.*) *n.* hoop-iron, band-iron. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* to play at hoop; II. *tr.* *Archit.*, &c. to chamfer, rifle, flute; Reifeisen, Reifeholz, *n.* tool to indent leather, &c.

Reifen, (*str.*) *m.* see Reif, B.

A. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. i. intr.* (*awa.* [ein]) to grow ripe, to ripen; to mellow; II. *tr.* to bring to maturity; to ripen, mature; getrift, *p. a.* mature.

B. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*impers.*) to rime (*cf.* Reif, A.).

C. Reifein (from Reif, B.), (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) Join., *Archit.*, &c. to groove, channel; 2) to furnish with a rim or edge; 3) Coop. to hoop (a cask).

Reife..., *in comp.* —*baute*, *f.* *Surg.* a contrivance for keeping the bed-clothes from lying on a ruptured limb (*lat.* *fulcrum tegmenis*); —*spiel*, *n.* a game with hoops thrown by means of a stick from one player to another who catches the hoop and throws it back in his turn to his partner similar to the Engl. game, called "the grocer".

Reif..., *in comp.* —*glas*, *n.* see Reifglas; —*haken*, *m.* T. tire-hook.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* see Reife.

Reifeholz, (*str.*) *n.* wood for hoops, hoop-Reif, *adj.* channelled, grooved.

Reife..., *in comp.* —*flaßen*, *m.* T. chamfer-clamp; —*hupfer*, *m.* hooped copper.

Reifein, *adj.* mature.

Reifein, (*str.*) *n.* Coop. from-knife.

Reifein, (*str.*) *n.* (from Reif, A.) the month of November.

Reife..., *in comp.* —*rod*, *m.* hoop-petticoat; —*spielen*, *spiel*, *n.* playing at hoop, *cf.* Reifein; —*schläger*, *m.* see Reifein; —*stöße*, *m.* —*stößen*, *f.* —*stößen*, *m.* *pl.* see —*hölz*; —*tan*, *m.* see Ringeltanz; —*treiber*, *m.* T. hoop-cramp; —*unterrod*, *m.* see —*rod*; —*jänge*, *f.* —*gleiter*, *m.* see —*beuge*; —*zwinge*, *f.* Coop. hoop-cramp or vice-pin.

Reifein, Reifein, *m.* see Reifein, Reifein.

Reifein, (*str.*) *n.* Mar. ribband.

Reifein, (*str.*) *n.* see Reifein.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* 1) row; string; rank, file; line; 3) range; ridge; tier; 3) order; series; course; 4) suite; train (of thoughts, &c.); suit, set; 5) line, succession; turn; 6) line, see Zeile; die hintersten or letzten Reien, rear; — und Gleich, rank and file; in — und Gleich, in array; die — ist am mir, ich bin an der —, it is my turn; an wem ist die —? whose turn is it? ich verrichtete es in meiner —, I took (it in) my turn; wenn ich an die — komme, when it comes to my turn; nach der — or der — nach, 1. by ranks, by files; 2. by or in rotation, in order, in turn, by turns, in succession, successively; coll. (turn and) turn-about; außer der —, out of turn; ein Jeder nach der —, every one in his turn or course; nach der — stellen, to place in a line or row, to rank, range.

Reifein..., *in comp.* see Reifein...

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* 1) processional row; row of singing dancers; 2) circular dance accompanied by song and music; 3) song.

A. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) to put or set in a row; to file, to rank, range; 2) *See.* to baste, stitch loosely; 3) to string (together), to connect; 4) to stitch, baste; 5) T. to hollow by hammering; II. *intr.* to dance and sing in chorus.

B. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Sport.* 1) to cry, bark; 2) to be in rut; to tread (of water fowls).

Reifein... (from Reife, *f.*), *in comp.* —*fahrt*, *f.* passage by turn; —*folge*, *f.* —*gang*, *m.* rotation, succession; —*haken*, see Reifein; —*hammer*, *m.* T. hollowing-hammer; —*marfch*, *m.* *ML.* file-marching, marching in file; —*ordnung*, *f.* see —*folge*; —*reit*, *f.* *Russ.* a row of grain sowed by a drill-plough; —*stempelstein*, *f.* *Agric.* ridge-drill; —*stift*, *n.* see Ringstift.

Reifein, (*adv.* 1) in rows; 2) by turns.

Reifein, (*str.*, *pl.* Reifein) *m.* (from Reifein, *m.*) circular dance.

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Sport.* wild gander or drake; 2) *Ornith.* heron (*Ardea cinerea* L.); 3) *Mar.* lashing, lash; *in comp.* —*beize*, —*jagd*, *f.* heron-hawking; —*busch*, —*gras*, —*haken*, *m.* plume of heron-feathers; *Ornith.* —*reit*, *f.* tufted, poachard (*Fuligula cristata* Ray.); —*fall*, *m.* see Reifein; —*feber*, *f.* heron's feather; —*geflügel*, *n.* —*hüte*, *f.* —*hahn*, *m.* heronry (†: heronshaw); —*gras*, *n.* Bot. feather-grass (*Stipa pennata* L.); —*hüte*, *m.* head-falconer; —*hüte*, *m.* Bot. heron's-bill (*Brachium cinerarius* L.).

Reifein... (from Reifein, *v.*), *in comp.* —*haben*, *f.* —*braut*, *m.* *See.* basting-thread; —*haken*, *m.* *Wass.* heddle-hook; warp-crook; —*nadel*, *f.* 1) basting-needle; 2) see —*haken*; —*nagel*, *m.* pole-bolt (of a carriage); —*quest*, *m.* the privilege and practice of selling beer and other liquors passing in regular succession from one inhabitant of a (smaller) place to another; —*schule*, *f.* school held at the different houses of several families in regular succession; —*tan*, *n.* *Mar.* lash, preventer-sheet; —*um*, *I. adv.* by turns; see (nach der) Reifein; II. *a. (indirect.)* *n.* rotation, turn.

Reifein, see Reifein.

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* royal mast.

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* rhyme; poem, copy of verses; ein — auf (with Acc.), a rhyme to ...

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* kind, form of rhyme.

Reifein, (*adv.* 1) that may be rhymed;

2) *Ag.* consonant to reason, reasonable.

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* see Reifein.

Reifein, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr. cont.* to rhyme, to make doggerel verse.

Reifein, (*w.*) *v. i. tr. & refl.* 1) to rhyme;

2) *Ag.* to agree, square, tally; II. *tr.* to make rhyme. — Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* rhymet, rhyme-master. — Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* (the practice of) rhyming; *cont.* making bad verses. — Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* poetaster.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* cadence, musical or final pause; —*form*, *f.* see —*art*;

—*frei*, —*los*, *adj.* rhymeless, blank; —*füßer*, *m.* expletive; —*geflügel*, *n.* poem in rhymes.

Reifein, (*adv.* rhymed, in rhyme.

Reifein, (*str.*, *pl.* Reifein) *f.* art of rhyming.

Reifein, Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* see Reifein.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*schub*, —*schub*, *m.* strophe, stanza; —*schub*, *m.* rhymet, rhyme-ster; —*stille*, *f.* syllable which contains the rhyme; —*truch*, *m.* maxim, saying in rhyme; —*weis*, —*weise*, *adv.* in rhymes; —*wort*, *n.* the word which rhymes.

Reifein, *I. adj.* 1) clean; pure; clear; 2) innocent; 3) correct, pure; 4) sheer, downright;

reife Vermögen, unincumbered property; reife Bieh, see Reifein; reife Scher, *Div.* sound doctrine; reife Gegenfatz, exact contrary; er that es aus reife Vermögen, he did it for the pleasure of doing so; das reife Denken, abstract reasoning; reife Ruf, fair fame; die reife Wahrheit, the plain truth; eine reife Ede, a downright lie; Comm- reife Bilanz, reife Saldo, neat balance; reife Ertrag or Gewinn see —*ertrag*; ein reife Gewissen, a clear conscience;

reife Hand halten, to keep one's counsel, to keep secret; Einem reife Reifein, coll. to tell one the plain truth; sich —*brinnen* (wollen), to (endeavour to) pass one's self off for innocent; reife Reifein, sheer carelessness; ins or aus reife Reifein, to copy (out) fair, to engross; reife ins or aus reife Reifein, *Ag.* to make a clear account of, to free from embarrassments, to set in order, clear (up), settle, arrange; aus reife Reifein, to come to a settlement or an arrangement, to be settled; to get to the bottom of, to sift (a matter); einen Hund —*breifen*, *Sport.* to break in a dog for one sort of game only; II. *adv.* 1) cleanly, &c.; 2) coll. clean, quite, absolutely, entirely; —*heraus*, plainly; —*geräumt*, *Adv.* in perfect tune.

Reifein, *s. (str.)* *m.* see Reifein.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* Comm. best sort of Riga-hemp; —*baum*, *m.* clean proof, see Edelbaum.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* poet. see Reifein.

* Reifein Claude (*pr.* ran clöd), (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) Rom. grosgang.

Reifein, *m.* Bonard, Reynard (a proper name [L. G. *divin.* of Reifein], *i. e.* strong in counsel), applied to the fox in fable).

A. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) see Reifein; 2) *Sport.* to trot, to run.

B. Reifein, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *, see Reifein.

Reifein, (*str.*, *pl.* Reifein) *m.* clear gain or profit, clear account, neat or not proceeds, not produce.

* Reifein (*pr.* rün-), (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) Rom. rennet apple, golding.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*flaße*, *m.* Comm. cleansed fax from Navarra; —*geist*, *m.* pure spirits (of wine); —*geist*, *adj.* Bot. luteous; —*gewicht*, *n.* neat weight; —*glänze*, *adj.* of pure faith; —*hant*, *m.* dressed or clean hemp.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* purity; pureness; clearness; cleanness; innocence; integrity; chasteness (of style, &c.).

Reifein, see Reifein.

Reifein, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clean, clear, cleanse, purge, to purify (*also Ag.*); to wash; to sweep; to rinse; Chem. to rectify; *Surg.* to absterge; to scour; to refine, try (metals).

Reifein, (*str.*) *m.* cleaner, clearer, purifier, &c.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* cleanliness, &c. see Reifein.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (the act of) cleaning, &c. of Reifein; purification; Chem. affluage; rectification; 2) (monthly) Med. (monthly) courses.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*apparat*, *m.* purifying apparatus; —*brunnen*, *m.* Ecc. lustral font or well (in churches); —*eth*, *m.* oath of purification; —*fener*, *n.* *Nachd.* refining-fire; —*hahn*, *m.* (am Eylinder) Locom. purging-cook; —*korb*, *m.* *Wass.* wool-basket (*Töb.*); —*kosten*, *pl.* costs of cleansing; —*maschine*, *f.* see Reifein; —*mittel*, *n.* purgative; purging medicine, detensive; —*opfer*, *n.* lustral sacrifice; —*schraube*, *f.* (des Zündloches) *Gew.-sm.* clearing-screw; —*stift*, *m.* Locom. screw-plug, mud-plug; —*wasser*, *n.* lustral water; —*wege*, *m. pl.* *Anat.* amnutories, excretory ducts.

Reifein, see Reifein.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* T. third dressing given to a vine.

Reifein, *I. adj.* cleanly [kliml.] neat; II. *Reifein*, (*w.*) *f.* cleanliness, neatness.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*schmedel*, *adj.* pur-tasted; —*schreier*, *m.* fair copier, engrosser; —*stift*, *f.* fair copy.

Reifein, (*w.*) *f.* (from Reifein, *s.*) see Reifein.

Reifein..., *in comp.* —*schwingen*, *n.* T. the (act of) finishing, cleaning; —*vieh*, *n.* sound cattle.

A. Reis, (str.) *m.* rice (*Oryza sativa* L.); **Reisbrot** —, rice-bread; **Reisbrot** —, wild rice; **Reisbrot** —, floating meadow-grass; **Reisbrot** —, bright rice; — in **Reisbrot**, unhusked rice, paddy, paddee; **Reisbrot** —, polished rice.

B. Reis, (str., pl. **Reiser**) *n.* twig, sprig; *sic.*

Reis, (str.) *n.* province for **Reisig**.
Reis... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *m.* culture or cultivation of rice; — **Reiser**, *f.* riceflower; — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *m.* Dist. track; — **Reiser**, *n.* rice-pap.

Reis... (B.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* birch-broom; — **Reiser**, *m.* — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**.

Reis... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**.

Reis, (w.) *f.* 1) journey; travel; (jur.) see **Reis**; voyage; expedition, passage (von Hamburg nach Maritz, from H. to A.); auf der —, on or during the journey; when travelling; **Reis** —, passage out and home; **Reis** —, tour, ramble, excursion, trip; 2) Salt-water, eight or twelve painful of salt-water; 3) **Reis** —, the part of woven linen, &c. between the sley and the beam; **Reis** —, machine, to take a journey; **Reis** auf die —, machine, to set out, to go upon a journey; auf **Reis** gehen, to go to travel or on travels, to go abroad; **Reis** auf **Reis** (sich) —, to send one on his travels; **Reis** geht die —? whether are you bound? **Reis** —, to return from a journey; **Reis** auf **Reis**, he travels a great deal; **Reis** —, to wish a pleasant journey; **Reis** —, **Reis** über **Reis**, the journey will be continued by way of B.

Reis... (from **Reisen** & **Reise**), *in comp.* — **Reis**... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-costume; — **Reiser**, *f.* travelling or portable medicine-chest; — **Reiser**, *n.* & *m.* travelling or portable barometer; — **Reiser**, *m.* accessories for travelling; — **Reiser**, *m.* describer, writer of travels, voyages; travel; — **Reiser**, *f.* account of a travel voyage or journey, book of travel; **Reis** ist die **Reis** — **Reiser**, this is one of the best books of travel; — **Reiser**, *n.* travelling case; — **Reiser**, *n.* travelling bed; — **Reiser**, *f.* travelling library; — **Reiser**, *n.* pl. descriptive pictures of travels; — **Reiser**, *f.* goggles, eye-preservers; — **Reiser**, *m.* itinerary, traveller's manual, handbook, roadbook, guide; — **Reiser**, *n.* bundle of luggage, knapsack; — **Reiser**, *f.* pl. expenses (allowed) for travelling; — **Reiser**, *m.* Comm. travelling clerk, traveller for orders, (commercial) traveller; — **Reiser**, *f.* pl. recollections of travel; — **Reiser**, *adj.* ready for the journey, ready to set out or to start; — **Reiser**, *f.* case-bottle; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling harbingers; — **Reiser**, *f.* — **Reiser**, *m.* (— **Reiser**, *f.* female) fellow-traveller, travelling-companion; — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling suite or train; — **Reiser**, *m.* money for travelling; — **Reiser**, *f.* luggage; travelling-equipage; — **Reiser**, *adj.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *n.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* 1) food of rice; 2) Cook mould of rice; — **Reiser**, *f.* rice-soup.

travelling-coach; — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* delight in travelling, rambling spirit; — **Reiser**, *adj.* disposed for or fond of travelling; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-cloak; — **Reiser**, *adj.* 1) tired of travelling; 2) **Reiser** (Hartmann, &c.) fatigued from travelling, travel-worn; — **Reiser**, *f.* travelling-cup.

Reiser, (w.) *v.* **Reiser** (aus. sein & haben) 1) to travel, journey, to make a voyage; to go (nach, to), into (the country, &c.), to set out for ...; to go on travels; to pass (through ...); 2) **Reiser** to rise (of the sun); **Reiser** lässt nicht —, Comm. the house does not employ travellers; er ist schon weiter gereist, he has started again or proceeded on his journey; **Reiser**, *p. a.* travelling, itinerant; **Reiser**, *m.* & *f.* traveller; voyager; passenger; tourist; *f.* **Reiser**.

Reiser... *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* traveller's passport; — **Reiser**, *m.* 1) see **Reiser**; 2) a charity (given to a traveller), viaticum; **Reiser** — **Reiser**, to occupy the post of traveller; — **Reiser**, *m.* itinerant preacher; — **Reiser**, *n.* travelling-deck.

Reiser, (w.) *f.* pit-coal.

Reiser... *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-coat; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-bag, carpet-bag, portmanteau; — **Reiser**, *f.* wallet; — **Reiser**, *m.* 1) passport; 2) (travelling-) ticket; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-deck; — **Reiser**, *pl.* (Comm.) travelling expenses or charges; — **Reiser**, *m.* pocket mirror; — **Reiser**, *m.* traveller's stick, travelling-stick; — **Reiser**, *f.* rage for travelling; — **Reiser**, *f.* travelling pouch, wallet, *f.* — **Reiser**, *f.* travelling-case; — **Reiser**, *m.* travelling-carriage; — **Reiser**, *n.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *m.* caravan.

Reiser... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *n.* rice-ground; — **Reiser**, *m.* **Reiser**, *m.* **Reiser**, *m.* rice-bird, paddy-bird (*Oryzias hypoleucos* L.); — **Reiser**, *m.* auripigment; — **Reiser**, *f.* sprat-barley, rice-barley.

Reiser, **Reiser**, (str.) *n.* **Reiser**, (str.) *n.* brushwood, copse; small sticks of a fagot, loppings, spray; — **Reiser**, *m.* birch-broom; — **Reiser**, *m.* Archid. & Forst. brush-wood revelment.

Reiser, **Reiser**, (t & t) **,* travelling; prepared for the march or the fight; mounted; ein **Reiser** Pferd, a trooper's horse; **Reiser** (decl. like **Reiser**), *m.* horseman, trooper; warrior, soldier, (Zachokke) knight.

Reiser... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* Entom. rice-weevil (*Calandra oryzae* F.); — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *m.* rice-pudding; — **Reiser**, *m.* a kind of rice-pudding.

Reiser(e)läufer, (str.) *m.* (Swiss; MHG. *reis*, warlike expedition, &c.) a soldier in foreign service.

Reiser... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *n.* ground rice; — **Reiser**, *f.* rice-mill; — **Reiser**, *n.* rice-paper; — **Reiser**, *f.* 1) food of rice; 2) Cook mould of rice; — **Reiser**, *f.* rice-soup.

Reiser, *provenc.* (w.) *f.* 1) see **Reiser**; 2) see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, (w.) *v.* **Reiser** 1) to hatchel (flax); 2) **Reiser**, see **Reiser**.

Reiser... (A.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* rice-bird, rice-bunting; — **Reiser**, *m.* see **Reiser**.

Reiser... (B.), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *n.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* Archid. Scottish-work church.

Reiser, see **Reiser**.

Reiser... (from **Reisen**), *in comp.* — **Reiser** (or **Reiser**), *n.* (A & m.) (act of) running away, flight; — **Reiser**, *n.* to take to one's heels; — **Reiser**, *f.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *n.* see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *n.* black lead, drawing pencil; — **Reiser**, *m.* T. small auger; — **Reiser**, *n.* drawing-board; — **Reiser**, *m.* T. drawing compass; — **Reiser**, *f.* large harrow for heavy soil;

— **Reiser**, *n.* T. edged tool for cutting grooves &c.; marking iron.

Reiser, (str.) *v.* I. & R. 1) to tear; to scratch; to split (feathers, whale bone); to rend, cut; 2) to draw violently; to pull, snatch, wrest (out of one's hands, &c.); 3) to sketch, draw the outline, to draw, chalk; to delineate, design; 4) to geld (horses); 5) to blase (a tree); **Reiser** —, to draw a fish; **Reiser** —, to break ground; **Reiser** —, and **Reiser** **Reiser** —, to disabuse, undeceive; **Reiser** **Reiser** —, to help, pull out of or extricate, rescue from a danger; and **Reiser** **Reiser** —, to root from one's heart; **Reiser** **Reiser** —, to drag to ruin; **Reiser** —, to pull down; an **Reiser** —, to seize upon, grasp, usurp; to engross, monopolise; **Reiser** —, to play the fool; **Reiser** —, to cut jokes; **Reiser** —, to talk obscenely; **Reiser** —, *coll.* to rant (of actors); **Reiser** **Reiser** in allen Gliedern, I have (racking) pains in all my limbs.

II. **Reiser** (aus. sein & haben) 1) to burst, snap, break (as a thread, &c.); to shink, chap, gape, split, *f.* **Reiser**; (von Stahl beim Schneiden) to crack, to clink; **Reiser** **Reiser** die Geduld, I am out of patience, I lose all patience; 2) to move swiftly and vehemently; to be rapid, to tear along, sweep.

III. **Reiser**, *recip.* einander (more correct, but less usual than: **Reiser** um ...), to strive, scramble, contend for; to seek for, to endeavour to get, to take pains; man **Reiser** sich förmlich darum, they are quite mad after it; **Reiser**, *p. a.* **Reiser** (decl. like **Reiser**), jagged, slashed.

Reiser, *v.* (str.) *n.* 1) the (act of) tearing, &c., see **Reiser**; 2) — im **Reiser**, colic, gripes; — in den **Reiser**, violent and acute pain in the limbs; groin.

Reiser, *adj.* 1) rapacious, ravenous, wild (beast, &c.); 2) rapid; die **Reiser** **Reiser**, the articular disease; **Reiser** **Reiser** — ab, this commodity has a rapid sale or goes off with a run.

Reiser, (str.) *n.* Join. Corp., &c. cutting-point, tracer; marking-tool; mit dem **Reiser** —, to mark (casks).

Reiser... (from **Reisen**), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *f.* ruling-pan, drawing-pan; — **Reiser**, *m.* Lock-sm. mortise-chisel; — **Reiser**, *m.* T. habcock.

Reiser, (w.) *f.* **Reiser**, (str.) *m.* Bot. a superior edible mushroom, orange agaric (*Agaricus deliciosus* L.).

Reiser... (from **Reisen**), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *f.* blue-black, charcoal crayon or pencil; — **Reiser**, *f.* T. breaker, breaking-card; scribbler; — **Reiser**, see **Reiser**; — **Reiser**, *f.* pl. split lathes; — **Reiser**, *m.* **Reiser**, a species of bleak (*Oxyrinus bipunctatus* L.); — **Reiser**, *n.* T. 1) tracing-point; 2) mortise-gauge; — **Reiser**, *n.* Gold-b. flat gold-leaf knife or spatula; — **Reiser**, *n.* see **Reiser**; 1; — **Reiser**, *f.* drawing-rule, T-square; — **Reiser**, *m.* Gun-sm. tracing-point; Join. tracer; — **Reiser**, *n.* T. cutting-frame; — **Reiser**, *m.* Zool. fore-tooth, see **Reiser**; 1; — **Reiser**, *n.* case or collection of mathematical instruments; — **Reiser**, see **Reiser**.

Reiser, *n.* see **Reiser**.

Reiser, see **Reiser**.

Reiser, (w.) *f.* manege; riding-ground; riding-school.

Reiser, *adj.* that may or can be ridden.

Reiser... (from **Reiten**), *in comp.* — **Reiser**, *m.* jockey; — **Reiser**, *f.* housing.

Reiser, (w.) *f.* T. stamping-roller.

Reiser, (str.) *v.* I. & R. 1) see **Reiser**; 2) a) endgel; b) packing-stick (**Reiser**). — **Reiser**, (w.) *v.* to tighten by means of a packing-stick.

Reiser, (str.) *v.* I. & R. (aus. sein & haben) 1) to ride, to go on horseback; 2) to cover, couple (of quadrupeds); 3) **Reiser** —, to ride hard, to heave and set; **Reiser** —,

to be buried in the sea; auf dem Hals —, to ride exceedingly hard; II. fr. 1) to ride; Gallop —, to gallop; lahm or stumpf —, to founder (a horse); die Elle —, *loc.* to sell by retail; ein Prinzip —, to stick blindly to a principle; 2) *coll.* to ride or pirate (an author); r-b, p. a. riding, mounted; die r-de Artillerie, horse-artillery; r-de Polizei, horse-police; ein r-des Blatt, *Bot.* equitant leaf.

A. Reiter, a. I. (*str.*) m. 1) rider, horse-man; trooper; 2) *Eulom.* see Reitermann; 3) *Comch.* swift running crab (*Ocyrops cursor* L.); 4) *Ornith.* spur-wing (*Chiturg*); der reiche —, redshank (*Tringa gambetta* L.); 5) ram, tap, 6) T. cross-beam; 7) *Forst.* cavalier; *Mil.-u.* ein Regiment —, a regiment of horse; die Reiter-nisse —, *chevaux-de-frise*.

B. Reiter, (*str.*) m. & (*w.*) f. province. a large sieve, riddle (*Dorsal*, *Ac.* rudder, cf. Rätter, Räter etc.).

Reiter..., *in comp.* —auszug, m. cavalcade; —brigade, f. horse-brigade; —kürassier, f. carabine, carbino; —begen, m. cavalry-sword; —dienst, m. service or duty of a horse-soldier.

Reitererl' (*w.*) f. 1) *cont.* (mode or custom of) riding; 2) cavalry, horsemen, horse.

Reiter... (*from Reiten*), *in comp.* —fahne, f. (*dimin.* —fähnlein, n.) (I. u.) 1) standard; 2) a body of cavalry, squadron; —führer, m. cornet; —kürassier, f. carabine; —gar, *adj. coll.* half done (of meat); —geiß, m. *Mil.* salvage.

Reiterhaft, Reiterlich, *adj.* horseman-like, trooper-like.

Reiterin, (*w.*) f. rider, horse-woman.

Reiter..., *in comp.* —falter, n. see Roller, I.; —frant, n. *Bot.* water-aloe (*Baffrall*); —fünfte, f. pl. equestrian performances, feats of horsemanship.

Reitern, (*w.*) v. tr. province. for Sieben (cf. Rättern etc.).

Reiter..., *in comp.* —pferd, n. trooper's horse; —pistole, f. horse-pistol; —salbe, f. *vulp.* salve against lice or the itch, blue ointment.

Reiterstaff, (*w.*) f. horsemanship.

Reiter..., *in comp.* —kampf, f. cavalcade;

—kämpfe, f. battle, combat of horsemen.

Reitermann, m. *coll.* for Reiter, A. 1.

Reiter..., *in comp.* —Ritter, f. equestrian statue; —Reife, m. pl. jack-boots; —wache, f. 1) horse-guard; 2) sentinel on horse-back, vedette; —zug, m. cavalcade.

Reit'... (*from Reiten*), *in comp.* —fertig, *adj.* ready to mount; ready to be mounted; —garnitur, f. pl. stirrup-stockings; —geiß, n. *Mil.* see Reitergeiß; —gerste, f. riding-cane, horse-whip, cf. —peitsche.

Reit(h)'gruß, (*str.*) n. *Bot.* bog-reed, water-reed (*Calamagrostis* Roth.).

Reit'... (*from Reiten*), *in comp.* —gurt, m. broad girdle; —sattel, n. see —Reib; —seifen, m. hook or clasp for fastening up the skirt of a coat when riding; —salbe, f. *Mil.* heap of ore-dross after washing, heap of slag or rubbish; —schimmel, m. tap, ram; —schuh, m. habit-glove; —schuß, n. riding-house; —schuß, m. stone-horse, stallion; —seifen, f. pl. riding-trowsers; —sitten, n. pillow, pad; —Reib, n. riding habit (of a lady); Joseph; —schneid, m. groom; —tanz, n. *Mil.* knee of the sternpost; —teller, n. doublet; —tritte, f. see Reitertritte; —tunf, f. horsemanship, equestrian art; —tunf, f. pl. performances of horsemanship; —tanz, n. [tanz, f. see Reitermilde; —Reiter, n. riding-master.

Reit'lings, *adv.* a-straddle (*Rittlings*).

Reit'... (*from Reiten*), *in comp.* —mantel, m. riding-cloak; —maße, f. *Sport.* foul mesh or net; —mauß, f. see Reitermauß; —meister, m. see —Lehrer; —milde, f. see —laus; —schuß, m. bull; —peitsche, f. riding-whip, horse-

whip; —pferd, n. riding-horse, saddle-horse; —pistole, f. horse-pistol; —platz, m. riding-place, riding-ground; —post, f. mail; —red, m. riding-coat; —sad, m. see Mantelsad; —sattel, m. riding-saddle; —schimmel, m. carriage or cart in saw-mills; —schleife, f. trace-strap (of carriage-horses); —schleife, n. see Reibschleife; —schmidt, m. farrier; —schuß, f. 1) manege, riding-school; 2) round-about; —schüssel, m. riding-chair or stool; —Reib, m. stable for riding-horses; —seige, f. bridle bit, branch of a bridle; —Reife, m. pl. riding-boots, jack-boots; —Reid, m. *Turn.* sliding-puppet, head-stock with centre; —Reimpe, m. pl. stirrup-stockings; —Reib, m. 1) see —schleife; 2) see —Reid; —Reib, f. riding-lesson; —Reise, f. budget; —Reise, f. floor on which the corn is trodden out by horses or oxen; —Reithell, m. jossing-block; —Reithell, m. *Comm.* along, accommodation-bill, kite; —Reig, m. spur-way, horse-way; bridle-path, bridle-road, bridle-track; —Reim, m. see Reitermann; —Reig, n. riding-equipage; —zug, m. cavalcade.

Reig, a. (*str.*) m. 1) irritation; tickling; 2) a) provocation, provocative, sting; b) enticement, allurements, incentive, attractive; stimulus; 3) attraction, charm, grace, gracefulness.

Reigbar, L. *adj.* 1) *Med.*, &c. inflammable; 2) irritable, susceptible, sensible, nervous, sensitive; II. *Reigbar*, (*w.*) f. irritability, susceptibility, sensibility.

Reigen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to stimulate, tickle, excite, stir up; to incite, instigate (to evil); 2) to irritate, provoke; 3) a) to entice, allure; b) to charm, attract; r-b, p. a. 1) *Med.* stimulant; 2) charming, graceful.

Reig..., *in comp.* —fähig, *adj.* Phys. irritable; —Reier, n. *Med.* irritable ephemeral fever.

Reiglos, *adj.* charmless, unattractive; Reiglosheit, f. charmlessness, unattractiveness.

Reigmittel, (*str.*) n. incentive, provocative, *Med.* stimulating remedy, pl. stimulants; 2) *Ag.* inducement, incitement, stimulus.

Reigung, (*w.*) f. 1) stimulation, irritation; prompting; 2) provocation; 3) enticement, allurements, inducement; 4) charm.

Reigsen, (*Fr.*) see Reigsen.

Reit, *re.* see Reite, Reigel, 3 re.

Reig's (*pr. reig's*), (*str.*, pl. (*pr. reig's*)) n. (*Fr.*) relay.

Reigstau, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) relation, report.

Reigstau, L. *adj.* (*Lat.*) relative, respective; r-re *Reigstau*, comparative damage; II. s. (*str.*) n. *Gramm.* relative.

Reigstau, (*w.*) f. *Unis.* (*Lat.*) exclusion, expulsion. —Reigstau, (*w.*) v. tr. *Unis.* to expel.

Reigst, (*str.*, pl. R-8) n. (*Fr.*) 1) T. relief, relieve; 2) *Ag.* toll; —email, n. Jewel-embossed enamel; —karte, f. map in relief-manner; —(wagenbrud)maße, f. *Unico-print.* surface-printing-machine.

Religion, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) 1) religion; faith, persuasion; form of worship; ein Reu's ohne —, a man of no religion; Gegenstände der —, religious subjects; *Stud.* along, cash, blunt, tin.

Religion's..., *in comp.* relating to religion, religious; —angelegenheit, f. religious concern; —art, f. mode of religion; —buch, n. religious work; —duldung, f. toleration; —edikt, n. edict concerning religion; —eid, m. oath to profess a certain religion; test; —eifer, m. religious zeal; —freiheit, f. free exercise of a religion, religious liberty; —friede, m. peace by which religious differences are settled; —gebräude, m. pl. rites; —geschichte, f. history of religion; —geisteshaft, f. religious community or persuasion;

—gespräch, n. discourse on religious points; —krieg, m. war concerning or of religion; —lehre, f. doctrines or dogmas of a particular religion; —lehrer, m. teacher of religion, divine.

Religionslos, *adj.* religionless.

Religions..., *in comp.* —meinung, f. religious opinion; —partei, f. religious party; —pflicht, f. religious duty; —sache, f. matter of religion, faith; —sag, m. religious dogma; —secte, f. religious sect; —stifter, m. founder of religion; —stifter, m. founder of a religion; —streit, m. religious controversy; —übung, f. exercise of religion, public worship; —unterricht, m. religious instruction; —verächter, m. despiser of religion, irreligious; —verachtung, f. contempt of religion, irreligion; —verbreitung, f. reformation; —verfolgung, f. religious persecution; —verweigerung, m. brother in (of) faith, ally by religion; —wahrheit, f. religious truth; —wechsel, m. change of religion; —wissenhaft, f. science of religion; —zwang, m. constraint in the exercise of religion; intolerance.

Religios, *adj.* (*Fr.*) religious. [*nom.*]

Religiosität, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) religious-ness, *see* Religiös.

Reliquie, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) (holy) relic.

Reliquen..., *in comp.* —dienst, m. see —verehrung; —fährten, n.; —fährten, m. shrine for relics, reliquary; —verehrung, f. worship of relics.

Reile, (*w.*), Reilmann, (*str.*, pl. Reilmann) f. *Zool.* fat dormouse (*Eichnefahler*, 2). Reimbaurment' (*pr.* rangbaurment'), (*str.*, pl. R-8) n. (*Fr.*) *Comm.* reimbursement. —Reimbaurment, (*w.*) v. tr. to reimburse, refund, repay, to make good.

Reimbaurment, (*str.*, pl. (*Lat.*) R-dia) n. (*Lat.*) *Mind.* remedy, allowance; —am Reim, allowance in alloy; —am Schrot, allowance in weight.

Reimel's, f. see Reimel's.

Reimel' (*pr. remi'*), p. a. (*Fr.*) of games:) draw; —Reimel, to lose the simple game (of L'hombre); das Reimel ist —, it is a drawn game (of chess).

Reimel', (*w.*) f. (*Fr.*) 1) coach-house;

2) *Sport.* preserve (for hares, partridges, &c.).

Reimel', (*str.*) m. see Reimel', 2.

Reimel'ten, (*w.*) n. pl. (*Lat.* Reimel'ten) *Book-s.* return-books, new publications which, not having been disposed of, are returned to the publisher; —factur, f. account current of the new publications returned to the publisher; —frage, f. book in which the new publications returned to the publisher are specified.

Reimittent', (*w.*) m. (*Lat.*) 1) *Comm.* remitter; 2) pl. *inconv.* see Reimittenten.

Reimittent, (*w.*) v. (*Lat.*) *Comm.* to remit; r-bes Reimittent, *Med.* remittent fever.

Reimitt, (*str.*) m. *Ornith.* pandulinea-timous (Centurion).

Reimten, pl. *Mar.* side-planks of a ship.

Reimten' (*pr. reimteng'*), (*w.*) f. (*Fr.*) remount (*Mil.* completion or supply of horses to regiments of cavalry); —pferd, n. remount-horse.

Reimten', Reimten'ung, (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) Reimten', (*w.*) f. *Stud.* along, jostling (considered as an insult). —Reimten', (*w.*) v. tr. to jostle.

Reimten, (*str.*) m. refectory (in monasteries and castles).

Reimten', (*w.*) m. (*Fr.*) accountant.

Reimten' (*pr. rangb'meng'*), (*str.*) m. (*Fr.*) *Comm.* returns for difference of weight.

Reimten', (*w.*) v. *inconv.* see Reimten.

Reimten', (*w.*) m. (*Lat.*) renegade.

Reimten', f. see Reimten.

Reimten', (*w.*) f. (*Lat.*) remittance.

renitency. — **Reniti'ten**, (w.) v. *intr.* to resist. [a kind of salmon (Blaufelchen).
Renl, (str.) m., **Ren'se**, (w.) f. *Lchln*.
Ren'cu, (w.) v. tr. (l. u.) to wrest, twist, turn. [*provinc. runnet*.]

Ren'n, l. (str.) n. t. see **Renntier**; II. f. **Ren'n**... (from **Rennen**), *in comp.* — **Ren'n**, f. 1) (race-) course, race-ground, turf; running-place; 2) T. gin-race (of a horse-gin); — **Ren'n**, m. tree of a windlass.

Ren'ne, *provinc.* (N. G.) see **Stinne**.
Ren'n'chen, (str.) n. T. 1) bloom, blooming; 2) rake.

Ren'nen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. sein & haben) & tr. 1) to run; to race, course; — lassen, to run (a horse); 2) *Sport*, to rut; II. tr. T. 1) to smelt (iron); 2) to float, raft (wood); 3) to coagulate (milk); to adulterate wine (by water); **Einem den Degen durch den Leib** —, to run a person through; **renn' sich** (sich) —, to run one's self aground, to founder; **renn** —, (str.) v. s. the (act of) running, &c.; run, career; running-race; tobics —, dead heat.

Ren'ner, (str.) m. 1) runner; 2) runner, courier, racer, race-horse.

Ren'n... (from **Rennen**), *in comp.* — **Ren'ner**, n., — **Ren'n**, m. *Sw.* running-out fire; — **Ren'n**, n. jumping-cart.

Ren'n'ier, (str.) n. **Ren'n'ier** (sch), (str.) n. *Zool.* rein-deer (*Cervus tarandus* L.).

Ren'n... (from **Rennen**), — **Ren'n**, f., — **Ren'n**, n. chase on horseback, hunt; — **Ren'n**, m. *Entom.* ground-beetle, crab-beetle (*Carabus* L.); — **Ren'n**, f. tilting lance; — **Ren'n**, f. *Zool.* jumping-mouse (*Meriones canadensis* L.); — **Ren'n**, n. see **Renner**; 2; — **Ren'n**, m. see **Ren'n**, 1; — **Ren'n**, f. sow at brim; — **Ren'n**, n. yacht, cutter, brigantine, spy-boat; — **Ren'n**, m. running-sledge; — **Ren'n**, n. 1) running-match; 2) tournament; — **Ren'n**, f. Mock drill; — **Ren'n**, m. *provinc.* see **Stimmstein**; — **Ren'n**, m. *Ornith.* a species of plover (*Charadrius Lestr.*); — **Ren'n**, m. chariot (for couring); — **Ren'n**, n. winning post.

Ren'n'm'ge [*pr. -zhe*], (w.) f. the (act or practice of) hectoring, bullying; boasting, bragging, swaggering.

Ren'n'm'it, (w.) v. *intr.* (Fr.) to hector, bully; to boast, brag, swagger.

Ren'n'm'it, p. a. coll. renowned, well-known; **cine r-e Stirma**, a firm of good repute.

Ren'n'm'it, (w.) m. hector, bully; swagger; — **Ren'n'm'it'et**, (w.) f. see **Ren'n'm'it**.

Ren'n'et [*pr. renong'et*], (w.) f. — **Ren'n**, *Comm.* not to be to follow suit; — **in Caro**, to have no diamonds. [*vate*.]

Ren'ni'ten, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to renovate.

Ren'ni'tel, (l. u.: **Ren'ni'ter**) *adj.* turning to account, paying well, yielding profit, profitable, productive; **wenig** —, rendering but a poor account; **ein Geschäft rentabel** modern, to make a business pay better.

Ren'tabilität, (w.) f. productiveness (*Ertragsfähigkeit*); **die** — **dieles** **Unternehmens** (ist noch fraglich), whether this will prove a paying undertaking is still a question; **Ab-schätzung**, f. calculation of prospective profit.

Ren't... (from **Rennte**), *in comp.* — **Ren't**, n., — **Ren'ter**, f. 1) board of revenue; exchequer; 2) office in the department of finance; — **Ren'ter**, m. officer of the exchequer (*Rechent*).

Ren'te, (w.) f. (Fr.) rent, income; **die fünfzigste** — **summt höher**, the French reverts come higher; **jährliche** —, annuity; **immer höher** —, perpetual annuity; **Ren'tenanstalt**, **Ren'ten**, f. annuity bank or society; **Ren'ten**, m. annuity-certificate; **Ren'ten**, m. stock-jobber; **Ren'ten**, m. see **Ren'tier**.

Ren'ter, **Ren'ter**, (w.) f. see **Ren'tant**.

Ren't'eren, **Ren't'en**, (w.) v. *intr.* to yield profit, to be profitable, to pay (well), to turn to advantage; **ein rentierender Betrieb**, remunerating price; **seine Fabriken** — **glängen**, his factories yield a first-rate profit or pay capially; **besser** **rentiert** **rentiert nicht**, this article does not answer; **bies rentiert besser**, this is more advantageous, pays better, turns to better account, gives a better return.

Ren'tier [*Fr., pr. rängtyr*], **Ren't'ier**, **Ren't'ier**, (str.) m. man living on his rents; annuitant; capitalist.

Ren't... (from **Rennte**), *in comp.* — **Ren'ter**, m. treasurer; receiver of the revenue; steward; — **Ren'ter**, f. exchequer; treasurer's office; — **Ren'ter**, m. clerk of the exchequer; — **Ren'ter**, m. guardian, trustee.

Ren't'en, (Fr.) see **Rajolen**.

Reparat'ur, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) repair, repairs; — **unwiderbigkeit**, f. state of wreck; — **Reparat'ur**, f. repairing shop.

Repar't'en, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to repair; **reparirt werden**, to be under repairs.

Repar't'ion, (w.) v. tr. (Fr.) to make a repartition, to allot, to divide in equal proportions; **lassen Sie uns den Schaden** —, let us share the loss. — **Repar't'ion**, (w.) f. repartition, allotment; **Re-stellung**, f. rule of partnership.

Repar'toir [*pr. -tör*], (str.) pl. R-8) n. (Fr.) *Theat.* 1) stock; 2) weekly list of pieces to be given; **das Stück hält sich noch immer auf dem** —, the piece still draws good houses; **er hat ein reiches** —, he is well up in many parts; — **Rück**, n. stock-piece.

Repar'torium, (str.) pl. R-8) or [w.] R-8) n. (Lat.) repertory; magazine.

Repetent, (w.) m. (Lat.) *Acad.* repeater, undermaster.

Repet't'en, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to repeat; to rub up (a lesson, &c).

Repet't... *in comp.* **Horol-s.** — **Repet't**, m. rack, ratchet; — **uhr**, f. repeating-watch, repeater; — **Repet't**, m. works of a repeater.

Repet't'ur [*pr. -tör*], (str.) m. *Mar.* repeater.

Repet't'orium, (str.) pl. [Lat.] R-8) or [w.] R-8) n. *Acad.* course of private lectures in which subjects of former lectures are repeated. [*to reply*.]

Repl'ic'en, (w.) v. tr. & *intr.* (L. Lat.)

Repl'it, (w.) f. (M. Lat.) *Law*, replication, reply, counter-plea, rejoinder.

Repor't, (str.) m. (—**conté**, m.) *Comm.* contango; — **Repor't**, n. continuation. — **Repor't'ur** [*pr. -tör*], (str.) pl. R-8) m., **Repor't'ende**, (*decl. like adj.*) m. reporter. — **Repor't'ite**, m. (*decl. like adj.*) reportee.

Repp'hun, see **Rebhun**.

Reprä'sentant, (w.) m. (Lat.) representative. — **Reprä'sentation**, (w.) f. (Lat.) representation. — **Reprä'sent'ion**, (w.) v. tr. to represent.

Reprä'sen'ten, pl. (L. Lat.) reprisals; — **sich**, to make or take reprisals (an [*with Dat.*], gegen, on); — **Reprä'sen'ten**, m. letter of mark.

Repriman'de, (w.) f. see **Reproch**.

Repri'se, (w.) f. (Fr.) 1) reprisal; 2) *Comm.* repurchase; recovery; 3) *Mus.*, &c. repetition.

Reprodu'ct'en, (w.) v. I. tr. (L. Lat.) to reproduce; II. *intr. Law*, to produce counter-evidence. — **Reprodu'ction**, (w.) f. reproduction.

Reps, (str.) m. 1) a kind of twilled silk-stuff, reps; 2) or — **Reps**, m. *Bot.* sweet naphew (*Brassica napus* L.).

Republi'can'er, (str.) m. (Fr.), **Republi'can'erin**, (w.) f., **Republi'can'isch**, *adj.* republican.

Republi'k, (w.) f. (Fr.) republic, commonwealth.

Repu'ls, (str.) m. (Lat.) repulsion, non-admittance; **einen** — **befommen**, to be rejected, to fail.

Reputation, (w.) f. (Fr.) reputation, credit, renown. — **Reput'ation**, *adj. coll.* reputable, creditable.

Requiem, (str., pl. R-8) n. (Lat.) requiem (a musical service for the dead).

Requirit', (w.) m. (Lat.) petitioner, requester. [*demand*.]

Requirit', (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to request.

Requisit, (str. & w.) n. requisite; pl. **Re-qu**, *Theat.* properties.

Requisition, (w.) f. requisition; **auf** — **von** ..., at the request of ...; **Re-schreiben**, n. written requisition.

Re'scrip't'en, (w.) v. *intr.* (Lat.) to issue a writ (*Re'scrip't*, [str.] n.).

Re'se'n, **Re'se'**, (w.) f. (Lat.) *Bot.* (sweet-scented) mignonette (*Rosa odorata* L.); **gelbliche** —, dyer's weed (*Raia luteola* L.).

Re'ser'v'gen [*pr. -zhen*], f. pl. *Dye*, resists, reserves.

Re'ser've, (w.) f. (Fr.) reserve; *in comp.* spare; — **anker**, m. spare-anchor; — **Re'st**, n. spare-bed; — **Re'st**, n., — **Re'st**, m. rest-capital, reserve or guarantee-fund; — **Re'st**, n. *Mil.* (body of) reserve; **Re'st**, — **Re'st**, m. spare or pilot-engine; **Re'st**, — **Re'st**, m. spare-stores and rigging; change; — **Re'st**, f. pl. cheek chains (between the carriage); — **Re'st**, n. pl. spare-sails; — **Re'st**, n. spare-cordage; — **Re'st**, n. pl. spare-horses; — **Re'st**, m. spare-room.

Re'ser'v'ion, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to reserve; **ich muß mir** (euch) — **Comm.** I must, however, condition.

Re'sident, (w.) m. (Lat.) resident.

Re'sidenz, (w.) f. (L. Lat.) residence; — **Re'st**, f. (place of) residence; — **Re'st**, n. castle of residence (of a prince).

Re'sid'ion, (w.) v. *intr.* to reside.

Re'signat'ion, (w.) v. (Lat.) I. tr. see **Entsagen**; II. *intr.* to resign; **auf** (with *Acc.*) —, to resign. — **Re'signat'ion**, (w.) f. resignation.

Re'sonanz, (w.) f. (Lat.) resonance, resonance, reverberation of sound; — **Re'sonanz**, m., — **Re'sonanz**, f. sound-board, (resounding-board (of a musical instrument); — **Re'sonanz**, n. sounding-board wood, belly-board; wood for musical instruments; — **Re'sonanz**, n. sound-hole.

Re'spect, (str.) m. (Lat.) respect, regard; **Jemand in** — **halten**, to keep one at a distance; **vor** (with *Dat.*) — **haben** or **hegen**, to have respect for ...; to show reverence to ...; **mit** — **zu** **meinen**, coll. saving (or with) your reverence.

Re'spect'ion, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) to respect, honour; **cine Unter'schift** —, *Comm.* to show due protection or honour to a signature; **sie nicht** —, to dishonour it.

Re'spectiv, *adj.* respective; 4 respective (*gener. resp.*) 4 1/2 % or say 4 1/2 per cent.

Re'spect... *in comp.* — **Re'spect**, m. pl. *Comm.* days of grace or respite; — **Re'spect**, *adj.* disrespectful.

Re'spi't'en, (str., pl. R-8) m. & n. (Hal.) *Comm.* respite, delay; **langer** —, long breathing time; **auf** —, see **auf Erbit**.

Re'sp'it... (Hal.) see **Re'spect**...

Re'spon'd'ion, (w.) v. *intr.* (Lat.) 1) to respond; 2) *Comm.* to be answerable for, to be bail or surety.

Re'spon's'ium, (str., pl. [Lat.] R-8) or [w.] R-8) n. (Lat.) *Ch.* response.

Re's'en, *Mis. I.* (w.) v. *intr.* to dig; II. s. (str.) m. washing-kannel.

Re'sort [*pr. resör*], (str., pl. R-8) n. (Fr.) *Law*, &c. resort; (extent of) jurisdiction; department, province. — **Re'sort'ion**, (w.) v. *intr.* (with *von* ...) to pertain (to ...).

f. see Gintagstleige; —wein, *m.* Rhinish wine, hock.

* *Rhe'tor*, (*str.*, pl. [*w.*] *Rhe'toren*) *m.* (*Gr.*) rhetor, orator. — *Rhe'torik*, (*w.*) *f.* rhetorics. — *Rhe'torisch*, *adj.* rhetorical.

* *Rhe'm'ma*, (*str.*, *n.*) *adj.* (*Gr.*) rheum. — *Rheumat'isch*, *adj.* rheumatic. — *Rheumat'is'mus*, (*sing.* not *decl.*, pl. [*w.*] *Rh'e'men*) *m.* rheumatism.

* *Rh'eus'ceros*, (*either* not *decl.*, or *str.* [*Gen.* *der Rh'eus, pl. Rh'eus*]) *n.* (*Gr.*) *see* *Rushorn*. *Rhe'dier*, (*str.*) *m.*, *Rhe'disch*, *adj.* Rhodian.

— *Rhe'di'zer*, ..., in *comp.* — *rh'eus*, *n.* 1) (*or* — *bern*, *m.*) *see* *Jerichorose*; 2) Rhodian or rose-wind; — *ritter*, *m.* knight of Rhodes.

* *Rhe'seden'dron*, (*str.*, pl. [*w.*] *R'heden*) *n.* *Bot.* rose-bay (*Rhododendron* L.).

* *Rhe'seden'stra*, *m.* (*Gr.*) *Geom.* rhomb. — *Rhe'sen'bis*, *adj.* rhombic. — *Rhe'sen'bein*, (*str.*) *n.* rhomboid. — *Rhe'sen'bein'ig*, *adj.* rhomboidal.

deliv'ry-ditch. *Rhe'sen'stett*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Dutch*) *Hydr.*

* *Rhe'sen'stett*, *adj.* (*Gr.*) rhythmical. — *Rhe'sen'stett*, (*sing.* not *decl.*, pl. [*w.*] *Rhe'sen'sten*) *m.* *T.* rhythm.

Rhe'se, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Rippe*.

* *Rhe'sen'bis*, (*n.*) (*Dutch*) *Comm.* re-exchange.

Rhe't'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *beut*, *f.* province, dresser (—board), kitchen-table; — *baum*, *m.* *T.* pole on which a pulley is fastened to wind building materials up; — *beil*, *n.* executioner's axe; — *blei*, *n.* *T.* plumb-line, plumb-rule, plummet; — *breit*, *n.* *Comm.* frontlet; — *schiff*, *f.* scaffold; — *cirfel*, *m.* *Bot.* protractor.

Richt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) straight direction or line; 2) row, range; in *die* — *gehen*, to take a short cut; *wieder in die* — *bringen*, to make straight or to set right again, to re-adjust.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *effen*, *n.* *T.* straightening iron or tool; — *ell*, *f.* standard-all.

Richt'lein, (*w.*) *v. instr.* (*Ellenst.*, *i. u.*) *cont.* to judge or criticize cautiously, to carp; to hypercriticize.

Richt'en, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. 1)* to direct, turn; 2) *a)* to straighten, flatten (a piece of iron, &c.), to level, plain; *b)* to raise, erect, place perpendicularly; *c)* to adjust, arrange, prepare, dress; *d)* to adapt, accommodate; 3) to level, point, aim (a piece of ordnance, &c.), *auf* (*with Acc.*), *gegen*, *st.* against; 4) to direct, address (one's speech, a letter to ..., &c.); *eine Frage* —, to put a question (an *with Acc.*), *to*; *eine Bitte* —, to make a request (an *with Acc.*) of, to; 5) *a)* to request, give or pass sentence on, to administer justice (to); *richtet nicht*, so *werdet ihr auch nicht gerichtet* (Luke 6, 37), judge not, and ye shall not be judged; *b)* *see* *Richt'en*, 3; *c)* to censure, criticize; *ein Haus* —, to erect or set up the timber-work of (the roof of) a house (generally accompanied with a treat given to the workmen); *ein Schiff* —, to put a ship in her sailing-trim; *die Segel nach dem Winde* —, to set the sails; *eine Uhr* —, *see* *Ein'lein*; in *'s Werk* —, to perform, effect, accomplish, put into practice; *zu Grunde* —, to ruin, destroy; *II. instr. Sport.* to lay snares (*with Dat.*, *for*); *III. refl. 1)* to turn in a certain direction; *richt' euch!* *Mit*, dress your make: *sch' gerabe* or in *die Höhe* —, to raise one's self, to rise; 2) *a)* (*with nach*) to take one's directions (from), to set according (to), to accommodate one's self or to conform (to), to be guided (by), to attend (to), to follow (one's example), to be adjusted or regulated (by); *es richtet sich nach den Umständen*, it depends on circumstances; *b)* (*with auf* (*with Acc.*)) to prepare or make preparations for.

Richt'et, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Comm.* pointer of

the cannon, captain-canonier; 2) judge, magistrate; *das Buch der* —, (the Book of) Judges; — *sein*, to sit in judgment (über, *with Acc.*, over), to be judge (of).

Richt'etern, (*str.*, pl. *R-änter*) *n.* office of a judge, judicature.

Richt'etel, (*w.*) *f.* *cont.* the (act of) judging, criticizing, fault-finding.

Richt'etel'haft, *Richt'etel'ig*, *adj.* judge-like, in the manner of a judge or criticiser.

Richt'etel'ig, *adj.* judiciary, judicial; *der r-e Huchspruch*, judgment; *das r-e Amt*, *see* *Richt'eramt*.

Richt'etern, (*w.*) *v. instr. cont.* to judge or criticize (severely), to carp, censure.

Richt'etel'haft, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Richt'etern*.

Richt'et'..., in *comp.* — *schwert*, *n.* sword of a judge (as emblem); — *spruch*, *m.* sentence (of a judge); — *satz*, *m.* 1) profession or calling of a judge; 2) *judges* (*collect.*); — *sitz*, *m.* seat of a judge; *sch.* judgment-seat, tribunal, bar.

Richt'et'ig, (*str.*, pl. *R-ich'ter*) *n.* from the office or dignity of a judge.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *effen*, *n.* treat given to builders after having set up the timber-work of a building; — *hammer*, *m.* flattening-hammer, straightening-hammer; — *haus*, *n.* common-hall; — *schekbaum*, *m.* *Comm.* handspike for raising and pointing cannon; — *schiff*, *n.* 1) *Pin-m.* straightening-board; 2) *see* — *schiff*.

Richt'ig, *adj.* 1) right, accurate, exact, proper, correct; just, true; fair (Judgment, &c.); 2) regular; careful, punctual; 3) *coll.* strong, excessive, sound; *eine r-e Meile*, a measured mile; — *gehen*, (of watches, &c.) to be in (due) order; *ihre Uhr geht nicht* —, her watch is out of order or goes wrong; *die Uhr geht* —, the watch goes right; *das geht nicht mit r-en* (or *richt'en*) *Dingen zu*, *see* *under Recht*, *adj.*; *es geht nicht* — *damit* *zu*, there is something wrong in or about it, there is something the matter with it; *alles ist* —, all is in good or due order, is well, is right, is settled; *sie stub mit einander* —, they are a promised couple (of lovers); *es ist hier nicht* —, 1. this place is not safe (from thieves, &c.); 2. this place is haunted (by ghosts); *es ist nicht gang* — *mit ihm*, *er ist nicht gang* — *im Kampf* or *unter der Waffe*, he is not quite right in his head, he is a little cracked or touched; *etwas* — *machen*, to set to rights; to settle, adjust, regulate, arrange (*cf.* *W-fschließen*); to pay, clear; — *werden*, to agree; *er hat es* — *vergessen*, he has fairly forgotten it; *er ist* — *angelangt*, he has indeed arrived; *das R-e*, that which is right; *das R-e-treffen*, to find the true solution; *nicht das R-e-treffen*, to be at fault; *Comm-e nach* — *befinden*, if free from (or of) error, if correct or right; — *be-gahen*, to pay honestly, duly, or fully; — *er-halten*, duly received; *die Eerbung ist* — *ange-kommen*, the consignment arrived in due course.

Richt'ig'keit, (*w.*) *f.* rightness, accuracy, exactness, correctness; justness, justice; truth, fairness; in — *bringen*, *see* *Richtig* *machen*; (*refine*) — *haben*, to be correct, to be in due order; *die Sache hat ihre* —, or *es hat damit seine* —, the thing is quite right, correct, or true; the statement is quite correct; *die* — *einer Sache* *erweisen* or *befähigen*, to bear out a matter; — *machen*, *Comm.* to make up, clear, or pay one's debts.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *baum*, *m.* quilled comb; — *baum*, *f.* standard or imperial quart measure; — *beutel*, — *feil*, *m.* *Comm.* quoin, wedge for pointing cannon; — *form*, *n.* sight (on the barrel of a gun); — *leiten*, *m.* *T.* stretcher (of boot-makers).

Richt'et, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* cacious judge, carper, fault-finder.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *leit*, *n.* plumb-line; — *maß*, *n.* *see* — *effen*; — *ma-schne*, *f.* *T.* straightening-board; — *maß*, *n.* gauge, standard; ruler; — *pennig*, *m.* *Mint.* standard grain, penny-weight (*Tabl.* real assay-weight of gold & silver) the 256th part of a mark; — *platte*, *f.* 1) *T.* planometer, surface-plate; 2) *iron-m.* straightening-plate; — *platz*, *m.* place of execution; — *probe*, *f.* standard-proof; — *punkt*, *m.* guide (*fig.*), landmark; — *röhren*, *f.* pl. *T.* vertical tubes (of the water-tube level); — *schacht*, *m.* *Mint.* perpendicular pit or shaft; — *schiffel*, *m.* standard-bushel; — *schne*, *f.* Lock-sm. notch in the key-plate of a lock; — *schiffel*, *n.* ruler, level, *Corp.* battan; — *schmann*, *m.* *see* — *effen*; — *schnur*, *f.* 1) *a)* plumb-line; *b)* chalk-line; 2) *fig.* direction, directory, rule of conduct; *zu Ihrer* — *schnur*, *Comm.* for your guidance, government; — *schrunde*, *f.* adjusting screw; — *schwert*, *n.* headman's sword; — *spannen*, — *spannen*, *n.* pl. *Mar.* the chief frames of a ship; — *spike*, — *spindel*, *f.* *T.* piercer for the draw-plates; — *stätt*, — *stätt*, *f.* *see* — *platz*; — *steig*, *m.* foot-path (—weg, 1); — *stod*, *m.* *T.* 1) *see* *Richt'effen*; 2) *Comm.* adjusting tool; — *stuhl*, *m.* 1) tribunal, chair; 2) beheading-stool.

Richt'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) directing, &c., *cf.* *Richten*; 2) direction; course; bearing (of a vein (*Mint.*, &c.); in *gerader* — *nach* ..., in direct course for ...; 3) *fig.* bias, bent, turn, tendency, disposition; *den Urtheil r. eine falsche* — *geben*, *fig.* to warp judgment, &c.; *eine steigende* — (*der Preise*), rising or upwards tendency.

Richt'ung's..., in *comp.* — *linie*, *f.* line of direction; — *ventil*, *n.* — *flappe*, *f.* regulating valve; — *winkel*, *m.* *Comm.* angle of elevation.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *visor*, *n.* *T.* sight; — *wage*, *f.* level; — *wägung*, *f.* (act of) levelling; — *weg*, *m.* 1) *a)* *Forest.* lane cut through a forest; *b)* near way, narrow road, short cut; 2) way to the place of execution or to the gallows; — *winkel*, *m.* *Comm.* angle of elevation; — *wänge*, *f.* *T.* regulating-pincers; — *zirkel*, *see* — *zirkel*.

* *Richt'ung*, (*m.*) (*Lat.*) *Palma-Christi*, castor-oil plant (*Ricinus communis* L.); — *öl*, *n.* castor-oil; *Chem-e*. — *öl*, *f.* alcidic acid; — *saure*, *m.* *Bot.* castor-nuts; — *saure*, *f.* ricinic acid; — *saure*, *f.* margaritic acid.

Richt'... (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Sport.* doe; 2) *Ornith.* roller (*Manellstrübe*).

* *Ricochet* [*pr.* *ri-fol-shé* or *ri-fol-shé'*], *s.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* ricochet; — *batterie*, *f.* ricochet battery; — *fener*, *n.* ricochet firing; — *schuß*, *m.* *Comm.* ricochet, rolling and bounding shot.

* *Ricochet* [*pr.* *ri-fol-shé*], (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Comm.* *see* *Richt'ung*.

* *Richt'ig* [*pr.* — *richt*], (*str.*, pl. *R-ig*) *m.* *Richt'ig'heit*, *I. adj.* perceivable by the smell; *II. R-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* state or nature of being perceivable by smell.

Richt'... (*from* *Richten*), in *comp.* — *bein*, *n.* *Anal.* ethmoid or cribriform bone; — *bein-löcher*, *m.* pl. holes of the cribriform plate; — *schiffel*, *f.* scent-box; — *bern*, *n.* sweet briar, *see* *Wohlschmeckende Rose*.

Richt'ig, (*str.*) *n.* province, nosegay.

Richt'ig, (*str.*) *v. tr. & instr. 1)* to smell, (of dogs, &c.) to scent; 2) *coll.* to perceive, find out, to know; *nach etwas* — *instr.* to smell of ...; an *eine Blume* —, to smell at a flower; gut, *schlecht* —, to have a good, bad smell; *er riecht aus dem Munde*, his breath smells; *das Fleisch wird r-b*, the meat begins to smell (*coll.* is going); *deran lauscht bu* —, *coll.* put that in your pipe (and smoke it).

Richt'ig, (*str.*) *m.* smaller, &c.; *see* *nose*. *Richt'ig*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) smelling, &c., spying, fanciful suspicion.

Niech'... (from *Niechen*), in comp. —*eifig*, m. volatile spirit of vinegar; —*Rüschchen*, n. smelling bottle; —*Rissen*, n. perfumed bag, sweet bag; —*netz*, m. Anat. olfactory nerve; —*roste*, f. see —*born*; —*salz*, n. smelling-salt; —*stoffe*, m. pl. perfumes, scents; —*tapp*, m. smelling-jar, scented jar; —*wasen*, f. pl. perfumes; —*wasser*, n. smelling water, sweet water; —*werfenge*, n. pl. Anat. olfactory organs.

Niech', see *Nide*.
Nied, (str.) n. 1) reed; 2) boggy country; in comp. —*binder*, m. reed-cutter; —*blatt*, n. Weas. slay, reed; —*bod*, m. Zool. reed-buck; —*dorf*, n. village situated near a bog.

Niederstein, see *Tropfstein*.

Niech'... in comp. **Bot.-s.** —*gluster*, m. Spanish broom; —*gras*, n. 1) reed-grass, burgrass (*Spartanum* L.); 2) sedge (*Carex* L.); —*graswurzel*, f. Pharm. German sarsaparilla; —*hahn*, m. see *Kuchbahn*; —*famm*, m. 1) separator, ravel; 2) see —*blatt*; —*fasen*, m. Bot. reed-mace (*Typha latifolia* L.); —*weife*, f. *Ornith.* 1) reed-bunting, reed-sparrow (*Emberiza caesia* L.); 2) fen-litmouse (*Pharus palustris* L.); —*passette*, f. Weas. slate-book; —*rohr*, n. see *Schilfrohr*; —*schnepe*, f. *Ornith.* *pawit* (*Tringa vanellus* L.); —*sperrling*, m. see *Wohlsperling*; —*wurm*, m. Entom. mole-cricket (*Blattellidae*).

Niefe, (w.) f. furrow, groove; *Archid.* chamfer, channel; flute.

Niefein, **Niefen**, (w.) v. tr. to furrow, groove; to chamfer, channel, flute; *Gen.-sm.* to ride; *gerieft*, p. a. Bot. angular, angulose.

Niefein, adj. Bot. ejugate, uncoupled.

Niefig, adj. Bot. jugated, coupled.

Niege, (w.) f. province. 1) row, line; 2) division, class; 3) building for drying grain; 4) cavity made by the cackling waves of the sea; 5) short oar.

Niege, (str.) m. 1) a) rail, bar; door-bar; cross-beam; cross-bar; transom; intertie; b) summers, plates (of a windmill); 2) Lock-sm. bolt; 3) Anat. coracoid process; 4) Sew. loop, eye, eyelet of a button-hole, stay of a shirt bosom; 5) ein — *Geife*, a bar or square of soap; Lock-sm.-s. der stehende —, dead bolt; der drehende —, sliding catch-bolt; *Einem cinen* — *vorjchieben*, to check, debar one from.

Niege... in comp. —*balten*, m. staple; —*band*, n. 1) Carp. nogging piece; 2) *Saddl.* stirrup-bar; —*bohter*, m. Coop. wimble or gimlet for cross-bars.

Niegelein, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Niege*) *Archid.* fluting (the three bars) of a Doric capital.

Niege... in comp. —*fest*, adj. fastened with bolts, bolted, barred; —*gebäude*, n. frame-building; —*hafen*, m. —*loch*, n. staple; —*haube*, f. a kind of ornamental cap of Bavarian women; —*holz*, n. bar; —*mauer*, —*wand*, f. nogging, brick nogged partition. [*Striegein*].

Niegein, (w.) v. tr. to bolt (*Striegein*).

Niege... in comp. —*schapel*, f. scoop (of a water-wheel); —*schloß*, n. dead lock, stock-lock; —*wand*, f. see *Gachwand*; —*wert*, m. see *Gachwert*; —*jaun*, m. *Railw.* posts with rails; —*jieher*, m. Coop. dog.

Niegen, (w.) v. tr. province. (L. G.) 1) see *Reihen*; 2) to plait, to lay in folds.

Nieger, (str.) m. *Mar.* hank.

Niechen, (w.) v. tr. province. to row (*Nudern*).

Niech'maus, (str.) pl. *Nie-mäuse* f. province. Entom. mole-cricket (*Blattellidae*).

Niech'wurm, m. see *Niech'*wurm.

Niefe, see *Nide*.

Niech'wurm, (str.) pl. *Nie-würmer* m. Entom. larva of the bee-eater (*Trichodes apivorus* L.).

Niechen, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Niech'*) 1) little strap; 2) see *Schmerle*; 3) see *Niechen*, 3.

Niechen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to row, scull.

Niechen, coll. *Niechen*, (str.) m. 1) strap of leather, thong, braco; latchet; 2) *Mar.* for *Nuder*; 3) *Archid.* (or *Niechen*) reglet; 4) *Butch.* long stripe of meat; 5) ream (of paper); 6) *Typ.* girth; die — *jiechen*, coll. to draw the purse-strings.

Niechen... in comp. —*bein*, n. *Ornith.* stilt-bird (*Strandreiter*); —*blume*, f. Bot. *Loranthus* (*Loranthus Europaeus* L.); —*bügel*, m. swivel of a gun; —*sch.*, m. *Ichth.* 1) sword-fish (*Xiphias*); 2) band-fish (*Cephalo rubescens* L.); —*fürmige Halsmuskeln*, —*muskeln des Halses*, m. pl. Anat. spleen muscles; —*famm*, pl. *Mar.* row-locks, carcleads, or pegs; —*loch*, n. 1) hole in a stirrup-leather, &c.; 2) —*löcher am Stode*, pl. cane-eyes; —*pfers*, n. fore-horse, pl. leaders; —*fell*, n. long rein; —*schneider*, m. see *Niecher*; —*steden*, n. fast and loose (a game); —*wert*, —*zeug*, n. leather straps, harness, &c. see *Erberzeug*; —*wurm*, m. strap-worm; —*schne*, sheave-drum, pulley.

Niecher, (str.) m. leather-cutter; harness-maker; reed-maker; saddler; —*meffer*, n. leather-cutter's knife.

Niech'sch, see *Niechen*sch. [*lath.*]

Nies, n. see *Nies*; —*berd*, n. *Mar.* wind.

Niesch, l. adj. briclike (said of cotton);

II. (str.) s. Bot. spider-worm (*Tridacnaria*).

A. Niefe, (w.) m. giant.

B. Niefe, (w.) f. alids, see *Holgrie*.

Niefe, (str.) m. 1) the (act of) purling.

rippling; 2) drizzling snow or hail; 3) see *Holgrie*; 4) see *Halbe*; 5) freckle.

Niefeig, adj. 1) rippling, purling; 2) freckled.

Niefeisber, (str.) n. embossed leather.

Niefein, (w.) v. l. *intr.* 1) to thrill; 2) to purr, ripple; to gush; to drizzle; *es riefele mir durch Hart und Bein*, a cold shudder ran through my veins; *II.* tr. 1) to water, irrigate; 2) * to produce, to call forth.

Niefeisen, (str.) n. drizzling rain.

Niefen, (w.) v. tr. to slide down (wood), cf. *Holgrie*.

Niefen... in comp. relating to a giant, gigantic; —*eif*, m. *Ornith.* the large auk, the northern penguin (*Alca impennis* L.); —*ameise*, f. see *Hogameise*; —*arbeit*, f. gigantic, Herculean work; —*barbe*, f. *Ichth.* gray mullet (*Mullus barbatus* L.); —*baum*, m. gigantic structure; —*bild*, n. gigantic image, gigantic or colossal figure; —*baus*, m. Bot. bullfat (*Bovist gigantea* L.); —*büffel*, m. Zool. East-Indian buffalo (*Bos urus* L.); —*baum*, m. *Geogr.* giant's caseway; —*erbbeere*, f. Bot. Chili strawberry; —*hefte*, f. *Med.* white tetter; —*fürmig*, adj. see —*haft*; —*gebirge*, n. *Geogr.* a chain of mountains between Siberia and Bohemia; —*geier*, m. *Ornith.* the largest kind of vulture, condor (*Condor*); —*geist*, m. gigantic intellect; —*gestalt*, f. gigantic shape, colossal figure.

Niefenhaft, I. or **Niefig**, **Niefigst**, adj. gigantic, immense, prodigious; *II.* *fig.* f. giganticness.

Niefen... in comp. —*hai*, m. *Ichth.* basking shark (*Selache maxima* L.); —*gewelt*, —*jiech*, m. *Pukonf.* giant-deer (*Cervus giganteus* L.); —*käfer*, m. Entom. giant beetle, Hercules beetle (*Strophodactylus*); —*lohl*, m. tree-cabbage; —*kräftig*, adj. of gigantic strength; —*kränich*, m. *Ornith.* a species of African marabu (*Coenonyx arcyas* Tem.); —*mähig*, adj. giant-like, gigantic; —*muschel*, f. *Conch.* furrowed clam, bear's paw (*Tridacna gigas* Lam.); —*zool.-s.* —*schilfröte*, f. edible sea-turtle (*Chelonia mydas* L.); —*schlange*, f. anaconda; the great boa, boa constrictor; —*schrift*, m. gigantic step, giant-stride; —*weg*, m. see —*baum*; —*wert*, n. gigantic work; —*weise*, f. (in histology) gigantic cell.

Nies'sch, adj. see *Rauschsch.*

Niehu, (w.) f. giantess.

Niehu, see *Niech'*hast.

Niehu, adj. pertaining or belonging to a giant or giants.

Niehu, (str.) m. 1) a kind of vine and the wine made of it; 2) (*Switz.*) a minnow-like fish.

[2] see *Niehu*; 3) see *Niehu*.

Niehu, (str.) m. province. 1) see *Niehu*, 1; *Niehu*, see *Niehu*.

Niehu, (str.) n. 1) ream (of paper, consisting of 20 Buch); 2) see *Niehu*; 3) Bot. bulrush (*Scirpus palustris* L.); —*fänge*, f. *Paper-m.* pool; —*weise*, adv. & adj. by reams.

Niehu, (str.) n. l. Bot. common reed (*Phragmites communis* L.); *II.* see *Niehu* (also in comp.); —*gras*, n. see *Niehu*gras, 2.

Niehu, n. reef, ridge.

Niehu, I. see *Niehu*; *II.* or **Niehu**, (w.) f. (—*baum*, m.) *Hub.* ripple, rippling-comb, flax-comb.

Niehu... in comp. —*eisen*, n., —*seile*, f. rigger; —*holz*, n. Shoe-m. smoother, polisher, burnisher; —*famm*, m. see *Niehu*, *II.*; —*maschine*, f. fluting machine.

Niehu, **Niehu**, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Hub.* to ripple, top (hemp, flax); 2) to groove, channel, furrow; to rise; 3) to file, polish; 4) *vulg.* see *Niehu*.

Niehu... in comp. —*rand*, m. milling (of coins); —*raspel*, f. *Gen.-sm.* polisher; —*wege*, f. T. fluted roller.

* **Niehu**, (w.) f. (Fr.) deep furrow, channel; culvert.

* **Niehu**, **Niehu**, see *Niehu*.

* **Niehu**, (w.) m. precision, paritan.

Niehu, (w.) f. small furrow, drill, chamfer.

—**Niehu**, (w.) v. tr. to furrow, chamfer.

Niehu, adj. furrowed, chamfered (also Bot.).

* **Niehu**, (w.) f. (*Hal.*) Comm.-s. remittance; — *per Saldo*, remittance in balance (of all accounts); *Niehu machen*, to make remittances, to do or provide the needful, to make provision; *Niehu*, m. book of remittances, bill-receivable book. [of a comb].

Niehu, (w.) v. tr. T. to cut the teeth.

Niehu, (str.) m. T. guide-saw.

Niehu, (str.) pl. *Niehu* 1) ox, bull, cow, calf; 2) collect. (horned) cattle. [*crust.*]

Niehu, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Niehu*) little

Niehu, (w.) f. 1) rind, bark; 2) crust;

ein — *bröckchen*, to crust.

Niehu... in comp. —*artig*, adj. corticate(d), corticose; —*fürmig*, adj. corticiform; —*käfer*, m. see *Strophodactylus*; —*kieber*, —*kiebter*, m. *Ornith.* croaker; —*kräule*, f. Zool. sealace zoophyte (*Rhusia foliolosa* L.); —*pflanzen*, f. pl. Bot. graminaceous plants (*Oken*); —*stein*, m. *Minor.* tuffaceous lime-stone; —*substanz*, f. Anat. cortical substance; —*sterr*, n. pl. crustaceous animals, crustaceans.

Niehu... in comp. (cf. *Niehu*...) —*braten*, m. see *Niehu*braten; —*bräule*, f., —*enger*, m. Entom. gaddy (*Niehu*bräule); —*hirt*, m. nealherd, drover, cowkeeper; —*mart*, m. see *Niehu*mart.

Niehu, I. adj. of beef; *II.* (w.) v. *intr.* (said of cows) 1) to long for the bull; 2) to be lined by the bull.

Niehu... in comp. —*peft*, —*fende*, f. murrain, *rinder-peft*; —*flaar*, m. *Ornith.* common starling (*Armeiner Staar*); —*weizen*, m. Bot. cow-wheat (*Wheatweizen*).

Niehufällig, **Niehu**fällig, I. adj. T. loosing, peeling the bark; *II.* *ff.* f. T. state of trees when they lose their bark.

Niehu... in comp. —*fleisch*, n. beef; —*fleischbrühe*, f. beef-broth, beeftea; —*fleischholz*, n. Bot. beef wood; —*flieg*, f. Entom. ox-fly (*Niehu*flieg).

Niehu, adj. crusty, crusted; Bot. corticose.

Niehuber, (str.) n. see *Niehu*ber.

Niehu... in comp. —*auge*, n. 1) eye of

an ox; 2) *Bot.* a) ox-eye (*Euphthalmum* L.); b) great daisy (*Chrysanthemum* L.); c) yellow camomile (*Anthemium tinctoria* L.); —*Augig*, adj. ox-eyed, goggle-eyed; —*blase*, f. bullock's bladder; —*blume*, f. see —*auge*; 3); —*blut*, n. ox-blood, bull's-blood; —*braten*, m. roast-beef; —*brumfe*, f. *Entom.* ox-fly (*Strabus bovis* L.).

Rind [ʁɪŋd], m. a slaughtering of cattle.
Rindb. ..., in comp. —*fett*, m. beef fat, beef-meat; —*flede*, m. pl., —*fallbennen*, f. pl. tripe; —*haar*, n. cow's hair; —*haut*, f. neat's or bullock's hide; —*herbe*, f. herd, drove of cattle; —*happ*, m. 1) bull's or bullock's head; 2) coll. block-head; —*leder*, n. neat's leather; —*metz*, n. beef-marrow; —*maul*, n. muzzle of an ox; —*st.* n. neat's foot-oil; —*taig*, m., —*unghütt*, m. beef-tallow; —*junge*, f. neat's tongue.

Rind..., in comp. —*vieh*, n. (neat, black, or horned) cattle; —*vichjucht*, f. cattle-breeding.

Ring, (str.) m. 1) ring; 2) link; swivel; ferris; 3) a) circle; b) zone; c) province, for *Wartplatz*; d) purl (on the surface of water); 4) halo (of the moon, &c.); 5) *Anat.* iris (of the eye); 6) T. akin; 7) *Archit.* a) orie, astragal; b) annulet; c) shell; 8) see *Sehring*; 9) *Vol.* corset of a horse; 10) (im *Schiffbau*) rope of 240 pipe-staves; 11) burr (of a lance and of a cannon).

Ring..., in comp. —*anfel*, f. *Ornith.* ring-ouzel (*Turdus torquatus* L.); —*anker*, m. *Mar.* one-fluked anchor; —*auge*, n. *Zool.* mongroose (*Lemna mongro* L.); —*bahn*, n. 1) see *Ringbahn*; 2) *Anat.* annular ligament; —*bahn*, m. see *Wartplatz*; —*betz*, n. *Vol.* ring-bone (of a horse); —*belzen*, m. T. ring-bolt; —*berb*, m. *Mar.* waist-rail; —*breßer*, m. ring-maker; —*breffel*, f. see —*amfel*.

Ringkampf, (str.) pl. R-fämpfe f. art of wrestling, palestric art.

Ringel, (str.) m. ring, circle; ringlet; curl; *Entom.* segment.

Ringel..., in comp. —*blume*, f. *Entom.* young bee nymph; *Bot.* —*blume*, f. marigold (*Calendula* L.); —*bohne*, f. common kidney-bean; —*bohner*, m. see *Handbohner*.

Ringelchen, (str.) n. (dimin. of Ring) ringlet, annulet.

Ringel..., in comp. —*fall*, m. *Ornith.* ring-tail, hen-harrier (*Bernsteige*); —*flechte*, f. *Med.* annular tetter; —*gans*, f. *Ornith.* barnacle-goose (*Anser bernicla* L.); —*gebicht*, n. rounden, roundelay.

Ringelig, *Ringelicht*, adj. like a ring; furnished with a ring; annular.

Ringel..., (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to ring; ringle (a mare); 2) to curl; II. *refl.* to curl; geringleit, p. a. *Entom.* annulated.

Ringel..., in comp. —*zatter*, f. *Zool.* ringed or common snake (*Tropidonotus natrix* L.); —*reihen*, m. see —*tanz*; —*reim*, m. rounden; —*reimen*, n. see *Ringreimen*; —*saubahn*, n. *Ornith.* pratinoole (*Glareola pratensis* L.); —*schlange*, f. *Zool.* annulated snake, amphisbena (*Amphisbena* L.); —*tanz*, m. circular dance; —*tante*, f. *Ornith.* 1) ring-dove, wood-pigeon (*Columba palumbus* L.); 2) see *Schnecke*; —*würmer*, m. pl. *Zool.* Annulata (*Lac.*).

Ringen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to ring; to encircle; 2) to peel the bark round (a tree), to blaze.

Ringen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* 1) to struggle; to wrestle, grapple; 2) *fig.* to strive (nach, after, towards), to struggle, contend (for); II. *tr.* to wring (one's hands, &c.), to wrest; to turn; III. *refl.* to writhe (with pain), cf. *in Ringen*, 1; *ich hinauf* —, to struggle up.

Ringplatz, (str.) pl. Ringplätze m. wrestling place.

Ringler, (str.) m. wrestler; struggler.

Ring..., in comp. —*feber*, f. *Com-sm.* bolt-spring; —*finger*, m. ring-finger; —*fürmig*, adj. ring-shaped, annular; *Anat.* cricoid; orbicular (muscles); —*fürmige Knorpel*, —*knorpel*, m. *Anat.* annular or cricoid cartilage; —*fürmigfeit*, (w.) f. annular form; —*futter(al)*, —*fütterin*, n. ring-case; —*tragen*, m. gorgol; —*tafel*, f. *Phys.* armillary sphere.

Ringtein, (str.) n. province. & *, see *Ringelchen*.

Ring..., in comp. —*mauer*, f. wall round about a town, town-wall; —*junker*, m. ringed coat of mail; —*rennen*, n. running at the ring.

Rings, adv. around, in a circle; — um (herum, umher), round about, around, all round.

Ring..., in comp. —*fäge*, f. annular saw; —*fächer*, n. target-shooting; *Anat.* —*fächerknorpel*, n. crico-thyroid ligament; —*fächerknorpel*, m. crico-thyroid muscle; —*fächer*, n. Lock-sm. ring-lock; —*spindel*, f. *Mech.* ring-shank; —*stehen*, n. see —*stehen*; —*stod*, m. stick used in wringing wet clothes; —*junge*, f. T. round-nosed pliers.

Ring..., (str.) m. great or thick ring. —*Ring...*, (w.) v. tr. T. to hoop (a pile), to bind with an iron hoop.

Ringfisch, (str.) m. *Lch.* garter-fish (*Lepidopus* Cuv.).

Ringfisch, (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to clash, strike against.

Ringfisch, adj. blear-eyed.

Ring..., (w.) f. channel, kennel; gutter; furrow; groove.

Ring..., (str.) n. brace or bracket of a gutter. (chamfer, flute, to slope out).

Ring..., (w.) v. tr. *Archit.* to channel.

Ring..., (str.) v. *intr.* 1) (aux. sein) to run, flow, trickle, ooze, gush; 2) (aux. haben) to leak, drop, gutter; 3) see *Gerinnen*.

Ring..., in comp. —*classeffen*, n. *Basin* the (act of) furrowing; —*classeffen*, f. tram-road; —*fürmig*, adj. *Bot.* canalliculate(d); —*fürmig*, f. pl. *Basin* trough-rails.

Ring..., in comp. —*holz*, n. wood fit for making gutters; —*leiste*, f. *Archit.* moulding flute; cornice.

Ring..., (str.) n. & m. chan-

Ring..., in comp. —*stein*, m. 1) gutter stone; 2) kennel, water-course (of a street); side channel, water or side gutter; —*steigel*, m. drain- or draining-tile.

Ring..., see *Rajelren*.

* *Rippen*, (Hal.) adj. *Mus.* full; applied to such parts (—*stimmen*, f. pl.) in concerted music, as are intended to fill up and augment the harmony (opp. *Obligati*); —*bas*, m. the base of the full or tutti parts.

Rippen, (str.) n. (dimin. of Rippe) small rib; gebratene —, pl. ocolata.

Rippe, (w.) f. 1) *Anat.* rib; 2) a) *Carp.* breast-summer; *Skip-b.* pl. futtocks, ledges; b) *Archit.* groining; rib, pl. branches, nerves, timber-work of an arched roof; 3) *Bot.* rib; petiole; 4) pl. nerves (of tobacco-leaves); *Anat.* — die wahren R-n, pl. upper ribs; die falschen or falschen R-n, lower, short, bastard, or false ribs. [budge]

Rippe..., (w.) v. *refl.* coll. to stir, move.

Rippe..., (w.) v. tr. to furnish with ribs, to rib; gerippt, p. a. fluted (glass); laid (paper).

Rippe..., in comp. —*instaber*, f. *Anat.* intercostal vein; —*braten*, m. roasted rib; —*bruch*, m. *Surg.* fracture of the ribs; —*bede*, f. *Archit.* groined ceiling; —*fell*, n., —*haut*, f. *Anat.* pleura; —*fellstanzung*, f. *Med.* pleurisy; —*fell*, m. meat of the ribs; —*furche*, f. *Anat.* costal furrow; —*gefährt*, n. *Saddl.* ribbed or barred harness; —*gefell*, n. 1) *Archit.* system of ribs for a groined vaulting; 2) *Carp.* truss of centering; —*getwölbe*,

n. groined vaulting; *Anat.* —*hals*, m. neck or thinner part of a rib; —*heller*, m. pl. muscles between the neck and ribs; —*heber*, m. muscle at the lower ribs; —*knorpel*, m. costal cartilage; —*messer*, n. flax-dresser's knife; —*pulsader*, f. intercostal artery; —*quaste*, f. *Acad.* beroc (*Beroc pulvis* Gm.); —*stöß*, m. dig or cuff in the ribs; —*stüd*, n. ribs of meat; —*weg*, n. pain in the ribs; *Anat.* —*wirbelbeine*, n. pl. costal vertebrae, back or chine bones; —*zwischensraum*, m. intercostal space.

Rippe..., adj. having ribs, ribbed.

Rippeling, (str.) m. *Pomol.* streaked winter-apple.

Rippesrapp, *intr.* whisky-frisky! thwack-thwack! (denoting the act of snatching a thing away).

Rippe..., (w.) f. hypochondria.

* *Ripfall*, (str.) n. & m. *Archit.* projectile.

Risig, adj. 1) († & *) swift, quick, nimble, active; 2) straight; —*dräftiges Holz*, wood whose fibres run parallel with the length of the tree.

Risig..., see *Risig...*.

* *Riscentra*, (str.) n. (*Ital.*) Comm. 1) collation; 2) see *Scoutro*. — *Riscentra*, see *Scoutro*.

Risig, (str., pl. R-s) n. (*Ital.*; *Fr.* *risque*) risk; cin gutes — (*Schiff* I. *Glasf.*), Comm. safe risk (A risk). — *Riscent*, adj. perilous, dangerous. — *Risig...*, (w.) v. tr. risk.

Risig, (w.) f. 1) *Bot.* a) panic (Tropae); b) see *Riscentra*; 2) see *Risig*; 3) *Wass.* lease.

Risig, s. I. (str.) m. bunch of onions, fruit, &c.; II. (w.) f. see *Risig*, 1.

Risig..., in comp. *Bot.* —*fern*, m. royal fern; —*fürmig*, *Risig*, adj. panicled; —*gras*, n. meadow-grass (*Poa* L.); —*hafer*, m. common oat; —*hirse*, f. common millet.

Risig, (str.) m. 1) rent; cleft, chink, gap, crevice, chaf, seam, breach, crack, flaw, fracture; 2) draught, plan, sketch, design; working-drawing; 3) *fig.* disunion, schism; 4) *Sport-s.* a) prey of rapacious beasts; b) place where they deposit it; vor dem — *stehen*, *fig.* to stand in the gap, to bear the brunt.

Risig..., in comp. —*haut*, f. dam, mole, breakwater; —*stet*, n. T. broad lead; —*stet*, m. wind-lath; —*stet*, f. *Archit.* rupture-line; —*platte*, f. comb-maker's ruler; —*wunde*, f. laceration.

Risig, adj. full of rents, fissures, chinky, cracked; *Bot.*, &c. rimose; chopped; das *Risig* wird —, the wood cracks.

Risig, see *Risig...*.

Risig, (str.) m. 1) a) instep (of the foot); b) († & *) province. wrist (of the hand); 2) *Parr.* withers (of a horse).

Risig, (str.) m. patch (of a shoe, &c.). — *Risig...*, (w.) v. tr. to patch (shoes, &c.).

* *Risig...*, (w.) v. tr. (*Ital.*) Comm.

1) to carry or transfer (an article from one account to another); to report balances; 2) (bei Affeur.) to cancel. — *Risig...*, (str.) m.

1) transfer; report of balance; 2) return of a premium, cancelling of an insurance.

Risig, see *Risig...*.

* *Risig...*, (str.) n. (*Ital.*) *Mus.* ritor-

nello, burden of a song.

* *Risig...*, (w.) f. (*Ital.*) see *Ricambio*.

Risig, *intr.* alish! slash! —*ratf!* alish and slash!

Risig, (w.) f. province. channel; gutter.

Risig, (str.) m. 1) ride, riding; cimen —*maiden*, to take a ride; in cimen —, in one ride; *fig.* in or at one go; 2) direction of a mole under ground from one place to another.

Risig, pl. see *Risig...*.

Risig, (w.) v. *intr.* province. to hover (of birds). [Xhurnfall]

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thatch; —bede, *f.* reed-mat, cane-mat; —bidet, *n.* see —gebid; *Ornith.-s.* —bommel, *f.* bittern, mire-drum (*Ardea stellaris* L.); —breffel, *f.* the greater reed-sparrow (*Thrus arundinaceus* L.).

Röhre, (*w.*) *f.* pipe, tube; channel, conduit; spout, beak: syringe; socket of a candle-stick; *Müll.* scutilla; funnel, shaft, tunnel; nozzle, spout.

Röhre, (*str.*) *m.* see Röhrestr.

Röhren, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1)* to cover with reeds (*Decorare*); *2)* to clear (a pond, &c.) of reeds; *II. intr.* to gather or cut reeds.

Röhren, **Röhren**, *adj.* (of) cane, (of) reed.

Röhren, (*w.*) *v. intr. Sport.* to trout, groan.

Röhren, (*w.*) (from *Röhre*), *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* see —förmig; —blech, *n.* sheet-iron for

fuse; funnel-plate; —blume, *f.* *Bot.* siphonanthus; —bohrer, *m.* auger for boring

wooden water-pipes, pump-borer, pump-bit; —brücke, *f.* *T.* tubular bridge; —cassell, *f.*

purging cassia; —cubenstator, *m.* *Stauung-*

condenser by contact, external condenser;

—corale, *f.* *Polyp.* tabipora (*Tubulipora* Lam.);

—eisen, *n.* tube-iron; —erg, *n.* *Miner.* brown

cylindrical hematite; —faser, *n.* —faserung;

—fisch, *n.* *Ichth.* pipe-fish (*Synbranchia acus* L.); —form, *f.* mould for casting iron or leaden

pipes; —förmig, *adj.* tubular; —gang, *m.* see

—leitung; —geschwür, *n.* *Surg.* fistula, fistulous

ulcer; —holz, *see* Röhreholz; —kegel, *m.* tubular

or tube-boiler, flue-boiler; locomotive-

boiler; —kitt, *m.* cement or mortar for joining

stone- or clay-pipes; —knochen, *m.* *Anat.*

long (lit. tubular) bone; —kornale, *see* —

korale; —kraut, *n.* dandelion (*Wundkraut*);

—leitung, *f.* 1) series or chain of water-pipes,

(water-conduit); 2) (a system of) drain-pipes,

drainage; —libelle, *f.* *T.* spirit-level, air-level;

—maschine, *f.* *Spirin.* tube-engine, tube-frame;

—meister, *see* Röhremeister; —mund, *n.* *Ichth.*

tobacco pipe —fish (*Tubulipiscifidus*);

—mutter, *f.* *Bot.* 1) tubular fossil; 2) tubicula

(*Tubicola* L.); —tragenb, *adj.* *Bot.* tube-bearing;

—weide, *f.* *Bot.* common privet (*Ligustrum vulpura* L.); —würmer, *pl.* *Verm.* tubicolous (*Tubicola* L.).

Röhre, (*w.*) *in comp.* —eule, *f.* see Eumpfule;

—feller, *m.* *Gem.-m.* burnisher; —flechte,

f. —geflecht, *n.* basket-work of reed; —hüte,

f. reed-hat; reed-pipe (of an organ); —förmig,

adj. tubular; —frosch, *m.* green frog; —fütter,

m. see —leiter; —gebid, *n.* *Saddl.*

caneen-bit; —gebid, *n.* bed of reeds, reed-

bed, reed-pot, thicket or patch of reeds,

cane-brake; —glas, *m.* *Bot.* reed Canary-

grass (*Phalaris arundinacea* L.); —gras, *n.* *Bot.*

a species of reed (*Calamagrostis* D. C.); —

grasbüschel, *f.* see —fänger; —hahn, *m.* 1) see

—hahn; 2) *T.* fountaincock; —henn, *f.* —

hahn, *n.* *Ornith.* moorhen, water-hen (*Gallinula chloropus* L.); —höbel, *m.* gun-smith's

gauge, barrel-plane.

Röhre, (*str.*) *n.* wood for making water-

pipes or tubes.

Röhre, (*str.*, *pl.* Röhre) *m.* cane-hat.

Röhre, (*str.*) *pl.* Röhre, *adj.* tubular; *Bot.*

tubulosa, fistular; *II. (str.) n.* a thicket of

cane, cane-brake.

Röhre, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. G.* for Röhre) *trug.*

Mar. paddening (of an anchor).

Röhre, (*str.*, *pl.* Röhren) *m.* see Röhre-

trug; *in comp.* —folde, *f.* —folben, *f.*

Bot. reed-mace, reed-club (*Spartanum* L.);

—früher, *m.* see —ammer; —frühe, *f.* stinking

lead (*Bufo calamita* L.); —leiter, *m.* a person

that guides the pipe or tube of a fire-engine.

Röhre, **Röhre**, (*str.*) *m.* see Röhre-

trug, Röhre.

Röhre, (*w.*) *in comp.* —mette, *f.* cane-mat,

mat of reed or bulrush; —mette, *f.* *Ornith.*

nest or ten timonoe (*Eumyia*).

Röhre, (*str.*) *m.* inspector of the

water-works, conduit-master.

Röhre, (*w.*) *in comp.* —meve, *f.* greater tern,

sea-swallow (*Seefalke*); —milbe, *f.* see

—schlau; —nagel, *m.* tack, small nail;

—schle, *m.* see —bommel; —schle, *f.* reed-pipe;

—röhre, *m.* see —bommel; —fänger, *m.* *Ornith.*

sedge-warbler, willow-lark (*Sylvia salicaria*

Bechst.); —schle, *f.* *Gem.-m.* clout for making

a gunbarrel, skelp; —schle, *n.* common reed,

marsh-reed (*Phragmites communis* L.); —schle-

fänger, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *m.* gun-bar-

rel-grinder; —schle, *m.* see —fänger; *Lock-*

sm.-s. —schle, *n.* padlock, pipe-lock; —schle-

fel, *m.* pipe-key; —schle, *m.* (gun-)barrel-

maker; —schle, *f.* *Ornith.* reed-snipe (*Scop-*

gallinula L.); —schle, *f.* see —meve;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

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—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

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—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

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—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

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—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

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—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

—schle, *m.* see —fänger; —schle, *n.* silver-thread;

friction or Schienenreibung, rolling friction;

nach innen gerollt, *Bot.* convolute(d).

Rollen, (*w.*) *in comp.* —band, *n.* ribbon

sold in rolls; —belegung, *f.* *Theat.* cast;

—blech, *n.* tin plate in rolls; —bohrer, *m.*

drill with ferrule; —bach, *n.* *Wass.* pulley-

box; —brecher, *m.* *Entom.* nut-beetle (*Apod-*

rus cognit Blainv.); —fach, *n.* east of parts;

kind of character (of an actor); —förmig, *adj.*

in the shape of a roll; *Bot.* trochlear; —garn,

n. reel-yarn; —geschirr, *n.* (horse-)harness

furnished with bells; —hasser, *m.* canastot-

tobacco in rolls; —meister, *m.* see —brecher;

—pfeffer, *m.* see Esabill; —pfeife, *f.* copper-

plate printing-press, rolling-press; —register,

n. *T.* velvet-makers' oblong frame; —tabak,

n. tobacco in rolls; —welle, *f.* roll, roller;

—zug, *m.* triangle with pulleys.

Roller, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who rolls; 2) see

Schindelmäher; 3) tom-cat; 4) singing-bird

with a loud rolling voice; 5) *Mus.* roulade;

6) see Rändelsträhe.

Rollen, (*w.*) (from *Rollen*), *in comp.* —erde, *f.*

loose earth; fine or sifted earth; —fach, *n.*

scouring-wheel; —fächer, *n.* ash-window;

—fleisch, *n.* fillet; —gerst, *f.* *Ag.* winter-

barley, square-barley; —geschicht, *n.* carting-

business (of forwarding agents; cf. —wagen);

—geschicht, *n.* see —wagen, 2; —güte, *n.*

Röfelfprung, *m. Gam.* (at chess) the knight's tour.

Roß, *in comp.* (*cf.* *Pferde* ...) — *bieuß*, *m.* *see* *Pferdebuchse*; — *blü*, *m.* *see* — *fenkel*; — *brüffel*, *f.* *see* *Ringantel*; — *bumpf*, *m.* *see* *Rohrbommel*; — *egel*, *m.* *Zool.* horse-leech (*Hemipia verax* L.); *Bot.-s.* — *farrer*, *see* *Pferdearren*; — *feige*, *f.* (*S. G.*) clod of horse-dung; — *fenkel*, *m.* fine leaved water-hemlock (*Phellandrium aquaticum* L.); — *fliege*, *f.* *see* — *brumf*; — *gang*, *m.* T. machine or water-works set in motion by horses; — *güter*, *m.* *see* *Waldgüter*; — *gelb*, *adj.* *see* *Raußgäls*; — *haar*, *n.* — *haar*, *adj.* horse-hair; — *haarsieben*, — *haarsieben*, *f.* pl. horse-hair lace(s); — *haarspinn*, *m.* — *haarspinn*, *n.* 1) (ju *Wöden*) horse-hair-sealing, woven hair (for furniture), horse-hair cloth; 2) (für *Unterrock*) crinoline; — *handel*, *m.* horse-trade, horse-dealing; — *händler*, *m.* horse-dealer; — *hörn*, *see* — *hörn*; — *haut*, *f.* horse-hide; — *hirsch*, *m.* a species of axis (*Ovis Arctolais* Cuv.); — *hüter*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) *see* *Wirtstücker*; 2) *gootrups* (*Gootrups*); — *lamm*, *m.* 1) horse-comb; 2) *see* *Jobmaster*; horse-dealer; jockey; *Bot.-s.* — *lamm*, *f.* horse-obscure (*Acetulus hippocrepinus* L.); — *lette*, *f.* common burdock (*Germine Lette*); — *brüde*, *f.* mud-scraper worked by a horse; — *lamm*, *m.* 1) a species of laserwort (*Laserpitium stier* L.); 2) *hartwort* (*Sedum tuberosum* L.); 3) sulphurwort (*Pseudocymus officinale* L.); — *lammig*, *adj.* having a knowledge of horses; — *lamm*, *f.* *see* *Pferdegäpel*; — *lammig*, *m.* *see* *Buslammig*; — *leber*, *n.* horse-leather; — (or *Roffe*) — *leber*, *n.* charioteer.

Röfing, (*str.*) *m.* *Pom.* russeting.

Roß, *in comp.* (*cf.* *Pferde* ...) — *malve*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) wild mallow (*Malva silvestris* L.); 2) *see* — *pappel*; — *markt*, *m.* horse-market; — *maul*, *n.* *see* *Ballfuß*; — *milde*, *f.* *see* — *brumf*; — *mühle*, — *mühle*, — *neffel*, — *pappel*, *f.* *see* *Pferde* ...; — *pflaume*, *f.* horse-plum; magnum bonum; — *polci*, *see* *Pferdepolci*; — *pulver*, *n.* horse-powder; — *rippe*, *f.* *Bot.* rib-grass, ribwort (*Plantago lanceolata* L.); — *rübe*, *see* — *wag*; 2) — *schlächter*, *m.* horse-slaughterer; — *wang*, *m.* horse-tail (*also Bot.*); — *schweil*, *m.* *Miner.* common brimstone; — *schweil*, *m.* 1) horse's tail (also among the Turks); mit *rot* — *schweil*, three-tailed; 2) *Bot.* mare's tail (*Hippuris* L.); — *stange*, *f.* *Stocking*; *n.* rod of the horse (*Talk*); — *ständer*, *m.* *see* — *lamm*; 2) — *schlächter*, *n.* *Bot.* dog's violet (*Villa canina* L.); — *weil*, *m.* *Comm.* an inferior kind of Morocco leather; — *weil*, *f.* *Bot.* crack-willow (*Salix fragilis* L.); — *wert*, *n.* *see* *Pferdegepel*; *Bot.-s.* — *wild*, *f.* spring bitter-vetch (*Orbium cornus* L.); — *wurt*, *f.* *see* *Pferdewurt* & *Jeuncläre*.

Rot'ten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*Lat.*) to rotate. — *Rotation*, (*w.*) *f.* rotation; *Rot'tenmaschine*, *f.* rotary or rotatory (steam-)engine.

Rot, *I. adj.* red; ruddy; rubicund; *Harald.* rules: — *machen*, *1.* to redden; 2) *Metall.* to bring up (the melting-pot); 3) *Ag.* to put to the blush; — *werden*, to redden; to blush: *der r-e Hund*, *coll.* for *Rötheln*, *Mod.*; *der r-e Ring*, 1. (*at cards*) king of hearts or diamonds; 2) *vulg.* menstruation, flows; *das r-e Meer*, *Geogr.* the Red Sea; *die r-e Stut*, *Mod.* the bloody flux, dysentery; *heute -r*, *morgen* *tot*, *proverb.* we bloom to-day, to-morrow die; II. *s.* 1) *die R-n* (*die r-n* Republic) *amer.* *m. pl.* (*decl. like adj.*) the Reds; 2) (*str.*) *a.)* red, red colour; *b.)* rouge; *c.)* *Gam.* hearts, diamonds; *Erläut.* *rot*, Turkey red; *Euphrat* — *carthamus* paint.

Rot, *in comp.* — *auge*, *n.* *Ichth.* anacalo, redeye, rudd (*Lucania erythrophthalmus* L.); — *äugig*, *adj.* red-eyed; — *büdig*, *adj.* red- or cherry-cheeked; — *bart*, *m.* 1) red beard;

Friedrich der -bart, Frederick Barbarossa; 2) *see* — *schüden*; 3) *Ichth.* surmullet, red mullet (*Mullus barbatus* L.); — *büdig*, *adj.* red-bearded; — *baum*, *m.* *see* *Röthenbaum*; — *beere*, *f.* *see* *Erdbeere*; — *bein*, *n.* *Ornith.* red-shank, pool-snipe (*Totanus callidus* L.); — *binber*, *m.* cooper making racks & of red-beech wood; *Miner-s.* — *büdig*, *n.* chromate of lead, red-lead spar, red lead-ore; — *blende*, *f.* ruby of zinc, red-blend; — *büdig*, *adj.* red-blooded; — *brann*, *adj.* red-brown, sorrel, ruddy, bay; — *brüdig*, *adj.* 1) (of iron) red-short, red-sear, hot-short; 2) (of trees) rotten; — *brüdig*, *m.* *see* — *schüden*; — *büde*, *f.* *Bot.* common beech, red beech (*Fagus sylvatica* L.); — *büden*, *adj.* (of) red beech; — *brüffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* red-wing (*Turdus ilicinus* L.).

Röthe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) redness, red; 2) (*Comm.* madder; 3) blush, flush; 4) *see* *Röft*, 3; — *transfett*, *f.* *Vet.* red murrain.

Röth..., *in comp.* — *schüde*, *f.* *Bot.* common oak (*Quercus robur* L.); — *eisenstein*, *m.* *Min.* red oxide of iron. [chalk]

Röthel, (*str.*) *m.* ruddle, reddie, red *Röthelstein*, *Röthel*, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *provinc.* *see* *Röthfelle*; 2) *see* *Röthfelle*.

Röthel..., *in comp.* — *erde*, *f.* *adamic* earth; — *farbe*, *f.* ruddle; — *falt*, — *güter*, *m.* — *weil*, *f.* *Ornith.* castrol, stannel (*Falco tinnunculioides*).

Rötheln, (*w.*) *f.* *pl. Med.* red measles. *A. Rötheln*, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to ruddle; to reddon.

Rötheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rot, water, soak (*hemp* = *Rösten*, 2 & *Roten*, A. II).

Röthel, *in comp.* — *stein*, *m.* red chalk; — *stift*, *m.* red chalk-pencil.

Rot, *in comp.* — *ente*, *f.* *see* — *hals*; — *erie*, *f.* *Bot.* red alder-tree (*Alnus* L.); — *fahl*, *adj.* tawny yellow, saffron-coloured; — *färber*, *m.* dyer in red; — *faul*, *adj.* (of trees) rotten (to the core); — *feber*, *f.* — *Röfter*, *m.* *Ichth.* roach (*Leuciscus rutilus* L.); — *fichte*, *f.* *Bot.* sprucefir (*Abies* L.); — *flanke*, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) chaffinch (*Pringilla caesia* L.); 2) bullfinch (*Pyrrhula rubicilla* Pall.); 3) tree or field-sparrow (*Pedipetring*); — *falle*, *m.* red hawk; — *fisch*, *m.* *Ichth.* red char, *see* — *forelle*; — *fiedig*, *adj.* red-spotted; — *Röfter*, *m.* *see* — *feber*; — *föhre*, *f.* *see* — *fichte*; — *forelle*, *f.* *Ichth.* cut-salmon (*Salmo salvelinus* L.); — *fuchs*, *m.* (Brand-) 1) red fox (*Canis vulbus* Desm.); 2) a light-bay horse, sorrel horse (*Fuchs*, 4); — *fuß*, *m.* 1) *see* — *bein*; 2) *in comp.* or — *füßig*, *adj.* red-footed, having red feet; — *gans*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) *see* Baumgans; 2) gannet, soland-geese (*Palæmus* (*Chla*) *Caasius* L.); — *gar*, *adj.* tanned; — *garre* *feber*, *n.* russet; — *gelb*, *adj.* orange-coloured; *see* — *fahl*; — *gerber*, *m.* tanner; — *gerberel*, *f.* tannery; — *gleßer*, *m.* brasier; — *gleßerel*, *f.* brasier's trade or workshop; — *gimpel*, *m.* *see* Blutfut; — *glühend*, *adj.* red-hot; — *glühbühne*, — *glut*, *f.* red-heat; redness; — *glühener*, — *glühiger*, *n.* *Min.* red or ruby silver-ore; — *glüh*, *m.* brasier, copper goods; red brass; brittle metal; tombac; — *heutig*, *adj.* red-haired, carrotty, sandy; — *hester*, *m.* *Bot.* rye-grass (*Helä*); — *hals*, *m.* *Ornith.* red-headed widgeon (*Zafelent*); — *hänfling*, *m.* *see* Bluthänfling; — *hart*, *see* — *brüdig*, 1; — *haut*, *f.* red-skin, *f. s.* red man; — *heigen*, *n.* the operation of red-searing; — *hirsch*, *m.* *Zool.* hart, common stag (*Odocoileus*); — *holz*, *m.* *Comm.* red dye-wood, red-wood (the produce of *Sesquios sempervirens* L., *Rhamnus erythracol*, &c.); Brazil-wood (*Ozalpinia acintha*, *brasiliensis*, &c.); (african) *sches* cam-wood (*Baphia nitida*); — *huhn*, *n.* *Ornith.* red-(legged) or French partridge (*Perdix rufus* L.); — *hut*, *m.* *fam.* (one wearing the) red hat (of a cardinal); — *hüpfen*, *n.* red-cap,

little Red Riding-hood (celebrated in tales); — *hüpfel*, *m.* *fam.* a cardinal, *cf.* — *hut*; — *schüden*, *m.* *Ornith.* redbreast, robin (*Luscinia rubicilla* L.); — *lobl*, *m.* — *frant*, *n.* *Bot.* red cabbage; — *stingfupfer*, *n.* red regulus of copper; — *stapf*, *m.* 1) person with red hair, *vulg.* sandy-pate; 2) *Ornith.* red-backed shrike, lesser butcher-bird (*Lanius rufus* L.); 3) manakin (*Pipra aureola* L.); — *stapfen*, *n.* *see* — *hals*; — *stapf*, *adj.* red-headed, *cf.* — *heutig*; — *stapf*, *n.* *Min.* red-copper; — *stapferglas*, *n.* octahedral red copper-ore; — *laus*, *m.* 1) *Med.* erysipelas, *see* *Woe*, 3; 2) *Vet.* (der *Schweine*) wild fire; — *lausartig*, *adj.* erysipelatos; — *lausbüdel*, *m.* *see* *Gürteltroste*; *das* — *liegende*, *n.* *Geol.* lower new red sandstone, new red conglomerate.

Röthlich, *I. adj.* somewhat red, reddish; II. *R.-Zeit*, (*w.*) *f.* reddishness.

Röthling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Röthschwanz*; 2) *Ichth.* a) rad, red-eye (*Stethogaster*); b) a species of wrasse (*Labrus anthias* L.); 3) *Ent.* a red-winged butterfly; 4) *Pom.* a kind of red apple; 5) orange agaric (*Agaricus deliciosus* L.).

Rot, *in comp.* — *machende Mittel*, *pl. Med.* rubefaciens; — *mantel*, — *münter*, *f.* person with a red cloak; — *manst*, *f.* *see* *Remming*; — *metall*, *n.* an alloy of copper & zinc; — *mühe*, *f.* 1) a) red-cap; b) *see* — *hut*; 2) *see* *Radon*; — *angel*, *m.* copper nail; — *neffig*, *adj.* red-nosed; — *neigen*, *n.* *Vet.* red-murrain; — *nüchtern*, *m.* copper-nickel; — *rückerhals*, *n.* the old wood of the elm-tree (*opp.* *Weißruckerholz*); — *landsstein*, *m.* *see* — *liegende*; — *laure*, *f.* *Chem.* erythric acid, erythrins; — *schür*, *m.* *Comm.* split stockfish; — *schür*, — *schimmel*, *m.* roan horse; — *schmitt*, *m.* coppersmith, brasier; — *schur*, *f.* red cord; — *schwan*, *m.* *Ornith.* red-start, red-tail (*Ruticilla phoeniceus* L.); — *schüdig*, *adj.* (of trees) 1) red-streaked; 2) *see* — *faul*; — *silber*, *n.* *Min.* red silver ore; — *span*, *m.* red wine; — *stein*, *m.* 1) *see* *Bügelstein*; 2) *see* *Röthel*; — *stert*, *m.* — *sterge*, *f.* *see* — *schwan*; — *stift*, *m.* red crayon, red chalk (pencil); — *streifig*, *adj.* red-striped, red-streaked; — *stumpf*, *m.* *cont.* superior Catholic priest, a cardinal, &c.; — *stüdt*, *f.* *Mod.* red toilet-rash; — *tanne*, *f.* pitch-pine (*Pinus vulgaris* L.); *das* — *stehende*, *see* *das* — *liegende*; — *weiß*, *adj.* *cf.* *n.* *ant.* gibberish, slang, jargon, pedlar's French; — *wangig*, *adj.* red-cheeked; — *weil*, *f.* *Bot.* purple willow (*Purpurell*); — *wild*, *n.* red-deer, venison; — *wurt*, *f.* red-sausage, black-pudding; — *wurt*, *f.* *Bot.* tormentil, seepfoil (*Tormentilla arvens* L.).

Rot'te, (*w.*) *f.* 1) troop, company; band; 2) flock, herd; 3) rout, rabble; gang (of thieves); 4) set; faction; 5) *Mil.* file, section, platoon; 6) *Sport.* pack (of wolves); 7) *provinc.* *see* *Röthfeller*.

A. Rot'ten, (*w.*) *v. provinc.* I. *intr.* to rot (*Verrotten*); II. or *Rö'ten*, *tr.* to make to rot, *see* *Rötheln*, B.

B. Rot'ten, (*w.*) *v.* *see* *Radon*, *Reuten*.

C. Rot'ten, (*w.*) *v.* *see* *Zufammenrotten*. **Rot'ten**, *in comp.* — *feuer*, *n.* firing in file; — *führer*, *m.* corporal; — *geiß*, *m.* factious spirit; — *macher*, — *stifter*, *m.* complottor, ring-leader; — *meister*, *m.* 1) *†*, captain; 2) *Mil.* corporal, sergeant; — *weise*, *adv.* (*cf.* *adj.* proceeding) 1) by gangs; 2) in files.

Rot'tgesch, (*w.*) *m.* *see* *Rottenmacher*. **Rot'ten**, *see* *Rotten*, C; **Rot'ter**, (*str.*) *m.* rioter, mutineer, ringleader; **Rot'trung**, (*w.*) *f.* riotous gathering.

Rot'treifer, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Rottenmeister*. * **Rot'tel**, **Rot'tel**, (*w.*) *n.* (*Lat.* *rotulus*, roll) Law, record. — **Rot'telrol**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to file or arrange (documents).

Rot, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *vulg.* mucus; snot, snivel;

3) *fur.* glanders; —*stann*, *m.* see *Klammstein*; —*bart*, —*bube*, —*hüfel*, *m.* —*maul*, *m.* —*maße*, *f.* vulg. 1) snotty fellow; 2) snivelling brat, chit.

Nasen, (*w.*) *v. inkr.* 1) vulg. to snivel, to snuff up; 2) *Vol.* to be affected with the glanders.

Nasfisch, (*str.*) *m.* see *Chelcimfisch*.

Nasig, *adj.* 1) vulg. snotty; mucous; 2) *Vol.* glandered.

Nasfisch, (*str.*) *m.* common brimstone.

* *Nasfisch* (*pr. rälö*), (*str.*, *pl.* *N-f* [*pr. rälö*]) *n.* (*of Fr. origin, although never used in the same sense in French*) blind-roller (*Fr. store*), (window-)blind or shade (*Genf. rölle*).

* *Nasfren* (*rälöfren*), (*w.*) *v. inkr.* (*Fr.*) to circulate; to turn (upon), &c.

* *Nasfren* (*rälö*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) routine. — *Nasfren*, (*w.*) *v. reg.* to get into the routine of something; routine, *p. a. versed*.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* rape; root, turnip, &c.; *weige* (*Nasfren*) —, turnip; *gelbe* —, see *Nasfren*; 1) rothe —, see *Nasfren* (*rälö*); *saule* —, white bryony (*Baumrälö*).

* *Nasfren*, (*str.*) *m.* Num. rouble.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *f.* Metall. rubber, rubbing-plate.

Nasfren..., *in comp.* —*adren*, *m.* —*feld*, *n.* field of turnips; *Bot.* —*haben*, *m.* bulbous crowfoot (*Ranunculus bulbosus* L.); —*herfel*, *m.* clooly, great cherwill (*Myrrhis aromatica* L.); —*lohl*, *m.* rape (*Brassica rapa* L.); —*rethle*, *m.* large black radish; —*saunen*, *m.* —*faat*, *f.* turnip-seed; rape-seed; —*rethle*, *m.* turnip-scoop; —*güder*, *m.* beet-root sugar.

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* Germ. Pub. Number-Nip, name of a mountain demon in the Riesengebirge (Silesia).

* *Nasfren*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) Minor. ruby; *in comp.* —*balas*, *m.* Minor. balas-ruby, spinello; —*farben*, —*farbig*, —*roth*, *adj.* ruby coloured, ruby-red; —*faul*, *m.* artificial ruby; ruby-flour; —*glas*, *m.* ruby-coloured glass; —*glimmer*, *m.* Minor. pyroclerite; —*granate*, *f.* rock-ruby; —*rüthling*, —*spinell*, *m.* spinello-ruby; —*schweifel*, *m.* realgar.

Nasfren, (*str.*) *n.* rape-seed oil.

* *Nasfren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to head, to put into a column. — *Nasfren*, (*w.*) *f.* rubric, title, article, head, heading, column (of a page).

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) rape-seed; 2) *Bot.* wild narow, wild navette or colosseid (*Brassica rapa* *var. oleracea* DC.).

Nasfren, (*str.*, *pl.* *Nasfren*) *m.* († &) poet. smell (Geruch).

Nasfren, *I. adj.* notorious, rumoured, known; — *machen*, to rumour, divulge; — *werden*, to become known, &c., to be noised about, to take wind; II. *Nasfren*, (*w.*) *f.* notoriousness.

* *Nasfren* (*pr. rälöfren*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) trimming (of ladies' dresses).

Nasfren, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* spring-grass (*Anthoxanthum odoratum* L.).

Nasfren, *I. adj.* profligate, flagitious, abandoned, vicious, wicked, foul, reprobate, ruffian; impious, sacrilegious; II. *Nasfren*, (*w.*) *f.* profligacy, flagitiousness, &c.; criminality; nefariousness, wickedness, depravity.

Nasfren (*pr. rälöfren*), (*w.*) *v. inkr.* to ooo

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* jerk, start, jolt, move; tug, wrench; *ein* — *thun*, to give a jerk, pull; to move a short way; *mit* *Einem* —, at one jerk.

Nasfren, *adv.* †. for *zurück*, back.

Nasfren... (*from* *Nasfren*, *adv.*, *Nasfren*, *v. &c.*), *in comp.* —*abtreten*, *f.* retrocession; act of receding; —*anspruch*, *m.* counter-claim; —*antwort*, *f.* Law, reply; —*angeige*, *f.* counter-

advertisement, counter-information; —*effe- curang*, *f.* re-insurance; —*auffanger*, *m.* Mar. top timbers; —*übertragung*, *f.* reply; —*baul*, *f.* Sport. (*from* *Nasfren*, *v.*) net-frame.

Nasfren, *adj.* movable.

Nasfren... (*from* *Nasfren*, *adv.*, *Nasfren*, *v. &c.*), *in comp.* —*batterie*, *f.* Art. reverse or murdering battery; —*betagen*, *v. tr.* *incomp.* to postdate; —*betel*, *m.* T. cant firmer chisel, ridge-back chisel, square-chisel; —*betting*, *f.* platform for a gun; —*bewegung*, *f.* backward or retrograde movement; —*bleibfel*, *n.* remnant, residue; —*bid*, *m.* (*lit.* look thrown back) retrospect, retrospective view (*auf* [with *Acc.*], *off*; *ein* —*bid* *auf* *ihren* *Besuch* *Sondens*, a retrospect of her visit to London); —*brut*, *m.* Rope-m. peg-block; —*bürge*, *m.* counter-surety; —*bürgschaft*, *f.* counter or collateral security, counter-bond; —*centra*, *v. inkr.* to reflect, to have a reflective meaning; —*centen*, *adj.* reciprocal, reflective; —*blöcenten*, *v. tr.* to rediscount.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *f.* Sport. bird-net.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *f.* re-importation.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *v. inkr.* to jerk; to jolt.

Nasfren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to move with a jerk, to remove, move; to push, pull; *näher* —, to bring closer; *eine* *Hand* —, to set a watch; *die* *Hand* —, to lift the cap; *sch* —, to edge (one's self); II. *inkr.* (*aux.* *haben* & *sein*) to move, proceed; to remove, edge; to march; *der* *Feind* *rückte* *auf* *uns* *los*, the enemy advanced upon us; *näher* —, to draw near, advance, approach; *in* *ein* *Land* —, to march into (or to enter) a country; *aus* *dem* *Lager* —, to leave the camp.

Nasfren, *v. (str.)* *m.* 1) *a*) back; *b*) see —*rück*; 2) the hinder part of a thing, back (of a violin, &c.); 3) ridge (of the nose, a mountain, &c.); 4) *Mil.* rear (of an enemy, &c.); 5) *Agr.* long swath of hay; *das* *Stück* *rück* *einem* —, *Mar.* the ship becomes broken-backed or cambered; *mit* *heftem* —, saddle-backed; *seinem* — *beugen*, 1) to bow; 2) *Ag.* to submit; *Einem* *den* — *halten*, to back, countenance one; *Einem* *den* — *lehren*, to turn one's back on one, to forsake; *sich* (*Dat.*) *den* — *frei* *halten*, to secure one's retreat; *einem* *breiten* — *haben*, to have broad shoulders; *einem* *trumen* — *machen*, to stoop, cinge; *auf* *dem* — *liegen*, to be done up; *etwas* *hinter* *Jemandem* — *thun*, to do a thing behind a person's back or without a person's knowledge; *es* *läuft* *mir* *fehl* *über* *den* —, I shudder, my flesh creeps; *einem* — *haben* *an*... (*Schiller*), to be backed by...

Nasfren..., (*v.*) *in comp.* *Anat. & Med.* dorsal; —*ader*, *f.* dorsal vein; —*batterie*, *f.* see *Nasfren*; —*bein*, *n.* see *Nasfren*; —*blatt*, *m.* reredos (of an altar-piece); back-plate (of a fireplace); —*blut*, *n.* *Vol.* disease of cattle (in the milk); —*batte*, *f.* spinal complaint in which the marrow dries up (*Lat.* *labeo dorsalis*); —*eisen*, *n.* Bookb. back-tool; —*fläche*, *f.* flat surface of the back; *Lehde* —, —*flasse*, *f.* dorsal-fin, back-fin; —*flosser*, *m.* fish with dorsal fins; —*flosser*, *pl.* Crust. notopoda (*Notopoda*); —*gefäß*, *n.* dorsal vessel; —*gurt*, *m.* see —*riemen*; —*halt*, *m.* see *Nasfren*; —*halt*, 2; —*saum*, *m.* *Med.* dorsal crest; —*riemen*, *f.* *pl.* *Entom.* dorsibranchiates (*Dorsibranchia* Cuv.); —*tor*, *m.* see *Tragtor*; —*trampf*, *m.* *Med.* opisthotonus; —*träger*, *m.* scratch-back, back-scraper; —*leiste*, *f.* back of a chair; —*mark*, *m.* *Anat.* spinal marrow; —*markarterien*, *f.* *pl.* spinal arteries; —*markbatte*, —*markverehrung*, *f.* see —*batte*; *Med.* —*markverehrung*, *f.* *myelitis*; —*markverehrung*, *f.* *myelomalacia*; —*markverehrung*, *f.* paralysis of the spinal marrow; —*markverehrung*, *m.* *Anat.* spinal nerve; —*markverehrung*, *f.* *myelodermis*; —*markverehrung*, *m.* dorsal

muscle; —*mark*, *f.* *Bot.* dorsal suture; —*mark*, *m.* *Anat.* dorsal nerve; —*mark*, *f.* pipe of a choir-organ; —*mark* (*L. G.* —*marken*), *n.* *pl.* *Mar.* life-lines, man-ropes; —*platte*, *f.* back-plate (of a chimney); —*riemen*, *m.* Saddle crupper ridge-band; —*riemen*, *f.* *Art.* paradox, outer scissor; —*schilde*, *n.* back-shield; back-shell (of turtles, &c.); —*schlag*, *m.* blow on the back; —*schmerz*, *m.* pain in the (one's) back; —*schwimmer*, *m.* *Entom.* boat-fly, water-boatman (*Nolonia glauca* L.); —*schwim*, *adj.* *Bot.* dorsal; —*starr*, *f.* *Med.* stiffness in the back; —*streif*, —*streifen*, *m.* *Med.* dorsal streak; —*stück*, *n.* back-piece; *Butch.* chine; —*wech*, *n.* see —*schmerz*; —*wech*, *f.* see —*schmerz*; —*wech*, *m.* choir-organ; —*wind*, *m.* wind blowing in one's back; *Mar.* stern-wind; —*wirbel*, *m.* —*wirbelstein*, *n.* *Anat.* vertebra; —*wirbel*, *str.* *n.* vertebrated animal, vertebral; —*wolle*, *f.* back-wool, mother-wool.

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) be or that which moves, mover; 2) see *Stückschilde*; —*saum*, *m.* lattice-fence.

Nasfren..., *in comp.* —*erinnerer*, *v. reg.* to remember, recollect; —*erinnerung*, *f.* reminiscence; recollection; —*erstattung*, *f.* restitution; —*fahrt*, *f.* return; —*fahrt*, *f.* see *Stückschilde*; —*fahrt*, *n.* back-fare; —*fall*, *m.* 1) *Law.* reversion; 2) *Med. & Ag.* relapse; —*fallig*, *adj.* 1) *Law.* revertible; 2) *Med.* relapsing; —*fallig* *werden*, to relapse; —*fallig* *sein*, *f.* revertibility; relapse; —*fallig*, *f.* T. brass-back-plate; —*flage*, *f.* back (of a wall); —*flut*, *m.* reflux; —*forderung*, *f.* reclamation, redemand; —*forderungsfrage*, *f.* action of reclaim; —*forderungsrecht*, *n.* right of reclamation, legal claim; —*fracht*, *f.* back freight, return-freight, home-freight, *cf.* —*labung*; —*frage*, *f.* 1) counter question; 2) demand; —*frage*, *f.* return-conveyance; —*gabe*, *f.* the (act of) giving back, restitution, return; —*gang*, *m.* 1) walk back, return; 2) T. back-stroke (of a machine); 3) *Asst.* retrogression, retrogradation; 4) *Law.* regress; return to a former claim; 5) frustration; 6) *Ag.* falling off, decline; —*gängig*, *adj.* retrograde; retrogressive; —*gängig* *machen*, to break off; to cancel, annul (a purchase, &c.); —*gängig* *werden*, to retrograde; to be broken off; —*gängig* *sein*, *f.* state of retrogression; —*gehen*, *v. inkr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to go back, to return; —*gewehrung*, *f.* (partial) return; (*von* *Stoll*) draw-back; —*grasat*, *f.* reprisals.

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* *Anat.* spine; back-bone; chine; *in comp.* spinal, vertebral; —*stet*, *n.* spinal bone; —*stet*, *f.* hole of the backbone; —*stet*, *f.* contortion of the spine; —*stet*, *m.* spinal nerve; —*stet*, *m.* rhachialgia; —*stet*, *m.* extensor of the spine; —*stet*, *m.* joint of the spine or backbone, vertebra; —*stet*, *pl.* vertebrated animals (*Wirbelthiere*).

Nasfren..., *in comp.* —*griff*, *m.* see *Stückschilde*; —*gut*, *m.* Comm. lumber (West-Indian trade).

Nasfren, (*str.*) *m.* (*from* *Nasfren*, *v.*) Gun. hook by which a piece of ordnance is moved.

Nasfren..., *in comp.* —*hall*, *m.* reverberation of sound, resound, re-echo; —*hallen*, *v. inkr.* to resound; —*hall*, *m.* 1) T. (or —*halter*) detent (of a gun, clock, &c.); *Ag.* —*hall*, 2) *a*) prop, stay, support; *b*) *Med.* reserve; 3) reserve, reservedness; *einem* —*hall* *an* *Einem* (*etwas*) *haben*, to fall back upon, to be backed by; —*halten*, *v. tr.* see *Stückschilde*; —*halt* (*stet*) *adj.* unreserved, unqualified, unbounded, *adv.* unrestricted, without reserve; —*halt* (*stet*) *adj.* *f.* uncomproising plainness (of speech); —*haltung*, *f.* see *Stückschilde*; *Med.* —*halten*, *n.* retromingency; —*halten*, *adj.* retromingent; —*heim*, *f.* *provinc.* hearth-cricket.

...rückig, *adj.* (*gener. in comp.*) having a back or ridge.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m.* repurchase, redemption; —**rückfähr.**, *adj.* redeemable; —**rückfähr.**, *adv.* by way of repurchase; —**rückf.**, *f.* return, returning; ohne —**rückf.** verloren, *Ag.* irretrievably lost; —**rückfähr.**, *m.* homeward bound (ship); —**rückf.**, *m.* reverberation of sound; resonance; —**rückf.**, *f.* see —**rückf.**; —**rückf.**, *f.* load in return, return-cargo; reshipment; —**rückf.**, *m.* recurrence, retrogradation; recoil (of a cannon); —**rückfähr.** Reichen, *f. pl. Math.* recurring series; —**rückfähr.**, *adj.* recurrent (*also Anst.*), retrograde, running backward; —**rückfähr.** Zinsen, recurrent interest; —**rückf.**, *f.* see Rücknahme; —**Rückf.**, *f.* re-delivery.

Rücklings, *adv.* backward; from behind; —**gelegt**, *Adv.* supine; —**zusammenbinden**, to tie back to back.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückw.**, *m.* retreat of an army; counter-march; —**rückw.**, *f.* see Rücknahme; —**rückw.**, *m.* counter-foot; —**rückw.**, *m.* repulsion, reaction; recoil; —**rückw.**, *f.* Comm. return of premium; —**rückw.**, *f.* counter-reckoning or account; —**rückw.**, *f.* return, journey back, voyage home; auf der —**rückw.** begriffen, homeward-bound; —**rückw.**, *m.* see Rückwärts; —**rückw.**, *m.* calling back, recall; —**rückw.**, *see* Rückwärts; —**rückw.**, *m.* letter of recall, *see* Rückwärtsge-schrieben. [Erfüllende.]

Rückweise, (*w.*) *f.* (*from* Rückw.) *see* Rückw. *in comp.* —**rückw.**, *m.* 1) reverberation, reflection; 2) (reciprocal) bond; obligation; —**rückw.**, *m.* 1) back-stroke, re-active stroke, repulsion, rebound, rebound, reverberation; second stroke (of lightning); 2) *Ag.* a) reaction; b) sudden falling off or decline; —**rückw.**, *m.* 1) the act of returning (a document, &c.) under cover, re-enclosure; 2) in-furance trading (back) the origin of a thing; —**rückw.**, *m.* receipt; —**rückw.**, *v. intr.* *Mar.* gun-tackle; —**rückw.**, *f.* back; inside, wrong-side (of any stuff); reverse (of a coin); —**rückw.**, *f.* the act of sending back, re-turn; am baldigst —**rückw.** bittend, requesting an early return.

Rücklicht, (*w.*) *f.* 1) respect, consideration, regard, attention; indulgence; (nachgiebige) deference; 2) motive; 3) discretion; aus —**rückw.**, in deference to, out of regard for; in —**rückw.** (*Gen.*), mit —**rückw.** (*with Acc.*), in consideration of ..., with regard to ..., view-ing, considering; —**rückw.** auf (*with Acc.*), to pay regard or attention to ..., to have a regard or allow for ...; to bear in mind; ohne —**rückw.** auf ..., zu ..., regardless of ...; alle —**rückw.** beachten, to take every consideration.

Rücklichtig, *L. adv.* (*with Gen.*) in respect (of); regarding; in regard (to); II. **Rücklicht**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Rücklicht.

Rücklichtlos, *L. adj.* regardless; careless, inconsiderate; *adv.* without heed or scruple; II. **Rücklicht**, (*w.*) *f.* regardlessness, want of consideration (*gegen, for*).

Rücklichtig *in comp.* —**rückw.**, *f.* respect; —**rückw.**, *adj.* regardful (*gegen, of*), considerate, scrupulous.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m.* counter-seal; —**rück**, *m.* back-seat; —**rückf.**, *f.* reference, consultation; laut —**rückf.**, according to agreement; —**rückf.** mit einem nehmen, to consider, deliberate with one; mündliche —**rückf.**, verbal communication; —**rückf.**, *m.* leap back; resilience; —**rück**, *m.* 1) *pl.* arrears; outstanding debts; 2) *T.* residuum, residue (of fabrics); *Chem.* copul. mortuum;

im —**st.** sein mit ..., to be behind hand, backward or in arrears with ...; er bleibt mit der Nichte im —**st.**, his rent falls into arrears; —**Handrechnung**, *f.* balance account; —**st.**, *adj.* in arrears, remaining behind; —**st.**, *m.* Schuldner, defaulter; —**st.**, *m.* Post, overdue mail; —**st.**, *m.* Zahlung, back-payment; —**st.**, *m.* Forderungen, outstanding claims; —**st.**, *m.* defaulter; —**st.**, *m.* *See.* back-stitch, turn-stitch; —**st.**, *m.* back-stroke (—schlag); —**st.**, *m.* reflection; —**st.**, *v. tr. & intr.* to reflect; —**st.**, *m.* *Nat.* passage back, return, or departure of migratory birds; —**st.**, *m.* overthrow, fall backwards; —**st.**, *f.* *see* Holztaube; —**st.**, *f.* *Comm.* redraft, re-exchange; —**st.**, *m.* retirement, withdrawal; drawing back (from a purchase); receding; return (to a previous state); —**st.**, *m.* Comm. option.

Rück... (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act of moving with a jerk, &c., *cf.* Rückw., 2) *See.* syn-copation.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *f.* *see* Rück-fahrt; —**rückf.**, *f.* re-insurance; —**rückf.**, *pl.* returns; —**rückf.**, *v. tr.* to roll back; to repel, rebut; —**rückf.**, *f.* revolution, rolling back; —**rückf.**, *adj.* retrograde; —**rückf.**, *adv.* backward; back; *Mar.* aback; *Anat.* —**rückf.**, *m.* supinator; —**rückf.**, *f.* supination; —**rückf.**, *adj.* *Bot.* relaxed; —**rückf.**, *v. intr.* to go backward, recede; *Ag.* to fall off, decline; *Mar.* to retire, to have sternway; —**rückf.**, *adj.* *Bot.* reclined; —**rückf.**, *f.* reclining posture; —**rückf.**, *v. intr.* *Mar.* to back astern, to back water or (the) oars; —**rückf.**, *m.* retrogressing; —**rückf.**, *adj.* to go astern, to go sternway; —**rückf.**, *p. a.* having a reactive effect or power; reflective, reciprocal; *Comm.* —**rückf.**, *m.* return of exchange, re-exchange, rechange; re-draft, return-draft; —**rückf.**, *f.* account of re-exchange; —**rückf.**, *m.* return, way back; —**rückf.**, *m.* to turn back or homeward.

Rückweise, *adv.* by jerks, by fits, by starts.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *f.* returning wave; —**rückf.**, *m.* eddy-wind, gust; —**rückf.**, *v. intr.* to react; to have a reactive force; —**rückf.**, *p. a.* *see* Rückwärtswirkend; —**rückf.**, *m.* Straf, retrospective effect or force; ein —**rückf.**, *m.* Straf, retrospective law; —**rückf.**, *f.* reaction; —**rückf.**, *m.* tip (at nine-pins); in —**rückf.**, to tip; —**rückf.**, *adj.* redeemable (loan, &c.); repayable; —**rückf.**, *f.* return of payment; —**rückf.**, *m.* *Comm.* red interests, interests in red (in account currents); —**rückf.**, *adj.* *Gramm.* reflective; —**rückf.**, *m.* drawback; —**rückf.**, *m.* *pl.* debenture-goods; —**rückf.**, *m.* debenture; —**rückf.**, *adj.* entitled to drawback; —**rückf.**, *m.* return, retreat; zum —**rückf.**, to sound the retreat; den —**rückf.**, *Mil.* to bring up the rear.

* **Rück...** (*Fr. rude*) rude, brutal.

Rück... (*w.*) *m.* 1) male of dogs, foxes, and wolves; 2) (*W-nhund*) dog, hound.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* 1) flock, herd, troop; 2) tool for stirring, twirling stick.

Rück... (*w.*) *v. I. & tr.* coll. to shake, stir; II. *refl.* to collect together in herds or flocks.

Rück... *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m.* huntsman's bugle; —**rückf.**, *m.* whipper-in.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mar.* oar; rudder, helm; 2) *Brow.* mashing-staff; 3) *Ag.* a. helm; das —**rückf.**, am —**rückf.**, to be at the helm; to rule; ans —**rückf.**, to come into power.

Rück... (*from* Ruder & Rudern), *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m.* band or fastening of the rudder; —**rückf.**, *f.* seat for rowers; bank of oars; —**rückf.**, *m.* helm's-man, timonier; —**rückf.**, *m.* rowing-boat, sculler; —**rückf.**, *m.* *see* Ruderer; —**rückf.**, *f.* Ornith. Ural-duck.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* rower; der erste —, bowman.

Rück... (*from* Ruder & Rudern), *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *f. pl.* *see* Schwimmschiff; —**rückf.**, *adj.* oar-shaped; —**rückf.**, *m. pl.* *see* Schwimmschiff; —**rückf.**, *adj.* Zool. oar-footed; —**rückf.**, *m. see* Schwimmschiff; —**rückf.**, *m. see* bestreuer; —**rückf.**, *m.* hole for an oar, rulloek; —**rückf.**, *m.* oar-handle; —**rückf.**, *m.* pintle; rudder-iron. [ten-oared.]

Rück... (*in comp.*) oared; *jetzt* —, **Rück...** (*from* Ruder & Rudern), *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m.* oar-boat; —**rückf.**, *m.* rudder-trunk, rudder-case; —**rückf.**, *f.* thole pin; —**rückf.**, *m.* rower; —**rückf.**, *m.* breeching or stopper; —**rückf.**, *m.* see —**rückf.**; —**rückf.**, *m.* commander of the rowers.

Rück... (*w.*) *v. I. & tr.* to row, paddle; II. *intr.* *see* Rudern.

Rück... (*from* Ruder & Rudern), *in comp.* —**rückf.**, *m. pl.* tholes; —**rückf.**, *f.* rowing-mat; —**rückf.**, *pl.* row-ports; —**rückf.**, *m.* main-piece of a rudder; —**rückf.**, *f.* tiller; die —**rückf.**, *m.* to roll back, to unship the tiller; —**rückf.**, *f.* oar-blade, wash of an oar; —**rückf.**, *m.* *See.* paddle wheel; —**rückf.**, *m.* paddle-box, wheel-house (of a steamer); —**rückf.**, *f.* paddle-shaft; —**rückf.**, *m. pl.* rudder-thongs; —**rückf.**, *f.* paddle-staff; —**rückf.**, *m.* rowing-vessel, galley; —**rückf.**, *m.* stroke of the oar; —**rückf.**, *m.* galley-slave; —**rückf.**, *m.* rudder-nail; —**rückf.**, *f.* oar; —**rückf.**, *m. see* —**rückf.**; —**rückf.**, *m.* atop of the rudder; —**rückf.**, *f. pl.* rudder-tackles, steering-tackles; —**rückf.**, *m.* row(-)lock of a galley; —**rückf.**, *m.* crew of rowers; —**rückf.**, *m.* oars, &c., belonging to a boat; —**rückf.**, *m.* tug at the oar.

Rück... (*m.* Roger (P. N.).

Rück... (*m.* Rodolph, Ralph (P. N.).

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* 1) calling, call, cry; 2) *Ag.* calling; vacation; 3) fame, rumour, report; 4) *see* —**rückf.**; gutter —, reputation, renown, character, good name, creditableness; celebrity; böser —, ill name, disreputation, disrepute, bad repute; in bösen — bringen, to cry down; von (gutem) R-**rückf.**, of good repute, creditable; Schriftsteller von —, author of note or repute; im R-**rückf.**, renowned, famous; er sieht nicht im besten R-**rückf.**, he is not in the best repute; im guten R-**rückf.** stehen bei, to bear a good character from ...; in was für einem R-**rückf.** steht er bei seinen Landsleuten? what reputation does he bear among his countrymen? das Haus steht im — der Unselbstigkeit, the house is reputed dubious; in — kommen, — bekommen, to become famous or renowned, *Comm.* (of firms) to acquire a good reputation; to rise into notice.

Rück... (*w.*) *f.* 1) roughness, rough place; eruption, &c. (Eckort); 2) impurity; 3) or Rück (Swiss: Rück, Rück, n., L. G. Rück, n., Rück, f.) a) rift, cleft, crevice; b) land-slide, land-slip.

Rück... (*str.*) *v. intr. & tr.* (*with Dat.*) to call (on), to cry; zu Rück —, to bid one come; —**rückf.**, to send for ...; wie gerufen kommen, to come seasonably or in the nick of time.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* 1) crier, caller; 2) *Mar.* speaking-trumpet.

Rück... (*m.* *Gramm.* vocative case.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* T. round-nose-plane.

Rück... (*str.*) *m.* coll. a blaming, scolding, coll. blowing up — Rückf., (*w.*) *v. tr.* to blame, coll. to blow up (Rückf.). [(Stupeln).]

Rück... (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* to pimp Rückf., (*str.*) *m.* *see* Rückf.

Rück... (*str.*) *pl.* R-**rückf.** *see* Rückf., 3.

Rück... (*str.*) *adj. provinc.* 1) having a rough surface; 2) *see* Rückf.

Rück... (*w.*) *f.* bird-call.

Rüh'ger, *I. adj.* blamable, censurable; II. **Rüh'geit**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) blamableness.

Rüh'ge, (*w.*) *f.* 1) +, denunciation, accusation; 2) reproach, censure, blame.

Rüh'gen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to denounce; 2) a) to resent; to fine; b) to reproach, reprehend, censure, blame, animadvert upon.

Rüh'gen..., *in comp.* —amt, —gericht, *n.* inferior court of justice adjudicating claim for, and fining injuries or affronts; —meister, —richter, *m.* judge of such a court; —schef, *f.* —proceß, *m.* lawsuit concerning an injury or affront.

+ **Rüh'getag**, (*str.*) *m.* court-day.

Rüh'gung, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Rüh'ge.

Rüh'gung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) rest, repose, quiet; *fig.* calm, tranquillity, peace; sleep; mit —, calmly, quietly; tiefe —, halcyon-days; 2) place, state of rest; —! hush! peace! in (bet) —, at rest; das Gemüth ruht in —, the look is at half-cock; die Maschine ruht in —, the machine is at a stop or still-stand; in — lassen, to let or leave alone; zur — bringen, to calm, quiet, hush; to settle; ein Gemüth in — setzen, to half-cock a gun; sich zur — begeben, to go to rest; sich in — begeben, zur — gehen, to retire from active life or from the world; to retire from (or give up) business; einen Beamt(en) mit Pension zur — setzen, to superannuate, or pension off an official.

Rüh'ge..., *in comp.* —bunt, *f.* couch, seat of repose; —bett, *n.* bed of ease, couch(-bed); sofa; —bett, *n.* *Gew.* sole of a gun-carriage; —bühne, *f.* *Min.* resting-place, landing-place; —feld, *n.* fallow-field (Brachfeld); —fuge, *f.* *Bohl.* bed-bulk joint; —geschal, *n.* pension; —jahr, *n.* *see* Brachjahr; —kammer, *f.* sleeping-room; —kammerlein, *n.* *, narrow cell, grave; —kissen, *n.* pillow; dieß Amt ist kein —kissen, *fig.* this place is no sinecure.

Rüh'elos, *I. adj.* restless; II. **Rüh'losigkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* restlessness.

Rüh'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to rest, repose, take rest; to sleep; ich wünsche Ihnen wohl zu —, I wish you a good night's rest; hier ruht ..., here lies ... (on gravestones); unser Bräutigam ruht jetzt, our correspondence lies dormant now; die Sache ruht jetzt, the matter now rests; die Macht ruht in seinen Händen, the power is lodged in his hands; der Vermögen oder Capital, dead stock, unapplied funds, dormant capital; auf Wahren R-de Anspruch, claims existing upon goods; nach gethaner Arbeit ist gut —, after the work is done, repose is sweet.

Rüh'e..., *in comp.* —platz, *m.* 1) (or —ort) resting-place; place of rest; 2) landing-place (of a stair-case); —punkt, *m.* 1) pause, point of rest, resting-place, rest; 2) *Mus.* point of repose in melody; cadence; 3) *Phys.* centre of gravity; fulcrum; —saat, *f.* corn grown on land that has lain fallow.

Rüh'esam, *adj.* *see* Rüh'fam.

Rüh'e..., *in comp.* —sessel, *m.* (*lit.* chair of rest, of ease, or repose) easy-chair, arm-chair; —sitz, *m.* seat of repose; retirement; —stüb, *m.* *Point.* manil-stick; —staud, *m.* state of repose, rest, or tranquillity; in —staud verfallen, to superannuate; to invalid; sich in —staud begeben, *see* sich in Ruhe begeben; —statt, —stätte, —stelle, *f.* *see* —platz, 1) —stör, *m.* disturber of peace or tranquillity; —störung, *f.* breach of peace, perturbation; —stunde, *f.* hour of rest; —tag, *m.* day of rest; —voll, *adj.* very quiet, calm; —winkel, *m.* *T.* natural slope (of an embankment, &c.); —zeichen, *n.* sign of rest, pause; —zeit, *f.* resting time, pause. [*—sitz, n. Mor.* cushion.]

Rüh'..., *in comp.* —feld, *n.* *see* Rüh'feld; **Rüh'ig**, *I. adj.* quiet, peaceable, calm, sober, tranquil, easy, at rest, at ease; —müde, to appease, pacify; —werden, *Mar.*

to fall calm, subside (of the wind); —lassen, to let or leave in peace; Sie können das —thun, you may safely do that; II. **Rüh'eit**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. w.*) quietness, &c.

Rüh'..., *in comp.* —kraft, *f.* *Phys.* inertia; —ruhe, *f.* *Dy.* repose-vat. [(Rüh'ling)]

Rüh'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* yellow agaric **Rüh'm**, (*str.*) *m.* glory, renown, fame, reputation; praise; honour; dem — muß man ihm lassen, this must be said in his praise.

Rüh'm..., *in comp.* —begier, —begierde, *f.* —buck, *m.*, —gier, *f.* *see* —lust; —begierig, —bärgig, —gierig, *see* —füchtig; —beträgt, —geträgt, *adj.* *, crowned with fame.

Rüh'men, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to commend, praise, glorify, extol, celebrate; to speak highly of; ich darf mich —, I may make it my boast; II. *refl.* to glory (mit, in), boast (of), pride one's self (on, upon); ich rühme mich ein Drücker zu sein, I am proud of being a German; viel R-e machen von ..., *iron.* to make a great fuss about ..., to extol. [position.]

Rüh'mgier(igheit), (*w.*) *f.* ambitious desire **Rüh'mlich**, *I. adj.* 1) (or Rüh'mlich, Rüh'mig) +, vainglorious, boastful; 2) glorious, laudable, commendable, honourable; —bekannt, highly reputed or respectable; II. **Rüh'eit**, (*w.*) *f.* gloriousness, laudableness, &c.

Rüh'mliche, (*w.*) *f.* love of glory.

+ **Rüh'mling**, (*str.*) *m.* boaster (Brähler).

Rüh'mlos, *I. adj.* inglorious; II. **Rüh'losigkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* ingloriousness.

Rüh'm..., *in comp.* —reißig, *adj.* vainglorious, boasting; —reißigheit, *f.* vainglory, boasting; —reißig, *adj.* glorious; —süß, *f.* thirst or passion for glory, (inordinate) desire of glory; —süßheit, *adj.* most ambitious; thirsty, greedy, or vehemently desirous of glory; —voll, *adj.* glorious, famous; —würdig, *adj.* praiseworthy; deserving fame; —würdigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* praiseworthiness; gloriousness.

Rüh'r, *s. l. (w.) f.* 1) *Vin.* the turning up of the ground of a vineyard; 2) *Med.-s.* (die weiße) diarrhoea; (die rote) dysentery, bloody flux; 3) *Mar.* the running aground; 4) *Sport.* a decoy-bird; 5) *lure*; II. *in comp.* —samt, *m.* *Bot.* *Scabana* (*Purcraia dysenterica* L.); —artig, *adj.* diarrhetic.

Rüh'rühr, *I. adj.* movable, susceptible (of being touched); II. **Rüh'eit**, (*w.*) *f.* susceptibility.

Rüh'r..., (*from Rühren*), *in comp.* —bottig, *m.* *Dy.* second vat; —el, *n.* Cook. poached eggs; —eisen, *n.* poker.

Rüh'ren, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to stir, move; 2) *Hand.* a) to plough the second or third time; b) to rake into heaps, to cook (hay); 3) *fig.* to move, affect, touch, strike; die Zant —, to touch the lute; die Trommel —, to beat the drum; Eier —, to poach eggs; Sahne —, to whip cream; Würfel —, to pot mortar; der Schlag hat ihn gerührt, he has had an apoplectic fit; he has been struck by apoplexy; er war wie vom Donner gerührt, he was thunderstruck; II. *intr.* to touch (an [with Acc., less frequently with Dat.], something); III. *refl.* to stir, to bestir one's self, to be up and doing. [emotional.]

Rüh'rend, *p. a.* touching, &c., pathetic; **Rüh'rend**, (*str.*) *pl.* Rüh'rend *n.* churn.

Rüh'rehaft, *adj.* 1) *see* Rüh'rend; 2) easily touched. [(Gefühls)]

Rüh'rähren, (*str.*) *m.* *Agr.* hook-plough **Rüh'r**..., (*from Rühren*), *in comp.* —haken, *m.* 1) *iron-w.* rake, bailing tool; 2) *see* Gefährpflug; —holz, *n.* paddle.

Rüh'rig, **Rüh'rig**, *I. adj.* stirring, agile, nimble, active, alert, busy, expeditious; II. **Rüh'eit**, (*w.*) *f.* agility, nimbleness, stirring disposition, activity; animation, stir.

Rüh'rteile, (*w.*) *f.* *Print.* brayer.

Rüh'r..., *in comp.* —traut, *adj.* suffering

from diarrhoea; —traut, *n.* —pflanze, *f.* 1) everlasting (*Gnaphalium* L.); 2) *see* —wurz, 1; 3) *see* —slant; 4) annual mercury (*Stingeltraut*).

Rüh'r..., (*from Rühren*), *in comp.* —rührer, *f.* *Dist.* mash-crutch, mash-rake; *Bräu.* mash-ing-staff, mash-ear; —rührer, *m.* *Mar.* trough; —rührer, *f.* *see* —bottig; —rührer, *m.* —rührer, *f.* pot-ladle.

Rüh'r-misch-rührer, *n.* *Bot.* touch-monet (*Impatiens noli tangere* L.).

Rüh'r..., (*from Rühren*), *in comp.* —misch, *f.* buttermilk; —misch, *m.* *see* —rührer.

Rüh'rrinde, (*w.*) *f.* *simaruba bark* (*Quassia simaruba* L.).

Rüh'r..., (*from Rühren*), *in comp.* —schaukel, *m.* *Mar.* trowel; —schell, *n.* *Bräu.* mash-ear; —schuur, *f.* *Sport.* string to which the decoy-bird is attached; —spaten, *m.* *T.* spatula; —stirrer, *n.* *T.* stirring-rod; —stange, *f.* 1) *Paper-m.* stirring-pole; 2) *see* —haken, 1; —stod, *m.* *Mill.* clack, clacker, mill-clapper, nog; —sum, *m.* *fig.* busy-body.

Rüh'rung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) moving, touching, &c.; 2) emotion, sympathy.

Rüh'r..., *in comp.* —rührer, *m.* decoy-bird; —rührig, *adj.* *Med.* antidiarrhetic; —wurzel, *f.* *Bot.* 1) tormentil, septifol (*Tormentilla erecta* L.); 2) ipococanaha.

Rüh'fam, *adj.* obdormant, peaceful, quiet.

* **Rüh'n**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) ruin, decay, waste, &c. Verfall, 1; er geht ruin — entgegen, he is on his road to ruin.

* **Rüh'n**, (*w.*) *f.* ruins (*pl.*); er ist nur noch eine —, *fig.* he is a complete wreck; *Mar.* marmar, *n.* *Minor.* Florentine marble. [subvert.]

* **Rüh'n**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ruin, destroy.

* **Rüh'n**, (*str.*) *n.* *see* Orleans.

* **Rüh'pif**, *adj.* (*l. w.*) coarse, unmanly.

Rüh'p, (*str.*) *m.* *vulg.* 1) belch; 2) rude follow.

* **Rüh'p**, (*w.*) *v. intr. vulg.* to belch.

Rum, (*str.*) *m.* rum.

Rum'ästen, (*w.*) *m.* *Geogr.* Roumania.

Rum'misch, *adj.* Rouman.

Rum'mel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) bulk; 2) lumber.

Rum'mel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) log of wood; 2) *T.* a) groove; b) *Mill.* spoke.

Rum'mel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) rumbling noise; 2) *see* Rummel, 2.

Rum'meln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* to rumble; to growl, mutter (of distant thunder); II. *tr.* to winnow (corn).

* **Rum'mer**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) noise, bustle.

— **Rum'mer**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to noise, bustle, to make a row. — **Rum'mer**, (*str.*) *m.* noise-maker, bustling, disturber.

Rum'mel, (*str.*) *l. m.* *see* Rummel, 1; II. *m.* lumber. — **Rum'mel**..., *in comp.*

—abend, *m.* *see* Poltrabend; —holz, *n.* *Min.* cudgel; —kammer, *f.* lumber-room, lumber-chamber; —kiste, *m.* 1) chest for lumber; 2) *coll.* lumbering old coach or chariot; —messe, *f.* midnightmass. — **Rum'meln**, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.*

1) to rumble, rattle; 2) to jog; 3) to copulate (of swine); II. *tr.* 1) to disorder; 2) *fig.* to hoax.

Rum'p, (*str.*) *pl.* Rum'p (*str.*) *m.* 1) trunk; body; leg (of a boot); *Sculp.* torso; 2) *Mar.* hull, carcass of a ship; am —schädel, hull-damaged (ship); 3) *Mill.* mill-hopper; 4) basket made of bark; mit — und Stumpf, altogether, quite, completely; —baum, *m.* —feller, *f.* *Mill.* trimmer.

Rum'pfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crook, turn up (the nose), wrinkle; das Gesicht z. —, to sneer.

Rumpf..., in comp. —**isch**, *n.* bolter-box hole; —**maße**, *f.* spout of a mill-hopper.
Rumpfasse, *f.* nose turned up sneeringly.
Rumpfzange, (*w.*) *f.* T. bloom-tongs.
Rund, *I. adj.* 1) round, circular, spherical; *Bot.* rotund; 2) plump, sleek; —**und** *bid*, *coll.* rolly-polly; 3) *coll.* plain, distinct, decisive; —**ab**schlagen, to give (one) a flat denial; —**brant**, in plain terms; — (**heraus**) sagen, to tell plainly, flatly, roundly, bluntly, or openly; *die r-t Ennme*, a round sum; *die r-t Zahl*, round or even number; in *r-rt Zahl*, in round numbers; *r-t Geld*, coined money, specie; *coll-s. rine Sade* — *zu machen* wissen, to know how to bring a matter about, or to set it (a-)going; *das war —*, that was home; *das ist mir zu —*, that is too deep for me or above my comprehension; *II. adv.* 1) roundly, &c.; 2) (— **herum**) round, round-about; *III. (str.)* *n.* any round object, globe, sphere, circle; *umwandelnd des Theaters* — (*Schiller*, *Ibycus*), pacing the circle's solemn round (*Bühne*).
Rund [*for rumb*], *interj.* & (*str.*) *n.* chorus (of a drinking-song).
Rund..., in comp. —**augen**, *f. pl.* rounds (needles); —**büdig**, *adj.* round- or plump-cheeked; —**baum**, *m.* Mack. axle-tree; —**bild**, *n.* 1) see —**gemälde**; 2) *Archit.* mask, medallion; —**büttelrig**, *adj.* *Bot.* round-leaved; *Archit-s.* —**bogen**, *m.* Roman arch, round-head; —**bogenfenster**, *n.* round-headed window; —**bogenförmig**, *n.* *Archit.* round, circular, or Romanesque style; —**circlig**, *m.* caliber compass, calipers.
Rund..., (*w.*) *f.* 1) see **Runde**; — *des Rugs*, *Mar.* rounding of the harpings; 2) circular motion; round; 3) *Mil.* survey of the sentinels; patrol; sphere; *das — des Himmel*, the vault of heaven; in *der —*, around, round; *fünf Meilen in die —*, five miles round; in *der — gehen*, *die — machen*, to go round, circulate; *die — gehen* or *machen*, to patrol, to go or ride the round or rounds; *das Glas die — machen* lassen, to send the glass round; *R-neg*, see **Rund-Neg**.
Runde, (*w.*) *f.* 1) roundness; 2) rounding, round form, thing, or part, arch, bow; 3) *Ag.* roundness, finish.
Rundel, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Sculp.* roundel, a sort of round chisel; 2) round iron, rod iron, iron-bar(s).
Rundel, see **Rundel**.
Runden, **Runden**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to round; *Ag.* to round off, to finish.
Rund..., in comp. —**geraben**, *adj.* convex; —**erhabenheit**, *f.* convexity; —**falt**, *f.* puff; —**forte**, *f.* *Dy.* soaking in ooze and water; —**isch**, *m.* round-fish; —**gang**, *m.* round; rotation, revolution; —**gattig**, *adj.* *Mar.* with a round tack (ship); —**gebäude**, *n.* a round building, rotunda; —**gebläst**, *n.* *rondau* (poetical) rondo; —**gemälde**, *n.* panorama; —**gefang**, *m.* song going round, roundelay, catch; —**haus**, *f.* *Mis.* turf-hoe.
Rundheit, (*w.*) *f.* see **Runde**.
Rund..., in comp. —**habel**, *m.* round plane; —**höhl**, *adj.* concave; (*auf beiden Seiten*) concave-concave; —**holz**, *n.* round wood, fir-timber; —**igel**, *m.* see **Ertigel**.
Rundhorn, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see **Runden**.
Rund..., in comp. —**fleisch**, *m.* pudding-stone; —**kopf**, *m.* round-head; —**köpfig**, *adj.* round-headed; —**köpfiger Nagel**, ball-nail.
Rundlich, *I. adj.* roundish, approaching to a round form; *II. R-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* roundish-ness.
Rund..., in comp. —**mäuler**, *n. pl.* *Ichth. cyclostoma* (lat.); —**messer**, *n.* *Town.* round paring-knife, round scraper; —**mund**, *m.* *Chuch. cyclostoma* (lat.); —**schfenauge**, *n.* *Archit.* bull's eye; —**spühl**, *m.* *T.* guide-pile (of a cofferdam); —**platz**, *m.* round place;

—**reife**, *f.* circuit; tour; *Comm.* rounds; —**sege**, *f.* round or circular saw; —**stule**, *f.* 1) round column; 2) cylinder; —**stunt**, *f.* round cord, round string, loop, bobbin; —**schreiben**, *n.* circular letter; —**stab**, *m.* *Archit.* & *Gemm.* astragal; —**stüben**, *n.* *Archit.* baguette, chaplet; —**stahl**, *m.* *Turn.* round-edged turning-chisel; —**tang**, *m.* roundelay (a circular dance); —**tempel**, *m.* round temple; —**thel**, *n.* see —**platz**; —**um**, *adv.* round-about.
Rundung, **Rundung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act of) rounding, &c. *cf.* **Runden**; b) finish; 2) see **Runde**.
Rund..., in comp. —**wache**, *f.* patrol; —**weg**, *m.* *Fort.* way of the rounds; —**wurm**, *m.* *Zool.* round-worm, *pl.* nematoid worms (*Nematoiden* R.); —**zange**, *f.* round-nosed pliers; —**zirkel**, *see* —**circlig**.
Rune, (*w.*) *f.* runic letter, runic character; in comp. **R-un**schrift, *f.* runic characters; **R-un**stab, *m.* runic wand.
Rung'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) a short thick piece of wood or iron; b) a strong piece of wood which supports the jacks of a wagon; 2) **Rung'wägel**, *m.* pin, bolt (of a wagon); 3) trigger, drag; **Rung'schule**, *f.*, **Rung'schmel**, *m.* sloat(s).
Rungfel, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* (or —**rübe**, *f.*) red beet, beet-root, beet-radish (*Beta vulgaris* L.); —**rübenrübe**, *m.* beet-(root)sugar.
Runf, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* 1) or **Runf'en**, (*str.*) *m.* hunch (of bread); 2) clown, booby.
Runf'en, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to stretch one's self in a vulgar and ill-bred manner.
Runf'wägel, (*w.*) *f.* *coll.* old hag.
Runf, (*str.*) *m.* **Runf'e**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (Switz.) 1) gully; 2) mark in a boundary-stone.
Rungel, (*w.*) *f.* wrinkle, fold, rumple, pucker, *Chth.* comp.; notch.
Rungel..., in comp. —**haut**, *f.* wrinkled skin; —**häutig**, *adj.* wrinkled (of the skin).
Rungel(e)ig, *adj.* wrinkled; corrugated.
Rungeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* (*aus. sein*) to wrinkle; *die Stirn —*, to knit the brows, to frown.
Rupel, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* 1) swarthy, tawny person; 2) lubber, awkward, coarse fellow.
Rupel, **Rupelst**, see **Rupel**, **Rupelst**, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* pluck. [*haft*.]
Rupelst, *m.* see **Eckelst**.
Rupfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pluck, pull, pick; 2) *coll.* to pluck, rob, fleece.
Rupfer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) plucker; 2) (*Obst-tric*) preliminary labour.
Rupf... (*from* **Rupfen**), in comp. —**wägel**, *m.* plucked bird; —**wolle**, *f.* wool in flocks; —**zange**, *f.* tweezers.
Rupf'e, (*w.*) *f.* (*Hind.*) *Num.* rupee.
Rupf'e, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* see **Walbutte**.
Rupf'eln, see **Rupfen**.
Rupfig, *adj.* *vulg.* tattered, shabby; nig-gardly.
Ruprecht, **Ruprecht**, *m.* Rupert, Robert (*P. N.*); *der Rucht* —, a bugbear to alarm children; in comp. **R-strant**, *n.* *Bot.* herb Robert, stinking crane's bill (*Geranium Robertianum* L.).
Rusch, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* rush (*Binsle*).
Rusch'e, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr. ruche*) ruche, rouché.
Rusch'eln, **Rusch'en**, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* see **Ruscheln**. — **Rusch(e)lig**, *adj.* rash, overhasty (*Ruschlig*).
Rusch'e, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* (—**fracht**, *f.*) freight by the great.
Rusch'perr, see **Rusperr**.
Rusfe, (*w.*) *m.*, **Rusfin**, (*w.*) *f.* Russian.
Rusfel, *I. (str.)* *m.* trunk, snout, muzzle; (*Entom.* &c.) proboscis; *II. in comp.* —**artig**, *see **Rüsfig**; —**flüge**, *f.* *Entom.* trunk-fly (belonging to the genus of *Proboscidea* Cur.).
Rüsfig, **Rüsfig**, **Rüsfig**, **Rüsfig**, *adj.**

like to or having a proboscis, (**Rüsfig**) (*schirmig*) probosciform.
Rüsfig..., in comp. —**läser**, *m.* *Entom.* a beetle of the family of *Rhynchophora* f. i. the weevil (*Curculio* L.); —**maus**, *f.* *Zool.* deersman, the Muscovy or musk-rat (*Myogale moschata* L.); —**robbe**, *f.* *Zool.* sea-elephant (*Macrorhinus proboscideus* L.); —**stiere**, *n. pl.* *Zool.* proboscideans (*Proboscidea* L.).
Rüsfig'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to Russianise.
Rüsfig, *adj.* Russian; *r-t* **Rüsfig**, *Muscovy* glass; *r-t* **Rüsfig**, *f.* swing-boat.
Ruß, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* chain-wale.
Ruß... (*from* **Rußen**), in comp. —**baum**, *m.* standard of a scaffold, scaffolding-pole; —**bed**, *m.* scaffolding-trestle, horse, jack; —**stet**, *n.* scaffolding-plank or board.
Ruß'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) setting of the sun; 2) see **Ruß**.
Ruß'en, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to prepare, dress; 2) to arm, equip, fit out; 3) to furnish (mit, with); *II. intrans.* 1) (*or* *III. refl.*) to make preparations, prepare (*auf*) (*mit* *Acc.*); *zu*, for; 2) *Mar.* to raise a scaffold.
Ruß'er (*de* **Ruß'**), *s. I. (w.)* *f.* *Bot.* 1) elm; 2) maple; *II. (str.)* *m.* see **Rüster**.
Rüster, *adj.* (of) elm-tree, (of) maple.
Rüster... (*from* **Rußen**), in comp. —**haus**, *n.* —**hammer**, *f.* armoury, gun-room; arsenal; —**holz**, *m.* *Mis.* prop, shore.
Rüstig, *I. adj.* vigorous; stout, sound, healthy, robust, active (*adv.* —**ly**); *II. R-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* vigorousness, &c., activity.
Rüst... (*from* **Rußen**), in comp. — (*und* **Stoß**) **hammer**, *f.* cramp (cramp-iron made of flat iron); —**leiter**, *f.* ladder or rack of a wagon; —**leine** (*L. G.* **Rüstlein**), *f.* *Mar.* shank-painter of the anchor; (—**sch**), *n.* putlog-hole; scaffolding hole; —**meister**, *m.* 1) armourer; 2) keeper of an arsenal; captain of arms; —**wägel**, *m.* large nail; —**platz**, *m.* meeting-place for soldiers; —**sal**, *m.* armour-hall; —**teil**, *n.* —**stiel**, *m.* *Corp.* scaffolding rope; —**stamm**, *m.* see —**baum**; —**stange**, *f.* —**stiel**, *m.* put-log, scaffolding pole; —**tag**, *m.* 1) day of preparation; 2) (*Lebter*) *Jer. Rel.* Sabbath-eve.
Rüst'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) preparation (*zu*, for); b) the (act of) equipping, equipment; warlike preparation, armament; 2) armour, suit of armour; 3) a) implements; b) *Mar.* tackling; c) *Corp.* scaffolding; d) (*für einen* **Rüster**) ladder-work (*Horst*); 4) see **Rüstzeug**; 5) *Phys.* armature (of a magnet).
Rüst... (*from* **Rußen**), in comp. —**wagen**, *m.* 1) see **Reiterwagen**; 2) munition-wagon; baggage-wagon; —**wöde**, *f.* *Ch.* holy week; —**zeug**, *n.* 1) armour; 2) *collect.* tools, implements; 3) machine to draw a crossbow or to levy weights, &c.
Ruß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) soot; c) rock; b) lamp-black; 2) or —**brand**, see **Rußbrand**; in comp. —**baum**, *n.* —**farbe**, *f.* bister; —**butte**, *f.* soot-box. [*black*.]
Ruß'en, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* to soot, to make **Rußhammel**, *m.* dirty person.
Rußig, **Rußig**, *adj.* like soot; sooty.
Ruß..., in comp. —**ebelt**, *m.* black coal; —**fohle**, *f.* earthy pit-coal; —**freibe**, *f.* black chalk.
Ruß'land, *n.* *Geogr.* Russia.
Ruß'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Pomol.* pippin, russeting, golding.
Ruß..., in comp. —**öl**, *n.* birch-oil; —**schere**, *f.* chimney sweeper's scraper; —**schwarz**, *n.* lamp-black; —**silber**, *n.* black-silver ore; —**stoff**, *m.* fuliginous matter; —**stann**, *m.* see **Rußstann**.
Rüs'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) rod, wand, verge; switch; twig; birch; 2) *T.* mete-wand, mete-yard; perch, pole, rod (a measure of length of five yards and a half [about 17 **Ruß**], used

wohl —, *Ac.* to bid (one) good night, farewell, *Ac.*; wirb er es Ihnen —? will he tell it you? ich will Ihnen —, was ich von Ihnen denke, I will tell you what I think of them; die Wahrheit —, to speak the truth; lügen —, to tell untruths (*coll. Abs.*); man hat mir gesagt, ich habe mir — lassen, I am told or informed; Einem — lassen, to send one word; mein Vater läßt Ihnen —, I am desired by my father to tell you; mein Bräuer läßt Ihnen —, my master bids me tell you; das läßt sich von ihm nicht —, that does not apply to him; sich (*Dat.*) — lassen müssen, to be obliged to put up with (hard words, *Ac.*); sich (*Dat.*) gesagt sein lassen, to take the hint, to take warning; laß es dir gesagt sein, bear that in mind, let this be a warning to you; sie wollen sich (*Dat.*) nichts mehr — lassen, they are impatient of control; er sagte nichts dazu, he said nothing to it; er hat von Glück zu —, he may think (*coll.*) himself fortunate; wie gesagt, as I said (before); as already before; so zu —, so to speak, as I may say, in cipher so zu — unbewußten Briefe that *Hrn. Jerrold's Buch* bar, in a so to speak unconscious manner, Mr. Jerrold's book makes clear ... (*Gemü. Mag.* July '74, 126); as it were; (*wie*) gesagt, (*so*) gotten, no sooner said than done; so said, so done; was ich — wollte, by the bye! was Sie (nicht) —! you don't say so! was will das —? what is the meaning of this? aber was will das —? but what then? er weiß nicht was das — will, he does not know what that means; das ist viel gesagt, das will viel —, that is saying a great deal, *coll.* it is a bold word; das will nicht viel —, there is not much in that; das will nichts —, that is of no moment; viel zu — haben, to have much power, authority, interest, or influence; er hat viel zu —, he is a man of great account; es hat wenig zu —, it is of little consequence; es hat nichts zu —, it does not signify, it does not matter, no matter; als wenn er — wollte, as much as to say; man sagt wohl nicht zu viel, wenn man sagt, daß ... it is not too much to say that ...; was wollen Sie damit —? what do you mean (by that)? what do you aim (or drive) at? es sollte damit zu viel gesagt sein, it was intended to say, that ...; aus dem Geredeten erhellte, it appears by (from) what you say or has been said; sage Einhundert Thaler, say one hundred thalers.

Sägen, (*v.*) *s. tr. & intr.* to saw; to cut.
Sägen ..., *in comp.* —*artig*, —*förmig*, *Ac.* *see* **Säge** ..., *in comp.*

Sägenst. (*str.*) *n.* *Flak.* seine-(net).

Sägen ..., *in comp.* —*forschung*, *f.* inquiry into the tales of ancient times, into legends; —*geschichten*, *f.* 1) mythical or legendary history; 2) history of traditions, legends.

Sägenhaft, *adj.* traditional, fabulous, legendary.

Sägen ..., *in comp.* —*kunde*, —*lehre*, *f.* legendary lore; —*reich*, *adj.* rich in traditions, *Ac.*; storied; —*zeit*, *f.* time of legends, antehistorical time, fabulous or mythical age.

Säger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sawer, sawyer; 2) *Ornith.* *see* **Sägetaucher**.

Säge ..., *in comp.* —*rahmen*, *m.* frame of a saw; —*richter*, *f.* saw-wrest, saw-set.
Sägetriebe, *f.* saw-pit (*Sägegrube*).

Sägeschiefer, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Schiffelschiefer**.
Säge ..., *in comp.* —*schlitten*, *m.* carriage, sledge of a saw-mill; —*schmidt*, *m.* smith who makes saws; —*schnebel*, *m.* momot (*Prionides brasiliensis* Latr.); —*schneider*, *m.* *Ornith.* *see* —*taucher*; —*schmitt*, *m.* saw-notch, saw-cut; —*schranke*, *f.* saw-screw; —*seher*, *m.* —*richter*; —*späne*, *m. pl.* saw-dust; —*sprung*, *m.* *see* **Waldschiff**; —*taucher*, *m.* *Ornith.* (*großer*) morganer (*Mergus morganii*); —*tauch*, *m.* *see* **Säget**. (*see* **L.**)

* **Sägette**, *see* **Säget**.

Säge ..., *in comp.* —*wagen*, *m.* *see* —*schlitten*; —*wert*, *n.* *Fort.* redant; —*zählig*, *adj.* *Bot.* toothed like a saw, serrate.

* **Sägs**, (*str.*) *n. & m.* (*Malay.*) sago; unsähter — (*in America*) Dutch sago, (*in England*) pearl or German sago; sago of potatoes; —*grüße*, *f.* —*mehl*, *n.* sago-powder; —*palme*, *f.* sago-tree.

Sägwende, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Schleiwende**.

Säh ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* **Säl** ...) —*band*, *n.* —*leiste*, *f.* band, list (of cloth), salvage; edge, border; —*bank*, *f.* *Archit.* window-sill or bench; —*busch*, *n.* 1) register of donations made to church, *Ac.*; 2) *see* **Grünbusch**; —*gut*, *n.* + estate exempt from taxes.

Sählingen, (*str.*) *f. pl.* *Mar.* cross-trees and trawler-trees.

Sähwilde, *see* **Sälwilde**.

Sähne, (*v.*) *f.* *provinc.* cream (*Rahm*); **Sähneker**, *m.* cream-jug.

Sähnen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to skim (milk); **Sähner**, *see* **Säcker**. (*see* **L.**)

* **Sähnen** (*season*), *f.* (*pl.* **S-Season**) season.

Sähne, (*v.*) *f.* string (of a musical instrument); chord; catgut; *sg-s.* die **S-n** zu hoch spannen, to strain the strings too high; to claim too much; gelinder **S-n** aufziehen, to come a peg or two lower, to draw in one's horse, to give in, to sing smaller; an **S-n** aufziehen, to turn over a new leaf.

Sähnen ..., *in comp.* —*zeug*, *m.* set of strings; —*zert*, *n.* *see* —*halter*; —*zucht*, *m.* mule-wire; —*zell*, *n.* snare-head (of a drum); —*halter*, *m.* —*effel*, *f.* tail-piece (of a violin, *Ac.*); —*instrument*, *m.* string-instrument; —*lang*, *m.* 1) sound of a string; 2) *see* —*piel*; 2; —*spiel*, *m.* 1) string-instrument; 2) music of a string-instrument; —*spiel*, *f.* art of playing on stringed instruments; —*spieler*, *m.* —*spielers*, *f.* player on a string-instrument; —*wertzeug*, *n.* *see* —*instrument*; —*wurm*, *m.* *see* **Drahtwurm**.

... *saftig*, *adj.* *in comp.* ... stringed.

Sähling, (*str.*) *m.* bank of catgut or wire for strings. (*see* **L.**)

Säker, (*str.*) *m.* —*fall*, *m.* *Ornith.* saker; **Säkerander**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Zool.* 1) salamander (*Salamandra* Laur.); 2) *Med.* slang, Einem einen —reiben, a mode of drinking in honour of a person, *Ac.* on festive occasions, when all persons present, at certain commands given, have to rub their beer-glasses on the table, repeating the word —! (probably a mere ludicrous corruption of „all an'ander!“ i. e. *Frei!* alle [*Säker*] an einander!) then to drink off a certain quantity, and lastly to set down the glasses simultaneously with a smart rap;

—*haar*, *n.* *Minor.* 1) salamander's hair or wool; 2) feathered antimony; 3) a sort of salamontous native silver.

* **Säker**, (*str.*) *pl.* [*Lat.*] **S-ami** *m.* (*Lat.*) a kind of Italian brain-massage.

* **Säker**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) salary, annual payment, stated payment, allowance.

* **Säkerren**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*L. Lat.*) to pay wages, give a salary.

Säl, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Cook. salad; 2) *Bot.* lettuce (*Lactuca* L.); wilder —, prickly (wild) lettuce (*Lactuca scariola* L.); *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* Judas-tree (*Judasbaum*); —*blatt*, *n.* lettuce leaf; —*bohne*, *f.* white bean; —*gabel*, *f.* salad-fork; —*kopf*, *m.* head of lettuce; —*kumme*, *f.* salad-bowl; —*löffel*, *m.* salad-spoon; —*napf*, *m.* salad-bowl; —*öl*, *n.* salad-oil; —*pfanze*, *f.* lettuce plant; —*schüssel*, *f.* salad-dish.

Säl ..., *in comp.* *cont.* —*baber*, (*str.*) *m.* idle prattler, twaddler; —*baberet*, (*v.*) *f.* idle talk, twaddle; (*fromme*) cant, preaching; *see* **Sälbaber**; —*babern*, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to talk foolishly and tediously, to twaddle.

Sälband, *see* **Säl** ...

Sälbe, (*v.*) *f.* 1) salve; unguent, ointment; 2) *Mar.* stuff or coat for a ship's bottom.

Sälbel (*or* **Sälber**), (*v.*) *f.* *Bot.* (garden-) sage (*Salvia officinalis* L.); —*wurde*, *f.* *Bot.* a kind of willow (*Salix aurita* L.).

Sälben, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to salve; to anoint; 2) to embalm; 3) *see* **Sälben**, *L. 2.*

Sälben ..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* amyris (tree of the genus of *Ammyridae*); —*schädel*, *f.* salutory, salvebox; —*schädel*, —*schädel*, *m.* vander of salves.

Sälberet, (*v.*) *f.* *cont.* 1) the (act or practice of) salving, *Ac.*; 2) *see* **Sälberet**.

Sälbig, *adj.* oily, greasy.

Sälbling, **Sälbling**, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* char (*Salmo salvelinus* L.).

Sälkuch, (*str.*) *pl.* **S-äpfel** *f.* hem-(nut).

Sälöl, (*str.*) *n.* anointing oil, consecrated oil.

Sälzung, (*v.*) *f.* unction: 1) the (act of) anointing; 2) *fig.* heartfelt emotion, pathos; *in comp.* —*stisch*, —*stisch*, *adj.* pathetic, moving (especially of religious discourses).

* **Sälzbrüch**, (*str.*) *pl.* **S-äpfel** *n.* *Comm.* balance-book.

* **Sälzbrun**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Mal.*) *Comm.* to balance, settle, clear, adjust (an account); to strike a balance; *but* *Gegenrechnung* —, to offset; *but* *Gegenrechnung* *salbirt*, balanced in account, counter balanced by ...; *hiermit* *salbirt* *sich* *unter* *Rechnung*, herewith our account is squared. — **Sälzbrun**, (*v.*) *f.* balancing, settlement, liquidation.

* **Sälde**, (*str.*) *pl.* [*Lat.*] **S-ädi** *m.* (*Lat.*) *Comm.* balance, remainder (of an account current); residue; — *in* *unsern* *Günsten*, balance in our favour; — *gegen* *unser*, balance in your or my favour; balance to you or us; *was* *macht* (*ist*) *der* —? what is the balance? how much is owing? — *zu* *ihren* *Rechten*, balance to their debt; *den* — *auf* *neue* *Rechnung* *stellen*, to transport the balance to a new account; — *vorgetragen*, balance carried forward; *per* —, per balance (of all accounts); *per* — *quittiren*, to receipt in full; *per* — *transfieren*, to draw for the exact amount, to draw per appoint; *den* — *ziehen*, to strike a balance.

Sälde ..., *in comp.* —*betrag*, *m.* amount of balance; —*sal*, *m.* clearing-house (at Vienna); —*büreau*, —*büreau*, *m.* transfer of balance (to new account); —*weddel*, *m.* balance-bill, draft per appoint; —*zahlung*, *f.* appoint, payment per appoint.

* **Sälde**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Arab.*) (—*wurzel*, *f.*) *Pharm.* saloop, salop. (*see* **L.**)

* **Sälte**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) salt-works, salt. (*see* **L.**)

Sälisch, *adj.* Salic. (*see* **L.**)

* **Sälzbrun**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.*) *Med.* to *Salz*, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* for *Salz*.

* **Sälzial**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *see* **ammoniacum** (*Chem.* sal-ammoniac, muriate or chloride of ammonia; —*geist*, *m.* spirits of sal-ammoniac).

Sälzling, (*str.*) *m.* young salmon.

Sälsmen, *m.* Solomon (*P.N.*); **S-äpfel**, *n.* *Bot.* Solomon's-seal (*Conocaulis polygonatum* L.).

* **Sälz** (*pr.* *sälzung*), (*str.*) *pl.* **S-ädi** *m.* (*Fr.*) saloon; —*schib*, —*ritter*, *m.* *fig.* carpet-knight.

* **Sälz**, *adj.* *see* **Sälzump**; **Sälz**, (*v.*) *1* *see* **Sälzump**; 2) a kind of loose garment (for ladies).

Sälzeter, (*str.*) *m.* *Chem.* s. saltpetre, nitro, nitrate of potash; *flüchtiger* —, nitrate of ammonia; — *in* *Büchlein*, cubic nitro.

Sälzeter ..., *in comp.* —*stein*, *m.* nitrate of alum, nitrous alum; —*artig*, *adj.* nitrous; —*äther*, *m.* nitric ether; —*äther*, *m.* —*gas*, *n.* deutoxyd of nitrogen, nitrous gas; —*brühe*, *f.* crystallised saltpetre; —*erde*, *f.* nitrous

earth; —*fraß*, *m.* injury done to walls by saltpetre; —*geiß*, *m.* 1) aqua fortis; 2) spirit of nitric ether; —*grube*, *f.* saltpetre-mine; —*hättig*, *adj.* nitrous, nitric; —*hütte*, *f.* saltpetre-house; —*hüttlein*, *n.* fused nitre cast into balls or cakes, sal prunella; —*langst*, *f.* saltpetre-loom, water impregnated with saltpetre; —*luft*, *f.* nitrous air; —*meßl*, *n.* powdered saltpetre; —*mutter*, *f.* mother of saltpetre; —*salzsauer*, *adj.* nitro-muriatic; —*salzsaure*, *f.* nitro-muriatic acid; —*sauer*, *adj.* nitric; —*saurer Ammonium*, nitrate of ammonia; —*saurer Kali*, nitrate of potash; —*saurer Natrium*, nitrate of soda; —*saurer Salz*, nitrate; —*saurer Zellerde*, *f.* nitrate of magnesia; —*säure*, *f.* acid of saltpetre, nitric acid; —*schwamm*, *m.* saltpetre-flowers; —*fleber*, *m.* saltpetre-maker; —*fleberel*, *f.* saltpetre-manufactory, saltpetre-house; —*Reiß*, *m.* nitrogen; —*Reißstein*, *n.* nitrous particle; —*wand*, *f.* mud-wall to obtain saltpetre; —*wurzel*, *f.* nitrous earth; —*zitterlein*, *n.* see *hüttlein*.

Salpetridite, *adj.* saltpetrous, nitrous; —*saurer Salz*, *n.* nitric.

Salpetritig, *adj.* containing saltpetre; nitrous; die *f.* *Bejodisirtheit*, nitrosity.

* *Salze*, (*w.*) *f.* brine, pickle; sauce; impregnated juice; *S-sborn*, *m.* *provinc.* herbary; *S-speiß*, *f.* food prepared with acid sauce.

* *Salzen*, (*Nal.*) *pl. Geol.* groups of small volcanoes casting out mud, water, and sometimes stones.

Salzer, *see* *Wasser*.

* *Salzt*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lal.*) —(*salz*, *m.*) *Mil.* &c. saline; — *Salztren*, (*w.*) *v. tr. & in tr.* to salinize.

* *Salvatorel*, (*w.*) *f.* *Anal.* *salvatoria*.

* *Salvatorel*, (*w.*) *f.* *Anal.* *salvatoria*.

* *Salve*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Pr.*) 1) volley, discharge, round; 2) salute; cime — *geben*, to fire a salute; *das feindliche Schiff gab drei S-n*, the enemy's vessel fired three rounds.

Salver (*or* *Salvet*), *see* *Salbei*.

Salvener, (*str.*) *m.* salvineer-vine.

* *Salvren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lal.*) to save.

Salweide, (*w.*) *f.* willow, round-leaved willow (*Salix caprea* L.).

Salz, (*str.*) *n.* salt; (*ciwas*) in or ins — *legen*, to pickle (*Einsalzen*, *Einspülen*); *Salz- und Schwelz*, (*proper*) seasoning, raciness, pith and marrow, strength; ohne — und *Schwelz*, tasteless, spiritless, flat, insipid, tame; ins *S-e* liegen, coll. to be in a sad plight or condition, to be badly off.

Salz ..., *in comp.* —*abgabe*, —*acti*, *f.* salt-tax, salt-duty; —*ader*, *f.* salt-vein; —*amt*, *n.* salt-office; —*arbeiter*, *m.* see *Wirtler*; —*äther*, *m.* muriatic ether; —*äthergeiß*, *m.* spirit of muriatic ether; —*bath*, *m.* brine-bath; —*bedienter*, *m.* gabeller; —*beige*, *f.* salt-lye; —*berg*, *m.* salt-hill; —*bergwerk*, *n.* salt-mine; —*bitter*, *adj.* salifiable; —*bitter*, *m.* *Chem.* salifiable base; —*bildung*, *f.* salification; —*blut*, *f.* see *gras*; —*blumen*, *pl.* salt-flowers, fine-salt; —*boden*, *m.* salt-granary; —*bohnen*, *pl.* kidney-beans preserved in salt-pickle; —*bruch*, *m.* see *grube*; —*brühe*, *f.* brine, pickle; —*brunnen*, *m.* salt-spring.

Salzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to salt; *gehaltene Butter*, salt-or-crock-butter; *gehaltener Käse*, pickled herring; *gehaltene Windstisch*, salt beef.

Salz ..., *in comp.* —*erde*, *f.* earth containing salt; —*faß*, *n.* 1) salt-cask; 2) salt-cellar (on the table); —*früher*, *m.* salt-cellar-stand; —*flaß*, *m.* pickled fish; —*fließ*, *m.* salt-meat; —*fluß*, *m.* salt-rheum, salt-flux; —*frucht*, *f.* freightage for conveying salt; —*freiheit*, *f.* allowance of salt; —*fütterung*, *f.* salt-fodder, mixed fodder; —*garten*, *m.* place where salt is gained from salt- or sea-water; —*gaß*, *m.*

Salt-w. salt-customer; —*gehalt*, *m.* saltiness; —*geiß*, *m.* spirit of salt (—*äther*); —*gerichtlich*, *f.* privilege of manufacturing and selling salt; —*gehalt*, *m.* briny or brackish taste, brackishness; —*graf*, *m.* inspector of a salt-mine; —*gras*, *n.* *Bot.* arrow-headed grass (*Trigonotis* L.); —*grube*, *f.* salt-pit, salt-mine; —*gurte*, *f.* preserved or pickled cucumber; —*händler*, *m.* dealer in salt; —*haring*, *m.* white herring; —*haus*, *n.* salt-loft, salt-magazine; —*heißt*, *m.* salted pike; —*herr*, *m.* proprietor of a salt-work.

Salzig, *adj.* salty, brackish.

Salzig, *I. adj.* salt, saline, salinous, briny; *das Wasser der Nordsee ist f-er als das der Ostsee*, the waters of the German Ocean are more salt than those of the Baltic; II. *S-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* saltiness, brininess.

Salz ..., *in comp.* —*fluß*, *m.* salt-cat; —*korb*, *m.* salt-cub, wicker-basket for separating the brine from the salt; — *Korn*, *n.* grain of salt; —*saße*, *f.* salt-cot, salt-house; —*brücker*, *m.* salt-huckster, salt-retailer; —*brunt*, *n.* *Bot.* saltwort: 1) kali, alkali (*Salicaria* L.); 2) glasswort, barilla (*Salicornia herbacea* L.); —*früde*, *f.* T. salt-strike or stirrer; —*hauer*, *m.* *Minor.* atacamite; —*hauererz*, *n.* hydrochlorate of copper; —*laden*, *m.* salt-shop; —*laß*, *f.* see *brühe*; —*lange*, *f.* (salt-)brine; —*lede*, *f.* salt-lick; —*maß*, *n.* salt-measure; —*maße*, *f.* saline concretion; —*meter*, *m.* see *gras*; —*metter*, *m.* salt-meter; *Mech.* salinometer; —*meße*, *f.* salt-box (in a kitchen); —*monopol*, *n.* see *regal*; —*mutter*, *f.* mother of salt; —*mutterlange*, *f.* bitters; —*naphtha*, *m.* muriatic ether; —*niederflaß*, *m.* saline deposit; —*ordnung*, *f.* regulation concerning the making or selling of salt; —*paßt*, *f.* salt-renting, salt-farming, salt-rent; —*pfanne*, *f.* salt-pan, brine-pan; —*partner*, *m.* partner in a salt-work; —*pfanze*, *f.* see *traut*; —*probe*, *f.* salt-test, salt-gauge; —*quelle*, *f.* brine-pit; salt-spring, brine-spring; —*regal*, *n.* (royal) prerogative to make and sell salt; —*regie*, *f.* see *verwaltung*; —*rinde*, *f.* salt-crust, rind, film, or crust of salt; —*rinne*, *f.* salt-trough.

Salzsauer, *adj.* *Chem.* muriatic, hydrochloric; *das f-e Salz*, muriatic, hydrochlorate; *der f-e Baryt*, muriate of barytes; *f-e Kalk*, muriate of lime; *das f-e Ammonium*, muriate of ammonia; *f-e Natrium*, muriate of soda; *f-e Superoxyd*, white oxydulated muriate of copper.

Salz ..., *in comp.* —*flut*, *f.* pillar of salt; —*flure*, *f.* *Chem.* muriatic or hydrochloric acid; —*flant*, *m.* retail of salt; —*flaße*, *f.* lump of salt; —*flant*, *m.* retail vendor of salt; —*flaß*, *m.* *Mar.* granulated quartz; —*flament*, *m.* T. salt-film; —*flaper*, *m.* T. salt-scraper; —*flreiber*, *m.* clerk of the salt-works; —*fluppen*, *f.* pl. furs of a salt-pan; —*flwaben*, *m.* salt-vapour; —*flweil*, *m.* sulphur-salt; —*flweil*, *m.* salt-water rising from the clefts of rocks; —*fler*, *m.* lake containing salt-water; —*flieber*, *m.* salt-maker; —*flieberel*, *f.* 1) salt-making; 2) see *werst*; —*flaße*, *f.* salt-water, brine; —*flaß*, *m.* *Minor.* rock-salt in bars; —*flpeicher*, *m.* salt-granary, salt-warehouse; —*flätte*, *f.* salt-place; —*flrin*, *m.* 1) see *Spannenstein*, 2) 2) *Minor.* hallite; —*flener*, *f.* excise or duty on salt, salt-tax; —*flod*, *m.* a massive piece or lump of rock-salt; —*flüßler*, *m.* salt-man; —*flude*, *f.* T. brine-reservoir; —*flude*, *m.* see *fluß*; —*fler*, *m.* master of the salt-office, manager or steward of a salt-work; —*flerwaltung*, *f.* administration, management in trust of a salt-work; —*fluge*, *m.* salt-poise, areometer; —*flüßer*, *m.* salt-water, brine; —*flert*, *m.* salt-work, saltory; —*flinde*, *f.* *Bot.* Cretan convolvulus; —*flirter*, *m.* labourer in a salt-work.

salt-maker; —*flot*, *m.* see *flur*; —*flüßer*, *m.* gabeller.

Samaritan, (*str.*) *m.* Samaritan, (*w.*)

* *Sambast*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Pers.*) *Bot.* Arabian jasmine (*Jasminum sambac*).

Samen, (*str.*) *Säme*, (*irr.*) *m.* 1) seed; sperm, semen, spawn, fry; in — *schleichen*, to run to seed; 2) *Small.* slag still containing metallic matter.

Sämen ..., *in comp.* —(*stn*) *ader*, *f.* *Anal.* spermatic vein; —*aderbruch*, *m.* *Swy.* a) cirsocele; b) varicocele; —*adergeflecht*, *n.* *Anal.* plexus of the spermatic veins; —*adergeflecht*, *f.* *Swy.* spermatocele; —*aderhänge*, *n.* *Bot.* strophiole, caruncle; —*arterien*, *pl.* *Anal.* spermatic arteries; —*baum*, *m.* see *Bruchbaum*; —*baum*, *m.* *Forst.* tiller, stander; —*beutel*, *m.* —*beutel*, *n.* seed-vessel, pericarp; —*bläschen*, *n.* seminal vesicle or bladder; —*blättchen*, *n.* see *lappen*; —*blume*, *f.* seedling flower; —*boden*, *m.* *Bot.* trophosperm, placenta, receptacle, spermatophore; —*bohne*, *crübe*, *f.* &c. seed bean, seed pea, &c.; —*bruch*, *m.* *Swy.* spermatocele; —*brüche*, *f.* seed-box; *Bot.* capsule; —*brut*, *f.* 1) the act of drying seeds; 2) place for drying seeds; —*brut*, *f.* 1) aril; 2) see *brut*; —*brut*, *f.* *Anal.* prostatic gland; —*claw*, *n.* *Bot.* albamem; —*ergiehung*, *f.* see *fluß*; —*ergiehung*, *adj.* *Anal.* spermatic, seminiferous; —*flaß*, *n.* *Bot.* seed-compartment, seed-cell, seed-partition; —*flaße*, *m.* pl. young fry; —*fluß*, *m.* involuntary discharge of seminal fluid, gonorrhoea, pollution; —*gärtner*, *m.* nursery-man; *Anal.* —*gang*, *m.* spermatic duct or tube; —*gefäß*, *n.* spermatic vessel; —*gefäß*, *n.* spermatic plexus; —*gefäß*, *n.* see *beutel*; —*getreide*, *n.* seed corn; —*gewächs*, *n.* seedling; —*halter*, *m.* see *boden*; —*handel*, *m.* seed-trade; —*händler*, *m.* seed-man, seeds-man; —*hauf*, *m.* female hemp (*Seetouff*); —*händler*, *m.* seed-head; —*hauf*, *f.* —*händler*, *n.* 1) (*Äußer*) the external pellicle, episperm; 2) (*inner*) inner coat of seeds, internal integument; —*hauf*, *m.* trees left for seed; trees producing seed (not fruit); *Bot.* —*hülle*, *f.* 1) albamem, perisperm; 2) perula, cover of a seed; —*hülle*, *f.* seed-coat, ood, husk, hull, shell, pod; —*läser*, *m.* *Entom.* seed-beetle (*Bruchus granarius* L.); —*laß*, *f.* capsule, fillet, film; —*larven*, *m.* see *Egelarven*; —*leim*, *m.* embryo, germ; —*leim*, *m.* seed-cup; —*leimer*, *m.* spermatologist; —*leim*, *m.* kernel of a seed; —*leim*, *m.* —*leim*, *f.* *Bot.* ovule, gemmule; —*laß*, *m.* seed-head; —*laß*, *m.* a basket in which the sower carries the seed to be scattered, *provinc.* seed-lip; —*leim*, *n.* seed-corn, seed-grain; —*leim*, *n.* *Bot.* pond-wood, water-grass (*Reichardt*); —*leim*, *f.* seed-down, pappus; —*leim*, *m.* *Bot.* placenta; —*leim*, *m.* seminal globule; —*leim*, *f.* spermatology; —*leim*, *m.* see *leim*; —*leim*, *m.* seed-lac; —*leim*, *m.* *Bot.* seed- or seminal leaf, seed-lobe, cotyledon; pl. coats, shells of pulse and seeds; mit *leim*, cotyledonous; *leim* *leim*, cotyledonous; *leim*, *m.* see *gang*; —*leim*, *n.* *Bot.* micropyle; —*leim*, *f.* *Pterid.* young tree that is grown up out of seed.

Samenlos, *adj.* seedless, grainless.

Sämen ..., *in comp.* —*marke*, *m.* see *belg*; —*marke*, *f.* *Bot.* scar or mark on the seed, hilum; —*milch*, *f.* *Pharm.* emulsion; —*nerven*, *m.* pl. *Anal.* seminal or spermatic nerves; —*öl*, *n.* rapeseed-oil (*Reichardt*); —*perle*, *f.* seed-pearl; —*perle*, *m.* see *lob*; —*perle*, *f.* *Anal.* spermatic tube; —*perle*, *f.* see *haut*; 1; —*perle*, *f.* *Anal.* spermatic artery; —*perle*, *f.* see *gang*; —*perle*, *f.* *Bot.* coma; —*perle*, *f.* *Hard.* nursery, seed-plot; —*perle*, *f.* *Med.* seminal weakness; —*perle*, *m.* *Bot.* pollen; —*perle*, *m.* seed-

stalk; -stiel, m. *Bot.* funicle (*Rosspentträger*); *Anat.* -strang, m. seminal string, spermatic cord; -strangner, m. spermatic external nerve; -stich, m. *Fluk.* nurse-pool, nursing pond; -sticker, m. spermatic animalcule; -träger, adj. seed-bearing, *Bot.* seminiferous; -träger, m. see -boden; -wertzeug, n. *Anat.* spermatic organ; -zapfen, m. *Bot.* cone (of a fir); catkin (of hazel-bushes, &c.); -zerfäher, m. see -läufer; -züchter, m. nursery-man. [(Säen).]

Sämen, (w.) v. tr. (t. & *th*) *provinc.* to sow
Sämerei, (w.) f. seeds of different kind, pl. articles of seed, seeds; in comp. -häbel, m. trade in seeds; -Sämling, m. seedling; -verzeichniß, n. seed-list, seed-catalogue.

Sämlig, adj. containing seed. [logue.]
Sämlig, adj. Samian, relating to the island of Samoa.

Sämlig, adj. soft; -es or -eder, shamols, wash-leather; -gerber, m. shamoldresser; -gerberet, f. trade or house of business of a shamold-dresser. [traut].

Sämling, (str.) n. *Bot.* pond-wood (*Salix Sämling*, (str.) n. *Horst.* seedling.

Sammel... (from *Sameln*), in comp. -behälter, m. see -faß; -buch, n. book of extracts; common-place-book.

Sammel... (w.) f. *cont.* the (act or practice of) gathering, &c. compilation.

Sammel... (from *Sameln*), in comp. -stich, m. industry of collecting; -glas, n. *Opt.* collective glass; -faß, m. reservoir; -linse, f. *Opt.* collective lens.

Sammel... (w.) v. i. & r. to collect, gather; to rally; to heap, lay, or treasure up, accumulate, amass; für die Armen -, to raise a collection for the poor; Unterzeichneten -, to procure subscribers; II. *refl.* 1) to gather, collect; to rally; to increase, accumulate; 2) *fig.* sich -, to collect one's self, one's thoughts; to settle (down), to be one's self again, to summon one's soul.

Sammel... (from *Sameln*), in comp. -namen, m. collective noun; -orden, m. order of mendicant friars; -platz, -punkt, m. place of appointment, meeting-place ("trysting-place), rallying-point, rendezvous (*auch* *Nid.* = alarm post); -schleife, f. *Phys.* collector; -schrift, f. compilation; -schule, f. select school; school established by collecting scholars privately.

Sammel... (str., pl. [w.] *S'-rien*) n. *cont.* melody (*Sammlung*, *Witz*).

Sammel... (from *Sameln*), in comp. -wert, m. compilation; -wort, m. collective word or noun.

Sammel... (*str.*) m. velvet; glatter -, plain or smooth velvet; gaußfitter -, branched v.; geriffener -, shorn v.; ungeriffener -, terry v.; unächter or baumwollener -, cotton velvet, Manchester, velveteen; wolleter -, plush, worsted shag; in comp. -apfel, m. red summer apple; -artig, adj. velvet-like, velvety; -artiger Stoff, velveteen, putian; -band, m. velvet ribbon; -blende, f. see *Bräunungsstein*; *Bot.* -blühender, n. common daisy (*Gänseblümchen*); -blume, f. 1) velvet flower, French mangold (*Topfles patula* L.); 2) flower gentle (*Amaranthus spinosa* L.); 3) *Comm.* artificial flower made of velvet; -borte, f. velvet-galloon, velvet-lace.

Sammel... see *Sammen*.

Sammel... (w.) v. *cont.* -ente, f. *Ornith.* velvet-sooter (*Edemia fusca* L.); -erde, f. *Miner.* earthy chlorite; -erg, n. see *Febererg*; -gleich, see -artig; -graß, n. *Bot.* hare's tail grass (*Lagurus* L.). [metartig].

Sammelhaft, **Sammel...** adj. see *Sam-*
Sammel... (w.) v. *cont.* -faßen, m. see -meßer; -haut, f. das -hautgleiche Darmhäutchen, *Anat.* velvet membrane; -häu-

chen, n. *Ornith.* water-rail, velvet-runner (*Wasserratte*); -hut, m. velvet-hat; -lette, f. pile-warp; -trübe, f. *Orust.* the velvet-paddler, common paddling crab (*Portunus puber* L.); -meßer, m. see -weber; -man-geßter, m. *Comm.* velvet, velveteen; -meßer, n. velvet-knife, travet (*Seamesser*); -milbe, f. *Entom.* taint (*Oribates* Latr.); -mütze, f. velvet-cap; *Bot.* -netze, f. common or red rose-campion (*Lychnis coronaria* L.); -pappel, f. marsh-mallow (*Althaea officinalis* L.); -rasen, m. close cut-grass; -röhren, n. see -netze; -rose, f. velvet rose, french, gallion rose (*Rose*); -schuh, m. velvet-shoe; -schwarz, n. velvet-black, ivory-black; -spigen, f. pl. velvet-lace; -sticker, n. see -blühender; -vogel, m. *Entom.* velvet-winged butterfly; -weber, m. velvet-maker; -weide, adj. as soft as velvet; -weizen, m. a variety of the common English wheat. [compil.

Sammel... (str.) m. gatherer, collector; **Sammel...** (w.) f. 1) collection; gathering; compilation; 2) *fig.* collectedness (of mind); & -punkt, m. see *Sammlung*.

Sammel... (w.) f. *prop.* with *Dat.* together with; II. *adv.* -und jeders, all and every one of them (of us, of you, &c.), all together, each and all; III. *s.* see *Sammet*.

Sammel... adj. velvet.

Sammel... I. adj. all together; all, whole; collective; der f-e Adel, the body of nobility; die f-en Einwohner, Kruppen, all the inhabitants, troops; *Spektator* f-e Werke, S.'s complete works; II. *adv.* jointly, in a body; collectively.

Sammel... (str.) m. coll. velvet-coat.
Sammel... n. *Geogr.* Samogitia.

Sammel... (w.) m. Samoyede.

Sammel... (str.) m. *provinc.* (S. U.) for *Samabend*; der hohe -, Saturday before Easter.

Sammel... m. Samuel (P. N.).

* **Sammel...** (str.) m. (Arab.) *Phys.* simoom.

* **Sammel...** (str.) m. (Lat.) saint; - Barbara, *Mar.* along, powder-room; -Paulus, St. Paul.

Sand, s. l. (str., pl. *provinc.* *Sän*) m. sand; graben -, gravel, f. Grise, 1) auf den - geraten, stoßen, laufen, to run around, ground; Gienem - in die Augen streuen, *fig.* to throw dust in one's eyes; II. in comp. -aaf, m. *Ichth.* 1) sand-eel, grig (*Ammodytes T-bianus* L.); 2) lanceo, sand-lanceo (*Ammodytes lanceus* L.); -afterwepe, f. see -wepe.

* **Sandel...** (w.) f. (Gr.) sandal.

Sandel... (w.) f. gravel-walk, sand-walk.
Sandart (*Sand*, *Sand*, *Sand*), (str.) m. see *Sander*.

Sand... in comp. -artig, adj. sand-like; -bad, n. sand-bath, sand-bath; *Med.* arena-tion; -bank, f. shelf, bank in the sea, pl. sands, shoals; bar; auf eine -bank geraten, to run aground; -barren, m. small sandy island; -bars, m. see *Sander*; -beere, f. 1) see *Bärentraube*; 2) see *Erdbeerbaum*; -berg, m. sand-hill; -blätter, n. pl. see -gut; -boden, m. sandy soil or ground; -büsche, f. sand-box; -büschenbaum, m. *Bot.* sand-box-tree (*Hura crepitans* L.); -capelle, f. *Chem.* sand-cupel; -fistel, f. *Bot.* common carline (histiole) (*Ebermurg*); -born, m. *Bot.* sea-buck-thorn (*Hippophaë rhamnoides* L.); -blümen, f. pl. see *Dünen*; -ebene, f. see -fläche.

Sand... (str.) m. (-hölz, n.) *Comm.* sanders, sandal (wood); das rothe -hölz, red-wood; das blaue -hölz, nephritic wood; das röhre -hölz, der weisse -, green sanders; -hölzbaum, m. *Bot.* sandal tree (*Santalum* L.).

Sand... (w.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* to strew with sand or pounce, to pounce (letters).

Sand... (w.) v. *tr.* to cover with sand (gravel).

Sander, (str.) m. *Ichth.* porch-pike (*Lepidopora sandra* Cuv.).

Sand... in comp. -erde, f. sandy loam-earth; -erg, n. sand-stone containing lead, copper, or tin-ore; -faß, -fäßchen, n. sand-box; -feber, f. *Bot.* feather-grass (*Stipa pennata* L.); -feld, n. sandy field; -fisch, m. see -aal; -flaß, m. *Entom.* chigoe, chigra, jigger (*Sarcophaga pedicularis* L.); -flüß, n. -flaße, f. layer of sand; -galle, f. sandy spot in a field; -gang, m. sand-path; -gebirge, n. sandmountains; -gegen, f. sandy or sterile region or country; -gerste, f. *Bot.* summerbarley; -glimmer, m. mica; -grübler, m. 1) *Zool.* mole-rat (*Bathergus* Ill.); 2) *Entom.* sand-beetle (*Cicindella campestris* L.); -grad, n. see -heutgrad; -grief, m. gravel, grit; -grube, f. sand-pit; -grund, m. sandy bottom or ground; -gut, m. casting in sand; -gut, n. *Comm.* sandy tobacco leaves, scrubs; -heutgrad, n. Lyme-grass (*Elymus arvensis* L.); -hefter, m. *Bot.* 1) horse-hair oats, sand-oats (*Alopecurus strigosus* L.); -häger, m. see -barren; -heim, m. see -riedgras; -hefe, m. 1) a) white hare; b) *loc.* inhabitant of a sandy country; 2) *Comm.* miss (at nine pins); -haufen, m. heap of sand; -hebe, f. *Med.* inflamed and swollen testicle; -horn, m. sand-bank; -hügel, m. sand-hill; -huhn, n. *Ornith.* 1) sand-grouse (*Pterocles arvensis* Pall.); 2) pratincole (*Glareola pratincola* L.); -hühner, n. see *Repenfchiet*. [gritty, gravelly.]

Sandig, adj. (l. u.) *Sand* (halt) sandy;

Sand... in comp. -insel, f. small sandy island; -kister, m. *Entom.* sand-beetle (*Cicindella campestris* L.); -laß, m. see *Sand-mütle*; -lapelle, f. see -capelle; -laß, m. see -hebe; -läger, m. *Anat.* goddess of the sea or amphitrite (*Amphitrite* Lam.; *Sabala* Cuv.); -löhner, -löhling, n. *Bot.* sea-side cat's tail grass (*Pharus arvensis* L.); -löge, f. *Miner.* anthracitic slate-coal; -fern, n. grain of sand; -fräße, f. *Orust.* sand crab, the calling crab (*Callinectes vocans* L.); -frant, n. *Bot.* sand-wort, arsenaria (*Arenaria* L.); -fress, m. *Orust.* a genus of decapod crustaceans (*Hippa* L.); *Bot.* -fresse, f. a species of candy-tuft (*Adonis nudicaulis* L.); -frangher, m. see -born; -frierer, m. *Zool.* sand-creeper, sand-viper, ammodyte (*Vipera ammodytes* L.); -fuchen, m. see -terte; -fuhle, f. see -grube; -fand, n. sandy country; -läster, m. *Ornith.* 1) sand-piper (*Strand-läster*); 2) see -fäßer; -fille, f. sandy lily (*Anthriscum lilago* L.); -mann, m. sand-man; der -mann kommt bei ihm, *fam.* he is drowsy or sleepy, his eyes draw straw, the dreamer is coming; -manerwert, n. *Man.* grit-masonry; -meer, n. *, sandy desert, waste; -mergel, m. sandy marl; -maße, m. *Bot.* rough poppy (*Rhody argemone* L.); -mütle, m. *Man.* mortar (mixed with sand); -müßel, f. *Orust.* long clam (*Nysa arenaria* L.); -natter, f. see -frierer; -nette, f. *Bot.* sand-pink (*Dianthus arvensis* L.); -otter, f. see -ulper; -papier, n. sand-paper; -pfeifer, m. see -läufer; -rainblume, f. see -rubcrant; -rüumer, m. T. sand-drag; -reif, -riff, n. see -Sant; -reiter, m. *loc.* rider dismantled by his horse; -riedgras, n. *Bot.* sandy or sea-road-grass (*Carex arvensis* L.); -riff, m. see -Sant; -roße, n. *Bot.* 1) see -riedgras; 2) sea-road, sea-mat-grass (*Ammophila arenaria* L.); -rubcrant, n. *Bot.* sandy-overlasting (*Helichrysum arvensis* L.); -saß, m. sand-bag; -schädel, n. engraver's cushion; -schicht, f. layer, bed, stratum of sand, sand-layer; -schier, m. *Min.* schistous sand-stone; -schiff, m. see -roß; 2; -schimmel, m. roan-horse; -schlang, f. *Zool.* ammodyte (*Frieder*); -schuppenfische, f. see -rüumer; -schuß, m.

sand-wood; —*schwalbe*, *f.* *Ornith.* sand or water-swallow, sand-martin (*Hirundo*); —*segg*, *f.* see —*riegel*; —*seif*, *n.* screen; —*sperr*, *m.* *Bot.* spurry (*Spergula arvensis* L.); —*spize*, *f.* sand-head; —*stein*, *m.* sandstone; —*stein*, *f.* sand-stone; —*stein*, *m.* sand-stone; —*stein*, *f.* extent of sandy land; —*stein*, *m.* coll. see —*mann*; —*strahlstein*, *f.* see —*stein*; —*strolch*, *f.* *Mar.* see *Sticgung*, 1; —*strolch*, *f.* sponge-cake; —*strolch*, *f.* sandy shore; —*strolch*, *f.* hour-glass; —*strolch*, *f.* see —*strolch*; —*strolch*, *f.* geomancy; —*strolch*, *f.* sand-washing; —*strolch*, *f.* *Bot.* sand or creeping willow (*Salix repens* L.); —*strolch*, *m.* see —*hagel*; —*strolch*, *f.* small sand-bank; —*strolch*, *f.* *Entom.* sand-wasp (*Spheg subulatus* L.); —*strolch*, *m.* *Zool.* sand-worm, lab-worm, log-worm (*Arenicola piceaformis* Lam.); —*strolch*, *f.* sandy desert or waste, sands; —*strolch*, *m.* *Comm.* cannonade, see *Sturmgewehr*.

Sant, *I. adj.* soft, smooth, gentle, easy, mild, placid; sweet (temper); mit —*en* *Stimmung*, (*in organ music*) with soft stops; eine —*te* *Hänge*, a sloping hill; es *tut ihm* —, it is pleasant or agreeable to him.

Sant, *(u.) f.* sedan-chair, litter; *in comp.* *G-Sant*, *f.* pole of a sedan-chair; *G-Santler*, *m.* chair-man.

Sant, *(u.) v. tr. (+ d) **, to soften, *to* *weichen* (*to* *weichen*).

Sant, *(u.) f.* softness, smoothness, gentleness, mildness; sweetness.

Sant, *...*, *in comp.* —*hänge*, *adj.* tender-hearted, gentle, mild, meek; *Freudlich* *G-Sant*, *Freudlich* (*named*) the Placid, Peaceable, or Pacific; —*hänge*, *f.* —*hänge*, *m.* —*hänge*, *f.* tender-heartedness, gentleness, mildness, meekness.

Sant, *adj.* soft, gentle; gently sloping.

Sant, *(u.) v. tr. to soften* (*weichen*).

Sant, *(u.) f.* softness, gentleness, mildness, meekness.

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Satt, *I. adj.* 1) fed or supplied to the full; satisfied; satiated; full; 2) *Ag.* weary; 3) saturated (of colours); — *blau*, *grün* etc., dark blue, green, etc.; *G-Satt*, *adj.* *under* *Sättigen*; II. *adv.* *provinc.* enough (*Genug*); — *sein*, to have appeased one's hunger, to be satiated, to have eaten one's fill, to have enough, to have done; — *machen*, to supply with sufficient food, to give enough to eat; *ich habe mich* — *gegessen*, I am satisfied; *sich an einer Sache* — *essen*, to eat one's fill of a thing (*vgl. Macaulay, Hist. 8, 363: the [French] peasantry [under Lewis XIV.] were unable to eat their fill even of the coarsest and blackest bread*); *sich* — *trinken*, to quench one's thirst, to drink one's fill; *einer (Gen. or Acc.)* *eine* *Sättel* — *sein*, *eines* *(Acc.)* — *haben*, to be tired with or of, to be weary or sick of a thing; *ich habe es* —, I have enough of it; *sich* — *lachen*, to laugh enough or as much as one likes; *sie hatte sich* — *gesehen*, she had gazed her fill; *ich kann mich nicht* — *beraten* *sehen*, I cannot look enough at or on it.

Sattel, *(str., pl. Sättel)* *m.* 1) saddle; 2) seat (of a nut); 3) ridge (of a hill); hillock between two valleys; 4) *Anal.* bridge of the nose; 5) *Dress.* kiln-vault; 6) *Port.* head-piece; 7) *Min.* sharp; 8) *Typ.* a) galleys; b) bed; 9) *Arch.* post of the shears; 10) *Nus.* nut (of a violin fingerboard, &c.); 11) any thing resembling a saddle, *cf.* *Sätteln*, 3; *aus dem* — *heben*, 1. to throw or pitch out of the saddle, to unhorse, dismount; 2. *Ag.* to vanquish; to supplant; *fest im* — *stehen*, to be firmly mounted; *allen Sätteln* or *in allen Sätteln* (*less usual: in alle Sättel*) *gerückt* *sein*, to be able to accommodate one's self, to be fit for any thing.

Sattel, *...*, *in comp.* — *band*, *n.* saddle-band; — *baum*, *m.* saddle-tree; — *bein*, *n.* *Anal.* saddle-bone; — *bein*, *n.* wither-band; — *bogen*, *m.* saddle-bow; — *bohr*, *m.* *Mar.* wash-board; — *bret*, *n.* *Corp.* thin board (*Rückenbret*); — *büschel*, *f.* holster; — *busch*, *n.* *Archit.* ridged or twice-hanging roof, common roof, saddle-roof, span-roof; — *busch*, *f.* saddle-cloth or blanket, caparison, housing; — *busch*, *m.* *Farr.* saddle-gall; — *festig*, *adj.* ready to mount; — *fest*, *adj.* 1) firm in the saddle; 2) *Ag.* master (*in off.*); — *festig*, *adj.* saddle-formed, saddle-shaped; — *festig*, *m.* *Anal.* clindoid process; — *frei*, *adj.* *provinc.* free (of the empire), freehold; — *gurt*, *m.* belly-band, girth; — *gut*, *n.* — *hof*, *m.* free tenement; — *hof*, *n.* — *hölzer*, *pl.* saddle-beams, sleepers; *Corp.*, &c. holster, corbel-piece; — *hammer*, *m.* saddle-room; — *hissen*, *m.* saddle-pad or cushion; pillow; — *hüschel*, *m.* groom; — *hüschel*, *m.* pommel; — *hüschel*, *f.* *Ornith.* royston-crow (*Corvus cornix* L.); — *tramp*, *f.* coat-loop; — *tramp*, *n.* *hof* which is obliged to pay a saddled horse to the foot.

Sätteln, *(u.) v. tr. 1)* to saddle (*also* *intr.*: *wir* — *nur um Mitternacht* [*Bürgw.*], we saddle but at midnight); 2) *Archit.* (eine *Wauer*) auf *Bogen* —, to put (a wall) upon vaults, to support by arches; 3) *Cook.* gefestigt *Gemüse*, *n.* vegetables with sausages, placed on top (like a saddle, *cf.* *Sattel*, 11).

Sattel, *...*, *in comp.* — *papier*, *n.* strong, thick paper; — *papier*, *m.* rattle; — *pferd*, *n.* saddle-horse, near-horse; — *pferd*, *f.* saddle-pistol, holster-pistol; — *pferd*, *m.* place for saddling; — *pferd*, *n.* saddle-holster, *cf.* — *hissen*; — *reigen*, *m.* (a pair of) saddle-bags; — *reigen*, *m.* *pl.* see —*struppen*; — *reig*, *n.* see *Reitpferd*; — *reigen*, *m.* saddle-back; chine of a wild boar; — *reig*, *f.* left-hand side; — *reig*, *m.* bridge of a saddle; — *struppen*, *f.* *pl.* straps of a saddle-girth; — *tasche*, *f.* pouch of a saddle; saddle-bag; — *tasche*, *adj.* saddle-

backed; —wunde, *f.* see —drud; —zeug, *n.* saddle and harness.

Sättigk. (*w.*) *f.* 1) satiety; fulness; 2) *Ag.* weariness (as with *Dat.*), of.

Sättigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to appease (one's appetite, &c.); to satisfy; *b)* to glut, cloy; 2) *Chem.* to saturate; to impregnate; gättigt, *p. a.* 1) see *Sätt.* 1; 2) *Feint.*, *Dy.* full-bodied, deep, rich (colour).

Sättigk. (*w.*) *f.* all, satiety, fulness, gättigung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) appeasing one's appetite, &c., cf. *Sättigen*; satisfaction; 2) *a)* see *Sättigk.*; *b)* *Chem.*, &c., saturation.

Sattler, (*str.*) *m.* saddler, saddle-maker; harness-maker; *in comp.* —able, *f.* —arbeit, *f.* —burde, *m.* —hammer, *m.* —handwerk, *n.*, &c. saddler's awl, work, apprentice, hammer, trade, &c. [saddler's workshop.

Sattler, (*str.*) *w.* 1) saddler's trade; 2) *Sattler*..., *in comp.* —meister, *m.* master harness-maker; —messer, *n.* saddler's knife.

Sattler, (*w.*) *v. instr. coll.* to do saddler's work.

Sattlerrolle, (*w.*) *f.* saddler's rowel.

Sattsam, *I. adj.* sufficient; *adv.* sufficiently, enough; *II. G-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* sufficiency.

* **Satt**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) savory (*Saturia hortensis* L.).

Saturn, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Rom. Myth.*, *Astr.*, &c. Saturn; 2) *Chem. lead.* —Saturnus, *pl.* Saturnalia.

Sattyr, (*str.* [sometimes *pr.* *Sattyr*, *pl.* *Sattyr*]) & *w.*, *pl.* *Sattyr* (*pl.* *Str.*) satyr.

* **Sattyr** *re* *re*, see *Sattyr* *re*.

Satz, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sätze*) *m.* 1) leap, jump; 2) *Mus.*, *Typ.*, &c. composition (also *T.* for military fireworks and other combustibles); *Mus.* —a. (langsam, schnell, slow, quick) movement; set; (musical) sentence; 3) *drugs*, grounds (of coffee, &c.), *Chem.*, &c. deposit, sediment, settling; 4) *T-s.* *a)* composition, mixture; *b)* *Drugs* (of barley); *c)* *Glass-w.* metal; *d)* tanning; 5) *Sport.* *a)* young fry (of fishes); *b)* *Dray* (of squirrels), nest (of rabbits); *c)* litter (of fox-cubs); 6) *T.* *a)* set (of weights, vines, &c.); *b)* set or nest (of boxes); 7) *a)* *Gam.* stake; pool; *b)* *Comm.* rate, price; 8) *a)* *Log.* position, proposition; *b)* *Gramm.* sentence, period; *c)* *Theol.* tenet; 9) fixed measure; 10) *Stud. slang.* treat, entertainment (cinen — geben, to give a jollification, anal. to stand treat, to stand Sam); *feinen — be-haupten*, *Ag.* to maintain one's point; *bie (freitige) Frage zum — machen*, to beg the question. [*verb.*, *m.* see *Sattler* *verb.*]

Satz..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* see —fod; **Satz**..., (*str.*) *n.* (dimin. of *Satz*) short sentence, &c.

Satz..., *in comp.* —fisch, *m.* young fish; —gefäße, *n.* *Mini.* coin with its furniture; —hase, *m.* she-hare, doe-hare; —holz, *n.* see —fod; —karpfen, *m.* carp (as fry); —lehre, *f.* *Gramm.* syntax; —löffel, *m.* *T.* iron spoon; —maß, *n.* see *Satz* *maß*; —mehl, *n.* amyllum; staroh—flour; *Pharm.* fecula; —meißel, *m.* *T.* clincher; —möhre, *f.* seed-carrot; —schachtel, *f.* *pl.* nest-boxes; —rod, *m.* (willow-) twig planted for growth; —teich, *m.* stock- or store-pond.

Satzung, (*w.*) *f.* statute, law; institution; ordinance; maxim; dogma; *G-frecht*, *n.* statute-law.

Satz..., *in comp.* —wage, *f.* mason's level; —wilde, *f.* see —fod; —weise, *adv.* & *adj.* 1) by leaps; 2) by sets, by heaps; 3) *Ag.* sentence by sentence; —weise, *f.* *T.* turning-tree, axle-tree (of a mill); —jähren, *n.* *Mod.* suppository; —jeit, *f.* breeding time of hares; —jweibel, *f.* bulb for transplanting.

A. Sat., (*pl. gener.* *w.*, sometimes *str.* *Satt*) *f.* 1) sow, hog; 2) *T-s.* *a)* *Metall.* sow, pig; *b)* *Manuf.* madder drying kiln; *c)* *Found.*

sow (large trough); *d)* see *Sattler* *verb.*; 3) *vulg.* slut, dirty trollop; 4) *slang.*, *a)* a blot (of ink); *b)* blunder; *c)* a piece of undeserved good luck (*Schwein*), *particul.* at *Büll.*, *cf.* *Such*, 7. [*the Austrian empire*].

B. Sat., *See*, *f.* *Geogr.* Save (a river of *Sau*...), *in comp.* —apfel, —birne, see *Satt* —apfel, *Satt* —birne; —beiser, *m.* boar-hound.

Satt, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) *a)* clean, neat; tidy, pretty; *b)* *Ag.* terse (of style, &c.), accurate, neat; gentle; 2) *iron.* dirty, fine, pretty; cine [-e *Wirtshaus*, pretty work, pretty goings on; *II. G-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cleanliness, neatness; 2) *Ag.* *a)* terseness (of style), accuracy; *b)* fineness; prettiness.

Satt, (*str.*) *m.* *Mill.* bolting-chest.

Satt, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to clean, cleanse, clear, purge (ven, of), *cf.* *Reinigen*.

Satt, (*str.*) *m.* *Mill.* meal-bolter.

Satt, (*str.*) *m.* the (act of) cleansing, clearing, &c.

Sau..., *in comp.* —bohne, *f.* *Bot.* 1) broad bean, garden-bean (*Vicia faba* L.); 2) *or* —erbapfel, *m.* Jerusalem artichoke (*Helianthus tuberosus* L.); —berg, *m.* gelded hog; —bröt, *n.* *Bot.* hog's-bread, sow-bread (*Cyclanthes europæus* L.); —brud, *m.* *Sport.* see *Satt* *brud*, 3, a & b.

* **Sau** (*pr.* *vulg.*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) sauce (*Bräse*). —**Sau** (*str.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) sauceboat or tarsen, (für *zarte* Butter) butter-boat. —**Sau** (*str.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to sauce (tobacco). [*chus* L.]

Sau, (*str.*) *f.* *Bot.* sow-thistle (*Sonchus*).

Sau, (*w.*) *v. vulg.* *I. instr.* 1) to go about a thing surlily; 2) to talk bawdy; *II. tr.* tell —, see *Satt* *verb.*

Sau, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) sour, acid (*Chem.*), eager, crabbed, tart, harsh; 2) *Ag.* *a)* troublesome; hard (labour, &c.); *b)* sour, morose, peevish; *saure Ritzchen*, agriots; *saure Gurken*, pickled cucumbers; *ein saures Gesicht*, sour look, frown; *Einem ein saures Gesicht machen*, to look crabbed or surly, to frown at; —*machen*, 1. to sour, to change (milk); 2. *Ag.* to embitter, aggravate, to make (life) a burden (to one); —*werden*, 1. to sour, to become sour, to turn acid; 2. *Ag.* to grow troublesome, to cause difficulty, *cf.* *Schwer*; *es kommt mir sehr — an zu ...*, it goes against my grain to ...; *es ist (Dat.) — werden lassen*, to toil or work hard, to plod.

Sau..., *in comp.* *Bot-s.* —ampfer, *m.* (common) sorrel (*Rumex* L.); —ampferbeere, *f.* common cranberry (*Oxycoccus palustris* L.); —äther, *m.* see —fleehter; —bad, *n.* *T.* sour.

Sau, (*str.*) *adj.* acidifiable.

Sau..., *in comp.* —bissen, *m.* sour-sop (*Annona muricata* L.); —blei, *n.* *Chem.* chromate of lead; —braten, *m.* beef steeped in vinegar and roasted; —brunnen, *m.* medicinal spring charged with acids, acidulous; chalybeate spring; —brunnenfals, *n.* see *Bitterfals*; —battel, *f.* see *Tamarinde*; —bora, *m.* see *Sau* *rad*.

Sauer, (*w.*) *f.* *vulg.* 1) hoggrissness, nastiness; beastliness; 2) uncleanness (*Schweinerei*); 3) obscenity; obscene words.

Sau..., *in comp.* —essen, *m.* *Minor.* oxide of iron (*Eisenerz*); —fals, *m.* oxymal; —fäse, *m.* soft curd cheese; —firche, *f.* agriot, sour cherry; —fiet, *m.* *Bot.* wood-sorrel, three-leaved sorrel (*Oxalis* L.); *Chem-s.* —fleehter, *m.* oxalic ether; —fleeht, *n.* super-oxalate of potash, salt of (wood-)sorel; —fleeht, *f.* oxalic acid; —fleeht, *f.* oxalate; —fleeht, *m.* *Minor.* ore of cobalt containing iron; —frant, *n.* —foll, *m.* salted or pickled cabbage, sauerout.

Sau, (*str.*) *adj.* sourish, acetose, acidulous, acedent; —*machen*, to acidulate; *II. G-leit*, (*w.*) *f.* acetolety.

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Sauerampfer*; 2) *Dom.* whitout (a kind of apples); 3) see *Sauerbrunnen*; 4) see *Sauerborn*; 5) see *Sau* *fleeht*, 1.

Sau..., *in comp.* —last, *f.* see *Schne* *last*; —maul, *n.* *vulg.* see —tapi; —milch, *f.* carded milk.

Sau, (*w.*) *v. instr.* 1) or *Sau*, *a)* to become or turn sour; *b)* (of milk) to curdle; 2) *Ag.* (*l. u.*) to cause or give trouble.

Sau, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to sour; *Chem.* to acidify, acidulate; to leaven; *II. see* *Sau*.

Sau..., *in comp.* —güßel, *m.* *Minor.* oxide of nickel; —quell, *adj.* sour-faced, morose-looking; —saß, *m.* *Chem.* oxygen (*Sau*, gas); —saß, *m.* *Phys.* endometer; —fäse, *adj.* 1) sour-sweet; 2) *Ag.* half amiable, half morose; —fäse, *m.* *kl.* & *Ag.* leaven; *coll-s.* —tapi, *m.* crabbed, morose person, peevish (pouting) fellow; —tapp, *f.* moroseness, crabbedness; —tapp, *adj.* crabbed, peevish.

Sau, (*w.*) *f.* acidification; leavening.

Sau..., *in comp.* —wasser, *m.* mineral or chalybeate water, *cf.* —brunnen; —wasser, *m.* *Minor.* sulphate of molybden (*Blei*); —wein, *m.* verjuice; *Minor-s.* —widmung, *n.* oxide of bismuth; —zinn, *n.* oxide of zinc; —zinn, *n.* oxide of tin; —zinn, *m.* oxyaccharum.

Sau, (*str.*) *v. tr. & instr.* 1) to drink (said of beasts); 2) *coll.* to drink hard, to fuddle, quaff, carouse, tipple.

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* hog's fennel (*Foeniculum officinale* L.).

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* drinker, drunkard, tippler; —wahn, *m.* madness of drunkards, (*Lat.*) *delirium tremens*. [*drinking*]

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* immoderate

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* drinking-gossip.

Sau..., *in comp.* *cf.* *Trin*... —*ge*, *n.* drinking-bout; —*ge*, *adj.* —*ge*, *n.* bottle-companion, tippler; —*ge*, *n.* company of drunkards; —*ge*, *n.* —*ge*, *n.* drunkard; —*ge*, *n.* fuddling-house. [*tr.*; —*ge*, *n.* pork.

Sau..., *in comp.* —fuder, *m.* see —*bel* *Sau* *fuder*; *n.* low drinking-song.

Sau, (*str.*) *f.* *Anat.* lymphatic (vessel), absorbent (vessel).

Saug, (*w.*) *f.* (wet) nurse.

Sau..., *in comp.* —garn, *n.* net used in the chase of wild boars; —garten, *m.* fenced place in which wild boars are kept.

Saug, (*str.*) *m.* foster-brother.

Saug, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *Gard.* to engraft (trees).

Saug, (*str.*) *f.* milk for suckling.

Saug, (*str.*) *v. tr. & instr.* to suck; (in *fig.* —), to absorb; to suck up, to drink in, to imbibe; (*cf.* *Saug* *lingen*) *an der Brust* —, to draw the breast; *aus den Fingern* —, *Ag.* to invent, forge, fabricate (*aus der Luft greifen*).

Saug, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to suckle, to give suck to.

Saug..., *in comp.* see *Saug*...; —*junge* *re*, see *Saug* *pumpe* *re*.

Sau, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sucker; 2) *a)* *pl.* haustollates; *b)* see *Saug* *flamm*.

Säuger, (str.) m. 1) *see* Säuger; 2) *Mar.*
Säugerin, (w.) f. nurse. [bank.
Säugestier, (str.) n. *Mar.* mammal (*Lat.*
p. mammalia); mammalian animal; —*funde*,
f. mammalogy.
Säug(e)... (from Säugen), in comp. —
früht, n. sucking-pig; —*flüß*, m. *see* Schiffe-
halter; —*flüße*, f. —*glas*, —*horn*, n. suck-
ing-bottle; *Säuggefäß*, n. *see* —*ader*; —*faß*,
n. sucking-calf; —*famm*, n. sucking-lamb;
—*feher*, n. suckler.
Säugling, (str.) m. suckling baby, nurse-
child; baby, babe. [talk bawdy.
Säuglöde, (w.) f. coll.: die — *länken*, to
Säug(e)... (from Säugen), in comp. —
loch, n., —*mündung*, f. the lower opening of
a suction pipe; —*mund*, m. *see* —*riffel*; —
mutter, f. a small suction-pump, mother-
pump; —*öffnungen*, f. pl. *see* Suctorial apertures;
—*pumpe*, f. suction- or sucking-pump.
Säugröhre, (str.) n. *Bot.* a species of knot-
grass (*Polypogon monspeliensis* L.).
Säug(e)... (from Säugen), in comp. —
raht, n., —*röhre*, f. suction-pipe, sucking-
pipe; —*rohrflappe*, f., —*rohrventil*, n. lower
valve of a suction pump, suction valve; —
riffel, m. suctorial organ of certain insects,
hemiptera; —*sand*, m. quick-sand; —*schwe-
ferr*, f. foster-sister; —*warze*, f. nipple; —
wert, n. *see* —*pumpe*; —*wertzeug*, n. organ of
suction, suctorial organ; —*zahn*, m. milk-
tooth.
Sau... in comp. —*hag*, —*hege*, f. hog-
knealing; —*hirt*, m. swine-herd; —*hund*, m.
see —*beizer*; —*igel*, m. 1) *see* Igel, 1; 2) vulg.
nasty fellow, filthy person. [obscene.
Säurlich, adj. coll. hogish, swinish; nasty;
Sau... in comp. —*hag*, f. *see* —*hag*; —
hri, m. vulg. rasal, knave; —*husten*, m. *Bot.*
knobby-rooted fig-wort (*Scrophularia nodosa*
L.); —*haben*, m. *see* Schweinefellen; —*hant*,
n. 1) *see* —*husten*; 2) *see* —*gras*; —*hede*, f. *Sport.*
slough.
Säulen, (str.) n. (*divin.* of Säule)
1) small column, little pillar, &c.; 2) *Bot.*
column; 3) *Watch* m. pillar of a watch-plate.
Säule, (w.) f. 1) column; pillar; statue;
— *also* *Gefälle*, cippus; 2) post, jamb.
Säulen... in comp. —*leben*, n. vulg. hogish
or beastly life; —*leber*, n. 1) hog's skin, sow
leather; 2) vulg. slut, *see* Sau, A, 3.
Säulen, (w.) n. & tr. to adorn with columns;
gefaßt, p. a. pillared.
Säulen... in comp. —*arrig*, —*firmig*,
adj. columnar; —*helfalt*, m. columnar basalt;
—*hinkel*, n. *Archit.* a clustered column, com-
pound pillar; —*eingang*, m. prostyle; —*früch-
tig* (*Chemisch*), adj. *Bot.* columniferous (plants)
(*Columnifera* L.); —*fuß*, m. foot or base of a
column, pedestal; —*gang*, m. colonnade; —
grund, n. cornice (of a column); —*helfte*, f.
pillared hall; portico, piazza; —*haus*, —*hauyl*,
m., —*hauyl*, n., —*hauyl*, m. capital of a pillar or
column; —*helfte*, m. *Eccl.* *Hist.* stylobate; —*hauyl-
stein*, f. *Archit.* groining of columns; —*hauyl*,
f. portico; —*hauylstein*, m. pillared candlestick;
—*ordnen*, f. order (of columns); —*paar*, n.
pair of columns; —*platte*, f. *Archit.* pilinth,
basos; —*raum*, m. *see* —*weite*; —*reihe*, f.
series of pillars; —*schäft*, m. shaft of a col-
umn; —*Miner.* —*spalt*, m. prismatic spar;
—*lein*, m. basalt; —*stellung*, f. disposition of
columns; —*hauyl*, m. pedestal, basis (of a
column); —*weite*, f. intercolumniation; —*wert*,
n. *see* —*gang*; —*würfel*, m. pilinth.
Saum, (str.) pl. *Säume* m. 1) a) edging,
hem (of a garment, &c.), edge, border, fringe,
skirt; seam; b) *Harald.* treasure; orlo; c) *Archit.*
(*am Gefälle* n.) orlo, orlo; 2) *Mar.*
carvel (of a horse); 3) seam (a measure).
Saumägen, (str.) m. vulg. nasty fellow,
filthy beast.

A. Säumen, (w.) v. I. & tr. 1) to hem, edge,
skirt, border; 2) *Corp.* to square, to work
(wood); *geklumt*, adj. *Harald.* & *Bot.* imbricated;
II. *intr.* to tarry, stay, delay; mit etwas
—, to delay something.
B. Säumen, (w.) v. & tr. to convey by means
of beasts of burden.
Säumer, (str.) m. 1) a) (or *Säumer*)
beast of burden; b) man that keeps beasts of
burden; 2) to be that carries; lazy person, drone.
Säumer... in comp. —*fel*, m. sumpter-
mule; —*farrer*, m. *Bot.* common brake, fe-
male fern (*Pteris aquilina* L.).
Säumerig, *Säumerig*, I. adj. tarrying,
tardy, slack, slow, backward, dilatory, negli-
gent; II. *S-felt*, (w.) f. (I & 2). **Säumerfält**,
(str.) n. tardiness, &c., negligence.
Säumerling, (str.) m. *see* Säumer.
Säumer... in comp. —*manfichter*, n. sumpter-
mule; —*maß*, f. *See* hem.
Säumerstüß, (str.) f. & n. stay, delay; im-
peditment.
Säumer... in comp. —*pfad*, m. *see* —*steg*;
—*pfad*, —*steg*, n. sumpter-horse; —*fattel*, m.
sumpter-saddle; —*steg*, —*weg*, m. mule-track;
—*tan*, n. *Mar.* bolt-rope, leech-rope; —*stier*,
n. beast of burden. [see cf. Säumen.
Säumerung, (w.) f. the (act of) hemming,
Säumer... in comp. —*mutter*, f. sow with
a litter of young; —*neß*, n. vulg. filthy, dirty
place; —*neß*, n. *see* —*garn*; —*steg*, n. *see*
Schweinshohr; —*pfad*, m. *see* —*steg*.
Säumerstüß, (str.) m. *provinc.* barberry (*Ber-
beris berberis*).
Säumerstüß, (w.) f. *see* Säumerstüß.
Säurer, (w.) f. 1) sour, sourness, tart-
ness; acidity; 2) *Chem.* acid; mit
— *gefühlsangert*, acidulated; 3) *fig.* acrimony,
acidity; in comp. *Chem.* —, &c. —*bitte*,
adj. acidifying; —*brechend*, —*humpfen*, adj.
absorbent; —*fähig*, *see* Säurerbar; —*frei*, adj.
Chem. free from acidity; —*haltig* (—*haltend*
or —*enthalten*), acidiferous, acotose; —*meß-
er*, m. acidimeter; —*widerige Mittel*, n. *Med.*
antacid.
Säurerich, (str.) m. 1) coll. *see* Säurer-
ampfer; 2) vulg. swinish, filthy fellow.
Säurerier, (str.) m. (*Gr.*) *Zool.* saurian
(animal of the lizard-kind).
Säurer... in comp. —*stüß*, m. boar-hound;
—*riffel*, m. swine's snout.
Säuer, (str.) m. 1) storm, rush; 2) *fig.*
noisy mirth; im — und *Bräut* leben, coll. to
revel and riot, to lead a jolly life, riot, cf.
Bräut.
Säuer... in comp. —*faat*, m. *Bot.* name
of several plants, f. i. prickly lettuce (*Lac-
tuca scariola* L.), &c.; —*schneider*, m. sow-
gelder.
Säuerstern, n. *provinc.* whelk (*Rinnohorn*).
Säuerfel, (str.) m. *, rustle (*Gefühl*).
Säuerfelltant, (str.) m. a slightly aspirated
sound.
Säuerfels, (w.) v. *intr.* & tr. *, to rustle;
to speak or pronounce with a slightly aspi-
rated sound.
Säuerfel... in comp. —*stimm*, f., —*ten*,
m. rustling or slightly aspirated voice, tone.
Säuerfel, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to rush, bluster
(of the wind), to whistle, whiz, hum; 2) *fig.*
to rush and roar; to riot, revel; laß du die
große Welt nur —, wir wollen hier im *Stillen*
hauyl (*Stille*, Faust I, Walp. Night), leave
to the multitude its noisy career, we will
quietly amuse ourselves in this snug place.
Säuerfelltant, (str.) m. coll. 1) blustering
wind; 2) blustering or dashing fellow.
Säuerfig, adj. rushing, rustling (*Säuerfellt*).
Säuer... in comp. —*stüß*, m. boar-spear;
—*stüß*, m. hog-sty; —*stüß*, m. *Sport.* dog
trained for baiting or bringing the boar to
bay; —*tanne*, f. *Bot.* wild rosemary (*Portul*);

—*ted*, m. *Bot.* sow-bane (*Chenopodium hy-
bridum* L.); —*transt*, m. hog's wash; —*trei-
ber*, m. *see* Schweinefellen; —*trag*, m. trough
for hogs; —*wide*, f. *see* —*bohle*, 1; —*wirtschäft*,
f. vulg. dirty place, dirty management, filthy,
nasty mess; cß *ist* mit —*wahl*, vulg. I feel as
jolly as a beast (sow); —*wurj*, f. *see* —
fnoten.
* **Savanne**, (w.) f. (*Span.*) savanna(h),
prairie; **Savanne**, f. *Bot.* savanna-flower
(*Richtia suberecta* L.); **Savanne**, n. prairie-
fever.
Savoyen, n. *Geogr.* Savoy. — **Savoyen**,
(str.) m., **Savoyard**, (w.) m. Savoyard.
— **Savoyen**, (w.) m. Savoy (cabbage; *Wirtsch.*)
* **Savoy**, (*Span.*) China silk-stuff (*Tab.*).
* **Savoy**, (e) (*pr.* [sjet]). (w.) f. (*Fr.*) say
(a mixed stuff of silk and cotton); —*fabricant*,
—*fabrikant*, m. sayette-weaver; —*garn*, n.
worsted yarn; —*habel*, f. yarn-needle; —
stümpf, m. pl. worsted hose or stockings.
* **Savoy**, (w.) m. (*Ital.*) sbirro, constable.
* **Savoy**, (w.) f. (*L. Lat.*) *Bot.* sca-
blous (*Scabiosa* L.).
* **Savoy**, (w.) f. *Comm.* *see* Verfallzeit.
Savoy, m. *see* Savoy.
* **Savoy**, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) scale;
Anal. scale; *Mus.* gamut.
* **Savoy**, (str.) n. (*Lat.*) Savy, scalpol.
* **Savoy**, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) to scalp.
— **Savoy**, (str.) n. scalping-knife.
* **Savoy**, (str.) m. (*L. Lat.*) 1) scandal;
2) row, noise; 3) *Stud.* slang, duel. — **Savoy**,
ball's ren, (w.) v. I. *intr.* or *Scandall*, ren,
(with auf [d Acc.]) to abuse; II. *refl.* to take
offense, to be scandalized (*über* [with Acc.],
at). — **Savoy**, (str.) m. (*Fr.*) scandalous.
Scandinavia, n. *Geogr.* Scandinavia. —
Scandinavian, (str.) m., **Scandinavian**,
adj. Scandinavian.
* **Scandinavia**, (w.) v. tr. (*Lat.*) (in proce-
dy) to scan. — **Scandinavia**, (w.) f. scanlon.
* **Scandinavia**, (str.) n. *Rom.* Ch. scapulary.
* **Scandinavia**, (w.) f. *see* Schachtel.
* **Scandinavia**, (w.) f. (*Lat.-Gr.*) scene; S-n,
pl. or *Scenarii*, (w.) f. scenery.
* **Scandinavia**, (w.) f. *Theat.* appointments.
* **Scandinavia**, (str.) n. (*Gr.*) 1) sceptre;
mace; vergo, staff; 2) *Mar.* iron stanchion;
—*stüß*, adj. capable of wielding a sceptre;
—*stüß*, n. royal staff; —*tragen*, adj. sceptred;
—*träger*, m. 1) mace-bearer; 2) *fig.* king,
emperor; —*wurjel*, f. *Pharm.* sedatory.
Schaf, **Schaf**, **Schaf** n., *see* Schaf n.
Schaf, (t) *provinc.* I. adv. gone;
lost, ruined; useless; II. (*ind.*) n. scrap-
ings, refuse, trash.
Schaf, (str.) n. T. scrapings of hides.
Schaf, (w.) f. 1) *Entom.* a cockroach,
black-beetle (*Blatta orientalis* L.); b) (*beutlich*)
Croton-bug (*Blatta germanica* L.); c) sow-
bug (*Stellera*); 2) shaving tool, scraper;
3) coll. *see* Stüß; 4) or **Schaf**, (w.) f. awn
of hemp and flax.
Schaf, in comp. —*baul*, f., —*baum*,
—*bed*, m. scraping-block; tanner's beam or
horse; —*blech*, n. shoemaker's point or point-
tool; —*bret*, n. scraping-board; —*eisen*, n.
scraping-iron, scraper; —*hobel*, m. shaving
or scraping-plane, spoke-shave; —*helle*, f.
Mas. notched trowel; —*stüß*, f., —*messer*, n.
shaving-knife, tanner's shave; stock-shave;
Swy. scalping-iron; —*manier*, f. *Engl.* mezo-
tinto.
Schaf, (w.) v. tr. 1) to shave, scrape,
scratch, grate; to rub; 2) *Engl.* to etch; *Ein-
nem* ein *Stüß* —, coll. to mock, hiss at one.
Schaf, (str.) n. *Bot.* 1) moth-
mullain (*Verbascum blattaria* L.); 2) wild
rosemary (*Portul*).
Schaf, (str.) m. 1) (*ber* *breichneidige*,
breichneidige, three-square, four-square) sra-

swain; Belle im —bunde, wool in fleece; —bister, m. bucolic poet.

Эшферетт, (w.) f. 1) large establishment for rearing sheep, sheep-farm; 2) shepherd's house; —беггер, m. sheep-master, sheep-farmer.

Эшфер..., in comp. —гелшт, n. pastoral; bucolic, idyl, eclogue; —гелшт, m. see —лид; —гелшт, n. pastoral dialogue; —гаус, n. shepherd's house; —гунд, m. shepherd's dog; —гитт, —ларте, f. shepherd's cart or watch; —гелшт, (w.) f. shepherdess. [box]

Эшфер..., in comp. —гелшт, m. shepherd's servant (helper); —лид, m. pastoral life; —лид, f. pastoral love; —лид, n. pastoral song; —лид, —лидштетт, f. diversion, amusement of shepherds; —милдген, n. shepherdess; —матт, adj. fool's mate (at chess); —миле, f. sg. amorous love; —мунст, f. shepherd's strain, pastoral music; —мунст, f. Bot. earth- or ground-nut (*Struthius*, 1); —пелст, f. shepherd's pipe; —раман, m. pastoral romance; —сиг, m. shepherd's seat; —спил, n. pastoral play or drama; —шад, m. shepherd's creek or rod, sheep-hook; —шад, —шадген, n. shepherd's air; —шанде, f. happy hour of lovers; —танг, m. shepherd's dance; —тафел, f. Bot. shepherd's pouch (*Spiranthes*); —велт, —жит, f. fabulous happy age, Arcadian age.

Эшф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —шале, f. see —луде; —сел, n. sheep-skin.

Эшаф, **Эшафен**, (str.) n. province. (*dimin.*) **Эшафелн**, **Эшафел**, (str.) n. tub, vessel.

А. Эшафен, (str.) v. tr. to create, call into existence; *sch-ö*, p. a. creative, productive; *das geschaffen*, *sch. born* to (make others happy, &c.); calculated to (...).

В. Эшафен, (w.) v. tr. 1) to do; to make, work; to bring to pass; to be busy or occupied; 2) to procure, get, afford, furnish, provide; 3) to convey, carry, take (to a place); 4) province, to order, command; 5) province. & *Mar.* (*often instr.*) to eat, to take one's meal(s); *was —Eie?* what is your pleasure? what is at your service? *bei Erite* —, to put aside, to get out of the way, to remove; (*betriebl.*) to embarrass; *ich habe damit nichts zu* —, I have no concern with it; *ich will nichts weiter mit ihm zu* — haben, I'll have no further dealings with him, coll. I wash my hands of him, cf. *Exh.*; *Wath* —, to find a way; *sch (Dat.) zu* — machen, to find business; *nachdem* ich vergeblich darauf gewartet hatte, *da* er herankommen würde, *beschloß* ich endlich, *ich bin zu* — zu machen, after vainly waiting for him to come out, she determined at last to make an errand in; *sch (Dat.) mit etwas zu* — machen, to meddle with; (*Einem*) *zu* — machen, to cause or give (one) trouble.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —шт, m. see *Шпфтер*; —шт, n. mutton.

Эшафтер, (str.) m. province. cooper. **Эшафтер**, (str.) m. 1) agent, manager, broker; 2) steward, provider, butler, administrator; 3) waiter; 4) guard, guide, conductor (of a post-wagon, &c.).

Эшафтеретт, (w.) f. 1) stewardship, butler; 2) office or house of a steward.

Эшафтерин, (w.) f. (female) manager; stewardess; cateress.

* **Эшафтер**, **Эшафтер**, (str.) n. (*Pr. écha-fend*) 1) scaffold; 2) *Mar.* place upon the quarter-deck before the waist-ladders.

Эшафтинг..., in comp. —габе, —трафт, f. creative genius.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —шт, n. sheep's foot; —шттер, n. sheep-fodder; —Бел-с, —гарте, f. common milfoil, yarrow (*Achillea millefolium* L.); —гарте, f. (*Luc.*) see *Шит*; —град, n. sheep-fescue-grass (*Festuca ovina* L.); —гаут, f. sheep's skin; —гаутген,

n. Anat. cover of the fetus, amnion; —герде, f. flock (drove) of sheep; —ген, n. a species of horse-tail (*Equisetum hiemale* L.); —гитт, m. shepherd; —гел, m. 1) see *Эшферт*, 1; 2) sheep-yard; —гунд, m. see *Эшфергунд*; —гилде, f. sheep-fold, sheep-cot, pen; —густен, m. dry cough; —гут, f. see —меиде, 1; —гитте, f. see *Эшфергитте*.

Эшафш, adj. coll. sheepish.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —ламетт, n. see —бромедар; —луде, m. sheep-milk-cheese; —лербел, m. Bot. hedge-parley (*Thymus anthriscus* L.); —лашт, m. shepherd's man; —лашт, see *Эшафлашт*; —лашт, n. Bot. 1) wall-rose (*Arabis* L.); 2) wild-germander (*Veronica chamaedrys* L.); 3) German madwort, wild bugloss (*Asperugo procumbens* L.); —лашт, m. ewe-lamb; —лашт, n. dried leaves used as provender for sheep; —лашт, f. Entom. sheep-louse; tick, sheep-tick (*Holopogon ovinus* L.; *Boe*); —лашт, f. sheep's liver; —лашт, f. salt-lick (for sheep); —лашт, n. sheep's leather; —лашт, adj. of sheep's leather; —лашт, f. Ornith. a species of pipit (*Anthus pratensis* L.); —лашт, f. Bot. variegated hatchet-vetch (*Coronilla varia* L.); —лашт, f. coll. sheep-crotel, pl. tirdles; —лашт, m. sheep-market; —лашт, n. Bot. 1) lamb's lettuce (*Valeriana olitoria* L.); 2) prickly lettuce (*Lactuca scariola* L.); —лашт, m. sheep-master; —лашт, f. Entom. see —лашт; —лашт, f. sheep-milk; —лашт, m. sheep's dung; —лашт, —лашт, —лашт, f. Bot. chaato-tree (*Scutellaria*); —лашт, f. ewe; —лашт, f. the largest kind of walnuts; —лашт, m. 1) sheep-skin fur; 2) sheep-skin coat; —лашт, m. forel, sheep-skin parchment; —лашт, f. woollen wig; —лашт, f. see —лашт; —лашт, f. pl. see —лашт; —лашт, f. *Holmin.* canure (*Cornutus cerebralis* R.); —лашт, f. see —лашт; —лашт, m. see —лашт; —лашт, —лашт, f. see —лашт; —лашт, m. shepherd's dog; —лашт, f. salvo for sheep.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —лашт, n. bolting eye; —лашт, adj. sheep's-eyed. **Эшаф**... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —лашт, f. Bot. sheep's scabious (*Jasione montana* L.); —лашт, m. tax paid on sheep; —лашт, m. *Mar.* sprit-sail; —лашт, f. sheep-shears; —лашт, m. sheep-shearer; —лашт, f. sheep-shearing, clip; —лашт, f. yolk; —лашт, m. see —лашт; —лашт, f. *Vel.* sheep-rot.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —лашт, n. Dutch. sheep's pluck; —лашт, m. 1) sheep's face, stupid brain; 2) stupid fellow; —лашт, n. brain or brains of a sheep; —лашт, n. sg. sheep's clothing; —лашт, m. 1) sheep's head; 2) sg. block-head; —лашт, adj. weak-minded, silly; —лашт, adj. sheepish, most stupid; —лашт, m. see *Эшафлашт*. **Эшаф**... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —лашт, m. stable for sheep; sheep-fold; —лашт, m. stock of sheep; —лашт, m. see —лашт.

Эшаф, (str., pl. *Эшаф*) m. 1) a) shaft (of a lance, halberd, column, &c.); b) shank (of an auger, candle-stick); *der* — (*die* *Epindel*) einer *Эшаф*, shank of a screw (*app. Kopf*, head); c) stock (of a gun); d) handle (of an instrument); e) *Shoe-m.* leg (of a boot); f) trunk (of a tree); stalk; 2) *Mar.* a) (cine) *Эшаф* cut-water; b) after-piece (of the rudder); c) (cine) *Эшаф* strand; 3) genital member in man and larger animals.

Эшафдрафт, m. pin-wire.

Эшафтер, (w.) v. tr. 1) to furnish with a stock, a handle, &c.; to stock (a gun); to leg (boots); 2) *Mar.* a) to fit (a ship) for a certain number of guns; b) to splice (a rope); *geschäftet*, adj. *Herold*. shafted.

Эшаф..., in comp. —лашт, adj. having the shape of a shaft; —лашт, n. *Archil.* lower

cornice on the shaft of a column; —лашт, m., —лашт, n. Bot. 1) mare's tail (*Tamuscus*); 2) see *Эшафш*; —лашт, n. wood for gunstocks.

...*schäftig*, adj. (*in comp.*) composed of ... strands; *ein* *schäftig*, *dreier* *schäftig* *seil*, a rope of two, three, &c. strands.

Эшаф..., in comp. —лашт, m. boot-stretcher; —лашт, f. T. turning needle.

Эшаф... (cf. *Эшаф*...), in comp. —лашт, m. (right of) pasturing sheep; —лашт, f. sheep-walk.

Эшаф..., in comp. —лашт, (str.) m. horse-tail-rubber; —лашт, m. pin-eutter; —лашт, m. pier-glass. [stock, &c.]

Эшафтинг, (w.) f. the furnishing with a *Эшаф*... (cf. *Эшаф*...) in comp. —лашт, n. coll. sheep; —лашт, n. Anat. fluid contained in the amnion. (*Lat.*) *amni fluid*; —лашт, f. 1) see —лашт; 2) see *Эшафлашт*; —лашт, m. see *Эшаф*; —лашт, n. pl. see *Эшаф*; 3) —лашт, f. (sheep's) wool; fleece; —лашт, f. flock-bed; —лашт, —лашт, f. sheep-farming; sheep-husbandry; —лашт, m. rearer or keeper of sheep, sheep-farmer; wool-grower; —лашт, f. Bot. sheep's tongue, great plantain (*Plantago major* L.).

* **Эшаф** (*pr.* —*geng*), see *Эшаф*.

* **Эшаф** (str., pl. *Эшаф*, & *Эшаф*), m. (*Pers.*) king, prince.

* **Эшаф**, (str.) m. see *Эшаф*.

Эшаф, see *Эшаф*.

* **Эшаф**, (str.) m. *Эшаф*, (*Rückert*) *Эшаф* (*le*) m. (*Pers.* *shagaf*, fox) *Zool.* jackal (*Canis aureus* L.).

Эшаф, see *Эшаф*.

Эшаф, (w.) f. *Эшаф*, (str.) m. 1) link of a chain; 2) mesh of a net.

Эшафтер, (str.) m. jester, joker.

Эшафтеретт, (w.) f. jest, joke.

Эшафтер, I. adj. playful, wanton; II.

Эшафтер, (w.) f. playfulness.

Эшафтер, (str.) v. *instr.* to jest, joke, play.

Эшафтер, (str.) n. *Ship-b.* coaking.

Эшаф, adj. 1) stale; 2) flat, insipid.

Эшафтер, (w.) f. province. see *Эшаф*;

—*beere*, f. Bot. red-berried mountain-elder (*Sambucus*).

Эшафтер, adj. that may be peeled.

Эшаф, see *Эшаф*.

Эшаф, see *Эшаф*.

Эшаф, (str.) m. *Эшаф*, (w.) f. *Med.*

heat blister. [the linch-pin of a wagon.]

Эшаф, (str.) m. iron plate covering

Эшаф, (str.) m. roast rib of beef.

Эшаф..., in comp. —лашт, **Эшаф**, (str., pl. *Эшаф*) n. *Comp.* &c. slab (of timber),

outside plank (*Эшаф*, 2); half (—inch) plank, shelf.

Эшаф, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Эшаф*)

1) small bowl, scale, dish, cup, &c., cf. *Эшаф*;

2) *Jewel.* (small) cup (for setting stones).

Эшаф..., in comp. —лашт, f. *Archil.*

boarded ceiling; —лашт, f. see —лашт.

Эшаф, (w.) f. 1) shell, peel, skin (of a

potato, cucumber, &c.), husk; bark, rind;

2) scale (of a balance, &c.); *fig.* outside;

3) (*in casehardened casting*) chill (iron

mould); 4) Bookb. cover (of a book); 5) *Sport.*

edge, hoof; toe; 6) *Outl.* scale (of a knife, &c.);

7) *Butch.* slice (of beef); 8) a) cup or saucer;

b) bowl; dish; vase; vessel; *Script-s.* — *des*

Jorne, (*Rev.* 15, 7; 16, 1) the vial of wrath;

goldene *Äpfel* in *silbernen* *Эшаф* (*Proverbs* 25,

11), apples of gold in pictures of silver;

9) *Comp.* a) slab, &c. see *Эшаф*; 2) b) — *der*

Raffin, *Mar.* fishes; *folte* —, see *Raffin*.

Эшаф, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Comp.* to board,

line with planks, to wainscot; 2) to haft

(knives).

Эшаф, (w.) v. I. tr. to pare (an apple,

&c.), to peel (an orange, &c.), to shell, husk,

Chand..., in comp. -egel, m. coll. lewd, infamous person; -merit, n. pl. disgraceful language; obscenities; -geßten, n. see -mal; -jung, f. see -maul.

Chant, (str.) m. province, 1) or -gerechtheit, f. the license or practice of selling wine, beers, liquors; 2) tap-house; retail-trade.

* **Chant'cr**, (str.) m. see Chantre.

Chang..., in comp. -arbeit, f. working at a scone, work of pioneers; -arbeiter, m. caravaler; pioneer, sapper.

Chang'ge, (w.) f. 1) Fort. sconce, fortification, intrenchment, redoubt, bulwark; eine -auffahrt, Mil. to throw up a trench, redoubt; 2) Mar. a) quarter-deck; b) plank-board; 3) t. throw (at dice); chance; game; stake; in die -schlagen, fig. to hazard, risk, to (put to the) venture; to fling away (one's life); die -gewinnen, to sweep stakes; seine -merzen, to bide one's time.

Chang'jen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to dig, work at a trench or redoubt; 2) coll. to work hard, to drudge. - **Chang'ger**, (str.) m. see Chang-arbeiter.

Chang..., in comp. -gerüst, n. see -zug; -grübel, m. see -arbeiter; -fleider, n. pl. Mar. waist-clothes, quarter-clothes; netting-suits; top-armor (of the masts); einem Schiff die -fleider umhängen or vorhängen, to put aboard a ship's waist clothes; **Chang's**, -fests, m. gabion; fleiner -fests, corbel; -fests, f. art of intrenchment or circumvallation; -fests (L. G. -isaper), m. Mar. mariner's great coat; -fests, n. Mar. netting; **Chang's**, -pfahl, m. stockade, palisade; -fests, m. earth-bag, sand-bag; -verförmung, f. Mar. barricade; -wehr, f. barrier, fence; -wehr, n. redoubt, intrenchment; -zug, n. intrenching tools.

* **Chang'el**, (str.) m. (t. & k) province. chapel, wreath.

Chär, (w.) f. 1) troop, host, band, multitude, crowd; flock; Sport. herd; 2) share of a plough; -baum, m. ground-wrist of a plough.

Chär'be, (w.) f. Ornith. cormorant (Cecorab).

Chär'be... (from Chärben), in comp. -ker, n. chopping-board, trencher; -eisen, -messer, n. chopping-knife; -tschl, m. minced or chopped cabbage or colewort.

Chärben, **Chärben**, (w.) v. tr. to chop, hagg, cut small.

Chär'bed, (str.) m. Med. scurvy; Mittel wider den -, antiscorbutic; **Chär'heil**, **Chär'kraut**, n. 1) lessercelandine (Ficaria verna); 2) scurvy-grass (Ruffelkraut).

Chär'be, (w.) f. Lchth. shad (Humber).

Chär'beich, **Chär'büchel**, see Chärbeich, Chärtrüchel.

Chär'egge, (w.) f. Hund. scarifer.

Chär'en, (w.) v. tr. & refl. to form into troops or bands; refl. to flock together, to collect.

Chär'en..., in comp. -führer, m. leader, captain of a band; -weise, adv. & adj. in bands, in troops, &c. [pagefiffta].

Chär'er, (str.) m. Lchth. parrot-fish (Pogon).

Chär'f, 1. adj. (compar. **chär'fer**, superl. **chär'fste**) 1) sharp; 2) shrill (of sound, &c.); 3) acrid, hot (of taste); 4) keen, quick, acute, piercing; 5) tart, smart, hard; severe, rigorous, rigid, austere; strict, exact; 6) clearly defined, precise; ein **chär'fer** Accus, Zweifel, an acute account, angle; ein **gebauter** Schiff, a sharp (-built or -floored) ship; der **chär'fste** **Chär'f**, see **Chär'f**; **chär'f** **Patronen**, shot or ball-cartridges; ein **chär'f** **Arab**, a smart trot; ein **chär'f** **Ohr**, a quick ear; -**haben**, to charge with ball or bullet, to shot the guns; es **geht** -**her**, coll. there is hot work; -**sehen**, to have a quick eye; -**hören**, to be quick of hearing; -**berhören**, to examine strenuously; es -**nehmen**, to be strict (mit, with); -**rei-**

ten, to ride quickly; -**hinter dem Gelde her** **sein**, to be keen after money.

II. a. (str.) n. 1) shot; balls; looses - **einer** **Ranone**, langrel; 2) Mar. rising of the ship's floor afore and abaft.

Chär'f..., in comp. -artig, adj. see -**lantig**; -**bäutig**, adj. sharp-faced (of a hammer); -**blättrig**, adj. Bot. having edged leaves; -**bild**, m. quick eye, acute perception, acuteness, penetration, &c. -**flun**; -**folgen**, m. pointed bolt or pin.

Chär'fe, (w.) f. 1) a) sharpness, &c., &c. **Chär'f**; b) edge (of a sword, of a mill-stone, &c.); 2) shrillness, &c.; 3) -**der** **Chär'fe**, Med. acrimony of the humours.

Chär'f..., in comp. -edig, adj. acute-angled; -**eisen**, n. Mar. calking-iron, rooming-iron. [knife].

Chär'femesser, (str.) n. Bookb. paring-

Chär'fen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sharpen; to whet; to rough (horse-shoes); to rough-shoe (a horse); to edge, fresh-cut (a mill-stone); 2) Sport., Bookb., &c. to cut thin; to grate; die **Chär'fe** - **Cook**, to make a sauce more piquant; **fig.** - 3) to quicken, to render acute or keen; to give keenness (to the appetite, &c.); den **Blid** -, a) to gaze more intensely; b) **fig.** to render the eye-sight of... keen, &c.; 4) to heighten, aggravate (a punishment); 5) Gramm. to pronounce short, to shorten. **Chär'fenspieler**, (str.) m. cant, fence, receiver of stolen goods (Schlitz).

Chär'f..., in comp. -fentz, n. strong fire, high temperature (necessary for baking porcelain, &c.); -**gungig**, adj. T. (of screws) with a triangular thread (opp. **flachgungig**); -**gebanzt**, p. a. see -**bahnig**; -**gebanzt**, p. a. see **weder** **Chär'f**; **getrocknet**, adj. high-dried; -**hammer**, m. stretching-hammer; -**höbel**, **Chär'fhöbel**, m. Join. jack-plane.

Chär'fhammer, (w.) f. Paper-m. paring-room, cutting- or rasping-room.

Chär'f..., in comp. -fentz, adj. keen-edged; -**fentz**, f. Germ. Fab. name of the crew; -**krant**, n. Bot. small wild bugloss, German mad-wort (*Asperugo procumbens* L.); -**flüze**, f. Dy. blue vat; -**rennen**, n. tournament with sharp weapons; -**richter**, m. hangman, executioner; -**richter**, f. executioner's dwelling; -**schützen**, n. firing with ball; -**schüßel**, m. Min. back-iron (Schrotfünfel); -**schmedend**, adj. of an acid; strong; or pungent taste; -**schmedend**, -**schmedig**, adj. sharp-cutting, keen-edged; -**schuß**, m. shot with ball; -**schuß**, -**schüß**, m. sharp-shooter, rifleman; -**schüß**, adj. sharp-keen, or quick-sighted; clear-sighted, sagacious; -**schüßigheit**, f. quick-sightedness; penetration; -**flun**, m. sagacity, penetration; acuteness; acumen; ingenuity; -**flunig**, adj. sagacious, penetrating, acute; ingenious; -**flunigkeit**, f. sagaciousness, acuteness.

Chär'fstein, (str.) m. Bookb. stone on which leather is cut thin.

Chär'fzug, (w.) f. the act of sharpening, whetting, &c. &c. **Chär'fen**.

Chär'fwinkefig, adj. acute-angular.

Chär'fgeiden, (str.) n. Gramm. acute accent.

Chär'gang, (str., pl. **Chär'gänge**) m. Min.-s. 1) lode extending between cardinal points; 2) passage joining another.

* **Chär'ren**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr. ? cf. **Chärren**, or perhaps from **Chärren** ?) Stone-c. to chisel (stones); **Chär'rfelsen**, n. stone-cutter's chisel.

Chär'..., in comp. -flust, f. cleft joining another; -**tramp**, f. cramp of a plough-share; -**tranz**, n. see **Andradstranz**.

Chär'lach, (str.) m. 1) scarlet; 2) see -**fieber**; 3) see -**krant**; wilder -, Bot. wild sage (*Salvia pratensis* L.); in comp. -**an-**

schlag, m. see -**fieber**; -**baum**, m. Bot. little green oak, scarlet oak, kermes-tree (*Quercus coccifera* L.); -**beere**, f. Comm. scarlet-berry, kermes-berry; -**blume**, f. Bot. scarlet-flower (brennende **Blüte**); -**bohne**, f. Bot. scarlet-bean, scarlet-runner (*Phaseolus multiflorus* Lam.); -**eiche**, f. see -**baum**.

Chär'lach, adj. scarlet.

Chär'lach, in comp. -**farbe**, f. scarlet-colour; -**farben**, adj. scarlet; -**fieber**, -**friesel**, n. Med. scarlet-fever, scarlatina; -**fruct**, n. pl. see **Gothenille**; 1; -**krant**, n. Bot. 1) meadow-sweet (*Epithea*); 2) clary (*Salvia sclarea* L.); -**krant**, f. Bot. scarlet-flower (*Amaryllis formosissima* L.); -**krant**, f. Bot. wild hedge-nettle (*Stachys silvestris* L.); -**krant**, adj. scarlet-red; -**krant**, f. see -**krant**; 2; -**krant**, f. Bot. cochineal-fish (Kopal); **Ornith.** -**krant**, f. scarlet pigeon; -**krant**, m. scarlet parrot, honey-sucker (Kiefernkrant); -**krant**, m. see **Gothenille**, 1.

Chär'lich, (str.) m. see **Chär'lichkrant**.

Chär'ling, (str.) m. Bot. cow-parasop (*Haradum sphondylium* L.).

Chär'mädel, (str.) n. Mil. skirmish.

Chär'mädeln, **Chär'mädelren**, (w.) v. tr. to skirmish.

* **Chär'mier**, (str.) n. see **Chär'mier**.

Chär'p, (w.) f. scarf, cash; Surg. sling.

* **Chär'p**, (w.) f. lint, see **Chär'p**.

Chär'braut, (str., pl. **Chär'bräute**) m. Organ. scraper of the pipe-valves.

Chär're, (w.) f. 1) rake, scraper; 2) see **Chär're**, 2.

Chär'reisen, (str.) n. paring shovel.

Chär'ren, (str.) m. province. see **Chär'ren**.

Chär'ren, (w.) v. tr. & in. to scrape, scratch; to paw; mit den **Chär'ren** -, to scrape, to draw the feet over the floor (as an insult, or sometimes as a token of applause); -**und** **gehen**, **fig.** to rake and scrape.

Chär'ret, (str.) m. lit. & **fig.** scraper.

Chär're..., in comp. -**erbe**, f. mud scraped up on roads, scraping; -**fuß**, see **Chär'refuß**.

Chär'reist, **Chär'reist**, (str.) n. scrapings.

Chär'reisel, (str.) m. ploughshare-pin.

Chär're..., in comp. -**häger**, m. pl. **Chär're**, m. lemming (*Remming*); 2) field-mouse, camp-mouse (*Reutmann*); -**ney**, n. drag-net.

Chär'schmidt, (str., Gen. des **Chär'schmieds**, pl. die **Chär'schmiede**) m. hatchet-cutter, edge-tool maker. [a tub or vat].

Chär't, (str.) m. & n. Coop. diameter of **Chär'trich**, (str.) m. dike that has lost its slopiness; most exposed part of a dike.

Chär't, (w.) f. 1) notch, indentation, gap; chink, crack; 2) see **Chär'tschär't**; 3) tooth of a key-bit; 4) Cook. pan; 5) Bot. a) dyer's wood (*Lithia tinctoria* L.); b) (gelbe) common dyer's broom, greenbroom (**Chär'tginst**); c) (blaue) see **Chär'tenfrant**.

Chär'te [or -**te**], (w.) f. coll. miserable compilation or book, trash, libel.

Chär'ten..., in comp. -**büchel**, f. a kind of thistle; -**krant**, n. Bot. (common) saw-wort (*Serratula tinctoria* L.); -**schmidt**, m. Ornith. flamingo (**flamingo**); -**gelle**, f. T. merlon, pier.

Chär'tig, adj. notchy, indented.

Chär'tisch, (str.) n. Coop. outer bottom-piece, neck-piece.

Chär'tschär't, (w.) f. patrol, train-band of militia. - **Chär'tschär't**, (str.) m. one of the patrol, watchman.

Chär'tsche, see **Chär'tsche**.

Chär'tschel, (str.) m. coll. 1) scrape with the leg, bow, coll. leg (**Chär'tschel**, **Chär'tschel**); 2) Gam. a) knave at cards - **Subst.**; 3) Unter, II.; b) a game at cards, in which knaves

f. T. chain-pump (Eimerfunf); —fupfer, n. T. rose-copper; —lad, m. see *Œchellad*; —maſchine, f. 1) see —funf; 2) *Phys.* (zum Elec-triſtrent) plate-machine; 3) *Stamm-ſing.* disk-engine (Toll.); —mauer, f. *Mm.* lateral wall of the brickwork in a gallery (T. Tach.); —mutterſtein, m. *Swy.* orbicular peſſary; —pulver, n. ſine (glazed) gunpowder; —rad, n. plate-wheel, disk-wheel; —reiſen, n. *Ma-tall.* the (act of) taking off the cakes or copper-plates; —reiſel, m. *Railw.* plate-bar; —reiſt, n. see —büſſe; —reiſt, f. *Stamm-ſing.* rotula-tube (Toll.); —rund, adj. orbicular; —ſchieſen, n. 1) target practice; 2) target-shooting match; —ſchloß, n. *Lock-em.* round lock; —ſchneſe, f. *Conch. planorbis* (Zellerſchneſe); —ſchüß, m. target-shooter; —ſignal, n. *Railw.* disk-signal; —ſtand, m. butt; —ſtärken, n. *Zool.* a genus of infusoria or animalcules (*Cy-clidium Ehrenb.*); —ſtich, m. swivel-table; —wachs, n. cake-wax; —weiſe, adv. in slices; —werfen, n. (act or practice of) throwing with the disk or quoit; playing at quoits; —werf, n. 1) see —funf; 2) T. sheaves and cordage, *Mar.* sheaves, pulleys; —wurf, m. throw with a disk or quoit; —zapfen, m. nut of a potter's wheel; —ziehſtand, f. *Wire-dr.* drum-bench (Reichardt); —zieher, m. grouser of the bars in brass-wire-drawing (*Beil.*); —zug, m. see *Flieſchenzug*. [*ſtrömig*]

Œchelt, *Œcheltig*, adj. see *Œchelten*.
Œchell, see *Œchell*, A. & B.
Œchib, (n.) m. *Œchib*, (n.) f. *Ichth.* sheat (ſhah) (Weil).

Œchib, I. adj. ſeparable, divisible; *Chem.* analyſable; II. *Œch-it*, (n.) f. ſeparableness, &c.
Œchib, (n.) f. 1) a) (*l. u.*) ſeparation (*Œchibung*); b) ſeparating line or border (*Grünz*, cf. *Wetterſchide*, *Wetterſchide* &c.); 3) sheath (also *Nidom*, *Bot.*, &c.); scabbard (of a sword); 4) *Anat. (Lat.)* vagina; 4) see *Œchib*, m.

Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —anſatz, f. *Metall.* parting-work; —ballen, m. see *Wandballen*; —bau, f. *Mm.* bench on which ore is beaten and sorted; —baum, m. bar of ſeparation (*Grünzbaum*); —becher, m. parting cup; —bein, n. *Anat.* vomer; —bild, m. parting look; —boſt, m. T. cucurbit-stand; —brief, m. 1) farewell-letter; 2) bill of divorce; —eſſen, m. *Mm.* tool or hammer for ſeparating the ore; —etz, n. ſeparated ore, pl. leavings; —flüſſel, m. see —eifen; —feuer, n. T. refining furnace; —fiß, m. see *Œchib*; —form, f. *Gramm.* differentiated form; —gaben, m. *Metall.* parting-workshop; —geſäß, n. *Chem.* trikotium; —ge-riß, —geſiß, n. *Phys.* inſulator, inſulating stand; —glas, n. *Chem.* ſeparating- or parting-glass; —gold, n. gold of parting; —gruß, m. laſt farewell, adieu; —hand, n. see —goben; —hänſſen, n. *Anat.* vaginal membrane or tunic, tunicle of the ſcrotum; —junge, m. lad employed to pick ore; —kamm, m. weaver's comb; —keiſen, m. *Chem.* alembic; —kaiſt, f. chemistry; —kaiſt, —kaiſterſch, adj. chemical; —kaiſter, m. chemist; —kaiſt, m. parting-kiss; —leiſt, f. see —funf; —linie, f. line of demarcation (*Grünzlinie*).

Œchib, adj. sheathless.
Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —mauer, f. partition-wall; —mehl, m. dust of picked ore; —meſſer, m. arbitrat-ing inſpector in ſalt-works; —meſſer, n. *Swy.* ſeparatory; —münze, f. ſmall coin, change.
Œchib, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to divide, di-join, ſeparate; to partitioſe off; 2) *Chem.* to analyſe; to decompoſe; to refine; 3) to di-voce (married people); II. refl. to divide, ſe-parate, to branch off: die Wiß ſchidet ſich, the milk turns; III. intr. (aux. ſein) to de-

part, part; and dieſem Leben —, to depart this life; das —, (str.) v. s. departure, &c.; —thut weh, parting is painful.

Œchib, (n.) f. bodkin for the hair.
Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —artig, adj. vaginal, sheathy, reſembling a ſheath; *Bot.* vaginal; —band, n. *Anat.* vaginal ligament; —ſchäde, f. *Anat.* the flat part or ſurface of the vagina; —ſtrig, adj. having the ſhape of a ſheath, vaginal; *Anat.* s. —fortſag, m. vaginal proceſs; —haut, f. vaginal or elyroid tunic; —flappe, f. hymen; —mündung, f. orifice of the vagina; —mündel, f. *Conch.* razor-shell (*Solen vagina* L.); —riß, m. *Med.* rupture of the vagina; —ſchlagader, f. vaginal artery; —ſchleimhaut, m. *Med.* leucorrhoea; —ſchneider, m. *Anat.* conſtrictor of the vagina; —ſtänder, m. *Or-nith.* auk, puffin (*Boopagoides*); —ſtärken, n. *Zool.* a genus of infusoria (*Vaginella* Lam.); —vogel, m. *Ornith.* sheath-bill (*Vaginella* Latr.); —vorſatz, m. *Swy.* vaginal prolapsus.

Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —eſen, m. see —feuer; —pfeil, m. ſeparating poſt; —pfeil, m. pl. lock or paddle-weir; —preſſe, f. T. ſcabbard-press; —punkt, m. 1) point, ſign of ſeparation; *Gramm.* diereſis; 2) line of demarcation, boundary.
Œchib, (str.) v. 1) divider, &c. cf. *Œchiben*; ſeparator; 2) *Metall.* picker and culler (of ore); refiner.

Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —rißter, m. see *Œchib*; —ſchacht, m. parting-shaft; —ſilber, n. ſilver of parting; —ſprach, m. see *Œchib*; —ſtein, m. see *Grünzſtein*; —ſtunde, f. hour of parting; —triſter, m. *Chem.* ſeparatory; —traut, m. parting-cup; —wand, f. 1) *Archit.* partition-wall; 2) *Anat.* a) ſeptum (of the heart, the brain); b) diaphragm; 3) *Ag.* wall of ſeparation, barrier; —waſſer, n. *Chem. (Lat.)* aqua fortis, nitric acid; (Weil-ſchiff) aqua regia, nitro-muriatic acid; —weg, m. 1) road mark-ing a boundary; 2) cross-way; parting-way; am —wege ſtehen, *Ag.* to be undecided; Her-cules am —wege, (*lit.* Hercules at the parting way) the Choice of Hercules; —zeiſen, n. ſign or ſignal of or for parting or to part.

Œchib, n. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —eſen, m. see —feuer; —pfeil, m. ſeparating poſt; —pfeil, m. pl. lock or paddle-weir; —preſſe, f. T. ſcabbard-press; —punkt, m. 1) point, ſign of ſeparation; *Gramm.* diereſis; 2) line of demarcation, boundary.

Œchib, (str.) v. 1) divider, &c. cf. *Œchiben*; ſeparator; 2) *Metall.* picker and culler (of ore); refiner.

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Œchib, m. or *Œchib*... (from *Œchiben*), in comp. —eſen, m. see —feuer; —pfeil, m. ſeparating poſt; —pfeil, m. pl. lock or paddle-weir; —preſſe, f. T. ſcabbard-press; —punkt, m. 1) point, ſign of ſeparation; *Gramm.* diereſis; 2) line of demarcation, boundary.

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-höhe, *f.* *Geom.* vertical plane; —**gerab**, *see* —**reht**; —**haar**, *n.* hair of the crown; —**happe**, *f.* —**happe**, *n.* small cap covering the crown of the head; —**happen**, *m.* *see* —**bein**; —**kreis**, *m.* *Asr.* vertical (circle), azimuth; —**linie**, *f.* vertical line; —**loch**, *n.* *Anal.* hole of the parietal bone. [the top of the head.]

Scheitel, (*n.*) *s. tr.* to part (the hair) on **Scheitel**..., *in comp.* —**hauch**, *m.* *Math.* vertex; *Asr.* zenith; —**reht**, *adj.* vertical; —**winkel**, *m.* vertical angle; *Asr.* azimuth.

Scheitel, (*n.*) *s. tr.* to cleave, cut into logs. [stake.]

Scheitelfestsetzen, (*str.*) *m.* (funeral) pile; **Scheitern**, (*n.*) *v. intr.* (fauz. *sein*) 1) to wreck, to be wrecked, to founder, to go to pieces (an *with* *Dat.*); on, ein *er* *Schiffe* —, to run against or to split on a rock; 2) *sg.* to be thwarted, frustrated, to miscarry, fail; *gefehlterte* *Rebung*, stranded cargo; *gefehlterte* *Unternehmung*, abortive enterprise.

Scheit..., *in comp.* —**hauch**, *m.* wood-clawer; —**holz**, *n.* log-wood, billet-wood; —**maß**, *n.* logwood-measure; —**reht**, *adj.* *Corp.* *Ac.* straight.

Schell, *adj.*, *see* **Schell** *sc.*

Schelle, (*n.*) *f.* *provinc.* heifer (Salbe).

Schelde, (*str.*) *m.* 1) barge, lighter; 2) *Zool.* elk, moose-deer (Elmuthier).

Schelle (*provinc.*: **Schelle**), (*n.*) *f.*, **Schelle** (**Schelle**), (*n.*) *v. provinc.* *see* **Schelle**, **Schelle**.

Schellad, *see* **Schellad**.

Schell..., *in comp.* —**obler**, *m.* *see* **Entenobler**; —**berre**, *f.* *Bot.* cloud-berry (*Rubus chamaemorus* L.); —**scutten**, *m.* *Cook.* outlets; —**stie**, *f.* —**stie**, *n.* *see* **Schellstie**.

Schelle, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *coll.* (Hessische) box on the ear; 2) hand-bell, (little) bell; 3) machine, hand-fetter, hand-cuff; 4) *Zool.* testicle (of a stallion); 5) *pl.* *Gam.* diamonds (in the German cards); 6) *provinc.* (Schelle) scale.

Schellfelle, (*str.*) *n.* T. iron-driver.

Schellen, (*n.*) *s. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to ring (the bell); 2) to chime, tingle.

Schellen..., *in comp.* —**arbeit**, *f.* work performed by prisoners in fetters; —**arbeiter**, *m.* prisoner in irons; —**baum**, *m.* 1) *Bot.* bell-tree; 2) *Min.* *see* **Goldbaum**; —**blume**, *f.* *Bot.* globe-flower (*Trochilium*); —**bube**, *m.* *Gam.* knave of diamonds; —**feder**, *f.* bell-spring; —**geist**, *n.* 1) tinkling of bells; 2) bell-harmonies; —**happe**, *f.* cap and bells, fool's bawble; —**hang**, *m.* 1) sound of bells; 2) *sg.* trifling discourse; —**hug**, *m.* king of diamonds; —**netz**, *n.* fool with his cap and bells; —**netz**, *n.* pocket (of a billiard-table) with a bell; —**netz**, *n.* horse decked with bells; —**pfanne**, *f.* *Bot.* melana (*Solima* L.); —**schell**, *m.* *see* **Schellfelle**; —**schlange**, *f.* *see* **Schlange**; —**schlitten**, *m.* sledge drawn by horses with bell-harmonies.

Schellcut, (*n.*) *f.* golden-eyes, morillon (*Fulgica elegans* L.).

Schellen..., *in comp.* —**trommel**, *f.* timbal; —**netz**, *n.*, *see* **arbeit** *sc.*; —**zeug**, *m.* bell-harmonies; —**zug**, *m.* bell-pull, bell-wire.

Schellfelle, (*str.*) *m.* 1) bell-ringer; 2) *see* **Schellfelle**; 3) *provinc.* bellman, town-crier.

Schell..., *in comp.* —**schell**, *m.* *schell* hadcock (*Gadus aeglefinus* L.); —**hammer**, *m.* *Mar.* large hammer; —**haar**, *n.* marbled rosin, (*Tob.*) white resin; —**hengst**, *m.* stallion; —**holz**, *n.* *see* **Schellholz**; —**lad**, *m.* *Comm.* lac in tables, shell-lac; —**traut**, *n.*, —**traut**, *f.* *Bot.* celandine (*Sedum*); —**stie**, *n.* slab (of timber), outside board.

Schell..., *s. l.* (*str.* & *n.*) *m.* rogue, knave, scoundrel; *sein* *Vater* *ist* *ganz* — *an* *mit* *geborn* (*Behler*, Wall. III, 18), thy father has knavishly betrayed me (*cf.* *Berrüth* *an* *mit* *Dat.*), *Color.* thy father is become a

villain to me); *coll.* *s.* *ein* *armet* —, a poor fellow; *den* — *hinter* *den* *Ochren*, *im* *Rocken* *haben*, to be a rogue in disguise; *ein* —, *der* *es* *höf* *meint*, evil be to him that evil thinks; *II.* *or* *Schell* ..., *in comp.* —**auge**, *n.* roguish eye; —**geist**, *n.* roguish face; —**geist**, *n.* rascality, infamous rabble; —**grad**, *n.* *Bot.* acute carex; —**(en)stie**, *n.* frivolous song; —**(y)rade**, *f.* thieves' slang, gibberish; —**stie**, *m.*, —**stie**, *n.* roguish or knavish trick, piece of roguery. [ning; prank, trick.]

Schellmeret, (*n.*) *f.* knavery, villany; *coll.* **Schellmisch**, *adj.* 1) roguish, knavish; 2) *loc. sly*, roguish.

Schelle, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Ger.* *Archaeol.* ignominious denomination; 2) *coll.* reprimand, scolding.

Schell..., (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to scold (an *with* *Acc.*), at, chide, abuse, rebuke, reproach, revile; 2) to blame, reprehend, rebuke; 3) *coll.* to call, nickname; 4) *Law* (*ob-* *solvent*) to object to (ein *Urtheil*, a sentence) as unjust, to challenge.

Schellbrief, (*str.*) *m.* letter containing reprimands, reproaches, or insults.

Schelltrübsinnig, *adj.* blamable, reproach-

Schell..., (*str.*) *m.* scolder, *see* [table.]

Schell..., *in comp.* —**name**, *m.*, —**wort**, *n.* reproachful name or term, injurious appellation, invective, nickname.

Schemma, (*str.*, *pl.* **Sch-s**, or [*Lat.-Gr.*] **Schemata**) *n.* 1) scheme, project; 2) *a*) model, pattern, design; *b*) (set) form, blank, (printed) form (of an official document, &c.).

Schemel (**Schemel**), (*str.*) *m.* 1) foot-stool, bench; 2) *T-s.* *a*) *Wass.* treadle; *b*) *Gunn.* bed (of a mortar); *c*) *Fort.* foot-bank, foot-stop, (*Fr.*) *banquette*; *d*) *see* **Schemel**; —**bohrer**, *m.* T. centre-bit; —**bolzen**, *m.* bolt-arter-bolt (of a carriage), axle-tree-bolt; —**eisen**, *n.* bolt of a weaver's treadle; —**happe**, *f.* (eines *Reiters*) (eines) (fore-)bolster plate; —**lade**, *f.* *Wass.* treadle-board (Trittlade); —**mürter**, *m.* mortar with a foot or stand.

Schermen (*or* [*sch*men]), (*str.*) *m.* (*Hebr.*) shadow, phantom; —**haft**, *adj.* shadowy, phantomatic.

Schell, (*n.*) *m.* 1) cup-bearer; 2) retailer of wines, spirits, &c., *see* —**wirth**.

Schellbier, *adj.* 1) that may be sold by retail; 2) that may be given away.

Schellbier, (*str.*) *n.* draught beer.

Schell..., (*n.*) *m.* *see* **Schell**; *II.* *f.* ale-house, beer-house, inn, tavern.

Schell..., (*str.*) *m.* 1) thigh, shank, leg, femur; 2) T. side, side-piece; 3) *Geom.* side, leg (of an angle); 4) *Mar.* pendent; 5) *T-s.* *a*) *Coll.* shank (of a knife, &c.); *b*) (eines *Girfels*) leg (of a pair of compasses); *c*) *Archit.* *aa*) haunch, haund (eines *Bogens*, of an arch); *bb*) leg (of the triglyph); *d*) (eines *Thür-* or *Thürstümpf*) stillo, jamb; *e*) (eines *Hebezeugs*) pry-pole; *f*) (am *Stapel*) *Min.* seat (of the driver) on the gin; *g*) *Smith.* branch, quarter side (of a horse-shoe); *h*) leg (of a siphon-pipe, &c.).

Schell..., *in comp.* —**aber**, *f.* femoral vein; —**anhang**, *m.* *Anal.* trochanter; —**bein**, *n.* thigh-bone; —**bein**, *f.* *Var.* spavin; —**binde**, *f.* *Surg.* crural ligament; —**blutader**, *f.* *Anal.* crural vein; —**bruch**, *m.* *Surg.* crural rupture or hernia; —**tritel**, *m.* a pair of compasses; —**bein**, *m.* angle-dike; *Anal-s.* —**brecher**, *m.* trochanter; —**gefeul**, *n.* hip-joint; —**haken**, *m.* T. can-hook.

Schell..., *adj.* having thighs, sides, &c.

Schell..., *in comp.* —**fäster**, *m.* *Entom.* *sagra* (*Sagra* L.); —**hachen**, *m.* *see* —**bein**; —**lade**, *f.* T. knee-board; —**muskel**, *m.* crural muscle; —**pfeder**, *f.* *disgaber*, *f.* crural artery; —**schene**, *f.* armour for the thighs, cuish; —**schmer**, *m.* *Med.* pain in the thigh,

scotalgia; —**welle**, *f.* broochings; —**wurm**, *m.* *Zool.* Guinea-worm (*Worm*); —**zirkel**, *see* —**zirkel**.

Schenken, (*n.*) *s. tr.* 1) *a*) to pour, fill; *b*) (Einem) to give (one) to drink; 2) to retail (wine or liquor); *Bier* —, to keep an ale-house; 3) to give, present, make a present of; to grant; *Einem* *etwas* —, to bestow something upon one, to present one with ...; *ge-* *schent* *bestimmen*, to be presented with ...; *ich* *möchte* *es* *nicht* *geschent* *haben*, I would not have it at a gift; *Einem* *die* *Freiheit* —, to set one free; *Einem* *das* *Leben* —, to pardon one his life; *Min.* to give quarters; *Einem* *Glauben* —, to put faith or confidence in ...; to trust; to credit, believe; *seinen* *Glauben* —, to discredit; *können* *Sie* *mir* *einige* *Augen-* *blicke* —? can you give or spare me some moments? *für* *diesen* *Preis* *ist* *es* *heiß* *geschent*, it is almost flung away at this price; *ich* *ver-* *lange* *nichts* *geschent*, I only want my money's worth; *wenn* *mir* *Gott* *das* *Leben* *geschent*, if I am spared; *Radstift* —, to show indulgence; 4) to remit (a debt or punishment), to acquit (one of a debt, &c.); *es* *ist* *bill* *geschent* *sein*, you shall get off (without being punished); 5) *Gam.* *den* *Ball* —, to throw (up) the ball for the player to strike; *geschent*, *p.* a given; gift; *ein* *g-es* *Stück* *sc.*, gift-horse, &c.

Schenkenant, (*str.*, *pl.* **Sch-s**) *n.* office of the cup-bearer.

Schenker, (*str.*) *m.* donor, presenter.

Schenker..., *in comp.* —**stie**, *n.* *clatera* (for a dining-room); —**geber**, *m.* *Law.* for **Schenker**; —**gerechtigkeit**, *f.* license for selling wine, spirits, beer, &c.; —**haus**, *n.* pot-house, ale-house, wine-shop, liquor-shop, gin-shop, tavern; —**kanne**, *f.* ewer, flagon; —**krüger**, *m.* vaula where wine or beer is sold.

Schenke, *see* **Schentele**.

Schen..., *in comp.* —**mädchen**, *n.* bar-maid; —**maß**, *n.* retailing measure; —**sch- *mer*, *m.* *Law.* donee, legatee; —**stie**, *f.* coffee-room, bar-room, tap-room; —**stie**, *m.* sal-ver, waiter; —**stie**, *m.* bar, sideboard.**

Schenkung, (*n.*) *f.* donation, donative; **Sch-s**, *m.*, **Sch-s**, *f.* deed of gift or donation.

Schen..., *in comp.* —**wirth**, *m.* tavern-keeper, ale-house keeper; —**wirthschaft**, *f.* trade or house of a tavern-keeper; —**zimmer**, *n.* *see* —**stie**.

Schep, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Schep**.

Sche..., (*from* **Scherrn**), *in comp.* —**bank**, *f.* 1) *Wass.* bank; 2) *Arch.* foot-stool of the shearing-table; —**baum**, *m.* *Wass.* hind-beam. **Scherbe**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.* scarp; 2) *sherd*, shard; *Topf-*, pot-sherd; *Glas-scherbe*, *n.* bottle-lamp; *n.* broken glass, porcelain.

Scherbstein, (*str.*) *n.* shaving-basin.

Scherbel, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* *see* **Scherbe**; —**hagen**, *m.* pot-cake (*Wischchen*); —**stein**, *m.* *Min.* pot-stone.

Scherben, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Scherbe**; 2) *Bot.* *a*) bird-cherry (*Strauchschirbe*); *b*) guelder-rose (*Scherballenbaum*).

Scherben, *in comp.* —**arsenit**, *m.* *see* —**stie**; —**baum**, *f.* —**gewächs**, *n.* flower or plant reared in a pot; —**stie**, *adj.* lean as a lath; —**stie**, *n.* mould for tarts; —**stie**, *adj.* *Bot.* of a light brownish-yellow colour; —**stie**, *adj.* —**stie**, *n.* *Gr.* *Archaeol.* ostracism; —**stie**, *m.* *Min.* native arsenic; —**stie**, *n.* *Bot.* common sawwort (*Schirbe*); —**stie**, *m.* 1) pot-cake (*Wischchen*); 2) sponge-cake; —**stie**, *f.* rough music, *see* **Scherbenstie**. **Scher...**, (*from* **Scherrn**), *in comp.* —**stie**, *m.* razor-pouch; —**stie**, *m.* *Mar.* warping-block.

Schere, (*n.*) *f.* 1) (a pair of) scissors; (*große* —) shears; *Min.* clippers; *Arch.* twit-chers, clothier's shears; 2) *Fort.* tenail; 3)

Nat. claw (of lobsters, &c.); 4) T-s. various implements resembling a pair of open scissors; shafts (of a cabriolet, &c.); fork (of a wagon); handle (of a balance); — *eines Dedts*, *Nat.* top of the shears; 5) *see* *Ritterstempel*; 6) *provinc.* rock, cliff; ridge.

Schärfeisen, (*str.*) n. 1) horse-shoe consisting of two movable pieces; 2) *Ship-b.* caulking-iron.

Schärfen, I. (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to shave; 2) to shear, clip, to fleece; *Cloth.* to shear; 3) to poll, lop (trees, &c.), to shear (hedges); *Ag.* a) 4) to cheat, fleece; b) to plague, tease, vex; 5) *coll. a)* *see* *Kugeln*, 3, a; b) *refl.* *see* *die Bekümmern*, 2; II. (*n.*, sometimes *str.*) v. tr. 1) *ein Schiff* —, to erect the frames and shear the ribbands; *ein Bau flar* —, to underran a tackle; *die Planken* —, to set up the planks; 2) *Wass.* to warp; *Rope-m.* to extend, warp; III. (*intr.*) 1) to make circles (in skating); 2) to fly slowly here and there (of storks); 3) to champ (of horses); IV. *refl.* *see* *Baden*, *refl.*

Schärren... in comp. —best, —schiff, n. small ship on the Swedish coast; —flotte, f. fleet composed of small vessels; —flöte, *adj.* having the shape of scissors or claws; —fütteral, n. scissor-sheath; —güter, m. *Ornith.* kite, glede (Gabelweiche); —schleifer, m. knife-grinder; —schmitt, m. cutter (principally making scissors); —schnebel, m. *Ornith.* scissor-bill, shear-bill, black-skimmer, cut-water, shear-water (*Rhyncops nigra* L.); —schwanz, m. *Entom.* scorpion-fly (Scorpionfliege); —schäp, m. shear steel; —wert, m. *see* *Schert*, 2; —zwinge, f. *Cutl.* scissor-holder.

Schärer, (*str.*) m. shearer; shaver, barber. *Schärerri*, (*w.*) f. *coll.* plague; trouble; vexation, annoyance.

Scherf, (*str.*) m. mite.

Scherfeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* *see* *Schlarfen*. *Scherfisch*, (*str.*) m. *Ichth.* trampet-fish (*Merichthys*).

Scherflein, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Scherf*) *Scherfaden*, (*w.*) f. pl. *see* *Scherwolle*. *Scherf...* (*from* *Scheren*, II, 2), in comp. —gabel, f. warping-prong; —garn, n. 1) yarn or thread for the warp; 2) tin-wire; —gatter, n. *Wass.* heck.

Scherge, (*w.*) m. 1) beadle, myrmidon, sergeant, catch-pole; 2) hangman. *Schergeant*, n. office of a beadle. *Schergehaft*, *adj.* hangman-like; barbarous.

Schergehoff, n. crowd or troop of myrmidons. *Scherge*, (*w.*) m. *Min.* agate-of-eight hook; —haare, n. pl. *see* —wolle; —haken, m. 1) *Cloth.* hook; 2) *Nat.* shear-hook; —hals, n. 1) T. wood-mallet; 2) *Nat.* vane-stock; —haken, m. *Wear.* oblong frame.

Scherle, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* (L. G.) a kind of mow.

Scher...... in comp. —flud, n. journeyman cloth-shearer; —flappe, f. *Lock-sm.* hinge-stock; —frant, n. dandelion (*Römerjahn*); —franz, n. *Min.* veins crossing each-other at acute angles; —latte, f. *Wass.* bank; —leine, f. *Nat.* 1) *see* *Schmigtleine*; 2) *crow-foot* line.

[*Schirm*, which *see*. *Schirm*, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* & *Min.* for *Scher...*... in comp. —maßschin, f. 1) *Cloth.* shearing machine or frame; 2) *Wass.* warping-machine; —maus, f. *Zool.* 1) a species of camp-mouse (*Hypodaus terrestris* L.); 2) (*Switz.*) the common mole (*Talp. europ.*); —messer, n. razor; —messerflisch, m. *Ichth.* razor-fish (*Coryphæna hipporhina* L.); —messerflüßler, m. *Ornith.* razor-bill (*Alca torda* L.); —mühle, f. 1) warping-mill; 2) *see* —maschine; —rauhem, m. great warp-reef; —sack, m. *see* —beutel; —schwanz, —schwanzel, m. *Ornith.* kite, glede (Gabelweiche); —stade,

m. *Nat.* binding strakes; (des Dedts) earlines; (des Finken) coamings (of the hatchway); —stake, f. barber's shop; —tan, n. guide-rope.

Scherle, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* water-hemlock. *Scherlisch*, (*str.*) m. shearing- or clipping-table.

Scherwengel n., *see* *Scherwengel* n. *Scher...*... in comp. —wert, m. *see* *Schert*, 2; —welle, f. shearing-rod.

Scherz, (*str.*) m. jest, joke, sport, rail-lery, pleasantry; im —, tum —, in jest or joke, for fun; *einem* —machen, to break a jest; *mit einem* —treiben, to make sport with (or off) one, to put or pass a joke upon one; —bei *Seite*, joking apart.

Scher...... in comp. —gäßen, m. *Carp.*, &c. tongue; —jett, f. shearing-time.

Scherzen, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to jest (liter (with *acc./at*), joke, sport, play; *er läßt nicht mit sich* —, he is not to be fooled. [*consp.*

Scherzgang, (*str.*) m. barber's implements. *Scherz...*... in comp. —gebläst, n. comic, burlesque poem; —gott, m. Jocus.

Scherzhast, I. *adj.* facetious, jocular, jocular, sportive, droll, funny; burlesque; II. *Sch-lächel*, (*w.*) f. facetiousness, jocoseness, jocularly, pleasantry.

Scherz...... in comp. —lauge, f. humour; —lauge, *adj.* humorous; —leben, p. a. jovial; —lied, n. comic song; —meister, n. tricker, m. humorist, droll; —name, m. trick-name; —rede, f. 1) comic poem or composition; 2) jocular language; —weise, *adv.* by way of jest, jestingly, in sport, for fun; —wert, n. jesting, comic, or ridiculous word. *Scherter*, (*str.*) m. *Comm.* backram.

Schertern, *see* *Schittern*. *Scheren*, I. *adj.* shy, skittish; bashful, coy, reserved; fearful, timorous, afraid, faint-hearted; —werden, to take fright; II. (*w.*) *Scheren*, f. 1) shyness; timidity, reserve; 2) respect, awe; —vor *etw.* haben or empfinden, to stand in awe of one; —tragen, *see* *die Scheren*; eine heilige —, a solemn dread; eine heilige — vor *etw.*, iron. a holy horror of innovations.

Scherche, (*w.*) f. 1) scarecrow; sowel, fright; 2) *see* *Popanz*.

Scherchen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to scare, fright, frighten; 2) *Ag.* to drive away.

Scheren, (*w.*) v. I. tr. & *intr.* 1) to shun, avoid; 2) to fear; *keine Brücke* —, to spare no exertion, trouble, or pains; *die Rosten* —, to grudge (*coll.* to fight shy of) the expenses; ohne die Rosten zu —, regardless of expenses; II. *refl.* & *intr.* 1) to scare or startle, to take fright, to start, shy (as a horse); *vor (with *Dat.*), at*); 2) to be shy (at); to be timid, to be afraid (of), to be shy (of doing something, &c.), to shrink (from), to hesitate; *sich nicht* —, not to disdain, to make bold; *sich vor nicht* —, to stick at nothing.

Scherer, (*w.*) f. barn, corn-house, shed (*Schune*); *Rott* in die — bringen, to house corn.

Scherern, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to scour, to wash; to rub; 2) to gall, chafe; II. *refl.* to rub (on (with *Dat.*), against); to gall, to chafe.

Scherer...... (*from* *Scheren*), in comp. —bürste, f. scrubbing-brush; —faß, n. scouring-tub, scouring-barrel; —faß, n. scouring-day, sweeping-day, (spring-)cleaning (of counting-houses, &c.); —franz, f. charwoman; —hals, n. *Wass.* sloeking tool; —hammer, f. scullery; —franz, m. *Bot.* shave-grass, Dutch rush, scouring-rush (*Sparganium* L.); —lappen, m. scouring-clout; mop, rubber; —leiste, f. *Archit.* washboard, skirting-board (*Ban-leiste*); —magd, f. scullery maid; charwoman; —mühle, f. T. needle-scouring machine; —papier, n. scouring paper; —stoff, m. scouring or cleansing stuff; —tonne, f. *see* —faß; —wisch, m. *see* —lappen.

Scher...... in comp. —flappe, f. winker; —leber, n. eye-lap, winker, pl. blinkers, winker-pieces, blinds.

Scherst, s. I. or *Scherer*, *Scherst*, (*w.*) f. barn; shed; II. (*n.* comp. *Sch-mach*, n. barn-roof; *Sch-macht*, n. man who has the care of the barn, foreman of the threshers; *Sch-stanz*, f. barn-floor. [fright. *Scherst* (II), (*str.*) n. object of horror, monster. *Scherstlich*, I. *adj.* abominable; horrid, horrible, hideous, ghastly; revolting; II. *Sch-läst*, (*w.*) f. abominableness, &c.; horrible act, atrocity, &c.

Schicht, I. (*w.*) f. 1) layer, bed, stratum, row, tier; 2) T. copper-plate for flattening the tin; *Min-s.* 2) a task, stint, shift, (miner's) day's-work; 3) pause, rest; 4) relay, company (of working miners, &c.); gang (*Schicht*); 5) *Metall.* batch of ore melted at once; 6) a) division of an inheritance; b) share of an inheritance; c) share, portion; section; —machen, *Ag.* to cease working; II. *adj.* *Min.* *coll.* unable, disabled.

Schicht...... in comp. —arbeiter, f. (*particul.* *Min.*) day-work; —arbeiter, m. day-worker; T-s. —bent, f. flattening-bench; —boden, m. ore-house.

Schicht, (*w.*) f. *see* *Schicht*, I. *Schichtel*, (*w.*) f. *Min.* gusset, pl. forkets.

Schichten, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to distribute, divide; 2) to put or dispose into rows, strata, or layers; to pile up, stack (up), stow; *Schichten* —, to lay herrings in beds; II. *intr.* to lose the milk-teeth (of children); *gechichtet*, p. a. *see* *Schichtwerk*.

Schicht...... in comp. —gruppe, f. geological formation, system of beds (T. *Thuch.*); —höhe, f. *see* *Blätterhöhe*; —weise, *see* *Schichtweise*.

Schicht...... in comp. —fuge, f. cleaving-grain; —gefäße, pl. *Geol.* stratified rocks; —holz, n. wood in rows or piles.

Schichtig, *adj.* stratified (*Schichtweise*). *Schichtling*, (*str.*) m. m. share of a mine.

Schichtling, (*str.*) m. *Minor.* argillaceous veined agate, agate-jasper.

Schicht...... in comp. —lohn, m. wages for a certain portion of work; —meister, m. inspector (overseer) of the workmen (especially in mines); *Reich.* ganger, foreman (of the navvies); —meister, f. employment and office of an inspector in mines; —rührer, m. quarry-man; —schreiber, m. clerk that registers the several tasks performed by the miners; —semmel, f. batch of rolls; —schilling, f. *see* *Erbschilling*; —trog, m. *Metall.* wooden bowl.

Schichtung, (*w.*) f. 1) division; 2) the (act of) disposing into rows, &c.; stratification.

Schicht...... in comp. —weise, *adv.* & *adj.* 1) in layers, strata, or rows, shaly, stratified; 2) in relays; —wollen, f. pl. fall-clouds, stratus; (*febrile*) cirrostratus, wave-clouds.

Schilt, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* 1) due order; 2) tact, skill; 3) favourable opportunity for purchase or sale; 4) good bargain.

Schilt...... (*w.*) v. I. tr. & *intr.* 1) to send (nach, for), dispatch, transmit, forward, address; 2) *fig.* to dispose; in den April —, to make an April fool of...; II. *refl.* 1) to come to pass, *see* *die Schilt*, II, 2; 2) to be fit (as, for), to become, suit, to be fit, suitable, reasonable; c) *Besten* I, 3; 3) to accommodate one's self (in (with *acc./to*), to reconcile one's self (to), to comply (with); *er wußte sich zu* —, he is of an accommodating disposition; 4) to set about, to prepare, make ready (as, for).

Schiltlich, I. *adj.* becoming, proper, appropriate, fit, convenient, suitable; II. *Sch-läst*, (*w.*) f. becomingness, fitness, &c., propriety, decency, decorum; *ich bin die — hätte gehört, daß*..., common propriety demanded that...

Судьба *f*āi, (*str.*) *n.* 1) fate, destiny; lot, fortune, doom; 2) event; **Судь-т**, *pl.* adventures; **себя** — *ganz in Jemand's Hände legen*, to throw one's self upon one.

Schicksal [sîs ...], in comp. — *drama, n. Germ.*
Lit. the drama founded on the idea of fate: —
 —*gang, m.* march of destiny, career of fate; —
 —*göttinnen, f.* [göwstern, *f. pl.* the Destinies,
 Fates, the fatal or weird sisters; — *macht, f.*
 power of fate; — *(schlag, m.* fatal blow; — *tag, m.*
 day on which the fate is decided; — *synnd, m.*
 — *wort, n.* word or decree of fate, oracle

Edictum, (*ed.*) *f.* (*lat.* sending, i. e. God's sending) (divine) ordinance, will, or decree; bitter —, sore infliction. [*lat.*]

Espies' blinde, (w.) *f. Mar.* sprit-sail, top-
Espies' eyen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) cluster-flowered
elder (*Tranbenholunder*); 2) *Ornith.* chuck,
reed-bunting (*Rohrammer*).

Schiebe, (*v.*) *f.* 1) slide; 2) see *Schiebeisen*.
Schiebe... (*v.*) from *Schieben*, *q.* *Schieben*...),
in comp. —**Stift**, *f.* T. bunch of wire-rod-
—**stange**, *f.* *Rail*, sliding-barrier; —**stiel**,
n. T. sliding over-door; —**stiftstift**, *m.* slid-
ing pencil; —**bad**, *m. coll.* (*for* *Schiebstarre*)
wheel-barrow; —**stet**, *m.* slip-board, slide
(—*cover*), shutter; —**brücke**, *f.* rolling-bridge;
—**stube**, *f.* sliding-platform, travelling-plat-
form, traverser; —**deckel**, *m.* sliding-lid; —**fen-**
ster, *n.* sash, sliding window; slide, shutter.
Schiebschiff (*sch.*) *n.* barge, scow.

Schiebe *schieb*, (*sch.*) *n.* shovel, spud.
Schiebe *be* ... (*from* *Schieben*, *cf.* *Schieß* ...),
in comp. — *farrer*, *f.* *see* *Schieblarren*; — *lassen*,
m. — *lade*, *f.* 1) (chest of) drawers; 2) drawer;
— *ficl*, *m.* *Mar.* false keel; — *flaben*, *m.* *T.*
pinacra, *nippers*; — *fager* (des *Parallelogramms*
einer *Sechsaufpunktlinie*), *shifting*-*pedestal*;
— *lineal*, *m.* — *maßstab*, *m.* *siding*-*rule*.

Seigeben, (*str.*) v. I. & *intr.* 1) to shove, push, slide; to slip; but *erst* in *den Ofen* —, to put bread into the oven; to draw the bread: *erst* —, to play at ninepins, to bowl; *er hat den ersten geigeben*, he has carried three pins; 2) *fig. times auf* (with *Acc.*) —, to impose, to put, throw (a fault, the blame, &c.) upon, to shift, impute (something) to ..., to charge (one) with ..., *g. Aufheben*, 2; *auf die Seite* —, to turn, put, or set aside; *auf die lange Bank* —, to put off, to procrastinate to an indefinite period; *coll.* to put on the shelf; *Einem times ins Gewissen* —, to leave a thing to one's conscience; *II. intr.* 1) to shoot, sprout (of plants); to cast or shed the milk-teeth (of foals); *III. refl.* to move out of its place, to shift.

Shibibetsu, (str.) n. small fishing-net.

Čepičer, (*adv.*) *see* 1) pusher, shover;
2) *Wire-draw ripper*; 3) *Bak oven-peel*; shovel;
4) *slider, slide, shutter, bar*; cover, lid;
5) *slide-valve*; 6) *slider, runner* (of an umbrella); 7) *screw* (of a letter-sealing press);
8) *fastener* (of a table); 9) (*am* *Kauchfang*)
dumper; 10) *see* *Käufzruehl*; 11) *T. gold-*
drawer.
[*scr-wheel, ratchet-wheel*.]

Slide-valve, (*str.*, pl. *Schieber*) — *n.* 1.
Slide-valve ..., in comp. — *f.* Steam-
eng. valve-face; — *gebläse*, *m.* blowing-engine
with slide-valves; — *hub*, *m.* travel or stroke
of the (slide-)valve, stroke of the slide; —
kasten, *m.* valve-chest, slide-box, steam-box.

distributing-box, valve-casing (*T. Tasch.*); —lineal, *n.* see *Эквиелинеал*; —nut, *f.* *Joim.* —sash-groove; —sashmen, *m.* *Locom.* valve-backs, bridle of the slide; —(s)pruſtein, *m.* telescope-funnel (on steam-vessels); —flange, *f.* valve-rod, slide-rod; excentric shaft; —ventil, see *Эквиевентил*; —ver(s)ling, *m.* sliding stem-valve.

Schiebe... (from *Schieben*, cf. *Schieb*...),
in comp. -[*Schieb*], n. spring- or snap-lock;
-*Stange*, f. 1) see-saw, rod of the cog-wheel
in a saw-mill; 2) stop (in an organ); -*Riff*,

m. sliding pencil; —tür, *f.* sliding door; —ventil, *n.* Mech. sliding valve, slide-valve: —ventilgehäuse, *n.* slide-box; —wand, *f.* Theat. movable wall, scene; —zahl, *m.* see Ziffernzahl.

Schieb'... (*cf.* Schiebe...), *in comp.* —**flügel**, *m.* sliding-sash (of a window); —**glas**, *n.* (on der Laterna magica) slide.

Bole'big, adj. *Geol.* consisting of boulders.

Schieß'... (cf. Schiebe...), in comp. — flane, *f.* paul of ratchet, catch; — laden[schieß], *n.* till-lock; — lehre, *f.* slide-gauge.

Schick'ling, m. aus Schülbling.

Schieb'... (cf. **Schiebe**...), *in comp.* —**rad**, see **Schieberad**; —**rahmen**, *m.* sash-frame; —**riegel**, *m.* see **Schubriegel**; —**riemen**, *m.*

barrow-strap; —ring, m. 1) sliding ring, slider; 2) Bot. water-parsnep (*Sium latifolium* L.); —schleife, f. sliding-loop; —flange,

f. (in Sägemühlen) *see-saw*; crank of the saw-frame; — *Thor*, *n.* (einer Schlinge) sliding valve, shuttle, sash-gate; — *Wägelchen*, *n.* roll-chair; — *Wagen*, *n.* wheel-barrow; — *zange*, *f.* 1) sliding-tongs; pin-tongs; 2) *pl. Nar.* braided rope-bands; — *zeug*, *n.* *see* Sperradrichtung. *Escher'sches*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Esch-bücher*) *n. Min.* book of mines.

Schiede ..., in comp. —freund, *m. acc*
—mann; gericht, *m.* court (tribunal) of awards,
of arbitration or equity, arbitral tribunal;
—mann, *m.* arbitrator, umpire, arbitrator; awardee;
referre; zum —mann aufrufen, to appoint as
arbitrator; einen —mann urtheilen lassen, to refer
a matter to an arbitrator; jeder Theil ernannt
einen —mann und diese beiden einen dritten
(Schlichter), each party do name a referee, and
these two an umpire; —probe, *f.* *Prov.* de-
cisive assay; —probenglas, *m.* stained glass
for the assays; —richter, *m.* see —mann;
—richterin, *f.* arbitress; —richtigkeit, *adj.*
adv. by umpire, arbitrating; —richtigkeit, *f.* Re-
scheidung, settlement by arbitration; —richtig-
keit, *f.* Entscheidung, decision of an umpire, ar-
bitration; award; —spruch, *m.* —urtheil, *m.*
Law. arbiter's sentence; arbitrement, arbitra-
tion, umpirage, award; einen —spruch thun,
to arbitrate; —urkunde, *f.* document of arbi-
tration.

Schief, *1. adj.* 1) oblique, sloping, slanting, shelving; crooked; across; away; wry; distorted; 2) *fig.* warped; wrong; der *schiefen* Thurm *u.* d. *Burg*, the leaning tower at Pisa; die *schiefen* Ebenen, *Math.* inclined plane; gradient; *Mar.-s.* ein *schiefes* Wind, sharp wind, tackwind; *schief* Schot, traverse-sailing; der *schiefe* Blick, squint; *schief* *u.* *Gewöhnlich*, wry faces; ein *schiefes* Raub, *only*, a wry mouth; *schief* *u.* *Unrecht*, wrong, distorted, lop-sided view; *II. adv.* obliquely, &c. awry; askance; — *beigeknickt*, unevenly cut; — *schreiben*, to write crooked; — *stehen*, to be out of the perpendicular; to slant; — *segeln*, *Mar.* to tack; to (sail on the) career; — *gehen*, *v. i.* to go wrong, to turn out badly; *v. tr.* to tread down on heels (boots); — *sehen*, to squint; — *ansprechen*, to begin at the wrong end; — *urtheilen*, to judge ill.

Schief ..., in comp. —beinig, *adj.* crook-kneed, bandy-legged; —blatt, *n. Bot.* begonia (*Begonia* R. Br.).

Schief, (*n.*) *f.* 1) obliqueness, obliquity; crookedness, *cf.* **Schief**; 2) *fig.* obliquity, warpedness (of judgment), perversity.

Schiefer, (*str.*) m. 1) *Minor*. slate, schist; 2) a) splinter; b) *Ag. coll.* rankling sore, ill-humour, &c.; *enen* — auf *Enen* haben, to bear one a grudge; *enen* — im *Enen* haben, to pine (away); 3) *Vol.* *see* überbein; 4) scale on the head; 5) *see* Schiebeger.

Éclat /er..., in comp. *Minor*-s. —**alumn**, m. alum-slate; —**amiant**, m. fossil cork; —**artig**, adj. schistous; —**ban**, f. bed, strata.

tam, layer of slate or schist; —*Stett*, *n.* lamin, lamina or lamel of slate; —*Stig*, *adj.* d. slate-blue; —*Stöben*, *n.* schistous soil; —*Stricker*, *m.* workman in a slate-quarry; —*Brett*, *n.* see *Eschaltret*; —*Bruch*, *m.* slate-pit, slate-quarry; —*Bach*, *n.* slated roof; —*Beder*, *m.* slater; —*Bederhammer*, *see* —hammer; —*Farbe*, *f.* slate colour; —*Farben*, *-farbig*, *adj.* slate-coloured; —*Gebirge*, *n.* slate mountains; —*Geſchwärze*, *m.* sworn inspector of the slate-quarries; —*Geſchwärzt*, *f.* proprietors of a slate-quarry; —*Glyß*, *m.* *Minor.* foliated gypsum; —*Glimmer*, *m.* *Minor.* mica; —*Griffel*, *m.* *see* —*ſtift*; —*grün*, *l. adj.* darkgreen; II. *s.* borax; —*Hande*, *f.* slate-axe; —*Hammer*, *m.* slater's hammer; —*Heuer*, *m.* slate-cutter.

Scale'ris, I. or Scale'risht, adj. slate-like; slaty, schistose, schistous; scaly; II. **Scale'rit, (w.) f.** slatiness, &c.; scaliness, leprosy (of metals, &c.).

Stål 'fer ..., in comp. — **støsten**, *m.* T. horse (of slaters); — **støfte**, *f.* *Minor.* slate-coal; — **støff**, *m.* *Geol.* ore-veined layer of slate; *Minor-s.* — **marmer**, *m.* hard calcareous slate; — **mergel**, *m.* hardened calcareous schistuous clay. [to scale, *cf.* *stål* **Stålen**.]

Schiefer, (*n. s.* ref. to come off in scales, *Schiefer* . . . in comp. = *negel*, *m.* slater's nail, slate peg; — *Witter*, *f.* reniform slate; — *St.*, *m.* schist-olite; — *perment*, *m.* slate-coloured parchment; — *platt*, *f.* plate or slab of slate; — *schicht*, *f.* slate-stratum, slate-layer, slate-bank; — *schneider*, *m.* slate-cutter; — *schwarz*, *m.* slate-black; black-ochre; — *pfaster*, *m.* see — *brocker*; — *path*, *m.* *Miner.* (argentine) slate-spar; — *stein*, *m.* slate, schist; — *stift*, *m.* slate-pencil; — *tafel*, *f.* slate; slate board, school-slate; — *thun*, *m.* fuller's clay, slate clay; — *thun*, *m.* table of slate; — *treppan*, *m.* *Surg.* exfoliative trepan; — *wade*, *f.* *Min.* slate-wacke, horn-slate, lamellar horn-rock; — *wand*, *f.* rock of slate; — *weiß*, *m.* *Chem.* (white) feld, the finest sort of white lead; — *zahn*, *m.* scaly tooth; milk-tooth (of seals)

Schief, *w.* scaly tooth; milk-tooth (or foals).
Schief ..., *in comp.* —**Rüschig**, *adj.* Bot.
oblique; —**häufig**, *adj.* wry-necked.
Schiefheit, (*w.*) *f.* obliqueness, obliquity,
so. cf. Schiefe.

Chief ..., *in comp.* —**hübel**, *m.* inclined plane; —**topf**, *m.* warped judgment or head; —**sturz**, *m.* see **Audreassturz**; —**liegend**, *adj.* inclined, sloping.

Schieß (ing, *str.*) *n.* (L. u.) crooked person.
Schieß ..., *in comp.* —**maß**, *n.* T. sliding
angular rule; bevel; —**mund**, *n.* wry mouth,
person having a wry mouth; —**mundig**, *adj.*
wry-mouthed; —**nase**, *f.* bent nose; —**näse**,
adj. wry-nosed; —**perlen**, *pl.* ragged pearls;
—**rumb**, *adj.* obliquely spherical; —**stege**, *n.*
pl. Typ. scale-boards; —**stirn(e)lig**, *adj.*
oblique-angled; —**stirnsteig**, *f.* the being
oblique-angled.

Œhjel..., *in comp. coll. s.* — **ænge**, *n.* squint-eye; — **ængig**, *adj.* squint-eyed; — **brille**, *f.* **Œhjel**, (*w.*) *f. see* **Œhjel**. [*goggles* (*pl.*)].
Œhjelren, (*l. w.*) *v. intrans.* 1) *a*) to squint;
b) *coll.* to leer (*nach*, at, upon); 2) *coll.* *see* **Œhfern**; 3) *fig.* to be oblique, unsuitable;
Œ. s. s. (*str.*) *n.* (act of) squinting, &c.; *Ned.* **strabismus**. [*lex*...

Schilferstein, Schilferwein, see Schil-
Schiel'... in comp. —farbe, *f.* see Schil-
lerfarbe; —frant, *n.* *Bot.* oelandine (*Schil-*
frant); —ohr, *n.* slanting ear (of horses); —
operation, *f.* *Surg.* strabotomy; —zeug, *n.* see
Schillerzeug.

Schiel'licht, *adj.* see Schillerig.
Schiel'mann, (*str.*) *m.* *Nar.* boatswain's mate (in Dutch ships); *in comp.* **Sch-egarn**, *n.* spun twine; **Sch-egaren**, *m. pl.* sailors under the boatsman's command; **Sch-smaet**, *m.* quarter-master's mate, man at the bowsprit.

Öhiemannen, (w.) v. *fr. Mor.* to rest (the tackle).

Öhiensbein, (str.) n. shin, shin-bone. *Anat.* tibia; *in comp.* tibial (muscle, nerve, artery, &c.); *röhre*, f. fibula, outer bone of the leg or shin.

Öhiene, (w.) f. 1) clout, iron band, bar, or hoop; splint; tire (of a wheel); 2) *Railw.* rail; 3) *Surg.* splint, splinter; 4) a) *see* *Öhienein*; b) *see* *Öhieneine*, *Öhieneine*; 5) *Roll.* turning staff; 6) *Wass.* bar (Ruthe); 7) *Papier-m.* pl. (Wasser am Golländer) rag-knives, cutters, blades; *Railw.-s.*: die *Öhi-n* legen, to lay down the rails; die *Öhiene* befestigen, to fasten; *Öhiene*, broad-footed rail, foot-rail with single T-shaped section, rail Vignoles, American rail; die *Öhiene* T-förmig, single-headed rail; die *Öhiene* T-förmig, parallel rail; die *Öhiene*, flat rail, plate-rail (Platt-Öhiene); mit *Öhiene* Kopf, flat-headed rail, flat champagne-rail; mit *Öhiene* Kopf, champagne-rail; die *Öhiene* (Haupt-ciner *Öhiene*), main rail, stock-rail.

Öhiene, (w.) s. & i. 1) a) *Surg.* to splint; b) to groove; 2) T. to clout, tire (a wheel); *Railw.* to rail.

Öhiene..., *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, f. *see* — *weg*; — *Öhiene*, m. Typ. plank; — *Öhiene*, m. clout or tire-piercer; — *Öhiene*, n. flat iron (iron for wheel-tires; railway-bars); — *Öhiene*, f. elevation of the exterior rail; — *Öhiene*, m. rail-foot; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. crossing of rails; — *Öhiene*, f. set of rails; — *Öhiene*, n. bearing; chair; — *Öhiene*, f. fish-plate, fishing-plate; — *Öhiene*, m. rail-layer, formerly plate-layer; — *Öhiene*, m. clout-nail, tire-nail, hoop-nail, cf. *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. *Locom.* rail-guard, safe-guard; — *Öhiene*, f. *Wass.* tringle for supporting the tapistry; — *Öhiene*, f. rail-saw, circular saw; — *Öhiene*, f. (Toll-) band-vice; tire-vice; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. joint of rails; — *Öhiene*, m. railway-line, track of rails; — *Öhiene*, m. pl. fragments of rails; — *Öhiene*, m. railway-chair; — *Öhiene*, f. *Papier-m.* cylinder of the rag-engine; — *Öhiene*, m. rail-rolling mill; — *weg*, m. track of rails, railway, railroad; — *wette*, f. gauge of way (*Spurweite*); — *Öhiene*, f. *Goldm.* convex piler.

Öhiene..., *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, m. *Found.* coal-ship; — *Öhiene*, m. *Agr.* *see* *Öhiene*; 2) *Öhiene*, m. hook on the cheek of a ballows; — *Öhiene*, *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. *Min.* mathematical instruments for mining.

Öhiene, I. adj. *provinc.* 1) sheer, pure; 2) smooth; 3) clear; shining; 4) neat, smart; II. adv. (*obsolete*, except in poetry, &) *provinc.* near, almost; well-nigh; III. (str.) m. & n. *Comas.* (cobweb) lawn; IV. *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, f. T. setting-lub; — *Öhiene*, m. T. planishing hammer; — *Öhiene*, n. faultless wood; — *Öhiene*, m. (Russia) duck, Russian shooting, sail-cloth.

Öhiene, (str.) m. *Bot.* hemlock (*Conium maculatum* L.) *in comp.* *Chem.-s.* — *Öhiene*, f. conic acid; *Öhiene-salz*, n. conine; *Öhiene-schwarz*, m. poisoned cup; *Öhiene-schwarz*, m. *Chem.* conine; *Öhiene-stamm*, f. *Bot.* hemlock-spruce-fir (*Abies canadensis* L.); *Öhiene-stamm*, m. hemlock-potion, poisoned cup.

Öhiene... (*from* *Öhiene*), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, f. *Aug.* line running upon a reel, trolling-hook; — *Öhiene*, m. shooting-ground (a play); — *Öhiene*, *see* *Öhiene*.

Öhiene, adj. that may be shot.

Öhiene... (*from* *Öhiene*), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, f. gun-cotton, explosive or fulminating cotton; — *Öhiene*, m. ammunition; — *Öhiene*, f. *Bot.* *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. cartridge used in bursting stones; — *Öhiene*, m. pl. *Mar.* bolts shot from guns; — *Öhiene*, n. *Print.* shooting-stick.

Öhiene, (w.) f. *Bak.* baker's peel.

Öhieneisen, (str.) n. 1) *cont.* old firelock; 2) (Aufschießer beim *Öhiene*) hammer-shaped iron plug.

Öhiene, (str.) v. I. *fr. & ind.* 1) a) to shoot (*ind.* nach, at); to fire; to discharge; b) to carry (of a gun, &c.); c) *Sport.* to bag; *in* *Öhiene* (zu niedrig) —, to shoot above (below) the mark; *in* *Öhiene* —, to overshoot the mark; *in* *Öhiene* —, to fall short of the mark; 2) *Min.* for *Öhiene*, I. 2; 3) *provinc.* for *Öhiene*, I. 1, which *see*; 4) *Ag.* to discharge, dart, emit (rays, &c.); die *Öhiene* —, *Mar.* to take the sun's altitude; *Öhiene* —, to flash lightning; *Öhiene* —, to break or pick wool; *Öhiene* —, to count money by casts; II. *ind.* (*aus.* sein) to shoot, move rapidly; to dart, rush, sweep, dash; to gush (forth); to shoot, sprout (of plants), cf. *Öhiene*, I. 1; — *lassen*, to let fly, go, or fall; *Mar.* to veer, cease, pay out; die *Öhiene* — *lassen*, to give the reins, cf. *Öhiene*; ein *Öhiene* — *lassen*, to overhaul a rope; in *Öhiene* —, to shoot (out) into ears; in *Öhiene* —, to grow to leaf; in *Öhiene* —, *lit. & Ag.* to run to seed; *trüb* —, *coll.* to make both ends meet; *geöhiene* sein, *Ag.* 1. to play the fool; 2. to be smitten with love (in *Öhiene* Acc.), for; III. v. s. (str.) n. 1) act of shooting, firing, &c.; 2) rifle-match.

Öhiene, (str.) m. 1) shooter; 2) a) baker's peel; b) the journeyman employing it; 3) *Min.* blaster; 4) *Small.* pounder.

Öhiene... (*from* *Öhiene*), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, m. *Ichth.* *Öhiene* (*Serrifid*); — *Öhiene*, m. pl. *Mar.* loop-holes; — *Öhiene*, n. huntsman's foe; — *Öhiene*, f. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. gun, pl. fire-arms, small arms; mit — *Öhiene* (*Öhiene*), *Ag. anal.* to play or just with edge-tools; — *Öhiene*, m. shooting-house; — *Öhiene*, m. shot; — *Öhiene*, n. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. *Sport.* shooting alry; — *Öhiene*, m. pointer; — *Öhiene*, f. hit in which hunters lie in wait to shoot game and rooks; — *Öhiene*, f. wire-gage.

Öhiene, (str.) m. *see* *Öhiene*.

Öhiene... (*from* *Öhiene*), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, n. 1) *Mar.* *see* — *Öhiene*; 2) hole made in a rock and filled with gun-powder; — *Öhiene*, n. plumb-line, sounding-lead; — *Öhiene*, n. mark, white; — *Öhiene*, f. (brick) wall erected behind a target; — *Öhiene*, f. cartouch, cartridge; — *Öhiene*, n. shooting horse; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. shooting-place; — *Öhiene*, m. *cont.* soldier's gun, *anal.* brown Bass; — *Öhiene*, n. gunpowder; — *Öhiene*, n. right or privilege of shooting; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. *Min.* wood-cartridge, touch-wood; — *Öhiene*, f. loop-hole, port-hole, embrasure; mit — *Öhiene* versehen, to loop-hole; — *Öhiene*, f. *Port.* merlon; — *Öhiene*, f. target; — *Öhiene*, f. *Min.* prop. support; — *Öhiene*, f. weaver's shuttle; — *Öhiene*, m. shooting-stand; (*verhörrer*) shooting-gallery; — *Öhiene*, f. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. *Min.* miner who lays and fires the train in the springing of rocks; — *Öhiene*, n. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. shovel-board; — *Öhiene*, f. huntsman's pouch, *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. rifle-practice; — *Öhiene*, f. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. shooting-season.

Öhiene, (str.) n. 1) ship, vessel; craft; 2) *Archit.* nave (of a church); 3) various implements in the shape of a ship; a) *Wass.* shuttle; b) *Typ.* galley; c) *Print.* paint-pot; d) *saucer*; e) *Wass.* carriage; f) *Anal.* scapha; g) *Bot.* carina; *in* *Öhiene* gehen, to go aboard, embark, take ship or shipping; *in* *Öhiene* sein, to be on board (of a ship); — und *Öhiene*, agricultural implements, coll. implements, tools; *Comm.-s.* mit — oder *Öhiene*, per ship or ships; es liegen viele *Öhiene* im Hafen, the harbour is crowded with shipping; *ind* — *in* *Öhiene* (*in* *Öhiene*), shipping

(-charges); *ind* — *verlaufen*, to sell on board or from the ship; *aus* — *gefast*, put on board. **Öhiene...** (*cf.* *Öhiene*...), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, n. navy-board; — *Öhiene*, m. beam used for ship-building, clamp, pl. bows of a ship.

Öhiene, I. adj. navigable; *ind* —, un-navigable; II. *Öhiene*, (w.) f. navigability, navigableness.

Öhiene... (*cf.* *Öhiene*...), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, m. ship-building; — *Öhiene*, m. ship-builder, shipwright; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, n. ship-timber; — *Öhiene*, f. art of ship-building, naval architecture; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. wharf, dock-yard; — *Öhiene*, m. contract for the building of a ship; — *Öhiene*, n. seaman's axe, poll-axe; — *Öhiene*, n. *Anat.* navicular bone, scaphoid bone of the wrist; — *Öhiene*, — *Öhiene*, m. sheathing of a ship; — *Öhiene*, f. *Mar.* art of sailing or steering; — *Öhiene*, n. hammock; — *Öhiene*, f. *Surg.* scapha; — *Öhiene*, n. ship-sheathing; — *Öhiene*, m. barge; — *Öhiene*, — *Öhiene*, m. *Cont.* ship-placer, copper-worm, ship-worm (*Turdo navalis* L.); — *Öhiene*, m. ship-board; — *Öhiene*, m. shipwreck; — *Öhiene* *haben*, to suffer shipwreck, to be (ship-) wrecked or cast away; *Ag.* to make shipwreck (*in* *Öhiene* *Dat.*), cf.; — *Öhiene*, adj. shipwrecked; rescued from a wreck; — *Öhiene*, m. & f. shipwrecked person, wreck; — *Öhiene*, m. pl. shipwrecked goods, cf. *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. pontoon, bridge of boats; — *Öhiene*, f. dock.

Öhiene, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Öhiene*) 1) little ship, small vessel; 2) *Bot.* keel; 3) *Wass.* shuttle; 4) *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, adj. *Anat.* navicular; *Bot.* cymbiform, boat-shaped.

Öhiene, (w.) v. & i. *ind.* (*aus.* sein & *haben*) 1) to navigate, ship; *Öhiene* *haben* —, to cross the seas; 2) *along*, to make water, *anal.* to pump ship.

Öhiene, (str.) m. 1) navigator; mariner; sailor; 2) shipmaster; master; captain; skipper; barge-master; *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, m. mariner's or sea term; — *Öhiene*, m. ship's compasses; — *Öhiene*, m. ferryman's crook or pole; — *Öhiene*, f. slope; — *Öhiene*, m. nautical almanac; — *Öhiene*, m. boat's man, barge-man; — *Öhiene*, m. sailor's knot (in the shape of an 8), clove-kitch, double half-kitch; — *Öhiene*, f. sailor's cap; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, n. regatta; — *Öhiene*, m. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, m. master's store-room; — *Öhiene*, f. nautical language, sailor's language; — *Öhiene*, f. *see* — *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, n. sham-fight of boats.

Öhiene... (*cf.* *Öhiene*...), *in comp.* — *Öhiene*, m. navigator, sailor; seaman, mariner, seafaring man; — *Öhiene*, f. navigation, shipping; — *Öhiene*, f. merchant's shipping-act; navigation act; — *Öhiene*, n. shipping office; — *Öhiene*, n. nautical instruments; — *Öhiene*, n. admiralty court; — *Öhiene*, n. nautical law; maritime regulation; — *Öhiene*, f. nautical knowledge; — *Öhiene*, f. art of navigating, nautics; — *Öhiene*, f. school of navigation, naval school; — *Öhiene*, f. stoppage of navigation; — *Öhiene*, m. treaty of commerce and navigation; — *Öhiene*, n. a mark or sign serving as a guide to mariners (beacon, buoy, &c.); — *Öhiene*, f. fleet, navy; — *Öhiene*, adj. *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, f. freight, freighting; — *Öhiene*, m. bill of lading; — *Öhiene*, n. *see* *Öhiene*; — *Öhiene*, n. carcass or ribs of a ship; bulk; — *Öhiene*, m. sink of a ship; — *Öhiene*, m. salute; — *Öhiene*, m. grapple, grappling iron, ship's hook; — *Öhiene*, m. *Ichth.* sucking-fish, remora (*Remora remora* L.); — *Öhiene*, m. trading

on or with ships; —*hobel, Join., &c.* compass-plane (Wogenhobel).

...*Sei* fig. adj. ...sailed (in comp.).

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

Sei, m. *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, m. sailor;

—*Sei*, m. crew's cook; —*Sei*, m. sculler;

—*Sei*, f. a ship's kitchen, caboose; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, f. art of navigation; —*Sei*, skilled

in nautics; —*Sei*, f. gun-carriage on board

a ship; —*Sei*, f. landing-place, wharf, quay;

—*Sei*, f. ship's lantern; —*Sei*, m. marine

glass; —*Sei*, f. tow, tow-rope;

—*Sei*, f. ship's side-ladder, *see* *Sei*;

—*Sei*, pl. shipmen, sailors, mariners, crew,

sea-faring people; —*Sei*, adj. sailor-

like; —*Sei*, m. tonnage; —*Sei*, m. iron-

pin; —*Sei*, f. ship-mill, floating-mill, mill

erected in a boat; —*Sei*, m. owner of a

floating-mill; —*Sei*, m. Conch. nautilus

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. plank nail, round-

headed peg; —*Sei*, m. ship-stove, cabin-

stove; —*Sei*, n. ship-pitch; —*Sei*, m. post

for a hawser; —*Sei*, n. towing-horse; —

—*Sei*, n. ship-pound; —*Sei*, m. ship's

chaplain, *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, f. ship-

pump; —*Sei*, f. log-line; —*Sei*, *see*

Sei; —*Sei*, adj. full of vessels,

abounding in ships; —*Sei*, f. mariner's com-

pass; —*Sei*, f. measure of a square-yard to

a foot thickness (*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical al-

gebra, m. sand serving as ballast.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, f. pl. ship or shipping com-

merce, shipping business; —*Sei*, m. em-

barge; —*Sei*, art, ship-shape; —*Sei*, m. sea-

surgeon; —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

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(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

(*Sei*); —*Sei*, m. nautical or sea term

—*Sei*, m. fore-part of

a ship; —*Sei*, m. wheel-crane of a wharf;

—*Sei*, f. naval crown; —*Sei*, m. loader of

a ship; —*Sei*, f. cargo, cargason; —*Sei*, f. 1)

freight of a ship; 2) *Sei* last (of two tons' weight);

—*Sei*, m. ship's course; —*Sei*, m. marine

glass; —*Sei*, m. ship-chandler; —*Sei*, f.

floating-line; —*Sei*, f. pl. marine lists;

—*Sei*, f. pl. hatchways; —*Sei*, m. *Mar.*

ship mate; —*Sei*, f. naval force; —*Sei*, m.

ship-broker; —*Sei*, f. crew; —*Sei*, m.

materials, n. pl. materials for shipping; —

—*Sei*, f. *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, f. *Brow.*

double marm, strong ale, Brunswick marm;

—*Sei*, m. pursuer of a ship; —*Sei*, m.

officer on board of a ship, naval officer.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. soldier on board of

ship, marine.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. pl. (Kamiller, coloured) ship's pa-

pers; —*Sei*, f. *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, m. part,

share, part, or interest in a ship; —*Sei*, m.

co-partner in a ship, part- or joint-owner;

—*Sei*, m. 1) passport, permit; 2) certificate

of health; —*Sei*, m. master of a ship,

patron; —*Sei*, m. *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, f.

boatwain's whistle; —*Sei*, f. allow-

ance; —*Sei*, f. 1) shipletter-office; 2)

mail-steamer.

Sei (selt), (w.) f. floating fire-engine.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. naval council; —*Sei*, f. allowance;

—*Sei*, m. hold of a ship; der mittlere —

raum, storage; der hintere —raum, after-hold; der

letzte —raum, stowage, spare-tonnage; *Sei*

in den —raum bringen, to stow the hold; aus

dem —raum holen, to haul out of the hold,

to whip; der —raum after dieser *Sei*,

the ship-room of all these vessels; —*Sei*, m.

owner of a ship; —*Sei*, f. pl. naval

timber; —*Sei*, f. naval equipment; —

—*Sei*, f. coll. stuff (used in paying a ship's

sides or bottom); —*Sei*, m. fore-part of

a ship, prow; beak or cut-water of a robec

or galley; *Sei*, m. * (*Pro-*

ligra, &c.), shipmate, sailor, seaman; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, m. stern; —*Sei*,

f. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) f. galley-oar.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. rope of a ship; —*Sei*, m. rope-work;

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, f. depth of a ship; —*Sei*, f. ton.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. ship-calker; —*Sei*, m. ship-

calling-iron; —*Sei*, *see* *Sei*.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. pl. wrecks of a ship;

—*Sei*, f. ship's chronometer; —*Sei*, f.

survey; —*Sei*, m. quick-work; —

—*Sei*, m. charter-party; —

—*Sei*, m. shipping-clerk; —

—*Sei*, m. bill of lading; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, m. charterer, freighter; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, f. freighting, chartering, freight-let-

ting; —*Sei*, m. crew, ship's company; —

—*Sei*, m. prow, stem, fore-castle; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, m. bill of bottomry; —*Sei*, m. log;

—*Sei*, m. shipwright's-yard, dock, dock-

yard, navy-yard; —*Sei*, m. oakum; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, m. shipping concerns; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, m. marine-arsenal; —*Sei*, m. tower

of (i. e. man who tows) a ship; —*Sei*,

—*Sei*, m. state-cabin; —*Sei*, m. lastage, freightage;

—*Sei*, m. ship-biscuit, rusk.

Sei ... (cf. *Sei* ...), in comp. —

—*Sei*, m. pitch and tar; —*Sei*, f. hatchway;

—*Sei*, m. mod. ferry-boat or barge;

—*Sei*, f. shrouds; —*Sei*, f. capstan;

—*Sei*, m. *see* *Sei*;

—*Sei*, m. *see* *Sei*;

—*Sei*, m. *see* *Sei*;

—*Sei*, f. *Mar.* charter-party, bill of lading;

—*Sei*, m. *see* *Sei*; —*Sei*, f.

tracking-gin; —*Sei*, m. shipwright,

ship-carpenter; —*Sei*, f. ship

carpentry; —*Sei*, m. dockyard; —

—*Sei*, m. freightage, lastage; —*Sei*, m. naval

expedition; —*Sei*, f. *Typ.* slice of a galley.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

Sei (selt), (w.) m. *see* *Sei*.

shield-shaped, *Bot., &c.* peltate(d), scutiform; —förmige *Knorpel*, *Anat.* shield-gristle; —föhrer, m. see —träger, 1; —fuh, n. *Herold*. bottom, plain; —geföhrt, m. fellow-warrior; —gerechtfertigt, f. privilege of having out a sign-board; —gleihnamigkeit, m. *Anat.* thyro-arytenoid muscle; —halm, m. *Ornith.* heath-cock (*Bisthahn*); *Herold* s. —halter, m. supporter, bearer; —haupt, n. chief; —helm, m. casque, cask; helmet.

Sci'lig, *adj.* (*gener.* in comp.) provided with a shield, shell, &c.

Sci'lt..., in comp. —läter, m. *Entom.* tortoise-beetle, helmet-beetle (*Cassida Murena* L.); *Anat.* s. —schildeisenband, n. thyro-epiglottic ligament; —schildeisenmügel, m. thyro-epiglottic muscle; —flemer, pl. *Conch.* scutibranchians (*Scutibranchia* Cav.); —fnappe, —fnacht, m. shield-bearer, esquire, squire; —fnapp, m. *Mar.* plaited or spliced wall knot; —fnappel, m. *Anat.* thyroid or scutiform cartilage; —frabbe, *Gruel.* calappa (*Calappa* L.); —frähe, f. see Ribbelfrähe; —frant, n. *Bot.* 1) skull-cap (*Schultraut*); 2) esparcet, sainfoin (*Hedysarum onobrychis* L.); —fräte, f. 1) *Zool.* turtle, tortoise (*Testudo* L.); 2) tortoise-shell (Carotte); —frätenartig, —frätenartig, *adj.* testudineous; —frätenfarbig, *adj.* tortoise-shell, variegated; —frätengehäut, f. *Swy.* testudo, talpa, mole; ein Brille mit —frätengehäut, a pair of tortoise-shell-rimmed spectacles; —frätenläfter, m. *Entom.* tumble-dang, histler (*Hister undulator* F.); —frätenhäle, f., —frät, n. tortoise-shell; —frätenstein, m., —frätenverfeinerung, f. *Pwr.* chelonite; —frätenfuppe, f. turtle-soup; —fand, f. *Entom.* shield-louse, plantbug, scale-insect (*Coccus* L.); —fchen, n. noble fief; fief subject to render warlike service; —maner, f. T. retaining wall (*Buttermauer*); —nachfagen, f. *Ornith.* blue-throat (*Blaufchilchen*).

Sci'ltner, (*str.*) m. see Schildträger, 1; **Sci'lt**..., in comp. —ühr, n., —riemen, m. shield-handle, thong or strap of a buckle; —papier, n. *Paper* m. shield-paper; —patt, —pab, m. see —frätenhäle; —pattfnapp, m. shell-button; —pauenenbedel, m. iron band over the truncheon (*Beid*); —planfen, f. pl. see —baufen; —reiter, m. *Ornith.* night-heron (*Nycticorax* Steph.); —riemen, m. see —ühr; T.s. —fgräbe, f. flat-head wood-screw; —fidel, m. round graver; —fräger, m. 1) shield-bearer; esquire; 2) see —halter; —wache, f. sentinel, sentry, guard; —wache ftehen, to be upon duty, to stand sentry; —wirth, m. inn-keeper; —japfen, m. *Gum.* truncheon; —japfenband, n., —japfenring, m. truncheon-band, truncheon-bracer.

Sci'lt, (*str.*) n. reed; rush, bulrush; in comp. —artig, —ähnlich, *adj.* reed-like; —dach, n. roof thatched with reeds; —bede, —matte, f. rush-mat.

Sci'ltfen, (*adj.*) of reeds, reedy.

Sci'ltfen, (*w.*) r. & tr. to thatch with reeds.

Sci'ltferig, *adj.* peeling off, exfoliating.

—**Sci'ltfer**, see *Scheltfer* under *Schelte*.

Sci'ltf..., in comp. —gläster, n. *Miner.* sulphuret of silver and antimony (*Freieslebenit*); —gras, n. *Bot.* 1) club-rush (*Scirpus siliaticus* L.); 2) reed-grass, bur-reed (*Sparganium* L.); —hütte, f. reed-hut.

Sci'ltig, **Sci'ltig**, *adj.* rushy, sedgy; full of rushes or reed, overgrown with reed.

Sci'ltf..., in comp. —flinge, f. a two-edged (hollow) blade (of a sword); —matte, f. rush-mat; —meer, n. *Geogr.* Red Sea, Arabic Gulf; —reid, *adj.* abounding in reeds, reedy, rushy; —röhr, n. *Bot.* reed (*Phragmites communis* L.); —fänger, m. sedge-warbler (*Rehrfänger*); —vogel, m. *Ornith.* reed-bunting (*Rehrhammer*).

Sci'lt, (*str.*) m. *Licht.* perch-pike (*Esoch*).

Sci'ltle, (*w.*) f. see *Schaltel*.

Sci'ltler, (*str.*) m. 1) changing colour, glitter, shining splendour; play of colours; 2) see —wein.

Sci'ltler..., in comp. —baum, m. *Bot.* silver-tree (*Protea speciosa* L.); —fampagner, m. *Comm.* pink champagno; —elbche, f. *Zool.* chameleon (*Chamaeleon*); —falter, m. *Entom.* see —vogel; —farbe, f. changeable or shot colour; —farben, —farbig, *adj.* see *Schillerig*; —glanz, m. 1) see *Schiller*, 1; 2) or —quarz, m. *Miner.* cat's eye.

Sci'ltlerig, *adj.* playing, changing (of colours), cf. *Schillernd*.

Sci'ltlern, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to vary or change colours, to play from one colour into another; to glitter; fch-b, p. a. changing-coloured, iris-hued, iridescent, shot-(coloured), *plac.*

Sci'ltler..., in comp. —felbe, f. shot-silk; —fath, —feln, m. schiller-spar; —foll, m. T. polychrome; —taffet, m. watered tafeta; —thier, n. see —ribelste; —vogel, m. *Entom.* purple emperor, high flyer (*Apatura iris* L.); —wein, m. German claret, schiller-wine (wine of red and white grapes mixed); —zung, n. shot-(coloured)-stuff.

Sci'ltling, (*str.*) m. 1) shilling (English and German silver coins); 2) a) coll. slap, smack; b) see *Stodfchilling*; *Sch*-fhaner, *Sch*-fmann, m. holder of a *Sch*-fagat, n. or *Sch*-fhes, m. estate liable to ground-rent; *Sch*-ftricht, n. right of exacting a ground-rent.

Sci'ltfild, (*str.*) n. see *Schaltel*.

Sci'mmel, I. (*str.*) m. 1) mould, mildew, mustiness, white film on liquids; 2) gray, white horse; 3) *Ag.* *loc.* after —, see *Grünfepf*, 1; II. in comp. —ähnlich, —artig, *adj.* *Sch*-melfagt, *adj.* like mould, mouldy; —felle, n. pl. outshot lamb-skins; —geruch, m. mouldy or musty smell; —grün, *adj.* greenish gray; —grün, *adj.* *Bot.* glaucous; —frant, n. *Bot.* 1) common shrubby overhanging (*Halimolobos stachas* L.); 2) cotton-rose (*Rosa arvensis* L.).

Sci'mmeltig, *adj.* mouldy, fusty, musty.

Sci'mmeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to mould, must.

Sci'mmer, (*str.*) m. 1) glimmer, glittering, lustre; *rim* röthlicher sc. —, a reddish, &c. shade; * shimmer; faint, trembling light; glimpse, gleam (of hope, &c.); 2) *provinc.* twilight; —glück, m. illusive or imaginary good fortune.

[toring, sparkling.]

Sci'mmerhaft, **Sci'mmerig**, *adj.* glit-

Sci'mmer..., in comp. —läter, m. 1) see *Johannisläfer*, 1; 2) see *Schatteläfer*; —licht, n. faint, trembling light.

Sci'mmerfch, *adj.* without splendour; *Ag.* unostentatious, quiet.

Sci'mmern, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to glisten, glitter, glimmer, twinkle; to sparkle, gleam, to shine; die *Sch*rift *Sch*immer durch *Papier*, the writing shows through the paper; fch-b, p. a. brilliant (beauty).

Sci'mmer..., in comp. —fand, m. micaceous sand; —feln, m. *Miner.* blend; —fucht, f. mania of shining; —wefen, n. false brilliant, tinsel; —wit, m. false or bastard-wit.

Sci'mmerlig, *adj.* see *Schimmerlig*.

Sci'mpf, (*str.*) m. 1) †, jest, joke; 2) abuse, affront, insult, outrage, contumely; 3) ignominy, stigma, opprobrium, disgrace, dishonour; den ... —und *Schande* haben, to be disgraced by ...; mit —und *Schande* überhäuft, overwhelmed with obloquy and disgrace.

Sci'mpfen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) †, to jest, joke; 2) (*with auf* (& *Acc.*) a) to call (one) names, abuse, revile, to give (one) ill language; b) see *Bejchmpfen*.

Sci'mpfen, (*str.*) m. abuser, &c.

Sci'mpfgebiht, (*str.*) **Sci'mpflich**, (*str.*) pl. *Sch*-er) n. lampoon, libel.

Sci'mpfren, (*w.*) v. *tr.* & *intr.* († & *tr.*) coll. see *Schmpfen*, 1 & 2.

Sci'mpflich, I. *adj.* 1) see *Schmpfhaft*; 2) disgraceful, dishonourable, ignominious, scandalous; II. *Sch*-frit, (*w.*) f. disgracefulness, &c.

Sci'mpf..., in comp. —name, m. nickname; *Jemandem* —namen geben, see *Schmpfen*, 1; —rede, f. abusive speech, abusive, ill or foul language; —weise, *adv.* abusively; —wert, n. abusive word, invective, pl. see —**Sci'mb**, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* skin. [*rede*.

Sci'mb..., in comp. *vulg.* s. —sag, n. car-
—rioz; —anger, m. faying-place.

Sci'mbel, (*w.*) f. 1) shingle; 2) *Swy.* splint, splinter; *Herold*. billet; —schachtung, f. shingling; —dach, n. shingle-roof; —decker, m. shingler; —eifen, n. tool for joining shingles; —fauer, —mader, m. shingler; —holz, n. wood for shingles.

Sci'mbrat, *adj.* *Bot.* imbricated(d).

Sci'mbr..., in comp. —friecker, m. *Ornith.* (tree-)creeper (*Bumiafajer*); —felen, n. petticoat-hold.

Sci'mbren, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to shingle (a roof), cover with shingles; 2) *Swy.* to splint.

Sci'mbel..., in comp. —nagel, m. shingle-nail, shingling nail, clasp-nail; —reifer, m. shingler; —parren, m. rafter of a shingle roof; —wand, f. valnesooting of shingles.

Sci'mbichter, (*str.*) n. faying-knife.

Sci'mben, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to fay, skin, excoriate; to scalp; 2) coll. to oppress, to treat with excessive rigour; to harass, jade; —und *fchaben*, coll. to rake and scrape; II. *refl.* coll. to work hard, to toil and moil.

Sci'mber, (*str.*) m. 1) fayer; knacker; 2) see *Schuler*; 3) coll. enactor, oppressor; usurer.

Sci'mberri, (*w.*) f. 1) fayer's house; 2) coll. a) exaction, extortion; usury; b) drudgery, exhausting labour, over-work.

Sci'mbergräbe, (*w.*) f. see *Schindgräbe*.

Sci'mber..., in comp. —farren, m. knacker's-car; —fucht, m. knacker's servant; —mühe, *adj.* coll. cruel.

Sci'mbern, **Sci'mbern**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) to glisten; 2) to click; 3) to slide.

Sci'mb..., in comp. —gräbe, f. fayer's pit, carrion-pit; —fradt, f. worn out horse, knacker, jade; —futer, n. most *vulg.* 1) see —as; 2) worthless woman, bitch; mit *Einem* —futer fpielen or treiben, to deal shamefully with one; —mühe, f. see —fradt.

* **Sci'mbr**, see *Schirn*.

Sci'mren, (*str.*) m. 1) ham. (*dimin.*

Sci'mren, (*str.*) n. hock of bacon; 2) *Stud.* slung, an old book; in comp. —fein, n., —fnochen, m. ham-bone; —metter, n. thin carving-knife.

Sci'mrunt, (*str.*) n., **Sci'mrunt**, (*w.*) f. *provinc.* celandine (*Schölltraut*).

Sci'pp, (*str.*) n. *Salt* m. deposit of brine.

Sci'ppe, n., see *Schuppe* n.

Sci'pp..., in comp. T.s. —fcheren, n. second and third shearing of cloth; —tuch, n. (*formerly*) an inferior kind of Silesian cloth.

Sci'rbel, (*str.*) m. 1) see *Schirbel*; 2) *Small*. bloom, slab.

Sci'rl, (*str.*) m. 1) or *Schirbel*, see *Schirbel*; 2) or *Schirrling*, see *Schirrling*; —fäde, see *Rehrfäde*; —fear, n. *Cloth*. bad wool.

Sci'rlm, I. (*str.*) m. 1) screen; shade (of a cap, &c.); folding-screen; 2) a) umbrella; b) see *Sonnenfchirm*; 3) *Bot.* umbel; 4) *Min.* hanging surface of a lode; 5) *Law*, defence; 6) *Ag.* shield, shelter, protection; II. in comp. *Bot.* s. —baum, m. umbrella tree, magnolia; —blume, f. umbel, umbella; —bret, n. 1) *Min.* screening board; 2) pl. *Mar.* ship's side-boards; —brief, m. letter of protection; safe-conduct.

B. Schläf, (str., pl. Schläfe) m. 1) or Schläfe, (w.) f. Anat. temple; 2) sleep; rest, repose; in -gerathen, fallen, in einen -verfallen, to fall asleep; in den -stigen, to fall asleep.

Schlaf... (from Schlafen & Schlaf) in comp. -aber, f. Anat. temporal artery; -affe, m. Zool. dourousouli, nothora (Nycetophorus Spix); -apfel, m. Bot. 1) rose-gall; 2) see -berre; -arguel, f. see -mittel; -baufam, m. narcotical balm; -baum, f. bodstead in form of a chest, field-bed, sleeping-bench; -berre, f. Bot. 1) see Belladonna; 2) see Judenhirsch; -berstern, -bringend, adj. Med. hypnotic, narcotic, soporific, soporiferous; -bett, n. see Schlafstube; -bier, f. -camerab, m. see -genos.

Schlafstube, (str.) n. (dimin. of Schlaf B, 3) slumber, nap, dose; ein -machen (or Schlafstube) (l. u.), (w.) v. intr. to (take a) nap or dose.

Schlafstich, (str.) n. see Dinnendeich.

Schlafsucht, adj. longing for sleep, sleepy.

Schlafen, (str.) v. intr. 1) to sleep, to be or lie asleep, to rest, repose; 2) a) *fig.* to lie or be dormant, cf. Einschlafen, 4; b) zu lange -, to overlong one's self; -gehen, sich -legen, to go to bed; -legen, to put to bed (a child); -bei ..., to lie or sleep with...; laß die Sache -, do not stir up that affair; -Sie wohl, I wish you a good night; -schlaf, m. Mar. lodging knee.

Schlafen..., in comp. Anat. temporal (muscle, artery, &c.); -bett, n. temple or temporal bone; -beinfuge, -beinast, f. squamosal suture; -eck, f. sphenoidal angle; -fläche, f. semi-orbicular or circular surface; -fortsatz, m. temporal process or apophysis; -grube, f. temporal fossa; -weg, m. temporal twig.

Schlaf, (str.) m. 1) sleeper; 2) Mar.-s. a) -des Vorderens, apron of the stem; b) -des Hinterens, back-part of the stern-post; c) -des Dinnendeichs, inner post or knee; d) -der Bänke, lodging-knees; 3) see Schlafstich; 4) see Tagelöhler; 5) see Dinnendeich.

Schlaftrig, see Schlaftrig.

Schlaftrig, (w.) v. I. tr. to affect with drowsiness, to dispose to sleep, to cause sleep to (one), cf. Einschlafen; *pass. impers.* es schläft mich (or mich schlafen), I am sleepy, I feel drowsy; II. intr. to feel an inclination to sleep, to be drowsy.

Schlaf, I. adj. 1) slack, loose; flaccid, flabby, soft; 2) Med. atonic; 3) languid, remiss, lax, inattentive, indolent; in -hängen, in -hängen lassen, -machen, to lag, flap, slacken; II. Schläft, (w.) f. 1) slakness, &c.; 2) Med. atony.

Schlafseil, (str.) n. slack-rope.

Schlaf... (from Schlafen & Schlaf) in comp. -fleider, n. lothargy; -gänger, m. 1) night-walker, somnambulist; 2) night-lodger; -gaß, m. traveller who sleeps at an inn; -gend, f. Anat. temporal region; -geld, n. pay for a night's lodging; -gemach, n. bed-chamber, sleeping-room; -genos, -gefell, m. bed-fellow; -gewand, n. night-gown; -gett, m. the god of sleep, (Gr. Nyx.) Morpheus; -hande, f. see -mitte, 1; -hand, n. inn; -hosen, pl. night-drawers.

Schlafstich, (str.) n. Schlafstich, (w.) f. coll. (for Schlagstich) wing, flap, collar, cf. Stragen.

Schlaf... (from Schlafen & Schlaf) in comp. -hammer, f. see -gemach; -lassen, m. turn-up bed, sofa-bed; -laute, f. see -apfel, 1; -ritze, f. see -berre; -röller, m. Yd. mad-staggerers; -traufel, f. somnolency; -trant, n. Bot. 1) henbane (Wistaria

frutill); 2) deadly night-shade (Loffelruche); 3) pasque-flower (Räucherfenchel); -lieb, n. see Biegenlieb; -litte, f. apophelilly.

Schlaflos, I. adj. sleepless, restless; II. Schlaflosigkeit, (w.) f. sleeplessness; restlessness; Med. agrypnia.

Schlaf... (from Schlafen & Schlaf) in comp. -laß, f. drowsiness, somnolency, sleepiness; -machen, adj. see -beistehen; -maß, m. see -mitte, 2; -mand, f. see -ratte; -mittel, n. soporiferous remedy, hypnotic; -maße, m. Bot. white popple (Ruphor somniferum L.); -mitte, f. 1) night-cap; 2) coll. sleepy-head, drowsy, lary, dull fellow, muf; -müßig, adj. coll. lary, drowsy; -pelz, m. furred dressing gown; -ratte, -raße, f. -raß, m. 1) Zool. dormouse (Eichenschläfer); 2) coll. see -mitte, 2; -röller, m. one who speaks in his sleep.

Schlaftrig, I. adj. sleepy, drowsy; *fig.* hundrun; II. Schläft, (w.) f. sleepiness, drowsiness.

Schlaf... (from Schlafen & Schlaf) in comp. -rad, m. dressing-gown, night gown, loose gown; -raße, f. Bot. 1) dog-rose (Rosa rubra); 2) see -apfel, 1; -saal, m. dormitory; -seffel, -stuhl, m. easy chair; -sofa, n. sofa-bed; -stätt, -stette, f. sleeping place; lodging; -stube, f. see -gemach; -stunde, f. see -gett; -stunden, f. pl. sleeping-hours; -tisch, f. lothargy, somnolency, sleepy disease; -schläftig, adj. comatose, comatous, lothargic; -schläftmutter, n. Med. antihypnotic; -stich, m. bed-stead formed like a table; -trant, m. soporific draught, narcotic potion; -trant, m. sleeping-cap; -traufen, adj. sleepy, napping, full of sleep; -traufelstich, f. sleepiness; -wachen, n. sleep-waking, (Fr.) clairvoyance; -wandler, m. see -gänger, 1; -wirte, adj. narcotic; -zeit, f. sleeping-time; -zeug, n. night-things, night-clothes; -zimmer, n. see -gemach.

Schlag, (str., pl. Schläge) m. 1) a) blow; stroke (also of a ram, &c.); hit; knock, bang, slap, rap; kick (of a horse); -ins Schlägt, blow in the face; gelinde -, pat, dab; -ciner Welle, rut, shock of a wave; b) beating (of the heart), pulsation; c) beat, stroke (of a clock); oscillation (of a pendulum); d) (electric) shock; (thunder-)bolt; clap, peal (of thunder); 3) warbling, trilling, jug (of birds); 3) Mus. time, bar; ein ganger -, semibreve; 4) Mind. coin, stamp; 5) Med. apoplexy, see -fluß; ein - bekommen, to be struck by apoplexy; 6) Anat. a) wood-cutting, felling, cut; b) part of a forest where wood is cut or felled, cut; 7) Agr. enclosure, field; 8) T.-s. a) Port. boyean; pl. returns of the trenches; b) Fire-s. chamber of a rocket; c) coach-door; d) toll-bar; e) shutter (of a window); f) fold (of a door); g) rim (of a bell); h) aa) Mill. groove, notch (in the millstone); bb) Mus. rustic joint of a square stone; 9) Mar.-s. a) turn, twist, coil of a rope, weather bit; b) tack, turn; über -segen, to sail to windward by short boards; ber -des Schiffs, lee-side of a ship under the fore-channels; 10) rotation, turn (of a wheel); 11) Comm. offer, sum bidden; 12) *fig.* kind, sort, race; cat, stamp; rate; mit einem Sch.-e, 1. with one blow; at one swoop; 2. at once; without interruption or cessation; von einem Sch.-e, of a piece, of the same stamp or cut; Leute von gewöhnlichem Sch.-e, people of the common run, jog-trot-people; nach diesem Sch.-e, after this manner; mit dem Sch.-e zwölf, when the clock strikes twelve; auf den -, *fig.* with the stroke of the clock, punctually; es ist auf den - neun, it is upon the stroke of nine; -auf -, in rapid or close succession.

Schlag... (from Schlagen & Schlag), in

comp. Anat.-s. -ader, f. artery; die große -ader, aorta; -aderbruch, m. aneurism; -aderstamm, f. ventricle of the heart; -aderstunde, -aderstunde, f. arteriology; -aderöffnung, f. Surg. 1) arteriotomy; 2) orifice of an artery; -anfall, m. apopleptic seizure or fit; -artig, adj. apopleptic; -balsam, m. 1) swipe (of a drawbridge); 2) *Med.* bacule; -ball, m. racket ball, tennis or lives-ball; -balsam, m. apopleptic balsam.

Schlagbär, I. adj. fit for being felled; II. Schlägt, (w.) f. fitness for being felled.

Schlag... (from Schlagen & Schlag), in comp. -bauer, n. & m. bird-trap; -baum, m. toll-bar, turnpike, field-gate; *Med.* bacule; -bell, see Schlägelbell; -beritt, adj. see -fertig; -betten, n. pl. Mar. ways, cradles; -blau, adj. livid; -bogen, m. see Fuchsbogen; -bohrer, m. pleaser; -brücke, f. draw-bridge; -brunnen, m. fontanel in the head of a newborn child (Fontanelle); -bug, see Strohbug; -bege, m. broadsword; -brauf, m. coll. hard striking fellow; good fighter.

Schläge, (w.) f. see Schlägel, 1.

Schläge..., in comp. -haken, *impers.* v. intr. to breathe hard, to roar (of horses); -hängig, adj. 1) drawn up in the belly; 2) plucked by hunger; 3) broken-winded; -fahl, adj. coll. inured to blows, cudgel-proof.

Schlagel, (str.) n. 1) see Stallfräse; 2) T. broad chisel; 3) Sport. trap for foxes.

Schlagel, (str.) m. 1) beater, mallet; beetle; sledge-hammer; 2) Mus. kettle-drum stick; 3) sluice (flood-)gate; 4) Back. log (of veal); 5) Min. place where the miner works; in comp. -eisen, n. Miner. pointed lever; -fisch, m. Ichth. hammer-fish (Hammerfisch); -fayf, m. a horse with a hare's head; -faym (Schlag), to wound or lame, to hit (a stag) in the haunch by a shot; -milch, f. butter-milk.

Schlageln, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to limp, hobble; 2) to kick; 3) to sprawl; 4) *fig.* to blunder; II. tr. to beat with a mallet.

Schlagel..., in comp. -nagel, f. cashevent; -schlag, m. see Schlagelstich.

Schlagen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to beat; to strike, smite; to knock, rap; to clap; to dash, hit; *Out.* to whip (cream), whisk (egg, &c.); b) to cast, throw; 3) to fell (wood); 3) Mus. to play on (the lute, organ, &c.); *fig.* 4) to beat, rout, put to flight; 5) to afflict; *pass.* to be beat, out, beaten; *pass.* *impers.* es schlägt, to put forth blossoms, leaves, cf. Aus-schlagen; eine Brücke -, to make a bridge; to lay the pontoons; Butter -, to churn; *pass.* *impers.* es schlägt, to become folded, to fold, to run in and out in folds, to crinkle, cf. Falte; Feuer -, to strike fire; Geld -, to coin, stamp money; einen Knoten -, to make or tie a knot; ein Lager -, to pitch a camp, to encamp; Öl -, to press oil; ein Rad -, see Rad; Laxe -, Mar. to lay ropes; Mus.-e. den Zeit -, to beat the time; einen Triller -, to trill, quaver; Vieh auf die Weide -, to turn cattle out to grass; eine Abgabe, Zoll auf etwas (Acc.) -, to put a tax, to lay a duty on any thing; die Kosten auf den Preis -, to lay or clap the expenses on the price; er schlägt 10 % auf die Preise, he lays on ten per cent; er hat so und so viel darauf geschlagen, he has added so much for his expenses, his trouble; *pass.* (Dat.) etwas aus dem Gedanken, aus dem Sinne -, to put a thing out of one's mind, to banish from one's thoughts, to endeavor, to forget, to think no more of...; etwas durch ein Sieb -, to pass through a sieve, see Durchschlagen I, 2; in die Erde -, to drive into the ground; einen Nagel in die Wand -, to drive a nail into the wall; die Arme einander -, to cross the arms; in Hölzer -, to

-rost, m. grate-work of the sluice-bottom; -schütze, f. lock-shutter, sliding shutter of a sluice or flood-gate; -thor, n., -thür, f. flood-gate, (canal)-lock, lock-gate; -ventil, m. sluice-valve; -verbohen, m. see -boden; -waffer, n. water held in the chamber of a sluice; -wehr, n. lock-weir; -zell, m. sluice dues, cf. -geld.

Schlich, (str.) m. I. 1) secret course, by-way; 2) *Ag.* trick, artifice; er kennt die Schliche, he is up to snuff; II. *Min.* pounded ore prepared for further working, slush, slick.

Schlicht, adj. 1) sleek, even, smooth; -feilen, to file smooth; ich es Haar, flat, sleek, or lank hair; 2) plain; homely; der Schlichte Menschenverstand, common sense.

Schlichter... (from Schlichten), in comp. -art, f., -beil, m. chip-axe; -bier, n. *Nas.* beer given to the workmen after plastering a wall.

Schlichtbutte, (u.) f. *Lch.* turbot (Stein-Schlichterfeilen, (str.) m. scraping iron, scraper.

Schlichte, (u.) f. 1) weaver's glue, weaver's dressing; 2) *Pomd.* cinder-paste.

Schlichten, (u.) v. tr. 1) a) to make straight, plain, level; b) to pile up, dispose into layers; c) to smooth, sleek; d) *T.* to chip, plane, file, scrape smooth; 2) *Ag.* to adjust, settle, compose, to make up; die Schlichte - *Was.* to dress the warp. - **Schlichter**, (str.) m. 1) piler, &c.; 2) mediator, arbitrator, umpire.

Schlichter... (from Schlichten), in comp. -felle, f. smooth-skin; -hammer, m. *T.* plaining-hammer.

Schlichthaarig, adj. sleek-haired.

Schlichtheit, f. plainness, simplicity.

Schlichtheit, adv. see Schlichtheit.

Schlichthölzel, (str.) m. smoothing-plane.

Schlichtig, see Schlicht, adj.

Schlichten... (from Schlichten), in comp. -flinge, f. 1) smoothing-plane iron; 2) see -messer; -maschine, f. *Was.* dressing-machine; -meißel, m. see -Rahl; -messer, n. double-edged shaving-knife, sleeking knife; -mond, m. porching knife; -pinsel, m. *Feint.* brush for softening and mellowing the tints; -rähmen, m. *Turn.* porching stick. [*fig.*]

Schlichtschwein, (str.) n. sty- or domestic Schlicht... (from Schlichten) in comp. -Rahl, m. *Turn.* flat tool; -stein, m. sleek-stone.

Schlichtung, (u.) f. *Ag.* composition, accommodation, settling (of a dispute).

Schlichtzange, (u.) f. porching pincers, caliper for stretching hides.

Schlid, (str.) m. *provinc.* alime, mud; -bellen, m. *Hydr.* traverse, sleeper; -boden, m. flat and clammy soil.

Schliden, (u.) v. tr. & *intr.* 1) to fill with mud, &c.; 2) see Schleden.

Schlid, (str.) m. *T.* a kind of paste or glue; -milch, f. see Schlappermilch.

Schliden, (u.) v. *intr.* *provinc.* to cardle; to run or soak through.

Schliden... in comp. -fänger, m. *Hydr.* 1) secondary dike; 2) hurdle to catch mud; -grund, m. *Mar.* oozy ground or bottom; -jann, see -fänger, 2. Schliden, see Schlid, II.

Schliden, (str.) m. see Schlid.

Schliden, (str.) v. *intr.* (l. u.) see Schliden, (str.) m. *Sport.* torrier, see Dachs-Schliden, see Schlid.

Schliden, (str.) m. *provinc.* loam. [*turn.*]

Schliden, (u.) v. tr. *Mar.* to jam (Zuschliden-Schlidenanker, (str.) m. *Build.* gable-anchor, cramp-iron.

Schlidenbar, adj. 1) that may be locked, closed; 2) *Ag.* deducible, inferrible.

Schliden... (from Schliden), in comp. -baum, m. bar, lock of a harbour; -blech, n. 1) *Plum.* striking-plate, rundle; 2) *Lock-sm.* scutecheon; -bolzen, m. spring-bolt.

Schließe, (u.) f. 1) fastening pin; 2) see Schließhaken; 3) book-clasp; 4) *Hydr.* shutter, hatch.

Schließelisen, (str.) n. clasp.

Schließen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to shut, lock, close; 2) to finish, end, conclude, close; 3) to conclude, make (a bargain, a treaty, &c.), to contract (friendship, a marriage, &c.); 4) to conclude, reason, ratiocinate, argue, gather, infer (aus, from); einen Verbrüder - to fetter a criminal; den Nachtrab - to close or to bring up the rear; einen Vergleich - to come to an agreement or to terms; eine Wette - to lay a wager; cine Form - *Typ.* to lock up; einen Strich - to form a circle; in seine Arme - to embrace, clasp; in sich - to comprehend, include; Comm-s. cine Rechnung - to settle, make up, close, or balance an account; das Hauptbuch - to balance the ledger; II. *intr.* 1) to shut, &c.; 2) a) to suit the lock (of a key); das Schloß schließt nicht, the lock goes wrong; b) to join well; to lock; to sit close, to sit; Fenster, welche nicht -, windows that do not close; 3) to close, finish; cine Gefächte, welche nicht mit der Zeit schließt, a story which does not end in marriage; III. *refl.* 1) to shut, close; to lock; to get a heart (of cabbage); 2) to end; ich die Hefen, bolting axes; die ich die Hefen, Lock-sm. draw-back belt; geschloffen reiten, 1. to sit firm or fast on horse-back; 2. *Nit.* to ride in serried ranks; ein geschloffenes Ganze, a whole complete in itself; ein dicht- or enggeschloffenes Ganze, a compact whole; die geschlossene Gesellschaft, private society; die geschlossene Kette, *Nach.* endless chain; cine geschlossene Körperchaft, a corporate body; ein geschloffenes Pferd, a well baralled horse; das geschlossene Quadrat, *Nit.* solid square. [*Schließen*, I.

Schließen, (str.) v. tr. *provinc.* for Schließer, (str.) m. 1) a) door-keeper; b) jailer, turnkey; 2) captain of a port; 3) store-keeper, caterer; 4) see Schließmuffel.

Schließerin, (u.) f. 1) door-keeper; 2) cateress.

Schließ... (from Schließen), in comp. -feder, f. 1) locking-spring; 2) *Horol.* spring-bolt; -frucht, f. *Bot.* achenium; -gat, n. see Schließgat; -geld, n. jailer's fee; -gebirte, m. see -quadritzen; -bahn, m. *Nach.* stop-cock; -haken, m., -hölz, n. *Corp.* under-rafter; -huppe, f. *Lock-sm.* staple (of a lock), box-staple; -kriß, m. wedge, quoin, wrench; -kette, f. barring-chain; -hammer, f. *Corp.* iron-dog, holdfast; -flusen, m. see -haken; -knie, n. pl. des Galions, *Mar.* cheeks of the head; -korb, m. basket with a lid, flap-basket; -krumpe, f. catch.

Schließlich, I. adj. ultimate (object, end); II. adv. lastly, finally, in conclusion, to conclude, in fine, ultimately.

Schließ... (from Schließen), in comp. -muffel, m., -muffelstein, n. *Anal.* sphincter, constrictor; -nagel, m. 1) iron bolt; poll-bolt; 2) *Typ.* shooting-stick; -quadritzen, n. *Typ.* M. quadrat; -riegel, m. *Lock-sm.* bolt, dead bolt; -säge, f. sash-saw; -stein, m. *Print.* imposing stone.

Schließung, (u.) f. the (act of) shutting, &c.; conclusion; closure; - cine Rechnung, balance of an account.

Schließ, (str.) m. 1) a) the (act or mode of) grinding, &c. cf. Schließen; b) polish; 2) see Schließel; 3) doughy place in a loaf of bread, &c.; ich habe - gebacken, coll. my cake is dough.

Schließel, (str.) m. *provinc.* see Schließel &c.

Schließel, adj. doughy, dough-baked, slack-baked; (of potatoes) waxy.

Schlissim, I. adj. 1) ill, bad, evil; sad, sorry; 2) arch, cunning; 3) a) a sore (of

wounds, &c.); b) unwell, see Schlief, II. II. adv. ill, badly, &c.; immer sch-er, worse and worse; wenn es zum Sch-ten kommt, see Wrg; es wird mir -, I feel unwell. [*provinc.*]

Schlissimling, (str.) m. (l. u.) bad, wicked

Schlissimpe, (u.) f. see Schließfamme.

Schling, (str.) m. iron grating of a sluice.

Schling... in comp. -baum, m. *Bot.* 1)

tanner's sumach (*Rhus coriaria* L.); 2) traveller's-joy (*Hamiditis vicia* L.); 3) wayfaring-tree (*Viburnum lantana* L.); -schlingerbe, f. *Med.* difficulty of deglutition, dysphagia; -schling, f. *Bot.* cowhage (*Dolichos pruriens* L.).

Schling, (u.) f. 1) loop; noose; running knot; 2) *Sport.* spring, snare, gin; trap; 3) thong; *Surg.* sling; 4) *Bot.* tendril; Schling-stellen, legen, to lay snares; sich aus der - ziehen, *Ag.* to slip (one's neck out of) the collar, to make one's escape; in die - gehen, to swallow the bait; in die - bringen, to ensnare; geschlingen, p. a. *Horol.* novel, knotted. [*fellow*, see Fiege, 2 &c.

Schlingel, (str.) m. an insolent, saucy

Schling, (str.) v. I. tr. & *intr.* 1) to wind, twine, twist; to sling; to entwine; in einander -, to intertwine, intertwist; to cross (one's arms); 2) to swallow greedily, to devour; II. *refl.* to wind, turn.

Schling, (str.) m. 1) *conf.* gobble-gut, glutton; 2) python (*Python* *horris* Cav.).

Schling, (str.) m. *Mar.* rolling vessel.

Schling, (u.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to roll; heftig -, to reel.

Schling... in comp. *Mar-s.* -parbuse, f. preventer or shifting-backstay; -schling, m. bungling, lubberly, or bad tack; -flag, m. second preventer-stay; -Rod, m. see Schöpf.

Schling... in comp. -fels, m. coll. greedy person, greedy-guts; -schläger, n. pl. *Hydr.* horizontal balks of a sluice; -nagel, m. T. hitch-pin; -pflanze, f. climber, tendrill, creeping plant, creeper; -strauch, m. *Bot.* guilder-rose (*Echneballen*, 2); -sticht, f. greediness, gluttony.

Schlingung, (u.) f. 1) the (act of) slinging, winding, &c., cf. Schlingen I, I. II; 2) bend, winding.

Schlingwurm, m. see Raupwurmsgrille.

Schling, (u.) f. see Schließfaden.

Schling, (str.) m. *provinc.* 1) (land)-jalip; 2) tail of a coat. [*3*] see Schlipf.

Schling, (u.) f. 1) narrow place or way; Schling, (u.) v. *intr.* das Antreten - lassen, *Mar.* to veer away the cable to the end.

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ᄒᄒᄒ, (*str.*) *m.* 1) slit, slash; rift, cleft; 2) plaques (of a woman's petticoat, &c.); 3) *Archil.* glyph; *in comp.* —*auge*, *m.* narrow (and oblique) eye; —*äugig*, *adj.* having narrow (and oblique) eyes; —*bräuner*, *m.* T. bat's-wing burner; —*bruch*, *m.* *Surg.* longitudinal fracture (of the patella); —*eissen*, *n.* *Silv.* separator.

ᄒᄒᄒ'en, (*v.*) *v. l. tr.* to slit, slash, gash, to rift, cleave; *II. intr.* to alit, split, tear.

ᄒᄒᄒ'..., *in comp.* —*fenster*, *n.* oylet, gap-window; —*graben*, *m.* long and small ditch; —*hauer*, *m.* *Mün.* cutter; —*mantel*, *m.* a woman's cloak with arm-holes but no sleeves, slip; —*messer*, *m.* *Surg.* lancet; —*saag*, *f.* *Join.*, &c. saab- (or slash-saw); —*sauger*, *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒapfen*. [*slite*].

ᄒᄒᄒ'ig, *adj.* (*also in comp.*) having (...)

ᄒᄒᄒ'ist, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'ist'ig*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'nen, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'nen*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'nen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *to twist slightly (the wool).*

ᄒᄒᄒ'weck, *adj.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'weck*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *to break up (an old ship).*

ᄒᄒᄒ'zer, *ᄒᄒᄒ'zer*, (*str.*) *m.* locksmith.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zerer, (*v.*) *f.* 1) locksmith's trade; 2) workshop of a locksmith.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zer..., *in comp.* —*gefell*, *m.* journeyman locksmith; —*handwerk*, *m.* locksmith's trade; —*innung*, *f.* company of locksmiths.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zer, (*v.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* to do locksmith's work.

ᄒᄒᄒ, (*str.*, *pl.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'zer*) *n.* 1) a) lock; b) snap; clasp (of a bracelet, &c.); c) iron-frame, hose (of a printing-press); d) *Mar.* latch of a bonnet; 2) a) castle, palace; b) manner-house; unter — und Riegel, under lock and key.

ᄒᄒᄒ'..., *in comp.* —*auffecher*, *m.* castle-keeper; —*ballen*, *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'ballen*; —*beamte*, *tr.* *m.* officer in a castle or palace; —*bein*, *n.* *Anat.* huckle-bone; —*beifügig*, *n.* lock-furniture; —*beutel*, *m.* lock-purse; —*blatt*, —*blech*, *n.* *Lock-sm.* 1) cap, main-plate, 2) scutocheon; —*blechfeilen*, *n.* *Gum-sm.* stay for the lock plate; —*brunnen*, *m.* well of a castle.

ᄒᄒᄒ'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *ᄒᄒᄒ*, *provinc. d.*) 1) *ᄒᄒᄒ'lein*, *str.* *n.* 1) locklet; map; 2) castlet. [*bow-compasses*].

ᄒᄒᄒ'cirfel, (*str.*) *m.* T. a large pair of *ᄒᄒᄒ'ze*, *s. l.* (*v.*) *f.* large hall-stone, *pl.* hall; *II. in comp.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'nforn*, *n.* hall-stone; *ᄒᄒᄒ'nfurner*, *m.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'nfurner*, *n.* hall-storm.

ᄒᄒᄒ'fen, (*v.*) *v. imper.* to hail.

ᄒᄒᄒ'..., *in comp.* —*feber*, *f.* spring of a lock; —*freiheit*, *f.* precincts of a castle (usually enclosed with a wall) enjoying certain privileges; —*garten*, *m.* garden of a castle or palace; —*gat*, —*gölz*, *n.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'gat*; —*graben*, *m.* moat of a castle; —*hauptmann*, *m.* castellan, governor of a castle or palace; —*hof*, *m.* castle-yard; —*hofz*, *n.* *Mar.* collar-beam; (*des Bugsprietels*) chock (of the bowsprit); (*der Stengen*) fid; —*kasten*, *m.* *Lock-sm.* rim or box of a lock; —*kirche*, *f.* church of a castle; —*krant*, *m.* *Bot.* hemipagrismy (*Wafferhanf*, 2); —*messer*, *n.* T. slot-knife; —*nagel*, *m.* 1) a) pole-pin (of a wagon); b) limber-bolt (*Wagenagel*); 2) a) (*der große*) dog-nail, jobbent nail; b) (*der kleine*) tack (of upholstery, &c.); —*platz*, *m.* castle-place, palace-square; —*preisiger*, *m.* chaplain; —*rad*, *n.* *Horol.* circular plate; —*reif*, *m.* *Coop.* hoop in the wards; —*riegel*, *m.* bolt of a lock; —*spitzer*, *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'ze*, a; —*ther*, *n.* castle-gate; —*thurm*, *m.* castle-tower, castle-spire; —*verwalter*, —*wogt*, *m.* castellan, castle-keeper; judiciary of a castle; —*wogt*, *f.* castellany; jurisdiction of a castellan; —*wache*, *f.* 1) castle-watch, castle-ward;

2) guard-house in a castle or palace; —*wächter*, *m.* castellan, keeper of a castle.

ᄒᄒᄒ'weiss, *adj.* *coll.* snow-white (*ᄒᄒᄒ'weiss*).

ᄒᄒᄒ'zirfel, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'zirfel*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'ze, (*str.*) *m.* 1) chimney, flue; 2) sink, common sewer, drain; *in comp.* —*feget*, —*feher*, —*feiger*, *m.* chimney-sweeper; *Mar-s* —*gat*, *n.* fid-hole; —*gölz*, *n.* 1) fid; 2) *fig.* inexperienced sailor, lubber, raw-hand.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sediment of salt (after boiling); 2) *provinc.* the (act of) quaking, shaking, &c.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zer... (*from* *ᄒᄒᄒ'zer*), *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* *Romol.* calville; —*büschig*, *adj.* swag-bellied; —*bein*, *n.* —*fuß*, *m.* loose, shaking leg or foot; —*beinig*, —*füßig*, *adj.* not firm in the legs; —*ei*, *n.* stale egg; —*faß*, *n.* whetstone-case (of mowers); —*gang*, *m.* slouching walk; —*gefen*, *f.* *pl.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'zer*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'zerig, *I. adj.* 1) loose, flabby, flapping, shaking, tottering, dangling; 2) negligent, slovenly; *II. ᄒᄒᄒ'zeit*, (*v.*) *f.* looseness, &c.

ᄒᄒᄒ'termisch, (*v.*) *f.* curdled milk.

ᄒᄒᄒ'tern, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to dangle, flap, shake, to hang, sit, or sit loose, to clack, knock.

ᄒᄒᄒ'terig, (*v.*) *f.* 1) a loose, flapping ear.

ᄒᄒᄒ'tal, (*v.*) *f.* 1) a deep dale between two hills, hollow, glen, ravine; hollow way, delfle; 2) *fig.* gulf.

ᄒᄒᄒ'ten, (*v.*) *v. intr.* 1) to sob; 2) to hiccough; *bas* — *s.* (*str.*) 1) sobbing; 2) *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'ten*, *II.*

ᄒᄒᄒ'ter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sobber; 2) hiccup.

ᄒᄒᄒ'tud, (*str.*, *pl.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'tude* & *ᄒᄒᄒ'tude*) *m.* 1) sup, gulp; 2) draught, dram; glass of something.

ᄒᄒᄒ'ten, *I. (v.) v. tr. & intr.* 1) to swallow; 2) *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'ten*; *II. s. (str.) m.* (*or* *ᄒᄒᄒ'tauf*, *m.*) hiccough, hiccup.

ᄒᄒᄒ'ter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) devourer; 2) *fig.* parasite, sponge; ein armer —, a poor (starving) wretch; 3) *Ornith.* a) wood-pelican (*Rimmerlatt*, 2); b) goat-sucker (*Ziegenmelker*); c) goosander (*Eggetaucher*).

ᄒᄒᄒ'..., *in comp.* —*feber*, *n.* fever attended with hiccoughing; —*hald*, *m.* greedy fellow, glutton; —*welle*, *adv.* by draughts, gulps. [*blue clay, poor clay*].

ᄒᄒᄒ'f, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Sport track (of game); *ᄒᄒᄒ'fel*, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'fel*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'f, (*v.*) *f.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'f*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'f, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* amber of an inferior quality in large pieces.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) slumber, nap; 2) *fig.* dormant state, torpor.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mer, (*str.*) *m.* slumberer.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mer..., *in comp.* —*feber*, *n.* fever accompanied with drowsiness or lethargy; —*gott*, *m.* the god of sleep, Morpheus; —*hügel*, *m.* tomb, grave; —*lopf*, *m.* drowsy person; —*örner*, *n.* *pl.* poppy-seeds; —*lieb*, *n.* lullaby, song to lull to sleep.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mern, (*v.*) *v. intr.* 1) to slumber, to doze; 2) to lie dormant; to be latent.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mer..., *in comp.* —*stütte*, —*stelle*, *f.* sleeping place; —*sucht*, *f.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'mer*; —*thier*, *n.* sloth. [*fall*].

ᄒᄒᄒ'mp, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. G.*) *coll.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'mp*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mp, (*v.*) *f.* *coll.* slut, slattern, hussy.

ᄒᄒᄒ'men, *ᄒᄒᄒ'mern*, (*v.*) *v. coll.* *I. intr.* to trail, draggle, dangle; *II. tr. 1) see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'men*; 2) to do negligently or hurriedly.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mer, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* 1) gown with a train; 2) train; 3) draggled; —*lieb*, *n.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'mer*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'mig, *ᄒᄒᄒ'mig*, *adj.* *coll.* slut-tish, nasty, dirty, sloppy, slovenly.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm..., *in comp.* —*schlag*, *m.* random-blow; —*schläger*, *m.* inconsiderate man; —*(s)weife*, *adv.* by mere chance.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*str.*, *pl.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*) *m.* 1) throat, gullet, *Anat.* oesophagus; 2) chasm, gulf, abyss; 3) *Gumm.* mouth (of a cannon); 4) *Bot.* faux; *in comp.* —*brüner*, *f.* *Med.* quinsy (*Rachenbrüune*); *Anat-s* —*brüfe*, *f.* thyroid gland; —*lopf*, *m.* pharynx; —*lopf...* (*in comp.*), pharyngeal (vein, nerve, artery); —*lopfstücker*, *m.* constrictor of the pharynx; —*lähmung*, *f.* paralysis of the muscles of the pharynx, pharyngoplegia; —*müffel*, *m.* oesophagean muscle; —*öffnung*, *f.* *Surg.* pharyngotomy; —*röhre*, *f.* —*roßter*, *m.* *Surg.* probang; —*staphylom*, *m.* *Anat.* pharyngo-staphyline.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*str.*) *m.* Mar. dark-lantern.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) slipping, &c.; 2) *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*; —*stent*, *f.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to slip; to glide.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*str.*) *m.* wren (*ᄒᄒᄒ'm*).

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to be slippery.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm..., *in comp.* —*gang*, *m.* haunt; —*hefen*, *m.* Mar. creek, cove; —*füng*, *m.* wren (*ᄒᄒᄒ'm*); —*loch*, *n.* 1) hole to slip into, loop-hole; 2) Sport a gap in a hedge, muset; —*pforte*, *f.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, *I. adj.* 1) slippery; *fig-s.* 2) indecent, obscene, lascivious, lewd; 3) dangerous; nice; —*machen*, —*erhalten*, to lubricate; *II. ᄒᄒᄒ'm*, (*v.*) *f.* lubricity; 1) slipperiness; 2) *fig.* lasciviousness, &c., obscenity.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm..., *in comp.* —*ther*, *m.* postern; —*wegste*, *f.* *Entom.* ichneumon-fly (*Ichneumon* Grav.); —*winkel*, *m.* skulking-place, hiding-place, lurking-hole, haunt, (hidden) recess.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*v.*) *v. tr.* *to line*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, (*v.*) *v. l. tr. & intr.* to lap, sip; *II. (or* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*) *intr.* *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, *s. l. (str., pl. ᄒᄒᄒ'm)* *m.* 1) the (act of) shutting, &c. *f.* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*; 2) *Man.* sitting, sit, firm seat (on horseback); 3) *Archit.* head of a window or floor; 4) end, close, conclusion; —*ein Reth*, conclusion, winding up of a speech; *Rhet.* peroration; 5) resolution; decrees, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*; 6) treaty, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*; 7) conclusion, inference; *Log.* syllogism, logical deduction; *einem* —*machen*, *geben*, to draw a conclusion, an inference; 8) (*Kauf im Parlament*) Time! der Ruf nach „I“, shouts of “Time!”, nach dem —*der Debatte verlangen*, to call for “the question”; 9) *Comm.* —*auf Geben und Nehmen*, put and call; *jum* —*bringen*, to terminate; *jum* —, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*; *II.* nach dem —*unfres Briefes*, since concluding our letter; *ᄒᄒᄒ'm* *geben*, to draw conclusions; *ᄒᄒᄒ'm* *geben* von ... auf ... (*with Acc.*), to argue from ... to ...; *ᄒᄒᄒ'm* *bauen* auf (*with Acc.*), to reason upon ...

ᄒᄒᄒ'm..., *in comp.* (*Wiener*) —*acte*, *f.* final act (of the treaty of Vienna); —*art*, *f.* mode of conclusion; —*ballen*, *m.* *Corp.* upper horizontal timber in a roof, ridge-piece; —*band*, *m.* volume completing a work; —*bein*, *n.* hip-bone; —*bemerkung*, *f.* final concluding or closing observation or remark; —*berrechnung*, *f.* 1) Law, audit; 2) *or* —*blünn*, *f.* *see* —*rechnung*; —*beifeld*, *m.* *see* —*urtheil*; —*bler*, *m.* treat of beer given to the masons on completing a building; —*blatt*, *n.* *Join.* hand-saw; —*bret*, *n.* *Hydr.* flood-gate; —*bund*, *see* *ᄒᄒᄒ'm*.

ᄒᄒᄒ'm, *s. l. (str.) m.* 1) key; der deutsche or gebohrte —, pipe-key; der französische —, key with a solid shank; 2) *Dent.* key instrument; 3) *Mus.* cleft, key; 4) *fig.* cue, thread; *II. in comp.* —*abte*, *f.* *Anat-s.* 1) *or* —*bein* (*ᄒᄒᄒ'm*);

Schmei'chel... (from *Schmei'cheln*), *in comp.* flattery, coaxing.

Schmei'cheln, (*v.*) *f.* flattery, adulation.

Schmei'chelt, *I. or Schmei'cheltich*, *adj.* flattery; adulatory, fawning, coaxing; er legte mir viel Sch-*ch.* he told me many pretty (flattering) things, he complimented me (wegen, über *with Acc.*), on; II. *Sch-igelt*, (*v.*) *f.* flatteringness. [fawning person.

Schmei'chelte, (*v.*) *f.* coll. flatterer.

Schmei'cheln, (*v.*) *v. intrans.* (with *Dat.*) to flatter; to coax, caress; fawn upon; sich —, to flatter or hug one's self, to plume one's self (upon); to boast (of); er schmei'chelt ihren Bekehrten, he panders to their prejudices.

Schmei'chel... (from *Schmei'cheln*), *in comp.* —rede, *f.* —wort, *n.* flattering speech, word; —lust, *f.* desire of flattering.

Schmei'chen, (*v.*) *s. tr.* *Waz.* to drees (the warp).

Schmei'cher, (*str.*) *m.* flatterer, adulator; *Sch-in*, (*v.*) *f.* adulteress.

Schmei'big, *adj.* see *Schmei'big*.

Schmei'bigen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to make soft, pliant, ductile.

Schmei'ß, (*str.*) *m.* dirt, filth, excrement.

Schmei'ße, (*v.*) *f.* see *Schmei'ßige*.

Schmei'ßen, (*str.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* 1) coll. to smite, strike, &c., see *Schlagen*, 1, a & *Werfen*, 1, 1; 2) to kick (of horses); 3) to blow, deposit eggs (of insects).

Schmei'ßige, (*v.*) *f.* *Entom.* blue-bottle, blow-fly, muck-fly (*Musca vomitoria* L.).

Schmei'ßwerter, (*str.*) *m.* coll. miner earning high wages.

Schmei'te, (*v.*) *f.* *Mar.* tack (of a sail).

Schmei'te, (*v.*) *f.* see *Schmei'te*, 1.

Schmei'ten, (*v.*) *v. intrans.* province. to shoulder, smother.

Schmei'te, *Schmei'te*, (*v.*) *f.* see *Schmei'te*.

Schmei'te, (*v.*) *f.* *Lith.* see *Sanbal*, 1 & 2.

Schmei'ß, (*str.*) *m.* 1) enamel; bugles (for embroidery); 2) *Paint.* fusion of colours; 3) *fig.* bloom.

Schmei'ß... (from *Schmei'ß* & *Schmei'ßeln*), *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* 1) enamel; 2) smelting; —arbeiter, *m.* 1) enameller; 2) smelter.

Schmei'ßbar, *I. adj.* fusible; II. *Sch-heit*, (*v.*) *f.* fusibility.

Schmei'ß... (from *Schmei'ß* & *Schmei'ßeln*), *in comp.* —blumen, *n.* *Bot.* upright meadow-crowfoot (*Ranunculus acris* L.); —buck, *m.* bower of a foundry; —butter, *f.* *Cook.* & *Comm.* melted butter; cooking-butter.

Schmei'ße, (*v.*) *f.* 1) see *Schmei'ßung*; 2) see *Schmei'ßhütte*; 3) quantity of metal for smelting. [cast iron.

Schmei'ßeisen, (*str.*) *n.* raw-iron, pig or *Schmei'ßen*, *v. I. (str.) intrans.* (aus. sein) 1) to melt; to dissolve, liquify; to smelt; see *Senfen*, 6; 2) *fig.* to be reduced, to diminish; schmei'ßende Töne, dying sounds; II. (*v. & l. p.*) *str.* 1) to melt, smelt; to dissolve, liquify, fuse; 2) to enamel.

Schmei'ßer, (*str.*) *m.* melter, smelter.

Schmei'ß... (from *Schmei'ß* & *Schmei'ßeln*), *in comp.* —effe, *f.* *T.* caldery; —farbe, *f.* vitrifiable pigment or colour; mit —farben meln, (to paint in) enamel; —fener, *n.* melting-fire, smelting-fire; —gast, *m.* miner who has his ore melted in another's furnace; —glas, *n.* enamel; —herd, *n.* smelting-hearth; —hütte, *f.* smelting-house; —lanten, —lipen, *f. pl.* borders or fringes of bugle-work; —lust, *f.* 1) art of melting or smelting; 2) art of enamelling; —löffel, *m.* melting-spoon; —ofen, *m.* melting furnace; forgo, smelting-oven; from-*v.* blast-furnace; —maler, *m.* enameller; —maleret, *f.* enamelling; —puust, *m.* fusing or melting-point; —röhren, *n.* melting-pipe, fusing-tube; —silber, *n.* silver for plating; —stahl, *m.*

cast-steel; —tiegel, *m.* crucible, (or —topf, *m.*) melting- or casting-pot; —trug, *m.* melting-trough.

Schmei'ßung, (*v.*) *f.* the (act or state of) melting, &c., cf. *Schmelzen*; fusion, liquefaction; *Sch-mittel*, *n.* *Found.* flux.

Schmei'ß... (from *Schmei'ß* & *Schmelzen*), *in comp.* —werk, *n.* 1) enamelling, enamelled work; 2) smelting-house, smelting-work; —zeug, *n.* smelting-gear.

Schmër, (*str.*) *n.* fat, suet, grease; *in comp.* —apfel, *m.* *Pomol.* a kind of late apple with a greasy skin; —bauch, *m.* 1) *Anat.* abdomen; 2) *ind.* paunch; —blume, *f.* marsh-marigold (*Butterblume*, 2); —butter, *f.* *Lith.* surmullet (*Seebarbe*); *Min-s.* —erz, *n.* shining silver-ore; —gebirge, *n.* stratum of clay.

Schmër'gel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Schmërgel*; (*Schmër'gen*, *sc.* see *Schmërgeln*); 2) (*or Schmër'bel*) see *Schmërmurg*, 5.

Schmër'haut, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sch-häute*) *f.* *Anat.* adipose membrane.

Schmër'ig, *adj.* greasy.

Schmër'..., *in comp.* —fett, *m.* *Min.* fat lime; —fram, *m.* fat, oily goods; —frent, *m.* see —wurz, 1.

Schmër'te, (*v.*) *f.* 1) or *Schmër't*, *Schmër'tling*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* merlin (*Falco acedon* L.); 2) *Lith.* loach, groundling (*Odobius barbatula* L.).

Schmër'..., *in comp.* —lerche, *f.* see *Heidelcrche*, 2; —linde, *f.* *Bot.* large-leaved lime-tree (*Tilia grandifolia* Ehrh.); —stein, *m.* *Min.* steatite, Spanish chalk; —vogel, *m.* see *Heidelcrche*, 2; —wurz, —wurz, *f.* *Bot.* 1) butter-wort, grease-wort (*Pinguicula vulgaris* L.); 2) comfrey (*Symphitum officinale* L.); 3) black bryony, bind-wood (*Tamus communis* L.); 4) white bryony (*Junonrbe*); 5) good King Harry (der gute Heinrich); 6) bird's-nest, pine-sap (*Ohnblatt*).

Schmër'z, (*irr.*) *sing. str.*, *pl. v.* *m.* 1) pain, ache, smart; 2) affliction, grief, sorrow; mit Sch-en erwarten, to await anxiously or impatiently; mit Sch-en denehmen, to learn to one's sorrow.

Schmër'zdrückbeert, *adj.* pierced with pain, heart-struck.

Schmër'zen, (*v.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* to pain (to give or feel pain), to smart, ache; to afflict, grieve; es schmërzt mich sehr (tief), I am much pained; it grieves me to the very heart.

Schmër'zen..., *in comp.* —fiebernd, see *Schmër'zfeilend*; —reich, see *Schmër'zreich*.

Schmër'zens..., *in comp.* —geld, *n.* smart-money; —kind, *n.* child of grief or trouble; —lager, *m.* sick-bed; —mutter, *f.* (holy) mother of sorrows (i. e. the mother of Christ); —reich, *adj.* painful; afflicted; —ruf, —ton, —schrei, *m.* doleful accent, exclamation, cry of pain; —sohn, *m.* son, man of sorrow, pain; —stunde, *f.* —tag, *m.* hour, day of grief, pain; —zeit, *f.* time of affliction.

Schmër'zfrei, see *Schmër'zlos*.

Schmër'zhaft, *I. adj.* painful; II. *Sch-igelt*, (*v.*) *f.* painfulness.

Schmër'zlos, *I. adj.* painful, grievous, afflicting, sore; —entbehen, to miss sadly or sorely; II. *Sch-heit*, (*v.*) *f.* painfulness, &c., affliction.

Schmër'zlos, *adj.* painless, without pain; *Sch-igelt*, (*v.*) *f.* painlessness.

Schmër'..., *in comp.* —stillend, *adj.* allaying or soothing pain, anodyne; —voll, see *Schmër'zlos*.

Schmër'terling, (*str.*) *m.* *Entom.* butterfly, papilio.

Schmër'terlings..., *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* papilionaceous; —blume, *m.* papilionaceous flower; —fange, *f.* butterfly-catcher; —flsch, *m.* *Lith.* butterfly-fish (*Blennius ocellaris* L.).

Schmër'tern, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* to dash, crash; II. *intrans.* to sound shrill, to clang, ring, to fanfare (of trumpets); to peal (of thunder); to warble, quaver (of birds); das —, *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* clanging, blast (of a trumpet); warbling, &c. [Schmër'ten.

Schmër'te, *Schmër'ten*, see *Schmër'te*.

Schmër'te, (*pr.* schmër't; less correct, though usual, forms: *Schmër'te*, *Schmër'te*, *Schmër'te*), (*str.* *Gen.* des Schmër'tes [*l. u.* Schmër'te], *Dat.* dem Schmër'te [*l. u.* Schmër'te]; *pl.* die Schmër'te [*provinc. coll.* die Schmër'te]) *m.* 1) smith; 2) —läser, *Entom.* skipper, spring-beetle (*Eidid* L.); Jeder ist seines Glückes —, proverb, every man is the architect of his own fortune. [*f.* malleability.

Schmër'ter, *I. adj.* malleable; II. *Sch-heit*, *Schmër'te*, (*v.*) *f.* forge, smithy, smithery; see —werstatt; *coll-s.* vor die rechte — gehen, to go to the right shop; vor die unrechte — gehen, to get into the wrong box.

Schmër'te... (from *Schmër'ten* & *Schmër'te*), *in comp.* —amboss, *m.* a smith's anvil; —arbeit, *f.* smith's work, work done in a smithery; —blasbalg, *m.* forge-bellows; —essen (*Schmër'teisen*), *n.* 1) forged or wrought iron; 2) malleable iron; —esse, *f.* forge; —fener, *n.* forge-fire, smith's hearth, forge; —feuergebläse, *n.* forge-bellows; smith's bellows; smith's blowing-machine (*T. Thack*); —fladen, *m.* forge-mark, hammer-mark; —geräth, *m.* smith's tools, forge-tools; —hammer, *m.* a smith's hammer, (*durch Maschine bewegt*) forge-hammer; (*mit einer Hand geführt*) hand-hammer; (*Wortschlag- or Zugschlaghammer*) sledge-hammer, two-handed hammer; —handwerk, *n.* smith's trade; —herd, *m.* (a smith's) hearth, fire-place; —helfer, *m.* smith's journeyman; —lohe, *f.* forge-coal, smithy coal; —lust, *f.* the art of a smith, smithing; —maschine, *f.* forging-machine; —meister, *m.* 1) master smith; 2) (*opp.* *Zuschläger*) headman of the strikers, foreman, maker; —meißel, *m.* forging-chisel.

Schmër'ten, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to forge; 1) *a)* to fabricate by the forge; *b)* in Eisen —, to enchain (a criminal); geschmëdetes Eisen, wrought iron; ein geschmëdetes Nagel, a wrought nail; rund —, to round (a piece of iron) upon the bickern; 2) *fig.* to frame, devise, plot, scheme, coin, fabricate.

Schmër'te... (from *Schmër'ten* & *Schmër'te*), *in comp.* —schlacke, *f.* forge-slag, iron dross; —sluter, *m.* iron sparx (*Schmër'tschlag*, 2); —stod, *m.* block or stock of an anvil; —weise geschlagenes Tau, *Rope-m.* pointed rope; —werstatt, *f.* workshop of a smith, smithy, forge; —wertzeug, *m.* smith's tool; —zeuge, *f.* tongs used by the blacksmith, blacksmith's tongs; forge-tongs; —zunder, *m.* see —fener.

Schmër'te, (*v.*) *f.* 1) bent, inclination, angle; 2) *Corp.*, *Join.* bevel; 3) carpenter's rule, folding-scale.

Schmër'ten, (*v.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to bend; 2) *T.* to bevel; II. *refl.* 1) to bond, wind; to cling, to lend itself (an *with Acc.*), to; to nestle (close to); to crouch, lie close (to the ground, &c.); 2) to cringe, humble one's self, to submit (unter *with Acc.*), to; sich — und biegen, to creep and crouch.

Schmër'tsam, *I. adj.* 1) flexuous, pliant, flexible, limber, supple; 2) *fig.* pliant, un-missive; II. *Sch-heit*, (*v.*) *f.* flexuosity, &c.

Schmër'te, (*v.*) *f.* 1) *Bot.* hair-grass (*Aira crepillosa* L.); 2) see *Schmër'te*.

Schmër'ten, *pl. coll.* scrawlings.

Schmër't... (from *Schmër'ten*), *in comp.* —arzt, *m.* coll. quack-salver; —blume, *m. pl.* *Mar.* preventer-skids; —buch, *n.* *Comm.* waste-book, minute-book; —büchse, *f.* grease-box, *Rulle*. (*or* —behälter, *m.*) grease-cup.

Schmër'te, (*v.*) *f.* 1) *a)* grease; *b)* coll.

for *Selbe*, 1; c) dirt; 2) coll. a thrashing, flogging. [containing] *grasse*.

Schmier'eimer, m., *Schmier'faß*, n. vessel to grease, *see* *Einschmieren*; b) to spread (butter on bread, &c.), to butter; 2) to oil; to salve; 3) *fig.* to scrawl; to scribble; to daub; coll.-s. 4) to bribe; 5) to drub, thrash; den Wein —, to adulterate wine; *only-s.* *Einem etwas ins Maul —*, to make a thing plain to one; *Einem Drei ins oder ums Maul —*, to amuse one with idle hopes or vain promises; *wer gut schmirt, der gut fährt*, grease (pay) well and you will go fast; *es geht wie geschmirt*, things go on swimmingly. [acc. of *Schmieren*.

Schmier'er, (str.) m. scrawler; scribbler, *Schmier'erel*, (w.) f. the (act of) smearing, &c. of *Schmieren*; (a piece of) scrawling, scribbling, scrawl, daub.

Schmier'... (from *Schmieren*), in comp. —*faul*, m. *see* *hammel*; —*gering*, f. *Mar.* preventive leech-line (of the top-sail); —*gahn*, m. *Nach* grease-cock; —*hammel*, m. coll. dirty fellow; —*hölle*, f. pl. *see* *Leig-brüllen*; —*höliger*, m. pl. *see* *Bäume*.

Schmier'ig, I. adj. greasy, smeary, sloppy, slabby; *Boi.* viscous, glutinous; II. *Sch-leit*, (w.) f. grossness.

Schmier'... (from *Schmieren*), in comp. —*faul*, m. soft cheese; *wh.-cheese*; —*leder*, n. leather dressed in train oil; —*mittel*, n. unguent; —*ofen*, m. pitch-furnace; —*pfannen*, f. pl. *Ship-b.* sliding-planks; —*pfaffen*, m. shot-plug; —*quast*, m. *Mar.* mop; —*rad*, n. *Mar.* truss-parrel; —*öl*, n. lubricating oil.

Schmier'fäul, (str.) n. *com.* salve, ointment.

Schmier'... (from *Schmieren*), in comp. —*faul*, f. (soft) salve; —*faul*, n. soabby sheep; —*felle*, f. barrel-soap, soft soap; —*lich*, m. *see* *faul*; —*wolle*, f. dirty wool.

Schmier'te, *see* *Schmitte*.
Schmir'..., in comp. —*apfel*, m. *Pomol.* a kind of autumn-apple; —*beere*, f. *Bot.* strawberry spinach, bilts (*Bilts* *capitatum* L.); —*bohne*, f. *Bot.* common kidney-bean, French bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris* L.); —*büchse*, —*büse*, f. paint-box.

Schmir'ke, (w.) f. 1) paint (for the face, body), rouge; 2) T. red colouring stuff or matter; 3) *fig.* fine outside, gloss, varnish.
Schmir'ken, (w.) v. tr. & refl. to (paint with) rouge, to patch.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*pflecken*, —*pflecken*, m. 1) patch, beauty-spot; 2) or —*pflecken*, m. Spanish clouds, Italian colouring rags (*Bejerten*); —*mittel*, n. cosmetic; —*rotz*, m. rouge; —*stein*, m. *Miner.* Muscovy-talc; —*topf*, m. rouge-pot, paint-pot; —*wasser*, n. beauty-water, wash; —*weiß*, n. flake-white; —*wurzel*, f. 1) stone-wood (*Steinfame*); 2) alkanet (*Achillea tinctoria* L.); 3) Solomon's-seal (*Eichemoneffigel*).

Schmir'gel, (str.) m. 1) soil in tobacco pipes; 2) (or *Schmergel*) *Miner.* & T. emery; —*schte*, f. —*flanz*, m. putty; —*cattun*, m. —*steinwand*, f. emery-cloth; —*felle*, f., —*holz*, n. emery-stock; —*selben*, m. *Gun-sm.* leading-rod (for polishing the inside of rifles).
Schmir'gein, (w.) v. tr. & intr. coll. 1) to soil; 2) to smoke (tobacco); 3) T. to rub or polish with emery; *Önd.*, &c. to glaze; *das — der Büchsenroste*, *Gun-sm.* draw-boring of barrels.

Schmir'gel..., in comp. —*papier*, n. emery-paper; —*schelbe*, f. glaser (for edge-tools).

Schmir'ig, (str.) m. 1) dash, stroke, bang, blow; kick; 2) *Stud. slang*, cut, wound (in duelling).

Schmir'iger, (str.) m. kicker (of horses).

Schmir'ite, (w.) f. *see* *Schlichte*.

Schmir'ig, (str.) m. 1) lash, cut (with a whip); 2) stain.

Schmir'ig, (w.) f. whip-lash, cracker.

Schmir'ig, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to lash, whip; 2) to soil, dirty; 3) T. to blacken; 4) *Typ.* to mackle. [peltmonger]

Schmir'iger, (str.) m. T. scourer (of skins), *Schmir'iglein*, (str.) n. *Pharm.* jujube lozenge.

Schmir'iger, *Schmir'ter*, (str.) m. coll. an old smoky-looking volume; *Schmir'tern*, (w.) v. intr. to pore over such books.

Schmir'bräuer, m. pouter.

Schmir'len, (w.) v. intr. to pout; to sulk, to be sulky.

Schmir'lig, adj. sulky.

Schmir'len, (w.) v. intr. or *Schmir'lis* trinken, *Stud. slang*, *see* *Trüberdicht* trinken.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*winkel*, m. post-ing-place; retired or solitary corner; —*zimmer*, n. private closet, boudoir.

Schmir'bräuer, (str.) m. stewed meat.

Schmir'ern, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to stew (plums, apples); to fry; 2) to swallow; *ge-schmir'ter Hase*, *Cook.* juggled hare.

Schmir'... (from *Schmieren*), in comp. —*fleisch*, n. *see* —*braten*; —*kartoffeln*, f. pl. potatoes baked in butter; —*pfanne*, f., —*pfel*, m. stewing or frying pan; —*stück*, n. piece of stewed meat; —*topf*, m. stewing-pot.

Schmir'terig, adj. *see* *Schmir'ig*. [profit]

Schmir'ig, (indoc.) m. *Jew. Germ.* (unfair)

Schmir'ig, I. adj. trim, tidy, neat, smart, pretty; *sch-tes Vieh* (*Schiller*), sleek cattle; II. a. (str.) m. 1) ornament, adornment, set-off, trinket, finery; attire, dress; 2) (set of) jewels; *reuerlicher* —, *fig.* flowers of rhetoric or speech.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*arbeit*, f. fancy-work; jewelry; —*baute*, f. *see* *Schmir'bohrer*.

Schmir'ebels, (str.) m. I. n. for *Stüper*.

Schmir'en, (w.) v. tr. to adorn, decorate; to grace; to attire, dress, trim.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*febern*, f. pl. fancy or ornamental feathers; —*gerüst*, n. *see* *Schmir'ig*; 1; —*hand*, f. *see* *Ruffhand*; —*händler*, m. jeweller; —*händler*, n. —*lassen*, m. casket, jewel-box; —*laden*, m. jeweller's shop; —*lilie*, f. *Bot.* African lily (*Agapanthus L'Hor.*).

Schmir'ig, I. adj. unadorned, devoid of ornament, simple; II. *Sch-geit*, f. the being without ornament.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*nabel*, f. dress-pin; —*reuerer*, f. flowery speaking, declamation; —*laden*, pl. jewels, ornaments, trinkets.

Schmir'ig, (w.) f. adornment, decoration.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*vogel*, m. *Ornith.* American wax wing (*Ampelis Americana* Wils.); —*voll*, adj. much adorned; —*ware*, f. jewelry, trinkets.

Schmir'bel, (str.) m. coll. *see* *Schlampe*; 2; *Schmir'belig*, adj. *see* *Schlampig*.

Schmir'gel, (str.) m., *Schmir'gelei*, (w.) f. smuggling; *Schmir'gein*, (w.) v. tr. to smuggle; *Schmir'gler*, (str.) m. smuggler.

Schmir'el, (str.) m. *Jew. Germ.* (origin. the Hebr. name *Sch'muel*, *Sammel*) cont. 1) designation of a Jew, cf. *Mausché*; 2) a (profitable) bargain. [smirk]

Schmir'gein, (w.) v. intr. to smirk, smile, *Schmir'ten*, *Schmir'ten*, (w.) v. intr. *Jew. Germ.* 1) to talk loud and lively (like vulgar Jews who want to make a bargain); 2) to seek to make bargains or (unfair) profit.

Schmir'gen, (w.) v. tr. T. to polish (clay-pipes).

Schmir'ig (province. [M. G.] *Schmir'ig*), (str.) m. dirt, filth, soil, smut, tarnish; *fig.* filth. *Schmir'...*, in comp. —*armel*, m. cover-suit; —*barte*, m. coll. dirty fellow;

—*legen*, m. *Privat.* waste sheet, monk-sheet; —*sch*, n. *see* *Schmir'ig*.

Schmir'ig, (province. [M. G.] *Schmir'ig*) (w.) v. I. intr. to soil, tarnish, to get dirty; II. tr. to entice (birds) by imitating their call. *Schmir'ig*, (w.) f. 1) dirty doings; 2) *fig.* scoldiness.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*farbe*, f. dirt or drab-colour, dull or dark colour; —*faul*, m. coll. dirty fellow; —*flechte*, f., —*grün*, m. *Med.* rhypha; —*sch*, m. dirty spot, stain; —*hammel*, —*igel*, m. coll. *see* —*faul*.

Schmir'ig, (province. [M. G.] *Schmir'ig*) I. adj. soiled, foul (linen, &c.), dirty, unclean, filthy, nasty; *fig.* filthy; equal (misery); sordid; —*weiß*, dull-white, dingy-white; dirty-white; II. *Sch-leit*, (w.) f. smuttiness, dirtiness, &c.

Schmir'..., in comp. —*flüster*, m. *Botan.* dung-beetle; —*loch*, m., —*sch*, f. dirty cook; —*tapfer*, m. wiper, clout; —*papier*, n. waste-paper; —*pfel*, f. a dirty paddle; —*rig*, m. rough sketch; —*sen*, m. (dirt of) the dagged bottom of a dress; —*sette*, f. *Typ.* slur or blank page; —*titel*, m. *Typ.* bastard title, outer title-page; —*sch*, m. *see* —*rig*.

Schmir'bel, a. I. (str., pl. *Schmir'bel*) m. (*dimin.* *Schmir'belchen*, (str.) n.) 1) bill, beak (of a bird; also *Bot.* of seeds), nib (of a pen); 2) *loc.* (small) mouth; 3) or *Schmir'bel*, *isch*, *see* *Schmir'ig*; 4) *Bot.* keel; spur; 5) beak-head, stem (of a ship); 6) T.-s. a) snout, nozzle, pipo (of a pair of bellows); b) gas-burner (of a gas-jet); c) knob (of a pair of tongs); d) socket; e) gullet; f) jib (of a crane); 7) *Mus.* mouth-piece (of a clarinet, &c.); 8) *Dist.* leaf; coll.-s. (*pred.* *wie* *Einem* *der* — *gerochen* *ist*), to be plain spoken; *das* *ist* *etwas* *für* *den* —, that is something for the tooth; II. in comp. —*sch*, f. *see* *Blauflügel*; —*cro-* *cobill*, m. *Zool.* crocodile of the Ganges, gaviol (*Rhynchoceros gangeticus* Geoffr.).

Schmir'bel, (w.) f. the (act or practice of) kissing, billing, &c.

Schmir'bel..., in comp. —*essen*, n. curling-iron; —*flügel*, m. *Zool.* rostrated chelonodon (*Chelonodon rostratus* L.); —*flügel*, f. *Mus.* English snout, (*Fr.*) snout-bec; —*flügel*, adj. beak-shaped, beaked.

Schmir'belig, *Schmir'belig*, adj. (*gener.* in comp.) beaked, having a bill; *Bot.* rostrate. *Schmir'belren*, *Schmir'beln*, (w.) v. tr. & intr. *loc.* to eat; to feast.

Schmir'beltraut, n. *Bot.* 1) shepherd's needle, Venus' comb (*Saxifraga pectus* L.); 2) heron's-bill (*Reiherschnabel*).

Schmir'belig, adj. beakless; *Bot.* erostrate. *Schmir'belmähre*, f. *Bot.* *see* *Schmir'beltraut*. I. *Schmir'beln*, (w.) v. I. tr. to furnish with a beak or mouth; II. *refl.* to bill; to caress, kiss.

Schmir'bel..., in comp. —*famen*, m. *see* —*fame*; —*flügel*, m. ship with a pointed beak; —*flügel*, adj. coll. forward in speaking, pert; —*flügel*, m. pl. shoes pointed at the toes, snouted shoes; —*flügel*, f. *Bot.* bog-rush, saw-grass (*Scheuchzeria Rhyngospora* L.); —*flügel*, f. tip of a bill or beak; —*flügel*, m. pl. snouted boots; —*flügel*, n. *Zool.* duck-bill, water-mole (*Ornithorhynchus paradoxus* Blösch); —*flügel*, m. *Zool.* snout, snout (of *Balaenoptera* *boops* L.); —*flügel*, f. coll. treat for the palate, tidbit (also *fig.* of kissing, &c.); —*flügel*, f. pinners or nipper with a pointed bill.

Schmir'ad, (str.) m. province. (N. G.) talk, chit-chat. —*Schmir'ad*, (w.) v. intr. to talk, chatter. [straight-forward (*Strad*)]

Schmir'ad, adv. province. (on the Rhine) *Schmir'ad*, (w.) f. province. 1) gnat (*Wilde*, 1); 2) crane-fly (*Typala* L.); 3) ringed snake (*Stingelatter*); 4) coll. jest, joke, drollery, merry

tail; lark, fan; (စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* tipular; စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Conch. cowry (Sauri).
 စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* coll. droll, merry, odd, funny.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) 1) buckle; 2) latch (of a door); 3) province. a) flip; b) corn-poppy (နီတိတိတ်); 4) Sport. genitals of bitches and bitch-foxes; 5) Typ. clasp, abula; 6) *fig.* rib, box, sham; trick.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to buckle; to strap.
 စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see နီတိတိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* buckle-chape; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* tongue or catch of a buckle; -စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* clasp-formed; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* catch of a buckle; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Harak. mall; -စံ-တိတ်, -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* shoe, boot with buckles; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* sliding tongue.

စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *m.* 1) smack; 2) flip; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. bladder-catch-fly (*Silene acaulis* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* click.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to smack with the tongue; mit den Fingern -, to snap one's fingers; des -, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* *Mus.* aid of the tongue. (*for Coragopus loricatus* Nils.).

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *m.* Ichth. larvater (*Salmo* Schupp, *interj. & s. (str.)* *m.* snap; flip.
 စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* Angl. snap-rod, snapper.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* coll. 1) whip-lash (စံ-တိတ်); 2) see စံ-တိတ်; 3) flip.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* & *tr.* to snap (နေ, at), to snatch; to catch; to gasp (for); mit den Fingern -, to snap one's fingers.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *m.* 1) snap, trigger, catch; 2) crossbow; 3) *Swy.* scardicator; 4) see နီတိတိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Ichth. thornail (*Acantharus chirogus* Bl.).
 စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *n.* T. 1) valve and 2) sucker of a pair of bellows.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* coll. to snap, snatch (often).

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* catch-spring; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) partisan; robber, foot-pad; 2) thief-catcher; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* reel with a clapper or flap.

စံ-တိတ်, see စံ-တိတ်.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* whipcart, tumbrel; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* clasp knife.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *interj.* snap! elap! crack! *ll. s. (str., pl. Schupp)* *m.* coll. drum; brandy, liquor, gin.

စံ-တိတ်, (*str., pl. Schupp*) *m.* knapsack, wallet.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* drum-bottle.

စံ-တိတ်, (*str., pl. Schupp*) *n.* Lock-sm. 1) German spring-lock; 2) catch, snap (small lock). (*drink gin, &c.*)

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* coll. to drum.
 စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* gin-shop, public house, tippling house; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* gin drinker.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Sport. a screen-like net (စံ-တိတ်); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see -စံ-တိတ်.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to snore, snort; စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* *Nach.* sniffling valve, throttle valve.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* (from စံ-တိတ်), *in comp.* Ornith-s. -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* 1) mistle-bird, mistle-thrush, mistle-thrush (*Turdus viscivorus* L.); 2) hadrail (*Oxy pratensis* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* T. bickum. (*breffel*; 3) see စံ-တိတ်.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* 1) rattle; 2) see စံ-တိတ်.
 စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to rattle; to speak in the throat; to snarl.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* (from စံ-တိတ်), *in comp.* Ornith-s. -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* garganey (*Anas querquedula* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* morganer (စံ-တိတ်); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Entom.* a spe-

cies of grasshoppers (*Acridum* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* drone-pipe; -စံ-တိတ်, *pl.* -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* *Mus.* reed-stop, reed-work (of an organ); -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* silk-winding-machine; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* common quail (စံ-တိတ်).

စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *m.* land-rail (စံ-တိတ်).

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to produce a rattling sound, to rattle, &c.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* the (act or habit of) cackling, chattering, &c. (*prattler*).
 စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *m.* coll. chatterer.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Ornith.* gadwall (*Anas strepera* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* cackling goose; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* coll. chatter-box.

စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* coll. chattering.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* & *tr.* coll. to cackle, gabble, to chatter, prattle.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* or -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* *Mar.* snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-mast; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* try-sail.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* & *tr.* 1) to snort; to breathe heavily; 2) a) to huff, puff, snuff; b) *fig.* (Dat.) die Nase or *fig.* (Acc.) -, to blow one's nose; 3) *fig.* to pant (for, after); to breathe (vengeance); vor Zorn -, to huff and puff. -စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *m.* purry horse.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. see* စံ-တိတ်.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to breathe, wheeze; to snort.

စံ-တိတ်, *m.* coll. for စံ-တိတ်.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* (*dimin.* စံ-တိတ်), (*str.*) *n.* little snout, muzzle, mouth (of animal); T. nozzle, snout (of a bellows, &c.); spout, lip; beak (of a lamp, still).

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* province. (candle) snuffers.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* coll. to snarl, snap.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *s. tr.* 1) to furnish with a spout or nozzle, to snout; 2) see စံ-တိတ်.
 စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* *Coop.* hoop pointed on both ends; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Ichth.* cackler (Garbenwechler); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* weevil (Rüsselwurm); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* mug, can with a spout; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *vulg.* a big-talking, self-sufficient person.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) 1) provided with a spout or nozzle; 2) snarling.

စံ-တိတ်, (*v.*) *f.* 1) Zool. snail; (die nactie) slug; 2) cockle; 3) *Anat.* cochlea, cockle of the ear; 4) T. fusio (in a watch); 5) Archimedes' screw; 6) Archib. a) volute; b) spiral or winding staircase.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* Watchm-s. -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *pl.* fusio notching tools; -စံ-တိတ်, -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *pl.* fusio notching arbours; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* T. centre of a spiral line or of a volute; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snail-hill; hill with winding walks; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Bot. snail-flower (*Phaseolus coracalla* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* screw-anger, twisted auger, spiral drill; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snail-shell; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Mus.* wound trumpet; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* spiral spring; -စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* spiral, winding, wreathed; Bot. cochleate; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* damage done by snails; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) snail's pace; 2) winding-alley; spiral walk; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* T. helix, whirl; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* spiral vault; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snail.
 စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* snail-like. (*pit*).

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* Nat-s. -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snail-shell; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snail's horn, feeler; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* (cone or conical part of a) fusio (of a watch); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. snail-clover, medic, lucern (*Medicago* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* fusio clamp ferrule; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see Bernhardt's; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Math-s.* spiral circular line; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* spiral line, conchoid; (para-bellische) helioid; -စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* Bot. circinate; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Miner.* lumachel, fire-marble; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* T. Archimedes' screw; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* conch, a marine bivalve shell; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Anat.* cochlear nerve (*nervus cochlearis*; -

schell, *pl.* Cook. macaroni; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *fig.* snail-post; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* spiral pump; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* 1) Watch-m. great or main wheel, fusee; 2) screw-(water-)wheel, worm-wheel; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* sand composed chiefly of pulverised snail-shells; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* fusio-engine; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်, 1; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Miner.* conchite; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* pale-yellow topaze; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see စံ-တိတ်, 6, b; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* spiral turn; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Watch-m. pinion of report; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) snail's pace, slow march; 2) stroke of a spiral line.

စံ-တိတ်, *s. i. (str.)* *m.* 1) snow; 2) Cook. whip of milk and eggs; 3) *fig.* snowy whiteness; *ll. in comp.* *Ornith-s.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* rough-footed buzzard (*Bubo lagopus* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snow-bunting (*Plectrophenax nivalis* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* ring-ouzel (*Ringouzel*); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snowy path or road, cf. *Schneitbahn*; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-ball; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) lump, mass of snow; 2) Bot. guelder-rose; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Schneitbaum*, -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-ball-tree, water-alder, guelder-rose (*Viburnum opulus* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. snow-drop-tree (*Chionodoxa virginica* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snow-berry (*Symphoricarpos racemosa* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* mountain covered with snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Pomol.* wild pear; -စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* dazled by the snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Bot. 1) see -စံ-တိတ်; 2) alpine anemone (*Anemone alpina* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) damage done to trees by the weight of snow, snow-break; 2) see -စံ-တိတ်; *Ornith-s.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* alpine crow (*Pyrrhocorax alpinus* Vieill.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snowy owl, harfang (*Nyctale nivalis* Daud.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) snow-finch, snow-bird (*Parus nivalis* L.); 2) see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *lake* (of snow); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Jackdaw (*Colaptes*); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) snow-goose (*Anser hyperboreus* L.); 2) pelican (Pelican); -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Sport. net to catch partridges; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* mountains covered with snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *adj.* snow-capped; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* shower of snow, snow storm; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* Bot. 1) snow-flake (*Leucocorynus* L.); 2) snow-drop (*Galanthus nivalis* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Zool. Alpine hare (*Lepus variabilis* Pall.); 2) see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* *Ornith.* ptarmigan, white grouse (*Lagopus* Vieill.).

စံ-တိတ်, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) snowy; 2) snow-white.

စံ-တိတ်, *in comp.* -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Entom.* a species of beetle of the genus Cantharis (*Cantharis* F.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see Baumtönig; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) royston (Rechtsträbe); 2) see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* Bot. woolly-leaved mouse-ear-chickweed (*Cerastium tomentosum* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* top of a mountain covered with snow; -စံ-တိတ်, -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* avalanche (of snow); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *n.* dazzling white of snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* *Phys.* snow-line, boundary of snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* air impregnated with snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* man, figure of snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* long-tailed or mountain titmouse (*Scapanus*); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see စံ-တိတ်, 2; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* January; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Bot. white poplar (*Salix*); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* *Rail.* snow-plough; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* Bot. 1) Alpine rhododendron (*Rhododendron* L.); 2) black hellebore (*Helleborus niger* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* see စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* -စံ-တိတ်, *f.* snow-shovel; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* see -စံ-တိတ်; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-shoe; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* 1) see -စံ-တိတ်; 2) see Graufing; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* very fine snow; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* Bot. mountain saxifrage (*Saxifraga nivalis* L.); -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-storm; -စံ-တိတ်, *m.* snow-slip, see -စံ-တိတ်;

—trophen, m.; —weihen, n. see —glöcken, 2;
—verwehung, —verfchüttung, f. snow drift,
accumulation of snow; —wagel, m. 1) see —
ammer; 2) waxwing (*Eidenfchwanz*); —wand,
f. snow-shelter; —wasser, n. snow-water; —
wecht, f. snow-drift, snow-wreath; —weiß,
adj. snow-white; —wetter, n. snowy weather;
—wiefel, m. Zool. white weasel (*Mustela nivalis* L.); —winde, m. wind bringing snow; —
wolke, f. snowy cloud; —wurz, f. Bot. butter-
wort (*Butterfaut*).

Эчнел'..., in comp. see Эчнел'де...

Эчнел'де, (w.) f. 1) edge; bit (of a bore);
2) Sport. gin, spring; 3) a) keen edge
(of intellect); keenness, sharpness; b) (partic-
ular. S. G.) full power, energy; c) coll. keen
edge of appetite; inclination (*Zuft*, 2).

Эчнел'де... (from Эчнелден), in comp.
—beut, f. see Эчнелбул; —bohne, f. Bot.
kidney-bean (*Эчнелbohne*); —bohner, m.
cutting-ginnet; —bret, n. cutting board; —
cirfel, m. Book. cutting-compasses; —be-
mant, m. Glas. diamond; —eifen, n. 1) edge-
tool; cutting or chopping knife; T-s. 2) saw-
file; 3) screw-plate, screw-tap; 4) slit iron;
—eifenwalzwerk, n. slitting-rollers; —felle,
f. cutting file, enameller's file; —felz, n. tim-
ber for sawing; —inftrument, n. edge-tool,
cutter; —loß, m. rafter, couple (in saw-mills;
Toll); —flappe, f. 1) screw-stock; 2) see —
eifen, 3; —lade, f. chopping bench; —leder,
n. leather for cutting or topping; sole-leather.
Эчнел'белн, see Эчнелтеин.

Эчнел'де... (from Эчнелден), in comp.
—loßn, m. choppage; sawing-wagon; —ma-
fchine, f. cutting-machine or engine; —mefser,
n. cutting-knife, cutter, chopping blade; —
mobel, m. Join. cutting-gauge; —mühle, f.
saw-mill, sawing mill.

Эчнел'бен, (str.) v. I. & II. 1) a) to
cut; to carve; to prune, lop (*tree*, &c.); to
chop (straw); II. 1) —, to mine; to cut up
(wood); 2) a) to bite, pinch; 2) to castrate,
geld; ein gefchnittenen Эчнел, a barrow hog;
3) Geom. to bisect; Storn —, to mow or cut corn;
eine Feder —, to make or mend a pen; Dreier —,
to saw boards; Эчнелбау —, T. to cut saws;
Wein —, to adulterate wine; die Cour —, see
Cour (machen); viel Geld bei etwas —, to
make a great deal of money by...; es fchnel-
bet in die Ohren, it grates (on) the ear; in
den Brutel — (intr.), coll. to tell heavily on
one's purse; es fchnelbet mich im Reibe, I have
the gripes (cf. Reibfchnelben); Gefchniter —, to
make faces or grimaces; II. ref. coll. to be
mistaken, to be disappointed; fchnel-ber Sar-
casmus n., cutting, keen, withering sar-
casms, &c.; gefchnittenen Эчнел, slit iron.

Эчнел'де... (from Эчнелден), in comp.
—nadel, f. T. three-edged needle; —pfug, m.
Husd. soarider, scarificator.

Эчнел'бер, (str.) m. 1) tailor; 2) see —
fich; 3) see fregattnvogel; einen zum — machen,
coll. to make one lose the game (at draughts,
without overruling a man, &c.).

Эчнел'бе... (from Эчнелден), in comp.
—rab, n. Horol. wheel-cutting machine; —
rädlein, n. Bak. dough-cutter, jaggling-iron.
Эчнел'berarbeit, (w.) f. tailor's work.
Эчнел'beret, (w.) f. coll. (the practice of)
tailoring, business or work of a tailor.

Эчнел'бер..., in comp. —eifen, n. tail-
or's goose; —fich, m. Ichth. bleak (*Alfel*);
—friefel, m. floc. ague; —gefell, m. tailor's
journeyman; —heft, adj. tailor-like.
Эчнел'берин, (w.) f. 1) tailor's wife; 2)
dress-maker, woman tailor, tailoress.

Эчнел'бертрауheit, (w.) f. coll. Itch.
Эчнел'berling, (str.) m. comf. (insignifi-
cant) tailor.

Эчнел'бер..., in comp. —loßn, m. tail-
or's wages; —mannfelf, f. see Эчнелдерин, 2;

—mähle, adj. see —heft; —müffel, m. Anat.
tailor's muscle.

Эчнел'берн, (w.) v. intr. coll. to make
clothes, to tailor; to dressmake. [frame.
Эчнел'де-Раß, (str.) m. Carp. sawpit.
Эчнел'бер..., in comp. —ring, m. tail-
or's thimble; —fchere, f. tailor's shears; —
fifch, m. tailor's stall, tailoring-board; —
vogel, m. Ornith. tailor-bird (*Sylvia sutoria*
Lath.).

Эчнел'де... (from Эчнелден), in comp.
—fein, m. see —brant; —fchmel, m. sharp-
graver; —waeren, f. pl. edge-tools; —walze,
f. T. slitting roller; —wertzeug, —zeug, n.
edge-tool; cutting-engine; —zaßn, m. Anat.
cutter, incisor (fore-tooth).

Эчнел'диг, adj. 1) soft, easy to be cut;
2) a) in comp. edged; b) particular. S. G. keen;
sharp; energetic.

Эчнел'ен, (w.) v. imperi. intr. & tr. to
snow; es fchnet, it snows; es fchnet Blüten,
it showers blossoms.

Эчнел'е, (w.) f. lane out through a forest.
Эчнел'те, (w.) f. snare, spring, noose;
Эчнел'бер, f. see Эчнел'де.

Эчнел'теин, (w.) v. tr. (not directly derived
from Эчнелден, but from MHG. snelten
(Switz.: Эчнелтен)) to lop, prune, cut.

Эчнел, adj. 1) *Armat.* see Windfchiff; 2)
quick, swift, fast, fleet; speedy, prompt; rapid;
sudden; fchnell-fchiff, quick return; fchnel-ber
lauf, brisk or ready sale; es wird fchnell ab-
fag finden, it will soon be taken off our, your,
&c. hands; er reifte fchnell —, he travelled very
fast; die, welche einen fchnell Bild haben, werden
fchnell — entfchließen und — handeln, those
who see quickly, will resolve quickly, and act
quickly; zu — urtheilen, to judge too hastily
or rashly.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—bleiche, f. whitening of linen, &c. with
bleaching liquid or powder; —bater, m. courier.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнеллен), in comp.
—bret, n. spring-board (of a mousetrap); —
brunnen, m. pump.

Эчнел'ле, (w.) f. see Эчнеллгелт.
Эчнел'лен, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. fein &
haben) to spring, snap, to fly with an elastic
impulse; II. tr. 1) to send away with a jerk,
to let fly, fling; to toss; in die Luft —, to
kick (the beam); 2) coll. to cheat.

Эчнел'лер, (str.) m. 1) Weav. driver,
pecker, picker; 2) Gun-sm., &c. spring,
trigger, trigger; 3) jerk, fling; 4) bank (of
yarn).

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—effigbereitung, f. artificial production of
vinegar; pyroigneous acid distillation; —
fahrer, m. quick vehicle or boat.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнеллен), in comp.
—falle, f. spring-trap; —feder, f. spring.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—feuerzeug, n. lucifer-box, pocket-fire, &c.
—glinder; —fingerig, adj. quick working.

Эчнел'fliege, (w.) f. see Raupenfliege.
Эчнел'flüßig, adj. swift-footed, quick of
foot. [form of a T.

Эчнел'galgen, (str.) m. gibbet in the
Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—gerberet, f. quick tanning; —gläubig, adj.
hasty in believing.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнеллен), in comp. —,
gurte, f. squirting cucumber (*Эчнелgurte*);
—harz, n. elastic resin.

Эчнел'igfeit (i. u. Эчнел'helt), (w.) f.
quickness, swiftness, &c. cf. Эчнел, adj.;
velocity, speed, rapidity.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнеллен), in comp.
—fifer, m. Entom. elater, leaping beetle
(*Elater* L.); —läufchen, n., —fügel, f., —fügel-
chen, n. taw, marble (for boys); —freft, f.
elasticity; —träftig, adj. elastic.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—fchiff, f. fly-coach, mail; —fchiff, f. Weav.
fly-shuttle; —fchiff, m. gallop, footrace; —
läufer, m. 1) walker, one who walks ra-
ces; 2) see —walze; —loß, n. T. soft sol-
der, tin-solder; —müffel, m. hydraulic mer-
tar; —pfe, f. diligence, quick-post; —preffe,
f. fast printing-press, fly-press; steam-press;
—preffenrad, m. steam-press printing; —
fchiff, n. fast-sailing vessel, cutter; clipper.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнеллен), in comp. —
fchiffchen, n., —fchiff, m., —fchiff, f. Weav.
flying-shuttle; —fchiff, f. spring-noose; gin.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—fchreibetisch, f. short-handwriting, tachy-
graphy; —fchreiber, m. short-hand writer,
tachygrapher; —fchrift, f. short-hand writ-
ing, tachygraphy; —fchritt, m. rapid or
forced step, quick march; —fchüge, m. Weav.
flying shuttle; —fegelnd, adj. swift-sailing;
—fegler, m. see —fchiff; —fegler, n. see Эчнел-
manf.

Эчнел'wäge, (w.) f. Danish or Swedish
balance; Roman balance, steel-yard.

Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—wagen, m. see —fchiff; —walze, f. 1) Spinn.
fancy-roller, fly; 2) Wool-spin. clearer
(*Wendeband*); 3) Wira-dr. gid-roll; —walzer,
m. quick-waltz; —weil, m. see Эчнел; —
wüßig, adj. T. quick-growing.

Эчнел'jange, (w.) f. watchmaker's vice.
Эчнел'..., (from Эчнел, adj.), in comp.
—jahn, m. see —loß; —jag, m. 1) forced
march; 2) Railw. fast or express train; —jün-
ber, m. quick-match; —jüngig, adj. voluble
or fluent of speech; —jüngigfeit, f. volubility.

Эчнел'pel, (str.) m. Ichth. see Эчнелpel.
Эчнел'pfe, (w.) f. Ornith. snipe, wood-
cock (*Scollapex* L.).

Эчнел'pfen..., in comp. —artig, adj.
snipe-like; —artige Enten, pl. teal, widgones;
—bred, m. excrement of a snipe; —cater, f.
Ornith. screech-owl (*Strix*); —fifch, m.
Ichth. snipe-fish (*Micropterus*); —garn, n.
net to catch snipes in; —ftrauß, m. Ornith.
see Baldftrauß; —ftrich, m. Sport. flight of
woodcocks; —jag, m. a flock or the passage
of snipes or woodcocks.

Эчнел'pfen..., in comp. see Эчнел'pfe.

Эчнел'pfe, (w.) f. 1) spout (of a coffee-
pot, &c.), nozzle, lip; 2) stomacher (of a wo-
man's gown).

Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m. see Эчнел'pfen.
Эчнел'pfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (fich —, ref.)
to blow one's nose; 2) to snuff (a candle); einem
Rinde die Nase —, to wipe a child's nose.

Эчнел'pfen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to move
quickly, to wag (the tail; of birds).

Эчнел'pfen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) see
Эчнел'pfen; 2) see Эчнел'pfen.

Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m. coll. prattle,
tittle-tattle, idle talk.

Эчнел'pfen, (str.) v. intr. to wheeze.
Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m. coll. trim, see Pf.
Эчнел'pfen, (w.) v. ref. to trim up, to
dress smart, coll. to spruce it; gefchnitgelt, p.
a. spruce, smug, janty, natty.

Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m. jac. 1) dress-coat,
swallow-tail; 2) see Stupet, 1.

Эчнел'pfen, (w.) f. Mar. enig, enigg (a kind
of sailing vessel).

Эчнел'pfen, (w.) f. see Эчнел'pfen(n).

Эчнел'pfen, (w.) f. see Эчнел'pfen(n).

Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m. (dimin. of Эчнел)
snip; einem ein — fchlagen, to snap one's
Эчнел'pfen, see Эчнел'pfen. [fingers at one.
Эчнел'pfen, coll.: Эчнел'pfen, (str.) m.
snip, chip, cut; shred, pl. cuttings, parings.
Эчнел'pfen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to snap; 2) or
Эчнел'pfen, Эчнел'pfen, to cut in snips,
to chip.

Schnipfisch, *adj.* coll. snappish, pert, smart, saucy, flippant.

Schnipp, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* Schnipp; 2) *see* Schnippchen; **Reißer** —, master snip.

Schnippelant, (*w.*) *m.* *loc.* for **Schnipfel**, 2. **Schnipfel**, *see* Schnippel.

Schnirfel, *see* Schnirfel; —**schneide**, *f.* *Comch.* a species of snail (*f. H. h. h. nemorosa* L.).

Schnitt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cut; cutting, crop, &c. *f.* **Schnitten**; incision; *Schw.* operation; 2) snip; 3) **Bookb.**, &c. edge; 4) slice; 5) figure cut, cut, pattern, model, form; 6) der — **des Schiffes**, the rising of the ship's floor here and abast; 7) *coll.* half a glass (of some drink); 8) *coll.* profit, gain; **sch auf den — ver setzen**, *coll.* to understand trap.

Schnitt ..., *in comp.* —**algen**, *f. pl.* **Bot.** diatomaceae (**Stabthierchen**); —**bohne**, (*w.*) *f.* **Bot.** French bean.

Schnittchen, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* of **Schnitt**) a little cut, incision, slice, &c. [*stak.*]

Schnitt, (*w.*) *f.* slice; cut; chop, collop, **Schnitt**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (**Schnitt**terin,

(*w.*) *f.*) reaper, mower; 2) **Zool.** shepherds spider (**Hebertsch**, 2); —**blume**, *f.* **Bot.** a species of everlasting (**Helichrysum** L.; **Strobl** blume, 1).

Schnitt ..., *in comp.* —**fleisch**, *n.* meat (to be) cut up into slices, *f.* **Kuchschnitt**, 3; —**gewölle**, *n.* —**hübel**, *m.* &c. *see* **Kuchschnitt**; —**Gründe**, **Kuchschnitt**ware &c.; —**hanf**, *m.* **Comm.** a good sort of Prussian hemp; —**hobel**, *m.* **Bookb.** paring knife; —**holz**, *n.* 1) **Vind.** vine-branches cut off for increase, provine; 2) timber for sawing. [*of sweet milk.*]

Schnittung, (*str.*) *m.* provine. cheese made **Schnitt** ..., *in comp.* — **Kohl**, *m.* (summer) cabbage; —**lauch**, *m.* **Bot.** chives, bladed leek (**Allium schoenoprasium** L.).

Schnittling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) snip, cutting; 2) scion, layer.

Schnitt ..., *in comp.* —**linie**, *f.* **Math.** so-cant; —**messer**, *n.* chopping-knife; hedging-bill; —**riß**, *m.* plan for cutting and shaping stone-blocks; —**salat**, *m.* lettuce; —**scheln**, *m.* corpse; —**ware**, *f.* (linen) drapery, mercery, *see* **Kuchschnittware**; —**weise**, *adv.* by cuts, slices; —**wunde**, *f.* wound of a cut, incised wound.

Schnitt, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* **Schnittchen**, (*str.*) *m.*) slice, cut; snip; chip; cutlet, chop.

Schnitt ..., *in comp.* —**arbeit**, *f.* carved work, carving; —**banl**, *f.* form to cut or carve upon. —**rett**, *n.* carving-board; chopping-board; (cooper's) bench; —**eisen**, *n.* *see* **Strap-rick**.

Schnittel, (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* chip; *pl.* shavings, clippings, *see* **Abschnittel**, **Schnippel**.

Schnittel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) cutting, carving, &c. *f.* **Schnitteln**; 2) carved work.

Schnitteln, **Schnitteln**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to cut, carve; to chip; to whittle.

Schnitt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) cutter, carver; 2) carving-knife; 3) *fig.* blander, fault; eint — **machen**, *see* **Schnittern**.

Schnitt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act or art of) carving; 2) carved work; 3) the (act of) blundering, &c. [*to blunder.*]

Schnitt, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to commit a fault, **Schnitt**, (*str.*) *f.* art of carving.

Schnitt, (*str.*) *m.* cutter, carver. **Schnittling**, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Schnittel**.

Schnitt ..., *in comp.* —**messer**, *n.* instrument for carving, cooper's knife; —**waren**, *pl.* carved articles; —**werk**, *n.* carved work.

Schnitz, **Schnitz**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to snuff, snuff about (like dogs).

Schnitz, (*adj.*) 1) base, vile, contemptible; 2) contemptuous, scornful, outrageous, offensive.

Schnitz, (*str.*) *m.* (+ & *provinc.* ant.

Schnitz, (*str.*) *m.* 1) winter-cress; 2) wild charlock.

Schnitz, (*w.*) *f.* **Bot.** pipe-glazing.

Schnitz, (*w.*) *f.* **Bot.** pipe-glazing.

Schnitz, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) **Archit.** volute, scroll; b) finical ornament, gaudish, flourish (in writing, &c.); 2) or **Schnitz**, (*w.*) *f.* artificial or superfluous ornament, scroll-work; 3) **Math.** conchoid; mit **Schnitz** verziert, scrolled, &c.

Schnitz, (*adj.*) *in the* form of flourishes, finical, gaudy, artificial.

Schnitz, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to flourish, to form into or to use spirals and flourishes; to adorn with flourishes; **Schnitz**, (*p. a.* scrolled, &c.

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* **Εθοφ'ν**, see **Εθοφ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, coll. l. or **Εθο'φ'ν**, *adj.* miserable, wretched, paltry, sorry, trashy; II. s. (*str.*) m. (—waste, *f.*, —jeng, *n.*) paltry stuff, trash.
[eligible as Εθο'φ'ν.]
Εθο'φ'ν, see **Εθο'φ'ν**; **Εθο'φ'ν**, *adj.*
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *f.* see **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) m. (*Lat.*) scholar, disciple.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) m. (*Lat.-Gr.*) inspector of a school.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) m. (*M. Lat.*) scholar; **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* school-divinity, scholastic divinity; **Εθο'φ'ν**, (*str.*) m. school-divine, scholastic; **Εθο'φ'ν**, (*str.*) *adj.* scholastic.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) m. (*Gr.*) scholiast, commentator. — **Εθο'φ'ν**, (*w.*) *f.* scholion, comment.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* Mar. to go high, to run against the ship (of the waves).
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *f.* 1) clod; 2) flake (of ice); 3) *Ichä*, plain, solo (*Platanus vulgaris* Cav.).
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *v. & intrans.* to root up the earth (said of the mole).
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to fall (into) pieces; to roll down.
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* like a clod, cloddy.
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* consisting of clods, cloddy.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. *Bot.* celandine (*Chelidonium* L.); — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* 1) see — **Εθο'φ'ν**; 2) herb Robert (*Ruprechtstreu*).
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) m. see **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*str.*) m. fieldfare (*Scamptropterus*).
Εθο'φ'ν, *adv.* 1) already; before; so (as) early as ...; 2) (when —, &c.) even, although; 3) indeed; surely, no doubt; — **Εθο'φ'ν** (von jetzt gerechnet), before this or now; ist der Tag — bestimmt? is the day yet fixed? er ist — lange abgereist, he left long ago; er ist — lange hier, he has been here for a long time past; wie lange sind Sie — hier? how long have you been here? wir stehen — seit Jahren mit ihm in Rechnung, we have had an account with him for years; — **Εθο'φ'ν** ist die Zeit wo ..., times are coming when ...; es ist — lange her, daß ich ihn sah, it is a long time since I saw him; sind Sie — in Sicilien gewesen? have you ever been in Sicily? es wird sich — finden, we shall see in due (or in good) time; er wollte — gehen, he was ready to go; ich will es — machen, I'll take care to do it; ich werde Sie — bezahlen, I shall (be sure to) pay you; ich werde es Ihnen — zu wissen thun, I shall let you know in due time (without your urging me, &c.); Sie werden mich — verstehen, I dare say you will understand me; ich helfe mir — selbst, I hope I shall help myself; ich könnte hier — wohnen, I could be contented to live here; er kann diese Ausgaben — machen, he can afford (to make) these expenses; ich werde ihn — finden, I warrant you, I'll manage to find him; ich kenne den Schurken und werde ihn — noch kriegen, I know the rogue, and will catch him yet; sie ist ohne Zweifel — tot, by this time she must be dead; darüber können wir — lachen, we can (well) afford to laugh at it; er wird sein Unrecht — einsehen, I doubt not but that he will see his wrong; er mußte — bemerken, he could not help confessing; muß ich es — thun, though I must do it; dieses neue Unrecht regte seinen — von Natur raschfühligen Sinn bis zum höchsten Grade auf, this fresh injury worked up his temper, naturally vindictive, to the highest point; — der Anblick, the bare sight, the sight alone; — der Gedanke, the very idea; — das menschliche Gefühl, common humanity; — den folgenden Morgen, the very next

morning; — gut! well, well! es ist — gut, it is well.
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* beautiful; handsome, fine, fair, beautiful; nice; *fig.* noble; coll. opportune, favourable, convenient; Sie haben jetzt die schönste Gelegenheit zu ..., you now have a fair chance to ...; ein schön Weib, see **Εθο'φ'ν**; schön Weat, marketable articles; das schön Weib, the fair sex; die schön Künste, Diffenheiten, the liberal arts, sciences, polite literature, belles-lettres; from-a. ein schön Weib! a pretty price! ein schön Anfang! a nice (precious, &c.) beginning! das Leben ist —, life is sweet; es ist nicht — von ihm, it is not nice in him; — thun, to play the gallant, to flirt, coquet; — machen, Mar. to clean (the deck, a ship); sich — machen, to adorn or adorn one's self; Sie haben — (or gut) reden, coll. it is very easy for you to talk.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *adj.* having beautiful eyes, leaves, hair, curls, &c.; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. *Bot.* 1) larch (*Picea abies* L.); 2) a beautiful tree, a native of the Cape of Good Hope (*Calodendron capense* L.); — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. *Bot.* calaba-tree (*Calophyllum calaba* L.); — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. *Typ.* prime, first form.
Εθο'φ'ν, *s. (decl. like adj.)* I. n. the beautiful; II. *f.* 1) a) fair, fair one (also m. the beautiful one); b) mistress; 2) *n.* beauty; 3) *T.* clarifier (*particul. isinglass*).
Εθο'φ'ν, (*str.*) m. see **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *v. & intrans.* (with Gen.) to spare, to save; to forbear; to be regardless or take care (of); to use tenderly, to treat with indulgence; etwas nicht —, to be prodigal of; to be regardless of.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *v. & intrans.* 1) see **Εθο'φ'ν**; 2) to fine (with indigence, &c.), reprove; clarify; 3) *fig.* see **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*str.*) m. 1) a) table-mat; b) antimacassar; 2) *Mar.* schooner (a vessel).
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. *Mar.* mainsail; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* 1) art of dyeing in colours; 2) see **Εθο'φ'ν**; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. beauty spot, patch; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. (fine) wit, polite scholar, bel esprit, (of a lady) blue-stocking; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* conf. witticism, attempt at wit or knowledge of literature; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. see **Εθο'φ'ν**; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, see — **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *f.* beauty; fairness, fineness, handsomeness, &c., &c. **Εθο'φ'ν**.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. feeling, sense for (of) beauty, for what is beautiful, taste; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* line of beauty; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. cosmetic; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. beauty-spot, patch.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. top, cockcomb; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. see — **Εθο'φ'ν**; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. see **Εθο'φ'ν**; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* Archid. cartouch, modillion. [*beau*.]
Εθο'φ'ν, (*str.*) m. cont. (I. n.) dandy.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. flowery speaker; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* declamation.
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* careful (in preserving things); sparing.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *adj.* eustyle; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* calligraphy; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. fair-writer, calligrapher; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* conf. attempt at fine writing; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. coll. one who makes compliments; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* best or favourable side; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* beloved.
Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, m. — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* person who flirts, attempts to please; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* flirtation, flattery.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*w.*) *f.* 1) sparing, indulgence, grace, forbearance, mercy, consideration; 2) *Forst.* nursery of young trees. [*relentless*.]
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* unsparing, pitiless,

Εθο'φ'ν, *in comp.* — **Εθο'φ'ν**, — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *adj.* sparing, forbearing, considerate; — **Εθο'φ'ν**, *f.* *Hunt.* time during which it is unlawful to hunt (in a forest), *Lew.* fence month.
Εθο'φ'ν, (*str.*) m. 1) a) tuft (of hair or feathers); tuft of hair in front of the head, fore-top (of horses); b) coll. hair, head; *Bot.* coma; 2) top (of a tree or mountain); Einen beim — fassen, to lay hold of one by the hair; die Gelegenheit beim — fassen, to take occasion by the forelock.
Εθο'φ'ν, *adj.* tufted.
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Эш0те, *f.* history of the creation; (dic mae-
[sic]e) genesis.

Эш0ф0ер, (*стр.*) *n.* water-engine.

Эш0ф0е, (*м.*) *m.* 1) (deputy) justice (of a
village); 2) deputy chairman (of a company);
3) †, sheriff; judge; *in comp.* **Эш0бан**, *f.*
bench of judges; **Эш0гер**, *n.* **Эш0нуб**,
n. court of sheriffs; **Эш0нубе**, *f.* sheriff's
office room.

Эш0пен, (*стр.*) *m.* I. coach-house; shed;
II. *provinc.* 1) (*N. G.*) scoop; 2) (*S. G.*) (*a*
liquid measure) pint, chopin; —**глас**, *n.* pint-
glass; —**т0е**, *adv.* by the pint.

Эш0пен, (*м.*) *v. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to stuff,
crum; 2) *Mar.* to caulk (ships). [thamist]

Эш0пен0убер, (*стр.*) *m. conl.* cit. Go-
Эш0риг, *adv.* containing a pint.

Эш0ш, (*стр.*) *m.* 1) golded ram; mutton;
2) coll. simpleton; *in comp.* **Эш0убрате**,
n. roast mutton; **Эш0убратш**, *n.* mutton;
Эш0убрате, *f.* **Эш0убратш**, *n.* leg of
mutton; —**тал**, *n.* sheep's tallow; mutton-suet.

Эш0ре, (*м.*) *f. Mar.* prop. shore.

Эш0р, (*стр.*) *m.* scurf; scab; crust; —**ш0**
ри, *m.* smooth-plane; Jack-plane.

Эш0риг, *adv.* scurf; scabby; mangy; **Б0д**,
Эш0риг, *m.* shaven head. [leprous]

Эш0ри, (*стр.*) *m. Minor.* schori, shori,
shiri; **эл0р**, *electricity* —, *see* **Эурмалин**;
рутер —, *alberite*; **гел0р** —, *epidote*; **сел0р** —,
see **Эстралитин**; —**риг**, *adv.* shor-
laccous; —**ленде**, *f.* lamellar amphibolus;
—**грант**, *m.* axinite; —**грант**, *m.* granite
with tourmalin; —**фруер**, *pl.* tourmalin in
grains; —**фел0р**, *m.* schistuous hornblende;
—**фел0**, *m.* **фленде**. [bery], shorlite.

Эш0риг, (*стр.*) *v. tr.* *m. Minor.* shorlous
Эш0ре, (*м.*) *pl. Mar.* sands.

Эш0р0е, *coll.* **Эш0р0е**, (*стр.*) *m.*
chimney-stack; **ш0е**; (*anf* **Дампфшиффен**)
funnel; (*anf* **Recomotion** und **Dampfшиффен**)
smoke-stack; (*f. Tsch.*) casing of the fun-
nel, air-case of the chimney; *in comp.* —**ан**
ш0, *m.* *see* —**лаппе**; —**фегер**, *m.* chimney-
sweeper; —**фегер0уб**, *m. Med.* chimney-
sweeper's cancer; —**ш0уб**, *f.* —**ш0т**, *m.* —
лаппе, *f.* chimney-top, chimney-head; —
фел0, *m.* shaft of a chimney; —**мантел**, *m.*
mantle of a chimney; —**ре0р**, *n.* chimney-
flue; —**рутер**, *f.* shaft of a chimney.

Эш0р, (*стр.*) *m.* *see* **Эс0рпиз**.

* **Эш0е**, (*м.*) *f.* (*Fr.* chose) foc. thing,
matter, affair.

А. Эш0ш, (*стр.*, *pl.* **Эш0ш**) *m.* 1) lap;
2) womb; *fg.* matrix; 3) body; flap, tail,
skirt (of a coat); 4) **Будш**, *body*; 5) *fg.* a)
middle, circle, bosom; b) pale (of the church,
&c.); *die* **ш0нде** *in den* — *legen*, *coll.* to sit
with one's hands folded, to be idle.

Б. Эш0ш, (*стр.*, *pl.* **Эш0ш** & **Эш0ш**) *m.*
1) shoot, sprig; 2) *see* **Эш0ш**, 2; 3) scot,
tax; 4) *Min.* gang-soil; 5) shutter in a stove
for closing the funnel. [case of a corn-ear]

Эш0ш0ал, (*стр.*, *pl.* **Эш0ш0ал**) *m.* cover or
Эш0ш0ар, *adj.* liable to pay taxes.

Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *n.* *Anal.* share-bone, os
pubis.

Эш0ш... (*B.*), *in comp.* —**ш0ш**, *n.* *see*
—**риг**; —**ш0ш**, *f.* *Min.* shed or roof in
a pit over the place where the pairs are filled.

Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Эш0ш**, *B.*)
† a small window within a greater one;
casement.

Эш0ш0е, (*м.*) *v. intr.* 1) to shoot forth,
out, to blado; **гел0ш0е** **Эш0ш0е**, *bladed*
corn; 2) to pay scot.

Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *m.* *see* **Эш0ш0ш0ш0е**.

Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *m.* 1) *see* **Эш0ш0е**, 2; 2)
receiver of scot, auditor of the revenues,
treasurer. [office]

Эш0ш0е, (*м.*) *f.* scot-office, receiver's
Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *n.* *see* **Эш0ш0ш0ш0е**.

Эш0ш0е, (*стр.*) *n.* *see* **Эш0ш0ш0ш0е**.

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verse, cross-tie; —blod, m. sawing-horse, saw-wrester's block.

Šhrant'e, s. (w.) f. 1) bar, barrier, rail, fence; **Šhr-n**, pl. lists (at tournaments, &c.); 2) *fig.* a) cheek; b) pl. bounds, limits, restraints, barriers; in die **Šhr-n** treten, to enter the lists; *fig.* to challenge comparison; weniger enge **Šhr-n** stellen, to allow a larger latitude; in **Šhr-n** halten, *fig.* to keep within bounds, to restrain; an den **Šhr-n** (des **Šhr**) at the bar; ich wies ihn in die gebührenden **Šhr-n**, I set him to rights, I showed him his proper place.

Šhrant'eisen, (str.) n. saw-set, saw-wrest. **Šhrant'en**, m. key to a cupboard, &c.; —weife, adv. crosswise; —wert, n. *Hydr.* lattice-work; —ganz, m. fence of trellis or basket-work.

Šhrant'enfenster, (str.) n. lattice or grate window.

Šhrant'enloß, I. *adj.* unlimited, boundless; II. **Šhr-igfeit**, f. boundlessness.

Šhrant'en... in comp. —**papiere**, Comm. high-valued funds; —**wert**, n. rallying, balustrade.

Šhrant'... in comp. —**fenster**, n. Venetian blind; —**rahmen**, m. window-frame; —**schlüssel**, m. key to a cupboard, &c.; —**weife**, adv. crosswise; —**wert**, n. *Hydr.* lattice-work; —**ganz**, m. fence of trellis or basket-work.

Šhrant'e, (w.) f. *provinc.* 1) bench; 2) *see* **Šhrant'e**; 1) 3) shambles; 4) *see* **Getreide-Werk**; **Šhr-nhülle**, f. hall of a corn-magazine.

Šhrant, (w.) m. cont. parasite; a meanly flatterer; servile courtier. — **Šhrant'gen**, (w.) v. *intr.* to act like a servile courtier or flatterer.

Šhrap, *adj.* *Mar.* sharp trimmed.

Šhrap'e, (w.) f. *provinc.* scraper; curry-comb. — **Šhrap'en**, (w.) v. *tr.* to scrape.

Šhrap'... in comp. —**höbel**, m. join. round-nose plane; —**salz**, n. salt-w. salt-scraping.

Šhrat, **Šhrat**, (str.) m. (*dimin.* **Šhrat'-lein**, **Šhrat'-lein**, (str.) n.) a kind of wood-sprite, hobgoblin.

Šhrat'bolzen, *see* **Šhrat'bolzen**.

Šhrat'be, (w.) f. 1) T. screw; einfache —, single-thread screw; doppelte or zweifache —, double-thread screw; linke —, mit linker Richtung, left hand(ed) screw; rechte or rechtsgängige —, right-hand(ed) screw; — ohne Ende, endless or perpetual screw; worm; 2) screw of a steam-vessel, screw-propeller, spiral propeller; 3) *Build.* pile-drawing-engine; *fig.* s. seine Worte auf **Šhr-n** setzen, to speak or write ambiguously; auf **Šhr-n** stehen, to be uncertain.

Šhrat'ben, (w. & str.) v. *tr.* 1) to screw; 2) *fig.* a) to banter, mock, jeer, *coll.* smoke; b) to cheat; Einen bis aufs Blut —, *fig.* to draw blood of one; gešhräut, p. a. ambiguous.

Šhrat'ben... in comp. —**baden**, m. pl. screw-dies; —**batterie**, f. *Bot.* spirobacterium; —**baum**, m. screw-tree, screw-pine (*Pandanus odoratissimus* L.); —**blech**, n. *see* —**schneidezug**; —**bohrer**, m. 1) T. screw-tap, taper-tap; 2) *Carp.* screw-awg, twisted auger; —**bolzen**, m. screw-bolt; —**bremle**, f. *Rath.* screw-break; —**büchse**, f. screw-box; —**cirfel**, m. screw-compasses; —**hampfschiff**, m. screw-steamer; —**hose**, f. *see* —**futter**; —**bröcher**, m. turn-screw, winch, wrench; —**eisen**, n. screw-plate; —**fürmig**, *adj.* formed like a screw, spiral, coiled; —**futter**, m. *Turn.* screw-chuck; —**gang**, m., —**gewinde**, n. worm or thread of a screw; —**gebälse**, n. screw-blast(machine), screw-blowing-machine; —**gerinne**, n. a mill-race raised or lowered by a screw on an over-shot wheel; —**getriebe**, n. screw-propeller; —**haken**, m. screw-key; —**hebwinde**, f. screw-

jack; —**horn**, n. *Zool.* Hungarian sheep; —**flöten**, m. hand-vice; pin-vice; —**flappe**, f. Lock-sm. screw-stock; —**knopf**, —**knopf**, m. screw-knob, screw-head, screw-cap; —**knopf**, m. cook with screwed shanks; —**knopf**, f. *Hydr.* machine with screws; —**knuppelung**, f. *Rath.* patent-coupling; —**linie**, f. ball; —**mühle**, f. 1) *see* —**funf**; 2) mill for pulverising gypsum; —**mutter**, f. box of a screw, female screw, nut; —**mutterblech**, n. rivet-plate, burr (*T. Tsch.*); —**nagel**, m. screw-nail, wood-screw; —**patrone**, f. guide-screw; —**pfraß**, m. *see* Reinigungspfeffer; —**preße**, f. screw press; —**rad**, n. screw-wheel, worm-wheel; —**rahmen**, m. *Print.* screw-chase; —**register**, n. set of screw-boxes; —**riegel**, m. Lock-sm. screw-bolt; —**ring**, m. screw-ring; —**rollen**, f. pl. screw ferrules, screw-casters; —**rotet**, n. screw-propeller; —**salz**, m. T. screw-jack; —**schloß**, n. screw-barrel lock; —**schlüssel**, m. T. 1) screw-key, screw-wrench, screw-spanner; screw-driver (—**zieher**); 2) englisch —**schlüssel**, universal screw-wrench, coach-wrench, monkey-wrench, worm-wheel; —**schneide**, f. *Conch.* screw-shell (*Turritella* Lam.); —**schneideisen**, n. screw-plate; —**schneidezug**, n. screw-cutting machine or engine; —**spindel**, f. 1) a) male-screw; b) shank of a screw; 2) lathe-spindle, mandrel; —**stühlig**, *adj.* *Bot.* spiral; —**versenkbohrer**, m. counter-sink; —**weife**, f. screw-shaft (of a screw-steamer); —**winde**, f. screw-jack; —**windung**, f. spire of a screw; —**zange**, f. hand-vice; —**zeug**, n. instruments for making screws, screw-cutting tools; —**zieher**, m. 1) screw-driver, turn-screw, screw-bar; 2) *Min.* worm-screw; —**zirkel**, *see* —**cirfel**; —**zug**, m. set of pulleys; —**zwinge**, f. *see* **Šhrat'zwinge**.

Šhrat'ben... in comp. (*cf.* **Šhrat'ben**...) —**futter**, *see* **Šhrat'benfutter**; —**knopf**, m. *coll.* for —**zwinge**; —**rolle**, f. *Turn.* screw-ferrule; —**salz**, m. comb screwing-tool; außenbiger, outside, innenbiger, inside screw-tool, chasing-tool; —**rad**, m. Lock-sm. &c. vice; —**radbaden**, f. pl. jaws or chops of a vice; —**zwinge**, f. *Join.* &c. vice-pin. **Šhrat'gel**, (str.) n. little wood-sprite (*cf.* **Šhrat**).

Šhrat'vellen, (w.) v. *intr.* gegen den Wind —, *Mar.* to hug the wind close.

Šhrat', (str.) m. terror, fright (**Šhrat'en**). **Šhrat'bär**, **Šhrat'-felt**, *see* **Šhrat'schaft**, 2. n. **Šhrat'**... in comp. —**beispiel**, n. warning example; —**bild**, m. 1) fearful shape, frightful image; terrible vision or idea, nightmare-horror; 2) or —**gepenß**, n. terrible phantom or apparition; bugbear, fright.

Šhrat'e, (w.) f. 1) *see* **Wiesentharre**; 2) cricket, grasshopper.

Šhrat'en, v. I. (str.) *intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to start, startle, be startled, *see* **Šhrat'en**, I. 2) (*aux.* *haben*) *Sport.* to bell (of the deer); II. (w.) *tr.* 1) to put cold water upon hot or boiling things; 2) to fright, frighten, affright, alarm, terrify.

Šhrat'en, (str.) m. terror, dismay, alarm, fright, fear, horror; panic; in —**setzen**, to put in a fright.

Šhrat'en... in comp. —**geschrei**, n. yell of horror; —**gehalt**, f. *see* **Šhrat'bild**; —**herrschast**, —**regierung**, f. —**system**, m. reign of terror, terrorism; —**mann**, m. terrorist; —**nacht**, f. terrible or disastrous night; —**tag**, m., —**zeit**, f. day, time of terror; —**ton**, m. (*Seume*) terrible accent or voice.

Šhrat'gebürt, (w.) f. *see* **Wundflaß**.

Šhrat'heit, I. *adj.* 1) easy to be frightened or terrified, fearful, timid; 2) terrific; II. **Šhr-igfeit**, (w.) f. 1) susceptibility of being frightened, &c.; 2) terrorfulness, dreadfulness.

Šhrat'frant, (str.) n. *Pharm.* ivy-leaves. **Šhrat'lich**, I. *adj.* 1) frightful, dreadful, horrible, terrible, tremendous; 2) *coll.* vast, immense; desperate (smoker, &c.); II. **Šhrat'-felt**, (w.) f. frightfulness, &c.

Šhrat'niß, (str.) f. & n. 1) horror, terror, fright, fear; 2) terrible object.

Šhrat'... in comp. —**pulver**, n. *Med.* antispasmodic powder; —**schanze**, f. redoubt; —**schanze**, f. *see* **Popanz**; —**schuß**, m. 1) alarm-shot; 2) *fig.* unfounded alarming news, *coll.* bugbear; —**sprung**, m. leap or bound of an animal when it receives a shot; —**stein**, m. 1) *Minor.* malachite; 2) *see* **Prellstein**; —**straß**, f. exemplary punishment; —**spiel**, n. *Sport.* tolls to frighten game with; —**tafel**, m. 1) *see* **Wiesentharre**; 2) white ann, snaw (*Myrica alba* L.); —**wasser**, n. infusion administered to counteract the effects of terror; —**wort**, n. word of terror, menace; —**wurm**, m. *Entom.* mole-cricket (*Manulocryptus*). **Šhrat'**, (str.) m. 1) cry, scream, shriek, yell; 2) *Metall.* ball, bloom of fused steel.

Šhrat'bler, (str.) m. *Ornith.* screaming eagle (*Aquila vociferans* Gm.).

Šhrat'be... (*from* **Šhrat'ben**), in comp. (*cf.* **Šhrat'be**...) —**ärmel**, m. cover-slat; —**art**, f. manner of writing, style of composition (*also* *Man.*); —**bedarf**, —**bedürf**, m. writing materials, utensils or implements, stationary; —**blei**, n. black lead, graphites.

Šhrat'be... (*from* **Šhrat'ben**), in comp. (*cf.* **Šhrat'be**...) —**buch**, n. writing-book, copy-book; —**gebühren**, f. pl. writing fees, copy money; —**geschäfte**, —**helfer**, m. amanuensis; —**hiesel**, m. itch of writing; —**kunst**, f. art of writing, calligraphy; penmanship; —**lehrer**, —**meister**, m. writing-master; —**materialien**, n. pl. *see* **Šhrat'bedarf**; —**materialienhandlung**, f. stationer's shop; stationery.

Šhrat'ben, I. (str.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to write; to mark (of a pen); ins **Reime** —, to copy fair; Einem or an Einem —, to write to one; to write one word; das Wort **Šhrat'be** sollte mit i und nicht mit y geschrieben werden, the word "satire" ought to be spelled with i, and not with y; was — wir heute? what is the day of the month? ausführlich — über (with *acc.*), to give full details upon...; (*Nob. & Gr.*) Ausführlicher — wir morgen, particulars to-morrow; — Sie mich gefälligst eine Zeile, please drop me a line; man **Šhrat'be** mir eben an M., I am just now informed from M.; — Sie die **Šhrat'be** ins Hauptbuch, copy the heads into the ledger; 3) **Šhrat'be** (**gešhrat'ben**) *acht*, 8, say, eight; dem ist der **Šhrat'be** auf's **Šhrat'be** geschrieben, that man has scamp written on his countenance; **gešhrat'benes** **Šhrat'be**, recorded law; **sch** —, to write (spell) one's name; to be called; II. s. (str.) n. writing; letter; communication; mein **gešhrat'benes** —, my respects; mein nächstes —, my next (letter); **Šhrat'be** —, your favour. [*Baron.*]

Šhrat'beputz, (str.) n. writing desk; **Šhrat'ber**, (str.) m. writer; clerk; secretary; copyist; ich bin kein großer —, I am no great scribe, I am a bad hand at writing; —**amt**, n., —**bleist**, m. clerkship.

Šhrat'beret, (w.) f. 1) the (act or a piece of) writing, &c.; scribbling; 2) *see* **Šhrat'be**.

Šhrat'berlehn, (str., pl. **Šhrat'berlehn**) m. **Šhrat'bern**, (w.) s. I. *intr.* to occupy one's self with writing or copying; II. *tr.* *impers.* *loc.* mich **Šhrat'beret**, I feel inclined to write. **Šhrat'be**... (*from* **Šhrat'ben**) in comp. (*cf.* **Šhrat'be**...) —**schäfer**, m. scribe; —**schreibe**, m. writing scholar; —**stanz**, f. writing-ink; —**wuth**, f. rage for scribbling.

Šhrat'be... (*from* **Šhrat'ben**) in comp. (*cf.* **Šhrat'be**...) —**faul**, *adj.* disinclined to writing or corresponding; —**feber**, f. pen, quill;

tor; —glas, n., —topf, m. cup, capping-glass; —zeug, n. capping instruments.

Šhrup'ben, see **Šhrubben**.

Šhrup'pöbel, see **Šhröppöbel**.

Šhröt, (str.) n. (provinc. m.) 1) a) cut, piece; b) block, log of wood; 2) see **Šhröte**, 1 & 2; 3) *Min.* dug or full weight or size of a coin; 4) small-shot, hail-shot; *Mar.* langrel; — *Mr.* 1., swanshot; 5) *Mill.* groats; bruised grain, cribble; 2; *fig.* stamp, cut; von altem or gutem — und Korn, sterling, sound.

Šhröt..., in comp. — *agt.* f. wood-cleaver's axe; —baum, m. drayman's beam; —beutel, m. 1) shot-pouch, shot-bag; 2) *Mill.* groats-bolter; —bod, m. trestle for unloading weights; —bohrer, m. auger, piercer to bore wooden pipes with; —breite, f. breadth of cloth between the selvages; —büchse, f. rifle for small-shot; —bunzen, n. *Gold-sm.* scalpel, chisel. **Šhröte**, (w. f.) 1) *T.* chisel, cutting knife; 2) list, selvage.

Šhröt'elien, (str.) n. 1) *Smith.* &c. great chisel, priming-iron; 2) *Carp.* &c. former, ripping chisel; 3) *Turn.* see **Šhrötstahl**; 4) *Card.* pruning-hook; 5) a) *Shoe-m.* cutting-knife; b) *Turn.* see **Šhrötmeßer**; 6) *Swg.* rugine.

Šhröt'el, (str.) m. shreds, parings, clip-
Šhröt'eln, (w. v.) *intr.* to steer clear of the rats, to keep the rats between the wheels.

Šhröten, (str.) v. tr. 1) to bruise, rough-grind, kibble (corn); 2) to cut, saw; to rough-hew; *Turn.* to take off with the gouge; 3) *Min.* to size (the blanks) for coining; die Rünz-silber —, to prune the edges of the coins; 4) to size, assize (barrels); 5) *Draht* zu Radelein —, to clip the pin-wire into shanks; 6) *Min.* to hollow; 7) to nibble, gnaw (of mice, &c.); 8) to shoot or let down into a cellar; and Rind —, to parbuckle (casks).

Šhröt'ter, (str.) m. 1) cutter; 2) see **Šhrötmeißel**; 3) *Enlom.* see **Šhrötstiller**; 4) shooter, loader, drayman; cellarman; beer-porter, wine-porter; —lohn, n. cellarage, shootage.

Šhröt..., in comp. — *fabrif.* f. shot-factory, shot-manufacture; —fäustel, m. *Min.* hack-iron; —felle, f. *Min.* planchet-plate; —form, f. shot-mould; —fürmig, *adj.* & *adv.* in the shape of small-shot; —gang, m. *Mill.* pair of mill-stones that rough-grinds corn, barley, &c.; —glöckel' f. shot-manufacture; —grütel, m. shot-belt; —hammer, m. cutting-chisel in form of a hammer; —höbel, m. jack-plane; —latten, m. *Mill.* bran-chest; —leite, f. coarse bran of the groats; —lester, —löcher, m. *Mar.* canister for case-shot, for langrage; —tern, n. 1) grated, rough-ground, or bruised corn; 2) grain of shot; —tupfer, n. *Miner.* copper clippings; —teiler, f. drayman's ladder; pulling ladder; *Mar.* range of skids.

Šhröt'ling, (str.) m. 1) piece cut off, shredding; 2) *Min.* blank (for coining), planchet.

Šhröt..., in comp. — *maß*, n. shot-charge; —meßl, n. coarse meal, coarse flour, groats; —meißel, m. cutting or cold chisel; —meßer, n. cutting or paring knife; —messing, n. latton clippings; —möbel, n. see —form; —mühle, f. bruising- or cribbling-mill; —lad, m. bag filled with shot; —säge, f. groat saw, cross-cut-saw; —sägeförmig, *adj.* & *adv.* *Bot.* runcinate (leaf); —schere, f. plate-shears; —schwein, n. hog of a small size and not very fat, porker; —seil, n. rope to let casks down into the cellar; —sieb, n. sieve through which shot is cast; —silber, n. *Chem.* silver-ashes, grains of silver; —speß, m. small lean bacon; —stahl, m. (turner's) round-tool (Rundstahl); —stüd, n. 1) see **Šhrötling**; 2) *Gumm.* heavy gun; —tan, n. *Mar.* parbuckle; —thurm, m. *T.* shot-tower; —waage, f. level, plumb-rule, plummet; —wert, n. 1) *Min.* lining of a shaft;

2) see —fabrif; —winde, f. windlass; capetan; —wurm, m. see **Waulourstegritze**; —zeug, n. *Min.* paring-tools.

Šhrub'beinschne, (w. f.) *Spinn.* scribbling-machine, scribbler.

Šhrub'eln, (w. f.) v. tr. 1) see **Šhröbbeln**.

Šhrub'ben, (w. f.) v. tr. 1) to scrub; *Mar.* to hog (a vessel); 2) *T.* to rough-work, rough-plane, rough-turn.

Šhrub'ber, (str.) m. 1) scrubber; 2) see **Šhrubbürste**; 3) *Mar.* scrubbing broom, hog.

Šhrub..., in comp. — *bürste*, f. scrubbing-brush, scrubber; —höbel, m. jack-plane; —säge, f. hand-saw.

Šhruf'fen, (w. v.) *tr.* *Turn.* see **Šhröten**, 2.

Šhrull, (str.) m. *Clath.* prop, stay.

Šhrul'le, (w. f.) *coll.* whim, odd fancy (*Grille*, 2).

Šhrum'pel, **Šhrum'pelig**, see **Rumel**.

Šhrum'peln, (w. v.) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to wrinkle, shrivel.

Šhrumpf, (str.) m. waste or loss in the weight of (warehoused) corn.

Šhrumpfen, (w. v.) 1. *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *refl.* to shrivel, *cf.* *Ein- und Zusammen-schrumpfen*; II. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) to ramble (*Rumpeln*, I, 1); III. *tr.* to cause to shrivel or shrink; *sch-*, p. a. (of the effect of acids, &c.) astringent.

Šhrumpfig, *adj.* see **Rumelig**.

Šhrunb, (str.) pl. **Šhrünbe** m., **Šhrun'be**, (w. f.) *clath.* chink, crevice, gap, chap.

Šhrun'ben, (w. v.) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *refl.* to shap, gape, chink, crack, split.

Šhrun'big, *adj.* chappy, chinky; chapped.

Šhrup'fen, **Šhrup'ben**, (w. v.) *tr.* see **Šhrubben**.

Šhüb (*coll.* *šup*), (str., pl. **Šhüb'e**) m. 1) shove, push, thrust; throw, turn; 2) *Bak.* batch (of bread); 3) *provinc.* compulsory conveyance; *Lose*, auf den — bringen, to convey vagabonds to their home; 4) shooting (of the young branches); 5) see —lasten; 6) *fig.* batch; 7) *Gasm.* bowl, tip, throw (at ninepins); *ein — Stgel*, a set of ninepins. [*pen*, B, I, &c.] **Šhüb'en**, **Šhüb'fen**, (w. v.) *tr.* see **Šhüpfen**. **Šhüb...**, in comp. — *blech*, n. *Bak.* oven-door-plate; — *sch.*, n. sliding-box (in a case or table), drawer; — *stutter*, n. sash, sash-window.

Šhüb'jad, (str.) m. see **Šhüft**.

Šhüb..., in comp. — *larren*, n. wheel-barrow; — *lätrner*, m. wheel-barrow-man; — *lasten*, m. 1) chest of drawers; 2) or — *lade*, f. drawer; — *laden* *štrahl*, m. *Join.* cabinet.

Šhüb'ling, (str.) m. 1) young tree; 2) vagabond conveyed to his home by compulsion, see **Šhüb**, 3; 3) see **Šhübrigel**.

Šhüb..., in comp. — *sch.*, n. mouth of an oven or furnace; — *sch.*, m. ox yoked by the head; — *paß*, m. *provinc.* compulsory passport, see **šwangspaß**; — *riegel*, m. sliding-bolt, push-bolt; — *sch.*, m. *coll.* fob, pocket; — *schiff*, n. *Mar.* brigantine; — *spiegel*, m. looking-glass with a drawer; — *stisch*, m. drawer-table; — *transport*, m. see **Šhüb**, 3; — *wand*, f. *Min.* boulders; — *weisse*, *adv.* 1) by pushes, thrusts; 2) in turns; 3) in batches.

Šhüb'tern, I. *adj.* shy, coy, bashful, timid, hesitating, diffident; II. **Šhüb'tet**, (w. f.) *shyness*, &c., timidity, hesitation, diffidence.

Šhüb'eln, (w. v.) *tr.* for **štäteln**, I, &c.

Šhüft, (str.) m. scamp, wretch, ragamuffin, shabby fellow. — **Šhüfterei**, (w. f.) *shabby*, rascally behaviour, rascality.

Šhüftig, *adj.* shabby, rascally; base, abject.

Šhüb, (str.) m. 1) shoe; toe, edge of a horse's hoof; 2) foot (as a measure); 3) (iron) shoeing, (pile-)shoe, ferrule, tip; 4) spout (of a mill-hopper); 5) *Mar.* a) see **Antleršüh**; b) **Šh-e** unter einer **Stüpe**, pl. soles; c) **Šh-e** unter den **Šhütteln**, launching planks;

sch-e. **Einem etwas in die Šh-e** geben, to lay a thing at one's door; to lay the blame upon one; **Einem die Šh-e** einstreichen, see **Zu-**
verkommen, 2; **etwas an den Šh-en** abgeben, haben, to have known a thing a long time.

Šhüb..., in comp. — *sch.*, f. shoemaker's awl; — *anjetzer*, m. shoeing-horn; — *band*, n. shoe-string, shoe-tie; sandal; — *blatt*, n. upper leather of a shoe, vamp; — *blume*, f. *Bot.* China-rose, shoe-flower; — *borsten*, f. pl. hog's bristles for shoemakers; — *draht*, m. waxed end, pitched thread, twine; — *eisen*, n. see — *trage*. [*to shoe*.]

Šhüb'fen, (w. v.) *tr.* to furnish with shoes, **Šhüb'feller**, (str.) m. cobbler, shoe-vamper.

Šhüb'ig, *adj.* in comp. (I. *n.*) measuring (a certain number of) feet, (two, three, &c.) foot long (*cf.* **Šhüb**, 2).

Šhüb..., in comp. — *sch.*, m. see — *maßgräber*; — *trage*, f. door-scraper; — *le-*
sten, n. last of a shoe; — *maßer*, m. shoe-maker, *cf.* **Šhüfter**, 1; — *maßgräber*, m. journeyman shoemaker; — *nagel*, m. wooden peg, pin, heel-tap; hob-nail; — *papp*, m. shoemaker's paste; — *pinne*, f. last-nail; — *pupser*, m. shoe-black; — *riemen*, m. latched shoe-string; — *schmiere*, f. grease for shoes; — *schußel*, f. shoe-brush; — *schürze*, f. blacking, shoemaker's ink; — *schül*, f. (shoe) sole; — *stift*, m. shoe-pin; — *stüd*, n. piece of leather for a pair of shoes; — *stumpf*, m. square-toe of a shoe.

Šhü'n (**Bah** n.), (str.) m. *provinc.* for **lihu**, which see.

Šhüb..., in comp. — *wasch*, n. cobbler's wax; — *weger*, m. *Mar.* spiriting of the orlop; — *wert*, n. covering for the foot (boots, shoes, slippers, &c.); — *wischel*, f. shoe-blacking; — *wischer*, m. shoe-black; — *zweden*, f. pl. shoe-bills and tacks, shoe-peg; (von **Einem** über **Wessing**) brads; — *zwedenricker*, f. *Med.* whiskey-liver.

Šhüft... (from **Šhüft**), in comp. — *amt*, n. employment at a school, teacher's office; — *aussatz*, f. school, academy; — *arbeits*, f. school labour, task; — *aussichter*, m. inspector or visitor of a school; — *aussicht*, f. inspection of schools; — *band*, f. form; — *bezeich*, m. school-attendance; — *buch*, n. school-book, class-book; — *camerat*, m. see — *genos*; — *casse*, f. office for the revenue of a public school; — *colleg*, m. 1) colleague, fellow-teacher; 2) one belonging to a body of teachers, master of a (German) gymnasium; schoolman; — *collegium*, n. 1) the masters of a (Latin) school collectively, the body of teachers; 2) school board or authorities; — *commissar*, f. school-committee; — *conferenz*, f. conference of the masters of a school.

Šhüft, (w. f.) 1) guilt, crime; *Script.* trespass; 2) fault; cause; 3) debt, money owing, sum due; — und **Gegenšhüft**, debts active and passive; *sch* (*Doz.*) **etwas zu Šh-en** kommen lassen, to be guilty of; **Einem etwas** geben, to lay something to one's charge, to lay the blame of ... upon one, to charge or tax one with ...; **Einem die —** geben, die — auf **Einem** **schreiben**, to give one the blame; — **haben**, — **sein**, to be in fault; in **German's** **Zed** — **sein**, to bring one to death; *ich bin nicht* — **daran**, die — **liegt** nicht an mir, it is not my fault, the fault is not mine, the fault does not lie with me; **die Šhuld** (or **es**) **liegt** an ihm, er hat (die) —, it is his fault, he is to blame; **daran** **find** die **Verhältnisse** —, this is owing to circumstances; **Šh-en** **machen**, in **Šh-en** **gerathen**, *sch* in **Šh-en** **stehen**, to contract or incur debts, to run into debt; *ich bin tief* in **Šh-en** —, *ist* & *fig.* I am deeply indebted to you; *ich betrachte* **diese** — **als** **verloren**, I consider this claim lost.

Schuldabgahlung. (w.) *f.* liquidation or adjusting of debts.

Schuldär. I. *adj.* guilty, culpable; II. *Schuld.* (w.) *f.* culpability.

Schuld... in comp. —*schuldig*, *adj.* stained with guilt; —*schuldig*, *adj.* conscious of (one's) guilt; —*brief*, *m.* see —*Verpflichtung*; —*Schuld*, *n.* *Comm.* ledger, debt-book; account-book; debtor's account book; (fictive) sundries' account-book.

Schulden. (w.) *v. & tr.* (Einem etwas) to owe. **Schulden...** in comp. —*frei*, *adj.* free of or from debts; unencumbered; er hat sich —*frei* gemacht, he has freed himself from debt, he has discharged all his liabilities (obligations); —*genoss*, *m.* fellow debtor, co-debtor; —*gericht*, *n.* petty court; —*last*, *f.* load, charge, burden of debt, incumbrance; —*macher*, *m.* contractor of debts; —*masse*, *f.* mass of debt, collective debt, (the whole of) the liabilities; —*tilgung*, *f.* redemption or extinction of debts; —*tilgungskasse*, *f.* office of a sinking fund; —*tilgungsfond*, *m.* sinking fund.

Schuld... in comp. —*erlaß*, *m.* —*erlaßung*, *f.* remission of a debt or guilt; —*for*, *verb.* demand, active debt; claim; —*forberungssache*, *f.* see —*flagge*; —*frei*, *adj.* guiltless, innocent; —*gebähr*, *f.* obligation; debt; —*gebung*, *f.* the (act of) charging with; —*gefangene*, *m.* one confined for debt; —*gefangnis*, *n.* debtor's prison; —*genoss*, *m.* accomplice in guilt; —*haft*, *f.* Law, imprisonment for debt.

Schuldheiß. *m.* see *Schultheiß*.

Schulherr. (w.) *m.* creditor.

Schuldig. *adj.* 1) (with Gen.) a) guilty, culpable, faulty, in fault; b) †, doomed, condemned to; 2) obliged, indebted; bound in debt, owing; (Einem etwas) —*sein*, to be indebted to be owing, to owe; sich —*bekennen*, to plead guilty; der ich-e Betrag, the amount owing or due; (Einem etwas) —*bleiben*, to remain one's debtor for anything, to owe one anything; ich bin Ihnen Dank —, my thanks are due to you; —*erklären*, to find guilty, to convict; —*erklärungs*, *f.* conviction.

Schuldigen. (w.) *v. & tr.* (L. u.) 1) to owe, to (Schulden); 2) to accuse, to (Beschuldigen).

Schuldiger. (str.) *m.* *Script.* debtor (cf. L. 24, 2: taker of usury; vergib uns unsere Schuld, nie wir vergeben unseren Sch-n (the Lord's Prayer), forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us (cf. Matth. 6, 12, vergib uns unsere Schulden, wir nie unsere Sch-n vergeben, forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors).

Schuldigkeit. (w.) *f.* duty, due; obligation; debt; nun frag' ich nach der — (Unschuld), then I asked him what I had to pay.

Schuld... in comp. —*klage*, *f.* *Comm. & Law*, action for debt; eine —*klage* gegen Jemand einbringen, to bring an action of debt against one, to sue one for debt; —*klage*, *pl.* debtors.

Schuldlos. I. *adj.* guiltless; blameless, faultless; innocent, harmless; II. *Schuldlosigkeit*, *f.* innocence; guiltlessness.

Schuldmann. (str.) *m.* (L. u.: Schuldmann), **Schuldmann.** (w.) *f.* debtor.

Schuld... in comp. —*apfel*, *n.* expiatory sacrifice; —*post*, *f.* —*posten*, *m.* item, sum of a debt, sum (of money) owing; —*posten*, *m.* —*posten*, *f.* action for debt; —*posten*, *n.* —*posten*, *f.* (öffentliche) debenture, bond (obligation) (private) bond, obligation, note of hand, promissory note, IOU; —*posten*, *m.* prison for debtors; —*verpflichtung*, *f.* liability, obligation; —*versch.*, *adj.* guilty, culpable.

Schule. (w.) *f.* 1) a) school; college; *Ag-s.* b) nursery; c) schooling, training, routine;

2) nursery; 3) Sport manege; eine hohe —, an academy, university; die — des Leidens, *Ag.* the school of adversity; in or auf der —, at school; in die — geben or bringen, to place at school (boys); in die — gehen, to go to school; aus der — gehen, 1. to leave the school; 2. to leave school (for ever); —*spielen*, to play at keeping school (of children); hinter die — gehen (*coll.* laufen), to stay away from school, to play truant, see *Schwinden*, I, 2; aus der — schmecken, *Ag.* to blab (out).

Schulen. (w.) *v. & tr.* to school, teach; to train (a horse); II. *intr.* *coll.* (N. G.) to hide, to (—laufen), see hinter die Schule gehen; der Wind läuft —, *Mar.* the wind has become calm, it is a dead calm.

Schulmeister. (str., pl. Sch-meister) *m.* *Point.* model.

Schüler. (str.) *m.*, **Schülerin.** (w.) *f.* scholar, disciple; school(-)boy; school(-)girl; pupil; *Ag.* novice; (sch-), *adj.* & *adv.* like a schoolboy, &c., mediocre: bungling; Sch-schüler, *f.* mediocrity, &c. cf. *Schüler*. [boy; 2) *Ag.* work of a novice.

Schüler. (w.) *f.* 1) behaviour of a school; **Schüler.** (w.) *v. & tr.* to behave like a schoolboy; II. *tr.* *impers.* *loc.* mich schülert, I have a longing to be a school-boy, &c.

Schulergesung. (w.) *f.* education or training in a school.

Schul... in comp. —*feiertag*, *m.* holiday; —*ferien*, *pl.* vacations; die —*ferien* beginnen nächste Woche, the school breaks up next week; —*fr.*, *n.* school-friend; —*freund*, *m.* 1) friend or patron of schools; 2) school-fellow; —*freundschaft*, *f.* friendship made at school; —*fr.*, *m.* 1) pendant; 2) *Stud.* slang, one who has just left school, freshman; —*fr.*, (w. & *insp.*) *v. & tr.* *coll.* to lecture, reprimand; —*fr.* (—fr.) (—fr.) (—fr.), *f.* pedantry; —*fr.*, (w. & *insp.*) *adj.* pedantic (*adv.* —*cally*); —*gebäude*, *n.* school-house; —*gebrauch*, *m.* school usage or custom; —*geführte*, *f.* school-fellow; —*gehülfe*, *m.* assistant at a school, usher; —*geld*, *m.* school-money; —*gelehrsamkeit*, *f.* 1) liberal knowledge; scholastic erudition; 2) pedantry; —*gelehrte*, *m.* humanist, grammarian, scholar, school-man; —*gemäß*, *adj.* see —*gerecht*; —*genoss*, *m.* school-mate, school-fellow; —*gerecht*, *adj.* (& *adv.*) scholastic; in due form, regular, methodical; in an *all* sense: pedantic; —*gesetz*, *n.* law of a school; —*geist*, *m.* college-air; —*gelehrte*, *n.* scholastic disputes; —*halter*, *m.* schoolmaster; —*halterin*, *f.* schoolmistress; —*haus*, *m.* see —*gebäude*; —*herr*, *m.* rector of a school; master of a public school; —*jahr*, *n.* 1) school-year, college-year; 2) —*jahr*, *pl.* see —*zeit*; —*jugend*, *f.* school-boys and girls; —*junge*, —*knabe*, *m.* school(-)boy; —*kenntnis*, *f.* knowledge acquired at school, scholastic erudition; —*kind*, *n.* school-child; —*kenntnis*, *m.* conf. school-knowledge; —*krank*, *adj.* *coll.* feigning illness; —*krankheit*, *f.* feigned illness; —*läufer*, *m.* truant; —*lehre*, *f.* school doctrine; —*lehrer*, *m.* teacher at a school, schoolmaster; —*lehrerin*, *f.* school-mistress; —*lehreranstellung*, *f.* —*lehrerfeminar* (ium), *n.* training-school for teachers; normal school; —*mittheilung*, *f.* school-girl; —*mann*, *m.* school-man, pedagogue; —*mäßig*, *adj.* see —*gemäß*; —*meister*, *m.* school-master; —*meisterdienst*, *m.* —*meisteret*, *f.* office or functions of a school-master; —*meisterin*, *f.* school-mistress, school-dame; —*meisterlich*, —*meisterlich*, *adj.* pedantic, pedagogical; dogmatical, dictatorial, imperious; —*meisterin*, (w. & *insp.*) *v. & tr.* & *intr.* 1) to teach as a schoolmaster; 2) to play the school-master; to be dogmatical, dictatorial, to censure; —*erziehung*, *f.* discipline of the school; school-regulation.

Schulmeister. (str.) *m.* T. gouge.

Schulpe. (w.) *f.* *Mar.* 1) bit of an anchor; 2) the upper piece of the cheeks of the windlass; 3) Sch-pe, *pl.* barnacles or shell-fishes which fasten to a ship's bottom.

Schul... in comp. —*führer*, *n.* managed horse; the great horse; —*pflichtig*, *adj.* obliged or bound to attend school; —*pflichtigkeit*, *f.* 1) obligation to attend school; 2) the duty of sending one's children to school or of having them instructed; —*plan*, *m.* see *Schulplan*; —*probe*, —*prüfung*, *f.* school-examination, trial. [cross-cut-saw, trim-saw.

Schulrähle. (w.) *f.* square-frame-saw, **Schulr...** in comp. —*rath*, *m.* 1) council, committee, board (of a school or college); 2) member of a board of education; —*recht*, *adj.* classical; —*rede*, *f.* speech spoken at a school; —*sache*, *f.* matter concerning (a) school; —*sack*, *m.* a bag used by school-children; *Man-s.* —*sattel*, *m.* manege-saddle; —*schrift*, *m.* short-pace; —*sitz*, *m.* form, bench, seat in a school; —*sprache*, *f.* language of the school; scholastic phraseology; —*stift*, *adj.* pedantic; —*stelle*, *f.* place of a public instructor or teacher; —*stolz*, *I. adj.* proud of one's learning; II. *s. m.* scholastic pride; —*streit*, *m.* scholastic dispute, controversy; —*stube*, *f.* school-room; —*system*, *n.* scholastic system; —*tasche*, *f.* satchel.

Schulter. *s. I.* (w.) *f.* shoulder; zu den Sch-n gehörrig, *Schulter...*, humeral; auf die —*nehmen*, to (take upon one's) shoulder; II. in comp. —*bündel*, *n.* humeral ligament, ligament of the shoulder-blade; —*bein*, *n.* shoulder-bone; —*bündel*, *f.* *Surg.* scapular (bandage); —*blatt*, *n.* shoulder-blade, blade-bone, *Anat.* scapula; —*blatt*, in comp. scapular (vein, nerve, artery); —*stück*, *n.* shoulder-piece (of an armour); —*tr.*, *m.* *Corp.* back-board; —*tr.*, *f.* —*tr.*, *m.* hollowed butt-end fitting the shoulder (of a gun); —*gelenk*, *n.* shoulder-belt; —*gelenk*, *n.* shoulder joint; —*gelenk*, *m.* see —*tr.*; —*höhe*, *f.* *Anat.* acromion.

... (schulterig, *adj.* (in comp.) ...shouldered.

Schulter... in comp. —*sch.*, *n.* see *Sch.* 2; —*tr.*, *n.* see *tr.*; —*tr.*, *m.* see *tr.*; *Archit.* shouldering-wall; —*muskel*, *m.* *Anat.* deltoid muscle; *pl.* 1) muscles taking their origin from the shoulder-blade; 2) muscles moving the shoulder-blade.

Schulter... (w.) *v. & tr.* & *intr.* to shoulder; [Schulter's Gewehr! shoulder arms!

Schulter... in comp. —*punct*, *m.* *Fort.* point of the flank, of the bastion; —*riemen*, *m.* shoulder-belt; —*schleife*, *f.* shoulder-knot; —*tragbündel*, *f.* see —*bündel*; —*tr.*, *n.* scapular; *Fort-s.* —*wehr*, *f.* epaulment; —*winkel*, *m.* angle of the epaulment.

Schultheiß. *constr.* **Schultheiß** (e), (w.) *m.* mayor; judge; justice (of the peace); magistrate; **Schultheißerei**, (w.) *f.* dwelling and jurisdiction of a Schultheiß.

Schul... in comp. —*theologie*, *f.* scholastic divinity; —*ton*, *m.* scholastic, pedantic tone, dogmatic assumption; —*übung*, *f.* theme, exercise, lesson; —*unterricht*, *m.* school-teaching, scholastic instruction; —*verfassung*, *f.* order, regulation of a school; —*verfasser*, *m.* headmaster, rector of a school; —*weise*, *f.* system or method of a school; —*weisheit*, *f.* school-wisdom; —*wesen*, *n.* state, system, condition, or concern of schools, scholastic affairs; —*wissenschaften*, *f.* *pl.* humanities; —*wit*, *m.* school-wit, learned wit; —*zeit*, *f.* 1) time for going to school; 2) school-time or hours; 3) school(boy)-days; —*zimmer*, *m.* see —*stube*; —*zucht*, *f.* school-discipline; —*zwang*, *m.* compulsory school-attendance or education. [Dämmerung.

Schum... (str.) *m.* *coll.* twilight, see *Schum...* *adj.* see *Dämmerig*.

Edum'perlich, *n.* see *Gassenhauer*.
Edund, (*str.*) *m.* 1) orig. tanner's parings;
 2) a) filth, offal, refuse; rubbish, trash, lumber;
 b) coll. tard, excitement; *in comp.* —feger,
 —füng, *m.* coll. scavenger, nightman; —fett,
n. birch-tar; birch-oil; —grube, *f.*, —loch, *n.*
 sink. [*Eduppen*.]

Edupf, **Edupfen**, (*S. G.*) see *Edupf*,
Edupp, (*str.*) *m.* 1) shove, push; 2) coll.
 decoit; 3) see *Edupf*.

Edup'pe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) scale; und eljebald
 fiel es von seinen Augen wie Ed-en (Acts 9,
 18), and immediately there fell from his eyes
 as it had been scales; 2) *pl.* scurf, tetter.

Edup'ye, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) shovel, scoop;
 2) see *Eduten*, 1.

Eduppen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to furnish with
 scales; *geduppt*, *p. a.* scaly; 2) to scale,
 unscale.

Eduppen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to push, to
 shove, to elbow; *II. refl.* to scratch, rub
 one's self. [*house; shed, covert.*]

Eduppen, (*str.*) *m.* cart-house, coach-
 house, *provinc.* see *Edupfen*.

Eduppen... *in comp.* —apfel, *m.* *Pomod.*
custard-apple; —artig, *adj.* resembling scales,
 scaly; —anlag, *m.* leprosy; —baum, *m.* *Pter.*
lepidodendron; —bein, *n.* *Anat.* squamous or
 squamous bone; —beiz, *f.* *Bot.* scaly cover;
 —elchste, *f.* *Zool.* scaly lizard (a reptile of the
 genus of *Synanthes*); —flsch, *m.* scaly fish;
 —flechte, *f.* 1) *Bot.* a) tree-moss, wall-lichen
(Parmelia parietina L.); b) a species of rock-
 moss (*Lecanora candelaria L.*); 2) *Med.* scaly
 tetter; —fleiser, *pl.* squamipens; —fürmig, *adj.*
 squamiform, in the form of scales; —höle, *f.*
Minor. a kind of pitch-coal; —frant, *n.* *Bot.*
 toothwort (*Lathraea squammaria L.*).

Eduppenless, *adj.* *Nat.* soft-coated.

Eduppen... *in comp.* —mischel, *f.* see *Ric-*
scumischel; —nast, *f.* the squamous suture or
Anat. seam of the skull; —panzer, *m.* scaly
 coat of mail; —pelz, *m.* racoon fur-coat,
 travelling-fur; —schlange, *f.* see *Halschlange*;
 —schmitt, *m.* *Harold.* engraving; —schwanz,
m. scaly tail; —stein, *m.* *Minor.* lepidolite;
 —tanze, *f.* *Bot.* araucaria (*Araucaria Juss.*);
 —töler, *n.* *Zool.* mania, pangolin (*Manis L.*);
 —wurz, *f.* see *Frant*.

Edup'vig, **Edup'picht**, *adj.* like scales;
 scaly; scaled; *Bot.* imbricated; ein-fsch-fisch,
 a rough-coated fish. [*fish.*]

Edup'messer, (*str.*) *n.* knife for scaling
Edup'fen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Eduppen*, *B. I.*
Edür, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) shearing;
 clipping (of sheep); shearing-time; 2) fleece,
 clip; 3) *Cloth.* shearings; 4) crop; 5) fur-
 skin; 6) coll. (*provinc.* *m.*) spite, vexation;
 trick.

Edür, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* mouth of a furnace.

Edür... (*from Edüren*), *in comp.* —
 baum, *m.* *T.* pole for stirring the fire, pok-
 ing-pole; —blech, *n.* *T.* wire-frame of a safe-
 ty-lamp; —eisen, *n.* poker, oven-fork.

Edür'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stir, poke, rake,
 stoke; 2) *fig.* to stir up, incite; die Flamme
 —, to add fuel to the flame.

Edür'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) poker, raker, stoker;
 2) stirrer-up, firebrand.

Edür'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *T.* scratch,
 cat; 2) *Min.* opening; ein-en —werfen, to un-
 cover, open a mine.

Edür'el, (*w.*) *f.* see *Edür'fisch*.

Edür'elien, (*str.*) *n.* *Gard.* paddle-staff.

Edür'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scratch, cut,
 scrape; 2) *Min.* to open, dig up, uncover (a
 mine); to trace (veins of metal) by shovels;
 to trench (the ground) and seek after veins
 of ore, to burrow.

Edür'el... (*from Edür'en*), *in comp.* —
 gelb, *n.* reward for the discovery of a vein
 of ore; —höbel, *m.* jack-plane; —schacht, *m.*

shaft sunk for finding a live lead; —schin,
 —gettel, *m.* written permission for a miner
 to trench the ground and search after veins
 of ore.

Edür... (*from Edüren*), *in comp.* —
 haizen, *m.* fire-hook, poker (—eisen); —herb,
m. hearth of a (brick-)kiln; —holz, *n.* *Glas-*
wood for fuel. [*or mown.*]

Edür'ig, *adj.* (*in comp.*) that may be shorn
Edür'igeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to vex, plague,
 harass.

Edür'te, (*w.*) *m.* wretch, villain, rascal,
 knave, scoundrel; *Edür'tisch*, *m.*, *Edür-*
terel, (*w.*) *f.* knavery, knavish trick, villany.

Edür'tisch, *adj.* rascally.

Edür'ten, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* zinc-ore.

Edür'ling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) coll. shaveling,
 shorn priest; 2) sheep with half the wool
 on it.

Edür... (*from Edüren*), *in comp.* —loch,
n. 1) stoke-hole, fire-door; 2) *Glas-w.* fire-
 hole, bocca; —ofen, *m.* furnace of a kiln.

Edür're, (*w.*) *f.* slide.

Edür'ten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*aux.* haben) to
 scrape, scratch; 2) (*aux.* sein) to slide, fall,
 rush down.

Edür... (*from Edüren*), *in comp.* —
 schenkel, *f.* fire-shovel; —sch, *m.* poker, *G.*
 —fänge; —schädel, *m.* *Pomod.* handled poker;
 —fänge, *f.* *Pat.* lance, pole. [*wood.*]

Edür'weide, (*w.*) *f.* fleece (—wool), shorn

Edür'te, (*str.*) *pl.* *Edür'te & Edür'te* *m.*
 1) apron; 2) *T-s.* a) *Sail-w.* the lower part of a
 thatched roof or the gutter of a salt-house-
 roof; b) *Archit.* mantle (of a chimney); 3)
Hunt. hind-part of a deer, stag, &c.; 4) *Cook.*
 apron (of goose); *Min.* chain (round a cask, &c.).

Edür'gange, (*w.*) *f.* chimney-tongue.

Edür'band, **Edür'band**, (*str.*) *Ed-bän-*
der *n.* scarf; belt.

Edür'ze, (*w.*) *f.* apron.

Edür'zen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tie, to tuck,
 pin, or truss up; 2) to put an apron on; den
 Knoten —, *Drum.* to tie or fasten the knot;
 den Knoten (schür'tisch) enger, the plot thickens.

Edür'zen... *in comp.* —band, *m.* apron-
 string; —burt-s. —Rippenband, *m.* petticoat-pen-
 sioner; —Rippenband, *m.* petticoat-pension.

Edür'ze... *in comp.* —fell, —leder, *m.* lea-
 ther-apron; *Min.* miner's breech-leather; —
 feld, *m.* small apron; —holz, *n.* *Archit.*
 mantle-tree. [*trussing, &c.*]

Edür'gung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) tying.

Edür'wert, (*str.*) *n.* *Carp.* scarring with
 key-piece (*Thla.*).

Edür'fel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) coll. a hasty, bustling
 person, busybody, fidget; *provinc.* slide.

Edür'fel, (*w.*) *f.* dish; bowl; tureen;
 (wooden) platter, charger.

Edür'fel... *in comp.* —alanz, *m.* *Minor.*
 plume-alum; —brut, *n.* shell for plates, dishes,
 &c.; waiter; rack; —cammer, *m.* messmate.

Edür'felchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Edür-*
fel) small dish; *Bot.* saucer.

Edür'felchen, (*str.*) *m.* coll. see *Edür'felchen*.

Edür'fel... *in comp.* —flechte, *f.* *Bot.*
 tree-lichen, wall-lichen (*Parmelia parietina*
L.); —fürmig, *adj.* dish-formed, dish-shaped;
Nat. patelliform, scutellated; —frenn, *m.*

see *Edür'feger*, 1; —glöze, *f.* dish-cover (of
 glass); —huet, *m.* see —brut; —knopf, *m.*
 concave or shell-button; —korb, *m.* dinner
 basket; —kren, *n.* dish-croas; —leder, *m.* see

Edür'feger, 1; —mischel, *f.* *Conch.* the limpet
(Papyfische); —pfennig, *m.* *Nym.* bracteate;
 —ring, *m.* dish-ring, stand; —rund, *adj.* or-
 bicular; —schran, *m.* china-cupboard; —

schwamm, *m.* a genus of fungi (*Peziza*); —stein,
m. *Min.* alveole; —trage, *f.* tray; —wärmer,
m. dish-heater; —wischstein, *f.* dish-washer,
 scullion.

Edür'fer, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* *Edür'fer-*

chen) (*str.*) *n.* coll. (boy's) marble, tav
(Edür'fegel); —mühle, *f.* *T.* paddle-mill
(Thla.); *Ball.* nicker-mill).

Edür'fer, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to play at marble.
Edür'fig, *adj.* (*L. w.*) 1) adapted for shoot-
 ing, or for the chase; 2) see *Edür'fisch*.

Edür'fer, (*str.*) *m.* coll. for *Edür'macher*:
 1) shoemaker, cobbler; 2) coll. informer;
 3) *Arch.* see *Edür'feger*, 2; 4) see *Edür'el*, 1;
 5) coll. a species of mushroom; ein (des)
 Edür'fer Rappen reiten, coll. to foot it, to trudge
 (it a foot), to beat the hoof; —werfen, coll.
 to lose a double game (at draughts); —, bleib
 bei deinem Edür'fer! proverb, let not the shoe-
 maker go beyond his last (*Lat. ne sutor ultra
 crepidam*).

Edür'fer... *in comp.* —schle, *f.*awl; —
 borsten, *pl.* hog's bristles for shoemakers;
 —braut, *m.* twine. [*cobbling.*]

Edür'ferel, (*w.*) *f.* coll. shoemaking trade;
Edür'fer... *in comp.* —fisch, *m.* see —
 fischer; —fled, *m.* *Nus.* coll. the repetition of
 a passage several times over, each time as-
 cending one degree, (*Nat.*) *recluse*; —grüel,
m. journeyman-shoemaker. [*her-like.*]

Edür'ferst, *adj.* shoemaker-like, cobb-

Edür'fer... *in comp.* —hammer, *m.* shoe-
 hammer; —holz, *n.* *Bot.* 1) bloody-branched
 dog-wood, wild cornel-tree (*Spieragel*); 2)
 spindle tree (*Spinellbaum*, 1); —jung, *m.* coll.
 shoemaker's apprentice; —kifer, *m.* *Budon.*
 hermit-beetle (*Trichius eremita Scop.*); —

kerpen, *m.* see *Edür'el*(e); —kettel, *m.* paring-
 knife, shoe-knife; —kranz, *n.* *Bot.* wild mar-
 joram (*Origanum vulgare L.*); —laden, *m.*
 shoemaker's shop; —lein, *m.* shoemaker's
 paste; —licht, *n.* shoemaker's candle (with
 double wicks); —messer, *n.* shoe-knife.

Edür'fer, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* 1) to make
 shoes, to cobble; 2) to have six times crowned
 (at draughts).

Edür'fer... *in comp.* —pelz, *n.* shoe-
 maker's pitch; cobbler's wax; —pfennig, *m.*
 punch; —reim, *m.* doggerel rhyme; —
 schürze, *f.* shoemaker's ink; —schütz, *f.*
 hobnail, pl. shoe-bills and tacks.

Edür'f, (*str.*) *pl.* *Edür'f* *m.* 1) shot; re-
 port; charge; 2) *Gard.* a) shoot; bet wide-
 —, straggler; b) shooting; 3) throw, cast (of
 money); 4) rapid motion, swoop, gallop; 5)
 see *Edür'f*, 1; 6) see —wunde; 7) *Bot.* hatch;
 8) see *Edür'f*, 2; 9) fore-part of a horse's
 hoof; ein-en — thun, to fire a shot; in
 (den) — kommen, to shoot, sweep, or dart
 along; Einru in den (or vor den) — kommen,
fig. to come across one; ein-en — haben, 1. to
 be a little crazed; 2. to be in love; weit de-
 ven ist gut vor dem [? für den] —, *fig.* the
 further you are off (i. e. out of harm's way),
 the better.

Edür'f... *in comp.* —engel, *f.* see *Edür'f-*
engel; —beriel, *m.* coll. inconsiderate fellow;
 —baum, *m.* *Min.* safety-stage; —beriel, *m.*
 see —weitz; —bolzen, *m.* bolt, pin in a mint-
 ing-machine; —brut, *n.* wicket in a flood-
 gate; —büste, *f.* 1) see —baum; 2) *Min.*
 shed, pent-house; —sch, *n.* *Archit.* shed-
 roof (*Vulldach*); —sch, *n.* *Wass.* lash, leash;
 —sch, *n.* shoot, thread of the web; —fer-
 tig, *adj.* ready to fire, cocked; —fel, *adj.*
 bullet-proof, shot-proof; —frei, *adj.* not with-
 in shot; —garn, *n.* worst, wool, fling; male
 twist; —gatter, *n.* grate through which water
 shoots or passes; —gelb, *m.* money paid to a
 game-keeper for shooting any thing; —ge-
 recht, *adj.* 1) (of horses) trained, managed to
 allow the rider to shoot; 2) according to the
 rules of shooting; —grünne, *n.* straight chan-
 nel (of a water-mill); —tell, *m.* *Gemm.* quoin
 (*Stifttell*); —(garn)füßer, *m.* *Wass.* pin-coop.

Edür'fig, *adj.* coll. rushing or bustling
 about, restless, over-hasty, fidgety (*Führig*).

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *intr.* (*aus. haben*) to be feeble, weakly, or poorly.
செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to weaken, debilitate, feeble, enfeeble, enervate; to impair, lessen; 2) to dawdle.

செவ்வீசு, I. *adj. compar.* of **செவ்வீசு**; II. *s. (str.)* m. 1) weakener, &c.; 2) dawdler.

செவ்வீசு ..., *in comp.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* weak in faith, of little faith; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* weakness of faith.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* weakness, &c. *see* **செவ்வீசு**; frailty; **செவ்வீசு**, *f.* venial sin.

செவ்வீசு ..., *in comp.* -**செவ்வீசு**, -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* faint-hearted; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* dunce; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* silly.

செவ்வீசு, I. *adj.* infirm, feeble, weakly, sick, stolid; II. **செவ்வீசு**, (*v.* *f.* feebleness; sickness. [*person.*]

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* weakling; weakly **செவ்வீசு**, (*m.* *f.* from **செவ்வீசு**, with *Lat. [tr.] termination*) *loc. (cf. [Phlegmaticus, n.]* person weak in body and mind.

செவ்வீசு ..., *in comp.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* weakness of mind; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* weak in mind.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* 1) the (act of) weakening, &c. *see* **செவ்வீசு**; debilitation; 2) deforation; **செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *Mod.* lowering medicine; **செவ்வீசு**, *f.* athenic mode of cure.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *n.* *m.*), **செவ்வீசு**, (*v.* *f.* swath, row, or line of mowed corn, grass, &c.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* 1) *see* **செவ்வீசு**; 2) *Mn.* damp, exhalation, vapour; *der* (*curige* - fire-damp; *der* *Sal-w.* steam; 3) *Sport.* short tail of a hart; 4) *Bot.* or -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* grass manna, floating hairgrass, floating fescue-grass (*Alcyon fluitans* L.); -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**; **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*gerste.* **செவ்வீசு**, (*str.* *n.* *dimin.* = "little babbler") *provinc.* for *Singrille*.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *intr.* to prate, to prattle, babble, &c. *cf.* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* *Mil.* squadron, company of horse. [*talker, swaggerer.*

செவ்வீசு, (*pr.* -**செவ்வீசு**), (*str.* *m.* great **செவ்வீசு**, (*v.* *intr.* to swagger; to talk much, to talk big.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, II.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. 1) brother-in-law; 2) *loc.* postilion.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* I sister-in-law; II. *coll.* for **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* & *adv.* like a brother-**செவ்வீசு**, (*v.* *f.* affinity (by marriage of sisters or brothers), brother-in-lawship.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* **செவ்வீசு**, (*v.* *f.* obsolescent 1) for **செவ்வீசு**, **செவ்வீசு**; 2) for persons whose children have married; 3) for one related by marriage (*Der* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* *provinc.* I) cattle-herd; 2) a) pasture (in the Alps, &c.); b) dairy (*Scenette*). - **செவ்வீசு**, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* or -**செவ்வீசு**, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* or -**செவ்வீசு**, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, *see* **செவ்வீசு**. [*schwägerette*].

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *intr.* *tempora.* (*with* *Lat. [tr.]* *provinc.* for *Wern*).

செவ்வீசு ..., *in comp.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* T. cod-sounds (*Loc.*); -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* swan-down bed; -**செவ்வீசு**, *see* -**செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *Comm.* swan's-boy, swan-skin; very fine and thick balise; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* arm, bosom, colour, neck, &c., as white as a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, -**செவ்வீசு**, -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* having arms, hands, the colour, &c. of a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* swan's-down; -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* a kind of fox-trap; -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* swan's skin; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *see* -**செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* *Ornith.* swan-goose (*Cygnus guineensis* Bechst.); -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swan's song; dying strains; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* 1) swan's neck; 2) a) T. crane neck; crane-shaft; b) *Surg.* swan-bill; c) *Mar-s.* tiller of a small vessel; socket, iron croch (of a swivel gun); goose-neck (of a boom); d) *Nach.* swan-gun, goose-neck; e) *Lock-sm.* S-shaped hook; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *Archit.* rampant arch; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* *Bot.* sigmoidal; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* swan-skin; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swan's-quill; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* as pure as a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* *Pharm.* Seignette's salt; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swannery; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* as white as swan's down.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* swing; *im* **செவ்வீசு** or *gehen*, *sg.* to be in vogue or current; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* hammock.

செவ்வீசு, *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* 1) with child, pregnant (with), *coll.* in the family-way, in an interesting state; 2) *sg.* teeming; - *sein*, - *gehen*, to be (big or great) with child (ven, by), *mit* *etwas* - *gehen*, *sg.* to teem (with a project, &c.), to intend, design something.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* impregnable.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *tr.* to impregnate; 1) to get with child; 2) *Chem.* to saturate.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, advanced state of pregnancy.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* impregnation.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. T. a sledge-hammer raised by a break-wheel.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* 1) flexible, pliable; slim, slender; 2) tottering, unsteady, wavering.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. prank; droll, merry tale; jest, joke, frolic, drollery, *cf.* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

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செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

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செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *intr.* *tempora.* (*with* *Lat. [tr.]* *provinc.* for *Wern*).

செவ்வீசு ..., *in comp.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* T. cod-sounds (*Loc.*); -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* swan-down bed; -**செவ்வீசு**, *see* -**செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *Comm.* swan's-boy, swan-skin; very fine and thick balise; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* arm, bosom, colour, neck, &c., as white as a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, -**செவ்வீசு**, -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* having arms, hands, the colour, &c. of a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* swan's-down; -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* a kind of fox-trap; -**செவ்வீசு**, *n.* swan's skin; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *see* -**செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* *Ornith.* swan-goose (*Cygnus guineensis* Bechst.); -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swan's song; dying strains; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* 1) swan's neck; 2) a) T. crane neck; crane-shaft; b) *Surg.* swan-bill; c) *Mar-s.* tiller of a small vessel; socket, iron croch (of a swivel gun); goose-neck (of a boom); d) *Nach.* swan-gun, goose-neck; e) *Lock-sm.* S-shaped hook; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *Archit.* rampant arch; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* *Bot.* sigmoidal; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* swan-skin; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swan's-quill; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* as pure as a swan; -**செவ்வீசு**, *f.* *Pharm.* Seignette's salt; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* swannery; -**செவ்வீசு**, *adj.* as white as swan's down.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *m.* swing; *im* **செவ்வீசு** or *gehen*, *sg.* to be in vogue or current; -**செவ்வீசு**, *m.* hammock.

செவ்வீசு, *m.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* 1) with child, pregnant (with), *coll.* in the family-way, in an interesting state; 2) *sg.* teeming; - *sein*, - *gehen*, to be (big or great) with child (ven, by), *mit* *etwas* - *gehen*, *sg.* to teem (with a project, &c.), to intend, design something.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* impregnable.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *tr.* to impregnate; 1) to get with child; 2) *Chem.* to saturate.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* *see* **செவ்வீசு**, advanced state of pregnancy.

செவ்வீசு, (*v.* *f.* impregnation.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. T. a sledge-hammer raised by a break-wheel.

செவ்வீசு, *adj.* 1) flexible, pliable; slim, slender; 2) tottering, unsteady, wavering.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. prank; droll, merry tale; jest, joke, frolic, drollery, *cf.* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.* *pl.* **செவ்வீசு**) m. *see* **செவ்வீசு**.

செவ்வீசு, (*str.*

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Съмън**) little tail.

Съмън'жен, (*u.*) *v. intrans.* 1) to wag the tail; 2) to fawn (vor *with Dat.*, upon); 3) to have a mincing gait; 3) to zig up and down.

Съмън'гел'пенниг, (стр.) *m. coll.* market-penny, marketings; unlawful profit.

Съмън'ген, (*u.*) *v. I. str.* 1) to make or affix a tail to ...; 2) die **Съмън** *ic.* —, *coll.* to neglect going to school, to church, &c., to shirk (lectures); *also intrans.* to play (the) truant, to trifle, to loiter or idle about; 3) *coll.* to call names, to abuse; 4) ein **Штр** —, to tack up the tail of a horse; 5) einen **Шунд** —, to cut off the tail of a dog; II. *intrans.* see **Съмън'ген**.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —corbe, *f.* **Wass.** tail-cord; —febern, *f. pl.* **Ornith.** tail-feathers (*lat. rectrices*); Boot-s. —feld, *n.* bottom-division (of the back of a book); —flet, *n.* bottom-fillet; —flotte, —flößfeder, *f.* **Ichth.** fin of the tail, caudal fin; —hammer, *m.* T. tilt-hammer (of an iron forgo).

...**Съмън'ген**, *adj.* *in comp.* ...tailed.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —fuchsen, *m.* see —hein; —fröte, *f.* **Comp.** tail-croze.

Съмън'гел, *adj.* tailless, without a tail.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —meife, *f.* **Ornith.** long-tailed tit-mouse (*Parus caudatus* L.); —meister, *m.* (einer Zugamme) conductor (of a pile-engine, *T. Tug.*); —meister, *m.* **Tunn.** &c. tail-knife, chopper; —mühle, *f.* a kind of tide-mill; —nayf, *m.* porringer with a handle; —perröte, *f.* wig with a tail; —pfeffer, *m.* **Bot.** cubeb-pepper (*Piper Cubeba* L.); —regele, *m.* 1) Lock-sm. bolt with a handle; 2) **Gunn.** trail-transom; —regeleblech, *n.* **Gunn.** trail-plate; —riemen, *m.* **Saddl.** crupper; —ring, *m.* 1) **Nat.** tail-ring; 2) **Gunn.** ring of the trail-transom; —säge, *f.* whip-saw, hand-saw; —schürer, *f.* loom-string of a velvet-weaver's frame; —schraube, *f.* **Gum-sm.** breech-pin of a gun; —stern, *m.* comet, star with a tail; —stück, *n.* tail piece; piece of buttock-bone; —tan, *n.* tail-rope; —tiefenchen, *n.* see **Größel**, 1; —träger, *m.* *coll.* tail-bearer; —viertel, *n.* hind-quarter; —wedde, *f.* **Entom.** tailed wasp (*Pimpla F.*).

Съмън'ген, **Съмън'ген**, *interj. & (str.) m.* slap, smack. [*or baggy cheek.*]

Съмън'гел'баде, (*u.*) *f.* shaking, puffed.

Съмън'гел'бауф, (стр., *pl.* **Съ-бунд**) *m.* coll. swag-belly, big belly.

Съмън'гел'ин, (*u.*) *v. intrans.* to swab.

Съмън'гел'иг, see **Съмън'бел'иг**, **Съмън'бел'иг**.

Съмън'ген (стр.), (стр.) *m.*, **Съмън'ген**, (*u.*) *f.* abscess, ulcer, imposthume, sore.

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *v. intrans.* (*aus. haben & sein*) to ulcerate, fester, suppurate.

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *m. provinc.* (*L. G.*) rain-cloud, thunder-cloud.

Съмън'ген, (стр., *pl.* **Съмън'ген**) *m.* 1) swarm; crowd, throng; multitude; bustle; buzzing noise; ein — **Вögel**, a flight of birds; 2) **Spord.** der **Reithund** hat den —, the dog has lost the (or is on the wrong) scent; —maus, *f.* **Zool.** lemming (*Remming*).

Съмън'ген, (*u.*) *v. intrans.* 1) to swarm; 2) to rove, wander, swerve; 3) to riot, rake, revel; 4) to fall into a train of thoughts, reveries; to fancy; to rave (*flir.* of), to be an enthusiastic admirer (of).

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *m.* 1) **Fire-w.** cracker; 2) **Spord.** pointer that loses the scent; 3) **Entom.** hawk-moth, nocturnal butterfly; *Sp-s.* 4) rover, wanderer, rioter, reveller; 5) fancy-monger, visionary; enthusiast; fanatic.

Съмън'ген'ген, (*u.*) *f.* 1) a rioting, riotousness, riot, revel; 2) reverie; raving, wild fancy; roamings or roving of the imagination, extravagance, enthusiasm; fanaticism.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —eifer, *m.* fanaticism; —fag, *n.* **Fire-w.** fire-pot.

Съмън'ген'ген, *adj.* fanciful; visionary, wild, eccentric, extravagant; enthusiastic(al); fanatic(al).

Съмън'ген'ген, *adv.* in swarms. [*bees.*]

Съмън'ген'ген, (*u.*) *f.* swarming-time (of **Съмън'ген**, (*u.*) *f.* 1) rind, skin (of bacon), sword; 2) *cont.* (of the human, &c. skin) hide; 3) or **Съ-нбрет**, out-side plank (**Съ-нбрет**); 4) eine alte —, *coll.* an old book; **Съ-нwurf**, *f.* a kind of sausage made of swords.

Съмън'ген'ген, *adj.* having a sword or rind.

Съмън'ген, *I. adj. (compar. [с]мън'ген, superl. [с]мън'ген)* 1) black; swarthy, tawny; *Sp-s.* 2) dark, gloomy; 3) wicked, malicious; 4) angry; —gehen, 1. or **фг** —ангичен, to dress in black; 2. to go in black or in mourning; etwas — auf weiß haben, to have in black and white; was man — auf weiß besitzt | wann man getroff nach Hause tragen (*Stille, Faust I.* 4), what we have in black and white (*i. e.* what we have written down from the teacher's dictation), we can carry home triumphantly (being a certain gain); es wird mir — vor den Augen, my eyelight fails, my head begins to swim; *coll-s.* bei **Einem** —angefchrieben stehen, to be in a person's black books; **Einem** —machen, *i. u.* for **Einfchmäzen**, 2; zu —sehen, to take too gloomy a view of matters; **фг** —Blattern, malignant and contagious pustules, small-pox; ein **фг** —**Врифт**, a black-lead pencil; **фг** —**Брот**, see —**Брот**; die **фг** —**Вридер**, Black-friars (*Dominicans*); das **фг** —**Буд** (or **Regifter**), the black book (police registers); **фг** —**Бел**, a forest of fir-trees, &c., see **Rebel'fölg**, 2; **фг** —**Стрибе**, black chalk; die **фг** —**Рунт**, 1. necromancy; 2. *Engl.* mezzotinto engraving or scraping; ein **фг** —**Руптер**, an uncoloured (plain) plate; das **фг** —**Вриет**, *Geogr.* the Black Sea; die **фг** —**Табел**, see **Wachtel'fag** *ic.*, *cf.* das **фг** —**Буд**; ein **фг** —**Тег**, a black-letter day; der **фг** —**Тоб**, black plague or death, pestilence (in the 14th cent.); **фг** —**Вриде**, foul linen; **фг** —**Вриде**, see —**Вриде**. II. *s.* 1) (*dead. like adj.*) *m.* & *f.* a) a black or coloured man, negro; die **Съ-е**, a black or coloured woman, negress; b) der **Съ-е**, the Black One, *i. e.* the devil; c) das **Съ-е**, black mark, black spot; 3) (*indecl.*) *n.* black, black colour; blackness.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —амфел, *f.* **Ornith.** black-bird (*Turdus merula* L.); —анге, *n.* black eye, black-eyed person; —ангиг, —бур'фиг, —бейнг, —гагиг, —лостиг, —мьфиг, *adj.* having black eyes (black-eyed), beard, legs, hair (black-haired), locks, &c.; —блдер, *m.* baker that bakes only brown (*i. e.* rye-)bread; —бееге, *f.* bilberry, see **Feibel'beere**; —блдер, *m.* cooper who manufactures large tubs; —блан, *adj.* black or dark blue; —блещ, *n.* (beaten) iron-plate; see **Eisenblech**; —блещ, *n.* black-lead; —блещер, *n.* **Minor.** black-lead-spar; —блещеф, *n.* see **Wasserblei**; —блещиг, *adj.* atrabilarious, melancholy; —бранн, *adj.* dark-brown, swarthy, sun-burnt; —браннфел, *m.* **Minor.** pellomelane; —брот, *n.* brown (*i. e.* rye-)bread (*opp.* **Вриброт**).

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —брау, *f.* **Ornith.** see **Regepfeifer**; —блеще, —бейге, *f.* blacking box; —бур'фиг, *f.* blacking-brush.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —бейге, *m.* **Bot.** black-thorn, sloe-tree, German acacia (*Prunus spinosa* L.); —бросфел, *f.* see —амфел.

Съмън'ген, (*u.*) *f.* 1) blackness; swarthinness; 2) blacking; printer's ink; 3) **Minor.** black ore; 4) *Sp.* atrocity.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —ебенбаум, *m.* **Bot.** black date-plum (*Diospyros ebenum* L.); —ел'фел'фел, *m.* **Minor.** black manganese.

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *n.* **Nat.** blacking.

Съмън'ген, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to blacken, black; 2) see **Einfchmäzen**, 2.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —енте, *f.* **Ornith.**

little grobe (*kleiner Steifuß*); —ег, *n.* **Minor.** black silver-ore; —егге, *f.* **Bot.** see —пеппег; —фрбер, *m.* dyer in black, brown, and blue (*opp.* **Сън'фрбер**); —фрбер'ф, art of dyeing black; —флоте, *f.* see —тунне; —флещ, *n.* bacon, smoked meat; —флещ, *m.* **Ornith.** hen-harrier (*Roemerfag*); —флещ, *m.* reddish-black coloured and dappled horse; —флещ, *adj.* black-footed, black-legged; —флещ, *adj.* atrabilarious; —гар, *adj.* black-tanned or dressed (leather); —гел'фел, *p. a.* (dressed) in black; —гел'фел, *adj.* dark-yellow, tawny; —гран, *adj.* dark-gray; —грин, *adj.* dark-green; —гел'фел, *p. a.* black-striped; —гел'фел, *n.* **Minor.** carious black (silver-)ore, brittle silver-glance; —фел, *n.* 1) see **Rebel'fölg**, 2; 2) see **Feulbaum**, 1; **Ornith-s.** —флещ, —флещ, *n.* blackcap (*Reich, 10, a*); —флещ, *n.* a) stone-chat (*Saxicola rubicola* L.); b) common wagtail (*Motacilla*); —флещ, *f.* **Bot.** black pine (*Pinus nigra* L.); —флещ, *f.* see **Strichföge**; —флещ, *m.* 1) black head; person with black hair; 2) **Ornith.** a) see **Reichfögel**, 1; b) see —флещ; —флещ, *adj.* black-headed; —франт, *n.* **Bot.** a) banaberry (*Actaea spicata* L.); b) comfrey (*Reichfögel*, 2); —фуммет, *m.* 1) fennel-flower-seed; 2) **Bot.** fennel-flower (*Nigella* L.); —фуммет, *f.* see **Съмън'ген** **Рунт**; —фуммет, *m.* black artist, necromancer; —фуммет'ф, *adj.* necromantic; —фуппер, *n.* black copper; —фупперер, *n.* **Minor.** gray copper ore.

Съмън'ген'ген, *adj.* blackish.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —манганер, *n.* **Minor.** black manganese-ore; —мел, *n.* **Mil.** rye-flour; thirds; —отр, *n.* **Zool.** caracal (*Felis caracal* Schrb.); —пайпел, *f.* **Bot.** black poplar (*Populus nigra* L.).

Съмън'ген'ген, (стр.) *m.* blacking-brush.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —рад, *m.* black coat, *coll.* clergyman; —рат, *adj.* reddish-black; —фел'фел, *f.* black-pied horse; —флещ, *m.* dark-gray horse, iron-gray; —флещер, *n.* see —гел'фел; —флещер, *n.* **Minor.** black or antimonial silver-glimmer; —фел'фел, *m.* **Ornith.** great black wood-pecker (*Picus major* L.); —фел, *m.* **Minor.** 1) see **Brannfел**; 2) black crayon; —фел'фел, *adj.* black-streaked; —тунне, *f.* **Bot.** black-pine, pitch-pine (*Pinus vulgaris* L.); —тундере, *m.* **Ornith.** common coot (*Fulica atra* L.); —уранер, *n.* **Minor.** pitch-ore (*Uranerfag*); —ватт, *m.* **Geogr.** black forest (*cf.* **флещер** **фел**); —мел'фел, *lhr.* Dutch clock; —мел'фел, *m.* **Bot.** cow-wheat (*Melampyrum* L.); —мел'фел, *n.* **Sport.** black-game (wild boars, bears, and badgers); —винде, *f.* **Bot.** adder's-wort (*Statice tinctoria*); —мур, *f.* **Bot.** 1) black hellebore, Christmas-rose (*Helleborus niger* L.); 2) comfrey (*Reichfögel*, 3); 3) viper's grass (*Scorzonera hispanica* L.); 4) hane-berry (*Frant*, 1); —гинн, *n.* **Minor.** black tin.

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *m.* see **Сън'ген**, 1.

Съмън'ген, *provinc.* **Съмън'ген**, (*u.*) *v. intrans.* & *tr.* to talk, tattle, babble, prattle, prate, chatter, *cf.* **Flaudern**, 1.

Съмън'ген, (стр.) *m.* 1) talker, tattler, &c.; 2) see **Wasserfchmüder**.

Съмън'ген'ген, (*u.*) *f.* a tattling, babbling, &c., *cf.* **Съмън'ген**; prattle.

Съмън'ген'ген, *I. adj.* talkative, loquacious, tattling, &c.; II. **Съ-игфел**, (*u.*) *f.* talkativeness, loquacity.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —марф, *m.* —флещ, *f.* place for gossip; —мун, *n.* *vulg.* prating fellow, chatter-box, babbler, talker; —флещ, *f.* prating disposition.

Съмън'ген, (*u.*) *f.* 1) suspense; 2) **Surg.** sling; 3) or **Съмън'ген**, (стр.) *m.* height or level of waters.

Съмън'ген..., *in comp.* —баум, *m.* rocking-beam, *Mach.* rocking-shaft; —флещ, *f.*

Entom. two genera of dipterous insects: a) *Syrphus* F.; b) *Bombus* L.

Schwärze, (w.) v. *intr.* to soar, hover lightly; to float hither and thither; — *und* *nebels*, *coll.* to vapour, drag.

Schwärzen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to wave, soar, hover, plane, hang; to glide, sail, flit, float; 2) to be suspended; to be pending or undecided; in *Ungewissheit* —, to float, to be (kept) in suspense; in *Gefahr* —, to be in danger; auf der Zunge —, to be at one's tongue's end; *schw.* p. a. suspended; pending; *schw.* *de* Eisenbahn, suspension railway; *schw.* *de* Eisenbahnbrücke, railway suspension bridge; *schw.* *des* Gerüsts, flying scaffold; *schw.* *de* Insel, floating island; *schw.* *de* Schiff, floating or pending debt.

Schwäbeler, (str.) m. 1) *see* Schwäbinger; 2) *Horol.* a) balance; b) balance-wheel, *see* Uhrwerk, 4.

Schwäbel(e)..., in comp. — *riemen*, m. (cines *Schwäbel*) *Saddl.* bearing-strap, hip-strap (T. *Tasch.*); — *schritt*, m. *Danc.* balance; — *flange*, f. balancing pole, poy; — *flügel*, m. *Bauk.* rubble-floor, wash-floor upon laths (T. *Tasch.*).

Schwäbelung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) swinging, *Ac.*; vibration; 2) tremor (an organ-stop).

Schwäbe, (w.) m. 1) Swede; *altfr.* —, *fam.* honest fellow; 2) *coll.* for a Swedish horse, coin, *Ac.*; *Schw.* *schw.*, m. a closely cropped head of hair, a (Swedish) roundhead. — **Schwäden**, m. *Geogr.* Sweden. — **Schwädin**, (w.) f. Swedish woman. — **Schwäbisch**, *adj.* Swedish.

Schwäder, (str.) m. *provinc.* sweetbread.

Schwädrich, (str.) m. T. 1) channel produced by a mill-race; 2) a long fishing-net with a sack-like bottom.

Schwäfel, (str.) m. *Minor.* brimstone, sulphur; — in *Stangen*, brimstone in rolls, roll sulphur.

Schwäfel..., in comp. — *abstrud*, m. print in brimstone, sulphur impression; — *alkohol*, m. *Chem.* sulphuret of carbon, carburet or persulphuret of sulphur; — *ammonium*, m. *Chem.* sulphuret of ammonia; — *artig*, *adj.* sulphurous; — *äther*, m. *Chem.* sulphuric ether; — *bath*, m. *Med.* 1) sulphurated bath; 2) sulphurous spring; — *beisam*, m. *Pharm.* sulphurated oil, balsam of sulphur; — *blausäure*, f. sulpho-cyanic acid; — *saure* *Salz*, sulphocyanide; — *biet*, n. sulphuret or sulphide of lead (*Wiegand*); — *blumen*, — *blüten*, f. pl. *Pharm.* flowers of sulphur, sublimed sulphur; — *bräunsten*, m. *see* — *treibstein*; — *bräunen*, m. *see* — *quelle*; — *cyan*, m. *Chem.* sulpho-cyanogen, blausulphuret of cyanogen; — *bampf*, m. steam of brimstone, sulphurous exhalation; — *bampfbad*, m. sulphur-fume-bath, sulphurous steam-bath; — *einschlag*, m. (act of) sulphuring (wine-casks); — *eisen*, n. sulphuret of iron; — *erde*, f. sulphurous earth; — *faben*, m. brimstone-match; — *fang*, m. hole for roasted sulphur; — *farbe*, f. yellow, brimstone colour; — *farben*, — *farbig*, — *gelb*, *adj.* of the colour of sulphur, sulphurate; — *geruch*, m. smell of sulphur, sulphurous smell; — *gold*, n. protosulphuret of gold; — *grube*, f. brimstone-pit; — *haltig*, *adj.* sulphurous; — *hölzchen*, n. lucifer-match; — *hütte*, f. brimstone-house.

Schwäfelstein, *adj.* like sulphur; sulphurous; *Chem.* s. *schw.* *Säure*, sulphurous acid; — *saure* *Salz*, sulphate of potash.

Schwäfelteig, *adj.* sulphurous; — *saure* *Salz*, sulphite.

Schwäfel..., in comp. — *hammer*, f. sulphuring-room; — *fließ*, m. *Minor.* pyrites; — *ballast*, m. sulphuret of cobalt; — *bleib*, f. coal containing sulphur; — *bleiben*, *fließ*, m. *see* — *alkohol*; — *bleiben*, m. retort for purifying brimstone; — *bleiben*, m. plate of sulphur; — *taupfer*, m. sulphuret of copper; — *taupfer*

stein, m. *see* — *treibstein*; — *leber*, f. *Chem.* sulphuret of potash (or of potassium), liver of sulphur; — *luft*, f. sulphurous gas; — *männchen*, n. *Min.* sulphur wick; — *meister*, m. foreman of a sulphur-kin; — *milch*, f. *Pharm.* precipitated sulphur, milk of sulphur.

Schwäfel..., (w.) v. *tr.* to anoint with sulphur, to sulphurate; to dip in brimstone; *ein* *faß* —, to match a cask; *faß* —, to bleach hats with brimstone.

Schwäfel..., in comp. — *bl.* n. sulphuric acid (*Wiegand*); — *quelle*, f. sulphurous spring; — *regen*, m. shower of rain intermixed with the yellow dust of the blossoms of the red fir; — *rose*, f. *Gard.* yellow rose; — *rost*, f. roasting of sulphur; *Chem.* s. — *salz*, n. pl. sulphur salts; — *saure*, *adj.* sulphuric; — *saure* *Salz*, sulphate; — *saure* *Wasser*, *Salz*, n. *Salz*, m. *Chim.* n., *Bittererde*, *Thonerde*, f. sulphate of soda, potash, lime, quinalo, magnesia, alumina; — *saure* *Strom*, n. *see* *Gelbst*, 2; — *saure*, f. sulphuric acid; — *silber*, n. sulphuret of silver; — *stangen*, pl. *see* *Schwäfel* in *Stangen*; — *stein*, m. — *steinchen*, n. sulphurous particles; — *treibstein*, m. fused and capped furnace for refining or extracting sulphur.

Schwäfelung, (w.) f. sulphuration, smoking or bleaching with brimstone.

Schwäfel..., in comp. — *verbindung*, f. sulphuret; — *wasser*, m. sulphurated water, sulphurous water; — *wasserstoff*, m. sulphurated hydrogen, hydro-sulphuric acid; — *wasserstoffammonium*, n. hydrosulphuret of ammonia; — *wasserstoffsaure*, f. hydrosulphuric or hydrothionic acid (— *wasserstoff*); *bas* — *wasserstoffsaure* *Salz*, hydrosulphate, hydrothionate; — *wert*, n. brimstone house, place where sulphur is made; — *wort*, f. *Bot.* sulphur-wort (*Puccinellium* L.); — *zinn*, n. sulphuret of zinc, tin. [fowlers.]

Schwäfel..., (w.) f. *Sport.* check-line of *Schwägel*, (w.) f. *provinc.* 1) pipe, flute; 2) auto-register (of an organ).

Schwägel..., *see* *Schwägel*.

Schwägel..., (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to swing, tend. — **Schwägel...**, (w.) f. stopper with lanyards.

Schwägel..., (str.) m. 1) (a large, full) tail; train; 2) end; *cf.* *Schwanz*; — *der* *Küster*, beard of the oyster; in comp. (*cf.* *Schwanz*) — *besten*, m. *Zool.* dasyurus (*Wiegand*); — *best*, m. board across a lacemaker's loom for bearing the spools; — *bügel*, m. a kind of stirrup.

Schwägel..., (w.) v. I. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to rove, stray, ramble, range; II. *tr.* 1) to give a tail to ...; 2) to put into a waving motion, to sweep; 3) T. to put into a curve or an arched form, to curve; 4) to winnow (corn); 5) *Wass.* to warp; 6) to rinse.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Schwanz*), in comp. — *haare*, n. pl. hairs of the tail; — *huhn*, n. lyre-bird (*Reierich*); — *komet*, m. tail-comet; — *riemen*, m. *see* *Schwanzriemen*; — *säge*, f. rib or ribbing-saw; — *spiegelnd*, *adj.* *Herald.* with spread tail (said of the peacock); — *steige*, f. *see* *Sonnenreiter*; — *stern*, m. hairy star, comet; — *träger*, m. tail-carrier, train-bearer.

Schwägel..., (w.) f. curve, curving; — *einer* *Blode*, body or barrel of a bell.

Schwägel..., (w. *incomp.*) v. *intr.* (*lit.* to wag the tail) to fawn. [money.]

Schwägel..., (str.) pl. *Schw.* n. hush.

Schwägel..., (str.) v. I. *intr.* 1) to be silent, to keep silence, to forbear talking; *fam.* to shut up; 2) to stop, cease; *zu etwas* —, to say or reply nothing; to take no notice of; II. *tr.* 1) * not to mention, to suppress mentioning; 2) to (put to) silence, *fam.* to shut up, to nonplus; *tebt* —, to burke (an affair).

Schwägel..., (str.) n. silence; *jum* —

bringen, 1) to silence, hush, strike dumb; 2) *lit.* to dismount; *mit* — *übergehen*, to pass over (in silence).

Schwägel..., (*fam.* *Le.* *Schwägel*) *Wieg.* *Schwägel* — *heft*, *adj.* given to silence, quiet, taciturn; II. *Schw.* — *heft*, (w.) f. taciturnity. [*prosaic.*]

Schwägel..., (str.) n. silent system (of *Schwägel*); — *heft*, (str.) m. *Ac.* *provinc.* *see* *Schwägel* n.

Schwägel..., (str.) n. 1) swine, hog, pig; 2) *fig.* blot; 3) *see* *Reichschwein*; *ein* *wildes* —, *see* *Eber*, 1.

Schwägel..., (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Schwägel*) a little pig, young hog, porkling, porket.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Sau...*), in comp. — *braten*, m. roast or roasted pork; — *brat*, m. *Bot.* 1) sow-bread (*Wiegand*); 2) taberos earth-nut (*Wiegand*); — *baum*, m. rooting of hogs; — *bad*, m. hog-badger. [*Cancri.*]

Schwägel..., (w.) f. swinishness, *Ac.*, *cf.* *Schwägel* n.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Sau...*), in comp. — *fein*, m. pork-fat; — *fleisch*, m. pork, hog's flesh; — *hirt*, m. swine-herd, hog's-herd; — *hund*, m. 1) swine-herd's dog; 2) *coll.* nasty, hoggyish fellow, filthy person; — *igel*, m. 1) *Zool.* a) hedgehog (*gemeiner* *Igel*; *Igel*, 1); b) porcupine (*Stachelschwein*); c) *Ornith.* sow-bug (*Wiegand*); 2) *coll.* *see* — *hund*, 2; — *igelt*, f. *coll.* filthy obscenity, bawdry.

Schwägel..., *adj.* hoggyish, swinish, dirty.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Sau...*), in comp. — *junge*, m. swine-herd; — *leben*, m. pig-cote, hog-sty; — *maß*, f. maat for swine, pannage, acorns; — *peil*, m. *see* — *hund*, 2; — *pork*, m. *Bot.* wild rosemary (*Eumyrtus*).

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Schwägel*), in comp. — *blase*, f. pig's bladder; — *blattern*, f. pl. swine-pox, water-pox; — *borste*, f. hog's bristle.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Sau...*), in comp. — *schlächter*, m. pork- or hog-butcher; — *schmalz*, — *schmer*, m. hog's lard, hog's grease; — *schneider*, m. sow-gelder; — *schwarte*, f. pig's rind, skin.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Schwägel*), in comp. — *junge*, m. *see* *Schweiber*; — *leber*, f. *Haut.* boar-spear; — *peil*, m. hog's neck, straight neck; — *peil*, — *peil*, f. *see* *Sau*; — *hirt*, f. *see* *hirt*; — *huhn*, m. hog-deer, *see* *Eberhuhn*; — *hufe*, f. *see* *hufe*; — *huhn*, m. *provinc.* *dimin.* — *hühnchen*, n. pl. *Garm.* Cook the spine, ribs, shanks, *Ac.* of pork corned (a favourite dish, especially in Saxony); — *huf*, m. pig's head, boar's head; — *hufe*, f. *Bot.* swine's-cross (*Grüben*, 1, 2); — *leber*, m. hog's skin or leather; — *maße*, f. *Zool.* capromys (*Capromys* *Desm.*); — *ohr*, n. pig's ear; — *oden*, f. pl. *see* — *blattern*; — *ribschen*, n. pork-steak, spare rib; — *rücken*, m. 1) a hog's back; 2) T. groove and tongue (in sheet-piling); — *rüssel*, m. pig's snout; — *speiß*, m. *see* — *leber*.

Schwägel..., (*cf.* *Sau...*), in comp. — *schmalz*, m. pig-sty, hog-cote; — *treiber*, m. pig-driver; — *wildpret*, n. venison of the wild boar; — *wüste*, f. *see* — *bruch*.

Schwägel..., (str.) m. 1) perspiration; *coll.* sweat; moisture; 2) *Sport.* blood; 3) *fig.* sweat, hard labour; toll. [*Schwägel*]

Schwägel..., (str.) pl. *Schw.* n. *see* *Schwägel* n.

Schwägel..., *adj.* that may be welded, *Ac.*; *schw.* *Gußstahl*, welding cast-steel, mild cast-steel.

Schwägel..., in comp. — *bestärken*, *see* — *treiben*; — *blößen*, n. — *blattern*, f. pl. *see* *Schwägel* n.

Schwägel..., *adj.* that may be welded, *Ac.*; *schw.* *Gußstahl*, welding cast-steel, mild cast-steel.

Schwägel..., in comp. — *bestärken*, *see* — *treiben*; — *blößen*, n. — *blattern*, f. pl. *see* *Schwägel* n.

Schwägel..., (w.) v. I. *intr.* 1) *Sport.* to bleed; 2) to begin to melt (of iron); II. *tr.* to forge together, weld.

Schwägel..., in comp. — *fein*, m. *Metall.* re-heating hearth; — *fein*, m. sweating-fer

x sickness; —*fled*, *m.*, —*friesel*, *m.* prickly heat, summer-rash; —*fuch*, *m.* a bright day; —*geruch*, *m.* sweaty smell; —*grüßchen*, *m.* see *loß*; —*hipe*, *f.* T. welding heat; —*hund*, *m.* blood-hound.

Schwellig, *adj.* 1) sweaty, perspiring; wet with perspiration; 2) Sport. bloody.

Schwellig, *in comp.* —*frant*, *m.* *Haut* the heart of red-deer; —*frant*, *n.*, —*melte*, *f.* see *perennirades Dingelfrant*; —*loß*, *m.* pore, passage of perspiration; —*meßter*, *m.* sweating iron; —*naßt*, —*steile*, *f.* T. places where two iron bars are joined together by welding; —*ofen*, *m.* *Iron-w.* re-heating furnace, belling or welding furnace; —*pulver*, *m.* *Metal* welding-powder; —*sand*, *m.* *Sweat* welding-sand; —*süß*, *f.* sweating sickness; —*treiben*, *adj.* sudorific, diaphoretic; —*träpfen*, *m.* drop of sweat, perspiration; —*zug*, *m.* † (*for Schwanzzug*), *madarium* (*Lat.*), handkerchief; —*warm* machen, *Sw.* to give welding-heat; —*wärme*, *f.* see *hipe*; —*wolle*, *f.* *Common* wool in the yolk; —*wur*, *f.* *provinc.* black-pudding; —*wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) butterbur (*Psylliopyrum*); 2) China root (*Chino-wurzel*).

Schweiz, *f.* *Geogr.* Switzerland, Helvetia. **Schweizer**, *s.* (*str.* *m.* 1) Swiss; 2) porter, door-keeper; 3) coll. losing hazard (at billiard); —*bart*, *m.* whiskers; —*baß*, *m.* bass-flageolet register (of an organ); —*baße*, *f.* see *Bruch-baße*; —*brücke*, *f.* Alpine bridge; —*becken*, *m.* *Print.* one skilled in composing as well as in printing.

Schweizeret, (*w.* *f.* (Swiss) dairy. **Schweizer**, *in comp.* —*haus*, *m.* Swiss-like house; —*hofen*, *f.* see *Pumpshofen*.

Schweizerin, (*w.* *f.* Swiss woman or girl. **Schweizerisch**, *adj.* Swiss, Helvetic.

Schweizer, *in comp.* —*He*, *m.* *Bot.* saintain (*Esparlette*); —*papier*, *m.* vellum.

Schweilen, (*w.* *s.* *intr.* to smoulder, smother; *II. tr.* to burn by a slow fire.

Schweigen, (*w.* *s.* *intr.* to eat or drink immoderately; to carouse; to riot, revel; to luxuriate.

Schweiger, (*str.* *m.* gormandiser, debauchee, toper, reveller, glutton.

Schweigeret, (*w.* *f.* banqueting, riot, revelry, debauchery, gluttony.

Schweigerisch, *adj.* rioting, revelling; given to sensuality and gluttony, luxurious. **Schweigh**, *m.* reclinous wood.

Schweile, (*w.* *f.* 1) sill; threshold; 2) *Carp.* beam; ground-joint, raising-plate, &c. *Railw.* &c. sleeper; über *Schweile* — *foumen*, *fig.* to cross one's threshold.

Schweilen, *I. (str.) s. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to swell, rise; to expand; to heave (of the sea); *II. (w.) tr.* 1) to swell, raise (*Thun.* *hides*); 2) to distend, bloat; *III. (w.) tr.* (*from Schweile*) *Carp.* to new-sill (a building).

Schweiler, (*str.* *m.* 1) *Mus.* swell (of an organ); 2) *pl.* rockers (of a coach); cheeks (of a sleigh); —*band*, *m.* main-brace of a carriage.

Schwek, *in comp.* —*farbe*, *f.* *Thun.* rose; —*raß*, *m.* *Build.* (timber-)platform; —*ten*, *m.* *Mus.* crescendo.

Schwellung, (*w.* *f.* a swelling, tumefaction. **Schwem'me**, (*w.* *f.* 1) the (act of) watering; 2) watering-place, horse-pond; in die — *zu* — *reiten*, to take (ride) (a horse) to water; 3) see *Pölsflöße*, 2.

Schwem'men, (*w.* *s.* *tr.* 1) to water, wash; 2) to float; 3) to deposit.

Schwem'm, *in comp.* —*sand*, *n.* alluvial land; —*sand*, *m.* river-sand; —*trieb*, *m.* horse-pond; —*wiese*, *f.* *Agr.* water meadow.

Schwem'men, (*w.* *s.* *tr.* *provinc.* to burn (wood or waste land) in order to render (it) arable, *cf.* *Reisenbrennen*.

Schwengbaum, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sch-bäume*) *m.* *Mim.* winch of a gin.

Schwengel, (*str.* *m.* 1) handle (of a pump), (*am* *Sichdrinnen*) sweep; 2) swipe, draw-beam, plover (of a draw-bridge); 3) a) bell-crank, ball-swipe; b) clapper (of a bell); 4) a) beam, bar (of a coining-press, &c.), lever (of a press, well, &c.); b) swing-bar, swingle-tree (of a wagon); c) whip-staff (of a helm); 5) pendulum (of a clock); *in comp.* —*brunnen*, *m.*, —*pumpe*, *f.* well with a lever; —*presse*, *f.* press with a bar; —*riemen*, *m.* strap of a bell-clapper; —*wert*, *m.* sucking-pump with a swipe.

Schwengbärte, (*w.* *f.* bottle-brush.

Schwengeln, (*w.* *s.* *tr.* to swing; whirl; to brandish, flourish; wave, shake; *II. intr.* & *refl.* to turn about, to wheel about or round; (*cf.* *Schweilen*, *Mar.*); mit dem *Pferde* —, *Man.* to caracol.

Schwengessel, (*str.* *m.* rinsing-vessel.

Schwengung, (*w.* *f.* the (act of) swinging, &c.; 2) turn, movement, evolution; cinct — *machen*, to execute a wheel; *Man.* to caracol.

Schwer, *I. adj.* 1) heavy, weighty, ponderous; 2) *fig.* difficult, hard; crabbed, cramp, knotty; 3) great, strong; grievous, heinous; zwei *Pfund* —, two pounds weight; *sch-e* *Actien*, *Comm.* high-priced shares; *sch-e* *Gigarre*, strong cigar; *sch-er* *Wein*, full-bodied wine; die *sch-e* *See*, *Mar.* great (high) sea; *sch-er* *Gehör*, hard hearing; er hat ein *sch-er* *Gehör*, he is hard of hearing; *sch-er* *Äthum*, short breath, hard breathing; eine *sch-e* *Zunge*, a stammering tongue, impediment in one's tongue or speech; ein *sch-er* *Wagen*, a loaded stomach; die *sch-e* *Arbeit*, hard labour; der *sch-e* *Dienst*, *Mil.* hard duty; *sch-er* *Trüthum*, grave error; — *zu* *verdauen*, hard of digestion, heavy for the stomach; — *verwundet*, severely or seriously wounded; eine *sch-e* *Wunde*, a bad or deep wound; eine *sch-e* *Krankheit*, a severe illness; ein *sch-er* *Kauf*, a hard bargain; eine (or die) *sch-e* *Menge*, *fam.* a great deal, a vast number; — *zu* *verlaufen*, heavy or dull of sale; — *büßen*, to pay dearly for; — *drücken*, to bear hard upon ...; — *fallen*, — *halten*, to be attended with difficulty, to be difficult (for); — *machen*, to aggravate, burthen; *Einem* *das* *Ferz* — *machen*, to grieve one's heart, to cause anxiety, to distress, to trouble; — *werden*, to become difficult; es wird mir *sch* — *zu* ..., I find great difficulty in ...; *sch* *Gehen* wird mir *sch* —, I find it hard to walk; es wird ihm —, die *sch* *Befürkungen* *zu* *ertragen*, he is impatient of these restraints; es wird ihm — *werden*, *zu* ..., he will have hard work to ...; er hatte *sch-er* *zu* *ertragen*, he had to suffer great vexations; — *auszu* *sprechen*, hard (of pronunciation); — *zu* *befriedigen*, hard to please or to be pleased, fastidious, nice; — *zu* *befürmen* or *erlangen*, hard to be got or to come at.

II. 1) adv. heavily, &c.; 2) *fig.* hardly, with difficulty; er hat mich — *befridigt*, he has grievously offended me.

III. in comp. —*äftig*, *adj.* asthmatic; —*blüthig*, *adj.* thick-blooded.

Schwer, *Schweret*, see *Schweret*.

Schwere, (*w.* *f.* 1) heaviness, &c. *cf.* *Schwer*; weight; gravity; 2) *fig.* hardness, difficulty; —*meßter*, *m.* *Phys.* aerometer; barometer; —*mittelpunct*, *m.* see *Schwerpunct*; —*nüßter*, *m.* coll. damned fellow.

Schwer, *in comp.* —*erde*, *f.* *Minor.* ponderous earth, baryta; —*erdmetall*, *n.* *Minor.* barium; —*fällig*, *adj.* clumsy, heavy, unwieldy, dull; slow (reckoner); slack (business); cumbersome (statutes); heavy (handwriting); heavy, cumbersome, coll. long-winded (style); —*fälligkeit*, *f.* clumsiness, &c.; —*flüße*, *f.* *Phys.*

plain in which is the centre of gravity; —*flüßig*, *adj.* difficult or hard of fusion; —*fürberzig*, *f.* *Mim.* difficult extraction; —*gewicht*, *n.* avoir du poids weight; —*glänzig*, *adj.* hard of belief; —*haltig*, *adj.* see *Rostpflig*; —*harnen*, *n.* *Med.* dysury.

Schwerheit, (*w.* *f.* see *Schweret*.

Schwer, *in comp.* —*herzig*, *adj.* melancholy; —*kraft*, *f.* (power or force of) gravitation or gravity; —*frant*, *n.* see *Trufelstöß*; —*leder*, *n.* see *Pfundleder*; —*selbig*, *adj.* copulent.

Schwerlich, *adv.* hardly, scarcely.

Schwer, *in comp.* —*linie*, *f.* *Phys.* diameter of gravity; —*füßig*, *adj.* heavy.

Schweren, (*str.* *m.* T. crank of a water-wheel.

Schwer, *in comp.* —*maß*, *n.* see *Schmaß*; —*meßter*, *m.* barometer; —*metall*, *n.* *Minor.* tungsten; —*müthig*, *adj.* melancholy, sadness; dejection; —*müthig*, *adj.* melancholy, sad, sorrowful; —*müthigkeit*, *f.* melancholiness, dejectedness; —*müthvoll*, see *müthig*; —*punct*, *m.* point, centre of gravity; *fig.* pith (of a matter); nach dem — *punct* *streben*, to gravitate; —*punctmessung*, *f.* centrobarmensuration; —*schlingen*, *n.* *Med.* dysphagy; —*schmelzbar*, see *flüßig*; —*stirn*, *m.* see *müthig*; —*steth*, *m.* *Mim.* ponderous or heavy spar; —*stein*, *m.* see *metall*.

Schwert, *s.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Schwert*) *m.* 1) sword; 2) *Mar.* lee-board; 3) T. swingle; 4) *Typ.* ferra.

Schwerttaffel, (*str.* *m.* thick taffeta.

Schwert, *in comp.* —*beque*, *f.* a kind of kidney-bean; *Sch-ertanz*, *m.* 1) sword-dance; 2) combat.

Schwertel, (*str.* *m.* *Bot.* 1) flower-de-luce; iris (*Iris* L.); 2) corn-flag, sword-lily (*Stegmaria* [ell]); 3) der gelbe —, yellow water-flag, yellow iris (*Iris pseudacris* L.).

Schwert, *in comp.* —*egger*, *m.* for-bisher, sword-cutter, blade-smith; —*eggerarbeit*, *f.* sword-cutlery; —*eggergold*, *n.* see *Blattgold*; —*flüß*, *m.* 1) *Ichth.* sword-fish (*Xiphias gladius* L.); 2) *Mammal* grampus (*Urolophus*); —*fürmig*, *adj.* sword-like, sword-shaped, ensiform; —*fortsatz* (des *Brustbeins*), *n.* *Anat.* ensiform cartilage; —*flüß*, *m.* cut with the sword; —*lehen*, *n.* masculine fief; —*liste*, *f.* see *Schwertel*; —*mage*, *m.* † male issue, male relation, *pl.* agnati; —*recht*, *n.* sword-law, law of arms; —*ritter*, *m.* knight of the (the-orden) order of the sword; —*schlag*, —*streich*, *m.* stroke with the sword; ohne — *schlag*, without striking a blow.

Schwert, (*w.* *f.* 1) sister; 2) nun; *in comp.* —*kind*, *m.* nephew, niece.

Schwertelich, *I. adj.* & *adv.* sisterly; *II. Sch-heit*, *f.* sisterly union, sisterly harmony.

Schwert, *in comp.* —*liebe*, *f.* sisterly love; —*mann*, *m.* sister's husband, brother-in-law; —*mord*, *m.* murder of a sister, sororicide.

Schwerterschaft, (*w.* *f.* sisterhood.

Schwert, *in comp.* —*sohn*, *m.* sister's son, nephew; —*tochter*, *f.* sister's daughter, niece; —*zunft*, *f.* †, the Muses.

Schwibbogen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sch-bögen*) *m.* *Archit.* 1) arch, arched gateway; 2) burying vault; —*gestirn*, *n.* *Archit.* archivault.

Schwicht'en, see *Schwichten* *it*.

Schwicht'geld, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sch-ct*) *n.* hush-money.

Schwicht'igen, see *Befchwichtigen*.

Schwie'ger, (*†* & †, 1) (*str.* *m.* a) *for* —*vater*, *m.* father-in-law; b) *for* *Schwager*, brother-in-law; 2) (*w.* *f.* *for* —*mutter*, mother-in-law; —*eltern*, *pl.* parents-in-law. —*Schwie'gerin*, (*w.* *f.* 1) mother-in-law; 2) daughter-in-law; 3) sister-in-law.

Schwieger..., in comp. —**finber**, n. pl. children-in-law; —**sohn**, m. son-in-law; —**tochter**, f. daughter-in-law.

Schwiele, (w.) f. callosity, preternatural hardness of the skin; hard swelling; marks of a stripe, weal; *Med.* ecchymosis; *sch-warlig*, adj. *Bot.* callose; **Schwielste**, m. pl. *Zool.* the family *Tylopidae* [III.], or *Camelidae*.

Schwielig, adj. callous; marked with weals. **Schwielmel**, (str.) m. coll. 1) giddiness; 2) or **Schwielm**, m. loose, dissolute person, rake. — **Schwielm**, (str.) m. 1) giddy; 2) see **Benebelt**; 3) loose, dissolute, rakish. — **Schwielmeln**, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to reel, stagger; 2) to lead a loose, rakish life.

Schwimflüg, (str.) pl. **Schw-flügel** m. *Mar.* das **Schwifflig** im **Schw**, the ship stays.

Schwimling, (w.) f. *Mar.* a point; —**stopper**, m. pointed stopper.

Schwimrig, 1. adj. 1) hard, difficult, cf. **Schwer**; 2; *sch-e* **Berghalmiff**, trying circumstances; *das* **Soll** **bleibt** —, the people continue refractory or mutinous; *fig-s.* 2) nice, difficult to please, fastidious, scrupulous; 3) unruly, refractory; *die* **Schwimrig** **tragen** **sich** **etwas** —, the creditors prove rather unyielding; II. **Schw-felt**, (w.) f. 1) hardness, difficulty, &c.; 2) objection; **Schw-en** **machen**, to raise difficulties, to start objections; *alles* **geht** **ohne** —, all goes on swimmingly.

Schwimtra, (w.) v. *tr. & intr.* *Mar.* to snake (two ropes) together.

Schwimfling, (w.) f. *Mar.* *particul. pl.* (**Schwimflingen**) lines to snake two ropes together; **Schw-en** **der** **Buttingtaue**, catheping; —**terring**, (w.) f. mainsail's spinning-line.

Schwimm... (from **Schwimmen**), in comp. —**angel**, f. *Angl.* angling-line with a float; —**anstalt**, f. swimming institution or school; —**blase**, f. swimming bladder, air-bladder.

Schwimmeln, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aus.* **haben** & **sein**) to swim; to float; *es* **schwimmt** **mir** **vor** **den** **Augen**, my brain swims; — **lassen**, 1) to set swimming; 2) *fig.* to let pass, to give up without any effort to bring back what seems to be lost, &c.; *sch-b*, p. a. floating; *sch-ben* **Wasser**, *Min.* boggy rock; in *feinem* **Blute** *sch-b*, bathed in his blood, *weltering in his gore; in **Blut** *sch-b* **die** **Strassen**, streets deluged in blood; *es* **schwimmt** **das** **Ferz** in **Seeligkeit**, the heart is bathed in bliss.

Schwimmmer, (str.) m. 1) swimmer; 2) *Entom.* see **Schwimmfläßer**; 3) see **Schwimmfuß**; 2; 4) *Arch.* float, water-gage (of a steam-engine boiler); 5) a thin Danish coin; bracteate.

Schwimm... (from **Schwimmen**), in comp. —**feder**, n. fin; —**fuß**, m. 1) palmed or webbed foot, swimming paw; 2) or —**füßler**, m. web-footed animal, pl. *palmipeds* (*Palmipedia*); —**füßig**, adj. web-footed; —**gürtel**, m. life-belt or buoy; —**haut**, f. *Ornith.* web; —**hemd**, n. cork-jacket; —**hosen**, f. pl. drawers, bathing trousers; —**jade**, f. swimming or air-jacket; —**käfer**, m. *Entom.* water-beetle (*Dytiscus* L.); —**kleid**, —**stein**, m. *Min.* spungiform quartz, float-stone; —**krabbe**, f. *Orust.* the pudding crab, the puddler (*Portunus* F.); —**kratt**, f. buoyancy; —**lugel**, f. see **Schwimmmer**; 4; —**maus**, f. art of swimming; —**maus**, f. the South-American water-rat (*Myopodius coypus* Geoff.); —**netz**, n. drag-net; —**pfister**, m. see **fuß**; 2; —**schnecke**, f. *Mollusc.* a genus of mollusca (*Neritina* Lam.); —**schule**, f. swimming school; —**vogel**, m. swimming-bird, web-footed bird; —**wanze**, f. *Entom.* water-bug (*Naucoris cimicoides* L.); —**zeug**, n. necessities for swimming.

Schwimbe, (w.) f. tetter, see **flöchte**. **Schwimbel**, (str.) m. 1) dizziness, giddiness, swimming of the head, turning of the brain; vertigo; *Vol.* staggers; *den* — **besom-**

men, to turn giddy; 2) *fig.* extravagant fancy, cf. **Schwimbelci**, 1; —**blümchen**, n. see **Kurzel**.

Schwimbelci, (w.) f. 1) extravagant or gambling project, bubble, giddy proceeding, thoughtless action; 2) cheat, fraud, swindle, swindling, dodge, do; bubble.

Schwimbel..., in comp. —**geist**, m. 1) spirit of giddiness, giddy mind; 2) *fig.* giddy-headed, thoughtless person, coll. giddy-brained fellow; 3) swindler; —**geschäfte**, n. pl. bubbles, gambling projects; —**geschäfte**, f. bubble-company; —**hafer**, m. *Bot.* darnel, tare (*Lamellifol.*).

Schwimbelhaft, adj. 1) extravagant; 2) cheating, fraudulent. [giddiness.]

Schwimbelhaftig, adj. so high as to cause **Schwimbelig**, see **Schwimblig**.

Schwimbel..., in comp. —**lopf**, m. see —**griff**; 2; —**tern**, n. 1) or —**ist**, m. see —**hafer**; 2) —**Wasser**, n. pl. coriander seed; —**krant**, n. see —**wurz**; —**mittel**, n. remedy against giddiness.

Schwimbeln, (w.) v. *intr.* *impers.* (with *Dat.* *es* **schwimbel** **mir**) 1) to be dizzy, giddy; to reel, to be seized with vertigo; to turn, swim; 2) *fig.* a) to act in a thoughtless manner; b) to swindle, to cheat; *mir* **schwimbeln**, my brain reels, my head swims, I am giddy; *sch-b*, p. a. dizzy, giddy, see **Schwimbelkopf**.

Schwimbel..., in comp. —**schiff**, f. *Med.* vertigo; —**schiffig**, adj. harebrained; —**wasser**, n. cephalic water; —**wurz**, f. great leopard's-bane (*Doronicum* L.).

Schwimben, I. (str.) v. *intr.* (*aus.* **sein**) 1) to disappear, vanish; 2) to dwindle; to fail; to wear off; to die away, to decay, sink, waste, fade, wane, fall; to shrink, to lose in weight or measure; — **lassen**, to banish, abandon, forego, give up, let go; II. v. a. (str.) N. T. shrinkage.

Schwimben..., in comp. —**fleber**, n. hectic fever; —**flechte**, f. tetter; —**grube**, f. see **Entgrube**.

Schwimbelter, (str.) m. 1) extravagant projector; 2) swindler, dodger, dither.

Schwimblig, adj. giddy, dizzy; making giddy.

Schwimdmäß, (str.) n. T. 1) (proportion of) shrinkage; 2) (—**maß**, m.) contraction rule. **Schwimdmacht**, (w.) f. *Med.* consumption, phthisis. — **Schwimdmächtigkeit**, I. adj. consumptive, hectic, phthisical; II. **Schw-felt**, (w.) f. consumptiveness.

Schwimdwurz, f. see **Schwimkraut**.

Schwinge, (w.) f. 1) winnow; fan, van; swingle, swingle-knife; 2) pl. rails (of a waggon-rack); 3) * wing, pinion.

Schwinge (c) **brüt**, (str.) pl. **Schw-er** n. hamp-brake; swingle-bench. [*grass* (*Festuca* L.).

Schwinge (cl), (str.) m. *Bot.* fœcus, fœcus.

Schwingen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* to swing, oscillate, vibrate; II. *tr.* 1) to brandish, flourish, wave, shake; 2) to winnow, fan; 3) to swingle (*flax*, &c.); 4) to wing; mostly, p. a. *ge-schwingt*, winged; 5) see **Quirlen**; III. *refl.* to swing one's self (up, into, &c.); to bound, leap, vault; to soar, to rise, ascend; *sich* **auf's** **Pferd** —, to throw one's self on a horse.

Schwing... (from **Schwingen**), in comp. —**feder**, f. see **Schwungfeder**, 1; —**flügel**, n. *Entom.* balancer, poiser (of diptera), pl. (lat. *gr.*) *halteres*; —**holz**, n. flaxbrake; —**kratt**, f. see **Schwungkratt**; —**maschine**, f. swinging or scutching-machine; —**rad**, n. wheel-flow-er, firstlings; —**messer**, —**schwert**, n. swingle-knife; —**stug**, m. *Agric.* swing-plough; —**feld**, n. see **Schwungfeld**; —**stich**, n. winnowing sieve; —**stod**, m. swingle staff, cf. —**brüt**; —**stut**, f. pendulum-clock.

Schwingung, (w.) f. the (act of) swing-ing, &c., swing; vibration, oscillation; **Schw-**

bewegung, f. oscillatory motion; **Schw-Sieger**, m. arc or amplitude of oscillation; **Schw-flügel**, m. pl. *Horol.* beats.

Schwing... (from **Schwingen**), in comp. —**wagen**, f. swinging van; —**zug**, m. (in gymnastics) winning pole, &c.

Schwipps, (w.) f. 1) whip-cord, lash; 2) thin rod, switch.

Schwippen, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to heave, undulate; 2) to whip.

Schwipps, *interj.* coll. slap! smack! [*Del.* **Schwirbel**, (str.) m. see **Wirbel** & **Schwim-**

Schwirren, (w.) v. *intr.* to whiz, buzz; to twang, whir; to chirp; *es* **schwirrt** **ihm** **vor** **den** **Augen**, a mist rose before his eyes.

Schwirrig, adj. whirling, buzzing.

Schwig... (from **Schwigen**), in comp. —**bad**, n. 1) *Med.* vapour or steam-bath, sweating-bath, sudatory; 2) *Tamn.* scowering; —**bank**, f. sweating-bench; *auf* **der** —**bank** **stehen**, coll. to work hard; —**blättern**, n. heat-spot; —**boden**, m. see —**lassen**.

Schwigen, (w.) f. state of sweating, perspiration; in *die* — **bringen**, *Tamn.* to heap (the hides).

Schwigen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to perspire, coll. to sweat; — **lassen**, to sweat, heat; to make ferment; *zu* — **einweichen**, to take a sudorific; II. *tr.* 1) to perspire; to exude; *Tamn.* to pile, cf. **Ab-schwigen** II.; *Cook.* to roast in fat or butter (meat); 2) to make perspire; *mir* **schwigt**, *impers.* I am perspiring.

Schwigher, (str.) n. fever attended with perspiration.

Schwigig, adj. sweaty, in a state of perspiration, perspiring.

Schwig... (from **Schwigen**), in comp. —**kasten**, m. sweating-box, sweating-closet; —**mittel**, n. sudorific (remedy); —**zimmer**, n. sudorific powder; —**stube**, f. sweating-room; —**trant**, m. sudorific potion; —**wasser**, n. rain-water filtering through the capillary tubes of the earth.

Schwib(e)..., in comp. *Tamn.-s.* —**grube**, f. lime-pit; —**masse**, f. lime-cream.

Schwibeln, (w.) v. *tr.* *Tamn.* to dress and work with lime-cream. [*brush*.]

Schwib(e)bel, (str.) m. *Tamn.* ox-tail

Schwören, (str.) v. *tr. & intr.* to take an oath; to swear; to vow; *schwör* —, to forswear or perjure one's self; *Einen* — **lassen**, to administer an oath to one, to put one to his oath; *Schuld* **und** **Erre** —, to swear the oath of allegiance; *bei* **Gott** —, to swear by God; *auf* **etwas** (*Acc.*) —, to swear to or take one's oath on (coll. of) a thing; *er* **hat** **mir** **den** **Untersag** **geschworen**, he has sworn to ruin me; *geschworen*, p. a. sworn licensed (broker, &c.); *geschworne* **Frau**, *provenc.* midwife. — **Schwörer**, (str.) m. swearer, &c.

Schwurbe! (*waggoners' term*) hey! to the left! see **Wicht**.

Schwül, adj. sultry, close; *es* **ist** **mir** — *zu* **Witz** **or** **ums** **Ferz**, *fig.* I am in an anxious mood or in great dread. [*the air*.]

Schwüle, (w.) f. sultriness, close state of **Schwulst**, (w.) f. *foe.* anxiety, trouble of mind; in — (**Schwulst**), at a nonplus, &c., cf. **Berlegenheit**, 1.

Schwulst, (str.) pl. **Schwulste** (m. & f. 1) swelling (**Schwulst**); 2) bombast; fastid.

Schwulstig, I. adj. 1) swollen; 2) *fig.* pompous, bombastic, inflated, turgid; II. **Schw-felt**, (w.) f. *fig.* bombastic style, tumidity, pomposity, turgidity; verbosity.

Schwund, (str.) m. a dying away, consuming; *Med.* atrophy.

Schwung, I. (str.) pl. **Schwünge** (m. 1) swing; 2) vibration; oscillation; 3) soaring, flight; strain; emphasis; 4) activity; motion; 5) *Sugar-w.* seesaw pan; 6) *fig.* ardour, liveliness, flight, warmth (of imagination, &c.)

See, *s. i.* (*irr. sing. str.*, *pl. w.*) *m.* lake; 11. (*w.* *f.* 1) sea; 2) *partic.* *See*, *pl.* = *Welle*; auf der —, at sea; zur —, by sea; an der —, at or on the sea-side; *Mar.-s.* lange —, long sea; kurze —, short sea; eine hohe —, a high or great sea; eine schwere —, a heavy sea; in — gehen or strecken, to put to sea, set sail, stretch out to sea; in — gehend, outward bound (ship); die — halten, to keep the sea, to hold out in the offing; die — gewinnen, to get sea-room; die — kühlen, *see* Dreggen; etwas über — sein (*See*, *cf.* Sanders, *l. w.*), to be half seas over; die — betreffen, maritime, naval; nautical.

See ..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Meer ...) —aai, *m.* Ichth. sea-eel, conger-eel (*Conger vulgaris* Cuv.); —academie, *f.* marine academy; —abster, *m.* Ornith. sea-eagle, bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocapillus* Briss.); —affe, *m.* 1) Zool. sea-cow (*Seeuh*, 1); 2) Ichth. sea-rage; —algen, *f. pl.* marine algae; —alpen, *pl.* Geogr. marine alps; —anemone, *f.* sea —neffel, 2; —angelhaken, *m.* Fish. sea-hook; —anker, *m.* Mar. sea-anchor; —apfel, *m.* sea —igel; —arsenal, *m.* see —zeughaus; —asscuranz, *f.* marine insurance; —assel, *f.* coat-of-mail shell (*Räuferrnuschel*); —astbrud, *m.* sea or naval expression; —belle, *f.* Bot. sea-fennel, samphire (*Orithium maritimum* L.); —bad, *n.* sea-bath, sea-bathing place; —ball, *m.* sea —igel; —bant, *f.* flat; —bart, *m.* Zool. 1) ursine seal; sea-bear (*Archoccephalus ursinus* L.); 2) *see* Eisbär; —barbe, *f.* Ichth. surmullet, red mullet (*Mullus barbatus* L.); —barometer, *m.* marine barometer; —barf, *m.* Ichth. sea-perch, the bass, sea-dace, sea-wolf (*Labrax lupus* Cuv.); —baum, *m.* *see* Felsenbaum; —baumwolle, *f.* foreign cotton; —befehlshaber, *m.* admiral; —berichter, *pl.* ship-news; —beschreibung, *f.* hydrography; —bente, *f.* prize; —bentel, *m.* Acal. sea-jelly, sea-purse, sea-nettle (*Physalia arctica* L.); —biber, *m.* sea —otter; —blinse, *f.* Bot. *see* Meerbinse; —blase, *f.* sea —beutel; —blume, *f.* 1) Bot. a) water-lily (*Ceratoph*); b) pond-lily (*Scilla*); 2) Polyp. sea-anemone (—neffel, 2); —bod, *m.* *see* Hornfisch; —boje, *f.* sea —igel; —boot, *n.* sea-boat; —büß, *m.* *see* —barf; —brassen, *m.* Ichth. sea-bream (*Brama Rajii* Bl.); —brand, *m.* *see* gebraud; —breite, *f.* Mar. sea-room; —brief, *m.* Mar. passport (for shipping); sea-letter, sea-brief; *pl.* ship's papers; —buch, *m.* log-book; —büßne, *f.* pier, quay; —bülle, *f.* Ichth. father-lasher (*Wetterald*); —cabett, *m.* midshipman; —carte, *f.* *see* —karte; —compas, *m.* sea- or mariner's compass; —consulat, *m.* maritime court (in France, Spain, and Italy); —contract, *m.* charter-party; —dampfsboot, *n.* ocean-steamer; —dampfsbootstffel, *m.* Mack marine boiler; —dies, *m.* naval thief; —dienst, *m.* sea- or maritime service; merchant-service; —dorf, *m.* Archaeol. lacustrine habitation (*Wasserdorf*, 2); —drache, *m.* Ichth. 1) sea-dragon, otterpick, pegasus (*Pegasus draco* L.); 2) weaver (*Pteromachus*, 2); 3) *see* —ratte; 4) dragonet (*Cottionymus* L.); —dung, *m.* *see* —gras; —ei, *n.* sea-egg; —eide, *f.* Bot. sea-oak, sea-wood, tangle (*Pinus* L.); —eidel, *f.* Orust. acorn-shell (*Brachinus Brug.*); —einhorn, *m.* *see* Narwal; —elster, *f.* Ornith. 1) sea-pie, oyster-catcher (*Küsterndieb*); 2) wedgeon (*Anas Pinnipeds* L.); 3) dabchick (*Reiner Strigifuss*); —ente, *f.* Ornith. 1) puffin (*Alca arctica* L.); 2) red-headed duck (*Solbentent*); 3) the sea-duck (*Fuligula Leach.*); —erhaltung, *f.* deliberation of the master and crew; —erz, *m.* *see* Eumphyer; —etst, *m.* navy; —fächer, *m.* 1) Ornith. phaeton, the tropic bird (*Erythronotus*); 2) Zool. sea-fan, a species of *Gorgonia*; —fäsig, *adj.* sea-worthy; —fahrend, *adj.* sea-faring; —fahrer, *m.* navigator, mariner, sailor, seafaring-man;

—fahrrerfaher, *f.* seamanship; —fährt, *f.* seafaring, navigation, voyage; —faher, *m.* 1) seapheasant, pin-tailed duck (*Spierente*); 2) shoveller (*Schiffente*); —faher, *f.* Polyp. sea-pen (*Pinnatula Lam.*); —feige, *f.* *see* Meerfrige; —fenchel, *m.* Bot. samphire (*Orithium maritimum* L.); —fest, *adj.* Mar. seaworthy; —fruct, *n.* *see* —laterne; —fisch, *m.* sea-fish, salt-water fish; —flaße, *f.* skull- or globe fish (*Stachelbauch*); —flebermann, *f.* sea-bat (*Mythos neoplatia* Cuv.); —floß, *m.* Orust. water-flea, sea-lobster (*Stichtred*); —flotte, *f.* fleet, navy; —flußer, *m.* Ornith. ember-goose (*Colymbus glacialis* L.); —forelle, *f.* Ichth. variety of the salmon-trout (*Salvelinus*); —fracht, *f.* freight; —frachtfrie, *m.* bill of lading; —freibenter, *m.* privateer; —frolsch, *m.* Ichth. sea-devil, frog-fish, toad-fish (—trufel, 1); —fruch, *m.* Ichth. sea-fox (*Squalus neoplatia*); —fund, *m.* *see* Strandgut; —fuß, *m.* Mar. —füße haben, to have sea-legs; —gall, *m.* *see* Ribig; —gallerie, *f.* Bot. nocton, star-jelly, witch's butter (*Thromalia nocton* L.); —gang, *m.* Mar. sea, waves, billows; —garnele, *f.* Entom. prawn, shrimp (*Orangon vulgaris* F.); —gat, *n.* Mar. fair way; —gebrud, *m.* custom at sea; —gefahr, *f.* hazard or risk at sea, sea-risk; —gefahr, *n.* sea-fight, naval combat; engagement at sea; —gefäße, —gefäße, *n.* sea-fowl, sea-birds; —gemälde, *n.* sea —bild; —gericht, *n.* court of admiralty; —geruch, *m.* sea-smell, smell of the sea; —geschäfte, *n. pl.* shipping business; —geschäp, *n.* *see* Meergergeschäp; —geschret, *n.* sailors' cheers (in attacking an enemy); watchword of the mariners; —gefeß, *n.* maritime law, sea-law; —gefeßbuch, *n.* naval code; —gefeß, *n.* mirage, Fata Morgana; —gefäße, *n.* *see* —ufer; —gewächs, *n.* sea-plant, marine-plant; —gewöhnt, *adj.* 1) accustomed to a sea-faring life; 2) acquainted with the art of navigation; —gras, *n.* Bot. sea-grass, sea-wrack, grass-wrack (*Zostera marina* L.); —grasbüß, *f. pl.* meadows of sea-weed; —grün, *n.* sea-green; —grund, *m.* bottom or ground of the sea; —grundel, *m.* Ichth. smaller blenny (*Blennius pholis* L.); —gurte, *f.* Echin. sea-cucumber (*Holothuria* L.); —gut, *n.* Comm. goods for foreign export; —hafen, *m.* sea-port; —hafen, *m.* Bot. Canadian wild rice, Indian rice, water-oat (*Zizania aquatica* L.); —hahn, *m.* Ichth. gurnard (*Trigla* L.); —haher, *adj.* sea-worthy; —hand, *f.* sea-hand, *see* —fuß; —hantel, *m.* maritime commerce, sea-commerce, sea-trade; —handlungsgefäße, *f.* society of maritime commerce; —hauf, *m.* a kind of coarse thick hemp; —hase, *m.* 1) Ichth. lump-fish, sea-owl (Lump, 2); 2) *Mollusc.* sea-hare (*Aplysia depilans* L.); —helf, *m.* naval hero; —herfchaft, *f.* sovereignty of the ocean; —herfchraft, *f.* Orust. common lobster (*Hummer*, 1); —höhe, *f.* Mar. offing; —holzer (traut), *n.* Bot. water-knotgrass (*Wasserföterich*); —hose, *f.* water-spout; —huß, *n.* Ornith. ember-goose (—flunder); —huß, *m.* Zool. common seal, sea-dog, sea-calf (*Phoca vitulina* L.); —hundfisch, *n.* dogfish-skin; —igel, *m.* Echin. sea-hedgehog, sea-urobin (*Echinus oculatus* L.); —igelftein, *m.* *see* Echinit; —ingenieur, *m.* marine engineer; —jungfer, *f.* 1) mermaid, siren; 2) *see* Wasserjungfer, 2; —junker, *m.* *see* —cabett; —kalf, *n.* Zool. sea-calf, seal (*Phoca vitulina* L.); —kalfschell, *n.* seal-skin; —kante, *f.* Mar. coast; —karabane, *f.* Mar. sea-caravan; —karpfen, *m.* Ichth. lake-carp; sea-carp; —karte, *f.* sea-map; (sea-) ohart; —karterfchener, *m.* hydrographer; —kanten, *f.* *see* —igel; —kaye, *f.* 1) cuttle-fish (*Eintenfisch*); 2) Ichth. sea-wolf (*Anarhichas lupus* L.); 3) Zool. ursine-seal (—bär, 1); —küghen, *n.* the horned trunk-fish (*Ostracion cornutum* L.); —kennung, *f.* Mar. 1) sea-mark;

2) intelligence of the soundings; —kiste, *m. pl.* T. Hamburg quills; —kiste, *n.* eggs of the ray-fish; —kiste, *f.* sea-chest, sailor's chest; —kiste machen, to clear (a ship); —kiste, *m.* Bot. sea-cabbage, sea-cala, sea-colewort (*Orambe maritima* L.); —kiste, *m.* *see* Meerfisch; —kiste, *f.* 1) Orust. sea-cormorant, sea-crow, sea-drake, sea-raven (*Carbo cormorinus* M. & W.); 2) Ichth. *see* Umber; —kiste, *adj.* sea-sick; —kistefrit, *f.* sea-sickness, nausea; —kistefrit, *f.* Bot. common glasswort, marsh-samphire (*Salicornia*); —kiste, *m.* Orust. lobster (Hummer, 1); —kiste, *m.* sea-war, naval war; —kistefrit, *f.* naval tactics; —kistefrit, *m.* *see* —kiste; —kiste, *f.* *see* —kiste; —kiste, *f.* Zool. 1) sea-cow, manatee (*Manatus australis* Cuv.); 2) hippopotamus (*Hippopotamus*); —kiste, *m.* *see* —kiste; —kiste, *f.* naval knowledge; —kiste, *f.* sea-shore, sea-coast, sea-side, shore, strand. [am.]

Seeant, (*str.* *pl.* E-ämter) *n.* *see* Seeant
Seeant, *n.* Geogr. Zealand.
Seelaterne, (*w.* *f.* *see* Schiff) (*laterne*)
Seele, (*w.* *f.* 1) soul; mind: 2) Wom. eye or chamber of the shuttle; 3) Rev. sole; 4) *see* opening, inside, or bore of a cannon; 5) (rines) *See*le T. shaft, fire-room, tunnel; pith of a quill; 6) bladder of a herring; 7) Ichth. *see* Blaufelchen; (bei *See*) after *See*, All-Souls; soul-mass; bri- minger — I upon my soul! es thut mir in der — weh, it cuts me to the quick or soul. it grieves me to the very heart; brine *See*le —, no man breathing, not a living soul; er spricht mir an der —, he speaks exactly as I should; du hast ihn auf der —, you are the cause of his distress or death; *Einem* etwas auf die — blühen, *fig.* to lay strong injunctions upon one, to urge home to one, *cf.* Binden.

See ..., *in comp.* —leben, *m.* maritime life or habits; —leter, *f.* Ichth. red g(ou)urnet or g(ou)urnard, roachet (*Trigla lyra* L.); —leim, *m.* marine glue.

Seelen ..., *in comp.* —adel, *m.* nobility of soul, nobleness of mind; —amt, *n.* Rom. Cath. mass said for departed souls, requiem; —andacht, *f.* inmost devotion; —angst, *f.* anguish of soul, mental agony; —argnet, *f.* spiritual remedy; —brant, *f.* Eccl. *fig.* 1) bride or spouse of Christ; 2) the Church; —brü- tigkeit, *m.* Christ (as bridegroom of the human soul); —feß, *n.* All-Souls; —förschung, *f.* psychology; —freund, *m.* intimate friend; —frie- den, *m.* peace of mind or soul; —froh, *adj.* extremely rejoiced, heartily glad; —größe, *f.* greatness, magnanimity of soul; *Einem* —gut sein, to have a strong (or sincere) affection for any one; —güte, *f.* goodness of soul or heart.

Seelenhaft, *adj.* *see* Seelenvoll.
Seelen ..., *in comp.* —hell, *m.* safety or welfare of the soul; —hirt, *m.* *fig.* pastor; —höhe, *f.* elevation of soul, mind; —hül, *n.* Bot. fly-honeysuckle (*Stententia*); —kamp, *m.* struggle of the soul; —kraft, *f.* power of the soul; faculty of mind; —kraft, *adj.* soul sick; —krankheit, *f.* infirmity of the soul, disorder of the mind; —kummer, *m.* vexation of mind, trouble of the soul; —kunne, —leht, *f.* doctrine of the soul, psychology; —leht, *adj.* *see* Seelenlos; —leht, *f.* want of soul; —leiden, *n.* mental suffering.

Seelenlos, *adj.* inanimate, lifeless; void of soul.

Seelen ..., *in comp.* —lust, *f.* delight of the soul; —mette, *f.* soul-mass, requiem; —müde, *adj.* extremely weary; —apfel, *n.* sacrifice for the soul of a defunct person; —ranth, *m.* intoxication of the soul or mind; —reid, *adj.* *see* —voll; —ruhe, *f.* tranquillity

to manage sails; —*funß*, *f.* art of sailing or navigation.

Segel, *adj.* sailless; *Mar.* under bare *Segel*..., *in comp.* —*macher*, *m.* sail-maker; —*meister*, *m.* sail-(maker's) loft; —*meister*, *m.* mariner who has the care of the sails.

Segeln, *(u.) v. i. intr.* (*aus*, *haben* & *sein*) to sail; mit vollem Winde —, to sail whole wind; mit halbem Winde —, to go with a tack-wind; hart —, to press sail, to carry a press of sail; ein Schiff beim Winde f-des Schiff, bad plover; bad sailing vessel upon a wind; vessel that makes much lee-way; II. *tr.* ein Schiff tobt —, to beat a ship (in sailing); in den Grund —, to sink (a vessel).

Segel..., *in comp.* —*nadel*, *f.* sail-(maker's) needle; —*ordnung*, *f.* order of sailing; —*palme*, *f.* sailor's palm; —*qualle*, *f.* *Acad.* a genus of Asclepias (*Volula* Lam.); —*ring*, *m.* ring of a sail; —*schiff*, *n.* sailing vessel (*opp.* Dampf[schiff]); —*schieber*, *m.* sail-maker; —*schneelligkeit*, *f.* rate of sailing, run (of a ship); —*seil*, *n.* tack; —*spitel*, *n.* set or suit of sails; —*spinne*, *f.* cross-spider, hazel-spider (*Strugspinne*); —*spur*, *f.* track of a ship; —*stange*, *f.* sail-yard; —*stiftes* Schiff, stiff ship, a ship which carries her sail very stiff; —*stride*, *m. pl.* see *Strasse*; —*tafel*, *f.* *Naut.* tables for sailing; —*tuch*, *n.* sail-cloth, canvass; (leichtes) duck; —*vogel*, *m.* see —*falter*; —*wagen*, *m.* sailing-chariot; —*wert*, *n.* sails; —*wetter*, *n.* weather favourable for sailing; (schlechtes) foul weather; —*wind*, *m.* fair wind or breeze; —*junge*, *f.* gore of a sail.

Segen, *(str.) m.* 1) sign of the cross made with the hand; 2) blessing, benediction; grace; 3) conjuration, see *Banberseggen*; 4) *sg.* a) bliss, blessing; b) rich gift; —*des* Bergbauers, proceeds of mining (considered as a blessing bestowed by God); viel — bringen, *sg.* to impart a great blessing; den — sprechen, to give the benediction; to say grace; an Gottes — ist alles gelegen, *proverb.* God's blessing gained, in all obtained; das Ebenen der Gerechten bleibet im — (*Prov.* 10, 7), the memory of the just is blessed.

Segenbaum, *m.* see *Eidenbaum*.

Segenbliss, *adj.* unblessed. [*ful.*]

Segenreich, *adj.* rich in blessing, bliss.

Segen..., *(cf. Segen...), in comp.* —*ernte*, *f.* blessed, or abundant harvest; —*fülle*, *f.* fulness or abundance of blessings; —*hand*, *f.* blessing hand; —*kraft*, *f.* power of blessings; —*kräftig*, *adj.* efficacious in blessing; —*land*, *n.* land of blessings.

Segen..., *(cf. Segen...), in comp.* —*prediger*, *m.* conjurer, enchanter, charmer, sorcerer, spell-writer; —*prediger*, *f.* spelling, conjuration, magical words; —*spruch*, *m.* benediction, blessing.

Segen..., *(cf. Segen...), in comp.* —*quelle*, *f.* source of a blessing; —*wunsch*, *m.* wish for a blessing.

Segenwoll, *adj.* blessed.

Segge, *(u.) f.* Bot. seg. sedge (*Richtgras*, 2).

Segler, *(str.) m.* 1) sailor; 2) ship, sailer; ein guter —, a fast-sailing vessel; ein schlechter —, a bad, dull, or heavy sailer or plover; ein vorzüglicher —, clipper-ship; —*der* Rüste, *sg.* aerial travellers (*Schiller*, of the clouds); 3) see *natilus*; 4) *Haut*. see *Drehling*, 1; 5) see *Egelfalter*; 6) *Ornith.* swift (*Thurnschwalbe*).

* *Segment*, *(str.) n.* (*Lat.*) *Geom.* segment; —*bogen*, *m.* segmental arch.

Segnen, *(u.) v. tr.* (*cf.* *Segnen*) 1) to bless; to utter a benediction; 2) to make the sign of the cross on, to cross; 3) *Bibl.* to curse; gegeneten Feibes, with child, pregnant.

Segnung, *(u.) f.* blessing; benediction.

Sehe, *(u.) f.* Opt. axis of vision, axis

Seher, *adj.* visible. [*of the eye*]

Sehe, *(u.) f.* coll. 1) pupil of the eye; 2) eye-sight.

Sehe..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* see *Seh*...

Sehen [*pr. also s'ēn*], *(str.) v. tr. & intr.* 1) to see; perceive; 2) to look; 3) to behold, view; 4) to be sensible of; 5) to try; 6) coll. for *Aussagen*, 2, to look, *f. e.* have a particular appearance; er sieht gut, coll. (*for* er sieht gut aus), he looks well (*vgl. Mrs. Wetherell, Queechy* 1, 347: *State Street never once better fl. looked, ... hatte nie besser (aus)gesehen*); gut —, to have a good eye-sight; nicht gut or furchtbar, to be short-sighted, dim-sighted; zu —, to be seen on view; ich sah ihn dort liegen, I saw him lying there; die Gräfinnen, welche sie verurtheilten, the cruelties which she saw committed; —*lassen*, see in *lassen* B, 3, b, dd; du darfst dich nicht — lassen, you must not be seen; you are unfit to be seen; die Waare läßt sich —, the article takes the eye; siehe da! siehe! behold, look there! lo! auf etwas or darauf —, 1. to look to ..., to see, consider, observe; 2. to mind, care for; Sie müssen besonders darauf — daß ..., you must be particularly careful in seeing that ...; seine Fuß an etwas (*Dat.*) —, to have a pleasure in a thing; getu gesehen sein, to be a welcome guest; hast du nicht gesehen! coll. heiter-skalter, neck or nought; mehr auf fremdliche Behandlung als auf hohe Bezahlung —, to make high wages less a consideration than good treatment; Einen selten (oft genug) —, to see but little (enough) of one; wir haben uns schon so lange nicht gesehen, we have not met for so long.

Sehenswürdig, *I. or Sehenswürth*, *adj.* worth seeing; curious, remarkable; II. *Seht*, *(u.) f.* remarkable object, curiosity, pl. sights, shows.

Seher, *z. I. (str.) m.* 1) seer, prophet (*poet*); 2) *Sport.* eye of birds of prey; II. *in comp.* prophetic (office, sight, &c.).

Seherin, *(u.) f.* prophetess, seer.

Sehe..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* —*fel*, *n.* see *Sehstift*, 1; —*hügel*, *m.* *Anat.* couch of the optic nerve (*Thalamus opticus*); —*kegel*, *m.* visive cone; —*kraft*, *f.* faculty of seeing; —*kreis*, *m.* see *Sehstift*; —*lebre*, *f.* optics; —*linie*, *f.* line of collimation; —*loch*, *n.* see *Sehe*, 1.

Sehe [*pr. also s'ēn*], *(u.) f.* 1) sinew, tendon, nerve; 2) string (of a bow); 3) *Geom.* chord.

Sehen [*pr. also s'ēn*], *I. (u.) v. rch.* to long, grieve, yearn, hanker (*nach*, for, after); ich nach Hause —, to long to return home; II. *s. (str.) n.* longing, desire, yearning.

Sehen..., *in comp.* —*hant*, *f.* *Anat.* aponeurosis; —*hüpfen*, —*springen*, *n.* *Med.* sudden and irregular spasms of the tendons; *Anat.* —*knöchelchen*, *n. pl.* sesamoid bone; —*streifen*, *m.* tendinous ligament; —*verlegung*, *f.* *Med.* upper-attaint.

Sehe..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* *Anat.* —*nerve*, *m.* visual nerve, optic nerve; —*nervenhügel*, *m.* see —*hügel*.

Sehnicht [*pr. also s'ēn*], *adj.* like a sinew or string, stringy.

Sehnig [*pr. also s'ēn*], *adj.* sinewy, ner-

Sehnig [*pr. also s'ēn*], *adj.* longing,

heartfelt, anxious, ardent, passionate; —*erwarten*, to long, to look earnestly forward to. *Sehn* [*pr. also s'ēn*], *f.* longing, ardent desire (*nach*, for); yearning; aspiration; —*der* Liebe, love-longing; f-wohl, *Sehn* süchtig, *adj.* see *Schnid*.

Sehe..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* —*organ*, *n.* see —*nerthung*; —*punct*, *m.* point of view.

Sehr [*pr. s'ār*], *adv.* very; (very) much, greatly; —*wohl*, very well; so —*daß* ..., so

much (so) that ...; wenn er es auch noch so —*bedauert*, should he desire it (n)ever so much; wie —, how much; ich bebaue es —, I greatly regret it, I regret it very much or sorely, sadly, grievously; ich liebe ihn —, I love him dearly.

Sehe..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* Opt-*—rige*, *f.* sight (of a quadrant or theodolite); —*rohr*, *m.* optic tube, telescope; —*strahl*, *m.* visual ray; —*weite*, *f.* see *Streckweite*; —*weite*, *f.* distance of sight; —*weitemesser*, *m.* optometer; —*werthung*, *m.* optical organ, organ of vision or sight; —*winkel*, *m.* angle of sight, visual angle; —*zitel*, *m.* point of sight. *Sehe*..., *(from Sehen), in comp.* —*amir*, *f.* pismire; —*stume*, *f.* *adv.* piss-a-bed, dandilion. — *Sehe*, *(u.) f.* 1) coll. see *Stift*; 2) *Men.* running water. — *Sehe*, *(u.) v. intr.* coll. to piss (Stiffen).

Seicht, *I. adj.* 1) shallow; low; flat; slight (wound); 2) *sg.* shallow, superficial; —*flüßig*, *adj.* shallow-pated, shallow-brained; II. *Seicht*, *Seichtigkeit*, *(u.) f.* shallowness.

Seichtling, *(str.) m.* a shallow or superficial person, smatterer (Stachtpf, 2).

Seide, *(u.) f.* silk; *met-* ober dreibrästige —, thrown-silk; *ausgewickelte*, *zugereichte* —, sleeve (silk); *seine* gewirnte —, twisted silk, organzine; *er spinnt keine* — *dabei*, *sg.* he does not gain much by it, coll. it brings no gain to his mill. [*gist*]

Seidel, *(str.) n.* *provinc.* (a liquid measure) *Seidel*, *(str.) m.* Bot. 1) monardella, laurel herb (*Daphne mezereum* L.); 2) spurge-flax (*Daphne gnidium* L.); —*Witter*, *n.* Chem. daphnine.

Seiden, *(u.) v. intr.* 1) *to* to carouse; *Seiden*, *(u.) f.* see *Seiden*.

Seiden, *(u.) f.* see *Seiden*.

Seiden, *(u.) f.* see *Seiden*.

Seiden, *(u.) f.* see *Seiden*.

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silver-paper; —*pfanze*, *f.* *Bot.* Syrian swallow-worm, milkweed (*Aeclepias syriaca*); —*rafel*, *m.* silk-plush; —*raupe*, *f.* *Entom.* silk-(worm); —*rauperei*, *f.* silkworm nursery; —*rebererei*, *f.* silk-twisting (*Textil*); —*raup*, *m.* *Manuf.* staff composed of silk and cotton; —*saamen*, *m.* eggs of the silk-worm; —*schmetterling*, *m.* moth of the silk-worm, silk-moth (*Bombyx mori* L.); —*schuur*, *f.* silk-lace; —*schuurrauw*, *m.* *f.* T. warping reel and heck; —*schuur*, *m.* *Ornith.* silk-tail, wax-wing (*Bombycilla brissa*); —*spinner*, *m.* 1) silk-spinner, silk-thrower, silk-throwster; 2) *see* —*schmetterling*; —*spinneret*, *f.* silk-spinning establishment; *see* —*fabric*; —*spule*, *f.* spool of silk; —*sticker*, *m.* embroiderer in silk; —*stickeret*, *f.* embroidery in silk; —*stoffe*, *m.* pl. silk-vares, silks, silk-stuffs; —*strang*, *m.* silk-skein; —*stül*, *m.* silk net; —*stügelchen*, *n.* *Ornith.* humming-bird (*Colibri*); —*waaren*, *f.* pl. *see* —*stoffe*; —*waite*, *f.* silk-wadding, coils of silk; —*werber*, —*wirter*, *m.* silk-weaver, silk-throwster; —*wesfäul*, *m.* silk-loom; —*wisch*, *adj.* as soft as silk; —*winde*, *f.* *see* —*spindel*; —*wollenbaum*, *m.* *see* —*baum*; —*wurm*, *m.* *Entom.* silk-(worm) (= *raupe*); —*würmerkrankheit*, *f.* silkworm rot, muscardine; —*zeug*, *m.* silk-cloth, silk-stuff, pl. silks; —*zusatz*, *f.* *see* —*baum*; —*zwirner*, *m.* *see* —*spinner*; 1) —*zwirner*, *m.* —*zwirnmühle*, *f.* *see* —*mafschine*.

Seife, (*w.* *f.* 1) soap; *Min.-s.* 3) bubble; 3) place where ore is washed; *spanische* or *venetianische* —, hard soap; — in *Stangen*, bar-soap; *gefüllte* —, floating-soap. [*soap*.]
Seifen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to smell or taste of *Seifen*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to soap; *see* —*Seifenstein*; 2) or *Seifen*, *Min.* to wash, bubble (ore).

Seifen... in comp. —*apfel*, *m.* soap-apple; —*arbeit*, *f.* *Min.* washing or buddling of ores; —*artig*, *adj.* saponaceous, soapy; —*auge*, *f.* soap-ashes; —*bach*, *m.* *Min.* stream for buddling; —*bad*, *n.* soap-bath; —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* soap-tree, soap-berry tree (*Sapindus saponaria*); —*beere*, *f.* soap-berry; —*beretung*, *f.* soap-making; —*bildung*, *f.* saponification (*Seifenbildung*); —*blase*, *f.* soap-bubble; —*box*, *f.* soap-box; —*erde*, *f.* soap-earth; *Min.-s.* —*erg*, *n.* buddled ore; —*gabel*, *f.* toothed filtering-board for buddling; —*geräte*, *n.* alluvium, alluvial deposit; —*geschwürf*, *f.* *see* —*Spiegelgeschwürf*; —*gestein*, *n.* stream-tin ore; —*gold*, *n.* gold obtained by washing, wash-gold; —*granzen*, *f.* pl. grains of tin obtained by washing, *see* —*ginn*; —*jähde*, *f.* soap-suds; —*krant*, *n.* *Bot.* soap-wort (*Saponaria officinalis* L.); —*kugel*, *f.* soap-ball, wash-ball; —*lauge*, *f.* soap-lye; soap-suds; —*maß*, *f.* *see* —*beere*; —*pfaster*, *n.* soap-plaster; —*probe*, *f.* trial of colours in soapy water; —*pulver*, *n.* shaving-powder; —*säure*, *f.* *Chem.* margaric acid; —*schaum*, *m.* lather; —*seber*, *m.* soap-boiler; —*seberabfall*, *m.* soap's waste; —*seberabfälle*, *f.* *see* —*afälle*; —*seberet*, *f.* soap-house; —*seberfange*, *f.* caustic lye; —*spiritus*, *m.* spirit of soap; —*stein*, *m.* *Miner.* soap-stone; —*stoff*, *m.* *Chem.* saponine; —*talig*, *m.* soap-tallow; —*ton*, *m.* saponaceous clay; —*wäsche*, *f.* *see* —*beere*; —*wasser*, *n.* soap-water, suds; —*wert*, *n.* *Min.* stream-work, bubble; —*wurf*, *f.* soap-wort (—*krant*); —*zupfen*, *n.* suppository; —*zinn*, *n.* stream-tin. [waxy (potatoes, &c.).]
Seifig, *Seifig*, *adj.* like soap; soapy;
Seife, (*w.* *f.* 1) *see* *Seife*; 2) *Brew.* grains.

Seiger, (*str.* *m.* *provinc.* for *Uhr*, *B.* *Seiger*, *adj.* I. *Min.* (—*gerade*, —*recht*), perpendicular; II. *s.* (*str.* *m.* perpendicular line).

Seiger... (from *Seigern*), in comp. —*al-*

treiber, *m.* refiner of metals; —*arbeit*, *f.* refining of metals; —*blei*, *n.* lead for refining; —*berofen*, *m.* roasting-furnace; —*bern*, *m.* slag with rough points remaining after liquation, *cf.* *Stupferborn* & —*gefäß*.

Seiger, (*str.* *m.* *Min.* refiner).

Seiger... (from *Seigern*), in comp. —*gefrüg*, *n.* sweepings, waste, dross that fall off in the liquation of metals; —*glätte*, *f.* scum, litharge got by the refining of metals; —*herd*, *m.* —*hütte*, *f.* refining house; —*hüttenanrichter*, *m.* inspector of a refining-house.

Seigern, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Min.* 1) to sink, dig (a shaft); 2) *see* —*Hüfigern*, 2).

Seiger... (from *Seigern*), in comp. —*ofen*, *n.* refining furnace; —*ofenbrat*, *m.* tatty; —*riß*, *m.* profile of a mine; —*röhre*, *f.* furnace-flue; —*schacht*, *m.* plumb-shaft; —*stiel*, *n.* piece of roasted ore; —*taufe*, —*tiefe*, *f.* perpendicular depth.

Seigstrut, (*str.* *m.* straining-cloth).

Seig, (*w.* *f.* 1) the act of straining; 2) *see* —*Seigstrut*; 3) or *Seig*, (*str.* *m.* strainer, colander, filter. — *Seig*, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* to strain, filter).

Seig... in comp. —*gefäß*, *n.* filtering vessel; —*kasten*, *m.* T. size-filter; —*korb*, *m.* straining basket; —*rahmen*, *m.* frame for a straining-cloth; —*sack*, *m.* straining or filtering bag; —*stein*, *m.* filtering stone; —*stroh*, *n.* straw used for straining or filtering; —*tapp*, *m.* biffin; —*trichter*, *m.* filtering-funnel, colander; —*zug*, *n.* straining-cloth.

Seil, *s.* I. (*str.* *n.* rope, cord, line; cable; — und *Seil*, *Mar.* rigging of a ship; II. in comp. —*brücke*, *f.* a pendent or suspension bridge made of ropes; —*brücker*, *m.* *see* *Seiler*. *Seile*, (*w.* *f.* *provinc.* *see* *Seilweide*.

Seilen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) a) to furnish with ropes; 2) to fasten with ropes; 3) *Mar.* to sail. *Seiler*, *s.* I. (*str.* *m.* rope-maker, cord-maker; mit *S-* *Seiler* *Seilzeit* halten, *Ag. coll.* to get hanged; II. in comp. —*bahn*, *f.* rope-walk or yard; —*handwerk*, *n.* rope-maker's trade; —*hann*, *m.* sail-maker's hatchel; —*meister*, *m.* master-rope-maker; —*rad*, *n.* rope-maker's spinning-wheel; —*spule*, *f.* spindle of a heaver; —*waaren*, *f.* pl. cordage; —*zeug*, *n.* 1) rope-maker's tools; 2) *Mar.* winch-wheel.

Seil... in comp. —*flücker*, *m.* angrier; —*fürmig*, *adj.* *Archit.* cabled; —*gurt*, *m.* brace-strap; —*haken*, *m.* iron hook bent on both ends; —*krant*, *n.* *Bot.* club-moss (*Barclapp*); —*kreuz*, *n.* *Naval.* cabled cross; —*mafschine*, *f.* *Mar.* funicular machine; —*ring*, *m.* *Mar.* ring-bolt, anchor-ring; —*schelle*, *f.* *Buddh.* back-hand; —*stöße*, *m.* pl. *Paper-m.* line-pogs; —*tanz*, *m.* —*tanzgen*, *n.* rope-dancing; —*tänzer*, *m.* 1) or —*tänzerin*, *f.* rope-dancer; 2) *Watch-m.* watch frame-gauge; —*tänzerstange*, *f.* poy. rope-dancer's balance; —*weide*, *f.* osier (*Baumweide*); —*wert*, *n.* *coll.* *Seila'ge* (*pr.* xill'zhe), (*w.* *f.* cordage, ropes, cords; *Mar.* rigging).

Seim, (*str.* *m.* mucilaginous fluid, thick glutinous slime (gained from grain); —*honig*, *m.* strained or liquid honey.

Seimen, (*w.* *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to strain (honey); 2) to gain or make (fluid or water) from grain, as barley, &c.; II. *intr.* to yield honey or slime.

[slimy, viscous.]

Seimig, *Seimig*, *adj.* mucilaginous, *Seim*, I. (*tr.* *v.* *intr.* & *aux.* to be; to exist; *es* wäre denn ..., except, unless ...; *sei* *es* nun, daß ..., oder (daß) ..., whether ..., or (whether) ...; *weir* *er* nicht gewesen, *ich* wäre umgekommen, had it not been for him (or but for him) I should have perished; *ich* bin *es*, it is I; *find* *Sie* *es*? is it you? *es* find (or *es* gibt) viele, die das nicht wissen, there are many who do not know this; *so* viel an mir ist, what is in my power; *etwas* — lassen, to let alone, to leave off; *gerade* *so* ist *es* mit mir,

it is precisely my case; *es* sei! let it be so; a bargain! *es* sei $x^2 = a$, *Math.* given $x^2 = a$; *es* sei darum, be it; *dem* *sei* wie ihm wolle, be it as it may; *Einem* gut —, to be fond of, to love a person; *das* wäre? *fam.* you don't say so? *das* ist, that is (to say), to wit; *was* soll das? —? what does that mean? *wer* ist das gewesen? who has done that? *wie* ist Ihnen? how do you feel? *was* ist Ihnen? what's the matter with you? what ails you? *es* ist mir, als ob ..., I feel as if ...; I have an impression that ...; *es* ist mir (noch), als ob ich ihn sprechen hörte, I seem to hear or I think I hear him now; — *wollend*, would-be.

II. *s.* (*str.* *n.* being, existence, entity).

Sein, I. *see* *Seiner*; II. (*Sein*, *sein*, *seine*, *seines*) *prom.* poss. his; its; *se* *Reiber*, *Handschuhe* anziehen, to put on one's clothes, gloves; *se* *Zeit* (*dem.*), in due course, in due time; *duly*; *alles* *zu* *se* *Zeit* (*Dat.*), all in good time; *se* *Partei*, the party with which he is (was) connected; *er* hat *se* *Lohn*, he has met with a due reward.

Seinbrief, (*str.* *m.* *Mar.* sailing instructions).

Seiner, I. (*Gen.* of *Er* & *Es*) of him; of it; II. *see* *Sein*, II.; III. in comp. —*leid*, *adj.* coll. of his kind, stamp; —*seits*, *adv.* on his part, as far as he is concerned.

Seinet... in comp. —*haben*, —*wegen*, —*wissen*, *adv.* for his sake, on his account, in his behalf.

Seinige, (*ber.* *die*, *das*) *prom.* poss. his; *das* —, 1) his property, his substance; 2) share, due, part; *gebt* *cinem* *eben* *das* —, give every one his due; *das* — thun, to do one's duty; *er* verlangt *nur* *das* —, he demands only his own; *etwas* *zu* *dem* *S-* *n* machen, to adopt anything; *für* *das* — anerkennen, to own; *die* *S-* *n*, his family or relations; his own (people, troops, &c.). [*cable*, &c.).]

Sein, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Mar.* to nip (the *Seil*), (*w.* *f.* *Mar.* point, gasket nipper).

Seit, I. *prep.* (with *Dat.*) since; — *länger* *Zeit*, this some time; *erst* — *einigen* *Tagen*, but some days since, these few days; — *einiger* *Zeit*, for some time past; — *einigen* *Jahren*, for some years past, of late years; — *seiner* *Geburt*, since he was born; — *der* *Zeit*, *see* *Seitdem*; — *wann* *ist* *er* *hier*? how long has he been here? — *sechs* *Wochen*, these six weeks; — *einem* *Monat*, this month past; — *geraumer* *Zeit*, for a long time; long since; — *vielen* *Jahren*, these many years; — *unbestimmter* *Zeit*, time out of mind; II. *conj.* (*for* — *dem*, *daß* ...) since.

Seitad, *adv.* apart.

Seitdem, I. *adv.* since that time, since then, over since, ever after; II. *conj.* (*cf.* *Seit*, II.) since; — *er* *das* *hundertste* *Jahr* *zu* *rückgelegt* (*Wien*), since he finished his seventeenth year.

Seite, (*w.* *f.* 1) side; flank; 2) line, percentage; 3) page (of a book); *Comm.* follo; *Seite*, your column; *die* *letzte* —, *Typ.* colophon; 4) face (eines Körpers, of a solid); *die* *schmale* —, edge (of a board, &c.); *auf* *die* *schmale* —, on edge, edgewise; *Ag-s.* 5) side, party; 6) (weak) part or side, (tender, &c.) point; *coll-s.* *Jemand* *bei* *seiner* *schwachen* — *lassen*, to get on a man's blind side; *die* *starke* —, strong side, chief excellence, forte; *sich* *auf* *die* *starke* — *legen*, to addit one's self to laziness; *sich* *auf* *die* *liebliche* — *legen*, to begin dissolute courses; *auf* *der* —, on the side, on one side; *Mar-s.* (of a ship) on her beam-ends; *auf* *die* — *fallen*, to heel over, lurch, loofall; *sich* *auf* *die* — *legen*, to heel; *bei* — *lassen*, to leave by; *sich* (*Dat.*) *die* *S-* *n* *helfen* *missen* *vor* *etw.*, to split one's sides with laughing; *auf* *Jemand* — *sein*, to side with one; *Jemand* *auf* *seine* — *bringen*, to bring one over to one's

—erkennnis ist die Grundlage aller Tugenden, knowledge of one's self is the foundation of all virtues; —erleuchtung, *f.* self-abasement; —erziehung, *f.* self-education; —feind, *m.* enemy of one's self; —gebacken, *adj.* home-made or baked; —gebrannt, *adj.* home-brewed; —gelesen, *m. & n.* self-consent; —gefällig, *adj.* self-pleasing, self-sufficient; —gefühl, *f.* self-complacency, self-sufficiency; —gefühl, *n.* self-reliance, self-possession, self-assertion, *cf.* —vertrauen; —gelehrt, *m.* self-taught scholar, autodidact; —gemacht, *adj.* self-made: 1) or —gefertigt, self-manufactured, of one's own making; 2) home-made (cloth, &c.); 3) *fig.* of one's own creation, ideal (*opp. real*); —grüßsam, *adj.* self-sufficient; —grüßseligkeit, *f.* self-sufficiency, *cf.* —gefühl; —gründlich, *adj.* self-righteous; —geschick, *n. & m.* —fugig; —gesponnen, *adj.* home-spun; —gespräch, *n.* soliloquy, (*l. u.*) monologue; —geschändlich, *n. 1)* self-confession; 2) spontaneous or voluntary confession (of a criminal); —getriebe, *n.* automaton; —gewachsen, *adj.* spontaneously grown; —gejogen, *adj.* of one's own growth; home-bred; —glaube, *m.* see —vertrauen; —haß, *m.* self-hatred; —heil, *n. Bot.* self-heal. [3] *see* Selbsthuchf. Selbstheit, (*w. f.*) 1) self, personality; Selbst..., *in comp.* —herr, *m.* one's own master; —herrschafft, *f. 1)* self-command; 2) autocracy; autonomy; —herrscher, *m.* autocrat; independent prince; —hilfe, *f.* self-help; Selbsthilfe, *adj.* selfish. [self-defence. Selbst..., *in comp.* —kenntnis, *f.* self-knowledge, *cf.* —erkennnis; —ling, *adj.* self-conceited, presumptuous; —flüchtig, *f.* presumptuousness; —setzen, *pl. 1)* cost of make; 2) prime-cost; Gramm-s., —laut, —lauter, *m. vowel*; —lauter, *adj.* containing a vowel; —lebring, *m.* self-taught person; —liebe, *f.* self-love. [self-seeker. Selbstling, Selbstler, (*str. n.*) egotist; Selbstlob, (*str. n.*) self-applause, self-praise. Selbstlos, *adj.* unselfish, forgetful of self. Selbst..., *in comp.* —mord, *m.* suicide, self-destruction; —mörder, *m.* —mörderin, *f.* suicide; —mörderisch, *adj.* suicidal; —peiniger, *m.* —quäler; —prüfung, *f.* self-examination; —quäler, *m.* self-tormentor; —quälerei, *f.* self-tormenting; —rache, *f.* revenge by one's self; —rächer, *m.* self-revenger; —rethend, *adj.* self-evident; —rühm, *m.* boast, vain-glory; —schänkung, *f.* self-blessing; —schen, *f.* (Heinrich Zschokke) *see* —be-fähigung; —schuldner, *m.* debtor to own or private account, debtor to self; —schuß, *m.* spring-gun; —spinnende Spindef., *f.* —spinner, *m.* self-actor, self-acting mule; —stänbig, *see* Selbständig; —sucht, *f.* egotism, selfishness; —suchtel, *f.* selfishness; —suchtig, *adj.* selfish, self-interested, self-seeking; —suchtlosigkeit, *f.* selfishness; —suchter, *m.* egotist; —tadel, *m.* self-blame; —täuschung, *f.* self-deception, self-delusion; —tätig, *adj.* self-active, spontaneous; T. (—wirkend) self-acting (apparatus, rag-engine, &c.); —tätigkeit, *f.* self-activity; spontaneity; —übernehmen, *m.* des Verleufs-Commissionär, own agency; —überwindung, *f.* self-victory; —unterricht, *m.* self-instruction; Grammatikum —unterricht, self-instructing grammar; —verachtung, *f.* contempt of one's self; —verblendung, *f.* infatuation; in —verblendung, wilfully blinded (über *with Acc.*); —verbrennung, *f.* spontaneous combustion; Med. *emprobus*; —verfertigt, *adj.* *see* gemacht; 1; —vergessen, *adj.* forgetful of one's self; —vergessenheit, *f.* forgetfulness of (one's) self, self-oblivion; —verpöhrung, *f.* self-worship; —verlag, *m.* publication (of books) at one's (the author's) own expense; —verleugnung, *f.* self-denial,

self-denyingsness; er war so voll —verleugnung, he was sinking self so much; —vernichtend, *adj.* *fig.* suicidal; —verschuldet, *adj.* home-made; —verschuldbilich, *adj.* *see* —rethend; —verteidigung, *f.* self-defence; —vertrauen, *n.* (self-)confidence, self-reliance, confidence in one's self; self-sufficiency; Mangel an —vertrauen, want of confidence, diffidence; —werth, *m.* own, proper value; —wesen, *adj.* *see* Selbständig; —wesenheit, *f.* self-dependent being; independent existence; —wille, *m.* self-will, arbitrariness; —wirken, *n.* —wirksamkeit, *f.* spontaneous activity; —wirken, *adj.* T. self-acting (disk-signal, &c.); der —wirkende Tempel, Waco. self-acting or self-adjusting temple; —wirken, *f.* spontaneous effect; —würflichkeit, *f.* self-complacency, self-sufficiency; —zuwe, *m.* (one's) proper object. [moon.]

* Selene, *f. Gr. Myth.* Selene (*P. N.*), the * Selin (Selēnium), (*str. n.*) (*L. Lat.*) *Miner.* & *Chem.* selenium; —kupfer, *n.* seleniuret of copper; —oxyd, *n.* selenious oxyd, oxyd of selenium; —säure, *f.* selenic acid. * Selénig, *adj.*, —te Säure, *f. Chem.* selenious acid.

* Selénit, (*str. n.*) *m. (Gr.) Min.* selenite; —stein, *n.* selenitic spar.

Selig, *l. adj. 1)* blissful, blessed, happy; 2) saved in heaven; 3) deceased, late; lamented; sainted; 4) *fac. tipsy*; Schmitz sel. Witwe, *Comm.* (*lit.* late Schmidt's widow) widow Schmidt; Herr R. —en Hedenfens, the late Mr. N. of blessed memory; Gott hab' ihn —! God (or heaven) rest his soul! —machen, to save; —werden, to be saved; —setzen, to die a Christian; —sprechen, *Rom. Cath.* to beatify; II. Selig, (*w. f.*) 1) salvation, bliss, blessed state; 2) happiness, felicity; beatitude; III. *in comp.* —machen, *adj.* beatific(al), saving; —macher, *m.* Saviour; —machung, *f.* salvation; beatification; —sprung, *f.* beatification.

Selle, (*w. f.*) *see* Schilweide; E-nholz, *n. Bot.* fly-honeyuckle (*Sideroxylon*).

* Selterre, (*str. n.*) *m. (Fr.) Bot.* colery, smallage (*Apium graveolens* L.).

Selten, *l. adj.* rare, scarce; curious; ihre Briefe sind —, her letters are few and far between; Sie machen sich jetzt ja so — bei uns, you have made yourself very rare lately; II. *adv.* rarely, scarcely, seldom; III. Selig, (*w. f.*) *see* rareness, rarity, scarcity; es ist eine Seligkeit, daß er paßt, it is a wonder that he pays; Seltenheit, *pl.* curiosities.

Seltfam, *l. (Selig) adj.* strange, odd; II. Selig, (*w. f.*) *see* strangeness, oddness, oddity. [Titanite.]

* Semelin, (*str. n.*) *n. Miner.* a species of * Semeler, (*str. n.*) (*Lat.*) term of six months, semester.

* Semestralität, (*w. f.*) *half-yearly rate.*

* Semico'son, (*str. pl.* Semico'sa) *n. (Lat.-Gr.) Gramm.* semicolon. [book.]

* Semilior, (*str. n.*) *m. (Fr.) semilor, pinch-*

* Seminar, (*str. n.*) (*L. Lat.*) seminary, college. — Seminarist, (*w. m.*) seminarist.

Semisch, *adj.* *see* Edmisch.

Semitisch, *adj.* (*from Sem, Shem, the oldest son of Noah*) Shemitic, Semitic (languages, &c.).

Semmel, (*w. f.*) *see* wheat-bread, roll; wie warme — abgehen, *anal.* to go off like bricks; *in comp.* —teig, *m.* sort of bread dumpling; —mehl, *n.* wheat-flour; —schnitte, *f.* slices of wheaten bread; —teig, *m.* dough for rolls.

Semmel, (*str. n.*) *see* Kumpel.

Sem'le, (*w. f.*) *see* Binde.

* Senar, (*str.*) Senarius (*pl. [w.] Senarii*) *m. Lat.* Prood. a verse consisting of six feet, usually iambic.

* Senat, (*str. n.*) *m.* senate. — Senator,

(*str. pl. [w.] Senatoren*) *m. (Lat.) senator.*

— Senatsrath, *adj.* senatorial.

Send, (*str. n.*) (*L. u.*) *synod.*

Sendet, *adj. 1)* that may be sent; 2) *see* Schöffener.

Send... (*from Senden*), *in comp.* —bote, *m.* messenger, envoy; —brief, *m.* —schreiben, *n.* (circular) letter or epistle.

Send, (*w. f.*) 1) (*L. u.*) *see* Sendung, 1; Bottschaft, 1; 2) *see* Binde.

Sendel, (*str. n.*) *Comm.* tinsel (Zindel).

Senden, (*w. & irr.*) *v. tr.* to send, *cf.*

Sender, (*str. n.*) sender. [Schöden I. 1.

Send... (*from Senden*), *in comp.* —fall, *m.* synodal case; —gericht, *n.* synodal court; —graf, *m. Germ. Hist.* royal emissary acting as an extraordinary judge.

Sendling, (*str. n.*) emissary; messenger.

Sendung, (*w. f.*) 1) the (act of) sending; mission; transmission (Übersendung); 2) any thing sent or forwarded; *Comm.* (— in Consignation) consignment; (zu Wasser) shipment; (zu Lande) parcel; wir haben keine weiteren Senden erhalten, we have not received any thing further, or any further parcels, &c.; die höchste Befähigung der Lehrer —, the bad quality of the last lot sent (or last consignment).

* Senegambische, (*w. f.*) *see* seneca-root, seneca snake-root (*Polypodium senega* L.). — Senegambische, (*w. f.*) *Pharm.* rattlesnake root.

* Senes..., *in comp.* —baum, *m. Arab. Bot.* senna (*Cassia senna* L.); —blätter, *n. pl. Comm.* senna leaves; (deutsche or falsche) the dried leaves of bladder-senna; —blätterbitter, *n. Chem.* cathartine.

Seneschall, (*str. n.*) *see* seneschal.

Seneschaller, (*w. f.*) *see* sena-pod.

Senf, *s. l. (str. n.)* *see* mustard; col-s. ein langer —, many words; seinen — dazu geben, to put in a word of one's own, to give one's opinion; II. *in comp.* —büchse, —beß, *f.* mustard-pot; —feru, *n.* grain of mustard-seed; —frant, *n. Bot.* winter-cress; hedge-mustard (*Barbarea vulgaris* L.); —mehl, *n.* mustard in powder, flour of mustard; —öl, *n.* oil of mustard; —pfeffer, *n.* —teig, —wurzel, *m.* mustard-poultice; —samet, *m.* mustard-seed; —säure, *f. Chem.* sinapic acid.

Senft, *m. see* Senf.

Senftel, *pl. Mar.* shingle-ballast.

Senftmaße, (*w. f.*) *f. T.* singeing-machine.

Sengen, (*w. v. l. tr.*) 1) to singe; to scald, scorch, parch; to burn; 2) *Sport.* to smoke (a fox); 3) *Mar.* to broom (a ship); II. *intr.* (*aux. sein*) to burn, catch fire; —und brennen, to burn and fire.

Senestraut, *n. see* Saturei.

Senfgrig, *adj. coll.* burnt (of smell).

* Senior, (*str. pl. [w.] Seniores*) *m. (Lat.)* senior; chairman (of a corporation).

Seniort, (*str. n.*) *see* seniority.

Senf... (*from Senfen*), *in comp.* —blei, *n.* plummet, sounding lead; —bohrer, *m. T. 1)* chamfering auger; rose-bit, drill; 2) or —eisen, counter-sink; —baum, *m. see* —schacht.

Senfe, (*w. f.*) 1) the making layers of plants; 2) (*t. d.*) *provinc.* low ground, low country; 3) mould (in some trades); 4) *see* Senfgarn; 5) *see* Senfnadel.

Senfel, (*str. n.*) 1) point, lace; 2) clasp; 3) (or —nabel, *f.* —stift, *m.*) tag, aglet; 4) T. plummet; —blech, *n.* thin tin-plates for tags; —faden, *m.* plummet-line.

Senfeln, (*w. v. tr.*) to lace.

Senfeln, (*str. n.*) *see* Senfeln.

Senfeln, (*w. v. l. tr.*) 1) to sink, lower, let down; ins Grab —, to lower into the grave; to inter, intomb; die Ständerle —, to slope the standard; den Kopf —, to hang

one's head; die Augen —, to cast down one's eyes; 2) *Gard.* to lay (plants); 3) *Mis.* to dig downwards, to delve; II. *refl.* to sink, settle, subside, to droop.

Senfer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one who sinks, &c.; *Mis.* sinker; 2) *Lock-sm.* &c. counter-sink; *config.* —, cone-counter-sink; 3) *Gard.* layer; 4) *see* **Senfger**.

Senf... (*from* **Senfen**), *in comp.* —*fa-* (*shin*, *f.* *T.* water-fascino; —*garn*, *n.* fishing-net sunk into the water; —*grube*, *f.* 1) *Mis.* &c. cesspool; 2) *Archit.* draining-well, waste-well, bog; *Kahn*, sink-hole, sink-trap (*T. Thuch.*); —*haken*, *m.* *see* —*garn*; —*hant*, *f.* *Mis.* sinker's pick, mattock; —*holz*, *n.* sunk raft-wood.

Senf'ig, *adj.* (I. *u.*) subsiding, sloping. **Senf'...** (*from* **Senfen**), *in comp.* —*fa-* (*shin*, *f.* *T.* water-fascino; —*garn*, *n.* fishing-net sunk into the water; —*grube*, *f.* 1) *Mis.* &c. cesspool; 2) *Archit.* draining-well, waste-well, bog; *Kahn*, sink-hole, sink-trap (*T. Thuch.*); —*haken*, *m.* *see* —*garn*; —*hant*, *f.* *Mis.* sinker's pick, mattock; —*holz*, *n.* sunk raft-wood.

Senf'ler, (*str.*) *m.* tag-maker; —*blech*, *see* **Senf'blech**.

Senf'... (*from* **Senfen**), *in comp.* —*linie*, *f.* vertical or perpendicular line; —*loch*, *n.* *see* —*grube*; 2) —*nabel*, *f.* *Swy.* probe; —*plaf.*, *m.* prop for a young vine; —*pumpe*, *f.* *Mis.* sinking-set; —*rebe*, *f.* layer of vine; —*recht*, *adj.* vertical, perpendicular; *Mar.* a-peak; *Math.* right (cone); nicht —*recht* *stehen*, *Archit.* to carry false (of columns); nicht mehr —*recht* *stehen*, to be out of the perpendicular; —*rense*, *f.* *see* —*garn*; —*rippe*, *f.* *Hydr.* side of a flood-dike; —*riden*, *m.* *refl.* swaying in the back of horses; —*sch.*, *m.* *see* —*pumpe*; —*schacht*, *m.* a sunk shaft or pit; —*(schacht)mauerung*, *f.* sinking-shaft or sinking-pit masonry; —*schicht*, *f.* *Hydr.* fascine-dike; —*schut*, *f.* plumb-line; —*schuß*, *m.* *Mil.* depression-shot, plunging fire; —*sift*, *m.* *see* —*nabel*; —*stod*, *m.* 1) *Gard.* stock from which layers are made; 2) *Sword-cut.* grooved anvil; —*stisch*, *m.* *Geom.* cathetus; —*stül*, *n.* *Hydr.* vattle-work.

Senfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) the (act or state of) sinking, *cf.* **Senfen**; depression; b) subsiding, settling (of a building, of masses of earth, &c.); *c)* *Phys.* &c. inclination, subsidence; d) pitching (of a locomotive); e) lowering (of the component parts of a machine); 2) *Gramm.* & *Mus.* thesis.

Senf... (*from* **Senfen**), *in comp.* —*wage*, *f.* areometer; —*wert*, *m.* hurdles or fagots for damming water; —*zeit*, *f.* *Gard.* time of making layers.

Sen'ne, I. *see* **Schne**, 2 & **Senesbaum**; II. (*w.*) *f.* herd of cattle (in Switzerland); *in comp.* *E-nalpe*, *f.* alp, mountain where there are cattle; *E-nühite* or *Sen'nühite*, *f.* herdsman's or cow-keeper's cottage; III. (*w.*) *m.* 1) or **Sen'ner**, (*str.*) *Sen'n*baure, *m.* cow-keeper; 2) horse from a good stud.

Sennerri, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cheese-dairy; 2) breeding of cattle; 3) herd of cattle.

Sen'nerin, (*w.*) *f.* dairy-woman, dairy-maid.

Sen'fär, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.* *sona*'le, *Fr.* *consal*, *Fr. Lat.* *consualis*, *tax-collector*) *Comm.* broker (*Räffler*). — **Sen'fäse**, **Sen'fäse**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.* *consérie*) brokerage (*Räffler*-gebühr).

Sen'fation, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.-Lat.*) sensation. **Sen'fe**, (*w.*) *f.* scythe.

Sen'fen..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* pole or handle of a scythe; —*eisen*, *m.* iron destined for scythes; —*gerüst*, *m.* mowing-cradle; —*mann*, —*träger*, *m.* 1) scythe-bearer, scythe-

man; 2) *Ag.* death; —*schmidt*, *m.* scythe-smith; —*wart*, *m.* *see* —*baum*.

Sen'fe, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* ribbon; die — *des* **Brills**, breadth-ribbon; die *E-n* der **Berg-nung**, topside-line.

Sen'feng, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) sentence.

Sen'fentimänt, (*w.*) *f.* sentimental. — **Sen'fentimäntlich**, (*w.*) *f.* sentimentalism.

Sen'fär, (*str.*) *m.* chair; settle; stool; cricket; tabouret; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* *diapensia* (*Diapensia* L.); —*meister*, *m.* *see* **Stricker** vom **Stuhl**; —*träger*, *m.* sedan-chairman.

Sen'fäst, *adj.* residing, inhabiting, established, settled, stationary; — *maßen*, to settle.

Sen'fän, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) session.

Sen'fän, (*str.*) *n.* conditional *fest*.

Sen'fär, (*str.*) *m.* (*B. G.*) 1) measure of grain equal to twelve bushels; 2) liquid measure equal to sixteen quarts.

Sen'fär, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) sesterce.

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mann orientale L.; vangle, bone; —*seize*, *n.* *pl. Anat.* sesamoid bones.

Se'fel, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* meadow-saxifrage, hartwort, seell (*Sedil* L.); —*frant*, *n.* mountain laserwort (*Laserpitium sider* L.).

Se'fel, (*str.*) *m.* chair; settle; stool; cricket; tabouret; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* *diapensia* (*Diapensia* L.); —*meister*, *m.* *see* **Stricker** vom **Stuhl**; —*träger*, *m.* sedan-chairman.

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Sieben ..., *in comp.* —*st.* *n.* *Geom.* heptagon, septangle; —*edig*, *adj.* heptagonal, septangular. [*adj.* of seven different sorts.]

Siebener, (*str.*) *m.* piece of seven: —*lei*, *Sieben* ..., *in comp.* —*sch*, —*fältig*, *adj.* sevenfold; —*fächerig*, *adj.* *Bot.* heptacapsular; —*farbenblume*, *f.* *see* *Stiefmütterchen*; —*fingertraut*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) septfoil (*Tormentilla* L.); 2) cinquefoil (*Potentilla* L.); —*gebirge*, *n.* seven hills; —*geruch*, *m.*, —*gezeit*, *f.* *Bot.* blue mallow (*Molotus caerulea* L.); —*gestirn*, *n.* Pleiades, *coll.* the seven stars; —*herrschafft*, *f.* heptarchy; —*hügelig*, *adj.* seven-hilled; —*hügelstadt*, *f.* seven-hilled city (Rome); —*jährig*, *adj.* of seven years, septennial, seven years old; *der* —*jährige Krieg*, the seven years' war; —*jährlich*, *adj.* every seventh year; —*kapfelig*, *adj.* *Bot.* heptacapsular; —*kaug*, *m.* *Mus.* heptachord; —*malig*, *adj.* seven times repeated; —*münnerig*, *adj.* *Bot.* heptandrian, heptandrous; —*meiststiefeln*, *m.* *pl.* seven-league boots; —*pfündig*, *adj.* seven-pounds in weight; —*punct*, *m.* *see* *Maricbähnen*; —*saßen*, *f.* *pl.* *coll.* bag and baggage, one's alls, medley of things, trifles, curiosities; —*saß*, *m.* *Arith.* rule of seven; —*schläfer*, *m.* 1) *a) gener.* *pl.* die —*schläfer*, *Chr. Myth.* the seven Sleepers; *b)* slug-a-bed, drone, lazy person; 3) *Zool.* fat dormouse (*Myoxus glis* L.); —*schönschig*, *adj.* *Minor.* heptahexahedral; —*sibig*, *adj.* of seven syllables; —*stimmig*, *adj.* for seven voices or parts; —*stumbantant*, *n.* *see* —*geruch*; —*stündig*, *adj.* of seven hours. [*and a half.*]

Siebente, *adj.* seventh; —*halb*, *adj.* six
Siebentel, (*str.*) *n.* seventh.
Siebentrus, *adv.* seventhly.
Sieben ..., *in comp.* —*weiberig*, *adj.* *Bot.* heptagynian; —*winkelig*, *adj.* septangular.
Siebenzig, *see* *Eichzig*. [*thick*, or long.]
Siebenzöllig, *adj.* seven inches wide.
Sieb ..., *in comp.* —*fang*, *m.* bird-trap; —*form*, *f.* *Paper-m.* fine wire-cloth form; —*formig*, *adj.* sieve-like, cribriform; —*lassen*, *m.* frame sieve; —*lauf*, —*läufer*, *m.* side, brim of a sieve; —*leimwand*, *f.* *see* *Beuteltuch*; —*lohn*, *m.* winnowing; —*mäher*, *m.* sieve-maker; —*mehl*, *n.* coarse flour; —*mußel*, *f.* *see* *Sieglanne*, 3.
Siebner, *see* *Siebener*.

Sieb ..., *in comp.* —*platte*, *f.* *Anat.* spongy lamina of the ethmoid; —*rauh*, —*reif*, *m.*, —*schlene*, *f.* frame, hoop of a sieve.

Siebsel, (*str.*) *n.* sifting, garbles.

Siebs ..., *in comp.* —*segen*, *n.* T. sifting of stamped ore; —*stauh*, *m.* siftings; —*tuch*, *n.* bolting-cloth; —*wert*, *n.* T. 1) sifting-machine; 2) *see* —*segen*.

Siebzehn, *adj.* seventeen; —*tel*, (*str.*) *n.* seventeenth; —*er*, (*str.*) *m.* piece of seventeen; —*te*, *adj.* seventeenth.

Siebzigt, *adj.* seventy; —*er*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) septuagenary; 2) anything grown or made in 1770, 1870, &c.; —*erfel*, (*ind.*) *adj.* of seventy different sorts.

Siebzigste, *adj.* seventieth.

Siech, *adj.* sickly; languishing, infirm, *cf.* *Krank*; —*bett*, —*(en)haus*, *n.* *see* *Krankentbett*, *Krankenhau*. [*languish*.]

Siechen, (*v.*) *intr.* to be sickly, to

Siechting, (*str.*) *n.* sickly person.

Siechmeiser, (*str.*) *n.* sick-nurse (in cloisters).

Siechthum, (*str.*, *pl.* *E-schthum*) *n.* (prolonged state of) sickness.

Siehe, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (state of) seething, boiling, &c.; obullition; 2) *provinc.* *see* *Epreu*.

Siehe ..., *in comp.* —*baut*, *f.* chaff-cutting machine, chaff-cutter; —*bottich*, *m.* scalding tub; —*grab*, *m.* —*punct*; —*haus*, *n.* boiling-house, *Silb-w.* salt-house, saltorn; —*hütte*, *f.* saltpetre-house; —*laßten*, *m.* chaff-

bin; —*lade*, *f.* *see* —*bauf*; —*keffel*, *m.* boiler, seething-kettle; —*lange*, *f.* soap-maker's ly.

Siehe, (*v.*) *intr.*, *refl.* & *tr.* to settle, *cf.* *Anfiedeln*.

Siehe, (*str.* & *v.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to seethe, boil; to parboil, stew; to simmer; 2) to hiss; 3) to make or produce by boiling; 4) *Mint.*, &c. to blanch; *Salpeter*, *Indur* —, to refine saltpetre, sugar; *Salz*, *Erste* —, to make salt, soap.

Siehe ..., *in comp.* —*ofen*, *m.* *Mint.* blanching furnace; —*pfanne*, *f.* boiling pan; *Salt-w.* brine-copper; —*punct*, *m.* boiling-point.

Sieher, (*str.*) *m.* seother, boiler.

Sieherel, (*v.*) *f.* place where any thing is boiled (as soap, &c.), boiling-house.

Siehe ..., *in comp.* —*röhre*, *f.* *Mech.* boiler-tube, fire-tube; —*schale*, *f.* *Mint.* boiler for blanching; —*schneide*, *f.* *see* —*bauf*; —*topf*, *m.* seething pot.

Sieheiß, *adj.* boiling hot.

Sieg, (*str.*) *m.* victory; conquest, triumph; *den* —*abwontagen*, *erhalten*, or *gewinnen*, to come off victorious, to gain a victory (*über* [*with Acc.*], *over*), to win, gain, or carry the day, *cf.* *Siegen*; *sg.* also to prevail.

Siegel, (*str.*) *n.* seal; (*han-*) signet; offened —, flying seal; *das* —*lösen*, *sg.* to solve the mystery; *gerichtlich* unter —*gelegt*, placed under the seal of the Court; *ich habe Brief und* —*darüber*, I have it under sign and seal; *die Zeiten der Bergangenheit* | *sind uns ein Buch mit sieben E-n* (*GB/ke*, Faust I, 1), the ages that are past | are now a book with seven seals protected (*Tryk*). *cf.* *ein Buch ... verriegelt mit sieben E-n* (*Rend.* 5, 1), a book... sealed with seven seals.

Siegel ..., *in comp.* —*amt*, *n.* signet office; —*baut*, *f.* *Clash.* sealing-table; —*be-wahrer*, *m.* keeper of the seal; *der gebirne* —*bewahrer*, *m.* lord privy-seal; —*brief*, *m.* letter patent; —*erde*, *f.* sealed earth, Lemnian earth; —*geblüh*, *f.* —*geib*, *m.* fees paid for affixing a seal; —*kunde*, *f.* knowledge of seals, sphragistics; —*lad*, *n.* & *m.* sealing-wax; —*ladfabrikant*, —*ladmacher*, *m.* maker or manufacturer of sealing-wax; —*ladstange*, *f.* stick of sealing-wax; —*leimwand*, *f.* *see* *Wachstuch*.

Siegeß, *adj.* without a seal, unsealed.

Siegeß, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to seal.

Siegel ..., *in comp.* —*ablatz*, *f.* *pl.* (sealing-)wafers; —*preß*, *f.* letter sealing press, wafer-stamp; —*ring*, *m.* seal-ring, signet (ring); —*seite*, *f.* sealed face (of a letter); —*stcher*, *m.* seal-engraver; —*wach*, *m.* soft sealing-wax; —*wurzel*, *f.* *Pharm.* the dried root of Solomon's seal; —*grüßen*, *n.* in copies of deeds, &c.; *L. S. t. a. locus sigilli*.

Siegeß, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to conquer, triumph, carry it (*über* [*with Acc.*], *over*), to get the better (of), to overcome; *Mit* to get or carry off the victory, to carry the day.

Sieger, (*str.*) *m.* victor, vanquisher, conqueror, triumpher; —*krone*, *f.* 1) conqueror's crown; 2) *Bot.* superb lily (*Gloriosa superba* L.).

Sieger ..., *in comp.* of victory, victorious, triumphal; —*bahn*, *f.* career of victory; —*bogen*, *m.* triumphal arch; —*schne*, *f.* standard of victory; —*feier*, —*feierlichkeit*, *f.* triumphal solemnity; —*fest*, *n.* feast of victory; —*ge-pränge*, *n.* triumph; —*gerüß*, *n.* rumour of victory; —*geschrei*, *m.* cry, shout of victory; —*gewiß*, *adj.* certain of victory, defiant, &c.; —*güstin*, *f.* *Myth.* Victory; —*held*, *m.* conquering hero; —*jubel*, *m.* shout of victory; —*kranz*, *m.*, —*krone*, *f.* crown of victory; *Heil dir im* —*franz*! hail to thee, laurel-crowned victor; —*lauf*, *m.* victorious career; —*lieb*, *n.* triumphal song; —*lohn*, *m.* reward of victory;

—*opfer*, *n.* victim to a victory; —*partie*, *f.* *see* —*bogen*; —*tag*, *m.* day of victory; —*tarn-mel*, *m.* intoxication of victory; —*thor*, *n.* *see* —*bogen*; —*trunk*, *adj.* intoxicated, elated with victory; —*waffe*, *f.* victorious weapon; —*wagen*, *m.* triumphal car; —*zeichen*, *n.* token, sign of victory, trophy; —*zug*, *m.* triumphal march.

Sieg ..., *in comp.* —*gekrönt*, crowned with victory; —*gewohnt*, accustomed to victory.

Siegmar(s)traut, *n.* Sieg'marwort, *f.* Sieg'mundstrant, *n.* rose-mallow (*Mabea alba* L.).

Sieg ..., *in comp.* —*prangend*, *adj.* triumphant; —*reich*, *adj.* victorious, triumphant; —*trunk*, *adj.* intoxicated with victory; —*wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* corn-flag (*Gladiolus communis* L.). [*balvedere*.]

Sieglum, (*str.*) *n.* (*lit.* look about thee)

Siegl, (*v.*) *f.* 1. *see* *Sic*, II; II. *T.* *cop-por-um*, &c. crease, seam, rim. — **Siegl**, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to crease, to seam. — **Siegl** ..., *in comp.* —*braut*, *n.* creased wire, flatish hollow wire; —*reisen*, *n.*, —*fad*, —*zug*, *m.* creasing-tool; —*hammer*, *m.* T. creasing-hammer.

Sieglern, *provinc.* for *Siedern*.

Siegl, (*str.*) *n.* (*L. G.*) for *Schleife*, 2.

Siegl, (*v.*) *f.* horse-collar, harness.

Siegl ..., *in comp.* —*geschirr*, *n.* breast-harness for draught-horses; —*graben*, *m.* sluice-ditch; —*stränge*, *pl.* traces for horses.

Sieglmann, (*str.* *pl.* *Sieglmänner*) *m.* (*L. u.*) 1) effeminate man, *particul.* henpecked husband; 2) virago (*Rannoch*, 2).

Siegl, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to address by the pronoun *Sie*, *cf.* *Du*. [*moial*.]

* **Sieglformig**, *adj.* *Anat.* (*Gr.*) sig-

* **Siegl**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Pr.*) signal; *das* —

zum Angriff blasen, *Mil.* to sound a charge; *in comp.* —*brief*, *m.*, —*buch*, *n.* letter-book containing the signals.

* **Signalement** [*pr.* —*mäng*], (*str.*, *pl.* *S-*)

n. description; police report.

Siegl ..., *in comp.* —*feuer*, *n.* *see* *Blid-*

feuer, 1; —*flagge*, *f.* signals; —*horn*, *n.* bugle.

* **Siegllicht**, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to signal.

Siegl ..., *in comp.* —*latrue*, *f.* *Rache* danger-light; —*licht*, *n.* signal-light; —*schibe*, *f.* *Rache* (*die conjugirte*, conjugated; *doppel-wirkende*, double action) disk-signal; —*schuß*, *m.* signal gun.

* **Signatur**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) signature, sign manual; 2) medical label; 3) *Typ.* signature; 4) *see* *Signum*; —*signum*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sign; 2) to mark, brand. — **Signum**, *n.* (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Signa*) *Comm.* mark; brand.

* **Siegrift**, (*v.*) *m.* *provinc.* for *Sacristan*.

Siegl, *adj.* *Mar.* clear.

Siegl, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* a species of hog's

fenel, pepper-saxifrage (*Silene* Bess.).

Siegl, (*OBG.* syllaba, *MHG.* syllabe, syllabe, silbe, *from* *Lat.* syllaba [*Gr.* syllabē]), (*v.*) *f.* syllable; —*n* *schden*, to be extremely minute about words, to quibble.

Siegl ..., *in comp.* —*hauber*, *m.* *see* —*stcher*; —*maß*, *n.* quantity, prosody, metre; —*messung*, *f.* prosody; —*rühfel*, *n.* charade; —*stcher*, *m.* word-catcher, minute and trifling critic; —*stcherel*, *f.* minute criticism, contention about trifles, quibbling; —*trennung*, *f.* diuresis; —*zeit*, *f.* syllabic quantity.

Siegl, *s. l.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) silver; 2) (*zug*) plate; —*brennen*, to refine silver by heat; —*angeben*, to give the proportion of silver in lead-ore; II. *in comp.* —*aber*, *f.* vein of silver; —*ahorn*, *m.* *Bot.* silver-leaved maple-tree (*Acer dasycarpum* Ehrh.); —*ähnlisch*, *adj.* resembling silver, silvery; —*arbeit*, *f.* silver-work, plate; —*arbeiter*, *m.* silversmith; —*arsenil*, *m.* *Minor.* proustite, light red silver-

ore, arsenical silver-ore; —*artig*, *adj.* silvery, argentine; —*äpflein*, *m.* *see* *Höllenstein*; —*bach*, *m.* silvery brook; —*baum* [*st.*], *m.* *Ichth.* silver-gray garter-fish (*Lepidopus argyreus* Car.); —*bär*, *m.* *Zool.* a variety of the common bear; —*barre*, *f.* —*barren*, *m.* bar (ingot) of silver; —*bart*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) silver-bush, Jupiter's beard (*Anthyllis barba Jovis* L.); 2) pea-tree, laburnum (*Goldregen*, 2); —*baum*, *m.* 1) *Bot.* a silver-tree (*Leucodendron argenteum* L.); 2) *see* —*pappel*; 2) *Chem.* tree of Diana; —*bergwerk*, *n.* silver-mine; —*besätag*, *m.* mounting or tipping of silver; —*bespannen*, *adj.* silver-span; —*blanz*, *adj.* gleaming like silver; —*blatt*, *n.* 1) (*or* *dimin.*) —*blättchen*, *n.* silver beaten out into thin leaves, silver-leaf; 2) *Bot.* a) silver-wood (*Potentilla argentea* L.); b) silver-wood (*Argyrea*); c) honesty (*Lunaria* L.); —*blech*, *n.* silver in plates; —*blende*, *f.* *Miner.* red or ruby silver-ore; —*blitz*, *m.* *Poind.* gleam or lightning of silver; —*blume*, *f.* 1) *Miner.* flowers of silver; 2) *see* *Wundertrout*; 2) —*brockhart*, *m.* *see* *Flitter-schmelz*; —*bräune*, *f.* *Miner.* a kind of brown-coloured silver-ore; —*bräutigam*, *m.* husband celebrating the 25th anniversary of his marriage-day; —*bränberg*, *n.* *Miner.* argentiferous argil; —*brant*, *f.* wife celebrating the 25th anniversary of her marriage-day; —*brenner*, *m.* refiner of silver; —*brennerlei*, *f.* refining of silver; —*brocat*, *m.* silver-brocade; —*bürste*, *f.* plate brush; —*büsch*, *m.* *see* —*bart*; 1; —*bulderberg*, *m.* *Ornith.* egret (*Herodias egretta* Bechst.); —*corroflu*, *n.* *see* *Höllenstein*; —*diener*, *m.* servant who has the care of the plate, butler; —*etzel*, *f.* *Bot.* milk or lady's thistle (*Cirsium marianum* L.); —*draht*, *m.* silver-wire; —*draß*, *m.* silver-print; *Miner.* —*draße*, *f.* druse of silver ore; —*erz*, *n.* silver-ore; —*erz-bach*, *n.* native bismuth; —*faben*, *m.* silver-thread; —*fälscher*, *n.* *Miner.* argentiferous gray copper-ore; —*farbe*, *f.* silver-colour; —*färbig*, *adj.* silver-coloured; —*fasan*, *m.* *Ornith.* silver pheasant (*Phasianus sybistris* L.); —*feberterz*, *n.* *Miner.* flaky silver-ore; —*feilsch*, *n.* silver filings; —*flisch*, *m.* *Ichth.* silver fish (*Argentina* Art.); —*flotte*, *f.* (Spanish) silver-boat, plate-boat; —*folie*, *f.* silver-foil; —*fordele*, *f.* *Ichth.* a species of trout; —*fuchs*, *m.* gray fox; —*gare*, *f.* T. aflago, lining of silver; —*garn*, *m.* *see* —*abert*; —*gehalt*, *m.* contents of silver; silver-value; —*gehilfe*, *m.* assistant keeper of the plate; —*geld*, *m.* silver-money; silver-coin; —*geräth*, —*geräth*, *n.* plate; —*gerinne*, *n.* T. conduit for cooling the refined silver; —*gehöf*, *n.* *Min.* lode leading to a live lode of silver; —*glanz*, *m.* 1) brightness or splendour of silver; 2) *Miner.* silver-glance, vitreous silver-ore; —*glätte*, *f.* *Miner.* & *Chem.* litharge of silver, white litharge; —*gold*, *n.* argentiferous gold-ore, electrum; —*gras*, *n.* *see* *Haargras*; —*grau*, *adj.* silvery gray; —*großchen*, *m.* *Num.* silver-grothen (a Prussian coin, of which thirty were equal to a Thaler); —*grube*, *f.* silver-mine; —*guß*, *m.* *Miner.* silver-sheep; —*haar*, *n.* silver-white hair; —*haargras*, *n.* *Bot.* silver-hair (*Aira caryophylla* L.); —*heiser*, *n.* *Bot.* a species of oats (*Avena squarrosa*).

Silberhaft, *adj.* *see* *Silberartig*.
Silber..., *in comp.* —*haftig*, *adj.* containing silver, argentiferous; —*haut*, *m.* silver-coloured hemp; —*haupt*, *n.* silvery head; —*hell*, *adj.* as bright as silver; —*hochgett*, *f.* *see* *Silberne Hochgett*; —*hörner*, *n.* *see* *Spinnritz*; —*hütte*, *f.* silver-foundry.
Silberig, *adj.* silvery; containing silver.
Silber..., *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* *Chem.* calced silver; —*fammer*, *f.* silver-room, silvers-chamber; —*fämmert*, *m.* keeper of the silver-plate; —*fied*, *m.* *Miner.* white arsenical

pyrites; —*flang*, *m.* silvery sound, clear pure sound; —*fumpfen*, *m.* *see* —*plansch*; —*Wing*, *m.* *Chem.* silver-regulus; —*born*, —*fürnchen*, *n.* grain of silver; —*brüge*, *f.* silversmith's dross, washings; —*brunt*, *n.* *Bot.* silver-wood (*Potentilla argentea* L.); —*brunt*, *f.* crown of silver; —*brunnen*, *m.* mass, lump of silver; —*bruch*, *m.* *Ichth.* silver-salmon (*Salmo lacustris* Ag.); —*laden*, *m.* silversmith's shop; —*lahn*, *m.* clinknet of silver, tinsel; —*leber-erz*, *n.* *Miner.* capillary sulphureted antimony; —*licht*, *n.* silvery light (of the moon).
Silberling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) silversling, shekel (a Jewish coin, *cf.* *Seidel*, 1); 2) *see* *Ötelfel*.
Silber..., *in comp.* —*locke*, *f.* silvery lock; —*lockig*, *adj.* silver-locked, silvery-haired, with silvery locks; —*meißel*, *m.* T. chisel for detaching the fixed silver from the cupel; —*mette*, *f.* *Butom.* angar-mite (*Grund-gaß*); —*musin*, *m.* *Miner.* black silver; —*nünge*, *f.* silver-coin.
Silber..., (*n.*) *v. tr.* *, to silver.
Silber..., *adj.* silver; —*se* *Hochgett*, *f.* the twentyfifth anniversary of marriage; *das se* *Zeitstätt*, the age of silver.
Silber..., *in comp.* —*niederflang*, *m.* *Chem.* precipitate of silver; —*niere*, *f.* *see* —*brute*; —*oxyb*, *n.* *Chem.* oxide of silver; —*oxybverbundung*, *f.* *Chem.* argentate; —*page*, *n.* servant who has the care of the plate; —*papier*, *n.* silver-paper; —*pappel*, *f.* *Bot.* white poplar-tree (*Populus alba* L.); —*plansch*, *f.* *Min.* silver-bullion, ingot of silver, billet; —*plättchen*, *n.* T. 1) silver-spangle; 2) touch-needle; —*plattirung*, *f.* silver-plating; —*probe*, *f.* silver-test or assay; touch; —*rand*, *m.* silver-soot; —*regen*, *m.* *Fire-w.* white or silver-coloured fire-rain; —*reich*, *adj.* rich in silver; —*reiter*, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) the lesser white heron, egret (*Herodias egretta* Bechst.); 2) little egret (*Herodias garuda* L.); —*rein*, *adj.* as pure as silver; —*rinne*, *f.* *see* —*gerinne*; —*röllchen*, *n.* roll of silver-foil; —*rufel*, *m.* *Num.* silver-rudd; —*ruf*, *m.* *Miner.* ore rich in silver; —*saltz*, *f.* German-silver string; —*salpeter*, *m.* *Chem.* nitrate of silver; —*salz*, *n.* *Chem.* a compound of oxide of silver with an acid (—*oxybverbundung*); —*sand*, *m.* 1) silver-sand; 2) fine-dust of silver; —*sanberg*, *n.* *Miner.* sandy silver-ore; —*sauererz*, *n.* *Chem.* argente; —*schann*, *m.* 1) scum or dross of silver; 2) *see* *Blattflüßer*; —*schelbe*, *f.* silvery disk (of the moon); —*schelber*, *m.* refiner of silver; —*scheln*, *m.* silvery gloss or splendour; —*schimmel*, *m.* silver-gray (horse); —*schladz*, *f.* dross of silver; —*schlagger*, *m.* silver-beater; —*schlagst*, *n.* *Gold-sm.* silver-solder; —*schmidt*, *m.* silversmith; —*schnebel*, *m.* *Ornith.* tanager (*Tunagra* L.); —*schranl*, *m.* plate-closet, cupboard of the plate; —*schreiber*, *m.* steward of the plate; —*schüttling*, *m.* *Min.* silver-planchet or blank; —*schwärze*, *f.* *Miner.* earthy silver glance; —*sevice*, *n.* set of plate; —*speiß*, *m.* *see* —*meißel*; —*spinner*, *m.* silver-wiredrawer; —*stahl*, *m.* silver-steel; —*stein*, *m.* *see* —*glätte*; —*stider*, *m.* —*stiderin*, *f.* embroiderer in silver; —*stümme*, *f.* silvery voice; —*stoff*, *m.* brocade, silver-cloth; —*strich*, *m.* *see* *Himberstalter*; —*stüd*, *n.* 1) piece of (melted) silver; 2) *see* —*stoff*; —*stust*, *f.* *Miner.* piece of silver-ore; —*stumm*, *adj.* *Ag.* bribed to silence; —*taune*, *f.* *Bot.* silver-fir, Norway spruce (*Abies pectinata* DC.); —*thauerz*, *n.* *Miner.* native silver; —*tiegel*, *m.* *Chem.* silver-crucible; —*ton*, *m.* silver-sound, clear pure sound; —*trächig*, *adj.* *see* —*haltig*; —*treffe*, *f.* silver-lace; —*trippe*, *m.* polishing-slate; —*vitriol*, *m.* *Chem.* sulphate of silver; —*vogel*, *m.* *see* *Blautschilchen*; —*waart*, *f.* silversmith's ware; —*wagen*, *m.* wagon for the conveyance of silver; —*wäßer*, *m.* —*wäßerin*, *f.* plate-

washer, plate-scourer; —*wasser*, *n.* *see* *Schreibwasser*; —*weide*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) white willow (*Salix alba* L.); 2) trailing silky willow (*Salix repens* L.); —*weiß*, *I. adj.* silver-white; II. *n.* *Paint.* shell-silver; —*wellt*, *f.* silvery-wave; —*wirter*, *m.* silver-weaver; —*zain*, *m.* *Metal.* bar of silver; —*zeng*, *n.* plate.
...*flüßig*, *adj.* (*in comp.*) of a certain number of syllables.
Silge, (*n.*) *f.* —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* milk-parsley (*Silvestrum carvifolium* L.).
* *Silhouett* [*pr.* silü—], (*n.*) *f.* *silhouette* (*Fr.*), profile of a person's face in black colour. — *Silhouettiren*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to represent the profile of a (person's) face in black colour.
* *Silicat*, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* silicate.
Silf, (*n.*) *f.* *Sport.* small strings applied round the belly of the decoy-bird.
Silvan, (*str.*) *n.* *Lat.* silvanus, relating to a wood [*silva*, *sylva*] Sylvan (*Rom. Myth.* deity of the wood, satyr, faun; also *P. N.*). — *Silvaner*, (*str.*) *m.* (*abbr.* from Transilvanier) a grape from Transilvania. — *Silvestri*, (*n.*) *Lat.* silvestris, bred in the wood [*silva*, *sylva*], or in the country. — *Silvestor* (*P. N.*); —*abend*, *m.* New Year's eve.
* *Simonie*, (*n.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) *Theol.* simony. — *Simonisch*, *adj.* simoniacal. — *Simonist*, (*n.*) *m.* simoniac. — *St. Simonist*, *Eccl. St.* Simonian.
* *Simple*, *adj.* (*Fr.*) simple, plain.
* *Simplex*, (*Lat.*) *pl.* *Simplex* (*clm.*) *Gramm.* simple or primitive word (which may enter into composition, *opp.* *Compositum*). [*simples*].
Sims, (*str.*) *m.* *Archit.* shelf, cornice (*See* *Simse*, (*n.*) *f.* *Bot.* rush (*Juncus* L.).
Simse, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to provide with a cornice or shelf.
Sims..., *in comp.* —*höbel*, *m.* T. moulding plane, rabbit plane; *Archit.* —*träger*, *m.* *pl.* atlantes, atlases; —*wert*, *n.* moulding, entablature.
Simson, *m.* Samson (*Hebr.* *P. N.*).
Simulant, (*n.*) *m.* one feigning (illness, &c.). — *Simulanten*, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.* *simulare*) to simulate, to feign.
* *Simultan*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) simultaneous; —*firche*, —*schule*, *f.* undenominational church, school.
Sina, *n.* *Geogr.* China; —*apfel*, *m.* China apple, orange; —*seide*, *f.* China (or Chinese) silk.
Sinau (*orig.* *Sin* *nau*, by assimilating the *d* of *Sindau*), (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* lady's mantle (*Alchemilla vulgaris* L.).
Sindst, (*n.*) *f.* deluge (*correct form* of the word now generally spelled *Sündst*; *OHG.* *sindst*, from *sin*, strength, duration [*cf.* *Singrün*], *MHO.* *sintst*, with euphonic *t*, changed by *L. G.* influence into *d*, and thus invariably spelled by *Luther* (*Weigand*)).
* *Sinecure*, (*n.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) sinecure.
Sinse, (*n.*) *m.* *see* *Sinse*, *adj.* Chinese.
Sing..., *Sing...* (*from* *Singen*), *in comp.* —*academie*, —*anstalt*, *f.* singing academy; —*ant*, *n.* *Rom. Cath.* chanting mass; —*art*, *f.* manner of singing, tone, melody.
Singbar, *adj.* that may be sung.
Sing..., *Sing...* (*from* *Singen*), *in comp.* —*chor*, *m.* & *n.* chorus (of singers); —*broffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* common or song-thrush, mavis (*Turdus musculus* L.).
Singel, (*n.*) *m.* *Mar.* gravel.
Singen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *in tr.* to sing, chant; to tingle; *Gam.* to call (in whist); in den *Schlafe* —, to sing or lull to sleep (asleep).
Singer, (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Sänger*, 1.
Singerel, (*n.*) *f.* (*bad*) singing, singsong.
Singestich, *adv.* *coll.* mir ist —, I feel (am) in a singing humour.
Sing..., *Sing...* (*from* *Singen*), *in comp.* —*stette*, *m.* *Ornith.* singing falcon

(*Asius musicus* Bochst.); -fuge, *f.* *Mus.* vocal fugue; -gebt, *n.* poem intended to be sung, hymn; -hauf, *f.* art of singing; -lehrer, *m.* singing master; -leiter, *f.* scale; -meister, *m.* 1) singer; 2) see -lehrer; -messe, *f.* see -amt; -put, *n.* singing doek.

Sin'grün, (*str.*) *n.* (from an old word *sin*, *ver*, *etc.* cf. *Immergrün*) Bot. 1) sangreen, common houseleek (*Semprevivum leclerum* L.); 2) periwinkle (*Viola* L.).

Sing... **Sing'e...** (from *Singen*), *in comp.* -falte, *f.* *Mus.* treble string; -fang, *m.* cont. sing-song; -fante, *f.* singing-school; -falter, *m.* singing-boy; -fanten, *m.* Or-nith. wild or whistling swan, hooper (*Cygnus musicus* Bochst.); -feyer, *m.* see -falle; -flet, *n.* opera (vaudiville); -fimme, *f.* (singing)-voice; Gefänge für eine Stimme, *Mus.* songs for a single voice; pl. *Mus.* vocal parts; -fild, *n.* air; -funde, *f.* singing-lesson.

* **Singular**, (*str.*) *m.* (Lat.) *Graum.* **Sing...** **Sing'e...** (from *Singen*), *in comp.* -betrein, *m.* singing club; -vogel, *m.* singing-bird; -weise, *f.* melody, tune.

Sink'en, (*str.*) *v. i.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to sink; fall, to go down; drop; to subside; -lassen, to let fall, drop, *etc.*; to lower; den Kopf lassen, to hang one's head; den Muth lassen, to be discouraged, disheartened; lassen Sie den Muth nicht -, do not despond, keep up your spirits; im Werthe -, to go down, decline (in value); gefunken, *p. a.* 1) (of prices) depressed; 2) *fig.* fallen, degraded; II. *tr. Min.* to sink, dig; das - der Preise, decline or depression of prices, fall in price.

Sink'er, see *Senker*, 1.

Sink..., *in comp.* -feld, *n.* waterlogged wood; -faßten, see *Senkfaßten*; -wert, *n.* reservoir of fresh water.

Sinn, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sense; 2) *fig.* sense (für, of), mind (for), feeling, taste; 3) a) mind; 6) spirit; 4) intention, opinion, will, wish; 5) meaning, sense, import, purport, acceptance; 6) *Phron.* bump, organ; in die E-e-fallen, striking, cf. *Werk*, 1; einen haben - haben, to be inflexible or obstinate; der langen Rede furter -, the gist of the long speech; schwagen was Sinn in den - kommen, to chat or talk whatever comes uppermost (to one's tongue); aus dem - kommen, to be forgotten; aus den Augen, aus dem - proeud, out of sight, out of mind; es kommt mir nicht aus dem -, it ever runs in my mind; sich (dat.) etwas aus dem E-e schlagen, to banish from one's mind or thoughts, to endeavour to forget; etwas im E-e haben or führen, E-e sein, to have a mind (to mit *Inf.*), to contemplate, intend, mean, to have a notion, idea, or thought (of doing ...); andern E-e werden, to change or alter one's mind; in den - kommen, to enter (into) or cross one's thoughts, mind, or head, to strike; es kam mir nicht in den -, I never had a thought (of) ...; Jemandem durch den - fahren, 1. see in den - kommen; 2. to break one's spirit; wenn es nach meinem E-e ginge, if I had my (own) way; das hat keinen -, this is absurd; es will mir gar nicht in den - daß ..., I cannot bring myself to believe that ...; I am loath to think that ...; &c.; sein - steht ihm höher, he aims at higher game; nicht bei E-en sein, von E-en sein, to have lost (or to be out of) one's wits; er ist nicht recht bei E-en, he is not in his right senses; von E-en bringen, to distract; weder - noch Verstand, neither rhyme nor *Sinn*; *str.* *m.* see *Sinn*.

Sinn..., *in comp.* -bild, *n.* emblem, symbol; device, allegory; -bildlich, *adj.* emblematical, symbolical, allegorical; -bichter, *m.* epigrammatist, allegoriser.

Sin'nen, (*str.*) *v. i.* *intr.* to meditate, muse,

reflect, speculate (über (with *Acc.*), on); auf (with *Acc.*) ... -, to think upon, meditate, plan, plot, to cast about (for); *finnen*, *p. a.* meditative, thoughtful; gefinn, *p. a.* inclined, disposed; minded (*in comp.*); cf. *Gefinn*.

Sin'nen..., *in comp.* -all, *n.* *, the universe as it strikes our senses, external world; -bild, *n.* image of sense; -gruß, *m.* see -luft; -glück, *n.* sensual happiness; -land, *n.* *, earth; -lehre, *f.* doctrine of the senses; -lust, *f.* sensual pleasure; -menschen, *m.* sensualist; -rausch, -taumel, *m.* intoxication of one's senses; -reiz, *m.* charm of the senses; -sclav, *m.* slave of one's senses; -täuschung, *f.* -trug, *m.* delusion, deception of the senses; -trieb, *m.* sensual instinct or impulse; -wahn, *m.* illusion of the senses; -weise, *f.* see -lust; -welt, *f.* see -all; -werthung, *n.* organ of sense; -wunder, *f.* rapture of the senses; -zauber, *m.* charm, enchantment of the senses.

Sin'nes..., *in comp.* -änderung, *f.* change of mind; -art, -weise, *f.* disposition, temper, habits of thought and feeling, character; -eigenheit, *f.* peculiarity of disposition, character; -genosse, *m.* one of the same mind; -organ, *n.* organ of sense; -wandel, *m.* see -änderung; -güte, *n.* see -werthung.

Sinn..., *in comp.* -bild, *n.* epigram; **Sinn'grün**, see *Singgrün*.

Sinnig, *I. adj.* 1) sensible, judicious; 2) thoughtful, contemplative, reflective, musing; 3) deliberate, circumspect; 4) ingenious, pretty, well-devised; suggestive; II. *E-feit*, (*w. f.*) 1) sense, judgment; 2) thoughtfulness, &c., sentiment.

Sinn'fraut, (*str.*) *n.* see *Sinnpflanze*.

Sinn'lich, *I. adj.* 1) pertaining to sense, sensuous, sensitive, sentient; perceptive; meeting the senses; -schmerz, *m.* perceptible through the senses; 2) (*gener.* in an *all sense*) sensual; ein f-er Mensch, sensualist (*Sinnenmensch*); II. *E-feit*, (*w. f.*) 1) sensitive faculty, sense; 2) sensuality; die E-feit rufen, to appeal to the senses; E-feitstheorie, *f.* sensualism (*opp.* transcendentalism).

Sinn'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *i. u.* for *Sinnenmensch*.

Sinn'los, *I. adj.* 1) senseless; mad; 2) or *Sinn'leer*, *adj.* void of sense, unmeaning; II. *E-feit*, (*w. f.*) senselessness; madness.

Sinn..., *in comp.* -pflanze, *f.* *Bot.* sensitive plant (*Mimosa pudica* L.); -reich, *adj.* ingenious, inventive, witty; das -reiche eines Plantes, ingenuity or ingeniousness of a plant; -rückhalt, *m.* mental reservation; -schuß, *m.* *Log.* enthymeme; -schwer, *adj.* 1) difficult of comprehension; 2) fraught with meaning; -spiel, *n.* pun; -spruch, *m.* sentiment, apophthegm, sentence; witty saying; -verwandt, *adj.* synonymous, convertible; -verwandtschaft, *f.* synonymy; -verwirrend, *adj.* *fig.* maddening; -voll, *adj.* sensible, see -reich; -werthung, *n.* organ of sense; -wort, *n.* see -spruch.

† **Sin'temal**, *conj.* since, as, whereas, see *Sin'ter*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dross of iron, scales (of iron); 2) *Minor.* sinter; -asche, *f.* ashes of touchwood, Silesian potashes; -fahle, *f.* open-burning-coal, clod-coal, cherry-coal; -ofen, *m.* see *Riefelofen*; -proceß, *m.* slag-process.

Sin'tern, (*w.*) *v. i.* *intr.* *Minor.*, &c. 1) to trickle, drop; 2) to conglutinate, harden, petrify; 3) *Metall.* to slag.

* **Sin'sis**, (*induc.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Math.* sine; -verfah, *verord sine*.

Sin'sis, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* fourth part of *Sipp*, *Sip'se*, (*w.*) *m.* obsolescent, kinsman; relative.

Sip'se, **Sipp'schaft**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) kin, consanguinity, kindred; 2) kinsmen, relatives,

relations; 3) *Ned.* (according to Oken) genus, tribe; 4) *cont.* sort, set.

Sirach, (*m.*) *Sirach* (*P. N.*); des Buch Sirach - Schrift, (the Wisdom of Jesus the Son of Sirach; or) Ecclesiastics.

* **Sir'en**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) 1) siren, mermaid; 2) *Phys.* siren, sirene (acoustic instrument); *E-gefang*, *m.* siren-song.

Sir'up, **Sir'up**, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* sirup, treacle; -ähnlich, -haltig, *adj.* sirupy.

Sir'zen, (*w.*) *v. i.* *intr.* to whirl, whirl. cf. *Carren*.

* **Sit't'en**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to inhibit, stop. - **Sit't'ung**, (*w.*) *f.* inhibition, &c., Law, nonsuit.

Sit't'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) custom, habit, manner; practice, use; 2) *E-n.* pl. manners, morals; von guten, schlechten E-n, well-behaved, ill-behaved.

Sit't'en..., *in comp.* -summe, *f.* charm, suavity of manners; -buch, *n.* book of good manners; -fehler, *m.* offence against good manners; -feinheit, *f.* politeness of manners, urbanity; -gebräue, *n.* character, characteristics of customs or manners; -gericht, *n.* moral tribunal; -geschichte, *f.* history of manners or civilisation; -gefeß, *n.* moral law; -lehre, *f.* 1) ethics, moral philosophy; 2) see -regel; -lehrer, *m.* moralist.

Sit't'enlos, *I. adj.* immoral, wicked; II. *E-feit*, (*w. f.*) immorality.

Sit't'en..., *in comp.* -prediger, *m.* (*cont.*) moraliser; -predigt, *f.* moralising sermon, lecture; -regel, *f.* moral precept or rule; -richter, *m.* moraliser, censor; -spruch, *m.* sentence, maxim, moral; -strenge, *f.* austerity; -verbesserung, *f.* see -berichtigung; -verberben, *m.* corruptor of the morals; -berberben, *n.* -berberbung, *n.* & *f.* depravity or corruption of morals, perversity of manners; -verfall, *m.* decay, deterioration of manners; -verfeinerung, *f.* refinement of manners, civilisation; -zustand, *m.* state of morals; -zucht, *m.* etiquette, convention.

Sit't'ig, *adj.* see *Sittig*.

† **Sit't'ig**, (*str.*) *m.* (*orig.* *Sittig*, from *Lat. pectus*) parrot, popinjay (*Vaperei*).

Sit't'ig, *adj.* modest, chaste; well-mannered. - **Sit't'ig**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to civilise. - **Sit't'igkeit**, *f.* modesty, chastity. - **Sit't'igung**, (*w. f.*) civilisation.

Sit't'lich, *I. adj.* 1) relating to manners or customs; customary; well-mannered; f-er Betragen, propriety of conduct (of children, &c.); 2) moral; II. *E-feit*, (*w. f.*) morals, morality; E-feitgefühl, *n.* moral sense.

Sit't'lich, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Sittigen*.

Sit't'sam, *I. adj.* modest, proper; decent; fein -, in all due modesty; II. *E-feit*, *f.* modesty; decency.

Sit't'sig, *m.* net-hatch (*Blasphemie*).

* **Sit't'ation**, (*w.*) *f.* situation; *E-Plan*, *m.* plot.

Sitz, *s. i.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) seat; chair; bottom, seat (of a chair); 2) seat, residence; (episcopal) see; 3) see *Sitz*, 1; 4) see *Sager*, 3; 5) sit (of an article of dress); II. *in comp.* -anker, *m.* *Mar.* buoy-anchor; -arbeit, *f.* sedentary work; -bad, *n.* half-bath, hip-bath; -bank, *f.* 1) sitting bench; 2) *Wass.* warping-bench, mill, frame; *Anat.-s.* -bein, *n.* 1) ischium, ischion; 2) *in comp.* ischiatic (nerve, thorn, &c.); -bein'snerren, *m.* tabercoity of the ischion; -bett, *n.* couch, sofa.

Sitz'en, (*str.*) *v. i.* *intr.* (*aux.* haben, [t d] *provinc.* [s. G.] *sein*, cf. *Sitzen*) 1) to sit; 2) (fest -) to stick fast; to be lodged; *Mar.* to be stranded or aground; 3) to be imprisoned; *fig.-s.* 4) *Proc.*, &c. (of a cut, &c.) to take effect, to tell; 5) (of clothes, &c.) to sit, sit (upon); *Sitzen* -, *Pass.* to sit to a painter (for one's picture), to give one a sitting; *in*

Parlemente —, to have a seat or to serve in parliament; der Baum sitzt voll Blüten, the tree is full of or covered with blossoms; auf der Krone saß ein Hebertuch, the cap was surmounted by a plume; —bleiben, 1. to keep one's seat; to sit on; 2. coll. a) to remain behind-hand; to be neglected or forgotten; to sit down (with a blank); b) to be stunted in growth; c) to be kept back (in the same class at school); d) to get no partner (at dancing); sie wird wohl —bleiben, she will never get a husband; —lassen, coll. to abandon, disappoint, to leave in the lurch, to give the slip to; auf sich (Dat.) —lassen, to put up with (an affront); Geld —lassen, coll. to lose money (at play, &c.); den Put —lassen, to keep on the hat; —b, p. a. 1. a) sitting; b) sedentary (life, &c.); 2. Bod. sessile.

Sitzer, (str.) m. 1) sitter; 2) Ship-b.-s. futtock; —und Kussfänger, rider futtocks; verlichte —, pl. the first futtocks of the crotchets.

Sitz... in comp. —fall, m. see —flappe; —(e)stisch, n. sg. sedentaryness, steadiness; er hat kein —stisch, he does not like to sit long at any place; —gang, m. Mar. wash-board; —geiß, m. jailor's fee.

Sitzig, adj. in comp. having ... seats.

Sitzig... in comp. —fassen, m. box of the seat, box of a coach; —fassen, n. (seating-) cushion; —flappe, f. folding-seat, seat-fall (f. Tusch & Tolk.); —stisch, n. sedentary life; —leber, n. see —(e)stisch.

Sitzling, (str.) m. (l. u.) Sedentary person.

Sitzlings, adv. in a sitting posture.

Sitz... in comp. —ort, m. place of residence; —stuhl, m. T. minor's seat; —steller, n. see —fassen; —tag, m. see Sitzungstag.

Sitzung, (w.) f. session; sitting; in comp. 6-Monats-, m. pl. (reports of the) proceedings (of a learned society, &c.); 6-Stag, m. day of session, sitting day; Assize-day; beard-day; 6-Staßl, m., 6-Stimmer, m. session room; council-room, committee room.

Sitzzimmer, (str.) n. (l. u.) sitting-room.

Sitznisch, adj. Sistine(chapel, &c.).

Sitzstich, see Scitich.

Sitzstich, (w.) m. old Scandinavian poet, Skald.

Sitzstich, (str.) n. (Gr.) Anat. skeleton.

Sitzstich, (str.) n. (Gr.) sceptic.

Sitzstich, adj. sceptical. —Sitzstich's münd, n. scepticism.

Sitzstich (Sitzstich, Sitzstich), (w.) v. ink. (pop. corr. from the Fr. s'excuser) coll. to vainly, to cut sticks, to abscond.

Sitzstich, (w.) f. (Hak.) sketch. —Sitzstich, adj. sketchy. —Sitzstich, (w.) v. Skizze n., see Skizze... (to sketch).

Sitzstich, see Scorpion.

Sitz... see Scit...

Sitzstich, (w.) m. see Skizstich.

Sitzstich, (w.) m. Slavonian, Slave, pl. Slavi; Skizstich, adj. Slavie, Slavonic.

Sitzstich, n. Slavonia; Skizstich, (str.) m., Skizstich, adj. Slavonian.

Sitzstich (pr. —Kah), (w.) f. (L. G., with a Pr. termination, cf. Redage) Mar. wear and tear.

Sitzstich, see Schmalte. [see Epistichoball.

Sitzstich, (str.) n., Skizstich, (str.) m. 6-Smaragd, (str.) m. (Gr.) Min. emerald.

Sitzstich, m. false emerald; Smaragd, adj. Smirgel, see Schmirgel. [smaragdine.

Sitzstich, (str.) m., Smirgelnisch, adj. Smyrian.

Sitzstich, l. adv. (often assuming the functions of a conjunction) 1) so (as), thus, in that manner or way, in such a manner; such; 2) (particle of inference) then; wenn ich dies nicht —, beträgt, if all this be so; es ist nicht mehr —, matters are changed; — find die Mädchen! such are men! —spricht man nicht mit mir! that is not the way to speak to me!

—behalten Sie mich? this is the way you treat me, is it? es ist — am besten, it is best as it is; —bist Du nun, that is just what you are; —etwas, such a thing, coll. that sort of thing; —etwas kommt alle Tage vor, instances of this occur every day; —sah ich ihn, I found him in this state; —wie ich ihn kenne, as I know him; —etwas ist mir noch nicht vorgekommen, coll. I never saw the like; —aber, as it is (was); wir haben —der guten Freunde wenig (Schiller, Wall.), we have too few friends already; öffne das Fenster nicht, es ist —schon kalt, do not open the window, it is cold enough already or without that; ein —gutes Mädchen wie P., as good a girl as P.; —einer wie P. ist oft ironisch, coll. such a one like L. is often ironical; —weich wie Seide, as soft as silk; nicht —weich wie ..., not so soft as ...; nicht —, daß er bei den bloßen Thatsachen verweilt, sondern —, daß er erstarrt, not in the way of dwelling on the facts but in the way of illustrating, &c.; nun was gibst's —eilig? where in such a haste? —obert —, at all events; —hin, indifferently, tolerably; —gierlich, tolerably well; (coll. —) so so; —viel, thus much; noch einmal —viel, as much again; um —viel mehr, so much the more; —weil, thus far; ist es —weit gekommen? is it come to this or to that point? —weit also, as far as; —wohl, —gut, see So-mohl; —hören Sie doch, pray, (do) hear me; er hat viel Geld. ... So? he has much money. ... Has he? er arbeitet viel. ... So? he works hard. ... Does he? Herr —und —, Mr. so and so, Mr. Thümmel, Mr. Such a one; Donnerstag, den —und —vierten, Thursday the so and so.

II. conj. 1) so, then (at the head of the latter part of a period or consequent clause; generally omitted in English and often so in German); wenn ich dies alles —verhält, —hat der Mensch natürliche Freiheit, if all this be so, then man has a natural freedom; wenn er fleißig ist, (—) wird er etwas lernen, if he is diligent, (then) he will learn something; 2) as, &c.; —... auch, however; —groß auch, however great; —viel ihrer auch sind, however many there may be; —reich er auch ist, (as) rich as he is, however rich he may be; —unwürdig ich (auch) bin, unworthy as I am; —viel ich auch erlebt habe, much as I have experienced; —viel es auch koste, cost what it may; —gern ich auch wollte, much as I should like; —viel ich abnehmen kann, as far as I can see, for aught I perceive; —viel ich weiß, for aught I know, to my knowledge; —viel er —wie ich höre, as far as I hear; —viel ich mich erinnern kann, to the best of my remembrance; —lange (als), as long as, while; —lange diese nicht vertrieben sind, wird keine Ruhe, till these are expelled, there will be no quiet; —wahr ich lebe, as sure as I am alive, as I am a living man; —wahr ich selig zu werden hoffe, as I hope to be saved; —wahr mir Gott helfe! so help me God! 3) (†) 4) *, if, when; denn —die Frieden —thun des Götters Wer! (Rom. 2, 14), for when the Gentiles ... do ...; —er spricht, —geschicht's; —er gebeut, —steht's da (Ps. 33, 9), (deviating from the common Engl. version:) when he speaketh, it is done; when he commandeth, it stands fast; —Gott will, (lit. if God will) please God, God willing.

III. (†) 5) *, in a subsequent part of phrases, used like a relative pronoun; diejenigen, —..., such as ...; des natürlichen Zeug, —sie schwohen (Wieland), the foolish things (which) they talked; Mädchen, —der Mutter Freude ..., —der Stolz des Dorfes war (Höfky), Rosy who was her mother's joy, ... who was the pride of the village; denn essen, —da kamen (Bürger, Lenore), of all who came, cf. Weigand.

Sobald, adv. as soon as; er war nicht —angekommen, no sooner was he arrived; —es Ihnen möglich (or bequemt) ist, at your earliest convenience.

* **Social**, adj. (from Lat. socius, a companion) social. —**Socialist**, (w.) m. socialist.

—**Socialist**, (w.) f. (Lat.) society, company; Comm. partnership; eine —errichten, to enter into partnership; die —auflösen, to dissolve partnership; 6-Contract, 6-Vertrag, m. deed of partnership; 6-Schulden, pl. 1) debts of a society; 2) joint-debts or liabilities, partnership-debts. [adj. Recl. Socinian.

* **Socius**, (str.) m., Socius-nisch, * **Socius** (Lat., pl. Socii) m. partner (Gandelsgehilfschaft).

Socke, (w.) f. 1) sock; 2) see Sockel; 6-n-blume, f. Bot. barren-wort (Epimedium alpinum L.).

Sockel, (str.) m. Archth. socle; Mas. ashlar.

Socken, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with socks.

Socratisch, adj. Socratic, relating to Socrates (Socrates, Indack; Wieland uses a Dat. pl. Socraten, Lat. form of a Gr. P. N.).

Sob, (str.) m. 1) broth; bubbling up of boiling liquor; 2) Brew. as much water as is required for one brewing; 3) see Sub; 4) coll. aus einem Se-e sein, to be of the same kind or set; die Hand im Se-e haben (Luther, cf. Smendes), to have one's finger in the pie; 4) provinc. a dug well; 5) Med. (or —Strennen, n.) heart-burning, pyrosis, blackwater; —stüßl, m. Brew. funnel.

Soda, (w.) f. Chem. carbonate of soda, common soda; Comm. soda, barilla; 1) schottische —, kelp; —stich, f. see Potstich; —frant, n., —flanze, f. Bot. salt-wort, glass-wort (Salsola L.).

Söder, (str.) m. brink of a well.

Söder, (str.) n., Söderstich, (w.) f. see Johannesbröt.

Söderstich, (str.) m. well.

Söder, (w.) f. provinc. (N. G.) sod, (piece of) turf; 6-Niederer, m. turf-cutter. —**Söder**, f. T. the stratum of earth on which the grass grows.

* **Sodomit**, (w.) m. sodomite; 6-erel', (w.) f. sodomy; sodomitisch, adj. sodomitical.

Söderben, adv. just (now); —beiständig, unsere Redungen abzusprechen, being engaged with the closing of our accounts.

Sofa, (str., pl. 6-8) n. & m. sofa.

Sofen, adv. & conj. see Insofern.

Soff, (str.) m. vulg. 1) a drinking, guzzling; 2) draught, gulp; 3) conf. mean beverage, slop, cf. Gieß, 2.

Söff, (str.) m. 1) a drinking, guzzling; 2) draught, gulp; 3) conf. mean beverage, slop, cf. Gieß, 2.

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m. summer cabbage; —fönig, m. see Goldhähnchen, 1; —forn, n. summer-corn (sown in spring); spring-rye; —frieite, f. *Ornith.* summer-teal (*Anas crecca* L.); —frieitefler, f. *Ornith.* lesser butcher-bird (*Lanius minor* L.); —fuf, f. cow that gives milk in summer; —fuf, m. salmon spawning in summer; —fufen, m. Venetian blind; —fufger, n. see Fuf-lager; —fatten, f. pl. Forest. small trees growing among larger ones, under-wood of one year's growth; —fauße, f. arbour, bower; —fuf, m. south-side of a hill; —fufte, f. annual or ten-week stock-gilly-flower (*Matthiola annua* L.).

Som'merlich, adj. summer-like.

Som'mer ..., in comp. —funde, f. *Bot.* large-leaved lime-tree (*Tilia grandifolia* Ehrh.); —fuf, m. the bearded darnel, white darnel (*Zanmelfeld*); —fuf, f. summer air; —fuf, —fufteit, f. summer diversion, sport in summer; —fuf, m. see —fuf; —fuf, m. summer-month.

Som'mern, (v.) v. I. *intr. impers.* to grow summer; II. *tr.* see **Sommern**.

Som'mern, (v.) v. tr. 1) to summer, keep through the summer; 2) to sow with spring corn; 3) *provinc.* see **Sommern**; 4) *Gard.* to prune (trees); 5) *Bieh* —, to keep cattle during summer in the open air. (mor's night.

Som'mernacht, (str.) pl. —fufteit, f. sum-

Som'mer ..., in comp. —fuf, m. summer-fruit; —fuf, f. pl. plants continuing for the summer, estival plants; —fuf, m. a genus of fungi (*Botrys botrytis* L.); —fuf, m. see —fuf; —fuf, m. summer-quarters; —fuf, m. *Bot.* spring-radish (*Raphanus sativus* *castratus*); —fuf, m. *Pom.* a species of apple; —fuf, f. see **Sommernblume**; —fuf, m. see **Schwarzfuchsen**.

Som'mer, m. pl. (L. G.) *Shipp.* straight timber.

Som'mer ..., in comp. —faat, f. spring corn; —faat, f. summer-savory (*Satureja hortensis* L.); —faat, f. close heat of summer, sultriness; —faat, f. summer-side; —faat, m. *Ac.* summer-term; —faat, m. *Bot.* summer-solstice, midsummer; —faat, f. *Arach.* a species of spider (*Tetragnatha extensa* L.); —faat, f. —faat, adj. see —faat, —faat; —faat, m. summer-day; *Bot.* —faat, —faat, m. great spring snowdrop (*Leucojum vernum* L.); —faat, m. summer-snowdrop (*Leucojum aestivum* L.); —faat, m. summer quarter; —faat, m. 1) summer-bird; 2) day-butterfly; —faat, f. gossamer; —faat, m. *Bot.* summer wheat, spring-grown wheat; —faat, f. see —faat; —faat, m. summer weather; —faat, f. summer-residence; —faat, f. wool of the second shearing; —faat, f. *Bot.* broom-rape, strangle-weed (*Orobancha* L.); —faat, m. pl. light stuffs for summer-dress, summer-stuffs.

Som'm, adv. consequently.

Som'm, (v.) f. (Ital.) *Mus.* sonata.

Som'm, (v.) f. (Pr.) *T.* probe; sound-lead, plummet.

Som'm, I. adj. †, separate; II. *prop.* (with *Acc.*) († &) *, without (*Obje.*) —faat, m. separate impression.

Som'm, I. adj. singular, peculiar, strange, odd; II. *ℳ-felt*, (v.) f. singularity, strangeness, oddity.

Som'm ..., in comp. —faat, m. separate league; —faat, m. *Herold.* campaign; —faat, —faat, n. *Low*, peculiar; —faat, n. separate or exclusive interest.

Som'mlich, I. adj. 1) particular; 2) special, particular, remarkable; *dieß gibt keine* —faat —faat, this furnishes no very exalted idea of ...; II. *ℳ-felt*, (v.) f. particularity; peculiarity; remarkableness.

Som'm, (str.) m. singular person, strange (queer) fellow, whimsical person, coll. odd fish.

Som'm, (v.) v. tr. to separate, sever, part, disjoin; to split.

Som'm, conj. but.

Som'm, adv. separately, only used in: *famit und* —, all and every one (of them).

Som'm, (str.) n. see **Particularismus**.

Som'm, (v.) f. separation; *Gramm.* —faat, f. disjunctive particle; —faat, m. point of diuresis; —faat, n. sign of punctuation.

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Som'm, (v.) v. tr. (Pr.) *T.* to probe (a wound); *lit. & fig.* to sound, fathom; *die* *Stimmung des Marktes* —, *Comm.* to try the market.

Som'm, f. *Geogr.* Zungaria.

Som'm, (str.) n. Saturday; —faat, on (a) Saturday.

Som'm, (v.) f. sun (the oblique cases of the sing. [† &] *): —faat, f. *cf.* *Erden*, f. i. in the proverbial phrase: *es ist nichts so fein gelponnen, 's kommt doch endlich an die* —faat; *beim ersten Glitzen der* —faat (*A. v. Droste-Hülshoff*), at the first gleam of the sun, &c.; *die* —faat (*gleich aus*) —faat, (at tournaments) to divide or mark the lists.

Som'm, (v.) v. tr. to sun, expose to the sun: 1) to air and dry by the sun; 2) to bask, to warm by laying out in the sun or heat; *fid* —, to bask.

Som'm ..., in comp. relating to the sun, sun, solar; —faat, m. *Ornith.* golden eagle (*Haliaeetus*); —faat, m. worshipper of the sun; —faat, m. sun-rise; —faat, n. 1) *Miner.* cat's eye; *giraol*; 2) *, bright eye; sun; —faat, see *Fuf*; 3) —faat, f. 1) eclipsitic; 2) *, glorious career; —faat, m. *Bot.* tamarind (*Tamarindus indica*); —faat, n. *Gard.* glass-frame; —faat, f. *Swy.* solar bandage; —faat, m. glance, passing gleam (pl. snatches) of the sun, sun-blink; —faat, f. *Bot.* 1) sun-flower (*Helianthus* L.); 2) see —faat; 3) —faat, m. sun-burning; —faat, f. 1) eclipsitic; 2) see —faat; —faat, m. *Astr.* heliocomet; —faat, n. universal dial; —faat, m. cycle of the sun (a period of twenty-eight years); —faat, n. awning, sun-shade; —faat, m. *Mar.* awning; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, m. worship of the sun; *Astr.* —faat, f. flaming spot visible in the sun; —faat, f. aphelion; —faat, m. helioscope; —faat, f. solar eclipses, eclipse of the sun; —faat, m. *Ichth.* 1) sun-fish (*Orthogoriscus mola* L.); 2) dorae, John Dory (*Zeus faber* L.); —faat, m. 1) solar spot, speck; 2) freckle; —faat, adj. solar; —faat, n. solar system; —faat, adj. sun-burnt; —faat, n. *Anat.* collic plexus; —faat, m. *Ornith.* king-vulture (*Eurystomus*); —faat, n. *, Apollo's team; —faat, m. splendour of the sun, sun-blaze; —faat, n. see —faat; —faat, m. *Gr. Myth.* Helios, Apollo; (*Lat.*) Sol; —faat, —faat, m. *Bot.* little sun-flower, sun-rose (—faat); —faat, n. *Gard.* see *Gemäthaus*; —faat, adj. sun-bright; —faat, f. 1) brightness, clearness of the sun; 2) *fig.* clear evidence; —faat, f. *Bot.* stone-weed (*Steinwurm*); —faat, f. altitude or height of the sun; —faat, m. *Naut.* back-staff; —faat, m. halo round the sun; —faat, n. solar year, astronomical year; —faat, f. virgin of the sun; —faat, m. *Entom.* sun-chaser; lady-bird (*Coccinella* L.); —faat, f. heliographic chart; —faat, adj. sun-bright; evident; —faat, f. clear evidence; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, n. *Bot.* wild sucoory (*Cichorium intybus* L.); —faat, f. see —faat; 1; —faat, m. course of the sun.

Som'm, adj. 1) sunless, without sun; 2) *fig.* dark, gloomy.

Som'm ..., in comp. —faat, m. *fig.* genius; —faat, m. *Astr.* heliometer; —faat, n. *Opt.* solar microscope; —faat, m. solar month; —faat, f. *Astr.* perihelion, perihelium; —faat, m. orbit of the sun; —faat, n. see —faat; —faat, n. *Mech.* sun wheel; —faat, m. rim of the sun's disk; —faat, m. see *Höhenrauch*; —faat, m. rain during which the sun shines; —faat, adj. sunny; —faat, m. a genus of heron (*Eurypygga helias* Ill.); —faat, m. ring-dial; —faat, f. annual sun-flower (*Helianthus annuus* L.); —faat, —faat, n. sun-rose, rock-rose (*Helianthemum vulgare* L.); —faat, n. *Myth.* horse of Helios or Apollo (the sun); —faat, adj. as red as the sun; —faat, n. solar salt (produced by the action of the sun); —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, f. disk of the sun; —faat, m. sun-shine; —faat, m. parasol; —faat, m. *Furr.* staggers (in horses); *Med.* see —faat; 1; —faat, n. *Mar.* awning; —faat, f. sun-side; —faat, m. helioscope; —faat, m. atom, mote, very fine dust; —faat, m. *Miner.* giraol; —faat, n. fixed star; —faat, m. *Med.* 1) siriasis, insolation, sun-stroke; 2) see —faat; —faat, m. see —faat; 1; —faat, f. *Astr.* solstitial elevation; —faat, m. sun-beam, solar ray; —faat, f. eclipsitic; —faat, m. solar system; —faat, m. solar day; —faat, m. *Bot.* sun-dew (*Drosera* L.); —faat, n. pl. a species of infusoria (*Trichoda sol*); *Astr.* —faat, f. sun-dial, dial; —faat, f. dialling, gnomonics; —faat, m. *gnomon*; —faat, m. 1) revolution of the sun; 2) solar period; —faat, m. sunset, decline or fall of the sun; —faat, adj. sun-burnt; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, m. *, car of Apollo; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, adj. very distant; —faat, f. *Astr.* solar distance; —faat, f. 1) world (system) of suns; 2) solar system; —faat, f. 1) *Astr.* solstice; tropic; 2) *Bot.* a) heliotope, turn-sol (*Heliotropium* L.); b) see —faat; c) marigold (*Ringelblume*); —faat, m. *Miner.* heliotope; —faat, m. *Bot.* 1) see —faat; 2) (blauer) see —faat; 3) (gelber) dandelion (*Wermuth*); —faat, f. see *Sommernacht*; —faat, m. 1) gnomon, needle of a dial; 2) dial-plate; —faat, f. solar time, apparent time; —faat, n. awning; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, m. streak in the sky occasioned by the reflection of the sun.

Som'm, (str.) n. (Ital.) sonnet.

Som'm, **Som'm**, adj. sunlike; sunny.

Som'm, (str.) n. Sunday; wenn unter Ragb ihren —faat, when it is our house-maid's Sunday (in England: Monday) out; —faat, on a Sunday.

Som'm, adj. Sunday, dominical.

Som'm, adj. & adv. (occurring, &c.) every Sunday.

Som'm ..., in comp. —faat, m. periscope; —faat, f. Sunday's devotion; —faat, m. dominical or Sunday letter; —faat, f. observance of the Sabbath; —faat, m. joc. sporting-gent; —faat, n. 1) Sunday-child, child born on a Sunday; 2) *fig.* a) lucky or highly-favored person; ein —faat sein, to be born with a caul; b) a second-sighted person; —faat, n. Sunday clothes, best garment; —faat, m. *coll.* unskilful rider, one who only mounts a horse on holidays; —faat, f. Sunday-school; —faat, m. see —faat; —faat, adj. (*Lat.*) sonorous. (*ℳ-felt*).

Som'm, adv. 1) else, otherwise; 2) besides, moreover, in other respects; 3) at other times; 4) formerly, heretofore, in former time; *Law*, alias; —faat, once and now; *ich habe weniger Geld als* —faat, money is scar-

oer with me than it used to be; we ist der gute Wein, den man — beklam? where is the good wine one used to get? er war ganz anders als —, he was quite different from his usual self; er ist jetzt ganz anders als —, he is now quite different from his former self; der Garten sieht jetzt frundlicher aus als —, the garden now looks gay to what it did; er wird wol — einmal an dich denken, some other day, perhaps, he will think of you; — etwas, anything else; — noch etwas, anything more; — nichts als, nothing else but; — wo, elsewhere, somewhere else; — nirgends, nowhere else; — woher, from some other place or quarter, from elsewhere.

Sonst'ig, *adj.* 1) other, existing beside; **Sonst's**, *see* **Sofa**. {3} former. **Sophia**, **Soph'ie**, *f.* Sophia, Sophy (*P. N.*). **Sophi'en**..., *in comp.* — **Sof'che**, *f.* church of St. Sophia; — (Treffpunkt), *n.* — **ranst**, *f.* **Boi.** firwood, hedge-mustard (*Stegomyrium sophia* L.).

* **Sophist**, (*v.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) sophist; **S-en-gold**, *n.* sophisticated or base gold. — **Sophist'ri**, (*v.*) *f.* sophistry. — **Sophist'isch**, *adj.* sophistical.

* **Sopra**..., *in comp.* (*Ital.*) **Comm-s**. — **agio**, *n.* sur-agio; — **istru**, *f.* sur-tare.

* **Sopran**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) **Mus.** soprano, treble; — **schliß**, *n.* *see* **Discontschliß**; — **viol**, *f.* treble viol.

Sorb..., *in comp.* — **apfel**, *m.* — **beere**, *f.* **Boi.** service-berry; — **beerfäure**, *f.* **Chem.** sorbic, malic acid.

Sorbenbaum, *m.* **Boi.** service-tree, roak-tree (*Bogelbeerbaum*, 1).

* **Sorbet(t)** [*also* **Sorbet**, **Scherbet**], (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.-Arab.*) sherbet.

* **Sorbsäuer**, *adj.* **Chem.** sorbic. — **Sorbsäure**, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Sorbetfäure**.

* **Sorbin**, (*v.*) *f.* **Mus.** sordina, sordot; mute (for violins), *f.* **Dämpfer**, 3.

Sorge, (*v.*) *f.* care; concern; solicitude; uneasiness, sorrow, apprehension; in — sein, to be anxious, to fear, &c.; — (für etwas) tragen, 1. to take care (of), to care (for), to attend (to); to see; 2. or **sch** (*Lat.*) — **machen** um, to be concerned or to concern one's self about ...; **sch** keine **S-n** machen, außer **S-n** sein, to be unconcerned; sein **Sie** deshalb außer —, you may rest easy on that score; in — hinstellend ..., anxious for ... about ...

Sorgen, (*v.*) *s. l. intr.* 1) to fear, to be afraid; 2) to care, to take care, to be careful (für, of, for), to look (after), to provide (for); ich werde für deine Kleidung —, I will find your clothing or you in clothing; selbst für seine Bedürfnisse —, to find one's self; du hast dich für zu —, daß es geschieht, it is your duty (you have) to see it done; ich will dafür sorgen, daß es Ihnen zu Händen kommt, I will see it in your hands; er sorgt dabei nur für seinen eigenen Vorteil, in this he is only consulting his own advantage; — Sie, daß er esogleich thut, get him to do it at once; ängstlich —, to cark and care; II. *refl.* **see** **sch** **Sorge** machen; III. *tr.* (*l. u.*) to take care of, *Ac. cf.* **Ver-sorgen**, 2.

Sorgen..., *in comp.* — **beher**, *m.* cup of sorrows; — **breiter**, *m.* *see* **tiefer**; — **frei**, *adj.* free from cares, easy; — **last**, *f.* load of cares.

Sorgenlos, *adj.* *see* **Sorgenfrei**.

Sorgten..., *in comp.* — **stuhl**, *m.* arm-chair; — **töchter**, *wender*, *m.* *Ag.* care-destroyer (wine); — **voll**, *adj.* full of cares, uneasy, apprehensive.

Sorgfalt, *f.* care, carefulness, attention, heedfulness.

Sorgfältig, *I. adj.* careful, attentive, mindful, heedful; strict; ängstlich, particular, scrupulous; II. **S-heit**, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Sorgfalt**.

* **Sorghum** or **Sorgho-grass**, (*str.*) *n.*

(*Ind.*) **Boi.** Indian millet, Guinea corn (*Sorghum vulgare* Pers.).

Sorglich, *I. adj.* 1) anxious, uneasy; 2) *see* **Sorgfältig**; II. **S-heit**, (*v.*) *f.* anxiousness, &c. **Sorglichkeit**, (*v.*) *f.* *pl.* **Mar.** rudder-pendants with their chains.

Sorglos, *I. adj.* 1) careless, unconcerned, reckless, thoughtless; 2) supine, negligent; II. **S-igkeit**, (*v.*) *f.* 1) carelessness, &c.; 2) negligence, indolence, supineness; a piece of negligence, careless action.

Sorgsam, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Sorgsam**.

Sorgsam, *I. adj.* careful, anxious, solicitous, heedful; II. **S-heit**, (*v.*) *f.* carefulness, &c.

Sorgsame, (*str.*) **Sorgweizen**, (*str.*) *m.* **Boi.** Turkey or Indian millet, sorgho (*Sorghum*); **Sorgfellig**, *adj.* anxious. (*gunggrat*).

* **Soria**, **Soril**, *f.* (*Span.*) Merino wool.

Sorren, (*v.*) *s. tr.* **Mar.** to lash, seize; to mouse (a hook).

Sorring, **Sorring**, (*v.*) *f.* **Mar.** — **des** **Rutlubs**, shrouds for the bunks; — **der** **Rutlubs**, lashing of the out-riggers.

Sor..., *in comp.* **Mar-s**. — **flampen**, *f.* *pl.* hollow cleats; — **platz**, *m.* any mooring, bollard; — **tan**, *n.* seizing, lashing.

Sor'ig, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Soba**.

Sorte, (*v.*) *f.* sort, kind, species, quality, description; mark, brand (of wool); **Comm-s** in **S-n**, all sorts; ober nach **S-n**, or current sorts; **S-geettel**, *m.* **Comm.** bill of species.

Sorten, *see* **Sortiren**.

* **Sortiment**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) sortment, set; **Books** assortment, sortment of books (in contradistinction to a bookseller's own publications); *in comp.* **S-Schuhhändler**, *coll.* **Sortiment'ier**, *m.* bookseller dealing in others' books (not exclusively in his own publications); **S-lager**, *n.* sortment; **S-efine**, *m.* *pl.* **Comm.** greatest and best pieces of yellow amber. [assort; to break (wool)].

* **Sortiren**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* (*Lat.*) to sort.

Sot'ig, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Sauce**.

Sotisch, *adj.* *Found.* *coll.* oozy, muddy.

Sot'nig, *adj.* & *adv.* (+ *4*) *Law*, such.

Sot'el, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* a narrow piece of tilled ground (Gelände).

* **Sot'ig**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) foolish thing; nonsense; 2) impertinence, abusive language.

* **Soubrette**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) lady's maid, *cont.* a bigall, chamber-woman.

* **Souffleur** [*pr.* **suflör**], (*str.*) *pl.* **S-c** or **S-s** *m.* (*Fr.*) **Souffleur'ie**, (*v.*) *f.* prompter; *in comp.* — **buch**, *n.* prompt-book; — **kasten**, *m.* prompter's-box. — **Souffliren** [*pr.* **sufl-**], (*v.*) *s. intr.* (*Einem*) to prompt (one).

* **Soumissioniren**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* & *intr.* (*Fr.*) *soumissionner*, *cf.* **Submission** (to make a tender for (a contract, &c.)).

* **Soubine**, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Sordine**.

* **Souterrain** [*pr.* **sut'ering**], (*str.*) *pl.* **S-s** *n.* (*Fr.*) basement (Kellergehoß, Erdgehoß).

* **Souverän**, *I. adj.* (*Fr.*) sovereign, absolute; II. *s. (str.)* *m.* sovereign. — **Souveränität**, (*v.*) *f.* sovereignty.

Sowohl, *conj.* as well; — als auch, as well as, both ... and; nicht — als ..., not so much ... as ...

Spach(t)en, **Spach'en**, (*v.*) *s. intr.* & *refl.* *provinc.* to dry up, to shrivel, to burst from drying up. — **Spach**, *adj.* (*L. G.*) dried up, leaky (*cf.* **schögen**, 2, **red**).

Spach'el, (*v.*) *f.* *see* **Spatel**.

Spag'el, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) (*Ital.*) pack-thread.

Späh..., *in comp.* — **auge**, *n.* — **blid**, *m.* *see* **Späherauge**, **Späherblid**.

Späh'e, (*v.*) *f.* *coll.* (act of) spying, prying.

Späh'en, (*v.*) *s. intr.* to spy, eepy, search, watch, pry (into).

Späh'er, (*str.*) *m.* spy; prying person; prowler; *in comp.* — **auge**, *n.* — **blid**, *m.* *see* **Späherauge**, **Späherblid**.

Späh'erei, (*v.*) *f.* incessant spying.

Späh'glas, (*str.*) *pl.* **S-gläser** *n.* spy-glass. **Späh'n**, *m.* *see* **Spah**.

Späh'..., *in comp.* — **reiter**, *m.* mounted sentry, vedette; — **schiff**, *n.* spy-boat, advice-boat; — **weg**, *m.* *Ag.* fault-finder; — **weg**, *f.* *see* — **reiter**; — **winkel**, *m.* lurking-place or **Spä'te**, *adj.* *see* **Spad**. [corner].

Spä'te, (*v.*) *f.* **Mar.** 1) hand-spike; lever beam; 2) spoke (of the wheel).

* **Spalter**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Fr.*) espalier, fence; — **maçen**, *cin* — **bilden**, *Md.* to form a lane; *in comp.* — **baum**, *m.* **Gard.** wall-tree, wall-fruit-tree; — **naegel**, *m.* wall-nail; — **sch**, *pl.* wall-fruit; — **wert**, *n.* trellis-work. — **Spä'ter**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to furnish with an espalier or fence; to cover (a wall).

Spalm, (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.*) **Mar.** ship's tar (*Harpic*). — **Spalm'ren**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to caulk.

Spalt, (*str.*) *m.* **Spalt**, (*v.*) *f.* 1) a) slit, chop, chap, cleft, rift, split, crack, chink, flaw, crevice, cranny, gap; b) *Anal.*, *Ac.* fissure; c) *chasm*; *Min.* cleft; 2) *Typ.* column (of a book); 3) *En.* *pl.* **Booth** boards.

Spalt..., *in comp.* — **abert**, *f.* vein in wood (along which it splits); — **alum**, *m.* scissile alum; — **algen**, *f.* *pl.* **Boi.** *diatomacea* (*Ectothierchen*); — **art**, *f.* cleaver.

Spalt'bar, *adj.* **Minor**, *Ac.* scissile, scedile.

Spalt'..., *in comp.* — **blume**, *f.* **Boi.** 1) scissanthus; 2) bastard orpine; — **bruch**, *m.* **Surg.** fissure.

Spalt'e, *see* **Spalt**.

Spalt'isen, (*str.*) *n.* splitting-iron.

Spalt'it, (*v.*) *f.* chip. — **Spalt'eln**, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to cut into chips, to chip.

Spalten, (*v.*) *pp.* **gepal'ten**, sometimes **gepal'tet** *s. l. tr.* 1) to cleave (wood, &c.), split, slit (a pen, &c.), chop, chop, rend, rift, fissure; **Spalt'e** — *to pommel skins*; 2) (*sch* — *refl.*) to disunite, divide; II. (*intr.* *aus. sein*) to split, slit, chink, chop, chop, gape, rift; **gepal'ten**, *p. a.* **Boi.** fissured, bifidate; mit **gepal'tenen** **Klaue**n, cloven-footed, bicuspid, fissiped.

Spalt'en..., *in comp.* **Typ-s**. — **buchstabe**, *m.* superior letter; — **linie**, *f.* white line; — **wort** (*sch*), to compose in companionship.

Spalt'..., *in comp.* — **felte**, *f.* slitting-file; — **schäpe**, *f.* *see* **Spaltungsbene**; — **füße**, *pl.* **pl. Nat.** fissiped; — **fing**, *adj.* having cleft feet, fissiped; — **holz**, *n.* fire-wood.

Spalt'ig, *adj.* chinky, fissured.

Spalt'..., *in comp.* — **impfen**, *n.* *see* — **pfropfen**; — **fell**, *m.* wedge; — **flinge**, *f.* riving knife, cleaving tool.

Spalt'ling, (*str.*) *m.* chip.

Spalt'..., *in comp.* — **maschine**, *f.* splitting-machine; — **messer**, *n.* cleaver; grafting-knife; — **mündung**, *f.* **Spaltung**, *f.* **Boi.** stoma; — **ura**, *adj.* *coll.* bran-new; — **pfropfen**, *n.* **Gard.** alit-grafting; — **plize**, *m.* *pl.* **Boi.** *Schinomyces* **Nag**; — **saeg**, *f.* hand-saw, whip-saw; — **schmel**, *m.* cleaving-block; — **schneider**, *m.* *pl.* **Ornith.** a tribe of perching birds, in which the gape of the mouth is very wide, (*Lat.*) *fissirostris*; — **stein**, *m.* **Minor** spalt; — **stiel**, *n.* splinter; — **topf**, *m.* flower-pot divided in two.

Spalt'ung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) **Minor**, *Ac.* cleavage, disunion, division, rupture; 2) **Ecol.** schism; **S-sbene**, *f.* **Minor** plain of cleavage (of a crystal).

Spalt'ge, *f.* *see* **Spelge**.

Spän, (*str.*) *pl.* **Späne** *m.* 1) very thin board, chip, (*Corp.*, &c.) shaving, shred, splint, splinter; 2) **Shos-m**, *Ac.* scale-board; 3) a) *Join.* wedge, slip; b) *Print.* register; 4) **Forst.** heart (of a tree, *opp.* **Spilint**, 1); 5) **Arch.** board; 6) section, profile (of a ship);

7) (*provinc. &*) *, strife, disunion (Zwist);
8) *Espann*, *pl. clasp*, money.

Espan'..., *in comp.* — *hals*, *m.* bellows of an organ the folds of which are divided by thin boards; — *bett*, *n.* wooden bedstead; — *hals*, *n.* vise; — *halsen*, *m. pl.* — *platten*.
Espan'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Espan*) small chip.

Espan'nen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to chip.
Espan'nen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wean (animals).
Espan'farbe, (*w.*) *f.* colour consisting of rasped dyeing wood. [*ing pig.*]

Espan' (or Espan')ferfel, (*str.*) *n.* suck.
Espan'ge, (*w.*) *f.* 1) brooch, broochlet; *Book*, clasp; buckle; 2) spangle.

Espan'gen..., *in comp.* — *halsen*, *m.* clasp-hook; — *macher* or *Espan'ger*, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* braiser; tin-man (Gärtler, 2; Rumpfer); — *lein*, *m.* *Minor*. trochile; — *baum*, *m.* beased or studded bridle. [*span*, 1].

Espan'grün, (*str.*) *n.* verdigris (Grün).
Espan'hammer, *in comp.* — *halsen*, *m.* stretching-hammer, *Min.* ingot-hammer; — *hals*, *m.* *Book*, plough; — *hals*, *n.* 1) scale-boards; 2) *see* Riefer, B; — *hut*, *m.* chip- or cane-hat or bonnet.

Espan'nen, *n.* *Geogr.* Spain. — *Espan'ner*, (*str.*) *m.* *Espan'nerin*, (*w.*) *f.* Spaniard.

Espan'ig, *adj.* in shreds.

* *Espan'isch*, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* Spanish snuff.

Espan'isch, *adj.* 1) Spanish; 2) *coll.* strange, odd, outlandish (*cf.* Böhmische Dörfer); *es* kommt mir — vor, it appears strange to me, *coll.* it is Greek to me; *der f-e Weizen*, *Mar.* hog; *der f-e Bod*, *see* Polnische Bod; *der f-e Fieker*, *see* Follmunder; *die f-e Fiege*, Spanish or Nistering fly, vesicator (*Lydia vesicatoria* L.); *das f-e Grün*, *see* Espangrün; *die f-e Rabe*, *see* Rette; *Bot-s.* *der f-e Riebel*, sweet cicely (*Myrrhis odorata* L.); *der f-e Riee*, red clover (*Trifolium purpuratum* [sastrum majus]); *der f-e Stragen*, *Med.* paraphimosis; *die f-e Riebe*, *see* Spedifrin; *die f-e Rade*, *see* Girgellad; *die f-e Rerliche*, a kind of full-bottomed wig; *f-er Rieffer*, Guinea- (Indian, Cayenne, or Spanish) pepper (*Capaicum anatum* L.); *f-e Rieiter*, *pl. Mil. chevau de frise*; *f-e Riey*, (Bengal) cane (the stem of *Calamus Rotang*); *der f-e Galt*, licorice-juice; *die f-e Schmitte*, Spanish white; *das f-e Stag*, *Mar.* shrouds of the bow-sprit; *die f-en Stiecke*, Spanish boots (an instrument of torture); *das f-e Tafel*, *Mar.* runnertable; *eine f-e Tende*, a folding screen; *das f-e Weiß*, Spanish white.

Espan'..., *in comp.* — *korb*, *m.* basket made of scale-boards, (*dimin.* — *fürbigen*, *n.*) chip-basket; — *loch*, *n.* *Join.* plane-hole, a plane's mouth.

Espann, *I. (str.) n.* 1) team; 2) *Mar.* frame; II. (*str.*) *m.* instep. [*Espann*schle].

† *Espann'ader*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) nerve; 2) *see* *Espan' (nadel)nen*, *adj. coll.* spick-and-span *see*, *cf.* *Eplittrenen*.

Espann'... (*from Espannen*), *in comp.* — *halsen*, *m.* *Corp.* tie-beam; — *baum*, *m.* *Wass.* breast-beam; — *bett*, *n.* bedstead with straps; — *hals*, *n.* *Lock-sm.* *&c.* (spring)-lamp, vice-champ; — *bogen*, *m.* *Archit.* rising-arch; — *halsen*, *m.* compulsory horse-service (from a soccager to the lord of the manor, &c.); — *draht*, *m.* *Shoe-m.* bar-seam.

Espan'ner, (*w.*) *f.* 1) span; 2) *a)* any instrument used for spanning, stretching, or compressing, *cf.* *Espanner*; *b)* *T.* a chain to measure the circumference of trees; *c)* tenter, *cf.* *Espanner*; 3) *Archit.* *a)* span or chord of an arch (*Espannweite*, 1); *b)* *see* *Espanner*, 3.
Espan'neisen, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* 1) iron bolt of a vray-beam; 2) *see* *Espannering*.

Espan'nen, (*w.*) *v. I. fr.* 1) to bend or draw (the bow), to set on the stocks (the cross-

bow); to 'strain, make tense; 2) to draw, strain, stretch out, extend; to tenter; to span; to brace (a drum, &c.); 3) to press, pinch; 4) to tie, fetter; 5) to put to (horses); *die Pferde vor den Wagen* —, to put the horses to the carriage; 6) *see* *Espanen*; 7) *den Dampf* —, *T.* to give more tension to the steam; *den Dampf* —, to cook a gun; *auf die Felle* —, to put to the rack; *ins Joch* —, to yoke; in *Rahmen* —, to tenter; *fig-s.* *das Interesse* —, to stimulate the interest; *die Ohren* —, to prick up the ears; *die Seiten zu hoch* —, to aim too high, to overstrain one's pretensions, to put one's pretensions too high; *die Pferde hinter den Wagen* —, *coll.* to put the cart before the horses; mit *Einem* (über den Fuß) *gespannt* sein, to have fallen out, to be at variance or at distance (on a doubtful footing) with one; (*auf* *with Acc.*) *gespannt* sein, *see* *Espannen*, II, 2; II. *intr. coll.* 1) to draw a team; 2) *fig.* to attend to (...), with strained attention, to be anxious to know, to listen eagerly, to look intently, to be eager, watch, wait (for); *Espannen*, *pp. n.* exciting (tale, &c.); *gespannt*, *p. a.* which *see*; ihre Aufmerksamkeit war im höchsten Grade *gespannt*, their curiosity or attention was aroused or strained to the utmost.

Espan'nen..., *in comp.* — *breit*, — *hoch*, — *lang*, *adj.* a span wide, a span high, a span long; — *länge*, — *weite*, *f.* length, distance, width of a span (*diff.* *Espannweite*); — *weise*, *adv.* by spans.

Espan'ner, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a)* bender, &c.; *b)* *see* *Espanne*, 2; 2) *see* *Espannmuskel*; 3) *Archit.* dry arch, retaining arch (in the ground-work); 4) *see* *Espannwinde*; 5) *Entom.* span-worm (*Espannraupe*).

Espan'ner, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Espanner*; 2) co-partner of a salt-pit; 3) *in comp.* (*Ein-, Zwei- &c.*) *a)* one who keeps or has (one, two, &c.) horses; *b)* vehicle drawn by (one, two, &c.) horses; — *meßer*, *n.* gun-knife.

Espan'nen, *see* *Espannagelnen*.

Espann'..., *in comp.* — *feder*, *f.* spring; — *schleife*, *f.* tendon, sinew; — *stränge*, *f.* *see* — *dienst*; — *halsen*, *m.* hook for stretching; tenter-hook; — *hammer*, *m.* *T.* planishing-hammer; — *halsen*, *n.* *Sport.* peg for the nets; — *hals*, *n.* 1) bending-stick; *T.* tentee; littering; 2) stanchion, cheek (of a press); 3) — *halsen*, *pl.* jamba (of a sawing horse).

Espan'ig, *adj.* (*in comp.*) 1) or *Espan'ig*, measured by spans (*cf.* *Espanne*, 2, 3); 2) (*cin...*, *gwei...* &c.) drawn by (one, two, &c.) horses, relating to a team of ... horses.

Espann'..., *in comp.* — *joch*, *n.* transverse piece of wood, *Min.* traverse; — *seil*, *m.* *Corp.* billet (of a centering — *Tolk.*); — *fette*, *f.* shackle, fetter, trammel; — *kraft*, *f.* elasticity; *fig.* energy; buoyancy; — *fräftig*, *adj.* elastic; — *fatte*, *f.* bilge-way, cradle; — *feber*, *n.* *Shoe-m.* quarters and latches; — *seife*, *f.* *Typ.* spit; — *seute*, *pl.* peasants who are obliged to do compulsory horse-service (*cf.* — *dienst*); — *mittel*, *n.* *Med.* tonic; — *muskel*, *m.* tensor; bender; — *angel*, *m.* peg, pin; pole-bolt; — *pfled*, *m.* *see* — *heffel*; — *rad*, *n.* staying or stopping wheel; — *rahmen*, *m.* frame in water-mills; tenter; — *raupe*, *f.* *Entom.* span-worm, canker-worm (the genus of *Geometra* L.); — *reiß*, *m.* *Corp.* hoop (which holds together a cask, &c. before it is regularly hooped); — *riegel*, *m.* rail to join any timber with; brace, strut; straining-beam; — *riemen*, *m.* 1) *Shoe-m.* stirrup; 2) *see* — *seil*, 2; — *ring*, *m.* 1) *Corp.* curb-plate (*T. Tack.*); 2) alide of a blacksmith's tongs; — *rippe*, *f.* breast of mutton; — *riß*, *m.* *Mar.* body-plan (of a ship); — *rolle*, *f.* *Archit.* expanding roller; — *saagen*, *n.* *Laco-m.* *&c.* satchel; — *saage*, *f.* frame-saw, tenon-saw; — *schicht*, *f.* *Archit.* triangular arch; — *schloß*,

n. horse-lock; — *schaur*, *f.* brace (of drums); — *seil*, *n.* 1) iron-wire-rope (of a suspension-bridge); 2) shackle-rope; — *flange*, *f.* tie-bolt, tension-rod; — *stod*, *m.* 1) *Tin-m.* *&c.* dressing-stake; 2) *Wass.* stretcher (*Sperrtuch*); — *strebe*, *f.* *Corp.* strut-beam; — *strid*, *m.* lather; — *tan*, *n.* *T.* breast-line; sheer-line; — *tripper*, *m.* *Med.* chordoe.

Espan'nung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) banding, &c. *cf.* *Espannen*; cocking (of a gun); *halsen*, ganze —, half-cock, full-cock; 2) *a)* *lit. & fig.* tightness, tension; *dieß verlich seiner Energie größerer* —, this braced his energy; *die verliert*, to become unbraced; *b)* *Phys.* tension, expansion (of steam); 3) *Archit.* *a)* extension from one wall to another; *b)* *see* *Espannweite*; *fig-s.* 4) great attention, expectation, anxiety, curiosity, eagerness, agitation, suspense; 5) variance, discord.

Espan'..., *in comp.* — *weite*, *f.* 1) span (width of an arch); 2) *T.* bearing (of a beam); *die Brücke hat 50 Fuß weite*, the bridge is fifty feet span; — *werft*, *m.* temporary bridge; — *winde*, *f.* a steel-lever to bend cross-bows, galle; — *zange*, *f.* *Gold-b.* pinchers, callipers (*Beil*).

Espan'..., *in comp.* — *platten*, *f.* *pl.* flats or braids for bonnets; — *schleife*, *f.* wooden lining of a scabbard; — *zieher*, *m.* maker of shingles.

Espan'... (*from Espanen*), *in comp.* — *auflast*, — *sauf*, *f.* *see* — *sauf*; — *bissen*, *m.* dainty preserved to the end of a meal; — *blod*, *m.* — *bret*, *n.* *Mar.* hod; — *bruber*, *m.* *coll.* economiser; — *büchse*, *f.* savings-box; — *caße*, *f.* savings-bank.

Espan'deck, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* spar-deck.

Espan'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to spare; save; to husband; to be economical with; 2) to reserve; lay up; to lay by (money); 3) *die felle* —, *Tunm.* to soak the hides; immer — *brist* immer darben, *proverb.* ever spare, ever bare. [*ende* save-all (*Richtschüt*).

Espan'rendchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Espan'rer*).
Espan'rer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) saver, economiser; sparer; 2) *see* *Richtschüt*; ein — *will* einen *Schert* haben, *proverb.* a sparer will beget a spender.

Espan'gel, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* asparagus (*Asparagus officinalis* L.); *in comp.* — *baum*, *m.* buckthorn (*Bauhinia*, 1); — *beere*, *f.* fruit of the — *baum*; — *beet*, *n.* bed of asparagus; *Bot-s.* — *bohne*, *f.* 1) fetid kidney-bean; 2) or — *erbsen*, *f.* — *flee*, *n.* winged pea (*Tetragono-lobus purpureus* L.); — *halsen*, *n.* — *käfer*, *m.* — *raupe*, *f.* asparagus beetle (*Leima asparagi* L.); — *schloß*, *m.* broc(c)oli; — *saft*, *m.* asparagus with vinegar and oil; — *säure*, *f.* *Chem.* aspartic acid; — *schote*, *f.* *see* — *bohne*; — *stein*, *m.* *Minor.* asparagolite; — *stoss*, *m.* *Chem.* asparagin; — *zeit*, *f.* season for asparagus.

Espan'... (*from Espanren*), *in comp.* — *geld*, *n.* money saved, savings; — *gut*, *n.* property well husbanded; — *herb*, *n.* economical fire.

Espan't, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Espan'gel*. [*range*].

Espan'... (*from Espanren*), *in comp.* — *sauf*, *m.* *see* *Espan'falt*; — *schleife*, *f.* economical kitchen; — *tauf*, *f.* art of saving, frugality, economy; — *lampe*, *f.* economical lamp.

Espan'lich, *I. adj.* scanty, sparing, frugal; slender; f-e *Ernte*, thin crop; f-e *Roß*, meagre or sparing diet; short commons; II. *E-schit*, (*w.*) *f.* scantiness, frugality, economy.

Espan'... (*from Espanren*), *in comp.* — *mund*, *m.* *coll.* *see* *Espan'rer*; — *ofen*, *m.* economical stove; — *pfennig*, *m.* *see* — *geld*.

Espan'ren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Archit.* spar, rafter; 2) *Harald.* *see* *Ballen*, 2; trummer, rumber —, arched rafter; halber, verfürter, short rafter; mit — *verfchen*, to rafter; einen — *zu viel* haben, *coll.* to be (a little) crack-brained; er hat einen — *zu viel*, there is a slate loose in

his roof; in comp. —felb, *n. Archit.* square; —fürmig, *adj. Herald.* chevroned; —holz, *n.* timber for rafters; —lopf, *m. Archit.* end of a rafter, mutule; —loch, *n. Mar.* pigeon-hole; —loble, *f. Carp.* floor-plate; —weise, *adv.* rafterwise; —wert, or *Sparr'wert*, *n. collect.* rafters.

[*adj.* dentato-squarrose.

Sparr'rig, *adj. Bot.* squarrose; — *gerähnt*, *Sparr'wert*, (*str.*) *n. see* *Sparr'enwert*.
Sparr'sam, *I. adj.* sparing (mit, of, in), saving, thrifty, frugal (of); scanty, parsimonious; — mit... umgehen, to be sparing of...; to husband; II. *E.-teit*, (*w.*) *f.* savingness, &c., economy, parsimony. [thead.

Sparr'sche, (*w.*) *f.* a kind of fine, glossy * *Sparr'sette*, (*w.*) *f. see* *Sparr'sette*.

Sparr'... (*from* *Sparr'en*), in comp. —*lust*, *f.* parsimony; —*fähig*, *adj.* parsimonious.

A. * *Sparr*, (*str.*) *n. Bot.* matwood (*Lygium*).

B. * *Sparr*, *see* *Sparr'te*. [partum L.]

Sparr'ter, (*str.*) *m.* *Sparr'te*, (*w.*)

m. *Sparr'terin*, (*w.*) *f.* *Sparr'tin*, *adj.*

Spartan.

Sparr'then, (*str.*) *n.* a little piece, chip (of wood).

* *Sparr'te*, (*w.*) *f.* (perhaps from *Ital.* *spart*, *partita*, musical part) 1) *Mus.* score (*Partitur*); 2) *fig.* special province.

* *Sparr'ter*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) Comm. mats.

* *Sparr'(o)gräs*, (*str.*) *n. Bot.* 1) Spanish broom (*Spartium junceum* L.); 2) *esparto* (*Stipa tenacissima* L.).

[büchse.

Sparr'topf, (*str.*, pl. *E.-töpfe*) *m. see* *Sparr'topf*.

Sparr'te, (*str.*, pl. *Sparr'te*) *m.* jest, sport, joke, pastime, of *Ederg*; im —, in jest; zum —, for fun, for a joke; — machen, to make fun or sport, of *Sparr'ten*; aus *Allem* — machen, to turn everything into fun.

Sparr'teher, (*str.*) *m.* magical cup (with a concealed siphon in the handle).

Sparr'ten, (*w.*) *s. intr.* to joke, sport, jest, play; mit *fig* — lassen, to understand or take a joke; er *läßt nicht mit fig* —, he is not to be joked or trifled with, he does not bear to be joked about; — *Sie* oder *ist es Ihr Ernst?* are you in fun or in earnest?

Sparr'ter, (*str.*) *m.* jester; wag.

Sparr'ter, (*w.*) *f.* the (act or habit of) jesting, &c.; joke, jest. [clastic glass.

Sparr'tglas, (*str.*, pl. *E.-gläser*) *n.* ana-

Sparr'thaft, *I. adj.* jocular, facetious, merry,

jesting, joking, droll, sportive, ludicrous;

II. *E.-igkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* jocularity, facetiousness,

drollness, sportiveness.

Sparr'tig, *adj. see* *Sparr'thaft*.

Sparr'tling (*Swiss*). *Sparr'ter*, (*str.*) *m.*

(*i. u.*) for *Sparr'tmacher*.

Sparr'..., in comp. —*lust*, *f.* love of fun;

—*macher*, *m.* jester, joker; —*verderber*, *m.*

spoil-sport; —*vogel*, *m.* wag, droll fellow.

Sparr't, *adj. & adv.* 1) late; backward; 2)

remote; bis — in die *Nacht*, bis in die *f-*

Nacht, till late at night; es war schon — in der

Nacht, the night was far spent; — nach *Paufe*

kommen (als *Gedächtnis*), to keep late or bad

hours; die *f-* *Zeit*, the lateness of the

season; zu —, (too) late; zu — kommen, to be

(come) late, to be behind hand or one's time;

ich kam zu — zum *Frühstück*, in die *Schule* &c.,

I was (came) late for (to) breakfast, for

school; der *Zug* kam 15 *Minuten* zu —, the

train was 15 minutes late; die *Berechnung*

kommt gewöhnlich zu —, retribution is usually

too long-dated; flug werden wenn es zu — ist,

to become wise after the event; *f-* *er*, later,

subsequent (*adv.* subsequently, hereafter);

f- *er* einmal, one or some of these days, by

and by; *f-* *er* *loeghen*, *see* *Rachbrennen*; in

f- *eren* *Jahren*, in afteryears, in afterlife; die

f- *este* *Rachwelt*, the remotest posterity.

Sparr'..., in comp. —*abend*, *m.* latter

part of the evening; —*appel*, *m.* —*ernte*, *f.*

—*ernte*, *m.* —*ernte*, *f.* &c., late apple, har-
vest, frost, barley, &c.; —*eiche*, *f.* *see* *Stein-*
eiche; —*fährte*, *f.* *Hunt.* dry foot; —*glanz*,
m. —*licht*, —*rost*, *m.* —*licht*, *m.* *, light
of the setting sun; —*heu*, *n.* after-grass,
after-math; —*jahr*, *n.* late season, autumn,
fall; —*hammer*, *n.* lateness; —*mahl*, *n.* sup-
per; —*obst*, *n.* late ripe fruits; —*regen*, *m.*
rain in the harvest time; —*sommer*, *m.* latter
part of summer; —*sonne*, *f.* *see* *Abendsonne*;
—*tern*, *m.* evening-star; —*jahn*, *m.* opegi-
nal tooth, wisdom-tooth.

Sparr'te, (*w.*) *f. see* *Sparr'te*.

Sparr'te, *f.* lateness.

Sparr'tel, (*str.*) *m.* spatula (*coll.* spatula);

rake; *Swg-w.* spoon, stirrer; in comp. —*ente*, *f.*

Ornith. 1) gray-headed duck (*Anas fuliginea*

L.); 2) shoveller (*Röffelente*); 3) golden-eye

(*Edelente*); —*förmig*, *adj.* spatulate; —*gans*,
f. —*reiher*, *m.* *see* *Röffelgans*.

Sparr'ten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) spade; 2) *Gem.* spadex

(at cards); —*cultur*, *f.* spade-husbandry,

spade-work; —*gut*, *n.* land appointed for the

preservation of dikes; —*recht*, *n.* jurisdiction

over a dike; —*rich*, *m.* cut with a spade; den

ersten —*rich* thun, *Reich*, &c. to turn the

first sod; to cut the first turf.

Sparr'teich, *adv.* at farthest, latest.

Sparr'te, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Furr.* spavin (a disease

of horses); 2) *Min.* spar; in comp. —*artig*,

adj. *see* *Sparr'tig*; 3) —*druse*, *f.* group of spar;

—*eisenstein*, *m.* 1) sparry iron-ore, spathose

iron; 2) (strahliger) spherosiderite; —*fluß*,

m. fluor spar; —*haltig*, *adj.* sparry; —*fluß*,

m. sparry scories; —*krystall*, *m.* —*rose*, *f.*

crystallised carbonate of lime; —*salz*, *n.* so-

lenitous salt; —*sand*, *m.* arenaceous sand;

—*säure*, *f.* *Chem.* fluoric acid; —*stein*, *m.* spe-

cular spar.

Sparr'tig, *adv.* 1) *Vel.* spavined; 2) *Min.*

sparry, spathose.

* *Sparr'tium*, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Sparr'tia*, or

Sparr'ten) *n.* (*Lat.*) space; *Typ.* space-line.

Sparr'tling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) backward lamb,

call, or coll. &c. (*opp.* *Frühling*); 2) 1) late

fruit; 3) *see* *Rachjäger*; 4) *provinc.* *see* *Sparr-*

jahr.

Sparr't, (*w.*) *m.* 1) for *Sparr'tling*; 2) *provinc.*

a kind of dumpling; *E-entrath*, *m.* *Bot-s.*

sparrow-tree (*Shukhiä* L.); *E-entrath*, *f.*

soapwort (*Seifenkraut*).

Sparr'tren, *Sparr'tren*, (*w.*) *s. intr.* (*anz.*

sein) or — *gehen*, to take a turn, to (take a)

walk; — *fahren*, 1) *fr.* to drive about; 2) *intr.*

to take a drive, to take the air or an airing

in a coach, in a boat; — *reiten*, to take the

air on horseback, to have or take a ride; —

führen, to lead about, to take out for a walk.

Sparr'ter... in comp. —*fahrt*, *f.* taking

the air in a coach or in a boat; drive, ride,

excursion, airing; —*gang*, *m.* walk, walk-

ing, taking a walk, turn, airing; (*jur.* *Ber-*

baumung) constitutional (walk); —*gänger*, *m.*

one who takes a walk, foot-passenger, ram-

bler; —*ort*, —*platz*, *m.* walking-place, prome-

nade; —*reise*, *f.* trip, journey for pleasure,

excursion; —*ritt*, *m.* ride, airing, taking the

air on horseback; —*rohr*, *n.* —*rod*, *m.* walk-

ing-cane, walking-stick; —*weg*, *m.* walk,

walking-place; —*wetter*, *m.* walking-weather.

* *Sparr'ter*, *f. see* *Sparr'ter*.

Sparr't, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith-s.* woodpecker

(*Picus* L.); —*frühe*, *f. see* *Schwarzpfecht*; —

meise, *f.* nutpecker, nuthatch (*Sitta euro-*

pea L.); —*würger*, *m.* *see* *Elsternwürger*; —

wurz, *f.* *Bot.* dittany, garden-ginger (*Dic-*

tamnus albus L.).

* *Sparr'tal*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) special; particular;

—*berührt*, *m.* particulars; —*Sparr'ten*, *pl.*

particulars; —*Sparr'tist*, (*w.*) *f.* speciality,

particular or special branch. [specially.

Sparr'tell, *adj. see* *Sparr'tell*; specific; *adv.*

* *Sparr'tell*, [*Lat.*] (*indoc.*) *f.* 1) species;
die vier —, *pl. T.* the four first rules (of arith-
metic); 2) *Pharm.* herbs, drugs; in comp. —
braten, *m.* real or gold ducat; —*fact*, *n.*
Law, statement of facts; —*thaler*, *m.* species-
dollar.

* *Sparr'tell'ren*, (*w.*) *s. tr.* (*L. Lat.*) to
specify, particularise. — *Sparr'tell'ig*, *adj.*
specific (*adv.* s-cally).

Sparr't, (*str.*) *m.* 1) lard, bacon, fat; (whale-
blubber); 2) *Typ.* type-work which contains
much blank and little letter, fat; 3) *Mar.*
plated rope-yarns (of a mat), mit — *fängt*
man Käse, proverb, use but the right bait
and you will catch your fish.

Sparr't..., in comp. —*ast*, *m.* smoked eel;

—*bauch*, *m.* coll. paunch; person with a

paunch; —*beule*, *f.* *see* *gechwulst*; —*birne*,

f. *wood.* pound-pear, lard-pear; —*blatt*, *n.* *see*

Weißblatt; —*blüßling*, *m.* bloater; —*bamm*,

m. raised causeway; —*entartung*, *f.* *Med.*

amyloid degeneration; —*ente*, *f.* *Ornith.* *see*

Röffelente; —*feige*, *f.* great fig; —*fett*, *adj.*

coll. very fat; —*fledermaus*, *f.* the great bat,

noctule (*Vesperugo noctula* Daub.); —*ge-*

schwulst, *f.* —*gewulst*, *n.* *Surg.* stentoma;

—*hals*, *m.* very fat neck; —*hauer*, *m.* *see*

Buglopi; —*haut*, *f.* 1) *see* *schwarte*; 2) *Med.*

buff, buff-coat; —*hosenbruch*, *m.* stentocoele.

Sparr'tig, *Sparr'tig*, *adj.* like bacon or fat;

fat, lardaceous; *f-* *Rasse*, *Med.* lardaceous

matter.

Sparr't..., in comp. —*fäßer*, *m.* *Entom.*

dermestes (*Dermestes lardarius* L.); —*fisch*,

f. *see* *Snorpellfisch*; —*fisch*, *m.* *Mar.* he that

barrels up the blubber in whale-boats; —

fluch, *m.* larded cake; —*flitz*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) up-

right honeysuckle, fly-honeysuckle (*Lonicera*

zydosium L.); 2) (*drüsig*) winding honey-

suckle, woodbine (*Lonicera periclymenum* L.);

—*meise*, *f.* *Ornith.* ox-eye, the great titmouse

(*Robimeise*); —*meise*, *f.* mercury (*Quecksilber*);

—*nadel*, *f.* *see* *Sparr'nadel*; —*pfannfluch*, *m.*

Cook. froise; —*rancher*, *m.* bacon-drier; —

rippe, *f.* spare-rib; —*schmitz*, *m.* —*schmitz*,

f. slices of bacon, rashor; —*schwarte*, *f.* rind

of bacon; swart; —*schwein*, *n.* fat hog; —*seite*,

f. slice, side of bacon; die *Wurk* (or *den*

Schinken) nach der —*seite* werfen, coll. to throw

a sprat (in order) to catch a salmon; —*spe-*

ner, *m.* conf. mulatto; —*stein*, *m.* *Miner.*

steatite, soap-stone, (*Steinfisch*) figure-stone;

—*thran*, *m.* white blubber, train-oil; —*wanf*,

m. *see* —*bauch*; —*wurm*, *m.* *see* —*läser*.

* *Sparr'tel*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) coll. 1) spec-

table, show; 2) noise, row; —*flüß*, *n.* *Drum.*

show-place. — *Sparr'teln*, (*w.*) *s. intr.* coll.

to make a noise, row.

* *Sparr'tal'analyse*, (*w.*) *f.* (*from* *Spectr-*

trum, *Phys.* *Lat.* *pl.* *Spect'al*) *m*

(w.) v. *intr.* (Lat.) to speculate, *slang*, to *stab*, *conf.* to stock-job, to dabble in stocks; auf *Streichen*, *Stellen* —, to speculate *à la hausse* or on the rise, *à la baisse* or on the fall; es wird viel *spekuliert*, there is much doing in speculation; *salzig* —, to misappreciate.

* *Spebiter*, (w.) v. *tr.* (Ital.) *Comm.* to convey, dispatch, forward, send off, transmit, expedite; (jur *Ere*) to ship. — *Spebiter* (pr. —lör), (str.) m. (Fr.) *Comm.* dispatcher, transmitter of goods, forwarding agent or merchant; forwarding-house; (jur *Ere*) shipping-agent; — und *Commissionär*, forwarding and commission agent or house. — *Spebition*, (w.) f. *Comm.* (Ital.) the (act or practice) of dispatching, transmission, or forwarding of goods; für —, (auf *Spebitionen*) forwarding-charges; ich sende Ihnen zur — ein ..., I send you for dispatch to

* *Spebitions*..., in comp. — *brief*, m. way-bill; — *buch*, m. forwarding-book; — *café*, f. cash of conveyances; — *conto*, m. account of charges; — *gebühren*, — *losten*, pl. forwarding-charges, charges of forwarding; — *geschäft*, — *haus*, n., — *handel*, m., — *handlung*, f. forwarding-house, (forwarding-)agency-business, carrying establishment; — und *Verladungsgeschäft*, forwarding and shipping agency; — und *Commissionshaus*, forwarding and commission business; — *gut*, n. goods to be forwarded; — *platz*, m. forwarding-place; — *preisen*, f. *see* — *gebühren*; — *rechnung*, f. account of forwarding; — *stellen*, f. pl. *see* — *gebühren*.

Speer (pr. *spër* or *spër*), s. I. (str.) m. 1) spear, lance; 2) T. tong (tang) of a file, &c. with which it is fastened into the handle; II. in comp. — *ähnlich*, adj. spear-like; — *berühmt*, — *gewandt*, adj. famous for (or skilled in) throwing the spear; — *büschel*, f. *Bot.* spear-thistle (*Gnaphalium lanceolatum* L.); — *eisener*, f. shrike (großer *Würger*).

Speer, (w.) v. *tr.* to spear. *Speer*..., in comp. — *förmig*, adj. spear-shaped, spear-formed, *Bot.* lanceolate; — *glanz*, n. *see* *francula*; — *gehensfuß*, m. *see* — *trant*; 1) — *hai*, m. *see* *Dornhai*; — *kämpf*, m. combat with the spear; — *trant*, n. *Bot.* 1) spear-wort (*Ranunculus flammula* L.); 2) garden-valerian (*Valeriana Phu* L.); 3) adder's tongue (*Ophioglossum* L.); — *meißel*, f. *Ornith.* wood titmouse, coletit (*Zannuncius*); — *reiter*, m. lancer, lancier, spear-man; — *schnee*, n. *Fisk.* the catching of fishes with the fish-spear; — *sich*, m. thrust of a spear.

Spey, (w.) f. *gener.* pl. *Mar.* bitt-pins. — *Spey* (str.) pl. *E. Spite* m. *norman*. *Spey*..., (from *Speien*), in comp. — *arguet*, f. *emetic*; — *beden*, n. *see* *Spudnapf*. *Spey*, (w.) f. 1) spoke (of a wheel); 2) *Anat.* radius.

Spey, s. I. (str.) m. saliva; spittle; II. in comp. — *artig*, adj. salivous, salivary; — *auswurf*, m. spitting, spit; — *cür*, f. *Med.* salivation; — *brüste*, f. *Anat.* salivary gland; — *fluß*, m. flux of the mouth, salivation; den — *fluß* haben, to salivate; — *flüssigkeit*, f. salivary-fluid; — *gang*, m. salivary duct; — *trant*, n. *Bot.* pellitory of Spain, Spanish camomile (*Geranium*, 2, b); — *leder*, m. lick-spittle; base flatterer, sycophant, *Anat.* toad-eater; — *mittel*, n. *Med.* pyramagogue; — *reizen*, *see* — *reiben*; — *scheiden*, m. *see* *Scifenhaut*; — *stein*, pl. *Med.* salivary concretions; — *stoff*, n. *Chem.* pyalino; — *treiben*, adj. salivating; — *wur*, f. *Bot.* 1) *see* — *trant*; 2) *see* *Scifenhaut*.

Spey, (w.) v. *tr.* to furnish with spokes. *Spey*..., in comp. — *arterie*, f. *Anat.* radial artery; — *blatt*, n. blade of a spoke; — *muskel*, m. radial muscle; — *netz*, m. *Anat.* radial nerve; — *spitzen*, m. sharp end of a spoke.

Spey, (str.) m. granary, corn-loft; maffter —, brick warehouse; — *von fackwerk*, shanty; cobby-house; den — *belegen*, to fill the ware house; auf den — *bringen*, *see* *Spey*; *Comm.* ware house, store(-)house, magazine; — *ausseher*, — *herr*, m. storehouse-keeper; — *bleib*, m. *see* *Spey*; — *hammer*, f. loft; — *miethe*, f. warehouse-rent, storage, loft-rent; — *wiebel*, n. *see* *Wiebel*.

Spey, (w.) v. *tr.* to lay in store, to treasure up, to hoard.

... *speyig*, adj. having ... spokes.

Spey, (str.) m. inclination to vomit, nausea.

Spey, (str.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* 1) to vomit, spew; to spit, spatter; 2) (Wasser) —, (of a steam-engine) to prime; Blut —, to spit or throw up blood.

A. *Spey*, (str.) m. spitter, &c. (town). B. *Spey*, n. *Geogr.* Spire (a German *Spey*baum, *Spey*erlingbaum, m. *see* *Spey*baum &c. (ing, spitting).

Spey, (w.) f. coll. the (act of) vomit. *Spey*, (str.) m. chier, chier, rötter —, *Bot.* Celtic valerian (*Valeriana collina* L.).

Spey, (w.) v. *intr.* — *lassen*, m. *see* *Spud*; — *lassen*, — *trant*, n. *see* *Spud*; — *lassen*, — *trant*, n. *see* *Spud*.

Spey, (str.) m. & n., *Spey*, (str.) m. skower. *Spey*, (str.) m. & n., *Spey*, (w.) v. *tr.* to skower. *Spey*..., in comp. — *naf*, m. *see* *Spud*; — *naf*, f. vomit nat (*Brech*); — *puffer*, m. emetic powder; — *röhre*, f. *Archit.* spout or gargoyle of a gutter.

Spey, (w.) f. aquit-snake. *Spey*, (w.) f. 1) food, nourishment; fare (provisions for the table); victuals; viand, meat; 2) dish; meal; Cook. mould (of rice, lemon-juice, &c.); 3) *Mar.* mortar; 4) *see* *Raffmilch*; 5) *Min.* mixed metal (for bells, &c.); *geunde* —, wholesome fare; — und *Trant*, food and drink.

Spey..., in comp. — *amt*, n. steward's office (in princes' houses); — *anstalt*, f. *see* — *haus*; — *apparat*, m. *see* — *vorrichtung*; — *blet*, n. small-beer, table-beer; — *bröl*, m. *Physiol.* chyme; — *bret*, n. tray; — *canal*, m. 1) *see* — *röhre*; 2) *see* *Darmcanal*; — *cifferne*, f. *Mach.* feeding-cistern; — *cylinder*, m. *Mach.* feeding cylinder; — *eiche*, f. *Bot.* a species of oak (*Quercus coccinea* L.); — *fluß*, m. 1) eatable fish; 2) small fish, serving as food for other fish; — *gang*, m. *see* — *röhre*; 2) — *getriebe*, n. *Mach.* feeding gear (of a locomotive); — *gewölbe*, n. *see* — *hammer*; — *graben*, m. feeder (ditch for irrigation); — *hahn*, m. *Mach.* feed-cock (of a boiler), feed-pipe cock; — *haus*, n. dining rooms, eating or dining house; — *hammer*, f. pantry; larder; provision room; — *kanal*, *see* — *canal*; — *karle*, f. bill of fare; — *kech*, m. *Eccl.* a cup for the sacred wafers, ciborium; — *keffer*, m. 1) ocellar for provisions; 2) dining vaults; — *keffel*, m. *Mach.* feed-boller; — *klappe*, f. *Mach.* feed-valve; — *koalt*, m. *Miner.* pyrite of cobalt; — *korb*, m. basket for victuals; — *krüner*, pl. *see* *Suppenkrüner*; — *kübel*, m. *Mar.* hod; — *kümmel*, m. caraway-seed, cummin; — *markt*, m. provision-market; — *maschine*, f. T. food-engine (of a steam-boiler), donkey; — *meister*, m. master of the feast; steward; master-cook; — *mund*, m. *Mach.* feed-head, feeding-head.

Spey, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to eat, to dine; zu *Spey* —, to dine; zu *Abend* —, to sup; II. *tr.* 1) to eat; 2) a) to give to eat, feed; b) to board, to diet; to dine; c) to treat, entertain; 3) *Fisk.* to stock (a pond) with young fry; 4) to feed (a river, &c., *Mach.* a steam-boiler); einen *Spey* mit *Wasser* —, to feed water to the boiler of an engine. *Spey*..., in comp. *see* *Spey*.... *Spey*, (str.) m. 1) eater, diner, &c.; 2) T. (der unter, bottom-, obere, top-feed (of a sewing-engine). *Spey*..., in comp. — *öl*, n. sweet oil; — *apfel*, n. *Jew. Rel.* offering consisting of vegetable food; *Mach.* — *pumpe*, f. feed-pump; — *röhre*, f. 1) or — *röhre*, n. feed-pipe; 2) *Anat.* gullet, alimentary canal, oesophagus; mouth of the stomach; — *röhrengeschäft*, n., — *röhrenmuskel*, m., — *röhrenschlagader*, f. plexus, muscle, artery of the oesophagus; — *röhrenschlitz*, m. *Surg.* oesophagotomy; — *saal*, m. dining-room, dining or banqueting hall; (in convents) refectory; — *salt*, n. *Physiol.* chyle; — *salt*, n. common salt; — *säule*, f. *Railw.* cylindric water-tank (between two sets of tracks, T. *Trach.*); — *säule*, n. safe, pantry; — *straße*, f. *see* — *gimmer*; — *träger*, m. *Mar.* hodman; — *tuch*, n. *Spinn.* feeding-cloth, feed-cloth; *Mach.* — *ventil*, n. food-valve (flappe); — *vorrichtung*, f. feed-apparatus, feeding-apparatus, feeder; — *walze*, f. *Spinn.* feeding-roller, feeder (of a spinning-machine); — *wärmer*, m. meat-warmer; — *wasser*, n. *Mach.* feed-water; — *wein*, n. table-wine; — *wirth*, m. master of dining rooms or a tavern, eating-house keeper; — *wirtshaus*, f. eating-house; — *zettel*, m. bill of fare; — *zimmer*, n. dining room, coffee-room; — *zuder*, m. brown or moist sugar. (Iuro.

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4) to feed (a river, &c., *Mach.* a steam-boiler); einen *Spey* mit *Wasser* —, to feed water to the boiler of an engine.

Spey..., in comp. *see* *Spey*.... *Spey*, (str.) m. 1) eater, diner, &c.; 2) T. (der unter, bottom-, obere, top-feed (of a sewing-engine).

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II. *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* sorb; —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* service or sorb tree (*Sorbus domestica* L.); —*beere*, *f.* service berry; —*eule*, *f.* *Ornith.* hawk-owl (*Nyctala nisoria* Meyer); —*garn*, *n.* a kind of net; —*hupf*, *m.* —*hüpfel*, *m.* *Bot.* chick-pea (*Sister*); —*krant*, *n.* *Bot.* wild or great burnet (*Sanguisorba officinalis* L.); —*stein*, *m.* *Minor.* hieracite; —*würger*, *m.* *Ornith.* crooked-beaked shrike (*Vanga curvirostris* Buff.).

Spér'gel, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* spurry (*Spergula arvensis* L.).

Spér'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* sparrow (*Passer domesticus* L.); *S-spammer*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) a species of bunting (*Emberiza passerina* L.); 2) reed-sparrow (*Rostrammer*); —*stellige* *Rögel*, *m.* pl. birds belonging to the sparrow tribe, passerines; *S-ente*, *f.* 1) sparrow-owl, dwarf-owl (*Burnia passerina* L.); 2) rough-footed owl (*Nyctala dasypus* Bochst.); *S-strant*, *n.* *Bot.* red pimpernel (*Anagallis arvensis* L.); *S-sneife*, *f.* *Ornith.* colaptes (Tannenmeise); *S-spapagel*, *m.* *Ornith.* a species of parrot (*Psittacus passerina* L.); *S-sfkrat*, *m.* small-owl; *S-swidchen*, *n.* hen-sparrow; *S-swurzt*, *f.* *Bot.* sparrow-wort (*Erica passerina* L.).

Sperr'... (*from Sperrten*), *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* barrier, bar, turnpike; —*beinig*, *adj.* astraddle, astride; —*tennen*, *m.* line of defence.

Sperr'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) shut, (act off) shutting, close; 2) *see Sperrgeld*; 3) *Horol.* stop, click; 4) *see Sperrmüh*; 5) bar, impediment, stop; 6) stoppage; interdiction, prohibition; (*Seehandels-*) embargo, blockade.

Sperr'... (*from Sperrten*), *in comp.* —*eisen*, *n.* 1) *see* —*legel*; 2) *Weav.* catch; —*eister*, *f.* *Ornith.* shrike, butcher-bird (großer Würger).

Sperr'en, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) *a*) to shut, close; to shut up (a port), to block up (a town, a passage, &c.); *b*) *see Sperrten*; 2) to bar, stop; to hinder (the motion of a thing), to trig, lock (a wheel, &c.); 3) *a*) to spread asunder, to sprawl out (one's legs), *q.* *Sperrgen*, 1; *b*) *see Sperrten*; 4) *Typ.* to space out, anal. to print in Italics; *den Seehandel* —, to lay an embargo on trade; II. *refl.* to resist, oppose, struggle (against); to refuse.

Sperr'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) shutter, &c.; 2) *Surg.* dilator.

Sperr'... (*from Sperrten*), *in comp.* —*fang*, *m.* trap for taking animals alive; —*feber*, *f.* *Wachm.* m. triggering spring; —*geld*, *n.* entrance-money, admittance-money (for reopening the gate of a town when once shut); —*glas*, *n.* *provinc.* *see Straußglas*; —*glöde*, *f.* bell which announces the closing of the gates; —*gut*, *n.* *Comm.* bulky goods; —*hahn*, *m.* *Min.* T. stop-cock, throttle-valve; —*haken*, *m.* 1) *see* —*legel*; 2) hook of a trigger; 3) *see* —*horn*; 4) pick-lock; 5) *Butch.* stretcher; —*holz*, *n.* 1) gag; 2) wooden bar; 3) *see* —*haken*; 5; —*horn*, *n.* beak-iron, bickern, anvil ending in a beak or point.

Sperr'rig, *adj.* 1) stretched out, spread, astride; 2) wide open; 3) bulky.

Sperr'... (*from Sperrten*), *in comp.* —*riegel*, *m.* click, detent (of a ratchet or notched wheel); —*riegelhaß*, *m.* click-wire, click-steel; —*lette*, *f.* barring chain, *see Sperrmütte*; —*flapfe*, *f.* organ-valve; —*klinte*, *f.* *see* —*legel*; —*krant*, *n.* *Bot.* Jacob's ladder (*Polemonium acrosum* L.); —*leiste*, *f.* strutting-piece; —*maß*, *m.* *Min.* a kind of sliding-rule, pole, rod; —*maul*, *m.* *swg.* gaper; wide mouth; —*rad*, *n.* stopping-wheel, balance-wheel; ratchet-wheel; —*raße*, *f.* —*flaß*, *m.* weaver's stick, temple; —*flü*, *m.* reserved seat, stall (in theatres, &c.); —*flauge*, *f.* ratchet-pole; —*flitt*, *m.* (detent)-pin.

Sperr'rang, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act off) shutting,

&c., *q.* *Sperrten*; 2) blockade; 3) embargo laid on trade.

Sperr'... (*from Sperrten*), *in comp.* —*welt*, *adj.* wide open; —*zahn*, *m.* tooth of a ratchet or balance-wheel, cog; —*zeit*, *f.* time of shutting the gates, &c.; —*zeug*, *n.* T. bunch of pick-lochs.

* *Spér'fen*, *f.* *pl.* (*Ital.*) *Comm.* s. charges, expenses, costs; *kleine* —, petty charges, pottles; *nebst den gebühren* —, adding charges or expenses; *in comp.* unter —*berrechnung*, charging or accounting disbursements; —*buch*, *n.* book of charges; —*frei*, *adj.* free, exempt, quit, or clear of charges; —*nachnahme*, *f.* reimbursement of charges; *q.* *Nachnahme*; —*rechnung*, *f.* account of charges, bill of costs; —*reiterer*, *f.* cooking accounts.

Sperr't, (*str.*) *m.*, *Sperr'te*, (*w.*) *f.* T. poker, *Sperr'er*, *see Sperr'er*. [stirrer, rake.

* *Sperr'etel*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) *spicery*, spices, grocery wares; *in comp.* —*gebäude*, *n.* grocer's shop; —*handel*, *m.* grocery; —*händler*, *m.* dealer in spices; *spicer*, grocer; —*handlung*, *f.* —*laden*, *m.* grocer's shop; —*weisser*, *m.* Carolina allspice; —*waare*, *f.* *see Sperr'er*.

* *Sperr'fisch*, *see Sperrfisch*.

* *Sperr'fere*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *sphere*; range, province; *die* — *unferre* *Geichäfte*, *Comm.* our range of business; *S-engefang*, *m.* music of the spheres. — *Sperr'fisch*, *adj.* spheroidal, *adv.* spherically. — *Sperr'fisch*, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* spheroid. — *Sperr'fisch*, *adj.* spheroidal (local). — * *Sperr'fisch*, *Sperr'fisch*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* spherolite.

* *Sperr'fen*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Minor.* sphere.

* *Sperr'ing*, *f.* (*pl.* *S-e* & *Sperr'ing*) & (*str.*) *m.* (n.) 1) *Gr.* *Myth.* Sphinx; 2) *Ent.* hawk-moth, sphinx (*Sphinx* F.). [link.

* *Sperr'iter*, *m.* (*Dutch*) *Minor.* speller, *Sperr'it*, (*w.*) *s. tr.* 1) to lard; 2) *Ag.* to interlard; 3) *coll.* to fill, store, line (the purse).

Sperr'... *in comp.* —*sal*, *m.* smoked eel; —*braten*, *m.* larded roast meat; —*brut*, *n.* larding board, larding rack; —*baum*, *m.* *see Sperrbaum*; —*fett*, *see Sperrfett*; —*gans*, *f.* smoked goose-breast; —*haring*, *m.* red-berring; —*nadel*, *f.* larding-pin; —*pfad*, *m.* bacon for larding; —*wurzel*, *f.* *Bot.* garden valerian (*Valeriana Phu* L.).

Sperr'get, (*str.*) *m.* 1) looking-glass, mirror; glass; 2) *Ag.* smooth surface, level (of water); 3) T. reflector; 4) *Surg.* speculum, dilator; 5) *Archit.* oval ornament; 6) saw in a hewn stone; 7) *Comm.* tomplon (wooden cylinder put into the mouth of a cannon); 8) *Join.* pannel of a door; 9) *Mar.* stern (of a ship); 10) *coll.* & *Sport.* hinder parts, posterior; 11) ring round the centre of a target; 12) spot on the tail of a peacock or on the wings of certain birds; 13) large square mesh (of nets); 14) ground (of a shawl); 15) *Ag.* pattern, example, mirror.

Sperr'gel... *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* ice-apple; —*artig*, *adj.* mirror-like; —*becken*, *n.* barber's basin; —*beleg*, *n.* *see* —*folie*; —*bild*, *n.* reflected image; —*blaut*, *adj.* bright as a mirror; —*blatt*, *n.* plate; —*bleube*, *f.* *Minor.* transparent zinc; —*blümchen*, *n.* *Bot.* common crowfoot (*Ranunculus acris* L.); —*bogen*, *m.* *see* —*ferant*; —*boog*, *m.* *Mar.* taffrail; —*braun*, *n.* brown-bay, (bright) dapple-bay; —*cabinet*, *n.* f. —*faßten*, 2; —*bede*, *f.* 1) ceiling with mirrors; 2) ceiling consisting of one surface, pane, or square; —*eben*, *adj.* even as a mirror; —*ei*, *n.* Cook poached or fried egg; —*eisen*, *n.* *Minor.* 1) specular iron; 2) iron-glass; —*eute*, *f.* *Ornith.* domestic duck (*Anas*); —*etz*, *n.* *Minor.* specular iron-ore; —*fabric*, *f.* looking-glass manufacture; —*fetzen*, *n.* —*fetzter*, *f.* 1) mock- or sham-light; 2) dissimulation, delusion, jugglery; —*fetzter*, *m.* dissembler; swaggerer; —*feld*, *n.* 1) panel

for a mirror; 2) mirror-frame; —*fenster*, a plate-glass window; —*feruhrer*, *n.* *Opt.* reflecting telescope; —*fisch*, *m.* *Ichth.* doros (*Eucnema*); —*fisch*, 2; —*fisch*, *f.* glassy surface; —*fischen*, *m.* bright spot on the wings of insects; —*flor*, *m.* tiffany; —*folie*, *f.* tin-foil, leaf-tin, tinning, silversing; quicksilvering (of a mirror); —*garn*, *n.* *Fisch.* net with large square meshes; —*gebäude*, *n.* *Arch.* vault with an even surface in the middle; —*gehetzt*, *f.* 1) plate-glass manufactory; 2) art of making plate glass; —*glas*, *m.* *Minor.* native bismuth; —*glas*, *n.* 1) mirror-glass; 2) plate glass; —*glatt*, *adj.* as smooth as a mirror; —*glätte*, *f.* perfect smoothness; —*hahn*, *m.* *see* *Virt-hahn*; —*haken*, *m.* glass-hook; —*händler*, *m.* looking-glass-seller; —*hars*, *n.* rosin, celophony; —*hell*, *adj.* as clear (bright) as a mirror; —*hölle*, *f.* looking-glass manufactory.

Sperr'gelicht, *Sperr'gelig*, *adj.* specular; resembling a mirror, smooth and bright.

Sperr'gel... *in comp.* —*faust*, *f.* facet; —*larpfen*, *m.* a kind of carp with shining scales; —*leiste*, *m.* 1) mirror's chest; 2) camera catoptrica (lat.); —*fisch*, *m.* *Minor.* specular pyrites; —*flar*, *adj.* *see* —*hell*; —*licht*, *m.* looking-glass stand; —*lobleit*, *m.* *Minor.* specular or crystalline cobalt ore; —*lobleit*, *m.* *see* —*licht*; —*lusten*, *m.* *see* —*licht*; —*lust*, *f.* globe looking-glass; silvered glass globe; —*luste*, —*lust*, —*luste*, *f.* catoptrics; —*luste*, *f.* reflecting lamp; —*luste*, *f.* rim or border of a mirror; —*luste*, *m.* soonce; —*luste*, *m.* looking-glass-maker; —*luste*, *m.* (in *Simfen*, &c.) *Archit.* mirror-like boss; —*lust*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) great titmouse (*Parus major* L.); 2) long-tailed titmouse (*Parus caudatus* L.); —*lust*, *n.* speculum-metal; —*lust*, *n.* reflecting-microscope.

Sperr'geln, (*w.*) *s. l. intr.* to reflect; to shine; glister, glister, to give or yield a lustre; II. *tr.* 1) to reflect; 2) T. to glass (a surface); III. *refl.* 1) to be reflected; 2) to look into the glass, to view one's face in a mirror; 3) *Ag.* to take an example (an *Witz* *Daf.*); by; *geperr'gelt*, *p. a.* dappled (horse).

Sperr'gel... *in comp.* —*see*, *m.* *see* —*garn*; —*stant*, *m.* *Opt.* Hadley's quadrant; —*stett*, *f.* *Zool.* Canada otter (*Lutra canadensis* Schreb.); *pl.* *Purr.* shining otter-skins; —*stett*, *f.* *Archit.* pier; —*quadrant*, *m.* *Mar.* reflecting-quadrant; —*rahmen*, *m.* frame of a mirror, looking-glass frame; —*raße*, *m.* black-dappled horse; —*reit*, *adj.* very pure; —*ruh*, *m.* lamp-black; —*saal*, *m.* *see* —*jimmer*; —*schief*, *f.* plate-glass pane; —*schief*, *m.* *Min.* specular schist, *see* *Quadrifolierstein*; —*schiff*, *n.* *Mar.* square-sterned vessel; —*schimmel*, *m.* dapple-gray horse; —*schief*, *m.* looking-glass pollaher; —*schiefsteil*, —*stett*, *m.* reflecting-astant; —*sonnenst.*, *f.* reflecting dial; —*stern*, *m.* *Mar.* stern-frame, fashion-piece; —*stett*, —*stein*, *m.* *Min.* specular stone, mirror-stone; —*stett*, *pl.* *see* —*schiefsteil*; —*tafel*, *f.* mirror-plate; —*taffet*, *m.* flowered taffeta; —*telecab*, *n.* *Opt.* reflecting telescope; —*tisch*, *m.* —*tisch*, *n.* pier table; toilet table.

Sperr'gelung, (*w.*) *f.* *Opt.* reflection; mirage. *Sperr'gel...* *in comp.* —*bergsperr'gelung*, *m.* catoptric or reflecting microscope; —*boog*, *m.* —*bügel*, *m.* *see* *Blauflügel*; —*wage*, *f.* T. reflecting-level; —*wagen*, *m.* glass-coach; —*wurzelgeret*, *f.* catoptricity; —*wert*, *m.* *see* —*boog*; —*wurpen*, *pl.* *Mar.* transoms; —*zeug*, *m.* *see* —*garn*; —*jimmer*, *n.* mirror-room, room having looking-glasses.

Sperr'fig, *see Sperr'gelicht*. [all round.

Sperr'te, (*str.*) *n.* 1) play; playing; *Nach.* working (of a machine); —*des Treibstrokes*, stroke, throw (of the piston); 2) game, sport,

diversion; dance; 3) the (act or mode of) playing, acting, &c.; performance; action (of the fingers of a performer and of the pianoforte itself); 4) a) a pack (of cards); b) a set (of chess-men, dominoes, nine-pins, &c.); 5) tail or pole of a cock-pheasant; das — rüßten, to beat the drum; mit Klingeln —, drums beating; ein — machen, to play a game or set; wir haben drei S-e (Partien) gemacht, we have made three sets or matches; crüßte, wüßte, wüßtes —, first, second, third dealing; *Sp-e* frisches —, fair play, free hand; sein — mit ... beken or treiben, to make sport of ..., to trifle with ...; die Hand im S-e haben, to have a hand in ..., *coll.* to have a finger in the pie; (Einem) mit des — bringen or gießen, to entangle or implicate in an affair; aus dem — lassen, not to refer to; aus dem — lassen, without reference to; im S-e sein, to participate, interfere; es ist babei eine Dame im —, there is a lady in the case; aus — setzen, to lay at stake, to stake, venture, hazard, risk, jeopardize, peril; seine Gesundheit auf — setzen, to make free with one's constitution; auf dem S-e stehen, to lie or be at stake; als habe das Leben auf dem —, for dear life; das — hat sich gewandt, the tables are turned; das — gewonnen (or verloren) geben, to give up the game; nun habe ich gewonnen —, now I am sure of the game, I am now above board or out of all danger.

Spiele... (from *Spielein* & *Spiele*), in comp. —spiel, *m.* T. mandarin; —arbeits, *f.* light, easy work; —art, *f.* 1) manner of playing; action, performance; 2) Nat. variety; —Ball, *m.* 1) playing-ball; billiard-ball; tennis-ball; 2) *Sp.* sport (of chance, fate); —Bau, *f.* public gaming-table; gaming-house; —brett, *m.* 1) gaming-board; draught-board; —bruder, *m.* 1) play-fellow, playmate; 2) man fond of gambling; —Bude, *f.* booth for playing; lottery booth; —camerab, *m.* see —gefell; —casse, *f.* cash for playing.

Spielein, (*adv.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Spiele*, *lit.* a little game) a quiet game.

Spiele... (from *Spielein* & *Spiele*), in comp. —bude, *f.* baby, doll; —bude, *f.* musical box. *Spielein*, (*m.*) *s. indr. & tr.* 1) to play (mit Bogen, Wänder, Spiele, Karte, Whist, Schach, Spiel u. s. w., with dolls, at forfeits, at cards, [at] whist, at chess, at nine-pins, &c., also on a musical instrument) (um, for); 2) to gamble; an der Börse —, to stock-job; 3) to play, act, enact, perform; wer spielte den Hamlet? who did Hamlet? *Sp-e* 4) to play, trifle, sport, to make a jest of; mit der Stinde —, to dally or tamper with sin; 5) to shine, glitter, sparkle; in Brille mit Würfeln or Würfel —, to play at backgammon, at dice, &c.; Sie dürfen nicht auf meinen Ball —, you must not play at my ball; verführen Sie diesen Ball ins Eckloch zu —, try to put this ball into the corner-pocket; aus der Tasche —, to juggle, to play leger-de-main; Einem etwas aus der Hand (in die Hand) —, to shift or juggle something out of (into) one's hand; — lassen, to play; to bring into play, to play off; eine Mine — lassen, to blow up, to spring a mine; die Kanonen — lassen, to play the cannon, to bring the artillery to bear (auf [with Acc.], upon); die Wasserkrüge — lassen, to play the water engines; das Stöck spielt auf dem Lande, the scene of action is in the country; in das Stöck —, to incline to red; im Winde —, to flatter; etwas ins Weite —, to spin out a business; eine glänzende Rolle —, to make (*coll.* to out) a shining figure; Einem einen Streich —, to play off or put a trick upon one, to play one a trick; Einem einen Betrug —, to practise a deceit upon one; ich lasse nicht mit mir —, I am not (a man) to be trifled with; seinen Witz — lassen, to show, display one's wit; mit

Worten —, to play upon words, equivocate, quibble, pun; den Schalk —, to play the knave; den Christlichen —, to act parson, &c.; die große Dame —, to put on the fine lady; den Angenehmen —, *coll.* to do the agreeable; sich arm —, to ruin one's self with gambling; da hast du was zum —, there is something for you to play; i-b, *adv.* easily; etwas i-b thun, to do a thing with a wet finger, to play with a thing.

*Spiele*ter, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) player; 2) gambler; gamester; 3) performer, &c.; *f.* Schauspieler. *Spiele*rei, (*m.*) *f.* 1) the (act or custom of) playing, &c.; 2) play, sport, wantonness; 3) trifle, toy, play work; silly trick.

*Spiele*terlich, *Spiele*haft, *adj.* (*L. u.*) playful, sportive, not sufficiently in earnest.

Spiele... (from *Spielein* & *Spiele*), in comp. —feind, —freund, *m.* enemy, friend of playing; —gebrauch, *m.* rules, conditions of a play or game; —gefecht, *m.* mock-battle, mock-skirmish; —geld, *n.* play-money, pocket-money, pin-money; —gefell, *m.* play-fellow, play-mate, companion, comrade; —gefellschafft, *f.* card-assembly; —gefell, *n.* see —gebrauch; —glück, *n.* chance, slang, pull of the table (in play); —haus, *n.* see Wirtshaus; —haus, *n.* gaming-house, gambling-house, hell; —honorar, *n.* extra-fee of a player; —hund, *m.* see Schöthund. [sportive.]

*Spiele*lig, *adj.* *coll.* given to play; playful. *Spiele*... (from *Spielein* & *Spiele*), in comp. —lacht, *f.* pleasure-yacht; —lamp, *m.* see —gefecht; —karte, *f.* playing-card, play-card; —kartenmacher, *m.* card-maker; —kisten, *n.* card-box; —fragen, *m.* *Mar.* see Wanbelfragen; —leuchter, *m.* card-table candlestick; —leute, *pl.* musicians; —lustig, *adj.* fond of or inclined to play; —mann, *m.* musician; fiddler; —marke, *f.* counter, sh; —pietere, *n. pl.* Comm. fancy-funds, fancies; —partie, *f.* card-party; —platz, *m.* play-ground; —puppe, *f.* see —bude; —raum, *m.* play-room (room for motion), elbow-room, latitude; margin; play, scope; *Gunn.* & *T.* windage; *Mar.* windage (of the partners for the play of the masts); *Meck.* back-lash; voller —raum, full play, fair play; mit —raum verpacken, to pack roomy; —regel, *f.* rule of playing; —saal, *m.* playing room; —schach, *f.* plaything, toy, trifle; —schuld, *f.* gaming-debt, play-debt; —schule, *f.* infant-school; —schwärzer, *f.* woman fond of playing or gambling; —stunde, *f.* play-hour, hour of diversion; —sucht, *f.* mania for play, rage of play, passion for gambling; —suchtig, *adj.* passionately addicted to play; —tag, *m.* playing-day; —tasche, *f.* juggler's pocket; —teiler, *m.* plate used at play to put counters or money upon; —teufel, *m.* *coll.* inveterate player (gambler); —tisch, *m.* gaming-table, card-table; —uhr, *f.* musical clock; chime-clock.

*Spiele*raum, (*m.*) *f.* *Mar.*, &c. for *Spiele*raum.

Spiele... (from *Spielein* & *Spiele*), in comp. —verberber, *m.* bungler at play; addle-plot, mar-plot; —waage, *f.* see —fack; —waage, *f.* (am Wagen) roller-bolt; —wärter, *m.* marker at billiards; —weise, *f.* manner of playing; —wert, *m.* 1) playthings, knickknack; 2) *Sp.* easy thing; —wuth, *f.* rage for play; —zeug, *m.* playthings, toys; knickknacks; —zimmer, *m.* toyman; —zimmer, *m.* card-room. *Spiele*, *provinc.* 1) (*adv.*) *n.* (*L. G.*) a) point; anything pointed; a fine blade of grass, &c.; b) puny thing; 2) (*m.*) *m.* (*Switz.*) alpine swift (Alpenfalken).

Spiele... in comp. —apfel, *m.* service-berry; —balt, *f.* beacon, buoy, boom.

*Spiele*re, (*m.*) *f.* 1) *Mar.*-s. spar; S-n cines Rods, sheers; S-neisen, *n.* goose-neck of a boom; S-ringe, *m.* pl. studding sail-boom-irons; 2) *Bot.* see *Spiele*laube; S-ngerwähe, *n. pl.* *Bot.* a genus of plants (*Spiracées*).

Spiele... in comp. *Bot.*-s. —pflanze, *f.* 1) the genus of *Dianna* L.; 2) meadow-sweet (*Spiraea* L.); —pflanz, *pl.* see *Spiele*rengerwähe; —schwalbe, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) swift (*Hauerschwalbe*); 2) martin (*Faustschwalbe*); —staube, *f.* meadow-sweet (*Spiraea* L.).

*Spiele*ring, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) *Ichth.* smelt, sparring or spirling (*Osmorus laticaudus* L.); 2) a species of bleak (*Cyprinus aphya* L.); 3) (*or* —baum, *m.*) (wild) haw-tree, service-tree, mountain-ash (*Spiraea*baum); —säure, *f.* *Chem.* pyromalic acid.

*Spiele*sch, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) spear; lance, pike; pole; 2) spit; 3) *Typ.* pick; 4) *Hunt.* a) pole, pike; b) *pl.* broaches, starts (the single and straight horns of a stag in the second year); 5) S-e, *pl.* slang, money, anal. tin, blunt, &c.; ein — werden, a spitful of larks; an den — stehen, to (put on the) spit; den — umdrehen, *coll.* to turn the tables (gegen, upon).

Spiele... in comp. —antioipe, *f.* *Zool.* oryx, gambsok (*Hippobosus oryx* Blainv.); —baum, *m.* *Min.* girder of a gin; —bod, *m.* 1) rack to turn the spit on; 2) *Sport.* see *Spiele*re; —braten, *m.* meat roasted on the spit; —bürger, *m.* 1) citizen armed with a spear, pike-man; 2) *coll.* cit. *f.* *Spiele*re, 2, a; —bürgerlich, *adj.* home-baked, commonplace; —bürgerthum, *n.* see *Spiele*re; —brecher, *m.* see —wender; —brut, *f.* *Minor.* group of needle-formed crystals; —elfen, *n.* iron head of a spear.

*Spiele*hen, (*m.*) *s. tr.* 1) to put on a spit; to spear, spit; 2) to pierce, impale (a criminal). [tail duck (*Anas acuta* L.).]

*Spiele*re, (*m.*) *f.* *Ornith.* pintail or pin. *Spiele*ter, (*adv.*) *m.* *Sport.* a roebuck or stag in the first year.

Spiele... in comp. —ferkel, *n.* roasted pig; —förmig, *adj.* in the form of a spear, *Bot.* hastate(d); —gemse, *f.* see —antioipe; —gerie, *f.* switch; —gefell, *m.* comrade, partner, fellow, companion, accomplice.

*Spiele*glanz, (*adv.*) *m.* (*Chem.*) *Minor.* antimony; (bichter, grauer —) compact gray-streaked antimony; (gemeiner, grauer —) sulphuret of antimony; (rother, gelblicher —) crude antimony, native antimony; (schweißtreibender —) diaphoretic antimony; (strahliger —) radiated sulphuret of antimony; (rother —) red antimonial ore; (vielesiriger —) iridescent antimony; in comp. —artig, *adj.* antimonial, stibial, like or having the qualities of antimony; —asche, *f.* *Minor.* & *Chem.* calx of antimony, oxide of antimony; —auszug, *m.* antimonial wine, tincture of antimony; *Minor.*-s. —blei, *n.* see [Schwartzes —]; —bleierz, *n.* bournonite; —blende, *f.* red antimony ore; —blumen, *f. pl.* *Chem.* argentine flowers of antimony; —blüte, *f.* *Chem.* & *Minor.* hydro-sulphuret of antimony, mineral kermes; —butter, *f.* butter of antimony; —chlorid, *m.* *Chem.* chloride of antimony; (baßstiches —) Al-garotti's powder; —draße, *f.* *Minor.* acicular sulphuret of antimony; —erz, *n.* *Minor.* ore of antimony; (febrichtes —) plumose antimonial ore; (schwarzes —) antimonial sulphuretted lead-ore; (stahlberbes —) solid antimonial ore; —essig, *m.* vinegar of antimony; —glas, *n.* *Chem.* glass of antimony; —haltig, *adj.* antimonial, stibial; *Minor.*-s. —halt, *m.* antimonial sulphate, antimonial ochre; —kermes, *m.* see —blende; —könig, *m.* regulus of antimony; —leber, *f.* *Chem.* liver of antimony, sulphuretted oxide of antimony; *Minor.*-s. —moht, *m.* antimonial sulphate; —oder, *m.* antimonial ochre, antimony-ochre, antimonial sulphate; *Chem.*-s. —öl, *m.* oil of antimony; —oxyd, *n.* protoxide of antimony; —saffran, *m.* saffron of antimony; —salpeter, *m.* nitrate of antimony; —sals, *n.* antimonialate; —säure, *f.* stibic or antimonic acid; —schwef-

fel, m. sulphur of antimony; antimonial silver.
Chem. vitriol of antimony; *Miner.-s.* —
antimony by precipit.
cinnabar of antimony.

Spieß..., in comp.
—gruß, n. Bot. foxglove;
n. stiff, projecting;
Ichth. a genus of po-
fish, m. see **Spieß**.

Spießig, adj. 1) in
points; 2) provincial;
piercing, sharp; b)

Spieß..., in comp.
—frucht; —fahndt, m.
—fuchse, m. see **Spieß**.
with, 1) pipit (Bos-
(Wiesenpieper);
raubmilch, f. *On-
rausica* L.); —rut.
Mil. gauntlet; —rut-
let; —ruthe lang
line; —schast, f.

—träger, m. 1) 2) see **Spieß**;
spit (Bratenmetz)
throws a spear;
Wahlmutter, f.

Spitze, (w.)
vender (*Lavand*)

Spitzer, (str.)
in comp. —bohre
n. spike-iron;
f. Carp. spile, sp.

Spitzern, (w.)
Spitz..., in comp.
oil, oil of lavender
water.

Spitz, (str.)
Spitzage (pr.)
Comm. outcome
sweepings; wast

Spitz..., in
delbaum & Faule
of the capstan;
n. socket of the

Spitze, (w.)
del; 3) peg, pin
see **Spitze**, 2; 5)

Spitzsen, (w.)
squander.

Spitzsen..., in
brin; —blech, see
diasth-thistle (*Ca-*

f. fusiform pipe in
sycamore-tree (*Ac-*

Spitz..., in comp.
the windlass or of
pl., —gut, n. pin-
bahn; —haspel, m.

Spitz...

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t

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Spratt, (str.) m. (*Oken*, l. u.) see **Spratt**.

Sprech, (str.) m. (*Oken*, l. u.) see **Sprech**.
manner of speaking; dialect.

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und; 2) *Mar.* small wainscot; 3) *Sport.* altar.

Sprei'eln, Sprei'en, (w.) v. intr. pro-
inc. 1) to gallop off; 2) *see* Spreien; 3) *see* Spreien.

Sprei'el..., in comp. —*feber, f.* *Horol.* spring (in a clock) to stop the rapid motion of the wheels; —*haken, m.* *T.* hook for drawing the coals out of a charcoal-kiln.

Sprei't, (str.) n. see Spriet; —*bede, f.* *pro-*
inc. coverlet, counterpane.

Sprei'te, (w.) f. the state of being spread; *inf. der* — *Liegen*, to be spread out (of flax).

Sprei'teln, (w.) v. intr. see Spreien.

Sprei'ten, (w.) v. tr. to spread, extend.

Sprei't..., in comp. —*garn, n.* *fishing-*
net; —*lage, f.* layer (of earth); —*sege, n. see* Sprietgei.

Sprei'te, (w.) f. 1) *T.* prop, shore, stay; 2) to stretch open; die *Häute auseinander* —, to take strides, to straddle; 3) to prop, shore; *II. vgl.* 1) to sprawl (one's self) out; to strut; 2) *see* *Strauben*; 3) *with* (mit) to boast (of), to plume one's self (on).

Sprei'tholz, (str., pl. S-hölzer) n. brace.

Sprei'tig, adj. 1) stretching, spreading; 2) boasting, bragging.

Sprei'tarbeit, (w.) f. *Min.* the operation of shooting and blasting. [*blown up*]

Sprei'tbar, adj. that may be burst or *Spreng...*, in comp. —*bohrloch, n.* *Min.* blast-hole (*Bohrloch*); —*büchel, f.* *Bum.* petard; —*büchel, m. see* —*wedel*; —*bräst, n.* *Chem.* neck-breaker. [*bc*]

Sprei'te, (w.) f. the (act of) sprinkling

Sprei'ten, (str.) n. *Glass-m. &c.* crack-
ing-ring. [*2*] diocese; district.

Sprei'tel, (str.) m. 1) sprinkling-mop;

Sprei'ten, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) *a*) to make (one) run about; *b*) to spring, start (game); *außerinander* —, to disperse; 2) *a*) to cause to burst, to cause to break; to burst open; to spring, blow up, blast (a rock), to discharge (a mine); to force (a door); *b*) *T.* to crack (glass); 3) to sprinkle, scatter, water; 4) *T.* die *geprengte Brücke*, girder-bridge; die *gehängte und geprenzte Brille*, strut-and-truss-framed bridge (*cf.* *Sprengwerk*); einen *Ball im Billard* —, to spring a ball; ein *F Pferd über einen Graben* —, to dash or leap a horse over a ditch; die *Bant* (im *Spiele*) —, to break the bank; *II. intr.* 1) (*aux. sein*) to gallop; to ride full speed, to dash; to leap; 2) (*aux. haben*) to sprinkle, &c.; *geprengt, p. a. Herald.* spread (wings, &c.).

Sprei't... (from *Sprengen*), in comp. —*sege, m.* sprinkling tub; —*gabel, f.* *Lock-sm.* forked turn-screw; —*geßteß, n.* explosive missile; —*glas, m.* anaclastic-glass; —*graben, m.* —*grube, f.* mine; —*gräber, m.* miner, pioneer; —*laune, f. see* *Gießlaune*; 2; —*farren, m.* sprinkling-machine; —*teffel, m.* *Bom.* *Osak.* holy water-pot; —*liste, f.* powder-charge; —*losse, f.* *Glass-m., &c.* cracking-coal; —*losse, m. see* —*trichter*; —*fügel, f.* bomb, shell, potard; —*ladung, f.* ammunition or charge for blasting; —*loch, n. see* —*bohrloch*; —*ma-*
chine, *f.* machine used in blasting; —*ma-*
st, *f.* thin scattered mast for hogs in a forest; —*st, n.* *Chem.* nitroglycerine; —*stein, m.* 1) sprinkling-brush; 2) *Book-b.* marbling-brush; —*pulver, n.* blasting- or miner's powder; —*reite, f.* *Mil.* Congreve-rockets; —*schuß, m.* (blasting-)shot; —*steine, m. pl.* blasted stones; —*treibe, f.* *Archit.* strut-(beam), strut-brace; —*rück, n.* potard; —*laune, f.* powder-barrel; —*trichter, m.* rose of a watering-pot.

Sprei'tung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) sprinkling, &c.; a sprinkling, blowing up, explosion; 2) *Baukl.* (since *Sprengwerk*) camber.

Sprei't... (from *Sprengen*), in comp. —*wage, f.* splinter-bar (of a carriage); —*wagen, m. see* —*farren*; —*wasser, n.* 1) water for sprinkling; 2) *see* *Wetzwasser*; —*wedel, m.* sprinkling brush, sprinkle; —*werk, n.* *Corp., &c.* strut-frame; —*wisch, m.* sprinkling-mop.

Sprei'tel, (str.) m. 1) *Sport.* springs, snare, gin, noose; 2) speckle, spot; —*stein, n.* 1) crooked leg; 2) bandy legs.

Sprei'telig, adj. party-coloured, speckled, spotted; pied.

Sprei'teln, (w.) v. tr. to speckle, spot; *geprenteltes Papier*, splash-paper.

Sprei't, (str.) m., Sprei'te, (w.) f. merlin (*Merl*).

Sprei't, s. I. f. chaff; *II. in comp.* —*artig, Sprei'tig, adj.* chaffy; *Bot.* paleaceous; —*ästchen, pl.* raments; —*ästig, adj.* ramentaceous; —*blättrig, n.* pales; —*blättrig, adj.* paleaceous; —*blum, f.* *Bot.* chaff-wood (*Xanthoxylum* L.); —*regen, m.* drizzling rain; —*sack, m.* chaff-bag; straw-bed; —*stein, m.* *Miner.* paranthine, scapolite; —*tragen, adj.* *Bot.* paleaceous, chaffy.

Sprei'twert, (str., pl. S-wörter) n. proverb, adage, by-word, saying; apophthegm; *Sprei'twörter in Bildern* (*S-wörter-Aussprüche*), *Epit., n.*, acting of charades.

Sprei'twörtlich, adj. proverbial.

Sprei'tel, (str.) m. *provinc.* spot, speckle.

Sprei'tel, (str.) m. *T.* 1) hoop, tilt; 2) reep-work of a wall or ceiling.

Sprei'teln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tilt, to provide with tilts; 2) *see* *Strohren*.

Sprei'tel, ... in comp. —*tuch, n.* tilt, awning; —*wagen, m.* tilt wagon.

Sprei'te, (w.) f. *see* *Sprei'te*.

Sprei'tel, (str.) m. 1) *see* *Sprei'tel*; 2) *Sport.* antler.

Sprei'ten, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to sprout, shoot, germinate, spring up.

Sprei't, (str.) n. *Mar-s.* sprit; in comp. —*block, m., -holz, n.* sheet-block; —*sege, n.* sprit-sail; —*tau, n.* sprit-sail rope; —*wurft, f.* futtock-staff.

Spring, (str.) m. 1) spring; gush (of water); 2) *Mar-s.* sheer of a ship's deck; — *auf dem Hinterau*, spring; ein *Schiff das viel hat*, a round-sheered ship; ein *Schiff mit nicht viel* —, a moon-sheered ship; ein *Schiff mit zu wenig* —, a strait-sheered ship; 3) *see* *Springflut*.

Spring... (from *Spring*, *s. & Springen*, *v.*), in comp. —*anker, m.* a kedger or small anchor; —*auf, m. & n.* 1) cork-tumbler; 2) *Bot. provinc.* may-lily (*Maiblume*); —*becken, n.* basin of a fountain; —*beine, pl.* *Entom.* saltatory legs (hind-legs) of insects; —*bock, m.* *Zool.* spring antelope, spring-bock (*Antilope euchore* Forster); —*bret, n.* spring-board; —*brunnen, m.* (artificial) fountain, well-spring, jet.

Springen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein & haben) 1) to leap, jump, skip, spring, to vault (on a horse, &c.); to bound; — *und aus-*
schlagen, to plunge (of horses); 2) to spout, gush, issue (from a fountain); 3) to burst, crack, break suddenly, to chap; to snap, break (as a string, &c.); 4) to copulate, cover (said of certain animals); vom *Pferde* —, to leap from a horse, to alight; in die *Augen* —, 1. to strike the eye; 2. *fig.* to be obvious; — *müssen, fig. coll.* to be lost, to go, to fall; — *lassen, n.* 1) to set (a water-work) going; to play (the water); 2) to spring (a mine); 3. *coll.* to spend; über die *Ringe* — *lassen*, to put to the sword; der *-be Punkt*, salient point.

Springer, (str.) m. (S-in, (w.) f.) 1) leaper, jumper; *conf.* hopper; 2) *Gam.* knight (at chess); 3) *Mammal.* *see* *Braunfisch & Del-*

phin, 1; 4) *see* *Springmaus*; 5) *see* *Spring-*
made; 6) *see* *Springhengst*, *Springochse*; 7) sheep affected with the staggers; 8) *see* *Bau-*
schellen, *Spannschelle*.

Springerel, (w.) f. *conf.* the (act or prac-
tice of) leaping, jumping, &c.

Spring... (from *Springen*), in comp.

—*faden, m.* glass-thread hardened in cold water; —*feber, f.* elastic spring; —*fisch, m.* *Ichth.* a kind of flying-fish (*Xylocopus exilis* BL.); —*flut, f.* spring-tide; —*fuß, m.* *Nat.* foot for leaping, saltatory foot; —*garn, n. see* —*wand*; —*glas, m.* anaclastic glass; —*gurte, f.* *see* *Felsgurte*; —*hase, f.* stallion-oats; —*hahn, m. provinc.* *see* *Grashüpfer*; —*hase, m.* *Zool.* jumping-hare (*Pedetes caper* Pall.); —*hengst, m.* stallion; —*hölzer, n. pl.* *Weau.* &c. jacks; —*insfeld, m. coll.* a giddy fellow, touch-and-go; romp, hoiden; —*läser, m.* *Entom.* leaping beetle, elater (*Elater* L.); —*folien, m.* Bologna-phial; —*fürner, pl.* *Pharm.* seeds of caper-spurge, the less catapulta seeds; —*traft, f.* elasticity; —*frühtig, adj.* elastic; —*frant, n.* *Bot.* 1) caper-spurge (*Euphorbia Lathyrus* L.); 2) touch-me-not (*Impatiens noli tangere* L.); 3) ractor-oil plant (*Ricinus communis* L.); —*treffe, f.* *Bot.* hairy lady's-smock (*Cardamine hirsuta* L.); —*für-*
bis, *m. see* —*gurte*; —*turnst, f.* art of vaulting or leaping; —*labe, f.* *Org.* wind-cheet (*Wind-*
lade); —*laft, f.* *Mar.* (cap-)scuttler; —*made, f.* 1) *Entom.* jumper (*Räsema*); 2) *Helminth.* maw-worm, thread-worm (*Ascaris vermicularis* L.); —*maus, f.* *Zool.* jumping-mouse (*Jerboa*, *Dipus sagitta* Gm.); —*ochse, m.* bull kept for breeding; —*pfers, n. see* —*hengst*; —*quell, m.* —*quelle, f.* fountain, spring, well; —*ratte, f. see* —*wand*; —*röhre, f.* jet-pipe (of a fountain); —*ruffe, f.* a kind of fox-trap; —*sanne, m. see* —*frant*; —*scharmer, n.* *T.* jump-point; —*schloß, n.* spring-lock; —*schwanz, m.* *Entom.* spring-tail (*Pedara* L.); —*seil, n.* skipping-rope; —*stod, m.* leaping-pole; poy; *Mar-s.* —*strapp, m.* stirrup; —*tau, n.* spring; —*stiler, n. see* —*hase*; —*wand, f.* *Sport.* leap-net; —*wanze, f.* *Entom.* leaping-bug (*Halticus pallicornis* F.); —*wasser, n.* spring-water; water-spout; —*weide, f.* *Bot.* crack-willow (*Struwwilde*); —*wurm, m.* *Helminth.* thread-worm, maw-worm, pin-worm (*Oxyuris vermicularis* L.); —*wurzel, f.* *Bot.* 1) *see* —*frant*; 2) tufted horse-shoe-vetch (*Hippocrepis comosa* L.); —*zeit, f.* 1) *see* —*flut*; 2) coupling-time.

Spring, s. & Springen, v.

Sprint, (str.) m. *see* *Sprintus*.

Sprig... (from *Spreiten*), in comp. —*bad, n. see* *Douchbad*; —*bewurf, m.* *Mar.* rough-cast (of a wall); —*bret, n.* splash- or dash-board; —*büchse, f.* syringe of wood, squirt.

Sprig, (w.) f. 1) syringe, squirt; 2) (fire-) engine; 3) *see* *Sprigfahrt*.

Sprigeln, (w.) v. intr. to spurt, sputter.

Sprigen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. sein & haben) 1) *a*) to squirt; to spirt (spurt), spout, sputter, sputter, the pen had spluttered (in writing); *b*) to spatter, sprinkle; 2) *Med.* to inject, syringe; 3) (of engines) to play.

Sprig..., in comp. —*arbeiter, m.* fire-
man; —*haus, n.* engine-house; —*leute, pl.* firemen, fire-engine-workers; —*macher, m.* fire-engine-maker; —*mann, m.* fireman; —*meister, m.* inspector of fire-engines, en-
gineer; foreman; —*reimen, m.* —*reime, f.* tube or
röhre, *f.* tube or
schlund, *m.* ho
Sprig... f.
fahrt, *f.* Stud. a
(for convivial
species of aqu
L.); —*Red, m.*

Spör'gel, (*str.*) *m.* *Boi.* spurry (*Sparr*).
Spört, Spörfel, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* dross,
acum. [(*Sperrbaum*).]

Spör'ling, (*str.*) *m.* *Boi.* sorrice-tree
Sporn, (*str.*; *pl. gener.* *Spornen* or *Epo-
ren*) *m.* 1) spur; 2) *Ag.* incentive, stimulus;
dem Pferde die *E-en* geben, *see* *Spornen*, 1;
mit den *E-en* verbunden, to spur-gall; *sich*
(*dat.*) die *E-en* verdienen, *Ag.* to win or deserve
one's spurs; einen — (zu viel) haben, *see*
Spornen.

Sporn..., *in comp.* —ammer, *f.* —flut,
m. *Ornith.* lark-bunting (*Plectrophenax* M. &
W.); —Haut, *f.* *see* *Rittersporn*.

Spornen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to spur, to clap or
set spurs (to give the spur) to a horse; 2) to
gird with spurs; *gesporen*, *p. a.* *Boi.* calca-
rato; *gestieft* und *gesporen*, booted and
spurred.

Sporn..., *in comp.* —flügel, *m.* *Ornith.*
spur-wing (*Sturnus*, 2); —fuß, —tastel, *m.* *Ornith.*
spurred cuckoo (*Oestrupus* Ill.); —
füße, *m. pl.* *Nat.* feet with spurs (of some
birds); —leder, *n.* spur-leather, strap for a
spur; —rücken, *n.* rowel; —riemen, *m.* spur-
leather; —säule, *adj.* made restive by spur-
ring, over-spurred; —sich, *m.* spur-gall;
—streich, *adv. coll.* with great speed, full
speed or drive; quickly, immediately.

Spornfel, (*u.*) *f.* *see* *Sporn*. *E-n*, *pl.* per-
quisites, *see* *picking*.

Spornfel, (*u.*) *n. intr.* to yield perquisites.
Spornfelle, (*u.*) *f.* rates of fees.

* **Spornfelle**, (*u.*) *v. intr.* to lory fees.

Spott, (*str.*) *m.* 1) mockery, derision,
coff, scorn; 2) laughing-stock; 3) disgrace;
4) *coll. see* —geld; 5) **,* jest, sport; — mit
etwas trüben, to make a mock of, to make
sport with; wer den Schaden hat, darf für den
— nicht sorgen, he who loses is sure to be
laughed at.

Spott... (*from* *Spott* & *Spotten*), *in*
comp. —benennung, *f.* *see* —name; —Bild, *n.*
caricature; —Bille, *adj. coll.* very cheap, *coll.*
dirt or dog-cheap; —broffel, *f.* *Ornith.* mock-
ing-bird (*Mimus polyglottus* Boie).

Spottfelle, (*u.*) *f.* mockery, gibe, jeering.
Spottfel, (*u.*) *n. intr.* (*with* *über* [*d. Acc.*])
to jeer, gibe (at), to banter, rally, treat with
irony.

Spotten, (*u.*) *n. (t. & d.) intr.* (*with* *Gen.*
or *über* [*d. Acc.*]) to mock, scoff, rail, jeer,
laugh (at), to banter, deride, scorn, quiz,
ridicule; to trifle (with); *aller Verstellung* —,
to beggar description.

Spötter, (*str.*) *m.* *Spötterin*, (*u.*) *f.*
mockor, derider, scoffer, &c.

Spötterel, (*u.*) *f.* mockery, derision, scoff.

Spott... (*from* *Spott* & *Spotten*), *in*
comp. —gebilde, *n.* caricature; —gebot, *n.* ex-
ceedingly low offer; —geburf, *f.* (*Götter*,
Faust I, 16:) be —geburf von Derr und Herr:
thou vile abortion of flesh and fire! (*schon*
dem Ritters, 2); —gebilde, *n.* satire, satirical
poem; —geist, *m. see* *Spöttler*; —geistes,
n. mocking laughter; —geld, *n. coll.* very low
price, trifling sum, trifle; um ein —geld kaufen,
to have at (or to buy a thing) a dead bar-
gain; um ein —geld verkaufen, to sell at ruin-
ous or under-price (wares).

Spöttel, (*u.*) *f.* *Spöttel*, *adj.* mocking, scoff-
ing, &c. *f.* *Spöttler*; *ironical*, scornful, dis-
dainful.

Spott... (*from* *Spott* & *Spotten*), *in*
comp. —lich, *n.* satirical air or song; —lob,
n. ironical praise; —lust, *f.* love of ridicule
or bantering, mocking spirit; —lustig, *adj.*
fond of ridicule or bantering; —mal, *n. coll.*
see *Spöttler*; —nachbildung, —nachbildung,
f. ridiculous imitation, parody; —name, *n.* nick-
name, sobriquet; —perle, *m. see* —geld; —rebe,
f. irony; —schiff, *f.* satire, lampoon; —schiff

Reiter, *m.* satirist; —sprache, *f.* ironical lan-
guage; irony; —vogel, *m.* 1) *Ornith.* mock-
ing-bird (—broffel); 2) *Ag.* quizzor, quiz, mock-
er; —weise, *adv.* mockingly, ironically, in
derision; —wenig, *adj.* very little; —witz, *m.*
sarcasm; —witsell, *see* —bittig.

Sprach... (*from* *Sprache*), *in comp.* —
ähnlichkeit, *f.* analogy of language; —arm,
adj. poor in words; —armut(h), *f.* poverty of
words; —bau, *m.* constitution of a language;
—bote, *m.* speaker in a board of artisans.

Sprache, (*u.*) *f.* 1) speech; utterance; 2)
delivery, voice, **,* accents; 3) language,
tongue; 4) dialect; 5) mode of speech, style,
diction, parlance; etwas zur — bringen, to
make (something) a subject of conversation,
to bring under discussion, to introduce, start,
or broach, *coll.* to bring up (a subject); zur
— kommen, to be made the subject of conver-
sation, &c. to be spoken of, discussed, or ex-
amined; mit der — nicht heraus weilen, to
mince matters; er wollte mit der — nicht her-
aus, he would not speak out; heraus mit der
—! out with it! speak out!

Sprach... (*from* *Sprache*), *in comp.* —
eigenschaft, —eigenschaftlichkeit, *f.* peculiarity
of language, idiom, idiosyncrasy; —fähig,
adj. capable of speaking, of having a language;
—fähigkeit, *f.* 1) faculty of speech, power of
utterance; 2) faculty, talent for languages;
—fehler, *m. coll.* parist; —fehler, *m.* incon-
gruity of speech; grammatical fault or error;
slip of the tongue; —fenster, *n.* grate, lat-
tice-window (in a nursery); —fertigkeit, *f.*
volubility, gift for languages; —fertigkeit,
m. linguist, philologist; —forschung, —gelehr-
samkeit, *f.* philology; —gebrauch, *m.* usage
or custom of a language; —gelehrte, *m.*
grammarian, philologist, linguist; —gemeng-
tel, —gemischt, *n.* mixture or con-
fusion of languages; —genie, *n.* one who has
the gift of languages; —gesetz, *n.* law or rule
of speech; law or rule of a language; —ge-
wölbe, *n.* vaulted building constructed for
acoustic purposes; —gitter, *n. see* —fenster;
—grübel, *f.* hypercriticism in language; —
häufel, *n. see* *für* *Abtritt* 2, 33); —karte, *f.* map
of languages; —künstler, *m.* person thoroughly
acquainted with a language, grammarian,
linguist; —kenntnis, —kunde, *f.* philology,
philological or grammatical learning or
knowledge, linguistics; —kundig, *adj.* learned
in grammar; versed in languages or philo-
logy; —kundige, *m.* philologist, linguist;
grammarian; —kunst, —lehre, *f.* grammar;
science of languages; —lehrer, *m.* 1) gram-
marian; 2) teacher of a language.

Sprachlich, *adj.* relating to language, lin-
gual; [*—*] Verwandtschaft, lingual affinity.

Sprachlos, *I. adj.* speechless; *II. S-f-*
feit, (*u.*) *f.* speechlessness, loss of speech.

Sprach... (*from* *Sprache*), *in comp.* —
mäßig, *adj.* conforming (*adv.* conformably) to
the genius, or rules of a language, *f.* —richtig;
—mischer, *m. see* —lehrer; —mischer, *m.* person
that introduces foreign words into a language;
—mischung (*Grimes*, *WB.* XVIII), —misch-
gerät, —mischerel, *f.* the (act or practice of)
introducing foreign words into a language,
confounding of language; —mischerel, *m.* neo-
logist; —mischung, *f.* 1) neology; 2) neo-
logism; —organ, *n.* organ of speech; —reife,
see —richtig; —reife, *f. see* —geleit; —reife-
richtigkeit, *f.* purity of language; —reife-
richtig, *m.* purist; —reife-richtig, *f.* act of purifying
a language; —reife-richtigkeit, *f.* purism; —rich-
tig, *adj.* correct in language, grammatical;
—richtigkeit, *f.* correctness of speech, gram-
matical correctness; —reife, *n.* —reife, *f.*
Arum. speaking-trumpet; speaking-tube,
speaking-pipe; acoustic instrument; *Arum.*
—reife, *Ag.* to be a person's mouth-piece;

—reife, *m.* 1) richness or fund of a lan-
guage; 2) (*title of a comprehensive lexicographi-
cal, or similar work*) treasury, storehouse, re-
pository; —reife, *m.* grammatical blunder,
solecism; —reife, *f.* school of languages;
—reife, *adj.* talkative; —reife, *m.* —reife, *n.*
gift of tongues; —reife, *m.* tribe or stock
of languages; —reife, *n.* linguistic study;
—reife, *adj.* linguistic; —reife, *m. see*
—reife; —reife, *f.* grammatical exercise;
—reife-richtig, *f.* barbarism; —reife-richtig, *m.*
instruction in a language; —reife-richtig, *m.*
reformer of a language; —reife-richtig, *f.*
reforming of a language; —reife-richtig, *m.*
corruptor of a language; —reife-richtig, *n. see*
—fähigkeit, 1; —reife-richtig, *f.* 1) or —reife-
richtig, *see* —mischerel; 2) *see* —mischerel;
—reife, *f.* manner of speaking, dialect, idiom;
—reife, *n.* organ of speech; —reife, *adj.*
contrary to the rules of a language, ungram-
matical; —reife-richtig, *f.* science of lan-
guage, philology; —reife, *m.* parlor.

Sprang, (*str.*) *m.* (*I. u.*) shower of rain.
Sprang, (*str.*) *m.* *f.* *Mar.* small channel
(*Tricht*, 1).

Sprang, (*str.*) *m.* (*Ordn.* I. u.) *see* *Spreng*.
Sprangart, (*u.*) *f.* mode of speech, man-
ner of speaking; dialect.

Sprangbar, *adj.* 1) utterable, pronounce-
able; 2) to be spoken with or soon, visible.

Sprangca, (*str.*) *v. I. intr. & tr.* 1) to speak;
to talk (mit *etwas*, to one); 2) to say; *ist* *der*
Witz, von welchem Sie sprechen? is that
the man you were speaking of? *nicht* *ist* *mit*
etwas zu — sein, to bear one ill-will, or a
grudge; *der* *Witz* spricht und ihm, dir &c., it
is the wine that speaks in him, you, &c.; *der*
Spricht *ist* für seine Unfluth, this goes far
to prove his innocence; gut oder nicht zu
— sein, to be well or ill humoured; er läßt
mit *ist* —, 1. he is easy to be spoken to, he is
easy of access; 2. he listens to reason;
he is open to a bargain (*f.* *Handeln* I.);
ist *er* zu —? is he disengaged? *er* *ist* *nicht*
zu —, he is not to be seen (spoken to);
ist *bin* für *Witz* zu —, I am at home to
none; in einer Sache —, to speak, to give
one's opinion on a matter; — Sie mit
(zu) mir oder mit (zu) meinem Bruder? do
you speak to me, or to my brother? *ist*
nicht mit *einander*, they are not on speaking
terms; wir sprechen über verschiedene *Sprach-
punkte*, we talked upon several subjects; *ist*
werde morgen mit einem berühmten *Sprach-
lehrer* —, I shall speak to a celebrated artist
about it to-morrow; man spricht fast davon,
it is a thing much talked of; die ganze Stadt
spricht davon, it is the talk of the whole
town; man spricht nicht davon, there is no
talk of it; es spricht nicht zu *etwas* *Witz*,
it does not argue in his favour; man spricht
—, to appeal to the heart; man spricht *ist*
ist, strikingly like; ein *Witz* —, to say
prayers; ein *Witz* —, to give, pass, or pro-
nounce sentences; frei, los, *ist* *ist*, *see*
Freisprechen, *Freisprechen*, *Freisprechen*.

II. red. ist *ist* —, to talk till one is
tired; *ist* *um* den *Witz* —, to lose one's head
(*ist*) for talking too freely; es spricht *ist*
ist, it becomes common talk; ein *ist*
ist, a striking likeness or resemblance.

Sprangca, (*str.*) *m.* *Sprangca*, (*u.*) *f.*
speaker.

Sprang..., *in comp.* —gang, *m.* *Mar.*
reitative; —kunde, *f.* speaking-hour; after-
noon; —lust, *f.* *see* *Reife-richtig*; —lust, *n.*
see *Reife-richtig*; —lust, *m.* parlor.

Spre, (*u.*) *f.* 1) *Vol.* malanders; 2)
(*or* *Spre*, *Spre*) *provinc.* starting
(*Start*, 1).

Spre, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) shower;
splint, stick, chip; b) prop; c) ladder-step.

round; 2) *Mar.* small wainscot; 3) *Sport.* antler.

Sprei'hein, Sprei'hen, (w.) v. intr. provinc. 1) to gallop off; 2) *see* Spricgen; 3) *see* Sprigen.

Sprei'f... in comp. —feber, *f. Horol.* spring (in a clock) to stop the rapid motion of the wheels; —fäßen, *m. T.* hook for drawing the coals out of a charcoal-kiln.

Sprei't, (str.) n. see Sprict; —bede, *f. provinc.* coverlet, counterpane.

Sprei'te, (w.) f. the state of being spread; *anf der — liegen,* to be spread out (of flax).

Sprei'tein, (w.) v. intr. see Spreigen.

Sprei'ten, (w.) v. tr. to spread, extend.

Sprei't... in comp. —garn, *n. fahing-net*; —lage, *f. layer* (of earth); —legel, *n. see* Sprickeleg; (2) stretcher.

Sprei'ze, (w.) f. I. T. prop. shore, stay; **Sprei'zen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1)** to spread open, spread asunder; to sprawl out; to skower; 2) to stretch open; die Füße auseinander —, to take strides, to stride; 3) to prop, shore; *II. v. 1)* to sprawl (one's self) out; to strut; 2) *see* Strüben; 3) *(with mit)* to boast (of), to plume one's self (on).

Sprei'zheiz, (str.) pl. S-hölzer *n.* brace.

Sprei'zig, adj. 1) stretching, spreading; 2) boasting, bragging.

Spreng'arbeit, (w.) f. Min. the operation of shooting and blasting. *[blown up.]*

Spreng'bar, adj. that may be burst or **Spreng...** in comp. —(bohr)loch, *n. Min.* blast-hole (Bohrloch); —büchse, *f. Gewehr.* potard; —büschel, *m. see* webel; —draht, *n. Chem.* neck-breaker. *[ac.]*

Spreng'e, (w.) f. the (act of) sprinkling **Spreng'eisen, (str.) n.** Glass-m. &c. crack-ing-ring. (2) diocese, district.

Spreng'el, (str.) m. 1) sprinkling-mop;

Spreng'en, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to make (one) run about; b) to spring, start (game); *einander —, to disperse;* 2) a) to cause to burst, to cause to break; to burst open; to spring, blow up, blast (a rock), to discharge (a mine); to force (a door); b) T. to crack (glass); 3) to sprinkle, scatter, water; 4) T. die gesprengte Brücke, girder-bridge; die gebängte und gesprengte Brücke, strut-and-truss-framed bridge (*c.f.* Sprengwerk); einen Ball im Bilde —, to spring a ball; ein Pferd über einen Graben —, to dash or leap a horse over a ditch; die Bank (im Spiele) —, to break the bank; *II. intr. 1)* (aux. *sein*) to gallop; to ride full speed, to dash; to leap; 2) (aux. *haben*) to sprinkle, &c.; gesprengt, *p. a. Herald.* spread (wings, &c.).

Spreng'... (from Sprengen), in comp. —fäß, *m.* sprinkling tub; —gabel, *f. Lock-sm.* forked turn-screw; —geschloß, *n.* explosive missile; —glas, *n.* anaclastic-glass; —graben, *m.* —grube, *f. mine*; —gräber, *m.* miner, pioneer; —kanne, *f. see* Gießkanne; 2; —karren, *m.* sprinkling-machine; —keffel, *m. Rom.* Osh. holy water-pot; —kiste, *f.* powder-chest; —kiste, *f. Glass-m., &c.* cracking-coal; —kiste, *m. see* —trichter; —kugel, *f.* bomb, shell, potard; —ladung, *f.* ammunition or charge for blasting; —loch, *n. see* —bohrloch; —maschine, *f.* machine used in blasting; —maß, *f.* thin scattered mat for hogs in a forest; —M., *n. Chem.* nitroglycerine; —mischel, *m. 1)* sprinkling-brush; 2) Book-d. marbling-brush; —pulver, *n.* blasting- or miner's powder; —rakete, *f. Mil.* Congreve-rocket; —schuß, *m.* (blasting)-shot; —stein, *m. pl.* blasted stones; —strich, *f. Archit.* strut-(beam), strut-brace; —tisch, *n. potard*; —tonne, *f.* powder-barrel; —trichter, *m.* rose of a watering-pot.

Spreng'ung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) sprinkling, &c.; a springing, blowing up, explosion; 2) *Build.* (rines Sprengwerk) camber.

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Spreng'... (from Sprengen), in comp. —wage, *f.* splinter-bar (of a carriage); —wagen, *m. see* —karren; —wasser, *n. 1)* water for sprinkling; 2) *see* Weihwasser; —webel, *m.* sprinkling brush, sprinkle; —wert, *n. Carp., &c.* strut-frame; —wisch, *w.* sprinkling-mop.

Spreng'el, (str.) m. 1) Sport. springe, snare, gin, noose; 2) speckle, spot; —bein, *n. 1)* crooked leg; 2) bandy legs.

Spreng'elleg, adj. party-coloured, speckled, spotted; pied.

Spreng'elst, (w.) v. tr. to speckle, spot; *gesprinkeltes Papier,* splash-paper.

Spreng'e, (str.) m., Spreng'ze, (w.) f. merlin (Merl).

Spreng, s. I. f. chaff; II. in comp. —artig.

Spreng'ig, adj. chaffy; Bot. paleaceous; —rüßig, *pl. ramenta*; —rüßig, *adj.* ramentaceous; —rüßig, *n. palea*; —rüßig, *adj.* paleaceous; —rüßig, *f. Bot.* chaff-wood (*Xanthoxylum L.*); —regen, *m.* drizzling rain; —sack, *m.* chaff-bag; straw-bod; —stein, *m. Miner.* paranthine, scapolite; —tragen, *adj. Bot.* paleaceous, chaffy.

Spreng'wort, (str.) pl. S-wörter *n.* proverb, adage, by-word, saying; apophthegm;

Spreng'wörter in Bilde (S-wörter-Aufführ-en, —Spiel, *n.*), acting of charades.

Spreng'würst, adj. proverbial.

Spreng'el, (str.) m. provinc. spot, speckle.

Spreng'el, (str.) m. T. 1) hoop, tilt; 2) reop-work of a wall or ceiling.

Spreng'eln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tilt, to provide with tilts; 2) *see* Berühren.

Spreng'el..., in comp. —tuch, n. tilt, awning; —wagen, *m.* tilt wagon.

Spreng'el, (w.) f. see Spricze.

Spreng'el, (str.) m. 1) *see* Spric; 2) Sport. antler.

Spreng'en, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to sprout, shoot, germinate, spring up.

Sprict, (str.) n. Mar-s. aprit; in comp. —bloß, m., —hölz, n. sheet-block; —legel, *n.* sprit-sail; —tan, *n.* sprit-sail rope; —wurf, *f.* futtock-staff.

Spring, (str.) m. 1) spring; gush (of water); 2) *Mar-s.* sheer of a ship's deck; — auf dem Anterfang, spring; ein Schiff das viel — hat, a round-sheered ship; ein Schiff mit nicht zu viel —, a moon-sheered ship; ein Schiff mit zu wenig —, a strait-sheered ship; 3) *see* Springflut.

Spring... (from Spring, s. & Springen, v.), in comp. —anker, *m.* a hedger or small anchor; —ast, *m. & n. 1)* cork-tumbler; 2) *Bot. provinc.* may-lily (Maiblume); —becken, *n.* basin of a fountain; —beine, *pl. Entom.* saltatory legs (hind-legs) of insects; —bod, *m. Zool.* springer antelope, spring-buck (*Antelope eurhæa* Forster); —bret, *n.* spring-board; —brunnen, *m.* (artificial) fountain, well-spring, jet.

Spring'en, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein & haben) 1) to leap, jump, skip, spring, to vault (on a horse, &c.); to bound; — und aus-schlagen, to plunge (of horses); 2) to spout, gush, issue (from a fountain); 3) to burst, crack, break suddenly, to chap; to snap, break (as a string, &c.); 4) to copulate, cover (said of certain animals); *dem Pferde —, to leap from a horse, to alight; in die Augen —, 1.* to strike the eye; 2. *fig.* to be obvious; — müssen, *fig. coll.* to be lost, to go, to fall; — lassen, 1. to set (a water-work) going; to play (the water); 2. to spring (a mine); 3. coll. to spend; über die Klinge — lassen, to put to the sword; der s-be Punct, salient point.

Spring'er, (str.) m. (E-in, [w.] f.) 1) leaper, jumper; *cont.* hopper; 2) *Gam.* knight (at chess); 3) *Mammal.* *see* Braunfisch & Del-

phin, 1; 4) *see* Springmaus; 5) *see* Spring-made; 6) *see* Springhengst, Springochs; 7) sheep affected with the staggers; 8) *see* Fuß-schellen, Hantelschelle.

Spring'erel, (w.) f. cont. the (act or practice of) leaping, jumping, &c.

Spring'... (from Springen), in comp. —faden, *m.* glass-thread hardened in cold water; —feber, *f.* elastic spring; —fisch, *m. Ichth.* a kind of flying-fish (*Exocoetus exilis* Bl.); —flut, *f.* spring-tide; —fuß, *m. Nat.* foot for leaping, saltatory foot; —garn, *n. see* —wand; —glas, *n.* anaclastic glass; —gurte, *f. see* Geselegurte; —hater, *m.* stallion-oats; —hahn, *m. provinc.* *see* Grashüpfer; —hase, *m. Zool.* jumping-hare (*Podiceps caper* Pall.); —hengst, *m.* stallion; —hölzer, *n. pl.* Woar, &c. jacks; —hufsch, *m. coll.* a giddy fellow, touch-and-go; romp, hoiden; —läufer, *m. Entom.* leaping beetle, elater (*Elaüs L.*); —selben, *m.* Bologna-phial; —türmer, *pl. Pharm.* seeds of caper-spurge, the less cataputia seeds; —traft, *f.* elasticity; —träftig, *adj.* elastic; —traut, *n. Bot. 1)* caper-spurge (*Euphorbia Lathyrus L.*); 2) touch-me-not (*Impatiens noli tangere L.*); 3) castor-oil plant (*Ricinus communis L.*); —fresse, *f. Bot.* hairy lady's-smock (*Cardamine hirsuta L.*); —fürb, *m. see* —gurte; —taust, *f.* art of vaulting or leaping; —labe, *f. Org.* wind-chest (Wind-lade); —lute, *f. Mar.* (cap-)mutter; —made, *f. 1)* *Entom.* jumper (Räufmabe); 2) *Helminth.* maw-worm, thread-worm (*Ascaris vermicularis L.*); —maus, *f. Zool.* jumping-mouse (*Jerboa, Dipus sagitta* Gm.); —sch, *m.* bull kept for breeding; —stern, *n. see* —hengst; —quell, *m. see* —quelle, *f.* fountain, spring, well; —ratte, *f. see* —maus; —röhre, *f.* jet-pipe (of a fountain); —rutsche, *f.* a kind of fox-trap; —same, *m. see* —traut; —schärmer, *n. T.* jump-point; —schloß, *n.* spring-lock; —schwang, *m. Entom.* spring-tail (*Podura L.*); —seil, *n.* skipping-rope; —stod, *m.* leaping-pole; poy; *Mar-s.* —stopp, *m.* stirrup; —tan, *n.* spring; —thier, *n. see* —hase; —wand, *f. Sport.* leap-net; —wanze, *f. Entom.* leaping-bug (*Halticus pallicornis F.*); —wasser, *n.* spring-water; water-pout; —weide, *f. Bot.* crack-willow (*Bruchweide*); —wurm, *m. Helminth.* thread-worm, maw-worm (*Oxyuris vermicularis L.*); —wurzel, *f. Bot. 1)* *see* —traut, 1; 2) tufted horse-shoe-velch (*Hippocrepis comosa L.*); —zelt, *f. 1)* *see* —flut; 2) coupling-time.

Spring, see Spreng.

Spritz, (str.) m. see Spiritus.

Spritz'... (from Spritzen), in comp. —bad, *n. see* Douche(bad); —bewurf, *m. Mar.* rough-cast (of a wall); —bret, *n.* splash- or dash-board; —büchse, *f.* syringe of wood, squirt.

Spritz'e, (w.) f. 1) syringe, squirt; 2) (fire-) engine; 3) *see* Spritzfahrt.

Spritz'eln, (w.) v. intr. to spurt, sputter.

Spritz'en, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. sein) to squirt; *II. tr. & intr. (aux. haben)* 1) a) to squirt; to spurt (spurt), spout, spatter, splutter; die Feder hatte (beim Schreiben) gespreizt, the pen had spluttered (in writing); b) to spatter, sprinkle; 2) *Med.* to inject, syringe; 3) (of engines) to play.

Spritz'... in comp. —arbeiter, *m.* fire-man; —haus, *n.* engine-house; —leiste, *pl.* firemen, fire-engine-workers; —macher, *m.* fire-engine-maker; —mann, *m.* fireman; —meister, *m.* inspector of fire-engines, engineer; foreman of a party of firemen; —röhre, *f.* tube or pipe of a fire-engine; —schlauch, *m.* hose.

Spritz'... (from Spritzen), in comp. —schr, *f. Stud. slang.* a drive out in the country (for convivial purposes); —sch, *m. Ichth.* a species of squamipennis (*Chelmon rostratus L.*); —sch, *m.* splash; —sch, *n. see*

—tuch; —gurte, *f.* see *Heisegurte*; —lauge, *f.* watering-pot; —luch, *m.* spouted cake, fritter; —leber, *m.* splashing or splash-leather (of a coach); —loch, *n.* see *Viaseloch*; —mittel, *n.* injection; clyster; —nabel, *f.* vermicelli; —röhren, *n.* pipe of a clyster; —röhre, *f.* 1) syringe; 2) *Nal.* nostril (of dolphins, &c.); —wall, *m.* see *Stirnflügel*; —wedel, sprinkling-brush; —wurf, *m.* see —demurf; —wurm, *m.* *Rehin*, tube-worm, tubular holothure (*Holothuria tubulosa* L.).

Espröck, (*str.*) *m.* *Entom.* cado-worm; —aas, *n.* *Entom.* may-fly (*Röcherfliege*); —(el)weide, *Espröckel* or *Espröckelweide*. *f.* see *Springweide*.

Espröck, *i. adj.* 1) brittle; hard, inflexible; dry; chapped (skin, lips); 2) *fig.* cold, reserved; shy, coy, demure; stubborn; II. *f.* 1) (*decl. like adj.*) coy, demure person; prude; 2) (*n.*) for *Espröckteit*. [phureous lead.]

Espröck, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* striated sal-*Espröckteit* (*l. n.* *Espröckteit*), (*n.*) *f.* 1) brittleness; *fig.* 2) disobliging behaviour, reserve; 3) coyness, demureness, prudery.

A. Esproß, (*str.*) *m.*, *Espresse*, (*w.*) *m.* & *f.* 1) *Bot.* sprig, shoot, sprout; 2) *fig.* scion, offspring, descendant; 3) *Sport.* antler, see *Enbt*, 2, b.

B. Esproß, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) step, spar, round (of a ladder), rundle; b) peg (of a peg-ladder); c) bar, rung (of the beam of a wind-mill); d) rundle (of a cart-rack); 2) *Join.*, &c. small cross-bar (of a window-frame) between the panes, *cf.* *fensterprosse*, *fensterreuz*; 3) freckle (*Commerzprosse*).

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to sprout, shoot, spring, bud, germinate, burgeon; 2) *fig.* to spring, descend from.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —bler, *n.* *Brew.* spruce-beer; —bildung, *f.* *Physiol.*, *Bot.*, or *Zool.* gemiparous reproduction; —essen, *f.* spruce-wine; *Bot.* —flügel, *f.* hemlock-spruce (*Abies Canadensis* L.); —lohl, *m.* sprouts; —neße, *f.* profliferous pink (*Dianthus proflifer* L.); —taune, *f.* see —fichte.

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* (*Espresse* vögel, *m.*) Hungarian nightingale, great nightingale, bastard-nightingale, philomel (*Luciola philonela* Bochart.); 2) *Sport.* stag with antlers; 3) *Bot.* stolon. [form.]

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *Gramm.* derivative *Espresse*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sprout, shoot; 2) *fig.* descendant, scion.

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.* see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *Ichth.* sprat (*Clupea sprattus* Cuv.).

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* black shining lead-ore; sulphurated lead.

Espresse, (*str.*) *pl.* *Espresse* *m.* 1) sentence, decree, judgment (of a judge), award, *cf.* *Urtheil*; 2) (short, pithy, and instructive) saying, sententious maxim, apophthegm; adage, motto; passage (from the Bible, &c.); *ein* — thun, to give, pass, or pronounce sentence; *jum* — *et* sehen, to be at issue.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —büch, *n.* see *Espresse*; —collegium; —buch, *n.* book of sentences; —collegium, *n.* court of arbitration; —büch, *n.* *gnomic* poet.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Espresse*; *cf.* *Espresselein* [*Espresselein*]) short sentence, short (moral) saying, precept, maxim; aphorism.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —flügel, *adj.* competent; —fertig, *adj.* *Law.* ready for judgment to be passed; —gelt, *n.* fee for passing an award; —gang, *m.* anthem.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* *Espresse* (*Schiller*, *Wall.* *Lager*, 8), (*str.*) *n.* * for *Espresselein*.

Espresse, (*str.*) *adj.* sententious, aphoristic, see *Espresse*.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —mann, *m.* †, umpire, arbiter; —mäßig, *adj.* sententious,

apophthegmatical; —reich, *adj.* sententious; —weise, *adv.* in the manner of sentences;

—weiser, *m.* concordance to the bible.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.* 1) fountain, well; 2) one of the hot wells at Carlsbad; —bad, *n.* *Med.* showerbath. —*Espresse*, *adj.* bubbling, spouting. —*Espresse*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Espresse* *m.* hotbrained person. —*Espresse*, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* 1) to bubble, spout; 2) *fig.* to flow, gush; *in* *Espresse* —, (*intr.* & *tr.*) to sputter.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —quelle, *f.* bubbling fountain; —stein, *m.* *Minor.* thermal tuff, aragonite.

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.* spatterer, splutterer.

Espresse, (*m.*) see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* sparkling eye.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to fly out in small particles, to fly out in sparks; to sparkle, beam; to drizzle (of rain); II. *tr.* 1) to sprinkle or scatter in small drops, to sputter; 2) *fig.* to beam, dart, sparkle; *Ich* —, to scatter death, to shower destruction.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.*, *Espresse*, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* *drinking* rain.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *drinking* rain.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *drinking* rain. 1) spring, leap, jump, skip, bound; vault; 2) *flaw*, chink, crack; chap; *ein* — haben, to be flawed (of a bottle, &c.); 3) the (act of) coupling (said of certain animals); *jum* — lassen, to let cover; 4) *Sport.* hind-legs of a hare; *ein* — *Rehe*, a bery of roes; 5) *Mar.* bunt (of a sail); 6) *Min.* bar, fault, see *Berwertung*; — *ins* *Sengende*, upcast (dyke, slip, fault), upthrow, rise-dyke, riser; — *ins* *Riege*, downcast (dyke, slip, fault), downthrow; *Springe* machen, 1. to leap, gambol; 2. *fig.* see *Espresse*, II.; *nicht* viel *Springe* machen können, *fig.* coll. to be forced to keep within bounds; *ein* — thun, to take a leap; *coll.* a. auf dem *E* *sehen*, to be ready, to be on the point; *in* vollem *E*, at full speed; *hinter* *Ein* (or *Ein*) auf die *Springe* kommen, to discover one's tricks or pranks; auf seine alten *Springe* kommen, to return to one's former courses; *Ein* auf die *Springe* helfen, to assist one (particular one's memory); die *Reise* haben *ein* großen — gemacht, prices have taken a sudden rise.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —bein, *n.* *Anat.* aling-bone, first bone of the foot, ankle-bone, astragalus; —flügel, *f.* a kind of trout-fishing; —flut, *f.* see *Espresse*; —geleit, *n.* hock (of horses); —riemen, *m.* martingale; —röhre, *f.* see *Springröhre*; —weise, *adv.* by bounds, leaps; *fig.* abruptly.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *Espresse*, see *Espresse*, *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* coll. spittle (*Speichel*).

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* & *intr.* coll. to spit; *Espresse*, *Espresse*, *m.* spittoon, spit.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* see *Espresse*. [ling-box.]

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.* 1) apparition, hobgoblin, ghost, spectre; 2) coll. a) noise, confusion, hubbub, bustle, uproar; b) difficulty; quarrel; c) trick.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* *impers.* 1) to haunt, to be haunted; 2) to create a disturbance; to make a noise; *es* *pußt* im *Hause*, the house is haunted; *es* *pußt* in *seinem* *Kopfe*, he is not quite right in his head. —*Espresse*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) apparition of hobgoblins; 2) see *Espresse*, 2.

Espresse, (*str.*) *adj.* ghost-like.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —geleit, *f.* a goblin-story, story of apparitions; —stunde, *f.* hour of witchery (*Skeps.* witching time), midnight hour, ghost-hour.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —bad, *f.* *Spinn.* cattee; —baum, *m.* spindle-tree; —braut, *m.* T. spool-wire.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Spinn.* spool, bobbin; *pin*; 2) quill.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* 1) place, tub, &c. where things are rinsed; 2) see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* *Spinn.* spindle (*Teil*).

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* to (wind upon a) spool.

Espresse, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to wash (bottles with shot, &c.); to rinse; to cleanse (wool); 2) to wave, undulate; to wash.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —geleit, *n.* —leiter, *f.* reel; —lade, *f.* —register, *n.* velvet maker's oblong frame; —maschine, see *Espresse*.

Espresse, (*str.*) *m.*, *Spinn.* 1) (*Espresse*, *str.*) *m.*, *Spinn.* 1) spooler, winder; 2) reel.

Espresse, (*str.*) *pl.* *Espresse* *n.* rinsing-tub; rinsing-coop; swirl-tub.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —formig, *adj.* spool-shaped; *Anat.* lumbrical (muscle); —fest, *n.* *Wapp.* yappet; —jung, *m.* quill-boy; —korb, *m.* bobbin or spool-basket; —mähne, *n.* —

franz, *f.* spooler, winder, windster; —ma-
schine, *f.* winding or jack-frame; (*für* *Kamm-
wolle*) bobbin-frame; —rad, *n.* spooling-
wheel; bobbin-wheel; —röhre, *n.* —mähle,
f. alk-reel; —rahmen, *m.* reel; —rad, *n.* *Spinn.* *bobbin*-reel or pipe; —spindel, *f.* spindle of a spool; —winde, *f.* see —rad; —wurm, *m.* *Helminth.* ascaris, the long round-worm.

large mawworm, lumbricoid ascaris or worm (*Ascaris lumbricoides* L.).

Espresse..., *in comp.* —franz, *f.* scullion; —geleit, *n.* rinsing-vessel; —geleit, *f.* see —fest; —haber, *m.* dish-clout; —honey, *m.* honey running out on breaking the comb.

Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* 1) swirl, draft, wash (*Drummetinspülung*); 2) dish-wash, dish-water, pot-liquor, slops (*pl.*); —cimeter, *m.* —fest, *n.* slop-pail.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —franz, *f.* scullion; —geleit, *n.* rinsing-vessel; —geleit, *f.* see —fest; —haber, *m.* dish-clout; —honey, *m.* honey running out on breaking the comb.

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Espresse, (*str.*) *n.* 1) swirl, draft, wash (*Drummetinspülung*); 2) dish-wash, dish-water, pot-liquor, slops (*pl.*); —cimeter, *m.* —fest, *n.* slop-pail.

Espresse..., *in comp.* —franz, *f.* scullion; —geleit, *n.* rinsing-vessel; —geleit, *f.* see —fest; —haber, *m.* dish-clout; —honey, *m.* honey running out on breaking the comb.

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bung-saw; —flüd, n. bung-stave; —flefe, f. gauge of the bilge of a cask; —voll, adj. chock-full; up to the bung-hole; —wand, f. —wert, n. sheet-piling, cofferdam; *Mün.* piling. **Spun** dung, (w.) f. 1) rabbit; a fluting, grooving (made with the plough-plane); 2) see *Scripbundung*, 2.

Spunb' ..., in comp. —japfen, m. stopple, bung; —jichter, m. bung-pick.

Spür, (w.) f. 1) trace, track, footstep; *Sport.* scent; 2) vestige, mark, sign; 3) track of a wheel, rut; 4) T. gutter; furrow; 5) *Mar.* step (of a mast); nicht die geringste —, not the slightest vestige or fam. ghost; (Einen) auf die — kommen, to come upon the track, to find out; to obtain a clue (von, to); der — nachgehen, to track; die — verfolgen haben, to be at fault; auf die — bringen, to put (the bounds, &c.) on the scent; Einen auf der — bringen, to put (one) on a wrong track, to mislead (one) in his pursuit, to put at fault.

Spuren, (w.) v. I. intr. see *Spüren*; II. tr. *Med.* to concentrate.

Spüren, (w.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to trace, track, hunt, to follow by the scent; 2) *fig.* to perceive, to feel; to smell, scent.

Spürer, (str.) m. see *Spürhund*.

Spürerei, (w.) f. *coll.* espionage.

...spurig, adj. in comp. with (a certain number of) tracks or lines.

Spür ..., in comp. —Stene, f. *Bee.* har-binger-bee; —ei, n. wind-egg; —elfen, (str.) n. T. crooked knife for cutting the furrow in the hearth of a forge; —gang, m. track; —herd, m. T. hearth of a forge; —höhe, f. *Reise.* height of ledge; —franz, m. flange (of a wheel); —fayfer, n. metallic grain; —leiste, f. *Reise.* standard-gauge.

Spurlos, adj. without leaving any traces; trackless.

Spur ..., in comp. —nagel, m. see *Leit-nagel*; —pferd, n. wheel-horse; —ritt, m. beating for game on horseback; —schmet, m. fresh-fallen snow; —ftein, m. *Mün.* typolite; —weite (der Schienen), f. gauge, width (of a railway-bed); —weise, n. see *Spurmanns*; —japfen, m. pivot.

Spür ..., in comp. —eifer, m. zeal for investigating (intricate questions), searching zeal, spirit of inquiry; —gang, m. the (act of) tracing, &c., quest of game; —hengst, m. see *Spürhengst*; —hund, m. 1) blood-hound, liner, setter; terrier; 2) *fig.* spy; —frucht, f. —flur, m. sagacity; —nase, f. 1) scenting or tracking nose; 2) *coll.* prying fellow; —schmet, m. fresh fallen snow; —schwalbe, f. see *Spürschwalbe*.

Spürgel, *Spür*gel, (str.) m. see *Spurf.*

Spurre, (w.) f. *Bot.* a species of chick-wood (*Holostium umbellatum* L.).

Spürten, (w.) v. refl. *coll.* to make haste (sich Eilen).

Spürten, (w.) v. intr. (+ &) *provinc.* to Et. intr. hush! hush! peace! cf. *St!*

Star, (str.) m. I. *Ornith.* starling (*Sturnus vulgaris* L.); II. *Med.* a disease of the eye: 1) (der graue) cataract; 2) (der grüne) glaucoma; 3) (der schwarze) amaurosis, drop serena, gutta serena, incurable blindness; 4) (der weiße) leucoma, albugo; 5) (der falsche or häutige) membranous cataract; (Einem) den — schen, 1. to crouch the cataract; 2. *coll.* to tell (one) the truth, to undecieve.

Star (I. & II.) ..., in comp. —ange, n. eye blind with the cataract; —ängig, —blind, adj. blind with a cataract; —bente, f. see —lesten; —blindegelt, f. blindness from a cataract; —brille, f. spectacles for crouched eyes; —feln, n. film of the cataract; —felsen, n. cataract-book; —lasten, m. wooden box put up for starlings to breed in; —mas, m. *coll.* 1) starling; 2) *fig.* simplotion; one repeat-

ing what others say; —messer, n. cataract-knife; —nadel, f. couching-needle; —operation, f. —flecken, n. couching of the cataract; —flecher, m. coucher, operator for a cataract.

Staat, (irr.: sing. str., pl. w.) m. 1) state; 2) state, pomp, parade, (great) show, flaunt, magnificence; 3) *coll.* finery, dress, accoutrement; einen großen — führen, to live in great state; — mit etwas machen, to make a parade or show of something; zum —, for show.

Staaten ..., in comp. —beschreibung, f. political geography; —bund, m. confederacy of states, union; —flagge, f. *coll.* United States flag; —filder, m. *coll.* would-be-politician; —geschichte, f. history of the principal states; —haus, n. house of states; —kunste, —lehre, f. knowledge of (different) states; —land, n. *Geogr.* Staaten-Land; —system, n. states'-system; —vereln, m. see —bund; —verfassung, f. assembly of the states-general.

Staatlich, adj. 1) *provinc.* (L. G.) showy, ostentatious; 2) *unusual* for *Staatlich*.

Staatlich, adj. pertaining or belonging to, proceeding from, the state-(government).

Staats ..., in comp. —abgaben, f. pl. taxes; —acten, f. pl. public papers; —actien, f. pl. public funds; —amt, n. public office, civil employment; —angehörig, adj. (& s. one) belonging to a state as a citizen or subject; die *St.-en*, pl. *collect.* the community; —angelegenheit, f. concern of the state, state affair; —anleihe, f. government-loan; —annuitäten, pl. public annuities; —anwalt, m. public prosecutor, attorney or solicitor general; —anzeiger, m. government advertiser, gazette; —archiv, n. state paper office; —arme, pl. paupers; —arzneykunste, f. state medicine; —ausgaben, f. pl. public expenditure; —bahn, f. government-railway; —bank, f. national bank; —beamte(te), m. state-official; —bedienungs, f. see —amt; —behörde, f. office of state; —bote, m. state- or government-messenger; —bürger, n. citizen, subject of a state, denizen; —bürgerlich, adj. political, patriotic; —bürgerrecht, n. denization; —calender, m. almanac of state, calendar, red book; —capital, n. see —fonds; —casse, f. exchequer; —credit, m. public credit; —dame, f. 1) lady of honour, lady at court; 2) *iron.* fine lady; —degen, m. a dress-sword, sword of state; —diener, m. see —beamte(te); —dienst, m. public service; —domäne, f. crown-demense, crown-lands; —effekten, pl. public securities or funds; —einkünfte, f. pl. public revenue; —eisenbahn, f. see —bahn; —feierlichheit, f. state-ceremony; —finanzen, pl. finances of a state; —fonds, m. public funds, stocks; —forst, m. statist, politician; —gebäude, n. 1) public building; 2) *fig.* political edifice, state; —gefangene, m. state-prisoner, prisoner of state; —gefangnis, n. state-prison; —geheimnis, n. secret of state; —geheim-schreiber, m. secretary of state; —gelber, n. pl. public money; —geschicht, n. state-affair, business of state; die —geschäfte führen, to manage the affairs of a state; —geschichte, f. (political) history of a state; —geschirr, n. trappings (of horses); —gesetz, n. law of a state, constitutional law; —gewalt, f. political power, authority, executive power; —gewand, n. dress-robe; —glaubiger, m. public creditor; —grund, m. reason of state; —grund-gesetz, n. fundamental law of a state, statute; —grundsatz, m. political maxim; —gut, n. public property; —handbuch, n. see —calender; —hündel, m. pl. political affairs; —haushalt, m. administration of revenue, business of exchequer, finances, public economy; budget; —interesse, n. political interest; —faltenber, see —calender; —fanglei, f. chancery of state; —fänger, m. chancellor of state; —fasse, see —casse; —firche, f. state-church, established

church; —feld, n. 1) dress coat; 2) or —fiel-bung, f. state-dress; —flüg, adj. politic; versed in state affairs; ein —flüger Mann, a politician; —flügheit, f. policy; politics; political wisdom; —flügler, m. would-be-politician; —fürper, m. body politic; —frone, f. crown of state; —funde, f. science which treats of the present formation of states, cf. *Staatenkunde*; —funst, f. science of govern-ment, statesmanship; politics, policy; —funst-ler, m. *coll.* state-monger; —fustche, f. state-coach; —lasten, f. pl. public burdens; —lehre, f. science, theory of states or politics; —lehrer, m. professor of political economy; —lerfcon, n. political dictionary; —list, f. political stratagem; —mann, m. 1) (pl. —männer) politician, statesman; 2) pl. —ente, finely dressed people, people making show or parade; —mannisch, adj. statesmanlike; —maxime, f. a maxim in state; —minister, m. minister (*Am.* secretary) of state; —monopol, n. government-monopoly; —oberhaupt, n. head of a state; —ökonom, m. public or political economist; —ökonomit, f. see —wirth-schaft; —pächter, m. crown farmer; one who farms any branch of the public revenue; —papier, n. 1) state-paper; 2) pl. public funds, stocks, consols; (auf den Inhaber lautende) bonds; —papiere der Vereinigten Staaten, United States bonds, U. S. Government securities; —papiermarkt, m. exchange-list (statement) of the public funds; —papier-handel, m. business in the public funds or stock-exchange; —papierhändler, m. stock-holder; stock-jobber; —perücke, f. court-wig, dress-wig; —pferd, n. state-horse; —quand-sälber, m. *coll.* state-monger; would-be-politician; —rat, m. 1) council of state; privy council; 2) counsellor of state; —rätin, f. lady of a state-counsellor; —rätenthum, f. political arithmetic; —räucher, n. financier; —recht, n. 1) science of states, politics, or government; 2) political law, public law; 3) right of state; —rechtlich, adj. relating to the public law; —rechtsehrer, m. civilian, publicist; —rede, f. deliberative speech; —regel, f. see —grundsatz; —religion, f. religion of a state, state-church; —roman, m. political tale, novel; —ruher, n. helm of the state or government; —sache, f. state-affair; —schatz, m. public treasure, public treasury; —schiff, n. vessel of the state; —schrift, f. state-paper; political writing or pamphlet; —schuld, f. national debt, public debt; fundirte —schulden, public securities, consols; —schulden-silgungscasse, f. sinking-fund; —schuldner, m. debtor of the government; —schutz, m. protection granted by the state; —schwert, n. see —degen; —ferretir, m. secretary of state; —fiegel, m. the great seal; —feld, m. pay of government; —fretsch, m. *Pol.* (*Fr. coup d'état*) stroke of state, state-act; —telegraph, m. government-telegraph; —theoretiker, m. speculative politician; —umwälzung, —veränderung, f. political revolution; —unterhändler, m. diplomatist; —unterhandlung, f. public negotiation; —ursache, f. state reason; —ver-brecher, m. state criminal; —verfassung, f. constitution; government; —verhältniss, n. pl. political relations or respects; —vermögen, n. public property, domains; —verfassung, f. constitutional assembly; —vertrag, m. political treaty; —verwalter, m. administrator, regent, governor; —verwalter, f. admini-stration of the state, government; —verfeh-rung, f. public provision; —wagen, m. state or dress carriage, equipage for state-occasions; —weisheit, f. political wisdom; —wirth, f. pl. political disensions, public disturban-ces or feuds; —wirth, m. political economist, financier; —wirthschaft, f. political economy, administration of the public revenue(s) or

finances of a state; — und Landwirthschaftliche Academie, academy of political and rural economy; — wiffenschaft, *f.* science of states, politics; municipal philosophy; — wiffenschaftlich, *adj.* politico(al), *adv.* politically; — wohl, *n.* — wohlfahrt, *f.* public or common weal or welfare; — zeitung, *f.* state gazette; — glimmer, *n.* room of state.

Stab, (*str.*, *pl.* Stäbe) *m.* 1) staff, stick; rod, wand, verge; *cf.* Commandostab; 2) bar (of metal); rife, Stäbe, stanchions, cross-bars (of a window-grate); 3) (*pl.* Stab, *indecl.*) (a measure of length, varying in different parts of Germany, for manufactured, silk, &c. stuffs:) in Berlin 13½ Ellen; in Frankfurt a.M. 21½ Ellen; on the Rhine, &c. aune; in the Tyrols mines 1 Elle & 3 Querfinger (395 Paris lines); also a cubic measure for wood; 4) Archit. a) (am Säulenfuß) torus; b) (Rund-) astragal; 5) Mil. staff, staff-officers; 6) Typ. templet; der gebrochene — a) Wapp broken staff-work; b) Archit. fret; aufgebender —, Glass. dead mullion; Stäbe eines Schirms, sticks or ribs of an umbrella. &c.; feinen — weiter legen, *fig.* to proceed on one's way; den — über einen, *orig.* über einen Einem [& still so construed], referring to the ancient custom of the judge breaking a wand over the head of the condemned criminal; sometimes with the Dat., see below) brechen, 1. to pronounce sentence of death (on); 2. *fig.* to judge harshly (of), condemn; sich selbst den — brechen, to pronounce one's own sentence; da mir (für, über mich) der — gebrochen ist (Stille, Tasse 5, 5), since my doom is sealed (Stenogr.).

Stäb..., *in comp.* — alge, *f.* Bot. bacillaria (Bacillaria Gmel.); — ammel, *f.* see Ringammel; — blit, *n.* see Karmischel; — blis, *n.* Mar. stem (of a lighter); — blyne, *f.* see Stengelbohne.

Stäbchen, 1) (*provinc. & **: Stäb'lein) (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Stab) little staff, rod, wand; 2) Archit. astragal, (cock-)bead; Stäbchenbakterie, (*n.*) *f.* Bot. microbacterium, bacterium (the cells having an elliptical or cylindrical form, opp. the round cells of the sphaerobacterium or micrococcus).

Stäbchen, *n.* see Stodger.

Stäbel, Stäbel, (*str.*) *n.* stick, prop (for climbing plants); — erben, *f.* *pl.* peas requiring sticking (Stengelerben).

Stäbeln, Stäbeln, (*n.*) *v.* tr. to stick (peas, &c.).

Stäb..., *in comp.* — eisen, *m.* T. mould, ingot-mould, wedge-mould; — eisen, *n.* 1) iron in bars, bar-iron, rod-iron; 2) Comm. merchant-iron; — eisenwalzwerk, *n.* bar-iron rollers; — feuer, *n.* forge in which raw iron is formed into bars; — gold, *n.* gold in bars; — hammer, *m.* tilt, tilt-hammer; — höbel, *m.* rabbit-plane, moulding plane; — höl, *n.* staves; headings.

* **Stäblich**, (*adj.* (*Lat.*) stationary (fest). — Stäblich, (*n.*) *m.* stationary or anti-progressman.

Stäb..., *in comp.* — frant, *n.* see — wurt; — lehen, *n.* episcopal see; — messung, *f.* Math. baculometry; — rechnung, *f.* — rechnen, *n.* rhabdology; — reim, *m.* alliterative rhyme; — reißer, *m.* see — schläger; — schimmel, *m.* Bot. bacridium (Bacridium Kze); — schläger, *m.* Forst. he that falls wood for staves; — silber, *n.* silver in bars; — stierchen, *n.* *pl.* Bot. bacillaria (Ehrh.), diatomacea (Harv.); — träger, *m.* verger, mace-bearer; — wurt, *f.* Bot. 1) southern-wood (Bacraute); 2) (wild) field mugwort (Artemisia campestris L.); — zange, *f.* tongs for iron-bars; — zehente, *m.* tithe of vetches, &c.

Stäb..., *in comp.* — arzt, *m.* physician of a brigade; — capitän, — hauptmann, — ritt-

meister, *m.* second-captain; — officer, *m.* staff-officer, field-officer; — quartier, *m.* headquarters; — quartiermeister, *m.* quarter-master.

Stachel, (*irr. sing. str. pl. w.*) *m.* 1) stinging-piercer; prick, prickly; spine, thorn; quill (of the porcupine); 2) goad; 3) point, prong; tongue (of a buckle).

Stachel..., *in comp.* — alse, *f.* agave, American aloe (Agave americana L.); — amelle, *f.* Entom. 1) stinging ant (Pondra Latr.); 2) visiting ant (Atta cephalotes L.); — barf, *m.* Ichth. see — börs; — bauch, *m.* Ichth. globe-fish (Tardidom hispidus Lacop.); — beerbusch, *m.* Bot. gooseberry-bush (Ribes grossularia L.); — bette, *f.* 1) gooseberry; 2) *fig.* biting speech, pungent remark, *cf.* — erbe; — beerbüß, *m.* Bot. Arabian cucumber (Cucumis prophetarum L.); — beerpanner, *m.* Entom. a species of span-worm (Zerine grossularia L.); — beerfrucht, *m.* see — beerbusch; — biene, *f.* common or working bee; — börs, *m.* Ichth. 1) diacope, a genus of Percidae (Diacope Cuv.); 2) a genus of Triglidae (Pteris Cuv.); — bißel, *f.* Bot. thorny milk-thistle (Carduus acanthoides L.); — halfe, *f.* Bot. prickly sapphire (Echinophora spinosa L.); — elche, *f.* Bot. Orceadian, valonia-oak (with eatable fruits) (Quercus ealyops L.); — feige, *f.* Bot. prickly pear (Opuntia vulgaris Mill.); — fisch, *m.* Ichth. stickleback (Gasterosteus L.); — flasse, *f.* hard, bony, and prickly fin; — flöster, *m.* *pl.* Nat. acanthopterygious fishes, acanthopterygians; — frucht, see Stachelstich; — frucht, *f.* prickly, thorny fruit; — gewächs, *n.* spiny or prickly plant; — glitter, *m.* — gorgonie, *f.* Polyp. a species of sea-fan or gorgonia (Muricea Lam.); — hagenfuß, *m.* Bot. cornerfoot (Hederhagenfuß); — haut, *f.* prickly skin; — häuter, *m.* *pl.* Nat. echinoderms; — herg, *n.* Conch. thorny cockle (Cardium aculeatum L.); — hirt, *m.* Bot. prickly, bearded millet (Panicum Echinocloa crus galli L.).

Stachelig, Stachelstich, *adj.* 1) resembling prickles; prickly, spiny; thorny; bristly (beard, &c.); Bot. aculeated, acanaceous, acanthaceous; 2) *fig.* pungent; biting, sarcastic.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — läser, *m.* Entom. nibbler, mordella (Mordella F.); — frant, *n.* Bot. thorny rest-harrow (Ononis spinosa L.); — freß, *m.* Crust. a species of shrimp (Penus F.); — fugel, *f.* Ichth. tiger-spotted globe-fish (Diddon tigrinus Cuv.); — isch, *n.* Anat. spinous foramen. [stingless.]

Stachellos, *adj.* without prickles, &c. **Stach**el..., *in comp.* — maffel, *f.* Ichth. horse-mackerel (Caranx trachurus L.); — mann, *f.* Zool. a species of African mouse (Acobys Geoffroy); Bot. — maß, *m.* Bot. Mexican prickly poppy (Argemone mexicana L.).

Stacheln, (*n.*) *v.* tr. 1) a) to sting, prick, goad; b) *fig.* to spur, stimulate, urge, goad on; 2) to provide with a sting or pricks.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — nuß, *f.* Bot. 1) water-nut, water-caltrop (Waffernuß); 2) thorn-apple (Etheopsel, 1); 3) Conch. thorny purple-shell (Purpura hippocastellum L.); — plß, *m.* see — schwamm; — rebe, *f.* satirical speech, *pl.* stinging, poignant, or piercing words; — reim, *m.* satirical verse; — rüch, *m.* Ichth. thornback (Raja clavata L.); — rüden, *m.* Ichth. a genus of fishes belonging to the Scomberida (Nothacanthus Bl.); — schers, *n.* sarcastic jest; — schabel, *m.* see Edelstachel; — schneide, *f.* Conch. murex (Murex L.); — schrift, *f.* satirical writing, satire; — schwalbe, *f.* Ornith. chimney-swallow (Häufschwalbe); — schwamm, *m.* Bot. hydnum (Hydnum L.); — schwänge, *m.* *pl.* see Lederstich; — schwein, *n.* Zool. porcupine (Hystrix cristata L.); — schweinausß, *m.* Med. hystericus; ichthyosis; — senf, *m.* Bot. a genus of Crucif.

fira (Banks L.); — stichig, *adj.* Bot. mucronate, mucronated; — spora, *m.* prick-spore; — stod, *m.* goad; — stier, *n.* Zool. 1) see — schwein; 2) porcupine-ant-eater (Echidna hystrix Home); — vers, *m.* satirical verse (— rüm); — welle, *f.* 1) T. frizing cylinder; 2) see Zedernwelle; — wert, *n.* sarcasm; — zunge, *f.* *fig.* sharp, sarcastic tongue.

Stachlig, see Stachelig. [3, T. Tausch.] **Stach**el, (*n.*) *f.* Hydr. groin (Büfne, Strup, Stachel, (*str.*) *n.* (OP. octachetia (Mal. stachetia), from octachet, octaque (Mal. stachet), derived from Germ. stachel(n) pallaado, enclosure of pales, stockade; wooden paling, pale-fence, railing.

Stachel, (*str.*, *pl.* Stäbel, Stäbel) *m.* 1) provinc. (S. G.) shed, barn, stall; hovel; 2) see Stöfhaus; 3) Salt-w. a) places for filling the tube with brine; b) a pair of brine-tubs. [bank (cf. Stäbel).]

Stachen, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. (S. G.) shora. * **Stach**ium, (*str.*, *pl.* Stachia) *n.* (Lat. [Gr. stachion], *pl.* Stachia) 1) stadium (a Greek [and Roman]) measure of length; 2) Mad. & *fig.* stage.

Stachel, (*str.*, *pl.* Stachel) *c.* town; city: in der —, in the town; (in London) city: in nach der —, to town; er ist mit mir aus einer —, he is my fellow-townsmen; in der — gemacht, town-made; er ist ein Mann bei der —, *fam.* he is a man of importance (in matters respecting the town).

Stachel..., *in comp.* — abgeordnet, see — betrodnet; — adel, *n.* town-nobility, patricians; — amt, *m.* municipal office, office in a town; — anwalt, *m.* city counsel; syndic, recorder; — beamtete, *m.* town or municipal officer; — bewohner, *m.* inhabitant of a town, see Stächter; — buch, *n.* town-book, records of a town; — bürger, *m.* freeman of a city, citizen, denizen.

Stachden, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Stach) little sb. small town, market-town, borough. **Stach**er, (*str.*) *n.* townsman; Stach'erin, (*w.*) *f.* townswoman citizen, cit; *pl.* townspeople, townfolk.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — feste, *f.* citadel; — flur, *f.* fields belonging to a town; — fretheit, *f.* see — gerechtigkeit; — gebäude, *n.* public edifice; — gebiet, *n.* township, territory of a town; — gegenß, *f.* 1) environs of a town; 2) quarter of a town; — gemeine, *f.* commonality; — gerechtigkeit, — gerechtstame, *f.* immunity or privilege of a town, city freedom; — gerade, *n.* town-talk; — gericht, *n.* city or town-court, municipal court; sitting of town magistrates; — gerichtbarkeit, *f.* municipal jurisdiction; — geschäch, — geschwäg, *n.* town-talk; er ist zum — geschäch geworden, he is the talk of the town; — graben, *m.* town-moat; — gut, *m.* common of a town; — hauptmann, *m.* captain of the town-soldiers or train-bands, town-captain; — haus, *n.* town-house, senate-house, town-hall.

Stachlig, *adj.* & *adv.* belonging to a town, of a town, in town; townlike; municipal, civil; *see* Estrurt, see Stachsturt.

Stach..., *in comp.* — junfer, *m.* t. patrician; — kammer, *f.* city-treasury or exchequer; — kammere, *m.* chamberlain to the exchequer of a town; — kuh, *n.* townman; conf. cockney; — klatsch, *f.* conf. gossip of the town, newsomonger; — kuck, *m.* town-beadle; — kundig, *adj.* known all the town over, notorious; — leben, *n.* city- or town-life; — leute, *pl.* see — bewohner.

Stachling, (*str.*) *m.* conf. inhabitant of a town, cit.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — magistrat, *m.* city magistrate, see — rath; — major, *m.* town-major; — marsung, *f.* town-ship; — maß, *n.* town's standard for measures; — maßig, see

Städtisch; —**mauer**, *f.* town-wall; —**miliz**, *f.* town-soldiery, militia, train-bands of a town; —**musikant**, —**musikus**, *m.* town-musician; —**neugierig**, *f.* news in town, city-news; —**obrigkeit**, *f.* municipality, town magistrates; —**ordnung**, *f.* regulations, &c. of a town; —**pfarre**, *f.* parish of the town; parsonage in a town; —**pfarrrer**, —**prediger**, *m.* clergyman of the town; —**pfister**, *m.* see —**musikant**; —**pfleger**, *m.* see —**kammerer**; —**pflichtig**, *adj.* subject to the jurisdiction of a town; —**rath**, *m.* 1) senate of the town; city authorities, common council, municipality; 2) member of the senate, (common-)councillor; town-councillor; —**recht**, *n.* 1) rights and privileges of the town; 2) jurisdiction of a town; 3) municipal laws; —**richter**, *m.* sheriff, president of the municipal council; —**rathling**, *m.* —**rathschwänzen**, *m.* *Ornith.* redstart (*Ruf-cilla tithys* L.); —**schröber**, *m.* town-clerk; secretary to a town, recorder; —**schröberlei**, *f.* office where the records of a town are kept; —**schulb.**, *f.* corporation-debt, debt of the town; —**schule**, *f.* town-school; —**schwalbe**, *f.* house-martin (*Hauschwalbe*); —**selbst**, *m.* town-soldier, city militia-man; —**steuer**, *f.* borough-rate, city-rate, town-rate; —**syndicus**, *m.* syndic or recorder of the town; —**thcil**, *m.* see —**viertel**; —**thor**, *n.* town-gate; —**thurm**, *m.* tower, prison of a city; —**verordneter**, *m.* common councillor; —**verordnetenversammlung**, *f.* assembly of the delegates of a town or city, municipal assembly, (lower) common council; —**viertel**, *n.* quarter or division of a town, ward; —**wagt**, *m.* town bailiff, provost; —**wagtel**, *f.* office of the provost; (at Berlin) a certain prison so called; —**wall**, *n.* town-folk, town-people; —**wache**, *f.* (municipal) guard of a city, town guard; —**wachmeister**, *m.* town-major; —**wage**, *f.* public scales; —**wagemischer**, *m.* weigher at the town-hall; —**wall**, *m.* rampart of a city; —**wappen**, *n.* city-arms; —**wärth**, *adv.* townwards; —**wach-schuch**, *n.* Comm. bill-receivable book; —**welbe**, *f.* town-common; —**wesen**, *n.* concerns of a city; —**wohnung**, *f.* town-residence; —**wundarzt**, *m.* town-surgeon, surgeon to the town.

Staffage (*fr.* *l'âge*), (*w.* *f.* like *Staffiera*, to be derived from *Stoff* (*cf.* *Wolgand & Dietl*), with foreign termination added) *Paint.* accessories.

Staffel, (*w.* *f.* 1) step of a ladder, round, rundle; 2) step, degree; pitch; 3) *Paint.* or *Staffel*, (*w.* *f.* easel; —*ausstellung*, *f.* Mil. forming or position of an army in echelons; —*blume*, *f.* Bot. alpine groundsel (*Senecio alpinus* Scop.); —*marfch*, *m.* Mil. march in echelons; *Contocurrent nach der rechnung*, *Comm.* equated account-current; —*recht*, *n.* see *Stapelrecht*; —*rein*, *m.* pillory; —*stüd*, *n.* or *Staffelgemälde*, (*str.* *n.* easel-piece; —*weife*, *adv.* & *adj.* by steps. — *Staffelren*, (*w.* *v. indr.* *Paint.* to enliven (a picture) with living figures. — *Staffeln*, (*w.* *v. indr.* to rise by steps.

* **Staffelte**, (*w.* *f.* (*Nal.*) courier, express, *etatist* (to).

Staffholz, (*str.* *pl.* *S-hölzer*), *n.* *Mar.* **Staffren**, (*w.* *v. tr.* 1) to garnish, dress; to trim (a hat), *cf.* *Ausstaffiren*; 2) see *Staffelren*; — *Staffrer*, (*w.* *n.* 1) trimmer; 2) painter of living figures in landscapes. — *Staffrang*, (*w.* *f.* 1) the (act of) garnishing, &c.; 2) garnish, trim, trimming.

Staffr..., *in comp.* —*maier*, *m.* 1) see *Staffrer*; 2) house-painter, decorator; —*maierlei*, *f.* decorative painting; —*naht*, *f.* *T.* garnish-seam.

Stag, (*str.* *n.* *Mar.* stay; das große —, the main stay; das löse —, preventer-stay; *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* —*auge*, *n.* —*blod*, *m.* eye, block of a stay; —*lod*, *f.* fore-staysail; —*gar-*

nat, *n.* —*talfe*, *f.* garnet, whip; —*fragen*, *m.* collar of the stays; —*segel*, *n.* stay-sail; —*weife*, *adv.* at a long peak.

* **Stagnöl** (*fr.* *stagnöl*), see *Stanniol*.

A. Stahl, (*str.* *pl.* *Stähle & Stähle*) *m.* 1) steel; 2) see *Boizen*; 3) turning-tool (*Drehstahl*); 4) *fig.* sword, dagger; *deutscher* —, shears; *flüßlicher* —, steel made by cementation; — *in Stüben*, *gads*.

B. Stahl, (*str.* *pl.* *Stähle*) *m.* 1) sample; 2) *Dye*. test-cloth; 3) a) stamp, mark; b) leads (*Flombe*, 1).

Stahl..., *in comp.* —*aber*, *f.* *T.* hard vein in iron; —*arbeit*, *f.* steel-work; —*arbeiter*, *m.* steel-worker, worker in steel; —*artig*, *adj.* steel-like, steely; —*argnet*, *f.* chalybeate medicine; —*sab*, *n.* chalybeate bath; —*baum*, *m.* Bot. a species of tooth-ache-tree (*Xanthoxylon plicata* L.); —*blau*, *adj.* steel-coloured, bluish; —*blech*, *n.* spring-steel plates, sheets of steel; —*brunnen*, *m.* converting or transformation of iron into steel; —*brunnen*, *m.* chalybeate spring, ferruginous water; —*brst*, *adj.* firm as steel; —*brst*, *m.* steel-wire.

Stahler, (*w.* *v. tr.* (*from Stahl*, *B.* 1) to stamp; 2) see *Flombiren*, 1.

Stählren, (*w.* *v. tr.* to steel, harden, temper.

Stählter, (*str.* *m.* turning-tool (*Drehstahl*).

Stähltern, *adj.* steely, (of) steel, made of steel.

Stahl..., *in comp.* —*erg*, *n.* see —*stein*; —*fabrik*, *f.* steel-manufacture; —*farbe*, *f.* steel-colour; —*farben*, —*farbig*, *adj.* steel-coloured; —*feder*, *f.* 1) steel-spring; 2) steel pen; —*gerben*, *n.* tilling; —*geschwängert*, *adj.* chalybeate; —*grün*, *adj.* steel-green; —*hammer*, *m.* steel-forging; —*hart*, *adj.* as hard as steel, tempered; —*härte*, *f.* hardness of steel; —*härting*, *f.* tempering of steel; —*hülle*, *f.* steel-work; —*isobalt*, *m.* crystalline cobalt, grey cobalt-ore; —*traut*, *n.* see *Glentraut*; 2; —*fuchen*, *n.* —*luppe*, *f.* iron pig for making steel; —*lugel*, *f.* Pharm. martial ball; —*mergel*, *m.* Miner. lithomarge; —*mittel*, *n.* see —*argnet*; —*ofen*, *m.* cementing-furnace; —*pulver*, *n.* 1) steel-powder, steel-slings; 2) Med. chalybeate powder; —*quell*, *f.* chalybeate spring; —*reife*, *red*, *m.* steel-potticoat; —*salz*, *n.* Chem. native sulphate of iron; —*schleife*, *f.* Jew. skive; —*schleifer*, *m.* steel-scale; —*schleßen*, *n.* shooting with cross-bows; —*schmud*, *m.* steel-jewelry; —*schnelle*, *f.* steel-buckle; —*schneider*, *m.* graver, steel-cutter; —*schret*, *m.* molten iron in its process of conversion into steel; —*spiegel*, *m.* steel-mirror; —*stas*, *m.* square piece of steel; —*staus*, *m.* steel-slings; —*stecher*, *m.* steel engraver; —*stecherei*, *f.* steel engraving; —*stein*, *m.* spathic or spathose iron; —*stüd*, *m.* steel engraving.

Stählung, (*w.* *f.* the (act of) steeling, &c. **Stahl...**, *in comp.* —*waren*, *f.* pl. hard wares (of steel), steel goods; —*wasser*, *n.* chalybeate water; —*weinstein*, *m.* Chem. chalybeate tartar; —*wert*, *m.* steel-work.

Stahr, see *Staht*. [male lamb.

Stähr, (*str.* *n.* *provinc.* ram; —*lamm*, *m.*

Stährren, (*w.* *v. indr.* to cover, tup (said

of the ram); to desire the tup (of the ewe).

Stährten, (*w.* *v. tr.* *coll.* (*L. G.*) to push

on by settlers.

Stährten, (*str.* *m.*, *Stähr*, (*w.* *f.* *provinc.* (*N. G.*) stake, pale; *Mar.* boat-hook, pole; setter; *Build-s.* —*ban*, *m.* lath and plaster-work; —*brst*, *n.* stake-pannol.

Stährst, see *Stadst*.

* **Stalactit**, *Stalagmit*, (*str.* & *w.* *m.* (*Gr.* *Miner.* stalactites, stalagmites).

Stall, (*str.* *pl.* *Ställe*) *m.* 1) stable, stall; sty; in den —*stellen*, to stable (horses); 2) *rwg.* urine (of horses).

Stall..., *in comp.* —*amt*, *n.* place or office in the mews; —*baum*, *m.* pole which separates the stalls of a stable; bar; —*bruder*, *n.* *, comrade; —*bürste*, *f.* horse-brush; —*bedt*, *f.* horse-cloth, caparison; —*eimer*, *m.* stable-pail.

Stallren, (*w.* *v. l. indr.* 1) (said of horses) a) to stand in a stable; b) to stable; 2) *fig.* to agree; *II. tr.* to stable; to find room for.

Stall..., *in comp.* —*fütterung*, *f.* feeding in the stable; —*gabel*, *f.* stable-prong, dung-fork; —*geld*, *n.* stallage, stall-money; —*hengst*, *m.* stallion; —*hof*, *m.* base-court; —*junge*, *m.* stable-boy; —*mittel*, *m.* coachman's frock; —*ritter*, *m.* Dutch cliniker; —*snecht*, *m.* stableman, hostler, groom; —*traut*, *n.* 1) see *Reintraut*; 2) see *Hausgabel*; —*meister*, *m.* 1) equerry, master of the horse; 2) riding-master; —*maype*, *f.* see —*flinter*; —*schd*, *m.* see *Schladstsch*; —*raum*, *m.* stable-room, stabling; —*reit*, *n.* riding-horse; —*schröber*, *m.* clerk of the stables (of a prince, &c.); —*schwamm*, *m.* Vet. fungous swelling on a horse's fore-leg; —*stättig*, *adv.* shy of the harness, lazy (of horses); —*thür*, *f.* stable-door, sty-door; —*zins*, *m.* see —*geld*.

Stallung, (*w.* *f.* 1) stabling; a) the (act of) placing in the stable; b) stable-room; 2) inclosure in a forest. [noble.

Stamm, (*str.* *pl.* *Stämme*) *m.* 1) stock, bole, stem, trunk, body, (of a tree, &c.); 2) stem, stalk (of a plant); *fig-s.* 3) stock, race, lineage, family; progeny; tribe; clan; 4) *Rust.* stock of cattle; 5) *Mil.* (permanent) staff; 6) *Gam.* a) the cards remaining after dealing; b) stakes; 7) *Gramm.* stem (of a verb, &c.); die zwölf Stämme der Kinder Israel, the twelve tribes of the children of Israel.

Stamm..., *in comp.* —*acterb*, *m.* Mus. fundamental concord, principal chord; —*actien*, *pl.* original or common shares; —*ältern*, *pl.* ancestors; first parents; progenitors; —*art*, *f.* Bot. primary species; —*bank*, *f.* head-bank; —*baum*, *m.* genealogical or family tree, pedigree; —*blatt*, *n.* Bot. cauline leaf; —*bruder*, *m.* see —*verwandte*; —*buch*, *n.* 1) book of genealogy; 2) album, remembrance-book, scrap-book; —*buchstabe*, *m.* *Gramm.* radical letter; —*burg*, *f.* ancestor's castle; —*capital*, *n.* stock, fund.

Stammchen, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Stamm*)) small stem, trunk, &c.; Bot. candle.

Stammre, see *Stammre*.

Stammrein, (*w.* *v. tr.* & *indr.* to stammer, stutter; to falter; to pronounce or express in a faltering voice.

Stammren, (*w.* *v. indr.* (*aux.* [*rein*] to come, spring, descend (from).

Stammren, see *Stammren*.

Stamm..., *in comp.* —*ende*, *n.* butt-end (of a tree), bottom; stub; —*erbe*, *m.* heir of a family; —*farben*, *f.* pl. primitive or generic colours; —*faul*, *adj.* rotten in the trunk; —*folge*, *f.* generation, line of descent; —*form*, *f.* *Gramm.* primitive form; —*gaft*, *m.* old stander (of an alehouse, &c.), constant guest; —*geld*, *m.* stock, fund; —*gut*, *m.* allodial estate; family estate, hereditary property; —*haare*, *n.* pl. coarse, thick hair; —*haareig*, *adj.* coarse-haired.

Stammhaft, *I. adj.* 1) pertaining to a (grammatical) stem, &c.; *st-est Wort*, see *Stammwort*; 2) robust, strong, stout, lusty, vigorous; *II. St-igheit*, (*w.* *f.* robustness, strength, stoutness, vigour.

Stamm..., *in comp.* —*halter*, *m.* support of a family, first-born male; —*haus*, *n.* 1) principal line, descent; 2) original house or mansion of a family; 3) *Comm.* principal house; —*holz*, *n.* stock-wood, trunk-wood.

Stammig, *I. adj.* 1) having a stem; 2) or

II. in comp. —*apfel*, m. sorb; —*baum*, m. *Bol.* service or sorb tree (*Sorbus domestica* L.); —*beere*, f. service berry; —*eule*, f. *Ornith.* hawk-owl (*Nyctala noctu* Meyer); —*garn*, n. a kind of net; —*hagl*, m. —*fästel*, n. *Bol.* chick-pea (*Pisum*); —*traut*, n. *Bol.* wild or great burnet (*Sanguisorba officinalis* L.); —*strin*, m. *Minor.* hieracio; —*würger*, m. *Ornith.* crooked-beaked shrike (*Luscin. curvirostris* Buff.).

Spergel, (str.) m. *Bol.* spurry (*Spergula arvensis* L.).

Sperling, (str.) m. *Ornith.* sparrow (*Passer domesticus* L.); —*hammer*, f. *Ornith.* 1) a species of hunting (*Emberiza passerina* L.); 2) rood-sparrow (*Strochammer*); —*hartige Rögel*, m. pl. birds belonging to the sparrow tribe, passerines; —*heule*, f. 1) sparrow-owl, dwarf-owl (*Sturnia passerina* L.); 2) rough-footed owl (*Nyctale dauphina* Bochet.); —*strant*, n. *Bol.* red pimpernel (*Anagallis arvensis* L.); —*Amelle*, f. *Ornith.* collett (*Tamunculus*); —*Sparagel*, m. *Ornith.* a species of parrot (*Psittacus passerina* L.); —*Schrot*, m. small-shot; —*Schreibgen*, n. hen-sparrow; —*Sturn*, f. *Bol.* sparrow-wort (*Erica passerina* L.).

Sperre... (from *Sperren*), in comp. —*baum*, m. barrier, bar, turnpike; —*beinig*, adj. astraddle, astride; —*carbon*, m. line of defence.

Sperre, (u.) f. 1) shut, (act of) shutting, close; 2) see *Sperriegel*; 3) *Harol.* stop, click; 4) see *Spermschub*; 5) bar, impediment, stop; 6) stoppage; interdiction, prohibition; (*Sperrehandel*—) embargo, blockade.

Sperre... (from *Sperren*), in comp. —*eisen*, n. 1) see —*riegel*; 2) *Wass.* catch; —*effter*, f. *Ornith.* shrike, butcher-bird (*Upupa Episcopus*).

Sperren, (u.) n. 1) a) to shut, close; to shut up (a port), to block up (a town, a passage, &c.); b) see *Sperren*; 2) to bar, stop; to hinder (the motion of a thing), to trig, lock (a wheel, &c.); 3) a) to spread asunder, to sprawl out (one's legs), cf. *Sperren*, 1; b) see *Sperren*; 4) *Typ.* to space out, and, to print in Italics; den *Sperrehandel* —, to lay an embargo on trade; *IL. rgt.* to resist, oppose, struggle (against); to refuse.

Sperren, (str.) m. 1) shutter, &c.; 2) *Surg.* dilator.

Sperre... (from *Sperren*), in comp. —*fang*, m. trap for taking animals alive; —*feber*, f. *Wachm.* m. triggering spring; —*gelb*, n. entrance-money, admittance-money (for reopening the gate of a town when once shut); —*glas*, n. *provinc.* see *Strauchglas*; —*gloste*, f. bell which announces the closing of the gates; —*gut*, n. *Comm.* bulky goods; —*hahn*, m. T. stop-cock, throttle-valve; —*haken*, m. 1) see —*riegel*; 2) hook of a trigger; 3) see —*horn*; 4) pick-lock; 5) *Busck.* stretch-er; —*holz*, n. 1) gag; 2) wooden bar; 3) see —*hafen*, 5; —*horn*, n. beak-iron, bickern, anvil ending in a beak or point.

Sperre, adj. 1) stretched out, spread, astride; 2) wide open; 3) bulky.

Sperre... (from *Sperren*), in comp. —*riegel*, m. click, detent (of a ratchet or notched wheel); —*riegelstahl*, m. click-wheel, click-steel; —*rette*, f. barring chain, see *Spermmette*; —*klappe*, f. organ-valve; —*klinte*, f. see —*riegel*; —*trant*, n. *Bol.* Jacob's ladder (*Platanus acerifolia* L.); —*leiste*, f. strutting-piece; —*maß*, n. *Min.* a kind of sliding-rule, pole, rod; —*maul*, n. vulg. gaper; wide mouth; —*rad*, n. stopping-wheel, balance-wheel; ratchet-wheel; —*ruße*, f. —*rad*, m. weaver's stick, temple; —*stuh*, m. reserved seat, stall (in theatres, &c.); —*strange*, f. ratchet-pole; —*stift*, m. (detent)-pin.

Sperre, (u.) f. 1) the (act of) shutting,

&c., cf. *Sperren*; 2) blockade; 3) embargo laid on trade.

Sperre... (from *Sperren*), in comp. —*weit*, adj. wide open; —*zahn*, m. tooth of a ratchet or balance-wheel, cog; —*zeit*, f. time of shutting the gates, &c.; —*zeug*, n. T. bunch of pick-locks.

* *Sperzen*, f. pl. (*Ital.*) *Comm.* s. charges, expenses, costs; *kleine* —, petty charges, potties; *nebst den gebühren* —, adding charges or expenses; in comp. *unser* —*berechnung*, charging or accounting disbursements; —*buch*, n. book of charges; —*frei*, adj. free, exempt, quit, or clear of charges; —*reimburse*, f. reimbursement of charges; cf. *Rachnahme*; —*rechnung*, f. account of charges, bill of costs; —*reiterer*, f. cooking accounts.

Sperre, (str.) m., *Sperre*, (u.) f. T. poker.

Sperre, see *Sperre*.

* *Sperre*, (u.) f. (*Ital.*) spicery, spices, grocery wares; in comp. —*gewölbe*, n. grocer's shop; —*handel*, m. grocery; —*händler*, m. dealer in spices; spicer, grocer; —*handel*, f. —*laden*, m. grocer's shop; —*pfleger*, m. Carolina allspice; —*ware*, f. see *Sperre*.

* *Sperre*, see *Sperre*.

* *Sperre*, (u.) f. (*Gr.*) sphere; range, province; die —*unser* *Sperre*, *Comm.* our range of business; —*angehang*, m. music of the spheres. —*Sperre*, adj. spheroidal, adv. spherically. —*Sperre*, (u.) f. (*Comm.*) spheroid. —*Sperre*, adj. spheroidal. —*Sperre*, (str.) m. *Min.* spherolite.

* *Sperre*, (str.) m. (*Gr.*) *Min.* sphen.

* *Sperre*, f. pl. (*Gr.*) *Sphinx* & (*str.*) m. (n.) 1) *Gr.* *Myth.* Sphinx; 2) *Ent.* hawk-moth, sphinx (*Sphinx* F.). [ink]

* *Sperre*, m. (*Dutch*) *Min.* spelter, *Sperre*, (u.) v. 1) to lard; 2) *Ag.* to interlard; 3) *coll.* to fill, store, line (the purse).

Sperre... in comp. —*eel*, m. smoked eel; —*braten*, m. larded roast meat; —*brat*, n. larding board, larding rack; —*baum*, m. see *Sperrebaum*; —*fett*, see *Sperre*; —*gans*, f. smoked goose-breast; —*haring*, m. red-herring; —*nadel*, f. larding-pin; —*pfed*, m. bacon for larding; —*wurzel*, f. *Bol.* garden valerian (*Valeriana Phu* L.).

Sperre, (str.) m. 1) looking-glass, mirror; glass; 2) *Ag.* smooth surface, level (of water); 3) T. reflector; 4) *Surg.* speculum, dilator; 5) *Archit.* oval ornament; 6) flaw in a hewn stone; 7) *Comm.* tompon (wooden cylinder put into the mouth of a cannon); 8) *Join.* pannel of a door; 9) *Mar.* stern (of a ship); 10) *coll. & Sport.* hinder parts, posterior; 11) ring round the centre of a target; 12) spot on the tail of a peacock or on the wings of certain birds; 13) large square mesh (of nets); 14) ground (of a shawl); 15) *Ag.* pattern, example, mirror.

Sperre... in comp. —*apfel*, m. ioe-apple; —*artig*, adj. mirror-like; —*becken*, n. barber's basin; —*beleg*, n. see —*folie*; —*bild*, n. reflected image; —*blanz*, adj. bright as a mirror; —*blatt*, n. tin-plate; —*blende*, f. *Min.* transparent zinc; —*blumen*, n. *Bol.* common crowfoot (*Ranunculus acris* L.); —*bogen*, m. see —*gerant*; —*boog*, n. *Mar.* taffrail; —*braun*, n. brown-bay, (bright) dapple-bay; —*cabinet*, n. f. —*lassen*, 2; —*bede*, f. 1) ceiling with mirrors; 2) ceiling consisting of one surface, pane, or square; —*eben*, adj. even as a mirror; —*ei*, n. Cook poached or fried egg; —*eisen*, n. *Min.* 1) specular iron; 2) iron-glance; —*ente*, f. *Ornith.* domestic duck (*Spontente*); —*etz*, n. *Min.* specular iron-ore; —*fahrl*, f. looking-glass manufacture; —*fächten*, n. —*fächter*, f. 1) mock- or sham-fight; 2) dissimulation, delusion, jugglery; —*fächter*, m. dissambler; swaggerer; —*feld*, n. 1) pannel

for a mirror; 2) mirror-frame; —*fenster*, n. plate-glass-window; —*ferruete*, n. *Opt.* reflecting telescope; —*flisch*, m. *Arch.* doros (*Comm.* flisch, 2); —*flische*, f. glassy surface; —*flischen*, n. bright spot on the wings of insects; —*flor*, m. tiffany; —*folie*, f. tin-foil, leaf-tin, tinning, silvering; quicksilvering (of a mirror); —*garn*, n. *Fisch.* net with large square meshes; —*gewölbe*, n. *Arch.* vault with an even surface in the middle; —*geret*, f. 1) plate-glass manufactory; 2) art of making plate glass; —*glanz*, m. *Min.* native bismuth; —*glas*, n. 1) mirror-glass; 2) plate glass; —*glatt*, adj. as smooth as a mirror; —*glitzer*, f. perfect smoothness; —*hahn*, m. see *Birchahn*; —*hafen*, m. glass-hook; —*händler*, m. looking-glass-seller; —*harz*, n. resin, copalony; —*hell*, adj. as clear (bright) as a mirror; —*hütte*, f. looking-glass manufactory.

Sperre, (str.) m., *Sperre*, (u.) f. specular; resembling a mirror, smooth and bright.

Sperre... in comp. —*lantz*, f. facet; —*lantz*, m. a kind of carp with shining scales; —*lassen*, n. 1) mirror's chest; 2) camera catoptrica (lat.); —*lein*, m. *Min.* specular pyrites; —*lar*, adj. see —*hell*; —*lantz*, m. looking-glass stand; —*lebel*, m. *Min.* specular or crystalline cobalt ore; —*lein*, m. see —*lantz*; —*lassen*, m. see —*lein*; —*lantz*, f. globe looking-glass; silvered glass globe; —*lantz*, —*lantz*, —*lantz*, f. catoptrics; —*lantz*, f. reflecting lamp; —*leiste*, f. rim or border of a mirror; —*lantz*, m. sooties; —*lantz*, m. looking-glass-maker; —*lantz*, m. (in *Einzel*, &c.) *Archit.* mirror-like boss; —*leiste*, f. *Ornith.* 1) great titmouse (*Parus major* L.); 2) long-tailed titmouse (*Parus caudatus* L.); —*metall*, n. speculum-metal; —*micro*, m. reflecting-microscope.

Sperre, (u.) v. 1. *intr.* to reflect; to shine; glitter, glisten, to give or yield a lustre; *IL. rgt.* 1) to reflect; 2) T. to glass (a surface); *III. rgt.* 1) to be reflected; 2) to look into the glass, to view one's face in a mirror; 3) *Ag.* to take an example (as *with Dal.* by); *gepiggelt*, p. a dappled (horse).

Sperre... in comp. —*ach*, n. see —*garn*; —*actant*, m. *Opt.* Hadley's quadrant; —*etter*, f. *Zool.* Canada otter (*Lutra canadensis* Schreb.); pl. *Furr.* shining otter-skins; —*pfiler*, m. *Archit.* pier; —*quadrant*, m. *Mar.* reflecting-quadrant; —*rahmen*, m. frame of a mirror, looking-glass frame; —*rappe*, m. black-dappled horse; —*rein*, adj. very pure; —*ring*, m. lamp-black; —*rein*, m. see —*garn*; —*schibe*, f. plate-glass pane; —*schleier*, m. *Min.* specular schist, see *Quarzschleier*; —*schiff*, n. *Mar.* square-sterned vessel; —*schimmel*, m. dapple-gray horse; —*schleier*, m. looking-glass pollaher; —*schleier*, m. reflecting-auxiliary; —*sonnenst.* f. reflecting dial; —*stern*, n. *Mar.* stern-frame, fashion-piece; —*stern*, f. —*stein*, n. *Min.* specular stone, mirror-stone; —*stufen*, pl. see —*Sperre*; —*stufen*, f. mirror-plate; —*taffel*, m. flowered table; —*telegraph*, n. *Opt.* reflecting telescope; —*stisch*, m., —*stisch*, n. pier table; toilet table.

Sperre, (u.) f. *Opt.* reflection; mirage.

Sperre... in comp. —*bergrührer*, glass, n. catoptric or reflecting microscope; —*boegel*, m., —*bügelchen*, n. see *Wandbühnen*; —*wage*, f. T. reflecting-level; —*wagen*, m. glass-coach; —*wandfageret*, f. catoptronomy; —*wert*, m. see —*boog*; —*worpen*, pl. *Mar.* transoms; —*zug*, n. see —*garn*; —*zimmer*, n. mirror-room, room having looking-glasses.

Sperre, see *Sperre*.

Sperre, (str.) m., *Sperre*, (u.) f. play; playing; *Nach* working (of a machine); —*des* *Triffels*, stroke, throw (of the piston); 2) game, sport,

diversion; dance; 3) the (act or mode of) playing, acting, &c.; performance; action (of the fingers of a performer and of the pianoforte itself); 4) a) a pack (of cards); b) a set (of chess-men, dominos, nine-pins, &c.); 5) tall or pole of a cock-pheasant; *das - röhren*, to beat the drum; *mit klingendem -*, drums beating; *ein - machen*, to play a game or set; *wir haben drei E-e (Partien) gemacht*, we have made three sets or matches; *erstes, zweites, drittes -*, first, second, third dealing; *fg-s. freies -*, fair play, free hand; *sein - mit ... haben* or *treiben*, to make sport of ..., to trifle with ...; *die Hand im E-e haben*, to have a hand in ..., *coll.* to have a finger in the pie; (*Einem*) *mit in das - bringen* or *geben*, to entangle or implicate in an affair; *auss dem - lassen*, not to refer to; *auss dem - lassen*, without reference to; *im E-e sein*, to participate, interfere; *es ist dabei eine Dame im -*, there is a lady in the case; *auss - setzen*, to lay at stake, to stake, venture, hazard, risk, jeopardise, peril; *seine Gesundheit auss - setzen*, to make free with one's constitution; *auss dem E-e stehen*, to lie or be at stake; *auss Hände des Schicks auf dem -*, for dear life; *das - hat sich gewandt*, the tables are turned; *das - gewonnen (or verloren) geben*, to give up the game; *nun habe ich gewonnen -*, now I am sure of the game; I am now above board or out of all danger.

Spiele... (from *Spielein & Spiel*), in comp. —*anfert*, m. T. mandril; —*arbeit*, f. light, easy work; —*art*, f. 1) manner of playing; action, performance; 2) Mod. variety; —*ball*, m. 1) playing-ball; billiard-ball; tennis-ball; 2) *fg.* sport (of chance, fate); —*bank*, f. public gaming-table; gaming-house; — *Brett*, n. gaming-board; draught-board; —*bruder*, m. 1) play-fellow, playmate; 2) man fond of gambling; —*busse*, f. booth for playing; lottery booth; —*camerab*, m. *see* —*geßell*; —*caffe*, f. cash for playing.

Spielecken, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Spiel*), lit. a little game) a quiet game.

Spiel... (from *Spielein & Spiel*), in comp. —*babe*, f. baby, doll; —*bote*, f. musical box. **Spielen**, (w.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* 1) to play (mit *Wappen*, *Wänderpiele*, *Karte*, *Würfeln*, *Schach*, *Regel* u. f. w., with dolls, at forfeits, at cards, [at] whist, at chess, at nine-pins, &c., also on a musical instrument) (um, for); 2) to gamble; *an der Börse -*, to stock-job; 3) to play, act, enact, perform; *wer spielte den Hamlet?* who did Hamlet? *fg-s.* 4) to play, trifle, sport, to make a jest of; *mit der Stinde -*, to dally or tamper with sin; 5) to shine, glitter, sparkle; *im Dreie mit Würfeln or Würfel -*, to play at backgammon, at dice, &c.; *Sie blitzen nicht auf meinen Ball -*, you must not play at my ball; *versuchen Sie diesen Ball ins Eck zu -*, try to put this ball into the corner-pocket; *auss der Tasche -*, to juggle, to play *legue-de-main*; *Einem etwas aus der Hand (in die Hand) -*, to shift or juggle something out of (into) one's hand; —*lassen*, to play; to bring into play, to play off; *eine Mine - lassen*, to blow up, to spring a mine; *die Kanonen - lassen*, to play the cannon, to bring the artillery to bear (auf *with Acc.*), upon; *die Wasserkräfte - lassen*, to play the water engine; *das Stild spielt auf dem Ranke*, the scene of action is in the country; *in das Rotte -*, to incline to red; *im Blau -*, to flatter; *etwas ins Weiße -*, to spin out a business; *eine glänzende Stelle -*, to make (*coll.* to cut) a shining figure; *Einem einen Streich -*, to play off or put a trick upon one, to play one a trick; *Einem einen Betrug -*, to practise a deceit upon one; *ich lasse nicht mit mir -*, I am not (a man) to be trifled with; (*Einem*) *Witz - lassen*, to show, display one's wit; mit

Worten -, to play upon words, equivocate, quibble, pun; *den Schall -*, to play the knave; *den Geistlichen -*, to act parson, &c.; *die große Dame -*, to put on the fine lady; *den Angenchmen -*, *coll.* to do the agreeable; *sich arm -*, to ruin one's self with gambling; *da hast du was zum -*, there is something for you to play; *[-b, adv.* easily; *etwas [-b thun*, to do a thing with a wet finger, to play with a thing.

Spieler, (str.) m. 1) player; 2) gambler; gamester; 3) performer, &c.; cf. *Schauspieler* n.

Spielerei, (w.) f. 1) the (act or custom of) playing, &c.; 2) play, sport, wantonness; 3) trifle, toy, play work; silly trick.

Spielertisch, **Spielstisch**, *adj.* (L. w.) playful, sportive, not sufficiently in earnest.

Spiel... (from *Spielein & Spiel*), in comp. —*feind*, —*freund*, m. enemy, friend of playing; —*gebrauch*, m. rules, conditions of a play or game; —*gefecht*, n. mock-battle, mock-skirmish; —*geld*, n. play-money, pocket-money, pin-money; —*geßell*, m. play-fellow, play-mate, companion, comrade; —*geßellschaft*, f. card-assembly; —*geßell*, m. *see* —*gebrauch*; —*glück*, n. chance, *slang*, pull of the table (in play); —*haus*, m. *see* *Birtshahn*; —*haus*, n. gaming-house, gambling-house, hell; —*honorat*, n. extra-fee of a player; —*hund*, m. *see* *Schühund*. [*sportive*].

Spielig, *adj.* *coll.* given to play; playful.

Spiel... (from *Spielein & Spiel*), in comp. —*jacht*, f. pleasure-yacht; —*jampf*, m. *see* —*gefecht*; —*karte*, f. playing-card, play-card; —*kartenmacher*, m. card-maker; —*kästchen*, n. card-box; —*fragen*, m. *Mar.* *see* *Wandelfragen*; —*leuchter*, m. card-table candlestick; —*lente*, pl. musicians; —*lustig*, *adj.* fond of or inclined to play; —*mann*, m. musician; fiddler; —*marke*, f. counter, sh.; —*papiere*, n. pl. Comm. fancy-funds, fancies; —*partie*, f. card-party; —*platz*, m. play-ground; —*puppe*, f. *see* —*bode*; —*raum*, m. play-room (room for motion, elbow-room, latitude; margin; play, scope; *Swm.* & *T.* windage; *Mar.* windage (of the partners for the play of the masts); *Mock* back-lash; *besser -raum*, full play, fair play; *mit -raum* verpacken, to pack roomy; —*regel*, f. rule of playing; —*saal*, m. playing room; —*sache*, f. plaything, toy, trifle; —*schulb*, f. gaming-debt, play-debt; —*schule*, f. infant-school; —*schweher*, f. woman fond of playing or gambling; —*stunde*, f. play-hour, hour of diversion; —*sucht*, f. mania for play, rage of play, passion for gambling; —*süchtig*, *adj.* passionately addicted to play; —*tag*, m. playing-day; —*tasche*, f. juggler's pocket; —*teiler*, m. plate used at play to put counters or money upon; —*teufel*, m. *coll.* inveterate player (gambler); —*tisch*, m. gaming-table, card-table; —*uhr*, f. musical clock; chime-clock.

Spielzeug, (w.) f. *Mar.* &c. for *Spielraum*.

Spiel... (from *Spielein & Spiel*), in comp. —*berderber*, m. bungler at play; addle-pot, mar-plot; —*ware*, f. *see* —*sache*; —*wage*, f. (am *Wagen*) roller-bolt; —*würter*, m. marker at billiards; —*weise*, f. manner of playing; —*wert*, m. 1) plaything, knickknack; 2) *fg.* easy thing; —*wuth*, f. rage for play; —*zeug*, n. playthings, toys; knickknacks; —*zeug* *blabber*, m. toymen; —*zimmer*, n. card-room.

Spiel... (w.) f. *Mar.* &c. for *Spielraum*.

Spiel... (w.) f. 1) *Mar-s.* spar; *E-n* cines *Bock*, shears; *E-nitlen*, n. goose-neck of a boom; *E-nringe*, m. pl. studding sail-boom-irons; 2) *Bot.* *see* *Spierhaude*; *E-ngetwächse*, n. pl. *Bot.* a genus of plants (*Spiracka*).

Spier..., in comp. *Bot-s.* —*spianse*, f. 1) the genus of *Diosma* L.; 2) meadow-sweet (*Spiraea* L.); —*spianzen*, pl. *see* *Spierenge-wächse*; —*schwabe*, f. *Ornith.* 1) swift (*Hauer-schwabe*); 2) martin (*Gaußschwabe*); —*staube*, f. meadow-sweet (*Spiraea* L.).

Spierling, (str.) m. 1) *Ichth.* amelt, sparring or spirling (*Osmorus sparidus* L.); 2) a species of bleak (*Oxyrinus aphya* L.); 3) (*or -baum*, m.) (wild) haw-tree, service-tree, mountain-ash (*Sperberbaum*); —*sture*, f. *Chem.* pyromallo acid.

Spieß, (str.) m. 1) spear; lance, pike; pole; 2) spit; 3) *Typ.* pick; 4) *Hunt.* a) pole, pike; b) pl. broaches, starts (the single and straight horns of a stag in the second year); 5) *E-e*, pl. *slang*, money, anal. tin, blunt, &c.; *ein - stecken*, to (put on the) spit; *den - umbrechen*, *coll.* to turn the tables (gegen, upon).

Spieß..., in comp. —*antilope*, f. *Zool.* oryx, gamabok (*Hippodragus oryx* Blainv.); —*baum*, m. *Min.* girdle of a gin; —*bod*, m. 1) rack to turn the spit on; 2) *Sport.* *see* *Spießer*; —*braten*, m. meat roasted on the spit; —*bürger*, m. 1) citizen armed with a spear, pike-man; 2) *cont.* cit. of *Philister*, 2, a; —*bürgerlich*, *adj.* home-baked, commonplace; —*bürgerthum*, n. *see* *Philisterei*; —*brücker*, m. *see* —*wender*; —*brut*, f. *Min.* group of needle-formed crystals; —*eisen*, n. iron head of a spear.

Spießer, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to put on a spit; to spear, spit; 2) to pierce, emale (a criminal). [*tall duck* (*Empale actula* L.)].

Spießerente, (w.) f. *Ornith.* pintail or pin-Spießer, (str.) m. *Sport.* a roebuck or stag in the first year.

Spieß..., in comp. —*ferkel*, n. roasted pig; —*fürmig*, *adj.* in the form of a spear, *Bot.* hastate(d); —*genße*, f. *see* —*antilope*; —*gerste*, f. switch; —*geßell*, m. comrade, partner, fellow, companion, accomplice.

Spießglanz, (str.) m. (& n.) *Miner.* antimony (bichter, grauer-) compact gray-streaked antimony; (geminer, grauer-) sulphuret of antimony; (roher, gebleigter-) crude antimony, native antimony; (schweitztreibender-) diaphoretic antimony; (strahliger-) radiated sulphuret of antimony; (rother-) red antimonial ore; (vielfarbiger-) iridescent antimony; in comp. —*artig*, *adj.* antimonial, stibial, like or having the qualities of antimony; —*calx*, f. *Miner.* & *Chem.* calx of antimony, oxide of antimony; —*entzug*, n. antimonial wine, tincture of antimony; *Miner-s.* —*blei*, n. *see* *schwarzes -erz*; —*bleierz*, n. bournonite; —*blende*, f. red antimony ore; —*blumen*, f. pl. *Chem.* argentine flowers of antimony; —*blut*, f. *Chem.* & *Miner.* hydro-sulphuret of antimony, mineral kermes; —*butter*, f. butter of antimony; —*chlorid*, n. *Chem.* chloride of antimony; (bassig) —*Algarotti's powder*; —*brut*, f. *Miner.* acicular sulphuret of antimony; —*erz*, n. *Miner.* ore of antimony; (feberiges-) plumose antimonial ore; (schwarzes-) antimonial sulphuretted lead-ore; (stahlberber-) solid antimonial ore; —*eßig*, m. vinegar of antimony; —*glas*, n. *Chem.* glass of antimony; —*haltig*, *adj.* antimonial, stibial; *Miner-s.* —*halt*, m. antimonial ethiops, antimonial ochre; —*hermes*, m. *see* —*blut*; —*knig*, m. regulus of antimony; —*leber*, f. *Chem.* liver of antimony, sulphuretted oxide of antimony; *Miner-s.* —*moß*, m. antimonial ethiops; —*oder*, m. antimonial ochre, antimony-ochre, antimonial ethiops; *Chem-s.* —*öl*, n. oil of antimony; —*oryb*, n. protoxide of antimony; —*safraz*, m. saffron of antimony; —*säpeter*, m. nitrate of antimony; —*salz*, n. antimoniate; —*sture*, f. stibio or antimonie acid; —*stwe-*

fel, *m.* sulphur of antimony; —*silber, n.* *Miner.* antimonial silver(ore); —*vitriol, m.* *Chem.* vitriol of antimony; —*wein, m.* *see* —*auszug*; *Miner.-s. —weiß, n.* white oxide of antimony by precipitation; —*zinnöber, m.* cinnabar of antimony.

Spiek'..., in comp. —glas, n. see —glanz;
—gras, n. *Bot.* foxtail (*Alopecurus* L.); —haar,
n. stiff, projecting, spiky hair; —hecht, m.
Ichth. a genus of pike (*Sphyrna* Cuv.); —
bird, m. see *Spicker*.

Epic'fig, *adj.* 1) pointed; consisting of points; 2) *provinc., &c.* a) keen, acrimonious, piercing, sharp; b) thin, meagre.

Spieß ... in comp. —*flucht*, m. see *Lanz-*
flucht; —*lobbalt*, m. *Minor*: gray-cobalt ore; —
tufen, m. see *Baumtufen*; —*lerde*, f. *Or-*
nith. 1) pipit (*Baumtufen*); 2) meadow-pipit
(*Wiesenpieper*); —*nagel*, m. a long nail; —
raubm. f. *Ornith. arcticus* gull (*Leucis pa-*
raetensis L.); —*rutse*, f. 1) switch; 2) *E-n*, pl.
Nil. gauntlet; —*rutzen laufen*, to run the gaunt-
let; —*rutzen laufen lassen*, to slug through the
line; —*schaft*, m., —*stange*, f. spear-staff; —
träger, m. 1) spear-man, pike-man, lanceer;
2) see *Spieß*; —*wender* (= *treiber*), m. turn-
spit (*Wratenwender*); —*werfer*, m. one who
throws a spear; harpooner; —*wurzel*, f. see
Wahlwurzel; —*yahn*, m. see *Spitzahn*.

Sp'ite, (n.) *f.* *Bot.* spike, spikenard, lavender (*Lavandula spica* L.)

Sp'iter, (str.) *m.* *Mar.* timber-nail, spike; in *comp.* —bohrer, *m.* spike-gimlet; —eisen, *n.* spike-iron; —haut, *f.* sheathing; —pinne, *f.* *Corp.* spike, nail.

Spit'erna, (u.) *s. tr. Mar.* to nail; to spike.
Spit' . . . , *in comp.* — *Sp.*, *n. Comm.* spikenard-oil, oil of lavender; — *waffer*, *n.* lavender-water.

Spill, (*str.*) *n.* see **Gangspill**.
Spillage [*pr.* —'shə], (*n.*) *f. coll.* (*N. G.*)
Comm. outcome of goods, dross and dust,
 sweepings; waste, spillage.

Spill'..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* *see* Spindelbaum & Faulbaum, 1; —bäume, *m. pl.* bars of the capstan; —bett, *n.* *see* —spur; —blech, *n.* socket of the capstan.

Spill'le, (w.) *f.* 1) *see* **Spill**; 2) *see* **Spin-
del**; 3) peg, pin; rolling-pin; cylinder; 4)
see **Spriçh**, 2; 5) *see* **Spilling**; 6) testotum.
Spill'len, (w.) *v. tr. (L. G.)* to spill, waste,
squander.

Spil'ten . . . in comp. —bein, see Spindel-
bein; —blech, see Spillblech; —bisfel, f. Bot.
distaff-bistle (*Carthamus lanatus* L.); —flöte,
f. fusiform pipe in an organ; —holz, n. Bot.
sycamore-tree (*Acer pseudo-platanus* L.).

Epil' ..., in comp. —**gatzn**, *n. pl.* holes of the windlass or of the capstan. —**gelber**, *n. pl.* —**gut**, *n.* pin-money; —**hahn**, *see* Virthahn; —**haspel**, *n.* barrel of the windlass. **Epifling**, (*str.*) *n. f.* **Pmol.** (yellow) egg-plum; wheat-plum.

Spinn', *in comp.*—**flampen**, *m. pl.* whelps of the capstan;—**knopf**, *m.* wall-knot;—**lehn**, *m.* female fief (*Sunkellehn*);—**wäge**, *m.* relation or kinsman from the female side (—*seite, f.*), (*Lat.*) *cognati*;—**rund**, *m.* tree of

Spīnāt', (str.) *m.* Bot. spinage (*Spinacia oleracea* L.); wilder —, or Gänsefuß—, good

Henry (guter Heinrich).
 Spind, (*str.*) *n.*, Spin'de, (*w.*) *f.* provinc.
 cupboard; wardrobe, press.

Spin'del, (w.) *f.* 1) spindle; distaff; 2) peg, pin, pivot; 3) *Mech.* a) axis, arbor; 2) shaft; b) spindle-tree, newel (of a staircase); c) pillar, post (of a windmill); d) soul (of a weaver's shuttle); e) *Watch-m.* (an der Uhr) verge; fusee; 4) spire (of a church);

5) worm (of a screw); 6) nut (of a press);
7) (des Stülchbohrers und der Nadel) shank;
8) see Speiche, 2; 9) see —schneide.

Epinephelus, *Epinephelus* - *Epinephelus*
Epinephelus ..., in comp. - *banst*, *f. Spinn*.
flyer, *fly-frame*, *bobbin* - (and *fly-frame*,
spindle-rove-frame) - *banst mit Verstellflügel*,
presser-frame - *banst*, *m. 1*) *Bot. spindle-*
tree, *prick-wood*, *burning-bush* (*Broomrape*
europeus L.); 2) *Mach. beam* of a spindle;
coll.-s. - *banst*, *n. spindle-shanks*; - *betting*, *ad.*
spindle-shank; - *bitzn*, *f. spindle-like*; *pear*;
-bohrer, *m. bung-bore*; - *buchse*, *f. see* *Flug-*
buchse; - *draht*, *m. Watch-m. fusee-wire*; -
hünn, *-bürr*, *ad. very thin*; - *hüft*, *f. see* *Epil-*
fenströte; - *jürmig*, *ad. spindle-like*; *Bot. fus-*
form; - *gewölbe*, *n. cylindrical vault*; - *hahn*,
n. see *Kuchenhahn*; - *hemmung*, *f. Watch-m.*
crown-escapement; *fusee-escapement*; - *holl*,
n. 1) see *banum*; 2) *see* *Epiphenole*; - *lahren*,
m. T. mandrel-stock; - *leister*, *f. see* *prelle*;
-löhden, *n. Watch-m. balance-vice*; - *krant*,
m. Bot. distast-histle (*Abractis* L.); - *lappen*,
m. pl. Watch-m. pallets, *nuts*; - *macher*,
m. spindle-maker; - *muffel*, *m. Anat. see* *Epine-*
phrenmuffel; - *nietter*, *m. Watch-m. verge-rivet-*
ing-tool; - *plumme*, *f. see* *Epilling*; - *prelle*,
f. screw-press; - *rolle*, *f. spindle-roll*; - *rütle*,
f. Archit. spindle-shaped column; - *schneide*, *f.*
Coch. whalk; - *schneiden*, *pl. various snails*
(shells) of a spiral form; - *lette*, *f. see* *Epil-*
lette; - *thell*, *m. †, spinster's part*; - *treppse*,
f. winding or cylindrical staircase; - *wirtel*,
m. T. whirl of a spindle; - *zapfen*, *m. pivot*,
pin of a spindle.

Spin'delig, Spin'delicht, adj. spindle-shaped.

* **Spinell'**, (str.) m. (Fr.) *Miner. spinel* (lo).
 * **Spinett'**, (str.) n. (Ital.) *Mus. spinet*,
 virginals (an old keyed instrument)

Spinn'affe, (w.) m. see Spinnernaffe.
Spinn'hahn, see Heilerhahn.

Spinn'bahn, *see* Seilerbahn.
 Spinn'bär, *adj.* that may be spun, textile.
 Spinn'blume, (*w.*) *f. Bot.* meadow-saffron
 (Hexstachelrose).

Spin'ner, (n.) *f.* 1) *Drach*, spider (animal of the family *Araneae*); 2) *epiteful*, venomous person; 3) *whim* (*Grille*); 4) *provinc*, evening-meeting of country-girls for spinning (*cf.* *Spiniflute*, 2); 5) *Sport*, dog (*Széjane*).

Spin'nen, (n.) *v. L. & n.* 1) to spin; *Zabel* —, to spin, roll tobacco; 2) *fig.* to plot; to *Känne* —, to intrigue; *IL rüh.* 1) to spin; 2) to thicken, to become cloudy (of wine and other fluids); 3) to spin round, whirl; 4) *coll.* to purr (as a cat); *Spinnenner Zabel*, twisted, prepared, or manufactured tobacco.

Spyn'ner, *in comp.*—*affe*, *m.* Zool. spider-ape (*Ateles arachnoideus* L.);—*artig*, *adj.* spider-like, holy-thistle, blessed thistle (*Centaurea benedicta* L.);—*fish*, *m.* Ichth. dragonet (*Caulionymus* L.);—*fretter*, *m.* Ornith. spider-catcher (*Arachnoides longirostris* Tem.);—*gewebe*, *n.* cobweb, spider's web.

Spin'nenhaft, see **Spinnenartig**.
Spin'nen... in comp. — (weben) **haut**, *f.*
Anat. arachnoides, arachnoid membrane;
 — **flette**, *f.* *Bot.* a kind of burdock (*Lappa*
tomentosa L.) — **tauf**, *m.* 1) spider's head;
 2) *Conch.* spider's murex, spider-shell (*Murex*
testuipina Lam.) 3) *Moss* crowfoot — **frant**,
m. *Bot.* spider-wort (*Tradescantia* L.) — **treß**,
m. *Crust.* spider crawfish (*Parthenocera horrida*
 L.) — **weß**, *m.* see — **webe**; — **strüer**, *m.* *Entom.*
ichneumon-fly (*Echlinipocope*); — **stein**, *m.*
arachn(colite); — **stüßer**, *m.* *Entom.* sand-wasp
 (*Sphex* F.) — **webe**, *f.* see — **webe**; — **weben**;
artig, *adj.* *Nat.* arachnoid, *Bot.* cobwebbed,
 areneous.

Spin'ner, (*str.*) *m.* 1) spinner; 2) see **Wilder**; 2; —**lohn**, *m.* spinner's wages.

Spinnerei, (w.) *f.* 1) a) (the act or practice of) spinning; b) web, tissue (*Gewebe*);

3) spinning establishment, spinning-mill;
spin-house. [spinster.

Spinnewert, (*m.*) *f.* (female) spinner.
Spinnen ... (from **Spinnewert**), *in comp.* :
spibig, *adj.* cobwebbed, cobwebby; — **spid**,
—hart, *m.* flax, hemp dressed for spinning;
—tran, *f.* see **Spinnewert**; — **geſpinn**, *m.* spinning
trade; — **gut**, *m.* see **—label**; — **haar**, *m.*
spun flax; — **heft**, *m.* spinning book; — **hart**,
m. hemp dressed for spinning; — **haud**, *m.*
1) spin-house; 2) work-house, house of cor-
rection (for lewd women); — **hütte**, *f.* spinneret,
but for silk-worms.

Spin'nicht, (w.) f. *see* Spinnstube, 2.
Spin'nle, adj. *see* Spinnmutter.

Epinus, *n.* see **Epicnemidius**.
Epinen'... (*from Epinenn*), *in comp.* =
jangler; *f.* see **Bewerfjinger**; — **-loep**, *f.* see
Epinenloep; — **-laynen**, *m.* **T. list**; — **-moeg**,
f. spinning maid or servant; — **-moefinne**, *f.*
spinning-engine, spinning-jenny; — **-wetter**,
m. foreman in a spinning-mill; — **-mütle**, *f.*
see **Epinnet**, 2; — **-organ**, *n.* see **-werking**;
— **-rad**, *n.* spinning wheel; — **-raupe**, *f.* silk-
worm; — **-reht**, *adj.* dressed or prepared for
being spun; — **-roden**, *m.* see **Roden**, 1 & 2;
— **-roedenfel**, *f.* *Bot.* see **Epilidenfel**; —
— **-röderen**, *n.* see **-werking**; — **-stael**, *f.* spin-
ning school; — **-teide**, *f.* silk for spinning; —
— **-stoff**, *m.* spinner's material; — **-stuk**, *f.* 1)
spinning room; spinster's chamber; 2) see
Epinne, 4; — **-stukwerkseft**, *f.* old woman's
philosophy; — **-stuhl**, *m.* spinning chair; —
— **-tabel**, *m.* span tobacco, twist; — **-waerge**, *f.* *Entom.*
spinning-pap. *f.* **-werking**; — **-webbe**, *f.* see
Epinwegwebbe; — **-webbenant**, see **Epinnen-**
— **-bant**; — **-weib**, *n.* see **-fran**; — **-wertjeug**, *n.*
Entom. spinner, spinneret (of insects); — **-wir-**
— **-bel**, — **-wirotel**, *m.* **T.** whirl; — **-woelf**, *f.* wool
for spinning.

* **Spineless**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) 1) *lit.* (*L. u.*) spineless, thorny: 2) *fig.* difficult, perplexing.

* *Spinosis'mus*, m. (Lat.) Spinorism. — *Spinosist'*, (n.) m. Spinosist.

Spint, (str.) m. 1) see **Splint**, 1; 2) see **Bienenfresser**.

* **Эпи́н**'рен, (w.) v. *intr.* see **Гри́бе**н, 2.
 * **Эпи́н**, (str.) m. (*Ital.*) 1) spy; 2) see **Фенстер**пегел, 2. — **Эпи́н**'рен, I. (w.) v. *intr.* to spy; II. v. s. (str.) n. (**Эпи́н**'рингс^{тм}, /str./ n. system of) espionage.

* **Spiral**, *i. adj.* (*L. Lat.*) spiral; *in comp.*
-**circl**, *m.* spiral compasses; -**feber**, *f.* 1)
spiral spring; main spring of a watch; 2) *pl.*
(*an Rütteln*) worm-springs; -**federflappe**,
-**gange**, *f.* Watch-*m.* main-spring vice; -**för-
mig**, *adj.* spiral; -**linje**, *f.* spiral, helical line;
-**pumpe**, *f.* spiral-pump; -**järkt**, *see* -**circl**;
II. **S-*e***, (*m.*) *f.* *see* -**linje**.

* *Spirant'*, (w.) *m.* (*Lat.*) *Gramm.* spirant.
 * *Spiritus'sen*, *pl.* (*Lat.*) spiritual matters or concerns. — *Spiritualis'sen*, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to spiritualise; 2) *Chem.* to raise by distillation. — *Spirituell'*, *adj.* spiritual; spirited. — *Spirituell'*, *adj.* spirituous (of liquors). — *Spiritus'sen*, *n. pl.* (*Lat.*) spirituous liquors, spirits.

* *Spīritus* (not decl.; pl. coll. /str./E-tuffe), *m.* (*Lat.*) alcohol, spirit (of wine), fine distilled essence; *höchst rectificirter* —, proof spirit; *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* alcoholic; —*geruch*, *m.* smell of spirits; —*saure*, *f.* alcohol-

lamp; — wege, *f.* alcoholimeter; spirit level.
Epitā, *f.* adj. pointed; *Bot. & Miner.* acicular; *f.* *Epitāq*; — zulaufend, tapering;
Geom. acute (angle); *cin Tau* — machen, *Mar.*
 to point a rope; etwas nicht — friegen fer-
 nen, *coll.* not to be able to make a thing out;
 II. *s.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Zool.* Pomeranian dog;
 wolf-dog; 2) *coll.* for *Reufschän*.

Epit'..., in comp. —*abern*, m. *Bel.* Norway-maple, German sugar-maple (*Acer platanoides* L.); —*ambel*, m. *T.* rising anvil; —

round; 2) *Mar.* small wainscot; 3) *Sport.* antler.

Spreißen, *Spreißen*, (*v.*) *v. intr. prom.* 1) to gallop off; 2) *see* *Spreißen*; 3) *see* *Spreißen*.

Spreißen ..., *in comp.* —*heber*, *f.* *Horol.* spring (in a clock) to stop the rapid motion of the wheels; —*hafen*, *m.* *T.* hook for drawing the coals out of a charcoal-kiln.

Spreißen, (*str.*) *n. see* *Spreißen*; —*bede*, *f.* *prom.* covarlet, counterpane.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *f.* the state of being spread; *an der* — *liegen*, to be spread out (of flax).

Spreißen, (*v.*) *v. intr. see* *Spreißen*.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to spread, extend.

Spreißen ..., *in comp.* —*garn*, *n.* *fishing-net*; —*lage*, *f.* *layer* (of earth); —*legen*, *n. see* *Spreißen*.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *f.* 1) *T.* prop, shore, stay; *Spreißen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to spread open, spread asunder; to sprawl out; to skewer; 2) to stretch open; die *Stäbe* auseinander —, to take strides, to straddle; 3) to prop, shore; *II. refl.* 1) to sprawl (one's self) out; to strut; 2) *see* *Streuern*; 3) (*with* *mit*) to boast (of), to plume one's self (on).

Spreißen, (*str.*) *pl.* *Spreißen* *n. brace.* *Spreißen*, (*v.*) 1) stretching, spreading; 2) boasting, bragging.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *f.* *Min.* the operation of shooting and blasting. [*blown up.*]

Spreißen, (*v.*) *adj.* that may be burst or *Spreißen* ..., *in comp.* —(*heiß*)*loch*, *n.* *Min.* blast-hole (*Bohrloch*); —*büchel*, *f.* *Gew.* potard; —*büchel*, *m. see* *weibel*; —*brust*, *n.* *Chem.* neck-breaker.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *f.* the (act of) sprinkling *Spreißen*, (*str.*) *n.* *Glass-m. &c.* crack-ing-ring.

Spreißen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sprinkling-mop; *Spreißen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to make (one) run about; *b)* to spring, start (game); *aneinander* —, to disperse; 2) *a)* to cause to burst, to cause to break; to burst open; to spring, blow up, blast (a rock), to discharge (a mine); to force (a door); *b)* *T.* to crack (glass); 3) to sprinkle, scatter, water; 4) *T.* die *gepörragte Brücke*, girder-bridge; die *gepörragte und gepörragte Brille*, strut-and-truss-framed bridge (*cf.* *Sprengwerk*); *ein* *Ball* *im* *Billard* —, to spring a ball; *ein* *Wurf* *über* *ein* *Graben* —, to dash or leap a horse over a ditch; *die* *Bank* *(im* *Spiele)* —, to break the bank; *II. intr.* 1) (*aux. sein*) to gallop; to ride full speed; to dash; to leap; 2) (*aux. haben*) to sprinkle, &c.; *gepörragt*, *p. a.* *Herold.* spread (wings, &c.).

Spreißen ..., (*from* *Sprengen*), *in comp.* —*fuß*, *m.* sprinkling tub; —*gabel*, *f.* *Lock-sm.* forked turn-screw; —*geßaß*, *n.* explosive missile; —*glas*, *n.* anaclastic-glass; —*graben*, *m.* —*grube*, *f.* mine; —*gräber*, *m.* *min.* *pit*; —*hane*, *f.* *see* *Gießhane*; 2) —*farren*, *m.* sprinkling-machine; —*teffel*, *m.* *Rom.* *Osia.* holy water-pot; —*stift*, *f.* powder-chest; —*stöße*, *f.* *Glass-m. &c.* cracking-coal; —*stöße*, *m. see* *trichter*; —*stöße*, *f.* bomb, shell, potard; —*ladung*, *f.* ammunition or charge for blasting; —*loch*, *n. see* *Bohrloch*; —*maße*, *f.* machine used in blasting; —*maße*, *f.* thin scattered mast for hogs in a forest; —*stöße*, *n.* *Chem.* nitroglycerine; —*stöße*, *f.* 1) sprinkling-brush; 2) *Book-b.* marbling-brush; —*pulver*, *n.* blasting- or miner's powder; —*stöße*, *f.* *Mil.* Congreve-rocket; —*stöße*, *m.* (blasting)-shot; —*stöße*, *m.* *pl.* blasted stones; —*stöße*, *f.* *Archit.* strut-(beam), strut-brace; —*stöße*, *n.* potard; —*stöße*, *f.* powder-barrel; —*stöße*, *m.* rose of a watering-pot.

Spreißen, (*v.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) sprinkling, &c.; a sprinkling, blowing up, explosion; 2) *Build.* (rines *Sprengwerk*) camber.

Sprengen ..., (*from* *Sprengen*), *in comp.* —*wage*, *f.* splinter-bar (of a carriage); —*wagen*, *m. see* *farren*; —*wasser*, *n.* 1) water for sprinkling; 2) *see* *Wassermesser*; —*weibel*, *m.* sprinkling brush, sprinkle; —*wert*, *n.* *Corp., &c.* strut-frame; —*wisch*, *m.* sprinkling-mop.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Sport.* springs, snare, gin, noose; 2) speckle, spot; —*stein*, *m.* 1) crooked leg; 2) bandy legs.

Sprengen, (*adj.*) party-coloured, speckled, spotted; pied.

Sprengen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to speckle, spot; *gepörragtes Papier*, splash-paper.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* *Sprengen*, (*v.*) *f.* merlin (*Merl*).

Sprengen, *s. l. f.* chaff; *II. in comp.* —*artig*, *Sprengen*, (*adj.*) chaffy; *Bot.* paleaceous; —*stöße*, *pl.* ramants; —*stöße*, *adj.* ramantaceous; —*stöße*, *n.* pales; —*stöße*, *adj.* paleaceous; —*stöße*, *f.* *Bot.* chaff-wood (*Xanthoxylum* L.); —*regen*, *n.* drizzling rain; —*stöße*, *m.* chaff-bag; straw-bed; —*stein*, *m.* *Miner.* paranthine, scapolite; —*tragen*, *adj.* *Bot.* paleaceous, chaffy.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *pl.* *Sprengen* *n.* proverb, adage, by-word, saying; apophthegm; *Sprengen* *in* *Bildern* (*Sprengen*-*Aussprüche*), *Spil.*, *n.*, acting of charades.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *adj.* proverbial.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* *prom.* spot, speckle.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* 1) hoop, tilt; 2) reop-work of a wall or ceiling.

Sprengen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tilt, to provide with tilts; 2) *see* *Verohren*.

Sprengen ..., *in comp.* —*stöße*, *n.* tilt, awning; —*wagen*, *m.* tilt wagon.

Sprengen, (*v.*) *f.* *see* *Sprengen*.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Sprengen*; 2) *Sport.* antler.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to sprout, shoot, germinate, spring up.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar-s.* sprit; *in comp.* —*stöße*, *m.* —*stöße*, *n.* sheet-block; —*stöße*, *n.* sprit-sail; —*stöße*, *n.* sprit-sail rope; —*stöße*, *f.* futtock-staff.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) spring; gush (of water); 2) *Mar-s.* sheer of a ship's deck; — *auf* *dem* *Unterdeck*, spring; *ein* *Schiff* *das* *viel* *hat*, a round-sheered ship; *ein* *Schiff* *mit* *nicht* *zu* *viel* —, a moon-sheered ship; *ein* *Schiff* *mit* *zu* *wenig* —, a strait-sheered ship; 3) *see* *Sprungflut*.

Sprengen ..., (*from* *Sprung*, *s. &* *Springen*), *in comp.* —*anker*, *m.* a kedgor or small anchor; —*stöße*, *m. & n.* 1) cork-tumbler; 2) *Bot.* *prom.* may-lily (*Maiblume*); —*stöße*, *n.* basin of a fountain; —*stöße*, *pl.* *Entom.* saltatory legs (hind-legs) of insects; —*stöße*, *m.* *Zool.* springer antelope, spring-buck (*Antelope* *eurasiatica* Forster); —*stöße*, *n.* spring-board; —*stöße*, *m.* (artificial) fountain, well-spring, jet.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein &* *haben*) 1) to leap, jump, skip, spring, to vault (on a horse, &c.); to bound; — *und* *ausschlagen*, to plunge (of horses); 2) to spout, gush, issue (from a fountain); 3) to burst, crack, break suddenly, to chap; to snap, break (as a string, &c.); 4) to copulate, cover (said of certain animals); *vom* *Werde* —, to leap from a horse, to alight; *in die* *Augen* —, 1. to strike the eye; 2. *fg.* to be obvious; — *lassen*, *fg. coll.* to be lost, to go, to fall; — *lassen*, 1. to set (a water-work) going; to play (the water); 2. to spring (a mine); 3. *coll.* to spend; *über* *die* *Ringe* — *lassen*, to put to the sword; *der* *stöße* *Punct*, salient point.

Sprengen, (*str.*) *m.* (*E-lu.* [*v.*]) 1) leaper, jumper; *cont.* hopper; 2) *Cam.* knight (at chess); 3) *Mammal.* *see* *Braunfisch &* *Del-*

phin, 1; 4) *see* *Sprungmaus*; 5) *see* *Sprungmaus*; 6) *see* *Sprunghengst*, *Sprunghengst*; 7) sheep affected with the staggers; 8) *see* *Stußschellen*, *Stußschellen*.

Sprengen, (*v.*) *f.* *cont.* the (act or practice of) leaping, jumping, &c.

Sprung ..., (*from* *Springen*), *in comp.* —*stöße*, *n.* glass-thread hardened in cold water; —*stöße*, *f.* elastic spring; —*stöße*, *m.* *Ichth.* a kind of flying-fish (*Exocoetus exilis* Bl.); —*stöße*, *f.* spring-tide; —*stöße*, *m.* *Nat.* foot for leaping, saltatory foot; —*stöße*, *n. see* *stöße*; —*stöße*, *n.* anaclastic glass; —*stöße*, *f.* *see* *Steißgurt*; —*stöße*, *m.* stallion-oats; —*stöße*, *m.* *prom.* *see* *Stadthäupter*; —*stöße*, *m.* *Zool.* jumping-hare (*Podiceps caffer* Pall.); —*stöße*, *m.* stallion; —*stöße*, *n.* *pl.* *Wass.* &c. jacks; —*stöße*, *m.* *coll.* a giddy fellow, touch-and-go; romp, hoiden; —*stöße*, *m.* *Entom.* leaping beetle, elater (*Elater* L.); —*stöße*, *m.* Bologna-phial; —*stöße*, *pl.* *Pharm.* seeds of caper-spurge, the less caputella seeds; —*stöße*, *f.* elasticity; —*stöße*, *adj.* elastic; —*stöße*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) caper-spurge (*Euphorbia Lathyrus* L.); 2) touch-me-not (*Impatiens noli tangere* L.); 3) castor-oil plant (*Ricinus communis* L.); —*stöße*, *f.* *Bot.* hairy lady's-smock (*Cardamine hirsuta* L.); —*stöße*, *m.* *see* *gurt*; —*stöße*, *f.* art of vaulting or leaping; —*stöße*, *f.* *Org.* wind-chest (*Wind-lade*); —*stöße*, *f.* *Mar.* (cap-)scuttler; —*stöße*, *f.* 1) *Entom.* jumper (*Rüfemake*); 2) *Helminth.* maw-worm, thread-worm (*Acaris vermicularis* L.); —*stöße*, *f.* *Zool.* jumping-mouse (*Jerboa*, *Dipus sagitta* Gm.); —*stöße*, *m.* bull kept for breeding; —*stöße*, *n.* *see* *hengst*; —*stöße*, *m.* —*stöße*, *f.* fountain, spring, well; —*stöße*, *f.* *see* *maus*; —*stöße*, *f.* jet-pipe (of a fountain); —*stöße*, *f.* a kind of fox-trap; —*stöße*, *m.* *see* *stöße*; —*stöße*, *n.* *T.* jump-point; —*stöße*, *n.* spring-lock; —*stöße*, *m.* *Entom.* spring-tail (*Podura* L.); —*stöße*, *n.* skipping-rope; —*stöße*, *m.* leaping-pole; *poy*; *Mar-s.* —*stöße*, *m.* stirrup; —*stöße*, *n.* spring; —*stöße*, *n.* *see* *stöße*; —*stöße*, *f.* *Sport.* leap-net; —*stöße*, *f.* *Entom.* leaping-bug (*Halticus pallicornis* F.); —*stöße*, *m.* spring-water; water-spout; —*stöße*, *f.* *Bot.* crack-willow (*Bruchweide*); —*stöße*, *m.* *Helminth.* thread-worm, maw-worm, pin-worm (*Oxyuris vermicularis* L.); —*stöße*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) *see* *stöße*; 2) tufted horse-shoe-vetch (*Hippocrepis comosa* L.); —*stöße*, *f.* 1) *see* *stöße*; 2) coupling-time.

Sprung, *see* *Sprengen*.

Sprung, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sprengen*.

Sprung, (*v.*) *f.* *from* *Sprengen*, *in comp.* —*stöße*, *n.* *see* *Stußschellen*; —*stöße*, *m.* splash- or dash-board; —*stöße*, *f.* syringe of wood, squirt.

Sprung, (*v.*) *f.* 1) syringe, squirt; 2) (fire-) engine; 3) *see* *Spritzfahrt*.

Sprung, (*v.*) *v. intr.* to spurt, sputter.

Sprung, (*v.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to squirt; *II. tr. & intr.* (*aux. haben*) 1) *a)* to squirt; to spurt (apart), spout, sputter, splutter; *die* *Feeder* *hätte* (*beim* *Schreiben*) *gespritzt*, the pen had spluttered (in writing); *b)* to spatter, sprinkle; 2) *Med.* to inject, syringe; 3) (of engines) to play.

Sprung ..., *in comp.* —*stöße*, *m.* fireman; —*stöße*, *n.* engine-house; —*stöße*, *pl.* firemen, fire-engine-workers; —*stöße*, *m.* fire-engine-maker; —*stöße*, *m.* fireman; —*stöße*, *m.* inspector of fire-engines, engineer; foreman of a party of firemen; —*stöße*, *f.* tube or pipe of a fire-engine; —*stöße*, *m.* hose.

Sprung ..., (*from* *Sprengen*), *in comp.* —*stöße*, *f.* *Stud.* slang, a drive out in the country (for convivial purposes); —*stöße*, *m.* *Ichth.* a species of equimipennes (*Chelmon rostratus* L.); —*stöße*, *m.* splash; —*stöße*, *n.* *see* *stöße*.

—luchsen; —gurtel, *f.* see *Eiselsgurtel*; —lamm, *f.* watering-pot; —lachen, *m.* spouted cake, fritter; —leber, *m.* splashing or splash-leather (of a coach); —loch, *n.* see *Blafloch*; —mittel, *n.* injection; clyster; —nabel, *f.* vermicelli; —röhren, *n.* pipe of a clyster; —rührer, *f.* 1) syringe; 2) *Nat.* nostril (of dolphins, &c.); —wall, *m.* see *Stirnflügel*; —webel, sprinkling-brush; —wurf, *m.* see —demurf; —wurm, *m.* *Echin.* tube-worm, tubular holothure (*Holothuria tubulosa* L.).

Eyspind, (*str.*) *m.* *Entom.* cade-worm; —aas, *n.* *Entom.* may-fly (*Schreckfliege*); —(el)weide, *Eyspindel* or *Eyspindelweide*, *f.* see *Springweide*.

Eyspindel, *I. adj.* 1) brittle; hard, inflexible; dry; chapped (skin, lips); 2) *fg.* cold, reserved; shy, coy, demure; stubborn; *II. f.* 1) (*Decl. like adj.*) coy, demure person; prude; 2) (*n.*) for *Eyspindeltritt*. [phureous lead.]

Eyspindeltritt, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* striated sub-*Eyspindeltritt* (*I. n.* *Eyspindeltritt*), (*n.*) *f.* 1) brittleness; *fg.* 2) disobliging behaviour, reserve; 3) coyness, demureness, prudery.

A. Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* *Eyspindel*, (*n.*) *m.* & *f.* 1) *Bot.* sprig, shoot, sprout; 2) *fg.* scion, offspring, descendant; 3) *Sport.* antler, see *Ende*, 2. b.

B. Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) a) step, spar, round (of a ladder), rundle; b) peg (of a peg-ladder); c) bar, rung (of the beam of a windmill); d) rundle (of a cart-track); 2) *Join.*, &c. small cross-bar (of a window-frame) between the panes, *c.* Fensterpfosten, Fensterstreuz; 3) freckle (*Sommerpfosten*).

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *s. intr.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to sprout, shoot, spring, bud, germinate, burgeon; 2) *fg.* to spring, descend from.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —bier, *m.* *Beer.* spruce-beer; —bildung, *f.* *Physiol. Bot.* or *Zool.* gompiparous reproduction; —essen, *f.* spruce-wine; *Bot.-s.* —flücht, *f.* hemlock-spruce (*Abies Canadensis* L.); —flücht, *m.* sprouts; —niste, *f.* proliforous pink (*Dianthus prolifera* L.); —samen, *f.* see —flücht.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ornith.* (*Eyspindel* vögel, *m.*) Hungarian nightingale, great nightingale, bastard-nightingale, philomel (*Luscinia philomela* Bochst.); 2) *Sport.* stag with antlers; 3) *Bot.* stolon. [form:]

Eyspindelarm, (*str.*) *f.* *Gramm.* derivative *Eyspindelarm*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sprout, shoot; 2) *fg.* descendant, scion.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* see *Eyspindel*.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* *Ichth.* sprat (*Clupea sprattus* Cuv.).

Eyspindeltrug, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor.* black shining lead-ore; sulphurated lead.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *pl.* *Eyspindel* (*m.*) 1) sentence, decree, judgment (of a judge), award, *cf.* Urtheil; 2) (short, pithy, and instructive) saying, sententious maxim, apophthegm; adage, motto; passage (from the Bible, &c.); einen — thun, to give, pass, or pronounce sentence; zum — E. stehen, to be at issue.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —büchse, *f.* see —collegium; —buch, *n.* book of sentences; —collegium, *n.* court of arbitration; —büchse, *m.* *gnomic* post.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Eyspindel*); *cf.* *Eyspindel* (*Eyspindel*) short sentence, short (moral) saying, precept, maxim; aphorism.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —fähig, *adj.* competent; —fertig, *adj.* *Law.* ready for judgment to be passed; —geld, *n.* fee for passing an award; —gefang, *m.* anthem.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Eyspindel*); *cf.* *Eyspindel* (*Eyspindel*) short sentence, short (moral) saying, precept, maxim; aphorism.

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apophthegmatical; —reich, *adj.* sententious; —weise, *adv.* in the manner of sentences; —weiser, *m.* concordance to the bible.

Eyspindelwort, *n.* see *Eyspindelwort*.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) fountain, well; 2) one of the hot wells at Carlsbad; —bad, *n.* *Med.* showerbath. —*Eyspindel*, *adj.* bubbling, spouting. —*Eyspindel*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Eyspindel*, (*n.*) *s. intr.* 1) to bubble, spout; 2) *fg.* to flow, gush; *in Eyspindel* —, (*intr.* & *tr.*) to sputter.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —quelle, *f.* bubbling fountain; —stein, *m.* *Minor.* thermal tuff, aragonite.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* sputterer, splutterer. *Eyspindel*, *m.* see *Eyspindel*.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* sparkling eye.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* see *Eyspindel*.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *s. intr.* to fly out in small particles, to fly out in sparks; to sparkle, beam; to drizzle (of rain); *II. tr.* 1) to sprinkle or scatter in small drops, to sputter; 2) *fg.* to beam, dart, sparkle; *End* —, to scatter death, to shower destruction.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *n.* *Eyspindel*, (*str.*) *m.* *Fire-w.* coruscating fire, devil.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *pl.* *Eyspindel* (*m.*) 1) spring, leap, jump, skip, bound; vault; 2) *flaw*, chink, crack; chap; einen — haben, to be flawed (of a bottle, &c.); 3) the (act of) coupling (said of certain animals); jum — lassen, to let cover; 4) *Sport.* hind-legs of a hare; ein — Rehe, a bery of roes; 5) *Mar.* bunt (of a sail); 6) *Min.* bar, fault, see *Bermertung*; — ins Fange, upcast (dyke, slip, fault), upthrow, rise-dyke, riser; — ins Fiege, downcast (dyke, slip, fault), downthrow; *Eyspindel* machen, 1. to leap, gambol; 2. *fg.* see *Eyspindel*, *II.* nicht viel *Eyspindel* machen können, *fg.* could — thun, to take a leap; *coll.-s.* auf dem — E. stehen, to be ready, to be on the point; in vollem — E., at full speed; hinter *Eins* (or *Einem* auf die) *Eyspindel* kommen, to discover one's tricks or pranks; auf seine alten *Eyspindel* kommen, to return to one's former courses; Einem auf die *Eyspindel* helfen, to assist one (particul. one's memory); die Preise haben einen großen — gemacht, prices have taken a sudden rise.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —bein, *n.* *Anat.* sling-bone, first bone of the foot, ankle-bone, astragalus; —flücht, *f.* a kind of trout-fishing; —flut, *f.* see *Eyspindel*; —geleit, *n.* hock (of horses); —riemen, *m.* martingale; —rührer, *f.* see *Springrührer*; —weise, *adv.* by bounds, leaps; *fg.* abruptly.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *pl.* *Eyspindel* (*m.*) 1) sentence, decree, judgment (of a judge), award, *cf.* Urtheil; 2) (short, pithy, and instructive) saying, sententious maxim, apophthegm; adage, motto; passage (from the Bible, &c.); einen — thun, to give, pass, or pronounce sentence; zum — E. stehen, to be at issue.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —büchse, *f.* see —collegium; —buch, *n.* book of sentences; —collegium, *n.* court of arbitration; —büchse, *m.* *gnomic* post.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Eyspindel*); *cf.* *Eyspindel* (*Eyspindel*) short sentence, short (moral) saying, precept, maxim; aphorism.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —fähig, *adj.* competent; —fertig, *adj.* *Law.* ready for judgment to be passed; —geld, *n.* fee for passing an award; —gefang, *m.* anthem.

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Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Spinn.* spool, bobbin; pinn; 2) quill.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) place, tub, &c. where things are rinsed; 2) see *Offse*.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *n.* *Spinn.* spindle (*Tsch.*).

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *s. tr.* to (wind upon a) spool

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *s. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to wash (bottles with shot, &c.); to rinse; to cleanse (wool); 2) to wave, undulate; to wash.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —gefäß, *n.* —leiter, *f.* reel; —lebe, *f.* —register, *n.* velvet makers' oblong frame; —maschine, see *Eyspindelmaschine*.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *m.* *Spinn.* 1) (*Eyspindel*, *n.*) *f.* spooler, winder; 2) reel.

Eyspindel, (*str.*) *pl.* *Eyspindel* (*n.*) rinsing-tub; rinsing-coop; will-tub.

Eyspindel..., *in comp.* —förmig, *adj.* spool-shaped; *Anat.* lumbrical (muscles); —förmig, *n.* *Wass.* puppet; —förmig, *n.* quill-boy; —förmig, *n.* bobbin or spool-basket; —förmig, *n.* —förmig, *f.* spooler, winder, winder; —förmig, *f.* winding or jack-frame; (für *Kammwolle*) bobbin-frame; —förmig, *n.* spooling-wheel; bobbin-wheel; —förmig, *n.* —förmig, *f.* silk-reel; —förmig, *n.* reel; —förmig, *n.* bobbin-reel or pipe; —förmig, *f.* spindle of a spool; —förmig, *f.* see —förmig; —förmig, *n.* *Helminth.* ascaris, the long round-worm.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Spinn.* spool, bobbin; 2) quill.

Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Spinn.* spool, bobbin; 2) quill.

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Eyspindel, (*n.*) *f.* 1) *Spinn.* spool, bobbin; 2) quill.

bung-saw; —flüd, n. bung-stave; —fleife, f. gauge of the bilge of a cask; —boß, adj. check-fall; up to the bung-hole; —wanb, f. —wert, n. shoot-piling, cofferdam; *Mm.* piling. **Spunbung**, (w.) f. 1) rabbit; a fluting, grooving (made with the plough-plane); 2) see *Berpfündung*, 2.

Spunb' ..., in comp. —zapfen, m. stopple, bung; —gießer, m. bung-pick.

Spür, (w.) f. 1) trace, track, footstep; *Sport.* scent; 2) vestige, mark, sign; 3) track of a wheel, rut; 4) T. gutter; furrow; 5) *Mar.* step (of a mast); nicht die geringste —, not the slightest vestige or fam. ghost; (Winen) auf die — kommen, to come upon the track, to find out; to obtain a clue (von, to); der — nachgehen, to track; die — verlieren haben, to be at fault; auf die — bringen, to put (the hounds, &c.) on the scent; einen aus der — bringen, to put (one) on a wrong track, to mislead (one) in his pursuit, to put at fault.

Spuren, (w.) v. I. *intr.* see *Spüren*; II. *tr.* *Mod.* to concentrate.

Spüren, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to trace, track, hunt, to follow by the scent; 2) *fig.* to perceive, to feel; to smell, scent.

Spürer, (str.) m. see *Spürhund*.

Spürerrei', (w.) f. *concl.* espionage.

...spurig, adj. in comp. with (a certain number of) tracks or lines.

Spür' ..., in comp. —eizene, f. *Beo.* har-binger-bee; —ei, n. wind-egg; —eisen, (str.) n. T. crooked knife for cutting the furrow in the hearth of a forge; —gang, m. track; —herd, m. T. hearth of a forge; —höhe, f. *Reise.* height of ledge; —franz, m. flange (of a wheel); —kupfer, n. metallic grain; —leiste, f. *Reise.* standard-gauge.

Spurlos, adj. without leaving any traces; trackless.

Spur' ..., in comp. —nagel, m. see *Zeit-nagel*; —pferd, n. wheel-horse; —ritt, m. beating for game on horseback; —schnee, m. fresh-fallen snow; —rein, m. *Mm.* typolite; —weite (der Schienen), f. gauge, width (of a railway-bed); —weise, n. see *Pharomane*; —zapfen, m. pivot.

Spür' ..., in comp. —eifer, m. zeal for investigating (intricate questions), searching zeal, spirit of inquiry; —gang, m. the (act of) tracing, &c., quest of game; —hengst, m. see *Wochenhengst*; —hund, m. 1) blood-hound, liner, setter; terrier; 2) *fig.* spy; —traft, f. —flanz, m. sagacity; —nase, f. 1) scenting or tracking nose; 2) *coll.* prying fellow; —schne, m. fresh fallen snow; —schwaibe, f. see *Spier-schwaibe*.

Spur'gel, **Spür'gel**, (str.) m. see *Sparr*. **Spur're**, (w.) f. *Bot.* a species of chick-wood (*Salix viminalis* L.).

Spur'ten, (w.) v. *refl.* *coll.* to make haste (*ist* *Beilen*). [*spit* (*Speiren*).

Spürchen, (w.) v. *intr.* (+ &) *provinc.* to St. (*ind.* hist! hush! peace! cf. *St!*).

Star, (str.) m. I. *Ornith.* starling (*Sturnus vulgaris* L.); II. *Med.* a disease of the eye: 1) (der grüne) cataract; 2) (der grüne) glaucoma; 3) (der schwarze) amaurosis, drop serena, gutta serena, incurable blindness; 4) (der weiße) leucoma, albugo; 5) (der falsche or häutige) membranous cataract; (Wien) den — streichen, 1. to couch the cataract; 2. *coll.* to tell (one) the truth, to undeceive.

Star (I. & II.) ..., in comp. —auge, n. eye blind with the cataract; —äugig, —blind, adj. blind with a cataract; —bente, f. see —lesten; —blintheit, f. blindness from a cataract; —brille, f. spectacles for couched eyes; —film, n. film of the cataract; —hofen, m. cataract-hook; —kasten, m. wooden box put up for starlings to breed in; —maß, m. *coll.* 1) starling; 2) *fig.* simpton; one repeat-

ing what others say; —messer, n. cataract-knife; —nadel, f. couching-needle; —operation, f. —fleichen, n. couching of the cataract; —flecher, m. coucher, operator for a cataract.

Staat, (str.: sing. str. pl. w.) m. 1) state; 2) state, pomp, parade, (great) show, flaunt, magnificence; 3) *coll.* snery, dress, accoutrement; einen großen — führen, to live in great state; —mit etwas machen, to make a parade or show of something; zum —, for show.

Staat'en ..., in comp. —beschreibung, f. political geography; —bund, m. confederacy of states, union; —flagge, f. *coll.* United States flag; —flüder, m. *concl.* would-be-politician; —geschichte, f. history of the principal states; —haus, n. house of states; —kunze, —lehre, f. knowledge of (different) states; —sach, n. *Geogr.* Staaten-Land; —system, n. states'-system; —veretu, m. see —bund; —versamm-lung, f. assembly of the states-general.

Staat'lich, adj. 1) *provinc.* (L. G.) showy, ostentatious; 2) unusual for Staatlich.

Staat'lich, adj. pertaining or belonging to, proceeding from, the state(-government).

Staats' ..., in comp. —abgaben, f. pl. taxes; —acten, f. pl. public papers; —actien, f. pl. public funds; —amt, n. public office, civil employment; —angehörig, adj. (& a. one) belonging to a state as a citizen or subject; die St.-en, pl. *collect.* the community; —angelegenheit, f. concern of the state, state affair; —anleihe, f. government-loan; —annuitäten, pl. public annuities; —anwalt, m. public prosecutor, attorney or solicitor general; —anvertiser, m. government advertiser, gazette; —archiv, n. state paper office; —arme, pl. paupers; —arzneikunze, f. state medicine; —ausgaben, f. pl. public expenditure; —bahn, f. government-railway; —bank, f. national bank; —beamte(te), m. state-official; —bedienungs, f. see —amt; —behörde, f. office of state; —bote, m. state- or government-messenger; —bürger, m. citizen, subject of a state, denizen; —bürgerlich, adj. political, patriotic; —bürgerrecht, n. denization; —calender, m. almanac of state, calendar, red book; —capital, n. see —fonds; —casse, f. exchequer; —credit, m. public credit; —dame, f. 1) lady of honour, lady at court; 2) *iron.* fine lady; —begen, m. a dress-sword, sword of state; —dicter, m. see —beamte(te); —dicen, m. public service; —domäne, f. crown-demense, crown-lands; —effecten, pl. public securities or funds; —einkünfte, f. pl. public revenue; —eisenbahn, f. see —bahn; —feier-lichkeit, f. state-ceremony; —finanzen, pl. finances of a state; —fonds, m. public funds, stocks; —forächer, m. statist, politician; —gebäude, n. 1) public building; 2) *fig.* political edifice, state; —gefangene, m. state-prisoner, prisoner of state; —gefangnis, n. state-prison; —geheimnis, n. secret of state; —geheim-schreiber, m. secretary of state; —gelber, n. pl. public money; —geschicht, n. state-affair, business of state; die —geschäfte führen, to manage the affairs of a state; —geschichte, f. (political) history of a state; —geschicht, n. (political) of horse; —gesetz, n. law of a state, constitutional law; —gewalt, f. political power, authority, executive power; —gewand, m. dress-robe; —gläubiger, m. public creditor; —grund, m. reason of state; —grund-gesetz, n. fundamental law of a state, statute; —grundgesetz, m. political maxim; —gut, n. public property; —handbuch, m. see —calender; —händel, m. pl. political affairs; —haushalt, m. administration of revenue, business of exchequer, finances, public economy; budget; —interesse, n. political interest; —kalender, see —calender; —kaiser, f. chancery of state; —kaiser, m. chancellor of state; —kaffe, see —casse; —kirche, f. state-church, established

church; —kleid, n. 1) dress coat; 2) or —kleidung, f. state-dress; —kling, adj. politic; versed in state affairs; ein —kluger Mann, a politician; —klugheit, f. policy, politics; political wisdom; —klügler, m. would-be-politician; —körper, m. body politic; —krone, f. crown of state; —kunze, f. science which treats of the present formation of states, cf. *Staatenkunde*; —kunst, f. science of government, statesmanship; politics, policy; —künstler, m. *concl.* state-monger; —lasten, f. state-coach; —lasten, f. pl. public burdens; —lehre, f. science, theory of states or politics; —lehrer, m. professor of political economy; —lexikon, n. political dictionary; —list, f. political stratagem; —mann, m. 1) (pl. —männer) politician, statesman; 2) pl. —leute, finely dressed people, people making show or parade; —männlich, adj. statesmanlike; —maxime, f. a maxim in state; —minister, m. minister (*Am.* secretary) of state; —monopol, n. government-monopoly; —oberhaupt, n. head of a state; —ökonom, m. public or political economist; —ökonomie, f. see —wirtschaft; —pächter, m. crown farmer, one who farms any branch of the public revenue; —papier, n. 1) state-paper; 2) pl. public funds, stocks, consols; (auf den Zinshaber lautende) bonds; —papier der Vereinigten Staaten, United States bonds, U. S. Government securities; —papierverkauf, m. exchange-list (statement) of the public funds; —papier-handel, m. business in the public funds or stock-exchange; —papierhändler, m. stock-holder; stock-jobber; —perrücke, f. court-wig, dress-wig; —pferd, n. state-horse; —quadr-felder, m. *concl.* state-monger; would-be-politician; —rat, m. 1) council of state; privy council; 2) counsellor of state; —rätin, f. lady of a state-counsellor; —rechnung, f. political arithmetic; —rechner, m. financier; —recht, n. 1) science of states, politics, or government; 2) political law, public law; 3) right of state; —rechtlich, adj. relating to the public law; —rechtslehrer, m. civilian, publicist; —rede, f. deliberative speech; —regel, f. see —grundgesetz; —religion, f. religion of a state, state-church; —roman, n. political tale, novel; —ruder, n. helm of the state or government; —sache, f. state-affair; —schatz, m. public treasure, public treasury; —schiff, n. vessel of the state; —schrift, f. state-paper; political writing or pamphlet; —schuld, f. national debt, public debt; fundierte —schulden, public securities, consols; —schulden-schlingungskasse, f. sinking-fund; —schuldner, m. debtor of the government; —schutz, m. protection granted by the state; —schwert, m. see —begen; —secretär, m. secretary of state; —seegel, n. the great seal; —sold, m. pay of government; —streik, m. *Pol.* (*Fr.* *coup d'état*) stroke of state, state-act; —telegraph, m. government-telegraph; —theoretiker, m. speculative politician; —umwälzung, —veränderung, f. political revolution; —unterhändler, m. diplomatist; —unterhandlung, f. public negotiation; —ursache, f. state reason; —verbrecher, m. state criminal; —verfassung, f. constitution; government; —verhältnisse, n. pl. political relations or respects; —vermögen, n. public property, domains; —versammlung, f. constitutional assembly; —vertrag, m. political treaty; —verwalter, m. administrator, regent, governor; —verwaltung, f. administration of the state, government; —verföhrung, f. public provision; —wagen, m. state or dress carriage, equipage for state-occasions; —weisheit, f. political wisdom; —wirren, f. pl. political dissensions, public disturbances or feuds; —wirt, m. political economist, financier; —wirtschaft, f. political economy, administration of state revenue(s) or

finances of a state; — und Randwirthschaftliche Academie, academy of political and rural economy; — wiffenschaft, *f.* science of states, politics; municipal philosophy; — wiffenschaftlich, *adj.* political, *adv.* politically; — wohl, *n.* — wohlstand, *f.* public or common weal or welfare; — zeitung, *f.* state gazette; — zimmer, *n.* room of state.

Stab, (*str.*, *pl.* Stäbe) *m.* 1) staff, stick; rod, wand, verge; *cf.* Commandostab; 2) bar (of metal); eiserne Stäbe, stanchions, cross-bars (of a window-grate); 3) (*pl.* Stab, *indecl.*) (*a measure of length, varying in different parts of Germany, for manufactured, silk, &c. stuffs:*) in Berlin 1½ Ellen; in Frankfurt a.M. 2½ Ellen; on the Rhine, &c. aune; in the Tyroler mines 1 Elle & 3 Querfinger (395 Paris lines); also a cubic measure for wood; 4) Archit. a) (am Säulenfuß) torus; b) (Rund-) astragal; 5) Mil. staff, staff-officers; 6) Typ. tompset; der gebrochene —, *a*) Wapp. broken staff-work; b) Archit. fret; aufgebender —, *Gloss.* dead mullion; Stäbe eines Schirms, sticks or ribs of an umbrella, &c.; sein — weiter setzen, *fig.* to proceed on one's way; den — über einen, *orig.* über einen [as still so construed], referring to the ancient custom of the judge breaking a wand over the head of the condemned criminal; sometimes with the Dat., see below) brechen, 1. to pronounce sentence of death (on); 2. *fig.* to judge harshly (of), condemn; sich selbst den — brechen, to pronounce one's own sentence; da mit (für, über mich) der — gebrochen ist (Obthe, Tasso 6, 5), since my doom is sealed (*Schneew.*).

Stäb..., *in comp.* — alge, *f.* Bot. bacillaria (*Bacillaria* Gmel.); — ammel, *f.* see Ringammel; — blei, *n.* see Rarnblei; — blod, *n.* Mar. stom (of a lighter); — bolne, *f.* see Stengelbohne.

Stäbchen, 1) (*provinc.* & *) Stäb(lein) (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of Stab) little staff, rod, wand; 2) Archit. astragal, (cock-)bead; Stäbchenbacterie, (*v.* *f.* Bot. microbacterium, bacterium (the cells having an elliptical or cylindrical form, opp. the round cells of the spherobacterium or micrococcus).

Stäbchen, *n.* see Stodchen.

Stäbel, Stäbel, (*str.* *n.* stick, prop (for climbing plants); — erbsen, *f.* *pl.* peas requiring staking (Stengelerbsen).

Stäbels, Stäbels, (*v.* *tr.* to stick (peas, &c.).

Stäb..., *in comp.* — eisen, *n.* T. mould, ingot-mould, wedge-mould; — eisen, *n.* 1) iron in bars, bar-iron, rod-iron; 2) Comm. merchant-iron; — eisenwalzwerk, *n.* bar-iron rollers; — fener, *n.* forge in which raw iron is formed into bars; — gold, *n.* gold in bars; — hammer, *n.* tilt, tilt-hammer; — höbel, *m.* rabbit-plane, moulding plane; — hölz, *n.* staves; headings.

* **Stabill**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) stationary (Jest). — **Stabilität**, (*str.* *n.* stationary or anti-progressman.

Stäb..., *in comp.* — frant, *n.* see — wutz; — lehen, *n.* episcopal stool; — messung, *f.* Math. baculometry; — rechenstuhl, *f.* — rechnen, *n.* rhabdology; — reilm, *n.* alliterative rhyme; — reißer, *n.* see — schläger; — schimmel, *m.* Bot. bacteridium (*Bacteridium* Kze); — schläger, *m.* Forst. he that fells wood for staves; — silber, *n.* silver in bars; — stierchen, *n.* *pl.* Bot. bacillaria (Ehrb.), diatomaceae (Harv.); — träger, *m.* verger, mace-bearer; — wutz, *f.* Bot. 1) southern-wood (Echtrante); 2) (wilde) field mugwort (*Artemisia campestris* L.); — zange, *f.* tongs for iron-bars; — zehente, *m.* tithe of vetches, &c.

Stäb..., *in comp.* — arzt, *m.* physician of a brigade; — capitän, — hauptmann, — ritte-

meister, *m.* second-captain; — officer, *m.* staff-officer, field-officer; — quartier, *n.* headquarters; — quartiermeister, *m.* quarter-master.

Stachel, (*irr. sing. str. pl. v.* *m.* 1) sting, piercer; prick, prickly; spine, thorn; quill (of the porcupine); 2) goad; 3) point, prong; tongue (of a buckle).

Stachel..., *in comp.* — aloë, *f.* agave, American aloë (*Agave americana* L.); — ameise, *f.* Entom. 1) stinging ant (*Ponera* Latr.); 2) visiting ant (*Atta cephalotes* L.); — barich, *m.* Ichth. see — börs; — bauch, *m.* Ichth. globe-fish (*Thorodon hepides* Lacép.); — beerbusch, *m.* Bot. gooseberry-bush (*Ribes grossularia* L.); — beere, *f.* 1) gooseberry; 2) *fig.* biting speech, pungent remark, *cf.* — erbe; — beerfärb, *m.* Bot. Arabian cucumber (*Occhimis prophatarum* L.); — beerpanzer, *m.* Entom. a species of span-worm (*Zerine grossularia* L.); — beertraud, *m.* see — beerbusch; — biene, *f.* common or working bee; — börs, *m.* Ichth. 1) diacope, a genus of Percidae (*Diacope* Cuv.); 2) a genus of Triglidae (*Pleuronectes* Cuv.); — bistel, *f.* Bot. thorny milk-thistle (*Carduus acanthoides* L.); — bolle, *f.* Bot. prickly samphire (*Echinophora spinosa* L.); — elche, *f.* Bot. Orcadian, valonia-oak (with eatable fruits) (*Quercus exilope* L.); — feige, *f.* Bot. prickly pear (*Opuntia vulgaris* Mill.); — fisch, *m.* Ichth. stickleback (*Gasterosteus* L.); — flasse, *f.* hard, bony, and prickly fin; — flöster, *m.* *pl.* Nat. acanthopterygious fishes, acanthopterygians; — förmig, see Stachelstich; — frucht, *f.* prickly, thorny fruit; — gewächs, *n.* spiny or prickly plant; — glitzer, *n.* — gorgonie, *f.* Polyp. a species of sea-fan or gorgonia (*Muricea* Lam.); — hakenfuß, *m.* Bot. cornrowfoot (*Hedychium* L.); — haut, *f.* prickly skin; — häuter, *m.* *pl.* Nat. echinoderms; — herz, *n.* Conch. thorny cockle (*Cardium aculeatum* L.); — hirt, *m.* Bot. prickly, bearded millet (*Panicum Echinochloa* crus galli L.).

Stachelig, Stachelstich, *adj.* 1) resembling prickles; prickly, spiny; thorny; bristly (beard, &c.); Bot. aculeated, acanaceous, acanthaceous; 2) *fig.* pungent; biting, sarcastic.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — häser, *m.* Entom. nibbler, mordella (*Mordella* F.); — frant, *n.* Bot. thorny root-harrow (*Ononis spinosa* L.); — frech, *m.* Crust. a species of shrimp (*Panopeus* F.); — fuge, *f.* Ichth. tiger-spotted globe-fish (*Didodon tigrinus* Cuv.); — löch, *n.* Anat. spinous foramen. [stingless].

Stachellos, *adj.* without prickles, &c. — **Stach**el..., *in comp.* — mafre, *f.* Ichth. horse-mackerel (*Caranx trachurus* L.); — mann, *f.* Zool. a species of African mouse (*Acromys Geoffroy*); Bot. — maß, *m.* Bot. Mexican prickly poppy (*Argemone Mexicana* L.).

Stachel, (*v.* *tr.* 1) a) to sting, prick, goad; b) *fig.* to spur, stimulate, urge, goad on; 2) to provide with a sting or pricks.

Stachel..., *in comp.* — anß, *f.* Bot. 1) water-nut, water-caltrop (Wasserfuß); 2) thorn-apple (Erdapfel, 1); 3) Conch. thorny purple-shell (*Purpura hippocastellum* L.); — pilz, *m.* see — schwamm; — rede, *f.* satirical speech, *pl.* stinging, poignant, or piercing words; — reilm, *n.* satirical verse; — röche, *m.* Ichth. thornback (*Raja clavata* L.); — rüden, *m.* Ichth. a genus of fishes belonging to the Scomberidae (*Nothobranchius* Bl.); — scherz, *n.* sarcastic jest; — schnebel, *m.* see Eibelschnäbel; — schneide, *f.* Conch. murex (*Murex* L.); — schrift, *f.* satirical writing, satire; — schwalbe, *f.* Ornith. chimney-swallow (Rauchschwalbe); — schwamm, *m.* Bot. hydnum (*Hydnum* L.); — schwämme, *m.* *pl.* see Eiderstich; — schwein, *n.* Zool. porcupine (*Hystrix cristata* L.); — schweinauß, *m.* Mod. hystriarism; ichthyosis; — sent, *m.* Bot. a genus of Crucif.

stria (*Banks* L.); — spitz, *adj.* Bot. macronate, macronated; — spern, *m.* prick-spur; — stee, *m.* goad; — stier, *n.* Zool. 1) see — schwein; 2) porcupine-ant-eater (*Echidna hystris* Home); — vers, *m.* satirical verse (— rim); — weise, *f.* 1) T. frizing cylinder; 2) see Zedernholz; — wert, *n.* sarcasm; — zange, *f.* *fig.* sharp, sarcastic tongue.

Stachelig, see Stachelig. [3, T. Tuck.]

Stache, (*v.* *f.* Hydr. groin (Bühne, Strüpe). **Stach**el, (*str.* *n.* (OPr. octachetta [Nal. stachetta], from octach, octaque [Nal. stach], derived from Germ. stach(n) palisade, enclosure of pales, stockade; wooden paling, pale-fence, railing.

Stachel, (*str.* *pl.* Stäbel, Stäbel) *n.* 1) *provinc.* (*S. G.*) shed, barn; stall; hovel; 2) see Kösthaus; 3) Salt-*a*) a) place for filling the tube with brine; b) a pair of brine-tubs. [bank (*cf.* Stäbel).

Stachen, (*str.* *n.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*) shore. * **Stach**ium, (*str.* *pl.* [v.] Stachial) *n.* (Lat. [Gr. stachion], *pl.* Stachia) 1) stadium (a Greek [and Roman]) measure of length; 2) Mod. & *fig.* stage.

Stadt, (*str.* *pl.* Städt(e) *f.* town; city; in der —, in the town; in London) in town; nach der —, to town; er ist mit mir aus der —, he is my fellow-townsmen; in der — gemacht, town-made; er ist ein Mann bei der —, *fam.* he is a man of importance (in matters respecting the town).

Stad..., *in comp.* — abgeordnet, see — verordnet; — adel, *m.* town-nobility, patricians; — amt, *m.* municipal office, office in a town; — anwalt, *m.* city counsel; syndic, recorder; — beamte(r), *m.* town or municipal officer; — bewohner, *m.* inhabitant of a town. see Städt; — buch, *n.* town-book, records of a town; — bürger, *m.* freeman of a city, citizen, denizen.

Städtchen, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of Stadt) little ob. small town, market-town, borough. **Städt**er, (*str.* *n.* townsman; (*Städt*er, *pl.* [v.] townsman) citizen, cit; *pl.* townspeople, townfolk.

Stad..., *in comp.* — fester, *f.* citadel; — flur, *f.* fields belonging to a town; — freisheit, *f.* see — gerechtigkeit; — gebäude, *m.* public edifice; — gebiet, *n.* township, territory of a town; — gegenb., *f.* 1) environs of a town; 2) quarter of a town; — gemeine, *f.* commonality; — gerechtigkeit, — gerechtstame, *f.* immunity or privilege of a town, city freedom; — gerebe, *n.* town-talk; — gericht, *n.* city or town-court, municipal court; sitting of town magistrates; — gerichtbarkeit, *f.* municipal jurisdiction; — geschwür, — geschwür, *n.* town-talk; er ist zum — geschwür geworden, he is the talk of the town; — graben, *m.* town-moat; — gut, *m.* common of a town; — hauptmann, *m.* captain of the town-soldiers or train-bands, town-captain; — haus, *n.* town-house, senate-house, town-hall.

Städtlich, *adj.* & *adv.* belonging to a town, of a town, in town; townlike; municipal, civil; *see* Strukt, see Städtfrucht.

Stad..., *in comp.* — junter, *m.* t. patrician; — kassier, *f.* city-treasurer or exchequer; — kammrer, *m.* chamberlain to the exchequer of a town; — kass, *n.* townman; conf. cockney; — klatz, *f.* conf. gossip of the town, news-monger; — kuck, *m.* town-beadle; — kuck, *adj.* known all the town over, notorious; — leben, *n.* city- or town-life; — sente, *pl.* see — bewohner.

Stadling, (*str.* *n.* conf. inhabitant of a town, cit.

Stad..., *in comp.* — magistrat, *m.* city magistrate, see — rath; — major, *m.* town-major; — mauerung, *f.* town-ship; — maß, *n.* town's standard for measures; — maßig, *see*

Etadtifch; —mauer, *f.* town-wall; —miliz, *f.* town-soldiery, militia, train-bands of a town; —musfiant, —musfins, *m.* town-musician; —neufteit, *f.* news in town, city-news; —obrigkeit, *f.* municipality, town magistrates; —ordnung, *f.* regulations, &c. of a town; —pfarrer, *f.* parish of the town; parsonage in a town; —pfarrer, —pfreiber, *m.* clergyman of the town; —pfleifer, *m.* see —musfiant; —pfleger, *m.* see —fammrer; —pflichtig, *adj.* subject to the jurisdiction of a town; —ratb, *m.* 1) senate of the town; city authorities, common council, municipality; 2) member of the senate, (common-)councilman; town-counsellor; —recht, *m.* 1) rights and privileges of the town; 2) jurisdiction of a town; 3) municipal laws; —richter, *m.* sheriff, president of the municipal council; —röftling, *m.*, —röftfchlingfcher, *m.* *Ordnig.* redstart (*Ruf-cilla flammula* L.); —fchreiber, *m.* town-clerk; secretary to a town, recorder; —fchreiberei, *f.* office where the records of a town are kept; —fchuld, *f.* corporation-debt, debt of the town; —fchule, *f.* town-school; —fchwafe, *f.* town-squire (*Gaufchwafe*); —felbat, *m.* town-soldier, city militia-man; —ftraser, *f.* borough-rate, city-rate, town-rate; —fynbucb, *m.* syndic or recorder of the town; —fchil, *m.* see —bictrel; —fthor, *m.* town-gate; —fthurm, *m.* tower, prison of a city; —verorbnung, *m.* common councilman; —verorbnungsbefammung, *f.* assembly of the delegates of a town or city, municipal assembly, (lower) common council; —bictrel, *m.* quarter or division of a town, ward; —weg, *m.* town bailiff, provost; —wegfel, *f.* office of the provost; (at Berlin) a certain prison so called; —weil, *m.* town-folk, town-people; —wache, *f.* (municipal) guard of a city, town guard; —wachtfchreiber, *m.* town-major; —wage, *f.* public scales; —wagefchreiber, *m.* weigher at the town-hall; —weil, *m.* rampart of a city; —wappen, *n.* city-arms; —wärd, *adj.* townwards; —wefchfelbuch, *n.* Comm. bill-receivable book; —weibe, *f.* town-common; —weifen, *n.* concerns of a city; —wehnung, *f.* town-residence; —wunderjt, *m.* town-surgeon, surgeon to the town.

Steffe'ge (*pr.* -'u'he), (*w.*) *f.* (like *Staffen*), to be derived from *Stoff* (*q.* Weirand & Dies), with foreign termination added) *Paint.* accessories.

Steffel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) step of a ladder, round, rundle; 3) step, degree; pitch; 3) *Paint.* or **Steffel**', (*w.*) *f.* esee; - (au)Steffung, *f.* *Mil.* forming or position of an army in echelons; -blume, *f.* *Bot.* alpine groundsel (*Senecio alpinus* Scop.); -marsch, *m.* *Mil.* march in echelons; *Contocurrent* nach der -rechnung, *Comm.* equated account-current; -recht, *n.* see *Stapelrecht*; -stein, *m.* pillory; -rüd, *n.* or *Steffelrüd*, (*str.*) *n.* esee; -pieco; -weife, *adv.* & *adj.* by steps. - **Steffel** ren, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* *Paint.* to enliven (a picture) with living figures. - **Steffeln**, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* to rise by steps.

* *Estafet'te*, (w.) *f.* (Ital.) courier, express, estafet(te). [stavos.]

Stoffholz, (*abr.*, pl. E-hölzer) *n.* *Mar.*
Stoffren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to garnish, dress;
to trim (a hat), *f.* Aufstaffiren; 2) see Staf-
feln. — Staffiren, (*w.*) *m.* 1) trimmer;
2) painter of living figures in landscapes. —
Staffirung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) garnish-
ing, &c.; 2) garnish, trim, trimming.

Staffir'..., in comp. — **maſter**, *m.* 1) *see* **Staffirr**, 2; 2) *house-painter, decorator*; — **maſteri**, *f.* *decorative painting*; — **naſt**, *f.* *T. garnish-cream*.

Stäg, (str.) n. Mar. stay; das große —, the main stay; das loße —, preventer-stay; in comp. Mar-s. —auge, n., —blod, m. eye, block of a stay; —fed, f. fore-staysail; —gar-

nat, *n.*, —*talje*, *f.* garnet, whip; —*fragen*, *m.* collar of the stays; —*sejel*, *n.* stay-sail; —*veife*, *adv.* at a long peak.

* Stagnöl [pr. stänyöl'], see Stanniol.

1) steel; 2) see Bolzen, 3; 3) turning-tool (Drehstahl); 4) *Ag.* sword, dagger; deutscher —, shearsteel; künstlicher —, steel made by cementation; — in Stücken, gads.

B. Stahl, (str., pl. Stähle) m. 1) sample; 2) Dye. test-cloth; 3) a) stamp, mark; b) leads (Blombe, 1).

Stahl', in comp. —**steb**, *f. T.* hard vein in iron; —**stebst**, *f. T.* steel-work; —**stebster**, *m.* steel-worker, worker in steel; —**stigl**, *adj.* steel-like, steely; —**stignst**, *f. T.* chalybeate medicine; —**bed**, *m.* chalybeate bath; —**baum**, *m. Bot.* a species of tooth-ache-tree (*Xanthoxylon pterida* L.); —**stigl**, *adj.* steel-coloured, bluish; —**stlch**, *m.* spring-steel plates, sheets of steel; —**brunn**, *m.* converting or transformation of iron into steel; —**brunn**, *m.* chalybeate spring, ferruginous water; —**stb**, *adj.* firm as steel; —**drst**, *m.* steel-wire.

Stahlen, (w.) v. tr. (from Stahl, B.)
1) to stamp; 2) see Blombiren, 1.

Stäh'len, (*v.*) *s. tr.* to steel, harden, temper.
Stäh'ler, (*str.*) *m.* turning-tool (Drehstahl).
Stäh'lern, *adj.* steely, (of) steel, made of steel.

Stahl', in comp. -*erg*, *n. see* -*ring*;
-*fabrik*, *f.* steel-manufacture; -*farbe*, *f.*
steel-colour; -*farben*, -*farbig*, *adj.* steel-
coloured; -*feber*, *f.* 1) steel-spring; 2) steel-
pen; -*gerben*, *n.* tilling; -*geschwünger*, *adj.*
chalybeate; -*grün*, *adj.* steel-green; -*hart*,
mer, *n.* steel-force; -*hart*, *adj.* as hard as
steel, tempered; -*härte*, *f.* hardness of steel;
-*härting*, *f.* tempering of steel; -*hütte*, *f.*
steel-work; -*lobalt*, *n.* crystalline cobalt,
grey cobalt-ore; -*trant*, *n. see* Eisentrant, 2;
-*tuchen*, *n.* -*tuppe*, *f.* iron pig for making
steel; -*tügel*, *f.* Pharm. magnetic ball; -*mer-
gel*, *m.* Miner. lithomarge; -*mitte*, *n. see*
-*aquar*; -*sen*, *n.* cementing-furnace; -*pa-
pier*, *n. see* Fospapier; -*pulver*, *n.* 1) steel-
powder, steel-filings; 2) Med. chalybeate
powder; -*quelle*, *f.* chalybeate spring; -*reife*,
n. steel-petticoat; -*salz*, *n.* Chem. nat-
ive sulphate of iron; -*schleife*, *f.* Jewel. skive;
-*schleier*, *m.* steel-scale; -*schießen*, *n.* shoot-
ing with cross-bows; -*schund*, *m.* steel-
jewelry; -*schuße*, *f.* steel-buckle; -*schut-
ter*, *n.* graver, steel-cutter; -*stetel*, *n.*
molten iron in its process of conversion into
steel; -*spiegel*, *m.* steel-mirror; -*stüb*, *m.*
square piece of steel; -*stüb*, *m.* steel-filings;
-*stecher*, *m.* steel engraver; -*stecher*, *f.*
steel engraving; -*stein*, *m.* apathic or spathose
iron; -*stich*, *m.* steel engraving.

Stahl'lung, (*v.*) *f.* the (act of) stealing, &c.
Stahl'..., in comp. —waaren, *f. pl.* hard
wares (of steel), steel goods; —wasser, *n.*
chalybeate water; —weinstein, *m. Chem.* chaly-
beate tartar; —werk, *n.* steel-work.

Stäyr, *see* **Staar**. [male lamb.
Stäyr, (*str.*) *n.* provinc. ram; —lamm, *n.*
Stäyr'en, (*n.*) *v. indr.* to cover, tup (said
of the ram); to desire the tup (of the ewe).
Stäyr'en, (*n.*) *v. tr. coll.* (*L. G.*) to push
on by settlers.

Stäfen, (str.) m., **Stäfe**, (w.) f. provinc. (N. G.) stake, pale; **Mar.** boat-hook, pole; setter; **Build-s.** —**ban**, m. lath and plaster-work; —**breit**, n. stake-pannel.

* *Stalactit'*, *Stalagmit'*, (str. & w.) m.
(Gr.) *Miner. stalactites, stalagmites.*

Stall, (*str.*, *pl.* **Ställe**) *m.* 1) stable, stall; sty; in den — stellen, to stable (horses); 2) *vulg.* urine (of horses).

Stall' . . . *in comp.* —**ant**, *n.* place or office in the mews; —**baum**, *m.* pole which separates the stalls of a stable; bar; —**bruder**, *n.* *. comrade; —**bürste**, *f.* horse-brush; —**deck**, *f.* horse-cloth, caparison; —**eimer**, *m.* stable-pail.

Ста́л'ен, (w.) v. I. *intr.* 1) (said of horses) a) to stand in a stable; b) to stale; 2) *fig.* to agree; II. *tr.* to stable; to find room for.

Stall' .v., *in comp.* — fütterung, *f.* feeding in the stable; — gabel, *f.* stable-prong, dung-fork; — gelb, *n.* stallage, stall-money; — hengst, *m.* stallion; — höf, *m.* base-court; — jung, *m.* stable-boy; — kisttel, *m.* coachman's frock; — künster, *m.* Dutch clinker; — knecht, *m.* stable-man, hostler, groom; — frant, *m.* 1) *see* Reinfrant; 2) *see* Sauchstiel; — meister, *m.* 1) equerry, master of the horse; 2) riding-master; — mayne, *f.* *see* Künster; — ock, *m.* *see* Eschladtsch; — raum, *m.* stable-room, stable; — roß, *n.* riding-horse; — schreiber, *m.* clerk of the stables (of a prince, &c.); — schwamm, *m.* Vet. fungous swelling on the horse's fore-leg; — stüßig, *adv.* any of the harness, laxy (of horse); — thür, *f.* stable-door, sty-door; — alms, *m.* *see* geld.

Stal'ning, (w.) f. 1) stabling: a) the (act of) placing in the stable; b) stable-room; 2) inclosure in a forest. [nople.]

Stem'mäl, *n. Geogr.* Stamboul, Constantinople.
Stamm, (*str.*, *p.* Stäm'me) *un.* 1) stock, pole, stem, trunk, body, (of a tree, &c.); 2) stem, stalk (of a plant); *fig-s.* 3) stock, race, lineage, family; progeny; tribe; clan; 4) *Heb.* stock of cattle; 5) *Mil.* (permanent) staff; 6) *Gam.* a) the cards remaining after dealing; b) stakes; 7) *Gramm.* stem (of a verb, &c.); die zwölf Stämme der Kinder Israel, the twelve tribes of the children of Israel.

Stamm... *in comp.*—**acord**, *m.* *Mus.* fundamental concord, principal chord; —**actien**, *pl.* original or common shares; —**ältera**, *pl.* ancestors; first parents; progenitors; —**art**, *f.* *Bd.* primary species; —**bank**, *f.* head-bank; —**baum**, *m.* genealogical or family tree, pedigree; —**blatt**, *m.* *Bd.* cauline leaf; —**brüder**, *m.* *see* *berwandte*; —**buch**, *m.* 1) book of genealogy; 2) album, remembrance-book, scrap-book; —**büchlein**, *n.* *Gramm.* radical letter; —**burg**, *f.* ancestor's castle; —**kapital**, *m.* stock, fund.

Stamm'chen, (str.) *n.* (dimin. of Stamm) small stem, trunk, &c.; *Bot.* caudicle.

Stamm'meln, (w.) v. fr. & instr. to stammer, stutter; to falter; to pronounce or express in a faltering voice.

Etam'men, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to come, spring, descend (from).

Stäm'men, see Stimmen.
Stamm'.... in comp. —ende, n. butt-end

(of a tree), bottom; stub; —*erb*, *m.* heir of a family; —*farben*, *f. pl.* primitive or generic colours; —*faul*, *adj.* rotten in the trunk; —*fels*, *f.* generation, line of descent; —*form*, *f.* Gramm. primitive form; —*gaſt*, *m.* old stander (of an alehouse, &c.), constant guest; —*gelt*, *m.* stock, fund; —*gut*, *n.* allodial estate; family estate, hereditary property; —*haar*, *n. pl.* coarse, thick hair; —*haarig*, *adj.* coarse-haired.

Stamm'haft, *I. adj.* 1) pertaining to a (grammatical) stem, &c.; *ft-ef Wort*, see *Stammwort*; 2) robust, strong, stout, lusty vigorous; *II St-igfeit*, (*w.*) *f.* robustness strength, stoutness, vigour.

Stamm..., in comp. —halter, m. support of a family, first-born male; —haus, n. 1. principal line, descent; 2) original house or mansion of a family; 3) Comm. principal house; —holz, n. stock-wood, trunk-wood.

Stämm'ig. I. adj. 1) having a stem: 2) of

Stäm'micht, strong, bulky, robust, stout;
II. **St-icit**, *f.* see **Stammhaftigkeit**.

Stamm'..., *in comp.* —**Käfer**, *m.* *Entom.* a species of stag-beetle (*Pseudius Fabr.*); —**leritz**, *f.* *Gam.* stock-card; —**land**, *n.* mother-country, primitive country; —**leben**, *n.* fee-simple.

Stamm'ler, (*str.*) *m.* stammerer, stammerer.

Stämm'ling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stem of a young tree; 2) derivative.

Stamm'..., *in comp.* —**linie**, *f.* 1) *T.* trunk-line; main line (of a railway); 2) lineage; —**lode**, *f.* *Wood.* shoot, sprig that comes from the root or trunk of a tree, *twice*.

Stamm'los, *adj.* without a trunk or stem, stemless; acaulous.

Stamm'..., *in comp.* —**motte**, *f.* *Entom.* gipsy moth (—*motten* spinner); —**mutter**, *f.* ancestress; —**nabel**, *f.* *Shoe-m.* closing-needle; —**ochse**, *m.* *Hausb.* bull (kept for breeding); —**paar**, *n.* ancestral couple; —**pfahl**, *m.* *T.* guide-pole (of a cofferdam); —**ranke**, *f.* *Entom.* caterpillar of the gipsy-moth; —**register**, *n.* genealogical table, pedigree, genealogy; —**reihe**, *f.* genealogical series; —**schiff**, *m.* *Archit.* shaft of the column; —**schwamm**, *m.* *Bee.* stock of bees for increase; —**schwein**, *n.* breeding-pig; —**sitz**, *m.* ancestral seat, residence; —**sprache**, *f.* primitive tongue; —**stille**, *f.* primitive syllable, root; —**tafel**, *f.* genealogical table, table of descent; —**templeter**, *f.* *Mus.* the C-major scale; —**teufel**, *f.* cardinal virtue; —**water**, *m.* head of a family, ancestor; —**vermächtnis**, *n.* estate the entail of which cannot be cut off; —**vermögen**, *n.* *Comm.* stock, fund; —**verwandt**, *adj.* congeneric, of the same origin or descent; *bet* —**verwandte**, congeneric; —**verwandtschaft**, *f.* sameness of origin; —**vieh**, *n.* stock of cattle (which descends with an estate); —**voll**, *n.* primitive people, (*pl.*) aborigines; —**wappen**, *n.* arms of a family; —**wolle**, *f.* thick coarse wool; —**wollen spinner, *m.* a species of butterfly, gipsy-moth (*Liparis dispar L.*); *Gramm-s.* —**wort**, *n.* primitive word, principal, root; —**zett**, *f.* radical tense; —**zettwort**, *n.* primitive verb, as a theme.**

Stäm'pel *cc.*, see **Stempel** *cc.*

Stäm'pen, (*cc.*) *v. tr. provinc.* to stamp, strike, punch.

Stämpf'..., *in comp.* —**ban**, *n.* *Build.* coffer-work of earth, beaten cob-work; —**bühse**, *f.* wooden mortar.

Stämpf'e, (*m.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) stamping, stamp; 2) a) stamper, pestle, pounder; b) beetle, rammer. [*iron pestle.*]

Stämpf'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* stamp-iron; **Stämpfen**, (*m.*) *v. i. tr.* to stamp, pound, bray, beat; to ram; II. *indr.* *Mar.* to pitch; *vor Anker* —, to heave and set; *das* — *bet* locomotive, *T.* pitching (overbalancing) of a locomotive. [*mer.*]

Stämpfer, (*str.*) *m.* stamper, beater, rammer; **Stämpf'...**, *in comp.* —**erbe**, *f.* stamped earth; —**gang**, *m.* *Mill.* crushing-mill; —**hammer**, *m.* stamp-hammer; —**hausen**, *m.* *Paper-m.* batch of rags; —**los**, *m.* *T.* rammer; —**los**, *n.* see —**trog**; —**maschine**, *f.* stamping-machine; —**mühle**, *f.* stamping-mill, knocking-mill; —**perle**, *f.* seed-pearl; *Mar-s.* —**retten**, *v. indr.* to pitch at anchor; —**see**, *f.* heavy sea a-head; —**steg**, *m.* second preventer-stay; —**stegen**, *n.* stem right down upon the keel; —**stod**, *m.* martingale; —**trog**, *m.* stamping-trough, beating-trough, chopping-trough; —**wert**, *n.* see —**mühle**; —**jüder**, *m.* pounded sugar.

Staub, (*str.*, *pl.* *Stäube*) *m.* 1) stand; standing; standing-place, position; height, level (of water, &c.); 2) stand, jack, horse, &c.; 3) *Sport.* legs of birds; 4) stall, pew, stall, stand (of a dealer); stall, box, crib (in

a stable); stand (of cabs); *Ag-s.* 5) state, condition, station, situation, case; stage (of negotiations, &c.); 6) rank, profession; class, order, quality, standing; trade, calling; 7) steadiness, firmness; 8) a) order or state of men (in society or government), estate; *bet dritte* —, the third estate; b) (*gener. pl.*) state (of the realm), deputy; — *des Barometers*, reading of the barometer; — *des Courtes*, *Comm.* 1. rate; 2. statement of the exchange; — *halten*, to keep (one's) ground, to hold out or one's own; *cinen harten* — *haben*, to have great trouble or a hard battle to fight, *coll.* a tough job; *aufser* — *setzen*, to disable, to deprive of the means (of); *ich sehe mich or ich bin außer St-e*, I cannot afford to (...), I am not able, it is out of my power; *im St-e sein*, to be able, to be in a position (to ...); *nicht im St-e sein*, 1. to be unable; 2. to be out of order or repair; *im St-e halten*, to keep in repair; *in* — *setzen*, 1. to put in order, fit up, adjust, regulate, arrange; to read (ships, &c.); 2. to enable; to put in a condition (to ...), to put in the way; *wieder in* — *setzen* or *bringen*, to (put in) repair; *in besser* — *setzen*, to improve; *mit etwas zu St-e kommen* or *etwas zu St-e bringen*, to bring about, to compass, accomplish, achieve, to bring to pass, contrive, effect, *coll.* to get up; to get through (a task), to finish; *zu St-e kommen*, to be achieved, accomplished, brought about; *ein Mann von St-e*, a man of rank, a man of quality; *unter seinem St-e heiraten*, to marry beneath one's self; *Feiert unter Jemandes St-e*, ill-assorted marriage; *die gelehrten Stände*, the learned professions.

Ständer'te, (*m.*) *f.* 1) standard, banner; 2) see **Stunde**, 2; *in comp.* **St-njunker**, **St-nträger**, *m.* standard-bearer; **St-nstüb**, *m.* see; **St-nstange**, *f.* shaft of the standard.

Ständ'..., *in comp.* —**barometer**, *n.* *Phys.* stationary barometer; —**baum**, *m.* see **Stallbaum**; —**bild**, *n.* statue; (*zu Pferde*) equestrian statue; (*zu Fuß*) pedestrian statue; —**bied**, *m.* *Mar.* knight-head; —**bühse**, *f.* rifle (gun) for target-shooting.

Ständ'gen, (*str.*) *n.* *Mus.* serenade; morning-music; (*Einem*) *cin* — *bringen*, to serenade (one); *cin* — *erhalten*, to be serenaded.

Ständ'viele, (*m.*) *f.* *Mar.* shaft of the rudder (in lighters).

Ständ'e, (*m.*) *f.* see **Ständer**, 2, a.

Ständ'..., *in comp.* —**eröffnung**, *f.* opening of the states; —**haus**, *n.* house of assembly of the states.

Ständer, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar-s.* 1) broad pendant; 2) traverse horse; 3) — *cines Drehtrepp*, runner, down-haul of a tie.

Ständer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Carp-s.* a) pillar, post (in a stable, &c.); corner-post; bearer, standard; stud, upright; b) scantling in a partition; c) sluice-board, lock-hatch, sluicestay (of a pond); small desk for standing at; 2) a) water-tub; b) *Flak.* cauf; 3) *Archit.* pedestal; 4) *Sport.* foot of large birds; 5) *Pott.* pillar; 6) axis (of a wind-mill); 7) *Hydr.* upright waste-pipe; 8) capital lent on mortgage; 9) or —**stod**, *m.* stock of bees (**Stamm-schwarm**); —**gerüst**, *n.* *T.* bearers, standards, housing frame (of a rolling-mill); —**werk**, *n.* *Carp.* scantling-work, stud-work.

Ständ'raat, (*str.*, *pl.* *St-äte*) *m.* hall or assembly room of the states (of a country).

Ständ'säbel, (*str.*) *m.* nobility of rank.

Ständ's..., *in comp.* —**amt**, *n.* public office for the solemnisation of marriages, and registration of births, marriages, and deaths, registrar's office; —**beamte**(te), *m.* magistrate for solemnising marriages and registering births, marriages, and deaths, registrar; —**erhöhung**, *f.* elevation of rank; —**gebühr**, *f.* what is due to rank; *nach* —**gebühr**, according to

one's rank; —**gemäß**, —**mäßig**, *adj.* conformable or agreeable to one's rank, suitable to one's station; *nicht* —**gemäß** *Feiert*, a marriage below one's rank; —**gleichheit**, *f.* equality of rank; —**herr**, *m.* baron; —**herrschaft**, *adj.* baronial; —**person**, *f.* person of quality, of rank; —**unterst**, *n.* distinction of rank or classes; —**verurteil**, *n.* class-prejudice; —**widrig**, *adj.* contrary to one's rank.

Ständ'versammlung, (*m.*) *f.* assembly of the states of a country, diet.

Ständ'..., *in comp.* —**fähigkeit**, *f.* *Arch.* stability; —**fest**, *adj.* firm; —**steter**, *n.* stationary fever; —**stall**, *f.* —**geld**, *n.* stallage, stall-money.

Ständ'haft, 1. *adj.* steady, stable, steadfast; unflinching, firm, constant, resolute; II. **St-igheit**, (*m.*) *f.* steadiness, stability, steadfastness, &c. resolution.

Ständ'händler, (*str.*) *m.* see **Ständ'trimer**.

Ständ'ig, 1. *adj.* fixed, settled, constant, stationary; continual; II. **St-fest**, (*m.*) *f.* state of being fixed, &c.

Ständ'isch, *adj.* belonging to or concerning the states (of a country); *St-e Uniform*, dress of a member of the states.

Ständ'..., *in comp.* —**früher**, *m.* stall-keeper, retailer at a stall; —**lager**, *n.* see —**quartier**; —**leiste**, *f.* *Arch.* station; —**linie**, *f.* station-line, line of station; —**st.**, *n.* oil become thick by standing; —**ort**, —**platz**, *m.* station, standing-place, stand; *cinen quier* —**ort haben**, to be well stationed; —**prüfer**, *n.* relay-horse, fresh horse; —**punkt**, *m.* *Ag.* standard (of prices); ground; stand-point, point of view, aspect; *sich auf einen hohen* — *punct stellen*, *Ag.* to take up high ground; *den* — *punct verändern*, to shift the ground; *sich zu Jemandes* — *punct hinunter lassen*, to descend to one's level; *Einem den* — *punct klar machen*, *coll.* to set one to rights, to show one his proper place; —**quartier**, *n.* *Mil.* fixed quarters; *sein* — *quartier haben*, to be stationed; —**recht**, *n.* drum-head, martial law; court-martial; —**rechtl.**, *adj.* according to martial law, drum-head ...; —**rede**, *f.* funeral oration; harangue; —**rechner**, *m.* haranguer; —**riß**, *m.* elevation (plan of a building); —**rohr**, *n.* pipe or hose of a fire-engine.

Ständ'schaft, (*m.*) *f.* 1) quality of a member of the states of a country; 2) states (collectively).

Ständ'..., *in comp.* —**stern**, *m.* fixed star; —**uhr**, *f.* table-clock; —**vist**, *n.* black-bird (of a gun); —**vogel**, *m.* —**wild**, *n.* *Sport.* bird, game frequenting a certain spot or place; —**wind**, *m.* constant wind; trade-wind; —**zählung**, *f.* see —**riß**.

Stang'e, (*m.*) *f.* 1) pole; perch; stake; stick; 2) bar; rod (of steel, &c.), *pl.* joints (of a pair of spectacles); shanks (of a pair of snuffers); 3) bridle-bit, see **Stangengebiß**; 4) *Sport.* a) branch (of a stag's horn); b) brush, drag (of foxes); cine — **Stiegellied**, *Gimut*, stick of sealing-wax, of cinnamon; cine *lange* —, *loc.* tall, thin person, may-pole; *Ag-s.* *Einem die* — *halten*, 1. to countenance, back, or protect one; 2. to be a person's match; *coll-s.* *bei der* — *bleiben*, 1. to persevere, to hold out; 2. to keep to the point, to stick to the question or matter in hand; *nicht bei der* — *bleiben*, to swerve from the question; *über die* — *schlagen*, (*l. u.*) to be extravagant; to

Stäng'e *cc.*, see **Stange** *cc.* [*sh.*]

Stang'en, *in comp.* —**stet**, *n.* bar-load; —**bohne**, *f.* a variety of the kidney-bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris v. commutata*); —**bohner**, *m.* *T.* great auger; —**brille**, *f.* temple-spectacles; —**bride**, *f.* pole-bridge; —**crisel**, *m.* beam-compasses; —**eisen**, *n.* 1) iron-bars, bar-iron; 2) iron on the crossbar of an engine to which the poles are fastened; 3) iron-trap (for

catching wolves or foxes; —*erbsen*, *f.* pl. peas which require sticking; —*heber*, *f.* bearing of a gun-lock; —*fürmig*, *adj.* in bars, in rods, bar-shaped; barred; —*gebil*, *n.* (*T. Tusch*) bridle-bit, bit, snaffle; (*Schulz*) German-mouthed bit with a jointed port; (*mit einem gebrochenen Mundstück*) bit with a jointed mouth-piece; (*englisches* or *Galgencandere*) port-mouthed bit, English bit; cannon-bit, fast mouth; (*das leichtste*) —*gerüst*, *n.* scaffolding of poles and putlocks; —*gewehr*, *n.* see *Stoßgewehr*; —*gitter*, *n.* iron grate; —*gold*, *n.* gold in ingots; —*halen*, *m.* see *Stammreifen*; —*haken*, *m.* see *Stielhaken*; —*holz*, *n.* 1) porches, poles; 2) *Forest*, young twigs or sprays, small trees, standels, copewood; —*hülse*, *f.* *Bot.* pipe-cassia (*Cassia fistula* L.); —*insäht*, *m.* canaster in rolls; —*isole*, *f.* *Miner.* columnar anthracite; —*ingen*, *f.* pl. bar-shot; —*knurr*, *f.* *Mech.* water-engine that raises the water out of a great depth, pit-work; —*kupfer*, *n.* bar-copper; —*lad*, *m.* 1) stick-lac; 2) *Gard.* a variety of the common wall-flower; —*leinen*, *f.* diaper linen, figured linen; —*leiter*, *f.* pole-ladder; —*magnet*, *m.* *Phys.* bar-magnet; —*perd*, *n.* wheel-horse, pl. wheelers (*opp. Kienmenschen*); —*pot*, *m.* pomatum in rolls; —*prelle*, *f.* *T.* lithographic lever-press; —*recht*, *n.* see *Gantrecht*; —*rege*, *f.* *Sport.* perch for the decoy; —*riter*, *m.* 1) alledge-driver, carter's man; 2) *Mil.* wheel-driver; —*schür*, *m.* *Miner.* scapiform shori; (*brauner*) axinite; (*weißer*) pycnite; —*schraub*, *f.* *Gum-sm.* stopper-screw; —*schwefel*, *m.* roll-brimstone, cane-brimstone; —*seife*, *f.* bar-soap; —*silber*, *n.* silver ingots; —*spatz*, *m.* *Miner.* barred spar; —*stahl*, *m.* 1) bar-steel; 2) blistered steel; —*stein*, *m.* *Miner.* pycnite; —*tabat*, *m.* see *Kollentabak*; —*virole*, *f.* see *lad*; 1) —*wert*, *n.* *Mech.* poles; —*zamm*, *m.* *Man.* cavalry-bridle; —*zamm*, *m.* pole-fence; —*zehnte*, *m.* tithes of vetches and similar field-fruits; —*zinn*, *n.* bar-tin; —*zirtel*, see *circel*. [*Stänst*, 1.

Stanz, (*str.*) *m.* († *St.*) * *stencil*, &c., see *Stänker*, (*str.*) *m.* coll. 1) stinker; 2) a) ferretor; b) meddler, quarrelsome person; 3) *Zool.* or —*rah*, *m.* see *Stitz*. — **Stänkerel**, (*w.*) *f.* coll. 1) stink; 2) a) the act of fermenting, &c. *f.* *Stänker*, 2; a) a meddler, quarrel, row. — **Stänkerig**, *adj.* fusty. — **Stänkeren**, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* 1) to (give) a stink; 2) *fig.* a) to ferret, pry, rummage; b) to meddle, quarrel.

* **Stänksil**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Nat.* stagnuolo, from *Lat.* stannum) tin-foil, lead-leaf.

* **Stanz**, (*f.*) (*Nat.*) 1) stanza; 2) *T.* stamp, die; punch.

* **Stanzgen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to stamp.

Stanzgen..., *in comp.* —*hauzen*, *m.* stamping-punch; *T-s.* —*hammer*, *m.* heavy hammer to beat on a stamp or die with; —*stempel*, *m.* stamp for embossed work.

Stanzmaschine, (*w.*) *f.* see *Stoßgetriebe*.

Stapel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stake, beam; pl. scaffolding; 2) *Mar.* stocks, slips (for ship-building); 3) pile (of hides, planks, tiles, &c.), heap; 4) staple (of wool, &c.); 5) *Comm.* staple, emporium, warehouse, magazine; mart; ein Schiff vom — lassen, to launch a ship. [that may be stapled.

Stapelbar, *adj.* subject to the staple laws;

Stapel..., *in comp.* —*blide*, *m.* —*büger*, *n.* pl. *Mar.* stocks; —*gerechtigkeit*, *f.* 1) staple-right or privilege; 2) †, privilege of holding fairs; —*gut*, *n.* see *waare*; —*handel*, *m.* staple-trade.

Stapeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to pile up; II. *intrans.* (*aus. sein*) coll. to stalk, stride; **Stapeln**, *m.* a little fellow (*cf. Wagh*, 2) striding manfully along.

Stapel..., *in comp.* —*art*, —*platz*, *m.*

staple, mart, emporium; —*recht*, *n.* 1) see *gerechtigkeit*; 2) staple-laws; —*stahl*, *f.* staple-town; —*waare*, *f.* staple-commodity; goods under the operation of the staple-law.

† **Stapfe**, (*w.*) *f.* see *Stapfste*.

Stapfen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aus. haben & sein*) to strut, step; to walk.

Stär, *m.* see *Staar*.

Stärk, I. *adj.* (*comp.* stärker, *superl.* stärkst)

1) strong; stout, vigorous, robust, lusty, sturdy; 2) *Mus.* loud (*cf. ado.*); mit *st-en* *Stimmen*, (*in organ playing*) with loud stops; 3) powerful (as a lone, &c.); 4) great, large; stout, corpulent; 5) violent, mighty; intense; 6) rapid; *fig.* well versed (in *with Dat.*), in; 7) *Gramm.* strong (of verbs inflected by internal change, and nouns mostly taking the *Umlaut* in the pl., and [if *m.* or *n.*] adding an *ē* in the *Gen. sing.*, *opp. Schwach*); II. *adv.* 1) strongly, &c.; 2) *Mus.* forte, loud; 3) *fig.* much; — *abgegeben*, *adj.* rectified (spirits); — *essen*, to be a great eater; — *trinken*, to drink hard; — *frieren*, regnen &c., to freeze hard, rain hard (space), &c.; — *bluten*, träpfeln &c., to bleed freely, to leak considerably (*coll. badly*), &c.; — *verwundet*, badly wounded; *st-ē* *Baugolz*, heavy timber; ein *st-er* *Regen*, a heavy rain; ein *st-er* *Posttag*, a heavy post-day; *st-ē* *Einkäufe*, heavy purchases; eine *st-ē* *Auflage*, a large edition; — *in Anspruch nehmen*, to draw upon heavily; *st-ē* *Getränke*, ardent spirits; eine *st-ē* *Mühle*, a measured mill; treffen Sie den Ball nicht zu —, *Bill.* do not strike the ball too full; er ist mir zu —, he is too much for me; das ist doch zu —! *sam.* that is too rich or coming it too strong! es ist — die Rede davon, man spricht — davon, there is much talk of or about it; er ist — in den Sechzigern, er geht — auf die Siebzig, he is far advanced in sixty; das ist seine *st-ē* *Seite*, that is his forte; es geht — auf 7 Uhr, it is hard upon seven o'clock; *Comm-s.* — *angeboten*, largely offered; — *begeben werden*, to be heavily drawn upon; das Recht des Stärkeren, *fig.* the strong hand.

A. **Stärke**, (*str.*) *f.* *Hub.* helper.

St-mahl, *n.* a cow's firstling.

B. **Stärke**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) strength; force; stoutness, vigour; vigorousness, &c., *cf.* *Stark*, 1; 2) stress, energy, intensity; 3) corpulency; 4) *Chem. & Comm.* a) amyllum; starch; b) a glazing, a stiffening; — *gewinnen*, to strengthen, to gain or obtain head; — *ähnlich*, *adj.* starch-like, amyloid (*Körper*, *Unterart* &c., bodies, corpuscles, degeneration, &c.).

Stärken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strengthen, invigorate, nerve, brace; 2) to starch, clear-starch, stiffen; 3) to comfort, console; 4) to corroborate, confirm; *st-b*, *p. a.* *Med.* restorative, tonic; *st-bes* *Mittel*, see *Stärkungsmittel*.

Stärke..., *in comp.* —*gummi*, *m.* dextrine, British gum, leucocom, artificial gum, torrefied, burnt starch, starch-gum; —*händler*, *m.* dealer in starch; —*leimband*, see *maschine*, 1; —*leister*, *m.* paste made of starch; —*krühen*, *n.* pl. granules, grains of starch; starch-corpuscles; —*krant*, *n.* see *Löwenmaul*; —*macher*, *m.* starch-maker, starcher; —*maschine*, *f.* 1) *Weav.* stiffening-machine, stiffening-calender (for stuffs); 2) *T.* sizing-machine; —*mehl*, *n.* starch-flour, fecula; —*mehlfartig*, *adj.* amyloceous; —*mehlstoß*, *m.* amyloceous matter; —*saß*, *m.* sediment of starch; —*wäsche*, *f.* linen that is (to be) starched; —*wasser*, *m.* starching-water; —*weizen*, *m.* starch-wheat; —*wurzel*, *f.* the root of the manioc plant; —*zuder*, *m.* amyloceous sugar; starch-sugar.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*geht* &c., see *Freigeist*; —*geistig*, *adj.* 1) strong-minded; 2) affecting strength of mind; —*glänzig*, *adj.* of great

faith; —*glänzigkeit*, *f.* strong faith; —*glänzig*, *adj.* strong-limbed; —*leibig*, *adj.* corpulent, stout; —*leibigkeit*, *f.* corpulence.

Stärke..., (*str.*) *n.* see *Stärkungsmittel*.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*mutig*, *m.* manly, vigorous mind or character; —*nervig*, *adj.* nervous, strong, vigorous; —*stimmig*, *adj.* strong-voiced [*potion*].

Stärke..., (*str.*) *pl.* *St-tränke* *m.* tonic

Stärke..., (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) strengthening, &c., invigoration; 2) consolation; *St-mittel*, *n.* restorative.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*wirkend*, *adj.* efficacious, powerful, *Med.*, &c. drastic; —*wurz*, *f.* black hellebore. [*the ear*].

Stärke..., (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* blow; box on

* **Stärke**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Slav.*) starost (a high officer in Poland); **Stärke**, (*w.*) *f.* starosty.

Stark, *adj.* 1) stiff (*vor* [*with Dat.*], with); motionless; numb, benumbed; 2) rigid; stern, unbending, inflexible; sturdy, stubborn, obstinate, stiff-necked; 3) fixed; staring; — *vor* *Überraschung*, stupefied with surprise.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*äugig*, *adj.* & *adv.* with fixed eyes; —*blind*, *adj.* stark-blind; —*blindeit*, *f.* utter blindness.

Stärke, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Stärke*, 1; 2) *Med.* for *Zobtenstarre*, *rigor mortis*.

Stark, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* 1) to be benumbed or chilled, to stiffen, to chill (*vor* [*with Dat.*], with), *cf.* *Erstarren*, 1; 2) coll. to bristle (*don.* with), to be over-full (of); 3) *fig.* a) to stare; ine *Leere* *st-b*, fixed on vacancy (of the eyes); b) to stand prominent; c) to rise abruptly, steeply. [*roße*]; —*stark*, *m.* *Med.* ague.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*stisch*, *m.* see *Sitter*.

Stärke, (*w.*) *f.* 1) stiffness, rigidity; numbed state; 2) *fig.* inflexibility, obstinacy.

Stark..., *in comp.* —*stisch*, *m.* 1) stubborn head or mind, head of steel; 2) stubborn person, starched fellow; —*stischig*, *adj.* heady, headstrong, stubborn, obstinate; —*stischigkeit*, *f.* stubbornness, obstinacy; —*trampf*, *m.* tetanus, spasm with rigidity, tonical spasm; —*stischwand*, *f.* see *Steißleimwand*; —*stisch*, *m.* stubbornness; —*stischig*, *adj.* stubborn, obstinate; —*stisch*, *m.* numbness, torpor, catalepsy; —*stischig*, *adj.* affected with catalepsy; —*stisch*, *adj.* quite dead, stone-dead; *coll.* as dead as a door-nail; —*stisch*, *adj.* dead-drunk.

Stark, *adj.* fixed, unmoved; constant; continual, settled, stable, firm, steady.

Stärke, I. *adj.* 1) restive; 2) continual, constant; *Math.*, &c. continued, uninterrupted, continuous; II. *St-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) restiveness; 2) constancy, stability; continuity.

Stärke, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make fast or firm, to strengthen, consolidate.

* **Stärke**, (*f.*) (*Gr.*) *Phys.* statics.

* **Stärke**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) 1) stage, post-town; *Reise*, station, terminus; 2) station; office; mit *freier* —, board and lodging (found), all found; *St-vorsteher*, *m.* *Reise*, station-master.

— **Stationär**, *adj.* stationary. —

Stationen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to station; 2) *Reise*, to stamp out (a line); *Herold*.

* **Stärke**, *adj.* static(al).

Stärke, *adj.* see *Stärke*, 1.

* **Stärke**, (*w.*) *m.* (*L. Lat.*) *Theat.* figurant, mute, procession-man, stage-walker.

* **Stärke**, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. Lat.*) statistics, knowledge of states, political science.

— **Stärke**, (*str.*) *m.* statist, politician.

* **Stärke**, (*w.*) *f.* *Theat.* (*Fr.*) *figurante*.

* **Stärke**, *adj.* statistical.

* **Stärke**, (*str.*) *n.* (*L. Lat.*) *T.* stand, foot (of an engine or of any mathematical instru-

Stärke, see *Stärke*. [*ment. &c.*]

Stärke, *f.* (*without pl.*; *MHG. & OHG.*) stat

place, stand, room; eine *Ständige* —, (fixed) abode, dwelling place; — *haben*, — *finden*, to have or take place, to happen; to obtain; to be

permitted, allowed; eine Bitte — finden lassen, to grant a petition; an weiner —, in my stead, in my room; an Kindes — annehmen, to adopt; an Zahlungs —, by way of (as) payment.

Statt, *prep.* (with *Gen.*) instead, in lieu (of); — bearen Geldes, for current payment.

Stätt, (*w.*) *f.* place, stand, room; ground; abode; — gelb, *n.* see *Staubgelb*.

Stättlos, *adj.* without a (fixed) place of abode.

Stätten, (*Dat. pl. of an obsolete fem. Stätte* [*MHG. stāte*]): von — gehen, to proceed, go on (well), to succeed, speed, prosper; zu — kommen, to be useful, to be of use; to serve one's turn, to be favourable, to come in handy; es kommt ihm zu — daß ..., it is to his advantage that ...; die Erfahrung kommt ihm zu —, he has the benefit of experience.

Statthaft, 1. *adj.* 1) admissible, allowable; 2) lawful, legal; II. *St.-igkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) admissibility; 2) lawfulness.

Statthalter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) governor, viceroy, Lord lieutenant; 2) Stadtholder (in Holland). — **Statt**halterei, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Statt*halterei; 2) habitation of a governor. — **Statt**halterin, (*w.*) *f.* governoress. — **Statt**halterin, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be or play governor or viceroy. — **Statt**halterei, (*w.*) *f.* 1) government, viceroyalty, lieutenantcy; 2) dignity of a governor.

Stattlich, 1. *adj.* 1) stately, magnificent, splendid; 2) distinguished, excellent, specious; 3) large; portly; respectable (profit); II. *St.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) stateliness, &c.

* **Statue** [*pr. stā'the*], (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) statue. * **Statuieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) 1) to maintain; 2) to lay down, set (an example); an Einem ein Beispiel or Exempel —, to make an example of one, to set one forth as an example.

* **Statür**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) stature, size.

* **Stat**us, (*indecl.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) state, statement, inventory; balance-sheet.

* **Statut**, (*irr.; sing. str. pl. w.*) *n.* statute, rules, articles, regulations; *St.-recht*, *n.* statute-law.

Stau, (*str.*) *m.* & (*w.*) *f.* 1) embankment (Damm); 2) stagnant, still or standing water.

Staub, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dust; powder; 2) *fig.* obscurity, low condition; zu — machen, to reduce to powder, to pulverise; sich aus dem St- machen, *fam.* to be off; to run away, to abscond; to decamp, levant, to cut (sticks); *fig.-s.* am St- liegen, to grovel, crouch; im St- liegen or kriechen, to grovel, crouch; in den — treten, to tread under foot.

Staub..., *in comp.* — arbeit, *f.* T. 1) dust-work, shearing-work; 2) embossed paper-hangings; — artig, *adj.* dust-like; *Bot.* pulveraceous, pulverulent; — bach, *m.* torrent tumbling down from a great height; — bad, *n.* shower-bath; — bad, *m.* — behältis, *n.* — beutel, *m.* *Bot.* anther; — beuten, *m.* duster; — blüte, *f.* *Bot.* male flower; — boden, *m.* see *Staubbett*; — brand, *m.* *Bot.* a kind of mildew (*Ustilago carbo Tul.*); — brille, *f.* (gauze-) goggles; —bürste, *f.* dust-brush.

Staubchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Staub*) mote, atom. [watch].

Staubbeutel, (*str.*) *m.* T. false case (of a *Staub*); (*w.*) *f.* see *Staubbeutel*.

Stauben, (*w.*) *v. intr. impers.* es staubt, it is dusty.

Stauben, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) a) to raise dust; b) see *Stauben*, to rise in or scatter spray; II. *tr.* 1) to sprinkle, as with dust, to powder; 2) to dust, to sweep away the dust; 3) to pounce (a design); 4) to winnow (corn).

Stauber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) duster; 2) puff-ball (*Stäubling*, 2); 3) (or — hund) starter, fleet-hound, terrier, harrier, venting dog, beagle.

Stauberde, (*w.*) *f.* mould, dusty earth; (rotte) adamic or zoic earth.

Staubern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to dust; 2) to start, raise, chase, beat up; to turn, drive out or away; II. *intr. impers.* to snow; to drift (of snow); to drizzle; III. *intr.* to search, or to smell, about, to rummage.

Staub..., *in comp.* — fach, *n.* see — balg; — faden, *m.* *Bot.* stamen; — feger, *f.* *Agr.* 1) winnowing-machine; 2) dust-sieve; — flicht, *f.* *Bot.* farinaceous lichen (*Pulveraria Ach.*); — flügel, *m.* *Entom.* powdered wing; — flügelig, *adj.* having powdered wings; — flügler, *m.* *pl. Entom.* butterflies; — geborn, *adj.* * 1) mortal; 2) base-born; — geß, *n.* *Bot.* stamen; zum — geß gehörig, *adj.* stamineous; — geßförmig, *adj.* staminalform; — geßförmig, *adj.* staminiferous; — geßlicht, *n.* * man-kind; — haar, *n.* down; — hant, *m.* male hump; — hantchen, *n.* *Bot.* soredium; — hant, *f.* membrane of the anther; — hant, *n.* see — balg; — holz, *n.* bed-plates; — hügel, *m.* heap of dust; — hüfte, *f.* * human body; — hüfte, *f.* see — behältis.

Staubig, 1. *adj.* dusty; *Bot.* pulverulent; II. *St.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* dustiness.

Staub..., *in comp.* — fächer, *m.* *Entom.* a kind of meal-worm (*Opisthion F.*); — fall, *m.* lime slacked in the open air; — fann, *m.* dandriff-comb; — fapfel, *f.* see — beutel & — beutel; — fapfen, *f.* *pl. culm*; — fapfen, *m.* see — balg; — lappen, *m.* duster.

Staubling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) earth- (*Mt. dust*)-born man (der *Staub*geborene); 2) puff-ball (*Bolus*, *Lycopodium Tourn.*).

Staub..., *in comp.* — mantel, *m.* see — roß; — mehl, *n.* flour-dust; — perle, *f.* seed-pearl; — regen, *m.* drizzling or misting rain; — rad, *m.* amock-frock, (travelling-)blouse; — fächer, *n.* *Paint.* pounce; — fächer, *f.* T. circular-cutter; — fächer, *m.* seedpowder (of flowers); — fächer, *m.* very fine sand; — fächer, *m.* see *Staubling*, 2; — fleß, *n.* dust-sieve; — fräger, *m.* see — faden; — vogel, *m.* see — flügler; — webel, *m.* dusting whisk, dusting-brush; — weg, *m.* *Bot.* the style, the cylindrical or tapering-portion of the pistil between the ovary and the stigma; — wirbel, *m.* whirling cloud of dust; — wolke, *f.* dust-cloud.

Staub, (*str.*) *m.* 1) loss; jolt; cuff; 2) (+ &) *provinc.* a) vell; b) sleeve; muff; 3) see *Stau*; 4) truss (of flax).

Stauben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*also intr.*) to toss, jog, to jolt; to souze; to shake; 2) to dam, stem; 3) *Sm.* to shorten or to thicken by forging, to upset, jump; 4) to put or stand up (flax) in bundles, to expose (flax, &c.) to the sun; 5) see *Bernieten*; 6) to beat (the cocoons).

Staubentücher, *n.* *pl.* Appenzell cambrics.

Staubung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) tossing, jolting, &c.

Staub..., *in comp.* — weger, *m.* *Mar.* ceiling about the floor-heads; — zange, *f.* T. large tonge.

Stauber, (*w.*) *f.* 1) shrub, bush; plant with a stalk; 2) perennial, herbaceous plant; 3) a head (of lettuce). — **Staub**chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin. of Staub*) little shrub.

Staubrich, (*str.*) *m.* (from *Staub*) flood-dike, flood-bank, dam.

Stauben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to grow in stalks like plants, to shoot into stalk; to grow to a head.

Stauben..., *in comp.* *Bot.-s.* — apfel, *m.* john-apple; — artig, *adj.* shrubby, frutescent; — corall, *f.* *Polyp.* black coral (*Antipathes Pall.*); — geßlich, *n.* coppice, copse, wood of dwarf-trees; — geßlich, *n.* undershrub; plant growing like a lettuce; — horn, *n.* — rogen, *m.* a variety of rye, developing from 4 to 20 culms out of one grain of seed (*Sacile*

corallae multicaulis Metz.); — salat, *m.* cabbage-lettuce, headed lettuce; — secker, *m.* celery.

Staubig, **Staub**ig, *adj.* resembling a shrub; forming (or growing to) a head.

Staube, (*w.*) *f.* see *Stau*.

Stauben, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *Mar.* to stow; to pile up (casks); die Güter im Schiffraum gehörig —, to trim the hold; sich gut stauen, out of trim; 2) to dam, stem; II. *intr.* to be dammed (in or up).

Stauber, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* stower; — artikel, *n.* stowed's certificate; — fah, *m.* stowage.

Staub..., *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* — holz, *n.* fathom-wood employed in the stowing of the hold, chocks, canting quoins; — fisch, *m.* quoin.

Staub, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* can, cup (liquid measure).

Stauben, I. (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be astonished, amazed, surprised (über *mit* *Ach.*), at), to stare, wonder; II. *s. (str.)* *n.* astonishment, amazement, surprise, wonder; *St.-wertig*, *st.-würdig*, *adj.* astonishing, wonderful.

Staublich, (*l.*) *n.* see *Staublich*. [ful]

Staubstiefel, (*str.*) *m.* rod, scourge (for scourging malefactors); den — bekommen, to be whipped with rods, to be flogged.

Stauben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Staubstiefel*; 2) (*St.-schlag*, *St.-strafe*) punishment of being scourged, a flogging, whipping; Einem zur — schlagen, *Staub*en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to flog, whip, scourge (malefactors publicly); 3) (serious) illness, sickness, (severe) malady (*Ernde*); probably considered in the light of a punishment. — **Staub**stiele, *f.* whipping-post.

Staub..., *in comp.* — raum, *m.* *Mar.* stowage; — schlaup, *f.* sluice-gate; — weiser, *n.* *Dik.* 1) back-water; 2) water raised or swollen by banking up; — weiser, *n.* T. over-fall weir.

Staubung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) stowing, &c.

Staube, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) staff; *pl. Mar.* staves (*Staub*stiele); 2) iron bar (of a hand-screw, &c.); — fächer, *m.* *pl. Mar.* bags filled with (langul, or bolts and staves).

* **Stearin**, **Stearin**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Chem.* stearine; — fette, *f.* — flicht, *n.* stearine candle, composite candle; — flicht, *f.* stearic acid.

Stech..., (*from Stechen*) *in comp.* — apfel, *m.* *Bot.* 1) common thorn-apple (*Datura stramonium L.*); 2) *provinc.* see *Belladonna*; — bach, *f.* tilt-yard; — baum, *m.* 1) see *Rech*holdertrauch; 2) see — palm; — becken, *n.* see *Recht*licher; — beere, *f.* *Bot.* mesocarp (*Stech*holz 2. b.); — beutel, — beutel, — beutel, *m.* T. ripping-chisel; firmer-chisel; punchoon; — bolzen, *m.* *pl. Mar.* roof-earings; — büttel, *m.* see *Stechling*; — hant, *m.* prize at a tilting-match; — begen, *m.* pointed sword; *Bot.-s.*

— born, *m.* 1) purging buckthorn (*Rhamnus cathartica L.*); 2) sea-buckthorn (*Hippophae rhamnoides L.*); — eiche, *f.* 1) holm-oak, evergreen oak (*Quercus ilex L.*); 2) see — palm; — eisen, *n.* punch, punchoon, prickpunch.

Stechen, (*str.*) *v. tr. & intr.* 1) to sting; a) to prick; to puncture; b) to bite; 2) to pierce, thrust, run (through), stick, stab; to cut; 3) to cut, engrave; er schreibt wie gestochen, he writes like copper-plate; 4) to tilt, tourney; 5) *Gen.* to take or beat by a superior card, to trump; 6) †, *Waren* um *Stech*en —, to barter goods; nach Einem —, to thrust at one; sich (*Dat.*) einen Dorn in den Fuß —, to run a thorn into one's foot; tot —, to stab; ein Schwein, einen Bären —, to kill a pig, a bear; um etwas —, to cast lots for ...; Torf, Spargel —, to cut peat, asparagus; Butter —, to scoop out butter from the cask; Wein —, to draw wine from a cask by means of a siphon; den Schenkel einer Blöße —, to press or draw the trigger; die Sonne sticht, the sun burns; die Nili sticht mich, I am troubled with the spleen; er sticht mich im Finger it., my finger shoots; er

sticht mich in der Seite, I have stitches in my side; das Pferd sticht, *Nom.* the horse lifts his foot well; die Farbe sticht ins Blaue, the colour has a tinge of blue; *coll.* s. das ist weder gesehen noch gefochen, that is neither fish nor flesh; der Stichel oder der Stachel sticht ihn, he is wanton, he is too well fed; Silben -, to be minute about the sense of words; Ginrin in die Augen - (*intr.*), to strike one's eye; Mar-s. in See -, to put to sea, to stand off to sea; Lau -, to veer out, to veer away, to pay out more cable; ein Lau an den Anker -, to clinch a cable; beim Winde -, to work to windward.

Stech'end, *p. a.* stinging, &c.; piercing; poignant; pungent; ste Harten, smart colours; ein ste-er Schmerz, pang. [*Rumme*]

Stech'ente, (*w.*) *f.* Ornith. black guillemot. Stech'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) prickor, &c. *cf.* Stechen, 1 & 2; 2) engraver; 3) Gun-sm. hair-trigger; 4) Hat. head-capade; 5) Horol. valve-wire (*Beil*); 6) Comm. sampling-iron.

Stech'erei, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the act or practice of thrusting, stabbing, &c.; 2) †, jousting, tournament.

Stech'... (*from Stechen*) in comp. -stege, *f.* Entom. stinging fly (*Stomoxys Goeffr.*); -gabel, *f.* 1) fish-spear; 2) hay-fork; -ge-jung, *n.* T. borers, chisels; -gläser, *n.* Bot. 1) furze, whin, gorse (*Ulex europaeus* L.); 2) thorny German broom (*Genista germanica* L.); -güßle, *f.* T. small goug; -häbel, *m.* †, see Zaushandel; -heber, *m.* Phys. plunging siphon; -holz, *n.* see Stachelholz; -hülse, *f.* see -palme; -lamm, *Nodul.* m. pricking-comb; -lerubstiel, *f.* see -traut; -lissen, *n.* T. engraver's cushion; -tute, *n.* Mar. hanging-knee; -Wasser, *n.* pl. Pharm. 1) seeds of the blessed thistle (*Cnicus benedictus* L.); 2) seeds of the milk-thistle (*frant*); -frant, *n.* Bot. Saint-Mary-thistle, milk-thistle (*Silphium marianum* Gärtn.); -kunst, *f.* art of engraving; -lack, see Stich 6, a; -löffel, *m.* Mint. mould-spoon; -lauge, *f.* jousting or tilting lance; -maschine, *f.* see Aufschlagsmaschine; -meister, *m.* see -be(i)tel; -messer, *n.* Mint. iron rod; -müßte, *f.* Entom. common gnat (*Culex* L.); -nadel, see Stednadel; -nast, *f.* Bot. rose-campion (*Agrostemma* L.); -nast, *f.* see Stachelnast; 1; Bot-s. -palme, *f.* holly (*Ilex aquifolium* L.); -pfeife, *f.* see Fingerspieler; -pille, *f.* see Stedpille; -play, *m.* tilt-yard; -probe, *f.* T. assay of gold ore by scratching; -ring, *m.* quintain, quintain; -schäkel, *m.* Ichth. sting-ray (*Trygon Adams*); -samen, *m.* see -körner; -schloß, *n.* Gun-sm. hair-trigger lock; -schmalbe, *f.* Ornith. chimney-swallow (*Raichschmalbe*); -schwein, *n.* pig for slaughtering; -sege, *n.* a kind of ring-tail (sail) or driver; -seide, *f.* see gewirnte Seide; -spiel, *n.* tilt, jousting, tournament; -vieh, *n.* cattle for killing; -waffe, *f.* any pointed weapon; -weide, *f.* bay-leaved willow (*Porterweide*); -winde, *f.* Bot. rough hind-wood (*Smilax* L.); -wort, *n.* see Stichwort, 2; -wurzel, *f.* see Mannstreu, 1.

Stech'..., in comp. -ambos, *m.* stake; -ärmel, *m.* false sleeve; -apfel, *m.* Pom. honey-apple; -brief, *m.* warrant of caption, accompanied by the personal description of a fugitive criminal, hue and cry; -brieflich verfolgt, to make, raise, or send hue and cry after one; er wurde -brieflich verfolgt, he had hue and cry sent or raised after him, warrants were out against him; -brieflich verfolgt, under a warrant of apprehension, in the hue and cry; -cirfel, *m.* draught-compasses with shifting points (*Einfestcirfel*).

Sted'elein, see Sted'elein.

Sted'ein, (*w.*) *v.* *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *coll.* to stride (about) with thin, weak legs, &c.

Sted'en, *v.* I. (*w.*) *fr.* 1) to stick; 2) to

put, set, fix; 3) to set (potatoes, &c.), plant; etwas zu sich -, to put something into one's pocket; to put up something; mit Nadeln -, to pin; hauben -, to make head-dresses; einer Dame (*Dat.*) das Haar -, to dress a lady's hair; einen Schlüssel ins Schloß -, to apply a key to the lock; ein Ziel -, 1. to set an aim, a mark; 2. *fig.* to set bounds; Einem etwas -, *coll.* to tell or inform one secretly; sich hinter ... -, *coll.* to take shelter behind; to have recourse to ...; to make use of ...; sich in Noth (*Acc.*) -, to get into trouble; sich in Schulden (*Acc.*) -, to run into or to incur debts; sich in Kosten (*Acc.*) -, to involve one's self in or put one's self to expenses; Geld in etwas (*Acc.*) -, *coll.* to lay out money for ...; to venture money in ...; Einem unter die Soldaten -, to make a soldier of one.

II. (*v.* & *irr.*) *intr.* 1) to stick; to stick fast; 2) *fig.* to be involved in; 3) *coll.* a) to be hidden; b) to be, remain; *hm.* ihr wißt gar nicht, was in dem Stich steckt, *coll.* hm, you don't know what things are in that Fritz; -bleiben, to stick fast, to be stuck, to be at a stand; to come to a (dead) stop, to turn or stop short, to founder, break down, to break off or fall in the midst of one's speech; -lassen, to leave (fast in the snow, &c.), to leave behind; *cf.* (im) Stich (lassen); den Schlüssel -lassen, to leave the key in the lock; es steckt ein Betrug dahinter, there is some cheat in it; es steckt etwas dahinter, there is something at the bottom (of it), there is more meant than meets the eye; er steckt darunter, he is at the bottom of it. [3] *pl.* Mill. staves, leaves.

Sted'en, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stick; staff; cane; Sted'en ..., in comp. -betn, *n.* *loc.* spindle-leg; -bohne, *f.* see Stangenbohne; -fachs, *m.* jailer's assistant; -frant, *n.* Bot. common gigantic fennel, fennel-giant (*Ferula communis* L.); -pferd, *n.* 1) hobby-horse, cock-horse; 2) *fig.* hobby, fancy; -reiter, *m.* one who rides his hobby; -weibel, *m.* dum-bailiff; -wert, *m.* see Bindewert; -zamm, *m.* fence of sticks.

Sted'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stickor, &c.; 2) see Krautstichel; 3) or Sted'erlein, (*str.*) *n.* see Richtschnur; 4) stud, button (for fastening the strings of a guitar, &c.). [*(Stachelstich)*]

Sted'erling, (*str.*) *m.* Ichth. stickle-back. Sted'..., in comp. -flut, -husten, *m.* see Stedflut, Stedhusten; -fischer, *m.* deputy-forester; -gern, *n.* fowling-net; -fiel, *m.* T. small pipe in a pump, in which the sucker is fastened; -frant, *n.* Bot. small snap-dragon (*Selaginella*).

Sted'ler, (*str.*) *m.* pin-maker.

Sted'leuchter, (*str.*) *m.* candlestick stuck into the wall.

Sted'ling, (*str.*) *m.* see Stedreis.

Sted'..., in comp. -messer, *n.* beef-knife; -muschel, *f.* Conch. pinna (*Pinna* L.); -nadel, *f.* pin; -nadelbüchse, *f.* pin-case; -nadelstiffen, *m.* pin-cushion; -nadelstopf, *m.* a pin's head; -nagel, *m.* Min. jig-pin; -nag, *n.* see -gern; -pille, *f.* Surg. suppository; -pumpe, *f.* Mar. hand-pump; -reis, *n.* Gard. layer, slip, shoot; -rollen, *pl.* ordinary tobacco in rolls; -rübe, *f.* Bot. navew, naphew, French turnip (*Brassica napus* L.); -schraube, *f.* pump-barrel screw; -stichel, see -t.; -zwiebel, *f.* bulb to be planted.

Sted', (*str.*) *m.* Mar. knot, hitch.

Sted'er, (*str.*) *m.* Ship-b. 1) see Einfischer; 2) *pl.* see Eiger, vertrieht.

Sted't, (*str.*) *m.* province. (*L. G.*) for Sted't, Schwanz, particular. Mar. tail; -blod, *m.* Mar. tail-block; -morchel, *f.* Bot. stinkhorn (*Clathromorpha*); -säge, *f.* T. tail-saw; -spannfüge, *f.* pitaw; -tau, *n.* see Ratstert; -juder, *m.* sugar-candy.

Sted'ten, *m.* Stephen (*P. N.*).

Steff, *m.* T. see Stiff.

Steg, (*str.*) *m.* 1) wooden bridge, small bridge; 2) path; 3) Mar. gang-board of a boat; 4) Mus. bridge (of a violin, violoncello, &c.); 5) Typ. *gener.* pl. furniture, head-sides and footsticks; lange St-e, reglets; 6) a) traverse (of a saw, &c.); b) cross-piece; 7) (am unger. Sattel) (saddle-tree) bars, bearing; 8) T. web (of an iron rail, &c.; Hölz); 9) (trowsers-) strap; 10) Archit. (am Säulen-schaft) fillet (of a column), middle-leg; 11) Carp. panel-frame; 12) Min. middle-board, *cf.* Mittelsteg, 1; 13) Paper-m. trepan of the vat; -fach, *n.* -lasten, *m.* Typ. furniture case.

Steg'reif, (*str.*) *m.* 1) lit. †, stirrup, see Steigbügel; 2) *fig.* aus dem -, extempore, off-hand; aus dem - reden, to extemporise, improvise; in comp. -blüher, *m.* or *conf.* Stegreifer, extempore-poet, improvisator; -büftung, *f.* improvisa verse-making, improvisation; -ritter, *m.* see Ranbitter.

Steg'treug, (*str.*) *m.* turnstile.

Steg'wägen, *n.* see Stedmännchen.

Steh'en, (*irr.*) *v.* I. *intr.* (*aux.* *haben*, *provinc.* *sein*) 1) to stand; 2) to be; 3) to stop; 4) Sport. to stop and point (where the game is, said of dogs); 5) (of votes, &c.) to be even, to be evenly balanced; 6) to become, sit, suit; das blaue Kleid steht ihr ausgezeichnet, the blue gown becomes her admirably; 7) to answer, to be responsible (für, for), to warrant, to vouch (for); er muß dafür -, he must be held accountable for it; ich stehe dafür, daß es gut ist, I warrant it good; -und horchen, gaudern *u.*, to stand listening, hesitating, &c.; in der Zeitung steht, daß ..., the newspaper says that ...; geschrieben -, to be written; es steht zu erwarten, it is to be expected; der Dativ steht auf die Frage Wo? *Gram.* the dative (case) answers to the question: where? der Gaumen steht mir danach, it suits my palate; Einem -, 1. to stand one's ground, to make head against; 2. to answer, defend one's self; seinen Mann -, to be as good as any man; to stand one's ground; -bleiben, 1. to stand or maintain one's ground; *cf.* Bleiben, 2; 2. to stop, stand still, make a stand; to remain stationary; to leave off; plötzlich (und fest) -bleiben, to make a dead stop or halt; -lassen, 1. to keep (one) standing; 2. to let alone; 3. to give the slip; 4. to suffer to remain, to forbear; im Betracht -, to be suspected; nach etwas -, to seek, pursue by secret machinations; einem nach dem Leben -, to attempt a man's life, to compass the death of ...; es steht Strafe darauf, it is a penal offense, it is liable to penalty; das Leben oder der Tod steht darauf, it is death to do it; darauf steht der Galgen, it is a hanging matter; seine Sachen -schlecht, es steht schlecht mit ihm, see below III, 2; die Früchte -gut, the fruits show well; die Waage steht gut, the estate is favourable; brinnen stand nicht Alles gut, all was not well within; der Preis steht auf 6 Schill., it fetches or bears 6 s.; in Geschäften or Verbindung -, to be in business-connection; (im Preise or Course) -auf (*with Dat.*), to be quoted or sell at, to stand in, to be worth; wie es steht und liegt (*geh!*), as it stands, in the lump; bieder Gedanke steht mir vor der Seele, this thought is present to my mind; bei Jemandem die Jahre -, to be bound apprentices to somebody, to serve one's time; für etwas -, to stand security for, see Stehen, 7; für den Schaden -, to stand to the loss, to make good the damage; Geld -haben bei ..., to have money at ... s., or lodging with ...; Alles -und liegen lassen, to leave or give up all; zu -kommen, to come to, to stand (in), to cost; daß soll ihm theuer zu -kommen, he shall pay dearly for it; wenn es nicht höher zu -kommt, if it does

not exceed that sum (or price); er laun auf die Höhe zu —, he lighted on his feet; mit or bei Jemandem gut —, to be on good terms with somebody; to be a favourite with one, to stand high in one's favour; zu Jemand —, to stand with ...; es steht zum Verkauf, it is up for sale.

II. *refl.* 1) sich müde —, to be tired with standing; 2) sich (gut, schlecht, u.) —, to be (well or badly) off; to be in (easy, bad, &c.) circumstances; sic — sich gut dabei, it answers their purpose very well; er steht sich auf 1000 Thaler (Acc.) jährlich, his income (altogether) is (or: he gets) 1000 dollars a year.

III. *intr. impers.* 1) (with *Dat.*) to become, sit, to be suited; 2) to be in a certain condition, to fare, &c.; to be; es steht gut, schlecht, it goes (is) well, ill; es steht schlecht mit ihm, things go badly with him, his affairs are in a bad way; es steht besser mit ihm, things have mended with him; es steht nicht ganz so schlimm mit ..., it is not quite (or matters are not) so bad with ...; wie steht es mit ...? what of ...? wie steht's um euch? how is it with you? wie steht's? how go matters? how does your business go on? wie steht es mit der Sache? how stands the matter? wie steht es mit der Gesundheit, mit Ihnen? how goes your health? how is it with you? es steht bei Ihnen, it rests or lies with you, it depends on you; es steht Ihnen frei, it is at your option, you are free, it is free for you; st-b, p. a. standing (army, &c.); stationary; steady; st-bes or st-ben Fußes, upon the spot, immediately; st-be Maschine, T. stationary engine; Mar-s. st-bes Taumel, standing rigging, dead rope; st-ber Wind, settled wind; st-be Knie, hanging knees; Com-s. st-be Preise, fixed prices; st-be Schuld, consolidated debt, consols; st-be Wafta, certain price; st-be Redensart, standing phrase; stock phrase; st-bes Citat, stock quotation; st-ber Gegenstand, staple subject; die st-ben Gegenstände der Unterhaltung, the ordinary staple of conversation.

Steiftragen, (*str.*) m. straight or stand-up-collar. [step-ladder.]

Steifleiter, (*w.*) f. pair or set of steps; Steifbär, (*adj.*) that may be stolen.

Steifsen, (*str.*) v. tr. to steal; to pilfer; rob; die Siegel — einander den Wind, Mar. the sails overlap (be calm) each other; sich in Jemandes Guß —, to wind one's self or skulk into one's graces.

Steifler, (*m.*) m. stealer, thief. [bifch]. Steifreich, (*adj.*) given to stealing (dief). Steif..., in comp. — münzen, n. (cork-) tumbler; — platz, m. standing room; — pulst, m. high desk, standing-desk; — rüpe, f. see Steg, 8.

Steifermart, f. Geogr. Styria; Steifermärter, (*str.*) m. Steifermärterin, (*w.*) f., Steifermärterisch, Steifersch, (*adj.*) Styrian.

Steif, (*adj.*) 1) stiff; firm, rigid; stubby (bristles); 2) hard, fixed, unmoved, inflexible; obstinate; 3) fig. stiff, formal; starch; straight-laced; Punkt. hard (figures); Mar. stiff (breeze); — ansehen, to look hard or to stare at or upon, to fix with one's eyes upon; — und fest, strongly, firmly; obstinately.

Steifbettel, (*str.*) m. (l.u.) sturdy beggar.

Steifle, (*w.*) f. 1) stiffness; 2) starch, glazing, stiffening; 3) Carp. buttress, prop, stay, supporter.

Steifsen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to stiffen; to starch, stiffen with starch; 2) Carp. to prop; sich auf etwas (Acc.) —, fig. 1. to rely or depend upon; 2. to persevere or persist obstinately in ..., to set one's heart on, to urge a thing.

Steifser, (*str.*) m. stiffener; — blech, n. Hal. basin.

Steif..., in comp. — haarig, (*adj.*) stiff-

haired; bristly; — haß, m. stiff-necked person or animal; — haßig, (*adj.*) fig. stiff-necked, stubborn. [malig.]

Steifheit, (*w.*) f. 1) stiffness; 2) fig. for-Steifigkeit, (*w.*) f. stiffness.

Steif..., in comp. — fette, f. Weav. stiff warp; — fähigkeit, f. stubbornness, obstinacy; leinwand, f., — linnen, n., — futter, m. Comm. stiff linen, buckram. [follow.]

Steifling, (*str.*) m. (l. u.) stiff, starched Steif..., in comp. — mas, m. provinc. pot-cheese; — oten, m. T. hat-dressing stove; — sinn, m. stubbornness; — stänig, (*adj.*) stubborn; — stiefel, m. pl. jack-boots; — stüdt, f. see Städt; — wurzel, f. Pharm. root of blunt-leaved sorrel. [&c. f. Steifsen.]

Steifung, (*w.*) f. the (act of) stiffening.

Steig, (*str.*) m. path, foot-path, steep road.

Steig..., (from Steigen), in comp. — bänne, m. pl. see Treppenbänne; — bohne, f. Bot. kidney-bean, French bean; — bündel, m. stirrup (also Anat. muscles); — bündelmäße, m. Anat. stapedian muscle (of the ear); — bündelriemen, see — riemen.

Steige, (*w.*) f. 1) stair, stile, set of steps, ladder, staircase; 2) hen-roost, chicken-coop; 3) see Stege, 2; 4) steep path.

Steigelsen, (*str.*) n. climbing spar.

Steigern, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (aux. [sein] 1) to rise; to mount, ascend, to step, climb, or get up; 2) see Bäumen, I, 3; 3) to soar; 4) to cover (of asses, &c.); to descend; to march, step; to stalk; 5) to increase; to advance (in price); to be getting up, to improve; to progress; die Preise werden wohl noch mehr —, the prices will most likely experience a further rise; der Preis ist wieder um 1 % gestiegen, the price has recovered or improved 1 %, is better by a further percent; der Preis steigt. Bak. the dough is beginning to rise or swell; in den (aus dem) Wagen —, to get, step into (out of) the carriage; auf das Pferd —, to mount the horse; vom Pferde —, to alight from one's horse; aus dem Schiffe —, an's Land —, to disembark; to land; (aus einem Stromschiff) to step or get on shore; in den Kopf —, fig. to fly up or get into one's head; Wein, der in den Kopf steigt, heady wine; es ist auf's Höchste gestiegen, it is strained or screwed up to the highest pitch; das —, (*str.*) v. s. the (act of) rising, &c.; rise; advance; improvement, enhancement; die Preise setzen um —, the prices (rates) have an upward tendency, tend upwards; im —, on the rise; im — sein, Comm. to be getting (coll. to be looking) up, to rise (in price). [in comp.]

Steigeln, Steigern, Steigern, see Steigern. Steiger, (*str.*) m. 1) climber, ascender; 2) Min. leader, master miner, doggie, reeve; — hute, f. badge worn by master-miners.

Steigern, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to raise, enhance, increase, to drive or run up; to advance, heighten; to work up (to a high pitch of excitement), to carry out (into cruelty, &c.); 2) Gramm. to compare, to form (an adjective) in the degrees of comparison; die aufs Höchste gesteigerten Ansprüche, the full-blown pretensions.

Steigerung, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) raising, &c., enhancement; 2) auction; 3) gradation, climax; 4) Gramm. (the formation of an adjective in its degrees of comparison; St-grad, m., St-stufe, f. degree of comparison.

Steig..., (from Steigen), in comp. — fabe, f. T. rising-box, drop-box (of a Jacquard-loom); — leiter, f. steps (in a library, &c.); Hohl-s. — rad, n. balance-wheel; — radfloßen, m. potence, pot(t)ance; — radschneidung, n. balance-wheel engine; — riemen, m. stirrup-leather, stirrup-strap; — riemenringe, — riementräger, pl. head of the chaplet; — rohr,

n., — röhre, f. T. rising-pipe of a pump; — steg, n. Mech. hoisting-apparatus.

Steigang, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) rising, &c. f. Steigen; 2) a) activity, ascent; height; b) Ansteig., &c. (rising) gradient; ascent; incline, slope; (St-förchtigkeit eines Berges) pitch. [cf. Steigf., 2.]

Steil, (*adj.*) steep, bluff, precipitous, arduous, Steile, Steilheit, (*w.*) f. steepness, steep place.

Steilen, (*w.*) v. tr. & *refl.* to raise up steep or perpendicularly; to rear.

Steil..., in comp. — habel, m. see Hart-habel; — kopf, m. haughty, arrogant person; — st, n. fig. pricked up ear; — platz, m. upright post; — recht, (*adj.*) see Entrecht.

Stein, (*str.*) m. 1) a) stone; rock; Meist. St-e, fragments or chippings of stone; b) precious stone, gem; 2) Med. stone, calculus; 3) Comm. stone (weight of 20 or 22 pounds); 4) Gam. draughtman; chess-man; 5) stone, kernel; 6) calculus (in pears, &c.); 7) Anat. stone, testicle; 8) Weav. square, diamond; 9) Metall. metal, regulus; 10) flint (of a tinder-box); zu — werden, to petrify; den — haben, am St-e leiden, Med. to be affected or troubled with the stone; den — schneiden, Surg. to cut for the stone; St-g. der — der Weisen, the philosophers' stone; — auf dem Herzen, load, weight on the mind; anxiety, embarrassment; — des Fußes, stumbling-block; einen (großen) — bei einem in den — haben, to stand high in a person's books; juri harte St-e machen selten reime, proverb, two obstinate persons will seldom agree.

Stein..., in comp. — aßlinge, m. pl. T. quarrying, ratchels; — aber, f. rocky vein; — abler, m. Ornith. golden eagle (*Aquila chrysaetos* L.); — abern, m. Bot. Norway maple, wood-maple (*Acer pseudo-platanus* L.); — alium, m. stone-alum, rock-alum; — alt, (*adj.*) coll. very old or aged; — amfel, f. Ornith. rock thrush (*Turdus saxatilis* L.); — arbeit, f. 1) masonry, brick-work; 2) Metall. metal-smelting; 3) Weav. dam-board, checker; — arbeiter, m. worker in stones; stone polisher; — art, f. a species of stone; — artig, (*adj.*) stone-like, stony; — arzt, m. lithotomist; — asche, f. Comm. calcined ashes; — asfel, f. Ornith. armadillo-woodlouse (*Armadillo officinarum* Brandt); — anstalt, (*adj.*) Med. lithontriptic; — anster, f. Conch. rock-oyster (*Chama laevis* L.); — bär, m. Zool. common bear (Pard-bär); — band, m. Weav. stripe of diamonds; — bann, m. 1) Bot. bird-cherry-tree (Trauben-schiffbaum); 2) Mech. crow-bar; — beer, f. Bot. 1) cow-berry (Vacciniberry); 2) crow-berry (Sträubenberry); 3) service-berry (Hageberr); 4) (kleine) fruit of the stone-bramble (*Rubus saxatilis* L.); — beifer, m. 1) Leth. thorny loach (*Cobitis taenia* L.); 2) Ornith. see — schmäger & Steinbeifer; — beschwerbe, — beschwerung, f. (suffering from the) stone; — bettung, f. bed of stones; — bewohnbar, (*adj.*) Bot. saxatile; — bild, m. statue; — blatter, f. a kind of small pox; — blume, f. stone-flower; — blüte, f. Miner. byssolite; — bod, m. 1) Zool. the ibex, stein-bok, stone-buck (*Capra ibex* L.); 2) Astr. capricorn; 3) Entom. capricorn-beetle (*Bostrych*); 4) Archil. stone-batter; — böden, m. stony soil or land; — böhrer, m. 1) stone-bore; 2) Conch. a) stone-borer (*Pholas dactylus* L.); b) lithodome, stone-eater (*Lithodinus lithophilagus* L.); — boll, m. dried cod-fish; — brand, m. mildew, blight; — brandstein, m. Miner. lithomarge; — brech, m. Bot. stone-break, saxifrage (*Saxifraga* L.); — brecht, m. 1) quarry-man; 2) Surg. lithotritist; — brenner, m. T. roaster of tin-slick; — brodt, m. pl. chippings of stone, broken stone; — bruch, m. 1) quarry, stone-pit; 2) Surg. porocoele; — brücke, f. stone-bridge; — bue,

f. Bot. horn-beam-tree (*Spagelbuche*); —*bütt*, *m.* —*bütte*, *f. Ichth.* turbot (*Rhombus maximus* L.); —*butter*, *f. Miner.* native alum, rock or stone butter; —*cabinet*, *m.* collection or cabinet of minerals, gems, or rare stones; —*caraffen*, *f. pl. Polyp.* madrepores (*Madreporearia* Edw.); —*bamm*, —*beiß*, *m.* 1) dam or dike built of stone, pier, mole; 2) paved road; —*battel*, *f. Conch.* see —*böhner*, 2, *b.*; —*begge*, *f. Zool.* pug-dog (*Wolpe*, 1); —*böhl*, *f. Ornith.* red-legged and red-beaked crow (*Corvus graculus* L.); —*breßer*, *m. Ornith.* turnstone (*Streptopus talaropus* L.); —*brössel*, *f. see* —*amfel*; —*brud*, *m.* 1) lithography; 2) lithographic print; —*bruder*, *m.* lithographer; —*bruderel*, *f.* 1) lithographic printing-office; 2) lithographer's office or workshop; —*bruderpreß*, *f.* lithographic press; —*bruse*, *f. Parr.* strangles in horses; —*b(a)nnen*, *pl.* elder-down; —*eiche*, *f. Bot.* 1) holm-oak (*Quercus* *robur* L.); 2) stone-oak, winter-oak (*Quercus sessiliflora* Sm.); —*eisen*, *n. see* —*böhner*, 1; —*fler*, *f. Ornith.* smaller butcher-bird (*Meinert Bürger*). [*See* see *Wieder*.

Stein, *(str.) m. provinc. (S. G.)* bodice. *Stein*, *(n. u.) Stein*, *adj.* 1) (of) stone; die *Stein-Brücke*, stone-bridge; die *Stein-Geißwurz*, *Med.* hard swelling, scirrhus; 2) *fg.* stony.

Stein, *in comp.* —*eiche*, *f. Bot.* ash-tree (*Eiche*, A. 1); —*eule*, *f. Ornith.* lich-owl, brown owl (*-laup*); —*faß*, *m. Weav.* warp-thread of the lozenge; —*fall*, *m.* stone-hawk, merlin (*Falco axillaris* L.); —*farbe*, *f.* stone-colour; —*farn*, *m. Bot.* 1) stone-fern, common maiden-hair or spleen-wort (*Asplenium trichomanes* L.); 2) common polypody (*Polypodium vulgare* L.); 3) hart's-tongue (*Girichungel*); —*felsbühn*, *n. see* —*bühn*; —*flaß*, *m. Ornith.* 1) see —*ipertling*; 2) see *Reinbrüder*; —*flaß*, 1) cod-fish; 2) petrified fish; —*flaß*, *m. Min.* amianthus, asbestos; —*flaß*, *f. Bot.* rock lichen (*Parmelia saxatilis* Ach.); —*forelle*, *f. Ichth.* river trout, common brook-trout (*Salmo fario* L.); —*fremd*, *adj.* quite strange; —*fressend*, *adj.* lithophagous; —*fresser*, *m. see* —*böhner*, 2, *b.*; —*frucht*, *f.* stone-fruit, drupaceous fruit, drupe; —*fruchtartig*, *adj.* drupaceous; —*füß*, *m. Zool.* white fox, stone fox, arctic fox (*Canis lagopus* L.); —*gall*, *f.* 1) stone-gall (*Zehrmalfalt*); 2) *Parr.* wind-gall; —*gelter*, *m. see* —*fall*; —*geiß*, *f. see* —*Geiß*; —*gerölle*, *n.* boulders; —*geß*, *f. see* —*Geiß*; —*geßwurz*, *n. see* —*flud*, 2; —*geßwurz*, *f. Surg.* scirrhus, hard swelling; —*grub*, —*graud*, —*grief*, —*grud*, *m.* gravel, see —*abgänge*; —*grube*, *f. see* —*brud*, 1; —*grün*, *n.* mountain-green; —*grund*, *m.* stony ground; —*gut*, *m.* earthen-ware, (white) stone-ware; flint-ware; crockery-ware; *schwartz* —*gut*, basalt wedgewood; gelbes —*gut*, yellow or queen's ware; —*händler*, *m.* 1) dealer in stones, quarry-man; 2) dealer in precious stones, lapidary; —*hänfling*, *m. Ornith.* common grey linnet (in its second year) (*Hänfling*, 1); —*hart*, *adj.* 1) as hard as stone; 2) *fg.* stony; —*hürte*, *f.* hardness of stone; —*hür*, *n. see* *Dammhür*; —*hufe*, *m. Zool.* alpine rat-bare (*Lagomys alpinus* Pall.); —*hauer*, *m.* stone-cutter; stone-mason; —*heber*, *m.* machine for raising large stones; *Bot.* —*heber*, *f.* black-berried heath, crow-berry (*Strawberry*); —*hürte*, *f. see* —*häm*; —*hüßelmaße*, *n.* 1) *T.* stone-planing engine; —*höher*, *m. Bot.* red-berried mountain elder (*Strawberry*); —*hühn*, *n. Ornith.* red partridge, stone or mountain partridge (*Partridge saxatilis* M. & W.); —*hummel*, *f. Entom.* a species of bumble-bee, stone- or meadow-bumble-bee (*Bombus lapidarius* F.); —*hund*, *m. Zool.* the lesser otter (*Nor*).

Stein, *adj.* stony, stony, resembling stone; hard.

Stein, *adj.* stony, stone, of stone.

Stein, *(w.) n. tr.* 1) to stone; 2) *Salt-n.* to cleanse (the salt-pan). — *Stein*, *niger*, *(str.) m.* stoner. — *Steinigung*, *(n.) f.* the act of stoning.

Stein, *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* lime of stones, quick-lime burnt of stones; —*famm*, *m. Min.* rocky side-wall; —*farsche*, *f. Ichth.* a variety of crucian (*Cyprinus gibelio* Gm.); —*fage*, *f. Zool.* wildcat (*Felis caesus* L.); —*fauß*, *m. Ornith.* lich-owl, brown owl (*Burnia noctua* Bats); —*fennner*, *m.* lithologist; —*fennnig*, *f.* lithology; —*fies*, *m. Miner.* sulphuret of iron; —*fische*, *f. Bot.* 1) mahaleb-cherry (*Weißelstirke*); 2) a kind of sour cherries from which a delicate spirit (*Marschino*) is distilled (*Cerdaus Marasca* Host.); —*fitt*, *m.* stone-cement, lithocolla; —*flammer*, *f. Mas.* cramp-iron for fastening free-stones to the wall or together; —*flatsche*, *f.* —*flitsche*, *m. see* —*schneider*; —*flet*, *m. Bot.* 1) meilbit (*Medicago Tourn.*); 2) white creeping clover (*Trifolium repens* L.); —*flippe*, *f.* cliff; —*flapfer*, *m.* stone-breaker; —*fluff*, *f.* cleft, chink, or gap in a rock; —*flud*, *m.* broken stone; —*fluchent*, *m. see* *fluchent*.

Stein, *(w.) f.* mineral coal, anthracite, pit-coal; (mitgeschickte) coke; (verloht) dead coals, cinders; *Steinbergwerk*, *n.* *Stein*, *grube*, *f.* coal-mine, coal-work, colliery; *Stein*, *n.* coal-gas; *Stein*, *n.* *Geol.* carboniferous group; *Stein*, *n.* digger of coal, collier; *Stein*, *n.* *Geol.* *Stein*, *n.* *Stein*, *n.* stone-coal culm, charred coals, small-coal; *Stein*, *n.* *Miner.* naphthaline; *Stein*, *n.* mineral coal-tar, gas-tar; black-varnish; *Stein*, *n.* spirit of coal-tar.

Stein, *in comp.* —*folit*, *f. Med.* stonocolic; —*foradit*, *f. see* —*corallit*; —*loß*, *f. Min.* large chest for pounded ore; —*früde*, *f. see* —*böhl*; —*frucht*, *m.* one suffering of the stone; —*frucht*, *f. Med.* the disease of stone, lithiasis; —*frucht*, *n. Bot.* 1) mad-wort (*Algenum* L.); 2) dyer's-wood (*Rosa lutea* L.); —*grapel*, *m.* stone head; —*frucht*, *m.* stone jar; —*frucht*, *f.* knowledge of stones, lithology; —*fruchtig*, *adj.* having a knowledge of stones; —*fager*, *n.* layer, stratum of stone; —*leiden*, *n. see* —*frucht*; —*schmerz*; —*leim*, *m. see* —*frucht*; —*leide*, *f. Ornith.* meadow-pipit (*Wiespieper*); —*linde*, *f. Bot.* 1) small-leaved (stone)-linden-tree (*Tilia parvifolia* Ehrh.); 2) mock-privet (*Phillyria angustifolia* L.); —*malerei*, *f.* (art of) painting on stone; —*marber*, *m. Zool.* stone-marten (*Musella faina* L.); —*marl*, *m. Miner.* stone-marrow, lithomarge; —*mehl*, *n.* stone-dust, stony mill-flour; —*meißel*, *m. T.* stone-cutter's chisel; —*meißel*, *m.* stony marl; —*messer*, *n. Surg.* gorgot (used in lithotomy); —*meß*, *m.* stone-cutter, stone mason; —*meß*, *m.* (pl.) stone-masonry; —*meß*, *f. see* —*böhner*, 2, *b.*; —*meißel*, *f. Bot.* dwarf-quince, stone-medlar (*Quittenmeißel*); —*moos*, *m. Bot.* 1) stone moss, rock moss (*Andrea Ehrh.*); 2) see —*flucht*; —*moßel*, *f. Bot.* turban-top (*Helvella esculenta* Pers.); —*mürfer*, *m.* 1) stone-mortar; 2) *Gunn.* mortar from which stones are thrown; —*mürfel*, *m.* 1) cement; hard mortar; 2) grubstone-mortar, beton; 3) badigeon; —*münze*, *f. Bot.* catmint, catnip (*Ratzenmünze*); —*münze*, *f. Conch.* stone piercer, stone-eater (*-böhner*, 2, *b.*); —*neße*, *f. Bot.* 1) carthusian pink (*Carthäusenelle*); 2) rough pink (*Dianthus armeria* L.); —*nuß*, *f.* Bough a thick-shelled nut, Brazil-nut, Para-nut (fruit of the *Ber-*

tholletia excelsa Humb.); —*obst*, *n.* stone-fruit see —*frucht*; —*ofen*, *m. Metall.* see *Darstellen*, 2; —*öl*, *n.* petroleum, rock-oil; —*operation*, *f. see* —*schmitt*; —*pappe*, *f. T.* 1) carton-pierre (for roofing, see *Dachpappe*); 2) —*papp*, *wearen*, *pl.* articles in) statutory pasteboard; —*peß*, *n.* jew's pitch, fossil tar; —*peißer*, *m. Ichth.* suck-stone, stone-grig, thorny loach (*-brüger*, 1); —*peterlein*, *n. see* —*pimpinelle*; —*peißer*, *m. Bot.* common stone-crop (*Sedum acre* L.); —*pfanze*, *f.* 1) lithophyte; 2) plant growing on stones; —*plaster*, *n.* stone-pavement; —*pidel*, *m. Stone-c.* double-pointed pick (*Zeisspikel*); —*pider*, *m. Conch.* a species of snail (*Helix lapicida* L.); —*pilz*, *m.* the eatable mushroom (*Boletus edulis* Bull.); —*pimpinelle*, *f. Bot.* goat's parsley; burnet saxifrage (*Pimpinella saxifraga* L.); —*pinie*, *f. Bot.* stone-pine (*Pinus pinus* L.); —*platte*, *f.* slab, square, or lozenge of stone; —*poße*, *f. see* —*blatter*; —*porcellan*, *n.* hard porcelain; —*preße*, *f. T.* bench-press (for sawing stones); —*pulver*, *n.* 1) stone converted into powder; 2) *Med.* powder for the stone; —*rabe*, *m. Ornith.* mountain-raven, alpine crow (*Alpenrabe*); —*rammer*, *f.* paving beetle, rammer, *coll.* commander; —*raute*, *f. Bot.* wall rue (*Rauertaute*); —*rebnen*, *n. see* —*bühn*; —*regen*, *m.* shower of stones; —*reich*, *I. adj.* 1) full of stones; 2) *coll.* mighty rich; II. *n.* mineral kingdom; —*riff*, *n. Mar.* reef or ridge; —*rinne*, *f.* 1) stone-channel (of a road); 2) *Ag.* stone-drain; —*rösch*, *n. Bot.* sweet-scented spurge-olive (*Daphne genkwa* L.); —*rolle*, *f. Bot.* rock-rose, cistus (*Commendösch*); —*rösch*, *m. Ornith.* 1) see —*amfel*; 2) (or) —*röschwängchen*, *n.* the greater red-start (*Carduelis flammea*); —*rolle*, *f.* stone-saw; marble-saw; —*rolle*, *m. Miner.* rock-salt, mineral salt; —*rolle*, *n.* *Bot.* gromwell, stone-wood (*Lithospermum* L.); —*rummelung*, *f.* collection of stones; —*sand*, *m.* gravel, stone-sand; —*sänger*, *m. Ornith.* white-tail, fallow-finch (*Saxicola alba* L.); —*sarg*, *m.* sarcophagus; —*sarg*, *m.* *T.* metalling of a causeway; —*säure*, *f. Chem.* lithic acid; —*schäfer*, *m. pl. Weav.* rods of the threads which form the little diamonds (*Tob.*); —*schäfer*, *f. Min.* separation of the rock from lode (*Beil*); —*schäfer*, *f.* layer, stratum of stone; —*schlag*, *m.* (in road-marking) broken stone, road-metal; —*schläger*, *m.* stone-breaker; —*schleifer*, *m.* polisher of stones, lapidary; —*schleuber*, *f.* sling to throw stones with; —*schloß*, *n. Gun-sm.* flint (fire-)lock; —*schmager*, *m. Ornith.* stone-chat (*Saxicola bechti*); —*schmerle*, *f. see* —*peißer*; —*schmerz*, *n. pl.* pains of the stone; —*schnecke*, *f.* buckle set with precious stones; —*schneckenstunf*, *f.* the (art of) engraving (figures) on precious stones, glyptics; —*schneider*, *m.* graver, lithographer; 2) *Surg.* lithomist; —*schneidung*, *f.* the (art of) cutting stones; —*schmitt*, *m. Surg.* (operation of) cutting for the stone, lithotomy; —*schmittscheere*, *f. Archil.* storeotomy, stone-cutting; —*schmittmesser*, *see* —*messer*; —*schraube*, *f.* 1) *T.* see —*preße*; 2) *Gunn.* cock-pin, cock-nail, cock-crew (*Tob.*); —*schrift*, *f.* 1) lapidary inscription; 2) characters of writing found in lapidary inscriptions; —*schrot*, *m.* quarrying, ratchile; —*schüttung*, *f. T.* ballasting of a road or railway; —*schwalbe*, *f. Ornith.* swift (*Aluco schwalbe*); —*seger*, *m.* pavier (*Späfler*); —*segerlohn*, *m.* paviage; —*flatter*, *m. Miner.* stalaclite; —*suigel*, *m.* stone-omery; —*suigel*, *m. Ornith.* gray finch (*Passer petronius* L.); —*suigel*, *m.* rock-blasting; —*suigel*, *m.* 1) quarry-man; 2) see *Wohlfühl*; —*straße*, *f.* *T.* metalloid road; —*stüd*, *n.* 1) a piece of stone; 2) see —*mörter*; —*tafel*, *f.* stone table; slab; —*taube*,

f. Ornith. rock-pigeon (*Columba livia* Briss.); —*stb.*, *adj.* (l. w.) as dead as a stone (*cf.* *Raufstb.*); —*stpf.*, *m.* earthen pot; *Nad-s.* —*treibend*, *adj.* lithontriptic; —*überzug*, *m.* incrustation or coating of stone; —*verhär-tung*, *f.* stony concretion; —*wahrsager*, *m.* lithomancer; —*wahrsagung*, *f.* lithomancy; —*wall*, *m.* stone-rampart; —*walze*, *f.* stone-roller; —*wälzer*, *m.* *Ornith.* 1) turnstone (*Streptopelia interpres* L.); 2) stone-plover, stone-curlew (*Edicnemus creptans* Tem.); —*wand*, *f.* stone-wall; (perpendicular) rock; —*weg*, *m.* paved way; —*wegebirn*, *m.* *Bol.* rock-buckthorn (*Rhamnus saxatilis* L.); —*wechsel*, *f.* see —*flügel*, 1 & 2; —*wein*, *m.* a superior Franconian wine; —*werk*, *n.* stone-work: 1) masonry consisting of stone; 2) pebbles for a grotto; —*weise*, *f.* *Bol.* 1) the greater chickling vetch (*Lathyrus cicera* L.); 2) wild licorice, milk-vetch (*Astragalus glycyphyllos* L.); —*wildbret*, *n.* rock-deer (wild goats, &c.); —*wurf*, *m.* stone's cast or throw; mit —*würfen tödten*, to kill (by casting) with stones, to stone; —*wurzel*, *f.* —*wurzel-frant*, *n.* *Bol.* 1) agrimony (*Agrimonia eupatoria* L.); 2) common polypody (*Xüpfelfarn*); —*junge*, *f.* T. mason's iron tonge, *cf.* —*flügel*; —*zeichnung*, *f.* drawing upon stone, lithography; —*zeit*, *f.* *Archaeol.* stone-age; —*ger-malmen*, *adj.* *Surg.* lithontriptic; —*germalmer*, *m.* *Surg.* lithoclast, lithotomy forceps; —*germalnung*, —*gerrelbung*, —*gertrümme-rung*, *f.* lithontripsy, lithotripsy; —*jeng*, *m.* see —*gut*; —*jegle*, *f.* *Zool.* wild goat, female of the Steinbock; —*junge*, *f.* *Miner.* tongue-stone.

Steirisch, see *Steirermärlsch*.

Steiß, (*str.*) *m.* buttocks, posterior, rump; *in comp.* *Anat.-s.* —*bein*, *n.* coccyx; —*bein-finsten*, *m.* coccygean ganglion; —*beinmüßel*, *m.* coccygean muscle; —*flöster*, *f.* *Ichth.* anal fin; *Ornith.-s.* —*fuß*, *m.* the grebe (*Podiceps* Lath.); (kleiner) —*fuß*, little grebe, dab-chick (*Podiceps minor* L.); —*flüßer*, *m.* *pl.* pygopods; (*Obstetric-s.*) —*geburst*, a case of pelvic presentation; —*lage*, *f.* pelvic presentation.

Stella (*pr.* —*stäl*), (*w.*) *f.* 1) or *Stell.* (*str.*) *n.* *previnc.*, stand, frame, see *Gestell*, 1; ein *Stell* *Gestell*, *Mar.* a complete suit of sails; 2) *Comm.* slang for *Stellgeschäfft*.

Stell... (*from Stelle & Stellen*), *in comp.* —*blättchen*, *n.* see —*schibe*; —*böhrer*, *m.* T. expanding borer; —*böttig*, *m.* *Brer.*, &c. settling vat; —*cirfel*, *m.* T. bow-compasses, compasses with a quadrant; —*büßeln*, *m.* appointment, assignation; rendezvous.

Stelle, (*w.*) *f.* 1) place, room, stand; spot; 2) situation, station; 3) place; office; employment; duty; situation; 4) passage (of a book); an Ort und —, on the spot; an dessen —, instead of that; wenn ich an Ihrr — wäre, if I was (were) in your case or place; er hielt um diese — an, he applied for this place; eine — suchen, to want (to be on the look-out for) a situation; eine — auf einem Comptoir suchen, to take a situation in an office (*Nob. & Gr.*); auf der —, on the spot, immediately; at a moment's notice; zur — sein, to be on the spot; auf der — verkaufen, to sell out of hand, off-hand; nicht von der — gehen or kommen, not to stir; to make no progress, not to get on; nicht von der —! don't stir or budge! zur — schaffen, to produce; etwas von der — bringen, to move a thing from its place; die — einnehmen von ..., *fig.* to stand in lieu or instead of ...; *lit. & fig.* to take or supply the place of ...; eine hohe — einnehmen, to hold a high place, to rank or be placed high; die Moral hat darin seine —, morality does not enter into it; sich an Jemandes — setzen, *fig.* to place one's self in the position of a person; an Jemandes — treten, to become a substitute for; Jemand aus seiner — verdrängen,

to displace one; —*gefußt*, (*in advertisements*) wanted ...; —*gesch.*, *m.* application for a place.

Stellen, (*w.*) *v. l. str.* 1) to put, place, set (upright), post, fix; to station; 2) a) to rank; to arrange, regulate, set in order; to range (an army, &c.), to draw up (in a line of battle); b) to set (right a watch); die Uhren waren verführten gestellt werden, the watches had been differently set; c) to point (cannons); 3) to lay (an ambush, &c.), to set (a snare, a trap); 4) to furnish, supply (troops); Milch —, to curdle milk; Rüge —, to set, pitch, or spread nets; die Segel —, *Mar.* to trim the sails; einen Bürger, einen Stellvertreter —, to find bail, a substitute; als Bürger —, to put in as bail; Einem nach dem Leben —, to attempt a person's life; Einem vor Gericht —, to place one at the bar; to put one on his trial, *coll.* to have up; Einem gut (schlecht) —, to pay one a high or good (low) salary; schlecht gestellt, ill-remunerated; hoch, gering —, see *Schäßen*; hoch gestellt, high in office; er ist ganz auf sich gestellt, he is entirely unaided, unassisted, or thrown upon his own resources; in Jemandes Credit —, *Comm.* to pass to one's credit; Einem die Notwendigkeit —, to cast one's nativity; einen Preis —, to fix or put a price; ich stelle Ihnen den billigsten Preis, I charge or note you the lowest price; Einem auf Rechnung —, to place, put, enter to one's account; der Preis wird sich höher —, the price will rule higher; es stellt sich niedriger, it will be done at a lower price; ein Wort gestellt, quoted free on board; es kostet ... hieher gestellt, it stands in here ...; der Wechsel ist an seine Order gestellt, the bill is drawn to his order; Einem eine Aufgabe —, to set a task before one; ihr Sinn ist auf Genuß gestellt, their spirits are determined on enjoyment; in den Schatten —, to throw into the shade; Zeugen —, to bring in or produce witnesses; zufrieden —, to content, satisfy; frei —, to leave a free choice; ich stelle es Ihnen frei, I leave it to you; dahin gestellt sein lassen, to leave undecided, to leave in doubt; ich lasse es dahin gestellt sein, I will not stop to inquire.

II. refl. 1) to place one's self; — Sie sich hieher unter meinen Regimänt, stand here under my umbrella; 2) to rank one's self; to take one's stand; 3) to turn upon the hunters (of game); 4) to present one's self, to appear; sich vor Gericht —, to answer in law, to stand to trial; *fig.-s.* 5) to prove, to turn out; 6) a) see *Einstellen*, *refl.* 2, b) to feign, affect, dissemble; to make believe, to behave, act, to make a show, to do (as if ...); sich heilig, frant, toll, böle —, to feign holiness, sickness, madness, anger; sich ungeberdig —, to show anger, to be angry; sich einfüßig —, to play the fool, to look simple; sich taub —, to affect deafness; sich verwundert —, to affect a stare; er stellte sich als ob ..., he did as though ...; he pretended ...; sich zu seinem Regimänte —, to join one's regiment; sich zur Wehre —, to offer resistance, to resist.

III. das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* see *Trachten*, II.

Stellen..., *in comp.* —*jäger*, *m.* place-hunter; —*register*, *n.* list of quotations; —*sammlung*, *f.* collection of quotations; —*weise*, *adv. & adj.* (occurring, &c.) in some place, here and there.

Stellente, (*w.*) *f.* *Sport.* decoy-duck.

Stell'er, (*str.*) *n.* regulator, setter.

Stell... (*from Stelle & Stellen*), *in comp.* —*felte*, *f.* shutter, sluice-board; —*feder*, *f.* stay-spring, stop-spring; —*firma*, *f.* —*flügel*, *m.* *Sport.* lane in a forest where the nets are pitched for catching game; —*garn*, *n.* *Fisch* stalker; —*geschüß*, *n.* *Comm.* put and call; —*graben*, *m.* *Sport.* ditch into which the staves of an airy are laid; —*hefe*, *f.* see *Grunde*

hefe; —*helf*, *n.* *Müll.* treadle; —*hölzchen*, *n.* *Sport.* bird-trap, trigger of a spring, &c.

...*stellig*, *adj.* *in comp.* having a certain number of places; siebenstellige Logarithmen, *Math.* seven-place logarithms.

Stelling, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* stage, stake.

Stell... (*from Stelle & Stellen*), *in comp.* —*jagd*, *f.* hunt or chase in which the game is driven into nets; —*fell*, —*flößen*, *m.* see *Nicht-fell*; —*flappe*, *f.* regulating valve; —*lenz*, *pl.* *Sport.* help; —*macher*, *m.* cart-wright, wheelwright; —*nagel*, *m.* pole-bolt of a carriage; —*paßsen*, *pl.* des *Rapports*, *Mar.* stops of the cheeks of a carriage; —*propst*, *m.* propping-pole; —*pfad*, *m.* *Sport.* peg on the top of a fowler's airy-staff; —*platz*, *m.* place of appointment, rendezvous; —*rad*, *n.* —*raden*, *m.* *Horol.* regulating wheel; —*ritzel*, *m.* T. levelling bolt; —*roß*, *n.* see *Stengrappst*; —*schle*, *f.* *Horol.* regulating plate, rosette; —*schraube*, *f.* adjusting or regulating screw; —*schüge*, *m.* see —*fall*.

Stellung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) setting, putting, &c., *cf.* *Stellen*; 2) situation, position; station; 3) *Astr.* constellation; 4) posture, attitude; bearing; *Fenc.* guard; 5) arrangement, disposition; 6) see *Stelling*; eine (gestellte) — einnehmen, to be in station; ich fühle eine ähnliche —, I want a similar engagement; den Feind aus seiner — verdrängen, to dislodge the enemy; für die — der englischen Abderbion kann keine bestimmte Regel angegeben werden, for the placing of English adverbs, no definite rule can be given.

Stell... (*from Stelle & Stellen*), *in comp.* —*vertreter*, *adj.* vicarious; deputy (burg-master, consul, &c.); —*vertreter*, *m.* deputy, representative; delegate; proxy; substitute; surrogate (of a bishop); der —vertreter Christi, Vicar of Jesus Christ; —*vertretung*, *f.* substitution, proxy; deputyship; representation; —*vogel*, *m.* decoy-bird; —*wagen*, *m.* stage-coach; omnibus; —*zapfen*, *m.* *Horol.* pivot of the regulator; —*zeiger*, *m.* *Horol.* pointer of the rosette; —*zirfel*, see —*cirfel*.

Stel'se, (*w.*) *f.* 1) still; 2) wooden leg; auf St-n geh'n, to go (or mount) upon stilts; *fig.* to be bombastic; 3) *Min.* short prop, shore; *in comp.* *Stell'schler*, *St-ngeler*, *m.* secretary-bird (*Serpentarius secretarius* Gm.); *Stell'stein*, *n.* *Stell'stüb*, *m.* wooden leg; *Stell'sbögen*, *m.* *Archit.* stilted arch; *St-nhaft*, *adj.* 1) high-legged; 2) *fig.* bombastic; *St-nläufer*, *m.* 1) (or *St-ngänger*) one walking (or dancing) on stilts; 2) *Ornith.* a still, still-bird (*Himantopus* Briss.); b) *pl.* or *Stell'sbügel*, still-birds; *St-nschritt*, *m.* great stride.

Stemm..., *in comp.* —*art*, *f.* large axe; —*beutel*, —*betel*, *m.* see —*cifen*.

Stem'me, (*w.*) *f.* see *Stäbe*.

Stemm'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* T. (mortise-)chisel; (briccliges) bur.

Stemm'en, (*w.*) *v. l. str.* 1) a) to work with the axe or chisel; b) *Forst.* to fell (trees); 2) to prop, to put firmly against; 3) to stem, dam (water); die Arme in die Seite —, to set one's arms a-kimbo; die Füße gegen die Wand —, to stem one's feet against the wall; *II. refl.* to resist, oppose, bear up against. [*stem*]

Stem'mer, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* pole of the cap-*Stemm...*, *in comp.* —*geschwell*, *n.* *Hydr.* cheeks or lock-sill of a flood-gate; —*leber*, *n.* *Shoe-m.* welt, inside leather of a boot; —*leiste*, *f.* cross-piece (of the ladder of a waggon); —*nabel*, *f.* *Shoe-m.* needle, awl; —*ring*, *m.* shoe-maker's thimble.

Stem'pel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stamp; die; (*auf* *Waren*) stamp-mark; 2) pounder, pestle; 3) punch, puncheon; 4) prop; 5) *Bot.* pistil; 6) *Mech.* piston; 7) *Min.* stempole; 8) *coll.* see

—papier; 9) *fig.* stamp, mark; — und Gülefen, *Book-b.* back-tools.

Stemp'fel ..., *in comp.* —*abgabe*, *f.* see —*gebühr*; —*amt*, *n.* stamp-office; —*art*, *f.* *Form.* marking-iron; —*bogen*, *m.* see *Samenbogen*; —*bogen*, *m.* stamped sheet of paper; —*eisen*, *n.* stamping-iron; —*gebühr*, *f.* —*geld*, *n.* stamp-duty; (*bei* *Übertragung* von *Papieren* &c.) conveyance; —*gesetz*, *n.* stamp-law; —*hammer*, *m.* stamping-hammer; —*häring*, *m.* *Ichth.* saury (*Hops saurus* Lacop.); —*tammet*, *f.* stamp-office; —*marke*, *f.* mark; —*meister*, *m.* head of the stamp-office.

Stemp'feln, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stamp; to mark; to seal; 2) *Min.* to prop; 3) *Mar.* to drive out (a bolt); 4) *coll.* to gain over; to instruct beforehand.

Stemp'fel ..., *in comp.* —*papier*, *n.* stamped paper; —*recht*, *n.* right of stamps; —*schneide*, *f.* art of cutting stamps; —*schneider*, *m.* stamp-cutter; —*schneidertisch*, *f.* die-sinking establishment (for letter-founders); —*tag*, *f.* stamp-duty; —*ware*, *f.* stamped goods; —*zeichen*, *n.* stamp, mark.

Stemp'ler, (*str.*) *m.* stamper.

Sten'del, (*str.*) *m.* (—*wurz*, *f.*) *Bot.* orchis (*Stenobolus*).

Stengel, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* top-mast; die große —, main top-mast; auf halber —, half mast up. **Stengel**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) stalk, stem; *Bot.* pedicel; in — *schießen*, see *Stengeln*, II.; 2) pole (for hope); *in comp.* *Bot.-s.* —*artig*, *adj.* resembling a stalk, stalky, cauliform; —*blatt*, *n.* stem-leaf; —*bohne*, *f.* climbing bean, runner (*Stangenbohne*).

Stengelchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Stengel*) small thin stalk, stem; *Bot.* caulicula, radicle.

Stengel..., *in comp.* —*reifen*, *f.* pl. running peas, peas requiring to be propped up or staked; —*förmig*, *adj.* see —*artig*; —*glas*, *n.* wine-glass with a long thin foot.

Stengelig, *adj.* stalky; *Bot.* caulescent.

Stengellos, *adj.* stalkless, stemless, *Bot.* acaulis, acauliculus.

Stengeln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to stake, prop up; to pole, stick (hops, &c.); II. *intr.* to shoot or grow into stalks, to get stalky, to spind. **Stengel...**, *in comp.* —*tragen*, *adj.* caulescent, cauliferous; —*umfassend*, *adj.* stem clasping.

Stengeln..., *in comp.* —*flag*, *n.* top-stay; —*flagel*, *n.* maintop-stay-sail; —*wand*, *f.* top-boards; —*windreep*, *n.* top-rope.

* **Stenograph**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) stenographer; **Stenographie**, (*w.*) *f.* stenography; **Stenographisch**, *adj.* stenographic(al).

* **Stenotrich**, *adj.* Stenorian.

A. **Stengel**, (*str.*) *m.* T. wooden handle of large scissors.

B. **Stengel**, *m.* Stanislaus (*P. N.*).

Steph'an, *m.* Stephen (*P. N.*); **St-efürner**, *pl. Pharm.* seeds of stavesacre; **St-efraut**, *n. Bot.* 1) stavesacre (*Dolichium staphisagria* L.); 2) enchanter's night-shade (*Circaea* L.); **St-eflein**, *m. Min.* red-spotted carnelian.

Stapp... (*from* *Stappen*), *in comp.* —*bett*, *n.* mattress; —*beck*, *f.* quilt, quilted cover; —*brist*, *m.* see —*geru*.

Stapp'e, (*w.*) *f.* desert; heath; steppe.

Stapp'en, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to quilt; stitch.

Stapp'en..., *in comp.* —*bauer*, *m.* inhabitant of a steppe; —*fuch*, *m.* *Zool.* desert-fox, corsack (*Canis corsac* L.); —*huhn*, *n.* *Ornith.* sand-grouse (*Pterocles armatus* Pall.); —*läge*, *f. Zool.* manual (*Felis Manual* Pall.); —*lerche*, *f. Ornith.* Tartarean lark (*Alauda tartarica* Pall.); —*raße*, *f.* *Ichth.* *Ornith.* pratineole (*Glinoida pratineola* L.); —*lege*, *f. Zool.* saiga (*Anthopus saiga* Pall.).

Stapp'ler, (*w.*) *f.* (the act or a piece of) quilting, stitching; quilted or stitched work. **Stapp'...** (*from* *Stappen*), *in comp.* —*garu*,

n. quilting thread; —*nadel*, *f.* quilting-needle; —*nast*, *f.* quilted seam; stitched, closing seam; —*art*, *n.* *Shoe-m.*awl for closing; —*seibe*, *f.* stitching-silk, gross silk; —*stich*, *m.* quilting-stitch, back-stitch; —*zwirn*, *m.* quilting-thread.

Stapp'ung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act, &c. of) quilting, stitching.

Stapp'e, (*w.*) *f.* (I. *n.*) 1) death; 2) epidemic disease; pest; murrain.

Stapp'e... (*from* *Stappen*), *in comp.* —*bett*, *n.* dying-bed, death-bed; —*blid*, *m.* dying-look; —*buch*, *n.* see *Todtenliste*; —*caffe*, *f.* 1) burying-funds; 2) see *Todtencaffe*; —*fall*, *m.* 1) death, decease; 2) *Law*, see *Todfall*; —*reden*, *m.* spot after death; —*gebet*, *n.* 1) prayer read to the dying; 2) prayer of one dying; —*geib*, *n.* funeral expenses; —*gerüst*, *m.* scaffold, pall; —*gesang*, *m.* see —*lieb*; —*geschichte*, *f.* history of a person's last moments; —*gewand*, *n.* winding-sheet, pl. grave-clothes; —*glode*, *f.* funeral bell; death-knell, passing-bell; —*haus*, *n.* house in which any person has died; —*hemd*, —*kleid*, *m.* shroud, winding-sheet; —*herr*, *m.* lord of the manor who has the right of heriot; —*jahr*, *n.* year of a person's death; —*lieb*, *n.* burying-song, funeral hymn; dirge; —*liste*, *f.* —*register*, *n.* list (bill) of mortality, record of deaths; —*lust*, *f.* desire of death; —*lustig*, *adj.* longing for death.

Stapp'en, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to die (*an* [*mit* *Dat.*], *of*, *from*); *er* starb *an* *Gehirn-erweichung*, he died of softening of the brain; *er* starb *an* *Gehirnschlag*, he died from apoplexy of the brain; *auf* *etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to die in ..., to seal by one's death; *ich* will —, wenn es nicht wahr ist, let me die if it be not true; *sein* *ist* *des* *Wort*, see *Stapp'enswort*.

Stapp'en, *n. s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) (act of) dying; 2) mortality, epidemic; *jum* — *gelangweilt*, bored to death; *im* —, at the point of death; *im* — *liegen*, to lie dying, to be in a dying state, at the point of death; *auf* *Stehen* *und* —, come life, come death.

Stapp'ens..., *in comp.* —*angst*, *I. s. f.* agony or pangs of death; II. *or* —*bange*, *adj.* very anxious; *es* ist mir —*angst*, I am in an agony of fear; —*krank*, *adj.* hopelessly or dangerously ill; —*müde*, *adj.* tired or fatigued to death; —*nast*, *f.* dying agony; *sam-s.* — *seele*, *f.* living soul; —*übel*, —*weh*, *adj.* *es* wird mir —, I feel quite ill; —*wort*, *n.* earthly word; *sein* —*wörtchen*, never a word, not an earthly word.

Stapp'e... (*from* *Stappen*), *in comp.* —*stunde*, *f.* dying hour; —*tag*, *m.* dying-day; —*vogel*, *m.* European wax-wing, so called because its appearance in large flights, is vulgarly supposed to forebode death; —*wolle*, *f.* mortling, felt wool; —*zettel*, *m.* see *Todtenzettel*; —*zimmer*, *n.* death-chamber.

Stapp'lich, *I. adj.* mortal; —*verliebt*, desperately in love; II. *s.* (*decl.* like *adj.*) *St-e*, 1) *m. & f.* mortal (man, woman); 2) *n.* the mortal part of man, the body; III. *St-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* mortality; *St-feit* *über* *acht*, *m.* *St-feit* *licht*, *f.* bill of mortality.

Stapp'ling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) child which dies soon after its birth; 2) dead sheep; 3) *, mortal being; *St-swelle*, *f.* mortifying, felt-wool.

* **Stereometrie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Geom.* stereometry; — **Stereometrisch**, *adj.* stereometric.

* **Stereotisch**, *adj.* *Mod.* dried up, parched.

* **Stereotyp**, *adj.* *fig.* (*Gr.*) stereotyped (speech, &c.). — **Stereotypen**, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Typ.* stereotypes; —*brud*, *m.* stereotype printing; —*bruder*, *m.* stereotypographer; —*gießer*, *Stereotypen* *lpr.* —*pör*!, (*str.*) *m.* stereotype-founder, stereotyper; —*gießerei*, *f.* stereotype-foundry; —*platte*, *f.* stereotype-plate. — **Ste-**

restypic, (*w.*) *f.* see *Stereotypendruck & Stereotypengießerei*. — **Stereotypen**, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to stereotype. — **Stereotypisch**, *adj.* stereotypical. [manul.]

Sterr'frant, (*str.*) *n.* see *Wan & Löwen*. **Sterr'let**, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* sterlet (*Acipenser ruthenus* L.).

Stern, (*str.*, *pl.* *St-e*, *orig.* (*w.*) *St-en*) *m.* 1) star; *, planet; world; 2) *Mar.* stern, poop of a ship; mit *sehr* *schmalen* —, pink-sterned; 3) pupil (of the eye); 4) *Typ.* star, asterisk; 5) *Herald.* cross; 6) see *Blässe*, 2, a; 7) white spot on the finger-nail; *bis* *zum* *St-en* *erheben*, to extol to the skies; *in* *den* *St-en* *sehen*, to read the stars.

Stern..., *in comp.* —*agat*, *m.* *Min.* starred agate; —*abery*, *f.* *Vol.* caudal vein of horses; —*ebler*, see *Goldobler*.

* **Sternalgie**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* see *Brustschmerz*.

Stern..., *in comp.* —*all*, *n.* universe; — *anbeter*, *m.* worshipper of the stars; —*anis*, *m. Bot.* star-aniso, anise-seed-tree (*Illicium anisatum* L.); —*appel*, *m. Bot.* star-apple (*Chrysophyllum Cainito* L.); —*artig*, *adj.* star-like, *cf.* —*förmig*; —*bahn*, *f.* orbit of a star; —*bild*, *n.* constellation, asterism; —*bild* *des* *Thierkreises*, sign of the zodiac; —*binde*, *f.* *Swg.* star-bandage; *Bot-s.* —*blümchen*, *n.* 1) lesser celandine, pilewort (*Figularia*, 3 *und* *der* *Freiwurgenkraut*); 2) official bugloss (*Onchocnemis*, 2); 3) star-flower (*Trientalis* L.); —*blume*, *f.* 1) starwort (*Aster* L.); 2) star of Bethlehem, star-flower (*Ornithogalum* L.); 3) common daffodil (*Narcissus pseudonarcissus* L.); —*bühne*, *f.* see —*warie*; —*büßen*, *m.* see —*schuppe*; —*catalog*, *m.* catalogue of stars.

Sternchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Stern*) 1) little star, starlet; 2) *Typ.* asterisk (*).

Stern..., *in comp.* —*coralle*, *f.* star-coral, sun-coral, astraea (*Astraea* L.); —*beute*, *haust*, —*beuterei*, —*beutung*, *f.* astrology; —*beuterei* *treiben*, to astrologize; —*beuter*, *m.* astrologer; —*beuterisch*, *adj.* astrological; — *biener*, *m.* star-worshipper; —*biener*, *m.* star or astral worship, sabianism; —*bistel*, *f.* *Bot.* see —*stedenblume*; —*bolde*, *f.* *Bot.* masterwort (*Wittmannswur*); —*blane*, *f.* sider-down; —*elbsche*, *f.* *Zool.* stellion (*Stellio vulgaris* Latr.).

Sternen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to star, to set or adorn with stars; to bespangle (Westren, 1); *cf.* *Western*; *Westen*, 2.

Sternen..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Stern...*) — *abend*, *m.* 1) starry evening; 2) *, end of the world; —*alter*, *n.* *, endless space of time, ages and ages; —*bahn*, *f.* 1) orbit of stars; 2) starry, star-paved way; —*bogen*, *m.* starry arch or vault (—*ast*, *m.*; *cf.* *Himmelbogen*, 1); —*bühne*, *f.* (*lit.* starry stage) star-spangled firmament (—*bede*, —*burg*, *f.*); —*feld*, —*ge*, *flde*, *n.* starry field or fields, (—*gewölbe*, *n.* —*himmel*, *m.* starry vault of heaven; —*glanz*, *m.* starry lustre, *cf.* *Sternesglanz*).

Sternenhaft, *adj.* 1) star-like (*Sternartig*); 2) *loc.* immense (like the distance of the stars).

Sternen..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Stern...*) — *heer*, *m.* — *ihar*, *f.* star host; —*hell*, *adj.* starlight, starry; mit *Augen* —*helle* (*Prut*), his eyes like stars so bright (*Basch*); —*himmel*, *m.* see *Sternhimmel*; —*hoch*, *adj.* high as the stars, immensely high; —*jahr*, *n.* sidereal year; —*kamp*, *m.* see —*feld*; —*königin*, *f.* *, Queen of the stars, *i. e.* the night or the moon; — *lauf*, *m.* course of stars; —*plan*, *m.* see —*feld*; —*raum*, —*saal*, *m.* see —*gewölbe*; —*fäer*, *m.* (*lit.* sower of stars) God; —*tag*, *m.* sidereal day. [white nun (*Marysener abelius* L.).

Sternente, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* smew, the **Sternen...**, *in comp.* (*cf.* *Stern...*) —

thron, m. *, starry throne (heaven); —*tiefe*, f. depth of the starry vault (the heavens); —*zelt*, f. sidereal times; —*zelt*, n. starry vault (canopy) of heaven.

Stern..., in comp. —*facetten*, f. pl. *Jewel*, star-facets; —*fell*, m. *Ornith.* star-hawk, stone-hawk morlin (Steinfalk); —*fell*, n. film over the pupil of the eye; *Firen-s.* —*fener*, n. artificial fire-work in form of a star; —*figur*, f. asterism, cf. —*bild*; —*fisch*, m. star-fish (Seeffisch); —*Knotenstume*, f. *Bot.* star-thistle (*Centauria calcitropa* L.); —*fürmig*, adj. star-like, *Bot.* stellate(d); stellar; —*for-scher*, m. astronomer; astrologer; —*gang*, m. motion of the stars; —*gebäude*, —*gebilde*, n. solar system; constellation; *, universe; —*glimmer*, m. glimmering or twinkling of the stars, stary glitter; —*gebilde*, n. stary vault; —*glas*, m. astronomical telescope; —*grad*, n. *Bot.* greater stitchwort (*Stellaria holodica* L.); —*gruppe*, f. —*haufen*, m. cluster of stars; —*guder*, m. 1) *cont.* star-gazer; 2) *klth.* see —*fcher*, 3; —*gürtel*, m. *, stary zone (i. e. the milky way); —*hagelsaal*, adj. coll. as drunk as David's sow; —*hell*, adj. star-light, star-lit, star-bright, stary, cf. *Sternenhell*; —*himmel*, m. *Astr.* sidereal heavens; firmament; *, stary sky, stary arch; —*hyacinthe*, m. *Bot.* star-hyacinth (*Andromeda* Dumort.).

Sternig, adj. stary, star-like; stellular. **Stern**..., in comp. —*jahr*, n. sidereal year; —*karte*, f. star-map, chart of constellations; —*katalog*, see —*katalog*; —*kegel*, m. *Astr.* astroscopio; —*kenner*, m. —*kenntnis*, f. see —*funde*; —*funde*; —*klar*, see —*hell*; —*lopf*, m. *Bot.* scabious (*Scabiosa* L.); —*koralle*, see —*coralle*; —*krant*, n. *Bot.* 1) star-wort (—*blume*, 1); 2) see —*blümchen*, 3; 3) see —*miere*; —*kräuter*, n. pl. a genus of plants with the leaves in whorls (stellate leaves) (*Stellaria* L.); —*kreuz*, n. *Herold.* star-cross; —*krugel*, f. celestial globe; —*kunde*, f. astronomy; —*kundige*, m. astronomer; —*kunst*, f. astrology; —*lebertraut*, n. *Bot.* sweet-scented woodruff (*Waldmeister*); —*lechte*, f. see —*funde*. (See *Sternen*, 1.)

Sternlein, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Stern*) *. **Stern**..., in comp. —*licht*, n. starlight; —*manufaktur*, m. *Zool.* condylura (*Condylura* Ill.); —*messer*, m. T. 1) astronomer; 2) heliometer; —*metastuff*, f. astronomy; —*miere*, f. *Bot.* starwort, chickwood (*Stellaria* L.); —*mond*, m. see —*eichse*; —*monat*, m. sidereal month; —*mond*, n. *Bot.* starred or marish-moss (*Minium* L.); —*nase*, f. see —*maulwurf*. * *Sternschnur*, (u.) f. (*Gr.*) *Med.* see *Brustdrüse*.

Stern..., in comp. —*pflanzen*, f. pl. see —*fräuter*; —*preffe*, f. T. lithographic rolling press, roller; —*rad*, n., —*rafete*, f. *Fire-w.* star- (or girandole)-wheel, star-rocket; —*register*, n. catalogue of stars; —*rohr*, n. telescope; —*schnitz*, f. *Port.* star-redoubt, star-fort; —*schnuppe*, f. 1) *coll.* —*spitze*, see —*schnuppe*, f., —*schnuß*, m.) falling or shooting-star, star-shoot; 2) *Bot.* star-jelly, star-shoot, nostoc (*Nostoc commune* Vanc.); —*seher*, m. 1) a) *coll.* star-gazer; b) astronomer; 2) astrologer; 3) *klth.* star-gazer (*Uranoscopus* L.); —*schere*, f. *coll.* the act or practice of star-gazing: 1) astronomy; 2) astrology; —*spatz*, m. *Miner.* fibrous carbonate of lime; —*stein*, m. *Patr.* stollite, asterite, star-stone (*Astraea helianthoides* Gldf.); —*strahl*, m. ray of starlight; —*stern*, m. telescope; —*tafel*, f. astronomical table; —*tag*, m. sidereal day; —*uhr*, f. sidereal dial; —*verfinsternung*, f. eclipse of a star, occultation; —*warte*, f. observatory; —*weise*, m., —*wissenschaft*, f. see —*funde*; —*funde*; —*zeichen*, n. constellation; —*zelt*, f. sidereal time.

Sticht, see *Stecr*.

Stich, (str.) m., *Stiche*, (u.) f. 1) *Agr.* plough-tail, handle; 2) tail, ramp; in comp. —*schäuf*, f., —*wurm*, m. *Vel.* tail-worm; belt (of sheep).

Stich, Stichtig, see *Stät*, *Stätig*.

Stich, adv. continually, always, over.

A. Stener, (str.) n. *Mar-s.* helm; (der im Wasser befindliche Theil) rudder; (bei kleinen Schiffen) tiller; — in *Ret.* the helm a-lee; last; das — an *Badford*! port the helm! ein Schiff das hart ans — ist, a ship that does not answer the helm readily; über — gehen, to go a-stern, to fall a-stern; *fig.* to be lost.

B. Stener, (u.) f. 1) contribution; 2) tax, assessment, impost; ground-rent, cf. *Stoll*; jur — der Wahrheit, in compliance with truth; die *St-n* vernörgern, to refuse to pay taxes, to stop the supplies.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* B. & *Stener* B.), in comp. —*amt*, m. board of taxes, court of aids, office of assessment; custom-office; custom-house; —*amtliche* Begleitpapiere der Frachtgüter, certificate of custom-house, excise-manifest; —*anfrage*, f. tax; —*anfrage*, m. assessment of taxes; rate.

Stenerbär, I. adj. 1) taxable, assessable; excisable; ratable; 2) liable to tax or duty; tributary; 3) *Mar.* manageable (ship); II. *St-fest*, f. 1) taxability, ratability; 2) liability of being rated or taxed.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* A. & *Stener* A.), in comp. —*baum*, m. see *Stenerungsfänge*; —*berd*, n. starboard; —*berdwand*, f. star-board-watch; —*brücke*, f. seat of the steersman; —*compas*, m. steering-compass; —*cube*, n. stern, poop.

Stenerer, (str.) m. one who steers (u. *fl.*: steerer), see *Stenermann*.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* B. & *Stener* B.), —*beamte*(te), m. commissioner of taxes; —*beclante*, m. exciseman; —*behehl*, m. money-edict; —*behehle*, f. see —*amt*; —*behehlung*, f. see —*anfrage*; —*bewilligung*, f. grant of taxes; —*bewilligungsrecht*, n. right of granting (or refusing) taxes; —*benutzung*, f. see *Ausfuhrprämie*; —*buch*, m. book of rates; —*collegium*, n. court of aids; —*brad*, m. pressure of taxation; —*edict*, n. edict of taxation; —*einknehmer*, m. tax-gatherer, receiver of customs or contributions; —*erhebung*, f. gathering or levying of taxes; —*frei*, adj. free of duty, scot-free, exempt from taxes or duty; —*freiheit*, f. exemption from duty, immunity; —*fuß*, m. —*anfrage*; —*fammer*, f. exchequer, board of contributions; —*fern*, n. corn paid in lieu of taxes; —*frei*, m. jurisdiction of an exchequer; —*last*, f. weight of taxation.

Stenerlich, adj. (from *Stener*, B.) relating to taxes, &c.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* A. & *Stener* A.), in comp. —*federn*, f. pl. *Ornith.* tail feathers, rectrices; —*fügel*, m. dog-vane; —*holz*, n. helm-piece; —*fette*, f. tug-chain; —*lastig*, adj. too much by the stern; —*maul*, f. rudder-mould; —*mann*, m. pilot, steersman, helmsman; steersmate; —*mannschaft*, f. art of conducting or steering a ship, (art of) navigation; —*mannschaft*, m. second mate; —*nagel*, m. stay-pin, lynch-pin; —*spilist*, f. steerage; —*rad*, n. wheel of the helm, steering-wheel; —*reep*, n. wheel-rope, tiller-rope; rudder; —*runder*, n. helm; —*schot*, f. mizzen-sheet; —*sänge*, f. whipstaff; —*talje*, f. yoke.

A. Stener, (u.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) *Mar.* to steer, pilot; nach *Stener* —, to steer or ply southward; weichen *Gours* *Stener* das Schiff? how stands the ship? geraden *Wegs* —, to make a straight course; das Schiff *Stener* gut or leicht, the ship steers well or easily, answers her helm well; auf etwas (*Acc.*) *los* —, *fig.* to be intent upon; 2) *fig.* (*intr.*) (with

Def.) to check, put a stop to; to prevent, hinder, restrain, repress.

B. Stener, (u.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to pay (taxes), to contribute.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* B. & *Stener* B.), in comp. —*ordnung*, f. regulation of taxes and rates; —*richtig*, see —*ber*, 1 & 2; —*rat*, m. counsellor of the court of aids; —*register*, n., —*rolle*, f. 1) tax-register; 2) list of all landed property liable to assessment; —*sache*, f. matter concerning the taxes; —*satz*, m. rate of duty; —*schein*, m. receipt for the taxes; bill of the taxes; (in Saxony) bank-bill; —*schreiber*, m. clerk of the tax office; —*umsatz*, f. assessment of taxes.

Stenerung, (u.) f. (from *Stenern* A.) 1) *Mar.* steerage; steering; 2) repression; 3) *Mech.* distributing-regulator, steam-distributor; 4) *Hydr.* regulator; valve-gearing; *St-entläder*, m. steam-distributing cylinder (or box); *St-herkel*, m. starting-lever; reversing-lever; *St-umkehrbewegung*, m. link-motion; *St-efänge*, f. reversing-rod.

Stener..., (from *Stenern* B. & *Stener* B.), in comp. —*verwalter*, —*verwalter*, m. administrator of taxes; —*verweigerung*, f. refusal or stoppage of taxes or subsidies; —*verwilligung*, f. see —*benutzung*; —*wesen*, n. system of taxes and rates; —*zahlung*, adv. paying duty; —*zeitrechnung*, (in Roman chronology) indication; —*zeit*, m. see —*schin*.

Stenerber, pl. der *Steneren*, see *Anfänger*.

Stenerpferde, n. pl. *Mar.* life-lines.

Stener, *Mar.* I. v. (str.) m. *Bocher* —, stem, cut-water; prow-post; *Stener* —, stern-post; II. or *Steneren*, (u.) v. *intr.* to be under weigh; das Schiff *Stener* gut, the ship makes good way.

Stenermarkt &c., see *Stenermarkt*.

Stichig, (u.) v. *tr.* along, to pilfer, slich, klick.

Stich, (str.) m. 1) pricking, prick; sting; puncture, stab, thrust; stitch; cut (with a spade); *Carp.* notch; *Med.* quick, darting pain, twitch, stitch; 2) *Gam.* (at cards) trick; 3) engraving, cut; 4) *Comm.* exchange of goods, barter, truck; auf den — handeln, to barter, truck; 5) T. a) killing of slaughter-beasts; b) place (neck) where an animal is stabbed by the butcher; 6) *Metall.* a) tap-hole (of a smelting-furnace), tapping-hole; b) slag, &c. raked off for assay; 7) *Mar.* not, hitch; 8) ascent, hill, eminence; 9) ein — Erde, a spadeful of earth; ein — Butter, a scoopful or sloop of butter; 10) smask of acid, wrinkle (of wine); eimen — haben, to be pricked; 11) *fig.* a) taunt; das ist ein — ins *Herz*, that cuts to the quick, strikes or stings to the very heart; b) pang; auf den — setzen, to fight at thrusts; im *St-e* handeln, to truck; im *St-e* lassen, to leave in a difficult situation, in embarrassment, a forlorn, or deserted condition, to forsake, coll. to leave in the lurch (or in the briars); wenn er mich im — läßt, if he fails me; — halten, 1. to hold (of a stitch); 2. *fig.* to stand the test, to prove valid, to hold good; to stand one's ground, to keep to the point; keinen — sehen können, not to be able to see at all; das Bier hat einen —, the beer is rather tainted; er hat einen —, 1. he is tipsy; 2. he is a little cracked.

Stich..., in comp. —*anker*, m. see *Wheeler*; —*arm*, m. T. wheel-spoke of a wheel; —*art*, f. pick-axe, cross axe; —*baffen*, m. 1) *Min.* brace of the lever; 2) *Carp.* joint-beam, tie-beam, tie-piece; —*ballenträger*, m. bridging or ceiling-joint; —*blatt*, n. 1) sword-shell, guard; 2) *fig.* a) a means of protection, shelter; coll. cat's paw; b) butt, laughing-stock; 3) *Gam.* (at cards) trump; —*blatt*; —*gassen*, m. cross-bar of a sword-hilt; —*leben*, m. *Railro.* soft or light ground; *Archit.* —

bogen, *m.* segment(al) arch, imperfect, sur-based, diminished, depressed arch (*T. Thack.*), (flächtr) scheme arch; (piper) bogen, segmental pointed arch; —bogenfenster, *n.* segment-window, scheme-arched window; —bogensgemäße, *n.* surbased vault; *Carp.-s.* —bohrer, *m.* auger, wimble, gimlet, centre-bit; —bret, *n.* tie-piece; —cayou, *m.* Comm. talon; —baufel, *adj.* coll. pitch dark; —eisen, *n.* stoker's rod.

Etichel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) graver, graving-tool; 2) *see* Grab(eit); 3) *see* Wschleifen; 4) (turning) —chisel (Weißel, *L.*).

Etichel, (*w.*) *f.* taunt, scoff, jeer, gibe, sarcastic language.

Etichel, *in comp.* —haar, *n.* 1) stubby hair; 2) *T.* rubican hair (of horses); —haarig, *adj.* 1) stubby-haired; 2) *T.* rubican (said of the colour of horses); —halter, *m.* *T.* turn-head-stock (Weißhalter); —riß, *m.* *T.* master-stroke.

Etichellig, *adj.* somewhat prickly; *fig.* Eticheln, (*w.*) *v.* *L. intr.* & *tr.* to prick; *II. intr.* *fig.* (auf [with Acc.]) to taunt, bite, satirise, to jeer, carp (at), to treat sarcastically.

Etichel, *in comp.* —naht, *f.* *T.* run and back stitch; —name, *m.* nickname; —rebe, *f.* sarcasm; —schimmel, *m.* rubican horse; —wig, *m.* sarcastic, caustic wit; —wert, *n.* *see* —rebe.

Etichelstich, (*str.*) *m.* casting voice or vote; eine Abstimmung durch, —a decision by the casting vote.

Etichler, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Etichler.

Etich, *in comp.* —fest, *adj.* *fig.* argument-proof; —frei, *adj.* invulnerable, proof; —hahn, *m.* pigot; —haltig, *adj.* that will stand the test, tenable, sound; —haltigkeit, *f.* quality of standing the test, soundness; —handel, *m.* *see* Etich, 4; —heber, *m.* *see* Etichheber; —herb, *n.* *T.* smelting-furnace; —hohl, *m.* *T.* a small notching (fluting or grooving) plane; —höhe, *f.* *Archit.* pitch or height of an arch, &c.; —holz, *n.* 1) small timber-wood for building; 2) *Found.* stick of the tap-hole; —klänge, *f.* stabbing-blade, thrust-blade; —kürner, *n.* *pl.* *Pharm.* *see* Etichkürner; —krant, *n.* *Bot.* leopard's-bane (*Wolfsberich*); —langette, *f.* *Surg.* thumb-lancet.

Etichler, (*str.*) *m.* taunter, railer.

Etichling, (*str.*) *m.* *ichth.* common stickleback (*Stenolepis trachurus* Cav.).

Etich, *in comp.* —loch, *n.* *see* Etich, 6, a; —mal, *n.* mark or scar of a stab; —maß, *n.* 1) shoemaker's size; 2) sculptor's compass; 3) *Archit.*, &c. gauge; —ofen, *m.* *Metall.* tapping-furnace, blast furnace; —presse, *f.* *Chem.* cold press; —probe, *f.* *T.* specimen or assay of run metal; —rechnung, *f.* tariff of exchange; —säge, *f.* *Join.* fret or keyhole saw, tenant or tonon saw; —seite, *f.* *T.* vent-side of a furnace; —spatzen, *m.* spud; —tag, *m.* 1) day of (public) sale; 2) *Comm.* account option day; —test, *m.* cut post; —wand, *f.* *Smelt.* 1) bridge; 2) mouth of a furnace; —wein, *m.* 1) sample-wine; 2) wine somewhat sour; —weise, *adv.* by stitches, thrusts, or tricks; —wert, *n.* 1) *Theol.* *see* Typ. catch-word; 2) stinging, sarcastic word or expression; sarcasm, railery; 3) a) favourite saying; b) *fig.* rallying-cry; —wunde, *f.* wound occasioned by a stab or thrust; —wurf, *f.* *see* —wurf.

Etich, *in comp.* —dampf, *m.* —hauch, *m.* suffocating vapour.

Etichleere, *provinc.* *see* Etichleere, 1.

Etichler, (*w.*) *v.* *L. intr.* & *tr.* to stitch, embroider; gefickt, *p. a.* worked; *II. intr.* to choke. —Etichler, (*str.*) *m.* Etichler, (*w.*) *f.* embroiderer; Etichergewand, (*str.*) *n.* tunic for embroidery.

Etichler, (*w.*) *f.* embroidery.

Etich, *in comp.* —fieber, *n.* choking fever; —fluß, *m.* suffocating rheum; —garn, *m.* embroidering cotton or yarn; —gas, *n.* *Chem.* nitrogen gas; —gaze, *f.* silk-canvas for needle-work; —gold, *n.* gold-thread; —grund, *m.* *Mar.* clayey bottom for anchorage; —hälsen, *m.* embroidering needle; —husten, *m.* *Med.* choking cough, suffocative catarrh.

Etichig, *adj.* coll. choking, suffocating.

Etich, *in comp.* —lad, *m.* stick-lac; —leer, *f.* *Mar.* six-thread rattle; —luft, *f.* close air; *Chem.* azote, nitrogen; —maßer, *m.* pattern for embroidering; —nadel, *f.* embroidering-needle; —oxybul(gas), *n.* nitric oxide(gas); —oxybul(gas), *n.* *Chem.* laughing gas, nitrous oxide(gas); —perlen, *pl.* embroidering-heads; —rahmen, *m.* embroidering- or embroidery-frame; tambour (-frame); —seide, *f.* embroidering silk; —seide, *f.* silver-thread; —seide, *m.* nitrogen; azote; —stoffhaltig, *adj.* *Chem.* nitrogenous; azotic; azotised; —trommel, *f.* tambour-frame; —wert, *m.* needle-work, embroidery; —wetter, *m.* *see* Schweben, 2, a; —wolle, *f.* embroidering-wool, Berlin-wool; —wurf, *f.* *Bot.* *see* Baumwürf; —zeug, *n.* necessities for embroidering.

Etichler, (*str.*) *v.* *L. intr.* (aux. sein) to fly about or rise like dust, to be scattered in small particles, to disperse; (*aux.* haben) to drizzle; to drift (as snow); *II. tr.* to put suddenly in motion, to start, drive.

Etichler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) puff-ball (Stäubling, 2); 2) *see* Stüber, 2; 3) *see* Raufsch, 1.

Etich, *in comp.* —ältern, *pl.* step-parents; half-parents; —bruder, *m.* step- (or half-) brother.

Etichel, (*str.*) *pl.* sometimes *w.* *m.* 1) boot; 2) *T.* tube, case, vessel; pump-barrel, barrel (of an air pump); working-cylinder (of a pressure-engine); 3) shank (of a tobacco pipe); 4) *for.* manner, way, train; einen guten — gehen, trampen, to be a good walker, drinker.

Etichel, *in comp.* —absatz, *m.* boot-heel; —angestrich, *m.* *pl.* boot-hooks, boot-pulls; —band, *m.* boot-strap; —blech, *m.* —brett, *n.* boot-tree, boot-stretcher; —bürste, *f.* blacking-brush; —eisen, *n.* iron ring for boot heels; —erbsen, *f.* *pl.* coll. for Stäbelerbsen; —fährte, *adj.* boot-formed; *Bot.* ocreated; —fuß, *m.* shoe of the boot; —fußblatt, *n.* upper leather of the shoe of the boot; —haken, *m.* boot-hook; —lappe, *f.* top of a boot; —lappe, *f.* *see* —lappe; —luchst, *m.* boot-jack; —löcher, *m.* *T.* lower pump-box with sponges; —lüberung, *f.* *T.* packing; —macher, *m.* boot-maker; —putzer, *m.* boot-cleaner, boot-black; —quast, *m.* —quast, *f.* tassel of a Hessian boot; —röhre, *f.* *see* Etichel, 2; —schäft, *m.* leg of a boot, boot-leg; —schürze, *f.* blacking; —strappe, *f.* boot-strap; —stulpe, *f.* *see* —lappe; —wische, *f.* blacking; —wischer, *m.* *see* —putzer; —zieher, *m.* *see* —hüft.

Eticheler, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *pl.* spatterdashies, gaiters; 2) booties, a kind of short or half-boot.

Eticheln, (*w.*) *v.* *L. tr.* 1) to put on boots; der gefickelte Vater, Pass in boots; 2) *Horl.* to prop (beans, &c.); *II. intr.* (aux. sein) *fam.* to walk, march.

Etich, *in comp.* —geschwister, *pl.* step-brothers, step-sisters; half-brothers and sisters; —kind, *n.* step-child; —mutter, *f.* 1) step-mother, mother-in-law; 2) cruel mother; —mütterchen, *n.* *Bot.* three-coloured violet, pansy, heart's-ease, herb trinity (*Viola tricolor* L.); —mütterlein, *adj.* & *adv.* like a step-mother; cruel, cruelly; —schwester, *f.* step-sister; —sohn, *m.* step-son, son-in-law; —tochter, *f.*

step-daughter; —vater, *m.* step-father, father-in-law; —väterlich, *adj.* & *adv.* as or like a step-father.

Etich, *see* Etich.

Etich, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* Etich; 2) score (30 pieces); (bei Erwerben in Hindien) corgo, coodeo.

Etichig, (*str.*) *m.* thistle-fluch (Distelfisch).

Etich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) handle, helve; stick (of a broom); 2) stalk, stem (of a clay-pipe, &c.), shank, pedicle; 3) *Carp.* post, &c.; Et-*tr.* *pl.* (beim Dache) posts, studs, quarterings; (beim Fachwerk) quarters, studs, puncheons, posts; (bei Bundwänden) quarterings, studs, up-rights, &c. (*Hartel*); *in comp.* —ählig, *adj.* *Zool.* having the eyes on movable foot stalks or pedicles *f. i.* —augenfräße, *f.* *Crust.* the podophthalmic crab (*Podophthalmus vigil* F.); —blatt, *n.* petiolate or petioled leaf; —bohle, *f.* pedunculate umbel; —elche, *f.* the common oak, summer-oak (*Quercus pedunculata* Ehrh.); —glöck, *f.* hand-bell; —haken, *m.* small hand-net, catcher; —humm, *m.* tail-comb; —haken, *m.* tail-vice; —loch, *n.* eye (of a hatch); *Bot.-s.* —pfeffer, *m.* Java or Cubeb-pepper (*Piper Cubeba* L.); —rippe, *f.* mid-rib; —rund, *adj.* terete, tapering.

Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to furnish with a handle, &c.; to haft, stock, helve; gefickt, *adj.* *Bot.* pedunculate.

Etichig, *adj.* having a stalk or pedicle, *Bot.* pedunculate.

Etichel, *adj.* *Bot.* sessile.

Etichler, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* stanchion.

Etich, *adj.* staring, set, *see* Etich, 3.

Etich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) bull; 2) *Astr.* Taurus; *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* taurine; —geticht, *n.* bull-fight; —haut, *f.* bull's hide; —hege, *f.* bull baiting; —hals, *n.* bull-call; —lämpfer, *m.* bull-fighter; —leder, *n.* ox-hide, crop-hide; —menschen, *m.* *Myth.* minotaur; —schädel, *m.* bull; —schiff, *m.* shield covered with a bull's hide; —schuch, —schuch, *f.* *Vol.* syphilitic disease in cattle; —stirn, *m.* bull-headedness, *f.* *amazed.*

A. Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to stare, to look B. Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. trans.* I. *tr.* to cover (the cow); *II. intr.* or Etichig sein, to long for the Etichelisch, *adj.* *fig.* ox-like, brutal. [bull. Etichel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Etichel.

A. Etich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tack; tag; pin, peg; pivot; key; 2) style, pencil, crayon; 3) stump, snag.

B. Etich, (*str.*) *pl.* sometimes Etichter) *n.* (charitable) foundation, *f.* Etichung, 2; monastery; chapter; bishopric.

Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut into small tacks or slices; 2) *see* Punctieren, 1.

A. Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish or fasten with a tack or tacks, to tack.

B. Eticheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to found, establish, institute; 2) to be the author of, to cause, excite; to make; to breed (mischiefs).

Etichler, (*str.*) *f.* *see* Etich, 2.

Etichisch, Etichlich, *adj.* belonging to a foundation or chapter.

Etich, *in comp.* —knoten, *m.* knot (in marble); —freibe, *f.* white chalk; —mauerwerk, *f.* 1) painting in crayon; 2) mosaic.

Etich, *in comp.* —amt, *m.* chapter-court; canonicate; —amtmann, *m.* bailiff of a chapter; —bauer, *m.* tenant of a chapter; —brief, *m.* letter or document of foundation; —bürger, *m.* citizen subject to a chapter; —beme, —frau, *f.* —fräulein, *n.* canonesses; —dorf, *n.* village belonging to a chapter; —gebäude, *n.* chapter-house; —gemeine, —gemeinde, *f.* community of a chapter; —genoss, *m.*, —gilde, *n.* *see* —mitglied; —gut, *n.* land, property of a chapter; —haus, *n.* *see* —gebäude; —herr, *m.* canon, dignitary; —hütte, *f.* *Joe.* *Rel.* tabernacle of testimony or of covenant;

—*langst*, *f.* nun; —*langst*, *m.* chancellor of the jurisdiction of a cathedral church; —*kirche*, *f.* collegiate church; cathedral; —*müßig*, *adj.* capable of being chosen a canon; —*mitglied*, *n.* member of a chapter; —*pfarrer*, *f.* living, curacy of a collegiate church; —*pfarrer*, *m.* parson of a collegiate church; —*pfennig*, *m.* monastical rents; —*präbende*, *f.* prebend; —*prediger*, *m.* chaplain of a collegiate church; —*provost*, *m.* provost of a collegiate church; —*schule*, *f.* foundation school; school attached to a chapter; —*stift*, *f.* town belonging to a chapter; —*stille*, *f.* canonicate; —*tag*, *m.* day of the assembly of canons; —*versammlung*, *f.* meeting of a chapter; —*wesung*, *f.* see *gebäude*.

Stiftung, (*w./f.* 1) the (act of) founding, &c. of *Stiften*; 2) foundation; establishment; (charitable) institution; milde *Stift-en*, charities.

Stiftungs..., in comp. —*Stift-en*, *m.* see *Stiftsbrief*; —*capital*, *n.* capital or stock of a foundation; —*fester*, *f.* —*fest*, *n.* commemoration or celebration of the foundation (of ...); —*jahr*, *n.* year of foundation; —*tag*, *m.* anniversary; —*stiftende*, *f.* see *Stiftsbrief*; —*verwalter*, *m.* steward of any college; —*worte*, *n. pl.* (words of) consecration.

* **Stil**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.* *stilus* [this full form — *Stilus* — used in German as late as 1711, cf. Weigand], *stylus*, from *Gr.* *stylos*, a style, writing instrument; *Ital.* *stilo*) style; der *strenge* or *gebundene* — *Stil*, *m.* style of counterpoint.

* **Stiftel**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.* *stiletto* [*démin.* of *stilo*], pocket-dagger.

* **Stiftler**, (*w.*) *m.* writer, penman, (*metaphorically*) pen. — **Stiftler**, (*w.*) *f.* theory of style or writing.

Still, *I.* or **Stille**, *adj.* 1) still, silent, hushed; 2) quiet, calm; peaceable; 3) dull, inanimate, stagnant, flat, heavy, dormant, quiet, calm (as of trade); 4) mental (reservation, prayer); ein *st-e* *Was* trinten or lerten, to drink to the memory of a deceased person; eine *st-e* *Reise*, low mass; bei *st-er* *Nacht*, in the dead of night; — *davon!*! stow that! — *liegen*, *Mar.* to lie to; — *schweigen*, to be silent; *zu etwas* — *schweigen*, to take no notice of; — *halten*, *n.* to keep still; 2. to stop, pause; im *St-en*, secretly, privately, by one's self; *Comm-s. st-e* *Zeit*, dead, dull season; mit dem *Verstand* geht es —, sales slow; es ist darin *st-en* gemorden, there is less doing in it; im *St-en* verkaufen, to sell underhand; der *st-e* *Compagnon*, dormant or sleeping partner; das *st-e* *Wetter*, *Gang.* the Pacific (Ocean); der *st-e* *Freitag*, good Friday; die *st-e* *Wode*, the holy week; ein *st-er* *Stehhaber*, an unwarmed lover; — *bleiben*, to remain still, to be quiet; attention! — *stehen*, to stand still, to stop, to pull up; to be at a stand; *sg.* to remain stationary; to stand still; *vollkommen* — *stehen*, to be at a perfect standstill; der *Verstand* steht mir —, I am perfectly at my wits' end; er kann seinen Augenblick — *bleiben* or *stehen*, his shoes are made of running leather; — *gestanden!* *Nil.* stand at attention; — *werden*, (of a storm, &c.) to lull; *st-e* *Wasser* sind tief, proverb, the silent stream runs the deepest (*Bulwer*).

II. or **Stille!** *intery.* silence! peace! hush! **Stille**, (*w./f.*) *f.* wet-nurse.

Stille, *adj.* that may be stilled, &c., cf. *Stille!* appeasable, quenchable, &c.

Stille, *adj.* enjoying a quiet bliss.

Stille, (*w./f.* 1) stillness, silence, quietness, calm, calmness; 2) tranquillity; 3) (modest) retirement; 4) dullness, inanimation (of trade); die *stille* — der *Nacht*, the dead of night; in der or aller —, quietly, tacitly, silently, without noise; secretly, underhand; privately; er *denkt* in der — wie ich, he, in his

heart, thinks as I do; in der — *leben*, to live in retirement.

Stillen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to still; to calm, appease, allay, compose; to assuage, quench (the thirst), to stay, appease (hunger, &c.), mitigate; 2) to stop, stay, stanch; 3) to nurse or suckle (a child); to give suck (to); 4) to silence; *st-b*, *p. a.* *Med.* sedative, lenitive; allaying.

Still... (*from* *Still* & *Stillen*), in comp. —*stille*, *f.* *Mus.* soft flautestop, dulciana; —*gehalt*, *n.* stop of four feet, fourth stop (of an organ); —*heiter*, *adj.* quiet and serene; —*lager*, *n.* cantonment; —*leben*, *n.* 1) quiet, retired, or lowly life; 2) *Pol.* still-life; —*messe*, *f.* low mass; —*mittel*, *m.* *Med.* sedative; —*sals*, *n.* *Med.* sedative salt; —*schweigen*, *n.* silence, see *Schweigen*; mit —*schweigen* übergehen, to omit silently, to pass over (in silence); (im *tabellenden Sinne*) to blink (a question, &c.); —*schweigen*, *p. a.* silent, tacit; eine —*schweigende* *Bedingung*, an implied condition, condition in law; —*schweigender* *Vorbehalt*, mental reservation; —*schweigendes* *Unterpfand*, secret mortgage; —*schweigend* verpflichtet sein, to be under a tacit obligation; —*stehen*, *m.* stand-still, stagnation, stand, stop, cessation, pause; *sich* in einem —*stehen* befinden, to be at a standstill; —*stehenhalter*, *n.* age of consistence, of full growth; —*stehenflage*, *f.* flag of truce; —*stehenmann*, *m.* stationary man; —*stehenpostill*, *f.* stationary post.

Stillung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) stilling, &c., cf. *Stillen*; *St-mittel*, *m.* *Med.* sedative.

Still... (*from* *Still* & *Stillen*), in comp. —*vergüßt*, *adj.* see *heiter*; —*wasserseide*, *f.* *Bot.* crow-silk (*Conserva risulalis* L.).

Stimme... (*from* *Stimmen* & *Stimme*), in comp. —*bar*, *adj.* that may be tuned or brought to accord; —*berichtigung*, *f.* see *recht*; —*bleid*, *m.* see *stod*; —*beutel*, *m.* *Org.* sound-board; —*draht*, *m.* *Org.* stop-wire.

Stimme, (*w./f.* 1) voice; *sg.* sound, tune; 2) *Mus.* a) part (in vocal or instrumental music); b) stop of an organ; c) see *Stimmung*; 3) a) voice, vote, suffrage; b) right of voting; gut *bei* —, in good voice; nicht *bei* —, out of voice, not in voice; es *war* unter ihnen nur *Eine* — *über* (*with Acc.*)..., they were agreed as to....

Stimmen, (*w.*) *v. I. inkr.* 1) a) to be in tune, accord; b) to agree in pitch, to be tuned to the same pitch; c) *sg.* to agree, accord, congrue, tally, to be in accordance or keeping (zu, mit, with); die *Stimmen* stimmen, the balance squares; d) to vote; *II. tr.* 1) to tune, attune; 2) *sg.* to dispose, move, determine (für, to [mit folg. *Infinit.*], in favour of), to induce (to); *transig* —, to make sad; ich *stimme* für den *Frieden*, I vote or am for peace; gut *gestimmt* sein, to be in a good humour; zu etwas *gestimmt* sein, to be inclined, disposed for; ich *bin* nicht zum *Schreiben* *gestimmt*, I am not in a writing mood, I do not feel like writing.

Stimmen... in comp. —*bach*, *n.* 1) *Mus.* score; 2) poll-book; —*fürher*, *m.* *Mus.* leader, director of the song; —*geber*, *m.* voter; —*gleichheit*, *f.* tie; —*mehrheit*, *f.* majority of votes; —*minderheit*, *f.* minority of votes; —*prüfung*, —*sicht*, *f.* scrutiny; —*sammung*, *f.* collecting of the votes; —*teilung*, *f.* division of votes; —*zähler*, *m.* teller of votes; —*zählung*, *f.* counting of votes.

Stimmer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tuner, &c.; 2) see *Stimmhammer*.

Stimm... (*from* *Stimmen* & *Stimme*), in comp. —*fähig*, *adj.* 1) or —*berechtigt*, entitled to vote; 2) see *bar*; —*stille*, *f.* see *stille*; —*freiheit*, *f.* liberty of suffrage or of voting, *st-recht*; —*fürher*, *m.* leader; —*ga-*

bel, *f.* tuning-fork; —*geber*, *m.* voter; —*gebung*, *f.* voting; die *gehörte* —*gebung*, voting by ballot; —*hammer*, *m.* tuning-hammer, tuning-key; —*holz*, —*stücken*, *n.* see *stod*, 1; —*horn*, *n.* tuner.

Stimmung, *adj.* 1) sounding; *genom.* in comp.: 2) a) voiced, with a certain kind of voice (cf. *Stimmung* *sc.*); b) *Mus.*, &c. (a song, &c.) of or for (a certain number of) voices or parts.

Stimm... (*from* *Stimmen* & *Stimme*), in comp. —*laut*, *m.* vowel; —*pfiffe*, *f.* *Mus.* pitch-pipe; —*recht*, *n.* right of voting; (right of) suffrage; allgemeines —*recht*, universal or manhood suffrage; *Anal-s.* —*rippe*, *f.* glottis; —*ripenband*, *n.* ligament of the glottis; —*ripenbeutel*, *m.* epiglottis; —*schüssel*, *m.* see *hammer*; —*seher*, *m.* tuning-instrument; —*stod*, *m.* *Mus.* 1) sound-post (of a violin, &c.); 2) sounding-block (of a piano); —*tag*, *m.* voting-day; —*ten*, *m.* *Mus.* pitch.

Stimmung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) tuning, &c., cf. *Stimmen*; 2) tune; key; 3) *sg.* disposition, frame of mind, mood, humour, temper, spirits; die *brüht* die —, *Comm.* this damped the spirit or lowered the tone; die — in den *Niederlanden*, the state of feelings in the Netherlands.

Stimm... (*from* *Stimmen* & *Stimme*), in comp. —*wechsel*, *m.* *Med.* the changing of the voice, a modification which the voice undergoes at puberty; —*zettel*, *m.* ticket on which a vote is (to be) written, written vote.

Stink... (*from* *Stinken*), in comp. coll. —*ast*, *n.* stinking carrion; *Stod-s.* —*apfelbaum*, *m.* garlic-pear-tree (*Ornithoglossum* L.); —*asch*, *n.* stinking funnel-giant (*Forula aspidalis* L.); —*baum*, *m.* 1) stinking bean-trefoil (*Anagyris foetida* L.); 2) stinking-mallow (*Sterculia foetida* L.); —*beid*, *m.* stinking he-goat; —*baum*, *f.* *Bot.* stinking camomile, mayweed (*Anthemis cotula* L.); —*beutel*, *m.* *Zool.* stinkard (*Mydopus melleus* Cav.).

Stinker, (*str.*) *n.* *inkr.* coll. to stink (*nach*, of). — **Stinker**, (*str.*) *m.* stinker, stinkard.

Stink... in comp. —*flieg*, *f.* *Entom.* peart-fly (*Storflieg*); —*holz*, *m.* *Ornith.* hoopoe (*Buccones*); —*holz*, *n.* *Bot.* stink-wood; wood of several plants, which emits a fetid odor, f. i. *Olea saponica* L., *Psidium macranthum* Lam., *Guaiacum angustifolium* L., *Sapranum arborescens* Blum., &c.

Stink, *adj.* coll. stinking, rancid. **Stink**... in comp. —*flieg*, *m.* *Entom.* 1) dung-beetle (*Meloidae*); 2) burn-cow, doprocity (*Prachtflieg*); —*holz*, *m.* *Miner.* bituminous marlite; —*treffe*, *f.* *Bot.* stinking cross (*Leptodermis ruderalis* L.); —*malve*, *f.* see *baum*; 2) *Zool-s.* —*marder*, *m.* —*rage*, *f.* pole-cat (*Mustela putorius* L.); *schwamm*, *m.* *Bot.* stinkhorn (*Strophomena*); —*stunk*, *m.* see *baum*; 1; —*stier*, *n.* *Zool.* skunk (*Mephitis* Cav.); —*stein*, *m.* *Min.* stink(ing)-stone, hog-stone; —*wiesel*, *n.* see *marder*; —*zucker*, *m.* field snabar.

Stint, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Ichth.* smelt, spirling, sparring (*Osmerus* Art.); 2) or **Sting**, *m.* *Rept.* skink (*Scincus officinalis* Schn.).

* **Stipendiat**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) exhibitioner, stipendiary, (in English Universities) scholar.

* **Stipendium**, (*str.*) *pl.* (*w./f.* *Stipendium*) *n.* (*Lat.*) 1) foundation, exhibition, scholarship; 2) pension, stipend, wages.

Stipend, see *Stipend*.

Stippe, (*w./f.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) sauce (*Zunk*); 2) spot, dot, mark.

Stippe... in comp. —*form*, *f.* 1) or —*arbeit*, *f.* *Join.* splinter-work; 2) *Print.* & dotting-block. [spotted, speckled.

Stippe, *adj.* *provinc.* dotted. **Stippe**, (*w./f.*) *v. tr.* & *inlr.* (iterative form of *Stippen*) *provinc.* 1) to dip

Stofflos, I. *adj.* 1) immaterial, incorporeal; 2) *fig.* void; worthless; II. **Stofflos**, (*u.*) *f.* immateriality, incorporeality.

Stoff..., *in comp.* — *name, m.* — *wort, n.* *Gramm.* concrete noun: — *Heißen, n.* particle of matter; — *Verwandtschaft, f. Chem.* affinity of matter, material affinity; — *Wechsel, m.* *Physiol.* change of matter, metabolic change, metabolic process, metabolism constituting organic bodies.

Stöhnen, (*u.*) *v. I. intr.* to groan; II. *tr.* to utter with a groan.

* **Stoisch**, *m.* stoicism. — **Stoisch**, (*str.*) *m.* stoic; **Stoisch**, *adj.* stoic(al); *adv.* stoically.

* **Stoila**, *f. (pl. Stoilen) Rom. Cath.* stole, surplice; **Stoile**, *f. pl.* surplice-foss.

Stollbaum, (*str.*, *pl. Stollbäume*) *m. Min.* tubbing-beam.

Stollen, (*str.*) *m. provinc. Stolle*, (*u.*) *f.* 1) prop; post, foot (of the bedstead); baluster; iron-hooks; 2) *a) provinc. (N. G.)* slice of bread; *b) Bak.* cake, butter-cake; wig; 3) *Min.* stulm, adit, level; gallery (of a quarry, &c.); 4) *Rav.* calk, calkin (pointed iron on a horse-shoe); 5) *among the Master-Singers*, strophe and antistrophe considered as a whole.

Stollen, (*u.*) *v. tr. I.* 1) *T.* to furnish with posts, props, or hooks; 2) *Rav.* to provide (a horse-shoe) with calkins, to rough-shoe; 3) *Tann.* *Säute* —, to soften hides.

Stollen..., *in comp.* **Stollen** — *arbeit, f.* stulm-work; — *befahrung, f.* visiting of a stulm; — *beule, f. Vol.* swelling on the fore-foot of a horse; — *fürste, f.* head, top of a stulm; — *gebäude, n.* wood-work of a stulm; — *ort, m.* end of a stulm; — *röhre, f.* ditch at the entrance of a gallery; — *schacht, m.* shaft of a gallery; — *trieb, m.* see *arbeit*; — *wasser, n.* water flowing in the drains of a gallery; — *weise, adv.* from gallery to gallery; by the gangways; — *zimmerung, f.* timber-work of a stulm or gallery.

Stollen, (*str.*) *m.* proprietor of a mine. **Stollen...**, *in comp.* — *ort, m.* see *Stollenort*; — *schwamm, m.* see *Stollenschwamm*.

Stolp, (*str.*) *m.* 1) block; 2) *m.* see *Stolp(e)*. **Stolper**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stumble, stumbling; 2) *fig.* blunder; — *faß, m. Jam.* 1) stumbler; 2) *fig.* blunderer; — *gang, m.* stumbling gait. — **Stolperer**, (*str.*) *m.* stumbler, &c. — **Stolperig**, *adj.* 1) stumbling; 2) rough, so as to occasion stumbling. — **Stolperer**, (*u.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to stumble, trip; über seine eignen Füße —, (of an awkward person) to fall over one's own legs; 2) *fig.* to stumble, blunder.

Stolperstein, (*str.*) *m.* see *Stolperstein*.

Stolz, I. *adj.* 1) proud (with *Acc.*), off; haughty, arrogant; er ist — auf seinen Sohn, he is proud of his son; er ist — darauf, mehr trinten zu können, als irgend ein Anderer, he is proud of being able to drink more than any one else; 2) (*†* &c.) *, splendid, magnificent, noble, lofty; II. *a. (str.) m.* pride (with *Acc.*), in; boast; haughtiness, arrogance; der — auf unsere eigne Sprache (*Grimm*, WB. XXVIII), the pride in our own language. **Stolzen**, **Stolzigen**, (*u.*) *v. intr.* to be proud, to flaunt, strut, prance.

Stopf... (*from Stopfen*), *in comp.* — *anfer, m.* see *Wichelanter*; — *argenel, f. Med.* astringent medicine, styptic; — *büchse, f. Mech.* stuffing-box; — *farbe, f. I.* 1) *Paint.* colour for repairing pictures; 2) *T.* a kind of putty for filling out chinks, &c.; — *garn, n.* darning-yarn, darning-cotton; — *haar, n.* stuffing-hair; — *hader, -lappen, m.* rags to stop holes up; — *holz, n. I.* 1) *Wood.* plug, stopple, pin; 2) *Saddl.* stuffing-stick; — *meißel, m.* iron wedge or chisel for stopping; — *meißel, m.*

Acad. obturator (muscle); — *nabel, f.* darning needle; — *nast, f.* darn; — *nubel, f.* see *Wohnnubel*; — *segel, n.* drift-sail; — *stange, f. T.* stopper, stopple; *Mar-s.* — *stiel, n.* furring between two butts; — *tafel, n.* winding-tackle of the mast of a lighter; — *ventil, n. Mech.* stopper-valve; — *wachs, n.* hive-droes, bee-glue; — *wasser, n. Mar.* stop-water; — *werg, n.* oakum for caulking.

Stöpfel, (*str.*) *m.* see *Stöpfel*.

Stopfen, (*u.*) *v. tr. I.* 1) to fill, stuff (mattresses, birds, &c.); to stop (up), cram; to cork; 2) to quill; to wad; 3) to darn, mend, stop (a hole); to fine-draw; 4) *Med.* to obstruct, constipate, to bind; eine Pfeife —, to fill a pipe; ein Reif —, to stop or plug a leak; Einem das Maul —, *fig.* to stop one's mouth, to shut one up, to muffle one; sich —, *refl.*, or sich (*Dat.*) den Magen voll —, to cram one's self; *Mar-s.* ein Tau —, to stopper a cable; die Zeit or Gezeit —, to stem the tide; gestopft voll, crammed; unser Racht ist gestopft voll davon, our market is overstocked or glutted with it; st-d, *p. a. Med.* stopping, astringent, styptic.

Stopfer, (*str.*) *m.* stopper, &c., cork.

Stopferi, (*u.*) *f.* the act of stopping up, &c., darning.

Stopferin, (*u.*) *f.* darning.

Stoppel, (*u.*) *f.* 1) *Ag.* stubble; 2) young feathers, pin-feathers; *in comp.* — *ast, m.* — *feld, n.* stubble-field; — *bart, m.* scrubby beard; — *butter, f.* August-butter; — *dach, n.* thatch-roof.

Stoppel, (*u.*) *f.* cont. the act, practice, or a piece of) patching, compilation, patch-work.

Stoppel..., *in comp.* — *feder, f.* 1) young feather; 2) *pl.* quill-stumps on the skin of a plucked bird; — *gang, f.* stubble-goose; — *gebicht, n.* a composition or patch-work made up of scraps from other compositions, patched poem, rhapsody, cento; — *gras, n.* stubble grass; — *heimchen, n. provinc.* field-cricket.

Stoppelig, *adj.* full of stubbles, stabbled.

Stoppel..., *in comp.* — *orn, n.* corn sown in a stubble-field; — *seide, f.* field-pipit (*Hebelerde*, 2); — *maß, f.* stubble feeding.

Stoppeln, (*u.*) *v. tr. (d. intr.) I.* 1) to glean; 2) to take the pin-feathers out of (ducks, &c.); 3) to patch (*Zusammensoppeln*); 4) see *Belgen*, 2.

Stoppel..., *in comp.* — *obst, n.* gleaned fruit, gleanings; — *plug, m. Agr.* stubble plough; — *vilg, -schwamm, m. Bot.* species of mushroom (*Hydnum repandum* L.); — *rübe, f. Bot.* late turnip (*Brassica rapa communis*); — *tenet, f.* stubble-scythe; — *verset, m. pl.* scraps of (different) poems, *cf.* — *gebicht*; — *weibe, f.* gleanings; — *wert, n.* patch-work.

Stoppen, (*u.*) *v. tr. Mar.* 1) to stopper (a cable); 2) to stem (the tide).

Stopper, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* stopper.

* **Stoppiene**, (*u.*) *f. T.* quickmatch, lunt.

Stoppler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) gleaner; 2) *fig.* (bungling) compiler.

Stoppwasser, *n. (N. G.)* see *Stoppwasser*.

Stöpfel, (*str.*) *m.* stopper, cork; plug; nach dem — schmecken, to taste of the cork, to be corked.

Stöpfeln, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to stopper, cork.

Stör, (*str.*) *m.* *Lchth.* sturgeon (*Acipenser sturio* L.); — *fang, m.* sturgeon-fishery; — *rogen, m. Comm.* sturgeon's spawn, caviar.

* **Stör**, *m. Bot.* storax, a fragrant resin obtained from a tree, the *Syrax officinalis* L.

Storch, I. (*str.*, *pl. Störche*; [*†* &] *provinc.* *u.*) *m. Ornith.* stork (*Ciconia* Bechst.); II. *in comp.* — *bein, n.* stork's leg, long thin leg; *cont.* person with long thin legs; spindle-legs or shanks; — *beinig, adj.* spindle-legged; — *blume, f. Bot.* wood anemone (*Anemone*

nemoros L.); — *knabel, m.* 1) stork's bill; 2) *Bot.* stork-bill, crane's bill (*Garamiscus* L.); 3) *T.* crane; 4) *Dram.* pantograph; — *stein, m.* boleanite. (*quack, mountebank*)

Störche, (*str.*) *m. coll.* vagrant; itinerant

Störchin, (*u.*) *f.* female stork.

Storchling, (*str.*) *m. (L. u.)* young stork.

Störchen, (*str.*) *n.* poker.

Stören, (*u.*) *v. I. tr.* to disturb, trouble,

disorder, derange; to interrupt, hinder, to break in upon; to mar; sich — lassen, to be disturbed or disconcerted (by); *Med.* to disorder; lassen Sie sich nicht —, do not put yourself out of the way for me, do not let me disturb you; II. *intr.* (*with in* & *Dat.*, sometimes *Acc.*), &c.) to turn about, stir up, rake, to rummage, poke, stir; to pick (one's teeth, &c.); gestört Ruhe, broken rest; störend, *p. a.* embarrassing; störend auf (*with Acc.*) einzeln, to interfere with ... to disturb.

Störrenfried, (*str.*), **Störren**, (*str.*) *m.* mischief-maker, disturber.

Störren, (*u.*) *f.* disturbance; rummaging.

Störger, see *Störger*.

Störk, (*str.*) *m.* stump or stub of a tree.

Störlet, (*str.*) *m.* *Lchth.* caviar-sturgeon (Storlet).

* **Storniren**, (*u.*) *v. tr. (Nal.) Comm.* 1) to transfer an incorrect charge of (an article); 2) to return (a premium) to cancel, to vacate; (gerichtlich) to annul; **Stornirung**, (*u.*) *f.* **Stornus**, (*str.*) *m.* return; cancelling. **Storr**, *adj. provinc. (N. G.)* stiff, unbending (*Storrt*). (*tree*)

Storr, (*u.*) *m. provinc.* stump, stub (of a **Stör**rig, I. or **Stör**rig, *adj.* 1) stubborn, obstinate, sturdy; refractory; 2) crabbed, peevish, morose, sullen, cross, hard, grim; II. **St-fest**, (*u.*) *f.* 1) stubbornness, &c., obstinacy, refractory spirit.

Störjam, *adj.* disturbing, troublesome.

Stör..., *in comp.* — *Rang, f.* see *Sich-Rang*; — *rod, m.* poker (*Störchen*).

Störung, (*u.*) *f.* disturbance, perturbation; trouble; derangement, interruption; hinderance, obstruction; irregularity; das würde uns zu viel — machen, that would occasion us too much inconvenience, or put us out too much; st-frei, st-fest, *adj.* undisturbed. **Storz**, (*str.*) *m.* see *Storr*. (*turbot*)

Stöß, (*str.*, *pl. Stöße*) *m.* 1) thrust, push, hit, blow, shock; stroke (at billiards); kick; butt; stab; *Pass.* thrust, pass; jolt, jog; swoop, stoop (of a bird of prey, &c.); *Phys. & Mech.* impetus, percussion, impact, shock (auch eines Erdbebens), concussion; *Med. & Ag.* blunt; *Mech.* stroke (of the piston); 2) pile, heap (of wood, &c.); ein — Hien, *Zeitung* &c., a file of deeds, newspapers, &c.; post (of paper); 3) blast (of trumpet); sound, flourish; ciren — in die Trompete, das Horn thun, to blow a trumpet, a horn; 4) *Mar.* stop; 5) *T-a.* a) eking-piece, *Oxid.* shoulder; *Swiss.* breech (of a gun); head (of a nave); joint (of rails); *b) Min. aa)* (short) side (of a shaft); *bb)* end (of a gallery); *c)* border, hem; letting in (of a petticoat); *d)* *Butch.* see *Seule*, 3, a; *e)* swarm (of bees); *f)* see *Vorstecknagel*; ciren — ins Herz geben, to strike to the very heart; das wird ihm den letzten — geben, that will bring him to the last push; das hat seinem Credit den letzten — gegeben, that gave the finishing stroke to his credit; seinem Herzen ciren — geben, *Jam.* to constrain one's self; *Schern* mit einfacem St-e legen, *Reise*, to lay rails and to end.

Stöß... (*from Stoßen & Stöß*), *in comp.* — *ast, m.* see *Stößer*, 4; — *apparat, m. Reib.* buffing apparatus, *cf.* — *polster*; — *art, f.* twi-bill; — *baum, f.* see *Baumhobel*; — *Bewegung, f.* protrusive motion; — *bad, m.* (battering) ram; — *bolzen, m. Mil.* breeching-bolt; — *brut, n.*

T. buffing-board; —*Stübe*, *f.* Min. stop; —*Stögen*, *m.* thrusting-sword, rapier; foil; —*Stögen*, *m.* 1) stamp-iron; foil; 2) Min. pick; 3) *Thun.* paring-knife; 4) *Gum.-sw.* stay of a ram-rod; 5) *Gard.* weeding-iron; 6) T. hunter-plate of an iron axle, *cf.* —*Stöbe*, 1.

Stöpel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pestle, pounder; 2) beetle, rammer; 3) shank-driver, wire-clamp.

Stößen, (*str.*) *v. i. tr.* 1) to thrust, push, knock; to hit, strike; to jerk, jog; to kick; to butt; to tap; 2) to pound, stamp, bruise, beat, bray; to powder (sugar, &c.); 3) to put to, to join; mit dem Hobei glatt —, to plane smooth; an einander —, to join (boards, &c.); den Spannbalken auf das Sattelholz —, to scarf the straining-beam against the corbel-piece; die Gläser an einander —, to touch glasses, to hobnob; auf die Straße, aus dem Amt &c. —, to turn into the street, out of office, &c.; aus einer Gesellschaft —, to exclude from a society; Einem das Messer, den Dolch in die Brust —, to draw a knife, a dagger into one's breast; einen Pfahl in die Erde —, to drive a pile into the ground; über den Gassen —, to run down; *fig.* to overturn; zu Pulver —, to pulverise; *fig.-s.* Einem vor den Kopf —, to give offence to a person; von sich —, to chase, turn away, spurn (away); to reject, repulse, repudiate; sein Weib von sich —, to repudiate or divorce one's wife; Kuten —, *Mus.* to perform in a distinct or detached manner; ein Pfaster eben —, to ram down a paving; *Schnee* —, *see* Bahnen, I.

II. *intr.* A. (*aux. sein*) 1) to push, strike (*also at Bill.*); to strike (against), to touch; 2) *fig. a)* (*with aux. [Acc.]*) to meet unexpectedly, to encounter, to come or light on, upon, to fall in (with); to stumble (on); b) (*with zu*) to join (the army, &c.); Truppen zu Einem — lassen, to send troops to one; B. (*aux. haben*) 3) to dash, run, hit (an, auf *with Acc.*), against; *Fuss* —, to make a pass or thrust (auf *with Acc.*), at; 4) to jog, jolt, jerk; 5) to recoil (said of guns); to pitch (of ships); 6) to pounce, stoop (on, upon) (said of birds of prey); to swarm (of bees); 7) in ein Horn &c. —, to blow a horn, to sound a flourish on the trumpet, &c.; 8) to be contiguous, to abut, confine, border (an *with Acc.*), upon; and 9) to land, to get ashore, to land; vom Lande —, 1. to shove or push off, to get clear of the shore; 2. to set sail, to go out; da schlummert mancher Schiffgelei, I. der schlief vom Lande stieß (*Präd.*), there slumbers many a sailor brave, who gaily pushed from land (*Bauher.*).

III. *refl.* 1) (sich an etwas *[Acc.]* —) to strike or knock (one's foot, &c.) against ...; to hurt one's self; 2) *fig.* to stick, hesitate, scruple (an *with Acc.*, sometimes *with Dat.*), at; to take offence (at); es stößt sich noch an etwas, there is some hitch in it yet; es stößt sich nur an seiner Beigeit, only his refusal stands in the way; — Sie sich nicht an den Preis, do not hesitate or object on account of the price; daran stößt es sich, there is the rub; *ge- fassen, p. a. Mus. staccato.*

Stößtude, (*irr.*) *n.* *Railw.* end (of a rail). *Stößter*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) thruster, pusher, &c.; 2) pounder; pestle; 3) beetle, rammer; 4) bird of prey, kite.

Stöß... (*from Stoßen & Stoß*), *in comp.* —*erde*, *f. T.* stiff earth for pisé-building; —*felle*, *m.* *Ornith.* hobby (*Baumfalle*); —*feder*, *m.* fencing with a foil; —*felle*, *f.* paring-knife; —*fische*, *f. Railw.* pushing-end (of a buffer); —*fuge*, *f. T.* upright, or vertical joint; *Mar.-s.* —*garn*, *n.* old rope-yarn; die Segel auf —*garn* setzen, to stow or furl the sails with rope-yarn; —*gebet*, *n.* short and hurried prayer, ejaculatory prayer; —*gerben*, *f. pl. Mar.* preventer-vangs; —*geier*, *m.* *Ornith.*

kite, glade (*Gabelweiche*); —*getriebe*, *f. Mech.* dynamic machine; —*gewehr*, *n.* thrusting-weapon; —*hade*, *f.* a kind of spud; —*heber*, *m.* hydraulic ram, water-ram; —*herd*, *m.* Min. table for budding, (*T. Tisch.*) sweep-table, percussion-frame; —*hobel*, *m.* 1) *Coop.* jointer; 2) (*among plasterers and masons*) float; —*holz*, *n.* 1) wooden pestle; 2) wood in piles or heaps.

[—*stin*, to butt. *Stößig*, *adj.* goring, butting (of bulls); *Stöß...* (*from Stoßen & Stoß*), *in comp.*

—*lante*, *f.* 1) edge, skirt, hem; 2) *Mar.* girds round about a ship; —*larren*, *m.* 1) pand-cart; 2) wheel-barrow; —*selbst*, *f.* portable table with a set of nine-pins; —*seife*, *m. pl. Mar.* launching-wedges; —*stiffen*, *m. see* —*polster*; —*stampe*, *f. Mar.* stop-clear; —*stange*, *f.* thrust-blade; —*selben*, *m.* 1) Min. bat, beater; 2) *Bill.* mace; —*stift*, *f.* impulsive force, force of motion, impetus, percussive power; —*tabe*, *f.* 1) *Carp.* shooting-board; 2) joiner's plough; rabbit-plane; —*lange*, *f.* fish-spear; —*lappen*, *m.* *Mar.* top-lining; —*maße*, *f. see* —*getriebe*; —*matte*, *f. Mar.* mat, panth; —*maus*, *f. see* —*feldmaus*; —*mäwe*, *f. Ornith.* arctic gull (gemeine Raub-mäwe); —*nacht*, *f. Tail.*, &c. rentaring; —*per-len*, *f. pl.* seed pearls; —*platte*, *f. Railw.* ground-plate, bed-plate, offset-plate; —*pol-ster*, *n.* *Railw.* buffer (of a railway-carriage); —*rad*, *n.* T. dash-wheel; —*rapier*, *n. see* —*degen*; —*riemen*, *m.* T. jolting strap, pl. check-braces; —*ring*, *m.* navinger, washer; —*säge*, *f.* two-hand frame-saw; —*schalen*, *pl. Mar.* battens; —*schmelz*, *f. Min.* float-board; —*schibe*, *f.* 1) axle-tree washer; 2) *see* —*polster*; —*schleue*, *f. Railw.* shin, splint; —*schweifen*, *f. pl.* joint sleepers; —*senfter*, *m.* phos ejaculation; —*spitze*, *f.* fire-engine; —*stange*, *f. T.* strike; —*stad*, *m. Bill.* cue; —*stuhl*, *m.* *Railw.* joint-chair; —*tafel*, *f. Mar.* rolling-tackle; —*trell*, *m.* T. drill, auger; —*trog*, *m.* pounding trough; chopping trough; —*verbindung*, *f. Railw.* joint (between rails); —*vogel*, *m. see* —*stößer*; 4) —*waße*, *f.* thrusting weapon; —*weise*, *I. adv.* by starts, by fits, by fits and starts, by jerks; by shocks; II. *adj.* fitful; —*wert*, *n.* 1) *Min.* minting-mill; 2) T. fly-press; 3) *Gum.* stamp; 4) *Horol.* escapement, escapement; —*wind*, *m.* *Mar.* sudden and violent squall of wind; —*winkel*, *m.* T. angle of percussion, of the momentum; —*zähne*, *m. pl.* tucks; —*zeug*, *n.* *Typ.* dressing-stick.

Stotterer, (*str.*) *m.* stutterer, stammerer. *Stotterig*, *adj.* stuttering, stammering.

Stottern, (*v. i. intr.*) *v. i. tr.* to stutter, stammer; to falter; to speak thick.

Stoß, (*str.*) *m.* province. *see* Stötz. —*Stoßig*, *adj.* 1) thick and clumsy; 2) steep.

Stoßstove, (*v. i. tr.*) *f. Mar.* stove.

Stoßstern, (*v. i. tr.*) *f. Mar.* to stove.

Stoßstern, *m. see* Stöcher.

Stoßstern, *I. adj.* 1) straight upright; 2) sleek, lank (hair); 3) *fig. a)* prompt, quick; b) firm, resolute; II. *St.-heit*, (*v. i. f.*) straightness, &c. *Stoßsternig*, *adj.* 1) sudden, speedy; 2) precise, strict. [*latel.*]

Stoßstern, *adv.* straight, straightways, Imme- *Stoßstern*, (*from Strofen & Strafe*), *in comp.* —*amt*, *m.* office of correction or punish-ment; —*änderung*, *f. Law*, change of a pen-alty or punishment, commutation; —*anfall*, *f. see* —*zucht*; —*arbeit*, —*ausgabe*, *f.* im-position (at colleges); (extra-)task, extra-work (at schools).

Stoßstern, *I. adj.* guilty, punishable, cri-minal, culpable; —*machen*, to subject to punishment; II. *St.-heit*, (*v. i. f.*) guilt, culpa-bility, punishableness.

Stoßstern, (*from Strofen & Strafe*), *in comp.* —*beispiel*, *m.* order for punishment; —*beispiel*, *n.* public example; ein —*beispiel*

geben, to set an example; —*beispiel*, *m. see* —*urteil*; —*buch*, *n.* book in which fines are entered; —*büchse*, *f.* box for fines; —*caffe*, *f.* place of deposit for fines, exchequer for fines; —*clausel*, *f.* penal clause; —*colonie*, *f.* penal settlement, *cf.* —*Strichstrich-Colonie*; —*beret*, *n. see* —*urteil*; —*bleist*, *m.* convict-service.

Stroße, (*v. i. f.*) 1) punishment, correction, chastisement, castigation; *see* —*Strofarbeit*; *Theol.* judgment; 2) penalty, fine, mulct, amercement; bei —*des* ..., on pain or on the penalty of ...; bei —*schwerer* —, under grievous penalties; mir zur —, to punish me.

Stroßen, (*v. i. tr.*) 1) to punish, chastise, castigate, to inflict punishment on; 2) to re-prove, rebuke; am Leben —, to inflict punish-ment of life, to punish capitally; an or um Geld —, to fine, mulct, amerce; Einen zü-gen —, to give one the lie; dergleichen straft sich immer selbst, such things always meet with their due reward or punishment.

Stroßengel, (*str.*) *m.* avenging angel.

Stroßger, (*str.*) *m.* punisher, &c.

Stroßgerant, (*str.*) *n. see* Stroß-urteil.

Stroßig, *adj.* 1) stretched; tight (as a rope, &c.); strait; tense; close; 2) *fig. a)* rigid; b) full (as a purse, &c.), extended; *fl.-Galtung*, erect bearing, straight, military carriage; —*machen*, or *Stroffen*, (*v. i. tr.*) to make tight; to tighten, straiten, strain, stretch; das fl.-Gell, *n.* tight rope.

Stroßig, (*from Strofen & Strafe*), *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* case in which a penalty is inflicted; —*fällig*, *adj.* punishable, fuable; —*fällig* werden, to incur a penalty; —*fällig* leit, *f.* punishableness.

Stroßheit, (*v. i. f.*) tightness, strained-ness, strainness, tension; *Verminde- rung der* —, relaxation.

Stroß... (*from Strofen & Strafe*), *in comp.* —*gebot*, *n.* order accompanied with a menace of punishment; —*geld*, *n.* fine, penalty, amercement; forfeit; —*genus*, *m.* fellow-culprit; fellow-convict; —*gerechtigkeit*, *f.* penal justice; right of punishing or fining; —*gericht*, *n.* 1) punishment, chastisement, judgment; 2) court, tribunal of punishment; —*gesetz*, *n.* penal law or enactment; —*gefecht*, *n.* penal code; —*haus*, *n. see* —*zucht*; —*justiz*, *f. see* criminal justice; —*hammer*, *f. see* —*gericht*; 2) —*flage*, *f.* criminal cause; —*krieg*, *m.* punitive war.

Stroßlich, *I. adj.* 1) punishable, reprehens-ible, blamable, wrong; faulty; 2) severe, stern, II. *St.-heit*, (*v. i. f.*) punishableness, &c. *Stroßling*, (*str.*) *m.* culprit, offender, convict.

Stroßlos, *I. adj.* 1) exempt from punish-ment, unpunished; 2) undeserving of punish-ment, guiltless, innocent; II. *adv.* with im-punity; III. *St.-losigkeit*, *f.* 1) impunity, ex-emption from punishment; indemnity; 2) innocence.

Stroß... (*from Strofen & Strafe*), *in comp.* —*maß*, *n.* degree or admeasurement of punishment; —*mäßig*, *adj.* adequate to the punishment; —*minderung*, —*mitminderung*, *f. Law*, abatement of a penalty or punishment, mitigation; —*mittel*, *n.* means of punishment; —*prediger*, *m.* reprehender; censorer, moral-iser; —*predigt*, *f.* castigatory sermon; Einem eine —*predigt* halten, to lecture one, to read one a (severe) lecture; —*proceß*, *m.* 1) criminal cause; 2) criminal proceedings; —*recht*, *n.* 1) right of punishment; 2) penal justice or law; —*rechtfähig*, *adj.* relating to penal law, penal, criminal; —*rebe*, *f. see* —*predigt*; —*register*, *n.* register of punishments and fines; —*richter*, *m.* judge in criminal causes; —*satz*, *m.* forfeit (at games); —*schlicht*,

f. Min. compulsory work assigned as a punishment; —*summe*, *f.* penal sum, fine, damages, penalty; —*übel*, *n.* punishment (considered as an evil); —*urtheil*, *n.* punitive sentence, condemnation; —*verfälschen*, *n.* criminal proceedings; —*verwandlung*, *f.* commutation of punishment; —*würdig*, *adj.* punishable; —*würdigkeit*, *f.* punishableness; —*zinsen*, *m. pl.* Law, punitive interest.

Strahl, (*str.*, *str.*, *str.*, *pl.* *n.*) *m.* 1) beam, ray; 2) flash of lightning; 3) flash of water, water-spout; jet; 4) *a)* Wheel-*w.* spoke (of a wheel); *b)* round step (of a ladder); 5) *Farr.* frush, frog of a horse's foot; 6) *Bot.* spoke.

Strahl, (*str.*) *m.* see *Ramm*, *Striegel*.

Strahl, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*aber*, *f.* *Farr.* vein of the frog of a horse's foot; —*auge*, *n.* a beaming eye; *Minor-s.* —*beryt*, *m.* Bologna stone; —*blende*, *f.* pseudogalena; *Bot-s.* —*blume*, *f.* radiata flower; —*blutig*, *adj.* radiata.

Strahl, (*str.*) *v. intr.* & *tr.* to beam (with *Dat.*, upon), shine, to cast forth rays; to radiate.

Strahl, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to comb; to curry; to stroke; 2) to trim (*Pflegen*).

Strahl, (*str.*) *in comp.* (*cf.* **Strahl** ...) —*angefall*, —*angill*, *n.* **,* radiant face; —*baum*, *n.* *Amad.* ciliary ligament; —*bein*, *n.* *Farr.* nut-bone (*Pfaffenbein*); —*brechbar*, *adj.* refracting, refractive, reflecting; —*brechung*, *f.* refraction (of the rays of light); —*büschel*, *n.* pencil of rays, brush; —*flügel*, *adj.* ray-like, radiated; —*glanz*, *m.* radiance; —*gürtel*, —*franz*, *m.* **,* galaxy; —*haup*, *n.* **,* radiated head; —*kegel*, *m.* cone, pencil of rays; —*körper*, *m.* radiating body; *Amad.* ciliary body (*corpus ciliare*); —*krone*, *f.* glory, nimbus; —*tiere*, *n. pl.* *Nat.* radiated animals, radiata (*Radialia* Lam.).

Strahl, (*str.*) *adj.* rayless.

Strahl, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*etz*, *n.* *Minor.* siderocalcite, brown spar; —*flut*, *f.* —*geschwür*, *n.* *Farr.* (running) thrush; —*gips*, *m.* *Minor.* fibrous gypsum, English talc (*Pfaffenbein*).

Strahl, (*str.*) *adj.* radiant, radiated.

Strahl, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*leil*, *m.* *Petr.* belemnite (*Pfaffenstein*); —*lies*, *m.* *Minor.* radiated pyrite; —*knopf*, *m.* or —*knopf*, *m.* *Bot.* distastethistle (*Adactylis* L.); —*kreuz*, *m.* see —*fäule*; —*muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* scallop, cockle (*Ramm-muschel*); —*punct*, *m.* radiating point, *Opt.* radiant; —*quarz*, *m.* *Minor.* fibrous quartz; —*rohr*, *n.* *Mech.* end of the pipe of a fire-engine, hose-pipe; —*schür*, *m.* *Minor.* radiated schorl; —*schwären*, *m.* see —*fäule*; —*stein*, *m.* *Minor.* actinolite; —*tiere*, see *Strahlentiere*.

Strahl, (*str.*) *f.* radiation.

Strahl, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*zelle*, *n.* *Minor.* desmine; stilbite, foliated zeolite.

Sträh, (*str.*) *m.* **Sträh**, (*str.*) *f.* 1) skein, sleeve; 2) lock (of hair); 3) bundle (of straightened wire for pins); 4) strand (of a rope); —*hant*, *m.* unchecked hemp. —**Sträh**, (*str.*) *adj.* (*in comp.*) (of so many) strands.

* **Sträh**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Ital.*) *Comm.* see *Liquidation*. — **Sträh**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* see *Liquidieren*.

* **Sträh**, (*str.*) *m.* canvas; silk-canvas (for needle work); —*papier*, *n.* stitching-paper. [*vigorous*]

Stramm, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) see **Straff**; 2) robust, *Stramm*, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to tighten, to draw tight, to contract (*Spannen*); II. *intr.* to shrink, shrivel (with heat, &c.).

Strampeln, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to kick.

Strampfen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to stamp, tramp.

Strand, (*str.*) *m.* strand, beach; shore; sea-side; auf dem — laufen or getrieben werden, to be stranded, to strand, to run aground; auf dem — setzen, to run (a ship) ashore; auf dem — sitzen lassen, *fig.* to leave in the lurch (im *Stiche* lassen); *in comp.* —*badie*, *f.* *Bot.*

samphire (*Orithium maritimum* L.); —*bat-teric*, *f.* *Mil.* coast battery; —*bedeuter*, *m.* land-waiter, *cf.* —*riter*, 1, *a*; —*besucher*, *m.* inhabitant of the sea-shore; —*binse*, *f.* *Bot.* sea-shore rush (*Juncus maritimus* Lam.); —*blech*, *m.* wrecker; —*elster*, *f.* *Ornith.* oyster-catcher (*Kufterndieb*).

Stran, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to be thrown upon the beach, to be stranded or wrecked; to founder, to run aground; to suffer shipwreck; gestrandet, *p. a.* stranded, wrecked (of goods and ships), high and dry (of ships); aground; shipwrecked.

Stran, (*str.*) *n.* see *Strand*.

Strand, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*erle*, *f.* *Bot.* sea-pea (*Pisum maritimum* L.); —*flügel*, *f.* fishing on the beach or shore; —*gericht*, *f.* jurisdiction of the strand or over stranded goods; —*hoh*, *m.* *Orust.* sand-sea, sand-hopper (*Orchestia litorea* Montf.); —*gras*, *n.* —*halter*, *m.* *Bot.* grass-wrack (*Seegras*); —*gut*, *n.* wrecked or stranded goods, (nach schwimmendes) floatam; —*herr*, *m.* proprietor of a strand; —*jäger*, *m.* *Ornith.* see *Strandjäger*; —*kiefer*, *f.* *Bot.* black-pine, Austrian pine, sea-side pine (*Pinus nigra* Host.); —*kehl*, *m.* *Bot.* sea-tale (*Orambis maritima* L.); —*krabbe*, *f.* *Orust.* common crab (*Carcinus maenas* L.); —*läufer*, *m.* *Ornith.* strand-snipe, sand-piper (the species *Tringa* L. or especially the common sandpiper, *Totanus hypoleucos* L.); —*leute*, *pl.* people inhabiting the sea-shore. [*wood* (*Litoralia lacustris* L.).]

Strand, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* plantain-shore.

Strand, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*moll*, *m.* *Zool.* mole-rat (*Bathyergus suillus* Schr.); —*muschel*, *f.* *Moll.* mactra, spoon-shell (*Mactra solida* L.); —*neffe*, *f.* *Bot.* sea-lavender (*Stachis limonium* L.); —*pfanze*, *f.* plant growing on the sea-shore; —*recht*, *n.* 1) strand-law, law respecting stranded goods; 2) right of appropriating stranded goods; dem —*recht* nicht unterworfen, not subject to be seized as floatam; —*reiter*, *m.* 1) *a)* land-waiter, tide-waiter (on horseback); 2) or —*reiter*, *m.* *Ornith.* still-bird (*Himantopus* Briss.); —*richter*, *m.* arbitrator of averages; —*schneider*, *m.* see *Strandschneider*; —*schwalbe*, *f.* see *Strandschwalbe*; —*soda*, *f.* *Bot.* a species of salt-wort (*Suaeda maritima* L.); —*stein*, *m.* shingle.

Strand, (*str.*) *v.* stranding (act of being stranded, &c.), a shipwreck; anst. im *St-ffalle*, except the ship be stranded.

Strand, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*post*, *m.* 1) see *Deichmeister*; 2) or —*verwalter*, *a)* officer having the inspection of the shore; coast-guard officer; *b)* sworn officer that has charge of the goods stranded at a shore; —*post*, *f.* shore-watch, coast-guard, preventive men; —*wächter*, *m.* coast-guard's man, officer of the preventive service; —*weg*, *m.* *Bot.* sea-plantain (*Piantago maritima* L.); —*wolf*, *m.* *Zool.* brown hyena (*Hyena brunnea* Thunb.).

Strang, (*str.*) *pl.* **Strang**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a)* rope, cord; trace; *b)* sleeve, skain; *c)* halter; 2) track (of rails); cin — *Zwiebeln*, a rope of onions; *fig-s.* an *Einem* *St-gehen*, to act in concert; alle *Stränge* anziehen, to do one's utmost; wenn alle *Stränge* reissen, when the worst comes to the worst.

Strang, (*str.*) *m.* *Vel.* strangles; —*birne*, *f.* choke-pear.

Strängen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to bind with a rope. **Strang**, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*flügel*, *adj.* *Bot.* funicular; —*geflügel*, *n.* ropemaker's tools; —*halen*, *m.* trace-hook; —*leder*, *m.* trace-leather; —*ring*, *m.* trace-ring; —*schlagger*, *m.* a horse kicking over the traces. [*strangle*]

* **Strang**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to

* **Stränge**, (*str.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) fatigue, hardship, toil; wear and tear; *Stränge*, *punct.* *m.*

Mech. working-point (*Tab.*). — **Strapag**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to over-tire, harass. — **Strapag**, (*str.*) *n.* working-dress.

Strap, (*str.*) *m.* T. strass.

Strä, (*str.*) *f.* 1) way; road, highway; 2) street; 3) *a)* narrow pass; *b)* straits, frith (*cf.* *Stetenge*); auf dem —, in the street; auf die — setzen, to turn out into the street.

Strä, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*arbeit*, *f.* work in the high roads or streets; —*arbeiter*, *m.* navvy; —*aufscher*, —*betreuer*, *m.* road-surveyor; —*ben*, *m.* the making of roads or streets, see *Chausseebau*; —*baumaterial*, *n.* road-metal; —*beleuchtung*, *f.* lighting of the streets; —*bettel*, *m.* —*betteler*, *f.* street-begging, begging about the streets; —*bettler*, *m.* street-beggar, common beggar; —*betting*, *f.* road-burner; —*brunnen*, *m.* burner of a street-lantern, gas-burner, bat-wing; —*canal*, *m.* sewer; —*baum*, *m.* carriage-pavement, horse-way or road, roadway; —*bieb*, *m.* common thief, pickpocket; —*cke*, *f.* street-corner; —*clien*, *f.* street-railway, tramway; —*fehrer*, *m.* sailor that navigates the straits; —*fehr*, *m.* scavenger; —*geleit*, *m.* escort, safe-conduct; —*geflügel*, *n.* mob, vagabonds; —*ge-wühl*, *n.* crowd in the streets; —*inspector*, *m.* see —*aufscher*; —*junge*, *m.* street-boy, little vagabond (*Gassenjunge*); —*leth*, *m.* street-dirt; (*flügel*) slop; —*laterne*, *f.* street-lantern; —*locomotive*, *f.* traction-engine; steam-drag; —*raub*, *m.* —*rauber*, *f.* highway-robbery; auf —*raub* ausgehen, —*rauber* treiben, to rob on the high-road, along, to pad it; —*rauber*, *m.* highway-robber, highwayman; —*rauberisch*, *adj.* & *adv.* in the manner of or by highwaymen; —*recht*, *n.* protection claimed and enjoyed on the high-road; —*straße*, *f.* way-mark (*Wegweiser*, 1); —*stein*, *m.* paving-stone; —*thüre*, *f.* street-door, front-door; —*übergang*, *m.* crossing; *weg*, *f.* weigh-bridge; —*zoll*, *m.* passage-toll; —*zug*, *m.* see —*ban*.

* **Strategie**, (*str.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) strategy, strategica. — **Strategie**, (*str.*) *adj.* strategical.

* **Strategie**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Strategie*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Geol.*) stratum, stratification (*Sticht*, 1).

* **Strategie**, (*str.*) *f.* see *Strategie*.

Sträh, (*str.*) *adj.* province, rough; crisp; rigid; bristly. — **Sträh**, (*str.*) *f.* 1) *a)* rough end of a worn stick, &c.; *b)* *Min.* burr, rough end, or splinters of a miner's tool; 2) (*dimin.*) **Sträh**, (*str.*) *coll.* **Sträh**, (*str.*) *n.* (*little*) fritter.

Sträh, (*str.*) *v. intr.* & *refl.* to be rough or rigid, to stand on end.

Sträh, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* 1) to bristle, stand up; 2) *fig.* to struggle, roughen, strive (against), resist, oppose; to hang back.

Sträh, (*str.*) *in comp.* *St-enge*, *f.* *Zool.* Hungarian sheep; —*fuß*, *m.* *Vel.* a kind of malanders; —*huhn*, *n.* *Ornith.* crisped or Friesland hen.

Sträh, (*str.*) *adj.* 1) bristling, stiff; upstanding; 2) *fig.* bristling; resisting. **Sträh**, (*str.*) *n.* see *Sträh*, 2.

Sträh, (*str.*) *in comp.* —*mühle*, *f.* mill with undershot-wheels; —*rad*, *n.* *Mil.* undershot-wheel, with shovels attached to the front.

Sträh, (*str.*) *pl.* **Sträh**, (*str.*) & **Sträh**, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.*) **Sträh**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Bot.* shrub, bush, tree; *in comp.* —*aus*, *f.* *Ornith.* ring-wing (*Ringbrosfel*); —*artig*, *adj.* shrubby, shrublike; —*hart*, *m.* *coll.* bristly, scrubby, or rough beard; —*birke*, *f.* *Bot.* shrubby birch (*Betula fruticosa* Pall.); —*bieb*, *m.* foot-pad; roving thief.

Sträh, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) &

haben) to stumble, to make a false step; *fig.*
to fail; to fall.

Strand, ... in comp. — elſter, *f.* Ormith.
a species of woodchat (*Lanius collurio* L.); —
baupt, *n.* T. dam made of piles and fascines;
ſei, *n.* see Strandwerk; Bot-s. — bopfen,
n. wild hop (*Humulus lupulus* L.); — firſche,
f. shrubby dwarf-cherry (*Amorpha fruticosa*).

Stran'chig, Stran'chigt, adj. covered with shrubs; shrubby.

Strach'ler, (str.) m. stumbler.

Strandwerc, (str.) n. shrubs, bushes, underwood.

Sträuß, s. L. (*str.*, pl. *Sträuße*) (m. 1) bush; see *Beinstäng*; *Nal.* bunch, crest, tuft; *Bot.* thyrsus; (Blumen-) nosegay; bunch (of violets, &c.); 3) *Ornith.* ostrich (*Struthio camellus* L.); *americanischer* -, nandu (*Rhea americana* Moehr.); 5) († &) *, combat; struggle, strife; *It* in comp. -*beer*, f. Alpine currant (*Hippophaë empetrifera*); -*blume*, f. *Bot.* thyrall, umbelliferous, aggregate, or racemose flower.

Sträußchen, * : **Sträußlein**, (*str.*) n. (*dimin. of Strauß*) a little bunch of flowers.

Strauß..., in comp. —(en)ei, *n.* ostrich-egg; —ente, *f.* *Ornith.* tufted duck (*Haubente*, 1). [flower-girl; —topf, *m.* bow-pot.

Sträu 'fer ... in comp. coll. — müdchen, n.
Sträu 'f ... in comp. — feber, f. ostrich-
 feather; — gras, n. *Bot.* bont-grass, red-top
 (*Agrostis vulgaris* L.) — hüßn, n. see Kamp-
 hüßn; — hüßn, n. *Ornith.* screamer (Rehr-
 vogel); — (en)magen, m. *fig.* stomach that is
 apt to digest any thing; *Ornith.* —, m. —, f.
 crested titmouse (Haubenmeiße); — tanze, f.
 rough-footed pigeon (Trommeltaube); — vogel,
 n. ostrich.

* **Sträjä**, (w.) *f.* (*Hal.*) *Comm.* 1) waste-book, day-book (*Slabbe*, 2, b); 2) waste-silk; in comp. *St-nägar*, w. spun waste-silk; *St-nämm*, m. carded waste-silk.

Stoß, (*str.*) *n.* Min. face of the workings, breast, (breit wall, long wall, bank; —*ban*, *m.* (mit breitem Stoß) long-wall or long-way-work, broad work (mit schmalen Stößen, by small wall-faces) (*T. Thsch.*).

Стрѣбе. (w.) *f.* shore, prop, stay, buttress.

Streb's (e) ... (from *Streden*), in comp. — **balten**, *m.* shore, buttress, prop; stay; post; — **band**, *n.* straining or strutting piece; — **be-gen**, *m.* *Archit.* arched or arch-buttress, flying-buttress; — **hels**, *n.* see —baum; — **traft**, *f.* power or effort of stretching, or expanding, tending: — **menz**, *f.* *Archit.* counterfort.

Streben, (v.) s. *instr.* 1) to strive (nach, for, after), to aim (at), to aspire (to or after), endeavour (to obtain, &c.); also *allen Streben* —, to use one's best exertions; *verwährt* —, to push or press forward; *es tritt bei Menſch, je lang er ſtrebt* (*Gothe, Faust, Prol.*), man errs as long as he lives and strives, as long as his aspirations last; 2) to tend, to gravitate (to or towards); *wider etwas* —, to struggle against, resist; *das* —, (*str.*) v. s. the (act of) striving, &c. (*nach*, for, after), endeavour, exertion; effort; tendency, aspiration; *das — nach Vollkommenheit*, the aspiration after perfection.

Streb(e)... (from *Streben*), in comp. — *pfahl*, m. stay, prop; — *pfiler*, m. Archst. spur, buttress, (verjüngter, diminished) counterfort; *kleine* — *pfiler*, *Min.* spurrings; — *pfiler*, m. wooden buttress or spur.

Str'ber, (str.) m. Ichth. rough perch
(*Aspro vultoris* L.).

Streß(e)... (from Streben), in comp.
-rippe, *f.* Archib. intermediate rib; -Stange,
-Stäbe, *f.* -Stempel, *m.* stay, supporter; cf.
Spannstrebe; -stoß, *m.* Min. side of work,
(Stoß-) breast; -mauer, *f.* see -mauer.

Strěb'niš, (str.) n. see Streben, v. s.

Стрѣ́бъ, *l. adj.* 1) aspiring; 2) assiduous, zealous; II. **Ст-ѣ́тъ**, (*us.*) *f.* 1) aspiring disposition; 2) activity, assiduity.

Stred'ballen, (str.) m. Archit. string-piece, sleeper; stretcher; strut.

Streckbär, I. *adj.* that may be stretched or extended, ductile; II. **St-fest**, (*w.*) *f.* ductility.

Stred... (from *Streden*), in comp. — *bein*, m. 1) *sam*, straddler; 2) *loc. a*) jack-ketch; *b*) death; — *bett*, n. *Swy.* stretch-bed; — *blöde*, m. pl. *T.* blocks under the keel of a boat (while building); — *bug*, m. *Mar.* a good board.

Stretch, (w.) *f.* 1) tract, extent, way; distance; eine weite —, a long stretch; 2) *T.* instrument for stretching, stretcher; drawing-frame; rack; 3) *Min.* a) horizontal water-conduit; b) gallery, drift. [piece.]

Streckeisen, (*str.*) *n.* *Tum.* stretching-
Strecken, (*w.*) *v.* *l. tr.* 1) *a*) to stretch;
extend; to lengthen (*Zeug, cloth*); *von sich*
to stretch out; *b*) to hammer out, flatten, or
roll (metal); to planish (gold); to roll (glass);
2) *fig.* zu Boden —, to fall, lay, or strike
to the ground; *, to lay low; *das Gewehr* —, to
lay or throw down one's arms; *II. refl.* 1) *a*)
to stretch (one's self); to loll; *b*) to extend,
cf. Gefstreckt II. 1; (of a coast, &c.) to
trend; *sich* — lassen, to spread; 2) *fig.* to grow;
to lengthen; *sich nach der Dede* —, *proverb.*,
to cut one's coat according to the cloth (to
live up to one's means, &c.); *gefstreckt, p. a.*
which see.

Strecken ..., *in comp.* — **benannte** (te), *m.* **Rath.** subordinate official of a line; **Min-
förderung**, *f.* conveyance underground, under-
ground hauling; — **gestänge**, *n.* poles stretching
along the gallery; — **mauerung**, *f.* walling of
mines; — **pfeiler**, *m.* pillar between stalls or
boards, post; — **stoß**, *m.* face, wall of a gal-
lery; — **und Pfeilerbau**, *m.* pillar- and post-
(or stall-) work, board and pillar-work; —
stimmerung, *f.* timber-work of a gallery.

Streck'er, (str.) m. 1) *T. strecher*; 2) *Anat. extensor* (*Streckmuskel*); 3) *Mas. (T. Tusch.)* a) (in and near *Leipzig*) *bonder, bond-stone, binder* (*Binder*); b) (in *Misnia*) *stretcher* (*Läufer, 5*); —(*sticht, f. 1*) *heading-course*; 2) *stretching-course* (*Lauffsticht*).

Streck ... (from *Strecken*), in comp. — **stich**, m. young carp; — **fuge**, *f. Mus.* horizontal joint, point of the bed; — **fug**, m. *see* — **bein**; — **hammer**, m. *See* hammer for beating out; — **schlinging-hammer**; **flattening-hammer**, **flat hammer**; — **herb**, m. *see* **Grüßherb**; — **holz**, n. *T. stretcher*; — **lage**, *f. see* — **schigt**; — **layl**, m. *Spinna*, drawing-head; — **maßlein**, *f. Spinna*, drawing-frame (*Raminirfuß*); — **müßle**, *f. see* — **wert**; — **müßel**, m. *Anal. extensor* (muscle); — **ofen**, m. *plating furnace*; **Glass-*n.*** **flattening kiln**; — **platte**, *f.* — **stein**, m. **spreading-plate**, **flat(ening) stone**; — **rahmen**, m. **frame for stretching**; — **schicht**, *f. Mus. see* **Streckers**; — **schuß**, m. *Mech.* **stretching or drawing frame**; — **teide**, m. **Fish. nurse-pond**; — **walze**, *f.* **drawing roller**; — **wert**, m. **engine to flatten and stretch gold and silver**; **drawing mill**; **drawing frame**; (**eißen** — **wert**) **finishing and plate roller**.

Strehn, see Strāhn.

Streich, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stroke; stripe; lash; blow; 2) *sg.* prank, trick; dummer —, (piece of) folly; dumme *St-e* machen, to play foolish tricks; to be guilty of some misdemeanour; ohne einen — zu thun, without striking a blow.

Strids ... (from *Stridhén*), in comp. —
bellar, m. T. roller; —**band**, n. *Mar. waist*;
 1) —**bant**, f. corning bench; —**baum**, m.
 1) *Tann.* stretching-tree, shaving-beam; 2)
loom; cloth-beam; work-roller (of a silk-
 loom); —**betn**, n. *see* Briffstiller; —**blech**, n.
 1) looking-plate (of a carriage-wheel);

2) planer (of moulders); 3) *Lock-sm.* staple of a lock; — *brst*, n. 1) *T.* strike, strickle, smoothing-board; 2) scraper, strike, strickle-board (of brick-makers); 3) a) *Ag.* mould-board (of a plough), earth-board; b) (—*blatt*, —*stene*) mould-board (of a wheel); — *bürste*, f. 1) whisk; 2) a) colour-brush; b) size-brush.

Streichze, (w.) f. 1) tool for stretching; 2) card (for wool); 3) baker's brush; 4) *see* Streichlinie; 5) *Swng. spatula* (Spätel); 6) *see* Streichnarn. 2.

Streich'eisen, (str.) n. 1) smoothing-iron; 2) *Tann.* a) see *Ausstreich'eisen*; b) shaving knife; 3) *Typ.* heart-tool. [cajole, coax.]

Streifzettel, (n.) n. & to stroke; to caress,
Streifzettel, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (*aus.* *rein* &
haben) 1) to pass, move; to rush, fly, run;
to skim, sweep; 2) to migrate (said of birds
of passage); 3) to rove, wander, to roam; 4) to
pass over, to extend, reach, trend, to have
a certain direction; *Min.* to run out (of a
lode); *das* — *der* *Schichten*, strike of strata;
5) (an. *auf*, *über* [*with* *Dat.* & *Acc.*] *ic.*) to
touch but slightly, to graze upon, glance
(upon); *auf* *dem* *Boden* —, to trail upon the
ground; 6) to be at heat, to copulate (of
animals); to spawn (of fishes); hier *streift*
eine *frische* *Luft*, here is a fresh gale blowing;
die *Zugvögel* —, the birds are on their pas-
sage, the birds depart; *Finnen* — *lassen*, *vulg.*
to break wind.

II. sr. 1) to touch; to stroke, rub; 2) to spread; 3) to whet, set (knives, &c.); 4) to smooth (down); 5) *loven*, &c. to shoot (boards, &c. by planing), to joint straight; 6) to strike, whip, lash; 7) *Mar. a)* to strike, lower (the sails), to lower, abase (the flag); *b)* to lay (a deck); die Segel vor Einem —, *sg.* to come down, give in, to acknowledge somebody as one's superior; 8) to strike out (anything written), to erase, expunge, cancel; to strike off, deduct; ich werde den Betrag —, I shall draw a line through the amount; retrace; 9) *T.* to scrape (skins); 10) to paint, to varnish; in die Tafel —, to pocket (money); den Bass —, to play the base; *fig (Dat.)* die Haare aus dem Gesicht —, to stroke one's hair from one's face; *fig (Dat.)* mit der Hand durch's Haar —, to pass one's hand through one's hair; *Rom.* —, to strike corn; *Weißen* —, *T.* to polish clay-pipes; Geld auf dem Probiersteine —, to try gold on a touch-stone; Zerkeln —, to catch larks with a net; die Nieren —, *Mar.* to hold water; *strick!* strike! *strick* Backbord! hold water with the portwine! *strick* überfall! back a-stern; *Biegel* —, to make or mould tiles; Wolle —, to card wool; gestrichen voll, brimful.

Streit *der*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) rove, rambler; 2) person that cards (wool), moulds (bricks), spreads, &c. *cf.* *Streichen*; 3) *Leich.* spawning; 4) *strickle*.

Streich... (from Streichen), in comp. —*feuer*, n. T. reverberatory fire; —*feuer*-*zeug*, n. lucifer-box; —*flöß*, m. spawner; —*form*, f. *see* —*bret*, 2; —*garn*, n. 1) carded yarn; 2) or —*hemen*, m. fish. drag-net; —*tammel*, —*holz*, n. 1) strickle; *Found*, &c. (straight-edged) strike; 2) (*dimin.* —*hölzgen*) n. lucifer-match, friction-match; —*instru-*
ment, n. bow-instrument; —*fuß*, m. quick-line; —*tamm*, m. wool-card, cf. *Strämpel*, 1; —*far-*
pfen, n. spawning carp; —*füße*, m. soft cheese that may be spread; —*füßen*, m. colour-tub (of calico-printers, &c.); —*frant*, n. Bot. bastard hemp (*Dactea cannabina* L.); —*leber*, n. *see* —*riemen*; —*lehm*, m. size; —*linie*, f. Mil. line of defence, flank sasant; —*maßstabe*, f. *see* —*Strämpel*; —*maßstabe*, —*maß*, —*maßel*, n. Carp. mortise-gauge; marking-gauge; —*meißel*, n. *Found*. rake (cf. *Abstreichmeißel*); —*meßer*, n. 1) or —*mond*, m. *see* *Abstreichmeißel*; 2) spatula; 3) *Prind*. pallet-stick; —*nabel*, f. touch-

ing-needle; -*sch.*, n. *see* -*garn*, 2; -*sehn*, m. *Chem.* reverberatory furnace; -*papier*, n. perfuming-paper; -*quartett*, n. *Mus.* quartette of or for bow-instruments; -*riemen*, m. razor-strap; -*schleife*, f. 1) mould-iron (of a plough); 2) *Railw.* check-rail, safety-rail, guard-rail, side-rail; -*schindel*, f. *Salt-w.* shingle plastered over with loam; -*schragen*, m. tanner's horse; -*schuß*, m. *Arr.* cutting-shoe; -*schuß*, m. grasing-shot; -*schwamm*, m. phosphoretated tinder; -*stetel*, m. *see* -*meffer*, 2; -*stengen*, f. pl. *Mos.* yut-logs (of a scaffold); -*stein*, m. touch-stone; stone for setting-grasses, &c.; bone; -*teich*, m. *Flak.* spawning or breeding pond; -*tisch*, m. brickmaker's bench.

Streikung, (w.) f. the (act of) striking, &c.; *St.-winkel*, m. *Fort.* flanking-angle.

Streif, (w.) *from* *Streifen*, in comp. -*vogel*, m. bird of passage, migratory bird; -*watz*, f. *see* -*garn*, 2; -*weger*, m. *Mar.* colling over and under the floor-heads; *Fort.-w.* m. bastion, battery, flank, flanked fence; -*winkel*, m. flanking-angle; -*wolle*, f. carding wool; -*zeit*, f. 1) copulating-time; spawning-time; 2) time of migration (for birds of passage), flight-time; -*jündholz*, n. *see* -*holz*, 2.

Streif, (str.) m. *see* *Streifen*.

Streif..., in comp. -*bach*, n. a cover open at each end for the transmission of printed matter; unter -*band*, by the book-post; -*bettler*, m. beggar, vagrant, vagabond; -*bild*, m. glance; -*corpé*, n. *see* -*partie*, 2; -*bede*, f. *Ichth.* pomfret (*Stromatopus fideia* L.).

Streifen, (w.) v. l. *intr.* 1) (aux. *sein*) to wander, rove, roam; to make excursions; to make inroads; 2) (aux. *haben*) with an (*Acc.*): a) to graze; b) *fig.* to touch, border, verge, to reach close upon; II. *tr.* 1) to graze; to scrape, raze, to wound by grazing; 2) to strip off; to scalp, skin (an eel), flay; 3) to variegate with stripes, to stripe; 4) *T.* to channel, flute; *gestreift*, p. a. streaked, striate.

Streifen, (str.) m. 1) stripe; streak; strip; strain (of light, &c.); 2) *Archit.* band, broad fillet; 3) *Streif*, or *Streifen*, (w.) f. *see* *Streifzug*; *Streifen*, *dimin.* (str.) n. small or narrow slip, scrap (of paper, &c.).

Streifer, (w.) f. 1) excursion, roaming, ramble; 2) *Mil.* inroad, invasion; skirmish.

Streif..., in comp. -*erz*, n. *Miner.* striated sulphate of lead; -*farrn*, m. *Bot.* common maiden-hair or spleenwort (*Asplenium trichomanes* L.); -*gerite*, f. *Mil.* feeder of the running millstone; powder-mill scraper; -*hase*, m. rabbit; -*bleib*, m. glancing out, blow; -*hobel*, m. *T.* strike-block.

Streifig, adj. streaky, striped, cf. *Westreift*. **Streif**..., in comp. -*jagen*, n. a chase with a pack of hounds to kill any game one meets with; -*licht*, n. *Paint.* faint gleam of light.

(3) pl. *see* *Streiftrümpe*.

Streifling, (str.) m. 1) *Pomol.* red-streak; **Streif**..., in comp. -*maus*, f. field-mouse (*Mus. agrarius* Pall.); -*partie*, f. 1) ramble; 2) *Mil.* scouring party, flying party; -*reit*, n. warrant for tracing and apprehending robbers; -*reiter*, m. one of the horse-patrol; -*ritt*, m. excursion on horseback; -*schuß*, m. glancing or grasing shot; -*strümpe*, m. pl. spatterdashies; -*wache*, f. patrol; -*wunde*, f. wound on the skin, grasing, scratch; -*wurzel*, f. *Bot.* a species of dock (*Rumex obtusifolius* L.); -*zange*, f. pinchers; -*zug*, m. 1) *see* *Streifer*; 2) *Mil.* (irregular) excursion, expedition, inroad.

Streit, (str.) m. 1) combat, fight; war; quarrel, dispute, contest, contention, conflict, strife; 2) debate, dispute, controversy; 3) litigation, lawsuit.

Streitart, (str., pl. *St.-arte*) f. battle-axe.

Streitbär, l. adj. 1) fit for battle or fighting; able (for carrying arms, &c.); 2) warlike, martial; valiant, stout; II. *St.-feind*, (w.) f. fitness for war or fight; warlikeness.

Streit..., *from* *Streiten* & *Streit*, in comp. -*baum*, m. bar of stables; -*beld*, m. quarrelsome person, wrangler.

Streiten, (str.) v. l. *intr.* & *refl.* 1) to fight, combat; 2) to struggle, contend (um, for); 3) to dispute, quarrel, wrangle (um, über (with *Acc.*), about), to contest, litigate; to controvert, debate; 4) to be at variance or at issue, to disagree (mit, with); to be opposed or repugnant (to), clash, jar, conflict; to militate (against); II. *tr.* (l. u.) 1) cinct Rampf *ic.* -, to fight a battle, &c.; 2) to produce a certain effect (frei, to release, &c.) by fighting; 3) *, to dispute, disclaim (*Bestreiten*); die *St.-be* *Stücke*, the church militant.

Streiter, (str.) m. 1) fighter, combatant; warrior; champion; ein - *Christi*, a soldier of Christ; 2) quarreller, &c., disputant; 3) *Mammal.* grampus (*Phocaena orca* Gm.).

Streiterei, (w.) f. the (act or practice of) disputing, &c.; quarrel, dispute; bickering.

Streit..., *from* *Streiten* & *Streit*, in comp. -*fertig*, adj. ready for the combat; -*frage*, f. question, matter of dispute or at issue, controversy, &c.; -*punct*; -*fragen* *be* *händeln*, controversial; -*genos*, m. fellow-combatant, comrade; -*grund*, m. 1) ground of the argument or controversy; 2) cause of a

Streithaft, adj. *see* *Streitbar*. [quarrel]

Streit..., *from* *Streiten* & *Streit*, in comp. -*bahn*, m. *see* *Rampfbahn*; -*hammer*, m. coll. disputations person, quarrelsome fellow, wrangler; -*hammer*, m. pole-axe, mallet; -*hobel*, m. lawsuit, litigation; -*händeln*, m. gauntlet, coetus; -*hengst*, m. battle-horse, charger, courser; -*huhn*, n. *see* *Rampfbahn*.

Streitig, adj. 1) contending; 2) litigated; disputable, questionable, controverted, contested, doubtful; das *St.-Eck*, the *St.-Eck*, the point or matter at issue, moot-point; die *St.-en* *Parteien*, the parties litigant or at issue; das *St.-feld* - *machen*, to dispute the ground; die *Ecke* ist noch *vor* *Streit* -, the suit is still pending; - *über* *etwas* (*Acc.*) *werden*, to be at variance about a thing; *Einem etwas* - *machen*, to contest, dispute something, to call in question, to wrestle with one for (a prize, &c.); *St. machen* ihm das *Recht* der *Unter-suchung* -, they contested his right of examining into the matter.

Streitigfeit, (w.) f. dispute, difference, quarrel, wrangle, variance, litigation, controversy.

Streit..., *from* *Streiten* & *Streit*, in comp. -*folben*, m. club for fighting, whirlbat; -*folbenbaum*, m. *see* *Reusenbaum*; -*lopf*, m. disputer, cf. -*hammer*; -*kräft*, f. pl. active (military) forces; -*kunbig*, adj. skilled in fight; -*kunst*, f. art of disputing or of debating.

Streitlich, adj. (l. u.) *see* *Streitbar*.

Streit..., *from* *Streiten* & *Streit*, in comp. -*lust*, f. quarrelsome disposition; -*lustig*, *adj.* disposed, ready for, desirous of fighting, contentious, litigious; -*predigt*, f. polemical sermon; -*punct*, m. point of dispute, controversy, or debate; moot or controverted point, matter at issue; matter in question; -*rede*, f. debate, dispute; -*reider*, m. disputant; -*reß*, n. war-horse, charger; -*sache*, f. matter in dispute, lawsuit; pl. litigious concerns; -*sag*, m. controvertible argument, moot point; -*scheit*, f. *see* *Rampfbahn*; -*schrift*, f. controversy, polemic treatise; -*sucht*, f. litigiousness; spirit of controversy, quarrelsome temper; -*süß*,

fig. adj. litigious; disputations, polemical; -*tag*, m. day of fight, day of battle; -*zügen*, f. *disputation*; -*wagen*, m. chariot of war.

* **Streif**ig, (w.) m. (*Russ.* "arsher") (*formerly*) the *Stralitz*, life-guards of the Emperor of Russia, *Muscovite* militia.

Streng(e), adj. 1) rough, sharp, harsh; hard; 2) severe (gegen, with), strict (*also* *Mus.* in relation to style), rigid, rigorous; austere, stern; 3) *T.* brittle, cf. *Strengheit*; eine *St.-Eile*, an intense, biting, nipping, or sharp cold; *St.-er* *Urin*, *Med.* sharp urine; *St.-er* *Wein*, rough wine; - *schneiden*, to have a sharp taste; *Einem* - *halten*, to keep a strict hand over one, to be strict with one; - *verfahren*, to act resolutely or with severity; mit *Einem* - *verfahren*, to be severe upon one, to deal harshly with one; - *aus* *etwas* (*Acc.*) *halten* or *sehen*, to be strict or scrupulous (in the observance of ...); *auf* *St.-St.* *unterliegen*, to forbid most positively.

Strengt, f. 1) roughness, &c. cf. *Streng(e)*; 2) severity; strictness; austerity, rigidity, rigor. (3) *Vol.* gladden.

Strengig, (str.) m. 1) *Med.* stranguary; **Streng**igig, l. adj. *Med.* difficult of fusion, refractory; II. *St.-feist*, (w.) f. difficulty of fusion, refractoriness.

Strengigfeit, (w.) f. *see* *Streng*.

Strengling, (str.) m. (l. u.) precision.

Streng..., in comp. -*ist*, n. *T.* hard soldier (*Schles*); -*isabel*, m. bad tobacco (for cigars).

Streu, (str.) m. *Salt-w.* (-*werf*, n.) channel, gutter. [*st.* 1.]

Streuig, (str.) m. *Bot.* gout-wood (*Strif*); **Streu**, (w.) f. litter; bed of straw, shake-down.

Streu..., *from* *Streuen* & *Streu*, in comp. -*blau*, n. strewing small, blue frost; -*büchse*, f. a box with a perforated lid, used for sprinkling; sand-box; pounce-box; (*flour*) dredger; (pepper)-caster; -*büchsenbaum*, m. *Bot.* sand-box-tree (*Eamblichsenbaum*); -*gebel*, f. litter-fork; -*glas*, n. powder-brass; -*glas*, n. glass-grit; -*gold*, n. gold-powder, venturine; -*harzen*, m. *see* -*rechen*; -*huhn*, m. seed-cake; -*hühner*, n. globule; -*mehl*, n. dredging meal or flour; -*pulver*, n. powder for sprinkling (in a wound), cataplasm; -*rechen*, m. *Huch.* litter-rake; -*sand*, m. writing-sand, pounce; -*sand* *schüssel*, n. pounce-box; -*sand* *schüssel*, n. sand-dish; -*sand* *stein*, m. *Geol.* coarse granular stone; -*streu*, n. litter-straw; -*streu*, pl. -*werf*, m. embossed paperings; -*süß*, m. powdered sugar.

Streu *Streu*ig, (w.) f. *Bot.* toothwort (*Stupp*); **Streu**en, (w.) v. l. *tr.* 1) to strew, scatter, sprinkle; 2) *fig.* to disseminate, spread, scatter; dem *Biehe* -, to make a litter; II. *intr.* to spread the shot (of guns), gut -, to yield much straw (of corn).

Streuer, (str.) m. a kind of fishing-net.

Streuig, (str.) m. anything strewn or adapted to be strewn. [*acc.*]

Streuung, (w.) f. the (act of) strewing, **Streu**ig, (str.) m. 1) a) stroke; dash; line; touch; b) streak, stripe (*Streifen*, 1); 2) *Mus.* *acc.* manner of playing, touch; 3) *see* *Streu*ig; 4) a) track, rut; b) *acc.* track, wake (of a ship); dd) course (*Rauf*, 1); 5) a) direction (of the wind); b) *Mar.* point of the compass, rhumb; space of the sea; c) country, region; tract (of land); 6) grain, direction of the fibres or other component particles of wood or other substance, veins; 7) return, departure, migration (of birds of passage); 8) flight (of birds); flock (of larks); covey (of partridges); walk (of snipes); 9) a) sparrow-brood, fry; b) spawning; 10) batch (of tiles); 11) der - *Pulver*, a train of gunpowder;

12) — am Euter, dag; 13) stroll, walk, ramble; auf dem —, upon the stroll; 14) frill (Streif); das Schiff hält (den) —, the ship keeps her course or the weather-gauge; das Schiff hält einen guten —, the ship is a good sailer; die Schnepfe auf dem Str-e, Sport. the snipe at walk; in einem Str-e, continually; den — halten, to stand the touch; to keep in the line; einen — durch eine Rechnung zc. machen, to draw a line or run the pen through an account, &c.; *fig.* — ein — durch die Rechnung, dis-appointment; Einem einen — durch die Rechnung machen, to disappoint, thwart, balk, frustrate one, *coll.* to spoil one's sport; mit Str-en vorsetzen, *Comm.* to mark with ticks or inverted commas; ich habe heute auch nicht einen — gemacht, I have not done a stroke of work today (or nothing at all); wider oder gegen den —, against the grain, the wrong way; einen — haben, *fig.* 1. to be a little tipsy; 2. to be a little cracked; Einem auf dem — haben, to keep a sharp eye on one; to be prejudiced against one, to be irritated (at), provoked (by), &c.; einen — von Coquette haben, to have a dash, touch, &c. of the coquette (*cf.* Anstrich 3); auf den — ver- setzen, to sell by auction.

Strickelchen, (*provenc.* Strickel) (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Strick) coll. little stroke.

Strick... in comp. — Strit, n. *see* Strick- bret; — compass, n. *Mar.* mariner's compass; — farn, n. *Bot.* spleenwort (*Asplenium* L.); — garn, n. *Fish.* net for catching trout; — heu- schrede, f. *Zoölom.* migratory locust (*Werder- heuschrecke*); — holz, n. brushwood; — fisch, n. hardened or prepared quill; — frant, n. *see* Strickfrant; — naht, f. loop-stitch; — netz, n. *see* — garn; — punct, n. semicolon; — regen, n. partial rain; transient shower; — schindel, f. shingle plastered over with loam; — stein, n. *Min.* basalt; — stempel, n. *Bookb.* back- tool; — tafel, f. *Mar.* loxodromic table(s); — vogel, m. — gitt, f. *see* Strickvogel, Strick- gitt; — weise, *adv.* (*cf. Adj.*) 1) by flight, in flocks (of birds); 2) (occurring, &c.) here and there; — ganz, n. hurdled hedge in rivers.

Strick, (str.) m. 1) cord, rope, string; line, halter; snare; *cf.* Strang; 2) *fig.* good for nothing fellow, rip; rascal.

A. Strick... (*the preceding word*) in comp. — ählich, *adj.* rope-like; — ählich gedreht, *Bot.* torzile, coiled; — anspähe, f. *Math.* fanciful or catenarian problem; — bündel, *adj.* *see* Strickig; — brüde, f. *see* Strickbrüde; — gras, n. *Bot.* bog-rush (*Scheuchia* L.); — hand, n. leash-dog; — frant, n. *Bot.* *see* Strick- frant; — leiter, f. ladder of ropes, corded ladder; — frute, f. *Geom.* catenarian curve; — matte, f. rope-mat; — münch, m. Franciscan friar; — schaukel, f. swing; — verbed, n. *Mar.* netting to cover a ship against boarding; — werf, n. cordage, tackling.

B. Strick... (*from* Stricken) in comp. — arbeit, f. knit- or knitting-work; — beutel, m. knitting-bag; — bret, n. large wooden knitting-needle, mesh-wood; — garn, n. knitting yarn; — hefen, m. knitting-hook; — hüh- den, n. *pl.* *see* — schide; — küßchen, n. knitting- box; — korb, m. work-basket; — muster, n. pattern to knit from; — nadel, f. knitting- needle; — perle, f. small bugle; — schide, f. frame for knitting-needles, knitting-sheath; — schule, f. knitting-school; — stoff, m. knit- ting-stick for nets; — strumpf, m. stocking being in knitting; knitted stocking; — stuhl, n. loom, frame to knit stockings, &c.; — stube, f. lesson in knitting; — stütze, f. knitting- worsted; — zeng, n. knitting-implements, accessories for knitting; — zwirn, m. knitting thread.

Stricken, (w.) s. *tr.* & *intr.* to knit, net; ge- strichte Arbeit, *see* Strickarbeit.

Strick'er, (str.) n. 1) (Strick'erin, (w.) f.) knitter; 2) or — spinne, f. *Arach.* a genus of spiders (*Tetragnatha* Latr.).

Strickerel', (w.) f. knit-work; knitting.

Strief, Strie'fen, *provenc.* *see* Streif, Streifen.

Striegel, (w.) f. 1) curry-comb, horse- comb; 2) *Min.* &c. tap, bung; — blech, n. iron for curry-combs; — haarig, *adj.* *Bot.* strigose, strigous; — hauss, n. *Min.* safe of the pond-bung; — mischel, f. *Conch.* a species of razor-fish (*Psammodon strigilatus* L.); — schacht, m. *Min.* shaft of the pond-plug; — jaffen, m. *see* Striegel, 2).

Striegelin, (w.) s. & *tr.* 1) to curry, curry- comb (a horse); 2) *fig.* to censure, *anal.* to cut up. [*scar.*]

Strie'me, (w.) f. stripe, streak, weal, mark, Strie'men, (w.) v. & *tr.* to stripe.

Strie'mig, *adj.* striped; wealy.

Strie'zel, (str.) m. & (w.) f. 1) Bak. a kind of long cake or bread; 2) *Conf.* stick (of bar- ley-sugar).

Striep'e, (w.) f. strap; loop (of a boot).

Striep'en, (w.) v. & *tr.* to strap.

Striepp'ez, (str.) n. *Min.* striated shining lead-ore.

Striepp'ig, *adj.* uneven (of cloth).

Striepp'le, (w.) f. 1) eat-of-nine-tails; 2) a beating.

Stritt'ig, *adj.* *Law.* *see* Streitig.

Strä'bel, (str.) m. *provenc.* cone of pines;

— laß, m. 1) bristly head, shock of hair;

2) perverse, obstinate fellow; — stern, m. hair-

— stro'fe, *see* Strophe. [*star, comet.*]

Sträh, (str.) n. straw; mit — decken, to thatch; coll-s. auf dem — liegen, 1. to be reduced to great distress; 2. to be dead; 3. to lie in the straw, to lie in; auf — bringen, to reduce to poverty; ferret — decken, to thrash chaff, to make bricks without straw; — im Kopf haben, bumm sein wie —, to be stupid.

Sträh... in comp. — arbeit, f. straw-work;

— band, n. straw-band; — bett, n. straw-bed;

— blume, f. 1) *Bot.* everlasting, cudweed (*Gnaphalium* L.); 2) chaff-wood, xerantheme (*Xeranthemum* L.); 3) artificial flower made of straw; — boden, m. straw-loft; — bündel, m. *Comm.* red-herring packed in straw;

— busch, n. truss of straw; — butter, f. butter made when the cattle feed on straw; — dach, n. thatched roof, thatch; — decke, f. cover of straw; straw-mat; — decker, m. thatcher.

Sträh'ern, *adj.* 1) of straw, straw-built;

2) *fig.* insipid, dull.

Sträh... in comp. — farbe, f. straw-colour;

— farben, — farbig, *adj.* straw-coloured;

— fellen, f. *pl.* *Comm.* fleas packed up in straw;

— flebel, f. rebeck; — flasche, f. wicker-bottle;

— flechter, m. straw-plaiter, straw-worker;

— futter, n. 1) *Hueb.* feeding on straw; 2) case or lining of straw; — gellecht, n. straw plaiting; — halm, m. (blade of) straw, halm;

— hauf, m. yellow hemp; — heube, f. straw- bonnet; — haufen, m. heap of straw; — hut, m. straw-hat; straw-bonnet; (italienisch) Leghorn hat or bonnet; — hütle, f. thatched

Sträh'ig, *adj.* strawy. [*oot.*]

Sträh... in comp. — junfer, m. *conf.* country squire; — laß, m. *conf.* silly person,

blockhead; — frauz, m. straw wreath; straw crown; — laße, f. *Swy.* splint; — lager, m. straw-bed; pallet; — latte, f. thin lath for thatch; — lehm, m. loam mixed with straw;

— mann, m. 1) man of straw, scare-crow; 2) Gam. dummy (in whist); 3) *fig.* lay-figure;

— matte, f. straw-mat; — meffer, n. straw- knife, chaff-knife; — miß, m. mauve con- sisting of straw litter; — mühle, — schneid- band, f. straw-cutting-machine; — papier, n. straw-paper; — perle, f. *see* — schmelz; — sad, m. sack filled with straw; straw-bed, pad of

straw, straw-mattress; — schmelz, m. straw bugle; — schneiber, m. 1) chopper of straw; 2) *Ichth.* *see* Kioje; — seil, n. straw-rope; — seffel, m. straw-bottomed chair; — stg, m. straw-bottom; — stuhl, m. *see* — seffel; — teller, m. straw table-mat, straw (dish-)mat; — wearen, f. *pl.* (plaited) straw-goods; — wein, m. *vin de paille*; — wiß, m. wisap of straw; — wittwe, f. mock-widow, Am. grass-widow; — wittwer, m. mock-widower; — wittwe or — wittwer sein, *coll.* to hang out the broom.

Sträh'ing, (str.) m. *Mar.* shear of a ship.

Sträh'ig, (str.) m. *coll.* 1) *see* Stromer;

2) saunterer, lounge. — Sträh'igen, (w.) v. *intr.* to stroll, saunter, lounge.

Ström, (str., *pl.* Strö'me) m. 1) stream,

torrent, flood; gush; 2) current, tide, course;

3) large river, (large) stream; der Regen floß in Strömen herab, the rain came down in torrents; dem — folgen, 1. to go or swim with or down the stream; 2. or in den — gefahren, to fall in with the times; dem — todt folgen, to stem the tide or flood; 4) *provenc.* (young) countryman, farmer.

Ström... (*cf.* Fluß...), in comp. — ab, — abwärt, *adv.* down (the) stream, down-

river; — ab fahren, to go down; — amfel, f. *Orvith.* water-ousel; — an, — auf, — aufwärt, *adv.* up (the) stream, against the stream;

— auf fahren, to ascend the river; — aufgehende Gitter, up-goods; — auf gehen, to tow a-head;

— baß, f. deepest part of any flowing water, stream; — bett, n. bed or bottom of a river,

river-bed; — blitt, — butt, m. *see* Elbbutt;

— enge, f. narrow or narrowest part of a river or current; — fahrteng, n. river-boat; — frei-

heit, f. free river-navigation; — gang, m. sea-

current; — lerb, m. wear, weir; — meffer, m. *Hydr.*, &c. contrivance for ascertaining the

rapidity of a current; — schiffer, m. 1) master of a river-boat; 2) fresh-water-man; — schnelle, f. 1) rapidity of the stream, current; 2) *pl.* rapids; — strich, m. current or fair way of a river; — thal, n. valley watered by a river or torrent; — thör, n. current-gate; — wächter, m. conservator of a river; — weise, *adv.* as a stream, in torrents; — zinn, n. *Min.* stream- tin, granular tin; — züßer, m. *pl.* river-dues.

Strö'men, (w.) v. *l. intr.* (*aux.* sein) to stream;

to flow, run; to gush, pour; to rush, flock; das Feld strömte von Blut, the field ran red with blood; II. *tr.* *, to pour (forth), to shed. [*vagrant.*]

Strö'mer, (str.) m. *conf.* vagabond, stroller,

Strö'm'rin, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Strom) streamlet.

Ström'ling, (str.) m. a kind of small herring in the Baltic. Swedish anchovy.

Strö'mung, (w.) f. a streaming; current, flood; — unter der Oberfläche, under-current, underoot.

Strö'm'sch, (str.) m. *Ichth.* a species of *Charadon* (*Scatophagus argus* Cuv.), *cf.* Strunt.

[*strontianite, strontites.*]

* Strö'm'ian, (str.) m. (*Engl.*) *Miner.*

* Strö'm'pe, (w.) f. (*Gr.*) 1) strophe; 2) stanza; — Strö'm'pich, *adj.* strophic.

Strop, (str.) m. *Mar.* strop; Strop'pe, (w.) f. strop-loop; Strop'pen, (w.) v. & *tr.* to strop.

Strop'fe, (w.) f. *Min.* stope (one of the steps into which the upper surface of an excavation is cut); St-narbel, f., St-nben, m. (coffin-)stopping, mining by banks; graduation (in a mine); St-näger, m. stopper, banksman.

Strop'band, m. *coll.* pot-belly.

Strop'en, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to be swelled, to be puffed up, to be exuberant, to superabound;

to abound (von, into), to teem, swarm (with); 2) to strut; *tr.* — enb, p. a. swelling (sail, &c.); distended (adder). [*Boffig, 1c.*]

Strub, *adj.* *provenc.* (*S. G.*) *see* Struppig,

(Bartmeier); —*röhren*, *n.* Bot. grass of *Paranassus* (*Paranassa palustris* L.); —*späße*, *f.* students' slang; —*verbündung*, *f.* association of students; —*violen*, *f.* Bot. lupine (*Lupinus* L.); —*Studentenchaft*, *Studentisch*, *adj.* & *adv.* student-like; —*Studentenschaft*, *(w.) f.* collected (the body of) students; —*Studententum*, *(adv.) n.* state or condition of a student.

**Studie*, *(w.) f.* Draw. academical figure; *Paint.* study; *Et-zzeichnung*, *f.* a preparatory sketch, study.

**Studien*, *(w.) pl.* (of *Studium*) studies, pursuits; *in comp.* —*director*, *m.* 1) director of the board of national education; 2) (or —*verfasser*) school-director; —*jahre*, *n. pl.* —*zeit*, *f.* student years; —*rat*, *m.* board (or member of a board) of national education; —*stipendium*, *f.* see *Stipendium*, 1.

**Studiren*, *(w.) v. tr. & intrans.* (Lat.) 1) to study; fleißig —, to live or lead a studious life, to have studious habits; —*lassen*, to send to college or to a university; sie haben zusammen studirt, they have been at the university together; 2) *fig.* to meditate (auf *with Acc.*), upon).

**Studir...*, *in comp.* —*lampe*, *f.* reading lamp; —*stube*, *f.* —*zimmer*, *m.* study, closet, library; —*zeit*, *f.* time (hours) of study.

**Studirt*, *p. a.* 1) studied; artfully contrived, refined; 2) educated; der *St-e*, *m.* scholar, learned or professional man.

**Studium*, *(adv.) pl.* (w.) *Studien*, which *see* *n.* study, (literary) pursuit.

Stu'te, *(w.) f.* 1) *Baukd.* step; stair; die abgewinkelte —, weathered step; die gegliederte, übergerundete —, chamfered step; die sich verjüngende —, diminishing step; —*einer* graden Treppe, *fl.* 2) *a) Mus.* degree (of the scale); *b) fig.* degree, grade; stage; standard; auf die — der Ehre herabsetzen, to bring down to a level with the brutes; 3) *Tail. & Sew.* tuck; cune — ausheften, to let down a tuck; 4) *Min.* a large piece of ore forming a terrace or step, trap; pattern (of ore).

Stuf'eisen, *(adv.) n.* *Min.* gad, piker.
Stu'ten, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to cut steps into ...; 2) *Min.* to beat.

Stuf'en..., *in comp.* —*after*, *n.* the several stages of human life, age; —*auflage*, *f.* see —*höhe*; —*artig*, *adj.* like steps or degrees; gradual; —*breite*, *f.* tread of a step; —*erz*, *n.* ore in pieces, *cf.* *Stufe*, 4; —*folge*, *f.* —*gang*, *m.* —*leiter*, *f.* gradation, gradual progress or succession, scale; *Unterufen nach der —*, ladder, interest on the progressive scale; —*formig*, *adj.* in the form of steps; —*graben*, *f. pl.* ore in grains; —*hals*, *m.* *Baukd.* small end of a step; —*höhe*, *f.* height of a step, riser; —*jahr*, *m.* climacterical year, climacteric, every seventh year of human life; —*kreis*, *n.* *Harald.* cross perronne; —*nutz*, *f.* step-groove; —*pfiste*, *f.* Pan's pipe; —*pfism*, *m.* gradual psalm; —*reife*, *f.* see —*folge*; —*sammeln*, *f.* cabinet of ores; —*tünn*, *adj.* diatonic; —*weise*, *adv.* (*cf.* *adj.* proceeding, &c.) by steps; by degrees, gradually.

Stuf..., *in comp.* *Min.-s.* —*erz*, —*wert*, *n.* pieces of pure ore; —*probe*, *f.* assay of an ore; —*schick*, *m.* buddled shlick.

Stuhl, *(adv.) pl.* *Stühle* (m.) 1) chair; stool; seat; 2) *T.-s.* *a) see* *Küchenstuhl*, *Wohnstuhl*, *Dachstuhl*, *Wochenstuhl*; *b) Mar.-s.* —*eines* Stügels, spindle or staff of a vane; —*eines* Rades, foot supporting a mast; *c) Raths-* chair (of a rail), cradle; 3) *a)* (a president's) chair; *b)* seat, see (of a spiritual lord or prince); 4) *see* —*gang*; *zu St-e gehen*, to go to stool, to be moved, *cf.* —*gang*; (*Einem*) den — vor die Thüre setzen, 1. to dismiss, discharge; 2. to quit abruptly.

Stuhl..., *in comp.* —*ballen*, *m. pl.* see *Dachstuhlballen*; —*becken*, *n.* chair-pan, close-

stool-pan; —*bein*, *n.* leg of a chair; —*beschlag*, *m.* furniture of a chair; —*huber*, *m.* see —*flechter*.

Stüh'chen, *(adv.) n.* (*dimin.* of *Stuhl*) 1) little chair; 2) *Mar.* flag-staff at the mast-heads.

Stuhl'..., *in comp.* —*fabricant*, *m.* 1) chair-maker; 2) frame-maker; —*feder*, *f.* chair-bottom-spring; —*feier*, *f.* St. Peter's day; —*flechter*, *m.* one that makes cane- or straw-bottoms for chairs, chair-bottomer; —*gang*, *m.* *Med.* stool; alvine excretion; *harter* —*gang*, see *Verstopfung*; 2; er hatte dreimal —*gang*, his bowels were relieved three times; den —*gang* befeuern, dejectory; —*gelb*, *n.* pew-rent; —*genuß*, *m.* dependent on a jurisdiction; —*gerüst*, *n.* T. frame of a loom; —*gurte*, *pl.* girth-webbing for chairs; —*herr*, *m.* lord justice; —*lappe*, *f.* chair-cover, case of chair; —*leihen*, *n.* chair-cushion; —*knie*, *n.* *Mar.* knee of a boat-rudder; —*kranz*, *n.* see *Hauhechel*; —*laßhe*, *f.* *Raths-* fish-chair (*T. Tack.*); —*leben*, *n.* (l. w.) sedentary life; —*lehne*, *f.* back of a chair; —*macher*, *m.* chair-maker; —*macherbührer*, *m.* chair-bit; —*man- gel*, *m.* costiveness; —*nette*, *f.* see *Dachpfette*; —*platte*, *f.* see *Stoffplatte*; —*pöfster*, *n.* bolster or pillow of a chair; —*richter*, *m.* judge, president of a tribunal (especially in Hungary); —*rohr*, *n.* cane for chair-bottoms, rattans; —*rolle*, *f.* chair-caster; —*ruhe*, *f.* *Corp.* roof-post (*Dachstuhl*); *liegende* —*ruhe*, sloping-post in a roof, ashler-piece; —*schiene*, *f.* *Raths-* rail resting upon a chair or cradle; —*schitten*, *m.* small hand-ledge in form of a chair; sleigh; —*schreiber*, *m.* clerk or registrar in a court of justice; —*schwelle*, *f.* *Raths-* pole-plate; —*seger*, *m.* —*segerin*, *f.* pew-opener; —*sitz*, *m.* chair-seat, bottom of a chair; —*stein*, *m.* stone-block; —*übergang*, *m.* see —*lappe*; —*verstopfung*, *f.* *Med.* costiveness (*Stuhl*); —*wagen*, *m.* see *Rothwagen*; —*zeug*, *n.* seating; *Med.-s.* —*stühlchen*, *n.* suppository; —*zwang*, *m.* a continual inclination to go to stool without a discharge, obstruction, tenesmus.

**Stuhl*, *Stuhlfahrer*, see *Stuhl* 1c.

Stuh'le, *(w.) f.* *provinc.* see *Stolle* (n), 2.
Stuhl, *(adv.) n.* 1) Lock-sm. (*Stuhl*, *Stirn-* fette des Schloßleches) ledge (*Thür.*); fore-brim (*T. Tack.*); 2) see *Stuhle*.

Stuhl'bohrer, *(adv.) m.* T. auger.
Stuhl'pe, *Stuhl'pe*, *(w.) f.* 1) *Shoe-m.* &c., top (of a boot, &c.); 2) T. pulley-piece; 3) cock of a hat; 4) pot-lid; *St-nstiel*, *m.* pl. top-boots.

Stuhl'pen, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to cover, to put the lid on; 2) to cock (a hat); 3) to turn the upside down; to turn up; to tilt.

Stuhl'..., *in comp.* —*bandschuh*, *m.* gauntlet; fencing glove; —*hut*, *m.* cocked hat; —*leder*, *n.* boot-top leather; —*luste*, *f.* *Mar.* bordered scuttle-cover; —*nase*, *f.* turned-up nose, snub-nose; —*schieß*, *f.* *Mar.* preventer-croastree; —*stiesel*, *m.* top-boot; —*strumpf*, *m.* rolled stocking.

Stumm, *I. adj.* dumb, mute; silent; *II. cf.* *Spiele*, dumb-show, by-play (of actors); —*machen*, to strike dumb; to pose; der *Wein* ist —, the wine is flat of taste; *II. St-e*, *s.* (*m. & f.*, *decl. like adj.*) a mute person, mute, dumb; die *St-e* von *Pertici*, the dumb girl of Portici.

Stumm'el, *Stumm'el*, *(adv.) m.* stump, end, remnant; short pipe; tag-end (of a cigar).

Stumm'eln, *(w.) v.* to mutilate, &c., see *Verstümmeln*; der gestümmelte *Adler*, *Harald*, an eagle without beak or feet, allusion.

Stumm'heit, *(w.) f.* muteness, dumbness, aphony.

Stumm'wein, *(adv.) m.* stum.
Stum'pe, *(w.) m.*, *Stum'pen*, *(adv.) m.*

see *Stumpf*; *St-en*, *pl.* noils of carded waste-silk.

Stum'per, *(adv.) m.* bungler. — *Stum'perci*, *(w.) f.* the act, custom, or a piece of) bungling, bungling work.

Stum'perhaft, *Stum'permäßig*, *adj.* bungling, unskilful, stupid.

Stum'pern, *(w.) v. intrans. & tr.* to bungle, dabble, huddle.

Stumpf, *(adv.) pl.* *Stümpfe* *m.* stump, trunk, short-end; mit — und *Stiel* austreten, *proverb.* to extirpate, destroy root and branch or rump and stump.

Stumpf, *I. adj.* 1) stumpy, short; 2) blunt, dull; *Bot. & Geom.* obtuse; 3) *fig.* a) dull, stupid, insipid; b) worn out, infirm, weak; ein *St-er* *Segler*, *Mar.* a bad sailer; —*machen*, 1. to blunt, dull, *cf.* *Abstumpfen*, 2, a; 2. to set on edge (teeth); mit *St-en* *Waffen* *schneiden*, *lit. & fig.* to fence with buttoned foils; —*reiten*, to founder (a horse).

Stümpf'chen, *(adv.) n.* (*dimin.* of *Stumpf*) stump, end; a short piece (of candle).

Stümpfen, *Stümpfen*, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to blunt, dull; to set on edge; 2) to lop, dock; to crop, curtain.

Stumpf..., *in comp.* —*fuß*, *m.* club-foot; —*füßig*, *adj.* club-footed; —*geff*, *f.* see *Stoff-gasse*; —*gefühl*, *n.* insensibility; *Med.* inanition; —*horn*, *n.* —*muschel*, *f.* *Conch.* wedge-shell (*Donaue* L.); —*lap*, *m.* 1) flat-head; 2) *fig.* blockhead; —*nase*, *f.* flat nose, turned-up nose, snub-nose; —*näsig*, *adj.* flat-nosed, snub-nosed; —*rechnungen*, *pl.* bad debts; —*schwanz*, *m.* 1) bob-tail; 2) crop-tailed horse; —*schwänzen*, *(adv.) v. tr.* to cut the tail of ...; to dock; —*starr*, *m.* stupidity; dullness of feeling; —*winkefig*, *adj.* *Geom.* obtuse-angular.

Stümpf'heit, *f.* bluntness; dullness.

Stümppling, *(adv.) m.* 1) a truncated or mutilated body; 2) a kind of pear.

Stun'chen, *(adv.) n.* (*dimin.* of *Stunde*) 1) little or short hour; 2) a cosy hour (*cf.* *Stündlein*).

Stun'de, *(w.) f.* 1) hour; 2) league; 3) lesson; auf die —, punctually; in der —, per hour; zur —, presently, immediately; den *Stun* an, from this or that moment; —*halten*, *St-n* geben, to give lessons; die —*halten*, *see* *Einhalten* I, 2, b; dem *Stündigen* schlägt keine —, the happy never think of time; seine gedanke — haben, to be continually angry; etwas in der *Stun* — thun, to do a thing the very last moment.

Stunden, *(w.) v. tr.* 1) to fix the time; 2) see *Stunden*.

Stunden..., *in comp.* —*blume*, *f.* Bot. changeable rose, rose mallow, Venice mallow (*Hibiscus trionum* L.); —*bret*, *n.* *Mar.* log-board; —*kreis*, *m.* *Astr.* horary circle; —*eibisch*, *m.* see —*blume*; —*fuß*, *m.* *Horol.* horary foot; —*gebet*, *m.* horary prayer, *pl.* hours, horns; —*geld*, *m.* money for a lesson, price of a lesson; —*glas*, *n.* hour-glass; —*glode*, *f.* hour-bell; —*kreis*, *m.* *Astr.* horary circle; —*kreis*, *m.* *gnomonic* cross; —*lang*, *adv.* for hours (together), by the hour; —*lauf*, *m.* revolution of the hours or time; —*linie*, *f.* 1) *Astr.* meridian; 2) *Dial.* hour-line; —*marke*, *f.* ticket of a lesson; —*messer*, *m.* horometer; —*messung*, *f.* horometry; —*plan*, *m.* plan or table of lessons; —*rad*, *m.* hour-wheel; plate-wheel; —*ring*, *m.* hour or horary circle; —*rufer*, *m.* man that calls the hours, watchman; —*stunde*, *f.* 1) cylindrical dial; 2) mile-post; —*stunde*, *f.* T. compasses; —*teiger*, *m.* —*uhr*, *f.* clock, watch having only an hour-hand; —*stab*, *m.* *gnomonic* staff; —*stein*, *m.* mile-stone; —*tafel*, *f.* 1) *gnomonic* table; 2) see —*plan*; 3) see *Tagbrett*; —*uhr*, *f.* clock that marks the hours only; —*weise*, *adv.* hourly, by the hour; —*zeiger*, —*zeit*, *m.*

1) hour-hand; 2) dial; horoscope; —*uhr*, *f.* more hours.
see —*uhr*.

... *stündig*, *adj.* (in comp.) lasting one or
Stündlein, (*str.*) *n.* (provinc.: [S. G.]
Stündlein, [Alemann.:] *Stündli*) (dimin. of
Stunde) *, little or short hour (cf. *Stünd-*
chen); *sein* — *ist gekommen*, his hour is come.
Stündlich, *adj.* & *adv.* hourly, (occurring)
 every hour; *T. horary*.

Stundung, *see* *Gefundung*.

Stunze, (*v.*) *f.* *see* *Stelle*.

Stupf, (*str.*) *m.* provinc. (S. G.) push. —
Stupfessen, (*str.*) *n.* goad. — *Stupfel*, (*str.*)
m. 1) goad; 2) *see* *Stirre*, B.; 3) *see* *Stoppel*, 1.
 — *Stupfen*, (*v.*) *v.* *tr.* to push; to goad.
Stupfwand, (*str.*) *n.* hive-dross.

Sturm, (*str.*, pl. *Stürme*) *m.* 1) storm,
 tempest; *Mar. gale*; hurricane; 2) violent
 noise, alarm, tumult; 3) *Mil.* violent attack,
 assault, storm; 4) *Cook* summons; 5) *fig.*
 turbulence, violence, fury, passion; — *bläsen*,
 to blow the signal for storming; — *läuten*,
 to ring the alarm-bell; — *laufen*, *m.* *pl.*
 to make an assault (auf *with Acc.*, upon), to
 charge with the bayonet; die *Einnaht* *Stur-*
stapels durch —, the capture of S. by assault;
 den — ausfallen, *fig.* to bear the brunt; die
 — und *Drang-Periode*, *Germ. Lit. Hist.*
 storm-and-stress-period (period of great in-
 tellectual convulsion, during the last quarter
 of the last century).

Sturm..., in comp. — *anfang*, *m.* onset;
 — *bell*, — *bis*, *m.* herisson; — *band*, *m.* 1)
Port. prick-post, brace; 2) stay (of a military
 cap, &c.); — *bad*, *m.* battering-ram; — *bonnet*,
m. *Mar.* first bonnet laced on a sail; — *bret*,
n. herisson; — *colonne*, *f.* — *commando*, *n.*
Mil. scaling- or escalading party; — *bad*, *n.*
 (ancient warfare) tortoise, testudo, a contri-
 vance for screening troops; — *beiß*, *m.* break-
 water; — *egge*, *f.* *see* — *beßen*; — *eile* (*Stur-*
cile), *f.* great haste.

Stürmen, (*v.*) *v.* I. *intr.* 1) to storm; 2)
 to rush; to roar; 3) to rage, fume; 4) to ring
 the alarm-bell; *es stürmt*, it storms, it blows
 a tempest; *es stürmt heftig*, (coll.) it blows
 great guns; mit *stürmender Hand* eobren, to take
 by storm; II. *tr.* *Mil.* 1) to assault; 2) to
 storm, take or carry by storm; ein *Thor* —,
 to force a gate.

Stürmer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) blusterer; 2) as-
 saultor; 3) *coll.* a large (cooked) hat, cf.
Sturmhut, 1.

Sturm..., in comp. — *faß*, *f.* war-
 standard; — *laß*, *n.* water-tub used in con-
 flagrations; — *sch*, *adj.* tempest-proof, firm; —
schäße, *f.* — *heßen*, — *frug*, *m.* clay powder-
 flask; — *flut*, *f.* high tide raised by a storm,
 barr; — *gatter*, *n.* portcullis; — *gepösch*, *p. a.*
 tempest-beaten; — *geräth*, *n.* implements for
 storming; — *glode*, *f.* alarm-bell; — *gafen*, *m.*
see *Feuerhafen*, 1; — *hahpel*, *m.* *Port.* *cheval de*
frise; — *haube*, *f.* 1) morion, steel-cap, casque;
 2) *Conch.* helmet- or casque-shell (*Gastia*
Lam.); — *hut*, *m.* 1) morion; 2) *Bot.* (wolf-
 tödender) wolf's-bane, monk's hood, aconite
 (*Aconitum lycoctonum* L.); — *iget*, *m.* *Port.*
 spiked beam, horrison.

Stürmisch, (*l. u.* *Stürmig*) *adj.* 1) stormy,
 tempestuous, boisterous, blustering; *Mar.*
 dirty (weather); 2) impetuous, dashing; fierce;
 furious; uproarious, tumultuous; die *Vöste*
 war — *bröget*, the Exchange was in an uproar.

Sturm..., in comp. — *füge*, *f.* *see* — *bad*;
 — *küßer*, *m.* *Mar.* storm-jib; — *löben*, *m.*
 club; — *traug*, *m.* serpent, fire-circle; — *frug*,
n. fiery-cross; — *laufen*, *n.* assault; — *läufer*,
m. assailant; — *lefter*, 1) scaling-ladder;
 2) fire-ladder; 3) *Mar.* gallery-ladder, quar-
 ter-ladder; — *lüde*, *f.* breach in a wall; —
marß, *m.* *see* — *schritt*; — *meve*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1)
see — *vogel*; 2) a kind of gull (*Larus canus*

L.); — *partel*, *f.* *see* — *commande*; — *periode*, *f.*
see *Sturm*; — *plaf*, *m.* pallisado; — *stürzen*, *pl.*
Mar. dead-lights; — *stump*, *f.* *see* *Reitenpump*;
 — *riemen*, *m.* *see* — *band*, 2; — *sch*, *m.* leather-
 sack with fuses; — *schritt*, *m.* *Mil.* rapid
 march, quickest time; double quick-step;
 — *schuß*, *m.* shot with ball; — *schwalbe*, *f.*
Ornith. storm-linch, storm-petrel (*Procellaria*
pelagica L.); — *see*, *f.* heavy sea; — *sege*, *n.*
 lug-sail; — *stange*, *f.* coach-joint; — *streb*, *f.*
 brace (of a window); — *taucher*, *m.* *Ornith.*
 shearwater petrel, Manx puffin (*Puffinus An-*
gustum Tem.); — *topf*, *m.* *see* — *schäße*; —
 — *verhänger*, — *vogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* storm-bird,
 stormy petrel (*Procellaria pelagica* L.); — *walze*,
f. *see* — *ballen*; — *wetter*, *n.* stormy or tempe-
 stuous weather; — *wind*, *m.* storm, tempest;
 hurricane, heavy gale; — *wolke*, *f.* storm
 cloud; — *zug*, *n.* *see* — *geräth*.

Sturz, (*str.*, pl. *Stürze*) *m.* 1) a sudden
 and violent fall; tumble; plunge, rush (of the
 waves, &c.), a hurling down; shock; 2) fall,
 overthrow, ruin; 3) precipice; fall of water,
 cataract; 4) something projecting; stump;
 5) *Min.* place where earth (rubbish) is put;
 6) plough-tail; 7) *Archit.* cap-piece, lintel;
 8) *Sport.* single, seat (of a deer); 9) T. white
 iron-plate; 10) apron of the priest officiating
 at the mass; 10) mourning-veil.

Sturz... (cf. *Stürz...*), in comp. — *ader*,
m. acre ploughed or tilled for the first time
 after having lain fallow; — *bad*, *m.* plunge-
 bath; — *baum*, *see* *Burjelbaum*; — *blech*, *n.* 1)
 sheet-iron, plate-iron; 2) slab-plate; — *bühne*,
f. *Min.* stand for the iron or skip.

Stürze, (*v.*) *f.* 1) cover, (pot-)lid; 2) *Mus.*
 bell-mouth (Schallfäß); — *aufwärts*, bell-
 mouth upwards; — *verwärts*, horizontal bell-
 mouth; 3) *see* *Sturz*, 6; — *becher*, *m.* 1) *see*
Deckelbecher; 2) tippler.

Stürzel, *Stürzgel*, (*str.*) *m.* stump.

Stürzen, (*v.*) *v.* I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to be
 precipitated, to tumble, fall; to rush, dash;
 to gush, pour; II. *tr.* 1) to hurl, throw,
 plunge, precipitate; 2) a) to overthrow, over-
 turn, upset; b) to undo, ruin; 3) to turn over,
 to tilt, shoot (a cart); to turn out, start (a caulk);
 to stir (corn); 4) a) to cover with a top or
 lid; b) to put (the cover, &c.) on ...; 5) *fig.*
 to plunge, involve (into debts, &c.); *Eier* —,
 to poach eggs; den *Äfter* —, *Ag.* to plough a
 field for the first time; das *Getreide* —, to
 stir the corn with a shovel; vom *Throne* —,
 to dethrone; sich —, *fig.* to cast one's self, to
 rush, plunge; sich auf (*with Acc.*) —, to dash
 upon ...; gestürzt, *p. a.* *Bot.* resupinate; *Herold*.
 reversed. [a thing.]

Stürzende, (*irr.*) *n.* foot, thick end of
Stürzer, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* wheelbarrow man.
Stürz..., in comp. — *laß*, *n.* colander; —
 — *güter*, *n.* pl. loose, weighable, heavy goods;
 articles which are thrown loose into the hold
 of a ship without being previously packed;
 mit — *gütern* beladen, laden in bulk; — *larren*,
m. tumble, whip-cart, snap-cart; — *ort*, —
platz, *m.* *see* — *raum*; — *rinne*, *f.* *Archit.*
 reversed ogee; — *schüssel*, *f.* shovel for stirring
 corn; — *ratt*, *f.* *Sport.* place where a wounded
 deer falls.

Stürzling, (*str.*) *m.* pruned vine (*Sturzel*).
Sturz... (cf. *Stürz...*), in comp. — *hang*,
m. precipice; — *hänge*, *f.* T. hinge-band plant
 on both sides; — *heber*, *n.* crupper; — *rad*, *n.*
Min. wheel for emptying the tun; *Sturz-*
raum, — *raum*, *m.* *see* *Sturz*, 6; — *schürze*, *f.*
Min. tilting-chain; — *see*, *f.* *Mar.* heavy sea;
 pooping sea; — *sen* an *Vord* besommen, to
 ship seas; — *stange*, *f.* T. bar of the lintel;
 — *trog*, *m.* *Min.* tun, skip; — *verflechtung*, *f.*
 T. casing of the lintel; — *wand*, *f.* precipi-
 tous side of a rock; — *weg*, *m.* steep way; —
 — *welle*, *f.* *see* — *see*.

Stut, (*v.*) *f.* 1) mare; 2) provinc. a kind
 of roll; in comp. *Stutstutten*, *Stutstutten*, *n.*
 silly, a female or mare-colt, foal; *Stut-*
meister, *m.* stud-master; *Stutmeisterei*, *f.* provinc.
 harem-moon.

Stuterei, (*v.*) *f.* stud; in comp. — *huch*,
m. groom employed in a stud; — *verwallter*,
see *Stutmeisterei*.

Stutstutten, *see* *Stutstutten*.

Stutstutten, (*str.*) *m.* colt.

Stut, (*str.*) *m.* 1) any thing curtailed,
 crop, dock; 2) bob, bob-wig; 3) crest; tuft
 of feathers, plume; 4) *Gunn.* *see* — *büsch*;
 5) *see* — *uhr*; 6) *see* — *glas*; 7) provinc. little
 wooden tub or vessel, cask, barrel; 8) *Lock-*
see *Stut*, 1; *auß* den —, *coll.* on a sudden.

Stut..., in comp. — *Ärmel*, *m.* short
 sleeve; — *bart*, *m.* mustachios; — *büsch*, *f.*
 short ride; musketoon; — *begen*, *see* — *schel*.

Stut... (from *Stuten*), in comp. — *bal-*
ten, *m.* *Comp.* shore; *Archit.* joint; — *bank*, *n.*
 T. jamb of a door; — *begen*, *m.* *Archit.* re-
 lieving-arch.

Stut, (*v.*) *f.* stay, prop, support, pillar;
Mar. prop, shore; die *Stut* hinter *der* *Büh-*
ne, the support of the bits. [sole; bracket.]

Stutstutten, (*str.*) *m.* T. stud-iron; con-
 — *Stutstutten*, (*str.*) *m.* any curtailed or short
 thing. [see *Stutstutten*.]

Stutstutten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Stutstutten*; 2)
Stutstutten, (*v.*) *v.* I. *tr.* 1) to crop, curtail;
 to clip (the wings); to top, lop, or prune
 (trees); to shear (a hedge); to trim (the beard);
 to dress (the hair); 2) to cock (a hat); II. *in-*
tr. 1) to stop; 2) to prick up the ears; to
 start, startle, to be startled (*über* *with Acc.*,
 at); 3) to butt (of ho-goats); mit *den* *Stuten* —,
 to touch glasses.

Stutstutten, (*v.*) *v.* I. *tr.* to but, prop, stay;
 to rest; to support; to back, to bear up; *an*
Stut *Empfehlung* *gestützt*, countenanced by
 your recommendation; eine *Herberung* *auf*
(with Acc.) —, to rest a claim upon ...;
 II. *ref.* 1) to lean, rest, or repose (on); 2) *fig.*
 to rely (upon); to be based upon; *gestützt*, *p. a.*
Bot. fulcrum. [to slog or cheat the glass.]

Stutstutten, *m.* *Mar.* coll. coin — *machen*,
Stutstutten, (*str.*) *m.* 1) dandy, beau, gallant,
 swell; 2) *see* *Stut*, 2, 4, 5 & 6. — *Stutstutten*,
(v.) f. the (act or custom of) strutting, flaunt-
 ing, finery, foolishness. — *Stutstutten*, (*v.*) *v.*
intr. to act or play the top, dandy.

Stut... (from *Stuten*), in comp. — *gabel*,
f. *Metall.* lever-hold; — *haken*, — *hegel*, *m.*
Lock- *m.* hasp or hook (of a door-hinge);
 casement-hook (of a window); — *holz*, *n.* —
stempel, *m.* *Min.* prop, stay; — *mauer*, *f.*
Archit. sustaining-wall; retaining-wall; —
punkt, *m.* point of support or rest; fulcrum
 (of a lever), bearing-surface; *fig.* foot-hold;
 — *stute*, *f.* *Mil.* post of a flood-gate; — *stut*,
m. T. main splinter of a basket.

Stut..., in comp. — *glas*, *n.* (wine-)glass
 with a short thick foot; — *hanselstut*, *m.* mitten;
 — *hänge*, *f.* tent-hinge; — *hüter*, *m.* *Endom.* head
 (*Hist. Lit.*); — *lopf*, *m.* 1) cropped hair;
 2) *Ichth.* dorado, dolphin (*Coryphæna hippa-*
ria L.); 3) *fig.* stubborn fellow; — *lauf*, *m.*
 short ridged barrel; — *lefter*, *f.* double ladder.
cf. Stutleiter; — *maßstut*, *f.* *Farr.* docking
 engine; — *uhr*, *n.* crop-eared horse; — *verrückt*,
f. bob-wig; — *rohr*, *n.* *see* — *büsch*; — *schel*,
 outlass, hanger; — *schwanz*, *m.* 1) bob-tail;
 2) horse which has its tail cropped; cropped
 horse; — *uhr*, *f.* time-piece, table-clock.

Stutstutten, *adj.* & *adv.* starting; perplexed,
 puzzled, at a loss; — *machen*, to startle, to
 puzzle, confuse; — *werden*, to start (*über*
with Acc., at); to become confused; to be
 nonplused, coll. to be all adrift.

Stutstutten, (*v.*) *f.* *Mar.* butt-scarf.
 * *Stutstutten*, *adj.* Stygian.

Bot-s. -brombeere, *f.* marsh-blackberry, cloudberry (*Rubus chamaemorus* L.); -ceder, -cyperste, *f.* deciduous American cypress (*Taxodium distichum* L.); -betterblume, *f.* marsh-marigold (*Caltha palustris* L.); -brisljad, *m.* marsh-arrow-grass (*Triglochin palustre* L.); -tiste, *f.* beef-wood-tree (*Ostrya paludosa* Sieber); -elstern, *m.* *Minor*. moor-ore, bog iron-ore.

Sumpfen, (*m.*) *v. see* Berumpfen.
Sumpf..., *in comp.* -ente, *f.* the young male of the common sea-duck, moor-duck (*Zascelente*); -erde, *f.* boggy soil; -erz, *n.* *Minor*. bog-(iron)-ore, swamp-ore (*Stefencisenstein*); -eule, *f.* *see* -ohrle; -fliste, -fleter, *f.* marsh-pine, swamp-pine (*Pinus palustris* Willd.); -fleber, *n.* *Med.* marsh-fever, sea-fever, intermittent fever; -gefligelslag, *f.* sea-shooting; -gegn, *f.* boggy or marshy country; marsh; -geruch, *m.* marshy smell; -graben, *m.* marshy ditch; -grube, *f.* marshy or boggy pit; -heide, *f.* 1) marshy heath, moor; 2) *Bot.* swamp-heath, marsh-heath (*Erica tetralix* L.); **Bot-s.** -heibelbeere, *f.* marsh-bilberry (*Vaccinium uliginosum* L.); -herzblatt, *n.* grass of Parnassus (*Parnassia palustris* L.); -huhn, *n.* *Ornith.* 1) water-hen, gallinule (*Rothhuhn*); 2) a genus of rail (*Ortygornis* Ray.).

Sumpfisch, *adj.* boglike; marshy, boggy, fenny, muddy.

Sumpf..., *in comp.* -fisch, *m.* T. lowest pipe of a pump; **Bot-s.** -flee, *m.* buckbean, marsh-troil (*Menyanthes trifoliata* L.); -freugrant, *n.* *see* -elstern; -laftrant, *n.* marsh-bedstraw (*Galium palustre* L.); -lache, *f.* slough, pool; -land, *n.* marsh or moorland; -luftrant, *n.* *Bot.* marsh-lousewort, red-rattle (*Pedicularis palustris* L.); -lust, *f.* -miasma, *n.* infectious vapours arising from marshes, marsh miasm, malaris; -meife, *f.* marsh-titmouse (*Parus palustris* L.); -ofen, *n.* *Med.* hearth-furnace; -ohrle, *f.* *Ornith.* marsh horned-owl (*Bubo brachyotus* var. *palustris* L.); -otter, *f.* Zool. lesser otter (*Neret*); -pflanze, *f.* any plant growing in bogs and marshes, marsh-plant; **Bot-s.** -platterste, *f.* marsh-chickling vetch (*Lathyrus palustris* L.); -porst, *m.* wild rosemary (*Ledum palustre* L.); -primel, *n.* water-violet (*Helotonia palustris* L.); -reis, *m.* marsh-rice; -rieb, *n.* marsh-club-rush (*Helosciadium palustre* L.); -rohr, *n.* *see* Schilf; -robrfänger, *f.* *Ornith.* marsh-warbler (*Silvartia palustris* Bechst.); -salmauder, *m.* *Rept.* water-newt, water-ot (*Trilon palustris* L.); -schilbrüte, *f.* *Rept.* common river-turtle (*Emys Brong.*); -schlangentant, *n.* dragon's water (*Calla palustris* L.); -schnecke, *f.* *Mollusc.* marsh-snail (*Pulidina* Lam.); -schnepe, *f.* *Ornith.* jack-snipe (*Scopolax gallinula* L.); **Bot-s.** -schotenfite, *m.* marsh-bird's-foot trefoil (*Lotus uliginosus* Schrk.); -schwertlilie, *f.* water-flag (*Wasserfchwertlilie*); -spierstaube, *f.* meadow-sweet (*Spiraea ulmaria* L.); -reinbrech, *m.* yellow marsh-saxifrage (*Saxifraga hirculus* L.); -streitfolben, *m.* *see* -eide; -torf, *m.* turf cut in marshy grounds; -vügel, *m.* *pl.* *Ornith.* an order of aquatic birds, waders, stilt-birds; -waffer, *n.* water from bogs; boggy water; -weife, *f.* *Ornith.* moor-buzzard, marsh-harrier (*Circus rufus* L.); -wiele, *f.* swampy meadow; **Bot-s.** -wurz, *f.* epipactis (*Epipactis* Rich.); -jiste, *m.* marsh-woundwort (*Stachys palustris* L.).

Sumfen, (*m.*) *v. intr.* to hum, buzz, tingle.

Sunb, (*str.*) *m.* 1) strait, sound; 2) *Geogr.* Sound (between Sweden and Denmark); -liste, *f.* Sound-list; -joll, *m.* Sound-duties, Sound-dues.

Sunbe, (*m.*) *f.* sin; eine Kline -, small **Sunben**..., *in comp.* -bahn, *f.* sinful

course; -flaß, *adj.* pale from a consciousness of sin or guilt; -hod, *m.* scapegoat; -erfah, *m.* indulgence, absolution; -fall, *m.* fall of man; -geft, *n.* *see* -lohn; -genuß, *m.* fellow sinner; -tucht, *m.* slave of sin; -leben, *n.* sinful life; -lohn, *m.* wages of sin, ill-earned pelf; -lofer, *m.* absolver of sins.

Sunbenität, *I. adj.* sinful; **II. E-geftit**, **Sunben**..., *in comp.* -laf, *f.* lust of sin, sinful pleasure; -offer, *n.* *see* Edhoffer; -lofel, *m.* unconcernedness about one's sins; -loß, *m.* *see* -lohn; -tigger, *m.* (*lit.* extinguisher of sin) Saviour of mankind; -tligung, *f.* expiation; propitiation of sins; -vergebung, *f.* forgiveness of sins; -voll, *adj.* sinful.

Sunber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) sinner; 2) delinquent; der arme -, culprit, malefactor under sentence of death; -fleiß, *adj.* pale like a (condemned) culprit; -hau, *m.* female hemp; -hemd, *n.* dress of female malefactor.

Sunberin, (*w.*) *f.* (female) sinner.

Sunbitt, (*w.*) *f.* deluge (*incorrect form* supplanting **Sunflut** [which *see*], owing its origin to the idea which, according to Weigand, is traceable as far back as the 18th cent., that the proper meaning of the word [the first component of which was then already growing out of use, and becoming unintelligible] ought to be "sin-flood" (sünden-flut, instead of sint-flut); although Luther strenuously opposed this deviation from the meaning of the original Hebrew term, the new form, commencing by the pulpits, was introduced into the later editions of his own translation of the Bible, towards the end of the 18th cent.; it will, no doubt, make way for Luther's good old word in the course of time).

Sunbheit, *I. adj.* sinful; **II. E-geftit**, (*w.*) *f.* sinfulness.

Sunbig, *adj.* peccable, sinful; prone to sin; ich armer -er **Sunbig**! poor sinner that I am! [commit (sin).

Sunbigen, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to sin; to **Sunbigteit**, (*w.*) *f.* sinfulness.

Sunbig, *adj.* belonging to or coming from the Sound; -Gut, *Comm.* Sound her-

Sunbig, *adj.* sinful. [rings.

Sunb..., *in comp.* -offer, *n.* sin-offering; -waffer, *n.* *Jew. Rel.* consecrated water to wash off sin.

Supper, (*Lat. prep.*) above, over, &c. (*Super, Gr. equivalent*); *in comp.* -intendant, (*w.*) *m.* superintendent (over-looker of churches and schools, a dignitary in the Lutheran church); -intendant, (*w.*) *f.* superintendency; dignity or abode of a superintendent; **Superiorität**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) superiority; -flig, *adj.* coll. over-wise, pert; -latte, (*str.*) *m.* *Gramm.* superlative; -naturalismus, (*pl.* [*w.*] *E-men*) (*Lat.*) supernaturalism; -naturalist, (*w.*) *m.* supernaturalist; -naturalistifch, *adj.* supernatural; supernaturalistic; -fura, *f.* *Comm.* supertare; -witzig, *adj.* coll. over-witty.

Suppe, (*provinc. &*) **Suppelein**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Suppe*) pottage; **Suppen** ein -lofen, *iron.* to poison one.

Suppe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) soup, pottage, porridge, broth; 2) coll. a) die rotte -, blood; b) mire; c) *fig.* (*iron.* nice) mess, sad (*iron.* fine) pickle (*cf.* *Xinte*); **Suppen** ein -, (*or* *etwas*) einbroden, to prepare something (disagreeable) for one. [to eat; to sup.

Suppen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* obsolescent, **Suppen**..., *in comp.* -anflut, -vertheilungsgesellschaft, *f.* soup distribution society; -freund, *m.* *fig.* parasite, sponger; -freundfchaft, *f.* cupboard-love; -flaß, *m.* forced ball in soup; dough-nut; -früher, *n.* *pl.* pottage herbs; -lauch, *m.* chives (*Allium*

aschmophrum L.); -lofel, *m.* soup-ladle; table-spoon; -napf, *m.* porringer, tureen, soup-dish; -schlecken, *n.* porringer; -schüssel, *n.* sippet; -schüssel, *f.* *see* -napf; -tisch, *f.* solid broth, portable soup, soup in cakes; -teller, *m.* soup plate; -terrine, *f.* soup-tureen. [like.

Suppicht, **Suppig**, *adj.* souplike, broth-

Supplicant, (*w.*) *m.* (*Fr.*; not usual) substitute (Nachsefer).

Supplement, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) supplement. -**Supplementär**..., *in comp.* -titel, *m.* supplementary article; -bogen, *n.* *Math.* supplement of an arc.

Supplicant, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) petitioner, requester. -**Supplicant**, (*w.*) *n.* *intr.* to petition, sue, request. -**Supplich**, (*pos.*

Suppichten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to sup-

Support (*Fr.*, *pr.* *supor*, or with *German* *pro*), (*str.*, *pl.* *E-8*, or *E-2*) *m.* 1) *Turn.* a) slide-rest, sliding-rest (*Drehstuhl-Eckstirn*); b) head-stock (*Reifstühl*, 2); 2) bearer (of a carriage-bridge, &c.); pillar.

Supra, *Lat. prep.* over, above, *see* *Super*.

Supraport, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) Architect. moulding or ornament above a door.

Supremat, (*str.*) *n.*, **Suprematist**, (*w.*) *f.* supremacy.

Supra, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Supra*.

Surren, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* (*Swiss.* *Surmen*) to hum, buzz.

Surragit, (*str.*) *n.* (*L. Lat.*) 1) substitute, succedaneum; 2) *fig.* make-shift.

Surtrunk, (*str.*) *m.* *Geogr.* a species of peaty bituminous coal.

Supra, (*f.* *abbr.* *Supra*, *f.* *dimin.* *Supra*).

Supra, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to suspend, -**Supra**, (*w.*) *f.* suspension, Law, suspension, discontinuance. -**Supra**, *adj.*

suspending, *partic.* Law, being a bar to subsequent proceedings; -kraft, *f.* power of suspending; -**Supra**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*w.*] *E-rien*) *n.* *Swg.* suspensory.

Supfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Jicfel*.

Supfer, (*w.*) *f.* (*L. G.*) sister (*Schwester*, 1).

Sup, *adj.* sweet; -e die Bier, also; -e die Brot, fresh water; -e die Brot, unleavened bread; -e Butter, fresh butter; -e die Gerren, bean, spark; -e die Pöbel, (*Göke*, Faust), sweet mob (*from* *Schup*, *cf.* *Vol. L.*); -maden, *see* *Edh*.

Sup..., *in comp.* -apfel, *m.* *Pomol.* sweeting; -blatt, *n.* *Bot.* sweet-leaf, horse-sugar (*Symplocos tinctoria* L.); -brüder, *n.* sweet-biscuit.

Supfen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Sup*) 1) sweetheart; 2) sweetmeat, sugarplum.

Suphe, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* sweet cicely (*Knit-*

Suphe, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be disagreeably sweet. -**Suphe**, (*w.*) *f.* sweet thing; fulsome politeness; flattery.

Supfen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to sweeten (up), to soften; *Chem.* to edulcorate.

Sup..., *in comp.* -erde, *f.* *Chem.* glacia; **Bot-s.** -fara, *m.* *see* *Engelst*; -grad, *n.*

Bot. sweet-grass (*Olycaria* R. Br.); -hölz, *n.* liquorice, liquorice (*Glycyrrhiza glabra* L.); (wildes) liquorice-vetch, milk-vetch (*Astragalus glycyphyllos* L.).

Suphe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) or (*L. u.* *Suphe*) a) sweetness; b) suavity; 2) sweet (thing), pl. sweets, dainties.

Sup..., *in comp.* -erde, *f.* mazzard, merry, sweet-cherry (*Prunus avium* L.); -lit, *m.* sweet-trefoil, cock's head (*Hedysarum* L.).

Suphe, *I. adj.* 1) sweetish; 2) marshy; sickly; **II. E-geftit**, (*w.*) *f.* sweetness, &c.

Suphe, (*str.*) *m.* 1) offeminate, marshy fellow; *top*, coxcomb; 2) *Bot.* a kind of apple (*Pirus malus mitis* Wallr.).

Sub ..., in comp. — wasser, n. fresh water; — wasserfall, m. cool upper fresh water-formation; — wasserfisch, m. fresh shot (in the sea); — witzel, f. Bot. 1) see Engel-fisch; 2) rush-nut (*Ostrya aculeatus* L.).

* **Subicrat**, (str.) m. (Engl.) Comm. sweet-scented tobacco.

* **Suberit**, (w.) m. sybarite; voluptuary. — **Suberitisch**, adj. sybaritical.

* **Sycamore**, (w.) f. (Gr.) Bot. sycamore (*Maulbeerfeigenbaum*).

* **Syenit**, (str.) m. Miner. syenite. — **Syenitisch**, adj. syenitic.

* **Sylbe**, see Silbe.

* **Syllabi**, (w.) v. intr. (from *N. Lat.* syllabus; cf. Silbe) to spell. — **Syllabi**, n. spelling-book, primer. — **Syllabisch**, adj. (Lat. syllabus; cf. Silbe) syllabic.

* **Syllogist**, (w.) v. intr. (Gr.) syllogize. — **Syllogismus**, m. syllogism. — **Syllogistisch**, adj. syllogistic(al).

* **Sylphe**, **Sylphide**, (w.) f. (perhaps fr. Gr. sylpho, mod.) sylph. — **Sylphenhaft**, adj. sylph-like.

* **Sylph**, **Sylphette** n., see Silb

* **Sylvan**, (str.) n. Sylvanite, (str.) m. Miner. sylvane, sylvanite, tellurium ore.

* **Symbol**, (str.) n. (Lat. symbolum, fr. Gr. symbolon) symbol. — **Symbolist**, (w.) f. knowledge of symbols. — **Symbolistisch**, adj. symbolical.

* **Symmetrie**, (w.) f. symmetry. — **Symmetrisch**, adj. symmetrical.

* **Sympathie**, (w.) f. (Gr.) 1) sympathetic(al), see Sympathisch; 2) miraculous (care, &c.); 3) Mittel, charm. — **Sympathie**, (w.) f. sympathy. — **Sympathisch**, adj. 1) Med. sympathetic (nervous, &c.); 2) congenial, affected or affecting by a fellow-feeling. — **Sympathist**, (w.) v. intr. to sympathize.

* **Symphonie**, (w.) f. (Gr.) Mus. symphony. — **Symphonisch**, adj. symphonic.

* **Symptom**, (str.) n. (Gr.) symptom. — **Symptomatisch**, adj. symptomatic.

* **Syn** ..., (Gr. prep. syn, [in conjunction] with), together; changed before i into syl, before labials, into sym, before & i, into sy ...

* **Synagoge**, (w.) f. (Gr.) synagogue.

* **Synchroneismus**, m. synchronism. — **Synchroneistisch**, adj. synchronal, synchronical. — **Synchrone**, (w.) f. (Gr. synchrone) synchronism. — **Synchrone**, (str.) n. syndicate, syndicate. — **Synchrone**, m. (pl. [Lat.] Synchrone) syndicate, recorder; assignee (Cura-tor).

* **Synedrium**, (str.) pl. (w.) & (Gr.) synedrium. — **Synedrium**, council (cf. Sanhedrin). — **Synedrist**, **Synedristisch**, adj. synedristal, synedristic. — **Synedrist**, (w.) f. (Lat. synedrus, fr. Gr. synedros, a meeting) synod, (ecclesiastical) council. — **Synonym**, I. or **Synonymisch**, adj. synonymous, convertible; II. (str., pl. [w.] & (Gr.) Synonym, synonym, convertible term. — **Synonym**, m. (w.) f. synonymy. — **Synonymisch**, adj. Grammat. synonym(al). — **Synonym**, (w.) f. (L. w.) [str.] m. syntax (Synthesis). — **Synthese**, f. synthesis (combination of separate elements into a whole). — **Synthetisch**, adj. synthetic (method of reasoning, &c. opp. Analytisch), synthetical.

* **Syphilitisch**, adj. Med. syphilitic.

* **Syracus**, n. Geogr. Syracuse. — **Syracusaner**, (str.) m., **Syracusanerin**, (w.) f., **Syracusanisch**, adj. Syracusan.

* **Syrer**, m. Syrian. — **Syrien**, n. Geogr. Syria. — **Syrisch**, adj. Syrian, Syriac; das Syrische, n. Syrian, Syriac.

* **Syring** (spr. [yring]el), (w.) f. (Gr. syrix, Gen. syringos) 1) Gr. Myth. Syrix

(name of a nymph); 2) syrix, Pandean pipe; 3) Bot. the common lilac (*Holunder*).

* **Syrte**, (w.) f. 1) Geogr. Syrtis; 2) sand-bank (L. w.: syrt).

* **Syrup**, see Sirap.

* **System**, (str.) n. (Gr.) system. — **Systematiker**, (str.) m. systematist, systematizer. — **Systematisch**, adj. systematic(al) (adv. systematically). — **Systematikerin**, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to systematize.

T.

T, t, n. T, t, the twentieth letter and sixteenth consonant of the Alphabet; T-band, n. Carp. cross-garnet; *Rauhe*-s. T-schne, f. T-rail; T-schne, f. T-sill; T-schne, m. Lock-sm. &c. socket-key, box-key.

T, abbr. for *Thomas, Titulus* (Lat.), *Thiel*, *Titel*, volume, title), *Tutto, Tutti* (Ital., *Alles*, *Alle*, *all*; Tab. for *Tabula* (Lat., *Tafel*, table); *T*, *Th*, *Tha*, *Ta*, *Th*, *Tha*, *Tr* for *Tara*, *tare*; *Tech* for *Technologie*, technologisch, technology, technological; *Tg*, *Tge* for *Tage*, *Tag*, day, days; *Tht*, *thl* for *Thaler*, dollar; *Tia* for *tertia* (Lat., *dritter* *Beckel*, third [bill] of exchange); *tit* for *titulo debito* (Lat., *mit gebührendem Titel*, with due title); *Ton* for *Tonne*, tun, barrel; *tot*, *tit*, *t*, pl., for *toto titulo, titulo pleno* (Lat.), see *P. T*; *Tta*, *Tta*, *Tte* for *tratta* (Tratte, draft [bill of exchange]); *Ttia* for *tertia*, see *Tia*.

* **Tasche** [pr. -ahs], (w.) f. (Fr.) coffee-house; public-house.

* **Tasch**, (obsolescent:) **Tasch**, (str.) m. (Ind.) tobacco (cf. *Tasche* & *Schnupftabak*); — in Blättern, leaf-tobacco; — in Rollen, tobacco in rolls or carrots; *hängehändiger*, *langgehändiger* n., cut tobacco, shag; *laster*, *letter* n., black (rich), fatty tobacco; *kurzhändiger* n., ground-leaf; — *spinner*, m. tobacco-spinner or dresser.

Tasch ..., in comp. — *sch*, f. tobacco-shag; — *bau*, m. culture of tobacco; — *beutel*, m. tobacco-pouch; — *beutel*, f. bladder-pouch for tobacco; — *beutel*, f., *beutel*, n., *beutel*, f. (für *Beutel*) tobacco box; (für *Schnupftabak*) snuff-box; — *collegium*, n. *loc* for *gesellschaft*; — *fabricant*, m. manufacturer of tobacco, tobaccoist; — *gesellschaft*, n. see *flanz*; — *gesellschaft*, f. smoking-party; — *händler*, *händler*, m. dealer in tobacco, tobacco-dealer, tobaccoist; (in *Gros*) tobacco-merchant; — *handstamp*, f. machine for pounding snuff; — *mühle*, f. snuff-mill; — *nase*, f. *sam*, snuff nose; — *peiste*, f. 1) tobacco-pipe; 2) or — *peisten*, m. *Ich*, tobacco-pipe-fish (*Fistularia tabacaria* L.); — *peisten*, f. Bot. a kind of birthwort, tobacco-pipe (*Aristolochia sipho* L.); — *peisten*, n. see *flanz* or shank of a tobacco-pipe; — *planz*, f. Bot. tobacco plant (*Nicotiana* L.); — *rappe*, f. snuff-grater; — *rauch*, m. smoke of tobacco; — *räumer*, m. see *peisten*; — *regie*, f. administration of tobacco; — *reibe*, f. see *Rappermaschine*; — *ripen*, f., — *rengel*, m. pl. tobacco-stalks; — *roßhals*, n. Bot. fly-honey-suckle (*He-mele*) *Spezial*, 1); — *sandblatt*, n. scrubs, ground-leaf; — *schnide*, f. knife for cutting tobacco; — *spinner*, m. see *Tabakspinner*; — *stange*, f. carrot of tobacco; — *stanz*, m. tobacco-dust, bran of tobacco; — *stopfer*, m. tobacco-stopper; — *tasche*, f. tobacco-pouch; — *wurk*, f. roll of tobacco; — *zimmer*, n. smoking-room.

* **Tabellarisch**, adj. & adv. (Lat.) in tables, in form of tables, tabular; t-e überficht, tabulated view or statement. — **Tabellari**, (w.)

(w.) v. tr. to tabulate. — **Tabell**, (w.) f. table, index, synopsis. [tabernacle.]

* **Taberna**, (str.) n. (Lat.) Rom. Cath. — **Taberne**, (w.) f. (Lat.) tavern.

* **Tabin** [pr. tabbing], **Tabinett**, (str., pl. T-s) m. (Fr.) Comm. tabby.

* **Tablett**, (str.) n. see *Raffet*.

* **Tabulett**, (str.) n. 1) pedlar's box; 2) Wenz. pulley-box; in comp. — *fram*, m. pedlar's ware; — *frümmel*, m. pedlar, pedler; — *frümmel*, f. pedlar's trade.

* **Tafel**, (w.) f. coll. box on the ear (*Ohr-zeige*). — **Tafeln**, (w.) v. tr. *Einen* —, to box one's ears.

* **Tafelbolzen**, (str.) m. Mar. rag-bolt.

* **Tact**, (w.) m. (Lat.) 1) Mus. a) time, measure; b) bar (the line, or space marked off by the line, which includes one beat of time); 2) *fig.* tact, right feeling; *der ganze* —, Mus. whole measure; — *schlagen*, to beat (the) time; (*gehörig*) — *halten*, to keep (due) time; *aus dem T-e kommen*, to break time; *nach dem T-e*, by time, by measure; regularly; *nach dem T-e tanzen*, to observe time in dancing.

Tact ..., in comp. — *art*, f. Mus. species of time or measure; — *fest*, adj. 1) steady in keeping time; 2) *fig.* firm; sound; well versed; — *festigkeit*, f. 1) Mus. correctness of time; 2) *fig.* firmness; skill; — *führer*, m. see *führer*; — *halter*, m. time-keeper.

* **Tactik**, (w.) f. (N. Lat. fr. Gr. *taktiké*, [art of] arranging [man in a field of battle]) tactics. — **Tactiker**, (str.) m. tactician. — **Tactisch**, adj. tactical.

* **Tactura**, (w.) v. intr. (from *Tact*) to beat (the) time (*Tact schlagen*). — **Tactur**, m. baton (rod used by a conductor in beating time).

Tactlinie, (w.) f. see *Tactfisch*.

Tactlos, I. adj. tactless, devoid of tact; awkward, blundering; II. *Tactlos*, (w.) f. 1) want of tact, awkwardness; 2) blunder.

Tact ..., in comp. — *mäßig*, adj. 1) conformable to time in music; 2) *fig.* suitable; regular; Mus.-s. — *messer*, m. metronome, metrometer; time-keeper; — *note*, f. time-note; — *ordnung*, f. regulation of time; — *pause*, f. bar-rest; — *schlag*, m. beating of time; — *schläger*, m. leader; — *stod*, m. see *Tactfisch*; — *stisch*, m. bar-line, bar, see *Tact*, 1 b; — *tafel*, f. time-table; — *theile*, m. pl. parts or capital divisions of the bar.

Tadel, (str.) m. 1) fault, blemish; 2) blame, animadversion, censure; reprehension, reproach, reproach; bad mark (at school); *seinen* — *ausprechen*, to animadvert (über *with Acc.*, upon); *Sich* — *kommen* mit *sehr* uncorrect, I was not at all prepared for your finding fault with me; *sich gegen* — *sichern*, to acquit one's self from blame.

Tadelhaft, adj. blamable.

Tadellos, (w.) f. the (act or habit of) fault-finding, malicious criticism.

Tadelhaft, I. or **Tadelig**, adj. faulty, blamable, reprovable, reprehensible, censurable; II. *Tadelig*, (w.) f. blamableness, &c., reprehensibility.

Tadellos, I. adj. blameless; faultless; II. *Tadellos*, (w.) f. blamelessness, faultlessness.

Tadeln, (w.) v. tr. to blame, to find fault with, to censure, reprehend, criticize, carp at; to object, to take exception to. — **Tadeln**, adj. blameful, blameworthy. — **Tadeln**, adj. blameful, blameworthy.

Tadel ..., in comp. — *frei*, see *frei*; — *geru*, m. *fam*. fault-finder; — *gott*, m. Momus; — *lust*, f. see *lust*; — *lustig*, adj. criticizing, fault-finding; — *rebe*, f., — *wort*, m. reproach; — *lust*, f. censoriousness; spirit of fault-finding; — *lustig*, adj. censorious, captious.

Tadler, (*str.*) *m.* fault-finder, blamer, censurer, reproacher, critic, carper.

Tafel, (*w.*) *f.* 1) plate, tablet; table; slab; sheet; *Archit.* table, pane; — mit *Strangsteinen*, crowned table; *Erbsen* —, projecting table; (*cf.* *Glas*, *Schleier* u. *Tafel*); 2) cake (of chocolate, &c.); 3) register, roll, index; 4) see *Tabentisch*; in *X-n* bringen, to tabulate; to register; bei —, at table or dinner; — halten, to dine; offene — halten, to dine publicly, to keep open table; to be exceedingly hospitable.

Tafel..., *in comp.* — artig, *adj.* *Min.* tabular, lamellar, laminar; — auflegen, *u.* (*str.*) *apergere*; — berg, *m.* *Geogr.* Table Mountain (above Capetown); — bestreut, *n.* knife, fork, and spoon; — bier, *n.* table-beer, small-beer; — bier, *f.* dessert-pear; the prince's pear; — bier, *n.* sheet-lead; — Bouillon, *f.* portable soup (*Bouillontafel*); — bröt, *n.* household-bread; — bröt, *n.* 1) *Wass.* (pulley-box, case); 2) *Corp.* half-inch plank, case (*Schiffbröt*); — butter, *f.* *Comm.* best fresh (butter).

Tafelchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Tafel*) small or little table, tablet.

Tafel..., *in comp.* — consilienz, *f.* *Pharm.* proof (of sugar); — besser, *m.* officer who takes care of the linen of a prince's table, lays the cloth, &c., butler; — brud, *m.* *Calico-print* block-printing. [*feasting, cf. Tafeln.*]

Tafel, (*w.*) *f.* the (act or habit of) dining. **Tafel**, (*w.*) *f.* *Archit.* boarded work, (wooden) panelling, flooring, wainscoting.

Tafel..., *in comp.* — entz, *f.* *Ornith.* common sea-duck (*Fuligula ferina* L.); — fähig, *adj.* entitled to a seat at a prince's table; — farbe, *f.* *Calico-print* chemical or topical colour; — fisch, *m.* *Lch.* large-scaled chaetodon (*Henichthys macrolepidotus* L.); — färmig, *adj.* tabular; — färmig Pianoforte, *Mus.* square-piano-forte; — freuden, *f.* *pl.* pleasures of the table, (free) indulgence at the table; — gebet, *n.* suit of table-linen; — geb, *n.* *gem.* *pl.* — geist, income, allowance of a prince or nobleman; — geschirr, *n.* table-plate; — glas, *n.* plate-glass; — grund, *m.* ground-line in painting; — gut, *n.* domain kept by a lord, &c. for the maintenance of his board or table; *†*; bordland; — heil, *Tafelheil*, *n.* *T.* timbering; wainscoting(-wood); — indigo, *m.* *Comm.* Dutch indigo; — knecht, *m.* dumb-waiter; — kranz, *m.* see *Schiffelkrantz*; — last, *m.* *Comm.* shell-lac; — lasten, *n.* see — last; — last, *n.* table-land; — lasten, *n.* table-linen, table-cloth; — messer, *m.* see — queder; — messing, *n.* sheet-brass, latten brass; — musel, *f.* table-music.

Tafeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *Dy.* to drip; 2) to sit at table, to dine, sup, feast.

Tafeln, (*w.*) *v. tr. T.* 1) to floor with boards; 2) to wainscot.

Tafel..., *in comp.* — ost, *n.* table-fruit; — öl, *n.* sweet oil; — rechnen, *n.* the (act or practice of) reckoning on a board or table (*opp.* *Roprechnen*); — ring, *m.* see *Schiffelring*; — roth, *n.* *T.* topical red; — rubin, *m.* *Min.* table-ruby; — runde, *f.* *Colic. Myk.* round table; — schere, *f.* shears; — schleier, *m.* *Min.* table-slate; — schneider, *m.* manager of a tailor's business; cutter-out; slab-cutter; — schüßel, *m.* *Min.* tabular shori; — schwamm, *m.* edible mushroom; — selbe, *f.* *Manuf.* sort of organzine; — servier, — filter, *m.* service of plate for a table; — spath, *m.* *Min.* tabular spar; — stein, *m.* *Jew.* table-diamond; — stift, *m.* slate-pencil; — stuhl, *m.* dinner-chair; — tuch, *n.* table-cloth.

Tafelwert, **Tafelwert**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) or **Tafelung**, (*w.*) *f.* *Archit.* wainscot, panelling; checker-work; 2) *Mar.* lining of a ship.

Tafel..., *in comp.* — wage, *f.* see *Brüdenwage*; — wein, *m.* table-wine; — zeug, *n.* table-

cloth and napkins, table-linen; — zimmer, *n.* dining-room, dining-hall.

Tafel, **Tafel** (*coll.* *Tafelst.*), (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* taffeta, taffety; — band, *n.* taffeta-ribbon; — blumen, *f.* *pl.* artificial silk-flowers; — fleiß, *n.* taffeta dress; — leder, *n.* Brussels-leather; — spiegel, *m.* — streifen, *pl.* rays of taffeta; — weber, *m.* taffeta-weaver.

Tafelten, *adj.* taffety.

Tag, (*str.*) *m.* 1) day; 2) light of day, open air; *cf.* *Wird* —, the day breaks or appears, it dawns; *cine* *T-e*, 1. (von der Zukunft) some day; *twice* *T-e*, twice a day; *alle T-e*, every day; *den ganzen* —, all the day, all day long; *den ganzen geschlagnen* (den lieben langen) —, the whole living day; *meine T-e* sind abgeführt (Job 17, 1), my days are extinct; *mein* — (for *meine Tage, cf. Schöne*), my days, &c. all my life long; (*die Räder*) die sich *mein* — nicht müde drehn (*W. Müller, Wander-schaft*), (they) weary not the living day (*Basen*); *nächst T-e*, in einigen *T-n*, in a day or two, in a few days, shortly; *biefer T-e*, 1. these days, the other day, lately; 2. within these days or the next few days, very shortly, soon; *gute* or *schöne T-e* haben, 1. to live at ease; 2. to have a delightful time of it; *sich* (*dat.*) *einen guten* — machen, to make a holiday of it; *sich* (*dat.*) *gute T-e* machen, to make one's self easy and comfortable; *bestimmen Sie einen* —, name your day; *Ja* *und* —, 1. *Law.* a year and a day; 2. *fam.* a long while; *ja, guten* —! *from* by no means; *anal.* over the left! *man muß den* — nicht vor dem Abend loben, don't praise the day till it is over; *cf.* *Abend*; *am T-e* vor ..., on the eve of ...; *am T-e* nach ..., on the morrow of; *an den* — bringen, to bring to light, to disclose, to show; *an den* — kommen, to come to light; *an den* — legen, to evince, manifest, set forth, exhibit; *cf.* *liegt* *am T-e*, it is clear, it is evident; *bei T-e*, in the day-time; by day-light; *besser, höher, leichter* —, broad day, broad day-light; *den hellen* — ablenken, to outface the sun at mid-day; *bei hellstem T-e*, in the broad day-light; *innen* 8 *T-n*, within a week, in a week's time; *bis zum hellstem T-e* schlafen, to sleep the day out of countenance; *bis auf den heutigen* —, to this (very) day; — *für* —, 1. day by day; 2. or *einen* — nach dem andern, day after day; *einen* — um den andern, every other day; in *seinem besten T-n*, in the flower of his age; *mit* *sohen*, daß *ihre T-e* gezählt waren, we saw that her days were numbered; in *den* — hinein, at a venture, at random; unconcernedly, thoughtlessly, recklessly; in *den* — hinein reden, to talk at random or at large; 14 *T-e* nach heute, fourteen days or a fortnight after date, this day fortnight; heute über acht *T-e*, this day week (sennight); heute vor acht *T-n*, this day week (ago); heute zu *T-e*, in these days, now-a-days; zu *T-e* ausgehen, *Min.* to drop out; zu *T-e* fördern, to bring up from a mine, (*Ag.*) to bring to light.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tage* ...), *in comp.* — anfer, *m.* see *Xianfer*; — arbeit, *f.* 1) day-work, day-labour; char; 2) see *Tagewerk*; — arbeit, *m.* 1) day-labourer, daily workman; 2) one working by day; — aus, *adv.* see — ein; — blind, *adj.* blind in the day, only able to see in the dusk of the evening; — blinde, *m.* *nyctalope*; — blintheit, *f.* *nyctalope*; — blume, *f.* *Bot.* day-lily (*Hemerocallis* L.); — bogen, *m.* *Astr.* diurnal arc.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tage* ...), *in comp.* — arbeit, see *Tag*...; — bau, *m.* *Min.* open cast or working; — bedarf, *m.* daily demand, daily supply or portion; allowance (of forage); — bericht, *m.* daily account, bulletin; — blatt, *n.* daily

paper or journal, *anal.* daily news; — buch, *n.* (*lit.* day-book) diary, journal; *die* *abgemessenen* — blätter, ephemerides; — circle, *m.* *Astr.* diurnal circle (*Tagkreis*); — dieb, *m.* *coll.* looter, idler, sluggard; — dienst, *m.* 1) day-service; 2) service performed by the day; — er, *n.* *Min.* ore which has been brought to light; day-ore; — fahrt, *f.* day's journey; *Law.* day appointed, summons to appear before a judge; — fahrt, *m.* see *Tagfahrt*; — fahrt, *f.* appointed day or term; — fahrt, *f.* compulsory (soccage) service or work; — gang, *m.* *Min.* vein at the surface; — gart, *n.* *reflex*; *Min-s.* — gebäude, *n.* building above ground; — gebänge, *n.* vein just below the surface; — geb, *n.* (or — gelber, *pl.*) daily allowance of money (granted to a person employed on official business, for his daily expenses).

Tag..., *in comp.* — ein, *adv.* *gener.* — ein, — aus, day in day out, every day (*Tagtäglich*).

Tagel, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. G.* *High Germ.* *Tagel*, tail) *coll.* short piece of rope, rope's end (for flogging). — *Tagel*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tag.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — tag, *adv.* for whole days; *Bot-s.* — leucht, *f.* (common) eye-bright (*Euphrasia officinalis* L.); — led, *n.* sky-light; — lohn, *m.* & *n.* daily pay or wages, day's wages; *im* — lohn einstellen, to build in day-work (*Hartled*); — löhner, *m.* day-labourer, workman, charman; — löhnerarbeit, *f.* labourer's work; — löhnerin, *f.* charwoman; — löhner, *v. intr.* to work at others' houses by the day, to char; *fam.* to work as a day-labourer; — last, *f.* *Min.* air from the surface; — marsch, *m.* day's march.

Tagen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *impers.* to grow light, to dawn; *cf.* *tag* (*str.*) the day is breaking; 2) to hold a meeting; 3) *Law.* to summon.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — pumpe, *f.* daily post; — pumpe, *f.* *Min.* pump at the surface. [*Dammert.*]

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — rübe, (*w.*) *f.* upper earth; mould *Tag*..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — rübe, *f.* drain, (street-)kannel; — rübe, *f.* *Min.* trench at the surface.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — tag, *m.* break of day, day-break *Tag*..., (*w.*) *f.* see *Tag*...

Tag..., *in comp.* — befehl, *m.* *Min.* order of the day, general order; — bilet, *n.* *Railw.* day-ticket; return-ticket.

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* *Min-s.* — schacht, *f.* air-shaft; — schicht, *f.* day-post; — schicht, *m.* *Min.* day-miner; — schicht, *m.* 1) *Ornith.* a) Australian night-jar (*Caprimulgus* Cur.); b) goat-sucker (*Pterodroma* L.); 2) *Zool.* fat dormouse (*Eichmüller*); — schicht, *m.* nightingale that sings by day.

Tag..., *in comp.* — count, *m.* *Comm.* the day's rate or quotation; — dienst, *m.* day-service; mit vollem (*bevollmächtigtem*) — dienst, with entire (partial) day-service; — erignis, *n.* event of the day; — lauf, *m.* *Comm.* purchase on account; — licht, *n.* day-light; — literatur, *f.* current or passing literature, current reading; — meinung, *f.* fashionable opinion; — ordnung, *f.* order of the day; *die* — ordnung beauftragen, to move the previous question; an der — ordnung sein, (*gener.* of irregular proceedings, &c.) to be of daily occurrence, to prevail; — polit, *f.* policy of the day; politics of the day; — presse, *f.* daily press. [*to the surface.*]

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — tag, *m.* *Min.* shaft leading *Tag*..., *in comp.* — wärme, *f.* diurnal heat; — zeit, *f.* day-time; zu früher — zeit, early in the day. [*Asia Dum.*]

Tag..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — tag, *m.* *Ornith.* hawk-owl (*Str.*) *Tag*..., (*cf.* *Tag* ...), *in comp.* — wach, *f.* day-watch; — wächter, *m.* *Bibl.* observer of

Tän'ger, (str.) m., **Tän'gerin**, (w.) f. dancer; partner.

Tän'gerlich, adj. 1) dancer-like; 2) or **Tän'gerisch**, **Tän'gerisch**, **Tän'gerisch** zu, fam. inclined to dance; es ist mir nicht zu Muthe, I am in no dancing humour.

Tanz ... (from *Tanzen* & *Tanz*) in comp. -**fähig**, adj. versed in the art of dancing; -**fest**, n. ball; -**flüge**, f. *Entom.* dancing-fly, *Empis* (Empis L.); -**gang**, m. tour; -**gefährte**, m., -**gefährtin**, f. partner (at a dance); -**gesellschaft**, f. dancing-party; -**freude**, f. see *Freude*; -**tanz**, f. art of dancing; -**lehrer**, m. dancing-master; -**lehrerin**, f. dancing-mistress; -**lust**, f. desire or taste for dancing; -**lustig**, adj. fond of dancing; -**meister**, m. 1) see *Lehrer*; 2) T. a) inside (and outside) callipers; b) see *Seiltänzer*; 3) -**meister**, f. dance-tune; -**musik**, f. dancing-music; -**paar**, n. couple; -**platz**, n. prancing horse; -**plan**, -**platz**, m. (open) place for dancing; -**saal**, m. dancing-room; -**schritt**, m. dancing-step; -**schuh**, m. dancing-shoe, pump; -**schützen**, n. coll. jig; -**stunde**, f. dancing-lesson; -**lust**, f. 1) see *Wuth*; 2) see *Freude*; 3) -**tanz**, f. figure; -**unfassen**, m. Med. 1) tarantismus; 2) see *Freude*; -**wuth**, f. dancing mania, rage for dancing.

* **Tape't**, (str.) m. (Lat. [Gr.] *tapes*, *tapetum*) t, carpet; *Ag.-c.* coll. *etwas auf* -bringen, to bring in or introduce a topic of conversation, to bring upon the carpet, to broach, to start; auf dem T-e sein, to be on (upon) the tapis. - **Tape'te**, (w.) f. 1) (Wandteppich) tapestry; 2) (wall-)paper; (paper-)hanging; papering; gewirfte T-n, Arras hangings.

Tape'ten ..., in comp. -**bahn**, f., -**blatt**, n. single breadth of paper-hanging; -**behang**, m. hanging of tapestry; -**borde**, -**laute**, f. paper-border (for rooms, &c.); -**leiste**, f. room-border; -**mal**, m. bad, tack; -**papier**, n. wall-paper; -**thür**, f. Arras door; -**wirter**, m. tapestry-maker.

* **Tape'geret**, (w.) f. hangings, tapestry, cf. *Tape'te*. - **Tape'geren**, (w.) v. tr. to line or hang with tapestry; to paper. - **Tape'geret**, (str.) m. 1) upholsterer; paper-hanger; 2) see *Tape'gerie* & *Tape'gerie*.

Tape'gerie ..., in comp. -**arbel**, f. upholstery; -**biene**, f. *Entom.* a species of bee (*Myachile Latr.*); -**nadel**, f. tapestry-needle; cross-stitch needle; -**mal**, m. tack, small nail; -**spinne**, f. Arach. bird-spider (*Mygale Latr.*); -**waare**, f. upholstery.

Tape'rr, I. adj. brave, valiant, stout, valorous, courageous, strenuous, gallant; mettlesome (of horses); -**essen**, trinken, *schrien*, to eat, drink, stoutly; II. T-feit, (w.) f. valour, bravery, courage.

* **Tap'ir**, (str.) m. (Brasil.) Zool. tapir (*Tupirus L.*).

* **Tap'iren**, (w.) v. tr. (Fr. *taper*, + for *crêper*) to comb, curl (the hair).

Tapp, (str.) m. 1) see *Rapp*; 2) see *Stapp*.

Tapp'e, (w.) f. see *Tape*.

Tapp'en, (w.) v. indr. to grope, fumble; to walk in an awkward manner. - **Tapp'pisch**, adj. awkward, clumsy. - **Tapp's**, (str.) m. coll. awkward, clumsy fellow.

* **Tar'a**, f. (Ital.-Arab.) *Comm.* taro; reine or *gmadite* -, taro made, roal taro; ange-nommen -, computed taro; *geschriebene* -, stated taro; *gewöhnliche* -, usual taro; *unangemessene* -, customary taro; - für Netto ge-rechnet, taro accounted as net weight; in comp. -rechnung, f. taro-account; -vergüt-ung, f. allowance.

* **Tarant'el**, (w.) f. Arach. tarantula (spidee) (*Lygea tarantula Rossi*); in comp. -**bid**, m. bite of a tarantula; -**tanz**, -**unfassen**, m. tarantism.

* **Tarant'ismus**, m. Med. tarantism, dancing produced by the bite of the tarantula.

Tarent', n. Geogr. Taranto.

* **Tarif**, **Tar'iff**, (str.) m. (Fr.-Arab.) tariff; book (table) of rates, custom-book; nach dem -, as per tariff; -reform, f. alteration of the tariff; -satz, m. tariff-rate. - **Tar'iff'en**, (w.) v. tr. to tariff.

* **Tar'iren**, (w.) v. tr. & indr. *Comm.* to tare; tarirte Waare, tared goods.

Tar'men, pl. *Mar.* quarter-pieces of a ship.

* **Tarot**, **Tarot'**, (str.) m. & n. (Ital. tarocco, Fr. tarots, spotted cards) Card. pl. 1) taroc(s); 2) one of the principal cards in taroc; um Köpfe werden sie taroten und der cure ist - (*Schiller*, *Piseco* III, 4), they will play for heads, and yours is at stake. - **Tarot'ist**, p. a. spotted (of cards).

Tarpe'isch, adj. Tarpalan.

* **Tar'p**, **Tar'p'**, (str.) m. & n. see *Tar'p*.

Tartar', (w., sing. nom. str.) m. 1) Tartar; 2) Tartarean horse; T-entee, m. *Comm.* brick-tar. - **Tartar'el**, (w.) f. Geogr. Tartary (more correct, though less usual forms: *Tartar* &c.).

* **Tartar'iren**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) *Chem.* to tartarise; tartarificiren *Wein*, solvable tartar.

* **Tart'ige**, (w.) f. (L. Lat. *targila*, *tarcia*, Ital. *targa*, &c.) targe, target; T-entee, f. *Bot.* a genus of *Linnaea* (*Cetraria* Aeh.); T-entee, m. targeteer.

Tat'chen, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Tafel*) little pocket.

Tat'che, (w.) f. 1) pocket; pouch, scrib; fob; 2) *Anat.* ventricle, cavity; 3) *Mar.* fur, furring; 4) coll. a) pod; b) abortive plum; 5) coll. mouth, jaw; 6) see *Tat'chen*; in die - stecken, to pocket; aus der - spielen, to play legerdemain, to juggle; ein *Tat'chen* aus der - , a juggling trick.

Tat'chentrant, n. see *Tat'chen*.

Tat'chen ..., in comp. -**entee**, f. pocket-edition (of a book); -**entee**, f. (*Pörrer*) see *Tat'chen*; -**entee**, m. pocket-book; pocket-companion, annual; -**entee**, m. loan-to roof, pent-roof, shed-roof (*Wüstbach*); -**entee**, f. *Mar.* m. pickpocket; -**entee**, m. pocket-fire; -**entee**, m. pocket-sine; -**entee**, m. pocket-money, allowance; -**entee**, m. etui; -**entee**, m. pocket-almanac; -**entee**, f. see *Freude*; -**entee**, m. *Bot.* shepherd's purse or pouch (*Capsella bursa pastoris* L.); -**entee**, m. *Ornat.* black-clawed crab, pincer (*Cancer pagurus* L.); -**entee**, f. *Hydr.* chain-pump; -**entee**, f. *Hydr.* folding pocket lantern; -**entee**, m. *Ornat.* shoveller (*Effellente*); -**entee**, m. *Zool.* purse-mouth (*Acetys Licht.*); -**entee**, m. pocket-knife, clasp-knife; -**entee**, m., -**entee**, m. pocket-pistol; -**entee**, m. T. projecting look; -**entee**, f. *Conch.* a species of rock-shell (*Banilla* Lam.); -**entee**, m. pocket-mirror; -**entee**, m. juggle, juggling, sleight of hand; -**entee**, m. juggler, thimble-rigger, conjurer; -**entee**, f., -**entee**, f. *pl.* jugglery, juggling(s); trikeries; -**entee**, m. juggling-trick, conjuring trick; -**entee**, m. pocket-handkerchief; -**entee**, f. watch; -**entee**, m. pocket-dictionary; -**entee**, m. *Nas.* flat or plain tile.

Tat'ch'lein, (str.) n. (provinc. also *Tat'ch'el*) & see *Tat'chen*.

Tat'ch'ner, (str.) m. trunk-maker; purse-maker; in comp. -**entee**, f., -**entee**, m. work, trade of a trunk-maker.

Tat'h, (str.) m. *Husb.* 1) heap (of sheaves); 2) bay (in a barn - *Donje*).

* **Tat'he**, (w.) f. (Fr.-Arab.) cup and saucer, cup; dish; T-entee, (str.) n. see *Teller*.

Tat'hen, (w.) v. tr. *Husb.* to pile up in a bay (*Donje*).

* **Tat'her**, (w.) f. (Hol.) *Mus.* key-board, keys (of a pianoforte, &c.).

Tat'h'ar, I. adj. tangible, palpable; II. T-feit, (w.) f. tangibility, palpability.

Tat'ke, (w.) f. *Mus.* key.

A. **Tat'ken**, (w.) v. tr. see *Taffen*.

B. **Tat'ken**, (w.) v. indr. & tr. to touch, feel; to grope, fumble.

Tat'ken ..., in comp. *Mus.* -**breit**, -**finger**, n. touch-board, key-board; -**instrument**, -**ment**, n. keyed instrument; -**leiter**, f. *Org.* guide; -**schwanz**, m. extremity of the keys.

Tat'ker, (str.) m. 1) *Bot.* fooler, antenna; 2) -**entee**, m. T. caliber compasses, callipers.

Tat'ken ..., in comp. -**entee**, m. T. call-book; -**entee**, f. (n. u.) tangent (*Tangent*, 2); -**entee**, m. sense of feeling or touch, (percep-tion by) touch; -**entee**, f. see *Taffer*, 1.

Tat'ler, (w.) m. 1) (*Tat'ler*, &c.) see the more usual, though less correct, *Tat'ler* (*Tat'ler* &c.); 2) (or *Tat'ler*) *impr.* Gipsy, Bohemian. [in bore].

Tat'tern, (w.) v. tr. *Four.* to countermark *Tat'tern*, (w.) v. tr. coll. to stroke, caress.

Tat'tern, (w.) v. tr. coll. to paw, feel.

* **Tat'tern**, **Tat'tern**, (w.) v. tr. (*Polyn.*) to tattoo.

Tat'te, (w.) f. paw, claw; cont. hand.

Tat'tig, (str., pl. T-tig) m. 1) animal with paws; 2) coll. person with large hands.

Tau, (str.) n. cord, rope, tow; (zum Ein-schieben) loefang; ungeheuer -, white line; (zum Aufwinden) aling; *Mar.* cable; T-e der *Seemann*, bridges of the moorings; rums-geleget -, coil (of rope); im - tragen, to rack a rope; in comp. -**entee**, m. cable drag, stop compressor; -**entee**, m. tow-anchor.

Taub, adj. 1) deaf (auf einem Ohr &c., of one ear, &c.); *Ag.-s.* 2) deaf; unfeeling; 3) a) benumbed; b) weak; c) empty; d) barren, sterile; t-er *Haar*, male hemp; t-e *Blüte*, barren or unproductive blossom; ein t-er *Mittel*, sterile mass (*Tolk.*); ein t-er *Gang*, *Mim.* a dead lode; ein t-er *Stoff*, a dead coal; ein t-er *Aug*, an addle, empty, or a blind eye; t-er *Geist*, wild oats; t-er *Geist*, *Mim.* dead, dead-beeps; mit t-er *Ohren* anhören, - *blei-ben* gegen ..., to turn a deaf ear to.

Taub'chen, (str.) n. (dimin. of *Tau*) little dove; mein -! found my duck!

Tau'be, (w.) f. *Ornat.* dove, pigeon (*Columba L.*); die wilde -, rock-pigeon (*Columba livia* Brisson).

Tau'beinert, (w.) f. T. lining of a ditch.

Tau'ben ..., in comp. -**entee**, m. dove's eye; -**entee**, f. *Bot.* dew-berry (*Rubus cuneatus* L.); -**entee**, f. *Bot.* cow-thistle (*Stachys*); -**entee**, n. pigeon's egg; -**entee**, f. innocence of doves; -**entee**, f. *Bot.* pigeon-pea, Siberian pea-tree (*Caragana* Lam.); -**entee**, m. *Ornat.* 1) passenger falcon (*Bunderfalk*); 2) see -**entee**; -**entee**, adj. of a dove-colour, columbine; -**entee**, m. *Bot.* pigeon-foot, dove's-foot (*1. Geranium molle* L.; 2. *Geranium columbinum* L.); -**entee**, f. *ger.* -**entee**, m. see -**entee**; -**entee**, m. *Bot.* oriental oats (*Avena orientalis* L.).

Tau'benhaft, adj. dove-like.

Tau'ben ..., in comp. -**entee**, adj. with a dove-coloured neck (-**entee**); -**entee**, m. pigeon-dealer; -**entee**, m. dove-cot, pigeon-house; -**entee**, n. 1) pigeon-heart, cowardice; 2) *Pomol.* a species of cherry; -**entee**, m. coll. see -**entee**; *Bot.-s.* -**entee**, m. fumitory (*Fumaria officinalis* L.); -**entee**, m. damel (*Salz*); -**entee**, m. *Bot.* vervain (*Veronica*); -**entee**, m. 1) bladder-catchfly (*Silene aëthiops* L.); 2) berry-bearing campion (*Cucubulus bacciflorus* L.); 3) see -**entee**; -**entee**, m. pigeon hole (in a dove-cot); -**entee**, adj. of dovelike mildness or gentleness; -**entee**, m. pigeon's dung;

mentary disposition; —**testifere**, m. executor; —**testif**, adj. & adv. by will or testament; —**zeuge**, m. witness to a will.

* **Testator**, (str., pl. [w.] *Testatores*), (†): **Testamentler**, (str.) m. testator.

* **Testicle**, (str., pl. *somat.* [w.] *Testi* n. m. (Lat.) *Anal.* testicle (Höde).

* **Testimony**, (str., pl. [Lat.] *Testi* n. m. (Lat.) testimony, certificate. — **Testen**, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to leave a will; 2) to dispose by will; 3) (also *tr.*) to testify; to verify.

Teß... (B.), in comp. — **teßn**, n. grain of silver attached to the cupel; — **teßel**, f. sleeking-ball; — **teßel**, f. cupel-pan.

Tetra..., in comp. (Gr., pertaining to the number four) — **teßr**, (str.) n. Mus. tetra-chord (an instr. of four strings, also a concord of four sounds); — **teßer**, (str.) n. Math. tetrahedron; — **teßel**, adj. tetrahedral; — **teßn**, (str.) n. tetragon (Gießer, 1); — **teßig**, (w.) f. Gr. Dram. tetragly; — **teßter**, (str.) m. tetrameter.

* **Tetrarch**, (w.) m. (Gr.) tetrarch. — **Tetrarch**, (str.) n., **Tetrarchie**, (w.) f. tetrarchy, tetrarchy.

Teß..., in comp. *Mar.-s.* — **teßer**, m. small bower-anchor; **teß** — **teßer** and **teßer**, to moor across; — **teßer**, s. *intr.* to moor by the head; — **teßer**, n. small bower cable.

Teßer, (str.) m. T. breast-beard.

Teßer, (w.) f. Min. depth.

Teßer, (str.) m. 1) devil (cf. Vol. I); 2) *teß*, a machine for dividing cotton, opening-machine, devil; **teß** — **teß** — **teß** (broken) loose; **teß** — **teß** (broken) loose; the devil and his dam; **teß** soll der — **teß**! the devil take you; **teß** — **teß**, the devil a one, not a (living) soul, no one; **teß** frag den — **teß**, he does not care a straw about it; **teß** den — **teß**, he knows nothing at all about it; **teß** (ist) (um) **teß** **teß** zu werden, 'tis enough to drive one mad; **teß** — **teß** — **teß** (to go to the dogs; **teß** — **teß**! what the devil! the deuce! **teß** müßte **teß** der — **teß** (ist) **teß**, **teß** den ..., the devil must be in it, if ...; **teß** den — **teß** nicht an die **teß**, talk of the devil and he will come (or: and his imp appears).

Teßer, (str.) n. (dimin.) of **Teßel** 1) a) little devil, devilkin, imp; 2) *see* **Teßel**; **teßer**; **teß** formelantisch — *see* **Teßel**.

Teßer, (w.) f. 1) devilishness, diabolicalness; devilish trick, devilry; 2) intricate or troublesome business.

Teßer, (w.) f. she-devil, female devil.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) v. *intr.* to not to do what any one wishes.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, m. 1) coll. limb of the devil, limb of Satan; 2) *Bot.* devil's bit, meadow-scabious, Saint Peter's wort (*Succisa pratensis* Monch); — **teßer**, m. devil-worshipper; — **teßer**, f. coll. hard work devil's own work or job; — **teßer**, n. *Bot.* 1) henbane (*Hyoscyamus niger* L.); 2) pheasant's eye (*Adonis autumnalis* L.); — **teßer**, — **teßer**, m. exorcist, conjurer; — **teßer**, — **teßer**, f. exorcism; — **teßer**, m. *Bot.* alpine anemone (*Anemone alpina* L.); — **teßer**, f. *see* **Teßer**; — **teßer**, f. infernal creature, hellish brute; — **teßer**, m. *see* — **teßer**; 3) — **teßer**, n. *Bot.* devil's leaf (a species of nettle / *Urtica urticulosa* Blum.) on the island of Timor; — **teßer**, m. *Minor.* surtur-brand; — **teßer**, m. coll. most wicked fellow, rake-hall; — **teßer**, f. hag, witch; — **teßer**, f. the devil's imp, hellish brood or crew, wicked generation; — **teßer**, m. devil-worship, demolatry; — **teßer**, m. *Pharm.* devil's dung, asafetida; — **teßer**, f. †, indigo; — **teßer**, m. *see*

Teßer; — **teßer**, m. *see* — **teßer**; — **teßer**, f. pl. *Geogr.* Bermudas; — **teßer**, m. coll. a devil of a boy; — **teßer**, m. *Petr.* belemnite; — **teßer**, m. coll. devil of a fellow; — **teßer**, n. imp of satan, hardened sinner; wicked mischievous fellow; — **teßer**, f. *see* **Teßer**; — **teßer**, f. 1) *see* **Teßer**; 2) *Mar.* dog; — **teßer**, f. *Crust.* sea-spider (*Maja squinado* Hbst.); — **teßer**, f. diabolical art, sorcery, magic; — **teßer**, m. diabolical or infernal noise; — **teßer**, f. demonology; — **teßer**, 1) m. a devil of a man; 2) n. tergament; — **teßer**, f. *see* **Teßer**; — **teßer**, n. *lit.* devil's parody, i. e. hemlock; — **teßer**, f. *Bot.* winter-cherry (*Sorbaria*); — **teßer**, m. the devil's empire, hell; — **teßer**, f. *Typ.* (grobe) two-lines brevier; (feine) brevier; — **teßer**, n., — **teßer**, m. devilry, devilish noise, &c., *see* — **teßer**; — **teßer**, m. diabolical trick; — **teßer**, adj. †, possessed by the devil; — **teßer**, f. *see* — **teßer**; — **teßer**, m. coll. devil's own road, very bad road; — **teßer**, n. devilish work; diabolical scheme or action; — **teßer**, f. *see* **Teßer**; 1; — **teßer**, n. *Bot.* 1) *see* **Teßer**; 2) *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) v. *tr.* *Min.* to deepen (Ziehn). **Teßer**, (str.) m. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (str.) m. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (str.) m. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

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Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. *see* **Teßer**.

auf **teßer** — **teßer**, to take or catch in the fact or deed, in the very act; in **teß** —, indeed, in fact; **teß** die — **teßer**, to make good; seinen **teß** durch die — **teßer**, to reduce one's faith to practice; **teß** (führt) den **teß** mit **teß** —, his doing answers his name.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, m. the facts of a case, matter of the fact; — **teßer**, m. proof by the fact, active proof.

† **Teßer**, (w.) v. *intr.* to do.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, — **teßer**, m., — **teßer**, f. desire of achieving great actions.

Teßer, adj. inactive, indolent, idle.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, — **teßer**, adj. rich or abounding in deeds, active; — **teßer**, m. (*Gothe*, Faust I, 1) * action's storm (*Temp.*),

rush of events, stirring course of acts and results (*Whit.*). (tended activity.)

Teßer, (w.) f. cont. seeming or pre-

Teßer, (str.) m., **Teßer**, (w.) f. door,

author; (*genom.* in an *ill* sense) perpetrator,

guilty person.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, adj. ready to

act; — **teßer**, f. fact; (violent) deed.

Teßer, I. adj. 1) active; effective, actual,

affectionate; — **teßer**, to be at work; **teßer** hat sich

bei dieser **Teßer** sehr — **teßer**, he has made

himself most prominent in connection with

the subject; II. **Teßer**, (w.) f. 1) activity;

2) actuality, efficacy; in — **teßer**, to put in

activity; to set at work; **teßer** — **teßer**, to

suspend; an — **teßer**, of active habits;

teßer — **teßer**, vigour; geistige —, mental action,

action of the mind.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, f. energy; —

teßer, adj. energetic; — **teßer**, adj. known by

the fact; notorious; — **teßer**, f. notoriety.

Teßer, I. adj. 1) founded upon fact;

actual in fact or deed; 2) violent; **teßer** **teßer**

teßer, Low, battery; — **teßer**, to come to

blows; **teßer** an **teßer** — **teßer**, to do or

offer violence to one; II. **Teßer**, (w.) f. violent

proceeding; (act of) violence.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, f. fact, matter

of fact; — **teßer**, adj. founded on fact, actual,

matter-of-fact; — **teßer**, f. *Theol.* actual sin.

Teßer, s. I. (str.) m. dew; II. in comp. —

teßer, f. *Bot.* hind-berry, dew-berry (*Myrt.*

brumetere); — **teßer**, f. upper-soil; top-mould;

— **teßer**, f. dew-worm; — **teßer**, m. droo-

meter; — **teßer**, m. dew(ing)-point; — **teßer**, f. *husb.* dew rotting (of flax or hemp); — **teßer**,

f. sowing while the dew is on the ground;

— **teßer**, m. dew, fallen dew; — **teßer**, adj.

dewed; dewy; — **teßer**, f. — **teßer**, f. — **teßer**, f. *Ornith.* landrail (*Oreus pratensis* L.); —

teßer, m. dew-drop; — **teßer**, n. thaw,

thawing weather; **teßer** — **teßer** cintreten, in

case of a thaw; — **teßer**, m. thaw-wind; —

teßer, f. upper-root, horizontal root.

Teßer, (w.) v. *intr.* *impers.* 1) to dew;

2) to thaw. — **Teßer**, **Teßer**, adj. like

dew, dewy. (*bertheter*.)

* **Teßer**, (w.) m. (Gr.) *see* **Teßer**.

* **Teßer**, (str.) n. (Gr.) theatre, stage;

(— **teßer**) play-house; **teßer** — **teßer**, to go

to the play; **teßer** ist im —, he is at the play;

aufs **teßer** — **teßer**, to take to the stage.

Teßer..., in comp. — **teßer**, m. ticket

for the theatre; — **teßer**, f. receiver's box; —

teßer, m. 1) treasurer to a theatre; 2) re-

ceiver; — **teßer**, m. stage-writer; dramatic

poet; — **teßer**, m. manager of a theatre;

— **teßer**, m. stage-effect.

Teßer, adj. *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to tan (the sails).

Teßer, *see* **Teßer**.

Teßer, (w.) f. deed, action, act, fact, doing;

performances; ein **Teßer** —, a man of action;

eine große —, an exploit, achievement, feat;

party-man; —perspectiv, *n.* opera-glass; —principal, *m.* see-director; —routine, *f.* stage-practice; —sail, *m.* Archib. spectator; caves: —schiffsführer, *m.* dramatic author; —schwanz, —streich, *m.* stage trick; —stüd, *n.* play, stage piece, entertainment; —weiser, *n.* theatricals; the theatre; —zettel, *m.* playbill; —jimmernann, *m.* stage-wright.

Theater, (*str.*) *m.* Eccl. Theatine (monk).
* **Theatralisch**, *adj.* theatrical, scenic(al); stage-like; th-e Stellungen annehmen, to attitudinize.

Theben, *n. Geogr.* Thebes. — **Theben**, (*str.*) *n.* Thebe'nisch, *adj.* Theban.

Tea, (*str.*) *Gen. pr. tis or ts'ge, &c.* *m.* 1) tea; grüner —, green tea; schwarzer —, black tea; 2) see Theegeschäft.

Tea..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* see —strauch; —blatt, *n.* tea-leaf; —blumen, *pl.* imperial tea; —bret, *n.* tea-board, tea-tray, waiter; —büchse, *f.* tea-canister; tea-caddy; —Day (*coll.* —büh), *m.* Bohoa (tea), black tea; —geschiff, *n.* see —zeug; —geschloß, *f.* tea-party; —laune, *f.* tea-pot; —schüssel, *n.* tea-caddy; tea-chest; —seffel, *m.* 1) tea-kettle; 2) *coll.* smelton; —stisch, *m.* *coll.* tea-party of ladies, anal. tattle-broth; —strauß, *m.* Pharm. simples for tea; —tuch, *m.* tea-cake; —tisch, *m.* tea-spoon; —maschinen, *f.* tea-kitchen; —schale, *f.* tea-dish; —schüsselchen, *n.* caddy-spoon, caddy-shell; —sieb, *n.* tea-strainer; —stern, *pl.* teas; —stunde, *f.* strand, *m.* Bot. tea-tree, tea-shrub, tea-plant (*Thea chinensis* Sims.); —stumpfen, *f.* Bot. Paraguay-tea-plant (*Ilex paraguariensis* St. Hil.); —taffel, *f.* tea-cup and saucer; —tisch, *m.* tea-board, tea-table; —tisch, *m.* tea-pot; —urne, *f.* tea-urn; —zeug, *n.* tea-things, tea-furniture.

Teile (*pr. tät*), see **Teer**.

† **Teilung**, (*str.*) *n.* (& *f.*) 1) a) term; b) agreement; 2) a) speech in defence of ..., pleading; b) talking, idle talk; **Teile**, (*str.*) *pl. Script. judges.*

Teil, (*str.*) *m.* (& *n.*) 1) part; division; deal; share, portion; lot; 2) part, tome, volume; 3) party; beide Te, both parties or sides; 4) Min. the thirty-second part of a mine; 5) Archib. member; —einer Rede, Prodigt u., part or division of a discourse, &c.; großen Te-s, in a great measure; größten Te-s, for the greatest or most part; zum —, in part, partly, partially; zu gleichen Te-en, in equal shares, share and share alike; zu gleichen Te-en gehen, to go share and share (alike), *coll.* to go snacks; —an etwas (*Dat.*) haben, to have a share, to be a sharer in, to participate in, to be (a) party to ..., to be or have art and part in ..., to share; —an etwas (*Dat.*) nehmen, 1. to take part or share in, to go shares, partake, participate, join in; 2. *fig.* to take an interest in a thing, to feel sympathy for; zu —werden, to fall to one's lot or share, to be one's lot; (Einem etwas) zu —werden lassen, to grant, bestow (something upon); ich meine Te-s, I for my part, as for me.

Teilbar, *l. adj.* divisible, partible; II. **Teil**, (*w.*) *f.* divisibility, divisibleness.

Teil..., *in comp.* —begriff, *m.* partial notion or idea; —betrag, *m.* equal amount; —bruch, *m.* Arith. simple fraction.

Teilchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Teil**) a small part, particle.

Teil..., *in comp.* —cirfel, see Theilungs-cirfel; —eisen, *n.* T. cutting-iron.

Teile, (*w.*) *v. l. & r.* 1) to divide, part, share; to partition; in gleiche Teile —, *Law*, to apportion; wir teilen es or die Differenz —, let us split the difference; 2) *fig.* to share, join, to participate in, sympathize with ...; II. *refl.* 1) to split, to separate; 2) to divide (itself), to be divided; to fork (of roads); 3)

with in (& *Acc.*), to share among each other; getheilt, *p. a.* see this word. [divisor.

Teiler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) divider; 2) *Math.* **Teilhhaber** (*str.*) *m.* (**Teilhaber**, (*w.*)) sharer, partaker, participator, partner; als —eintritten, to become (be received or admitted as) a partner; alle —an dem Geschäft, all parties concerned in this transaction; *Mar.* part or joint owner.

Teilhast, I. or **Teilhastig**, *adj.* (*with Gen.*) partaking (of), sharing, participant (in); Einen einer Sache —machen, to make one share or participate in a thing; sich einer Sache —machen, to participate in; einer Sache —werden, to partake or participate in, to obtain a thing; II. **Teilhaft**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) partaking, sharing, participation.

Teilhäfen, (*str.*) *m.* *from* —bloom-book. ... theilhaft, *adj.* (*in comp.*) (consisting) of (a certain number of) parts.

Teilh..., *in comp.* —kreis, *m.* T. —(r)ig einer Bahnradel pitch-line, pitch-circle; —maschine, *f.* T. dividing-engine, *cf.* —schibe; —messer, *m.* 1) see —eisen; 2) *Sport.* hangor; —nahme, —nehmung, *f.* participation, share; *fig.* interest, sympathy; —nehmlich, *adj.* apathetic, listless, passive, uninterested, indifferent, unfeeling; —nehmung, *adj.* participating; *fig.* sympathizing, affectionate; —nehmer, *m.* 1) see —haber; 2) one that sympathizes; —nehmer eines Verbrechens, partner in a crime, accomplice, accessory, art and part; —rechnung, *f.* account in participation; —righ, *m.* *Nach.* pitch-line.

Teils, *adv.* partly, in part.

Teilh..., *in comp.* —schibe, *f.* T. division-plate (*cf.* Räderführbezug), divider; —schilling, *m.* *Gen.* inheritance-fee; —schuldschaine, *m.* *pl.* partial obligations or bonds; —summe, *f.* see —betrag.

Teilung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) division, parting, partition, sharing; separation; 2) T. a) (R)theilung graduation (of mathematical instruments), regular division into (equal) parts or degrees; b) pitch (of a cog-wheel).

Teilungs..., *in comp.* —cirfel, *m.* T. dividers (a kind of compasses); —glicht, *n.* divisional member; *Hydr.-e.* —grube, *f.* drainwell of an aqueduct; —hahn, *m.* branch-spout; —kraft, *f.* capability of division (of infusoria); —linie, *f.* dividing-line; —recht, *n.* right of division; —regel, *f.* *Math.* rule of division; —righ, *m.* see Theilrigh; —vertrag, *m.* treaty of partition; —zahl, *f.* *Math.* dividend; —zahlen, *n.* mark of division; —girfel, see —cirfel.

Teilh..., *in comp.* —verfrachtung, *f.* part-freight; —wehr, *n.* *Hydr.* discharge-dike; —weise, *l. adj.* partial; II. *adv.* partially, in part, partly; —zahl, *f.* —zähler, *m.* *Math.* quotient; —zahlung, *f.* payment in part; —girfel, see Theilungscirfel.

* **Teihn**, (*str.*) *n.* Chem. theino.

* **Teih'smud**, (*ind.*) *m.* (*Gr. theos, god*) theism, belief in the existence of a god (*opp.* Atheismus). — **Teist**, (*w.*) *m.* theist.

Teite..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* Bot. teak (-tree) (Zedbaum); —holz, *n.* teak-wood.

* **Teite**, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* counter (Raben-**Teite**, *f.* Thecla (P. N.). [titel].

* **Thema**, (*str.*) *pl.* Themas, or [*Lad.*] **Thema**, or [*w.*] **Themen** *n.* (*Lad.* *Gr.*) theme, subject (*also* *Nus.*).

Them's, *f.* (the river) Thames.

Thes, *m.* Theodora (P. N.).

* **Thes**..., *in comp.* (*Gr. theos, god*) —bitter, (*w.*) *f.* theodicy; —bist, (*w.*) *m.* T. theodolite; —gente, (*w.*) *f.* theogony; —fratie, (*w.*) *f.* theocracy; —fratist, *adj.* theocratic(al); —log(e), (*w.*) *m.* theologian; divine; —logie, (*w.*) *f.* theology; divinity; —logist, *adj.* theological; die —logische Moral, practical divinity; —mantie, (*w.*) *f.* theomancy.

* **Theorbe**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Nus.* theorbe.

* **Theorem**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) theorem. — **Theoretiker**, (*str.*) *m.* theoretic, theorist. — **Theoretisch**, *adj.* theoretic(al); speculative, philosophical. — **Theorie**, (*w.*) *f.* theory, philosophy.

* **Theosophisch**, *adj.* (*Gr.*) theosophical. **Ther**, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* 1) tar; 2) grease for carriages; mit —anstrichen, to tar; *in comp.* —brenner, *m.* tar-burner; —brennerel, *f.* tar-stillery; —büchse, *f.* tar- or grease-box; —butt, *m.* Ichth. flounder (*Platessa Fume* L.); —fisch, *m.* *Mar.* slug, tar; —geist, *m.* spirit of tar; —grube, *f.* tar-pit; —hefen, *f.* *pl.* drops of pitch and tar; —hof, *m.* place where tar is warehoused; —kiste, *f.* tar-ladle; —kiste, *m.* tar-kettle; —krant, *n.* —welle, *f.* see Sch-welle; —ofen, *m.* tar-kiln, pitch-kiln; —papier, *f.* T. tarred paper; —pinfel, —quast, *m.* tar-lin, black-link, pitch-mop, tar-mop; —sand, *m.* viscous sand; —scheiter, —scheiter, *m.* see —brenner; —tanne, *f.* tar-barrel; —tuch, *n.* tarpaulin; —webel, *m.* tarring brush; —werg, *n.* black oakum; —wisch, *m.* tar-mop.

* **Therapeut**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Med.* therapeutist. — **Therapeutik**, **Therapie**, (*w.*) *f.* therapeutics. — **Therapeutisch**, *adj.* therapeutical.

Theren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tar, pay.

Therese, *f.* Theresa (P. N.). [troclo.

Theriel, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) Pharm. thoric.

Therig, **Thericht**, *adj.* tarlike, tarry.

* **Thermal**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) thermal or hot spring (Warmbad).

* **Thermometer**, (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* (*Gr.*) *Phys.* thermometer; —fugel, *f.* bulb of a thermometer. [*f.* (*Lad.* *Gr.*) thesis.

* **Thes** (*pl.* [*Lad.*] **Thes**), **Thes**, (*w.*)

Thesellen, *n. Geogr.* Thessaly. — **Thes**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Th-*in, [*w.*] *f.*) Thessalian.

Thessalisch, *n. Geogr.* Thessalonia. — **Thessalisch**, (*str.*) *m.* Thessalonian.

Ther, *l. adj.* dear: 1) costly, expensive; 2) *fig.* beloved, precious; sacred; die theure Zeit, time of scarcity, dearth, famine; etwas —behalten, to pay dearly for; hoch und —verühren, to asseverate (solemnly), to declare and protest; hier ist guter Rath —, good advice is very much needed here; wie —? how much? theure Preise, high prices; die theure Frucht, the high rate or charges of conveyance; II. *adv.* dearly, &c., at a high rate; —gerast, dear bought.

Therem, (*w.*) *v. l. u.* I. *intr.* to be or to grow dear; II. *tr.* to make dear.

* **Therig** (*pr. te-urgh*), (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*)

theurgist; ghost-seer, magician. — **Therurgie**, (*w.*) *f.* theurgy. — **Therurgisch**, *adj.* theurgic(al).

Ther(e)nung (*l. u.* **Ther**), **Ther(e)nt**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dearth; 2) dearth, famine, scarcity.

Thibet, *n. Geogr.* Thibet. — **Thibetisch**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Thibetisch**, *adj.* Thibetan.

Thier, (*str.*) *n.* 1) animal; beast; brute; 2) a) t. mule; b) *Sport.* deer, hind, doe.

Thier..., *in comp.* —ähnlich, *adj.* like an animal or a brute, beast-like; —albumin, *n.* Chem. animal albumen; —anerkennung, *f.* worship(ping) of animals, zoolatry; —art, *f.* species of animals; —artig, see —ähnlich; —arztstunde, —arztstunde, *f.* veterinary science; —arztstunde, *f.* veterinary college or school; —arzt, *m.* farrier, veterinary surgeon; —at-schreibung, *f.* zoography; —bildung, *f.* formation of animals; —bium, *f.* animal flower; —bake, *f.* menagerie (show); —chemie, *f.* animal chemistry.

Thierchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Thier**) little od. small animal, animalcule.

Thier..., *in comp.* —classe, *f.* class of

animals; —bierst, *m. see* —anbretung; —fleisch, *n.* flesh of animals; —frucht, *f.* *Nat.* Scythian lamb, barometra; —garten, *m. 1)* park, (game-) preserve; 2) zoological garden; menagerie; —gattung, *f.* genus of animals; —geschicht, *n.* combat of beasts; —gemälde, *n.* painting or picture of animals; —geschichte, *f.* history of animals; zoography; —geschlecht, *n.* race of animals; —gestalt, *f.* form of an animal; —hund, *n.* menagerie; —heil, *n. see* Thierheil; —heilshunde, *f. see* —argheilshunde.

Thierheil, (*w.*) *f.* animal nature, animal character; brutishness.

Thierinsecten, (*w.*) *n. pl.* *Nat.* a class of parasitic animals, ectoparas.

Thierisch, *adj.* animal (magnetism, &c.), brutish, beastly, bestial; th-e Säure, zoonic acid; th-e Allail, ammonium.

Thier..., *in comp.* —fötus, *m.* embryo; —früher, *m.* zoologist; —föhl, *f.* animal charcoal; —körper, *m.* animal body; —kraft, *f.* animal power; —kreis, *m.* *astr.* zodiac; —kunde, —lehre, *f.* zoology; —malerei, *f.* painting of animals; —mench, *m.* uncivilised human being; —öl, *n.* animal oil; —pflanze, *f.* animal plant, zoophyte; —quälerer, *f.* cruelty to animals, tormenting, vexation of animals; Berrin gegen —quälerer, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals; —reich, *n.* animal kingdom; —rinde, *f.* *Arch.* zoophore column; —säure, *f.* *Chem.* zoonic acid; —schaf, *n.* cattle-show; —schinder, *m.* slayer; *sg.* tormentor of animals; —schuß, *m.* animal protection; —schußverrein, *see* Berrin gegen —quälerer; —schuß, *f.* (pestilential) disease among cattle, murrain; —stein, *m.* —versteinerung, *f.* zoolite; —stild, *n. see* —gemälde; —wärter, *m.* keeper of a menagerie; —welt, *f.* animal world; —wesen, *n.* animal nature; —geräucher, *m.* zoolumist; —gergüßerung, —gergüßerungstunde, —gergüßerungstheorie, Thiermisch, *see* Thymian. *f.* zootomy.

Thommas, *m.* Thomas (*P. N.*; *abbr.* Thoms, Thoms); *in comp.* —brüder, —brüder, *m. pl.* Thomases, Thomites; —sonntag, *m.* Low-Sunday; —transmüde, *f.* *Entom.* a species of gnat (*Scidia Thomas L.*), the larva of which form the army-worm (*Scythium*); —zucker, *m.* moist sugar.

Thon, (*str.*) *m.* clay; feuerfest —, fire-clay; gebrannter —, terra cotta (*Ital.*); *in comp.* —ettig, *adj.* clayish; —bad, *n.* Sugar-n. clay-bath; —bad, *f.* bed of clay; —beifügung, *n.* bed of clay; —beben, *m. see* —grund; —beife, *f.* Sugar-n. claying, bottoming; Min-a —, —eisenstein, *m.* oriental ruby; —eisenstein, *m.* argillaceous (or clayey) iron-stone; —erbe, *f. 1)* clay, argillaceous earth; 2) alumine; eifigleure —erbe, acetate of alumine.

Thonern, *adj.* of clay, clayey, earthen.

Thon..., *in comp.* —flüß, *m.* *khth.* bonito (Donnerfisch); —flüß, *f.* paving-tile; —gerstein, *n.* *Geol.* argillaceous rock; —grube, *f.* clay-pit; —grund, *m.* —leub, *n.* clayey soil; clay-land; —pöbel, *n.* *Chem.* hydrate of alumine.

Thonig, *adj.* clayish, clayey.

Thonig, *adj.* containing clay, clayey, argillaceous.

Thon..., *in comp.* —fögel, *f.* clay-pellet; —fögel, *n.* clay-bed; —fögel, —mühle, *f.* 7. clay-mill; Min-a —mergel, *m.* clay marl; —pöbel, *f.* clay-pipe; —pöbelstein, *m.* argillaceous sand-stone; —pöbel, *f. see* —fögel; —pöbel, *m.* clay-slate, argillaceous schist or slate; —pöbelstein, —pöbelstein, *adj.* schistose, schistous, schistite; —pöbelstein, *m.* potter's beetle; —pöbelstein, *f.* potter's knife; —pöbel, *f.* *Chem.* aluminous earth; —pöbel, *f.* *Archit.* mortar made of fire-clay; —stein, *m.* clay-stone; —treier, *m.* T. boat; —wasser, *f.* earthen ware, pottery; —wasser, *f.* *Hydr.* puddle.

A. Thör, (*w.*) *m.* fool.

B. Thör, (*str.*) *n.* gate; gateway; das — mit Flügeln, folding gate; *in comp.* —baum, *n.* ironwork (of a gate); —baum, *m.* bar (of a gate); —erde, *f.* *Chem.* thoria, thorina; —föhr, *f. see* —weg; —flügel, *m.* wing or door of a gate; —gels, *n.* —großchen, *m.* gate-money (paid for passing through a gate, penny paid for admittance after the [town-] gates are shut); —hülle, *f.* porch.

Thörheit, (*w.*) *f. 1)* folly; foolishness, silliness; 2) foolish action or trick or thing, cork, tomfoolery.

Thörheit, (*str.*) *m. see* Thörwürter.

Thörlich, (*str.*) *adj.* foolish, silly, absurd.

Thör..., *in comp.* —fette, *f.* gate-chain; —flappe, *f.* —pförtchen, *n.* wicket; —pfeller, —pfeller, *m.* pier; —pfeller, *m.* bar of a gate; —pfeller, *m.* porter; —pfeller, *n.* gate-lock; —pfeller, *m.* shutting of the gates; vor —pfeller, *sg.* *anal.* at the eleventh hour; —pfeller, *m.* key of the gate; —pfeller, *m.* gate-clerk, receiver of town-dues or tolls; —pfeller, *f. 1)* —pfeller; 2) —pfeller; —pfeller, *f.* gate-keeper's lodge; —pfeller, *f.* gate-watch; —pfeller, —pfeller, —pfeller, *m.* gate-keeper; —pfeller, *m.* gate-way; avenue; (überpfeller) arch-way; —pfeller, *adv.* very wide; —pfeller, *m.* ticket given at a town-gate to persons bringing in or carrying out goods, &c.; —pfeller, *m.* toll, duty paid at the gate.

Thörchen, *n.* *Geogr.* Thracia. — Thörcher, (*str.*) *m.* Thracian.

Thörchen, (*str.*) *m.* train-oil, whale-oil, fish-oil, blubber; blauer —, pale train-oil; strohgelber —, straw train-oil; im Thörchen sein, along, to be in a muddle.

Thörchenauge, (*irr.*) *n. see* Thörchenauge.

Thörchen..., *in comp.* —brenner, *m.* train-oil boiler; —brenner, *f.* place where blubber is boiled. (*tear; sg.* little drop.)

Thörchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Thörne) A. Thörne, (*w.*) *f. 1)* tear; 2) *Vint.* the drops exuding from a vine when cut.

B. Thörne, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* *see* Dörhne.

Thörnen, (*w.*) *s. I. inr.* to weep a little; II. *tr. impers.* es thörnenst mich, I would fain weep.

Thörnen, I. (*w.*) *s. inr.* 1) to run with tears, to stream; to weep; to water; 2) to drop, bleed (as vines); 3) to leak; II. *s. e.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) running, &c.; *Med.* lachrymation.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* *Anal.* lachrymal; —auge, *m.* weeping eye, watering eye; *Med.* epiphora; —bein, *n.* *Anal.* lachrymal or weeping bone; —birke, *f.* *Bot.* weeping birch (*Troutbirke*); —brot, *n.* bread moistened with tears; —canal, *m. see* —gang; —caruncel, *f.* lachrymal caruncle; —caruncelgefäß, *f.* *Med.* eucanthia; —brüße, *f.* *Anal.* lachrymal gland; —fench, *adj.* wet with tears; —fenchigkeit, *f.* *Anal.* lachrymal fluid; —flüß, *m.* 1) *Med.* lachrymation; 2) or —flüß, *f. see* —gang; *Anal.* —föhr, *m.* lachrymal process; —gang, *m.* lachrymal duct; —gefäß, *n.* 1) *Anal.* lachrymal vessel; 2) or —gefäß, *n.* —föhr, *m.* *Anal.* lachrymatory; —gefäß, *m.* *Surg.* epiphora; —gras, *n.* *Bot.* Job's tears (*Coix lachryma L.*); —grube, *f.* *Anal.* lachrymal pit; —guß, *m.* gush or torrent of tears; —flügel, *m. see* —caruncelgefäß.

Thörnenleer, Thörnenleer, *adj.* tearless.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* —punct, *m.* *Anal.* lachrymal point; —quelle, *f.* *sg.* spring or source of tears; —röhren, *n. see* —gefäß, 1; —föhr, *m.* *Anal.* lachrymatory bag; —föhr, *m.* *Bot.* dry-rot (*Marasmius lachrymans Schum.*); —föhr, *m. see* —guß; —föhr, *f. see* —gefäß, 2; —föhr, *adj.* tearful; *sg.* lamentable;

—werge, *f. see* —punct; —wasser, *n. 1)* tears; 2) *see* —föhrigkeit; —weide, *f.* *Bot.* weeping willow (*Troutweide*); —wein, *m.* *Lacryma Christi*; —werth, *adj.* lamentable; —wundergefäß, *f. see* —gefäß.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* —föhr, *n.* train-oil tub; —föhr, *m.* fire-place for melting blubber; —hülle, *f. see* —brenner.

Thörnen, *adj.* resembling train-oil, tasting or smelling of train-oil. [*greasy.*]

Thörnen, *adj.* containing train-oil; fat, Thörnen, *adj.* (*l. w.*) weeping, in tears.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* —juchten, *m.* —feber, *n.* leather dressed in train-oil.

Thörnenlein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Thörne) *provinc.* & * for Thörnen.

Thörnenstein, (*str.*) *n.* resin drops exuding from the fir and pine-tree.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* —fette, *f.* black soap; —föhr, *m.* —föhrer, *f. see* —brenner, —brenner; —föhr, *m.* blubber.

Thörne, (*str.*) *pl. sometimes w.* *m.* throne; seinen — aufsitzen, to establish one's domination; auf den — kommen or gelangen, to come to the throne; vom —e steigen, to dethrone; *in comp.* —bestimmung, *f.* accession to the throne (crown); —bewerber, *m.* suitor, pretender to the throne; —bewerbung, *f.* claim, pretension to the throne.

Thörne, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Dörhne.

Thörnen, (*w.*) *s. inr.* to sit on a or the throne; to be enthroned.

Thörnen..., *in comp.* —erbe, *m.* heir to the throne, heir apparent; —erbin, *f.* heiress apparent; —folge, *f.* succession; —folger, *m.* successor; —himmel, *m.* canopy, dais; —raub, *m.* usurpation; —räuber, *m.* usurper; —rede, *f.* speech from the throne; —saal, *m.* throne-room.

Thörnen, (*str.*) *m.* Thörnen, (*w.*) *f.* *gener.* *in comp.* door, doing (*also* = affection [*Gertrud*], &c.), &c.

Thörnen, (*str.*) *l. w.* for Thörnen.

Thörnen, (*str.*) 1) (*pl.* Thörnen) *m.* cathedral (Dom); 2) (*pl.* Thörnen & Thörnen) *n.* (*at present, like Engl.* ... dom, only used as an *affix*, *cf.* Christenthum, Christenthum, Bollenthum &c.) a) jurisdiction; b) (judicial) power; c) state; dignity; d) quality; e) (collective) body, estate, &c.

Thörnen, (*irr.*) *s. I. inr.* 1) to do (right, well, ill, &c.), to act; 2) to make, do (as if, &c.), to pretend (to be, &c.), to affect (to be, &c.); to behave; gut —, 1. to behave well, &c. *cf.* Gut; 2. or wohl, or flug daran —, to do or act wisely; daß thut nicht gut, no good will come of it, that will not do; danach —, to act according (or up to) ...; man thut flug daran, die Idee aufzugeben, the idea was wisely abandoned; Eiewürden besser —, you would do or you had better; dazu —, 1. to add; *sg.* 2. to contribute; 3. to set about ...; to make haste; zu — sein um, to be or lie at stake; es ist um dein Glück zu —, your happiness is concerned or involved, it is only for your happiness; es ist mir darum zu —, daß ich sehe ..., it is of importance to me to see ...; nicht darum ist es mir zu —, it is not (for) that; that is not the only thing to be considered; es ist mir um seine Freundschaft zu —, his friendship is of importance to me, his friendship is what I care for (or what I aim at), his friendship concerns me; I should like to secure (or to retain) his friendship; es ist um eine Stunde zu —, it is the matter of an hour, an hour will suffice; es ist um mich gehen, I am done for, I am lost; ... so ist es gleich um mich gehen (*Gotha*), be there at once an end of me; um des Jahres Ernte ist es gehen (*Schiller*), the year's harvest is utterly gone; groß —, to affect superiority, to assume importance; to brag, to lord it, to cut a figure; erkaunt

—, to affect astonishment; unwillig —, to pretend indignation; verstant —, to affect familiarity, to claim familiar acquaintance (with); geſchäftig —, to pretend, to be busy, to play the busy-body; ſelig —, to be proud (auf *with Acc.*), mit, of; — als ob man ſich widerſehen wollte, to make a show of resistance; ich that als ob ich ſchlicfe, I pretended to sleep; nur ſo — (als ob &c.), merely to make believe.

II. *tr.* 1) to do, to make, to perform; 2) to put; to pour; ſich — laſſen, to be practicable or feasible; 3) (Einem etwas) to do (something) to (one), to commit violence upon (*cf.* Anſehen, 2); er fürchtete, daß ſie ihm etwas — ſönnte, he feared that she might do something to him; 4) to effect, &c.; es —, to do, to suffice, *cf.* below; du mußt etwas (das beſt)ige thun —, you must do something (the best you can) in the matter; was ſoll ich nun weiter? — how am I to proceed? — Sie was Sie wollen, take your course; eine Bitte —, to make a request; to address a petition (to); ein Gebet —, to offer up a prayer; einen Eid —, to cast or give a glance; einen Eid (Schwur) —, to take an oath, to swear; einen Eide (*Gen.*) Ermahnung or Meldung —, to make mention (of); einen Fall —, to get a fall; einen Geſchritt —, to make or take a false step, to slide, slip; eine Frage —, to ask or put a question; einen Gang —, to take a walk; to execute a commission; einen Griff —, see Erſtehen; einen Knall —, to give a report or crack; eine Reiſe —, to set out on a journey, *cf.* auf Reiſen gehen; einen Schlag —, to strike a blow or a stroke; einen Schrei —, to give a shriek; er that einen lauten Schrei, he gave a loud cry; ich denke einen langen Schlaf zu — (*Schiller*, Wall. Tod), I mean to take a long sleep; einen Schuß —, to have a shot; to fire a gun, see Schießen I, 1; einen Sprung —, to take a leap; der Eide that einen Sprung, the lion made a spring; einen Trunt, Schluß, Zug —, to take a draught; Wirkung —, to produce or take effect; Einem Gutes —, to confer favours or benefits upon one; in dieſem Artikel wird nichts geſehen, *Comm.* nothing is (being) done or is doing in this article; zu — haben, 1. to have business or work (on hand); 2. to have to do or deal (with), to have dealings, to be connected (with); er hat andere Dinge zu —, he has other business to attend to, *ſam.* he has other fish to fry; er hat mit ihr zu — gehabt, he has had communication with her; nichts mit... zu — haben, to have no business, dealing(s), or concern with...; to have no reference to...; ich will nichts mehr mit ihm zu — haben, I will not be concerned with him any more, *coll.* I'll have nothing to say to him; nichts mehr mit... zu — haben, to have done with...; nichts zu — haben wollen mit..., to refuse to meddle with...; to disclaim all interference with...; viel zu — haben, to have much work upon one's hands, *coll.* to have a good run of work; zu — bekommen, to get work or business, to come into business; (Einem etwas) zu — geben, to give or set (one) to do, to give or find (one) work, to employ one, *coll.* to cut out work for one; das wird ihnen viel zu — geben, it will give them much trouble, they will have a busy time of it; ſich (*Dat.*) zu — machen, to undertake any work, to take to acting; ſich (*Dat.*) zu — machen mit..., to interfere or meddle with, to touch (an intricate question, &c.); ſich (*Dat.*) etwas zu — machen, to pretend to have to do something, to find out something to do; zu wiſſen —, to inform, to give notice, to send word; Einem etwas —, to hurt, damage, offend one; Einem etwas zum Pöſſen (*coll.* zum Schur) —, to do anything to vex, to spite, or to offend one; Pre-

bigen that es nicht allein, preaching alone does not avail; damit ist es nicht gethen, that will not suffice, that won't do; wenn es mit der Freigebigkeit gethen ist, if liberality will do; Roth —, to be necessary or urgent.

III. *tr.* *impers.* to matter, to be; was that es? what does it matter? was that es denn auch..., what though...; es that nichts, it does not matter or signify; never mind; der Name that nichts zur Sache, the name is nothing to the purpose or point; es that nicht viel zur Sache, it matters not much to the question.

Thun, *v. s. (str.)* n. the doing, performing, &c.; action; practices, conduct; dein — und Erſehen, your ways, your way of acting; — und Erſehen, — und Erſehen, (ways and) doings, actions, proceedings, course (of proceeding); das ist meines X's nicht, that is none of my business.

Thunfisch, (*str.*) m. *Ichth.* tunny-fish (*Thynnus vulgaris* Cuv.).

Thunſchlag, I. *adj.* feasible, achievable, practicable; II. *tr.* (*str.*) f. feasibility, practicableness.

Thür, or Thürre, (*v. s.*) f. door; vor der —, 1. before or outside the door; 2. *fig.* at hand, near; einem Dinge — und Thür öffnen, to make room or way; unangbar wäre der willkühr und theoretiſche (*Grünm*, WB. XXV), it would undoubtedly pave the way for arbitrariness; hinter der — Abſchied nehmen, to take French leave; nach der — ſehen, to attend to the door, to answer the bell; mit der — ins Haus fallen, to blunder, blab, or bluster out; to be overhasty; (den Reuten mit nichts dir nichts) mit der Thür ins Haus fallen, to tumble in (upon people) without let or leave; zuſchließen — und Angel ſtecken, to be at a pinch, in a dilemma.

Thür..., *in comp.* — angel, f. door-hinge; — bänder, n. pl. iron or brass ligaments or door-cases, dressing, wooden architrave; — beſchlag, m., — beſchläge, n. door-furniture, plate, handle, &c., of a door; — bogenſelb, n. Archib. tympan.

Thürchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of Thür) 1) little door; wicket; 2) or Thürſtel, *Mech.* lower valve (of a suction-pump), suction-valve; — ſäge, f. cooper's small saw.

Thür..., *in comp.* — einſaffung, f. see — beſchlagung; — ſelb, n. 1) panel, pane, square of a door; 2) see — ſtüt; — ſchlüß, m. fold or leaf of a folding door; — frieß, m. Join. jamb-plate; — ſutter, n. boxing of a door, frame. Thürſchloß, n. *Geogr.* Turgovia. (linings. Thür..., *in comp.* — gemälde, m. see — ſtüt; — geräth, — geſtell, — gewinde, m. door-case; — geſtim, n. cornice of a door; — giebel, m. gable of a door, pediment; — giebelſelb, n. see — bogenſelb; — griff, m. door-handle; — haken, m., — hänge, f. see — angel; — hammer, m. clicket; — haube, f. see — angel; — hütter, m. 1) porter, door-keeper; 2) see Hängen-pförmner.

Thüringen, n. *Geogr.* Thuringia. — Thüringer, (*str.*) m., Thürin, (*v. s.*) f. Thüring. giß, *adj.* Thuringian.

Thür..., *in comp.* — ſette, f. door-chain; — ſtüt, f. door-latch; — ſchloß, n. see — öffnung.

Thurm, (*str.*) m. 1) Thürme m. 1) tower; 2) (Kirch-) ſteopel, spire; 3) prison, dungeon; 4) *Gam.* (at chess) rook, castle.

Thurmſau, (*str.*) m. building of a tower.

Thürmchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of Thurm) a little tower, turret.

Thürmſtecker, (*str.*) m. slater of a tower.

Thürmen, (*v. s.*) l. *tr.* 1) to provide with towers or steeples; gethürmt, p. a. turreted; 2) to pile up; II. *ref.* & *intr.* to tower, to rise high. [*steopel.*]

Thürmer, (*str.*) m. warder of a tower or

Thurm..., *in comp.* — eule, f. screech-owl (*Strix flammea* L.); — ſäbe, f. vane; — ſchloß, m. *Ornith.* kestral (*Falco tinnunculus* L.); — ſchloß, m. *Ichth.* dobulo (*Louscarus dobulo* L.); — ſtürmig, *adj.* in the form of a tower or steeples; turreted; — glode, f. tower-bell; — hett, m. see — ſtecker; — hoch, *adj.* very high, towering; — hütter, m. keeper of a tower; jaller; — knopf, m. steeples-knob; — ſtrüß, f. see Dohle, 1; — ſtraut, n. *Bot.* tower-mustard (*Turrilis* L.); — ſutter, n. copper-plates for roofs; — ſtecker, m. keeper of a tower or prison; — mühl, f. smoke-mill; — rube, m. see Dohle, 1; — ſchneide, f. *Conch.* a species of shell (*Panoropsis* Lam.); — ſtraube, f. *Conch.* turritella (*Turritella* Lam.); — ſchneide, f. *Ornith.* swift, black-martin (*Oxyechus apus* L.); — ſpiel, n. *amul.* down-the-dolly; — ſpiro, f. spire, top of a tower or steeples; — ſtür, m. door-lintel; — ſtür, m. *Ichth.* see camel; — ſtür, f. clock of a steeples; — ſtecker, f. head-moulding; — ſtecker, f. wooden architrave; — ſtecker, m. dungeon; — ſtecker, f. guard, sentinel in a tower; — ſtecker, — wart, — wirtter, m. see Thürmer.

† Thurn, see Thurm.

Thür..., *in comp.* — öffnung, f. opening for a door; — pfloß, f. door-post, door-check, jamb; — platte, f., — ſchloß, m. door-plate; — ſinger-plate; — ſtegel, m. 1) door-bolt; 2) *Chap.* head-rail; — ſchloß, n. turret-ship; — ſchloß, m. head of a door-bay; — ſchloßſelb, m. key of a door; — ſchneide, f. thumb-latch; — ſchneide, f. door-sill, door-stop; — ſpiegel, m. see — ſelb, 1; — ſtür, m. see — pfloß; — ſtür, m. door-keeper, porter; — ſtür, m. 1) see — pfloß; 2) *Mis.* gear, prop; — ſtür, n. painting over a door; — ſtür, m. head-piece of a door; — ſtecker, f. see — ſtecker; — wirtter, m. see — hütter; — jarge, f. door-frame; — jarge, f. door-securer.

* Thürmlein, (*str.*) n. (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Bot.* thyme (*Thymus* L.); — wirtter, n. cordial of thyme. [*thyroid.*]

* Thürſteckerſch, *adj.* (*Lat.-Gr.*) *Anat.*

* Thürſte, f. (*Lat.-Gr.*) tiar, tiara, triple crown (of the pope).

Thür, see Thür.

Thürten n., see Dichten.

Thür..., *in comp.* — Thür, (*v. s.*) n. tap (Tipp).

I. *tr.* to tap (Tipp); II. *intr.* to tick.

Thürſtick, *intr.* pit-a-pat, click-clack, tick-tick, click; die Uhr ging —, the watch ticked.

Thürſtecken, (*v. s.*) *v. intr.* to go pit-a-pat, &c.

Thür, I. *adj.* 1) deep; low; 2) *fig.* deep, profound; high; 3) far; t-er ſtimmen, to lower the tune, to tune lower; wie es t-er Nacht wurde, as the night gathered; *Mar.-s.* cin — verbundene Schiff, a deep-waisted ship; gehen, *v. intr.* to draw deep (of ships); — in See ſein, to have sea-room; — nach Süden, low to the south; cin t-es Roth, a dark red; im t-ſten Winter, in the dead of winter; im t-ſten Nacht, in the dead of night; im t-ſten Grund, in the very depth of misery; t-er ſchürzen, deep-knit furrows; t-er ſchürzen, inveterate hatred; in t-em Schiffe ſein, to be fast asleep; er ist — in den ſchürzenen (cin t-er ſchürzenen), he is much beyond life.

II. *v. s. (str.)* n. the deepest part (*cf.* Baſt-wieſer).

Thür..., *in comp.* — ängſt, *adj.* hollow-eyed; — blau, *adj.* dark-blue; — blid, m. penetration, sharp-sightedness; — ſeher, m. T. wimble, auger; — ſeher, f. *Agr.* the method of subsoil-ploughing; — ſeher, *adj.* penetrating, profound; — ſeher, m. deep or profound thinker.

A. Thür, (*v. s.*) f. 1) a) depth; b) deepness, profoundness, profundity, deep; and der — meines Herzens, from the (very) bottom of my heart; 2) *Mar.-s.* X-z, pl. soundings;

— des Segels, drop; — des Zwischenbeds, height between decks: *X-messer*, *m.* sea-B. *Tie's*, see *Tiffe*.

Tief, *(w.) v. tr.* to deepen; *Mar.* to sound. *Tief...*, in comp. *Mar.-s.* —gang, *m.* drawing of water; draught of ships; der beben-trade —gang eines Einien[schiffes], the great draught of water of a ship of the line; —ge-büdt, *adj.* low-bowing; —gehend, *adj.* deep-drawing; zu —gehend, bearing too deep; —grün-dig, *adj.* deep (said of a port); —hammer, *m.* T. hollowing-hammer; —liegen, *adj.* deep-seated; deep-set (eyes); —last, *n.* deep sea-load; —ordnung, *f.* statute concerning the clearing of a harbour; —raub, *adj.* concave; —schiff, *adj.* T. (of the low warp; low-warped (loom); —flau, *m.* —flaueit, *f.* 1) thoughtfulness, reverie; melancholy; 2) penetration, profoundness; —flauig, *adj.* 1) passive, thoughtful; 2) (*L. u.*) penetrative, profound; 3) melancholy; —flimmig, *adj.* deep-mouthed; —flinck, *adj.* deep-sounding; —berauben, *adj.* *Mar.* deep-waited (ship); —beraubet, *adj.* heavily or deep in debt. *Tiefgel.* (*str.*) *m.* 1) skilful; sauceman; *Chem.*, *ac.* crucible; melting-pot; 2) *Typ.* platten; —bruderschiff, —preffe, *f.* Scandinavian press; —probe, *f.* 1) T. trial by the crucible; 2) *Min.* assay or specimen of the mass.

* *Tien*, *m.* (*Chin.*) one of the Gods who, according to *Chin. Myth.* governed China for several millions of years (*Schiller*, *Tur.* 2, 3).

Tiene, (*w.) f.* province. little tab, runlet. *Tiffe*, (*w.) f.* province. bitch. *Tiffeln*, see *Tiffeln*.

Tiger, *Tigert*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Zool.* tiger (*Felis tigris* L.); der africanische —, panther (*Felis pardus* L.); der americanische —, American jaguar (*Felis onca* L.); 2) *Entom.* see *Waller*, 3; 3) spotted or speckled animal; in comp. —beute, *f.* speckled bear; —bede, *f.* horse-cloth of tiger-skin; —fell, *n.* —haut, *f.* tiger-skin; —hund, *m.* *Zool.* tiger-dog, spotted dog, Dalmatian dog. — *Tigertauft*, *Tigertau*, *adj.* tigerlike. — *Tigerta*, (*w.) f.* tigress.

Tiger..., in comp. —falte, *f.* *Zool.* 1) for *Tiger*, 1; 2) tiger-cat (*Felis tigrina* Schrb.); 3) common cat speckled like a tiger; tortoise-shell-cat; —flanz, *f.* tiger's claw; —muschel, —percektane, *f.* *Conch.* 1) tiger-shell (*Cyprina tigris* L.); 2) tiger-spotted artemia, Venus shell (*Artemia tigrina* L.). [*Getigert*, *p. a.* *Tigern*, (*w.) v. tr.* to speckle, spot; *f.* *Tigert...*, in comp. —schlange, *f.* *Zool.* spotted python (*Python tigris* Daud.); —schneide, —tute, *f.* *Conch.* a species of cone (*Conus tigrinus* L.); —tupier, *n.* tiger; —weibchen, *n.* tigress; —wolf, *m.* spotted hyena (*Hyena maculata* Ant.). [*doemable*]

Tigfär, (*adj.*) 1) extinguishable, *ac.* 2) re-Tiggen, (*w.) v. tr.* 1) to blot out, erase; 2) to eradicate, efface, extinguish; to blot, cancel; to remove; to wipe out; 3) to annul; to clear off, pay, discharge, or sink (a debt). *Tigter*, (*str.*) *m.* extirpator, *ac.*

Tigging, (*w.) f.* 1) the (act of) blotting out, *ac.*; 2) payment, liquidation (of debts). *Tigging...*, in comp. —fund, *m.* —kasse, *f.* sinking fund; —gericht, —tribunal, *n.* court of cassation (in France); —modus, *m.* mode of clearance; (von *Etats- und Societäts-sünden*) mode of extinction; —schein, *m.* bill of amortisation.

Tiffel, see *Tiffel*.

Tiffe, (*w.) f.* 1) *Bot.* dill (*Anethum graveolens* L.); 2) socket (of a candlestick, see *Dille*).

Tiffen, (*w.) v. intr.* *Mar.* to be sharp. * *Tiffen*(e), *adj.* (*Fr.-L.*) timid.

Timmerhieb, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.-s.* clove-hitch; —

mit einem Vorhänge, clove-hitch with a round turn.

Timothäus, *m.* (*Gr.*) Timothy (*P. N.*); —gras, *n.* *Bot.* Timothy-grass (*Phleum pratense* L.); —saat, *f.* Timothy-grass-seed.

Timpe, *I. intr.* see *Tinte*; *II. (w.) f.* 1) (*L. G.*) a point; 2) *Archit.* frontispiece; 3) (*or* *Timps*, *Tym(p)*, (*str.*) *m.*) a Polish *Tim(p)*(sel, see *Tümpel*. [*coin*]

Timphahn, (*str.*, pl. *X-hähne*) *m.* *Ornith.* coot (*Swamph* *Basterhuhn*). [*fusion*]

* *Tinctur*, (*w.) f.* (*Lat.*) tincture; in-Tine, *f.* 1) see *Tiene*; 2) termination of female proper names, used as an abbr., *f. i.* for *Christine*, *Ernestine* u. (*dimin.* *Tinchen*, *A. Tinsl* *intr.* ting! [*str.*] *n.*) *Timio*. *B. Tinsl*, (*str.*, pl. *X-s*) *m.* (*Chin.*) a Chinese garden-house.

Tingel, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* filling-piece.

* *Tingiren*, (*w.) v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to tincture, tinge.

Tink(e) *intr.* tink! tinkle! ting!

Tinte, (*w.) f.* 1) ink, writing ink; 2) *Paint.*, *ac.* tint, tincture; die halben *T-n*, the middle tinctures; 3) *coll.* a (sad) pickle, plight, mess.

Tinten..., in comp. —beutel, *m.* *Nat.* ink-bag (of the cuttle-fish); —fäß, *n.* ink-bottle, inkstand; —fäßchen, *f.* fountain pen, hydraulic pen; —fisch, *m.* *Malac.* cuttle-fish, ink-fish (*Sepia officinalis* L.); —fischwarz, *n.* sopia; —flasche, *f.* ink-bottle; —fließ, —fließ, *m.* ink-blot; —glas, *n.* ink-glass; —gerat, *n.* ink-horn; —lappen, *m.* pen-wiper; —pulver, *n.* ink-powder; —rad, *m.* see —beutel; —schreiber, *m.* a small turned inkstand of horn, with a cover that screws on, and a small sharp spike at the bottom by which it is stuck fast upon the writing-table, ink-horn; —stiel, *n.* —stirn, *m.* see —fisch; —wein, *m.* *Comm.* Tint-wine (from Alicante).

Tintig, *Tinticht*, *adj.* inky (like ink; blackened with ink).

* *Tinto* (*Span.*), *Tintwein*, see *Tintenwein*, see *Tint*.

Tisch, see *Tisch*.

Tipp, *Tipp*, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* tap, gentle touch with the point of the finger or with any pointed thing. — *Tippen*, (*w.) v. l. tr.* to touch gently, to tap; *II. intr.* *Gam.* to play a certain game at cards, to loo.

* *Tirailleur* (*fr.* *tirailleur*), (*str.*, *X-s* or *X-c*) *m.* (*Fr.*) skirmisher, skirmisher; *X-s*, pl. skirmishing-troops. — *Tirailleur*, (*w.) v. intr.* 1) to skirmish; 2) *Comm.* along, to practise jobbing in bills of exchange.

Tirill, *intr.* *tira-lira*.

Tirill, see *Tirill*.

* *Tisane*, (*w.) f.* (*Gr.* *ptisané*) *Med.* ptisan.

Tisch, (*str.*) *m.* 1) table; board; 2) *Ag.* dinner, board; der heilige —, altar; der — der Herrn, the Lord's table or supper; zu — gehen, to go to table or dinner; zu Gottes — gehen, to partake of the Lord's supper; zu — bitten, to invite to dinner or supper; sich zu — setzen, to sit down to table; am *X-c* or bei *X-c* sitzen, to sit at table; einen guten — führen, to keep a good table; bei ... den — haben, to board with ...; Einem freies — geben, to give one his board; freies — haben bei ..., to board free with ...; den — brechen, to lay or spread the cloth; über *X-c*, bei *X-c*, at table.

Tisch..., in comp. —anfang, *m.* *crust.* frame, crust-stand; —bein, *n.* leg of a table; —bett, *n.* table-bedstead; —bier, *n.* table-beer; —blatt, *n.* 1) table-board or top; 2) leaf of a table; —behrer, *m.* see *Bauwerk*; —bürsch, *m.* boarder; —bürste, *f.* table-brush.

Tischchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Tisch*) small table, tablet.

Tisch..., in comp. —bede, *f.* table cover; table-cloth; —beder, *m.* see *Tischbeder*; —brech, *m.* *Comm.* table-cloth; diaper.

Tischlein, (*w.) v. intr.* to sit and chat long at table.

Tisch..., (*w.) v. intr.* *coll.* 1) to lay or spread the cloth; 2) to sit at table, to dine, feast.

Tisch..., in comp. —flöte, *f.* decanter; —förmig, *adj.* table-formed, tabular; —freund, *m.* table-friend, parasite; —gänger, *m.* boarder, pensioner; —gast, *m.* guest; —gedet, *n.* grace; —gedet, *n.* table-linen; cover; —gefäß, *n.* vessel for the table; —geß, *n.* board-wages; —gemeinschaft, *f.* fellowship at table; —genoss, *m.* 1) companion at table; 2) fellow-boarder, mess-mate; —genossenschaft, *f.* fellowship at table; —gerät, —geschirr, *n.* furniture for the table, plate, glass, *ac.*; —gesang, *m.* see —lich; —gesellschaft, *f.* company at table; dinner-party; —gespräch, *n.* table-talk; discourse at table; —gestell, *n.* frame of a table, trestle; —glocke, *f.* 1) hand-bell; 2) dinner-bell; —hängen, *f.* pl. table-batts; —kappe, *f.* oil-cloth for a table; —kasten, *m.* table-drawer; —klopfen, *n.* table-rapping, spirit-rapping or knocking; —korb, *m.* table-basket.

Tischler (*L. u.* *Tischler*), (*str.*) *m.* joiner; cabinet-maker; in comp. —arbeit, *f.* joiner's work, cabinet-work, joinery; —bank, *f.* joiner's bench; —gefell, *m.* journeyman joiner; —handwerk, *n.* joiner's trade; —hobel, *m.* joiner's plane; —werkband, *m.* see *Schreinerwerkband*; —werkstätte, *f.* joiner's workshop; —werkzeug, *n.* joiner's tools.

Tischlererei, (*w.) f.* see *Tischlerarbeit*, *Tischlerhandwerk*, & *Tischlerwerkstätte*. [*work*]

Tischlerin, (*w.) v. intr.* to make joiner's

Tisch..., in comp. —lied, *n.* table song, convivial air; —linie, *f.* menial line (in the hand); —matte, *f.* table-mat; —messer, *n.* table-knife; —nachbar, *m.* neighbour at table; —platte, *f.* see —blatt; —preffe, *f.* table-naphin press; —redner, *m.* one who makes a speech at table; —rücken, *n.* table-moving; —schieber, *m.* table-fastener; —schneider, *m.* table-catcher, brass-map; —schraube, *f.* table-screw, table-vice; —segen, *m.* grace; —teppich, *m.* table-cover; —trank, *m.* table-drink; —tisch, *n.* table-cloth; —wein, *m.* table-wine, small wine; —wirt, *m.* proprietor of a boarding-house; —zeit, *f.* dinner-time; —zeug, *n.* table-linen, napery; —zust, *f.* good breeding requisite at table.

Titan, (*str.*) *m.* *Gr. Myth.* Titan, name of the god of the sun.

Titan, (*str.*) *m.* *Gr. Myth.* Titan, name of a race of giants who warred with Zeus).

Titan, or *Titanium*, (*str.*) *n.* *Minor. & Chem.* titan, titanium; in comp. —eisen, *n.* titanic iron, monachanite; —erg, *n.* 1) (pyritisches) titanite; 2) (peritites) rutile; 3) (pyritisches) anatase; —haltig, *adj.* titanic; —säure, *f.* *Chem.* titanic acid; —schicht, *m.* titanic shori; —stein, *m.* titanite.

Titel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) title; style of address; 2) *Typ.* abbreviature, dash; 3) *Ag.* a) title, claim; b) pretext, cloak; nur dem — nach, by title only; mit —, *Bookd.* lettered; in comp. —bild, *n.* see —kupfer; —bildchen, *n.* head-piece (of a book), vignette in the title; —blatt, *n.* title page; —blättchen, *n.* title on the back of a book; —bogen, *n.* title sheet; —buchstabe, *m.* *Typ.* 1) capital letter; 2) letter with a dash over it; —fürst, *m.* titular prince; —jagd, *f.* mania for titles; —kupfer, *n.* frontispiece.

Titellos, *adj.* titleless.

Titel..., in comp. —narr, *m.* person foolishly fond of titles; —reich, *adj.* many-titled; —schrift, *f.* *Typ.* capital letters; —lust, *f.* fondness of or mania for titles; —lustig, *adj.* immoderately fond of titles;

—vignette, *f. see* —Bildchen; —wesen, *n. titulos*, every thing relating to titles.

* Titul'ren, (*w. v. tr. (Pr.)* 1) Comm. to titrate (alk); 2) Chem. to titrate (to analyse by means of standard solutions); —Titul'rang, (*w. f.*) titration, volumetric analysis. —Titul'methode, (*w. f.*) method of titration. * Titulär, *adj. (L. Lat.)* titular. —Titul'latör, (*w. f.*) titling; title(s). —Titul'ren, (*w. v. tr.*) to title; to call; to style.

Titul'stück, (*str. pl. T. -stücke*) *m.* a Titus-head; short, frizzled hair.

Tjost, (*w. f.*) joust (encounter of two knights at a tournament).

Trost (*pr. töst*), (*str. m.*) (*Engl.*) toast. —Trost'en (*pr. töst'en*), (*w. v. intrans.*) to toast.

Tobad, Tobaf, (*t. & b. vulg. [gener. To bad]*) for Tobal

To betraut, *n.* (Tob'fäfer, Tob'berich, *m.*) see Treue, 3, & Toich.

To'bel, (*str. m. & n. provinc. glen, gully.*)

To'ben, (*w. v. intrans.*) to storm, pelt, rage, roar; to rant, bluster; to-b, *p. a.* tempestuous, boisterous.

To'berich, (*str. n.*) Min. day's work.

To'bfas, *m.* Toby (*P. N.*); —fisch, *m.* Lohd. sand-eel (*Ammodontes Tobianus* L.).

Tobin' (*pr. töb'ing*), (*str. pl. T. -s*) *m.* (Fr. tabin) Comm. tabby (a kind of silk-stuff).

To'bfucht, *f.* delirium, insanity, madness. * Taccabill'le (*pr. -Allye*), (*w. f.*) (*Span.*) backgammon (Büff II, 2).

To'chter, (*str. pl. Töchter*) *f.* daughter.

To'chterankalt, (*w. f.*) see Töchterigule.

To'chter ..., *in comp.* —bunt, *f. Comm.* branch-bank.

To'chteren, (*str. n. (dimin. of Töchter)*) little daughter, anal. misery.

To'chter ..., *in comp.* —handlung, *f.* branch-business; —kub, *n.* daughter's child; —kuche, *f.* alial church, chapel of ease; —land, *n.* colony. [daughterly.]

To'chterlich, *adj. & adv.* like a daughter.

To'chter ..., *in comp.* —liebe, *f.* alial love, a daughter's love; —mann, *n.* son-in-law;

—pferr, *f.* precinct of a chapel of ease; —recht, *n.* daughter's right, title, or due.

To'chterfucht, (*w. f.*) daughtership.

To'chter ..., *in comp.* —fisch, *m.* daughter's son; —sprache, *f.* daughter language, derived language; —stast, *m.* colony; —stast, *f.* colonial town.

To'chterfchule, (*w. f.*) ladies' school.

To'fel, (*str. n.*) War. tackle with one pulley.

* To'fren, (*w. v. tr. (Ital.)*) Paint to paint with bold touches.

To'f (*pr. töf*, *Gen. To'fes* *ic.*, *pr. to'fes* *ic.*), (*str. m.*) 1) death; decease, departure; 2) Agr. smut (in wheat); 3) the withered remains of the blossom on apples and pears; 4) coll. a long-legged spider, carter; der schmarze —, the plague; auf den — liegen, auf den — frant sein, to be in a dying state; mit dem T-e ringen, to suffer dying agonies, to be in the pangs of death (*cf. To'feschamp*, 1); er wird mein — sein, he will be the death of me; ich will des T-e sein, wenn ..., may I die (*coll.*) I'll be shot if ...; in den — gehen für ..., to die or give one's life for ...; auf den — sitzen, to sit upon life and death, to be imprisoned for some capital crime; der — steht darauf, it is capital, it is death; sich zu T-e laden, to die with laughing; sich zu T-e fallen, to die of a fall; sich zu T-e grämen, to die of grief; zu T-e ärgern, prägen, to vex, beat to death; er ärgerte (schlug) sie fast zu T-e, he vexed (beat) her within an inch of her life; das ist mir (bis) in den — zuwider, I have a mortal antipathy to (against) it; der — läuft mir über's Grab, anal. somebody is walking over my grave.

To'f (*pr. töf*)..., *in comp.* —hülle, *adj.*

death-like; —bett, *n.* death-bed; —blag, see Tobtenblag; —bringend, *adj.* mortiferous, mortal.

To'bern, see Töbern.

To'bes ..., *in comp.* (*cf. Tod* ...) —ahnung, *f.* foreboding of (one's) death; —angst, *f.* 1) agony, dying pain, anguish, pangs of death; 2) mortal fright; —angebot, *f.* announcement of a death; obituary notice; —art, *f.* manner of death; —bild, *m.* image of death; —blasse, *f.* deadly paleness; —engel, *m.* angel of death; —erklärung, *f.* Law. act of declaring a person dead; —fadel, *f.* funeral torch; —fall, *m.* death, decease; im —falle, auf den —fall, in case or prospect of death; der zufällige —fall, casualty; —feier, *f.* 1) anniversary of a person's death; 2) funeral; —fisch, *m.* Lohd. sand-eel (*Lophius piscatorius* L.); —fürst, *f.* fear of death; —gang, *m.* march towards death; auf seinem —gange, on his way to execution; —gefahr, *f.* peril of death; im —gefahr bringen, to expose to death; —gefang, *m.* funeral hymn, dirge; —grast, *n.* horrors of death; —kampf, *m.* 1) Med. agony; struggle of death, death-struggle; 2) mortal combat; im —kampfe liegen, to struggle with death, to lie in the agonies of death (*cf. letzte Säge*); —krampf, *m.* Med. convulsion of death; —loos, *n.* mortal, fatal lot, death; mortality; —mitleid, *adj.* *, death-defying, prepared for death; —nacht, *f.* night, darkness of death; —notz, *f.* peril of death; deadly pains; —ort, *m.* place of death; —pein, —qual, *f.* pangs of death, death-throes; —pfert, *f.* death's door; —post, *f.* news of death; —rachse, *m.* jaws of death; —schauer, *m.* horror or dread of death; —schlaf, [schummer, *m.* sleep of death; —schrecken, *m.* terror of death; deadly fear; —schweiß, *m.* cold sweat of death; —stille, *f.* see Tobtenstille; —stoß, *m.* *lit. & fig.* death-blow, mortal or fatal blow; —strafe, *f.* penalty or pain of death, capital punishment; —streich, *m.* finishing stroke, see —stoß; —stunde, *f.* hour of death; —tag, *m.* 1) day of one's death; 2) see —feiert, 1; —trant, *m.* deadly potion; —urteil, *n.* sentence of death, death-warrant; —verbrechen, *n.* capital crime; —wahl, *f.* choice of death; —würde, —würdig, *adj.* deserving death, capital; —wunde, *f.* death-wound; —zeichen, *n.* sign of death.

To'f (*pr. töf*)..., *in comp.* —fall, *m.* —fallrecht, *n.* Law, right of heriot; —füllig, *adj.* heriotable; —fichte, *f.* mortal feud; —feind, *I. s. m.* mortal enemy; II. *adj. (indirect.)* mortally inimical; —feindfucht, *f.* deadly or mortal enmity; —fang, *m.* Law, purchase in perpetuity; —frant, *adj.* hopelessly ill, dangerously ill.

To'flich, *adj.* (according to Weigand, *de.* more correct than Tödtlich, because immediately derived from Tod, not from Töbt) see Tödtlich, 2.

To'f (*pr. töf*)..., *in comp.* —müde, *adj.* tired (fatigued) to death, worn out with fatigue, coll. dead-beat, dog-tired; ich bin —müde, coll. I have not a leg left to stand upon; —pflichtig, *adj.* 1) see —füllig; 2) subject to death; —rost, *m.* mildew, blight; —schwebend, *adj.* breathing death; —stunde, *f.* deadly, mortal, or capital sin.

To'bt (*pr. töbt*), *adj.* 1) dead; gone; ein T-er, a dead person, corpse; die T-en, *pl.* the dead; 2) *fig.* dead, dull, lifeless; das Wasser geht —, the water has no fall; die Säge geht —, T. the saw moves without cutting; —bleiben, to be killed, *de. cf. Verbleiben*, 5; —machen, 1. to kill; 2. *fig.* to burke (an affair); sich —freuen, to die (away) in rapture; sich —laden, ärgern *ic.* see sich zu Tode laden under Tod; Mor-s. den Strom —legen, to stem the tide in sailing; die Segel —aufschlagen, to bend the sails close to their yards; ein andrer's Tod —laufen or

—legen, to outlast a ship; der Tod ist —gerichtet, the rain has lulled the wind; —leben, *T. 1*) to roast completely (ore); 2) to over-burn (chalk); —peitschen, to whip to death; er wurde —gelegt, he was said to be dead; —schießen, to shoot dead (*L. u.* to death); —schlagen, 1) to beat to death; to kill; 2) *fig.* to squander away (one's money), to kill (the time); T-es Guts, Comm. goods' or dead-weight account; T-es Herzt, *bury.* see Ap-mittiri; T-es Haar, T. hair having no gloss; T-er Winkel, Fort. unflanked angle; T-es Weffer, dead water; neap-tide; des T-er Werft, dead works, upper works (of a ship); Low-s, *de.* die T-er Hand, mort-main; an die T-er Hand verkaufen, to amortize; T-m-s. ein T-es Schwitz-bad, weak pit; in des T-er Schwitzbad sitzen, to kill the grease; T-es Weid, dead, dormant, barren, or uninvested money; T-es Capital, dead stock, unemployed or unapplied funds or money; des T-er Herzt, *Geogr.* the Dead Sea.

To'ben (*pr. töben*), (*w. v. tr. & intrans.*) 1) to kill, to put to death; to do or commit murder (on); 2) *fig. a)* Law, to annul (a contract, &c.); *b)* to mortify (one's flesh); 3) T. to fix or kill (mercury) fume, to kill (the grease); die Herben —, to soften down the colours of a picture.

To'ben ..., *in comp.* —acker, *m.* burying-ground, church-yard; —hülle, *adj.* death-like; —kette, *adj.* coll. quite alone; —amt, *n.* service or mass for the dead; requiem; —beute, *f.* bier; hearse; —baum, *m.* T. see Baum; —begängnis, *n.* funeral, see Beigängnis; —beine, *n. pl.* see —gebeine; —beirung, *f.* voluntary burial-society (Sterbengesell., 1); —be-schen, *f.* —be-schauer, *m.* see —schen, —schauer; —be-schöner, *m.* necromancer; —be-schönerung, *f.* necromancy; —bett, *n.* death-bed; —bild, *n.* picture of the dead; image of death; —bitter, *m.* see Beigebitter; —blag, —bleich, *adj.* deadly pale, as pale as death, livid; —blasse, *f.* paleness of the dead, deadly paleness; —blume, *f.* 1) Bot. a) common marigold (*Tagetes patula* L.); *b)* French marigold (*Tagetes patula* L.); 2) *pl.* flowers with which a grave is adorned or strewed; —brief, *m.* see —fisch; —brust, *m.* Med. lupus; —busch, *m.* obituary; —crüchelnung, *f.* 1) apparition of the dead; 2) see —fate; —cule, *f.* Ormith. screech-owl (*Scopsiostris*); —fadel, *f.* funeral torch; —fate, *f.* colour of death; —fartig, *adj.* of the colour of a corpse; —feier, *f.* —fest, *n.* solemnity in honour of the dead, exequies, funeral rites; —fagge, *f.* flag put up when any person of rank is dead on board of a ship; —fled, *m.* spot appearing on a corpse soon after death; —flüge, *f.* see Beigebitter; —franz, *f.* see Beigebitter; —frieze, *m.* Med. a kind of malignant military fever; —gast, *f.* Law, mortuary; —gebeine, *n. pl.* bones of the dead; —gefülle, *pl.* Law, exequies; —gefühle, *n.* death-knell; —geist, *n.* escort of a funeral; accompanying a funeral; —gerüst, *n.* articles necessary to a funeral; —gericht, *n.* judgment of the dead; —gerippe, *n.* skeleton; —geruch, *m.* smell of the dead or of a corpse, cadaverous smell; —gerüst, *n.* scaffold on which a corpse is exposed to view; —gefang, *m.* dirge; —gestalt, *n.* deathlike countenance; —gespräch, *n.* dialogue of the dead; —graben, *n.* shroud; —gewölbe, *n.* see —gruft; —glode, *f.* funeral bell; knell, pealing-bell; —grüber, *m.* 1) grave-digger, sexton; 2) Ent. necrophore, sexton-beetle (*Necrophorus* F.); —gruft, *f.* vault for depositing the dead; —grün, 1) see Immergrün; 2) see Epheu; den —hals lösen, Law, to expiate a murder by paying a fine.

To'benfucht, *adj.* deathlike, cadaverous.

To'ben ..., *in comp.* —hand, *f.* hand of the dead, cold deathlike hand; —hand, *n.*

dead-house, house for depositing the dead; —*hemd*, —*kleid*, *n.* coll. —*Hittel*, *m.* shroud, winding-sheet; —*Higel*, *m.* see *Grabhigel*; —*Hifter*, *m.* death-beetle, darkling, churchyard beetle (*Blaps mortuaria* F.); —*halt*, *adj.* (lit. cold like a corpse) as cold as death; —*hang*, *m.* see —*calc*; —*Histe*, *f.* see *Etzig*; —*Hlage*, *f.* lamentation for the dead, dirge; —*Hngsten*, *m.* see —*brine*; —*Hapf*, *m.* 1) death's head; 2) *Ent* death's head moth (*Acheronia Achroa* L.); 3) *Chem. caput mortuum*; —*Hapfbaum*, —*Hapfshenbaum*, *m.* Bot. bladder-nut (*Gimpermusbaum*, 1); —*Hapfstein*, *m.* Zool. salmire (*Ossidaris acicula* L.); —*Hirper*, *m.* dead body, corpse; —*Hrumpf*, *m.* *Med.* tetanus; —*Hrang*, *m.* wreath for the dead; —*lake*, *f.* hearse; coffin; —*lech*, *n.* funeral song or anthem, dirge; —*liste*, *f.* obituary, list of the dead, register or bill of mortality; —*mahl*, *n.* meal at a funeral; —*marfch*, *m.* funeral march or procession; —*mufl*, *f.* funeral music; —*myrie*, *f.* Bot. small periwinkle (*Vinea minor* L.); —*myter*, *n.* sacrifice offered for the dead; —*mytel*, *f.* *Med.* organs; —*peß*, *m.* permit for the transport of a corpse; —*reßter*, *n.* see —*liste*; —*reich*, *n.* realm of the dead; —*reißter*, *m.* judge of the dead; —*rußter*, *f.* *, doom's-day-trumpet; —*scham*, *f.* inquest or inspection of a dead body, coroner's inquest; necropsy; —*schener*, *m.* coroner; —*schlein*, *m.* certificate of death; —*schiffer*, *m.* *Grav. Myth.* Charon; —*schlid*, *m.* & *n.* Herald. hatchment; —*schloß*, —*schlummer*, *m.* 1) deathlike sleep; 2) the (eternal) sleep of the dead; —*schunten*, *m.* mid-lent sunday; —*starr*, *f.* *Med.* rigidity of death, *post-mortem* rigidity, (lat.) *rigor mortis*; —*stille*, *adj.* as silent as the grave; —*stilleß Better*, *Mar.* a dead, a flat, or a stark calm; —*stille*, *f.* dead silence, silence of death; —*tag*, *m.* All-Saints-day; —*tang*, *m.* 1) dance of the dead; 2) (*Holbau's*) dance of death; —*tayf*, *m.* —*urne*, *f.* funeral urn; —*träger*, *m.* see *Reichenträger*; —*ur*, *f.* *Ent* death-watch (*Anobium perforans* L.); —*viele*, *f.* see —*myrie*; —*vogel*, *m.* 1) see —*calc*; 2) *flax-kech* (*Staphylin*); 3) whinchat (*Brachypteryx*); 4) wall-crooper (*Stenurhynchus*); —*wache*, *f.* guard or watch with a corpse, (tranz.) wake; —*wagen*, *m.* hearse; —*wäßerlein*, *m.* see *Reichenträger*; —*wetter*, *m.* *Chem.* spirits of sal-ammoniac; —*welt*, *f.* see —*reich*; —*zahl*, *f.* number of dead, mortality; —*zettel*, *m.* see —*liste*; —*zug*, *m.* see *Reichenzug*. *Tot*..., *in comp.* —*feind*, *it.* see *Todfeind*, *x.* —*geboren*, *p.* a still-born, dead-born. *Totfisch*, *L. adj.* 1) (*n.* u.) to be killed (Züchter); 2) (*or* *Tödtich*, which see) deadly, mortal, fatal; II. *T-felt*, *f.* (*n.* u.) deadliness, &c., mortality.

Totfingende, (*decl. like adj.*) *n.* *Geol.* das rote —, lower new red sand-stone. *Totfisch*, (*str.* *pl.* *Totfische*) *m.* 1) manslaughter; 2) murder, homicide; — *in Retzwehr*, justifiable homicide.

Totfischliger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) person guilty of manslaughter, manslaughter; 2) homicide, murderer.

[2] *sp.* mortification. *Tötung*, (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) the act of killing, &c.; *Töt*..., *in comp.* —*vogel*, *m.* see *Plattvögel*; —*wund*, *adj.* wounded to death, mortally wounded.

Tot, (*str.* *m.* see *Tuff*. *Totfel*, *Totfel*, *m.* coll. 1) *dimin.* of *Chirpich*, (*Christopher* (*P.N.*); 2) blockhead. *Togge*, (*n.* u.) *f.* *provinc.* flame, blaze of straw.

* *Tollet's* (*pr* *tol*—), (*n.* u.) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) toilet; dressing-case; dressing-table; 2) dress; —*wagen*, *n.* dress.

* *Tollet's*..., *in comp.* —*stiff*, *m.* toilet-set (in China); —*stirn*, *m.* dressing-case, dressing-box; —*stife*, *f.* dress-soap; —*spiegel*, *m.* dressing-glass, cheval-glass.

Tolaiter, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* Tokay wine.

Tol'e, (*n.* u.) *f.* *provinc.* underground canal.

* *Tolerant*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) tolerant (*gegen*, *of*). —*Toleranz*, (*n.* u.) *f.* toleration. — *Toler'iren*, (*n.* u.) *v.* *tr.* to tolerate. [Kolbergat.

Tol'gat, (*str.* *pl.* (*n.* u.) *T-en*) *n.* *Mar.* see

Toll, *adj.* 1) mad; frantic; 2) infuriated; raging; 3) harebrained, nonsensical; strange, extravagant, wild, whimsical; — *auf timas* (*Acc.*) *sein*, to be mad after, for, upon, or about a thing; — *machen*, to make or drive mad, to madden; — *werden*, to go or run mad; *es ist zum* — *werden*, it is enough to drive one mad; *coll.* — *und voll sein*, to be dead or roaring drunk; *es* — *treiben*, to play the devil or dance; *wer* *er es zu* — *treibt* *or macht*, when he comes it too strong; *je t-er je besser*, the more mischief the better sport.

Toll..., *in comp.* —*apfel*, *m.* Bot. mad-apple, egg-plant (*Solanum melongena* L.); — *beere*, *f.* see —*frische*; —*breiß*, *adj.* see —*fühn*.

A. Toll'e, *L. m.* & *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) madman; madwoman; maniac; II. (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) see *Tollheit*; 2) see *Stumpfheit*.

B. Toll'e, (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) *tuft*, *Ac.* (*Schopf*, 1, a); 2) *tassel* (*Quaßter*, *Trodel*).

Toll'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* Italian iron.

A. Toll'en, (*n.* u.) *v.* *intr.* to romp, to behave boisterously. [(linen).

B. Toll'en, (*n.* u.) *v.* *tr.* to gaffer, flute, plait

Toll..., *in comp.* —*fleber*, *n.* *Med.* calen-ture; —*haus*, *n.* mad-house, lunatic asylum; —*hüßter*, *m.* madman, bedlamite; —*hüßterlich*, *adj.* like a madman, frenzied, frantic.

Toll'heit, (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) madness, frenzy; 2) rage, fury; 3) mad trick, eccentricity.

Toll'inge, (*n.* u.) *f.* see *Tollille*.

Toll..., *in comp.* —*herbel*, *m.* 1) rough chevill (*Rettmirtel*); 2) cow-paraly (Aeropneum *melum* L.); 3) see *Schierling*; — *trifflig*, *f.* deadly night-lahade, belladonna (*Achroa belladonna* L.); —*tayf*, *m.* mad-cap, mad-brain, hot-spur; —*flüßig*, *adj.* mad-headed; —*tern*, *n.* Bot. white darnel (*Tau-melwisch*); —*trüner*, *n.* *pl.* Indian berries; — *trant*, *n.* Bot. 1) see —*frische*; 2) see *Schierling*; —*flüßig*, *adj.* fool-hardy, audacious, rash;

—*flüßigheit*, *f.* fool-hardiness, reckless daring, temerity; rashness; —*flille*, *f.* white water-lily (*Gerrokel*); —*raß*, *n.* *Mar.* stuff of Arras; —*rübe*, *f.* broony (*Baumrübe*); —*flun*, *m.* —*flunigkeit*, *f.* madness; —*flunig*, *adj.* mad; —*wurm*, *m.* *Vet.* the ligament of the tongue of dogs, which was formerly believed to cause hydrophobia; *den* —*wurm haben*, *fig.* to be mad; —*wurzel*, *f.* root of the deadly night-lahade (—*frische*), of the wolf's bane (*Wolfsbittender Sturmhut*) *it.*; —*wut*, *f.* raving madness.

Tol'pelt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *loc.* Hungarian foot-soldier; 2) see *Tölpel*, 1; 3) a kind of large dog. — *Tol'peltig*, *adj.* see *Tölpisch*.

Tölpel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) coll. churl, bumpkin, lout, booby, sot, blockhead, boorish or awkward fellow; 2) *Ornith.* booby (*Sula Brisae*).

Tölpel'ch, (*n.* u.) *f.* coarse behaviour, doltishness, awkwardness.

Tölpelhaft, *adj.* see *Tölpisch*.

Tölpeln, (*n.* u.) *v.* *intr.* to behave in a clumsy and ill-bred manner, to blunder.

Tölpisch, *adj.* doltish, awkward, blockish, loutish.

Tonbad, (*str.*) *n.* tobac, pinchbeck.

Ton, (*str.* *pl.* *Töne*) *m.* 1) sound, tune, tone; key; 2) strain; 3) tune, melody; 4) accomt, tone, stress; 5) *fig.* tone, fashion; 6) *Paint.* shade, tint; tone; *Mus.* *n.* der *harte* —, sharp key, tone-major; *der weiche* —, flat key, tone-minor; *der halbe* —, semi-tone; *cinen* — *von sich geben*, to utter or emit a tone; *and cinen* *cubren* *T-e* *reden*, *fig.* to change one's note; *in cinen* *hören* *T-e* *reden*, to hold

a high tone, to speak in a (upon the) high strain; *in denselben* — *einstimmen* *vie* ..., to chime in with ...; *der gute* *or* *feine* —, *der ton*; *den* — *angeben*, 1. to lead or set the fashion; 2. to take the lead, to lead.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*abhand*, *m.* *Mus.* interval; —*angeben*, *adj.* setting the *ton*, at the head of *ton*, or fashion, leading; *Liverpool ist der* —*angebende Markt für Baumwolle*, *L.* is the leading (ruling) market for cotton; —*angeber*, *m.* leader of the *ton* or fashion; *Mus.* —*art*, *f.* (musical) key, mode; tune; —*angewendung*, *f.* modulation; —*beb*, *n.* *Photogr.* toning-bath; —*besitz*, *m.* see —*umfang*. * *Ton'abohne*, (*n.* u.) *f.* Tonca-bean; the fruit of the *Ton'abohnenbaum*, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. Tonca or Tonquin-bean-tree (*Diphriz odorata* W.).

Ton'bichter, (*str.*) *m.* composer.

Ton'en, (*n.* u.) *v.* I. *intr.* to sound; II. *tr.* * 1) to express by sound, to sing; 2) to cause by sound.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* cadence; —*farbe*, *f.* *Mus.* timbre (of the voice); —*folge*, *f.* —*gang*, *m.* tune, melody; —*führung*, *f.* modulation; —*fülle*, *f.* fullness of sound or tone; —*fuß*, *m.* metre.

Ton'gähne, *f.* see *Toncabohne*.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*geber*, *m.* see —*angeber*; —*gemüße*, *n.* imitative piece of music; —*gerüß*, *n.* see —*werthung*; —*geschlecht*, *n.* genus (general name for any scale); *das chromatische*, *das diatonische* —*geschlecht*, the chromatic, the diatonic genus; —*heße*, *f.* music hall. [Key, tonica, tonic.

* *Tonica*, *f.* *Mus.* principal note of the * *Ton'ich*, *adj.* *Med.* tonic.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*hude*, *f.* see —*hupf*; —*hupf*, *adj.* versed, skilled in music; —*hupf*, *f.* (science of) music; —*hüßter*, *m.* musician; —*hüßterlich*, —*hüßlich*, *adj.* musical; —*lebre*, *f.* acoustics; —*leitter*, *f.* scale, gamut; (*harte*) major scale.

Ton'le, *f.* *adj.* 1) toneless, that emits no sound; feeble (voice); 2) unaccented (syllable); II. *T-füßtr*, (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) tonelessness, &c.; 2) the being unaccented.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*malet'el*, *f.* imitative music; —*maß*, *n.* measure; *Mar.* quantity; —*meßter*, *m.* —*meßterin*, *f.* musician, virtuoso; —*meßter*, *m.* tonometer, monochord; —*meßung*, *f.* 1) *Mus.* geometrical mensuration of sounds; 2) *Gramm.* prosody.

Tonnage [—*zage*], (*n.* u.) *f.* tannage.

Tonn'chen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Tonne*) small cask, keg.

Ton'ze, (*n.* u.) *f.* 1) tun, cask, butt, barrel; cask, keg (of herring); punchoon (of rum, sugar); 2) *ton*: a) a measure of weight = 20 cwts. or 2240 lbs. avoirdupois; b) in measurement of a ship = 40 cubic feet; 3) *Mar.* a kind of horizontal water-wheel.

Ton'zen..., *in comp.* —*betrag*, *m.* tannage; —*boje*, *f.* *Mar.* cask-buoy, tun-buoy; —*bojer*, *m.* a sort of Flemish boat; —*butter*, *f.* barrelled butter; —*fad*, *n.* *Mm.* bay of joists (in a shaft); —*flsch*, *m.* barrelled fish; —*flschig*, *adj.* in the form of a cask; —*fracht*, *f.* freight by the ton; —*geßalt*, *m.* tonnage, burden, port of a vessel; —*geß*, *n.* tonnage; —*geßlich*, *n.* old iron hoops; —*geßel*, *n.* stand for casks; —*geßelle*, *n.* *Archit.* barrel-vault, cylinder or circular vault; —*hiring*, *m.* barrelled herring; —*heß*, *f.* barrelled pike, salted jack; —*heß*, *n.* wood for staves; —*heßig*, *m.* honey in barrels; —*heßalt*, *m.* tonnage; —*maß*, *n.* tonnage; —*meßter*, *m.* inspector of the bays; —*müße*, *f.* *Hydr.* water-screw; —*peß*, *n.* tun-pitch; —*reß*, *n.* right of laying down buoys; —*saß*, *f.* Riga sowing lineseed in barrels; —*schuß*, *f.* *dolium* (*Dolium* Lam.); —*schwarz*, *n.* see *Schwarz*; —*stübe*, *m.* *pl.* tun-

staves, barrel-staves; —*stein*, *m.* a species of amber; —*waare*, *f.* barrelled goods; —*wette*, *adv.* by tuns, by barrels.

Tonn'lage, *Tonn'lage*, *Tonn'lage*, *Tonn'lage*, *adj.* *Min.*, *etc.* having, (of a plain, &c.) inclined against the horizon.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*papier*, *n.* tinted paper; —*platte*, *f.* sound-board; —*reife*, *f.* see —*folge* & —*leiter*; —*sag*, *m.* see —*sehung*; —*schlag*, *m.* cadence, see —*fall*; —*schiffel*, *m.* clef, key; —*schiff*, *f.* musical notes; —*seger*, *m.* composer; —*sehung*, *f.* art of composition; —*sehung*, *f.* composition; —*stabe*, *f.* accented syllable; —*stanz*, *m.* talent for music; —*späne*, *m. pl.* see —*stabe*; —*spiel*, *n.* music, concert; —*spieler*, *m.* musician, player; —*sprechung*, *f.* see —*messung*, 2; —*stabe*, *m. pl.* *Mus.* abstracts; —*stück*, *n.* musical piece or composition; —*stufe*, *f.* pitch of a note; degree on the scale.

* *Tonfär*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) tonsure, shaven crown. — *Tonfärren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shave the crown of ...

Tonsystem, (*str.*) *n.* 1) musical system; 2) the whole range of appreciable sounds within the compass of the human voice or instruments.

* *Tontine*, (*w.*) *f.* tontine.

Ton..., *in comp.* —*umfang*, *m.* compass of tone, sound, or voice; —*veränderung*, *f.* change of tone or accent; —*verfall*, *m.* —*verhältnis*, *n.* rhythm; —*verlegung*, *f.* transposition of accent; —*weisung*, *f.* modulation; —*wert*, *n.* musical composition; —*wertung*, *n.* musical instrument; —*wissenschaft*, *f.* science of music; —*zeichen*, *n.* 1) accent; mit —*zeichen* versehen, to accentuate; 2) note; 3) see —*schiffel*; —*zierat*, *m.* musical ornament.

Töpf, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* topas; —*brech*, *n.* *T.* pulverized topas; —*calist*, —*fliegen*, *m.* *Ornith.* a species of humming-bird (*Trochilus pedis* L.); —*crystalle*, *m. pl.* Bohemian crystals; —*stuck*, *m.* artificial topas.

Töpf, (*str.*) *pl.* *Töpf* (*c.*) *m.* 1) pot; saucopan; 2) *provinc.* top, whirling; alles in einem —*werten*, *col.* to treat all alike.

Töpf..., *in comp.* —*schale*, *f.* pot-saucer; —*baum*, *m.* or —*fruchtbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* pot-plant (*Lycthis alaria* L.); —*blinder*, *m.* mender of broken pots; —*bäume*, *f.* *Gard.* flower growing in a pot; —*breit*, *m.* pot-shelf, kitchen-rack; —*butter*, *f.* crook-butter, pot-butter.

Töpfchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Topf*) 1) small pot, pipkin; 2) *cin* — *Bier*, a pot or glass of beer.

Töpfbedel, (*str.*) *m.* pot-lid; saucopan-lid.

Töpfen, (*str.*) *m.* potter; *in comp.* —*arbeit*, *f.* —*geschirr*, —*gut*, *n.* potter's work, see —*waare*; —*blei*, *n.* an inferior sort of black-lead; —*erbe*, *f.* potter's earth; —*schle*, *f.* potter's wheel; —*stein*, *m.* potter's clay; —*wagel*, *m.* *Ornith.* South-American creeper (*Pernis ptilorhynchus*); —*waare*, *f.* —*zeug*, *n.* potter's ware, crockery, pottery, earthenware.

Töpferei, (*w.*) *f.* pottery.

Töpferey, *adj.* earthen, clayey. [work.]

Töpfern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to make potter's *Töpf...*, *in comp.* —*gewölbe*, *n.* *Archit.* tubular vaulting; —*glasur*, *f.* glaze; —*guder*, *m.* *com.* one who pries in, and meddles with, the details of the kitchen, cotquean; —*hufe*, *m.* a sort of cheese kept in pots; —*hufen*, *m.* see *Hüfshufen*; —*leder*, —*nisch*, *m.* *com.* lick-pot; —*markt*, *m.* pot-market, pot-fair; —*neist*, *f.* *Gard.* pink growing in a pot; —*planze*, *f.* see —*gewölbe*; —*reisse*, *f.* jar-raisin; —*scherbe*, *f.* potsherd; —*stein*, *m.* pot-stone; —*stirge*, *f.* lid, cover; —*zeug*, *n.* pottery (*Töpfzeug*).

Töpfstein, *m.* see *Tuffstein*.

* *Topographie*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) topographer.

—*Topographie*, (*w.*) *f.* topography. — *Topographisch*, *adj.* topographic, topographical.

Topp, *intery.* *col.* done! agreed! well!

Topp, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* top, head, or upper end; auf halbem —, (to display a flag) at half-mast; mit *Wiersegen* in dem —*segen*, to sail with the top-sails strip; vor — und *Tafel* treiben, to scud under bare poles; *in comp.* —*anflanger*, *m. pl.* top-timbers; —*brennen*, —*seuer*, *n.* *St. Elm's* fire.

Toppen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to top or to peak up (a yard).

Toppenant, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* lift; *spanische* *L.* standing lifts of the sprit-sail-yards.

Toppen..., *in comp.* —*parfüm*, *f.* —*rety*, *n.* *Mar.* back-stays.

Topp..., *in comp.* —*rety*, *n.* guy, mainmast-tackle; —*schilling*, *m.* earnest-money; —*schlitten*, *m.* ropemaker's sledge; —*seger*, *n.* top-sail; —*seuer*, *f.* 1) top-timber line; 2) drift-rail; —*ständer*, *m.* broad pennant. [*L.*]

Topf, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* razor-bill (*Alcaorda*).

Turf, (*str.*) *m.* peat, (dry) turf; —*reden*, to cut peat; *in comp.* —*artig*, *adj.* like turf or peat; —*bauer*, *m.* peasant who cuts and sells turf; —*beere*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) cloud-berry (*Rubus chamaemorus* L.); 2) cranberry (*Vaccin.*).

—*boden*, *m.* 1) turf-ground; peat bog; 2) turf-loft; —*feuer*, *n.* peat fire; —*feuerung*, *f.* heating with peat; peat-fuel; —*gräber*, *m.* peat-cutter, turf-cutter; —*grube*, *f.* turf-pit; —*grub*, *m.* see —*boden*, 1; —*haltrub*, *adj.* turfy, peaty; —*schläger*, *m.* turf-man; —*schle*, *f.* turf-coal, peat-coal; —*stank*, *n.* see —*boden*, 1; —*maer*, *n.* & *m.* peat-bog, peat-moss; —*moos*, *n.* bog-moss (*Sphagnum* Ehrh.); —*müll*, *m.* turf-dust; —*schel*, —*schle*, *f.* —*schle*, *n.* peat cut out into bricks; —*schel*, *m.* 1) turf-cutter; 2) (*or* —*spaten*) turf- or turning spade; —*schle*, *m.* 1) turf-pit; 2) turf-digging. [turf-saucer.]

Turfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Agr.* to manure with *Turf*, *adj.* peaty, turfy.

Turfel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) see *Reiter*; 2) see *Lammel* 1 & 2.

Turtein, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see *Lammel*.

Tornholz, (*str.*) *pl.* *Tornhölzer* (*m.* *Mar.* raft. [*Knapsack*].

* *Tornik'er*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Hung.*) 1) soldier's

* *Torqu'en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.* — *Lat.*) *Comm.* to spin into rolls (tobacco).

* *Tort*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Fr.*) *coll.* wrong, vexation, injury; dir *jum* —, to spite you.

Tortchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Tort*) tartlet.

Tort, (*w.*) *f.* *Conf.* a kind of cake or tart; *Tortbitter*, *m.* pastry-cook, tart-baker; *Tortig*, *m.* fine paste for (pound-)cakes or tarts.

* *Tortür*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) torture, rack.

Tot, (*str.*) *m.* (*L.*) roaring, uproar.

Totena, *n.* *Geogr.* Tuscan. — *Toten*

ner, (*str.*) *m.* *Toten* (*nisch*), *adj.* Tuscan.

Toten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to roar, to rage.

Tot, (*str.*) *m.* tuft (*Buich*, 2, *Büschel*, *Feim*).

—*busch*).

* *Totál*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) total, complete, entire; —*clubred*, *m.* general impression; —*summe*, *f.* (*sum*) total. — *Totálität*, (*w.*) *f.* totality, wholeness.

* *Toupet*, *Toupet* (*pr.* *täp*), (*str.*) *pl.* *L.* *n.* (*Fr.*) Hair-dr. toupet, toupee; —*clien*, *n.* see —*jenge*; —*famm*, *m.* toupee-comb; —*nadel*, *Toupet* *nadel*, *f.* crimping pin; —*jenge*, *f.* crimping iron. — *Toupetren*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to toupee.

* *Tour* (*pr.* *tür*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) 1) *Denc.* figure; 2) tour, ramble, excursion, trip, drive; 3) see *Hearture*; —*bleit*, *n.* *Reise*. 1) ticket for a certain distance; 2) return-ticket (*Retourbillet*). — *Tourist*, (*w.*) *m.* tourist.

* *Tourist* (*pr.* *tür*), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) address, training.

Trah, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Man.* trot; in —*bringen* or *setzen*, to put into a trot; *cinen* —*gelen*, *written*, to trot; 2) *Val.* see *Drehtschick*; —*gänger*, *m.* trotter; —*ritt*, *m.* trot.

* *Traubant*, (*w.*) *m.* (*Med.*) 1) *Asch.* metalite; 2) *Mil.* halberdier, life-guardman.

Trauben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to trot; to trudge;

—*lassen*, to put into a trot.

Trauber, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Man.* trotter; 2) see *Drehtschick*; —*traubheit*, *f.* see *Drehtschick*.

Traub, (*w.*) *d. str.* 3. *f. gener.* *pl.* grains, husks; ground-malt, malt-thicket; pomace,

apple-squash; —*bier*, *n.* small beer; —*baum*, *f.* wash-tub.

Tracht, (*w.*) *f.* 1) carriage, load; 2) see *Tragkraft*; 3) course (of diabeas); 4) a litter of young (cats, &c.); 5) *Sport.* quarter (of a horse's hoof); 6) costume, dress; 7) see *Jod*, 2; 8) *Archit.* a) supporter; b) see *Spannweite*; 9) produce, crop; 10) a) see *Erchichtigkeit*; b) see *Erchichtigkeit*; c) see *Erchichtigkeit*; 11) *T.* curve of the saddle-tree; 12) draught (of a ship); see *Erchichtigkeit*; *cine* — *Winkel*, a sound thrashing; —*garn*, *n.* drag-net.

Trachten, *I.* (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to make efforts; to endeavour, strive; to drive (mach, &c.) to aspire (after or to); to have a design (upon); ich *trachte* nicht nach ..., my aim is not ...; all' mein —*geit* dahin, all my endeavours tend to ...; 2) *Miner.* nach dem *Erben* —, to attempt (or seek) one's life; *II.* *v. a.* (*str.*) *n.* effort, endeavour, striving, aspiration, aim, desire, pursuit (nach *Erchichtigkeit*, of pleasure, &c.).

Trachtig, *I.* *adj.* 1) bearing; —*sein*, *the same* as *Tragkraft* haben; 2) big with young, pregnant; —*sein*, to be or go with young, to bear; *cine* *t-e* *Frucht*, a she-fox in cub; *cine* *t-e* *Frucht*, a ewe with lamb; *cine* *t-e* *Frucht*, a bitch with puppies (in pup, in whelp, or in whelping; *cine* *t-e* *Frucht*, a cow with (or in) calf; *cine* *t-e* *Frucht*, a mare with (or in) foal; *II.* *f.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) pregnancy, state of being big with young; 2) *Mar.* see *Tragbarkeit*, 2, a.

* *Tract'en* (*pr.* *tracht*—), (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.*) *T.* to draw or delineate with marks, to trace.

* *Tract*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) tract (of land, &c.).

* *Tractament*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Med.* *Lat.*) 1) treatment; 2) treat, entertainment; 3) allowance, pay.

* *Tractat*, (*str.*) *pl.* sometimes *w.* *m.* (*Lat.*) 1) treaty; 2) (*Tractat* *chen*, *dimin.* *str.*) *n.* tract, treatise.

* *Tract'en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*L.* *Lat.*) 1) to treat; 2) to treat, entertain.

* *Tract'en*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to deliver.

—*Tractition*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) tradition; 2) delivery.

Träg... (*from* *Tragen*), *in comp.* —*altar*, *m.* portable altar; —*anker*, *m.* *Archit.* anchor.

* *Tragant*, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) *Pharm.* gum tragacanth; —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* tragacanth (*Aschophalus* L.).

Träg... (*from* *Tragen*), *in comp.* *Gard.* —*ast*, *m.* fruit-bearing-branch, bearer (of a tree); —*auge*, *m.* fruit-bud, gum; —*saft*, *f.* litter, stretcher, hand-barrow; —*saft*, *m.* *f.* dormant-tree, summer; —*band*, *n.* strap, carrying-girth; *Surg.* sling; *mitella*, *truss*.

Träghär, *I.* *adj.* 1) portable; supportable; 2) capable of bearing, fruitbearing, fruitful, fertile; 3) see *Trächtigkeit*; *II.* *f.* *str.* 1) portableness; 2) capacity of bearing; a) *Mar.* port, tonnage (of a ship); b) fertility.

Träg... (*from* *Tragen*), *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* shaft, carrying-pole, litter-bar; —*bett*, *n.* portable bed, litter; baldachin; palanquin; —*beutel*, *m.* *Surg.* suspensory; —*bid*, *n.* *Archit.* caryatid; —*binde*, *f.* sling; —*bock*, *n.* trestle, supporting-frame, *cf.* *Bock*, 2, b; —*bücker*, *m.* *Sculp.* breast-bone; —*schiff*, *f.* portable bridge; —*stuck*, *f.* *Bot.* common

beach (Buche); —bütte, —bütte, *f.* butt or tub carried on the back.

Träge, (*w.*) *f.* 1) frame on which anything is carried, litter, hand-barrow; yoke or bar by which pails are carried; 2) *Zool.* uterus, matrix (of animals).

Träge..., *in comp.* see **Trag**..., *in comp.* **Träge**, *adj.* 1) inactive, idle, indolent, lazy, slothful; 2) *Phys.* inert (*also* *T.* of mortar, &c.); 3) sluggish, slow, tardy, dull, backward; 4) *Geistl.* dull business.

Tragen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* (*& intr.* by omitting the object) 1) to bear, carry; to cadge; 2) to wear (clothes, spectacles, &c.), to go in (black, &c.); 3) to be big (or to go) with young; to carry (young); 4) *a)* to produce; *b)* to yield or give (profit); 5) to bear, sustain, support, uphold; 6) *to bear* (hatted) *das Schiff* trägt 1000 *Sekst.*, the ship is 1000 tons burthen or measurement; *die Segel* —, (*intr.*) *Mar.* the sails are full; *trage diesen Brief auf die Post*, take this letter to the post-office; *an sich* (*Dat.*) *or bei sich* —, to carry about one; *etwas in ein Buch* —, to enter or carry in a book; *George* —, to be concerned, *cf.* *George*; *ein Verlangen* —, to have a desire; *die Eysen* —, to bear (or to be at) the charges; *die Schuld* —, to bear the blame; *die Folgen* —, to take or abide the consequences; *den Bericht*, *Schaden* —, to bear, stand (to) the loss; *Zweifel*, *Bedenken* —, to doubt, hesitate, scruple; *nach getragen werden*, to be still (a child) in arms; *er trägt schwer or hat schwer zu* — (*intr.*), *fg.* he carries a heavy weight; *ich trage* (*intr.*) *nach an alten Dornen* (*Platen*), I am still suffering of old wounds; *II. refl.* 1) to have a certain bearing, carriage; 2) to have a certain mode of dress, to dress, *go* (*schwarz*, in black, &c.); 3) to wear (gut, well, schlecht, badly), to last; 4) *sich mit etwas* —, *a)* to carry about with one; *b)* *fg.* to have in mind, to have thoughts of, to go about with (a conviction in one's mind, &c.), to entertain (hopes, &c.); *ein* (*phon*) *getragener Mantel*, a second-hand suit. — **Trägen**, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* 1) the (act of) bearing, *cf.* conveyance; 2) carriage, part (of the body); 3) *Mar. port.* the manner of sustaining and conducting the voice; 4) *Med.* (utero-)gestation.

Träger (**Träger**), (*str.*) *m.* 1) *a)* bearer, carrier, porter; *fg.* *a)* supporter; *c)* vehicle; *Rapoleon war* (*ist*) — *eines Prinzip*, Napoleon embodied a principle; *Worte sind* — *von Vorstellungen*, words convey ideas; *ein Charakter* *ist als* — *eines dramatischen Kunstwerks* *ausdrückend*, a character which bears the burden of a dramatic work of art; 2) *Mar.* goose-neck (of the tiller); 3) *Build.* *a)* summer, girder, main-beam, see **Tragbalken**; *b)* post, pillar, bearer; *c)* *intr.* —, *pl.* trussing girders; 4) *Comm.* holder, bearer (of a bill of exchange); 5) *Anat.* atlas; 6) *Bot.* stamen; 7) *Typ.* clasp; bearer; 8) *Mar.* bridge of a base, see **Balken**, 1); 9) see **Säule**, 4); — **Brücke**, *f.* *T.* girder bridge.

Trägheit, (*w.*) *f.* the (act or practice of) carrying (about), &c.

Trägerin, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bearer, &c. *cf.* **Träger**, 1); 2) *Archit.* pillar in the form of a female figure, Caryatid; 3) pregnant woman.

Träger..., *in comp.* — *isch*, *m.* portage, portage; — *isch*, *f.* *Archit.* oarboard-table.

Träg... (*from* **Tragen**), *in comp.* — *fähig*, *adj.* capable of bearing; — *fähigkeit*, *f.* see — *trast*; — *feder*, *f.* bearing-spring; — *hand*, *n.* see **Trage**, 2).

Trägheit, *f.* 1) laziness, idleness, indolence; sluggishness, slowness, &c. *cf.* **Träge**;

2) *Phys.* inertia (*lat.*); **Trägheit**, *n.* law of inertia (*vis inertia*).

Träg... (*from* **Tragen**), *in comp.* — *him-mel*, *m.* canopy; — *isch*, *n.* 1) yoke; 2) *Gard.* **Trägle**, see **Trägle**. [bearing wood.

* **Träger**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) tragedian; tragio poet; **Tragikomödie**, (*w.*) *f.* tragic-comedy; **Tragikomisch**, *adj.* tragic-comical; **Tragisch**, *adj.* tragical; *adv.* tragically.

Träg... (*from* **Tragen**), *in comp.* — *flissen*, *n.* infant's cushion; — *flusse*, *f.* see — *auge*; — *flur*, *m.* basket or pannier carried on the back, dosser; — *flust*, *f.* capacity of bearing; working-load (of a beam, &c.); — *flust*, *m.* see — *ring*; — *flust*, *f.* (drop-)ledge; — *netz*, *n.* large fowling-net.

* **Trägle**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) see **Träger**; **Trägle** *die* (*with* *Fr. accent*: **Trägle**), (*w.*) *f.* tragedy; **Trägleiter**, *m.* tragic poet.

Träg... (*from* **Tragen**), *in comp.* — *orgel*, *f.* portable organ, regal; — *pfeller*, *m.* supporting pillar; — *plag*, *m.* *Am.* portage; — *riber*, *m.* *pl.* Locom. trailing- or hind wheels; — *reiff*, *n.* carrying-frame; — *riegel*, *m.* bolt (of a wind-mill); — *riemen*, *m.* ridge-band; *pl.* main-braces (of a coach); — *ring*, *m.* roll; — *isch*, *m.* see **Trage**, 2) & — *brut*; — *stettel*, *m.* pack-saddle; — *stütze*, *f.* supporting column; — *stuhl*, *n.* owo; — *stuhl*, *m.* sedan chair; — *springe*, *f.* portable fire-engine; **Archit.** *s.* *stein*, *m.* summer (straglin); — *stempel*, *m.* short post or punchoon used in mines; — *stüte*, *f.* prop.

Trägbügel, (*str.*) *pl.* *X-vögel* (*m.* *Ornith.* helmeted cuckoo (*Corythæus* Ill.).

Träg... (*from* **Tragen**), *in comp.* — *weite*, *f.* 1) *Gun.* the horizontal distance to which a shot or other projectile can be carried, range; 2) *Archit.* bearing (of a beam); 3) *fg.* bearing; reach (of thought, &c.); range; *große weite*, wide bearing; — *wert*, *n.* 1) see — *flüge*; 2) *or* **Trägwert**, *Mus.* wooden roof of a water-conduit; **Trägwert** *schlagen*, to cover a water-conduit with boards; — *wisch*, *m.* see — *ring*; — *zeit*, *f.* bearing time (of animals); — *zucht*, *m.* fruit-branch, *cf.* — *ast*.

* **Trägle**, **Trägle**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Archit.* rail-post, banister.

* **Train** (*Fr.*), (*str.*) *pl.* *X-8* *m.* 1) train (of artillery); 2) land-transport-corps (of an army); 3) see **Bug**, 4, *b*; **Train** (*Fr.*) (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to drag; 2) to protract; 3) *Mar.* to train, to break in (a horse).

* **Trasjet**, (*str.*) *m.* passage; — *schiff*, *n.* a kind of ferry for transporting railway-trains, &c. [stud of Trakehnen (East-Prussia).

Trasjetter, (*str.*) *m.* horse from the Royal **Trasjet**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Tsch.* to stitch on (the lining).

Trasjetern, **Trasjetern**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* **Trasjetern**, (*str.*) *n.* *Archit.* balustrade.

Tram, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *f.* beam; 2) *Wag.* wood. — **Tram**..., *in comp.* — *bahn*, *f.* see **Tramway**; — *baum*, *m.* *Min.* main-beam; — *boden*, *m.* *Archit.* span-ceiling; — **Tramfisch**, (*str.*) *n.* trammel; drag-net. — **Tram**, (*str.*) *m.* *Archit.* tie-beam. [the Tyrol).

Tram, (*str.*) *m.* wine from Tramin (in **Tramin**), (*w.*) *v. intr.* to tramp, stamp; **Tramp**, (*str.*) *m.* *pr.* (*Swiss*) tramping walk.

Tramp, (*str.*) *m.* *pr.* (*Swiss*) tramping walk, tramp. — **Trampeln**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to trample; to stamp (the ground). — **Trampel**, (*str.*) *m.* awkward or clumsy person; — *thier*, *n.* *Zool.* Baobian camel (*Camelus Bactrianus* L.); — *tonne*, *f.* *Shin-dr.* felling-vat. [main-beam.

Tram, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* prop, stay of the **Tram** (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* tram-silk, trams (*pl.*).

* **Trasjet** (*pr.* **trasjet**), (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) trench, see **Trasjet**, 1. — **Trasjet**, (*str.*) *m.* trencher; — **Trasjet**, (*str.*) *pl.* *X-er* *m.* trencher. — **Trasjet**, (*str.*) *m.* carrying-knife.

Trasjet, see **Trasjet**.

Trank, (*str.*) *pl.* **Tranke** *m.* drink, beverage, liquor; potion, decoction; swill (for swine); *Vet.* dranch; *dimin.* **Tranke**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) drug, physical drink, draught; 2) *stom.* poison. — **Tranke**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a)* a watering; *b)* watering place, *jur.* — *flühen*, (to lead to) water; 2) *T.* drench. — **Tranken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to give to drink; to water (cattle, &c.); to suckle (a baby); *b)* *fg.* to water (plants); 2) to steep, soak, impregnate (wood, &c.), to saturate; to imbue; *mit Blut getränkt*, steeped in blood.

Trank, (*str.*) *pl.* **Tranker** *n.* 1) see — *tonne*; 2) *or* **Trank**, (*str.*) *n.* watering-tub.

Trank, (*str.*) *n.* alabaster-bit.

Trank..., *in comp.* — *after*, *n.* drink-offering, libation; — *rinne*, *Trankrinne*, *f.* **Trank**, (*str.*) *n.* watering-trough; — *reuer*, *f.* tax or excise on any liquor, tonnage, maltage; — *tonne*, *f.* swill-tub.

* **Trans**, *Lat. prefix*, denoting: across, over, beyond, &c.; — **alpin**, *adj.* Transalpine; — **atlantisch**, *adj.* Transatlantic; — **ebentäl**, *adj.* *Phil.* transcendental. — **Trans**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to transact (Unterhandeln).

Trans, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Comm.* to pass in transit. — **Trans**, (*adj.* *Gramm.* transitive.

Trans, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *Comm.* transit, passage; — **abgeben**, *f. pl.* — **ist**, *m.* transit-duty; — **handel**, — **verkehr**, *m.* transit- or carrying-trade or business, intermediate trade; — **lager**, — **magazin**, *n.* transit-storehouse. — **Trans**, (*w.*) *m.* see **Trans**; **Trans**, (*w.*) *f.* communication of movement; (Niemens) — (belt-)gearing. — **Trans**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *transoceanic* (*überseeisch*).

Trans, (*Fr.*), (*str.*) *pl.* *X-8* *n.* transparency (painting). — **Trans**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to transpire. — **Trans**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Alg.* *Mus.* *Ac.* to transpos. — **Trans**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) transport, carriage, conveyance; (vom Lager) unhousing; (ins Schiff) shipping; *für* — *ins Schiff*, (charges for) shipping; 2) *Comm.* *a)* amount brought over or forward (from) or carried over or forward (to); invoice continued; *b)* transfer, session; — **Trans**, (*str.*) *m.* carrying-establishment. — **Trans**, (*str.*) *m.* *pr.* — **ist**, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* transporter, protractor. — **Trans**, (*str.*) *m.* *adj.* transportable; transmissible, movable; *II.* **Trans**, (*w.*) *f.* transportability, &c. **Trans**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) 1) to transport, convey, carry; 2) *Comm.* to bring over or forward. — **Trans**, (*str.*) *m.* *in comp.* — *isten*, *pl.* charges of transport, conveyance, carriage, carrying; — **material**, *n.* *Roll.* rolling-stock; — **schiff**, *n.* transport-ship, troop-ship; — **weisen**, *pl.* see — *losten*; — **versicherung**, *f.* conveyance by portage; — **versicherung**, *f.* portage-insurance; — **wagen**, *m.* *Roll.*, *dc.* truck, waggon, goods-van; — **wesen**, *n.* matters connected with the conveyance of goods. [*m.* diagonal scale.

Trans, (*str.*) *pl.* **Trans** (*str.*) *m.* *Gr.* *Geom.* *s.* trapezium; **Trans**, (*str.*) *adj.* trapeziform, trapezoidal; **Trans**, (*str.*) *n.* trapezoid.

Trans, (*str.*) *m.* *Troisbunde* (anciently *Trans* (*Gen.* *Trapezuntia*), in Asia Minor).

Trans, (*str.*) *m.* *Int.* pat; *II.* *s.* (*str.*) *m.* *col.* loud pattering step, patter.

Trans, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* basalt, trap.

Trans, (*w.*) *f.* 1) footprint, footprint, trace; 2) *pr.* trap.

Trans, (*w.*) *m.* 1) boorish person; 2) *or* **Trans**, (*w.*) *m.* *Ornith.* bustard (*Otis tarda* L.); **Trans**, *f.* long gun for bustard-shooting; **Trans**, *m.* turkey-bustard; **Trans**, *m.* field-duck.

Trans, (*str.*) *m.* *Isarine*.

Trans, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* drying-board.

Trans, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* drying-board.

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intr. coll. to trample, patter, to tread noisily, to stamp.

Trapp (*B.*)..., *in comp.* — **gebirge**, *n. pl.* trap-rocks; — **gerippe**, *m.* trachyte; — **stein**, *m.* coarse gravel; — **stein**, *m.* trap-and-stone; — **tuiff**, *m.* basaltic tuft, trap-tuff; — **waße**, *f.* stratiform rock.

* **Trassant**, **Trassant**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Ital.*) Comm. drawer (or giver) of a bill. — **Trassant**, (*w.*) *m.* drawee. — **Trassanten**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to draw or pass a bill (of exchange, auf *with* *Acc.*), upon, to value (on): per *Caldo* —, to draw per appoint; in *Blanco* —, to draw in blank; viel auf *ich* — lassen, to be drawn upon heavily; traffirter *Wechsel*, *see* *Tratte*.

Trass, (*str.*) *n. Gen.* trass, tarras.

Trattieren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *see* *Schwaegen*.

* **Tratte**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Ital.*) Comm. draft, draught, drawn bill; assignment; *Trattbuch*, *n.* bill payable book.

Trattatür, (*str.*, *pl.* *Tratte*) *m.* marriage altar. — **Tratte**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* *Trauung*; 2) permission to marry; 3) marriage-present.

Traube, (*w.*) *f.* (*dimin.* *Träubchen*, *str.*) *n.* small cluster, *do.* 1) a) cluster, bunch of grapes; grape; b) *Bot.* raceme; 2) *Gunw.* cascabel.

Träubel..., *in comp.* — **erbbe**, *f.* cluster-pear; — **gebüsch**, *n. Sport.* trochings.

Träubchen..., *in comp.* — **schaf**, *m.* botryoid agate; — **stängel**, *artig*, *see* *Stängel*; — **auge**, *n. Med.* staphylocoma; — **beiß**, *m. see* — **hülle**; — **beere**, *f.* 1) grape; 2) *see* *Heubere*; — **blei**, *n. see* *Bliesblei* & *Stodener*; — **blut**, *n.**, juice of grapes, (red) wine; — **bohrer**, *m.* wimble; — **blüte**, *f.* vine-dresser's dorer; — **cur**, *f. Med.* grape-cure; — **edle**, *f.* stone-oak, winter-oak (*Quercus sessiliflora* Sm.); — **erz**, *n.* *Minor.* arsenicated lead; — **farn**, *m. Bot.* flowering fern (*Osmunda* L.); — **fäule**, *f.* grape-disease; — **feuert**, *n. see* — **lauch**; — **form**, *f.* botryoidal form; — **frucht**, *adj.* grape-like; cluster; in clusters; botryoidal; — **gambel**, *m. Bot.* botryoidal gormander (*Tenacium botrye* L.); — **gebirge**, *n.* vine-hills; — **gebüsch**, *n.* vine-arbour; — **geschwürf**, *f. Med.* grape-swelling; — **gott**, *m. Myth.* the god of grapes, Bacchus; *Gunw.-s.* — **hagel**, *m.* grape-shot; — **hals**, *m.* neck of a cascabel; — **haut**, *f. Anat.* uvea, uveous coat, third tunic of the eye; — **holunder**, *m. Bot.* red-berried elder, racemous, cluster-flowered elder (*Sambucus racemosa* L.); — **hügel**, *m.* vine-clad hill; — **hülle**, *f.* grape-skin; — **hyacinthe**, *f.* cluster-flowered hyacinth, grape-hyacinth (*Muscari racemosa* L.); — **läufer**, *m. Entom.* grape-beetle, rove-beetle (*Staphylinus* L.); — **laum**, *m.* grape-stalk; — **leim**, *m.* stone or seed of grapes, grape-stone; *Bot.-s.* — **litfchbaum**, *m.* (common) bird-cherry tree (*Prunus padus* L.); — **lohl**, *m. see* *Blumentohl*; — **traufelt**, *f.* grape-disease; — **traut**, *n.* butt-leaved goose-foot, oak of Jerusalem (*Chenopodium botrys* L.); — **lese**, *f.* (*lit.* grape-gathering) vintage; — **lester**, *m.* — **lesterin**, *f.* grape-gatherer, vintager; — **moß**, *m.* must; — **mühle**, *f.* grape-press; — **mus**, *m.* confection of grapes; — **nachlester**, *m.* grape-gleaner; — **preße**, *f. see* *Reiter*; — **reich**, *adj.* abounding in grapes; — **rüster**, *f. Bot.* cluster-flowered elm (*Ulmus effusa* L.); — **säft**, *m.* juice of grapes, wine; — **säure**, *f. Chem.* racemic acid, paratartronic acid; — **schuß**, *m. Gunw.* grape-shot; *Minor.-s.* — **spatz**, *m.* grape-spar; — **stein**, *m.* grape-stone, botryolite; — **stengel**, — **stiel**, *m.* grape stalk; — **stod**, *n. Bot.* vine (*Weinstod*); — **syrap**, *m.* sirup of grapes; — **zeit**, *f.* vintage; — **zucker**, *m. Chem.* grape-sugar, starch-sugar, glucose.

Träubig, *adj.* clustered, clustery.

Träublich, *adj.* cluster-like.

Träubrief, (*str.*) *m.* 1) †, (letter of) credentials; 2) *see* *Trattieren*.

Trauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to marry, to unite in wedlock or matrimony; *sch* — lassen, to be (*coll.* to get) married; II. *intr.* to trust, confide, to have confidence (*Vincum*, in); to rely (upon); auf *etwas* (*Acc.*) —, to trust in or to a thing; traue, *ichan*, *wem*, *prowerd*, if you trust before you try, you may repent before you die; III. *refl.* *see* *Getrauen*.

Trauer, *f.* 1) mourning; 2) sorrow, grief, affliction; die tiefe —, first or deep mourning; die halbe —, second or half-mourning; in — gehen, to be in mourning.

Trauer..., (*from* *Traueren* & *Trauer*), *in comp.* — **anleger**, *m. see* *Reichenbitter*; — **anjug**, *m. see* — **leibung**; — **baum**, *m. Bot.* sad or sorrowful tree (*Myricanthes arbor tristis* L.); — **begängniß**, *n.* funeral, *see* *Reichenbegängniß*; — **bild**, *n.* emblem of mourning or sadness; — **binde**, *f.* mourning-band; — **birte**, *f.* drooping or weeping birch (*Betula alba var. pendula* Ehrh.); — **blitz**, *m.* mournful look; — **bol**, *m.* mourning-baize; — **botfchaft**, *f.* sad news, mournful tidings or intelligence; — **brief**, *m.* letter announcing a person's death; — **bühne**, *f. Ag.* 1) tragic stage; earth; 2) stage of execution, scaffold; — **begegn**, *m.* mourning — sword; — **beimtal**, *n.* onanotaph; — **entz**, *f. Ornith.* black-duck (*Idemella nigra* L.); — **edle**, *f. Bot.* weeping ash (*Fraxinus excelsior pendula* L.); — **essen**, *n. see* — **schmaus**; — **fedel**, *f.* funeral torch; — **flagge**, *f.* black flag (at a funeral); — **fall**, *m.* mournful case or accident; sad event; death, decease; — **farben**, *f. pl.* mourning-colours; — **fest**, *n.* funeral solemnity; — **flage**, *f. Entom.* anthrax (*Anthrax Scop.*); — **flor**, *m.* mourning-crape; — **geberde**, *f.* mournful or sad gesture; — **gebißt**, *n.* mourning-poem; funeral poem, elegy; — **gefolge**, *n. see* — **geleit**; — **gefüh**, *n.* mournful or sad feeling; — **geft**, *m.* mournful spirit, melancholy mind; — **geftnt**, *n.* tolling of the church-bells on the death of a person; — **geftit**, *n.* attendants or followers of a funeral, *cf.* — **jug**; — **gefränge**, *n.* funeral pomp; — **gerüft**, *n.* catafalco; — **gefang**, *m.* mourning-song, (funeral) dirge; — **geftichte**, *f.* mournful tale; — **geftrel**, *n.* mournful or doleful cries, lamentations; — **geftit**, *n.* mournful countenance; — **gewand**, *n. see* — **kleid**; — **glode**, *f.* death-bell, passing-bell; — **gottedienft**, *m.* church service on the death of a distinguished person, *etc.*; — **haube**, *f.* mourning-cap; — **haus**, *n.* house of mourning; — **jahr**, *n.* year of mourning, mourning-year; — **klage**, *f.* lamentation; — **kleid**, *n.* — **leibung**, *f.* mourning-dress, mourning-suit; — **litfche**, *f.* mourning-coach; — **laut**, *m.* mournful, sad, lugubrious sound or accent, funeral note; — **läuten**, *n. see* — **geläut**; — **lettern**, *f. pl.* Typ. black letters; — **leute**, *pl.* mourners, funeral attendants; — **lich**, *n. see* — **gefang**. [less.]

Trauerlos, *adj.* devoid of mourning, grief.

Trauer..., (*from* *Traueren* & *Trauer*), *in comp.* — **mahl**, *n.* mourning-feast; — **müß**, *f. see* — **geftichte**; — **mantel**, *m.* 1) mourning-cloak; 2) *Entom.* a species of butterfly (*Vanessa Antiopa* L.); — **marfch**, *m.* funeral march; — **monument**, *n. see* — **beimtal**; — **müße**, *f. Entom.* a species of gnat (*Scidia* M.); — **muße**, *f.* the tragic Muse; — **müß**, *f.* mourning-music; — **müßig**, *adj.* melancholy; — **nachricht**, *f. see* — **botfchaft**.

Traueren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to mourn, grieve, lament, to be afflicted; 2) to be in mourning (um, for); *Tr-be*, *m. & f.* (*decl. like* *adj.*) mourner.

Trauer..., (*from* *Traueren* & *Trauer*), *in comp.* — **nadel**, *f.* mourning-pin, black pin; — **ordnung**, *f.* mourning-regulations; — **papier**, *n.* black-edged paper; — **pfers**, *n.* mourning horse (which is led after a funeral); — **poß**, *f. see* — **botfchaft**; — **puß**, *m.* mourning-

dress or ornaments; — **rede**, *f.* funeral speech or sermon; — **ring**, *m.* mourning-ring; — **reß**, *n. see* — **pfers**; — **reßler**, *m.* mourning-rail; — **schmaus**, *m.* mourning-feast, funeral repast; — **schuße**, *f.* mourning-buckle; — **schuße**, *f. Conch.* bat-shell (*Volva asperitella* L.); — **schwebel**, *m. see* — **flage**; — **spiel**, — **stid**, *n.* tragedy; — **spielartig**, *adj.* tragic; — **spielstücker**, *m.* tragic poet; — **tanze**, *f. Ornith.* mourning-dove, Carolina turtle-dove (*Columba Carolinensis*); — **trag**, *n.* mourning-cloth; — **trag**, *adj.* mournful; — **wagen**, *m.* funeral car; mourning-coach; hearse; — **weibe**, *f. Bot.* weeping willow (*Salix babylonica* L.); — **wode**, *f.* week of mourning; — **zeichen**, *n.* mark, sign, or emblem of mourning; — **zeit**, *f.* mourning-time; — **zug**, *m.* funeral procession.

Trauerf., (*w.*) *f.* 1) the water running from a roof; 2) eaves, gutter; 3) *Papier-m.* trough, gutter; aus dem *Regen* in die — *lassen*, proverb, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire. [trickle.]

Trauerfeln, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to drop, drip. **Trauerfen**, **Träuerfen**, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* 1) to let down in drops, to shower (down); 2) to drop, fall, run, drip.

Trauer..., *in comp.* — **bad**, *m. Med.* shower-bath; — **baum**, *m. Forest.* tree standing on the confines of a forest (*Loc.*); — **bohrer**, *see* *Träubelbohrer*; — **brat**, *n.* board under the eaves of a building to keep off the rain-water from the walls; — **baß**, *n. Archit.* drip, brow of a wall; — **faß**, *n.* water-butt; — **gang**, *m.* passage between two buildings under the eaves; — **haken**, *m. Archit.* 1) hook to support the water-spout; 2) pantile lath, rafter-foot; — **leiste**, *f. Archit.* larmier, corona, drip-stone; — **naß**, *adj.* coll. dripping wet; — **platt**, *f. see* — **baß**; — **recht**, *n. Law.* gutter-right; — **rinne**, *f.* house-gutter; — **rißre**, *f.* gutter-pipe, gutter-spout; — **schet**, — **schicht**, *f. Archit.* eaves-course; — **schle**, *f. Salt-w.* brine collected in strainers; — **stein**, *m.* 1) gutter-stone; 2) *see* *Tropfstein*; — **wasser**, *n.* water running from the eaves, rain-water; — **wetz**, *m.* droppings, leakage; — **zettel**, *m.* eaves-tile; — **zitterfelle**, *f. see* — **schet**.

Trauergeßte, (*w.*) *f.*, **Träuergeßte**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Träuergeßte*) *n.* marriage-fee.

Trauerlich, *I. adj.* 1) familiar, intimate, cordial; 2) comfortable, snug, cozy; II. *Tr-lich*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cordiality, intimacy; 2) comfortableness, snugness.

Traueren, (*str.*, *pl.* *Träueren*) *m.* dream; *Ag. fancy*, reverie; das ist mir nicht im *Tr-ich* gewesen, that never entered my head; (*Vincum*) aus dem *Tr-ich* helfen, to give (one) an explanation, to undeceive.

Traueren..., *in comp.* — **anfügung**, *f. see* — **beutung**; — **bild**, *n.* vision, visionary image; ideal; — **buch**, *n.* 1) dream-book; 2) *Jan.* dreamer, dull person.

Träumchen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Trauer*) a transient or an agreeable dream.

Traueren..., *in comp.* — **beuter**, *m.* interpreter of dreams; — **beutung**, — **beuterei**, *f.* interpretation of dreams; — **beutereiße**, *adj.* interpretative of (or interpreting) dreams.

Träumen, (*w.*) *v. tr., intr. & imper.* 1) to dream; to be dreaming; es träumt mir, I dreamed; er träumt von glänzenden Ergebnissen, he hugs himself with the idea of brilliant results; 2) *Ag. (or refl. sch / Dat.)* *etwas* — lassen to fancy, imagine; to take into one's head; laß dir *etwas* kugeln, — pleasant dreams be yours; träumt er sich (*Dat.*) einen Siegerkranz um's Haupt? (*Herzog*) dreams he... his brow is decked by victory's bright crown? (*Bauk.*) das hätte ich mir nie — lassen, that never would have entered my head, I could not even dream that.

Träumer, (*str.*) *m.* dreamer; visionary.

Träumerei, (u.) f. the (act or custom of) dreaming; reverie; chimera, fancy, vision.
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Träum..., in comp. — **gebilde**, — **gestalt**, n. phantom, vision; figment; — **gott**, m. god of dreams, Morpheus; — **hörn**, n., — **schnee**, f. Czech. music-shell (*Vokala muschel* L.); — **leben**, n. dream-life; magnetic sleep; — **wahrheits**, f. oneirismancy; — **welt**, f. realm of dreams.

Träum, interj. indeed! forsooth! truly!
Träumröde, (u.) f. address of the clergyman to the persons married by him, marriage-sermon.

Traurig, I. **adj.** 1) sad (*über* [with Acc.], at), heavy, sorrowful; melancholy, pensive, mournful; 2) dismal, dreary, afflicting; woful; 3) wretched, miserable; II. **adv.** 1) sadly, sadly, sorrow, melancholy, pensive.

Traurig, (adv.) m. wedding-ring, marriage-ring.
Träu, (u.) f. see **Träu** (*Malquappe*).
Träu, (adv.) m. 1) marriage-certificate; 2) marriage-licence.

Träu, (u.) v. *intr.* see **Träu**.
Träu, (u.) v. *intr.* see **Träu**.

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lot fell upon him; wenn es zum — kommt, coll. when it comes to the push; sich getroffen fühlen (durch), to feel (the justice of) a reproach, &c.; to be hurt at ...; sein Herz war getroffen, his heart was smitten; getroffen! right! (beim Duell) a hit! t-b, p. a. striking, appropriate; suitable, pertinent; judicious; der uns t-be Antheil, the share coming to us.

Treffen, s. (adv.) n. 1) battle, fight, combat, engagement, action; 2) *Mid.* division of an army (*particul.* engaged in battle); cin — licfern, to join battle. [Lucky hit.]

Treffen, s. (adv.) n. prize (in lottery, &c.).
Trefflich, I. **adj.** excellent, eminent, admirable, choice; exquisite; II. **adv.** 1) excellently; choicely, &c.

Treff..., in comp. — **schuß**, m. shot that hits the mark; — **stellen**, f. pl. T. meetings, joinings (in calico-printing).

Treff..., in comp. — **amboss**, m. T. case-stake; — **anker**, m. *Mar.* driving anchor; — **arbeits**, f. T. separation of the silver from the raw lead; — **asse**, f. cupel-ashes; — **ast**, m. see **Räuber**; 3; — **baum**, m. axle-tree of a winch; — **bett**, n. *gard.* forcing-bed, hot-bed; — **beise**, f. see **farbe**; — **bogen**, m. T. bow-drill; — **bolzen**, m. *Mar.* set-bolt, square-bolt; — **brunnen**, m. chasing-chisel; — **butte**, f. *Tunn.* soaking-trough; — **cylinber**, m. *Mech.* steam-cylinder; — **eis**, n. drifting or drift ice, loose floating ice; — **essen**, n. 1) driving- or starting-belt; 2) cooper's driver.

Treffel, (adv.) n. rammer of a cannon.

Treiben, (adv.) s. I. *tr.* 1) a) to drive; b) to drive (game) together within a certain district; 2) to turn, move; to put in motion, to set a-going, to propel (ships, &c.), to work (machinery); 3) T. to chase, emboss; 4) *gard.* to force; 5) *Min.* to separate, refine; to sublimate; 6) to make to rise or swell (as dough); 7) *Tunn.* to raise or soak (hides); *fig-s.* 8) to impel, drive, prompt, press, urge, push, force; to hurry; to press for payment, to dun; 9) a) to carry on, follow, pursue (the profession of ...), to exercise or practise (a trade, &c.); *Handel* —, to trade, negotiate, deal (with, in); b) to be employed or busied with, to pursue, study, practise; to commit, make, do; was treibt er? what is he doing? what are his pursuits? er treibt ein andächtiges Geschäft, he is carrying on or doing an extensive business; er treibt Dänisch, he works at Danish; cine Wissenshaft —, to cultivate a science; so offen dürfen wir das Werk nicht —, (*Schiller*) we must not go to work so openly; wie man's treibt, so geht's, proverb, self do, self have; geziehen werden, *Mar.* (of a ship, &c.) to go with the wind, to go adrift, cf. **Treiben**, *intr.* 1; auf die Weide —, to graze, pasture, to turn or put to grass; Blätter —, to put forth or to run to leaves; Schößlinge —, to throw out shoots; den Schweiß —, to cause perspiration; in die Höhe —, to bid, cry, run, or drive up (goods); Aufwand —, see **Aufwand** (machen); *Min-s.* Urge —, to bring up ores from a mine (by machinery); einen Stollen —, to push a stalm; aufs Äußerste —, to carry to excess or extremities, to bring to extremes, to put to the utmost stretch; to urge to the extreme, to drive (one) to his last shifts; es zu bunt, aty, or toll —, to go too far or to too great lengths; (etwas) zu weit —, to carry a (thing) too far, to push too far (demands, &c.).

II. *intr.* (*aus.* haben & sein) 1) to drift, drive, float, to be driving, to go adrift; auf ein Schiff —, to run foul of a ship; der Anker —, to drag the anchor; ohne Segel —, to send under bare poles; 2) to shoot forth, grow fast; to sprout; das Gras sängt an zu —, the grass begins to spring; das Bier treibt, the beer ferments; getriebenes Eisen, wrought iron; t-be Kraft, see **Triebskraft** & **Triebsfeder**, 2.

Treiben, s. a. (adv.) n. 1) the (act of) driving, &c.; 2) dealings, activity, engagements, cf. **Tun**, s.

Treiber, (adv.) m. 1) driver (*also* T. & *Mar.*); 2) drover; 3) *Sport.* person that beats up game, hunter; 4) taskmaster; 5) see **Triebl.**

Trieberel, (u.) f. 1) the (practice of) driving, &c., cf. **Treiben**; 2) (L. u.) forcing-beds and hot-houses.

Treib (e)..., in comp. — **erg**, n. ore extracted by machines; — **farbe**, f. *Tunn.* soaking, scowering; — **farbegrube**, f. scowering-pit; — **faß**, n. see **butte**; — **fischel**, m. *Min.* shore-driver; — **garn**, n. small fishing-net; — **gäpel**, m. *Min.* machine-whin; — **hammer**, m. T. chasing-hammer; — **haus**, m. *gard.* forcing-house, hot-house, cf. **Gewächshaus**; — **hausgewächs**, n., — **handpflanze**, f. *Ut. & fig.* hot-house plant, stove-plant; — **herd**, m. *Metall.* refining hearth; — **herr**, m. proprietor of a refinery; — **holz**, n. 1) wood floating down rivers; 2) rolling-pin; 3) *Typ.* planer; 4) *Coop.* driver; — **hut**, m. *Min.* top of a refining-hearth; — **hütte**, f. T. snary; — **jagb**, f. *Sport.* battue; — **kasten**, m. see **Triebskasten**; — **keil**, m. *Typ.* planer; — **lette**, f. see **Göpellette**; — **flit**, m. cement for embossing; — **folienstrich**; f. see **Folienstrich**; 2; — **folienstränge**, f. see **Folienstränge**; 2; — **ford**, m. see **Göpelstör**; — **form**, n. grain of iron remaining in the refining-hearth; — **fürter**, n. pl. *Pharm.* castor-ants; — **fracht**, f. impulsive force; — **frucht**, f. *Metall-w.* pitch-block (*Karm.*); — **frucht**, f. gin for raising ores, coals, &c.; — **fund**, n. *Mar.* fog-bank; — **lange**, f. hot mixture of ooze and water, soaking; — **leute**, pl. 1) people employed in beating up game; 2) miners who extract ore by machines; — **maschine**, f. *Min.* machine for raising ore from the pit; — **mittel**, m. 1) incentive; 2) *Med.* evacuant; — **mittel**, m. *Anat.* accelerator; — **stern**, n. *Metall.* (doubly heated) refining-furnace; — **stern**, n. stalking-horse; — **stern**, n. *Med.* sudorific powder; — **stern**, f. chasing-chisel; — **rad**, n. *Mech.* driving wheel, driver; — **riemen**, m. wheel-strap; — **saub**, m. see **Triebsaub**; — **schacht**, m. working-shaft; — **schleife**, f. *Wach.* m. cogging disk; — **schleife**, f. *Metall.* cupel, test; — **schur**, f. whip-cord; — **schweif**, m. *Min.* raw or mineral sulphur; *Mar-s.* — **segel**, n. driver; — **segelstern**, f. driver boom; — **schiff**, m. goad; — **stange**, f. (driving-)bar; — **rod**, m. 1) *Mech.* cog; 2) *Wass.* driver, picking-stick, picker (*Beitische*); — **stoss**, m. *Min.* extremity of a mine-wall; — **weg**, m. drift way; — **wert**, n. see **frucht** & **Triebsel**, 1; — **wind**, m. drift-wind; — **zeug**, n. *Sport.* a kind of fowling-net.

Triebsel, (adv.) n. *provinc.* (*Stein.*) cow-bell. [low-rope] — **pfad**, m. towing-path.

Treib, (adv.) n. (— *tan*, n.) *Mar.* tow-line.
Treiben, **Triebsel**, (u.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to track (a boat or small vessel) by a rope.

Triebsel, (adv.) n. *provinc.* 1) cadgel; 2) *fig.* lout. [pipes].

Tremmen, (u.) v. *tr.* T. to sleek (day-
Tremmel, (adv.) m. 1) *Min.* prop, stanchion, upright; 2) (*Schleusen*) **Tremmel**, 2. — **Tremmel**, (u.) v. *tr.* to prop.

Tremmel, (u.) v. *provinc.* for **Tornblume**.
Tremmelant, (u.) m. (*Lat.*) *Mus.* tremor, trill, quaver (of an organ). — **Tremmelant**, (u.) v. *tr.* to trill, quaver.

Tremmel, (u.) v. *tr.* to trill, quaver.
Tremmel, (u.) v. *provinc.* 1) top (*Streichel*, 1); 2) *fig.* dawdler. — **Tremmel**, (u.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to roll; 2) to sift (barley); II. *intr.* 1) to roll; 2) to dawdle.

Tremmel, I. **adj.** separable, divisible;
 II. **adv.** (*u.*) f. separability, separableness.

Tremmen, (u.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to separate, part, disjoin, divide, put asunder; to dismember; to dissolve, decompose; to disunite; 2) to cut, take off; to sever, dismember; 3) to

Triefeln, (w.) v. *intr.* to drip.
Triefen, (w. & *str.*) v. *intr.* to drop (von Schweiß, with perspiration, &c.), drip, trickle; to run; es trief vom Dache, the eaves drip; seine Augen —, he has clear-eyes.
Triefend, *adj.* dripping, trickling.

Trifel, (*str.*) m. 1) stone-curlew (Diefel); 2) dowlap (Bemmer, II.); —trappe, f. lesser bastard (Biertrappe).

Trifent, n. *Geogr.* Trent (town in the Tyrol).
Trifer, n. *Geogr.* Triera, Treves (Prussian town on the Mosel). — **Triferisch**, *adj.* Treverian.

Trifich, n. *Geogr.* Trieste. — **Trifichner**, (*str.*) m. Trieste, inhabitant of Trieste.

Trifige, (w.) f. *provinc.* crane, pulley. — **Trifigen**, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to haul aloft; 2) to plague, vex (Bladen, II.); Cülden, I).

Trift, (w.) f. 1) passage of (or for) the cattle; 2) pasturage, common, pasture; 3) right of pasture; 4) drove, herd; 5) *Tr-en*, pl. *Mar.* wreck or whatever is found floating on the sea.
Triftern, (w.) v. I. *intr.* *Mar.* to go adrift; II. *tr.* to drift (wood). [*pasture*.]

Triftenmeister, (*str.*) m. inspector of Trift...., in comp. — **Trift**, *adj.* free for cattle to go on; — **gelb**, n. money paid for pasturage; — **gerechtigkeit**, f. *see* — **recht**; — **recht**, n. right of pasturage; — **seget**, n. *Mar.* drift-sail; — **stein**, n. boundary stone of a pasturage; — **weg**, m. drift-way.

Triftig, I. *adj.* 1) *Mar.* drifting, adrift; — *sein*, to drive; — *werden*, to break sheer; 2) subject to the right of pasturage; 3) strong in growth (of plants); 4) *fig.* substantial; valid, important; convincing, cogent; II. *Tr-heit*, (w.) f. validity; convincingness, cogency.

* **Triftig**, (*str.* & w.) m. (*Gr.*) *Archit.* triglyph (Dreiecklig).

* **Trigon**, *adj.* (*Gr.*) trigonal; — **stein**, n. *see* Dreieckstein; — **zahl**, f. *Math.* triangular number.

* **Trigonometrie**, (w.) f. *Geom.* trigonometry. — **Trigonometrisch**, *adj.* trigonometrical.

* **Trifttrief**, *see* Exidtrief.

Trill, (*str.*) m. 1) twirl, whirling; *provinc.* 2) a traveller's, &c. bedstead; 3) *see* Trillbühner, *see* Drilbühner. [*Trill*, 2.

Trille, (w.) f. 1) a) twirling motion, whirl; b) any twirling object; 2) drilling, cf. Drillen; 3) *see* Trulle.

Trillen *tr.*, *see* Drillen *tr.*

Triller, (*str.*) m. 1) *Mus.* shake, trill, quaver; *einen* — **schlagen**, to trill, shake, quaver; 2) *Arch.* lantern; — **lette**, f. chain of shakes; — **lauf**, m. *Mus.* trill, trilling; (*double*) double cadence; — **spring**, m. caper (in dancing); — **ten**, m. *see* Triller, 1.

Trillern, (w.) v. *intr.* to trill, quaver, shake. [*schellen*, n. trillionth part.

* **Trillion**, (w.) f. (*Fr.*) *Math.* trillion.

Trine, f. (*dimin.* *Trinchen*, (*str.*) n.) 1) abbr. for Katharine, Kate (P. N.); 2) (w.) cont. slut. [*trian*.]

* **Trinitarier**, (*str.*) m. (*Lat.*) Eccl. trinitarian. — **Trinität**, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) trinity.

Trinfel, I. *adj.* drinkable, potable.

Trinfeln, (w.) f. drinkableness, potableness. **Trinf...**, in comp. — **becher**, m. goblet, drinking-cup; — **bruder**, m. 1) *see* — **genoss**; 2) one who is fond of drinking, tippler.

Trinken, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to drink; *, to absorb, inhale. — **Trinker**, (*str.*) m. drinker. — **Trinkerel**, (w.) f. the (practice of) drinking; drinking bout.

Trink... (from *Trinken*), in comp. — **fest**, *adj.* n. drinking bout; — **gefäß**, n. drinking-cup; — **geschür**, n. drinking-vessel; — **geld**, n. *see* given to servants, gratuity, gratification, consideration, *doncœur*

(*Fr.*), coll. remembrance; ich will ihm ein gutes — **geben**, I will remember him handsomely; — **genoss**, m. bottle companion; — **gesellschaft**, f. company of tipplers, drinking-bout; — **gold**, n. potable gold; — **haus**, n. tap-house, ale-house, tavern; — **horn**, n. drinking-horn; — **issel**, n. drinking (or Bacchanalian) song; — **schale**, f. drinking-cup or bowl, goblet; — **spruch**, m. sentiment; *einen* — **spruch** anbringen, to give a sentiment; — **stube**, f. drinking-room, tap-room; — **tisch**, f. *see* Trunfisch; — **troggen**, n. water-glass (for birds); — **wease**, f. drinkables; — **wasser**, n. drinkable water.

* **Tri**, (*str.*, pl. *Tr*) n. (*Ital.*) *Mus.* trio.

* **Triole**, (w.) f. (*Fr.*) *Mus.* triplet.

* **Triplet**, *adj.* (*Fr.-Lat.*) in comp. treble, triple; — **allianz**, f. triple alliance; — **tact**, m. triple-time.

* **Tripl**, (*str.*) m. (— *erbe*, f.) tripoli; rotten stone; — **schleifer**, m. polishing slate.

* **Triplisch**, (*str.*) **Triplisch**, (w.) f. (*Lat.*) *Law*, surrejoinder; triplicates (document). — **Triplischren**, (w.) v. *tr.* to triple.

* **Triplum**, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Tripla*) n. triplicate; in *Tripla* (*Lat. Abl.*), in —, in three copies.

* **Triplis**, n. *Geogr.* Tripoli. — **Triplisner**, (*str.*) m., **Triplisnerisch**, *adj.* Tripolitan.

Tripp, (*str.*) m. 1) or — **sammlet**, m. *Comm.* mock-voilet, shag; tuft-taffety; 2) *Min.* tourmaline. [*one's* steps.

Trippeln, (w.) v. *intr.* to trip, mince.

Trippeln, (*str.*) m. *Med.* gonorrhoea.

Trippmadam, f. *Bot.* tripmadam (*Sedum*

reflexum L.).

Trippschweif, *see* Triebschweif.

Trippel, (w.) f. *Mar.* brace. — **Trippeln**, (w.) v. *intr.* to brace the spritsail and sprit-top-sail.

* **Trippelut**, (w.) f. (*L. Lat.*) *Typ.* three sheets stuck in one another marked with one letter. [*trine* (Beigenschleier).

* **Trippeln**, (*str.*) m. (*L. Lat.*) *Chem.* tri-

* **Trippeln**, (w.) *Gen. sing. gener. str.* [*Tr*] m. 1) *Gr. Myth.* Triton; 2) *Zool.* triton (Triton Linn.).

Trippeln, (*str.*) m. 1) step, tread, pace; foot-fall; footing; 2) kick; 3) trace, track, foot-step; 4) tread, seat; pair of steps; step or stair (before a window); foot-board (of coaches); treadle; — **nehmen**, *Md.* to fall into step; *Eiderich* des *Tr*-es, sureness of foot; mit **schwerem** — **gehen**, to walk heavily; *Germande* *Tr*-e *belauern*, to watch a person's motions; — **brät**, n. 1) *Build.* tread or horizontal part of a stair; 2) a) step (of a treading-wheel, &c.); b) *Wasm.* treadle; 3) pedal of an organ. — **Trippeln**, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Tripp*) 1) small step, &c.; 2) *Silk-weav.*, &c. small treadle, &c.

Tripp..., in comp. — **eisen**, n. trap for beasts of prey; — **hammer**, m. *see* Fußhammer; — **harfe**, f. *Mus.* pedal harp; — **höhe**, f. height of a step (Stufenhöhe); — **holz**, n. *see* — **brät**, 3; — **lade**, f. *see* Schwellende; — **leiter**, m. *see* Stiegleiter.

Trippeln, (*str.*) m. 1) slip-slip; 2) *see* Trippeln, 2 & Trippeln, 2, a.

Tripp..., in comp. — **weisen**, f. pl. *see* — **brät**, 3; — **platte**, f. foot-board; — **rad**, n. *see* Extrad & Spinnrad; — **schleife**, f. turning-wheel of a potter's lathe; — **stufe**, f. *Build.* 1) tread of a step; 2) tread-board; — **weberel**, f. T. a mode of weaving fancy-cloth by treading on the treadles.

* **Triumph**, (*str.*) m. (*Lat.*) triumph; *einen* — **halten**, to celebrate a triumph; in comp. triumphal (arch, song, car, &c.). — **Triumphator**, (*str.*, pl. [*w.*] *Triumphatoren*)

m. triumpher, triumphant hero. — **Triumphieren**, (w.) v. *intr.* to triumph; *fig.* also to gain the day; t-b, p. a. triumphant.

* **Triumvir**, (w.) pl. *Tr*-viri; *sing.* sometimes *str.* [*Tr*] m. (*Lat.*) triumvir. — **Triumvirat**, (*str.*) n. triumvirate.

* **Trivial**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) trivial.

* **Trucir**, (*str.*) m. (*Fr.*) *Surg.* trocar, trochar.

* **Trochäisch**, *adj.* *Vers.* trochaic(al). — **Trochäus**, (pl. [*w.*] *Trochäen*) m. (*Lat.-Gr.*) trochee; trochaic.

Troch... (*also Point. & Sculp.*), arid; 2) barren, arid; *fig.* 3) dry, uninteresting; prosy, dull; 4) cold, dry, frigid; 5) barren, giving no milk (of cows); — *legen*, to drain; t-es *Bauholz*, seasoned timber; t-e *Gerben*, *Point.* pastil; t-e *Weste*, mass with-out the sacrament; t-en *Weste*, dry-shod; *bie* t-e *Wahrheit*, the plain truth; t-e *Zinsen*, pl. rent-stock; *ber* t-e *Bechtel*, *Comm.* sale bill, promissory note.

Troch... (from *Trochäen*), in comp. — **amme**, f. dry-nurse; — **apparat**, m. drying-apparatus; — **beerwein**, *see* — **wein**; — **bett**, n. T. drying-room (*Luc.*); — **boden**, m. drying-loft; — **bretter**, m. *Min.* claying-bar; — **bret**, n. *Sugar-s.* *dc.* drying-board, cf. — **gefäß**; — **cylinder**, m. *Spinn.* drying-cylinder; — **deck**, n. dry-dock, graving-dock.

Troch(e)nt, I. n. of the *adj.* *Troden*, a dry thing, surface, place, &c. auf — **bringen**, to put on the dry land; *sein* *Tröckchen* ins — **bringen**, coll. to feather one's nest; im *Tr-en* **sein**, to be under shelter; II. (w.) f. *see* *Trodenheit*.

Troch... (from *Trochäen*), in comp. — **farbe**, f. 1) dry colour, pastil, crayon; 2) (*Toll.*) siccative (—öl); — **fäule**, f. dry rot (of wood); — **feuer**, n. *Berg.* sheet-iron fire; — **gemälde**, n. crayon-painting; — **gefäß**, n. *Chem.* *dc.* drying-stand; contrivance or horse for drying linen, &c. on; — **haus**, n. *Trunn.* *dc.* shade, drying-house.

Trochheit, (w.) f. dryness: 1) aridity; 2) drought; *fig.* 3) barrenness; 4) dulness; frigidity.

Troch... (from *Trochäen*), in comp. — **herb**, m. drying-ground (*Beil.*); — **hammer**, f. 1) a) *see* — **stube**; b) *Tamm.* hanging-room; 2) *Found.* drying-stove; — **lassen**, m. *see* — **bett**; — **loft**, m. *Salt-w.* barrow; — **legung**, f. the (act of) draining, draining; — **leine**, f. *see* *Wäscheleine*; — **loch**, n. *Min.* charging-hole; — **maier**, m. painter in crayon; — **maierel**, f. crayon-painting; — **mappe**, f. blotting-book; — **maschine**, f. 1) drying-machine; 2) (*T. Tusch.*) steam-chest; — **mauer**, f. 1) *Min.* oag; 2) dry wall; — **mauern**, n. *Mar.* dry-wall; — **mittel**, n. (*beim* *Einstrich*) siccative, dryer; — **mober**, m. *see* — **fäule**; — **ofen**, m. drying-stove; — **öl**, m. siccative, dryer; — **pfaster**, n. *Pharm.* desiccative plaster; — **platte**, f. smoothing-iron (*Platte*, 3); — **platz**, m. drying-place, drying-ground; *Min.* 3. — **puddeln**, f. dry-pounding; — **puddeln**, m. dry-pounding mill; — **puddeln**, m. *from-w.* dry-puddling; — **puddelofen**, m. puddling-furnace with sand-bottom; — **pulver**, n. desiccative powder; — **röhre**, f. *Salt-w.* smoke-tube; — **saal**, m. drying-room; *Tamm.* hanging-room; — **stange**, f. prop of a drying-line; *Dy.* drying-pole; — **stempel**, m. punch, punchbox; — **stube**, f. drying-room; — **tafel**, f. *Powder-m.* tray; — **vieh**, n. cows giving no milk; — **wein**, m. (Hungarian) wine prepared from grapes nearly dried.

Troch... (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to dry (up), to make dry, to air; 2) to wipe; *fig.* 3) to season wood; *Mal.* *Seu* —, to cure malt, hay; II. *intr.* (*aux.* haben & *sein*) to dry; *getrocknet*, p. a. compressed, preserved (vegetables); an der *Luft* —, air-dried.

3) see *Schmollen*; 4) *fig.* to confide (auf *with* Acc.), in, to be proud, to boast (of).

Troßig, *I. adj.* defying, daring, insolent, defiant, braving; froward, obstinate, refractory; saucy, perverse; II. (or + *Troßig*ig) *adv.* daringly, &c.; III. *T-heit*, *f.* defiance; stubbornness; insolence.

Troßig, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (I. u.) to be froward, obstinate, or insolent.

Troß..., *in comp.* —*stoss*, *m.* 1) obstinate or stubborn person; 2) (—*stößig*keit, *f.*) obstinacy, stubbornness, sullen perseverance; —*stößig*, *adj.* stubborn, obstinate; —*stein*, *m.* T. copper-stone; —*wut*, *f.* see *Schmollwut*.

Troßig, *adj.* dim-eyed, dark-sighted. **Troßig**, *I. adj.* 1) troubled, muddy, turbid, thick; 2) lowering, murky, cloudy, gloomy; overcast; 3) dull, dim, dark; cloudy (of precious stones); 4) *fig.* gloomy, sad; in *E-n* ist gut *sehen*, *proverb*, it is good fishing in troubled waters; II. *s. (w.) f.* 1) cloudiness, gloominess; 2) dimness, &c.

Troßig, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to trouble, to make muddy or thick; 2) to dull, dim, tarnish; to obscure; to make gloomy, to cloud, darken; to alloy; 3) to sadden; to ruffle; II. *refl.* to grow gloomy, overcast, &c.

Troßig, (*w.*) *f.* see *Trübe*, *s.*

Troßig, (*str.*) *f.* & *m.* tribulation, affliction, sorrow, trouble; calamity, adversity, misery.

Troßig, *I. adj.* troubled, afflicted, sorrowful, miserable, sad, gloomy; II. *T-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* sadness, &c.

Troßig, (*str.*) *m.*, **Troßig**keit, (*w.*) *f.* sadness, gloominess, gloom, pensiveness, dejection of mind, heaviness, melancholy.

Troßig, *adj.* sad, gloomy, pensive, dejected, melancholy. [steward.]

Troßig, (*w.*, *somel. str.*) *m.* lord high **Troßig**, *f. I. (dimin.)* **Troßig**en, **Troßig**el, *n. str.* of Gertrud, Gertrude (*P.N.*); II. (*w.*) *provinc.* weird woman; sorceress; hag (*Trude*, *f.*).

Troßig, (*w.*) *f. coll.* short, dumpy female. **Troßig**, *provinc.* for *Trübsal*, *f.*

Troßig, (*w.*) *f. Bot. truffle*, earth-nut (*Tuber Mich.*); *in comp.* —*hund*, *m.* truffle-dog; —*jagd*, —*jäger*, *f.* searching for truffles; —*lager*, *n.* truffle-bed, truffle-pit; —*pfest*, *f.* truffle-pie; —*sucher*, *m.* 1) searcher of truffles, truffle-hunter; 2) see —*hund*.

Troßig, *s. I. (str.)* *m.* deceit, fraud; delusion; fallacy, imposture; II. *in comp.* —*bild*, —*gebild*, *n.* (mocking) phantom; counterfeit; —*cabern*, *f.* see —*schluß*, *i*; —*belbe*, *f. Bot. cyme*.

Troßig, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to deceive, delude; II. *intr.* to prove fallacious.

Troßig, *adj.* 1) fraudulent; 2) or **Troßig**haft, deceptive, delusive, deceitful, fallacious, illusory.

Troßig..., *in comp.* —*gewebe*, *n.* tissue of fraud, intrigue; —*grund*, *m.* captious argument. [T-heit, *f.* fallibility; deceptiveness.]

Troßig, *I. adj.* see *Trügerisch*, *2*; II. **Troßig**ig, *I. adj.* undesigning, guileless, artless; II. *T-heit*, *f.* artlessness.

Troßig..., *in comp.* —*sch*, *m.* fallacious proposition, fallacy; —*schluß*, *m.* 1) *Mus.* faint close, delayed, or interrupted cadence; 2) *Log.* paralogism, sophism, fallacy; —*spiel*, *n.* deceptive game; —*stoss*, *m.* *Fenc.* feint; —*weil*, *adj.* deceitful.

Troßig, (*w.*) *f.* (*provinc. &*) **, cheat*.

Troßig, (*w.*) *f. coll.* trull, trollope; slut; drab.

* **Trummen** [*pr. trümm*], (*str.*, *pl. T-0*) *n.* 1) pier (Weiler); 2) see Weilerpiegel.

Trummen, (*str.*, *pl. Trümmer*) *n.* (& *m.*) 1) end, piece, lump, stump; 2) *Wass.* the

ends of weavers' threads, warp-ends, thrum; 3) *Corp.* trimmer; 4) *Min.* branch of a lode or course.

Trümmer, *pl. (sometimes used as a m., f., or n. sing.)* fragments, ruins; wreck, remains; pieces; rubbish; in —*gehen*, to go to wreck, to go or run to ruin, to go to wreck and ruin, to fall to pieces; *Mar.* to break up; *in comp.* —*agat*, *m.* *Min.* brecciated agate; —*gestein*, *n.* *Geol.* conglomerate; —*hausen*, *m.* heap of ruins, wreck; —*holz*, *n.* broken off woodwork; —*porphyr*, *m.* *Min.* porphyritic breccia; —*stein*, *n.* *Paint.* ruin; —*tuch*, *n.* shoddy-cloth; —*welt*, *adv.* *Min.* by pieces; —*wolle*, *f.* shoddy.

Trümmerhaft, *adj.* ruinous, decayed.

Trummen..., *in comp.* —*erg*, *n.* ore in broken pieces, fragmentary ore; —*holz*, *n.* *Corp.* corbel; —*schell*, *n.* *Mus.* trumpet-marine.

Trummpf, (*str.*, *pl. Trummpfe*) *m.* 1) see *Trumm*, *2*; 2) *Gam.* trump; *Gerz* ist —*l* hearts are trumps; *den* *leiten* — *anspielen*, *fig.* to use the last resource or shift; —*blatt*, *n.* —*last*, *f.* trump, trump-card; —*farbe*, *f.* colour of trumps.

Trummpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Gam.* to trump; 2) *Corp.* to trim; 3) see *Wittrumpfen*, *3*.

Trumst, (*str.*, *pl. Trumste*, *I. u.* *Trumste*) *m.* 1) the (act of) drinking; draught, gulp; 2) drink, potion, liquor; *einen* — *zu viel thun*, to take a cup too much.

Trumst, *p. a. († & *)* for *Betrunknen*.

Trumst, (*str.*) *m.* drunkard.

Trumstheit, (*w.*) *f.* drunkenness, intoxication; *fig.* inebriation.

Trumst..., *in comp.* —*füllig*, *adj.* given to hard drinking; —*frei*, *adj.* see *Trübsal*; —*sch*, *f.* mania for drinking; —*weisen*, see *Trübsal*.

Trupp, (*str.*) *m.* 1) troop, gang; 2) multitude, *Sport* flock, flight, bevy, &c., cf. *Flug*, *Ritt*, *Wolf* &c.; —*welt*, *adv.* in troops, in **Truppe**, (*w.*) *f.* company, band. [locks.] **Truppel**, (*str.*) *m.* coll. clump, group of trees, &c.

Truppen, *pl.* forces, troops; *neu* *ausgehoben* —, new-raised levies; —*gattung*, *f.* arm or branch of the service; —*liste*, *f.* see *Gordon*.

[together (of deer).] **Truppen**, (*w.*) *v. refl.* *Sport* to herd to **Truppieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mil.* to arrange in troops.

Truppie, (*w.*) *f. provinc. (Swiss.)* troop.

Truppie, (*w.*) *f.* see *Halbtruppe*.

Truppie, see *Drütsling*.

Truppie, (*w.*) *f.* see *Trube*.

Truppie, (*str.*, *pl. T-hähne*) *m.* *Ornith.* turkey, turkey-cock (*Malagris* L.); **Truppie**, (*w.*) *f.* turkey-hen; **Truppie**, *n.* *pl.* turkey-birds. (2) plump girl or woman.

Truppie, (*w.*) *f. coll.* 1) trollop, dowdy; **Truppie**, (*w.*) *f. provinc.* trout (*Forelle*).

Truppie, *+*, see *Trop*; — *und* *Schupp*bindnis, *n.* offensive and defensive alliance; —*waffe*, *f.* offensive weapon, *pl.* offensive arms.

* **Truppie**, *adv.* see *Tropig*.

Truppie, *provinc.* for *Schnattern*.

* **Truppie**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Slav.*) saio (a kind of vessel employed on the Danube). — **Truppie**, (*w.*) *m.* saio-man (in Austria).

Truppie, (*str.*, *pl. T-0*) *n.* (*Hung.*) 1) cudgel, club; 2) stick-stake. [chako, shake.]

* **Truppie**, (*str.*, *pl. T-4*) *m.* military cap. **Truppie**, (*w.*) *m.*, **Truppie**, (*w.*) *f.* Czech, Tobech (Slavetribes, embracing the Bohemians and Moravians) — **Truppie**, *adj.* Czech.

Truppie, (*w.*) *m.*, **Truppie**, (*w.*) *f.*, **Truppie**, (*adj.* Circassian; **Truppie**, (*str.*) *m.* *Min.* knife with a strong blade.

Truppie, (*str.*) *m.* miner's knife.

* **Tuber**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.* tuberculum, a

small tuber or knot) *Med.* tubercle (*Eiterknollen*). — **Tubercula**, (*w.*) *f.* tubercular disease (pulmonary consumption).

* **Tubercula**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.* tuberosus, knob) *Bot.* tuberoses (*Polygonum tuberosum* L.). **Tubet**, see *Thibet*. [fossil.]

* **Tubul**, (*str. & w.*) *m.* *Patr.* tubular * **Tubul**, (*pl. [Lat.]* **Tubuli**) *m.* (*Lat.*) telescope (*Telescop*). [can (*Wassertrichter*).

* **Tubul**, (*str.*, *pl. T-0*) *m.* *Ornith.* tou **Tub**, (*str.*, *pl. T-hähne*; also **Tub**, to denote different sorts of cloth) *n.* 1) cloth; linen; 2) kerchief; handkerchief; neckcloth; 3) shawl; 4) *Mar.* sail; 5) *pl.* *Sport*. tolls, hays.

Tub..., *in comp.* —*art*, *f.* sort of cloth; —*artig*, *adj.* like cloth: milled, fulled; —*baum*, *m.* T. beam, roller; —*breiter*, *m.* cloth-dresser; —*blau*, *adj.* wash-blue; —*eggen*, *pl.*

Tub, *adj.* of cloth. [lists of cloth.] **Tub**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *provinc.* to make cloth of, to weave; 2) see *Aufstuden*.

Tub..., *in comp.* —*fabrik*, *f.* cloth-manufacture; —*fabrikant*, *m.* cloth-manufacturer; —*färbet*, *m.* cloth-dyer; —*gewölbe*, *n.* cloth-shop; —*glas*, *n.* cloth-prover or microscope; —*haken*, *n.* dyer's pole; —*hülle*, *f.* see —*haut*; —*handel*, *m.* cloth-trade; —*händler*, *m.* cloth-merchant, draper; —*handlung*, *f.* see —*laden*; —*haus*, *n.* cloth-hall; —*hosen*, *f. pl.* cloth-trowsers; —*harde*, *f.* *Bot.* fuller's tassel (*Ardenbüschel*); —*kleid*, *n.* cloth-dress; —*knapp*, *f.* clothier's journeyman; —*krappe*, *f.* card; —*laden*, *m.* cloth-shop, draper's shop; —*lappen*, *m.* cloth rag.

Tub, (*str.*) *m.* 1) apt, fit, able, capable, qualified, proper (zu, for); 2) thorough, solid, good, great, large, strong; sound, hearty; staunch; able, skilful, clever, &c.; er ist durch aus — in seinem Fache, he thoroughly understands his branch; II. *adv.* 1) aptly, &c.; 2) soundly, &c.; much, hard; well. [fähigen.]

Tub, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to enable, fit (*Be-* **Tub**igheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) aptness, fitness, ability, qualification, capacity (zu, for); 2) solidity, solidness, &c.

Tub..., *in comp.* —*ware*, *f.* cloths, drapery; —*waffe*, *f.* fulping of cloth; —*wasser*, *m.* fuller; —*wascher*, *m.* cloth-cleanser (*Tub*); —*weber*, *m.* cloth-weaver; —*weberlein*, *f.* cloth-manufacture; —*wert*, *m.* see —*ware*; —*wolle*, *f.* see *Trümpelwolle*.

Tub, (*str.*) *m.* (I. u.), **Tub**, (*w.*) *f.* malice, spite, insidiousness, artfulness, knavery; prank, trick; einen *Tub* auf *Einen* haben, to bear one a grudge; **Tub**spiel, *n.* (*Räcker*, *Parabel*) insidious or treacherous game.

Tub, *adj.* malignant, malicious, insidious, knavish, artful, spiteful, vicious. **Tub**macher, see *Dudmacher*.

Tüder, (*str.*) *m. provinc. tether*. — **Tüderm**, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to tether.

Tuff, **Tuf**, (*str.*) *m. (or -wade, f.) Minor. tuff, tufa*; — **tuff**, — **tein**, *m.* tufaceous limestone, calcareous tufa.

Tuffel, (*str.*) *m.* see **Düffel**.

Tuffeln, see **Düffeln**.

Tugend, (*n.*) *f.* virtue; *in comp.* — **abel**, *m.* nobility acquired by virtue; — **arm**, *adj.* poor in virtues; — **bahn**, *f.* see — **pfad**; — **bund**, *m.* 1) *German. Mod. Hist.* Association of Virtue; 2) virtuous society (*gen.* used as a nickname); — **eifer**, *m.* zeal for virtue; — **feind**, *m.* enemy to virtue; — **freund**, *m.* friend to (or lover of) virtue; — **gefühl**, *n.* sense of virtue; — **gefeß**, *n.* moral law.

Tugendhaft, I. (*or* **Tugendlich**, **Tugend-**) *adj.* virtuous; II. **Tugend**, *f.* virtuousness.

Tugend..., *in comp.* — **geiß**, *m.* hero in virtue; — **heuchler**, *m.* sanctified hypocrite; — **früher**, *m.* one who makes a display of virtue; — **lebre**, *f.* morals, ethics; — **lehre**, *m.* moralist; — **los**, *adj.* without virtue; — **pfad**, *m.* path of virtue; — **pflichten**, *f. pl.* moral duties; — **preßiger**, *m.* moraliser; — **reich**, *adj.* very virtuous; — **reiß**, *m.* charm of virtue, motive to virtue; — **reiß**, *m.* reputation for virtue; — **schein**, *m.* appearance of virtue; — **schwäger**, *m.* fine virtue-prattler; — **spiegel**, *m.* *cont.* paragon or pattern of virtue; — **stolz**, *m.* empire of virtue; — **stolz**, *m.* pride of conscious virtue; — **übung**, *f.* exercise of virtue; — **verein**, *m.* society for the promotion of virtue. [*metat.*]

Tußbäse, (*n.*) *f.* snuff-box made of Tula-
* **Tußbän**(s), (*str.*) *m.* (Turk. tulband, dulband, from Pers. duldand turban (Turban).

Tußlaut, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* **Tußlütchen**, (*str.*) *n.*) (*cf.* **Tulban** & **O Engl.** tulibant) a woolly, soft kind of dress for infants.

Tußlütche, (*n.*) *f.* *obsolescent* for **Tulpe**.

Tuß, **Tußel**, (*str.*) *m.* Comm. net, net-work, net-lace; — **platen**, *f. pl.* point net.

Tußle, (*n.*) *f.* *T.* see **Dille**.

Tußlind, *m.* Tully (*Rom. P. N.*).

Tußpe, (*n.*) *f.* Bot. tulip (**Tulipa** L.).

Tußpen..., *in comp.* — **artig**, *adj.* like tulips; — **baum**, *m.* tulip-tree, white-wood (*Liriodendron tulipifera* L.); — **baumblätter**, *n.* *Chen.* Liriodendrine; — **beet**, *n.* *Gard.* bed of tulips; — **bröfel**, *f.* *Ornith.* hang-bird (*Salpinctes*); — **flor**, *f.* blooming or field of tulips; — **liebhaber**, *m.* amateur of tulips; — **lust**, *f.* passion for tulips; — **manie**, (*f.*) tulip-mania; — **zwiebel**, *f.* bulb of a tulip.

Tummelein, (*n.*) *v. l. tr.* to bustle, to (give much) exercise; *ein Pferd —*, to tumble, manage a horse; to ride lustily; II. *refl.* 1) to wrestle, scuffle (with); 2) to bustle, gambol, revel, to hurry, make haste.

Tummel, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. u.*) tumult; — **baum**, *m.* 1) *Min.* axle-tree of the windlass; 2) *Mar.* beam of the capstan; — **becher**, *m.* or **Tummelmelch**, *n.* small cup or tumbler; — **platz**, *m.* 1) riding-place; 2) wrestling-place; scene of action; place of exercise; 3) *Mil.* alarm post; — **tänze**, *f. pl.* *Ornith.* tumbler (*Columba livia gyralis* L.).

Tummeler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tumbler, dancer; 2) see **Bröder**; 3) tumbler (for drinking); 4) *T. warp-staff*; 5) or **Tummeler**, (*n.*) *Mar.* dolphin; porpoise (*Dolphinus delphis* L.); 6) *Ornith.* see **Tummelteufel**.

Tummpel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pool; 2) see **Strudel**, 1; 3) *T.* hearth; — **stein**, *m.* hearth-pit-stone; — **stüd**, *m.* hearth-pit.

* **Tumult**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) tumult; uproar. — **Tumultuosität**, (*n.*) *m.* rioter. — **Tumultuosität**, *adj.* tumultuary, tumultuous, riotous. — **Tumultuosität**, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to (raise a) tumult, riot.

Tünche, (*n.*) *f.* (*L. u.* **Tünch**, (*str.*) *m.*) *Mar.* white-wash; lime-washing; rough-casting, parget, plaster.

Tünchen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to whitewash; lime wash; to plaster, parget; **Tüncher**, (*str.*) *m.* whitewasher; pargeter, plasterer; — **plafel**, *m.* whitewash brush; — **schleib**, *f.* white washer's pallet. (3) see **Tünchwerk**, 2.

Tüncherei, (*n.*) *f.* 1) a whitewashing, &c.; **Tünch...**, *in comp.* — **arbeit**, *f.* whitewasher's work; — **farbe**, *f.* plastering colour; — **werk**, *n.* 1) see — **arbeit**; 2) daubing, bad painting. [*Isolan.*]

Tüncher, (*str.*) *m.* **Tünch**, *adj.* **Tüncher**, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. goose-grass (*Gallium aparine* L.).

Tungstein, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* tungsten; — **saure**, *adj.* tungstic; — **saure Salz**, tungstic acid; — **säure**, *f.* tungstic acid.

Tungste, (*n.*) *m.* Tungoose.

* **Tunica**, (*pl.* **Tuniken**) *f.* (*Lat.*) tunic.

Tunis, *n.* *Geogr.* Tunis; — **blume**, *f.* Bot. velvet-flower, French-marigold (*Chamaemelum*). [*collar.*]

Tunt, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* room underground, **Tunt**, (*n.*) *f.* sauc.

Tunten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to dip, steep. [*licht*, 3. **Tuntenmischel**, (*n.*) *f.* *Conch.* see **Henden-Tunf...**, *in comp.* — **form**, *f.* dipping-mould or frame; — **napf**, *m.* — **schale**, *f.* — **schiffchen**, *n.* saucé-dish.

* **Tunnell**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Engl.*) tunnel; *in comp.* — **arbeit**, *f.* tunnelling operations; — **gang**, *m.* interior or bore of a tunnel.

* **Tunneller**, (*n.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to tunnel.

Tupf, (*str.*) *m.* see **Tüpfelchen**.

Tupfbäuer, (*str.*) *m.* *Print.* bearer.

Tupfel, (*str.*) *m.* (*dimin.* **Tüpfelchen**, (*str.*) *n.*) point, tittle, dot, spot; — **farn**, *m.* Bot. polypody (*Polypodium vulgare* L.); — **malter**, *m.* fam. miniature-painter.

Tupfelig, *adj.* spotted, full of points.

Tupfen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to make points, to dot, spot. — **Tupfel** (*or* **Tupfpapier**, (*str.*) *n.* *Wass.* design-paper.

Tupfen, (*str.*) *m.* see **Tüpfel**.

Tupfen, **Tupfen**, (*n.*) *v. l. tr. & intr.* to tip, dab, dip; to touch: II. *tr.* 1) *Sport.* to shoot, hit; 2) *provinc.* to inoculate (*Impfen*, 2).

Tupf, see **Tuff**. [*turban.*]

* **Turbän**, (*str.*) *m.* (*Turk.* *cf.* **Tulban**)

Turcomane, (*n.*) *m.* Turcoman, Turkman.

— **Turcomanen**, *n.* *Geogr.* Turcomania.

Türte, (*n.*) *m.* Turk. — **Türfel**, *f.* *Geogr.*

Turkey. [*Weichen.*]

Türfel, **Türfen**, (*str.*) *m.* see **Türftücher**

Türfen..., *in comp.* — **blau**, *n.* Turkish blue; dark blue; — **bund**, *m.* 1) turban, sash; 2) Bot. a) purple maragon, Turk's cap (*Lilium maritimum* L.); b) a species of gourd, squash-gourd (*Cucurbita melopepo* L.); — **gebet**, *n.* prayer against the Turks; — **hüft**, *f.* see — **stürr**; — **kapf**, *m.* Saracen's head; — **krieg**, *m.* war with the Turks; — **paß**, *m.* Turkish passport; — **sattel**, *m.* Turkish saddle (*also Anat.*); — **steuer**, *f.* (*formerly*) tax raised to carry on war against the Turks.

Türftüchlein, (*str.*) *n.* Turcism.

Türftüchlein, (*str.*) *pl.* **Türftüchlein**, *m.* expedition against the Turks.

Türftin, (*n.*) *f.* Turkish woman.

Türftig, (*str.*) *m.* see **Türftig**.

Türftig, *adj.* Turkish; t-**Becken**, French

beans, kidney-beans (*Phaseolus*); t-**Getreide**, spun cotton dyed in Turkey-red; t-**Getreide**, common lilac (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); t-**Getreide**, t-**Getreide**, Indian corn (Maize); t-**Getreide**, *f.* Bot. Indian aces (*Tropaeolum majus* L.); t-**Getreide**, morocco-leather; der t-**Getreide** (*Levantiſche* **Getreide**), Turkey oil-brub, Turkey-stone; t-**Getreide**

Papier, marbled paper; t-**Getreide**, Turkey carpets; — **reiß**, *n.* *T.* Turkey-red.

Türftig, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* turquoise, turkoin.

* **Turmalin**, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* tourmaline.

Turmalin, (*n.*) *f.* see **dolor**.

† **Turmel**, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* **Turmel**, (*n.*) *v. intr.* see **Turmel**, **Turmelieren**.

Turmen, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to exercise in gymnastics. — **Turmer**, (*str.*) *m.* gymnastic.

Turmer, (*n.*) *f.* see **Turmer**.

Turmer, *adj.* gymnastical, athletic.

Turmer..., *in comp.* — **anstalt**, — **schule**, *f.* — **platz**, *m.* institution, hall, place where gymnastics are practised, gymnasium; exercising or gymnastic ground; — **fest**, *n.* athletic festival.

* **Turnier**, (*str.*) *n.* tournament, tilt; — **bahn**, *f.* see — **platz**; — **buch**, *n.* book on tournaments; — **band**, *m.* price of a tournament.

* **Turnieren**, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to tilt, joust; hold a tournament. — **Turnierer**, (*str.*) *m.* tilter, &c.

Turnier..., *in comp.* — **fähige**, *adj.* admissible to a tournament; — **genß**, *m.* nobleman whose ancestors have jousted at tournaments; — **helm**, *m.* tilting-helmet; — **knig**, — **richter**, *m.* umpire, marshal of the lists; — **tragen**, *m.* *Harald.* a narrow traverse serving as a difference in tournaments, &c.; — **lanze**, *f.* tilting-lance; — **platz**, *m.* tilting-place, tilt-yard; — **rüstung**, *f.* tilting-armor; — **schranke**, *pl.* lists; — **spiel**, *m.* see — **lang**.

Turn..., *in comp.* — **turn**, *f.* gymnastics; (*für* **Turnen**) callisthenics; — **lehrer**, — **meister**, *m.* teacher in gymnastics; — **lehrer-Diener**, *anstalt*, normal gymnastic school; — **übung**, *f.* gymnastic exercise; gymnastics.

* **Turnen**, *m.* Law, rotation, turn.

Turn..., *in comp.* der — **ater** **Salp. Jahn**, the father of gymnastics; — **weisen**, *n.* gymnastic affairs, (whatever refers to) gymnastics.

Turtel, **Turteltaube**, (*n.*) *f.* *Ornith.* turtle, turtle-dove (*Columba turta* L.).

Turtel, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to coo.

Turk, (*str.*) *m.* 1) flourish (of trumpets); cimen — **bleien**, to flourish a trumpet, to blow a flourish, to fanfare; 2) *Stad.* along, insult provoking a duel.

B. Turk, (*str.*) *m.* **Turke**, (*n.*) *f.* *Paint.* Indian ink, China ink.

Turkelein, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to whisper secretly.

Turken, (*n.*) *v. tr. l.* to draw with Indian ink, to wash; to paint with water-colours; to tinge; II. *provinc.* see **Durchschleichen**.

Turker, (*n.*) *v. f.* *coll.* underhand-work, foul play.

Turkfarbe, (*n.*) *f.* water-colour.

* **Turkieren**, (*n.*) *v. tr. l.* to touch; 2) *Stad.* along, to insult, *cf.* **Turk**, A. 2.

Turk..., *in comp.* — **kasten**, *m.* (*dimin.* — **schüssel**) paint-box, colour-box; — **malter**, *f.* aqua-tinta, washing; — **pinzel**, *m.* ink-brush; — **stein**, *f.* ink-stone; — **stanz**, *f.* drawing ink.

Turte, **Turte**, (*n.*) *f.* 1) see **Düfte**, 1; 2) see **Turndüfte**; 3) Bot. ochrea; *in comp.* t-**ärmig**, *adj.* cornet-shaped; Bot. spathiform; t-**schüssel**, *f.* *Conch.* cone (*Oculus* L.); t-**stapel**, *m.* large-leaved tobacco.

* **Tuttl**, (*n.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) see **Bormundschäft**.

Tuttl, (*n.*) *v. tr. & intr.* call to blow upon a horn. — **Tuttlhorn**, (*str.*) *pl.* **Tuttlhörner** (*n.*) (watchman's) horn.

* **Tuttl**, (*n.*) *f.* *Minor.* tutty.

* **Tuttl**, (*n.*) *f.* **Tuttl**, (*n.*) *v. tr.*

Tuttl, (*n.*) *f.* *provinc.* tit (*Sipe*).

Tuttl, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* (*dimin.* **Tuttlchen**)

tittle, jot, bit (**Tüttel**). [*trugwörter*]

Tuttl, *m.* *Ornith.* golden plover (*Gallinago*).

Tuttl, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* mop, swab.

Tuttl, (*n.*) *f.* *provinc.* (*L. G.*) alley; lane.

* **Twist**, (*str.*) *n.* (*Engl.*) Comm. twist.
 * **Twye**, (*v.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) Typ. letter.
 * **Typhus**, (*adj.*) (*Gr.*) Med. typhoid (fever).
 - **Typhus**, (*indecl.*) *n.* typhus.
 * **Typhic**, (*adj.*) (*Gr.*) typic, typical.
 * **Typograph**, (*n.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) typographer.
 - **Typographic**, (*wp.*) *f.* typography. - **Typographical**, (*wp.*) *f.* typographical.
 * **Tyrant**, (*n.*) *m.* (*Gr.*) tyrant; **T-en-much**, **T-en-umber**, *m.* tyrannicide; **T-en-ichish**, *m.* tyrant's hold. - **Tyrannet**, (*n.*) *f.* tyranny. - **Tyrannic**, (*adj.*) tyrannical; *adv.* tyrannically. - **Tyrannical**, (*n.*) *v.* *tr. & intrans.* to tyrannise (over). [*Tyrian*]
 * **Tyrrer**, (*str.*) *m.* Tyrian. - **Tyrrish**, (*adj.*) Tyrian.
 * **Tyrril**, *n. Geogr.* (Tho) Tyrol. - **Tyrril'er**, (*str.*) *m.* Tyrol'er. (*n.*) *f.* Tyroloese. Tyrolian. - **Tyrrilsh**, **Tyrril'erlish**, *adj.* Tyroloese.
 * **Tyrrus**, *n. Geogr.* Tyro. - **Tyrr'et**, (*str.*) *m.* Tyrol'er. (*n.*) *f.* Tyrrilsh, *adj.* Tyrian.
Tyrrilsh, *see* Tyrril.

u.

U, u, the twenty-first letter and fifth vowel of the alphabet.

ll., *abbr.* for *lŭg*, hour; *u.* for *und*, and; *u.* *f.* for *unter* *Ändern*, among others; *u.* *a.* for *und* *andere*, and others; *u.* *a.* *d.* for *und* *an* *andern* *Orten*, and at some other places (or in other passages); *u.* *a.* *m.* for *und* *ander(e)s* *meſt*, and others beside; *u.* *a.* *St.* for *und* *andere* *Stellen*, and other places or passages; *u.* *A. w. g.* for *um* *Äntwort* *wird* *gegeben* (an answer will oblige ...); *u.* *bgl. m.*, *u.* *bgl.* for *und* *dergleichen* *meſt*, and *meſt* *dergleichen*, and similar instances; *ult.* for *ultimo*; *lŭg. unc.* for *unſus* (*Lat.* *ling. ounce*); *Us.* for *Uſo* (*Ital.* *Bedeſſe*-*Griff*, *ounce*); *u.* *i.* *f.* 1) for *und* *to* *renew*, and so of the rest; 2) for *und* *so* *fort* or *u.* *i.* *w.* for *und* *so* *weiter*, and so forth, and so on; *u.* (so) *b.* *A.* *m.* for *und* (so) *vielle* *Ändere* *meſt*, and many others; *u.*, *uts.* for (*Lat.*) *ut* *ſupra* (*vide* *oben*, as above mentioned).

Übel, *I. adj.* (*cf. Schlecht*) 1) evil, ill, bad; 2) wrong; 3) sick; 4) quarrelsome, sickly; des Bösen ich nicht —, the girl is not amiable;
II. adv. 1) ill, badly, &c.; 2) wrongly, amiss; — sein, — werden, *impers.* (*with Dat.*) to feel or grow sick; es ist mir —, I am ill, not well, indisposed; — am quarrelsome; es wurde mir —, I felt sick; (*ich möchte*) *mögl.* eher — (mollen), whether I (*he, &c.*) would or not; — denken, *see* *Widerstren*; — nehmen, to take ill or amiss, to be offended or displeased at, to take in ill part; nicht — nehmen, to take in good part; — entkommen, to fare ill, to come off badly; *jo*c. to catch a Tartar; — thun, *handeln*, to do amiss, ill, or wrong; *Einem* — mollen, to bear one a grudge.

übel, *a. (adv.)* *n.* 1) evil, ill; 2) hurt, complaint, sore, wound; 3) mischief, misfortune; *bes* fährlich — *Med.* epilepsy; *crüde* und *von dem* — deliver us from evil.

übel — *in comp.*, *ec.* ill, evil; — *angebragt*, *p. a.* ill-timed; — *besunden*, *n.* indisposition; — *berühmt*, *p. a.* ill-reported of, of bad repute, (house, &c.) of ill fame; — *geübelt*, *adj.* hard-favoured, ill-favoured (of features); — *günster*, *m.* ill-wisher.

übelteif, (*n. f.*) sickness, nausea, qualmishness, qualm.

frif, *in comp.* —**fiang**, —**faut**, *m.* dissonance, discordance, cacophony; —**fauwig**, *adj.* ill-humoured, out of humour; —**fauwig**, *f.* ill-humour; —**nehm(er)ifch**, *adj. coll.* touchy, easily offended; —**riemend**, *p. a.* bad

or ill-smelling, offensive; sour, smelling (breath); —*fēta*, *n.* *qualis*; indisposition; —*fēta*, *m.* 1) ill, misfortune; disadvantage, inconvenience, discomfort, drawback; 2) impropriety, abuse, nuisance; —*fēta*, *f.* misdeed, misdemeanor, offence, crime; —*fēttē*, *m.* evil-doer, wrong-doer, malefactor; —*fēttig*, *adj.* *see* *Verbrechertig*; —*verfanden*, *adj.* 1) misanderstood; 2) *fig.* preposterous; —*wēllē*, *n.* ill-will, malevolence; —*wēllē*, *adj.* malevolent, spiteful; *adv.* with an ill will; *der* —*wēllē*, ill-wisher.

üben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to exercise, practise; 2) to train up; *Mü.* to drill, discipline; 3) to execute; to do; to practise (an art, &c. *Erz.* I, 9); *Rache* —, to take vengeance; *Betrug* —, to work deceit; *Barmherzigkeit* —, to show mercy; *Gegenstände*, an denen er seine Geschicklichkeit — konnte, objects on which to exert his skill; *sich auf der Violine* —, to practise the violin (*cf. Geist.* p. a.).

über, *i. prop.* with the *Dat.* when rest or motion above a place is implied (answering to the question *mo?* [where?]) die *Bölfe* [schwebte] — dem *Berge*, the cloud hovers over the mountain; with the *Acc.* when indicating motion or passing across or beyond a thing (answering to the question *mo hin?* [whither?]) die *Bölfe* zieht — den *Berg*, the cloud moves over the mountain; 1) over, above; on, upon; 2) beyond; 3) over, past; 4) across; through, by (the way of), *wid* (via); 5) a) over, above more than, upwards of, — *hinaus*, — (*hinaus* weg, past; beyond the limits, &c.); b) besides; 6) at, during; 7) about; 8) respecting; concerning; on account of; — *Alles*, above all (things), of all things; *das geht — Alles*, that beats every thing; — den *Rhein* *over* or *across* the Rhine; — dem *Meer*, beyond the sea; — den *See* *fahrrn*, to sail across the lake; — *Land* (*Acc.*) *gehen*, to go into the country; — *Hamburg* (*Acc.*) *reisen*, to go by or via *H.*; — die *Öster* *gehen*, to go by the villages; *bis* — den *Spiz* (im *Baßer*), beyond one's depth; *bis* — die *Ohren*, up to the ears, over head and ears; — *Wisse*, — der *Mäßigkeit*, — dem *Spiele* u. s. w., at table, during dinner, at play, during the play, &c.; — *etwas* (*Dat.*) *sein*, to be at ...; — dem *Schreiben*, — dem *Lesen* u., while writing, while reading, &c.; *ich bin eben* — der *Berechnung*, I am just engaged in (occupied with) the packing; — *Wer* *hat* *ergriffen*, to take in the deed; *ein Mal* — *das* *andere*, twice in succession, over and over again, repeatedly; *Briefe* — *Briefe*, letter upon letter; *Schulden* *haben* — *Schulden* *haben*, to be in debt; (*heute*) — *acht* *Tage*, this day week; (*heute*) — *3 Wochen*, this day three weeks (hence); *ein Jahr*, in a year's time, a year hence; *es soll den Montag* — *acht Tage* *sein*, it is to be on Monday week; — *zwanzig*, upwards of twenty; *fiß* *ist* — *zwanzig*, she is over twenty, turned of twenty, coll. on the wrong or other side of twenty; *fünf Minuten* — *die* (*bestimmte*) *Zeit*, five minutes behind time; *er arbeitet* — *die* *bestimmte* *Zeit*, he works over hours; — *die Zeit* *wegbleiben*, to stay out over or beyond one's appointed time; — *die Zeit* *aufbleiben*, to be overdue (of a mail); — *alle Erwartungen*, beyond or past all expectations; *was* *keinst* *ist* — *nicht* *gekommen* *?* coll. what the deuce has come to you? — *etwas* *streiten*, quarrel, redden, to dispute, quarrel, talk about something; — *einem* *Gegenstand* *sprechen*, *schreiben*, *philosophiren* u., to speak, write, philosophise, &c. on a subject; — *etwas* (*Acc.*) *lachen*, *sich* *freuen*, *wundern* u., to laugh, rejoice, wonder at, &c.; *Unterforschungen* — (*with* *Acc.*) *researches* on ... — *Lord Guilford* (*Acc.*) *siehe* *Campbell's* *Buch* on Lord G. see C.'s book; *meine* *Meinung* — *ihn*, my opinion respecting him, cf. *Sinistat*

lich; das Wort war kaum — seine Lippen, the word had hardly passed his lips; — den schlechten Kerl! Oh, what a bad fellow!

II. *adv.* over; *Gewehr* —! see *Gewehr*! —
und —, all over, over and over, quite,
thoroughly; es geht Alles bunt —, every thing
(or all) is in confusion; 2) (*preceding the
substantive to which it belongs*) for, during;
vier Jahre —, for four years; den Sommer —,
during the summer season, for the or during
summer; den ganzen Tag —, all (the) day
long; das Jahr —, the year long; die ganze
Zeit —, all the time, *coll.* all along.

III. *adv.* in comp. over, denoting excessiveness, as: —brett, exceedingly broad; —fromm, over-pious, &c.

liberad'ern, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* to plough over; *fig.* to exert one's self too much.

liberal' [sometimes **lib'eral**], *adv.* every where, all over, throughout; —! *Mar.* all hands high! a-hoy! — *gegenwärtig*, *adj.* omnipresent.

Überanstrengung, (w.) *f.* over-exertion; over-use (of the brain, &c.).

überantworten, (w.) *v. tr.* to deliver, surrender; consign; er wurde hingerichtet; dann wurde sein Vater ergriffen und ebenfalls dem Tode überantwortet, he was executed; then his father was laid hold of, and left for death too. — **überantworten**, (adv.) *m.* deliverer. — **überantwortung**, (w.) *f.* deliverance, surrender.

überarbeiten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to overlabour, overdo, overwork (one's self); 2) to do over again, to revise, touch up, retouch; T. to work over.

Überärmel, (*str.*) *m.* sleeve worn over something; oversleeve.

überarten, (w.) v. *intr.* to pass over (into another kind). [excessively.]

liberans', *adv.* extremely, exceedingly.
lib'beran, (*str.*) *n.* superstructure.

Überbauen, (*v.*) *v. l. tr. or überbauen* (*separ.*), to superstruct, to build over, to raise above; **überbaut**, *p. a.* overbuilt; **II. refl.** to exceed one's means by building.

liber behalten, (str.) v. tr. 1) to keep on.
2) coll. for *libria behalten*.

H'berlein, (str.) n. Surg. a bony excrescence, ganglion, exostosis; *Farr.* splint, spavin (of horses).

fl'berbeinfleiber, n. pl. overalls.

Überbett. (irr.) *n.* covering-bed, cover.

tr. & refl. to bend over; *überbē'gen*, *überbie'gen*, to bend too much.

überbieten, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) to outbid, to overbid; 2) to ask too much for; 3) *fig.*

to surpass, outvie, beat; II. *refl.* to bid too much; to bid more than one intended. —

überbie'ter, (str.) m. outbidder. — **überbie'tung, (w.) f.** the (act of) outbidding, &c.

überbil'den, (w.) v. tr. to over-refine.

Überbinde, (w.) *f.* *Surg.* over- or upper-bandage. [to wrap

fiberbin'den, (str.) v. tr. to bind, tie over
fiberblatt. (str., pl. fl-blätter) n. T. se

Oberblatt & Oberleder.
Oberblatten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to overlap; to

fiberblättern, (w.) v. tr. 1) see Durch

fiberblenden, (*v.*) *tr.* to (cover with) tin

überbleiben, coll. for übrig bleiben.

the p. p. die überbliebenen, those left behind
überbleibsel, (str.) n. rest, remainder

remnant, pl. remains; residue; wreck.

ü'berblid, (*str.*) *m.* survey, view; cursory glance; quick look, penetration; *es fahst ihn an raschem —*, he has not a quick eye.

überfüllen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to overflow; to overload; to surfeit; 2) *a*) to throng, crowd to excess; die Kirchen sind überfüllt, the churches are overcrowded; *b*) *see* überfüllen, 1; **überfüllung**, (*w.* *f.* the act of overflowing; the overstocking of profession, &c.).

überfüllen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to overflow.

übergabe, (*w.* *f.* surrender; delivery, &c., *cf.* übergeben I & II. 1; conveyance).

übergähren, (*str.* *v.* *intr.* 1) to run over in fermenting; 2) to leaven to excess, overleaven. [*much.*]

übergähren, (*str.* *v.* *refl.* to ferment too

übergang, (*str.*, *pl.* Übergänge *m.* 1) a passing or going over, crossing, &c., *cf.* übergehen, transmigration, transition, passage; *ber* — Hannibals über die Alpen, Hannibal's passage of the Alps; — des Rarichall Diebstahls über den Balkan, passage of the Balkan by Marshal Diebstahls; *ber* — über den Rarich (strom), crossing of the St. Lawrence; *fg.* 2) desertion; 3) turn, change (in weather); 4) transient shower; 5) *Prinzt.* ahade, passage; 6) *Comm.* transfer (der Gefahr, of the risk); 7) transition; *in comp.* übergänge, *n.* *Geol.* transition-rocks; übergänge, übergänge, *f.* period of transition, transition state; übergang, *n.* right of passage; übergänge, *f.* *Rasche.* traversing-table; übergänge, *m.* *Archit.* transition style.

übergänger, (*str.* *m.* *see* überläufer.

übergärt, (*adj.* *T.* over-refined (of copper), black (of pig-iron); burnt (of steel).

übergart, (*v.* *tr.* to cover with a grate or lattice-work; to cover with something reticulated.

übergelien, (*str.* *v.* *I.* *tr.* to surrender, deliver (up), to give or yield up; to hand (over); to resign; to give in charge (of a person); to commit, consign (to one's care, to the flames, &c.); in Communion —, to consign; *dem Verleier* —, to submit to the traffic (a railway); *mir* — Ihnen diese Bestellung, we wait on you with this order; *II. refl.* 1) *Mit.* to surrender; 2) to vomit (rich Verleier); *das* ist geradezu jamm —, that fairly turns my stomach.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* advance, outbidding; *cin* — thun, to advance on the last bidder, to beat the price.

übergelien, *f.* supererogation; übergelien, *adj.* supererogatory, more than due.

übergelien, (*v.* *f.* *see* übergabe.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* outer case (of a watch).

übergelien, (*irr.* *v.* *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to go or pass over; 2) to overflow, to run over; *noch* das Herz voll ist, *beß* geht der Mund über (Matth. 12, 34), out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh; die Augen gingen ihm über, tears started to his eyes; 3) *see* übergähren, 2; 4) to turn, change, slide (in *with Acc.*), into; to pass off (in steam); 5) to pass over (auf *with Acc.*), to, to devolve (upon); in diese Schilde ließ man electrische Funken —, electric sparks were passed into this disk; in andere Hände —, to be transferred (to), to change hands; in Händeln —, to grow rotten, putrify, turn putrid; sein Stolz geht in Verachtung über, his pride runs into contempt; zum Grunde —, to go over, desert to the enemy; die Stadt ist übergegangen, the town has (been) surrendered; zu einer andern Religion —, to change religion; das Geschäft geht an mich allein über, the business is made over to me alone; der Ballast geht über, *Mar.* the ballast shifts; dieser Fehler ist in alle andern Rechnungen übergegangen, this error has been retained in all other accounts; es wird in fremde Blätter —, it will be copied into foreign journals; ein in Gelb übergelien, a light-brown inclining to yellow.

übergelien, (*irr.* *v.* *I.* *tr.* 1) to pass over; 2) to run over, look over, to peruse; revise; 3) to overlook; to omit, pass by; to pass (over, mit Stillschweigen, in silence); *Eie* — uns mit Ihren Aufträgen, you pass us by in your orders; *II. refl.* to overwalk one's self; *ber* übergegangenem Frischling, *Sport.* hogget.

übergelien, (*v.* *f.* 1) the (act of) passing over, &c.; 2) perusal, revision; 3) overlooking, omission.

übergelien, (*str.*, *pl.* übergelien *n.* surplus, overplus (of money). [*crackbrained.*]

übergelien, (*adj.* over-learned; *faul.* **übergelien**, (*adj.* more than sufficient, or enough; genug und — effen, schmecken *ic.*, *coll.* to eat, talk, &c. for a dozen.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* *Med.* protuberance.

übergelien, (*v.* *f.* 1) the (act of) passing over, &c.; 2) perusal, revision; 3) overlooking, omission.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* 1) over-weight, overbalance, excess of weight; overbalancing; 2) *fg.* ascendancy, superiority, preponderance.

übergelien, (*adj.* 1) having over-weight, outweighing; 2) preponderant.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* surplus gain.

übergelien, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to pour over; 2) to spill; 3) to transfuse, to pour out of one vessel into another.

übergelien, (*str.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to pour upon; to do over; mit Zucker —, to candy or ice over; 2) *fg.* to suffuse with blushes, &c.), to cover, steep in (light, &c.). [*over.*]

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to parge or plaster

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* *see* übergattern.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to outshine; eclipse.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to glaze, vitrify.

übergelien, (*adj.* hyper-orthodox.

übergelien, (*adj.* most happy, overhappy.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to gild, overgild;

übergelien, *f.* gilding.

übergelien, (*adj.* more than divine.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to cover with grass:

übergelien, *p.* *n.* overgrown with grass.

übergelien, (*str.* *v.* *I.* *tr.* 1) to overlap; 2) to encroach, predominate; 3) *Man.* to cut; ein übergelien Dach, pent-roof; *II. refl.* to over-reach one's self. [*ment.*]

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* aggression, encroach-

übergelien, (*adj.* that cannot be clasped by one man (of tree-trunks).

übergelien, (*adj.* over-great, huge, immense; übergelien, an excess of patience.

übergelien, (*str.* *n.* surcingle.

übergelien, (*str.*, *pl.* übergelien *m.* 1) the (act of) pouring over, doing over, &c., *cf.* übergehen; 2) crust (of sugar, &c. on pastry); 3) *Pound.* dead-head.

übergelien, (*adj.* over-kind.

übergelien, *see* übergeben.

übergelien, (*irr.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to have on; 2) to have over.

übergelien, *adv.* only used in: — nehmen, to increase (too much), to go on increasing, to gain, grow (upon); to (get or) gain ground; to prevail; — nehmen, *adj.* rampant; — nehmen, *f.* increase, prevalence.

übergelien, (*str.*, *pl.* übergelien *m.* 1) or übergelien, *n.* *Archit.* jutting over, projecture; 2) curtain; canopy; cover.

übergelien, (*str.* *v.* *intr.* to hang over; to overhang; to jut out, project, beetle.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to hang over, cover over.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* to hang, cover all

übergelien, (*v.* *f.* super-uric acid.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to (form a) crust; überhartet sein, to be covered with a crust. [*to temper too highly.*]

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* *T.* to over-harden.

übergelien, (*str.* *m.* wood containing over-seasoned trees.

übergelien, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to load, over-

load, overwhelm; 2) *see* überfüllen, 1; mit Wohlthaten —, to heap benefits upon, to load with benefits; mit Gefährten überhäuft, overwhelmed or over-charged with, or full of business. — **überhäufung**, (*w.* *f.* accumulation; overwhelming load. [*folded.*]

überhäufung, (*adv.* generally, in general; altogether, on all occasions; at all; — verkaufen, to sell by the bulk, to sell wholesale; so bin ich —, that is my usual way; wenn ich — gehe, if I go at all; unterfuchen ob — eine und welche Abänderung nothwendig ist, to inquire whether any or what alteration is necessary; wenn sie — ein Mittel anwenden wollen, if they mean to apply anything like a remedy. [*skin.*]

überhäufung, (*v.* *tr.* to cover with a

überhäufung, (*str.* *v.* *I.* *tr.* to exempt, dis-

charge, discharge, excuse (einer Sache *Gen.*), from; Reichthum überhob ihn der Nothwendigkeit *ic.*, wealth raised him above the necessity &c.; — *Eie* mich dieser Mühe, spare me this trouble; einer Sache überhoben sein, to be exempt or relieved from, to be spared (the necessity of ...); um endlich der Sache überhoben zu sein, to have at last done with the subject; *II. refl.* 1) to strain one's self by lifting; 2) (*with* wegen, or the *Gen.*) to be over-proud, overweening, haughty, or conceited, to value or pride one's self (upon), to boast, brag (of); ohne mich — zu wollen, without boasting.

überhäufung, (*w.* *f.* 1) exomation, dispensing, &c.; 2) overweening, elation.

überhäufung, (*str.* *v.* *intr.* (*with* Dat.) to help over; to help through. [*lurch.*]

überhäufung, (*v.* *tr.* *Mar.* to heel, überhauen, *adv.* over.

überhauen, (*v.* *tr.* to overrule.

überhauen, (*adj.* supercelestial.

überhauen, (*adv.* 1) over; past; 2) super-

cially, slightly. [*rough-plane.*]

überhauen, (*v.* *tr.* to plane over, to

überhauen, (*adj.* too high; extremely high.

überhauen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to haul over, to fetch over (in a boat); hol über! over!

2) *Mar.* to shift (the sails).

überhauen, (*v.* *tr.* to outrun, out-

strip, distance; to gain ground upon ...

überhauen, *n.* *see* Überholz.

überhauen, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to lose hearing, not to hear, to mishear; ich habe es überhört, I have misheard hearing it, it did not catch my ear; sein Rath wurde nicht überhört, his advice was not heeded or disregarded; 2) (Einen or Etwas etwas) to hear say or repeat; sie überhörte sie (or ihnen ihre Aufgabe), she heard them their lessons. — **überhörung**, (*w.* *f.* 1) a not hearing, &c.; 2) a hearing a lesson, &c.

überhörung, *f.* *pl.* wide breeches worn over others, overalls.

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to skip or jump over.

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* to pass over, to skip, miss, omit.

überhörung, (*w.* *f.* *Chem.* periodic acid.

überhörung, (*adj.* 1) above the earth; 2) *fg.* superterrestrial, unearthly, celestial, supernatural, spiritual.

überhörung, (*adj.* *Sport.* great, old (stag).

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to founder, over-

ride, to break the wind of (a horse); 2) to outrun, overtake.

überhörung, (*adj.* more than a year old; superannuated; too old; over-seasoned (wood).

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* to cover with lime; to plaster. [*buy too much or too dear.*]

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* *T.* to overbuy, to

überhörung, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to sweep over, pass over; 2) *fg.* to winnow.

überhörung, (*str.* *m.* boulder-stone.

legener Zeit —, to break in upon one unseasonably. — **Überraſchung**, (w.) f. surprise; **ü-geſch.**, m. *Mod.* plunge-bath.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with turf. **Überraſen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to count over, reckon over, to examine (an account); 2) to compute, calculate. — **Überraſchung**, (w.) f. the (act of) counting over, &c.; calculation; computation.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. (Ginen von ..., or Ginen einer Sache [Gem.]) to persuade; **ü-b**, adj. persuasive.

Überraſung, (w.) f. persuasion; *in comp.* **ü-ſgabe**, **ü-ſtraft**, **ü-ſtunſt**, f. gift, power, art of persuasion. [over or on (Berſuchen)]

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. *impers.* to rain **Überraſen**, *adj.* very rich (an [with *Dad.*], in), too rich, profuse, exuberant, abounding (in), fraught or teeming (with); — *ſein*, to teem with; to swarm with.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to hand over, to present, give, deliver; cf. **Überraſen**, I. & **Überraſen**; 2) to surpass.

Überraſen, (w.) f. the (act of) presenting, &c., delivery; *bei* —, in handing.

Überraſen, *adj.* over-ripe; too ripe.

Überraſen, (w.) f. over-ripeness.

Überraſen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) to ride over.

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to run down in riding; 2) to outride; 3) to ride too hard, to override, founder, break the wind (of a horse); 4) to inspect on horseback.

Überraſen, (str.) m. too great or excessive irritation or sensibility, over-excitement; *Med.* hyperaesthesia.

Überraſen, I. *adj.* too excitable or sensible; II. **ü-ſeit**, f. excessive irritableness or sensibility.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to over-excite, over-irritate; **Überraſenheit**, (w.) f. over-excitement. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. an exciting to excess, cf. **Überraſen**. [*run over.*]

Überraſen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) to **Überraſen**, (str.) v. tr. 1) to run beyond ...; 2) to knock down by running against, to run down, run over; 3) to outrun; 4) *see* **Überraſen**, 2, b.

Überraſen, (str.) m. remains, rest, remainder, remnant, residue, cf. **Überraſen**; *irbſche* *ü-e* (mortal) remains.

Überraſen, *adj.* *Geogr.* transherbane. **Überraſen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) *Ag.* to irrigate (meadows); 2) *Ag.* *see* **Überraſen**, 1, a.

Überraſen, (w.) f. *Ag.* irrigation, watering (of meadows); **ü-ſtelle**, f. water-meadow. [*crust or bark.*]

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with a **Überraſen**, (w.) f. incrustation.

Überraſen, (str.) m. *Vol.* sprain in the back (of a cow, consequent upon covering).

Überraſen, (str.) pl. **ü-berſte** m. top-coat, great-coat, surcoat, over-coat; *ber furtz* —, frock-coat.

Überraſen, (w.) f. *Med.* orysipelas (*Reſt.* 3). **Überraſen**, *adv.* over the back; backwards.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to surprise, seize unawares. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. a taking by surprise, &c.

Überraſen, *constr.* from **Über** *das*. **Überraſen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sow over; *Ag.* to strew over, to cover with; 2) to over-sow, to sow too much. [*to over-salt.*]

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. to salt too much. **Überraſen**, (w.) v. tr. to cover with sand.

Überraſen, *adj.* full, glutted, surfeited.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to overfill; to surfeit, cf. **Überraſen**, 2; *Chem.* to over-saturate; **Überraſen**, over-saturated. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. repletion; fulness; satiety; surfeit; *Chem.* over-saturation.

Überraſen, (str.) pl. **ü-berſte** m. 1) any thing placed above another, cf. **Überraſen**; 2) *Archit.* attic story.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to make too acid, to over-sour; *Chem.* to oxygenate.

Überraſen, (str.) v. *refl.* *coll.* to swill to excess.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to convey over. **Überraſen**, (w.) v. *refl.* *provinc.* to overwork one's self. [*conveyance.*]

Überraſen, (w.) f. *Comm.* transport, **Überraſen**, (w.) v. tr. to surpass in sound, to sound above, drown (other sounds).

Überraſen, (w.) f. *Min.* unworked portion between two contiguous mines.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to overshadow, overhaze; 2) *fig.* to eclipse. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. the (act of) overshadowing, &c.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to overvalue, overprice, overrate; overestimate. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. an overrating, over-estimation.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to overlook; to survey, review. — **Überraſen**, **Überraſen**, *adj.* that may be overlooked or surveyed.

Überraſen, (w.) v. *intr.* to foam or froth over (at the top), to overflow with foam; to froth up (into bombast, &c.).

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with foam.

Überraſen, (w.) f. upper sheath. **Überraſen**, (str.) v. tr. 1) to shine upon, to shine all over; 2) to outshine.

Überraſen, (w.) v. *intr.* to pour over, to spill in pouring.

Überraſen, (w.) v. *refl.* to give beyond one's means. [*shearing to (cloth).*]

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. to give the first **Überraſen**, *see* **Überraſen**.

Überraſen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* 1) (aux. *ſein*) a) to shoot, fall over, cf. **Überraſen** II.; b) *Mar.* to shift (of the ballast); 2) (aux. *haben*) to be or measure more; *wenig der Betrag* — *ſollte*, *to halten Sie es zu unſerer Verfügung*, if the money should run over, keep it at our disposal; II. *tr.* *Präſent.* to add beyond a stated number, to superadd; *ü-ber Betrag*, *see* **Überraſen**, 2.

Überraſen, (str.) v. I. tr. to overshoot: 1) to miss; 2) to shoot beyond, to pass; II. *refl.* *form.* to tumble over, capsize.

Überraſen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) to sail, go, cross, pass over; II. tr. to ship, transport, pass over (in ships).

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to navigate, sail over, to pass, cross (a river, &c.).

Überraſen, *see* **Überraſen**. **Überraſen**, (str.) v. I. tr. *see* **Überraſen**, 2; II. *refl.* to oversleep one's self.

Überraſen, (str.) pl. **ü-ſchläge** m. 1) turn to one side, inclination; bias; 2) *see* **Überraſen**, 1 & 5; 3) *Archit.* *see* **Überraſen**, 1; 4) estimate; computation, calculation; *ein ungefährt* —, rough or approximate calculation or sketch; *nochmaliger* —, restatement; *ein billiger* —, a moderate computation; *noch vorläufiger* —, on a preliminary calculation; — *ſtein*, m. *Archit.* drip-stone, label.

Überraſen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) 1) to tumble, fall over; 2) (*said of scales*) to turn over, to incline; 3) to overlap; 4) *fig.* to go over or fall into; II. tr. 1) to strike or drive over; 2) a) to turn over, throw over; b) to put on, apply (a poultice, &c.).

Überraſen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) 1) *see* **Überraſen**, II.; 2) *see* **Überraſen**, III., 2; 3) (aux. *haben*) *Mus.* to cross hands (in piano-playing); II. tr. 1) to cover with leather, &c. all over, to incase; 2) to beat too much, *Sport.* to beat so as to make timid; 3) to turn over, to miss, to skip; to overlook; 4) a) to compute, calculate superficially, to esti-

mate roughly; b) to turn over in one's mind, to consider; III. *refl.* to tumble over or backwards; to capsize; *eine ü-e Nacht machen* (an [with *Dad.*]), *see* **Überraſen**, 1.

Überraſen, (w.) f. the (act of) turning over, &c., cf. **Überraſen** & **Überraſen**, 3.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with mire or mud.

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. to surprise by stealth, to steal upon.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to veil; to hide, wrap up. [*the shoulder.*]

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. to sling over **Überraſen**, (str.) v. I. tr. *See* to whip, overcast; II. *refl.* or **Überraſen**, (w.) v. *refl.* to swallow too fast; to choke.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to daub over, *see* **Überraſen**.

Überraſen, m. *see* **Überraſen**.

1) to snap, jerk over, slip over, to whip over; 2) *see* **Überraſen**, I. 2; *coll.* to run mad, &c. (*Wahnsinnig werden*); **Überraſen**, p. a. crack-brained, crazy; *er ist übergeſchnappt*, his brains are turned.

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. *Carp.* to jag, notch; **Überraſen**, p. a. *Ornam.* intersected.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. *impers.* to cover with snow; mit **Überraſen** (*Matthiasen*), thickly covered with blossoms.

Überraſen, *see* **Überraſen**, II. 2.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to tie over with lace or cord; 2) to measure with a line or cord. [*over*; 2) to transcribe.

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to write **Überraſen**, (str.) v. I. tr. to super-

scribe, inscribe, entitle, head; to docket, back (letters, &c.); to put the direction upon (a letter); to address; II. *refl.* to write too much (as an author). — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. the (act of) supercribing, &c., superscription.

Überraſen, (str.) v. I. tr. to outcry, out-roar; II. *refl.* to cry one's self out of breath.

Überraſen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *ſein*) to stop or pass over.

Überraſen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to stop or go beyond or across, to cross; 2) *fig.* a) to transgress, exceed; b) to violate, overstep; to depart from; *die Grenzen nicht* —, to keep within bounds; *die Grenze beſten*, was recht ist, —, to pass the border of what is right; *Comm.* — *den Credit* —, to exceed, stretch, to go beyond (coll. to out-run) the credit; *ein Guthaben* —, to overdraw a balance. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) crossing, &c.; 2) *fig.* transgression; violation; departure (from); — *der Befugnisse*, stretch of authority.

Überraſen, (w.) f. superscription, title, inscription; direction (of a letter); heading, head; docket.

Überraſen, (str.) m. gallosh, clog.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. to encumber with debts, &c. *see* **Überraſen**, 2.

Überraſen, *adj.* 1) projecting, jutting over; 2) over, surplus; *ü-e* *Geld*, surplus or odd money.

Überraſen, (str.) pl. **ü-ſchiffe** m. 1) pro-
jecture; *Fort.* complement (of the curtain); 2) overplus, surplus; residue; *Comm.* balance; *Chem.* excess; 3) *Wass.* rent, blemish, eye.

Überraſen, (str.) m. *Mus.* coating or cope of the extradors.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to overfill, spill; 2) to pour over.

Überraſen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover; 2) *fig.* to heap or shower upon, to load, overwhelm. — **Überraſen**, (w.) f. the (act of) covering, &c. [*over-flow.*]

Überraſen, (str.) m. superabundance.

Überraſen, (str.) m. (+ &)*, superabundance, &c. *see* **Überraſen**, 2.

an (& Acc.) to transfer, convey, make over, code; Comm. to endorse, transfer by endorsement; to assign; b) (Gitem etwas) to charge, commit, commission one with, to entrust, to give one the charge of; to confer upon one (an office, &c.); 2) to pay for ...; 3) *fig.* a) to translate, render (a word in a foreign language, &c.); *cf.* *überlegen*; b) to transfer (the meaning of a word); *übertragen*, p. a. metaphorical. — *Überträger*, *Überträger*, (*str.*) m. 1) transferer, &c.; Comm. endorser of a bill; 2) translator.

Übertrag, (*str.*) f. 1) a) the (act of) transferring, &c., *cf.* *übertragen*; transfer; transmission, conveyance, cession; Chem. transference; Comm. endorsement of a bill of exchange; assignment; b) a charging, &c., charge; 2) rendering, version, translation, see *Übersetzung*; *Übertrag*, m. Comm. transfer-deed; *Übertrag*, m. pl. transfer-days; *Übertrag*, f. deed of conveyance.

Übertrifft, *Übertrifft*, *adj.* surpassable, that may be excelled, &c. — *Übertrifft*, (*str.*) v. tr. to surpass, excel, exceed; im *Gehen*, *Laufen*, *Sitzen* &c. —, to outwalk, outrun, outlie, &c.; er wird von *Niemand* *übertrifft*, he has no superior.

Übertrifft, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to drive over; 2) Chem. to force over, to distill.

Übertrieben, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to overdrive (a horse, &c.); 2) to force (flowers, &c.); 3) *fig.* to exaggerate, exceed; to carry or push too far, to carry to excess; to overdo; to overact; den *Gredit* —, Comm. to stretch the credit; *Übertrieb*, (*str.*) m. Coop. raising hoop; *Übertriebung*, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) overdriving, &c.; 2) *fig.* exaggeration; extravagance; ultraism (of a party); Theat. over-acting.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to step or pass over; 2) see *überfliegen* & *überkreuzen*, I. 3, b; 3) (*with* *zu*) to join, to go over (a party), to change sides; er ist zur *letholischen Kirche* *übergetreten*, he has turned a Roman Catholic; II. *tr.* to tread down (at heel), to turn over (of shoes).

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. tr. to overstep, transgress, to trespass on, infringe, break; *Übertritt*, (*str.*) m. transgressor, trespasser, &c., offender. — *Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. transgression, trespass, offence, infringement; im *Übelsinn*, in case of transgression, &c.

Übertrieb, I. p. a. exaggerated, excessive, immoderate, exorbitant, extravagant; *über Eifer*, over-zeal; II. *Übelsinn*, (*w.*) f. exaggeration, extravagance.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. 1) (or *Übertrittrecht*, n.) the right or privilege of driving cattle over a field, &c.; 2) pasture-walk for cattle.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. *refl.* to drink to excess.

Übertritt, (*str.*) m. the going over to (or joining) a party, &c., change; secession; *cf.* *Übertritt*, I.

Übertritt, *adj.* *wreck-encumbered.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. 1) to plaster; lime-wash, whitewash; 2) *fig.* to gloss over; *übertrifft* *Gräber* (Matth. 23, 27), whitened sepulchres.

Übertrittversicherung, (*w.*) f. over-insurance; *Stückzahlung* (für — von ..., short interest on over-insurance for ...

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. to over-populate. — *Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. over-population, excess of population.

Übertritt, *adj.* over-full, too full, superabundant; der *Übelsinn*, *Archit.* stilted arch; — *sein*, to abound (an *with* *Dat.*, in); das *Haus* war —, the house (theatre) was crowded to repletion.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to overreach, defraud, take in, cheat.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. the (act of) overreaching, defraudation.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. I. *refl.* to exhaust one's strength by waking too long; II. *tr.* to superintend, guard, watch; to control; *cf.* *Beaufsichtigen*.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to overgrow, to cover with growth; mit *Ephen* —, overgrown with ivy; 2) to outgrow; II. *refl.* to grow too fast.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. surveillance, control, superintendence; supervision (over).

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to flow, gush over, to boil over; to overflow.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to overflow.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to overcome, overpower, overwhelm, vanquish, suppress. — *Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. the (act of) overcoming, &c. [with a roller.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to roll, to smooth

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to transigrate.

+ *Übertritt*, *adv.* upwards.

Übertritt, (*str.*) m. redundant water.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to water, put under water, to irrigate. [over, to cover.

Übertritt, (*w.* & *str.*) v. tr. 2, to weave

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. Comm. to remit by a draft. [crossing (Niveau-Übertritt).

Übertritt, (*str.*) m. *Raiho*, &c. level.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to assign, commit to ...; *cf.* *übertragen*, 1; 2) to convince, convict, attain. — *Übertritt*, *adj.*

convincible. — *Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) assigning, &c.; conveyance; 2) conviction. [whitewash.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to whiten over,

Übertritt, *adj.* supramundane, *cf.* *übertrifft*, 2. [whipped, overcast.

Übertritt, *adj.* Tail. (of a seam)

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. tr. to throw over;

refl. —, to whip, huddle, or slip on.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. tr. to parget (Be-

werfen, 2); II. *refl.* to fall out, quarrel, to embroil one's self (with, with).

Übertritt, *adj.* see *übergeordnet*.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to wrap up.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) to outweigh; overpower; 2) *fig.* a) to overbalance; b) to surpass, exceed (an *with* *Dat.*, in); II. *tr.* to prevail, preponderate (*with* *Dat.* [Grimm, WB. Vorrede, IV], over); *Üb.* predominant, overwhelming, paramount.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to wind something over ...; 2) to subdue, vanquish, surmount, conquer, overcome, overpower, master, to get over; ich kann mich nicht —, I cannot prevail on myself; das ist ein übermündeter Standpunkt, that is a view of things, a theory, &c. that belongs to the past, that has had its day, &c.; also: an exploded theory, opinion, view, &c.; *Übertritt*, (*str.*) m. (w. f.) subduer, &c., victor, conqueror;

Übertritt, I. *adj.* superable, surmountable, conquerable, vincible; II. *Übelsinn*, (*w.*) f. superabundance, &c.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. lee-side (Reefseite).

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) subduing, &c., vanquishing, victory (*with* *Gen.*, over); 2) self-command; resignation; nur mit —, but with reluctance; es kostete uns —, we had to overcome much reluctance, it cost us a hard tussle with ourselves.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* to (pass the) winter; II. *tr.* see *Durchwintern*, I.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to overflow, cover with waves. [vault, to over-arch.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover with a

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. & *refl.* to cloud over, see *Verdunkeln*.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover with a

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Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover with a

Übertritt, f. too great weight, preponderance.

Übertritt, (*str.*, pl. *Übertritt*) m. 1) any garment, &c. thrown over, coat; light loose garment, tunic; 2) *Surg.* pelican; 3) *Mar.* counter, projecting part at the stern; 4) *Lock-sm.* see *Übertritt*, 5; 5) *Vet.* rupture of the peritoneum (*Linc.*) [too much.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to spile, season

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. too great number, superabundance, surplus. [over, countable.

Übertritt, *adj.* that may be counted

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to count, tell over.

Übertritt, I. *adj.* above a stated number, odd, overplus; supernumerary; *Übelsinn*, &c. surplus population; II. *Übelsinn*, f. the being over a certain number; supernumerariness. [lover, telling over.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. the (act of) counting

Übertritt, (*str.*, pl. *Übertritt*) m. projecting tooth, saggel-tooth, gag-tooth; *Farr.* wolf's tooth. [magie.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to cover as if by

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to bridle too high (a horse). [to premature ripeness.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to force, to bring

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to convince, satisfy, persuade; der *Virt* *besucht* ihn, um sich von seinem *Bestehen* zu —, ... to ascertain the state of his health; *Übertritt*, p. a. convinced, &c., confident, certain, sure, assured; — *sein*, to be or feel confident, &c.; 2) see *überführen*, 2. — *Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. conviction, assurance, persuasion; ich habe (habe) die (bin, lese der *Gen.*) —, I am persuaded, feel confident; nach *Besten* — handeln, to act according to best convictions; mit or *aus* *Besten* —, fully persuaded.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. tr. to put or draw over; *Ginem* einen *Stich* —, to give one a cut; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to pass over; remove.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. I. tr. 1) a) to cover, deck, line, to coat, crust, overlay; b) to over-spread, suffuse; c) *Archit.* to incrust, in-crustate; mit *Zucker* —, to crust (cake) with sugar, to candy, ice; *überogene* *Wandeln*, see *überlegen*; ein *Bett* —, to put fresh linen over a bed; ein *frisch* *überogene* *Bett*, a bed with fresh linen; *überogene* *Indigo*, coated indigo; mit *Strig* —, to invade, infest a country, to wage war against (a country); 2) Comm. to overdraw; II. *refl.* to get covered; sich mit *Wollen* —, to grow overcast. [coat.

Übertritt, (*str.*) m. coll. great coat, over-*Übertritt*, (*w.*) f. pl. overalls.

Übertritt, (*w.*) f. the (act of) covering, &c., *cf.* *überziehen*.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. see *Überziehen*.

Übertritt, (*w.*) v. tr. to sugar over, candy, ice; *überogene* *Wandeln*, sugared almonds; *überogene* *Marsen*, coll. marrow-glaze.

Übertritt, (*str.*, pl. *Übertritt*) m. 1) cover, case of a feather-bed, &c.; tick; coat (over a thing), coating; *Med.* fur (of the tongue); *Miner.* &c. crust; incrustation; 2) a passing over (*cf.* *überziehen*); removal.

Übertritt, *adv.* across, transversely, athwart, askance, awry, obliquely.

Übertritt, (*str.*) v. tr. see *Überziehen*.

Übertritt, (*pr.* *Übertritt*), I. *adj.* usual, customary, used, in use, conventional; nicht mehr —, out of use; das *Übelsinn*, custom; II. *Übelsinn*, (*w.*) f. customariness.

Übertritt, *adj.* & *adv.* 1) left, over, resting, remaining; 2) a) to spare, spare (time, &c.); er hat nicht —, he has nothing to spare; haben Sie ein *Bett* —? have you a bed to spare? b) superfluous; abundant, unnecessary; — *behalten*, to keep over; — *sein*, — *bleiben*, to rest, remain (behind), to be remaining or left; — *geblieben* (von *Barren*),

left on hand; remaining; (von Schulden) surviving; sollte noch Raum — bleiben, should there be any spare-room; dabei bleibt uns nur wenig —, but little is left (over for) us by it; es blieb ihm nichts Anderes —, als ..., there was nothing else left for him but ...; nun war er blieb denn nichts (anderes) —, als nach Schottland vorzugehen, there was nothing left for it then, but to go on to Scotland; es blieb ihm nichts (anderes) —, als sein Jahrgeld anzugeben, he had nothing for it but to renounce his pension; es blieb nichts —, als den Günstling zu töten, there was nothing for it but to put the favorite to death; — lassen, to leave a remainder; to leave behind, to let remain; es läßt nichts zu wünschen —, it leaves nothing to be wished for or desired; der, die, das U-er, die U-er, the rest; die U-er Welt, the rest of the world; im U-er, as for the rest; es ist noch etwas Geld —, there is some odd money; ein U-er thun, to do more than one's due, to stretch or strain a point; auf den U-er Inhalt als erledigt nicht zurückkommen, not recurring to what is passed and done with.

U-erigens, *adv.* as for the rest, what remains, otherwise; moreover; besides.

U-erung, (*n.*) *f.* 1) exercise; exercising; 2) *Mil.* discipline, drilling, training (up); 3) practice, use; routine, dexterity; 4) exercise or study (for a musical instrument); 5) *Man.* hand; in — bringen, to put in practice; in — bleiben, sich in — erhalten, to keep in practice, *coll.* to keep one's hand in; aus der — kommen, to get out of or to lose practice; aus der — sein, to be out of practice; aus der (durch die) — lernen, to learn by rote.

U-erung..., *in comp.* — **band**, *n.* any school where military exercises are taught; — **fanz**, *f.* gymnastics; — **lager**, *n.* encampment for the purpose of exercising troops; — **lehre**, *f.* practical doctrine; gymnastic science; — **platz**, *n.* place for exercising soldiers (Exercirplatz); — **spiel**, *n.* gymnastic exercise; — **stüd**, *n.* place for practising or for study (Übung, 4); — **zeit**, *f.* time for practising or exercising.

U-fer, (*str.*) *n.* shore; beach; coast; bank (of a river); am —, an's —, on shore, a-shore. **U-fer...**, *in comp.* — **aas**, *n.* the larva of the may-fly (Eintagesfliege); — **abbruch**, *m.* damage caused to a bank by the irruption of water; — **bau**, *m.* dike-building, embankment; — **bewohner**, *m.* inhabitant on the banks of a river or of the coast; — **damm**, *m.* dam of stones along a river, &c., embankment, quay; — **eigentümer**, *m.* proprietor of land along a river or of coast-land; — **feste**, *f.* wharf of masonry (T. Tauch.); — **gebäude**, *f.* — **gelde**, *n.* shorage, pierage, wharfage; — **grille**, *f.* *Entom.* field-cricket (Feldgrille); — **lerche**, *f.* the lesser plover (*Charadrius minor* M. et W.).

U-ferlos, *adj.* shoreless, *fig.* boundless. **U-feru**, (*n.*) *s. intr.* (Harder; l. u.) to shore, to have or exhibit a certain outline of shore.

U-fer..., *in comp.* — **passer**, *m.* see Strandreiter, 1 a; — **pfleger**, *m.* (einer Brücke) T. abutment; — **recht**, *n.* see Strandrecht; — **schild**, *m.* alluvial deposit; — **sünde**, *f.* *Comch.* 1) periwinkle (*Littorina littorea* L.); 2) a genus of snail (*Littorina* For.); — **süßwasser**, *f.* *Ornith.* sand-martin, bank-swallow, shore-bird (*Hirundo riparia* L.); — **süßwasser**, *f.* *Arach.* a genus of spider (*Tetragnatha externa* L.); — **wasser**, *f.* *Entom.* water-bug (*Saldia littoralis* L.); — **weib**, *f.* see Roribrie.

U-fermig, *adj.* shaped like a U; die U-fermige Röhre, *Chem.*, &c. U-tube.

U-fer! (*interj.*) *hul* (exclamation of awe or **U-fer!** (*n.*) *s. intr.* (Harder; l. u.) to shore, to have or exhibit a certain outline of shore.

U-fer, (*n.*) *f.* 1) clock; (Lafden-) watch; 2) hour; wie viel — ist es? what o'clock is it? fünf —, five o'clock; um sechs —, at six

o'clock; ich muß mit dem Tage fort, weißer um zwei — (zwei — zwanzig) abgeht, I must start by the two o'clock (two-twenty) train; nach — über vier —, past four o'clock; nach meiner —, by my watch.

U-fer..., *in comp.* — **band**, *n.* watch-string, watch-ribbon; — **bandringe**, *pl.* watch-string runners; — **band**, *m.* *Mar.* traverse-board; — **U-ersteller**, *m.* clock-setter; — **feder**, *f.* watch-spring; — **furnituren**, *pl.* watch-furniture; — **gehänge**, *n.* trinkets of a watch; — **gehäuse**, *n.* 1) watch-case; 2) or — **geßel**, *n.* watch-stand, watch-frame; — **getriebe**, *n.* pinion of a watch; — **gewicht**, *m.* clock-weight; — **glas**, *n.* watch-glass; — **glöde**, *f.* watch-bell, bell of a clock; — **hammer**, *m.* watch-hammer; — **kapfel**, *f.* watch-case, etui; — **kasten**, *m.* clock-case; — **ketten**, *f.* watch-chain, guard (chain); — **lampe**, *f.* moderator-lamp; — **macher**, *m.* clock-maker, watch-maker; — **macherarbeiten**, *f.* *pl.* clockmaker's goods; — **macherbohrer**, *m.* watch-key-drill; — **macherel**, — **macherwerk**, *f.* watch-making, clock-making; — **macherfloßen**, *m.* pin-vice; — **platte**, *f.* dial-plate; — **rad**, *n.* watch-wheel; — **richter**, *m.* clock-setter; — **röhre**, *f.* bore of a watch-key; — **sand**, *m.* hourglass-sand; — **schild**, *f.* watch-key; — **schild**, *m.* clock-case; — **schild**, *m.* pendulum; — **tafel**, *f.* dial-face; — **tafel**, *f.* watch-pocket, fob; — **trommel**, *f.* cylinder of a watch; — **weiser**, — **zeiger**, *m.* hand of a watch or clock; pin of a dial, style; — **werk**, *n.* works of a clock or watch, clockwork, watch-work; — **zeit**, *f.* clock-time.

U-fer, (*str.*) *pl.* U-fer, or not decl.) *m.* eagle owl (*Strix bubo* L.).

U-fer, (*str.*) *m.* U-fer, (*n.*) *s. tr.* province. see Hopferel, Hopfer.

U-fer, (*str.*) *pl.* U-fer, (*n.*) *s. tr.* province. see Hopferel, Hopfer.

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lost) my watch; **U-fer** — den Hals fallen, to embrace or hug one; — dicke Zeit, by this time; — welche Zeit geht Albert auf das Gemteir? at what time does Albert go to the counting-house? — zwei Uhr, at two o'clock; einen Tag — den andern, every other day; einat — den andern, eins — das andern, alternately, by turns; ein Blatt — das andern, leaf by leaf; wie hab' ich schon gewonnen! vergebens manches Jahr! und Wort — Wort besonnen! bis es ein Fiedlein war (*Stiller'sch*), how have I mused already! in vain so long, so long, till, word by word commencing, it ended in a song (*Bakerv.*); — einen (*gema.* zu einem) billigen Preis, at a moderate price; — jeden Preis, at any price; at any cost; — alles in der (or um die) Welt nicht, not for the world; **U-fer** — etwas bitten, anfragen, to ask one for ...; *f.* bitten, anfragen, 1, 2 x; — (*in conjunction with*) willen, for the sake of, on account of; — Gottes willen, for God's sake, for pity's sake; — (*with a degree of comparison*), by; — einen ganzen Kopf größer, taller by a whole head, or a whole head taller; — fünf Jahre älter, older by five years or five years older; ein Schritt rückwärts — vierer fünfzig Jahre, a step back four or five hundred years; er verreckte sich — zehn Jahre, he was out of his calculation by (made a mistake of) ten dollars; es ist — mich geschehen, it is all up with me; — so sehr, — so viel mehr, — desto mehr, the more, so much the more, by so much more; — so viel besser, so much the better.

U-fer, (*adv.*) 1) about; 2) past, out, over, at an end, *coll.* up; es ist eine Weile —, it is a mile about; der Termin ist —, the term is expired; meine Zeit ist —, my time is up; — und —, round about; every where; denn es — und —, so much, when all comes to all; rechts —, to the right; *Mil.* to the right about; — mit diesem Baum (*f.* umhaufen) down with this tree!

U-fer, (*conj.* (*with* *zu*, preceding an *inf.*)) to, in order to; der günstige Augenblick, — einbringenden, the favourable moment for invading; — es so zu nennen, so to call it; das Weite! — die Entdeckung zu vermeiden, the means resorted to for the purpose of averting detection; — es ehrlich zu sagen, ich glaube es wird schimmer werden, honestly to confess it, I think it will grow worse.

U-fer, (*n.*) *s. tr.* 1) to plough up; 2) to plough down.

U-fer, (*n.*) *s. tr.* to alter, change.

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Umbiegung, (*w.*) *f.* T. head of a gun-carriage.

Umbilden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to remodel, transform, alter, to reform, reconstruct. — **Umbildung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) remodelling, &c., transformation, metamorphosis; reconstruction.

Umbinden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bind, tie round; 2) to put on; 3) to rebind, bind again, *cf.* Binden; 3) *Mar.* to fleet, overhaul (the shrouds); *des. Eisen* —, *Mün.* to reforge the tools. [round.]

Umbinzen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to tie round, surround.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to blow down.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to blow round ..., to blow upon from all sides.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *pl.* Umbisfätter *n.* wrapper of a cigar, Deckblatt, 2). [leaf.]

Umbisfäten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to turn over (a Umbisfen, *str.*) *n.* T. a kind of glazier's lead.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *n.* survey, commanding view.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see Umbisfen, Umbisfen.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround by flowers, blossoms, &c.; *was ihn umbisfen*, *was ich verborrt (Radewitz)*, I blast what blossoms around him.

* **Umbisfen**, (*w.*) *f.* Minor. umber; *fölnische* —, *Geol.* earthy coal. [the other side.]

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to brace at Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to roar, howl round.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to break, fall down; *II. tr.* 1) to break down; 2) to break or grub up (the ground); 3) or Umbisfen, *Typ. a)* (den *Eck* &c.) to over-run (the types, by carrying those of one line into another, &c.); *b)* die *Erten* —, *aa)* to impose or make up the pages; *bb)* to re-impose the pages.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to burn down.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *Geogr.* Umbria.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mün.* to bring to another furnace; 2) to kill, murder, destroy.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with bushes, *gener.* in the *pp.* Umbisfen (*Götthe*, *Trick*, &c. *cf.* Sanders), Umbisfen (*Bücher*, *de la Motte-Fouquet* *Udine* 39, &c.), environed with bushes, embosomed in bushes.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with dikes, to embank.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with gloom or dimness, *cf.* Umbisfen.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cover again; 2) to lay again the table-cloth; 3) to new-cover (a roof), to re-tile (pantries); 4) to relay (alates).

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to think again, to reconsider.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to transform (a foreign term) into a vernacular (German) word by adaptation (*cf.* *Bolschewismus*); *Wedgwood* gibt an, daß das Wort *amby* durch irrige Umbedeutung mit *alma* in Verbindung gebracht und in Folge davon mit almonry verwechselt worden ist, *Wedgwood* states that the word *amby* seems to have contracted a fallacious reference to the word *alma*, and thus to become confounded with *almonry*; *Sanders* calls *Umbisfen* an *Umbisfen* of *apels*.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to compose (a poem) anew, to remodel, recast.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround or invest with poetry. [thunder.]

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with *Umbisfen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with thorns. [ter round (one, &c.).]

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crowd or close.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to turn (round or about), to twist; *Einem den Hals* —, to wring one's neck off; 2) *coll.* see *Umbisfen*; *II. ref.* to turn or wheel round, to turn on an axis, to rotate, revolve, to go round.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *m.* *And-s.* rotator; *der — des Schenkels*, trochanter.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) turning round; rotation; revolution; *U-bewegung*, *f.* rotatory motion; *U-Spunkt*, *m.* centre of rotation.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to reprint, to print a new (& *gener.* a different) edition of ...; 2) to print anew; 3) see *Überdrucken*.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with perfume.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to surround with a dark or sombre object; *er schlummert süß*, *umbisfen auch sein Grab sein Stodmarin (Freiligrath, Die Todten im Meere)*, he slumbers sweetly [beneath the wave], though no rose-mary darkly overshadows his grave.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to fall off round. [harrow.]

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to turn up with the *Umbisfen*, (*w.*) (*Gramm.*) *v. tr.* to vary or inflect (weak nouns or verbs) by adding certain terminations; *II. tr.* to be inflected by the addition of terminations (*opp.* *Abbluten*). — *Umbisfen*, *Umbisfen*, *adj.* that may be inflected, &c. — *Umbisfen*, (*w.*) *f.* inflection by adding terminations.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *cf.* *Umbisfen*.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to take a round about way (in driving); *II. tr.* to turn or break down in driving over a thing.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to drive, go round; *Mar.* to sail round, circumnavigate; to double, round; 2) to evade, avoid (a toll, &c.) by driving or going round about.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) round about way; 2) circuit; *tour*; *U-Spurde*, *f.* *Agr.* deep furrow round an acre, water-furrow.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *f.* a sailing round, &c., circumnavigation.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *pl.* Umbisfen *m.* 1) fall, tumble; 2) *Vel.* a general name for those distempers among cattle of which they die suddenly. — *Umbisfen*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to fall down, capsize, upset; 2) (of animals) to die (suddenly). — *Umbisfen*, *adj.* tottering.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *pl.* Umbisfen *m.* circuit; circumference; extend, compass; range; volume (of voice); size, bulk (of a package); *von großem* —, bulky; *es hat 40 Zoll im* —, it has forty inches round; in *seinem ganzen* — *Befähigen*, to confirm in all its contents (a letter, &c.). [encircle, surround.]

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to embrace; 2) to *Umbisfen*, *l. adj.* see *Umbisfen*(s)reich; *II. U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* extensiveness, &c. *cf.* *Umbisfen*(s)reich.

Umbisfen, *in comp.* U-Ulinie, *f.* periphery; —(s)reich, *adj.* extensive, bulky; voluminous; ample; *U-Swinkel* (des *Striches*), *m.* *Geom.* angle of the circumference.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dye again or anew.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to set anew, re-set (jewels).

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to span, to clasp round, embrace; 2) *fig.* to comprehend, comprise; *U-b*, *p. a.* comprehensive, extensive; *U-der Geist*, capacious mind; *U-de Maßregel*, large or sweeping measure; *U-de Gerfchungen*, a wide range of enquiry; *U-de Denfen*, breadth or grasp of thought.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) spanning, &c.; 2) enclosure; *U-Smauer*, *U-Swand*, *f. 1.* *Raibe*, &c. enclosure-wall; 2. external wall, out-wall. [about; to flow round.]

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to flutter or hover

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to twist or plait anew. [about.]

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to twist round or

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to fly about; *leicht wie ein Len*, unhörbar wie

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to surround, encompass, environ; to enclose; mit einem Graben — to surround with a moat; to ditch in; mit einer Mauer, einem Zaun —, to wall in; to hedge in; *fig.* Dunkelheit, Zweifel &c. umgiebt die Sache, obscurity, doubt, &c. hangs round the subject; umgeben, *p. a.* surrounded, &c.; *von* mit Sand —, land-locked.

Umbisfen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) environs, neighbourhood, surrounding country, surroundings; 2) (surrounding) company, the objects or persons round one, those around or about one, those near one's person, one's associates; *seine U-en tangen nichts*, he is surrounded (or he keeps company) with bad people.

Umbisfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to put on or round, to help (one) on with (his cloak, &c.).

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Umgeben, (w.) f. *see* Umgebung, 1.
Umgeben, *adv.* 1) that may be gone round; 2) that may be evaded.

Umgehen, (irr.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) a) to go round or about; to make a circuit or procession; der Wind geht um, *Mar.* the wind changes or shifts; b) to go by turns, to alternate; c) to walk (of spirits); an einem Orte —, to haunt a place; (also *impers.*) *see* Spuken, 1; es geht ein Gespenst im Hause um, the house is haunted by a spectre; 2) a) to turn round; to revolve, circulate; es geht Alles mit mir um, I am giddy, I turn sick, my head spins round or swims; b) im Gange sein; in Rasse geht wenig um, *Comm.* little is doing in coffee; im Geschäft geht wenig um, there is not much stir in business; es ging wenig um, but few transactions were effected, very little changed hands; 3) to go a roundabout way; ich bin eine Meile umgegangen, I went a mile out of my way; I came a mile round; *fig-s.* with mit: 4) a) to be occupied with, to have to do with; to manage; mit der Nadel —, to handle the needle; der Strafe kann mit Worten instrumenten —, the boy is capable to handle garden tools; er weiß mit diesem Instrument sehr gut umzugehen, he is most expert in the use of this instrument; mit Zauberei —, to deal in sorcery; mit Fügen —, to deal in falsehoods; mit Betrug —, to practise fraud; to work deceit; b) to design, intend, purpose, meditate (murder, &c.); to entertain (a scheme, project); 5) a) to have intercourse with, to associate, consort, or assort with; b) to deal with, to treat (well or ill); mit der Zeit persamen —, to husband one's time; mit ... persamen —, to be sparing of ...; mit ... verschwenden —, to be lavish of or with ...

Umgehen, (irr.) v. *tr.* 1) a) to go round about ...; *Mil.* to turn (the enemy); b) die Grenzen —, to perambulate, survey, *coll.* to tread the boundaries (Huren, &c.); 2) to avoid, to evade, elude; ein Gesetz —, to trespass upon, or evade a law; Ele — uns mit Ihren Kuffträgen, you overlook us in giving your orders.

Umgehen, *p. a.* 1) going about, &c.; 2) prevalent, epidemic; mit u-er Post, by return of post, by the returning mail; wir erbitten uns —, we request by return; u-e Antwort, answer by return.

Umgehen, (w.) f. 1) a) a going round, &c.; b) *Mil.* a turning the enemy's flank, &c.; 2) evasion, elusion; omission.

Umgekehrt, *p. a.* inverted (also *Mus.*, &c.) *cf.* Umkehren, II. 2; inverse (*Math.* ratio, proportion, &c.); converse, reverse, opposite; *adv.* contrariwise; u-er Räder, turned or reversed twill; die u-e Regel be tri, *Math.* the rule of three inverse; der Fall ist gerade —, the case is entirely the reverse or the other way; die Schnelligkeit der Verbreitung steht im u-en Verhältnisse zu der Quadratwurzel der spezifischen Schwere des ausströmenden Gases, the velocity of diffusion is inversely proportioned to the square root of the specific gravity of the effluent gas; — herzförmig, *adv.* Bot. obcordate.

Umgele, (*str.*, pl. u-er) n. retail-duty. — **Umgele**, (*str.*) m. receiver of retail-duty.
Umgefallen, (w.) v. *tr.* *see* Umfallen.
Umgehen, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to refund, new-cast; 2) to transuse.

Umgeben, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to circumsuse.
Umgeben, (w.) v. *tr.* to surround with a grating or lattice.

Umglänzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to shine round, surround with splendour.

Umglänzen, (w.) v. *tr.* to surround with a glow or heat.

Umgraben, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to dig, delve, break, or turn up.

Umgraben, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to dig (round) about.

Umgraben, (w.) v. *tr.* to circle in, circumscribe, bound, confine.
Umgriff, (*str.*) m. (l. u. for das Umgriffen) spread, extent, progress (of an epidemic, &c.).

Umgründen, (w.) v. *refl.* *coll.* to look round
Umgründen, (w.) v. *tr.* (sometimes Umgründen) to gird round or about.

Umgründen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to surround with a girdle or something similar; 2) *Mar.* to frap (a ship).

Umgründen, (w.) f. the (act of) surrounding, &c.; u-staunert, n. *Mar.* frapping.

Umguß, (*str.*, pl. Umguße) m. 1) new-casting; 2) transfusion.

Umhaben, (irr.) v. *tr.* to have on.

Umhaben, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to turn up (work up) with the hoe; 2) to hew, cut down.

Umhaben, (w.) v. *tr.* to hoe about (a thing).

Umhaben, (w.) v. *tr.* *coll.* to hug, embrace. — **Umhaben**, (w.) f. embrace, hug.

Umhang, (*str.*, pl. Umhänge) m. curtain, veil. — **Umhängen**, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to hang round or about; to put on; 2) to hang at another place; to hang anew.

Umhängen, (*str.*), **Umhängen**, (w.) v. *tr.* to hang round, or to surround on all sides.

Umhardt, *adv.* T. case-hardened.

Umhanden, (w.) v. *tr.* to breathe down.

Umhanden, (w.) v. *tr.* to surround with breath, or fragrance.

Umhanden, (w.) v. *tr.* to fall, hew down.

Umhanden, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to fasten round; 2) to stitch anew.

Umhanden, (w.) v. *tr.* to fence, palisade.

Umher, *adv.* around, about, round about; *cf.* herum; — führen, to lead about; to show (in *Wald* &c.); over; — liegen, to lie about;

— sehen, to look about; — laufen, — streichen, — streifen, — schweiften, — jechen, to rove, ramble, roam, range, stroll, wander about;

— rasen, to rave about; — stehen, to stand about; sich — treiben, *refl.* to rove, roam, or idle about, to go or rove idling about.

Umhin, *adv.* only used in — können; ich kann nicht —, I cannot forbear or help, I cannot (choose) but, I cannot refrain from; wenn Sie nicht — können, if you cannot do otherwise.

Umhol, (*str.*, pl. Umhölzer) n. *Coop.* staff-wood (the staves of which a cask, &c. is formed).

Umholen, (w.) v. *tr.* *intr.* *coll.* to make inquiries, to listen about.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to veil, envelop, wrap round. — **Umhüllen**, (w.) f. anything that envelope, &c.; wrapper; *Mod.* jacket, casing, case.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to frisk, skip about.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to surround with shouts, or exultations.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to rove about, round ...

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to new-caulk.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to turn over, to tilt, *Mar.* to cant.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* to carry or take (a turning back, return; 2) *fig.* conversion.

Umhüllen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to turn round; to turn back; to return; 2) *fig.* to mend, reform, to become converted; II. *tr.* 1) (also *refl.* sich —) to turn (round or about); 2) to turn inside out, to turn upside down, to turn over or up; *Math.* *Mus.* &c. to invert; mit umgekehrter Hand, with the back of one's hand; ein Schlag mit umgekehrter Hand, a back-handed blow, *coll.* backhander; die umgekehrte Seite, 1. second page of a leaf; 2. wrong side (of cloth); *fig-s.* 3. to pervert, to put in confusion, change, to turn the other way; to make (one) alter his mind; 4. to

overturn, overthrow, subvert; to waste, to lay waste; 5. to reverse, alter to the contrary; wie man eine Hand umkehrt, *coll.* in the turn of the hand, within the turn of a die; *cf.* Umgekehrt, p. a.

Umkehren, (w.) f. *Mod.* reversing.

Umkehren, (w.) f. 1) a turning (round or over), &c. *cf.* Umkehren; 2) subversion; reverse; 3) *Mil.* *Math.* &c. inversion (also *Mus.* in speaking of chords); 4) *Log.* conversion; *Mod-s.* u-umkehrismus, (u-kehrtel, m.) reversing-gear, link-motion.

Umkehren, (w.) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to turn on the ground (said of the anchor).

Umkippen, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to tilt or turn over.

Umklaffen, (w.) v. *tr.* to fathom, to encompass with the arms extended, to encircle.

Umklaffen, (w.) v. *tr.* to embrace with clasped hands, or claws; to clasp in one's arms, to grasp; to cling to.

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* to turn up; to turn

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* & *refl.* 1) to dress anew, to put on other clothes; to change (one's) dress; *fig.* to re-clothe; 2) to transform, transmute.

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to hang round, decorate; 2) to invest, *cf.* Verflechten.

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* to band or fold down; II. *intr.* to sink to the ground.

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to perish, die; 2) to spoil (from not being used).

Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* to grasp with the hands; *cf.* Umklappen, (w.) v. *tr.* to wreath, crown.

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cular letter; —zeit, *f.* time of rotation or revolution; *Astr.* period.

Umlaut, (str.) *m.* Gramm. modification of one of the German vowels: *a, o, u, au*, into *ä, ö, ü, äu* (only occurring in words of the strong declension).

Umliegen, (u.) *v. I. tr.* 1) to put, lay round or on; *Reife* — um ..., to hoop; 2) to lay over, to turn over or round; to bend round; to lay down (the corn); 3) *a)* to lay, put again, to place differently; to re-lay; *b)* to shift, to put to another place; *Mar-s. ein Schiff* —, to careen a ship; *die Segel* —, to shift the sails, to tack about; *II. intr. Mar.* to turn, shift, veer round; to change; to tack about; *III. refl. 1)* to run over, bend (of a point or edge); to curl up (as paper, &c.); 2) to change position.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to lay round, surround. **Umliegen, (u.)** *f.* the (act of) laying down, &c. *cf. Umliegen*; change of position, &c.

Umlieken, (u.) *v. tr.* to lead another way, to conduct in another direction.

Umlieken, (u.) *v. tr. & intr.* to turn round; to turn back. [confuse with light]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround or circ. **Umliegen, (str.)** *v. intr.* to lie on the ground.

Umliegen, (str.) *v. tr.* to lie round ... to surround. [surrounding]

Umliegen, (u.) *adj.* adjacent, circumjacent; **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr. coll. for Umliegen I.*

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to mow, cut down. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to surround by a wall or with brickwork, to wall round or in.

Umliegen, (str.) *v. tr.* to measure again. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to remodel.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to recoin, new-coin. [with darkness, to denight]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr. **, to surround **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to saw again.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to hem, sew round. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to surround with a mist, to dim, darken, cloud, *cf. Beseitigen, 1.*

Umliegen, (str.) *v. tr.* to take round, put on. [note]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to bend the point of (a nail), to rivet, clinch.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to repack, new-pack. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to cover with a coat of mail. [clothes]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to fit or try on **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to surround with pales, to palisade.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to plant again, new-plant; to transplant.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with plants or trees, to plant round.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to new-pave. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to pave round, to surround with a pavement.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to plough up. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to plough round ...

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to new-coin, recoin. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to topple down or over. [other quarters]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to remove to **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to beat up.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround (said of something high).

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* 1) *see Einrahmen*; 2) to surround, encircle as with a frame.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to change (the rim or edge). [a rim, *cf. Rändern*]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to surround with tendrils, to grow round.

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with soda. **Umliegen, (u.)** *v. tr.* to rattle, clash round ... [otherwise or elsewhere]

Umliegen, (u.) *v. tr.* to remove or place

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to rustle or roar round.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to encompass with a ring; *den goldumrufenen, den schwarzen Arm (Freiwillig)*, the coal-black arm, encircled with gold (*Baskerv.*).

Umrufen, (u.) *f.* a travelling round, circuit.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr. (aux. sein) & intr.* to go about; *viele Meilen* —, to go many miles out of one's way.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to travel round ...

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* 1) to pull down, break down, to demolish; 2) to plough up.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. I. tr.* to ride down, to run over with a horse; *II. intr. (aux. sein)* to ride about, to ride out of one's way.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to ride round ...

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to run down, overturn.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to run round ...

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with bark or a crust. [round ...]

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to sling, twist

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround (on all sides), to encompass, to beset.

Umrufen, (u.) *m.* outline, sketch.

Umrufen, (str.) *m.* round, circuit (on horse-back). [to roll round, to revolve]

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr. & intr. (aux. sein)*

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with a rolling noise.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to stir up; *T.* to work, puddle.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to shake up.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr. (Schiller)* to shake the confines of (the world).

Umrufen, (u.) *constr.* for um bes. [bage]

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to put into other

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to saw down.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to saw all round.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to salt afresh.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. I. tr.* to change the saddle; *II. intr. fig.* to shift, alter, to change one's profession, &c.

Umrufen, (str.) *pl. Umrufen* *m.* Comm. sale; exchange; barter; *ohne* —, without sales; without business; *schneider, rascher* —, quick sale, quick, short, or early return; — *gegen bar Geld*, exchange (business) in (or for) ready money; — *von Fonds*, transactions (operations) in funds; — *capital*, *n. see Vertriebscapital*; — *rest*, *n. see Stapelgerethtig-keit, 3.*

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* *see Umbräuen.*

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to transform, new-model, remodel. — *Umrufen, (u.)* *f.* transformation.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to circumvallate, surround with a rampart or an intrenchment.

Umrufen, (u.) *f.* circumvallation, &c.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to scratch up, to turn up by scraping or digging, to dig up.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with shade, to shade.

Umrufen, (u.) *see Kreisförmig.*

Umrufen, (u.) *f.* a looking round; review.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. refl. & intr. see sich umrufen.*

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to stir (corn).

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with **Umrufen, (str.)** *m. see Hof, 6.* [foam]

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to surround with light, to shine round.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to shear anew.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to pile anew.

Umrufen, (str.) *adj. & adv. 1)* (lying) in layers; 2) alternately.

Umrufen, (u.) *v. tr. coll.* to send round.

Umrufen, (str.) *v. tr.* to carry or take (a pin at nixepin).

Umrufen, (str.) *v. I. tr. 1)* *see Nieder-gehen 1;* 2) *Typ.* to impose (the columns)

anew; *II. intr. (aux. sein) Mar.* to shift (said of the wind).

Umfahren, (u.) *adj.* circumnavigable.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. I. intr. (aux. sein)* to go out of one's way (in sailing); *II. tr.* to put (goods) into another ship, to transship, to load over.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to sail round, circumnavigate; *ein Vorgebirge* —, to double a cape.

Umfahren, (str.) *pl. Umfahren* *m. 1)* band, cuff, facing; collar, cape, *cf. Aufschlag, 5; Kleid.* wrinkle; 2) change, turn, alteration; *der — des Gefühls*, revulsion of feeling, *cf. Um- fahren, 2, 3; 3)* *a)* *see Umlage; b)* *provinc.* fair; 4) envelope, wrapper; 5) catapasm, poultice; bandage; *ein — mit kaltem Wasser*, cold water bandage; *ein — um ... machen*, to apply a poultice or bandage to ..., to poultice; to bandage; 6) *Comm.* turn-up card; 7) *Bot. see Samenbröte.*

Umfahren, (u.) *in comp. — biei, n. see Um- biei; — böhrrer, m.* wimble; — *effen, n. T.* hatchet-stake.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. I. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to be overturned, to fall down with violence, to upset, capsize, to tumble over; 2) *a)* to change, turn, veer round (of the wind); *b)* to change suddenly; to break (of the voice); to turn sour, bad, &c.; to degenerate, grow worse; *II. tr. 1)* to beat (down); to turn over; to knock over; 2) to turn over (the collar, &c.); to knock up; to turn up (a card, &c.); 3) *a)* to wrap up; to put round; *b)* to put on or round, to bind with (hoops, &c.); *c)* to apply (a catapasm); 4) *see Umlagen; 5)* *see Umlagen, 4;* *ein umgefahenes Tau*, twice laid cordage, twice laid stuff; *umge- fahrener Wein*, turned or dead wine.

Umfahren, (str.) *pl. U-fahren* *n.* wrap- per, shawl.

Umfahren, (str.) *n.* wrapping-paper.

Umfahren, (str.) *n. see Stapelrecht, 1.*

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr.* to sneak or slink round about, to hover round ...

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to veil, to cover, surround with a veil.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to enclose, en- compass, surround; to embrace.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr.* to sling, wrap, wind, twine, twist round.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr.* to embrace closely, to clasp round, to cling, lock.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr. Mar.* to shift (the sails). [werfen]

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr. coll. for Um- fahren, (u.)* *v. tr. 1)* to melt again, to refund, newcast; 2) *fig.* to new- mould, remodel, reform.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to dash down.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to reforge, forge anew.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to forge or weld round ...

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr. 1)* to buckle on or round; 2) to buckle anew.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr.* to cut down.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr.* to cut, carve all round.

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr. 1)* to lace, strap round, to cord well; 2) to lace again, to new- lace. [on all-sides]

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to lace or cord

Umfahren, (u.) *v. tr.* to surround with bounds, *see Einführen I.*

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr. 1)* to rewrite, write again; 2) to transfer.

Umfahren, (str.) *v. tr. 1)* to write round, cover with writing; 2) *a)* to para- phrase; *b)* to circumscribe; 3) to circumscribe (by a line). — **Umfahren, (u.)** *f.* circumscription; circumlocation, paraphrase.

Um'schrift, (w.) f. inscription (round a coin), legend.

Um'schürzen, (str.) n. wooden fence, paling.
Um'schüren, (w.) v. tr. to stir, rake up.
Um'schütteln, (w.) v. tr. to shake about, to stir up, mix.

Um'schütten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spill; overturn; 2) to pour or shoot into another vessel.

Um'schütten, (w.) v. tr. to throw round about, to heap up round about.

Um'schwärmen, (w.) v. tr. to swarm, buzz round.

Um'schweben, (w.) v. tr. to hover, float
Um'schweifen, (w.) v. intr. Mar. to turn or swing a ship round, to tend.

Um'schweifen, (str.) m. 1) Lock-sm. cheeks (of a lock); 2) round-about way; digression; ohne —, without circumlocution, bluntly; durch —, circuitously; 3) T. rim; 4) sieve-frame.

Um'schweifen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. haben & sein) 1) to make a round-about way, cf. Umher'schweifen; 2) to make digressions, to use circumlocution.

Um'schweif, (w.) v. tr. to slit or flutter
Um'schweifig, adj. see Weitschweifig.

Um'schwenken, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to turn or wheel round.

Um'schwimmen, (str.) v. tr. to swim, float
Um'schwimmen, (str.) v. tr. & refl. to swing, move round, to revolve or turn round.

Um'schweben, (w.) v. tr. to buzz or sit round.

Um'schwung, (str., pl. Um'schwünge) m. 1) a swinging round, see Umbrehung; 2) rapid and total change, revolution.

Um'segeln, (w.) v. I. intr. see Um'schiffen I.; II. tr. to sail aground, run foul of, sink (another ship).

Um'segeln, see Um'schiffen I.

Um'sehen, (str.) v. refl. 1) to look round, about, or back; sich — nach, to look (out) for; etc man sich umsieht, in a trice; 2) to have or take a view; hier kann man sich recht —, here is an extended prospect of view; sich in der Welt —, to see the world; sich in Büchern —, to peruse or turn over many books.

Um'sein, (irr.) v. intr. to be over, past, expired (of a certain term), &c., cf. U. adv.

Um'setzer, I. adj. (l. w.) vendible, convertible; II. U.-felt, f. convertibility (of notes into sovereigns, &c.).

Um'setzen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to put, set otherwise, shift places, transpose; b) to transplant; 2) Typ. to compose again; 3) Mus. to transpose; 4) to sell; to exchange, barter; in bar Geld —, to turn or convert into cash; es wurden ansehnliche Posten umgesetzt, considerable parcels changed hands; in Wollé wurde viel umgesetzt, there was a good business done in wool; II. refl. to change, veer round (of the wind). [about; to surround.

Um'setzen, (w.) v. tr. to set or plant round
Um'setzung, (w.) f. 1) transposition, transposing, &c.; 2) see Umlatz. [isickle.

Um'sicheln, (w.) v. tr. to cut down with a
Um'sicht, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) looking about; 2) Ag. circumsppection, precaution, wariness. — Um'sichtig, adj. (Um'sichtsvoll) circumsppection, wary; U.-feil, f. circumsppection, circumsppection. [down, to faint away.

Um'sinken, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to sink
Um'sinken, adv. 1) gratis, for nothing; halb — verkaufen, to sell next akin to nothing; 2) in vain, vainly; to no purpose, to no profit; alle ihre Bemühungen waren —, all their labours proved abortive; 3) without design, without cause, gratuitously; nicht —, not without reason; not without a purpose; — ist der Tod, proverb, nothing for nothing; no pipe, no dance.

Um'spannen, (str.) m. relay (of horses).

Um'spannen, (w.) v. tr. die Pferde —, to change horses.

Um'spannen, (w.) v. tr. to span, fathom; encompass; er umspannt alle Geister des Christes, his grasp of soul partakes of universality; diese Ansicht umspannt die ganze Erde, this view has world-wide circulation.

Um'spielen, (w.) v. tr. to play round.

Um'spinnen, (str.) v. tr. to spin all round, to surround with a tiasue.

Um'springen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to turn round, to shift, see Umschlagen, I. 2, a; 2) Ag. (with mit) to treat, deal with, manage, handle.

Um'springen, (str.) v. tr. to leap, jump
Um'stand, (str., pl. Um'stände) m. 1) (+ &) provinc. by-standers; 2) circumstance; Um'stände, pl. 3) state, condition, situation; 4) ceremonies, formalities, circumstances; die näheren or einzeln Um'stände, particulars, details; mit allen Um'ständen erzählen, see Umständlich erzählen; unter Um'ständen, under circumstances; unter diesen Um'ständen, in these circumstances; unter den jetzigen Um'ständen (aber), as it is; unter allen Um'ständen, by all means; in guten Um'ständen sein, to be in easy circumstances; to be well off; in üblen Um'ständen sein, to be in low circumstances, to be badly off; in üblen Um'ständen sein, coll. to be in the family-way; (viel) Um'stände machen, 1. to use ceremonies; 2. to hesitate, to raise difficulties; wenn es Ihnen nicht zu viele Um'stände macht, if it does not cause or give you too much difficulty or trouble; machen Sie keine Um'stände, do not use ceremonies; do not put yourself out of your way; keine or nicht viel Um'stände machen mit —, not to make much ceremony with —; to be at home with —; er befindet sich wohl den Um'ständen nach, he is well, considering circumstances; hier waren wir, den Um'ständen nach, sicher, here we were, comparatively speaking, safe; Cook's. Saurtraut mit Um'ständen, pickled cabbage with meat boiled in it; Pfeffer mit Um'ständen, coffee with cakes, &c.; U.-stort, n. Gramm. adverb.

Um'ständlich, I. adj. 1) circumstantial; particular; minute; detailed; 2) ceremonious, particular, formal; 3) see Schwere, 1; das wäre zu —, that would cause too much trouble, coll. that would be too great a bother; II. adv. circumstantially, &c.; — erzählen, to particularise, detail; III. U.-felt, (w.) f. 1) circumstantiality, particularity; minutenness; 2) ceremoniousness, formality; coll. priggishness.

Um'ständen, (w.) v. tr. Mar. to rummage (the hold), to alter or shift (the stowage) in the hold, to restow.

Um'ständen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to turn up, stir (corn, &c.) with a fork; 2) to stab, see Riebschneiden; 3) to engrave (a plate) anew; 4) to rack (off) (liqueur, wine, &c.). [anew.

Um'ständen, (w.) v. tr. to pin, or fasten
Um'ständen, (w.) v. tr. to fasten around (with pins, &c.).

Um'ständen, (irr.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to stand round, see Umstehen, 1; coll.-s. 2) to grow rapid, &c., see Absehen, 1, b & Umschlagen, I. 2, b; 3) (of animals) to die (cf. Crepiren, 1 & Absehen, 3, b).

Um'ständen, (irr.) v. tr. to stand round ...
Um'ständen, p. a. 1) standing about, around or by, surrounding; die U.-en, pl. by-standers; 2) on the other side or page, following, annexed; auf der u.-en Seite zu quittieren, to be receipted on the opposite page.

Um'ständen, (w.) v. tr. to transpose.

Um'ständen, (w.) v. tr. to set about, encompass (with), to surround, beset, hem in.

Um'stellung, (w.) f. transposition, inversion.

Um'stampeln, (w.) v. tr. to re-stamp, new-

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. Nach. to reverse (an engine).

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to give another tune, to tune anew; 2) Ag. to make (one) alter his sentiments; sich — lassen, to allow one's self to be changed or unsettled; er läßt sich nicht —, he is not to be moved from his purpose, he is immovable; ganz umgestimmt, quite altered.

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to surround with drifting storms.

Um'steuern, (str.) v. tr. 1) to overthrow, overturn; knock down; 2) Agr. to stir, turn (corn); 3) Ag. to abolish, annul, invalidate; to subvert; reverse; to revoke, annul, undo (a purchase). — Um'steuerlich, adj. that may be overturned, &c. — Um'steuerung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) overthrowing, &c.; 2) reversion or reversal (of a judgment, &c.).

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to surround with rays, to shine round.

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to strew round
Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to surround with knitting or net-work; to weave about; mit Drahtseil umschickt, in wire-work; 2) Ag. to entangle; to ensnare.

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to stream or flow
Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to tilt, turn over or upwards.

Um'steuern, (w.) v. tr. to storm round.
Um'steuern, (str., pl. Um'steure) m. downfall, overthrow, subversion, destruction; — parti, f. Pol. anal. destructives (pl., a name given by their political opponents to men who call themselves radical reformers).

Um'steuern, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. sein) to fall down, to tumble to the ground; to topple over; to upset, capsize; II. tr. 1) to upset, to turn, tilt over; 2) see Umstößen, 2; to run down; overthrow, overturn, subvert. — Um'steuerlich, adj. (l. w.) inclined to overthrow or subvert. — Um'steuerung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) upsetting, &c., cf. Umstößen; 2) overthrow, subversion.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. intr. & tr. to search about, to examine all over.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to new-rig, to rig
Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to upset in dancing.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to dance round ...
Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to new-christen, to give another name; to new-baptize.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. intr. to fall down staggering.

Um'suchen, (str.) m. exchange; truck, trucking; (gegen neue Meilen u.) conversation; im —, in exchange.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to exchange; truck, coll. swap, chop; to change (things für or gegen, something for); Um'suchung, (w.) f. the (act of) exchanging, &c., cf. Umtausch & Beratschlagung, 1.

Um'suchen, (irr.) v. I. tr. to take about; to put on; II. refl. (with nach or wegen) to take pains about (a thing); to seek for, look (out, about) for, inquire after, to go in search of
Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to surround with towers, to surround towering, to tower round.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to sound or echo round.

Um'suchen, (w.) v. tr. to roar round about.

Um'suchen, (str.) m. coll. one who spreads reports.

Um'suchen, (str.) v. I. tr. to drive, turn round; to revolve; mein Geist wird von Zweifeln umgetrieben, my mind is tossed from doubt to doubt; II. refl. see sich umher'treiben.

Um'suchen, (str.) m. 1) vagabond (Strumtreiber); 2) see Umher'treiben.

Um'suchen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to tread down; 2) Ag. (l. w.) to change sides or opinions.

Um'suchen, (str.) m. 1) circulation; 2) intrigue, machinations, secret revolutionary

movements; demagogische U-e, demagogical stratagems. — Um'tricher, (str.) m. coll. agitator.

Um'tritt, (str.) m. change of opinion.

Um'w'ern, (u.) v. tr. to surround with a bank or shore; umw'ert, Mar. land-locked.

Umw'achen, (u.) v. tr. to watch round, to guard about.

Umw'achen [pr. -w'achen], (str.) v. tr. to grow round about, surround.

Umw'ägen, (u.) v. tr. to roweigh.

Umw'älzen, (u.) v. tr. to surround with a forest; umw'aldet, embosomed in trees.

Umw'älzen, (u.) v. tr. see Umf'angen.

Umw'älzen, (u.) v. l. tr. to turn round about or over; II. ref. to roll about, revolve.

— Umw'älzung, (u.) f. 1) the act of turning round, &c., revolution, rotation; 2) fig. revolution.

Umw'andeln, (u.) v. tr. 1) to change, convert, transform; er ist ganz umgewandelt, he is quite a new man; 2) Gramm. to conjugate, inflect. [round ...

Umw'andeln, (u.) v. tr. to go or move
Umw'andlung, (u.) f. 1) change, transformation; conversion; 2) Gramm. inflection, conjugation; U-elekt, f. see Entwicklungselekt.

Umw'andeln, (u.) v. tr. (aux. sein) & tr. to wander (many miles, &c.) out of one's way.

Umw'andeln, (u.) v. tr. see Umw'andeln.

Umw'ässern, (u.) v. tr. to water, surround with water.

Umw'eb'en, (u. & str.) v. tr. 1) to weave round; 2) to entangle, surround with a net, &c.

Umw'ech'seln, (u.) v. l. tr. see U-e-w'ech'seln; II. tr. to change, exchange (gegen, for).

Umw'eg, (str.) m. 1) round-about way, circuitous way or road, compass; by-way, side-way; 2) indirect course, see Umf'ahrt; 3) U-e-fahren, to make a round, to fetch a compass.

Umw'eg'en, (u.) v. tr. to blow down.

Umw'eg'en, (u.) v. tr. to blow round, to surround (of a breeze, &c.).

Umw'eg'ig, adj. (l. u.) Bot. perigynous.

Umw'enden, (u. & str.) v. tr. & tr. to turn round, over, or up, to turn, &c.; see Umlehen; to veer (of the wind); vor dem Winde —, Mar. to veer.

Umw'enden, (str.) v. tr. see Umlehen.

Umw'erten, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to throw round; 2) to put on; 3) to throw down, overthrow, subvert; to overturn, capsize, upset; 4) fig. to reverse (a judgment, &c.); II. tr. 1) to upset a carriage (said of the driver); 2) to be overturned, to break down; 3) to fail, see Fall'n; 4) to miscarry, see Fehlgeburten; die Sänger werten um, the singers came (or were) out. [round.

Umw'ickeln, (u.) v. tr. to wrap or wind

Umw'ickeln, (u.) v. tr. to wrap round (with), to cover over, to bewrap.

Umw'inden, (str.) v. tr. to wind about, to twine, wreath, twist round.

Umw'inden, (str.) v. tr. to wind round about, to wreath (with ...).

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to envelop (mit Rauch, Staub, in smoke or dust).

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. 1) to embroider (an edge, &c.) round ...; 2) to rivet, clinch.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to set round with embroidery.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. 1) (in poetry or elevated style) a) to breathe, float, or hover around ... (like a fragrant atmosphere, &c.); vom Zauberhauch, der durch Zug umw'ir'elt (Gabe, Faust, I. Widmung), by the magic atmosphere that breathes around your moving forms; b) to surround like a threatening thunder-storm; 2) coll. (of a hound, &c.) to sniff or smell around.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to billow, flow round.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to live or dwell round, in the neighbourhood; Umw'ir'eln, (str.) m. inhabitant of the neighbouring regions; pl. Geogr. perjeoi.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to live, dwell round ... or near ...

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to surround with (or to envelop in) clouds, to overcast; fig. to cloud (the brow).

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to wallow, rout about; to rummage, turn over.

Umw'ir'eln, (str., pl. Umw'ir'eln) m. anything which is thrown about or over another, cf. Umwerfen.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. 1) to count over again; 2) to count round (by turns).

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to tap into another vessel.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to change by sor-

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to hedge, to enclose or encompass with a hedge. — Umw'ir'ung, (u.) f. enclosure, fence, hedge.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. 1) to draw afresh; 2) to mark differently. [about.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to mark round

Umw'ir'eln, (str.) v. l. tr. (aux. sein) 1) to remove to other quarters (cf. Ziehen, III. 3); 2) to change one's situation, to change masters; II. tr. 1) to draw round, to put on; 2) to change (clothes); 3) to draw, pull down; III. ref. see sich Umw'ir'eln, 1.

Umw'ir'eln, (str.) v. tr. 1) to move, go, travel round ...; 2) to come round ...; surround; 3) to draw round ...; to surround or cover with something drawn round; mit Vorhängen —, to hang with curtains; 4) to cloud, overcast; der Himmel umzog sich, the sky grew overcast.

Umw'ir'eln, (str.) m. lit. day of removal or changing lodgings; quarter day.

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to encircle, surround on all sides.

Umw'ir'eln, (str.) m. see Umkreis. — Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to encircle (Einfreifen).

Umw'ir'eln, (u.) v. tr. to slit or slash around ...

Umw'ir'eln, (str., pl. Umw'ir'eln) m. 1) the act of going or wandering about; procession; 2) removal of lodging, change of residence; 3) a change (of dress, &c.); b) cover or case (of a feather bed); c) (bed-) curtains; U-e-gut, m. removed goods.

Un..., an inseparable prefix, implying, like Un... (in..., dis..., not..., non...), negation or denial in adjectives, adverbs, or participles, and privation, want, or absence of ... in substantives; different from the English use of Un..., it is never placed before verbs.

Unab'änd'lich, I. adj. unalterable, immutable, unchangeable; irreversible; II. U-eit, (u.) f. unalterableness, immutability, irreversibleness.

Unab'brüch'ig, adj. Law, not prejudicial.

Unab'läss'ig, adj. inexorable.

Unab'geh'unden, p. a. T. unframed (timber).

Unab'gefe'rtigt, p. a. not despatched, unsettled, &c., cf. U-e'fertigen.

Unab'gegr'ündet, p. a. indeterminate.

Unab'gem'acht, p. a. not disposed of, not settled, &c.

Unab'ge'hen, p. a. unsettled.

Unab'h'äng'ig, I. adj. independent; diese Studien sind von einander ganz —, these studies are without any reference to each other; II. U-eit, (u.) f. independence; U-eit's-erklärung, f. declaration of independence; U-eit's'kampf, m. struggle for independence.

Unab'h'äng'ig, I. adj. incessant, uninterrupted, unremitting, continual; II. U-eit,

(u.) f. uninterrupted succession, continuance, assiduity.

Unab'läss'ig, I. adj. 1) extending farther than the eye can reach, out of distance, immeasurable, unbounded; 2) fig. beyond the reach of the mind, incalculable; interminable; II. U-eit, (u.) f. immeasurableness, &c., freedom from design.

Unab'läss'ig, I. adj. undeposable, irremovable; II. U-eit, (u.) f. irremovability (of judges, &c.). [designed.

Unab's'icht'ig, adj. unintentional, un-

Unab's'icht'ig, I. adj. that cannot be refused, irrefragable, inevitable; peremptory, imperative; irrepressible (idea); II. U-eit, (u.) f. irrefragability, &c.

Unab's'icht'ig, I. adj. that cannot be warded off, inevitable; II. U-eit, (u.) f. in-

Unab's'icht'ig, I. adj. that cannot be warded off, inevitable; II. U-eit, (u.) f. in-

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Un'antefbär, *adj.* 1) that may not be touched, unapproachable; 2) unimpeachable.
Un'antefbär, *I. adj.* inapplicable; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* inapplicability.

Un'apfettlich, *adj.* unpleasant, loathsome (*Widerlich*).

Un'art, (*w.*) *f.* 1) bad or improper behaviour, rudeness, impertinence, want of good manners; 2) unmannered or naughty trick, ill habit; naughtiness (of children).

Un'artig, *I. adj.* 1) ill-behaved, rude, improper, disobliging; ill-bred, forward, naughty; 2) unruly (of a horse, &c.), vicious; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) ill-breeding, rudeness, &c. *cf.* *Un-art*, 1; 2) naughty, improper, or rude trick, expression, &c.

Un'articuliert, *adj.* inarticulate.

Un'au, (*str.*, *pl.* *U-s*) *m.* Zool. name: 1) the al (from Ceylon); 2) the two-toed sloth (from the Amazon).

Un'ausgeföhrt, *adj.* unblown.

Un'ausgeföhrt, *p. a.* uncalled for; without being called upon, without having received any application, of one's own accord.

Un'ausgeföhrt, *p. a.* unchecked, uncontrolled.

Un'ausgeräumt, *p. a.* disordered, untidy (room, &c.). 2) shorn (valvet).

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* 1) not torn open; **Un'ausgeriffen**, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

not to be stopped, uncontrollable; incessant, continual; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* the not admitting of being stopped.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* incessant, continual, perpetual, overlasting; ein *u-er* Canon, *Mus.* a perpetual fugue, an infinite canon; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* incessantness, continuity.

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* unredemptible, not to be recalled.

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.* 1) irresolvable (of nebulae, &c.); indissoluble, indissoluble, inseparable; 2) inextricable; incapable of solution (problem); II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) irresolvability; indissolubility; 2) inextricability.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* inattentive, inadvertent; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* inattention, inattentiveness, inadvertence.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* insincere, disingenuous; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* insincerity, &c.

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *adj.* not to be delayed, urgent, pressing.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* infallible, certain, sure, inevitable; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* infallibility, certainty of occurring.

Un'ausgeriffen, *see* *Un'ausgeriffen*.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* impracticable, unfeasible; that cannot be carried out or completed; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* impracticableness.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* incomplete, not detailed; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* incompleteness, want of detail. (*for* supplied).

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* not to be filled (up)

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* underdone.

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* unfinished (house, &c.).

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* not thoroughly burnt through. (cont; 3) left in blank.

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* 1) not filled up; 2) *va-*

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* not yet settled or adjusted.

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* undecided, open, still under controversy (question, &c.); *es ist noch* —, it is still an open question.

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* not yet unpacked; — *verpacken*, to sell under the cords.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* uninterrupted, continual; undelayed; II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* uninterruptedly, &c., without interruption.

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* unpronounced; unuttered, unconfessed (feelings, &c.).

Un'ausgeriffen, (*pr.* — *warren*), *p. a.* not fully grown or developed.

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* irrevocable (con-
 traction).

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.* indelible, inextinguishable, quenchless;

II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* indelibility, &c.

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* unredemptible, past redemption. (surable).

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* *Math.* incommen-

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* *see* *Un'ausgeriffen*.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* inextinguishable, un-

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Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* inextinguishable, un-

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* immaculate, unstained, unspotted, undefiled, unsmiled, spotless, unblemished, pure; die *u-er* *Un'ausgeriffen*, immaculate conception (of the Holy Virgin); II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* immaculateness, &c., spotless-ness, purity.

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* unfriended, friendless.

Un'ausgeriffen, *I. adj.* without having a right or claim (to); unauthorized; incompetent;

II. *U-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* *Un'ausgeriffen*, (*str.*) *f.* incom-

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* 1) unfrequented; un-

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* Comm. not yet disposed of (bill, funds). [pitious].

Un'ausgeriffen, *p. a.* infelicitous, unpro-

Un'ausgeriffen, *adj.* discontented, dis-

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

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Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

Un'ausgeriffen, *Un'ausgeriffen*, *I. adj.*

Un'bemäntelt, *p. a. Bot.* exarillate.
Un'bemäntelt, *p. a.* unmasked, dimasted.
Un'berceftbar, *I. adj.* imperceptible, indiscernible; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* imperceptibleness, &c. [unheeded.
Un'berceft, *p. a.* unnoticed, unobserved.
Un'bermittelst, *p. a.* without means, not wealthy, poor.
Un'bermüht, *p. a.* without trouble.
Un'beruget, *p. a. Bot.* exunguiculate.
Un'benannt, *p. a. 1)* not told; anonymously; *2) Math.* indefinite.
Un'berühmlich, *adj. (l. u.)* unmannered.
Un'benommen, *p. a. 1)* unimpaired; *2)* unforbidden, permitted; *es ist or bleibst mir*, dir &c. —, I am (you are, &c.) at liberty or free (as to, &c.); it is open to me (you, &c.) to ...; *das Recht bleibst dir* —, that right is still yours or available for you; *3) Mind.* not cut off (said of phantasies).
Un'benützig, *p. a.* not in need of.
Un'benutzt, *p. a.* not used, not being made use of, not turned to account, unemployed; *ich ließ diese Gelegenheit* —, I did not avail myself of this opportunity; unemployed, dormant (money); — *liegen lassen*, to lock up (money).
Un'bequem, *I. adj. 1)* inconvenient, inconvenient, uncomfortable; uneasy; *2)* unäst; *II. U-lichkeit, (w.) f.* inconvenientness, inconvenience, &c.; *ohne — für Sie*, without putting you to inconvenience; *maden Sie sich deshalb keine* —, do not put yourself out (of the way) about it.
Un'berändert, *p. a. Bot.* immarginate.
Un'berathen, *p. a.* destitute of advice, unadvised.
Un'bered'(')bar, *adj.* incalculable.
Un'beredigt, *adj.* not entitled (to), *cf.*
Un'beredt, *adj.* inelegant. [unbefugt.
Un'berichtigt, *p. a. 1)* not corrected; *2)* unsettled, unpaid (of accounts).
Un'berindet, *p. a. Bot.* exorticate.
Un'beringt, *p. a. Bot.* exannulate.
Un'beritten, *adj. 1)* not broken in; *2)* without a horse or horses, unmounted.
Un'berüht/'*stigt*, *p. a.* unnoticed, disregarded; — *lassen*, to put out of one's view.
Un'beräthen, *adj. 1)* uncalled for; officious, meddling; *2)* unarmored, not enchanted by ominous words, &c. (*cf.* **Verführer**, *3)*); — *I let the devil rest!* (*lat.* *abst. omnes!*)
Un'berühmt, *adj.* not renowned, not famous, not celebrated, obscure.
Un'berührt, *p. a.* untouched, intact; *fig.* unnoticed; — *lassen*, to pass over; *u-er Vorn*, virgin soil.
Un'berühret, *adv. (with Gen.)* without prejudice, without detriment (to), without detracting (from), without impairing.
Un'berührt, *p. a.* unhurt, unscathed, undamaged, well conditioned, safe, sound.
Un'berührt, *p. a.* disengaged, unemployed.
Un'berüben, *I. adj.* wanting in modesty, immodest, impudent, indiscreet, insolent, rude, unpolished; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* want of modesty, indiscretion, impudence, rudeness.
Un'berühren, *p. a.* not shone on (by the sun).
Un'berührt, *adj.* not navigable. [sun].
Un'berührt, *I. adj.* unblemished, unblemished, unimpeachable, unexceptionable; *ein u-er Name*, a fair or good name, a stainless reputation; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* blamelessness, &c., integrity, innocence; unblamableness, fairness.
Un'berührt, *I. adj.* unlimited, unbounded; uncontrolled; absolute; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* unboundedness, &c.
Un'berührt/'*lich*, *adj.* indescribable, beyond description, inexpressible.

Un'beschrieben, *p. a. 1)* not written upon, blank; *2)* undescribed.
Un'beschrieben, *p. a. 1)* not decried, not defamed; *2)* see **Unbrufen**, *3)*.
Un'beschäftigt, *p. a.* unshod. [easy.
Un'beschäftigt, *adj.* not troublesome.
Un'beschwert, *p. a.* unmolested, unlogged, &c.; *Mach.* unloaded (Kolben, piston); *Wenn es — geschieht kann*, if it be not troublesome.
Un'beschelt, *p. a.* soulless, inanimate.
Un'besetzt, *p. a.* unoccupied; vacant, free.
Un'besieg'(')bar, *adj.* invincible.
Un'besolbet, *p. a.* having no pay, not receiving emolument; *ein u-er Beamte(ler)*, an unpaid officer.
Un'besonnen, *I. adj.* unadvised, thoughtless, headlong, imprudent, indiscreet, rash, giddy; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* imprudence, thoughtlessness, rashness, indiscretion, &c., thoughtless expression or action.
Un'besorgniß, (*str.* *f.* see **Unbesorgtheit**.
Un'besorgt, *I. p. a.* unfulfilled, unexecuted, &c.; *II. adj.* careless, easy, unconcerned (um, about, &c.), heedless, regardless (of); *sein Sie — I never fear!* (*sein Sie — wegen meiner*, *coll.* be content about me; *III. U-heit, (w.) f.* unconcernedness, ease.
Un'(')berfich, *I. adj.* incorrigible, irremediable; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* incorrigibility.
Un'bestand, (*str.* *m.* inconstancy, changeableness, instability, unsteadiness, levity, fickleness. — **Un'beständig**, *I. adj.* inconstant, changeable, unstable, unsteady, fickle, variable, mutable; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* inconstancy, changeableness, &c. *cf.* **Wandelmut**.
Un'beständig, *I. adj.* incorruptible, not to be bribed; unbriable; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* incorruptibleness.
Un'bestig'(')bar, **Un'bestig'(')lich**, *I. adj.* not to be ascended or climbed; inaccessible; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* inaccessibleness.
Un'bestig'(')bar, *adj.* not to be disposed of; *u-er Briefe*, dead letters.
Un'bestiegen, *p. a.* that has not yet been ascended, unclimbed. [ascertainable.
Un'bestimm'(')bar, *adj.* indeterminate, undetermined, *II. adj. 1)* indeterminate, undefined; (*Gramm.*, &c.) indefinite (article, &c.); *die u-er Art or Form*, indefinite; *auf u-er Zeit*, for an indefinite time; *2)* a) uncertain, doubtful; *b)* irresolute; *3)* vague, loose (in expression, &c.); *III. U-heit, (w.) f.* 1) indetermination; *2)* a) uncertainty; *b)* irresolution; *3)* want of precision, vagueness, &c.
Un'bestraft, *I. p. a.* unpunished; *II. adv.* with impunity.
Un'bestreit'(')bar, *adj.* incontestable; indisputable, incontrovertible; unquestionable.
Un'bestritten, *I. p. a.* uncontested, undisputed; *II. adv.* indisputably, &c.; unquestionably. [u-er Rand, see **Unbruch**.
Un'bestigt, *p. a.* not visited, unfrequented;
Un'bestelligt, *p. a.* disinterested.
Un'bestät, *p. a.* not accounted, unaccounted.
Un'bestätlich, *adj.* inconsiderable, trifling.
Un'besteten, *I. p. a.* unbeaten, untrodden, &c.; *II. adj.* unembarrassed.
Un'bestiglich, *adj. 1)* not to be deceived; *2)* see **Untrüglich**.
Un'beständig, *I. adj.* inflexible; firm; uncompromising, *cf.* **Unbiegsam**; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* inflexibility, &c.
Un'bewohnt, *p. a.* not populated, deserted; thinly populated.
Un'bewaffnet, *p. a.* unarmed, &c.; *Bot.* without thorns, inermous; *das u-er Auge*, the naked eye (the eye alone, unaided by glasses, &c.).
Un'beweglich, *I. adj. 1)* immovable; fixed; motionless; *2)* *fig.* inflexible; *u-er Gut or Vermögen*, real estate or property; *u-er Güter*,

immovables; *das u-er Fest*, set holiday; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* immovableness, &c.
Un'beweislich, *adj.* incapable of being proved.
Un'bewohnt, *p. a.* uninhabited.
Un'bewußt, *adj. 1)* unknown; *2)* ignorant of; *fiß (Dat.) einer Sache (Gen.)* —, unconscious of a thing; *es geschah uns ganz* —, it happened entirely without our knowledge.
Un'bezahlfar, *adj. 1)* that cannot be paid; *2)* *fig.* inestimable, beyond all price.
Un'bezahlt, *p. a.* unpaid; *eine u-er Rechnung*, an open or unsettled account; *u-er Schulden*, surviving debts; *u-er Bchseil*, unpaid, dishonoured bill, bill in surfequence.
Un'bezugsbar, *adj.* untamable; indomitable, uncontrollable.
Un'bezugslich, *adj. 1)* without reference to, irrelative; *2)* absolute.
Un'bezogen, *p. a. 1)* unoccupied (dwelling); *2)* *Mus.* unstrung.
Un'bewert'(')lich, *adj.* indubitable.
Un'bewertlich, *p. a.* undoubted, indubitable.
Un'bezugsbar, **Un'bezugslich**, *I. adj.* insuperable, invincible; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* insuperableness, &c.
Un'biblich, *adj.* not biblical, unscriptural.
Un'biegsam, *I. adj.* inflexible, unpliant, unbending; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* inflexibility, unpliantness, rigour.
Un'biblich, *adj.* not figurative; real, literal.
Un'bill, **Un'bilbe**, (*w.) f.* unfairness, injustice; injury.
Un'billig, *I. adj.* inequitable, unreasonable, unfair, unjust; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* unreasonable, &c., injustice; unreasonable act, thing, &c. [use or custom.
Un'brauch, (*str.*, *pl.* **Un'bräuche**) *m.* bad
Un'brauchbar, *I. adj.* of no use, useless, unserviceable; unsuitable (clerk); unseaworthy, disabled (ship); *II. U-heit, f.* uselessness, &c.
Un'bräuchlich, *adj.* see **Ungebräuchlich**.
Un'brunbar, *adj.* incombustible.
Un'brüffertig, *I. adj.* impatient; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* impatience.
Un'brüft, (*w.) m.* infidel, unchristian.
Un'brüftlich, *adj.* unchristian; cruel.
Un'cial/'*buchstabe*, **Un'cial**/'*e*, (*w.) f.* (*Lat.*)
Typ. uncial letter.
Unb, *conj.* and; — *nicht*, and not; nor; — *ich auch nicht*, nor I (neither); *so weit — nicht weiter!* so far, but no farther; *der — der*, such a man; *da — da*, at such a place; *daß die christen Bauerweiber mit Fingern auf dich deuten*, wenn du es wagst — über die Wasse gehst (*Schaller*, *Ebnor*, *coll.* for wenn du es wagst, über die Wasse zu gehen, *compare the similar use of the Engl. and*), ... if you venture to cross the street.
Un'baut, (*str.* *m.* ingratitude.
Un'bautbar, *I. adj.* ungrateful, unthankful, ingratul; thankless (entorprise, &c.); *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* ungratefulness, &c., ingratitude. [not ductile.
Un'bautbar, *adj.* that cannot be stretched;
Un'baut, (*w.) f.* see **Unbunt**.
Un'(')bent/'*bar*, **Un'(')bentlich**, *adj. 1)* a) unimaginable; *b)* out of the question; *2)* immemorial, out of mind; *vor u-en Zeiten*, time out of mind; *seit u-en Jahren*, from time immemorial.
Un'bentlich, *I. adj. 1)* indistinct; not clear; inarticulate; *2)* unintelligible, obscure; *II. U-heit, (w.) f.* indistinctness, &c.
Un'bentig, *I. adj. 1)* not German; bad or incorrect German; *2)* *fig.* unintelligible; *II. adv.* incorrectly (in German), &c.; *u-er Zeug*, gibberish; *III. U-heit, (w.) f.* the being contrary to the genius of the German; incorretness.
Un'bicht, *adj.* not (water-)tight, air-tight,

acc., pervious to air, &c. (*opp.* dicht); u-e Gashöhren, leaky gas-pipes.

Un'bienlich, *I. adj.* 1) unserviceable, unfit, amiss, improper, inconvenient; 2) unwholesome, unhealthy; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* unserviceableness, &c.

Un'bienst, (*str.*) *m.* disservice.

Un'bienstbar, *adj.* see Dienstunfähig.

Un'bienstfertig, *adj.* inofficious, disobliging.

* Unb'ne, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.* unda, wave, water).

Un'bning, (*str.*) *n.* 1) nonentity, nothing; 2) chimera; monster; nonsense; chaos.

* Unbulation', (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) undulation; U-theorie, *f.* undulatory theory.

Un'bultsam, *I. adj.* intolerant; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* intolerance. [*crude.*]

Un'burchbar, *p. a.* not well thought of, Un'burchbringlich, *I. adj.* impenetrable:

1) impermeable, impervious (*für, to*); 2) *fig.* inscrutable; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* impenetrability, &c.

Un'burchführbar, *adj.* 1) not to be carried through (Unausführbar); 2) untenable.

Un'burchführert, *p. a.* Bot. imperforated.

Un'burchsichtig, *I. adj.* untransparent, not pellucid, opaque, impervious to light; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* opacity, opaqueness, imperviousness to light.

Un'burchwändig, *p. a.* Bot. imperforate.

Un'eben, *I. adj.* 1) uneven, unequal, not level, rugged, rough; 2) *fig.* irregular; *ger nicht* —, not at all amiss, not bad; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* unevenness, &c., inequality.

Un'ebenbürtig, *I. adj.* 1) of unequal birth; 2) *fig.* unequal; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) unequal birth; 2) *fig.* inequality, disparity.

Un'ebenmäßig, (*str.*) *m.* asymmetry, disproportion. — Un'ebenmäßig, *adj.* asymmetrical, disproportionable.

Un'echt, *I. adj.* 1) not genuine, counterfeit, sham, artificial, false, spurious; adulterated; 2) illegitimate; u-e Perlen, mockpearls; u-r Diamant, Rubin &c., mock or imitation diamond, ruby, &c.; u-e Steine, false stones; sham jewels, paste, strass; u-e Farbe, fugitive or not fast colour, colour that won't wash; u-e Geschäft, bastard-dye-wood; u-r Bruch, *Arith.* improper fraction; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* spuriousness, &c.

Un'edel, *adj.* ignoble, illiberal; mean, low; base (metal). [*conlinage.*]

Un'ehel, (*w.*) *f.* illicit cohabitation, concubinage; Un'ehelich, *I. adj.* illegitimate, natural; illicit (cohabitation, &c.); u-e Kinder, children born out of wedlock, base-born children; II. *adv.* illegitimately, &c., in adultery.

Un'ehrbär, *I. adj.* 1) unbecoming, indecent, indecent; 2) dishonourable, disgraceful; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* unbecomingness, &c.; indecency.

Un'ehre, (*w.*) *f.* dishonour, disgrace, discredit; Einem — machen, to disgrace one; mit U-n, discreditably, disreputably. [*table.*]

Un'ehrenhaft, *adj.* discreditable, disreputable; Un'ehrenbietig, *I. adj.* irreverent, disrespectful, undutiful; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* irreverence, undutifulness.

Un'ehrlich, *I. adj.* 1) dishonest; dishonourable; ignominious, infamous; 2) (unaufrichtig) uncandid; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* dishonesty; dishonourableness, disgrace, infamy, ignominy.

Un'eigenmäßig, *I. adj.* disinterested, unselfish; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* disinterestedness. Un'eigentlich, *I. adj.* not literal; figurative (sense, &c.); improper (fraction, &c.); II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* figurative sense, figurativeness.

Un'einhembär, *adj.* irrespirable.

Un'einbringlich, *adj.* barren (debt).

Un'eingeunden, *p. a.* unbound, in sheets.

Un'eingedenk, (*induct.*) *adj.* (*with Gen.*) unmindful, regardless; forgetful (of).

Un'eingeladen, *p. a.* see Ungereten.

Un'eingewacht, *p. a.* not preserved or pickled, fresh. [*gistered, &c.*]

Un'eingefrieden, *p. a.* not entered, reunited.

Un'einig, *I. adj.* disunited; discordant, disagreeing, at difference or variance; — sein, to differ, disagree; — machen, to set at variance or at odds; to divide; mit Einem — werden, to fall out with one, to quarrel; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* disharmony, disunion, discord, disagreement, variance, dissension.

Un'einnehmbar, *adj.* impregnable.

Un'eins, *adv.* at difference or variance, cf. Uneinig.

Un'einverstanden, *adj.* not (quite) agreed.

Un'elastisch, *adj.* inelastic, non-elastic.

Un'empfindlich, *I. adj.* not susceptible (*für, of*), insusceptible; dull; II. U-feit, *f.* insusceptibility, dullness.

Un'empfindbar, *I. adj.* imperceptible;

II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* imperceptibility.

Un'empfindlich, *I. adj.* insensible, indifferent, unfeeling; cold, callous (*gegen, to*); *Med.* numb; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* insensibility, indifference; *Med.* numbness.

Un'empfindsam, *adj.* not sensitive; not sentimental.

Un'empfinden, *p. a.* unfeel.

Un'endlich, *I. adj.* infinite, endless; eternal; in's U-e, to infinity, *ad infinitum*; *es geht in's U-e*, there is no end of (to) it; *eine — lange Zeit*, *coll.* an age; *diese Sprache sagt — viel*, this fact speaks volumes; u-r Canon, *Mus.* infinite canon, perpetual fugue; *die Analyse des U-n*, infinitesimal calculus; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* infinity; endlessness; eternity.

Un'entbehrlich, *I. adj.* indispensable; *eine Feder ist ihm Unentbehrlich* —, a pen is indispensable for writing; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* indispensableness.

Un'entbehrlich, *adj.* inevitable.

Un'entgeltlich, *I. adj.* gratuitous; II. *adv.* gratuitously; gratis, for nothing, without charge, free of charge.

Un'enthaltfam, *I. adj.* incontinent, intemperate; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* incontinence.

Un'entwählbar, *adj.* inevitable.

Un'entscheidbar, *adj.* undecidable.

Un'entschieden, *p. a.* T. unscoured, unbolled (silk).

Un'entschieden, *I. adj.* undecided, undetermined; drawn (game, battle); II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* indecision; suspense.

Un'entschieden, *I. adj.* irresolute; undecided, wavering, doubtful; — sein, to be irresolute, &c., to waver, hesitate, fluctuate, demur; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* irresolution; indecision.

Un'entzundlich, *adj.* inexcusable.

Un'entwogen, *p. a.* unswerving, steadfast.

Un'entwogen, *p. a.* undeveloped, not (yet) matured; u-r Zustand, embryo-state.

Un'entwirrt, *adj.* inextricable.

Un'entzichlich, *adj.* not to be taken away, &c. cf. Entziehen I.

Un'erachtet, see Ungerachtet.

Un'erbaulich, *adj.* not edifying; barren.

Un'erbitten, *adj.* not asked for, unbidden.

Un'erbittlich, *I. adj.* inexorable, relentless, unrelenting; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* inexorableness.

Un'erfahren, *I. adj.* inexperienced; new or unused to; raw; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* inexperience.

Un'erforschlich, *I. adj.* inscrutable, unsearchable, impenetrable; II. U-feit, *f.* inscrutableness, &c.

Un'erforsch, *adj.* unscrutinised; unex-

Un'erforschlich, *I. adj.* unsatisfactory, dis-

agreeable, unpleasant; cheerless, dull; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* unsatisfactoriness, &c.

Un'erfüllbar, *I. adj.* not to be fulfilled or accomplished; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* impossibility of being fulfilled or completed with, &c.

Un'ergründlich, *I. adj.* 1) unfathomable; 2) see Unerforschlich; II. U-feit, (*w.*) *f.* unfathomableness, &c.

Un'ergründlich, see Unergründlich.

Un'erleuchtet, *p. a.* unlit, unlighted.

Un'erlebt, *I. adj.* 1) not granted, unheard; — bleiben, to find no hearing; — lassen, not to listen to; 2) unheard (of), unprecedented; II. *adv.* excessively, extremely.

Un'erinnerlich, *adj.* not to be called to mind; *es ist mir —*, I don't remember it.

Un'erkannt, *adj.* 1) unknown; incognito; 2) unacknowledged (kindness, &c.).

Un'erkenntlich, *adj.* unrecognisable, undiscernible. [*fehl, (w.) f.* ingratitude]

Un'erkenntlich, *I. adj.* ungrateful; II. U-

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Un'erwähnt, *p. a.* unmentioned, unnoticed, **Un'erwartet**, *p. a.* unexpected. [*See* **Un'erwartet**, *adj.* 1) not to be awaited; 2) *fig.* unedifying. [*unrelenting*. **Un'erweichlich**, *adj.* not to be softened. **Un'erweislich**, *I. adj.* indemonstrable, not to be proved; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* indemonstrableness. **Un'erwiegen**, *p. a.* not proved; gratuitous. **Un'erwünscht**, *p. a.* unwished for, unreasonable. [*educated*. **Un'erzogen**, *p. a.* not brought up, un-**Un'ersinnig**, *p. a.* Comm. plain (stuffs). **Un'fähig**, *I. adj.* unable, incapable, insufficient, unfit; — *mögen*, to disable, insufficient, incapacitate (*qu. for*); **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* inability, incapacity, insufficiency, unfitness. [*table (of roads)*. **Un'fährbar**, *adj.* impracticable, impassable. **Un'fall**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Un'fälle) *m.* mischance, mishap, misfortune, disaster, fatality, accident. **Un'fällbar** (*often* **un'fällbar**), *I. adj.* infallible, unerring; **Un'fälligkeit**, *I. adj.* infallibility, without fail; **Un'fälligkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* infallibility. **Un'fein**, *adj.* unrefined, unmannerly, impolite, unbecoming, indelicate. **Un'fern**, *I. adj.* not far off, near; **Un'fern**, (*with Gen.*) near, not far from. **Un'fertig**, *I. adj.* unfinished, wanting finish; unready, unprepared; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) want of finish; unpreparedness; 2) improper behaviour, act, or expression, rudeness, impertinence. **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) filth, dirt; 2) or *coll.* **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *m.* a) dirty person, nasty fellow; b) low or highly vicious person. — **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) filthiness, nastiness; 2) *fig.* a) lowliness, obscenity, disgusting debauchery; b) profligate expression, action, &c. — **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *I. adj.* 1) filthy, dirty, nasty; 2) *fig.* low, obscene; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* filthiness, &c. **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *m.* inappreciation, want of diligence, laziness. — **Un'fett**, *adj.* wanting diligence, negligent, supine, idle. **Un'fettigkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* (*Grimm*, *WB*, *Vorrede*, *Li IV*) inconsistency (*Unconsequence*). **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* disobedient; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* disobedience. **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) unsymmetrical form, disproportion; 2) *fig.* impropriety; 3) *Bot.* bastard indigo (*Amorpha fruticosa* L.). **Un'fettig**, **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* 1) deformed, illshaped; shapeless; 2) disproportionate, irregular; 3) enormous, massive, immense; rude; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) deformity; shapelessness; 2) enormity. **Un'fettig**, *p. a.* *Post.* unpaid, unprepared. **Un'fettig**, *adj.* & *adv.* contrary to what is French, not French, anti-Gallie. **Un'fett**, *adj.* 1) not free, forced; 2) bond, in so-called, feudal. [*(w.) f.* illiberality. **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* illiberal; **Un'fett**, **Un'fettig**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) want of freedom; constraint; 2) narrowness (of views), illiberality. **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* involuntary, compulsory; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* involuntariness. **Un'fett**, *adj.* discomfited. **Un'fett**, *adj.* without pleasure, joyless; unwilling, not cheerfully ready. **Un'fett**, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. u.*) one not a friend (*f.* unfriend, enemy. **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* 1) unfriendly, dis- obliging; unamiable, unkind, ungracious, harsh; 2) frowning, sullen, gloomy; 3) severe, inclement; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unfriendliness, &c., unfriendly action. **Un'fettig**, *f.* enmity; disagreement. **Un'fettig**, *I. adj.* unfriendly, inimical; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unfriendliness.**

Un'friebe, (*irr.*), **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *m.* disharmony, discord, dissension, variance, quarrel. **Un'friebe**, **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* un- peaceable, quarrelsome, discordant; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unpeaceableness, discordance. **Un'friebe**, **Un'friebe**, *adj.* sad, dejected, in low spirits. [*wicked*. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* not devout, worldly, **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* unfruitful, sterile, fruitless, barren; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* sterility, barrenness. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *m.* misdemeanor, mis- conduct, disorder, mischief; nuisance; — *friebe*, to do mischief, *coll.* to raise the devil. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* unfit, incongruous, in- convenient, improper, unseasonable, prepo- sitious; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unfitness, incon- gruity, &c. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* uncomplying, unaccom- modating; disobedient; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* uncomplying temper; disobedience. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* impalpable, impercep- tible; intangible; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* impalpa- bility. [*(debt)*. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* unconsolidated, unfunded **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* 1) impracticable, im- passable (of roads); 2) uncurrent, unusual; out of date; unmerchandise, unmarketable, unsaleable; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* impracticable- ness, &c. [*flawed, not sound (iron)*. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* not whole, not entire; 2) **Un'friebe**, *adj.* not sufficiently done, roasted or boiled, underdone. * **Un'friebe**, (*w.*, *Gen.* **des Un'friebe**, some- times (*str.*) **Un'friebe**; *pl.* **Un'friebe**) *m.* (*Un'friebe*, (*w.*) *f.*) Hungarian. — **Un'friebe**, *adj.* Hun- garian; *der u-e friebe*, slouched hat; **des u-e friebe**, *Bot.* fustet (*Spizelholz*); **des u-e friebe**, *T.* alum-dressed leather; **des u-e friebe**, *Med.* purple; *der u-e friebe*, Hungarian or Hungary wine; **des u-e friebe**, *Pharm.* Hungary water. — **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Hungary. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* unkind (*Un'friebe*, *I. adj.* in- hospitable; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* want of hospi- tality, inhospitality. [*(rich)*, 1). **Un'friebe**, *adj.* *provinc.* unkind (*Un'friebe*, *I. adj.* *provinc.* 1) unfit; in- convenient; 2) unfriendly, disagreeable. **Un'friebe**, *I. prep.* (*with Gen.*) *See* **U-e**, *II*, 1; *II. conj.* though, although. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *p. a.* without an omen or foreboding, unforeboded; unsuspected. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* unbeaten, untrodden, trackless. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* *Bot.* unbearded. **Un'friebe**, **Un'friebe**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) grim- ace; 2) wild behaviour, unruliness. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* & *adv.* wild, unruly; unmannerly; **Un'fett**, *f.* unruliness, un- mannerliness. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* unasked, uninvited; *ein u-e friebe*, an unbidden guest, intruder. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* uneducated, underbred, ill-bred; coarse, rustic; illiterate, &c., *cf.* **U-e**. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* unbleached. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* unborn: 1) not born, in embryo; 2) *fig.* not yet born, future. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Un'friebe**) *m.* (*L. u.*) want of use, disuse; in-*gekommen*, disused. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* not in use, un- usual; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unusuality; de- cature. **Un'friebe**, *f.* indecorum, indecency, im- propriety; *jur.* —, indecorously, indecently, unbecomingly; exceedingly. **Un'friebe**, *I. or* **Un'friebe**, *adj.* 1) indecorous, indecent, improper; unseemly, unsuitable; unbecoming, unmannerly; im- pertinent; 2) unreasonable; undue; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *f.* & *n.* 1) in-

decorum; impropriety; indecency, unseem- liness; impertinence; 3) improper action, ex- pression, &c.; misdemeanor. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* 1) unbound, untied, loose; 2) *Book*, in sheets, in quires; 3) *fig.* a) unrestrained, free, loose; wild; b) un- bridled, licentious, dissolute; 4) *fig.* in prose, prosaic; *die u-e friebe*, prose; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* unbridledness, &c.; libertinism. **Un'friebe**, (*w.*) *f.* embryo; fetus. **Un'friebe**, (*irr.*) *m.* monstrous or evil thought. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* uncovered; *Comm.* — *u-e friebe*, sale in blank; *u-e friebe*, blank credit. [*want of success; failure*. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *n.* want of thriving, **Un'friebe**, *adj.* not wholesome, thrift- less; ungenial. **Un'friebe**, *f.* impatience; *ich friebe vor* — *zu hören*, I am dying to hear; *mit* —, *see* **Un'friebe**. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* impatient (*über* (*with Acc.*), *of*); — *u-e friebe*, to be impatient or wait impatiently for; to be anxious to receive; — *werden*, to become impatient, *coll.* to get rusty or restive; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* impatience. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* not honoured, disregarded. **Un'friebe**, *I. adv.* 1) (*von* —) by chance, accidentally, casually, *cf.* **zufällig** *II*, 2) about, near, nearly, almost; — 400, say or some- thing like 400; 400 or there about; **Un'fett**, *I. adj.* 1) casual, accidental; 2) random (guess, &c.); approximate (value, &c.), approximative, prob- able; *u-e friebe*, rough balance; *der u-e friebe* or *Preis ist ...*, it averages ...; *III. a.* (*str.*) *n.* chance, accident; random; hazard, *cf.* **zufall**, 1; *auf* — *hin*, at (hap-)hazard; by guess-work. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* unendangered; safe; *man kann sich* — *mit ihm einlassen*, *Comm.* he is safe. [*dangerous*; 2) approximative. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* 1) not dangerous, un- **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* 1) disliking, un- accommodating; unamiable; inofficious; 2) not pleasing, disagreeable; **Un'fett**, (*w.*) *f.* dislikingness, &c., want of complaisance. **Un'friebe**, *adj.* unfeathered; unfeathered, callow; not barbed (arrow). **Un'friebe**, *adj.* *Nat.* wingless, apterous. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *n.* want of feeling, (*L. u.*) unfeelingness (**U-e**, *cf.* **U-e**). **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* 1) not eaten; 2) *coll.* without having eaten, fasting, dinnerless, supperless. [*See*, *inarticulate*. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* without having joints, **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* groundless, unfounded, false. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* *Bot.* having no zone. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* 1) unheld, &c.; 2) *fig.* indignant, angry (*über* (*with Acc.*), *at*; *auf* (*with Acc.*), *with*). **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* not stitched, in sheets. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* unasked for; unbidden, unordered; **Un'fett**, *adv.* without bidding, of one's own accord. [*feigned, sincere*. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* undissembled, un- **Un'friebe**, (*often* *un'friebe*), *I. adj.* 1) huge, immense, vast, enormous, prodigious, monstrous; 2) *coll.* exceeding, excessive, con- siderable; **Un'fett**, *I. adj.* 1) hugely, &c.; 2) *coll.* ex- ceedingly, &c. very; *das u-e*, the vastness (of a thing), &c. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *n.* monster; prodigy. **Un'friebe**, (*str.*) *adj.* monstrous, wild. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* without being hindered, without (let or) hindrance, impediment, or restraint. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* 1) not planned; 2) *fig.* unpolished, rough, clownish, coarse, rustic. **Un'friebe**, *p. a.* prepared without any hope. **Un'friebe**, *I. adj.* undue, improper, in-

opposite, impertinent, irrelevant, out of place, alien; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* undeseness; impropriety.

Unggehörig, I. *adj.* disobedient; II. *a.* (str.) *m.* disobedience; *Low*, default; in die Strafe des *U-8* verfallen, to incur a default.

Unggehört, *adj.* *Bot.* naked.

Unggeist, (str., pl. *U-er*) *m.* (i. w.) perverse or false spirit; evil-mindedness. [coarse.]

Unggeistig, *adj.* spiritless; weak; material.

Unggeistlich, I. *adj.* 1) not spiritual, secular; 2) *fig.* unholy, profane; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* secularity; profaneness. [affected.]

Unggekauft, *p. a.* artless, natural, un-

Unggekauft, *p. a.* see *Unggekauft*, 1.

Unggekauft, *adj.* 1) not found, not easy; 2) not generally or commonly used, rare (word, &c.). [unracked.]

Unggeklärt, *p. a.* unclarified, unrefined.

Ungelb, (str., pl. *U-er*) *m.* *provinc.* casual expense, additional cost, &c., *Nor.* small average, hat-money and other expenses.

Ungeliegen, I. *adj.* inconvenient, unreasonable, inopportune, incommodious; *es kam mir* —, it came upon me inopportunely; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* inconvenience (—cy), incommodity, unreasonableness; 2) trouble, vexation; *Einem U-en machen*, to incommode, inconvenience, molest one, to cause or give one trouble.

Ungeliegt, *adj.* unlaied, not (yet) laid; *ich um u-e Eire beklummern*, *proverb.* to fight with the sword that is yet at the outler's.

Ungeliegt, I. *adj.* indolent, indolent, unteachable; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* indolence, indolence.

Ungeliegt, I. *adj.* unlearned, illiterate, unlettered; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* illiterateness, ignorance.

Ungeliegt, *Ungeliegt*, I. *adj.* inflexible, not supple; stiff, awkward, clumsy; II. *Ungeliegt*, *Ungeliegt*, (w.) *f.* inflexibility, stiffness, &c.

Ungeliegt, *p. a.* unquenched, &c.; *u-er* *Stoff*, unlaided time, quicklime.

Ungeliegen, *p. a.* (Grimm, WB. Vorrede, XXVII; i. w.) unaccomplished, &c., *cf.* *Ungeliegen*; *es ist ihnen* —, they have not succeeded.

Ungemacht, (str.) *m.* toil, hardship, fatigue; trouble, vexation, affliction.

Ungemachtlich, I. *adj.* inconvenient, incommodious, uncomfortable; toilsome; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* inconvenience (—cy), incommodity, incommodiousness, &c., trouble, hardship.

Ungemacht, *p. a.* prepared without malt.

Ungemacht, I. *adj.* disproportionate, &c., *cf.* *Ungemacht*; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* disproportionateness, &c.

Ungemein (*often*: *ungemein*), *adj.* uncommon; rare, extraordinary; *adv.* exceedingly.

Ungemein, *p. a.* 1) unmeasured; 2) *fig.* a) unbounded, unlimited; b) immeasurable; c) unseemly, unbecoming.

Ungemüht, *p. a.* uncoined; *u-er* *Stoff*, bullion. [*Anat.* innominate.]

Ungenannt, *p. a.* unnamed, anonymous; *Ungenan*, I. *adj.* inexact; inaccurate, uncertain, vague; II. *U-igkeit*, (w.) *f.* inexactness, inaccuracy, &c.

Ungeneigt, I. *adj.* 1) disinclined, indisposed, unwilling; 2) averse, disaffected, disaffectionate, unfriendly; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* 1) disinclination, unwillingness, reluctance; 2) averseness, &c., ill-will.

Ungenießlich, I. *adj.* unfit for enjoyment; not eatable or drinkable; not reliable; II. *U-heit*, *f.* unsuitness for enjoyment, disrelish.

Ungewirt [*pr.* *unghenrt*], I. *adj.* unrestrained, untrammeled, unhackled, unfettered; easy-going, unceremonious; without any

ceremony, hesitation, embarrassment, or constraint, free and easy; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* unconstraint, ease; homeliness (of manners, &c.).

Ungewissen, *p. a.* 1) unenjoyed, &c.; 2) *coll.* unnoticed, unperceived, see *Ungewissen*.

Ungewissen, *adj.* insufficient, inadequate; — *frucht*, *poet.* insufficiently (pre)paid.

Ungewissen, I. *adj.* unsatisfied, insatiable, greedy, intemperate; hard to be contented or satisfied; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* insatiableness, &c.

Ungewist, *p. a.* unused, unemployed, not turned to profit; *cf.* *Ungewist*.

Ungewist, *adj.* careless.

Ungewist, *p. a.* *Comm.* unregulated.

Ungewist, *p. a.* see *Ungewist*.

Ungewist, *adj.* 1) not straight; uneven; 2) odd (number, &c.); gerade oder — *spielen*, to play at even and odd; *die* — *Factart*, *Nor.* triple time.

Ungewistlich, *adj.* *Crypt.* impair.

Ungewist, *p. a.* unrimmed; *Bot.* immarginate.

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) failed, misgrown, spoiled; 2) ill-bred, spoiled, abandoned, degenerated.

Ungewist, *p. a.* not counted, &c., *cf.* *Ungewist*; *particular with an Acc. (which gener. precedes)*: not taken into account, not including ..., not included, exclusive of ..., besides ...; *viele und große Stücke* —, not to speak of a large amount of trouble.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* unjust; II. *U-igkeit*, (w.) *f.* (act of) injustice.

Ungewist, *p. a.* unwarranted.

Ungewist, *p. a.* not regulated, unregulated; irregular; inordinate.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) unrhymed; 2) *fig.* inconsistent; absurd; preposterous, incongruous, extravagant; *u-e* *Stücke*, blank verse, *u-e* *Stück*, nonsense; *u-e* *Wörter* *geben*, to be at cross-purposes; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* inconsistency; absurdity, incongruity, extravagance.

Ungewist, *p. a.* *Bot.* without nerves.

Ungewist, *p. a.* untorn; *u-er* *Sammt*, *Manuf.* uncut velvet, terry velvet.

Ungewist, *adv.* unwillingly, reluctantly, with displeasure; *ich thue es* —, I do not like or I am loath to do it; *ich sehe es* —, I am sorry to see it; *ich erlaube* —, I hear with regret. [revenged.]

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) unrolled; 2) unprepared (barley).

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) unsalted, unseasoned; *Ungewist*, *p. a.* unleavened, aymous.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) unhemmed, &c.; 2) immediate; prompt; II. *adv.* immediately, &c.

Ungewist, *p. a.* without a shaft or stock.

Ungewistlich, *adj.* not businesslike.

Ungewist, *p. a.* unpeeled, unhusked; *u-er* *Stück*, paddy. [undo.]

Ungewist, *adj.* undone; — *machen*, to *Ungewist*, *adj.* injudicious, imprudent, silly. [*Ungewist*, &c.]

Ungewist, *p. a.* unremitted, &c., *cf.* *Ungewist*, I. *adj.* 1) not feared or avoided; 2) fearless, unflinching; II. *adv.* intrepidly, boldly; without fear or shame, irreverently.

Ungewist, (str.) *m.* 1) awkwardness; 2) adverse fate. — *Ungewist*, I. or *Ungewistlich*, *adj.* awkward, ungainly, unapt, clumsy, incapable; II. *U-heit*, or *Ungewistlichkeit*, (w.) *f.* (piece of) awkwardness, &c., indexterity.

Ungewist, I. *p. a.* uncouth; boorish, rough, rude, gross; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* uncouthness, &c.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* unpolished: 1) not

whetted, out, &c., *cf.* *Ungewist*, I. *rough*; 2) *fig.* uncivil, rude, coarse, rustic; unmannerly; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* incivility, rudeness, &c. rusticity.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* (obscure): *Flachart*, &c., *cf.* *Sunder*; *Grimm*, WB. Vorrede, XLVII) tasteless, insipid (*Ungewistlich*); II. (str.) *m.* tastelessness, insipidity; want of taste, &c., *cf.* *Ungewist*.

Ungewist, *p. a.* undiminished, unimpaired, uncuttailed; *ich lasse seinen Ruf* —, I do not detract from his good name.

Ungewist, *adj.* unaltered; *Comm.* unaltered, fair (samples).

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) not supple, ductile, &c., hard, brittle, unmanageable; 2) unpliant; inflexible; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* 1) hardness, &c.; 2) unpliantness.

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) not painted (with rouge), unpainted; 2) *fig.* unpainted, adorned; without palliation.

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) unshorn, &c.; *unrot* (velvet, &c.); 2) (*gener.* *Ungewist*) *coll.* unmolested; *ich mich* — *let* me alone!

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) unweakened, undiminished, unimpaired; unlagging, unabated; 2) not deflowered, &c. [data.]

Ungewist, *p. a.* untailed; *Bot.* *Ungewist*, I. *adj.* 1) unsocialised, uncivilised; 2) unsocial, unsociable; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* 1) unsocialised state or condition; unsocialness.

Ungewist, (str.) *n.* anarchy.

Ungewist, *Ungewist*, I. *adj.* illegal, contrary to (against) the law; irregular; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* illegality, contrariety to law, irregularity.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) uncivilised; 2) unmannered, unmannerly, ill-bred, rude, uncivil; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* unmannerliness, rudeness.

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) unfed; 2) see *Ungewist*, 1 & 2.

Ungewist, I. or *Ungewist*, *adj.* deformed, disfigured, ill-shaped; II. or *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* misshape, bad shape, deformity (*Ungewist*). [settled (beer).]

Ungewist, *p. a.* 1) unconfessed; 2) *un-* *Ungewist*, *p. a.* stalkless, stemless; *Bot.* scapulous, sessile.

Ungewist, (str.) *n.* see *Ungewist*.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* undisturbed, unmolested; *es hat seinen U-en Fortgang*, it proceeds smoothly; II. *U-heit*, *f.* undisturbed state, tranquillity.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* unperished, &c.; *er soll nicht — werden*, *des soll ihm nicht* — (*coll.* *Ungewist*) *hingehen*, he shall not go unperished for it; II. *adv.* with impunity; III. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* impunity.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* vehement, violent, impetuous, boisterous, tempestuous, stormy; impatient; *u-er* *Waher*, clamorous dinner; II. (str.) *m.* & *n.* or *Ungewist*, *f.* vehemence, violence, impetuosity, boisterousness, &c., fury.

Ungewist, *adj.* 1) unsought; 2) *fig.* spontaneous, artless; *U-heit*, *f.* spontaneity, artlessness.

Ungewist, I. *adj.* 1) unwholesome, unhealthful, insalubrious, noxious; 2) unsound; in ill health, unhealthy; sickly (plants); *u-e* *Stücke*, bad humours; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* 1) unwholesomeness, &c.; 2) unsoundness, &c., ill health. [(applause).]

Ungewist, *p. a.* undivided; unanimous *Ungewist*, *Ungewist*, (str.) *n.* monster.

Ungewist, *Ungewist*, *adj.* see *Ungewist*.

Ungewist, I. *p. a.* 1) untrobbled, clear, serene, cloudless; 2) untarnished, undeliled; II. *U-heit*, (w.) *f.* cloudlessness, serenity.

Ungewist, I. *p. a.* unexercised, unpractised,

wanting practice; undrilled, raw (troops); II. *U-heit*, *f.* want of exercise or practice.

Ungewaschen, *p. a.* 1) unwashed; dirty; nasty; *u-e Wolle*, wool in the yolk; 2) *coll. a.)* abusive, slanderous; *b.)* nonsensical; *mit u-en Händen*, *coll.* unprepared.

Ungeweiht, *p. a.* unconsecrated, unhallowed.

Ungewiegt, *p. a.* without being cradled or rocked, *fam.* without a rocker.

Ungewinn, *(str.) m. (l. u.)* see *Schaden*, *B.* *Ungewinnlich*, *adj. (l. u.)* unobtainable; impregnable.

Ungewiß, *adj.* uncertain, unsure; doubtful, ambiguous; precarious; irresolute, hesitating; *auf's U-e (hin)*, at a venture, at random; in the dark; *bei's Gewisse für's U-e stehen*, to prefer the certain to the uncertain.

Ungewissenhaft, *I. adj.* unconscientious; unconscionable; II. *U-igkeit*, *(w.) f.* want of conscientiousness, unconscientiousness.

Ungewißheit, *(w.) f.* 1) uncertainty; precariousness; doubtfulness; 2) irresolution; 3) uncertain matter or prospect; in - *halten*, to keep in suspense; in - *verfassen*, to make uncertain; in - *über (with Acc.)* *gelassen* werden, to be kept in ignorance of

Ungewitter, *(str.) n.* thunder-storm, tempest; -*vogel*, *m.* see *Sturmvogel*.

Ungewogen, *I. p. a.* 1) unweighed; II. *adj.* disinclined, averse (*Ungewogen*, 3, 8).

Ungewöhnheit, *(w.) f.* want of habit, want of practice, unwordedness, desuetude.

Ungewöhnlich, *I. adj.* 1) unusual, unwonted, uncommon; 2) singular, extraordinary, exceptional; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* 1) unusualness, &c.; 2) singularity.

Ungewohnt, *adj.* 1) (*with Gen.*) unaccustomed, unused (to ...); 2) unwonted, not habitual; unusual.

Ungewohnt, *I. p. a.* untamed, uncured, unbridled; II. *U-heit*, *f.* 1) the (state of) being untamed, &c.; wildness; 2) licentiousness.

Ungewohnt, *adj.* not indented; *Bot.* edentate. (*Insecta.*)

Ungewisser, *(str.) n.* vermin; (noxious)

Ungewissen, *adj.* unseemly, unbecoming, unsuitable; *auf so u-e Weise*, with so much impropriety.

Ungewogen, *I. adj.* 1) not drawn; 2) not ridged; 3) ill-bred, ill-mannered, unmannerly, rude, uncivil; naughty; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* 1) ill-breeding, ill-manners, unmannerliness, ill-behaviour; naughtiness; coarseness; 2) rude or uncivil action or expression, naughty trick, &c.

Ungewirrt, *p. a.* not twisted, flat (yarn).

Ungewungen, *I. adj.* 1) unconstrained, &c.; 2) easy(-going), unaffected, natural; II. *U-heit*, *f.* unconstraint; easiness, ease; fluency.

Ungläub, *(str.) m.* 1) disbelief, incredulity; 2) (religious) unbelief, infidelity, irreligion, impiety. - *Ungläubig*, *adj.* 1) disbelieving, incredulous; 2) unbelieving, infidel, irreligious; *der (die) U-e*, infidel, unbeliever, * : *Painim*.

Ungläubig, *I. or Ungläubigkeit*, *adj.* incredible; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* incredibility.

Ungläubig, *p. a.* unglazed; *u-es Gefäß*, biscuit.

Ungleich, *I. adj.* 1) unequal; 2) unlike, dissimilar; 3) disproportionate; 4) uneven; *a)* not level; *b)* odd; *fig.-s.* 5) varying, inconsistent; 6) *provinc.* undue, unjust; *amies*; *u-er Puls*, unequal or intercurrent pulse; *zwischen Personen von u-em Stande*, between persons of unequal rank; II. *adv.* 1) unequally, &c.; 2) incomparably, (by) far; -*besser*, far better; - *schöner*, much finer.

Ungleichartig, *I. adj.* dissimilar; heterogeneous, incongruous, ungenial; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* dissimilarity, &c.

Ungleichblättrig, *adj. Bot.* heterophyllous.

Ungleichbreitig, *adj.* see *Ungleichseitig*.

Ungleichfarbig, *adj.* of dissimilar colours, discoloured, different in colour.

Ungleichförmig, *I. adj.* not uniform; non-conformable, unlike, different; asymmetrical; *Bot.* difform; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* want of uniformity, non-conformity, &c.

Ungleichhöftig, *adj. Bot.* oblique.

Ungleichheit, *(w.) f.* 1) inequality; 2) unlikeness, dissimilitude; 3) disparity, disproportion; 4) unevenness; 5) variation, &c.

Ungleich ... in comp. -*heit*, *adj.* unequally high; *Bot.* alternate; -*klappig*, *adj. Bot.* unequalvalved; -*laute*, *p. a.* not parallel; -*laute*, *p. a.* dissonant; -*mäßig*, *adj.* not uniform, unequal; disproportionate; -*mäßig*, *(w.) f.* want of uniformity or proportion, disproportion; -*maßlos*, *adj.* incommensurable; -*paarig*, *adj. Bot.* unpaired; -*paarig*, *see* -*klappig*; -*seitig*, *adj.* with unequal sides; *Geom.* scalene; -*seitig*, *see* -*klappig*; -*seitig*, *adj. Arithm.* aliquant (number).

Ungliederig, *adj.* memberless.

Unglimpf, *(str.) m.* rigour, harshness; disregard.

Unglimpflich, *adj.* harsh, rigorous; regardless.

Unglück, *(str.) n.* misfortune, mischance, ill-fortune, ill-luck; disaster; distress; adversity; calamity; mischief; - *im Spiele*, a run of ill-luck, an ill run (at play); *zu (seinem)* -, to his misfortune; *jum (größten)* -, (most) unfortunately or unluckily; - *haben*, to meet with misfortune; *das - davon ist*, the mischief of it is; *proverb.* *etwas Gutes hat jedes* -, it is an ill wind that blows nobody good; *ein - kommt nie allein*, misfortunes never come singly; - *drohen*, *adj.* ominous of evil, ill-omened.

Unglücklich, *I. adj.* unlucky: 1) unhappy, ill-fated, unfortunate, wretched; fatal, disastrous; woeful; 2) unsuccessful; *das Erste* was - *ging*, the first thing that happened amiss; - *lieben*, to be unfortunate in love; *Macchavelli* war - *verheiratet*, M. was unhappily married; II. *der (die) U-e*, unhappy or unfortunate person.

Unglück ... in comp. -*heit*, *m.* messenger of bad news; -*heftig*, *f.* bad or fatal message or news; -*brüder*, *m.* brother in misfortune; -*el*, *m.* wind-egg.

Unglückselig, *I. adj.* (most) unhappy, unfortunate; calamitous, disastrous; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* unhappiness; infelicity.

Unglück ... in comp. -*fall*, *m.* misfortune, calamity; -*gefährte*, *m.* companion or brother in misfortune; -*jaht*, *m.* unfortunate or disastrous year; -*kind*, *n.* see -*ohn*; -*loos*, *m.* unhappy lot; -*propheet*, *m.* prophet of sad tidings; *com.* croak, croaker; -*schmidt*, *m.* author of misfortune; -*sohn*, *m.* son of misfortune, unhappy or fated person; -*stern*, *m.* fatal star, evil star, disaster; -*stifter*, *m.* breeder of mischief, mischief-maker; -*stunde*, *f.* fatal or unfortunate hour; -*tag*, *m.* unlucky or ill-starred day; -*vogel*, *m.* 1) bird portending misfortune (the screech-owl, &c.); 2) *coll. a.)* author of misfortune; *b.)* unlucky person; -*wort*, *m.* ill-omened word; *unglück(ig)* *verfündend*, *adj.* ill-boding, ill-omened, portentous.

Ungnade, *(w.) f.* disgrace; disfavour; inclemency; in - (*Acc.*) *fallen*, to be disgraced; in - *fallen* or *geraten* bei ..., to fall under one's displeasure, to incur the disfavour of ... - *Ungnädig*, *adj.* ungracious; inclement; unkind, unfavourable; angry (*auf (with Acc.)*, *with*).

Ungöttlich, *I. adj.* ungodly; irreligious,

profane, impious; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* ungodliness, &c.

Ungut, *see* *Ungerode*.

Ungütig, *adj.* contrary to the genius of Greece; anti-Grecian, un-Grecian-like.

Ungrün, *(str.) n. provinc.* evergreen, periwinkle (*synon.* *Ungrün*, *Ungrün*, *Ungrün*).

Ungut, *adj.* see *Ungütig*. (*grün*).

Ungut, *I. adj.* 1) *(Luther, &c.)* groundless, baseless; II. *s. (str.) m.* 1) want of foundation, groundlessness, baselessness; 2) want of truth; falsity. - *Ungutlich*, *I. adj.* not profound, superficial; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* want of profoundness, superficiality.

Ungütig, *I. adj.* 1) not current, out of circulation; 2) not admissible, invalid, not good or unavailable in law; void; - *machen*, *für* - *erklären*, to invalidate, abolish, (dis-)annul, cancel, vitiate, make void; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* invalidity, nullity.

Ungut, *f.* 1) disfavour, disaffection, displeasure, disgrace; 2) unfavourableness, badness (of times, &c.). - *Ungutlich*, *adj.* unfavourable; disadvantageous; unpropitious, inauspicious; contrary (wind).

Ungut, *I. adj.* not good; II. *adv. coll.* not well, ill, amiss; *etwas für* - *nehmen*, or in *u-em* *vermeinen*, to take ill or amiss; *nichts für* - *! no harm! no offence!*

Ungut, *f. coll.* unkindness; in - *vermeinen*, to take amiss.

Ungütig, *I. adj.* unkind; unfriendly; - *nehmen*, to take ill or amiss; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* unkindness, &c.; disfavour, ill-will.

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* 1) not stout, not durable; 2) untenable, indefensible; 3) *Min.* containing little metal; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* 1) want of durability, weakness; fragility; 2) untenableness, &c.; emptiness (of a reproach, &c.).

Ungutlich, *adj. Mus.* inharmonious; *der u-e* *Quersieb*, *Mus.* false relation; - *klängen*, - *klängen* *machen*, to jar, jangle.

Ungut, *(str.) n.* mischief, harm, evil; -*bringen*, *s.* -*schwanger*, *adj.* pregnant with mischief, fatal, pernicious; -*stifter*, *m.* mischief-maker; -*voll*, *adj.* calamitous, fatal, disastrous, mischievous.

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* incurable, insanable; irremediable, irreparable, irretrievable; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* incurability, &c.

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* unholy, unhallowed, profane; irreligious, impious; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* unholiness, &c.; profanity.

Ungutlich, *adj.* unwholesome, prejudicial, noxious.

Ungutlich, *adj.* foreign; exotic.

Ungutlich, *adj.* uneasy; uncomfortable; gloomy; dismal, unearthly, haunted, *, eldritch, eerie, *coll.* uncanny.

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* uncivil, uncourteous, impolite; disobliging; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* incivility, impoliteness, &c.; piece of rudeness.

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* disaffected, unfavourable, unkind, ungracious; II. *(str.) m.* fiend, demon; wizard; monster; *U-entrant*, *m. provinc.* 1) magic herb; 2) (*or* *U-entrte*, *f.*) mullein (*Wolfskraut*).

Ungutlich, *(w.) f.* witch, sorceress; fiend.

Ungutlich, *(str.) m.* 1) *unhöflich*, *adj.* inaudible; II. *U-heit*, *(w.) f.* inaudibleness.

Ungutlich, *(w.) f.* disgrace, disfavour.

Ungutlich, *(str.) pl. (Lat.)* *U-nica* (*Lat.*) any unique thing (book, &c.).

Ungutlich, *I. adj.* (Lat.) uniform; II. *s. (w.) f.* regimentals, uniform; *eine vollständige* -, a complete uniform. - *Ungutlich*, *(w.) f.* uniformity. - *Ungutlich*, *(w.) f.* *tr.* to clothe (soldiers, &c.). (*Trüb.*)

Ungutlich, *p. a. T.* dyed of one colour

Ungutlich, *adj.* uninteresting.

Ungutlich, *adj.* disinterested.

* *Un'ern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lat.*) to unite. —

Un'ion, (*w.*) *f.* union.

* *Un'ison*, *n.* (*Ital.*) *Mus.* in unison.

* *Un'itarier*, (*str.*) *m.*, *Un'itar'isch*, *adj.*

Ecol. unitarian.

* *Un'ität*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) unity.

* *Un'iversäl*, *adj.* (*Lat.*) universal: — *erbt*, *m.* heir general; exclusive heir; *Mach-e*. — *centrumbüßter*, *m.* expanding centre-bit; — *futter*, *m.* chuck (of a turning-lathe); — *gecent*, *n.* universal joint, swivel-link; — *Mittel*, *n.* universal or sovereign remedy, catholicon, panacea; — *recept*, *n.* sovereign prescription. —

* *Un'iversität*, *f.* universality.

* *Un'iversität*, (*w.*) *f.* university, academy; college: *Un'freund*, *m.* college friend, fellow-colleague; *Un'gericht*, *n.* court of justice in some German universities, nearly analogous to the Chancellor's (Consistory) Court of English universities; *Un'jahr*, *n.* year passed at the university. [*un.* universe.]

* *Un'iversum*, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*] *Un'iver[s]*)

Un'igbbär, *adj.* *Sport.* unfit for the chase.

Un'igigig, *adj.* under age.

Un'färlig, *adj.* under an emperor.

Un'färligkeits, *adj.* unmercantile, un-

businesslike.

Un'fä, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Zool.* a) orange-speckled

toad (*Bombinator igneus* Merr.); b) common or

ringed snake (*Spingerlatter*); 2) *see* *Chubn-*

höder. [*leit*].

* *Un'fährig*, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* basalt (*Ba-*

un'fähr, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*l. u.*) to croak.

Un'fährig'ig *Un'fährig'ig*, *I. adj.* inca-

capable of being known or recognised, un-

knownable, indiscernible; — *machen*, to dis-

guise; to deface; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* indis-

cernibleness.

* *Un'fährigig*, (*str.*) *f.* ignorance.

Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unchaste, lascivious,

lewd, impure, unclean; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.*

unchastity, lewdness, &c., impurity.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* 1) unfilial, undutiful;

2) unchildlike; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* un-

filialness, undutifulness.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* secular; *Ag.* worldly;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* worldliness.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* 1) unclear, not clear, &c.,

cf. *klar*; troubled; 2) *Mar.* (— *laufend*) foul;

3) *Ag.* indistinct; confused; obscure; *im Un'fährig*,

to be uncertain; to be in the dark (*über*

with Acc.), about, as to; *cf.* *Dunkel*; *II. Un-*

fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unclearness, &c.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* imprudent; foolish; *II. Un-*

fährig, (*w.*) *f.* imprudence; (place of) folly.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* incorporeal, bodiless,

immaterial; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* incorporeality,

immateriality; *Un'fährigig*, *f.* immaterialism.

Un'fährig, *pl. see* *Rösten*.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* inefficacious, ineffectual;

feeble, weak, infirm, invalid, powerless;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* inefficaciousness, &c.

Un'fährig, (*str.*, *pl.* *Un'fährig*) *n.* 1) weed;

tare; 2) *Ag.* a) bad, evil thing; b) bad or

obnoxious person; — *fährig*, to sow tares; —

verdröbt nicht, *provinc.* (*lit.* evil weeds never

with) ill weeds grow apace, naught never

comes to harm.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* unwarlike.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* *see* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährig, *f.* want of knowledge, igno-

rance, unacquaintance.

Un'fährig, *adj.* (*with Gen.*) not knowing,

ignorant (of), unacquainted (with).

Un'fährig, *f.* false or bad art.

Un'fährig (*sometimes* *un'fährig*), *adv.* of

late, lately, recently, not long since, not

long ago.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* not in conformity with

the rules or idiom of the Latin grammar.

Un'fährigig (*often* *un'fährigig*), *I. adj.* un-

deniable; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* undeniableness.

Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* ill humour. — *Un'fährig*,

adj. ill-humoured.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* impure; unclean; sor-

did; sinister (motives, &c.); *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*)

f. impurity, &c. [*life*].

Un'fährig, (*str.*) *n.* disagreeable, vexatious

Un'fährig, *adj.* *cf.* *ist mir* —, I am not sorry.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* 1) *or* *Un'fährigig*, in-

sufferable, intolerable, insupportable; 2) im-

patient, intolerant; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* in-

tolerableness, &c.

Un'fährigig, *I. or* *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* un-

manageable, ungovernable; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*)

f. ungovernableness, want of docility.

Un'fährigig, *Un'fährigig*, *I. adj.* illegible;

gewohnt, *u-c* *Christ* *zu entziffern*, accustomed

to deciphering indistinct writing; *II. Un'fährig*,

(*w.*) *f.* illegibility.

Un'fährigig, *see* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährig, *adj.* not dear; disagreeable; *cf.* *ist*

mir —, I do not like it, I am sorry (for it).

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* unpleasant; unsavoury;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unpleasantness.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* invidious, *see* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* not praiseworthy, illan-

dable, not laudable, blamable.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* illogical. [*bar* *u.*

Un'fährigig, *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* *see* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* unquenchable; *II. Un'fährig*,

(*w.*) *f.* unquenchableness. [*disinclination*].

Un'fährig, *f.* displeasure, dislike; disgust;

Un'fährig, *adj.* 1) disliking, disinclined;

disgustful; 2) dull, heavy, sad.

Un'fährig, *f.* 1) powerlessness, weakness,

impotence; 2) *see* *Un'fährig*, 2. [*fant*].

Un'fährigig, *adj.* powerless, weak, im-

powerful; *I. adj.* unmannerly; rude;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unmannerliness, rudeness.

Un'fährig, (*str.*, *pl.* *Un'fährig*) *m.* 1) en-

ough; 2) *Ag.* a) coward; b) dandy.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* not arrived at man-

hood; under age; unmarriedable; *II. Un'fährig*,

(*w.*) *f.* the not having attained to manhood

or puberty; unmarriedableness.

Un'fährigig, *I. or* *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* un-

manly, unmanlike; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* un-

manly, *Un'fährig*, (*str.*) *n.* excess.

Un'fährigig, (*str.*) *n.* excess.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* without prescrib-

ing (any conditions or limits), open to cor-

rection, unassuming, humble; *II. adj.* under

favour, with deference or submission.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* immoderate, intem-

perate, excessive; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* im-

moderateness, immoderation, intemperance; ex-

cess; extravagance.

Un'fährigig, (*w.*) *n.* inhuman or cruel man,

tyrant, barbarian, monster.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* 1) inhuman, cruel,

barbarous; pitiless; 2) *coll.* vast, mighty;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* inhumanity, cruelty, bar-

barity, tyranny; inhuman or cruel deed.

Un'fährigig, *I. or* *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* imper-

ceptible, inappreciable; insensible; *II. Un'fährig*,

(*w.*) *f.* imperceptibleness, &c.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* incommensurable; *eine*

u-c *Zahl*, surd number; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* in-

commensurability. [*(w.) f.* harshness.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* not mild, harsh; *II. Un'fährig*,

adj. incompassionate, pit-

iless.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* immediate, direct;

ein — *gefallter* *Bedarf*, *Comm.* direct bill;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* immediateness; directness.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* incommunicative.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* unfashionable.

Un'fährigig (*often* *un'fährigig*), *I. adj.* im-

possible; out of the question; *u-c* *Größe*,

Math. imaginary quantity; *nach dem Un'fährig*

streben, *coll.* to cry for the moon; *II. Un'fährig*,

(*w.*) *f.* impossibility; *Ding der Un'fährig*, im-

possibility; *Einen in die Un'fährig* *bringen* *zu* ...,

to put it out of one's power to ...

Un'fährigig, *adj.* not troublesome

some, not painful.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* under age, minor, non-

aged; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* nonage, under-age,

minority; *Ag.* pupillage.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* *provinc.* dull, heavy,

spirited, low.

Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* want of leisure.

Un'fährig, (*str.*) *m.* 1) depression of spirits,

dejection; gloom, gloominess, sadness; 2) ill-

humour; displeasure, indignation.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* 1) ill-humoured, out of

humour; low-spirited, gloomy; sad; 2) dis-

pleased. [*tural*, cruel mother.

Un'fährigig, (*str.*, *pl.* *Un'fährigig*) *f.* unna-

ture; *Un'fährigig*, *I. adj.* unmotherly; cruel

(*adv.* cruelly); *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* unnatural-

ness, cruelty (of a mother).

Un'fährigig, *I. or* *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* im-

itatable, beyond the reach of imita-

tion; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.* imitability.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* without energy.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* unyielding, unaccom-

modating, uncomplying, uncompromising,

stubborn.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* assiduous, sedulous.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* *see* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährigig, *Un'fährigig*, *adj.* not

indulgent; stern, unrelenting.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* not prejudicial, un-

prejudicial, uninjuring; *II. Un'fährig*, (*w.*) *f.*

unprejudicialness.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* unapproachable.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* not nourishing.

Un'fährigig, (*str.*) *m.* nick-name.

Un'fährigig, (*w.*) *f.* something contrary to

nature (*Un'fährigig*).

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* unnatural; affected;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unnaturalness; affectedness.

Un'fährigig, *adj.* not to be named, un-

utterable, *cf.* *Un'fährigig*.

Un'fährigig, *I. adj.* unnecessary, needless;

II. Un'fährig, (*w.*) *f.* unnecessaryness, &c.

Un'fährig, *I. adj.* 1) *or* *Un'fährig*

senses; (*Grimm*, WB. Vorrede, XLII) not concrete, abstract.

Unfittig, (*w.*) *f.* bad habit; immorality.
Unfittig, *adj.* immodest; ill-mannered.
Unfittig, *I. adj.* 1) immoral, vicious; 2) unprincipled, weak; II. *U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) immorality; immoral action, &c.; 2) want of principle or character.

Unförsäclic, *adj.* irreconcilable.
Unförsäclic, *adj.* not son-like, unfilial.
Unförsäclic, *adj.* 1) not solid or firm; not tenable; 2) *Comm.* unsafe; u-e *Handlung* weise, unfair manner of acting; — **Unförsäclic** ist, (*w.*) *f.* 1) want of solidity, &c.; 2) want of respectability. [*unconcern*].

Unförsorge, (*w.*) *f.* want of taking care, **Unförsorglich**, **Unförsorgsam**, *I. adj.* careless, negligent; II. *U-felt*, *f.* carelessness, negligence. [*Jargon*].

Unförsäclic, (*w.*) *f.* bad or vicious language, **Unförsäclic**, *f. see* *Unförsäclic*.
Unförsäclic, *I. or* *Unförsäclic*, *adj.* 1) unsteady, inconstant, unstable, restless; 2) untold, fickle, variable; 3) unsettled; without a fixed abode; roving; eine *U-ige* *Stück*, *Math.* a discrete (variable) quantity; u-e *Sinn*, *see* *Unförsäclic*; — *frucht*, *n. Bot.* meadow-rue (*Thalictrum* L.); II. *U-igelt*, (*w.*) *f.* unsteadiness, &c., unsettled state.

Unförsäclic, (*w.*) *f.* place or spot reputed dangerous from superstition.
Unförsäclic, *I. adj.* inadmissible, unallowable; II. *U-igelt*, (*w.*) *f.* inadmissibility.
Unförsäclic, *I. adj.* immortal; deathless, undying; — *machen*, to immortalise; II. *U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* immortality. [*disaster*].

Unförsäclic, (*str.*) *m.* evil star; misfortune, **Unförsäclic**, *see* *Unförsäclic*.
Unförsäclic, (*w.*) *f.* want of stillness, noise.
Unförsäclic, *adj.* imperturbable; *Low*, incommutable.

Unförsäclic, *I. or* *Unförsäclic*, *adj.* incontestable, indisputable, unquestionable, indubitable; II. *U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* incontestableness, &c.; certainty.

Unförsäclic, *adj.* inexpressible.
Unförsäclic, (*w.*) *f.* enormous or immense sum or amount.

Unförsäclic, *I. adj.* 1) impeccable; 2) *see* *Unförsäclic*; II. *U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* impeccability.
Unförsäclic, *I. adj.* unsinful; exempt from sin, innocent; II. *U-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* innocence; impeccability.

Unförsäclic, *I. or* *Unförsäclic*, *adj.* unblamable, blameless; irreproachable, irproachable; unimpeachable; II. *U-igelt*, (*w.*) *f.* unblamableness, &c.

Unförsäclic, *I. adj.* unfit, unsuitable, exceptional, improper, useless, good for nothing; unseaworthy, disabled; — *machen*, to (make or render) unfit, to disable, disqualify, to incapacitate (*zu*, *for*); II. *U-felt*, *f.* unfitness, &c.

Unförsäclic, *adj.* not taxed; eine *U-e* *Police*, *Comm.* an open policy.

Unter, *adv.* 1) below (*opp.* *Oben*); beneath, underneath, under; at the bottom (an der *Treppe*, of the stairs, &c.); below or down stairs; *sie* *sind* *alle* —, they are all down stairs; 2) at the (lower) end, last; dort —, down, below, or under there; — *an*, at the lowest end, last, below, at the lower part; — *am* *Berge*, at the foot of the hill; — *an* der *Strasse*, at the end of the street; — *im* *Frass*, at the bottom of the oak; — *hin* *aus*, out below; — *her* *aus*, from below; — *durch*, through underneath; — *her* *um*, round the bottom, round about beneath; *von* *oben* *bis* —, from top to bottom; *von* — *auf*, from the lowest rank upwards, from the ranks; *Nach*, from before the mast; *nach* —, downward; mit dem *Kopf* —, with the head downward or lowest;

— (*Rehend*), at foot, below; wie — *or* — *Rehend*, as at foot, as below; — *liegen*, 1. to lie under; 2. to be overcome or worsted.

Unter, *I. prep.* with the *Dat.* when rest or motion beneath a place is implied (answering to the question *wo?* *where?*); *es* *liegt* — *dem* *Tische*, it lies under the table; *der* *Wagen* *hielt* — *der* *Brücke*, the carriage stopped beneath the bridge; with the *Acc.* when indicating motion or passing under a thing (answering to the question *wohin?* *whither?*); *wir* *es* — *den* *Tisch*, throw it under the table; *wir* *fuhren* — *eine* *Brücke*, we drove under a bridge; 1) under; 2) below, beneath; 3) among, amongst, amid, amidst, in the midst of; 4) between, betwixt; 5) (— *her* *von*) from among; of; in; 6) by, during; — *dem* *Tische* *her* *von*, from under the table; — *funfzig* *Jahren* (alt), under fifty, on the better, right, bright, or this side of fifty; — *der* *Regierung* *Karl's* *des* *Zweiten*, in the reign of Charles the Second; — *dem* *feindlichen* *Heere*, exposed to the enemy's fire; — *Wart*, *Comm.* below par; — *seinem* *Stande* *heiraten*, to marry below or beneath one's self; *er* *heiratete* — *seinem* *Stande*, he married below him; *er* *ist* — *mit* (an *Kang* &c.), he is below me (in rank, &c.); he is inferior to me; — *einander*, *see* *Unter*; — *die* *Soldaten* *gehen*, to enlist as a soldier; — *uns* (gefragt), (be it spoken) between ourselves (under the rose); — *uns* *kommt* *es* *nicht* *darauf* *an*, it is no matter of consequence between you and me; — 3) *Schilling* *nicht* *zu* *haben*, not to be had at less than 3 s.; *es* *blieb* — *meiner* *Erwartung*, it did not come up to my expectations; — *talichem* *Namen*, in a false name; — *andern*, amongst other things; — *dieser* *Bedingung*, on this condition; — *jeder* *Bedingung*, upon any terms; *wenn* — *Bedürfnis* *Bettelarmut* *verstanden* *wird*, if by distress is meant beggary; — *dem* *gehrten* *dieses* (Monats), under the date of the tenth instant; — *Weges*, *see* *Unterweg*; — *der* *Zeit*, in the mean time; — *dem* *Gebete*, during prayers; — *der* *Arbeit* *einschlafen*, to fall asleep working; — *Bergigung* *dieser* *Tränen*, while shedding a torrent of tears.

Unter, (*str.*) *m. Gm.* knave (at cards).
Unter, *in comp.* under ..., sub ...; — *abert*, *f.* subvariety; — *abgeordnet*, *f.* subdelegate; — *abordnung*, *f.* subdelegation; — *abstellen*, *v. tr.* subdivide; — *abteilung*, *f.* subdivision; — *acht*, *f. t.* inferior ban (not the imperial ban); — *achtern*, *v. tr.* to plough under; — *admiral*, *m.* under-admiral; — *alpine*, *adj.* subalpine; — *amt*, *n.* inferior or subordinate office; — *amtlich*, *adj.* pertaining to or issuing from an *amt*; — *arm*, *m.* the lower part of the arm, fore-arm; — *ärmel*, *m.* under-sleeve; — *art*, *f.* inferior species, subpecies; — *arzt*, *m.* surgeon's assistant; — *aufseher*, *m.* under-keeper, subinspector; — *aufsicht*, *f.* under-inspection; — *ballen*, *m.* 1) *Corp.* summer; 2) *Archit.* architrave; 3) *Privat* winter (of a printing-press); — *ballentracht*, *f.* — *ballenweger*, *m. pl. Mar.* thick-stuff; — *ban*, *m. & n.* underbinding, underbandage; — *baß*, *m. see* *Euböf*; — *ban*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Unterbauten*) *m.* 1) sub-structure, foundation; 2) building under ground; 3) *Rauhe* groundwork, sub-structure, earthworks (such as cuttings, embankments, drains, viaducts, bridges, tunnels, level-crossings, &c.); — *band*, *m.* lower (part or region of the) belly, *Anat.* hypogastrium; — *bandgegenb.*, *f.* hypogastric region; — *bandschlagader*, *f.* hypogastric artery; — *baun*, *v. tr.* to build a substructure for ...; to build under ...; — *baum*, *m. see* *Zeugbaum*; — *baumung*, *f.* substruction; — *beamtete*, *m.* inferior (civil) officer, subordinate, subaltern; — *bediente*, *m.* under-servant, under-strapper; — *beischlagaber*, *m.* vice-com-

mandant, second in command, under-chief; — *befrachtet*, *m.* re-freighter; — *beibrut*, *f.* sub-tribunal, inferior court; — *beistellbar*, *pl.* drawers; — *beistell*, *m.* *Join.* under-board; — *beritter*, *m.* under riding-master; — *bergmeister*, *m.* foreman in the mines; — *bett*, *n.* under-bed, feather-bed; — *betten*, *v. tr.* to put (cushions, &c.) under; — *betting*, *f.* 1) *Rauhe* bed; 2) (*des* *Stiefen*) *flag-bed*; — *brut*, *f.* lower part of a wooden bee-hive; — *brodmästige*, *m.* subdelegate; — *bibliothekar*, *m.* sub-librarian; — *binden*, *v. tr.* to tie on or to the under-side; — *binden*, *v. tr.* *Surg.* to under-bind, tie (under); — *binbung*, *f.* *Surg.* ligature; tying; — *bischof*, *m.* suffragan; — *blatt*, *n.* 1) (*or* *dimin.* — *blättchen*) *Jewel* foil; 2) lower blade of a pair of shears.

Unter, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be left unperformed or undone; to discontinue, cease; — *lassen*, not to do, forbear; *unterblieben*, *p. a.* left undone; *unterbliebene* *Zahlung*, omission of payment; *unterbliebene* *Reparatur*, neglect of repairs; *wegen* *u-der* *Weiterriste*, in consequence of not having proceeded on one's journey.

Unter, *in comp.* — *benutze*, *f. Mar.* spirit-sail; — *beben*, *m.* 1) under-floor; 2) *Wachm.* lower plate; 3) base of a button; — *bege*, *m. Archit.* 1) lower line or curve of an arch, intrados; 2) archivault; *Nor.* — *benutze*, *f.* the lower bysails; — *bootsmann*, *m.* boatwain's mate; — *bootsmeister*, *m.* under-officer in salt-works.

Unterbrechen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to interrupt; to suspend, stop; to break (the silence); *unterbrochen*, *p. a.* interrupted, &c.; u-e *Proportion*, *f. Math.* discrete or interrupted proportion; u-e *Folge*, *f. Mus.* diatonic series.

Unterbrechen, (*w.*) *f.* interruption, suspension, stop; break; mit *U-en*, off and on; at detached intervals; ohne —, continuous; *U-gehehen*, *m. Typ.* sign to note a pause or omission, dash [—].

Unterbreiten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make use of as a basis or foundation; 2) to submit (to one's inspection, &c.).

Unterbringen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put underneath; 2) to bring under shelter, to procure quarters for, to accommodate, to find room or to get a place, &c. for ...; to place (with); to provide for; to dispose of (in marriage); to stow (luggage, &c.); 3) *a)* to sell, place, to dispose of, get off; *b)* to put out, lodge, invest, place (one's money, &c.); to negotiate (bills of exchange); to get taken or covered (a risk); *untergebracht* *werden*, to be covered; nicht *unterbringen* (*unbefestigt*) *Strick*, dead letters.

Unter, *in comp.* — *classe*, *f.* lower or inferior class; — *commissär*, *m.* subcommissioner; — *bechant*, *m.* subdean; — *bed*, *n. Mar.* lower-deck; — *bede*, *f.* under cover.

Unterbeck, *Unterbeck*, *adv.* in the mean, meantime, meanwhile.

Unterbrücken, (*w.*) *f. Mus.* subdominant; — *brücken*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to oppress; 2) *a)* to suppress; crush, stifle; *b)* to put down, repress. [*pressor*].

Unterbrücken, (*str.*) *m.* oppressor; sup-
Unterbrücken, (*w.*) *f.* oppression; sup-
pression; repression.

Unterbrücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Duden*, II. **Unter**, *adj.* low, lower, nether, under, inferior; *das* — *Deutschland*, Lower (Nether) Germany; *die* — *Walz*, the Lower Palatinate; *das* — *Italien*, Lower Italy; *die* *u-en* *Klassen* (Stände), the lower classes; (*in* *Schulen*) *unter* *classes*; *die* *Schüler* *der* *u-en* *Klassen*, *coll.* the lower lads.

Unter, *in comp.* — *eggen*, *v. tr.* to harrow under; — *einander*, *I. adv.* 1) under one another; 2) among one another; one with

another, together; 3) mixed up, confusedly, in confusion, *coll.* pell-mell; —einander mischen, *v. tr.* to mix up; jumble together; —einander setzen, *v. tr.* *Archit.* to arrange; *II. (str.)* *n.* confusion; —einstellen, *v. tr.* to subdivide; —einstellung, *f.* subdivision; —eisen, *n.* small anvil for making holes; —erdgeschöß, *n.* underground story; —fach, *n.* *Weav.* lower shed, bottom of the warp.

Unterfaßren, (str.) v. tr. 1) see **Unter-mauern**; 2) die Erde —, *Min.* to work under the lode.

Unterfangen, (str.) v. refl. to dare, venture, hazard, presume; to be so bold as to, &c.; to offer, attempt, undertake (*einer Sache* *Gen.*); a thing; daß —, (*str.*) *v. s.* (daring) attempt, undertaking; audacity.

Unter in comp. —lassen, *v. tr. & intr.* to take the arm of, to lean on a person, to go arm-in-arm; —selbster, *m.* lieutenant-general; second in command, subordinate commander; —selbstermarßall, *m.* field-marshal-lieutenant. [**Unterführer**].

Unterfögen, (w.) v. tr. provinc. for Unter in comp. —nehmen, *v. tr.* see **Erreichen**, 1; —fürster, *m.* under-forester, under forest-keeper, ranger; —fürsterei, *f.* under-forester's office or habitation; —frachtvertrag, *m.* *Comm.* re-chartparty; —fries, *m. T.* bottom-rail; —führung, *f.* *Reise*, &c. under-bridge (*opp.* *Überführung*); —fürst, *m.* subordinate prince; —fuß, *m.* lower part of the foot; —füter, *n.* lining; —füterter, —füterter, *v. tr. 1)* to line; to stuff in or under; 2) *Stroh* (*acc.*) —füterter, to mix (straw, &c.) with the fodder; —gährung, *f.* *Brew.* fermentation from below; —gähriges Bier, *n.* beer fermented from below.

Unterfang, (str.) v. tr. U-gänge m. 1) the (act of) going down, sinking, setting (of the sun, &c.); sunset; 2) Occident; West; 3) fall, ruin, destruction; wreck; 4) *provinc.* see **Umgang**, 1, b; er hat die den — geschworen, he has sworn (to) fl. your destruction, alß: to ruin you; der — der Welt, the end or destruction of the world.

Unter in comp. —gattung, *f.* subordinate or secondary species, sub-species; —gebäude, *n.* substructure; see —geschöß.

Untergeben, (str.) v. tr. to place under (one), to subject, submit, commit, to give in charge; *Einem* — sein, to be subject to one; to be placed under one; sich einer Sache (*Dat.*) — (untergeben), to undertake any thing; der *U-Geßell*, *Law.* the present case; der (die) *Untergebene*, *m. (& f.) 1)* inferior; subaltern; dependent; 2) pupil; disciple.

Untergebenheit, f. the being subjected or inferior to ...; allegiance.

Unter in comp. —gebitter, *m.* sub-commander, under-master; —gebiß, *n.* lower row of teeth.

Untergehen, (irr.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to go down, sink, to be submerged; to founder, perish, wreck; *fig.* to merge; 2) to set (of the sun, &c.); 3) to perish, to fall, to go to ruin; to be wrecked; 4) to become extinct or lost; untergegangene *Existenzen*, extinct species of animals; er glaubte, die Welt ginge unter, he thought the end of the world had come; die Welt wird dieses Jahr —, the world is to be destroyed or come to an end this year; der (or die) fittlich or geistlich untergegangene, wreck. [**Untergehen**, (*str.*) *v. tr. provinc.* see **Umgang**, 1, b].

Unter in comp. —gehül, *n.* undergrowth, underwood, copse; —gehülig, *adj. provinc.* subordinate, subject; —gehilf, *m.* subordinate ecclesiastic, one of the under-clergy; —gehele, *n.* see —fach; —gehorbet, *adj.* subordinate; —geordnete Commis, under-clerk; der (die) —geordnete, *m. (& f.)* see **Untergebene**;

—gericht, *n.* inferior court (of judicature), inferior tribunal; —gerinne, *n.* *Mill.* under-trench; —gerüst, *n.* *Archit.* centre; —geschöben, *adj.* supposititious; counterfeit, false, interpolated, forged; —geschöß, *n.* ground-floor; —gesticht, *n.* lower part of the face; —gestuß, *n.* *Archit.* lower moulding or cornice; —gespann, *m.* vice-palatine (in Hungary); —gestell, *n. 1)* *W.-u.* under-frame, under parts (of a carriage), under-carriage; 2) *Metall.* crucible; —gewand, *n.* under-garment; —gewehr, *n.* *Mil.* sword; —gileb, *n.* *Log.* minor (term); *pl.* *Archit.* bed-mouldings; —gott, *m.* —gottfirt, *f. 1)* inferior god; 2) infernal god. [**Untergraben**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to dig under].

Untergraben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to undermine, sap; 2) to corrupt; to destroy (one's health, &c.), to be subversive of ..., destructive to ...; *u-e* *Geßundheit*, broken health. — **Untergrabung, (w.) f.** the (act of) undermining, &c., subversion.

Unter in comp. —grab, *m.* inferior grade or degree; —grab, *n.* see **Grummet**, 2; —grund, *m.* *Agr.* sub-soil, under-soil; —grunbflang, *m.* sub-soil plough; —gurt, *m.* see **Bauchgurt**; —haar, *n.* under-hair.

Unterhalb, I. prep. (with Gen.) below, at the lower end; beyond; under; *II. adj.* unterhalb *Don, Mus.* leading note or sharp seventh of the scale, subsemitone. [**chellion**].

Unterhalt, m. Anat. & Archit. hypotr. **Unterhalt, (str.) m. 1)** maintenance, sustenance, subsistence; 2) competence, livelihood; *Law.* alimony; *in comp.* *U-stoffen*, *pl.* expenses of one's keep or board; die *U-stoffen* für *Jemand* tragen, to pay for maintenance of one. [*for kept in repair*].

Unterhaltbar, adj. that can be maintained [**Unterhalten**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to keep or hold under].

Unterhalten, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to maintain, sustain, support, to keep; *b)* to keep in repair, to keep up; *c)* *fig.* to keep up, continue, to carry on; to cultivate (a correspondence, &c.); daß *Feuer* —, to keep the fire burning or alive, to feed a fire; 2) to entertain, amuse, interest; ein *Fräulein* immer —, to keep a woman, a mistress; *II. refl.* sich —, to converse, discourse, talk (*liber* [*with Acc.*], von, about); to amuse one's self, to pass one's time (mit, in).

Unterhalter, (str.) m. supporter, &c. **Unterhaltlich, adj. 1)** easily entertained, easily amused; 2) entertaining.

Unterhaltung, (w.) f. 1) maintenance, sustenance, support; keeping, &c., *cf.* **Unterhalten**; 2) *a)* entertainment, amusement; *b)* conversation; der *Geßensstand* der *allgemeinen* —, the common talk.

Unterhaltung, in comp. —blatt, *n.* belletristic journal; —casse, *f.* fund for the maintenance of any thing; —gabe, *f.* conversational powers, powers of conversation; —kosten, see **Unterhaltskosten**; —stück, *n.* entertainment; short play, short piece of music; —ton, *m.* conversational tone; —weise, *adv.* in a conversational manner.

Unterhandeln, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to treat, negotiate; to transact; to mediate; to be in treaty (wegen, about, upon); *Mil.* to capitulate; to parley. — **Unterhändler, (str.) m. 1) a)** negotiator, mediator; *b)* *conf.* go-between; 2) *Comm.* broker, commissioner; (*sometimes* *Unterhändler*) sub- or under-agent, *conf.* understrapper. — **Unterhändlerin, (w.) f.** negotiatrix; *conf.* go-between.

Unterhandlung, (w.) f. treaty, negotiation, transaction; mediation; *U-n* führen, see **Unterhandeln**; *in comp.* *U-staust*, *f.* art of negotiating, diplomacy; *U-schiff*, *n.* ship sent with a flag of truce.

Unterhärz, m. *Geogr.* Lower Harz; *U-er,*

(*str.*) *m.* *U-erin, (w.) f.* inhabitant of the Lower Harz.

Unter in comp. —häfser, *m.* sub-head; —haupt, *m. 1)* lower part of the head; 2) *Hydr.* tail-bay; —haut, *n. 1)* *Archit.* lower part of a building; 2) (in England) *Pol.* Lower House of Parliament, House of Commons; *Anat.-s.* —haut, *f.* under-skin; —hautblutader, *f.* subcutaneous vein; —heerführer, *m.* see **Unterfeldherr**; —hefe, *f.* *Brew.* yeast deposited at the bottom of the back (*opp.* *Obet-hefe*); —hemd, *m.* under-shirt; —herd, *m.* under or lower hearth; —herrschafft, *f.* subordinate lordship, inferior jurisdiction; —hin, *adv. 1)* under the surface, along under; 2) *provinc. (S. G.)* for *hinunter*, which see; —hof, *m. 1)* lower or inferior part of a court or yard, inner yard wherein poultry is kept; 2) inferior court of justice (*Untergerichtshof*); —hofmeister, *m.* sub-tutor.

Unterhöhlen, (w.) v. tr. to undermine, sap, hollow out; unterhöhlter Boden, *lit. & fig.* hollow ground.

Unter in comp. —hölle, *f.* bottom or depths of hell; —holz, (*str.*, *pl.* —hölzer) *n.* underwood, undergrowth, copse, coppice-wood; —hosen, *f. pl.* drawers; —irbisch, *adj.* subterranean, subterranean, under-ground, infernal (deity); —jacket, *f.* under-jacket; —jagd, *f.* see **niedere Jagd** in **Wieder**.

Unterjochen, (w.) v. tr. to subdue, subjugate, to yoke. — **Unterjocher, (str.) m.** subduer, conqueror. — **Unterjochung, (w.) f.** the (act of) subduing, &c., subjugation.

Unter in comp. —lamm, *m.* wattles (of a cock); —lammherer, *m.* vice-chamberlain; —lanonier, *m.* under-gunner; —langster, *m.* vice-chancellor; —lasten, *m.* *Comm.* bottom-flask, drag; —last, *m.* purchase for retailing; —läufer, *m.* broker; petty dealer, petty trader; —leste, *f.* —flinn, *n.* double-chin.

Unterlefen, (w.) v. tr. to fasten underneath by wedges.

Unterlefer, (str.) m. under-waiter.

Unterlefer, (str.) m., Unterleferin, (w.) f. *Anat.* lower jaw (bone), under jaw, inferior maxilla; —fortsatz, *m.* coronoid process; —schlagader, *f.* inferior alveolar artery; —zweig, *m.* inferior maxillary branch.

Unter in comp. —klasse, see —classe; —kleid, *n. 1)* under-dress; under or other garment; 2) (eines *Segels*) *Mar.* bonnet; —knecht, *m.* lower servant, second servant (upon a farm); —knecht, *v. tr.* to knead together; —koch, *m.* cook's mate, under-cook; —kohlrübe, *f.* *Bot.* turnip-rooted cabbage (*Brassica napus napobrassica*).

Unterlommen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to get under shelter, to get lodging, to find accommodation, to be accommodated; 2) to get a place, to find employment; daß —, (*str.*) *v. s. 1)* the getting a lodging or a place; 2) a) shelter, abode, accommodation, lodging; house-room (in a hotel); *b)* employment, situation.

Unter in comp. —lönig, *m.* sub-king; viceroy, lordlieutenant; —körper, *m.* lower part of the body; —lönig, *adj.* (of a sore) having formed matter under the surface, festering inwardly; —fragen, *v. tr. coll.* to get under, see **überwältigen**; —laut, *f.* see **Unterlommen**, *v. s.*; —lautstroom, *m.* place or room of accommodation; —läster, *m.* verger; —laßung, *f.* *Mar.* ballast; —lasge, *f.* any thing laid underneath another for support; 1) stay, support; 2) stand, trestle; 3) roller; tilter; 4) basis, base; bottom; 5) *Mech.* support or fulcrum of a lever, hypomochlion; 6) *Min.* substratum; 7) foil; 8) lining; 9) *T.* wedge; 10) *Agr.* subsoil; 11) *Reise*, sleeper; 12) (im *Schiffraum*) *Mar.* ceiling; 13) (des *Brüder*) *Typ.* bearer; 14) (der *Geßente*) *Lock-em.* under-

Unterfchieber, (*str.*) m. 1) T. alider; 2) bed-pen.

Unterfchiebung, (*w.*) f. substitution, forging, &c.

Unterfchieb, (*str.*) m. 1) (+ &) *provinc.* separation, partition; compartment; 2) *fig.* difference, distinction; einen — machen, to draw a distinction (bei mehreren Dingen, distinctions); zum — von ..., in distinction from, in contradistinction to ..., as distinguished from ...; ohne —, without distinction; indiscriminately, promiscuously.

Unterfchieben, p. a., **Unterfchieblich**, *adj.* see **Verfchieben**.

Unterfchiebslos, *adj.* indiscriminate, promiscuous; without distinction.

Unter ..., in comp. —schiff, n. *Mar.* quick works (*opp.* Oberstschiff); —schiffer, m. master's mate; —schild, n. lower shield (of a tortoise); —schlichtig, —schlichtig, *adj.* *Mil.* undershot, with undershot wheels (*opp.* Oberstschlichtig); —schlag, m. 1) partition-wall; 2) *Typ.* quad-rat at the bottom of a page; 3) *Mar.* a) check; b) see **Ballfüllung**; 4) *fig.* see **Unter-schleif**, 1.

Unterfchlagen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to put or tack under (one's legs, &c.), to cross (one's arms); 2) *Tail.* to stiffen, to put a stiffener under; 3) *Einen ein Bein —*, a) to trip one up; b) *fig.* to supplant one; 4) *sometimes* for **Unterfchlagen**, 2.

Unterfchlagen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) *Tail.*, *See.* to line, trim; 2) to embarrass, purloin (money); to intercept or detain (letters).

Unterfchlagung, (*w.*) f. the (act of) embarrassing, &c., embarrassment, see **Unterfchleif**, 1.

Unterfchleichen, (*str.*) v. intr. to creep in (among).

Unterfchleif, (*str.*) m. 1) fraud, defraudation; embezzlement, defalcation, malversation, peculation; 2) smuggling.

Unterfchleifen, (*w.*) v. intr. to slip or creep under.

Unterfchnebel, (*str.*, pl. *U-fchnebel*) m. *Ornith.* the under part of a bill, mandible. **Unterfchnebelweiser**, (*str.*) n. T. kermeling-knife.

Unterfchneiden, (*str.*) v. tr. *Letter-f.* to undercut; *unterfchneidene Buchstaben*, undercut letters; *unterfchneidene Ornamente*, *Archit.* intersected ornaments. — **Unterfchneidung**, (*w.*) f. intersection (of ornaments).

Unterfchreiben, (*str.*) v. tr. to sign, to put one's name to or under, subscribe, cf. *Unterfchreiben*; *unterfchrieben und unterfchrieben*, signed and sealed, under hand and seal.

Unter ..., in comp. —fchreiber, m. under-clerk; —fchrift, f. signature; subscription (to a list); *eigenhändige* —, own signature; *laut meiner eigner* —, witness my hand; —fchule, f. under or preparatory school; —fchüler, m. scholar of an under school; —fchullehrer, —fchullehrer, m. under or second master, usher; —fchullehrblatt, in comp. *Anat.* sub-scapular (artery, muscle, &c.); T-s. —fchüren, v. tr. to throw under the stamper; —fchürer, m. buddle-man; —fchürgeib, n. wages paid to the buddle-man; —fchürampel, m. first ore-stamper.

Unterfchwärzen, (*str.*) v. intr. to suppurate underneath; *der Finger ist unterfchwärzen*, there is a gathering under the finger.

Unter ..., in comp. *Chem.-s.* —fchwefel-säure, *adj.* hyposulphuric; die —fchwefelsäure, hyposulphuric acid; das —fchwefelsäure Salz, hyposulphate; —fchwefelsäure, *adj.* hyposulphurous; die —fchwefelsäure Säure, hyposulphurous acid; das —fchwefelsäure Salz, hyposulphite; —fchwelle, f. 1) *Archit.* horizontal (of a centre); 2) *Carp.* a) sill (of a door-frame, &c.); b) window-sill; 2) *Railw.* sub-sill; —fecretär, m. under-secretary; —

feil (*adj.* submarine; —fegel, n. *Mar.* lower sail. [(a ship).

Unterfchlagen, (*w.*) v. tr. *Mar.* to cut out **Unterfchlagen**, (*w.*) v. tr. to put or set under; ein unterfchlagtes Gefäß, a vessel placed underneath.

Unterfchlagen, (*w.*) v. tr. 1) to fasten or support by putting something under; 2) to set among, mix. [pot, &c.]

Unterfchleichen, (*str.*) m. saucer (of a flower-**Unterfchleichen**, (*w.*) v. tr. to seal, to put or set one's seal under or to ...

Unterfchleichen, (*str.*) v. intr. (*aux.* *sein*) to sink (under the water), to go to the bottom.

Unter ..., in comp. —flü, m. lower seat; —fprung, m. see —fuch.

Unterfchleichen, (*w.*) v. tr. to underwash.

Unter ..., in comp. —flü, m. *Mil.* inferior officers of the staff; —flü, f. lower town;

—flü, *adj.* *Mar.* put in the hold of a ship; —flü, m. under-quarry; —flü, *adj.* *Bot.* inferior; —flü, m. deputy-governor.

Unterfchleichen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to put or tack under (one's legs, &c.), to cross (one's arms); 2) *Tail.* to stiffen, to put a stiffener under; 3) *Einen ein Bein —*, a) to trip one up; b) *fig.* to supplant one; 4) *sometimes* for **Unterfchleichen**, 2.

Unterfchleichen, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) *Tail.*, *See.* to line, trim; 2) to embarrass, purloin (money); to intercept or detain (letters).

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in Arm dorthin, ohne — ein Boot zu reben, they walked there arm in arm without a word by the way; lange —, long in coming; — lassen, coll. for unterlassen; — bleiben, coll. for unterbleiben.

Unterwellig, *Bot.-s. I. adj.* hypogynous; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* hypogyny.

Unterwelien, *adv. (+ &)* *provinc. for* Zuweilen.

Unterweisen, *(str.) v. tr.* to instruct (in *with Dat.*), in, to teach, make fit. — Unterweisung, *(w.) f.* instruction.

Unterwelt, *(w.) f.* 1) *Myth.* nether world; lower regions; Götter der —, infernal deities; 2) *, sublimary world, earth; life. — Unterweltlich, *adj.* belonging to the nether world. Unterwerfen, *(str.) v. I. tr.* 1) to subject, subdue; 2) to submit, see Anheimsellen; II. *refl.* 1) to submit, yield (to), to resign one's self (to); to truckle; unterworfen, *p. a.* subject (*with Dat.*), to, liable, exposed (to); depending (upon). — Unterwerfung, *f.* subjection; submission; resignation (to).

Unter..., *in comp.* — unter, *f.* under waistcoat; — wind, *m.* low wind, wind passes near the ground.

Unterwinden, *(str.) v. refl. (+ &)*, (with Gen.)* see sich unterfängen.

Unterworfentlich, *adj. Bot.* infra-axillary. (with).

Unterwischen, *(w.) v. tr.* to interweave Unterwisch (pr. — wisch), *(str.) m.* undergrowth; underwood.

Unterwühlen, *(w.) v. tr.* to wallow under, to root up, hollow out; to wash, undermine. Unterwurf, *(str., pl. U.-würfe) m.* Sport. lower jaw of a wild boar.

Unterwürfig, *I. adj.* subject, submissive; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* subjection, submissiveness.

Unterzeichnen, *(w.) v. tr.* to sign; to subscribe (to a list, for a loan); to underwrite (a policy); wir — abzeichnen, we subscribe ourselves respectfully; der Unterzeichneter, the undersigned. — Unterzeichner, *(str.) m.* signer, &c. — Unterzeichnug, *(w.) f.* signature; subscription; ratification; die — auf diese Anleihe ist geschlossen, the subscription-lists for this loan are closed.

Unterziehen, *(str.) v. tr.* 1) to draw under, &c.; 2) T. to lay (a sill, &c.) under, to put in (a new beam).

Unterstützen, *(str.) v. I. tr.* to underset, to supply (a wall, &c.) with a beam, &c., in order to support it; II. *refl. (with Dat. & I. u.)* *with Gen.* to undertake, to take upon one's self; to undergo (an operation); ich unterstütze mich gern der Mühe, I willingly accept the task.

Unterstütz, *(str., pl. U.-stütze) m.* Carp. summer; stay, prop; beam; U-(s)stütze, *f.* post; U-(s)stützer, *m.* upright post supporting a summer, girder.

Unterzungen..., *in comp. Anat.* sublingual (nerve, artery, &c.).

Unterzucht, *(str.) m.* see Rebenzucht.

Unthät, *(w.) f.* 1) misdeed, crime; 2) coll. (*dimin.* — Unthätchen, *(str.) n.* small) spot, blemish, defect, flaw.

Unthätig, *I. adj.* inactive, indolent, idle; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* inactivity, inaction; indolence.

Unthetlich, *I. adj.* indivisible; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* indivisibility, indivisibleness.

Unthethaft, *I. or Unthethaftig, adj. (with Gen.)* having no share (in), not accessory (to), not participating (in), not privy (to); II. *U.-igkeit, (w.) f.* the having no share in, nonparticipation.

Unthetnahme, *(w.) f.* indifference. Unthetnehmen, *adj.* indifferent.

Unthier, *(str.) n.* monster, wild beast.

Unthunlich, Unthulich, *I. adj.* infeasible,

impracticable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* infeasibleness, impracticableness.

Unthief, *adj.* not deep, low, shallow.

Unthiefe, *(w.) f.* 1) want of depth, shallowness; 2) shallow place, shallow; *Mar.* flat, shoal, shelves, sands; 3) immense depth, abyss.

Unthig(bär, *adj.* inextinguishable, indelible; irremovable. [not mortal]

Unthüßlich (*cf. Züßlich*), *adj.* not deadly. Unthüg(bär, *adj.* 1) not to be carried or borne; 2) not to be worn; 3) unable to bear, unfruitful, barren.

Untrennbar, Untrennlich, *I. adj.* inseparable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* inseparableness.

Untren, *adj.* unfaithful, faithless; treacherous; false, perfidious; disloyal.

Untrene, *(w.) f.* unfaithfulness, &c., infidelity, treachery, &c., breach of faith.

Untröstbar, Untröstlich (*often* Untröstlich), *I. adj.* inconsolable; II. *U.-feit, f.* inconsolableness.

Untrüglich, *I. adj.* infallible, sure; II. *U.-feit, f.* infallibility, certainty.

Untrügig, *I. adj.* unfit (ju. for), incapable; impotent; unseaworthy (of ships); — machen, to disable, disqualify, incapacitate; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* unfitness, incapacity, incapability; impotence.

Untugend, *(w.) f.* 1) vice; 2) bad habit, fault. — Untugendhaft, *adj.* unvirtuous, vicious, faulty.

Unüberlegt, *I. adj.* inconsiderate, thoughtless; rash; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* inconsiderateness, rashness, rash action.

Unübersehbar, Unübersehbar, *I. or Unübersehblich, adj.* not to be looked over, immeasurable, unbounded; II. *U.-feit, f.* the being beyond reach of the eye, immeasurableness.

Unübersehbär, *I. adj.* untranslatable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* untranslatability.

Unübersteiglich, Unübersteigbar, *I. adj.* insurmountable; impassable; *fig.* insuperable, not to be overcome; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* insurmountability.

Unübersteigbar, Unübersteiglich, *I. adj.* insurpassable, excellent; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* insurpassability.

Unüberwindlich, *I. adj.* invincible, impregnable, unconquerable; *fig.* insuperable, insurmountable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* invincibleness.

Unumgänglich, *I. adj.* 1) unassociable; 2) indispensable, unavoidable, inevitable; II. *adv.* indispensably, absolutely (necessary); keinen Augenblick länger als es — notwendig ist, not for a moment longer than one can help it; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* indispensableness, &c.

Unumschränkt, *I. adj.* unbounded, unlimited, absolute, sovereign; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* unboundedness, absoluteness, (absolute) sovereignty.

Unumstößlich, *I. adj.* irrefragable, irrefutable, inviolable, irrefutable; incontestable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* irrefragability, inviolability, &c.

Unumwunden, *I. adj.* frank, candid, plain; eine u-e Berichtigung, point-blank refusal; — ausgeprochene Überzeugung, outspoken conviction; II. *adv.* frankly, &c., downright, in plain terms, point-blank.

Ununterbrochen, *p. a.* unbroken (series, plain, &c.), uninterrupted, continuous, unintermitting, unremitting. [dispensable]

Ununterscheidlich, Ununterscheidig, *adj.* indistinguishable, *adj.* undistinguishable.

Ununterscheidbar, *adj.* undistinguishable. Ununterscheidbar, *p. a.* undistinguishable, *cf. Unterscheidlos.*

Unväterlich, *adj. & adv.* unfatherly.

Unveraltet, *p. a.* not obsolete; not grown old, unimpaired (vigor).

Unveränderlich, *I. adj.* immutable; invariable, unchangeable, unalterable, fixed; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* immutability, invariableness, &c. [&c.]

Unverändert, *p. a.* unchanged, unvaried. Unveränderlich, *I. adj.* 1) inexorable, unjustifiable, unwarrantable; 2) irresponsible, not answerable or amenable to law; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* inexorableness, &c.

Unverarbeitet, *adj.* unwrought; not made up, raw (materials).

Unveräußerlich, *I. adj.* inalienable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* inalienableness.

Unveräußert, *p. a.* unalienated.

Unverbesserlich, *I. adj.* unimprovable; incorrigible, irremediable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* unimprovableness, &c. [way, natural]

Unverbislich, *adj.* not bred the wrong

Unverbindlich, *I. adj.* 1) not obligatory, not binding; 2) disobliging; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* 1) non-obligation; 2) disobligingness.

Unverbislich, *I. adj.* not indirect, plain; II. *adv.* without ornaments, plainly.

Unverbrämbar, Unverbrämlich, *I. adj.* incombustible; II. *U.-feit, f.* incombustibleness.

Unverbrüchlich, *I. adj.* inviolable; sein Versprechen, ihr Geheimnis — zu bewahren, his promise that he would keep her secret inviolably; II. *U.-feit, f.* inviolableness. Unverbrät, *p. a.* unwarranted, unauthentic.

Unverbächtig, *adj.* unsuspecting.

Unverdaulich, *I. adj.* indigestible; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* 1) indigestibleness, crudeness, crudity; 2) indigestion, dyspepsia.

Unverdamt, *adj.* undigested, crude.

Unverdeckt, *I. p. a.* 1) uncovered, not covered; 2) *fig.* unconcealed; II. *adv. fig.* openly; — handeln, to not above board.

Unverderblich, *I. adj.* incorruptible; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* incorruptibleness.

Unverderbt, *I. p. a.* incorrupt; unperverted, unsophisticated; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* incorruption. [merit]

Unverdienst, *(str.) n.* want of merit, demerit, *adj.* undeserved, unmerited.

Unverdorben, *I. adj.* not spoiled, unspoiled; 1) undecayed, sound (fruit, &c.); untainted, sweet (meat); 2) see Unverdorbt; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* 1) unspoiled condition, soundness; 2) see Unverdorbtheit.

Unverdorben, *I. adj.* unwearied, unremitting, cheerful, indefatigable, assiduous; sedulous; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* indefatigableness, assiduity, &c. [natured (of wool)]

Unverdorbt, *p. a.* not of a good breed, ill-bred.

Unverheiratet, *p. a.* unmarried (Unverheiratet).

Unvereinbar (Unvereinlich), *I. adj.* irreconcilable, incompatible, inconsistent; II. *U.-feit, f.* irreconcilableness, incompatibility; inconsistency.

Unvererblich, *adj.* not liable to inheritance; u-e Güter, life-estates.

Unverfahren, *p. a.* Min. unexplored

Unverfälscht, *p. a.* unadulterated, unsophisticated, genuine.

Unverfänglich, *adj.* uncautious, not invidious, of harmless import.

Unverfären, *p. a.* coll. not (easily) disconcerted or put out, *anal.* cool.

Unvergänglich, *I. adj.* imperishable; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* imperishableness.

Unvergesslich, *I. adj.* not to be forgotten, memorable, lasting; es wird mir — bleiben, I shall never forget it; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* memorableness.

Unvergleichlich, Unvergleichbar, *I. adj.* incomparable, matchless, unparalleled, unrivalled, peerless; II. *U.-feit, (w.) f.* incomparableness, &c.

Unvergänglich, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Wißvergänglich**.
Unvergolten, *p. a.* unrequited, unrequited.
Unverhohlen, *see* **Unverhohlen**. [*ted.* &c.]
Unverhältnißmäßig, *I. adj.* unproportioned, unproportionate, disproportionate, disproportionate; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* disproportion.

[*cf.* **Seibig**, 4.]
Unverheiratet, *p. a.* unmarried, single.
Unverhofft, *I. p. a.* un hoped, un hoped for; unexpected, *cf.* **Unvermuthet**; *II. adv.* unexpectedly, unawares.

Unverhohlen, *adj.* uncoosaled, open, unreserved, straightforward, plain; *adv.* -ly, without disguise or reserve.

Unverhört, *adj.* unheard, without trial.

Unverhüllt, *p. a.* undisguised; bare-faced.

Unverjährbar, **Unverjährlich**, *I. adj.* imperishable; not subject to the statute of limitations; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* imperishability.

Unverjährt, *adj.* not antiquated; not forfeited by prescription; without prescription.

Unverkäuflich, *I. adj.* unsaleable, unmerchandise, unmarketable, unvendible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* want of sale.

Unverkauft, *p. a.* unsold; noch — *belieben*, hanging heavily on hand.

Unverkennt, *adj.* that cannot be mistaken, unmistakable, evident, obvious.

Unverkümmert, *p. a.* not tainted, &c.; intact, clear of incumbrances; *Law*, unattached.

Unverletzt, **Unverletzlich**, *I. adj.* 1) invulnerable; 2) inviolable; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* 1) invulnerableness; 2) inviolableness.

Unverletzt, *I. p. a.* 1) not vulnerated, &c., unhurt, safe; 2) unviolated; unimpaired, entire; *II. U-felt, f.* unviolated state, integrity.

Unverletzt, *I. adj.* inamissible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* inamissibility.

Unverloren, *p. a.* not lost, sure.

Unverlöblich, **Unverlöblich**, *adj.* inextinguishable.

Unvermeidlich, *I. adj.* unavoidable; inevitable; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unavoidableness, inevitableness. [*not thought of.*]

Unvermerkt, *adj.* not meant, not intended; **Unvermerkt**, *adj.* unperceived, imperceptible; insensible. [*abated.*]

Unvermischert, *p. a.* undiminished, un-

Unvermischt, *p. a.* unmixed, pure.

Unvermögen, (*str.*) *n.* *U-felt, (w.) f.* inability, incapacity, insufficiency; impotence; — *zu* *haben*, insolvency; *im U-felle*, in case of inability. — **Unvermögen**, *adj.* 1) unable, wanting strength, feeble; impotent; of no avail; 2) unwealthy, &c., poor, needy.

Unvermuthet, *I. adj.* unlooked for, unexpected; *u-er* *humb*, *Erwimm*, *Erworb*, godsend, windfall, *slang*, *stake*; *II. adv.* unexpectedly, unawares.

Unvernünftig, **Unvernünftig**, *I. adj.* indistinct, inaudible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* indistinctness; inaudibleness.

Unvernünftig, *adj.* indestructible.

Unvernünftig, *f.* want of reason, irrationality, unreasonableness; absurdity.

Unvernünftig, *I. adj.* 1) irrational, contrary to reason; unreasonably; absurd; wild, *cf.* **Seibig**, 3; 2) *sub.* mighty, vast; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unreasonableness.

Unverpackt, *p. a.* unpacked, loose.

Unverpönt, *p. a.* not taken care for, unprovided for.

Unverricht, *p. a.* unperformed; *u-er* *Geft*, without having effected or obtained one's purpose or object.

Unverrät, *p. a.* *see* **Unverfähen**.

Unverrätlich, *adj.* irremovable, immovable. [*steadfast*, *fixed*, *firm*, *steady*.]

Unverrät, *p. a.* unremoved, unmoved;

Unverrät, *I. adj.* impudent, insolent, *cf.* **Seibig**, 1; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* impudence;

insolence; *durch* *U-felt* *zum* *Schweigen* *bringen*, to out-braze, to brazen down.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* not to be put off or postponed.

Unverschulden, (*str.*) *n.* inculpability.

Unverschuldet, *p. a.* 1) not indebted, unencumbered; 2) undeserved, unmerited.

Unverschwiegen, *I. adj.* indiscreet; *II. U-felt, f.* indiscretion.

Unverschäm, *adj.* 1) unsupplied, &c.; 2) unexpected, unlooked for.

Unverschäm, *adv.* unexpectedly, unawares.

Unverschäm, **Unverschämlich**, *see* **Unverschämlich**. — **Unverschäm**, *p. a.* unhurt, uninjured, unimpaired, safe; entire.

Unverschäm, **Unverschämlich**, *I. adj.* that does not dry up, inexhaustible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* inexhaustibleness.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* unsealed.

Unverschäm, **Unverschämlich**, *I. adj.* implacable, irreconcilable, unappeasable; *II. U-felt, f.* implacableness.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* unprovided for; unplaced.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* imprudence, indiscretion, want of judgment, understanding, wit, or sense. — **Unverschäm**, *I. adj.* imprudent, injudicious; indiscreet, unwise, unintelligent, foolish; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* injudiciousness, &c. *cf.* **Unverschäm**.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* unintelligible; incomprehensible, crabbed, abstruse, obscure; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unintelligibility, &c.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* *see* **Unverschäm**.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* 1) unexperienced; 2) untied, unattempted; nichts — *lassen*, to leave nothing untied (undone) or no stone unturned; *sein* *Wittel* — *lassen*, to employ every means.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* undefended, without defence.

Unverschäm, *adj.* indelible; inextirpable.

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* 1) unsociable, quarrelsome; 2) incompatible, inconsistent; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* 1) unsociableness, quarrelsome disposition; 2) incompatibility, inconsistency.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* *see* **Bogelstörich**.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* unguarded, not kept, &c.; — *sein*, to lie open.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* 1) unmoved; fixed; immovable; 2) unconnected; not related; — *benutzt* *sein*, to be unceasingly employed; — *anfragen*, to gaze perseveringly on

Unverschäm, (*gerlich*), *adj.* not to be denied or refused, *see* **Unverschäm**, 2.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* undelayed, immediate, instant; without delay.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* unfading; imperishable; *Theol.* immarcescible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* imperishableness, &c.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* unexceptionable, unobjectionable; irrefragable; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unexceptionableness.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* incorruptible, impure, undecaying; *II. U-felt, f.* incorruptibility, &c.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* not to be overcome, not to be forgotten; irreparable.

Unverschämlich, **Unverschämlich**, *adj.* invulnerable; *II. U-felt, f.* invulnerableness.

Unverschämlich, **Unverschämlich**, *adj.* indestructible.

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* undismayed, undaunted; intrepid, courageous, hardy; unshrinking; *sei* — *! keep* a good heart! *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* undauntedness, intrepidity.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* unpardonable; inexcusable; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unpardonableness.

Unverschämlich, **Unverschämlich**, *adj.* bearing no interest; *u-er* *Geft* *papier*, dead weight. **Unverschämlich**, *adj.* duty-free, uncustom-

Unverschäm, *adj.* unentered, uncustomed; duty off, duty unpaid; — *im* *Seibhaus*, in bond; — *im* *Seibhaus* *verkauft*, sold in bond; *dem* *u-er* *Seiger*, out of bond.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* immediate, prompt; *II. adv.* immediately, on the spot, forthwith;

III. U-felt, (w.) f. immediateness, rapidity.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* unfinished, unaccomplished.

Unverschäm, (*w.*) *f.* state of imperfection, imperfectness, want of finish.

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* imperfect; *der* *u-er* *Werk* *glanz*, pseudo-metallic lustre; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* imperfection.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* incomplete, defective; imperfect, unfinished; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* incompleteness, &c.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* not complete as to number, incomplete; *II. U-felt, f.* incompleteness.

Unverschäm, *p. a.* unprepared, not ready; unmeditated, extemporaneous, extemporary;

II. adv. without preparation; off hand, extempore.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* immemorial, out of mind; *seit* *u-er* *Zeit*, from time immemorial.

Unverschämlich, **Unverschämlich**, *adj.* *see* **Unverschämlich**. [*looked for, unexpected.*]

Unverschämlich, *adj.* unforeseen, un-

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* unpremeditated, undesigned, unintentional; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* undesignedness, unintentionality.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* imprudent, inconsiderate, unguarded, imprudent, incautions; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* want of foresight or caution, imprudence, &c., imprudent action, &c.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* unprofitable, disadvantageous.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* imponderable.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* ineligible; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* ineligibility.

Unverschämlich, *adj.* untrue, false, feigned.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* not veracious, untrue; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* want of veracity, unverity.

Unverschämlich, (*w.*) *f.* untruth, falsity, falsehood; untruthfulness, unreality.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* improbable, unlikely; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* improbability, unlikelihood.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* immutable, unalterable; unwavering, constant; *Gramm.* indeclinable; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* immutability, unalterableness. [*road*; 2] wrong way.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* 1) untrodden way, bad

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* impassable; impracticable; pathless; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* impassableness, &c.

Unverschäm, (*str.*, *pl.* *U-er*) *n.* unwomanly person, unfeminine woman.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* unwomanly, unfeminine; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* unwomanly character or conduct.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* 1) unrefusing; 2) unrefused; not to be refused; *II. adv.* unrefusingly, without opposition.

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* unwise, foolish; *II. or* **Unverschäm**, *adv.* unwisely, foolishly.

Unverschäm, *prep.* (*with* *Gen.* or *ben*) not far from, near.

Unverschäm, *I. adj.* not worth, unworthy; *II. s. (str.) n.* unworthiness, want of value; futility, meanness.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* disorder, confusion, unruliness; nuisance; mischief; disturbance; noise.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* immaterial; unessential; *u-er* *Dinge*, non-essentials; *II. U-felt, (w.) f.* non-essentialness, immaterialness.

Unverschäm, (*str.*) *n.* bad, stormy, or rough weather; storm.

Unverschämlich, *I. adj.* 1) not weighty; 2) un-

er ist ber — von ..., he is the originator, &c., of ..., he has originated

Ur̃rit, (*u.* f. (*l. u.*) originality.
Ur̃hölz, (*str.* pl. *Ur̃hölzer*) *n.* 1) see *Urwald*; 2) see *Reicholz*.

Urwid, *m.* any nameless person; *Gertr.* —, Mr. what d'ye call him; (*Reißer*) —, *loc.* the devil.

* **Urw**, (*str.* *m.* (*Lat.*) urine, water; *ben* — lassen, *Urw*iren, *v. intr.* to make water, *cf.* *Urin*; — *bad*, *n.* *U.* urine-bath (for cleansing-worm); — *plag*, *m.* — *stelle*, *f.* public urinal.
* **Urwald**, (*str.* *n.* a kind of manure.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *kämpfe*, *m.* *Sport*, wild boar; — *keim*, *m.* primitive germ; — *kirche*, *f.* primitive church; — *keim*, *m.* original genius; — *kraft*, *f.* primitive power, force, or energy; original faculty; — *kräftig*, *adj.* having primitive power, primal strength.

Urwunde, (*u.* f. deed, document; roll; title, record; *zu* — *beffen*, *in* witness (virtue, or testimony) whereof. [show, prove.

Urwunden, (*u.* *v. tr. law*, to testify; to *Urwunden* ..., *in comp.* — *bewahrer*, *m.* keeper of the records or archives; master of the rolls; — *beweis*, *m.* written evidence; — *buch*, *n.* register-book, roll-book; cartulary, *cf.* — *wert*; — (*ver*)*füßer*, *m.* counterfeiter of documents; — *gewölbe*, *n.* — *hammer*, *f.* — *saal*, *m.* vault, chamber, or room for keeping the records, archives, see *Archiv*, 1; — *senner*, *m.* one skilled in diplomatics; — *kenntnis*, *f.* diplomatics; — *lehre*, *f.* doctrine of diplomatics; — *sammung*, *f.* collection of records and documents, archives; — *wert*, *n.* collection of documents.

Urwundlich, *I. adj.* documental, documentary, authentic(al); *II. adv.* authentically; by document; — *beffen*, *in* witness whereof; — *meiner* *Unterstützt*, witness my hand.

Urwund, (*str.* pl. *Urwänder*) *n.* *Geol.* primitive or primordial land.

Urwund, (*str.* *m.* leave (of absence); *Wd.* furlough; — *geben*, to grant leave of absence. — *Urwänder*, (*str.* *m.* soldier, &c. who is on leave of absence or furlough; absentee.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *laut*, *m.* primitive sound, vowel; — *lauter*, *adv.* of primal purity.

Ur̃le, (*u.* f. see *Uhorn* & *Ulm*, 1.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *licht*, *n.* primitive light; — *maß*, *n.* original measure, serving as a standard; — *mens*, *m.* 1) the first man; 2) primitive man, an original; — *mutter*, *f.* first mother, Eve; — *mutterlich*, *adj.* relating to the first mother; — *neugierig*, *f.* (*l. u.*) 1) very old or stale news; 2) authentic news; — *nacht*, *f.* chaotic night; — *natur*, *f.* primitive, early nature.

Ur̃ne, (*u.* f. 1) urn; 2) *Bot.* urn, theca.

Urwend, (*u.* *m.* *Zool.* ure-ox (*Urocyon*), 1).
Urwendig, *I. adj.* very sudden; *II. adv.* on a sudden, instantaneously.

Urwend, (*str.* *m.* fountain-head, original, primitive source.

Urwende, (*u.* f. (*l. u.*) 1) first primitive cause; 2) perpetual motion.

Urwend, *adj.* of primitive purity.

Urwend, (*str.* pl. *Urwend*) *n.* see *Wohlbemut*.

Urwende, (*u.* f. 1) t. original circumstance justifying certain (judicial, &c.) proceedings, just cause (of complaint, &c.); *ich* habe keine *Urwende* an diesem *Recht* (Luke 23, 4), I find no fault in this man; 2) cause; reason, motive; *aus* — *beffen*, on account of that; *ich* habe keine — *miß* *beß* *zu* *beß* *legen*, I have no reason to complain or for complaint upon this score; *ich* *fü* *re* *auf*, und *da* *zu* *habe* *ich* *und* —, also shrieked, and well she might.

Urwendig, *I. adj.* causal; causative; *II. U-fest*, (*u.* f. causality.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *fest*, *f.* ancient or immemorial tradition; — *fest*, *m.* axiom; — *fest*, *adj.*

f. primitive layer or stratum; — *fest*, *m.* *Minor* primitive slate; — *fest*, *pl. T.* first slag of tin; — *fest*, *adj.* of primitive or consummate beauty; — *fest*, *f.* primitive beauty; — *fest*, *f.* prototype, original text; original; — *fest*, *adj.* see *Urwendig*; — *fest*, *n.* mod. 1) originality; 2) original; — *fest*, *m.* primary sense (of a word, &c.); — *fest*, *m.* first seat or domicile; — *fest*, *f.* primitive language.

Urwendung, (*str.* pl. *Urwendungen*) *m.* origin; source, fountain; *Urwendung*, *Urwendung*, *n.* Comm. certificate of origin.

Urwendend, *I. adj.* original, aboriginal, primitive, primeval, primary, primordial; *II. U-fest*, (*u.* f. originality, primitiveness, &c.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *stamm*, *m.* original stock; primitive race, &c.; — *stamm*, *m.* primitive condition; — *stamm*, *f.* t. see *Urwendung*; — *stamm*, *adj.* original, peculiar in manner and character; — *stamm*, *m.* *Minor* archetype.

Urwend, (*str.* *m.* ure-ox, see *Urocyon*, 1.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *stoff*, *m.* prime matter, primary matter; principle; element; — *stoff*, *adj.* *stoff*, *n.* corpuscle; primitive atom; — *stoff*, *adv.* directly, forthwith; — *stoff*, *n.* original.

Urwendin, (*u.* f. *Recl.* Ursuline (nun).

Urwend, (*str.* *f.* *provinc.* account, &c., see *Recl.*

Urwend, (*str.* *n.* see *Urwend*, 1.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *text*, *m.* original text; — *text*, *m.* see *Urwend*.

Urwend, (*str.* *n.* 1) judgment: a) *Law*, sentence, verdict; b) decision, opinion; 2) *fig.* judgment, discernment; 3) *Log.* a (logical) proposition, sentence; *meinem* — *nach*, in my judgment or opinion; *ich* (*Dat.*) *ein* — *bilden*, to form an opinion or an estimate; *ich* *ein* — (*ein* *eigenes* —) *haben*, to judge for one's self, to exercise one's own judgment; *ich* *hat* *ein* *richtiges* —, she has a just way of thinking; *ich* *hatte* *mein* — *über* *dieses* *MS.* *abgeben*, I had to pass my opinion upon this MS.; *über* (*with* *Acc.*) *ein* — *fü* *llen*, *geben*, or *sprechen*, to pass, give, or pronounce sentence or judgment on (upon); *Urwendung*, *f.* publication of judgment or of a decree; *Urwendig*, *adj.* capable of judging, &c.; a verdict; *Urwendung*, *f.* *Law*, finding of the fault; *Urwend*, *U-fest*, *f.* *U-fest*, *n.* faculty of judgment, power of judging; discrimination; *U-fest*, *m.* decree, *cf.* *Urwend*.

Urwend, (*u.* *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) *Law*, to deliver judgment (on), to pass sentence, to decide; 2) to judge (*über* *with* *Acc.*), of; to form or give one's opinion (*über*, on; *nach*, [by, from].
Urwend, see *Urwend*, 1.

Urwend, (*str.* pl. *Urwend*) *n.* (*Jahn*, *l. u.*) originality. — **Urwendig**, *I. adj.* original, primitive; *II. U-fest*, (*u.* f. originality, primitiveness.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *thiere*, *n.* pl. *Zool.* protozoa; — *trapp*, *m.* *Geol.* diorite; — *ur*, *pl.* ancestors, progenitors; — *ur*, *m.* great-great-grandfather; — *ur*, *m.* first parent, first progenitor; — *ur*, *adj.* ancestral; — *ur*, *m.* lawful publisher; — *ur*, *m.* primitive power; — *ur*, *f.* divine reason; — *ur*, *f.* primary assembly; — *ur*, *adv.* originally related, &c.; — *ur*, *n.* primitive or aboriginal people; — *ur*, *m.* pl. primitive ancestors; — *ur*, *f.* *Polit.* original election by the whole people of electors who in their turn have to elect representatives, first degree of voting; primary election; — *ur*, *m.* original elector; — *ur*, *m.* primeval, primitive, or native forest; — *ur*, *m.* *Alchym.*

primordial water; — *ur*, *f.* primitive wisdom.

Urwend, (*u.* *v. tr.* *Iron-n.* to give the first hammering, to draw. — **Urwendhammer**, (*str.* pl. *Urwendhammer*) *m.* drawing-hammer.

Ur̃..., *in comp.* — *welt*, primitive or primeval world; — *welt*, *adj.* antediluvian; — *wesen*, *n.* first being, primordial being, God, first principle; — *wort*, *m.* primitive word; — *zeit*, *f.* primitive time; remote antiquity; — *zeitig*, *f.* primeval; — *zustand*, *m.* primitive condition; — *zweck*, *m.* prime or principal object.

* **Urwend**, (*u.* f. (*Fr.* usance) usage, custom (among merchants), usual practice.

* **Urwend**, (*ind.* *n.* (*Nal.*) Comm-s. usance; auf *zwei*, *trici* —, at double, trouble use; — *Urwend*, *m.* bill at usance.

Urwend, (*u.* f. *provinc.* toad.

* **Urwend**, (*u.* f. (*Lat.*) usurpation.

— **Urwend**, (*str.* pl. *Urwend*) *m.* usurper. — **Urwend**, (*u.* *v. tr.* to usurp. — **Urwend**, *pl.* utensils. [Utopian.

* **Urwend**, *f.* Utopia. — **Urwend**, *adj.*

Urwend, *m.* *abbr.* from *Urwend* (*P. N.*).

Urwend, *see* *Urwend*, *Urwend*.

U.

U, *u.* *n.* *V. v.* 1) *Gramm.* the twenty-second letter and seventeenth consonant of the Alphabet; 2) *Entom.* the common V moth.

U, *abbr.* for *Urwend*, verse; *v.* for *von*, of, from, by; *Vf* for *valuta* (*Nal.*, *Wert*, value); *va.* for *verbi causa* (*Lat.*, *zum Beispiel*, for instance); *V. C.* (*Nal.*) a) for *Vacatio Conto* (die alte Rechnung, the old account); b) for *Vacatio Conto* (Ihre Rechnung, your account); *V. C.* for *Vice-Consul*, *Vice-Consul*; *v.* *Chr.* for *vor Christus*, before Christ; *v. D.* for *volente Deo* (*Lat.*, *wenn es Gott will*, please God, God willing); *Verf.* see *Vf*; *verf.*, *verf.* for *verloffen*, past; *vergl.* see *Vgl.*; *verm.* *Auss.* for *vermehrte Auflage*, augmented edition; *vert.* for *verte* (*Lat.*, *wende um*, turn over); *vid.* for *vide* (*Lat.*, *siehe*, see); *Vf.* for (*der*) *Verfasser*, author; *Vf.* for (*die*) *Verfasser*, authors; *Vf.* for (*die*) *Verfasserin*, (female) author; *Vf.* for (*des*) *Verfassers*, of the author; *Vgl.*, *vgl.* for *vergleiche*, compare; *v. gr.* for *verbi gratia* (*zum Beispiel*, for instance); *v. J.* for *vorigen Jahres*, last year; *vig.* *comm.* for *vigors commissionis* (*Lat.*, *Kraft des* [or *meines*] *Auftrags*, by virtue of my office); *vima.* for *vämisch*, see *fin.*; *v. M.*, *vor.* *Mit.* for *vorigen Monats*, (alt.) ultimo, last month; *Vol.* for *Volsamen* (*Lat.*, *Bau*, volume); *v. B.* for *vorige Post*, last post; *Vort.* for *Vorrede*, preface; *Vrt.* for *Viertel*, quart; *V. S.* for *volte subito* (*Ital.*, *wende schnell um*, turn over [the page] quickly), see *W. S.* *g. u.*; *v/a.*, *va.* for *versus* (*Lat.*, *gegen*, against); *V. St.*, *Vrt.* *St.* for *Vereinigte Staaten von Nord-America*, United States of America; *v. u.* for *von unten*, from below, from the bottom; *v. v.* for *vice versa* (*Lat.*, *umgekehrt*, in the reverse case).

* **Urwend**, *adj.* (*Lat.*) vacant, void; unemployed. — **Urwend**, (*u.* f. 1) vacancy; 2) pl. vacation, holidays. — **Urwend**, (*str.* *n.* *Typ.* white. — **Urwend**, (*u.* f. vacancy.

* **Urwend**, (*u.* f. (*Lat.*) *Med.* vaccination. — **Urwend**, (*u.* *v.* *tr.* to vaccinate.

* **Urwend**, (*u.* *v. intr.* (*Lat.*) to vacillate, waver. [cant or out of employment.

* **Urwend**, (*u.* *v. intr.* (*Lat.*) to be vacated. — **Urwend**, (*str.* *n.* (*Lat.*) deposit placed with the government as a guarantee for the faithful performance of a contract.

* *Bdg*, *adj.* vague.
 * *Bagabund*, *Bagabund*, (*w.*) *m.* vagabond, vagrant. — *Bagabund*'ren, *Bagi*'ren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to vagabondise, to rove about; *v. tr.* *a. a.* vagabundise, *adj.* vagrant.
 † *Bagabund*, (*str.*) *m.* (*MHO*) valiant devil, satan (*also* Poland).
 * *Bagentia*, *m.*, *Bagenti*'ne, *f.* Valentine (*P. N.*); *B-Stranftett*, (*w.*) *f.* *Med.* epilepsy.
 * *Baleria*'ne, (*w.*) *f.* *see* Valerian. — *Balerian*'..., *in comp.* — *saures* *Galj*, valeriate; — *saure*, *f.* valeric acid.
 * *Valer* or *Valt*, (*str.*) *n.* (*from* *Lat.* *valere*: *farne*!) farwell, valediction; *der Welt* (*Dat.*) — *sagen*, to bid adieu to the world; — *trunf*, *m.* farwell or parting cup.
 * *Valst*'ren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*Fr.* *valider*) to be valid; *Comm-s.* eine *Summe* — *lassen* gegen, to place a sum against; *die* *Effecuranz* *validirt* auf (*with* *Acc.*), the insurance is effected on
 * *Valorem*, *ad* — (*Lat.*) [according] to the value [of the goods]. *Comm.* *ad* *valorem*; *ad* — *gült*, *pl.* *ad* *valorem* duties.
 * *Valu*'ta, (*pl.* *Valut*'en) *f.* (*Ital.*) *Comm-s.* value; — *in* *Silber*, value in silver; *fest* or *beständig* —, fixed or regular standard; *unbeständig* —, fluctuating standard; — *bezeugen*, — *quittung*, *f.* acknowledgement. — *Valu*'mentenverwertung, (*w.*) *f.* depreciation of the currency. — *Valut*'ren, *see* *Valuiren*. — *Valuation*, (*w.*) *f.* valuation; *B-stabelle*, *f.* valuation-table, tariff of coins. — *Valst*'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Fr.* *valuer*, *évaluer*) to value.
 * *Vanp*'er, *Vanp*'ir, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* (*Serbian*) *Zool.* & *Pub.* vampire (*Phyllostoma spectrum* L.).
 * *Vanadin*, (*str.*) *n.* *Miner.* & *Chem.* vanadium; — *bleiers*, *n.* vanadate of lead; — *saure*, *f.* vanadic acid.
 * *Vanbale*, (*w.*) *m.* Vandal; *Vanbale*'lich, *adj.* Vandalic, Vandalian.
 * *Vanil*'e [*pr.* — *nill*'el] (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Comm.* vanilla; *B-npflanze*, *f.* *Bot.* vanilla plant (*Vanilla aromatica* Sw.); *B-npfl.*, *f.* vanilla-pod.
 * *Vanitäts*'..., *in comp.* — *blume*, *f.* marvel of Peru (*Rubrodium*); — *frucht*, *n.* fruit or flower-piece (in painting).
 * *Varian*'te, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) variation in copies of books or manuscripts, various reading, *cf.* (*verschiedene*) *Lesart*. — *Variation*, (*w.*) *f.* variation (*also* *Mus.*). — *Varietät*, (*w.*) *f.* variety. — *Varit*'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to vary, deviate. [Grocery].
 * *Vas*, *n.* *pl.* (*Lat.*) *provinc.* utensils in
 * *Vas*'en, (*w.*) *m.*, *Vas*'en, (*w.*) *f.* (*Mid.* *Lat.* *vasallus* from *vasus*, *fundatory*) vassal, feudatory; *B-empfl.*, *f.* fealty of a vassal; *B-entwurf*, *f.* *B-entwurf*, *m.* *vas*.
 * *Vat*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) vase. [salage].
 * *Väter*, *s. l.* (*str.*, *pl.* *Väter*) *m.* 1) father; 2) *Ag.* ancestor; 3) *see* — *schacht*; II. *in comp.* father-, paternal; — *erbe*, *n.* *see* — *thell*; — *freude*, *f.* joy, satisfaction of a father; — *haus*, *n.* paternal habitation, home; — *huld*, *f.* father's kindness; — *horn*, *n.* *provinc.* *see* *Wutterhorn*; — *land*, *m.* (native) country, native land, mother country (*mur* *: fatherland); — *landsch.*, *adj.* of (or relating to) one's country, native, vernacular; national; patriotic; — *landsch.*, *m.* patriot; — *landscheit*, *f.* love of country, patriotism.
 * *Väterlich*, I. *adj.* fatherly, paternal; *das* *v-e* *Erbgut*, patrimony; *die* *v-e* *Großmutter*, grandmother by the father's side; *von* *v-e* *Seite*, by the father's or on the paternal side; II. *adv.* paternally, fatherly, as or like a father.
 * *Väter*..., *in comp.*, *etc.* — *liebe*, *f.* paternal love; — *los*, *adj.* fatherless; — *losigkeit*, *f.* the being without a father; — *mord*, *m.* parricide; — *mörder*, *m.* 1) parricide; 2) *slang* for

(*Hemden*)-*Stragen*, (shirt)-collar (*pl. coll.*; stick-up); — *mörderisch*, *adj.* parricidal; — *name*, *m.* father's name, patronymic; *ihre* — *name* *ist* *IR.*, her maiden name is M.; — *pflicht*, *f.* duty of a father; — *recht*, *n.* right of a father; — *schacht*, *m.* *Min.* main shaft.
 * *Väter*'schaft, (*w.*) *f.* fatherhood, paternity.
 * *Väter*..., *in comp.* — *schraub*, *f.* *Mach.* male screw, spindle of a screw (*opp.* *Wutter-schraube*); — *schwester*, *f.* paternal aunt; — *seite*, *f.* father's side; — *schönheit*, *n.* father's darling; — *sege*, *f.* fatherly care; — *stätt*, *f.* native town; — *stund*, *m.* fatherhood; — *stille*, *f.* place of a father; — *stille* *verrichten*, to be as (*f. a.* instead of) a father; — *thell*, *m.* patrimony, father's estate; — *tochter*, *f.* father's darling or pet-daughter; — *treue*, *f.* devotion of a father; — *unser*, *n.* the Lord's Prayer; *ein* — *unser* *lang*, the time requisite for saying the Lord's prayer; *sg.* moment, minute.
 * *Vaticin*, (*str.*) *m.* Vatician; *sg.* the Papal see.
 * *Vegetabilien*, *pl.* (*Lat.*) vegetables. — *Vegetabilisch*, *adj.* vegetable. — *Vegetation*, (*w.*) *f.* vegetation. — *Vegetir*'ren, (*w.*) *Beh* *z.*, *see* *Beh* *z.* (*v. intr.* to vegetate).
 * *Veihel*, (*str.*) *n.* vehicle; *Mod.* *cor.* *Behm* *z.*, *see* *Behm* *C.*, &c. [reactive].
 * *Veil*, (*str.*) *m.* & (*w.*) *f.*; *Veil*'(ge)lein, *n.* (+ &) *provinc.* *see* *Veilchen*.
 * *Veilchen*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Veil*) *Bot.* violet (*Viola* L.); *das* *dreifarbig* —, *see* *Stiefmütterchen*; *in comp.* — *blau*, — *farbig*, *adj.* violet-coloured, violet-blue; — *moos*, *n.*, — *schimmel*, *m.* *Bot.* a species of alga (*Charophyllum solitum* Ag.); — *saft*, *m.* *Pharm.* violet-syrup; — *schneide*, *f.* *Conch.* violet-shell (*Jantonia* Lam.); — *stein*, *m.* 1) *Min.* lollite; 2) a stone overrun with the — *moos*; — *stod*, *m.* violet-plant; — *stranz*, *m.* bunch of violets; — *tabak*, *m.* *Bot.* German tobacco (*Nicotiana rustica* L.); — *wurz*(el), *f.* Florentine iris, orris (*Iris Florentina* L.); — *zucker*, *m.* conserve of violets.
 * *Veit*, *m.* Guy, Vitus (*P. N.*); *in comp.* *B-ohne*, *f.* *Bot.* kidney-bean, French-bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris* L.); *B-stang*, *m.* *Med.* St. Vitus's dance.
 * *Velin* [*pr.* *veling*], (*str.*, *pl.* *B-8*) *n.* (*Fr.*) vellum; — *form*, *f.* *Papier* *m.* wove-mould; — *papier*, *n.* vellum-paper, wove-paper.
 * *Velutir*'ren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make velveteen-like; *velutirt* *Lapeten*, flock-paper hangings.
 * *Velvet*, *m.* *see* *Velvet*.
 * *Vellum*, *m.* *abbr.* of *Valentin*; *poß* — *I coll.* sounds, odds bodikins! [the host].
 * *Veltin*, *Veltin*, *n.* *Geogr.* Valtellina, Valtellino.
 * *Vene*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) *Anat.* vein; *B-nist*, *n.* venal blood; *B-nist*, *m.* *see* *Herznoten*; *B-nist*, *f.* *Med.* phlebotomy; *Vein*'st, *adj.* venous.
 * *Venedig*, *n.* *Geogr.* Venice; *Venediger*, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Venetianer*; *Venedig*'lich, *adj.* *see* *Venetianisch*. [the host].
 * *Venera*'bilität, (*str.*) *n.* (*Lat.*) *Rom.* *Cath.* venerability; — *Venera*'lich, *adj.* venerable, syphilitic; *Hospitäl* für *B-e*, lock-hospital.
 * *Venetianer*, (*str.*) *m.* Venetian. — *Venetianisch*, *adj.* Venetian; *v-e* *Seite*, *f.* Venetian; *v-e* *Reich*, *m.* gulf of Venice, Adriatic. [commodities].
 * *Ventgüter*, (*str.*) *n.* *pl.* *Comm.* staple.
 * *Ventil*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Mid.* *Lat.*) T. valve; — *bewegung*, — *steuerung*, *f.* — *getriebe*, *n.* valve-gearing; — *bedel*, *m.* lid of a valve; — *horn*, *n.* *Mus.* *see* *Flapp*(flügel)horn; — *st.*, *m.* T. seat of valve. — *Ventilation*, (*w.*) *f.* ventilation; *B-grüfte*, *f.* *Min.* buze; *B-sturm*, *m.* *Railw.* draft-tower. — *Ventilir*'ren, (*w.*)

v. intr. to ventilate. — *Ventilir*'schacht, *m.* air-shaft.
 * *Venus*, *f.* 1) Venus; 2) *see* — *schacht*; *in comp.* — *bart*, *m.* *see* *Kardensicht*; — *becher*, *m.* *see* — *schacht*; — *berg*, *m.* 1) *Anat.* *mons veneris*; 2) *Geom.* *Myth.* the mountain of Venus; — *brule*, *f.* *Med.* bubo; — *bild*, *n.* statue or picture of Venus; — *bildchen*, — *bildchen*, *n.* — *blatter*, *f.* pimple (in the face); — *blume*, *f.* *Bot.* broad-leaved orchis (*Orchis latifolia* L.); — *blüthe*, *m.* *Polyp.* Venus's fan (*Geryonia scabellum* L.); — *brust*, *m.* venereal fire; — *finger*, *m.* *Bot.* bound's tongue (*Cynophallus officinale* L.); — *fliegen*, *f.* *Bot.* Venus's fly-trap (*Dionaea muscipula* L.); — *fuß*, *m.* *Bot.* *see* — *schacht*; — *gürtel*, *m.* 1) the girdle of Venus, cinctus; 2) *Anat.* common Venus's girdle (*Cantharus Venereus* Lesueur); — *haar*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) golden maiden-hair (*Adiantum capillus Venereus* L.); 2) spikenwort, common maiden-hair (*Asplenium trichomanes* L.); — *berg*, *n.* *Conch.* 1) prickly-mouthed tree Venus (*Cyprina Dione* L.); 2) Venus's heart, heart-cockle (*Venericardium* Lam.); — *baum*, *m.* *Bot.* Venus's comb (*Scandix pecten* L.); — *brant*, *f.* venereal disease; — *schacht*, *f.* *Conch.* Venus's shell (*Venus* L.); — *schacht*, *m.* *Bot.* Venus's naval-root (*Omphalodes ceras* L.); — *schacht*, *m.* *Bot.* lady's slipper (*Cypripedium calceolus* L.); — *schacht*, *f.* *see* *Brust*; — *schachtel*, *m.* *Bot.* Venus's looking-glass (*Campanula speculum* L.); — *stein*, *m.* *Phy.* hysteroite; — *stein*, *m.* *Phy.* Venus; — *wagen*, *m.* *Bot.* common monk's-hood (*Aconitum napellus* L.).
 * *Venus*'folgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Grin* *et* *et*) to deliver, make over (something to one), to send, to remit; to surrender; — *lassen*, to deliver, give up, to let have; *nicht* — *lassen*, to retain, keep back. — *Venus*'folgung, (*w.*) *f.* delivery, &c.
 * *Venus*'reden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to concert, agree upon; *vorher* —, to preconcert; *sich* —, to make an appointment; to stipulate; *als* *hätten* *sich* *verabredet*, as it were by common consent; *wie* *verabredet*, as bargained for, as agreed upon; *verabredeter* *Wagen*, according to agreement; *verabredete* *Lara*, *tare* agreed upon, usual *tare*.
 * *Venus*'redung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) concerting, &c., agreement; understanding; *cine* — *treffen*, to make an agreement; to stipulate.
 * *Venus*'reich, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deliver, give up, furnish; to serve out. — *Venus*'reichung, (*w.*) *f.* delivery, &c.
 * *Venus*'sinnen, *see* *Versinnen*.
 * *Venus*'sinnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to abhor, abominate, detest.
 * *Venus*'sinnung, (*w.*) *f.* abhorrence, abomination, detestation; *v-ewertig*, *v-ewertig*, *adj.* detestable, abominable.
 * *Venus*'sitten, (*w.*) *v. l.* *str.* 1) to dismiss, discard, discharge, send away; to disband (soldiers); 2) to pass (a law) by final enactment or decree, to enact; II. *refl.* to take leave (bei, of). — *Venus*'sittung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) dismissal, dismissal, discharge; 2) final enactment, *cf.* *Abjektiv*, 4. [for].
 * *Venus*'sitten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to pay excise *Venus*'sitten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to give over in contract, to contract with a man to build or construct (a house, &c.).
 * *Venus*'tug, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to despise, contempt, scorn, disdain, disparage, slight.
 * *Venus*'ter, (*str.*) *m.* despicable, &c.
 * *Venus*'lich, I. *adj.* 1) despicable, contemptible; 2) contemptuous, disdainful, scornful; II. *se-it*, (*w.*) *f.* despicableness, &c.
 * *Venus*'tug, (*w.*) *f.* contempt, scorn, disdain; *mit* — *abweisen* or *von* *sich* *stoßen*, to spurn (a thing), spurn away (a person); *v-ewertig*, *v-ewertig*, *adj.* *see* *Venus*'lich, 1.
 * *Venus*'tug, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to assimilate.

Beräufbern, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to hoax, to rally, to banter. [ralise.]

Beräufgemet'ne(n), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to generalize. [*verallgemeinern*.]

Beräuf'ien, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to grow old, antiquated, or obsolete; *v.-b.* obsolete; *veraltete* *Schuld*, prescribed or stale debt.

Beräuf'berlich, I. or **Beräuf'berär**, *adj.* mutable, changeable, alterable, variable; fluctuating, unsettled, fickle, inconstant; (*on barometers*) change; *v.-e* Preise, variable or irregular prices; *v.-e* Baluta, *Comm.* fluctuating standard; II. **B.-feit**, (*w.*) *f.* mutability, changeableness, &c., inconstancy; *Comm.* unsteadiness (of the market).

Beräuf'bern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to change, alter; to vary, turn, shift; *seine Wohnung* —, to change one's lodging, to remove; II. *refl.* 1) to vary, change, alter; *sich zu seinem Fortschritt* —, to improve; *wie hat er sich verändert (zum Schlimmern)?* how much has he fallen off! 2) *coll.* to change one's condition, to marry; 3) to break (said of the voice); 4) *Metall* —, to concentrate.

Beräuf'berung, (*w.*) *f.* change, changing, alteration; fluctuation, variation, mutation; breaking (of the voice).

Beräuf'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mas.* to grapple, to fasten with grappling irons; 2) *Mil.* to anchor, moor (bridges); 3) *Metall* —, to hoop (furnaces).

Beräuf'ern, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of fastening, or the being fastened with) grappling-irons.

Beräuf'igen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to assess, impose (taxes).

Beräuf'igung, (*w.*) *f.* assessment.

Beräuf'lassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to occasion, cause, to give rise to, to bring on; to induce, engage, prompt, to prevail on; to tempt; to suggest (a thought, &c.), to lead to (suppose, &c.). — **Beräuf'lasser**, (*str.*) *m.* occasioner, author. — **Beräuf'lassung**, (*w.*) *f.* occasion, (exciting) cause; motive, inducement; ohne — *angreifen*, to attack without provocation; auf — (*Acc.*), by the direction; at the motion, suggestion, or instance (*with Gen.*); *zu* — *gehen*, to give rise to, *cf.* *Beräuf'lassen*; ohne weitere — *für heute*, *Comm.* without anything further to-day.

Beräuf'schaulichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render conspicuous, plain, or intelligible, to illustrate, exhibit, bring to light; to be illustrative of — **Beräuf'schaulichung**, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) rendering conspicuous, &c.

Beräuf'schätzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rate, estimate, tax (and *with Acc.*), at. — **Beräuf'schätzung**, (*w.*) *f.* estimation, estimate, valuation; (rough) calculation.

Beräuf'stellen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to prepare, bring about, *coll.* to get up; to contrive, manage, arrange. — **Beräuf'stellung**, (*w.*) *f.* preparation, &c.; — *treffen*, to make arrangements; *durch eine* — *Gottes*, by divine dispensation.

Beräuf'sworten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to answer for, account for; to defend, justify; nicht zu —, *see Unverantwortlich*, 1; II. *refl.* to defend, excuse, clear, vindicate, or justify one's self.

Beräuf'swortlich, I. *adj.* answerable, accountable, amenable (to the laws, &c.), liable, responsible; *v.-es* Ministerium, responsible ministry; II. **B.-feit**, (*w.*) *f.* answerableness, &c., liability, responsibility; *B.-feit auf sich* (*Acc.*) haben, to incur responsibility; die — *tragen*, to be answerable, responsible (für, for); die — *trifft* *Sie allein*, the whole onus rests with you; ohne weitere — (*bei Anklagen*), without our prejudice.

Beräuf'swertung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) answering or accounting for, &c.; defence, vindication; *see Berantwortlichkeit*; auf *Shre* —, at your (own) peril or responsibility; auf *eigene* —, at one's discretion; auf *seine* — *nehmen*, to take upon one's self, to answer for; *per* — *stehen*, to call to account; *B.-trebe*,

B.-pflicht, *f.* speech of defence, apology; *v.-weise*, *adv.* *cine Sache* — *vor Gericht bringen*, *Law*, to file a bill of exception.

Beräuf'setzen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to work (zu, into), manufacture; *Metall* —, to work (off); 2) a) to consume by working, to work up; b) (*in sich* —) to digest; *verarbeitetes Silber*, wrought silver. — **Beräuf'setzung**, *f.* (the act of) working into, &c.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T. see* *Berücksichtigen*, 2. **Beräuf'sten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas) to construe or take ill, to misconstrue; to find fault with, to blame for.

Beräuf'stern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make worse, to aggravate (*Berücksichtigen*, 2). — **Beräuf'sterung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) aggravation; 2) *Comm.* deterioration.

Beräuf'stuten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to grow (or become) poor, impoverished, or impoverished; *ganß verarmt*, reduced to extreme poverty. — **Beräuf'stutung**, *f.* impoverishment.

Beräuf'stutten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* *see* *Berapfütten*.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (*l. u.*) to degenerate. **Beräuf'sten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to waste or spend in physics.

Beräuf'sten, **Beräuf'stern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reduce (*cf.* *intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to be reduced) to ashes (*Wind'stern*, 1).

Beräuf'stern, *coll.* *see* *Berücksichtigen*, 1, b. **Beräuf'sten** (*dimin.* **Beräuf'sten**), (*w.*) *v. refl.* & *intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to ramify, to shoot into (small) branches; *Anal.* to grow together. — **Beräuf'stung**, **Beräuf'sung**, (*w.*) *f.* ramification, &c.

Beräuf'stutten, (*w.*) *f.* *Chem.* veratrine acid.

Beräuf'stutten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put up to sale or auction, to sell by auction.

Beräuf'stuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend, expend, to pay away or out; *sich veranlagt haben*, to be out of pocket or short of money. — **Beräuf'stutung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) expenditure; 2) die — *saltschen Geldes*, (the act of) passing off or uttering counterfeit money.

Beräuf'stuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lay out (money), *see* *Auslegen*, 5.

Beräuf'stuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to alienate, abalienate (to transfer [the title of property]); to dispose of; **Beräuf'stuter**, (*str.*) *m.* alienator. — **Beräuf'stutlich**, *adj.* alienable. — **Beräuf'stutung**, (*w.*) *f.* alienation, transfer.

* **Beräuf**, (*sing. str., pl. w.*) *n.* *see* *Berbum*.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make bread off; to consume in baking, to bake up into loaves; 2) to spoil in baking.

* **Beräuf**, **Beräuf'stisch**, *adj.* verbal.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to join by beams, to joint.

Beräuf'stellen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to ballast.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make up into bales, to embale. [fren.]

Beräuf'stuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Ballhorn*.

Beräuf'sten, (*str., pl.* *Beräuf'sten*) *m.* 1) dressing, application, bandage; 2) binding, ligature, connexion, or fastening together; *Mas.* joining; bond; 3) *fig.* alliance, association, union, society.

Beräuf'sten, *in comp.* — **Hölzer**, *n. pl.* *Corp.* framing timber; — **Läppchen**, *n. Surg.* compress; — **Lehre**, *f.* that part of surgical science which treats of deligation; — **Mäßig**, *adj.* *Mas.* in good bond, so as to break joint; — **Stück**, *n. pl.* *Corp.* framing pieces; — **Jug**, *n. Surg.* dressings and bandages; (surgeon's) dressing-case.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fret away or consume in anxiety and fear.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to banish, exile; to proscriber; *fig.* to banish, dispel; *ber* (or *dic*) **Beräuf'sten**, *m. & f.* exile, outlaw. — **Beräuf'stung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) banishment, exile,

proscription; 2) *fig.* the (act of) banishing, dispelling; **B.-stet**, *m.* place of exile; **B.-stet**, *n.* sentence of exile. [(corn).]

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Agr.* to pile, stock **Beräuf'steten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to barricade.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. refl.* 1) *Sport.* to rub off the rough surface of the antlers (said of stags); 2) to change into bast.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to shut, stop, or obstruct by building, to build up; *cinem Nachbarn das Licht*, die *Aussicht* —, to stop or dam a neighbour's light(s) or prospect by building; 2) to use or make use of in building; 3) to spend, consume, or waste in (or by) building; II. *refl.* 1) to build amiss or wrong; 2) to go beyond one's means in building.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to assume rustic manners, to become clownish.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to rebound more and more faintly.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to ossify.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (*Sport.* **Beräuf'sten**) to bite off, nip, spoil by biting; *fig.-e* 2) to choke, clip (the words); 3) to bite back, suppress (one's wrath), choke, stifle; to swallow; (*sich* *Darf.*) *das Rauchen* —, to forbear laughing; II. *refl.* (of dogs, &c.) to bite so that the teeth cannot be disengaged, to lock the teeth; *verbißten*, *p. a.* *see* below. [tongue.]

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* *Sport.* to give * **Beräuf'sten**, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* ironwort, vervain.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (*l. u.*) to become clownish or a churl.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to hide, conceal, keep (but, from); *verborgen*, *p. a.* *see* below. — **Beräuf'stung**, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) hiding, concealment.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to better, improve, meliorate; to amend, correct, rectify, reform; II. *refl.* *coll.* to better one's self or one's condition. — **Beräuf'ster**, (*str.*) *m.* improver, &c. — **Beräuf'sterlich**, *adj.* improvable.

Beräuf'sterung, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) bettering, improvement, melioration; amendment, correction, reform; $\frac{1}{2}$ *Stück* für —, *Comm.* deduct one third new for old; *in comp.* **B.-antrag**, *m. Parl.* amendment; **B.-blatt**, *n. Typ.* proof-sheet; 2) errata-leaf; **B.-kosten**, *pl.* costs or expenses of improvement.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to remove by prayer; to deprecate (*differenz*: *Beräuf'sten*); 2) to spend in prayer.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to bow (gegen, to). **Beräuf'stung**, (*w.*) *f.* bow, reverence, obeisance.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to spoil or to make useless by bending; to give a wrong bent.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *m.* prohibitory letter.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to forbid, interdict, prohibit; *Einem das Haus* —, to forbid one one's house; *verbotene Waren*, prohibited or contraband goods; *hatten Sie nicht* *verbotenes bei sich?* had you no contraband articles with you? *verbotener Eingang!* no admittance! *verbotene Früchte* sind süß, *proverb*, stolen waters are sweet. — **Beräuf'stung**, (*w.*) *f.* (the act of) forbidding, prohibition.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to form in a wrong manner, to spoil, pervert, vitiate; to warp; to miseducate.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to allegorize.

Beräuf'sten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to personify, to represent under an image, to symbolize.

Beräuf'stung, (*w.*) *f.* the forming in a wrong manner, perversion; miseducation.

Beräuf'sten, *adj.* that may be united.

Beräuf'sten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to bind (up), tie (up); *Surg.* to bind up, dress (a wound); to bandage (up); *eine Ader* —, to bind up a vein; to knit fast a vein (of a horse); 2) to

unite, join; to combine (*also Chem.*); to league, ally; *Amst.* to inoculate; *T.* to join; to joint; to mitre; *eng.* —, *fg.* to link or knit closely together; to cement; *für immer* —, *fg.* to wed (*mit, to*); *ich verbinde hiermit die Absicht*, I intend by this at the same time, my secondary view in the matter is ...; *ich verbinde hiermit den Wunsch*, I add the wish; 3) *a)* to oblige; *Sie würden mich —, wenn ...*, you would oblige me by ...; I would (shall) thank you if ...; *Sie würden mich zu hehligstem Dank —*, you will give me reason to entertain the liveliest sense of your kindness by ...; *b)* to pledge; to engage, bind; 4) to bind wrong, to misplace the sheets of (a book); *Einem die Augen —*, to blindfold, hoodwink one, to hood or bluff one's eyes; *mit verbundenen Augen*, blindfold, blindfolded, hoodwinked; *etlich —*, to join in wedlock; *ein Faß —, Coop.* to hoop a cask; *Mar-s. ein tief verbundenes Schiff*, a deep-waisted ship; *ein niedrig verbundenes Schiff*, a low-built vessel; *Mar-s. verbundene Mauerarbeit*, break-joint; *verbundenes Mauerwerk*, bound masonry; *die damit verbundenen Übel*, the concomitant evils; *fach jede Moschee ist mit einer Schule verbunden*, almost every mosque has a school attached to it; *II. refl.* to join, unite; to combine, to associate.

Verbindungs, (*str.*) *n.* *see* Verbindungs.
Verbindlich, *I. adj.* 1) obliging, binding; obligatory; 2) obliging, bound; *sich — machen zu*, to engage (one's self) to ...; to bind, pledge, or commit one's self to ...; 3) obliging, civil, polite; *sich Einem — machen*, to oblige one; *Einem etwas B-s. sagen*, to pay one a compliment; *für alles B-s. das ...*, for all the civilities that ...; *v-ft danken*, to thank kindly; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) binding force or power; obligatoriness; 2) obligation; engagement, liability; 3) compliment, favour; 4) obligingness, civility; *seinem B-en nachkommen*, to fulfil or meet one's engagements; *ohne unfere — (bei Ausflügen)*, *see* Verantwortlichkeit; *Unterbindungen ohne —*, conditional offers.

Verbindung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) binding or tying (up), &c., dressing (of a wound); 2) *a)* combination (*also Chem.*), conjunction; *b)* connexion, relation; communication; 3) *Amst.* inoculation; 4) *Carp., &c.* constructing framing (*Hortlad.*); bond; 5) *a)* union; alliance; match, marriage; *b)* engagement; *durch unsere Londoner B-en, Comm.* through our London friends; *in — stehen*, to be in connexion, to be connected (with); to communicate; *in — treten*, to commence a correspondence, to enter into connexion (with).

Verbindungs..., *in comp.* connecting; —*acorde*, *m. pl.* *Amst.* transient chords; —*bahn*, *f.* junction line (of a railway); —*blech*, *n. pl.* splicing-plates; —*bolzen*, *m.* joint-bolt; —*kanal*, *m.* channel of intercourse; —*gang*, *m.* connecting passage, communication; —*giteb*, *m.* connecting link; —*flammer*, *f.* *Typ.* brace; —*raft*, *f.* power of combination; —*linie*, *f.* line of communication.

Verbindungslos, *adj.* without connexion or communication.

Verbindungs..., *in comp.* —*mittel*, *n.* connecting means, communication; —*platte*, *f.* junction-plate; —*punkt*, *m.* junction; —*röhre*, *f.* connecting tube or pipe; —*range*, *f.* *Nach.* connecting-rod; —*reihen*, *f. pl.* *see* Treffstellen; —*ritsch*, *m.* —*reihen*, *m.* hyphen; —*ritsch*, *n. Carp.* tie; —*ritschle*, *m. pl.* *Railw.* end-chairs; —*thür*, *f.* door of communication; —*trappe*, *f.* staircase of communication; —*verhältnis*, *m. Chem.* combining-proportion; —*wort*, *m.* connecting word; copula, conjunction.

Verbisfen, *I. p. a. fg.* crabbed, bitter,

salian, soured; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* crabbedness, &c., soured temper.

Verbiten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to deprecate, refuse, decline; to forbid; to beg to discontinue or not to do; *sich (Dat.) etwas —*, to desire (or beg) to be excused from ...; *sich einem Besuch —*, to decline a visit; *ich würde mit jedem Zwang seinerseits —*, I would warn him against trying coercion.

Verbittern, (*w.*) *v. tr. fg.* to embitter; to exasperate; *sich — lassen*, to become soured (by adversity, &c.).

Verbläuen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr. see* Verbläuen.
Verbläuen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to remove by blowing; to spend in blowing; 2) to blow (glass), to refine (a metal); 3) *Paint.* to dilute (the colours) in painting, to render (the colours) fainter; 4) to consume (glass, &c.).

Verbläulichkeit, (*w.*) *f.* *Paint.* lightness, aliveness of colours (in a picture).

Verblättern, (*w.*) *v. intr. see* Verblättern.
Verblättern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to thin the leaves of (a vine, &c.); 2) *Carp.* to scar.

Verblättern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lose (a passage) in turning the leaves over.

Verbleichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover with sheet-iron; to tin.

Verbleiben, (*w.*) *v. I. intr. Sport.* to cease pairing; to disperse; *II. refl.* to blunder.

Verbleib, (*str.*) *m.* 1) place of abode or stay; place where a thing is left; 2) remainder.
Verbleiben, (*str.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* to remain, abide, stay, continue; to persist (*bei, in*).

Verbleichen, (*str. & w.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* 1) to grow pale or wan; to fade; 2) (*Lebens —*) to expire, die.

Verbleichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *T.* to lead, to cover or furnish with lead; to load (with lead); 2) *see* Blombiren, 1; (*auf Speichen-nungen*) leads.

Verbleiben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mar.* *a)* to face (brick-masonry with stones, &c.); *b)* to rough-cast (a building); 2) *Min.* *a)* to mask (the live lodes); *b)* to stop up with brattices, to brattice up (the gangues); 3) *Sport.* to screen (the nets with foliage or boughs); 4) to dazzle, blind (gegen, to); to fascinate, infatuate.

Verblenden, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a)* blind; screen, &c. (*Blende*); *b)* facing (of brick-masonry, &c.); 2) *fg.* *a)* the (act of) dazzling, &c.; *b)* dazzling things, fascination; *c)* infatuation, blindness.

Verblühen, *p. a. (cf. Verblühen)* deceased; *der (or die) B-en*, the deceased.

Verblühen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *das Silber hat verblüht*, *Metall* the silver has cornicated, is reduced.

Verblühen, (*str.*) *m. see* Verblühen.

Verblinden, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to grow blind, *see* Erblinden; *II. tr.* to (strike) blind.

Verblüffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dumbfound, startle, bewilder, confuse, puzzle, to put (or beat) out of countenance; *cf. Verblühen*.

Verblühen, (*w.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* to have done flowering; to shed or lose the blossoms; to fade, wither, decay.

Verblümen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to adorn or cover with flowers; 2) *fg.* to disguise, cover; *verblümt*, *p. a.* figurative, allegorical; *verblümt reden*, *fg.* to allegorise, *poet. coll.* to use hints and allusions, to disguise one's meaning.

Verbluten, (*w.*) *v. I. intr. (aux. haben & sein) & refl.* 1) to bleed to exhaustion, to bleed to death; 2) to cease bleeding; 3) *fg.* *a)* to exhaust one's self; *b)* to cease, to be allayed; *II. tr.* *, *sein Erben —*, to bleed to death, to sacrifice one's life. — **Verblutung**, (*w.*) *f.* a bleeding to death, &c.

Verbluten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bottom or

head up (a cask); 2) *Comm.* to hypothecate (a ship, &c.).

Verbohlen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to plank. — **Verbohlung**, (*w.*) *f.* rough boarding.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* *T.* to fasten with tree-nails or wooden pins, to join; *II. refl.* to bore wrong; *verbohrt*, *p. a. coll.* cracked, orazy.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close by means of a bastion or bulwark; to block up.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to belt.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to load out; 2) to sell on credit.

Verbohren, *I. p. a. (from Verbohren)* hid, hidden; *v-e Schußloch*, secret drawers (of a desk); *Phys.* latent (heat), *Med., &c.* occult (inflammation); obscure; *in den v-en Tiefen*, *fg.* in the deep recesses (of time, of the heart, &c.); — *liegen*, to lurk; *im B-en*, in secret, secretly; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* concealment; retirement; obscurity.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. tr. see* Verblümen.

Verbohren, (*str.*) *m.* prohibition, interdiction; suppression (of a book, &c.); —*behehl*, *m.* Law, inhibition; —*gehehl*, *n.* prohibitory law; —*schreiben*, *n.* prohibitory letter; —*tag*, *m. t.* ninth Sunday before Easter; *v-eilbrige Handlungen des Schiffers*, illegal acts of the shipmaster; breach on the part of the shipmaster.

Verbohren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to border, edge, garnish, lace; *mit B-en —*, to fur; 2) *Eng.* to surround the margin of (a copper-plate) with bordering wax; 3) *fg.* *a)* to interlard; *b)* to adorn, embellish. — **Verbohrung**, (*w.*) *f.* border, bordering, &c. (*Strig.*)

Verbrauchen, (*str.*) *m.* (obsolescent) fuel.

Verbrauchen, (*str. & w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to use up or to spoil in wasting or trying; 2) to over-roast, over-fry.

Verbrauchen, (*str.*) *m.* consumption.

Verbrauchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to consume, use, to spend, waste; to employ, to make use of; *verbraucht*, *p. a.* worn out, used up, cast off; hackneyed, trite, stale (*Abgegriffen*); *ein v-cr Gebante*, *fam.* a horse ridden to death. (*see* **Verbrauchen**).

Verbrauchen, (*str.*) *m.* consumer, purchaser.
Verbrauch..., *in comp.* *B-gegenstand*, *m.* article of consumption; —*steuer*, *f.* excise of consumption.

Verbrauchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume in brewing; 2) to use for brewing.

Verbrauchen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to imbrown.

Verbrauchen, (*w.*) *v. intr. (aux. sein)* to cease fermenting, &c., to subside, to become quiet.

Verbrauchen, *I. (str.) v. tr.* 1) to break, mar; *Min.* to break; 2) *Sport.* *die Fährte —*, to mark the footing or track by strewing branches; 3) *fg.* to commit, perpetrate (a crime, &c.); *das Erben —*, to forfeit one's life; *II. s. (str.) m.* crime, offence, delinquency; guilt; misdemeanour; *fg.* enormity.

Verbreiten, (*str.*) *m.* Verbreiterin, (*w.*) *f.* criminal, delinquent, malefactor, offender; *überführt* —, convict; —*colonie*, *f.* convict-colony.

Verbreiten, *adj.* criminal; *das B-e einer Handlung*, the criminality of an action.

Verbreiten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to spread; to disperse, disseminate, divulge, propagate, diffuse, *cf. Ausbreiten*, 5; *ein weit verbreitetes Journal*, a largely circulated journal; *weit verbreitet sein*, *fg.* to exist extensively (of opinions, &c.); *II. refl.* 1) to spread, extend; 2) to be diffuse in speaking or writing, to enlarge, expatiate (*über (with Acc.)*, upon); to launch forth (into enlogiums, &c.).

Verbreiten, (*str.*) *m.* spreader, &c.

Verbreiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to widen, enlarge.

Verbreiten, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) spreading, &c., *cf. Verbreiten*; propagation, diffu-

sion, dissemination, &c.; die — nützlicher Kenntnisse, the diffusion of useful knowledge; — erlangen, to get into the vogue (of articles of merchandise, &c.); die geographische —, geographical range (of plants, &c.).

Verbrennen, (*irr.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to burn (down), to be consumed or destroyed by fire; II. *tr.* 1) a) to burn (to ashes), to consume or destroy by burning or fire; b) to affect by heat, to burn (meat or bread, &c.) in cookery; 2) a) to scorch; (mit heißem Wasser &c.) to scald; b) to tan, imbrown by the sun; c) to blast (the corn, &c.); sich (*Dat.*) die Finger —, to burn one's fingers; sich (*Dat.*) den Mund —, coll. to be forward with one's tongue; von der Sonne verbrannt, sun-burnt, tanned.

Verbrennlich, I. *adj.* combustible; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* combustibility.

Verbrennen, (*w.*) *f.* a burning, destroying, or consuming by fire, &c.; combustion, ignition.

Verbsichern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to board (up), plank. **Verbsichern**, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to strengthen or secure by documents, to charter; 2) to mortgage, pledge by a writing; verbrieft, p. a. chartered, documented; verbrieft Rechte, vested rights; verbrieft Schulden, obligations; obligatory debts; II. *refl.* to bind one's self by a deed. [consumo.]

Verbringen, (*irr.*) v. *tr.* to spend, was e, **Verbraten**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *Theol.* to impanate; verbietet, p. a. impanate.

Verbrüchen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to crumble (away). **Verbrüden**, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to unite closely; II. *refl.* to enter into a fraternity, to fraternise (with).

Verbrüderung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fraternisation; 2) brotherhood, (con)fraternity, affiliation. **Verbrühen**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to scald. **Verbrauchen**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* *Sport.* to cease rutting.

Verbrühen, (*w.*) *f.* breast wall. **Verbrüten**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to hatch badly or imperfectly; 2) *fig.* to spend in pondering.

Verbrühen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* see Verbrühen. **Verbrühen**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *Comm.* to enter incorrectly, to book wrong.

Verbrühen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* *Butch.* to stick above the shoulder (pigs); II. *refl.* (of horses) to receive a strain or wrench in the shoulder.

Verbrühen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to spend or waste in dissipation or debauchery. — **Verbrühen**, I. p. a. amorous, lascivious; coquetish; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* amoroseness, &c., coquetry. * **Verbrennen**, (*str.*, pl. [*Lat.*] *Verba*) n. *Gramm.* verb.

Verbrennenblättrig, *adj.* *Bot.* gamophyllous; gamopetalous; gamosepalous.

Verbünden, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to ally, confederate, associate; II. *refl.* to enter into a confederacy; verbündet, p. a. allied, confederate; der (die) Verbündete, m. (f.) ally, confederate. — **Verbündnis**, (*str.*) n. 1) (l. u.) or **Verbündung**, (*w.*) *f.* coalition, confederation; league; 2) *Script.* vow.

Verbürgen, *adj.* warrantable.

Verbürgen, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* to bail, warrant, to stand security, to pass one's word for, to answer for, to guarantee; to vouch for; die Sicherheit or Güte wird verbürgt (in Ängern), warranted; II. *refl.* to become bail or security, to stand security (for); verbürgt, p. a. authentic (news, &c.).

Verbürgen, p. a. enjoying the rights and privileges of a citizen. [&c.; security.]

Verbürgen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) bailing. **Verbürten**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *T.* to dovetail.

Verbürten, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to atone for. **Verbürten**, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) coll. to grow stunted; — lassen, to stunt.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to convert into **Verbuttern**, see **Verbuttern**. [butter.]

* **Verbuttern**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to guard by clauses; to provide for (or against) (by clauses); hat sich der Fürst auch so verbuttern (Schiller), did the duke make any of these provisos (*Color.*); verbuttern, p. a. clausured.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *T.* to coke, to carbonise (pit-coal). — **Verbutternöfen**, (*str.*, pl. *B-fen*) m. coke-oven. [&c.]

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to cover with a roof. **Verbuttern**, (*str.*) m. suspicion; distrust; — haben auf (*with Acc.*), in — haben (wegen &c.), to suspect (one of ...); — schöpfen, to take alarm; in — bringen or setzen, to make suspected; im — stehen, to be suspected (of); — frei, see — los.

Verbuttern, *adj.* suspected, suspicious.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to render suspected or suspicious, to reflect on.

Verbuttern, (*irr.*) v. *f.* suspiciousness.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) rendering suspected; false representation, aspersion; insinuation. [suspected.]

Verbuttern, *adj.* 1) unsuspecting; 2) un-**Verbuttern**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) covering with a roof, roofing; 2) hood-moulding, weather-moulding, labels; *B-fen*, n. crowning moulding.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to damn; to condemn, doom; to denounce; zu einer Verbuttern —, to fine, mulct; ewig verbuttern sein, *Theol.* to perish; verbuttern! *interj.* damn it! *v-werth*, *adj.* see *Verbuttern*-*v-werth*.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) a) to dam up, embank; b) (einen Bach &c.) to dam or pen up the course of a stream, &c. by a dam; 2) *Min.* to keep off (the waters by timbering); 3) *Mil.* to damp (a mine); die Gusstufen —, to ram down the sand in moulding.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to die away in gloom or twilight; II. *tr.* to veil in gloom or twilight.

Verbuttern, I. *adj.* damnable; condemn-
able; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* damnableness, &c.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) *f.* damnation; *Theol.* perdition.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* damnation, condemnation; *B-fpruch*, m., *B-furt*, n. sentence of condemnation, condemnatory sentence or decree; *v-werth*, *adj.* condemn-
able; blamable.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) damming up; embankment; 2) *Min.* timbering (of a shaft).

Verbuttern, *adj.* evaporable.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to exhale, evaporate; II. *tr.* 1) *fam.* to smoke away; 2) or **Verbuttern**, to evaporate, see *Verbuttern*.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* evaporation; *B-fgefäß*, n. *Sugar-w.* evaporating-pan; *B-fvermögen*, n. evaporating power.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (Einen etwas) 1) (l. u., except provinc.) to thank (one) for, to render thanks; to accept gratefully; 2) to owe, to be indebted to (one for a thing); (have to) thank (for); ihm ist es zu —, daß ..., it is owing to him that ...

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to digest.

Verbuttern, I. *adj.* digestible; leicht —, easy of digestion; schwer —, heavy for the stomach, indigestible; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* digestibleness.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* digestion; gute —, eupesay; schlechte —, dyspepsay; die — be-
trüben, digestive; in comp. *B-fschwerte*, *f.* inconvenience arising from indigestion; *B-fgeschäft*, n. business of digestion; *B-fkraft*, *f.* digestive power; *B-fmittel*, n. digestive; *B-forgan*, n. digestive organ; *B-fsaft*, m. chyle; *B-fschwäche*, *f.* indigestion, dyspepsay.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) n. 1) cover; platform; awning, tilt; — einer Chaise, head of a chaise; — leder, n. coach-leather; 2) *Mar-s.* deck; das unterste —, gun-deck; das mittlere —, middle-deck; das oberste or dritte —, upper-deck; das falsche —, orlop-deck, spare-deck (of frigates); ein glattes —, a deck flush fore and aft.

Verbuttern, *adj.* that may be covered (up).

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to cover; to hide, conceal, muffle up; verbuttern, p. a. covered, &c., covert; verbuttern Markt, false or stolen march; die verbuttene Batterie, masked battery; die verbuttene Barre, decked barge; a barge with an awning.

Verbuttern, in comp. — lading, *f.* deck-loading; — leder, n. head-leather.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) covering, &c., concealment; *Astr.* occultation.

Verbuttern, (*irr.*) n. awning, tilt.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) v. *tr.* (Einen etwas) to construe or take amiss or ill, to find fault with, to blame (for), cf. *Vertragen*.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) v. 1) the (act of) spoiling, &c.; 2) ruin, waste; decay (of a ship); deterior-
ation, corruption, natural decay (of a cargo); frei von —, free from or of decay; 3) cause

Verbuttern, *adj.* corruptible. [of ruin.]

Verbuttern, v. I. (*str.*) *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to spoil, to be spoiled; 2) to fall, to become a bankrupt; 3) to deteriorate, grow worse, decay, go to ruin; to perish; to rot; diese Waaren — zu leicht, these goods are too perishable; II. *tr.* 1) (*str.*) a) to ruin, undo, destroy; b) to render unfit, to spoil; sich (*Dat.*) den Magen —, to disorder one's stom-
ach; ich habe mir den Geschmack verderben, I am out of taste; 2) *fig.* (w. & *str.*) to corrupt, taint, vitiate, blight, mar, spoil; to pervert, deprave; es mit Ehem —, to dis-
oblige one, to fall out or break with one, to fall under one's displeasure; die Zeit —, to waste or kill time; dazu bin ich verderben, that is quite out of my way or line; an ihm ist ein (guter) Soldat verderben, he would have made a good soldier; verderben, p. a. see below.

Verbuttern, v. (*str.*) n. 1) see *Verbuttern*, 1; dem — über einem raschen Wechsel der Mode nicht unterworfen, not liable to be damaged or subject to the changes of fashion; 2) cor-
ruption; 3) ruin, undoing, destruction; per-
dition; detrimental (to); ins — führen, to undo, ruin; sich ins — führen, to rush into ruin; 4) depravity, perversity.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) m. 1) spoiler, destroyer; 2) corrupter, perverter.

Verbuttern, I. *adj.* 1) corruptible, des-
tructible; (leicht) v-e Waaren, *Comm.* perish-
able or damageable goods; 2) destructive (für, of, to: destructive of the morality of society; destructive to the strength, &c.); pernicious (to), ruinous, fatal; das v-e der
Weltstrafen, the pernicious tendency of fines; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* 1) corruptibility; perish-
able nature; 2) destructiveness, ruinousness.

Verbuttern, (*str.*) *f.* or n. 1) corruption, depravity, perversity; 2) cause of corruption.

Verbuttern, I. *adj.* *fig.* corrupted, corrupt, depraved; II. *Beit.* (*w.*) *f.* corruptness, cf. *Verbuttern*, 1.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) spoiling, marring, ruining; 2) corruption, deprav-
ation, perversion.

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to misconstrue; 2) see *Verbuttern*, I. 2. [trate.]

Verbuttern, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to explain, illus-
tration; **Verbuttern**, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to Germanise;

2) a) to translate into German; b) *fig.* to ex-
plain. — **Verbuttern**, (*w.*) *f.* a translation into German.

Verbuttern, *adj.* condensable.

Verdichten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to condense, compress; to concentrate; 2) to rhyme away (one's time).

Verdichtung, (w.) f. condensation; solidification (of gaseous bodies); in comp. **Verdichtungsapparat**, m., **Verdichtungsapparat**, f., **Verdichtungsapparat**, m. condenser, condenser; **Verdichtungsapparat**, m. injection-cock; **Verdichtungsapparat**, f. condensing syringe, condenser-pump.

Verdicken, (w.) v. tr. to thicken, condense, concentrate; to inspissate; *Med.* to increase; **verdicktes Öl**, clotted oil. — **Verdickung**, (w.) f. a thickening, concretion, condensation.

* **Verdict**, (str.) n. (*Lat.*) verdict, see **Wahrpruch**.

Verdienen, (w.) v. tr. to cover with boards, **Verdiener**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to gain, earn, make (money); to profit (an *with Dat.*), by; viel —, to make a good deal (an, out of, by); 2) *Ag.* to merit (a reward, &c.), deserve (punishment, &c.); er hat das nicht um Sie verdient, he has not deserved that from you or at your hands; cf. **Verdienst**, below.

Verdienst, s. l. (str.) m. gain, the (act of) getting or earning, wages, profit; ein Mann von vielen **Verdienst**, a well deserving man, a man of great worth; es liegt kein — darin, it is not at all meritorious; earnings; es ist kein — dabei, it yields no profit; II. (str.) n. merit, desert; seine **Verdienst** um die Stadt, his merits with regard to the town; — um die Gewerbe, merit in behalf of industry; *fig* (*Dat.*) etwas zum — anrechnen, to make a merit of, to account it a merit, to regard it as one's merit; *fig* (*Dat.*) ein — or **Verdienst** verdienen (um), to deserve well (of).

Verdienstlich, I. *adj.* 1) meritorious; deserving; 2) see **Eintüglig**; II. **Verdienstlich**, (w.) f. meritoriousness, &c.

Verdienstlos, *adj.* destitute of merit, undeserving; **Verdienstlos**, (w.) f. undeservingness; demerit.

Verdienstvoll, *adj.* full of merit, well deserving; höchst —, of the highest rank of merit.

Verdient, p. a. 1) merited; 2) (well-) deserving, meritorious; *fig* — machen um ..., to deserve well of ..., to render services to ..., to deserve thanks of ...; v-t Strafe, condign punishment; v-ermaßen, *adv.* deservedly.

Verding, (str.) m. act of letting anything for hire, or of taking a place; contract; im —, by contract, by (the) job.

Verdingen, (str.) v. tr. I. tr. to bind (a young) man as an apprentice, &c., to put out (for hire or to service, &c.); to farm out, to hire, to agree about or upon a price for, to strike a bargain for; den Bau eines Hauses —, to contract for a building; eine Arbeit —, to agree about a work, to give a work by the job; Einen in die Kost —, to put one out to board; die Schweine in die Mast —, to agree upon a price for hogs to be masted; II. *refl.* to bind one's self, to enter into an engagement or into service, to hire one's self out.

Verdingung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) putting out for hire, &c.; 2) agreement, bargain.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* Comm. to get discounted.

Verdisconten, see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. *coll.* for **Verdisconten**; verdisconten, p. a. 1) thunderstruck; 2) confounded, mischievous.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to double, to double; b) *Mar.* to sheath (a); 2) *Gramm.* to double, geminate (letters), to reduplicate (syllables); seinen Schritt —, to mend one's pace, *coll.* to put one's best leg foremost.

Verdisconten, (w.) f. the (act of) doubling, &c.; — des Segels, *Mar.* tabling of a sail.

Verdisconten, I. p. a. 1) a) spoiled, &c.,

rotten (fruit, &c.); vitiated (air, &c.), tainted (meat, &c.); v-t **Verdisconten**, putrid or tainted water; v-t **Verdisconten**, rotten fruit; v-t **Verdisconten**, palmed or dead wine; v-t **Verdisconten**, flat beer; v-t **Verdisconten**, damaged, tainted, touched, ill-conditioned, or waste goods; ein v-t Kaufmann, a broken merchant; b) *coll.* unlit (gas, for); 2) see **Verdisconten**; II. **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) spoiled condition, &c.; 2) *Ag.* see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (w.) I. *tr.* (*aux.* sein) to dry up, wither; II. *tr.* (*aux.* sein) to wither, blight.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to push, drive away, to remove, dislodge, displace, to supplant, oust; to drive out (other articles); Einen aus seiner Stelle —, to supplant one, to usurp the place of another, *coll.* to work one out of his place.

Verdisconten, (w.) f. removal, &c.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to consume in turning; 2) to turn badly, to spoil in turning; **verdisconten**, p. a. see **Verdisconten**, 1.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to distort; 1) to contort, writh, wrench, bend, to put awry; 2) *Ag.* to pervert, to give a wrong turn to; a) to misrepresent, warp, twist, wrest (a passage, &c.), to put a false construction on; b) (Einen den Kopf etc.) to turn, unsettle (one's brains, &c.); die Augen —, to distort or roll the eyes; *fig* (*Dat.*) den Fuß, die Hand —, to sprain one's foot, hand. — **Verdisconten**, (str.) m. distorter, &c. — **Verdisconten**, p. a. 1) distorted, &c.; 2) crazy, see **Verdisconten**. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) distortion, &c.; cf. **Verdisconten**; contortion; 2) *Ag.* perversion; misrepresentation; caricature.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to trouble, triple.

Verdisconten, (str.) v. tr. (*impers.*) to grieve, fret, vex, irritate, mortify, to trouble; es mußte mich —, daß Sie ..., I could not help feeling annoyed at your ...; *fig* (*Acc.*) — lassen, to be grieved, vexed, to take offence at; to shrink from, to shirk; *fig* seine Rühre, seine Kosten — lassen, to grudge or spare no pains, no expenses; lassen Sie sich die Mühe nicht —, never mind the trouble.

Verdisconten, I. *adj.* 1) fretful, morose, peevish, moody, cross, pettish, sullen, ill-humoured, out of humour, sour, or temper; 2) irksome, troublesome, vexatious, annoying, provoking, *coll.* plagu; ein v-t Ereignis, untoward event; — machen, see **Verdisconten**; II. **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) fretfulness, &c., ill humour; 2) irksomeness, &c., vexation, trouble, annoyance; mit Einem in **Verdisconten** geraten, to fall out or quarrel with one.

Verdisconten, I. *adj.* 1) peevish (cf. **Verdisconten**), loath, unwilling, averse; 2) lazy, slow, dull, listless; II. **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) peevishness, loathing, unwillingness, reluctance; 2) laziness, &c., indolence.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to misprint; 2) to consume in printing.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. 1) *provinc.* for **Verdisconten**, cf. **Verdisconten**; 2) see **Verdisconten**; II. *refl.* Min. 1) to run out; to become narrow; 2) to become poorer (of a lode); **verdisconten** Gemälde, *Archit.* scheme (or skene [*Hortel*]) arch, flat arch.

Verdisconten, (w.) f. Min. roll, balk, nip (of a lode); contraction (of a seam).

Verdisconten, (str.) m. 1) ill-will, indignation, anger; 2) vexation, annoyance, trouble, chagrin; (Einen) — machen, to vex, spite; — empfinden über ..., to repine at ...; zu meinem Größten —, to my great vexation.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. *Joiv.*, &c. to peg; **verdisconten** Träger, built beams with keys (*Hortel*). — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. dwelling. **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. (*aux.* sein) to exhale, evaporate.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. (*aux.* sein) to become stupid; II. *tr.* to render stupid, to

imbrute. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. the (act of) rendering stupid, cf. **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. (*aux.* sein) 1) to grow dampish, moist, mouldy; 2) see **Verdisconten**, I.; II. tr. 1) to make dampish, &c.; 2) see **Verdisconten**, II.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to darken, (*also fig.*) to dim, obscure; to eclipse; II. *refl.* to grow dark, to darken. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. a darkening, &c., obscuration; eclipse; **Verdisconten** des Lichts, dimness of sight. — **Verdisconten**, (str.) m. obscurer.

Verdisconten, *adj.* that may be thinned or diluted; rarefiable. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. to thin; to rarely (the air, &c.); to dilute, attenuate; to temper, wash (a colour); Chem. to subtilise; eine **Verdisconten** Säure, *Archit.* diminished column. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. the (act of) thinning; attenuation, rarefaction, rarity; dilution; **Verdisconten**, m. *Phys.* degree of rarity; **Verdisconten**, n. diluter; *Med.* attenuant.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. (*aux.* sein), **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. to evaporate, exhale.

Verdisconten, **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. evaporation; **Verdisconten**, m. *Phys.* evaporimeter, atmometer.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. (*aux.* sein) to perish or die with thirst; **verdisconten**, p. a. very thirsty, parched; **verdisconten**, (str.) v. a. death by thirst.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to darken, obscure; II. *refl.* & *refl.* to grow dark, to darken. — **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. to browbeat, confuse, confound, abash, puzzle, to put out of countenance, *coll.* to nonplus; cf. **Verdisconten**; **verdisconten**, p. a. browbeaten, &c., taken aback; in a maze.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. *Sport.* to attain full growth and solidity (said of the horns of a stag, &c.).

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to enoble; to bring to greater perfection, improve, refine; *fig.* also to exalt; II. *refl.* to improve; *Min.* to grow richer (of lodes); **verdisconten** Wolf, half-bred Marino.

Verdisconten, (w.) f. the (act of) ennobling, &c., improvement, refinement; exaltation.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. to join in wedlock (**Verdisconten**). — **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (w.) v. tr. 1) to honour, respect, venerate, revere, reverence; 2) to worship, adore; 3) Comm. to pay due honour, to show due protection (a bill of exchange); 4) (Einen etwas) to present one with; v-t werth, see **Verdisconten**.

Verdisconten, (str.) m., **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) reverencer, reverer; 2) worshipper, adorer, votary; 3) admirer (of a lady). [(as a title).

Verdisconten, *adj.* see **Verdisconten**; 1) **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. 1) veneration, reverence; admiration; 2) worshiping, adoration; 3) Comm. acception, protection; v-t werthig, *adj.* 1) honourable, respectable, venerable; 2) adorable.

Verdisconten, **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. to bind by an oath; to administer an oath to, to swear, swear in; auf die **Verdisconten** —, to swear to the constitution; **verdisconten**, **verdisconten**, *adj.* sworn. — **Verdisconten**, **Verdisconten**, (w.) f. the (act of) binding by an oath, &c.

† **Verdisconten**, (w.) v. tr. to transfer to, to give (one) for his own.

Verdisconten, (str.) m. union; coalition; confederation; association, society, club; in comp. **Verdisconten**, n. states not belonging to the German commercial union (cf. **Verdisconten**); **Verdisconten**, n. pl., **Verdisconten**, n. pl. states belonging to (or associated in) a union, *provinc.* the German

commercial union (*cf.* Zollverein); *v-ständisch*, *adj.* belonging to the German commercial union or league; *B-sünige*, *f.* *B-geacht*, *n.* (standard) money (or coin), standard weight of the German commercial union; *B-gehalt*, *m.* tariff of the Zollverein-states.

Verreinbär, *I. adj.* that may be accorded, reconcilable; compatible, consistent; II. *B-freit*, (*w.*) *f.* reconcilableness, compatibility. — *Verreinbären*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to unite, join, connect, to accord; to reconcile; 2) or *sch-über* (*with Acc.*), to establish after common or mutual consultation, to agree (upon); — mit ..., to arrange with ...; *Verreinbärlig*, *adj.* *see* *Verreinbar*; *Verreinbärung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) uniting, &c.; agreement, arrangement; *weiter* — *vorbehalten*, further arrangements reserved.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Verreinigen*. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to identify. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to simplify. *Verreinigung*, (*w.*) *f.* simplification. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to unite, join, combine; 2) to associate, ally; 3) to accord; to make to agree; to reconcile; die *Verreinigten Staaten*, the United States (of North-America); unter *Verreinigten Namen*, *Comm.* under associated or joint names; *verreinigt* (*verrein*) *handeln*, to act in concert; II. *ref.* to unite, join, combine, to agree (*über* *with Acc.*), upon), accord; *sch-lassen* mit, to be reconcilable, consistent, or compatible with; alle *Eugenben* — *sch-lassen* ihm, all virtues meet in him; alles *verreinigt* *sch-lassen* ihm glücklich zu machen, all things conspire to make him happy.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *m.* unit, &c. *Verreinigung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) union, joining, junction, combination; association, alliance; 2) accordance, agreement; conciliation.

Verreinigungs..., *in comp.* — *kanal*, *m.* junction-canal; — *kanal*, *f.* *Anal.* conjunctiva; — *kanal*, *see* — *kanal*; — *linie*, *f.* *see* *Verbindungslinie*; — *mittel*, *n.* means of communication, union, junction; — *ort*, *m.* place of resort or assembling; *Anal.* commissure; *Phys.* focus; — *punkt*, *m.* centre of union, rallying-point; — *ruf*, *m.* *Md.* rallying word, call of a drum, tattoo; — *vertrag*, *m.* treaty of union; — *weite*, *f.* *Phys.* focal distance or length; — *zeichen*, *n.* signal for gathering or assembling.

Verreinigen, *see* *Verreinigen*. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to insulate, isolate; II. *intr.* & *ref.* to live or lead a retired or secluded life; *sch-beruhen* *sch-lassen*, to feel solitary or desolate; *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) isolation, desolation; 2) solitariness, seclusion.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dismember, detach, separate; 2) to dispose of singly, to retail, sell in single portions, to parcel out; *verreinigen*, *p. a.* detached, isolated; desolatory.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) dismembering, detachment, separation, &c.; *B-gehalt*, *n.* *Gramm.* diabetes.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to congeal, freeze.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to frustrate, baffie, thwart, mar; foil, defeat; to disconcert; to disappoint. — *Verreinigen*, *f.* frustration, &c.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *ref.* to suppurate. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* suppuration.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render loathsome. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to die. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to transform into an angel or angel.

Verreinigen, *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *ref.* to narrow, straiten, contract. — *Verreinigen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Anal.* constrictor. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* a narrowing, &c., contraction.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to leave, transfer, transmit; to entail (*auf* *with Acc.*), upon; II. *ref.* 1) to devolve, fall upon; 2) to be hereditary. — *Verreinigen*, *adj.* transmissible (by bequest, &c.). — *Verreinigen*, *f.* the (act of) leaving (by bequest), &c., transmission.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to convert, reduce to earth.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *ref.* to turn into ore, mineralise. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* mineralisation; *B-Smittel*, *n.* mineralising substance.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to metamorphose into an ass; II. *intr.* to become an ass. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* transformation into an ass.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to eternalise, perpetuate, immortalise; *verreinigen*, *p. a.* gone to eternity, deceased, late, defunct. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* perpetuation, &c.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Corp.*, &c. to provide with timber-work; to prop with timber; 2) to divide into classes and compartments; II. *ref.* to, to come to an arrangement.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to burn away quickly; II. *tr.* to waste (a candle).

Verreinigen, *adj.* transportable.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein* & *haben*) to deal (by), proceed (against), act, to take a course, with mit ... to treat, use, manage; to dispose (of); *gerichtlich* —, to take legal measures, proceed (gegen, against); zum *Urteil*, to proceed to judgement; *Todes* —, to die; II. *tr.* 1) to remove by land-carriage, to convey, transport; to export, send; 2) *see* *Verreinigen*; 3) *Mar.* a) to overhaul (a tackle); b) das *Stratpfl* or das *Unterfl* auf dem *Stratpfl* —, to fleet the cable; 4) *Min.* a) to work out (one's task); b) to exhaust (a mine); 5) a) to miss (the road, &c.); b) to elude; den *Zeit* —, to defraud the toll or custom, to smuggle goods; 6) to spend in driving about; die *Sache* ist *gründlich* —, the affair has become thoroughly entangled or is knocked on the head; III. *ref.* 1) to mistake one's way or course; 2) *Min.* to miss the lode; 3) *Typ.* to over- or under-shoot the carriage; *sch-lassen* in einander —, to get jammed up together or locked in each other (of carriages).

Verreinigen, *s. (str.) n.* proceeding; course, procedure; treatment, management; conduct; method, process (of manufacturing, &c.); das — *von Wagen* in einander, (street-)stoppage. *Verreinigen*, *in comp.* — *art*, — *weise*, *f.* mode of proceeding; procedure; method, process; — *lehre*, *f.* methodology.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* & *ref.* to grow pale, yellow, or fallow.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a) decay, deterioration; decline, ruin; dilapidation; der — *des Reichs*, the decay of the empire; der — *und Untergang* des römischen Reichs, the decline and fall of the Roman empire; b) *fig.* corruption; c) degeneration, disuse; 2) *Comm.*, &c. expiration, maturity; bis —, till maturity, till due; bei —, when due, at maturity; at or on expiration; der — *zahlen*, to pay by anticipation or advance; der — *für Deckung* sorgen, to be ready in advance or before expiration with the reimbursement; — *eines Rechts*, *Law*, loss, forfeiture of a right; in — *gerathen*, *see* *Verreinigen*, 3.

Verreinigen, *n.* *Comm.* bills-payable-book.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to fall, fall in; 2) to grow lean or meagre; *Ag-s.* 3) to decay, decline, sink, to go to ruin; to get out of repair, to dilapidate; to deteriorate; to degenerate; 4) a) (*with* in (*& Acc.*)) aa) to fall, run (into); to incur (a penalty); bb) to be seized (with); in *Rachden* —, to grow pensive; b) (*with* auf (*& Acc.*)) to

chance to think of, to hit upon, fall upon, think of; 5) a) to expire, elapse (of time); b) to fall to another possessor; to be forfeited; er *verfiel* einem *Loose*, das ..., his was a fate that ...; 6) *Mar.* to fall out of the course, *cf.* *Verreiben*, II. 1, b, bb; 7) *provinc.* (Lothos) to die; *verfallen*, *p. a.* 1. dilapidated; ruinous; 2. *Law.* a) lapsed; b) forfeited, foreclosed; 3. due, payable (bill); ein *Pfand* für — *erklären*, to foreclose a mortgage; das — *eines Pfandes*, foreclosure; v-*sch Gut*, forfeit, seizure; v-*Wirt*, escheats.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* († & *provinc.*) 1) to fine, mulct; 2) to forfeit (a fief); 3) *provinc.* to seduce (a girl).

Verreinigen, *in comp.* *Comm-s.* — *erklärang*, *f.* confiscation, condemnation; — *gut*, *n.* — *sache*, — *ware*, *f.* confiscable goods.

Verreinigen, *adj.* *provinc.* 1) confiscable; 2) out of repair, ruinous.

Verreinigen, *in comp.* *Comm-s.* — *tag*, *m.* day of payment; — *zeit*, *f.* time (term) of payment, maturity, expiration; mittlere — *zeit*, average date of maturity; kurze — *zeit*, short date; die — *zeit* zu *kurz* stellen, to make it too short a date; *jur* — *zeit*, when due; vor der — *zeit*, before due; bis *zur* — *zeit*, till due; — *zeitbuch*, *n.* debt-book.

Verreinigen, *adj.* falsifiable. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to falsify, forge, counterfeit, interpolate, coll. to doctor (documents, &c.); to adulterate, coll. to drug, doctor, sophisticate (goods, wine, &c.); to debase (coins, metals). — *Verreinigen*, (*str.*) *m.* falsifier, &c. — *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *f.* falsification; adulteration, &c.; forgery; *B-Smittel*, *n.* adulterant.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *Mar-s.* 1) die *Büding* —, to prop the bits; die *Rufelarfing* —, to surge the messenger at the capstan; die *Wache* —, to set the watch; 2) *see* *Stoppen*; II. *ref.* 1) a) to be caught, ensnared, entangled; b) to commit one's self; 2) to catch wind, to take in too much air; 3) *see* *Verreiben*, II. 4) to get foundered (of horses); das *Erz* *verreinigt* *sch-lassen*, *Min.* the ore becomes paler from exposure to the air; der *Wind* *verreinigt* *sch-lassen*, the wind is caught, cannot find an outlet; III. *intr.* to work, operate, to take effect, to produce (the desired) effect, to avail; es *verreinigt* nicht, it is of no avail.

Verreinigen, *n.* coll. *see* *Bohlwerfel*.

Verreinigen, *I. adj.* 1) captious, insidious, ensnaring, dangerous; 2) * efficacious; II. *B-freit*, (*w.*) *f.* captiousness, &c.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *n.* *Law.* 1) right of reversion; 2) right of tenancy by courtesy.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to colour differently; 2) to spoil in dyeing; II. *intr.* to lose colour, fade; *Sport.* to cast the winter-hair (of deer); III. *ref.* to change colour; 1) to turn pale; to fade; 2) to bluish.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unravel, unweave. *Verreinigen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put together, frame; *Corp.* to tie, bind; 2) to compose, draw up, to write, pen.

Verreinigen, (*str.*) *m.* author, composer, writer; *B-in*, (*w.*) *f.* author, authoress.

Verreinigen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting together, framing, &c., composition; 2) (Staats-) constitution, (form of) government, polity; 3) frame of mind, attitude, condition, *see* *Stimmung*; außer *sein* — *sein*, to be wholly unprepared.

Verreinigen, *in comp.* — *eid*, *m.* oath of fidelity to the constitution of the country; — *entwurf*, *m.* draught of a constitution.

Verreinigen, *I. adj.* without a constitution; II. *B-freit*, (*w.*) *f.* want of a constitution.

Verreinigen, *in comp.* — *mäßig*, *adj.* constitutional (*adv.* — *ly*); — *mäßige* *Behörde*,

f. constituted authority; —*mäßigkeits*, *f.* constitutionality; —*urkunde*, *f.* charter of the constitution; —*widrig*, *adj.* unconstitutional, unconstitutional; —*widrigkeit*, *f.* unconstitutionality.

[[*(u.) f.* putrescibility.
Berfauf'bar, *I. adj.* putrescible; II. *B-felt*, *Berfauf*'ten, (*u.) v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to rot, putrify, corrupt; *verfaul*, *p. a.* see *Faul*, 1.
Berfauf'leugen, (*u.) v. tr. coll.* 1) to lose by one's laziness; 2) to spend in laziness; to idle away.

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* to defend, assert, maintain, to fight, contend, dispute, or stickle for ...; *Jemandes Sache* —, to plead one's cause; — *Berfauf*'ter, (*str.) m.* defender, &c., champion. — *Berfauf*'tung, (*u.) f.* defence.

Berfauf'vern, (*u.) v. intrans.* to moult (of birds).

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* (with *Acc.* or *Gen.*) & *intrans.* to miss; to mistake; to fail to do a thing, &c.; *ihre Stellung im Leben war eine verfaufte*, she was misplaced in life; *seinen Zweck* —, to miss the mark; *die besten Absichten* — oft *ihren Zweck*, the best intentions are apt to fail in effect; *cinmal verfaufte*, *der verfaufte* *Hand*, failure.

[*taboo*.
Berfauf'men, (*u.) v. tr.* to outlaw; *fg.* to *Berfauf*'ern, (*u.) v. tr.* to spend as a holiday.
Berfauf'ben, (*u.) v. I. tr.* to render inimical, to make enemies; *verfaufbet* *sein*, to be enemies or at variance; II. *refl.* *ich mit ...* —, to fall out with.

Berfauf'ern, *Berfauf*'nen, (*u.) v. tr.* to refine, improve; to polish; *Chem.* to sublimate; *fig.* —, to grow more refined, to improve; *Berfauf*'ernung, (*u.) f.* refinement, improvement, polish; *Chem.* sublimation.

Berfauf'tügen, (*u.) v. tr.* to make, manufacture, fabricate; to prepare; to compose; to construct, to lay down (a plan). — *Berfauf*'tiger, (*str.) m.*, *Berfauf*'tiggerin, (*u.) f.* maker; author, composer. — *Berfauf*'tügen, (*u.) f.* the making, &c., manufacture, fabrication; composition; construction.

Berfauf'ten or *Berfauf*'tügen, (*u.) v. tr.* (I. *u.)* 1) to fasten; 2) to arrest, imprison; 3) to pledge one's self, to fix.

Berfauf'tung, (*u.) f.* *Med.* fatty degeneration.

Berfauf'ern, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to consume by fire or firing, to burn away; 2) *Sport.* to burn out.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. I. tr.* to felt; to mat (the hair); II. *intrans.* & *refl.* to get entangled or matted.

Berfauf'er, (*str.) m.* obscurer. — *Berfauf*'ern, (*u.) v. tr.* to darken, obscure, dim, eclipse; *fig.* —, to grow dark or dim, to darken; *die verfaufte Welt*, *fig.* the benighted world. — *Berfauf*'ernung, (*u.) f.* 1) the (act of) darkening, &c., obscuration, eclipse (of the sun, moon, &c.), occultation (*sep.* of a star); darkness; 2) mental darkness; *B-fogel*, *m.* obscurantism.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to make the ridge of (a roof), to ridge (a house).

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to entangle.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. I. tr.* 1) to slope; 2) to flatten; *fg.* to make flat or shallow; II. *refl.* to slope down; 3) *fig.* to become flat or shallow.

[*a level*, to flatten.
Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* & *refl.* to form into *Berfauf*'ung, (*u.) f.* the making or growing flat or shallow.

[*licker* away.
Berfauf'ern, (*u.) v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to disperse, to flutter about; II. *h.* to fritter away (one's time); *fig.* —, to lose the bloom of the wings by fluttering about (of butterflies).

Berfauf'ten, (*str.) v. tr.* 1) to interlace, interweave, entwine; 2) to involve, implicate, entangle; *fig.* *er verfaufte ihn in eine Unterhaltung*, she engaged him in a conversation;

3) to consume in plaiting; 4) to twist or plait in a wrong manner; *Berfauf*'tung, (*u.) f.* 1) a) the (act of) interweaving, &c.; b) implication; 2) complexity.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to use up or consume in mending and patching.

Berfauf'gen, (*str.) v. I. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to fly off, to fly away; to escape, pass rapidly; 2) to evaporate, exhale; *es verfaufte in die Luft*, *fig.* it vanished into thin air; II. *refl.* to lose one's way in flying; to fly too far or too high (*also fig.*).

Berfauf'gen, (*str.) v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to flow off or away; to subside; 2) to pass, glide on or away; elapse, expire; *beigewichen* —, to intervene; 3) to run into each other, to blend (of colours); *verfaufte*, *p. a.* past; gone; *verfloßnen Monats*, last month, ultimo.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. tr.* to transport on floats, to float.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. tr.* to curse, accuse, execrate; *coll.-s.* *fig.* —, to protest with curses; *es war seine verfaufte Schuldigkeit*, it was no more than his duty; *verfaufte!* (*interj.*) damnation! boisterous! *u-fuerst*, *u-fuerst*, *see* *Fluchwurdig*.

Berfauf'tügen, (*u.) v. I. tr.* 1) *Chem.* to volatilize, to cause to evaporate; 2) *fig.* to subtilize, to refine or explain away; II. *refl.* 1) to become volatile, to pass off in vapour, fumes or gas; 2) *fig.* to vanish. — *Berfauf*'tügen, (*u.) f.* volatilization; subtilization.

Berfauf'tügen, (*u.) f.* the (act of) cursing, &c.; execration, imprecation, malediction.

Berfauf'tügen, (*str.) m.* see *Berfauf*.

Berfauf'tügen, (*str.) m.* pursuance, continuation, sequel, progress, course.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to pursue, persecute; unablässig —, to dog; 2) *fig. a)* to prosecute (at law, &c.); *b)* to pursue (a design, &c.), continue, carry on; to follow up, push (an advantage, &c.).

[*see*.
Berfauf'ger, (*str.) m.* pursuer, persecutor.
Berfauf'gung, (*u.) f.* 1) pursuit; persecution; 2) prosecution, continuance, &c. *cf.* *Berfauf*'gen, 2, *b*; *B-fogel*, *m.*, *B-fogel*, *f.* spirit of persecution; *B-fogel*, *f.* *Math.* curve of pursuit; *B-fogel*, *adj.* prone to persecution.

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to claim the jurisdiction over (a piece of woodland); 2) to pay the forest-dues for (a tree).

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to send or carry (goods); 2) to charter, let (a vessel); an *echter Unterfauf*ten —, to freight by parcels; 3) to pay the freight or carriage of (goods).

Berfauf'ter, (*str.) m.* freighter, charterer, letter, owner, husband; agent.

Berfauf'tung, (*u.) f.* the (act of) chartering, letting, freighting; *B-faust*, *m.* charter-party, charter.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* see *Berfauf*.

Berfauf'ben, (*u.) v. I. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) to become a stranger or strangers; II. *tr.* to estrange.

Berfauf'en, (*str.) v. tr. coll.* to consume in eating or gluttony; *verfaufte*, *p. a.* see *Verfauf*; *B-felt*, *f.* gluttony.

Berfauf'ben, (*u.) v. tr.* († & *provinc.*) 1) to make friendly (*opp.* *Berfauf*'en, 1); 2) to bring into relationship; *verfaufbet*, *p. a.* related; *fig.* —, to become friends.

Berfauf'ben, (*u.) v. tr.* see *Berfauf*.

Berfauf'en, (*str.) v. intrans.* (aux. *sein*) *provinc.* to freeze, &c. see *Berfauf*; *verfaufte*, *p. a.* 1) frozen; 2) chilly (*provinc.*).

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr. Sport.* to litter or bring forth dead young (said of sows).

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to subject, render (an estate) liable to scutage service.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to precipitate, hasten; *fig.* —, to come too early; *verfaufte*, *p. a.* premature.

Berfauf'schaden, (*u.) v. tr.* to injure, slander, or supplant one by mean falsity (*bet.* with).

Berfauf'bar, *adj.* disposable, at one's disposal or command, available, free.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. tr. T.* to clamp, rabble.

Berfauf'gen, (*u.) v. I. tr. & intrans.* to order, ordain, determine, dispose, arrange, provide; *Law.* to enact; to pass or issue (a distress warrant, &c.); *durch ein Testament* —, to (devise by) will; II. *intrans.* to dispose (*über* *with Acc.*), off; — *Die über mich, command me* (*as my services*); III. *refl.* to resort, repair (to), to betake one's self (to); *fig.* *noch heute* —, to go home.

Berfauf'lich, *adj.* see *Berfauf*.

Berfauf'gung, (*u.) f.* 1) order, instruction, direction, arrangement; *Law.* enactment; — *von hoher Hand*, decree of high authority; 2) the (act of) disposing, &c. *cf.* *Berfauf*'gen II.; disposal, disposition; — *treffen*, to dispose, order; *die nötigen B-en treffen*, to give the necessary orders, to take the necessary measures; *zu meiner* —, subject to my order; *halten Sie die Prima par* — *der Secunda*, hold the prime for the call of the second; *bitte, diese Waaren zu kaufen und zu verkaufen* — *zu halten*, please, purchase these goods, and hold them subject to our order. — *B-fogel*, *adj.* *Law.* legally qualified to dispose of one's property (*Dispositionsfähig*).

Berfauf'bar, *adj.* 1) transportable, capable of conveyance; 2) seducible.

Berfauf'ern, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to transport, convey; 2) (*gener. fig.*) to lead astray, to mislead; to seduce, corrupt; to induce, persuade, lead; 3) *coll.* to make (a noise).

Berfauf'ter, (*str.) m.*, *B-faust*, (*u.) f.* seducer, corrupter.

Berfauf'erisch, *adj.* seducing; captivating, seductive, tempting, alluring.

Berfauf'lich, *adj.* see *Berfauf*.

Berfauf'gung, (*u.) f.* 1) transportation, conveyance; 2) *fig.* the (act of) misleading, seduction, &c.

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) to fill by mistake; 2) in *Büffel* —, to cask, barrel; in *er auf B-fel* (*Acc.*) —, to bottle; *ein Gefäß* *verfaufte* *fig.* a sore gathers matter or to a head; *Mass* — *mit Schim* —, to pug; *mit Grundmauerwerk* —, to puddle.

Berfauf'tung, (*u.) f.* the (act of) filling, &c.; *Mass*, puddling (of foundation-walls); *die — der Schwellen mit Kies*, *Basin*, boxing (*Hortol.*).

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr. coll.* 1) to squander away; 2) to spoil or ruin by a clumsy proceeding.

Berfauf'faden, (*u.) v. tr.* to quintuplicate. *Berfauf*'ten, (*u.) v. tr. T.* to foot (stockings, boots).

[*see*] in or as lining.

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* to use up (linen).

Berfauf'ten, (*u.) v. tr.* to use or consume as provender; 2) see *überfauf*.

† *Berfauf*'en, (*u.) v. tr.* 1) see *Berfauf*, 1; 2) to bequeath.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. ref.* *coll.* to be smitten (in *with Acc.*), with), to fall in love (with).

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to gape or yawn away (the time, &c.).

Berfauf'en, (*str.) v. intrans.* see *überfauf*, 2.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. tr.* to embitter, gall.

Berfauf'en, (*u.) v. ref.* *coll.* to commit a blunder.

Berfauf'en, (*str.) m.* perishableness; end; *barin ist kein* — (*Arndt*), it lasts for ever.

Berfauf'en, *I. adj.* gone, past; by-gone; *u-t* *B-felt*, last week; *u-t* *Zeit*, *Gramm.* imperfect (tense); II. *B-felt*, (*u.) f.* time past; things past; the past; in *früher sehr fern* —, at no very remote period; *ein Bild in die* —, retrospective view, retrospection.

Bergungslid, I. *adj.* transient, transitory, perishable; fading, fleeting, evanescent; II. **B-reit**, (w.) *f.* transitoriness, &c.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. l. tr. provine.* 1) *see* **Berantunteren**; 2) to declare one's bankruptcy; II. *intr.* to declare one's self bankrupt; **Bergunterung**, (w.) *f.* *see* **Berunterung**.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* to enanare.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* to change from a liquid into an aeriform state.

Bergunterung, (w.) *f.* aerification.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* *intr.* *Mar.* die Zeit ver-
gesset, it is standing-water, it is low tide.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* *T.* *see* **Bertrüpfen**; **Bergunterhöl**, (str.) *m.* Join. straight-block (plane).

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Bergunteren**; 2) *see* to assemble by beat of drum.

Bergunteren, *adj.* *see* **Bergunterlich**.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. tr.* 1) to give away; to dispose of, confer, bestow; sie hat ihr Herz —, her affections are engaged; to yield up, resign, to fling away; er hat eine Pfunde zu —, he has a living in his gift, a living is in his gift; 2) (Einem etwas) to resign, renounce to the prejudice of, to prejudice the right of ...; sich (Dat.) etwas (von seinem Rechte) —, (seinem Rechte etwas) —, to prejudice or injure one's right; sich oder seiner Würde etwas —, to descend, derogate from one's own dignity, to compromise one's dignity, to demean one's self; 3) (Einem etwas) to forgive, pardon; 4) *provine.* *see* **Berunteren**; 5) *Gamm.* (at cards) to misdeal; 6) († & *provine.* with *Dat.*) to poison (**Bergunteren**).

Bergunteren, *adj.* *see* **Bergunterlich**.

Bergunteren, *adv.* in vain, vainly, to no purpose.

Bergunteren, (str.) *m.* donor.

Bergunterlich, I. *adj.* 1) *see* **Bergunterlich**; 2) vain, idle, fruitless, useless, futile; needless (fear, &c.); kein Schutz war —, every shot told; ein v-er Gang, a useless errand; — machen, *see* **Berunteren**; II. *adv.* vainly, &c. *cf.* **Bergunteren**; III. **B-reit**, (w.) *f.* idleness, &c.

Bergunteren, *adj.* inclined to pardon, *see* **Bergunterlich**.

Bergunterung, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) conferring, bestowing, &c. *cf.* **Bergunteren**; 2) collation (of a living); 3) derogation (of one's dignity, &c.); forgiveness, pardon, remission; ich bitte um —, I beg your pardon.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr. & refl.* *see* **Berunteren**.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to represent, figure, to bring home to one's mind; to recall; sich (Dat.) —, to figure or picture to one's self, to realise.

Bergunteren, (w.) *f.* *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. l. intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to pass (away); to glide on; to elapse; 2) to vanish, disappear; go; 3) to diminish, decrease; fail; to decay, grow weak; 4) *a)* to pine away; *b)* to cease, perish, to be lost; *c)* verging ihm Hören und Ehen, sight and hearing left him: der Appetit ist mir vergangen, I have lost my appetite; die Lust dazu ist mir vergangen, my longing for it is over; — lassen, to melt (butter); sich (Dat.) etwas — lassen, to forego, to lose fancy for ...; to cease to think of ...; to abandon; sie verging fast vor Angst, she was ready to die with anguish; II. *refl.* 1) sich ein bilden —, to take a little exercise, to unfasten or stretch one's legs a bit; 2) *fig.* to fail in one's duty, to commit a fault, offence, &c.; to transgress; sich — an (with *Dat.*) or gegen ..., to offend, injure; sich thätlich — an ..., to offer violence to.

Bergunteren, *s.* (str.) *n.* or **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* error, fault, offence, transgression, crime.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to cut to a bevel angle, to bevel, wedge; 2) *see* **Berunteren**. — **Bergunterung**..., *in comp.* — **höl**, *m.* *see* **Berunteren**; — **höl**, *m.* plumber's soldering-iron.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr. coll.* to fiddle away.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* *intr.* *Gard.* to shoot up into slender stalks; vergelst, *p. a. lowd.*

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. l. tr.* *see* **Bergunteren**; II. *intr.* to evaporate.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Bergunteren**; 2) *see* **Bergunteren**; 3) to strike aghast, terrify.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* *Chem. & fig.* to spiritualise. — **Bergunterung**, (w.) *f.* spiritualisation, mental refinement.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* (aux. *sein*) to become avaricious; vergelst, *p. a.* avaricious.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* (aux. *sein*) to turn yellow.

Bergunteren, (str.) *m.* (L. u.) *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. tr.* to requite, repay, return, retaliate; to recompense, remunerate, reward; Gleiches mit Gleichem —, *see* **Bergunteren**; Gleiches mit Gleichem —, to retaliate upon one, to be even with one, to requite one in his own way.

Bergunteren, (str.) *m.* requiter, &c.

Bergunteren, (w.) *f.* 1) requital, retribution, retaliation, return; 2) recompense, reward, remuneration; jur — für ..., in return for ...; B-recht, *n.* right of retaliation or of reprisals.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* *see* **Berunteren**.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to associate.

Bergunteren, (w.) *f.* association.

Bergunteren, *adj.* capable of being forgotten.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. tr.* († & * with *Gen.*) to forget; to omit, neglect; etwas (bei Einem) —, *fig.* to leave something behind; belieben Sie nicht zu —, please do not forget or omit; I request your attention to; etwas über (with *Dat.* or *Acc.*) — (*cf.* **Sandera**), to forget a thing on account of something else; er vergaß der Gedenkmünzen über seinen Betrachtungen (*Odthe*), he forgot her presence (*lit.* the one present, her being present) in his meditations; wenn er nicht über der Welt sein cignes Ich vergißt (*W. v. Humboldt*), if he does not forget his own self in the turmoil of the world; über das schöne Wetter haben wir bisher ganz —, daß wir im November leben (*Odthe*), in this fine weather we have hitherto entirely forgotten, that we live in November; über seine (or seiner) Krankheit vergaß er es, his illness made him forget it; man vergißt seine Stärke über seine (or seiner) Schönheit, his strength is forgotten in (the contemplation of) his beauty; sich —, to be (thrown) off one's guard; to lose one's self-control.

Bergunteren, I. *v. s.* (str.) *n.* the forgetting, forgottenness, oblivion; II. *adj.* oblivious, forgetful; III. **B-reit**, (w.) *f.* 1) oblivion; 2) forgetfulness; 3) negligence; in B-reit gerathen or kommen, to fall into oblivion, to be forgotten or neglected.

Bergunteren, I. (L. u. **Bergunteren**) *adj.* 1) easy to be forgotten; 2) oblivious, forgetful; II. **B-reit**, (w.) *f.* forgetfulness, oblivion; negligence. [*schwenden*].

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* to lavish (**Bergunteren**), (w.) *v. tr.* to offer violence; to oppress. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* oppression; violence.

Bergunteren, **Bergunteren**, (w.) *v. tr.* *Min.* to distribute (the shares of a mine) among the shareholders.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. l. tr.* 1) *see* **Bergunteren**, 1. a. & 2; 2) to confirm; II. *refl.* *see* **Bergunteren**. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* 1) the act of certifying, &c. *cf.* **Bergunteren**; 2) confirmation.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. l. tr.* 1) to spill, shed; 2) to consume (water, &c.) in pouring it out; 3) to spoil in casting, to cast wrong; sich —, to cast badly, to make a mistake in casting; 4) *T.* to seal or fasten in (a piece of iron) by means of lead, to burn together; ein Loch —, to stop up a hole (with anything melted); die Fugen mit Mörtel —, to spread or to pour the joints with mortar; klammern mit Blei —, to run in cramps with melted lead; Bolzen, die in Löcher gebohrt sind, —, to run in bolts in holes (*Herald*). — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* the spilling, shedding, &c.; effusion.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* to poison; to envenom, infect. — **Bergunteren**, (str.) *m.*, **B-in**, (w.) *f.* poisoner. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* the poisoning; infection.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. refl.* *Mar.* to make errors in the dead reckoning.

Bergunteren, (str.) *n.* forget-me-not (*Wandstehchen*).

Bergunteren, (w.) *v. tr.* to grate up, to latice, cross-bar, to set with bars, to enclose, shut with a trolley or grate. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* a grating-up, &c.; lattice-work.

Bergunteren, *adj.* vitrifiable. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *v. l. tr.* 1) to glaze, vitrify, to convert into glass; to anneal; 2) *Glas.* in Blei —, to stop in lead light (*Herald*); II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) & *refl.* to vitrify, to become glass. — **Bergunteren**, (w.) *f.* 1) the (act of) glazing, &c.; vitrification; 2) *Glas.* a) (mit Kitt) putty glazing; b) (mit Karmelöl) glass leading (*Herald*).

Bergunteren, (str.) *m.* 1) comparison; 2) composition, agreement, arrangement; contract, convention; accommodation; einen — eingehen, to enter into articles; einen — schließen, zu einem — kommen, to conclude an agreement, to come to terms or to an agreement, *cf.* sich **Bergunteren**; gültiger —, compromise; — auf Termine, composition or agreement to pay a sum by instalments, accommodation; in — mit ..., in comparison to, of, with ..., compared to, with ..., contrasted with ..., to ...; ein magger — ist besser als ein fetter Proceß, a losing compromise is better than a suit gained; die Häuser sind hoch im — zu der Breite der Straße, the houses are high compared to the width of the street; — gemäß, *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren, I. *adj.* comparable; II. **B-reit**, *f.* comparableness.

Bergunteren, (str.) *v. l. tr.* 1) *T.* to make even, to level, smooth, equalise; 2) *fig.* a) to equal, compare (mit or with *Dat.*, with, to); (durch Punkte) to prick or point off; to parallel, draw a parallel between; es läßt sich gar nicht —, a comparison is out of the question; b) to reconcile (contending parties); Handschriften —, to collate manuscripts; mehrere Courte —, to reduce money; einen Saldo —, to ascertain a balance; T-s. Eisenstangen —, to straighten rods; felle —, to take off the tips of or to dock hides; die Goldblätter —, to sort the leaves; Thon —, to knead clay; Marmor —, to smooth marble slabs; II. *refl.* to come to an agreement or understanding, to compound, agree (wegen, über *with Acc.*), upon; to compose, covenant, settle, accommodate; v-b., *p. a.* comparative (anatomy, &c.).

Bergunteren, *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren..., *in comp.* — **mäßig**, *adj.* according to accommodation or agreement, *cf.* **Bertragmäßig**; — **summe**, *f.* composition; — **verfahren**, *n.* procedure in cases of composition; — **verfahrig**, *m.* tender of composition; — **weise**, *adv.* 1) by (way of) agreement; 2) *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren, (w.) *f.* 1) comparison; parallel; 2) *see* **Bergunteren**.

Bergunteren..., *in comp.* — **gabe**, *f.* *Pharm.* concentrativeness; — **grad**, *m.*, — **stufe**, *f.* *Gramm.* degree of comparison; — **puncte**, *f.*

less; —mäßig, I. *adj.* proportionate; proportional; II. *adv.* proportionally; in proportion; comparatively (speaking); —mäßigkeit, *f.* proportionateness; —regel, *f.* Math. rule of proportion; —Reihe, —Reihe, *f.* degree of proportion; —theil, *n.* 1) proportional part; 2) *see* —theil; —widrig, *adj.* disproportionate; —wort, *n.* Gramm. preposition; —zahl, *f.* Math. number of the proportion or ratio; logarithm; —zirkel, *see* —zirkel.

Berhaltung, (*w.*) *f.* retention, &c., *cf.* Berhalten, *s.* 1 & 2; —der Winde, fatulency; —fart, *f.* manner of conduct; —förmlich, *m.* —förmlich, *f.* direction, instruction, order.

Berhandbär, *adj.* negotiable, transferable. —**Berhandeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* with über (& Acc.) 1) to negotiate, treat; to transact, discuss; to debate, plead; 2) to sell, dispose of; 3) to spend in trade, to lose in bad speculations; sich or sein Vermögen —, to ruin one's self in trade.

Berhandler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) negotiator; 2) Comm. drawer, endorser.

Berhandlung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) negotiation, treaty; transaction (*cf.* Abhandlung); debate; jur — bringen, to bring on for discussion; gerichtliche —, trial, proceedings; 2) disposal, sale.

Berhängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) den Jügel —, to give the reins; mit verhängtem Jügel, at full speed, in full gallop; 2) *see* Aufhängen; 3) to hang in a wrong place or in a wrong manner; 4) *fig.* to decree, inflict (Strafe über with Acc.), punishment on), to ordain; to fix by destiny; to destine, determine; Concurs —, to grant a fiat of bankruptcy (über Grunds Vermögen, against).

Berhängen, (*str.*) *n.* decree; fate, destiny, fatality; —gläubig, *m.* —gläubig, *f.* fatalism; —gläubig, *m.* fatalist; —voll, *adj.* pregnant with fate, fatal, momentous.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend in grief; verstimmt, *p. a.* care-worn.

Berühren, (*str.*) *m.* *intr.* (*aus.* haben, sometimes sein) to remain, *cf.* Beharren.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) to get a crust, to crust, to harden, grow hard; to skin (over), close (of a wound); II. *tr.* to skin, to cover with a crust.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to harden, indurate (*also* *ref.* & *intr.* (*aus.* sein)); 2) Med. (den Leib) to constipate; 3) *fig.* to harden or steel (the mind or heart against reproach or admonition); II. *intr.* (*aus.* sein) to indurate (of mortar, &c.); verhärtet, *p. a.* *fig.* hardened, obdurate, callous; gegen die Stimme der Menschlichkeit verhärtet, callous to the voice of humanity. —**Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) hardening, &c., induration; 2) *fig.* obduracy; 3) —**Stein**, *f.* Surg. scirrhous tumour; 4) —**Stein**, *n.* *see* Schiffsblatt.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close up with resin; II. *intr.* (*aus.* sein) & *ref.* to get resinous. [away.]

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to squander **Berühren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to use up in reeling off or winding; 2) to reel off wrong; II. *ref.* to get put out or perplexed in speaking.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to close with hands or clasps; 2) to put the hands on.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make ugly; to disfigure.

Berühren, *adj.* hated, odious, hateful; obnoxious; das ist mir —, I hate it.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cook, fuddle, spoil (a child).

Berühren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) Fort., &c. abatis (Berst); 2) *see* cutting (of bricks).

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hood (a hawk); 2) *see* cope. [&c. *see* Berühren.]

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to breathe forth,

Berühren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut up, mince; 2) to cut, shorten, to lop; to prune (the vine); 3) to cut wrong, to spoil by cutting; to drop on the wrong side (cloth); 4) to barricade, to bar (the passage); das Bett beim Selbst —, to open the bed of husks; die Zede —, Min. to encumber the mine; II. *ref.* to cut wrong; Fenc. to make a false cut.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend, waste, squander, lavish; II. *intr.* to change one's abode. [ship].

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Mar. to sheath (a Berühren, (*w.*) *f.* a barricading, *cf.* Berhöf.

Berühren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lift (any thing) in a wrong manner; 2) (at cards) to cut wrong; ein Buch —, to lay the sheets of a book in a wrong manner; sich (Dat.) den Arm —, to strain one's arm by lifting heavy things; 3) *provinc.* to stop, hinder; II. *ref.* to hurt or strain one's self by lifting heavy things.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* to entangle.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to devastate, to (lay) waste, destroy, ravage. — **Berühren**, (*str.*) *m.* destroyer, &c. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* devastation, desolation, ravage, havoc; —anrichten, to make havoc (unter with Dat.), *cf.*

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *lit.* & *fig.* to fasten, bind; Einem etwas —, to thwart one in anything. [together; 2) to sew, stitch wrong.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sew, stitch **Berühren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fence in (Einhegen, Einfriedigen).

Berühren, (*w.*) *pp.* [t &] * verhehlen *v. tr.* to hide, conceal, dissemble; Verhehlen —, to receive stolen things; ich will nicht —, daß es mir sehr ungemuth sein würde, I will not (affect to) deny, that it would be very agreeable to me; ich kann (es) mir nicht —, daß ..., I cannot disguise from myself that ... — **Berühren**, (*str.*) *m.* hider, &c. *see* Verhehlen. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* the hiding, &c.; concealment.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to become a pagan; 2) *fig.* (l. u.) *see* Berühren, I. [to heal up (Heilen).

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus.* sein) & *tr.*

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to conceal, keep (Einem etwas or etwas vor Einem, something from ...), to keep secret, hush up, suppress. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) concealing, &c., concealment, suppression.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to marry, to give in marriage (*cf.* Verheirathen); er ist auf dem Punkte, seine einzige Tochter an einen (or mit einem) Mann zu —, welcher ..., he is on the point of marrying his only daughter to a man who ...; II. *ref.* to get married; to marry; sich unter einander —, to intermarry. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) marrying, &c.; marriage.

Berühren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to promise. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* promise; das Land der —, the land of promise. [sumo (suol).

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to burn up, con-

Berühren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (Einem zu etwas) to help to, to assist in obtaining, to procure, to put one in the way of; Einem zu seinem Recht —, to right one. [hanged.

Berühren, *adj.* coll. devilish, confounded.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to glorify. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* glorification.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to chase away; 2) to incite, exasperate, *cf.* Aufhetzen, *fig.*

Berühren, (*str.*) *m.* charter, freighter.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to charter (a ship).

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to freight-let; (ein gehärentes Schiff) wider —, to underfreight, underlet. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) chartering, &c.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bewitch.

Berühren, *adj.* 1) *see* Hindertlich; 2) that may be prevented.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hinder (*cf.* Hindern); um Protest zu —, to avoid protest; ich war leider verhindert, eher zu antworten, I was unfortunately prevented from writing are this [ja nicht: to write, &c.]; wir waren an unserm Spaziergange verhindert worden, we had been prevented from taking our walk (auch: we had been hindered in our walk); am Auslaufen verhindert, weather-bound.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *ref.* to overheat.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render into High-German.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *cont.* sein Leben &c. in seiner Stube —, to spend one's life (sitting, lit. squatting) in one's room.

Berühren, I. (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hope, expect, *see* Hoffen, I.; II. (*str.*) *n.* hope; expectation.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deride, scoff, mock, scout, insult; **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* derision, insult, mockery. [in retail.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to huckster, to sell

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tighten (the press); 2) Mar. to tow; ein Schiff —, to haul one's self a-head. [into wood, to lignify.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus.* sein) to turn

Berühren, (*str.*) *m.* trial, judicial examination, hearing; zum — führen or legen, to bring up for examination; ins — nehmen, *fig.* to cross-examine; to take to task.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *ref.* *see* Berühren, I. 2 & II.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to hear, examine, interrogate, try (judicially); 2) *see* überhören, 1 & 2; II. *ref.* to hear wrong. — **Berühren**, (*str.*) *m.* a person that hears or tries, examiner, judge.

Berühren, ..., *in comp.* —richter, *m.* criminal judge; B-synthese, *n.* verbal process or report of a judicial examination; minutes of evidence; B-stern, *m.* term of trial; —stube, *f.* —zimmer, *n.* trial-chamber, witness-room. [tion, *see* Berühren.

Berühren, (*w.*) *f.* a hearing, examination.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to huddle, spoil.

Berühren, *see* Berühren.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to veil, cover, to wrap, fold, or muffle up; *fig.* to colour, disguise; to shroud (ver with Dat.), from). — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) veiling, covering, &c. [pod.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with a **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* to multiply by hundreds.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus.* sein) to die of starvation; to starve (with hunger); —lassen, to famish, starve; verhungert, *p. a.* famished, starved, extremely hungry.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by bad workmanship; to bungle, botch.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to squander in whoring, to waste in debauchery; 2) to prostitute; verführt, *p. a.* *vulg.* low, debauched.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to guard against, to prevent, avert, to ward off (*cf.* Abwenden); 2) to tend badly; Gott verhöre es! God forbid!

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Metall. to prepare or work (ores) metallurgically. — **Berühren**, (*w.*) *f.* metallurgical preparation or working (of ores).

Berühren, (*w.*) *f.* prevention, warding off; B-mittel, *n.* preservative, preventive.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to (give in) pledge, hypothecate. [(Verleihen), I.]

* **Berühren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Lat.) to verify

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to give intensity to ...; 2) to join or unite closely.

Berühren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to insulate.

Berinteressen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pay interest for; 2) to turn to account; *fiß* —, to pay or return interest, to pay.

Berirbischen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make earthly.

Berirbung, (*w.*) *f.* *Med.* lithiasis.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. refl. & intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to go astray, to lose one's way, to wander, to bewilder one's self; *berirrt*, *p. a.* strayed, straying, wandering, lost. — **Berirrung**, (*w.*) *f.* the losing one's way; going astray; erring; error, aberration.

Berirgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chase, drive away, **Berirbär**, *I. adj.* prescriptible; **II. B-heit**, (*w.*) *f.* prescriptibility.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow old, to become superannuated, *Law.* to grow into a custom which has the force of a law; to fall under the right of prescription, to be lost by the statute of limitations; — *lassen*, to prescribe; to let die out; *berirrt*, *p. a.* *Ag.* antiquated (claims, &c.), obsolete, time-worn, out of date; *ein berirrtes Recht*, a prescriptive right; *ein berirrtes Schulb.*, debt beyond date or cancelled by the date or by the statute of limitations.

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* *Law.* superannuation; (*rumerbrude*, positive, *erlöschende*, negative) prescription; limitation; *in comp.* *B-frist*, *f.* term of limitation; *B-geſetz*, *n.* statute of limitation; *B-recht*, *n.* prescriptive right or title.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass away in **Berirren**, *Berirren*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass or spend in rejoicing, mirth, or merriment; *sein Geld* —, *fam.* to make ducks and drakes of one's money.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to make young again, to rejuvenate, to re-youth (*Buhner*), to renew, renovate; 2) *T.* to lessen; to reduce to a small scale; *Carp.* to chamfer, to lighten down, pare away, diminish; *ber irjüngte Maßstab*, *T.* reduced scale; *ber irjüngte Probe*, *T.* small assay; *berirjüngte Sparren*, *pl.* *Archit.* supporting rafters or joists; *II. refl.* to grow or look young again.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fam.* to make look younger, to give a youthful appearance. **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Lawler*, of a painter, *I. u.*) to give (to a face) a virgin-like appearance.

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* 1) renovation, rejuvenescence; 2) *T.* reduction; diminution. **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *haben*) to cast a calf (before the time). *like a calf.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass in trisking **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to calcine; 2) to whitewash with lime. — **Berirren**, *adj.* calcinable. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* calcination. *(come cold.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to cool; 2) to founder by letting get a chill (a horse); *II. refl.* *provinc.* for *Erkälten*, *II.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to join by cogging, to tangle, to dovetail.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mask, hood, to muffle up, disguise; to hood (a falcon); *berirrt*, *p. a.* masked, &c., with a vizard (*also Ag.*); *ein berirrtes Schriftsteller*, an anonymous author. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* the masking, muffling up, &c., disguise.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass in niggardliness; *berirrt*, *p. a.* niggardly. *(wheel.* **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cart (away), to **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to spend in card-playing.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to turn into cheese (*Räfen*); *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to get cheesy.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to strengthen (the rock) by cases or caissons of rubbish.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to back (an anchor).

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chew up.

Berirren, (*str.* *pl.* **Berirren**) *m.* sale; *gr.* *richtiger* —, open sale; *zum* —, on sale; *es steht zum* —, it is for sale; *guten* — *finden*, to meet a good or ready sale, to move off freely; *zum bristmöglichen* — (*in Consign.*), on consignment; *bedeutende Berirren*, large sales or contracts.

Berirren, *see* **Berirren**.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to sell, vend, dispose of, get off; to negotiate (bills, &c.); *zu* —, on or for sale; *einige Berirren sind verkauft*, some lots have changed hands; *nicht mehr zu* — *haben*, *Ag.* to be at a nonplus; *II. refl.* to sell; *dieſe Waare verkauft ſich leicht*, this article sells readily or meets ready buyers; *ich habe mich verkauft*, I have made a bad bargain.

Berirren, (*str.*) *m.*, **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* vender, seller; holder; *ein gewandter* —, a clever salesman.

Berirren, *I. adj.* vendible, saleable, marketable; negotiable (bills, &c.); *leicht* —, easily saleable, commanding ready sale; *ſchwer* —, hard to sell, difficult of sale; *Ag.* *venal*; *II. adv.* by way of sale; *III. B-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* vendibleness, &c., venality.

Berirren, *in comp.* — *Bedingungen*, *f. pl.* terms of sale; — *buch*, *n.* sales' book; — *booth*, *f.* booth; — *commission*, *f.* sales' commission; — *laden*, *m.* — *local*, *n.* sale-room, shop; — *lager*, *n.* assortment; — *laß*, *f.* inclination to sell, *coll.* selling humour; *es herrscht große* — *laß*, *joc.* sellers are very sweet and ready to treat (*Nob. & Gr.*); — *laßig*, *adj.* inclined to sell; — *preis*, *m.* selling price; — *probe*, *f.* sample sold by; — *provision*, *f.* commission on sales; — *rechnung*, *f.* account-sales; — *stand*, *m.* stall, stand, counter for retailing goods, bench; — *ziel*, *m.* term of sale; — *zimmer*, *n.* sale-room.

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) selling, sale, vendition. *[shop, swap.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *only.* to truck, **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend in playing at ninipins.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Einleihen**.

Berirren, (*str.*) *m.* 1) commerce; traffic (*auch: auf der Eisenbahn* &c.) trade, trading; business; frequentation, customers (of an inn); *dem* — *übergeben*, to open to traffic (a railway-line); *Güter- und Personen-* —, goods and passenger traffic; 2) communication, intercourse; 3) house of call (*Herberge*).

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* (*cf.* **Berirren**) 1) to turn the other way to, to invert, reverse; to turn the wrong side outward; to turn upside down; 2) to pervert; 3) to convert; change; 4) *Mus.* to reverse; *II. intr.* 1) to carry on or do business, deal, &c.; *geistig* —, to commune (mit, with); *mit bösen Geistern* —, to traffic with the powers of darkness; *viel an einem Orte* —, to frequent a place; 2) to have intercourse, to assort; *viel* —, to live in habits of intimacy (mit, with).

Berirren, *in comp.* — *erleichterungen*, *f. pl.* facilitations of traffic; — *freiheit*, *f.* freedom of trade or commerce (from restrictions), free interchange of commodities, free trade; — *mittel*, *n.* circulation medium; — *spiel*, *n.* *Gam.* backgammon.

Berirren, *I. adj.* 1) turned the other way, &c., reverse; 2) perverse, perverted, wrong; cross, cross-grained, wrong-headed, preposterous; *die v-e Seite*, the wrong side; *es ist die v-e Welt*, it is the world turned upside down; *Schlag mit der v-en Hand*, back-handed-blow; *Mar-s.* *die v-en Aufhänger*, *m. pl.* top-timbers; *v-e Eifer*, *m. pl.* lower-futtocks of the crotchets; *v-e (Schiff-)Rnie*, the standard which fastens the cut-water to the stem; *II. adv.* 1) invertedly, &c.; 2) the wrong

way, at the wrong end, perversely, &c., *avry*; — *entkommen*, *see* **Entrecht**, *adv.* *in comp.* — *brüde*, *f.* heteroclitic bridge; *Bed-s.* — *circum*, *adj.* obverse; — *ständig*, *adj.* resupine; — *berirren*, *adj.* obcordate; — *Wandel*, *m.* *Ornith.* black skimmer, cut-water (*Rhyacophaga nigra* L.). *[new, &c., perverse action.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* perversity, perverseness. **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) turning the other way, &c. *cf.* **Berirren**, 1; perversion; conversion, change; *Gramm.* inverse proposition; *Mus.* reversing.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass in scolding. **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to plug up, to wedge (in); 2) *Typ.* to drive up the quoin, to quoin; 3) *Stud.* *slang.* to sell.

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* *Port.* trace; **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to trace. *[Ac.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) wedging. **Berirren**, *adj.* (easy) to be mistaken.

Berirren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to mistake, to take for another; 2) to misjudge, misconstrue; *ich verneine das nicht*, I acknowledge, admit that, I do not deny it; *er verneint das ganz*, this is his mistake; *er tritt verneint*, he is not appreciated or understood; 3) to know no longer; *ich verneine dich* [*ſch.* *Ag.* I scarcely recognise you. *[with little chance.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to look up or fasten **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chain or link together, to concatenate. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* enchainment; concatenation.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to tax (one) with (or accuse one of) heresy or heterodoxy; 2) *Ag.* to give a person or (thing) a bad name; to throw a slur over; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to turn heretic. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* accusation of heresy, &c.; *B-ſucht*, *f.* zealotism. *[or feathers; to fledge.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to provide with quills **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to silicify. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* silicification.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to make childish; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow childish.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* *see* **Berirren**, *I.*; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to pass in a childish manner. *[lute, to apply lute to.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to petty, comest, **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to accuse, inform against; to enter or bring a law-suit or an action against, to sue at law, to go to law with, to have (one) up; to complain of (bei, to); 2) to pass in complaining, lamenting; *der (die) Berirren*, *m. (f.)* defendant (Beflagte), respondent; accused. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* accusation, indictment, impeachment. *[or grow benumbed.*

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to be **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with cramp-irons.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*L. G.*) *Mar.* to make protest. — **Berirren**, (*w.*) *f.* instrument of protest; — *ablegen*, to make oath; — *thun*, to make a note of protest.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make clear or bright, to brighten; *Ag.* to ennoble; 2) *Theol.* to glorify, transfigure, to elevate to heavenly glory; *berirrt*, *p. a.* 1) bright, serene, beaming with bliss; 2) *see* **Erleucht**, 3.

Berirren, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) clearing up, &c.; 2) glorification, transfiguration (of Christ); *Ag.* apotheosis.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* 1) *see* **Berirren**, 3; 2) to bring (a person) into evil reputation (bei *Anderra*, in the opinion of others) by tattling and gossiping, to backbite, slander, calumniate.

Berirren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover or close by plastering over, to plaster up, cement, *T.* to lute; *mit Papir* —, to glue or paste paper over. **Berirren**, **Berirren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to waste in dropping, blotting, or daubing.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stop up with loam.
Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to cover or case with something; *Build*: to incrust (with lead), to line (*T. Tack.*); to wainscot, line; *Min.* to plank; 2) to disguise; II. *refl.* to disguise one's self, to mask; als *Spanier* verkleidet, dressed as a Spaniard. — **Berleib'ung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) an incrusting, a lining, wainscotting; planking, casing (of timberwork, &c.); incrustation (of inlaid works, &c.); 2) disguise. [*beat small.*]

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to make or **Berleib'ern**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* detractor, &c.
Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to diminish, lessen, *cf.* *Verjagen*; 2) *fig.* to derogate, detract (from), to cry down, disparage, slander, backbite.

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) diminution, &c.; 2) *fig.* derogation, detraction, disparagement; *Less.* extenuation; *in comp.* *B.-gl.* *n.* *Opt.* diminishing glass; *Grown.-s.* *B.-stift*, *f.* diminutive syllable; *B.-swert*, *n.* diminutive.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to glue up, to paste; 2) *coll.* or *Einem* die *Augen* —, to cheat, deceive. [*or far.*]

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to climb too high
Berleib'er, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* dog-vane.

Berleib'ern, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to die away (of sounds) = *Verhallen*.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clinch, rivet.
Berleib'men (*L. u.*: *Berleib(m)en*), *p. a.* benumbed, numb (with cold).

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to break (stones); 2) to thrash, drub; 3) *Stud. along*, *a*) to sell; *b*) to squander. [*kannel, earth.*]

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. refl.* *Sport.* to hide, **Berleib'en**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *see* *Verpuffen*, I. [*ance.*]

Berleib'ung, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* short allowance
Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to gag.
Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enslave.

Berleib'en, (*str.*) *v. refl.* to be mistaken; **berleiben**, *p. a.* pinched or sewed up (*countenance*).

Berleib'en, (*w. & str.*) *v. tr.* *Stud. along*, to spend at taverns or ale-houses.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *see* *Verpuffen*, I.
Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crumple, ruffle.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* 1) to ossify; 2) *fig.* to stereotype. — **Berleib'ernung**, (*w.*) *f.* ossification. [*button wrong.*]

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to button; 2) to **Berleib'ern**, (*w.*) *v. intr. & refl.* to become gristle or cartilage.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bend or twist into a gnarled shape; *berleibt*, *p. a.* gnarled, knotty.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knot together; 2) *Vint.* to prune.

Berleib'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*Simon Dach*, *Anchen* von Tharau — *L. u.*) a twisting-together, (*Arm*) knitting, (*close*) tie; 2) (*Scherr*, &c., *L. u.*) crossing-point (*Kreuzungspunkt*).

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crumple (*Gerfüllen*).

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knit, tie, bind; 2) to knot wrong, to tangle in knots; 3) *fig.* to connect, unite, join, combine; *verknüpft* mit, attended with; *eng verknüpft* mit ..., *fig.* closely connected or bound up with ...

Berleib'ung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) knitting, &c.; 2) *fig.* connexion, &c.; *in comp.* *B.-urtheil*, *n.* synthetic judgment; *B.-swert*, *n.* *Gramm.* copula.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to be consumed or wasted in boiling; 2) *fig.* to be allayed, to subside; II. *tr.* 1) to over-bell; 2) to consume in boiling; 3) to spoil by or in boiling.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.* to burn to coal, to be converted into carbon; II. *tr.* to burn to coal, carbonise, char. — **Berleib'ung**, (*w.*) *f.* carbonisation.

Berleib'men, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) *provenc.* *a*) for *Berleib'men*; *b*) *coll.* *see* *Entkommen*, *J.*, *b*: 2) to starve, perish, to go to ruin, to decay, pine away.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bind together, to couple.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to muzzle.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cork up, stop with a cork.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to form into grain.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to allure.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to embody. —

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* embodiment; *fig.* incarnation. [*away (the time).*]

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to caress, talk, prattle

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume in

tasting; 2) to taste thoroughly; *wer einmal die Allmacht verkostet (Auerbach)*, who once

has tasted absolute power.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to feed, board. —

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) boarding; board. [*socket.*]

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reset in the

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dig in the claws

so deep as to be unable to extricate them.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *cont.* *v. tr.* to misplace, mislay, to put out of order. [*ness.*]

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend in sick-

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1)

to fall ill; 2) to wear away by sickness.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to

change into herb.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to chalk over.

Berleib'en, (*str.*) *v. refl. & intr.* (*aus. sein*)

to creep away (or into); to hide, ab-

scend, (ver, from), to out to cover (*also*

Sport.); *er vertritt sich vor Jedermann*, he

shuns every body's face. [*war.*]

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend or lose in

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil or consume

by scratching, scribbling, or scrawling

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*lit.*) to provide

with a won [*Stopf*] *T.* to bend to right

angles; to provide with crossstee; *ver-*

kröpfte Gebäl, beams with crossstee; *ver-*

kröpfte Nägel, squat nails (nails too thick in

the middle). — **Berleib'ung**, (*w.*) *f.* *Archit.*

shoulder-piece.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to crumb,

crumble; 2) *fig.* to fritter away; II. *refl.*

1) to crumble away; 2) *coll.* to steal

away, disappear, to drop off.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to

crook, grow crooked.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to

be crippled or stunted; II. *tr.* to cripple,

maim; to stunt, stop in its growth; *ein*

verkrüppeltes Dackin, a maimed existence.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.*

to cool, *cf.* *Erkalten* & *Erkälten*.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. tr. vulg.* 1) to spend

in dramming or in trifles; 2) to sell.

Berleib'men, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) (*Einem*

etwas) *a*) *see* mit *Befehl* belegen; *b*) to stint

(one) in ...; 2) to cripple; 3) to embitter,

spoil, make uneasy; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to

pine or wear away; to starve, to spoil,

stunt. — **Berleib'mernung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act

of) arresting, &c., *see* *Befehl*, *g.* 2) the

(act of) pining away, &c.; stunted growth.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to announce, publish, promulgate, proclaim;

to foretell, predict; *das Evangelium* —, to

preach the gospel. — **Berleib'ern**, (*str.*) *m.*

announcer, &c. — **Berleib'ernung**, (*w.*) *f.*

annunciation, publication, promulgation, pro-

clamation; prediction; preaching, dispensa-

tion (of the gospel); *dit* — *Paria*, *Eccl.* An-

nunciation-day, Lady-Day.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. see* *Entstehen*.

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Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. see* *Entstehen*.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. see* *Entstehen*.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by too much art, to over-refine.

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* coupéage.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T.* to copper, cover or coat with copper.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *T.* to connect, to couple; 2) *cont.* to pande, couple. — **Ber-**

leib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* coupling.

Berleib'ern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a*) to shorten, &c.

cf. *Abkürzen*; *fig.* (*Det.*) die *Zeit* —, to shorten

or beguile the time; *b*) *Reflex.* to foreshorten;

2) to diminish, cut off, curtail, retrench, to

cut short of; to prejudice; to stint; *Bier*

ist eine aus Biertheil verfertigte Form, *Bier*

ist eine shortened form of Biertheil; *vom*

ist aus den Worten vom dem verfertigt, *vom*

is shortened from the words vom dem.

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) the (act of)

shortening, abridgment, &c. *cf.* *Abkürzung*;

b) *Reflex.* foreshortening; 2) the (act of)

diminishing, &c., diminution, retrenchment.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend or pass in

kissing.

Berleib'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to deride, laugh at,

mock. — **Berleib'ernung**, (*w.*) *f.* derision.

Berleib'en, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to load, lade,

ship; (*zu Land*) to send; *weiter* —, to trans-

ship; *loose* —, loosely packed; 2) to load wrong

(a gun). — **Berleib'er**, (*str.*) *m.* shipper, des-

patcher.

Berleib'ernung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) loading,

lading, shipping, shipment; *nach* *ber* —, when

shipped; *in comp.* *B.-schmitt*, *m.* shipping

clerk; *B.-stücken*, *pl.* shipping expenses; *B.-*

pagiere, *n.* *pl.* bills of lading; *B.-platz*, *m.*

shipping-place; *B.-stücken*, *m.* bill of lading.

Berleib'ern, (*str.*) *pl.* *Berleib'ern* *m.* 1) funds,

capital, means; 2) *see* *Verlage*, 3; 3) *Books.* *a*)

publication (of a book); *b*) *collect.* publications

(books); *im* *B.-von* ..., published by ...;

printed for ...; in — *geben*, to entrust the

publication (*with* *Det.* or *bei*, to); in — *neh-*

men, to get printed at one's own expense,

to undertake the publishing of; *die* *Buch*

kommt in *seinem* — *heraus*, *ist in* *seinem* —,

this book is published by him; *er* *hat* *nur*

juristischen —, he publishes only law-books.

Berleib'ern, (*str.*) *pl.* *Berleib'ern* *m.* 1) funds,

capital, means; 2) *see* *Verlage*, 3; 3) *Books.* *a*)

publication (of a book); *b*) *collect.* publications

(books); *im* *B.-von* ..., published by ...;

printed for ...; in — *geben*, to entrust the

publication (*with* *Det.* or *bei*, to); in — *neh-*

men, to get printed at one's own expense,

do ...; — Sie es von ihm, apply to him for it; was — Sie von mir? what do you want with me? what do you want me to do? wer verlangt das von Ihnen? who wants you to do that? der Magen verlangt Nahrung, the stomach craves food; es verlangt große Sorgfalt und Aufmerksamkeit, it calls for great care and nicety; zu viel —, to ask too much; to be exacting; mehr als man — kann, more than any one has a right to expect.

Verlangen, *v. (str.)* n. 1) desire, longing (nach, for, after); das — nach Ruhe, the longing after repose; 2) asking for; demand; inquiry (after); ein lebhaftes — nach, a brisk call or demand for ...; nach —, to order; zahlbar auf —, payable on demand; auf — des Herrn X., at the request or by desire of Mr. T.; ich erwarte mit großem —, I look most anxiously forward to.

Verlängern, *v. (str.)* v. & r. 1) to lengthen (out), elongate, draw out, extend; 2) *fig.* to prolong, protract, extend; sich —, to lengthen.

Verlängerung, *(w.)* f. 1) the (act of) lengthening, &c.; extension; 2) prolongation; protraction; in comp. *B-stütze*, *f.* extension-line; *B-stück*, n. lengthening-piece, eking-piece; *B-stütze*, m. Comm. rider (to a bill of exchange).

Verlangsamten, *(w.)* v. & r. to retard, delay. **Verlangtettel**, *(str.)* m. (a bookseller's) order (for a book).

Verlappen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) to patch; 2) to tear to rags; 3) *fig.* to enclose with toils.

Verlappern, *(w.)* v. l. & r. to spend in trifles, to trifle or muddle away; II. *refl.* to be spent in, or to go for trifles.

Verlärmen, *(w.)* v. & r. to pass (the night, &c.) in making a noise.

Verlarven, *(w.)* v. l. & r. to mask, disguise; II. *intr. & refl.* to be changed into the larva-stage; 3) *fig.* to enclose with toils. **Verlärmen**, *(w.)* f. the (act of) masking, disguise.

Verlassen, *(w.)* v. & r. *Basch.* to fish; *ber-lashter* Schienestock, fished joint.

Verlassen, *(str.)* pl. *Verlassene* m. 1) see *Nachlass*, 1; 2) *reliance*; 3) *province*. (*cf.* *Ablass*, 2) *drain*, &c., see *Schleuse*.

Verlassen, *(str.)* v. l. & r. 1) to leave, quit; to vacate; 2) see *Nachlassen*, 1; 3) *fig.* to forsake, quit, abandon, desert; to relinquish; to yield up; 3) *Nachricht*, *Begehr*, *Befehl* —, to leave word, to order; II. *refl.* (*with auf* (*with Acc.*)) to rely or depend upon, to trust (to), to confide (in); (*in an absence*) to presume upon.

Verlassen, I. p. a. abandoned, forsaken, &c., forlorn; destitute; v-e *Ränderlein*, derelict lands; v-e *Güter*, abandoned goods, derelicts; II. *B-reit*, *(w.)* f. forlorn condition, destitution, solitude.

Verlassenschaft, *(w.)* f. see *Nachlass*, 1.

Verlässig, *Verlässlich*, *adj.* reliable, dependable (*Zuverlässig*). [*Verlässenschaft*.

Verlässlich, *(str.)* pl. *B-thümer* n. see *Verlassung*, *(w.)* f. a leaving, &c., abandonment, a forsaking; relinquishment.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to calumniate, slander, defame. — **Verleihenung**, *(w.)* f. calumniation, &c.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. *coll.* to spoil (shoes, &c.) by treading down at heels.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to lath, to cover or enclose with laths. [*your permission*.

Verleihen, *(str.)* m. leave; mit —, with *Verleihen*, *(w.)* v. & r. to cover with foliage. [*in waiting* (for), &c., *cf.* *Lauren*.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to spend or waste

Verleihen, *(str.)* pl. *Verleihen* m. 1) the (act of) flowing off or back, subsiding (of waters); 2) lapse, expiration, course, flight (of time); 3) detail or particulars of an event or transaction; course, progress (of a narra-

tive, sickness, &c.); nach — von zwei Jahren, after a lapse of two years; im B-e dieser Verleihen, as we go on with this history; — einer Angelegenheit, result of an affair.

Verleihen, *(str.)* v. l. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to flow away, to flow or run off, to fall, decrease, subside (said of water); 2) to pass quickly (said of time), to elapse, to expire; 3) to go by; die Sache verläuft wie wir vorhergesagt, the affair turns out as we foretold; II. *refl.* 1) see *intr.*, 1; 2) to pass into each other imperceptibly (as colours), to blend, *cf.* sich *Verleihen*, 3; 3) to run off, scatter, disperse; das Wasser verläuft sich, *Mar.* the tide ebbs, the water goes down; 4) a) to run in a wrong direction, to go astray; b) *Bill.* to pocket or hole one's own ball into the hazard, to pocket or hole one's self; ein v-er *Verl.*, a vagabond, vagrant; III. *tr.* 1) see *Verleihen*, I; 2) to pass in running; 3) sich (*Dat.*) to dispel by running or walking (ill humour, &c.); das —, *(str.)* v. s. subsidence (of waters).

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. l. & r. 1) to deny, disown, abnegate; *jur.* —, (*at cards*) to revoke, renounce, to fail to follow suit, when the player has a card of the same sort; 2) to deny harbouring (a person); er verläugerte seinen Herrn, he denied his master's being at home; sich — lassen, to deny one's self (*i. e.* one's being at home); 3) to renounce, to act contrary to; 4) *Gam.* not to follow suit; II. *refl.* to renounce, make a sacrifice; sich selbst —, to practise self-denial.

Verleihenung, *(w.)* f. 1) denial, abnegation; 2) renunciation, sacrifice.

Verleihen, see *Verleihen*.

Verleihen, *(str.)* m. rumour, see *Gerücht*, 1.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. l. & r. to make known, to notify; II. *intr.* see *Verleihen*.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. *intr.* to become audible, to be heard; to transpire, to take air, to get wind, to leak out; *cf.* *verleihen*, *impers.* it is said, reported, there is a talk, rumour, &c.; sich (*Acc.*) — lassen, to give a hint, give to understand; sie haben sich — lassen, they have been heard to say; sich nicht — lassen, to say or betray nothing.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. l. & r. 1) to dispel (thunder-clouds) by ringing the church-bells; 2) to proclaim by ringing the bells; II. *intr.* to cease ringing.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to live, spend, pass.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to vivify, to call into existence; to realise. [*age*.

Verleihen, p. a. wasted, decrepit, worn with *Verleihen*, *(w.)* v. *intr.* to be parched, dried up; see *Verleihen*.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) to lavish or spend in delicacies, dainties, or trifles; 2) to use to dainties; *verleihen*, p. a. delicate, given to dainties. [*fig. vulg.* to leather, thrash.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) see *Verleihen*; *Verleihen*, *(w.)* v. & r. to put lips on (the organ-pipes).

Verleihen, *adj.* 1) that may be removed or transferred; 2) *Books.* calculated for publication.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) *Buidl.* to lay, set (stones); das — (or *Regen*) der Dachpfannen, pen-tilling; 2) *lit. & fig.* to remove, transplace, transport, transfer; das — der Wege (bei Erbarbeiten, *Herbst*), diversion of roads; der Schauplatz des Gesichts ist in ein Pfänderdorf verlegt, the scene of the poem is laid in a fishing-village; 3) to put off, delay, defer (*auf* (*with Acc.*), till); 4) to mislay, misplace, to put out of the way; 5) to bar, barricade, stop, cross, balk, traverse, hinder; *Einen den Weg —*, to obstruct, to cut off or cross a person's way; die Landstraße —, to lie in ambush on the high-road (of robbers); 6) to

undertake the publication of, to publish (a book); 7) to advance (a sum of money for ...), see *Ausleihen*, 5.

Verleihen, *adj.* spoiled or rotten by lying, stale; *Rot* (wine); 2) *fig.* at a loss (in, for), embarrassed, perplexed, puzzled, confused, ill at ease, at a non-plus, cast, thrown, or taken aback; straitened, distressed, pressed, coll. hard up (for money, &c.); — machen, see in *Verleihen* setzen; — ansich, to look small.

Verleihen, *(w.)* f. 1) embarrassment, perplexity; 2) puzzle, dilemma, difficulty; distress; *fam.* quandary, pickle, scrape, pinch; eine augenblickliche —, an immediate pressure; in —, see *Verleihen*, *adj.* 2; in — setzen, to embarrass, perplex, to put (one) out of his bias, to puzzle, to perplex; to make uneasy; *Sie sehen mich in —*, you put me in an awkward or unpleasant situation; *ansich* — *setzen*, to relieve embarrassment.

Verleihen, *(str.)* m. 1) furnisher; 2) publisher; 3) Comm. factor.

Verleihen, *(w.)* f. 1) removal, transfer, transference, a transferring, &c. *cf.* *Verleihen*, v. 2; 2) publication.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) to enfold; 2) see *Verleihen*, 1. — **Verleihenung**, *(w.)* f. information, investiture; 2) see *Verleihen*, 2.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to settle a jointure upon.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to corporatise.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. (*Einen etwas*) to render disagreeable, to put out of conceit, render dissatisfied or disgust (one with), to make aversive (from), to make (one) repent (a thing), to set one's mind (against); *das* *Verleihen* ist mir verleidet, I am sick of studying; sich (*Dat.*) etwas — lassen, to be put out of conceit with any thing.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to play, trifle away.

Verleihen, *(str.)* pl. *B-schicht* n. *Min.* register of grants.

Verleihen, *(str.)* v. & r. (*Einen etwas*) 1) to lend, let out; *auf* *Leihen* —, to put out to interest; 2) to invest (with), to give, grant, to confer, bestow (upon); *Einen eine Verleihen* —, to confer a living upon one; *der Adel wurde ihm verliehen*, nobility was conferred upon him; *guthabig* —, to vouchsafe.

Verleihen, *(w.)* m. 1) lender; 2) bestower, conferrer; collator (of a living).

Verleihen, *in comp.* — *reist*, n. see *Verleihen*; — *tag*, n. *Min.* day of making a grant.

Verleihenung, *(w.)* f. 1) the (act of) lending, letting out; 2) an investing with, &c., bestowal, grant; collation (of a living).

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to glue up.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. l. & r. to furnish with listals; II. *refl.* *Law.* to fail appearing at court at the fixed term.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to mislead, misguide; *gener.* *fig.* to seduce, entice, beguile; to mislead, betray (*in, into*); to lead (to believe, &c.); *durch* *das* *Verleihen* —, to bias by interest.

Verleihen, *(str.)* m. misleader, &c.; *Verleihenung*, *(w.)* f. a misleading, &c. see *Verleihen*, *Verleihenung*, 2.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. to misdirect.

Verleihen, *(w.)* v. & r. 1) to unlearn, forget (from want of practice) what one has learnt; *durch* *diese* *Frankheit* *verleihen* *das* *Sind* *des* *Wahns*, in this illness the child forgot how to walk; 2) to pass (a certain time) in learning.

Verleihen, *(str.)* v. l. & r. 1) to pick (wool); 2) to read aloud, to recite; *die* *Reimen* —, to call over the names; 3) to pass (a certain time) in reading; II. *refl.* 1) to read wrong; 2) (*in ein Buch*) to be absorbed by (reading) a book, to read too much, to be too fond of reading; —, p. a. 1) over-fond of reading;

nen Nummer, this adds to my grief. — **Ver-meh-er**, (str.) *m.* augmentor, &c. — **Ver-mehrung**, (w.) *f.* increase, augmentation, multiplication; **Ver-mehr**, *m.* instinct of multiplying, of propagation; **Ver-mehr**, *f.* Arithmetic factor.

Vermeiden, (str.) *v. tr.* to avoid, shun, forbear; to escape (an error); to save (expenses). — **Vermeidbar**, **Vermeidlich**, *adj.* avoidable. — **Vermeidung**, (w.) *f.* the act of avoiding, &c., avoidance.

Vermeinen, (w.) *v. tr.* to think, believe, imagine, presume, mean. — **Vermeint**, *p. a.* — **Vermeintlich**, *adj.* presumed, putative, presumptive, supposititious; pretended, supposed.

Vermeistern, (w.) *v. tr.* to spoil in chess. — **Vermeiden**, (w.) *v. tr.* to announce, see **Weldern**, I, 1; ein Bild — **Sport**, to make game by barking (of dogs).

Vermengung, (w.) *f.* I. *tr.* 1) see **Vermischt**; 2) to confound, confuse; II. *refl.* to meddle, see **Vermeinen**; **vermengt**, *p. a.* mixed, &c.; promiscuous. — **Vermenglich**, *adj.* (l. *n.*) miscible. — **Vermengtheit**, (w.) *f.* promiscuousness; **Vermengung**, (w.) *f.* 1) see **Vermischt**; 2) *fig.* a confounding; confusion.

Vermenslichen, (w.) *v. tr.* to confer humanity (human form, qualities, &c.) upon ...; to humanise; **lich** —, to assume a human body or human nature, &c. — **Vermenslichung**, (w.) *f.* anthropomorphism; humanisation.

Vermensung, (w.) *f.* incarnation. — **Vermerkt**, (str.) *m.* note; — **zeichnen**, *m.* tick. — **Vermerken**, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to mark, to become sensible of ...; to perceive, see **Werken**, 2; 2) *fig.* to take, interpret; **libel** —, to take amiss or ill, to be ill pleased with, to take umbrage at; 3) to mark or note down (Nummern, 1). — **Vermerkung**, (w.) *f.* the act of perceiving, marking.

Vermerktbar, *adj.* see **Rechtbar**. — **Vermerken**, (str.) *v. tr.* I. *tr.* to measure (out); *T.* to survey; II. *refl.* 1) to make a mistake in measuring, to measure wrong; 2) († & *) *a.* to dare, arrogate, presume; *b.* to swear highly, to protest with solemn asseverations; (with *Gen.*) to vow boastfully; **Vermerkung**, (w.) *f.* *Min.* demand of measurement. — **Vermerken**, I. *adj.* (adv. also [?]) **Vermerktlich** presumptuous, audacious; fool-hardy; II. **Vermerkt**, (w.) *f.* presumptuousness, presumption, audaciousness, fool-hardiness, temerity; rash action. — **Vermerker**, (str.) *m.* measurer, surveyor. — **Vermerkung**, (w.) *f.* the act of measuring, &c.; survey.

Vermerken, (w.) *v. tr.* to overlay with brass, to cover with (a thin coating of) brass. — **Vermerthen**, (w.) *v. tr.* I. *tr.* to let (out), cf. **Verpachten**; to lease; to hire (one's self); to rent; to charter (a ship); to job (horses and carriages); ein Zimmer —, to let a room; zu —, open to charter (said of a ship); ein Haus zu —, a house to (be) let; II. *refl.* 1) to let (i. *e.* to be leased or let); 2) to go into service; 3) to make a mistake in hiring. — **Vermerther**, (str.) *m.* — **Vermertherin**, (w.) *f.* letter, lessor. — **Vermerthung**, (w.) *f.* the act of letting, leasing, &c.; **Vermerthung**, to keep or take lodgers. — **Vermerthgettel**, (str.) *m.* see **Rechtgettel**.

Vermin-derbar, *adj.* reducible. — **Vermin-bern**, (w.) *v. tr.* (cf. *refl.*) to diminish, lessen; to reduce; to impair; abate, (*refl.*) decline; to go down (of prices); to subside (of pains); die *v-* *be* Zahl, the subtrahend; die verminderte Zahl, the minuend; vermin-der, *p. a.* *Mus.* diminished (interval, third, &c.). — **Vermin-derung**, (w.) *f.* diminution, lessening, abatement, &c., reduction; depreciation, decline,

depression, fall (of prices); **Ver-wort**, *n.* see **Verfleinerungswort**.

Vermischt, (w.) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to intermix, intermingle, mix, mingle, blend; to amalgamate; **lich** (fleischlich) mit einer Person —, to cohabit with a person. — **Vermischt**, *p. a.* mixed, &c., miscellaneous, promiscuous; — *ling.* see **Vermischtling**. — **Vermischtung**, (w.) *f.* the act of mixing, &c., intermixture; medley; die fleischliche —, carnal intercourse; **Ver-mischung**, **Ver-mischel**, *f.* *Math.* rule of alligation.

Vermissen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to miss, to feel the absence of; er wird vermisst, he is missing; die vermissten Bücher, the missing books; die Vermissten (nach einer Schlacht &c.) eingezeichnet, the missing (soldiers) included; 2) to regret.

Vermittele, (w.) *v. tr.* & *intr.* to mediate, interpose, intervene, intercede in; to accommodate, compose (a difference); to harmonise (conflicting opinions); to bring about (a reconciliation, &c.).

Vermittele (obsolete: **Vermittele**), *prop.* (with *Gen.*) by means of, by the help of, by way of; — **bei Herrn P.**, *Comm.* through, by the medium, or to the consignment of Mr. P.; — **Eisenbahn**, per or by rail.

Vermittele, (w.) *f.* mediation, interposition, intervention, intercession; accommodation; durch die — solcher Männer, for the instrumentality of such men; durch — des Herrn ..., see **Vermittele**.

Vermittele, (str.) *m.*, **Vermittele**, (w.) *f.* mediator (mediatrix), interposer.

Vermerken, (w.) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to moulder, decay; to rot. — **Vermerken**, *f.* the act of moulder, &c., decay.

Vermerge, *prop.* (with *Gen.*) by virtue, by dint, upon the strength, in consequence of, according (to).

Vermergen, (irr.) *v. tr.* 1) to be able, to have the power or the faculty (to do something); 2) to have influence (bei, with); **Vermerge** viel bei ihm, she has a great hold upon him or can do much with him; 3) to induce, to prevail (upon); **Vermerge** er etwas —, to induce somebody to do a thing; 4) (l. *n.*) to possess, have; wie viel vermerge er wohl? what is he worth?

Vermergen, *s.* (str.) *n.* 1) ability, power, capacity, faculty; 2) fortune, substance, wealth, riches, property; (eines Füllitens) assets; ein Mann von —, a man of fortune; er hat —, he has property; ... im — haben, to be possessed of ...; to be worth ...; über ein — Concurs verhängen, to decree that the estate of an insolvent may be divided (*Nob. & Gr.*); das ist er geht über mein —, that surpasses my power, that is more than I can do, that is beyond my power or reach; that is above what I am able to bear; **Vermergete** —, chattels, moveable property.

Vermergend, *adj.* 1) able; 2) propertied, rich, opulent, wealthy, substantial, well-to-do; ein *v-* *er* Mann, a man of fortune.

Vermergend ..., *in comp.* — **Vermergend**, *m.* (eines Füllitens) *Comm.* assets; — **Vermergend**, *f.* schedule; — **Vermergend**, *m.* oath of qualification; — **Vermergend**, *adj.* without property; dowress (girl); — **Vermergend**, *pl.* goods and chattels, articles of wealth; — **Vermergend**, *f.* property-tax, income-tax; — **Vermergend**, *pl.* circumstances, means; seine — umstände kennt Niemand, nobody knows what he has; — **Vermergend**, *f.* trusteeship.

Vermergend, **Vermergend**, *adj.* see **Vermergend**, **Vermergend**, (w.) *v. tr.* (*Toll.*) *T.* to pin the mortises of (chairs).

Vermergen, (w.) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to overgrow with moss.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to moulder, rot.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to plaster with **Vermersten**, (w.) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to become rusty.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to muffle, mask, disguise; **Vermersten**, (m. & *f.*, *decl. like adj.*) person disguised or masked, mask, masker. — **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* the act of masking, &c., maskery.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to employ or consume in coining, to convert to coin.

Vermersten, *adj.* see **Vermersten**.

Vermersten, I. (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to conjecture, suppose, surmise, guess, presume, to imagine, think; 2) to expect; **Vermersten** —, to expect one's coming; **Vermersten** (Dad.) etwas —, to expect; **Vermersten** sich (Dad.) nichts Arges, they suspected no harm; **Vermersten** (Dad.) nichts Arges *v-* *b.*, thinking no harm; II. *s.* (str.) *n.* 1) see **Vermersten**; 2) expectation. (probably).

Vermersten, *adj.* & *adv.* likely, probable. — **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* conjecture, supposition, presumption, guess; **Vermersten** —, a mere surmise; **Vermersten** — *hin*, on a mere conjecture; **Vermersten** — *bringen*, to be suggestive of ...

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to neglect, slight, for sake; to be disregarding of. — **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* the act of neglecting, &c., neglect.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) see **Vermersten**; 2) to nail up, cloy, poison, spike (a cannon); 3) to nail wrong; to cloy, prick (a horse) in shoeing. — **Vermersten**, *p. a.* coll. dull, stupid, doltish (humor). (spend in sewing).

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to sew up; 2) to **Vermersten**, (w.) *v. tr.* to identify.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to cicatrize; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to be cicatrized, to heal to a scar, cf. **Vermersten**, I. — **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* cicatrization; **Vermersten**, *n.* cicatrizing, apologetic.

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* I. *refl.* to conceive a foolish passion (in *with Acc.*, for), to be infatuated (by); II. *tr.* to fool or trifle away, to spend foolishly; III. *intr.* to become a fool. — **Vermersten**, I. *adj.* foolishly fond (in *with Acc.*, of), infatuated; II. **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* infatuation. (delicacies).

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to squander in **Vermersten**, *p. a.* dainty-mouthed (**Vermersten**). (natural or like nature).

Vermersten, (w.) *v. tr.* to render **Vermersten**, (w.) *v. tr.* to surround with mist; to cloud, to dim; II. *intr.* to be lost in mist or indistinctness.

Vermersten, *adj.* see **Vermersten**.

Vermersten, (str.) *v. tr.* 1) to perceive, distinguish, hear; to understand; to learn; **Vermersten**, to give ear or listen to; to hear; 2) to take down one's deposition; see **Vermersten**, I, 1; **Vermersten** —, to express one's self; to give one's opinion; II. *refl.* 1) *fig.* to see one's way; **Vermersten** —, to comprehend, conceive, understand; 2) (l. *n.*) to come to an agreement (sich **Vermersten**, sich **Vermersten**).

Vermersten, *s.* (str.) *n.* 1) a hearing, &c.; dem — nach, according to what is said, according to report; as I (we) hear; 2) (mutual) understanding (Einvernehmen); in gutem — stehen, to be on friendly terms or on a good footing; to agree (with); das **Vermersten** —, on bad terms, at variance; **Vermersten** —, to enter into communication with ...; in einem heimlichen — stehen, to have a secret intelligence together. [1].

Vermersten, (w.) *f.* see **Vermersten**, **Vermersten**, I. *adj.* perceptible, audible; intelligible; articulate, distinct, clear; II. **Vermersten**, (w.) *f.* perceptibility, audibleness, &c.

Bernachung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) hearing, &c., *cf.* **Bernahmen**, *s. & s.*; 2) *see* **Berhö**; in — **treten** (mit), to enter into communication (with); **B-bericht**, *m.*, **B-berichtschrift** (**Bernachungsschrift**), *f.* *see* **Berhörsprotokoll**.

Bernachgen, (*w.*) *s. ref.* to bow, to make a courtesy. — **Bernachgung**, (*w.*) *f.* bow, courtesy, obeisance.

Bernachmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to answer in the negative; to deny, gainsay, disown; *v. b.*, *p. a.* negative.

Bernachlich, *adj.* 1) deniable; 2) negative.

Bernachnung, (*w.*) *f.* negation; denial, disowning; *in comp.* **B-nach**, *m.* negative sentence; **B-swort**, *m.* negative.

Bernachnen, (*irr.*) *s. I. tr.* to name wrong; *II. ref.* *see* **Bersprechen**, II, 2.

Bernachsen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Erneuen**.

Bernachstär, *adj.* annihilable. — **Bernachstern**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to annihilate, destroy, crush, undo, unmake; *fig.* to blight, crush, defeat; 2) to annul, disannul, cancel, nullify, defeat; to amortise (a field); *ein v-ber Bild*, a withering look.

Bernachster, (*str.*) *m.*, **Bernachsterin**, (*w.*) *f.* annihilator; destroyer, &c. — **Bernachstung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) annihilation, destruction, extermination; 2) an annulling, &c., *Law*, defeasance; **B-strig**, *m.* war of extermination, *coll.* war to the knife; *gegenseitiger B-strig*, internecine war.

Bernachstigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make pretty, nice, or tidy, to refine, to embellish.

Bernachten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rivet, clinch.

Bernachst, *s. I. f.* reason; *die gesunde* —, common sense; — *annehmen*, to listen to or hear reason; — *gebrauchen*, to use discretion; *bei guter* — *sein*, to be in one's (right) senses; *zur* — *bringen*, to bring to reason; *die Jahre der* — *errreichen*, to arrive at years of discretion; *das geht über die* —, that is beyond the reach of wisdom; *II. in comp.* —**nachlich**, *adj.* analogous to reason; —**nachlichkeit**, *f.* analogy to reason; —**begabt**, *adj.* endowed with reason; —**begriff**, *m.* idea; —**beweis**, *m.* proof founded upon reason. [*ling.* subtilely.]

Bernachsteln, (*w.*) *f.* too subtle reason. — **Bernachsteln**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to reason too nicely or subtilely, to subtilize, over-refine.

Bernachst..., *in comp.* —**erführung**, *f.* explanation deduced from or founded on reason; —**nachig**, *adj.* capable of reason; —**for** *der*, *m.* philosopher; —**forschung**, *f.* philosophical research; —**gebrauch**, *m.* use of one's reason; —**gemäß**, *see* —**nachig**; —**gesetz**, *m.* law of (founded upon) reason; —**glänke**, *m.* rational belief; —**glänzige**, *m.* rationalist; —**grund**, *m.* ground or argument of reason; —**grundsatz**, *m.* principle founded upon reason; —**heirat**, *f.* marriage of reason.

Bernachstlich, *I. adj.* 1) rational; reasonable; 2) sensible, judicious; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* rationality; reasonableness, &c.

Bernachst..., *in comp.* —**klar**, *adj.* clear to reason; —**kraft**, *f.* faculty of reason; —**lehre**, *f.* logic, art of reasoning; —**lehre**, *m.* logician.

Bernachstler, **Bernachstling**, (*str.*) *m.* *cont.* subtle reasoner, one that uses subtileties, one who chaps logic, &c.

Bernachstlos, *adj.* reasonless, irrational; *II. B-nachstlichkeit*, (*w.*) *f.* want of reason.

Bernachst..., *in comp.* —**mann**, *m. cont.* *see* **Bernachstling**; —**nachig**, *adj.* agreeable or according to reason, reasonable, rational; —**nachigkeit**, *f.* reasonableness, rationalness; —**prediger**, *m.* one who preaches reason or in a rationalistic manner; —**predigt**, *f.* rationalistic sermon; —**recht**, *n.* law of reason, law of nature; —**religion**, *f.* natural religion; —**schluss**, *m.* syllogism; —**schwärmer**, *m.* enthusiastic lover of reason; —**stichtseher**, *f.*

moral philosophy; —**stier**, *n.* man; —**wahrheit**, *f.* truth founded on, taught or proved by reason; —**weisheit**, *f.* philosophy; —**weisen**, *n.* rational being; —**widrig**, *adj.* contrary to reason, irrational; —**wissenschaft**, *f.* philosophy.

Bernachsen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bersprechen**.

Bernachstigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to utilise.

Beröden, (*w.*) *s. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to grow waste or desolate; *II. tr.* to lay waste, to desolate. — **Berödung**, (*w.*) *f.* desolation; devastation.

Beröffentlich (*I. u.*: **Beröffentlich** *ren*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make (publicly) known, to publish; to advertise. — **Beröffentlichung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) publishing, &c.; publication; public announcement, advertisement.

Beröfftern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to repeat frequently. — **Beröffterung**, (*w.*) *f.* frequent repetition; **B-swort**, *m.* frequentative.

Beröfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to oil.

Beröfren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to order, prescribe; 2) to institute; *Law*, to decree, enact; 3) to ordain, nominate, appoint; *v. b.*, *p. a.* statutory; **der Beröferte**, *m.* person appointed or ordained to any charge or office; commissary, deputy.

Berordnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) order; ordinance; regulation; (medical) prescription; 2) institution; 3) ordaining, ordination; appointment; *an die* — *des Herrn* ..., *see* **Order**; *bis auf weitere* —, till further order or provision; *v-smäßig*, *adj.* according to order.

Berpaaren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*I. u.*) to pair (**Paar**).

Berpaaten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to farm, rent; to let out, let by lease, to lease; *ein Landgut pfliegte sich damals zu £ 120 zu* —, a farm at that time used to let for £ 120. — **Berpaater**, (*str.*) *m.* lessor. — **Berpaatung**, (*w.*) *f.* leasing, farming.

Berpacken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pack up; 2) to consume in packing; 3) to pack wrong. — **Berpackung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) packing; (im **Schiffsraum**) stowage; (im **Eck**) bagging; (im **Fässer**) casking; 2) package, packing, *cf.* **Umballage**.

Berpallisadieren, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to palisade.

Berpannen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to waste uselessly (water), to spill; 2) to spoil by drugging (wine). [*with a coat of mail.*]

Berpannen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to arm or cover

Berpannen, (*w.*) *s. tr. coll.* *see* **Berplanbern**.

Berpapieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berbühnen**.

Berpapieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume in pasting; 2) to paste over or up.

Berpassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lose by delay, to let slip, miss.

Berpassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berpielen**.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sound (a depth).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *T. particul. Min.* to make air-tight (eine **Röhre**, a pipe).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wrap up in fur.

Berpersonifizieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to personify (**Personifizieren**).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to infect, poison.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pale, empale, palisade, to strengthen with piles.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pawn, pledge; mortgage, hypothecate. — **Berpfeifer**, (*str.*) *m.* one who pawns or pledges; mortgagor. — **Berpfeifung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) pawning, &c.; (von **Grundstücken**) hypothecation.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to popper too much; 2) *coll.* for **Berleiden**. [*(the time).*]

Berpfeifen, (*str.*) *s. tr.* to whistle away

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to transplant; to replant. — **Berpfeifung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) transplanting, transplantation.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to use up in paving or plastering.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tend, nurse,

feed, foster; 2) to take care of, maintain, provide for. — **Berpfeifer**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Berpfeigerin**, (*w.*) *f.* maintainer, &c. — **Berpfeigung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) nursing, tending, &c.; providing for, care (of), maintenance.

Berpfeigung ..., *in comp.* —**amt**, *n.* 1) office for the support of the poor; 2) *Mil.* commissariat; —**anstalt**, *f.* hospital; —**beamte** (te), *m. pl.* *Mil.* commissaries of the stores; —**geld**, *n.*, —**kosten**, *pl.* expenses of supporting or maintaining any one, costs of maintenance; —**haus**, *n.* hospital; —**steuer**, *f.* tax for the subsistence of troops; —**wesen**, *n.* every thing relating to the support, maintenance, subsistence of troops, &c., commissariat.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bind by duty, to engage, oblige (*zu*, *to*); 2) to oblige, lay under an obligation; 3) to bind by an oath, to swear, swear in; **verpflichtet sein**, to be bound, beholden, or obliged (*Einem*, *to*); **sch** — **zu** ..., to engage or bind one's self, to undertake to ...; **verpflichtend**, *p. pr.* obliging; obligatory; **verpflichtet**, *p. a.* bound (in gratitude), obliged, engaged; liable; *durch frühere Verträge* &c. (*gebunden*), pre-engaged; **der Verpflichtete**, obligee.

Berpfeifung, (*w.*) *f.* obligation, liability, duty; engagement; cine — *eingehen*, *übernehmen*, to enter into an engagement; **B-schein**, *m.* 1) *see* **Amteibung**; 2) *German. Hist.* charter of revivals.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pin up, peg up.

Berpfeigen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to plough up; 2) to cover up by ploughing; **sch** —, to plough wrong.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cork; 2) to graft wrong; **sch** (*Dat.*) *den Magen* —, to cloy or overcharge one's stomach.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *s. tr.* to confer (or provide with) a benefice or prebend.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cry lie upon.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sell by the pound; 2) to pay harbour-dues for.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by bungling to bungle, hack, botch.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pitch, stop with pitch; *die Röhre* —, *Mar.* to pay the seams; **verpicht**, *p. a.* 1) *see* **Erpicht**; 2) *fig.* well-seasoned (throat, stomach).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berweilichen**.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *s. I. tr.* 1) to daub over; 2) to spoil by daubing; 3) to pass in daubing; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *see* **Berbummen**, I.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berbühnen**.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to platinize.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berpannen**, I.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to puff away, consume (powder). [*see* **Berichmachen**, I, 3 & II.]

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berbühnen**.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berbühnen**; *Sport.* to intimidate by over-punishment (a dog).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. coll.* *I. tr.* to trifle away, to waste foolishly or awkwardly; *II. ref.* to enter a foolish engagement (with a woman), to get into a scrape.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to make vulgar; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) & *ref.* to become vulgar.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to over-pickle.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to provide with bolsters, to bolster. [*to repudiate, taboo.*]

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to interdict; 2) *fig.* **Berpfeifen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to use (up) in coining; 2) to coin badly.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly off crackling; — (*offen*, to decapitate (a salt).

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to squander, dissipate, spend in gormandising or excess.

Berpfeifen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bruise; 2) *Sport.* to scare (a beast of prey). — **Berpfeifung**, (*w.*) *f.* bruise, contusion, &c.

Verpöben, Verpöbren, (w.) v. tr. to use up in trying or probing.

Verpöblich, (w.) v. tr. to supply with provisions, to victual (a ship).

Verpöblich, (w.) v. tr. to squander in luxury.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to spend in pomp.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. see Verpöben; sich —, to blunder.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. & intr. (aux. sein & haben) Chem. to detonise, detonate, decrepitate, explode; II. tr. 1) see Verpöben; 2) coll. to lose by carelessness and imprudence; III. refl. coll. to make a blunder, to blunder (out); — **Verpöben, (w.) f. Chem.** detonation, &c.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to convert to powder; 2) to lose or spend money in speculating.

Verpöben, (w.) v. refl. Nat. to change into a chrysalis, to undergo the chrysalis or pupa change; — **Verpöbung, (w.) f.** pupa change; **Verpöbung, n.** pupa-case.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. & refl. (N. G.) for Verpöben.

Verpöben, (str.) m. Mas. the plastering of

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. Mas. see Verpöben, 2.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to spend in quacking or on quack-doctors.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to evaporate; smoke away.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to overgrow with couch-grass.

Verpöben, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to swell up, to be warped by moisture.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) see Verpöben; 2) see Verpöben.

Verpöben, adj. wrong, improper (reply).

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. Chem., &c. to amalgamate; — **Verpöbung, (w.) f. 1)** amalgamation; 2) amalgama.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. coll. to squander.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to border (a field) by a ridge.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to entwine the tendrils.

Verpöben, I. p. a. prejudiced, bigoted;

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to overgrow with grass.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. & tr. see Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. to cease rattling or roaring (of a storm, &c.).

Verpöben, (str.) m. treason; treachery, peridy; einen — beghehen (with Dat.), to betray.

Verpöben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to betray; let out; 2) *fig.* to argue, bespeak; to show, discover, to tell (tales) of; *cf.* Verpöben, &c.

Verpöben, (str.) v. tr. to betray; traitor.

Verpöben, (w.) f. treason, treachery.

Verpöben, (w.) f. traitress. [peridy.]

Verpöben, adj. treasonable, treacherous, perfidious, faithless, false; *fig.* tell-tale (look, &c.).

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to make an enigma.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. (aux. sein) 1) to exhale, evaporate; to cool; 2) *fig.* to settle, cool; II. tr. to consume in smoking, to smoke; verpöben, p. a. smoky.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to consume in fumigation; II. intr. (aux. sein) to become smoky; verpöben, p. a. smoky, smoke-covered, smoke-coloured.

Verpöben, see Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to cease roaring or sounding; 2) *a.* to depart, pass away, vanish or disappear rapidly (as a rushing stream), to rush away or on.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to bring in ac-

count, to reckon (up); to account for; II. refl. to make a wrong calculation, to make a mistake or to be mistaken in one's account, to miscalculate; *cf.* Verpöben, *fig.* he is out or deceived in his calculation. — **Verpöben, (str.) m.** book-keeper, accountant.

Verpöben, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) reckoning up; account; 2) miscalculation, error (in reckoning), miscalculation.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. see Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) coll. to die (said of animals, cont. of men).

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) see Verpöben; I. 1; 2) see Verpöben; II. refl. see Verpöben, I.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to spell by raining; II. intr. *impers.* to cease raining.

Verpöben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to grind sufficiently; to triturate; 2) to consume in grinding; 3) see Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) grinding, &c.; 2) trituration; 3) see Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. (aux. sein) to go on a journey, to go, travel (nach, to); to set out, depart, start for; wie lange ist er verpöben? how long has he been travelling or from home? II. tr. to spend in travelling.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. Sport. to cover with twigs (springs, &c.).

Verpöben, (str.) v. tr. 1) see Verpöben, 2; 2) diese Waare wird heimlich verpöben, this article finds a rapid sale.

Verpöben, (str.) v. I. tr. to spend in riding; 2) to ride down (a disease, &c.); II. refl. to miss one's way on horseback.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to sprain, strain.

Verpöben, (w.) f. sprain, strain, lutation.

Verpöben, (irr.) v. I. tr. 1) to pass in running; 2) (Einem den Weg) to bar, cross, cut off, traverse, or stop one's passage or way; II. refl. 1) to run out of one's way; 2) to get stuck fast (in a dispute, &c.); verpöben, p. a. see above.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to do, perform, execute, discharge to acquit one's self of; seine Nothdurft —, to ease nature, *fam.* to do one's business; seinen Dienst —, (*of persons*) to perform or discharge one's duty; to officiate; (*of things*) to answer its purpose, to answer or work well; den Zeug —, Sport, to dress the nets; 2) to level wrong; to regulate wrong (a watch).

Verpöben, (w.) f. 1) a doing, performance, execution; 2) business, affair, occupation, function; engagement; ich willsch gute —, I wish you good success; *Schwert, n. Gramm.* gerund.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) & refl. to lose flavour, to pall, to grow rapid.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to bolt (up), to fasten with a bolt, to bar.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to ripple, flow away. [to turn into bark.]

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to incrust; II. intr.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr., Verpöben, (w.) f. see Verpöben, Verminderung.

Verpöben, (str.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to run off or out; to pass away; to elapse, *cf.* Verpöben, 1 & 2.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. Min. to open (a lode).

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to breathe out with a rattling in the throat; II. intr. to cease rattling, to expire, to breathe one's last.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to cease rolling, to roll away; 2) see Verpöben, 2.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to rust.

Verpöben, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to rot, putrify, moulder.

Verpöben, I. adj. notorious, infamous, atrocious; heinous; godless; wicked, profligate, abandoned; II. *Schelt, (w.) f.* notorious-

ness, infamy; atrocity; heinousness; wickedness, profligacy.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to put or move out of its place, to remove; to dislocate, displace; 2) to disturb, derange (the mind); Einem das Glied, den Plan —, to disturb a person in his designs, to disappoint or frustrate one's design; Einem den Verstand, den Kopf —, to turn one's head, unsettle one's brains.

Verpöben, I. pp. see Verpöben, 1; II. *adj.* deranged, crazy, crazed, mad, *cf.* Verpöben; das Sinne Einem — machen, that is enough to drive one (or to make one go) mad;

III. *Schelt, (w.) f.* 1) madness, craziness; 2) insane or foolish action, expression, &c., *cf.* Verpöben.

Verpöben, (w.) f. the (act of) moving out of its place, &c. *cf.* Verpöben, 1; derangement.

Verpöben, (str.) m. ill name, bad reputation, disgrace; in — erklären, to declare infamous, *anal. (Ntl. along)* to send to Coventry; in — bringen, see Verpöben, 1.

Verpöben, (str.) v. tr. 1) to bring into bad repute, to decry, to cry down; 2) to depreciate (coins); —, p. a. defamed, ill-reputed, ill-renewed, notorious.

Verpöben, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) decrying, &c.; 2) depreciation.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. to throw into disorder, derange.

Verpöben, (str.) m. verse; strophe, stanza; in Verpöben, to versify; ich kann mir daraus keinen — machen, coll. I can make neither head nor tail of it.

III. *refl.* to sag.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. to sack, bag;

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to consume in sowing; 2) to sow up, to stop up by sowing on; 3) to sow wrong.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to engage, promise; ich bin schon verpöben, I am already engaged; mein Herz ist schon verpöben, my heart is already bespoken; 2) (Einem etwas) to deny, refuse, withhold; sich (Dat.) etwas —, to forego a thing; II. intr. 1) (of a gun) to miss fire, flash in the pan; 2) *fig.* to fail, to fall short, to prove ineffectual. [saw wrong.]

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to saw up; 2) to Verpöben, (str.) m. coll. miss, a missing fire, flash in the pan.

Verpöben, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) engaging, &c.; 2) denial, refusal.

Verpöben, (w.) pl. Verpöben, pl. Typ. initials or capital letters.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. 1) to salt too much, to over-salt; 2) *fig.* to spoil, embitter.

Verpöben, (w.) v. tr. & refl. to assemble, meet, gather, converse; zu seinem Vater verpöben werden, to be gathered to one's fathers.

Verpöben, (str.) m. assembler.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) the (act of) assembling, &c.; 2) meeting, assembly; gathering; congregation, convention; II. *in comp.* *Schuss, n.* meeting-house; *Schuss, n.* meeting-place; *Schuss, n.* right of (public) assembly; *Schuss, n.* meeting-hall;

Schuss, n. day of assembly; *Schuss, f.* time of meeting; *Schuss, n.* drawing-room.

Verpöben, (w.) v. I. tr. (aux. sein) & refl. to silt, to be filled or covered with sand.

II. tr. to cover, choke, or stop up with sand. — **Verpöben, (w.) f.** the filling with sand, &c.

Verpöben, m. see Verpöben. [metre.]

Verpöben, (w.) f. sort, species of verse or

Verpöben, (str.) pl. Verpöben, m. 1) alloy, see Verpöben, 2; 2) a pawning, mortgaging; in — geben, see Verpöben, I. 4; 3) see Verpöben; 4) *Min.* gobbling, gob-stuff; 5) *T.* second tanning; 6) *Lock-sm.* securer.

Verfä..., in comp. —ant, n. provinc. loan-office, &c. (Reichsbank); —bant, f. warrant-bank; —holz, n. Hydr. sliding-lumber; —hölzer, n. pl. Min. transversal madriers; —kapf, m. Turn. eccentric chuck; —mauer, f. Min. cog.

Verfäung, (w.) f. T. a species of dovetailing by mortise and tenon.

Verfäubern, (w.) v. tr. T. to polish, furnish, cleanliness, to dirty, soil.

Verfäuen, (w.) v. tr. vulg. to spoil by **Verfäueren**, (w.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to sour, grow crabbed; 2) *fig.* a) to mar, to spoil (one's joy, &c.); b) coll. to rust.

Verfäueren, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to sour too much, to make too acid; 2) *fig.* to sour, embitter; II. intr. see **Verfäuen**.

Verfäuen, (str.) v. tr. vulg. for **Verfäuen**.

Verfäuen, (w.) v. tr. to neglect, slight; to lose, miss; die **Verfäue** —, to miss hearing the sermon; einen **Verfäue** —, to omit a term; — Sie nicht Angeige zu machen, do not fail to give information; **Verfäue** Sie überzeugt, daß ich nichts — werde, be assured that nothing shall be left undone on my part; über dem **Verfäue** or über das **Verfäue** verfäuen sie die Arbeit, play made them neglect their work, work was neglected for play.

Verfäuen, (str.) f. & n., **Verfäuen**, (w.) f. 1) neglect, omission; 2) loss occasioned by neglect; loss of time; eine — nachhefen, to make up for or redress an omission.

Verfäuen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to rush off; abate (as a storm).

Verfä..., in comp. —ban, m., —bildung, f. verbalization, formation of verses.

Verfäben, (w.) v. tr. to wear out by scraping, rubbing, &c.

Verfäben, (w.) v. tr. 1) cont. (especially of Jews) to hawk, sell; 2) *fig.* to job away.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to procure, to furnish with, to supply, provide, find; Glauben —, to gain credence; Einem **Verfä** —, to see justice done to one, to see or get one righted; **Verfä** (Dat.) —, to obtain, acquire; **Verfä** (Dat.) **Verfä** —, to obtain justice; to right one's self; **Verfä** selbst **Verfä** —, to take the law into one's own hands; Rinderung —, to give ease; **Verfä** (Dat.) **Verfä** —, to make one's self heard; to obtain a hearing; **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. the (act of) procuring, &c.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. coll. to joke, play away.

Verfäffen, (str.) m. provinc. difference; **Verfäffen**, (str.) pl. Ver- n. T. see **Verfäffen**.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to furnish with a shell or cover; 2) (of knives) to furnish with handles; 3) Carp. to line with boards, to lathe (the ceiling, &c.); to deal, cover with deals; II. intr. 1) to become rapid or stale (*cf.* **Verfä**, adj., 1); 2) provinc. to matter.

Verfäffen, (str. & w.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] & haben) (of sound) to die away; to cease sounding; *cf.* **Verfäffen**.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. T. to fasten (the **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) furnishing with a shell, &c. *cf.* **Verfäffen**, I; 2) Carp. a lining; ashoring, &c. *cf.* **Verfäffen** & **Verfäffen**, 2, 4, f. & g; **Verfäffen**, f. pl. ashertimbers.

Verfäffen, I. adj. bashful, shame-faced; modest; — aussehen, to look small; v-Ärme, poor persons ashamed to beg; II. **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. bashfulness, shame-facedness; modesty.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. 1) see **Verfäffen**; 2) see **Verfäffen**, Verderben, II.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to intrench, fortify, barricade. — **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. intrenchment, fortification.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to sharpen;

2) *fig.* to sharpen; to heighten, to render more severe, to aggravate; II. *refl.* to become more acute.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to hide in the ground by scratching the earth over it, to bury, inter, to cover with earth; **Verfäffen**, (w.) v. tr. to overshadow, to obscure, shade.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to tax wrong.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. 1) see **Verfäffen**, **Verfäffen**, (w.) v. I. tr. see **Verfäffen**; II. intr. 1) to cease foaming; 2) to be lost or to vanish in foam.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to expire, decessate, die, to breathe one's last.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to cease to shine; 2) to vanish, elapse; **Verfäffen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to give away, to bestow upon; 2) see **Verfäffen**, 2; halb **Verfäffen**, almost given away.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to table, scarf. — **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. tabling (of the beams).

3) to spoil in shearing.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to shear, clip; **Verfäffen**, (w.) v. tr. 1) to trifle away;

2) *fig.* to forfeit, to lose by one's own fault or neglect, to fling away.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to scare, frighten away; 2) *fig.* to banish (care).

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. see **Verfäffen**.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to move out of its place, to shift; displace, dislodge, remove; b) *fig.* to disconcert (one's game, plan, &c.); 2) *fig.* to defer (Aufschieben, 2); Sie werden doch die Zusammenkunft nicht auf eine so ferne Zeit —, I hope you will not defer the meeting to so distant a day; II. *refl.* 1) to shift, get out of its place; 2) to make a bad throw (at ninepins); **Verfäffen**, p. a. (also Typ.) displaced; **Verfäffen**, Architekt. imperfect or diminished arch; **Verfäffen**, Mensch, ill-shaped person; der Kopf ist ihm **Verfäffen**, *fig.* he is somewhat cracked. — **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) shifting, &c.; removal; 2) Mech. trigger; 3) Geol. dislocation; 4) a deferring, delay, &c. (Aufschub).

Verfäffen, I. pp. see **Verfäffen**; II. adj. 1) different, differing; **Verfäffen** —, widely different; 2) various, sundry, several, divers; von allen **Verfäffen** und v-ßer **Verfäffen**, of all sizes and in every variety of shape; die **Verfäffen** hat v-e Seiten, eloquence is a diverse thing; — sein, to differ, vary; ein **Verfäffen**, welches von dem — ist, welches diesen Pflanzen natürlich ist, a climate different from that which is natural to these plants; v-e **Verfäffen** or **Verfäffen**, s. Comm. sundries; Goutte für **Verfäffen**, sundries' account; **Verfäffen** und Wohlgefallen sind zwei ganz v-e Dinge, taste is one thing and liking is another; III. in comp. —artig, adj. of different species, heterogeneous, different; —artigkeit, f. difference of species, heterogeneity; —blättrig, adj. Bot. heterophyllous; —farbig, adj. diverse-coloured (Bunt, 1 & 2); —fürmig, adj. difform; —gestaltet, adj. of different shape; Bot. heteromorphous.

Verfäffen, (w.) f. 1) difference; 2) diversity, variety; hierüber kann keine der Meinung herrschen, as to this there cannot be two opinions.

Verfäffen, (str.) adj. I. see **Verfäffen**; II. adv. provinc. several times.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to furnish with bands, rails; to rim (a wheel).

Verfäffen, (str.) m. *Paint.* diminution or fading of colours, degradation.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to fade, go (of colours); diese Farben — leicht, these colours change their hue easily; ver-

schossen, faded, discoloured; II. tr. 1) to shoot away, to exhaust or spend in shooting; **Verfäffen** —, *fig.* to exhaust one's stock; to get to the end of one's tether; 2) *Paint.* to degrade, diminish the strength of colouring according to the rules of perspective; 3) Typ. to impose wrong; 4) *Mar.* to shift (die **Verfäffen**, the scarfs); III. *refl.* 1) to mistake in shooting; 2) to overshoot one's self; 3) to shoot away all one's ammunition; 4) *Wass.* to shoot one's shuttle wrong; 5) *Sport.* to run wild (of dogs); 6) coll. to fall over head and ears in love (in *with Acc.*, with).

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to ship, convey, or export in ships; weiter —, to forward; nach den Colonien —, to export to the colonies. — **Verfäffen**, (str.) m. shipper, despatcher.

Verfäffen, (w.) f. shipment, exportation; nachdem die — bewirkt ist, when shipped; in comp. **Verfäffen**, n. shipping weight; **Verfäffen**, pl. shipping charges or expenses; **Verfäffen**, f. or Zeit der **Verfäffen**, shipping-season.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. (l. w.) to misrepresent, to depict wrong.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to grow over with weeds; II. tr. to cover or stop up with rushes or reed.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to mould, grow mouldy. [fade, grow pale.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. intr. (aux. [sein] 1) to **Verfäffen**, coll. **Verfäffen**, (w.) v. tr. to spoil, disfigure. [shingles].

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. to cover in with **Verfäffen**, (str.) m. vulg. Stud. slang, see **Verfäffen**.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to slaughter, kill (for the market), butcher; 2) T. to strengthen the shore of (a river) by driving piles, &c.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. [sein] & *refl.* to be reduced to scoria or dross; II. tr. to scoria, reduce to scoria or dross. — **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. scorification.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to spend in sleeping; 2) to lose or neglect by sleeping; es (or die Zeit) —, to oversleep one's self, to sleep too long; 3) to sleep off (one's fatigue, &c.); to sleep away (one's care, &c.).

Verfäffen, I. adj. given to much sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, lazy; II. **Verfäffen**, (w.) f. habit of sleeping too much, drowsiness.

Verfäffen, (w.) v. tr. & intr. see **Verfäffen**.

Verfäffen, (str.) pl. **Verfäffen**, m. 1) a) Carp. partition, partition-wall; b) *Mar.* bulkhead; c) box (in coffee-rooms, &c.); 2) wain-scotting; 3) *Salt-w.* essay or trial with the brine; 4) provinc. violent cold.

Verfäffen, (str.) v. I. tr. 1) a) to strike too far or out of bounds, to strike to a great distance; b) *Bill.* to strike (a ball) out of bounds; 2) a) to drive away or out of the course; **Verfäffen** —, to take the wrong way; b) *Mar.* to cast away; 3) a) to spoil by beating, to blunt (tools); b) to cow by overheating (a dog); c) aa) to stamp (coin) imperfectly; to decry, depreciate (coin); dd) see **Verfäffen**; d) to prick (a horse) in shoeing; 4) a) to nail up, fasten with nails; b) to partition; to board off; mit **Verfäffen** —, to board up; 5) to consume, to use (up) (nails, &c.); *Salt-w.* die **Verfäffen** —, to mend the pans; die **Verfäffen** —, to make an essay or trial of (to gauge) the brine; den rechten **Verfäffen** —, to miss the right road; eine **Verfäffen** (in **Verfäffen**) —, to lose a page; Einem die **Verfäffen** —, to obstruct a person's view; die **Verfäffen** —, to have a cast in the eyes.

II. *refl.* **Verfäffen** —, to miss the scent (of dogs); **Verfäffen** in den **Verfäffen** —, to strike into the toils (of game); **Verfäffen** (Dat.) etwas —, to deprive one's self of (some advantage, &c.) by neglect or willfulness; **Verfäffen** die **Verfäffen** —, to

lose one's customers by disobliging behaviour, &c.

III. *intr.* 1) *Farr.* to take cold, to be soundered; 2) (*aus. sein*) to grow, get moderately warm; — *lassen*, to let the chill go off; *verschlagenes Wasser*, lukewarm water; 3) a) to make a difference, to matter, import, *cf. Ausmachen*, 6; das *verschlägt* seiner Ehre (*Dad.*) nichts, that is no disparagement to his honour; es *verschlägt* Ihnen nichts, it is nothing (or it is indifferent) to you; es war nichts zu essen da, aber das *verschlug* mir nichts (*Gellert*, Reiseabenteuer), there was nothing to eat, but that was of no consequence to me; b) *gener. only in negative (or interrogative) sentences* to produce (a desirable) change, to take effect, to avail, &c. *cf. Anschlägen, intr.* 2, b &c., & *Verfängen*, II.; 4) *Mar.* to be driven out of the right course; 5) *Sport-s.* a) to fray; b) to cease calling (said of male birds when pairing time is over).

Verfälschen, I. *adj.* cunning, crafty, shrewd, subtle; sly, artful; II. *V.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* cunning, craft, shrewdness, subtlety.

Verfälsch..., in comp. — *Hammer*, m. brasser's catch-hammer; — *naegel*, m. plank-nail; — *schlagen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pay for the right of coinage; — *seile*, *f.* T. brine used for gauging.

Verfälsamen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to silt, to be filled or choked with mud.

Verfälsamen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fill, cover, or stop with mud. [*schleimen*]

Verfälsampamen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* for *Verfälsamen*; (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Verfälsamen*.

Verfälschern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to make worse; to damage, deteriorate, spoil; II. *refl.* to deteriorate, grow worse, degenerate; *sein Lage hat sich verfälschert*, his situation has changed for the worse. — *Verfälschierung*, (*w.*) *f.* deterioration. [*dainties*]

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend on or in *Verfälschen*, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.* to sink, sneak, or pass slowly away; — *lassen*, Cook. to oil (butter).

Verfälschern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to veil.

Verfälsch, (*str.*) *m.* sale (of goods).

Verfälschen, *v. I. (str.) tr.* to spoil (a blade, &c.) in grinding; II. (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to transport on a sledge; 2) to sell (goods); 3) *Mus.* to let run into each other (tones); 4) to draw out, protract, delay.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to fill or obstruct with phlegm or mucus; to thicken, conglutinate (the blood); *Mus.*, &c. to stop up, choke; II. *intr.* & *refl.* to get or be filled with phlegm. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) stopping with phlegm, &c.; mucousness; conglutination.

Verfälsch, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a wearing away, &c.; 2) sale, see *Verfälschen*.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* *oboleusculi* & *provinc.* 1) to wear out; 2) to sell (*Verfälschen*); II. *intr.* & *refl.* to wear or pass away.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Verproffen*.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to saunter away, to loiter away, to spend in idleness.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to misplace, mislay; b) to put aside, to hide; c) to snatch away secretly, pilloin, embezzle; 2) *coll.* to wear out (clothes); 3) to draw out, protract. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) misplacing, &c.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fling away; 2) a) to dissipate, squander, lavish; to waste, trifle away; b) to sell off at under-price, to undersell, to fling away. — *Verfälscher*, (*str.*) *m.* squanderer, &c.; prodigal, spend-thrift. — *Verfälscherung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) profusion, dissipation; 2) *Comm.* the (act of) underselling.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Verfälschen*.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.* to creep into a hiding place. [*schlüpf*]

Verfälsch, (*str.*) *m.* see *Verfälsch* & *Verfälschbar*, *adj.* that may be shut, closed, locked; *der Schrank ist nicht* —, the cupboard cannot be locked.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) see *Zufälschen*; *Einem seine Thür* —, to shut one's door upon a person; *Einem sein Herz* —, to shut up one's heart against a person; 2) to shut up, lock up, close up, to keep under lock and key; 3) *fig.* to close, stop, obstruct; to dam up; diese Quellen sind mir *verfälschen*, these sources of information are closed against me; 4) *provinc. & Comm.* to sell; *sich in sich selbst* —, *fig.* to be wrapped up in one's self; *verfälschen*, *p. a.* see *below*. [*trator*]

Verfälschmittel, (*str.*) *m.* *And.* obtain. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) locking, &c.

Verfälschern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make worse, &c. see *Verfälschern*; 2) to aggravate. — *Verfälschierung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) see *Verfälschern*; 2) aggravation.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to twist, entwine; to tangle, entangle; in einander —, to intertwine, interlace, intertangle; to involve in knots; 2) to devour; swallow (up), gulp down; 3) see *Verfälschen*, 2, b. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) twisting, &c.; 2) twist, intricacy, complexity, mass.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to be damaged by hail.

Verfälschen, I. *p. a.* 1) shut, &c., close; 2) *Med.* stopped, constipated; 3) *fig.* pent (up) (feelings, &c.); 4) close, reserved; — *leben*, to live in a reclusive manner; II. *V.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* closeness, reserve, reservedness.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) a) to swallow; to gulp down; (*ohne zu kauen*) to bolt; b) to absorb, imbibe; 2) *fig.* a) to smother (one's grief); to suppress (one's tears); b) to choke, clip, slur over (in speaking); c) to swallow, pocket, to put up with (an affront); *er kann es nicht* —, it (*i. e.* the affront, &c.) won't go down with him; *sich* —, to let something go down the wrong throat or way; *ich habe mich verfälscht*, it went the wrong way. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) swallowing, &c.

Verfälschern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pass slumbering; 2) see *Verfälschen*. [*away*]

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to slip or creep *Verfälschen*, (*str.*) *v. intr.* see *Verfälschen*.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *p. l.* *Verfälsche* *m.* 1) the (act of) locking up, keeping locked, occlusion; confinement; 2) closed place; cage, den; unter or in —, under lock and key; *Comm.* in bond; unter — bringen, to bend; and *dem* — nehmen, to take out of bond.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to faint, languish; pine away, starve; *vor Durst* —, to die of, starve with thirst; *fast verfälschet vor Durst*, parched with thirst; *vor Hitze* —, to die of or be smothered with heat; II. *tr.* to linger away (one's life, &c.).

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to disdain, scorn, despise; to scout; to reject (with disdain). — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* disdain, scorn; a despising, rejection. [*minish*]

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to narrow, diminish.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to consume, spend, or pass in smoking, to puff away.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to consume or spend in feasting or banqueting.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to taste; 2) *fig.* to enjoy.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. coll.* for *Verwerfen*.

Verfälschen, *v. I. (str.) intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to melt away, dissolve; 2) to blend (mit, with); to blend, melt into each other; to amal-

gamate, to merge into each other; to become incorporated; II. (*w. & str.*) *tr.* 1) to melt together; 2) to melt down; consume by melting; 3) *fig.* to blend (colours, &c.); to amalgamate, to bind up together. — *Verfälschung*, (*w.*) *f.* a blending, &c.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cease feeling pain at; to brook, to bear with patience; 2) to suppress one's sorrow, to get over the loss or vexation of (a thing), to forget, digest; das ist längst *verfälscht*, that pain is over long ago; er hat den Verlust noch nicht *verfälscht*, he is still grieving at his loss; — *werd' ich dießem Schlag, das weiß ich*, I demas *verfälschte* nicht der Versuch? (*Schiller*, Wall. 5, 8). (W. I shall grieve down this blow, ... what does not man grieve down?) this anguish will be wearied down, I know; | what pang is permanent with man? (*Coler.*) What sorrow is it in man that will not finally fret itself to sleep? [sume in forging]

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to employ or consume *Verfälschen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume or waste in smearing, daubing, or scribbling; 2) to do over or stop up (with plaster, clay, &c.), to glue up; *Chem.* to lute; T. to clog the teeth of (a file).

Verfälschen, I. *adj.* cunning, crafty, sly, subtle, wily; II. *V.-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* cunningness, &c., subtlety.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to be smothered with heat; to be parched or shrivelled up; II. *tr.* to parch, smother with heat. [*all over*]

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sell or dirt *Verfälschen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten with a buckle or buckles; 2) to buckle wrong.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* 1) to snap at a thing and to miss it; 2) *coll.* to trip or slip with one's tongue, to blurt out, to be betrayed into an inconsiderate expression.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to spend in drama or brandy.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to snore away. *Verfälschen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten with a buckle or buckles; 2) to buckle wrong.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to cut (away), clip, *cf. Abfälschen*, 2, *Beifälschen*, 1, *Ausfälschen*; 2) to gold, castrate, emasculate; *der verfälschte Eber*, barrow-hog; *der verfälschte Ouanach*; 3) *Comm.* *Eich* &c., to sell cloth, &c. by retail (*Ausfälschen*, 5); 4) to consume in cutting; 5) to spoil in cutting; 6) *coll.* to adulterate or force (wine), *cf. Verfälschen*; 7) *Gold-sm.* to smooth the roughs of ...; II. *refl.* to cut wrong.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *m.* gelder, &c.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to cover with snow; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to be covered with snow.

Verfälschen, (*str.*) *v.* see *Verfälschen*.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to clip or cut up with a pair of scissors, &c. *Verfälschen*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) cutting, &c., see *Verfälschen*; 2) sale by retail or by the out; 3) *Corp.* waste, batement, cuttings. *Verfälschen*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clip or whittle away; cut up.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to set off or mark with (ungainly) flourishes; *verfälscht*, *p. a.* adorned (*gener. in an ill sense*: overcharged, disguised, &c.) with (exaggerated, &c.) flourishes.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to snuff up, consume in snuffing; 2) *impers.* to notice, offend, pique; *ich bin verfälscht*, I have a cold.

Verfälschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to furnish or line with lace; 2) see *Zufälschen*, 1; 3) *f.* to measure with a line or cord; 4) to spoil by lacing.

Verfchollen, I. *adj.* (publicly proclaimed as) unknown; *fig.* scarcely remembered; er ist —, he has not been heard of (again); ein B-er, one who has gone abroad and whose fate has never been ascertained; Erinnerung an einen B-ern, reminiscences of a missing man; II. B-heit, (*w.*) *f.* the state of being lost to remembrance, &c.; wir ruhn und träumen, wir find trunnen, in seliger B-heit (*Frei-lyr.*), (the world and time do we exclude), intoxicated, dream and rest, in sweet oblivious solitude (*Baskerv.*); *cf.* Verschallen.

Verfchonen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spare, to exempt, excuse (from); to forbear to do, &c.; — Sie mich mit ..., do not trouble me with ...

Verfchönern, * **Verfchönen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to embellish, improve, beautify. — **Verfchönerer**, (*str.*) *m.* embellisher, &c. — **Verfchönerung**, (*w.*) *f.* embellishment.

Verfchonen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) sparing, &c., forbearance, exemption.

Verfchößen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mm.* to buttress or line with planks; 2) *see* Verfeuern, 2.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cross (one's) legs, &c.; to entwine, interlace, interlock; 2) *T. a.* *Carp.* to joggle (beams); **Verfchöpfen**, (of beams) with straight courses; *b.* *T.* to set (a saw); 3) (*or* **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.*) to shut up, enclose; die Beine mit einem (im Wagen) **Verfchöpfen**, to split legs; mit **Verfchöpfen** Armen, Beinen, cross-armed, cross-legged; **Verfchöpfte** Reime, *Var.* alternate rhymes.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) crossing, cross-harring, &c.; pectination.

Verfchrauben, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* Zufchrauben, I.; 2) to miscrew, overscrew; 3) *see* Verdrillen, 2, b.

Verfchrecken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to frighten away; 2) *provinc.* *see* Verdrillen, II.

Verfchreibegeld, (*str.*, *pl.* B-er) *n.* *Mm.* quarterly rent, quarterage.

Verfchreiben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *Med.* to prescribe (physic); 2) *Comm.* &c. to write for, order, command; 3) (Ehem. *rmad.*) to sell by written contract, to assign, make over, transfer in writing; *Ruf dem Teufel* —, to sell one's self to the devil; 4) to miswrite, write incorrectly; 5) to consume with writing; II. *refl.* 1) to engage or bind one's self by handwriting, deed, or bond, to enter into a bond, to give one's bond; to pass one's bond in security (*for*); 2) to make a mistake in writing, to commit a slip of the pen.

Verfchreiben, *in comp.* —ing, *m.* *Mm.* day of making a grant; —jettel, *m.* *Law.* livery of seisin.

Verfchreiben, (*w.*) *f.* 1) proscription; 2) writing for, order; 3) the (act of) assigning; assignment, &c. *cf.* Verfchreiben, I, 3; 4) bond, obligation, note (of hand).

Verfchreien, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to decry, cry down; 2) *see* Verfchreiben; 3) to scream away (a hoarseness, &c.); II. *refl.* to scream out false notes in singing. — **Verfchreien**, I. *p. a.* in ill or bad repute; II. B-heit, (*w.*) *f.* bad repute.

Verfchreiben, I. *adj.* distorted, perverse; preposterous; crooked; u-er *Wien* *od* *Ropf*, queer fellow; II. B-heit, (*w.*) *f.* perverseness, &c., queerness, crookedness, perverse view, action, &c. [*see* Verdrillen, I.]

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut off wrong, **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to consume in grinding (of malt).

Verfchöpfen, **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to shrink, wrinkle, shrivel up.

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *m.* delay, procrastination.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make timid.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a)* to be guilty of, to cause (mischief, an accident, &c.), commit, do; *viel* —, to do much wrong; *b)* to bring (misfortune, &c.) upon ... or to incur

by one's own fault; *etwas an Einem* —, to meet with distress, &c., as a retribution for some wrong done to a person, to deserve on account of; *ich an Einem* —, to act wrong towards one, to wrong one, to sin against one; 2) to involve in debts, to load with debts; **Verfchöpfen**, *p. a.* indebted, (involved) in debt; encumbered (as an estate, &c.). — **Verfchöpfen**, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* fault, offence, guilt; *ohne mein* —, without my fault or any fault of mine.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *see* Verfchöpfen, II.; 2) indebtedness, encumbrance.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by raking, to rake out (a fire).

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to form into a knot, to (tie in a) knot; to knot wrong; to involve, to render complicated. — **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* *Dram.* plot, *cf.* Schützen.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. coll.* I. *tr.* 1) to waste or to spoil by bad workmanship; 2) to waste; II. *refl.* & *intr.* to suffer loss by want of skill.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to spill, shed; die *Reibschicht* —, to cast, to bring forth abortively (of animals); *coll.* *s.* das *Rind* mit dem *Bade* —, to reject the good with the bad; *es* (*orig.* die *Suppe*) bei *Einem* —, to fall under (or to incur) a person's displeasure, *coll.* to get into his bad books (*es* mit *Einem* *verdrillen*); 2) *a)* to close or obstruct by things thrown in a place; *b)* to fill up, overwhelm, choke up or cover over with sand, earth, &c.; to bury under a stream of lava, &c.; *Mm.* to encumber. — **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) spilling, &c.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to become related by marriage; to make an alliance with a family; **Verfchöpfen**, *p. a.* related by marriage. — **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* affinity, relationship.

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* *see* Zufchöpfen.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* *see* Zufchöpfen; 1) to swarm away; 2) to swarm too much, to exhaust with swarming; III. *tr.* to spend in revelry or dissipation; **Verfchöpfen**, *p. a.* exhausted from revelry.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to become black; II. *tr.* 1) to blacken (*Schöpfen*, 1); 2) to dirty (linen-clothes); 3) to smuggle (goods); 4) *fig.* *see* Zufchöpfen, 2.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *see* Zufchöpfen, I.; 2) *see* Verfchöpfen, 2; 3) to consume, lose, waste with prattling, to spend in talk, prattle away; II. *refl.* 1) to blunder out, to let out or utter a secret, &c., incautiously, to slip with one's tongue; 2) not to heed the time in gossiping.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *a)*, to soar away, to vanish gradually.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sulphurate; 2) to spoil by sulphurating.

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to conceal, to keep close or secret (*Einem* or *vor Einem*, from one). — **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) concealing, &c., concealment; suppression.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* Verfaulen.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend or waste in excess and debauchery.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. (str.)* 1) *intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to swell, be swollen; to be closed by swelling; 2) *fig.* *provinc.* to moisten; II. (*w.*) *tr.* *Carp.* to put sails underneath; ein **Verfchöpfen** *Dachstuhl*, framework of a roof resting upon pole-plates.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to carry off (of floods, &c.), sweep away; 2) to obstruct or cover with something brought by a current of water; 3) to wash or blond (colours).

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lavish, squander, dissipate, waste (an *Irish Dair.*, *less usual with Acc.*), on, upon; **Verfchöpfen** nicht *beinen* *Dank* an *mir*, do not waste your thanks on me. — **Verfchöpfen**, (*str.*) *m.* lavisher, &c., spendthrift, prodigal. — **Verfchöpfen**, (*str.*) *adj.* prodigal, extravagant, lavish (mit, of), profuse, wasteful; sumptuous (banquet, &c.). — **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* prodigality, extravagance, lavishness, profusion, wastefulness; B-heit, *f.* love of or passion for prodigality, &c.; B-heitig, *adj.* extravagant, given to wastefulness, &c.

Verfchöpfen, *see* Verfchöpfen.

Verfchöpfen, I. 1) *pp.* of **Verfchöpfen**; 2) *p. a.* faithful to a secret, close, silent, secret, tacit, reserved, discreet; II. B-heit, (*w.*) *f.* secrecy, closeness, silence, discretion; unter dem *Siegel* *der* —, under the seal of confidence. [*or* hard.]

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render callous **Verfchöpfen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to pass into each other gradually, to blend, mingle (as fluids, &c.); 2) to vanish by degrees, to grow indistinct, dissolve, melt.

Verfchöpfen, I. (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to disappear, vanish, faint, to pass away, to be lost to sight; *alles* dies **Verfchöpfen** im *Bergleisch* zu ..., all this falls into the shade compared with ...; *der* *Gelehrte* *Verfchöpfen* im *Philosophen*, the scholar was merged in the philosopher; II. *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* disappearance.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to make (a person) one's sister; wir find alle **Verfchöpfen**, we are all (brothers and) sisters; 2) *fig.* to unite intimately, associate, link; **Verfchöpfen**, *p. a.* related, congenial, analogous; **Verfchöpfen** *Zugenden*, sister-virtues.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *f.* *fig.* close or intimate relationship.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) (*aux.* *sein*) to evaporate, to be consumed; 2) (*aux.* *haben*) to cease sweating; II. *tr.* 1) *a)* to exhale with sweating, to emit or lose as perspiration; *b)* *coll.* to forget gradually, unlearn, lose remembrance of; 2) to spoil with sweating.

Verfchöpfen, I. *p. a.* (*cf.* **Verfchöpfen**) indistinct, vague; II. B-heit, (*w.*) *f.* indistinctness, vagueness.

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to forswear, abjure, renounce by oath; *das Spiel* —, to vow never to play again; 2) to curse; II. *refl.* 1) *a)* to swear falsely; 2) *a)* *see* sich *Verfchöpfen*, II. 2, b; *b)* to bind one's self by an oath; *c)* to conspire; to form a conspiracy; **Verfchöpfen**, *p. a.* engaged in conspiracy; *der* **Verfchöpfen**, *m.* conspirator.

Verfchöpfen, (*w.*) *f.* conspiracy, conjuration, plot. [*rhymester*, poetaster.]

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *m.* *com.* rhymester. **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to sail away; *Mar-s.* 2) to disappear, to be out of sight (of ships); 3) to deviate from the course; II. *tr.* to underrun (the rigging).

— **Verfchöpfen**, (*w.*) *f.* deviation.

Verfchöpfen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to overlook, pass by, omit; to err, fail, miss, mistake; *es* bei *Einem* —, *see* (es mit *Einem*) *Verfchöpfen*, II. 2; 2) *a)* *see* Verfchöpfen, I.; *b)* to administer, perform the duties of (an office, &c.); to manage, conduct; to attend to; *den* *Gottesdienst* —, to perform divine service; *er* *verfchöpfen* *das* *Wirtschaftsgeschäft*, he transacts the bill business; *c)* to furnish, provide, supply, store (with), to possess (of), to find (in); to accommodate (with); mit *Vollmacht* —, to invest with full power; mit *Geld* —, to keep in (or provide with) money; ein *Landgut* mit *Wich* —, to stock a farm; einen *Leich* mit *Fischen* —, to stock a pond; einen *Kranen* —, *provinc.* to administer the sacrament to a sick person;

Ag-s-2 to be sunk, absorbed, immersed (in sorrow, &c.); in *Eschlummer* verfunken, wrapped in slumber; die gedrückte Stimmung, in welche ich verfunken war, the despondency into which I was plunged or sunk; 3) to lapse, decline (in a moral point of view), to sink, decay, to grow depraved.

Verfunnbilden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to symbolise, allegorise.

Verfunnen, (*str.*) *v. refl.* 1) to be lost in thought; 2) *see* Verfunnen.

Verfunnlichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render perceptible to the senses, to represent in a sensible manner; II *intr.* & *refl.* to become sensual. 3, b; 2) to incrustate.

Verfuntern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) *see* Verfuntern, Verfunstlichen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to civilise.

Verfunen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sit away, to lose by sitting; 2) *see* Hüßigen; 3) II *refl.* to grow inactive or ill with sitting; Verfunen, *p. a.* 1) *Law*, stale (claims); 2) *see* Verfunst.

Verf...... in comp. — *Hünfler*, — *maßer*, *m.* versifier, verse-maker; — *maßeret*, *f.* verse-making (*particul.* *cont.* mechanical business of making verses), versification; — *metre*, *m.* metre, measure (of verse); — *metzung*, *f.* scanning, prosody.

Verfassen, *p. a. vulg.* given to drinking, drunken; ein *v-er* *Verf.*, a drunkard.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Shoe-m* to sole; 2) *fig. vulg.* einem den Hintern —, to whip one's breech.

Verfassen, *see* Verfunstlich.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to reconcile (mit, to, with), conciliate, propitiate (mit, to), *cf.* *Ausföhnen*, 1; 2) to propitiate, appease (one's anger); 3) († *cf.* *) to expiate, atone for; *fig.* —, *see* *Ausföhnen*, *Etz*; *v-b*, *p. a.* reconciliatory; conciliatory, propitiatory; expiatory.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *m.* reconciler; conciliator, propitiator, appeaser, mediator.

Verfassen, *I. adj.* reconcilable, placable, forgiving, propitiable, appeasable; conciliatory (measures, arbiters, &c.); II *Verf.*, (*w.*) *f.* reconcilableness, &c., placability.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) reconciliation; conciliation, propitiation; reconciliation (*Ausföhnen*, 1); 2) († *cf.* *) expiation, atonement; *Verf.*, *m.* *see* *Einlöb*, 1; *Verf.* (*or* *Verfassen*) *appt.*, *see* *Einlöb*; *Verf.*, *m.* expiatory death; *Verf.*, *n.* expiatory work, (Christ's) work of redemption.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a* to provide for, to take care of, to maintain, sustain; *feine Kinder* —, to settle one's children; *er ist ein Lebenslang* *verfassen*, he is made easy for life; *b* to take care of, to do (sein *Verf.*, one's business); 2) to supply, &c., *see* *Verf.*, 1, 2, *c*; *fig.* *neu* —, to lay in a fresh supply. — **Verfassen**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* provider, &c., preserver. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) providing (for), &c., maintenance, sustenance; supply (mit, of); 2) settlement, living; 3) place, situation.

Verfassen... in comp. — *anfall*, *f.* 1) or — *Stellen*, *m.* register-office, establishment for procuring work, places, engagements, &c.; 2) or — *haus*, *see* *Armenhaus*, hospital; 3) life-insurance company.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sort; 2) to assort.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to overstretch; 2) to hurt or spoil by stretching; 3) to harness wrong (horses).

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to spare, save, reserve; 2) to defer, delay, put off.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to joke away (time).

Verfassen, **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *tr.* to make late; to place late; to retard; *verpätet* *Post*, *Comm.* retarded or past-due protest; *verpätete* *Früchte*, late fruits; II *refl.*

to come too late, to be behind one's time, to stay behind, to tarry, loiter. [stop, delay.]

Verfassen, (*w.*) *f.* retardment, stay, **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *v. coll.* I. *tr.* to lose by speculation; II *refl.* to misspeculate.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to spoke (a wheel).

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut up into skewers (wood); 2) to skewer (sausages).

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to use as food; to eat up.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to distribute.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bar, barricade, stop, block, or shut up, obstruct; 2) *see* *Verfassen*. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) barring, &c., obstruction; blockade.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to spike (a ship).

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to lose at play, to be or come off a loser; *feint* *Sache* *und* *Gut* —, to gamble away one's all; 2) to spend at play (time); 3) to raffie for; *er hat* (et) *bei mir* *verfassen*, *fig.* he has lost my good graces.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Verfassen*.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* *Einpinnen*, 1, 2; 2) to pass in spinning (time); 3) to employ or consume in or with spinning.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cleave or split up; 2) *fig.* ein *Gut* —, to portion or lot out an estate.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to squander, dissipate, waste, to trifle away.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scoff, deride, mock, ridicule, abuse. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* a scoffing, derision, mockery.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *a* to promise; to give one's word; *b* to engage, bespeak (a place, &c.); *einer* *Verf.* (*Dat.*) *die* *Ehe* —, to promise to wed a person; 2) to be promising, to give promise (hopes), to bid fair; *ein* *jünger* *Mensch*, *der* *viel* *verfassen*, a very promising or hopeful youth; *fig.* (*Dat.*) *etwas* *von* ... —, to anticipate, expect (much, little, &c.) from, to place (great, little) hope upon ...; II *refl.* 1) to engage (one's self) (mit, to); *ich* *habe* *mich* *schon* *verfassen*, I am engaged already; 2) to make a mistake in speaking; *verfassen*, *p. a.* engaged: 1. (of persons) *see* *Verlobt*; 2. (of things) bespoken.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *n.*, **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) promise; einem *ein* — *abnehmen*, to make one give his promise; 2) betrothal (*Verlobung*).

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* *Verfassen*; 2) to drive away, to disperse, scatter; 3) *Ball* to strike (a billiard-ball) off the table.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* T. to prop, to provide with props; 2) to fill up (chinks and fissures); 3) to tilt, to cover with an awning (a wagon).

Verfassen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to sprain (*fig.* (*Dat.*) *den* *Fuß*, one's foot) by leaping.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spout away, squirt away; to spill, shed.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *pl.* **Verfassen** (*cf.* *m.* 1) +, promise, *see* *Verfassen*, 1; 2) *oboleasent*, betrothal (*Verlobung*); 2) *Law*, (judicial) sentence. [ing.]

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to consume in spoil. **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bang (up); 2) to shut up; 3) *Join.* to groove and tongue together. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) banging or shutting up; 2) *Join.*, &c. *a*) tongue-jointing; *b*) groove and tongue joint.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to perceive, feel; to become or be aware of, to experience; *übel* —, to resent. [strophe.]

Verfassen, (*str.*) *pl.* **Verfassen** (*cf.* *m.* stanza, **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) T. to channel, chamfer, cable (the flutes); to bead (a beam);

2) *Comm.* to furnish with astragals. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) T. chamfering, cabling, rudenture; 2) *Comm.* astragal.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to steel; to edge or point with steel. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) steeling, &c. [Stampfen, I.]

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to trample, *see* **Verfassen**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) understanding, intellect, mind; 2) sense, wit, intelligence, judgment; 3) sense, meaning; *der* *gesunde* (*natürliche*) —, good (common) sense; *den* — *verlieren*, vom *B-e* *kommen*, to lose one's senses or wits; *nicht* *bei* *B-e*, deranged in one's intellect, *coll.* out of one's wits; *den* *menschlichen* *B-e* *schär* *machen*, to bring within the range of human intellect; *feinen* — *zusammennähmen*, to have one's wits about one; *zu* *B-e* *kommen*, to arrive at the age of discretion; *wieder* *zu* *B-e* *kommen*, to recover one's senses; *mit* — *reden*, to speak good sense, to talk judiciously; *er* *lernt* *nichts* *mechanisch*, *sondern* *alles* *mit* *dem* *B-e*, he learns nothing by rote but every thing understandingly; *nach* *meinem* *geringen* *B-e*, in my humble opinion.

Verfassen... in comp. intellectual; mental; — *Begriff*, *m.* Log. idea; — *Geist*, *m.* 1) superior genius; 2) *cont.* wiseacre; — *fassen*, *m.* *ind.* head, anal. knowledge-box; — *fräfte*, *pl.* intellectual faculties; — *frast*, *f.* mental disease; — *met*, *m.* cold calculating man; intellectualist; — *ist* *et.*, *see* **Verfassen** *et.*; — *proceß*, *m.* mental process; — *schär*, *f.* acuteness of the understanding, penetration, sagacity; — *schwache*, *adj.* weak in mind; idiotic; — *schwäche*, *f.* weakness of mind; idiocy; — *störung*, *f.* derangement of mind or intellect, mental derangement; — *welt*, *f.* intellectual world; — *wesen*, *n.* intellectual being.

Verfassen, *adj.* sensible, intelligent, judicious, wise, prudent, sagacious; *des* *B-e* *Alter*, age of discretion.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Verfassen**; 2) to undecieve; 3) to inform (*liber* [*welt* *Acc.*], *off*); II *refl.* to come to or arrive at an understanding, arrangement, agreement, or explanation (with), to arrange (with). [*cf.* **Verfassen**; intelligence.]

Verfassen, (*w.*) *f.* sensibleness, &c., **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* agreement, explanation, arrangement, understanding.

Verfassen, *I. adj.* 1) *see* **Verfassen**; 2) intelligible, comprehensible; II *Verf.*, (*w.*) *f.* intelligibleness, intelligibility, perspicuity.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to render intelligible or comprehensible, to explain. — **Verfassen**, (*w.*) *f.* explanation.

Verfassen, *adj.* nonsensical; crazed.

Verfassen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) comprehension; intelligence, understanding; einem *das* — *einer* *Sache* *erschließen*, *see* **Verfassen**; 2) *a*) *see* **Verfassen**; *b*) terms of intercourse, mutual disposition; in einem *guten* *B-e* *mit* *einem* *leben*, to live on good or friendly terms, to agree well; — *innig*, *adj.* (looking at one, &c.) full of secret meaning.

Verfassen, *verfassen*, **Verfassen**, *adj.* full of sense, very intelligent, sagacious, prudent, wise.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fill with stench; 2) *oboleasent*, to bring into ill repute.

Verfassen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strengthen, make stronger, fortify; 2) to increase, reinforce; 3) *fig.* to render intense, to add intensity to; to increase; to corroborate; *einen* *Ballen* (*mit* *Böhlen*) *ballen* —, *Corp.* to sh a piece of timber; *verfärbte* *Ballen*, built beams; *die* *Farben* —, *Paint* to embody or thicken the colours; *Eisern* —, *Chem.* to concentrate acids; *den* *Lein* —, to swell the tenn.

Berhörfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) strengthening, *Ac. cf.* **Berhöfen**; 2) reinforcement; 3) corroboration; 4) *Chem.* concentration; 5) *Med.* epistaxis, paroxysm; 6) *T. a.* swell, swelling (of a column, *Ac.*); 7) (in *ber* Mitte; bei *Rafchinen*) centre-boss; *in comp.* **B-Heft**, *see* **Berhöfen** (*Heft*); **B-Strappe**, *p.* *Mech.* angled iron hoop; **B-Strapen**, *pl.* reinforcement(s); **B-Swert**, *n.* augmentative word.

Berhören, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) (+*Ac.*) *provinc.* *see* **Berhören**, *L.* 2) *Script.* to be hardened; *II. tr.* to benumb.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to permit, allow, grant, concede. [*son*]

Berhöfung, (*w.*) *f.* permission, concession.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *see* **Berhöfen**.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scatter like dust.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sprain, wrench; *jo-a.* er hat die Knie verhöft, he is drunk; er hat das Gehirn verhöft, he is crack-brained. — **Berhöfung**, (*w.*) *f.* a spraining, sprain.

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Berhöfen**, *L.* 2) *Mar.* *see* **Berhöfen**, *II.* 3, 5; 3) to adulterate or force (wine); 4) to stitch together, sew up, to patch, patch; 5) to break in tilting (a spear); 6) *Gam.* to use up (one's trumps).

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *m. & n.* 1) a) the (act of) hiding, concealing; b) (-*spiel*, *n.*) play at hide and seek; 3) place of concealment, hiding corner; lurking place, ambush.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to obstruct by putting something in the way; 2) to put in the wrong place; 3) *sein* Capital — *Comm.* to lock up one's capital; 3) to conceal, hide (*ver* (*with* *Dat.*), from; *II. ref.* 1) to hide one's self; *berhöft* liegen, to lurk; — *spielen*, to play at hide and seek; to play at bopeep; *Ag.* to play fast and loose, to palter (mit, with); 3) *Comm.* to overstock one's self; *berhöft*, *p. a.* 1. hidden; 2. indirect; 3. close, deep; reserved. [*linch-pin*].

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standing with; (*im Epiele*) to play booty; cinder —, to understand one another; 4) *bas* verhöft sich, that is to be supposed or understood; that is a matter of course, that goes without talking; *babel* verhöft sich also, daß ..., it being understood or supposed that ...; *die Preise* — sich frei hier, the prices are understood to be free to this place.

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *ref.* *see* **Berhöfen**.

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to climb or mount too high; 2) *Ag.* to fly high; to go too far; to lose one's self; *er verhöft sich in die Metaphysik*, he trenches upon metaphysics; to hoch verhöfte ich mich nicht, I don't take my flight so high; *berhöfen*, *p. a.* high-flown, turgid (speech).

Berhöfer, (*str.*) *m.* auctioneer.

Berhöfer, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to sell by auction, to put up or expose to public sale. — **Berhöferung**, (*w.*) *f.* auction, public sale; *zur* — bringen, to bring under or to the hammer, to submit to public competition, *cf.* **Berhöfer**; **B-Registrat**, *n.* auction-register; **B-Heft**, *f.* article or lot to be sold by auction.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) * *for* **Berhöfen**; 2) to mark with boundary stones.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to petrify: 1) to become stone; 2) *Ag.* to grow callous, obdurate, or hard; 3) to be struck with terror, astonishment; *II. tr.* to petrify: 1) a) to change to stone; b) to cover or incrustate with a stony coat; 2) *Ag.* to strike or transfix with terror, &c.

Berhöferung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) petrification; 2) petrified object, petrification.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to remove, transpose, displace; 2) a) to misplace, *see* **Berhöfen**, *I.* 3, a; b) to obstruct, *cf.* **Berhöfen**; 3) *Ag.* to disguise, disfigure, dissemble; *II. ref.* to disassemble, feign, disguise one's self. — **Berhöft**, *p. a.* feigned, affected, pretended, simulated. — **Berhöfung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) dissembling, &c., dissimulation, simulation, disguise; 2) dissimulation.

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to die, expire, decesso, to be extinguished or extinct; *verhöfen*, *p. a.* deceased, late; **Berhöfen**, *m. & f.* (*decl.* *like* *adj.*) defunct, deceased.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Mar.* to steer a wrong course; 2) to pay excise, impost, duty, or taxes for ...; *ich* habe Alles verhöft, I send every thing duty-free. [*Epicht*].

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fly away like dust, to disperse, scatter, to be gone, lost, or scattered. [*handle*].

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish with a **Berhöfen**, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to put out of tune, to mistune, untune; 2) *Ag.* to put out of humour; *berhöft*, *p. a.* out of tune; *Ag.* out of humour; *II. ref.* to get out of tune.

Berhöfung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting or (state of) being out of tune; 2) ill temper, ill-humour; uneasiness.

Berhöfen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) to rot (of eggs, &c.); 2) to cease to stink; *II. tr.* to stink (a room, &c.). [*up with snow*].

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cover or choke **Berhöfen**, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *tr.* & *ref.* to harden, obdurate, indurate; *II. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to rot, grow fusty, damp, mouldy.

Berhöft, *I. adj.* 1) hardened, obdurate; 2) damp, mouldy, fusty; *II. B-Heft*, **Berhöfung**, (*w.*) *f.* obduracy, induration.

Berhöfen, (*adj.* & *adv.* 1) (done) by stealth, secret, clandestine, furtive, *slang*, huggermugger; 2) thievish.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to flow away, along, &c. *see* **Berhöfen**, *I.* 1; *II. tr.* 1) to shed profusely, *see* **Berhöfen**, *I.* 1; 2) to drive (a vessel) from the right course.

Berhöfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to work (a shaft, a stalm) by shambles or steps.

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Berhöfen, (

Verküß'ren, (w.) v. tr. coll. to spend in studying. [mark.]

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. T. to jag, notch. **Verküß'mein**, (w.) v. tr. to mutilate, mangle, maim. — **Verküß'melung**, (w.) f. mutilation.

Verküß'men, (w.) a. intr. (aux. sein) to grow dumb or speechless; to be struck dumb or mute; (vor Nührung it.) to break down; jeder Mund muß —, every mouth must be stopped; — machen, to strike dumb or mute, to dumbfound.

Verküß'mung, (w.) f. loss of speech; sudden silence; *Med.* aphony. [ling.]

Verküß'ern, (w.) v. tr. to spoil by bung. **Verküß'ern**, (w.) v. tr. & intr. see **Verküß'men**.

Verküß'men, (w.) v. I. intr. (aux. haben) to cease raging, to exhaust one's rage; II. tr. to cast away (at sea).

Verküß'ern, (w.) v. tr. 1) to disperse by dashing down, to precipitate, &c.; 2) to obstruct by scattering heavy objects, see **Verküß'ten**; 3) see **Verküß'ern**; **verküßt**, p. a. coll. bent (on), &c. see **Verküß'en**, **Erpicht**; auf (with Acc.) **verküßt** sein, to make a desperate point of ...

Verküß'ern, (w.) v. tr. to cut short, to crop. **Verküß'**, (str.) m. experiment, trial, proof, attempt; **ein** — **machen** an ..., to make an experiment on ...; **ein** — **machen** mit ..., to make an attempt at ..., an essay, a trial with ...; to give ... a trial, try with ...; **um** **ein** — **zu** **machen**, by way of trial; er **machte** **kein** — **zu** **belästigen**, he made no offer of molestation; es **kommt** auf **ein** — **an**, it is but trying.

Verküß'behrer, (str.) m. Min. scooping-iron.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to try, prove, experience; to essay, to attempt; to offer; to endeavour; 2) to taste; 3) to tempt; **verküßt** es, try the experiment; ich **muß** es —, I must take or run my chance; es **mit** ... —, to try, give a trial to; sein **Aufseher** —, to do one's utmost; sein **Wille** im **Kriege** —, to try the chance of war; sein **Heil** —, sich **etwas** —, to try one's chance, to seek one's fortune; **Wille** — **um** **zu** ..., to make every effort to ...; **sein** **Kräfte** — **an** ..., to grapple with ...; an **ein** **Stelle** **herum** —, **cont.** to tamper with ...; II. **refl.** (with an & Dat.) to try one's skill, &c. on ... or one's hand at ...; er **hat** sich in der **Welt** **verküßt**, he has seen life or the world.

Verküß'er, (str.) m. 1) a) trier, &c.; b) *provinc.* see **Währungswelt**; 3) *Script.*, &c. tempter (**B-in**, [w.] f. temptress), enticer; devil.

Verküß'..., in comp. —frage, f. captious question; —jahr, n. see **Probejahr**; —lust, n. Min. essay-bore; —lustig, adj. fond of making trials or experiments; **B-landwirtschaft**, f. experimental farming; **B-Station**, m. Min. trial shaft; **B-Station**, f. station or place for instituting scientific experiments in agriculture; model-farm; **B-Schiff**, I. adv. by way of trial or experiment, experimentally; **B-Schiff** **nehmen**, to take on chance (an article in a shop, &c.); II. experimental, tentative.

Verküß'ung, (w.) f. 1) experiment, cf. **Prüfung**; 2) temptation, enticement; in — **gerathen**, to be tempted.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to soil, beamear.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. & intr. (aux. sein) 1) to turn into a marsh, to become marshy or boggy; **Ag-s.** 2) to stagnate; 3) to sink into moral depravity, to decline, &c. see **Verküß'en**, 3.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. **refl.** 1) to fall into sin; 2) to sin or offend (an with Dat.), against), to trespass, transgress. — **Verküß'**

bigung, (w.) f. the (act of) sinning, &c.; offence, trespass, sin.

Verküß'en, I. p. a. 1) sunk, &c. cf. **Verküß'ten**; 2) *Ag.* abandoned, low, immoral; II. **B-heit**, (w.) f. 1) decline, decay; 2) deep immorality, hopeless degradation, (moral) depravity.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) *Ag.* to become sweetish, to use sweet language.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. 1) to sweeten (up), *Chem.* to dulcify, adulterate; 2) to make too sweet; to over-sweeten. — **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. the (act of) sweetening, &c.

Verküß'eln, f. rage for scribbling verses.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to wainscot. — **Verküß'elung**, (w.) f. wainscoting.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to adjourn; to prorogue (parliament, &c.); sich —, to adjourn. — **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. adjournment; prorogation.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to spend in silly things; to toy, idle, fritter, or trifle away; 2) to miss (the right moment, &c.) by trifling away the time, &c.; II. **refl.** coll. for sich **Verküß'eln**.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to dance away, to spend with, or waste in dancing.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. see **Verküß'en**.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to exchange (eine **Stache** gegen eine andere, one thing for another); to change (die **Plätze**, places, &c.); to barter, truck; ein **Wort** mit einem andern —, to put one word for another; **Fründen** —, to permute livings; 2) see **Verküß'eln**, 2.

Verküß'ung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) exchanging, &c. cf. **Verküß'eln**; exchange (of one for another), permutation, interchange; 2) see **Verküß'eln**, 2; **beträglige** —, *Comm. Law*, barratary.

Verküß'eln, **Verküß'eln**, **Verküß'eln**, (w.) v. tr. to multiply a thousandfold.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to moor (a ship); **bern** und **hüten** —, to moor by the head and by the stern; gegen den **Ostwind** —, to moor for east; auf einer guten **Stelle** **verteut** liegen, to moor a fair birth.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. coll. 1) to diabolize; 2) to deny with profane asseverations; 3) *provinc.* to ruin, destroy; **verküß'eln**, p. a. coll. 1) devilish, damned, confounded; 2) cunning; ein **v-er** **Reiz**, a devil of a fellow.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. *Mar.* to build or lay the upperwork of (a ship). — **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. upperwork.

Verküß'en, (w.) v. tr. to tax.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to defend.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to defend, maintain, advocate, to stand up for; to defend, justify, to apologise for; ich **werde** mich **schon** **zu** — **wissen**, I shall know how to answer for myself (or how to fight my own battles).

Verküß'eln, (str.) m. defender, defendant, advocate; *Law*, defending barrister. — **Verküß'eln**, (w.) f. 1) defence (also *Law*); protection; 2) defence, justification, apology; 3) maintaining, support, advocacy; **jur** —, in defence or advocacy (of).

Verküß'eln, in comp. — **an** —, f. preparation of or for defence; — **Einigkeit**, n. defensive alliance; — **fähig**, adj. defensible; — **grund**, m. reason for defence, justification, justificative or justificatory reason; — **krieg**, m. defensive war; — **rede**, f. *Div.* apologetic art; — **tanz**, f. art of defence; — **linie**, f. *Fort.* line of defence.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to defend.

Verküß'eln, in comp. — **an** —, f. preparation of or for defence; — **Einigkeit**, n. defensive alliance; — **fähig**, adj. defensible; — **grund**, m. reason for defence, justification, justificative or justificatory reason; — **krieg**, m. defensive war; — **rede**, f. *Div.* apologetic art; — **tanz**, f. art of defence; — **linie**, f. *Fort.* line of defence.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to distribute, disburse, share, to parcel out, to apportion; divide, allot; to assign; to spread (over a surface); sich —, 1) to distribute itself; 2) to distribute or share wrongly; to forget one's self in sharing. — **Verküß'eln**, (str.) m. distributor, &c. — **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. distribution, &c.; eine **gleiche** —, *Comm.* a fair *pro rata*; eine **billige** or **gerechte** — der **Steuern**, an equitable or just apportionment or adjustment of taxes; **B-Schiff**, f. *Spinn.* carrier.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to enhance or raise the price of, to make dearer. [price (of).

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to enhance or raise the price of, to make dearer. [price (of). **Verküß'eln**, (w.) f. enhancement of the **Verküß'eln**, (w.) v. tr. (aux. sein) & tr. 1) to brutalise, imbrute; **intr.** to grow brutal; **tr.** to degrade to brutality; 2) to represent under the shape of an animal; **verküß'eln**, p. a. brute.

Verküß'eln, (str.) m. coll. spendthrift (**Verküß'eln**). — **Verküß'eln**, (str.) m. coll. prodigality. — **Verküß'eln**, (str.) m. coll. to use (up), see **Verküß'eln**; 2) to spend, lavish (**Verküß'eln**); 3) see **Verküß'eln**; 4) to give or lend away; etwas **hat** (**intr.**) or **ist** **verküß'eln**, there is an end of a thing; **Jemandem** **wenig** **zu** — **geben**, to keep one short of money.

* **Verküß'eln**, (str.) m. coll. vertical; — **Hammer**, m. *Mech.* stamping-hammer, stamper, steam-hammer; — **winde**, f. T. field-capstan.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to deepen, to make deeper; **verküß'eln**, T. deepened or sunk work; 2) *Paint.* to shadow (a picture); II. **refl.** to dive (in (with Acc.), into); **verküß'eln** sein, to be deeply or intently engaged (in eine **Stache**, with the study of ..., &c.); to be lost or rapt (in meditation), to be absorbed (in ...); in **Schulden** **verküß'eln**, over head and ears in debt; in **Unterhaltung**, **Rechnungen** &c. **verküß'eln**, deep in conversation, calculation, &c.

Verküß'eln, (str.) m. T. stamp, thimble. **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. 1) a deepening; excavation, hollow; recess; 2) *Archit.* break; 3) *Paint.* a) back-ground; b) pl. deepening shades of a picture.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to extirpate, exterminate; extinguish, destroy, to root or blot out, undo, annihilate; *loc.* to discuss (a bottle of wine, &c.). — **Verküß'eln**, (str.) m. extirpator, destroyer, &c. — **Verküß'ung**, (w.) f. extirpation, extermination, extinction, destruction; **B-Krieg**, m. war of extermination, exterminating or internecine war.

* **Verküß'eln**, (w.) v. tr. (Lat.) 1) to turn (over); 2) to translate.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. I. tr. to pass raging; to storm away; II. **intr.** (aux. sein & haben) to cease raging.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. 1) to spend in mad freaks; 2) to render mad.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. coll. I. tr. to lose by awkwardness; II. **intr.** (aux. sein) to grow awkward.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein & haben) to expire, to die away (of sounds).

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein & haben) to cease roaring.

Verküß'eln, (w.) v. tr. to trot away.

Verküß'eln, I. adj. 1) distorted, deformed; 2) *Ag.* odd, strange, queer, desperate; confounded, devilish; II. **B-heit**, (w.) f. oddity, queeriness, &c.

Bertrag, (*str.*, pl. *Berträge*) *m.* contract, agreement, convention, stipulation, treaty; bargain; *claus* — *schließen*, to contract or strike a bargain; —*schließen*, *m.* contractor.

Bertrag, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. 1* (l. u.) *a*) to carry away, *cf.* *Bertrügeln*; *b*) to misplace; *2*) to wear out, *cf.* *Abtragen*; *3*) *bertragen*, *p. a.* past wearing; *4*) to bear (fatigue, &c. *cf.* *Abhalten*, *5. a.*), suffer, brook, support, endure; to be impatient of; *ich kann die Mühe nicht* —, milk does not agree with me; *4*) to reconcile (with each other); to settle, to make up (differences); *II. tr. 1* to live upon certain (good or bad) terms with a person, to agree; *2*) to conciliate, accommodate; to become reconciled, to come to an agreement, to make it up; *ich nicht* —, to disagree; *3*) to be compatible or consistent (with), to agree; *diese Dinge* — *sich nicht mit einander*, these things are incompatible or inconsistent.

Bertrüglich, (*adj.*) *1*) or **Bertrüg** (*sam*), sociable, peaceable, friendly, not quarrelsome; accommodating, easy; *2*) *fig.* compatible, reconcilable, consistent; *II. B-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* sociableness, peaceableness, sociable disposition or humour, easy temper; compatibility.

Bertrüg, *...*, *in comp.* —*artifl.* —*punct.* *m.* article, term of agreement; —*müßig*, *I. adj.* conventional, stipulated, settled by agreement or by bargain; *II. adv.* according to agreement or treaty; —*müßigkeit*, *f.* conformity to a contract or treaty; —*schließen*, *m.* contractor; —*verbindlichkeit*, *f.* treaty-engagement; —*widrig*, (*adj.*) contrary to an agreement, a contract or treaty; —*widrigkeit*, *f.* contravention to an agreement, &c.

Bertrüg, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* to hum away.

Bertrauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*with Dat.* or *auf* [*cf.* *Acc.*]) to trust (to or in), to confide (in), rely (on, upon), to have or place confidence (in); *vertraue mir*, trust me; *II. tr.* (*Einem etw.*) *1*) to entrust, confide, *see* *Anvertrauen*; *ich Einem* —, to unbosom one's self to one; *2*) (*cf.* *provinc.* [*L. G.*]) to betroth.

Bertrauen, (*s.* (*str.*) *n.* trust, faith, confidence (*auf* [*with Acc.*], in), reliance (on); halbes — (*bei Eervertr.*), half confidence; im — *auf* [*with Acc.*], confiding, trusting in ... relying on in reliance on ...; ganz im —, quite confidentially; im — *gefest*, between us or ourselves.

Bertrauens, *...*, *in comp.* —*amt*, *n.* trust; —*mann*, *m.* —*person*, *f.* a person trusted with important affairs, one entrusted with the management of affairs, trustee; —*voll*, (*adj.*) full of confidence or trust, confiding, trusting —*vozum*, *n.* *Polit.* vote of confidence; —*würdig*, (*adj.*) worthy of confidence; *Comm.* *see* *Sollb*; —*zeichen und Reichzeichen*, *pl.* (*Seevertr.*) figures of confidence and navigation.

Bertrauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to pass in sorrow, to spend in mourning, to mourn away; *2*) (*Gölke*, *Tröst* in *Tränen*; *I. u.*) to cease to mourn for (a loss).

Bertrauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to cease dropping.

Bertrauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to consume in distilling or dropping.

Bertrauen, (*I. adj.*) confidential; familiar, intimate; *II. B-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* familiarity, intimacy, confidence; *eheliche B-en*, connubialities.

Bertrauen, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to dream away; *2*) to let slip by dreaming.

Bertrauen, (*I. adj.*) *1*) intimate, familiar, confidential, privy; *2*) conversant (mit, with), well versed (in); *nicht* — (*mit*), ignorant (of); —*machen*, to familiarise; —*sein* mit, to be on terms of intimacy with ...; *innig* — *sein*, to be hand and glove; *II. Bertrauen*, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) confident, confidential friend, intimate; *III. B-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* intimacy, familiarity.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* cabin, apartment (of a ship); —*brief*, *m.* letter of departure.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to drive away or forth from, disperse, dispel; to chase, expel, force away; to remove, dislodge, to turn out, to oust, eject, to shift (a disease) from one part (of the body) to another; *durch Hunger* —, to fast away (a disease); *Gewalt mit Gewalt* —, to repel force by force; *die Frucht* —, *obsolescent* for *Abreiben*, *I. 1, c*; *2*) to make to pass, to beguile (the time), to pass (away); *sich* (*Dat.*) *die Zeit* — *mit* ..., to amuse one's self (in reading, &c.); *3*) *Prov.* to make gradations, to shade (colours), *cf.* *Berbläuen*, *II. 3*; *4*) *Comm.* to dispose of, sell; *Einem den Fingel* —, *coll.* to cure one of wantonness, to tame down.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *m.* expeller.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) driving away, &c., expulsion; *unrathmäßige* —, *Law*, dissuade.

[by proxy or deputy.]

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. 1* (*cf.* *provinc.*) to injure by treading, *see* *Bertritt*; *2*) *sich* (*Dat.*) *den Fuß* —, or *vgl.* *sich* —, to sprain one's foot; *3*) *Einem den Weg* —, to stop one's passage, to obstruct by stepping in the way; *4*) *a*) to stand in the place of (another person), to appear for, to represent; *b*) to intercede for, to mediate; *c*) to defend, advocate; *Jeremias* *Untertritt* —, to look after one's interest; *II. vgl.* or *sich* (*Dat.*) *die Fäße* —, *coll.* to stretch or unfasten one's legs, *f. s.* to take exercise; *das* —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* *see* *Bertritt*.

Bertritt, (*str.*) *m.* *1*) representative, delegate, proxy; *2*) interceder, mediator, intercessor; *3*) advocate, defender, &c., champion.

Bertritt, (*w.*) *f.* *1*) the (act of) spraining one's foot, &c. *cf.* *Bertritt*; *2*) the (act of) appearing for, representation; *3*) intercession, mediation; advocacy, defence, protection.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *m.* sale, vent, market.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *f.* (*decl. like adj.*) exile, banished person.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *m.* condition of an exile.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* *see* *Bertritt*.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to spend, consume, or pass away in drinking, to drink up; *eine Raute* —, to give a night to the bottle; *ich muß Sorge tragen*, *daß sie ihn* (*den Eervertr.*) *nicht* —, I must take care they don't drink it up; *2*) to drink down (sorrow, &c.), to drown (one's cares) in wine, &c.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*aus. sein*) to dry up; to wither. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* a drying up, &c.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to hawk about, to sell out; *2*) to trifle, dawdle, fritter, or while away.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to drum away.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. & tr.* *see* *Bertrauen* & *Bertrauen*.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to cease dropping; —*lassen*, to hang out to dry (linen-cloths).

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to feed with hope, to give one fair hopes, to hold out hope to one, to amuse with promises, to put off from day to day, *coll.* to keep off and on; — *auf* (*with Acc.*) ..., to refer by way of consolation to ...; *er vertroßt mich auf das nächste Jahr*, he puts me off to next year.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *f.* the giving hope, promises, or fair words.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to trim; *bertriebene Gebälle*, *n. pl.* trimming joists, trimmers; *II. vgl. Gam.* to play out all one's trumps.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to spend in galloping about (time); *2*) to tumble, to knock about (things).

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to use up in dipping or steeping.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to colour with Indian ink; *2*) *fig. coll.* to hush up, smother, stifle.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*Einem etw.*) to blame (a person for), to take ill, amiss or in bad part (of a person); *Sie werden mir gewiß nicht* —, *weil ich Ihnen* (*schreibe*), I am sure you will approve my freedom in writing to you; *alle Welt würde es mir* —, *weil* ..., nobody would thank us for ...

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to commit, perpetrate, do, perform; *Bertrieb an Einem* —, to practise upon one.

Bertrieb, (*str.*) *m.* committer, perpetrator, *Bertrieb*, (*w.*) *f.* commission, perpetration.

[rise, detail.]

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to particularise; *Bertrieb*, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. & tr.* to debase, deteriorate; *II. vgl.* to deteriorate.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to dishonour, disgrace, defame.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to disunite, to set at variance; *II. vgl.* (*sich mit einander*) — to disagree, to fall out, quarrel. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* disunion, discord, division, disagreement, quarrel.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* *see* *Bertrieb*.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to derogate from, disparage, discredit, defame, detract, revile, calumniate, slander, asperse. — **Bertrieb**, (*str.*) *m.* disparager, defamer, &c. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* derogation, defamation, detraction, &c.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*aus. sein*) *1*) to become unfortunate; to meet with an accident; to (be) cast away; *gänzlich* —, to perish; to be lost; *2*) *fig.* to fail, miscarry, to prove abortive, to come to nought, to fall to the ground. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* *1*) (fatal) accident, casualty, &c.; accidental death; *2*) *fig.* miscarriage, failure.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to put out of favour; *II. vgl.* (*aus. sein*) to lose favour.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to annul, disannul, make void.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to profane, violate, desecrate. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* profanation, desecration.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to be at the charge of; *ich will nicht davon* —, I'll be at no cost for it.

Bertrieb, *p. a.* overgrown with weeds. **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *v. l. tr. 1* to soil, dirty, stain; *2*) to defile, pollute, contaminate; to infect, corrupt. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* *1*) the (act of) staining, &c. (act of) nuisance; *2*) defilement, pollution, contamination; *3*) infection, corruption.

[nigen, I.]

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* *see* *Bertrieb*.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to render shallow.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to disfigure, deform, deface. — **Bertrieb**, (*w.*) *f.* disfigurement, disfigurement, defacement; deformity.

Bertrieb, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* (*I. u.*) to render shallow.

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Verurtheilen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to doom, condemn, sentence; *jum Tode* —, to pass sentence of death upon, to condemn or sentence to death; *ein jum Tode Verurtheilter*, a man under sentence of death; *jum einer Geldstrafe* —, to fine; in *die Kerk* —, to condemn or mulct in the costs; *jum Tabe* —, to sentence (one) to be broken on the wheel. — **Verurtheilung**, (*w.*) *f.* condemnation (*jum Tode*, *jur Strafe*, to death, to punishment), doom, sentence, verdict. [*trn.*]

Vervielfachen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (l. *u.*) *see* **Verzählen**. — **Verzählen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to multiply; to diversify. — **Verzählung**, (*w.*) *f.* multiplication. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to quadruplicate. [*into fourths.*]

Verzweifeln [—*fir*—], (*w.*) *v. tr.* to divide. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to perfect, improve, to complete. — **Verzweifeln**, (*str.*) *m.* perfecter, &c. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* perfection, improvement; completion; *Befähigung*, **Verzweifeln**, *adj.* perfectible; *Befähigung*, *f.* perfectibility.

Verzweifeln, (*l. u.*) **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to (render) complete, integrate. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* completion; *jur* — *der Rabung*, to complete the cargo. [*theilen.*]

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Verzweifeln**. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spend walking or watching; to watch through; *sich* —, to injure one's health by watching.

Verzweifeln [*pr.* —*woz*—], (*str.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to be grown over or overgrown; 2) to grow together, to entwine one's self, coalesce; *es ist mit ihm* —, *fig.* it is a part (or it is part and parcel) of him; 3) to grow in a deformed manner; 4) to grow too much; *II. tr.* to outgrow; *III. refl.* *see* **Verzweifeln**. — **Verzweifeln**, (*p. a.*) 1) grown crooked; deformed; cross-grained (wood); 2) *Bol-slicht* —, coadunate; —*beutelig*, *adj.* syngene-sian; —*Mütterig*, *adj.* 1. gamophyllous; 2. gamopetalous. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* defective growth.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Verzweifeln**. — **Verzweifeln**, *in comp.* —*asse*, *see* **Depo-sitenkasse**; —*geld*, *n.* trust-money; —*gut*, *n.* property deposited; —*mittel*, *n.* **Verzweifeln**.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to keep, preserve (*vor* [*with Dat.*], *gegen*, *from*) to guard, se-cure; *sein Recht* —, to protect; *jum* — *geben*, *see* **Verzweifeln**; *vor Fruchtigkeit* *jum* —, to be kept dry, keep dry; *II. refl.* 1) to guard or provide (*vor* [*with Dat.*], *gegen*, *against*); 2) to protect; *besser verwahrt als besagt*, *proverb.* *anal.* safe bind, safe find (*Shap.* fast bind, fast find).

Verzweifeln, (*str.*) *m.* keeper, preserver; holder (of a bill); depositary.

Verzweifeln, *l. adj.* preservable; *II. adv.* in custody; —*niederlegen*, to deposit (*bei*, *with*); **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to neglect, in-jure by neglect, to spoil or ruin by inatten-tion or carelessness; *verwahrloßt*, *p. a.* aban-doned, unattended or ill-looked to; *das Feuer* —, to cause fire by neglect. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) spoiling, &c. by want of attention, neglect, careles-sness. [*de* **Verzweifeln**.]

Verzweifeln, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Verzweifeln**. — **Verzweifeln**, *adj.* *low*, fallen under the right of prescription, lost by prescription.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) custody, (safe-) keeping, preservation, guard, heed, care; in — (*Dat.*) *bei* ... under charge of ... 2) *fig.* protestation; *eine gerichtliche* —, a protesta-tion at law; — *einlegen*, to put in, enter pro-test or a remonstrance; in — (*Acc.*) *geben* (*bei*

Einem), to commit to one's keeping, to de-liver in trust or give in charge to one, to de-posit with one; in — (*Dat.*) *liegen*, to be de-posit; in — (*Acc.*) *nehmen*, to imprison; *in comp.* *B-Smittel*, *n.* preservative; *B-Sort*, *m.* depository; *B-Spähle*, *m.* *pl.* *T.* piles for securing the walls of a wharf.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to become an orphan; 2) to become desti-tute; 3) to be deserted; *verwaist*, *p. a.* orphan, bereft of parents, &c.; *II. tr.* († &) *, to (re-duce to the state of an) orphan.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to manage, con-duct, superintend, administer, carry on; *die Regierung* —, to govern, rule; *ein Amt* —, to exercise, fill, discharge, or hold an office; *jum* — *geben*, to commit to one's administration or management.

Verzweifeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) administrator; (manager); 2) managing-man, bailiff, steward (of a farm). [*list* or steward's wife.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *f.* administratrix; bai-ress. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) management, a carrying on; commission (of the estate of a bankrupt); 2) administration, superintend-ence; government.

Verzweifeln, *in comp.* —*ausfüß*, *m.* *see* —*rath*, 1; —*beamte*(*te*), *m.* administra-tive officer, functionary; —*behörde*, *f.* admini-stration; —*begirt*, *m.* jurisdiction; —*fach*, *n.* —*frei*, *m.* administrative department or branch; —*stellen*, *pl.* charges of management; —*maßregel*, *f.* administrative measure; —*rath*, *m.* 1) committee of management, officiating committee, board of directors or governors, council of administration; 2) counsellor of administration; —*sachen*, *f. pl.* —*wesen*, *n.* ad-ministration, affairs concerning management; —*zweig*, *m.* branch of administration, de-partment.

Verzweifeln, *l. adj.* transmutable, com-utable, convertible; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* trans-mutability, &c.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* to alter, change, turn (*aus* ... in [*with Acc.*], *from* ... into ...), to metamorphose, transform, transmute, transfigure; to convert; to turn (*into*, *to*); *der Hinfid des Gorgonenhauptes verwandelte den Beschauer in Stein*, the sight of the Gor-gon's head turned the beholder to stone; in *Äsche* —, to reduce to ash; in *Gläs* —, to convert into glass; *eine Strafe* —, to com-mute a punishment; *II. refl.* to change, turn, shift; to be changed, converted, to convert.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *f.* alteration, change; metamorphosis; transformation, *Nath.* (of equations, &c.); conversion, transmutation, transfiguration; *Law.* commutation; — *auf dem Theater*, scene, changing or shifting of scenes; *die* — *des g* in *k*, the change of *g* to *k*; *B-Spähle*, *f.* *Nat.* aurelia.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Min.* to line (a shaft) with poets.

Verzweifeln, *l. pp.* of **Verzweifeln**; mit *v-er* *Hand*, backhanded, with the back of the hand; *II. adj.* 1) *lit.* & *fig.* related, kin, allied (*mit*, *to*); *fig.* 2) *Nus.* related, relative (as to the keys); 3) kindred (languages, &c.); cognate (languages, significations, &c.); *nahe* —, *fig.* cousin-german (*to*); 4) congenial; *Chem.* affined.

Verzweifeln, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) re-lation, relative, kin, kinsman, kinswoman; *er ist mein nächster V-er*, he is my nearest re-lative or next of kin to me; *die B-n*, *pl.* rela-tions, kindred.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *f.* 1) relation, kin-dred, affinity, parentage; 2) *fig.* affinity (*also Chem.*), relation (*to*); congenialness, con-geniality.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make a relation of, to bring into kindred.

Verzweifeln, *in comp.* —*grad*, *m.* degree of kindred; *Chem.* —*kraft*, *f.* force of affinity; —*mittel*, *n.* intermediate; —*tafel*, *f.* table of affinity.

Verzweifeln, *adj.* 1) allied, con-genial, kinsmanlike; 2) relating to affinity.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to warn, fore-warn, admonish (*vor* [*with Dat.*], *of*), cau-tion (against), to give notice (of). — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* a warning, &c.

Verzweifeln, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume in or with washing; 2) to wash away; to wear out, waste by washing; 3) *Min.*, *Point.* to wash; 4) *fig. a)* *see* **Verzweifeln**, 2, b) *coll.* *see* **Verzweifeln**, 1, 3; *verwachen*, *p. a.* 1. worn out by or the worse for washing; 2. *coll.* *see* **Verzweifeln**, 1, *Katzenhaft*.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to water too much, to soak; 2) *fig.* to spoil: a) to frustrate, to render naught; b) to make watery, to di-lute, enfeeble; *verwässert* *Stil*, milk and water style. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) watering to excess, &c.; dilution.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to con-sume in or with weaving; 2) to cover with cobwebs (of spiders); 3) to interweave.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *f.* intertexture, inter-weaving.

Verzweifeln [*pr.* —*woz*—], *adj.* exhan-guable, convertible. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to exchange, *cf.* **Verzweifeln** & **Verzweifeln**, 1; 2) to change by mistake, (*times mit times*) to take one thing for another, to confound, mistake (things, &c.). — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) exchanging, &c. *see* **Verzweifeln**, 1; 2) *Nus.* change or mutation; 3) a mis-taking (one thing for another), confounding; mistake, confusion.

Verzweifeln, *l. adj.* († &) *: **Verzweifeln**, (*adv.*) 1) audacious, bold, daring, hardy, venturesome, venturesome, desperate, rash; 2) forward, presumptuous, insolent, impertinent, saucy; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) audacity, audaciousness, temerity, bold action, boldness, daringness, hardness; 2) presumptuousness, (pious) of insolence.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to blow or drive away; *Nar.* to drive from the right course; *der Wind hatte die Wolken verweht*, the wind had blown away the clouds; 2) to cover with snow, &c. (said of the wind); *II. intr.* (*aus. fein*) 1) to blow over; 2) *fig.* to die away. [*prohibit.*]

Verzweifeln, *adj.* that may be prohibited, **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to hinder (one from doing a thing), to keep (from), to bar, impede; to forbid, prohibit, interdict, deny, refuse.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) (*also intr.*) to offendinate; 2) *provinc.* to lose by marrying. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to offendinate, *cf.* **Verzweifeln**; *verweicht*, *p. a.* offendinate, dainty.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*aus. fein*) to steep or soak too much.

Verzweifeln, *adj.* deniable.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to deny, refuse; *Annahme* —, *Comm.* to decline or refuse acceptance, to disapprove. — **Verzweifeln**, (*w.*) *f.* denial, refusal; — *der Annahme*, refused (or non-)acceptance.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* & *refl.* to abide, stay, stop; to sojourn; *bei einem Gegenstande* —, to dwell upon a subject; *II. tr.* to delay, retard, stop, keep back; to detain, *das* —, (*str.*) *v. a.* stay, sojourn.

Verzweifeln, (*w.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to pass weep-ing; 2) to exhaust by weeping; 3) to weep away, to ease by tears; *verweint*, *p. a.* red with weeping; *II. refl.* to waste (away), to consume one's self or itself in tears.

Verzweifeln, (*str.*) *m.* (*from* **Verzweifeln**, *B.*)

rebuke, reprove, reprimand, check, reprehension, set-down; *see* wiggling.

A. Berueß'en, (str.) v. tr. (from Berueß'en, M.H.G. wieson) 1) to refer (einen auf eine Sache or ein case, Person, to); vor das Schwurgericht — to commit (for trial); 2) to banish, proscribe, relegate, exile, outlaw.

B. Berueß'en, (str.) v. tr. (more correct, but not usual, with §, being derived from M.H.G. wipen, to animadvert) (einen etwas) to rebuke (one for), reprove, reprimand, reprehend, chide, check, to upbraid, reprove (one with).

Berueß'lich, adj. (l. u.) reprehensible. **Berueß'lung, (u.) f.** 1) reference (auf with Acc.), to; — vor das Schwurgericht, *Law*, committal, commitment; 2) banishment, relegation, exile, proscription; 3) rebuke, cf. Berueß'en.

Berueß'en, (u.) v. tr. 1) to use up in whitewashing; 2) to whitewash badly.

Berueß'läuf(t)igen, (u.) v. tr. to spin out.

Berueß'en, (u.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to fade, wither, decay. — **Berueß'lich, adj.** liable to decay, perishable.

Berueß'lichen, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to secularise; 2) to make worldly; II. *intr. (aux. sein)* to become worldly. — **Berueß'lichung, (u.) f.** 1) secularisation; 2) the making or becoming worldly.

Berueß'bär, adj. available.

Berueß'en, (u. & irr.) v. l. tr. 1) to turn away, turn round; verwehrt Bogen, *Archit.* inverted arches; 2) *aus* Berueß'en, I. 3) a) to bestow, spend (auf with Acc.), upon; to employ (in), to put, apply (to), to set apart, appropriate (for); b) to invest (money, &c. in ...), to lay out (in); er hatte große Geldsummen auf das Unternehmen verueß't, he had expended large sums of money on the undertaking; c) to dispose of, spend (upon), to give (to); sein Auge von etwas —, to fix one's eye steadfastly upon; II. *refl.* to intercede (für, in behalf of, for), to make interest or use one's interest (for); (bei, with) sich verbliß —, to make useless intercessions.

Berueß'ung, (u.) f. 1) the (act of) turning away, &c.; inversion; 2) the (act of) bestowing (pains, &c.) upon; employment; application; appropriation; expenditure, &c.; wir haben dafür keine —, we have no use or occasion for it; 3) intercession, intervention.

Berueß'en, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) a) to throw; fling or cast aside, away; b) *fig.* to reject; to refuse, not to acknowledge; to disallow, disapprove, reprobate; repudiate; to spurn (away); to condemn; 2) to consume by throwing; 3) to throw in a wrong place or direction, to misplace; 4) to close or stop by throwing on; 5) *Typ.* to warp (a line); 6) *Mar.-s.* *see* Berueß'en; 2) den Verband —, to break joint; *Law-s.* als verueß'lich —, to challenge, to except against; eine Klage —, to dismiss a bill; eine Anklage —, to quash an indictment; II. *refl.* 1) to make a mistake in throwing or bowling; to throw wrong; to bowl wide; 2) *Gam.* to discard or to throw out wrong; 3) *Nim.* to take a heave, to leap; *Jwn. & Carp.* to warp (of wood); 4) *fig.* to deteriorate, cool, to go to the bad, *see* sich Berueß'lichen; III. *refl.* (of animals) to have an abortion, to produce prematurely, to cast; die v-de Klust, *Nim.* *see* Berueß'ung, 2.

Berueß'ter, (str.) m. rejector, &c.

Berueß'lich, I. adj. rejectable, objectionable, exceptable; reprehensible, blamable; II. *B.-frit, (u.) f.* exceptionableness, &c.

Berueß'ung, (u.) f. 1) a) the (act of) throwing aside, &c.; b) rejection; refusal; reprobation; condemnation; exception, &c. cf. Berueß'en, I. 1, b; 2) *Nim.* (Sprung, Wägen im Gebirge) fault, slip, throw (of the strata),

hitch, dyke; — in die Höhe, in die Tiefe, *see* Sprung (ins Fängende, ins Fingende); B.-Kluft, *f. slide*.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. to turn to good, better, &c. account; to liable or convert into money; to dispose of; to realise; sich gut — (lassen), to turn to good account. — **Berueß'tung, (u.) f.** the (act of) turning to account, &c.; realisation, sale.

Berueß'en, (u.) v. l. intr. (aux. sein) to corrupt, rot, moulder, putrify, decay, perish; II. *tr.* to administer, manage, conduct.

Berueß'ter, (str.) m. administrator, vicer; substitute, lieutenant; manager.

Berueß'lich, I. adj. liable to decay, corruptible, perishable; II. *B.-frit, (u.) f.* corruptibility, perishableness.

Berueß'ung, (u.) f. 1) decay, corruption, rotting, putrefaction; 2) administration.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. 1) to wager, to hazard on the issue of a wager, to lay, bet, cf. Betten; 2) to lose by betting.

Berueß'ter, adj. 1) spoiled by the weather, blasted; weather-beaten; 2) *coll.* damned, confounded.

Berueß'en, I. adj. last, past, by-gone, expired, former; II. *adv.* lately; die jüngst v-en Ereignisse, the latest events.

Berueß'en (pr. -wü-en), (u.) v. tr. 1) to consume in waging; 2) *coll.* for Berueß'enben & Durchdringen, which *see*.

Berueß'en, (u.) v. tr. lit. & fig. to involve; to entangle, implicate, complicate, embarrass; sich in etwas (Acc.) —, to entangle one's self, to embark or engage in a business; verueß't, p. a. 1) (bei einem Complot &c.) involved, interested, concerned; 2) complicated, intricate; er ist in das Complot v-t, he is complicated in the plot; er ist in das Complot nicht v-t, he stands clear of the plot.

Berueß'ung, (u.) f. involution; entanglement; implication, complication; complexity; intricacy; — in einem Schachspiel, intrigue, plot, knot; er wurde wegen seiner — in die letzte Verschwörung verueß't, he was banished on account of his connection with the late conspiracy.

Berueß'en, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to weigh; 2) to weigh out; to sell by weight; II. *refl.* to make a mistake in weighing.

Berueß'ense, m. f. (decl. like adj.) exille; proscrip (m. f.); outlaw.

Berueß'ern, Berueß'en, (u.) v. l. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to grow wild or savage; 2) *lit. & fig.* (of a garden, of children, &c.) to run wild; to run to wood (of trees); to become intractable, unruly; verwildert, p. a. wild, savage; intractable; II. *tr.* 1) to render wild or savage; to doevilise; to brutalise; 2) *Sport.* to give a wild or natural appearance to (a place).

Berueß'ern, (u.) f. 1) the (act or state of) growing (or running) wild; 2) wilderness.

Berueß'igen, (u.) v. tr. to allow, grant, *see* Bewilligen. — **Berueß'igung, (u.) f.** allowance, grant.

Berueß'mern, (u.) v. l. tr. to spend in whimpering or whining; II. *intr. (aux. sein)* to get knitted together or intertwined (of trees).

Berueß'en, (str.) v. tr. 1) to intertwist, interlace; 2) *fig.* to get the better of, to get over, overcome; to outgrow, recover (illments, &c.); nicht — können, to be still sensible of, to smart still for ...; er wird es nie — können, he will never recover (from) it.

Berueß'en, (u.) v. tr. see Berueß'mern, 1.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. 1) *Bak.* to consume in kneading, to knead up; *fig.-s.* 2) to forfeit, lose; 3) eine Strafe —, to incur a punishment; sie hatte die Todesstrafe verueß't, she had in-

curred the penalty of death; 4) †, to commit, perpetrate.

Berueß'lichen, (u.) v. tr. to realise. — **Berueß'lichung, (u.) f.** realisation.

Berueß'tung, (u.) f. forfeiture, forfeit.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. 1) to complicate, entangle, to make intricate, disorder, embroil; to dishevel (hair); 2) to puzzle, perplex, confound, distract, disconcert, embarrass, bewilder, distract, to put out of countenance, cf. Berueß'eln.

Berueß'ter, adj. 1) complicated, &c., complex, intricate; 2) puzzled, &c., cf. Berueß'ten, 2; confused; 3) wild, distracted, cf. Berueß'ten, 2; — machen, to confuse, &c., *see* Berueß'ten, 2; v-es or verueß'terter *Fig. Nim.* branchy or many ora.

Berueß'ung, (u.) f. 1) complication, entangling, &c. cf. Berueß'ten, 1; 2) confusion, intricacy, disorder; *coll.* hurry-burry; 3) disturbance, perplexity, embarrassment, bewilderment, distraction; — aufrichten, to lead to or cause confusion; in — setzen, 1. to complicate, 2. to confuse, to put out (a person), *see* Berueß'ten, 2; in — geraten, 1. to get entangled, disordered, &c. cf. Berueß'ten, 1; to get into disorder; 2. to get into confusion or embarrassment, to be puzzled, &c. [waste].

Berueß'ig'haften, (u.) v. tr. to dissipate. **Berueß'ig'bär, adj.** that may be blotted out, &c.; effaceable. — **Berueß'ig'en, (u.) v. tr.** 1) to wipe away; 2) *lit. & fig.* to blot out, efface, obliterate. — **Berueß'igung, (u.) f.** effacement, obliteration.

Berueß'ter'bar, adj. Chem. efflorescent.

Berueß'tern, (u.) v. l. intr. (aux. sein) to be dissolved or to be weather-beaten; to be decomposed or to decay by the weather, &c.; Chem. to effloresce; im Wasser verueß'tert, water-worn; II. *tr. Sport.* to furnish with a scented bait.

Berueß'tern, (u.) f. the (act of) decaying, decomposition, disintegration; decay; Chem. efflorescence.

Berueß'tet (s: Berueß'tet), p. a. widowed; die v-e Königin, the Queen Dowager; die v-e Erzogin, the Duchess Dowager, cf. Dowager; eine v-e Dame, a widow lady.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. intr. (aux. sein) to cease to wave or undulate. *see* Berueß'ten.

Berueß'ten, adj. audacious, desperate, &c., **Berueß'tel'ern, (u.) v. tr.** to render cheap or cheaper.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to accustom to bad habits, to spoil; *see* Berueß'teln; 2) to render over-naive, fastidious, &c.; verwüßt, p. a. spoiled; dainty; fastidious, over-naive; II. *refl.* to contract an ill habit, to spoil one's self. — **Berueß'ten'heit, (u.) f.** daintiness, fastidiousness. — **Berueß'tung, (u.) f.** 1) the bringing up to bad habits, spoiling; cf. Berueß'tel'ung; 2) *see* Berueß'ten'heit.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. to cast (of beasts). **Berueß'ten, I. adj.** reprobate, abandoned, abject, depraved; v-es *Fig. Nim.* many ore; II. *B.-frit, (u.) f.* abjectness, depravity, baseness, corruption; base action.

Berueß'ten, I. adj. confused, intricate; II. *B.-frit, (u.) f.* confusedness, &c., complexity, confusion, intricacy.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. tr. to spoil or disorder by rummaging.

Berueß'ter'bar, I. adj. 1) vulnerable; 2) *fig.* easily wounded, &c.; cf. Empfindlich, 2, b; II. *B.-frit, (u.) f.* vulnerability.

Berueß'ten, (u.) v. l. tr. 1) to wound, hurt; *fig.* also to sting; 2) *Nim.* *see* Erjög'ten; II. *intr. see* Krängen, II.

Berueß'tern, u. v. l. tr. to astonish, surprise, amaze, startle; cf. er nicht ge —, it is not astonishing, or to be wondered at; ein verwund'ter Blick, a look of wonder; II. *refl.*

to wonder, marvel (über *with Acc.*, at); to be surprised (at). — *Bewunderlich*, *Bewunderbar*, *adj.* wonderful, odd, strange.

Bewunderung, (*w.*) *f.* the (state of) wondering, wonder, admiration; in — *stehen*, to astonish, surprise, startle; *in comp.* *3-8* voll, *adj.* full of astonishment; *3-8* geistlich, *n.* *Gramm.* sign of admiration.

Bewunderlich, see *Bewunderbar*.

Bewundung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) wounding, hurting; 2) wound.

Bewünschen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to wish at a great distance; 2) to curse, imprecate, execrate; *beiwünscht*, *p. a.* cursed, damned, confounded, abominable; *die bewünschte Glotz!* coll. confound (hang) the ball! 3) to bewitch, charm, enchant, spellbind; *beiwünscht* (*provinc. & dial.*: *Bewunnen*), *p. a.* bewitched, *acc.*; spellbound; haunted.

Bewünschung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) cursing, *acc.*; curse, imprecation, execration; 2) incantation.

Bewundern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to play at dice for; 2) to lose at dice; 3) to pass in playing at dice.

Bewundern, see *Bewundern*. [too much.]

Bewundern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to season or spice *Bewunderbar*, *Bewunderlich*, *adj.* that may be laid waste, destructible. — *Bewundern*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to waste, lay waste, ruin, spoil, destroy, desolate, ravage. — *Bewundern*, (*str.*) *m.* waster, destroyer, spoiler. — *Bewunderung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) wasting, *acc.*, destruction, desolation, devastation, ruin, havoc.

Bewundern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cease raging.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to respond, despair (not very usual with an *& Dat.*), of ...; *cf.* *Bergweilen*; *Schiller*, *Wall*, *acc.*, to lose courage, to grow faint-hearted, to give way; in English nicht —, to bear up under adversity.

Bergan, *I. adj.* desponding, *acc.*, faint-hearted, discouraged, disheartened, dispirited, afraid, timorous, fearful, pusillanimous; — *medien*, to discourage, dishearten, dispirit; *II. 3-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* despondency, despair, faint-heartedness, timidity, cowardice.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to misreckon, misconceive.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to furnish or provide with teeth, to tooth, cog, indent, notch, jag; 2) *T.* to fix by serratures, to joggle; to dovetail; mit *versetzten* Ballen *periphr.* with indented courses; *bergante* Ballen, joggle-pieces or posts; *II. intr.* to finish toothking. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* *T.* a joggling, toothking, dovetailing; toothed wheel-work; *Harol*, catch.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pass in scolding.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *Corp.*, *Join.* to mortise, tenon, joint; 2) to tap out, to sell by the draught. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) mortising, *acc.*; 2) mortise-joint.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *fig. coll.* to be in torments, to despair, perish.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by too much tenderness, to pet, coddle, cooet, to render dainty. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) spoiling by too much tenderness, *acc.*

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enchant, bewitch, fascinate. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* enchantment, *acc.* [Eingewirren.]

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to hedge in, *cf.* *Bergan*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to carouse; 2) to spend in drinking.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to make or render tenfold, to decuple.

Bergan, *adj.* titiable.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tithe, to pay tithes for; 2) to levy a tithe on, to decimate. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* tithing, decimation.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to consume; 2) to spend, waste; viel —, to spend much;

II. refl. to be consumed or spent, to waste, spend; was habe ich *verzehrt*? what am I to pay?

Bergan, (*str.*) *m.*, *3-in*, (*w.*) *f.* consumption; *3-8* gegenstände, *m. pl.* provisions, victuals.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to misdraw; *verziehen*, *p. a.* out of drawing; 2) to write, pen, or minute down, to register, record, note, mark; 3) to specify; *stichtweise* —, to take an inventory or make a list, *acc.* of, *see* *Verzeichnis*, 1; zum *verzeichneten* Course, at the exchange quoted or noted; *II. refl.* to mistake in drawing.

Bergan, (*str.*) *m.* 1) list; schedule, inventory; catalogue; index, register; 2) specification, statement, designation; note, bill; — von *Bezugspreisen*, list of prices, *see* *Preis*, *curant*.

Berganung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) misdrawing, *acc.*, *cf.* *Verziehen*, 1; 2) record, list, *acc.*, *cf.* *Verzeichnis*, 1.

Bergan, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) †, sich eines Dinges —, to renounce, *see* *Verzichten* auf ...; 2) (Einem etwas) to pardon, forgive; to excuse; — *Es*! pardon me! I beg your pardon! dies *Mal* soll dir *verziehen* werden, you shall be pardoned for once. — *Berganlich*, *adj.* pardonable, excusable; venial. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* pardon, forgiving, forgiveness; Einen um — bitten, to beg one's pardon; ich bitte tausendmal um —, I beg a thousand pardons; um —! pardon or excuse me!

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to distort, *cf.* *Verzichten*, 2; *fig.* to caricature. — *Berganheit*, *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* distortion, contortion; *fig.* caricature.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to scatter, spill, drop, disperse; 2) to waste, dissipate, squander; 3) to mislay.

Bergan, *I. (str.) m.* 1) renunciation, resignation, act of disclaiming; 2) *Law*, quitclaim; — auf etwas (*Acc.*) thun or *reiben*, or *Bergan*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to renounce, resign, waive, relinquish, quit, to give over, forego; to decline; to dispense with, to divest one's self of (one's) right, *acc.*; *II. in comp.* —*th*, *m.* oath of renunciation; —*leistung*, *m. & f. (decl. like adj.)* resigner; —*leistung*, *f.* renunciation, renouncement, abandonment, disclaimer.

Bergan, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to draw wrong or false; 2) *a)* to warp (timber, *acc.*); *b)* to distort, wrest, wry, screw; den Mund —, to screw (up) the mouth, to make a wry mouth; das Gesicht —, to make wry faces, to mop; er *verzog* seine *Stimme*, his countenance remained unaltered; 3) *a)* to misdraw, *see* *Verzichten*, 1, 1; *b)* to flourish (letters, *acc.*); 4) to miseducate, spoil (a child); 5) to delay, protract; 6) *Min.* to measure (a mine); *II. refl.* 1) to get out of shape; (of timber) to be warped, to warp; 2) *Gam.* to move wrong (at chess, *acc.*); 3) to draw away, to withdraw; 4) to dissolve; to be dispersed, to dissipate, to disappear; to clear or pass away (of clouds, *acc.*); to give way (of tones); 5) to be protracted or delayed, to drag on; *III. intr.* 1) to stay, delay; to pause; 2) to remove.

Berganung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) drawing in a wrong direction, *acc.*, *cf.* *Verzichten*; distortion, *acc.*; delay, protraction.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to miss one's aim.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to decorate, adorn, ornament, embellish; *bergiert*, *p. a.* ornamental; *bergiert* Contrapunct, *Mus.* figurate counter-point. — *Bergan*, (*str.*) *m.* decorator, ornamentor. — *Berganhaus*, *n.* (Toh.) *T.* tin-shop. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) decoration, ornament, set-off; ornamentation; *pl. Arch.* dressing; mit *3-en*, ornamental; ohne *3-en*, plain; 2) *Mus.* embellish-

ment, gracing, variation; grace-note; *3-8* arbeiten, *f. pl. T.* enrichments; *3-Smalet*, *m.* decorator, ornamental painter; *3-Straß*, *m.* *Typ.* ornamental or display-rule.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to write in cipher, to cipher; 2) *see* *Bergan*.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to furnish (a place) with the necessary timber, (*Min.*) to timber (a shaft); to plank (a gallery); *Mar.* to repair (a ship).

Berganung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) providing with timber, *acc.*; 2) *Min.* stages, scaffolds.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sink; to galvanize (iron); 2) *Corp.*, *acc.* to dovetail (boards).

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tin (over); *Bergan*, (*str.*) *m.* tinner; *Bergan*, (*str.*) *m.* soldering iron; *Bergan*, *m.* tinning or blanching pot. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) tinning; a coat of tin.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to pay interest for ...; *refl.* to yield interest; es *berzinst* sich zu 6%, it yields or bears an interest of 6 per cent. — *Berganlich*, *adj.* bearing interest; — *anlegen*, — *auslegen*, to put out to interest, to invest. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* the paying interest for ...

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cease hissing.

Bergan, (*str.*) *m.* retarder, *acc.* — *Bergan*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to retard, delay, defer, put off, to protract, procrastinate; der Tag *verögerte* sich lange, the day was long in coming. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* retardation, delay, protraction.

Bergan, *adj.* excisable, liable to toll or duty. — *Bergan*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pay toll, custom, or duty for a thing; sie *sind* noch nicht *bezahlt*, they have not yet paid duty; *bezahlt*, *pp. Comm.* all duty paid, long price. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) paying custom or duty, clearance.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scatter, waste.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to contract, convalue. [to fill with rapture]

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to enrapture, ravish, *Bergan*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sugar over; 2) to sugar too much.

Bergan, *I. adj.* enraptured, in raptures, in ecstacy; *II. 3-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* ecstacy.

Berganung, (*w.*) *f.* convulsion; *3-en* bekommen, to fall into convulsions.

Berganung, (*w.*) *f.* rapture, ecstacy; *Med.* delirium.

Bergan, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bergan*) *m.* 1) delay; stay; 2) pet, darling; *3-8*gen, *pl.* interest of retardment, forbearance-money, interest *Berganlich*, *adj.* dilatory. [for delay.]

Bergan, *adj.* *provinc. coll.* *see* *Bergan*, *perlich*. [ad; 2] *see* *Bergan*.

Bergan, *adj. coll.* 1) devilish, confound-*Berganung*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to distort, writh-*we*, *inacc. coll.* for *Bergan*.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to despair (an *with Dat.*), of, despond. — *Bergan*, *I. p. a.* desperate; hopeless; *II. adv.* desperately, *coll.* with a vengeance. — *Bergan*, *m. & f. (decl. like adj.)* desperate person. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* despair, desperation (an *with Dat.*), of, über *with Acc.*, at; despondency, desperateness; *jur.* — bringen, to drive to despair; *3-Svoll*, *adj.* full of despair.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to ramify, branch out, to divide (*refl.* to shoot out) into branches; weit *bergan*, *adj.* widely extended; weit *bergan*es *Flussgebiet*, spreading network of rivers. — *Berganung*, (*w.*) *f.* ramification.

Bergan, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. (ein)*) to be dwarfed, to grow stunted or dwarfish.

Bergwirth, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pluck away, clip; 2) *find.* to lop off the suckers of (vines); 3) to clench, rivet; to hood (nails, &c.); 4) *has.* to fill up (joints, a wall) with garretting; 5) *fig.* see **Berwirth**, 1. **Berwirth**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to double.

Bergwirth, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to double.

Bergwirth, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to entangle in quarrels, &c., see **Entwischen**.

Berger, (*w.*) *f.* 1) —(zeit, *f.*) afternoon; evening; 2) *Eccl.* vespers, evening prayers or service; 3) *die Heilandsfeste* —, *Heil.* Sicilian Vespers; *in comp.* —fest, —mahl, *n.*, —tag, *f.* afternoon's luncheon; —gessen, *m.* evening or vesper-hymn; —glocke, *f.* evening(-)bell; —prebist, *f.* afternoon-sermon; —schütte, *f.* slice of bread for one's evening meal.

Berger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* coll. to eat one's afternoon's luncheon or collation.

† **Berger**, *see* *see*, *see* *see*, *see* *see*.

Berghaus, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Rom. Archæol.* Vestal; 2) *loc. a.* courtesan; 3) cook.

Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Geogr.* (mount) Vesuvius.

Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* Vesuvian, idocrase.

Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* Vesuvian, idocrase.

Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* Vesuvian, idocrase.

Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* Vesuvian, idocrase.

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Berghaus, (*str.*) *m.* *Miner.* Vesuvian, idocrase.

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Bier, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a kind of bird-call; 2) see **Steinfang**.

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—götterei, *f.* polytheism, plurality of gods; —griffels, *adj.* *Bot.* surmounted with many styles; —gütlig, *adj.* of great value, much esteemed; —gut, *n.* *Bot.* small wild parsley, small mountain parsley, see *Grünheil*, 1; —hutmig, *adj.* *Bot.* many-stocked, many-rooded. **Vie**heit, (*w.*) *f.* plurality, multiplicity; multitudo.

Viel..., *in comp.* —herrig, *adj.* many-mastered; —herrschast, *f.* poly(g)archy, poly-cracy; —hüfer, *m.* *Zool.* a multungulate animal (*Dichthylis*); —hüßig, *adj.* multisituous; —jähig, *adj.* having many years, of many years (*Dauer*, standing); —jähig, *adj.* *Bot.* multicapsular; —kernig, *adj.* having many pips, seeds, stones; —kappig, *adj.* many-valved; —kopf, *m.* many-headed animal; *Joc.* the public; —köpfig, *adj.* many-headed; *Bot.* multicapsular; —köpfige Vinde, *f.* *Surg.* many-tailed bandage; —körnig, *adj.* having many grains; *Anat.* conglomerate; —kappig, *adj.* *Bot.* multilobate.

Vielschäft, *adv.* perhaps, may-be, may, peradventure, by chance, possibly, *cf.* *Etwa*, 3 & *Zufällig*, II.

Viel..., *in comp.* —leßchen, *n.* *Joc.* philopona; —linig, *adj.* multilinear; —löcherig, *adj.* multicaucus; —mal, —malig, *adv.* many times, frequently, often; —mäßig, *adj.* often repeated, reiterated; —männlich, *f.* *Bot.* polyandry; —männlich, *adj.* polyandrian [*conv.* rather. *Vie*lmehr, 1. *adv.* more, much more; II. **Vie**l..., *in comp.* —namig, *adj.* having many names; —nützig, *adj.* very useful; —ortig, *adj.* *T.* polycameratic (clock); —parig, *adj.* *Bot.* multijugous; —reben, *adj.* multiloquous, multiloquent, loquacious; —reberel, *f.* polylogy, see *Gesamtheit*; —reißig, *adj.* *Bot.* multicausal; —sagenb, *adv.* expressive, significant, comprehensive; important; —samig, *adj.* *Bot.* many-seeded, polyspermous; —seitig, *adj.* many-stringed; —seitiges Instrument, polychor; —säulig, *adj.* having many columns; —säuliges Gebäude, *Archit.* polystyle; —schalig, *adj.* *Conch.* multivalve; —schetig, *adj.* having many pods; —schreiber, *m.* copious author, writer of many books, polygraph; *Con.* scribbler; —schreiberel, *f.* polygraphy, excessive writing; pen- or quill-driving, book-making, scribbling; —seit, *n.* *Geom.* polyhedron; —seitig, *adj.* 1) many-sided, multilateral; 2) *fig.* many-sided, versatile; varied (acquirements, &c.); ein Mann von —seitigen Kenntnissen, a man of general knowledge; —seitiger Körper, polyedrical or polyhedrous figure, polyhedron; —seitiger Stengel, *Bot.* polygonous stalk; —seitigheit, *f.* 1) many-sidedness; 2) versatility (of talent, &c.); —seitiges Glas, *Phys.* polyopton; *Gram.-s.* —seitig, *adj.* polysyllabic; ein —seitiges Wort or —seitler, *m.* a polysyllable; —seutig, *adj.* see —beutig; —seitig, *adj.* *Bot.* multilobous, many-cleft; —sprachig, *adj.* many-languaged (country, &c.); polyglot (bible, dictionary); —steinig, *adj.* see —fermig; —stengig, —stielig, *adj.* many-stalked, multicaulous; —stimmig, *adj.* *Mus.* of or for many voices; —stüßig, *adj.* in a high degree active; —theilig, *adj.* of many parts; many-parted; multipartite; —theilige Größe, multinomial or polynomial quantity; —theuer, *f.* *cont.* bustling or meddling disposition; —tönig, *adj.* having many sounds, many-toned, multisonous; —turmig, *adj.* very powerful, multipotent; —turmigheit, *f.* great power; —versprechend, *adj.* promising, hopeful; —weiber, *m.* polygamist; —weiberel, *f.* polygamy, plurality of wives; —weilig, *adj.* *Bot.* polygynous; —winklig, *adj.* see —edig; —wissen, *n.* polymathy; —wissen, *adj.* knowing much; acquainted with many arts and sciences; —wisser, *m.* polyhistor; *cont.* sciolist;

—wisserel, *f.* polymathy; —wörtig, *adj.* see *Wörterel*; —zahl, *f.* *Gramm.* plural; —zählig, *adj.* *Bot.* polymorous; —zählig, *adj.* many-pronged; —zählig, *adj.* *Phys.* polysonal; —zählig, *adj.* many-tongued; polyglot; —zweilig, *adj.* see —äftig.

Vier, 1. *adj.* four; *coll.-s.* auf allen *Vier*en kriechen, to creep or crawl along on all fours; alle *Vier*e von sich strecken, to lie sprawling upon the ground; mit *Vier*en fahren, 1) to drive in a coach and four; 2) to drive four in hand; II. *s.* (also *Vier*e) (*w.*) *f.* four (at cards and dice), cater; quart.

Vier..., *in comp.* —ären, —arten, *v. tr.* *Ag.* to plough the fourth time, to give the fourth ploughing or dressing; —auge, *n.* 1) *Ichth.* species of mudfish (*Anableps tetraphthalmus* Bloch); 2) *Zool.* opossum (*Didelphys opossum* L.); —äugler, *m.* see —auge, 1 & 2; —beinig, *adj.* having four legs, four-footed; —binig, *adj.* (vom Röper) see —schäftig; —blatt, *n.* 1) *provinc.* see *Einbett*; 2) *Archit.* quatrifol; —blättrig, *adj.* *Bot.* 1) four-leaved (also *Joia*); 2) quadriphyllous, tetrapetalous; —blumig, *adj.* *Bot.* quadriflorous; —boßig, *adj.* *T.* four inches and a half in diameter (said of pipes); —bunt, *m.*, —bündig, *n.* quadruple alliance.

Vierschen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Vier*) see *Vierling*, 2. [*Ac.*] *cf.* farthing.

† **Vier**sching, (*str.*) *n.* fourth (of a mark. **Vier**..., *in comp.* —brust, *m.* a coarse woollen stuff woven of four-threaded yarn; —brüstig, *adj.* of four threads, four-threaded; —eck, *n.* 1) *Geom.* quadrata, square, quadrangle; *Mat.* square; gleichläufiges, längliches —eck, parallelogram; rechtwinkliges —eck, rectangle; gleichbereites —eck, rhomb, lozenge; 2) *Ichth.* *a.* see *Eibutte*; *b.* square-fish, trunkfish (—horn); —eck, *v. tr.* to square; —edig, *adj.* quadrangular, quadrata, square, squared, of a square form, four-cornered, *coll.* four-square (broaches, &c.); die —edige Seite, arm-file, rubber; —edig gewundene Schraube, *f.* *Mach.* square-threaded screw; —edige, *adj.* *Mil.* redoubt; —eisen, *n.* *T.* mortise-chisel. **Vier**en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to square; *Harald*, to quarter; *Mar.-s.* 2) to overhaul; 3) to veer, to ease away or off; to pay away (or out) the cable. **Vier**er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Arith.* fourth, four; 2) thing consisting of four parts, *cf.* also *Vierpfenniger*. [*sorts.*

Viererel, (*ind.*) (of) four (different) **Vier**..., *in comp.* —fach, —fältig, *adj.* four-fold, quadruple; —fächerig, *adj.* *Bot.* quadrilobular, four-celled; —fältig, *adj.* (vom Röper) see —schäftig; —flach, *n.* *Geom.* tetrahedron; —flächig, *adj.* *Geom.* & *Bot.* tetrahedral; —flügelig, *adj.* four-winged, tetrapterous; —flügelstühr, *f.* *Joia* four-panelled door; —füßig, *m.* tetrarch; —füßentum, *n.* tetrachate; —füßig, *adj.* 1) quadruped, four-footed; 2) *An.* *Pod.* four-measured, consisting of four feet; —füßige Thiere, (—füßer, *m.*) *pl.* quadrupeds; *Mus.-s.* —gesang, *m.* song of four voices, quartet; —gestrichen, *adj.* four-tailed (note); —gestrichenes *F.* *F.* of the sixth octave; ein Clavier mit —gestrichentem *F.*, a six-octaved piano; —gleberig, *adj.* *Algeb.* quadrinomial; —händige Thiere, *n.* (—händer, *m.*) *pl.* quadrumanus; —händige Tonist, *n.* piece for four hands, duet on a piano or on two pianos; —hängig, *adj.* *Arch.* hipped (roof); —heber, *m.* *T.* four-armed lever; —herr, *m.* one of a board or commission which consists of four members; —herrschast, *f.* tetrarchy; —herrschet, *m.* tetrarch; —jähig, *adj.* quadrennial, comprising four years; four years old; —jährlisch, *adj.* & *adv.* (occurring, &c.) once in four years, quadrennial(ly), every four years; —lant, *n.* square; —lantig, *adj.* see —edig; —lantstäb, *m.* *Comm.* square wire; *Bot.-s.*

—lapelig, *adj.* quadricapsular; —kernig, *adj.* four-kernelled; —kappig, *adj.* four-valved, quadrivalved; —kannig, *adj.* *Nat.* four-clawed, four-toed, quadriscutate, quadrangular; —käftig, *adj.* yielding in thickness four logs of wood (tree); —köpfige Vinde, *f.* *Surg.* four-tailed bandage; —kappig, *adj.* 1) *Arch.* four-cusped; 2) *Bot.* quadrilobate, quadrilobed (leaf); —kürter, *m.* *Mar.* trussackle, tackle composed of two double-blocks.

Vierling, (*str.*) *m.* 1) fourth part; 2) a German copper coin amounting to four Pfennige; groat; 3) one of a quadruple birth, four-twin-child; 4) see *Strünweg*.

Vier..., *in comp.* —mäßig, *adj.* *Bot.* tetradynamous; —mal, *adv.* four times; —mäßig, *adj.* four times repeated; —mann, *m.* see —herr; —männig, männlicher, *adj.* *Bot.* tetrandrian, tetrandrous; —maß, *n.* cubic measure; —monatlich, *adj.* of four months; lasting four months, every fourth month; —namig, see —glicberig; —nastig, *adj.* see —kappig, 1; —ortig, see —edig; —pearig, *adj.* *Bot.* quadrjugate; —pfenniger, *m.* (formerly) a German copper-coin consisting of four Pfennige; —pfänder, *m.* *Comm.* four-pounder; —pfündig, *adj.* of four pounds; —rüberig, *adj.* four-wheeled; —rüberreißig, *m.* vinegar of four thieves; —reißig, *adj.* four-rowed; *Bot.* quadriflorous; —rippig, *adj.* four-ribbed; *Bot.* quadrinervous, four-nerved; —rüberig, *adj.* with four benches of oars or rowers; —rüberiges Schiff (—rüberer, *m.*); —seitig, *adj.* four-stringed; —seitiges Instrument, tetrachord; —samig, *adj.* *Bot.* tetraspermous; —säulig, *adj.* *Archit.* of or with four columns; —säuliger Tempel, tetrastyle; —schäftig, *adj.* *T.* made with (consisting of) four strands; —schäftiger Röper, four-leaved twill; ein —schäftiges Tau, a four-strand rope; —schänker, *m.* *Husd.* sheep two years old; —schütig, *adj.* square (—built), robust; strong; *coll.* strapping; —seit, *n.*, —seitig, *adj.* quadrilateral; —seitigkeit, *f.* quadrilaterality; —sig, *adj.* furnished with four seats, holding four persons; —spaltig, *adj.* split into four, quadrifid; *Typ.* in four columns; —spänner, *m.* 1) peasant who has a team of four horses; 2) carriage or wagon with four (horses); —spanig, *adj.* four spans large; —spannig, *adj.* drawn by four horses; —spannig fahren, 1) to drive with four; 2) to drive four in hand; —spiel, —stiel, *n.* *Mus.* quartet; —stüßig, *adj.* furnished with four points; —stimmig, *adj.* *Mus.* for four voices or parts; —stündig, *adj.* with four stories; —stündig, *adj.* of four hours; —stüßig, *adj.* quadrisyllabic; ein —stüßiges Wort, a quadrisyllable; —tägig, *adj.* of four days; (occurring) every fourth day; das —tägige Fieber, *Nat.* the quartan ague.

Vierte, *adj.* fourth; zum *Vier*ten, *n.* see *Vier*ten; —halb, *adj.* three and a half.

Viertel [*pr.* *St'*tel], (*str.*) *n.* fourth part, quarter; *Mus.* crotchet; — einer Stadt, ward, quarter; ein — auf sechs, a quarter past five; drei — auf sechs, a quarter to (or before) six, three quarters past five; drei — Meilen, three quarters of a mile; das erste — des Mondes, prime of the moon; das letzte —, wane of the moon; der Mond tritt in ein neues —, the moon quarters.

Viertel [*pr.* *St'*tel] ..., *in comp.* —ader, *f.* *Anat.* hepatic vein or artery; —bauer, *m.* *provinc.* small farmer; —bogen, *m.* quarter of a sheet; —bupfirt, —geboepfirt, *adj.* *T.* subquadruple; —elle, *f.* quarter of a yard; —faß, *n.* firkin; —form, —größe, *f.* quarto; —(s)herr, *m.* *provinc.* alderman of a ward; —höfliche, *f.* *Archit.* congo; —jahr, *n.* quarter (of the year); —jähig, *adj.* of three months; die —jähigen Gerichtsungen, quarter sessions; —jährlisch, *adj.* & *adv.* by the quarter;

* **Vocal**, I. (or **Vocalis**) *adj.* vocal, relating to voice or to vowels; vocalic; II. (*str.*) *n.* *Gramm.* vowel; III. *in comp.* -concert, *n.* vocal concert; -musfel, *f.* vocal music. - **Vocalis**'ren, (*u.*) *v. i.* fr. to vocalise; II. (*str.*) 1) *Mus.* to solfa; 2) *Hebr. Gramm.* to point. * **Vocation**, (*u.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) vocation (*Vocufung*, 1, b). - **Vocativ**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Gramm.* vocative (*Ruffall*); 2) or **Vocativus**, *coll.* a sly or cunning fellow, a knowing one. - **Voc'ren**, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to call (*Verufen*). **Vogel**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Vögel**) *m.* 1) bird, fowl; 2) *Sport.* a) falcon, hawk; b) *Höfner* - *popinjay*, shawfowl; *halsbüßiger* - *mule bird*; 3) *Wasp*, driver, pecker; 4) *coll.* bird, fellow; ein *leichtsüßiger* - a gay or easy fellow or girl; a peevish fellow; a wag, ein *locher* - a loose fish; **Vogel** unter *guck* haben, *fig.* to carry birds in one's hat; *früß*, **Vogel**, oder *früß*, *proverb*, anal. pay or play. **Vogel**..., *in comp.* -**adbrud**, *m.* *Petr.* ornithopolite; -**ambser**, *m.* white ambergris; -**artig**, *adj.* bird-like; -**auge**, *n.* bird's eye (*also* *Bot.*); -**bauer**, *m.* & *n.* bird-cage; -**berre**, *f.* sorb, sorb-apple, service-berry; -**beerbaum**, *m.* 1) (fowler's) service-tree, European mountain-ash, roan-tree (*Sorbus aucuparia* L.); 2) common bird-cherry tree (-*frucht*); -**berfrüß**, *f.* *Chem.* sorbic acid; -**beige**, *f.* the (practice of) hawking, *cf.* -*jagd*. **Vögelchen**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Vogel**); **Vöglein**, *see* **Vögelchen** little bird. **Vögel**..., *in comp.* -**beuter**, *m.* augur, *see* **Vogel**; -**beutel**, *f.* ornithomaney; -**baum**, *m.* small-shot, bird-shot, dust-shot; -**erbe**, *f.* *see* -*wide*; -**esche**, *f.* *see* -*beerbaum*; 1) -*fall*, *m.* *Ornith.* sparrow-hawk (*Speyer*, 1); *Sport.* -*fang*, *m.* the (act of) bird-catching, fowling, birding; (*näpflinger*) bat-fowling; -**fänger**, *m.* bird-catcher, fowler, birdman; -**finte**, *f.* fowling-piece, birding-piece; -**flüß**, *f.* bird-call; -**flug**, *m.* flight of birds; -**frei**, *adj.* outlaid; unprotected; *flögt* zu! der *Rei* ist -*frei* (*Gölke*, Faust I.) thrust home! the knave is fair game; *flü* -*frei* erklären, to outlaw; -**freie**, *n.* outlaw; -**fuß**, *m.* *Bot.* bird's-foot (*Ornithopsis* L.); -**futter**, *n.* food for the birds, bird-meat, bird-seed; -**garn**, *n.* fowler's net; -**geier**, *m.* *Ornith.* crested vulture (*Sarcophagus* Dum.); -**gefang**, *m.* singing of birds; -**geschicht**, *n.* genus of birds; -**geschrei**, *n.* cry of birds; -**gras**, *m.* *coll.* chickweed (-*krant*, 1); -**händler**, *m.* bird-seller; poulterer; -**haus**, *n.* aviary; bird-cage; -**heide**, *f.* 1) breeding time of birds; 2) place where birds are made to breed, breeding-cage; aviary; eine -*heide* unter *dem* *Guck* haben, *coll.* to be up to tricks; -**herb**, *m.* fowling-floor; -**hen**, *n.* *see* -*wide*; -**hirse**, *f.* *Bot.* official or common groomwell (*Steinfame*); -**hütte**, *f.* fowler's hut; aviary; -**jagd**, *f.* bird-catching (by means of hawks, &c.); bird-shooting; -**jag**, *m.* bird-cage; -**knapper**, *m.* *Ornith.* common snipe (*Ednape*); -**knauer**, *m.* ornithologist; -**kein**, *m.* rosin from the top of a fir, -*frucht*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) bird's (-*cherry* (*Prunus padus* L.); 2) black-cherry, sweet-cherry (*Prunella*); -**klau**, *f.* 1) bird's claw, talon (of a bird); 2) *Bot.* *see* -*fuß*; *Bot.* -**kultersch**, *m.* common knot-grass, goose-grass (*Polygonum aviculare* L.); -**lauf**, *m.* sparrow-wort (*Erica passerina* L.); -**krant**, 1) hen-bit, common chickweed (*Stellaria media* L.); 2) *see* -*milch*; 3) common ground-sel (*Streptanthus*); 4) common daisy (*Gänseblümchen*); 5) spring whitlow-grass (*Grüßlingsgumrtblümchen*); 6) sparrow (*Häckerpar*); -**lande**, *f.* ornithology; -**land**, *f.* *Entom.* loose insecting birds (*Philoporus communis* N.); -**licht**, *adv.* light as a bird; -**lim**, *m.* bird-lime; -**markt**, *m.* bird-market; -**meter**, *m.* *Bot.* stitchwort (*Stellaria media* L.); -

milbe, *f.* *Entom.* mite infesting birds (*Dermatophagus avium* Dug.); -*milch*, *f.* *Bot.* star of Bethlehem (*Wolfsstern*); -*mist*, *m.* bird-dung; -*muschel*, *f.* *see* *Schwalbenmuschel*; -*näpfler*, *n.* little glass, cup, or trough in or for a cage, seed-drawer; -*nest*, *m.* 1) bird's nest; das *ebene* *stündliche* -*nest*, edible nest of the Java swallow; 2) *Bot.* a) bird's nest (*Reifwurz*); b) common carrot (*Wüßte*, 1); c) mountain spiguel (*Athamanta libanotis* L.); -*nesters*, *m.* bird-nesting; -*netz*, *n.* *see* -*garn*; -*orgel*, *f.* bird-organ (a kind of barrel-organ); -*perspective*, *f.* *Paint.* & *Opt.* bird's eye view; eine *Landchaft* in -*perspective*, a bird's-eye landscape; -*pfleger*, *m.* *Bot.* bird-pepper (*Capsicum minimum* L.); -*peifer*, *f.* bird-call; flageolet; -*pfäumer*, *f.* *Bot.* bird-cherry (-*frucht*); -*raße*, *n.* fowling-place; -*raße*, *f.* pulley; -*fang*, *m.* *see* -*gefang*; -*schau*, *f.* *Rom. Archæol.* auspicio, augury, orniscopy; -*schauer*, *m.* (Roman) augur; orniscopist; -*schell*, *f.* hawk's bell; -*schnecke*, *f.* scarecrow, crow-keeper; clack; -*schleier*, *n.* amusement of shooting at a shawfowl in German towns; -*schlag*, *m.* 1) gin, trap for catching birds, bird-trap; 2) *see* -*gefang*; 3) -*schlinge*, *f.* spring or snare for birds; -*schubel*, *m.* bill of a bird; -*schuß*, *adj.* as swift as a bird; -*schuß*, *f.* *see* -*schnecke*; -*schut*, *m.* *see* -*bunt*; -*schibe*, *f.* *see* *Flasche*; -*scheller*, *m.* bird-skewer; -*spieß*, *m.* small spit for roasting birds; -*spinn*, *f.* *Entom.* bird-spider, large spider of South-America (*Theridion avicularia* L.); -*stange*, *f.* 1) pole for a wooden bird; 2) lime-twig; 3) perch, roost; -*stein*, *m.* ornitholite; -*steilen*, *n.* catching of birds; -*steller*, *m.* bird-catcher, fowler; -*stern*, *m.* *see* -*milch*; -*stich*, *m.* arrival or departure of birds of passage; -*tab*, *m.* *Bot.* homlock (*Edierling*); -*transfichter*, *f.* *Bot.* bird-cherry (-*frucht*); 1) -*trögen*, *n.* *see* -*näpfler*; -*verfänger*, *m.* *pl.* *Petr.* ornithologist; -*wahr*, *f.* *see* -*beuter*; -*wahrjager*, *coll.* ornithomaney; -*wand*, *f.* *Sport.* skirt of a fowler's net; -*wegtritt*, *m.* *Bot.* knotgrass (-*frucht*); -*wert*, *m.* ornithological work, work on birds; -*wide*, *f.* *Bot.* bird's-tare, tufted or wild, vetch (*Vicia cracca* L.); -*wild*, *n.* wild fowls; game; -*zunge*, *f.* 1) tongue of a bird; 2) *Bot.* bird's-tongue; 3) T. entering-file; cross(ing) file; 4) *Gamm.* ladle. **Vögelchen**, *pl.* *Geogr.* the Vosges [*fr.* vösch]; -*schnecke*, *m.* *Geol.* coarse granulated sandstone. ((*provinc. &*) * *see* **Vögelchen**). **Vögelchen**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Vogel**) **Vögler**, (*str.*) *m.* fowler, *see* **Vogelsteller**; -*peifer*, *f.* bird-call; -*zeug*, *n.* fowler's apparatus. **Vögt** (†: **Vögt**), (*str.*, *pl.* **Vögte**) *m.* 1) ballif, warden; 2) prefect, judge, magistrate; governor; 3) constable, beadle; 4) steward; 5) task-master. † **Vögtbär**, *adj.* of age (*Wändig*). **Vögte**, (*u.*) *f.* office or residence, house of a prefect, judge, governor, &c.; jurisdiction; prefecture, government; balliwick. - **Vögte**'lich, *adj.* relating to the office of a prefect, judge, &c. **Völsch**, (*Gölke*, Faust, I.) *see* **Beland**. **Völs**, (*str.*, *pl.* **Völter**) *n.* 1) people, nation; 2) soldiery, troops, forces, men; 3) crew; 4) swarm (of bees), flock (of sparrows), flight (of pigeons), herd (of cattle), *Sport.* convey, or flight (of partridges); das -*der* *Reiter*, the birds; -*arm*, *adj.* thinly peopled; -*besetzt*, *p. a.* (*Schiller*, *lit.* animated by people) crowded. **Völter**, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Völs**) small people; men; -*mein* - *my* little ones; *bies* - *from* these people, these fellows; *ein* *hüßiger* - a merry crew. **Völter**..., *in comp.* -*bescherter*, * -

führer, *m.* ruler of nations, prince, sovereign; -*beschreibung*, *f.* ethnography; -*geschichte*, *f.* history of nations; -*kunde*, *f.* ethnology, ethnography; statistique; -*markt*, *m.* mart of nations; -*recht*, *n.* law of nations; international law; -*rechtlich*, *adj.* relating to or founded in the law of nations, international. **Völter**'schaft, (*u.*) *f.* nation, tribe. **Völter**..., *in comp.* -*straße*, *f.* highway of nations; -*verkehr*, *m.* international trade; -*wanderung*, *f.* migration of nations; -*weise*, *f.* (*v.* *Strachwitz*) *, shield of nations. **Völs**..., *in comp.* -*leer*, *adj.* 1) deserted (by people); 2) *see* -*arm*; -*reich*, *adj.* populous. **Völter**'lein, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Völs**) (*provinc. &*) * for **Völter**; ein - *bunt und lustig*, | mit *leichtem* *fröhen* *Stutt* (*A. Grün*), a motley band of comrades, | so light of heart and gay (*Bankerr*). **Völter**..., *in comp.* popular, of the people; national; public; -*anführer*, *m.* leader of the people, demagogue; *Minister* der -*anführung*, (*in* *Russia*) minister of the progress of intellect; -*ausgabe*, *f.* popular edition; -*besticht*, *adj.* popular; -*bestwerbe*, *f.* national grievance; -*bewaffnung*, *f.* arming of the whole nation; -*bewegung*, *f.* popular rising or commotion, tumult; uproar; -*blibliothek*, *f.* people's library; -*bildung*, *f.* instruction of the people; -*blatt*, *n.* popular paper; -*buch*, *m.* 1) book written in a popular style; 2) chap-book; -*charakter*, *m.* national character; -*chronik*, *f.* national chronicle; -*klasse*, *f.* class of the people; -*lichter*, *m.* poet of the people, national poet, popular poet; -*epos*, *n.* *Lat.* popular epic (poem); -*erleuchtung*, *f.* *see* -*unterricht*. **Völter**'etymologie, (*u.*) *f.* popular etymology (a name applied by some to that "tendency towards the irregular accommodation of misunderstood foreign terms" [*Latham*], or even obsolete words of the same language, which is common to all nations; instances from the German language of this accommodation of foreign as well as of obsolete German words have been given and explained in this Dictionary now and then [*cf.* *Imbentung*, *Wölfe* B. *Herrmann*, *Adelci*, *Stundteit*, *Ednifut* &c.]; compare, as to words of this kind in the English language, such terms as *Watershed*, &c.). **Völter**..., *in comp.* -*feind*, *m.* enemy of or to the people; -*feindlich*, *adj.* antipopular, antiliberal; -*fest*, *n.* public feast or rejoicing; -*freund*, *m.* friend of the people; patriot; -*freundlich*, *adj.* popular; liberal; -*führer*, *m.* leader of the people, demagogue; -*garten*, *m.* public garden; -*gebicht*, *m.* popular poem, national poem; -*geist*, *m.* public mind; -*genossenschaft*, *f.* nationality; -*gruß*, *m.* countryman; -*gefang*, *m.* popular or national song; -*geschrei*, *n.* popular clamour; -*glanze*, *m.* popular belief; -*glück*, *n.* public welfare; -*gruß*, *f.* popularity; -*haufe*, *m.* 1) crowd of people; 2) populace, mob; -*haus*, *m.* house of commons; -*herrschaft*, *f.* democracy; -*herrscher*, *m.* ruler of the people, sovereign; -*hymne*, *f.* national anthem; -*jammer*, *m.* public calamity; -*justiz*, *f.* popular justice, lynch-law; -*kirche*, *f.* national church; -*lehrer*, *m.* teacher of the people, instructor of the lower classes; -*leiser*, -*leutler*, *m.* *see* -*führer*; -*liebe*, *f.* love of the people, popularity; -*lieb*, *n.* popular or national song; *historische* -*lieder*, historical popular songs; -*mährchen*, *n.* folk-tale, popular tale; -*mäßig*, *adj.* popular; -*meinung*, *f.* popular feeling or sentiment; -*menge*, *f.* population, multitude, mob; -*recht*, *n.* national privilege; -*recher*, *m.* popular orator; demagogue; -*regierung*, *f.* democracy, popular govern-

ment; —repräsentant, *m.* representative of the people; —*lage*, *f.* 1) popular tradition; 2) *coll.* common report; —*schlag*, *m.* sort, kind of people; —*schrift*, *f.* book for the people; —*schreiber*, *m.* popular writer; writer of books for the people; —*schule*, *f.* common or primary school; —*schweizer*, *m.* national education; —*swarm*, *m.* swarm (root) of people; —*sinn*, *m.* public mind; —*sovereänität*, *f.* sovereignty of the people, national sovereignty; —*sprache*, *f.* 1) language of the people; 2) vulgar language; —*stamm*, *m.* tribe; —*stimme*, *f.* voice of the people; —*stimmung*, *f.* disposition of the people, public feeling; —*stöhnen*, popular air.

Volks'heim, (*adv.*) *n.* nationality (*this term, as well as Volksthumlich, first introduced by Fr. Ladw. Jahn* [deutsch Volksthum, *Abend*, 1810] to replace the foreign terms Nation, National, has been entirely naturalized since, in the form first proposed, although Heiniaus [see his Volksthumliches BB. IV, 1409 under the word Volksthum] severely reprehends the introduction into this word of the latter *s*, as being against analogy; but there is no cogent reason against inserting an *s* for the sake of euphony). — **Volks'thumein**, (*adv.*) *v. intr.* to affect national feeling. — **Volks'thum** (eitel), (*adv.*) *f.* affection of nationality. **Volks'thumlich**, *I. adv.* popular, national; *II. B.-heit*, (*adv.*) *f.* nationality.

Volks'... *in comp.* —**tracht**, *f.* national costume or dress; dress of the people or lower classes; —**tribun**, *m.* tribune of the people; —**unterricht**, *m.* national education, public instruction; —**wille**, *m.* popular indignation; —**versammlung**, *f.* popular assembly, assembly of the people; —**vertreter**, *m.* representative of the people, deputy; —**vertretung**, *f.* representation of the people, popular representation; —**wille**, *m.* popular will; —**wirtschaft**, *f.* national or political economy; —**wirtschaftlich**, *adv.* relating to political economy; —**zahl**, *f.* population; —**zählung**, *f.* census; *cine* —**zählung** veranstalten, to take a census.

Voll, *adj.* full; whole, entire; complete; —**schlagen** (von Uhren), to strike the hour; *Einem den Buehl* — **schlagen** (die Haut — prägen), to give one a good (sound) thrashing; *sich (Dat.) den Bauch* — **schlagen**, to fill or cram one's belly; *ein v-es Glas*, bumper; *der v-e Mond*, full moon; *der Mond ist —*, the moon is in the (or is at her) full; *cine v-e Woche*, a whole week; *v-e Summe*, sum total; principal and interest; *auf v-en Fasse*, *coll.* aloud, roaring; *mit v-er Orgel*, *Mus.* full organ; *per* — **bezahlen**, *Comm.* to pay the whole amount; — **machen**, — **werden**, to fill; *im v-en Lauf*, at full speed; *cine Summe* — **machen**, to make up a sum; *mit v-en Segeln fahren*, to go with full sail; *sich* — **trinken**, to drink one's fill; to get drunk; *er ist v-e achtzig Jahre alt*, he is full eighty; *he has eighty years good*; *in v-em Gruf*, in good earnest; *coll.-e v-er Freude*, full of joy; *v-er Freundlichkeit und Complimente*, all smiles and compliments.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**ählig**, *adj.* full-eared (of corn); —**auf**, *adv.* plenty, abundantly, in abundance, superfluously, plentifully; —**auf Zeit haben**, to be in plenty of time; —**aus**, *adv.* fully, in full, full price; —**büdig**, *adj.* full-faced, blubber-cheeked; —**bauer**, *m.* see —**bühner**; —**betreten**, *v. tr.* *Bibl.* to make perfect; *Mas.-e* —**binder**, *m.* through-binder, through-stone; —**binder** (schicht), *f.* course of through-stones; —**blütig**, *adj.* abounding in blood; *Mus.* full-blooded, plethoric; sanguine; —**blütigfeit**, *f.* *Med.* plethora, sanguinosity, fullness of blood; —**blutreich**, *m.* thorough-bred horse.

Vollbringen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to accomplish, achieve, consummate, perform, execute; *cine Landung* —, to make good a landing.

Vollbringer, (*adv.*) *m.* accomplisher, &c. **Vollbringung**, (*adv.*) *f.* accomplishment, achievement, consummation, performance, execution.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**brüdig**, *adj.* full-breasted; —**bürtig**, *adj.* born of the same parents; whole or entire (as respects genealogy or descent); —**bürtigfeit**, *f.* the being born of the same parents, *Law*, the whole blood; —**büdig**, *adj.* full-boomed; —**cirfelbogen**, *m.* Arch., &c. full centre arch.

Voll'ent, see **Vollend**.

Vollen'ben, (*adv.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to end, finish, terminate, consummate, to achieve, accomplish; 2) to perfect; *vollendet*, *p. a.* consummated; *vollendetes Thatfact*, accomplished fact; *II. irr.* *v.* to die.

Vollen'ber, (*adv.*) *m.* finisher, &c.

Voll'ent, *adv.* 1) wholly, entirely, quite, altogether, *cf.* **Vollig**, *I.*; 2) besides, moreover.

Vollen'bung, (*adv.*) *f.* the ending, finishing, termination; consummation, achievement, accomplishment; *Point*, *Sculp.* the last touching up, finish. [*fulgenda* L.]

Voll'ent, (*adv.*) *f.* Ornith. tufted duck (Aas **Voll'ent**, (*adv.*) *f.* drunkenness, ebriety, gluttony.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**tauf**, *f.* *coll.* drunkard; —**farbig**, *adj.* dark-coloured; —**fratz**, *m.* glutton.

Voll'fährer, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to execute, accomplish, perform, see **Vollbringen**, **Vollenden**, 1.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**garn**, *n.* *Manuf.* finest Westphalian yarn; —**gevent**, *adj.* full-(grown), full-formed (limbs, &c.); *Mar.* broad-bottomed; —**gebinde**, *m.* *Corp.* main-couple; —**geant**, *m.* full and perfect enjoyment; —**gegrast**, —**gegrast**, *adj.* (full-)grazed; —**gefang**, *m.* chorus; —**gestalt**, *m.* full face; —**gehalt**, *f.* 1) full power; 2) see **Vollmacht**, 1; —**griff**, *m.* *Mus.* complete or perfect accord; —**gültig**, *adj.* of full value; perfectly valid; sufficient; competent; authentic; —**gültige Zeugnisse**, unexceptionable references or testimonies; —**gültigfeit**, *f.* full value, sufficiency, validity; competence; authenticity; —**heutig**, *adj.* *Cloth.* having or with a rich nap; —**haltig**, *adj.* of full value; —**handig**, *adj.* *Mar.* handy weather, blowing weather; —**häring**, *m.* *Comm.* full herring.

Voll'heit, (*adv.*) *f.* fullness, plenitude.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**hertig**, *adj.* having a full heart, full-hearted, overpowered by feeling; —**haf**, *m.* *Farr.* contracted hoof, narrow-heeledness; —**husig**, *adj.* *Farr.* incastellated, hoof-bound, narrow-heeled (of horses); —**hüfner**, *m.* farmer that possesses thirty acres of land.

Vollig, *I. adj.* (*cf.* **Vollkommen**, 1 & 3) 1) full, whole, entire, complete, thorough, perfect; downright; *coll.* dead; 2) *coll.* a) full-grown; b) full-faced; *coll.* corpulent, burly; *II. adv.* full, fully, to the full, quite, wholly, entirely, completely, &c., fairly, altogether, for good; — (or rundweg) **ab**schlagen, to refuse roundly; — **mach**, broad awake; *III. B.-heit*, (*adv.*) *f.* 1) see **Stille**, 3; 2) *coll.* corpulence.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**ählig**, *adj.* of (full) age, *cf.* **Vündig**; —**ähligfeit**, *f.* full age, majority; —**ähligfeitserklärung**, *f.* see **Vündig**prüfung; —**antig**, *adj.* T. full-squared; —**lang**, *m.* *Mus.* perfect concord or accord, full chord.

Voll'men, *I. adj.* 1) complete; full, entire, dead; 2) perfect (also *Mus.* with regard to intervals), accomplished, consummate; absolute, thorough; 3) *coll.* a) ample, (sufficiently) large; b) corpulent, stout; *cf.* **Vollig**, **Vollständig**; mit v-er **Vollmachung**, with

highest esteem; *II. B.-heit*, (*adv.*) *f.* 1) completeness, &c.; 2) perfection, perfectness; *fig.* maturity; 3) accomplishment.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**ählig**, *adj.* full-grained; —**kraft**, *f.* full vigour, energy; —**kräftig**, *adj.* energetic; —**knagel**, *f.* round shank; —**lebig**, *adj.* corpulent; —**lebigfeit**, *f.* corpulence, incumbrance of flesh; —**lebig**, *m.* see **mond**.

Voll'macht, (*adv.*) *f.* I. *Law*, 1) full power, authority; 2) or **Vollmacht**, *n.*, **Vollmacht**, *f.* letter or power of attorney or of a delegate, power, proxy, deed of trust; (*Einem*) — **geben**, to empower, authorize; *ohne* — **händen**, to act without authorisation or authority; *in* — **des Hrn.** ..., by authority or proxy of Mr. ...; *II. in comp.* —**geber**, *m.* constituent; —**haber**, —**träger**, *m.* attorney; **Voll'macht**, **Voll'macht**, *n.* power of attorney in blank, blank-bond.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**mündig**, *adj.* full-mouthed; —**meter**, *m.* see **höfner**; —**mond**, *m.* full moon, full of the moon; —**mondbüch**, *adj.* full-orbed; —**mündig**, *adj.* of full age; —**mündigfeit**, *f.* full age, majority; —**rotz**, *adj.* full red, ruddy; —**saftig**, *adj.* full of sap; replete with humours, overcharged with fluids; burly, fat; —**saftigfeit**, *f.* abundance or fullness of sap, *Med.* repletion; —**safter**, *m.* *coll.* drunkard; —**saftig**, *adj.* full-orbed; —**seins**, *m.* see **mond**; —**schiff**, *n.* *Mar.* ship (full-rigged ship); —**seins**, *n.* fullness, repletion; —**stündig**, *adj.* complete, plenary, full, entire, *cf.* **Vollig**; **Stück ist** — **bezahlt**, all is paid off to the full; — **brunn**, full-mannered; —**stündigfeit**, *f.* completeness, plenaryness, integrity, plenitude, fullness; —**stimmig**, *adj.* *Mus.* full-voiced; complete (of instruments); full-toned; —**stimmigfeit**, *f.* completeness (of instruments).

Voll'fährer, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to execute, accomplish, *cf.* **Vollziehen**. — **Voll'fährer**, (*adv.*) *m.* executor. — **Voll'fährer**, (*adv.*) *f.* execution, performance; **Voll'fährer**, *m.* warrant for executing any command.

Voll'... *in comp.* —**stündig**, *adj.* full-sounding, sonorous; —**stündig**, *adj.* full-cheeked; —**stündig**, *adj.* 1) of full weight, *coll.* weight; 2) *fig.* powerful, weighty, forcible, momentous; competent; —**stündigfeit**, *f.* the being of full weight; *fig.* power, weightiness, force; competency; —**stündig**, *m.* full growth, plenitude; —**stündig**, *adj.* full-grown; —**stündig**, *f.* full number, complement; —**stündig**, *adj.* complete, full; integral; —**stündig machen**, to complete; —**stündigfeit**, *f.* completeness, fullness; —**stündig**machung, *f.* completion; complement; —**stündig**, *adj.* with all one's teeth; —**stündig**, *m.* *coll.* drunkard; —**stündig**, *adj.* fully ripe; —**stündig**, *f.* perfect ripeness or maturity; —**stündig**, *m.* see **cirfelbogen**.

Voll'gich, (*adv.*) *v. tr.* to execute, consummate, fulfil, to carry out or into effect, effectuate, perform; *cine Heirath* —, to execute a deed; *die Ehe* —, to consummate marriage; *die Vermählung* —, to solemnise the marriage; *v-b*, *adj.* executive (power, &c.). — **Voll'gich**, (*adv.*) *m.* executor. — **Voll'gich**, (*adv.*) *f.* executrix.

Voll'gichung, (*adv.*) *f.* execution, performance; — *der Ehe*, communication of marriage; *zur* — **bringen**, see **Vollziehen**; *zur* — **kommen**, to be brought to execution, to take effect; *in comp.* **Voll'gich**, *m.* warrant, writ of execution; **Voll'gich**, *f.* executive power; **Voll'gich**, *m.* executive council.

Voll'gich, (*adv.*) *m.* see **Vollziehung**. * **Voll'gich** (*pr.* **Vollgänger**), (*adv.*) *p. l.* **V-e** or **V-s** *m.* volunteer; *Comm.* unsalaried clerk or assistant; *als* — **diener**, to volunteer. * **Voll'gich**, *adv.* *Phys.* voltaic (Gaulle pile).

* **Voll'e**, (*adv.*) *f.* (*Fr.*) *Man. & Fenc.* volt; die

halbe —, demivolt; die — schlagen, *Gem.* to make the pass.

* **Volligert** (*pr.* völitshér), (*str.* pl. *B-e* or *B-8*) *m.* 1) *Mil. voligert*; 2) vaulter, springer. — **Volligert** (*pr.* völitshér), (*w.* *f.* *intr.* to vault. — **Volligert**... (*pr.* völitshér), in comp. — **meißter**, *m.* master of a troop who perform equestrian feats; — **perch**, *m.* wooden horse used for vaulting over.

* **Volumen**, (*str.* pl. [*Lat.*] **Volumina**)
* **Voluminös**, *adj.* voluminous; bulky.
* **Volute**, (*w.* *f.* [*Lat.*] **Archit.** &c. volute.
* **Voluten**, *m.* pl. *Ratr.* fossil volutes.
Vom, *prep.* *abbr.* for von dem.

* **Vomit**, (*w.* *f.* *intr.* & *tr.* [*Lat.*] **Mol.** to vomit. — **Vomitiv**, (*str.* *m.* emetic, vomit.

Von, *prep.* (*with Dat.*) 1) of; 2) a) from; b) from among; 3) by; 4) in; 5) on, upon, concerning; 6) before family names it answers to the French de; — **armen Eltern** geboren, born of poor parents; **Ihr Brief** dem ..., your letter of the ...; — **Paris** geblüht, (a native) of Paris; — **Paris** kommen, to come from Paris; — **Paris** begeben, from Paris; **dies** kommt — **Jubel**, this comes as far as from the Indies; **dem Berge** (herab) kommen, to come down from the hill; **der Schweiß** lief ihm vom Angesicht, the perspiration ran down his face; — **Wittem**, — **ferne**, 1) from afar; 2. at a distance; — ... **an**, since; — **der Zeit** an, from that time (forward); — **da** an, thence (from that place, or [= thenceforth] from that time); — **heute** an, from this day forward; — **diesem Augenblicke** an, from this moment; — **jetzt** (nun) an, henceforth, henceforward, from this time forth or forward; — ... **aus**, from; — **ausen**, from without; — **da**, — **dort**, thence; — **hinnen**, hence; — **hinnen** gehen or scheiden, to depart (from [this] life); — **hinten**, from behind; — **oben** herab, from on high, from above; — **unten**, from below, from beneath; — **wo**, from where, (from) whence; — **allen** Eiten, 1. on every side; 2. on all hands; — **mir**, at my hands; **mir** können nichts — **ihnen** (— **ihrer** Eite) erwarten, we can expect nothing at their hands; **die** mir — **Ihren** ergebensten Wohlthaten, the favours I received at your hands; **ein** Freund — **mir**, a friend of mine; **eine** Uhr — **Breguet**, a watch of Breguet's; — **freien** Eitern, freely, of one's own accord; — (**ich**) selbst, of itself (of himself, &c.), spontaneous, spontaneously; **es** bewegt sich — **selbst**, it moves of itself; **sie** sing — **selbst** an zu lesen, she began to read of herself; — **Freunds** Grunde, from the bottom of my heart; — **ganzer** Eite, with all my soul; — **Neum**, anew, afresh, again; **Zinsen** — **Zinsen**, interest upon interest; — **Zeit** zu **Zeit**, from time to time; — **Stunde** zu **Stunde**, hour by hour; — **Wort** zu **Wort**, word for word; **gum** Preise — ... **bis** ..., at the price of ... to ...; **das** Verlorne Paradies — **Milton**, the Paradise Lost by Milton; **die** Rästschule — **Scheridan**, the School for Scandal by Sheridan; **sie** wird — **mir** geliebt, she is loved by me; **Kinder** — **seiner** ersten Frau, children by his first wife; — **Adel**, of noble extraction, noble; **gert** — **Eite**, (as a title of nobility) Herr von Stein; **Graf** — **Boß**, Count von de Voss; — **Geburt**, by birth; **ein** Engländer — **Geburt**, an Englishman by birth, by nation; — **Wahr**, by constitution; — **ungefähr**, by chance; **ein** Epilect — **Profession**, a gambler by profession; **klein** — **Person**, small of size; — **Person** war er groß, in person he was tall; **es** ist dumm, unwegen zc. — **ihm**, it is stupid, audacious, &c. in him; **vermindert** (— **musikalischen** Intervallen [geagelt]), diminished (in speaking of musical intervals).

Vonnöthen, *adv.* necessary, needful; —

haben, to need, want, lack, to stand in need of; — **sein**, to be necessary, wanting, &c.

Vor, *I. prep.* (*with the Dat.*, when rest or motion in a place is implied, with the Acc., when indicating motion to a place) 1) before; — **dem Hause** stehen, to stand before or in front of a house; — **das Haus** gehen, to go in front of a house; 2) previous(ly) to, antecedent(ly) to; ago, since; 3) before, above, in preference to; 4) from, of, through, with; — **dem Stadthort**, before the town-gate; beyond, without, or outside the town-gate; — **das Thor** gehen, to go out of the town-gate; — **der Eite** (*Dat.*) aussetzen, *Gemm.* to put outside the column; **es** verschwand — **meinen** Augen, it vanished before my eyes; **sie** wurde — **mir** weggerissen, she was snatched from before me; **getade** — **einem**, in full view; — **einem** hergehen, to go before, to precede one; — **einem** Orte vorbeigehen, to pass by a place; **ich** trat stöhn — **ihn** (him), I stepped boldly (up) before him; **die Bücher** lagen — **mir**, the books lay before me; — **wen** wurde die Bittschrift gelegt? before whom was the petition placed? **Mar-s.** — **uns**, ahead of us; — **dem** Winde segeln, to run before the wind; **Einem** etwas — **die** Hände werfen, to cast a thing at one's feet; **ein** Schlag — **den Kopf**, a blow on the (fore-)head; **den Hut** — **Einem** abnehmen, to take off one's hat to one; **Einem** — **sich** (*Acc.*) lassen, to admit one to one's presence; — **Augen** (*Dat.*) haben, to have in view; **das** habe ich noch — **mir**, that I have still to do; — **Gott**, in the presence or in the eye of God; **ich** kann — **solchen** Euten nicht trachten, I cannot stoop to such persons; — ... (*with Dat.*) verbergen, **schließen**, **stecken** zc., to hide (conceal), protect (shelter), fly, &c. from ...; **er** floh — **ihm**, weil er sich — **ihm** fürchtete, he fled before him because he was afraid of him; — **Einem** warnen, to caution against one; **sich** — (*with Dat.*) fürchten, to be afraid of ...; to fear; **sich** — (*with Dat.*) auszeichnen, to distinguish one's self from or above ...; — **Einem** Ruhe haben, to have rest from one; **er** steht — **dem** Bankrott, he is on the point (or on the eve) of bankruptcy; **dies** gehört — **die** (or — **das** Forum der Philosophie, this falls under the cognisance of philosophy; — **Allem**, — **allen** Dingen, above or before all things, the first thing, in the first instance; **ich** liebe sie — **Allen**, I love her more than any one; — **einem** Jahre, a year since, back, or ago; — **einiger** Zeit, some time (a while) ago; — **ungefähr** zehn Jahren, about ten years since; — **nun** zehn Jahren, now ten years since; — **einigen** Jahren, a few years back; — **einigen** Tagen, the other day; — **dem** Empfang diejes, before this reaches you, previous to the receipt of this; — **dem** Frieden, previous to the peace; — **der** Einführung der Gaslaternen, prior to the introduction of gas-lamps; (**heute**) — **acht** Tagen, this day week (ago); **letzten** Donnerstag — **acht** Tagen, a week ago last Thursday, or last Thursday week; — **geraumer** Zeit, a long while ago, long since; — **kurzem**, lately, of late; — **diesem**, *see* **Vordem**; — **Zeiten**, in former times, formerly; — **Alters**, of old, anciently, * (in times) of yore, *cf.* **Vordem**; **seine** Haare wurden — **der** Zeit grau, his hair turned gray prematurely; — **der** Zeit begehnen, to anticipate payment; — **Wattigkeit** (*Dat.*) hinfallen, to sink through fatigue; — **Durst**, — **hunger** sterben, to die of, by, or with thirst, hunger; — **Alter**, — **Nummer** sterben, to die of or by old age, grief; **sie** jitterte — **Rüste**, she trembled with cold; — **Nummer** weinen, to weep with or for sorrow; — **Freude** glänzen, (of the eyes) to sparkle with joy.

II. adv. 1) a) forward; in front; on; rechten Fuß — **!** right foot forward; b) for *Gerter*;

2) before; formerly, in former times; nach wie —, now as before.

III. s. (indecl.) n. see **Vri**.

IV. in comp. it also marks forth, out; beforehand; previous, &c. (*also* *Gerter* ...).

Vorab, *conj.* previous, especially, particularly.

Vorabbilden, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* to prefigure. — **Vorabbildung**, (*w.* *f.* prefiguration, model.

Vorabend, (*str.* *m.* eve; am — **wichtigster** Ereignisse, on the eve of important events.

Vorader, (*str.* *m.* front-field. [*for*].

Vorader, (*w.* *f.* *intr.* & *tr.* to plough be-
Voradamittig, *adj.* preadamite, preadamitic.

Vorahn, (*irr.* *sing.* *str.* *pl.* *w.* *m.* one of the earliest ancestors, ancestor.

Vorahnung, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* to have a presentiment, a foreboding of. — **Vorahnung**, (*w.* *f.* presentiment, foreboding.

Voralse, (*w.* *f.* one of the lower Alps.

Voraltern zc., *see* **Voraltern** zc.

Voran, *adv.* 1) before; at the head, in the front; first, foremost; 2) on, coll. ahead; — **dürfen**, to be permitted to pass on, to be permitted to go forwards; — **eilen**, to hasten on before; — **gang**, *m.* precedence; precedent; — **gehen**, to go before, to precede; to (take the) lead; mit gutem Beispiele — **gehen**, to set or give a good example; **laßt** ihn — **gehen**, let him walk before or go in advance; — **lassen**, to permit to go on or before; — **machen**, *v. I. intr.* coll. to make haste; **II. refl.** to put one's self foremost.

Vorandenken, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* to pre signify.

Voranmerkung, (*w.* *f.* fore-notice.

Voranordnen, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* to pre-ordain.

Voranrühlig, (*str.* *pl.* **Voranrühlig**) *m.*

previous computation, calculation; estimate.

Voranrücken, (*str.* *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to walk in advance, *see* **Vorangehen**; 2) *see* **Vorgehen**, 1, b.

Voranrücken, (*w.* *f.* 1) pre-disposition, preparation, preliminary or preparatory arrangement or measure; 2) preparatory institution. [*motion*].

Vorantrag, (*str.* *pl.* **V-träge**) *m.* previous

Voranzeige, (*w.* *f.* fore-notice.

Voranzeigen, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* to pre signify.

Vorarbeit, (*w.* *f.* previous labour, previous or preliminary work; preparatory work, work of preparation; **z-cu**, *pl.* preliminary measures; *Rath.* earth-works.

Vorarbeiten, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* & *intr.* to work in preparation, to prepare work; **II. intr.** (*Einem*) 1) to anticipate, surpass, or outdo in working; 2) to work before (one) in order to instruct him; 3) *fig.* to prepare the way for ... by working; **III. refl.** to get on in a work, &c.

Vorarbeiter, (*str.* *m.* 1) one who prepares work, &c. 2) head-workman, foreman.

Vorarm, (*str.* *m.* forearm of the arm,

fore-arm.

Vorärmel, (*str.* *m.* false sleeve.

Vorärten, (*w.* *f.* *tr.* ein **Grd** —, to give a field a third ploughing.

Voraus, *adv.* coll. *see* **Voran**.

Voraus [*sometimes, emphatically, Vor-* aus], *I. adv.* 1) a) before; foremost; **Mar.** ahead; b) on, onward, *cf.* **Voran**; 2) in advance; beforehand; 3) in preference, as an advantage; **gum** —, im —, beforehand, by or in anticipation; **wenn** man im — geneigt ist, when there is a predisposition; **Ihrer** Zustimmung im — gewiß, confident of your acquiescence.

II. s. m. & n. Law, precipiat (*Luc.*), thirds; **sich** (*Dat.*) ein — nehmen, *fig.* to emancipate one's self; — **nehmen**, genießen, empfinden, to anticipate; — **begehnen**, to advance money, to pay in advance; — **Bestimmung**, *f.* predestination.

tion; —*Bezahlung*, *f.* payment in advance; —*Bill*, *m.* foresight; —*datiren*, to foredate, antedate; —*benutzen*, *v. tr.* *fig.* (*Dat.*), to anticipate; —*essen* (*with Dat.*), to be in advance of, to distance, outstrip, outrun; —*geben*, to give in advance; *BilL* to give points; —*gehen*, to go on in advance; er ging den Andern ein wenig —, he walked a little in advance of the others; (*etwas vor Einem*) —*haben*, to have an advantage over; to have the start (off); to be beforehand (with); —*nehmen*, *f.* anticipation (*partic. Mus.*); —*nehmen*, to anticipate; —*sagen*, to foretell, predict; —*sagung*, *f.* prediction, prophecy; —*schicken*, —*senden*, to send in advance; to promise; —*geheißte Bemerkungen*, preliminary remarks; dies alles —*gehandelt* (*Grimm*, *WB*, *Vorrede IX*), all this promised; —*sehen*, to foresee, anticipate; —*sehen*, *p. a.* president; —*setzen*, to suppose, presuppose; to presume; —*gesetzt*, supposed; provided; ich *setze* es als *gewiß* —, I take it for granted; es *setzt* eine böse *Absicht* —, it implies a malicious intention; —*setzung*, *f.* supposition, pre-supposition, presumption, hypothesis; *pl.* premises; in der —*setzung*, on the supposition; in der angenehmen —*setzung*, in the pleasing anticipation; in der festen —*setzung*, in the full persuasion, fully persuaded; —*sicht*, *f.* foresight; forethought; in der —*sicht*, anticipating; —*sichtlich*, *adj.* that may be foreseen or anticipated, presumable, probable, prospective; es wird —*sichtlich* *festfinden*, it is anticipated to take place; —*verfügbaren*, to announce beforehand, to foretell; —*wissen*, *I. v. tr.* to know beforehand, to foreknow; *II. v. s. n.* foreknowledge, prescience.

Vorläufe, (*str.*) *m. pl.* *Comm.* articles of merchandise sent on the outside of packages, to show the contents within, outside.

Vorbank, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-bänke*) *f.* 1) movable bench; 2) card-maker's working-bench.

Vorban, (*str.*) *m. Archit.* 1) any building in front of another, *cf.* *Vorgebäude*; 2) screen.

Vorbauen, (*v. I. tr.* 1) to build before a thing; 2) to build out; *II. (intr. with Dat.)* to prevent, obviate; to take precaution (against). — *Vorbaunung*, (*v. f.* prevention, obviation; *B-smittel*, *n.* preventive, preservative (*cf.* *Vorrichtungsmittel*).

Vorbedacht, (*str.*) *m.* forethought, premeditation; mit —, on purpose, purposely, deliberately; on consideration; ohne —, unpremeditatedly, unintentionally.

Vorbedachtig, *adj.* considerate, cautious. *Vorbedachten*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to consider beforehand, to premeditate.

Vorbedenten, (*v. tr.* to forebode, prognosticate, portend. — *Vorbedentfam*, *adj.* (*Grimm*, *WB*, *s. v.* *Angang*, *Ac.*) betokening; foreboding, portending. — *Vorbedeutung*, (*v. f.* foreboding, omen, prognostic, portent.

Vorbeding, (*str.*) *m.*, *Vorbedingung*, (*v. f.* preliminary condition.

Vorbedriff, (*str.*) *m.* preliminary notion, preconception.

Vorbehalt, (*str.*) *m.* reservation, restriction, understanding, proviso; der *Beile* —, mental reservation; mit *Ausnahme* und —, excepted and foreprised; mit —, reserving; unter dem —, daß ..., with (under) the reservation that ...; unter dem *gewöhnlichen* —, with the usual proviso; *Comm.-s.* unter — *des Eingangs*, when in cash; provided it shall be paid, reserving due payment; *Auction* ohne —, sale without reserve. — *Vorbehalten*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to keep back, except; 2) *fig.* (*Dat.*) —, to reserve to one's self; to stipulate for. — *Vorbehaltenlich*, *I. adj.* (*I. u.*) kept for a certain purpose; reserved, (of money) saved; *II. or (partic. S. G.) Vorbehaltenlich*, *adv.* (*with Gen.*) conditionally, with a pro-

viso, with reservation or exception, under restriction; — *der Genehmigung der Kamern* *u.*, provided that the chambers should ratify (a treaty to be concluded, &c.). — *Vorbehaltung*, (*v. f.* reservation.

Vorbehalten, *Vorbehalten*, *adj.* before or above-mentioned.

Vorbei, (*adv.* 1) by, over; 2) passing, past; 3) done, over, finished; es *ist* mit ihm (*ganz*) —, he is gone, he is lost, it is all over or up with him; es *war* elf —, the clock had gone eleven; was — *ist*, *ist* —, let bygones be bygones; — *gehen*, to go, pass by; *fig.* also to blow over; es *ist* wieder ein Jahr — *gegangen*, another year has passed; an (*with Dat.*) —, to pass by (a thing); — *gehen lassen*, to let pass by; to let slip, neglect (an opportunity); *Einem* — *gehen*, to pass one unnoticed, to pass over, neglect; *der* — *gehende*, passer-by; im —*gehen*, in passing; as we (*you, they, &c.*) pass; —*lassen*, *see* — *gehen lassen*; —*marſch*, *m.* the (act of) marching by; march past (in parades); —*nehmen*, *v. intr. Ag.* to rush or tear past.

Vorberathen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to consult or deliberate beforehand or preliminarily.

Vorberichten, (*v. I. tr.* to prepare (*zu*, *auf* (*with Acc.*), for); to dispose; *II. refl.* to prepare, to make ready (*auf* (*with Acc.*), for); *fig.* (*zu* *einem* *Erzamen*) —, to read; *fig.* und fertig *vorterrichtet*, out and dried (speech, &c.); *v-b.* *adj.* preparative; *Vorberichter*, (*str.*) *m.* preparator.

Vorberichtung, (*v. f.* preparation (*also Mus.* a term used in harmony); preparative; ohne —, off hand.

Vorberichtungen, (*v. f.* *in comp.* preparatory: —*anstalt*, *f.* training-school (for teachers); —*arbeit*, *f.* preparatory work; —*klasse*, *f.* elementary class; —*handlung*, *f.* preparatory action; —*maschine*, *f.* T. dressing-machine; —*mittel*, *m.* *Med.* preparative; —*satz*, *m.* *Math.* preparatory proposition; —*schule*, *f.* preparatory school; —*stunde*, *f.* preparatory lesson; —*unterricht*, *m.* preparatory lessons, elementary instruction.

Vorberg, (*str.*) *m.* anterior elevation; projecting mountain, spur of a mountain.

Vorbericht, (*str.*) *m.* preliminary account or advertisement, preface, preamble.

Vorberührt, *Vorberührt*, *adj.* aforesaid.

Vorberühre, *Vorberühre*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) citation, summons; 2) preliminary information.

Vorberufen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to cite, summon. — *Vorberufung*, (*v. f.* citation, summoning.

Vorbestimmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to predetermine. — *Vorbestimmung*, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-festsetzungen*) *m.* preliminary decree.

Vorbestiz, (*str.*) *m.* prepossession, prior possession. — *Vorbestizter*, (*str.*) *m.* prepossessor.

Vorbestizung, (*v. f.* preliminary discussion, &c. [predetermine, preordain.

Vorbestimmen, (*v. tr.* to predestinate, *Vorbestimmung*, (*v. f.* predestination, predetermination, pre-ordination.

Vorbeten, (*v. I. intr.* to recite, rehearse, to pronounce a prayer in a loud voice; *cinem* —, to lead in prayers; *bei Tisch* —, to say grace; *II. tr.* to repeat over and over; to prompt, suggest. [forehand.

Vorbetrachten, (*v. tr.* to consider before. *Vorbetragen*, (*v. I. tr.* to bend forward; *II. intr. (with Dat.) Ag.* to prevent, obviate, to hinder; *v-b.* preventive; *Med.* prophylactic. — *Vorbetreger*, (*str.*) *m.* *Anal.* pronator; *Vorbetragung*, (*v. f.* 1) the (act of) bending, &c.; 2) prevention; *B-smittel*, *n.* preservative, prophylactic.

Vorbetucht, (*str.*) *m.* (+ &) province. *see* *Vorwiffen*.

Vorbestimmen, (*v. tr.* to predestinate. *Vorbeten*, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to summon (one) before ..., to cite.

Vorbild, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-er*) *n.* 1) pattern, model, example, paragon; 2) prototype, type, original, emblem; 3) prodiguration. — *Vorbilden*, (*v. tr.* 1) to represent, adumbrate, project; 2) to prodigurate, prodigurate, type, typify, to shadow forth; 3) to give a preparatory education, to prepare school. — *Vorbildlich*, *adj.* typical, prodigurate; original. — *Vorbildung*, (*v. f.* 1) representation; 2) prodiguration; 3) preparatory education, preparation, schooling.

Vorbünden, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to tie before, to put on. — *Vorbünder*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) one that ties before; 2) *provinc.* chin-cloth.

Vorbürte, (*v. f.* intercession (*Bürte*). *Vorbürter*, (*str.*) *m.*, *Vorbürterer*, (*v. f.* deprecator, intercessor (*Bürterer*).

Vorbürren, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to sound before, to blow before; to lead; 2) (*Einem etwas*) to play to one.

Vorbürst, (*str.*) *m.* look into futurity.

Vorbürsten, (*v. tr.* to open with an anger. — *Vorbürster*, (*str.*) *m.* anger, first bit.

Vorbürte, (*v. m.* 1) forerunner, harbinger; 2) foreboding, foretoken; sign.

Vorbürst, (*v. m.* *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* —*ran*, *f.* fore-top-gallant-yard; —*segl*, *n.* fore-top-sail, fore-top-gallant-sail; —*stange*, *f.* fore-top-gallant-mast; —*stangenflag*, *m. & n.* stay of the fore-top-gallant-mast; —*stangenstange*, *segl*, *see* —*segl*.

Vorbürstchen, *see* *Vorbürstchen*.

Vorbürst, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-bürsten*) *n.* *Hydr.* hatch.

Vorbürsten, (*v. tr.* 1) to bring forward, to bring or put forth; 2) to utter, speak forth; 3) *Ag.* to prefer (a charge against one, &c.), produce (proof, &c.), to offer, make (excuses, objections); to advance, propose; to put forward, adduce (arguments, &c.), plead (motives), allege. [burst.

Vorbürst, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorbürste*) *m.* out-
Vorbürst, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-bürste*) *f.* *Buck* foremost part of the shoulder of an ox.

Vorbürstbären, (*v. tr.* & *intr.* to spell before or to one.

Vorbürren, (*v. f.* *v. r.* to bend forward.

Vorbürst, *m.* *see* *Vorbürst*, 2.

Vorbürst, (*v. f.* forepart of a scene, fore-scene, proscenium.

Vorbürst, (*v. f.* a fortification or castle raised before another, fore-castle.

Vorbürst, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-bürster*) *n.* pent-house, side-roof, jutting.

Vorbürst, (*str.*, *pl.* *B-bürst*) *m.* advanced dam or dyke.

Vorbürst, (*str.*) *m.* thanks in advance.

Vorbürren, (*v. tr.* to antedate.

Vorbürst, (*v. f.* cover to be put or hung before something. [fore.

Vorbürren, (*v. tr.* to cover or put before. *Vorbürren* (*somehow* *verdrängen*), *adv.* formerly, once, in former times, of old, in times of yore.

Vorbürren, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to fore-think. *Vorbürst*, *adj.* fore; front; anterior; *die v-b. Reihe*, the fore-rank, first rank; *der v-b. Theil*, forepart.

Vorbürst, *in comp.* —*achse*, *f.* fore-axle-tree; —*ansicht*, *f.* front view; —*arm*, *m.* forepart of the arm, fore-arm; —*ast*, *n.* anterior Asia; —*büschel*, *n.* *Privat* front, face of the wedge; —*büschel*, *f.* forepart of the cheek; —*bein*, *m.* *Werv.* breast-beam; —*blatt*, *n.* 1) a) forepart of a woven stocking; b) that part of a shoe or boot that covers the foot from the instep to the toes; 2) or —*bus*, *m.* shoulder, fore-quarter of an animal; —*bus*, *f.* *see* *Vorbürst*; —*büschel*, *f.* *see* *Vorbürst*; *Mar.-s.* —*castell*, *m.* forecastle; —*bed*, *n.* fore-

deck; —*bede*, *f.* Neck. fore-post (of a loom); —*eifen*, *n.* fore-shoe (of a horse); —*faden*, *m.* *Wass.* front thread; —*finger*, *m.* forefinger; —*käpfe*, *f.* Archit. face, surface; —*klagge*, *f.* *Mar.* flag on the bowsprit; —*kleid*, *n.* *Shoe*. m. fore-end of a sole; —*kuß*, *n.* *Entom.* fore-wing, anterior wing; —*kuß*, *m.* forefoot, in-step; der *kuß* —*kuß* (eines Pferdes), *Man.* the near foot (of a horse); —*gang*, *m.* Archit. front-corridor; —*gebäude*, *n.* forepart of a building, front-building; —*gebirge*, *see* *Vor-gebirge*; —*gehäse*, *n.* *Sport.* forepart of a hare; —*geschirr*, *n.* 1) breast-leather or forepart of a horse's harness, poitral; 2) lead or leading-harness (of a carriage and four); —*geschl.*, *m.* *Wass.* m. forepart of a wagon or coach; fore-carriage (of a plough); —*glad*, *n.* *see* *Objectinglas*; —*glied*, *n.* 1) fore-knife; front; 2) *Leg.* subject; —*graben*, *m.* front-ditch; *Port.* outer-fosse; —*grund*, *m.* fore-ground; —*gürtel*, *m.* *Gunn.* neck of a cannon; —*haar*, *n.* front-hair, forelock; —*haub*, *f.* 1) *Anat.* wrist, metacarpus; 2) *Man.* forehead; —*häupt*, *m.* forepart of the head, forehead; *Anat.* sinciput; —*hauptscheitel*, *n.* *Anat.* 1) parietal bone; 2) sincipital bone; —*haus*, *n.* fore-house; —*heiß*, *m.* *Metall.* receiver; —*heiß*, *m.* fore-court, fore-yard; —*huß*, *m.* a horse's toe; —*indien*, *n.* India proper, Western India; —*irnte*, *f.* *Buch.* fore-quarter (of meat); —*kleid*, *m.* *Mar.* rake-foremost; —*kuß*, *n.* (eines Pferdes) knee of the forefoot (of a horse, &c.); —*kuß*, *m.* 1) *see* —*kuß*; 2) *T.* (Bühnenstr.) cut-water (of a pier); —*ladung*, *f.* muzzle-loading; —*ladungsgewicht*, *m.* muzzle-loading-gun (coll. —*heber*, *m.* muzzle-loader), *opp.* *Hintersladungsgewicht*; —*lauf*, *m.* 1) *Gunn.* m. fore-end of the barrel; 2) *Sport.* fore-leg; —*loge*, *f.* front-box; —*mann*, *m.* 1) front-man; 2) *see* *Bormann*; 3) —*maß*, *m.* *Mar.* foremost; —*mauer*, *f.* front-wall; —*muskel*, *m.* *Anat.* anterior muscle; —*naß*, *f.* fore-seam; —*österreich*, *n.* *Geogr.* anterior Austria; —*pferd*, *n.* fore-horse, pl. leaders; —*rad*, *n.* fore-wheel, pl. leading-wheels (*opp.* *Hinterräder*); —*raß*, *f.* *Gunn.* m. fore-notch or stay (on a gunlock); —*raum*, *m.* *Mar.* fore-hold; —*reife*, *f.* fore-rank; —*rhein*, *m.* further Rhine; —*ried*, *n.* 1) commencement of a marsh; 2) *Wass.* front-reed; —*riß*, *m.* 1) *see* *Brustriß*; 2) *Entom.* thorax, corselet; —*ruhe*, *f.* *T.* (einer Zugamme) guide-post (*Herold*); —*saß*, *m.* 1) *Gramm.* antecedent, protasis; 2) *Leg.* antecedent, proposition of an argument; *die* —*saße*, the premises; —*schiff*, *m.* forepart of a gun-stock; —*schanze*, *f.* *Fort.* advanced line; —*schädel*, *m.* 1) *Anat.* a) *see* *Unterhäufel*; b) forepart of the thigh; 2) foreleg (of a quadruped); —*schiff*, *n.* 1) head or prow of a ship; 2) first or leading ship; —*schinken*, *m.* spring or hand of pork; —*schmitt*, *m.* Bookb. gutter of a book; —*schuß*, *m.* fore-skirt; —*schuß*, *m.* *see* *Oberschützer*; —*segel*, *n.* *Mar.* foresail, headsail; —*seite*, *f.* fore-side, face; façade, front; *Numm.* face, obverse; —*stüß*, *m.* front-seat; —*spann*, *m.* *Mar.* loof-frame; —*sporn*, *m.* *T.* fore-staff (of the goldbeaters); —*spring*, *m.* *Wass.* upper shoot; —*raub*, *m.* *Gunn.* astragal of a cannon.

Vorberste, *adj.* (*superl.* of *Borber*) foremost.

Vorber..., *in comp.* —*besen*, *m.* *Mar.* stem; beak-(head) cut-water; —*stich*, *m.* *See.* &c. running stich (*opp.* *Rückstich*); —*stube*, *f.* front-room; —*stück*, *n.* front-piece; —*tafel*, *m.* *T.* top-book; —*teil*, *n.* & *m.* forepart; fore-head (of a horse); —*teil* eines Schiffes, *Mar.* head, prow; —*thor*, *n.* front-gate; —*thür*, *f.* front-door; —*treffen*, *n.* *Nil.* van, van-guard, front or first line; —*viertel*, *n.* fore-quarter; —*wagen*, *m.* fore-carriage;

—*wand*, *f.* 1) front of a wall; 2) *Print.* face (of the wedge); —*wunde*, *f.* wound in front; —*zahn*, *m.* foretooth, front-tooth; —*zange*, *f.* *Join.* side-screw; —*zimmer*, *n.* *see* —*stube*; —*zwiesel*, *m.* *Saddl.* front-fork.

Vorbes, *adv.* t. formerly (*Borber*).

Vorberichten, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to portend, to prognosticate; *v-d*, *p. a.* ominous. — *Vorberichtung*, (*n.*) *f.* prognostication, prognostic, augury.

Vorbringen, (*str.*) *m.* (*Grimm*, *Wh.* *Vorr.* XXVII; *L. u.*) *see* *Vorbringen*, *v. s.*

Vorbrängen, (*n.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to press or crowd forward; to be obtrusive; *sich v-d*, obtrusive; *sich nicht v-d*, unobtrusive.

Vorbrecher, (*str.*) *m.* first thrasher.

Vorbringen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) to push on, advance; to penetrate; *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s.* 1) advance, onward course; 2) obtrusion. — *Vorbringlich*, *adj.* eager to get before others, obtrusive.

Vorbrud, (*str.*) *m.* 1) first pressure; 2) *Print.* first print, original print.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* 1) to print before another; 2) to prefix.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr. cont.* to play on a bagpipe, to sing in a droning voice, &c. before one, cf. *Dubeln*.

Vorbrücke, (*n.*) *f.* *Mar.* first part of the ebb.

Vorbrück, (*str.*) *n.* *Law.* oath of probity.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to reserve.

Vorbrücke, (*n.*) *f.* over-haste, precipitation.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) to hasten before, to fore-run, outrun; to anticipate; *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s.* *Steam.* lead (of the slide).

Vorbrückenwinkel, (*n.*) *m.* lead-angle.

Vorbrücken, *I. adj.* forward, rash, precipitate, overhasty; *II. B.-heit*, (*n.*) *f.* forwardness, rashness, precipitation.

Vorbrückensinn, *I. adj.* prepossessed (in favour of ...), &c., *see* *Eingenommen*; *II. B.-heit*, (*n.*) *f.* *see* *Eingenommenheit*.

Vorbrückensinn, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to preoccupy; to prepossess.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *n.* coultter.

Vorbrücken, *adj.* ancestral. — *Vorbrücken*, pl. ancestors, forefathers, progenitors.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to perceive beforehand, anticipate, foresee, surmise, divine (cf. *Ähnern*). — *Vorbrückung*, (*n.*) *f.* anticipation, &c.

Vorbrücke, (*irr.*, *sing.* *str.*, pl. *n.*) *n.* end of a field or meadow next to a pasture-ground.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to withhold, detain, to keep back or from, to keep (one) out of; *gemäßam —*, *Law.* to deference.

Vorbrückung, (*n.*) *f.* the (act of) withholding, detention; *Law.* deferment, detainer.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*, pl. *Vorbrücken*) *m.* previous plan, sketch.

Vorbrücke, *s. Law.* *I.* (*n.*) *m.* heir, who has something bequeathed him of an inheritance over and above the share of his coheirs; *II. (str.) n.* portion of an estate which falls to one of the coheirs over and above his equal share with the rest. — *Vorbrücken*, (*n.*) *v. intrans.* to inherit part of an inheritance over and above one's share with the coheirs.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to promonish, to admonish or remark beforehand, to premise.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* 1) promonition, promonishment; 2) preamble, preliminary discourse, previous remark, preface.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* first or early part of the harvest.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to foreordain, predestinate.

Vorbrücken, *adv.* firstly, before all, first of all.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to forththink, consider beforehand.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to pre-elect. —

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* pre-election, predestination, pre-determination.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to mention afore, to fore-allege; *Vorbrücken*, *p. a. adj.* aforementioned, aforesaid, before-quoted, before-alleged.

[*Mar.* cap of the foresail.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*, pl. *B.-hüupter*) *n.*

Vorbrücken, (*irr.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to eat beforehand; 2) to anticipate in eating; 3) *fig.* to spend what is not (yet) earned; *Vorbrücken*, *fore-spent*; *II. intrans.* to eat before (another), to precede. — *Vorbrücken*, *s. (str.) n.* introductory course or dish; first course of meat.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* *see* *Vorbringen*.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *m.* predecessor; progenitor, pl. ancestors, forefathers.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* 1) (*aux.* *sein* & *haben*) to drive up to a place; to pull up (at a gate, &c.); *laß —*, order the carriage to the gate (the staircase, &c.); 2) (*aux.* *sein*) a) to drive before a person; b) to outstrip or outdo in driving.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*, pl. *Borbrücke*) *m.* 1) a) the (act of) falling forward; b) *Med.* prolapse (of the uterus, of the crystalline lens, &c.), delapation; c) *Watch*. m. lifting pieces (in a clock), detent; 2) *fig.* (†: *Vorbrückenheit*, [*n.* / *f.*]) occurrence, incident, accident, event; —*Brücken*, *n.* *Watch*. m. detent-pin.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to fall forward; 2) *fig.* to occur, happen, arrive, to go on, to come to pass; *Wenn etwas — fällt*, upon an emergency; *bei v-d Gelegenheit*, when (if) opportunity offers.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to preconcieve.

Vorbrücken, pl. afore-tide; —*sonntag*, *m.* quinquagesima, the last sunday before Lent.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*with* *Dad.*) 1) to perform the office of the usher of a fencing-school; to instruct in fencing; 2) to surpass (one) in fencing; 3) to lead the combat. — *Vorbrücken*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) usher of a fencing-school, assistant to a fencing-master; 2) leader of the combat; 3) *fig.* protagonist, champion.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.*, *Borbrücken*, (*str.*) *n.* previous solemnity or celebration; eve before a festival.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* *T.* rough file.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *n.* outside-window (*Doppelfenster*).

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *n.*, *Borbrücken*, (*n.*) *f.* a preliminary firing or heating; *Arbeitsmann*, &c. stifled or choked fire. [fore one.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr. cont.* to saddle be.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to find, to meet with, to light upon; *sich —*, to be met with; to be on hand; to be forthcoming.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aux.* *sein*) to fly before; to out-fly.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* right of the first float.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* (*Einen etwas*) to whisper (something) to (one).

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* young flood, fore-tide. — *Vorbrücken*, (*str.*) *m.* *Mill.* mill-trough (*Obergut*).

[frame, slabbing-frame.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *m.* *Wass.* coarse-roving.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to cite, summon; (*mit Strafandrohung*) to subpoena. — *Vorbrücken*, (*n.*) *f.* citation, summons, subpoena.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* model. [pans.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* preliminary question.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *f.* anticipated joy.

Vorbrücken, (*irr.*) *m.* preliminaries of peace.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* *Law.* principal creditor.

Vorbrücken, *adj.* premature.

Vorbrücken, (*str.*) *m.* early spring.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* & *intrans.* to foresee, perceive, beforehand, cf. *Vorbrücken*.

Vorbrücken, (*n.*) *v. tr.* to bring, carry, or lead before, to produce. — *Vorbrücken*,

(u.) f. the (act of) bringing, &c. before; adduction. [article of an inventory.]

Vorhand, (str.) m. inventory; **V-hand**, n. **Vorhand**, (u.) f. 1) preliminary gift; 2) bill, &c. points or odds given, advantage; 3) see **Vorgehen**, v. s.

Vorgang, (str., pl. **Vorgänge**) m. 1) the (act of) going before, &c.; 2) model, example; 3) precedence, precedence; 4) precedent; 5) occurrence, incident, event, transaction; process; 6) see **Vorlauf**, s.; 7) Chem. faints; — der **Gläubiger**, priority among creditors; **V-recht**, n. right of priority or precedence, prior-claim, prior right.

Vorgänger, (str.) m. 1) one that goes before or leads the way; 2) predecessor; 3) see **Vormann**, s.; 4) Mar. forerunner of the cable, of the log-line. [see **Vorläufig**, 1.]

Vorgängig, adj. previous, preliminary.

Vorgarn, (str.) n. Weav. roving.

Vorgaukeln, (u.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to put a trick upon (one), to juggle; ein **vorgaukelter Gewinn**, a make-believe profit.

Vorgelände, (str.) n. forepart of a building, entry, porch, vestibule.

Vorgelien, (str.) v. tr. 1) (with *Dul.*) to put, place, or the before; 2) to impose (a law, &c. upon); 3) to give an advantage in any game (as at billiards), to give points or odds; 3) *fig.* a) to, to utter, advance, assert; b) to sham, pretend, feign; to plead; *das* —, (str.) v. s. a saying, pretence, pretext; unter dem —, on pretence. [forbarn.]

Vorgelieten, (str.) v. tr. *provinc.* see **Vor-**
Vorgelirge, (str.) n. 1) foreland, head-land; promontory, cape; 2) hills of the foot of a chain of mountains; *das Grüne* —, *Geogr.* Cape Verd; die Inseln des **Grünen** **V-s**, Cape Verd Islands. [sham.]

Vorgelüß, adj. pretended; would-be, coll.

Vorgelüß, adj. elder-born.

Vorgelüß, (str.) n. *provinc.* for **Vorfor-**
derung. [2] pretension.

Vorgelung, (u.) f. 1) see **Vorgabe**, 1 & 2;

Vorgelung, (u.) f. 1) anterior birth;

2) child born before another.

Vorgelung, adj. foreallotted, foremen-

tioned, foresaid.

Vorgelung, p. a. preconceived.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. see **Vortreffen**, 2.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. presentiment.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. tr. (aus. sein) 1) a) to go before or first, to take the lead, to precede, see **Voran gehen**; b) to proceed; to advance; mit **strenge** **Vorgelung**, to proceed to more (or to adopt) rigorous measures; 2) to go forth, see **Vervorgehen**, 1; 3) a) to overtop; to jut out; to stand out; to show; to come to be seen (of articles of dress); b) to overlap; 4) to go or be too fast (of a watch), to gain; meine Uhr geht jeden Tag eine Viertelstunde vor, my watch gains a quarter of an hour every day; 5) (Einem) a) to outgo, to walk faster than (another); b) *fig.* to precede, surpass, excel; to have the preference or precedence (of); **Vorgelung** gehen vor, dann erst das **Vorgelung**, business first, pleasure afterwards; 6) (Einem) to serve as an example (to another); 7) to go on, to happen, to pass, to come to pass, &c. cf. **Vorfallen**, 2; 8) see **Voraussetzen**, 1, 2; 9) es geht mir vor, *provinc.* I have a presentiment (of ...), cf. **Vorahnung**, 1; *das* —, (str.) v. s. 1) the (act of) going before, &c., cf. **Vorgang**; 2) (mode of) proceeding; action, measures.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. preaudience.

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to play (on the violin) before one.

Vorgelung, (str.) m. first violin, leader of the violins. [that takes the lead.]

Vorgelung, (u.) f. *provinc.* goat or chamolus

Vorgelung, adj. *Archit.* corbelled out.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. 1) *Archit.* gear; mit **Stirnradern**, spur-gear; — mit **Stodgetriebe**, trundle and wallower, see-wheel and trundle; 2) *Hydr.* gutter, jack-rafter. [right.]

Vorgelung, (str.) n. *provinc.* Law, nearer **Vorgelung**, (str.) v. tr. to prevail, to be prevalent. [chamber.]

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-mächer**) n. ante-

Vorgelung, (str.) n. sketch.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. *provinc.* a. a. afore-

mentioned. [enjoyment.]

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-näße**) m. anticipated

Vorgelung, (str.) n. *provinc.* *cont.* preamble.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. 1) spoon-meat, first

dish; 2) *Law*, inferior court of justice.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-länge**) m. 1) a pre-

luding with the voice; 2) a leading of the choir.

Vorgelung, (u.) f. previous history.

Vorgelung, adj. prehistoric.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-länge**) m. *provinc.*

Vorgelung, (str.) n. van of a foot.

Vorgelung, p. a. (Einem) put before or

over (one); **V-r**, m. & f. (*decl.* *like* adj.) su-

perior, head.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. T. lid that covers

the keyhole of a safety lock, lock security.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. T. roughs, slab-

bining. [variation; previous dialogue.]

Vorgelung, (str.) n. introductory con-

Vorgelung, p. a. cf. **Vorgelung**; ein

Vorgelung, *Archit.* a small semicircular jutting or arch.

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. 1) see **Vorbill-**

Vorgelung, 2; 2) to represent to the mind.

Vorgelung, adv. the day before yesterday.

Vorgelung, adj. happened or done the day

before yesterday. [a gallery.]

Vorgelung, (str.) n. *Min.* first bore in

Vorgelung (*pr.* — *mär*), (str.) n. *See*, pro-

polla, a glutinous substance with which bees

close the holes and crannies of their hives.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. see **übergewicht**, 2.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. profit made before-

hand. [front gable end.]

Vorgelung, (str.) n. *Archit.* frontispiece,

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. 1) to shine forth;

2) to outshine; 3) to shine as an example

(before another).

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-gräben**) m. *Forst.*

fore-ditch, first ditch or fosse.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. tr. 1) to stretch

out (of horses); 2) Sport. to find out the last

track (said of pointers); 3) (Einem) *fig.* a) to

anticipate, forestall; to preoccupy; b) to en-

croach upon one's rights. — **Vorgelung**,

adj. anticipatory, by anticipation. — **Vor-**

griff, (str.) m. 1) anticipation, &c.; 2) en-

croachment. [ground.]

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-gründe**) m. fore-

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. to poop out or forth.

Vorgelung, f. see **Vorliche**.

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. to sing or pipe

(Einem, to one).

Vorgelung, (u.) v. tr. to gird on in front.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. tr. 1) coll. to have

(something) before one; to wear (an apron,

&c.); 2) coll. to call to account, to take to

task, to examine, try; to rebuke, reprimand;

3) a) to be at or about, to be engaged in;

b) to design, intend, purpose (**Vorbedingen**);

to propose; du hast gewisse etwas **Vor** vor,

you certainly mean some harm; was hast du

mit ihm vor? 1. what do you intend doing

with him? 2. what are you quarrelling about

with him?

Vorgelung, s. (str.) n. 1) engagement,

business, undertaking; 2) plan, scheme, pro-

ject, intention, design, purpose; *des* **V-s** sein,

see **Vorhaben**, v. s. b.

Vorgelung, (u.) f. porch; entrance-hall;

auto-temple (of a church).

Vorgelung, (str.) m. 1) see **Vorstellung**, 2;

2) support; reliance; 3) *Met.* suspension or

retardation.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to hold be-

fore, to hold forth or up to; er hielt ihm die

Uhr vor, he held the watch up to him; Einem

eine Pistole —, to clasp a pistol to one's breast;

fig. s. 2) to represent; 3) (Einem etwas) to

charge with, upbraid with, to reproach;

Einem seine Fehler, sein Vergehen &c. —, to

remonstrate with one; II. *intr.* coll. to hold

out, to stand, to wear (well), to last; was

verbält, something substantial.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-hände**) f. 1) *Anat.*

wrist, fore-part of the hand; 2) *Met.* fore-

hand of a horse; 3) a) right hand, pre-

cedence; b) *Gam.* (at cards) eldest or leading

hand, lead (*opp.* **Vinterhand**, 2); Einem die —

lassen, (at cards) to give one the lead; die —

geben, to give the refusal; die — haben, to

have the refusal.

Vorgelung, adv. & adj. 1) at hand (cf.

Vorhand); ready; present; 2) extant, exist-

ing; forthcoming; — sein, to be (on hand), to

exist; to be met with; nicht — sein, to be

wanting; es ist Roth —, there is need.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. existence.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-länge**) m. curtain;

Theat. drop-scene; *See.* *Rel.* the veil (of

the tabernacle); — eines Altars, antependium;

der — fällt, the scene closes; *in comp.* **V-s**

bett, n. see **Vorhang**; **V-schalter**, n. curtain-

rod; — ring, m. curtain-ring; — stab, m.

— stange, f. curtain-rod.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. *intr.* 1) to hang be-

fore; 2) to jut out.

Vorgelung, (u., *comod.* str.) v. tr. & *intr.*

to hang before; v-de *Erde*, *Archit.* archad logg.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-schalter**) n. padlock.

Vorgelung, (u.) f. see **Vorjagd**.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. tr. 1) to how or cut

before another; 2) to prepare by hewing or

cutting; to rough-hew; 3) (Einem x.) to

outdo or surpass in cutting.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-häupter**) n. fore-

part of the head, forehead; *Anat.* nuchal.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-häupter**) n. fore-

house, hall, vestibule.

Vorgelung, (str., pl. **V-häute**) n. *Anat.* fore-

skin, prepice; — band, n. frunulum, bridge;

— euge, — perre, f. phimosia.

Vorgelung, (str.) v. tr. see **Vervorgehen**.

Vorgelung, (str.) n. shirt-front, waist-

shirt, coll. dickey, smicoket; habit-shirt (with

ladies).

Vorgelung, I. (**Vorgelung**, when opposed to **Vor-**

griff) adv. before; previously; beforehand; II. *in comp.* beforehand, pro ...; — be-
denken, to consider beforehand; to premeditate; — be-
denken, see **Vorbedenken**; — beschließen, to
predetermine; — beschließen, 1) see **Vorbestim-**
mung; 2) to settle beforehand; — beschließen,
f. see **Vorbestimmung**; — befehlen, n. pre-exist-
ence; — ermahnen, to pre-admonish; — gehen,
I. (*adv.*) v. *intr.* (aus. sein) to forego; to pre-
cede; to be previous; — gegangen, p. a. see
Vorgelung; — gehen, p. a. preceding, fore-
going, former, previous; *Met.* prodromic;
— sage, — sagung, f. foresaying, foretelling;
— sagen, to foretell, predict, prophesy; —
sagen, — sehen, to foresee, foreknow; —
sagen, — sehen, to announce beforehand, to fore-
tell, predict, forebode; — verständigung, f.
prediction, prophecy, foreboding; — wissen,
n. foreknowledge, prescience.

Vorgelung, (str.) m. early autumn.

Vorgelung, (str.) m. *Metall.* forepart of a

hearth; breast-pan (of a blast-furnace).

Vorgelung, adj. preceding, previous, for-

ward; **Vorgelung**, see **Vorher**.

Vorgelung, (u.) f. supreme rule or

power, leadership, predominance (Prinzipat, Hegemonie). — **Vorherrſchen**, (w.) v. *intr.* to predominate, prevail; v-b, *adj.* predominant, prevailing, prevalent.

Vorheucheln, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to act the hypocrite (before a person), to pretend, feign.

Vorheulen, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to trouble with weeping, crying, or whining.

Vorhies, (str.) m. the outing before to mark a thing.

Vorhimmel, (str.) m. entrance into heaven, first heaven; foretaste of heaven.

Vorhin, *adv.* 1) before, heretofore; 2) a little while ago.

Vorhinein (less usual **Vornhinein**), *adv.* *provinc.* (particul. *Aust.*) see Voraus; im —, beforehand. [*Früher*, 2. *Vormalig*.]

Vorhinwig, *adj.* (l. u.) former, late, see Vorhuf, (str., pl. *V-höfe*) m. 1) *Archit.* fore-yard, fore-court, entry, porch; 2) *Anat.* vestibule; auricle (of the heart); *V-ögang*, m., *V-ötrappe*, f. the superior spiral cavity of the cochlea (*Scala vestibuli*).

Vorhölle, (w.) f. cave before something or another cave.

Vorhölzer, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to fetch out; 2) *Mar.* die Schoten —, to haul the sheets home; die Mast- und Brumſchoten —, to tally the sheets fast aft. — **Vorhölzer**, (str.) m. girl-line.

Vorhölle, (w.) f. entrance into hell, limbo.

Vorhöle, (str., pl. *V-höler*) n. thicket or copse in front of (or before) a forest, purlieu.

Vorhügel, (str.) m. 1) eminence at the foot of a mountain; 2) projecting hill, spur.

Vorhut, (w.) f. 1) right of first pasturage; 2) *Mil.* vanguard.

Vorig, *adj.* former; last, preceding; v-*es* Jahr, last year; v-*e* Woche, last week; Ihr werthes Schreiben vom 4ten v-n Monats, your favour of the 4th ult. (ultimo).

Vorjagen, (w.) v. *tr.* to drive before, forth; II. *intr.* (with *Dat.*) 1) to hunt before (another); 2) (*aus.* *sein*) to outgallop (another); das —, (str.) v. s., or **Vorjäh**, (w.) f. right of hunting first or before. [*Jahr*.]

Vorjahr, (str.) m. 1) spring; 2) preceding

Vorjahrig, *adj.* of last year; ein v-*er* Kalender, a last year's almanack.

Vorjammern, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to lament or cry before one or in one's presence, to trouble one with lamenting or crying.

Vorjährl, *adj.* youngest but one. [*Jng.*]

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *intr.* 1) to calve first; 2) to cast the calf.

Vorjammern, (w.) f. 1) fore-chamber; anterior chamber, outer chamber; 2) *Anat.* auricle (of the heart).

Vorjampf, (str., pl. *V-jämpfe*) m. see Vortreffen, 2. — **Vorjämpfen**, (w.) v. *intr.* see Vortreffen, 3. — **Vorjämpfer**, (str.) m. see Vortreffter, 2 & 3. [*bran*-chest.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähren*) m. *Mil.*

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to chew for a child; 2) *fig.* (Einem etwas) to repeat over and over (in order to make a thing plain to a person, &c.).

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre*) m. 1) pre-emption, forestalling, forestalment; 2) (*W-recht*, n.) right of pre-emption; *V-öberechtigt*, p. a. having a right of pre-emption; *V-öge* (it, n. pre-emption-law. — **Vorjahren**, (w.) v. *intr.* to forestal — **Vorjähren**, (str.) m. forestaller.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. see Vortreffung.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) *T.* to turn forwards; *fig.* 2) to take precautionary or preventive measures; to predispose, provide; 3) to use, make use of, to plead; to urge the plea of (necessity, &c.).

Vorjahren, (w.) f. predisposition, pre-

ventive measure, precaution; *V-en* treffen, to make provisions, to take measures, see Vortreffen, 2; in comp. *V-smittel*, n. preventive, preservative; *V-weise*, *adv.* by way of precaution.

Vorjahren, (str.) m. *T.* fore-lock key.

Vorjahren, (str.) f. preparatory information, introductory or preliminary knowledge, pl. rudiments, first elements of a science, &c.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähren*) n. 1) child of the first marriage; 2) child got before marriage. [*vestibulo*.]

Vorjahren, (w.) f. porch of a church, *Vorjahren, (w.) f. *T.* strengthen or lining of an embankment with brushwood, &c.*

Vorjahren, (w.) f. anticipation of a complaint or charge. — **Vorjahren**, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to complain of; to utter complaints in a person's presence.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähren*) m. sound louder than or preceding another.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) coll. to strum or thrum a tune to one.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *intr.* to sound louder than the rest, to be more audible.

Vorjahren, *adj.* forward, cf. *Vorwärts*.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to try to impose on one by specious arguments.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) (Einem) 1) to come before a person; 2) a) to come sooner than another; to get before, to outrun; to get the start of one; b) see *Vorvorkommen*, 1; 3) coll. for *Vorvorkommen*; 4) a) to be admitted, to come to the presence of; b) to call at or on ...; 5) *Comm.* to be presented (said of bills of exchange); bei —, on presentation; *fig.* 6) to happen, occur; to arise; to befall; *Eisen kommt dort nicht vor*, iron is not met with or found there; 7) a) to fall in one's way, to offer; b) to be taken in hand, to be heard, tried, discussed; c) to come to one's knowledge; coll.-s. ein solcher Vorkommnis ist mir noch nie vorgekommen, I never came across such a villain; so etwas ist mir noch nicht vorgekommen, I never saw the like of it; d) *veralt.* kommt täglich vor, it is a circumstance of daily occurrence; we see daily instances of this; Dinge, die uns schon lange nicht vorgekommen waren, things to which we had long been strangers; es kommt mir nicht vor, it does not fall in my way; v-*den* Fall, bei v-*der* Gelegenheit, 1. opportunity serving; when occasion offers; 2. upon an emergency; noch nie vorgekommen, unprecedented; 3) to seem, appear; to strike; es kommt mir vor, als wenn ..., I have an impression, a notion that ...; wie mir vorkommt, as I take it.

Vorjahren, v. s. (str.) n. *Nat.*, &c. an object occurring or found in a certain locality, particul. a (geological, &c.) specimen.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. 1) or **Vorjahren**, (str.) n. (d. f.) (t. d.) *provinc.* occurrence, see *Vorfall*; 2) see *Vorkommen*, v. s.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) 1) to be able to come forth or out; 2) to be able to come on or forwards, to be able to advance.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre*) m. 1) fore-part of the head; 2) (*S. G.*) French casement.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. spoon-meat, greens; grain and flower.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* to forestall.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *intr.* *Archit.* to jut out, to project. — **Vorjahren**, (w.) f. a jutting, projection.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre*) m. *Med.* tetanus in which the body is drawn forward, emprosthotonia.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. *Spin.* breaking-card, rough-card. — **Vorjahren**, (w.) f. epurator for cotton.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* see *Vorkommen*, 3.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. foreknowledge, pre-

science. [*procedent*.]

Vorjahren, *adj.* knowing the future,

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* to feign, sham, simulate.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *tr.* to cite, summon; (bei *Etrafe*) to subpoena. — **Vorjahren**, (str.) m. 1) summoner; 2) *Gen.-m.* see *Vordere-ladungsgericht*.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. 1) citation, summons; subpoena; 2) see *Vordere-ladung*; in comp. *V-ö* befehl, m., *V-ö* schreiben, n. citatory letter, writ; *V-ö* gewehr, n. see *Vordere-ladung*, 2.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. 1) what is put before another thing; 2) proposal submitted to an assembly, &c. for discussion; 3) model, &c. to be copied; 4) see *Vorspann*; 5) see *Seni* (Schacht); 6) *Bauk.*, &c. jutting; 7) *Mar.* projection; 8) *Chem.* recipient, receiver, receiving vessel. [*the camp*.]

Vorjahren, (str.) n. *Mil.* front or head of

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to stammer or lisp to a person.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre* & *V-jähre*) n. foreland, anterior land; die *V-ö*, (formerly) the Austrian provinces in Sualia.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* to reach forth.

Vorjahren, *adv.* long ago, long since, a great while ago.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre*) m. 1) admittance, access; 2) *Phic.* lure; 3) see *Vorkommis*; 4) see *Vorkauf*.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *tr.* 1) a) to suffer to go or come forward; b) to give the precedence; 2) to admit before a person, to give access; ich wurde (vor ihm) vorgelassen, I was admitted to see him (or to his presence). — **Vorjahren**, (w.) f. 1) a giving precedence to, &c.; 2) admittance, access.

Vorjahren, *adj.* *Mar.* overburdened in the prow or forepart, by the head; das Schiff ist zu —, the ship is too much by the head.

Vorjahren, (w.) f. *Archit.* piazza, portico.

Vorjahren, (str., pl. *V-jähre*) m. 1) start (of one running a race); 2) +, forerunner, precursor; herald; 3) a) *Dist.* first running (of a still), the first or strongest of distilled spirits, low wines; b) unpressed wine; — von Lohmoß, strong cider.

Vorjahren, (str.) v. *intr.* (*aus.* *sein*) 1) to run before or forward; 2) (Einem) to outrun, overtake, outwalk; beim Bilde —, *Sport.* to get before the game; 3) *fig.* to surpass.

Vorjahren, (str.) m. 1) precursor, forerunner; 2) *fig.* a) pioneer; b) messenger, harbinger; die *Vorjahren* waren die —, noch größerer Veränderung, these changes ushered in still greater change; 3) see *Vorgänger*, 4; 4) *Railw.* pilot-engine.

Vorjahren, *adj.* 1) preliminary, previous; 2) provisional; *adv.* (in the) mean time, *ad interim*; v-*er* überschlag, rough estimate; — dicke Shen zur Nachricht, we beg to offer this as a preliminary advice, for the present we have to state; v-*e* Angabe beim Zoll, prime entry.

Vorjahren, *adj.* 1) over-loud; 2) forward, hasty, indiscreet, inconsiderate, pert, saucy; v-*es* Wesen, forwardness. [*than* ...]

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *intr.* to sound stronger

Vorjahren, (w.) f. *in comp.* —blatt, n. copy; pattern; —blätter, n. *Dist.* worm-tub; —lelle, f. ladle, alio; —lelle, m. soup-ladle; —messer, n. carving-knife.

Vorjahren, (w.) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) 1) a) to put or place before, to put to; b) to put on (a pedlock, &c.); c) *Spin.* to put on the feeding-cloth, to prepare; d) ein Gebirge —, to frame a truss; 2) to carve, to serve with, to help to; soll ich Ihnen etwas Vordere —? shall I help you to some venison? to give

(straw, &c. to the cattle; *Ag. s.* 3) to lay before, submit; to expose, show; produce, exhibit; 4) to propose or propound (a question, measure, &c.), to put (a question); *einen Vortriller* — Chem. to apply a recipient.

Vorleg(e), *in comp.* — *schlaß*, *n.* padlock; — *isch*, *n.* Spinn. feeding-cloth; — *werf*, *n.* see *Vorlege*.

Vorlegung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting before, &c.; 2) submission; exposition; production; exhibition; *gerichtlich* —, discovery.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to lean forward. **Vorleiste**, (*w.*) *f.* introductory or preliminary information. [Naun. 2.]

Vorleier, (*w.*) *v. tr.* see *Vorleier* & *Vorleier*, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* fore-leech (of a stay-sail), hoist.

Vorles, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vorfrühling*. **Vorlese**, *adj.* that may be read (to others).

Vorlese, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the beginning of the vintage; 2) privilege to gather grapes before others.

Vorlesen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to gather before another; 2) to read (out); to *sch* (*Dist.*) — *lassen*, to be read to; *ich ließ es mir* —, I had it read to me; *Vorleser* —, Comm. to call over entries. [2] lecturer, reader.

Vorleser, (*str.*) *m.* 1) reader, prolector; **Vorlesung**, (*w.*) *f.* reading, (academic) prolection, lecture (*über* *Wißh. Acad.*); on; *Ern* halten über, to read (or deliver) lectures, to lecture (upon). [timate.]

Vorleste, *adj.* last but or save one, penult. **Vorlesten**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem*) 1) to carry a light before; 2) to shine before; 3) to outshine; 4) *Ag.* to be a pattern to, to set an example (to).

Vorlieb, *adj.* see *Vorlieb*. **Vorliebe**, (*w.*) *f.* predilection, preference.

Vorliegen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lie before, to be placed before a thing; 2) to lie in front, to lie foremost; 3) *Ag.* (*Einem*) to be submitted (to one) for inspection, &c.; to be in hand; to be under discussion, &c.; *hier liegt ein Irrthum vor*, there is some mistake here; *das v-b* *Vorl.* *Fort.* advanced work; *der v-b* *Ergebnis*, the matter in question or in hand; *der v-b* *Gall*, the present case; *das v-b* *Armee*, (*in milder*) arm presentation.

Vorlippe, (*w.*) *f.* red part of the lip, fore-lip. **Vorleib**, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vorleib*, 2. [lip.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to tell (one) lies. **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) *coll.* to put, place, or fasten before; to tie or put on (an apron, &c.); 2) to do a thing before (another person) that he may imitate it, to show (one) how to do (a thing); 3) to put a trick upon, to deceive, to impose upon (one).

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* *Nat.* ante-stomach. **Vorleihen**, (*str.*) *m.* first mower. **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *tr.* to mow first or before.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to draw or paint before (another); to instruct in painting; 2) *Ag.* (*Einem* *etwas*) *a)* to represent in (glowing, &c.) colours, to depict; *b)* see *Vorleihen*. **Vorleihen**, *adj.* former, see *Vorleihen*.

Vorleihen, *adv.* formerly, in former times, heretofore.

Vorleihen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* 1) *a)* man placed in the front or in first line, (file-leader); *b)* (in factories, &c.) foreman; *c)* (in a boat) strokesman; *d)* *Comm.* elder hand; 2) any one preceding another; — *eines* *Industrien*, *Comm.* previous or preceding indormer; *halten Sie sich an Ihren Indormer* —, look to or come upon your indormer.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to forestal. **Vorleihen**, (*sing.* *str.*, *pl.* *n.*) *m.* *Mar.-s.* foretop; *in comp.* — *fall*, *m.* foretop-sail

hullards; — *lefege*, *n.* foretop studding-sail; — *raa*, *f.* foretop-yard; — *fege*, *n.* foretop-sail. [advance.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* *Nat.* **Vorleihen**, *adj.* *Comm.* *Pol. coll.* what-ever took place or existed before the revolution of March 1848, especially used by the liberal party to denote reactionary ministries, &c.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *n.* standard measure. **Vorleihen**, *l.* (*sing.* *str.*, *pl.* *w.*) *m.* see *Vorleihen*; *ll.* (*w.*) *f.* *Huss.* first fattening.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a)* front wall, outward or outer wall; *b)* retaining-wall; 2) *Ag.* barricade, bar, bulwark. [in front of.]

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wall before or **Vorleihen**, *adj.* *coll.* loud-mouthed, cf. *Vorlaut*, 2. [steeping-brough.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* *Brau.*, &c. **Vorleihen**, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vorleihen*, 1.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mark, to minute, jot, or note down; *jum* *Vorleihen* —, to put up for sale; *ein* *Vorleihen* *jur* *Rechnung* —, to put (up) a vessel for freight. — **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* note, memorandum; *wodan* *ich* *gleich* *lautende* — *nachtr* or *mach*, of which I accordingly take note.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) 1) to measure before a person; 2) to measure out to a person.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* forenoon; *V-b*, *adv.* in the forenoon; *heute* —, this day before noon. — **Vorleihen**, *adj.* in (of) the forenoon, antemeridian.

Vorleihen, *in comp.* — *getreide*, *m.* morning service; — *prediger*, *m.* morning preacher; — *predigt*, *f.* morning sermon; — *schule*, *f.* morning school; — *stunde*, *f.* 1) hour in the (of the or before) noon; 2) morning lesson; — *wache*, *f.* *Mar.* noon-watch; — *zeit*, *f.* morning-time.

Vorleihen, *f.* the time before midnight. — **Vorleihen**, *adj.* happening before midnight.

Vorleihen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* guardian; tutor; trustee; **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* female guardian, tutress. — **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* guardianship; trusteeship; tutorship. — **Vorleihen**, *adj.* belonging or relating to a guardian, guardian-like; tutelar, tutelary, pupillary.

Vorleihen, *in comp.* — *amt*, — *gericht*, *n.* court of ward; — *angelegenheit*, *f.* affair concerning a guardianship; — *gelber*, *pl.* money belonging to minors; — *ordnung*, *f.* regulations of a court of guardians; — *recht*, *n.* right of guardianship, wardship; — *sache*, *f.* affair of guardianship; — *stunde*, *f.* see — *amt*; — *wesen*, *n.* affairs or matters of guardianship.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to be obliged to go forward or forth.

Vorleihen, *adv.* before, in the forepart, *coll.* forward; in front; *von* —, 1. from before; in (the) front; 2. from the beginning, over again; *Nus. da capo*; anew or afresh; — *an*, in (the) front, at the beginning (in, off); — *heraus* *wohnen*, to reside in the front part of a house, to have front-rooms; *er wohnt zwei Treppen* — *heraus*, he lives in or rents a two pair or second-floor front or a front two pair; *von* — *herin*, 1. by the front-door; 2. *Ag.* at or from the beginning, at the outset, on the threshold; *coll.* *Marie hinten*, *Marie* —, *Mary here*, *Mary there*, and *Mary everywhere* or everything.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *f.* previous intelligence, preliminary news. [last night.]

Vorleihen, *adj.* of the night before, of **Vorleihen**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* pole-pin, tug-pin. [thing.]

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to nail before a **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) undertaking, taking up or in hand.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* (*kl.* *forename*, first name) christian-name.

Vorleihen, *adj.* 1) gentle, of note, of distinction, of rank, *coll.* of quality; of fashion; 2) distinguished above the rest, eminent; principal; primary; stately, superior; — *und* *gering*, gentle and simple; *ein v-tr* *Wurm*, a gentleman, a man of rank; *das v-tr* *franz.* high or fashionable life; *v-b* *Beize*, aristocratic behaviour or bearing, stateliness of behaviour, air of superiority; — *then*, *den* *Ern* *spicken*, to give one's self airs, to act or play the fine gentleman, to assume importance, to affect superiority; — *herablassend*, patronising, condescending.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take before one, to put before, to put on; 2) *Ag.* *a)* to take in hand, to do, to undertake; to proceed with; *wider* —, to resume, to renew an interrupted work; *b)* (*sich* [*Decl.*] *etwas*) to propose to one's self, to purpose (doing, &c.), to intend, design; to resolve, determine; 3) *coll.* *a)* to call to account, to take to task, to examine, try; *b)* to upbraid with, to chide, rebuke, reprimand.

Vorleihen, *s. s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) design, intention, plan; 2) resolution. [them, rank.] **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* gentility, distinction. **Vorleihen**, *adv.* chiefly, principally, especially, above all; mostly.

Vorleihen, *adj.* first, chief, foremost, principal, capital, most eminent, most excellent; leading; *die v-n*, the chief men, head men.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *refl.* to incline or bend forwards. — **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) inclination or bending forwards; 2) see *Vorleihen*.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to name to one. **Vorleihen**, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* (*L. n.*) *Gramm.* pronoun.

Vorleihen, *adv.* see *under* *Vor*. **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* preceding number or issue. [royal.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to play on the organ before or to one.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* one of the three capitals of Switzerland, which are charged by turn with the executive power of the Confederation (Zürich, Lucerne, and Bern).

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *n.* *Comm.* *Hied.* preliminary (or ante-)parliament, which met at Frankfurt (on the Main) after the March-Revolution of 1848.

Vorleihen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* 1) pass, dole in front of another; 2) *Law*, a passport granted on some previous occasion; — *sich*, *m.* button-hole stitch. [whistle to.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* fore-oddy.

Vorleihen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorleihen*) *m.* *Archit.* 1) landing place; 2) vestibule.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) to chat to, prattle, tattle to. [ranis.]

Vorleihen, *n.* *Geogr.* Citerior Pome-

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* about-sledge-

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* outguard, outpost, advanced post; — *dienst*, *m.* outpost duty; — *geleitet*, *n.* affair of advanced guards. [call.] **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *f.* *Reuf* mit —, *Comm.* **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) 1) to preach to or at, to sermonise; 2) *Ag.* to lecture (one on), inculcate (something on, to), *sam.* to din into one's ears. [to one.]

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to extol or laud **Vorleihen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem* *etwas*) *Nit.* to press forward too much.

Vorleihen, (*w.*) *f.* preliminary trial or examination.

Vorleihen, (*str.*) *m.* preliminary point.

Vorerschickung, (*indecl.*) *m.* *Präint. pro-raphaeliam.*

Vorragen, (*v.* *intr.* *coll.*) to be prominent, to jut or stand out, to beoile, project, cf. *Vorvortragen*. — **Vorragung**, (*w.* *f.*) prominence, projection.

Vorrang, (*str.*) *m.* 1) precedence, first place, foremost place, superiority, ascendance, mastery (*vor* *with* *Dat.*, cf.); 2) pre-eminence.

Vorrath, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorräthe*) *m.* store, stock (on hand), provision; supply; plenty; *zu viel, zu wenig* — haben, to be overstocked, understocked.

Vorräthig, *adj.* in store or stock, stored up, on hand; *v.-es Geld*, money in cash; — haben, to have on hand; *ich habe diesen Artikel nicht mehr* —, I am out or drained of this article; *es sind noch 200 Ballen davon* —, there are still 200 bales of it; *v.-er Bestand*, stock (on hand).

Vorräthig..., *in comp.* — *beispiet*, *f.* spare-draught-pole; — *gebäude*, *n.* — *immer* —, *haus*, *n.* store (ware-)house, magazine, depot; — *immer*, *f.* — *immer*, *n.* store-room; — *meister*, *m.* commissary of stores, of provisions; — *raum*, *m.* pantry; — *schlüssel*, *f.* *Hydr.* reserve-lock; — *schrank*, *m.* safe, pantry, meat-screen; — *vertheilung*, *n.* inventory; — *wagen*, *m.* *Rath.* tender.

Vorrechnen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (Einem etwas)) 1) to reckon before, to reckon to, to give an account; 2) to show (one) how to cast an account, to instruct in reckoning. [immunity.

Vorrecht, (*str.*) *n.* prerogative, privilege. **Vorrede**, (*w.* *f.*) preface, preamble, prefatory discourse; prologue; *ein Buch mit einer* — *verfassen*, to preface a book.

Vorreden, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (Einem etwas)) 1) *see* *Vorprechen*; 2) 2) to speak or talk to (one, in order to persuade him), to talk (one) over or into ...; *ich* (*Dat.*) *etwas* — *lassen*, to (let one's self) be talked over, to be humbugged; II. *intr.* (Einem) to speak before or sooner than another.

Vorredner, (*str.*) *m.* 1) previous speaker; 2) prefacer; speaker of a prologue.

Vorreissen, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to pound, grind, or bruise before-hand; 2) *coll.* (Einem etwas) to cast in one's teeth, to poke in one's face. **Vorreißer**, (*str.*) *m.* T. button (of a window), turn-buckle (*Hebwerk*).

Vorreiten, (*v.* *tr.* 1) to reach or hand out of a place towards a person, to produce; 2) to advance (money); II. *intr.* to project, to jut or stand out.

Vorreiß, *adj.* premature.

Vorreide, (*w.* *f.*) *str.* 1) first or front-row.

Vorreiden, (*str.*) *m.* first row of dancers, lead; *den* — *haben*, to lead off the dance.

Vorreissen, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to pull or tear forth; 2) to make the first sketch of (a thing), T. to trace, score; to sketch or draw before a person; **Vorreißer**, (*str.*) *m.* T. iron tracer; gardener's dibble.

Vorreiten, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to ride before; (Einem) 2) to outride, to excel in riding; 3) to ride before (a person) in order to show him to ride; II. *tr.* 1) (Einem ein Pferd) to ride (a horse) before a person, to put (a horse) through his paces; 2) *fig.* (Einem etwas) to make a great show or a parade of a thing.

Vorreiter, (*str.*) *m.* outrider, fore-spurrer, mounted courier, postillion, jockey.

Vorreit..., *in comp.* — *reit*, *m.* *Nar.* knee of the head; — *fattel*, *m.* post-boy's saddle, front-saddle. [forehand.

Vorreiz, (*str.*) *m.* charm or attraction. **Vorreuenen**, (*irr.*) *v.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to run forward; 2) to run before a person; 3) to outrun.

Vorrichten, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to prepare, get ready, fit up; 2) to put on (a watch) beyond the right time; 3) to prejudge, forejudge. — **Vorrichtung**, (*w.* *f.*) 1) preparation, arrangement; 2) *Mech.* contrivance, mechanism, apparatus; *pl.* appliances; *cine* — *anbringen*, to add a contrivance (an *with* *Dat.*, to); *V.-s.* *m.* *Min.* fore-winning.

Vorriß, (*str.*) *m.* sketch, rough-draught. **Vorritt**, (*str.*) *m.* a riding before, proceeding on horse-back.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to advance; to march on or forward; *die Arbeit ist vorgerückt*, the work is in a forward state, in a state of forwardness; II. *tr.* 1) to advance, to push, move forwards or before; *das Datum* —, to antedate; 2) *fig.* (Einem etwas) to reproach (one) with, to upbraid with, to twit with, to cast up (a thing to one).

Vorwärts, *a.* (*str.*) *n.* advance; *Astr.-s.* — *der Tag* und *Nachtgleichen*, procession of equinoxes; — *cine* *Planeten*, emersion of a planet after undergoing an eclipse. — **Vorwärtsung**, (*w.* *f.*) 1) the act of advancing, *adv.*; advance; 2) *fig.* exprobration, reproach, upbraiding.

Vorwärtsener, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* strokesman.

Vorwärtsen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.*) to row in front or ahead.

Vorwärtsen, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to call forth, *see* *Vorvortragen*; 1; 2) to cite, summon.

Vorwärtsen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (Einem etwas)) to extol, laud, to praise (something) up to one.

Vorwärtsen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.*) to prepare, equip. — **Vorwärtsung**, (*w.* *f.*) preparation, preparative; equipment.

Vorwärts, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwärts*) *m.* hall, entry, entrance-room, entrance-hall; ante-room.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* eve before the sabbath, sabbath-eve.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* (Einem etwas)) 1) *see* *Vorprechen*; 2) 2) to tell, to entertain with; 3) to rehearse or recite to (a person); 4) *see* *Vorreden*, I, 2; 5) *see* *Constitution*; 6) to dictate, to say or speak to, — **Vorwärts**, (*str.*) *m.* prompter, *acc.* [precentor.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* leader of a choir.

Vorwärts, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwärts*) *m.* 1) any thing that is placed before another thing; *fig.-s.* 2) *Gramm.* *see* *Vorwärts*, 1; 3) resolution, design, purpose, intention; *mit* —, designedly, on purpose; *sie hatte die schönsten Vorwärts*, she was bold in anticipation.

Vorwärts..., *in comp.* *see* *Vorwärts...*, *in comp.*

Vorwärts, *L. adj.* intentional, designed, wilful (murder, *acc.*), deliberate; II. *adv.* intentionally, *acc.*, on purpose; III. *adv.* intentionally, wilfulness, design, deliberation. [side-hem.

Vorwärts, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwärts*) *m.* out-
Vorwärts, (*w.* *f.*) *proscenium*.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.*) to sound stronger.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *f.*) *Fort.* outwork.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to raise entrenchments, *acc.*, as a protection from ...; 2) to pretend, allege.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.*) to look forth or forward; *v.-b.*, *p.* *a.* *Harald.* encounter, guardant.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* a coming to light, appearance; *jum* — *kommen*, to appear, turn up, come to light, make one's appearance; *nicht jum* — *kommen*, to keep out of sight; *so lange der Stod nicht jum* — *kam*, as long as the cane was out of sight; *jum* — *bringen*, to bring forth, to bring to light, to produce.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *v.* *intr.* 1) to shine before; 2) *fig.* a) to shine pre-eminently; b) to shine through, *cf.* *Vorvortragen*.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *f.*) 1) *Min.* first layer, bed,

or stratum; *Geol.* seam (a thin layer or stratum separating thicker strata); 2) *Metall.* first batch.

Vorwärts, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to send before, forward, or on; 2) *coll.* to send word to one through ...

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to push forward, to shove before or to; to advance; 2) to put in, to interpose, to use (one) as a means of protection, *cf.* *Vorwärts*; *er wurde vorgeschoben*, ein *Andere* war (*der* *eigentliche* *Vorwärts* *etc.*), he was the ostensible person, another was (the prime mover, *acc.*); *cine* *Riegel* —, to slide, shoot, push, or draw a bolt; *schließen* *ein* *den* *Riegel* *vor*, push the bolt; *cine* *den* *Riegel* —, *see* *Riegel*; *vorgeschobene* *Posten*, *Mil.* out-picket.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* 1) any thing shoving before another; (slide-)bolt; slider; 2) *Archit.* iron-tie; 3) *pl.* *Zool.* the four teeth of a horse between the corner-tooth and the fore-tooth.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* slide-bolt.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to dart forward, to shoot or rush forward; 2) to shoot or fire a gun before a person; 3) (of plants) to shoot, grow quickly; 4) to jut out, to jutting; *fig.* *see* *Vorvortragen*; 5) (aux. *haben*) to shoot better or nearer to the mark than another, to outshoot; II. *tr.* 1) to shove or push quickly before a thing; 2) *See*, *acc.* to make (a hem) to a dress; to put (an edge or border) to; 3) a) to count down money before a person; b) to advance money; to lend money. [ship.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* fore-part of a **Vorwärts**, (*w.* *v.* *tr.*) to glitter, shine before or beyond other things.

Vorwärts, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwärts*) *m.* 1) the act of striking first, first blow; 2) *Mar.* the mortar which is put to the place where a tile is to be inserted; 3) *T.-s.* a) *Gunn.* bung, wad, wadding; b) lid of an oven; c) *Min.* iron stays put before the wooden cross-bars in the shaft of a mine; d) *Dik.* the foremost row of piles put before the stone banks; e) *Bookb.* templet; f) *Wach-m.* warning; g) *Typ.* blank space on the first page of a book; h) *Mar.* a touching the ground with the fore-part of the hoof; i) *Chol.* *see* *Ritz*; k) *see* *Ortsfähr*; l) *Metall.* flux; m) *see* *Stoße*; 2; 4) a) *Mus.* appoggiatura; beat; grace-note; b) (-fibre) *Proed.* anacrusis; 5) *fig.* a) proposal, proposition, offer; suggestion; b) motion; c) *Comm.* overcharge; *den* — *thun*, *Hueb.* to thrash first, to give the stroke; in — *bringen*, to propose, to make a motion for, to motion; in — *sein*, to be proposed.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *n.* T. pricking-iron.

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *v.* *tr.* 1) to strike before; to strike too soon; 2) to strike forwards; to incline forwards; to kick (of a pair of scales); 3) *Sport.* to utter, sound prematurely, to babble, bawl; 4) *Metall.* to pour in the flux; II. *tr.* 1) to strike or drive forwards or on; 2) to put or fasten before; *Gunn.* to use for wadding; *Metall.* to charge (as flux); *cine* *Welle* —, to stop with a peg; 3) to beat in or knock in before a person; 4) *Min.* *die* *Edicht* —, to give the signal to the miners; 5) *Agric.* to thrash slightly; 6) *Comm.* to ask a higher price for an article than its real value; to make exorbitant demands; 7) *fig.* to propose; to move, motion; to present (one to a benefice, *acc.*).

Vorwärts, (*str.*) *m.* 1) proposer; 2) T. a) *see* *Vorwärts*; b) journeyman using the fore-hammer.

Vorwärts, *in comp.* — *ist*, *geist*, *n.* *Gunn.* chape; — *form*, *f.* *Gunn.* wad-mill; — *hammer*, *m.* *Sw.* fore-hammer, first sledge-hammer, about-sledge (*Edrothammer*).

— **Vorspanner**, (*str.*) *m.* one who keeps *Vorspann*, which see.

Vorspann ..., *in comp.* —paß, *m.* standing order available at all post-stations; —wesen, *n.* everything relating to *Vorspann*.

Vorsparen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* to reserve or to lay up for the future.

Vorpeife, (*w.*) *f.* Cook. entrée, side-dish. **Vorpiegeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to show in a dazzling light; to make a false show of; to simulate, feign, pretend; *Einem etwas —*, to deceive one by false show, to delude, illude, mock; *bergspiegeln*, *p. a.* sham.

Vorpiegung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) deceiving by false show, deceit; illusion, deceptive appearance, mockery; dazzling promise.

Vorspiel, (*str.*) *n.* prelude; (*auf der Orgel*) voluntary; *Theat.* short, introductory piece.

Vorspielen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intrans.* 1) to prelude; 2) (*Einem etwas auf einem Instrumente —*) to entertain by playing on an instrument; *Gam.* to have the lead.

Vorspieler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mus.* leader of an orchestra, *Ac.*, concert-master; 2) *Gam.* elder hand.

Vorspinnen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to spin before; *II. intrans.* 1) *T.* to rove; 2) *fig. coll.* (*with Dat.*) to tend to the advantage (of).

Vorspinner, (*str.*) *m.* *Spin.* frame-tenter. **Vorspinn** ..., *in comp.* *Spinn-s.* —fräuspel, *f.* carding-machine; —maschine, *f.*, —wert, *n.* slubbing- or roving-machine, stretcher, *coll.* (roving-)billy; —weite —maschine, dandy roving-machine; —weise, *f.* stretching-frame.

Vorspißen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to new-point, to sharpen.

Vorsprüche, *f.* see *Vürsprüche*.

Vorsprechen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) to speak or talk before a person, to say to a person, *cf.* *Vorreden*; 2) to pronounce (a word, &c.) before one or in one's presence, in order to make him repeat it; *II. intrans.* 1) to give (*bei Einem*, one) a call, to call in, to call (ab), to make a short visit; 2) see *Vorreden*.

Vorsprecher, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vürsprecher*.

Vorspringen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr. & intrans.* (*n. u.*) to cause to spring forward, &c.; *cf.* *Vorspringen*, 1 & 3; *bergspringt*, *p. a.* *Archit.* projecting (*arch.*, &c.); *II. intrans.* to ride or gallop on before.

Vorspringen, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aus. sein*)

1) to leap before; 2) (*Einem*) to outstep; 3) *fig.* to jut out, *cf.* *Vorragen*; *v-b.* *p. a.* prominent, protuberant; salient (*angle*, &c.); *v-bes Fenster*, jut-window.

Vorspruch, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-sprüche* *m.* 1) see *Vürspruch*; 2) text of a sermon; 3) short visit, call.

Vorsprung, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-sprünge* *m.* 1) *a)* start, advantage; *b)* prominence, relief; 2) *Archit.* projection, rissault, jutting; —*bes Fundaments*, set-off, lessening, retreat; *Vorsprünge am Bauernort*, breaks; 3) *Agr.* plump grain; 4) see *Vorlauf*, 1; *den — vor Einem haben*, to have the start of one, the advantage over one.

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *m.* ill foreboding omen, portent. — **Vorspähen**, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* to forebode, foretoken, portend.

Vorspahn, (*str.*) *n.* see *Vorbespahn*.

Vorspahn, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-spähne* *f.* suburb; **Vorspäher**, (*str.*) *m.* **Vorspäherin**, (*w.*) *f.* inhabitant of the suburb, suburban; **Vorspähtisch**, *adj.* suburban.

Vorspähgel, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* fore-stay-sail. **Vorspahn**, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-spähne* *m.* 1) (*† & provinc.* *Low.* personal appearance; 2) bail, security, earnest, (*B-sgel*) deposit as security; 3) director; directory; board of directors; *Comm.* chief, head, principal.

Vorspäher, (*str.*) *m.* Forest. tiller, stander, young tree left in a wood for growth.

Vorspäheln, *m.* see *Vorspähgel*.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *v. I. intrans.* 1) to stick or stand out, to jutty; 2) to shine forth; to outshine, outdo, to get the better of; 3) to be prominent, to predominate, to be distinguished; *v-b.* *p. a.* pungent (smell); *II. tr.* to prick before; to make a puncture or hole beforehand.

Vorspäher, (*str.*) *m.* Jewell. punch.

Vorspäher, (*str.*) *m.* awl, brad-awl.

Vorspäh ..., *in comp.* —*ärmel*, *m.* cover-sleeve; —*blume*, *f.* flower worn in the bosom; —*cifen*, *n.* see —*angel*.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put, stick, or poke forth, out, or before; 2) *fig.* to prefix; to mark, appoint; *fiß* (*Dat.*) *ein Ziel —*, to propose to one's self an object or aim; *das vorgestickte Ziel*, intended aim.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) a thing which is stuck before another to hold or fasten it; 2) pin, peg, see *Vorspähel* *tr.*

Vorspäh ..., *in comp.* —*garn*, *n.* see *Sad-garn*; —*löcher*, *n.* pinholes; —*linie*, *f.* axle-pin; —*lock*, *f.* false lock; —*linse*, *f.* linch-pin; —*nabel*, *f.* brooch; —*angel*, *m.* key or spring of a bolt, fore-lock, bolt-pin; *Comm.* transom-bolt; —*pfad*, *m.* *Walch-m.* stud; —*ring*, *m.* guard (of a wedding-ring); —*rose*, *f.* rose worn in the bosom; —*stift*, *m.* *Walch-m.* pin.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* (*aus. haben & sein*) 1) to stand before a thing; 2) to stand out, to be prominent, to project; *fig-s.* 3) to appear (in a court of justice); 4) (*with Dat.*) to administer, govern, rule, manage, conduct, oversee, inspect, survey, superintend; 5) *provinc.* see *Vorspäh*, 4; 6) see *Vorvorspäheln*; *die Vorspähel stehen vor, Mar.* the top-sails are hauled; *er allein steht dem Hause vor, Comm.* he alone represents the house; *einem Haushalten —*, to manage a household; to keep house; *v-bes Notizen*, the above quotations; *B-des*, the foregoing, what precedes.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) overseer, intendant, director, manager, inspector, surveyor, warden, superintendent, head, chief, principal; guardian; — *der Wäpse*, warden or keeper of the mint; 2) see *Vorspähhund*; 3) *or — brüße*, *f.* *Anat.* prostate gland; —*brüßensaft*, *m.* prostatic liquor.

Vorspäherschaft, (*w.*) *f.* office of an overseer, &c.

Vorspähhund, (*str.*) *m.* *Sport.* setting-dog, spantal, pointer.

Vorspähbar, *adj.* 1) presentable; 2) imaginable.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to place or put before; 2) (*Einem* *Einem*) to present or introduce (one to another); 3) to represent, personate (a character); 4) to perform, play, act; 5) to show, represent, expose, demonstrate; 6) to remonstrate; *II. refl.* (*fiß* [*Dat.*] *etwas*) to figure, picture, or represent to one's self, to imagine, fancy, conceive, conjecture, think; (*leibhaft*, *deutlich*) to realize; *stellen Sie sich mich vor*, think of my astonishment! *eine Uhr —*, to put on a watch beyond the right time; *er stellt etwas vor*, he is a showy person.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *m.* (*L. u.*) 1) he that presents or introduces; 2) performer, player.

Vorspähig, *adv.* (*L. u.*) *coll.* *Einem etwas — machen*, to show, to bring home to one's mind, to demonstrate; *bei ... — werden*, to memorialize

Vorspähung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) presentation, representation; 2) idea, image, conception, notion; *fiß* (*Dat.*) *eine — machen*, to form an idea (ven, of); *über alle — sein*, to be beyond or surpass all expectation or anticipation; 3) remonstrance; *Einem B-en machen*, to re-

monstrate with one; *eine falsche —*, misrepresentation; misconception.

Vorspähung ..., *in comp.* —*art*, —*weise*, *f.* manner of representing to one's self; mode of thought; —*fähigkeit*, —*kraft*, *f.*, —*vermögen*, *n.* imagination, imaginative faculty; —*pre-digt*, *f.* sermon preached by a clergyman on his presentation; —*recht*, *n.* right of appointment, nomination, or presentation.

Vorspähung, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar-s.* fore-topmast; *B-späh*, *n.* fore-top-stay; *B-spahn*, *f.* fore-top shrouds.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *m.* *Mar.* false stem.

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vorberstich*; —*naht*, *f.* *Thil.* under and over stitch, double-stitch.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stuff before a thing.

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *pl.* *Vorspäh* *m.* 1) something projecting or protruded; 2) *Thil.*, &c. edging, braid; 3) *Comp.*, *Join.* eking piece; 4) *Archit.* projection, jutting; 5) *Brick-m.* lap, flap; 6) see *Vorspäh*, 1, c; 7) *Bot.* hive-dross, bee-glue; 8) a pushing forward, advance, attack.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to push forward; 2) *Thil.* to braid, edge; 3) *fig.* to plead as excuse; *II. intrans.* to project, to jut out.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to stretch forward, to put forth or out; to extend; 2) to advance, land; *bergspäheln*, *p. a.* *Bot.* porrect, extended. — **Vorspähung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) putting or stretching forth; 2) an advancing, lending.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strike or rub forth; to spread forward; 2) to mark with a stroke or dash, to dot (in front of a thing); **Vorspähung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) marking, pointing out, &c.

Vorspäheln, (*str.*) *v. intrans.* see *Vorspäheln*, 3.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to strew or scatter (something) before (one).

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *m.* 1) stroke, mark (made in front of a thing); 2) *Lock-sm.* front-ward.

Vorspäh, (*w.*) *f.* front room, fore-room. **Vorspäh**, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Mar.* chase-gun; 2) see *Vorspähel*, *Theat.*

Vorspäh, (*w.*) *f.* first or preliminary step.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* (*aus. sein*) to rush, tear, storm forward or on.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. intrans.* & *tr.* (*aus. sein*) & *refl.* to tumble or rush forward.

Vorspäh, (*w.*) *f.* *Sport.* search with the lime-hound.

Vorspäheln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) see *Vorvorspäheln*, 1; 2) *Sport.* to search or try a place (for game).

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *m.* *T.* first boiling.

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-späh* *m.* *Min.* drain-pond.

Vorspähstisch, *adj.* antediluvian.

Vorspäh, see *Vorspäh*.

Vorspäh, (*str.*) *pl.* *V-späh* *m.* first dance; lead. — **Vorspäheln**, (*w.*) *v. I. intrans.* 1) to lead the dance; 2) (*Einem*) to dance faster or better than (another), to out-dance; *II. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) to dance before a person; to show how to dance. — **Vorspäheln**, (*str.*) *m.* leader of a dance.

Vorspäh [*provinc.* *Vorspäh*], (*str.*) *m.* 1) advantage, profit, gain, benefit, interest; 2) address, dexterity, knack; *Einem zum — gereichen*, to turn to one's profit, to turn out well, to answer; *zum — lenken*, to give a favourable turn; *mit — verkaufen*, to sell (with or) to advantage; (*fiß* auf) *seinen — verstehen*, (*slang.*) to understand trap; — *haben von ... or sichen aus ...*, to reap or draw advantage from ...; to be benefitted by ...; *sein eigener — gereicht es*, it is in his own interest; *zum — des Hauses*, in behalf of the house; *man kann aus allem — sichen*, man muß jeden — mitnehmen, *coll.* all is ash that comes to net. **Vorspähhaft** (*L. u.*: *Vorspählich*), *adj.* ad-

vantageous; profitable, lucrative; v-e Bedingungen, advantageous, eligible, or fair terms; v-e Gelegenheit, fair opportunity; v-er Preis, favourable price; *Shrem Untertreffe* v-er, more to your interest.

Vortheilich, *adj.* coll. selfish.

Vorther, (*str.*) *n.* Sport. any animal (partic. a chamois) which leads the flock.

Vorhin, (*irr.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to put before or on; 2) to surpass, see *Zuvorhin*; 3) see *Vormachen*, 2; 4) to do a thing beforehand, i. e. hastily; *vorgethan und nachgedacht hat* Menschen schon in Zeit gebracht, proverb, do a thing in haste, and repent at leisure (consideration comes too late when the deed is done); II. *refl.* to distinguish one's self.

Vorhür, (*w.*) *f.* 1) front-door; 2) first door of a double one.

Vorhölzer, (*str.*) *m.* Found. sump.

Vorhören, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to sound louder than the rest, to be heard before others.

Vorhieb, (*str.*) *m.* Mil. van-guard, van, first line, first body (of an army).

Vorhören, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to trot before; 2) (Einem) to out-trot.

Vortrag, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorträge*) *m.* 1) Comm. — einer Rechnung, balance of an account carried forward; — auf die nächste Seite, balance forward; gleichlautend — machen, to balance conformably; 2) act or mode of uttering or pronouncing a thing, delivery, diction; 3) representation, exposition, relation, statement, report; 4) proposal, proposition; 5) discourse; lecture; *Vorträge halten*, to lecture (über *with Acc.*, on); 6) Mus. mode of executing a piece of music, execution, performance; 7) Stud. skunk, babby; in — bringen, 1. to make a report; 2. to propose, propound.

Vortragsart, *adj.* that may be proposed, &c., see *Vortragen*, 4.

Vortragen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bear or carry before; Comm.-s. auf eine Rechnung —, to carry forward to new account; den Saldo gleichlautend —, to book the balance in conformity; 2) to put or place before a person; *Ag-s.* 3) to represent, expose; 4) to propose, propound; to submit; er trug seine Zweifel Priester seines eigenen Selbstunterschied vor, he submitted his doubts to priests of his own faith; 5) to state, report, make a report on; 6) to deliver; eine Bitte —, to bring in a petition; 7) Mus. to execute, perform.

Vorträglich, *adj.* *provinc.* see *Zuträglich*.

Vortrags..., *in comp.* — künft. *f.* art of delivery, elocution, or execution; — *geheßen*, *n. pl.* Mus. signs or graces of exertion or expression, signs to denote the several gradations of sound, &c.

Vortragung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) carrying forward or before, &c., cf. *Vortragen*, 1 & *Vortrag* 1.

Vortreffen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) see *Vorbereiten*; 2) previous combat, affair of advanced guards.

Vortrefflich, *adj.* excellent, exquisite; II. *se-it*, (*w.*) *f.* excellence, excellency, eminence.

[forwards, on, or forth.

Vortreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to drive before, (before a greater staircase).

Vortreppen, (*w.*) *f.* (short) flight of steps (before a greater staircase), (*for*) *pavon*.

Vortreten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to step, go, or walk before; 2) to step forth, stand forth; 3) to come out; 4) see *Vorsprechen*, II, 1; 5) see *Vortragen*.

Vortriller, (*str.*) *m.* one who steps or walks before; beadle, mace-bearer.

Vortrieb, (*str.*) *m.* **Vortritt**, (*w.*) *f.* **Vortriebsrecht**, (*str.*) *n.* right of driving one's cattle on the pasture-ground before others. [before or first (*Zutritzen*).

Vortrinken, (*str.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to drink

Vortritt, (*str.*) *m.* 1) first step; 2) see *Vortreppen*; 3) *fig.* upper hand, precedence;

den — nehmen, to take precedence (vor *with Dat.*), of, over; den — lassen, to yield the precedence.

Vortrunk, (*str.*) *m.* 1) first drink; pledge in drinking; 2) light dinner-wine.

Vortrupp, (*str.*, *pl.* *u.*) *m.*, *gener.* *pl.* *Vortruppen*, Mil. van-guard, see *Vortrab*.

Vorstück, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorstücke*) *n.* 1) apron; 2) wiping-cloth; 3) bib, cf. *Geißelstück*.

Vorturner, (*str.*) *m.* leader in gymnastic institutions.

Vorüber, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to exercise previously.

Vorüber, *adv.* by; past, over, gone; finished; to pass by, see *Vorbei*; — *flieg.* *m.* passage (of birds); — *gang.* *m.* going by; passage; — *gehen*, see *Vorübergehen*; — *gehen*, *p.* a. passing, transitory, transient, fleeting; temporary; — *gleiten*, — *schweben*, to glide, float by or along; — *marfch.* *m.* see *Vorbermarfch*.

Vorübung, (*w.*) *f.* previous exercise, previous practice; initiatory lesson.

Vorunterfuchung, (*w.*) *f.* Law, preliminary examination or trial.

Vorurtheil, (*str.*) *n.* 1) prejudice; 2) (sometimes in a good sense) a good opinion; es erweckt mir kein gutes — für einen Menschen (*Schiller*), it does not call up in me a favourable opinion as to a man; *in comp.* 3) *frei*, *v.-stoll*, *adj.* free from prejudices, unprejudiced, impartial. [judicate.

Vorurtheilen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (I. *n.*) to pre-

Vorvater, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorväter*) *m.* ancestor, progenitor.

Vorverwandte, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) relations in an ascending line.

Vorverwandtschaft, (*w.*) *f.* 1) relationship in an ascending line; 2) ascendants.

Vorvieh, (*str.*) *n.* shepherd's perquisite (consisting in sheep, &c.). [Vorvater.

Vorvorte, *m. & f.* (*decl. like adj.*) see *Vorvorteil*, *adj.* last but one.

Vorwacht, (*w.*) *f.* out-guard, out-post.

Vorwachs [*pr.* — *warz*], (*str.*) *n.* Bee, hive-dross, bee-glue, propolis.

Vorwachsen [*pr.* — *wachsen*], (*str.*) *v. intr.* (aux. sein) to out-grow; to gain ground.

Vorwägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weigh before a person.

Vorwahl, (*w.*) *f.* preliminary election, nomination. [rampart.

Vorwall, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwälle*) *m.* outer

Vorwallen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* see *Vorvornallen*.

Vorwalten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to prevail, predominate.

Vorwalzen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to lead off the waltz; 2) (Einem) to show (one) how to waltz. [rollers.

Vorwalzwerk, (*str.*) *n.* Iron-w. reducing

A. **Vorwand** (from Wand), (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwände*) *f.* 1) fore-wall (Vorderwand), 1, out-wall; front-wall (of a blast-furnace, &c.); 2) sheltering wall, shelter.

B. **Vorwand** (from Vorwenden), (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwände*) *m.* pretext, pretence; colour; cloak; excuse; ein — für die Revolution, a stalking-horse to revolution; unter dem —, under the pretext; on the pretence; unter keinem —, on no account whatever.

Vorwänden, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (den *Posten*) T. to rebuild the front-wall of (a blast-furnace).

Vorwärts, *adv.* forward, forwards, on; in (the) front; *Mar.* ahead; —! move on! push on! *in comp.* — *bringen*, — *helfen*, (in einer Laufbahn) to push, promote, forward; *Wißfugang* bringt Einem (or hilft Einem) in der Welt nicht —, idleness does not get a man on in the world; — *brecher*, *n.* 1) (or — *wender*, *m.*) Anal. pronator; 2) Med. see *Vortrampf*; — *gehen*, I. (*irr.*) *v. intr.* 1) to move on, to proceed; 2) to get on, thrive; II. *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* *Nach.* progressive motion;

— *kommen*, 1) to come forward; 2) see — *gehen*.

2; — *gleiter*, *m.* anterior muscle of the ear.

Vorwässer, (*str.*) *n.* water overflowing the dikes.

Vorweg [*pr.* *ferwärts*], *adv.* before: 1) from before; 2) beforehand, cf. *im Voraus*.

Vorwehr, (*w.*) *f.* bulwark, rampart.

Vorwein, (*str.*) *m.* unpressed wine.

Vorweinen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (Einem *times*) to cry or weep before a person.

Vorweis, (*str.*) *m.* any document, &c. produced before a magistrate, &c., cf. *Anzeige & Reifeß*. — **Vorweisen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to produce, exhibit, show forth. — **Vorweisen**, (*str.*) *m.* see *Vorzeiger*. — **Vorweislich**, *adj.* presentable. — **Vorweisung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) producing, &c., exhibition.

Vorwelt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) former or anterior world; 2) former ages, antiquity, see *Vergelt*. — **Vorweltlich**, *adj.* 1) antediluvian, of a former world; 2) of former ages.

Vorwenden, (*w. & irr.*) *v. tr.* to allege, &c., see *Vorbringen*, 2.

Vorwerfen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to throw or cast before, to throw to; Hercules warf den Diomedes selbst seinen fleischfressenden Herden vor, Hercules threw Diomedes to be eaten himself by his carnivorous horses; 2) (Einem *times*) to reproach or upbraid (one with), to exprobrate.

Vorwerk, (*str.*) *n.* 1) farm, manor; country-seat; 2) *Rev.* an advanced work, advance.

Vorwissenheit, (*w.*) *f.* pre-existence.

Vorwissen, (*str.*) *m.* (I. *n.*) predecessor.

Vorwiegen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* to weigh more, to outweigh; to prevail, preponderate; II. *tr.* see *Vorwägen*; III. *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* preponderance, &c. cf. *Überwiegen*, 2.

Vorwimmern, **Vorwimmeln**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to whine or whimper to. [able wind.

Vorwind, (*str.*) *m.* Mar. fore-wind, favour.

Vorwinter, (*str.*) *m.* 1) beginning of winter; 2) early winter.

Vorwissen, (*str.*) *m.* fore-knowledge, pre-science, knowledge, privity; ohne mein —, unknown to me.

Vorwitz, (*str.*) *m.* 1) inconsiderate curiosity, over-curiousness; prying spirit; portness, forwardness; temerity; was bricht dieses nicht ist, das lasse keinen — (*Kochensatz* 3, 23), be not curious in unnecessary matters; 2) *form.* prying person, pry.

Vorwitzig, I. *adj.* over-curious, inquisitive, prying; port, forward; rash; saucy; II. *se-it*, (*w.*) *f.* over-curiousness, &c., see *Vorwitz*.

Vorwollen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* coll. to want to go forth; to wish to advance, to wish to pass on, to want to proceed.

Vorwort, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (*pl.* *Vorwörter*) *Gramm.* preposition; 2) (*pl.* *Vorworte*) pre-amble; preface (of a work or treatise).

Vorwurf, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorwürfe*) *m.* 1) that which is thrown to or before a thing; 2) Sport. bait, lure; *fig-s.* 3) (fine arts, &c.) subject (of treatment, &c.), object; 4) reproach; blame; Einem einen — machen wegen ..., Einem zum — machen, to reproach one for, with; das wurde ihm niemals zum — gemacht, that was never laid against him; sich gegen- seitig Vorwürfe machen, to bandy reproaches; uns trifft kein —, no reproach or blame attaches or is attributable to us; es geriet ihm zum —, to his reproach it is, it is a reproach to him; v.-frei, *adj.* free from reproach or blame; v.-stoll, *adj.* reproachful.

Vorwärts, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to count before, to enumerate. — **Vorwärtsung**, (*w.*) *f.* enumeration. [tooth.

Vorzeichen, (*str.*, *pl.* *Vorzeichen*) *m.* fore-

Vorzeichen, (*str.*) *n.* 1) sign, token, omen, prognostic, portent, indication; ein — des

Eieges, a presage of victory; 2) *Nus.* chromatic signs, accidentals; —*meißel*, *m.* *Gumm.* point.

Vorzeichnen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to draw or sketch before; (*Einem etwas*) 2) to draw something which another is to copy after; 3) to give a pattern, to point out, to chalk out, to trace out; 4) *see* **Vorzeichnen**, 3; 5) *Nus.* to prefix (sharps or flats); *ein Zonenfeld* —, to note down the clef; 6) *Lock-sm.* to mortise (a hole). (*for traces, &c.*)

Vorzeichner, (*str.*) *m.* one who designs
Vorzeichnung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) drawing before, &c., *cf.* **Vorzeichnen**, 1; 2) trace; pattern; 3) *Nus.* signature (the sharps or flats, placed after the clef at the beginning of the stave).

Vorzeigbar, *adj.* that may be shown, produced, or exhibited. — **Vorzeige**, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Vorzeigung**. — **Vorzeigen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to show, show forth, to expose to view, to produce, exhibit; *Comm.* to present (a bill, a letter of introduction); *der Wechsel ist noch nicht vorzeigt*, the bill has not yet made its appearance. — **Vorzeiger**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Vorzeigerin**, (*w.*) *f.* exhibitor, show, producer, bearer; — *dieses*, the bearer of this; — *chief Wechsel*, *Comm.* presenter, bearer of a bill of exchange. — **Vorzeigung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) showing, producing, &c., exhibition; *bei* —, *Comm.* on presentation, at sight.

Vorzeit, (*w.*) *f.* time of old, time of yore, past ages, former times.

Vorzeiten, *adv.* formerly, heretofore, in times of yore, anciently.

Vorzeitig, *I. adj.* premature; precocious; II. **Vorzeit**, (*w.*) *f.* prematurity, precocity.

Vorzeigbar, *adj.* preferable.

Vorzeichen, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to remove to the front of a house; 2) to precede, advance; II. *tr.* 1) to draw forth, forward, on, or before; 2) *sg.* to prefer (*Einem* or *etwas* *Einem* *Andern* or *einer* *Andern*) *Each* (*Dat.*), one or a thing to, before, over, above ...), to give the preference (*Einem* or *einer* *Each* (*Dat.*) *vor* (*with Dat.*), to ... over); *der junge Georg wurde mir gewöhnlich dem jungen Harry vorgezogen*, Master George was, as usual, preferred over Master Harry. — **Vorzimmer**, (*str.*) *n.* fore-room, ante-room, ante-chamber.

Vorzucht, (*w.*) *f.* parent-stock, main-stock.
Vorzugs, (*str.*, *pl.* **Vorzüge**) *m.* 1) (*l. w.*) van-guard (*Vertrieb*); *sg.* — 2) a) preference, b) prerogative; 3) excellence, preeminence, superiority; *pl.* parts, endowments, accomplishments; advantages (of fortune, &c.); **Vorzüge** und **Mängel**, merits and demerits, excellencies and defects; (*Einem*) *den* — *geben* (*vor* (*with Dat.*)), to give (one) the preference (over, before, *cf.* **Vorziehen** II, 2), (*einer Person* *den* *andern* **Vorzugs**) to feel or entertain a preference (for); *ich gebe gebührenden Vortritt den — vor* *getrohten*, I give the preference to roast meat above boiled; *den* — *haben* or *verbirnen*, to command the preference (*vor* (*with Dat.*), to, before, over), to be preferable, superior (*vor* (*with Dat.*), to); *unser Forderung erhielt den —*, our claim obtained precedence (*Nob. & Gr.*).

Vorzüglich, *I. adj.* deserving to be preferred, preferable, distinguished, superior, excellent, exquisite, preeminent, choice; *tr.* —, much or greatly superior; II. *adv.* preferably; chiefly, especially, particularly; — *geführt*, in special favour (articles); III. **Vorzeit**, (*w.*) *f.* preferableness; superiority, preeminence, worth, excellency.

Vorzugs ..., *in comp.* —*actien*, *pl.* preference-shares; —*preis*, *m.* 1) price of superiority; 2) exceptional price; —*recht*, *n.* preference claim; —*weise*, *I. adv.* by preference,

preferably; by privilege, especially; II. *adj.* (comparatively) preferable.

Voss, (*str.*, *pl.* **Vösse**) *m.* (*L. G.* for *Vuch*; *dimin.* [*with H. G. termination*]) **Vöschen**, **Vöslein**, *L. G.* **Vöschen**, (*str.*) *n.* little foxl, fox.

* **Votant**, (*w.*) *m.* (*Lat.*) voter. — **Votiren**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to vote. — **Votiv**, *adj.* votive; —*gemälde*, *n.* votive tablet-picture; —*münzen*, *f. pl.* votive medals; —*tafel*, *f.* votive tablet. — **Votum**, (*str.*, *pl.* [*Lat.*]) **Vota** *n.* vote, suffrage.

* **Vogiren**, *see* **Voriten**.

Vulcan, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Rom. Myth.* Vulcan; 2) volcano; *Miner.-s.* —*Heerde*, *f.* crystallised amphibole; —*glas*, *n.* volcanic glass, obsidian; —*maße*, *f.* volcanic productions. — **Vulcanisch**, *adj.* volcanic; *v.-e* *Erde*, *Geol.* volcanic rocks; *v.-er* *Erant*, *Miner.* leucite. — **Vulcanisieren**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to vulcanise (*Gummi*, Indian rubber).

* **Vulgär**, *adj.* vulgar.

* **Vulgata**, (*indecl.*) *f.* (*Lat.*) vulgate (ancient Latin translation of the Bible).

W.

W, w, n. W, w, the twenty-third letter and eighteenth consonant of the Alphabet.

W, *abbr.* for **Wesen**, **Wort**; **W**, (*auf* *Geur-* *Zeiten*) for **Wechsel**, paper, bills (on exchange); **w. B.** for *westliche Breite*, western latitude; **Wg.** for *Wage*, scale; **Wglb.**, **W. G.** for *Wechselgeld*, (*in Frankfurt*) *see* **W. Z.**; **Woch.**, **Woch.** for *Woche*, *Wochen*, week, weeks; **W. S. g. u.** for *wenden Sie gefälligst um*, (please) turn over (*p. l. o.*); **Wsp.** for *Wispel*, *wey* (a corn measure); **W. Thlr.** for *Wechsel-Thaler*, dollar of exchange; **W. W.**, **W. W.** for *Wiener Währung*, Vienna currency; **Witw.** for *Wittwer*, widow; **W. Z.**, **W. Z.** for *Wechselzahlung*, exchange money.

Waadt, **Waadtland**, *n. Geogr.* country of Vaud. — **Waadtländer**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Waadtländerin**, (*w.*) *f.* inhabitant of the country of Vaud. — **Waadtländisch**, *adj.* of or from the country of Vaud.

Waage, *see* **Wagt**, **A.**

Waare, (*w.*) *f.* ware, merchandise, article, commodity; (*pl.*) goods, articles (of merchandise; *vgl.* *Nob. & Gr.*); *gute* —, good articles; *schlechte* —, bad articles (trash); *neu* —, new or fresh articles; (*von Früchten*) new crop; *diverse Wa-n*, sundries; *rohe* —, raw goods; *verarbeitete* —, wrought articles; *luz* *Wa-n*, small wares, petty wares, hardware; *feine* — *ist sehr gesucht*, superior descriptions or better qualities are much in request; *biefe* — *führen wir nicht*, we do not deal in this article; *die — wird sich nicht leicht abbringen lassen*, the article will not be easily disposed of; *wenn Sie für die Hälfte Ihrer Forderung — nehmen wollen*, if you will take merchandise for the half of your demand.

Waaren ..., *in comp.* *Comm.-s.* —*abfender*, *m.* shipper, consignor; —*abreßettel*, *m.* docket; —*angebreitet*, —*angebreiten*, *m.* manifest; *der contrant, gongbare, gesuchte* — *artikel*, article of demand, manual article; —*anction*, *f.* port-sale; —*anfrage*, *f.* *see* *Inventur*; —*auffeher*, corrector of the staple, clerk recording all bargains; —*ausfuhr*, *f.* exportation of merchandise, export; —*ausfuhrliste*, *f.* list of exports; —*balen*, *m.* bale of goods; —*bedarf*, *m.* want, demand (of goods); —*bestand*, *m.* goods on hand (*laut Inventur*, as per inventory), rest, remainder (in goods); —*bestellungsbuch*, *n.* book of commissions; —*besteller*, *m.* importer; —*buch*, *n.*

see **Rechnerbuch**; —*calculation*, *f.* calculation of merchandise; —*calculationsbuch*, *n.* book of calculations; —*configuration*, *f.* *see* —*sendung*; —*conto*, *n.* account of merchandise; —*credit*, *m.* credit in goods; —*einfuhr*, *f.* importation of merchandise, import; —*einfuhrliste*, *f.* list of imports; —*einfuhrbuch*, *n.* book of purchases; —*einsender*, *m.* consignor; —*entrepot*, *n.* *see* —*niederlage*; —*erzeugniß*, *n.*, —*fertigung*, —*verfertigung*, *f.* manufacture of goods; —*etiquette*, *f.* label, ticket; —*fach*, *n.* warehouse line, trade in goods; *er hat Kenntniß im —fach*, he is well up in articles of commerce; —*geschäft*, *n.*, —*handel*, *m.* transaction in goods; —*kennr.*, *m.* man versed in knowledge of goods; *connoisseur* of goods or wares; *judge* of an article (of the articles), *coll. dab* (at ...); —*kennniß*, —*kunde*, *f.* knowledge in commercial articles (of articles of merchandise in general); —*lager*, *m.* 1) store, stock, provision, assortment (of goods); 2) or —*niederlage*, *f.* warehouse, storehouse, magazine, entrepot; —*lagerbuch*, *n.* *see* **Rechnerbuch**; —*müller*, *m.* broker, agent, factor; —*marke*, *f.* *see* —*zeichen*; —*niederlagsrecht*, *n.* staple-right or privilege; —*partie*, *f.* parcel, lot (of merchandise); —*preis*, *m.* price of goods; —*probe*, *f.* sample, pattern; —*rechnung*, *f.* invoice, bill of parcels; —*rechnungsbuch*, *n.* invoice book; —*sentra*, *n.* *see* **Rechnerbuch**; —*sendung*, *f.* consignment or shipment of goods; —*senjal*, *m.* *see* —*müller*; —*seuer*, *f.* duty paid on merchandise, custom, excise; —*tanf*, *m.* barter; —*transport*, *m.* *see* **Transport**, 1; —*umfaß*, *m.* goods-traffic, traffic of goods or merchandise; —*verkauf*, *m.* sale of goods; —*verkaufsbuch*, *n.* book of sales; —*verkäufer*, *m.* seller, dealer (in articles of merchandise); —*verkäufer*, *m.* sale, business, vent; —*verlebung*, *f.* allotment or lotting of goods; —*verkäufer*, *m.* transmitter of goods, exporter; —*verfebung*, *f.* transmission of goods; —*versicherung*, *f.* insurance of goods or merchandise; —*vertrieb*, *m.* run, sale (transacted at large), *cf.* —*umfaß*; —*verzeichniß*, *n.* list or catalogue of goods; invoices; —*verrat*, *m.* stock (of goods) on hand, *cf.* —*bestand*; —*winde*, *f.* windlass; —*zahlung*, *f.* (an *Arbeiter*) truck; —*zeichen*, *n.* 1) ticket; label; 2) trade-mark; —*zeichner*, *m.* marker of goods; —*zug*, *m.* vent, sale; transit.

Wafer, *see* **Wafe**.

Wabbelig, *adj. provinc.* (*N. G.*) *coll.* shaky; soft; wabbling, *cf.* **Quabbelig**.

Wabbeln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to wobble; to shake; to waddle; 2) *imper.* *ich wabbeln mir*, I feel squeamish.

Wabe, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **comb**, honey-comb; **Wabartig**, *adj.* *Bot.* favose, favoate, cellular.

† **Wabern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to waver, &c. *see* **Wabbeln**.

Wach, *adj.* awake; on the alert; —*worden*, to awake; *ein w.-er* (*offener*) *Ropf*, open head.

Wachaufzug, (*str.*, *pl.* **Wachzüge**) *m.* the (act of) mounting guard, guard-mounting, parade. (2) vigilant (**Wachsam**).

Wachbar, *adj. provinc.* 1) waking, astir; **Wach...**, *in comp.* —*bett*, *n.* 1) nurse's bed; 2) camp-bed; —*betten*, *n.* settle (for a nurse); —*boot*, *m.* guard-boat; —*dienst*, *m.* guard-duty, business (of a soldier, &c.) on guard.

Wache, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (act and duty of) guard, watch, ward; 2) watch-men, watch; 3) watch-house, guard-house, round-house; (**Poliz.**) station-house; (**Schild-**) sentinel, sentry; *auf* —, on watch; —*halten*, to watch, ward; *bei* *Einem* —*halten*, to sit up with one; *auf der* — *sein*, *die* —*haben*, to be upon guard, to be upon duty; *auf die* — *gehen*, to mount (the) guard; *von der* — *gehen*, to come off duty, to be relieved.

Wach'en, *Wach'en*, *provinc. (w.) v. i. tr.* to fan; II. *intr.* to be agitated or in a gentle motion (of heated air).

Wach'en, I. (w.) *v. intr.* 1) to be awake; to wake; to be stirring; 2) to watch (für, über (with Acc.), over), ward, guard; — *Sie bewachen, daß ...*, take care that ...; bei Einem —, to watch one (a sick person), to sit up with one; *Mar-s.* to be always out of the water (of a sand-bank); der Hüter wacht, the anchor is a-cock-bill (i. e. is ready to be sunk); die Boje wacht, the buoy is floating; II. *v. (str.)* *n.* the state of waking, &c.; wakefulness.

Wach'wächern, *m. see* *Wachwächern*.

Wach'engel, (*str.*) *m. (l. u.)* guardian angel (Schutzengel). [night-angel.]

Wacher, (*str.*) *m. Mar.* fore-castle-match. **Wach'...**, *in comp.* —fener, *n.* 1) watch-fire; 2) cresset; —fraz, *f.* nurse; —fret, *adj.* exempt from keeping watch or from guard-duty; —gelb, *n.* ward-money, wardage; —glas, *n. see* *Wachtaglas*; —größen, *m. see* —gelb; —habend, *adj.* being on duty, on guard, appointed for duty; der —habende Officer, the officer on duty, officer in waiting; —haus, *n.* watch, watch-house, guard-house; *Mar.* binacle, binnacle, —(Hütte, *f.*) box for the signal man; —Hütchen, *n.* watch-box; sentry-box; —Hüter, *m.* 1) watch; guard; 2) *Zool.* monitor-lizard (Wachschelch).

Wach(h)el'ber, (*str.*) *m. Bot.* juniper (*Juniperus communis* L.); *in comp.* —amfel, *f. see* —broffel; —baum, *m.* juniper-tree; —beere, *f.* juniper-berry; —branntwein, *m.* geneva, hollands, coll. gin; —broffel, *f.* *Ornith.* field-fare (Strammetsvogel); *Pharm-s.* —herz, *n.* gum-juniper, sandarach; —(alt)werg, *f.* —mus, *n.* electuary or rob of juniper-berries; —öl, *n.* juniper oil; —(alt)werg, *f.* inspissated juice of juniper-berries; —(schne)se, *f.* *Ornith.* woodcock (Waldschneipe); —(str.) *m. see* —baum; —wogel, *m. see* —broffel; —wasser, *n. see* —branntwein.

Wach'..., *in comp.* —fellen, *pl.* —lohn, *m.* fee for watching, *see* —gelb; —meister, *m.* (cavalry) sergeant; —(str.) *f.* regulation respecting the watch; —parade, *f. Mil. see* —aufzug; —posten, *m.* duty, watch, post; —rolle, *f. Mar.* watch-bill; —ruf, *m.* note of alarm.

A. Wach's (*pr. wäch*), (*str.*) *n.* wax; fatigues —, *see* *Ergeffell*; grünes —, myrtle-wax; mineralisches —, ozocerite; mit — überziehen or tränken, to coat with wax, to cere.

B. Wach's (*pr. wäch*), (*str.*) *m. (from Wach'sen)* growth (Wachsthum, 1).

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —abdruck, *m.* impression or print on wax; cast in wax; —agat, *m. Minor.* yellow agate-wax; —ähnelich, *see* —artig.

Wach'sam, I. *adj.* watchful, vigilant; ein wach'same auf etwas (Acc.) haben, to have a watchful eye over; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* watchfulness, vigilance; die nöthige — verzeihen, to be off one's guard.

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* of the nature of wax, resembling wax, wax-like, waxy; —band, *n.* wax-ribbon; —bäum, *f. Bot.* sprouting-room; —baum, *m. Bot.* (common) candleberry-myrtle, wax-myrtle (*Myrica cerifera* L.); —beule, *f. Med.* swelling of the lymphatic glands; —bild, *n.* likeness in wax, waxen image; *cf.* —figur; —bildner, *m.* modeller or moulder in wax; —bildnerel, *f.* ceroplast, modelling in wax; —binden, *pl. see* —band; —blatt, *n. Bot.* empty pane or comb in a bee-hive; —bleiche, *f.* 1) wax-bleaching; 2) or —bleicherel, *f.* place for bleaching wax; —bleicher, *m.* wax-bleacher; —blume, *f. Bot.* honey-wort, wax-flower (*Coronilla* L.); —boden, *m.* wax-cake; —boffe-

rer, *m.* embosser in wax, *see* —bildner; —brat, *n. see* *Bienenbrat*; —butter, *f. see* —öl. **Wach'...**, *in comp.* —(sch)an, *f. see* —aufzug; —(sch)iff, *n.* guard-ship; look-out ship, signal-ship; revenue-cutter.

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —caufstent, *f.* consistence of wax, waxing; —drüse, *f. Minor.* ore resembling wax; —drüse, *f. Anat.* ceraceous gland.

Wach'sen (*pr. wäch'en*), (*str.*) *v. intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to grow; 2) to sprout (of malt); 3) to crystallise (of saltpetre); 4) or im —(sein, *fig.* to (be on the) increase; to gain ground; der Mond wächst or ist im —, the moon is in her increase; das Wasser wächst, the water rises; über etwas (Acc.) hinaus —, to outgrow; das Kind wächst zu sehr, that child outgrows its strength; gut —, to thrive, to be in a fine growth; coll-s. Einem and Dem gewachsen sein, to be greatly endeared to one; Einem über den Kopf —, 1. to outgrow; 2. to grow upon one, to get the ascendancy over; gewachsen, *p. a. see* *Gewachsen* in *W*; das —, (*str.*) *v. e.* a growing, &c.; growth; increase; rise.

Wach'sen (*pr. wäch'en*), (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wax. **Wach'sern** (*pr. wäch'ern*), *adj.* waxen, of wax.

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —fabrik, *f.* wax-chandry; —fadel, *f.* wax-torch; —farbe, *f.* wax-colour; —farbig, *adj.* wax-coloured; —figur, *f.* wax-figure, wax-work; —(fig)uren-cabinet, *n.* wax-works; —(fig)ur, *m. see* *Skulptur*; —form, *f.* mould for wax-figures; —former, *m. see* —bofster; —gagel, *f. see* —baum; —(gelb), *n. see* —fellen; —gelb, *adj.* yellow as wax; —gemälde, *n.* encaustic painting; —(ge)stir, —händler, —früher, *m.* wax-chandler; —grün, *m. see* *Ropigrün*; —haut, *f. Ornith.* naked skin (of a hawk's bill), cere; —hut, *m.* glazed hat. [artig.]

Wach'sicht, **Wach'sig** (*pr. wäch'ig*)..., *see* *Wach's*. **Wach's** (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —fammer, *f.* room for provinces, sets, &c.; —fellen, *m. T.* vat of crystallisation; —ferge, *f.* taper, wax-candle; —fester, *m. provinc.* wax-chandler; —(fig)ur, *f. Pomol.* a species of heart-cherry; —frant, *n. see* *Seifenfrant*; —fuchen, *m.* cake of wax; —fünftler, *m. see* —bofster; —lampe, *f.* wax-lamp; —lappen, *m.* wax-cloth; —larze, *f. see* —maske; —leber, *m.* wax-leather; —leimwand, *f.* cere-cloth, cerate, oil-cloth, oil-skin; —licht, *n.* wax-candle, wax-light; —(licht)lecher, *m.* wax-chandler; —malerei, *f.* art of painting by means of (or in) wax; encaustic painting; —maske, *f.* wax-mask; —mehl, *n. Bot.* wax-meal, bee's bread; —motte, *f. Entom.* wax-tiny (*Tinea cereella* L.); —myrte, *f. Bot.* wax-myrtle (—baum); —öl, *n.* oil distilled from wax; —palme, *f. Bot.* wax-palm (*Ceroxylon andicola* Humb.); —papier, *f.* waxed paper; —perle, *f.* wax-pearl; —(p)aster, *n.* wax-plaster, cerate, cere-cloth; —pomade, *f.* wax-pomatum; —(p)resse, *f.* wax-press; —puppe, *f.* wax-doll; —rührchen, *n. Surg.* bougie, catheter; —rührchen, *n. see* —blume; —salbe, *f.* cerate, wax-salve; —(sch)abe, *f. Entom.* honey-moth (*Galleria cereella* Hübn.); —(sch)ebe, *f.* cake of wax; —(sch)ere, *f. see* —(sch)idder; —(sch)wamm, *m.* waxed sponge; —(sch)ife, *f.* wax-soap; —(sch)iff, *f.* —sch, *n.* strainer for molten wax; —(sch)inde, *f. see* —rührchen; —(sch)pan, *m. see* —band; —(sch)ange, *f.* wax-reel; —(sch)apel, *m.* wax-winder; —(sch)od, *m.* 1) wax-taper, roll of taper; 2) coll. silly fellow, simpleton; —(sch)odbüchse, —(sch)odstapel, *f.* taper-box; —(sch)odlenkter, *m.* wax-winder, wax-stand; —(sch)odschere, *f.* taper-holder; —(sch)odzug, *m. T.* drawing-plate for tapers; —(sch)rand, *m. see* —baum; —(sch)afel, *f.* cake of wax (in a beehive); wax-tablet; —(sch)affet, *m.* oiled silk, cere-cloth; —(sch)enut, *f. see* —band.

Wach'sthum (*pr. wäch'ig*), (*str.*) *n. & m.*

1) growth (of the hair, &c.), vegetation; 2) *fig.* increase; im — hindern, to stunt the growth of ... — Wach'sthumlich, *adj.* relating to growth. [*f. see* *Wachsthum*.]

Wach'straber (*pr. wäch'tr-*), (*w., cf. Traber*) **Wach'...**, *in comp.* —stube, *f.* guard-room, guard-chamber, *cf.* —haus; —(sch)ut, *f. Med.* morbid wakefulness (Schlaflosigkeit); —(sch)üttig, *adj.* affected with morbid wakefulness.

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —trag, *m. see* —fellen; —tuch, *n. see* —leimwand; —(sch)utfabrik, *f.* manufactory of waxed cloths, oil cloth manufactory; —(sch)ut, *m.* glazed hat; —(sch)utpapier, *n.* paper varnished with black oil-varnish; —(sch)ut, *m.* dross of wax.

Wach'svermögen, (*str.*) *n. (from Wach'sen)* capability of growth, vegetative faculty.

Wach's (*pr. wäch*)..., *in comp.* —zellen, *f. pl.* cells in a honey-comb; —(sch)er, *m.* wax-chandler; —(sch)uld, *m.* tithe paid of wax.

Wach's, (*w.*) *f.* guard; watch (Wache, 1).

Wach'sbrüt, *n. see* *Wachstafel*.

Wach'stel, *s. I. (w.) f. Ornith.* quail (*Turnix dactylopterus* Meyer); die gehäutete, mexicanische —, crested quail (*Lophortyx californica* Bonap.); II. *in comp.* —fell, *m. Ornith.* lanner (*Falco lanarius* L.); —fang, *m.* quail-catching; —(f)inger, *n.* quail-catcher; —garn, *n.* quail-net, hallic, bramble-net; —habicht, *m. Ornith.* 1) sparrow-hawk (Spekter, 1); 2) merlin (Zweckfall); —hund, *m. Zool.* 1) *see* *Gährenhund*; 2) (der spanische) spaniel; 3) (der englische) king Charles' dog; —(sch)uß, *f.* quail-shooting; —(sch)uß, *m. see* *Wachstafel*; —(sch)uß, *n. see* —garn; —(sch)uß, *f.* quail-call, quail-pipe, bird-call; —ruf, —(sch)lag, *m.* call of a quail; —(sch)uß, *m.* 1) *see* —zug; 2) *see* —fang; —(sch)uß, *m. Bot.* cow-wheat (*Malan-pyrum* L.); —zug, *m.* migration of quails.

Wach'ster, (*str.*) *m.* 1) watchman, guard, warder, ward; guardian; (der — im West-forde) *Mar.* the look-out man; 2) attendant, man-nurse; keeper; 3) a) instrument for watching or observing anything; b) *Min.* warner; c) *Dy.* test-clock; d) *see* *Wachstafel*, 3 &c.; 4) *Ornith.* shrike (großer Würger); 5) *see* *Wachschelch*; *in comp.* —gelb, *n.* watchman's fee; —(sch)orn, *n.* horn of a watchman; —ruf, *m.* call, cry of the watchman.

Wach't..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Wach'...* *in comp.*) —glas, *n.* hour-glass; watch-glass; —habend, —haus, —meister etc., *see* *Wachshabend*, *Wachshaus*, *Wachmeister* &c.

Wach'sthum, (*str.*) *pl. W-fthum* *m.* watch-tower; belfry; barboan.

Wach't..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Wach'...* *in comp.*) —rolle, *f.* watch-bill; —(sch)uß, *m.* watch-gun; —(sch)uß, *f.* log-board.

Wach'selt, (*w.*) *f.* time for watch or guard.

Wach't, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Min.* wake, wacky; 2) *see* *Wach*, 1; 3) *provinc.* curds. [rait.]

Wach'tel, (*w.*) *m.* coll. waddle, waddling

Wach'telig, I. or **Wach'telhaft**, *adj.* shaking, wavering, tottering, rocking, shaky, loose; rickety, crasy (of old furniture, &c.); II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* state of shaking; looseness; weakness, infirmity.

Wach'tel..., *in comp.* —(sch)af, *m.* 1) shaky or palsied head; 2) *see* *Wach*, 1; 3) *see* *Wach*, 1; 4) *see* *Wach*, 1; 5) *see* *Wach*, 1; 6) *see* *Wach*, 1; 7) *see* *Wach*, 1; 8) *see* *Wach*, 1; 9) *see* *Wach*, 1; 10) *see* *Wach*, 1; 11) *see* *Wach*, 1; 12) *see* *Wach*, 1; 13) *see* *Wach*, 1; 14) *see* *Wach*, 1; 15) *see* *Wach*, 1; 16) *see* *Wach*, 1; 17) *see* *Wach*, 1; 18) *see* *Wach*, 1; 19) *see* *Wach*, 1; 20) *see* *Wach*, 1; 21) *see* *Wach*, 1; 22) *see* *Wach*, 1; 23) *see* *Wach*, 1; 24) *see* *Wach*, 1; 25) *see* *Wach*, 1; 26) *see* *Wach*, 1; 27) *see* *Wach*, 1; 28) *see* *Wach*, 1; 29) *see* *Wach*, 1; 30) *see* *Wach*, 1; 31) *see* *Wach*, 1; 32) *see* *Wach*, 1; 33) *see* *Wach*, 1; 34) *see* *Wach*, 1; 35) *see* *Wach*, 1; 36) *see* *Wach*, 1; 37) *see* *Wach*, 1; 38) *see* *Wach*, 1; 39) *see* *Wach*, 1; 40) *see* *Wach*, 1; 41) *see* *Wach*, 1; 42) *see* *Wach*, 1; 43) *see* *Wach*, 1; 44) *see* *Wach*, 1; 45) *see* *Wach*, 1; 46) *see* *Wach*, 1; 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gallant; 2) honest; — aus- oder durchsprühen, to beat soundly. [blow; to freshen.]

Wachern, (w.) v. *intr.* *Mar.* to begin to **Wachig**, *adj.* consisting of or containing **A. Wab**, (w.) f. *see* **Wat**. [wacko.]
B. Wab, (str.) n. & m. Min. wad, wadd; ore of manganese.

Wabe, (w.) f. calf (of the leg).
Wabelzeit, (w.) f. *Forest.* season for felling timber (Nov., Dec., Jan., Febr.).

Waben, (w.) v. *intr.* *see* **Waben**.

Waben..., *in comp.* *Anat.-s.* — bein, n. fibula, perone; — beinmüßel, — müßel, m. peroneus, sural musculo; — blutaber, f. sural vein; — auro, m. sural nerve; — schlagaber, f. sural artery; — stecher, m. *see* **Stechfliege**.

Wabfad, *see* **Wattfad**. [wögel.]

Wab' (or Wab') wägel, m. pl. *see* **Wampf**.
Waffe, (w.) f. 1) weapon, arms; blante —, side-arm or arms; die **W-n** ergreifen, to take arms, to take the field; die **W-n** strecken, to lay down one's arms; unter den **W-n** sein, to be under arms, to be (up) in arms; zu den **W-n** rufen, to call to arms; unter die **W-n** rufen, to call under arms; to call out (an army); **W-n** tragen, to carry, bear, wear arms; Entscheidung durch **W-n**, armed decision; 2) claw, talon of an animal; die **W-n** eines Ebers, the fangs of a wild-boar; 3) pl. T. tools, instruments (of hatters, combmakers, **Waffte**, (w.) f. *see* **Waffling**. [sc.])

Waffel, (w.) f. wafer, (—tuchen, m.) wafer-cake, waffle; — biter, m. wafermaker, waferer; — eisen, n. Bak. wafer- or waffle-irons.

Waffen..., *in comp.* — bruder, m. brother (or companion) in arms (brother-officer), comrade; — brüderchaft, f. fraternity in arms, brotherhood of arms; — dienst, m. military service; — ergreifung, f. recourse or appeal to arms; — fabrik, f. manufactory of arms; — fähig, *adj.* fit to bear arms; — feld, n. field of battle; — fliege, f. *Entom.* a genus of flies (*Stachyomyia* Geoffr.); — freud, m. *see* — bruder; — gang, m. passage at arms; — gattung, f. species of arms or weapons; von allen — gattungen, of all arms; — geführte, — genoss, m. companion in arms, cf. — bruder; — gegenstand, f. *see* — brüderchaft; — gefittir, — gefittir, m. clash of arms; — gefell, n. stand for arms; — gewalt, f. stress of arms; — glanz, m. splendour of arms; — glück, n. chance of arms; — haufe, f. *see* — haufen; — hammer, m. manufactory of arms, scythes, &c.; — händler, m. armourer; — haufen, m. — hammer, f. arsenal, armory, *see* Zeughaus; — heub, — heub, n. coat of arms or armour, mail-coat; — herold, m. herald or king at arms; — klang, m. *see* — gefittir; — kucht, m. mercenary, soldier, warrior; — kunde, — kunn, f. 1) art of wielding arms; 2) tactics.

Waffenlos, *adj.* without arms, defenceless; *Bot.* inermous, unarmed.

Waffen..., *in comp.* — mächtig, *adj.* 1) powerful in arms; 2) *see* — fähig; — ort, — platz, m. place of arms; meeting-place, place where the soldiers assemble; alarm-post; — probe, f. essay of arms; — pryer, m. *see* — schmidt; — recht, n. law of arms; — roth, m. 1) tabard, *see* — hünd; 2) mod. *Germa.* a military coat; — run, m. call to arms; — ruhe, f. cessation of arms; — rüstung, f. armament, arming, warlike preparations; *Mar.* sitting out of a man of war; — selbe, f. *Polk-lere*, weapon-salve; — schein, f. review; — schmidt, m. armourer; inspector of an armory; — schmund, m. 1) glitter or splendour of arms, warlike ornament; 2) *, full armor; — schrant, m. closet for arms; — legen, m. a blessing of arms or weapons; — pfeil, n. 1) exercise in or of arms, tournament; 2) *, war; — rüstband, m. truce or cessation of arms, suspension of arms, armistice; — rüstband machen

or (schließen, to make or conclude a truce; — tanz, m. 1) armed dance, war-dance; 2) *, war; — that, f. warlike deed, military achievement, pl. deeds of arms; — tragend, *adj.* bearing arms, armigerous; — trüger, m. armour-bearer; esquire; — übung, f. military exercise; — übungen anstellen, to exercise arms; — verbrüderung, f. *see* — brüderchaft; — wache, f. watching of the arms; — weise, f. *see* — legen.

Waffling, **Waffling**, (str.) m. province. box on the ear.

Waffen, (w.) v. *tr.* to arm; gewaffnet, p. a. *Herald.* enarmed; mit gewaffneter Hand, arms in hand, by force of arms.

Wagamt, **Wagfischen** &c., *see* **Wagcamt**, **Wanefloben** &c. [risked.]

Wagbar, *adj.* that may be ventured or **Wagbar**, I. *adj.* weighable, ponderable; II. **W-felt**, (w.) f. ponderability.

Wagfisch, (str.) n. *Comm.* finest sort of tin-plate.

Wagfische, (w.) f. the seed of the *Adenanthura pannonica* L., used as a weight by the goldsmiths in China.

A. Wäge, (w.) f. 1) balance, equipoise; 2) a) (a pair of) scales; b) spring-tree-bar; c) *Wach*—m. pendulum (of a clock), balance (of a watch); d) *Mech.* *dec.* level; e) areometer, gauge (for liquids); f) roller-bolt (of a wagon, &c.); g) *Astr.* libra, balance; 3) *see* **Wagegebäude**; 4) weight; 5) a measure of weight (for iron); 6) province. *see* **Woch**, 2; cinander die — halten, to counter-balance, match; die — gleich machen, to adjust the balance; die — steht gleich, the balance stands poised, the scales are in equilibrium; auf die — legen, *fig.* to weigh (one's words); cf. **Goldwaage**. [(**Waguis**)]

B. Wäge, (w.) f. (from **Wagen**) risk **Wäge**..., *in comp.* — amt, n. 1) weighing-office; 2) (S. G.) custom-office (Zollamt); — amtsschreiber, m. weigher's clerk; — halten, m. beam or lever of a pair of scales or of a balance; — bret, n. wood-scale; — fisch, m. *Ichth.* balance-fish (Hammerfisch); — gebäude, — haufen, n. weighing office, public scales; — (or **Wäge**)gebühren, f. pl. weighing charges, (in *Spezialrechnungen*) weighing.
Wägegeist, (str., pl. **W-geister**) m. (from **Wagen**, v.) adventurous or adventuresome spirit.

Wäge..., *in comp.* — geib, **Wägegeib**, n. *see* — gebühren; — gerichtsgeib, f. right or privilege of having a weighing-house; — gericht, n. the cheeks of a balance.

Wäge..., (from **Wagen**, v.), *in comp.* — haß, m. bold man, rash, daring, or foolhardy person, desperado; — haßig, *adj.* adventurous, bold, rash, daring, foolhardy.

Wäge..., *in comp.* — halter, m. stand to hang scales upon; — haufen, n. *see* — gebäude; — haufschreiber, m. weigher's clerk; — haufen, m. 1) *see* — gericht; 2) handle of a balance; — kucht, m. weigher, mental tending the public scales; — kune, n. *see* **Pumpenmüß**; — kunn, **Wägekunn**, **Wägekuche**, f. *Phys.* statics. [little chariot or coach.]

Wägekuchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of **Wagen**) **Wäge**..., *in comp.* — macher, m. balance-maker; — meißer, m. weigher, keeper of the public scales.

Wäge..., (from **Wagen**, v.), *in comp.* — mittel, n. dangerous means or remedy; — mutz, m. daring courage, boldness, rashness.

Wägen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to venture, risk, hazard, dare, to attempt; ich will es darauf —, I will venture it, I will take my chance. I will chance that; wollen Sie es darauf hin —? will you venture it on the strength of that? *proverb-s.* frisch gewagt ist halb gewonnen, fortune favours the brave; well begun

is half done; wer nichts wagt, gewinnt nichts, nothing venture nothing have; gewagt, p. a. hazardous, venturesome; II. *refl.* to venture (out, &c.); sich — an (with *Acc.*), to venture to attack; to venture on (a task, &c.).

Wägen, (str.; province. pl.: **S. G.**) **Wägen** m. 1) wagon, wain; cart; conveyance; 2) chariot; carriage, coach; 3) *Astr.* *see* — gestirn; ein — voll, wagon or cart-load; — und Pferde halten, to keep one's carriage; die Pferde hinter den — spannen, *proverb.* to put the cart before the horse.

Wägen, (w., *somet. str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to weigh, balance, poise; 2) *fig.* to ponder, consider.

Wägen..., *in comp.* — achse, f. axle-tree; — bau, m. building or manufacturing of carriages; —bauer, m. 1) cartwright; 2) *see* **Stuttschauer**; — beam, m. beam of a carriage; — borten, f. pl. coach-laces; — brüde, f. *Hydr.* carriage-bridge, roller-bridge; — bühle, f. wheel-box; — bürger, f. fortification or bulwark formed by the wagons and carriages of an army; — bürste, f. chariot-brush, coach-brush; — classe, f. *Railw.* class of carriages; — bedt, f. cover for a carriage, wagon-till, cart-till; — bettsel, f. coach-pole, shaft of a cart; — flächte, f. hamper, burdle, or basket-work for a wagon or carriage; — frösche, f. *see* **Spannlein**; — führer, m. charioteer; — gefelle, n. track of a carriage, wheel marks, rut; — gerassel, n. din of carriages; — gefittir, m. cart-harness, carriage-implements; — gefell, n. wagon-body; carriage of a coach; — gefittir, n. *coll.* for der große **Wär**, *Astr.* *Urs* major, anal. *Charles*'s wain; — halter, m. (at courts or great establishments) an officer who has the care of the carriages; — haufen, n. coach-house; — laften, m. body of a carriage, carriage-body; (*Herald.*) chest of a (railway-) wagon; — laftenförmige **Wägel**, m. *Mech.* wagon-head or caravan-shaped boiler; — felle, f. hamper, hurdle at the back or front of a wagon or cart; — fette, f. cartman's chain; trigger, drag-chain; — fucht, m. 1) cart-driver; 2) *see* **Stüdmacht**; — forß, m. hamper, cf. — flächte; — fürper, m. *see* — laften; — la dung, f. cart-load, cart-full; — leste, f. *see* — gefelle; — lester, f. cart-rack, wagon-ladder, pl. rails of a cart; — lesterperre, f. cross rail of the rack; — lester, m. charioteer; — lesterfunß, f. coachmanship; — macher, m. cartwright; coach-maker; — meißer, m. inspector of the wagons of a prince or at a post-office, wagon-master; — mühle, f. camp-mill; — nagel, m. pole-pin; — part, m. *Mit.* wagon-park; — pferd, n. carriage-horse, wagon-horse; — plant, f. awning, wheel — bedt; — rab, n. wagon-wheel, carriage-wheel; — remisse, f. coach-house; — rennen, n. chariot-race; — ring, m. circle of wagons, *see* — bürger; — schauer, m. *see* — schuppen; — schiltter, m. booby-hut or hutah; — schmitt, f. cart-groase, coach-groase; — schuppen, m. post-house or shed for carriages, coach-house; — schuß, — schuß, m. waincot(ing)-boards, waincot-logs, oak billets; — schust, n. wood or timber roughly squared for cartwrights; — fley, m. coach-seat; — sperre, f. drag-chain, trigger; — spur, f. *see* — gefelle; — stern, m. *see* — gefittir; — rüßer, m. *Min.* trammer; — stänge, m. pl. traces, wagon-strings; — tger, m. *see* — schmitt; — theil, m. *Hor.* canton; — tuch, n. *see* — bedt; — weg, m. carriage road; — weitreunen, n. chariot-race; — winde, f. (screw-) jack; — zug, m. train (of (railway-) carriages).

Wägen..., *in comp.* — ordnung, f. regulation for the weighing of goods; — pflucht, f. *see* — gebühren.

Wäger, (str.) m. weigher.
Wägerrecht, *adj.* horizontal, level (*Horizontall*).

Wageſak, (*str.*, pl. *W-ſäke*) *m.* (from *Wagen*, *v.*) hypothesis.

Wage..., *in comp.* —ſchale, *f.* scale or basin of a balance, scale-pan, (*hölzerne*) beam board (*Wageſchale*); —ſchein, *m.* see —ſcheit; —ſcheit, *n.* *Max. rule*, cf. *Richtſcheit*; —ſchreiber, *m.* see —hausſchreiber.

Wageſpiel, (*str.*) *n.* (from *Wagen*, *v.*) game of hazard.

Wage..., *in comp.* —ſtange, *f.* see —ſtlen; —ſtein, *m.* 1) or *Wageſtein*, a stone used as a weight (*Gewichtſtein*); 2) see *Wageſtein*.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *n.* (from *Wagen*, *v.*) adventure, hazardous enterprise, rash action, risk, daring feat, dangerous venture.

Wage..., *in comp.* —ſcheit, *m.* certificate of weighing; —ſtange, *f.* tongue of a balance.

* **Waggon** [*pr. waggong*], (*str.*, pl. *W-ſ*) *m.* (*Engl.*, with *fr. prom.*) *Railw.* carriage (for persons); wagon, truck (for goods).

Wageſtein, (*str.*) *n.* (*provinc. &*) * see *Wageſtein*.

Wageſtück, I. *adj.* 1) (or *Wageſtück*) hazardous, venturesome; 2) that may be ventured on; II. *W-ſtück*, (*v.*) *f.* hazardousness.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *m.* see *Wageſtück*.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *m.* cartwright, wheelwright, wheeler; wagon-maker; *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* cartwright's or wheelwright's work; —axt, *f.* cartwright's axe; wheelwright's adze; —holz, *n.* cartwright's timber; —juſt, *f.* company of cartwrights.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *n.* 1) (or *f.*) chance, hazard, jeopardy; 2) or *Wageſtück*, (*v.*) *f.* hazardous enterprise, risk (*Wageſtück*).

Wageſtück, (*v.*) *f.* adventurous, perilous.

Wageſtück, (*v.*) *f.* scale; balance; cf. *Wageſtück*; auf die — legen, *fg.* to put in the scale or balance, to weigh; ſchwer in die — fallen, *fg.* to be weighty in the scale.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *m.* rocking-stone, logan.

Wageſtück, (*str.*) *n.* see *Wageſtück*.

A. **Wahl**, (*v.*) *f.* choice, option; election; selection; return (into parliament); *ſeine* — wurde für ungültig erklärt, he was unelected; — ohne Alternative, *ſic*, Hobson's choice; *auf freier* —, of one's (of my, your, his, &c.) own choice; *Einem die — (einer Sache) laſſen*, to leave (a thing) to one's option or choice, to let one take his choice; *Eie haben die —*, you have the choice or refusal, take your choice; *wenn ich die — hätte*, if I were to choose; *auf der — ſein*, to be a candidate for the election; *wir die — hat*, but die *Qual*, *proverb.* choosing is difficult.

B. **Wahl**, (*str.*) *n.* Comm. eighty pieces.

Wahl, (*v.*) *f.* *provinc.* for *Wahlſcheit*.

Wahl..., *in comp.* —abt, *m.* elective abbot; —act, *m.* see —handlung; —altern, *pl.* see —eltern; —amt, *n.* elective office; —anſetzung, *f.* see —verwandſchaft; —auſſchreiben, *n.* writ of election; —auſſchreiben, *m.* election-committee. [(*v.*) *f.* eligibility.]

Wahl..., I. *adj.* eligible; II. *W-ſtück*, (*v.*) *f.* *provinc.* for *Wahlſcheit*.

Wahl..., *in comp.* —beurkundung, *f.* objection to the validity of an election; —bedingung, *n.* conditions on which a person is chosen; —beſehl, *m.* writ of election; —beſchreibung, *f.* undue influence upon the election; —berechtigigt, *adj.* having the right of election, entitled to vote; *ber —berechtigigt*, elector; —bewerber, *m.* competitor, candidate; —bewerbung, *f.* competition at an election; canvassing; —beſt, *m.* electoral district, ward; —biſchof, *m.* elective bishop; —breiter, *pl.* Comm. choice Swedish planks; —bude, *f.* poll-booth; —büßer, *f.* husting; —bürger, *m.* citizen entitled to vote, (in London) liveryman; —candidat, see —bewerber; —capitulation, *f.* terms to which a person must subscribe on being elected into a certain station; capitulation of the German Em-

peror; —cenſus, *m.* *Law*, property qualification; —collegium, *n.* electoral college; —commissär, *m.* returning officer, poll-clerk; —district, *m.* see —beſt.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *m.* see *Wahl*.

Wahl..., *in comp.* —elche, *f.* see *Einrichtung*; —einrichtung, *f.* electoral organization; —eltern, *pl.* adoptive parents.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *v.* & *tr.* 1) to choose, elect; to return (into parliament); to make choice of; to pick out; 2) *Comm.* (at cards) to turn up; *gewählt*, *p. a.* choice (society).

Wahl..., (*v.*) *m.* elector, constituent; —auſſchreiben, *m.* *Pol.* electoral committee.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *m.* heir by will.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *adj.* coll. (*provinc.* *Wahl*) 1) particular (in one's choice), nice, fastidious, dainty; proud (stomach); 2) feeling well; luxuriant, wanton, playful.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *f.* Comm. call.

Wahl..., (*v.*) *f.*, *Wahl* *terstüm*, (*str.*) *n.* 1) body of electors, electoral body, constituency; 2) state or quality of an elector.

Wahl..., *in comp.* —fähig, *adj.* 1) eligible; 2) see —berechtigt; —fähigkeit, *f.* 1) eligibility, eligibility; 2) qualification to vote (property qualification, &c.), cf. *Wahlrecht*; —fall, *m.* case of election; —ſchick, *n.* 1) field where an election was carried on (especially the election of the former kings of Poland); 2) see *Wahlſtück*; —folge, *f.* succession to an elective dignity; —freiheit, *f.* freedom of election; suffrage; —fürst, *m.* prince elector; elective monarch; —gesetz, *n.* electoral law; —geſetz, *pl.* electoral regulations; —handlung, *f.* the act of electing, (public) election; poll; —herr, *m.* elector.

Wahl..., see *Wahlſchick*, 2. [chooser.]

Wahl..., *in comp.* —intriguen, *f.* *pl.* see —umtriebe; —kaiser, *m.* elective emperor; —kaiserthum, *n.* elective empire; —kamp, *m.* election contest; —kasten, *m.* ballot-box; —kind, *n.* adoptive child; —könig, *m.* elective king; —königreich, *n.* elective kingdom; —körper, *m.* —körperſchaft, *f.* electoral or elective body; —krone, *f.* elective crown; —kugel, *f.* voting-ball, ballot; —liſte, *f.* electoral list; register of the electors; —mann, *m.* delegate (for an election); —mutter, *f.* adoptive mother; —ort, *m.* place of election; —prüfung, *f.* elective benefice or living; —platz, *m.* 1) place where an election is carried on, polling-place; 2) field of battle; —protokoll, *n.* register of an election, polling-register, poll-book; —prüfung, *f.* verification of an election; —rat, *m.* 1) elective council; 2) member of an elective council; 3) meeting of electors; *einen —rat halten*, to meet for an election; —recht, *n.* right of election, (electoral or elective) franchise; *des —rechts berauben*, to disfranchise; *allgemeines —recht*, universal or manhood suffrage; —register, *n.* polling-register; —reich, *n.* elective empire, elective kingdom; —ſchluß, *m.* resolution passed at an election; —ſohn, *m.* adoptive son; —symbol, device, saying, motto; —ſtadt, *f.* electing-town; —ſtatt, —ſtätte, *f.* field of battle; —stimme, *f.* suffrage, vote, voice; —tag, *m.* electing-day, election; —tochter, *f.* adoptive daughter; —fähigkeit, *adj.* see —fähig; —umtriebe, *m.* *pl.* electioneering intrigue; —unfähigkeit, *adj.* 1) ineligible; 2) not entitled to vote; —unruhen, *f.* *pl.* electioneering troubles; —urne, *f.* ballot-box; —vater, *m.* adoptive father; —versammlung, *f.* electoral assembly; —verwandt, *adj.* *fg.* congenial; —verwandtschaft, *f.* *Chem.* elective attraction or affinity; *fg.* congeniality; —verwand, *m.* see —commissär; —zett, *m.* voting-card (used as a ballot-ball), cf. *Stimmzett*; —zeuge, *m.* 1) teller; 2) see —commissär; 3) scrutineer; —

zimmer, *n.* electing-room; —zeug, *m.* electioneering purpose.

Wahn, (*str.*) *m.* erroneous or false opinion, illusion; delusion; delusive notion, error; presumption, fancy; *der ſitt —*, monomania; *in dem — ſich*, to have an erroneous opinion, to be taken with a fancy.

Wahn..., *in comp.* —begriff, *m.* false notion, erroneous conception; —bett, *n.* *Sport* empty lair of a stag; —bild, *n.* phantom, phantasm, delusion, vision, illusion; —burt, *f.* *provinc.* 1) illegitimacy; 2) misfortune; —tours, *m.* *Mar.* deviation; —eile, *f.* see —lanze; —eure, *f.* false honour.

Wahn..., (*v.*) *v. intr.* to fancy, presume, imagine, to think, believe (erroneously).

Wahn..., *in comp.* —fracht, *f.* dead freight; —glaube, *m.* see —bild; —glaube, *m.* false belief, mistaken faith; —gläubig, *adj.* see *Irregläubig*; —gut, *n.* imaginary property; —hirn, *n.* empty pate; —hoffnung, *f.* vain hope; —holz, *n.* T. back-aided timber; —lanze, *f.* *Corp.* dull edge, bad borel; —lanze, *adj.* *Corp.* flawed (said of timber); —lanze *ſich*, back-aided timber; —ling, *adj.* *Imaginary* wisdom; —lern, *n.* empty ear of corn; —macht, *f.* (*l. u.*) weakness; —muth, *m.* 1) see *Wahnwitz*; 2) see *Wahnwitz*; 3) see *Wahnwitz*; —loſigkeit, *adj.* (*l. u.*) misshapen, uncouth; —ſchick, *m.* *Sophism*.

Wahn..., (*str.*) *m.* frenzy, madness, delirium, distraction of mind, insanity; *in — verſallen*, to go out of one's mind; *biſſum — leben*, to love to distraction.

Wahn..., I. *adj.* insane, distracted, mad, deranged; frantic; crazy, crack-brained; —machen, to drive mad or distracted; —werden, to go, grow, or run mad; *ber (die) W- e*, *m.* (*str.*) insane person, madman, madwoman; II. *W-ſeit*, (*v.*) *f.* the state of being mad, &c., madness, frantiness.

Wahn..., *in comp.* —ſonne, *f.* mock-sun, parhelion; —ſtück, *adj.* presumptuous; —ſucht, *f.* see *Wahnwitz*; —witz, *m.* sophist; —witz, *m.* —witz, *adj.* see *Wahnwitz*, *Wahnwitz*.

Wahr, *adj.* true, genuine; regular; correct; *das W- e*, the true, real; *ber w- e Geſichtſtreich*, rational or real horizon; *man hat mir als — berichtet*, I am informed for a truth; —machen, to verify, certify, prove; to falsify; to turn to a reality; —werden, to prove or come true; *es iſt kein w- e Wort daran*, there is not a word of truth about it; *es iſt ein w- e Glück*, it is a piece of real good luck; *ein w- e Schatz*, a perfect treasure, quite a treasure; *dieſes Verſprechen ſcheint eine w- e Lüge*, these proceedings seem perfectly frantic; *er iſt eine w- e Ruſſ*, he is a mere cipher; *er hat keine w- e Noth*, he has his own troubles (*cf. Noth*); *nicht —?* is (or does) it? is it (or does it) not? *ſo — ich ſebe!* as (sure as) I live! *ſo — Gott ſebe!* as God is in being! *ſo — mir Gott helfe!* so help me God! so save me heaven!

Wahr..., (*v.*) *v. & tr.* 1) to perceive, observe; 2) to keep, preserve; 3) to guard, defend, to watch over, to look after, (*ver* with *Dat.*), against; II. *refl.* to be on one's guard, to take care. [time.]

Wahr..., (*v.*) *v. intr.* to last, endure, continue; *Wahr...*, I. *prop.* (*with Gen.*) during, in the course of (a tour, &c.); II. *conj.* while, whilst; — *ich (er &c.) auf Reifen war*, while on a journey; — *nach die Todtenglocke über die hingeriefene Gräber in unſern Ohren tönt*, with the knell of departed greatness in our ears.

[*prime-coast*; 2) see *Wergel*.]

Wahr..., (*str.*, pl. *W-er*) *n.* 1) first or *Wahrhaft*, *adj.* 1) true, genuine, veritable; 2) sure, veracious.

Wahr..., I. *adj.* adolescent, true, sure, sincere, genuine (*Wahrhaft*); II. *adv.* [genet.]

hunting dog; —*geſch*, *n.* forest-law; —*ge-
wächſ*, *n.* any plant growing in woods, wood-
land plant; —*glöſchen*, *n.* —*glöſchenſtamm*, *f.*
Bot. purple fog-glove (*Digitaria purpurea* L.);
—*gott*, *m.* wood-god, sylvan, satyr; (—*gott-
heit*, *f.* deity of the wood, sylvan deity; —
göttin, *f.* wood-goddess, wood-nymph, dryad;
—*göttinſtraut*, *n.* *Bot.* herb-banet (*Reil-
nurz*, 1); —*graf*, *m.* 1) *see* *Holzgraf*; 2) *see* *Kran-
graf*; —*gras*, *n.* several sorts of grass grow-
ing in the woods; shadow-grass; hairy wood-
rush, &c.; —*grüſerei*, *f.* pasture in a wood or
forest; —*grün*, *I. adj.* forest-green; *II. s.*
(*str.* *n.* 1) *see* *W-cgrün*; 2) *Minor.* porphy-
raceous breccia (*Beil*); —*hölzer*, *m.* *Ornith.*
1) jay (*Sturghäher*); 2) *see* *Reinhold*; —*hahn*,
m. *see* *Huerhahn*; —*hähchen*, *n.* —*hähchen-
fuß*, *m.* *Bot.* *see* —*ancum*; —*hammer*, *m.* *see*
—*elzen*; —*hase*, *m.* woodland-hare; —*haus*, *n.*
house in a forest; forest-house; —*heime*, *f.*
provinc. *see* —*biene*; —*herb*, *m.* airy to catch
birds in a wood; —*herr*, *m.* 1) proprietor of
a forest; 2) chief officer of the forests (be-
longing to a city); —*hirſch*, *m.* wood-stag;
—*hirſe*, *f.* —*ſirſegras*, *n.* *Bot.* wild millet
(*Milium ſirſegras* L.); —*höhe*, *f.* woody emi-
nence; —*hölzner*, *m.* *Bot.* mountain alder
(*Erleubenhölzner*); —*hölzſamen*, *m.* tree-
seeds; —*hörnig*, *m.* honey of wood-bees; —
hopen, *m.* *Bot.* wild hops (*Humulus lupu-
lus* L.); —*horn*, *n.* *Mus.* bangle-horn, hunt-
ing-horn, winding-horn, French horn; —*hor-
niſter*, —*horniſt*, *m.* performer on the (French)
horn, hornor; horn player; *Mus.* bugle; —*hor-
niſt*, *f.* assure, seam in a horse's hoof; —
hügel, *m.* woody hill, hurst; —*huhn*, *m.* *Ornith.*
the grouse (*Turdus* L.); —*hüter*, *m.* keeper of
a forest, wood-ward, forester's assistant
(*Forſthüter*); —*hütte*, *f.* wood-hut, Am. shanty;
—*hyacinthe*, *f.* *Bot.* a species of orchis (*Hy-
acinthus bifolia* L.).

Walbiſch, *Walbiſch*, *adj.* woodlike, sylvan;
woody, wooded; eine *Walbiſche* *Gegend*, woody
region, woodland grounds.

Walbimme, (*sw.* *f.* *see* *Waldbiene*).

Walbnur, (*f.* *Hunt.* a proper name for the
female of a lime-hound.

Walb... (*f.* *Forſt...* & *Holz...*), *in comp.*
—*läſter*, *m.* *Entom.* stag-beetle (*Strophodactylus*);
—*ſante*, *f.* *Carp.* (of timber) rough edge
(*Baumſante*, 1); —*ſantig*, *adj.* rough-edged
(*Baumſantig*); —*ſaye*, *f.* wild cat; —*ſang*, *m.*
1) *see* *Geſchlechts*; 2) *see* —*cule*; —*ſichter*, *f.*
Bot. wood-chickling (*Lathyrus silvestris* L.);
—*ſirſe*, *f.* wild cherry; —*ſter*, *m.* *Bot.* wild
clover (*Trifolium alpestre* L.); —*ſette*, *f.* *Bot.*
onchanter's nightshade (*Onoclea luteola* L.);
—*ſucht*, *m.* *see* *Forſthüter*; *Bot-s.* —*ſuchſand*,
m. *see* *Bärlauch*; —*ſühl*, *m.* common tower-
mustard (*Turritis glabra* L.); —*ſtreſe*, *f.* wild
water-cross (*Nasturtium silvestre* L.); —*ſtreu-
ſtraut*, *n.* wood-ragwort (*Senecio silvestris* L.);
—*ſubſtraut*, *n.* *Bot.* great or wood lady's-
bedstraw (*Galium silvestre* L.); —*ſand*, *n.*
woodland, woody land; —*ſandſchaft*, *f.* wood-
land scenery; —*ſatte*, *f.* *Carp.* split lath (*Reiſ-
ſatte*); —*ſand*, *m.* *see* *Bärlauch*; —*ſüſter*, *m.*
see —*hüter*; —*ſüſterſtraut*, *n.* *Bot.* wood-louse-
wort (*Pedicularis silvestris* L.); —*ſeben*, *m.*
forest-life; —*ſett*, *adj.* woodless (—*arm*); —
ſehen, *m.* forest held in ſaf.

Wälſtein, (*str.* *n.* (*dimin.* of *Wal*))
(*provinc.* & *) *see* *Wälſchen*. [a forest.

Walſſette, (*sw.* *f.* bank or waterside of
Wälſter, (*str.* *m.* *see* *Waldborn*, 1).

Walb... (*f.* *Forſt...* & *Holz...*), *in comp.*
—*ſcher*, *f.* *Ornith.* 1) wood-lark (*Emmelſcher*);
2) pipit (*Baumſcher*); —*ſeute*, *pl.* people
living or employed in a forest; foresters,
woodmen; *Bot-s.* —*ſette*, *f.* wood-lily, wood-
bine (*Epipactis*, 2); —*malſe*, *f.* common or wild
mallow (*Stegmalſe*); —*mangelſe*, *m.* wood-

bat, small winter-green (*Winterſch*); —*mann*,
m. 1) forester, woodman; 2) a) sylvan, sa-
tyr; b) (or —*männchen*, *n.*) wood-dwarf, hob-
goblin haunting a forest, *, forest-sprite;
3) *Hunt.* a proper name for a hunting-dog
or lime-hound; —*marber*, *m.* *see* *Baummar-
ber*; —*mart*, *f.* wood or forest-boundary; —
maſt, *f.* pannage, the food of swine, &c. in the
woods (as beech-nuts, acorns, &c.); —
maus, *f.* *Zool.* 1) wood-mouse, field-mouse
(*Mus silvestris* L.); 2) *rathe* —*maus*, common
dormouse (*Hafelmaus*); —*meiſe*, *f.* 1) *see*
Rohlmeiſe; 2) *see* *Lammmeiſe*; —*meiſter*, *m.*
1) wood-ward; 2) *Bot.* sweet-scented wood-
roof, woodruff (*Asperula odorata* L.); —
meſſiſe, *f.* bastard balm, horse-mint (—*münſe*);
—*menſch*, *m.* 1) wild man; satyr; 2) *Zool.*
ourang-outang, man of the woods (*Pithecus
ſagrus* L.); —*meſſer*, *m.* surveyor employed
to measure a forest, wood-surveyor; —*miſt*,
m. compost of leaves; —*mitte*, *f.* mid-wood;
—*mergen*, *m.* acre of wood-ground; —*münſe*,
f. *Bot.* horse-mint (*Monarda silvestris* L.); —
muſt, *f.* wood-note; —*naſtſigall*, *f.* *Ornith.*
wood-lark (*Emmelſcher*); —*naſtſchatten*, *m.*
Bot. 1) woody-night-shade, bitterwort (*Nit-
terſch*); 2) deadly night-shade (*Sollnſch*);
—*Walbner* (*Walbner*), (*str.* *m.* 1) inhabit-
ant of a forest, forester; 2) *provinc.* forest
officer, *f.* *Waldbauſſer*.

Walb... (*f.* *Forſt...* & *Holz...*), *in comp.*
—*neſſel*, *f.* *Bot.* 1) yellow dead-nettle (*Gale-
obdolon luteum* L.); 2) wood-stachys, hedge-
nettle (*Stachys silvestris* L.); —*nuſſung*, *f.* *see*
Forſtſung; —*nympe*, *f.* wood-nymph;
dryad; —*oſch*, *m.* 1) bison (*Bos bison* L.);
2) ura-ox (*Bos urus* L.); —*ordnung*, *f.* regu-
lation concerning the woods and forests,
forest-laws; —*partie*, *f.* woodland scenery;
—*pech*, *n.* wood-pitch, resin; —*peſch*, *m.* wood-
walk; —*peſſe*, *f.* *see* —*ſiſte*; —*raſe*, *m.* *Ornith.*
hermit-crow, wood-crow (*Corvus arvensis* L.);
—*ratte*, *f.* *see* —*maus*; —*rauch*, *m.* Thuringian
incense; —*raute*, *f.* *see* *Wickelraute*; —*rebe*,
f. common virgin's bower, wild climber, tra-
veller's joy (*Clematis vitalba* L.); —*recht*, *n.*
1) a) rights and privileges of the proprietor
of a forest; b) rights of usage in a forest;
2) forest-laws (*Forſtrecht*, 2); —*rechten*, (*sw.* *v.*
str. *Carp.* to rough-hew (timber); —*regal*, *f.* *see*
Forſtgerichtsſteit; —*reſch*, *adj.* richly wooded,
woody, abounding with wood; —*reiter*, *m.* *see*
Regeſter; —*reſter*, *n.* forest-district; —*raſer*,
n. *Bot.* a species of water-reed (*Calamagrostis
silvestris* L.); —*reſſe*, *f.* *see* *Krapp*; —*reſſe*, *f.*
see *Saubrot*; —*raſſe*, *f.* wood-road; —*ſaſe*, *f.*
forest-concern; —*ſänger*, *m.* 1) *Ornith.* white
throat (*Weiſſeſch*); 2) *pl.* (*collect.*) the
songsters (singing birds) of the forest, wood-
warblers; —*ſchaden*, *m.* damage caused or
done in a forest or wood; —*ſcham*, *f.* exami-
nation or inspection of a forest; —*ſchellen-
ſtraut*, *n.* *Bot.* purple foxglove (*Digitaria
purpurea* L.); —*ſchneſe*, *f.* *Zool.* wood-snail,
hedge-snail, girdled snail (*Helix nemoralis* L.);
—*ſchneſe*, *f.* *Ornith.* wood-snipe, great
snipe, woodcock (*Scalopax rusticola* L.); —
ſchreiber, *m.* *see* *Forſtſchreiber*; —*ſchüſe*, *m.*
ranger of the woods; —*ſeil*, *n.* cord of a wood-
surveyor; —*ſtaſt*, *f.* forest-town; *Geogr-s.*
die vier —*ſtädt* am Rhein, the four forest-towns
on the Rhine; der —*ſtädt* See, lake of Lucerne;
—*ſtein*, *m.* mere-stone in a forest; —
ſempel, *m.* *see* —*elzen*; —*ſerniere*, *f.* *Bot.*
wood-stitch-wort (*Stellaria nemorosum* L.); —
ſtorſchnabel, *m.* *Bot.* woodcrane's-bill (*Ge-
ranium silvestris* L.); —*ſtraſe*, *f.* penalty for
any infringement of the forest-laws; —*ſtrauſ*,
m. *Ornith.* kiwi or kiwakiwi (*Apteryx australis*
Tem.); —*ſtren*, *f.* litter collected from the
woods; —*ſtraſ*, *n.* *Bot.* gelbe, yellow bed-
straw (*Galium verum* L.); —*ſtrom*, *m.* rapid

stream, torrent in a wood; —*ſtrauſe*, *f.* 1) *see*
Holzſtrauſe; 2) *see* *Ringelſtrauſe*; —*ſtrauſe*, *f.* *see*
—*herb*; —*ſtrauſel*, *m.* 1) *see* —*mann*, 2; 2) *Zool.*
mandril (*Oryzomys mormon* L.); —*thal*,
n. valley in a wood, forest-dell; —*ſſen*, *see*
Wälſchen; —*ſulpe*, *f.* *Bot.* wild or wood
tulip (*Tulipa silvestris* L.).

Walbung, (*sw.* *f.* 1) wood, forest; 2)
woodland, forestry.

Walb... (*f.* *Forſt...* & *Holz...*), *in comp.*
—*berſcher*, —*berſchen*, *n.* *see* *Forſtſcher*;
—*berſcher*, *m.* *Entom.* pine-moth (*Sticher-
cule*); —*berſchſchneideſt*, *n.* *Bot.* wood-scor-
pion-grass (*Myosotis silvestris* L.); —*beſel*,
m. wood-bird, bird of the forest; —*beſt*, —*ſer-
ter*, *m.* wood-ward; —*beſt*, *adv.* towards
the wood, to the wood-side; —*beſter*, *n.*
1) *see* —*ſtrom*; 2) waterissing from a wood;
—*weg*, *m.* road through a wood or forest,
wood-path; —*weſe*, *f.* wood-pasture; —*weſ-
berſch*, *m.* *Bot.* wood-money-wort (*Lam-
machia nemorosum* L.); —*wide*, *f.* *see* —*ſichter*;
—*wieſe*, *f.* meadow in or near a wood; —*wie-
ſel*, *n.* *see* *Forſt(wieſel)*; —*winde*, *f.* *Bot.* com-
mon woodbine (*Lonicera periclymenum* L.);
—*winterſch*, *n.* *Bot.* *see* —*ancum*; —*wirtſ-
ſchaft*, *f.* management and cultivation of
woods or forests; —*wolle*, *f.* a kind of wool
prepared of pine-leaves (for mattresses, &c.);
—*weſen*, *n.* mark put on trees in a forest
(which are to be sold or cut down), blaze;
—*weſſe*, *m.* *Ornith.* golden-crowned wren (*Cal-
hänſchen*, 1); —*weſt*, *m.* *Bot.* wood-woundwort
(*Stachys silvestris* L.); —*ſind*, *m.* *see* *Forſt-
ſind*.

Walſe, (*sw.* *m.* 1) foreigner, particular, Ita-
lian; 2) *see* *Walſſer*. —*Walſſch*, *see* *Walſ-
ſch*. [see *Walſgang*.

Walſgang, (*str.* *pl.* *W-gänge*) *m.* (*Beil*)
Walſen, (*sw.* *v.* *intr. provinc.* (*Switz.*) to va-
cillate; *Mar.* to yaw, to have no steering way.

Walſe, (*sw.* *f.* 1) +, *see* *Edmüll*; 2) strap
round a grinding machine. —*Walſen*, *Walſ-
geru*, (*sw.* *v.* *l. tr. provinc.* *see* *Walſen*, *Bel-
len*; *II. intr.* to retch, heave. —*Walſer*, (*str.*
n. fowl-stuffing. — *Walſerſch*, (*str.* *pl.*
W-hölzer) *n.* Cook, &c. rolling-pin. — *Walſ-
geru*, (*sw.* *v.* *tr. Cook*, &c. to roll (the dough).

Walſvögel, (*str.* *pl.* *W-vögel*) *m.* *Ornith.*
dodo, dromite (*Didus ineptus* L.).

Walſ... *in comp.* —*arbeit*, *f.* 1) *see*
Walſe, 1; 2) milled cloth; —*arbeiter*, *m.* ful-
ler; —*baſt*, *f.* *see* —*tafel*.

Walſer, (*sw.* *f.* 1) the (act of) falling, mill-
ing; 2) fulling-machine; 3) cine —*ſeſſe*,
a gross of skins (among shammy-dressers);
4) coll. a drubbing, cudgelling, in die —*ach-
men*, *see* *Walſen*, 2.

Walſten, (*sw.* *v.* *tr.* 1) to full, mill, scour
(cloth); *Hüte* —, to work, felt hats; *ſeſſe* —, to
tramp skins; 3) coll. to beat, cudgel, mill.

Walſter, *s. l.* (*str.* *m.* 1) T. fuller; 2) *Entom.*
fuller (garden)-beetle (*Melolontha fulva*
L.); *II. in comp.* —*biſel*, *f.* *see* *Barbenbiſel*;
—*erbe*, *f.* —*metzel*, *m.* fuller's earth; —*ſaſen*,
m. fullage; —*reſte*, *m.* *Ichth.* fuller-scote
(*Raja fulonica* L.); —*ſſen*, *m.* fulling-clay.

Walſ... *in comp.* —*erbe*, *f.* fuller's earth;
—*ſaſ*, *n.* *see* —*troſ*; —*gebäude*, *n.* fullery; —
haare, *n.* *pl.* waste-hair in the fulling-trough;
—*hammer*, *m.* fulling-hammer, wooden pis-
ton (of a fulling-mill); —*höl*, *n.* *Halt.* full-
ing-stick, roller; —*hammer*, *f.* 1) fullery;
2) fulling-room; —*laſen*, *m.* *see* —*troſ*; —
teſſel, *f.* *Halt.* battery; —*mühle*, *f.* fulling-
mill, scouring-mill; —*müller*, *m.* fulling-mil-
ler, fuller; —*raſch*, *m.* *Mansf.* milled sal-
loon; —*rippe*, *f.* wrinkle, false fold; —*ſeſſe*,
f. fuller's soap; —*ſod*, *m.* fulling stock; —
taſel, *f.* *Halt.* table for fulling or basoning
on, bason; —*troſ*, *m.* peal or trough of a
fulling mill, fulling-trough; —*weſt*, *n.* full-

crushing-mill, chat-roller; (laminating) rollers; *Gold-sm.*, &c. flattening-mill, flattening-roller; —*japfen*, *m.* Lock-sm. round spike; —*ginn*, *n.* laminated tin.

Wamen, (*w.*) *v. inkr. provinc.* to make foul water, to become muddy (of rivers).

Wammet, (*w.*) *f.* 1) († &) *provinc.* a) womb; b) belly; paunch, *cf.* *Wanfen*; 2) a) dewlap; b) flank side (*esp. Sport.* of wild sows); c) *Pfarr.* the skin taken off the belly, *cf.* *Schwamm*. (or in wood (*Wimmer*)).

Wammert, (*str.*) *m. provinc.* knot in a tree
Wammig, *adj.* downlapped.
Wammis, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wamm'ert* *n.* doublet, waistcoat, jerkin; *lebernes* —, buff-jerkin; *Einem das* — *ausslopfen*, or *auf* — *greifen*, *fig.* to dust one's jacket; —*schneider*, *m.* doublet-maker.

Wammes, (*w.*) *f.* see *Wamme*.

Wam'se, **Wam'se**, (*w.*) *f. vulg.* a beating (Brügel, 2). — **Wam'sen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to jerk, bang, curry.

Wand, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wänd'e* *f.* 1) a) wall; b) screen; partition; side (of a shaft, vessel, gun-carriage); back (of a chimney); panel (of a coach); cheek (of a press); coat (of the stomach, &c.); 2) *Sport.* a) pane of nets; b) side of a hart; 3) *Pfarr.* quarter of a horse-hoof; 4) *Mar.* shroud; *fig.* in *meinen vier Wänden*, in my own house, on my ground; *den Wänden vorerzählen*, to talk to the wind; *mit dem Kopf gegen die* — *rennen*, to knock one's head against the wall; *mit dem Kopf durch die* — *wollen*, to run full tilt at everything; *den leeren Wänden predigen*, to read or deliver wall-lectures.

Wand ..., *in comp.* —*absteigend*, *adj.* *Bot.* see —*lösend*; —*halten*, *m.* wall-timber; —*band*, *f.* bench fixed to a wall; —*beine*, *n. pl.* *Anat.* parietal bones; —*befestigung*, *f.* wainscoting; —*befen*, *m.* hair-broom with a long handle; —*bewohnend*, *p. a.* *Bot.* growing on walls; —*bewurf*, see *Pug. B. 2*; —*breit*, *n.* hanging shelf; —*brüsig*, *adj.* *Bot.* see —*lösend*; —*calender*, *m.* sheet-almanach; —*bede*, *f.* cover for a wall, tapestry.

Wandeln, (*str.*) *m.* 1) †, the (act of) walking; walk; 2) *Mus.* see *Wirtelstellen*; *fig.* 3) behaviour, conduct, (course of) life; 4) barter, traffic, commerce, trade; 5) change, mutation; 6) blemish, stain, spot; *Handel und* —, trade and traffic, business.

Wandell, *adj. provinc.* ruinous, out of repair.

Wandelsbahn, (*w.*) *f.* (pleasure)-walk.
Wandelsbar, *i. adj.* 1) versatile; 2) mutable, changeable, variable, inconstant, versatile; fickle; 3) *provinc.* passable, current; 4) perishable, infirm; 5) out of order; out of repair; 6) †, faulty, blemished; II. *W-felt*, *f.* 1) (*l. w.*) versatility; 2) mutability, changeableness, inconstancy.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*baum*, *m.* *Bot.* red-berried mountain-elder; —*bild*, *n.* see *Trugbild*; —*gang*, *m.* see —*bahn*; —*geist*, *m.* ghost that walks; —*glück*, *n.* inconstant fortune; —*flot*, *m.* *Bot.* the moving plant; —*fragen*, *m.* *Mar.* wooden mast-coat; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* bladder-campion.

Wandelliss, *i. adj.* unalterable, immutable; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* unalterableness, &c.

Wandellmüsst, (*str.*) *m.* (*l. w.*) April.

Wandeln, (*w.*) *v. i. inkr.* (*aus. sein & haben*) to go, walk; to wander, travel; *Wandeln und* —, to trade, traffic; *unfrüßlich* —, to lead an irreproachable life; II. *tr.* († &) *to*, to change; to exchange; to transform; *das w-de Blatt*, see *Yanghu'schreide*.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*cale*, *f.* sliding-scale; —*fern*, *m.* erratic star, planet; —*thurm*, *m.* movable tower.

Wandlung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) transformation, change; 2) *Theol.* transubstantiation, *Rom. Cath.* elevation.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*weise*, *f.* *Gramm.* mood of a verb; —*wetter*, *n.* changeable weather; —*zeit*, *f.* time considered as subject to constant changes.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*amette*, *f.* *Entom.* visiting ant (*Atta cephalotes* Fabr.); —*blad*, *m.* *Geol.* erratic block; —*busch*, *n.* a kind of passport for travelling journeymen in form of a book; road-book; —*busch*, *m.* see —*gefell*; —*brössel*, *f.* *Ornith.* migratory thrush (*Turdus migratorius* L.).

Wandeller, (*str.*) *m.* wanderer; traveller (on foot).

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*fall*, *m.* *Ornith.* passenger falcon (*Falco peregrinus* L.); —*gerüst*, *n.* furniture for travelling, traveller's luggage; —*gefell*, *m.* travelling journeyman; —*hai*, *m.* *Ichth.* a basking-shark (*Selache Cuv.*); —*heuschrecke*, *f.* *Entom.* the migratory locust (*Acridum migratorium* L.).

Wandelingen, (*w.*) *f.* *pl.* *Mar.* gangways.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*jahr*, *n.* travelling year (of journeyman); —*ischen*, *n.* vagrant life; —*last*, *f.* see *Reichthum*; —*maus*, —*ratte*, *f.* *Zool.* 1) brown or Norway rat (*Mus decumanus* Pall.); 2) see *Remming*.

Wandern, (*w.*) *inkr.* (*aus. sein & haben*) to wander, migrate, to travel (on foot), to walk, go, ramble; *aus diesem Leben* —, to depart (from) this life; *seine Straße* —, to go (or wand) one's way; *w-d*, *p. a.* wandering, itinerant; strolling (actors, &c.).

Wanderrast, (*str.*) *pl.* *W-päffe* *m.* see *Wanderrast*.

Wanderschaft, (*w.*) *f.* travelling, peregrination, travels; *auf der* — *sein*, to be travelling; *auf die* — *gehen*, to go on one's travels (said of journeymen); *W-en durch London*, wanderings about London.

Wanderrmann, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wandersleute* *m.* traveller (on foot), passer.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*spieren*, *pl.* *Mar.* rough-trees; life-rails; —*stab*, *m.* walking-staff; *den* —*stab ergreifen*, to go on travels; —*taube*, *f.* see *Zugtaube*.

Wandlung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) travelling, walking; migration, travel, ramble; *W-finstinct*, *m.* migratory instinct.

Wandell ..., *in comp.* —*versammlung*, *f.* an association holding regular meetings in different places; —*volk*, *n.* nomadic nation; —*zeit*, *f.* travelling time (of journeymen).

Wand ..., *in comp.* —*fest*, *adj.* fixed to the wall; —*keimte*, *f.* (common yellow) wall lichen (*Parmelia parietalis* L.); —*gemälde*, *n.* mural painting; —*glöckleier*, *m.* bell-lover; —*hafen*, *m.* wall-hook, cloak-pin; —*holz*, *n.* see —*halten*; —*kalender*, *m.* see —*calender*; —*famin*, *m.* backed chimney; —*karte*, *f.* wall-map (for schools, &c.); —*kehl*, *f.* T. flashing; —*kirche*, *f.* church without pillars; *Mar-s* —*flampe*, *f.* shroud-cloth; —*flaten*, *f. pl.* shroud-trucks; —*flust*, —*flust*, *n.* *Bot.* pellitory of the wall, wall-pellitory (*Parietaria officinalis* L.); —*laub*, *f.* house-bug; wall-louse (*Wange*); —*leiste*, *f.* skirting-board (*Scheuerleiste*); —*leuchter*, *m.* candlestick fixed in the wall; sconce; —*leuchend*, *adj.* septifragal (*Deliacantha septifraga*).

Wandlung, (*w.*) *f.* see *Wandlung*.

Wand ..., *in comp.* —*maier*, *m.* house painter, see *Decorationsmaier*; —*maierel*, *f.* wall-painting, mural painting; —*moss*, *n.* wall-moss; —*mühle*, *f.* post mill; —*nachbar*, *m.* fellow-lodger; next-door-neighbour; —*pfiler*, *m.* pillar inserted in a wall, pilaster; —*pianoforte*, *n.* T. upright, cabinet- or cottage-pianoforte; —*platte*, *f.* iron back of the

hearth; glitter —*pus*, *m.* *Mar.* rendering, floating and set (*Hartel*); —*raupen*, *n.* tenter (to stretch and dry cloth); —*raupen*, *f. pl.* *Min.* timber or props on the sides of a pit, lining-timbers; —*rinde*, *f.* wall-pillar; —*schmitt*, *m.* *Entom.* coll. wood-frotter; —*schopper*, *m.* see *Reichthum*; —*schrank*, *m.* cupboard; closet; press; wainscot-chest (mit *Schickstirn*, and drawers); —*schrank*, *f.* wall-screw, cloak-pin; —*schraube*, *adj.* septical (*Deliacantha septicalis*); —*spiegel*, *n.* pier-glass; —*stängel*, *adj.* *Bot.* parietal; —*stein*, *m.* 1) *Miner.* ankerite; 2) *pl.* carbonates; —*strapp*, *m.* *Mar.* selva; —*tafel*, *f.* a (large black) board on the wall (in schools, lecture-rooms, &c.) on which to illustrate certain propositions, &c.; —*tau*, *n.* *Mar.* swifter; —*teppich*, *m.* (arras) hangings, tapestry; —*uhr*, *f.* large time-piece (to be fixed against a wall), house-clock, dial.

Wange, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cheek (*Beist*, 1); 2) *f.* *W-n*, *pl.* cheeks (of a press, a lath, &c.), side-boards; notch-boards, string-board, carriage (of a stair-case); (*cinis* *Scheuerleiste*) chimney-shaft; shafts (of a cart, fane (of a plane); *Mar-s* after pieces (of a rudder); fishes (of the mast); (*der* *Rehr-purren*) cheeks or side-pieces (in the step of a mast).

Wangen ..., *in comp.* —*sein*, *n.* *Anat.* cheekbone, zygoma; —*bildung*, *f.* *Med.* genioplasty; —*breit*, *n.* *Carp.* bridge-board; —*eisen*, *pl.* T. iron bands of the wings; —*fortes*, *m.* *Anat.* zygomatic process; —*mauer*, *f.* *Archit.* string-wall, carriage-wall; *Anat-s* —*müßel*, *n.* zygomatic muscle; —*nast*, *f.* zygomatic suture; —*nerv*, *m.* zygomatic nerve; —*schleib*, *f.* *See*, honey-comb from the sides of the hive; —*schürzen*, *n.* *Med.* locked jaw (of new-born children, *trismus neonatorum*); —*stuppe*, *f.* *Carp.* carriage stairs.

Wang'se, *n.* see *Wahnsinniges Holz*.

Wang, (*str.*) *m.* see *Wangen*, *v. s.*; *stunt* —, unchangingly, firmly, steadily.

Wang'se, (*w.*) *f.* T. tassol, bur.

Wang'sel, **Wang'sel**, **Wang'selst**, *adj.* unstable, inconstant (*l. w.* for *Wandelsbar*, 2; *Wandelumäßig*).

Wang'selst, (*str.*) *m.* fickleness, inconstancy, wavering, vacillation, variableness, changeableness. — **Wang'selst**, *i. adj.* fickle, inconstant, wavering; variable, changeable; II. *W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* fickleness, &c.

Wang'se (*oboleasent*; **Wang'se**), (*w.*) *v. inkr.* (*aus. haben & sein*) 1) to totter, stagger, reel; to rock; *cf.* *Schwanzen*, 1; 2) a) to waddle, wag, shake; b) to stir, move; 3) *fig.* a) to waver, stagger; hesitate; b) to flinch, shrink back; to change sides; c) to falter, prove inconstant; — *or w-d machen*, *fig.* to stagger or shake (one in his resolutions, &c.); *das* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* the (act of) tottering, &c.; *Askr.* libration (of the moon).

Wang, *conj.* when; *dann und* —, now and then; *seit* — *find* *Sie hier?* how long have you been here?

Wang'se, (*w.*) *f.* 1) fan, van; 2) winnowing basket; 3) coop, tub; 4) see *Spillennaz*; 5) *wing*, *van* (of a large bird).

Wang'sen, (*w.*) *v. i. inkr.* to hover (of birds); II. *tr.* to fan, winnow.

† **Wang'sen**, *adv.* whence; *von* —? from whence? —*her*, —*herv*, *adv.* whence.

Wang'senst, **Wang'senst**, (*str.*) *m.* *Wang'senweise*, (*w.*) *f.* *Wang'sen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* windhover, kestrel (*Tinnunculus alaudarius* Gray).

Wang'se, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wang'se* *m.* coll. 1) belly, paunch, *cf.* *Wanfen*; 2) pot-bellied person, pot-belly. — **Wang'sig**, *adj.* coll. paunch-bellied.

thing); — für (ein, eine), what kind of, what; — für ein Mensch ist das? what man is this? — ist das für ein Buch? what book is this? Was, was, all that; Nichts, —, nothing that; das, —, that which, what; Alles — ich weiß, all (that) I know; — auch (immer), — nur, whatever, whatsoever; — für Leute auch (immer), whatever people; — er nur laufen konnte, as fast as he could run; wießt du — Neues? 1. what is the news? 2. shall I tell you some news? — ich Ihnen sage; es ist so, I assure you, it is so; — Sie (nicht) sagen! *fam.* You don't say so!

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsch*, see Waschen; — *Wäsche*, *m.* common yellow amber; — *Wasch*, *f.* washing establishment, laundry.

Waschbär, *adj.* that may be washed; particular that bears washing, fast (colours).

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsch*, *m.* Zool. racoon (*Procyon lotor* L.); — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-bench; — *Wäsche*, *n.* (wash-hand-) basin, wash-bowl; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Mar.* lander-beesom; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Comm.* queen's blue, indigo-blue; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-beetle, bucking-beetle; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-stool, washing-horse; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Typ.* washing-board; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Min.* bundle; — *Wäsche*, — *Wäsche*, *f.* vat for washing (—*Wäsche*).

Wasche, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) see Wäsche; 2) gossip, tell-tale.

Wasche, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *a*) a washing, wash; (von kleinen Stücken Zeugung) dab-wash; große —, washing-day; das Kleid ist in der —, the dress is in the wash; die — der Wölfe wurde als gut befunden, the washing of the wool was found good; *b*) *Min.* buddling; 2) linen; 3) *a*) washhouse; *b*) *Min.* place where ore is washed; buddle; stream-work; schmutzige or schmutze —, foul linen; in die — kommen, *coll.* to get a severe reprimand, to get into a mess (*cf.* Wasche, 3; *Wäsche*, 3).

Wasche, *adj.* fast (Wäsche).

Waschen, (*str.*) *n.* *Metall.* buddled iron. Waschen, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* 1) washerman, washer; 2) scrubbing-brush; 3) *Joe.* (one who washes his throat) tippler; 4) a (loose and broad) car (Schlapphüt).

Waschen, (*str.*) *n.* *str.* & *str.* 1) to wash; *Erge* —, *Min.* to wash ores, to buddle; 2) *fig.* to chat, chatter, prattle, babble, gossip; für jemand —, to take in one's washing; sich lassen, to wash (to bear washing, of linen, &c.); ich wasche meine Hände in Unschuld, *fig.* I wash my hands of it; *coll.* *s.* einem den Kopf —, to chide or reprimand one; sich gewaschen haben, to be as it ought to be, to be of the first water (first-rate), or *comme il faut*.

Wascher, (*str.*) *m.* 1) washer; 2) *fig.* (male) gossip; idle prattler; — *Wäsche*, *m.* pay for washing.

Wascher, (*w.*) *f.* fuller's earth.

Wascher, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *coll.* bad washing; 2) *a*) washhouse (on a large scale); *b*) *Min.* buddling-place; 3) *fig.* the practice of gossiping, idle talk.

Wascherin, (*w.*) *f.* 1) washerwoman, laundress; 2) *coll.* gossip, tell-tale.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsch*, *n.* *Min.* washed ore; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *pl.* artificial colours in which (after being dissolved) stuffs are dyed cold; *Paint.* gouache-colours; — *Wäsche*, *n.* washing-tub, washing-coop; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *anal.* washing-day; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washerwoman, laundress; — *Wäsche*, *n.* pay for washing; — *Wäsche*, *f.* wash pail; — *Wäsche*, *n.* 1) articles used in getting up linen; 2) linen; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Min.* inspector of the buddlers; — *Wäsche*, *n.* wash-gold, gold obtained from sand or slime by washing; — *Wäsche*, *m.* — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Min.* trough.

Waschaft, *i. adj.* gossiping, loquacious,

talkative; *II.* *Wäsch*, *f.* loquacity, talkativeness.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsch*, *m.* *Coll.* *m.* wash(ing)-stock; — *Wäsche*, *m.* (wash or tan-) leather-glove, washing-glove; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washhouse, washing-house, laundry; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *see* — *Wäsche*, 1; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *Min.* boy at the buddle; — *Wäsche*, *f.* ewer.

Waschkasten, (*str.*) *m.* wardrobe, closet or press for linen.

Waschkessel, (*str.*) *m.* wash-kettle, wash-

Waschkiste, (*w.*) *f.* linen-chest.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsch*, *m.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *f.* clothes-pog; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* basket for linen, clothes-basket; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Bot.* soap-wort (*Saponaria officinalis* L.); — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Min.* rake used in buddling; — *Wäsche*, *f.* scullery; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-tub; — *Wäsche*, *f.* wash-ball; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Min.* copper from buddled ore; — *Wäsche*, *m.* 1) dish-clout, washing-clout; 2) *fig.* *coll.* weak person; — *Wäsche*, *n.* oil-leather, shamoy; (*fein*) *Wäsche* wash-leather; — *Wäsche*, *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *f.* line for drying linen, clothes-line; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *n.* — *Wäsche*, *f.* washer-maid, laundry-maid; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Paint.* washing; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *fig.* gossiping place; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-machine; — *Wäsche*, *m.* master of the laundry (at courts); — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Paint.* brush for washing or laving designs; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *see* — *Wäsche*, 1; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Min.* assay of buddled ore; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *pl.* *Manuf.* dash-wools, wash-wools.

Waschrulle, (*w.*) *f.* mangle, calender.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Min.* laundress; — *Wäsche*, *m.* sponge; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-silk; — *Wäsche*, *f.* yellow soap, brown soap; Windsor-soap; — *Wäsche*, *n.* silver-amalgam.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsche*, *f.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* 1) Arch. stone-slab; 2) *Typ.* washing-tub; 3) *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *n.* fuller's earth; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-stand, washhand-stand; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-trough; *Min.* abacus major.

Waschung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) washing.

Wasch... (from Waschen), in comp. — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-tub, scalding-tub; — *Wäsche*, *n.* 1) water for washing (the hands and face); 2) *Med.* lotion; 3) *Chem.* ablation; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *n.* 1) place where ore is washed; 2) ore that is (or is to be) washed; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washing-waistcoat; — *Wäsche*, *f.* washed wool; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-bill, wash-bill, wash-list; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *n.* stream-tin; — *Wäsche*, *m.* washing-tub, bucking-tub.

Wäsche, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*†*) *provinc.* aunt; (female) cousin (*Wäsche*, *A.*); 2) *figot*.

Wäsche, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* 1) sod, turf (*Wäsche*); 2) *figot*; 3) steam; 4) lay-stall; — *Wäsche*, *n.* office of a public flayer, executioner (— *Wäsche*, *m.*); — *Wäsche*, *see* — *Wäsche*.

Waschan, (*str.*) *n.* *Geogr.* Vosges (*Wäsche*).

Waschan, *adv.* as how, in what manner.

Wascheit, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. w.*) *Philos.* quiddity.

Wasche, *adj.* *see* Wasche.

Wasche, *adv.* *see* Wasche.

Wasche, (*str.*) *n.* 1) water (*also Jewell*, &c.); *Chem.* aqua; *zum* — gehörig, im — lebend, aquatic; über dem — (ein halten), to be (keep) afloat; groß —, *a*) a large piece of water; *b*) high water, flood; 3) *a*) sweat, perspiration (*Schweiß*, 1); *b*) tears; die Augen flanden ihm voll —, his eyes were suffused with tears (*vgl.* To Water); 3) *a*) lustre (of diamonds, &c.); ein Diamant vom reinsten (ersten) —,

a diamond of the first water (*also from* ein Epiphane vom reinsten —, a rogue of the first water); *b*) a lustrous appearance in wavy lines (imparted to silk, &c.); *dicke* Stoff hat ein (schönes) —, this stuff is finely watered; *an's* — gehen, to go to the waterside or riverside; *zu* — fahren, to boat; *zu* — reiten, to go by water, to voyage; *zu* — gehen, to take the water; unter — setzen, to lay (a land, &c.) under water, to submerge, inundate, flood, float; *zu* — und *zu* Lande, by sea and land; by flood and field; *weiche* —, soft water; *harte* —, hard or raw water; *gebrannte* —, distilled water, liquors; *Mar.* *s.* *see* — *Wäsche*, to launch (a ship); — *Wäsche*, *gessen*, or (schöpfen), to make or draw water, to let in water; ein Schiff, das viel — fallen läßt, a ship that is too much by the stern; — *einnehmen*, to water; — *halten*, to be water-proof (of stuffs); *coll.* *s.* einem mit kaltem — begießen, to throw cold water upon one; to humble one; to damp one's ardour or hopes; *zu* — machen, to disappoint, frustrate; einem etwas *zu* — machen, to disappoint one of; *zu* — werden, 1. to turn to water, to dissolve into water, to liquefy; 2. or *ins* — fallen, *fig.* to fall to the ground, to come to nothing; *er* richt ihm das — nicht, he bears no comparison to him, or he is not worthy to hold a candle to him; *sein* — abfliegen or lassen, *coll.* to make water; *wie* —, 1. like water, abundantly; 2. fluently; *wie* aus dem — gezogen, drenched, wet through, wet to the skin; dripping wet (from perspiration); der Mund steht or läuft ihm voll —, his mouth waters; einem das — befeuchten, to try one, to put one to the test; *proverb.* das ist — auf seine Wäsche, this is grist to his mill; *Wäsche* — *find* tief, still waters run deep; — in den Brunnen tragen, *anal.* to carry coals to Newcastle; — in ein Sieb lassen, to pour water into a sieve.

Wasche, (*w.*) *in comp.* — *Wäsche*, *f.* drainage; draining; — *Wäsche*, *m.* a letting off of water, outlet for the waters; — *Wäsche*, *n.* water-closet; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Surg.* (the operation of) tapping, paracentesis; — *Wäsche*, *f.* vein of (fresh) water; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *Surg.* hydrocoele; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *f.* water aloof, water soldier (*Strabiles albidus* L.); — *Wäsche*, *m.* watercock (*Rumex aquaticus* L.); — *Wäsche*, *f.* water-ouzel, water-crake, water-thrush (*Oenanthe aquatica* Briss.); — *Wäsche*, *n.* office for the water works; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) water-horsehound (*Lycopodium europaeum* L.); 2) marsh stachys (*Stachys palustris* L.); — *Wäsche*, *adj.* destitute of water, waterless; — *Wäsche*, *f.* scarcity of water; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Entom.* water-wednesday, water-sowbug (*Aedus aquaticus* L.); — *Wäsche*, *m.* *Gard.* ravenous branch, water-shoot; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Med.* droopy of the eye, hydrophthalmia; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *Mar.* bay; — *Wäsche*, *n.* (water-)bath; *fig.* baptism, christening, font; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *pl.* *Arch.* water-bellows; — *Wäsche*, *n.* watered ribbon; — *Wäsche*, *f.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* *Bot.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* hydraulics, structure on or near the water; water-work; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *m.* hydraulic engineer; — *Wäsche*, *m.* hydraulic architect; — *Wäsche*, *m.* 1) tree across a river to stop the entrance, boom; 2) an artificial fountain from which the water plays in the shape of a tree with branches; — *Wäsche*, *n.* basin; — *Wäsche*, *m.* reservoir (of water), cistern, water-tank, well (of a steam-engine); — *Wäsche*, *m.* *Ornith.* *see* — *Wäsche*; — *Wäsche*, *n.* *Bot.* water-aven (*Arum rivale* L.); — *Wäsche*, *n.* water-mountain, high wave or billow; — *Wäsche*, *adj.* damaged by water; — *Wäsche*, *m.* hydrography; — *Wäsche*, *f.* hydrography.

—bett, n. 1) *Med.* water-bed (for sick people); 2) a) bed of a stream or river, cf. *Flußbett*, & *Strombett*; b) race (of a mill); —bewohner, m. being or animal living in the water, cf. —thier; —blene, f. *Entom.* drone (Drohn); —bild, n. mirage (Eupfiegelung, called "the lying waters" in *Mexico*); —bläschen, n. *Med.* hydatid, watery pustule; —blase, f. 1) bubble; 2) *Med.* vesicle, see —bläschen; 3) vessel (copper, generally fixed near the kitchen-stove) for heating water; 4) *Helminth.* tailed bladder-worm, hydatid, the larval form of the tapeworm (*Cysticercus cellulosa* L.); —blatt, n. *Bot.* water-leaf (*Hydrophyllum* L.); —blattrn, f. pl. *Med.* water-pox; —blau, adj. water-coloured, sea-blue, bluish; —Miner-s. —blei, n. 1) molybdana, molybden, black lead-ore, plumbagine, graphite (*Toll.*); 2) see —bleierz; —bleierz, n., —bleislanz, n. sulphure of molybdana, sulphurised molybdana, molybdamine; —bleimittel, n. regulus of molybdama; —bleisler, m. molybden ochre, ochreous molybdenum; —bleislaues Salz, *Chem.* molybdate; —bleisilber, n. molybdc silver; —blume, f. 1) *gener.* flower growing in the water, aquatic flower; 2) water lily, water-flag (—schmettliche); —bogen, n. water arch; —bord, m. *Nar.* washboard, water-way; —brunnwur, f. *Bot.* water-fligwort, water-betony (*Scrophularia aquatica* L.); —brunn, f. water-spout; —brel, m. paste, pap; —brunner, m. *provinc.* distiller; —bruch, m. 1) *Med.* hydrocele; 2) *Mar.* breaker; —bühne, f. *Min.* drain, water-burrow (*Beil.*); —butte, f. water tub; —cement, m. & n. hydraulic cement.

Wäfferchen, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of *Wasser*) a small expanse of water, *partic.* a little stream, streamlet, small brook, &c.

Wäffer ..., *in comp.* —thrylsch, m. *Miner.* pseudo-chrysolite; —cistern, f. see —behälter; —crystall, m. *Miner.* rock-crystal, mountain-crystal; limpid quartz; —cur, f. water-cure, cf. —heilmithebe; —damm, m. dike, mole, water-shut; —dampf, m. steam of water, aqueous vapour; —gefäßtger —dampf, saturated steam; —bidit, adj. water-proof, water-tight (also of steam-boilers, &c.), impervious or impermeable to water, cf. —fest; —dichte, f. impermeability, state of being water-proof or water-tight; —bleie, f. water-plank (of a small boat); —bode, f. wet dock, basin of a port; —doctor, m. water-doctor, hydropathist; —dozt, —dozzen, m. *Bot.* hemp agrimony (*Eupatorium cannabinum* L.); —drache, m. see —hoje; —brunnwur, m. *Helminth.* waterhair-worm (*Gordius aquaticus* L.); —broffel, f. see —amfel; —brud, m. *Phys.* water-pressure, hydrostatic pressure; —brudschre, f. hydrodynamics; —brudwert, n. hydrostatic machine; —bunn, m. watery (or aqueous) vapour; —bürrwur, f. *Bot.* see —hanf, 1; —ebent, f. level formed by the surface of still water, water-level; —chrenpreis, m. *Bot.* water-speedwell (*Veronica anagallis* L.); —clage, f. see —meyer, 2; —cliner, m. water-pail; bucket; —cliffen, m. *Miner.* siderite, hydrosiderium; —clüster, f. *Ornith.* oyster-catcher (*Asteria*); —clüthen, m. *Ornith.* smew, white-nun (weisser Egetaucher); —cypis, m. *Bot.* water-parship, water-parley (*Sium latifolium* L.); —crg, n. *Miner.* native oxide of iron; —crgengung, f. formation of water; —faben, m. *Bot.* marsh-thread, river-wood, conifera; crow-silk (*Conifera* L.); —fabenwur, m. see —brachwur, 1; —fabri, f. 1) a going by water, crossing a river, &c., sea voyage; passage; 2) ride in a boat, cf. —partie, 1; —fall, m. *Ornith.* duck-hawk (*Stohrweiche*); —fall, m. 1) fall (perpendicular descent) of water; 2) waterfall, cataract, cascade; —fang, m. reservoir of water, cistern; —farbe, f. 1) colour of the water; 2) water-colour, distemper co-

lour; —farbenmaferel, f. *Paint.* water-colour-painting, (painting in) distemper; —farbig, adj. water-coloured; —farn, m. *Bot.* a plant of the genus *Hydropteris*; —faß, n. water-tub, water-cask, water-butt; —feber, f. *Bot.* 1) see —aloe; 2) water-violet (*Sumpfsprimel*); —felb, m. see —fläße, 1; —felle, n. pl. *Comm.* seal-skins, seal-furs; —fenchel, m. water-phellandrium, (fine-leaved) water-hemlock (*Elephantophellandrium* L.); —ferfel, n. *Zool.* guinea-pig, cavy (*Meerschweinchen*); —fest, adj. water-tight, water-proof, *Mar.* stiff; cin —festes Schiff, a stiff ship; —feuer, n. *Grecian* fire (*Grichisches Feuer*); —feuerwerk, n. fire-works on (prepared to burn in and upon) the water; —fläße, f. 1) sheet, expanse, or surface of water; 2) water level, level surface; —fläsch, f. water-bottle, bottle for water; —fled, m. stain of water; —fieber, m. water-elder, see Affholder; —flüge, f. water-fly; —flöb, m. *Entom.* 1) water-flea (*Daphnia pulex* L.); 2) water-spring tail (*Podagra aquatica* L.); —flöstraut, n. *Bot.* see —höterich; —flut, f. water-flood; inundation, deluge; —fürderungsmaschine, f. see —hebwerk; —form, f. (*T. Tusch.*) *Metall.* water-twyer; —fracht, f. water-carriage, conveyance by water; —fran, f., —fränslein, n. water-nymph, river-nymph (—nize); —frei, adj. not having water as an ingredient, (applied to minerals and gases:) anhydrous; —fröbne, f. statute-labour (or compelled service) on dams or dikes; —frösch, m. *Zool.* edible frog, water-frog, green frog (*Rana esculenta* L.); —führe, f. water-carriage; —führen, p. a. containing water, cf. —haltig; —führung, f. see —leitung; —furche, f. *Husd.* water-furrow; —furt, f. ford (*Furt*); —galle, f. 1) (t: water-gall) a) fragment of a rainbow, goat's eye; b) cavity made in the earth by a torrent, cf. *Hüttengalle*; 2) *provinc.* sty (on the eyelid); —gaterie, f. conduit in a water-work; —gädlig, adj. full of springs, bogs, or quagmires, boggy; —gang, m. 1) aqueduct, canal, drain; 2) *Mar.* see —bord; 3) *Mill.* leaf (of a mill); —garbe, f. *Bot.* water-milfoil (*Myriophyllum* L.); —garn, n. *Manuf.* water-twist; —gatter, n. water-trellis; —ganzheil, n. *Bot.* see —chrenpreis; —gebälse, n. *Mech.* water-bellows, hydrostatic blast; —gefahr, f. peril by or danger from water; —gefäh, n. 1) water-tub; 2) pl. —gefäße, *Anat.* lymphatic vessels; —gefähgel, n. water-fowl; —geiß, m. water-spirit, water-sprite; —gelb, n. 1) money paid for drawing water out of a mine; 2) water-rate; —gelte, f. water-pail, bucket; —gerabe, adj. level, even with the water, horizontal; —gerächteleit, f. see —recht, 1; —gerinne, n. 1) water-pipe(s); 2) see Gerinne; 3; —geschwulst, f. *Surg.* oedema, tumor filled with water, oedematous swelling; —gevgel, n. see —gefähgel; —gewächs, n. water-plant, aquatic plant; —gewand, n. T. transparent drapery; —gewicht, n. weight of water; —gewürm, n. water-worms, aquatic worms; —gläs, n. 1) water-glass, drinking-glass, tumbler; 2) *Chem.* water-glass, soluble glass, silicate of soda; —gleich, adj. level, horizontal (—gerabe); —gleiche, f. level surface; —glimmer, m. *Miner.* water-glimmer, aqueous glimmer or mica; —gölpel, m. *Min.* water-whimsey, gin turned by (the action of) water; —gott, m. water-god; *Rom. Myth.* Neptune; —gotttheit, f. water-divinity, marine deity; —göttin, f. water-goddess; *Gr. Myth.* Thetis; —graben, m. 1) water-ditch, ditch filled with water, moat; 2) feeder, catch; 3) water-trench, ditch for carrying off water; —gras, n. aquatic grass; —grube, f. 1) reservoir of water, cistern; 2) water-pit, pool, quagmire; —gun, m. 1) heavy shower of rain; flash of water; 2) sink (in kitchens); —hafen, m. see —topf; —hehn, m. *Mech.* water-cock,

water-gauge (of a steam-engine); —hehnensuß, m. *Bot.* water-crowfoot (*Ranunculus aquatilis* L.); —hatter, m. 1) *Min.* &c. workman who draws the water in sumps or lowest pits; 2) see —hefel; —hätter, m. see —behälter; —haltig, adj. containing water, abounding in water; *Chem.* aqueous, hydrated (crystals), hydrous; watery; —haltung, f. see —wältigung; —haltungsmaschine, f. see —funst, 2; —haltungsfähigkeit, m. engine-pit (*Stumpfhacht*); —hammer, m. *Phys.* water-hammer (*Puls-hammer*); —hanf, m. *Bot.* 1) water-hemp (*Bidens tripartita* L.); 2) hemp-agrimony (—doß); —hart, adj. impenetrable to water; half-dry; dry; —häßpel, m. see —göpel; —haus, n. *Basin.* tank-house, water(ling)-station; —hant, f. *Anat.* cover of the fetus, amnion; —hebwerk, —hebzeug, n., —heb(ung)s-maschine, f. *Mech.* hydraulic or water-(raising-) engine; —heilauffalt, f. (cold) water-cure (or hydropathic) establishment; —heilsumbe, f. (cold) water-cure, hydropathy; —heilwässer, m. hydropathist; —heilmithebe, f. water-cure, treatment of diseases by means of water, water-system, hydropathy; —heilung, f. see Barmherzigeheilung; —hell, adj. clear as water, limpid, translucent, transparent; —helle, f. clearness of water, limpidness, &c.; —heune, f. *Ornith.* water-quail, water-hen (*Stohrhuhn*); —herr, m. proprietor, owner of a river; —höhe, f. height of water, water-level, water-line; —holber, —holunder, m. water-elder, see Affholder; —hol, n. see —höf; —hönig, m. hydromel; —hole, f. water-spout; —hün, m. *Ornith.* coot, water-hen (*Stöghuhn*); —hühnen, n. see —ralle; —hund, m. 2) water-dog, water-spaniel; *Mech.* a pump discharging its water on a water-wheel.

Wäfferig, *L. adj.* 1) aqueous, watery; watery, serous; 2) *fig.* insipid, flat, dull, vapid; m-c Schmeißart, milk and water-style; Einem den Mund nach etwas — machen, coll. to make one's teeth or mouth water; II. **Wäfel**, (w.) f. 1) aqueousness, wateriness; 2) *fig.* dullness, insipidity.

Wäffer ..., *in comp.* —jagd, f. a shooting of aquatic birds (wild fowl); —jungfer, f. 1) water or river-nymph; 2) *Entom.* dragonfly, libellula (*Libellula* L.); —kitter, m. *Entom.* 1) water-beetle (*Dytiscus* L.); 2) a species of *Hydrophilidae* (*Hydrophilus picinus* L.); —faltenber, f. *Wass.* water-calender; —hals, n. *Helminth.* see —brachwur, 1; (natürlicher) —fall, m. water-lime, hydraulic lime; —lammer, —lamm, f. 1) water-jug, ewer; 2) water-pail; piggin; —larre, f. water-cart; —larre, f. hydrographical chart; —lasteule, f. *Bot.* (floating) water-caltrops (—nuß); —lasten, m. 1) water-box, cf. —füßung; 2) reservoir of water, cistern, tank; —legel, m. *Fire-n.* water-obelisk; dolphin; —felle, f. ladle; —felleisen, m. *provinc.* dead-wort, dwarf-elder (*Zwerghülber*); —fessel, m. 1) chaffern, vessel (or copper) for heating water; 2) cistern (of a water-work); —fies, m. *Min.* white arsenical pyrites; —fiste, f. T. division made of piles in the water; —fitt, m. hydraulic mortar, water-cement; —flampe, f. *Mar.* cleat for water-casks; —flappe, f. water-valve (key for removing the water); *Bot-s.* —fite, m. marsh-trefoil, common buck-bean (*Wittertre*); —flette, f. butter-bur (*Wittelsburg*); —flist, f. *Min.* fissure filled with water; —fuchst, m. drawer, scooper of water; —fuchsthaub, m. *Bot.* water-germander (*Tournefortia cordata* L.); —fusten, m. *Mar.* crown-knot; —fütterich, m. *Bot.* amphibious knot-grass, water-knot-grass or knot-wood (*Polygnum amphibium* L.); —föhlenpflasterbindung, f. (*Toll.*) hydrocarburet; —folde, f., —folben, m. reed-club (*3gefolbe*); —folst, f. (*coll.* —folst) *Nad.* water-brash, water-quail, black-water, pyro-

sis; -*teuf*, m. *Med.* watery head, hydrocephalus; -*trauf*, f. water-power; -*traufn*, m. water-craze, water-cook; -*trampfaberbrunn*, m. see -*aberrbrunn*; -*trauf*, adj. *Min.* (of a mine) labouring under a surplus of water; -*treib*, m. *Surg.* an ulcer which attacks the skin, and often the cheek or vulva, of young girls, noma; -*treffe*, f. *Bot.* water-cress (*Nasturtium officinale* L.); -*fröste*, f. *Zool.* yellow toad (*Phobosia fusca* Laur.); -*trayf*, m. *Med.* watery tumour on the forehead of the neck, goitre (*Brouchole*); -*trag*, m. water-pot, pitcher; -*trayfall*, see -*cryfall*; -*tauf*, f. *Zool.* sea-cow, see *Etelfish*, 1; -*tüßlung*, f. *Metall.* water-boxes; -*taube*, f. hydrology; -*taunf*, f. 1) hydraulics; 2) hydraulic engine, water-works; 3) water-works (s), fountain; die -*tüßte* (springen lassen, to set the water-works going, to play the water; -*tar*, see -*cur*; -*tüßf*, m. *Bot.* water-melon (-*melone*); -*laub*, n. (watery land) country that abounds in water, marshy country; -*länge*, f. see -*schlänge*, 1; -*läßig*, adj. permeable, leaky; -*laub*, n. *Archit.* water-leaves (*Beil*); -*launf*, m. see -*fnohlaun*; -*lauf*, m. water-course; water-drain; -*läufer*, m. 1) *Ornith.* pool-snipe, redshank (*Etrachläufer*); 2) *Entom.* a species of bug belonging to the family of *Hydrometridae* (*Hydrometra lacustris* L.); 3) *Min.* a poor lode; -*leer*, adj. see *Wasserleer*; -*lefsen*, f. *pl. Anat.* nymphæ (the lesser labia *pseudæ* of females); -*legstet*, m. see -*lieget*; -*lechte*, f. hydrology; -*leitm*, m. (water) bird-lime.

Wäff (*ferlein*, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of *Wasser*) (*provinc.* A) * for *Wäfferchen*.

Wäffer..., in comp. -*leite*, f. canal (*Beil*); -*leitung*, f. water-works; aqueduct (*also Anat.*); conduit; -*leitungsröhr*, n. right of drawing off water from one's house or premises by conduits or gutters; -*leitungsröhr*, n., -*leitungsröhre*, f. conduit-pipe; -*letröde*, f. *Ornith.* water-pipit (*Anthus aquaticus* Bechst.); -*leuchter*, m. *Hydr.* water candlestick; -*lieger*, m. *Mar.* large water-cask, water-pipe; -*ließe*, m. *Bot.* water-gladiolus (-*violle*); -*litte*, f. *Bot.* 1) water-lily (*Eero*); 2) water-flag, water flower de luice (-*schwertlilie*); -*linite*, f. 1) *Mar.* water-line; 2) water-line, level; 3) water-mark; *Papier* mit -*linien*, laid paper (-*zeichn*); -*linse*, f. (*gener. pl.* -*linsen*) *Bot.* duck-weed, duck-meat, water-lentil (*Lemna* L.); -*llypen*, pl. f. see -*lefsen*; -*loch*, m. 1) hole filled with water; natural reservoir or cistern; 2) cess-pool, sink; -*lobe*, f. see -*schöf*.

Wäfferleß, adj. waterless, without (or destitute of) water.

Wäffer..., in comp. -*löse*, -*lösung*, f. drain, drainage (of mines, &c.); -*lösungsmaschine*, f. see -*hebwerk*; -*lösungsflecken*, m. *Min.* adit, sough, thurl; -*lotte*, -*lutte*, f. *Min.* adit, gutter; -*llyde*, f. *Vel.* tooth-hole (of old sheep); -*mädschen*, n. *Myth.* water-nymph; -*maße*, m. *Bot.* victoria (*Victoria regia* Lindley); -*maletet*, f. see -*farbenmaletet*; -*mangel*, m. want of water, scarcity of water; -*mann*, m. 1) water-carrier, water-bearer; *Astr.* Aquarius; 2) water-sprite (-*geist*); -*marle*, f. *Stamm-eng.*, &c. water-mark, water-line; -*maschine*, f. hydraulic machine or engine, water engine; -*masse*, f. 1) mass of waters; 2) see -*menge*; -*maß*, n. see -*messer*; -*mauer*, f. stone-wall raised in water; pl. water-wings (of a stone-bridge); -*manufaktur*, m. *Zool.* water-mole, shrew-mole (*Scalops aquaticus* L.); -*mauß*, f. *Zool.* 1) water-rat (-*rattet*); 2) (die kleine) water-shrew (-*pigmaus*); -*mefone*, f. *Bot.* water-melon (*Cucumis citrullus* L.); -*menge*, f. quantity of water coming down as snow or rain; -*metl*, m. 1) see -*marle*;

2) *Bot.* see -*typisch*; -*metrie*, f. see -*amfel*; -*messer*, m. T. 1) hydrometer; 2) water-meter; water-gauge (of locomotives); -*meßlung*, -*meßmaß*, f. hydrometry; -*metz*, m. hydromel, mead; -*microscop*, n. *Opt.* aquatic microscope; -*milbe*, f. *Arachn.* water-mite, water-tick (*Hydrarachna aquatica* L.); -*molch*, m. *Zool.* aquatic salamander (*Triton* Laur.); -*müßig*, m. *Hydr.* bung, hatch; -*moos*, n. *Bot.* 1) see -*linse*; 2) see -*faben*; -*mörtel*, m. water-cement, hydraulic mortar; -*moß*, m. ciderkin, tart wine; -*moßte*, f. *Entom.* the larval form of the springfly (*Phryganea* L.); -*mühle*, f. see -*läufer*, 2; -*mühle*, f. water-mill; -*müller*, m. owner of a water-mill; -*münze*, f. *Bot.* water-mint (*Mentha aquatica* L.); -*muß*, n. see -*brei*.

Wäff (*fern*, (*v.* l. & r. 1) to water, irrigate, float (meadows, &c.); 2) to mix with water, to dilute; 3) to soak, macerate; to water; durch *zu fließen* - wird der Wohlgeschmack von *Süßem* vermindert, by too much watering, the flavour of fish is diminished; 4) T. to water, cloud, wave, tabby (stuffs, &c.); 5) to fill or provide with water; ein *Wäff* -, to put water into the hold of a new built ship, in order to discover whether she is leaky; II. *intr.* 1) (*imper.*) to drizzle, mizzle; 2) *Sport.* to make water; 3) to fill with water; der Mund or Zahn *wäffert* mir darnach, *coll.* my mouth waters for it, it makes my teeth or mouth water; 4) *coll.* to prate idly, to babble.

Wäffer..., in comp. -*nabel*, m., -*nabelbrant*, n. *Bot.* common marsh penny-wort, water-navel-wort (*Hydrocotyle vulgaris* L.); -*nabelbrunn*, m. *Med.* hydromphale; -*nachtigall*, f. *Ornith.* blue-throat (*Blaukehlchen*); -*nase*, f. *Archit.* drip, chin of a larmier, drip-nose; -*nir*, m. see -*geist*; -*nir*, f. river or water-nymph, undine; -*noß*, f. 1) scarcity of water; 2) see *W-enth*; -*nüttig*, adj. *Min.* (of a mine) that cannot be worked on account of too much water, cf. -*frant*; -*nuß*, f. *Bot.* water-caltrop, water nut (*Trapa natans* L.); -*nymph*, f. 1) water-nymph, naiad; 2) see -*jungfer*, 2; -*oberküde*, f. see -*piegel*, 1; -*oß*, m. 1) *Zool.* see *Flußpferd*; 2) *Ornith.* see *Rehröddemmel*; -*opal*, m. *Min.* aqueous opal, hydrophane; -*ordnung*, f. regulations for the waterworks; -*orgel*, f. hydraulic or water-organ, hydraulicon; -*parrie*, f. 1) excursion in a boat, pleasure-trip by water; rowing match; 3) *Paint.* water-scenery; -*paß*, f. i. s. (*str.*) m. 1) level of the water; 2) levelling instrument; II. adj. level, horizontal (-*gerade*); -*penbel*, n. hydraulic pendulum; -*pergament*, n. an inferior kind of parchment; -*perle*, f. a kind of counterfeited pearl; a bead; -*pfahl*, m. stake, pile in the water; -*pfester*, m. *Bot.* 1) water-pepper (*Polygnum hydropiper* L.); 2) waterwort (*Elatine hydropiper*); 3) dragon's-wort (*Drachenwurz*, 1); -*pfeller*, m. pier (of a bridge); -*pfers*, n. see *Flußpferd*; -*pfanze*, f. water-plant, aquatic plant; -*pfanne*, f. water-plum; -*pfuhl*, m., -*pfütze*, f. pool of water, puddle; -*plan*, m. watering-place (for ships); -*poden*, f. pl. see -*blattern*; -*preffe*, f. hydrostatic or hydraulic press; -*probe*, f. 1) assay by water; water-gauge; 2) *Archaeol.* water-trial, water-ordeal, water-doom; -*prophet*, m. hydromancer; uromancer; -*prophezeiung*, f. hydromancy; uromancy; -*provilant*, m. supply of water; -*provilant* einnehmen, to get or take in water, to water; -*pumpe*, f. water-pump; -*puppe*, f. see -*jungfer*, 2; -*quelle*, f. spring of water; water spring; -*rabe*, m. *Ornith.* cormorant (*Euro*); 1); -*radett*, f. *Fira-v.* water-rocket; -*rad*, n. water-wheel; -*radfahnel*, f. paddle, float-board; -*raute*, f. *Ornith.* water-rail,

velvet runner (*Ballus aquaticus* L.); -*rand*, m. water's edge; -*ranst*, f. *Gerad.* water-shoot; -*rattet*, -*ratt*, f. 1) *Zool.* water-rat (*Hydratus amphibius* L.); 2) *fig.* thoroughbred seaman; -*raute*, f. see -*rettig*; -*raum*, m. 1) space filled with water; 2) water-chamber (of a steam-boiler); 3) *Mar.* water-hold, hold for the water-casks; -*rebe*, f. see *Grundrebe*, 1; -*reißhuhn*, n. *Ornith.* woodcock (*Waldschnecke*); -*reit*, I. adj. level, horizontal; II. s. (*str.*) n. right concerning the water; -*reiß*, I. adj. abounding in or with water; watery; II. s. (*str.*) n. aquatic creature, watery kingdom; -*reis*, n. see -*schöf*; -*reise*, f. journey or excursion by water; -*rettig*, m. *Bot.* water-radish, great water-radish, amphibious yellow-cress (*Nasturtium amphibium* L.); -*riemen*, m. *Bot.* seatera, grass-wrack (*Enteris*); -*riefe*, n. monster of the deep; -*rinne*, f. 1) water-channel, gutter; 2) rain-spout; -*rispengras*, n. *Bot.* 1) water-poa (*Poa aquatica* L.); 2) floating hairgrass, manna-grass (*Oligochaeta fluitans* L.); -*röhr*, f. water-pipe, water-spout, waste water-pipe; -*rose*, f. *Bot.* water-rose, (white) water-lily (*Nymphaea alba* L.); -*roß*, n. see *Flußpferd*; -*röste*, f. water-rotting (of flax); -*röster*, m. *Ornith.* avocet, scoper, crooked bill (*Erdör*); -*rod*, m. 1) *Hydr.* room between the float-boards of a water-wheel; bucket; 2) see *Erdör*; 3) *Min.* subterranean mass of water, sump; -*roße*, f. 1) T. a saw for sawing off piles under the water; 2) *Bot.* water-milfoil (-*gerbe*); -*salzmann*, m. see -*moß*; -*sand*, m. river-sand; -*sandstein*, m. *Miner.* altering-stone; -*saupfer*, m. *Miner.* water-sapphire; -*saule*, f. 1) *Phys.* column of water; 2) water-spout (-*hose*); -*saulemaschine*, f. T. water-pressure-engine; -*saure*, f. see *Saurstoff*; -*schacht*, m. T. drain-shaft, adit, shaft or pit by which water is raised; -*schaden*, m. damage, waste, spoil, or devastation caused by inundation; -*schädel*, adj. spoiled by water; *Comm.* damaged (by water); -*schuß*, m. T. supply of water (in a water-work); -*schüssel*, f. 1) water-chovel, water-scoop; 2) float-board, ladle (of a water-wheel); -*schunt*, m. registrar of seamen, water-bailiff; -*schube*, -*schubung*, f. 1) *Phys. Geogr.* (*lit.* water-parting) watershed (a range of high land from which rivers and streams descend in different directions); 2) *Canal.* (*T. Tuck.*) summit-level (highest place or spot of a canal where two branches of the canal separate); -*schutzel*, m. *Carp.* weather-rail, lower rail (of a window); -*schert*, f. 1) T. shears set in motion by the action of water, shearing-machine; 2) *Bot.* see -*alof*; -*scherrer*, m. 1) see -*fäbber*; 2) cut-water, skimmer (*Scherenschnabel*); -*schen*, I. adj. afraid of water; hydrophobic; II. s. f. *Med.* a (proternatural) dread of water; hydrophobia, canine madness (*Hundswuth*); -*schierling*, m. *Bot.* water-hemlock (*Oscula viridis* L.); -*schiff*, m. 1) vessel, ship; 2) T. camel (machine for carrying vessels over shallow places); -*schilfröte*, f. *Zool.* sea-tortoise, turtle (*Emys*); -*schleife*, f. 1) naval engagement; 2) T. dike, bank, mole, pier; -*schlag*, m. T. a machine for destroying ships from beneath, torpedo; -*schlange*, f. 1) water-snake, water-serpent (*Erdschlange*, 2); 2) a great southern constellation, *Hydra* (the Water-snake); 3) see -*schlänge*, 1; -*schlingel*, m. *Arum.* maid, nala (*Nast proboscidea* Mill.); -*schlauch*, m. 1) T. water-hose; 2) *Bot.* bladder-wort (*Utricularia* L.); -*schloß*, n. water-castle; -*schloß*, f. ravine, gully; -*schlund*, m. abyss of water, gulf; -*schnebel*, m. *Zool.* duck-bill, water-mole (*Ornithorhynchus paradoxus* Blboh.); -*schnecke*, f. 1) *Onch.* water-snail (a family of gastropods,

weaver's reed; —*saal*, m. weaving-room; weaving shed (*Tabl.*); —*schere*, f. weaver's shears; —*schiffchen*, n.; —*schübe*, m. shuttle; —*schürze*, f. linen-weaver's starch, weaver's dressing; —*spule*, f. weaver's spool; —*stake*, f. see —*gaden*; —*stuhl*, m. loom; —*stuhl* für hochschäftige Teppiche, upright-loom; Jacquard'scher —*stuhl*, Jacquard; mechanischer —*stuhl*, power-loom; —*tritt*, m. treadle of a loom; —*trum*, m. selvage, warp-ends, thrum; —*voegel*, m. 1) see *Weber*, 2; 2) picking-stick (*Erbsfod*, 2), picker (pecker); —*jähne*, m. pl. dents, splits, reeds; —*jänge*, f. weaver's tweezers (nippers; *Knappjänge*); —*jettel*, m. warp.

Web(e)..., in comp. —*geftet*, m. litter.

Web(e)ling, see *Webeling*.

Web(e)..., in comp. —*malchine*, f. see *Webermaschine*; —*schere*, v. *intr.* Mar. to shear and nail the ribbands; —*waaren*, f. pl. textile goods, *coll.* wove(n) articles.

Webabitru, (w.) m. pl. Wahabites (a Mahometan sect).

Web(e)l (*pr. weyl*), (*str.* m. 1) vicissitude, change, shifting, turn; interchange; alternation; 2) *Sport*, place where game passes and re-passes; 3) *Ballot*. (*particul. S. G.*) siding (*Weiche*, 4); 4) *Min-s.* a joint, scarf of two shaft-ladders; 5) resting-place; c) *see* *Echicht*, 3; a; d) — *der Zimmerung*, renewal of the wood-work; 5) *Hydr.* a) pipe-joint; b) joint-pipe; 6) *Horol.* wheels turned by arbors; 7) *Coach-m.* joint of two jaunts; 8) *Carp.* trimmer; 9) relay of horses; 10) *Comm.* a) exchange; b) bill of exchange, bill; note of hand; remittance of money; langschäftige, furze, kurzschäftige —, long, short (dated) bills, short paper; — *erster Klasse*, beste —, — *von den besten Häusern*, first rate or first class or prime bills, best paper; — *zweiter Klasse*, second rate or trade bills; unrichtige —, dubious paper; — *von der Hand*, first hand bill; — *mit Documenten*, documentary bill; *einen* — *nicht bezahlen*, to dishonour a bill, to leave a bill unprotected or in suffrance; — *über* (lautend auf) 1000 Thaler (*or* von 1000 Thalern, 1000 Thaler groß), bill of one thousand thalers; *einen* — *ausstellen*, *traffiren*, *remittiren*, *präsentiren*, *acceptiren*, *bezahlen*, *discontiren*, *indossiren*, to issue, draw, remit, present, accept, pay, discount, endorse a bill of exchange, c) *Einzichen*, 7 *or* *Einfösen*, 2, *Wiriren* etc.; *einen* — *aus* (*or* *von*) *der Hand* *geben*, to give a bill from hand; mit *W-en* *handeln*, to trade in bills of exchange; *Weld* *burch* — *übernehmen*, to remit, send, make over, convey money by a bill of exchange; *Inhaber eines W-es*, holder of a bill; *ein gegogener* —, a draft (draught); *ein Solas*, *Prima*, *Secunda* etc., —, a sole, first, second, &c. bill; *der traffirte* —, draught, draft; — *an eigene Order*, bill drawn to own order; *der nicht an Order gestellte* —, see *Retenawechsel*; *gemachte* (briefe), bills (drafts) ready for endorsement; *ein* — *auf Sicht*, *auf Ufo*, *auf doppelte*, *dreifache* *Ufo*, a bill of exchange to pay at sight, at usance, at double, treble usance; *ein* — *auf den Kusteller* (siehe), a promissory note, note of hand; *ein offerer* —, a letter or bill of credit.

Web(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. *particul.* *Comm-s.* —*accept*, m. acceptance of a bill (of exchange); —*agent*, m. bill-broker; —*amt*, n. 1) see —*gericht*; 2) alternating office; —*arbitrage*, f. arbitration of exchanges; —*arbitragerechnung*, f. account or note of arbitration; —*arrest*, m. see —*haft*; —*assiguation*, f. promissory note, note of hand; —*beig*, m. changeling, oaf; *urobin*; —*bank*, f. bank, exchange, banking-house. [*changeable*].

Web(e)lbar (*pr. weyl*), (*adj.* l. n.)

Web(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. —*begriffe*, m. pl. *Log.* identical or convertible notions

or ideas; identical or convertible terms; —*beslagte*, m. one who is sued in default of payment of a bill of change; —*beziehung*, f. 1) *Comm.* entering; drawing; b) correlation, correlativeness; —*blett*, n. *Bot.* alternate leaf; —*bild*, m. mutual look or glance; —*bed*, m. *Min.* plank on which the sweeps are scarfed; —*brief*, m. see *Web(e)l*, 10, b; —*bund*, n. bill-book; —*bürge*, —*ebent*, m. bail or surety for (the payment of) a bill; —*bürgschaft*, f. surety; bail; —*bund*, m. mutual alliance; —*ebent*, m. endorser; —*chor*, m. *Mus.* alternate chorus or choir; *Comm-s.* —*commissien*, f. commission for executing any exchange-operation; bill-commission; —*commissien*, pl. commissions given to a correspondent in behalf of bill-transactions; —*commissiende*, n. account of exchange commissions; —*comptoir*, n. exchange, banking house; —*conto*, n. account of exchange, bill-account; —*contract*, m. bond of exchange; —*capiten*, f. pl. copies of bills; —*capitula*, n. bill-copy-book; —*course*, m. (course or rate of) exchange; —*courtsberchnung*, f. arbitration of exchanges; —*courtsjettel*, m. exchange-list; —*courtage*, f. bill-brokerage; bank-brokerage; —*credit*, m. bill-credit; —*dupli*, f. apoint; —*duplicit*, n. duplicate of a bill.

Wec(e)l (*pr. weyl*), (w.) f. 1) (a frequent) change, interchange; 2) see *Web(e)l*, *geschäft*.

Wec(e)ler (*pr. weyl*), (*str.* m. see *Wec(e)l* (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. —*execution*, f. execution or distraint for non-payment of a bill; —*fähig*, *adj.* having the right to sign bills (of exchange); —*fähigkeit*, f. (passive) ability to draw, endorse, accept, and bail bills of exchange, and to be sued in a bill-action; (active) ability to claim at law or to take legal proceedings in bill-transactions; —*fall*, m. 1) alternate fall; 2) alternative; dilemma; *die fälle des Lebens*, the vicissitudes, or ups and downs of life; —*farbe*, f. changing or shot colour; —*farbig*, *adj.* changing or shot; —*feld*, n. *Agr.* rotation field; —*feber*, n. *Med.* intermittent or intermittent fever; —*folge*, f. alternation; *Comm-s.* —*forberung*, f. demand arising from a bill, demand founded or grounded on a bill; —*frist*, f. term of payment for a bill of exchange, usance; —*furche*, f. *Husb.* furrow dividing two acres or fields; —*geber*, m. drawer; —*gebrauch*, m. usance; —*gebräude*, m. pl. customs and usages regarding bills; —*geld*, m. 1) bank-money; 2) exchange-money, agio; 3) specie or money which is received in payment on taking up a bill; —*gefehl*, n. *Anat.* gingly mus; —*gericht*, n. court for exchange-matters; —*gesang*, m. *Mus.* alternate song; *Comm-s.* —*geschäft*, m. 1) banker's trade, banking or exchange business, business of discounting money, banking (transactions); commerce with bills of exchange; 2) banking-house, exchange-business; —*gefehe*, n. pl. bill-regulations; exchange-rules, laws relating to bill-transactions; —*gefehr*, n. see —*rede*, 2; —*gestalt*, f. changeable state; —*gestaltig*, *adj.* *Bot.* versiform; —*gläubiger*, m. bearer of a bill of exchange, bill-holder; —*glüd*, m. fickle or inconstant fortune; —*gruß*, m. mutual salutation.

Wec(e)lhaft (*pr. weyl*), (*adj.* 1) changeable; 2) *Comm.* a) in the manner of or as a bill of exchange; b) see *Wec(e)lhaftig*.

Wec(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. —*haft*, f. *Comm. Law*, arrest for non-acceptance or non-payment of a bill (of exchange) due, arrest for default; —*handel*, m. see —*geschäft*, 1; —*handlung*, f. 1) +, see —*geschäft*, 1; 2) see —*geschäft*, 2; —*händler*, m. banker; discount of bills; —*haus*, n. banking-house; —*herr*, m. banker; —*herrschaft*, f. alternate reign, rule, or sway.

Wec(e)ling (*pr. weyl*), (*str.* m. (used by *Voss* or *Shkop's*.) changeling (in a good sense).

Wec(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. —*inhaber*, m. holder of a bill; —*intervention*, f. *Comm.* intervention upon honour; —*jahr*, n. climatological year; —*kind*, n. 1) a beautiful child stolen by the fairies in the place of which another was left; 2) *genet.* in an old sense: changeling (—*beig*); —*klage*, f. *Law*, action upon a bill, bill-action; —*kläger*, m. prosecutor in the case of a —*klage*, which see; —*klage*, m. pl. T. clumps placed round the kiln of a charcoal burner (*Beil*); —*kräft*, f. legal power of or as a bill; —*kunde*, f. knowledge of banking affairs; —*kundig*, *adj.* versed in banking affairs; —*lauf*, m. 1) changeable course; 2) alternate course; —*licht*, n. 1) changing light; 2) extra-light; —*liebe*, f. mutual or reciprocal love or affection.

Wec(e)llos (*pr. weyl*), 1. *adj.* changeless (*Unveränderlich*); II. *Wec(e)llos*, (w.) f. changelessness.

Wec(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. *Comm-s.* —*mäße*, f. *com.* doing business in dry exchange, stock-jobbing; —*mäßer*, m. exchange-broker; bill-broker.

Wec(e)lmäßig, *adj.* according to bill-regulations; *mit Einpruch*, legal claim arising out of a bill; *mit Wirkung*, legal force of a bill; *er haftet* — *für die Zahlung*, he is bound according to bill regulations to pay.

Wec(e)l, (w.) v. *tr. & intr.* 1) to change; to exchange, interchange; to shift, to turn; to alternate; to take turns; to alter, to vary; to change, veer, shift (of the wind); *Sport*. to shift, double; 2) *Comm.* to exchange; to carry on bank-business or money-exchange; *einen Ducaten* —, to change a ducat; *Briefe mit Einem* —, to correspond with one; *die Farbe* —, 1. to change colour; 2. *Genet.* to change soil; *Augeln* —, to exchange balls; *die Ringe* —, to exchange rings; *die Bretter* —, *Min.* there is a current (or thorough draught) of air in the pit; *Worte* —, to exchange words, to talk, speak; to argue; to dispute, altercation, to quarrel; *die Zähne* —, to shed or cast the teeth.

Wec(e)l (*pr. weyl*)..., in comp. —*nehmer*, m. taker or buyer of a bill; —*note*, f. bill-account; —*note*, f. *Mus.* irregular transient note, *appoggiatura*; —*operation*, f. exchange-transaction, bill-operation; —*ordnung*, f. see —*gefehe*; —*part*, m. par of exchange; —*parre*, f. living conforted in rotation by several colators; —*perche*, n. pl. relay-horses; —*pflicht*, f. reciprocal duty; *Comm-s.* —*pflichtig*, *adj.* subject to stamp-duty; —*pistolen*, f. pl. (a pair of) pistols, perfectly alike; —*platz*, m. place of exchange; —*portefeuille*, n. 1) bill case; 2) bill-portfolio; —*preis*, m. exchange; —*proceß*, m. see —*klage*; —*provision*, f. bill-commission; —*rad*, n. *Horol.* pinion of report; —*rechnung*, f. calculation or account of banking transactions, relative to the course of exchange, value of different coins, &c., see —*conto*; —*note*; —*recht*, n. 1) see —*gricte*; 2) see —*fähigkeit*, active; —*rechtl.*, *adj.* see —*mäßig*; —*rechtl.* *Wirkung*, negotiability; *von —rechtl.* *Geitung* *or* *Wirkung*, legally operative or valid as a bill of exchange; *ohne —rechtl.* *Geitung*, inoperative legally as a bill of exchange; *nach —rechtl.* *Bestimmungen*, see —*mäßig*; —*rede*, f. 1) answer, reply; 2) discourse, colloquy; —*reim*, *adj.* full of vicissitudes; —*reim*, m. alternate rhyme; —*reiter*, m. jobber in bills of exchange; bill-doer; —*reiterel*, f. drawing and re-drawing bills of exchange, (practice of) jobbing with bills of exchange, shift or foul play in negotiating bills of exchange, cross accommodation, bill jobbing; *can.* kite-flying; —*reiterer treiben*, to carry on bill jobbing;

to job in bills; —*richter*, *m.* chief justice or president of a court for regulating exchange-matters; —*schke*, *f.* matter of exchange; —*sch*, *m.* *Log.* alternate proposition; —*schung*, *f.* mutual gift; —*schlag*, *m.* alternate cadence (of rhymes); zu laufen so mit *sch* gem *sch*ben | auf unsrer *sch*gen —*schlag* (*Freihr.* Ruhe in der Geliebten), with blissful trembling thus to list | unto our mutual throbbing hearts (*Backen*.); —*schuß*, *m.* *Log.* dilemma; —*schrift*, *f.* answer in writing, written reply, controversial writing; —*schulb*, *f.* debt founded on a bill of exchange; —*contro*, *n.* bill-book.

Wech'selreicht [*pr.* weč'sl-], *L. adj.* 1) mutual, reciprocal; 2) alternate, interchangeable; *m.* *e.* *sch*tritten *sch*liegen, to intermarry; *sch* — *burd*bringen, to interpenetrate; *II.* *W*-*sch*feit, *f.* reciprocity; *mutualness*.

Wech'sel [*pr.* weč'sl-] ..., *in comp.* —*schung*, *f.* remittance of bills of exchange; remittance of money; —*schal*, *m.* *see* *W*-*sch*reit; —*schit*, *f.* *see* —*schit*; —*schulation*, *f.* exchange speculation; —*spiel*, *n.* alternate play, sway, or influence; —*stund*vergleichung, *f.* *see* —*arbitrage*; —*stin*, *m.* *T.* glazed tile or brick; —*stempel*, *m.* bill-stamp; (*Nob. & Gr.*) *dem* —*stempel* unterworfen — (*stempel*schlichtig), subject to stamp-duty; *um den* —*stempel* zu sparen, to save stamp-duty; —*stempelmarke*, *f.* bill-stamp; —*streit*, *m.* conflict, dispute; —*strenge*, *f.* right of the holder of a bill to send the debtor to jail in case of non-payment; —*stube*, *f.* *provinc.* *see* —*comptoir*; —*stunde*, *f.* *Min.* alternate hour.

Wech'selweise [*pr.* weč'sl-], *I. adv.* by turns, alternately; mutually; *II. adj.* alternate (*T.* motion, &c.); mutual.

Wech'sel [*pr.* weč'sl-] ..., *in comp.* —*tag*, *m.* 1) *Mod.* critical day; 2) *pl. Comm.* course-days; —*tanz*, *m.* alternate dance; —*tausch*, *m.* mutual exchange or barter; —*thaler*, *m.* *Comm.* thaler of exchange; —*thler*, *n.* *see* *W*-*sch*mbibic; —*tisch*, *m.* banker's table or counter.

Wech'selung [*pr.* weč'sl-], (*w.*) *f.* 1) alternation; 2) *Mar.* searing.

Wech'sel [*pr.* weč'sl-] ..., *in comp.* —*saug*, *f.* 1) *see* —*schit*; 2) *see* —*gebäude*; —*verbindlichkeits*, *f.* bill-liability; —*verbindung*, *m.* party on the bills; —*verfassung*, *n.* bills payable book; —*verhältniß*, *n.* 1) reciprocal relation; 2) *Math.* reciprocal proportion; —*verschreibung*, *f.* prescription of a bill of exchange; —*verkehr*, *m.* circulation of bills; —*verschichtung*, *f.* bill-liability; —*versch*, *m.* *see* —*reim*; —*vertrag*, *m.* contract of exchange; —*weil*, *adj.* *see* —*reich*; —*wärter*, *m.* (*particul. S. G.*) pointman (*Weichenwärter*).

Wech'selweise, *see* *W*-*sch*elweise.

Wech'sel [*pr.* weč'sl-] ..., *in comp.* —*weisen*, *m.* wheat that may be sowed in winter and summer; many-eared wheat; —*wert*, *n.* *Watch*. *m.* the wheels in clocks and watches that turn the hour and minute-hand about; —*wiesengrund*, *f.* *Agr.* rotation meadow ground; —*wild*, *n.* *see* *Standwild*; —*wind*, *m.* changing, shifting wind; trade wind; —*winkel*, *m.* *Geom.* alternate angle; —*wirkung*, *f.* reciprocal action; in —*wirkung* mit einander stehen, to act and react upon each other; —*wirtschaft*, *f.* *Agr.* rotation of crops or cropping; —*wort*, *n.* *Gramm.* (*n.* *n.*) participle; *Comm.* —*wucher*, *m.* (illegal) profit made in exchanging money or discounting bills; —*zahlung*, *f.* bill-money; exchange-money, convention-money; —*zahn*, *m.* milk-tooth; —*zange*, *f.* *T.* pincers for wire-drawing; —*zeit*, *f.* 1) *see* —*schit*; 2) turn of life (of women); —*zusand*, *m.* correlative state, reciprocity.

Wech'sler [*pr.* weč'sl-], (*str.*) *m.* banker, money-changer, exchanger.

Wec, **Wec'en**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Wec'e**, (*w.*) *f.*

1) *†*, wedge; 2) a piece or roll of butter; 3) sort of bread, roll.

Wec'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wake, awake, to call up; *cf.* *Wecet*, *p. a.*

Wec'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) waker; 2) alarm (clock); 3) *Mil.* warning-bell; 4) *see* *W*-*sch*tel-pfeife; —*berichtigung*, *f.* —*wert*, *n.* work in an alarm-watch.

Wec'..., *in comp.* —*glode*, *f.* star(u)mbell; —*hahn*, *m.* early-cock; —*stunde*, *f.* hour of waking; —*uhr*, *f.* *see* *W*-*sch*tel, 2; —*wert*, *n.* *see* *W*-*sch*tel.

Wec'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tail; 2) fan; *Bot.* fan, frond; brush; —*förmig*, *adj.* fan-shaped, *Bot.* flabelliform.

Wec'eln, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) to wag (mit dem Schwanz, the tail); 2) to fan; 3) *Ag.* to fawn (vor *with* *Dat.*), upon, to cringe, crouch (to).

Wec'el..., *in comp.* —*schwamm*, *m.* fan-shaped sponge; —*schwanz*, —*stern*, *m.* wagtail (*W*-*sch*tel); —*tragen*, *adj.* *Bot.* frondiferous.

Wec'er, *conj.* neither; — ... *noch* ..., neither ... nor ...

Wec'el, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* 1) west, wool; 2) honeycomb (*W*-*sch*tel); —*pult*, *f.* pira.

Wec'fe, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* stripe, wool, *cf.* *W*-*sch*ffing.

Weg, (*str.*) *m.* 1) way, road; passage, strait; walk; route; course; path; 2) *Ag.* way, manner, mode; *haffer* —, *Chem.* moist process or way; *Vergoldung* auf nassem *W*-*e*, water or wash-gilding; 3) expedient, means; *der* kürzeste —, the nearest way, the shortest cut; ein *näherer* —, a shorter cut, short-cut; am *W*-*e*, by the road-side or way-side; auf *indirectem* —, by indirect conveyance; auf *halbem* *W*-*e*, half-way; auf *halbem* *W*-*e* wieder *unföhren*, to go only half-way; auf *halbem* *W*-*e* stehen bleiben, *Ag.* to do things only by halves; auf dem *W*-*e* des *Broccesse*, by way of process; eine *Meile* *W*-*e*, a mile's distance; ein — von zehn *Minuten*, a ten minutes' walk or drive; gerade *W*-*e*, direct, straight, straightway(s); auf dem *W*-*e*, unter *W*-*e*, by the way, on the road, on the journey; sich auf den — machen, to set out, to start; *sein* — (or *sein* *W*-*e*) *gehen*, to go one's way; er geht *sein* *eigenen* —, he has a course of his own; geh, pack dich deiner *W*-*e*! go your ways! to be off; get you gone! aus dem *W*-*e* gehen, 1. to make way (*Einem*, for ...), to stand out of the way, to clear the way; 2. to shun or avoid (somebody); mir aus dem *W*-*e*! out of my path, Sir! *Einem* in den — kommen, *Einem* in den *W*-*e* *stehen* or *sein*, to stand or be in one's way, to hinder; to interfere with one; *Einem* *sein* *W*-*e* (*Gen.*) *schiden*, *Einem* die *W*-*e* (or den —, die *W*-*hür*) *weisen*, to send one packing, to turn one out; *Einem* etwas in den — legen, to throw (impediments, &c.) into one's way, to hinder or offend one; to cross one's will; auf dem *W*-*e* räumen, 1. to put out of the way (things), to remove (difficulties, &c.); 2. to dispatch (one); er ist auf dem (besten) *W*-*e* sein *Gut* zu machen, he bids fair or he is in a fair way to make his fortune; er ist auf dem *W*-*e* der *Erreterung*, he is in a fair way of recovery; *sein* *W*-*e*, by no means; es hat gut *W*-*e*, *fama*, there is no haste; there's no fear of it; gut bei *W*-*e* sein, to be well or in good health; auf gutem *W*-*e* sein, 1. to make way, to go on favourably, to gain ground; to be in a fair way; 2. or auf *rechtem* *W*-*e* sein, to be in the right path, to go right; auf *unrechtem* *W*-*e* sein, to go wrong; auf den — bringen, to put in the way (nach, to); auf den *rechten* — bringen, 1. to put into the right road; 2. *Ag.* to lead into the right path; auf einen *als* *den* — gerathen, to get into the wrong road, to lose one's way; auf bösen *W*-*e* *gehen*, *Ag.* to lead

a bad or wicked life; ein *Schritt* auf dem richtigen *W*-*e*, a step in the right direction.

Weg [*pr.* weč], *L. adv.* away, off; gone; lost (*cf.* *fort*); von der Straße —, out of the street; in *Einem* —, continually, *cf.* *fort*; *II. interj.* (— da!) away, get you gone! begone! Hände —! hands off! — mit ihm! away or off with him! — mit ...! away with ...! out upon ...! — damit! away with this!

Weg [*pr.* weč] ..., *adv. in comp.* —*arbeiten*, *v. I. tr.* to work away, to remove by working; *II. intr. coll.* to work on; —*gehen*, *v. tr.* *see* —*bringen*; —*hannen*, *v. tr.* to banish, to *W*-*sch*en, *adj.* *see* *W*-*sch*en.

Weg [*pr.* weč] ..., (*adv.*) *in comp.* —*geben*, *v. refl.* to go away, to retire, to absent one's self, to withdraw; to depart; —*gehen*, *v. tr.* to bite away or off; —*gehen*, *v. tr.* to remove by something caustic, to cauterise, to corrode or eat away; —*bestimmen*, (*str.*) *v. tr. fam.* 1) to get away or off; 2) to get; 3) to get at the bottom of (a thing), to find out; to ascertain, make sure of; —*hien*, *v. tr.* to remove by prayer; —*betten*, *v. tr.* to put up the bed of (some one) in a different place; sich *betten*, *refl.* to separate beds; —*bläsen*, *v. tr.* to blow away; —*bleiben*, *v. intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) 1) to stay away; to keep away (*gener.* intentionally); 2) to be omitted, to be left out; —*bliden*, *v. intr.* to look away; —*blühen*, *v. intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) to fade away (rapidly); *cf.* *Verblühen*; —*brechen*, *v. tr.* 1) to break off or away; 2) to pull down, demolish; 3) *Med.* to vomit out; —*brechen*, *v. intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) & *tr.* to burn away or down; —*bringen*, *v. tr.* to bring or carry away, to remove; *sich* *weg*bringen, of easy conveyance; —*büßen*, *v. tr.* to shoot away all (the game); —*bisputieren*, *v. tr.* to do away with, *sc.* by disputing or specious reasoning; —*bringen*, *v. tr.* to push, force away; —*bröhen*, *v. tr.* to turn away; —*brücken*, *v. tr.* to displace by pressing, to press or force out of its place; —*bürsten*, *v. intr.* to be allowed to go away.

Weg'e ..., (*from* *Weg*, *s.*), *in comp.* —*amt*, *n.* road-office; —*arbeiter*, *m.* navvy; —*aufseher*, —*betreuer*, *m.* surveyor or overseer of the roads or highways, road-surveyor; —*bau*, *m.* a making of roads, *see* *Schauls*; —*bauamt*, *n.* board of roads; —*besserung*, *f.* a road-mending, repairing of highways; *Bot.* —*blatt*, —*brett*, *n.* plantain, waybread (*Plantago* L.); —*bisfel*, *f.* cotton or woolly thistle (*W*-*sch*iffel); —*born*, *m.* way-thorn, buckthorn (*Struoborn*); —*fertig*, *adj.* *†*, ready to set out; —*geid*, *n.* wheelage, turnpike-toll; —*gelbeinnehmer*, *f.* turnpike-money; —*gelbeinnehmer*, *m.* turnpike-man; —*geschworene*, *m.* *see* —*auffseher*; —*grad*, *n.* *see* —*tritt*, 2; —*haspel*, *m.* turnstile, turnpike; —*haus*, *n.* toll-house, gate-house, turnpike-house.

Weg'ellen [*pr.* weč...], (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) to hasten away.

Weg'einnehmer, *m.* *see* *W*-*sch*elbeinnehmer.

Weg'inspector, *m.* *see* *W*-*sch*elbeinnehmer.

Weg'eltern [*pr.* weč...], (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*ausz.* *sein*) to go away in supparting; to come to a head and dry up.

Weg'e ..., (*from* *Weg*, *s.*), *in comp.* —*kreffe*, *f.* *Bot.* stinking pepperwort (*Lapidium rud-*

rad L.); —*lagerer*, *m.* waylayer; —*lagerer*, *v. intr.* to waylay; —*lagerung*, *f.* (act of) way-laying; —*lauf*, *m.* *see* —*tritt*; —*leistung*, *f.* layduet; —*leuchte*, *f.* *see* *Schalenleuchte*; —*leuchte*, *f.* reflector of a street-lamp; —*lange*, *f.* *see* —*wart*; —*material*, *n.* road-metal; —*messer*, *m.* *T.* hodometer; —*meßtaust*, *f.* hodometer; *Mar.* log.

Weg'gen, *prep.* (*with* *Gen.* [*&* *Dat.*]; sometimes placed after the word it governs) because of, for the sake or on account of, for, by reason of, owing to; with respect, respecting,

or relating to, in regard of; meiner Familie —, for my family's sake; der Armen —, in behalf of the poor; Protest —, protest for.

Weg gen. (w.) v. tr. (+ d) *, to move, see *Weggehen*.

Weg genarr. (str.) m. provinc. salamander.

Weg (enge). (w.) f. narrow pass, defile (*Schlucht*).

Weg getrennt. (str.) m. t. see *Weggele*.

Weg ger. (str.) m. Mar. gener. pl. see *Wegger*.

Weg ge... (from *Weg*, s.), in comp. —rab, n. surveying wheel, perambulator; —reiß, l. adj. acquainted with the roads; Sport. knowing all the beats; II. s. n. (public) right of road way, right of passage.

Weg gerich. (str.) m. see *Weggebricit*.

Weg gerling. (w.) f. Mar. planks, clamps, and thick-stuff used in the ceiling of a ship.

A. **Weg** geru. (w.) v. tr. (+ d) provinc. (L. G.) for *Wegern*.

B. **Weg** geru. (w.) v. tr. Mar. to place the planks and thick-stuff of a ship's ceiling.

Weg ge... (from *Weg*, s.), in comp. —küle, f. way-mark, mile-stone; —kreuz, f. cross-way; —kru, adj. shy at the crossing of roads (a fault in horses); —klinge, f. Bot. way-faring tree (*Viburnum lantana* L.); —knecht, f. Zool. dew-lace, dew-slug (*Limax empiricorum* Fer.); —kne, m. see *Wegkne*.

Weg gen. (pr. wäch-) (from *Weg*, adv.) (irr.) v. tr. & intrans. to eat up (quickly), to consume (greedily); (Einen etwas) to deprive (another) of eatables, &c. by eating them up.

Weg ge... (from *Weg*, s.), in comp. —stein, m. road-stone; —steuer, f. road-toll, turnpike-toll; —breite, f. extent or length of the way or road; —tritt, m. Bot. 1) see —breit; 2) common bird's knotgrass (*Polygonum aviculare* L.); *Rauhe-s.* —überführung, f. over-bridge; —übergang, m. level-crossing; —unterführung, f. under-bridge; —wart, m., —wart, m., —wisch, f. wild endive, chicory, succory (*Ocholorhiza infidus* L.); —weide, f. Zool. a species of wasp (*Pompilus vaticus* F.); —jehrung, f. travelling expenses; *Wä-cum*; —zeichen, n. way-mark; —zoll, m. see —geld.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... (adv.), in comp. —fahren, v. I. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to drive or ride away or off; to start; to sail away or off; 2) über etwas (Acc.) mit der Hand —, to pass or glide one's hand over something; II. tr. to convey away in a carriage, &c., to carry, cart, or drive away; —fahrt, f. the (act of) driving away, &c.; departure, starting; —fall, m. omission; in —fall bringen, to abolish, cancel; in —fall kommen, to be deducted or omitted; —fallen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to drop, fall away, to fall off; 2) *Ag.* a) to be omitted, to cease, to exist, &c.; b) to be deducted; 3) to come or fall to nothing; —fangen, v. tr. to catch away; —fassen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to rot away, rot off; —feilen, v. tr. to file off; —fliegen, v. tr. *Ag.* to fly away, to carry off, to snatch away; —fliegen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to fly away; —fließen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to flow away; —flößen, v. tr. to carry away by floating; —flößen, v. tr. to save by flight; —fluten, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to stream or flood away; —fressen, v. tr. to eat up, to devour; —führen, v. tr. to lead away, to carry away; —gabeln, v. tr. fam. to fork away, cf. —ficken; —gang, m. departure; —geben, v. tr. to give away; to give, sell, to let have (merchandise); —gehen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to go away, to go off, to be off, to depart; to leave, quit; to go out (of stains, apots); er ging dem Fenster weg, he came away from the window; er dachte gar nicht daran wegzugehen, he never thought of coming away; 2) to be disposed of, to be sold; über etwas (Acc.) —, to go

or pass over ...; —geben, v. tr. to dis-accustom from coming or going any where; —gleiten, v. tr. to pour away; —gleiten, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to glide away; über (with Acc.) —, *Ag.* to glide over ...; —haben, v. tr. coll. 1) to have got, (einen Anteil) to have (one's share); to anticipate; 2) *Ag.* to understand, comprehend, to see through; ich habe es weg, I am done for; er hat es bei mir weg, he has done for himself with me, he has ruined himself in my opinion.

Weg hülste. (w.) f. (from *Weg*, s.) mid-way, mid-course.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... (adv.), in comp. —halten, v. tr. to keep off, to withdraw, to hold at a distance; —hängen, v. tr. to hang in another place; —heben, v. tr. to snatch away; —hauen, v. tr. to blow away; —heben, v. tr. to cut away; —heben, v. tr. to lift up and away; hebe dich weg! begone! hebe dich weg von mir! Script. get thee hence! get thee behind me! avant! —heben, v. tr. to chase away with dogs; —hinken, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to hobble away; —holen, v. tr. to carry away, to fetch away, to bring off; —hüllen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to hop away; —hügen, v. tr. to drive away; —hütern, v. tr. to snatch away; to intercept, to capture, to make prize of; —hauen, v. tr. to forestal, to buy up; —hören, v. tr. 1) to sweep away; 2) to turn off or away; —hümmen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to get away, cf. *Einwegkommen*; *Ag.* s. 2) to come off; 3) to be lost or missing; das Buch ist mir weggenommen, I miss the book; —kommen lassen, to lose (by negligence); am schlimmsten —kommen, to come by the worst, to get or have the worst of it; komme ich doch selbst schlimmer weg? am I the worse for it? —hauen, v. intrans. to be able to get away; —hören, v. tr. to scratch away or out; —hören, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to creep or sneak away; *hören*, v. tr. see —bekommen; —hören, v. tr. to kiss away or off; —hören, v. tr. to smile away; —lassen, v. tr. 1) to leave out, to omit, to pass by or over; 2) to let go, to part with; 3) to permit one's going or departure; —lassung, f. the (act of) passing over, omission; —laufen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to run away or off, to desert; —läufer, m. runaway, deserter, flincher; —legen, v. tr. to put aside; —legen, v. tr. to lend out; —leiten, v. tr. to conduct to another place or in another direction; —leuchten, v. tr. to light a person on going away; —leiden, v. tr. to entice away, to decoy; —leiden, v. tr. to efface, to blot out; —legen, v. tr. to deny openly; —machen, s. I. tr. coll. 1) a) to make or put away, to remove; to clear away; to efface; to take out (stains); b) t, to make away with (umbringen, 2); 2) to do or perform (one's work) quickly and efficiently; II. *refl.* to make off, withdraw, depart, decamp; —machen, v. tr. to grind down; —marschieren, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to march away.

Weg müde. adj. wayworn, wearied by travelling.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... in comp. —müssen, v. tr. to be obliged to go or depart; das muß weg, that must be taken away; ich muß weg, I must be off; —nehmen, f. the (act of) taking away; confiscation, seizure; —nehmen eines Schiffs, capture; —nehmen, v. tr. to take or carry away or off; to seize upon; to capture; to confiscate, seize; nimm die Hand weg! hold off your hand! diese Arbeit nahm mir etwa zwei Tage weg, this work took me about two days; —wegnehmen, f. see *Wegnahme*; —packen, v. I. tr. to pack up in another place; to pack or put away; II. *refl.* coll. to pack off or away, to shear off; —partieren, v. tr. to purloin; —peitschen, v. tr. to whip off, to drive away by a whip; —peitschen, v. tr. to

whistle off; —prügeln, v. tr. to beat away, to drive away by drubbing; —putzen, v. tr. 1) to remove by brushing and cleaning; 2) *Ag.* fam. a) to finish off; b) to do away with, to purloin, see —ribigern; —raffen, v. tr. to scratch out, urase; —raffen, v. tr. to snatch or take away, to carry or sweep off; —rauben, v. tr. to take away by force or robbery; —räumen, v. tr. to remove, to clear away, to put out of the way; to put aside, pack away (letters, &c.); *Ag.* to remove (obstacles); —räumen, m. remover, clearer; —räumung, f. removal, clearance; —reiben, v. tr. to rub away, off, out; —reiben, v. intrans. to extend (über (with Acc.), beyond); —reise, f. departure; —reisen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to set out on a journey, to depart; —reisen, v. tr. 1) to tear, pull, or snatch away, to snatch (Einen etwas, from one); 2) to sweep away, to carry off; 3) to break off or down, to pull down, to demolish; —reiten, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to ride away or off; —ritt, m. the (act of) riding off; —rollen, v. tr. to roll away; —rollen, v. I. tr. to move away or out of the way, to remove; II. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to remove; 2) to draw away or off, withdraw; —rollen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to row away; —rollen, v. tr. to call away; —rollen, v. tr. to saw off.

Weg sam. adj. passable; accessible; per-vious (*Gangbar*, 1). (to suck away.

Weg saugen (pr. wäch-) (w. & str.) v. tr.

Weg säule. (w.) f. see *Wegsäule*.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... in comp. —schäben, v. tr. to scrape off; —schäben, adj. removable; —schäben, v. tr. 1) to put away, to remove, to carry away; 2) to dispatch, to make away with; 3) see *Abgeschaffen*, 3; 4) *Math.* to eliminate; carrying away, &c.; *Math.* elimination; —schäben, v. tr. to remove with the shovel.

Weg scheide. (w.) f. place or point where roads separate, forks of a road.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... in comp. —schicken, v. intrans. to scrape off; —schicken, v. tr. to give away, to make a present of; —schicken, v. I. tr. to shave away; to cut off, clip; to shear; II. *refl.* coll. see *ich* —schicken; —scherzen, v. tr. to joke or sport away; —schrecken, v. tr. to frighten away, to scare away; —schrecken, v. tr. to read away; —schrecken, v. tr. to put by, to above away, to turn off, to remove, shift; —schrecken, v. tr. to beat away or off; —schrecken, v. intrans. (aus. fein) & *refl.* to steal away, to sneak away; —schleifen, v. tr. I. (str.) 1) to grind off or away; 2) to board off; 3) *Ag.* a) to snarl one in speaking; b) to omit in pronouncing; II. (w.) to carry away on a sledge, to remove on a drag; —schleifung, f. 1) the (act of) grinding off, &c.; 2) omission, elision; —schleusen, v. tr. coll. to sling away; —schleusen, v. tr. to carry, take away or off (clandestinely, &c.), to drag off (violently, &c.), to trail away; —schleusen, v. tr. to sling away; —schleusen, v. intrans. to slip away; über (with Acc.) —, to glide over ...; —schmelzen, v. tr. & intrans. (aus. fein) to melt away, to melt off; —schmelzen, v. tr. to snap away, to snap up, to snatch away.

Weg schneide. (w.) f. see *Wegschneide*.

Weg (pr. wäch) ... in comp. —schneiden, v. tr. 1) to cut away or off; 2) to retrace; —schneiden, v. tr. to sling or jerk away, off; —schneiden, v. tr. to frighten away; —schneiden, v. tr. to pour away; —schneemmen, v. tr. to float, wash, carry, sweep away; —schneemmen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to swim away; —schneiden, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to vanish away, to fall away; —segen, v. intrans. (aus. fein) to sail off; —sehen, v. intrans. to look away, to avert one's eyes; —sehen, v. *refl.* to long to depart; —sein, v. intrans. (aus. fein) 1) to be away,

gone, absent; 2) to be lost; 3) to be past, to be gone; 4) a) to be beside one's self; b) to be in a swoon; ganz — sein für ..., to be quite taken up with ...; über (with Acc.) — sein, to be above (cf. *hinweg*); — senden, v. tr. to send away; — sängen, v. tr. to singe off; — setzen, v. I. tr. 1) to put away; 2) a) (with über (d. Acc.)) to put beyond, to place above ...; b) to place out of reach; 3) to expose (a child), see *Kuss* setzen; II. refl. 1) to seat one's self farther away; 2) to show one's self superior to, see *hinweg* setzen; III. intr. (aux. sein) to leap (über (with Acc.)), over, cf. *setzen*, intr.; — fliegen, v. tr. to sing away or down; — sollen, v. intr. to be obliged (or to have) to go; — speien, v. tr. to spew or spit away, to vomit; — spotten, v. tr. to laugh or jeer away; to drive off, &c. by laughing or jeering; — sprechen, v. I. tr. 1) to remove by speaking; 2) den Gram u. —, to disburden one's heart; II. intr. to speak openly, freely, or without reserve; — springen, v. I. tr. to blow away with gunpowder; II. intr. (aux. sein) to ride off at full speed, to hurry away, gallop away; — springen, v. intr. (aux. sein) to jump or leap away or off; über (with Acc.) —, to skip over ...; — spülen, v. tr. to wash away, cf. *spülen*; — stanzen, v. intr. (aux. sein) to fly away like dust; — stechen, v. tr. to remove with a sharp or pointed instrument, to cut off; — stecken, v. tr. to put away or aside; to hide; — stehlen, v. I. tr. to purloin, to steal away; II. refl. to steal or sneak off or away; — stellen, v. tr. to put away or aside, to put or place out of the way; — sterben, v. intr. (aux. sein) to die away or off; — striben, v. tr. joc. to thieve off, cf. *stehlen*; — stößen, v. tr. 1) a) to push or kick away; b) to repel; 2) *Surp.* to plane off; — streichen, v. I. intr. (aux. sein) to draw off, to fly away, to depart; II. tr. 1) a) to stroke or smooth away; to sweep or take away, cf. *streichen*; — stößen, v. tr. 1) a) to erase; to strike out, expunge (cf. *streichen*); 2) — streichen, v. tr. to do away with by arguing, &c., to deny, &c. cf. *abstreichen*, I.; — strömen, v. intr. (aux. sein) to flow or stream away or off.

Wegtaube, (w.) f. see *Turteltaube*.
Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — thun, v. tr. 1) to put away or aside, to remove; 2) to dismiss, discharge; that die Hände weg! hold off your hands, off with your hands, hands off! — tilgen, v. tr. to extinguish, &c. cf. *abtilgen*; — trüben, v. intr. (aux. sein) to throw away; — trachten, v. intr. to aim to get away; — tragen, v. tr. to bear or carry away, off; — treiben, v. I. tr. to drive away, to expel; II. intr. (aux. sein) to drift away; to part; — triden, v. I. tr. to tread away, to wear out by treading on; II. intr. (aux. sein) to step aside; — trinken, v. tr. to drink up or off.

Wegtritt, m. see *Begetritt*.
Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — troden, v. tr. to dry away or up (*abtroden*); — versaugen, v. intr. to wish to get or go away; — scrubstein, v. tr. to sublimate or reason away.

Wegwalze, (w.) f. garden-roller.
Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — wälzen, v. tr. to roll away; — wandern, v. intr. (aux. sein) to wander away.

Wegwart, (str.) m., **Wegwarte**, (w.) f. see *Wegwarte*.

Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — waschen, v. tr. to wash away or off; — wehen, v. tr. to blow away; — weisen, v. tr. to order to depart, to send or turn away, off.

Wegweiser, (str.) m. 1) way-mark, direction or finger-post, sign-post, hand-post; 2) guide, leader; 3) *Surp.* gorgoe; conductor, director; 4) a) dog-vane; b) rack, fair-leader; c) (an der *Hodwand*) rack-rope; — lehn, m. guidage.
Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — wenden, v.

tr. to turn away, to avert; — werfen, v. I. tr. to throw or cast away, to reject; *Gam.* to throw out; II. refl. *fig.* to prostitute one's self (an (with Acc.)), to, to degrade one's self; to throw one's self away (an (with Acc.)), upon; — werfung, f. 1) the (act of) throwing away, &c.; rejection; 2) *Gramm.* aphorosis; apocope; — werfungseigen, n. apostrophe; — werfen, v. tr. to wear out by whetting; — wischen, v. I. tr. to wipe away or off; to brush off (tears); II. intr. (aux. sein) to glide (über (with Acc.)), over; — wischen, v. tr. coll. to quibble away; — wollen, v. intr. to wish or want to go; — wünschen, v. tr. to wish away or off; — wurs, (pl. — wurs) m. refuse; *cont.* outcast; — zamben, v. tr. to remove by enchantment, to charm or conjure away; *tr. ist nie* — geaubert, he has vanished as if by enchantment; — zehren, v. tr. to consume; *fig.* — zehren, to waste or pine away.

Weg ... (s.), in comp. — zehrung, f. see *Begehrung*; — zeger, m. see *Begeweiser*.

Weg (pr. wêch) ..., in comp. — zerren, v. tr. to drag, pull, &c. away; — ziehen, v. I. tr. to draw away, to pull away, to draw off; to undraw (a curtain), to draw (back) the curtains (of a bed), to withdraw (a veil); II. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to depart, march away or off; to draw off; 2) to remove; to move, to leave one's lodgings, to quit a house; in ein anders Land, eine anders Stadt —, to settle in another country or town; — züg, (pl. — züge) m. 1) the (act of) drawing away, &c., withdrawal; 2) removal; 3) departure, migration.

Weh, **Wehe**, I. *int.* wo, woe; — mir! woe to me! — Euch! woe to you! — mir, daß ..., woe is me that ...; II. *adv.* & *adj.* sore, aching, painful; — thun, to ache; der Kopf thut mir —, my head aches; der Zahn thut mir —, I have an aching tooth; ihm thut kein Zahn weh —, coll. he is in his quiet grave; den Augen — thun, to hurt the eyes; Einem — thun, to give pain, to grieve, to hurt, offend, wrong one; es thut mir in der Seele (herzlich, im Herzen) —, my heart is grieved or sickens; I am pained at my very heart, I am sick at heart; diese Gewißheit thut mir sehr —, I felt a sickness at that certainty; es thut den Ohren —, *fig.* it is distressing to the ears; es ist ihr — danach, she longs for it; es war mir so —, daß ich hätte meinen mögen, I was sorely urged to weep.

Weh, (str.) n. 1) woe; pain, smart, ache; pang, grief; agony; 2) ill, misery, calamity; *Wonne und —*, bliss and bale; — über Jemand (Acc.) aufrufen, to cry woe upon one.

Wehe, (w.) f. 1) throes (of labour); 2) snow-drift (*Edschneewehe*); sand-drift; 3) swath.

Wehen, (w.) n. (d. f. cf. *Wehe*) pl. labours, throes, pains of labour; — haben, to be in labour, to be in travail.

Wehen, (w.) v. I. intr. to blow; to wave; die Flagge — lassen, to display the flag or colours; der Wind weht beständig aus dem Westen, the wind has settled in the west; II. tr. to drift.

Weh ..., in comp. — (mutter) f. midwife; — getreisch, — geschrei, n. woeful cries, scream of agony; — klage, f. wail, wailing, lamentation; — klagen, v. intr. to wail, lament, moan. [water-gall.]

Wehl, (str.) n., **Wehe**, (w.) f. *provinc.* **Wehklug**, *adj.* *provinc.* whining, plaintive, apt to complain. [doleful.]

Wehlich, *adj.* (l. n.) painful, grievous, **Wehmuth**, f. a tender sadness, a feeling of tender or sweet melancholy, *bidt*: melting mood, dolefulness.

Wehmüthig, I. *adj.* tenderly sad, sorrowful, lamentable, sweetly melancholy, woeful, doleful; *dr- und —*, cringing and pitiful; II. *W-heit*, f. see *Wehmuth*.

Wehmutter, (str., pl. *W-mütter*) f. midwife.

A. 1) **Wehr**, (w.) m. (*OHG.* wer, A. S. ver, *Goth.* vair [*Lat.* vir], man) freeman.

B. **Wehr**, or **Wehrre**, (w.) f. 1) a) defence; *fig.* zur *W-er* stellen or setzen, to stand in one's defence or upon one's guard, to resist; b) work of defence, fortification, bulwark; c) soldiery raised for the defence of a country (cf. *Landwehr*, 2 u.); 2) a) (t & *) weapon; mit — und Waffen erscheinen, to appear fully armed, equipped, or accoutred; 3) railing (*Erzengeländer*); 4) see *Wehr*, C. C. **Wehr**, (str.) n. 1) weir, dam, dike; 2) kiddle (*Wischwehr*); 3) fence, enclosure; 4) *Mis.* measure of fourteen fathoms.

Wehrhaalt, (w.) f. preparation for defence.

Wehrbär, *adj.* 1) a) see *Wehrhaft*; b) armed, accoutred; 2) that may or can be defended; 3) bold, courageous in battle.

Wehr ..., in comp. — baum, m. fieldgate, bar, barrier; T. saddle-beam dill (of a water-mill; T. *Tackel*; — bindung, n. defensive alliance; — baum, m. dam formed before another to protect it; — eisen, n. *Metall.* guard, fend-plate.

Wehren, (w.) v. I. tr. (intr. with *dat.*) (*Einem etwas*) 1) to check, restrain, hinder, keep (one from ...); 2) einer Sache (*dat.*) —, to obviate, prevent; dem Feind, dem Wasser —, to arrest, check the progress of the flames, water, to master the fire; II. refl. to defend one's self, to resist, to make a defence, to make resistance.

Wehr ..., in comp. — gehänge, — gehenz, n. baldric, shoulder-belt.

Wehrgeß (from *Wehr*, A.), see *Berggeß*.

Wehr ..., in comp. — geräth, n. any defensive weapon or machine; — gerüst, — geßel, n. *Mil.* stand or rack for arms; — geschweide, n. see *Waffen* schmid, 2; — gefess, n. prohibitory law or statute.

Wehrhaft, L. (l. n.: *Wehrhaftig*) *adj.* capable of bearing arms, capable of defending one's self; — machen, to arm; II. **W-igkeit**, (w.) f. ability of defending one's self; capability of bearing arms.

Wehr ..., in comp. — frieg, m. defensive war; — leine, f. *Fort.* glacis; — linie, f. *Mil.* line of defence.

Wehrlos, *adj.* 1) weaponless, unarmed; defenceless; *Bot.* inermous; 2) *fig.* weak, inoffensive; — machen, to disarm.

Wehrlosigkeit, (w.) f. the (state of) being unarmed; inoffensiveness, want of defence.

Wehrmann, (str., pl. *W-männer*) m. (from *Wehr*, B.) warrior, soldier.

Wehrmuth, m. see *Bermuth*.

Wehrpfaß, (str., pl. *W-pfäße*) m. see *Mahlpfaß*.

Wehrreiter, (str.) m. mounted soldier.

Wehrsam, *adj.* serviceable for defence.

Wehrschaft, (w.) f. soldiers, soldiery, troops.

Wehr ..., in comp. — schau, f. see *Waffen* schau; — schuur, f. cordon of troops; — schrift, f. written defence; — schuß, m. (*lit.* defensive) sting of certain insects; — stand, m. military order; — stempel, m. *Mün.* roller; conducting piston (*Boil.*); — bleß, n. 1) see *Stammbleß*; 2) sheep kept as stock over winter; — vogel, m. *Ornis*. (horned) screamer (*Palamedia cornuta* L.); — wasser, f. defensive weapon; — wasser, n. water that overflows the weir.

Wehrwolf, m. see *Währwolf*.

Wehr ..., in comp. — jahn, m. *Sport.* task of a wild boar; — jins, m. *provinc.* interest upon interest; — jell, m. see *Erzmjell*; — jag, m. T. third and final measurement of a mine.
Weh ..., in comp. — stand, m. sorrowful

adj. papillary; —gerren, *n. T.* fining of refined pig-iron.

Weib, *m.* *see* Weib.

Weib'eder, *m.* *see* Weib'eder.

A. Weib'e, (*w.*) *f.* Bot. willow (*Salix* L.; (Rorb-) osier (*Salix viminalis* L.); die weiße —, *see* Silberweide, 1; die fünf-männige —, *see* Lorbeerweide; die baplonische —, *see* Trauerweide; die rotte —, upland purple-willow (*Salix purpurea* L.); die kriechende —, creeping dwarf-willow (*Salix repens* L.); die gelbe —, yellow willow (*Salix viminalis* L.).

B. Weib'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) pasture, pasturage, pasture-ground; 2) †, chase, hunt, venery; 3) Sport, & *fig.* food, nourishment; delight; 4) *, bowels; eine gemeine —, common; auf die — thun or treiben, to place in pasture, to drive to pasture, to turn (out) to grass; auf die — gehen, to go to grass.

Weib'e... (from Weide A. & B., & Weiden, *v.*) *in comp.* —ader, *m.* field used as a pasture-ground; —blume, *f.* Bot. savanna-flower (*Echitis suberecta* L.); —breiten, *n.* —bruch, *m.* *Vol.* rupture of the guts of horned cattle; —barm, *m.* Anat. strait-gut, rectum; —flüß, *m.* any herbivorous fish; —freiheit, *f.* privilege of using a pasture, *cf.* —gerechtigkeit; —gang, *m.* 1) way to a pasture-ground, pasture-walk; 2) *see* —freiheit; —gans, *f.* 1) goose on a common; 2) green-goose; —geld, *n.* 1) money paid for the permission to drive one's cattle to feed or graze; 2) herdsman's wages; —genos, *m.* person who uses the same pasture with another; —gerechtigkeit, *f.* the right of pasture on a common, commonage; —gras, *n.* grass; —grün, *m.* —laub, *n.* pasture-ground, pasture-land; —loß, *n.* Hunt. fundament (of wild beasts); —lohn, *m.* *see* —geld, 2; —messer, *m.* *see* Weidmesser; —mest, *m.* July; August.

Weiden, *adj.* made of willow, willow.... Weiden, (*w.*) *v. I. & II.* 1) to (place in) pasture, to graze, keep, tend (a flock or herd); 2) to feed; 3) *fig.* to entertain, charm, delight; 4) to vivisicate (Hundweiden, 2); seine Augen an einem Gegenstande —, to feed the eye with or to feast one's eyes on an object; II. *ind.* & *refl.* 1) to pasture, graze, feed; 2) *fig.* to delight, rejoice, revel (an *with* Dat.), in, to gleat (over).

Weiden..., *in comp.* —apfel, *m.* *Botol.* a species of rennet; —artig, *adj.* willow-like, Bot. salicaceous (plant); —ast, *f.* willow-ashes; —bach, *m.* brook bordered with willows; —band, *n.* willow-twig used as a band, willow; —bast, *m.* bast, bark of willow; —Bastgeäste, *n.* pl. willow shoots, willow-squares (for hats); —baum, *m.* willow-(tree); —Bäume, *n.* *see* —stauden & Zwergweide; —Bäume, *adj.* willow; —Bitter, *m.* Chem. salicine; —blatt, *n.* 1) leaf of a willow; 2) *see* Bl(e)l(ei); —Blattlaus, *f.* Entom. willow-puceron (*Aphis salicis* L.); —bohrer, *m.* Entom. goat-moth (*Cossus ligniperda* L.); —bruch, *m.* willow-grove; —busch, *m.* willow-bush; —bush, *m.* *see* Gaffhorn; —brosel, *f.* *see* Weidbrosel; —erde, *f.* mould from rotten willows; —farbe, *f.* willowish colour; —flöte, *f.* pipe made of a willow-branch; —galmlüde, *f.* Entom. a species of midge (*Cecidomyia salicis* Schrk.); —gebüsch, —gekrüsch, *n.* willow-plot; —geflücht, *n.* twisted osiers; —gerste, *f.* wicker, osier-switch; —gekrübe, *m.* osiery; —gehä, *m.* *see* Weidwurm; —holz, *n.* willow-wood; —horst, *m.* —plan; —läser, *m.* may-bug, *see* Weidläser; —lisch, *n.* willow-catkin; —loble, *f.* charcoal of willow; —loß, *m.* willow-basket, wicker-basket, osier-basket wicker-hammer; —franz, *m.* willow-garland; —franz, *n.* *see* Weidenrith; —laub, *n.* willow-leaves; Ormith.-s. —lerche, *f.* willow-lark, tree-pipit (—geiß, 1); —meise, *f.* penduline

or mountain titmouse (*Agredolus pendulinus* L.); —milde, *f.* *see* —geiß; —palme, *f.* *see* —lächler; —pfeife, *f.* *see* —flöte; —plan, *m.* willow-bed; —reißer, *m.* osier-splitter; —rinde, *f.* willow-bark; —rose, *f.* willow-gall; —rüsch, *n.* Bot. rosebay, willow-herb (*Epilobium* L.); —ruthe, *f.* willow-twig, with; —sänger, *m.* Ormith. 1) yellow warbler (*Sylvia rufo* L.); 2) sedge-warbler (Rohrspertling, 2); —schößling, *m.* shoot of a willow; —schwamm, *m.* fungus growing on willows; —schwürmer, *m.* Entom. hawk-moth (*Smerinthus ocellatus* L.); —späne, *m.* pl. willow shavings; —spertling, *m.* Ormith. 1) *see* Rohrspertling, 2; 2) mountain-sheep, brambling (Bergfink); —spinne, *m.* Entom. whitesatin-moth (*Liparis salicis* L.); —stamm, *m.* trunk of a willow; —stauden, *f.* dwarf-willow; —trieb, *m.* *see* —schößling; —vogel, *m.* 1) Ormith. *see* Goldbrosel; 2) Entom. *see* —spinner; —wolle, *f.* woolly fibres in the capsules of willows; —geiß, *m.* Ormith. 1) willow-lark, sedge-warbler (*Sylvia salicaria* Boett.); 2) willow-wren (*Sylvia sibilatrix* Boett.); —glut, *f.* *see* —gerste.

Weide..., (from Weide A. & B. & Weiden, *v.*) *see* —schä, *m.* grazing ox, ox at grass; —platz, *m.* pasture-ground; —recht, *n.* *see* —gerechtigkeit; —reich, *adj.* rich in pasture.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* Bot. 1) willow-wood (*Lythrum* L.); 2) willow-wood, loosestrife (*Lythrum* L.).

Weide... (from Weide A. & B. & Weiden, *v.*) *in comp.* —laß, *m.* *see* Weidlaß;

—stein, *m.* boundary-stone to a pasture-ground; —strid, *m.* tether; —wald, *m.* wood in which cattle may feed or graze.

Weidenwall, *see* Weidenwall.

Weidenwand, *adj.* *see* Weidenwand.

Weib'... (*cf.* Weide...), *in comp.* —genos, *m.* fellow-huntsman; —gerecht, *adj.* skilled in hunting; —geschrei, *n.* cry of the chase, hunting cry, hue; —geschell, *m.* 1) huntsman; 2) whipper-in; —hansen, *m.* body of hunters; servants belonging to the chase.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* willow-plot, willow-bed, osier-ground.

Weiden, *adj.* affording pasturage.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* keeper or warder of a forest.

Weiden, I. *adj.* († & *) brave, valiant, stout, lively, active, lusty; II. *adv.* 1) bravely, &c.; 2) soundly, greatly, in a high degree.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* 1) Bot. a species of mushroom (*Agaricus campestris* L.); 2) provinc. fishing-boat, skiff; —Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* master of a skiff.

Weiden..., *in comp.* —laß, *n.* *see* Weidenlaß; —mann, *m.* 1) sportsman, hunter, huntsman; 2) Hunt. slang, charm, enchantment, spell; causing a miss in shooting; Einem einen —mann setzen, to bewitch one; to play one a trick; —männlich, *adj.* sportsmanlike; —mannschaft, *f.* sportsmanship, hunting; —mannsprache, *f.* language of hunters, terms of the chase; —mannstafel, *f.* hunter's pouch; —messer, *m.* 1) large knife used for vivisicating game, especially deer; hanger; 2) Sport. tongue of a stag.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* 1) sportsman (Weidenmann, 1); 2) *see* Weidenmesser, 1.

Weiden..., *in comp.* —recht, *n.* 1) right or privilege of hunters; 2) right of hunting. *cf.* Jagdrecht, 2; 3) that part of the game which is given to the hounds as their reward; —laß, *m.* 1) hunter's bag; 2) Sport. stomach of animals of the chase; —pfeß, *m.* hunting-spear (Jagdpfeß); —sprache, *f.* *see* —mannsprache; —spröß, *f.* Sport. brow-antler; —spruch, *m.* 1) salutation of professional hunters; words by which sportsmen know each other; 2) *fig.* common place, cant saying; —tafel, *f.* hunter's or sportsman's pouch;

—wert, *n.* 1) chase, hunt; 2) huntsmanship; 3) animals belonging to the chase, game; (das hohe, great game; das niedere, small game); dem —wert obliegen, to be fond of field-sports; —werfen, *v. ind.* to hunt, sport; —wort, *n.* hunting-term, sportsman's term; Sport-s. —wund, *adj.* injured in the bowels, ruptured; —wunde, *f.* wound in the bowels; —wundschuß, *m.* shot in the bowels. [nun.] + Weiden, (*v.*) *m.*, & (*v.*) *f.* veil (of a Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* 1) reel; 2) saw-frame; Weiden, (*v.*) *v. & r.* to reel — Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* reel-mechanism, winding-machine.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* (OHG. & MHG. *wigant*) obsolescent, (bold) warrior, champion, Weiden, *see* Weiden.

Weiden, (*v.*) *v. I. & r.* to refuse, deny; II. *refl.* to refuse, to decline; sich seiner Weiden (*Gen.*) —, to refuse to do one's work.

Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* refusal, denial.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* *see* Weiden, A.

Weiden... (from Weiden, *in comp.* —altar, *m.* consecrating altar; —becken, *n.* *see* —teffel; —bild, *n.* holy image; —bischof, *m.* suffragan (bishop), assistant bishop, bishop's substitute, vicar-general; —brot, *n.* holy-wafer; —brunnen, *n.* *see* —teffel.

A. Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* Ormith. (hen-)harrier, hen-driver (Kornweide).

B. Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* Eccl. 1) consecration, inauguration, initiation; —eines Geistlichen, ordination; —eines Bischofs, consecration; benediction (of the produce of the fields, &c.); 2) *fig.* sanction.

Weiden, (*v.*) *see* Weiden.

Weiden, (*v.*) *v. & r.* 1) to consecrate, inaugurate; 2) *fig.* to devote, dedicate, *cf.* Widmen; einen Geistlichen —, to ordain; sich — lassen, to take orders; dem Untergang —, to doom to ruin or to extinction; geweiht, votive (lights, &c.).

A. Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* consecrator, &c. B. Weiden, (*v.*) *n.* (fish-)pond, vivary; *in comp.* Bot.-s. —ampfer, *cc.* *see* Weidenampfer; —binde, *f.* (große, or —riebe, —roß, *n.*) great-clubbrush; (kleine) marsh-clubbrush; —blüthe, pl. broad-leaved pond-weed; —fuß, *m.* creeping crowfoot.

Weiden... (from Weiden, *in comp.* —festen, *f.* pl. holy fasts; —gabe, *f.* 1) holy or consecrated gift; 2) offering; —gebet, *n.* prayer; —gemälde, *n.* votive picture; —gesang, *m.* holy song; consecrating hymn; —geschent, *n.* *see* —gabe, 1; —fleisch, *m.* holy chalice; —teffel, *m.* Rom. Cath. holy-water font (vessel, pot, stone, &c.); —franz, *m.* consecrated wreath; —franz, *n.* holy herb.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* one who is consecrated or has taken orders.

Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* consecrating-mass.

Weiden, (*v.*) *f.* *gener.* in the pl. Weiden (*orig* a Dat. MHG. [so] when naht, [on] the holy night, pl. [sen] when nahten, winnahten, because there were several Christmas Holidays, *cf.* Oftern, Pfingsten) 1) Christmas; 2) *see* Weidenachtgäbe.

Weiden, (*v.*) *adj.* & *adv.* at Christmas.

Weiden, (*v.*) *in comp.* —abend, *m.* Christmas-eve; —baum, *m.* Christmas-tree; —birne, *f.* *Botol.* a kind of winter-pear; —blume, *f.* *see* —rose; —feier, *f.* Christmas-celebration; —fest, *n.* Christmas-feast; —gabe, *f.* —geschent, *n.* Christmas-box, Christmas-present; —lieb, *n.* Christmas-song, Christmas-carol; —markt, *m.* Christmas-fair; —morgen, *m.* Christmas-morning; —rose, *f.* Bot. black hellebore, Christmas rose; —zeit, *f.* Christmas-time.

Weiden... (from Weiden, *in comp.* —öl, *n.* consecrated oil, unguent, chrism; —quast, *m.* *see* —weiden.

Weiden, (*v.*) *m.* I. 1) incense, frank-

incense; *Pharm. olibanum*; 2) *Ag.* (the) incense (of flattery); *Einem* - streuen, to flatter one; II. *provinc. oriole* (Virol); III. *in comp.* - *baum*, *m.* *Bol.* incense-tree; -*faß*, *m.* censer; -*flöte*, -*flöter*, *f.* *Bol.* frankincense pine-tree (*Pinus keda* L.); -*harz*, *m.* olibanum; -*heider*, *m.* -*haude*, *f.* -*strauch*, *m.* a species of juniper (*Juniperus thurifera* L.); -*krüner*, *pl.* frankincense, manna thuris; -*krant*, *n.* common asarabacca (*Asdrum europaeum* L.); -*pfanze*, *f.* rosemary (*Roosmarinus officinalis* L.); -*rinder*, *f.* incense - bark; -*vogel*, *m.* see Virol; -*wurz*, *f.* see Roosmarin.

Weiße... (*from Weichen*), *in comp.* -*faß*, *n.* consecrated salt; -*schatten*, *m.* ghost of one deceased; -*schiff*, *f.* dedication; -*spengel*, *m.* see *Webel*; -*tafel*, *f.* votive tablet; -*teiler*, *m.* *Rom. Cath.* paten.

Weißenung, (*w.*) *f.* see *Weiße*, *B.*

Weiße... (*from Weichen*), *in comp.* -*wasser*, *n.* consecrated water, holy water; -*webel*, *m.* holy-water-sprinkle.

Weiße, (*str.*) *m.* see *Regensfeier*.

Weiße, *conv.* († &) *provinc.* 1) while (*Wähen*); 2) because, since; - *W.* ihn nicht bemerkt, owing to M. not perceiving him; nicht - ich W. weniger liebe, it is not that I love M. less.

Weiße, (*† &*) *, *adv.* whilom, once, formerly, heretofore; *used adjectively*: late, deceased, defunct.

Weiße, (*w.*) *f.* *Min.* extra-work.

Weiße, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Weile*) a little while, a short space.

Weiße, (*w.*) *f.* 1) space of time, while; 2) idle time; *leisure*; *lange* -, see *Langweile*; *lange* - *machen*, to weary, tire (*Langweilen*, L.); *gut Ding will - haben*, *proverb*, nothing good is done in a hurry; *Wie mit -*, the most haste, the worst speed.

Weiße, (*w.*) *v. l.* *intr.* & *refl.* *, to stay, tarry, linger, see *Weißen*, L.; II. *tr.* († &) *, to stay, tarry.

Weiße, *adv.* see *Weiland*.

Weiße, (*str.*) *m.* & *n.* I. hamlet, vill; II. see *Wiel*.

Weiße... (*from Weilen*, *v.*), *in comp.* -*ort*, *m.* halting - place; -*zeit*, *f.* halting - time, stopping-time.

Weiße... (*from Weilen*, *v.*), *in comp.* -*ort*, *m.* halting - place; -*zeit*, *f.* halting - time, stopping-time.

Weiße... (*from Weilen*, *v.*), *in comp.* -*ort*, *m.* halting - place; -*zeit*, *f.* halting - time, stopping-time.

yard; -*bewachsen*, *adj.* vine-clad, clad, covered or overgrown with vines; -*strauch*, *f.* vine-pear; -*blatt*, *n.* vine-leaf; -*blätter*, *f.* red-pimple (in the face); -*blume*, *f.* *Bol.* 1) common lilac (*Syringa vulgaris* L.); 2) (water-) dropwort (*Strebelsche*); 3) evening primrose (*Nahtflee*, 2); -*blumenkürse*, *f.* *Chem.* ananthis acid; -*blüte*, *f.* 1) vine-blossom; vine-flower; 2) (-*blütezeit*) time when the vine is in blossom; 3) *jac.* wine-blossom; -*branntwein*, *m.* wine-brandy; -*brühe*, *f.* wine-sauce; -*brut*, *f.* tub in which the grapes are carried to the press, vine-coop; -*born*, *m.* see -*rolc*; -*breffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* redwing (*Turdus iliculus* L.); -*brun*, *m.* fumes of wine; -*cin*, *adj.* *ing*, *m.* preparation for colouring or flavouring wine; pearl.

Weiße, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *coll.* L. (*from Weilen*) 1) to have a vinous taste; 2) to smell of wine; 3) to be given to wine-drinking; II. (*from Weilen*) to whimper.

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—probe, *f.* 1) *see* —mufter; 2) proof wine; *Chem.* test-liquor; —prober, —prüfer, *m.* wine-prover; wine-taster; —production, *f.* *see* —erzeugung; —raute, *f.* vine-branch; —randl; —ranze, *f.* vine-fretter, vine-grub; —ranze, *m.* intoxication occasioned by wine; —ranze, *f.* *Bot.* common rue (*Ruta graveolens* L.); —rebe, *f.* 1) vine; 2) *see* —ranze; —reben (*Reben*), *m.* *see* —becken (*Reben*); —rebenfled, *m.* vine-stick; —rechnung, *f.* wine-bill; —reid, *adj.* abounding in vines; —reisende, *m.* traveller in the wine-trade; —reise, *f.* *Bot.* aglantina, sweet-brill, wild rose (*Rosa rubiginosa* L.); —reth, *L. adj.* wine-red; claret-coloured, ruby, vinous; *II. s. n.* wine-red; —seuer, *f.* wine-sauce; —seuer, *adj.* sour as wine; —seuerlich, *adj.* somewhat vinous; sourish; —seuerlich, *m.* *see* —apfel; —seuer, *m.* *coll.* wine-bibber; —seuer, *f.* acidity of wine; *Chem.* vinous acid, *see* —seuer; —seuer, *f.* wine-cup, wine-bowl; —seuer, *m.* retail of wine; (—)seuerfied, *m.* right of retailing wine, wine-licence; cimen —seuerfied, *m.* to retail wine, to keep a wine-tap; —seuerfied, *f.* duty or tax for vintner's licence; —seuerfied, *m.* vintner, tavern-keeper; —seuerfied, *f.* vintny, tavern, wine-house; —seuerfied, *m.* 1) leather bag or sack for containing wine, wine-skin; 2) *bot.* wine-bibber; —seuerfied, *m.* 1) wine-porter, shooter, one who conveys wine into or out of a cellar; 2) *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *f.* debt for wine; —seuerfied, *m.* *Entom.* the wine hawk-moth (*Sphinx rufus* L.); —seuerfied, *m.* rich harvest of grapes; —seuerfied, *m.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* wine-strainer; —seuerfied, *pl.* the different sorts of grapes or wine; —seuerfied, *n.* trellage of vines or grapes, grapevines; —seuerfied, *m.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* 1) stick of a vine; 2) *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* *Chem.* tartar; —seuerfied, *adj.* tartareous, tartarous; —seuerfied, *m.* tartaric ether; —seuerfied, *m.* crystal of tartar; —seuerfied, *m.* spirit of tartar; —seuerfied, *n.* oil of tartar; —seuerfied, *n.* salt of tartar; —seuerfied, *adj.* *Chem.* tartareous, tartaric; —seuerfied, *adj.* *Chem.* tartareous, tartaric; —seuerfied, *adj.* tartaric acid; —seuerfied, *adj.* pyrotartaric acid; —seuerfied, *f.* duty on wine; —seuerfied, *m.* *Bot.* vine, vine plant (*Vitis vinifera* L.); —seuerfied, *f.* wine-room; wine-tavern; —seuerfied, *f.* wine-soup; —seuerfied, *f.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, —seuerfied, *pl.* the skins or husks of pressed grapes; —seuerfied, *f.* bunch or cluster of grapes; —seuerfied, *m.* wine-drinker; —seuerfied, *adj.* intoxicated with wine; —seuerfied, *adj.* wine-covered; —seuerfied, *f.* the act or practice of improving wine by means of art; —seuerfied, *m.* adulterator of wine; —seuerfied, *f.* adulteration of wine; —seuerfied, *m.* *provinc.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* wine-gauger; —seuerfied, *m.* store of wine; —seuerfied, *m.* growth of wine; —seuerfied, *f.* wine-gauge; —seuerfied, *m.* genial weather for the growth of vines; —seuerfied, *m.* vintner; —seuerfied, *f.* vintny, wine-tap; —seuerfied, *m.* wine-tapper, tapster; —seuerfied, *f.* wine-sauce; —seuerfied, *m.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* the paid of or on wine; —seuerfied, *m.* *see* —seuerfied; —seuerfied, *m.* wine-dresser, wine-grower; —seuerfied, *m.* duty or impost on wine.

Weis, *adj.* (abbreviated form of *Weisheit*) cf. OHG. *wis* for *wis*, MHG. *wis* for *wise*) formerly sometimes confounded with *Weis*) originally wise, knowing, aware, but generally used in an ironical sense and in a few phrases at present: *Einem* (I. u. *Einen*) etwas *Weis* machen (†: *Einen* etwas *Weis* machen) — machen, to make one aware of a thing), to make one believe what is not true, to impose upon one, to deceive, cf. *Hufbinden*, 3; *mach' mir nicht* —, tell me no fibs; *mach' das einem kubern* —, go and tell that to your grand-

mother (granny); etwas — werden, to perceive, to become aware of.

Weisheit, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* stubble-field. **Weisheit**, *L. adj.* wise, sage; knowing, cunning; die *m-e* Frau or Mutter, *see* Hebamme & *Karten*(schlägerin); *II. m.* (*decl. like adj.*) sage, wise man, philosopher; der Stein der *W-n*, the philosopher's stone; die sieben *W-n* Griechenlands, the wise men of Greece.

Weisheit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) mode, manner, way, wise, cf. *Art*; rate, course; run, fashion; method, custom; state, condition; 2) *Gramm.* mood; 3) *Mus.* melody, tune; das ist sonst nicht seine —, that is not his usual way; auf solche (dies) —, in such a (in this) manner, like this; auf eine oder die andere —, in one way or the other; auf irgend eine —, in any sort, any way, at any rate; auf seine —, in no wise, not upon any terms, by no means; auf seine — nützen, to be of no use in any way; auf welche —? in what manner? nach seiner —, according to his (own) fashion or way; nach seiner — hat er Recht, as far as his lights enable him to see, he reasons correctly; sie erzählte die Geschichte auf ihre —, she gave her own version of the history; (schiffel —, by bushels; (schweben —, by squadrons; (schwarm —, in swarms; zufälliger —, by accident (auf with an *adj.* (*Acc.*) before —, or the *Gen.* of —, without any prep., preceded by an *adj.* often to be rendered by an English adverb: zufälliger —, accidentally; thöricht —, foolishly; glücklicher —, happily, luckily, fortunately; irrthümlicher —, mistakenly.

Weisheit, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Weiser, 2. **Weisheit**, (*str.*) *s. l. tr.* 1) to show, to indicate, point out, to direct, cf. *Zeigen*, I, 1; 2) to send to or from a place; 3) to show how to do a thing, to teach, *acc.* (*Zurechtweisen*, 1); sich — lassen, to listen to reason; an Jemand (*Acc.*) —, to refer or address to ...; etwas von sich —, to decline, refuse, repel; to turn away, dismiss; aus dem Lande —, to exile, banish (*Hinweisen*, I, 1); *II. intrans.* 1) to point (auf with *Acc.*), at; 2) († &) *provinc.* to grow or get wise.

Weiser, (*str.*) *m.* 1) person or thing that shows or points out; show, teacher; 2) *Entom.* queen-bee; 3) hand (of a clock, &c.), *see* Zeiger, 4; —braut, *m.* 1) wire moving the hands of a clock or watch; 2) tube-wire (for pipes); —hand, *n.* cell of the queen-bee.

Weiserfisch, *adj.* *see* deprived of the queen. **Weiserfisch**, *m.* *see* Zeigerfisch. [*see* *Weisheit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) wisdom; 2) prudence, discretion; 3) knowledge.

Weisheit, *in comp.* —bündel, *m.* conceit, pride of knowledge; —freund, *m.* lover of wisdom; —trug, *m.* *conf.* mock-philosophy; —trug, *m.* wiseacre; —lehre, *f.* philosophy; —lehrer, *m.* philosopher; —narr, *m.* learned fool; —quelle, *f.* source of wisdom or knowledge; —spruch, *m.* wise sentence, apothegm; —zahn, *m.* wisdom-tooth (*coll.* for the last molar tooth); er hat die —zähne noch nicht bekommen, he has not cut his wise teeth yet.

Weislich, *adv.* wisely, sagely, prudently, discreetly. [*tender* to wisdom.]

Weisling, (*str.*) *m.* *conf.* wiseacre, pro-
Weislingen, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* & *intr.* to foretell, foresee, predict, prophesy; to presage; to augur, forebode. — **Weislinger**, (*str.*) *m.* prophet, predictor, foreteller. — **Weisling**, (*w.*) *f.* *conf.* (sorry) prophesying. — **Weisling**, (*w.*) *f.* prophetess. — **Weislingung**, (*w.*) *f.* prophecy, prediction, vaticination.

Weisung, (*str.*) *pl.* *Weisungen* *m.* legal sentence or document, precedent.

Weisung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) order, direction, intimation, instruction; 2) *see* Zurechtweisung. **Weis**, *L. adj.* 1) white; *Herald.* argent;

2) *fig.* clean (*Weisheit*, linen); 3) blank; *m-e* Brot, white or wheaten bread; die *m-e* Fahne, the white flag (signal of surrender); die *m-e* Gesichtsfarbe (or *m-e* Haut, white skin), a fair complexion; die *m-e* Rote, *Mus. minim*; *m-e* Tau, white or untarred cordage; *m-e* Waaren, white goods, cotton or linen goods; linen-drapery; *m-e* Weisheit, clean linen; die *m-e* Woche, week after Easter; *m-e* Zucker, clayed sugar; — machen, 1. to whiten; 2. *incomp.* for *Weis* machen; — gefärbt, dressed in white; — geben, to taw, dress leather in white; — fleben, to blanch; sich — trennen, *coll.* to (endeavour to) pass one's self off for innocent, to exculpate one's self; *II. s. (str.)* *m.* white; das holländische —, Dutch white; das spanische —, Spanish white, flake-white.

Weiß, *in comp.* —armig, *adj.* white-armed; —bäuer, *m.* baker of white or wheaten bread; —bart, *m.* 1) (person with a) white beard; 2) *Bot.* old man's beard (*Leucopogon Richi* D. C.); —bürtig, *adj.* having a white beard, white-bearded; —busch, *m.* *Ornith.* flash-hawk, osprey (*Häufiger*, 2); —sein, *n.* an animal, particularly a horse with a white foot (—fuß); —seige, *f.* T. discharging acid; —ster, *n.* a kind of light beer, pale beer; —binder, *m.* cooper that makes pails and tubs or any of the smaller vessels; —birle, *f.* *Bot.* common or white birch-tree (*Betula alba* L.); —blättrig, *adj.* white-leaved; —blau, *adj.* & *s. (n.)* whitish blue; —bläulich, *adj.* pale bluish; —blech, *m.* tin-plate, tinned sheet-iron, tin; white iron-plate; —bleichschmidt, *m.* tinman; —blei, *n.* white lead; —bleier, *n.* *Minor.* white lead-ore; —bleiche, *f.* the bleaching of cotton-cloth before it is printed; —blütig, *adj.* white-blooded; —brut, *n.* white or wheaten bread (*opp.* Schmarbrut); —brüggeltes Eisen, *T.* a softer kind of iron (rods) being of a light colour at the fracture; —brüggeltes, *n.* *see* —brüggeltes; —busch, *f.* *Bot.* white beech, hardbeam, hornbeam (*Carpinus betulus* L.); —büden, *adj.* of white beech, white-beechen; —busig, *adj.* white-bosomed; —born, *m.* *Bot.* whitethorn, hawthorn (*Crataegus oxyacantha* L.); —broffel, *f.* *Ornith.* song-thrush, mavis (*Turdus musicus* L.).

Weiß, *s. (decl. like adj.)* *I. m. & f.* white man, white woman, European; *cine* —, *coll.* (*Barin*) a measure of pale beer; 2) *Mus.* *see* Weißfall; *II. n.* 1) white; 2) *Med.* albugo, leucoma; 3) *Sport.* fat of game; das — im Ei, the white of an egg, glair; das — in der Scherbe, (point) blank, white, mark; *Einem* nicht das — im Auge gönnen, to grudge a person every thing; *Einem* ins — sehen, to look boldly into a person's face.

Weißeliche, (*w.*) *f.* chestnut-leaved oak; white oak-tree (*Quercus alba* L.).

Weißer, (*w.*) *s. l. tr.* to whiten, to whitewash, plaster; Zucker —, to clay sugar; das Kobisen —, *T.* to fine, refine cast-iron (*Fein*); das — des Kobisen, the refining or whitening of gray pig. — **Weißer**, (*str.*) *m.* whitener; whitewasher, &c.

Weiß, *in comp.* —flut, *f.* (pipe)-clay; —erte, *f.* *Bot.* gray alder (*Alnus incana* D. C.); —ern, *n.* *Minor.* white copper-ore; —espe, *f.* *see* —pappel; —farbig, *adj.* white-coloured, white-hued; —fäule, *f.* a disease of plants affecting the stem; —fäulen, *m.* *Ichth.* white-fish (*Coregonus marina* L.); —fener, *n.* *Piro-w.* Bengal lights; —fichte, *f.* *Bot.* white-fir-tree, silver-fir (*Picea alba* Michx.); —feber, *n.* *Med.* green sickness, chlorosis; —fleberig, *adj.* having white plumage; —flut, *m.* *Ornith.* white-finch, *see* —flut; —flut, *m.* *Ichth.* 1) white-fish, blay, bleak (—fish), dace (*Leuciscus Klein*); 2) *Mammal.* white-fish, white-whale (*Dolphinapterus leucas* Pall.); —fledig, *adj.* white-spotted; —flut, *f.* *see* —fichte; —flut, *m.*

1) *n*) light sorrel, light red-coloured horse; 2) *Zool.* white-fox (*Vulpes alba* Pall.); -fäp, *n.* see -bein; -füßig, *adj.* white-footed, *Man.* trammelled; -gäfferte, *f.* Cook blanc-manger; -gar, *adj.* T. tawed (leather); -geflügel, *adj.* white-winged; -geß, *adj.* white or pale yellow, flaxen; -geß, *n.* silver-money or coins; -gerben, *n.* (process or art of) preparing skins (of sheep, lambs, kids, goats, &c.) in white, tawing; -gerber, *m.* dresser of white leather, tawer; -gerberet, *f.* tawer's trade or workshop; -geßwängst, *adj.* white-tailed; -geßfend, *adj.* at a white heat, white-hot, incandescence; -glühige, *f.* white heat, incandescence; *Minor-s.* -geß, *n.* white gold, platina; -galber, *n.* (native) tellurium; -gäpelt, *n.* native white vitriol; -gram, *adj.* white-gray, hoary; -grau, *adj.* pale grayish; -groß, *n.* silver-groshen; -gülsen, -gültig, *adj.* *Min.* (said of ore) containing much silver; -gültener, -gültig, *adj.* *Min.* white silver-ore; -gut, *n.* *Comm.* white tobacco-leaves; -haarig, *adj.* white-haired; -halsig, *adj.* white-necked, white-throated; -händig, *adj.* white-handed; -herz, *n.* white rosin; -helt, *n.* 1) *Bot.* white wood; 2) *Silk-w.* smoothing-stick, polisher; -huhn, *n.* *Ornith.* white grouse, ptarmigan (*Lagopus alpinus* L.); -fall, *n.* *Nas.* white lime, fat lime (Stettin, Rastmüll); -häuser, *m.* *slang.* thief (at fairs, &c.), shop-bouncer; -leichen, *n.* *Ornith.* 1) white-throat (*Sylvia curruca* Lath.); 2) see -schwanz; -fleiser, *f.* see -fichte; -fles, *m.* *Minor.* white pyrites; -flar, *adj.* white and transparent; -fohl, *m.* *Bot.* white cabbage; -foß, *m.* 1) white or hoary head; 2) *Ornith.* hoary head, bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucoccephala* Brisson); -füßig, *adj.* white-or gray-headed, gray-haired; *provinc-s.* -fram, *m.* linen-shop, linen-trade; -främer, *m.* linen-draper; -frant, *n.* see -fohl; -fäbel, *m.* *Nas.* whitewasher's tub; -fämmel, *m.* caraway; -fäpfer, *n.* white-copper, see -metall; -fäpferer, *n.* white copper-ore; -fäber, *n.* *provinc.* for Salzfrämer; -fäsch, *m.* white salmon, a full-grown, fat salmon, *opp.* Grönlands; -fäuben, *m.* see Weißbierbaum; 1) -ferde, *f.* *Bot.* common larch-tree (Pter-Weißlich, *adj.* whitish. (Schneebaum). Weißling, (*adv.*) *m.* 1) any thing white; 2) *Entom.* common white or cabbage butterfly, white garden-butterfly (*Pieris F.*); 3) *Ichth.* whiting (*Merlangus vulgaris* L.). Weiß..., *in comp.* -loß, *n.* white (soft) solder; -met, *n.* fine flour; -metall, *n.* white-metal, a kind of queen's metal; -nagelsticht, *m.* T. pin-maker; -nähst, *f.* *heret.* plain (needle-)work; -nase, *f.* *Zool.* white-nosed monkey (*Cercopithecus nictitans* L.). Weißnen, (*n.*) *v. tr. provinc.* for Weigen. Weiß..., *in comp.* -nidelerg, *n.* *Minor.* arsenical nickel, white arsenical nickel; -papp, *m.* *Manuf.* discharging acid (-beige); -pappel, *f.* (great) white poplar, abele (*Populus alba* L.); -pfennig, *m.* silver penny; -pinzel, *m.* brush used in whitewashing; -ratz, *adj.* whitish red; -röse, *f.* *Bot.* white or Sicilian beet (*Beta vulgaris* var. *cicla* L.); -rüsterhol, *n.* the young wood of the elm-tree (*opp.* Rothrüsterhol); -Rustlaub, *n.* *Geogr.* White Russia; -schelg, *adj.* white-speckled, white-checkered; -schimmel, *m.* white horse; -schneißig, *adj.* white-billed, white-beaked; -schwan, *m.* *Ornith.* white-ear, white-tail, fallow-anch (*Sasica cinnamomea* L.); -selben, *adj.* of white silk; *Min-s.* -schelst, *m.* blanching-copper; -steden, *i. v. tr.* to blanch, whiten (pins, &c.); *II. s. (adv.)* *n.* the blanching (of coins, plates, &c.), whitening of pins, &c.; -schelosen, *m.* kiln for drying the planchets; -schet, *m.* *Ornith.* middle spotted wood-pecker (*Picus medius*

L.); -schelstanger, *n.* *Min.* gray (oxide of) antimony; -schummig, *adj.* white-stemmed; -stein, *m.* *Min.* white-stone (a species of granite); -strig, *adj.* white-browed; -stus, *m.* *Nas.* white stucco; -sub, *m.* 1) see -feden, *II.*; 2) a solution of tin for whitening pins; -substet, *m.* see -schelstet; -taner, *f.* *Bot.* silver-fir (tree), Norway spruce (*Abies pectinata* D.C.); *Chem-s.* -vitriol, *m.* white vitriol, sulphate of zinc; -wall, *m.* *Zool.* white whale (*Dolphinapterus leucas* Pall.); -wasser, *n.* Goulard's extract, a solution of subacetate of lead; -wein, *m.* white wine; -weilig, *adj.* white-wooled; -wur, *f.* *Bot.* Solomon's seal (*Conwallaria polygona* L.); -zug, *n.* (white) linen; -zenghänder, *m.* linen-draper; -zinn, *n.* white tin; -zünner, *n.* *Min.* tungsten. Weist, *I. adv.* 1) far, far off, a great way, at a distance; distant remote; 2) wide, large, spacious, ample; 3) wide, comprehensive; *ein w-er Weg*, a long way; *ein w-er Abstand*, Unterchied, a great contrast, difference; *ein w-er Kamm*, a broad-toothed comb; *w-er Kleider*, wide or loose garments; *ein w-er Gewissen*, a large conscience; *w-er Harmonie*, *Nas.* see Zerstürrte Harmonie; sehr - und einander, at a considerable distance from each other; drei Stunden -, three hours distant; es ist zehn Meilen -, it is ten miles off; -entfernt, far off, at a great distance; -von hier, far from hence, a great way off; das Theater ist fünf Minuten - (von hier), the theatre is within five minutes' walk (from here); ich habe nicht - von hier, I have but a little way home; -weg, far away or off; -und weit, far and wide, far and near; die Thürnen waren mit nicht -, I was near crying; -in Jahren sein, to be far gone in years; wie - würden Sie gehen (im Weist)? to what extent would you go? -, thus far; (in) so -, as far as, see Imofer; -besser, far better; ich habe es - lieber, I like it much more; -einfacher, much more simple; -entfernt, daß ..., *fg.* far from ..., &c. see Entfernung; -geheißt! you are entirely mistaken; far from the mark! *cf.* Geheiß; -über-treffen, to surpass by far; -lieber haben, to like much better; bei w-em, by far, bei w-em nicht so schlecht, not nearly as bad (as), nothing near so bad; diese Häuser sehen bei w-em nicht so reinlich aus, als ..., these houses do not look nearly so clean as ...; bei der w-em größte Arbeit des Werkes, the far largest part of the work; der Parasit ist bei w-em das beste Beispiel, welches Bieard je geschrieben hat, the Parasite is much the best comedy that Bieard ever wrote; -her, from afar; nicht - her, coll. of no great consequence or importance; little worth, coll. no great shakes; -gehen, -reiden, to go a great way; -gehen, *fg.* to go great lengths; zu -gehen, to go too far, to overshoot one's self; ich würde nicht so - gehen, zu behaupten, daß es eine -aussehende Partie wäre, I would not go the length of saying that the match was far from its consummation; es -bringen, 1. to get on in the world; 2. or -kommen, to advance far, to make great progress; Ernst Schmidt war im Englischen -gekommen, Ernst Schmidt was a great proficient in the English language; es ist -mit ihm gekommen, he is far gone; so -ist es mit mir gekommen, I am come to that (pass); mit der Wahrheit kommt man am w-esten, truth is the best policy; die Sache steht noch in w-em Felde, the thing is as yet far (or a long way) off; das W-e, distance; coll-s. das W-e suchen, to roam abroad; to go away, to abscond, escape; Paulinens Empfindlichkeit ging ins W-e, Paulina's sensitiveness was extreme; das geht ins Weite, that's going too far.

II. s. (adv.) *n.* *Mar.* breadth (of a beam). Weist..., *in comp.* -aussehend, *adj.* vast (project); remote (hope); -berühmt, *adj.* far-famed; -blühig, *adj.* *Bot.* wide-flowered. Weiste, (*n.*) *f.* 1) distance, remoteness; 2) wideness, largeness, spaciousness; 3) width, extent, amplitude (*Asp.* of a star); 4) length; 5) T. span, chord (of an arch); 6) *Gunn.* range (of a shot); -des Weisthums, bore of a gun; 7) *Min.* hollow, cavity; *fg-s.* in die -spielen, to protract; in die -schen, to be far-sighted. expand. Weisten, (*n.*) *v. tr. intr.* & *refl.* to widen. Weiten..., *in comp.* T-s. -cirfel, *m.* circle of amplitude; -messer, *m.* apomacometer; -messung, *f.* apomacometry, art of measuring remote objects. Weiter, *adj.* & *adv.* (*compar.* of Weist) 1) farther, further, more distant; 2) (-fort) on, forward; 3) else; 4) additional; -bringen, to further; -gehen, 1. to go or move on, to proceed, to continue; 2) to go beyond ...; die Goldaten lauten nicht - (marfchiren &c.), the soldiers were not able to proceed; -gehe ich nicht, that's my limit or stint; -kommen, to get on, proceed; -machen, to widen; -singen, to continue to sing; -berfolgen, to pursue; nicht -wissen, to become restive; es muß -sein, it must be more; -I go on! proceed! -nichts or nichts -, nothing further, nothing else, nothing more, nothing particular; nichts - (haben or berühren) not another word about it! let that pass! -nichts (wollte ich sagen), that's all; was (ist's) -? what does it signify? what then? coll. what's the odds? und so -, and so forth or on, et cetera; es ist -Ricmand da, there is no other person present; ohne w-en Bericht, without further advice; w-e Kräfte, further expenses; bis auf W-es, until further notice, advice, or orders; ohne W-es, without (further) hesitation or ceremony, coll. without much ado; without minding the matter; ohne W-es fist heute, without anything further today; das W-e wird sich finden, 1. the rest will come of itself; 2. time will show; W-es vorbehalten, reserving further details. Weister..., *in comp.* -Beförderung, *f.* see Beförderung, 1; -Befund, *m.* continuance; -bildung, *f.* development; -führung, *f.* 1) continuation, extension (of a railway); 2) see -Befund; -kommen, *n.* progress, getting on. Weitem, (*n.*) *v. tr.* see Weiten. Weiten..., *in comp.* -reise, *f.* journey onwards, progress; -schreiber, *m.* despatcher; -sendung, *f.* the act of sending on, forwarding, transmission of goods. Weiterung, (*n.*) *f.* additional and unnecessary proceeding, length, difficulty, *cf.* Weitaufgeit. Weiter..., *in comp.* -berückfegung, *f.* disposal to another party; -berladen, to reshhip, tranship. Weist..., *in comp.* -greifend, *adj.* extensive (effect); sweeping (measure); -hergehoft, *adj.* far-fetched; -hin, *adv.* far off or away, to a great distance; farther on (of time); onward (in a book); eine -hin-schallende Stimme, a far-sounding voice; -läufig, *adj.* 1) wide-barrelled; 2) a) wide, roomy, large; b) scattered, widely spread, not dense (*Am.*: sparse); c) distant, not near, not close; straggling (hand-writing); 3) *fg.* diffuse, discursive; prolix, circumstantial, detailed; dilatory (forms of justice); -läufigkeit, *f.* 1) wideness, &c.; 2) a) diffuseness, prolixity; b) intricacy, perplexity; difficulty; -läufigkeiten machen, 1. to stand upon ceremonies, to be punctilious; 2) to be attended with a great many intricacies or complications; -müß, (*pl.* -müßer) *m.* *Conch.* a species of purple-shell (*Purpura patula* L.); -füßig, *adj.* wide-columned;

—läufige Gebäude, diastyle; —[sch]tig, *adj.* 1) large, distant (of layers or strata); 2) or —[sch]tig, *adj.* prolix, long-winded, tedious; digressive; —[sch]tig, *n.* *Mar.* smack; —[sch]wel[ig]keit, *f.* prolixity, verbosity, tediousness; digressiveness; —[sch]tig, *adj.* far-sighted; *fig.* far-piercing; —[sch]tig, *f.* far-sightedness; —[sch]tig, *adj.* wide-tracked; —[sch]tig, *n.* *Archit.* transom of a window; —[sch]tig, *n.* *Archit.* room under a staircase, &c.

Belung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a) a widening, &c. (*Erweiterung*); b) a wide space, expanse; width; c) distance; 2) *Archit.* room under a staircase, &c.

Beit..., *in comp.* —verbreitet, *p. a.* spread, prevalent; —beizweit, *p. a.* widely extended or spread.

Beizen, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* wheat (*Triticum vulgare* L.); der stiftliche —, Indian corn, maize (*Zea mays* L.); der englische —, cone-wheat; wilder —, upright sea-lymegrass; mein, dein u. — bist, *fig.* I am, you are, &c. in luck's way.

Beizen..., *in comp.* —ader, *n.* wheat-field; —ähre, *f.* ear of wheat, wheat-ear; —bau, *m.* culture or growing of wheat; —bier, *n.* wheaten-beer; —boden, *m.* wheat-ground, soil for wheat; —brei, *m.* wheat-(flour) boiled in milk, frumenty; —erbst, *m.* wheaten harvest; —ernte, *f.* wheat-harvest, wheat-crop; —essig, *m.* vinegar obtained from wheat; —feld, *n.* wheat-field; —garbe, *f.* wheat-sheaf; —graupe, *f.* pooled or hulled wheat; —grits, *m.* grits of wheat; —heile, *f.* wheat-bran; —harpet, *m.* *Anal.* *carpusculum triticeum*; —teru, *n.* wheat-grain; —laub, *n.* wheat-land; —malz, *n.* wheat-malt; —mehl, *n.* wheaten flour; —reich, *adj.* rich in wheat; —seut, *f.* young wheat; —strot, *m.* bruised wheat; —stich, *n.* wheat-sieve; —stett, *m.* see Dinfel-(weizen); —streu, *f.* chaff of wheat; —stürze, *f.* wheat-starch; —strob, *n.* wheaten straw; —tuppe, *f.* see —bri.

Beizer, **Beize**, **Beizes**, *pron.* I. *relat.* who, that, which; II. *inter.* which? what? III. *indef.* some, any; derjenige —, he that; die, welche, such as; — von den beiden Brüdern? which of the two brothers? welche (welche) Entschuldigung! what an excuse! es sei — (welche, welche) es wolle, who-so-ever, what-so-ever, whichever it be; er bat um Wasser; ich weißte, daß wir welches finden konnten, he asked for water; I doubted of our being able to find any; wir fanden welches, we found some.

Beizergesalt, *conj.* how, in what manner, by what means.

Beizeret, *adj.* *indef.* of what kind.

Beiz, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* & *n.* († &) *, whelp (the young of a lion or other large animal), cub.

Beize, (*w.*) *m.* *Germ. Hist.* Guelph, Guelph. **Beizen**, (*Jean Paul* [according to Sanders]) for **Beizen**.

Beizer, see **Beizer**.

Beiz, *adj.* 1) a) withered, faded, decayed; b) laby, *cf.* *Eschaff*, 1; c) *fig.* languid, dull, insipid; —es Obst, dry or wrinkled fruit, fruits dried up. — **Beizbär**, *adj.* liable to wither, &c. — **Beizboden**, *m.* drying-floor. — **Beize**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Prov.* drying-loft; 2) *provinc.* white mullein. — **Beizen**, (*w.*) *v. i.* *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to wither, fade, decay, dry (weil werden); II. *tr.* to cause to fade or wither; to dry up (weil machen).

Beiz..., *in comp.* —malz, *n.* malt dried on a moderately heated floor; —ofen, *m.* oven for drying fruits.

Beiz..., *in comp.* —banf, *f.* 1) *Mech.* bed of an arbour, spindle-block; 2) *Pott.* stool (of a potter's wheel), lathe-bench; 3) pivot of a

water-mill-wheel; —baum, *m.* *Mech.* shaft, axle (of a water-wheel, &c.); tree or beam (of a windlass, &c.).

Beizgen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Beize**, 1) wavelet, ripple.

Beizbaumen, (*str.*) *m.* *Mech.* cog of an arbour.

Beize, (*w.*) *f.* 1) wave, billow, surge; *, water; 2) *T.* barrel; axle-(tree); *Mech.* (revolving) shaft; — des Struerrades, *Mar.* barrel of the wheel; 3) bundle of brushwood, *Dik.* fascine, fagot; 4) *Archit.* (am Gefimse) *cyma reversa*; 5) *Glas.* (auf dem Glase) cord, pl. (im Glase) strim, threads, veins; *W-n* schlagen, to rise in waves; to undulate.

Beizen, (*w.*) *v. i.* & *tr.* 1) to cause to boil, to seethe (Wällen); 2) *Iron-w.* to weld; 3) *Mech.* to provide with a barrel; 4) see **Beizbaumen**, 1; II. *intr.* to undulate, see **Wellen**.

Beizen..., *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* wave-like, undulating, undulatory; —bad, *n.* bathing in the waves; —band, *n.* fagot band or wither; —bewegung, *f.* undulating or undulatory motion, undulation; —binde, *m.* fagot-binder; —brecher, *m.* *Hydr.* breakwater; —bruch, *m.* broken wave, breaker; —baumen, see **Beizbaumen**; —fürmig, *adj.* undulatory, undulating, undulate(d), waving; wavy, *Herold.* ondee; —fürmige Linie, *f.* see —linie; sich —fürmig bewegen, to undulate; —fuß, *m.* see **Beizbaumen**; —gebirge, *n.* *, billows as high as mountains.

Beizenhaft, *adj.* see **Wellenartig**.

Beizen..., *in comp.* —holz, *n.* brushwood; —saum, *m.* crest or ridge of a wave; —lehre, *f.* see —theorie; —linie, *f.* spiral line, winding curve.

Beizenlos, *adj.* waveless.

Beizen..., *in comp.* —mühen, *n.* *Myth.* Undine, Naiad; —meer, *n.* billowy sea; —ring, *m.* ferrule of an axle-pivot; —schlag, *m.* succession of waves, billowing, undulation; —schlagfigur, *f.* ripple-mark on sand; —schwede, *f.* *Conch.* volute (Röllschnecke); —schnitt, *m.* *Herold.* division of a shield by a spiral line; —schuß, *m.* see **Bogenschuß**; —stein, *m.* undulated stone; —thol, *m.* trough or hollow (of the waves); —theorie, *f.* *Phys.* undulatory or wave-theory (of light); —tritt, *m.* *Mech.* beam; —wert, *m.* *T.* spindles of the valve-lavens.

Beizer, (*str.*) *m.* *Pott.*, &c. roll (of clay); *in comp.* —arbeit, *f.* work consisting of loam and straw, mud-work; —decke, *f.* ceiling of mud-work or of clay mixed with straw; —mauer, —wand, *f.* loam-wall, mud-wall.

Beizer, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to form, plaster, or build with loam and straw; to make mud-walls. — **Beizerstode**, (*str.*) *pl.* *W-stöcke* *m.* lath for mud-plastering.

Beiz..., *in comp.* —fleisch, *n.* *Cook.* sausage-meat; —grund, *m.* *Mar.* shifting ground; —horn, *n.* *Conch.* common whelk (*Buccinum undatum* L.).

Beizig, *adj.* undulating; wavy.

Beizling, (*str.*) *n.* *Mar.* wale of equal breadth.

Beiz..., *in comp.* —baum, *m.* the tappers or wipers of a break-wheel; —rad, *n.* *Mech.* wheel and axle; —ring, *m.* *Mech.* axle-tree; —sand, *m.* quick-sand, drifting sand; —schfen, *m.* arbour, pivot, pin of a shaft or axle. [*sh* (*Silurus glanis* L.).

Beiz, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* (gemeiner) sheath-

Beizsch, *adj.* see **Wälzsch**.

Beizschelle, (*w.*) *f.* round-off file.

Beiz, (*w.*) *f.* 1) world; universe; 2) earth; 3) people, men; 4) manners, good breeding; beide *W-n*, both hemispheres; aus der — räumen or schaffen, in die andere — schicken, to send out of the world; to get quite rid of; auf die (zur) — kommen, to come into the

world, to be born; zur — bringen, to bring forth; ein Kind zur — fördern or bringen, to give birth to a child; so geht's in der —, so goes the world; alle —, all the world; every body; die feine —, fine people, people of fashion, &c. *Fein*; die schöne —, the fair sex; in der großen — leben, to live in high society; in die — hinein leben, to live extravagantly; Gott und der — dienen, to serve God and mammon; — haben, 1. to know the world; 2. to have good breeding; was wird die (b)se — dazu sagen? and what will Mrs. Grundy say? in die (weite) — gehen or schiden, to launch into the world; coll-s. in aller — nicht, by no means; daß geht mich in aller — nichts an, I have no earthly concern with it; mer, was, wann u. in aller —, whoever, whatever, whenever, &c.; alle —! good gracious! um Alles in der —, in all good; um Alles in der — nicht, not for (all) the world.

Beiz..., *in comp.* —achse, *f.* axis of the world; —all, *m.* universe; —alter, *n.* 1) age of the world; 2) age, period; —anbahnung, —anblick, *f.* contemplation of the world, theory of life; —apfel, *m.* see **Reichsapfel**; —art, *f.* see —brauch; —auge, *n.* 1) *Min.* hydrophane; 2) *fig.* sun; God; —ausstellung, *f.* universal exhibition; —ball, *m.* see —hugel, 1; —bam, *m.* 1) mechanism, fabric, structure, or system of the world; 2) world; —begebenheit, *f.* occurrence in the system of the universe; historical event; —beherrscher, *m.* ruler of the world; —bekannt, *adj.* notorious, known all over the world, world-known; —berühmt, *adj.* far-famed; —berühmtheit, *f.* universal celebrity; —beschreiber, *m.* cosmographer; —beschreibung, *f.* description of the world or universe, cosmography; —besieger, *m.* conqueror of the world; —bildung, *f.* 1) formation of the world; 2) good breeding; knowledge of the world; —brauch, *m.* consagrations of the universe; —brauch, *m.* use or custom of the world; —büchse, *f.* stage of the world; —bürger, *m.* cosmopolite, citizen of the world; —bürgerlich, *adj.* cosmopolitical; —bürger-schaft, *f.* —bürgerstamm, *m.* —bürgerstamm, *n.* cosmopolitism; —cirkel, *m.* sphere of heaven (*Himmelskreis*); —dame, *f.* woman of the world; lady moving in high society; —denkmal, *n.* perpetual monument; —denker, *m.* worldling; —ehre, *f.* worldly glory; —eitelkeit, *f.* earthly vanity, worldly vanity.

Beizblüte, (*w.*) *f.* (*v.* *Strachwitz*, Germania) blossom of the world; *Derblut* du der —, (thou) apple of Creation's eye (*Bas-kerv.*).

[most boundary of the universe.

Beizkne, (*irr.*) *n.* end of the world; ut **Beizen**... (*from* **Beiz**...), *in comp.* —er-bauer, —schöpfer, *m.* creator of the universe, God; —geist, *m.* mundane soul or spirit; —geet, *n.* host of worlds or stars; —geet, *m.* Lord of the universe; —himmel, *m.* vault of heaven; —könig, *m.* king of the world; —meer, *n.* —raum, *m.* mundane space; —richt-ter, *m.* judge of the world; —rund, *n.* (*Kin-dol*, Menschlichkeit, &c.) the round expanse of the world (universe).

Beiz..., *in comp.* —entstehung, *f.* formation of the universe; —entstehungstheorie, *f.* science or theory of the formation of the world, cosmogony.

Beizstahr, (*w.*) *f.* the system of the universe (compared with a clock).

Beiz..., *in comp.* —erzigniß, *n.* event influencing the whole world; —erzigniß, *n.* pl. mundane affairs; —erfahren, *adj.* practised in the world; —erfahrung, *f.* experience of the world; —erhaltung, *adj.* world-sustaining; —erhaltung, *f.* preservation of the world; —erleuchtung, *m.* enlightener of the world; —erleuchtung, *f.* 1) *, illumination of the world; 2) enlightened state of the human mind;

—**erlöser**, *adj.* world-redeming; —**erobrer**, *n.* conqueror of the world; —**erobrerung**, *f.* conquest of the world; —**erschaffer**, *n.* Creator; —**esfel**, *f.* sun; —**feind**, *n.* hater of the world; —**freffer**, *n. conf.* insatiable conqueror; —**freuden**, *f. pl.* mundane pleasures; —**freund**, *m.* 1) cosmopolite; 2) worldling; —**gang**, *m.* 1) course of the world; 2) world-wandering; —**ganze**, *n.* universe, system of the world; —**gebäude**, *n.* fabric or system of the world; —**gebieter**, *m.* ruler of the world; —**gebrauch**, *m.* practice or usage of the world; —**gegenb.**, *f.* region, part, quarter, or cardinal point of the world; —**geist**, *m.* 1) spirit of the universe, *c.f.* —**sele**; 2) worldly spirit; 3) *Alch.* Archæus; —**geistlich**, *adj.* secular; —**geistliche**, *m.* secular clergyman, secular; —**geistlichkeit**, *f.* secular clergy; —**geyränge**, *n.* pomp of this world; —**geyricht**, *adj.* lauded by the world; —**geräusch**, *n.* noise, bustle, tumult of the world; the noisy haunts of men; —**gericht**, *n.* 1) the world's judgment; 2) final doom, last judgment; —**geschichte**, *f.* the world's history; universal history; —**geschöpf**, *n.* mortal creature; —**geſch.**, *mundane* or universal law; —**geſt.**, *adj.* worldly-minded; —**getimmel**, —**gemüſel**, *n.* bustle of worldly affairs; throng of the world; —**glück**, *n.* earthly, temporal, or transitory happiness; —**gürtel**, *m. zone*; —**gut**, *n.* see **Erdenbürger**; —**hänſel**, *m.* commerce extended over the whole earth; —**hänſel**, *m. pl.* worldly affairs, historical events; —**heiland**, *m.* Saviour of the world; —**herrſchaft**, *f.* empire or domination of the world; —**herrſcher**, *m.* ruler of the world; —**jahr**, *n.* the great or Platonic year; —**karte**, *f.* map of the world; —**kenntniß**, *f.* knowledge of the world; er hat keine —**kenntniß**, he is ignorant of the ways of the world; —**kind**, *n.* worldling, worldly person; —**king**, *adj.* worldly wise, politic, prudent, cunning; —**klugheit**, *f.* worldly wisdom, prudence, cunning; —**körper**, *m.* globe, sphere, heavenly body; —**kreis**, *m.* orb or circle of the world; —**krön.**, *f.* 1) terrestrial or celestial globe; 2) orb (emblem of royalty); —**kron.**, *f.* 1) knowledge of the world; 2) cosmology; —**kundig**, *adj.* 1) knowing the ways of the world; 2) notorious, public; —**lage**, *f.* situation of the world; —**lauf**, *m.* course of the world; —**leben**, *n.* public life; worldly life; —**leſte**, *f.* cosmology; —**leute**, *pl.* people of the world, worldly-minded people; people who mix in the world.

Weltlich, *I. adj.* 1) worldly, mundane; 2) temporal, civil, lay, secular; *m-c* **Welter**, lay property, temporalities; *m-c* **Welterſchaft** des Papſtes, temporal dominion of the pope; —**maſchen**, *to* secularise; to improprieate; —**geſinn.**, *worldly-minded*; —**maſchung**, *f.* secularisation, improprieation; II. **Weltlich**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) worldliness; 2) secularity, laity; 3) temporality.

Weltlicht, (*str.*, *pl.* **W-er**) *n.* sun; *Ag.* luminary.

Weltling, (*str.*) *m.* worldling, worldly **Welt**..., *in comp.* —**luſt**, *f.* mundane (or sensual) pleasure; —**mann**, *m.* 1) man of the world; 2) man mixing in high society; 3) worldling; —**markt**, *m.* emporium; —**meer**, *n.* ocean, main sea; —**menſch**, *m.* worldling; —**meſſer**, *m.* *Astr.* cosmolabe, pantocosm; —**muſik**, *f.* music or harmony of the spheres, sphere-music; —**ordnung**, *f.* system of the world; the invariable laws of nature; die ſittliche —**ordnung**, the moral constitution of things; —**ort**, *m.* *Astr.* cardinal point of the world; —**plan**, *m.* plan of the world; —**pol**, *m.* pole of the world; —**priſter**, *m.* secular priest; —**raum**, *m.* see **Weltraum**; —**regier.**, *m.* governor of the world; —**regierung**, *f.* government of the world; —**reich**, *n.* empire extended over a great part of the world;

—**richter**, *m.* judge of the world; —**ranb**, *n.* our globe; —**ſache**, *f.* worldly affair; —**ſchen**, *adj.* recluse, solitary; —**ſchöpfer**, *m.* Creator; —**ſchöpfung**, *f.* creation; —**ſeile**, *f.* mundane soul; —**ſinn**, *m.* worldliness, worldly mind or disposition; —**ſitte**, *f.* manners of the world; —**ſohn**, *m. Ag.* man; —**ſorge**, *f.* mundane care; —**ſtrich**, *m.* region of the earth or globe, climate; —**ſtrom**, *m.* 1) mundane stream; 2) or —**ſtrudel**, *m.* throng of this world; —**ſturm**, *m.* dreadful event; —**ſucht**, *f.* worldliness; —**ſüchtig**, *adj.* worldly; —**ſyſtem**, *n.* system of the world; —**tafel**, *f.* see —**lart**; —**teſel**, *m.* part of the world or globe; —**ten**, *m.* politeness, good breeding; —**tragenb.**, *adj.* sustaining or bearing the globe; —**umgang**, *m.* intercourse with the world; —**umgürter**, *m.* Neptune; —**umſegler**, *m.* circumnavigator of the globe; —**umſeglung**, *f.* circumnavigation of the globe; —**umſpannend**, *adj.* world-wide; —**umwälzung**, *f.* revolution of the globe; —**untergang**, *m.* end of the world; —**urteil**, *n.* opinion of the world; —**vater**, *m.* God; —**verbeſſerter**, *m.* improver of the world; —**verkehr**, *m.* intercourse with the world; —**veſt**, *n.* conf. worldlings; —**weiſe**, *I. adj.* worldly-wise; II. *m.* philosopher; —**weiſheit**, *f.* philosophy; —**werbung**, *f.* cosmogony; —**wiſſenſchaft**, *f.* cosmology; —**witz**, *m.* see —**flügheit**; —**wunder**, *n.* wonder of the world; —**zerſtörung**, *f.* destruction of the world; —**zirfel**, *see* —**cirfel**.

A. Wen'de, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) turning, *see* **Wenden**; turn; 2) epoch, era, period; —**der Sonnen**, solstice.

B. Wen'de, (*w.*) *m.* Wend, one of an ancient Slavic tribe, remnants of which still inhabit Luſatia.

Wen'de ... (*from Wenden*), *in comp.* —**cirfel**, *m.* see —**kreis**; —**eiſen**, *n.* 1) *Mar.* whip-staff; 2) *T.* tap-wrench; *Ag-s.* —**ſchirt**, *f.* second tilth; —**ſurde**, *f.* second furrow; —**graben**, *m.* *Vint.* furrow or ditch 2 feet deep (for laying provinces); —**haken**, *m.* 1) *T.* crane-hook; lifting-hook; 2) *Ag.* swing-plough; —**hals**, *m.* 1) see —**ſlange**; 1; 2) *Ornith.* wry-neck (*Lynx torquella* L.); —**höhle**, *f.* *T.* (ciner **Edicula**) hollow quoin, gate-hole, gate-chamber (*T. Tusch*); *Phys.* & *Astr-s.* —**kreis**, *m.* tropic; der —**kreis** des Krebses, tropic of cancer; der —**kreis** des Steinbocks, tropic of capricorn.

Wen'del, (*str.*) *m.* see **Wendehals**.

Wen'del ... *in comp.* —**baum**, *m.* 1) draw-beam; 2) axle (-tree) of a wind-mill; 3) newel (of a winding staircase); —**beer**, *f.* *provinc.* black currant; —**boden**, *m.* mud-floor, floor of loam and straw; —**böhrer**, *m.* wimble; —**gang**, *m.* turning vault; —**gewölbe**, *n.* turning-vault; —**ſchneſe**, *f.* see —**treppe**; 2; —**ſteig**, —**ſteig**, *m.* winding and ascending path; —**ſtein**, *m.* upper or running mill-stone; —**ſtufe**, *f.* *Archit.* winder; —**ſtüge**, *f.* *Bot.* columella; —**trepp.**, *f.* 1) or —**ſtege**, *f.* *Archit.* winding-stairs; höhle —**trepp.**, well-staircase; 2) *Conch.* staircase shell, ventile-trap, royal staircase (*Scaloria* Lam.).

Wen'den, (*w. & irr.*) *v. I. tr. & in tr.* 1) *a)* to turn; *to* turn over; *b)* to change, alter; 2) to direct to, to apply to; to bestow upon; to lay out upon, to spend upon; *ein Kleid* —, to turn a dress; *den Braten* —, to turn the spit; *ein Schiff* —, to veer a ship, to tack about; *Einem den Rücken* —, to turn one's back to or on one; *ſein Auge von Jemand* —, to keep one's eyes steadfastly fixed upon a person; II. *refl.* 1) to turn; *Mit* to face (about); *die Sachen können ſich* —, matters may take a turn (for the better or for the worse); *das Blatt hat ſich gewendet*, the tables are turned; 2) to apply, turn, to make application, (bringen) to appeal (an

Einem um ..., to one for ...), to address one's self (to a person); *ſich mit einer Bitte an Jemand* —, to address one with a request; *wegen Erlaubniß zum Eintritt möchte man ſich an ...*, application for admission may be made to ...; *ſich mit Vertrauen an Jemand* —, to throw one's self upon one; III. *das* —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* 1) the (act of) turning, *see*; 2) *Ag.* twifallowing.

Wen'd(e) ... (*from Wenden*), *in comp.* —**niſſe**, *f.* see —**höhle**; —**plug**, *m.* 1) common plough; 2) see —**haken**; 2; —**punct**, *m.* 1) turning-point (also *ſag.* crisis); 2) solstitial point; verge, pole. (*den*; 2) see **Wendehals**.

Wen'der, (*str.*) *m.* 1) turner, *see* **Wend**. **Wen'd(e)** ... (*from Wenden*), *in comp.* —**ring**, *m.* see —**haken**; 1; —**rohr**, *n.* *T.* movable tube; —**ſäule**, *f.* *T. Hydr.* (ciner **Edicula**) quoin-post, heel-post; —**ſchatten**, *n.* shade of relief; —**ſchneſel**, *f.* winnowing -shovel; —**ſchneſel**, *m.* see **ſchneſel**; *Gloss.* —**ſpindel**, *f.* smoothing-stick for the seams; —**ſtange**, *f.* 1) *T.* turning-bar; 2) *Mar.* whipstaff; —**ſted**, *m.* stretcher, glovestick; —**weiß**, *f.* *Woc.* clearer; —**ſcher**, *pl.* *Ornith.* plantain-tars (*Macropodius*); —**ſchiff**, *m.* see —**cirfel**.

A. Wen'dlich, *adj.* coll. having the quality of turning, *see*; inclinatory (*c.f.* **Wendichſch**); —**werden**, *T.* (of wood) to warp (*ſich werden*).

B. Wen'dlich, *adj.* Wendlich (*c.f.* **Wende B.**).

Wen'dung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) a turning, turn; 2) *a)* *Mil.* a facing, turning about; *b)* *Mar.* tack, veering; 3) *a)* version (of a story, *see*); *b)* *Pol.* catastrophe; *ſprachliche* —, phrase; *ciner* **entſcheidende** —, crisis; **W-ſpunct**, *m.* *Math.* point of contrary flexure, point of inflection.

Wen'ig, *adj. & adv.* little, few; *ciner* —**Brot**, a little bread; —**Leute**, few people; *nicht* —, not a little; *zu* —**bereden**, to undercharge; *zu* —**geſch.**, *begehrt*, underdone, under-paid; *da* ist *ciner* **ſchilling** *zu* —, there is one shilling short; *vierzig w-er* *ciner*, forty save one; *dier weniger* *ciner* ist (*gleich*) *brei*, four less one is equal to three; *w-er* *als* 5 **ſchm.**, less than or inside 5 pounds; *in w-er* *als* *ciner* **Woche**, within a week; 3 **ſchyr** *w-er* *jein* **Tage**, three years all but ten days; *nicht w-er* *als* ... not less than or as much (many) as ...; *nicht w-er* *als* ... any thing but ...; *zu w-er* —, least; *zum w-er* —, at (the) least.

Wen'igſt, (*w.*) *f.* 1) small quantity, small number; smallness, littleness; pittance; 2) fewness, paucity; insignificance; *meint* —, my own little self.

Wen'igſtens, *adv.* at least, at the least; *coll.* speaking below the mark.

Wen'igſterhand, *m.* (*decl. like adj.*) lowest contractor.

Wen'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* see **Wenden**, 2.

Wen'n, *I. adv.* when, see **Wann**; II. *conj.* 1) if; 2) when, whenever; 3) when, as soon as; *mir grauet*, — *ich* *blos* *daran* *denke*, I shudder but to think of it; — *dir* *bein* *Leben* *lieb* ist, (if *ob*, *as*) you value your life; *wie* *er* *als* —, as if, as though; — *aber*, but if; — *etwas*, if perhaps, if peradventure; — *jemals*, if ever; — *nur*, — *andern*, provided that; so (that); — *gleich*, — *auch*, — *ſchon*, (what) though; — *nicht*, if not, unless, except, but that, but for ...; *angenehm* — *auch* *ſchmerz*, interesting, even though (or if) gloomy; *du mußt* *es* *thun*, — *auch* *nur* *um* *zu* *erfahren* ... you are obliged to do it if it is only to know ...; *ſelbſt* —, even though; *Wen'igſt* *liebe* *ich* *ſich*, — *ciner* *nicht* *ich* *ſchärft* *ist*, I like few things sweet but what are likewise pungent; (*ſchon*) — *man* *ſich* *ſicht*, ſollte *man* *glauben*, *daß* ... (but) to see him one should believe that ...; — *das* *Wort* *Wen'n* *nicht* *wäre*, *coll.* if ifs and ans were pots and pans; *ohne* — *und* *ſter*, without ifs and ans; — *Ein* *etwas* *ohnmächtig* *wird*, in the event or in case of one fainting.

Wen'se, (*n.*) *f. provinc. wen.*
Wen'sel, (*m.*) 1) Wenceslas (*P.N.*); 2) *cont.* knave; 3) *Gem.* (at cards) pawn, knave; 4) *see* Kaufmangel; 5) *provinc. a)* a barber; *b)* the name of several birds, *f. i.* the black-cap, &c.

A. + W'er, *m. see* Wehr.
B. W'er, *provinc. I. interrog.* who? II. *demonstr.* & *relat.* 1) who; 2) he who; (— nur, — auch) whoever, whosoever; III. *indef. provinc.* somebody; — da? who is or goes there? — von Ihnen hat es geſehen? which of you has done it? — mit Euch ſegte! (*Schiller*, *M. Stuart*) happy he who could travel with you (ye foot clouds)!

W'er(e)... *in comp.* —bureau, *n.* enlisting or recruiting office; —caſſe, *f.* money chest of a recruiting party; —gelb, *m.* 1) money destined for the recruiting-service; 2) *see* Sauggelb; 3) —haus, *n.* recruiting-house; —kreis, *m.* canton or district taken by a recruiting-party; —liſte, *f.* list of recruits.

W'erben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to obtain, gain; *Collocat.* —, to levy, raise, list or enlist, recruit soldiers; mit Gewalt —, to press; mit List or Gewalt —, to crimp; Einen zu etwas —, to gain one over; etwas an Einen —, to see for something of a person; II. *intr.* 1) to make efforts (um, for obtaining), to petition, sue, apply (for), to put in (for); 2) to woo, to pay one's addresses (to), to offer (for); für einen W'ndern —, to demand in marriage for another; 3) to recruit, raise soldiers; 4) *a)* to trade, to carry on business; *b)* to accumulate interest.

W'er(e)... *in comp.* —officier, *m.* recruiting-officer; —platz, *m.* recruiting-place.

W'erber, (*str.*) *m.* recruiting-sergeant (*W'er's* officer), recruiting-officer.

W'erberf, (*w. f.*) the (act or practice of) enlisting, &c., *see* W'erben.

W'er(e)... *in comp.* —schein, *m.* certificate of enlistment; —trommel, *f.* drum for beating up recruits; —unterofficier, *m.* recruiting-sergeant.

W'er'ling, (*str.*) *m.* (*l. u.*) recruit.

W'er'lam, (*adj.*) industrious.

W'er'bung, (*w. f.*) 1) *id.* the (act or business of) raising new soldiers, recruiting; 2) a courting, wooing.

W'er, (*str.*) *m. see* Werber.

W'erben, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to become, grow, turn; to be, prove; 2) to be created or produced, to enter into existence; 3) to happen, occur, to be coming; Gott (pred.) es werde Licht, God said: let there be light; es wird Krieg —, there will be war; es wurde Lärm, a noise arose; W'rt, Dichter &c. —, to turn physician, poet, &c.; Kaufmann —, to become a merchant; er will Kaufmann —, he intends to be a merchant; Doctor —, to take the degree of a doctor; W'nde —, to grow into fashion; ſie wird doch eine gute W'rtin —, she will prove a good housewife at last; was ſoll damit —? what is to be done with it? was wird aus mir —? what will become of me? aus Kindern — Leute, children grow to be men; aus Pflanzen — Bäume, plants become trees; es wurde nichts daraus, it came to nothing, it proved abortive; es ſann nichts daraus —, nothing can come of it, that cannot come to anything; daraus wird nichts, it cannot be done or allowed; daraus wird nichts Gutes, that will never come to good; ich will ſie behalten, mag es ſeyn was es wolle und daraus — was da wolle, I will keep them at all costs and through all changes; was wurde aus der Sache? how did the matter turn out? aus Dir wird nichts, you are good for nothing; aus nichts wird nichts, of nothing, nothing comes; zu ... —, to turn into or to ...; zu Öl —, to turn to oil;

zu W'nde —, to turn to mould; zur W'itwe —, to become a widow; zum Sprichworte —, to pass into or become a proverb, to grow or pass into a proverb, to become proverbial; ich werde bei dieſer Arbeit zum reichen Manne —, I shall become rich by this labour; zu nichts —, to come to nought; den W'irmern zur Beute —, to fall a prey to the worms; andern Sinnes —, to change one's mind; anders —, to change, alter, turn; blaß —, to turn pale; ſauert —, to turn sour; Nürge —, to grow short; ſein Haar wird grau, his hair turns grey; meineſt iſt ſchon lange grau geworden, mine has turned (grey) long ago; arm, reich, dick, dünn, buntſch, lahm, eiferſüchtig, ſtolz, ungebildig, kindlich &c. —, to grow (*coll.* to get) poor, rich, stout, thin, dark, lame, jealous, proud, impatient, childish, &c.; allmählich (*W'nde* &c.) —, to grow to be (the fashion &c.), *cf.* allmählich; wieder geſund —, to get well again, to recover; groß —, to grow tall, to grow up, &c. *cf.* Groß; der Knabe wird gut, the boy bids fair; betrunken —, to get drunk; fertig —, to get ready; krank —, to be taken ill, to fall sick; lahm —, to become or grow lame; toll, wahnſinnig —, to grow or go mad, to run mad or distracted.

II. *intr. impers.* (*aux. sein*) 1) (zu Theil —) to fall to one's share or lot; was wird mir beſt? what am I to receive (or have) for it; das Ihrige wird Ihnen —, you will come by (or get) your own; das wurde mir zum Lohn, or dieſer Lohn wurde mir, that was my reward; Ihr Werthes dem ... iſt mir geworden, your favour of ... has come to hand; ihm iſt dieſe Aufgabe geworden, this mission is assigned to him; geworden iſt ihm eine Felderſchele (*Schiller*), he is possessed by a commanding spirit (*Coleridge*); 2) es wird mir ſüß, I feel ill; es wird mir wohl, I begin to feel well (or to recover); wird's bald (—)? 1. will it soon take place? 2. are not you ready yet? wie wird es? how is it to be? what is resolved on? wie wurde es dann weiter? what followed? what came next? nur Bluth, es wird ſchon wieder werden *coll.* never say die, things will mend again!

III. *tr. in connection with certain adjectives:* etwas (*Acc.*) gewahrt or inne —, to become aware of, to perceive; eine Sache (*Acc.*) or einer Sache (*Gem.*) los —, to get rid of; eine Sache gewohnt —, to get accustomed to a thing.

IV. *aux. verb for the future tense* (shall, will) and for the passive verb (to be); ich werde lieben, I shall love; wird ſie mich immer lieben? will she always love me? wir werden — reden, we speak and shall continue to speak; der Brief wird wohl unrecht gegangen ſein, the letter has miscarried, I dare say; Sie — vielleicht nicht wiſſen, you are perhaps not aware; ich werde von ihr geliebt, I am loved by her; es iſt mir geſagt worden, I have been told; es wurden ihm drei Pferde unter dem Reide geſchickt, he had three horses killed under him; Barricaden wurden eben gebaut, barricades were in course of construction; einige ſind fertig, an others wird noch gearbeitet, some are finished already, and a number of others are in preparation; es wurden und — Seelen beſeſt, souls have been and are being converted; es wird dort nichts eß geſſen und getrunken, there is nothing but eating and drinking going on there; es wurde viel geſacht und geſchert, there was much laughing and joking; werdend, *pp.* in embryo, embryo ...

W'erben, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* the (state of) becoming or growing, the coming into existence; genesis (as opposed to being, Sein); im —, in progress, in embryo.

W'erder, (*str.*) *m.* small river-island or

neck of land planted with trees, ait (*W'er*). **W'erf**, (*str.*) *n. & m.* bank, wharf, quay, mole (*W'erft*).

W'erf... *in comp. see* Wurf..., *in comp.*

W'er'fen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. & intr.* 1) to throw, cast, sling (nach, at); to bowl (at nine pins); 2) *see* W'erſeln; 3) (of animals) to produce young, to bring forth, to whelp, litter; ein Kalb —, to calve; Einen mit Steinen —, to throw stones at one; die Treppe hinunter —, to kick down stairs; ſich Jemandem zu Füßen —, to cast or to throw one's self at a man's feet; ſich auf (*with Acc.*) —, 1. to fall or pounce upon (one, &c.); 2. *fig.* to devote one's self zealously (ardently) to ...; die Krankheit wirft ſich auf's Herz, *Med.* the disease flies to the heart; auf's Papier —, to put to paper, to note down; alle Schuld auf Jemand —, to lay all the blame upon or to a person; vom Pferde —, to unhorse; ſich auf's Pferd —, to sling one's self on one's horse; ſich auf ein Studium —, to pursue a study with zeal; durch or unter einander —, to jumble together; den Kopf, die Nase in die Höhe —, to toss one's head, to turn up one's nose; ſich in die Kleider —, to hurry on one's clothes; mit Schimpfſprüchen um ſich —, to spatter out or utter abusive language; mit franzöſiſchen Broden um ſich —, to lard one's discourse with French phrases; von der Kugel —, *see* Aufſchießen; 3) das Spiel —, *Gam.* to throw up the game; einen Kaufmann —, to ruin a merchant; Wellen —, to cast up waves; den Schügen —, *Wapp.* to pick or drive the shuttle; Strahlen —, to dart (forth) beams; das Loos —, to cast lots; das Loos iſt geworden, the die is cast; Güter über Bord —, to cast or throw goods over board; geworden (*Wap.*, *Mar. & Comm.* jelson (jelson); II. *refl.* to warp, to be distorted; to shrink, cast, bend (said of wood, &c.); die Mauer wirft ſich, the wall bunches or bulks out, bulges.

W'er'fer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) thrower, &c.; 2) *Sport.* a kind of bloodhound; 3) *see* Fämmel.

W'erft, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Mar.-s. a)* wharf (*pl. Engl.* wharfs, *Am.* wharves), dock, dock-yard; *b)* *see* Stapel, 2; 3) or *W.-e*, (*w. f.*) *Wapp.* warp; 3) *Agr. fry*; 4) (*or* —weibe, *f.*) *Bot.* 1) Smith's willow (*Salix Smithiana* W.); 2) gray willow (*Salix cinerea* L.); *in comp.* —bruch, *m.* T. rent or flaw in cloth (arising from torn threads, that have not been tied again); —bock, *n.* dry-dock; *W.-engerſt*, *m.* *W.-enſänge*, *f.* T. frame on which the sized warp is dried; —gelb, *n.* wharfage.

W'er'fung, (*str.*) *n. see* Wurfmaſchine, 1.

W'erg (*W'er'g*), (*str.*) *n.* 1) tow, *Mar.* oakum; getteries —, black oakum; ungetteries —, white oakum; 2) *Bot.* *acc.* matted filaments; *in comp.* —artig, *Bot.* stupose; —garn, *n.* tow-yarn; —linnen, *n.* a kind of coarse linen, tow-linen, tow-cloth; —linne, *f.* quick-match.

W'er'gelb, (*str.*, *pl. W.-er*) *n.* *Germ. Archaeol.* (from *W'er*, *A.*) fine or maled (imposed) for homicide, werewgeld, werewgild.

W'er'gen, *adj.* made of tow, tow ...

W'er'gig, (*adj.*) towy (wool).

W'er, (*str.*) *n.* 1) work; action, deed; 2) workmanship, performance; 3) fabric, building; 4) fortification, work; 5) Watch-m. clock-work, movement (*W'erwerk*); 6) *for* Gewirk; 7) *see* W'erſel; 8) *Glass-w. frit*; 9) *Wapp.* mounting; 10) *Paper-m. stoff*; 11) *see* Fämmelwerk; das lebendige —, *Mar.* quick works; das große —, the philosopher's stone; ein — der Liebe, a charitable deed; ein chriſtliches — vorhaben, to purpose taking the sacrament; in's — ſetzen, ſtellen, richten, to perform, effect; to bring about; to put in execution, to execute; to set on foot; im *W.-e*, on foot; on the anvil; was iſt im *W.-e*? what is in the wind? zum *W.-e* ſchreiten, an das — gehen, to go or set to work; zmedmäßig zu *W.-e* gehen, to pursue a judi-

clous course; mit Jemand ehrlich zu W-e gehen,
to deal honestly by (with) one; viel W-(s) von
or aus etwas machen, coll. to make much of
or great fuss about a thing, cf. Wesen, ad fin.
Werk in comp. -werk / working-

Wert..., in comp. — **Wert**, *v.* working-bench or table, shop-board; — **Wertstift**, *n.* Chem. laboratory (of a reverberating furnace); — **Wiese**, *f.* Entom. working-bee; — **Wiel**, *n.* 1) **Metal**. a) workable lead, raw lead; b) lead used in separating silver; 2) *Vin.* leaden plate; — **Wert**, *n.* cutting-board; — **Wülste**, *f.* — **Wüttel**, *m.* Paper-m. vat, tub. [little work.]

Wert *then*, (*str.* *n.* (dimin. of **Wert**) a **Wert**..., in comp. — **Wissen**, *n.* 1) **Farr.** butters, butteries, instrument for paring a horse's hoof; 2) *see* — **Wetter**, *f.*

Werken, (w.) v. intr. (aux. sein) (L. w.)
to work.

Wert..., *in comp.* —führer, *m.* see —meister; —fuß, *m.* (Draß) foot; —geräth, *m.* (working-) tools; —gold, *n.* jeweller's gold; —hammer, *m.* hand-hammer; —haus, *n.* work-house; *Theol.-s.* —heilig, *adj.* virtuous in works or deeds (*particul.* from an affectation of sanctity); hypocritical; —heilige, *m.* one who seeks justification by works, sanctimonious person; hypocrite; —heiligsteit, *f.* 1) (—gerechtigkeit, *f.*) justification by works (by the works of law); 2) sanctimoniousness; hypocrisy; —holz, *n.* carpenter's yard; —holz, *n.* timber; —knauf, *f.* mechanics, mechanic art; —künstler, *m.* mechanician; —leben, *m.* work-shop; —leder, *n.* T. sheep-skin for binding; —leute, *pl.* workmen. [Wirtsch.]

Werflich, *adj.* + *for* **Sünstlich**, **Boffierlich**, &
Werflich, (*str.*, *pl.* **W-föcher**) *n.* 1) *Nech.*
man-hole (in a steam-boller); 2) *Glasz-w.*
round hole or mouth in a working furnace,
booca. [in good actions.]

Berf (*ber*), *adj.* destitute of works, deficient
Berf ..., *in comp.* —mann, *m.* workman,
labourer; —meister, *m.* workmaster, fore-
man; master-builder, master-mason; —
meister, *m.* 1) T. paring-knife, cutting-knife; 2)
see eisen, 1; —ofen, *m.* Glass-w. working fur-
nace; —pfleger, *m.* Min. shareholder; —probe,
f. Found. specimen of the metal; —rüttel, *f.*
T. measuring rod or pole; —sag, *m.* work-
ing-hall; —tag, *m.* 1) *Archit.* a raising of the
centre; *Carp.* framing of the carcass; 2) car-
cass-plot of a roof; 3) shell, skelet (of a
building); —schädel, *m.* Pot. vessel filled with
water for wetting the hands at working; —
schuh, *m.* foot (considered as a measure); —
seide, *f.* *see* Floret (seide); —silber, *n.* 1) silver
extracted from lead-ore; 2) silver for bullion;
3) jeweller's silver; 4) *see* Bruchsilber; —sohle,
f. T. lead-walking; —statt, —stätte, —stelle, *f.*
workshop; workhouse; laboratory; studio;
tauger ber —statt arbeiten, to work without
having license; —stein, *m.* pl. *Mas.* quar-
rystones; —steilg, *adj.* put into effect, executed;
—stellig machen, to effectuate; perform; —stube,
f. working-room; —stüd, *n.* brown stone, square
stone, free-stone (Quader); —stuhl, *m.* 1) loom;
2) *Chand.* stage, frame; —tag, *m.* working-
day, work-day; —tiggelt, *adj.* (of a) work-day;
fig. every day, common-place; —tiggelt, *adj.*
operative, active, efficacious, practical; —
tiggeltelt, *f.* activity; execution, action, realisa-
tion; —tiggelt, *m.* working-table; —verkhündige;
m. 1) an able workman; 2) *see* Sadgerverkhündige;
—gang, *f.* goldbeater's pincers; —gang, *n.*
1) instrument, (working) tool, implement (of
trade); *Phys.* organ; sich von jemand zum —
zu gang (in gefährlichen Dingen) gebrauchen lassen,
to be or to make one's self the cat's paw of ...;
3) *collect.* instruments, &c.; —gangstufen, *m.,*
—arsnalführen, *n.* chest of tools.

Bēr'mūth, (*str.*) *m.* Bot. wormwood, absinthium (*Artemisia absinthium* L.); —*artig.*

adj. absinthian; —**bitter**, *n.* the bitter principle of absinthium or wormwood, absinthine; —**flure**, *f. Chem.* absinthian acid; —**wein**, *m.* absinthites, wine impregnated with wormwood.

Warp'pen, (w.) v. intr. Mar. to warp. —
Warp'troß, (str.) n. towing-line, warp.

Werre, (w.) f. *see* Maulwurfsgrille.
 Werzig, (str.) n. *see* Berg; —felde, f. *see*
 Werffelde.

Верст, (str.) *f.* verst, Russian mile.

Worth, *adj.* 1) worth; 2) (with *Acc.* or *Gen. gener. preceding*) worthy, deserving; 3) dear; tausend Thaler —, worth a thousand dollars; Ihr w-es Schreiben, your acceptable or valued letter, your favour; Ihre w-e Firma, your

respected firm; Ihre w-ten Aufträge, your orders; weniger —, less valuable, of less value; es ist nichts —, it is good for nothing; er ist nicht einen (or keinen) Schuß Pulver —, *fig.* he is not worth a rush; aller Ehren —, worthy of every respect; respectable; der Arbeiter ist seines Lohnes — (Lukas 10, 7), a labourer is worthy of his hire; der Heide —, worth mentioning; der Mühe —, worth the trouble, worth while; er ist es —, he deserves it; war sie es —? was she worth it? Ein Dienst ist des andern —, *proverb.* one good turn deserves another; — achten, schätzen, or halten, to esteem, to value, to prize, to make much of; Einen lieb und — halten, to love one dearly, to cherish.

W^{erth}, *s. (adv.) m.* 1) worth, value, estimation; 2) price, rate; *ben* — einer Sache bestimmen, *see* Eschgen, 1; *ohne* —, of no value; *groß* — *haben*, to be of great value; to have considerable merit; *wenig* — *haben*, to be of little value; *an* — (*Dat.*) verlieren, to sink or to be diminished in value, to become less valuable; (*einen großen*) — *auf* (*with Acc.*) legen or setzen, einer Sache (*Dat.*) einen großen — beilegen, to set a great value upon, to set store by, to attach value or importance to; *ben* — einer Sache herabsetzen, to depreciate anything; *der gleiche* —, equivalence; *von gleichem* —, equivalent, of the same value; *Gewinn* —, in *gleichem* —, at par; *der beständige* oder *unbeständige* —, certain or uncertain price; *der — eines Wechsels*, the value of a bill of exchange; *der — in Forderung*, value as per invoice; — in *Rechnung*, value in account; — in *Bearen*, value (received) in goods; — *erhalten*, value received (upon bills of exchange); — in *mir (uns)* selbst, to own order; value in account; — *per 1. März*, due per 1st March; — *bei Verlust*, value at maturity; *unter dem* — beim *Sal* angeben, to enter short; *unter dem* — verkaufen, to undersell.

Betry, ... in comp. -*anbeting*, *f.* see -*isbeting*; -*angabe*, *f.* declaration or statement of value, valuation; unter -*angabe* von £ 150, value £ 150; *falsche* -*angabe*, false declaration or misstatement of the value; mit *zu geringer* -*angabe*, undervalued; -*arm*, *adj.* of slight or small value; -*bestimmer*, *m.* valuer, appraiser; -*bestimmung*, *f.* valuation, appraisement; -*brief*, *m.* letter containing money or valuables.

See then, (v.) v. *to value, estimate,*
see Würdigen, 1.

Wärth'..., in comp. —**erth**, *m.* equivalent; —**geſchäßt**, *adj.* valued; —**gleichſett**, *f.* equivalence, equality of value. [voll.]

Wërth'haft, **Wërth'haftig**, *adj.* *see* **Wërth-**
Wërth'..., *in comp.* —**haltung**, *f.* *see* —
ſchätzung.

...*wertig*, *adj.* in comp. of (a certain) value, (*particul. Chem.*) ...valent; *gleich-*, of equal value, equivalent; *ein-*, *zwei-* etc., univalent, bivalent, &c.

Worth'less, *I. adj.* worthless, valueless, undeserving; — *und nutzlos*, waste and use-

less; II. Ed-figit, (w.) *f.* worthlessness.
want of merit.

Werts..., in comp. — **wärmer**, m. giver of a bill; — **papiere**, f. papers of value; **Drei ringelstein** — **papiere**, your securities; — **postis**, n. postage according to value (*opp.* postage by weight); — **regulator**, m. standard of value. **Wertscheften**, (u.) f. pl. valuables.

Bērtē [bārtēn, (w.) s. *fr.* to esteem highly, to regard. — **Bērtē** [bārtēn, (w.) *f.* esteem, regard.

Wörth'..., in comp. —*seper*, m. *sae* —*be-*
stimmer; —*stempel*, m. *ad valorem* stamp.

Wirkung, (w.) f. see Schöpfung.

Worthless, *adj.* valuable; interest —, of the highest order of merit.

Worth'..., in comp. —**weisen**, n. (money-) token, token of value; —**zell**, m. ad valorem duty.

SEY (eu, (str.) *n.* 1) being, existence; 2) material, substance, essence, nature, staple (of a thing, opp. **ESSEN**); 3) reality; 4) *a*) manner of being; *b*) condition, disposition, character; *c*) manner, behaviour, conduct, demeanour; 5) affairs; concerns, department, *particul.* in comp. as *f. f.* **Postseker**, **Striegseker** &c.; **des Unterrichts** — in England, the state of education in England; *6*) coll. bustle, noise, fuss, ado; 7) being, creature; 8) landed property; tenement; **des höchsten** —, the supreme Being; **des gemeinen** —, commonwealth; **vernehmen** —, airs of superiority; **sein Leben und** —, his ways and doings; **sein paradiesische** —, her reserved habits; **sein** — an einem Orte haben, to reside in a place; **er treibt sein altes** —, he is at his old work (again); **laß ihn sein** — haben or treiben, let him have free play; **coll.** — **des bösen** —, falling sickness, epilepsy; **viel ES-** machen, to make great fuss or much ado (von, about, of); **ohne viel ES-** zu machen, without much ceremony (*coll. ado.*), in a quiet way.

gleich, adj. consubstantial.

Wissenschaft, adj. see **Wesentlich**.

ESSENCE, (*essentia*, *n.*) *f.* 1) being, essence, nature, substance, matter; 2) essentiality, reality; 3) *Log.* entity.

Êt'eu ..., *in comp.* —*ette*, *f.* series of beings; —*lehre*, *f.* ontology; —*leiter*, *f.* *sg.* scale or rank of being (*Loc.*).

Ис'тиса, I. adj. 1) non-existent; unreal; 2) unsubstantial; shadowy; w-fes Schweigen (*Schiller*), dead silence; II. **Ис'тиса, (w.) f.** 1) non-existence; unreality; 2) unsubstantialness; shadowiness.

Einheits ... , in comp. — *einheit*, *f.* consubstantiality; — *verwandlung*, *f.* transubstantiation.

ESSENTIÄL, I. *adj.* essential (*also* *Nut.*, *Chem.*, *&c.*); virtual; vital, first, prime; real, substantial; intrinsic; *w-e* Punkt, main points (of an agreement); ohne *w-en* Theil, without positive advantage; unter *w-em* Einfluß, with material loss; *w-e* Theile, constituent or constitutive parts; II. *ES-Senz*, (*w.*) *f.* essentiality, reality. (*griech* L.).

Wes'pe, (w.) *f.* Entom. wasp (*Vespa vul-*
Wes'pen..., in comp. —art, —buzzer
—fall, m. honey-buzzard (Bienenfalk); —ertig,
adj. wasplish; —bein, n. Anal. sphenoid bone;
—fresser, m. see Bienenfresser; —nest, n. wasp-
nest; in ein —nest rühren, *fig.* to stir a wasp's
nest; —schwarm, m. flight of wasps; —stich,
m. sting of a wasp, wasp-bite.

Wessen, Wess, pron. interrog. & relat.
whose, see Wer, B.

Безъhalb', Безъпуген, *ads.* why, where-
fore, for what reason, upon what account.

West, (*str.*) m. west, west-wind; Mar. —
zum Norden, zum Süden, west one point to
the north, to the south.

West' ..., in comp. —africa, n. Geogr.

Western Africa; —afrikaner, m., —afrikanerin, f. Western African; —afien, n. Western Asia. (und Nordamerika häufiger.) west.

Wefte, (w.) f. waistcoat; (in Schottland) Wefte, (irr.) n. western extremity, West-End.

Wefte, L. s. (adv.) m. west, see West; nach, gegen —, to west, westward; II. adv. west. Wefte..., in comp. —fütter, n. waistcoat-lining; —knopf, m. waistcoat-button, breast-button; —kragen, m. waistcoat-collar; —kürde, n. pl. waistcoat-shapes; —tasche, f. waist-pocket; —zeug, m. waistcoat-stuff, vesting.

Wefter, I. adj. (N. G.) western, cf. West; II. in comp. —fütter, n. waistcoat-lining; —knopf, m. waistcoat-button, breast-button; —kragen, m. waistcoat-collar; —kürde, n. pl. waistcoat-shapes; —tasche, f. waist-pocket; —zeug, m. waistcoat-stuff, vesting.

Wefte..., in comp. —fütter, n. waistcoat-lining; —knopf, m. waistcoat-button, breast-button; —kragen, m. waistcoat-collar; —kürde, n. pl. waistcoat-shapes; —tasche, f. waist-pocket; —zeug, m. waistcoat-stuff, vesting.

Wefte..., in comp. —fütter, n. waistcoat-lining; —knopf, m. waistcoat-button, breast-button; —kragen, m. waistcoat-collar; —kürde, n. pl. waistcoat-shapes; —tasche, f. waist-pocket; —zeug, m. waistcoat-stuff, vesting.

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Wefte..., in comp. —fütter, n. waistcoat-lining; —knopf, m. waistcoat-button, breast-button; —kragen, m. waistcoat-collar; —kürde, n. pl. waistcoat-shapes; —tasche, f. waist-pocket; —zeug, m. waistcoat-stuff, vesting.

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one, I will lay odds; man kann 10 gegen 1 —, daß ..., the chances are ten to one that ...; ich will mit dir —, daß ..., I will bet or wager you that ...; was willst du —? what will you bet? what (odds) will you hold? name your wager; ich wollte Alles mit ihr —, I offered to lay her any wager; ich wollte meinen Kopf —, I would lay or stake my head; ich will mit dir um ein Glas Grog —, I will bet you a glass of grog. [Wetten], wagerer, better.

A. Wetter, (adv.) m. one who bets (cf. B. Wetter, (adv.) n. 1) weather; 2) storm, tempest; 3) Min. air, vapours, (böse) —choke-damp; (schlagen) —dry damp; noxious exhalations; 4) coll. tumult, row; schüßel —, fine or fair weather; vom —erschlagen, struck by lightning, thunder-struck; es ist nicht gut —bei ihm, coll. he is not in a good temper; coll. alle —I sounds! ihn sollen alle —I confusion seize him! Einem alle —auf den Hals wünsch, to curse one with might and main.

Wetter..., in comp. —ableiter, m. lightning conductor; —ableitung, f. the conducting off the electric fluid; —bach, m. *, torrent, bourn; —baum, m. thick cloud that spreads upwards like the branches of a tree; —beobachtung, f. meteorological observation; —bedeckung, adj. weather-proof (of tiles); —blecher, m., —blechschicht, f. Min. ventilator of a mine; —dach, n. shed, pent-house; —dächer, n. coping; —bedeckung, f. see —propheteiung; —dicht, adj. weather-proof; —diesel, f. stemless carline thistle (*Carlina aculeata* L.); —elms, f. province. sudden storm; —fahne, f., —fahnen, —fahnenlein, n. vane, weather-flag; —fang, m. Min. passage for ventilation, air-drift; —fest, adj. see —dicht; —fisch, m. Ichth. loach (*Cobitis fossilis* L.); —frosch, m. see Raubfrosch; —galle, f. tempestuous or stormy clouds (portending a storm), Mar. coll. brewing, ox-eye; —gebet, n. prayer against lightning; —geleit, n. see —läuten; —gewölle, n. *, storm-clouds, thunder-clouds; —glas, n. weather-glass, barometer; —glöde, f. storm-bell; —hahn, m. 1) (H. & Jg.) weathercock; 2) Jg. shuffler, trimmer, tempter; —haufen, m. Haud. a small conical heap of hay, cock; rich; —hänschen, n. a kind of hygrometer in form of a little house, weather-box; —hut, m. see —fang; —hütlein, n. pent-house; wind-screen; —junge, m. fam. devil of a boy; —kasten, m. Min. a kind of ventilator by means of which fresh air is let into a mine, air-trap; —keil, m. see Donnerkeil; —kerl, m. coll. thundering fellow; —kluft, f. Forest. frost-cleft in a tree; —kluftig, adv. cleft by frost; —kling, —klingig, adj. weather-wise; —kühlung, f. cooling of the air or temperature; —kürde, f. meteorology; —läute, f. coll. sickle humour, capriciousness; —läuten, f. adj. 1) influenced by the weather; 2) Jg. in a state of ill humour; irritable, peevish; capricious, fickle; —läuten, n. the ringing of bells during a tempest; —leiter, m. see —ableiter; —leitungsröhre, f. see —lotte; —leuchten, I. (w. & insup.) v. intr. impers. to lighten; II. n. lightning (in dry clouds), sheet-lightning, heat-lightning.

Wetterlich, adj. 1) relating to the weather; 2) see Wetterhaft; 3) coll. confounded, deroed.

Wetter..., in comp. —licht, n. Meteor. composit, St. Elmo's fire; —loch, n. coll. bad weather quarter; —lösung, f. Min. promotion of the circulation of the air in mines; —lotte, —lütte, f. Min. air-conduit, air-tube; —macher, m. raiser of tempests, sorcerer; —mündchen, n. T. anemoscope; —maßlein, f. Min. any machine used in mines to promote the circulation of the air, ventilating machine; —mäßig, adj. see Wetterlich, 3.

Wetterer, (w.) v. intr. 1) impers. to thunder; 2) coll. to swear, curse, anal. to storm.

Wetter..., in comp. —nacht, f. tempestuous night; —propheet, m. person that foretells the weather; —propheeteichung, f. prediction of the weather; —rad, n. Min. wheel for conveying fresh air into mines, tambour; —regen, m. tempest-rain; —reife, f. cleft in a roof; —rose, f. Bot. Venice mallow (*Hibiscus trionum* L.); —saß, —sager, m. see —läuten; —säule, f. water-spout; —schacht, m. Min. air-shaft; —schaden, m. damage done by the weather; —schleife, f. place or point (in the sky) where the thunder-clouds separate; —schein, m. see —leuchten, II.; —schettel, m. Archet. window-drip; —schen, I. adj. afraid of the weather; II. s. f. dread of the weather; —schleifen, n. firing at a tempest to disperse it; —schirm, m. screen, protection against the weather; —schlag, m. violent hail-storm, hail-stroke; damage by storm; —schwelle, f. quickness of the lightning-flash; —legen, m. prayer by which lightning is to be averted; —seite, f. weather-side; Mar. weather-board, weather-bow (of a ship); —stange, f. see —ableiter; —stein, m. Petr. belemnite; echinite; —stollen, m., —stred, f. Min. a shaft or horizontal channel in a mine for conveying fresh air from one shaft to another; —strahl, m. flash of lightning; —strich, m. direction of a storm; —strid, m. weather-rope, a piece of catgut in a hygrometer; —thür, f. Min. trap-door in the shafts of mines; —trübsal, adj. pregnant with storm; —trommel, f. (Bell.) drum-ventilator (—rad); —uhr, f. hygrometer.

Wetterung, (w.) f. province. (L. G.) draining-ditch (Zuggraben).

Wetter..., in comp. —vogel, m. Ornith. whimbrel (*Oenothera*); —wischel, m. 1) change of the weather or of the air; 2) Min., &c. ventilation, draught; —wischel, adj. coll. changeable (like the weather); mutable, fickle, inconstant; —wischeliger Mensch, see —hahn, 2; —wirbel, m. typhoon; —wölle, f. tempestuous cloud; —wurm, m. Crust. wood-louse (*Scaber*); —zeichen, m. prognostic of an imminent tempest; —zeiger, m. weather-index; —zette, f. province. green byssus (a kind of mould); —zug, m. see —lösung.

Wett..., in comp. —gehen, n. walking-match; —gehung, m. singing-match, song of emulation; —kampf, m. 1) see —streit; 2) prize-fight, pugilistic combat; —kämpfer, v. intr. to contend, strive for the prize (I. n.); —kämpfer, m. 1) antagonist, rival (I. n.); 2) prize-fighter, pugilist; —lauf, m. see —rennen, 1; —laufen, v. intr. to run for a wager; to run a match (mit, against); —läufer, m. one who runs a race; prize-runner; —plügen, n. ploughing-match; —pötte, f. Comm. wager or wagering-policy; —versicherung, f. wager-insurance; —rennen, n. 1) running-match, foot-race; 2) (horse-)race, running, gen. races; —rennen zu Wagen, chariot-race; —renner, m. race-horse, courier; —ritt, m. course, race on horse-back; —rübner, n. rowing-match, boat-race; —segen, n. sailing-match; —spiel, n. game for a match; —streit, m. contest, contention, emulation; —streiten, v. intr. see —kämpfen; —werben, v. intr. to compete (um, for); —werber, m. competitor.

Wet, (adv.) v. tr. to whet, sharpen; to rub; die Zähne an Einem —, to insult one.

Wet..., in comp. —franket, f. see Drehfranket; —schale, f. see —stein; —schleifer, m. whet (stone-blade); —stahl, m. table-steel, butcher's steel; —stein, m. whetstone, hone; —steinfrant, n. Bot. root-harrow; —wade, f. Min. micaceous, schistous argil.

Wet, (w.) f. Mar. spun-yarn winch or reel. (Mar. rattles of the shrouds.

Wetteden, Wettedingen, (w.) f. pl.

Widerspiel, (*str.*) *n.* contrary, counterpart, reverse; opposition, contradiction; Einem das — halten, to side against one, to act in a manner opposite to another, to oppose, counteract, contradict.

Widerspieler, (*w.*) *f.* see **Widerhalter**.

Widersprechen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to contradict, to gainsay, oppose; dem murde widersprochen, it was contradicted; sich (*Dat.*) —, to contradict each other; to be contradictory; sich (*Dat.*) selbst —, to talk inconsistently; w-d, *p. a.* contradictory, conflicting. — **Widersprecher**, (*str.*) *m.* contradictor, *Ac.* — **Widersprechlich**, *adj.* fond of contradicting. — **Widersprechlich**, *adj.* that may be contradicted (*Widerstreiter*).

Widerspruch, (*str.*, *pl.* *Widersprüche*) *m.* contradiction: 1) gainsaying, opposition; discordance; 2) inconsistency, discrepancy, contrariety; im — stehen (*mit*), to be opposed (*to*), to be discordant, at variance, or inconsistent (*with*), to be repugnant to; in geradem —, in direct opposition or diametrically opposed (*mit*, *to*); das steht feinen —, that is not to be contradicted or gainsaid; ohne —, see ohne **Widerrede**; **W-geist**, *m.* antagonist principle, spirit of contradiction. [*sition*].

Widerstand, (*str.*) *m.* resistance, opposition. **Widerstehen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) 1) to resist, oppose, withstand; 2) to be repugnant, to go against. — **Widerstehlich**, *adj.* resistible.

Widerstich, (*str.*, *pl.* *Widerstiche*) *m.* 1) counterhook; 2) *Bot.* sea-lavender, marsh-rosemary (*Statice limonium* L.); 3) white bottle, bladder-campion (*Silene inflata* L.).

Widerstrebend, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to strive, struggle against; to resist; es widerstrebt meinem Rechtsgesühl, it is opposed to or incongruous with (it jars upon) my sense of justice; das —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* opposition, resistance; reluctance; mit —, with reluctance, reluctantly; with a bad grace; ohne —, unreluctantly; with a good grace. — **Widerstrebend**, (*str.*) *m.* opposer. — **Widerstreblich**, *adj.* (*l. u.*) 1) (*Klopstock*) inclined to resist, opposing; 2) opposable, resistible.

Widerstreit, (*str.*) *m.* contradiction, opposition, antagonism, conflict.

Widerstreiten, (*str.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*with Dat.*) to oppose; to militate (against); to clash; w-d, *p. a.* militating, antagonistic, conflicting, adverse. — **Widerstreiter**, (*str.*) *m.* opposer; contradictor.

Widerstrom, (*str.*, *pl.* *Widerströme*) *m.* counter-current; eddy, whirlpool; *Mar.* stop-water.

Widerstütze, (*w.*) *f.* buttress, shore. — **Widerstützen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shore.

Widertheil, (*str.*) *m.* **Widerpart** A, 1.

Widertheil, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* 1) common maiden-hair, spleenwort (*Asplenium trichomanes* L.); 2) the common polytrichum, golden maiden-hair (*Polytrichum commune* L.).

Widertheilig, *l. adj.* 1) contrary, adverse; 2) repugnant, repulsive; perverse, cross, untoward, odious, *cf.* **Widrig**; II. **W-heit**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) adversity, disappointment, reverse of fortune, cross accident, untoward event, vexation; *pl.* disagreeables, annoyances; 2) repulsiveness.

Widerwille, (*irr.*) *m.* averseness, aversion, backwardness, dislike, reluctance, abhorrence; disgust; displeasure, grudge, ill-will. — **Widerwillig**, *adj.* reluctant, cross-grained, loath.

Widerwind, (*str.*) *m.* contrary wind.

Widerwelt, (*w.*) *f.* *Mar.* change of the tide.

Widewall, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* witwall (*Witell*).

Widmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dedicate; 2) to devote; id werde der Sache alle Sorgfalt —,

this affair will meet my utmost care; einem Dinge Aufmerksamkeit —, to devote attention to or bestow attention upon a thing. — **Widmer**, (*str.*) *m.* dedicator. — **Widmung**, (*w.*) *f.* dedication; **Widmungen**, *n.* dedicatory epistle; **Widmungs**, *f.* dedication.

Widrig, *adj.* 1) contrary, adverse; cross; 2) disgusting, offensive, repugnant, repulsive, loathsome, nauseous; odious; w-e Winde, adverse winds; der Wind ist uns —, the wind is ahead of us; — gefunt, adversely, unfavorably disposed.

Widrigkeit, **Widrigens**, *adv.* in the contrary case, upon the failure of which; otherwise; *Law.* in default whereof.

Widrigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) contrariety, adversity; 2) disgustfulness, offensiveness, repugnance, repulsiveness, odiousness, *Ac.*

Wie, *l. adv.* as, like (*cf.* **Als**, **B**); — ein Wie, as a giant; — ein Rasender, like a madman; es sieht sich — Wolle an, it feels like wool; sein Körper war — vom Alter gebeugt, his body was bent as if with age; — auch, as also; er — auch Kinder, he as well as others; — auch ich glaube, I believe myself; es ist mir nicht — lassen, I am in no laughing mood or humour; wenn ich — Sie wäre, if I were you, as if I were in your case or place; er ist — ein Kind, he is quite a baby; II. *conj.* 1) how; — ? (wenn man den Redenden nicht verstanden hat): Sir? Madam? what did you say? — nennen Sie diese Maschine? what do you call this machine? — habt ihr das Kind genannt? what have you called the baby? — geht es Ihnen? how do you do? — verstehen Sie das? how do you take or comprehend that? what do you mean by that? — schön, gut, gelehrte auch, however beautiful, good, learned, *Ac.*; — er sich auch nennen mag, whatever he may call himself; — dem auch sein möge, be that as it may; — sehr er auch geliebt ist, much as he is loved; — chynigig er auch war, ambitious as he was; ich weiß nicht — ich es machen soll, I do not know how to do it; — hat er so gesagt? what, has he said so? — (aber) wenn ich mich verheißte, suppose or what if I diagnose myself; 2) as; — du mir, so ich dir, *proverb.* tit for tat; — ich sehe, as I see; nicht die geringste Hilfe — etwa eine kleine Pension ist, not the slightest help in the shape of a small pension or so; 3) when, as; — er fort war, when he was gone; — ich da so lag, as I was sitting there.

Wiebel, (*str.*) *m.* weevil (*Kornwurm*).

Wiebeln, (*w.*) *v. l. intr.* *coll.* to crowd, swarm; II. *tr.* to darn.

Wiebe, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* 1) see **Weide**, A; 2) twig used for a band, witho.

Wiebeschupf, (*str.*) *m.* *Ornith.* hoopoe, hoop-dung-bird (*Upupa epops* L.).

Wiebel, (*str.*) *m.* see **Wiel**, 1.

Wieber, *adv.* 1) again, anew, afresh, once more; gern stehen mit — zu Diensten, we will readily return your service or reciprocate; sie betrogen sich — so, they repeated the same conduct; *in comp. re(-), f. s.* — auffrigen, to re(-)ascend; — aufschlagen, to reorganize; — erziehen, to repurchase (at public sales); — herausgeben, to re(-)publish; — (ver)schließen, to relose, *Ac.*; 2) in return; 3) back; es ist — ein Jahr vorbei, another year has passed; sich — erhalten, — zu sich (selbst) kommen, to recover one's self; — gesund werden, to recover, to get well again; — gut machen, to redress; — ins Leben, Andenken bringen, to revive; um — auf unfruchtliche Erde (unser Vorhaben) zu kommen, to return to the purpose, to resume the matter; Einem — etwas zu Gefallen thun, to return one's favours; reden wir nicht — davon, don't let us talk any more about it; hin und —, 1. to and fro; 2. here and there; now and then.

Wieberabdruck, (*str.*) *m.* reimpression, reprint. [*republish*].

Wieberabdrucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to reprint, **Wieberabdrücken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to retake, recapture.

Wieberabtreten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to retrocede.

Wieberabtretung, (*w.*) *f.* retrocession. — **Wieberanfangen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to re-kindle; die **Wieberanfangung** der classischen Literatur im 15. und 16. Jahrhundert (*J. Grimm*, *WB*. *Vorr.* IV.), the revival of classical learning in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries.

Wieberanfangen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recommence, begin anew, resume.

Wieberanfangen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to recommence. [*(an acquaintance, Ac.)*].

Wieberanfangen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to renew **Wieberaufnahme**, (*w.*) *f.* re-assumption.

Wieberanfangen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to revive (a question, *Ac.*). [*(one's journey, Ac.)*].

Wieberanfangen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to resume **Wieberanfangen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rekindle.

Wieberaufbauen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rebuild, reconstruct.

Wieberaufblühen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to flourish anew, to revive; das —, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* revival (der Gelehrsamkeit, of learning).

Wieberaufblühen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to find again, recover. — **Wieberaufhebung**, (*w.*) *f.* recovery. [*sein*] to recover.

Wieberaufkommen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* **Wieberaufleben**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to revive, *cf.* **Wieberaufblühen**.

Wieberaufleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to redissolve.

Wieberaufnehmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take up again, resume (a discourse); to reproduce (an idea, *Ac.*). — **Wieberaufnahme**, (*w.*) *f.* resumption, *Ac.*; revival (of a lawsuit).

Wieberaufnehmen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to raise again; sich —, to rise again; *Comm.* to regain one's footing, to recover one's credit.

Wieberaufreiben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *Sport.* to recover (a hare, *Ac.*).

Wieberaufwachen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*). **Wieberaufwachen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reawaken, revive, resuscitate.

Wieberaufwachen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to break out again or anew.

Wieberaufwachen, (*w.*) *f.* re-exportation; — artikel, *m.* *pl.* re-exports. [*exhumer*].

Wieberaufwachen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to disinter, **Wieberaufwachen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reconcile. — **Wieberaufwachen**, (*w.*) *f.* reconciliation.

Wieberaufwachen, (*w.*) *f.* rehabilitation.

Wieberbegleiten, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to recommit. — **Wieberbegleitung**, (*w.*) *f.* recommitment.

Wieberbegleitung, (*w.*) *f.* reconversion.

Wieberbegleiten, **Wieberbegleiten**, (*decl.* *like adj.*) *m.* *Law.* defendant in reconviction.

Wieberbekommen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recover.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reanimate, to revivify, to resuscitate, restore, refresh.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *f.* revivification, revival. [*assure*], to re-compose.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to re-**Wieberbekommen**, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to re-soften, to reappease.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to recommit, accuse in return.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reoccupy.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to recollect one's self.

Wieberbekommen, (*str.*) *m.* repossession.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to repeople.

Wieberbekommen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to repay, reimburse. — **Wieberbekommen**, (*w.*) *f.* repayment, reimbursement.

Wieberbringen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to bring back, retrieve, restore. — **Wieberbringen**, *adj.* retrievable, restorable. — **Wieberbringen**, (*w.*) *f.* restoration.

Wieberkleuen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to render a service in return, to serve in return.

Wieberbrud, (*str.*) *m.* reimpression; *Typ.* reiteration.

Wieberbringen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to make up (for deficiencies, &c.); to repair, retrieve; 2) *Surg.* to set, reduce (a broken member).

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* re-importation; —*artikel*, *m. pl.* re-imports. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to re-import; 2) to re-introduce.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* return; *rajder* —, early return (of money).

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* redelivery.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* re-imprisonment.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to re-admit.

— **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* re-admission.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* to redeem.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* redemption; *W.-recht*, *m. Law*, right of redeeming or re-entering.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* recapture.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to retake, recapture; 2) to resume one's seat.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) to re-arrange; to reorganise; 2) *see* **Wieberbringe**.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) re-arrangement; reorganisation; 2) *Surg.* reposition (of a bone). [*absorb.*]

Wieberbringe, (*w.* & *str.*) *v. tr.* to re-embark.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* & *ref.* to re-embark. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* re-embarkation.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to replace, re-establish, to re-instate, restore.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* re-installation, restoration, rehabilitation; *replevin*.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* re-seizure.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recover; to retrieve. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recovery.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to remind; II. *ref.* to recall, recollect. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recollection.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recognise.

— **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recognition.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to regain, recover; *er erlangte das Kind wieder*, the child was restored to him. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recovery.

Wieberbringe, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to re-appoint.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reconquer, to conquer back. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recapture, recovery.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recreate.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to re-appear; *ein Wort* — *lassen*, to republish a work.

Wieberbringe, **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to return, restore (what has been lost or taken); to refund, reimburse. — **Wieberbringe**, **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* return, restitution, redemption, reimbursement, repayment. [*repurchase* (at public sales).]

Wieberbringe, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to buy in.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to re-awaken, resuscitate.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to re-select.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to re-election.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to resuscitate.

— **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* resuscitation.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reproduce.

— **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* reproduction; *W.-kraft*, *f.* power of reproduction, reproductive power. [*the same track.*]

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* *Sport.* return by **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recapture, retake.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to find again, to recover; *er hat sich wiedergefunden*, *fig.* he

is himself again. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recovery. [*return* (of birds of passage).]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m. Sport.* 1) reddition; redelivery; return, restitution; 2) a rendering, translation. [*return.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m. Sport.* 1) reddition; redelivery; return, restitution; 2) a rendering, translation. [*return.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* (*lit.* one who walks again) ghost, spectre.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to regenerate; to renew, revive.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to give or render back, to return, restore; 2) to render (a word, &c. into a different language), to translate. [*rate.*]

Wieberbringe, *p. a.* born anew; regenerate.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* regeneration, *Theol.* new birth.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) 1) to get back (*nach*, *to*); 2) to be restored (*zu*, *to*).

Wieberbringe, *see* **Widergelt**.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to recover from illness; *w-b*, *pp. a.* convalescent. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* recovery, convalescence.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to regain; to retrieve; to reclaim. [*fleeted splendour.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* splendence, return.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to return a salute, to bow in return.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to repair; to retrieve; to make amends for; 2) *fam.* to reconcile.

Wieberbringe, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) *fam.* 1) to heal; 2) to become good friends again.

Wieberbringe, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the having or obtaining again, re-possession; in *der Freude des W-b*, rejoiced at being again re-united.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* echo, re-echoing; re-percussion or reverberation of sound; resonance. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* & *str.* to resound, re-echo, reverberate. [*recover.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recover.

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Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* repurchase, redemption; *W.-offte*, *f.* suit or action of redemption; *W.-recht*, *n.* right of redemption. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to repurchase; **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* repurchaser; *Law*, redeemer; **Wieberbringe**, *adj.* redeemable.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* 1) return; recurrence; 2) *Archit., Geom., &c.* return; — *eines Daches*, valley of a roof; *ohne* — *verlusten*, irretrievably lost; — *zweig*, *m.* *Anal.* twig of the vague nerve. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to return; to recur, (immer —) to be of (constant) recurrence; *der immer w-b* Gegenstand, *fig.* staple (of conversation, &c.).

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* *Law*, counter-plea, reconvention. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to bring a reconvention. — **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *m.* plaintiff in the cross or in reconvention. [*resonance.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* echo, **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to resound, re-echo, *cf.* **Widerhallen**.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.* *sein*) to come back, to return. [*to re-obtain.*]

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* to get back, **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* returning, return.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to revive, to revivify, to resuscitate. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *f.* revivification, resuscitation.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Widerbringe**.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* recapture (of a prize), *rescuer*. — **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to retake; *rescuer*, *recapture*. — **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *m.* recaptor of a prize, rescuer.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to re-arrange.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tell or communicate again, repeat.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* echo, resounding; *die Echte vom* —, *catacoustics*. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to resound, re-echo, echo, reverberate.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* reflexion or reverberation of the light.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to return a bidding or hard language.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to send back; 2) to send again, anew, or repeatedly.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to return insulting words or foul language.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* stroke in return, return-blow.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to strike or beat again, to return a blow.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **W-b**.

Wieberbringe, *I.* (*str.*) *v. tr.* to see, behold, or meet again; *II. s.* (*str.*) *n.* the seeing or meeting again; *auf* — *! till we meet again!*

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to replace; *II. ref.* to sit down again; *Mil.* to rally.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* *Sport.* a doubling. [*shock.*]

Wieberbringe, (*str.*, *pl.* *W.-bringe*) *m.* counter-**Wieberbringe**, (*irr.*) *m.* reflected or reverberated ray. — **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reflect, *see* **Zurückstrahlen**.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Widerbringe**.

Wieberbringe, *see* **Widerbringe**.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rebaptise. — **Wieberbringe**, (*str.*) *m.* anabaptist; *die Echte* —, anabaptism. [*repeat.*]

Wieberbringe, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to do again, to **Wieberbringe**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to resound, *cf.* **Widerbringe**.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to rejoin.

Wieberbringe, (*str.*) *m.* repeated step.

Wieberbringe, *adv.* again, anew, afresh; in one's turn.

Wieberbringe, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to re(-)unite.

Wilde, welches auf der -bahn geht, the third horse (abreast); -bann, m. 1) right of fencing game in or out (of a certain district); 2) right of keeping others from hunting or shooting on certain fields; 3) see -bahn; 4) see Jagdberechtigung; -braten, m. see -pret; -brei, n. see -pret; -diebstahl, f., -diebstahl, m. deer-stealing, poaching; -dieb, m. deer-stealer; poacher, game-sneaker.

A. Wildbe, 1) m. & f. (decl. like adj.) savage; 2) ein W-b, slang, a) a student not being member of any corps; b) member of a legislative assembly unattached to any particular party. (nig); 2) see Etromschnele. 2.

B. Wildbe, (w.) f. 1) see Wildheit & Wildheit; (w.) f. see Wilder, 2. **Wildbeuer**, (str.) m. provinc. 1) inhabitant of a wilderness; 2) a) shooter; b) poacher. **Wildbeugen**, (w.) v. (str.) 1) to have the taste or smell of venison; 2) to smell or taste high. [poaching.]

Wilderei, (w.) f. the (act or practice of) **Wilderer**, (str.) m. provinc. see Wildsch. **Wildern**, (w.) v. l. (str.) 1) see Bernwildern, (str.); 2) see Wildern; 3) a) to follow the scent (said of dogs); b) provinc. to hunt game, to poach; II. tr. 1) see Bernwildern, (str.); 2) Getreide -n, Agr. to weed a corn-field. **Wilderniß**, (str.) f. (Götze, Faust, II.; unusual) wilderness (Wildniß).

Wilderschuß, (str.) m. Metak. wild steel. **Wild** ... (adj. & s.), in comp. -fang, m. 1) catching of deer; game caught; 2) a) a wild horse tamed; b) an unmanageable horse; 3) **Hort**. see Wildling, 1; 4) a) a wild youth, harebrained fellow; b) a wild, frolicsome girl, madcap, romp; -forst, m. forest in which game is preserved; -fraß, m. damage done by game or wild animals; -fremd, adj. coll. quite or utterly strange; entirely a stranger; unter -fremden Leuten, among utter strangers; -fuhrer, f. 1) conveyance of game; 2) walk or road for the game (-bahn, 1 & 2); -gans, f. wild goose; -garn, n. net for catching game; -garten, m. park; -gefühle, n. pl. revenges arising from game; -gehölz, n. precincts, district for hunting or shooting; preserve; -geruch, m. smell or scent of game; -geruch, see Wildsch (es Götze); -graben, m. dike or drain to carry off the superfluous water of a mill-lead; -graf, m. Wildgrave (title of some old families between the Rhine and the Mosel); -grube, f. pit-fall; -häger, m. **Bot.** wild oats (**Winkelhäger**); -haut, f. skin of a deer, deer-skin, *particul. pl. Comm.* American hides (gerühte, compact; gut ausgeglüht, well flayed; gestreute, roomy, stretched; **Nob. & Gr.**); -häuten, adj. of deer-skin.

Wildheit, (w.) f. 1) wildness; savageness; 2) fierceness, ferocity; 3) ruggedness.

Wild ... (adj. & s.), in comp. -hirt, -hüter, m. gamekeeper; -huhn, n. partridge (**Rebhuhn**); -kalb, m. **Sport.** deer-calf; -leber, n. deer-ekin.

Wildling, (str.) m. 1) wild-tree, wild-stock; 2) wild animal; 3) rude fellow, boor; 4) see -fang, 4.

Wild ... (adj. & s.), in comp. -meister, m. ranger; -meister, f. office and habitation of a ranger; -monat, m. (the month of) September.

Wildner, see Wildener. [deer. **Wildnig**, (str.) m. large net for catching **Wildniß**, (str.) f. (& n.) 1) wilderness; desert; wild; 2) a wild state (of unshackled freedom).

Wild ... (adj. & s.), in comp. -obst, n. wild fruit; -pret, n. game, deer, venison; -pretbraten, m. roasted venison; -pretgeschmack, m. taste of venison, game-flavour or relish; -pretgeste, f. venison patty; -rest,

n. hawk's or hound's reward; -reich, adj. abounding in game; -ruf, m. call of game; **Sport.** call; -schaden, m. damage caused by game; -schnele, f., -schuppen, m. shed in a forest, game-cover; -schreiber, m. clerk of the venery.

Wildschär, (w.) f. a fur-coat of wolf or bear-skins with the hair outside.

Wild ... (adj. & s.), in comp. -schuß, m. poacher, see -dieb; -schwein, n. wild boar; -sprössen, f. pl. **Sport.** antlers; -spur, f. track; -stall, m. 1) lodge or lair of deer; 2) stock of deer; -stunde, f. wild pigeon; -trage, f. hand-barrow for removing game; -vogel, m. see -hirt; -wäpfen, p. a. growing wild, natural; -wäpfer, m. see -hirt; -weg, m. see -bahn, 1; -wert, n. collect. game (of all kinds); -zaun, m. fence or enclosure in a park for game.

Wildge, (w.) f. provinc. white willow.

Wildhelm, m. 1) William (**P. N.**); 2) der schöne Götze -n, wohlthätender -n, proliferous pink, Sweet William (**Dianthus profler** L.).

Wildhelmine, f. Wilhelmina (**P. N.**).

Will, (str.) m. 1) will; volition; mind, design, purpose; wish, inclination; consent, leave, permission; order, direction; mit -n, willfully, on purpose, designedly; wider W-n, unwillingly, reluctantly; aus freiem oder gutem W-n, of one's own accord or free will; daß ist unser -n, that is our will, our pleasure; der letzte -n, last will; der gute -n, good intentions, honesty of intention; aus gutem W-n, with good intentions; W-n sein, to be willing, have a mind, to intend, design, purpose; nach Jemandes W-n gehen, to be done according to one's will; nach dem W-n Gottes, at the will of God; wenn es nach meinem W-n ginge, if I could have my wish, if I could have things my own way; es ging ihnen nach W-n, they had things their own way; wenn es nach unserm W-n gegangen wäre, if matters had gone as we wished; sehr gegen meinen W-n, much against my inclination; Einem zu W-n sein or leben, Eine W-n thun, to comply with one, to gratify one's wishes; to oblige or accommodate; um Jhnen zu W-n zu sein, to oblige you; Einem seinen W-n lassen, to let one have his way; man muß ihm zu W-n sein, he must be humoured; Einem nicht zu W-n sein, to disoblige or cross one; ohne mein Wissen und W-n, without my will and consent, without my knowledge or sanction; um ... W-n, for the sake, on account of; um Gottes W-n, for God's sake.

Willens, I. adj. having no will of one's own; moving or acting by the agency or at the will of another; **Ag.** weak; II. **W-**igkeit, (w.) f. absence of will, weakness of purpose.

Willens ... in comp. -äußerung, f. expression or effort of one's will; -bestimmung, f. volition; -erklärung, f. Law, declaratory act; -festigkeit, f. firmness of purpose, steady determination; -freiheit, f. free will, arbitrariness, resolution; -gesetz, n. law of volition; -kraft, f. volition -meinung, f. will, pleasure; -schwäche, f. see Willenlosigkeit; -störungen, pl. **Med.** mental disease in which the faculty of volition is impaired; -vermögen, n. faculty of volition. [tionally.]

Willenshaft, adv. (l. u.) on purpose, intention. **Willenshaft**, (w.) v. (str.) (with **Dad.**) to fulfil (a person's) wishes, to comply with, to yield to, to gratify, indulge, to humour.

Willfährig, I. adj. ready, compliant, complaisant, courteous; II. **W-**keit, (w.) f. readiness, compliance, complaisance, courteousness; aus W-keit gegen ..., in compliance with (one's wishes); in subservience to

Willfährig, (w.) f. compliance, gratification, accommodation.

Willfährig (**Willfährig**), adv. (t. & s.) provinc. for Willfährig.

Willig, I. adj. willing, voluntary, ready, free; **Min.** very fusible; ein so-est **W-**ig, a quiet, gentle, or docile horse, cf. **Gutwillig**; **Comm.** -n. m. Annahme **W-**ig, to show due protection, to pay due honour; m-e Käufer finden, to meet with ready purchasers; II. **W-**keit, (w.) f. willingness; readiness; good will.

Willigen, (w.) v. (str.) (in **with Acc.**) to consent (to), to agree (to), cf. **Willfährig**; hätte dich, daß du in deine Hände willigst, daß du nicht wider Gottes Gebot (**Tobit** 4, 5), let not thy will be set to sin, or to transgress his commandments.

Willig, adv. willingly, &c. cf. **Willig**.

Willkommen, (str.) m. welcome cap.

Willkommen, I. (str.) m. 1) welcome; reception, salutation; 2) **slang**, a) footing (of printers), entrance-money; b) a certain number of blows given to a criminal on entering the prison; 3) see **Willkommen**; II. adj. & adv. welcome, well-met; Einen - heißen, to bid one welcome, to welcome one; - sein, to be welcome or acceptable; wegen seines Reichthums ist er in allen Kreisen -, his riches make him welcome in all circles.

Willkommen, (str.) f. welcome.

Willkommen ... in comp. -lied, n. welcome song; -schuß, m. salutation; -trunk, -wein, m. drink or wine of welcome; -wunsch, m. welcome.

Willkür, **Willkür**, (w.) f. 1) free will, choice, option; discretion; 2) absolute will, arbitrariness, license; der **Willkür**, den - über-mithig spielen tritt (**Schiller**, Wall.), the worm which despotism treads upon with haughty playfulness; handle nach deiner -, act as you choose (according to your pleasure); nach -, at will; der - (**Dad.**) prästern der Elemente preisgegeben, at the mercy of devouring elements.

Willkürlich, **Willkürlich**, I. adj. 1) arbitrary; gratuitous; 2) spontaneous; cine m-e **W-**keit, an absolute power; II. **W-**keit, (w.) f. 1) arbitrariness; capriciousness; 2) arbitrary act.

Willkür, **Willkür**, coll. for Willkür. **Willkür**, (str.) m. ant-hill; der **Willkür** macht den - or wimbelt, **Sport.** the deer digs up and scatters the ant-hill with its antlers.

Willkürhaft, adj. (& adv.) swarming(ly).

Willkür, (w.) v. (str.) 1) to swarm (von, with), to be crowded (with or by), to crawl, to be alive (with); to crawl, crowd; 2) **Ag.** to teem (von, with), to abound; 3) provinc. to gather in the grasses.

Willkür, (str.) m. 1) knot in a tree or in wood; 2) rude fellow; 3) see **Wickel**; 4) see **Werte**, 1; 5) see **Willkür** - **Willkür**, adj. knotty, cross-grained (wood).

Willkür, (str.) m. (l. u.) a whimpering, whining person; crying child.

Willkür, (w.) v. (str.) to whimper, whine, lament.

Willkür, (w.) f. see **Willkür**, 2.

Willkür, (w.) f. & (str.) m. **Mar.** -s. pennon, pendant, streamer, jack; in comp. -fell, m. pendant-halliards; -gast, m. mariner who has the care of the pendant; -hals, n. -stange, f., -stod, m. stick or staff of a (broad) pendant.

Willkür, (w.) f. eye-lash; -artig, adj. **Bot.** ciliate, ciliated; **Anal.** -epithel, n. ciliated epithelium; -muskel, m. ciliated muscle. (2) see **Willkür**.

Willkür, adj. 1) fringed with eye-lashes; **Willkür**, (w.) v. (str.) to twinkle, wink.

Willkür, (str.) m. **Ichth.** dragonet (**Spinnewitz**).

Wind, (str.) m. 1) wind; air, breeze;

3) fatulence, windiness; *fig. coll.* 3) a) vain boasting; b) action; falsehood; mere wind, humbug, smoke; 4) *Sport*, wind, scent; nose; 5) obscure or private notice, hint; scent, inkling; 6) *see* Windhumb; 7) *Metal.* blast; *Mar.-s.* ein guter —, a fair wind; ein harter —, a great or high wind; ein frischer, steifer, or harter —, a gale, fresh gale; ein frischer —, a brisk gale of wind, a smacking breeze; ein kühler —, a cool wind; (*Mar.*) breeze; ein sanfter —, a gentle breeze; ein schiefte —, a tack wind; ein beständiger, stehender —, steady, settled wind; ein unbeständiger —, shifting, variable wind; die Lehre vom W-e, *anemology*; *Mar.-s.* auf günstigen Warten —, to wait for a wind; mit vollem W-e, with a fair and flowing breeze; einem Schiff den — abschneiden or abheften, to get the wind of a ship; dicht bei dem — halten, to keep the wind; dicht beim — liegen, to sail close to the wind; das Schiff in den — bringen, to stay a ship; das Schiff nahe an den — bringen, to spring the (or a) loof, to loof (up); grade in den — liegen, to go right in the wind's eye; unter den —, to leeward; die Inseln unter dem W-e (Antillen), the leeward islands; unter den — fallen, to take the advantage of the wind, to sail to leeward, to lose the weather-gauge; — um Wetter dienen, wind and weather serving or permitting; das Gebäude ist günstig dem — und Wetter ausgesetzt, the building is quite exposed; coll.-s. — den etwas haben, bekommen, to have a thing in the wind, to get scent of; den Anteil nach dem W-e hängen, to turn the coat, to temporise, to be a time-server, to turn cat in pan; in den — schlagen, to slight, neglect, to set at nought, to be regardless of; in den — reden, to speak in vain; — machen, to vapour, boast, brag; in den — gehen, to go to the wind; in dem W-e zerstreuen, to fling to the winds.

Wind..., in comp. — hute, *f. see* — halm; — arme, *m. see* — feg; — balg, *m. see* — feg; — ball, *m. wind-ball*, air-balloon; — bühnig, *adj.* alondor-balloed (of horses).

Windbaum, (*str.* pl. W-bäume) *m.* (from *Wind*) *see* Windbaum.

Wind..., in comp. — beschreibung, *f.* description of the winds, *anemography*; —beutel, *m.* 1) coll. wind-bag, booster, braggadochio; humbug, a windy fellow, liar; swaggerer; noisy, swaggering fellow; 2) a sort of pastry, snow-pancake, puff; —bentelei, *f.* boasting, humbug; —beutel, *v. intr.* to boast, brag, swagger, to talk big; —blase, *f.* 1) wind-bladder; 2) air-tumour; —bläser, *f.* 1) bladder filled with air; 2) pl. *see* —pöden; —blume, *f.* Bot. wind-flower, anemone (*Anemone* L.); —bedmühle, *f.* pole-mill.

Windbohne, (*w.* *f.* from *Wind*) *Bot.* phaseol. French-bean (*Vicia* L.).

Wind..., in comp. — brille, *f. coll.* goggle(s); —brocken, *p. a.* wind-fallen; —bruch, *m.* 1) a) windfall; rolled timber; b) wind-shock; 2) *Med.* windy-rupture, pneumatocoele; —brüchig, *adj.* wind-fallen; —brüchiges Holz, 1. chinky wood; 2. warped wood; 3. *Forst.* rolled timber; —brüchiger Sand, limy indigo; —büchse, *f.* air-gun, wind-gun; —canal, *m.* wind-tube (of an organ); —barm, *m.* *Anat.* colon, wind-gut; —barm, *m.* *Surg.* white swelling, (*Lat.*) *spina ventosa*; —bräde, *m. see* —flege; —bärre, *adj.* dried in the wind, wind-dried.

Winde, (*w.* *f.* 1) *Arch.* winding engine, windlass, crane, crank; pulley; carterman's engine, jack; winch, windle; *Mar.* capstan; 2) — an der Schraube, worm; 3) reel, winder, a machine to wind yarn on; 4) Bot. bindweed, rope-weed (*Convolvulus* L.).

Winde... (from *Wind*), in comp. —barm, *m.* beam of a capstan, &c., crab-bar;

—bock, *m.* windlass; —bret, *n.* board to wind anything on; —barm, *m.* *Anat.* rectum, great gut; —draht, *m.* thin wire for binding anything; —eisen, *n.* Lock-sm. (tap)-wrench (*Wendelstein*); 2) —hals, *m. see* Wendehals.

Wind..., in comp. —ei, *n.* wind-egg, addled egg; —eisen, *n.* window-bar (*Fenster-eisen*).

Winde... (from *Wind*), in comp. —gelb, *n.* cranage; —gülden, *n.* corn-blind (*Wendelwein*).

Winde..., in comp. —haben, *m. see* Wendelhaben; —hohler, *m.* *Arch.* wimble; —band, —bind, *n. see* Windelband &c.

Winde..., in comp. —s. *v. tr.* to swathe, swaddle, to roll up in swaddling clothes.

Winde..., in comp. —schacht, *f.* Conch. a species of land-shell (*Papa* Drap.); —schur, *f. see* Windelschur; —treppe, *f. see* Wendeltreppe; —tuch, *n. see* Windel.

A. Winde..., (*str.* *v.* I. & *tr.* 1) to wind, turn; 2) to wind; to reel; 3) to wring, wrest, twist; 4) to wind, whip, pull, draw up by a pulley, &c.; Stränge —, to wreath the garlands; die Hände —, to wring one's hands; Einem etwas aus den Händen —, to wring or wrest something out of one's hand; II. *refl.* 1) to wind, writh (ver Edmery (*Dal.*), with pain); 2) to wring; to wriggle; 3) to coil (as a rope, &c.); 4) to meander (said of a river, &c.); coll. to shuffle, to shift and turn; der Sturm windet sich, the worm turns.

B. Winde..., (*w.* *v.* I. *intr.* to blow, to be windy; II. *tr.* *trans.* to nose, perceive, or follow by the scent, to wind, *cf.* *Wittern*, II. *Wind...*, in comp. —förmig, *adj.* rack-formed; —hutz, *n.* scammony; —macher, *m.* windlass-maker; —saft, *m.* juice of scammony; —schwärmer, —soegel, *n.* *Entom.* sphinx of the convolvulus (*Sphinx consocii* L.); —sänge, *f.* lever.

Winde..., (*str.* *m.* 1) *see* Windpögel; 2) *Sport*, nose of a hart; —blatt, *n.* *Pira-w.* cartidge-paper.

Winde..., (*str.* *m.* (*Nemnich*; I. *u.*) *Winde...* (from *Wind*), in comp. —fell, —tan, *n.* rope of a pulley, windlass, &c.

Winde..., (*w.* *f.* great swiftness, rapidity of the wind.

Winde..., in comp. —fächer, *m.* fan; (in India:) punkah; —fädel, *f.* torah (which is not extinguished by the wind); —fahne, *f.* vane, weather-cock; —fall, *m.* 1) windfall; 2) *see* —flege; —fang, *m.* 1) a) contrivance for catching the wind or air; b) clack-valve of a pair of bellows; c) tambour; d) fly or fan (of a clock); e) ventilator (in steamers); *Min.* air-drift; *Mar.* resistance against the impulsion of the wind; f) air-sail; 2) *Gipsies' slang*, a cloak; —fänger, *m.* *Ornith.* nocturnal goat-sucker (*Pipernoctiter*); *Horol.-s.* —fanggetriebe, *n.* flying pinion (of a clock); —fangrad, *n.* fly(ing)-wheel (of a clock); —faß, *n.* *Min.* air-cask; —feder, *f.* 1) *Mar.* pilot's feather; 2) *T.* barge-board (*Winkel-schubstret*); —feger, *f.* *Hub.* winnowing machine; —flege, *f.* *Mar.* &c. flaw of wind; —flinte, *f.* *see* —büchse; —flügel, *m.* 1) *see* Windmühlflügel; 2) *Horol.* wing of the fly; —frei sein, *Mar.* to be under the lee of the shore; —gasse, *f.* *see* Wettergasse; —grünwühl, *f.* *Med.* pneumatosis, emphysema; —gewehr, *n.* air-gun (—büchse); —gübel, *m.* winch moved by the wind; —gott, *n.* god of wind, *Æolus*; —griff, *m.* *fig.* false grasp at a thing, *cf.* *Rißgriff*; —bod-s. —hater, *m.* wild oats (*Avena fatua* L.); —halm, *m.* bentgrass, red-top (*Agrostis* L.); —handel, *m.* *fig.* (trading-) bubble, jobbery; —harte, *f.* mulian harp; —harmonica, *f.* molina, molodion (*Luc.*); —hauch, *m.* breath of wind; —haufen, *m.* *Hub.*

small conical heap of hay, cock; —hute, *f.* chase with greyhounds; coursing; —huter, *m.* courier; —hute, *f.* 1) *see* Wetterhute; 2) *see* —feg; —hund, *m.* Zool. greyhound; —hin-biu, *f.* bitch-greyhound.

Windig, (*l. adj.* 1) (from *Wind*) a) windy, *Mar.* blowing (weather); b) *fig.* unsubstantial, airy, windy; visionary; uncertain; c) leicht — damit aus, that has as yet a precarious chance, that looms very small, there is little hope of success; 2) (from *Wind*) a) twisted, threaded, warped; b) having spiral fibres (of trees); II. *W.-feit*, (*w.* *f.* windiness, airiness.

Windigen, (*w.* *v.* *tr.* *Wettride* —, to winnow corn (by means of the wind).

Windinstrument, (*str.* *n.* *Mus.* wind-instrument.

A. Windisch, *adj.* *see* Wendisch, A.

B. Windisch, *adj.* *see* Wendisch, B.

Wind..., in comp. —kanal, *see* —canal; —kasten, *m.* T. 1) *see* Wetterkasten; 2) (or —kammer, *f.*) wind-chamber, wind-chest; —kessel, *m.* T. air-vessel, air-box (of a forcing-pump, fire-engine, &c.); —klappe, *f.* valve for admitting air, wind-valve; —koll, *f.* *Med.* wind-colic; —kopper, *m.* crib-biter (*Scrippen-schere*); —kugel, *f.* *solipio*; —kurbel, *f.* T. (hydraulic) machine put in motion by the wind; —lader, *f.* 1) *Min.* ventilator; 2) *Mus.* wind-chest (of an organ); —latte, *f.* *Corp.* wind-lath, wind-beam; —leitung, *f.* T. blast-pipe; —licht, *n. see* —fadell.

Windelbohrer, (*str.* *m.* 1) *see* Winde, 4; 2)

Wind..., in comp. —loch, *m.* vent-hole;

—lutte, *f.* *see* Wetterlutte; —macher, *m.* boaster, &c. *see* —beutel, 1; —macher, *f.*

f. bragging, swaggering, humbug; —mal, *n.*

air-dried malt; —maschine, *f.* T. 1) ventila-

ting-machine, ventilator; airing-machine; 2)

wind-engine; —mauer, *f.* screen-wall (—

schauer, 2); —messer, *m.* *Phys.* anemometer,

wind-gauge; —messung, *f.* anemometry; —

monat, *m.* wind-month, November; —mühle,

f. windmill; —mühlflügel, *m.* beam, wing

or sail of a windmill; —mühlengänge, *f.* T. 1) ventila-

ting-machine, ventilator; airing-machine; 2)

wind-engine; —mauer, *f.* screen-wall (—

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wind-gauge; —messung, *f.* anemometry; —

monat, *m.* wind-month, November; —mühle,

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wind-engine; —mauer, *f.* screen-wall (—

schauer, 2); —messer, *m.* *Phys.* anemometer,

wind-gauge; —messung, *f.* anemometry; —

m. see -bruch, 1; -[*schlagen*, *p. a. see* -broden; -[*schlauch*, *m.* pipe or hose filled with wind; -[*schlinder*, *m. see* -fänger; -[*schnell*, *adj.* as fast as the wind, swift; -[*schüpfer*, *m. see* -fang, 1; -[*schüter*, *m.* wind-screens (-[*schürer*, 2); -[*segl*, *n.* *Mar.* wind-sail (*Rühseegel*).

Wind'steil, (*from* *Wind*) *see* *Wind'steil*.

Wind's..., *in comp.* -[*seite*, *f.* side from whence the wind comes, side to windward; *Mar.* weather-gauge (of a ship), lee; weather-board, weather-bow; *gegen die* -[*seite*, windward, towards the wind, leeward.

Wind'spate, (*w.*) *f.* (*from* *Wind*) *Mar.* handspike.

Wind's..., *in comp.* -[*parren*, *m. see* -latte; -[*piel*, *n. see* -humb; -[*proff*, *f.* stop or round in the sail of a windmill; -[*stein*, *m.* *Med.* stone-rest of the towel (*Beil*), blast-stone (*T. Tauch*); -[*still*, *adj.* calm; (of a port) sheltered from the wind, snug; -[*stille*, *f.* calm (*also* *Ag.* = lull); *von einer* -[*stille* überfallen werden, to be becalmed; -[*stod*, *m.* 1) small wind- or air-gun in form of a stick; 2) (in waterworks) wind-pipe (*Rufständer*); 3) cover of the pipes (of an organ); -[*stoß*, *m.* puff (or blast) of wind, (heavy) gust, squall of wind; -[*stüßel*, *m.* *Fire-w.* mould-stick for rockets (*Beil*); -[*strebe*, *f.* T. joist or spar (to a building) against the wind; prick-post (*Sturmband*, 1); -[*strich*, *m.* 1) current or point of the wind; 2) *Mar.* point of the compass, rhomb-line; -[*strid*, *m.* *Sport* leash for greyhounds; -[*strom*, *m.* current of wind; *Med.* (*schwach*, soft; *stark*, sharp, heavy) blast; -[*sturm*, *m.* storm; -[*stut*, *f.* *Med.* wind dropsy, tympany, tympanitis; -[*stüttig*, *adj.* tympanitic; -[*treiben*, *adj.* expelling the wind; *Med.* carminative; -[*troden*, *adj.* wind-dried; -[*trommel*, *f.* T. ventilator; fan (*Rufstang*).

Wind'ung, (*w.*) *f.* a winding, &c. *f.* *Wind*-den; meandering; coil, crinkle, sinuosity; *Archit.* circumvolution (of the Ionic volute); *Anat. & Bot.* torulose; *Onch.* spire, whorl (of a shell); - an einer *Schraube*, worm (of a screw); - einer *Uhrfeder*, coils of a watch-spring; *W.-höhe*, *f.* *Archit.* turn-height (of a winding-stair).

Wind's..., *in comp.* *Mar.-s.* -[*vierrung*, *f.* quarter of a ship; -[*vierrungsstügen*, *f. pl.* the futtocks of the fashion-pieces, side counter-lumbers; -[*wagel*, *m. see* *Wittervogel*; -[*wage*, *f. see* -messer; -[*würt*, *adv.* windward; -[*würt's-Geit*, *Mar.* windward-tide; *Ned.-s.* -[*wasser*, *n.* carminative water; -[*wasserfucht*, *f.* wind-dropsy, tympanitis; -[*wasserflüchtig*, *adj.* oedematous; -[*weg*, *f.* drift (wreath) of snow; -[*welke*, *f.* *Ornith.* hobby (*Falco subbulo* L.); -[*welker*, *m. see* -jeiger; -[*wirbel*, *m.* whirl-wind; -[*wurf*, *m. see* -bruch, 1, a; -[*zeiger*, *m.* anemoscope; -[*gleise*, *f.* *Mil.* engine for trimming the sails of a windmill to the wind; -[*jung*, *m.* 1) draught, current of air; 2) *Archit.* ventiduct, ventilator; -[*junge*, *f.* T. tongue of an organ-pipe.

Wing'er, *Wing'erling*, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* rouch.

Wing'ert, (*str.*) *m.* province. (*Wingert* [en])

Wing'gell, (*str.*) *m.* 1) hall of friendship (*first introduced from North. Myth.* by Klopstock, an ode of whom is thus entitled: he renders the word by "temple of friendship"; *Vingöl* in *Norse* denotes a house erected for Goddesses in the Castle of the Gods, and according to Grimm, D. Myth. 780 seems to be identical with *Valhöll* (Walhall); 2) an association of German students thus denominated.

Wink, (*str.*) *m.* wink (mit den Augen); *Ag.* hint, intimation, suggestion; sign; - *der Hand*, beck, wave of the hand; - *mit dem*

Ropf, nod; *einen* - *geben*, 1. *see* *Winken*; 2. *Ag.* to give a hint; *den* - *verstehen*, *den* - *folgen*, to take the hint; *er folgte dem* -, he acted upon this suggestion; *er folgte auf den* -, he is always ready to obey the slightest beck; - *mit dem* *Jaumfuß*, *loc.* broad

Wink'e, (*w.*) *f. see* *Wippe*, 7 & 8. [hint]

Wink'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) angle (*also* *Geom.*); corner, nook; *Ag.* hiding place; 2) *provinc.* a) shop; b) workshop; *ein* *Spizer* -, an acute angle; *ein* *rechter* -, a right angle; *ein* *stumpfer* -, an obtuse angle; *im* -, *Ag.* secretly, clandestinely; *bis in jeden* - *eines* *Landes* *einbringen*, *Ag.* to spread throughout (or to run the length and breadth of) a country.

Wink'el..., *in comp.* -[*advocat*, *m. conf.* hedge-lawyer, lawmonger; *encl.* hole and corner lawyer; -[*band*, *n.* 1) iron band bent at right angles (-[*eisen*, 2); -[*bänder*, *pl.* H. hinges (*Hortel*); 2) *Archit.* strut, strutting piece; -[*beständig*, *adj.* *Orgel.* persistent; -[*Bewegung*, *f.* angular motion; -[*bogen*, *m.* arc of an angle; -[*böhrer*, *m.* angle-brace, corner-drill; -[*bürste*, *f.* any place where petty traders meet for the transaction of business; -[*braten*, *m.* illicit brewing; -[*bruch*, *m.* *Eng.* chink, crevice; -[*cirfel*, *m.* compasses for measuring angles; -[*consulent*, *m. see* -advocat; -[*dach*, *n.* roof in which the spars or rafters join rectangularly, square-roof; -[*drücker*, *f.* 1) a small printing-office, *conf.* hedge-press; 2) piratical printing; -[*ede*, *f.* *Her.* canton; -[*ech*, *f.* hedge-marriage, clandestine wedding, concubinage; -[*eisen*, *n.* T. 1) iron-rule, (carpenter's) square; 2) angle-iron, *f.* -[*band*, 1; -[*esser*, *m.* T. bevel, sliding-square; *Math.* protractor; -[*fürmig*, *adj.* angular; -[*gaffe*, *f.* remote or distant lane; -[*geschwindigkeits*, *f.* *Math.* angular velocity.

Wink'elhaft, *adj.* full of angles or corners. *Wink'el...*, *in comp.* -[*faden*, *m.* 1) instrument for measuring and adjusting angles; square; (iron)-rule; 2) *Lat.* *f.* justifier; 3) *Typ.* composing-stick; -[*handel*, *m.* potty or illicit trade; -[*hebel*, *m.* joint or rectangular lever; -[*heirat*, -[*hörselt*, *f. see* -che; -[*hol*, *n. see* -hafen, 1; -[*höher* *fuchen*, *Ag.* (*Luther*) *see* -[*jage* (*Kussflüchte*) *moden*.

Wink'elrig, *adj.* angular, cornered; (*in comp.*: acute-, obtuse-, right-, &c.) angled.

Wink'el..., *in comp.* -[*fröge*, *f.* *conf.* meeting-house, conventicle; -[*flammer*, *f.* bent-clamp; -[*früte*, *n.* Ship-b. lodging knee; -[*kreuz*, *n.* cross at right angles; *Min.* lodes crossing each other at right angles; -[*kreuz*, *f.* *Rail.* bracket-joint, angular fish (*T. Tauch*); -[*linie*, *f.* *Geom.* diagonal; -[*müßter*, *m.* *coll.* interloper; -[*maß*, *n. see* -eisen, 1; -[*meister*, *m.* hedge-master of any trade; -[*messe*, *f.* hedge-mass; -[*messer*, *m.* T. protractor, graphometer, goniometer; -[*messung*, *f.* *Math.* the art of measuring angles, goniometry; -[*münze*, *f.* 1) illegal or base coin; 2) place where it is made.

Wink'eln, (*w.*) *v. tr. particul.* Stone-m. to square; to scapple (or scabble) (an ashlar, &c.).

Wink'el..., *in comp.* -[*maß*, *f.* *Anat.* lambdoidal suture; -[*paßer*, *m. see* -messer; -[*prediger*, *m.* *conf.* hedge-preacher, hedge-priest; -[*preffe*, *f.* *Print.* *conf.* hedge-press; -[*pußader*, *f.* *Anat.* angular artery; -[*rad*, *n.* bevelled wheel, bevel wheel, *pl.* bevelled gear; -[*rat*, *m.* clandestine advice or council; -[*rathgeber*, *m.* hedge-lawyer; -[*recht*, *adj.* right-angled, rectangular; by the square; -[*rechte*, *f.* perpendicular (line); -[*richter*, *m.* *conf.* hedge-judge; -[*schablone*, *f.* *Arm.* *jag.*; -[*schleife*, *f.* astrolabe; -[*scheller*, *m.* *conf.* backbiter; -[*schulte*, *f.* *conf.* hedge-tavern; -[*schlene*, *f.* *Look-om.* angle-iron; -[*schreiber*, -[*schristfeller*, *m.* hedge-writer, *f.* -advocat; -[*schule*, *f.* *conf.* school not authorised or il-

lensed, hedge-school; -[*sparren*, *m. pl.* *Carp.* hip-rafters (of a roof); -[*spiel*, *n.* *Gam.* pass in the corner; -[*spinne*, *f.* *see* *Spandspinn*; *eiserne* -[*stübe*, *m. pl.* iron knees; -[*stänbig*, *adj.* *Bot.* axillary (peduncle), sub-axillary (leaf); -[*strel*, *m. see* *Schäferstrug*; -[*trappe*, *f.* private or secret staircase; -[*versammung*, -[*versammungst.* *f.* secret meeting, conventicle; -[*weller*, *m. see* -esser; -[*wert*, *n.* *Fort.* reduct; -[*zahn*, *m.* corner-tooth, canine-tooth; -[*zirkel*, *see* -cirfel; -[*zug*, *m.* *Ag.* shift, trick, pretext, shuffle; *weller* -[*jüge*, evasive; -[*jüge* *maden*, to provaricate, shuffle, to use evasions; to fib, to tell fibs.

Wink'eln, (*w.*) *v. l. in.* to nod, to wink; to make a sign; mit den Augen -, to waver; mit dem Ropf -, to nod; mit der Hand -, to beckon, motion; mit dem *Reitern* ober *Jaumfuß* -, *loc. Ag.* to give a broad hint; *II. tr.* 1) to command or give to understand by a sign or nod, to call by a sign or nod; 2) *Mar.* *see* *Winkstirn*.

Wink'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) he that makes signs or nods, &c.; 2) *loc. see* *Wink*; 3) *Botom.* sand-crab, common calling-crab (*Helicostes* *Wink'el*, *see* *Wink'el*. (*see* *Wink'el*).

Wink'el, (*w.*) *f.* T. roller (in mills).

Wink'elste, (*w.*) *m.* *Zool.* weeper (*Cobus* *Ersl.*).

Wink'el, (*str.*) *m.* whining or moaning *Wink'el*, *adj.* (*l. u.*) whining, plaintive.

Wink'eln, (*w.*) *v. in.* to whimper, whine, pule, moan, to lament in a low and feeble voice.

Wink'el, *see* *Winkel*, A.

Wint'er, (*str.*) *m.* winter; *im* -, *bes* *W.-s.* in winter-time, in the winter-season; *den* - *fiber*, during winter; *witten* *im* -, in the deep (depth or in the dead) of winter; *vom* - *be* -[*schigt*, winter-beaten.

Wint'er..., *in comp.* -[*abend*, *m.* winter-evening; -[*ader*, *m. see* -feld; -[*apfel*, *m.* winter-apple; -[*arbeit*, *m.* winter-labour, winter-work; winter-occupation; -[*artig*, *adj.* winter-like, wintry; -[*aufenthalt*, *m.* winter-abode; -[*beharf*, *m.* consumption for the winter-season; winter-supplies; -[*beere*, *f.* *Bot.* winter-berry (*Prinos verticillatus* L.); -[*biber*, *m.* now or white beaver; -[*bier*, *n.* *Brew.* winter-bear; -[*birne*, *f.* winter-pear; -[*blume*, *f.* 1) winter-flower; 2) common or yellow overlasting (*Helichrysum stachos* L.); -[*brache*, *f.* *Agr.* winter-fallow; -[*bramssegel*, *n.* *Mar.* winter-top-gallant sail; -[*broffel*, *f.* *Ornith.* redwing (*Reindroffsel*); -[*clafte*, *f.* *Bot.* stone- or winter-oak (*Quercus sessiliflora* Sm.); -[*ente*, *f.* *see* *Eisente*; -[*fällig*, *adj.* (of cattle) growing lean or meagre (falling away) during winter; -[*feld*, *n.* winter-field, field sown with winter-corn; -[*feldzug*, *m.* winter-campaign; -[*flur*, *f.* winter-fields; -[*frucht*, *f.* winter-fruit; -[*garten*, *m.* an ornamented garden for winter, winter-garden; -[*gegenb*, *f.* wintry region or country; -[*gerste*, *f.* winter-barley; -[*gesell* -[*schaft*, *f.* company for winter; -[*getreide*, *n.* winter-corn, winter-crop; -[*gewächs*, *n.* winter-plant, perennial plant; -[*grün*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) false winter-green, ever-green (*Fritia* L.); 2) ivy (*Ephed*); 3) periwinkle (*Summergrün*); -[*haar*, *m.* winter-coat (of animals); *Gemm.* winter-skin, full-growth skin; -[*hafer*, *m.* winter-oats.

Wint'ergast, *adj.* wintry, wintry.

Wint'er..., *in comp.* *Gard.-s.* -[*hart*, *adj.* hardy (of plants); -[*haus*, *n.* winter-house; hot-house, green-house, conservatory, orange-house; -[*holz*, *n.* winter-wood, (fire) wood for winter.

Wint'errig, *Wint'erricht*, *adj.* wintry.

Wint'er..., *in comp.* -[*hitte*, *f.* coldness of the winter; -[*feld*, *n.* -[*feldzug*, *f.* winter-dress, winter-garment, winter-coating.

winter - clothes, winter - clothing; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Bot.* winter-cabbage (*Brassica oleracea* L. *acephala*); —*Ischl*, *n.* winter-corn or rye; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Ornith.* hooded-crow (*Nebeltröche*); —*Ischl*, *f.* *Bot.* winter-cresses (*Barbarea praecox* L.); —*Ischl*, *f.* cow that gives milk in winter; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Mar.* wintering place; —*Ischl* *halten*, to winter; —*Ischl*, *n.* 1) *Nid.* winter-camp, winter-quarters; 2) winter-lodging (of animals), hibernaculum; 3) *Comm.* winter-store; —*Ischl*, *n.* winter-beer; —*Ischl*, *n.* —*Ischl*, *f.* north-side (of a mountain); —*Ischl*, *f.* *Bot.* winter-gillyflower (*Matthiola incana* L.).

Wint'ertich, *adj.* winter-like, wintery.
Wint'et..., *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* —*grün*, 1; —*Ischl*, *n.* song for winter; —*Ischl*, *f.* stone linden-tree, small-leaved linden-tree (*Tilia parvifolia* Ehrh.).

Wint'erting, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *provinc.* *see* *Schnecammer*; 2) *Bot.* winter-noonite (*Brachis hirsutis* L.).

Wint'et..., *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *f.* wintry air; —*Ischl*, *f.* winter amusement; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter's tale; —*Ischl*, *adj.* suitable to winter, wintry, wintry; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Ornith.* tarroek, kittiwake (*Larus iradicatus* L.); —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-month (*particul.* December and January); —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-morning.

Wint'ern, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) to winter, to keep through the winter, *cf.* *Durchwintern*, 1; *ll.* *intr.* *impers.* to grow winter.

Wint'et..., *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *f.* winter-night; —*Ischl*, *n.* winter-fruit; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-palace; —*Ischl*, *f.* winter-plant; —*Ischl*, *m.* point of the winter-solstice; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-quarters (*pl.*); —*Ischl*, *m.* rain in or during winter, wintry rain; —*Ischl*, *f.* winter-journey, winter-trip; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-coat, gown or frock for the winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-rye; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-navette, winter-rape, winter-rape-seed; —*Ischl*, *f.* sowing of the winter-corn; winter-crops, winter-corn; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Bot.* a species of horse-tail (*Equisetum hiemale* L.); —*Ischl*, *m.* *Astr.* the new moon of November; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-sleep, hibernation; —*Ischl*, *f.* north side, northern side; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Ac.* winter-half-year; winter-term; —*Ischl*, *f.* sun in winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-solstice; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-spinage (*Spinacia oleracea* var. *spinacea* Moench); —*Ischl*, *f.* *Comm.* winter's bark (bark of the *Drinye* *Wint'et*, *Wint'et*); —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-lodge (of game); —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-tempest, storm in winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-day, wintry day.

Wint'ernung, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) the (act of) keeping through the winter, wintering; hibernation; 2) place where any thing is sheltered during the winter, hot-house.

Wint'et..., *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *f.* winter-amusement; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-bird; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-provisions, store for the winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* autumn-grown wheat, winter-wheat; —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* —*Ischl*; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-weather; —*Ischl*, *m.* winter-noonite (*Wint'erting*, 2); —*Ischl*, *f.* wool growing or grown during winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Astr.* hibernal sign; —*Ischl*, *f.* winter-time, winter-season; *par* —*Ischl*, *is* or during winter; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Ac.* winter-stuff; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Bot.* winter-shallot (*Allium festuosum* L.).

Wint'et, *see* *Wint'et*.

Wint'et, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) *see* *Wint'et*.

Wint'et, (*str.*) *m.*, *Wint'et*, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) *f.* vine-dresser; —*Ischl*, *m.* vine-knife.

Wint'ig, *l.* *adj.* diminutive, tiny, petty, mean, contemptible; small, *coll.* *see*; *ll.* *Ischl*, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) *f.* diminutiveness.

Wint'et, (*str.*) *m.* 1) top of a tree, tree-top; 2) *fig.* (*l.* *m.*) summit, *see* for *Wint'et*, 2.

Wippe, 1, *b.* & *Wippe*, 2; *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* *T.* breaking of the top (of a tree); —*Ischl*, *adj.* dry, decayed, or withered at the top.

Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) to top, to lop the top of; *ll.* *tr.* & *intr.* to rise aloft.

Wip'eln, *adj.* having a full strong top.
Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) *see* *Wip'eln*.

Wip'eln, (*str.*) *n.* *coll.* *flam*, *fl.* trick.

Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) *a*) state of balancing, chance of falling either one way or the other; brink; *b*) *fig.* *coll.* critical point or situation, brink, *see*, *cf.* *Wippe*, 2; 2) seesaw, rocking-board; 3) strappado (old military torture); gibbet; 4) *provinc.* *a*) crane; *b*) tumbrel, tilting cart; *c*) whip; 5) *a*) the (act of) weighing (money) in a fraudulent manner; *b*) clipping; 6) *Turn.* pole of a lathe; 7) *Needle-m.* heading-machine; 8) *Wass.* tumbler; 9) gaff; 10) swipe (of a pump); 11) *Mar.* whip; 12) *Meck.* lever.

Wip'eln, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Wibel*.

Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) & *intr.* *see* *Wip'eln*.

Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) to move up and down, to balance; to seesaw, to rock; 2) to give the strappado (*cf.* *Wippe*, 3); 3) to tip or tilt a cart; 4) to weigh in a fraudulent manner; (*Wip'eln* und —) to clip (coin).

Wip'eln, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* oster-band, with; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Meck.* lever-brace; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Turn.* pole-lathe; —*Ischl*, *f.* *N-m.* post or upright of the heading-machine.

Wip'eln, (*str.*) *m.* clipper (of coin).

Wip'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) the (act of) rocking, *see*; 2) illegal weighing or clipping of coin.

Wip'eln, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* *Wippe*, 3; —*Ischl*, *m.* *provinc.* wagtail (*Wip'eln*).

[— *alle*, all of us.

Wir, *pron.* *pl.* we; —*Ischl*, *we* ourselves;

Wir'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) swirl, rotatory motion; whirl, whirlpool, vortex; whirlwind;

eddy, convulsion; wreath, curl, volume (of smoke); 2) giddiness, vertigo; intoxication; 3) crown or top of the head; 4) feather (on the forehead of horses); 5) comb, pecten (of oysters); 6) *Anat.* (*Rücken*—) vertebra; 7) *a*) system of bodies moving in gyration; *b*) thing which turns or moves round; 8) *T.* *a*) roll (in a pulley); *b*) peg (of a violin, *see*); *c*) button (of a window); *d*) stopple (in organ-pipes);

e) joint, swivel; *f*) *see* *Wir'el*; *g*) collar (of a turner's lathe); *h*) key, lock-spike; *i*) *Mar.* sheave (of a block); 9) warbling; 10) noise, bustle, tumult; 11) *Mus.* trill; warbling (of birds); roll, a certain beat of the drum; *im* —*Ischl*, to be turned about.

Wir'el, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *arterie*, *f.* *Anat.* vertebral artery; —*Ischl*, *adj.* *Bot.* vertebrated; —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* —*Ischl*; *Anat.* —*Ischl*, *n.* *pl.* vertebral ligaments; —*Ischl*, *n.* turning, joint; a joint of the spine or back-bone, vertebra; —*Ischl*, *adj.* vertebral; —*Ischl*, *f.* vertebral vein; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Bot.* wild basil (*Clanopodium* L.); —*Ischl*, *adj.* 1) whirling; 2) verticillate; —*Ischl*, *m.* 1) whirling current or motion; 2) *Anat.* vertebral canal; —*Ischl*, *f.* vertebral region; —*Ischl*, *m.* restless person; —*Ischl*, *n.* swivel-joint, swivel-link.

Wir'elhaft, *adj.* *see* *Wir'elhaft*.

Wir'elhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* crutch-handled spigot; —*Ischl*, *n.* *Comm.* stair-case shell (*Peripateticus*).

Wir'elhaft, *adj.* 1) whirly; 2) having a circular appearance; 3) turning round, rotatory, whirling; 4) vertiginous, giddy; 5) intoxicated, fuddled.

Wir'elhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* *Mus.* that part of a violin into which the pegs are inserted; hollow of the neck; —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* —*Ischl*; —*Ischl*, *m.* *coll.* rattlesnake; —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* —*Ischl*; —*Ischl*, *n.* *Bot.* milk-vetch (*Astragalus* L.).

Wir'elhaft, *adj.* invertebrate; *in* —*Ischl*, *n.* *pl.* invertebral or invertebrate animals.

Wir'eln, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) to whirl, to run or turn round; to eddy; —*Ischl*, *m.* to set whirling (one's head); 2) to warble, *see* *Wir'eln*; auf der Trommel or Pause —, to beat a roll or flourish; *ll.* *tr.* das Stücken zum Stücken —, *Nid.* to beat the retreat.

Wir'eln, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* vertical point; —*Ischl*, *n.* pulley-wheel; —*Ischl*, *m.* curling smoke; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Anat.* vertebral column; —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* —*Ischl*; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Bot.* turritella; —*Ischl*, *m.* *Ischl*—*m.* that part of a pianoforte into which the pegs or pins for holding the strings are fastened;

—*Ischl*, *m.* hurricane, tornado; —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* *Wir'elnhaft*; —*Ischl*, *m.* whirling dance; —*Ischl*, *n.* *pl.* vertebral or vertebrate animals; —*Ischl*, *n.* *Roll.* wheel-animalcule, rotifer, rotatory (*Roll* or *vulgär* Schräg.);

—*Ischl*, *m.* whirl-wind, eddy-wind, tornado; —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* —*Ischl*.

Wir'eln, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* *Wir'elnhaft*.

Wir'elnhaft, *adj.* *Forest.* in full growth.

Wir'elnhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *n.* board on which bakers work or knead the dough; —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* *Wir'elnhaft*, 2.

Wir'elnhaft, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) to work, effect, execute, produce; to do, perform; 2) to weave (stockings, hangings); 3) *Bak.* to knead (the dough); 4) *Mar.* to pare (a horse's hoof); 5) to boil (salt); *ll.* *intr.* (*with* auf [*cf.* *Acc.*]) 1) to produce an effect, to operate (on), to work; 2) to act (on, upon), to have an influence (on), to tend to ...; gegen einander —, to counteract each other; auf die Sinne —, to affect the senses; dahin —, daß ... to strive to effect that ..., to exert one's self with a view to ...; —*Ischl*, *lassen*, to bring to bear (auf [*with* *Acc.*], upon); *w-d.* *p. a.* *see* *Wir'elnhaft*; *III.* *das* —, *s.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) working, *see*; labour, efforts.

Wir'elnhaft, (*str.*) *m.* 1) person that works; 2) *Bak.* kneader; 3) weaver.

Wir'elnhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *f.* *Gramm.* active form; —*Ischl*, *f.* *see* *Wir'elnhaft*;

—*Ischl*, *adj.* able to effect a thing; virtual, *see*, *see* *Wir'elnhaft*.

Wir'elnhaft, *l.* *adj.* actual, real, in fact, true; genuine, effective, effectual; *w-tr.* *Betracht*, supply actually on hand; *w-tr.* *Wünsche*, specie; *w-tr.* *gehöriger Rath*, efficient privy councillor; *der w-tr.* *Efficié*, *Comm.* acting partner; *die w-tr.* *Betrachtliche*, realities; *ll.* *Ischl*, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) actuality, actualness, reality, truth.

Wir'elnhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* 1) baker's first journeyman, baker's foreman; 2) master weaver; —*Ischl*, *n.* efficient means; operative remedy; —*Ischl*, *f.* *Bak.* kneading-trough.

Wir'elnhaft, *l.* *adj.* efficacious, effective, effectual, active; instrumental; *Med.* working, operative; *cine* *w-tr.* *Stachel*, a powerful remedy; *ll.* *Ischl*, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) activity; agency (of light, heat, *see*); 2) ministry; 3) efficacy, efficaciousness, efficiency; in *Ischl*, *Ischl*, to give effect to ..., to bring or call into operation or play; außer *Ischl*, *Ischl*, to suspend (a law, *see*); in *Ischl*, *Ischl*, to come into operation or force; in *Ischl*, *Ischl*, to remain in force, to continue in operation, to continue to operate or to have effect.

Wir'elnhaft, *in comp.* —*Ischl*, *m.* *l.* string of the working-band; —*Ischl*, *m.* loom; *Bak-s.* —*Ischl*, *m.* kneading-table; —*Ischl*, *m.* *see* —*Ischl*.

Wir'elnhaft, (*v.* *l.* *tr.*) 1) operation, action (of wind, water, *see*); 2) effect; efficacy; —*Ischl*, *n.* *herbeibringen*, *Ischl*, or *haben*, to take effect, to operate, work; to do execution, to tell (auf [*with* *Acc.*], upon); *die* *bring* *cine* *herrliche* —*Ischl*, *this* is exceedingly effective;

Woburn, I. *adv. instr.* [emphat. **Wo-**
burn?] 1) whereby, by what place, through
what place; 2) by what means; II. *relat.* by
which, through which.

Wenn', conj. if, provided, in case of (*cf.* Wenn, II); — **nicht**, unless.

Wofür?, *adv. interr. [emphat. Wofür?] & relat. wherefore; for what, for which; — find Sie? or — bestimmen Sie sich? what are you for? — halten Sie mich? what or whom do you take me for? ((Wasserstand)).*

33g, (str.) m. Min. depth of water-ground
33g, (w.) f. billow, wave.

Bogegen, adv. against what or which;
for what, in return for which, to which.

Bo'sen, (v.) v. intr. 1) to wave, float, surge, boil, fluctuate; to heave; to crowd; 2) to be borne by the waves.

Wogen ..., in comp. — *Woge*, *f.* course of the waves; — *Berg*, *m.* mountain of waves; — *bruch*, *m.* broken waves, breakers; — *fürmig*, *adj.* like waves, undulating; — *gestirbt*, *n.* *, 1) the sea; 2) waving fields of corn; — *geschwemme*, *n.* (*Schiller*) washing, sweep, or rush of waves; — *weisse*, *adj.* wave-like.

Bs'gig. *adj.* 1) wavy, surgy; 2) *Bot.* sinuous.

Beßer, *adv.* (sometimes *sep.* *wo... her?*) whence, from what place; from what quarter; *wo* *kommen* *Sie* *her?* whence do you come? where do you come from? — (*der* *Landes*) *find* *Sie?* what countryman or from what country are you? — *wissen* *Sie* *das?* how do you know (that)? how did you get to know it?

Weghin, (adv.) (sometimes sep. wo... hin?)
whither, what way; to what place; wo gehst
Sie hin? wo geht die Reife hin? where or
whither are you going? — er auch gehen mag,
where(so)ever he may go to; sieht nur zu,
— es führt, (only or just) see where this will
lead (to): man sieht schon, wo er hin will, one
may easily see his drift.

Woh! Woh! I. ad. 1.) well; seht —, very well; — Ihnen! happy you! — mir! well for me! happy for me! — dem, der ... , happy is he that ...; — ihm, daß er ..., it is (was) lucky for him that he ...; gang —! recht —, very well; sie ist sehr —, she is very well; er hat sich seitdem nie — gefühlt, he has never felt well since; sich bei einer Diät oder Nahrung — befinden, to thrive on a diet; mir ist —, I feel well; mir ist nicht so recht —, I am somewhat out of sorts; uns ist so cannibalisir —, als gleich fünfshundert Säuen, (göthe, Faust I, sc. 5) we feel as cannibals; jollen als five hundred swine (cf. Sauwohl); den Todten ist —, the dead are well off; es ist mir am wohlsten, wenn ... , I am never so easy as when ...; I am most at ease when; in dieser Gesellschaft ist mir am wohlsten, this company suits me best; sie müssen — oder lieber dabei bleiben, they must adhere to it well or ill (come fair come foul, or for better for worse); — bekommen es Ihnen, may it do you good; schlafen Sie —, I wish you good night; leben Sie —, or gebeten Sie sich —, fare you well; good bye; Sie würden — daran thun, you would do well or act wisely; nicht — zu nennen, not fit to be named; dies läßt sich nicht — damit vergleichen, this is scarcely a fair subject for comparison; ja —, to be sure; of course, certainly.

2) a) indeed, &c.; b) perhaps, probably; die Hoffung hör ich —, allein mir fehlt der Glaube (Gothe, Faust I, 1), I hear the message indeed, but faith is wanting to me; ich werde — sehr fein, I cannot choose but be glad; sie fordereten nicht Alles, — aber fordereten sie zu viel, they did not ask everything, but they did ask too much; glauben Sie —? do you believe? es ist — glaublich, it is likely enough; ich möchte — wissen, I should like to know; wenn man in sie brang, es handele sie —

If pressed they would acknowledge; *es er-
scheint* mich. I wonder whether he is still
awake; *ist* sic — *schläft*? I wonder whether
she will come; *ich* kann — *sagen*, I dare say:
ich werde mich — *haben* gewünscht, I dare say
I shall get used to it; *ich* glaube —, *daß* er
früher hat, I dare say he is right; *es* kann —
sein, it may be so; *es* wird — *so* sein, I dare
say it is so; *Sie* haben mich — *nicht* verstan-
den, perhaps (or I presume) you have not
understood me; *er* kommt — *nicht*, he is likely
not to come; *es* wird sich — *nicht* thun lassen,
it will hardly be feasible; *Sie* werden es —
erhalten haben, you will doubtless have re-
ceived it; *daß* sich sich — *vorstellen*, that
might indeed (or easily) have been foreseen;
nichts kann (daß) — *klarer* sein, surely, no-
thing can be clearer; *ich* sehe —, I clearly see;
ich habe es — *gedacht*, I thought so indeed;
ich habe es — *gehört* gedacht, I have heard it
ten times, I believe; *ich* kann es — *wieder* fin-
den, I may possibly find it again; *so* — *als*
(auch), as well as; *nicht* je — ..., *als* (viel-
mehr), not so properly ... as.

II. *s. (str.)* *n.* weal, good, benefit, interest, well-being, welfare; *bes* gerime —, public interest, commonweal, commonwealth; *bes ewige* —, eternal welfare, salvation; — und *Uebel*, weal and woe; *ich werde Dir ein* — und *Uebel beistehen*, I shall stand by you for better for worse or come fair come foul; *auf Semand's* — trinfen, to drink a person's health. [*worthful.*]

Behl'achtbār, adj. respected, esteemed.
Behlan', inf. well (then)! — es sei darum!
 done! let it be so!

Beh' ..., *in comp.* — **angebracht**, *adj.* well-timed, reasonable; — **aufständig**, *adj.* well-becoming, well-becoming, sitting, decent; — **anständigelt**, *f.* decency, decorum; — **bedacht**, *f.* — **bedächtig**, *i. adj.* well thought on, well-considered, deliberate; *II. adv.* deliberately, considerably, promeditately, on purpose; — **besinnen**, *m.* well-being, good health; — **befugt**, *adj.* well qualified, competent, of authority; — **besagt**, *adj.* well-answered, possessed of talents; — **begründet**, *adj.* founded on good and valid reasons or strong probabilities, well-founded; — **bezüglich**, *adj.* comfortable, easy; easily circumstanced; — **behalten**, *m.* comfort, comfortable feeling; — **behalten**, *adj.* 1) safe, in safety; in good health; 2) safe and sound, well-conditioned, in good condition; — **behalten**, *adj. Sport.* long-eared (of dogs); — **bekannt**, *adj.* well-known, renowned; — **befestigt**, *adj.* corpulent, stout; — **befestigtelt**, *f.* sound state of the body from proper nourishment; corpulence, obesity; — **bezeichnet**, *adj.* t. above-mentioned; — **berechnet**, *adj.* well-calculated; well-planned; — **beredt**, *adj.* eloquent; — **befestigen**, *adj.* well-conditioned, in good condition or preservation; — **besetzt**, *adj.* well-occupied, well-filled, well-stored; — **bestellt**, *adj.* (t & *ind.* well or duly appointed; — **bestanden**, *adj. Bud.* well-stocked with trees, well-wooded, well-timbered; — **betagt**, *adj.* stricken in years; — **bezeugt**, *adj.* well-known, well-remembered; conscious; — **blinnet**, *m. conf.* eye-servant, pleaser, pick-thank; — **ebel**, *adj.* well-respected; — **edelgehoeren**, *adj.* well and genteelly born; — **ehrwürdig**, *adj.* revered; *Gen.* — **ehrwürden**, *your* reverence, reverend Sir.

Beh'len, (w.) v. intr. (with *Dat.*) coll. to cause agreeable feelings (to), to benefit.

Beſt'..., *in comp.* —erfahren, *adj.* well-experienced, well-skilled; —ergehen, *n.* well-being, welfare, prosperity; —erhalten, *adj.* see —beſahren, 2; die Gemälde waren noch jo —erhalten, the paintings were still in such a state of (good) preservation; —erwägen, *adj.* well thought on, well-considered, well-

weighed; —*erwerben*, *adj.* well-acquired; —*erzeugen*, *adj.* well-bred; —*fahrt*, *f.* well, welfare, well-being, prosperity, happiness, felicity, good luck; —*festschreiben*, *tr. v.* m. committee of public safety; —*festschreiben*, *f.* police-(court) for the public security and health; —*feil*, *adj.* cheap, inexpensive; low (price); *adv.* cheap, cheaply; —*fernen*, *to* buy cheap; to have a good or dead bargain; —*fernen*, *to* sell cheap; to give a good bargain; —*feller*, *adv.* for less, at a lower price; *er verkauft —feller als wir*, he undersells us; —*felle*, *feilheit*, *f.* cheapness; —*gerartet*, *adj.* well-natured, well-disposed, well-mannered; —*gebau(e)t*, *adj.* well-built; well-shaped; —*gebildet*, *adj.* well-formed, well-shaped, well-favoured, well-featured; well-made, handsome; —*geboren*, *adj.* well-born (a title of address, growing out of fashion); —*gebohrer Herr* or *Em.* —*geboren*, *Sir*; —*gebeizen*, *n.* thriving, prosperity; —*gefallen*, *n.* liking, well, pleasure, delight, zest, satisfaction; —*gefallen haben an ... (with Dat.)*, to take delight in ..., to have a great liking for ...; —*gefällig*, *adj.* 1) pleasant, agreeable; 2) satisfied, contented; *etwas Gott —gefälliges*, a thing well pleasing to God; —*gefühl*, *n.* pleasant feeling, agreeable sensation; —*gefüllt*, *adj.* well-stored; —*gegründet*, *adj.* well-grounded, *cf.* —*gegründet*; —*gekannt*, *adj.* in a good humour, *see* —*grunth*, I; —*gelegenz*, *adj.* well-situated; —*geleitet*, *adj.* well-directed; —*gelungen*, *adj.* successful; well-executed; —*gemeint*, *adj.* well-intended, well-meant; sincere; —*gemuth*, I *adj.* well-humoured, cheerful, gay, merry, sprightly; II. *n.* *Bel.* wild marjoram, orygan (*Origanum vulgare* L.); —*gemüth*, *adj.* well-fed, corpulent; —*gemüth*, *adj.* affectionate, favourable, kind; —*genuss*, *m.* full enjoyment; —*geordnet*, *adj.* well-ordered, well-arranged, well-regulated; —*gerathen*, *adj.* 1) well-performed, well-executed; 2) well-bred; —*geruch*, *m.* (sweet) scent, fragrance, flavour, odoriferousness, redolence; —*geschaffen*, *adj.* *see* —*gebildet*; —*geschmack*, *m.* agreeable taste or relish, flavour; —*geachtet*, *adj.* well-turned (compliment), well-worded (sermon, &c.); —*gekannt*, *adj.* well-disposed, well-minded, well-intentioned; —*geklüftet*, *adj.* well-mannered, well-behaved; *ein —geklüftes Büchel*, *fig.* a well-lined purse; —*gekleit*, *f.* fine shape; —*gekleidet*, *adj.* well-made, well-formed; —*gethan*, *adj.* well done; *ein —getroffenes Bild*, a striking likeness; —*geübt*, *adj.* well-practised, expert, able; —*gewählt*, *adj.* well-chosen, well-selected; —*gewogen*, *adj.* well-affected, very kind, benevolent; —*gewogenheit*, *f.* benevolence, kindness, favour; —*gewogen*, *adj.* well-educated, well-bred; —*gewogenheit*, *f.* good breeding, good manners; —*haben*, *n.* *hüßig*, *adj.* opulent, affluent, substantial, well-to-do, well off; —*habenheit*, *f.* opulence, affluence; —*hergebracht*, *adj.* established by long usage, well-established.

Bef'lig, *adj.* comfortable, cosy, cheerful.

Wohl! ..., *in comp.* -flang, -fant, *n.* pleasing tone, agreeable sound; euphony; -flingeb, -fanteb, *adj.* well sounding; harmonious; euphonic; -flattig, *adj.* euphonic; -leben, *n.* high-life, good cheer or living, merry life, feasting, banqueting, luxury; -leber, *m.* good liver; -löstig, *adj.* highly esteemed (as title); -lust, *f.* see Belust; -meinen, *n.* well-meaning, well-wishing, kindness; -meinend, *II. adj.* well-meaning, well-wishing, well-meant, well-intentioned; kind, friendly; *II. adv.* with a good intention; -meinende, (*decl. like adj.*) *n.* well-wisher; -reden, *adj.* eloquent; -redend, *f.* eloquence, well-speaking, elegance of speech; -reichend, *adj.* sweet

scented, sweet-smelling, odoriferous, fragrant; redolent; —*riechende* Kräuter, sweet herbs; —*riechende* Sachen, perfumes, sweets; —*schmeckend*, *m. sss* —*geschmack*; —*schmeckend*, *adj.* well-tasted; —*schmecker*, *m. sss* *Gustschmecker*; —*sein*, *n.* good health, well-being, welfare, prosperity, comfort; [*altpl. for: ich trinke*] auf *3tr* —*sein* (*Acc.*) to your health! cf. *Gejundheit*; —*stund*, *m.* 1) decency, decorum; good manners; 2) welfare, prosperity; health, comfort; fortune, property; —*tage*, *m. pl.* *provinc.* life of ease and luxury; —*that*, *f.* 1) good action; 2) benefit, boon; favour, kindness; *Ginem* —*theten* erzeigen, to confer benefits upon ...; —*thäter*, *m.* benefactor, favourer, beneficent man; —*thäterin*, *f.* benefactress; —*thätig*, *adj.* 1) beneficent, charitable; 2) advantageous, salutary; —*thätigkeit*, *f.* beneficence, charity; —*thätigkeitsanstalt*, *f.* charitable institution; —*thätigkeitsball*, *m.* charity ball; —*thun*, (*str.*) *n. intr.* 1) to do well, to produce agreeable feelings; 2) to do good, to benefit, favour, befriending; es hat mir sehr wohlgethan, I have derived or experienced great benefit from it; des wohlthunenden Grün der Wiesen, the grateful green of the meadows; —*thunlich*, *adj.* *ss* —*lautend*; —*unterrichtet*, *adj.* well-informed; —*verdienst*, *adj.* well-deserved; well-merited; condign; —*verdienstmaß*, *adv.* very deservedly; —*vergiß*, *adj.* well fenced; —*verhalten*, *n.* good conduct, good behaviour, &c.; —*verloren*, *adj.* well-stoppered. *Wohlfahrt*, (*str.*) *n.* *Bot.* mountain arnica, leopard's-bane (*Arnica montana* L.). *Wohl*..., *in comp.* —*versehen*, *adj.* well-provided, well-stored, well-found; —*versehen*, *adj.* well-understood; —*versucht*, *adj.* *ss* —*erfahren*; —*bewahrt*, *adj.* well-guarded, well-protected; well taken care of, well preserved; —*weise*, *adj.* very wise; —*weislich*, *adv.* very wisely, prudently; —*wissen*, *adj.* well-knowing; —*wollen*, *I. (str.) v. intr.* (*with Dat.*) to wish well, to be kindly disposed (towards), to favour, befriending, cf. *Wohltun*, 2; *II. v. s. (str.) n.* well-wishing, good-will, benevolence, kindness; favour; *3tr* *ernennen* — *mid* besten empfehlen, requesting your further favours, soliciting a continuance of your favour and countenance; —*wollen*, *adj.* well-wishing, benevolent; —*wünscher*, *m.* well-wisher; —*ziemlich*, *adj.* well-becoming, suitable. *Wohnbar*, *I. adj.* habitable, convenient; *II. W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* habitableness. *Wohnbänk*, (*str.*) *Sport.* *n.* couch or seat of a wild boar. *Wohnen*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to live, to dwell, abide, reside, lodge; *, to be enthroned (in), wo wohnt sie? where does she live? *Sie* — *sich* bequemt, you are well accommodated; bei *Ginem* —, to lodge in one's house or with one; auf dem Lande —, to live in the country; in der Stadt —, to reside in town; er wohnt bei deinem Bruder, he lives at your brother's; Vögel — auf Bäumen, birds lodge on trees; am Orte m-d, resident (partner), auswärts m-d, residing abroad. *Wohnrde*, (*w.*) *f.* habitable globe. *Wohnerschaft*, (*w.*) *f.* *ss* *Einkohnerschaft*. *Wohngebäude*, (*str.*) *n.* *ss* *Wohnhaus*. *Wohnhaft*, *adj.* dwelling, living, abiding; resident; — *sein*, to be an inhabitant (of ...); *sich* — niederlassen, to fix one's abode, to settle; to become domiciliated in a place. *Wohn...*, *in comp.* —*haus*, *n.* dwelling house; —*keller*, *m.* habitable cellar. *Wohnlich*, *I. adj.* habitable, &c. (*Wohnbar*); comfortable, snug; *II. W-felt*, (*w.*) *f.* habitableness; comfortableness. *Wohnort*, (*str.*) *Wohnplatz*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wohnplätze* *m.*, *Wohnstatt*, *Wohnstätte*, (*w.*) *f.* dwelling-place, abiding-place, habi-

tation; den *Wohnort* verlegen, to remove, to change residence; am *Wohnort* des *Kunststellers*, *Comm.* at the domicile of the drawer; *Wohnstätte* der *Elnde* &c., abode or haunt of sin, &c. *Wohnrecht*, (*str.*) *n.* *ss* *Heimat(h)recht*. *Wohnsam*, *adj.* *ss* *Wohnlich*. *Wohn...*, *in comp.* —*stg*, *m.* domicile; abode, residence; —*stube*, *f.* (*lit.* dwelling-room) sitting-room, day-room. *Wohnung*, (*w.*) *f.* dwelling, domicile, abode, habitation, mansion, lodging; residence; *fric* — *haben*, to have lodging free; *W-anziger*, *m.* directory; *W-anziger* von London, Post-office London directory; *W-beränderung*, *f.* *W-wechsel*, *m.* change of residence, removal. *Wohn...*, *in comp.* —*jimmer*, *n.* *ss* —*stube*; —*jins*, *m.* (house)-front. *Wohr*, (*str.*) *m.*, *Wohrde*, (*w.*) *f.* *provinc.* *ss* *Werder*. *Wohl*, (*str.*) *m.* *lit.* saddle-blanket. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *m.* *Vayode*, *Waywode*, *Palatine*. — *Wohlschaft*, *f.* waywodeship, palatinate. *Wohl*, *adv.* *ss* *Wohl*. *Wohlsagen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Archit.* arch of a vault, cf. *Gewölbbogen*. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *v. I. str.* to vault, arch; einen *Bogen* —, to spring an arch; ein gewölbtes *Fenster*, bow-window; *II. ref.* to arch; to extend like an arch. *Wohls...*, *in comp.* *Archit-s.* —*flügel*, *f.* (äußere) extrados; (innere) intrados; —*gerüst*, *n.* *ss* *Schgerüst*; —*höhe*, *f.* rising of a vault. *Wohlsig*, *adj.* arched, vaulted, like a vault; curved. *Wohls...*, *in comp.* —*richtigkeit*, *n.* *Mas.* vaulting-ruler; *Archit-s.* —*schicht*, *f.* course of arch-stones; —*stärke*, *f.* thickness of the vaulting; —*stein*, *m.* arch-stone, vousoir; —*stütze*, *f.* supporter of a vault. *Wohlsung*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) vault, vaulting; 2) curvature; 3) curved elevation, bow; *Anat-s.* — *des* Gaumens, roof of the mouth; — *der* Nase, arch of the nose; — *des* Rückens, curve of the back; dem Rücken eines Buches — *geben*, *Book-b.* to turn the back of a book. *Wohls*, (*str.*) *pl.* *Wohls* *m.* 1) *Zool.* wolf (*Canis lupus* L.); 2) *Ichth.* a) *ss* *Stichling*; b) *ss* *Eschmoll*; 3) *ss* *Rornwurm*; 4) *Med-s.* a) inflammation of or wound in the skin brought on by friction, gall; *sich* (*Dal.*) einen — *reiben*, to lose leather in riding; b) wolf (a tubercular excrescence or ulcer); c) witlow; 5) *ss* *Maute*, 3; 6) *ss* *Giffen*; 7) *ss* *Frucht*; 8) *Hort.* *ss* *Käuber*, 3; 9) a kind of fishing-net; 10) *Mar.* lower counter; 11) *ss* *Haighobel*; 12) lynch-pin; 13) *Archit.* a) crane-iron; b) ridge-beam (of a roof); 14) *Mill.* dog-willy, stone; 15) *Mech.* opening or devilling machine, devil, plucker; 16) *Rope-m.* rope-top; 17) (*children's game*) der — *und* die *Schafe*, the wolf and the sheep, fox and geese; 18) *provinc.* a) a cow with a grey back; b) a peasant's coat of a grey colour; *proverb-s.* wenn man vom *W-e* spricht, so ist er nicht weit, to mention the wolf's name is to see the same; wer unter den *Wölfen* ist, muß mit heulen, when you are in Rome you must do as they do there. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mech.* to devil, willy. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to whelp, puppy. *Wohls*, (*str.*) *adj.* *Minor.* tungstic, containing tungsten. *Wohls*, *coll.* *ss* *Wohls*. *Wohls*, (*str.*) *m.* *Sport.* wolf-dog. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *f.* she-wolf. *Wohls*, *adj.* wolfish. *Wohls*, (*str.*) *pl.* *W-männer* *m.* wolf-man, *ss* *Wohls*. *Wohls*, (*m.*) 1) *Wolf* (*P. N.*); 2)

(*str.*) *Minor.* wolfram, tungsten; *Chem-s.* das —*saure Salz*, tungstate; —*saure*, *f.* tungstic acid. *Wohls...*, *in comp.* —*angel*, *f.* *Sport.* *ss* —*cifen*, 3; —*auge*, *n.* 1) wolf's eye; 2) *Minor.* a) adularia, moon-stone; b) cat's eye; —*baug*, *m.* skin or hide of a wolf, wolf's-skin; —*bä*, *m.* *Zool.* volvere (Gulo borealis L.); —*bar*, *m.* *Ichth.* bass (Eeerbar); *Bot-s.* —*be*, *n.* *ss* *Keller*, 2, b; —*berre*, *f.* 1) herb Paris, true love, one-berry (*Paris quadrifolia* L.); 2) deadly nightshade (*Atropa belladonna* L.); 3) bear-berry (*Bärentraube*); —*biß*, *m.* 1) bite of a wolf; 2) *ss* —*gebis*; —*böhne*, *f.* wolf's-bean, lupine (*Lupinus* L.); —*brut*, *f.* brood, young of wolves; —*cifen*, *n.* 1) spear (in the chase of wolves); 2) *Metall.* bloom-iron; 3) —*fall*, *f.* iron trap for catching wolves, caltrop; —*ciffen*, *m.* *Bot.* dog's-bane, great yellow wolf's-bane (*Aconitum lycoctonum* L.); —*fang*, *m.* 1) act of catching wolves, wolf's-chase; 2) *ss* —*cifen*, 3; —*fener*, *n.* *Metall.* bloomery; —*finder*, *m.* *Sport.* wolf-dog; —*flügel*, *m.* *Ichth.* sea-wolf (Eeerwolf); —*flügel*, *m.* *Bot.* aquatic or water horehound (*Lycopsis europæus* L.); —*garn*, *n.* net for catching wolves; —*gebis*, *n.* 1) jaws and teeth of a wolf; 2) a kind of horse-bit, scatch-mouth; —*gegent*, *n.* howling of a wolf; —*geschwanz*, *f.* *ss* *Wohls*, 4, b; —*gestift*, *n.* *Bot.* black wild bugloss (*Lycopsis arvensis* L.); —*gift*, *n.* *ss* —*ciffen*; —*graben*, *m.* *ss* —*grube*, 2; —*gran*, *adj.* gray like a wolf, wolf-coloured; —*grube*, *f.* 1) wolf's-trap; 2) *Port.* pitfall; —*haut*, *f.* wolf's-skin; —*hög*, —*hege*, *f.* wolf-baiting; —*hund*, *m.* wolf-dog; —*hunger*, *m.* canine appetite, hungry evil; —*jagd*, *f.* wolf-hunting; —*lasten*, *m.* *Sport.* wolf's burrow, hole, den; —*licht*, *f.* *Bot.* deadly nightshade (—*berre*, 2); —*flame*, *f.* *Bot.* wolf's-claw; common club-moss (*Lycopodium* L.); —*flinge*, *f.* a two-edged flexible sword-blade (made at Solingen); —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* wolf's-bane, acornite (—*ciffen*); —*lager*, *m.* *Haut.* form, haunt of a wolf; —*magen*, *m.* *ss* enormous appetite; —*milch*, *f.* *Bot.* wolf's-milk, euphorbia (*Euphorbia* L.); —*monat*, *m.* *provinc.* January; —*netz*, *n.* *ss* —*garn*; —*ofen*, *Metall.* high-bloomery-furnace; —*pelz*, *m.* fur of wolves, wolf's pelt; —*raden*, *m.* 1) a wolf's mouth; 2) *Med.* malformation of the palate; —*raß*, *ss* *Wohls*, 2; —*schucht*, *f.* wolf's glen; —*schote*, *f.* *Bot.* garden-bean (*Seubohne*, 1); —*schrot*, *m.* shot for killing wolves; —*spiel*, *n.* *ss* *Wohls*, 17; —*sturm*, *m.* *ss* —*ciffen*; —*teb*, *m.* —*wurz*, *f.* *ss* —*frant*; —*traube*, *f.* *ss* —*fische*; —*zahn*, *m.* 1) wolf's-tooth, long, pointed tooth; 2) *Conch.* wolf's-tooth-shell (*Dentalium entalis* L.); 3) *Corp.* briar-tooth; —*zeug*, *m.* equipage for wolf-hunting. *Wohls*, (*str.*) *f.* *ss* *Gänse*. — *Wohls*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *ss* *Ruden*, *I.* *Wohls*, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Wolfe*) small or fleecy cloud; cloud, saw (in precious stones); *Med-s.* film, nebula (in the eye); cloud, flake (in urine). *Wohls*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) cloud; 2) festoon (of a curtain); 3) *ss* *Wetterhaufen*; 4) *loc.* *ss* *W-n* *perücke*. *Wohls*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cloud, to cover with clouds; *sich* —, *ref.* to cloud over, to grow overcast. *Wohls...*, *in comp.* &c. —*ach*, *m.* clouded agate; *wollensaun*, *adv.* up to the clouds; —*artig*, *adj.* like clouds; —*bauf*, *ss* —*lager*; —*beere*, *f.* *Bot.* mountain-bramble, cloud-berry (*Empetrum*); —*beleidet*, —*bebrüt*, *adj.* *, cloud-capt; —*berg*, *m.* 1) cloud-capped mountain; 2) mountain or mass of clouds; —*bruch*, *m.* bursting of a cloud, sudden and violent shower of rain, rain-spout; —*baum*, *m.* *ss* —*lager*; —*bede*, *f.* cover

of clouds, canopy; —**Wolke**, *m.* mist; —**fanger**, *m.* (mariner's) great-coat; —**flug**, *m.* current of clouds; —**frei**, *adj.* see —**leer**; —**gebirge**, *f.* see —**berg**; —**geflügel**, *n.* phantom.

Wolkenhaft, *adj.* cloud-like, cloudy.
Wolke, *in comp.* —**himmel**, *m.* that part of the atmosphere where the clouds are formed, wolkin, skies; —**hoch**, *adj.* as high as the clouds; —**horn**, *n.* —**kegel**, *m.* see —**tute**; —**lager**, *n.* bank of clouds; —**leer**, wolkenlos, *adj.* cloudless, serene; —**meer**, *m.* ocean of clouds; —**perücke**, *f.* large, curly periwig; —**fünfe**, *f.* *Script.* cloudy pillar; —**saum**, *m.* border of a cloud; —**schnee**, *f.* see —**tute**; —**schmitt**, *m.* *Herold.* nebuly fesse; —**schweiß**, *m.* rain; —**strägerreife**, *f.* *Archit.* nebulo-cornel-table; —**tute**, *f.* *Conch.* a species of cone (*Conus geographus* L.); der **Himmel** [ist] —**verhangen** (*Gabel.*) the skies with clouds are curtains (*Baskerv.*); —**würde**, *see* —**an**; —**weit**, *see* —**hoch**; —**gersteneub**, *adj.* cloud-dispelling; —**jag**, *m.* current of clouds.

Wolkenfanger, (*str.* pl. **Wolkenfänger**) *m.* see **Wolkenfänger**.

Wolke, *adj.* 1) cloudy, nebulous; 2) maddy, obscure; 3) flaky (diamond); cine-w-e **Perücke**, see **Wolkenperücke**.

Wolke, *adj.* cloudy, clouded.

Wolle, *in comp.* —**ähnlich**, *adj.* resembling wool, wool-like, woolly; —**arbeit**, *f.* work in wool or worsted; —**arbeiter**, *m.* man that makes woollen or worsted things; wool-picker, wool-sorter; —**artig**, *adj.* of the nature of wool, woolly; —**aufsteher**, *m.* wool-driver; —**ausfuhr**, *f.* exportation of wool; —**baum**, *m.* *Bot.* silk cotton-tree (*Bombax* L.); —**bereiter**, *m.* wool-dresser; —**blume**, *f.* *Bot.* 1) kidney-vetch (*Anthyllus* L.); 2) mullein (*Verbascum* L.); —**bohen**, *m.* wool-loft; —**bogen**, *m.* see **Wachbogen**; —**bohne**, *f.* *Bot.* pigeon-pea.

Wolle, (*w.* f.) 1) wool; 2) *Sport.* hair (of rabbits, &c.); 3) *Bot.* down, wool; vom **Luch** abgefehrte —, shearing-locks; — von **Ähren** und **Haaren**, prime mother; — von **Schneefel** und **Schwanz**, seconds; — von **Hals** und **Bauch**, thirds; langhaarige —, long-staple, combing-wools; kurzhaarige —, carding or cloth-wools; spanische **Mittelw.**, choice locks; farge, feine —, carding wool; T-s. unfere **Musbeute** an —, our clip of wool; die — ist **stark**, the wool is strong; gesund, sound; strong; geschmeidig, soft; hart, hard; klar, clear; beladen, dingy; hungrig, hungry; böseartig, bad; krank, sick, poorly grown; klein gebaut, small-grown; groß gebaut, full-grown; breit gebaut, long-grown; flüchtig gemacht, loose grown; futterig, moisty; mächtig gemacht, dingy, heavy; leer und hoch, hollow, lofty; gewirnt, curly; zäh, tough; wergig, tow; gleichförmig und biegsam, true-haired; verworren, entangled; schönst gefärbt, bad stapled; die — hat zu viel **Abgang**, the wool has too many locks; in der — färben, to dye in grain, to engrain; *coll-s.* in der — gefärbt, *fig.* true, staunch; in der — sein, or sitzen, to be in affluence, anal. to live in clover; er hat dabei **feine** — (*cf.* **Seide**) geponnen, he has gained nothing by it.

Wollen, *adj.* woollen; m-e **Strümpfe**, worsted stockings.

Wollen, (*irr.* v. tr. & *intr.* 1) to will, to be willing, to please or be pleased, to have a mind, to propose, intend; to desire, wish, want; to choose; 2) to require; 3) to pretend, assert; 4) to be about, to be going to (do, &c.), to be on the point or eve; to be ready; ohne es zu —, inadvertently, unintentionally; **Einem** wohl —, to wish one well, *cf.* **Wohlmögen**, L.; **Einem** übel —, to bear one an ill-will, to mean one ill; ich will, I intend (to do it, &c.); ich wollte es, 1. I willed it, I would have it so, it was my pleasure; 2. I

wished to have it; nicht —, to be unwilling, to refuse, decline; to object; er will es, aber er hat es nicht sagen —, he knows it, but he did not like to say so; er wird es Ihnen nicht sagen —, he will not like to tell it; ich will nicht, I will not, I won't; der **Strick** will nicht halten, the cord will not hold; nicht daran —, to be averse to do a thing, coll. to hang back; ich will es nicht gesehen haben, 1. let us (suppose or) say I have not seen it; 2. I will look upon it as not having seen it; 3. I desire that no one may see it; wenn Sie —, if you will, if you choose or please; — Sie keine Zeit verlieren, please lose no time; bei **Rechnen** — Sie darauf achten, daß Sie ..., in making remittances you should be particular to ...; was — Sie? what do you want? what would you have? what is your desire? what will you be pleased to have? der **Zufall** wollte, daß ich das **Buch** verlor, as misfortune would have it, I lost the book; er befohl aber wenn man will, er hat, daß ..., he commanded or, if the expression be desirable, he requested that ...; ich will bleiben; was willst du? I am for remaining here; what are you for? hatte er es vergessen oder wollte er sich geistlich nicht erinnern, had he forgotten (it), or did he not care to remember; sie sprach lauter als sie wollte, she raised her voice more than she meant to do; nehmen Sie, was Sie —, take what (or which) you choose, take any; ich wollte gern wissen, I should like to know; ich wollte nicht gern erkannt sein, I do (did) not wish to be known or recognised; wenn man ihm glauben wollte, if one were to believe him; wollte man sie einer Prüfung unterziehen, were they to be submitted to an examination; wenn sie durchaus betrogen sein —, if they are contented to be deceived; er will durchaus bezahlt sein, he insists to be or upon being paid; — Sie eine **Rufte**? *coll.* (do you) want a coach, Sir? was will sie denn (eigentlich)? what would she be at? ich will, daß du es thust, I want you to do it; er will sie soll singen, he wants her to sing; ich will nicht, daß du es sagen sollst, I will not have you say it; wenn Sie —, daß ich wieder gesund werden soll, if you would have me recover; zu wem — Sie? whom do you look for? whom is it you want? was willst du von ihr? what do you want of her? what would you with her? er will sich schlagen, he has a mind to fight; sie will gehen, she means, intends, or offers to go; ich wollte zu deinem Bruder gehen, fand ihn aber nicht, I went to see your brother, &c.; will's Gott, so Gott will, if God please, if it (or an't) please God, God willing; wie Gott will, as God may ordain, at the will of God; das wollte Gott nicht! God forbid! wollte Gott! would to God! was will ich machen? what can I do? was — wir uns geben lassen? what shall we order? was — wir sagen wenn man uns fragt? what shall we say if we are asked? machen können was man will, to (be able or to be allowed to) do any thing one likes; er mag sagen was er will, he may (or let him) say what he chooses; geben Sie mir was Sie —, *Comm.* you may have (or take) it at your own price; man mag — oder nicht, do what you will (or choose), willing or unwilling; er mag — oder nicht, er mag wohl oder übel —, whether he like it or not, *coll.* will he will he; was will er damit sagen? what does he mean by that? er weiß nicht, was er will, he does not know his own mind; ich weiß, was du willst, I know your intention; mo — Sie hin? which way do you want to go? ich sehe wo Sie hin —, I see your drift; ich will es gern gelogen haben, I shall be glad if what I have said, proves false; ich will gern sehen, wo das hinaus will, from. I long to see the issue of it; er set mer er wollte,

whoever he be; es mag geschehen, was da will, happen what may, whatever happens; man betrachte es wie man will, es ist gleichgültig, it is worse in every point of view; dem sei wie ihm wolle, be that as it may, be it as it will, however it be; er will sterben, he is dying; es will regnen, it is going to rain; unzufallen —, to be ready to fall; wenn man ertrinken will, heißt man nach einem Strohhalm, a drowning man will catch at a straw; mit dem Kopf durch die Wand treiben wollen, to persist obstinately on one's will, to be bent on ...; diese Sache will in Acht genommen sein, this matter requires or needs to be or must be taken much care of; es will nicht gehen, it won't do or go; der **Feind** will nicht halten, the glue won't stick; ich wollte nur (or bloß) sagen, daß ..., I merely wished to say, that; I was only going to say; er wollte nur spaßen, he was only joking; was wollte ich denn sagen? what was it I was going to say? ich wollte eben sagen, I was (just) going to observe; er wollte eben gehen, sprechen &c., he was about to go, speak, &c.; es will ihm nicht einleuchten, he can't understand it; was will das sagen? what is the meaning of that? what of that? das will viel sagen, that is saying a great deal; das will nichts sagen, that does not matter or is (a matter) of no consequence, *coll.* It goes for nothing; das **Wort** will mehr sein als eine Compliment, the work purports or professes to be more than a compliment; sie wollen es gesehen haben, they assert to have seen it; er will das Wunder selbst gesehen haben, he pretends to have seen the miracle himself; es will mir scheinen, als ob ..., it seems to me, as if ...; diese **Lebensart** will mir nicht recht bekommen, this manner of living does not (*coll.* won't) agree with me; es will mir nicht munden, I cannot reconcile it to my appetite; ich will nicht hoffen, daß ..., let me not hope ..., I hope (he is not ill, &c.); im **Fall** eines **Verlustes**, den wir nicht hoffen —, in case of a loss which we trust will not occur; wir — froh sein, let us be rejoice; **prose-w.** was du nicht willst, daß dir geschieht, das thue einem Andern nicht, do thy others as you would be done by; wer **Alles** will, bekommt nichts, grasp all, lose all.

Wollen, v. a. (*str.* v. volition, will; inclination, intention, mind.

Wollen, (*w.* v. *intr.* *fam.* to cast the hair.

Wollen, *in comp.* —**band**, *m.* worsted binding; —**baum**, *m.* see **Wappel**, L.; **schwarz**, *f.* woollen cloth-manufacture; —**fabrikant**, *m.* woollen cloth-manufacturer; —**garn**, *m.* woollen thread or yarn, worsted; —**handel**, *m.* trade in woollen or worsted articles; wool-trade; —**waaren**händler, *m.* woollen-draper; —**riderei**, *f.* worsted work; —**waaren**, *f.* pl. woollens, woollen goods, worsted articles, woollen stuffs; —**weber**, *m.* woollen-weaver, clothier; —**zeug**, *m.* woollen-cloth, pl. see —**waaren**.

Wollergänger, (*str.* v. a. see —**producent**.

Wolltrug, (*str.* v. a. wool-bearing, laniferous.

Wolle, *in comp.* —**fabrik**, *f.* &c. see **Wollenfabrik** x.; —**farbene** or —**farbige** **Zude**, cloths dyed in the wool; —**färber**, *f.* wool-dyer; —**färberet**, *f.* 1) dyeing of wool; 2) wool-dyer's manufactory; —**fecht**, *f.* see **Wollfecht**; —**flechte**, *f.* lock of wool, flock; —**garn**, *m.* woollen yarn; worsted, bay; —**geschift**, *m.* wool-business, see —**handlung**; —**gras**, *n.* *Bot.* cotton-grass (*Eriophorum* L.); —**haar**, *m.* wool-hair; —**haarig**, *adj.* wool-haired; —**handel**, *m.* wool-trade; —**händler**, *m.* wool-merchant, dealer in wool; (im **Ören**) wool-etaple or merchant; —**handlung**, *f.* wool-establishment; —**hase**, *m.* *Zool.* pamp-hare (*Lagotimus* Brooke).

Wol'lig, *adj.* woolly: 1) or **Wol'sicht**, resembling wool; 2) furnished with wool; *Wol-laniferous*: die m-e Beschaffenheit woolliness.

Wool...., in comp. —**famm**, m. wool-card; —**fämmmer**, m. wool-carder, wool-comber, wool-dresser; —**fämmma**[**fämne**], f. wool-combing machine; —**flee**, m. *See* **f-lume**, 1; —**flepfer**, m. *see* —**fäglager**; —**fopf**, m. 1) woolly or curly head; 2) *Bod.* eriocephalus; —**fträmp**, **fäl**, —**frage**, f. (wool-card); —**fträmpfer**, m. wool-carder; —**fträmpfama**[**fämne**], —**fträmpma**[**fämne**], f. *see* **Strämpma**[**fämne**]; —**frant**, m. *see* —**fäime**, 2; —**feler**, m. *see* —**förtirer**; —**marft**, m. wool-market; —**matrage**, f. wool mattress; —**mauf**, f. *Zool.* chinchilla (*Brydson's Licht*); —**meffe**, f. wool-aiir; —**meffer**, m. instrument for ascertaining the fineness of wool, oriometer; —**muffelin**, m. mousseline-laine; —**pel**, m. fur coat (of sheep's skin); —**piß**[**f**], m. worsted shag; —**prübent**, m. wool-stapler, wool-grower; —**rad**, m. wheel for spinning wool; —**reifer**, m. wool-carder; —**fed**, m. wool-sack, wool-pack; —**femmet**, m. plush; —**fäere**, f. wool-shears; —**fäglager**, m. wool-beater; —**fälmper**, m. oiler; —**fämiere**, f. yolk; —**fäuppen**, m. wool-sheer; —**fäur**, f. shearing, shearing-time; —**fäweter**, m. *Entom.* a species of fly (*Bombus* L.); —**förtirer**, m. sorting of wool; —**förtirer**, m. wool-sorter, wool-picker; —**fäpinner**, m. wool-spinner; —**fäpinneret**, f. wool-spinning; wool-spinning-factory; —**fäpinurfin**, f. wool-spinner; —**fätreiger**, m. *see* —**fämmmer**; —**tapefe**, f. flock-paper or hanging; —**thier**, laniferous animal or cattle.

Wollust, (*str.*, *pl.* *Wollüste*) *f.* 1) high degree of pleasure, bliss; 2) delight, sensual pleasure; voluptuousness, sensuality, lust, luxury; —*atmend*, *adj.* breathing delight; voluptuous; —*becher*, *m.* cup of delight.

Beifügig, I. *adj.* voluptuous, sensual, lustful, libidinous; II. **Beifügig**, (*w.*) *f.* voluptuousness. [*tuary, sensualist, libertine.*]

Wol'üstler, Wol'üstling, (str.) *m.* volup-
Wol'üstlerische (*m*) *f.* venereal disease.

wool-knapping, (*n. s.*) *f.* venereal disease.
Woll..., in comp. —waaren, *pl. see* Wol-
lenwaaren; —wäſche, *f.* washing of wool.
wool-washing or scouring; —wäſcherel, *f.*
wool-washing establishment; —weber, *m.*
weaver in wool, woollen-weaver; —weibe, *f.*
Bot. bay-leaved willow (*Salix pentandra* L.);
—werf, *m. see* waaren; —writter, *m. see* —
weber; —zunſter, —zunſter, *m. see* —arbeiter;
—zeſenre, *m.* tithe paid of or in wool; —zü-
chter, *m.* wool-grower. *see* Schafzüchter.

Bol'werfne, (w.) f. Zool. wolverene.
Bol'werfci, (str.) n. (of uncertain etymology) Bot. mountain-arnica.

Wombat, (*str.*) *m.* Zool. wombat.
Womit, *adv. rel. & interrog.* [*emphat.* **Womit**?] wherewith; by which; — *sich die Rechnung ansgleicht*, which settles the account, whereby the account is squared.

Bondh', *interrog.* [*emphat.* **Bo'nach'**?] &
rel. after what, &c. see **Bornach**. [*which*.

Bon'ben, *adv.* at the side of which, near

Bon'ne, (*w.*) *f.* delight, pleasure, joy;
 bliss: rapture: noster — brimful of glee: in

bliss: rapture; ecstacy; -brunn, *n.*, ornamental or glee; *the comp.* -*beraust, see* -trunten; -*feld, *n.**, garden, blissful garden, paradise; -*gemurmel, *n.**, murmure of delight; -*leben, *n.**, delicious or blissful life; -*monat, *m.**, May; -*reich, *adj.**, delicious, abounding in delights, very sweet; -*feld, *adj.**, enraptured; -*tag, *m.**, delightful or blissful day; -*taumel, *m.**, intoxication of bliss, rapture; -*trunten, *adj.**, intoxicated with delight, in raptures. [delightful, blissful.

Bon'nig (Bon'nefem, Bon'nigliſh), *adj.*
Boran', *adv.* *rel. & interrog.* [emphat.

Wo'ran?] whereon, whereat, whereby, where-
of &c. cf. An: — erkennen Sie das? what

do you know that by? — erkennen Sie ...?
how do you know ...? ich weiß — Sie denken,
I know what you are thinking of; ich weiß
nicht — ich bin, I know not what to think of
it, I am at a loss (how to act, &c.), I do not
see my way (clearly), I am puzzled or at fault;
— hierat es? where does the fault lie?

Wo'rauf', *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat.* Wo'rauf?] whereon, whereupon, on which, upon what, whereto.

Wo-raus?, *adv. rel. & interrog.* [*emphat.* **Wo-raus?**] from what, from which, whence, whereout, out of which, whereby, by which, whereat.

Börb, (str.) *m.*, **Börbe**, (w.) *f.* provinc.
a piece of (rising) ground in marshy coun-
tries. fenced in: (river-)island.

Borein', *adv. rel. & interrog.* [emphat. **Bore'in?**] whereinto, into what, into which.

Wor'fel, (w.) *f.* see **Worfschau'fel**. — **Wor'fel'n**, (w.) *v. tr.* to fan, winnow. — **Wor'f'ler**, (*str.*) *n.* fanner, winnower. — **Wor'f'...**, *in comp.* — **schau'fel**, *f.* fan, winnowing shovel; — **trane**, *f.* fanning-floor, winnowing-floor.

Bor'gen, (w.) v. refl. & intr. to strain the throat or stomach in order to force up any thing: to retch: to choke.

Bo'rin', *adv. rel. & interrog.* [*emphat.* Bo'rin?] wherein, in what, in which; — *in-* *be-* *griffen* including

Wornach', *adv.* (*cf.* **Wonach**) after what or which; according to which; whereupon.

Worpen, m. pl. *Mar.* 1) rolling waves;
2) — des glatten Spiegels, transoma.
Worstein, (w.) v. intr. *Mar.* gegen den
Wind, to haul the wind.

A. Wort, (str. pl. Worte, when the meaning of words or their connection with each other is referred to, Wörter, with regard to their individual forms as parts of speech, &c., f. i. die Rede besteht aus Worten, speech consists of [coherent] words; das Wörterbuch erklärt die Wörter einer Sprache, the dictionary explains the [single] words of a language) n. 1) word, term; (Zusung=) parole; 2) speech; utterance; language: 3) promise: das =

Gottes, the word of God, gospel; das - neh-
men, to take the word, to begin to speak;
(in deliberative assemblies:) ums - bitten, to
request permission to speak, to request or
beg to be heard; Einrm das - crtheilen, to
grant or give one permission to speak; Einrm
das - crtheilen, to withdraw from one the
permission to speak; das - crgriffen, to
address the house (the meeting, &c.); das -
haben, 1. (das - crthalten) to be allowed to
speak; 2. to be speaking; cinem Anbern das -
abtretten, to allow some one to speak (in-
stead of one's self); wenn ich ums - bitten
durfte, if I might be permitted to say a word
das - fihren, to speak, to be the spokesman
grofe or hohe W-e, big words; das grofe
- fihren, to talk big; hohe W-e machen, to speak
in a pompous tone; cin - gab das anbere
one word called for another; W-e mit cinem an-
der haben, to come to high words, to quarrel
er will es nicht - haben, he disclaims it, will
not own it or admit the truth of it; viele W-

machén, *coll.* to make a *rigmarole*; *offen* viel *B-e* zu machén, 1. without further parley 2. or you might viel *B-e* zu machén, not to make a long story of the matter; *das* — *an* *Einem* richtén, to address one; *Einem* zu *B-* spreché, to flatter or wheedle one by adopting his sentiments; *für* *Geld* und gute *B-e* — for love and money; — *fü* —, word for (by) word; *von* — zu —, word for word, verbatim; *mit* *Einem* zu *B-*, to interrupt one verbally; *Jemandem* in *das* — *fallén*, to interrupt one; *Jemandem* gute *B-e*, *schöne B-* geben, to give one good or fair words; to beguile or entreat one, to beg pardon, to speak fair to one; *schwache B-e*, foul language; *mit* *einer*

W-*en*, in a word, in short; in or mit W-*en* aus-
drücken, to express by words; in ausgedrück-
ten W-*en*, in express terms; ich konnte nicht
W-*en* kommen, I could not throw, slip, or drop
in a word; Jemand nicht W-*en* kommen lassen,
not to allow one to speak; Jemanden mit
leeren W-*en* abspeisen, to amuse one with fair
words; Einem or einer Sache das - reden,
to intercede in one's favour, to plead for one,
to lend one's sanction to a thing, to back,
defend, support, to plead for ... or the cause
of ...; sein - geben, to give, pledge, or pass
one's word; ich würde ihn nicht schonen,
da geb' ich dir mein -, I wouldn't spare him,
I can tell you or you may take my word for
that; Einem fein - jurdigen, to release one
or set one free from his engagement; seine
W-*e* und sein Eh-*ren*, his professions and his
conduct; Sie verlieren Ihre W-*e*, you lose
your words (upon me, &c.), you lose breath;
sein - darin reden, to put in one's oar; sein
- halten, to keep one's word (Einem with
one), to be as good as one's word; er ist ein
Mann von -, man kann sich auf sein - ver-
lassen, he is a man of his word or as good as
his word; sein - nicht halten, to fail of one's
word; Einem sein - nicht halten, to disappoint
one; Einen bei seinem W-*e* lassen, halten,
nehmen, to take one at his word, call to nail
one; er hat mich beim W-*e* genommen, he has
taken me at my word; auf mein -, upon my
word; Einem auf sein - glauben, to take one
at his word; glauben Sie mir auf -, take
my word for it; ein -, ein Mann! word
of honour! done! Be beschränkt ihre Eit-
tenstreng auf W-*e*, they confine their strictness
to their lips; Einem mit W-*en* ehren, to do
one lip-honour; wir können seine W-*e* finden,
we are at a loss for words; Einem mit seinen
eigenen W-*en* schlagen, to retort upon one;
ein spissiger Geist ist ein Widerspruch schon
in den W-*en*, a luxurious Christian is a contra-
diction in terms; das - sprechen, Mar. to sing
out; prower-*s*, ein gutes - findet eine gute
Statt, a kind word always tells; je weniger
W-*e*, desto besser, least said soonest mended

B. Bört(e), provinc. see Börd.

Wort'...., in comp. —*ableiter*, *m.* etymology; —*ableitung*, *f.* etymology; —*arm*, *adj.* poor in words; —*armuth*, *f.* scarcity of words; —*anwand*, *m.* profusion of words; —*anwand*, *m.* phraseology, wording; [*erg*] *fähig* im —*anwand*, carefully worked (law, &c.); —*bau*, *m.* construction (of words); —*bestimmung*, *f.* definition; —*biegung*, *f.* *Gramm.* conjugation (of verbs), declension (of nouns); —*biegungslehre*, *f.* *Gramm.* that part of the grammar which teaches the conjugation and declension; —*bild*, *m.* figure; —*bildung*, *f.* formation of a word or words; —*bildungslehre*, *f.* *Gramm.* that part of grammar which treats of the formation of words; —*bruch*, *m.* breach of promise; —*brüdig*, *adj.* faithless (to one's word); —*brüdigke*, *m.* promise-breaker, faithless person, defaulter; —*brüdigkeit*, *f.* breach of promise, faithlessness; —*christ*, *m.* Christian in words only. *Un-Christian*.

Wörterlei, (w.) *f.* 1) wordy dispute; 2) see **Wörterram**. — **Wörterlein**, (w.) *v. inf.* to word. dispute. — **Wörten**, (w.) *v. inf.* 1) see **Wörterlein**; 2) to chat; 3) to make many words.

Wörter ..., in comp. (cf. **Wort**...) — **Wörter** (str., pl. — **Wörter**) dictionary, lexicon; vocabulary; — **Wörter**schreiber, m. lexicographer; — **Wörter**klassen, pl. *Gramm.* parts of speech.

Worterklärung, (w.) *f.* explanation of the meaning of a word. definition.

Wörterverzeichnis, (*str.*) *n.* vocabulary
Wort ..., *in comp.* — *famille*, *f.* family of words; — *stecher*, *m.* stickler for words; — *sechter*, *f.* stickling for words; — *stuck*, *m.*

—*flut*, *f.* flow of words; —*folge*, *f.* order of words; —*forſcher*, *m.* etymologist; —*forſchung*, *f.* etymology; —*fügung*, *f.* 1) order of words; construction (of a sentence); 2) (or —*fügungsſeher*) syntax; —*führer*, *m.* speaker, spokesman; foreman (of a jury); —*fülle*, *f.* abundance or redundancy of words; —*geſchäl*, *n.* see —*ſchälerei*; —*geſtingel*, *n.* jingle of words; —*geſchäftigkeit*, *f.* verbal learning; —*gepränge*, *m.* pompous words, verbosity, pomposity, bombast, declamation; *cittes* —*gepränge*, lip-wisdom; *ſerres* —*gepränge*, gaudiness of inane phraseology; *eine* —*geſtirnte ſcherzſpiel*, a closely verbal rendering; —*gewirr*, *n.* confusion of words, jumble; —*gejant*, *n.* see —*ſtreit*; —*grübeln*, *f.* over-refinement, subtilising in words; —*grübler*, *m.* one who subtilises in words; —*habend*, *adj.* presiding (in an assembly); —*hafter*, *m.* 1) he that keeps his word; 2) chairman; speaker, spokesman, deputy; —*häufung*, *f.* accumulation of words; —*heiß*, *m.* bragging person, tongue-hero; —*kamp*, *m.* a war of words, strife of tongues; a contention in or about words; —*laſg*, *adj.* sparing of words, laconic, taciturn; —*laſcheit*, *f.* parsimony of words, taciturnity; —*klang*, *m.* sound; —*klamber*, *m.* *cont.* word-catcher, nice critic, *coll.* word-grubber; —*klamberer*, *f.* *cont.* pedantry, quibbling, word-catching; —*klam*, *m.* —*krämmer*, *f.* idle discourse, jingle of words, verbosity; a dealing in mere words; —*krämer*, *m.* *cont.* word-monger; —*krieg*, *m.* war of (or about) words, wordy dispute; —*krift*, *f.* verbal criticism; —*laube*, *f.* knowledge of words, etymology; —*laubige*, *m.* etymologist, grammarian; —*läuferei*, *f.* affectation of studied language; —*läufier*, *m.* one who affects studied language; —*laſche*, *f.* brevity, breviloquence; —*laſung*, *f.* abbreviation; —*laſt*, *m.* the wording (of a document, &c.), *tenor*.

Wörtlich, *I. adj.* verbal, literal; *II. adv.* verbally, literally, verbatim.

Wortlos, *I. adj.* 1) wordless, speechless, dumb; 2) *fig.* faithless; *II. W.-ſigheit*, *f.* 1) speechlessness, dumbness; 2) *fig.* faithlessness, breach of promise.

Wort..., *in comp.* —*maſcher*, *m.* see *Schmäher*, 1; —*maſcherl*, *f.* see *Schmäherl*, 1; —*maſcherl*, *f.* word-painting, word-portraiture; —*wangel*, *m.* see —*armut*; —*wengerel*, *f.* mixing of words; —*ordnung*, *f.* see —*fügung*; —*prunt*, *m.* see —*gepränge*; —*ritziſch*, *n.* rebust; —*reſiſter*, *n.* index of words; —*reiß*, *adj.* 1) rich in words, copious; 2) verbose, wordy, long-tongued; —*reißthum*, *m.* 1) copiousness; 2) verbosity, wordiness; —*reißer*, *m.* critic, arbitrator of words, one who criticises words or expressions; —*ſchatten*, *n.* empty word; —*ſchmund*, *m.* ornament of speech or style; —*ſchwail*, *m.* fastian, bombast, *cf.* —*reißthum*, 2; —*ſelig*, *adj.* † loquacious; —*ſegung*, *f.* see —*ſtellung*; —*ſinn*, *m.* verbal or literal sense; —*ſparſamkeit*, *f.* see —*laſcheit*; —*ſpiel*, *m.* pun, quibble; —*ſpiele* maſchen, to play upon words; —*ſpieſer*, *m.* punster, quibbler; —*ſpieſerei*, *f.* a playing upon words, punning; *eine amſelige* —*ſpieſerei*, (a) paltry quibbling; —*ſtellung*, *f.* arrangement of words; —*ſtreit*, *m.* 1) squabble, wrangling; 2) contention about words, *cf.* —*lamp*; —*ſtrum*, *m.* stream or abundance of words; —*verbindung*, *m.* connection of words; syntax; —*verdreher*, *m.* distorter, perverter of words; pettifogger; —*verdrerbung*, *f.* perversion, distortion, or wresting of words; crank; —*verſegung*, *f.* transposition of words, inversion; —*verſtand*, *m.* sense of a word, literal sense; —*verſchänt*, *n.* index of words; —*verſtalt*, *m.* stock of words; —*wechſel*, *n.* 1) exchange of words, conversation; argument; 2) dispute, altercation; —*wechſeln*, *v.*

intr. to have an altercation, to quarrel; —*weſſer*, *m.* see —*reſiſter*; —*weſſer*, *n.* see —*ſtrum*; —*weſſer*, *m.* see —*ſtreit*; —*weſſer*, *n.* watch-word; —*weſſer*, *f.* *Prosed.* quantity of words or syllables.

Wörter, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Wörter?]* over or at which, over what; of what; whereat, whereof, upon which, upon what, at which, at what; *daß iſt es — iſch miß wunderte*, that is what I was astonished at; *daß ſie — der Weg führt*, the field over which the road leads; —*ſie ſie die böſe?* what are you angry at? —*iſch hiermit quittire*, receipt herewith acknowledged; —*mir einverſtanden ſin*, on which we are agreed.

Worum, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Worüm?]* 1) about, around, of which; on account of which; 2) of or about what (Barum).

Worumter, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Worumter?]* 1) under which, among which; in or among which or what; —*mir verſtehen*, by which we understand; 2) in (under or among) something.

Wofür, *adv. where.*

Wovon, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Wovon?]* whereof, of which, of what; of whom; —*noch abgeht*, from which is to be deducted; —*ſoll er zahlen?* wherewith is he to pay? —*leben ſie?* what do they live upon? *ein Geſalt — er ſtrau und ſtub ernähr* muß, a salary out of which he has to maintain a wife and children; *der Gegenſtand — die Geſchichte handelt*, the subject the narrative treats of.

Wovür, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Wovür?]* before which, from what, whereat; of which; —*ſürchten Sie ſich?* what are you *Wovür*der, *adv.* against which. [afraid of?]

Wohin, *adv. rel. & interrog. [emphat. Wohin?]* whereto, whereat; to which; for which; for what; —*ſoll das?* what is this for? what is the use of this? what need of ...? —*der Lärm?* why such a noise? —*einer Fuß hat*, what one has a mind to; —*noch ſommt*, to which add, added to this.

Wrad, *I. adj. provinc. (N. G.)* waste, worthless; *II. s. (str.)* n. 1) *provinc.* worthless remains, refuse, rubbish, out-cast; 2) *Mar. a)* wreck, wrack; *b)* see *Wraf*.

Wraden, *(w.) v. intr. provinc. (N. G.)* to joggle, *cf.* *Wadeln*.

Wraden, *(w.) v. tr. see* *Sortiren*.

Wraden, *in comp.* —*ſich*, *m.* fish cast on shore; —*gut*, *n.* 1) refuse, out-cast, paltry stuff; 2) wrecked goods; —*ſich*, *m.* half salted herring; —*ſich*, *n.* brack-timber; —*papier*, *n.* refuse-paper; —*pipe*, *f.* wreck-pipe; —*reiß*, *n.* right of flozam; —*ſchiff*, *n.* wrecked ship; —*vogel*, *m.* *Ornith.* goosander wrack-bird (*Mergus morganus* L.).

Wraf, *Wrafing*, *(w.) f. Mar.* 1) leeway, defection (*Abtritt*, 1); 2) variation of the needle; (*vici*) —*machen*, to make (considerable) leeway.

Wrafen, *(w.) f. 1) Mar.* transom; 2) or *Wrafen*, *(w.) f. provinc. see* *Rurbe*.

Wrafen, *(w.) v. intr. provinc. (N. G.)* see *Ringen*, 1.

Wrafen, *(w.) v. tr. Mar.* to navigate or manage a boat (with a single oar), to scull.

Wrafen, *(w.) v. tr. provinc. (N. G.)* & *T.* to wring (out); *Wrafenmaſchine*, *(w.) f.* wringing machine; *Wrafenſtein*, *(str.)* n. wringing pole.

Wrafen, *(str.)* m. 1) †, a) profit; b) interest; 2) usury; auf —*auffreien*, to lend upon usury. [eye daisy (*Chrysanthemum* L.).

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f.* corn-marigold, ox-

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f.* (the practice of) usury.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* m. usurer; extortioner.

Wrafenſtein, *in comp.* —*frei*, *adj.* without usury or interest; —*geſchäft*, *n.* usury; —*geſchäft*, *n.* usury law, statute of usury; —*geſchäft*, *f.* see —*ſucht*. [*adj.* usurious, usurer-like.

Wrafenſtein, *Wrafenſtein*, *Wrafenſtein*, *Wrafenſtein*, *in comp.* —*handel*, *m.* usurious trade; —*ſuche*, *m.* chaffeur, usurious jew; —*ſtrau*, *n.* see —*ſtrau*.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. intr. 1) a)* to practise usury; —*mit ...*, to lend ... upon usury; b) *fig.* to put out to interest, to make the most of ...; 2) a) to luxuriate, to grow exuberantly; b) *fig.* to be rampant; *W-b*, *p. a.* rank; *fig.* rampant.

Wrafenſtein, *in comp.* —*ſtrau*, *f.* rank or ranking wood; —*ſucht*, *f.* usury; —*ſuchtig*, *adj.* usurious.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f. 1)* (morbid) growth; *Wrafenſtein*, *(str.)* m. pl. usury or unlawful interest.

Wrafenſtein, *(pr. wrafen)*, *(str.)* m. 1) growth; 2) shape, size, stature; *geißel* —, overgrowth; *gutter* —, good growth, closeness of texture (said of wool). [*comp.* growing, grown.

Wrafenſtein, *(pr. wrafen)*, *adj. (gener.)* in *Wrafen*, *(w.) f. 1)* weight, burden; bulk; 2) *Mech.* fulcrum, prop; 3) *fig.* momentum, puissance; impetus; —*baum*, *m.* colistaf.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. I. intr.* to weigh (heavy); *II. tr. 1)* to shake something heavy; 2) to weigh; 3) to lift up by means of a lever.

Wrafenſtein, *adj.* weighty, heavy.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. intr. coll.* to stir, to move about restlessly, to bustle, whirl; to be alive (with). [*call or cry*]

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* m. loud and far-sounding

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f. Sport.* 1) rooting-place of a wild boar; 2) wild boar's snout.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f. 1) see* *Wrafenſtein*; 2) *provinc. see* *Wrafenſtein*.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f. see* *Wrafenſtein*.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. tr. Mar.* to woad.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. I. tr.* to root, dig up; *II. intr. 1)* to wallow; to wash up, to stir, rake, rummage; to tumble over; in *ſeinen eigenen Eingeweiden* —, to rage against one's self; *es wraſt in ſeinem Herzen*, it works in his heart; 2) to excite the public mind by inflammatory harangues, &c., to agitate.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* m. mod. political agitator of the lower class, disorganiser. —*Wrafenſtein*, *(w.) f.* agitation, machinations. —*Wrafenſtein*, *Wrafenſtein*, *adj.* revolutionary.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f. Mar.* woadling(s).

Wrafenſtein, *in comp.* —*mauſ*, *f.* *Zool.* field-mouse, camp-mouse, field-rat (*Hypodactylus* Ill.); —*ſchlang*, *f.* *Rept.* scytale (*Nyctea scytale* L.); —*wurm*, *m.* *Entom.* mole-cricket, locust-cricket (*Gryllotalpa vulgaris* Latr.).

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) f.* ice-hole.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* n. *Wrafenſtein*, *(w.) f. provinc. (Switz.)* weir, wear.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* m. *Mar.* lower counter; —*ballen*, *m.* see *Freiballen*; —*ſtate*, —*ſtügen*, *pl. see* *Wrafenſtein*.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* pl. *Wrafenſtein* *f.* 1) anything puffed or blown out; pad, roll (of straw or cloth), roller; 2) *Archit. a)* *cyma recta* (of a cornice); b) quirked upright quarter-round (*T. Tusch.*), torus; unterſchmittener —, torus with a throating; 3) *T.* pipe or spout of a gutter which leads the water into the earth; 4) *Herold.* torse; 5) *Genm.* muzzle-ring; 6) *Bot.* volva; 7) *Furr.* seam (of the hoof); 8) *Mar.* fashion-pieces of the buttocks; —*ſtate*, *for* roll.

Wrafenſtein, *(w.) v. tr.* to form into a pad

Wrafenſtein, *adj.* stuffed, puffed up, puffy; *Bot.* torose, knobby.

Wrafenſtein, *(str.)* m. *provinc. (for* *Bund*) 1) skeln; 2) pack of hides.

Wrafenſtein, *adj.* wounded, sore, galled, fretted;

Ag. grieved; die *m-e* Stelle, gall, sore (place); raw; *m-e* Gschiffen, stricken conscience; — brüder, to gall; — trieben, to gall, chafe; *sch* — gehen, to get sore feet from walking; mit *m-en* Füßen, foot-sore, sore of foot; *sch* — liegen, to lie one's self sore; *sch* — treiben, *coll.* to lose leather; — jagen, to make sore with sucking; den *m-en* Füßen berühren, *Ag.* to touch the sore point.

Wund'..., *in comp.* — *arznei*, *f.* remedy or medicine for wounds; — *arzneistuhl*, *f.* surgery; — *arzneischule*, *f.* surgical school, school for surgery; — *arzt*, *m.* surgeon; — *ärztlich*, *adj.* surgical; — *balgam*, *m.* vulnerary balsam; — *baum*, *m.* coll. ash tree.

Wunde, (*u.*) *f.* wound, hurt; *Einem* eine — *schlagen*, *Ag.* to inflict a wound on or upon one; *Jemandes* Credit eine — *schlagen*, to injure one's credit.

Wundessen, (*str.*) *n.* Surg. probe, sound. **Wunden**..., *in comp.* — *frei*, *adj.* woundless, unscathed, not wounded; — *nacht*, *m.* cicatrice, scar; — *voll*, *adj.* full of wounds.

Wunder, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *a*) wonder; miracle, marvel, prodigy; *b*) a wonderful, strange being; 2) *see* *Verwunderung*; *es* nimmt (*es* hat) *mir* —, I wonder at it, it surprises me; *coll-s.* *ich* dachte — was *es* wäre, I thought it was ever so much, ever so great, &c.; *er* thut — was *es* wäre, he makes a wonder of (or at) it; was —, daß ...? what wonder that ...? no wonder that ...; *sein* blaues — an *etwas* (*Dat.*) *sehen*, *coll.* to be amazed at a thing; to marvel at; — *thun*, *mirken*, to perform; to do or to work wonders or miracles.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *äuglich*, *adj.* wondrous, marvellous; — *ähre*, *f.* *see* — *weizen*; — *apfel*, *m.* *Bot.* balm-apple, marvellous apple (*Monarda balsamina* L.); — *arm*, *m.* (*Schüler*) arm gifted with miraculous power, magic arm; — *arguei*, *f.* miraculous medicine; — *balgam*, *m.* miraculous balsam.

Wunderbar, *I. (obsolescent: W-lid)* *adj.* 1) wondrous, wonderful, miraculous, marvellous, amazing, surprising, prodigious; 2) *Ag.* strange, odd; *das* *W-t* ist ..., the wonder is ...; *Shakespears* Behandlung *des* *W-rn*, Shakespeare's treatment of the supernatural; — *traut*, *m.* *see* *Heuslauch*; *II. W-keit*, (*u.*) *f.* 1) wonderfulness; 2) something wonderful.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *baum*, *m.* prodigious building; wonderful structure; — *baum*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) wonder-tree, palma christi (*Beccaria composita* L.); 2) locust-tree (*Robinia pseudo-acacia* L.); — *baumstern*, *m.* *pl.* Mexican seeds; — *baumöl*, *m.* castor oil, croton-oil; — *blü*, *n.* 1) wonderful or admirable picture; 2) miraculous image, wonder-working image; — *blau*, *n.* mineral blue; — *blume*, *f.* *Bot.* marvel of Peru, four o'clock flower (*Mirabilis Jalapa* L.); — *blumenwurz*, *f.* *Pharm.* *Bot.* mechoacan; — *brunnen*, *m.* miraculous well; — *cür*, *f.* miraculous cure; — *ding*, *n.* prodigy, wondrous thing; — *blut*, *f.* sympathetic ink; — *erbs*, *f.* *Bot.* heart-pea (*Pisum*); — *erbe*, *f.* miraculous earth, stone-marrow, lithomarge; — *ereignis*, *m.* prodigy; — *erscheinung*, *f.* miraculous appearance or phenomenon; — *gabe*, *f.* 1) gift of working miracles; 2) miraculous gift; — *geburt*, *f.* 1) wondrous birth; 2) monstrous or misshaped birth; — *geschicht*, *f.* miraculous or marvellous story; — *geschöpf*, *n.* miraculous creature; — *gestalt*, *n.* prodigy, portent; vision; — *glaube*, *m.* belief in wonders or miracles; faith that works miracles; — *gläubig*, *adj.* believing in miracles; — *gleich*, *adj.* 1) *see* *Wunderbar*; 2) wonderfully like; — *gold*, *n.* miraculous gold; *coll-s.* — *groß*, *adj.* wondrously great, prodigious; — *gütig*, *adj.* extremely kind.

Wunderhaft, *adj.* 1) miraculous; marvellous; 2) (*l. u.*) wonderful, strange.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *hand*, *f.* wonder-working hand; — *heiß*, *adj.* wonderfully sweet; — *kind*, *n.* wondrous child; — *klein*, *adj.* wondrously little; — *lern*, *n.* *see* — *weisen*; — *kraft*, *f.* power of working miracles; miraculous or wonderful power; — *kräftig*, *adj.* 1) wondrously strong; 2) wonder-working; — *land*, *n.* fairy land; — *laterne*, *f.* magic lantern.

Wunderlich, *I. adj.* strange, odd; wayward, freakish, whimsical, extravagant; *II. W-keit*, (*u.*) *f.* strange way, strangeness, oddness, oddity; waywardness, whimsicalness, extravagance. [oddity]

Wunderling, (*str.*) *m.* odd fellow or fish. **Wunder...**, *in comp.* — *nacht*, *f.* *see* — *kraft*; — *mädchen*, *n.* wonderful girl; — *mähr*, marvellous tale; — *mann*, *m.* strange man; — *mittel*, *m.* miraculous remedy.

Wundern, (*u.*) *v. I. (l. u.) intr.* 1) to be surprised, to wonder; 2) *t*, to do wonders (*Wunder* [thun]); *II. tr. impera. & III. refl.* to wonder (*über* [with *Acc.*], at), to be surprised, astonished, amazed, to marvel; *eine* *Sache* (*es*) *wundern* *mir* (*obsolescent*: *Einen* *wundern* *einer* *Sache* (*Gen.*)), a thing (it) surprises me; *es* *wundern* *mir* *nicht*, it is no wonder to me; *es* *sollte* *mir* *nicht* —, wenn ..., I should not be surprised if ...; *ich* *wundern* *mir* *darüber*, I wonder at it; *ich* *über* *nichts* —, to be astonished at nothing; *II. tr.* to do wonders, to perform miracles. [(Gusefennu)]

Wundernäch, (*u.*) *f.* Zool. horseshoe-hat **Wundernäch**, *Wundernäch*, *adj.* astonishing, prodigious, wonderful, admirable.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *pfleger*, *m.* Comm. amomum, allspice; — *regen*, *m.* miraculous rain; — *reich*, *L. adj.* 1) wonderful; 2) wonderfully rich; *II. s. n.* *see* — *land*; — *ring*, *m.* magic ring; — *satz*, *n.* Chem. Glauber's salt. **Wunderlam**, *obsolescent: Wunderlam*, *adj.* wonderful (*Wunderbar*).

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *jammeln*, *m.* wonder-gatherer; — *schön*, *adj.* wonderfully fine, admirably fair or handsome; — *schönheit*, *f.* wonderful beauty; — *legen*, *m.* *see* *Jauberlegen*; — *festen*, *adj.* fam. extraordinarily rare. **Wunderthalben**, *adv.* *coll.* for novelty's sake.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *sonne*, *f.* parhelion, mock-sun; — *spiegel*, *m.* magic mirror; — *stab*, *m.* magic wand; — *stark*, *adj.* prodigiously strong; — *stern*, *m.* wonderful star, phenomenon in the heavens, comet; — *strauch*, *m.* quinquilla (*Quinquilla indica* L.); — *sucht*, *f.* mania for miracles; — *ständig*, *adj.* marvellous; *die* — *ständigen*, the marvel-lovers, marvel-mongers; — *stüb*, *adj.* wonderfully sweet.

Wunderwogen, *adv.* *see* *Wunderthalben*. **Wunder...**, *in comp.* — *that*, *f.* wonderful or amazing deed; miracle; — *thäter*, *m.* performer or worker of miracles, thaumaturgus; — *thätig*, *adj.* performing miracles, wonder-working, miraculous; — *thier*, *n.* monster, prodigy; — *tinte*, *f.* Chem. sympathetic ink; — *violen*, *f.* *see* — *blume*.

Wundervoll, *adj.* wonderful.

Wunder..., *in comp.* — *wasser*, *n.* aqua mirabilis; — *wege*, *m.* *pl.* wonderful ways (of God); — *weizen*, *m.* *Bot.* many-eared wheat (*Triticum turgidum* var. *compositum* L.); — *welt*, *f.* world of wonders; — *wert*, *n.* miraculous work or action, miracle; *die* *sieben* — *werte* *der* *Welt*, the seven wonders of the world; — *wesen*, *n.* miraculous being; — *wirt*, *verb.* *see* — *thätig*; — *wirtung*, *f.* miracle; — *weisen*, *m.* prodigy.

Wund..., *in comp.* — *essen*, *f.* essence for wounds; — *fieber*, *m.* *pl.* lint; — *fieber*, *n.* Med. fever attending wounds, wound-fever.

Wundheit, (*u.*) *f.* soreness; Surg. excoriation.

Wund..., *in comp.* — *holz*, *n.* coll. ashen-wood; — *holzbaum*, *m.* *see* — *baum*; — *flie*, *m.* *Bot.* kidney-vetch, wound-wort (*Anthyllis vulneraria* L.); — *frant*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) species of stonecrop orpine (*Sedum telephium* L.); 2) *see* — *flie*; — *mittel*, *m.* vulnerary; — *narbig*, *adj.* scarred; Surg. & Pharm-s. — *pfaster*, *n.* wound-plaster; — *pulver*, *n.* wound-powder, styptic powder; — *rund*, *m.* edge of a wound; — *safte*, *f.* vulnerary unguent or salve; — *stein*, *n.* Surg. excoriation; — *strampf*, *m.* Med. tetanus; — *stein*, *m.* Miner. eye-stone; — *traut*, *m.* vulnerary potion; — *wasser*, *n.* arquebuseade, vulnerary water; — *wur*, *f.* *Bot.* official valarian; — *zeitel*, *m.* surgeon's report.

Wunsch, (*str.*, *pl.* *Wünsche*) *m.* 1) wish, desire; 2) *Ag.* object of desire; 3) school-piece; *nach* *W-t*, to one's wish, as one could wish; *ganz* *nach* *meinen* *W-t*, to the best of my wishes; *die* *Wünsche* *gehen* *ganz* *nach* *W-t*, matters go on swimmingly; *meine* *besten* *Wünsche* *zum* *Jahreswechsel*, (best) compliments of the season; *die* *innern* (innigsten) *Wünsche* *des* *Volks*, the heart and mind of the people; *gegen* *meinen* —, against my wish or inclination.

Wunschbar, *adj.* desirable.

Wunsch..., *in comp.* — *hut*, *m.* *see* *Wünschstücken*; — *ruthe*, *f.* divinatory or divining wand (or rod), magic wand, dowser, dowsing-rod; *die* — *ruthe* *schlagen*, to strike or apply the wand.

Wünschen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to wish, long, desire; (*Rich* [*Dat.*] *etwas*) to wish or long for, to wish to possess; was — *Sie*? 1. what do you want; 2. (= wie beliebt?) what did you say? I beg your pardon ...? *seht* —, to be anxious; (*Einem*) *Wöses* —, to curse; *ich* *wünschte*, *ich* *sönnte* *es* *thun*, I wish I could do it; I should like to (be able to) do it; *ich* *wünschte*, *du* *gewönne* *die* *Überzeugung*, daß ..., I should wish you to know or I would have you know that ...; *ich* *wünschte* *nicht*, daß *er* *es* *erfahre*, I should not like him to know it; *Glück* —, to wish good luck; to wish (to give) joy (*über* [with *Acc.*], of, at), to congratulate, felicitate; *guten* *Empfang* *m-b*, hoping it will arrive safe and sound.

Wünschenswert, *adj.* desirable, acceptable; *es* *wäre* *mir* —, it would be a matter of satisfaction.

Wünschlich, (*u.*) *adj.* (n. u.) desirous.

Wünschstücken, (*str.*) *n.* Phil-lors, (Fortunatus's) wishing-cap.

Wünschler, (*str.*) *m.* *coll.* person that deals in tedious wishes and congratulations.

Wunste, (*u.*) *f.* *provinc.* tilt-cart.

Wurben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to refine, tilt (steel).

Würde, (*u.*) *f.* 1) dignity, honour; importance, propriety; 2) dignity, post, preferment; *zu* *den* *höchsten* *W-n* *gelangen*, to attain the highest pitch of honour; *es* *ist* *unster* *meiner* —, it is below or beneath me, I scorn it, I should not stoop to it; *nach* *W-n*, worthily. [without dignity]

Würdevoll, *I. adj.* undignified; *II. adv.*

Würben, (*u.*) *v. tr.* (*l. u.*) 1) *see* *Würben*; 2) to confer a dignity upon (one).

Würdenräger, *l. u.*: **Würde**, (*str.*) *m.* dignitary.

Würden, (*u.*) *v. tr.* to rate, &c., *see* *Würden*. **Würde...**, *in comp.* — *voll*, *I. adj.* dignified, solemn, grave; *II. adv.* with dignity; — *zeichen*, *n.* badge of dignity, badge of office, ensign.

Würdig, *adj.* (with *Gen.*) worthy (of), deserving; estimable, condign; suitable; handle *deiner* — *!* be but yourself!

Würdigen, (*u.*) *v. tr.* 1) to rate, value, estimate, prize; richtig —, to form a correct

riage in which people sit astraddle or back to back; 4) *Mar.* (pl. *w./Bursten*) a) short piece of rope or cable; b) (in der Wand) foot-bookstaff; 5) *see* Pulvermurr; 6) *Kort.* sand-casson; 7) *Hydr.* fascine; 8) *Bak.* dough for rolls; das ist mir —, *fam.* that is indifferent to me, I don't mind it; *proverbs*, — wider —, measure for measure, trick for trick, coll. tit for tat; bräut du mir die —, so lösch ich dir den Durst, one good turn deserves another.

Burk..., *in comp.* —blech, *n.*, —bügel, *m.* *Butch.* sausage funnel, filler.

Bürkchen, (*str.*) *n.* (dimin. of *Burst*) 1) a small sausage; 2) *see* Rükchen, 2.

Bürk..., *in comp.* —barm, *m.* gut for sausages; —eisen, *n.* *see* —blech.

Bürken, (*w. v. intr.* to make sausages. —bait, *f.*, —büttchen, *n.* 1) skin of or for sausages; 2) *Anat.* allantois, allantoideus, gutlike membrane, urinary tunio; —hölz, *n.* *see* —pfeiler; —horn, *n.* *see* —blech.

Bürkig, *adj.* *see* Bultig.

Bürkig..., *in comp.* —frant, *n.* herb used for some sausages, as savory, (sweet) marjoram, &c.; —lyppe, *f.* blubber-lip; —mascher, *m.* sausage-maker; —marmor, *m.* *Miner.* padding marble; —maschine, *f.* *see* —blech; —mant, *n.* *Min.* blubber-lip; —mäulig, *adj.* *swg.* blubber-lipped; —reiter, *m.* coll. smell-feast, sponge, parasite; —tettel, *m.* somerset; —schlitten, *m.* a sort of sledge where persons sit astraddle; —pfeiler, *n.* skower; —stein, *m.* *Min.* pudding stone; —suppe, *f.* pudding-broth; —trichter, *m.* *see* —bügel; —wagen, *m.* *see* Burt, 3; —glyfel, *m.* end of a pudding or sausage.

Bürk, (*w. f.*) *see* Bort.

Bürktel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* Birtel; 2) *Cotton-spinn.* whorlo (*Karm.*).

Bürkten, (*str.*) *m.* *Geogr.* Württemberg, Württemberg; —er, (*str.*) *m.*, Bürktembergisch, *adj.* Württembergian.

Bürk, (*str.*) *pl.* (*f.* *Bürk*) *f.* († &) *in comp.* 1) vegetable, herb (*f.* *i.* Wurmmurjel, *cl.*, *ic.*); 2) root (*Bürk*el); — nud *Stamm*, root and stalk; —garten, *m.* *see* Bürtgarten, 2; 3) spice, &c. (*Bürk*el).

Bürk..., (*cf.* *Bürk*el...), *in comp.* —apfel, *m.* aromatic apple; —blume, *f.* aromatic flower; —büchse, *f.* spice-box; —bust, *m.* aroma.

Bürke, (*w. f.*) 1) a seasoning, spice; *new* —, coll. allspice, *see* Rellenpfeffer; 2) *Brew.* (brewer's) wort, malt liquor; (der) Hunger ist die beste —, *proverb*, hunger is the best sauce; —brunnen, *m.* *Brew.* underbark.

Bürkel, (*w. f.*) 1) root (*also* *Arith. & Alg.*); die — juchen or ziehen, to extract the root of a quantity; 2) coll. turnip; gelbe —, coll. carrot; — schlagen, *essen*, or treiben, to take or strike root; mit der — austreiben, to pull up by the roots, root up, eradicate; die — eines Berges, *Ag.* foot of a hill.

Bürkel..., *in comp.* —büttel, —artig, *adj.* rootlike; —anhang, *m.* *Bot.* rhizophysis; —anhang, *m.* young branches or plants of a root-stock; —anher, *f.* *see* Baumanher; —anhang, *v. s.* (*str.*) *n.*, —anhang, *f.* *Arith.* extraction of the root (of a quantity); *Bot.* —baum, *m.* mangrove (*Rhizophora Mangle* L.); —blatt, *n.* radical (leaf); —brot, *n.* bread made of roots or of dried manioc; —bunt, *f.* root-leaves; —büchse, *f.* radical letter. [radicle, rootlet.

Bürkelchen, (*str.*) *n.* (dimin. of *Bürk*el)

Bürkel..., *in comp.* —ende, *n.* root-end; —farbe, *f.* *Dy.* yellow colour; —faser, *f.* *see* —seier; —fäule, *f.* *Bot.* root-base; —fran, *f.* woman who sells roots, &c.; *cf.* —mann; —

gütter, *m.* spad; —gewächs, *n.* vegetable of which the roots are eatable; bulbous plant; —graben, *n.* 1) a digging for roots; 2) *fig.* etymological research; —gräber, *m.* 1) person that digs for roots; 2) *fig.* etymologist; —grube, *f.* *Alg.* radical quantity.

Bürkelhaft, *adj.* 1) or *Bürk*ellig, rooty; 2) *Gramm.*, &c. radical (letter, &c.).

Bürkel..., *in comp.* *Bot.* —seim, *m.* radicle; —knoten, *m.* knot of roots; —läufer, *m.* *Bot.* 1) soboles; 2) sucker; —lsbe, *f.* *see* —sprosse.

Bürkelst, *adj.* without a root or roots; *w-le* Pflanzen, plants which have no radicals.

Bürkel..., *in comp.* —mann, *m.* simpler, gatherer of roots; —mehl, *n.* fecula; —pflanzen, *f. pl.* *Bot.* radicular; —ranke, *f.* runner, sarment; —ranlig, *adj.* sarmentous; —reich, *adj.* rooty, full of roots, abounding in roots; having many roots; —reie, *n.* *see* —schöß;

—reimen, *m.* *Butch.* rand of beef; —samm, *m.* hem (in sewing); —schneidmaschine, *f.* *Ag.* root-breaker or bruizer; —schöß, *m.*, —schößling, *m.*, —sprosse, *f.* root-shoot, sucker, runner, stolon, layer; —lsbe, *f.* radical syllable; —stängel, *adj.* *Bot.* standing or resting on the root; radical; —stod, *m.* root-stock; —stoff, *m.* *Chem.* radical principle or element, base; —stodig, *adj.* *Forst.* rotten in the root; —suppe, *f.* soup of vegetables; —tastel, *f.* *Math.* a table of roots of numbers; —terf, *m.* a kind of peat consisting principally of roots; —träger, *m.* *see* —baum; —trieb, *m.* *see* —schöß; —wort, *n.* radical word; —zahl, *f.* *Alg.* root (of a number); —zaser, *f.* fibre of a root, radicle; —zeichen, *n.* *Alg.* radical sign (*V*).

Bürken, (*w. v.*) *i. tr.* to season, spice; *fig.* also to relish; *II. intr.* to have a good taste or flavour; *gemürt*, *p. a.* spicy, rich; *hart gemürt*, high-seasoned. [matias.

Bürkereich, *adj.* rich in spices and aromatics.

Bürk..., (*cf.* *Bürk*el...), *in comp.* —garten, *m.* 1) garden of aromatic flowers; 2) kitchen garden; —geruch, *m.* scent of spice; —geschmack, *m.* aromatic taste, flavour.

Bürkhaft, *adj.* *see* Bürtig.

Bürk..., (*cf.* *Bürk*el...), *in comp.* —handel, *m.* trade in spices and grocery, retail of spices; —händler, *m.* spice, grocer.

Bürkig, *adj.* spicy, aromatic.

Bürk..., (*cf.* *Bürk*el...), *in comp.* —fram, —främer, *m.* *see* —handel, —händler; —fräuter, *n. pl.* Cook pot-herbs, aromatic herbs; —laden, *m.* grocer's shop.

Bürkling, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* 1) runner (*Bürk*elsprosse); 2) layer (*Bürk*el).

Bürkst, *adj.* unsipped, not spicy, unsalted.

Bürk..., (*cf.* *Bürk*el...), *in comp.* —mittel, *n.* spice, aromatic; —nügelsin, *n.*, —nülle, *f.* clove, allspice; —schüttel, *f.* spice-box; —speise, *f.* spiced food; —suppe, *f.* spiced soup; —trog, *m.* brewer's trough; —weiche, *f.* *Rom.* Cath. consecrating of herbs; —wein, *m.* hipocras, medicated ale.

Bürk! *interj.* (*expressing rapid motion*) pop! whim! (*Bürk*!).

Bürken, (*w. v.*) *intr.* to slip, to pass quickly, to pop (in, out, &c.), to whip (*Bürk*en).

Bürkeln, (*w. v.*) *intr.* coll. to stir or bustle about, *cf.* *Bürk*eln; to toddle; to whisk, to brush, &c. — *Bürk*el, (*w. f.*) *provinc.* *Bürk*elein, *Bürk*ele, (*str.*) *n.* little child just beginning to walk, toddling child; small lively being. — *Bürk*elig, *adj.* 1) stirring, bustling; 2) nice (*Nett*); 3) thrilling.

Bürk, (*str.*) *m.* 1) confused mass, chaos; 2) filth, dirt; trash, paltry stuff.

Bürk, *adj.* 1) desert, waste, desolate, uninhabited; 2) confused; 3) wild, disordered, dissolute; *cin w-cs* *leben*, dissolute or racketing life; 4) *provinc.* dirty; ugly; das w-c *Gerinne*, *T.* drain or water-course leading off

the superfluous water in mills, waste-gate, waste-lead; trench.

Bürk(e) (*or* *Bürk*(e)), *interj.* *see* Bürk(e).

Bürke, (*w. f.*) *desert*, waste, wilderness, desolate country; *jur* — machen, *see* Bürksten; die w-c des *Meeres*, the vast plains of the ocean; *Bürk*erinne, *n.* *see* das wüste *Gerinne*.

Bürken, (*w. v.*) *I. intr.* to act in a wasteful and profuse manner, to waste; *II. tr.* (*i. w.*) to waste, &c., *see* Bürksten.

Bürken!, (*w. f.*) *desert*, *cf.* Bürk.

Bürkheit, (*w. f.*) *wildness*; dissoluteness.

Bürkig, *adj.* 1) dirty, filthy; 2) confused; chaotic.

Bürkling, (*str.*) *m.* dissolute fellow, rake, debauchee, libertine, spendthrift.

Bürk, (*w. f.*) *rage*, fury; madness; *die stille* —, madness in the first stage (said of dogs); *die laufende* —, madness in the second stage; *in* — setzen, to put into a rage, to enrage; *in* — geraten, to be put in a rage, to fly out into a passion, to break out into fury; *seine* — anlassen, to vent or wreak one's rage or fury (an *with* *Dat.*), on).

Bürk..., *in comp.* —beere, *f.* berry of the deadly nightshade; —begier, *f.* *see* —gier.

Bürken, (*w. v.*) *intr.* 1) to rage, chafe, fume, foam; 2) to rave; to be mad; to rage (of diseases, &c.); *w-b*, *p. a.* raging, furious, frantic, rabid, infuriated; das w-b *Ger*, Arthur's chafe; *er war so fast w-b über* (*with* *Acc.*), he was in such a state of almost frenzy at ...

Bürkentbraunt, *adj.* furious, raging.

Bürker, (*str.*) *m.* furious or savage person; desperado; tyrant. — *Bürk*er!, (*w. f.*) *f.* furious manner of acting, fury, rage.

Bürkerhaft, *p. a.* filled with rage, enraged.

Bürkerich, (*str.*) *m.* (*i. w.*) *Bürk*ling, (*str.*) 1) blood-thirsty person, bloodhound, tyrant; 2) *see* Bürkling.

Bürkerling, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* fine-leaved water-dropper (*Bürk*erfengel).

Bürkgier, (*w. f.*) *raging* lust.

Bürkig, *adj.* furious, raging, raving, rabid, outrageous, mad.

Bürk..., *in comp.* —firche, *f.* *see* Löffel; —menschen, (*i. w.*) *Bürk*ling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Bürklich, 1; —schaum, *m.* foam of rage; —schierling, *m.* *Bot.* water-hemlock (*Bürk*erfengel); —schnecken, *adj.* breathing rage, furious; —schuß, *m.* frantic fit; —speichel, *m.* rabid saliva; —voll, *adj.* full of rage, *cf.* Bürkend.

Bürk! *interj.* *see* Bürk.

Bürkerling, *Bürkerling, *Bürkerling, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Bürkling.**

X.

X, x, m. X, x, the twenty-fourth letter and nineteenth consonant of the Alphabet; *Einm* ein — [X] für ein u [V] machen, *coll.* to impose upon, to deceive one, to flim, humbug.

X, *abbr.* X, 10, ten; Xber. for December, December; Xr. for *Struxer*, *Kruizer*.

* *Xanthin*, (*str.*) *n.* (*Gr.*) *Chem.* xanthine; —*saure*, *f.* xanthic acid.

* *Xanthippe*, *f.* 1) *Xantippe* (*Græc* *P. N.*); 2) (*w.*) coll. shrew, scold.

* *Xanthipisch*, *adj.* 1) *Xanthian*, pertaining to Xanthos, the ancient capital of Lycia; 2) *Chem.* xanthic (*Säure*, acid).

* *Xanthogen*, (*str.*) *n.* *Chem.* xanthogen; —*Verbindung*, *xanthid*, *xanthide*.

* *Xanthopictin*, (*str.*) *n.*, *Xanthopictin*, *Chem.* xanthopictro.

Fan

- * *Xantho xylon*, (str.) n. Bot. tooth-achetree (*Xanthoxylon* Juss.).
- * *Xavér*, m. (Arab.) Xavier (P. N.).
- * *Xebec'e*, (w.) f. (Span.) *Mar. xebec*, shebec.
- * *Xénie*, (w.) f. (Gr. *xénion*, gift to a guest or stranger, *Giftgabe*) mod. Germ. *Poet. xenium* (opigram in Martial's style), pl. *xenia*; *Xénistér*, m. epigrammatist.
- * *Xenography*, (w.) f. (Gr.) knowledge of foreign alphabets. — *Xenomanie*, (w.) f. love for that is foreign; xenomania.
- * *Xenophon*, m. Xenophon (Greek P. N.).
- * *Xerasté*, (w.) f. (Gr.) *Med. xerasia*, dryness of hair. [sherry(-wine).
- * *Xérès'wein*, (str.) m. (Span.) *Comm.*
- * *Xerostri'is*, (w.) f. (Gr.) *Med.* dry rubbing of a diseased part of the body.
- * *Xylit'*, (str.) n. (Gr. *xylon*, wood) *Chem. xylite*. — *Xylographé*, (w.) m. xylographer, wood-cutter. — *Xylographie*, f. xylography, wood-engraving, art of wood-cutting. — *Xylographi'ten*, (w.) v. *intr.* to engrave on wood. — *Xylogra'phisch*, adj. xylographic. — *Xylolatric*, (w.) f. a worshipping of wooden images.

9.

Y, y, n. Y, y, the twenty-fifth letter (vowel and consonant) of the Alphabet.
 Y^h, hee-haw (cry of an ass). — Y^heren, (w. s. see Yansen. [pinnace].
 *Yacht [*pr.* jacht], (w. s.) *f.* Mar. yacht.
 *Yad [*pr.* jaf], (*str.* m. see Grunzsch.
 *Yamwurtzel [*pr.* jam'-], (w. s.) *f.* Bot. yam. [said of assee].
 Ya'nen, (w.) v. *indr.* to bray, to hee-haw
 Y^hisf, m. see Eibisch.
 *Yberbaum, (*str.* pl. Y-bäume) m. Bot. elm-tree, Dutch-elm (Ulm, 1).
 Ybena, n. Geogr. Ypsos, Ypress.
 *Yffelst^{de}, (w. s.) *f.* Anat. ypsiloid suture.
 *Yllep, (*str.* m. Bot. hyssop.
 Ylfel, *f.* Geogr. Yessel.
 *Yttererde, (w. s.) *f.* Chem.-s. yttria: die phosphorsäure —, phosphate of yttria. — Yt'terterpath, (*str.* m. Minor. phosphate of yttria. — Yt'terterkein, (*str.* m. Minor. ytterbite. — Yt'terterantial, (*str.* m. Minor. yttrantantal, (*str.* & w.) m. Minor. yttrio-columbite, yttrio-tantalite. — Yttercer(er)it', (*str.* & w.) m. Minor. yttrio-cerite.
 *Yne'ca [*pr.* ju'fa], *f.* Bot. Adam's needle, beargrass, Spanish-bayonet (*Yucca gloriosa* L.).

3.

Words not to be found in §, may be looked for in €..

3, *n.* 2, 2, the twenty-sixth letter and
 twentieth consonant of the Alphabet.
 3, *abbr.* 3, for *Holl, Belg, Zeit*, ineb.
 line, time; 3 for *zu, zum, zur, by, per*; 3. B.
 for *zum Beispiel*, for instance; 3. d. Et. for
zu dieser Stelle or Stunde, instantly, this
 hour; 3. G. for *zum Beispiel*, for (per) example;
 3. F. for *Zinsfuß*, rate of interest; 3g.
 for *Zeitung, gazette, newspaper*; 3m. for *zwi-
 schen*, between.

Baer, (*n.*) m. Ba'rin, (*n.*) f. see Baer.
 + Ba'bel, (*str.*) n. (*Weigand; m. Sanders*)
 (*Lat. tabula chess* -board). [*p.*]
 Ba'erna, *n. Geogr.* Saverna (*Lat. Taberna*).

Зак

Bach, *adj.* coll. tough, see **Bäh(e)**.
Bachert as, *m.* Zachariah (P. N.); —**Stimme**, *f.* see **Stimmhalm**.
Bäckchen, (*str.* *n.* **dämin** of **Bader**) 1) Comm. antler-lace, puri; point; 2) little twig.
Bäcke, (*w. f.* **Enkel**, tick (**Zeck**)).
Bäcke, (*w. f.* **Bäcken**, (*str.* *m.* 1) dental, jag, tooth, tine, prong; 2) **Boi**, macul., pl. ferus; 3) twig; 4) see **Gefäß**; 5) (pari-)edging of lace, &c. on female apparel; 6) **Metall**, plate; blinde **3-n**, **Med.** blind plicae; die **3-n** am **Stirngemeth**, **Sport**, trackings; **3-nogen**, *m.* **Archit.** chironomy arch.
Bäcken, (*str.* *n.* 1) tooth-iron.
Bäcker, (*w. n.* **Zock** — (**Isch**), *n.*) **Cretan** or Greek sheep; —**wolle**, see **Baumwolle**.
Bäckerin, (*w. f.* **Andr.** to jog, &c. see **Bäckerin**.
Bäcken, (*w. v.* *tr.* to jog, to notch, to cut out in points or teeth, to tooth, indent; **gehackt**, *p. a.* see **Bägis**.
Bäcken ..., in comp. —**blatt**, *n.* dented leaf; —**fellen**, *m.* jagged rock, craggy cliff; —**famm**, *m.* tooth comb; —**fürner**, *n.* pl. olinatus, oil-see (the fruit of **Baculus** **3-n**); —**frant**, *n.* see —**ficht**; —**freng**, *n.* square-crown (**3-n**); —**flint**, *f.* notched line; —**metzel**, *m.* **Sculp.** notched chisel; —**rad**, *n.* T. tappet wheel; —**schste**, *f.* **Bot.** thorny or prickly-podded bunias (**Bunias orientalis** **L.**); —**walze**, *f.* dented roller; —**wert**, *n.* 1) indented or notched work; 2) **Fort.** cheval de frise; —**wolle**, *f.* refuse-wool, cot-wool, cot-gare.
Bäckerin, (*w. v.* **intr. provinc.** 1) to plough; 2) see **Bäckerin**.
Bägis, (*adj.* jagged, jaggy; pronged; toothed, indented; **Bot.** pectinatus(d).
* **Bäcker**, **Bäckerin**, *m.* residuum of cobalt, zaffre, zaffire.
Bägi, (*adj.* († **é**) *, see **Baghaft**; **Bäge**, (*decl. like adj.* *m.* coward.
Bägel, (*str.* *m.* († **é**) **provinc.** 1) tail (also **Bäh**, **Bäh**; cf. **Edmang**, **Edmelt**); 2) top (of a tree); —**ellen**, *n.* **Iron-w.** slab-iron; —**meile**, (*f.* **w. **Ornith.** long-tailed titmouse (**Turdus caudatus** **L.**)). (Helt.
Bägmäth, (*str.* *m.* († *w.*) see **Bägmäthig**.
Bägen, (*w. v.* **intr.** to tremble, to shake with fear, to be dismayed or afraid; to be diffident, to despair, to quail. — **Bäger**, (*str.* *m.* timid person. — **Bägerel**, (*str.* *f.* the act or practice of trembling, timidity, diffidence.
Bäghaft, *L. adj.* faint-hearted (**Bägmäthig**), timorous, timid, fearful, heartless, bashful, afraid; — **mägen**, to intimidate; — **I. Bägheit**, († **é**) * **Bäghelt**, (*w. f.* **Bägmäthig**, (*str.* *f.* faint-heartedness, tropidation, timidity, fear, fearfulness, cowardice.
Bäh, **Bäh(e)**, *adj.* 1) tough; tenacious; 2) gluey, viscous, clammy, glutinous; sticky; rosy; 3) **fig.** a) obstinate, opinionated; stubborn (**habits**, &c.); b) tough, stinging; **3-n Metell**, tenacious, ductile metal; die **3-n Glodenpelle**, the tough, viscid ball-metal; ein **3-n Leben**, tenacity of life; ein **3-n Leben** haben, to have a tough life; to be tenacious of life; —**esse**, *f.* see **Gähe**; **Bäh(e)gheit**, (*adj.* see **Strengigkeit**; **Bot-s** — **gerste**, *f.* funnel-giant; —**tupfer**, *n.* **Metall**, tough-pitch; — **weiche**, *f.* **Bot. 1) white wool; 2) osier-willow.
Bäh(e), **Bäh(e)it**, **Bäh(e)gheit**, (*w. f.* 1) toughness; tenacity; 2) glueyness, viscosity, clamminess, glutinousness, &c.
A. Bäh, (*w. f.* 1) number; cipher, figure; numeral; die bestimmte, anfertigte —, tale; die geringe —, small number, fewness; eine gestochene —, a broken or fractional number; benannte or concrete —, concrete number; unbenannte or abstracte —, abstract number; die mehrfache —, multiple; die goldene —, **Astr.** the golden number; an der —, in number; ohne —, numberless, innumerable; mit **3-n** versehen, to number: 2) a) eine — **Blattritz******

3a b

a hundred and ten pence; *b*) (in *opining*) ten or twenty skeins tied together, a hank.
B. Zahl, (*str.*) *m.* (*comp.* from *Zahl*) (+ *d*) *provinc. tall; -cube, n. Paved. top-end of a felled tree.*
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.* —*amt, m. pay-office, treasury; -apparat, m. T. counter.*
Zahlfähig, *I. adj.* 1) payable, due, to be paid; 2) solvent, *see Zahlungsfähig*; *einem Wechsel* — *machte, to discount a bill of exchange; - werden, to fall or become due; II. 3-heit, s. (w.) f. solvency.*
Zählbar, *adj.* numberable, computable.
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.* —*rett, Zählrett, (str. pl. 3-er) n. counting-board; -zahlkarte, m. numeral letter; -buchstabenalphabet, f. chronogram.*
Zahlen, (*w.*) *s. & d. str.* 1) to pay, *cf. Zahlen*; 2) *fig.* to atone or pay (for), *for*; *nicht* — *haben, to be unable to pay (or to clear one's debts), to be insolvent; Kinder* — *des Vaters, children half price.*
Zählen, (*w.*) *v. & to.* to number, tell, count, reckon, *cf. Rechnen*; *er machte diese 63 Jahre* —, he might have told some three-and-sixty years (*Bauwerk*); — *auf (with Acc.)*, to count or rely on ...; to anticipate (success, &c.); *unter die Zehnen* —, to number with the dead.
Zahlen... *in comp.* (*from Zahl, s. cf. Zahl'*...), *in comp.* —*folge, f. order of numbers; -gleichung, f. numerical equation (opp. Ungleichung); -lehrer, -lehr, f. arithmetic; -lotterie, f. lottery with numbers; -meister, m. fig. man of ciphers; -messer, m. arithmometer; -messung, f. arithmometry; -proportion, f. numerical proportion; -punch, f. T. figure-punch; -rechnung, f. arithmetic; -reihe, f. progression (or series) of numbers; -schloß, n. T. secret bag-lock; -sinn, m. *Phron.* faculty of numeration; -tafel, f. multiplication-table; -stellung, f. division; -verständnis, m. arithmetical proportion; -weise, *fig.* *geret, f.* (art of) telling fortune from numbers, arithmancy.
Zahler, (*str.*) *m.* payer; *ein Schlechter, jämmer* —, a bad payer, or paymaster; *er ist von jeder ein Schlechter* — *geraten, he was never very forward in paying.*
Zähler, (*str.*) *m.* 1) teller; 2) t, payer; 3) *Arith.* numerator.
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.* —*figur, see Zahlungsfigur*; —*figur, f. cipher, figure; -frist, f. Comm.* term of payment.
Zahlungsb., (*str. pl. 3-er*) *n.* money for counting, collecting.
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.* —*größe, f. numeric quantity; -haapel, Zahl-haapel, (w.) f. see -weise; -holz, Zahl-holz, n. wood sold by the number of pieces; —hammer, f. see -amt; -haus, f. numeration; -liste, f. pay-sheet (Zahlungsliste).
Zahl'los, *I. adj.* numberless; *II. 3-igkeit, (w.) f. numberlessness.*
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.* —*maß, m. measure by number; -meister, m. paymaster, treasurer; -ordnung, f. order of numbers; -perle, f. round pearl; -schenke, m. counter.*
Zähl'... *in comp.* —*punct, m. point to number from; epoch; -rad, n. count-wheel.*
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl), *in comp.* —*reich, adj. numerous; -reim, m. chronogram; Comm.-s. —schein, m. promissory note; -scheid, m. one of a number of logs sold by the piece; -spiel, n. game with numbers or figures; -stein, m. *Fluß.* stone to keep down the drag-net; -tag, m. day of payment, payday, quarter-day; —termin, m. time of payment; —tisch, m. pay-table. [board.
Zähl'tisch, (*str.*) *m.* counter, counting.
Zahl'... (*from Zahlen & Zahl*), *in comp.*****

—*sch*, *n.* 1) bolting-cloth; 2) a sampler with numbers; —*unfähig*, *see* Zahlungsunfähig.

Zahlung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) paying, payment; *Comm.* protection (of bills); 2) (legal) tender, *see* 3-*mittel*; an 3-*gestalt*, instead of payment; gegen — von ..., after paying ...; sollte bei Verfall die — nicht erfolgen, if not paid at maturity; dies soll zur — dienen für ..., this is in payment of ...; zur — anhalten, to exact or compel the payment; die — einstellen, to suspend or stop payment; — leisten, to pay, to make payment; Mißgels an —, *Comm.* for non-payment.

Zählung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) counting; calculation; enumeration, *cf.* Zählung.

Zahlungsbefugnis, *in comp.* —*besitz*, *f.* *see* —*besitz*; —*anweisung*, *f.* assignment, check, order; —*ausfall*, *m.* delay of payment; —*bürg*, *m.* guarantee for payment; —*besitz*, *n.* place of payment, domicile; —*einstellung*, *f.* suspension or stopping of payment; —*fähig*, *adj.* able to pay, solvent; —*fähigkeit*, *f.* ability to pay, solvency; —*frist*, *f.* time allowed for payment, term of or for payment; installment; —*fremder*, *f.* pay office; —*mittel*, *n.* (legal) tender; dies kann nicht als —*mittel* dienen, this will not pass as payment; —*ort*, *m.* place of payment; —*rang*, *m.* rank according to which creditors are to be paid, collection; —*schein*, *m.* receipt, acquittance; —*termin*, *m.* 1) day or term of payment, quarter-day; expiration, maturity; 2) installment; der mittlere —*termin*, equitation of payments, average date; den —*termin* nicht einhalten, to transgress payment; —*unfähigkeit*, *adj.* insolvent, non-solvent; —*unfähigkeit*, *f.* inability to pay, insolvency; —*verhältniß*, *f.* liability to pay; —*vermögen*, *n.* *see* —*fähig*; —*zeit*, *f.* *see* —*frist*; —*zettel*, *m.* check (put in the cash) in the interim, counter-check, counter-note.

Zähl, (*from* Zahlen & Zahl), *in comp.* —*verhältniß*, *n.* *Arch.* proportion; —*verh*, *m.* *see* —*verh*; —*verrichtung*, *f.* *count*; —*weise*, *f.* *see* —*weise*; *see* —*weise*, *f.* *Comm.* week for payment, pay-week, settling-week (after the fair); —*wert*, *n.* numerical word, numeral, number; —*zeichen*, *n.* cipher, figure, arithmetical character, numeral.

Zähm, *adj.* 1) tame, not wild, domestic; natural (of plants); arable (soil); not refractory (of ores); 2) *Ag.* tame; gentle; 3-*c* Zähre, tame beasts, domestic animals; 3-*c* Zähre, fish bred and kept in ponds or lakes; 3-*c* Zehrer (fish-pond); —*machen*, to tame.

Zähmbär, *I. adj.* tamable; *II. 3-*reit**, *s.* (*w.*) *f.* tamableness, tamability.

Zähmen, (*w.*) *s. 1.* to tame, domesticate; to man (a hawk); to break in (a horse); 2) *Ag.* to restrain, refrain, curb, check, to subdue (passions, &c.). — **Zähmer**, (*str.*) *m.* tamer, &c.

Zähmheit, (*w.*) *f.* tameness, &c., *cf.* Zähm.

Zähmherd, (*str.*) *n.* skins of domesticated animals.

Zähmung, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) taming, &c.

Zahn, (*str.*, *pl.* Zähne) *m.* 1) tooth (also *T.* of a saw, &c.); 2) dental, denticle; time, prong; *Bot.* indentation; 3) *Mech.* cog (of a wheel), tooth; *staf.* pl. staves (of a trundle); 4) *Wass.* dent, rood (of a sluice); 5) *Mar.* fluke (of an anchor); 6) top, peak (of a mountain); 7) *Min.* point (in ores); 8) lace-edging, purf; 9) notch (in a blade, &c. *cf.* Zähle); der abgemessene, flüchtige, or cariose —, carious, foul tooth; Zähne bekommen, to cut teeth, to teethe; zahn — ansetzen, to draw or extract a tooth; der — der Zeit, *Ag.* the ravages of time; coll-*s.* einem auf den — fassen, to feel one's pulse, to sound one; *Geogr.* auf den Zähnen haben, 1. to have experience, to know what's what; 2. to

be bold or intrepid; es thut ihm kein — mehr weh, he is dead and gone; mit langen Zähnen essen, to eat gluttonously; mir werden die Zähne lang, I am or feel very hungry; einem lange Zähne machen, to make a person's teeth water; einen — auf jemand haben, to bear a grudge against one; einem etwas in die Zähne reiben, to cast something in a person's teeth.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*arterie*, *f.* *Anal.* dental artery; —*artig*, *adj.* *see* —*förmig*; —*arzt*, *f.* *see* —*mittel*; —*arzt*, *m.* dentist, *coll.* tooth-drawer; —*ausnehmen*, —*ausziehen*, *n.* the (act or) practice of extracting teeth, tooth-drawing; —*ausschlag*, *m.* *Med.* strophulus; —*ballen*, *m.* *Carp.* joggled girder; —*ballsam*, *m.* balsam for the tooth; —*bleder*, *m.* one who shows his teeth; —*bleiwurzel*, *f.* *Pharm.* root of the lead-wood; —*bräusen*, *m.* *Ichth.* dextor (*Dentex vulgaris* Cuv.); —*brechstein*, *n.* *see* —*eisen*, 1; —*brecher*, *m.* *cont.* tooth-breaker, tooth-drawer; —*bruchstabe*, *m.* dental (letter); —*bürste*, *f.* tooth-brush.

Zähnechen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of Zahn) little tooth.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*chirurgie*, *f.* dental surgery; —*chirurg*(us), *m.* surgeon dentist; —*coralle*, *f.* teething-coral; —*bede*, *f.* *Lock-en*. cover, socket, nozzle; —*clang*, *m.* *Dent.* filling of a tooth; —*einschnitt*, *m.* indentation; —*eisen*, *n.* 1) *Med.* toothed iron; 2) *Join.* toothed plane-iron; 3) *Dent.* key-instrument; 4) *Sculp.* dog's tooth.

Zähneisen, (*w.*) *v. I.* *tr.* to dent, indent; *II. instr.* to breed teeth; *gezhneht*, *Bot.* denticulate(d).

Zähnen, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to tooth, dent, indent; to cog; *II. instr.* to teeth, to breed or cut teeth; *gezhneht*, *p. a.* toothed, *Bot.* tooth-letted, dentate; *gezhneht* *gezhneht*, dentate-serrated; sein *gezhneht*, denticulate(d); das —, *s. a.* (*str.*) *n.* the (act of) teething, dentition.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*fächer*, *n.* *pl.* *Anal.* sockets of the teeth, alveoli; —*fächerig*, *adj.* *Bot.* alveolate; —*fäule*, *f.* rottenness in the teeth; —*felle*, *f.* 1) respiratory for the teeth; 2) *Watch-m.* equalling-file; —*feder*, *n.* *Med.* teething-fover; —*fistel*, *f.* *Surg.* Astula in the gum; —*fische*, *f.* *Mech.* the straight part of the tooth of a wheel, flank; —*fisch*, *n.* *Anal.* gum(s); —*fischgarn*, *n.* *Surg.* spulis; —*fischgarn*, *adj.* showing the teeth; —*förmig*, *adj.* formed like a tooth, dentate, tooth-shaped, odontoid; —*fortsatz*, *m.* *see* —*höhlenfortsatz*; —*gerat*, *n.* socket joint; —*geschwür*, *n.* tumour in the gum, a gum-boil, parulis; —*geschwulst*, *n.* *Mech.* tooth-rack; —*glaser*, *f.* enamel of the teeth; —*gold*, *n.* gold for filling decayed teeth; —*hammer*, *m.* flat hammer, claw-hammer, pick-axe; —*heilstunde*, *f.* dentistry, dental surgery; —*hobel*, *m.* *Join.* teething-plane; —*höhle*, *f.* tooth-hole, socket of a tooth; —*höhlenfortsatz*, *m.* *Anal.* alveolar **Zähning**, *adj.* toothed, dented. [*process*]

Zahninstrument, *n.* *pl.* *Dent.* tooth instruments.

Zahn(e), *in comp.* —*klappe*(n), *s. a.* (*str.*) *n.* chattering or gnashing of the teeth; —*knäuel*, (*str.*) *n.* gnashing of the teeth; —*knäuel*, *p. a.* grinding the teeth.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*koralle*, *see* —*koralle*; —*krankheiten*, *pl.* diseases of the teeth; —*krämer*, *m.* *see* *T. ruginus*, scraper; —*krant*, *m.* *Bot.* 1) leadwort (*Plumbago europaea* L.); 2) toothwort (*Dentaria* L.); 3) toothwort (*Lathraea squamaria* L.); —*krant*, *f.* crown, upper part of a tooth; —*kranke*, *m.* dentist; —*lab*, *f.* *Anal.* jaw-bone; tooth-socket; —*latwerg*, *f.* *Pharm.* dentifrice; —*lebre*, *f.* dentology. [*den*]

Zahnlein, (*str.*) *n.* *provinc.* & *see* Zähne.

Zahnleier, (*str.*) *n.* *Ornith.* plant-cutter, phytoloma (*Phylloscopus*).

Zahnstille, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* dog tooth violet (*Erythronium dens canis* L.).

Zahnlos, *I. adj.* toothless; 3-*c* Zähre, *n.* *pl.* *Dent.* edentates; *II. 3-*figkeit**, (*w.*) *f.* toothlessness.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*lücke*, *f.* 1) tooth-gap; 2) *Arch.* interstice between two teeth; 3) *Mech.* clearing (between two teeth); —*lückig*, *adj.* gap-toothed, toothless; —*meißel*, *m.* *see* —*eisen*, 2; —*mittel*, *n.* remedy for the tooth, odontalgic remedy; —*muschel*, *f.* *see* —*schneide*; —*nerb*, *m.* *Anal.* nerve of a tooth; —*operation*, *f.* dental operation; —*paste*, *f.* dentifrice; —*perlen*, *pl.* *see* —*coralle*; —*pulver*, *m.* *Pharm.* tooth-powder, dentifrice; —*purpur*(schneide), *f.* *see* —*schneide*; —*pußer*, *m.* *see* —*fräger*; —*rad*, *n.* dented or toothed wheel; cog-wheel; —*rißwert*, *n.* *Mech.* toothed gear; —*reihe*, *f.* row of teeth; —*röhre*, *f.* *see* —*schneide*; —*röhrensteine*, *m.* *pl.* *Patr.* dentalites; —*säge*, *f.* *T.* saw to cut comb-tooth with; —*schaber*, *m.* *see* —*fräger*; —*schlüssel*, *m.* *Dent.* key-instrument; —*schmerz*, *m.* —*schmerzen*, *pl.* tooth-ache, odontalgia; —*schneider*, *m.* *pl.* *Ornith.* dentirosters; —*schneide*, *f.* *Onch.* dental, tooth-shell (*Dentalium* L.); —*schnitt*, *m.* 1) *Arch.* dental, denticulation; 2) *Carp.* indentation; —*stiel*, *f.* toothed sickle; —*stiller*, *m.* 1) silver for filling or stopping teeth; 2) *Min.* *see* Zahnstille; —*spinnet*, *f.* a toothed spindle; —*spindel*, *f.* potence-file; *Mech.-s.* —*stange*, *f.* rack; —*stange und stiel*, rack and pinion; —*stangengetriebe*, *n.* rack-gear, rack and pinion, rack and sector; —*stein*, *m.* *Archit.* tooth-ing-stone; —*sticker*, *m.* toothpick, tooth-pick; —*stickerholz*, *f.* —*stickerholz*, *f.* quill-toothpick; —*stellung*, *f.* *Mech.* pitch; —*struktur*, *f.* tincture for the teeth, tooth-water; —*traß*, *m.* *Bot.* the red eyebright (*Euphrasia odontites* L.); —*wachse*, *n.* *Med.* agomphasia; —*wälzmaschine*, *f.* *Horol.* finishing-engine; —*wachse*, *n.* casting the teeth; —*wach*, *n.* *see* —*schmerz*; —*wegbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* prickly ash, tooth-ache tree (*Xanthoxylum* Juss.); —*weinstein*, *m.* tartar of the tooth; —*wert*, *n.* 1) *Mech.* tooth-work; 2) *coll.* set of teeth; —*wurzel*, *m.* *Med.* caries of the teeth; —*wurzel*, *f.* 1) root of a tooth; 2) (*or* —*wurz*, *f.*) *see* —*frant*, 1 & 2; —*zange*, *f.* pincers, forceps for drawing teeth; —*zeilen*, *f.* *pl.* *see* —*fächer*.

Zähre, (*w.*) *f.* *see* —*zeilen*.

Zähring, (*str.*) *m.* *see* Bergstut & Buchstut.

Zährte, (*w.*) *see* Zährte, 2.

Zährtegel, (*str.*) *m.* large crucible.

Zährweide, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* osier, *see* Buchsweide.

Zahn, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *T. a.* lingot, lingot; ingot, wedge, bar (of metal); 2) metal-wire; 3) *Min.* ribbon, fillet; 4) *Arm.* sword-blom; 5) *Sport.* tail (of a badger); yard (of a stag); 6) *provinc.* *see* Zährte, 1. *Ornith.*

Zahnbeimessung, (*str.*) *n.* *T.* ingot-brass.

Zahnstücken, (*str.*) *n.* iron in bars, all-iron, nail-rods.

Zahnstücken, *adj.* of metal wire.

Zahnstücken, (*w.*) *s. a.* *Min.* to cast into ingots; to forge or slit into bars. — **Zahner**, (*str.*) *m.* hammer-smith, master-smith in forges, slitter.

Zahn, *in comp.* —*hammer*, *m.* —*hammerwerk*, *n.* forge, slitting-mill; —*schmidt*, *m.* forger of bars (*Zeimer*); —*stiller*, *m.* silver in bars or ingots; —*wert*, *n.* rod-iron work; —*zug*, *m.* *T.* draw-beach for ribbons.

Zahnstücken, (*str.*) *m.* (*Zeimer*, *Cempel*; *Fr.* simple, simple) *Wass.* simple, symbol; *in comp.* —*carben*, —*schüre*, *pl.* simple-cords; —*stiel*, *m.* simple-stick; —*stiel*, *m.* simple-loom; —*zug*, *m.* simple.

Zahnstücken, (*w.*) *v. instr.* to arrange the threads on the loom according to the pattern.

Bamf'..., *in comp.* **Wass.** -**Bret**, *n.* simple-rud; -**metel**, *f.* loop-needle.

Bam'ber, (*str.*) *n.* **Ichth.** perch-pike (*Luciopeca sandra* Cur.).

Bang'e, (*w.*) *f.* 1) tongue, a pair of tongue; *Surp.* forceps; *Corp.* hold fast; **flage** -, *plyer*: (*scine* -, *pincers*, *nippers*; 3-*n.* *pl.* 2) *see* 3-**njähne**; 3) **Archit.** a) cross-pieces (in a wall); b) **Bridge-build.** waling-pieces, walings; 4) **Sport.** edges (of a deer); 5) *see* 3-**n-wert**; 6) pile, faggot (of steel-bars); 7) *Corp.* binding-piece, tie.

Bäng'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Bange**) tweezers, small pincers, nippers.

Bäng'elmaß, (*str.*) *n.* **Wirtz-dr.** gauge for measuring the draw-holes.

Bäng'eis, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to take up with a pair of nippers or pincers, to hold with a pair of tongue, &c.; *den Deul* -, or **Bäng'en**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* **Metall.** to bring the loop.

Bäng'en..., *in comp.* -**Bret**, *n.* **Join.** stay, cramp; -**entbindung**, *f.* **Surp.** delivery by means of the forceps; -**fürmig**, *adj.* for-patented; -**flüster**, *m.* *see* **Ohrrumr**; -**ring**, *m.* 1) *Cooper*, sliding-ring; 2) ring of the tenail; -**schanz**, *f.* trench in the shape of a pair of tongue; -**träger**, *m.* **Archit.** scorpion-spider (*Bücher* *scorpion*); **Fort-s.** -**wert**, *n.* tenail; -**winkel**, *m.* angle of the tenail; -**jähne**, *m. pl.* **Flurr.** nippers, gathers, fore-teeth of a horse.

Bant, (*str.*) *m.* quarrel, wrangle, altercation, squabble; dispute; -**anfangen**, to begin or pick a quarrel; immer - und **Streit** haben, to be always wrangling (*coll.* at odds, in hot water, &c.).

Bant'... (*from* **Bant** & **Banten**), *in comp.* -**äpfel**, *m. sg.* apple (*w* -**bein**, *n.* bone) of contention, subject of a quarrel; -**eisen**, *n.* 1) puzzling-rings (sort of toy); 2) *sg.* *adj.* squabbler; b) *see* -**tsüfel**.

Bant'eis, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to pick little quarrels.

Bant'en, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to quarrel (*um*, *libet* [*with Acc.*], about), to wrangle, to dispute, squabble, brawl; to chide; *II. refl.* to quarrel (with one another; *um*, about), to fall out one with another; *sich mitle* -, to quarrel till one gets tired. - **Bant'er**, (*str.*) *m.* quarreller, wrangler, brawler, disputer. - **Bant'erel**, (*w.*) *f.* quarrel; wrangling; brawl; altercation, contention, bickering. - **Bant'erin**, (*w.*) *f.* quarrelsome woman, shrew, scold.

Bant'... (*from* **Bant** & **Banten**), *in comp.* -**flecken**, *m. pl. coll.* pimples, heat-spots; -**geiß**, *m.* quarrelsome disposition.

Bant'hast, **Bant'hig**, *adj.* quarrelsome; contentious, litigious, disputatious, captious.

Bant'... (*from* **Bant** & **Banten**), *in comp.* -**laune**, *f.* quarrelling mood; -**lust**, *f.* quarrelsomeness; -**lustig**, *adj.* quarrelsome; -**mant**, *n.* quarrelsome person; -**nister**, *m.* author of quarrel or dispute; -**lust**, -**lustig**, *f.* quarrelsomeness, litigiousness; quarrelsome disposition; -**lustig**, *adj.* quarrelsome, litigious; ein -**lustiger** Mensch, a wrangler; -**teufel**, *m. coll.* -**vogel**, *m.* wrangler, quarrelsome person, (*of a woman*) scold, vixen, catamaran, termagant, shrew; -**wort**, *n.* quarrelling word.

Bapf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*particul.* *S. G.*) tap, spigot, &c.; *see* **Bapfen**; 2) *sg.* *coll.* tynner, *see* **Bäuer**; -**bottich**, *m. Brew.* working-tun.

Bäpf'eisen, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Bapfen**) 1) little pin, peg; 2) (*im* **Balle**) *Anat.* uvula, hock; *bei* **Schleifen** or **fallen** des 3-**s**, falling of the uvula; *Med-s.* -**brünne**, *f.* inflammation of the uvula; -**geschwulst**, *f.* tumefaction of the uvula, staphyloma; -**heber**, -**muskel**, *m. Anat.* muscle of the uvula; -**frant**, *n. Bot.* double-leaved butcher's broom (*Ruscus hypoglauca* L.).

Bäpf'eis, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *provinc.* (*S. G.*, &c.)

1) to cut or pluck off the ears, pedicles, &c. of (cereal grasses); 2) to take bit by bit, to pick, to piddle; 3) (*also* *intr.*) to laugh to scorn, to ridicule.

Bäpf'en, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *T.* pin, peg, plug; tappet; hook (of a tile); *Corp.*, &c. tenon; *Mar.* (cines **Maße**) heel-tenon; *Wh-w.* dudge; gudgeon (of a shaft or axle); *Gunn.* trunnion; pintle; 2) tap, spigot, stopple; 3) *Bot.* cone (of a fir); 4) *see* **Bäpf'en**, 2; 5) sluice, water-gate (of tanks); 6) **Archit.** tear, drop.

Bäpf'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tap, broach, draw; 2) to sell from the tap; 3) to mortise.

Bäpf'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten by tenons.

Bäpf'en..., *in comp.* -**bent**, *f.* *T.* turn-bench; -**bäume**, *m. pl.* *Bot.* cone-bearing trees, conifers; -**beiser**, *m. Ornith.* cross-bill (*Streng* *quabell*); -**ber**, *n.* droppings of beer; -**birne**, *f.* **Pomol.** pear in the form of a cone; -**böhrer**, *m.* 1) pin-drill (*Centrum* *böhrer*); 2) *Coop.* tap-bore(r); 3) *Walch-m.* pivot-drill; -**böttich**, *m. Brew.* working-tun; -**Bret**, *n. see* **Richter**; -**beutel**, *m.* *T.* lid or cover of a sea-compass; -**brüße**, *f.* *Anat.* gland of the uvula; -**fel**, *n.* *Gunn.* -**trog**; -**felle**, *f.* pivot file; -**feld**, *n.* *Gunn.* trunnion ring, second reinforcement; -**fürmig**, *adj.* in the shape of a bung; *Bot.* strobiliform; -**geiß**, *n.* ale-house impost; -**geßel**, *n.* *Mech.* spigot and faucet joint; -**gerüst**, *n.* *T.* timber-work of floodgates and sluices; -**geßn**, *n.* tapping cock; -**haus**, *n.* small building enclosing a **Bapfen**, *which* *see*, 5; -**holz**, *n.* wood of the berry-bearing alder-tree, bung-wood; -**hupfen**, *m.* female hop; -**lassen**, *m.* *T.* frame-work enclosing the floodgate; -**fell**, *m.* *Gunn.* wedge for fastening the trunnions; -**frant**, *n. see* **Bäpf'en**; -**lager**, *n.* *Mech.* plumber-block, bush, pillow, socket; fulcrum; *Gunn.* bed; -**leber**, *n.* shagreen; -**loch**, *n.* bung-hole; tap-hole; faucet-hole; pivot-hole; mortise; -**meißel**, *m.* **Surp.** dosell; -**mutter**, *f.* *see* -**lager** & -**loch**; -**nagel**, *m.* *Corp.* mortise-bolt; -**nager**, *m.* *see* -**beiser**; -**naht**, *f.* *Anat.* claviform suture; -**öl**, *n.* oil of turpentine; -**rand**, *m.* *Anat.* edge of the *apophysis basillaris*; -**recht**, *n.* privilege of retailing liquor; -**reißbelle**, *f.* *T.* pivot-brooch; -**röhre**, *f.* tapping pipe; -**säge**, *f.* tenon-saw; -**schneidemaschine**, *f.* *T.* toning-machine; -**schraube**, *f.* pivot-screw; -**schwelle**, *f.* ground-sill of a sluice; -**stange**, *f.* plug-beam; -**stößel**, *n.* *Found.* tappet; -**stich**, *m.* *Mil.* tattoo; -**stüd**, *n.* 1) *see* -**feld**; 2) socket of a bell; 3) *Clock-m.* square; -**thell**, *m.* *Anat. pars basillaris*; -**tragen**, *adj.* *Bot.* cone-bearing, coniferous; -**träger**, *pl. see* -**bäume**; -**trog**, *m.* trough under the tap; -**walze**, *f.* *Mech.* pinion roller; -**wein**, *f.* *Bot.* coniferous willow; -**wein**, *n.* droppings of wine; -**wirth**, *m. see* **Schul-wirth**; -**wurzel**, *f.* tap-root; -**zins**, *m. see* -**geiß**.

Bäpf'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to tap, broach, draw; 2) to sell from the tap; 3) to mortise.

Bäpf'en, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to fasten by tenons.

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Be'ig, *adj.* having toes; *Bot.* digitated.
Be'm, *l. num. adj.* ten; die - *Geräte*, the ten commandments, decalogue; der Rath der -, the Council of Ten (at Venice); *II.* (or *Be'me*) (*w.*) *f.* ten, *cf.* *Be'mer*, 1.

Be'm..., *in comp.* -blumig, *adj.* *Bot.* ten-flowered; -ed, *n.* *Geom.* decagon; -eßig, *adj.* decagonal; -ender, *m.* *Sport.* stag of ten antlers.

Be'mer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Arith.* the number ten, tenth; die Einer gehen den 3-n voran, the units precede the tens; 2) a) a member of a council of ten; b) *see* *Be'mender*; c) *see* *Be'mennigstid*; d) wine of the year (18)10.

Be'merel, (*str.*) *adj.* ten different, of ten sorts.

Be'm..., *in comp.* -fisch, -fößig, *adj.* tenfold; -füßige Krustenthiere, -füßler, *m. pl.* *Nat.* crustaceous animals with ten limbs (as the lobster, crab, crawfish, &c.), decapoda; -griffelig, *adj.* *Bot.* decagynian; -griffelige Pflanze, decagyn; -herr, *m.* decemvir; -herrschaf, *f.* decemvirate; -herrschaflich, *adj.* decemviral; -jährig, *adj.* of ten years, decennial; -jährlich, *adj.* & *adv.* every tenth year; -lahlig, *adj.* *Bot.* tenlobed; -löhlig, *adj.* of five ounces; -mal, *adv.* ten times; -maltig, *adj.* ten times repeated; -mann, *m.* *see* -herr; -männig, *adj.* *Bot.* decandrian; -maß, *n.* decimal measure; -monatlich, *adj.* & *adv.* every ten months; -netzig, *adj.* *see* -griffelig; -pfeunigstid, *n.* *Nwm.* coin of the value of ten German pence, provinc. now-groschen, silver-groschen; -pfundig, *m.* *Geom.* ten-pounder; -pünktig, *adj.* of ten pounds; -rechnung, *f.* decimal arithmetic; -säulig, *adj.* having ten columns; das -säulige Gebäude, decastyle; -stellig, *adj.* of ten syllables, decasyllabic; -spaltig, *adj.* *Bot.* decadi; -strahl, *m.* *Minor.* star-stone; -tägig, *adj.* of ten days; -tägig, *adj.* & *adv.* every ten days; -tagelange, *f.* the Decameron (of Boccaccio); -tausendst, *adj.* ten-thousandth.

Be'merel, (*str.*) *see* *Be'mender*.

Be'mer, *l. adj.* tenth; das weiß der - nicht, coll. not one in ten knows it; *II.* *see* *Be'merel*.

Be'merel, (*str.*) *n.* tenth part, tenth, tithe; das hundertste - *Comm.* additional tenth.

Be'merel, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to divide into tenths or ten parts.

Be'mer, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to decimate.

Be'merel, (*str.*) *n.* tenthly.

Be'm..., *in comp.* -thell, *m.* *see* *Be'merel*; -thellig, *adj.* of ten parts; *Bot.* decadi; -wöchentlich, *adj.* & *adv.* every ten weeks; -wöchig, *adj.* of ten weeks; -jährig, *adj.* having ten teeth, *Bot.* decedentate.

Be'merel, (*str.*) *m.* provisions needed for consumption.

Be'mer, (*w.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*with* von or an (& *Dat.*)) a) to spend, consume; b) to waste; to prey (upon); to make lean or meagre (said of wine, tea, &c.); 2) *fam.* to sharpen the stomach; 3) to live, feed (von, upon), to eat and drink; von seinen Renten -, to live upon one's income; das - des Brines, *see* *Be'merung*, 4.

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Be'mer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*l. w.*) consumer, feeder; 2) *provinc.* fisch (Hinf.).

Be'm..., *in comp.* -fland, *m. coll.* the consuming or rich class (*opp.* to *Rährfland*); -flender, *f.* excise on provisions.

Be'merung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) spending, &c.; consumption; 2) a) provision(s), store provided for consumption; b) expenses of living (at an inn, &c.); score, shot; c) money for consumption on a journey, viaticum, *cf.* *Be'merung*, 2, a; 3) *Rom. Cath.* viaticum, extreme unction; 4) -des Brines, loss of wine by absorption; 5) *Müll.* oil or grease for the coze; *in comp.* *Be'merung*, pl. expenses or costs for one's diet, for eating and drinking; *Be'merung* im Rathshaus, expenses for necessities at port of distress; *Be'merung*, *f.* excise on provisions.

Be'm..., *in comp.* -vorrath, *m.* provisions; -wärrer, *m. pl.* *see* *Wärrer*; -wärrer, *f. Bot.* 1) common arum, wake robin (*Arum L.*); 2) sweet-flag (*Acorus callurus L.*); -zell, *m.* inch-allowance (with water-wheels).

Be'mer, (*str.*) *n.* 1) sign, token, mark, stamp, character; badge (of power or authority, &c.); (auf einem Cello) mark; (eingetrannte) brand; *Mar.* sea-mark; 2) signal; 3) *Med.* symptom; 4) *Astr.* sign; 5) *Vol.* *see* *Stimmung*, 1; 6) *see* *Bläse*, 2, a; 7) *f.* stamp, impress; sign, phenomenon, meteor; omen; wonder; miracle; -und Wunder (*pl.*), signs and wonders; -der Raufleute oder Retorten, sign, manual sign; vom - an, *Nur.* (a mark of repetition) from the sign, (*Nal.*) *dal segno*; zum - daß, in token that ...; durch - sprechen, to talk in dumb show.

Be'mer... (*from* *Be'mer* & *Be'mer*, *v.*), *in comp.* -bell, *n.* *see* *Waldbell*; -bild, *m.* emblem; -brander, *m.* brander; -buch, *n.* drawing-book; book of portraiture; -beuter, *m.* astrologer, soothsayer; *cont.* prophet; -beuterei, *f.* astrology; *cont.* prophesying; -biste, *f.* 1) marking-ink; 2) drawing-ink; -eisen, *n.* marking iron; -feder, *f.* drawing-pen; -garn, *n.* marking-thread or silk; -hammer, *m.* marking-hammer; -fatus, *m.* writing-cloth, trading-cloth; -föste, *f.* *see* *Be'mer*; -föste, *f.* drawing-chalk, crayon; -fauß, *f.* art of drawing; -föste, *f.* *Med.* the art of distinguishing one disease from another by the symptoms presented, diagnosis; -meister, *m.* drawing-master; -papier, *n.* drawing-paper; -pinfel, *m.* marking-brush; -pult, *n.* drawing-desk; -rahmen, *m.* drawing-frame; -rechnung, *f.* algebra; -schleier, *m.* drawing-slate; -schrift, *f.* writing in characters; -schule, *f.* drawing-school, school of design; -schung, *f.* punctuation; -sprache, *f.* language by signs, finger and sign language; intercourse of signs; symbolic language; -stab, *m.* pole, stake; -stempel, *m.* stamp; -stift, *m.* (drawing-)pencil, crayon; -stunde, *f.* drawing-lesson; -stift, *f.* marking ink; indelible, permanent, or durable ink; -tisch, *m.* drawing-table; -träger, *m.* *Astr.* analemma; -tuch, *n.* canvas for marking.

Be'mer, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* 1) to draw, delineate, design; 2) to sign, mark; to brand; 3) to underwrite, sign (*cf.* *Unterzeichnen*); 4) to subscribe (a certain sum); *Be'mer* -, to mark linen; nach dem Be'mer, nach der Natur -, to draw (or copy) from life, from nature; sein gezeichnete Augenbrauen, delicately pencilled eye-brows; das Pferd zeichnet noch, *Nwm.* the horse has still the mark in its tooth, *cf.* *Stimmung*, 1; *Sport-s.* der Hund zeichnet (die Hühner), the dog draws on or has the scent; das Wild zeichnet, the game shot at shows by its movements in what part of the body it is hit; *Comm-s.* Aktien -, to take shares, to subscribe for shares; auf eine Anleihe -, to subscribe to a loan; die Firma -, to sign

the style of the firm; *Sport-s.* wird -, Mr. W. will sign; signature of Mr. W. ...; ich habe die Ehre zu -, I beg to subscribe myself.

Be'mer..., *in comp.* -buch (*u.*) *incorr.* for *Be'mer*, *in comp.*

Be'mer, (*str.*) *m.* drawer, designer, draughtsman.

Be'merlich, *adj.* according to the rules of drawing; ein 3-tes Talent, a talent for drawing.

Be'merung, (*w.*) *f.*

Beilaub, (*str.*) *m.* *Bot.* spurge-laurel (*Daphne laureola* L.).

Beile, (*w.*) *f.* 1) line; row; 2) row of skins sewed together; zwölften den 3-n leiten, *fig.* to supply (in reading a communication, &c.) what is implied but not expressed, to read what does not meet the eye, to see the drift.

Beilein, (*w.*) *v. tr. (l. u.)* to arrange in lines or rows; *T.* to sew together in one row (dressed skins).

Beilein..., *in comp.* —egge, *f.* drill-harrow; —gerste, *f.* winter or big barley; —länge, *f.* Typ. justification; —femmel, *Beilfemmel*, *f.* *Bak.* a kind of long rolls; —weisse, *adv.* in a line, by lines, by rows, in a file.

Beilig, *adj.* consisting of rows or lines; (*used in comp., f. t.*) zwei-, consisting of two lines.

Beinbrief, *m.* see *Einbrief*.

Beischän, (*str.*) *n.* see *Beisig*.

A. Beisel, (*str.*) *m. & (w.) f.* see *Beisel*.

B. Beisel, *provinc.* (*w.*) *f.* a bird-catching by decoying — *Beiseln*, (*w.*) *v. tr. 1)* to tug, to drag; 2) to lure, to decoy. — *Beiseln*..., *in comp.* —bär, *m.* a shaggy (black) bear (*Gotteibär*); —wagen, *m.* (*in Austria*) a sort of long carriage, in which people sit back to back.

Beisig, (*str.*) *m. 1)* *Ornith.* siskin, greenfinch, aberdovine (*Pringilla spinula* L.); 2) ein leuberr —, *iron.* a fine fellow; *in comp.* —bauß, *m.* finest bird-shot; —grün, *adj.* greenfinch-coloured; —kraut, *n.* *Bot.* horse-mint (*Monarda silvestris* L.).

Beit, (*str.*) *m.* see *Beisel*.

Beit, (*w.*) *f.* 1) time; 2) —(raum) period; space; term; 3) era, epoch; eine neue —, a new era; 4) age, generation; 5) a) season; b) *fig.* fit time, season (of passion, sorrow, for acting, &c.); 6) *Gramm.* tense; 7) *Mus.* see *Acting*, 1, a; 8) *Mar.* tide; 9) *sam.* a (monthly) course; b) delivery, *accouchement*; sie ist thier — nahe, she is near her time or reckoning.

With prop., &c. wie viel or wie hoch ist's es? 2) what time of day or how late is it? c) ist noch früh an der —, it is early yet; c) ist schon spät an der —, it is late already; jetzt ist es an der — zu ..., now is the time for; c) ist kaum an der —, dies schon zu thun, the time for doing this has scarcely yet come; auf einige —, eine — lang, for a time, season, or while; etwas auf die — schlagen or schieben, to leave a thing to time; *Comm.-a.* auf — (*Acc.*), on account, upon credit; Rausf auf —, see *Zeitrauf*; drei Monate —, at three months' credit; Geküßte auf —, see —geküßte; auf — laufen, to buy on trust; auf — verkaufen, to sell goods upon time or credit, (*w. &c.*) to frist; auf ewige 3-en, for ever, eternally; auf — Lebens, see *Zeitlebens*; — meinet Lebens, all my life-time; aufer der —, out of season; bri or in 3-en, in (good or due) time; in (due) season; betimes, early; Einen bei 3-en warnen, to give one a fair warning; eulge — darauf (or nachher), a while (some while) after; die — her, *coll.* see *die* (game) — aber; hinter seiner — zurückbleiben, to loiter (or a bit) behind one's age; in so furzer —, in so short a space of time; in der letzten —, of late; for some time past; sich in die — schiden, to accommodate one's self to circumstances; to temporise; mit der —, in time (*yum.* in good time, in process or in the course of time; mit der — besser werden, to keep improving as the time goes on or advances; nach der —, afterwards; nach langer —, after a long time; seit der — or von der — an, since that time; over since; seit längerer —, this some time; die (game) — aber, all this while or time, *coll.* all day; (um) welcke — ist es? what time (of day) is it? what is it (*coll.* what's) o'clock? um welcke (or um wel-

che) — wollen Sie da sein? at what hour or time will you be there? wenn die — um ist, when the term or time is expired (or over); unter der —, während der —, during that time, (in the) mean time; von — zu —, from time to time, time after time; von — zu — Einem Nachricht geben, to keep one advised; vor einiger —, some time since or ago, the other day; vor furzer —, a short time ago, not long ago; nur vor furzer —, but a while ago; vor langer —, a great while ago, long ago; vor 3-en, in former times, (in the days) of old; vor unendlichen 3-en, time out of mind; vor meiner —, before my memory, time, or day; vor der —, before the right or proper time, premature; vor der — Zahlung leisten, to anticipate payment; sich vor der — Sorge machen, *fig.* to anticipate sorrow; zu allen 3-en des Jahres, at all periods of the year; zu 3-en, at times, sometimes, now and then, between whiles; zu meiner —, in my time; within my memory; zu unserer —, in our time, days, or age; (zu) seiner —, 1. in its day; 2. in due time or course; Alles hat seine —, there is a time (or season) for every thing; Alles zu seiner —, all in good time; zu bestimmten 3-en, at stated seasons; zu jeder —, at all times, at any time; zu rechter or (zu) seiner —, in (good) time, in (due) season, in due course, seasonably, opportunely, conveniently; zur rechten — kommen für ..., to save; er kam zur rechten — fürs Mittagbrot, für den Londoner Zug &c., he saved the dinner-hour, the London train, &c.; zur rechten — thun, to time well; zur —, at present; temporarily; zur — Lord Mayor, Lord Mayor for the time being, *cf.* —weilig, 1; zur — noch nicht, not as yet.

Phrases: er hat seine — ausgiebt, he has served his time or term, he is out of his time; Einem die — (des Tages) bieten or miltigen, to bid (give) one the time of day; es gab eine —, wo ..., there was a time (or time has been) when ...; er hat 3-en wo er ganz vernünftig ist, there are times when he is quite reasonable; — haben, to be at leisure; ich kann warten, bis Sie — haben, I can wait your leisure; ich habe keine — or ich kann mir nicht die — nehmen, Alles anzusehen, I have no time (or I am not at leisure or I cannot pause) to look at every thing; diese Moden haben ihre — gehabt, these fashions have had their day; es hat — bis ..., it is not wanted or need not be done till ...; es hat — bis er die Stelle bekommt, it will last some time till he gets the place; sich (Dat.) — nehmen, to take one's time; wir nahmen uns —, we took our time; nimm dir (or nehmen Sie sich, nehmt euch) —, take your time, don't hurry yourself; Einem — lassen or geben, to give time to ...; to grant grace or respite; — und Weile wird mir lang, time hangs heavy on me; — (*instead of* zeitig, 1) genug, early enough, in time; bequeme —, opportunity; müßige —, spare-time, leisure; die beste —, the best time; the best or right season; die gelegene, rechte —, right time or season; die goldene —, the golden age; damit hat es gute —, there is no hurry necessary; es ist hohe —, it is high time; es ist die höchste —, it is more than time; lange — warten, to wait for a considerable time; probier-s, mit der — bricht man Rosen, patience and time bring all things about; kommt —, kommt Rath, with time comes counsel; du liebe —! o du meine —! good graces!

Beit..., *in comp.* —abschnitt, *m.* section of time; epoch, period; portion of time; —alter, *m.* generation of men, age; das eiserne —alter, age of brass; —angabe, *f.* date; —aufwand, *m.* waste or loss of time; mit grobem or vielem —aufwand verknüpft sein, to require much time; —bedarf, *m.* necessary or

requisite time for any thing; —beere, *f.* *Bot.* currant (rotte Johannisbeere); —beginn, *m.* beginning of time; —begeiß, *m.* temporary shift; —berednung, *f.* chronology; —beschreiber, *m.* chronologer, chronieler; —beschreibung, *f.* chronography, chronology; das ewigselnde —bewußtsein an die Stelle des ewigen Wortes Gottes setzen, to substitute the variable sentiment of each period for the eternal word of God; —bestimmung, *f.* 1) determination of time or date; date; 2) *Comm.* term of delivery; —blume, *f.* see *Beisig*; —bock, *m.* he-goat two years old; —bogen, *m.* *Astr.* arc in time of fifteen degrees; —buch, *m.* chronicle; —bauer, *f.* space of time, period; —dieb, *m.* idler, lazy-bones.

Beit..., *in comp.* (*cf.* Zeit...) —bunfel, *m.* pre-historic time, the earliest ages; —gott, *m.* Saturnus.

Beit..., *in comp.* —ereigniß, *m. pl.* passing events; —erbsinn, *m.* saving of time; —fehler, *m.* anachronism; —fluß, *m.* —fluß, *f.* tide of time; —folge, *f.* succession of time; —form, *f.* *Gramm.* tense; —forschter, *m.* chronologer; —forschung, *f.* chronology; —fortschritt, *m.* process of time; —frist, *f.* *Comm.* monthly charter; charter by time; —gang, *m.* process of time; —geist, *m.* the spirit or genius of the age; —gemäß, *adj.* seasonably, in harmony with or adapted, suited to the spirit of the age or of the times; —genuß, *m.* contemporary, coeval; —genossenchaft, *f.* contemporariness; —genüßlich, *adj.* contemporary; —geschäfte, *m. pl.* transactions on credit, on time, or for account, time-bargains; —geschichte, *f.* chronicle; history of the present time or age; contemporary events; —geschmack, *m.* prevailing taste or custom; —gewinn, *m.* saving of time; —glanze, *m.* temporary faith, transient faith; —glänzig, *adj.* entertaining only a transient faith; —gleichung, *f.* *Astr.* equation of time, mean or equated time; —gütinnen, *f. pl.* *Myth.* Horns; —hafen, *m.* dry harbour, tide-harbour; —halter, *m.* time-keeper, time-piece; —hammer, *m.* wether two years old.

Beit..., *adv.* since, hitherto, *cf.* *Seit*her.

Beit..., *adj.* done hitherto, modern.

Beitig, *adj.* 1) early, timely; *adv.* early, in good time, timely, betimes, in due time; —genug, in season (to be made use of, &c.); —nach Hause kommen (als Gewohnheit), to keep early hours; 2) ripe, mellow; mature; full-grown; 3) *Med.* ripe, mature (of ulcers); *provinc.* for the time being; temporary, *cf.* *Zeitweilig*; —werden, to ripen, to mature.

Beitigen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & (instr. 1)* to ripen, mature; 2) *Surg.* to draw to a head (said of ulcers). — **Beitiger**, (*str.*) *m.* ripener, &c.

Beitigkeit, (*w.*) *f.* (*l. u.*) ripeness, maturity.

Beitigung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) maturation (*also Med.*); maturity; 2) the growing ripe; zur — bringen, to bring to maturity; die — befördert, maturative.

Beit..., *in comp.* —irrtum, *m.* chronological error; —larg, *adj.* sparing with time; —lauf, *m.* *Comm.* time-bargain, time-purchase; —kreis, *m.* cycle, period; —kunde, *f.* chronology; —kurze, *adj.* willing away the time, entertaining, amusing; —kurzung, *f.* entertainment, diversion, pastime, amusement; —kuh, *f.* cow two years old; —kunde, *f.* chronology; —kundig, *adj.* versed in chronology; —lang, *adv.* for a time; —länge, *f.* length of time; —lauf, *m.* period; —läufe, *m. pl.* juncture of times, occurrences of the times; —leben, *adv.* for life, for ever; all one's lifetime, as long as one lives; —lehen, *m.* temporary or limited life, life for a certain time (only); —lehre, *f.* chronology.

Beitlich, *I. adj.* 1) temporal (*opp.* ewig,

eternal); 2) temporal, earthly, secular (*opp.* geistlich, ghostly, spiritual); 3) *provinc.* a) *see* Zeitweilig; b) *see* Zeitig; 3-e Güter, temporal goods, *cont.* pelf; das 3-e, temporality, temporal concerns; das 3-e (ge)segen or das 3-e mit dem Ewigen vertauschen, to depart this life, to quit time, to die; II. 3-Belt, (*w.*) f. 1) temporariness (*opp.* Ewigkeit, eternity), temporal state, life, or concerns; 2) a) secularity (*opp.* Geisteslichkeit, spirituality); b) pl. temporalities, secular possessions. [time.]

Zeitlosh, (*str.*, pl. 3-Löshne) m. wages by Zeitlosh, *adj.* 1) timeless; not subject to time; 2) (L. w.) untimely, unseasonable; 3-e, (*w.*) f. Bot. common meadow-saffron (*Gerbstzeitlosh*).

Zeit..., *in comp.* —mangel, m. want of time; —maß, n. 1) *Prov.* quantity (of syllables); 2) *Mus.* time, measure, movement; —mäßig, —gemäß; —messer, m. timeserver, trimmer, temporiser; —messer, m. T. chronometer; —messung, —messung, f. 1) chronometry; 2) *Bot.* prosody; —ooh, m. ox or bullock two years old; —ordnung, f. order of time, succession of time; —paht, m. lease for a certain time; —pächter, m. lease-holder; —punkt, m. point of time; juncture, conjuncture; epoch; —rauhend, *adj.* taking up much time, wasting time; —raum, m. space of time, term, period; —rechner, m. chronologer; —rechnung, f. computation of time, chronology; die christliche —rechnung, Christian era; —rechnungsfehler, m. an error in computing time; chronological error, anachronism; —register, m. chronicle; —renten, pl. annuities; —ring, m. cycle; —röschin, n. *provinc.* Bot. see Aufstättich; —schaf, n. a sheep two years old; —schibe, f. epoch; —schrift, f. periodical publication, journal, periodical; —schriftsteller (*cont.* —schrift), m. journalist; —sparing, f. sparing, saving, or economy of time; —strom, m. course of time; *Mar.* tide-gate; —stufe, f. epoch, period; —tafel, f. chronological table; —teil, m. portion of time; —tisch, *adj.* now used; —umstand, m. circumstance of time; pl. juncture of times, conjunctures, circumstances; unter den jetzigen (damaligen) —umständen, as times go (went), as the world goes (went).

Zeitung, (*w.*) f. 1) news, tidings; 2) newspaper, gazette; in die —setzen, to insert in the newspaper, to gazette; to advertise.

Zeitungs..., *in comp.* —amt, n. newspaper-office; —angeigt, f. advertisement; —artikel, m. newspaper-article or paragraph; —blatt, n. *see* Zeitung; 2) —bruderel, f. newspaper-printing-office; —ente, f. clam; —exhibition, f. office of intelligence, newspaper-office, news-room; —früher, m. newsmonger; —krieg, m. newspaper war; —leser, m. reader of newspapers; —sericon, n. gazetteer; —mann, m. see —träger; —nachricht, f. newspaper-report; —neugier, f. newspaper-intelligence; —reclame, f. puff; —redacteur, m. editor of a newspaper; —schmidt, m. fam. forger of news; —schreiber, m. gazetteer, newswriter; —stempel, m. newspaper-stamp; —stube, f. *see* —exhibition; —träger, m. 1) newsman (news-boy), (—verkäufer) news-vender; 2) vulgar. newsmonger; —trägerhund, *schelt.* n. news-walk.

Zeit..., *in comp.* —verderb, m. wasting of time, time misspent; —verderber, m. one who wastes his time, idler; —verhältniß, n. 1) proportion of time; 2) pl. *see* —umstand, pl.; —verfügend, —fügend; —verlust, m. lapse of time; —verlust, m. loss of time; ohne —verlust, without (any) loss of time; —verß, m. chronogram; —verschwendend, *adj.* time-wasting; —verschwendung, f. waste of time; —verstoß, m. *see* —fehler; —vertrag, m. Comm. negotiation for time, cf. —geschäfte; —vertreib,

m. pastime, diversion, amusement, sport; zum —vertreib, by way of pastime; —vertreibend, *see* —fügend; —vertreiber, m. person of thing that diverts or amuses; —verwandte, m. contemporary; —vieh, n. sheep or oxen two years old; —wandlung, f. conjugation; —wart, m. time-keeper; —wechsel, m. revolution or change of times; —weg, m. *Mar.* flood-gate; —weilig, *adj.* 1) for the time being, actual; 2) temporary; der —weilige Beamte, the officer for the time being; —weise, I. *adv.* 1) for a certain space of time (or term); temporarily; 2) from time to time, occasionally; II. *adj.* temporary; —weiser, m. almanac; —wierig, *see* —weilig; —wind, m. periodical wind; —wort, n. *Gramm.* verb; —würdig, *adj.* verbal; —zahl, f. number denoting time.

Zeitwels, (*str.*) n. stick or piece of waste-wood; bavin or fagot of waste-wood.

Zeit..., (*cf.* Zellen...) *in comp.* —blume, f. Bot. cotton-thistle (*Oenopordon acanthium* L.); —bruder, m. inmate of a cell, monk, hermit.

Zeitchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of Zeile) little cell, cellule. — Zeile, (*w.*) f. 1) a) cell; b) pl. *Nat.* vesicles (in vegetable and animal bodies); 2) T. bucket (of a water-wheel). — Zeilen, (*w.*) v. tr. (L. w.) to provide with cells. — Zeilen..., *in comp.* —brüder, pl. Eccl. Alexian monks; —bolsmit, m. Geol. cellular dolomite; —brühen, f. pl. 1) Anat. cellular glands; 2) *see* Feigbrühe; —brüme, *adj.* cellular; —brümgel, f. cellular form; —gang, m. Anat. cellular duct; —gebäude, n. cell-building; —gefängnis, n. prison constructed on the silent system, Pennsylvania jail; —gewebe, n. 1) Anat. cellular texture or tissue; 2) Bot. parenchyma, pith, pulp; —gewürm, n. cellular worm or snail; —hanfen, m. heap of cellular shells; —rad, n. T. over-shot water-wheel; bucket-wheel; —schwamm, m. cellular sponge; —system, n. system of solitary confinement, silent or Pennsylvania system.

Zeiternuß, (*str.*, pl. 3-nüsse) f. Bot. cob-nut, Spanish nut, albert (*Corylus pedunculata* W.).

Zeit..., (*cf.* Zellen...) *in comp.* —gewebe, n. *see* Zellgewebe; —haut, f. cellular skin, coat, or membrane. [pulpy fruit.]

Zeitig, Zeitlich, *adj.* cellular; 3-e Frucht, Zeit..., (*cf.* Zellen...) *in comp.* —körper, m. cellular body; —knoten, m. cavernous body; —knoten, m. *see* —knoten; —system, n. Bot. cellular system.

* Zeitschiff, *adj.* (paradoxically) zealous. A. Zeit, (*str.*) m. 1) tent; pavilion; 2) awning; 3) Anat. transverse process of the dura mater; ein — aufschlagen, to pitch a tent; ein — abbrechen, to unpitch or strike a tent; unter's — geleget, Comm. free under shed.

B. Zeit, (*str.*) m. 1) *Mam.* amble, ambling-pace; den — gehen, to amble; 2) *see* Zeitgehen. Zeit..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —baum, m. tent-tree, tent-pole; —bett, n. canopy-bed, tent-bed; —bude, f. tent-booth, tent-stall.

Zeitchen, (*str.*) n. (*dimin.* of Zeitsen), (*str.*) m. cake Pharm. lozenge, tablet.

Zeit..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —dach, n. tent-cover, awning; —deck, f. cover or carpet for a tent.

Zeit..., (*w.*) v. *intr.* to amble. — Zeiter, (*str.*) m. 1) ambler, palfrey; 2) or —gang, m. *see* Zeitgang. — Zeiterig, *adj.* ambling.

Zeitkugel (from Zeit A.), (*str.*) m. *see* Zeitgebaude. (bling pace, amble. Zeitgang (from Zeit B.), (*str.*) m. amble. Zeit..., (*A.*) *in comp.* —gebäude, n. pavilion; —geräth, n. necessaries for a tent; —haus, n. pavilion; —himelbett, n. pavilion-bed; —leinwand, f. —tuch, n. tent-cloth; —pfahl, m. tent-pole; —pferd, n. horse employed in carrying tents; —pfod, m. tent-

peg or pin; —schreiber, m. tent-maker; —seil, n. tent-rope; —stab, m., —stange, f. tent-pole; —stuhl, m. camp-stool; —wagen, m. 1) wagon for conveying tents, baggage-wagon; 2) wagon with a tentlike covering, tilt-wagon.

Zeit, Zeimer, Zeimer, Zeimel, (*str.*) m. *provinc.* (S. G.) *see* Zeimer, 1 & 2.

Zeitberbaum, Zeimbrabbaum, (*str.*) m. *see* Zitelbaum.

Zeiment, *see* Zeiment.

Zeitfel, *see* Zampel.

Zeit (pr. zänd), (*str.*) n. *see* Zand(-language); —well, n. ancient Perrians and their descendants the Guebres and Parsees.

Zeitfel, *see* Zindel.

Zeuge, (*w.*) f. measure for coal ($\frac{1}{4}$ Fußer).

* Zeitlich (Arab; in Germ. poetry, etc. *gener.* with the accent on the last syllable: Zeitslich), (*str.*) m. Astr. zenith, vertex; — und Nadir, cardinal points.

Zeit, (*str.*) f. Germ. Archael. (MHG. zeits[e], MLat. centa for centena) 1) hundred (a district for penal jurisdiction of ten tithings); 2) hundred-law, penal judicature. — Zeitsbar, *adj.* subject to criminal jurisdiction. — Zeit..., *in comp.* —buch, n. court-register; —bent, m. *see* —folge; —bing, n. *see* —gericht; —fall, m. criminal affair; —folge, f. obligation of pursuing a criminal; —frei, *adj.* exempt from a court; —freiheit, f. exemption from a court; —gericht, n. court of penal judicature; —graf, —herr, —richter, m. hundreder, criminal judge; —graffschaft, f. jurisdiction of a criminal court; —hafer, m. rent in oats due to a hundreder.

Zeitsche, (*w.*) f. *Mar.* hemp-tow (Duffel).

Zeit..., *in comp.* —klage, f. criminal accusation; —kente, pl. persons subject to the criminal jurisdiction.

Zeitsker, (*str.*) m. (Lat.) hundred weight, quintal, centner; *in comp.* —gewicht, n. hundred-weight; coll. s. —sch, n. heavy yoke; —last, f. heavy weight; —schwert, *adj.* very heavy; —schwere, f. great heaviness; —wort, n. word of great weight or importance.

Zeit..., *in comp.* —pflichtig, *adj.* *see* Zeitsbar; —recht, n. laws of penal judicature; —sache, f. criminal cause; —schreiber, m. clerk or secretary to a criminal court of justice; —verwandt, *adj.* *see* Zeitsbar; —vogt, m. *see* —graf; —wache, f. guard placed over a criminal.

* Zeitschiff, (*str.* & w.) m. *Minor.* zoölite; [schwärze —, gadolinite; prismatischer —, radiated zoölite; —erde, f. mealy zoölite; —sand, m. *see* Zeitsstein.]

Zeitsphyr, (*str.*, pl. sometimes Zephyr, 3-s, 3-n) m. 1) sephyr; 2) name applied to several fine manufactured goods, as muslins, &c.; —wolle, f. Berlin wool. — Zeitsphyrisch, *adj.* sephyr-like.

Zeitsker, (*str.*) n. *see* Excerpt.

Zeit..., inseparable part. denoting disunion, separation, dispersion, or destruction.

Zeitker, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to till well; 2) to overkill; II. *refl.* *see* Zeitkeren, II.

Zeitkeren, (*w.*) v. I. tr. 1) to separate by struggling hard; 2) to hide, thrash, be-labour; II. *refl.* 1) to struggle hard, to toil and moid; 2) *fig.* to rack or puzzle one's brains.

Zeitkeren, (*w.*) v. tr. to separate into minute branches or divisions, to ramify. — Zeitkerung, (*w.*) f. ramification.

Zeitkeren, (*w.*) v. tr. to corrode, to consume or destroy by corrosion.

Zeitkeren, (*str.*) v. tr. 1) to bite asunder, to crush; 2) to crack (a nut); 3) to spoil by biting.

Zeitkeren, (*w.*) v. tr. *see* Zeitkeren.

Zeitkeren, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to burst or split asunder.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pick in pieces.
Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to spoil by ploughing.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to peck or pick
Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to vex, plague, excruciate, harass extremely.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to burst asunder or to pieces, to split.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cause to burst.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break, bruise.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to crackle, split asunder.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crush by pressing; to press too much.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to beat (one) soundly, to give (one) a sound drubbing.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reduce to powder, to pulverise; to bruise (to powder); *gerpfückter Zucker*, crushed sugar. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* pulverisation.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berpfücken**.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to quash, squash, bruise.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break, stir up, or mix with a twirling-stick.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to break or crush with a wheel.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to destroy or break by ramming; 2) to tumble, disorder.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tear off (*sch* [*dat.*] *die Haare*, one's hair).

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *p. a.* caricature.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *m.* caricaturist.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to grind, rub, triturate; to chafe (a rope, &c.); *zu Pulver* —, to grind to powder, pulverise; to levigate. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* friability. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) grinding, &c., trituration.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *f.* *see* **Berpfücken**. [*der*, &c.].

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to rend (asunder), to tear to pieces, asunder, in shreds, &c., to tear off, to break (a thread, string, &c.), to snap (a rope, &c.); to break up or off; 2) *sway*, to dislocate; 3) *hit*, & *fg.* to dismember; 4) to wear out (clothes); 5) *fg.* a) to discover (the bonds of friendship, &c.), to break (a tie, &c.), to break up (connections, &c.), to break through (promises, treaties, &c.); b) to lacerate, wring (one's heart, &c.); to distract, harass; c) to grate, jar upon (the ear); *die zerissenen Spitzen seiner Handschuhe*, the broken tops of his gloves; *Deutschland ist nicht mehr in viele größere und kleinere Staaten zerissen*, Germany is not any longer broken up into a multitude of larger or petty states; *die Bande der Disziplin sind zerissen*, the bonds of discipline are snapped; *meine zerissene Seele*, my distracted soul; II. *str.* (*ausz. sein*) to break; to rend; to burst asunder, to rupture, snap; to wear out.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) rending, tearing, &c.; dismemberment; 2) disavowance, disruption; 3) laceration.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*with an* [*dat.*], &c.) to pull (at), tug, tow, wage, drag, haul, tear; *coll.* to worry, tease, vex; *das Maul* —, to make wry faces; II. *tr.* *how-so*, to melt a second time, to remelt (forged iron), to refine.

Berpfücken, *in comp.* — *senner*, *n.* — *hammer*, — *herb*, *m.* *see* **Berpfücken** &c.; — *geburt*, *f.* monster; — *gemälde*, *n.* caricature; — *gesticht*, *n.* wry face.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wrest asunder.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Berpfücken**, II.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) (repeated, &c.) pulling, &c. *Gerpf.*

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to wring to pieces, to spoil or hurt by wringing.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to melt, dissolve, liquefy; *fg.* to crumble away; in night —, to vanish into thin air; *es gerinnt unter den Händen*, it slips through one's fingers, it perishes in the using; *wie gemessen*, so *geronnen*, *grown*, lightly come, lightly go.

Berpfücken, I. *p. a.* rent, torn, &c. of **Berpfücken**; dismembered; *Bot.* laciniated; II. *B.* — *heit*, (*w.*) *f.* torn or dismembered state; distraction.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to destroy or spoil

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to mix by moving or stirring up; *Eier* —, to whip eggs.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tear or pull into little pieces, to pluck in pieces. [*in pieces*.]

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to shake or rattle

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to unsettle, disorder, break up, derange, discompose, distract, disturb, to destroy, ruin; in *zerstörten Umständen*, in decayed or deranged circumstances; (*geistig*) *zerstört*, deranged; *zerstörte Gesundheit*, spoiled, broken, or disordered health, a shattered or worn-out constitution. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* derangement, disorder, discomposition, distraction, confusion, trouble; distraction; destruction, ruin.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to saw to pieces, to **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fret, to spoil or injure by rubbing or fretting. — **Berpfücken**, *p. a.* fretted, &c. of **Berpfücken**; threadbare (said of clothes).

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to destroy or spoil by scraping.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) & *tr.* to split, cleave, break; to wreck.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dash to pieces, to shatter, shiver (to fragments), to crush; II. *str.* (*ausz. sein*) to be dashed to pieces; to split (on a rock, &c.).

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to smash into shreds.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rub or scour

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to shoot to pieces. [*off*, to gall.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to rub the skin

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to beat to pieces, to break, to dash (in pieces), crush; to bruise; 2) to wear out with beating; *das Korn* —, to lodge the corn (said of hail, &c.); *das Laub* —, to batter the foliage; II. *refl.* 1) *Min.* to divide into smaller veins; 2) to be broken off, to fall to the ground, to come to nothing; *zerfchlagen*, *p. a.* 1) harassed, worn out, bruised; 2) *fg.* contrite; *wie* — *sein*, to be bruised all over, to be (entirely) knocked up.

Berpfücken, *v. tr.* 1) (*str.*) to spoil by whetting; 2) (*w.*) to wear out (the soles, &c.) by aliding. [*wear off*, to grow tattered.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to slit into pieces.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *coll.* *see* **Berpfücken**, I. 1, & **Berpfücken**.

Berpfücken, (*str.* & *w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) & *tr.* to melt (away), dissolve, liquefy. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* the (state or act of) melting, dissolving, &c., liquefaction; dissolution, reduction.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to crush, shatter, dash to pieces or into fragments. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) crushing, &c.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut in pieces, to cut up, to carve; 2) to shred; 3) *Join.*, &c. *see* **Berpfücken**.

Berpfücken, *Gerpfücken*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut into little pieces, snips, or shreds.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to read with crying.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to cut in pie-

ces, *Corp.* to cut (boards or trees) with a large saw; 2) *Müll.* to bruise, rough-grind (corn, &c.). [*destroy by shaking*.]

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to derange or **Berpfücken**, I. *adj.* decomposable; II. *B.* — *keit*, (*w.*) *f.* the capability of being decomposed.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to decompose, de-

compound; to disunite; *Min.* to break to pieces; *gerfcht*, decomposed; *ein gerfchtes Gebirge*, a mountain composed of different sorts of rocks mixed together. — **Berpfücken**, (*str.*) *n.* means of decomposition. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* decomposition; *B.* — *heber*, *n.* *see* **Berpfücken**.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *sch* (*dat.*) *den Kopf* — (*gerfchten*), to rack one's brains.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*ausz. sein*) to cleave, slit, split (up), crack. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) cleaving &c.; a splitting up.

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* & *intr.* (*ausz. sein*) & *refl.* to shiver to pieces, to break into splinters or shivers, to split, scatter, to disperse, dissipate; *seine Zeit*, *seine Mittel* —, to fritter away one's time, one's means. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) shivering, &c., breaking up; 2) *fg.* discouragement.

Berpfücken, *adj.* that may be burst by blasting. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to burst, spring, to blow up (by gunpowder), to break into many pieces or into shatters, to shatter, to split asunder or into fragments; 2) to snap (the strings of an instrument, &c.); 3) *fg.* to disperse. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) bursting, &c., fracture; rupture; 2) dispersion.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to fly into pieces, to burst; to snap; *das* —, (*str.*) *v. tr.* the (act of) bursting; rupture (of a blood-vessel, &c.).

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pound, bray, bruise; *T.* to erase; *mit den Fästen* —, to crush under foot.

Berpfücken, (*w.* & *str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to turn into dust; 2) *fg.* to disperse, dispel, scatter, dissipate. [*by piercing or pricking*.]

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to pierce, to spoil

Berpfücken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*ausz. sein*) to fly away in a dust, to be scattered as dust, to vanish.

Berpfücken, I. *adj.* destructible; II. *B.* — *keit*, (*w.*) *f.* destructibility. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to rummage; to put out or extinguish (fire) by stirring; 2) to destroy, to demolish, &c. **Berpfücken**, to ravage, undo, mar, ruin; *die Farbe* —, to discharge the colour; *zerföchte Gesundheit*, broken health; *zerföchte Hoffnungen*, frustrated, demolished, ruined, or blighted hopes; *z.* — *p. a.* destructive. — **Berpfücken**, (*str.*) *m.* destroyer, demolisher, &c. — **Berpfücken**, *see* **Berpfücken**. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) destruction; demolition; havoc; ravage (of time, &c.); 2) wreck, ruin, fall.

Berpfücken, *in comp.* — *trieb*, *m.* war of destruction. — *lust*, *f.* — *trieb*, *m.* pleasure of destroying, propensity to destroy, destructiveness; — *flam*, *m.* *flam*, the organ of destructiveness; — *wuth*, *f.* rage of destroying, destructive mania.

Berpfücken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to beat, bruise, shatter, crush; to comminute; in einem *Wörter* —, to pound, to beat with a pestle, to triturate (**Berpfücken**); II. *refl.* to break.

Berpfücken, *adj.* that may be scattered. — **Berpfücken**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to dissipate, to disperse, dispel, to scatter; 2) *fg.* a) to dissipate (one's mind); b) to divert (from), to distract (one's attention, &c.); II. *refl.* 1) to disperse, to be dispersed; 2) to divert one's self; to amuse one's self. — **Berpfücken**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to beat, bruise, shatter, crush; to comminute; in einem *Wörter* —, to pound, to beat with a pestle, to triturate (**Berpfücken**); II. *refl.* to break.

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(str.) m. disperser, &c. — **Berstreuen**, I. *adj.* 1) dispersed, scattered, &c. *cf.* **Berstreuen**; straggling; rambling; 2) *cf.* **Berstreuen**, *Asst.* unformed stars; die 2-*e* **Berstreuen**, *Mus.* dispersed harmony; 3-*e* **Berstreuen**, loose papers; — **umherstreuen**, to lie scattered about; 2) *fig.* absent, abstracted, wandering; **das 2-*e* Berstreuen** or **II. 3-*e* Berstreuen**, (w.) *f.* absent manner, wandering, absence of mind. — **Berstreuen**, (w.) *f.* 1) dissipation, dispersion; *Opt.* divergence; *fig.* 2) distraction, abstraction, absence (of mind or thought); 3) diversion, amusement.

Berstreuen... in comp. *Phys.* — **glas**, n. diverging glass; — **kreis**, m. circle of divergence; — **punkt**, m. point or focus of divergence; — **lust**, *f.* excessive fondness of amusements; — **flüchtig**, *adj.* (immoderately) fond of amusements.

Berstückeln, (w.) *v. tr.* to mangle, to dismember, cut in little pieces; **ein Stück** —, to disjoint an estate; to parcel out; **stückelhaft**, *p. a.* piecemeal.

Berstückelung, (w.) *f.* the (act of) mangling, &c.; dismemberment.

Berstückeln, (w.) *v. tr.* to divide, cut or break in pieces, to dismember, parcel out.

Berstückeln, (w.) *v. tr.* *Mm.* to break.

Berstückeln, (w.) *v. tr.* to destroy by mangling, to maim, *cf.* **Berstückeln**.

Berstückeln, (w.) *v. tr.* to dance to pieces.

Berthe, (w.) *f.* 1) a) an indented duplicate of a record; b) or — **partie**, *f.* charter-party; *Mar.* 2) a situation of a ship as picked on the nautical chart; 3) or **Berthe**, (str.) m. a scheme containing the dimensions of a ship, from which the builder forms a draught for constructing her.

Bertheilbar, I. *adj.* divisible; that may be dispersed, &c.; II. **B-theil**, (w.) *f.* divisibility.

Bertheilen, (w.) *v. l. tr.* 1) to divide, discover, separate, dissolve; 2) to dismember, distribute, to parcel out; 3) to disperse, dissipate; 4) *Swy.* to discuss (a swelling); 3-*e* **B-theil**, n. *Med.* resolvent, discutient; II. **vgl.** **B-theil**, n. *Med.* to dissolve, disamite; to be dispersed (as a thunder-storm, &c.); **fig.** in **fige** —, to branch out, ramify. — **Bertheiler**, (str.) m. divider, &c. — **Bertheilung**, (w.) *f.* 1) division; separation, dissolution; 2) dismemberment, distribution; 3) dispersion, dissipation; 4) *Swy.* discussion, resolution (of tumours); 3-**theil**, m. *Pap.* m. distributing-trough; 3-**theil**, n. *Med.* discutient, resolvent.

Bertrampeien (**Bertrampeien**), (w.) *v. tr.* coll. to tramp to pieces, to tread under foot.

Bertrampeien, **Bertrampeien**, I. *adj.* separable, dissoluble; II. **B-theil**, (w.) *f.* separability, dissolubility. — **Bertrampeien**, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to rip up, to unsew, untie; 2) to separate, sever, discover, divide, disjoint, dissolve, disamite, to break up. — **Bertramper**, (str.) m. divider, &c. — **Bertramperung**, (w.) *f.* 1) *Swy.* the (act of) ripping up, &c.; 2) separation, dissolution, disjointing, disunion; disruption (of rocks).

Bertrampeln, (str.) *v. tr.* to crush or break by treading on; to tread or crush under foot.

Bertrampeln, (str.) m. destroyer, &c.

Bertramper, (w.) *v. l. tr.* 1) to shatter, crush, break, shiver, to dash to pieces, to lay in ruins, to destroy, *cf.* **Bertramper**; 2) **fig.** — *Mm.* to throw off shoots and branches into the rock; **ein alter Schiff** —, to rip (or break) up an old vessel; II. *str.* (aux. *sein*) to shatter, to go to wreck. — **Bertramperung**, (w.) *f.* a shattering, &c., destruction; ruin; *fig.* shipwreck.

Bertramper, **Bertramper**, (w.) *v. tr.* see **Bertramper**.

Berwaschen, (str.) *v. tr.* to wash to pieces, to spoil by too much washing.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to blow asunder, to disperse, dissipate, dispel.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr. & intr.* (aux. *sein*) to spoil by soaking too much.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to injure or spoil (one's eyes, &c.) by (excessive) weeping; **fig.** —, to cry one's self sick.

Berwaschen, (str.) *v. tr.* to throw into pieces, to break, smash. [by whetting]

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to wear out or spoil

Berwaschen, (str.) *v. tr.* to spoil by over-wringing.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to cut in pieces; 2) *Hunt.* to skin (a deer) and cut into proper pieces.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to spoil or destroy by rooting or digging, to root, to rummage up.

Berwaschen, (str.) n. difference, variance, quarrel; discord, strife; distraction; in — bringen, to embroil.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* see **Berwaschen**.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to tug, worry; to pull to pieces; to dishevel.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to destroy or spoil by tearing; 2) see **Berwaschen**.

Berwaschen, (str.) *v. tr.* see **Berwaschen**.

Berwaschen, (w.) *v. tr.* to pull or pluck in pieces, to fann.

B-the, (w.) *f.* *provinc.* *Flak.* saline.

B-the, *indist.* murder! death! — (mstr)

schrien, **B-the**, (w.) *v. tr.* to cry murder; to yell, scream; — **geschrien**, n. 1) cry (or yell) of murder; 2) loud outcry; — **lunge**, m., — **müßig** (or — **bing**), n., & other compounds, coll. wicked (sometimes clever, smart) boy, wicked girl, &c.; — **mstr**, m. assassination accompanied with cries of murder.

B-the, (str.) m. 1) a small piece of paper for writing on (or written on); billet, paper, scrap, slip; ticket, note; label; (**Ex-ter**) — play-bill; 2) *Wass.* warp; mit **cincin** — versehen, to ticket, label.

B-the... in comp. — **anleber**, m. bill-sticker; — **band**, *f.* 1) *Wass.* warping-bench; 2) bank of issue or of circulation; — **baum**, m. beam for the warp; — **brief**, m. small epistle, note.

[slip of paper]

B-the, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of **B-the**) a **B-the**... in comp. — **essen**, n. *provinc.* see **Brantbock**; — **ende**, n. end (of a piece of cloth), salvage; — **füßen**, m. pl., — **garn**, n. warp threads; — **gelb**, n. see **Bepiegeln**; — **läger**, m. pl. *Wass.* warp-ops; — **krant**, n. *provinc.* pickled cabbage; — **maschine**, *f.* see **Echermaschine**, 2.

B-the, (w.) *v. l. tr.* (1) *provinc.* to scatter; II. *str.* *Wass.* to warp (**Brantbock**).

B-the... in comp. — **raumen**, m. see **Echermaschine**; — **spule**, *f.* (cines **Polamentirspule**)

Wass. bobbin; — **träger**, m. bill-sticker (— **anleber**); ticket-porter; — **wolle**, *f.* shoddy.

B-the, (str.) m. warper (**Brantbock**).

B-the, **B-the**, **B-the**, (1) & (2) *for* **B-the** (*impor.*), **B-the**, **B-the** (1) and 2) *para.* of the *pres. tense* of **B-the**).

B-the (1) **B-the**, (str.) I. n. 1) a) machine, apparatus; b) gear; tools, implements; tacking; (*gener.* m.) *Wass.* mounting; gangbared —, machines at work or in motion (of a manufactory); c) furniture; (household-)utensils; d) accompaniment; 2) *Sport.* tools; 3) *fig.* a) anything contemptible and base, stuff, lumber, rubbish, trash; obtruded —, nonsensical stuff; c) **clend** —, paltry stuff; **tolles** — (**schmecken**), to talk nonsense; **brummes** — **tribben**, to fool it, to play the fool; **coll.** — **er hat das** — **beyn**, he has in him the making of it; **wed das** — **hätt**, as much as possible; **ind** — **gehen**, **fahren**, **schlagen**, to launch out; **gut an dem 3-*e* sein**, to feel well; b) baggage, mean persons;

a) **böses** —, *provinc.* epilepsy; II. m. & n. 1) stuff; matter; materials; *Letzt.* found. type-metal; *Medall.* &c. mixture, composition; *Papier* — (**halber**, **ganzer**, first, second) stuff; **den** — **tribben**, to shake the form; **Bak.** a) *for* **Zeit**, which see; b) a kind of leaven; *Mas.* *for* **B-the**, which see; 2) anything woven, cloth, texture; 3) t: a) artillery, ordnance; b) armament, army; **Einem etwas am 3-*e* fischen**, coll. to have a fling at one, *anal.* to pick a hole in one's coat.

B-the... in comp. — **amt**, n. board of ordnance; — **arbeiter**, m. *Mill.* millwright; — **art**, *f.* sort of cloth or stuff; — **baum**, m. *Mech.* the fore-beam (of a loom) on which the cloth, &c. is rolled, cloth-beam, work-beam; — **blüte**, *f.* *Papier* — **m.** vat which contains the stuff; — **dicke**, m. *Med.* discharger; *T-s.* — **brand**, m., — **bruderel**, *f.* (cloth-, calico-, &c.) printing; — **bruder**, m. (cloth-) printer.

B-the, (w.) m. witness, deponent; **ein gläubiger** —, a sufficient witness; **ein** — **für die Wahrheit**, a witness to the truth; — **sein** (**den**), to be witness (of), to witness; **cinen 3-n stellen**, to bring in or forward a witness or evidence; **jum 3-n rufen** or **nehmen**, to call or take to witness.

B-the... (*from* **B-the**, *v. tr.*), in comp. — **fall**, m. *Gramm.* (I. n.) genitive; — **giteb**, n., — **traft**, *f.* see **B-the**; — **ilute**, *f.* generating line; — **mutter**, *f.* see **B-the**.

B-the, *adj.* made of (woollen) stuff.

I. **B-the**, (w.) *v. tr.* 1) to engender, beget, generate, procreate; 2) *fig.* to produce (**B-the**); 3-*e*, *p. a.* generative, procreative, teeming.

B. **B-the**, (w.) *v. tr.* (*from* **B-the**, I. 1, b) *Mar.* to rig (a ship = **Wusteln**).

C. **B-the**, (w.) *v. tr.* to witness, to testify, depose; **für jemanden** —, to bear evidence to a person; **es zeigt den Beweis** — **stücken**, it is a proof of or shows knowledge of business.

B-the... in comp. — **abtheilung**, *f.* — **berthe**, n. audit, examination, or hearing of witnesses; — **anfrage**, *f.* deposition of a witness; affidavit; — **beweis**, m. proof by witnesses, evidence; — **elb**, m. oath of witnesses; — **füßig**, *adj.* having no right to produce or tender evidence; — **frei**, **B-the**, *adj.* without a witness, having no witness; — **figer**, m. producer of a witness; — **lage**, *f.* witness-box; — **protest**, n. (1) & *provinc.* — **ratel**, n. minutes of the deposition of witnesses, minutes of evidence; — **retht**, n. law of evidence. [*disputed tobacco* (*Flav*)]

B-the, (str.) m. a kind of large-

B-the, (str.) m. generating point.

B-the, (str.) m. (**B-the** **gründer**) procreator, father, breeder.

B-the, (w.) *f.* (**B-the** **gründer**) procreator, (good) breeder, teeming woman, mother.

B-the... in comp. — **fabrik**, *f.* manufactory of woollen stuffs; — **handel**, m. trade in drapery; — **händler**, m., — **händlerin**, *f.* dealer in stuffs or cloths; — **hauptmann**, m. captain of the artillery; — **haus**, n. 1) house where instruments, machines, or tools are kept; 2) *Mill.* arsenal, armory; — **hauwerk**, *m.* (— **hauwerk**), m. superintendent, inspector, or manager of the arsenal; — **hof**, m. ordnance-yard; — **hofen**, *f.* pl. breeches or trousers of woollen stuff; — **jagen**, n. *Sport.* hunting with tools (*f. s.* nets, guns, snares); — **hammer**, *f.* 1) tool-room; 2) armory; — **lassen**, m. *Papier* — **m.** stuff-chart; — **schib**, n. dress or coat of (woollen) stuff; stuff-dress; — **schuß**, m. 1) artillery-boy; man that works in an arsenal; 2) *Sport.* man that has to look after the hunting-apparatus; — **teffen**, *pl.* *Mm.* expenses for working the

pumps and machines; —früher, m. see —händler; —tufe, f. *Brau.* mash-tub; —leber, n. harness-leather; —macher, m. stuff-weaver; —mantel, m. cloak of stuff; —manufactur, f. stuff-manufacture; —meister, m. keeper of the arsenal; master of the ordnance; —möbeler, m. painter; —müller, m. millwright.

Zeugnis, (str.) n. 1) witness, testimony, evidence; deposition (of a witness); zum —beffen, *Law.* in witness or testimony whereof; 2) testimonial; ein —geben, ablegen, absetzen, to give or bear testimony or evidence, to bear witness, to depose witness; to testify (für, to); to speak (über *with Acc.*), to; ein schriftliches —, certificate, voucher, attestation, testimonial; character; haben Sie Zeugnisse? have you any character? nur solche mögen sich melden, die wenigstens sechs gute Zeugnisse beibringen können; buchhändlerische Zeugnisse sind nicht zulässig, no one need apply unless he can have at least six respectable characters; booksellers' certificates not admissible; er gab ihm das — eines musterhaften jungen Mannes, he gave him the testimony of an exemplary young man.

Zeug..., in comp. —presse, f. clothes-press, calendar; —prüfche, f. Paper-m. beater; —rad, n. see Rumpfrad; —regulir, m. a kind of light serge, rash; —regulator, m. Paper-m. pulp-motor; —rod, m. stuff-dress or petticoat; —rolle, f. *Manuf.* calendar for stuff; —schmidt, m. *Min.* engine shaft; —schmidt, m. tool-smith; artillery-smith; —schmiede, f. tool-smith's forge; —schneider, m. tailor that makes hunting-toile; —schneur, f. *Hatt.* bow string; —schreiber, m. clerk at an arsenal, clerk of the ordnance; —schifter, m. Paper-m. pulp-strainer; —spanner, m. *Wass.* self-acting temple; —stapel, m. 1) + see —haus; 2) *Hunt.* store-house for hunting-toile; —steuer, f. *Min.* money for drawing off the water of a mine; —stapfer, m. fine-drawer.

Zeugung, (u.) f. 1) the act of engendering, breeding, &c. of Zeugen, A.; procreation, generation; 2) production (Erzeugung).

Zeugungs..., in comp. —artig, adj. analogous or similar to propagation; —fähig, adj. able to beget, procreative, generative, virile, prolific; —fähigkeit, f. procreancy, virility; —fall, see Zeugfall; —geschlecht, n. coition; —glied, n. genital member, pl. genitalia; —kraft, f. generative or procreative power or faculty; —organe, n. pl. generative organs; —ort, m. place of birth; —theile, n. pl. genitalia; —trieb, m. procreative impulse; —unfähig, adj. impotent, effete; —unfähigkeit, f. impotence; —vermögen, n. see —kraft.

Zeug..., in comp. —waren, f. pl. tissues; —wagen, m. cart for transporting implements; —wärter, m. inspector of arms or an arsenal; —meister, f. *Sport.* see —haus, 1; —weber, m. worker, m. stuff-weaver; —winde, f. crane for mounting the guns on the frames.

Zeus, m. *Gr. Myth.* Zeus (supreme monarch of gods and men, Lat. name: Jupiter).

Zeugbrief, (str.) m. see Einbrief.

Zeube, (u.) f. provinc. owo.

* **Zeube**, (u.) f. 1) provinc. (for Rofine) raisin, grape; 2) see Gübebe.

Zeibel, see Zwiebel.

* **Zeibitt**, (str.) m. *Pharm.* civet; in comp. —baum, m. *Bot.* civet-auro (*Durio Zibethinus* L.); —tase, f., —teller, n. *Zool.* (asiatische) Zibet (*Viverra zibetha* L.); (afrikanische) civet-cat, civet (*Viverra civetta* Buff.); —maus, —ratte, f. musk-rat (*Fiber zibethicus* L.).

Zibelie, (u.) f. see Zwiebel.

* **Zichorie**, (u.) f. see Zichorie. [mont. + Zicht, (u.) f. *Law.* accusation, impeach-ment, provinc. I. adj. (of beer, wine, &c.)

turned (sour); II. s. (str.) m. see Zeige-schma.

Ziche, (u.) f. provinc. kid, goat.

Zicheln, **Zicheln**, **Zichel**, **Zichelschäl**, (str.) n. (*dimin.* of Zicht) kid.

Zicheln, (u.) s. *intr.* provinc. to kid.

Zicheln, (u.) s. *intr.* provinc. to turn (sour); bei dem Zicheln, coll. he is slightly touched (somewhat crazy, in love, &c.).

Zicheln, **adv.** & (str.) m. & n. zigzag; —legen, to tack; to beat, tack, yaw, to make yaws; in comp. —reiter, m. *Zool.* little Cayenne bittern (*Ardea undulata* Gm.).

Zicheln, **adj.** zig-zag.

Zicheln, **see** Zicheln.

Ziche, (u.) f. provinc. tick, cover of a pillow or feather-bed, f. überzug, 1; bag (for nuts), pocket (for hops).

Zichner, (str.) m. provinc. ticking-weaver.

Zichter, (str.) n. 1) insect; 2) provinc. poultry; —artig, adj. insect-like, insected; —fennel, —fennel, m. entomologist; —fennel, —fennel, f. entomology, insectology.

Ziche, I. (u.) f. 1) *Zool.* goat, also —goat (*Capra* L.); 2) *Ichth.* see Ziche; II. provinc. pine.

Ziche, I. (str.) m. brick; tile; die Ziche-stein —, stock-bricks; mit 3-n Zichen, to lay with 3-n belegen, to lay with bricks, to brick; —flicken, to form or mould tiles or bricks.

Ziche..., in comp. —arbeit, f. tile- or brick-making; —artig, adj. brick-like, bricky; —brennen, m. burning of tiles or bricks; —brenner, m. tile-maker, brick-burner; —brenneret, f. 1) see —brennen; 2) (or —brennstofen, m.) brick-kiln, tile-kiln; —brenn, m. broken bricks, brickbats; —dach, n. a roof covered with tiles; —dachförmig, adj. *Bot.* imbricated, tiled; —decker, m. bricklayer, tiler; —brecher, m. see —schläger.

Ziche, (u.) f. provinc. tile-kiln.

Ziche..., in comp. —erde, f. brick-clay, tile-clay, brick-earth; —erz, n. *Min.* tile-ore, ferruginous red oxide of copper; —farbe, f. tile-colour; —farben, —farbig, adj. brick-coloured; tile-coloured; —feld, n. brick-field; —flachschicht, f. brick-flat; —form, f. tile-mould, brick-mould; —gut, n. clay mixed with other materials for making bricks or tiles; —hänfling, m. see Bluthänfling; —haus, m. f. brickmaker's bench; —haus, m. pan-tile house; —herz, n. *Conch.* iocardia (*iocardia* cor Gm.); —hütte, f. brick-kiln, tile-kiln.

Ziche, **adj.** bricky, formed of bricks.

Ziche..., in comp. —latte, f. tile-lath; —lehm, m. see —erde; —mauer, m. tiler, brickmaker; —maschine, f. see —streichmaschine; —mauer, f. brick-wall; —mauerung, f., —mauerwerk, m. brick-work, brick-masonry; —mehl, n. brick-dust, tile-dust; —meister, m. master-tiler.

Ziche, **adj.** bricky (Zichegig).

Ziche, (u.) s. *intr.* (l. u.) to make bricks or tiles.

Ziche..., in comp. —ofen, m. brick-kiln, tile-kiln; —öl, n. *Pharm.* brick-oil; —platte, f. square brick; —rotz, I. adj. brick-red, brick-coloured; II. s. m. see —farbe; —schneide, f. see —hülle & —schoppen; —schicht, f. brick-course; —schläger, m. beater of the clay (in brickmaking); —schoppen, —schoppen, m. shed for tiles or bricks; —schutt, m. see —bruch; —spalten, m. tile-rafter; —stein, m. brick, brickbat; —steine, m. fire-bricks; —streichen, n. the moulding of bricks, brick-making; —streicher, m. brickmaker; —streichmaschine, f. brickmaking machinery; —stuck, m. brickbat, tile-shard; —thon, m. see —erde; —torf, m. yellow peat; —wand, f. see —mauer; —werk, n. brick-work.

Ziche..., in comp. —antelope, f. *Zool.* bush-antelope (*Antelope sylvestris* Sparrm.);

—auge, n. goat's eye; *Med.* agelope; —bart, m. 1) beard of a goat; 2) *Bot.* a) yellow clavaria (*Clavaria flava* Pers.); b) goat's beard (*Tragopogon* L.); —bartelche, f. *Bot.* Valonia-oak (*Quercus agrifolia* L.); —büttel, adj. having a long beard; —bett, n. *Bot.* blue-bottle, corn-flower; corn-centaury (*Roribabium*, 1); —bod, m. ho-goat; —büffel, m. see —ochs; —biss, m., —bisse, f. hemlock (*Conium maculatum* L.); —fell, n. goat's skin; gegerbtes —fell, kid-leather; —fleisch, n. goat's flesh; —fuß, m. goat's foot; —füßig, adj. goat-footed; —füßler, m. satyr; —haar, n. goat's hair.

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wrought iron; Federpulver —, to harden, prepare, or manufacture quills; den Flack —, to pull slack; einen Hinterschlag —, to ride the barrel of a gun; eine Folge —, see einen Schlag —; ein freundschaftliches Gesicht —, to put on a friendly face; Gefächter —, to make or pull loose; die Glode —, to ring or toll the bell; einen Graben —, to throw up a ditch; den Hut —, to take off the hat; Richter —, to make, dip, or cast candles; das gegogene Licht, dipped candle; die Lotterie —, to draw the lottery; eine Mauer —, to erect a wall; den Mund —, to twist the mouth; Nahrung —, to take or draw nourishment (aus, from); Nutzen oder Vorteil —, to reap or derive profit or advantage (aus, from), to profit (by); wir — jährlich daraus —, we annually earn or make by it —; eine Parallele —, *lit. & fig.* to run a parallel; eine Perpendicular —, *Math.* to erect a perpendicular; Seiten auf eine Violine —, to string a violin; ein Schiff —, to tow or haul a ship; (durch ein Ruderboot) to tug; einen Schlag —, to draw an inference or conclusion, to infer, conclude; die Stirn (in Falten) —, to contract the brow, to frown; Vorteil —, to draw or take advantage, *cf.* Nutzen —; Wasser —, to draw water; das Schiff nicht Wasser, the ship leaks; die Worte —, to drag the words, to drawl.

With prepositions: An sich (*Acc.*) —, 1) *a)* to attract: to gain or win over; (mit Geld) to draw in; *b)* to absorb, imbibe; *c)* to collect (troops, &c.); 2) to monopolize, engross; to seize upon, usurp; an's Land —, to haul ashore; an den Haaren —, to pull by the hair; am Arm —, to pluck by the sleeve; auf's Hiesel —, to bottle (up), to rack (off); einen Wechsel auf einen —, to draw a bill of exchange on one (*vgl. intr. 3*); auf sich (*Acc.*) —, to draw upon one's self, to fix, attract (attention, &c.); die ganze Aufmerksamkeit auf sich —, to absorb the attention; Jemanden umgucken: *ic.* auf sich —, to incur a person's displeasure, &c.; Jemanden auf seine Seite —, to gain or win one over, to bring one over to one's side; sich (*Dat.*) eine Lehre aus etwas —, to draw a lesson from; den Kopf aus der Schlinge —, to slip one's neck out of the noose or collar, to make one's escape; Einen aus der Verlegenheit —, to extricate one from a difficulty; Einen beim Arme, bei den Haaren, beim Kinde —, to pull or drag one by the arm, hair, coat; beistelle —, to draw or call aside; in die Höhe —, to hoist, draw, or pull up; ein Pferd in den Stall —, to lead a horse into the stable; in sich (*Acc.*) —, to draw, suck, soak, or snuff up, to imbibe, absorb; in's Geheimnis —, to let into the secret; in Verdacht —, to suspect; in's Vertrauen —, to take into one's confidence; in die Länge —, to draw out in length, to lengthen out; to spin out, to protract; in's Fuge —, to contract, in Betrachtung (Erwägung, Überlegung) —, to take into consideration; Einen in's Unglück —, to draw one into or to involve one in a misfortune; er hat sie in's Verderben gezogen, he has drawn her on to her own destruction; in Zweifel —, to call in (into) question, to doubt; nach sich —, to draw on, involve, cause, entail, to be productive of, to be attended with; die Haut über die Ohren —, to flay, skin; Einen vor Gericht —, to summon one before a (court of) justice, to indict one; zur Tafel —, to invite to table; zur Strafe —, to indict a punishment upon; zur Verantwörtung —, to call to account; zu Rathe —, to consult; zu Hilfe —, to call in the aid of.

II. refl. 1) to move (slowly); to trail (along the ground, as plants, &c.); 2) to stretch, extend; to draw out; to stretch (of stuff, leather, &c.); 3) to warp, cast (said of wood); to distort (of steel); 4) to penetrate (gradually); to soak

in; 5) *fig.* to have a continued course or tenor, to run (through a discourse, &c.); sich in's Klein, in die Enge —, to draw in; sich (*Dat.*) etwas zu Gemüte —, to take to heart; to be uneasy about something; sich aus der Schlinge —, to slip one's neck out of the collar; sich in's Enge —, to limit one's expenses; sich in die Länge —, to grow or last long, to be dragged on or protracted; sich in's Blaue —, to have a tinge of blue; sich in etwas (*Acc.*) hinein —, to penetrate into, to enter gradually; diese Idee scheint sich durch seine ganze Rede zu —, this idea seems to run through his whole speech.

III. intr. (aux. haben) (orig. tr. with the object omitted) 1) (*impers.*) to draw: *a)* to have draught (as a chimney, &c.); das Pfeifer zieht gut, the plaster draws well; *b)* to produce a current of air; es zieht durch diese Thür(e), dieses Fenster, there is a draught through that door, window; 2) *Comm.* auf einen — (*i. e.* einen Wechsel), to draw or value upon one; auf den Betrag unserer letzten Factura gezogen, founded on our last shipment (*Nob. & Gr.*); Sie haben mehr gezogen als Ihre Factura betrug, you have overdrawn your invoice; auf sich — lassen, to allow one's self to be drawn upon; die gegogene Summe, the amount drawn for; wieder auf Jemand —, to redraw upon one; 3) (*impers.*) *coll.* to draw, to take, to tell, to produce a certain (the desired, &c.) effect; das zieht nicht, that is not sufficient, *coll.* that won't answer (do, take); es zog, it told.

IV. intr. (aux. sein) 1) to move (gradually or slowly), to move in a body or numbers; to go, pass, march; (of clouds, &c.) to sweep, to pass (on); to flock (in crowds); to migrate, depart (of birds); to draw (near, &c.); 2) to move, remove (nach, to); to change residence; zweimal —, ist so gut wie einmal abziehen, *prov.* two removes are as bad as a fire; 3) (of tea, &c.) to draw; die Wollen — nach Süden, the clouds are passing on or drawing to the south; auf die Wache —, to mount guard; aus einem Dienste —, to go out of service; es zog mir noch unbestimmt durch den Geist, it was still floating vague through my mind; in einen Dienst —, to go into service; seine Straße, seinen Weg frohlich —, to go or pursue one's way cheerfully; in ein anderes Land or an einen andern Ort —, to remove to another country or place, to go to live in another country; in den Krieg —, to go to war; zu Felde —, to take the field, to go on an expedition; zu einem —, to go to lodge with one; von einem, aus einem Orte —, to quit or leave one, a place.

Ziehen, v. s. (str.) 1) the (act of) drawing, &c., draught; Sie sind am — (in playing at draughts, &c.), it is your move; 2) remove; 3) rheumatic affection or pain.

Zieh'er, (str.) *m.* 1) drawer (*also* = draughtsman); 2) (Schiff-) tower; 3) *Gramm.* trigger (of a gun); 4) *Comm.* drawer, see Treffant; —lohn, *m.* to wage, towing.

Zieh'ring, (str.) *m.* see Zieh'ring.

Zieh'... (*from Ziehen*), *in comp.* —faß, *n.* see Stampfrieg; —fenster, *n.* cash-window; —garn, *n.* see Fingergarn; —geiß, *n.* pay for nursing; —haken, *m.* hook for drawing or pulling, draught-hook; *Sw.* tire-dog; —hermann, *f. Mus.* accordian; —hantel, *f.* draw-bonet; —hiesel, *f.* T. wig-maker's comb; —korn, *n.* see Kammkorn; —jung, *m.* see —burche; —kub, *n.* a child sent out to nurse, foster-child; —klinge, *f.* T. blade, scraper, *cf.* Abzieh'klinge; *Typ.* slicer; —kiste, *f.* draw-latch; —knoten, *m.* pulley; screw-vice; —kopp, *m.* *Serr.* cupping-glass; —kraft, *f.* power (of drawing), attractive force; —leine, *f.* line or cord for drawing or pulling; towing line; —loch, *n.* *Bee.* hole in a bee-hive; —löcher, *m.*

T. 1) wiredrawer's gauge; 2) heading-tool, punch; 3) borer, drill; —maschine, *f.* wire-drawing machine; —mutter, *f.* nurse, foster-mother; —ochse, *m.* draught-ox; —panster, *n.* *Hydr.* water-wheel that can be raised or let down; —pferd, *n.* draught-horse; —pflaster, *n.* *Pharm.* drawing-plaster, blistering plaster, vesicatory; —platte, *f.* see —eisen, 1; —rad, *n.* wheel of an engine; —ring, *m.* gauge-plate, see —löcher, 1; —rolle, *f.* pulley; —säge, *f.* drawing-saw, jack-saw; —schacht, *m.* *Min.* working-shaft, see Förder'schacht; —scheibe, *f.* drawing-plate; —schiff, *n.* 1) tow-boat, tug; 2) see Treckschiff; —schunt, *f.* string for drawing or pulling; *Wass.* simple-cord; —schrank, *f.* *T.* 1) draw-screw; 2) tunnel, piercer; —schwengel, *m.* see —Bengel; —seil, *n.* hauling-ropes, towing-ropes; —flange, *f.* 1) *Min.* pump-gear; 2) plough-beam; —stift, *m.* draw-point; —strang, *m.* trace; —strich, *m.* *T.* gold or silver wire; —tau, *n.* see —seil; —tisch, *m.* telescope-table.

Zieh'ung, (v.) *f.* the (act of) drawing, &c. *cf.* Ziehen; *Comm.* draft; *in comp.* *Z.-liste*, *f.* 1) list of drawers (of a lottery); 2) list of numbers drawn in a lottery; *Z.-tag*, *m.* day appointed for the drawing (of a lottery).

Zieh'... (*from Ziehen*), *in comp.* —weg, *f.* steel-yard; —weg, *m.* towing-path; —wert, *n.* 1) machine for drawing or pulling; 2) *Min.* fluting-mill; —gang, *f.* *T.* (wire-)pliers or nippers, plyers, dogs.

Ziel, (str.) *n.* 1) term, limit, boundary; 2) *a)* aim, butt, mark; white; *b)* *Sport.* distance-chain, distance-post; winning-post; 3) *fig.* *a)* goal; aim, scope; *b)* end, object; *c)* term, time; er ist weit vom —, he is quite beside the mark; das — seines Strebens, the point at which he aims; das — erreichen, to gain, carry, or get one's point or aim; to compass the end; die Unternehmung schied nicht zum —, the negotiation failed; das schied bei ihm mehr zum —, this was more to the purpose with him; dem *Z-e* näher kommen, to come nearer the mark; näher zum — treffen als —, to hit the mark nearer than —; über das — gehen, to go beyond limits; über das — hinaus'schießen, to overshoot the mark; Einem das — verrücken, to move one's aim; to frustrate one's design; Maß und — halten, to keep within bounds; ein — setzen or strecken, to set bounds to, to limit; das — verfehlen, to miss the mark or aim; sich (*Dat.*) ein hoches — verfehlen, to aim at something great; *Comm.-s.* Kauf auf —, time-bargain; — sechs Monat, at a prompt of six months, at six months' credit; wir sind noch weit vom glücklichen or erwünschten —, we are far from arriving at the point of success; unser gegenwärtiges (Ziel-) — ist Deutschland, our present destination is Germany; ein Schritt zum —, a step in the right direction; sich zum — legen, to conform to the views of another.

Zieler, (v.) *v. intr.* 1) to aim (nach, auf (*with Acc.*), at), to point, to take (one's) aim; 2) *fig.* to aim (at), to point (at), to drive (at), to allude or tend to; to bear (upon); mit der Pistole nach —, to point, aim, or level a gun at —; —Zieler, *p. a.* 1) aiming, &c.; 2) *fig.* *a)* tending to a definite object; *b)* *Gramm.* *3-e Zeitwörter*, verbs expressing an action passing from an agent or actor to some object (*Zielwort*) acted upon, otherwise called *actio, transitiv, or objectiv (opp. Ziellos, 2).*

Zieler, (str.) *m.* 1) aimer, &c.; 2) person who marks the shots in a target.

Ziel'..., *in comp.* —faß, *m.* *Gramm.* accusative; —geiß, *m.* money due at certain periods; —gerste, *f.* May-barley; —hugel, *f.* jack (at ninepins).

Ziel'los, 1. adj. 1) aimless, without aim or object; 2) *Gramm.* *3-e Zeitwörter*, verbs

cinnamon-tree, cinnamon; —*röhrchen*, *n.* Comm. roll or quill of cinnamon; —*fäure*, *f.* Chem. cinnamic acid; —*tinctur*, *f.* cinnamic tincture; —*wasser*, *n.* Pharm. cinnamon-water; —*wein*, *m.* wine spiced with cloves; —*zucker*, *m.* mixture of cinnamon and sugar. *Sim'per*, *Sim'pertich*, *Sim'pfer*, *Sim'pferlich*, *l. adj.* demure, affectedly modest, mincing, prim, coy, reserved; missish (said of young girls); — *thun*, *see* *Simperit*; II. *3-felt*, (*w. f.*) affectedness, demureness; missishness. — *Sim'peru*, *Sim'pferu* (*Swiss*: *Sim'pferen*), *Sim'peru*, (*w. n.*) *intr.* to be affectedly coy, to mince it, *cf.* *Sim'peru*. — *Sim'pel*, (*w. f.*) (*Swiss*: *Sim'pferli*, *n.*) affected person.

Sim'pel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) or —*tuffet*, *m.* Comm. saracenot; 2) *see* *3ingel*; —*satiss*, *m.* satin *peure d'oignon*. (*Aspro singel l.*)

Sim'el, (*str.*) *m.* *Leikh*, a kind of perch *3ing'el*, (*w. n.*) *tr.* (l. *u.*) to encircle.

3in, *z. l.* (*str.*) *n.* & *m.* 1) *Minor*, *zino*, *spalter*; *Chem.-s.* [*3in*]*el**zurr*, *n.* sulphate of zinc; *3in**zurr*, *n.* acetate of zinc; 2) *Comm.* *3in*, *z. l.* *in comp.* —*3in**zurr*, *adj.* *3in**zurr*; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* dress of zinc; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* sheet-zinc; — *3in**zurr*, *f.* *Min.* sulphate of zinc, black jack, blond; — *3in**zurr*, *f.* pl. flowers of zinc, oxide of zinc; — *3in**zurr*, *n.* zinc-covering.

*3in**zurr*, (*w. f.*) 1) *a*) peak, prong, spike, tack, tooth, tine; *b*) summit, pinnacle; 2) *see* *3in**zurr*, 1; 3) *see* *3in**zurr*, 2; 4) *Corp.* dovetail; 5) *Sport* brooking. (*str.*) *m.* franklinite.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *n.*, *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *3in**zurr*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Mus.* cornet (a wind instrument, now superseded by the trombone and the horn); 2) or —*3in**zurr*, *n.* *Bot.* hornwort; — *3in**zurr*, *m.*, *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. n.*) *m.* performer on the cornet, cornist, cornetter; — *3in**zurr*, *n.* *Sport.* antlers of three or four brookings; — *3in**zurr*, *n.* *Comm.* whole; —*3in**zurr*, *n.*, —*3in**zurr*, *m.* cornet register (of an organ); —*3in**zurr*, *f.* *T.* dovetail-saw.

*3in**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr*, *n.* zinc ore; —*3in**zurr*, *m.* Pharm. acetate of zinc; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* silicious oxide of zinc; —*3in**zurr*, *adj.* *3in**zurr*; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* 1) *see* *3in**zurr*, 2; 2) *see* *3in**zurr*, 1. (*or* spikes; pronged.

*3in**zurr*, *adj.* peaked, spiked, with peaks *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* *3in**zurr*, *3in**zurr*.

*3in**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr*, *n.* —*3in**zurr*, *n.* 1) *Min.* red zinc or red oxide of zinc; 2) *Chem.* *see* *3in**zurr*; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* plate of zinc; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* *Chem.* muriate of zinc; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* zinc-alloy; —*3in**zurr*, *m.* sparry or lamellar calamine; —*3in**zurr*, *m.* *Chem.* sulphate of zinc, white vitriol; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* white of zinc, coarse of spalter.

*3in**zurr*, (*str.*) *n.* 1) *Min.* tin; 2) *powter*; 3) *see* —*3in**zurr*; — *mit* *zwei* *3in**zurr*, *powter*, soft solder; *gerings* — *3in**zurr*, base tin; *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, [*3in**zurr**el**zurr*], *Chem.* acetate, muriate of tin.

*3in**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr*, *m.* tin-foil softened by mercury, amalgam of tin; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* tin-ashoe, (tin-)putty; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* solution of tin; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* melted tin (for tinning iron, &c.); —*3in**zurr*, *f.* tin-salt used as a mordant; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Chico-pr.* spirit-printing; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tin-mine, stannary; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* *Min.* hepatic tin-ore, sulphuret of tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr*; —*3in**zurr*, *n.* tin-plate; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* *Min.* blend mixed with tin-ore; —*3in**zurr*, *f.* *Chem.* butter of tin, perchloride of tin; —*3in**zurr*, *m.* pl. chippings of tin.

*3in**zurr*, (*w. f.*) 1) pinnacle; 2) loop-hole; *pl.* battlement, embattlement; *mit* *3-n* *ver**3in**zurr**el**zurr*, machicolated towers.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. f.*) *n.* & *tr.* to embattle. *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. f.*) *n.* pinnacles, embattle. *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* *see* *3in**zurr*. [*mont*.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. f.*) *n.* & *tr.* to (cover with) tin. *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Archit.* embattled moulding; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *Chem.* cretelle; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* dent of battlement.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *m.* tinman, pewterer. *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* (of) tin, pewter.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tin-ore; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *Chico-pr.* spirit-colour; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* 1) tin-plate; 2) tin-silings; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* stain of tin (in bronze); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* leaf-tin, tin-foil; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Min.* vein of tin-ore; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* mountain containing tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* dross, waste, sweepings of tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tin- or pewter-vessels, pewter-utensils; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* pewterer, tinman; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* pewterer's trade or work; pewtery; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* tin-glazing, whitelead-glazing; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* worker in a tin-mine, tinner; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *Min.* crystal of tin; *pl.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, common tin-ore; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, tin-mine; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* containing tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* organ-builder's hammer; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* dealer in tin or tin-ware; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tinning-house; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* organ-builder's plane; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Chem.* calined tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Min.* sulphuret of tin, tin-pyrites; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* tin-ashes; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *Bot.* common horse-tail, shave-grass (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* frame in which the tin for organ-pipes is cast; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin-man's shop; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin- or pewter- spoon or ladle; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tin-solder, soft solder.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *m.* *Chem.* 1) (*naturlicher*) native cinnabar, native red sulphuret of mercury; 2) (*kunstlicher*) artificial red sulphuret of mercury, factitious cinnabar. *Comm.* vermilion; *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Min.* the most prolific ore of mercury, ore of cinnabar; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* a kind of cinnabar; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* vermilion; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* cinnabar red; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* crystallised cinnabar; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* vermilion-pencil.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin-furnace; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* oxide of tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* tin-pot; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* tin-pipe (of an organ); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* plate or sheet of tin, tin-plate; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* assay of tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* granulated tin (used as a medicine); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* rich or abounding in tin, tinny; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *Chem.* hydrochlorate of tin, salt of tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* grain-tin; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *Chem.* peroxide of tin, stannic acid; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin-beater; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *Min.* small or fine tin, small tin-ore, crop tin (*T. Tack*); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* pewter-dish; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* stream-tin (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* stream-work; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* pl. scrapings or chip-pings of tin; *Min.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin-spare; *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tin-stone; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *Min.* accumulated mass of tin-ore (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*); —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* a large piece of tin-ore; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* tin-plate, pewter-plate; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* pewter ware; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* 1) washing or budding of tin-ores; 2) *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *m.* 1) rent; (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*) quit-rent; 2) tribute; 3) (*pl. gener. w. 3in**zurr**el**zurr*) interest, *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, below; 4) *coll.* (house-)rent (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *3in**zurr**el**zurr*).

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* discount; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* piece of ground for which rent is paid.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* tributary.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* 1) peasant who pays certain tithes to his lord; 2) tenant, renter; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* coupon-sheet; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* 1) lease; 2) a deed by virtue of which the proprietor of an estate is not allowed to sell it without the permission of his lord; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* fine for not having

paid the ground-rent; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tributary village; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. f.*) *n.* & *tr.* (*3in**zurr**el**zurr*) 1) to pay (tribute or rent); 2) to yield (rent).

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*w. sing.* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n. u.*) *f.* *pl.* interest, use-money; *zu* *guten* —, at a good rate of interest; — *nehmen*, to draw interest; *ange**3in**zurr**el**zurr* —, — *auf* *von* —, compound interest, interest upon interest; *tröden* —, rent-stock, dry rent; *Geld* *das* *keine* — *trägt*, barren money, *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr* *Geld* or *Capital*; *auf* — *legen*, to let out to use; *auf* — *geben* or *aus**3in**zurr**el**zurr* —, to put out upon (or at) interest; *auf* — *ge**3in**zurr**el**zurr* *sein*, to be out at interest; *auf* — *nehmen*, to take upon interest; *die* — *3in**zurr**el**zurr* *sein*, to pay the interest; — *aus**3in**zurr**el**zurr* *sein*, to cast the interest; — *werden* *beider**3in**zurr**el**zurr* *nicht* *be**3in**zurr**el**zurr*, neither party to account interest; *an* *3in**zurr**el**zurr**en* — *haben* *ich* *zu* *fordern*, arrears of interest due to me.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* (*cf.* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*) —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* balance of interest; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* interest account; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* rental; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* reduction of interest; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* table of interest, interest-table; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* bearing interest, productive; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* compound interest, interest on interest.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *m.* rent-payer.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, (*str.*) *n.* jubee-tree (*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *Lam.*).

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* 1) female copyholder; 2) lady of the manor; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* 1) exempt from paying tribute or rent; 2) rent-free, allodial; *ein* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *Gut*, a freehold estate, frank tenement, freehold; *der* *3in**zurr**el**zurr* *eines* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *Gutes*, freeholder; *ein* *Gut*, *3in**zurr**el**zurr* *ist* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *machen*, to redeem a rent-charge; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* exemption from paying rent or tribute; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* rate of interest, centage; *zum* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *von* ..., at the rate of ...; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* tithe-ashave; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *pl.* interests; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* court of rolls; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* barley paid as rent; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *pl.* usury laws; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* rent-stock, dry rent; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* tributary penny; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* copyhold; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *von* ground.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *adj.* *see* *3in**zurr**el**zurr*. [*rent*.

*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *in comp.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* cock or hen given as rent, cense cock, cense hen; *roth* or *3in**zurr**el**zurr* *wie* *ein* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr* *werden*, *coll.* to snub up like a turkey-cock; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* 1) house that is subject to a ground-rent; 2) house that is let; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* renter, annuitant; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* lord of the manor; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *m.* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* farm subject to pay quit-rent; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* fowl given as a due to the lord of the manor or to the clergyman of the parish, cense-fowl; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* corn given as rent, cense-corn; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *see* —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *n.* *terrier*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* *Comm.* coupon; (*divi**3in**zurr**el**zurr*) *warrant*; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *f.* rent-service; —*3in**zurr**el**zurr*, *pl.* tributaries.

—*weife*, *adj.* & *adv.* as rent or interest; —*wöch*, *f.* week in which rents are due; —*zahl*, *f.* Roman indication.

Singereite, (*w.*) *f.* province. *see* *Seiden-
schwarz*.

* *Singelfin*, *adj.* & *s.* (*str.*) *n.* reddish
Singelschäfer, (*str.*) *m.* guard of Zion (a
zealous or fanatic divine).

Sip'er, *see* *Syp'er*.

Sipf, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Var.* pip (disease of
poultry = *Pip*); 2) province. *see* *Sipfel*, 1.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) tip; point; end, extre-
mity; corner; lapet; tail; 2) *Med.* curtain of
the valves of the heart; —*blume*, *f.*, —*frant*,
n. *Bot.* water-purshane (*Pepus portula* L.).

Sipfelig, *adj.* having points or ends.

Sipfelmütze, (*w.*) *f.* night-cap.

Sipfelin, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* province. to be par-
simonious (on *with* *Daf.*), with).

Sipfel..., in comp. —*pel*, *m.* lappet-
gown; shepherd's cloak; —*perücke*, *f.* pointed
wig; —*tuch*, *n.* lady's neckcloth with lappets.

Sipfel, (*w.*) *f.* obolus, *see* *Sipfel*, 1.

Sipp, I. *adj.* *see* *Simpertlich*; II. *β-heit*,
(*w.*) *f.* *see* *Simpertlichkeit*.

Sipp..., in comp. *Ornith.* —*s.* —*ammer*, *f.*
foolish bunting (*Emberiza cia* L.); —*broffel*,
f. *see* *Sippe*.

Sippe, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* common or song
thrush, chirping-thrush (*Turdus musicus* L.).

Sippel, (*str.*) *m.* *Chem.* carbonate of ura-
—*pel*, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Sipfel*, 1. [*alum*]

Sippenbeere, (*w.*) *f.* berry of the service-
tree.

Sipperlein, (*str.*) *n.* († &) *loc.* podagra,
gout (in the foot); *β-(δ)frant*, *n.* *Bot.* gout-
weed (*Agopodium podagraria* L.).

Sippen, *Sippen*, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* coll. for
Sippen, *Sippen*, *Sippen*, *Sippen*.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* meadow-pipit
(*Anthus pratensis* L.).

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *see* *Syppe*.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* & (*w.*) *f.* —*baum*, *m.* —
flöte, —*flöte*, *f.* *Bot.* Siberian stone-pine-tree
(*Pinus combris* L.); —*brüße*, *f.* *Anat.* pineal
gland; —*nuss*, *f.* cone of the Siberian stone-
pine, cone-kernel; —*nussflöte*, —*nussflöte*,
f. *see* —*baum*; —*nussflöte*, *m.* bladder-nut
(*Sippenbaum*, 1). [*tolan*]

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* ortolan (*Or-*
—, *str.*) *m.* *see* *Sippen*.

Sippen, (*str.*) *m.* circle, *see* *Sippen* &
cf. *Strie*; *er* bewegt sich in den besten *β-n*, he
moves in the best society; *es ist heute* — *bei*
Sofe, there is company or a party (an
assembly) at court today; —*form*, *f.* circular form.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to circle, to
measure with compasses; 2) *fig.* to propor-
tion, to do with the utmost exactness; 3) to
circulate, to move circularly; *gejirtelt*, done
to a nicety.

Sipfel, *...*, in comp. —*flöte*, *f.* circular or
rotary shears; —*stein*, *m.* *Minor.* scarpulite;
—*jug*, *m.* circular trace or flourish.

Sipfen, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to chirp. [*mächter*].

† *Sipfel*, (*str.*) *m.* one of a patrol (*Schä-*
* *Sipfen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* zircon; der
eile —, hyacinth; der gemeine — (*or* *Sipfen*),
jargon of Ceylon, zirconite; in comp. —*erbe*,
f. zirconite; —*Sipfen*, *n.* *Chem.* metallic
basis of zirconite, zirconium.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* ciril-bunting
(*Sippen*).

Sipfel, (*w.*) *f.* province. *see* *Sipfel*.

Sipfen, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to chirp. [*mächter*].

† *Sipfel*, (*str.*) *m.* one of a patrol (*Schä-*
* *Sipfen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* zircon; der
eile —, hyacinth; der gemeine — (*or* *Sipfen*),
jargon of Ceylon, zirconite; in comp. —*erbe*,
f. zirconite; —*Sipfen*, *n.* *Chem.* metallic
basis of zirconite, zirconium.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* ciril-bunting
(*Sippen*).

Sipfel, (*w.*) *f.* province. *see* *Sipfel*.

Sipfen, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to chirp. [*mächter*].

† *Sipfel*, (*str.*) *m.* one of a patrol (*Schä-*
* *Sipfen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* zircon; der
eile —, hyacinth; der gemeine — (*or* *Sipfen*),
jargon of Ceylon, zirconite; in comp. —*erbe*,
f. zirconite; —*Sipfen*, *n.* *Chem.* metallic
basis of zirconite, zirconium.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* ciril-bunting
(*Sippen*).

Sipfel, (*w.*) *f.* province. *see* *Sipfel*.

Sipfen, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to chirp. [*mächter*].

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* *Sipfen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* zircon; der
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f. zirconite; —*Sipfen*, *n.* *Chem.* metallic
basis of zirconite, zirconium.

Sippen, (*w.*) *f.* *Ornith.* ciril-bunting
(*Sippen*).

Sipfel, (*w.*) *f.* province. *see* *Sipfel*.

Sipfen, (*w.*) *f.* *intr.* to chirp. [*mächter*].

† *Sipfel*, (*str.*) *m.* one of a patrol (*Schä-*
* *Sipfen*, (*str.*) *m.* *Minor.* zircon; der
eile —, hyacinth; der gemeine — (*or* *Sipfen*),
jargon of Ceylon, zirconite; in comp. —*erbe*,
f. zirconite; —*Sipfen*, *n.* *Chem.* metallic
basis of zirconite, zirconium.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

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Sipfel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Sipfen*.

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form, mammillary, nipple-shaped; —*fortsetz*,
n. *Anat.* mammiform or mastoid apophysis
or process; —*frant*, *n.* *Bot.* common nipple-
wort (*Lapidea communis* L.); *Anat.* —*isch*, *n.*
mastoid foramen; —*rand*, *n.* mastoid margin;
—*thell*, *m.* mammillary part; —*thiere*, *n.* *pl.*
Nat. mammifera, mammalia; —*warzig*, *adj.*
Bot. mammillate.

Se'bel, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *Zool.* & *Parr.* sable;
sable-weasel (*Mustela canadensis* Krll.); 2)
province, dirty, slovenly fellow; 3) *Stud.* slang,
a (fine) woman; miss; in comp. —*blüthe*, *pl.*
sable-belly plover; —*feng*, *m.* hunting or
chase of sables; —*fürter*, *m.* sable-dyer; —
fell, *n.* sable, sable-skin; *Comm.* Hudson's
bay martin; —*futter*, *m.* fur-lining of sable;
—*gehime*, *n.* sable-skirt or trimming; —*jag*,
f. *see* —*feng*; —*jäger*, *m.* hunter of the sable;
—*lappe*, *f.* *see* —*mütze*; —*man*, *f.* *see* *Emming*;
—*muff*, *m.* sable-muff; —*mütze*, *f.* cap of
sable; —*pel*, *m.* 1) *see* —*fell*; 2) robe fur-
red with sable; —*schlinge*, *m.* *pl.* *Parr.* tails or
tips of sables; —*thier*, —*thier*, *n.* *see* *Sebel*, 1.

Se'ber, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Seber*; —*baum*, *m.*
cowslart.

Se'el, (*str.*, *pl.* *Se'el*) *m.* province. 1)
(farm-servant; 2) boor; rude fellow.

Se'el, (*str.*) *f.* a kind of swing-plough.

Se'el, *see* *Seitel*.

* *Sebellicht*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Sebellicht*)
n. *Phys.* zodiacal light.

* *Sebeln*, *m.* *astr.* zodiac.

Se'el, (*str.*) *f.* (*dimin.* *Se'el*) (*str.*) *n.*
(† &) *, waiting-maid, waiting-woman,
chamber-maid, abigail; *Theatr.* *sebelite*.

Se'el, (*str.*) *n.* *horn-n.* part of a bloom or
pig of iron; —*jauge*, *f.* a large pair of pincers.

Se'el, (*str.*) *m.* procrastinator, dilatory
person, loiterer, lingerer, coll. laggar-behind.

Se'el, (*str.*) *adj.* loitering, lingering, delaying.

Se'el, (*w.*) *f.* (*dimin.* *Se'el*) (*str.*) *n.*
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Se'el, (*w.*) *f.* (*dimin.* *Se'el*

of the custom-house, custom-house officer, cockpit-writer, revenue-officer; —*bediente*, *m.* custom-house subordinate; —*behörde*, *f.* board of customs; —*bedienter*, *m.* land-waiter; —*bedienter*, *m.* searcher, visitor; —*buch*, *n.* book of rates; —*bude*, *f.* toll-booth; —*büreau*, *n.* *see* —*amt*; —*centner*, *m.* custom-house hundredweight; —*commissär*, *m.* commissioner of the custom-house; —*conferenz*, *f.* conference for discussing custom affairs, toll-conference; —*credit*, *m.* credit at the custom-house; —*declaration*, *f.* *see* —*angabe*; —*declarationsbuch*, *n.* custom-house register; —*direction*, *f.* direction of the customs; —*einkauf*, *f.* 1) revenue of the customs; 2) board of customs; —*einkäufer*, *m.* collector or receiver of customs; tax-gatherer; toll-gatherer, *c.* *Zöllner*.

Zollen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to pay custom; 2) *Ag.* to give; to pay; *Einem Dank* —, to thank one, to express one's gratitude; *Einem Erbsen* —, to shed tears for one; *Einem Weisse* —, to ap-

Zoller, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Zöllner*. *pland* one. *Zoll*..., *in comp.* —*ermäßigung*, *f.* a lowering of duties; —*frei*, *adj.* duty-free, free from custom; —*freie Waare*, unrated or uncustomable goods; —*freistell*, *f.* exemption from duty; freedom of trade; —*freistellen*, *m.* permit, pass-bill; —*gebühr*, *f.* toll-money; —*gerechtigkeit*, *f.* right of levying custom; —*gesetzbuch*, *n.* customary; —*gesetz*, *n.* *pl.* custom-laws; custom-house regulations; —*gewicht*, *n.* customs-weight; —*grenze*, *f.* customs-frontier; —*haus*, *n.* custom-house; toll-house; —*hauspfand*, *n.* custom-house bond; —*hauspfand*, *see* —*abgaben*; —*hebestelle*, *f.* frontier custom-house; —*herr*, *m.* one who has the right of taking toll.

...*zollig*, ...*zollig*, *adj.* (*in comp.*) of ... inches; *ein zollvolles Brett*, a two inch board; *ein zollvolles Fernrohr*, a telescope ten inches long; *eine zollvolle Cylindermaschine*, *electr.* a twenty-inch cylinder (electrical) machine.

Zoll..., *in comp.* —*inspector*, *m.* *see* —*aufseher*; —*intraden*, *see* —*einkauf*, 1; —*ladet*, *f.* custom-house-yacht; —*hammer*, *f.* *see* —*amt*; —*träger*, *m.* revenue-cutter; —*legatsch*, *f.* (*in Austria*) bonding ware-house; —*linie*, *f.* line of custom-houses; —*magazin*, *n.* *see* —*speicher*; —*müller*, *m.* custom-house broker.

Zollmaß, (*str.*) *n.* measure of inches.

Zöllner, (*str.*) *m.* 1. toll-gatherer (*Zöllner*); *Script.* publican.

Zoll..., *in comp.* —*ordnung*, *f.* *see* —*gesetz*; —*acht*, *f.* renting of tolls; —*ächter*, *m.* renter of tolls; —*passbuch*, *n.* bonding-house, customs-warehouse; —*papiere*, *pl.* custom-house papers; —*parlament*, *n.* the (German) Customs-Parliament; —*passirzettel*, *m.* permit (for exportation or home-consumption); —*pass*, *m.* *see* —*zoll*; —*pflichtig*, *adj.* subject to the imposition of duty or customs, taxable, customable; —*pflichtigkeit*, *f.* liability to pay duty or customs; —*pfand*, *n.* Zollverein lb.; —*quittung*, *f.* clearance; —*rath*, *m.* counsellor of the customs; —*rechnung*, *f.* account of customs; —*register*, *m.* —*rolle*, *f.* tariff; —*sch*, *m.* *see* —*anleg*; —*stute*, *f.* post set up at a toll-boundary (as a sign that toll is to be paid); —*steuer*, *m.* *see* —*bedienter*; —*stein*, *m.* clearance, cockpit; (*zur Erhebung der Einkommen*) *debutent*; —*stift*, *n.* revenue-cutter; —*straute*, *f.* custom-boundary; —*streiter*, *m.* clerk at a toll-office, custom-house clerk; —*schutz*, *m.* protection; —*schutz*, *m.* guard of the customs; —*seigel*, *n.* seal of the custom-house, cockpit, lead; —*speicher*, *m.* bonding ware-house, custom-warehouse. (*A.*) *see* *Zöllner*.

Zollrath, (*str.*) *pl.* 3. *see* *Zöllner*. *Zoll*..., *in comp.* —*stadt*, *f.* town where

custom is paid; —*station*, —*stätte*, *f.* customs-station; —*stempel*, *m.* seal or stamp of the custom-house, cockpit.

Zollrath, (*str.*) *pl.* 3. *see* *Zöllner*. (*from* *Zoll*, *A.*) *m.* inch-rod; carpenter's rule; (*mit Messzug*) sliding rule.

Zoll..., *in comp.* —*straße*, *f.* mulot, fine; —*strafgesetz*, *pl.* penal laws against contravention of the customs; —*strafgesetzbuch*, *n.* penal code against such contravention; —*straße*, *f.* road on which custom is paid; —*stube*, *f.* custom-office; —*system*, *n.* system of regulating the customs, custom-house system; —*tabelle*, *f.* custom-duty table; —*tarif*, *f.* —*tarif*, *m.* —*taxe*, *f.* tariff of duties, book, table, or list of rates; —*union*, *f.* *see* —*verband*; —*unsoffen*, *pl.* custom-house-charges; —*verband*, —*verein*, *m.* tariff-union; toll-union, toll-alliance; *der preussische oder deutsche* —*verband*, the Prussian Commercial League, German Customs-Union; *Zollverein*; —*vereinigung*, *f.* custom-house union; *die große deutsche* —*vereinigung*, the great German commercial confederation or commercial league; —*vereinigungsvertrag*, *m.* *see* —*anfangsvertrag*; —*vereiner*, *m.* one belonging to, or advocating the interests of, the (German) Zollverein; —*vereinsconferenz*, *f.* conference of the commissioners of the Zollverein; —*vereinsgewicht*, *n.* Zollverein's weight; —*vereinsländisch*, *adj.* belonging to the countries forming the Zollverein; —*vereinsmünze*, *f.* coin of the Zollverein; —*vereinsstaaten*, *m.* *pl.* states belonging to the Zollverein; —*vergehen*, *n.* contravention to the custom-laws; —*vergünstigung*, *f.* sufferance; —*verordnungen*, *f.* *pl.* customs-acts; —*verpflichtung*, *m.* bond; in —*verpflichtung* bringen, to put in bond; —*verwalter*, *m.* *see* —*aufseher*; —*verwaltung*, *f.* customs-management; —*verzeichniß*, *m.* *see* —*tarif*; —*visitator*, *m.* custom-house searcher; —*vorrichtung*, *f.* charges of debenture; —*wächter*, *m.* *see* —*bedienter*; tide-waiter.

Zollweise, *adv.* & *adj.* (*from* *Zoll*, *A.*) by *Zoll*..., *in comp.* —*wesen*, *n.* affairs concerning the customs, customs-department; *er erhielt eine Stelle im* —*wesen*, he obtained a situation in the Customs; —*zettel*, *m.* cockpit.

* *Zone*, (*w.*) *f.* (*Gr.*) *Geogr.* zone.

* *Zoo*..., *in comp.* (*Gr.*) —*chemie*, *f.* animal chemistry; —*grüß*, (*w.*) *m.* zoographer; —*graphie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoography; —*graphisch*, *adj.* zoographical; —*latrie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoology; —*list*, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* *Plur.* zoology; —*list*, (*w.*) *m.* zoologist, zoologist; —*logie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoology; —*logisch*, *adj.* zoological; —*magnetismus*, *m.* animal magnetism; —*morphie*, (*str.* & *w.*) *m.* zoomorphite; —*na'tisch*, *adj.* soonie; —*nomie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoonomy; —*nologie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoontology; —*pathologie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoopathology; —*phag*, (*w.*) *m.* zoophagy, *pl.* zoophagi, flesh-eaters, carnivorous people; —*phosph*, *adj.* *Archid.* bearing the figure of an animal, zoophoric; —*physiologie*, (*w.*) *f.* animal physiology, zoophysiology; —*phyt*, (*w.*) *m.* zoophyte, animal plant; —*phytologie*, (*w.*) *f.* zoophytology; —*phytologisch*, *adj.* zoophytological; —*temie*, (*w.*) *f.* zootomy, dissection of animals.

Zopf, (*str.*) *pl.* 3. *see* *Zöpfe*. *m.* 1) *a*) (of ladies) wavy hair, plait or tress of hair; *b*) (of men) pigtail, cue; 2) *Forest*, top (of a tree); 3) anything twisted like a cue; 4) *Ag.* anything obsolete, quaint, absurd formality, petty formalism, pedantry, anal. pipe-clay; *Jemandem einen* — *maden*, *brechen*, *ansetzen*, *coll.* to impose upon one; *Einem auf den* — *kommen*, to treat one harshly, to be hard upon one; *sich* (*Das.*) *einen* — *trinken*, to get drunk; *einen* — *haben*, to be in one's cups or half seas over.

Zopf..., *in comp.* —*adler*, *m.* tufted eagle, a species of falcon; —*band*, *n.* pigtail tie.

Zöpfen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to weave (hair), to twist or braid into a pigtail; 2) *Corp.* to top (a tree), to cut off the top-end of ...

Zopf..., *in comp.* —*ende*, *n.* Forest. top-end (of a tree); —*haar*, *n.* cue-hair; —*hals*, *n.* Forest. top-wood.

Zöpfing, (*str.*) *m.* pedant.

Zöpf..., *in comp.* —*periode*, *f.* *see* —*zeit*; —*peride*, *f.* wig with a pigtail; —*stüte*, *f.* diameter of the top-end of a tree; —*stil*, *m.* pedantic style; —*taube*, *f.* *Ornith.* drum-pigeon (*Trommeltaube*).

Zöpfthum, (*str.*) *pl.* 3. *thümer* *n.* formalism, pedantry.

Zöpfthümlich, *adj.* formal, pedantic.

Zöpf..., *in comp.* —*troden*, *adj.* dry or withered at the top (said of trees); —*twiste*, *adv.* by strings or twists; —*zeit*, *f.* *Ag.* pigtail age, age of petty formalism, &c.

Zorn, (*str.*) *m.* anger, wrath, passion, ire, choler, indignation; *Ag.* rage, violence; *es ist der* — *Gottes über die Sünden der Franzosen*, it is the wrath of God on the sins of the French (*Dickens*); *jum* — *reizen*, to excite to anger, to exasperate; to put into a passion; *in* — *gerathen*, to grow angry, to fall or fly into a passion; *den* — *fahren lassen*, to abate one's anger.

Zorn..., *in comp.* —*blid*, *m.* angry look; —*entbrannt*, *adj.* angry; enraged; —*gericht*, *n.* *Theol.* judgment of an angry or wrathful God; —*gesicht*, *m.* angry countenance; —*glühend*, *adj.* angry, furious; —*glut*, *f.* glowing anger, excessive wrath.

Zornig, *adj.* angry, ireful, wrathful; choleric, irascible; passionate; *Ag.* raging, violent; —*werden*, *see* *in Zorn gerathen*.

Zornlos, *adj.* without anger or wrath.

Zorn..., *in comp.* —*müthig*, *adj.* wrathful, angry; quick of resentment, irascible; —*rede*, *f.* angry speech, speech of anger; —*ruhe*, *f.* the rod of God, chastisement inflicted from divine wrath; —*schaale*, *f.* vial or cup of wrath; —*stimme*, *f.* angry voice, voice of anger; —*stül*, *adj.* angry; —*stül*, *f.* fury; —*stül*, *adj.* furious with rage.

Zotte, (*w.*) *f.* 1) (*†*) *provinc.* for *zotte*; 2) *a*) *provinc.* drillery (*Woffe*); *b*) *coll.* obscenity, obscene word or expression, *pl.* ribaldry, ribald talk, indecent words, smutty or unchaste language; 3) *n* *reizen*, to talk bawdry.

Zotte, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *str.* *coll.* to use obscene language, to talk indecently.

Zottheit, 1. *adj.* obscene, bawdy, ribald; II. *pl.* *see* *str.* *coll.* to use obscene language, to talk indecently.

Zotten, (*w.*) *in comp.* —*blume*, *f.* *see* *Zottenblume*; *coll.* —*stich*, *n.* bawdy song; —*reizen*, *n.* ribaldry, speaking bawdry; —*reizen*, *m.* obscene talker, ribald; —*reizen*, *f.* talking obscenely, indecent, obscene words; —*schreier*, *m.* obscene writer.

Zottig, *adj.* 1) *see* *Zottig*; 2) *see* *Zottenhaftig*, ribald, obscene.

Zottel, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *str.* *coll.* to use obscene language, to talk indecently.

Zottel..., *in comp.* —*haar*, *m.* shaggy hair; —*bart*, *m.* shaggy beard; —*bürtig*, *adj.* shaggy-bearded; —*haar*, *n.* shaggy hair; —*haarig*, *adj.* shaggy; —*hafer*, *m.* wild oats

Zottelig, *adj.* shaggy. (*Windhafer*).

Zotteln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*aus. sein*) *coll.* to go or move in a careless manner, to trout.

Zottel..., *in comp.* —*kopf*, *m.* shaggy head; —*ladig*, *adj.* shaggy; —*mähne*, *f.* shaggy or bushy mane; —*mähig*, *adj.* bushy-maned; —*matte*, *f.* rope-mat; —*moile*, *f.* cot-gare, cot-wood.

Zotten..., *in comp.* —*blume*, *f.* *Bot.* common buckbean, marsh-trefoil (*Menyanthes trifoliata* L.); —*stich*, *m.* *see* *stich*; —*haar*, *n.* *see* *Zottelhaar*; —*haut*, *f.* *Anat.* villous coat (of the stomach); —*kopf*, *m.* *see* *Zottelkopf*.

Bettig, Betticht, adj. shaggy, ragged; *Bol.* villous, pubescent, downy.

Bu, I. prep. (with Dat.) at, by, to, for, in, on; er ist — Hause, he is at home; er lebt — London, he lives in (at) London; er lebt, wohnt &c. — Berlin, he lives in (at) Berlin; das Waisenhaus — Halle, the orphan-asylum at Halle; das Schloß — Braunschweig, the palace at Brunswick; die Universität — Leipzig, the university of Leipzig; der Gasthof — den drei Linden, the Threo-Limes-Inn; der Gasthof zum Jrisin, the Zeisig-Inn; — ebner Erde wohnen, to live on the ground-floor; Einem zur Seite sitzen, to sit at one's side; sich — jemand setzen, to sit down by one; zur Rechten, on the right hand side; Einem zur Hand sein, to be at hand; zur See, at sea; — Wasser und — Lande, by water and by land; zur Elbe, by the Elbe; — Fuß, on foot; — Ferde, on horseback; von Ost — Nord, or Osten zum Norden, east (E.) by north (N.); zur Stadt kommen, to come to town; — ... hinaus, out of, through; zum Fenster hinauspringen, to jump out of the window; — Ende sein, to be at an end; — der Zeit, at that time; zur Zeit, for the (present) time, *pro tempore*, at present; zur Ungzeit, out of season; — rechter Zeit, at the right time, in due time; — Zeiten, at times, by times; — Nacht, by (or in the) night; — Mittag speisen, to dine; — Abend speisen, to sup; — Anfang des Winters, at the beginning of winter; — ganzen Tagen, for whole days (together); von Jahr — Jahr, from year to year; er eß Käse — seinem Brote, he eat cheese with his bread; ich weinte zur Gesellschaft mit, I wept too for company; sie sang zur Gitarre, she sang to the guitar; sie waren zum Thee bei uns, they took tea with us; der Schlüssel — meinem Pulste, the key of my desk; gute Landstraßen sind angenehm zum Reisen, good roads are agreeable for travelling; sich zum Kampfe rüsten, to make ready for combat; — Tausenden, by thousands; sie starben — Hunderten vor Hunger, they died by hundreds, of starvation; — zweit, — dritt, — viert, being two (or the second, &c.), three, four (of a combination or number); er Zweit, &c.; zur Genüge haben, to have plenty; zur Noth, if need be; — Drutisch, in German; sich zum schünsten bedanken, to give one's best thanks; es geriet nicht zum besten, it did not succeed according to expectations; zum wenigsten, at (the) least; zum ersten, in the first place, first(ly); zum andern, dritten &c., secondly, thirdly, &c.; zum letzten Male, for the last time (*at auctions*: zum andern, dritten und letzten Male, going, — going, — gone!); — guter Zeit, to finish (with); zur Hälfte, by half; — diesem Preise, at this price; — dem Preise von ..., at the rate of ..., as high as ...; — zwei Groschen, at two groshen; das Stüd — zwei Groschen, two groshen a piece; im Verhältniß — ..., in proportion to ...; — seinem (ihrem &c.) Lobe, in his (her, &c.) praise; Einem zum Freunde haben, to have one for a friend; aus Liebe —, out of love for ...; Einem — etwas machen, ernennen, wählen, to make, appoint, choose, elect one (king, deputy, &c.); er wurde zum Kaiser von Deutschland erwählt, he was chosen emperor of Germany; zum Schluß, by way of conclusion; zur Abwechslung, by way of variety; seine Abhandlung hatte die Sage des Viga-Glum zum Gegenstande, the Saga of Viga-Glum was the subject of his treatise; (sich *[Dat.]*) zum Muster nehmen, to choose as a pattern, to take an example of; — Wasser werden, 1. to turn to water, to dissolve into water, to liquefy; 2. *fig. cf.* Wasser; (Einem) zur Ehre gereichen, to be an honour (for); ich muß — meiner Schande bekennen, I must confess to my shame; er bißte zur Schande Englands seine

Bemühungen um das Wohl seines Vaterlandes mit dem Leben, to the disgrace of England, he paid his efforts for the welfare of his country, with his life; Einem — Gaste bitten, to invite one as a guest; — Selbe pichen, to take the field; — Baume fällen or steigen, Sport, to tree (said of wood-cocks, &c.); — Selbe gehen, Sport, to go (from the woods) into the fields (said of game); — Grunde gehen, to sink, &c. see in Grund; mit — Grabe gehen, to attend a funeral; Einem — Reide gehen, to attack one; — Krutze freichen, to humble one's self; Einem zur Reide setzen, to call one to account; zur Ordnung rufen, to call to order; — Gräfte bekommen, to get a sight of; — Schaden kommen, to meet with an accident; — etwas schweigen, to take no notice of a thing; es geschieht zum besten der Religion, it is done for the good of religion; es geschieht zum allgemeinen besten, it is done for the general welfare; es geschieht — Ehren des Königs, it was done in honour of the king; mit — Gefallen, to please me; zum Glück, fortunately; mir zum Trost, in spite of me, to spite me; ihr — Liebe, out of love to her (*cf.* Liebe, Ehre, Gefallen, Glück, Trost, Liebe &c.); — seiner Vertheidigung, in his defence; — diesem Zweck, for that purpose; es wird — diesem Zweck viel beitragen, it will do much towards that object; zur Intervention, for the purpose of intervention; man gebraucht es zum Kochen, Malen, Schreiben &c., it is used for cooking purposes, painting purposes, writing purposes, &c., or to cook, paint, write with; es ist nicht zur Unterdrückung dieses Nachdruckes geschieden, nothing has been done towards the suppression of this piratical re-print; im Verhältniß —, in proportion to ...; according to ...; es war ein Schauspiel zum Rähren, it was a touching spectacle; der Zustand des Kranken war zum Erbarmen, the condition of the invalid was pitiable; diese Musik ist zum Rasendwerden, this music is enough to drive one mad.

II. conj. (with the infinitive) to; er begann — sprechen, he began to speak; sie liebt — (sich)ren, she likes to jest; er weiß (or versteht) — leben, sich beliebt — machen &c., he knows how to live, how to make himself agreeable, &c.; das Vermögen — denken, the faculty of thinking; die Kunst — gefallen, the art of pleasing; er ist nicht fähig — täuschen, he is not capable of deceiving; er war müde — leben, he was tired of living or of life; es ist nicht — essen da, there is nothing to eat; es ist — haben, it is to be had; die Sache ist leicht einzusehen, the matter is easy to be understood; es ist schwer auszuführen, it is difficult or hard to be done, performed, or executed; er war schrecklich anzusehen, he was terrible to look at; (es ist) ein Haus — vermieten, a house (is) to (be) let; — haben bei ..., (to be) sold at ...; — den beigesezten Preisen — haben, selling or to be had at the prices affixed; nicht — ertragen (or unerträglich), not to be borne (or unbearable); er ist nirgends — finden, he is nowhere to be found; was ist bei der Sache — thun, what is to be done in the matter? du sagst anstatt — danken, you complain instead of rendering thanks.

III. adv. 1) in the direction of, (nach ... —) towards; er kam auf mich —, he came up to (or towards) me, *cf.* 2. 2) on, coll. away; geh —! go on! immer —! on, on! cheerily! Glück —! cheer up! God speed (you well)! arbeite, schreibe &c. nur —! work, write, &c. on! lauf —! coll. run away! take foot in hand! schief —! coll. fire away! nur —! go it! 3) closed, shut, fast, close; 4) too; er ist — eufich, he is too quick; — neugierig, over-curious; — geschäftig, over-officious; — gut, over-well. **Bu adern, (w.)** v. I. &c. to cover up by

ploughing; II. *adv.* 1) to plough on; 2) to finish ploughing.

Bu'arbeiten, (w.) v. *intr.* coll. to work on. **Bu'arbeitern, (w.)** f. assistant workman.

Bu'bauen, (w.) v. I. &c. to shut up by building, to close by a wall; II. *adv.* 1) to continue building; 2) to finish tilling the land.

Bu'beßer, (adv.) n., **Bu'beßerde, (w.)** f. appurtenance(s); dependencie; cin *Beßerfel* neßt —, a tea-kettle and appurtenances; cin — des Bonboner Lebens, an adjunct to London life. — **Bu'beßerig, see** Zugbeßerig.

Bu'beißen, (adv.) v. *intr.* to bite (at); (of fishes) to swallow the hook.

Bu'bekommen, (adv.) v. &c. 1) to be able to shut or close; 2) to get in addition or into the bargain.

Bu'benannt, Bu'benannt, adj. surnamed. **Bu'ber, (adv.)** m. wooden tub, cow; — Baum, m., — Range, f. cow-staff.

Bu'betreten, (w.) v. &c. to prepare; coll. to get up; to dress, adjust; to season; to manufacture (sugar); *unbetretetes* Feldweid, *unbetretetes* Feld. — **Bu'betreter, (adv.)** m. preparer, &c.; *Typ. press-man*. — **Bu'betretung, (w.)** f. preparation, &c.

Bu'betten, (w.) v. &c. to cover. **Bu'biegen, (adv.)** v. &c. to close or shut up with bending.

Bu'billigen, (w.) v. &c. to adjudge or award from reasons of equity; to grant, allow.

Bu'binden, (adv.) v. &c. to tie up; Einem die Augen —, to blindfold or hoodwink one.

Bu'bläsen, (adv.) v. I. &c. 1) to close by blowing; 2) to blow to or in the direction of ...; 3) (Einem etwas) to whisper to, to prompt; II. *adv.* (*passer. preceded by immer*) to go on or continue blowing; coll. to blow on or away. — **Bu'bläser, (adv.)** m. prompter, &c.

Bu'bleiben, (adv.) v. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to remain shut or closed. [with lead.

Bu'bleiten, (w.) v. &c. to close or plug up. **Bu'blinsen, Bu'blinsen, (w.)** v. *adv.* &c. to wink (Einem, at one), to impart or to give to understand by looks.

Bu'breuenen, (adv.) v. I. &c. 1) *Surg.* to cauterize; 2) *Mm.* to give (the ore) a roasting; II. *adv.* to continue burning.

Bu'bringen, (adv.) v. &c. 1) (Einem etwas) to bring (to); cin *zugebrachtes* Kind, a child of a previous marriage; *Capital* —, to put in funds or capital; *Jerusalem* cin *Gies* —, to pledge a person, to offer a glass to ...; *der letzte Xrunt* sei nun, mit *ganzer* Seele, als *fröhlich* hoher *Gruf*, dem *Morgen* *zugebracht*! (*Stille*, Faust I, 1), be this last draught quaffed with my whole soul, as a solemn festal greeting to the morn! Einem *Kreuz* seiten —, to report news to one; 2) to spend, pass, employ (one's time with or in ...); (*lange*, viele *Zege* &c.) mit ... —, to be long, many days, &c. in doing (a thing); sie hat die ganze Nacht mit *zahnfein* *zugebracht*, she suffered all night from toothache.

Bu'bringer, (adv.) m. 1) a) one who brings on or near, &c.; b) *Min.* layer-on; 2) T. a) suction-hose, supply-hose (of a fire-engine); b) (T. *Truck*) food-engine; 3) coll. a) see *Küßcher*, 1; b) see *Supplir*.

Bu'bröden, (w.) v. &c. coll. to contribute of one's own; to spend.

Bu'brüt, (adv.) n. see *Zuspelze*.

Bu'brücken, (w.) v. &c. *Mm.* das *Gefirn* —, to level the partitions.

Bu'büßern, (w.) v. &c. *Min.* to line, cover, close, or shut up with timber and boards.

Bu'büßte, (w.) m. *Min.* messenger deputed to collect the contributions due from the share-holders.

Bu'büße, (w.) f. supply, contingent, contribution, share. — **Bu'büßen, (w.)** v. &c.

—eröfe; —[schräpfel, *n.* sugar-scrappings; —[schwefel]säure, *f.* Chem. 1) sulpho-oxalic acid; 2) saccharo-sulphuric acid; —[sieden, *n.* boiling or refining of sugar; —[siebet, *m.* 1) boiler or refiner of sugar; 2) sugar-baker; —[siebertel, *f.* sugar-work, sugar-house, boiling-house; —[süßgel, *m.* Conf. sugar-stick; —[stein, *m.* Minor. fine-grained albite; —[stoff, *m.* Chem. saccharine matter; sugar; —[süßer, *m.* sugar-sifter; —[süß, *adj.* sweet as sugar, sugary; —[süße Reden, sugared speeches; —[syrap, *m.* molasses, treacle; —[tiefgefäßen, *n.* losenge, bonbon; —[tang, *m.* Bot. sweet fucus (= rimentang); —[teig, *m.* comfit-paste; —[tiefherden, *n.* see —[gast; —[tinctur, *f.* saccharine tincture; —[tanne, *f.* see —[fag; —[tapp, *m.* see —[form; —[trommel, *f.* tin canister for sugar; —[vogel, *m.* 1) see Canarienvogel; 2) the sun-bird (*Amazilia* Cav.); —[waare, *f.* see —[wert; —[wasser, *n.* water mixed with sugar, sugar-water; —[wein, *m.* sweet wine, see Eekt; —[wert, *n.* sweetmeats, comfit, comfiture, confectionery, *fam.* goodies, lollipops, sweeties; —[werte, *n.* pl. *fig.* sweet-words, flatteries; —[wurz, *f.* Bot. wild parsnip, skirret (*Sium sisidrum* L.); —[zahn, *m.* *fam.* sweet-tooth; —[zange, *f.* sugar-tongs; —[zwickbad, *m.* sweet biscuit.

Zuckisch, adj. (l. u.) spasmodic, convulsive.
Zucker, (str.) m. provinc. 1) slow walker; 2) irresolute person.

Zuckung, (w.) f. Med. convulsion, convulsive fit; **Z-en haben**, to be seized with convulsions, to have fits; **Z-en verursachen** (with *Dat.*), to convulse; **Z-en verursachend**, convulsive.

Zudämmen, (w.) v. tr. to damp up.
Zudecke, (w.) f. provinc. for Dedeck.

Zudecken, (w.) v. tr. 1) to cover; 2) *coll.* a) to bang, delabour (one), to load (one) with blows; b) to drink under the table.

Zudecken, (w.) v. tr. to enclose with a dike. [*Don.*]

Zudem, adv. besides, moreover, in addition.
Zudeuten, (irr.) v. tr. to destine, intend for.

Zudeuten, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to send (greetings, &c.), to salute with the roar of cannon; 2) to cry to one with a thundering voice; II. *intr.* (preceded by *immer*) 1) *fig.* to continue cursing; 2) *impers. coll.* to thunder on.

Zudrang, (str.) m. the (act of) crowding or thronging to a place, rush; throng, crowd.

Zudrängen, (w.) v. l. intr. to push on, to squeeze on; II. *refl.* 1) to throng or crowd (to); 2) *fig.* to intrude (one's self in or into).

Zudrehen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to shut by turning, to fasten, to screw fast; 2) see Zuhören; II. *intr. coll.* to continue to turn.

Zubringen, (str.) v. intr. see Zubringen.

Zubringlich, I. adj. intruding, obtrusive, importunate, over-officious, forward, importunate; **z-e Bitten**, importunities; II. **z-heit, (w.) f.** obtrusiveness, importunity, importunacy, forwardness; *ich bitte, mir dies nicht als z-heit auszusagen*, I pray you won't think me importunate in this matter.

Zubritt, adv. being the third of a number; *wir waren —*, we were three of us (*cf.* Dritt & Zul); *simt ihr — im Bette liegen?* can you lie three in a bed?

Zubringen, (w.) v. tr. to threaten.

Zubringen, (w.) v. l. tr. 1) to close by pressure, to shut; 2) *coll.* *ein Auge bei etwas —*, to wink, blink, or connive at a thing, to pretend ignorance, not to be over-particular in favour of a person; II. *intr. coll.* to go on pressing or squeezing. (*or perfume*) to ...

Zubringen, (w.) v. tr. to wait (a fragrance)

Zubeigen, (w.) v. tr. 1) (*Einem* or *sich* [*Dat.*] etwas) to appropriate; 2) to attribute; to impute; 3) to dedicate; 4) to apply to; 5) *sich etwas unredtmäßig —*, to assume, ar-

rogate. — **Zubeigen, (str.) m.** 1) he that appropriates, &c.; 2) dedicator. — **Zubeigung, (w.) f.** 1) appropriation; 2) assumption; 3) attribution, (*in an ill sense*) imputation; 4) dedication; 3-**gehrift, f.** dedicatory letter (epistle). [*to hasten to*]

Zubeisen, (w.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) (with *Dat.*)

Zubeisen, (w.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to freeze up.

Zubeben, (w.) v. tr. to obtain by legacy.

Zuberechnen, (irr.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) 1) to adjudge, adjudicate, to award; **Etreife —**, to award a punishment (to ...), to condemn to a punishment; 2) *fig.* to acknowledge (one's right to do a thing, &c.); to allow, &c.; **den Vorzug —**, to give the preference to. — **Zuberechnung, (str.) n.**, **Zuberechnung, (w.) f.** adjudication, award.

Zuberechnen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) in the first place, first, firstly, at first, for the first, foremost; *er sprach —*, he was first to speak; *als die Aufmerksamkeit sich — darauf lenkte*, when attention began to be attracted towards it; *sprechen was Einem — in den Sinn kommt*, to speak what comes uppermost in one's mind; *wer — kommt, mahlt —*, proverb, first come, first served or first in.

Zuberechnen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to allot, assign, apportion, award (something to), to bestow, confer (something upon). — **Zuberechnung, (w.) f.** allotment, assignment, &c., award, bestowal.

Zubecken, (irr.) v. intr. coll. to keep eating, anal. to peg away; *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s. see* Zuleist.

Zubecken, (w.) v. tr. to fan to or towards.

Zubefahren, (str.) v. l. intr. (*aus. sein*) 1) a) to go on with a carriage, to drive on; b) to drive faster; to drive at a brisk pace; 2) to approach, advance; 3) (*auf* [*with Acc.*]) a) to ride or drive (up) to or towards; 2) to rush upon, to make a dash at; *gleich* or *blind —*, to run upon rashly or blindly; 4) to close or shut of itself rapidly (said of doors, &c.); *sich zu, auf, auf, auf* drive on, coachman; II. *tr.* to convey or carry to.

Zubefall, (str., pl. Zubefälle) m. 1) chance, accident, hap; incident, casualty, event, adventure; occurrence; hap-hazard; random; 2) *Med.* fit (of sudden illness); **Zubefälle zur See**, accidents, casualties on the sea; *durch (einen) —*, by chance or accident; *ein glücklicher —*, a lucky hit, a piece of good luck or fortune; *wie es der — wollte*, as chance would have it or directed; *er schickte mich in die Welt hinaus und gab mich dem — preis*, he turned me adrift upon the world.

Zubefallen, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) (with *Dat.*) 1) to fall (down) in the direction of ... or towards ...; *auf* (with *Acc.*) —, to fall or rush upon; 2) to fall to (one's) share, to devolve (upon); to descend (to); *der Beweis hiervon fällt ihm zu*, the burden of proving this lies with him; 3) *obsolet*: a) to side, join, engage with a party; to assent to, to agree with; b) *impers.* to enter one's mind (*Einfallen*); 4) to close or to be closed by falling down, to shut of itself; to close (of the eyes); 5) *Sport* to go into the gins.

Zubefallen, I. adj. 1) accidental (*also Mus.*), fortuitous, contingent, incidental, casual; 2) adventitious; not essential; *ein z-er Besucher*, a chance visitor, chance customer, &c.; *ein z-er Beobachter*, a casual observer; *z-e Farben*, accidental colours; *die z-en Ergebnisse des Systems*, the incidental results of the system; *z-er Unglücks- oder Todesfall*, casualty; *eine z-e Entdeckung machen*, to stumble upon a new invention; II. *adv.* accidentally, &c., casually, by chance or accident, as chance would have it; *ich war — da*, I happened or chanced to be there; *sollten Sie*

— ..., if you should happen to ...; — *auf* (with *Acc.*) *begegnen* &c., to happen on. — **Zubefallen, (w.) f.** the being accidental, &c., casualty; contingency.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. to fold up.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. coll. to sweep over.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. to expedite, despatch; *Einem einen Befehl —*, to send an order to one. — **Zubefallen, (w.) f.** an expediting, despatching, &c.; transmission.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to tutter towards.

Zubefallen, (str.) v. tr. to close by twisting, plaiting, or braiding.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. l. tr. to piece, patch, or vamp up, to mend, repair; II. *intr.* to continue patching.

Zubefallen, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to fly to or towards; to fly on. [*towards*]

Zubefallen, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to flee

Zubefallen, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) (with *Dat.*) 1) to flow to, into, or towards; 2) *fig.* to flow in upon one; *die Worte fließen ihm zu*, words come freely to him, he is never at a loss for words; — *lassen*, to bestow, afford (advantages, &c.).

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. to float towards.

Zubefallen, f. refuge, shelter, recourse; *leiste —*, last resource or refuge, *fig.* shoot-another; *sein — zu ...* or *wohin nehmen*, to take one's refuge, to have recourse or to resort to, to betake one's self to; *wozu man so oft seine — nahm*, to which recourse was had so often; **z-ort, m.**, **z-stätte, f.** place of refuge, shelter, retreat; asylum, sanatorium.

Zubefallen, (str., pl. Zubefälle) m. the (act of) flying to or towards, concourse.

Zubefallen, (str., pl. Zubefälle) m. 1) influx, flow; flux; 2) afflux, affluence; supply; resources, means; 3) feeder (of a river); *Ufffluss und — des Meeres*, tide, ebb and flood; — *graben*, *m.* feeder (of a pond, &c.); — *stätt, f.* *Mech.* air-supplying pipe (of a blast-furnace).

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. (*Einem etwas*) to whisper to, to tell (or inform) in a whisper, to breathe a word to one. — **Zubefallen, (w.) f.** whisper, insinuation.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to flow, float, or stream towards.

Zubefallen, prep. with *Gen.* (or with *Dat.* when placed behind the word it governs) according to, in consequence of, in pursuance of, by virtue of.

Zubefallen, (w.) v. tr. to forward to.

Zubefallen, (str., pl. f. Schacht) m. *Min.* see Fördersticht.

Zubefallen, adv. see Zubefallen.

Zubefallen, (w.) f. question, inquiry, demand (nach, for). — **Zubefallen, (w.) v. intr. coll.** to call for, to inquire.

Zufrieden, adj. content, contented, satisfied; pleased, happy; *ich bin damit (or ich bin es) —*, I am satisfied with it; well and good; I have no objection to it; it is the same to me; *ich bin mit Allem —*, anything will serve my turn; *laßt mich —* let me alone; — *stellen* or *sprechen*, to content, satisfy; to quiet, tranquillise; *sich — geben*, to compose one's mind, to content one's self; to acquiesce (mit, in), to consent (to); *er wollte sich nicht eher — geben, als bis ...* nothing would serve him but ...; *sich über etwas (Acc.) — geben*, to bear with a thing contentedly, to bear with patience, to compose one's mind.

Zufriedenheit, (w.) f. contentedness, content, contentment, satisfaction; *Selbst —* — *erwerben*, to earn or gain one's approbation; *zu beiderseitiger — ansehligen*, to come to a mutually satisfactory settlement.

Zufriedenheit, adj. satisfactory.

Zufrieren, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to freeze up, to freeze over, to congeal.

Bu'fugen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to add (Zu-
fügen); **2)** (Einem etwas) to inflict (an injury,
Ac. on, upon); to cause (pain, Ac. to), to do
(harm, hurt, Ac.); Einem Schaden —, to cause
one damage, to damage, hurt, injure one.

Bu'fuhrt, (w.) f. 1) conveyance, import,
importation; supply (of goods); beträchtliche
Zu- stehen in Aussicht, extensive (abundant,
ample) arrivals or heavy stocks are to be ex-
pected; die — von diesem Artikel, the imports
of this article; unser Markt leidet an über-
mäßiger —, our market is overstocked; die
gesammte —, the aggregate receipts (Nob. &
Gr.); **2)** provision, supplies.

Bu'führen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to convey, import;
2) to guide; to conduct, bring, or lead to;
3) to supply with; Einem einen Freund —, to
introduce a friend to one; Einem eine Braut
—, to procure one a bride; Kunden —, to bring
customers; **4)** *Mm.* to enlarge; ein zuführendes
Gefäß, 1. Anal. deferent; 2. Bot. addu-
cent or spiral vessel, duct. [duct.]

Bu'führer, (str.) m. 1) procurer; **2)** Bot.
Bu'führer ..., in comp. — (Schlauch, m. see Zu-
bringer, 3, a; Spinn- —, fisch, m. (travelling)-
table, feeder; — walzen, f. pl. feeders, feed-
rollers, feeding-rollers. **[2]** to fill up.

Bu'führen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pour to, to add;
Büß, (str., pl. Büße) m. 1) pull, tug; **2)**
a) the (act of) drawing, haul, hauling, cf.
Ziehen; strain; draught; **3)** *Mech.* traction;
der — nach vornwärts, Steam-eng. fore-stroke;
3) a) procession, march, passage, progress;
b) expedition; migration; removal; c) pas-
sage, flight of birds; d) see Zugzeit; e) slow
channel (of a river); f) set (der Strömung,
of the current); **4)** a) train (of persons), troop;
procession, series, party; string (of carriages,
Ac.); gang (of labourers, Ac.); cavalcade (of
rope-dancers, Ac.); *Mil. flie;* b) (railway)-
train; caravan; c) a flock (of birds); a shoal
(Fischschwärme, of coots); a herd (Kranich-
Schwärme, of cranes, swans); d) a shoal (Fisch-
schwärme, of fishes); draught (with a net); e) a team,
set (Pferde, of horses, Ac.); pair; **5)** a range
(of mountains, Ac.); **6)** *Gam., Ac.* move (at
chess, draughts, Ac.); ein geschickter —, a skill-
ful move; — um —, move for move; **7)** stroke
(with a pen, pencil, Ac.); touch, line, turn;
flourish; bide Büße, fat strokes; die ersten
Büße von etwas entwerfen, to make or draw the
outline of anything; **8)** a drawer (one of a
set of boxes, Ac.); **9)** a set (of chords);
10) *Mus. Instr.-m.* slide (of a flute, Ac.);
11) register or stop in an organ; c) pedal;
12) joint (of a telescope, Ac.); **13)** *Gew.-m.*
groove (of a rifled gun); **14)** *Tail.* drawing-
beam; **15)** pulley; **16)** screw-jack; **17)** a) see
Zugbengel; **17)** a) wire drawing; b) imple-
ments for it; **18)** piston (of pump); **19)** a)
draught or current (of air); im Büße stehen,
to stand in a draught; in einem besten Büße, in
a direct draught; der Ofen hat einen guten —,
the stove has a good draught or draws well;
die Cigarre hat keinen guten —, the cigar does
not draw or smoke freely; b) die Büße eines
Ofens, the vents of a stove; c) whiff; puff (of
wind); *Ag.-s.* 20) attraction, bias; propensity,
bent, leaning; disposition; impulse; **21)** a)
line, lineament, feature; b) trait (of charac-
ter), characteristic; touch; *Comm.-s.* es ist kein
— im Geschäft, there is no stir or life in
trade; Kauf — um —, cash bargain; — um —
handeln, to trade for ready money; ein eifriger
— im Geschäft, an honest expression of counte-
nance; einen — thun, 1. to make a move (at
chess, Ac.); 2. to give a pull, a tug; ein — des
Reges, a cast of the net; in or mit einem Büße,
1. at one pull, at once; 2. uninterruptedly (hin-
ter einander); **3.** or auf einen — (trinken), at one
draught; keine Büße thun, to drink by small
draughts, to sip; in kurzen schnellen Büßen

athmend, breathing in short, quick gasps;
der — des Herzens ist des Schicksals Stimme
(Schiller, Piccol. 3, 8), fate hath no voice but
the heart's impulses (Coler.); ist nicht des Her-
zens — der Gottheit Stimme? is not the im-
pulse of the heart the voice of deity? die Be-
schreibung ist nicht um einen — übertrieben,
the description is not overdrawn in one par-
ticular; im Büße sein, to be going, to be in
train; das Geschäft ist sehr im Büße, the busi-
ness is flourishing; im besten Büße sein (von
eifrigen Tugenden etc.), to be in full career
(cf. Gang); im Büße, current, (of a report, Ac.)
afloat; in den letzten Büßen, in the last agonies,
coll. at the last gasp; in den letzten Büßen lie-
gen, to be breathing one's last, to lie in the
last extremity.

Bu'gäße, (w.) f. 1) addition; something
given over and above, something to boot;
Comm. coll. make-weight, blessing; surplus,
surplusage; additional present; **2)** *Ag.* ad-
junct; appendage; supplement; als — brin-
gen, to get to boot, to get into the bargain.

Bu'gessen, (w.) v. intr. coll. to gape on;
to gape at.

Bu'gmaße, (w.) f. Entom. passage-ant,
visiting-ant (*Atta cephalotes* Fabr.).

Bu'gung, (str., pl. Zugänge) m. 1) access
(bei, zu, to); approach; **2)** *Mil.* avenue, entry;
3) support, supply. [mer-hook.]

Bu'gungel, (w.) f. Angl. night-line, trim-
Büggel (L. m. — Büggel), 1. *adj.*
accessible; affable; schwer —, difficult to ap-
proach, difficult of access; ein leicht i-er
Mann, a man of easy access; er ist für Jedermann
(leicht) —, he is easy of access to every
one; vernünftigen Gründen —, open to reason
(or conviction); er machte die Weltfamkeit
Allen —, he put learning within the reach of
all; II. *B.-Zeit, (w.) f.* access, accessibility;
affability.

Bu'gangspforte, (w.) f. avenue-gate.

Bügg... in comp. (cf. Bügg...) — außer,
m. Archib. iron tie; — striffl, m. pl. coll. ar-
ticles of quick sale.

Bu'gattera, (w.) v. tr. to close with a
grate or bars, to rail up.

Bügg... in comp. (cf. Bügg...) — halten,
— bann, m. draw-beam, ployer of a draw-
bridge; — band, n. 1) see Zugband, 1; 2) Archib.
brace, collar; — barriere, f. *Railw.* draw-wire
barrier; — böhre, m. *Coop.* turret; — brücke,
f. draw-bridge, drawing-bridge; — brunnen,
m. draw-well; — canal, m. draining-channel.

Bügg, (w.) f. provinc. see Bügg.

Bu'ggen, (str.) v. tr. & intr. 1) to add;
to give to boot or into the bargain; to give
in (in measuring); **2)** to follow suit (at cards);
3) *Ag.* to grant, consent, concede, allow;
to permit, yield, allow, suffer; to own, confess;
sein — coll. to give in, to begin in a milder
strain, to lower a peg or two.

Bu'gebracht, (decl. like adj.) n. dowry.
Bu'gebracht, adj. intended, designed,
destined (for); die ihm z-gebrachte, the honour
intended him.

Bu'gebenen, (irr.) v. tr. see Zubeuten.

Bu'gen, adr. present (bei, at); bei ... —
sein, to attend (a ceremony, Ac.).

Bu'gehen, (irr.) v. intr. (aus. sein) 1) (auf
mit Acc.) —) a) to go up to, to move to-
wards, coll. to make up to or towards; b) (of
a road) to lead in a certain direction; c) to
stand opposite to, to face, front; d) to enter
upon service (of servants); e) to enter (a
society), to join; f) hüpfig etc. —, to end in a
point, Ac.; dem Ende —, to draw to an end;
2) to come to hand, see Zusammen, 1; der
Brief ist mir richtig zugegangen, the letter
(daily) reached me or came to hand or is in
my possession; (Einem etwas) — lassen, to
forward, address, transmit (something to),

to let have; **3)** a) to come to pass, to happen;
b) to be done in a certain manner, to be
brought about, to come about, to proceed,
to take place; **4)** to go or walk on, to go or
walk faster; **5)** a) to shut, to close (of a door);
to meet (of articles of dress); b) to freeze up
(of a river); die Wunde geht zu, the wound
closes; geh zu! go on! move on! wie geht es
zu? how comes it? how is it (that ...)? wie
ist es damit zugegangen? how came this to
pass? how was it brought about? es geht
nicht natürlich, richtig (coll. nicht mit rechten
Dingen) zu, something is amiss, it is not
done by any natural means, there is witch-
craft in it; ich weiß nicht wie es zugeht, I can-
not tell how it is or happens, I cannot account
for it; es müßte seltsam —, wenn ich es nicht
frügte, coll. it will go hard but I'll have it;
es müßte mit dem Zufall —, wenn ..., coll.
the devil is in it, if ...; so geht es in der Welt
zu, so the world goes; es ging wunderbar zu,
things went on queerly; strange things were
going on; bei ihm geht Alles eifrig zu, with
him everything is done in an honest way.

Büggelbällen, (str.) n. passing-bell.

Bu'gzeit, (w.) f. time of entering upon
service (said of new-hired servants, opp. to
Abgezeit, Abgezogen).

Bu'gheit, (str.) n. appurtenance, depend-
ence, accessory, what belongs to another
thing, fam. belongings (Zubehör); machinery,
apparatus.

Bu'gieren, (w.) v. intr. (with Dat.)
to appertain, to belong to, to be connected with.

Bu'gig, adj. appertaining, appurte-
nant, belonging to, proper. [fabrous iron.]

Bu'geln, (str.) n. 1) see Zugbengel; **2)**

Bügel, (str.) n. 1) rein, reins; ribanda;
bridle, cf. *Reum*; **2)** *Ornith.* lore; *Ag.* curb
(of prudence, Ac.); im — halten, to keep in
check; mit verhängtem —, at full speed; den
oder die — (eines Pferdes) anlegen, to rein in
a horse; dem Pferde in den — fallen, to stop
a horse; die oder den — schlaff halten, nach-
lassen, to yield or lower the hand; die oder den
— (hiefen) lassen, 1. (einem Pferde) to give or
let loose the reins, to give (a horse) his head;
2. *Ag.* to indulge (one's passions); die — der
Regierung halten, ergrreifen, to hold, take the
reins of the government; die — in den Hän-
den haben, to hold the reins; *schief* im — ge-
halten werden, coll. to be under the pull of
the check-string; — hand, f. bridle-hand, left
hand.

Büggel, I. adj. unbridled, unruly; wan-
ton; loose, dissolute, licentious; anarchic;
II. *B.-igkeit, (w.) f.* unbridledness; disso-
luteness, licentiousness; licentious action.

Büggeln, (w.) v. tr. lit. & Ag. to bridle, to
curb.

Büggelring, (str.) m. bridle ring.

Bu'gellen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to
vow. [ables, greens.]

Bu'gemüße, (str.) n. pulse, herbs, veget.

Bu'genannt, p. a. surname. [dressed.]

Bu'geritten, p. a. broken, managed.

Bu'geschäst, (str.) n. Comm. business
transacted after the principal business is
done, additional transaction.

Bu'gesellen, (w.) v. tr. & refl. to associate.

Bu'gesellte, (decl. like adj.) m. associate,
deputy. [niß; 2) concession, admission.]

Bu'gehandelt, (str.) n. 1) see Eingehänd-
Büggeln, (irr.) v. tr. (Einem etwas)
1) to confess, own (cf. Eingestehen, 1); **2)** to
concede, grant, accord (a thing to one); to
yield, allow, permit, suffer; der ansehnliche
Besitz wurde ihnen zugehoben, they were
allowed the exclusive possession; wenn ich
auch dem erröthen Gesicht etwas — will, ie ...,
though I (may) make allowance for the ex-
citement of feeling, still ...; nicht —, 1. to

disavow; 2. to disallow, &c.; *zugestanden* *Rufen*, admittedly.

Zugewinn, *p. a. Ag.* (with *Dat.*) given, allotted, attached, favourable (to); — *kleiden*, to adhere.

Zugewähr, (*w.*) *f. Min.* 1) certificate of the transfer of shares to another; 2) deed attesting such a transfer. — *Zugewährten*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to inscribe (shares) in the name of new shareholders.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *fähre*, *f.* horse-ferry; — *fisch*, *m.* migratory fish (the herring); — *führer*, *m.* 1) leader; 2) officer of lower order, sergeant; 3) (railway-)conductor; guard; — *ganz*, *f. see* *Seetanz*; — *garn*, *n.* drag-net; — *geflügel*, *n.* draw-gear; — *graben*, *m.* draining ditch; — *haken*, *m.* 1) *Wapp*, &c. tracehook; pole-hook; draw-hook; 2) *Coop* turrel; — *hahnel*, *f.* windlass, pulley; crane, draw-beam; — *hahnelstrecke*, *f.* *Entom.* passage locust, migratory locust (*Acridium migratorium* L.).

Zugießen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to pour to; to add or fill up by pouring in; II. *intr.* (*gener.* preceded by *immer*) to go on pouring, to pour + *Zugießt*, (*w.*) *f. see* *Zugabe*. [*on.*]

Zugig, *adj.* exposed to a draught or current of air, draughty.

Zugittern, (*w.*) *v. tr. see* *Zugattern*.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *kanal*, *see* — *kanal*; — *lette*, *f.* chain-trace; *Railw.* draw-chain, coupling-chain; — *linge*, *f. see* *Ziehlinge*; — *kopf*, *m.* *Mus. hist.* slide-head (of *Antes*); — *kraft*, *f.* *Mech.* tractive force or power, haulage; — *leder*, *n.* elastic leather.

Zugleich, *adv.* 1) at the same time; at once; 2) jointly, together, withal, along with ...; *He standen alle — auf*, they all rose in a body; *es dient als Fährte und als Fenster* —, it serves both as door and as window.

Zugleich, (*n.*, *sometimes str.*) *v. tr.* to make even or smooth; to assimilate, adjust.

Zugleich, (*str.*) *n.* co-existence.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *leine*, *f.* towing rope; small rope (of a ram); — *linie*, *f.* 1) line for dragging or drawing, towing-line; 2) *Geom.* tractory, tractrix; 3) *Md.* line of march, column; — *loch*, *n.* vent-hole, air-hole, draught-hole; — *luft*, *f.* draught of air; — *maus*, *f.* *Zool.* migratory mouse (*Hypodrome migratorius* L.); — *meister*, *m.* *see* *fährer*; 3; — *messer*, *n.* drawing-knife, drawing-chave; — *mittel*, *n.* remedy for drawing or blistering, application that raises blisters; — *nagel*, *m.* tug-pin; — *nag*, *n.* *see* *garn*; — *oß*, *m.* draught-ox; — *oper*, *f.* *Ag.* favourite opera, *cf.* — *stid*; — *ordnung*, *f.* order of a procession or march; — *panster*, *m.* *see* *Ziehpanster*; — *papier*, *n.* blotting paper; — *pfert*, *n.* draught-horse; — *pfaster*, *n.* *Med.* vesicatory, blister: cerate.

Zugraben, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to cover with earth, to inter, to bury, hide in the ground; II. *intr.* to continue digging, to dig on.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *ramme*, *f.* ram; pile-engine, pile-driving machine; — *raupe*, *f.* *Entom.* processionary caterpillar (*Gastropacha processionaria* L.); — *recht*, *n.* *Law*, appeal of one city to another.

Zugreifen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to take or lay hold of, to lay hand upon; to take; seize (it), *cf.* *Zufangen*; *der Anker greift zu*, *Mar.* the anchor bites; 2) to bend, lead, or give a hand; *alle diese Dinge waren für ihn bereit*; *er brauchte nur zugreifen*, all these (things) were ready for his grasp; he had but to seize them.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *riegel*, *m.* *Lock-sm.* basquill-bolt; — *riegelschloß*, *n.* basquill-bolt; — *riemen*, *m.* *pl.* traces (of a harness); — *riemensloß*, *f.* trace-buckle; — *riub*, *n.* draught cattle; — *ring*, *m.* draw-

ring; — *rohr*, *n.* air-pipe, vent-pipe; — *röhre*, *f.* passage for air, ventiduct; *Metall* tromp; — *rolle*, *f.* pulley; — *roß*, *n.* *see* — *pfert*.

Zugrundberichten, *see* *Grund*.

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *haft*, *m.* boot-leg of elastic leather; — *haß*, *n.* *see* *Ziehhaß*; — *haß*, *m.* folding screen; — *haß*, *f.* tug-buckle; — *haß*, *f.* 1) string (of a purse); 2) string attached to a bird-trap; — *haube*, *f.* draw-screw; — *haß*, *n.* draw-line, *see* — *haß*; — *haß*, *m.* *see* *haß*; — *haß*, *f.* 1) pole by which anything is drawn up; pole of a draw-wall; 2) *Mech. a)* piston-rod (*Kolbenstange*, 1); *b)* *pl.* ribs, tie-rods (*Horst*); — *haß*, *m.* *pl.* *Shoe-m.* thigh-boots; — *haß*, *m.* *pl.* harness-ropes, traces; — *haß*, *n.* *Theat.* favourite piece (Alling the house), piece or play that has the run, that is in vogue or fashion; — *haß*, *m.* *see* *Zampellhaß*; — *haß*, *n.* towing cable; *Railw.* tall-ropes; — *haß*, *f.* *Ornith.* migratory or passenger pigeon, pigeon of passage (*Columba migratoria* L.); — *haß*, *n.* beast of draught, draught cattle; — *haß*, *n.* draw-gate; — *haß*, *f.* door to produce draught; — *haß*, *f.* slide-trumpet.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* *from see* *Zufehen*, 1. *Zugucken*, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to gird, buckle.

Zuguck, (*str.*, *pl.* *Zugucke*) *m.* infusion, *Zuguckthun*, *see* *Ein*. [*addition.*]

Zug..., *in comp.* (*cf. Zieh...*) — *vieh*, *n.* cattle for draught, draught-cattle; — *vogel*, *m.* bird of passage, migratory bird; — *völk*, *n.* wandering tribe; — *völk*, *m.* *pl.* *Railw.* train-carriages, carriages attached to a locomotive engine; — *völk*, *f.* drawing (off) roller; — *völk*, *adv. & adj.* by troops; — *völk*, *n.* *see* *Ziehwerk*; — *völk*, *n.* draught of air; periodical wind; — *völk*, *f.* pulley, draw-beam; — *völk*, *f.* time of flight of birds of passage.

Zugucken, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to receive into the bargain; 2) to have or keep shut or locked up; *den Kopf —*, to have one's coat buttoned up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to prepare by hacking.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to fasten with hooks or little hooks, to clasp.

Zugucken, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* to keep closed, shut, or locked up; to close, stop, shut; *die Hand —*, to clinch the fist; *ich (Dat.) die Ohren —*, to stop one's ears; *he hielt sich die Augen zu*, he clapped his hands before his eyes; II. *intr.* 1) *a)* to have an understanding, to side (mit, with); *b)* *coll.* to have illicit intercourse (mit, with); 2) *provinc.* to keep one's word or engagement. — *Zugucken*, (*str.*) *m.* fancy-man, pounce (of a prostitute). — *Zugucken*, (*w.*) *f.* concubine. — *Zugucken*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) keeping closed, &c. *cf.* *Zufallen*; 2) *Lock-sm.* tumbler; 3) *cf.* *Zufallen*, *n.* French lock. [*invering.*]

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close by hammering.

Zugucken, (*w.*, *sometimes str.*) *v. tr.* to hang up, to hang with curtains, to cover or close by hanging something over.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to rake up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to close by forming a crust (of wounds), to heal to a scar, *cf.* *Zufallen*.

Zugucken, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to strike, to put a stroke to; 2) to rough-hew, to form, fashion (for use); II. *intr.* to strike on, whip on; *hau zu!* strike (the blow)!

Zugucken, *adv.* at home (zu Hause).

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to clasp, fasten.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to stitch up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *& tr.* to heal up or over, to close, to cicatrize. — *Zugucken*, (*w.*) *f.* the (state of) healing up, &c., cicatrization. [*by marriage.*]

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to get or acquire

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to call to one in a domineering, imperious way.

Zugucken, *adv.* at the end (of a row, &c.).

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to prepare with the plane.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to hearken, listen (with *Dat.*, to). — *Zugucken*, (*str.*) *m.* hearer, listener, ear-dropper.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to hear, to hearken, listen, to give ear (*cine Sache (Dat.)*, to), to lend an ear, to attend (to). — *Zugucken*, (*str.*) *m.* hearer; listener; auditor; scholar, pupil. — *Zugucken*, (*w.*) *f.* auditory; *cine zahlreich* —, a crowd of hearers.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to drive to, to chase towards; II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) (*auf (with Acc.)* —, or, with *Dat.*) to ride or gallop towards or up to; 2) to ride at full speed.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to hush, shout to, to hail, to cheer; *Germanen Beifall* —, to applaud one; *des —*, (*str.*) *v. z.* acclamation, cheers, shouts of joy.

Zugucken, *adv.* *schlechtlich* — *Brücke*, *Comm.* letters forwarded in open mails (*Nob. & Gr.*).

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to buy in addition; II. *intr.* to go on or to continue buying.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *f.* *obsol.* inclination, affection (for); *die — des Herzens zu Gott*, the turning of the heart to God.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to turn to, *cf.* *Zumenden*, 1; *Einen den Rücken —*, to turn one's back upon (or to) one; *er war nie diesen Studien zugewandt*, he never took to these studies; 2) to sweep to or towards; 3) *provinc.* *see* *Zuführen*, 1.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close with wedges, to plug up. [*small chain.*]

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close up with a

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close with a chain, to chain up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cement, close.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close or fasten with cramp-irons. [*harmony.*]

Zugucken, (*str.*, *pl.* *Zugucke*) *m.* union.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to shut up or clasp (a clasp-knife); II. *intr.* (*aus. sein*) to fall to (of a trap, &c.).

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* to applaud, to clap one's hands to; *Einen Beifall* —, to applaud one.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to close by pasting or gluing, to glue up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Mar.* to serve.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to paste over, to close by pasting. [*to climb towards.*]

Zugucken, (*w. & str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*)

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to latch (up), to shut by the latch.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to button up.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to tie up.

Zugucken, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) (*auf (with Acc.)* —, to come (up) to or towards, to get (up) to, to approach; to come, arrive; *es ist mir zugestommen*, it reached me, it came to my hands, *cf.* *Zugucken*, 2; 2) to fall to one's share; 3) *a)* to cover (of stallions, &c.); *b)* to conceive; 4) *Bak. den Teig — lassen*, to let the dough ferment; 5) *impers.* (with *Dat.*) *a)* to belong (to), to be due (to); *der uns noch zu be Betrag*, the amount still coming or due to us; *b)* to behave, become; to suit, best, to be suitable; *Einem etwas — lassen*, to let one have a thing, to communicate; *ich bat ihn mir — zu lassen*, I requested him to favour me with ...; *es kommt mir nicht zu*, it is not within my province, it is not for me; *die, welchen es zukommt*, those within whose province the matter falls; *es kommt dem Richter zu*, it is the province of the judge.

Zugucken, (*str.*) *v. intr.* *elipt. coll.* (*aus. haben*) to be able to get near.

Zugucken, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cork up, to stop with a cork. [*national dish.*]

Zugucken, (*w.*) *f.* by-meat, vegetables; addi-

Bu'trazen, (w.) v. tr. to scratch up, to scrape up.

Bu'triegen, (w.) v. coll. see **Zubefommen**.

Bu'tunft, (w.) f. (from **Zufommen**) 1) t. h. a coming up or near; die — des Heilandes, the coming of the Lord, the Lord's coming, advent; 2) time to come, future, futurity, coming ages; ihre nächste —, their immediate future; er ist der Mann der —, he is the man of the future; die Architektur der —, the architecture of the future; ein günstiges Zeichen einer besseren —, an auspicious omen of a better day to come; ob dies ein geeigneter Schritt ist oder nicht, muß die — lehren, whether this is a proper step or not, time will show (or tell), or remains to be seen; in —, see **Zukunftig**, II.; ohne an die — ihrer Kinder zu denken, without a thought of their children's future provision; mit Hinblick auf die — handeln, to act prospectively; der Erfolg ist erst noch eine Sache der —, success is as yet prospective; hier dehnte sich der uns eine Welt der — aus, here was spread out before us an embryonic world; —ahnend, adj. anticipating the future.

Bu'tünftig, I. adj. future, that is to be, to come; die 3-e Zeit, *Gramm.* future tense; 3-e Woche, next week; Ihre 3-er Gemahl (Ihre 3-er Frau, Ihre 3-er Zante), your husband (wife, aunt) that is to be; Ihre 3-er Frau, your wife who will be (*Buhwer*); ein 3-er Schüler, a scholar that is to be; das 3-e Leben, after-life; Ihre 3-e, your intended; II. adv. (w. fl.: futurity) in future, for the future, henceforth.

Bu'tunft..., in comp. **B-umst**, f. the music of (the) future; —sonntag, m. (w. u.) Sunday in Advent; B-Ärge, f. anxiety for the future.

Bu'tädeln, (w.) v. I. tr. to express by smiling; (einen) Dank —, to smile one's thanks; II. intr. (Einem) to smile to.

Bu'tachen, (w.) v. intr. & tr. to laugh to, to express by laughing or a laugh.

Bu'taden, (w.) v. tr. see **Zufügen**.

Bu'täben, (str.) v. tr. T. to finish the loading; das Schiff wird jugeladen, the cargo is being completed.

Bu'täge, (w.) f. 1) addition, increase; 2) Carp. timber-wood squared for a house, timber-work of a house; upper timber-work (of bridges); 3) Join. caul; 4) Butch. appurtenance; make-weight. — **Bu'täglammer**, (w.) f. Carp. ramp-iron.

Bu'taugen, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to be of sufficient length or quantity, to suffice, to be sufficient; 2) to stretch out one's hand for something, to reach; 3) to help or serve one's self, to fall to; II. tr. 1) to reach or hand (something) to; 2) sich (*Dat.*) —, to help one's self to ...; Jeder lauge sich nach Gefallen zu, each may help himself to his own liking; laugen Sie (ordentlich) zu, coll. make out your dinner. [Handlanger.

Bu'taucher, (str.) m. hodman, assistant, cf.

Bu'täuglich, I. adj. sufficient, competent;

II. 3-keit, (w.) f. sufficiency, competence, all.

Bu'täppern, (w.) v. tr. to give in small quantities, to dole (out); to pay in small sums.

Bu'tag, (str., pl. **Bu'täffe**) m. see **Zu-**

Bu'tagbär, adj. see **Zulässig**. [Laßung, I.

Bu'tägen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to leave un-

opened, not to open; 2) to admit; 3) T. (in

sünde) a) to let (a stallion) cover the mare;

der Reutht läßt den Hengst zu, the groom leads

the stallion to the mare; b) die Stute läßt

den Hengst zu, the mare takes the horse;

4) *fig.* to admit (of), to allow, suffer, permit;

to grant, concede; meine Umstände er Mittel

lassen es nicht zu, I cannot afford it; sobald es

sein Alter zuließ, wurde er Priester, as soon

as his age warranted it, he became a priest;

diese Antwort läßt dieselbe Einwendung zu,

this reply is open to the same objection.

Bu'tässig, (I. w.: **Bu'tässlich**) I. adj. allow-
able, admissible, venial, permissible, to be
permitted; granted, suffered, allowed; — sein,
Law, to lie (of an oath, an appeal, &c.);
II. 3-keit, (w.) f. allowableness, admissibi-
lity, venialness, permissibility.

Bu'tassung, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) ad-
mitting, &c. cf. **Zulassen**; admission, admit-
tance; 2) the (act of) allowing, granting, &c.,
allowance, permission, concession; um — zum
Examen (bei ...) anhalten, to apply for exa-
mination (to ...).

Bu'tast, (w.) f. 1) additional burden or
freight; 2) *provinc.* see **Stiftsaß**.

Bu'tauf, (str., pl. **Bu'täufe**) m. concourse,
confluence, confus, frequency, crowd, throng;
zu — haben, to be much sought after;
einen — von Kunden haben, to have a run of
customers; das Stild wird eine Woche lang
— haben, the piece will run a week.

Bu'tausen, (str.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) 1)
(Einem) to run to; auf (*with Acc.*) —, to run
up to or towards, to run in upon; 2) to flock
(to hear or see a thing); 3) to run on, to go on,
to mend one's pace; 4) spitzig —, to end
in a point, to taper.

Bu'tausen, (w.) v. intr. (Einem) to listen
attentively to.

Bu'tegmesser, (str.) n. folding knife,
clasp-knife.

Bu'tegen, (w.) v. I. tr. 1) to add, superadd;

es wurden ihm 300 Thaler zugelegt, his salary

was increased or raised by 300 Thalers;

2) to cover, shut; to fold (up, as a letter,
&c.); to line; 3) to assign, attribute; 4) to
prepare; T-s. einen Riß —, to prepare a design;
ein Gebäude —, to prepare the timber-work

of a building ready for putting up; sich (*Dat.*)

etwas —, to get something, to furnish or

provide one's self with a thing; to set up (a

coach, &c.); er will sich diesen Geschäftszweig

noch —, he will take to this branch of business

besides; II. intr. 1) († &) *provinc.* to grow,

increase; to gather flesh, to fill out, cf. **Zu-**

nehmen, II.; 2) *fig. (obsolescent)* Einem, to side

with one, to defend.

Bu'teimen, (w.) v. tr. to glue up, to cement.

Bu'teisen, (w.) v. tr. T. to lead or conduct

to or towards. — **Bu'teiser**, (str.) m. T. con-

ductor. — **Bu'teitung**, (w.) f. the (act of)

conducting; B-ströhr, n. T. inlet-pipe.

Bu'teuten, (w.) v. tr. & intr. to turn, direct,

lead, or incline to.

Bu'tet, adv. 1) at last, last, lastly, after

all, finally, ultimately, eventually; 2) the

last time; — gehen, to go last, to be the last;

gang —, last of all; Nachrichten von Freunden,

die man — gehend gesehen hat und die nun von

Freunden niedergeworfen sind, accounts of

friends, last seen in health, suddenly struck

down with disease.

Bu'tispeln, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to

lisp, whisper to.

Bu'tisthen, (w.) v. tr. to solder up, see

Berlätzen.

Bu'tz, (str.) m. *provinc. (S. G.)* sucking-

bag (Ruttsbeutel); — Rüttschen, n. sucking-

bottle. — **Bu'tzen**, (w.) v. intr. to suck (out

of a bag) [of infants; Rüttschen].

Bum, abbr. for *zu dem*, see **Zu**.

Bu'machen, (w.) v. I. tr. to shut, to close,

to stop (the holes of a wooden wall in paint-

ing, &c.); die Augen —, to shut one's eyes;

einen Schirm —, to shut or put up an um-

brella; einen Brief —, to close or fold (up) a

letter; Pöcher an Klebungsfäden —, to stitch

up or mend rents in dress; ein Kleid —, to

fasten a gown; Rüscher —, to fasten down

casks; fest —, to fasten; den Rod —, to button

up one's coat; den Ofen —, *found.* to get the

furnace ready for smelting; ein jugemachter
Wagen, a close carriage; II. intr. coll. to
make haste, to move with speed.

Bumal, adv. 1) (I. w.) at once; 2) espe-

cially, chiefly, principally, particularly.

Bu'mäß, (str.) n. see **Zugabe**, 1.

Bu'mauern, (w.) v. tr. to close up, enclose
with brickwork, to wall up, to build or
brick up.

Bumelk, adv. mostly, for the most part.

Bu'mengen, (w.) v. tr. see **Zumischen**.

Bu'messen, (str.) v. tr. 1) to measure to,

to measure, mete, or dole out to; 2) to ascribe,

attribute, (*in an ill sense*); to impute; 3) to

grant, allow.

* **Bumfin**, (str.) n. *Chem.* ferment (*Gäh-*
rungeffoff); —säure, f. sumic acid; —säures
Salz, sumate.

Bu'mischen, (w.) v. tr. to intermix, mingle
with, add. — **Bu'mischung**, (w.) f. admixture,
alloy.

Bu'mpentrant, (str.) n. *Bot.* 1) stone-

crop (*Sedum telephium* L.); 2) see **Baumlauch**.

Bu'mpferlich, see **Zimperlich**.

Bu'murmeln, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to

mutter (something) to, to declare mutteringly.

Bu'müthen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to

expect (one) to (do, &c.), to demand, exact

from; to attribute or impute to; das kann ich

ihm nicht —, I cannot pretend to charge him

with that; man muß uns nicht —, in dieses

3-eb einzuschließen, we must be excused from

joining this praise; so zu verstehen werden

Sie uns nicht —, you would not have us act

thus; Sie werden uns nicht Unbilliges —, you

will not exact from us anything unreasonable;

der uns zugemuthete Nachlaß, the abatement

expected of us; (Einem) zu viel —, to over-

task (one).

Bu'müthung, (w.) f. the expectation or

idea we form of what a person may do or

may have done; presumption; imputation;

(unreasonable) demand; importunity; wir

stellen Ihnen keine —, die über das Billige hin-

ausgeht, we ask of you nothing contrary to

fair dealing.

Bunndör, I. adv. first of all, above all;

in the first instance, as a beginning, to begin

with; shortly, proximately; II. *prop.* (*with*

Dat., placed behind the word it governs) next

to, nearest to; mit —, next to me.

Bu'ndeln, (w.) v. tr. to nail up (a chest,

&c.), to nail down (the lid of a coffin, &c.).

Bu'ndhen, (w.) v. intr. (*aus. sein*) to ap-

proach (*Perçu* or *Perannahen*).

Bu'ndhen, (w.) v. tr. to sew up. — **Bu'**

näher, **Bu'ndher**, (str.) m. sewer.

Bu'ndhme, (w.) f. increase, growth; im-

provement, progression.

Bu'ndme, (str.) m. 1) family-name; 2)

surname; 3) (*for* Epithyme) nickname; Einem

einen 3-n geben (*obsolescent*: **Bu'ndmen** (w.)

v. tr.), to surname one.

Bu'ndör, I. adv. apt to take fire, inflam-

mable; combustible; II. 3-keit, (w.) f. in-

flammability, combustibility.

Bu'nd..., in comp. — canal, m. *Gunn-sm.*

nipple-bore; —bedel, m. *Gunn-sm.* vent-cap of a

cannon; —bräst, m. T. priming-iron.

Bu'nden, (w.) v. I. intr. 1) to take or catch

fire; to kindle, ignite; to inflame, take;

2) *provinc.* Einem —, to light one; II. tr. to

kindle, inflame, ignite.

Bu'nder, (str.) m. 1) tinder, touch-wood,

spark; 2) T. (forge-)hcales, shales; 3) *fig.*

(enkindling) cause, origin; occasion, &c.

Bu'nder, (str.) m. 1) *Gunn-sm.* fusee (of a

bomb), match, train of gunpowder; 2) see

Bündhütten; 3) T. cinders, slag; 4) stack of

wood piled up for burning.

Bu'nder..., in comp. —aße, f. *Comm.*

Silesian potashes; —brüner, m. one who

prepares Silesian potashes; — *Büschel*, *f.* tinder-box, match-box.

Bunberst, (*str.*) *n.* *Min.* tinder-ore.

Bunberst, *adj.* tinder-like.

Bunber..., *in comp.* — *Bunberst*, *n.* touch-wood; — *lappen*, *m.* *pl.* tinder-clots or rags; — *pilz*, — *schwamm*, *m.* 1) a fungus from which spunk is prepared (*Polyphorus comenarius* L.); 2) spunk, pyrotechnical sponge.

Bunb..., *in comp.* — *feld*, *n.* *Gew.* field of a cannon's touch-hole; — *hölz*, — *Hölzchen*, *n.* (lucifer) match; — *Hütchen*, *n.* copper-cap, percussion-cap (of a fire-arm); — *kanal*, *see* — *kanal*; — *tern*, — *front*, *n.* prime, priming-powder; — *fügel*, *f.* ball filled with powder and combustibles, fire-ball; — *licht*, *n.* *Gew.* lintstock; — *loch*, *n.* touch-hole; — *loch einer Kanone*, vent of a cannon; — *maschine*, *f.* apparatus for lighting; kindling-engine; — *masse*, *f.* *T.* inflammable compound; — *needelgewehr*, *n.* needle-gun, percussion-needle-firelock (*Mech. Mag.*), so called from the explosion being produced by the passing of a pin or thin piece of steel through the cartridge; — *papier*, *n.* touch-paper; — *panne*, *f.* pan, touch-pan; — *pfannenbedel*, *m.* hammer (of the touch-hole); — *pille*, *f.* *Gew.* touch-pill; — *pulver*, *m.* *see* — *front*; — *requilfen*, *pl.* *see* — *waaren*; — *röhre*, *f.* pipe or hose by which the fire is communicated to a mine, (*Fr.*) *ausseuse*; — *ruthe*, *f.* lintstock, match; — *schnur*, *f.* — *strid*, *m.* quick-match, match-cord, lunt; — *schwamm*, *m.* tinder; black match; — *stange*, *f.* fire-brand, match; — *stoff*, *m.* combustible matter, fuel; — *stüd*, *n.* *see* — *feld*; — *waaren*, *pl.* combustibles; — *waarenhandlung*, *f.* business in combustibles; — *wurf*, *f.* *T.* saucisse.

Bunbuchen, (*str.*) *v. l. tr.* 1) to take in addition, to take some more; 2) (*sein* *Striden*, in knitting) to add to the stitches; *II. intr.* to increase, augment, grow (an (*with* *Dat.*), in); to be on the increase; to improve, profit, to thrive, prosper; *das* *Gedörge* *nimmt zu*, the crowd thickens; an *Rechnung*, an *Weichheit*, an *Jahren* *it.* —, to advance in knowledge, in wisdom, in years, &c.; an *Heißig* —, to gather flesh, to fill out; an *Kräften* —, to gather strength; *die* *Tage* *nehmen zu*, the days grow longer; *der* *3-de* *Monat*, the increasing or waxing moon, crescent; *die* *3-de* *Stüt*, rising tide. — *Bunbuchen*, *v. s. (str.)* *n.* increase; *der* *Wind*, *die* *Stüt* *it.* *ist im* —, the wind, the tide is on the increase.

Bunbuchen, (*str.*) *v. s. tr.* *intr.* *refl.* (*sich* — *zu* ..., or *sich* *einer Sache* [*Dat.*] —) to bend or incline towards, to converge.

Bunbuchen, (*v.*) *f.* inclination (zu, for, to), propensity, affection, good will; — *zu* *Jemand* *lassen*, to conceive an affection for; — *zu* ... *haben*, to have a liking for ..., to be attached to ... [*face* or *string*].

Bunbuchen, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to tie up with a *Bunnt*, (*str.*, *pl.* *Bunnt*) *f.* (city) company, society; craft, guild, corporation, profession; fraternity; tribe; sect; *die* — *der* *Gelehrten*, *conf.* the learned craft.

Bunnt, *in comp.* — *brief*, *m.* act or bill of incorporation; charter; — *Buch*, *n.* guild-book, rolls of the guild or corporation.

Bunnt, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to divide into guilds *Bunnter*, *see* *Bunnter*. [*or* corporations.

Bunnt, *in comp.* — *geist*, *m.* party-spirit; spirit of caste; exclusive and tyrannical spirit animating (members of) guilds; — *gemäß*, *see* — *mäßig*; — *genoss*, *m.* — *gilde*, *m.* member of a guild or corporation, freeman; — *gefeß*, *n.* law or enactment of a corporation; — *haus*, *n.* hall of a guild; — *herr*, *m.* prime warden, magistrate or alderman presiding at the meetings of a corporation.

Bunntig, *I. adj.* belonging to a guild or

corporation; corporate, incorporated; competent; *3-t* *Gewerbe*, guild-trades; privileged handicrafts; — *werden*, to obtain the right of a corporation, to get the freedom of a company; — *machen*, *Bunntigen*, (*v.*) *v. tr.* to admit into a guild or corporation, to incorporate; *II. 3-heit*, (*v.*) *f.* corporateness, freedom; competence.

Bunntler, (*str.*) *m.* *see* *Bunntgenoss*.

Bunnt, *in comp.* — *maß*, *n.* corporation-dinner; — *mäßig*, *adj.* consistent with the rules and laws of a guild; suited to a guild or corporation; corporative; — *meister*, *m.* head-master or foreman of a corporation; — *meisteramt*, *n.* the wardenship or the masters of a corporation; — *recht*, *m.* 1) laws, privilege, right of a corporation; 2) freedom, right of being incorporated; — *stube*, *f.* (corporation-) hall; *die* — *stube* *der* *Krämergilde*, grocers' hall. [*to* guilds or corporations.

Bunntstäm, (*str.*) *m.* everything relating *Bunnt*, *in comp.* — *verfassung*, *f.* constitution, laws of a corporation; — *versammlung*, *f.* meeting of the company; — *verwandte*, *m.* *see* — *genoss*; — *verwand*, *m.* *see* — *herr*; — *weise*, *adv.* & *adj.* in guilds or corporations; — *weisen*, *n.* *see* *Bunntstäm*; — *zwang*, *m.* guild or corporative restrictions.

Bunnt, (*v.*) *f.* 1) tongue; 2) *fig.* language, speech, tongue; 3) *a)* *Mus.* tongue, tongue-note (of an accordion, &c.); mouth-piece, reed (of wind-instruments); *b)* catch (of a buckle), tongue or index (of a balance, &c.); cock; *c)* *Mar.* goring of a sail; tongue or point of a flag; spindle of a (made) mast; *d)* *Typ.* (an *Erbschiff*) head of the galley; tongue of the frigate; *e)* trigger (of guns); *f)* *Mar.* chimney-tongue, partition of a chimney; *g)* *Railw.* (siding- or switch-) tongue; *h)* *Ichth.* sole (*3-nfisch*); *Einem* *die* — *lösen*, 1. to cut the ligament of one's tongue; 2. *fig.* to untie one's tongue; to make one speak freely; *3)* *tr.* — *ist* *belegt*, your tongue is foul; *eine* *gepölkerte* —, a forked tongue; *eine* *böse* —, a wicked tongue; *eine* *schwere* —, an impediment or hesitation in one's tongue, difficulty of speech; *es* *geht* *ihm* *glatt* *von* *der* —, *er* *hat* *eine* *geläufige* —, his tongue runs very glib, he speaks glibly, he has the gift of the gab; *die* *Gabe* *der* *3-n*, *Script.* the gift of tongues; *3-n* — *das* *3-erz* *auf* *der* — *haben*, to have one's heart in one's mouth, to be open-hearted; *Einem* *das* *Wort* *von* *der* — *nehmen*, to take one's word out of his mouth; *sein* *Wort* *schwebt* *mir* *auf* *der* —, his name is at the tip of my tongue; I have his name at my tongue's end; *mit* *doppelter* — *reden*, to be double-faced; *Einem* *auf* *der* — *tragen*, *über* *die* — *springen* *or* *tanzen* *lassen*, to pull one to pieces; *schämen* *was* *Einem* *auf* *die* — *kommen*, to talk of what comes uppermost (to one's tongue).

Bunntstäm, (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of *Bunnt*) 1) little tongue; 2) *Anal.* languet; 3) *Typ.* tongue, bodkin, spur, puncture (*Tbh.*).

Bunntstäm, (*v.*) *v. l. intr.* 1) to play with the tongue; 2) *fig.* to flatter; *II. tr.* to taste with the tongue (wine).

Bunntstäm, (*str.*, *pl.* *3-löcher*) *n.* *Gew.-sm.* axle-hole in the trigger-blade (*Tbh.*).

Bunntstäm, *in comp.* *Anal.-s.* — *abstragung*, *f.* *Surg.* extirpation of the tongue; — *ader*, *f.* ranular or lingual vein; — *arterie*, *f.* *Anal.* lingual artery; — *band*, — *bändchen*, *n.* membranous string under the tongue, (*Lat.*) *frænum linguae*; band or ligament of the tongue, fillet; *das* — *band* *lösen*, to cut the ligament of the tongue; — *bein*, *n.* tongue bone, (*Lat.*) *os hyoides*; — *blutader*, *f.* *see* — *ader*; — *buchstabe*, *m.* *Gramm.* lingual (letter); — *brecher*, *m.* babbler, idle or silly

talker; wrangler, quarreller; chicaner, pettifogger; — *brecher*, *f.* the (act or practice of) babbling, idle or foolish talk; wrangling, quarrelling; chicanery, pettifogging; — *brühe*, *f.* *Anal.* gland of the tongue, lingual gland; — *entzündung*, *f.* *Med.* inflammation of the tongue, glossitis; — *faul*, *adj.* *coll.* tongue-tied; — *fehler*, *m.* fault or slip of the tongue; — *felle*, *f.* *T.* tongue file; — *fertig*, *adj.* fluent of words, voluble, loquacious; — *fertigheit*, *f.* volubility of the tongue, *coll.* gift of the gab; — *fisch*, *m.* *Ichth.* sole (*Salix vulgaris* L.); — *form*, *f.* form or shape of a tongue; — *formig*, *adj.* tongue-shaped; *Bot.* strap-shaped, linguiform; *Man.-s.* — *frües* *Staubschid*, cannon-bit, flat-mouth (knead in the middle); — *freiheit*, *f.* liberty (of the tongue), arched space in a (cannon-)bit; — *freund*, *m.* a mere professing friend, mouth-friend, complier, false friend, flatterer; — *gefeß*, *n.* *fig.* lingual sparring; — *gefeßigkeit*, *f.* volubility of the tongue (— *fertigkeit*); — *geschwür*, *n.* ulcer or abscess on the tongue; — *geschwür*, *n.* *Surg.* excrescence on the tongue; — *haut*, *f.* skin of the tongue; — *hütchen*, *n.* *see* — *band*; — *ichth.*, *m.* *coll.* braggadocio, (tr.) tongue-pad; *ein* — *fisch* (*m.*) *ist* *schlimmer* *als* *ein* *Zungenfisch*, *anal.* a tongue gives a deeper wound than a sword; — *knospe*, *m.* *see* — *bein*; — *krant*, *n.* *Bot.* 1) white stone crop, orpine (*Sedum telephium* L.); 2) a species of butcher's-broom (*Buccus hypoglossum* L.); — *krebs*, *m.* *Med.* cancer on the tongue; — *lahm*, *adj.* tongue-tied; — *lähmung*, *f.* *Med.* paralysis of the

Bunntstäm, *adj.* tongueless. [*tongue*.

Bunntstäm, *in comp.* *Anal.-s.* — *muskel*, *m.* lingual muscle; — *nerven*, *m.* *pl.* lingual nerves, hypoglossi; — *pfiste*, *f.* *Org.* pipe of the reed-stop, reed-pipe; — *pfaffen*, *n.* *Hort.* tongue-grafting, tonguing; — *pilz*, *m.* *see* — *schwamm*; — *register*, *n.* *Org.* reed-stop, auto-stop; — *schaber*, *m.* tongue-scraper; — *schere*, *f.* *Railw.* tongue-rail; — *schlag*, *m.* *Man.* aid of the tongue; *Anal.-s.* — *schlagader*, *f.* lingual artery; — *schlundnerve*, *m.* glosso-pharyngeal nerve; — *schnecker*, *m.* *Zool.* ant-eater (*Kimeri-schnecker*); — *schwamm*, *m.* *Bot.* liver-fungus, liver-agaric (*Pistulina hepatica* Fr.); — *spitze*, *f.* tip of the tongue; *es* *liegt* *mir* *auf* *der* — *spitze*, I have it on my tongue's end; — *stab*, *m.* *Mar.* bar separating two flues of a chimney, bar of a chimney-tongue; — *stein*, *m.* 1) *Brick-m.* flat or plane (roof-)tile; 2) *Petr.* *pl.* glossopetra; — *stoff*, *m.* *Mus.* movement of the tongue in playing wind-instruments, tonguing of the notes; — *stube*, *f.* *fig.* sin committed with the tongue or with words; — *tahel*, *m.* a Virginian tobacco the leaves of which are rather narrow; — *verbindung*, *f.* *Corp.* tongued joints; — *vertiefung*, *f.* *Anal.* cavity of the tongue; — *verfall*, *m.* *Surg.* protrusion of the tongue, glossocoe; — *wurde*, *f.* — *würden*, *n.* *Anal.* papilla of the tongue; — *weiche*, *f.* *Railw.* siding with a tongue.

... *Bunntig*, *adj.* *gener.* *in comp.* ...tongued.

Bunntstäm, (*str.*) *m.* sweet-tooth, epicure; *ein* *feiner* —, a man of exquisite palate.

Bunntstäm, (*str.*) (*dimin.* of *Bunnt*) *n.* (*provinc. &*) * *see* *Bunntstäm*, 1; *das* *3-erz* *auf* *der* — *haben*, *Hort.* tongue-grafting, tonguing.

Bunntstäm, *adv.* undone, ruined, wasted; — *machen*, to ruin, destroy.

Bunntstäm, (*v.*) *v. l. intr.* (*Einem*) *to* nod at or to (one); *II. tr.* to impart or intimate by nodding; *seinem* *Beifall* —, to nod or bow one's assent.

Bunntstäm, (*v.*) *v. refl.* (*L. u.*) *sich* *Einem* —, to intrude one's self upon ...; *see* *sich* *Einem* *drängen*. — *Bunntstämigung*, (*v.*) *f.* intrusion (*3ubringung*).

Bunntstäm, (*str.*) *m.* *Entom.* candle-moth, pilser (the genus of *Pyralidae*).

Su'rbunden, (w.) v. tr. to associate; die ge-
sorbundenen Reichthümer, *Germ. Hist.* the al-
lied states, the diet.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. I. intrans. coll. to lay hold
(of), *cf.* **Su'griffen**, 1; II. *tr.* to pack up, fill up.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to paste up.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. intrans. to whip or
lash on. [plucked.]

Su'pfehen, adj. that may be pulled or
Su'pfehen, (str.) v. intrans. to whistle to.

Su'pfehen, (str.) n. *Pöhl*, smoothing-
knife.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. (d. intrans.) to pull, tug;
to pluck; *Colth.* to burl; *Bolle* —, to pick
wool; *Einen beim Ohr* —, to pull one's ear;
Einen an (l. u. bei) der Nase —, to tweak one
by the nose, to pull one's nose; *coll.* **Su'pfe**
nich (selbst) an deiner Nase, look at home first;
wer sich getroffen fühlt, *supfe* sich bei der Nase,
whom the cap fits, let him put it on; *fit*
supfe am Vorhang, she gave a tug at the
curtain; *fit* *supfe* ihn an dem Bart, she
pulled his beard; *er* *supfe* *fit* am Ärmel, he
plucked her by the sleeve; *das* — (*s. a. str.*)
n. der Sterbenden, picking the bed-clothes.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pave up, to
cover by paving over; 2) to plaster over.

Su'pfehen, f. Surg. lint or scraped
linen (used in dressing wounds).

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to fill up.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to plug up or cover
by ploughing.

Su'pfehen, (w.) f. see *Strümpelmaschine*.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to stop, cork up.

Su'pfe..., in comp. — *selbe*, *f.* threads
drawn from silk stuff, silk ravelling; — *wolfe*,
f. wool-ravelling, wool-pickings.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to pitch up.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. intrans. (aux. sein) 1) to
fall or dash (forward) precipitately; 2) (or
Su'pfehen) to proceed or act precipitately
or awkwardly, to blurt or blunder out.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. *Einen Holz* —, to
count or deliver wood to one in piles.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to close by pressing.

**Su'pfehen, (w.) v. intrans. (often preceded
by immer)** to go on with outdangling.

Su'pfehen, (str.) n. mason's trowel.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to dress (as veget-
ables, &c.) for a certain purpose; to prepare
for dressing, *cf.* **Su'griffen**, 1, a.

Su'pfehen, (str.) v. intrans. (of wood, &c.)
to swell and close by imbibing moisture.

Su'pfehen, (w.) v. tr. to squeeze up.

Su', abbr. for *su* der, see in *Su*.

Su'raunen, (w.) v. tr. to ram up.

Su'raunen, (w.) f. the (act of) hus-
banding, sparing use of ..., &c.; *cf.* **Su'griffen**, 1.

Su'raunen, (str.) v. intrans. (Einem) to coun-
sel, advise to do a thing (*cf.* **Su'griffen**); *ich*
raue Ihnen *weber* zu noch ab, I neither ad-
vise you to, nor against it.

Su'raunen, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to
whisper (into one's ears), insinuate. — **Su'**
raunen, (w.) f. whisper, suggestion, insin-
uation.

Su'raunen, (w.) v. I. intrans. (aux. sein)
to rush, marmar, or purr towards; to rush
on; II. *tr.* 1) to bring, wash on; 2) to con-
vey (in a whisper, &c.); *Einen Beifall* —, to
applaud one loudly; *der Wind im Hain*, das
Blatt am Baum rauscht ihm [dem Hirsche]
entgegen zu (*Hölly*), the breeze of the grove,
the rustling of a leaf fills him [the bad man]
by its mere sound with terror.

Su'raunen, (w.) f. **Su'raunenbaum, (str.) m.**
Su'raunen, see **Su'raunen**. (*see* **Su'raunenbaum**).

Su'raunen, (w.) f. imputability.

Su'raunen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to add to; 2)

(*Einem etwas*) to put to the account of ...;
to ascribe, attribute, to impute, *cf.* **Su'griffen**.

Su'rechnung, (w.) f. imputation, attri-
bution; in comp. **Su'rechnung**, *adj.* accountable
(for one's actions), responsible (*cf.* **Su'griffen**);
fit *litt* an *Su'rechnung*, she was suffering
from concussion of the brain, and scarcely
accountable for her actions; **Su'rechnung**, *f.*
accountability, responsibility.

Su'rechnung, (w.) f. in a due state of preparation,
in right condition, in the right place, aright;
— *bringen*, to redress, to put in order, to
put to rights, to frame, size, adapt, adjust,
accommodate, re-establish, restore, *cf.* —
machen; *fit* — *finden*, to find or see one's
way, *cf.* *fit* *finden* one's level; *cf.* *fit* *Orientir-*
ten; — *heffen*, to set right, to lead into the
right way, to assist, help; — *kommen*, to see
one's way; (*mit etwas*) to get on well, to
succeed, thrive (in), to go on, to manage (very
well), to get through, proceed, do; *mit etwas*
schlecht — *kommen*, to make useful work of
(*mit* *Gerath*) to agree with, to know how
to deal with or manage; *es* *kam* noch gerade
—, it came just in the nick of time; — *legen*,
1) to arrange, adjust, to lay or put in order;
2) to make out, explain; — *legung*, *f.* arrange-
ment; — *machen*, to get ready, prepare, to
get or make up, to dress (a fish, &c.); to ad-
just, accommodate, adapt, *cf.* — *bringen*; —
richten, to bring into the right posture; to
trim; to settle (dress); — *setzen*, to set, place,
or put right; to adjust; *Einen den Kopf* —
setzen, to bring one to reason; *er* *setzte* sich
(*Dat.*) die *Brille* —, he adjusted his spec-
tacles to his nose; — *stellen*, to set (*Stühle*,
chairs); — *weisen*, 1) to show the right way,
to set right (*coll.* to rights), to instruct, ad-
vise, admonish; 2) to reprimand, to chastise,
castigate; — *weisung*, *f.* a setting to rights,
correction, remonstrance, reprimand, casti-
gation, set down; — *gleichen*, to arrange; *die*
Sache wird sich — *gleichen*, the matter will be
arranged.

Su'rechnung, (w.) f. persuasion, admonition.

Su'rechnung, (w.) v. intrans. (Einem) 1) to speak
to; to persuade, to exhort; to encourage; 2)
to try to console or to pacify; *das* —,
(*str.*) *s. a.*, **Su'rechnung**, (*w.*) *f.* persuasion,
exhortation, encouragement, inducement; *nur*
auf *Su'* —, only at your instance; **Su'**
rechnung, *f.* power of persuasion.

**Su'rechnung, (w.) v. intrans. (cf. to shower, to
flow in abundance (Einem, upon one).**

Su'rechnung, (w.) f. mortar for
rough-casting.

Su'rechnung, (w.) v. I. tr. (Einem etwas) to
reach or hand to; II. *intrans.* to suffice, to be
sufficient; *z. b.*, *p. a.* sufficient. — **Su'**
rechnung, (w.) f. sufficiency, competency. —
Su'rechnung, (str.) m. *Wass.* server. — **Su'**
rechnung, (w.) f. the (act of) reaching (some-
thing) to, &c.

Su'rechnung, (str.) v. I. tr. to break in or
manage (a horse); *ein* nicht *gugerittenes Pferd*,
an unbroken colt; II. *intrans.* (*aux. sein*) to ride
on; *auf* *Einen* or *etwas* —, to ride towards,
to turn to ...

Su'rechnung, (irr.) v. I. intrans. (aux. sein) 1)
(*auf* [*with* *Acc.*] —) to run to; 2) to continue
running; II. *tr.* to shut by running against.

Su'rechnung, (str.) m. *Bot.* sugar-berry,
nettle-tree (*Urtica occidentalis* L.).

Su'rechnung, m. *Geogr.* Zürich (a Swiss town).

Su'rechnung, (str.) m. *Typ.* register-
sheet.

Su'rechnung, (w.) v. tr. 1) a) to dress, fit
up, prepare, to accommodate; to dress (meat,
&c.); b) *T.* to finish, see **Su'rechnung**; 2) *T.* to
square, to cut, to hew (timber or stones); 3)
Wass. to pass the threads of the warp through

the reed or ale; 4) *Tann.* to curry, dress
(leather); 5) *Join.* to shoot; 6) (*libel*) *fam.*
to foul, soil; to disfigure, to spoil; *die* *Wal-*
len —, *Print.* (formerly) to make balls; *die*
Form —, *Typ.* to make the form ready; *das*
Brod —, *Bak.* to leaven the dough; *Schle-*
den —, to shake or sieve silk; *Wablen* —, to sieve
needles; *Stiche* —, to cure fish; *Einen* *über* —,
to use one ill, to maltreat, handle roughly;
gugerichtetes *Beisgericht*, *Ferr.* dressed fur;
über *gugerichtet* *sein*, to be in a woful plight;
über *gugerichtet* *antommen*, to arrive in bad
condition; *gugerichtet*, *p. a.* *Typ.* in good re-
gister.

Su'richt(e) ..., in comp. — *hammer*, *m.*
pav. s' dressing-hammer; — *meißel*, *m.*,
— *gang*, *m.* *Corp.*, &c. great chisel.

Su'richt(e), (str.) m. dresser, &c.; — *des*
Rechers, leather-dresser, currier.

Su'richt(e), (w.) f. the (act or place of)
dressing (wearing apparel, &c.), trimming,
&c.

Su'richt(e), (str.) pl. *pl.* *pl.* (*pl.*) *m.* reg-
istering, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) dress-
ing, &c., preparation; 2) *Typ.* quadrats, spa-
ces, rules, &c.

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. tr. to bolt, to bolt up.

Su'richt(e), (str.) m. *Mar.* crooked timber.

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. to be angry, to feel
annoyed (*mit* *Dat.* or *auf* [*d. Acc.*], at or
with); *Es* *werden* *uns* —, *das* *Wir* ..., you
will be displeased with our ...

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. I. intrans. (aux. sein) to
roll on; II. *tr.* 1) to roll towards; 2) *see* **Su'**
rechnung, II.

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. (aux. sein) to be
closed or covered by rust.

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. backward, backwards;
behind; behindhand; *ist* *noch* *Gerath* —?, is
any one behind? in der *Kultur* — *sein*, to be
behind one's age; *er* *ist* *noch* *weit* — in seiner
Kunst, he is still backward or no great pro-
ficient yet in his art; *die* *Vegetation* *ist* *noch*
sehr —, vegetation is still very backward; *ist*
er *schon* —? is he back yet?

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. (aux. sein) to
start back, recoil, shrink (*vor* [*with* *Dat.*],
from).

Su'richt(e), (str.) v. regl. to return.

Su'richt(e), (str.) v. tr. to retain, de-
tain. — **Su'richt(e), (w.) f.** the (act of)
retaining, retention; **Su'richt(e), m.** *Law*,
right of retention.

Su'richt(e), (str.) v. tr. to get back,
Su'richt(e), (str.) v. tr. to recall (an
ambassador), *cf.* **Su'richt(e), 1.**

Su'richt(e), (w.) f. recall.

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. (aux. sein) to
v. tr. to bend back(wards), recurve; *der* *z. b.*
Wustel, **Su'richt(e), (str.) m.** *Anal.* su-
pinator; *zurückgebogen*, *p. a.* *Bot.* reflexed.

Su'richt(e), (w.) f. the (act of) turn-
ing backwards; retroversion (of the uterus).

Su'richt(e), (w.) v. tr. to repay, re-
fund.

Su'richt(e), (str.) v. tr. 1) to blow
back; 2) to recall by a signal of retreat.

Su'richt(e), (str.) v. intrans. (aux. sein) to
remain behind; to be behindhand; to go too
slow (of clocks, &c.), *cf.* **Su'richt(e), 2;** *hinter*
etwas (*Dat.*) —, to be, fall, or come short of
or be far below something; to be inferior to
...; *hinter* *der* *Zeit* —, to be behind (the
age); *zurückgeblieben*, in a backward state;
der *zurückgebliebene* *Zustand*, the backward
condition.

Su'richt(e), (str.) m. retrospect (**Su'richt(e),**
Su'richt(e), (w.) v. intrans. to look back,
retrospect; *auf* *die* *Vergangenheit* —, to re-
flect on the past.

Su'richt(e), (irr.) v. tr. 1) to bring
back; 2) to reduce (in circumstances, &c.).

Zurückehren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* Comm. to reassign.

Zurückbeifern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to antedate.

Zurückdenken, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* to think back, to reflect on the past; — *an* (*with Acc.*), to recall to memory.

Zurückdeuten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to point back;

to lead back; *z-b*, *p. a. Gram.* reciprocal.

Zurückdrängen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to drive back, to repel; to repress.

Zurückdrehen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to turn back; den Dampfswagen —, to reverse the (locomotive) engine.

Zurückdrehen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) 1) to draw nearer; 2) to move on, to make room.

Zurückerbitten, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to ask for the return of (a book, &c.); *ich erbittle es zurück*, I beg you to return it. [*recover.*]

Zurückerkennen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to get back,

see Wiedererkennung, Wiedererhalten &c.

Zurückerkufen, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* to repurchase

at a public sale.

Zurückfahren, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

1) *a*) to pass, move, &c. quickly back (*cf.* *Fahren*, I, 1 & 2); *b*) to ride, drive, &c. back; *über* (*with Acc.*) —, to recross; 2) to start or shrink back, to recoil (*vor* (*with Dat.*), from, at); II. *tr.* to convey back (in a boat, &c.), to drive back. — **Zurückfahrt**, (*w.*) *f.* drive back, &c. (*Wiedelfahrt*).

Zurückfall, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-fälle) *m.* 1) *Horol.* escapement (Stimmung, 1, *d*); 2) relapse (Stückfall, 2).

Zurückfallen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) *lit. & fig.*

a) to fall back; *b*) to be reflected, to recoil

(*auf* (*with Acc.*), on, upon); *dies muß auf ihn*

über (*with Acc.*), to revert to ...; 2) — *an*

(*with Acc.*), to relapse into ...; 3) — *in* (*with Acc.*), to relapse into (a vice, error, disease);

daß —, (*str.*) *v. s.* the falling back, &c., reversion; return (of an estate to the original owner, &c.).

Zurückfinden, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* (*Ältere, unusu-*

al) to find and bring back; II. *refl. sich* —,

to find one's way back (again).

Zurückfließen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

to flow back, to flow upwards to its source

(of a river, &c.).

Zurückfordern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to reclaim, recall. — **Zurückforderung**, (*w.*) *f.* reclama-

tion; 3-fälle, *f. Law.* action of trover;

3-brecht, *m. see* Rückforderungsrecht.

Zurückführen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to lead or

bring back; *dies führt uns im Geiste zurück*

zu ..., this carries the mind back to ...; to

reconduet, reconvey; 2) *fig.* (*with auf* (*Acc.*))

to trace (a thing) (back or up) to; *auf frem-*

den Einfluß zurückzuführen, traceable to foreign

influence.

Zurückgabe, (*w.*) *f.* reddition, return, res-

titution, restoration.

Zurückgang, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-gänge) *m.* 1) walk

back, return, &c. (Rückgang); 2) *astr.* retro-

gradation; (of the equinoxes:) procession.

Zurückgeben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (Einem etwas)

1) to give back, to render, return, restore;

2) *fig.* to reciprocate (a charge, &c. against),

to retort (anything upon ...).

Zurückgehen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

1) to go back, to retrograde; to retrace one's

steps, to retrocede; to recede, decline (of

wares, funds, and prices); *über* (*with Acc.*) —,

to repass, recross; — *lassen*, 1) to send back

(goods, &c.); 2) to refuse (bills); 3) to re-

coil, *cf.* Zurücktreten, 2; 3) *a*) not to succeed;

b) to be broken off; 4) to resort back (*auf*

with Acc.), to; to fall back (upon); 5) to

decrease in quality, to deteriorate; to re-

main behindhand; *der Kauf ist zurückgegan-*

gen, the bargain is off.

Zurück..., *in comp. Bol-s.* — *gekauft*, *p. a.*

refracted; — *getrunken*, *p. a. resoured, recur-*

vous; — *gerollt*, *p. a. revolute.*

Zurückgezogen, I. *adj.* retired; — *leben*,

to live in seclusion; II. *3-heit*, (*w.*) *f.* retired-

ness; seclusion; retirement, privacy.

Zurückhalten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to keep

back, hold back; to retain, detain, stop;

2) to restrain, check; to impede, hinder,

prevent (from); *den Athem* —, to hold (in)

one's breath; *seine Hilfe* —, to withhold

one's aid; *den Körper im Wachsthum*, *den*

Geist in der Erkenntnis —, to stint the body

in growth, the mind in knowledge; II. *intr.*

to hide one's design or aim, to be reserved

or close; *diese Zeitschrift hält mit jedem Aus-*

druck der Meinung zurück, this journal keeps

(holds) back or reserves all expression of

opinion; *er hält mit seiner Meinung nie zu-*

rück, he is never backward in proclaiming

his views; *er hält mit seinem Gelde sehr zu-*

rück, he is very sparing of or with his money;

die Käufer (Verkäufer) halten zurück, pur-

chasers (sellers) keep back or are shy, re-

served, cautious.

Zurückhalten, *adj.* reserved; shy, coy;

close; backward; distant; *diesem Hause gegen-*

über *sind wir* —, we hold aloof with this

house (*Not. & Gr.*).

Zurückhaltung, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) re-

taining, keeping back, &c., retention; deten-

tion; 2) *Med.* retention; 3) *Med.* retardation;

3) *fig.* reserve, reservedness, restraint; dis-

tance. — **Zurück, adj.** *see* Rückhaltlos.

Zurückholen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to call, fetch, or

trace back.

Zurückhufen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to back (said

of horses, &c.); — *lassen*, to (make) back.

Zurückkauf, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-käufe) *m.* repur-

chase. — **Zurückkaufen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to buy

in, to repurchase.

Zurückkehr, (*w.*) *f.* return (Rückkehr).

Zurückkehren, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

to return, to retrace one's steps; to revert

(*zu*, to); *mit Ballast* —, *Mar.* to return empty;

II. *tr.* 1) to turn back or backwards; 2) to

sweep back; *z-b*, *p. a. Gram.* reflexive

(verb).

Zurückkommen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

1) to come back, to return; *wir lassen die*

Wörter —, we ordered the goods to be re-

turned; *fig-s. 2*) *a*) *von* ... — (*cf.* *Ablommen*,

2, d), to relinquish, give up, to give over,

&c.; to change, alter (one's opinion, &c.); to

recover (from astonishment, &c.); 3) to de-

cline, fall off, to be reduced in circumstances,

&c. *cf.* *Herunterkommen*, 4; 4) *a*) to refer again,

recur, revert (*auf* (*with Acc.*), *zu*, to); *b*) to

fall back upon or to, to return to; *auf ein*

Gespräch &c. —, to resume a discourse; *ich*

komme immer wieder darauf zurück, I repeat

what I have always said; *er kommt immer*

wieder auf dieses Thema zurück, he rings the

changes upon this theme.

Zurückkommen, (*irr.*) *v. intr.* (*altep.*) 1) to

be able to return, get or come back; 2) to be

able to recede. [*return, returning.*]

Zurückkunft, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-künfte, *l. w.*) *f.*

Zurücklassen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to leave behind:

1) to abandon; 2) *fig.* to throw out, outstrip,

distance; *sie lassen keine Spur in der Luft zurück*,

they leave no trace in the air; (Einem) *Befehl*

oder Befehl —, to leave word (with); *es läßt*

keinen Zweifel zurück, it leaves no doubt on

the mind; *die Zurückgelassenen*, those left be-

hind, the survivors. — **Zurücklassung**, (*w.*)

f. 1) the (act of) leaving behind, &c.; 2) aban-

donment.

Zurücklauf, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-läufe) *m.* (*cf.* *Rück-*

lauf) 1) return, reflux, ebb; 2) *Comm.* recoil;

3) *astr.* retrogradation.

Zurücklaufen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

1) to leap back; to flow or run back; 2) *Comm.*

to recoil; 3) *astr.* to retrograde; *z-be* *Arterien*,

Arad. recurrent arteries.

Zurücklegen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*cf. intr.*) 1) *a*) to

lay aside, to set back; *legen Sie für uns zu-*

rück, put by or lay aside for us; *b*) *fig.* to

submit to the acts, to shelve; 3) to lay up,

to lay or put by, to spare; 3) to travel over,

to clear (a certain space); *zehn Meilen in*

einer Stunde —, to do ten miles in an hour;

zweifel Jahre zurückgelegt haben, to have lived

twelve years; *ich hatte kaum mein zehntes*

Jahr zurückgelegt, I had scarcely accomplished

my twelfth year. [*back.*]

Zurücklehnen, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to lean

Zurückleiten, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lead back, to

reconduet.

Zurücklesen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to read back-

wards, to read the wrong way.

Zurückleuchten, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* to light back;

II. *intr.* to reflect, to be reflected.

Zurückliefern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to send or de-

liver back, to return. [*way.*]

Zurückmarschieren, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to retrace (one's

Marche, *m. march back, see* Rück-

marfch. [*to retire, to march back.*]

Zurückmarschieren, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

Zurücknehmen, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) taking

back, retraction, withdrawal; *die — des*

Edictes *du Rentes*, the revocation of the edict of

Nantes.

Zurücknehmbar, *adj.* resumable, &c.

Zurücknehmen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take

back, resume; 2) to retract (an accusation,

&c.), to withdraw (an expression, action, &c.);

to retract, recall (one's word); to take off (a

tax); to recall (an enactment); *einen Auftrag*

—, *Comm.* to withdraw or countermand an

order; *den nämlichen Weg* —, to go the same

way back; *zurückgenommen*, *Comm.* short-

shipped.

Zurückprallen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*) to

recoil; to rebound; to reverberate; — *lassen*,

to reverberate; *daß* —, (*str.*) *v. s.* a recoil, re-

sultance, reverberation.

Zurückreichen, (*w.*) *v. I. intr.* to stretch

back; II. *tr.* to reach back.

Zurückreise, (*w.*) *f.* journey back (Rück-

reise). — **Zurückreisen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aux.*

sein) to travel back, to return.

Zurückreiten, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aux. sein*)

to ride back.

Zurückrücken, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to move back.

Zurückrühren, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* (*aux.*

sein) to row back.

Zurückrufen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to recall. — **Zu-**

rückrufung, (*w.*) *f.* a recalling; revocation.

Zurücksgen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to return for an-

swer; — *lassen*, to send back word. [*back.*]

Zurückschaffen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to bring or take

Zurückschallen, (*w. & str.*) *v. intr.* to re-

echo, reverberate; *z-b*, *p. a. Acoust.* ana-

campia.

Zurückschubbern, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to recoil,

start back, shrink (*vor* (*with Dat.*), from).

Zurückschauern, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scare off

zurückschlagen, return-smoke; zurückgeschlagen, p. a. *Ref.* replicate.

Zurückschrecken, v. I. (str.) *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to start back in terror; II. (w.) *tr.* to deter, discourage, scare.

Zurückschreiben, (str.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* 1) to write back; 2) *Mil.* to place upon the list of reserve. [*stride back.*]

Zurückschreiten, (str.) v. *intr.* to go or **Zurücksetzen**, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to sail back.

Zurücksehen, (str.) v. *intr.* to look back; to review (the past), reflect on the past.

Zurücksetzen, (w.) v. *refl.* to wish one's self back, to have a longing to return.

Zurücksein, *see under* **Zurück**.

Zurücksenden, (w. & *irr.*) v. *tr.* to send back, to return. — **Zurücksendung**, (w.) f. the (act of) sending back (*Rücksendung*).

Zurücksetzen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to set back or aside; to put back or behind; to put or place back again, to replace; *Comm.*, &c. to keep back (for later demand); das Datum eines Briefes —, to antedate a letter; das hat ihn sehr zurückgesetzt (in Vermögensumständen), this has reduced him greatly; 2) *fig.* to put into the background, neglect, disregard, slight; II. *intr.* 1) to spring or jump back (again); to recross; 2) *Sport.* to go backward (of stage). — **Zurücksetzung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) setting back, &c.; 2) *fig.* a slight (put upon ...), disregard (of), neglect.

Zurücksinken, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to sink or fall back; 2) to fall again (in *with Acc.*), into), to relapse (into).

Zurückstellen, (irr.) v. *intr.* (*slépl.*) to be bound or obliged to come or go back.

Zurücksteigen, (w.) v. *tr.* to reflect.

Zurückspringen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to gallop back.

Zurückspringen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) a) to leap, spring back; b) *fig.* to fly back; *Phys.* to rebound, resiliate; 3-b. p. a. resilient; 2) *fig.* to stand back (as a house from the line of the others); das —, (str.) v. s. *Phys.* resilience, resiliation.

Zurückstehen, (irr.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to stand back; 2) to be behind or inferior to.

Zurückstellen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to put back; 2) to put aside, to shelve; cf. **Zurücksetzen**, I. 1.

Zurückstoßen, (str.) v. *tr.* 1) to push or to plunge back, to repel; 2) *fig.* a) to repel; b) to reject, spurn; 3-b. p. a. repulsive, cf. *Abstoßen*. — **Zurückstoßungskraft**, f. repulsive or repelling power.

Zurückstrahlen, (w.) v. *intr.* & *tr.* to reflect.

Zurückstreifen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to turn or tuck up; 2) to put down again.

Zurückstürzen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to be precipitated or to tumble backwards; II. *tr.* to precipitate or cast back; to plunge back, replunge.

Zurücktragen, (irr.) v. *tr.* to put back (into its place).

Zurückturnen, (w.) v. *intr.* to resound.

Zurücktreten, (w.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* to redraw.

Zurücktreiben, I. (str.) v. *tr.* to thrust or drive back, to repel, repulse; 3-be Mittel, *Med.* repellent; II. s. (str.) n. repulsion.

Zurücktreten, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to step back, to fall or draw back; to recede, subside, to flow back (of waters); 2) *fig.* a) to stand back, draw back, cf. *Abstehen*; 4; alle Rücksichten traten zurück, all considerations gave way; sie ließen alle Zwistigkeiten —, they forewent all differences; b) to recede, withdraw, to fall away (von, from), to retract, recant; c) to withdraw, retire (from a society); 3) *see* **Zurückschlagen**, II. 2; 3-b. p. a. re-entering, *see* **Eingehend**; eine 3-be Strich,

a retreating forehead; das —, (str.) v. s. 1) the stepping back, &c., receding; 2) *see* **Zurücktritt**.

Zurücktritt, (str.) w. the (act of) stepping back, &c.; recession, recantation, retraction; retreat; withdrawal (from office, &c.); *Med.* delitescence.

Zurückwerfen, (w.) v. *tr.* to put back.

Zurückverlangen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to ask or demand back, to redemand, to reclaim; II. *intr.* to desire to go back or to return.

Zurückversetzen, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to transfer, transport, or restore to a former state; 2) to remove to a lower class (at school); *fig.* —, to throw one's self back (into former times, &c.).

Zurückweichen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* to wave back; II. *tr.* to blow or waft back.

Zurückweisen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) 1) to recede (vor *with Dat.*, from), to retreat, retire, to draw or fall back, to withdraw, to give way; to recoil, to shrink (from); to recede, decline (of prices); 2) *Point.* to shade off; das —, (str.) v. s. a. **Zurückweisung**, (w.) f. the (act of) receding, &c., recession, retreat; recoil (of the blood, &c.).

Zurückweisen, (str.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* 1) to show back, to send back; 2) *fig.* a) to refer (auf *with Acc.*, to); b) to decline, reject, refuse; to disclaim, waive, to give a foil; to repel (pretensions, &c.); to dishonour (a bill). — **Zurückweisung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) rejecting, &c., rejection, repulsion, repulse; refusal, disclaimer; eine artige — einer Unart, a civil rebuke to a liberty; 2) reference (auf *with Acc.*, to); 3-*geigen*, n. *Mus.* repeat.

Zurückwenden, (w. & *irr.*) v. *refl.* 1) to turn back or round; 2) *fig.* to return.

Zurückwerfen, I. *adj.* *Phys.* reflexible, reflexible; II. 3-*heit*, (w.) f. reflexivity.

Zurückwerfen, (str.) v. *tr.* 1) to throw back; 2) a) to throw aside (den Mantel, one's cloak); b) to cast aside, to put by; 3) to drive back, &c. *see* **Zurückschlagen**, I. 2; 4) to reflect, reverberate; 3-be Kraft, repulsive or repelling power. — **Zurückwerfung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) throwing or driving back, &c.; repulse; 2) *Opt.* reflection; 3-*ebene*, f. plane of reflection; 3-*winkel*, m. angle of reflection, angle of incidence.

Zurückwirken, (w.) v. *intr.* to act or operate backward, to have a retro-active effect, to re-act; ein 3-des Gesetz, a retrospective law; die 3-be Kraft eines Gesetzes, retrospective force or action of a law. — **Zurückwirkung**, (w.) f. re-action; retro-action; 3-*wort*, n. *Gramm.* (not usual) reflexive verb.

Zurückwünschen, (w.) v. *tr.* to wish back; *fig.* —, *refl.* to have a desire to return.

Zurückzahlbar, *adj.* repayable (*Rückzahlbar*).

Zurückzahlen, (w.) v. *tr.* to pay back, repay, refund. — **Zurückzahlung**, (w.) f. the (act of) paying back, &c., repayment (*Rückzahlung*).

Zurückziehbar, *adj.* that may be withdrawn.

Zurückziehen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to draw back; to withdraw; 2) *see* **Zurücknehmen**, 2; 3) to redeem, recover; II. *intr.* to return, to go, move, or march back again; III. *refl.* to retire (von, from), to retreat, to withdraw: cf. **Zurücktreten**, 2; to shrink (from); to fall back; *fig.* ich ziehe nicht hinter übertriebene Bescheidenheit zurück, do not fall back upon overmodesty; seine reichen Freunde zogen sich zurück, his wealthy friends dropped off; er zog sich ins Privatleben zurück, he retired to private life; er zog sich aus der Sache zurück, he backed out of the affair. — **Zurückziehung**, (w.) f. 1) the (act of) withdrawing, &c., withdrawal; 2) retirement. — [*back, retreat.*]

Zurückzug, (str., pl. 3-*züge*) m. march

Zuruf, (str.) m. call, acclamation, cheer.

Zurufen, (str.) v. *tr.* & *intr.* **Einem** —, to call to one, to give one a call; *Beifall* —, to applaud. [*equip.*]

Zurüsten, (w.) v. *tr.* to prepare, fit out, **Zurüstung**, (w.) f. preparation, a fitting out, equipping, equipment.

Zurüthen, (w.) v. *intr.* to finish sowing.

Zurüthe, (w.) f. promise, engagement, pledge, word.

Zurüthen, (w.) v. I. *tr.* (**Einem etwas**) to promise, engage, pledge; II. *intr.* 1) to answer in the affirmative, to consent; to accept an invitation; 2) *see* **Entsprechen**; 3) to agree (with), to suit, to be convenient (for), to be agreeable, suitable, congenial (to); to please; **Einem nicht** —, to disagree with one; dies sagt mir am meisten zu, this is most to my taste or meets most the desire of my mind; meine Studien sagen mir nicht mehr zu, my studies are grown distasteful to me.

Zurüthung, (str.) m. *Typ.* day of address.

Zusammen, *adv.* together, jointly; combined; alle —, all together, in a body; Alles dies — machte mich unglücklich, all this combined to make me feel unhappy.

Zusammenarbeiten, (w.) v. *tr.* 1) to work together; 2) *coll.* to treat ill, to belabour.

Zusammenbilden, (str. & *w.*) v. *intr.* to join in banded; **Zusammengebadet**, p. a. T. slightly joined or united (of metals).

Zusammenbilden, (w.) v. *tr.* to collect together into a ball, to conglomerate; die Häufe —, to clench the fists; **Zusammengeballt**, p. a. *Bot. & Anat.* conglobate.

Zusammenbeißen, (str.) v. *tr.* to clench (the teeth).

Zusammenberufen, (str.) v. *tr.* to convoke, call (in), summon, convene, to call a meeting of. — **Zusammenberufung**, (w.) f. convocation, &c.

Zusammenbeziehen, (irr.) v. *intr.* to be consistent or compatible (with).

Zusammenbiegen, (str.) v. *tr.* to fold or bend together or up.

Zusammenbinden, (str.) v. *tr.* to bind or tie together, to bundle up; den Leuten die Haare —, *fig.* to set people at variance, to set them quarrelling. [*together.*]

Zusammenbitten, (str.) v. *tr.* to invite **Zusammenblasen**, (str.) v. *tr.* 1) to blow together; 2) to assemble by the sound of a trumpet or horn.

Zusammenblatten, (w.) v. *tr.* *Join.*, &c. to scarf; to rabbit.

Zusammenbrauen, (w.) v. *tr.* *cont.* to concoct.

Zusammenbrechen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to break in pieces; 2) to fold (together) a letter, &c., to draw in folds, to make folds in; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to break down, to break or fall in; *Comm.* to burst up.

Zusammenbrennen, (irr.) v. I. *tr.* to burn down, to burn to ashes; II. *intr.* (aux. *sein*) to be reduced to ashes.

Zusammenbringen, (irr.) v. *tr.* 1) to bring or get together; to gather, assemble, to muster up; to collect, raise (money); *see* **Zusammenberufen**; 2) to set quarrelling or at variance; wieder —, to bring together, reconcile; ich kann das Reich hinnen nicht —, I cannot get the gown to meet at the back; eine Gesellschaft —, to make up a party; **Zusammengebrachte** Geschwister, half brothers and sisters; **Zusammengebrachtes** Vermögen, united property or marriage portions.

Zusammenbrud, (str., pl. 3-*brüche*) m. *gener. fig.* downfall; collapse; overthrow, prostration, reverse.

Zusammenbruden, (w.) v. *tr.* to scrape together (a fortune) by fannishing one's self.

Zusammenbrufen, (irr.) v. *tr.* & *refl.* (*fig.*)

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to glue together; **Zufammengeklebt**, *p. a. Bot.* conglutinate.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to gather or get together, to collect; 2) to read together.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to solder together, to solder up; **Zufammengeklebt**, *p. a. Bot.* conferrimate(d).

[or do up.]

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to pack **Zufammenkleben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* (*Pass.*) **Zufammenkleben** to sew together or up.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to take or put together; to gather up (one's work, one's cloak); alle übrigen zusammennehmen, all the rest taken or put together; 2) *fig.* seine Gedanken —, or *II. refl.* to collect one's thoughts, to collect one's self, to concentrate one's faculties, to call up one's strength; to muster resolution or courage; to take pains; nimm dich zusammen! be a man! Alles zusammennehmen, considering everything; mit fremden Menschen nimmt man sich zusammen (*Gefühle*), with strangers we are (over) on our guard; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* self-collection; condensation (of thought), &c.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pack, put, or do up.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* to agree, to sit, match, to be matched; to draw well together (of persons); to be pairs (of gloves, shoes, &c.); *II. tr.* to adjust (things) together.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to compress, condense; to press or crowd together (*also refl.*).

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to sweep or rake up together; to snatch up; to hurry together; *cont.* to scrape together; **Capital** —, to muster up funds; *II. refl.* to rouse or collect one's self, to gather one's self up.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to collect or accumulate by robbing or plundering.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to sum or cast up, to add; to enumerate; mit Einem —, to settle an account with one; mehrere Summen —, to add together several sums; Alles zusammengeordnet, all taken together; considering everything. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) summing up, addition, &c.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. & intr.* to rhyme; wie lassen sich diese Dinge —? *fig.* how are these things to be reconciled?

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Einreiben**, I, 2; *II. intr.* to fall to pieces or rags.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to knock up by hard riding; 2) *coll.* to bring to reason.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to roll up; to coil up; to curl; sich —, to curl; to roll up.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) to roll or curl up; *II. tr.* to roll or wrap up; **Zufammengecollt**, *p. a. Bot.* convolute.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. refl.* to troop or collect together (in a tumultuous manner); to combine, conspire, plot. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* a tumultuous, &c. gathering, riotous crowd, *Law*, riotous assembly.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) to approach, to draw nearer, to stand or sit closer, to close up or in; *II. tr.* to join or move together; to approach, to move together; **Einem das Fell —** (or **rücken**), *coll.* to carry one's hide; sich — (or **rücken**), *see* **Zufammenkleben**.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *m.* convocation.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to call together. [with a] sabre.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to cut up **Zufammenkleben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Zufammenkleben**, 1.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to scrape or rake together, to accumulate.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to shudder, to shrink, to be seized with terror.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to place together in layers, to pile up; 2) to crowd (*refl.* sich, each other) together.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to send together; *II. refl.* to suit, sit, agree together.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to destroy by shooting; to batter down; 2) *Typ.* to set; 3) **Geld** —, to club, contribute money; *II. intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to shoot or dart together; to converge (of rays); 2) *see* **Zufammenkleben**.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to strike or clap together; 2) to beat or knock in pieces, to knock down; 3) to join (several pieces); to make up into a whole; 4) to fold (a napkin, &c.); 5) *Typ.* to gather; 6) *Tastl.* to baste; 7) to beat soundly; ein Bett —, to put up a bed; die Hände —, to clasp one's hands; *II. intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to strike or knock together; 2) (*über* *with* *Dach*) to run or break over (said of waves), *cf.* **Zufammenkleben**, *II.*; *fig.* to close over, to overwhelm.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to join closely; *II. refl.* to join, unite; to concentrate; meet; die französischen Soldaten schlossen sich dicht zusammen, the French soldiers closed up in a firm mass; die Wasser schlossen sich über seinem Kopfe zusammen, the waters closed over his head.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to join by silt and tongue. [sammelnverfen.]

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Zufammenkleben**, *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) to melt; to dissolve; 2) *fig.* to diminish; *II. (w. & str.) tr.* to melt together; to melt up, dissolve.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to dash together; to dash in pieces.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weld; eine Klage —, *fig.* to make out a case (gegen, against).

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll.* to compile, *anal.* to scribble or huddle together.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to lace or strap together; den Hals —, *see* **Zufammenkleben**, 2.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Zufammenkleben**.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to shrink or start with fright or terror.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to write together; to compile (sich [Dach] —), to accumulate by writing.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to shrivel, shrink together; to corrugate; to curl up (as leaves).

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. coll. anal.* to doctor up, huddle together.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weld (together).

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to shrink, collapse, diminish in size, decrease (**Einwärts**).

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* to be together (*gener.* **Beisammensein**), *cf.* **Zufammenleben**. [that may be put together.]

Zufammenkleben, *adj.* compoundable; **Zufammenkleben**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put or place together; 2) to put together, to construct; to put together, to compose, to compound; to join; **Gem.-sm.** to remount (a firelock); die Gewichte —, *Md.* to pile arms; **Zufammengefeht** sein, to be composed, compounded of, to consist of, to comprize; **Zufammengefeht**, *p. a. aus.* above. — **Zufammenkleben**, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* **intr.-m.** **flitter-up**; 2) *Horol.* watch-holder. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* composition; structure; compound (*also* **Gramm.**); construction, complication; combination, union.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to sink down, to fall to the ground, *cf.* **Zufammenfallen**; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* the (act of) sinking down, &c.; *fig.* prostration.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *f.* *Mar.* shot of a cable.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to put together; to sort (*cards*, &c.); die Köpfe —, to put or lay heads together.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) to stand together (*gener.* **Beisammensein**); 2) *fig.* a) to associate, unite; to assist each other; b) gut — (*gener.* gut mit einander stehen), to be on good terms; c) *see* **Zufammenkleben**, 1.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to put, place, or bring together; to group; to gather (up); to compose; to compile; 2) to compare, confront. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) putting together; juxtaposition; composition, combination; comparison, confrontation; assortment.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *Join.*, &c. to join by mortising; **Zufammengeheumte Thür**, framed door.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to club, contribute (a certain sum).

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* to agree; to harmonise, accord; to be congruous; to coincide; *coll.* to chime in; nicht —, to disagree, to jar, to be out of tune, to be discordant; *II. tr.* to tune together; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* agreement, accordance, harmony, congruity; coincidence.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr. cont.* to glean, to patch or cobble together, to botch, compile. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) the (act of) patching together, &c.; 2) compilation; cento.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-fache) *m.* concussion, collision, clash, shock, encounter; *fig.* collision, interference, clash, conflict.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to knock, hit, or dash together; to come into contact or collision; to run foul, to fall aboard (of or with a ship); 2) to join; to encounter, meet; to rush together (in combat); 3) to confine or border upon; to join; *Anal.* to inoculate; *II. tr.* 1) *coll.* *see* **Gerstehen**, I, 2; *Tastl.* to sew together; 3) *Join.*, &c. to join; die Gläser —, to touch glasses; **Geld** —, *see* **Zufammenkleben**, I, 3; **Elfenbein** —, 1. to push or put tables, &c. together; 2. to upset, overthrow them.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) *see* **Einreiben**, 3; 2) to abridge by cancelling.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to flow together; to join; 2) to crowd or flock together; das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* confus.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to piece together, to botch together or up.

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) to fall down, &c. with violence, *cf.* **Zufammenfallen**, 1, a. [collect together].

Zufammenkleben, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to gather or **Zufammenkleben**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to put together, to join; to mix; die Hände —, to fold the hands.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *m.* (l. u.) the act of bringing together, &c., collection.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. tr.* 1) to bring, convey, or carry together; 2) *fig.* to collect; to compile; eine **Gefammmlung** —, to form a body of laws. — **Zufammenklebung**, (*w.*) *f.* the (act of) carrying together; compilation; collection.

Zufammenkleben, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus.* sein) 1) to meet (together), to come together; to fall in (mit, with), to encounter; 2) *fig.* to concur, coincide, to fall in (with popular opinion, &c.); sie trafen hart zusammen, they

had a violent encounter, they pushed or pressed each other hard; *Nicht traf zusammen*, um mich unglücklich zu machen, every thing combined to make me wretched; es trifft nicht gang mit unseren Erwartungen zusammen, it does not quite meet our expectations; das —, (str.) v. s. 1) meeting; encounter; — der Wern, Anat. inoculation; 2) concurrence, coincidence; ein glückliches — von Umständen, a fortunate concurrence or conjuncture of circumstances; ein seltsames — von Ereignissen, a strange concurrence of events.

Zusammenreiben, (str.) v. s. to drive together; *Spott*, to beat up (game); to drift, to gather; 2) to collect, to get in (debts).

Zusammenstehen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to come together, to meet; 2) to join, to draw near; 3) *fig.* to agree; to associate (with); II. *tr. coll.* to break up by treading under foot (*zertritten*). — **Zusammentritt**, (str.) m. meeting, convention, congress, association.

[sein] to dry up, shrink, wither. **Zusammenstöhnen**, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) 1) to come together, to meet; 2) to call together or to assemble by sound of drum, to drum up; 2) *coll.* to beat up for or drum up (recruits, &c.), to bring together.

Zusammenwachsen, (str.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to grow together; to coalesce; *zusammengewachsen*, p. a. Bot. connate (filaments); conjugate; Anat. obliterate (vessels); *Mis.* concrete; das —, (str.) v. s. or **Zusammenwachsen**, (w.) f. coalescence; concrecence; Med. a growing together (of two or more parts), prosthesis; concretion (of the eyelids).

Zusammenwerfen, (str.) v. s. 1) to throw, huddle, or jumble together, to confound; 2) to throw down; to dash into pieces.

Zusammenwickeln, (w.) v. s. to roll or wrap up, to furl, to envelop.

Zusammenwirken, (w.) v. s. to act together, co-operate, concur, conspire; das —, (str.) v. s. or **Zusammenwirkung**, (w.) f. an acting together, concert of action, co-operation. [Zusammenwachung]

Zusammenwuch [pr. -wuch], (str.) m. see **Zusammenwachsen**, (w.) v. s. to mix up confusedly, see **Zusammenwerfen**, 1.

Zusammenzählen, (w.) v. s. to add, cast, or sum up in a total.

Zusammenziehbar, I. adj. contractible, contractile; II. *3-felt*, (w.) f. contractibility, contractility.

Zusammenziehen, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) a) to draw or tie together; b) to contract; 2) Med. to astringe; 3) to contract, epitomize, see *Abfetzen*, 1, b; 4) to gather, assemble; to concentrate, collect; to gather up (in sewing); enger, fester —, to draw tighter, to tighten; *Einem den Mund —*, (of astringing things) to be rough in one's mouth; die Augenbrauen —, to contract the brow; Zahlen —, see **Zusammenzählen**; II. *intr.* to take lodgings together; III. *refl.* 1) to contract, to draw together, shrink up; 2) to assemble, to gather; 3) to gather to a head (said of ulcers); to gather, brood, brew (of a storm); er zog die Rippen zusammen, he purred or puckered up his lips; mit zusammengelegter Stirne, with brows knit; o'er ist aus over zusammengelegen, o'er is contracted from *aus*; das Gewitter zieht sich um den Thron zusammen, the storm gathers round the throne; j-d, p. a. Med. astrigent, binding, coactive, restrictive; *Phys.* constringent; das j-be Mittel, Med. astrigent; die j-e Kraft, astringency; der j-be Rüssel, **Zusammenzieher**, (str.) m. Anat. constrictor; — der Rippen, see **Mundschließer**. — **Zusammenziehung**, (w.) f. the (act of) drawing together, &c., contraction; concentration; Med. astriction; — des Herzens, systole.

Zusammr, (t & c) *provinc. prep. (with Dat.)* together with, see **Sammt**, I.

Zusanden, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) to be filled, choked up, or covered with sand.

Zusatz, (str., pl. *Zsätze*) m. 1) addition; supplement; appendix; postscript; codicil; 2) *Mint. & Goldm.* alloy; 3) *Log.* corollary; —artikel, m. supplementary or subsequent article; additional clause, schedule; rider.

Zusätzlich, adj. supplementary.

Zusatz..., in comp. —metall, n. alloy; —rad, n. *Horol.* centre-wheel; —steuer, f. additional tax; —tafel, f. *Mus. Instr.* m. additional key; —urkunde, f. *Law.* schedule.

Zusaugen, (str.) v. *refl.* to close by a sucking action; das *Seil* hat sich *zusaugen*, *Mar.* the leak has been stopped accidentally.

Zuschaffen, **Zuschämen**, (w.) v. s. die *Verschungsseile* —, *Mar.* to nail the bottoms of the tarpaulins.

Zuschängen, (w.) v. s. *tr.* (Einem etwas) *coll.* to procure one a thing secretly.

Zuschärfen, (w.) v. s. 1) to point, sharpen; 2) *T.* to chamfer, slope; die *jugschärfe Kante* eines Brettes, *Carp.* feather edge. — **Zuschärfung**, (w.) f. *T.* baul; *3-Beck*, f. pl. angles of the basil; *3-Schärf*, f. face of the basil.

Zuscharren, (w.) v. s. *tr.* to cover or fill up by scraping something over.

Zuschauen, (w.) v. *intr.* to look on, cf. *Zusehen*, 1. — **Zuschauer**, (str.) m. (*3-Im*, w.) f. spectator (spectator), looker-on, bystander.

Zuschauen, (w.) v. s. *tr.* to close or fill up by shovelling.

Zuschneiden, (str.) v. s. *tr.* see **Zutheilen**.

Zuschicken, (w.) v. s. 1) (Einem etwas) to send to, cf. *Zufinden*; 2) see **Zurufen**.

Zuschieben, (str.) v. I. *tr.* 1) to shove, push to or towards; 2) to close; den *Riegel —*, to shut the bolt; 3) see **Zufügen**; *Einem die Verantwortung* —, to shift the responsibility upon one; *Einem den Eid —*, *Law.* to adjure one, to put one upon his oath, to give one the oath; II. *intr. coll.* 1) to begin to throw or push; 2) to push on; to shove on.

Zuschießen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* 1) to give fire, to fire away; auf *Einen —*, to shoot at one; 2) (aux. sein) a) to come (of the milk of lying-in women); b) (auf *with Acc.*) — to rush upon one, to fly or swoop at; II. *tr.* to supply in addition (money, &c.), to add; *Einem einen Blick —*, to dart a look at one.

Zuschiffen, (w.) v. *intr.* (aux. sein) auf etwas (*Acc.*) — or *einem Orte —*, to sail towards ..., cf. *Zufegen*.

Zuschlag, (str., pl. *Zschläge*) m. 1) the (act of) knocking down or assigning a thing to a bidder (at a public sale), bargain struck, adjudication; 2) supply to make up a certain sum; 3) additional payment; 4) *Small.* flux; ein — von 60%, addition of 6 percent; — des Getreides, prohibition to export grain.

Zuschlagemeßer, (str.) n. see **Zuschlagmesser**.

Zuschlagen, (str.) v. I. *intr.* to strike or hit hard, to strike stoutly, to lay on (blows); *schlag zu!* strike away! 2) to go on striking or beating; 3) *coll.* to agree with (as to health), to benefit, to turn out (well); 4) (aux. sein) to close or shut suddenly (of a door, &c.); wir *fuhren durch die Thorflügel* und sie *schlugen hinter uns zu*, we passed through [a pair of gates], and they dashed to behind us; II. *tr.* 1) to strike or drive towards; 2) *Einem in der Vertheilung etwas —*, to strike off, knock down a thing to one in an auction; to adjudge, assign; 3) to dispose of or sell (to); 4) *T.* to add as a flux; to alloy, mix (metals); 5) to clap or bang to, to slam (eine *Thür*, a door); to shut by force; to nail up; to head, to bottom (caaks); to bang up; *Einem die Thür* (e)

ver der *Rafe* —, to shut or bang the door in one's face; 6) *Dik.* to dam up.

Zuschläger, (str.) m. *Smith.* striker. **Zuschlag...**, in comp. —hammer, m. *Smith.* about-sledge; —messer, n. clasp-knife; *3-Steuer*, n. additional postage; *3-Steuer*, f. see **Zufahrt**.

Zuschlämmen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. sein) to be choked with mud; II. *tr.* to close or stop with mud.

Zuschleifen, I. (str.) v. s. 1) to grind or sharpen in a certain manner; *spitzig —*, to point; 2) *fig.* to polish, to refine; II. (w.) v. s. *tr.* to carry or convey towards ... on a sledge or dray.

Zuschleppen, (w.) v. s. (Einem etwas) to drag (something) towards ..., to carry to; to procure (clandestinely, &c.) for

Zuschleudern, (w.) v. s. (Einem etwas) to fling or throw (something) towards, to hurl at.

Zuschlüssen, (w.) v. s. *Mar.* to jam.

Zuschließen, (str.) v. s. *tr.* to lock (up), shut (up), to close. [*Schlagen*, II. 5 & *Zuschreiben*]

Zuschmeißen, (str.) v. s. *tr.* *coll.* see **Zuschmeißen**, (w. & str.) v. s. *tr.* to close by maling; *Chem.* to seal hermetically.

Zuschmeißen, (w.) v. s. 1) to forge together; 2) to prepare by forging, to forge in a certain manner.

Zuschmeigeln, (w.) v. *refl.* sich *Einem —*, 1) to approach close to ..., see sich *Annähern*; 2) to insinuate one's self, see sich *Einschmeicheln*. [*daub over*]

Zuschmiereln, (w.) v. s. *tr.* to smear up, to *Zuschmieren, (w.) v. s. *tr.* to buckle or strap up.*

Zuschneppen, (w.) v. I. *intr.* 1) (aux. sein) to shut with a snap; 2) (aux. haben) to snap (st); II. *tr.* to close with a smart sound. **Zuschneibe...**, in comp. —bret, n. *Tsch. & Shoos-m.* cutting-out-board; —leiste, f. *Glas.* rule; —messer, n. cutting-out knife.

Zuschneiden, (str.) v. I. *intr. coll.* to cut away (f. a. to go on with cutting); II. *tr.* to cut out or up; *Einem etwas —* (zur Arbeit, *Tsch. & Shoos-m.*), to cut out work for one, *often* *Eine* to cut out; *Kleider —*, to cut out dresses; *Einem das Brot kürzlig —*, to give one a scanty allowance of bread. — **Zuschneiber**, (str.) m. *T.* cutter-out, cutter, fashioner.

Zuschneibetisch, (w.) f. *3-3-* **Zuschneibetisch**, (str.) m. cutting-out table. [*cut, &c.*]

Zuschneibung, (w.) f. the (act of) cutting **Zuschneien**, (w.) v. I. *intr.* (aux. sein) to be covered (up) with snow or snowed up; II. *tr.* to cover with snow; das — (*str.* v. s.) der *Einschlitt*, *Rath.* snow-drift on the cuttings.

Zuschneid, (str.) m. 1) cut (of a garment, &c.); fashion; shape; pattern; 2) (mode of) arrangement, way, manner; der *hündliche* — ist zu großartig, the household arrangements are on too grand a scale; die *Sache* ist (*schon*) im *3-e* verborben, *coll.* the matter is spoiled in the (very) outset; *Einem nach dem — der Schule* formen, to impress upon one the prevailing mould of the school.

Zuschneien, (w.) v. s. 1) to lace, to tie up; 2) to strangle; *Einem die Kehle —*, to throttle one; der *Haß* war mir wie *jugschneid*, I felt choking, my heart was in my mouth.

Zuschrauben, (w.) v. I. *tr.* to screw up, to screw down; *Typ.* to lock up (the press); II. *intr. coll.* to screw on.

Zuschreiben, (str.) v. I. *tr.* (Einem etwas) 1) (*L. u. a.*) to write to; b) to add writing; 2) to dedicate; 3) to ascribe, attribute, assign; to impute; dies ist der *Erdenheit* *zuschreiben*, this has arisen from it or is owing to the dryness; 4) *Comm.* to put to one's credit; ich *werde es Ihnen in Banco —*, I will put it down to you in banco; II. *intr. coll.* to write on.

Zufchreien, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to make known, to impart by shouting; II. *intr.* (Einem) to cry or call to, to call on.
Zufschreiten, (*str.*) v. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* sein) *cinem Orte zc.* or *auf (with Acc.)* —, to step or stride up to or towards a place, &c., to approach; 2) (*aux.* haben) to march on, to go steadily along, *coll.* to put one's best leg forward.

Zufchrift, (*w.*) f. 1) writing, letter, epistle; *Ähre* (geschrie) — vom ..., your (kind) letter or favour of ...; 2) a) dedication; b) +, see *Ähre*.

Zuführen, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to feed the fire, to add fuel to the fire; *fig.* to stir up.

Zufuß, (*str.*, pl. *Zufüße*) m. 1) addition, supply; 2) contribution; additional or extra-allowance; 3) or —*legen*, *m.* —*payer*, n. *Typ.* waste, overprint; —*mal*, n. picnic; —*steuer*, f. additional tax; —*tage*, m. pl. *Chron.* epochs.

Zufüttern, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to add by casting earth, &c. upon; 2) to cover or fill up (with earth, &c.); to heap up; 3) to pour in; II. *intr.* *coll.* to continue to cast or pour, cf. *Schütten*.

Zufußwären, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to close by ulceration or suppuration.

Zufußwollen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to close by swelling.

Zufußwimmen, (*str.*) v. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* sein) *auf (with Acc.)*, or *cinem Orte zc.* —, to swim towards ...; 2) (*aux.* haben) to continue to swim, to swim on.

Zufußwären, (*str.*) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to assure by an oath.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) *auf (with Acc.)*, or *cinem Orte zc.* —, to sail, make, or bear for or towards, to run in upon ...

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* 1) to look at, on, or upon, to gaze at; 2) *fig.* to look on; a) to wait; b) to connive (at); 3) to see, look to, to take care, to take heed; *sehen Sie wol zu daß Sie mich nicht daran crinnern*, beware how you remind me of it; *daß —*, (*str.*) v. s. the (act of) looking on; *daß — haben*, *coll.* to have the mere looking for one's pains, to get nothing, cf. *flächeln*, s. [visibly].

Zufußeln, **Zufußeln**, **Zufußeln**, *adv.*
Zufußeln, (*str.*) m., **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. l. u. *for* Zufußeln, Zufußeln. [(up).]

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*coll.*) to be shut
Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *tr.* to send, remit, convey, or forward (to), to consign. — **Zufußeln**, (*str.*) m., **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. forwarder, remitter. — **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) sending (a thing) to ..., forwarding; remittance; consignment.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) Cook to put to or over the fire (*Beifügen*); 2) to bar, block up, obstruct, stop, to close, shut (a window, &c.) by putting something before it; 3) to add; to contribute of one's own; 4) *T.* to mix up, alloy (ju, with); 5) see *Zufußeln*, 1; 6) to lose gradually or by degrees; er hat nicht viel zugenügen, he has not much to lose, he cannot afford to lose much; bei einem Geschäft —, to be out of pocket by a business; er hat dabei zugenügt, he has been a loser by it; *Mar-s.* die Segel —, to set sail; *Fallen und Schoten —*, to tally or haul the sheets or tacks close aboard; II. *intr.* 1) *Gam.* to stake higher; 2) (*with Dat.*) to urge, to press, or run one hard or close, to be hard upon one, to attack (heftig, scarcely); dem Feinde *schaf* —, to press or pursue the enemy closely; *Einem mit Fragen schaf* —, to ply one by close questions; es geht ihm sehr zu, he is much affected or troubled by it.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) to promise, to assure, to give assurance, to secure (something to), to pledge. — **Zufußeln**,

rang, (*w.*) f. assurance, asseveration; pledge; unter — reißer Behauptung, with the promise of fair dealing.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to seal up, to put under seal. — **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) sealing up, &c.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* to continue singing, to sing on; II. *tr.* to sing to.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) *auf (with Acc.)*, or *cinem Orte (Dat.)* —, to sink or incline towards ...; 2) to be closed gradually; to fall down.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to skewer up.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) f. by-meat, vegetables.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to shut, close, barricade, to lock up.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* (Einem etwas) 1) to convey (a ball, &c.) at play to (another person); *spiele mir den Ball zu*, beat or drive the ball towards me; 2) *fig.* to convey (something to ...) secretly or imperceptibly, to play or slip into one's hands, *often intr.*, *particul.* *Gam.* to play favourably (cinem Mitspieler, to a partner).

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *tr.* 1) to cover by spinning, to close with a web; 2) (Einem etwas) to impart by spinning.

Zufußeln, ... in comp. —*bauf*, f., —*rad*, n. *Needle-m.* lathe or turning-wheel to set points to the pins.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to point, to sharpen to a point, to taper off; *ein Gewölbe —*, to make an arch more pointed; *sch —*, to end in a point or taper, to taper; *zugespitzt*, p. a. *Bot.* lanceolate; *Herald.* fitches. — **Zufußeln**, (*str.*) m. *Needle-m.* pointer. — **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. the (act of) pointing, &c.; 3-stanten, pl. *Minor.* terminal edges of a crystal.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) f. see *Zufußeln*, 1.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* (*with Dat.*) 1) to address, accost one; to speak to one; *den Kunden —*, *Sport.* to cheer (on or up) the bounds; bei Einem (l. u. Einem) —, to call in or upon one, to pay a short visit; 2) *coll.* to do justice (to a dish, &c.), to ply (the bottle, &c.); 3) see *Zufußeln*, II, 2; 4) see *Zufußeln*; 5) to talk on or away; II. *tr.* (Einem etwas) 1) to instil by speaking; 2) *Law*, to adjudge, adjudicate, award (something to); *Muth —*, to encourage, cheer; *Trost —*, to comfort. — **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. 1) the (act of) addressing with an intention of consoling, &c. cf. *Zufußeln*, 1; 2) adjudication, &c.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) 1) to spring or leap forward; to hasten to or in; 2) (of locks) to shut suddenly, to catch with a spring.

Zufußeln, (*str.*, pl. *Zufußeln*) m. 1) encouragement; consolation; exhortation; 2) call, short visit; *guten — von Kunden haben*, to have a run of customers; *sein Laden hat guten —*, his shop is much frequented.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to bung up.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to stammer to.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) to add in stamping or pounding; 2) to close or fill up by stamping; II. *intr.* (*gener.* preceded by immer) to continue to stamp or pound.

Zufußeln, (*str.*, pl. *Zufußeln*) m. condition, state (of things), situation; case; circumstance; — *des Gemüths*, state, frame, or quality of mind; in *seggelrichtigen* 3-t, in sailing order; in *gutem* 3-t, in a good or sound state, in good keep or repair; in good condition; in *elendem* 3-t, in a wretched plight.

Zufußeln, I. *adj.* appertaining, appurtenant, belonging; suitable, becoming; competent (tribunal); die 3-t *Behörde*, proper authorities; II. 3-t, (*w.*) f. 1) property; appurtenance; 2) competence.

Zufußeln, I. *adj.* *Gramm.* neuter (verb); II. *adv.* in a neuter sense.

Zufußeln, ... in comp. —*bornumb*, m. *Law*, curator (of an absentee, insane person, &c.), guardian of the estate of a person incapable (from any reason excepting minority, cf. *Altersbornumb*) of directing his own affairs; —*wort*, n. *Gramm.* neuter verb.

Zufußeln, see under *Statt*.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. I. *intr.* *coll.* to thrust on; II. *tr.* to sew up; to stitch on or up.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to pin (up); 2) to stop; 3) (Einem etwas) to convey or impart secretly; to slip into one's hands, &c.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* *impers.* to be becoming or due (to); to be incumbent on; to appertain to; *genüß* *ber mir 3-den* *Künftigen*, pursuant to the power and authority to me granted; *nur mit recht es zu*, darüber *ein Urteil zu fällen*, I am the sole judge of it; *es steht mir nicht zu*, darüber *ein Urteil zu fällen*, I am not competent to decide on the matter; *es steht ihm kein Recht darauf zu*, he has no right to it.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to shut or obstruct by putting something before; 2) *T.* to get ready for smelting (a furnace); 3) (Einem etwas) to hand, to deliver, forward, convey, impart, present (something to); *Glauben —*, *obolecent*, to give credit, to believe.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to devolve upon a person by the death of another. [or tax.]

Zufußeln, (*w.*) f. additional contribution
Zufußeln, (*w.*) s. I. *tr.* to contribute; II. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) *Mar.* to steer one's course (*auf (with Acc.)*, towards, to).

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* to agree (to), to assent, consent, to coincide (with). — **Zufußeln**, (*w.*) f. assent, consent; acquiescence; concurrence; die *stillschweigende —*, tacit consent.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* 1) to stop (up), to close; 2) to mend, to draw or make up (a hole in dress); to darn (in stockings).

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to cork.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* 1) (*with Dat.*) to push to or towards; 2) to push to, to shut; II. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* haben) to push on, to thrust on or away; 2) (*aux.* sein) *impers.* (*with Dat.*) to befall, happen; *es ist ihm ein großes Unglück zugefallen*, he has met with a great misfortune; *falls mir irgend etwas Unglückliches — sollte*, in the event of anything unfortunate happening or occurring to me.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* haben; *with Dat.*) to strive for or after, to endeavour to reach; to tend towards.

Zufußeln, (*str.*) v. I. *tr.* to smear up, to close by smearing or spreading over; II. *intr.* 1) *coll.* to smear on; 2) (*aux.* sein) *auf etwas (Acc.)*, or *cinem Orte (Dat.)* —, to smear away, extend to.

Zufußeln, (*str.*, pl. *Zufußeln*) m. afflux, concourse.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) *auf (Acc.)*, or *cinem Orte (Dat.)* —, to stream, flow, or redound to, to pour in (to, upon); *Hilfe* *wird ihnen —*, assistance will pour in to them; *daß —*, (*str.*) v. s. 1) influx; 2) flow (of ideas).

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to cover with a lid.
Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) to rush in upon; 2) to storm on.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. I. *intr.* (*aux.* sein) *auf (with Acc.)* —, to rush on or towards, to precipitate one's self on, to run upon; II. *tr.* to fill up (mit Erde, with earth).

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* to dress up, accommodate; to polish, fashion; to instruct, discipline, train.

Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *tr.* *Mar.* to rig (a mast).
Zufußeln, (*w.*) v. *intr.* 1) (*aux.* sein) *with Dat.* to dance towards or in the direction

of ..., to approach dancing; 2) (*aus. haben*) to continue to dance.

Bu'tappen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to grope, fumble, to lay hold of clumsily or awkwardly. — **Bu'tappisch**, *adj.* awkward, blockish, clumsy.

Bu'tät, (*w.*) *f.* 1) addition, accession; accessories; *fig.* a spice (of envy, &c.), tinge, grain, &c.; 2) ingredient, furniture; *pl. ne.* **Bu'tätig**, *see* **Bu'tätlich**. [*accessories.*]

Bu'teilen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to assign, to impart, to distribute, to parcel out; to apportion, allot; *die ihm zugetheilte Rolle*, his allotted part. — **Bu'theilung**, (*w.*) *f.* distribution; allotment.

Bu'thätig, *I. or (cont.) Bu'thätig*, *adj.* 1) officious, kind, obliging, attaching; 2) *cont.* insinuating, obtrusive, bold; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* 1) officiousness, &c.; attachingness (of disposition); 2) insinuation.

Bu'thün, (*irr.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to close, shut; 2) to add, adjoin; 3) to furnish the materials for ...; *ich konnte die ganze Nacht sein Auge —, I could not get a wink of sleep all night; ein Auge —, see* **Bu'thün**, 2; *II. refl.* 1) to close (of itself); 2) to insinuate or ingratiate one's self (into the affections of any one); *Einem geyhen sein*, to be attached to a person; *III. intr.* to interfere; to set about a thing; *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s.* interference, aid, assistance; *es geihte ohne mein —, it happened without my interfering; I could not help it; it was not of my seeking.*

Bu'tragen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) *a)* to carry to, to bring; *b)* *coll.* to report; 2) to yield a crop; *II. refl.* to happen, occur, fall out, come to pass, to chance. — **Bu'träger**, (*str.*) *m.*, **Bu'trägerin**, (*w.*) *f.* 1) carrier; 2) tale-bearer, telltale; 3) *T.* tall-piece (of an organ). — **Bu'trägerei**, (*w.*) *f.* the (practice of) giving officious or malicious information, tale-bearing, slander.

Bu'traglich, *I. adj.* conducive (*für*, to), useful, good, profitable, advantageous; salubrious; beneficial; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* conduciveness, &c.; salubrity.

Bu'trauen, *I. (w.) v. tr.* (*Einem etwas*) 1) to give (one) credit for, to expect from (one); 2) to trust, to confide (in), to rely (upon); to depend (upon); *ich traue mir nicht so viel Geschicklichkeit zu*, I am not so confident of my sufficiency; *wir können ihm keine solche Erreueffigkeit —, we cannot believe him so faithless, we cannot impute such perfidy to him; II. (w.) s. (str.) n.* trust, confidence, dependance, faith (*zu*, in); *sein — setzen auf (with Acc.)*, to put one's trust in ...; to bestow one's confidence on ...; *B-wertig*, *B-würdig*, *adj.* trustworthy.

Bu'traulich, *I. adj.* confiding; confident, trusting; *II. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* confidingness, confiding familiarity; confidence, trust.

Bu'treffen, (*str.*) *v. intr.* 1) (*aus. haben*) to agree, concur, coincide, tally (with), to come up (to); to be just, to prove right; to turn out true; 2) (*aus. sein*) to take place, to come to pass, *cf.* **Entreffen**, 3; *B-d*, *p. a.* *see* **Erreffen**, *s. v.* **Erreffen**.

Bu'treiben, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) (*aus. sein*) *auf (with Acc.)*, or *einem Orte z.* —, to drift towards; 2) (*aus. haben*) 1) to drive on; 2) *T.* to gain an overplus of silver in refining; *II. tr.* 1) to close by driving in something; 2) to drive or convey towards.

Bu'treten, (*str.*) *v. I. intr.* 1) (*aus. sein*) *a)* *auf* *Einem —*, to step up to one; *näher —*, to step nearer; *b)* to accede; 2) (*aus. haben*) to tread or stride on; *II. tr.* to close or stop by treading.

Bu'triebe, (*str.*) *m.* 1) the (act of) driving to; 2) *T.* overplus of silver gained in refining.

Bu'trinten, (*str.*) *v. I. tr. & intr.* (*Einem*)

1) to drink to; 2) to drink one's health, to toast, pledge; *II. intr. coll.* to drink on.

Bu'tritt, (*str.*) *m.* access, admittance, admission; *Ermanntem — verschaffen*, to gain or procure one admittance; — *besommen, erlangen*, to gain admittance, to get an introduction, to be admitted. [*see* **Ruttsen** *z.*]

Bu'ttsen, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* **Bu'tverlässig**, *I. adj.* to be depended or relied on (upon), to be trusted; trustworthy, trusty; reliable; (of things:) positive, sure, certain, true, authentic; credible; *ein j-er Mann*, a man to be relied on; *II. adv.* positively, truly, to be sure; *III. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* trustworthiness, &c., truth, certainty, sureness; credibility.

Bu'tversicht, *f.* dependence (*auf (with Acc.)*, on), reliance (on), confidence (in), trust, assurance; *seine — auf (with Acc.) setzen*, to put one's trust or confidence in, to place (great) reliance on; *meine ganze — habe ich auf sie gesetzt*, my whole dependence is on her; *ich hege die —, I trust; wir sind der — (Gen.)*, we are confident; *mit —, confidently*; *in dieser (sich) — rechnen wir —, fully relying or depending on this we subscribe ourselves ...*

Bu'tversicht, *I. adj.* 1) confident, firm, positive, certain (hope, &c.); 2) hopeful; sanguine; *II. adv.* confidently; *ich hoffe —, I trust; III. B-feit*, (*w.*) *f.* confidence, positiveness, assurance.

Bu'tvergang, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* over-entry. **Bu'tviert**, *adv.* being four in number; *wir waren —, we were four of us.*

Bu'tvor, *adv.* 1) before, beforehand, previously; 2) *†*, in former times, formerly; *ich möchte — wissen*, first I should like to know; *ich erwarre —, prior to that, I expect.*

Bu'tvornehm, **Bu'tvornehm**, *adv.* In the first rank, foremost, in front; before all, first of all, in the first place, first and foremost.

Bu'tvornehm, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*, *with Dat.*) 1) to come or get before, to arrive sooner than; 2) *fig.* *a)* to anticipate; to be beforehand with; to get the start of; to forestall; to outdo; *b)* to prevent, obviate; *B-d*, *p. a.* anticipating, &c.; obliging, complaisant, polite, engaging, civil, attentive. — **Bu'tvornehmheit**, (*w.*) *f.* obligingness, complaisance, civility, attention; act of kindness, favour; *se behandelten ihn mit großer —, they made a great deal of him.*

Bu'tvornehm, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) to outrun, outstrip.

Bu'tvornehm, (*irr.*) *v. tr.* (*es* *Einem*) to surpass, excel, outdo, to prevail over, to be beforehand with; *se juchten es einander geytzugethun*, they try to outstrip, outdo, or outbid one another, they vie with each other.

Bu'twach [*pr. —wax*], (*str.*) *m.* 1) increase (an *(with Dat.)*, von, of), addition, accession, augment; 2) growth, produce. — **Bu'twachsen**, (*str.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) to be covered or closed by overgrowing; 2) (said of wounds) to heal up, consolidate, close; 3) (*Einem*) to accrue; to grow (for the use of). — **Bu'twachsendrecht**, (*str.*) *n.* Law, 1) accession; 2) right of accretion; right to the alluvial ground.

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to weigh to. **Bu'twägen**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *einem Orte z.* —, to wander towards ...

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to roll towards; 2) to impetu.

Bu'twandeln, **Bu'twandern**, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *einem Orte z.* —, to wander towards ...

Bu'twarten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *einem Orte z.* —, to totter towards ...

Bu'twarten, (*w.*) *v. intr.* to wait, attend; to temporise; *B-d*, *p. a.* expectant; *die B-de Politik*, the policy of waiting and allowing

the ferment to subside of itself; *das —*, (*str.*) *v. s.* expectancy.

Bu'twägen, (*str.*) *m.* *see* **Bu'twägen**. **Bu'twägen**, *adv.* to pass; — *bringen*, to bring to pass, to bring about, to effect; to procure.

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* 1) to blow or waft towards or to ... (*sometimes intr.*); 2) to fill up or cover by blowing.

Bu'twägen, *adv.* sometimes, at times. **Bu'twägen**, (*str.*) *v. tr.* (*Einem Einem* or *etwas*) to show, send, direct, or address to.

Bu'twenden, (*w. & irr.*) *v. tr.* 1) to turn to; *Einem den Rücken —*, to turn one's back upon one; *dem Auge zugewendet*, obverted to the eye; 2) *Einem etwas —*, to procure, to let (one) have, to bestow (something upon), to throw (something) into one's way or hands; *Einem seine Aufträge —*, to address one's orders to a person; *einer Eache seine Aufmerksamkeit —*, to devote one's attention to a thing; *einem Gläubiger zum Nachtheil eines andern etwas —*, to make fraudulent conveyances, to prefer one creditor to another.

Bu'twengung, (*w.*) *f.* *Comm.* short entry.

Bu'twerfen, (*str.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to throw or cast to; *er warf ihm den Stief zu*, he threw him the stick; *Einem einen Blick —*, to cast a look at (one); 2) to close or fill up (a ditch, &c.); 3) *see* **Bu'tschlagen**, *II. 5*; *II. intr. coll.* to throw or cast on.

Bu'twickeln, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wrap up, envelop.

Bu'twider, (*prop.* *(with Dat., this prop. is placed behind the word it governs)* & *adv.* against, contrary (to); repugnant (to), cross (to), incompatible (with); — *sein*, to be opposed or contrary to; to be offensive to; to offend (the eye, &c.); *das ist mir —, I have an aversion to it, I have an antipathy against it, I am averse to it, I dislike or hate it; it annoys me, I hate (to do a thing, &c.); er ist mir in den Tod —, he is my abomination, I have a sovereign dislike or objection to ...; das ist dem Geihr, den Augen —, it offends the ear, the eye; —handeln*, to contravene, to act in opposition to; to disoblige; *Ermanntes Wissen —handeln*, to cross one's will; *im —handlungsfalle*, in case of contravention; —laufen, to run counter or contrary to; —laufen, *p. a.* running counter (to), contrary (to); (*Einem etwas*) —machen, to disgust (one with), to set one's mind against; to make loathe, to render repulsive; —sein, to be averse to, to interfere with; —thun, to do spite of; *den süßen Wein trinkt man sich leicht —, drinking sweet wine soon causes loathing.*

Bu'twägen, (*str.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bu'twägen**. **Bu'twägen**, (*w.*) *v. intr. & tr.* (*Einem*) to nod at, to make a sign to; to impart by a nod; *ich will Niemand nur das und nur Glück das nennen*, I will fit me juminik (*Doppelstock*), calling then bliss and repose that only I which she wasts to me (*Baskerv.*).

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) 1) *impers. coll.* to grow winter, to draw towards winter; 2) to be closed by the frost and snow of winter, to be snowed up or snow-bound. **Bu'twägen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* *see* **Bu'twägen**.

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* (*aus. sein*) *einem Orte z.* —, to undulate or float towards ...

Bu'twägen, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to vault or arch up. **Bu'twägen**, (*irr.*) *v. intr. coll.* (*with Dat.*) to be willing to go or to get at ...; to wish to go; *mo müßt ihr zu? whither are you going?*

Bu'twort, (*str.*) *m.* 1) (*pl.* **Bu'twörter**) *†*, name, character, reputation; 2) (*pl.* **Bu'twörter**) *Gramm.* (*formerly used for* **Rebenwort** or **Umstandswort**) adverb.

Bu'twurf, (*str.*) *pl.* **Bu'twürfe** *m.* the (act of) flinging towards; 2) *Thd.* oking-piece. **Bu'twägen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to pay in addition.

Zu'gähren, (w.) v. tr. (Einem etwas) to count (over) to; to allot, appoint.

Zu'gähnen, (w.) v. tr. to hedge up.

Zu'gähnen, (w.) v. tr. Mar. to rig (a yard).

Zu'gähnen, (str.) v. l. tr. 1) to pull (a door) to, to shut, close; 2) to draw to; 3) a) to admit as a participator; to invite to; b) to consult, to call in, to seek advice of; 4) to shut or close by drawing; to draw together or tight, to tie; 5) (sich *[Dat.]* etwas) a) to draw or bring (down) upon (one's self), to involve (one's self) in ..., to expose (one's self) to ...; to cause, incur; b) (l. u.) for (etwas auf sich) beziehen, 6; 6) to rear, breed (cattle, &c.); die Vorhänge —, to draw the curtains; sich *[Dat.]* eine Krankheit —, to catch (or contract) a disease; sich *[Dat.]* den Tod —, to catch one's death; II. *intr. 1)* (ausz. haben) to pull away or on; 2) (ausz. sein) *(with Dat.)* a) to move towards; b) to march to the aid of; 3) to enter upon a new service.

Zu'gähnung, (w.) f. 1) the act of drawing, tying, &c.; 2) the act of calling in, &c.; consultation; help, aid, assistance; ohne — der Speisen, Comm. without comprising the charges.

Zu'gähnt, f. young animals reared, breed.

Zu'gäh, (str., pl. Zu'gäh) m. 1) a) marching to one's aid; b) auxiliary aid; auxiliary troops; reinforcement; 2) see Zugähnung, 2; 3) increase. [*editio of, adding.*]

Zu'gählich, adv. (with Gen.) with the aid.

Zu'gähngen, (w.) v. tr. to force to, to close with an effort.

Zu'gähessen, (str.) n. see Zugähange.

Zu'gähnen, (w.) v. tr. 1) to pinch; twitch; 2) to pull; to tear; 3) to tease, torment, whorry; 4) coll. to mock or rail at; to cheat, gull.

[penny; 2) cheat, sharper.

Zu'gähren, (str.) n. 1) pinch-fast, pinch-

Zu'gähnen, (w.) f. see Zugähange.

† Zu'gähnen, (w. & str.) v. tr. to wash or

soak in lye, *gener. sg.* to cut (one) up, to

rebuke severely.

Zwang, (str.) m. 1) constraint, coercion, check, compulsion, force; restraint; 2) want of freedom, want of ease; 3) *Law*, a certain obligation (*cf. Maßzwang* 2); 4) *Med.* (Einh.) tenesmus; aus —, by constraint, on compulsion, forcibly; (Einem zc.) — antun, euerlegen zc., to put constraint or restraint on ..., to constrain; sich *[Dat.]* — antun, to do violence to or constrain one's self; einem Schriftsteller — antun, to strain or pervert the meaning of an author; dem Gesetz — antun, to twist or pervert the law; den Ereignissen — antun, to strain the events; Hoffart muß — leiden, proverb, pride must abide.

Zwang..., in comp. (cf. Zwangs...) — artig, *adj.* see Zwanghaft; — beseßen, *m.* *Prov.* banal oven; — befehl, *m.* compulsory order; — dienst, *m.* compelled service, forced labour; — ehe, *f.* forced marriage.

Zwang'er, (w.) f. T. see Zange, 1 & Zwingen.

Zwang'en, (w.) v. tr. 1) to press, constrain, force; to strain; to pinch, draw; 2) *T.* to bend with force; to straighten by heat (the tooth of a comb); 3) *sg.* Einen sehr —, to incommode one greatly, to put one at his wit's end; sich mühen und —, to toil and moid; gedrängt bei Tische sitzen, to be close packed at table.

Zwang..., in comp. (cf. Zwangs...) — fröhne, *f.* see —dienst; — gerechtigkeits, *f.* see —recht; — gestalt, *n.* domestics compelled to serve for little wages; — gewalt, *f.* coercive power; — glaube, *n.* compulsive belief or faith; — gläubig, *adj.* forced to adopt a certain belief or faith.

Zwang'halt, *adj.* compulsory, compulsive.

Zwang..., in comp. (cf. Zwangs...) —

herr, — herrscher, m. despot; — herrschaft, *f.* despotism; — huf, *m.* *Prov.* narrow-heeledness; — huf, *adj.* hoof-bound, narrow-heeled, incastellated; — huf, *m.* monopoly; — huf, *f.* *Prov.* banal wine-press; — huf, *n.* *Bot.* a genus of *Compositae*, candy lion's foot (*Calananche crotolaria* L.); — lehen, *n.* liege-bed.

Zwang'los, l. *adj.* unconstrained; without (or free from) constraint; (free and) easy; II. 3-figkeit, (w.) f. unconstrainedness, freedom from constraint. [mill]

Zwang'mühle, (w.) f. banal mill, sock-

Zwang'uß, (str.) f. & n., Zwang'uß, (str.)

m. (l. u.) compulsoriness, &c. see Zwang & Drangsal.

Zwang..., in comp. (cf. Zwangs...) —

often, m. see —beseßen; — recht, *n.* right of compulsion.

Zwang..., in comp. (cf. Zwangs...) —

acte, f. coercion act; — anleihe, *f.* forced loan; — arbeit, *f.* compelled service, soogage; forced or compulsory labour; — arbeitsanfall, *f.* — arbeitsanfall, — haus, *n.* forcing house, house of correction; — bettel, *m.* compulsory letter.

Zwang..., in comp. — schenke, f. public house, which is obliged to buy of the lord of the manor; — schenke, *f.* *Radw.* 1) check-rail, movable rail, guard-rail; 2) (einer Strümpfung) check-rail (of a point), wing-rail.

Zwang..., in comp. — eib, m. compulsory oath; — gefehl, *n.* compulsory law; — gewicht, *n.* *Prov.* weight of parcels not to be exceeded; — jacht, *f.* strait-waistcoat, strait-jacket; — maßregel, *f.* compulsive or coercive measure, measure of coercion; — mittel, *n.* means of constraint, coercive measure.

Zwang'losheit, (w.) m. pressed soldier.

Zwang..., in comp. — paß, m. *Prov.* *Law*, compulsory passport (given by the police to persons who are obliged to leave a place); — pflicht, *f.* compulsory duty.

Zwang's'stuhl, (str., pl. 3-sühle) m. peculiarly constructed chair for lunatics.

Zwang's'weise, l. *adv.* compulsorily, on compulsion; II. *adv.* compulsory.

Zwang..., (or Zwangs...) in comp. — treiben, n. compulsory beating up of game; — trieb, *n.* irresistible instinct; — verdingung, *f.* — verdingung, *m.* public sale, substation; coll. broker's sale, sell-out; — wams, *m.* — weite, *f.* see Zwangsweite; — zahn, *m.* banal hedge or fence.

Zwang'ig, cardin. numb. twenty; in comp. — ed, n. icosagon; — fähig, *adj.* twenty-fold; — fähig, *n. icosahedron; — fähig, *adj.* icosahedral; — guldenfuß, *m.* twenty-florins standard; — jährig, *adj.* of twenty years; — frenger, *m.* *Nym.* piece of twenty kreutzers; — münnig, *adj.* *Bot.* icosandrian; — pfünfer, *m.* *Gumm.* twenty-pounder; — pfünfer, *adj.* of twenty pounds; — schäftig, *adj.* *Ware.* having twenty lams; — zollig, *adj.* of twenty inches.*

Zwang'iger, (str.) m. 1) one of the number of twenty; 2) man or thing (3-in, *[w.]* *f.* woman) twenty years old; 3) see Zwangsiger; 4) the number of twenty; — format, *n.* sheet of twenties.

Zwang'igerlei, (indecl.) *adj.* of twenty different sorts.

Zwang'igste, *adj.* twentieth.

Zwang'igsteil, Zwang'igsteil, (str.) n. twentieth part.

Zwang'igstens, *adv.* in the twentieth place.

Zwar, conj. certainly, it is true, indeed, to be sure; und —, and that (too).

Zwargel, (str.) m. *provinc. brat*, archin.

A. Zwargel, (str.) m. see Zwergel.

B. Zwargel, (str.) m. aim, object, scope, end, design; purpose; die 3-e mögen groß sein, aber die Mittel sind sehr arbeitsutig, the ends may be great, but the means are very

ambiguous; seinen — verfolgen, seinem 3-e nachgehen, to pursue one's point or object; seinen — erreichen, to obtain or attain one's end, to gain one's point; zu diesem —, for this purpose, to this end; zum — raschen Verlaufs, for the purpose of effecting a quick sale; ein Regat zum — der Wiederherstellung der Kirche, a legacy towards restoring the church; — und Ziel, end and aim, scope and tendency; diese große Mauer hatte zum —, this great wall had for its object; dieser Vertrag hat zum — zu verhindern ..., this treaty affects to impede ...

Zweck..., in comp. — dienlich, *adj.* serving its purpose, to the purpose, *cf.* — mäßig; — dienlichkeit, *f.* see — mäßigkeit.

Zweck'e, (w.) f. Shoe-m. tack; hob-nail; sparable; small wooden peg; pin; mit 3-n beschlagen, hob-nailed.

Zweck'en, (w.) v. l. tr. Shoe-m. to peg, pin, tack, to fasten with small nails; II. *intr. sg.* to aim (at), to tend (to).

Zweck'en..., in comp. — baum, m. *Bot.* common buckthorn (Faulbaum, 1); — holz, (or Zweck'holz) *n.* wood 1) of the spindle-tree, prick-wood; 2) of the —baum; 3) of the fly-honeysuckle (Heckenröschen).

Zweck'en..., in comp. — essen, n. coll. a (public) dinner given for some specific purpose, business dinner; — fall, *m.* *Gramm.* dative; — holz, *adj.* *Stud.* *see* — mäßig.

Zweck'holz (from Zweck, A.), (str.) n. see Zweck'holz. [*see*, teleology.

Zweck'lehre, (w.) f. doctrine of final cau-

Zweck'los, l. *adj. & adv.* 1) without design; without any specific object; purposeless, bootless; 2) useless, no purpose; *cf.* ist —, it serves no purpose; II. 3-figkeit, (w.) *f.* 1) the being without design, &c.; purposelessness; 2) uselessness.

Zweck..., in comp. — mäßig, *adj.* answering a purpose, suited or adapted to its purpose, expedient, efficient; fit, suitable, *cf.* — dienlich; conformable or agreeable to the purpose; judicious; — mäßigkeit, *f.* the being to the purpose, expediency, propriety, efficiency, fitness, &c.; alle — mäßigkeit, everything serving its purpose; — tanglich, *adj.* see — dienlich; — widrig, *adj.* contrary to one's design, inexpedient, inappropriate, inadvisable; — widrigkeit, *f.* inexpediency, inappropriateness, in judiciousness.

† Zwern, masculine gender of the second numeral, two, *cf.* Zwei. [Sandtuch] towel.

Zweife, (w.) f. *provinc. (for) Zweifel, 2.*

Zweif, l. cardin. numb. (orig. only the neuter, but gradually supplanting the masc. [Zwern] and fem. [Zwe]) and used for all the genders) two; Gam. two, deuce; mit — Gesichtern, two-faced, double-faced; II. Zweifel, (w.) *f.* two; zu 3-en, by twos; auf 3-en, on two feet or legs.

Zweif..., in comp. — ähneln, m. *cont.* double-dealer, ambidexter; — armig, *adj.* two-armed; — äugig, *adj.* two-eyed; — ärg, *adj.* having two axes, *Minor.* blaxal; — bäugig, *adj.* *Clath.* of two breadths; — bäugig, *adj.* having two bellies, biventral; — beinig, *adj.* two-legged, bipedal; ein — beiniges Thier, a biped; *Bot.-a.* — bettig, *adj.* declinuous, declinate; — blatt, *n.* bifol, tway-blade (*Latium cordata* L.); — blätterig, *adj.* two-leaved, bifoliate; dipetalous; — blümlig, — blümlig, *adj.* biflorate, biflorous; — böhrig, *adj.* having two bores or holes; — böhrig, *adj.* *Bot.* bisetose; — brachen, *v. tr. & intr.* to twifallow.

Zweif'bräuen, m. *Geogr.* Bipont, Two-Bridges.

Zweif..., in comp. — brüberig, *adj.* dis-

delphian; — ährig, *adj.* *Mus.* to be executed by two choruses; — beiter, *m.* *Mar.* vessel with two decks; — beitel, *f.* ambiguity; — beitel, *v. intr.* to equivocate; to speak ambi-

guously; to be ambiguous or equivocal; —**beutlig**, *adj.* ambiguous, equivocal, double-meaning; —**beutig** sein or **reden**, *see* —**beuten**; —**beutigkeit**, *f.* ambiguity, equivocalness, equivocation; —**beutigkeiten** sagen, to speak equivocally or ambiguously; —**duppelt**, *adj.* double, twofold; *Bot.* bifold; *binate*; —**betterig**, *adj.* double-yoked; —**brätig**, *adj.* of two threads, double-threaded; —**brittel**, two-thirds; —**bristellstüß**, *n.* *Nutm.* florin; —**hünfel**, *n.* *see* **hüefel**; —**etig**, *adj.* having two corners, *see* —**mintelig**.

Zweifer, (*str.*) *m.* 1) figure of the number two; 2) *Nutm.* piece of two pfennigs.

Zweierfel, (*indect.*) *adj.* of two (different) kinds or sorts; **von** — **Art**, half-bred; **auf** — **Art**, in two different ways or manners; — **Sinder**, *Law*, children by two different venters; **Wunsch und Macht** sind —, the wish is one thing and the power another.

Zweif..., *in comp.* —**fach**, *adj.* twofold; *Bot.* *binate*; —**fache** Intervalle, *Nutm.* compound intervals; —**fächerig**, *adj.* having two shelves; *Bot.* having two cells, bilocular; —**füßig**, *adj.* double-twisted; —**falter**, *n.* *Entom.* butterfly; —**fältig**, *adj.* *see* —**fach**; —**fältigfeit**, *f.* doubleness, duplicity; —**farbig**, *adj.* two-coloured, bicolor.

Zweif, (*str.*) *m.* doubt (as *with Dat.*), or; question; **ohne** —, without doubt, no doubt, no question, doubtless, undoubtedly; **ich** bin nicht **ohne** — **bedürfen** ob ..., I am not clear that ... **über** allen — (**erhaben**), out of question, beyond all question or doubt; **auf** — **stellen**, to place beyond doubt or question; **in** — (*Dat.*) **sein**, **stehen**, **schweben**, to be in doubt, to be doubtful (*über* *with Acc.*), or; **in** — **lassen**, to keep in suspense, to leave in doubt; **in** — (*Acc.*) **stellen** or **ziehen**, to call or bring in question, to doubt, to throw doubt upon, to question; to impeach; **Einem** **den** — **bennehmen**, to clear up or remove one's doubts; **es** ist **kein** — **daß** ..., there is no doubt but that ...; —**liegen** in ihm **auf**, he had some misgivings (*über* *with Acc.*), as to ...; **an** den **Zweifeln** kann **kein** — **sein**, of the facts there can be no doubt; **daran** ist **jetzt** **kein** — **mehr**, it is now past all (or a) doubt.

Zweifelsär, *adj.* (l. u.) *see* **Zweifelschaft**. **Zweifelsbewirklichkeit**, (*n.*) *f.* *Humb.* a twi-falling, second earing.

Zweifelsf., (*n.*) *f.* practice or habit of doubting, scepticism. (2) scepticism.

Zweifelsgeist, (*str.*, pl. 3-er) *m.* 1) sceptic; **Zweifelschaft**, l. or **Zweifelig**, *adj.* dubious, doubtful; questionable (reward, &c.); precarious (situation); **Reute** **von** **z-em** **Huf**, doubtful people; **z-er** **Huf**, *Comm.* unsound credit; **z-es** **Licht**, dubious light; **darüber** **bin** **ich** **nicht** —, I am not doubtful of or about it; I do not entertain any doubt of it; II. **z-ig** **feist**, (*n.*) *f.* dubiousness, doubtfulness.

Zweifelschre, (*n.*) *f.* scepticism. **Zweifelschä**, l. *adj.* doubtless, indubious, undoubting; II. *adv.* without doubt, undoubtedly, *cf.* **ohne** **Zweifeln**; III. **z-ig** **feit**, (*n.*) *f.* doubtlessness.

Zweif..., (*from* **Zweifeln** & **Zweifeln**), *in comp.* —**mutig**, *m.* irresolution; uncertainty; —**müßig**, *adj.* irresolute, wavering, uncertain.

Zweifeln, (*n.*) *v. intr.* to doubt (as *with Dat.*), or; to question; **ich** **zweifeln** **nicht** **daran**, I do not doubt of it, I make no doubt (or no question) of it; **ich** **habe** **nie** **daran** **gezwweifelt**, daß **Sie** **das** **Darfehn** **zurückzugeben** **im** **Stande** **sind**, I never doubted your being able to repay the loan; **ich** **zweifeln** **nicht**, daß **er** ..., I cannot doubt but that he ...; **ich** **zweifeln** **was** **ich** **thun** **soll**, I am in doubt what to do; **einige** **Tage** **lang** **zweifelte** **man** **an** **seinem** **Nußtome**, for several days his life was despaired of; **z-b**,

p. a. doubting, &c.; wavering, uncertain; sceptic, sceptical, *cf.* **Zweifelschäft**.

Zweif..., (*from* **Zweifeln** & **Zweifeln**), *in comp.* **z-Grund**, *m.* reason of doubt; —**flanz**, *m.* 1) doubt; doubtfulness; 2) or —**fucht**, *f.* scepticism; **z-Gründen**, *m.* dilemma, perplexity, vexatious alternative; **z-Gründe**, *adv.* doubtless, no doubt; **z-Gymnet**, *m.* point of doubt; —**fuchtig**, *adj.* sceptic; —**system**, *n.* sceptical system, scepticism; —**weil**, *adj.* full of doubt; doubtful; —**weise**, *m.* sceptic, sceptical; —**weisheit**, *f.* scepticism; —**wuth**, *f.* *see* —**fucht**.

[with two flat basils.] **Zweif...**, (*n.*) *f.* *Stone-mas.* pick-axe **Zweif...**, (*str.*) *m.* doubtful or irresolute person, doubter; sceptic.

Zweif..., (*from* **Zweifeln** & **Zweifeln**), *adj.* (*Zachob* 3, 373, &c.) sceptical.

Zweif..., (*n.*) *f.* scepticism.

Zweif..., *in comp.* —**flöter**, *m.* pl. a family of fishes having only two fins, dipterygians; —**fältig**, *adj.* two-winged; *Bot.* dipterous; —**fältig**, *adj.* folding-door; —**fältig**, *f.* *Bot.* the fruit of the —**fältig** **anbaum**, *m.* wood-oil-tree (*Dipterocarpus turbinatus* Roxb.); —**fältig**, *m.* pl. *Entom.* dipterous or dipteral insects, dipterans; —**fältig**, *m.* *Asch.* biquintile aspect; **Nat-s.** —**fältig**, *m.* biped; —**fältig**, *adj.* with two feet, bipedal, biped.

Zweig, (*str.*) *m.* 1) branch, bough; 2) *Ag.* branch, department, line; **ein** **junger** —, a twig; **ein** **kleiner** —, a sprig, spray, branchlet; **er** **wird** **nie** **auf** **einen** **grünen** — **kommen**, *Ag.* he will never thrive or prosper; there is little chance of his success. (*note*)

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**artig**, *adj.* branch-like; —**baum**, *f.* *Roth.* branch-line; —**bank**, *f.* branch-bank; **Bot-s.** —**blatt**, *n.* branch-leaf; —**blüte**, *f.* branch-blossom; —**blüten** **tragend**, *adj.* ramiferous.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**schäftig**, *adj.* with a double case.

Zweig..., (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Zweig**) branchlet.

Zweig..., (*n.*) *v. I. & provinc.* to graft (*Wpfen*), 2; II. *intr.* & *refl.* to branch, ramify.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**gang**, *m.* *see* **Zweig** **gang**; —**geschlechtig**, *adj.* *Bot.* bisexual; —**gepann**, *n.* double team; —**gespräch**, *n.* dialogue (*Witzgespräch*); —**gestaltig**, *adj.* bifurcated; —**gestirn**, *n.* double star; —**gestrichen**, *adj.* *Nutm.* (of notes) belonging to the fourth octave of the entire scale (—**gestrichene** Octave); —**getheilt**, *adj.* bipartite.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**geköst**, *n.* branch-establishment, branch-house, branch-business; —**gesellschaft**, *f.* branch-association, branch-company.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**haftig**, *adj.* 1) branch-like; 2) (*Gothe*, l. u.) branchy, full of branches.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**ig**, *adj.* branched, branchy.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**ipfelig**, *adj.* with two summits, tops, or peaks; —**ig**, *see* —**ipfelig**. ((*provinc.* & *) for **Zweig...**)

Zweig..., (*str.*) *n.* (*dimin.* of **Zweig**)

Zweig..., *adj.* of two members; *Al-*

gebr. binomial.

Zweig..., (*str.*) *n.* *Forest. Law*, right of cutting branches in another person's wood.

Zweig..., *adj.* two-handed.

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**rippe**, *f.* *Archit.* branch of a rib; —**rohr**, *n.* —**roßre**, *f.* *T.* branch-pipe, branching-pipe; service-pipe (of a gas-tube).

Zweig..., *in comp.* —**grasfentel**, *n.* piece of two groshens; —**gubenschä**, *n.* piece of two florins; —**händig**, *adj.* two-handed, *Nat.* bimanous, having the use of both hands equally, ambidexter; —**hängig**, *adj.* hanging down on both sides; **das** —**hängige** **Dach**, *Archit.* span-roof; —**hanig**, *adj.* 1) what may

be cut twice; 2) *see* —**mähig**; —**hüptig**, *adj.* *see* —**hüptig**; —**hüptig**, *adj.* *Bot.* diocious; *dic* —**hüptig** **Blume**, *f.* —**hüptig**, *m.* diocian.

Zweif..., (*n.*) *f.* duality, dualism.

Zweif..., *in comp.* —**heutlig**, *adj.* two-handed, two-eared; —**heute**, *f.* *see* —**heute**; —**herr**, *m.* duumvir; —**herrig**, *adj.* belonging to two masters; —**herrlich**, *adj.* duumviral; —**herrschäft**, *f.* duumvirate; —**heutig**, *adj.* *T.* double-cut (file); —**höder**, *m.* *Zool.* two-humped camel, Bactrian camel (*Trampeltier*); —**höderig**, *adj.* two-humped, double-humped; —**höderer**, *n.* *pl.* *Petr.* diceratites; —**höderig**, *adj.* two-horned, bicornous; —**höder**, *n.* *pl.* cloven-footed animals; —**höderig**, *adj.* two-hoofed, cloven-footed, bisulcate, bisulcous.

+ **Zweif...**, *adj.* at variance (*Uncins*, *opp.* *Einig*, 2).

Zweif..., *in comp.* —**jahr**, *n.* biennium; —**jährig**, *adj.* biennial, two years old; —**jährlich**, *adj.* *adv.* every two years; —**jahrerig**, *adj.* *Bot.* biestepate; —**jahrerig**, *n.* two-chamber system of government; —**jahrig**, *m.* dual, single combat; *der* **griechische** —**jahrig**, *n.* *judicial* combat.

Zweif..., (*n.*) *v. intr.* (*insup.* *lpp.* *gegenseitig*), being derived from the preceding word) to fight a single combat, to (fight a) duel. — **Zweif...**, (*str.*) *m.* one engaged in a single combat, duellist, duellist.

Zweif..., *in comp.* **Bot-s.** —**zweiflig**, *adj.* bicarpelar; —**ternig**, *adj.* with two stamens or carpels; —**stellig**, *adj.* bicarpelar; —**stellig**, *f.* black-berried honeysuckle; —**stellig**, *m.* *Nutm.* chord of two sounds; —**stellig**, *adj.* two-valved, bivalvular; —**stellig**, *adj.* *Bot.* bicoccos; —**stellig**, *adj.* with two heads, two-headed, bicapital, bicapital; —**stellig**, *n.* *see* **Dintel** (*weizen*); —**stellig**, *adj.* two-lobed, *Bot.* bilobate, dicotyledonous; —**stellig**, *m.* *see* **Doppelant** (*er*); —**stellig**, *adj.* two-shaped.

Zweif..., (*str.*) *m.* *Corp.* &c. two-inched board.

Zweif..., *in comp.* —**stellig**, *adj.* having two lips, two-lipped, *Bot.* bilabiate; —**stellig**, *adj.* (having the weight) of an ounce; —**stellig**, *adj.* *Bot.* didynamic; —**stellig**, *adj.* *Nutm.* to be mown twice a year; —**mal**, *adv.* twice; —**mal** **so** **viel**, twice as many; **auf** —**mal**, at two times; —**malig**, *adj.* twice repeated, double, reiterated; —**malig**, *adj.* *Bot.* diandrian, diandrous; —**malig**, *adj.* *coll.* 1) (*bed.* &c.) for two men; 2) requiring two men to be worked (as a wimble, &c.); *Nat-s.* —**malig**, *m.* two-masted vessel, brig; —**malig**, *adj.* having two masts; —**malig**, *adj.* happening, &c. every two months; —**malig**, *adj.* having two names; *Algebr.* binomial; —**malig**, *adj.* two-eared; —**malig**, *adj.* consisting of two pairs; —**malig** **gefiedert**, *Bot.* having two pair of leaflets, biungous; —**malig**, *m.* *Comm.* two-pound; —**malig**, *adj.* a two-pound loaf; —**malig**, *adj.* bipolar; —**malig** **geköst**, *n.* *Comm.* double premium business; —**malig**, *adj.* of or with two wheels, two-wheeled; —**malig** **Wagen**, two-wheel(ed) carriage; —**malig**, *adj.* having two rows, two-rowed, double-rowed, *Bot.* distichous; *Tail.* double-buttoned, double-breasted; —**malig**, *adj.* two-eared; —**malig**, *adj.* *see* —**malig**; —**malig**, *adj.* two-seeded, *Bot.* disperous; —**malig**, *m.* *see* —**malig**; —**malig**, *adj.* *Nat.* bivalve, bivalvous, bivalvular; —**malig** **Winkel**, *bivale*; —**malig**, *adj.* *Phys. Geogr.* amphiscious; *dic* —**malig** **Böller**, *amphiscii*; —**malig**, *m.* *Humb.* sheep in its second year, having two broad teeth, *cf.* **schäffer**, 3; —**malig**, *adj.* having two layers, bisoral; —**malig**, *adj.* of double rows, layers, strata, or beds; —**malig**, *adj.* *Bot.* bicusate; —**malig**, *adj.* (said of beds) for

two persons; —*schiff*, *m.* Archit. diglyph; —*schnebelig*, *adj.* two-billed; —*schneide*, *f.* —*schneider*, *m.* T. a two-edged turning-chisel; two-edged piercer; —*schneidig*, *adj.* two-edged, double-edged; —*schneidig* (drill), double-chamfered; —*schmittig*, *see* —*mählig*; —*schüttig*, *adj.* T. out of which two posts can be made; —*schürig*, *adj.* 1) (to be) shorn twice a year; 2) *see* —*mählig*; —*schüriger* *Esch*, two-shear sheep; —*schürige* *Wolle*, wool of the second shearing; —*schüriger* *Ofen*, brick-m. tile-kiln with two stoke- or fire-holes; —*schwänzig*, *adj.* two-tailed (muscle); —*seitig*, *adj.* having two sides, *Geom.* bilateral; —*seitiger* (or —*seitig* verbindlicher) *Vertrag*, Law, bilateral contract or agreement; —*Gramm-s.* —*flüß*(ter), *m.* (—*flüßiger* *Wort*) dissyllable; —*flüßig*, *adj.* consisting of two syllables; —*flunig*, *adj.* *see* —*dentig*; —*flüg*, *adj.* having two seals, for two persons; —*flügelig*, *adj.* double-soled; —*flügelig*, *adj.* two-cleft, bidd; —*flüßner*, *m.* 1) (a person carrying a) vehicle with two horses; 2) a two-horse vehicle, pair-horse coach, a chaise and pair; —*flüßnig*, *adj.* 1) with two horses; or *flüßt* —*flüßnig*, he drives a carriage and pair; 2) for two persons; —*flüßig*, *adj.* & *adv.* *Bot.* bivalve, bivalvous; —*flüßel*, *m.* *See* *duet*; —*flüß*, *m.* —*flüß*, *f.* T. pick-axe, double-pick, double-pointed pick; —*flüßmählig*, *m.* T. rising anvil; —*flüßig*, *f.* interview; —*flüßig*, *adj.* bilingual, bilinguous; —*flüßig*, *adj.* provided with two tracks or lines; —*flüßmählig*, *adj.* having two stems, two-stemmed; equal in size to two stems; —*flüßnig*, *adj.* *Bot.* binous; —*flüßig*, *see* —*fermig*; —*flüßmählig*, *adj.* *Mus.* of or for two voices or parts; —*flüßnig*, *adj.* bifronted, having two fronts or heads; —*flüßig*, *flüßig*, *adj.* two-storied; —*flüßnig*, *adj.* of two hours; —*flüßnig*, *adj.* & *adv.* every two hours; —*flüßig* *it.*, *see* —*flüßig* *it.*

Swet, *adj.* second, next; *den 3ten Tag darauf*, the second day after, the next day but one; *zu —*, being the second of two; in the second place; *3-tes Gesicht*, second sight; *3-tes Ich*, other self; *ist ist mein 3-tes Ich*, she is my other self.

Swetzig, *adj.* of two days.

Swet..., *in comp.* —*älteste*, *adj.* & *s.* (decl. like *adj.*) *m.* & *f.* second (son or daughter); —*beste*, *adj.* second or next best.

Swetfel, (*str.*) *m.* (L. *n.*) a half. [place. *Swetfens*, *adj.* secondly, in the second *Swet...*, *in comp.* —*seitig*, *adj.* bipartite; —*teilung*, *f.* bipartition, *Geom.* bisection; bifurcation; —*thürig*, *adj.* having two doors.

Swet..., *in comp.* —*jüngste*, *adj.* & *s.* (decl. like *adj.*) *m.* & *f.* youngest (son or daughter) but one; —*nächste*, *adj.* next but one.

Swel..., *in comp.* —*tünig*, *adj.* two-toned; —*treffer*, *m.* *Gam.* *see* *Wube*; 2; —*tritt*, *m.* a kind of German dance (*H.* *deuztemp*); —*undbreißigfüßner*, *m.* *Gam.* thirty two pounder; *Mus-s.* —*undbreißigstelnote*, *f.* —*undbreißigstel*, *m.* demi-semi-quaver; —*undbreißigstelpause*, *f.* demi-semi-quaver rest; —*viertelnote*, *f.* minim; —*viertelpause*, *f.* minim rest; —*vierteltakt*, *m.* time of two crotchets; —*weg*, *m.* *see* *Schreibweg*; 2; —*weg*(el) *haben*, *m.* *Nech.* two-way cock; —*wegig*, *adj.* bivious, having or leading two ways; —*weiberet*, *f.* bigamy; —*weiberig*, *adj.* having two wives; *der —weiberige* (*De la Motte-Bouquet*, *Udino*), bigamist; —*weibig*, *adj.* *Bot.* digynian; —*winkelig*, *adj.* having two angles, biangulate(d), biangular; —*wüchsig*, *adj.* & *adv.* every two weeks; —*wuchsig*, *m.* *Med.* rachitis (rickets); —*wüchsig*, *adj.* 1) *Med.* rickety; 2) a) not ripening at the same time

(said of corn, &c.); b) *see* —*schürig*; c) of unequal growth (said of wool), jointed; —*zählig*, *adj.* *see* —*jählig*; —*zahl*, *f.* *Gramm.* dual number; —*zählig*, *adj.* *Bot.* binate; —*zehn*, *m.* 1) *Bot.* bident, water-hemp-agrimony (*Bidens* L.); 2) *see* *Harwall*; —*zählig*, *adj.* having two teeth, two-toothed, *Bot.* bidental, bidentate(d); —*zählig*, *adj.* two-toed, &c. *cf.* *Zehe*; —*zeiser*, *m.* *Pod.* distich, couplet; —*zeisig*, *adj.* 1) of two lines; two-ranked, two-lined; 2) *Bot.* pointing from two opposite lines; —*zeisige* *Gerste*, *Bot.* long-eared barley; —*zeisig*, *adj.* two-forked, two-pronged, bifurcated; —*züngel*, *f.* *coll.* double-dealing; —*züngig*, *adj.* *lit.* & *fig.* double-tongued (*Doppelszüngig*); —*züngler*, *m.* *coll.* double-dealer; —*zweiter* *tact*, *m.* *Mus.* two minims' time.

Swerg, *adv.* across, awry, obliquely, askance.

Swerg..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Quer...*) —*arm*, *m.* *Mar.* stock (of the arm); —*art*, *f.* *Carp.* holding-ax, twibil; —*balten*, *m.* cross-beam, joist; —*baum*, *m.* cross-bar; —*effen*, *n.* T. sculptor's pick or chisel. [*&c.*] across.

Swergchen, (*w.*) *v. intr.* T. to plane (boards).

Swerg..., *in comp.* (*cf.* *Quer...*) —*fell*, *n.* Anat. diaphragm, midriff; *Einem das —fell* *erschüttern*, *fig.* to make one's sides split with laughing; —*fellentzündung*, *f.* *Med.* inflammation of the diaphragm, diaphragmatitis, parophrenitis; —*fellerschütterung*, *f.* *lit.* a shaking of the diaphragm; *fig.* fit of laughter; —*fellern*, *m.* —*fellpulver*, *f.* phrenic nerve, artery; —*flüte*, *f.* German flute; —*fließ*, *m.* cut or slash given across; —*holz*, *n.* wood cut across the grain (*Spirholz*); —*flüte*, *f.* diagonal line; —*flüßig*, *f.* safe; —*fed*, *m.* wallet, budget; —*fettel*, *m.* side-saddle; —*flüßig*, *m.* *see* *Querflüßig*; —*flüßig*, *see* *Querflüßig*; —*flüßig*, *m.* cross-rafter; transversal rafter; —*flüßig*, *m.* cross-line; *fig.* disappointment; —*flüß*, *n.* cross-piece; —*well*, *m.* *Art.* traverse. [*dwarfish*]

Swerg, (*str.*) *m.* dwarf; pigmy; *wie ein —*

Swerg..., *in comp.* —*antelope*, *f.* *Zool.* pigmy antelope, kleene-boc (*Antelope pygmaea* Thbg.); —*appel*, *m.* dwarf apple, john-apple; —*artig*, *adj.* dwarf-like, dwarfish, pigmy, pigmean; —*baum*, *m.* *Gard.* dwarf-tree; —*birle*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf birch-tree (*Betula nana* L.); —*blumstier*, *n.* *Zool.* dwarf-musk-deer (*Moschus pygmaeus* L.); —*bohne*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf kidney-bean (*Phaseolus nanus* L.); —*büßbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* dwarf-box (*Buxus sempervirens* var. *europaeica* Lam.); —*büßel*, *m.* *Zool.* grunting ox (*Ziegenochs*).

Swergchen, (*str.*) *m.* dimin. of *Swerg* little dwarf. [*(Gadus minutus* L.)]

Swergbörich, (*str.*) *m.* *Ichth.* dwarf-cod *Swerggenhaft*, *see* *Swerghaft*.

Swerg..., *in comp.* —*ente*, *f.* *Ornith.* dwarf-duck, harlequin-duck (*Harlelda histriatrica* L.); —*erbf*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf-pea; —*ente*, *f.* *Ornith.* dwarf-owl, sparrow-owl (*Sturna passerina* L.); —*fächerpalme*, *f.* *see* —*palme*; —*fall*, *m.* *Ornith.* merlin (*Falco caudon* L.); —*feigenbaum*, *m.* *Bot.* a species of euphorbia (*Euphorbia chamaesyce* L.); —*flebermaus*, *f.* *Zool.* pipitrel (*Vespertilio pipitrelus* Buff.); —*flieber*, *m.* *see* —*holunder*; —*gallerie*, *f.* Archit. dwarf-arched gallery; —*gazelte*, *f.* *see* —*antelope*; —*gestalt*, *f.* dwarfish or pigmy form or figure, dwarfishness; —*habicht*, *m.* *see* —*fall*.

Swerghaft, *adj.* dwarfish (*Swergisch*); diese Rohlfarten sind von 3-em *Wuchsig*, these kinds of cabbage are of a dwarf growth.

Swerg..., *in comp.* —*birch*, *m.* *see* —*blumstier*; —*holunder*, *m.* *Bot.* dwarf-elder, danowort, elderwort, wallwort (*Sambucus ebulus* L.); —*huhn*, *n.* dwarf-hen, bantam. *Swergin*, (*w.*) *f.* woman-dwarf, pigmy. *Swerggish*, *adj.* dwarfish, pigmy, pigmean.

Swerg..., *in comp.* *Bot-s.* —*feßant*, *f.* dwarf-chestnut, chinkapin (*Castanea pumila* L.); —*Hefer*, *f.* dwarf-pine; —*flüßig*, *f.* dwarf-cherry (*Prunus coccinea* Ehrh.); —*leu* *fole*, *f.* dwarf-stock-gillflower (*Matthiola fenzlalis* L.); —*mandelbaum*, *m.* dwarf-almond-tree (*Amygdalus nana* L.); —*mählig*, *adj.* dwarfish; —*manibere*, *f.* *Bot.* cloud-berry (*Rubus chamaemorus* L.); —*manß*, *f.* *Zool.* the little mouse (*Mus minutus* Pall.); —*mispel*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf-quince-medlar, dwarf-stone-medlar (*Colocaster vulgaria* Lindl.); —*moßstücker*, *n.* *see* —*blumstier*; —*müße*, *f.* *Ornith.* dwarf-mew or gull (*Larus minutus* Pall.); —*offbäume*, *m.* *pl.* *Gard.* dwarf fruit-trees; —*off*, *m.* *see* —*büßel*; —*offen*, *f.* *Ornith.* dwarf-horned owl (*Ephialtes scops* L.); —*palme*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf fan-palm (*Chamaecrope humilis* L.); *Ornith-s.* —*reißer*, *m.* dwarf-heron (*Ardea minuta* L.); —*roßbaum* *mel*, *f.* *see* —*reißer*; —*roße*, *f.* *Bot.* dwarf-rose, French-rose (*Rosa gallica* L. [*Rosa pumila* Jacq.]]; —*sigmanis*, *f.* *Zool.* dwarf- or Siberian shrew (*Sorex arcticus* L.); —*trappe*, *m.* *Ornith.* lesser bustard, field duck (*Otis tetraz* L.); *Bot-s.* —*wachholder*, *m.* dwarf-juniper (*Juniperus nana* W.); —*welßen*, *f.* *pl.* dwarf-willows; *Zool-s.* —*wolf*, *m.* jackal (*Canis aureus* L.); —*zige*, *f.* a variety of the goat (*Capra hircus depressus* L.).

Swetzig, *provinc.* *Swetzig*, *Swetzig*, (*w.*) *f.* *Bot.* 1) plum, *see* *Flaume*; 2) damascene, damson, damaak-plum.

Swet, *see* *Swet*.

Swid, (*str.*) *m.* 1) pinch, nip; twitch; twinge, tweak; cut with a whip; 2) *see* *Schmitze*.

Swid..., *in comp.* —*bart*, *m.* 1) tuft of beard; 2) *see* *Knobelbart*; —*beßter*, *m.* T. gimlet.

Swid'el, (*str.*) *m.* 1) clook of a stocking; 2) goar or gusset of a shirt; forked, gusset of a glove; 3) Archit. upandrel; 4) wedge; 5) *see* —*bart*; 6) *coll.* odd or curious fish; *in comp.* —*bart*, *m.* whiskers; —*nacht*, *f.* gusset seam; Anat. ypsiloid suture; —*knüppel*, *m.* *pl.* clook-stockings.

Swid'ern, (*w.*) *v. I. tr.* 1) to pinch, to nip, to twinge, to tweak; 2) *fig.* to gripe; *es wuidt mich im Rücken*, I have a pain in my bowels, *coll.* I have got the gripes; 3) *see* *Sweden*, 1.; 4) *Gam.* to get all the tricks from (one); *den Bart —*, to pluck or trim the beard; *Wien —*, to tap wine with the faucet; *gerwiste Milch*, milk turning sour; II. *intr.* mit den Augen —, *see* *Swinkel*(*rn*).

Swid'er, (*str.*) *m.* 1) *see* *Swidgange* & *Swidbohrrer*; 2) *coll.* eye-glass.

Swid'ern, (*w.*) *v. intr. provinc.* (*particul.* L. *G.*) 1) to move quickly or rapidly; 2) to wink, *see* *Swinkel*(*rn*).

Swid..., *in comp.* —*holz*, *n.* *see* *Swedenholz*; —*loch*, *n.* *see* *Schlupfpointel*; —*mühle*, *f.* *coll.* 1) double mill, a certain advantage in playing at merils; 2) *fig.* milk-cow, means to gain something by; in einer —*mühle* sein, *fig.* to be ruffed on both sides; —*unget*, *m.* T. nail for fastening the leads of casks; —*stein*, *m.* *pl.* *See* rubble; —*junge*, *f.* nippers, *Swid...*, *in comp.* for *Swet*. [*pinners*]

Swid'bad, (*str.*) *pl.* 3-bäde, I. *w.* 3-bäde) *m.* biscuit; Am. cracker; rusk; —*hammer*, *f.* *Mar.* biscuit-room, bread-room.

Swid'el, (*w.*) *f.* 1) *Bot.* onion (*Allium cepa* L.); 2) bulb; römische —, sea-onion, squill.

Swid'el..., *in comp.* —*at*, *m.* *Minor* bulbous agate; —*apfel*, *m.* red onion-shaped apple; —*artig*, *adj.* bulbous; —*bett*, *n.* bed of onions; —*brüße*, *f.* onion-sauce; —*flüße*, *m.* *pl.* *Typ.* *coll.* types mixed and unsorted, *anal.* pie; —*förmig*, *adj.* bulbiform; —*gericht*, *n.* dish prepared with onions; —*geruch*, *m.*

onion-smell; —geschmack, *m.* onion-taste; —gewächs, *n.* bulbous plant; —haut, *f.* see —schale, 1.

Zwiebelstich, *Zwiebelstich*, *adj.* like onions.
Zwiebel..., *in comp.* —lauch, *m.* see Zwiebel, 1; —marmor, *m.* *Minor*. cipolin; —maus, *f.* Zool. camp-mouse (*Bühlmaus*).

Zwiebels, (*n.*) *s. l. fr.* 1) to rub with onions; 2) *coll. a.* to torment, plague, to treat scurvily; *b.* to fine, amerce (one); *c.* to drub, thrash; *II. intr.* to smell or taste of onions.

Zwiebel..., *in comp.* —seif, *m.* onion-juice; —schale, *f.* 1) peel or coat of onion; 2) *Conch.* the beaked cockle (*Anomala L.*); —schwertel, *m.* *Bot.* the genus iris (*Iris L.*); —stängel, *m.* stalk of an onion; —strang, *m.* rope of onions; —suppe, *f.* onion-soup; —tragend, *p. a. Bot.* bulbiferous; —treiberrei, *f. Gard.* forcing of bulbs; —wurzels, *f.* bulbous root.

Zwiebrache, (*w.*) *f. Agric.* twifallow. —**Zwiebrachen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to twifallow, to plough a second time.

Zwiefach, *adj.* twofold, double.

† **Zwiefallen**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to double.

Zwiefallter, (*m.*) *see* **Zwiefallter**.

Zwiefaltig, (*l. adj.* twofold, double; *II. 3. seit*, (*w.*) *f.* doubleness, state of being twofold.

Zwiegefang, (*str.*, *pl.* 3-gefang) *m.* a song in two parts, for two voices, duet.

Zwiegespräch, (*str.*) *n.* dialogue; a communing with ...; *im* — mit Gott sein, to commune with God.

Zwiegestalt, (*w.*) *f.* double shape or form.

Zwiegestaltig, *adj.* double-formed.

Zwieglitz, (*str.*) *n.* twilight; *im* —, between the lights.

† **Zwiler**, *adv.* twice, doubly.

Zwiezel, (*w.*) *f. & (str.) m.* 1) branch or bough dividing into two ends; *fork*; 2) *f. see* —beere; 3) *Saddl.* fork; *in comp.* —bart, *m.* forked beard; —beere, *f. Bot.* maznard, morry, sweet-cherry (*Prunus avium L.*).

Zwiezellig, **Zwiezellig**, *adj.* split, divided into two ends, forked.

Zwiezellig, (*w.*) *m.* distraction, dissension, difference, disunion, dispute, quarrel, discord.

Zwiezellig, **Zwiezellig**, *adj.* divided into two parts, divided; discordant, distracted.

Zwiezellig, (*w.*) *f.* dialogue (*gem. Zwiegespräch*); mit einem — halten or pflegen, to have a private conversation with one.

Zwiezellig, (*w.*) *f.* discord, schism, dissension. — **Zwiezellig**, *l. adj.* discordant; 3-seit, (*w.*) *f.* discordancy, disagreement, dissension.

Zwiezellig (*l. u. Zwiezellig*...) ..., *in comp.* —geist, *m.* spirit of dissension; —göttin, *f.* goddess of dissension.

Zwiezellig (*pr.* —würf), (*str.*) *m.* *Med.* rickets (*Zwimwürf*). — **Zwiezellig**, *adj.* ricketsy.

[—bänder, *pl.* ferret-ribbons.

Zwiezellig, **Zwiezellig**, (*str.*) *m.* *Comm.* ticking; **Zwiezellig**, *adj.* of ticking.

Zwiezellig..., *in comp.* —stiel, —rod, *m.* 1) frook of ticking; 2) *fig.* coarse garb; —weber, *m.* ticking-weaver.

Zwiezellig, (*w.*) *f.* *Min.* transom, beam.

Zwiezellig, (*str.*) *m.* twin; *pl. Astr.* Gemini, Twins.

Zwiezellig..., *in comp.* twin; —bruder, *m.* twin-brother; —cylinder, *m.* twin cylinder; —fenster, *n.* *Archit.* gemel-window; —flinte, *f.* see **Doppelzellig**; —geschwister, *pl.* twin sisters and brothers; —gestirn, *n.* see **Zwilling**, *pl.* —samun, *n.* twinning; —muskel, *n.* *pl. Anat.* gemini; —paar, *n.* pair of twins; gemini; —schwester, *f.* twin-sister; —streifen, *m.* *Herald.* gemeller, bar-gemol; —thür(e), *f.* *Archit.* accoupled doors.

Zwingbar, *adj.* 1) compellable; 2) *see* **Bezwingbar**.

Zwing'e, (*w.*) *f. T.* 1) forrel, ferrule; 2) (*Schrauben*—) vice-pin; 3) *Join.*, *etc.* clamp; 4) *Coach-m.* coupling-plate.

Zwing'en, (*str.*) *v. tr.* to constrain (*zu*, to [do] a thing), to force, compel, enforce; 2, to subdue, vanquish; in etwas (*Acc.*) hinein —, to force or drive into, *cf.* **Zwängen**; durch Hunger (*zur Übergabe*) —, to reduce by famine; zur Zahlung —, to compel payment from ...; wir können sie nicht zu Verträgen —, we cannot force them into treaties with us; der Papst zwang sie zu seltwischer Unterwerfung unter die Esagenen Roms, the pope coerced them into a servile submission to the tenets of Rome; sich —, to force one's self; sich zum Lachen —, to force a laugh; sich zur Freundschaft —, to affect affability; 3-*b.* *p. a.* cogent; die 3-*b.* Kraft, cogency.

Zwinger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) he that constrains or forces, compeller, etc.; 2) *Fort.* narrow and confined space (between the town walls or works and the town); falsebray; 3) prison; 4) *a* house (*for dogs*); *b*) garden (*for wild beasts*; *cf.* **Bärenzwinger**).

Zwinger, (*w.*) *m.* lord of a castle; tyrant, oppressor, despot. — **Zwingerreich**, *adj.* tyrannical, oppressive. — **Zwingerreich**, (*w.*) *f.* tyranny; despotism.

Zwingerhof, (*str.*, *pl.* **Zwingerhöfe**) *m.* prison.

Zwingerlich, *adj.* (*l. n.*) coercive, compulsory.

Zwingerli, *m.* Zwinglin, Zwinglo.

Zwingerli, (*str.*) *m.* Zwinglian.

Zwingerli, (*w.*) *f.* ferrule screw.

Zwingerli, (*w.*) *f.* veneering stick.

Zwinger, (*str.*) *m.* wink. — **Zwinger**, **Zwinger**, **Zwinger**, **Zwinger**, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to wink; to twinkle.

Zwinger, (*str.*) *m.* *provinc.* whirlpool.

Zwinger, (*w.*) *v. tr. & refl.* to whirl, whirl.

Zwinger, (*str.*) *m.* 1) twirl; 2) or —höher, *m.* *T.* center-bit.

Zwinger, *s. l. (str.) m.* 1) *Comm.* (linen) thread; ein Knäuel —, a ball of thread; blauer —, *coll.* common spirits, anal. blue ruin; brauner —, beer; 2) *coll.* thoughts, ideas, fancies, crotchets; sie hat — im Kopfe, she knows what's what; *II. in comp.* *Comm.* —band, *n.* tape, thread-tape; —bunden, *f.* *pl.* thread-lace; —bret, *n.* *T.* twining-board.

Zwinger, *adj.* of linen-thread; 3-*Strumpf*, (*linen*—)thread stockings.

Zwinger, (*w.*) *v. tr.* to twist, twine (thread), to throw (silk); das —, (*str.*) *v. s.* twining, doubling; gewirnt, *p. a.* double-threaded; (sein) twisted (silk); (scharf) twined (silk). — **Zwinger**, (*str.*) *m.* twister, thrower. — **Zwinger**, (*w.*) *f.* see **Zwingerfabrik**.

Zwinger..., *in comp.* —fabrik, *f.* thread-manufacture; —(s)fabrik, *m.* (linen) thread; —franse, *f.* thread-fringe; —gasse, *f.* cobweb-lawn; —handschuh, *m. pl.* (gewebte) Berlin-gloves; —hahnel, *f.* see —winde; —kästchen, *n.* thread-case, work-box; —kugeln, *m.* ball or bottom of thread; —knopf, *m.* shirt-button; —litze, *f.* thread-bobbin; —maschine, *f.* twinning-jenny; (Water—) twinning-throistle; —mühle, *f.* *Mech.* twisting mill, twisting-machine; —rad, *n.* twisting wheel; —rollen, *f.* thread-roller; —seife, *f.* twisted silk; *Comm.* —spize, *f.* tape-lace, thread-lace; grobe —spigen, beggar's lace; —strumpf, *m.* thread-stocking; —tasche, *f.* thread-case; —tute, *f.* *Conch.* a species of cone (*Conus miles L.*); —windel, *n.* thread-paper; —winde, *f.* thread-winder, thread-roel; —wurm, *m.* Zool. muscular or water-hair-worm (*Drahtwurm*, 2).

Zwinger, *l. prep.* (with the *Dat.*, when rest or motion between two objects is implied, with

the *Acc.*, when indicating motion towards the space between two objects: er stand — mir und ihr, he stood between me and her; er stellte sich — mich und sie, he placed himself between me and her) between, betwixt; among, amongst; sein Hut hängt — zwei andern, his hat hangs between two others; ich setze seinen Hut — zwei andern, I put his hat between two others; —Zwischen und Angel faden or sein, *fig.* to be in a dilemma or strait; es ist kein Unterschied — ihm und seinem Bruder, there is no difference betwixt him and his brother; —fünf und sechs Uhr, between five and six o'clock; —zwanzig und dreißig Pfund, from twenty to thirty pounds; —Wind und Wetter, between wind and water; —hier und morgen, between this (time) and to-morrow; —den Bergen liegend, intermontane.

II. adv. coll. between (*for* **Dazwischen**).

Zwischen..., *in comp.* —abend, *m.* (two times nicht stattfindet) off-night; —act, *m.* *Theat.* 1) interval between the acts (*Pr.*, *entr'acte*); 2) *see* —spiel, 2; —augenblick, *m.* short interval, interval of a moment; —balz, *m.* mid-beam; —ballstange, *f.* *Archit.* inserted ceiling; —bänder, *n. pl.* *Anat.* intervertebral ligaments, fibro-cartilages; —bau, *m.* intermediate building; —begebenheit, *f.* episode, incident; —begriff, *m.* intermedial idea; —bescheid, *m.* *Law.* interlocutory decree, interlocution; —bord, *n.* deck between, between-deck's, orlop-deck; *im* —bord decken, to stow 'tween decks; —bords, *adv.* between decks; —bedeckpassagier, *m.* steerage passenger; —bornstiel, *m.* *Anat.* inter-spinal muscle; —bruch, *adv.* 1) in the midst, betwixt both; 2) *provinc.* between whites, at times or intervals, now and then; —durch geringere Sorten, intermixed with inferior sorts; —ergählung, *f.* episode; —essen, *n.* by-dish, *entremets*; —fall, *m.* incident, episode; —farbe, *f.* 1) intermediate colour; 2) *see* **Falbfärbung**; —frage, *f.* a question or interrogatory interposed; —gabelig, *adj.* *Bot.* interfurcated; —gebäude, *n.* *see* —bau; —gegen, *adj.* intermedial; —gericht, *n.* *see* —essen; —gerall, *adj.* *Bot.* obvolute(d); —geschick, *n.* secondary or accessory affair; —geschick, *n.* *Archit.* mezzanine story or floor; —gewinde, *n.* intertwining; —hahnel, *m.* intermediate or carrying trade; —händler, *m.* *Comm.* negotiator, mediator, broker, commissioner, *coll.* go-between; —handlung, *f.* episode; —heirat, *f.* intermarriage; —inn, *adv.* between two things; —law, —flage, *f.* bill of interpleader; —stager, *m.* interpleader; *Anat.* —muskelband, *n.* interosseous or interosseal ligament; —muskelbündel, *f.* interosseous or interosseal vein; —muskelmuskel, *m.* interosseous or interosseous muscle; —muskelschläger, *f.* interosseous artery; —muskel, *m.* —muskelstiel, *n.* *Bot.* internode; —muskel, *f.* intervention; —lage, *f.* interposition; —läufer, *m.* *coll.* interloper; —läuter, *m.* *Gramm.* diphthong; —licht, *n.* 1) *see* **Zwielicht**; 2) *Punkt.* *see* **Falbfärbung**; —litze, *f.* intermediate line; —maß, *n.* —maßstiel, *f.* collation, intermediate report; —mauer, *f.* partition-wall; —mischung, *f.* intermixture; —mittel, *n.* intervening means, medium; —muskel, *m.* interosseous or interosseal muscle; —muskelbänder, *n. pl.* *Anat.* intermuscular ligaments; —muskel, *f.* *see* —abend; —passagier, *m.* way-passenger; —person, *f.* go-between, intermeddler; —pfeller, *m.* intermediate pier or abutment; —pfosten, *m.* middle post; —platz, *m.* 1) intermediate place; 2) staple-town; —post, *f.* 1) by-post; 2) intermediate post; —querschnitt, *m.* *Anat.* intertransversary muscle; —raum, *m.* interval (*particul.* *Mus.* space between the lines of the stave); intermediate space, interstice, space

between; *Mech.* space between two teeth of a cog-wheel; *Phys.* pore; (in *Handlungs-büchern*) blank; in —räumen, at intervals, intermittingly; in —räumen bezahlen, to pay by instalments; in —räumen kommen or stattfinden, intermitting, intermittent; —räumig, *adj.* in the space between; *Phys.* porous; —räumigkeit, *f. Phys.* porosity; —rede, *f.* interlocution; digression; —reuer, *m.* interlocutor; —regierung, *f.* —reich, *n.* interregnum, interreign; —reise, *f.* intermediate tour or voyage; *Anat.-s.* —rippenmuskel, *m. pl.* intercostal muscles; —rippennerv, *m.* sympathetic nerve; —ruhe, *f.* rest between whiles; —sag, *m.* incident proposition, *cf.* Nebenlag; parenthesis, incident, proposition; —schicht, *f. Min.* band; —schlagader, *f. pl. Anat.* intercostal arteries; —schüssel, *f.* —schüsselform, *n.* —speise, *f.* side-dish; —speitner, *m.* local or town carrier; —spiel, *n.* 1) interlude (*particul. Mus.* in organ-playing, &c.), intermezzo; the more instrumental parts of a song, &c.; 2) entertainment between two acts; 3) coll. by-play; —spruch, *m. see* —bescheid; —stab, *m. Archit.* fillet; —stachelmuskel, *m. Anat.* inter-spinal muscle; —stadt, *f.* intermediate town; —sand, *m.* interposition; —säuber, *m.* middle-post; —sänge, *f. Mech.* intermediate shaft; —station, *f.* intermediate stage; —stellung, *f.* interposition; —stift, *m. Typ.* space; —stille, *f.* pause; —stimme, *f.* high tenor; —steden, (*n.*) *v. l. tr.* to put between; *II. refl.* to intermeddle; —stod, *m.* —stodwert, *n. see* —geschöß; —streifen, *m. T.* letting-in work; —stück, *n.* 1) intermediate piece; 2) *see* —spiel; —stunde, *f.* 1) intermediate hour or time; 2) unoccupied hour; —tag, *m.* (two etmes nicht stattfinden) off-day; —tief, *f.* 1) depth between (two rocks, &c.); 2) *Archit.* metope; —ton, *m.* intermediate sound; —träger, *m.* tell-tale, intermodder, *coll.* go-between (in love-affairs); —trägerel, *f.* tale-bearing; —tropisch, *adj.* intertropic; —umrand, *m.* incident; —urtell, *n.* interlocutory judgment or sentence, *see* —bescheid; —verfehrt, *m.* intercommunication; —vers, *m.* intermediate verse; —versand, *m.* incident; —wand, *m. Fort.* curtain; —wand, *f.* partition-wall; —weite, *f.* distance between, interval; *Archit.* space, distance, interstice; —wesen, *n.* intermediate being; —wind, *m. Mar.* quarter-wind, blowing from between the cardinal points; —wort, *n. Gramm.* interjection; —zahn, *m.* partition-hedge or fence; —zeile, *f.* intermediate line; —zeilig, *adj.* interlinear; between the lines; —zeit, *f.* interval, interlapse of time, interim;

in der —zeit, in the mean time; in der —zeit von ... bis ..., in the interval from ... to ...; —zustand, *m.* intermediate state.

Zwischgold, (str.) n. party-gold.

Zwisch, (str.) m. 1) *Weav.* twist; 2) discord, disunion, variance; difference, dispute, quarrel; im —leben, to live at variance. —**Zwisch, (w.) f.** (*Zwischwerfbruch, m.*) a certain defect in weaving. —**Zwischen, (w.) v. intr.** to dispute, quarrel. —**Zwischig, I. adj.** 1) (*of persons*) discordant, quarrelling, (being) at variance; 2) (*of things*) questionable, controverted, in dispute, &c. *cf.* Streitig, 2; *II. B-fest, (w.) f.* dissension, quarrel, &c.

Zwischgerling, see Zitzgerling.

Zwischgerm, (w.) v. intr. & tr. to twitter, warble, chirp; wie die Auen fungen, so —(auch) die Jungen, proverb, like father, like son; doch —, (*str.*) *v. s.* a twittering, warbling, chirping.

Zwischer, (str.) m. 1) hermaphrodite, bastard, mongrel; hybrid; 2) *Min.* (Zinn-) crystallised tin-ore; 3) (Steigöl) black-lead; *in comp.* —artig, *adj.* hermaphroditical; androgynous; bastard, mongrel, hybrid(ous); —baum, *m. Spinn.* cylinder-beam; *Bot.-s.* —blume, —blüte, *f.* hermaphrodite or androgynous flower; —blütig, *adj.* androgynous; —el, *m. see* Rautehier; —form, *f.* androgynous or hermaphroditical form; *Min.-s.* —gang, *m.* tin-vein or gangue; —geschlebe, *n.* boulders of tin-ore; —geschöpf, *n. see* —wesen, 1 & 2; —gestein, *n. Miner.* calcareous schellite.

Zwischerhaft, Zwischerig, adj. hermaphroditic(al), &c. *see* Zwiterartig.

Zwiter ..., in comp. —herb, *m. Min.* laundering table; —läser, *m. see* Walsbaurm; —pflanze, *f. Bot.* bastard plant, hybridous plant; —schluß, *m. Log.* imperfect syllogism; —stod, *m. Min.* floor in a mine where crystallised tin-ore breaks; —verbindung, *f.* a hermaphrodite union; —wesen, *n.* 1) hybrid or hermaphroditical being, androgynous, hermaphrodite; 2) *fig. cont.* mongrel fellow; 3) hermaphroditism; —wort, *n.* spurious or mongrel word, hybrid.

Zwitzer, (w.) v. intr. to wink, *see* Zwin-ter(n).

Zwo, cardin. numb. († &) provinc. (*S. G.*; originally only used as a feminine) two, *see* Zwei.

Zwölff, cardin. numb. twelve; um —, at twelve o'clock; at noon; at midnight; *in comp.* —achtelst, *m. Mus.* twelve-eighths' time; —blättrig, *adj. Bot.* dodecapetalous;

—bote, *m.* apostle; *Geom.-s.* —ed, *n.* dodeca-gon; —eilig, *adj.* dodecagonal; —ender, *m. Sport.* stag with twelve antlers.

Zwölffer, (str.) m. 1) the figure of twelve; 2) one of a council of twelve; 2) *Nym.* coin of twelve kreutzers; 4) wine of (18)12, &c.; —format, *n. Typ.* sheet of twelves.

Zwölferlet, adj. (indect.) of twelve different sorts.

Zwölff ..., in comp. —fach, *adj.* twelve-fold; —fahgepalten, *adj. Bot.* duodecimfid; —fingerbarm, *m. Anat.* duodenum; —flach, *n.* —flächner, *m.* dodecahedron; —flächig, *adj.* dodecahedral; —fürst, *m.* dodecarch; —jährig, *adj.* (of) twelve years (old); —köpfig, *adj.* (said of flax) twelve-headed.

Zwölfling, (str.) m. (Bergbau, cf. Sand-) one of twelve.

Zwölff ..., in comp. —fältig, *adj.* of six ounces; —löhiges Silber, silver of twelve pennyweights; —mal, *adv.* twelve times; —malig, *adj.* twelve times repeated; —männ-erlig, *adj. Bot.* dodecandrian; —monatlich, *adj.* taking place every twelfth month; —pfänder, *m.* twelve-pounder; —pfündig, *adj.* of twelve pounds; —seitig, *adj. Geom.* dodecahedral; —spaltig, *adj. Bot.* dodecacid; —stündig, *adj.* of or lasting twelve hours; —stündlich, *adj. & adv.* every twelve hours; —stübner, *m. Min.* a miner who works twelve hours a day; —tägig, *adj.* every twelve days.

Zwölftte, I. adj. twelfth; *II. B-m, f. pl.* the twelve nights after Christmas.

Zwölftel, (str.) n. twelfth part; *in comp.* —format, *n.* duodecimo, sheet in twelves; ein Buch in —format or —größe, a book in duodecimo.

Zwölftens, adv. twelfthly, in the twelfth place.

Zwölfter, (str.) m. (l. u.) a dozen.

Zwölff ..., in comp. —thellig, *adj.* duodecimal, divided into twelve parts; *Bot.* dodecad, dodecapartite; —weißig, *adj. Bot.* dodecagynian.

Zwölft(r)! *interj.* to the left! *see* Schmeide! **Zwunfth, (str.) m.** **Zwunfth's, (w.) f.** provinc. green-finch (*Grünfin!*).

Zygäur, (w.) f. see Hammerflüß.

Zygomat'isch, adj. Anat. zygomatic.

Zylinder, m. **Zym'el, f.** **Zyppresse, f.** *see* Zylinder, Zymbel, Zypresse.

Zymomet'er, (str.) n. (m.) zymometer.

Zymetod'ist, (w.) f. doctrine and art of fermentation.

Zythotrad'ant, (w.) f. art of brewing beer.

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